## APRIL 2008

MONDAY		7	14	21
TUTSDAY	1	8	15	22
MEDNISDM	2	9	16	23
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sect of the 12th century in the south of France, who separated from the Church of Rome.

Albicore, n. मधुनीय म्रप्त वित्यव , A sea-fish.

Albification, n. esast, applets, The act of making white.

Albino, al-bi'no, (Italian albino, whitish-L. albu, white) n (बछकार मुख्यर्ग हक्ष्मविशिक्ष वासि बाबानी, (बडकार वाकि, A permin or any antroal having preternatural whiteness of skin, flaxen hair, and red eyes -a white descendant of black parents.

Albion, #. ইংলভের পুরাতন নাম, ইংলওদেশের बाहीन गांग . A poetic name of England.

Albugeneous, a किर्पेद (यक कारणमपुन , किर्पेद खद्रार्भार, Like the white of an egg

Albugo, n. क्कूब भीड़ा दिश्मव , इंनि , A disease of the eye in which the corner contracts a wn teness.

Album, album, (L. albus, white) n (बामीय-किश्वर (१७५<sup>4</sup> (बानिस अखर, रा भुडक Among the Romans, a it ne tablet or regiter - आत्नश चंदर , A blank book for the inscition of portraite, extracts &c.

Albumon, at blimen (1. albus white) n किटबर फाकाञ्चरङ (१९०६ लागर्व), स्टियद (४७ का.म., हिश्मनाष्ट्र कम अवर्थ, The whit of eggs, a substance existing nearly pure in the white of an egg and its component all - Albaminous.

Albuminoid, al bu'min oid, (Albumen and Gi eiles, trom) adj fecus custim nem, I ske albumen

Albuminous, si-bū'min-us air ficted (4014) म्मून वा हुक , Like or cont amin, albumen

Alburn, # 47 499 fe. A small delicate : 40

Albumium, al-burbum, ( L albus, white ) n इरक्ष शक्तिन, Sap wood next the inher bark. the off white part of wood

Aleard, n व्यनस्मीय द्वित्रोदशि . Spanish, Mon-

rish, or I wheel Judge - to I viewi, Jailet or marter - the A develor of a castle Aleand, hil-kalida (Sp.-Ar. at kady-kada, to Jodge) h fastas, conserva fartas - CAON. A judge, in Spini a magistrate or

Alcanina, al-kana, म (मन्त्री तृष्क , ( (यक्ति नीष्क् ) , The dying shrub, cyprus

Albedo, n. বাচরাসা পকী, The alcyon, the

kmg-fisher.

Alceste-Daughter of Pelias and Anaxibia, with her sisters put Pelins to death to have him ".zestored to youth by Media, who then refused They fied to Admetus, who married Alceste, and was attacked by their brother Acastus, and ransomed from imprisonment by Alceste, de voting herself to death.

Alchemic, adj. अপद्मापन विका मचलीय , Rela ting to alchemy. ad = alchemecally.

Alchemical, a वमाधन विमानिवयक, Relating to alchemy, or produced by it.

Alchemist, alkem ist, n. जानवनायनविव , Une skilled in alchemy, professor of alchemy

Alchemias, v. 411464 4 (4144-7, To transmuth.

Alchemy alki-mi, n. (Ar. alethe, Gr. ches, to powder, to melt, to mix, hence chymcia or chemera, a mixing, and chymic or themic, applied to the processes of the laboratory ) n. देशोदन गोरद्विव चालिम अदश , The infant stage of chemistry, as astrology was of astronomy -व्यथनगढन विन्ता ,- The proposed art of changing metals into gold, fanciful, fallse, or ocult chemistry; or the pretended rence of the transmutation of the metals - [ [ ] and -धन भगार्थ वि: , A mixed metal is so called. adj alchemic, alchemical.

Alcabiades- A famous Athenian General, disciple of Socrates, fargous for his enterprising spirit, genius and natural foibles.

Alcohol, alko-hol, Ar, al-tel l-al, the, quehl, fine powder n. 34313 Pure spirit, spirit of wine, rectified spirit, a liquid generated by the terprentation of sugar and other each arine matter, and forming the into patting element of fermented liquors.

Alcoholic, al-ko-holik क्यों. श्रवानार ।भवित्र ; भ्रदानाद मम्म , Of or like alcohol.

Alcoholise, alko-hol-12. 1. f natura office , कदा . (नांधन कदा ; To convert unto alcohol ; to recufy.

Alchoholization, n जुवानांश (लांधन कर्न ; Act of rectifying spirit.

Alcoholometre, al-kā-lohemetieni (Alcohol and white ) म भगवा मधी । कविवाद वह ; An instrument for acceptaining the strength of spirits

Alcoran, Alkoran, alko-ran, n. (\$1314; मुमलमान मलानामनिराव धर्मपुष्डक , The Koran.

Alcove, alkuv or al-kuv (It alco. a Sp. alcoba, a place in a . om rul | I to I old a bed-Ar. al-gobar, a tent) (was 44 finge gin ; wisifafag sia, fags, Any recess to about, a shady act cut fags age, A part of a room so, at and from the rest by a partition.

Aldor, awider, (A S weer, Ger. eller, I. alnıs) n আর ভূমিতে উৎ क्षकाव इक ; अकार्याभन , जानीय नामक क्ष्म ; A tree usually growing in moist ground, a tree or shrup resemble mg the hase.

Alderman, awider-man, ( A. S. colder [from edd, old] sinici, chief, caldor-man, tuler, king chief magi-trate) n. नगरवर अधान जानव-कर्त्वा निम्नुनम्य कर्यहारी , मश्चर मामनकर्ता , स्थर-পাৰ, A civil dignitary next in rank next to the mayor, the magistrate or officer of a cit or town corporation.

Aldorn, awidern, adj. जान्डाव मागक पुक्रमिकित्री ends i Made of alder.

to cutch Aldine, aldin, adj. ভেনিদেব অনিভগ্ কৰ্ত্তৰ মুখ্যিক স্থানীয় , Applied to i terry ted by Aligh Manutus of Venior nature is the

Century. Alo, at (A S cale, loc. ol., During the whole drink made from malt :- উৎসৰ विरुप्त ; A festival, so called from the liquor drunk.

Ale-berry, n. এল নামক মণ্য হইতে গ্ৰন্ত একপ্ৰকাৰ त्रुपिष्टे भानीय ; A beverage made from alc.

Ale-brewer, n. এন্যদ্য চোলাই-কারক; One who brews ale.

Alec-onner,n. সুৱা পরিদর্শক : An inspector of ale. Ale-house, ». (मोकिकालप ; जुदार्विभनी ; मदनद শেকাৰ; House, where ale is sold.

Ale-knight, n. अरु ममालाधी : जुवालाधीय मरुष्ट ; Fellow toper.

Ale-silver, n. मना विकास द कन्ना दक ( (हेंस ) ; A yearly tribute paid to the corporation of London, as a licence for selling ale.

Ale-stake, n. मगाविश्राचेत्र निमान : The pole set up before ale-houses by way of "sign." A bush was very often fixed to its top.

Ale-wife, n. মদ্যবিভয়কাবিণী; A woman who keeps an ale-house; the land-lady of an alehouse.

Alee, a-ie', adv. বাযুৱ প্রতিকৃলে : বাযুহ বিপরীতে , ( Nant ) On the side opposite to the wind , on the leeside.

Alembic, al-embik, (Ar. al, the, ambiq-Gr. ambilis, a cup । n. श्रृष्टादाद दक्षत्र ; दक्षत्र , यना (धारादेवाद कन ; A still ; a vessel formerly used by chemists for distilling.

Alongth, adv. ल्यान्धि ; At full length.

Alepidote, n. আইনহীৰ মুৎতা বিশেষ; Any lish without scales.

Aletude, n. গুলুৰ; গুলুৰ; Bulkiness; fotness; heaviness.

Alort, al-ert, (It. all' erta, on the erect-erta, L. creches, erect ) adj. 的可; 中可; Brisk · সত্তই; Watchful; on one's guard; vigilant, Syn = Brisk, prompt, lively, nimble, quick, agile, circumspect, wary.

To be on or upon the alert-- मुख्द «(Φ); শাৰধাৰ গাকা; To be on the watch or look out; as, "The whole country was on the alert."

Alertness, n. 4548k; Watchful activity or readiness; briskness; sprightliness; promptitude. Syn - Briskness, promtitude, watchfulness, vigilance.

Aleuromancy, n. ভবিষ্যৎ কথন; Soothsaying by meal; a divination by means of meal.

Alexandria-The name of the famous city in Egypt founded by Alexander the great king of Macidon and intended as his capital of the eastern Districts. It became a great commercial emporium and literary centre. Its famous librarry collected by the Ptolemies was burnt by Coliph Omar 642.

axandrian, al-egz-andri-an, adj. भिनदानमञ् क्क्यान्त्रियां नगद, वां अरलक्क्यांखाद मःकाख ; Reor pertaining to Alexandria in Egypt; o Alexander.

> 'ine, al-egz-andrin, n. मीर्बड्डम विरुग्ध ; syllables or six Tambic feet ( first ich poem called the Alexandri-भीभ ; Relating to the yerse so

Alexandrine Age-From A. D. 323 to 640, when Alexandria in Egypt, was the centre of science and literature.

Alexandrine Philosophy-The system of the Gnotics, or Platonised form of Christianity. Alexipharmic a. বিষয়; বিবনাশক; Expelling or resisting poison; antidotal.

Alfred-The Great, the famous king of England; he instituted trials by jury; a patron of learning. To his England is indebted for the foundation of her navy. B. at Wantage, in Berkshire, 849. D. 900.

Algo, alje, ( L. plu. of alga, sca-weed ) n. উদ্ভিদের শ্রেণীবিভাগ ; A division of plant, embra cing sca-weeds.

Algebra, alie-bra, (Sp. from Ar. al-jabr, the resetting of anything broken, hence combination ) n. बीक्रांनिक ; Calculation by sychools. a = Algebraic, Algebraical.

Algebraic, Algebraical, a. বীজগণিত নয়-দ্বীয় , Pertaining to the science y algebra.

Algebrascally, ad. বীক্সণিত মাধ্য ; By means

of Algebra.

Algobraist, n. বীশগণিত-বেস্তা, One skilled in Algebra, one well-versed in Algebra.

Algerino, c আগজিবিশ দেশবাসী . A native of Algiers -a. sisting state state : Belonging to Alorers.

Algid, a. 1957; Chilled with cold. n = algidity. Aigidity, Algidness, w. hos, feas, Codliness; coldress.

Algific, n. भेंड वा विद्यमनक , Preciouse cold.

Algor, it. Wisha for An unusual ceidnes in any part of the body.

Algorithm, Algorism. n. আধুৰি গণনা-শাষের মুটপ্রকরণ , An Arobic term, signifying the six operations of authoretic.

Algose, a. আতিশ্য শাতন বা ঠাণ্ডা; Extremely cold. Algous, n. সংক্রীর উভিদ সংক্রীয় , Pertaining to sea-weed.

Alguaril, n. त्लानामगीर अभागात , Spanish officer of justice; a Spanish bailiff.

Alhambra, -The palace of the ancient Moors in Granada.

Alias, Til-as, ( L. alias, at another time, otherwise, Gr. allos, other) adn. अवन, नड्यां, भद्रक : Otherwise , as, John alias Smith : n. विशेष ममन दो 'अंबादब' हे ; ( Law ) Second writ of execution when the first has failed.

Alibi, ali-be. n. অভিযুক্ত অপরাধীর অপবাধকালে স্থানান্তর স্থিতিস্তক ওলব ; The plea of a person who when charged with a crime alleges that he was in another place, when it was committed :-অস স্থানে , Elsewhere ; in another place.

Alible, a. পোरनेष ; भोहिद ; Nutritive, or that may be nourished.

Alien, alyen, (I. alienus-alius, other) n. रेबरनिक ; Foreigner , stranger .- a. बिरन्तिय ; Foreign :- विकक्ष ; विचित्र अकृतिविभिष्ठ ; Different in nature -- অপুরূপ নাই; Averse to. Strange, foreign, adverse, repugnant to, -remote, estranged, -not naturalized,

Alienability, n হতান্তৰ কৰণেৰ বোণাই, অভতে বন্ধ বোৰাণ, Capubility of bring transferred Alienable, alyon-a bl ada হত্যাবেৰ বোগা, Capable of being transferred to another, that may be sold to another —হতান্তৰ কৰ্মী, Phat may be withdrawn or transferred

Alienage, Alyen I; n State of being an then Alienate, Alyen It (L aliene) to make on person another) nt म्हान्त्र में Fo true er a right or title to another forustage of to wear—always u ed we hat preposition firm is the per ceution of Au unable aliented in Papeut firm the Mod in thione (यह विक्रिन्स, To withdraw the all times—क्य में 1) ms apply—all forustage units Withdraw extrange!—u विक्रियोग अकार-मेर A tranger, an then Syn—Febrage triester wen

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alighting it an inn — जात्यन 1 जिन्दा नेप रिव fall upon — (with prep concrupon) (जाहार) जान्छ के, I as the on is They would some time alight n, n my vetuals जा To sit upon is the lidy the eigen a ight in the eight — ad (a on end light— I is light Gritenks is into Sins ick, I ih, to et to stane like hine) अजान्य, जान्य, On fice lighted up

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in a line, a laying out by a line, the groundplan of a railway or road

Alake at a সদৃশ, Having likeness to, like one mother, having resemblance—ada সদৃশগণে, সুম্পান্ত পুরোধনতে, আনোনার মুজন, In the same minner form or degree, similar by Syn Similar resembling, aun, equal equable excellibe uniform in flogious level

Alike minded, a একখন বিশিষ্ট সমমভাবলখী Having the same determination

Aliment, Mi-ment (I a continuated to noursh): আহার বাংলারে) পৃথিক পদর্শ I hat which feed or support, food mutum nt Sp. I and nourishment support nutinent, ou termine the

Alimental, il i mental a পুৰিবাৰক Supply mg field that can noun hear al mintally Alimentary, al i mentar i a পুৰিবা, পৰা-প্ৰাণ্ধ ভক্ষা বাদ্য, বাদা সংগ্ৰ, Pertaining to aliment, nounshing mintary.

Alimentary canal—wasted or of the great duct or out time by which aliments are conveyed them to the body and the useless parts even and

Alimontatio, aliment hun n शृहक्त् वां भृष्टिक न दे । h iterstate of nourishng or or lengthour had

Alimentiveness, at men v nes a (pur

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All destroying, All devastating, all devouring সম্প্ৰ নকাৰী সকৰ ৰাজৰ বাঁ Destroying wasting consuming everything All divine— সংকাৰ্ড Supremely exce ent All fool's day— সা অৱস্থ অপেল যাথের প্রথম দিবস The first of April so named from the custom of making fools on that day

All in all - गर्भपण गर्भण, वाण्यि मर्भविषय Everything desired to be muturally devoted as 'Manner is all in all'—Cowper She is ail to me Dickens —गर्भमभी Sole power ful as Jane wa all in all in her father s family

All forgiving मर्रामिक क्यांची मरुत मर्थ कारों I orgiving or pardoning ill

All fours, n ভাসবেলা বিশেষ A game at cards To go on all fours হামান্ত দি, lo move on the leg and arm —মুল্পুৰ্কলে সদৃশ হত্যা lo be exactly similar in the minutest points as le is not easy to make a similar on all fours — Musully

All glorious—मण्पूर्व (जाकाय) मण्पूर्व (क्यांजिय) रांभारा 1 to the full extent

All gracious দয়াখ্য Perfectly graciour All hououred সক্ষমপানিত Horoured by all All hail নামা শত্ত সমস্তামানত A phrase of silutation (spic ase of a will for health

311 hands were \$ All telper is all it a

All heal, । यह निर्माण Name faplant All healing कारवा पाकारण Healing Il thing All hollow - मुन्तु जर्म ( 'loq) ( mpletely a h ars betten all I llow

All the cert ire wily is a diby (at a thinghing one dead, yet I mist ay aut is fitted t

All just That I pright

All knowing त्रकंत नकंति , Omnisci ni All knowing, all good, all just, all merciful, almighty, all perfect, all powerful, all present, all wise, नेन्द्रद् संघ Name of (r d

All loving প্ৰথম I ull f ill ction or love All moonshine অভ সংশ্ৰন্ত, ব হিল্ল উড় লাৰ Allogether show with ut sil stant

Ali ono's own—খনত সাধাৰা, Exclusively be Inging to one

For all that जारा नरव कहा बाकिस्तरक , lu spite of what have been said or dime

All moreiful कर्तार Full of mercy

All oversh A familiar expression meaning all ever all et ex. I feel all over sl, not exactly ill but by ne means will

All pervading - मंत्राचा अववाशि , Existing every where , i the all per ales, influence of literature living

All powerful अक्षण क्यांच The nultiest

All present नक्षाणि Omnipresent All Saint's day-)ना नाड्य , नाड्य शास्त्र

All Baint's day-->ना नर्डवर, नर्डवर शास्त्र वर्ग किन , ist of November

All searching, a नवंशनी, Pervading and searching everything generally applied to the Drome Bring

All sceing - मर्बम्भी One that sees all

All soer नक्षणी One that sees all

All Souls' day— ઉત્સવ বিশেষ A feast held by the Church of Rome on the second day of November so called because the Roman Catholic on that day seek ty prayer and alms giving to alleviate the sufferings of souls in purgatory

All to - भर्क माकरना, Altogether as 'alto bu crosed

All W180- मर्कन All knowing

All making - शहेक विक Omnific

In 811—(पांटि नसनाकरन) Taking all together, idded or taken together in the sum total, as your bill in all amounts t R 7500

All at once—কৰ্মাৎ Suddenly unexpectedly as (live came a latonce to Calcutta 'All one, all the same—কেই কৰা, lust the ame thing quite the samething equally came as it is a'l one to me whether you stay my house or not

All over t कृष्टिक वार्गिका Throughout nion, very direction a all or the country discretic provide — नमाना देखा Finished as, ller sent the rin hiele all wer — Scott

To be all for নাল্য ক্লেণ অৰ্জনে ফু হওৱা একান্তিক ব্যান্ত কৃত্য | he whelly intert to learn To take one for all in all—লোবওবের বিশের

and the cubility after locke him with all

To be all over with one মুভ হত্যা, To be did as it call or citicism. ৰই হত্যা P complicism and interall verwitine All in the world প্ৰিয় সমস্য All that exit is if the medical skill in the world could not ive bin.

All the same পুনাবা সদৃশ মতন বা একট কপ, the same in reall to rei int to the same thing is it i all the same to me whether you bring a yelotle or it

To be all the rage কোৰ অন্যাপত বিষয় অংশ্বক বাহি গ বিষয়, Ich the subject of enger desire i i llydiated tickets tave been all t ara, for court me

One and all-sorts, Secerally and collectively as they concern and all

At all with In the smallest degree as, I do t think about the matter at all

All ma pucker—fared east east (college) Contused, perplexed a Komendra is all in a pucker for not being able to cuch the Rinway train

All the world over P43 9(4) in every part of the world as, human nature is the same all the write over

All the while #48 PT During the whole

period is you were inattentive all the while I achive ed my address

All round or around — स्कृष्टिक In corry direction as I looked all round from my fixed — बर्टाटिक अकी स्टाइट बर्टिक स्थाप (क स्वीम क्षिट्स की Notices plan any individual of agricul corry one in discriminally as Nichola kiesed his old pupil ele und

All manner of - अक्ष भवाद Many ort is the two centures all ma eref people

All manner of ways Har rate the Millians is he tired all no not of co

All that—4784 Signific a collection of indirections or occurred sale as the hipke per keeps book paper penul and a \* it.

All the year lound 74.3 34.4 37.44 ihroughout the whole year a heremaindle all they are source.

All one's born days- দমত সা'লনের মাল (slang) All in 'গে ব lift i siw ith i Willen impo in I is b n lays

All in one s eyo স্কাটি আনত আহি সা ( lanc) Improbation and do to the a say about Mr Johns n তেল বি ১ /

All to amash - 41 न राज (व कार की र र ) Lankruft, i ned a the merelit / भी

All in the wind spot of spotes.

Dent this receive the control of the control of

All the go st and the thing that it is a

while the a

CRT of the on the control of the co

filed well, a 1975 of (1981) A cite, in a to be 1 he it; the 1 he All work and no play makes juck duli

boy (After altered to be to be could to work and it a bout it can be could to work and it a bout it can be as a

All your secose are awans of the property of the sale of the

Allah Akhar Allah a mest intelly -11c cry of the Arabs

Allet 2 to क क क्कियों के कि कि कि कर ते हैं Allev, al tiel at and in e, in it mined with 4 5 1 to 12 to lighted by a stay कें कि कि कि क्षित्र के स्कृति के कि कि कें कि का - जो के स्पर्ण कि कि कि कि कि कि कि कि press or subdue as to allay the severity c affliction —v a (non written allos) ধাতু দিবিছ ক To reduce the purity of Sin Abate, ap perse assumpt thech alm coothe, repress compress quiet all reate

Allayed, i lid pr লগৰ্মত নিজ্জ প্ৰশ্মিত l udaterst quetted tranquilled dated Allayer, দেশেৰ বিষ্ণাল্যক কালি মিল্ল , Flat which heath partialloging — ন্তুল কালে ক্ৰেল্টেই (One who, on that which, alay on that

Alluving, il is no ppi প্রশানত কৰিয়া, শাস্ত ব্ৰিন্ন Quetus, redu une to tranquility,

Allayment, » विनाय तन्य कत्र, राहा झान कर्य Street to terms

Aller is free Abid th little int. Alloct - 4014 dead to 1 218, 70

Allocations is to gird Auchting,

Alloctive, is in year All int
Allogation, in the Pri
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Ad spant, the net of the above to the Allegorie of the port of the form of an ille to your first that

Allogorically differed by all appropriate as the free distribution, muner, tywn of aller my

Allogory, the rist for content and alfru to pend ) and and and and altigurative per hier representation unditude met part of cription of one thing under the unite of another Allegorise, alle-go-r-12, v.f. ক্লপক সংঘটনপূৰ্বক ৰ'নি কৃ, ক্লপক প্ৰযোগ কৃ, Fo turn into Allegory, to put into the form of an allevoly—to use allegory

Allogorist, al-le go-ii t, Allogoriser, n
ক্পক বাক প্ৰোকাৰী, One who uses illegory
—দুৱাকলে কৰা কৰে; বা উপদেশ দেৱ বে, One who
teaches in in illigene if or figurative manner
Allogro, al-le'gro, i alacer, brisk) n স্বেব
মুজনা বাদাব্যের ভ্রমসং in music, a word
denoting i brisk movement—a quick brisk
Allo-lu iah or Allelujah, al-le-logya, n
ভক্ষৰ A song of praise to God

Allemande, n क्यानिए मेश नृष्ठा निर्मित , A bir k dance prevalent in Cormany

Allowate, il-live at, (L ud and lone, light)

/ গ্ৰাৰ্ক, সুংৰ কলা ওপান কলা, হু'ল কৰা,
lick on, to make light to mitigate, to oft

cto to dimich, is, to alcounte sorrow plus

Alleviating, p z প্ৰান ক্ৰিক, ব্যুক্তি,

M so ligher mitigating

Alternation, al levi ন shun, n. লা ব , উপৰ্থ Muteria : প্ৰক্ষণ, চপ্ৰাণ্কৰ I stanuation pultura a carmett its?

Alloviature, 3 (Talat, 1941) महावक That

Alley, the litation opening from aller to a litation of the li

Alliaceous, aller hus Is not me guile, a 144 655. Performing to the garlie of our contribs having the meller properties of state.

Alliam, r and Guic.

Alliance, if the latendary to be discontinuous and referred to the discontinuous matter matter and the referred to the discontinuous alliances councilians alliance with freign powers confidence and the freign powers confidence and the first particular to the ship affinity could delive him then could not complet their

Allicioncy, n square, squares Mor notice, attraction.

Allicient, ০ অ'কর্যক বাংশ আক্র্যিকর্য আক্র ব্য I hat which attract

Allied, al lid, fp n a বিশ্ ৰজু, বা স্থিপতে আৰম্ভ সংগ্ৰহ সংখ্য, Connected by marriage microsts, brendship or treaty confider and

Allied to any est, Akin to, as, "Chirles surn used the bold for his courage was a read to rather such the such the ducal co-ronet of Burgundy!—Soot.

Allies al l.ź, n pl. প্ৰশাব বাদ্য বন্ধাৰ্থ বিশ্বিত বাদ্যবৰ্গেৰ বাদ্য সমূহ, Princes or states which have entered into league for their mutual deliner, confederates.

Alligate, alli gat, (I allign,—ad, to and ligo, to bind) v. t. আৰম্ভ কৰা , বিভিত্ত কৰা , সমুদ্ধ কৰা ,

To bind, the or fasten together, to join, to unite by some the

Alligation, al-h-ph'shun, (L allgate a binding together—ad to, and ligo, to bind) n বিভিন্ন উপ দাৰ বিভাগেৰ নিষম, A rule in arithmetic relating to the compounding of different ingredients of different qualities or values—
নাংকালৰ, The act of tying together

Alligator, all ga tur (Sp el lagart — L laccita, a lazard) n तृष्ठोड, बक, An animal of the crosocide family found in America, the American crocodic.

Allinement, n. শেলীবন্ধ হওন, সারিবন্দি হওন, State of being in a line

Allision, ali'-shun, n. প्रतन्त्र आंश्ंड कद्रव . A

Allitoration, all lit er T'shun (L ad to and littern a letter) n SFTA, The use of two or more words be anning with the same letter the recurrence of the same letter at the beginning of two or more words following close to each other as in 'apt alliteration's artful aid'

Alliterative, al-hier ম tiv, a অমুপান মড়োভ, P it iming or relating to alliteration

Allocate, allo kit, (I. al, to and locus, a pluch f f প্ৰ কৃ, জ্বাভাগ কৰিবলৈ বিশি কৃ, lo pluch f to assum to cach his hard, to allot. Allocation, al lo-kilui, n. বাপন Act of alloci in a cut of plucing to ——একে কাতি ভাজেৰ সংগ্ৰহণ, The ut of putting one thing upon insider at of ilding to হিমাৰ বহা কহাৰ প্ৰেৰ্থ প্ৰৱৰ্ণ প্ৰ Ili idmission of an article in a count

াগালৰ Act of the sting or assignment — feeting and register. An allowance made up on a account — আ লাগিছাল An allowance made up on a account — আ লাগিছাল An allowance, allowed in, (I al to and I jet, lo the to speak) n সংখ্যাল খণা ইণ্ডি চহুমান A formal address up of the Pope to he clergy অন্তেৱনাত হল্প কৰাৰ The act or mancer of speaking to, or of addressing in water

Allodial, il lö'di al al, বিশ্ব, Fice of rent or service trechilds— মু pised to Foudal— অৰ্ বীৰ অৱশ্যিক, il l'di um, (I ow l'allodium, most pribably from Ica al lo, aldage, and other a homestic ildi oth il a property of ures) দ নিশ্ব সম্পাতি ছেছাৰীৰ অধিকাৰ, স্থাৰ বু বিকাৰ মুক্তৰাৰ বিশ্ব স্থানি বিশ্ব মুক্তৰাৰ বিশ্ব সি বিশ্ব মুক্তৰাৰ বিশ্ব স্থানি বিশ্ব মুক্তৰাৰ বিশ্ব সাধিকাৰ, হাৰ বু বিকাৰ মুক্তৰাৰ বিশ্ব সাধিকাৰ দানী and held in one sown right and not by feudal tenare, land, which are held by absolute right, without even the burden of homege or fide ity. The word is Inctonic—alladi (all property)

Allonge, n কৰোৰ কৃত ছিত্ৰ, তলোহাৰেৰ দোট । A pass or thrust with a word, cr rapier in feneing –ঘোডাকে টৰ ধাওয়াৰবাৰ বিধা বাস, A long rem when a horse is trotted in the hand

Alloo, v. করডাণি দিলা বৃত্ত লেণিলা দেম, কুকুর গলিমা দেজনা To incite a dog by crying alloo, as alloo thy furious mastall. period, as, you were mattentive all the while I delivered my address.

All round or sround— क्यूबिंट , In every direction, as, I looked all round for my friend— शर्काटक, अकी मरनज मरना (कर नोम नाकेट मा, Not excepting any individual of a group, every one indiscriminately, as, Nicholas kissed his old pupil all round.

All manner of — সকৰ প্ৰকাৰ , Many sorts , as, the town contains all manner of people

All manner of ways—সক্ষ প্রার ভগার , Ali means , as, he tried all manner of ways.

All that—বৈশপ, Signifies a collection of similar things or occurrences &c, as, the shopkeeper keeps books, papers, pencils, and all that All the year round—সমত ব্যস্থ, বাৰ মাস, Throughout the whole year, as, he remains idle all the year round.

All one's born days—ममन कौनानन पाता, (slang) All one's life, as, I never saw such a wielent tempest, in all my born days

All in one's eyo—সম্পূৰ্ণ অধন্তৰ, অবিগান্য (slang) Improbable, incredible, ২২, white your say about Mr Johnson's going 's al' in your eye.

All to amash—ৰণ পৰিশোধে অক্ষ্ , (sing)
aBankrupt , runed , as, the merchant went all
ত smash.

All in the wind—মানি বা আনিভিড (non) Denotes that the calls instead of bing filled with the wind, shike it so is to give no impul of Hence the please is applied figuritively to what is wavering and uncertain

All wide of- খন্থন , Irrelevant

All the go- इरक्नाइंदिक वह (sling) Any thing that creates unns il excitement, as the new play at the theaters a 'the r

All is not gold that glitters াৰ কৰি কেই সোলা হয় পা, (Poved) We at in days a show is not always as good a it looks

All's well that ends well—ত ৰাবা কাষ্য বিবেটিৰ হয়, কাহিনেয় ও বস্ত (Proverb) An enterprise is to be judged by its issue or result All work and no play makes jack dull

boy -(बनिटर नां निश्वा निश्वत कांग्र कदांश्याक (क्रां पान रेश्व , (Proverb) In the training of children work and play should be intermixed

All your goose are awans—তৃথি নিজের স্বই ভাল মনে কর ( Proverh ) You think every thing that you have 15 perfect

Allah, alla (Ar alilah 'the worthy to be adored') n আনা, স্বৰেৰ মুসামানা নাম, ক্ৰৱ , "The adorable.' I he Arabic name of the one God

Allah Akbar-Allah is most mighty.-The ciy of the Arabs.

Allatrato, v n কুৰুৰ শক্ক, To bark as a dog Allay, d ln' (I ad and hv, hight, confused with A S a lecegan, to lay down) v. টেপ্লাৰ ক্ৰা, To relieve .—প্ৰামিত ক্লাৱেক, To pacify or appease, to assurge, a, to allay the passions—িশ্ৰু, দ্বাৰ-কৃ, To abate, mitigate re-

press or subdue, as, to allay the severity of affliction—v a. (now written alloy) six fallat,  $\bar{\tau}$ , To reduce the purity of. Syn=Abate, appearse, assuage, check, calm, soothe, repress, compose, quiet, alleviate

Allayed, al-lad', pr উপশ্মিত, নিরাকৃত, প্রশ্মিত, Laid at rest, quietted, tranquillized, abated. Allayer, ম. অতেৰ তপ বা মুণা হাসক, কানি মিশ্রণ কান, That which has the power of alloying — সাতনাকারী, হানকারী, One who, or that which, allays or abates

Allaying, al-lif-ing, ppr প্ৰশ্বিত কৰিয়া, শাভ কৰিঃ , Quieting, reducing to tranquility, abating.

Allaymont, n विदाय छेल्ल्य, ज्ञान, याहा ज्ञान कृत्य, State of rest after disturbance.

Alle, n পকা বিশেষ, A bird the little ant Allect, ০ কুম্পান বা মন আন্থণ র ভুগায়, To entice to illure

Alloctation, " क्मनान, ज्नान, An entuing;

Alloctive, n क्मनान, जूनान Allurement.

Allogation, al le et hun n নিকয় কৰন, Posttue assertion, an affirmation — তেওুক্তি, মিৰাই আপিডি, ওঙ্গৰ, An excuse, a plea Allogo, al-ly' (I o'leg to en lone person

Allogo, ally (1 olicy to intone person to mother to only aith him to in min or bring forwire 1 - it 1, and in the construction of facts of facts of the construction of the construction of the construction of the construction of the aith its constru

Alleged, prafer for stifes Affirm d

Alleged murder কৰিছল বাংলা গ্ৰহণা Alleger, ে শ্ৰেণ গ্ৰহণা গ্ৰহণা প্ৰকাৰ কৰেই যে One who after or delate.

Allegeable, a বিশ্বস্থ স্থান বোপা আক্তর বিষয়ে বর্ষনীয় বা নিশ্চম করণায়, Capable of being all ged.

Allegiance, al-fifth ne (1 a') at and hgn, to the or bind ) সুস্মী বা বাছার প্রতি প্রছার করবা আলুবাক ব'ছ গাঁক The duty of a subject to his fir or or reign, the duty of a subject to his king by ity —বাছার নিকট প্রছার শাসৰ, An outh cilled the outh of allegione.

Allegiant, il leji-ant a বাজ বণীভূত, l oyal. Allegoric,-al al-le gor'ik - il, ad) কপকাকাৰ, আংবালিক কপক্ষয়, in the form of an allegory figuritise

Allegorically, alle garik alli ad क्लाटक वर्ड, अनक'रदद मुक, In a figurative manner, by way of allegory,

Allegory, alle-gor-i (Gr. allos, other and allorens to speak) n months and algrens to speak) n months and algrens to speak) n representation, similated, metaphor a description of one thing under the image of another.

Allegorise, alle-go-r-is, v. f. ক্লপক সংজ্ঞানপূৰ্কক বৰ্ণনা-কু; ৰূপক প্ৰয়োগ-কু; To turn into allegory; to put into the form of an allegory:—to use allegory.

Allogorist, al-le-go-rist, Allogoriser, n.
কলক ব্ৰে প্ৰযোগকাৰী; One who uses allegory:
—ক্ষান্তলা কৰা কাৰে;বা উপদেশ দেয় বে; One who
teaches in an alligorical or figurative manner.
Allogro, al-le'gro, i L. a'acer, brisk) n ব্ৰেব মুক্লো; বাণ্য ব্যাৱৰ ফ্ৰত সকং; In music, a word
denoting a brisk movement:—a. quick, brisk.

Alle-Iu-iah or Allelujah, al-le-loo'ya, n.

Allemande, n. জন্মনিদেশীয় ৰুভা বিশেষ; A brisk dance prevalent in Germany.

Alleviate, al-levi-at, (L. ad, and levis, light)
v. t. উপশাস্ত কু; লাখৰ কৰা; উপশম কৰা, মান কৰা;
To lesson, to make light; to mitigate, to soften; to dimish, as, to alleviate sorrow, pain.
Alleviating, p. a. উপশম কাৰক, লঘু কাৰক;

Making lighter; mitigating. Alleviation, al-levi-হ'shun, n. লাঘৰ; উপশম; Mitigation:--লযুক্রণ; উপশমকরণ, Extanuation;

palliation; "alleviation of faults."
Alleviature, adj. ব্যুকারক; উপান্যকারক; That which mitigates.

Alley, alli, (Fr. allee, a passage, from aller, to go, O. Fr. anner, from L. adnare, to go to by water) n. উদ্যান-মধান্ত পৰ, A walk in a garden — সন্ধীৰ্ণ পৰ, পৰি; A narrow passage; a passage in a city narrower than a street. pl alleys.

Alliaceous, al-li-áshus (L. allium, garlic) a.
লঙৰ গৰ্মক; l'ertaining to the garlic or oneon tribe; having the smell or properties of
garlic.

Alliam, n. লঙৰ ; Garlic.

Alliance, al-h'ans. (I. ad, and lego, to bind)
n. বৈবাহিক সংখ্য , কুট্ডিছা, Union by marriage;
matrimonial alliances; connection, —সৃধ্য: স্থিলুৱ; A treaty or union between nations; a lague
with foreign powers; confideracy —ইফা; A
union for any purpose. Syn Cennection, relation-ship, affinity, confederacy, league, union,
combination, coalition, compact, treaty.

Alliciency, n. আকর্ণাড়; আকর্ণাড়াড় Magnetism, attraction.

Allicient, a. আকর্বক; বাহা আকর্বণ করে: আক-র্বণ; That which attracts.

Allied, al-lid, pp. or a. বিবাহ বছুত বা সন্ধিহতে আবদ্ধ , সর্থাইত ; সহদ্ধ ; Connected by marriage, interests, friendship or treaty, confiderated.

Allied to—NATH ESTI; Akin to; as, "Charles surnamed the Bold, for his courage was allied to rashness and frenzy then wore the ducal coronet of Burgundy."—Seott.

Allies, al-liź, n. pl. প্ৰশাৰ বাজ্য বছাৰ্থ মিনিভ বাজনাৰ্থেৰ বাজ্য সমূহ; Princes or states which have entered into league for their mutual defence; confederates.

Alligate, alli-gat, (L. alligo,—ad, to and ligo, to bind) v. t. আৰম্ভ কৰা; মিলিড কৰা; সুৰ্দ্ধ কৰা;

To bind, tie or fasten together; to jein; to \underself unite by some tie.

Alligation, al-li-ga'shun, (L. allgatio, a binding together—ad, to, and ligo, to bind) n. বিভিন্ন উপাদান মিলাগের নিমন; A rule in arithmetic relating to the compounding of different ingredients of different qualities or values:—
সংবোজন; The act of tying together.

Alligator, alli-ga-tur, (Sp. el lagarto—L. lacerta, a lizard) n. কুলাৰ; মুক্ত; An animal of the crocodile family found in America; the American crocodile.

Allinement, n. শ্ৰেণীবদ্ধ হতন; সাহিবদি হতন; State of being in a line.

Allision, ali'-shun, n. প্ৰশাৰ আঘাত কৰ্ণ; A striking against.

Alliteration, al-lit-er-n'shun, ( L. ad, to, and littera, a letter) n. अमृद्धाम ; The use of two or more words beginning with the same letter; the recurrence of the same letter at the beginning of two or more words following close to each other as in 'apt alliteration's artful aid.'

Alliterative, al-liter-a-tiv, a. অসুগাস সংক্রান্ত ; Pertaining or relating to alliteration.

Allocate, allo-kāt, (L. ad, to and locus, a place) v. t. স্থাপন-ক; অংশ ভাগ কৰিবা-দে; বিদি-ক; To place; to assign to each his share; to allot. Allocation, al-lo-kā'shun, n. স্থাপন; Act of allocating; act of placing to — একের সংক্ত অক্তের সংযোগ করণ; The act of putting one thing upon another; act of adding to:—হিসাব গ্রহণ করণ বা ধবিয়া দেওন; The admission of an article in reckoning, and addition of it to the account:
— ভাগকবণ; Act of allocating or assignment:—হিসাবের উপর দন্তবি বাদ; An allowance made upon an account:— আংশ বিভাগ; An allotment,

Allocution, al-lo-kū'shun, (L. ad, to, and loquor, locatus, to speak) n. সংবাধন : বৰা বীতি স্থোধন ; A formal address esp. of the Pope to his clergy:—আয়ের মহিত ক্ৰোপক্ৰন ; The act or manner of speaking to, or of addressing in words.

Alloddal, al-lū'di-al, a.lj. নিছৰ, Free of rent or service, freeholds—opposed to Feudal:—জন্ধীন; অধানিক; Held independent of a superior. Allodium, al-lū'di-um, (Low L. allodium, most probably from Ice. al.lo, aldage, and other, a homestac; alda-othal, a property of ages) n. নিছৰ ভূমপান্তি; কেছাধীন অধিকাৰ; খাৰ-বাধিকাৰ; মহাজাণ বিষয়; A freehold estate; land held in full right; land held in one s own right and not by feudal tenure, lands which are held by absolute right, without even the burden of homage or fidelity. The word is Tuetonic—alladh (all property).

Allonge, n. কৰবাল কৃত হিন্ত ; তলোহাৰেৰ চোট · A pass or thrust with a sword, or rapier in fencing:—বোড়াকে টল খাভয়াইবাৰ লখা যান ; A long rein when a horse is trotted in the hand

Alloo, v. করভানি দিলা বুকুৰ লেলিলা দেল; কুকুৰ ছলিলা দেভলা; To incite a dog by crying alloo; as, alloo thy furious mastiff.

Altopathic, a. অস্পূৰ্ব ব্যবহা; ব্ৰেলাণাগ্ৰিক সৰবাব; Pertaining to allopathy.

Altopathically, al. প্ৰেলাণাধিক চিকিৎসায়-

Allopathically, ad. এবোশ্যাধিক চিকিৎসাৰু-

Allpathist, n. অসম্প ৰাবছাহৰালী ভিবক : One who adheres to allopathy.

Allopathy, al-lop'a-thi, (Gr. allos, other, another and pathos, affection, disease) n বিষয় চিকিয়েল প্রণালী; A mode of curing diseases, by using medicines which produce in the system a condition contrary to that of the disease; ordinary medical practice; as opposed to Homocopathy.

Alloque, n. কাৰোপকৰন; ৰাক্যালাপ; The act of speaking to another; conversation.

Allot, al-lot', (L, ad, to and Lot) v. t. ভাগাৰি-ৰামী বিভাগ-কু; বাত বাত বিভক্ত কৰা; বাটন-কু; To divide as by lot; to distribute, to parcel out, to give; to assign. pa. p=alloted, alloting. Syn=assign, deal, apportion; appoint.

Allotted to—খংশ নামা কৰিয়া দেওয়া; লিখিয়া দেওয়া; Assigned to; apportioned to; as, "If heaven allotted to each man seven guardian angels &c."—Lytton.

Allotery, n. বিভাগের অংশ, নিরূপিভাংশ; The part in a distribution.

Allotment, al-lotment, n. বিভালন ; আৰু ; Act of allotting; that which is allotted; part or shore allotted; the part allotted to any one; a share:—আৰু বিভাল প্ৰণালী; A system of assigning small portions of the landholder's land to be cultivated by day labourers, after their ordinary days work.

Allotropy, al-lotro-pi, (Gr. allos, another, and trops, form) n. কডিপছ প্রাকৃতিক পদার্থের একা থিক অবস্থায় অবস্থিতির পর্যায় কিনিস্কে ধর্ম ; The property in some elements, as carbon, of existing in more than one form, a term employed to denote the fact that the same body may exist in more than one usual condition, and with different physical characteristics; as, carbon which appears under the form of charcoal, graphite, and diamond.

Allow, al-low, ( Fr. alloner, to grant- L. ad. to and loco, to place :-- Allow, in the sense of approve or sanction, as used in B. and by old writers, has its root in L. laudo, to praise) ण. f. (नवप्र); नाज करा ; To grant to ; give ; as, to allow leave :- \$ \$ To own or acknowledge or to allow a rlaim : "Miss Arbella Wilmot was allowed by all to be completely pretty." -Goldsmith .-- 本本一、東南-季, To abate or deduct ; as, to allow for waste :-- अपूर्वां (मध्य) , To permit, as, to allow a servant to go abroad — नयर्न-क ; To approve of , to justify :— तपू-🗲 ; क्यादेश (नव ; To make an abatement. Syn= Admit, acknowledge, own, conceder, permit, let, authorize; suffer, tolerate, endure, bear; grant, yield, give; approve, sanction, remit, deduct, abote. Allow of Grant, hermit.

To allow for—কোন কারণে বাদ দেওয়া, প্রনিকৃশ কারণ বিবেচনা কবিয়া তৎপ্রতিবিধানে বত্নধান হওয়া, To make a deduction on account of; to take into consideration any counteracting cause.

Allowable, al-low'a-bl, a. বীকাৰ্যা; বিধি সঞ্চত; আনিবিদ্ধ; অনুমতি প্ৰদান বোগা; That may be allowed or permitted; lawful; not forbidden; permissible. n=allowableness (lawfulness).
Allowableness, n. প্রমান্ত; নিবেধ বাহিতা; সম্মত; Lawfulness; exemption from prohibi-

tion; the quality of being allowable. Allowably, adi বিধিশক্তরণে; Lawfully.

Allowance, al-low'ans, n. ছীকায়; Admission; acknowledgment:—অসুমতি; Permission or approbation; as, without the state's allowance:—
নাম করণ; হাস; Abatement; deduction; as, to make allowance for the inexperience of youth:
—বাস; That which is allowed:—নিজিই পরিবিদ্ধ আহার সামরী; A stated quantity of food or drink, when provisions fall short,—ধ্বাট; সম্ভবি
বাস; A deduction on the weight of goods; discount:—বেজন; Salary.

To make allowance for—কাৰণ বিশেষে সাপুথ বিৰোধ-বৃ-কু; উপেকা-কু, সোৰ প্ৰহণ না-কু; ক্ষা-কু; To allow for; to take a lement view of; to forgive, as, "I make certain allowances for your partiality."—Cowper's Letters.

Allowing, al-lowing, conj. স্বীকাৰ কবিলেও; Allowing that he had a right.

Alloy, at-lor' (Fr. alor, standard of metals, aloyer, It. allegare, to alloy—L. ad legum, according to law) হ. f. খান্তক ক, খান (মুগুলা, To reduce the purity of a metal by mixing it with one less valuable:—n. বিশ্ব খাড়, খান ; A compound of two or more metals (when murcury is one of the ingredients, it is an amalgam), a base metal mixed with a finer.—ভাগ মন্তে অকল সভিবেশ; Evil mixed with good—আপকৰ্ব সাধুক জ্বা, Anything that deteriorates

Alloyage, al loi-aj, n. গাড়তে গান মিলিড কৰণ; The act of alloying metals.

Allspice, n. statsfife, The berry of the pimento, a pleasant aromatic spice; Jamaica pepper.

Allude, al-lud, (I.. ad, at, and lude, lusum, to play) v. i. প্ৰোক্ষাৰে উল্লেখ-ড়, প্ৰাণ্ডন্মে উল্লেখ কৰা, উদ্দেশ কৰিয়া বলা, To mention slightly in passing; to have reference to; to hint at; to refer to. Syn - Suggest, intimate, glance at, advert to; refer; bunt, remark.

Alluro, al-lur', ( l. ad, and Lure ) v. t. बाला-विज-क ; Tempt ; entice.

Allurement, al-lur'ment, n. acqueq; That which allures; temptation; enticement.

Allurer, n. अलाजनकावी ; One who allures. Alluring, al-luring, adj. अलाजनकावी ; Tempting ; enticing. adv=alluringly.

Alluringness, n. ভোগাদশানত ; মাধা থোহ জয়ে ঘাহাতে ; Enticement ; temptation by proposing pleasure.

Allusion, al-U'zhun, n. প্ৰেক্তিব্ৰ উল্লেখ: সংক্ত ; উল্লেখ ; A reference to something supposed to be known, but not explicitly mentioned, a hint, an indirect reference. Syn=

Mention, hint; suggestion, casual hint. Allusive, al-lus'iv, a. উত্তেশকারী; देजिलकारी; পৰোকভাৰে উত্ৰেশকাৰী : जन्महेन्नरम कथित : Having reference to something not fully expressed; alluding, hinting at; referring to indirectly.

Allusive

Allusively, al-lusiv-li, adv. সংক্ষরণে ; ইজিতে ; In an allusive manner; in an hinting manner; indirectly.

Allusiveness, ai-lūśiv-nes, n. সংৰত্তৰ ; পদাই : The quality of being allusive.

Alluvial, al-lu'vı-al, a. নদীলোভ বা বস্থাবারা স্কিত; Deposited or laid down by means of water; washed down or carried away by water and disposited.

Alluvious, al-lu'vi-us, adj. चनवाडा চाननीन : Pertaining to alluvien.

Alluvium, al-luvi-um, (L.-alluo, to wash to or on-ad, and luo-lavo, to wash) n. बणीवांवां বাহিত নিমুকুমিন্তে স্কিত পদাৰ্থ; পলি; Deposits of earth, gravel and other matter borne by river or flood on land not permanently submerged, earth deposited by the washing of floods, or carried down by rivers :-- নদীৰ খোভ মাটাৰ খাবা সমূত্ৰৰ শ্বুছ দ্বীপ ; Small island thrown up by current of a river. pl = Alluvia.

Allies, al-li'z, n. pl. দলিবদ্ধ বাজভবৰ্গ বা বাজ্ঞা-जकन, Princes or states united by treaty or agreement, confederates.

Ally, al-h', (Fr. L. alligo, are-ad, to, and ligo, to bind ) v. t. विवाध, मिळणा, मिक वा मानुष्ठ चोदा अवस दालन को सिन्न कहा , To form a relation by marriage, friendship, treaty, or resemblance 一个对于: To unite or connect, as, allied powers -- মিত্রভা-কু, To bind together in friendship, as states with state. Syn -connect, unite, contoin, associate, combine —n. sing. महाप्र , भह-(对角, A confederate; one that is allied -कृद्धि , A relation --- मस्तिवन्न दान्ना वा दान्ना ; A prince or state united by treaty or league.

Alma-(the human soul), queen of "Body Castle," beset by enemies for seven years ( th: seven ages of man ). The besiegers are a rabble rout of evil desires, foul imaginations, and silly conciets. "The divine part of a man" says Spencer, "is circular, a circle being the emblem of eternity, but the mortal part triangular, as it consists of three things-blood, flesh, and bones."

Almacanter, Almucantor, n. पश्त्र मथ-(14), A circle of the sphere parallel to the horizon.

Almacantar's staff—पूर्वा वर्षन प्रवीन विरमद ; पुरवीकन वज्रविरमव . An instrument used to take observation of the sun.

Almack's-Aristocratic exclusiveness :-- 49414 कईक वारक क्षांच ; A ball given by the highest nobility.

Almadie, n. कांबकवार्वव वा व्यक्तिकांत वह (बोका विरूप ; A large boat used in parts of India ; also an African bark cance.

Alms Mater, alma mater, (L. alms, fostering and meter, mother) বে বিদ্যালয়ে কেই শিকা লাভ / Alms-house, amž-hows, n. অবাধ আল্লম ; দাৰ-

कविवाद ; A college or seminary, where one is educated.

Almanac, almá-nak, ( Fr.-Gr. almenichiaka (in Eusebius), an Egyption word, prob. sing. 'daily observation of things') n. 門籍町; A calendar of days, weeks, and months; an annual calendar, a small book containing a calendar of days, weeks and month &c., for any year.

The man i' the Almanac stuck with pins-(Nat. Lees.) is a man marked with points referring to the signs of the zodiac, and intended to indicate the favourable and unfavourable times of letting flood.

I shant consult your almanac-(French) I shall not come to you to know what weather to expect. The reference is to the prognostications of weather in almanacs.

Almandine, n. प्राकाद मनि विरचन ; Precious stones or noble garnet.

Alme, Almeh, n. रेकिके लगीय नर्डकी : An Egyptian danching girl.

Almighty, awl-mi't'ı, a. मर्सम्ब्लियान ; Possessing all might or power, omnipotent: - n. नेरव; পর্যেশ্ব, The omnipotent God. Syn = Omnipotent, all sufficient. (The Almighty = God).

Almighty dollar-- मर्कमाधनक्य पृष्ठा ; (slang) Money, by which every thing can be accomplished.

Almond, a'mund, (Fr. amande-L. amygdalum-Gr. amygdate) n. वानाय ; The fruit of the almond-tree

Almond tree-প্ৰকেশ; পাৰা চুল; Grey hair. Comp. Eccles. XII. 3-6.

Almonds, a'mundz, pl. দ্বিলার পকাবতী যাংস-প্ৰস্থি, কণ্ঠলৰিড মা'সগ্ৰন্থি, The tonsils or two glands on the sides of the basis of the tongue.

Almoner, al'mun-ér, n. छिक्न विख्यनकारी; An officer of a prince or of a religious house, to whom distribution of alms is committed.

Almonry, al'mun-ri, n. ऋडिविणीता , मानणाता ; The place where alms are distributed -- Test বিভৰণকাৰীৰ ৰামস্থান; The residence of the almoner; the place where almoner resides.

Almost, awi'most, (al, and most) al. att; िक . Nearly ; for the most part ; well nigh. Alms, amr, (A. S ælmæsse, through late L., form Gr. chemosyre-ebos, compassion.) n. छिका, मान, बहरा९, Relief given out of pity to the poor; a charitable donation.

Alms baskets-দানাধার , দানসাজী , The baskets in which provisions are put to be given away or distributed among the poors.

Alms-deed, amz-ded, n. पानकार्ग ; वराजकार् কাৰ্য, An act of charity, a charitable deed.

Alms-drink-Another's leavings; for alms consist of broken broad and the residue of drink. It is also applied to the liquor which a drinker finds above his desire and therefore hand overs to another.

Alma-giver, n. गुज , A giver of alms.

णांगां , नविज्ञानांन , A house in which the poor are lodged and supported

Alms man, n ডিকোপদীবী বে ভিকা করিবা দিনপাত করে A man who lives upon ilms

Almug, aimug n (Heb) এক প্ৰকাৰ বৃক A tree or wood mentioned in the Bible, kind un certain

Alnagar, Alnager, Alneger, n এল নামক পরিমাণ ছারা পরিমাপক, কাপডের আডরেচে নিযুক্ত পরবাই এব, মাপক, A measure by the ell for me ly a sworn officer in England, whose duty was to inspect and measure woolen cloth

Alnage, n এল ৰাষ্ক পরিমাণ বা মাপ , A mea sure by the ell

Alnight, n শলিতা বা পলিতা হুক্ত মোমের পিও বা বাতি, A cake of wax with the wick in the midst to burn all night

Aloa—Athenian festival to Ceres and Bacchus, when fruits were offered

Alocus—A giant son of Neptune and Canace Aloe alo (L a'æ Gr ala Syn olar) » মূল কুমারী, মঞ্জ একপ্রকার বৃক্ত মুসকার A genus of plants with juncy leaves yellding the gum called alocs, genus of a plant which yield a gummy junce all natives of wirm climate

Aloos, afor n pl মুম্মর A purgative drug, the juice of several species of alæ. Al es wood — সভস।

Aloetic, Alcetical, adj মুদকাৰীয় জাওকদৰ্ক ৷ Consisting chiefly of alces

Aloft, a loft, (Prefix a [A S on ] on and Loft) ad উদ্ধে, পুষ্ঠে আকাশে On high, in the air, overhead — উচ্চে, মন্তকোপনি এব i) In the top above the deck, in the match id Alogy, a log i n অকাৰ, জানপুষ্ঠা Unreason ableness, absurdity

Alone, al on, (Al [for All] quite and one a একাকী, দলীবেবচিত দিবালা Single with nit company, solitary —a! কেবল পুণ ভাবে দিজে দিকে, একাকী, By one's sell singly by solitary, single, separate uncombined, unconnected

To let or leave alone— কাৰাকেও কিছু না বাণিয়া বে যে ভাবে আনে সেই ভাবে থাকিতে দেওয়া থাকিতে দেওয়া হলকেপ নাক, Not to meddle with one but to let him stand as he is to suffer to rest to forbear molesting or meddling with, i 'You had better lene me al ne Trellog

To let well alone—ভাগ ভাবে আছে বনিয়া বে আৰম্বায় আছে ভাগৰায় থাকিতে পেলয়া I o let things remain as they are, as they are in a good state Along, a long, (A S an llang—prefix an l against, and I ong) a l স্বাপৰি In a line with the length, or through the length of, length wise through —আমে, Onward, forward — সম্ভিবাহোক, In company, joined with (fol by with), as I shall go home along with you — properties as I shall go home along with your properties By the length of — স্থিকটে, Near to — পাৰে By the side of Syn Length wise longitudinally, onward, forward, by over, upon

Along of-wy, at cents, On account of, as

This increase of price is along of the foreigners

Along side—পাশাসাসি, নাগানাসি, (Nout) Side by side, by the side of the ship

Along shore कार्यय निक्छे, By the shore or

Along shore men—The lower short of men employed about quays and docks

Along with -asca, Together, as, in some mines coal is found along with slate

Go along with-अनुस्मानन १, Approve of.

Get along-safe & Progress

Alongst, ad লখান্ত , ভাৰৎপ্ৰতে , A corruption 25 it seems, from along lengthwise

Aloof, a 150f (Prefix a [A S on ] on and Loof See Loof) ad একলেপে, সুবে, অভবে, প্ৰবিভাৱে At or from a distance but within view. apait n Aloofness

Stand aloof শুৰে থাকা To keep at a distance Alopecy, n চুন ভূমি যাজৰ, I he calling off of the hair from any part of the body

Aloud, a lowd (From A S on and hlyd, noise fact land Sec Loud) ad डीक पर , (हिंदिन, I oudly, with a loud voice. Syn Loudly claim rously noisily

Al'outrance—ৰ'ৰা ও বাৰণ সৰ্ভে, Inspite of obstacles and objections

Alow, a lu, adv নিমুস্থানে নিয়ে In a low place - Opp to 1 //

Think alow—কপৰ গৈ কু 5 দীল্লাণু

Alp, alp (L Grel Al am intain, alled to I als white white white with snow ) ল উচ্চ প্ৰতি A high impunition plo Alps সুই জাব বিং ৰ প্ৰতি বা সমূহ, The folly mountains of Switzerland

Alpace, বা para (Pruvian) তুকাতীয় জন্ত এক কাৰণেৰ Cimillac beist বাংলু ies of Perivi nish op — আৰিপাকা দক্ত জন্তৰ পোমদ ৰয়, Clath mall from its him

Alpen stock, alpastack গ আ প্ৰপৃদ্ধ কৰে আবোশ্য কালে প্ৰিকেশ যে মন্ত ব্যৱহার করে, A long stok or stall used by travellers in climbing the Alp

Alpha, alfa (Gr alpha—Heb a eph, an ox, th name of the first lette which in its original figure resembled on ocs head) n ঐক বৰ্ণমালাৰ প্ৰথম অক্তৰ, The first letter of Greek alphabet আদি বা প্ৰাৰম্ভ The first or beginning

The alpha and omega - আদিৰ ও অন্তিৰ, প্ৰাৱস্ত প্ৰাৰ, lhe first and the last, the beginning and the end

Alphabot, alia-bet, (Gr alpha, beta, the first two Greek letters) n বৰাবীতি সজিত বৰ্ণমালা, Th letters of a language arranged in the customary order

Alphabet of faces—মুখ বিকৃতি, Distortion of the face in various ways so as to represent all the letters of the alphabet

Alphabetarian, n বৰ্ণনালা শিক্ত বা পঢ়্যা, বৰ্ণনাৰ্ভালী, A learner of the Alphabet, an aberedarian, one learning the alphabet

Alphabetic, Alphabetical, al-fa-betik, al-

fa-berik-al, a. বৰিদ্যালা সৰ্থটাৰ বা বৰ্ণাসুক্ষনিক ; বৰ্ণ-ক্ষেম্ব বিশ্বক্ষ, Relating to or in the order of an alphabet; arranged in the order of the alphabet. Alphabetically, al-fa-betik-al-i, aiv. বৰ্ণাৰা প্ৰক্ষিম্ব ; wকৰ বা বৰ্ণক্ষে; In an alphabetical manner; in alphabetic order.

Alpheos and Arethusa.—The Greek fable says that Alpheos, the river-God fell in love with the nymph Arethusa, who fled from him in affright. The burly god pursued, but was changed into a river, and the nymph into a fountain.

Alphest, n. নাম্ত্রীক মংস্ত বিশেষ; নমুত্রভাত বংস্ত বিশেষ, A small purple sea-fish.

Alphonsin, n. ডাকাৰি অপ্ৰবিশেষ; An instrument for extracting bullets from wounds.

Alphonsine Tables—Astronomical Tables constituted in 1254 by Isaac Hazan, a Jewish rabbi, who named them in honour of his patton, Alphonso X. King of Castille.

Alphos, n. কুন্ন বিশেষ; একপ্ৰকাৰ কুঠ ৰোগ; A species of lepiosy, vitiligo.

Alpino, alp'in, a. আরুস্বা ভাষ্ট উন্নত পর্কত সং-কান্ত, আগ্রস্ নামক পর্কত সম্মীধ শত্যুক্ত, Pertaining to the Alps, or to any lofty mountains; relating to or resembling the Alps — অভ্যুত্তত ; Very high —পর্কতম্ম, Mountainous —n. পার্ক-ভাষ্ট ব্যু বিশেষ, The mountain straw-berry.

Alpluo -Containing a bet or a particular card that has already won.

Alquife -বিবাত যাত্রত ; A famous enchanter. Alroady, awl-redi. a in. একণে ; সম্প্রতি ; Now : পুর্বে , At some time past , previously — কিন্তি পুর্বে . Perior to some specified time, either future, present, or past.

Also, awiso, ad. or conj. जांदे , शुर्वाङ अकार , Likewise , in like manner , further.

Altar, awitar, (L. atare-altus, high) n tag-(37), Awith, Pedestal for sacrifice; place at which religious service is performed, in Christian churches, the communion table; (fig.) a place of worship.

Altarago, n. প্রেপহার স্থাত পুরোহিতের পাত, An emolument arising from oblations to the alter, gift at altar.

Altarist, alter-thane—পুৰোপহাৰগাহী; Receiver of gifts at altar.

Altar-piece, awltar-pes, n. ৰেণীৰ উপৰছিত চিত্ৰ বা ত্যা, বেণীৰ উপৰ চিত্ৰ; A painting or decoration placed over an altar; a painting over the altar.

Alter, awiter, (L. alter, other, another—al [root of altus, other] and the old comparative suffix—ter—E. ther) v. t. পরিবর্ত্তন-কু; ভিন্ন প্রকার করা; To change .—v. s. পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু; ভিন্ন প্রকার করা; To become different, to change, to vary. Syn=change, vary, divisify, modify, shift, turn, transform, convert, metamorphose.

Alter one's course—ৰভাবের পৰিবৰ্তন-কু, To make some change in conduct.

Alterable, awiter-a-bl, adj. পৰিবৰ্জনীয় , পৰি-বৰ্জন-বোগ্য , পৰিবৰ্জনীল ; That may be altered.

Alterably, adv. পরিবর্তনপুর্বক; In a ma that may be altered or varied.

Alteration, awl-ter-2'shun, n. পরিবর্ত্তী বলল, Change; partial change:--পরিবর্ত্তনকরণ বললকরণ; Act of altering or changing.

Alterative, awiter-at-ıv, a. পরিবর্তক; পরিবর্তন মৃদ্ধ; Having the power to change; having the quality of altering — পরিবর্তক উচ্চ , A medicine that gradually changes the constitution or habit of body, a medicine that gradually improves the vital functions.

Altercate, alter-kat, (L. altercor, catus, to bandy words from one to the other alter) v. i. ৰালাস্বাল-ড়; ৰালাস্ক কৰা; ভৰ্বিতৰ-ড়; To contend in words; to wrangle; to dispute.

Altercation, al-ter-kā'shun, n. বিভণ ; বাণাৰু-বাদ , বাগায়ন, A contention in words; a wrangle; controversy. Syn-wrangle, dispute, contest, controversy, dissension, bickering, sparring.

Altern, a. পৰলাৰ পৰিবৰ্জৰ; Acting by turns; one succeeding another.

Alternacy, n. পালাবারা কৃত কোন কার্য্য; পর্যায়-ক্রমে কার্যা নিপায় করণ; পরিবর্তন হারা কার্য্য নিপায় করণ; Performance or actions by tuins. Alternal, a. See altern.

Alternally, ad. একের পর এক এট ক্রমবপে; পালাছু. যায়ী; পর্যায়ক্ষমে, By turn, by rotation.

Alternate, al-ternat or alternat, (I. alter, other) a. প্ৰায় একটিব প্ৰ একটি, প্ৰায় ক্ষিক; That succeeds or follows by turns, reciprocal; one after another; by turns:—v.t. প্ৰায়ক্ষে কোন কানু-কৃষ্ণ কৰা কৰিছে অহুবান কৰা না To cause to follow by turns or one after the other —v. i. প্ৰায়ক্ষে কৰিছে হুবা, একবাৰ অহুবান কৰিছে আহুবান কৰিছে আহুবান

Alternately, ad. প্রারক্তনে, ক্ষে ক্রনে, By turns, by rotation, reciprocally.

Alternating, p. a. পর্যায়ক্তমে সংঘটিত ; Acting alternately or reciprocally.

Alternation, al-ter-na'shun, n. একের পর এক হল ; The act of following or being followed in succession —পর্বায়ক্তম . Reciprocal succession : —পর্বায়ক্তম নির্বন্ধ করণ , The act of alternating — প্যায়ক্তম সংঘটন ; Alternate performance —দান প্রতিদান ; Interchange.

Alternative, al-ternat-iv. a. অভতৰ; ছুৰেৰ অভতম গ্ৰণাৰ্থতি দায়ক; Offering a choice of two things:—n. অভতৰ উপাৰ, ছুমেৰ অভতৰ গ্ৰহণাত্ত্ব-মতি, Expedient; resource, a choice between two things. Syn=Option, preference.

Alternatively, al-teinat-iv ly, adv. পৰ্যায়ক্ৰণ; পাৰাম্বামী, In the manner of alternatives; by turns, reciprocally, interchangeably.

Althon, n. পুল বিলেষ, এক প্রকার সন্ধান কাতীয় কুল; Marsh Mellow, a flowering shrub. Although, awl-tho, conj. ব্যুপি; Notwith standing — (म नम्ब बीकांत कदिराव , खारा नर्व , Admitting all that , notwithstanding that.

Altigrade, adj. ইত্তেজির ( ক্রমণ.) উচ্চ ইতন-শীল, Rising on high, going up step by step. Altiloquence n প্রকৃত্ত বাকা, পর্যাপুর্বক বাকা,

High speech pompous language

Altimeter, al-tinuc-ter, (L altus, high and metrum, measure) n. উচ্চতাপরিমাণক বয়, An instrument for taking altitude by geometrical principles.

Altimetry, n উচ্চতাপৰিমাপক বিদা), The art of measuring heights, the art of ascertaining altitudes by taking angles with a proper instrument.

Altisanant, Altisonous, n টাল পাকাৰী, জিলবকাৰী, High thundering high-sounding Altitude, alti-tūd, n (L 'altitude—altis, high) উচ্চতা, উচ্চত্, উন্নতি, Height, elevation, elevation of a licavenly body above the horizon, space extended upward. Syn - Elevation, height loftness, summit.

Altivolant, ali कक्रकाम डेबडीयमान, ठाई डेडडीय-

यांन . Flying high

Alto, alto, (lt L altus, high) n. (আংদে)
গীতের যে সর্বাপেকা ডোপ্রর বিশিপ্ত আংশ প্রবেরা
গাইত, শ্রীণোকণিণের সর্বাপেকা অনুচচ্চর, (Org)
The highest part sung by male, lowest voice
in women —বালা বস্তের ডচ্চশন্দ, প্রদাস্থর, lligh
sound in music

Altogether, awl-too-gether, ad স্পৃথিপে সমুণায়, একজে, Without exception, wholly,

completely, entirely

Alto-relievo, alto-re হি'vo. (It alto. high and relievo, prominence) দ উন্নত মুক্তি গছৰ্পনী ভান্ধন বিদা, High relief, figures projected by at least their thickness from the ground on which they are sculptured, a mode of sculpture it presenting prominent figures

Altruism, altico ism, (I alter, another) n
অপৰেৰ নিমিত্ত জীৱন ধাৰে ও ক'ল বাৰ্যাৰ মত
প্ৰদেষ্য , The principle of hring and actin for
the interest of others নি ভাৰ প্ৰেণ্ডকাৰ Dicto
tion to the intere ts of others, unselfs himso
opposed to equism

Aludel, alu del (Prob of Arabic origin) n শোধনাধান , দ্বি , Chemical vessel

Alum, alum, (1. alumen- (31 hals, halzo salty) n. wistlig , wiffig , A double sulphate of alumina and potash, i mineral salt

Alumins, al-u'min-a, Alumine, alumin, n কটিকিবির উপাদান, এক প্রকার বৃত্তিকা, One of the earths, the charactistic ingredient of common clay, clay loam or other substance from which alumis obtained. Alumina is a compound of aluminum and oxygen

Aluminous, al-E'min-us, adj. কটকিবিপুৰ্ণ, কট কিমিনিপিষ্ট, Containing alum, or alumina

Aluminum, al umin-um, aluminum, al umin um, প. কটিকিটির বাত্তর অংশ, বৌপা সদৃশ এবং সমুক্তার অন্ধ বিবাতি থাকু বিশেষ, A mulal resembling silver and remarkable for its lightness, the metallic base of alumina. Alumish, adj ফট্কিবিৰ ধৰ্মক , কট্কিবিৰ ভাষুত্ত , Having the nature or quality of alum.

Alumnus, al-uninus, (I., alo, to nourish) n.
ছাত্ৰ, বিদ্যালয় বিশেষে ছাত্ৰ, A pupil, a graduate of a college or university, one educated at a college is called alumnus of that college — পালন পুত্ৰ, A foster child. pl=alumin.

Alum stone, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ ধনিৰ পদাৰ্থ , A kind

Alum-water-কটকিবি বিশ্লিত জন, Water impregnated with alum

Alum works, " करिकिति श्रेष्ठक कवर्णन नवस्य: Apparatus for making alum.

Alutation, n চৰ্ম নিকাৰ কৰণ, The tanning or dressing of leather

Alveary, n কৰ্ছৰ . The hollow of the ear :-ন্থুম্জিকাৰ কৈ মৌতাক , মৃধুকে A bee-hive.
Alveolate a মৌতাকেৰ জান ছিত্ৰুক , Divided

into open cells, like honey-comb
Alveolory, Alveolor, adj. calka at at
fafag, Having a small hollow or cavity

Alvine. ai) উদৰ বা ওপুলেট স্বৰ্জায়, Pertaining to the lewer belly or intestines, pertaining to the abdomen

Always. নগাঁ গাঁৱ **হাজহ**ত, বজাঁ গাঁৱ, ada সর্কা প্রাবে স্কাল, অক্তরণ আন্বরত, চির্কাল, I hrough always, continually, for ever, at all times, without variations, in every case, invariably, Syn continually, constantly, unceasingly

Am, am (A S com, Gr cimi, I sum for esum, Sans asmi as, to be) " \* \*\*\* . Wife, The hi t person of the verb to be

I am अयदब छशाबि, मङः, कामि चाहि, One of God - titles.

Amability, n. (मोनार्ग, शिवच, मटनावाविच, losching, the power of pleasing

Amadavad, গ কুষ্ণ পাঁগিলেন্ড A small bird Amadano ১ আটা গলাম আংশ, The soluble part of starch

Amail, " अप युनान, Net-work

Amain s man (Prehx a and Main) add ব্য-পুর্বক, সকোৰে, বেকে, With strength, rehemently, with sudden force, with rehemence, for ely forcibly, at once

Amalgam, a malgam, (I. and Gr. malag. ma, in cmollient—Gr. malasso, to soften) n. কে'না মিখা Any soft mixture. — পাৰণ মিখিছ ধাছু ব compound of mercury with another metal — মিশাৰ, Mixture

Amalgamate, a-malgam at, v. f. অন্ত ধাতুৰ সহিত পাবদ মিলিভ কৰা, To mix increus with another metal —মিলিভ কৰা, মম্মিণ্ড কৰা, To compound or mix — v ে মিলিভ বা সন্মিলিভ ইডা, মিণ্ডি ইডয়া, ইজ ইডয়া, To unite in an amalgam, to blend, to coalesce. Syn-commix, combine, mingle, blend, incorporate, five.

Amalgamation, a-mail-gam-a'shun, n থিকা; ধাড়মিনিত করণ, A mixing together of different bodies or metals —সংবোজনা, বোগ, The mixing of different things or race.

Amand, . পাঠাইছা দেছ, প্রেরণ-কু, সরাইছা দেছ To send one away, to remove. Amandation, গ পাঠাইনা দেওন , গ্ৰেমণ ক্ৰণ , The act of sending on a message

Amanuensis, a-man-u eńsis, (L ab from, manus, hand) n প্রতান্ধক, অনুনিপিকর নকলন্বিস, সুলাদক, A copyist, a writer to dictation.
Amaranth, á-mar anth -us, (Gr amarantos, unfading—a, neg, and root mar, to write away, allied to Lat more, to die and Sans mre to die) n দীৰ্ঘাৱী ফুলেৰ একছাতীয়া চাৰাগাছ, লভা বিলেব, A plant of which the flower long retains its colour —দেবপুল, পারিছাত পূলা, অমানপুল, An imaginary flower which never fades

Amaranthine, a-mar-anthin a অমরণ পূলাস্থ-নীয় . Pertaining to amaranth —অমানীয় পূলা-বিশিষ্ট Belonging to amaranth —অমান্য পূলাস্থান, I ike amaranth —অমান , Unfading , undecaying Amaritude, n ভিতৰ , কটুৰ , Bitterness

Amaryllis, n কুলৰ বৃশ্ব বিং , A beautiful plant Amarynthos—One of the dogs of Actæon

Ambus, 2-ma's (Fr amasser -- L ad to and missa i mass) গ গ স্থাৰ To accumulate — বাৰী চক কেবিড-ক To gather into he ip, to collect to gather in large quantity Sin= Heap up, accumulate pile up gather collect aggregate scrape together risks up

Amass n সক্ষ টিপি জ্বা সমূহ, An assem blage an accumulation

Amassed, a বাণীকৃচ Collected into i he ip Amassment n বাণীকবণ, তুপ An accumula tion a heap collected

Amate, v স্লেপ্যন্ত To accompany —ভর বা বাস্থাক হয়, To be terrified

Amateur, am-at Ir' (I amater a lovel ame to love) n অর্থোপার্জনের অভিগাম না মাবিল কেবল সক করিছা যিনি লোন বিদ্যাবিশাবের আন্মানা করেন আর্রনিট্নাট্নাই স্টীতাদি বিদ্যাবিশাবনারী One who cultivates a study or art for the love of so doing and not for gain a viituoso. lover of some art but not a professor

Amatavo, am'at iv (From L ams-alum to luc) a গণ্ডৰ কান্ত, কাম্ক, বা কাম্বৃত্তিৰ ভাৱ , R lating to love amarous amatory

R lating to love amarous amatory
Amativoness, amativones, " শুজাবেজা
ধ্যাতিশ্ব প্রশাস্তি Propensity to love
কামোৎপত্তি স্থান, in phrenolgy, the supposed scat
of the sexual passion

Amatoreulist, n কুজিৰ প্ৰেমী, মৌধিক জেমী কণ্ট প্ৰেমী, অল্লহেকাৰী A little insignificant lover, a pretender to affection.

Amatorial, am-a-tō'11-al, Amatorian, am-a tō'11-an, Amatorious, am-a tō'11-ous a (প্রমোৎপাদক, শুদারবদ প্রধান প্রদারবদক, Ten ding to love, causing love, relating to love Amatory, amat-or-1 atj প্রশাসকোত্ত, লাবেহন, বা বেহনর, Amorous, prone to love, affectionate Amaurosis, am-aw-rosis, (Gr. amaurous dark dim) n অকতা, দুইনীনতা, Loss or decay of sight, without visible defect in the eye

Amaze, a-maf (Prefix a, and Maze) v t বিসমাপর কৃ, হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ, বিসমাভিত্ত কয়া, To put the mind in a maze, to bewilder, to astonish, to confound with surprise or wonder to showith wonder —n কি কৰ্ম্বা বিষ্টভা, বিষয় বেছি, বাৰ্ক্সভা, Astonishment, perplexity, confusion Syn=Surprise astonish, astound, startle, alaum, electrify n=amasement.

Amber

Amasedly, adv বিশয়েৰ সহিত, With amarement, astonishingly

Amazoment, a-maf-ment n ferra, A mingled feeling of surprise and wonder Syn - Astorishment, admitation, perplexity confusion

Amazedness, a mailed ness, n বিমন্ত্র, বিশ্বন্থা-পরত, আক ij বোধ, বাাকুণভা, A feeling of surprise mixed with wonder, the state of being amazed, or confounded with fear, surprise or wonder

Amazing, a-maring a famina A tonishing. Amazon, amazon (Hty doubtful perhaps from Gr a pilv mazol, a bit 35t, they were said to cut off the right breast that they might use their weapons more freely) " कन्निक वर्गक्रिया গীছাতি পুৰুষ সদৃশা ব্যুণী, কলংপ্ৰিয়া সীলোক, ত্ৰু-পিছা ফী যোদ্ধ ছাতি (One of a fabled nation of female warriors) ma culine woni in a virago; a race of famile warmers a willike or manlike wo nan A horse woman a fighting or masculine wom in Ih word means without breast, or rather deprived of a pup. According to Giccian story, there was a nation of women in Africa of a every warlike character. There were no men in the nation and if a boy was born, it was either killed, cr sent to his father who lived in some neighbouring state. The girls had the riight breast singed off that they might the better draw the bow. Probably the fable is founded on a misconception of the Circasian word mosa (the moon) the Amazon of Thermodoon, in Asia Minor, being worshippers of the moon

Amazonian, am az onian a সম্বাদ্যাধিনী, বৃশস্তিহা Resembling an amizon wailike — পুক্ষোণিত আচণবিশিল্প Of masculine manners Ambassade, Ambassage, ল বালকাৰ্য, দুড প্ৰেৰণ, An embassy a mission

Ambassador, am ba a-dur (It ambascia-dore I ambactus derived by Grimm from Gath andbahts a servant whence Ger amt, office) n atwest. Diplomatic minister of the highest order sent by one sovereign power to the court of another, to support the interest of his own s vereign, an envoy fim-Ambasia-dress Syn-Legal, deputy, minister, plenipotentiary

Ambassadorial, am basa-dur'ial a বাজ্যুত সম্ভীয় Pertuining to ambassador

Ambazes, n. pl ছাড়িত বাকা, পেঁচাও কথা A circumlocution, a circuit of words — আঁকাৰীকা পথ, A circuitous path turnings

Ambe, Ambi, n কুড় পাহাডের পাখ, The ridge or side of a hill, a brim

Amber, ambet, n তৈৰ্ঘটক, A yellow fossil resin rendered electric by friction, a yellowish semi-transparent substance, supposed to be a fossil resin, it is highly electrical when subbed:

ad। তৈল্কটিক নিৰ্মিত, Made of amber —ভৈন कृष्टिक ज्ञान , Resembling amber — देवनकृष्टिक युक्त , Consisting of amber.

Amber drank » (তৈৰ ফটিকব-বিশিষ্ট) পাৰীয় ख्या वित्यव , A drink resembling amber in colour

Ambergris, amber gres, (Amber and Fr gris griy ) n चूत्रीक खदा , A fragrant substance of gray colour found on the sca-coast of warm countries and in the intestines of the spermaceli whales a fragiant substance in perfumary Amber seed- মুগ্নাভিত্ব দানা, Musk seed

Amber tree n প্রথান বৃক্ষ বিশেষ, A fragrant evergreen shrub

Ambidexter, ambi dekster (I ambo both and deater, right hand ) n (4 affer Gen ete खनाक्ष क्या क्विड शाद भवामा । One who uses both hands with equal facility, a man using both hands - কপদী কপতাতাৰী, A double dealer all Ambilenticus

Ambidexterity Ambidextrousness, n जवामा दि, ब्रेट्ड मधानकाल । जिन विश्वक कार्मा काविष , the quality of being ambiduxtrous faculty of using both hand with equal facility দিপক পণ্ডত্ব, Double de iling

Ambidexterous, al, ছুই তে সম্প্ৰতিপ শাসন अपूर्व Having the faculty of using both hand with equil ell For 98913, Practising ci siding with both parties

Ambient, inlient (1 ambi about and a to go akin to Sins e (\$ 419) to ro all 414 (तक्क, बाभिक (नक्ष्मकादी अवरदावकानी Gong round nye ting surpunding on all des

Ambigu, n बक्बरिंग बाबालक व व मा मना An ertest imment con i ting not of region cour ses but in mildir dish s at on together

Ambiguity, inib 1,-11 ti > 14 (4)446 , আর্থার অপিনাচর চা, Uncertainty or doublenes ef mening equivocation

Ambiguous, amb ig'u'-us (1 am' igitus am big t pabout amb about ign to drive) al, धौनान्डर्थ, बार्थ (वंधक, क्षण्ड माम्बद्धनक Of doubtul signification, equivoca, admitting of double meaning doubtful Syn 1) theres indeterminate enigmetical vague equivial uncert un doubtful indefinite indistinct

Ambiguously, am-big'il us h adi wageate সলেহপুৰ্বক, অনিশিকতকপে In an ambiguous manner doub fully uncertainly

Ambiguousness, ambig us ucs. ambi guity, amb ig 01-11, # दार्थ (वाधकता, अपूर्वत अभिकारण , जनिकार्ग , अभिकारक , Uncertainty as to meaning double meaning

Ambiloguous, a অনিশ্চিতবাকাবাদী, বার্থপুরু, Using ambiguous or doubtful expressions Ambiloguy, n অশাস্তার্থ বাকোর ব্যবহার, I he

use of double or ambiguous expression Ambilogy, n व्यक्तिशार्यक बाँक, धार्यक बांका

I alk of amic uous or deubtful expressions Ambit, " বেছৰ পুৰু, মুৰুৰ, Ihe line that en comp is 1 thing

Ambition, and when ( L. ambitio, the going

about, : e the canvassing for votes practised by candidates for office in Rome-ambi, about, and eo, etum, to go alhed to Sans e (1) to go) n ब्राकाक्या, बर्गानिका, शीवव नाममा, Desire of power, fame, excellence or superiority, an mordinate desire of preferment -in a good sense, a laudable desire of excellence. Syn= Fagerness, avidity, aspiration, hankering, longing, emulation

Ambitious, amb ishus adj. উচ্চপদাভিদাবী. লোভী, ছুৱাকাজ, Desirous of power aspiring, full of ambition — उक्राकांका रुवक, प्रवाकांकायक, Indicating ambition

Ambitiously, am bishus li air galater পুৰ্বক উচ্চ আকাজনার সহিত উচ্চাতিশাবের সাহিত, In in ambitious manner

Ambitiousness, n উচ্চাভিশাৰ পোভ লালচ. विशा वा वेष्या देखानि (कान विषय वृक्षाकाका , The quality of being ambitious

Amble, ambl (I ambile to walk about) v 1. অবের জার একপাণস্ ছুই পদ পর্যায়ক্রমে উত্তোশন कविष्रा [न] To mos by nft ng b th legs on each ade elternately बीदन भारत मांडडा To move at an c y picc is a hore क्षिकरियां हला, शिक्कारक राजा र किया हिला स्वाप्त करीय स्वाप्त करा करा है कि स्वाप्त करा है कि स् মৃত গমন অবের গতিবিশেষ Agui of a house, ipic of a hor between i wilk and i trot

Ambler, miller n সুনারপারণার বা A horse that ambles a puct

Ambling, f a 344 4 fisteffe Pacing or trippling along moving casily

Amblingly, ai जन्मद श्री अवस्थित With an ambling movement

Ambo, a carl An oblong elevated pulpit Ambreada, n कृतिय रेकाणिक विद्याप , दिल्लाम আৰক বিশেষ A kind of fictificus imber

Ambrosia, an bro chi a (1 -Cir amtrosias =ambritos immoitil- i negative and bra t, mortal for meotos Sins me tu deid mei (1 meri) to die Sans Mys. The fibled food of the gods, which conferred them 1/1 its on those who partook of it ) is says, The ford of the Gods so called for it made them immortal -ভবিতৰ বন্ত ভপাদেষ বন্ত , Whatever is very plea sunt to the taste of smell - yolfacera, A plant

Ambrosial, am brozhi il a অমৃত সংশীৰ. Pertaining to the feed of the God, - 15, উপাদের, Delicious प्रशिक्ष Frigrant

Ambrosian Library A library in Milan, so called in complement of St. Ambrose, the patron saint

Ambrosiant Chant-The choral music introduced from the eastern to the western by St. Ambrose, the bishop of Milan in the fourth century It is used till Gregory the Great changed it for the Gregorian

Ambry, ambri, (I armarium, a chest for arms -arma arms) n धर्ममन्त्रिय पेवित श्रेशमध्वी वाचि-बांब श्रांच A niche in chuiche in which sacred utensile were kept —ভিক্ষাপাৰা An Almonry — शामा कांका , A pantiv a cup board for victuals:—সৃহ সাদত্ৰী বাধিবাৰ ছাৰ; গৃহপাত্ৰ বন্ধাৰ্থ হাৰ; A place for house-keeping utensils.

Ambasco, n. পাৰা কিবো তাল কেনিতে বৰৰ ছুই
চিত্ৰ একেবাৰে উঠে; A double aces; two aces
turned up at the same time by two dice.

Ambulance, ambul-ans, (Fr.—L. ambulans, entis, pr. p. of ambulo, to walk about ) n. মুদ্ধে আহত ব্যক্তিদিশের চিকিৎসালয়রূপে ব্যক্ত শক্ত ; বুদ্ধে আহত সৈক্তদিশের সংগানী চিকিৎসালয়, A carriage which serves as a moveable hospital for the wounded in battle; a flying hospital to follow an army in its movements.

Ambulance cart — আহত ব্যক্তিনিধের বহনার্থ বান বা গাড়ী, A vehicle for wounded person.

Ambulant, ambū-lant, ( L. ambula, to walk ) a ij. গমণশীল; অদক্ষিণ বা ইতবন্তঃ গমণশীল; Walking, moving about from place to place.

Ambulate, ambūl-āt, খ. ইত্তঃ ব্যন্ত ; Walk about, to move backward and forward.

Ambulation. am-bū-láshun, ( L. ambuls, to walk) n ইতস্তত. পদৰ, জনগ, Walking about.

Ambulatory, antibul-at-or-i, (L. ambuls, to walk) a. চল্-ক্ষ, Having the power or faculty of walking; as, an ambulatory animal.—প্ৰিন্ত-ক্ষণীন, Not fixed in its legal character, but capable of being altered — লাভাছাৰে প্ৰথাপান, Moving from place to place, not stationary — n. গাড়ীবারাখা, Any part of a building intended for walking in.

Ambulator, ambūl-at-or, n প্ৰকাৰিশেৰ, কড়িং বিশেষ, An insect; the cerombyx.

Ambury, n. অৰ শ্ৰীবেৰ কোৰ এক জংশকিত বস্ত-বিশিন্ত কৰে বা কীতি, A bloody wart on any part of a horse-body.

Ambuseado, anibusk-নd, Ambush, aniboosh, (It. imbrecare, to he in ambush —im, in, and baveo, a wood from root of Bush) n. ল্ডাংগ সেনাগণ, শক্ত আহমণাৰ্থ গুৱেছাৰে নংছিতি. A body of troops in concealment, a lying in concealment to attack an enemy by surprise — পে হালে সৈজেৱা শক্তৰ অপেকায় উপৰিষ্ট থাকে; ঘাটি: ত্তম. The place where troops he in wait —v. t হাঙ আদুমণ-কৃ, To surprise —শক্ত আগমনাৰ্থ অপেকা কৰিয়া অৰম্বাৰ-কৃ; To he in wait forenc. Syr I urking-place, cover, retreat, shelter.

Lay an ambush — আক্রমণার্যে কর ছালে সৈন্ত সরিবেশ-কৃ, Post troops in a concealed place to surprise or attack or an enemy.

Lie in ambush — আকুৰণাৰ্থে লুকাইছা থাকা,
০ঠাৎ আকুৰণ কাৰবাৰ অভিপ্ৰাহে লুকাইছভভাবে অৰ্ডান
কৰা, To remain concealed in order to surprise
an enemy; or, for attacking by surprise.

Ambushed, p.a. जुकारेड वा हाणित वा आंढ़ारत किंड, श्रदशान विड ; Placed in ambush.

Ambust, a. चित्र विश्वज्ञात्व वार्य मध ; त्रवय जाल পুড़िया वाष्ट्रन ; Burnt , scolded.

Ambustion, n. নাহ; দক্ষতা; A burn or scold. Amoer, a-mer', (Ar. amir, see Admiral) n. মুসনমান বাকো স্বাধীন শাসনকর্তা ও অক্তান্ত বড় লোক-দিগের সত্ত্বস্কুচক উপাধি, আমির; A title of honour, also of an independent ruler, in Mohommedan countries, as, ameer of Cabul. Amel, n. নিৰাৰ্থক জন্য; The matter with which metallic bodies are overlaid in the process of enamelling; the matter used for enamelling.

Ameliorate, a-melyor-āt, (L. ad, to, and melior, better) v. t. ভাল-ফু; উৎকৰ্মাণৰ কৰা; উন্নতি কৰা; উন্নত কৰা, To make better; to improve; as, to ameliorate the condition of the poor — v. i. ভাল হওয়া, উন্নত হওয়া; To grow better; as, wine ameliorates by age. Syn=Amend, better, benefit, asuage, lesson, relieve, alleviate, mend.

Amelioration, a-mēlyor-Z'shun, n. উন্নতি; উন্নতিসম্পাদন; Improvement:—উপশ্য; সমুভা; Mitigation.

Ameliorative, a-melyor-at-iv, a. উপলম্বারক, উন্নতি-কারক; Producing amelioration or improvement; as, ameliorative remedies.

Amen, a'meh, a'meh, (Gr. Heb. amen, firm, true) adv. ভবাস্ত, এবমন্ত; সন্তি, So it be; be it established; very; truly; certainly; an expression used at the end of prayers meaning so be it —n. হামীড; ধৃচতা; কাঠিত; সন্তা; Stability, firmness; truth.

Amenable, a-mēha-bi, (Fr. amener, to lead—a = I.. ad, and mener, to lead—Low I.. minare, to lead, to drive (as cattle), I.. minari, to theraten) a ij. মহতে পৰিচাপন বা শাসন ধোৱা, Easy to be led or governed.—কাটা, কাৰতালী, Liable to answer, liable to be called to account; answerable; responsible—বাধা; অধীন; Submissive, tractable. Syn=Accountable, answerable, liable, responsible. adv=amenably. n-amenabi'ity, amenableness.

Amenage, a'meń-aj, v. a. বলপুৰ্কক দশীয় বা কাৰ্য্য-কু , To manage by force.

Amenance, a'meń-a-ne, n. আচারব্যবহার; Conduct, behaviour.

Amord, a-mend, (Fr. amender for emender— L. emendo,—are, to remove a fault—e, en, out of, and mendo, a fault) v. i. উন্নত হওৱা; To grow or become better; to reform —v. t. মংশোধন কৃ. উন্নতিসাধন-কৃ: To correct to make better, to improve; to reform:—আবাৰ গুছ-কৃ; শেষত্ৰ শোধন-কৃ, To rectify, to change anything that is wrong to something better; improve morality. Syn=correct, reform, rectify, improve, better, repair.

Amendable, a-menda-bl. a. সংশোধন (বাগা; ইত্তােৱর ভন্তবনীয়; Capable of being amended, that may be amended; as, an amendable written or error.

Amondatory, adj. नरामाधनपूर्व, Containing amondment; corrective.

Amende, a-mand, n. ক্ডিপ্ৰণ; প্ৰত্যাধ্যান; Reparation; retraction — কণ্ড; ক্ৰিমানা, লোক কৰু, A fine or punishment.

Amende honorable, a-mand-ono-rabl, ক্যা গাৰ্থনা; কতি পুৰণ; A full apology for injury or insult; a recantation. In France, (amende honorable) was a degrading purishment inflicted on traitor, particides, and sacrilegious persons, who were brought into court with a rope round their neck, and made to beg pardon of God, the king and the the court Now, the public acknowledgment of the offence is all that is required.

Amender, n. শোধনকর্ত্তা, ওছ বা সাধু করার বে, শাস্তা, One who amends or corrects.

Amendful, alj. শোধন গুণবিশিষ্ক, Full of improvement.

Amending, p. v. শোধৰ কৰা, Correcting, reforming —উল্লেড কৰা, Improving.

Amendment, a-mendment, n. দংশোধন . Correction of faults, improvement —পাছ নিশির প্রভাবিত পরিবর্জন , An addition or alteration proposed to be made in a bill or a motion.

Amends, a-mends, n প্রতিকার, কতিপুরা, Reparation, satisfaction for loss or injury, recompense, compensation. Syn=Recompense, satisfaction, compensation, afoncment, apology, remuneration, requiral, equivalent.

To make amends for - \*\*\* To give adequate compensation, as, 'vet thus far fortune maketh us amends "-Shakespeare.

Amonity, a n-cnt ii, ( lit aménite—L. amæ nitas -amænus, ple i-anthe s, is regulds situation climate, manners or disposition) n মুৰস্থাৰ, জা বায়, আচাৰ ব বহাৰ বা সভাৰ সম্বন্ধে মুৰ্মোজ্ঞ গা, ব্যালাহতা, Aprecableness in situation, climate, minners or disposition Syn plea antress, agreeableness, suavity, complaisance

Amenorrhoea, a-men-or rea, ( Gi. a, priv., men, month and sheer, to flow ) n. বন্ধ প্রা কুরোৰ, Absent, retarded or deficient menstruation, want of proper meastruition

Amentia, a-mehshi a (L., fi Gi a, priv and L. mens, mentis mind allied to Sans mana (মন: ), mind ) n ৰাড়বাসা , পাগাৰসা , সহতা , Imbecility of mind , idiotism.

Ameroe, a mers, (O. Fr. americer, to impose a fine—L. merces, wages, fine) ল t জ্বাদ্ কু, জাব্দালা কু, To punish with a fine, as, the court americal the criminal in the sum of one hundred dollars. Syn I inc. mulet

Amerceable, alj অর্থনত বোগা, কবিমানার বোগা; Liable to be punished with a fine

Amoreoment, a niersment, n. প্ৰাণন্ত দণ্ড, আৰ্থ দণ্ড, আৰম্মানা, A penalty inflicted at the discretion or mercy of the court against.

Amercer n. দত্তিৰ পাৰ্থ বে , শীতি বা সাজা দেয় বে , He that sets a fine or penalty.

American. a-mer'ik an, (I'rom America, so called accidentally from Americo Vespucci, a natigator who explored part of the continent after its discovery by Columbus) adj. আমেবিকা, বিশেষতঃ ইউনাইটেডাইট্ন সম্মান, Pertaining to America, especially to the United States—আমেবিকা কেনীয়, Of or belonging to America or United States—n. আমেবিকাবেশাবানী, A native of America.

Americanise, a merik-an-12, v. f. আ্থেবিকা দেশবাদী করা, Jo maki American, to render American, Americaniam, a-mer'ik-an-i/m,n. আংমবিবাসী-বিগের মধ্যে প্রচলিভ বিশেষ পদ, বাক্যাংশ, বাকা, বা ভাষা, A word, phrase, or idiom peculiar to the Americans —আংমবিকা বাকোর বিশেষ বীতি, An American idiom.

Amethodical, adj. अशास विनिष्ठ , बावशासिक ; Without method , uregular.

Amethyst, imeth-ist, (Gr. amethystos—a. neg. methyso, to be drunken—methu, wine, Eng. meat, Sans. madhu, sweet) n. একপ্ৰকাৰ পিকৰৰ্থ বছমুণ্য প্ৰৱৰ বা মণি, A bluish-violet variety of quarts of which drinking-cups used to be made which the ancient supposed prevented drunkenness মণি বিশেষ, A precious stone of deep violet colour. air - Amethystine

Amethystine, a-mē-thist in, adj. এমিখিই শামক মণি সম্বীয় বা সদৃশ, Pertaining to, or resembling amethyst

Amiable, ami-a-bl. (Fr amiable, friendly, —L amiable, from amic is, a friend, there is a confusion in the ining with Fr amiable, lovible—I ariable amis, to love) n. অমাকিক. ভাশবাস ক গোল বিশাহ নাম , মনোহন সিম, কিম্বুল, মি Orthy of live deserving of love, plusing agreeable levels, lovable Syn—I ovable pleasing switting agreeable, pleasing, delightful, kind, agreeable, pleasing, cheerful, goodhumoured

Amable sex, n নীলোক Fair-sex, woman. Amablenoss, an -1-bl nes Amability, am i i blir i n স্বাধিক ই প্তাবেৰ মণ্যুৰ্ব , ব্য-ক্ষান্ত Quality of being annable, or of exciting box sweetnes of disposition, loveliness

Amiably, at অন্তর্কাপ সভাবের দ্বিত, আতিপুর্ক (মতের দাতি In an amiable manner. Amianthus, a-mi into ((i) amianto, un pollutable a ner and mane to soil) n ধু বু বিশেষ Amineral ib tance somewhat resemble gives.

Amicable, artik-a-bl (I amicabilis—amo, to los) a বৰু মাধিৰিত মিনভাৰ বিশিষ্ট, বৰু মাধিৰত, বিশেষ্ট, বৰু মাধিৰত, দিলেলীয় per sable, kind, peaceful a Amicability. Syn — Frateinal, brothedy, cordial, neighbourdy, kind, kindly friendly

Amicable action - ভিন্ন পক স্থাত নালিনী বিষয় (I am An action commenced and presented according to mutual understanding for the purpose of obtaining a decision of the courts on some matter of law involved in it

Amicable settlement—আপোৰে মিট্মাট। Amicableness, n মিত্তা, বসুষ, অমাধিকতা, Friendlaces, good will.

Amicably, amik-a-bli, adv. মিতভাবে, প্রায়-

Amico, amis, (O I r. anis, amit-L. amictus amicio-, to wrap about-amb, about, and jocio, to throw) n. পুৰোগিতের পরিছেদ বিশেষ, A Catholic priest's shoulder-cloth, or alb, a loose flowing garment, worn by pilgrims.

Amicus curies. One in the court who informs the judge of some circle he has detected,

Amid, a-mid, Amidst, a-midst, (Prefix a. on, in and A. S. mid, middle. Sans. madhya. middle) prep মধ্যে; অভানে মধ্যমূলে; In the midst of; among; in the middle.

Amidship, adv. জাহাজের ঠিক মধাছলে; Halfwy between the stem and the stern of a ship. Amir-same a: Ameer.

Amiss, a-miś, (a, on and Ice. missa, a loss. See Miss) a. অমাশ্বক; লাক; অনশীল; Wrong; in error; out of order:—adv. ম্পারপে: দ্বিভভাবে; in a faulty manner; faultily; improperly.

To come amiss—অসময়ে উপস্থিত কৰা; To come at an unfavourable time.

To take amiss—পোৰ ধৰা; কুছ ২৩ছা; Find fault with; be offended at.

Amity, am'i-ti, (Fr. amitive—ami—L. amicus, a friend) n. মিত্তা; মিলন; এতা; উপচিত্তী : Friendship; harmony; good will. Syn= Harmony, friendship, good-will, friendliness.

Ammon—The Libyan Jupiter; so called from the Greek ammos (sand), because his temple was in the desert.

Ammonia, am-mohi-a. (From sal-ammoniac, or smelling-salts, first obtained near the temple of Jupiter Ammon) ম. একপ্ৰকাৰ উব্পবিশেষ; A pungent gas yielded by smelling-salts, and by burning feathers &c.; a volatile alkali:—ক্ষাৰ-বিশেষ; Spirit of hart's horn.

Chloride of Ammonia - বিশাসন।

Ammoniae, am-mohi-ak, Ammoniaeal, am-moni'-ak-al. a. এঘোনিয়া সংক্রান্ত, বা এঘোনিয়া ধর্মবিশিষ্ট; Pertaining to, or having the properties of ammonia.

Ammoniae, am-mohi-ak, n. निर्वाप विश्व ;
A gum resin. a= Ammoniaeal.

Ammonite, am'mon-it. (Corwn Ammonis, the horn of Ammon, so named from its resemblance to a ram's horn the statues of Jupiter. Ammon being represented with ram's horn ) n. কোম্পাস প্রাণী বিশোবের আবন্ধ।; The fossil shell of an extinct genus of mollusks, so called because it resembled the horns on the statue of Jupiter Ammon, worshipped as a ram:—কোম্পাস প্রাণী; A fossil mollusk.

Ammunition, am-mūn-ishun. (I.. ad, for munitio, defence—munio, to defend.) n. আশ্ব-বৃদ্ধাৰ ব্যবহৃত জ্বা; Anything used for munition or defence:—মুছোপক্ৰণ; মুদ্ধ সাম্ম্মী, ঘৰা—বাইদ, প্ৰেণা, গুলি ইডাাদি; Military stores, esp. powder, balls, bombs, shells &c.

Ammunition-broad, n. বুছকালে সৈল্পণীৰ আহাবাৰ ফটা; Bread for armies (during campaigns).

Amnesty, amnesti-i, (Gr. a-muestos, not remembered.) n. ৰাজক্মা; বাজনৈতিক অপরাধীদিগেৰ সাধাৰণ ক্ষমা; A general pardon of political offenders; a general pardon of past offences by a government; an act of oblivion. Syn=act of oblivion; remission of penalty; goal delivery. Amnicolist, n. নদীভীৰৰানী; One who lives near a river, or on the shore of a river. [river. Amnigenous, n. নদীভীৰক; নদীক; Born of a

Amcoba, a-meba, (Gr. ameibo, to change)

n. এক প্ৰকাৰ ক্ষুপ্ৰাণী; A microscopic animal capable of undergoing many changes of form at
will. pl.=Amæbæ. [ of fruit.

Amonum, n. ছোট এলাচি; A hot spicy sort Among, a-mung. Amongst, a-mungst, prep. মধ্যে: অস্তবে; Amidst; of the number of.

Amoret—brought up by Venus in the courts of love. She is the type of female loveliness—young, handsome, gay, witty and good. She is no Diana to make "gods and men fear her stern frown;" No Minerva to "freeze her foes into congealed stone with rigid looks of chaste austerity;" but a living, breathing virgin, with a warm heart. She becomes the loving, tender wife of Sir Sandamore.

Amorist, Amorose, n. (masculine) কাৰী-পুৰুষ;উপপতি; Alover, a gallant, fem=amorasa. A-morning, adv. এডাডে; In the morning.

Amorosa, n. বসিকাপ্তী; লম্পটা বা জয়া স্ত্রী; A wanton woman; a courtesan.

Amorous, anior-us, (L. amor, love) a. কামুক; মোহিড; কামজাত বা সম্মীর; Inclined to love; loving; as, amorous disposition:—প্ৰম্মানস্ক; (with 'of') In love; enamoured; as, Amorous delight:—সহত্যে প্ৰম্মানস্ক; Easily inspired with love. n.= Amorousness, কামুকতা। Syn= Loving, fond, tender, affectionate, attached; amatory, erotic.

Amorous'glance--কাৰ্টাক; প্ৰায় কটাক! Amorously, amor-us-li, adv. প্ৰায়াসক ভাবে; In an amorous manner; lovingly; fondly. Amorousness, n. কামুকতা; The quality of being amorous.

Amorphous, a-morf'us. (Gr. a, neg., and morphe, form) a. মূর্তিপুত্ত; নিরাকার; অনক; Without regular shape; shapeless; anamalous; having no determinate form. Syn = Irregular, formless, shapeless, unformed, unshapen.

Amorphy, n. হাপিত ৰতত্যাগ; নিরূপিত ধাবাঢ়াত হওন; Departure from the established form. Amort, adj. মৃত্যুবৎ; নিজীব; শ্লান; Lifeless:

Amort, adj. মুপুৰিং; নিজাৰ; মাৰ; Lifele in the state of dead; dejected.

Amortise, v. কোন সমাজে স্থাদান-ফু; To alienate lands to a corporation.

Amortisement, n. ত্নিদানের ক্ষতা; The right of transferring lands to mortmain; that is, to some company that never is to cease.

Amotion, n. ছাৰান্তৰ কৰণ; Act of removal. Amount, a-mownt, (O. Fr. amounter, to ascend—L. ad, to, mous, mountain) খ. i. মুম্মই হুড়া; Come in the aggregate to:—মোট ইণ্ডা; To mount or rise to:—মুল, বা তুলা হুড়মা:—To result in; to approach to:—বুজু ইণ্ডমা; To rise to in the accumulative quantity; to compose in the whole:—সমান ইণ্ডমা; Be equivalent:—বুজি ইণ্ডমা; To increase:—লামে বাড়া; To rise in value:—n. সমূদ্ধী; মোটু; The sum of total:—ফন; The effect or result:—সমূদ্ধ ইন্দ্ ; The whole result. Syn=come to; attain, mount, extend.

Amour, am-oor', (L. amor, love) n. es ats;

কাম্বতা; কামবৃত্তি; প্ৰদক্তি; A love intrigue; an affair of gallantry.

Amour propre—One's self-love, vanity, or opinion of what is due to self. To make an appeal to one's amour propre, is to put a person on his metal. To wound one's amour propre, to gall his good opinion to himself—to wound his vanity.

Amphibia, am-si'-bi-a, Amphibials, or Amphibians, (Gr. amphi, both sides, and brachys, short) n. pl. উভচৰ আৰ্থা; বে দকল আৰ্থা ভ অন উভৱে বিচৰণ কবিতে পাৰে; Animals capable of living both under water and on land; animals living both in water and on land.

Amphibious, am-fibi-us, a. উভচৰ : ত্-জনচৰ ; Able to live in two elements : pertaining of two natures, so as to have the power of living on land or in water.

Amphibiousness, n. forto; Ability to live in two elements.

Amphibiology, am-fi-bi-ölöji, (Gr. amphi, on both sides, and brachys, short) n. উভচৰ প্ৰাণিত্য বিদ্যা; A treatise on amphibious animals:—
ছই ভাবেৰ কথোপকখন; Discourse of uncertain meanings:—ছইপ্ৰকাৰ ভাবেৰ কথা; Ambiguity; equivocation.

Amphiboly, n. নানার্থক বচন; বহু অর্থক কথোপ-ক্বন; Discourse of various meaning.

Amphibrach, am-fi-brak, n. কৰিডাৰ পদ বিশেষ; In poetry, a foot of three syllables, the middle one long, the first and last short.

Amphictyons, am-fikti-unz, n. প্রাচীন গ্রীম দেশের একটা মতার সত্যাগ ; Members of the celebrated council of ancient Greece.

Amphictyonic Council—A council of confederate Greeks of twelve tribes, each of which had two deputies. The council met twice a year—in the spring at Delphi, and in the autumn at Thermoplylæ.

Amphisheona, n. শাৰিনী সৰ্গ; A genus of serpent distinguished by having very small mouths and eyes and their bodies of nearly the same size from head to tail.

Amphisi, Amphisoians, n. অভি ত্রীখনেশীয় লোক বিশেষ; এক অধনে এক দিকে অন্ত অধনে অন্ত দিকে ছামা পড়ে যে দেশে তদ্মেশীয় লোক: The inhabitants between the tropics, whose shadows, in one part of the year are east to the north, and in the other to the south.

Amphitheatre, am-fi-the'a-ter, (Gr. amphi, round about, and theatron, a place for seeing—theaomai, to see) n. বস্থা, ব্যাকাৰ মঞ্চ, A circular building, where plays and games were publicly exhibited with seats gradually rising, one behind the other; gallery.

Amphitrite—The sea. In classic mythology, the wife of Neptune.

Amphitryon—(ভাৰণতা; The person who provides the feast (whether master of the house or not) is the real host.

Amphnysian prophetess—The Cumzan sibyl.

Amphora, n. TT ; A jug with a double ear.

Ampiliate, a. वृद्धि-कृ; विवाद-कृ; To enlarge; to extend; to make greater.

Ampiliation, n. विवाद : श्रम्बकां ; Enlargement ; extention.

Ample, am-pl, (L. amplus, large) adj. বৃহৎ;
প্রবন্ধ : পুনিল ; spacious; large; as, "ample
room": সমূদ্র ; Abundant; fully sufficient; as,
an ample provisions or resources:—বৃহন ; Not
brief; diffusive; as, an ample narrative:—
বাননিল; Liberal. n = ampleness. Syn = Spacious
capacious, wide, extensive, abundant, plenteous, plentiful, full, large, unrestricted, diffusiveous, plentiful, full, large, unrestricted, diffusivewideness; :—প্রাম্বান্ধ ; বিত্তাব্য; Largeness;
wideness; :—প্রাম্বান্ধ ; Abundance; sufficiency:
-সাম্বান্ধ ; Liberality.

Amplificate, v. বৃদ্ধিক ; বিত্তীৰ্ণ ক ; To enlarge. Amplification, ampli-fi-kā'shun, n. বৃদ্ধি ক্ষণ ; Enlargement ; extention :— বিভাৰ পূৰ্মণ বৰ্ণনা ; A description in many words.

Amplifier, n. वर्षन वा विकास करद (व ; One who amplifies or enlarges.

Amplify, ampli-si. ( I.. amplus, large, and facio, to make ) v. t. ভাষা প্রয়োগে অধিকতর বিজ্ঞ করা; বিভায় পূর্মক করা; To enlarge by addition or discussion; to treat copiously;—v. i. বহুভাষী-হ; To describe in many words; to delate;—often with on or upon, as, to amplify upon a subject:—বিশ্বভ ইয়া পজ়া; ভ্লাইয়া পজ়া; To be diffused. Syn=Enlarge, extend, expand, dilate, stretch.

Amplitude, ampli-tūd, n. বিতৃতি; বিতাৰ; Largeness of dimension; as, "amplitude of heaven and earth.":— ক্ষতার সীমা; Extent of capacity; as, "amplitude of mind.":— প্রচুৰতা; Abundance, sufficiency; as, the amplitude of matter:— দৃষ্টি পরিচেছ্ন বেষাৰ পূর্বা পান্চম প্রান্ত ক্ইতে সুৰুত্; The distance from the east point of a horizon at which a heavenly body rises or from the west point at which it sets.

Amply, adv. বিস্তাবিতরণে; বাছল্যরূপে; Largely; liberally; fully; copiously.

Amputate, antput-at, ( L. amb, round about, and puto, to cut) v. t. অসভেদন-কু; To cut off an arm or leg:—চাবা গাছের অগ্রভাগ ছেদন-কু; To prunc. Syn=Remove, lop, truncate.

Amputation, am-pu-ta'shun, n. আৰক্ষেদন ^ The act or operation of cutting off a limb :--চাৰাৰাছেৰ অঞ্চাৰ ছেদন; The act of pruning.

Amuck, a-muk, (Malay, amok, intoxicated or excited to madness) ad. কিবেৰ সাম; Wildly; without discrimination, after the manner of a Malay:—n. হয়।; Slaughter.

To run amuck—কিণ্ডেব তাৰ দৌডাইয়া সকলকে আফ্ৰণ কৰা; To run frantic through the streets attacking every one:—অপবিজ্ঞাত বা অভানিত বিষয়ে বলা বা লিখা; To talk or write on a subject, of which one is wholly ignorant.

Amulet, amuletum, a word of unknown origin; curiously like the moe. Ar. himalah,—at, lit. 'a carrier,' often applied to a shoulder-belt, by which a small Koran is hon the breast.) n. दक्षांक्य ; क्या ; A

scrall, or other object carried about the person, as a charm against evil; a charm; talisman. Amurcosity, & नीत्रव का हानाव वा मद्भव छन वा The quality of less, or dregs.

Amurcous, adj. बबलाविनिष्टे ; Full of dregs. Amuse, a-muz, (Fr. amuser) v. t. विद्यापन-F; To entertain agreeably; as, to amuse one's self :--প্রভারণা করা; To delude; to beguile with expectation; as, to amuse one with false hopes, Syn = Divert, gratify, please, recreate, enliven, delight, solace, delude, deceive,

Amusement, a-muz-ment, n. दिरनांक्य ; within: Pastime; entertainment. Sun = Diversion, entertainment, recreation, pastime, sport. Amusing, a-muz-ing, adj. दिरनानक; व्यारमान-कनक : ग्राह्य : मरकावकनक : Afterding amusement; entertaining; pleasing; delighting. adv. =amusingly.

Amusive, a-muz-iv,adj. আক্সাদ বা সংখ্যেলনক ; Having power to amuse or entertain the mind. Amyclean Brothers-Caster and Pollux, who were born at Amyclæ. [almonds.

Amygdalate, n. বাদায় তৈলাক ; Milk of Amygdaline, a-mug'da-lin, adj. बामामवद : Almond like :- n. A crystalline principle obtained from bitter almonds.

Amygdalus, a-meg'-da-lus, (Gr. amugdalon, almond) n. ৰাদাখ, Almond.

Amylaceous, am-i'-láshue, a. বেডদাবধর্ক; Starchy; of the nature of starch.

Amyloid, amil-oid, (Gr. amylon, the finest flour, starch, lit. 'underground'-a, negative. myle, a mill, and eidos, form ) n. आहे। ह अलाई विश्नाव ; A half-gelatinous substance like starch, found in some seeds.

Amylum, am-i'-lum, n. (वडमांब ; Statch of An, an,adj. এক, কোন; একটী; One or any, commonly called the indefinite article, used before words beginning with the sound of a vowel.

An, an, (a form of And) conj. যদি ; ঘলাপী : If. Ana, ana, (The neuter plural termination of L. adjective in anus = pertaining to) वाङ् व वहुद প্ৰভাৱ বিশেষ ; A suffix to names of persons or places, denoting a collection of memorable sayings; as, Johnsoniana, sayings of Dr. Johnson: --সমানাংশে ; তুল্য পৰিষাণে ; An equal quantity of several ingredients.

Anabaptise, an-a-bap-ti'ź, v. t. পুৰৰ্কার অভি-বেক কৰা, জল প্ৰক্ষেপ দাবা এতীয় ধৰ্মে পুনঃ দীকিত করা; To baptise again; to rebaptise.

Anabaptism, n. (बोदनान्दिक्दांशीए; The doctrine of the anabaptist.

Anabaptist, an-a-baptist, (Gr. ana, again, baptiso, to dip in water, to baptise ) n. 321 बर्द मौका ; शून: किल्डियकवामी ; त्योवनाकित्यकवामी ; One who holds that those who have been baptised in infancy should be rebaptised.

Anabrosis, n. 174 7 797; A wasting away of the body.

Anacemptic, adj. युद्धिश वा উद्धिश आहेमननील ; व्यक्तिगयनभूक ; Reflecting or reflected, as, an anacamptic sound.

Anacamptics, n. आलांग উড़िया आहमन यक वा विका : The doctrines of reflected light.

Anacathartic, n. বমিকারক ঔবধ ; A medicine which excites discharges by the mouth.

Anacephal Æosis-বাকোর প্রধান কর বা প্রসক বিস্তার করণ বা আবৃত্তি করণ; A recapitulation of the heads of a discourse.

Anschoretical, adj. महाभीमव्यक्तिय ; Relating or pertaining to a hermit.

Anschronism, an-ákron-ism, (Gr. ana, backwards, and chronos, time) n. क नजनबा विचाय अध : काननिज्ञभरन अप : An error in regard to time, whereby a thing is assigned to an earlier or to a later age than what it belongs to; error in date. adj. Anachronistic.

Anachronistic. an-akron-is-tik, adi. Gifat সম্ভা ভ্ৰমপূৰ্ব; Erroneous in date; containing an anachronism.

Anaconda, an-a-końda, n. দর্গ বিশেষ; A large snake of the Boa family, found in S. America.

Anacreon, n. धकन्न श्रीक कवि ; A Greck poet, who wrote chiefly in praise of love and wine.

Anscreontic, an-a-cre-ontik, a. জীক কবি আন!কীয়নের অন্তক্তবণে লিখিড; In imitation of Anacreon; after the manner of Anacreon, a Greek poet :- शांधीन ; Free .- (अम्ट्राक ; Amatory.- n. क्षांत्र भाग ; An amatory poem.

Anadem, ana-dem, (Gr. anadema, Fr. anadeim, to tie up, to wreathe) n. माना वा शह ; পून-भूति ; A garland ; a crown of flowers.

Anadromus, adj. \$64141; Ascending, going

Anæmia, an-ēnii-a. (Gr. a, an, neg., and haima, blood) n. দেহে শোণিতের অভ্যন্ত অভাব: প্রচুর রক্তপ্রাবের পর দেহের অবস্থা; শোণিতের শুনাতা; ৰীৰস্ততা; A morbid want of blood; the condition of the body after great loss of blood, a dificiency of blood; poverty of blood.

Anæsthetic, an-Es-thetik, (Gr. a. an, neg., and aisthesis, sensation-aisthanomai, to feel ) adj. न्त्रर्गिकि-नामकादी; राज्यनामक; Tending to deprive of sensation; producing insensibility :-- n. হৈছত হাৰক কৰা, A substance, as chinroform, used to render persons insensible.

Anaglyph, ana-glif, (Gr. ana, up, and g'rpho. to carre) n. कार्ड वा अखरत (कार्षिक वा निर्मायक अल-হার; An engraved or sculptured ornament in relief, chasing or embossing, adj. = anag! vplitic. Anagogical, adj. मनुष्युविश्व व्यवस्या, व्यान्तर्या;

15, Superhuman; mysterious.

Apagogics, ana-gog'-iks, (Gr. ana, up, and agrin, to lead) n. 412(4(74 4)14)1, The mystical interpretation of the Scriptures.

Anagram, ana-gram, n. विवित्र अकारत ककारत क ममादिन दादी अस नम कहाना : (कानल वाद्याद वर्गमाला বিপথীতভাবে লিখিনে যে বাফোর উৎপত্তি হয়; An inversion or redistribution of words in a sentence; as, live-evil, on -no.

Anagrammatic, Anagrammatical, adi. বিভিন্ন প্রকারে অফর সমাবেশ হারা অক্স শব্দ কল্লনা-क्रिक ; Forming an anagram.

Anagrammatist, n. বিভিন্ন প্রকাব অকর সমাবেশ থাবা অন্ত শল কল্লবাবক; A maker of anagrams. Anagraph, ana-graf, (Gr. ana, up, and graphen, to write) n. দিবা, ব্যাখ্যা, A commentary. Anah—A tender-hearted, prous, meek, and loving creature, grand-daughter of Cain-laphet loveu her, but she had set her heart on the Searph Azáziel, who carried her off to some other planet when the flood came.

Anal, Anal, a. গুজ্বাৰ স্বনীয় বা তাৰিকটছ, যুলবাবেৰ নিকটছ, Belong to or near the anus, pertaining to the anus.

Analects, an-a-lekts. (Gr. ana, up, and legein, to gather) n. সাহিত্য-সংগ্ৰহ, নানা এই হইতে সংগ্ৰহ; Collected fragments of other selected pieces. adj.=Analectic. plural=analecta

Analemma, n. বধ্যবেশার প্রকেশা, A projection of the sphere on the plane of the mendian. Analepsis, n. শক্তি বা বল প্রাপণ, Recovery of strength, a taking or receiving.

Analogical, ad, সাণ্ডপুর্ব বা বোরক, Containing or implying analogy, having, or according to analogy. n.=analogicalness.

Analogically, adv তৎস্থক বা সম্পর্কণে, In an analogical or analogous manner.

Analogise, an-á-lo-ji'z, ৩. উপদা বারা ব্যাধ্যা-কু; সবস্ধ বারা অর্থ-কু, To explain by way of analogy. Analogism, an-a-lo-jizm, n. কারণ হইতে কার্যা নির্ণয়, কারণ হইতে কার্য্যাৎপত্তিস্কৃতক বিচার বা অক্শীলন, An argument from the cause to the effect.

Analogist, an-a-lo-pi'zt, n. উপদা-প্রণোকক, One who adheres to analogy.

Analogue, ana-lug, (Fr. from Gr. analogos) n. এক কাৰ্যাকাৰী অথা বিভিন্ন গঠন বিশিপ্ত শাৰীয়েক যন্ত্ৰ . (Ant) An organ which performs the same function as another, though differing from it in structure :- मानुन वस . महन शन वा शनार्थ , A thing analogous or corresponding to another, a word or body bearing analogy to, or resembling another. Analogous, adj. সদৃশ, সাদৃশুপুর্ব, Similar, correspondent; bearing some resemblance to. Analogy, an-Ald-ji, (Gr. ana, according to, and logos, ratio ) n. मानुक्त , डेशया , माधावन मयक , त्रपंडा, A proportion or parallelism between things which are in some respects different, relation in general, likeness —(Geom ) স্বাস্থ-পাতেৰ তুলাভা, Equality, proportion, or similauty of ratio Syn = Similarity, resemblance, similitude, parallelism, correspondence.

Analysable, aha-lis-a-bl, a. বিলেশ বোগা, That can be analysed or separated.

Analyse, aha-h'z, (Gr. ana, up, and lyo, to loosen) v. t. বিলেখা-ক; যুল উপাদানে আন্তল-ক, To resolve a compound into its elements, to separate into component parts.

Analysis, n. বিলেগকাৰক, One who analyses. Analysis, an-áhs-is, n. বিলেগ, A revolving or separating a thing into its elements or component parts. It is opposed to Synthesis — ন্ৰংকিছ বিৰণ A compendium. pl.—Analyses. Syn—Decomposition, separation, dessolution, dissection, parsing.

Analyst, anal-ist, n. বিলেবগণটু ব্যক্তি; বিলেবগ-কাৰী; One skilled in analysis, one who analyses. Analytic, an-a-lit-ik, adj. বিলেবক, বিলেবগ-কাৰী, বিভাগক, Pertaining to an analysis

Analytical, an-a-htik al, adj. বিলেশ-দ'কাৰ ; বিভাগদৰ্কীয় , Resolving into first principles , pertaining to an analysis.

Analytically, an-a-litk-al-h, adv ferne-

Analytics, an-a-hitiks, n. विरह्मप विकास . The science of analysis.

Anamorphosis, an-a-mor-fo-sis, (বি. ana, again, and morphe, form) n. কোৰ বস্তুৰ বিশ্বত ছবি, A distorted representation of an bject.

Anamnesis, n. শ্বণ, স্থতি, মনে কর্ণ R membering, reminding, a figure which calls to remembrance something omitted.

Anamnestic, adj. স্থতি বা মেধা দাহ'থাকাৰী; আয়ক, Helpful to the memory.

Ananas, a-ná-nas, ( Malay. nanas, ananas. )
আবাৰস, The pine-apple.

Anapost, ana-pest, (Gr. anapaistos reversed, because it is the dactyl reversed. In terce, a foot consisting of three syllables, two short and the third long, or (in Eng.) two uncented and the third accented as ap-pre-heid in. Emferts, A metrical foot of three yllables, the first two short, the third long or accented. adj.—Anapostic, anapostical.

Anapostic, Anapostical, ad/. ছপৰিবহন, ছপ সৰ্জীয়, Relating to anapost, pertaining to or consisting of anapost

Anaphora, বাতার পথক প্থক জংশের আদি শব্দ, স্থান্ত বা সমপ্র হইলে কচন্দ্র, A figure in thetoiic, when the same words are repeated at the beginning of two or more succeeding verses or chaises of a entence. as, where is the wise? where is the scribe? where is the de puter of this world — (med) মুখালিয়া বকালি নিগত হওব, Discharge of blood or purulent matter by the mouth.

Anaphrodisis, n. লপুংস্কড়, Impotence, absence of sexual appetite

Anaplasty, n. (gurg ) The art of restoring lost puts or the normal shape. adj - anaplestic

Anapoderetze, ana-po dik'tik, udj. অব্যব-ছেদ্ৰীয়, Undemonstrable — অঞ্চল্ৰীয়, That cannot be shown.

Anaptotic, an-ap-totik, (Gr. ana, back, and ptosis, inflection) (Gram.) ad1 Lossing inflection,—said of languages which lose inflection, as the English.

Anaplerotic, ańa-pi-ratic, adj. শ্যাসাৰ সভ্যৱণ কৰণনীৰ, Filling up.

Anarch, an-ark, n. গোলমালকভা, গভগোলেছ স্পায়, The author of confusion.

Anarchie, Anarchieal, ady. অবাজক, অস্থিয়, Without rule or government, lawless, confused. Anarchism, n. অবাজকভা, অব্যবস্থাভাব, পোলন্দ্ৰীৰ অবহা, Misrule, confusion, lawlessness.

Anarchist, anark-1st, n. বাৰ্থিণব্যায়ী , A pramoter of anarchy , one who txcites revolt. Amerchy, ahark-i, (Gr. a, an, neg., and arche, government) n. আৰ্থকক, অব্যক্ত); বাজাবিনাৰ; আসন্বাহিত্য; The want of government in a kingdom or state; state of lawlessness; political confusion in a country. Syn= Disorder, confusion, misgovernment, misrule, lawlessness. Anas, n. আন্তৰ গ্ৰাবিশেৰ; A genus of waterfowls.

Ansserce, ana-sār'kā, (Gr. ana, throughout, sarz, sarkos, flesh) n. শোধ; General dropsy.
Anssercous, adj. শোধ বা কলফীতি বিশিষ্ট;
Dropsical.

Anastasis, an-a-stásis, (Gr. ana, up, and histanci, to stand) n. (med.) আবোগালাভ; A rising up from sickness; recovery; a translation of humors to a superior part.

Anastomosis, n. শির্দিরি; সংঘোগ; The opening of one vessel into another, as a vein into a vein. adj.=Anastomotic. v.=anastomose.

Anastrophe, a-nastro-fi', n. (Rhet.) বিশেষ ৰূপক শক বিভাস; A figure whereby words that should have preceded are postponed; an inversion of the natural order of words.

Anathema, an-á-thema, (Gr. ana, up, and tithemi, to set) n. ধর্মণাক্তর অভিসম্পাত্রত ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু: Any person or thing anathemised:—
ধর্মাক্তরে অভিসম্পাত; An eccelesiastical curse; excommunication:—ভজনালয়ে প্রদার স্থান সাম্মী বা উপহার; An offering or present made to some deity, and hung up in a temple. Syn = malidiction, imprecation, proscription, excommunication, fulmination. n = anathematisation.

Anathematise, an-áthem-at-i'z, v. t. আভিদাপ বাত্য উচ্চারণ করা; অভিসম্পাত-দে. To pronounce a curse against; to excommunicate, to pronounce accursed; to pronounce with curses.

Anatiferous, adj. হংলোৎপানক; Producing ducks. [সমনীয়; Pertaining to ducks. Anatine, anatine, (L. anas duck) a. পাতিহাস Anatocism, n. হদেৱ হদ বাডান বা ইন্ধি কৰণ; Interest upon interest; the taking of compound interest.

Anatomio, an-a-tomik, Anatomical, an-atomik-al, a. শৰচ্ছেদ-বিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; শৰীৰ ব্যবচ্ছেদ বিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; Relating to anatomy.

Anatomise, an-átom-iz, v. t. হল্কাবে ধুলিয়া পেজা; (fig.) To lay open minutely:—শবচ্ছেদ-কু; To dissect a body. n=anatomization.

Anatomism, a-nato-mizm, u. ব্যক্তি প্রপাদী প্রবাধ করণ, Application of the principles of anatomy, as in art.

Anatomist, an-atom-ist, n. শ্ৰছেন-বিদ্যাধি ; One skilled in anatomy or the ait of dissection. Anatomy, an-atom-i, (Gr. ana, up, asunder, and temno, to cut) n. শ্ৰীৰ বাৰ্ছেন বিদ্যা; শ্ৰছেন্থ বাৰা দৈছিক-পঠন-বিশ্ব-বিদ্যা; The art of dissecting any organised body; science of the structure of the body learned by dissection.

Comparative anatomy— गांगु । (वायक व्यवस्थित विद्या : The science which teaches the difference in the structure and organisation of the animal kinguom. He is like an anatomy—ছাডিশা কুল; অভ্যন্ত মূৰ্বা; A mere skeleton, very thin, like one whose flesh had been anatomised or cut off.

Anatroptic, a. প্ৰাক্ষী; Overthrowing; defeating.

Anbury, anber-i, (med.) (From A. S. ampre, a crooked swelling vein) n. A disease in turnigs and horses.

Ancestor, ańses-tur, (O. Fr. ancestre-L. antecessor=he who goes before—ante, before, and cedo, cessum, to go) n. পূৰ্বাস ; One from whom a person has descended; a fore-father; a progenitor. fem.=ancestress.

Anoestral, an-ses-tral, adj. পৈতৃক; পুৰ্বপূৰ্য-সম্বীয়; Relating to ancestors.

Ancestrel, adj. পুরপুর্বাধিকড; Claimed or descending from ancestor.

Ancestry, ańses-tri, n. পূর্বপুরবরণ; পূর্বাবর্ত্তী বংশাবলী; কুল; গোত্তা; A line of ancestor; pedigree; descent; lineage.

Anchor, angkur, (L. ancora—Gr. angkyra, from angkos, a bend—root angk, bent. Conn. with Angle ) n. বজৰ; An iron instrument for holding a vessel at rest in water:—আলার; পারণ; (Figuratively) that which gives stability or security; that on which we place our dependence for safety; as, "an anchor of the soul."—Bible.—v. t. বৃদ্ৰবৃদ্ধ ; To fasten:—বজ্-জ; To place at anchor; to fix by an anchor; as, to anchor a ship:—v. t. বজৰ বজ্-জ; বজৰ কোনা: To cast anchor; to come to anchor; as, our ship anchored in the Downs:—গতিবৃহিত হুল্ম; To stop or rest on.

An anchor comes home—ৰধন নকৰ নদী হইছে বায়ু বা লোভেৰ বেগে সবিদা বায়; When it is dislodged from its bed, so as to drag from the violence of the wind, sea, or current; as, "We thought once or twice our anchor had come home."—Defoc.

To be, lie, or ride at anchor—ৰক্ত কেৰিছা থাকা; When the ship is kept from drifting the anchor having a proper hold in the sea-bottom. as,—(a) Both the French and the English flects were at anchor close outside the straits, in waters called Besica Bay.—Kinglake. (b) Some of them had been diving on board a yacht, the lights of which were visible as she lay at anchor, a mile from the window.—Froude. (c) While the Boreas, after the hurricane months were over, was riding at anchor in Nevis Road, a French frigate passed leward, close along-shore.—Southey.

To come to anchor—नकद कर्वा; नकद (कर्वा; To sink an anchor into the sea to keep a ship from drifting, as, "Here we were obliged to come to an anchor."—Defoe.

To drop or east anohor— and (क्या; To sink anchor into the sea to keep the ship from drifting.; as, "Soon after suntise the next morning, we dropped our anchor in the famous Bay of Dublin",—Dequency, "Regularly at that

season several English ships cast anchor in the bay" .- Macaulay.

That was my sheet anchor-( wivis ) ( আশা ভবসা, শেব অবশ্যন, শেব আতায়, I hat was my best hope, my list refuge. The sheet anchor is the largest anchor of a ship, which, in stress of weather, is the sailor's chief dependence. The sheet is a corruption of the word shote (thrown out), meaning the anchor "thrown out" in foul weather The Greeks and Romans said, "my sacred anchor," referring to the sheet anchor, which was always dedicated to some gods

The anchor is apeak--নজরের শিক্ত অভিশ্ব VIEW . That is, the cabale of the inchor is so tight that the ship is driven completely over it To weigh anchor--। वह टोनी, la raise the anchor from the sea-bottom, as ,- Get off with you, come, come weign anchor -- Scott Poor Xurv ned to me to weigh archer, and row

away -Defoc.

Anchorable, angkur- i-bl, a নকর করণোপযুক, Bit for anchorage, suitable for custing inchor Anchorage, angkun a s. नज़ ? इंच , A place where a ship can inchor a roadstead -437 क बझड (कानवात निका, मिय इंडार्सि, The anchor and all necessity tackle for anchoring - 454 ৩%, নম্পন-মাত্ত্ৰ, Duty imposed on ships for anchoung in a harborn

Anchoress, n সন্তাদিনী, তপহিনী, A female anchoret i hermite s, a fin ile reclu e

Anchoret, ing'kor-et, Anchorite, in 'koret-ii (Ur and irrites and ip ut and I red, to go) n স স ব াণা সলালা, Occabolis withdriwn from the world, a hermit a religious recluse, a mink an actic aty -Archoretic, Aconcreta il femi Anchoress

Anchori ground, u नज्ञव (वित्वाद अनेपूक शान , Ground suitable for inchoring

Anchor-hold, n नजर वक्तन, I he hold or fastness of an anchor, the hold which the anchor takes, security

Anchorita, ang'kor-ita, n. मन्नामीय वामशान . Dwelling of an anchorite

Anchor-smith, n. नज़द-निर्माणा , नज़द शर् (४ , Am ker of anchors.

Anchovy, in the vi, (Sp. and Port anchova, Fr ancl n , or doubtful cty in সুসাত কুল মংজ-विद्नाव, A mail fish of the herring kind from which a same is made

Anchovy-pear, n. ve farms, A fruit of the West Indies.

Anchylose, anki-los, v t (Gr angkyloun, to crook, ctition ) 好玩好 不可看了 To unite or fix mimorably, stince of Anchylotic

Anchylosis, n. nitted yout, An immovable condition of a joint

Anciency, n लाहीनच भूकाशीनच , Antiquity. Ancient, an'shent (for ance n - Low L antianus, old-L ante, before, prob conn with And See Artique) লাণু আচীৰ, Old, that happened or existed in former times, a., ancient

days - प्रश्निकातीन , Old , primitive , antique ; that has been of long duration, as, an ancient forest - বছকাল হইতে জাত , Known for a long time, as, the ancient world, opposed to the new world n. plu.= An'cients, श्वाकालीय राजि-ৰণ , Those who lived in remote times -- প্রাচীয बाहिनन , Very old men —in B., बहारकाहनन ; Elders, opposed to the moderns. adv =anciently. n.=an'cientness. Syn=old, primitive, pristine, antique, antiquated, old fashioned, aged. Ancient, Jashent, (corr. of Fr enseigne. See Engin) n. 內面本 , A flag , a flag of a ship : —পতাকাবাংক, The bearer of a flag -now called an ensign, as, "Othelo's ancient"

Ancient Regima-थाठीन बाकानामन निवमा-बनो , An antiquated system of government. This phrase, in the French Revolution, meant the monarchical form of government, or the system of government, with all its evils, which existed perior to that great clange.

Ancients, n p'. ee ancient.

Anciently, adv. आरीनकारन, मुद्धकारन In old times, in time long since passed

Anoientry, anshent-12, n नारीन वरणमशामा . Honour of old lineage, dignity of birth, anstociar y

Ancile-খাণীন রোম নগরের বিখ্যাত চাল, The Palladum of Rome. It was the sacred buckler. which Num i said fell from heaven.

Ancillary, an'sil-are (1 ancilla, a maidservent ) । अवान , Subs rvient , subordinate like a hand maid - AIRITATA, Assisting -দাস্যস্থা. Pertaining to a maid-servent, or female civice

Ancome, an তেল । দ কুল নালীয়ক ক্ষাভি, A mall alecto is swelling

Ancon an-con, n কণ্ডার উপরিতাগ, The upper end of the ulna or elbow.

Anconos. " entities (with. The corners or quoins of walls, cross beams or rafters.

Ancony, 1 हजूरकान त्नोकविरनव, A piece of half-wrought fron, in the shape of a bar in the middle and unwiought at the ends

And, and, (A. S, and in the other Teut lang. prob allied to L anti, over against It was used ior of in M E ) con; att, with, with, Signifies addition, and is used to connect words and seutences, a particle which expresses the relation, and connects words and sentences together.

And all—সম্পর্কপে, Completely, wholly

And also-অভিবিক , And in addition

Andante, an-dante, (It andare, to go ) add जरक हननीन, Going easily -धीव मश्राती, युक मकाबो , Moderately slow - अकानक , Expressive -- वारमात्र विरागवनात्र वाकन , A word used to ducet to a movement moderately slow, between large and allegrete

Andean, Andine, a. আতিৰ পৰ্বতবিশিষ্ট , Pertaining to the Andes mountains.

Andarac, n বালা হবিভাল, Red orpiment. Andira, n. अधिल (मनीव वृह९ बाह्य विद्रम्य , The largest kind of bat of Brazil.

Andiron, and e-run, (Ety dub.) উন্তের শিক; The iron bars which support the ends of the logs in a wood-fire, or in which a spit turns;— ধাৰ্মবিৰ হাজ; An utensil for supporting wood in a fire-place.

Andranatomy, ». পুক্ৰেৰ পৰীৰ ব্যক্তৰ কৰা; The dissection of a human body, esp. of a male. Andreolite, ». ধনিস বস্ত বিশেষ; A mineral. Andrew, St.—সেউ আৰু, নানক সাধ্পুক্ৰ, An apostle. The symbol of this apostle is a X, in allusion to the cross.

A Merry Andrew—ভাড; A buffoon or clown. A Joseph Andrews—লোভ বংছ'ত ব্যক্তি; লোভশুন্ত ব্যক্তি; A man too good to be tempted to what is wrong, whether in love or money.

Androgynal, androgenal, Androgynous, an-diosenus, (Gr. androgynos, Fr. oner, man, and gunc, woman) a. ন্পুসক সংখ্যি, Of both sexes; hermaphroducal.

Androgyne, Androgynus, n. হিছভা, নপুং-সক, বিনিশ্ব ধর্মধারী, An hermaphrodite.

Android, android, Androides, dez, n. কণ বিশেষ, An antomaton figure of a human being, a machine, in human form which to form motions of a man.

Andromeda - শুখা বিশ্ব স্ত্রী-আকৃতি উত্তর দিকত ৰক্ষত্র বিশেষ ; A northern constillation, behind Pegasus, Cossiopera, and Perseus.

Androphagi, an-drof'-ā-ii. (Gr. aner man, and phagein, to eat ) n. নৱত্ক, রাক্ষন, Maneaters, caunibals adj-Androphagius.

Androtomy, n. মৰ্যা শ্ৰছেন ব্ৰহাৰ, A cutting of dissecting of human bodies.

Ancedotal, ancedotical, anck dot-al, anck dot'i-kal, a. গলভাবে কবিত বা লিখিত, উপান্যাস সম্পায়, উপাধ্যান বিষয়ক, In the form of an ancedote, pertaining to an ancedote.

Anecdote, anek-dūt, (Gr., not published,—a, an, neg, and ekdotos, published—ek, out, and disdome, to give ) n কুছ উপস্থান, A short story:
—আধ্যাদিকা, বিৰৱণ, An incident of private life.
Anecdotic, ad, পরস্থনীয়; উপক্যা সম্ভীয়,
Relating to or containing anecdotes.

Anecdotist, n. উপকংক; A relator of anecdotes.

Anole, an-লী, o. t. (A. S. on-elan—on, on, and ele, oil) তৈনাক করণ; নিষ্ঠিশন পেলন প্রয়েপ করা, মৃত্যুসমুদ্ধে তৈল মুখন-কু, To anount with oil; to administer extreme unction.

Anemography, n. वायू विश्व वो वर्गना, वायूद वल निर्मय वो वर्गना; A description of the winds.

Anemology, n. वायूविना।; वायूब वल निर्णव विमा।; The science of winds.

Anemometor, a-nem-omet-er, (Gr. anemos, wind, and Meter) n. ৰায়ুবল-পৰিমাণক যন্ত্ৰ; An instrument for measuring the force of the wind. Anemone, a-nemo-ne, Anemony, (said to be from Gr. anemos, wind, because some of the species love exposed situation) n. পুল বিশেষ; The wind-flower:—স্তা বিশেষ; A plant of the crowfoot family.

Anemoscope, n. बाद-भदीक्द , A weather-

cock, esp. a contrivance for bringing down the indications of a wind vane to a dial below.

Anent, prep. fatt; satts; About; concerning; as, he said nothing anent this perticular Aneroid, and-roid, (Gr. a, neg. and wros weight) adj. atq atquirts as; fani attentional; Noting a barometer by which the pressure of the air is measured without the use a liquid or quick silver.

Anetic, anet-ik, a. (med.) ব্যাব হাস ; Lessening pain ; one dyne.

Aneurism, anur-irm, (Gr. aneurisma—ana, up, and enry., wide) n. বজপ্রবাহিকা পিরার দীতি, ধমনীর গুটিকা প্রবন্ধ; A soft tumour formed by the morbid dilatation of an artery.

Anew, a-nu' (M. E. of-new. A. S. of, of and New) ad. পুনৱাৰ; নুডনৱাপে; নবভাবে; পুনজ; Again, newly, afresh; over again, repeatedly. Anfractuous, an-fraktu-as, (L. anfractus, a torning, from an or amb and frangere, to break) adj. বক্ষম বহুপৰ বা কুড়ক বিশেষ; Winding, full of turnings. n=anfractuosity.

Anfracture, n. বছ বজপথ বা সুভঙ্গ বাঁদাব; A mazy windings.

Angel, মানুলা, (Gr. angelos, a messenger) n.
কানি মুক, (দৰ্ভ , A heavenly being; a divine messenger, a ministering spirits — মুক্ত পুৰুত্ব; A beautiful person — মুদ্রা বিশেষ, An ancient gold com of England = 10s. 10d. bearing the figure of an angel. adj—angelic, angelical. a tv. = Angelically.

The seven angels—Michael, Gabriel, Raphiel, Oriphiel, Tachanel, Samuel and Anacl.

Angol-beast—A favourite round game of cards, which enabled gentlemen to let the ladies win small stakes. Five cards are dealt to each player, and three heaps formed—one for the king, one for play, and the third for Triolet. The name of the game was la bete (beast). Angel was the stake.

Angel-fish, n. হাজৰ বিশেষ, A species of shark, named from its large wing like pertoral fins.

Angelic, Angelical, adj. পেৰ্বৃত্ৰং বা সমূল; Belonging to or resembling angels — ৰুণায়; Heavenly. Syn-Scruphic, cherubic, ethereal, spiritual, heavenly, celestial; pure, lovely.

Angelica, n. বৃক্ত-বিং; The name of a plant. Angelically, adv. বৰ্গীয় দূডবৰণ; In an angelic manner.

Angelology, an-jef-o-ji, (Gr. logos, discourses) n. দেবদুত সম্ব্ৰীয় প্ৰস্থ, A discourse on angels. Angelot, n. ভাৰমুক্ত বাদ্যবন্ধ বিশেষ; A musical instrument somewhat resembling a lute.

Anger, ang'-ger, (Ice. angr., allied to Anguish—Fr. angoisse—L. angristia, a strait, straitness—ango, to press tightly—to strangle.) n. (হাণ; বাণ; বাণ; Rage; sudden passion excited by injury, resentment—v. t. আহোপিড-ছ: ক্ৰ-ছ, To provoke, to make angry, to enrage. Syn.—(nom) Resentment, wrath, rage, fury, passion, indignation, spleen; grudge,

wexation. .—( o. t. ) Provoke, vex, displease, fret, difend, affront; irretate, excite, chafe. To give way to anger—কৌৰেৰ বশবতী হওব!!
Angina, anj-ina, (L. See Anguish) n. কঠ লগাৰ, Quinsy, inflammation of the throat.
Angina pectoria—বক্ষংপুৰ, Breast-pang.
Angiography, n. নাড়াবিব্য; A description of the vessels in the human body.

Angiology, n. ৰাজী-নিৰ্ণয়-বিদ্যা , A treatise on the vessels of the human body.

Angiomonospermous, adj. বীৰকোণে একদাত্ত বীৰ ধৰ্মক, এক বীৰ মাত্ৰ থাকে বে বৃক্তের কলিকাতে ভদ্মক, Producing one seed only in a seed pod. Angiotomy. n. নাড়ীছেম্ম, The opening or dissecting of a vessel whether a vein or an artery, as in bleeding.

Angle, ang'gl, (Fr—L anglulus; cog. with Gr. angkylos, both from noot angk, ak, to bend, seen also in Anchor, Ankle) n. কোণ, Any corner —কোণ, The point or corner where two lines meet —কাণ, হিপ, A hook to fish with, a fishing rod with its line and hook.—

n. মংক ব্যা, To fish with an angle —আকর্তান, প্রাকৃতিক, স্ব, তা লামাহ, to fish for, as, "The hearts of all that he did angle for" — কোন্ত্ৰণ কৌশনে আম্ব ক্রিছে স্ট্রোক, To try to gain by some artifice. Syn=corner, nook, bend, crotch elbow, knee, cusp, point.

To angle with a silver hook— মৃৎস্ত ক্ষ-কু, ৰাজাৱে মৃৎস্ত ক্ষ কু, To buy fish at a market Angler, ang'-gier, n বে ব্যক্তি বজালা দিয়া মৃৎস্ত প্ৰে, One who fishes with an angle — মৃৎস্ত -(বৰক, One who fishes — মৃৎস্ত বিশেষ, A spices of fish. Angle-rod, n জিপ, The rod or pole to which a line and hook are fastened.

Angled, adj কোণবিশিষ্ট, Having angles.
Anglican, ane'glik-an, (A. S. English, from Engle. Angle, from the Ang'es who uttled in Britain) a. ইংল্ডীয়, English —ইংন্তের ধ্যান্দ্রের সভ্য, ইংল্ডীয় ছাপিড মতাবন্ধী,—n. A member of the church of England

Anglicanism, ang'glik-an-izm, দ ইংলভীয় বীতি নীতির প্রতি অধুবাগ, ইংলভীর বীতি নীতি বিশে-বত' ইংলভীয় ধর্মে অনুবাগ, Attachment to English institutions, esp. to the English institutions attachment to England or English institutions Anglicise, ang'glis-iz, চ f ইংবাল ভাষাবি বিশেষ প্রতি অনুসারে বাকা প্রয়োগ করা, ইংবাল ভাষাবিদ্য-কু, To express in English idiom, to change into English, to convert into English

Anglicism, ang'glis-iem ত বাজা ভাষার বীতি, ইংবাজী ভাষার বাকাাবনী প্রমোধের বিশেষ পদ্ধতি, An English idiom or peculi inty of language.

Angling, ang'-gling, n. ছিপ ও বডণী দিয়া মুৎক্ত ধ্ৰিবাৰ বীভি, The act or practice of fishing with a rod, a line, and hooks —ছিপ বড়ণী ধাৰা মুৎক্ত ধ্ৰুপ , The art of fishing with an angle.

Anglo, ang'glo, a. ইবোজী. English—used in composition, as, Anglo-Saxon, &c.

Anglo-Norman, n. ইংরাজ-নরমান জাতি , An English Norman —ইংরাজ নরমান জাতি সংকীয় , Relating to the English-Normans. Anglomania, ang -gla-māhi-a, ন. ইংলকে ৰীতি নীতিৰ প্ৰতি অধিচালিত আছা বা অনুবাৰ; ইং-লতেৰ বীতি নীতিৰ প্ৰতি অত্যন্ত সন্মান, A mania for what is English, an indiscriminate admiration of English constitution, excessive reverence for England or English institutions.

Anglophobia, ang glo-fobia গ ইংলঙ ভীতি বা ইংলঙ হুণা, Fear or hatred of England.

Anglo-Saxon, ang'-glo-sak'on, n. ইংৰাজ সালন কাতি, An English Saxon —ইংৰাজ সালন কাতিব ভাষা, The English Saxon language — a. আংশো নালন নৰ্কীয় বা ভাষাদেব ভাষা সম্পীন; Pertaining to the Anglo-Saxon, or their language, partly English, partly Saxon.

Angober, n ফল বিশেষ, A kind of pear.
Angous, n. পীড়া, ব্যা, A pain of the heart;
pain from a wound.

Angor, an'gor, (Fr. angoisse—L. angustia, a strait, straitness—ango, to press heatly to strangle. See Anger) n বেৰনা; অত্যন্ত পাৰীৰিক বেদনা, Intense bodily pani.

Angred, p. a. ainting, criting, Provoked; enruged, made angry.

Angrily, adv. কোধপুর্বক, বাগপুর্বক, বাগাবিত-ভাবে, In an angry manner, peevishly. Angry, ang'gri, adj. কুছ, Touched with an-

Angry, ang'gn, ad, ক্, Touched with anger, excited with anger, inflamed, provoked—followed generally by with before a person, and at before a thing—কোধবাৰ; Showing anger, as, an angry countenance—আটকাৰ্ক, Raging, boistrous, as an angry sea Syn—Pissionate, irritated, indignant, provoked, hot, raging, furious, tumultous, writhful, chlonic, inflamed, infunated, irate, adv. Angrily.

Angry passage—বাকৰিতথা , বাগত বাদাৰ্বাদ; Sharp strife in words.

Anguille, an ewifa, n. ৰাইন নংখ্য , The eet.
Anguish, ang gwish, n. অভিশ্য বেদনা , ছ:নছ
ৰাজনা , ঘনভাগ , কেশ , Intense pain of body or
mind , excessive grief , agony —v. t. বেদনা
দেশ্য , Inflict anguish. Syn. — Distress, grief,
pang, three, agony, torture, torment.

Angular, an-gu-ler, adj. কোণবিণীয়, Pointed, having angles or corners —উম, Crosgiained, —কচ পৰ্কি, কণ্টা, কুটিৰ, Stiff in manner; sharp and stiff in character, as, angular in his habits n angularness

Angularity, an gu-lai'i-ti, n. ভোগ বিশিষ্টতা, The quality of having coiners or angles — ভাৰতা Sharpness —ৰভাবেৰ উন্নভা, Sharpness and stiffness in character.

Angularly, adv. কোণাকৃতিৰ সহিত , With angles:
—কোণাতিমুৰে , In the direction of the angles.
Angulated, adj. কোণবিশিঃ, কোণমুক্ত , Formed
with angles, or corners.

Anguloso, adj. কোণপূর্ব , Full of angles. Angulous, adj. কোণাকার , কোণাকৃতি , Angular ; having corner.

Angust, adj. সছীৰ্ণ, সৱল . ৰজু , Narrow, strait. Angustation, n. ৰাটো বা সছীৰ্ণ কৰণ , The act of making narrow or short of space. Angustness, n. ন্রীবর্তা; Narrowness.
Anhelation, an-he-lashum, (L. anhelare, to breathe with difficulty) n. হাপান; নীৰ্বাৰণ ছাড়ৰ; The act of panting; difficult respiration; short breathing.

Anhelose, adj. নিখাসম্বিভ ; হাঁপানি বা ক্ষম শালন বিশিষ্ট ; Out of breath ; panting.

Anhima, n. जिलीन (ननीव सन्तर दृह९ भक्की विर्मित ; A Brazilian acquatic fowl.

Anhydride, (Gr. an, priv., and hudok, water) n. (chem) A noxide of non metallic bodies—which may be formed from an acid by abstracting 10 or 8.

Anhy drite, n. जन्म-निरं; A gypsum which contains no water.

Anhydrous, adj. জগদশ্প বৃহিত; জলশৃক; জল-বিহীন; Destitute of water.

Anieted, adj. এই ; বুখ , হুখা ; Frustrated ; brought to nought.

Anights, a-nits', adv. बाजिकारा ; बाजिकारीन ; निर्मानगरा ; बाजिए , On nights ; at night.

Anil, n. anil, (Gr. an-nil, the indigo plant)
n. নীলের গাছ; A shrub whose leaves and
stalks yield indigo.

Anile, n. বোৰ বাৰবৰ্ণ; A dark blue colour.
Anilo, anil, (L. anus, an old woman) adj. বুছা
লীবোকের স্থান; Old-womanish — বৃদ্ধ; হতবৃদ্ধি;
Aged; dotage; imbecile n-antleness.

Anility, an-in-ti, n. বৃদ্ধাৰণ ; Dotage.
Aniline, an'it-in, (Anil, an indigo plant, from which also it is made) n. কয়নার আনকালরা ভাতত উৎপন্ন বৰ্ণ বিশেষ ; A product of coal-tar, extensively used in dying —adj. ইক বৰ্ণ সম্বনীয় ; Pertaining to dyes made from aniline.

Anima, n. नियानअयाम ; आगवायू ; I.ife.

Anima mundi—(the soul of the world) with the oldest of the ancient philosophers, meant "the source of life;" with Plato, it meant "the animating principle of matter." inferior to pure spirits; with the stoics it meant "the whole vital force of the Universe."

Animable, adj. জীবনধাৰণীল; জীবনধাৰণাজ্ঞি বিশিষ্ট; Susceptible of animation.

Animadversal, adj. জান বা বুদ্ধি বা বিচাৰশন্তি আছে বাহাতে; That which has the power of perceiving and judging.

Animadversion, an-im-ad-ver'shun, n. লোক-ভবের বিচার ; অনুযোগ ; নিন্দা ; তৎ সনা ; তির্ভার ; ন্যালোচনা ; Remarks by way of criticism ; censure ; reproof. Syn=Strictures ; comment, criticism, rebuke, reprehension.

Animadversive, adj. অনুধাৰমীৰ; বোধগ্যা; খ্যা; অপ্ৰাদ্ধোগ্য; That has the power of perceiving or judging; percipient; censurable.

Animadvert, an-im-ad-vert, ( L. to turn the mind to-animus, the mind, ad, to, and verto, to turn) v. i. লোবঙা বিচাৰ-ক; সমালোচনা-ক; To criticise or censure; to remark upon.

Animadverter, n. (VIV (VV CV) One who makes remarks by way of censure.

Animal, ahim-al, (L.—anima, äir, life, animus, mind Gr. anemos, mind—as, semi, Sans. an, to breathe, to blow) n. আৰি; জীৰ মন্ত; A body possessed of life, sensation and power of motion: It is distinguished from a plant, which is organised and has life, but not sensation or voluntary motion; the name sometimes implies the absence of the higher faculties peculiar to man:—adj. পাশব; পথাবিষয়ক; জাত্ত্ব ; জীৰ সাক্ষীয়; Belonging or relating to animals; as, animal functions:—হুল; Gross—opposite of spiritual:—পত্যাংস স্বাহাঃ Consisting of the flesh of animals; as, animal food:—ইপ্ৰিয় স্বাহাঃ; Sensual.

Animals sacred to special deities:—To Appolo, the wolf and the crow; to Bacchus, the dragon and the tiger; to Diana the stag; to Eculapios, the serpent; to Hercules, the deer; to Isis, the heifer; to Jupiter, the eagle; to Juno, the peacock and the lamb; to Mars, the horse and the vulture; to Mercury, the cock; to Minerva, the owl; to Neptune, the bull; to Tethyes, the halcyon; to Venus, the dove, the swan, and the sparrow; to Vulcan, the lion &c. &c.

Indian:—Siva, the Bull; Brahma the Swan; Bisshnu, Gorrura; Sectala, the ass; Ganesh, the rat; Kartick, the peacock; Lakhee, the owl; Durga, the lion; Indra, the airabot; Paban, the stag; Jama, the buffalo; Gunga, the shark; Aruna, the horse; Moon, the hare.

Animals symbolical: -The ant, frugality and prevision; ape, uncleanness; ass, stupidity; bat, blendness; Bear, ill-temper, uncouthness; bee, industing; bull, straight forwardness; butterfly, sportiveness, cat, slyness and deceit; cock, vigilance, our bearing and insolence; crow, longivity; dog, fidelity; eagle, majesty, inspiration; elephant, sagacity; fox, cunning and artifice; goat, lascivoisness; goose, conceit; hare, timidity; hen, natural care; horse, speed and grace; jackdow, empty conceits; kitten, playfulness; lamb, innocence and sacrifice; lark, cheerfulness; lion, noble courage; mole, abstuseness; monkey, tricks; mule, obstinacy; nightingle forlornness; ostrich, stupidity; ox, patience and strength; owl, wisdom, parrot, mocking verbosity; peacock, pride; pigeon, cowardice; pig, obstinacy, diptiness; rabbit, timidity; raven, illluck; 10binted-breast, confidence, trust; serpent, wisdom; sheep, silliness, timidity; sparrow, lasciviousnes; spider, wiliness; stag, cucoldom; swallow, a sunshine friend; swan, grace; swine, filthiness, greed; tiger ferocity; tortoise, chastity; turkey-cock, official insolence : dove, conjugal fidelity; vulture, rapine; wolf, cruelty &c. &c.

The cries of animals:—Apes gibber; are brays; bees hum; beetle drones; bear gamls; bittern booms; buil bellows; canary rings; cat mews; purrs; calf bleats; cock crows; cow lows; crow caws; dog barks; dove coos; duck

quacks; eagle screams; falcon chants; flies bass; fox yelps; frog croaks; goose cockles; hare squeaks; hawk screams; hen cockles; horse neighs; kitten mews, lamb bleats; lark sings; lion roars; magpie chatters; monkey chatters; monkey chatters; mouse squeaks; ox bellows, lows; owl hoots and screeches; parrot talks; peacock screams; pigeon coos; pig grunts, squeaks; laven croaks; rook caws; sheep bleats; snake hisses; sparrow chirps; swallow twitters; wolf howls.

Animalcule, an-im-alkūl, (L. animalculum, dim. of animal) n. জড়ি কুম্ব জীব; কীটাৰু; A small animal, esp. one that cannot be seen by the naked eye—pl.=Animalcules or Animalcular. Animalcular, an-im-al-kūl-ar, animalculine, an-im-al-kūl-line, animalcular, animalcular, animalcular, animalcular, animalcules.

Animalculist, n. কটিবু ভত্তৰিং; One versed in the knowledge of animalcules. (tes.

Animal-flower, n. A name for some zoophy-Animal gratification—ইত্রিয়-সেবা; Sensual pleasure.

Animal magnetism, n. ৰান্তৰ শক্তি সংক্ৰামণ; Magnetism of the animal kingdom,—বিশোহন শক্তি; Mesmerism.

Animalisation, anim-al-isashun, n. ভীৰদ স্পাৰ, The act of endowing with life.

Animalise, anim-al-is, v. t. ভাৰজাৰিশিই-তু;
To endow with the properties of an animal:—
পত্ৰ-তু;
To render or regard as merely animal, to make an animal of, as, the animalising tendency of Encurean philosophy:
—কোৰ প্ৰদেশে পত্ত বৰ্ণন-তু, To supply, as a country, with animals.

Animalism, anim-al-ism, n. ইন্দি-মুধ-সেধা, Sensual indulgence:—পত্ত, Mere life without intellectual activity; brutishness.

Animality, ahim-al-1-ti, n. ইক্ৰিয় প্ৰায়ণতা; Sensuality:--জীৰ বিশিপ্তই; জীবন, Animal existence, or nature.

Animalness, n. জীবন ধাৰণবিস্থা; The state of animal existence.

Animate, animat, (L. animo, animotus,—from anima, air, life, Gr. anemos, wind-aō, aēmi, Sans. an, to breathe, to blow) a. স্থাব; স্তেভ; Living; possessing animal life.—v.t. স্থাব-ৰু, To give life, quicken —উড্ডেভিড-ই; To give spirit or vigoui to, to enliven. Syne Enliven, inspirit, inspire, instigate, stimulate, exhilarate, rouse, urge, cheer, prompt, incite, gladden; invigorate, revive, vivify.

Animated, ahim-at-ed, adj. আৰুল্ল; সজীৰ; সচেত্ৰ; তেজখী, Lively; vigorous; full of spirit. Animated nature—জীৰ সমূহ; The whole class of beings endowed with animal life.

Animation, an-im-2'shun, n. স্থীৰতা; চৈতত : তেকৰীতা, অব্স্থাতা; Spirit; vigour, liveliness. Syn=Vivacity, spirit, buoyancy, sprightliness, hyenness, life, promptitude. Animative, adj. ৰীৰ বা চৈতন্য দান শক্তি বিশিষ্ট ; Having the power of giving life or spirit. Animator, n. সচেতন-ক্রা; One that gives life. Anime, n. A resin used to make varnish.

Animism, ahim-izm, (L. anima, the soul) n. কাণ্ট প্ৰভাৱৰ ধৰ্মভাবেৰ মূল্যৱপ উদুণ বিবাসবাদী মড; Theory which regards the belief in spirits that appear in dreams, &c., as the germ of religious ideas.

Animose, adj. তেজবিশিষ্ট; মৃদ্ প্রতিজ্ঞাযুক্ত ; বাগা-বিড; Full of spirit, resolute; vehement. Animosness, n. তাপ: Heat:—বাগ বিশিষ্টছ;

Spirit; vehemence of temper.

Animosity, an-im-osi-ti, (L. animositas, fullness of spint. See Animal. Animosity means animation, spirit, as the fire of the horse, called in Latin equi animositas. Its extensive use in a bad sense shows that hate stirs the blood more than amiable emotions ) n. বক্তা; বেব, বিবোধ; দাবশ মুণা, A high degree of eninity; a bitter hatred, rancour, enimity. Syn=Rancour, malevolence, malignity, virulence, rankling, bitterness, comity, hatred.

Animus, ahim-us, (L. animus, spirit, soul, as dist. from anima, the mere life. See Animal.)
n. অভিপ্ৰায়; মূল, Intention, purpose, mind.—
তেজ, Spirit:—বিশেষ; Prejudice against.

Anings, n. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ; যাহার মূল্যারা টিনি পরি-ছার হয়; A root growing in the west Indies, like the China plant used in refining sugar.

Anise, anis, (Gr. anison) n. পৌরগাছ; An aromatic plant, the seeds of which are used in making condults, a plant bearing aromatic seed. Anis-seed or ani-seed, n. পৌরী; The seed of ani c.

Anker, angker, ( Dutch; prob from Sw. kar, a tub, a vat.) n. ভৱন ভবোৰ পৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A liquid measure used on the continent, formerly in England, varying from about 7 to 9 gallons. Ankle, angkl, ( See angle ) n. ভন্ক; পাৰেৰ গাইট, Joint joining the foot to the leg.

Ankle-deep-ভল্ক পণ্যত ; So deep as to reach to the ankle.

Anklet, angk-let, u. পাদত্বণ; মল, পাঁইজোর; An ornament for the ankle.

Anna, ann, n. আবা; An Indian coin worth 13d. sterling.

Annalist, anal-ist, n. বাৰিক আধ্যাতিকা বা বিৰম্ব ব্ৰেথক; A writer of annals. adj-annalistie.

Annals, anals, (L. annus, a year) n. pl. বাৰ্ষিক আখ্যাধিকা; বাৰ্ষিক ঘটনাৰ বিবৰণ পৰা, ইতিহাস; A brief narrative of events, divided into periods, each period consisting of one year; year-books. Syn= Archines, chronicles, memorials, records, historical accounts.

Annats, an-nats, (L. annus, a year) n. pl.
ereq বাৰ্ণিক; First year's income of a living;
first fruits. Annalis is the claim of the pope to
a year's income of any living or ecclesiastical's
office, at the death of a bishop or incumbent.
This is called the "first fruits." By the statute
of Recusants (25 Henry VIII. C. 20, and

confirming Act ) the right to the English Annates and Teaths was vested in the crown-

Anneal, an-লা, (A. S ancelan, to set on fire-celan, to burn) v. t. অধিক তাপ দিয়া এবং ক্ৰমণঃ নীতন কৰিয়া কাচ বা থাডুকে কাৰ্ব্যোপথোগী কৰিয়া লগা; To temper glass or metals by subjecting them to great heat and gradually cooling — বঙ্ নাগাইবার কন্ত তাপ দেখনা; To heat in order to fix colour on, as glass:—খাডু বা কাচ বৃচ কৰণাৰ্থ আচ বা তাপ-ৰে; পাইব-ৰে; Temper metals or glass by heat so as to make them tough.

Annelids, an-el-i-da, (L. annellus, dim. of annulus, a ring) n. পেনুক জাতীৰ জীৰ; A class of animals having a long body composed of numerous rings, as worms, leeches &c.

Annealing, n. পৰিমাণানুসাৰে কাচকে বৃঢ় কৰা; ভাতান; The process of applying heat to remove buttleness from metals, glass &c.

Anne's Fan (Queen)-Your thumto your nose, and your fingers spread.

Annex, an-neks, (L. ad, to, and necto, to tie) v. t. मः रवात्र-क ; मः लश-क ; To subjoin ; to add to the end ; to affix :--(श्रान-क ; बूक-क ; To add, as a smaller thing to a greater, as, "The annexed a province to their kingdom."--কাব্যের কল্যকপ মোগ-ক; To connect, especially as a consequence; as, to annex a punishment to guilt .n. यात्रा दिছ (यात्र कहा बाद्य ; Something added .-যোগকরণ; Act of annexing; addition; union:--অতিবিক বাটা: A sudsidiary building; an extention of a building :-- প্ৰিল পত্ৰাদিতে কোন কিছু ৰোগকহা : An addition to a document.. Syn = Toin, append, affix, attach, subjoin, adjoin, Annexation, an-neks-a'-shun, n. मरवान ; मर-ৰোকৰ; Act of annexing, addition to; union. Annexationist, an-neks-a'shun-ist, n. #:-বোজন সম্প্ৰকাৰী, An advocate of annexation. Annexible, an-neksa-bl, adj. महाराजन (वाना ; ৰোগ কবিবাৰ বোগা; That may be annexed. Annexment, ". मः (यात्र वा मिक्क क्वप ; The act

of annexing, or the thing annexed.
Annihilable, adj. সংখ্যকবনীয়; That may be destroyed.

Annihilate, an-nihil-মt, (L. ad, to, and nihil, nothing) v. t. বোপ-কু, আন্তেড্ ; নিম্প-কু, অবিষ্ বোপ-কু; To reduce to nothing, to destroy the existence of; to cause to ceuse to be. Syn=Destroy, extinguish, abolish, ruin, nullify.

Annihilation, an-ni-hil-áshun, n. आजवादि; आज-माधन; State of being reduced to nothing; the act of destroying:—(लाल; दिनान; आज; Destruction.

Annihilationist, an-ni-hil-ম'-shun-ist ". বিনাশকে অনস্ত কও বলিয়া বে ব্যক্তি বিধান কৰে; One who believes that eternal punishment consists in annihilation.

Annihilatory, an-ni-hil-3'-tori, a. বিনাশকারী; লোপকারী; ধ্বংসকারী; Destructive.

Anniversary, an-ni-véréar-i, (L. annus, a year and verte, versum, to turn) n. ৰ বিক উৎ-সংবৰ পিন; The day of the year on which an event happend or is celebrated:—মাৰ্থসন্ধিক উৎসৰ; Annual celebration; a day celebrated every year.—adj. বাৰ্বিক; বাংসবিক; Returning or happening every year; annual; at a stated time returning with the year.

Anno-Domini, n. জীয়ীৰ পৰু, বিত বৃষ্টের জয় তাবিং হইতে বাংগৰ পণৰা হয়, In the year of our Lord, noting the time from our Saviours' incarnation Annolist, n. চিকচিকি সমুগ আমেবিকাদেশীয় জন্ত বিশেষ; An American lizard.

Annomination, ল. একপাৰতে বা ছব্দেতে সম্-জাপ্যক্ষৰ পদ ব্যৱহাৰ কৰণ; Alliteration; a pun. Anno-Mundi, n. কৰং হটৰ দাল; In the year of the world.

Annona, n. বাংসবিক উৎপদ্ধ কৰ; এক বংসৱের উপযুক্ত বাধা; A year production or increase hence; provisions for one year's use.

Annotate, annot-st, (L. annoto,—ad, to, noto,-atum, to mark) v. t. বাংখা-কু; ট্ৰাকা-কু; To make notes upon; to comment.

Annotation, an not-a'shun, n. hai; affail, Remark; comment; a note of explanation; a commentory on some passage of a book to illustrate its meaning. Syn=Comment, observation, explanation, gloss; scholium.

Annotator, an-not-afur, n. बाबाबा ; जेबा-काद : A commentator ; a writer of notes. Annotatory, an-not-afur-i, बाबाब्द, जिबाब्द, Containing annotations.

Announce, an-nowns, (Fr. announce, L announce,—ad, to, nuncio,—are, to deliver) বোৰণা—ক, নাবাৰণা বিজ্ঞাপৰ (দেৱা, জাপন-কৰা, প্রচাৰ কৰা, প্রকাশ কৰা; To tell to; to give public notice of; to declare; to proclaim, to publish. Syn=Proclaim, publish, promul gate; advertise, declare, intimate, disclose, divulge, reveal, propound, barrass, perplex, tease, incommode, disturb, bore, bother, plague, trouble, provoke.

Annoyence, an-noians, n. বিবৃত্তি, বিংকিকর্
বন্ধ; বিবৃত্তি বা অনভোগের কারণ; Act of annoying
or the state of annoying; something that tease.
Annoyer, n. বিবৃত্তি করে বে; One who annoys
Annoyfut, adj. পীডাণাক, বিবৃত্তিক; মুন্ধর .
Giving trouble; molesting; teasing.

Annoying, p. a. পীডার্ক ; ক্লেণ্রক ; Hurting teasing; molesting.

Annual, annu-al, (L. annualis—annus, a year) a. বাৰ্থিক; Yearly; coming or happening yearly; as, the annual overflowing of the niver Nile:—বাৰ্থিক; Performed in a year; as the annual motion of the earth:—বৰ্ণহাৰী; বৰ্ণবাৰী উপৰি; Lasting only one year or season; as, an annual plant.—n. বাৰ্থিক বৈজ; A book published every year:—বৰ্ণহাৰী বৈধি; A plant or flower that lives a year only.
Annually, adv. ৰ্থপ্ৰে ব্ৰশ্ৰ ; Yearly; every year.

Annuitant, an-nu'it-ant, (L. annus, a year)

n. বাৰ্থিক বৃত্তি-ভোগী; One who receives a sum of money every year for maintenance:—বাৰ্থিক বৃত্তিভাত ব্যক্তি; One who receives an annuity.

Annuity, an-nui-ti, (L. annus, a year) n.

वार्षिक दृष्टि : An income or allowance payable yearly; a yearly allowance for life.

Annui, an-nui (L. ad, to, nullus, none) v, t.
লোগ বা বহিত তৃ, মই-তৃ: হল বা বহিত-তৃ: To abolish; to make void; to set aside,—pt. p. Annull'ing; pa p. Annuiled. Syn=Repeal, nulify, abolish, abrogate, revoke, cancel, rescind.
Annuiar, an-nui-ar, Annuiary, an-nui-ari, (L. annuius or anuius, a ring—dim. of anus,
a rounding or ring) a. অভ্নাহাৰাৰ, বন্যাবাৰ;
বন্যাবৃতি; চৰাকাৰ; Ring-shaped; having the
form of a ring. adv,—annuiarly.

Annulated, annul-at-ed. (L. See Annular) ৫. অনুবাৰাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত, বা অনুবায়কে বিভক্ত; মঙলাকৃতি-বিশিষ্ট; Formed or divided into rings; furnished with rings; having rings or belts.

Annulet, anu-let, (L. annulus, a ring) n. खाड्य क्ल्रीबंदर (दहेनी विराध , अनुवीद ; ह्यां विषय , (Arch) A small flat fillet, encircling a column, a fine ring, a mark in heraldsv.

Annulment, an-nul-ment, দ. পোপ করণ ; নাখ ৰা সংহার করণ ; The act of making void.

Annumerate, v. সংযোগ-কৃ, To add to a former number.

Annumeration, n. পূর্ক সংখ্যার সহিত বোপকরণ; Addition to a former number.

Annunciate, an-nuńshiat, (L. ad, to, and nunciate, to report) v. t. জাপন-ক; প্রকাশ-ক; বোৰণা-ক; To announce; to declare.

Annunciation, an-nun-sia'shun, স দংবাদ;
সমাচাৰ: প্ৰচাৰ, (ঘাৰণা; The act of announcing
Annunciation-day—স্তীট্ৰে অবতৰণ সংবাদ
দিবদ; ২০ শে ঘাৰ্চ, এ দিবদ স্তীট্ৰে অবতীৰ্ ইইবাৰ
সংবাদ প্ৰচাৰিত হয়; The 25th March, on which
the angel announced to the Virgin Mary that
she would be the mother of the Messiah.

Annus mirabilis—The year of wonders, 1666, memorable for the Great Fire of London and the successes of the English over the Dutch. Anodyne, aho-din, (Gi. a, an, neg., and odyne, pain) a. বেম্বা বাশক; প্ৰয়; Soothing; assuaging; mitigating pain.—n. বেম্বা বাশক উৰ্ব; বেম্বা বিবাহক উৰ্ব; A medicine that relieves a pain; a medicine that alleys pain.

Anoint, an-oint, (O. Fr. enoradte—L. inungo, inunctum—in, and ungo, to smear) তৈণ ঘূৰ্যকু; To rub or smear with oil:—তৈণ্যায় অভিনেত্ৰ, To consecrate with oil. Syn=Consecrate, sanctify, hallow.

Anointed, an-ointed, n. श्रीटेंग वह नाम ; The Messiah :- adj. पश्चितिक ; Consecrated.

Anointer, শ. বৰ্ণবাৰ ; One who anoints, Anointing, an-oint-ing, n. তৈল বৰ্ণব , তৈল পোৰ : The act of smearing with oil.

Anointment, an-oint-ment, n. with the state of being anointed or consecrated with oil &c.

Anomalism, n. জব্যবস্থা; জবিশ্চিত বিশ্বদ ; A deviation from rule.

Anomalistic, Anomalistical, adj. বিশ্বন্ বহিত; অব্যক্তিবিলিট্ট; Irregular, departing from common or existing rules, Anomalous, an-onial-us, (Gr. anomalos—a = an, neg. and homalos, even—homos, same) adj. বিধিবিক্ত ; আন্তর্গতারী ; বিষয়বিবছিত ; Irregular ; abnormal ; deviating from rule.
Anomalously, adv. অপ্যাসতা পূর্যক : অব্যাস্থাক্ষেণ্ ; অনিবন্ধানের : In an anomalous or irregular manner ; irregularly.

Anomaly, an-omal-i, (Gr. anomalos—a. an, neg., and homalos, even—homos, same) n. বিশ্বালা: অনিষয়; অব্যবস্থা; বিবিদ্ধ ব্যতিক্ৰম; Irregularity; deviation from the common rule. Syn=Irregularity, abnormity, eccentniaty, rarity.

Anon, adj. ভৰ্তুৰ্ভে , অধিবাৰে ; শীন্ত , In one (instant) ; immediately ; quickly ; soon after.

Ever and anon, ad. ph. गर्धा भर्षा; नर्जा; Now and then; often.

Anon-rights-নত্ৰ; Right quickly.

Anonymity, an-on-imi-ti, n. নাম্বিহীনতা: The quality or state of being annonymous.

Anonymous, an-ohim-us, (Gr. anonymos—a. an, neg., and onoma, name) a. ৰাধ্বিহাল. বেৰামা; Without the real name of the author. Syn=Nameless, unsigned, unattested, unauthenticated.

Anonymously, an-onim-us-li, adv. নাম বিনা, নাম বাডীত , নাম বিংগীন , Without a name. Anopsy, n. দৃষ্টিংগীনতা , Want of sight.

Anorexy, n. আহাবে অস্থা; Want of appetite. Another, an-other, (A. S. an, one, and other) a. অন্ত, বিভিন্ন; অপন, Not the same; one more. Ansarian—The Moslems of Medina were called Ansarians by Mahomet,

Anserine, ańsér-in, (L. anser, cog. with E. Goose (which see), Sans, hamta) a হাসখাতীয়; পাতিহাস সম্মীয় বা সদৃশ, Relating to the goose-tribe; pertaining to or like a goose.

Answer, anser, ( Lit, 'to swear against', as in a trial by law, from A. S. and, against, and swerian to swear ) v. t. \$53-(9; To speak or write in return to, reply to; as, I answered you :-- विज-क : अधिवान-क ; To refute, as, none can answer me :- छेगरवानी इत्रा ; To correspond to; to suit; as, it does not answer the purpose: -- উত্তৰ দেওয়া : अरशका कतिया बाका : To respond : to wast upon ; as, to answer the bell :-- अनुवीव-Y; To face; as "the wind blow answering each other" :- छेपबुक् - इ ; बरबह्रे- इ ; To be adequate to; to be equivalent to; as, this does not answer the purpose :- staffes . To atone for, "And grievously hath Caesar answered it" ;-भीकात्मा क ; To satisfy or solve ; as, to answer my doubts :-- v. i. 44-7; To satisfy any claim, as, to answer a debt: - उड़द (एडप्), To speak in reply; as, there was no one to answer :- Fill EST; to be accountable for ; responsible; liable. as, "Let his neck answer for it, if there be any martial law."-Shakespeare :- नमर्थन-क ; To vindicate: - 777 FON; To succeed, to effect the object intended —উপবেশী হওৱা, To serve for; as, Gypsum answers as a manure on some soils":-- - - To correspond

to, to suit with; as, "As in water face answereth to face, so the heart of man to man."—Bible.—n. উত্তৰ, A reply, as. a soft answer:—মীমামো; উত্তৰ: A solution; as, the answer to a problem. Syn=Reply, rejoinder, replication, response; vendication; defend; solution.

Answer to—মিলা; ঐক্য হণ্ডরা; To agree with—অপবাদ কাটান; To refute; to meet successfully.

Answer the call of nature—যুগ ছাৰ্গ-ক ! A lame answer—অসংস্থেত্ৰত উত্তর, An unsatisfactory reply.

Answer-jobber-উত্তৰ ব্যবসামী; One who trades in answers.

To answer for—কোৰ বিষয়েৰ অন্ত দায়ী হওয়া;
To be responsible for:—অবাৰ দিহি কয়া, হিনাই
দেশবা; To render an account for.

To answer in the negative—'ना' बना , To say 'no'.

To answer the bell—ঘটা বাজাইবাৰ কাৰা পাই-স্থান কৰা; To go and see what the bell has wrong for.

To answor the door—বাৰ খুলিয়া দেওবা; বাবে আঘাত কৰিবা তাংগ খুলিয়া দেওবা; To go and open it when a knock has been given.

To answer the purpose or demand—
জঙিপ্ৰায় নিছ-কুবা প্ৰাৰ্থনামূহণ কাৰ্য্য কৰা; To act in compliance with the purpose or in fulfilment of the demand.

Answerable, ańsér-a-bl. a. উত্তৰ বোগা; Capable of being answered — ব্তন্ম, refutable; "The argument, though subtle, is yet answerable", — স্থাই; Responsible, accountable, as—man is answerable for his conduct to God;—সমূল; উপযোগী; Suitable, proportional, as, the achievement unswerable to the preparation for it,—ত্বা; Equal; equivalent; as, the success is answerable to my desire.

Answornbly, ańser-a bli, adv. উচিত্ৰতে, উপযুক্তরপে; Suitably, in due proportion, correspondence, or conformity.

Ant, ant, (From Sax. æmet) n. পিণীলিকা; A small insect, the emmet.

Ant-hill, n. ৰত্মীক; উইটিপী; The hillock raised by ants to form their nests.

White ant—®€; A kind of ant.

Antaoid, ant-asid, (Gr. anti, against, and Acid) n. আছে-প্রতিবেশক উপদ; A medicine which counteracts acidity.

Ant-eater, ant-éter, n. পিৰীলকাভুক; An animal that feeds upon ants.

Antagonise, ant-ag'on-iz, v. t. প্রভিত্নী হওয়;
To act in opposition.

Antagonism, ant-ag'on-ism, (Gr. anti, against—agon, contest) n. প্রতিষ্ণীতা : বিবেধ : প্রতিষ্ণীতা - বিবেধ : প্রতিষ্ণীতা - বিবেধ : প্রতিষ্ণীতা - বিবেধ : contest : a contending or struggling against.

Antagonist, ant-ag'on-ist, (Gr. antag'onistes—anti, against—agon, contest) n. প্ৰতিৰ্থী; বিপক্ষ; An opponent; one who fights against another; an enemy. Antagonistic, ant-ag'on-ist-ik, a. প্ৰতিকৃত্ত, বিপক্ষীয়:প্ৰতিশ্বী, বিষোধী: Contending against; opposed to; opposing.

Antagonistic forces, n. दिक्स मिंह ; Two powers in nature, the one counteracting the other, as fire and water.

Antalgne, an-tallisk, (Gr. anti, and alos, pain) a. বেলদা-নিবাৰক; Removing pain; alliviating pain:—n. বেলনা-নিবাৰক উৰ্ণ; Medicine that removes pain.

Antaphrodisiae. antaf-ro-difi-ak, Anta-phroditie, ant'af-ro-difik, (Gr. antı, against, and aphrodisiakos, vinercal, fr. Aphrodite, Venus, goddess of love) n. কামনিবাৰক উৰ্থ; Medicine against amorous passions;—a. কামনিবাৰক, Lessening vinercal desire.

Antarctic, ant-arkt-ik, (Gr. anti, opposite and Artic) a. পৰিপতিত্বীয়; Opposite to the northern or arctic pole; relating to the Southern Pole, or to south polar regions.

Antecede, an-te-sed, (L. ante, before and cedo, cessum, to go) v. পুর্বপামী হত্যা; To go before in time.

Antecedence, n. পুর্ববর্তিতা; Precedence.

Antecedent, an-te-sedent, (L. ante, before, cendens, entrs; pr. p. of cedo, cessum, to go) a. পূর্বামী; Going before in time or place;—ম. পূর্বামী; That which goes before in time or place;—পূর্বামী; That which goes before in time or place;—পূর্বামী, In Grammar, the noun to which the relative refers;—জীবনের গজ ঘটনা; The earlier events of one's life; as, I know nothing of his antecedents.

Ante-chamber, afte-chamber, (L. ante, before, and camera—Gr. kamera, a vault, a room, a kin to Celt cam, crooked) n. পাৰ্ছ ; A room leading to the principal room.

Ante-chapel, an-te-chapel, (L ante, before and Chapel) n. পিজাৰ পাৰ্দিপেৰ নিজিত হানে ঘাইবাৰ পথ, Passage to the choir.

Antocursor, ante-ker'-ser, n. অগ্ৰথামী ব্যক্তি;
A forerunner.

Antedate, ante-dat, (I. ante, hefore, and datum, date) v. t. ঠিক তারিখের পথিবর্তে পূর্ব ভারিখ নিখা; প্রকৃত তারিখের প্রবর্তা ভারিখ দেবলা, To date before the true time,—পূর্বে আখাদন-ক; ভারী আশা-ক; To anticipate; "And antedate the bliss above" Pope:—n. পুর্ববর্তী দিন, A prior date.

Antediluvial, an-te-di-lu'vi-al, Antediluvian, an-te-di-lu'vi-an, (L. ante, before and diluvium, a flood or deluge) a প্রবায়ৰ পূর্বাব্যা; মহা মাৰনেৰ পূর্বে অব্যিত বা সংঘটিত, Existing or happening before the flood,—n. এলায়ৰ পূর্ববর্তী নোক; মানাভাব আমনের লোক; মহা মাৰনেৰ পূর্ববর্তী লোক; One who lived before the flood.

Antelope, ante-lop, (Gr. anthos, beautiful, and opos, an eye) n. কুক্ষাৰ মুখ; কাৰ্মাৰ; ছবিং বিশেষ; A kind of deer; a genus of quadrupeds, a quadruped intermediate between the deer and goat.

Antelucan, an-te-lükan, (L. ente, before and

lux, light) a ভ্যা ফালীৰ, Before day-light, applied to assembles of the early Christians held before day-dreak

Antomoridium, an-te-me-ridi-an, ( L. ante, before and meridies, medius middle, and dies, day) পুরাক ; ম্বাকের পুরবর্তী ; পৌরাক্তিক Being before noon; pertaining to the fore-noon.

Antemundane, an-te-mundan, (1. ante, before and mundus, the world) a. কৃতিৰ পূৰ্মবৰ্তী. Being before the creation of the world.

Antemural, an-te-mur-al, a. कूर्राव विश-कारीय मध्यीय ; Belonging to the outward wall of a castle.

Antonnes, an-trie, n. pl. ( l. antenna, the yard or beam of a sail ) বুদা, কীট প্তান্তৰ উত;
The feelers or horns of insects.

Anto-nuptial, an-te-nupshal, (L. onte, before and nuptialis-nuplie, marriage-nubo, nuptum, to veil, to marry) a. বিবাহের পুর্বার্থী, Before marriage.

Ante-paschal, an-te-paskal, ( L. ante, before and paschal ) n. ইপ্লাব উৎসাৰের পূর্ববিদ্ধী সময়, Before Easter or Passover.

Ante-past, an-te-past, n. पूर्वायाण्य, A

Ante-penult, an-te-pen-ult, (I.. ante, before and Perult—I.. pene, and ultimus, last) n পাদের অভিন ছুংটীৰ পূর্বভা পদাংশ, The syllable before the penult or next ultimate syllable of a word the last syllable of a word but two

Antepenultimate, an-te-pr nulti mati.a. কোৰ পৰেৰ অভিম হুইটীৰ পূৰ্ববন্তী পদাণ্ল সম্বৰীঃ, Pertaining to the last syllable but two.

Anterior, an thi-or, ( L. comp of arte, before) a অপ্রকামী, পুরুষ গ্রী, সময় বা স্থান সম্বন্ধে পুরুষ্টা; Before in time or place, in front: previous.

[ Precedence.

Anteriority, an-te-ri or'-iu, n. প্রবিস্থাতা . Anthelion, ant-helyun, n (Gr. anti, over against, and helios, sun) প্রোর বিগরীত দিকে দেখেত উপর জ্যোতির্থয় মুখ্য , A luminous appearance on a cloud opposite to the sun.

Anthelmintic, an-thel-mintik (Gr. entr. against and helmins, helmithos, worm) n. কৃষ্ণাপক ক্ষেত্ৰ Medicine killing vorms,—a. কৃষ্ণাপক, Destroying or expelling worms.

Anthem, anthem, (Gr. antiphonia, anti, in return and phone, voice) n. উপাসবা-কালীন থোৱা, A pieceol sacred music set to a passage from Scripture,— ভক্তৰ, খোৱা, A sacred song.

Anther, anther, (Gr. antheros flowery) n. গর্ভ-কোষ, পরাপ্রোষ, পুলের গভকোষের অন্তভাগ, Male part of a flower; the top of the stamen in a flower, which contains the pollen or fertilising dust. a= Antheral.

Anthosis, an-thésis, (Gr. anthos, flower) n পুলোৱ বিকাশ সময়: Time when flowers expand Anthology, an-thologi, (Gr. anthos, a flower, lego to gather) n. পুলা বিষয়ক পুতিকা, A discourse on flowers—সাহিত্য সংগ্ৰহ, ফুল্ম কবিছা বা উৎকৃত্ব প্ৰকা নংগ্ৰহ, A collection or selection of flowers of literature a = Anthological. Anthony's fire, n. চৰ্দ্ম অবাধ; The Eryspelas.
Anthracite, anthras-it, (Gr. anthrax, coal)
পাথ্বিদা কছলা বিশেষ; A kind of coal that
burns without flame &c.; a hard mineral.

Anthrax, anthraks, (L.—Gr. anthraz, coal)

n খোটক বিশেষ; গো-দেখাদির বোগ বিশেষ; A

malignant boil, a spleme fever of sheep and
cattle.

Anthropoid, anthrop-oid, a. (Gr anthropos, man, eidos, form) মানবাকাৰ, মহ্য্য সমূল; In the form of or resembling man

Anthropology, an-throp-oloji, Anthropography, an throp-ogʻrafi, (Gr. anthropos, man, logos, discourse—lego, to say) n. মুখ্যা-জানিব ইতিহাস, Science of mankind; history of the human species. a=Anthropological.

Anthropomorphite, an-throp-o-morfit, n. অবভাৰ বাদী, One who believes that God exists in a human form.

Anthropomorphism, an-throp-o-morfizm, (Gr. anthropos, man, marphe, form) n. অবতার বাদ, The doctrine that the Almighty has a human form or attributes:—প্ৰনেম্বৰে অবতাৰ বাদ; প্ৰবেৰ প্ৰতি মানবীয় প্ৰবৃত্তি, ইপ্ৰিয়াদিয় আবোণ; The representation of the Deity in the form of man or with bodily parts, the ascription to the Deity of human affections and passions. a=Anthropomorphic.

Anthropomorphous, an-throp-o-mor-fus, a. ন্তুপা, Having the shape of a man.

Anthropopathy, an-throp-o-p'athe, n. (Gr. anthropos, man, and pathos, affection, passions) দীৰৰে মনুবাভাৰ আবোপ; The ascription of human passions to God.

Anthropophagi, an-throp-of'ai-i, (Gr. anthropos, man, phago to cal) n. ৰব্ধুক; বান্ধা; মুখ্যাখাদক, Cannibals, man-eaters. a.= Anthrophagous (an-throp-ofag-us).

Anthropophagy, an-throp-of ag-i, n. নরমাংস ভক্ষা, Cannibalisim; man-eating.

Antibilious, an-ti-bilyus, a. शिक्ष्मानक ; शिक्ष्म , Good for the cure of bilious complaints.

Antic, antik, (Fr. antique—L. atzquus, ancient—ante, before Doubler of Antique) a. হাস্ত-লবক, কৌতুকজনক; Odd; fantastic, ridiculous, as, "antic postures" Addision;—n. ভাঁড; A buffoon or merry andrew;—ভাঁডাৰি; buffoon-ry;—হাস্তজনক আকৃতি; A fantastic figure.

Antichrist, anti-krist, (Gr. anti, against and Christ) n. ৰৃষ্ট ও বৃষ্টবৰ্ষৰ বিৰোধী ব্যক্তি; The opposer of Christ and Christianity .—ইসাৰ পঞ্জ; an adversary of Christ. a= Antichristian.

Antichristian, an-ti-kristyan, a. वृष्ट क वृहेरार्वव विरक्षती; Relating to Antichrist; opposed to Christianity.

Anticipato, an-tisip-না, (L. ante, to before, capio, take) v t. পুরুগাদী-ছ, To be beforehand;
—"To anticipate and prevent the duke's purpose:—নির্গিত কালের পুরে এইণ-ফু, To take up beforehand, or before the proper time; as, the advocate has anticipated a part of his argument,—আমে আছাদ্ব-ফু বা ব্রিতে পারা,—

To foretaste or foresee; as to auticipate the bliss of heaven. Syn.=fore-stall, forsee, pre-ocupy.

Anticipation, an-tis-ip-a'shun, n. অত্যে প্ৰাৰ;
The act of anticipating; as "So shall my anticipation prevent your discovery"; Shakespeare;
—পুর্বাধান ; Foretaste; as the anticipation of the joys of heaven;—পুর্বাধান, ভারা আখা;
Previous notion; preconceived opinion. a=
anticipative; anticipatory. Syn.=Foretaste, preoccupation, preconception, expectation, foresight.

Anticlimax, an-ti-klemaks, (Gr. anti, against, and Climax—Gr. climax, a ladder or stair case,—klino, to slope) n. ৰে বাকোৰ বেবভাৰে ভাৰ দকল ক্ষণ: ৰীচ চ্ইয়া আনে, কোন বিবাৰ উভবোভাৰ ক্ষকণে বৰ্ণন; A sentence in which the ideas become less important towards the close. Anticlinal, an-ti-klinal, (Gr. anti. against, klinō, to lean) a. প্ৰশাৱ বিপৰীত দিকে ৰত; Inclining in opposite directions:—n. (বেধা হইতে তাৰ বিপৰীত দিকে আবতাৰ ক্ষিয়াছে; (Geol) The line from which the strata descend in opposite direction.

Antidote, an-ti-döt. (Gr. antidotos—anti, against, didömi, to give) n. বিষয় উদ্বয় A medicine to counteract the bad effects of poison;—বাভিকার; A remedy for any evil; as "oblivious antidote."—a. বিষয়: Antidotal, antidotical. Syn=Remedy, preventive, counteraction.

Antimony, anti-mon-i, (Fty dub) n. এক প্রকাষ ধাড়ু; বসাঞ্জন; A brittle white-coloured metal much used in the arts and in medicine; a metal. a.=Antimonial; antimonious.

Antinomian, an-ti-nomi-an, (Gr. anti, agrinst, and nomos, a law) n. ব্যবহাৰজাকারী, One who holds that the law is not a rule of life under the Gospel;—ৰে লোক নীতির আবশ্যকতা অধীকার করে, এবং বলে বে বিয়াস হারা কেবল মুক্তি লাভ হব, One who denies the continued obligation of the moral law, and affirms that faith alone is necessary to salvation. a.—antinomian; n —antinomians.

Antinomy, anti-no-me, or antino-me, n. বিশি প্ৰশাৰাৰ বিৰোধ; The opposition of one law or rule to another law or rule.

Antipathy, antip'ath-i, (Gr. anti, against, pathos, feeling) n. বিত্যা; বিষয়ে; বিষয়ে; বুণা; Dislike, repugnance: opposition, averson. a.=antipathetic, antipathetical. Syn.=Aversion, disgust, dislike, distaste, repugnance, opposition.

Antiphlogistic, an-ti-floj-istik, (Gr. anti, ag.tinst. phlogiston, burnt, phlogo, to burn) a. ভাপ বা অবাহ অভিবেধক, Acting against heat, or inflamation:—এবাই-নাশক; Good against inflamation:—n. অপাইনাশক উবধ; A medicine that checks inflammation.

Antiphon, antif-ön, Antiphony, an-tif-ön-i (Gr. anti, in return, and phone, voice. A doublet of Anthem) n. ছই পলের জ্বাইনে গাব; The alternate singing of two chorus. Antiphonal, antifon-al, a. ছুই দৰেৰ পৰ্যায়-জ্বিক পৰ স্বায়ীৰ; Pertaining to antiphony:—n. স্পীত পুৰুক; A book of antiphons or anthems. Antiphrasis, an-tifra-sis, (Gr. anti, against and phrasein, to speak) n. ৰাজ্যেৰ বিপরীত আৰ্, সেব; The use of words in a sense contrary to their right meaning; irony.

Antipode, an-ti-pod, (Gr. anti, opposite to and pous podos a foot, akin Sans. podo, a foot)
—n. বিপরীত দেশবাদী লোক; Those who stand feet to feet at the opposite sides of the earth.
a.=Antipodal.

Antipope, anti-pop, (Gr. anti, against and Pope) n. বিক্ৰাডাৰী; কুলিন পোপ; An opposition pope, a pretender to the papacy.

Antiquary, antikwar-i, Antiquarian, an-ti-kwar'i-an, n. १३१७६६; A person who studies the history of ancient things. a.—Antiquarian. n.—Antiquarianism:—१३१७६; study of antiquities.

Antiquate, anti-kwāt, (L. antiquus—ante, betore) v. t. অৱচ্পিড ক্ৰা; To put out use, to make obsolete.

Antiquated, anti-kwat-ed, a. পুৰাভন ; অৱচ-লিড; Grown old; obsolete; old-fashioned n.= antiquatedness.

Antique, an-tek, (Fr. L. antiques old, ancient — anti, before) a. পুৰাতন; প্ৰাচন; Old; ancient; as an atique statue) পুৰাতন, পুৰাকানীন; Old; of old fashion: as antique words;— পুৰাকানেৰ অসকবংশ কৃত: Made in imitation of antiquity; as antique style:—কৌতুকৰনক; odd; fanta-tic (in this sense more genarally written antic),—n. প্ৰাচীন কাবেৰ মুখ্যাপ্য দ্বা; An old rarity, piece of old art. n.= Antiqueness. Syn.=Antiquated, old-fashioned, obsolete.

Antiquities, an-tikwi-tis, n. pl. প্রাচীনকাবের দ্ব্য, Relics of olden times.

Antiquity, an-tikwi-ti, (L. ante, before) n.
প্রাচীনকানের স্বোক; Ancients; people of ancient times; as "To tread as it were in the footsteps of antiquity" Irving:—প্রাচীন কান;
Ancient times; as man of antiquity;—
প্রাচীনক; Ancientness; as a family of great
antiquity,—pl. প্রাচীনকানের ধ্যোব্দেশ; remains
of ancient times.

Antisabbatarian, an-ti-sab-at-a'ri-an, (Gr. anti, against and sahath—L. sabbath—Heb. shabbath. rest) n. বিনি ৰবিবাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিবাৰ বিবাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিশ্বাৰ বিশ্বাৰ কৰেন; One opposed to the observance of shabbath.

Antiscians, an-tish-anz, Antisci, an-tishi.

n. pl. বিব্ৰ বেধাৰ উভঃ পাৰ্বাসী লোকসমূহ, বাহাদেব গাঁৱছায়া মধ্যাক্লালে প্ৰশাৰ বিপৰীভভাবে
প্তিত হয়; Those who being in different sides
of the line or equator have their shadows at
noon in opposite ways.

Antiscorbutio, an-ti-skor-būtik, (Gr. anti, against, and scorbutic) a. ভাতি নামক বোগ নামক; Good against scurvy — n. ভাতি নামক বোগনাশক মুব্য ; Cure for scurvy.

Antiscriptural, an-ti-skrip'choor-al, (Gr. anti, against, and scripture) a. Addique fare; Not in accordance with the Scripture.

Antiseptio, an-ti-septik, (Gr. anti, against seps. to make putrid) a. পচনবিবাৰক; Counteracting putrefaction;—n. পচনবিবাৰক স্তব্য; A substance that prevents putrefaction.

Antispasmodic, anti-spaz-modik, (Gr. anti, against, and span, to draw) n. আছেল নিৰাৰক উৰধ; Cure for spasm:—a. আছেল নিৰাৰক; Counteracting spasm.

Antistrophe, an-tistrof-e, (Gr. anti, and strophe, from strepho, to turn) n. As a surferra; Part of a song or dance, around the altar, performed by turning from left to right, in opposition to the strophe, which was from right to left.

Antithesis, an-ti-the-sis, (Gr. anti, against tithems, to place) n. বৈপৰীতা অবহাৰ: A figure in which thoughts or words are set in contrast—বিশ্বতিৰ : opposition:—n. বিবেধ; বাবেৰ বিশ্বতি অৰ্থ; Contrast of thoughts or words . plu—Antitheses-sez. adv.—Antithically.

Antithetic, Antithotical, a. বিশক : বিশক : Opposed, contrasting . adv.=Antithetically.

Antitype, an-ti-tip, (Gr. anti, corresponding to, and Teppe.—I.. typus, Gr. typos—typto, to strike) n. আকাৰে যা যুবে আফার্ডি বস্তু: আফার্ডি বিচারিক ব

Antler, antler. n. মৃণ্ডুৰ; The branch of a stag's horn:—a. সুকী; Antlered—having antlers; horned.

Anus, anus. (L. for as-nus, 'sitting part,' from root as to sit ) n. ভত্তেশ ; শ্লহাৰ; The lower orifice of the bowels.

## Fistula in anus-ways :

Anvil, ahvil, (A. S. anfilt, on filt on fillan, to strike down or fell. See Fell) n. 3134.
(4314; An iron block on which smiths strike.

On the anvil, অপনিপৰ অবস্থায় থাকা; In a state of discussion, formation or preparation, as when a scheme or measure is formed but not matured; As:—He always had bits of verse on the anvil ready to be hammered and polished at any moment.—Leslie Stephen.

Anxiety, ang-z'e-tı, (L. ango, to press tightly)
n. ব্যাকুলভা; উৰেগ; উৎকঠা; ছন্তিভা; Distress
of mind; great uneasiness.

Anxious, angkshus, (L. anxius—ango, to press tightly, See Anger, Anguish) a. উৎক্তিত; বা)কুণ; Distressed in mind; perplexed;— আডাত ইছুক; Very desirous; as, anxious to know the result;—উৎকটা পূৰ্ণ; full of solicitude (applied to things); as anxious forebodings:—n.=Anxiousness.

Anxiously, ad. रेक्क्सर ; Desirously.

Any, enni, (A-S. ænig—an, one) a. জনিৰ্দিষ্ট একজ্ব কেই; কোন; One out of many indefinitely; —adv. To any extent, at all.

Anybody—(\* (\*\*; One out of many selected indifferently.

Anyhow—ৰে কোৰ অভাবে; বিশ্ববিশ্বর : In any way; at any rate; at all events; in an irregular manner; as "He did it anyhow."—
অবাধ্যানভাব সহিত; He went on anyhow; as how you must manage it for me.

Anything, adv. acadica ; (vice ; At alf.

Anything but—সৰ্প বিগৰীত; ব্যতিবেকে; আৰ বাহা কিছু; Quite contrary to; different from. Anywhere—কোৰ হাবে; In any place.

Anywise—(कान बरच ; (कान अकारन ; In any degree or manner ; in any way.

Anywither, adv. (कांच श्वांकिश्त्य; To any place.

Aonian, I-d'ni-an, a! কৰিতা নৰ্মীয় ; Pertaining to the muses ; poetical.

Aonian fount—সম্বতী উৎস; The fountain sacred to the muses.

Aorist, 2'or-ist, (Gr. aoristos, indifinite.—a, priv, and horos, a limit) n. প্রীক ভাষায় আনিছিও লম্মরেশক কিয়ার কাল, The name of certain tenses in the Greek verbs expressing indifinite time:—আনিছিড কাল্যাচক কিয়াপণ; An indifinite tense;—a. অনিছিও; আনিছিও, indifinite as to time; undifined.

Aorta, : a-or'ta, (Gr. aorta, aciro, to raise up) ন. বৃহৎ ধ্যনী : The great vessel of the heart. a.= Aortic, aortical.

Apace, a-pas, (Prefix a, and pace) ad. জত-পাদবিকোপ; ফুডগডিডে, At a quick pace; wiltly; fast:--শিষ, in haste, quickly.

Set apart ৰতন কৰিবা বাৰা, Reserved, as:-the day was set apart for worship.

Apartment, a-partment, (Fr. appartment, a suite of rooms forming a complete dwelling, through Low L., from L. ad. and fartire, to devide—pars, a part) n. ११वी; पव, आवार , A room in a house.

Apartments, a-partments, n. pl. प्राची; A-set of rooms.

Apathetic, ap-atherik, Apathetical, ap-atherik-al, a. উদাণীৰ; Wanting in feeling; insensible.

Apathiet, apath-ist, n. উদাণী; One who is
Apathy, ap'ath->, (Gr. a, priv., pathos, feeling)
n. বৈবাগা; মধ্বেদনা প্রতা; অনুবাগপ্ততা; উদ্যুভ;

n. বৈৱাগা; সমবেদনা পুজতা; অন্তৰাগপুজতা; উদান্ত; উদানীক্ত, Want of feeling, absence of passion; indifference.

Apo, ap, (AS. apa, Ger. affe) n. পুক্ৰিবীৰ বাৰৱ; A tailless monkey;—ভাড়; A vain imitator, a mimic:—v.t. বাৰৱৰৎ অনুকৰ্ণ-কু; to imitate ludicrously; to mimic, as to ape the fashions.

To put an ape into one's hood or cap--বোকা বাৰাৰ ; To make a fool of one,

To say an ape's paternoster -- वाबरवन कड

कार मं किएक कणायांन स्थ्या ; To chatter with fright or cold like an ape.

Apish, ap'ish, s. বাৰৱৰ ; Like an ape ;— বিৰোধ ; Foolish ;—সম্ভৱনকাৰী ; Imitating the manners of superiors ;—কৃষ্টিৰ ; Affected. n=Apishness, ভ াড়ামি ; toppory ; mimicry.

Apeak, a-pek, (L. a, and Peak) adv. Signal:
On the point; in a posture to pierce,—
(naut.); Perpendicular; the anchor is apeck when the cable is drawn so as to bring the ship's bow directly over it.

Aperient, a-pernent, Aperitive, aperitive, (L. aperio, to open) a. মুছবিবেচক; Gently purgative:—n. বেচক উবধ; A medicine that opens the bowels; a laxative.

Aperture, ápert-ur, (L. apertura—aperio to open) n. 传说; 相信; An opening in a wall, a hole, a doorway or window.

Apex, a'peks, n. (plu-Apexes, a'peks-cz, Apices, ap'i-sez) n. [77, [65]]. The summit or top; Apex originally meant the woollen tassel suspended from the top of the flamen's cap In time the word was applied to the cap, and means the summit or top.

Aphaeresis, af-e're-sis, Apheresis, afe're sis, (Gr. afo, from harro, speak) দ. লাগের আদ্যাক্তর বা আদি পদাংশের লোগ , The taking of the letter or syllable from the beginning of a word.

Aphorism, afor-izm, (Gr. aphoriso, to mark off by boundaries apo, from and haros, a limit) n. মাকিছ ব্য ; বচৰ ; A brief pithy saying , an adage. Syn.=Axiom, maxim, adage, apohthegm, saying, proverb.

Aphoristical, af-or-ist'ik-al, a. স্ত বা ৰচনেৰ আকাৰ বিশিষ্ট, In the form of an aphorism. adv.=Aphoristically.

Aphelion, af-Elyun, (Gr. apo, from, and helics the sun) n. স্থ্য ধ্ৰুতে সূৰ্ত্ প্ৰকৃষ্ণিকাৰ কয়; The position of a planet in the heavens when furthest from the sun.

Aphlogistic, a. পিখাবিংলি : Without fire or Aphony, al'o-ni, (Gr. a, priv. and phone, voice)
n. খবছৰ; Loss of voice.

Aphorist, af-or-ist, n. হত্ত্ৰ-লেখক ; A writer of aphorisms.

Aphrodisiae, al-ro-diti-ak, (Gr. aphrodisiakos Fr. Aphrodise, venus the goddess of love) a. কানোখাপক : Exciting sexual desire, —n. কানোখাপক ব্যায় (Medicine or food supposed to excite sexual desire.

Aphthse, af'the, n. pl. মুখেৰ অভ্যন্তৰে খা; Thrush; ulcers in the mouth. a.=Apthous—like apthæ.

Aphthong, al'thong or ap'thong, (Gr. a, privand phthongos, sound) শদ্বিহীৰ অক্ষয়, Letter or letters without sound.

Apiary, ap'i-ar-i, (L. apiarium—apis, a bee) স. ৰধুৰজিকানৰ; ৰধুৰজিকাৰ আবান; A stand or shed for bees; beehouse; a place where bees are kept. Aplarist, ap'i-ar-ist, (L apis, a bee) n. মৃত্-ম্কিকা পালক ; One who rears bees.

Apiece, a-pēś, ad প্রভাক আলে; In the share of each ;— প্রভাবেক , Each by itself.

Ap18, a-pis, n. गर्मिका ; Bee.

Apish, a বানৰ মতুল; Like an ape;— আছকাৰী; imitative,—ভাড় সভূল; foppish ad=apishly. n.=apishness.

Apness, ap-nea, (Gr. a, priv. and pness, to breath) s. यात्र (बार ; Loss of breath, suffocation.

Apocalypse, a-pokal-ips, (Gr., a k-velation, an uncovering—apo, from, kalypto, kalypso, to cover) n. প্ৰায়েশ্যেল; Revelation,—নীয়া ধৰ্মপুৰকেব শেষ প্ৰায় : Book of Revelation; the name of the last book of The New Testament, a = Apocalyptic, apocalyptical.

Apocope, a-poko-pe, (Gr. fr. apo, from and knptein to cut) পাৰেৰ অভাতৰ লোগ; The omission of the last letter or syllable of a word. Apocrypha, a-pokri-fá, (Gr. apo, and kruptein, to hide) n. pl. অপ্রাথাবিক ধর্মান্ত; প্রীইয়োপ্রেক, Some disputed books received as parts of inspired Scriptures by Catholics and others, but generally rejected by Protestants. a= Apocyphal—অপ্রাথাবিক; doubtful; uncertain; unauthentic.

Apode, ap'od, (G. a, priv, and pous, podos, foot, akin to Sans poda, foot) n. পদবিহীৰ লাৰী; পকবিহীৰ মুৎসা; An animal having no feet; a fish having no ventral fins.

Apodel, a. পদ বা পক বিহীন, Without feet or fins.

Apodictic, ap-o-diktic, Apodictical, ap-o-diktik-al, (Gr. apo, from, and deiknunas, to show) a. প্র্যাণসিদ্ধ; Evident beyond contradiction.

Apogee, ap'o-jই, (Gr. apo, from, ge, the earth)
n. পৃথিবী ইইভে চক্ৰেৰ কছাৰ চুৰভম স্থাৰ; That point
of the orbit of the moon farthest away from
the earth.

Apologetic, a-pol-oj-etik, Apologetical, apol-oj-etik-al, a. অসুনহত্তক; ক্যাঞাৰ্কাত্তক; পক্ষমৰ্থনাৰ্থ কণিত বা লিখিত, Excusing; said or written in defence adv.=Apologetically.

Apologetics, a-pol-ojetiks, n. pl. প্রীটার্কিনের ধর্মপুরকের অন্যান্তিসমর্থক পুরুক সকল; That branch of theology which defends the Scriptures.

Apologist, a-poloj-ist, n. ক্যাপ্রাবী; পক্ষমর্থক; পক্ষমর্থনকারী, ক্যাপ্রার্থক; One who makes an apology; a defender.

Apologise, a-poloj-iz, v. i. অবা প্রার্থনা-র , To plead for or in excuse of; as '—They paused and even offered to apologise for their ignorant intrusion.—Dean Merivale. Apologise for (something done), to (a person).

Apologue, ápol-og, (Fr. Gr. apologos, a fable-apo, from, logos, speech) n. নীতি কথা, পত্ন; নৈতিক উপভাব; A moral fable; a moral tale.

Apology, হ-poloje, (Gr. apo, from, logos, speech) n আহোপিত দোৰ শতনাৰ্থ বাহা কিছু বনা

eech) n भारताभित्र कार यक्षमार्थ गरा किहू वता याव : भक्र मर्थन : क्या आर्थना : चमकमर्थन : Something spoken toward off an attack, a defence or justification, an excuse. SymmeDefence, justification, exculpation, excuse, plea

Apology for—witaiffe the notife wanter.

Defence or justification of, excuse for, as—
With many appologies for seeking to rob his neighbour of a such treasure, he asked the squire to transfer to his services the man of genius—Lord Lytton.

[thegm.]

Apophthegm, ápo-them. A form of A-po-Apoplectic, apo-plektik, Apoplectical, a-po-plektik—al, a. মুনীবোগ সংস্থাৰ বা বাগ হই বাৰ আপৰামুক, Of or predisposed to apoplexy. Apoplexy, ápo-pleks-i, (Gr. apoplexia—apo, from, away, and plesso, to strike, a loss of

from, away, and plesso, to strike, a loss of sensation and of motion by a sudden stroke) 
শ. বন্ধান বোৰ, মুনীবোৰ, A disease or an affection of the brain that causes stupor.

Apostasy, Apostacy, a-posta-si, (Gr. 'a standing away,'—apo, from, stasis a standing) স. বৰ্ম, ব্যুত বা হণক আগ, প্রধ্যাসহ, Desertion of one's religion, principle, or party, recantation.

Apostate, a-postat, n. বর্ষজ্যানী, ব্যলজ্যানী, Renegade, deserter —a. কপট্ডল্য, বিশ্বনাথ্ডক, প্রতিভ, False, traitorous, fallen.

Apostatise, a-postal-iz, v. া. বধৰ্ম, ব্যাস, বা বপ্ৰ জ্যাৰ কু, To forsake a principle, to commit apostasy.

Aposteriori. aposte-ri-ori, ( L ) कार्या (क्षिया कांद्र निर्देश, Arguments drawn from consequen ces or facts. An aposteriors argument is proving the cause from the effect. I hus, if we see a watch, we conclude there was a watch maker. Robinson Crusoe inferred there was another human being on the desert island, because he saw human foot prints in the wet sand. It is thus we infer the existance and charater of deity from his works. (The revest is a priori ) Apostle, a-posl, (Gr. one sent away, ap) away, and stello to send) n. ধর্মধারক, ইবৰ প্ৰেৰিড ৰাজি, One sent to preach the Gospei --- विरमह कारी माध्य कदिवाद सम्र ध्यदिष्ठ बाहि , One sent to perform important busi ness -श्रीष्ट्रव शाम्यकन अधान निरंग्रव मरथा बक wa, One of the twelve leading followers of Christ.

Apostleship, a post-ship n. এইবৰ্ষ প্ৰচাৰকেৰ প্ৰু, The office or dignity of an apostle.

Apostolic, a-pos-tolik, Apostolical, a postolik-al, a. গ্রীষ্ট্রপ্ত প্রচাষক সম্বাদ্ধ কা প্রচায়কের পদ সম্বাদ্ধ, Relating to the apostles or to the office of an apostle.

Apostolate, a-pos-to-lat, अरोब कार्य, A mission, apostleship.

Apostolic fathers—প্ৰথম শতাখীয় বীটাঃ বৰ্ষ পুত্তক লেৰকগণ, The early Christian writers, generally of the first century.

Apostolic see — জীয়ৰ প্ৰধান খনৰ পাননাধিকাৰ, A title applied to the Government of the Pope of Rome in reference to his claim of being the successor of St. Peter. Apostolic succession—শিব্য প্রশ্বাপত অধিকার, The uninterrupted transmission of ministerial authority by a succession of bishops from the apostles.

Apostrophe, a-postrof e, (Gr. apo, from, and strophe, a turning) n. প্রাণাপিক বিষয় পরি ত্যাগ পূর্বক হঠাও কোনও উপায়ত বা অসপস্থিত বাজি বা পদার্থকৈ সংখ্যাল, উদ্দেশে সংখ্যাল, A turning from the real auditory to address an absent or imaginary one, a change of the course of speech — অক্স লোপসংহত চিহ্ন, A mark of contraction a =apostrophic.

Apostrophase, a postrof iz, v. t. উদ্দেশ সংখাধন ক, প্রাসন্ধিক বিষয় পরিভাগ করিয়া হঠাও অপর কাহাকে সংখাধন করা, To address by apostrophe,—v t. অক্ষরসাপ ক, To omit a latter or letters in a word.

Apotheoary, a pothek ar i (Gr apotheke, a stort house,—apo, away and tithems, to place) n. প্ৰথ বিভেৱা বা প্ৰভ্ৰকাৰী, A dispenser of medicines.

Apothegm, Apothem apothem, (Gr. apo, from, out, phthengoma: to speak plainly) n. উপাদেশ বাকা মুখবা সূত্ৰ বাব A ters point ed saying, a pithy instructive remark.

Apothogmatic, and they-matik Apothegmatical and they mat k al, a ভপদেশ বাক্য-স্বায়, After the manner of an apothegm.

Apothogmatist, ap o thei mat ist n ভপ্ৰেৰ বাক্য প্ৰেৰ্ড), One who utices short maxims or a maker of them

Apotheosis ap-o-theosis (Gr a setting a-side as a God-apo, away from what he was, theos a God) is CHANTERY, Destruction

Appal or Appall, ap pawl (Acc to Skeat, from Celtic, pall, to weaken and not from O. Fr apalir, to grow pale) of the national form of terrify, to dismay —v.: The terrify to dismay —v.: The terrify to dismayed n=Appalment Syn=Dismay, terrify, daunt, frighten, scare,

Appanage, ap'pan-aj (I'r apanage ~ L ad, and panis, bread) n জোঠেত বাৰপুত্ৰ অভি-পালনাৰ্থ নিষ্টি কৃষি, বাৰপুত্ৰত বৃত্তি, Lands set apart by a sovereign for his younger sons

Apparatus, ap par-at'us, (L ad, to, and paratus, prepared) n বৈজ্ঞানিক যন্ত উপকৰণ, প্ৰস্তুত বা সংগৃহীত জব্য, বস্থাদি গৃহোপক্ষণ, A set of instruments or tools to be used for a particular purpose, things prepared or provided to some end, furniture, equipage.

Apparel, ap-par'el, (Fr. apparell-pareller, to put like to like, to assort or suit-parell like, L par, equal, like) n পৰিছেল, বন্ধ, Clothing, dress, extenal habiliments, — ে া বন্ধে সজিভ কৃ. To dress, to clothe, — লোভিড-কৃ. To adorn,

Apparent, ap-par'ent, a. (L. apparens. See Appears). The time of the eyes — it, evident, plain — ways, in science, not real, as apparent motion of the sun. n.=apparentness. Syn=Evident, obvious, plain, manifest, clear, visible.

Apparent time-275 मन्द ; True time. Heir apparent काबी उखबाधिकावी ; Next heir ; -See Heir. See Appear.

Apparition, ap-par-ishun, n. vivi ; (45; A ghost; a spectre.

Apparitor, ap-parit-or, (L.-root of Appear ) n. महकादी कर्पाठादी; अपूठद; The attending officer of an ecclesiastical court :- (क) न विश्वविमानित्वव मांखिदक्क ; A beadle in a university ;---काश्चानकादी ; A summoner ;-- (य वाक्टि विहाबानाम উপश्रिक रहेशा विशावत्वत आरम्भ कार्या পরিশত করে; An officer who attends on a court or on a magistrate to execute order.

Appeal, ap-pel, (L. appello, atum, to address, call by name) v. i. পুन सिंगद आर्थना-क ; To refer to a superior judge or tribunal ;-- সাহাৰ্য প্রার্থনা-ক : আগ্রয় প্রার্থনা করা ; To refer to another for the decision of a question controverted; to call for aid, have recourse to ,-v. f. বি ার প্রার্থনা ক ; To apply for justice ,-n. नुब्धित्य आर्थनाः The removal of a cause or suit from a lower to a higher court .-काह्यान ; A call on another ;--काह्य ; Resort , recourse.

Appeal to, Appeal against, v. আন্তের নিকট विচার প্রার্থনা করা, কোন বিষয় বা আদেশ পরিবর্তনের <u>চেষ্টা কথা অথবা কোন অস্থায় কাৰ্য্যের প্রতিকার কবিতে</u> (58) क्या , Refer a disputed matter to another : seek the reversal of some measure, order &c. or redress of a wrong; as :-- (a) Henry was still reluctant to appeal to the Parliament .- Froude. (b) Catharine had appealed against judgment being passed in England.-Froude.

To appeal to arms-युक्त वांबा विवान (नव-कृ; To have recourse to arms to decide a dispute.

Appealable, ap-pel-a-bl, a. প্রার্থনাযোগ্য: পুন-কিচাৰ প্ৰাৰ্থনা যোগ্য; Capable of being appealed. Appellant, ap-pelant, n. पुनर्सिकांद-आंबी ; The person who appeals.

Appellate, ap-pelat, a. পুৰ্বিচাৰ-সংশীদ, Relating to or having cognisance of appeals.

Appellation, ap-pel-a'shun, (See Appeal), n. आधा, नाम: The name by which a person or thing is known.

Appellative, a. मध्यानांक ; Pertaining to a common name :-- n. जाना, नान; A common name ; an appellation.

Appellee, ap-pel-e, n. याशंत विकास भूनविश्वाद প্ৰাৰ্থনা কৰা হয়; Respondent ; the defendant in an appeal. [ who appeals.

Appellor, ap-pe-lor, n. भूवविष्वां ; One Appear, ap-per, (L. appareo-ad, to, pareo, partium, to come forth) v. 2574 291; To come or be in sight ;—উপস্থিত-হ ; To be present in a court of a justice ;—erefffe-₹; To be obvious or manifest ;-- অৰুভূত-ছ : To seem ;--আৰ প্ৰকাশ-ক ; To show oneself :--অপ্রকৃত হইলেও (কোনরূপ আকারে) প্রভীয়মান হওয়া: To seem, though not real. [ witness against. Appear against—विशरक नाकानान-कृ; Bear Appear for-अविनिधि रुषा ; Represent. Appear in print-प्राच-र ; To be printed.

Appearance, ap-per'ans, #. वादिकांव, वर्षव : A phenomenon; as, an abbearance in the sky ;-- नारे, नार्क ; Apparent likeness ; as, to save appearances ;- water, wieis; Mien; air; demeanour, - नाशाव नशीरण जान्यकान : Introduction of a person to the public in a particular character, as, a person makes his appearance as an orator ;- wa : Pretence : शिक ; Act of being present.

Have a care of appearances—within | (14 लायाद बाधिक लक्ष्य बादा लादकद यान मालक छम्द्र वा Beware that your appearance do not make you be suspected.

Keep up appearances—বাঞ্জি আহম্ম বারা প্রকৃত অবস্থা পোপন-কু; Conceal the real state of things by maintaining outward show.

To graspat the appearance—district wifes FOIT; To scize upon the external show, as opposed to reality.

To make one's appearance—मन्दर डेनडिक रुषा , शक्ति रुषा ; To present one's self before. To outward appearance—ৰভাৰ বাজভাৰ বাল শ্ৰকাৰ পাৰ; As far as external appearances indicate.

To put in an, or one's appearance—with लफ वा मकाव मगरक উপश्चित श्वा ; To present one's self before a court or assembly.

To save appearance—আভাতাৰিক অবসা জানিতে ना निया वाक ठाक ठिका बकाब बाबा ; To preserve a decent outside.

To all appearance—বাহ্যিক লক্ষণ হাৱা হত দুৰ কাৰা যায়; As far as external appearances show apparently, as "John Bull to all appearance is a plain down-right, matter-of-fact man." Irving.

Appease, ap-pēz', (Fr. apaiser: L. ad, to, pax, paces, peace) v. t. ante-p; To quiet; to pacify. a.=appeasable-capable of being appeased or pacified , (উপশ্ৰণীয় )। n .=appeasement. Syn .- Allay, alleviate, relieve, pacify, mitigate, soothe, assuage, compose, quillise, calm, quiet.

Appeasive, ap-pez'ıv, a. সাধ্যাকারক; Quiet-Append, ap-pend', (L. ad, to and pendo, to hang) v. t. বোগ-কু; To add to; to attach to.

Appendage, ap-pendaj, Appendant, appen-dant, n. উপाज , উপযোগ ; अधुवस : পরিশিষ্ট ; Something added to a principal or greater thing though not necessary to it, as a portico to a house; addition; adjunct.

Appendicle, ap-pend-1-kl, n. কুত্ত উপবোধ : A sınall appendage. fing to. Appendant, ap-pendant, a. সংলগ্ধ; Belong-Appendix, ap-pendiks, n. निविष्ठ ; Something added. as at the end of a book; a supplement;

-pl.=Appendixes, ap-pend'-iks-ez, Appendices, ap-pend-is-ez.

Appertain, ap-per-tan', (Fr. from L. ad, to, pertineo, to belong. See Pertain) v. i. অন্তৰ্গত-হ; To belong to; to relate to. n.=Appertainment., Appertenance, ap-per'-tan'ans, s. Gate, That which belongs to another, adjunct, an appendage.

Appertment, ap-per'-ti-nent, Same as appurtinent, a. বিষয়ক, সম্বায়, Belonging to , n. উপায়, That which belongs.

Appetence, ap'pet-ens, Appetency, ap'pet-ens-i, (L. ad, to, peto, to seck) n প্ৰবৰ্গ থাতাৰিক ইছো, Strong natural desire,—
কামেছা, ইন্তিৰ ভোগাভিনাৰ, Sensual appetite,
—অসমভান বা মনোনীত কৰিবাৰ ইছো, Tendency to seck or select.

Appetent, ap'pet-ent, ( L. ad, to, and peto, to seek ) a. 5924, Very desirous.

Appetise, ap'pet iz, (Fr., from L. appetitus—appeto—ad, to, peto, to seek) v.t. ইছা উত্তেখিত-কু, পান ভোজনেক্ছা উত্তেখিত করা, To whet appetire.

Appetiser, ap-pet হৈলৈ, n. কুধাৰ উত্তেজক জীৱা , Something which which the appetite.

Appetite, ap'pet it (Fi, from I. appetitus—appeti—ad, to, peto, to seek) n. বুড়কা, ক্বা, The natural desire for food or drink,—শ্বা, নাল্যা, A strong desire.

Applaud ap-plawd', (L. applaudo—ad, to, plaulo, plansum, to clap) v i কৰডালি ছাৰা কান্যা, lo pruse by clapping the hards, to laid,—v : হৈছাৰ কৰিয়া প্ৰশংসা কু, To praise loudly, to commend. Syn=Praise, extol, commend.

Applause, ap-plauz', গ করতালি হারা অপলো ‡. Praise expressed by clapping the hands,— এপলো, Approbation. Syn =Acclaim, acclamation, plaudit, commendation.

Appleusive, ap-plawz-iv, a প্রশাস্থাক , That contains applause.

Apple, ap', (A S. æpl, the worn is found in all the Teutonic tongues, in the Celtic and the Slavonic) গ. বুফাবিশেষ, A well-known fruit tree,—আভা, কলাবনেষ, The fruit of the apple tree.

Apple pie order— चरावश , Perfect order or arrangement , prim and precise order , as, she keeps the house in apple pie order.

Apple of discord—বিবাদাপণীত্ত বিষয়, কল্ছ ভ কথিৰ বিষয়, A subject of contention and envy, so called from the golden apple thrown by Discord into the feast of Gods.

Apple of Pybon—আভাবিশেব, এই বল আছাৰ বাবা বামনদিবের আহার কার্য সম্পাদিত হটত . This fruits, says Sir John Mandeville, fed the pigmies with their odour only.

Apple of Bodom—বাফিক বৃত্তে প্ৰশাৰ, কিন্তু ভিতৰে ধুলা ও ভাষে পৰিপূৰ্ণ কৰ , Fruit, be autiful without, but composed of dust and ashes.

Apple of the eye—ন্য-মনি, কনীনিকা, The pupil, the eye-ball,—ন্যনভাষা সমূল থিয় বস্তু, থিয় বস্তু, থেয় বস্তু, char as dear as eye-sight, favourite, as, "You are the apple of his eye" Trollope.

Golden apple—হালাভৰ, Allurement. Prince Ahmed's apple—সকল প্ৰকাৰ বোৰেৰ উৰ্ব, A cure for every disorder. The apple of perpetual youth—বাজিৰ লী লবং বন্তেৰ কলা ইডনেৰ আংশন কল, ইহা আছালন কৰিছা নেবত গাঁ চিৰ্বোখন সম্পন্ন হয়, The apple of Idun, daughter of the dwarf Syald, and wife of Bragi. It is by tasting this apple the gods preserve their perpetual youth. (Seand. myth.).

Appliable, 1p'pli-1-bl, a. equip, Capable of bring applied, applicable.

Appliance, ap-plians, n. আবল্ধিত উপাহ, সংলয়তা, The act of applying, means used, —্যন্ত, উপাহ, the thing applied, instrument or means,

Applicable, ap'plik-a-bl, n. ন্যোলা, Fit to be applied,—উপযুক্ত; Suitable,—n=Applicability, Applicableness (উপযোগিতা)।

Applicant, ap'pik-ant, n. অপুৰোধকাৰী, আখা, আধা,

Applicancy, ap'plik-ans i, n. উপৰোপিতা, The state of being applicable.

Application, ap-plik-a'shun, ল প্রহাব, The act of applying,—গ্রহাবিজ বস্তু, The thing applied,—আবেদন, অনুবোৰ, নিনতি petition, request; entreaty,—শের ও প্রহাব, the employment of means,—মনোনি, বব, close study or attention, as application to study, এক ব্যাম দিছে আন্ত বসুর সম্পর্ক, the act of edit ring something to a pasticular ence a, i make the remark, and leave you to make the application.

Applicative, ap-plik-ativ, Applicatory, ap-plik-at-or-i, a sittly, Applying

Apply the match to the train—আরম্ভ কু, Make a beginning.

Appointment, a-pointment, n. बिरदांत, दिशे कदा, The act of appointing, as, the appointment of a fit man to the post,—शम, Station, position, as, he received the appointment of an ambassador;—অসীকাৰ. অসীকাৰ-পত্ত ; stipulation; agreement; as, an appointment for transacting business;—অস্তা; decree; command, as, divine appointments;— আপেশ; direction; as, it was done by the appointment of the judges;—বশোৰৰ; Settlement; arrangement.—pl. সন্তা; the accountement of an office; equipments.

Apportion, ap-por'shun, (I.. ad, to, and Portion—portio, portion) v. t. বিভাগ কু, ভাগ কৰিবা খেলা, অংশ অনুসাবে বংগাচিভ বিভাগ কৰা; To give a share; to distribute; to portion out; to divide in just shares. [portionate. Apportionate, ap-por'shun-at, a. বোগা; Pro-

Apportionment, ap-por snun-at, a. খোগা, rio-Apportionment, ap-por'shun-ment, n. বিভাগ, অ্টাক্বণ; The act of dividing into shares or portions; distribution.

Apposite, ap'poz-it, (L. appositus, pa p. of appono, to put to—ad, to, pono, to place) a. উপাধুর, সকত; Fit; suitable.

Appositoly, appo-zit-li, a.lv. উপযুক্ত ভাবে, ব্যক্তিয়ত, Suitably; fitly, properly.

Appositeness, ap'poz-it-nes, n. উপধেপিতা ধোপাতা; Fitness, suitableness.

Apposition, ap-poz-ishun, (See Apposite)
—বোগ; The act of adding to,—এক কাৰক; in Grammar, two nouns following each other in the same case, the latter explanatory of the former, or modifying it in some way:

\*\*n. একত্রে বা বিশ্বভাবে অব্যান প্রান্তি; state of being placed together or against.

Appraisal, ap-piaz'-al, n. মূল্য নিৰুপণ; A valuation by authority.

Appraise, ap-piaz', (Fr., appre'cier, O. Fr., apreiser, L. appretio,—are—ad, to, pretium, pince) v. t. মূলা নিৰ্দাণ—কু; বিভয়াৰ্থ মূলা নিৰ্দাণ—ক্বা; To fix the value of an article for the purpose of sale. n.=ippraisement—মূলা নিৰ্দাণ বি, A valuation put on an article.

Appraiser, ap-pia/-er, n. ই্যুলিগাক; One appointed to fix values. [ A valuation. Appraisement, ap-pia/ment, n. ম্যালিগাৰণ; Appreciable, ap-pia/shi-a-bl, a. ম্যালিগাৰণ যোগা, ভাগাংশিযোগা; That may be properly valued; capable of being estimated. adv.— Appreciably.

Approciate, ap-pre'shi-at, (L. appretia'us, A. p. of appretio—al, to, and pretium, price) v. t. মুলা বিষ্-কু; To set a proper value on, — মুণোবিত গুণাবধাৰণ কু, গুণা প্ৰ-কু; to esteem rightly;—v. i. মূলা বৃদ্ধি-হ; To rise in value. Syn=Estimate, esteem.

Appreciation, ap pie-shi-a'shun, n. ব্ৰেণ্টিভ ত্ৰান্থাৰিলা, ব্ৰেণ্টিভ ত্ৰান্থাৰণ ; A just estimate of ,—মূল্য নিৰূপণ ; the setting a value on.

Appreciative, ap-preshi-at-iv, Appreciatory, ap-preshi-at-or-i, a. effective; Implying appreciation.

Apprehend, ap-pre-hend', (L. apprehendo—ad, to, prehendo, hensum, to lay hold of, from præ and root hend, which is for hed, the n being intransive, and this akin to English get.

Compare Gr. chandano—root chad, to hold ) v. f. গুড-ড়; To take hold of; to seize by authority; as, to apprehend a thief;—-আৰু-ডন্ট, উপল্ক-ড়, অর্থনাথ করা; to conceive; to understand; to catch the meaning of;—-তম-ড়; to fear; to entertain just suspicion of; as, we apprehend calamities,—v i. আশহা-ড়; আইবাৰ-ড়; To be of opinion, believe. Syn—Conceive, understand, imagine, presume, believe, assume. Catch, seize, arrest, detain, capture. Apprehensible, ap-pre-hensi-i-bl, a. আয়-ডবনীয়; That may be apprehended.

Apprehension, ap-pre-henshun, n. প্রথা, গাঁৱণ, The act of taking or seizing;—ব্রেগার, আবেলাফুলারে অপরাধীর অপরাধ; the act of arresting by legal powers; as, the apprehension of the thief;—উপলাহি, জন্মজন ; conception; comprehension,—ভয়; suspicion; fear.

Approhensive, ap-pre-hens-iv, c. শবিত, থাশবাযুক; Fearful; in expectation of evil;— সন্ধিঃ; suspicious. n.=Apprehensiveness.

A man of dull apprehension—ছুল বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি।

A man of quick apprehension—ভীক্ত বৃদ্ধি
A man of quick apprehension—ভীক্ত বৃদ্ধি
Apprentice, ap-prent's, (Fr. apprenti, O. Fr. apprentis—apprendre—L. apprehenders, to learn. See Apprehend) n. ব্যৱসাধ-শিক্ষাৰ্থী, শিক্ষাৰ্থিক সৈ A young person learning a trade or profession;—v. t. ব্যৱসাধ শিক্ষাৰ্থ কাহাকে নিমন পতা বাৰা আৰক্ত ক; to put under a master to learn a trade or profession, to bind as an apprentice.

Apprentice fee, n. A premium received by a master for instructing an apprentice.

Apprenticeship, ap-prentis-ship, n. শিকাৰীৰ অবস্থা বা পদ; The state of an apprentice; the service or condition of an apprentice; term of being an apprentice.

To serve one's apprenticeship—ব্ৰদাৰ জানবাভাৰে কাহাৰত পিয়া-হ; To acquire the knowledge of a trade under the instruction of one skilled in it.

Apprise, ap-priz', (Fr. apprendre, pa. p. apris, to instruct, from root of Apprehend) v. t. জাঙ-ক, মন্চাৰ-বে; To inform; to give notice of.

Approach, ap-proch', (Fr. approcher, Low L. approprare—L. ad, to, prope, near) v. t. ছুল্য হ; To resemble, to come up to;—v. i. মধীপ্ৰতী-হ, নিকটে আইসে, to draw near; to approximate.

Approach, ap-proch, n. আগমন; Drawing near to,—প্রবেশাধিকার; access;—বীধি, বৃহ্ণশ্রেপী মধ্যস্থিত কুত্র পথ; ভোরণ; a path or avenue;—pl. প্রবেশের উপার; means of access; siegeworks.

Approachable, ap-pröch'a-bl, a. সুগম্য, আৰা-মান গম্য; That may be reached; accessible; n.«Approach'ment. [Approval. Approbation, n. নাম্বান, আন্মোণন, আন্মা; Approbation, ap-prob-Z'shun, Approval, ap-proov'al, n. অপুমোণন; The act of approving ,—সম্বতি , assent ,—প্ৰশংসা , commendation.

Approbatory, ap-prob-a't-or-i, Approbative, ap-prob-a't-iv, a. artifff, Containing or implying approbation, a.=approbative-ness—artifff, The love of approbation in Phrenology.

Appropriate, ap-prö'pri-at, (L. approprio, atum,—ad, to, proprius, one's own to take to one's self as one's own) ত t. বিশেষ কার্ব্যে কক্ত করিয়া রাধা, বিশেষ কার্ব্যে নিয়োগ-কু, অধিকার মতে ব্যবহার-কু আরুমাৎ-কু, To set apart for a particular purpose, to claim or use as by right,—নিক ব্যবহারে নিযুক্ত-কু, to apply to one's own use,—মাজকলিগের বৃত্তি পূথক করা, to alienate a benefice—a. বিশেষ কার্ব্যে নিযুক্ত, himited or set apart to a particular use,—মুক্তিযুক্ত, সকত, fit or suitable.

Appropriateness, ap-pro'pri It-nes, n. তপ-বোগিতা, Peculiar fitness, suitableness.

Appropriation, ap-pro-pri-I'shun, n. বিশেষ কাৰ্যে প্রয়োগ , Application to a particular purpose. a.=Appropriable.

Approvable, ap prov-a'bi, a. अन्त्याननीय, That merits approval.

Approve, ap-proov', (Fr. approuver, Prov. aprobar, L. approbo,—ntum—ad, to, and probo, to test or try—probus, good) v. চেতাৰ বিষা অশংসা কৰা; অনুমোদন-কু, সম্ভ ংওয়া, অশংসা-কু, To think well of, to be pleased with, to commend,—অনুমোদন-কু, মন্ত্ৰ কু, to sanction officially.

Approved, ap-pioovd, a. প্ৰীক্তি, Tried, a, approved medicines,—অভিনত, accepted; commended.

Approver, ap-prov-er, n. অপ্যোগনকাৰী, One who approves,—নিন্দাক বী, Informer, an accuser,—এক অপবাধে অপবাধী হইমা দেই অপবাধেৰ অন্ত অভিবৃদ্ধ অপ এক ব্যক্তির বিকল্পে সাফ্টিরাপ গৃহীত ব্যক্তি, (law) an accomplice in crime admitted to give evidence against a prisoner.

Approximate, ap proksim-at, (L. approximo, atum—at, to, proximus, nearest, euperintive of prope, near see Approach) v t. निकार भागान के, र तिकार भागान के, र तिकार भागान के, र तिकार के,

Approximative, ap-proks-im-a't-iv, a. বিকট-বৰ্ষনীয়, That approaches closely

Appurtenance, a. Atting Main, Maring, That which appertains to, an appendage a=sp-purtenant, See appertain. [Apricot. Apricock, 2'pri-kok, n. Old form of Apricot, 2'pri-kot, (O. E. apricock, Fr. abricot. The Fr. abricot was from Port. albricoque = Ar. at-borgug. But barquq is a corruption of

Low Gr. praikokion, which simply the L. procesquum or pracox carly ripe. See Precocious)
n খ্ৰানী, বদ্বীকাতীয় কল বিশেষ, A finit of the plum kind.

April, a'pril, (L. Aprilis—aperilis—aperio, to open) n. ইংৰাজী বুংসবেৰ চতুৰ্ব মানেৰ নাম;
The fourth month of the year, when the earth opens to bring forth fruits, &c.

April-fool—ৰে বাক্তি কৌত্ৰুচ্ছণে একো মানের প্ৰথম দিনে প্ৰডাবিভ হয়, গ্লালিক, One who is sportively imposed upon by others on the first of April, laughing stock.

April-morn--विवाह क्विम , Wedding day , the day when I was made a fool of

April-shower—অক্সাৎ কাছায়ী বৃষ্টি, Short sudden shower.

Apriori— 43: 194 [45]4, An a priori argument is a mode of reasoning by which we proceed from the antecedent cause to the consequent effect, or from anticipation rather than from experience. All mathematical proofs are of the a priori kind, whereas judgments in the line courts are of the a posteriori evidence, we infer the animus from the act. (See A Posteriori.)

Apron, a'prun, (O. E. and Fr. naperen—Fr. nappe, cloth, table cloth, Low L. napa, L. mappa, a naphin. This is a strange blunder A nappiron, converted into An af person. "Nappiron" is French for a nipl n) r ব্য-বৃদ্ধিপ, প্ৰিক্ত্যৱন্ধি বহিৱাৰৱণ, A cloth or leather worn on the front part of body to defend the clothes from injury,—আজ্বাস, A covering, as of lead or sinc.

Apron man-अमन्त्रेश, Workman.

Apropos, a-pro-po', (Fr. afropus—L. pono, to place) ad আত্রামানুরপ, সঙ্গর্গে, To the purpose, appropriately—সময়ত, opportunctly,—অনুসারে, সমরে, in reference to.

Apse, aps, (L. and Gr. apsis, arch, vault) n.
ধলা বাহ মঙলাকাৰ বেদাৰ পদাংভাগ . The domed
part of a church where the altar is placed.

Apsis, ap' is, (Gi. hapsis, from hapto, hapso, to connect) n. এই গমন পাৰে মানাচ্চ, One of the two points in an elliptical orbit which are at the greate t and at the least distance from the central body,—plu=Ap'sises, ap'si-dez, Apses ap' iz.

Apt, ipt, (L aptas, fit—apo, to join, cog. with Gr hapto, to connect) a. উপযুক্ত, bit, suitable,—গামী, liable, used of things,—ইছুক, disposed, ready, used of persons—ভংগন ready, quick, prompt. Syn.=Ready, prompt clever.

Apteral, ap'ter-al, (Gr. a, priv. and pteron, wing) a a artist, Without wings.

Apterous, ap'ter-us, a. পক্ৰিয়াল . Wingless. Apteryx, ap'ter-ik-, (Gr. a, priv and pteron, wing) a লাকুল্যাল পকাৰিশেব , A bud of New Zealand, with short rudiments of wings, and without a tail.

Aptitude, apti-tud, ( Low L. apptitude-abe.

to join, see Apt ) n. प्रश्नाद ; वर्ष ; अवृद्धि ; Tendency; propensity; as oil has an aptitude to burn ;-- উপবোদিতা ; A general fitness ;--শিকাপট্ডা; ভংপরতা; readiness in learning; docility; as "a boy of remarkable aptitude." Aptness, apt-nes, ম. শিক্ষাপট্ডা ; A readiness

or quickness of learning ;—বোগাড়া; fitness. Aptote, ap'tot, (Gr. a, priv. and ptotos, fallen, declined) n. कादकविशीन विद्यावा; An indeclin-[ sion of fever.

able noun. Apyrexis, n. Witt विशेष काल : The intermis-Aqua, 3'kwa, (L.) n. WT; Water.

Aquafortis, a'kwa-for'tis, (L. aqua, water, fortis, strong=(lit) strong water) n. नवर्षादक ; Nitric acid.

Aquamarina, Ekwa-ma-rina, n. नव्यवर् अवव विर्मंत ; A fine variety of beryl (=a precious stone of a greenish colour).

Aque regie, a'kwa-réji-a, n. यवकाव नवनात्रक ; Nitro muriatic acid.

Aquarium, a-kwa'ri-um, (L. aqua, water) n. बनक बुरक्तद कृतिम कनानद्र ; बनक छेडिम ७ अन-ভ্রমণপ্রে বাধিবার পাত্র বা জলাশয়; An artificial pond for cultivating water plants; a tank or vessel for water plants and animals; a public collection of such tanks :--plu.=Aquáriums or Aquára.

Aquarius, a-kwari-us, ( L. aqua, water ) n. कुछ्याणिक रिक्षकाण वाविवाश्क, कुछवाणि; The waterbearer, a sign of the Zodiac.

Aqua vite, a'kwa-vite, (L. aqua, water, vita, of life-vita, life=(lit) water of life) n. API वित्नव , Water of life ; brandy or other spirit. Aquatic, akwat'ik, Aquatical, akwat'k-al, a. বারিদকোত্ত; উদক; Pertaining to water: as aquatic animal; - चन्छ ; frequanting water; as, aquatic fowls ;-- बन्द वा चन्द्र ; Living or growing in water.

Aquatics, n. pl. জন্মীড়া; Aquatic sports; amusements on the water, as boating, &c.

Aqueduct, ak'we-duct, (L. aqua, waterduco, ductum, lead) n. बन्धनानी ; भवःखनानी ; An artificial channel for conveying water.

Aqueous, a. जनमङ, जनमःकांख, जानाहरू : जन-मक्टि ; Watery ; pertaining to or arising from water; deposited by water.

Aqueous humour—চকুর আংশিক ভরণ পদার্থ विर्णेष ; A transparent fluid, forming part of the eve.

Aquiline, ak'wil-in, or-in, (L. a quila, cagle) a. मेनल शकी मश्कीय ; क्किड, मेनल शकीय ठक्ट श्राप्त बक ; Relating to the eagle ; hooked or curved like the beak of an eagle.

Arab, ar'ab, n. আবৰবাসী; A native of Arabia; -পবিভাক্ত বা গৃহহীন বালক বালিকা; Neglected or homeless boy or girl.

Street Arabs-লবিজলোক; পৃহহীন বালক বালিকা; The houseless poor; street-children.

Arabesque, ar'a-besk, (Fr. It. arabesce ;esco, corresponding to English,—ish) a. जावन ক্লপতি বিদ্যাব অপুৰায়ী; After the manner of the Arabian architecture ;—n. কাল্পনিক পভাবি বিশিষ্ট

চিত্রিভ বা বোদিভ ভূবণ ; A painted or sculptured ornament consisting of imaginary foliage. Arabio, ar'ab-ik, Arabian, ar'abian, e. नार्

সৰ্থীয়; Pertaining to Arabia.

Arabic, ar'ab-ik, (L. Arabicus) n. जाददा ভাষা; The language of the Arab.

Arabiam, ar'ab-ism, n. आदवा छावाद दिर्वद বীতি ; Arabic idiom.

Arabist, arab-ist, व्याववा कावाद निव्य: One [ Poetic for Arabia. versed in Arabic. Araby, ar'ab-i, n. कविकञ्चिक श्रादवा (मानद बांव : Arable, ar'a-bl, (L. arabilis-aro; cog. with Gr. ares, to plough, A. S. erian, E. Ear, v. t., Ir. araim) a. কর্গ-বোগ্য; Fit for tillage; tillable. Araneous, a-ra'ne-us, (L. aranea, spider. spider's web) a. থাকড়গাৰ ভাগৰং; Resembling a cob-web.

Arbalest, ar'bal-est, Arbalist, ar'bal-ist. Arbalet, arbal-et, Arcubalist, arku-balist, (L. arcubalista, fr. arcus, bow, and balista, a military engine for projectiles, fr. Gr. ballein, to throw) n. বক্ৰগুৰ ; A cross-bow.

Arbalister, är'bal'ist-er or arba-listér, Arcubalister, ärkubalist-er, n. 174; A cross-bow-man.

Aramic, ar-a-mā'ik, Aramean, ar-a-mean, a. शार्तिष्ठाहरन উত্তৰ-পূর্ম ক্রিড আহোমিরা নাম্ক वारमन मःकांस वा देशाव कावा मःकांस ; Relating to Aramæa, the whole of the country to the N. E. of Palestine, or to its language, a branch of the Semitic.

Arbiter, ar'bit-ér, Arbitrator, ar'bi-tra-tur, (L. ar = ad, to and bito (cog. with Gr. bai-no). to go or come; sig. one who comes to look on, a witness, a judge) n. ম্বার ; One appointed to settle a matter in dispute between two or more persons; an umpire; -fem .= Ar bitress, Ar'bitratrix. f cision; determination.

Arbitrament, ar-bitra-ment, n. নিশান্তি; De-Arbitrament of the sword—মুদ্ধ বাৰা বিবাদ मीमारना ; The settlement of a quarrel by an appeal to arms.

Arbitrable, ar-bitra-bl, a. বিচারকোরা; Determinable; arbitrary. [ tration. Arbitral, ar-bit'ral, a. विकास मन्त्रीय ; Of arbi-Arbitrarily, ar-bitr-ar-i-li, adv. (काहोहादिका-পুর্মক; Despoticly; absolutely.

Arbitrary, arbitr-ar-i, a. (मशृष्ट कालिय) हेळाव-बाबी; निषम विक्रकारी, (बद्धाराबी; Depending on the will (as of an arbiter); not bound by rules; despotic; absolute; ruled by will only; -n .= Arbitrariness -- ( Toptelfast ; -- Syn .= Absolute, despotic, unlimited, tyrannical.

Arbitrate, arbitr-at (L. ar=ad, to, and bito (cog. with Gr. baino), to go or come; sig. one who comes to look on, a witness, a judge) v. i. মধাৰতা কথা; নিশান্তি-কু; To act as an arbiter; to hear or decide a disputed matter; to deter-

Arbitration, n. বিচার-নিপত্তি; নালিনী; The hearing and deciding of a disputed matter by one or more persons.

Arbitrator, ar-bi-tra tur, n. महाप्, A person chosen to decide a dispute, an umpire.

Arbor, ar'bor, (A corr of harbour, a shelter) স. বিকুল্প , An inclosed seat in a garden, covered with branches of trees, plants, &c , a bower.

Arbor, ar'ber, (L. arbor, axis) n. অক্ষৰ, আন,
The principal axis which communicates motion
to the other parts of a machine.

Arboreous, ar-bor'e us, Arborous, ar-bor'us, a বৃত্তসংখ্যীর, Belonging to trees

Arboresence, ar-bor-esens, Arborisation, ar-bor-i-há-shun, n. বৃক্ষদৃশ ধাতুৰ অব্যব, The resemblance of a tree in minerals,—বৃক্ষাকৃতি ক্ষিক, groups of crystals in the form of a tree.

Arborescent, ar bor-esent, (L arboresco, to become a tree—arbor, a tree) a বৃহ্বৰ, Resembling a tree,—বৃহ্বৰ, বৃহ্বৰ, Growing like tree Arbored, ar-boid, a. Furnished with an arbour.

Arboret, ar-bor et, n. কুমুর্ক , কুমুর্করাজি , A small tree , a shrubbers

Arboretum, ai-bor-trum, (L.—arbor, a tree)

# আদৰ্ বৃহ্বাদিৰ উৎকৰ্ষণৰ বোগা হাল, A place
for cultivating trees and shrubs plu =Arbortla.

Arboriculture, airbor i-kult-ur, (=the culture of trees, esp timber-trees. I. arbor, and culture-cultura from colo. culus, to cultivate) গ বৃহ্ব বৃহণ ও ব্যোপা বিদ্যা, The art of planting and managing trees and shrubs.—a =

Arboricultural.

Arbornoulturist, টা böri-kul"tur ist, n বৃক্ বোপণে ও বৃক্ণে অভিজ্ঞ, One who practices arbornoulture [ tudics trees

Arborist, ar-bor ist n উল্পান বিব One who Arbusele, ar'bus d, (L arbuseu'a, dim of arbor) n আভ কুলু বুজ A dwarf tree [ like Arbuseulsr, ar'bus ku-lar, a ভব্বৰ, Shrub

Arbute, at bat (L arbutus, akin to arbor ব tree) n নভা বিশেষ, এক প্রকার বিবহরিত ছোচ সাস্থ, I he shrubetry tree, an exergreen shrub which be its fruits resembling the striketry

Arc, atk, (L. arcus, a bow) n. 3848, A part of a cuck or a curved line.

Arcade, n ark ad', (Fr —L. arcata ar hid — areus, a bow) n. বৃত্তাংশ শ্রেণ, A veries of arches, — বৃত্তামন্তিত কুম পথ, তোৱণ, A walk arched above, avenue

Arcadian, ark-adi in. a প্রাবদেশের অন্তর্গত আক্তিয়া প্রদেশ স শক্ত প্রায়া, Relating to Arca dia, a di trict in Greece, pu total, rural

An Arcadian youth—48. A dunce or blockhead, so called because the Arcadians were the least intellectual of all the Greeks

Arcanum, ark Inum, (I arcanus, secret clo cd—arca, a chest) n গোপনীয় বিষয়, মৃহস্ত, A mystery, a secret.

Arch, arch, (L arcus, a bow) n আৰ্থানাকৃতি
বিশান, ভোৰণ, A part of a circle or curve, the
circular part of any building, a gateway,—v t.
বিশানক, To cover with an arch,—বিশানক,
To tour an arch,—a, (A, S, earg timed) বুৱ,

চতুৰ, ৰাপিক, A cunning, sly, shrewd, waggish, mischievous in spirit, roguish;—নধাৰ, chief, principal

Arohed, archd', (L and Gr. arch:-Gr. archë, beginning) a বিশাৰ বাবা আৰুত, Covered with an arch; — অপ্তানাকৃতি বিশিষ্ট, curved.

Triumphal arches wide, Magnificent structure erected to adorn a triumph and perpetuate the memory of any event

Court of arches—পুরুকাবর ধর্ম সহতে বিচারা-ক্য, A very ancient court belonging to the Archbishop of Canterbury for deciding ecclesiastical matters.

Arch stone-Key stone.

Archway, archwin (stat A way or passing under an arch, an aperture in a building covered with an arch

Arch angel, aik-anjel, (Arch, chief, and Angel) n স্কোচন্দ্ৰ মুত্ত, An angel of the highest order —a Arch-angelic

Arch bishop, arch bishup, (Arch, chief and Bishop) n সর্ক্তবাশাচার, A chief bishop, a metropolitin

Arch bishopric arch-bi hup rik গ নক প্রধানাচায়ের অধিকার, The verisdiction of srch bishop

Arch deacon, arch dt'kn (Arch chief and Deacon) দ ইংবাছের মকাপ্রধান জ্ঞানাবোর সহকারী, One who assists the bishop in the Conserment of his diocese.

Archdeaconry arch-di'kn ri, n. আণ্ডাৰের প্ল, The officer of an archd তেন — কাণ্ডাৰের বাসস্থান, The residence of an archder an,— আণ্ডাৰে অধিকাৰ, The jurisdiction of archdeacon

Archdosconship, Iich di'kn ship, n সক্ষাৰী প্ৰধান আংশোৰে পদ The office of in irchdoscon Archidisconsi, irch i kn il a আচাৰ্য্য মন ন্যান Pertuning to in ucl de icon

Archdiocese, aich dio কে (Arch chief and doce (rr. die and class, a house) n সন্দ প্ৰাৰাম্যেণ্ড অধিকাৰ, The diocese of an arch bishop

Archituchess, arch-duchee n বাজপুত্রী, A prince sef the House of Austria

Archduko, arch duk (Arch and duke—Fr. duc-1 di dunis a hadei—duco to lead) n জ্বীষা শেশীয় বাজপুত্ৰ, Prince of the House of Au tila

Archdukedom, archdukdom, শ. অধীয়া গেশের ইবরাজের রাজা, অধ্যান দেশীয় ব্রবাজের আব কার, The territory of an archduke or arch duchess, the jurisdiction of an archduke or archduchess

Archeology, at ke-olo-ji, (Gr ar he, beginmin and lo, s discourse) n প্ৰবাবেৰ সাহি-ভাগি বিয়াক বিভাল, The science that treats of ancient things or antiquities,—a = Aicheolog cal

Archaic, arki'ik, Archaical, arki'ik al. (Ur archailos ancient) a Atlas afirtas, Ancient, antiquated, gone out of use, obsolete.

Archaism, ar-ka'-izm, (Gr. archaikos, ancient) n. প্রাচীৰ প্রয়োগ ; An obsolete word or phrase.

Arch-enemy, n. ন্যভান ; The evil one ; Satan. Archeologist, ar-ke-olist, n. প্রাচীন সাহিত্যাদিতে পণ্ডিত ; One skilled in ancient things and learning.

Archer, aich-er, (Fr.—arc, L. arcus, a bow) n. ধাৰ্ক, ধৰ্ধৰ; ধাৰ্কী; One who is skilled in the use of the bow;—fem.=Arch'cress.

Archery, archer-i, n. (क्षिणा); The art of using the bow.

Archerype, arke-tip, (Gr. arche archi; original, and types, a model) n. আঘদ ; The original or model from which a thing is made;—a.=Archetypal—আদিম; Original.

Archiepiscopal, ark-i-ep-iskop-al, a. (Arch, chief and L. episcopatus—Gr. episkopos, an overscer, a bishop. See Bishop) a. নৰ্বস্থানাচাৰ্য্য সংক্ষ্য, Belonging to an archbishop.

Archiepiscopscy, ark-i-ep-i/kūp-a-si, n. সংগ্ৰাৰ আংবাৰে পদ বা অধিকাৰ; Dignity or prosince of an archbishop.

Archimedean screw—वन डेंगेहेबांव रह ; A

Archipelago, ঠাk-i-pela-go, (Gr. archi, chief, pelago, sca) n. স্বিয়ন দাসৰ; The chief sea of the Greeks, or the Ægeon sea;—ছীপপুষ্ধ নিজন কৰিব, নিজনি কৰিব, লাগিবছোঁ; now frequently applied to a cluster of islands,—a = Archipelagic.

Architect, Aiki tekt, (Gr. architekton—archi, chief and tekton, a builder) n. ছপতি বিদ্যা-বিদ, One who designs and plans buildings:— বিশ্বা, A maker.

Architect of one's fortune—বিনি আপন কেঠাৰ অব্যাৰ উল্লিচ কৰেন, One who betters or improves his position in life by his own exertions. Architect of the gods—বিষক্ষা।

Architective, arki tekt-iv, a. প্রানাদে ব্যবহৃত বা প্রানাদেশিবোগী, Used in or proper for buildings. Architectonic, arki-tekt-oh-ik, a. স্পৃতি বিশ্যা-বিশাব্য, Skilled in architecture.

Architectonies, arki-tekt-oń-iks, n. সুপতি-

Architecture, ark-i tektur, n. গৃহনিশ্বাণ বিদা।;
স্পতিবিদ্যা; The art or science of building;
—গঠন; Frame or structure; workmanship;—
a.=Architectural.

Architrave, arki-tiav, (It. from Gr. archi, chief, and L. trabs a beam—the chief beam)
n. ভাষেৰ মাজৰ মুশোভিত আৰু; In arch, the part of an entablature which rests immediately upon the capitol.

Archives, arkivz, (Fr.—Gr. archeion—arche, government—the place in which government records are kept) n. pl. বিচাৰাস্থ্যৰ প্ৰাদি; Public records;—সেবেডাধানা; দওবধানা; the place where they are kept. [ keeper. Archivist, ärkiv-ist, n. সেবেডাদান; A record-Archon, arkon, (Gr.—archo, to be first, to rule) n. আবেশবানী দিগেব অধান বিচাৰণতি, প্ৰা-

কানীয় এংশেষানীদিগের নয়জন প্রধান বিচারপভিত্ব অক্তম; A chief magistrate among the ancient Athenians; one of the nine chief magistrates who at one time governed ancient Athens.

Arctic, arktik, (Gr. arktos, a bear) a. উত্তৰ-দিৰভাৰত্ব; উত্তৰ কেন্দ্ৰিত; Pertaining to the north; northern.

Arctic circle—ইবৰ কেন্দ্ৰ; An imaginary line which passes round the north pole at a distance of 23 from it.

Arctic current, n. উত্তৰ খোড; An ocean current which originates in the north polar regions and flows southwards to the equator. Arctic regions—উত্তৰ কেন্দ্ৰিয় প্ৰদেশ, The lands surrounding the north pole.

Arctics, atkitks, n. অন অব্যোধক শীতভাবের জুড়া বিশেষ; Warm water-proof winter over-shoes. Arctic-sea, n. উত্তর মহাসাগর; The sea lying around the north pole.

Ardency, arden-si, (L. ardeo, to burn) n. উৎসাহ; উৎসুক); Warmth of passion; zeal; cagerness.

Ardent, ärdent, (L. ardens—ardeo, to burn)
a. উত্তপ্ত; Hot or burning—অনুবাৰী; উৎসাধপুৰ্ব;
Warm; affectionate; zealous. adv.=Ardently.
Ardent spirits—পোৰিত বুৰা; Distilled spirits.
Ardour, ardor, (L. ardeo, to burn) n. উত্তাপ;
Warmth;—অনুবাৰ; উৎসাহ; Fervency; eagerness.

Arduous, ardu-us, (L. arduus, high, akin to Celt. ard, high, height) a. 353, 3:713; Difficult to accomplish; attended with great labour.

—n.=Arduousness, ad=Arduously.

Are, ar, (M. E. ar-en was the northern form which took the place of A. S. sindon. Dan. eres, ar-en=as-en, er-e=es-e; the root is as, to be seen in L. es-se, s-um, for es-um. akin to sans. as (অস), to be) n. ৰাকা, ছত্যা, সু বাড়ৰ বৰ্ষাৰ কাল্যতক বছৰতৰ লক; The plural of the present indicative of the verb to be,—ক্ষাসি সেম্প্রেম্বাপ; A French measure=100 square meters. Area, z're-a, (L. probably from aroo, to dry) n. স্বত্ত ভূমি; Any plain surface;—অস্ব প্রকার; Any enclosed or open space around a building;—ক্ষেক্র; The superficial contents of any figure. Areca, z're ca, n. হ্পারি বিশেষ; The betel-nut. Areca nut—হপারি বাছ।

Arefy, ai'c-fi, (L. arere, to be dry and facere, face, to make) v. t. SU-7; To dry;—n.=Arefac'tion—SUS; dryness.

Arons, a-re'na, (L. arena, sand=(lit) an open space strewed with sand for combatants) n. বস্থান ; An open space for public exhibition. Aronacoous, a-re-na'she-us, (L. arenaceous, from arena, sand) a. বাসুকা-ধর্ম বিশিষ্ট; বেলিয়া; Sandy; of the nature of sand.

Arenose, a-re-nos, Arenous, a-re-nus, a. বালুকামৰ; Sandy.

Areola, a-réo-la, (L. dim. of area) n. চুচুকেৰ চতু:পাৰ্য কুক বেৰা, ভেলা; The coloured ring round the mbble,—a.=Areolar. plu.=Areolæ, a-réo-le. Areometer, a-re-ome-ter, (Gr. arcios, thin, rare, and metron, measure) n. অনীৰ আংশিকৰ ভাৰ পৰিবাশক বস্তু : An instrument for measuring the specific gravity of liquids.

Areopagite, ar-e-op'aj-it, n. আংশেল বৰ্ণবেল থাবাৰ বিচাৰাল্যৰ সভা: A member of the Areopagus. Areopagra, ar-e-op'ag-us, (L.—Gr. Areios pagos, hill of Ares or Mars) n. আবেল নগৰছ পথাৰ বিচাৰালয়; A famous court of justice at Attens, so called from its being held on Mar's hill at Athens.

Argent, arjent, Argentine, arjent-in, (Fr.— L. argentum, silver—Gr. arges, white) a. Givis,; Like silver; silvery;—Essi; Bright;—n. The white colour in coats of arms. Argentan, arjen-tan, n. German silver.

Argentine, arjen-tin, n. ৰাড় বিশেষ; A mineral. Argil, arjil, (L. argilla, Gr. argillos, white clay, from argos, white) কুম্বভাৱের মৃত্তিকা; Pure clay; potter's clay.

Argillaceous, arj-ill-2'shus, (L. argilla—Gr. argillos, white clay, argos, white) a. মৃত্তিকা সম্বীয়; Clayey;—কোমল মৃত্তিকা প্রকৃতি বিশিষ্ট; Of the nature of clay.

Argive, ar'jiv, a. Pertaining to Argos in Greece. [Colchis.

Argo, ar-go, n. Ship in which Jason went to Argonaut, argo-nawt, (Gr. argo, and nautes, a sailor) n. যাইবো বেবন সহ আগো নামক জাহাজে ক্যিতে বাজা কবিয়াছিল; One of the persons, who sailed into Colchis with Jason, in the ship Argo, in quest of the golden fleece.

Argosy, ar'go-si, (Prov. from the ship Argo)

n. বাশিলাপোড; A merchant vessel, richly laden.

Argue, arg'u (Largus, to prove from root of Gr. argos, clear, and so=to make clear) v. f.

ভৰ্ক বিভক ৰাবা প্ৰধান কৰা, বাশালবাদ কৰা; To prove by argument; to discuss:—v. i. যুক্তিপ্ৰদৰ্শন কৰা, ভৰ্ক কৰা, বিৰাদ কৰা; To offer reasons, to reason; to dispute.

Argued away—তৰ্কাৰা উড়াইৰা দে; as, "His inemorial was laughed and argued away by Mr. Money."

Argued into a beauty—Showed by argument to be a beauty; as, "It was difficult now to find even a fault that had not been argued into a beauty" Irving

Be argued into or but—ডৰ্বিডৰ্ক ও বৃত্তি ছাবা কোন বিবাদে উপনীত বা কোন বিবাদ অপনীত হওৱা; Be persuaded into believing or renouncing something by argument; as, "Never be argued out of your honour". Lytton.

Argument, arg'u-ment, (L. argumentum—argue, to prove—from root of Gr. argos, clear)
n. মুকি; A reason alleged;—হেতুবাল; বাদাহবাদ; A series of reasons; a discussion:—তর্কবাণালী;—A process of reasoning:—নির্কট;
সাংলাচনায় বিষয়;—the subject matter of a discourse or abstract.

Have the best argument—ভাৰ্ক ক্ষী-ছ। Argumentable, ärg'ū-menta-bl, a. বিচাৰ-বোগা; That may be argued. Argumentation, ärg-u-ment-a'shun, n. আ-প্রাণী;.The process or act of reasoning. Argumentative, arg-u-mentat-iv, a. মুডিপুর্ণ; Consisting of argument:—মুডিপুর্ণক; Showing reasons for:—ভর্তার; Fond of arguing. n.m. Argumentativeness.

Argumintatively, är-gū-mentativ-li, adv.
মৃতিপ্ৰদৰ্শন্ত্ৰ ; In an argumentative manner.
Argumentatum ad hominem, n. নিমন বা বিপ
কেব বাৰহাৰ হইতে গৃহীত বৃত্তি; Argument drawn
from the principles or conduct of an antagonist.
Argus, arg'us, (Gr.—argos, bright) n. শতচ্ছ্বিশিষ্ট কাম্ননিক প্ৰাণ্ড; A fabulous being with
hundred eyes — অতীত মতৰ্ব বৃত্তি; সভাগ বৃত্তি;
A very watchful person. [lant.

Argus eyed—নতর্ক; Jealously watchful; vigi-Argute, arg'ut, a. চতুৰ; ভাঁক বুলিবিশিষ্ট; Acute; shrewd; subtle. [air or tune. Arisa, a'ri-a, (Fr.—Laër, the air) n. মূৰ; An Arisan, a'ri-an, n. এবিছন্মের মতবাদা ব্যক্তি: একেবৰ-বাদা; Followers of Arius, who taught that Jesus was inferior to God, but affirmed that he was the greatest of created beings; a unitarian.

Arian, a'ri-an, a. ঝাইেৰ ইম্বৰ্থে অবিধানী আলেক্-ভাজিম্বাৰানী অৱিথন সংক্ৰান্ত; Pertaining to Arius of Alexandria, who denied the divinity of Christ. Arianism, B'ri-on-ism, n. অৱিয়নদিপের মৃত; অকেব্ৰানীড়; The doctrines of the Arians; unitarianism.

Ariette, a'r-e'ta, n. A little air or tune.

Arid, arid, (L. aridus, from areo, to be ary) a. তছ; Dry; parched. [ কছড়া; Dryness, Aridity, a-ridi-ti, Aridness, ánd-nes, n. Arios, ম'ন-ইহ, (L. a ram) n. বেহুৱাৰ, 'I he Ram, the first of the twelves signs of the Zodi-ac:—ছগাৰি ভাজিবাৰ আনিৰ ব্যাবশেষ; An ancient battering ram. [Rightly; in a right way, Aright, a-it, adv. সমাক; ম্বাহিড; নাইবেং; মেণাইড, a-লাই, (Prefix a (as in Abide) and Rise) v. i. বাজোবাৰ-ড়; Rise; to get up:—উৎপর-ড়; To proceed from:—মাবোহ্য-ড়; To ascend;—ম্বাহার ক্রিক্তার হত্যা; To come into view.

Aristocracy, ar-is-tokras-i, (G. aristos, best, and kratos, power) n. সম্ভাত্তম ; মেশেৰ ন্যাত্ত লোক ; কুলীৰ মশুদাই ; Government by nobles ; the nobility or chief of a country.

The cold shade of the aristocracy—সর্ভ-গণের অবহেশা; The unsympathising patronage of the great

Aristocrat, aris-to-krat, n. কুণীৰ স্পাদ্যের বোক; One who belongs to or favours an aristociacy:—অহম্বারী বাজি; গর্কিত লোক; An overbearing man; a haughty person.

Aristocratic, ar-is-to-kratik, Aristocratical, ar-is-to-kratik-al, a. কুৰীৰ সম্বায় : Belonging to the aristocracy :— অহমার) ; গর্মিত : Familiarly, haughty.

Aristocratically, ar-is-to-kratik-nl-li, adv. সমাতভাবে, গর্মিতভাবে; In an aristocratical manner; haughtily.

Aristocratism, ar-is-to-kratism, n. কুলীৰ মস্ত্ৰাধ্যেৰ মৃত ; The principals of aristocrats. Aristotelian, ar-is-tote'li-an, a. আবিষ্টটেল বা ভাষাৰ বিজ্ঞানন্দ্ৰীয়; Pertaining to Aristotle, a Greek philosopher, or his philosophy, —n. আবিষ্টটেলেৰ মভাৰল্থী; A follower of Aristotle. Arithmancy, ar'ith-man'ল, n. [Gr. a thmos, number, and manteia, divination.] অভ থাবা ভবিষ্যৎ গণৰা; Divination by numbers.

Arithmetic, ar-ithmet-ik, [ Gr. arithmetike ( techne, art ), relating to numbers—arithmos, number.] n. গণিত-বিদা); পাটাগণিত; The science of numbers; the art of reckoning by figures.

Arithmetical, ar-ithmet-ik-al, a. পাটাগণিত বিশ্বক ; Pertaining to arithmetic.

Arithmetically, ar-ith-metik-al-li, adv. গণিত বাৰা; গণিতের নিম্ম অমুমারে; By anthmetic, according to the rules or principles, or method of arithmethic.

Arithmetician, ar-ith-me-tishyan, n. আছ-বিদ্যা বিশাবদ; One skilled in arithmetic.

Arithmometer, ar-ith-mome-ter, a. [Gr. arithmos, number and metron, measure.] পানা বা; An abacus; an instrument to facilitate arithmetical calculations.

Ark, ark, n. [A. S. arc—L. arca, a chest—arceo, to guard.] ইবর ব্যবস্থার, A chest in which the Jewish law and covenant were kept;—অসমকালে যে জাগতে নোমা এবং ঠাহার পবিবারবর্গ বিকিত গ্রমানিক। The large floating vessel, in which North and his family were preserved during the deluge,—নৌবা বিশেষ, বৃহৎ পোড; A large boat for transporting bulky articles. You must have come out of the ark or you were born in the ark—তৃমি মারাভার আম্বের লোক; চলিত ঘটনা বিষয়ে তৃমি অত্যন্ত অজ; You are very ignorant of current events.

Arm, arm, n. [A S.; cog. with L. armus. the shoulder-joint, Gr. harmos, a joint. From root ar-, to fit.] বাই, The limb between the shoulder and the hand, -- বুকের শাখা; The branch of a tree or the slender part of a machine projecting from a trunk or axis; -- नमुद्भाद শাখা ; A narrow inlet of the sea ;— নৈক্ত-বিভাগ ; A branch of military service; as, cavalry or infantry; -(fig) #18; Strength; power; as the secular arm ,—অৰু ; a weapon ;—v. t. আৰু বাবা সজিভ করা; To furnish with arms :--ধাত্যর পাত্র ৰাবা শেড়াই কৰা; To cover or furnish with a plate ;-- fig. পুঢ করা ; সবল করা ; To furnish with means of defence; to prepare for resistance: to fortify in a moral sense ,—v. i. অন্ত প্ৰহণ করা; to take up arms.

Arm in arm—হাত ধরাধরি করিয়া; The arm of one person being placed within that of another; as:—They went arm in arm along the streets.—Dickens.

Have a long arms,—বহদুৰ পৰ্যান্ত কাহান্ত ক্মতা অপুতৰ কৰাইতে সমৰ্থ হওয়া; Be able to make one's power be felt far and wide; as:—Beton was to find that the English had a long arm— Froude.

One's right arm,—প্রধান সহায়; প্রধান উত্তর বাবক; One's principal supporter. Arm chair, n. হাত কেশ্বা; A chair with arms to support the elbows.

Arm-ful, armful, যতটা বাহ বাবা এবণ কৰা বাইতে পাৰে: As much as the arms can embrace.

Armlot, armlet, n. বাছ; A little arm;—বন্ধ; a bracelet [ round the shoulder. Armpit, drmpit, n. বাহ্যুব; বনন; The cavity Arm's length, a. বাহ্যুব; The length of the arm;—দুৱে; at a distance.

To keep or hold at arm's length, -नूरव दादा, To keep at a distance.

At a arm's length—বাছবিতাৰ পৰিমাণ বুৰে;
বুৱে; At the length or distance of the arm; at
a distance. as .—(a) The doctor, leaning back
in his chair, with his hand in his breast as
usual, held a book from him at arm's length—
Dickens. (b) "Fool!" she went on, throwing
him off from her at arm's length as a sudden
suspicion strung her.—C. Kingsley. [ prepared.
Armed at all points,—সম্পূৰ্বপ্ৰস্তুত; Fully
Armed to the teeth,—আপাদ মুক্ত আৰু বাবা
স্বিপ্তত, Ai med at all points.

Armed force,—বৈক ; A body of soldiers.

Armed neutrality—আগ্রাক'ৰ্য প্রস্তুত হইবা আৰচ কোন পক অবশ্বন না করিয়া নিরপেক ভাবে অবছিতি; The condition of a neutral power, which holds itself in readiness to resist by force any aggression of either belliggrant, between which it is neutral.

Arms, armz, n. pl. [L. arma (lit) 'fittings'; Gr. harmona, the tackling of a ship—root ar—, to fit, conn. with Arm, the limb] জ্যু, Weapons of war,—কুল-চিহু; Armorial ensigns,— বুদ্ধ-পাতি, Deeds or exploits of war.

To be in arms against, নুৰে ৰঙ্গ প্ৰত হয়। থাকা; To be in a state of hostility, or preparation for war against as —All Latium is in arms against his little force of adventures—W. L. Collins.

Bear arms, - र्कार्थ आह शादन दा वावराव कवा; Carry or use arm, as a soldier: as:—In actual war the massacre of prisoners—at least of prisoners fit to bear arms—was very common.

To be under arms,—र्क नका कविश शाका;
To be armed and in readiness for fighting; as —Of the males in the vigour of life, a seventh part were probably under arms.—Macaulay.

A stand of arms, — ao कन देना छन्न नम्ख नाक; A complete set for one soldier.

By force of arms—उत्वादि महिर्पा: उत्वार्ण व महिर्पा: By the power of the sword. as:—He will expel these intruders at once, and demand the princess from her father by force of arms. Ground one's arms—इविर्घा श्रीम ब्ला, स्व करिर्धा अश्रीकांव कवा; Lay or place ones arms on the ground, hence to decline to fight. as:— The same vacillating and inconstant politician, who as tribune had repudiated a popular measure, had now once more abandoned his post, and grounds! his arms in the moment of victory.—Dean Merivale. Pass of arms, - चत्रांदि कांदा कर ; A kind of combat with swords.

Passage of arms—4744; An encounter, as at a joust or tournament;—44[466], 64 466; A sharp dispute.

Cost of arms, -বীরপুর্বদিপের ব্লোপরি অন্তঃ বা বোদিত কৌনিভাত্তক চিক্ত; In heraldry, an armortal device or distinction: as:—The coat of arms are three half-moons.

Rings have long arms,—বাজার সহিত বিবাদ কবিত না, কাবণ ভাষাৰ ক্ষমতা বহুদ্ব বিবৃত . ( Proverb ) Do not quarrel with a king as his power and authority reach to the end of his dominions.

Lay down one's arms—পরাজিত হইরা শক্তর निक्रे क्या मयर्गन क्या ; Surrender one's arms to an enemy : as :- When Hungary rose, he ordered his columns to pass the border, and forced the insurgent army to lay down its arms Present arms,—डेक कर्यरादीय अखियागन या मणाबार्थ मंदीरवद मणुर्य मदलकारव आज दका कहा, Put the arms in a perpendicular position in front of the body, as in saluting a superior officer, or in token of respect. as :- All the armies of earth might be conceived as presenting arms to the emancipatedman .- De Quincey Rise in arms,-- नव चार्य प्रशासन इत्या ; Assume a hostile attitude. as .- The Allobroges at the first outbreak of Cataline's insurrection had risen again in arms. - Dean Metivale.

Stand to one's arms—অধ্বন্ধেৰ সহিত বুছ চালাৰ ; বুছ হইতে বিষ্ঠ লা হত্যা; Continue or persevere in fighting; opposed to lay down one's arms. as .—Even at that extremity the Mendip miners stood bravely to their arms, and sold their lives dearly —Macaulay.

Take up arms—ৰুদ্ধ আনত কৰা , অন্ত ধাৰণ কৰা ; Begin war ; to arm for attack or defence.

Throw oneself into the arms of :—কাহারও শ্বন প্রয়া ; Take refuge with one.

With open arms—হাণেকুল হইলা বাহৰিকাৰ বাবা; With extended arms indicative of great joy and warmth of heart. as:—Mrs. Skewton prepared to greet her darling daughter and dear son-in-law with open arms, is appropriately attired for the purpose in a youthful costume.—Dickons.

With folded arms, –ৰাহুপৰি ৰাছয়াপন পূৰ্বক, Placing one arm against another.

Armada, arm-3'da, n. [ L. armatus, armedarmo, to arm.] বৃণপোত হোলা; A fleet of warships;—শেষ্ট্রের বিশেষ Especially, the Spanish fleet, which attempted the invasion of England in the reign of Elizabeth in A. D. 1588. [small fleet.

Armadilla, ärm-a-dilla, n. কুমু বাংলাভ; A Armadillo, arm-a-dillo, n. [Sp. dim. of armado, armed ] কফিশ আংঘরিকার চতুলাল অন্ত বিশেষ; A small South American quadruped with a born shell;—plu.=Armadillos.

Armamont, arma-ment, [ L. armamentaarn, 147; A budy of forces, fitted out for war ,- \$15 19554; The guns and other ammunition, of a man-of-war.

Armonian, at-minyan, n. আমিনিয়া-বাসী; A native of Armenia;—a. আর্মিনিয়া সংক্রান্ত; Belong to Armenia.

Arminian, ar-minyan, n. ৰ্ট্ডৰ্ম সম্পান বিশেষ;
One of a sect or party of Christians, so called from Armenius, a Dutch divine, who denied the doctrine of predestination, and advocated the doctrine of free will and universal redemption;—a. আৰ্থিনিয়সের মৃত্যুবস্থী; Holding the doctrines of Arminius.

Arminianism, ar-minyan-ism, n. The doctrines of the Arminians.

Armipotent, arm-ipot-ent, a. [I.. arma, arms, potens, entis, powerful.] অন্তৰ্থন বলবাৰ; অন্তৰ্গৰাৰ ক্ষ্ডাপন্ন, Powerful.

Armistice, armist-15, n. [ L. arma, arms, and sisto to stop. ] বুৰবিবতি; A cessation of arms for a short time, by convention,—বৃদ্ধি, a truce.

Armour, armur, n. বৰ্ম, যুদ্ধনজ্ঞা; আন্তরকার্থ বৰ্ম; Defensive arms or dress for war,—বশ-পোতসমূহকে শোহার পাত হাবা আবৃত কর্ম, Plating of ships of war.

Armour bearer, n. ব্ৰনজানাইক; One who carries another's armour or arms, an esquire. Bukle on one's armour,—কোণৰ বাকা, Gird up one's louis; prepare for conflict.

Armourer, arthur-er, n অপ্রান্ধান্তা: One who makes weapons of war.—ব্যানিধান্তা, বা উহাব জার্বান্ধান্তা, বা উহাব জার্বান্ধান্তা, A maker or repairer of, or one who has the charge of, armour.

Armorial, arm-ör'i-al, a. ব্ৰস্কা সংখীয়, Belonging to arms;—অভিকাতিক তিত্তুক, Pertaining to coat of arms; heraldic,—বৰ্ম স্থয়ীয়; Belonging to armour.

Armorio, a-rū'm-ik, a. Belonging to Brittany in France,

Armoury, Armory, armur-i, n. প্রাচীন কালের সংগৃথিত ব'ম, অস্থাগার; A collection of ancient armour; the place in which arms are made or kept; arsenal.

Army, armi, n. [Fr. armée—L. armata.] দৈয় ; A body of men armed for war, — জনসমূহ ; A host. [the army.

Army list, দৈয়-ডাশিকা , A list of officers in Arnica, ar'm-ka, n. লভা বিশেষ ; A plant used in medicine.

Aroma, a-rō'ma, n. [Gr.] ( নিলু.) সর্ক্রেকাবেশ্ব সৌৰত, Flavour of any kind;—সৌৰত; বৃক্সতাদিব সম্পাননালিতা; The fragrant quality in plants. Aromatic, ar-o-matik, Aromatical, ar-omatik-al, a. সুগদি, ব্যাবাস্থত; Spicy; fragrant; —n. গ্ৰহুৰা; a substance that is aromatic; perfume. [render fragrant; to perfume. Aromatise, a-rō'mat-iz, v. t. সুগদি ক্যা; To Aromatisation, a-rō'mat-iz-áshun, n. সুগদি-ক্যা; The act of rendering aromatic.

Arose, 3-16z. Past tense of arise.

Around, a-round, prep. toffice; On all sides

of ;—ad. চতুর্দিকে; বৃত্তের মধ্যে; On every sides, in a circle.

Arouse, a-rowi, [ a and Rouse from the root of raise ] v. t. জাগৰিত কৰা; উত্তেজিত কৰা; To stir up; to excite.

Arquebusade, ar'kwi-bus-হতে, n. ৰজুক হইতে গোলা নিকেপ; Shot of arquebuse;—কত আবো-গাাৰ্থে ব্যবহৃত সুগন্ধি বাবি; Aromatic lotion used for the cure of wounds.

Arquebuso, Arquebuss, arkwi-bus, n. [Fr. arquebuse, from Dut. haakbus—haak, hook, and bus, box, barrel of a gun; Ger. hakenbuchse.] আচীৰ ধ্ৰণেৰ হাত বৰ্ক; An old-fashioned hand-gun.

Arquebusier, arkwi-bus-हिर', n. रम्क्षांशे रेम्छ ; A soldier armed with an arquebuse.

Arrack, ar'ak, n. [ Ar. araq, juice or sweet. ] নাধিকেল, ডাল জাতীয় বৃক্ষ এবং ধান্ত হইতে প্ৰস্তুত সুবা; Liquor distilled from the cocoa-nut, palm, or rice; an ardent spirit used in East.

Arraign, ar-ran', v. t. [O. Fr. aragnier, Fr. arraisonner—Low L.—arraisonner—L. ad, to, ratio, reason.] লাধাৰণ ন্যাকে অভিযোগ করা:—
To accuse publicly,—ৰন্যাকৈ আগালভের নমুখে উপস্থিত কৰা; To set as a prisoner at the bar of a court of justice:—দোষাবোপ কৰা; To charge with faults,—n=Arraignment. Syn.=Accuse, impeach charge, censure.

Arrange, ar-rang, v. t. [Fr. arranger-á (-L. ad. to), and ranger, to range-rang, a rank.] শৌৰভ কৰা; শুখনাৰভ কৰা, দ্বি কৰা, বশোৰত কৰা; বিস্তাস কৰা, To set in a rank or row; to put in order, to put into proper order; to settle, to adjust; to dispose.

Arrangement, ar-ianjment, n. বিস্থাস; Orderly disposition;—ব্যবহা; Settlement:—শ্রেণী নির্দেশ; Adjustment; agreement; classification,—আবেশ্বন, Preparatory measure.

Arrant, ai'rant, a. [Corr. of arghand, pr. p. of argh, the northern form of A. S. eargian, to be a coward, Gcr. arg, bad.] অভিনয়; পাৰৱ; Very bad; notorious.

Arras, ar'ras, n. [From Arras in Northern France, where first manufactured.] বুংসভার নিমিত চিক্তি হয়; Tapestry; hangings for rooms, woven with figures.

Array, ar-rá, v. t. [ O Fr. arroi, array, equipage—L. ad, and a Teut. root, found either in O. Ger. rat (Ger. rath), Counsel, E. Read, or in E. Ready, Ger. be-reit. ] শ্রেণী পূর্বক বাধা; To place or dispose in order; as, troops for battle;—সক্ষিত করা; to deck or dress;—'arrayed in fine line"—(Law) জ্বি মনোনীত করা; to select jurymen;—n. বিকান; Disposition in regular lines;—বৃহ; বল; বিকান; Men drawn up for battle;—পবিজ্ব; Dress;—জ্বিপা;
—The whole body of jurors summond to attend a court;—শ্রেণী, শুখলা; Order;—সজা; Equipage,

Arrear, ar-rer', Arrears, ar-rer's, n. [ Pr. arrier, behind L. ad, to, retro, back, behind that which is in the rear or behind. ] अविषिष्ठ

শেষ ৰকেয়া : কাৰ্য্য বা ৰণেৰ অস্থাপিত বা অপবি-শোৱিত অংশ ; A sum of money past due ; what remains unpaid or undone.

Arrears of rent,—वाकि श्रास्त्रां।

Arrest, ar-rest', v. t. [Fr. arreter for arrester—L. ad. to, resto, to stand still.—sto, to stand, akin to Sans. stha (ছা), to stand, to stay. ] ছোগ কৰা; বাধা বেতাৰ কৰা; seize, by authority;—মাকণ কৰা; to enagage; to catch; as, to arrest the attention,—n. ক্ষেদ; গতিবোধ; প্ৰেণ্ডাৰ; the taking or apprehending of a person; stoppage; scizure by warrant.

Arrestment, ar-restment, n. আদেশালুসারে জণবাধীর অবরোধ (যতক্ষণ লা ভাষার বিভার আরম্ভ হয়); An order by a judge to detain.

Arrival, ar-rival, n. আগ্ৰথন; The act of arriving;—বাহিত বস্তৱ উপাৰ্জন; the attainment of an object;—বস্ত বা ব্যক্তির উপস্থিতি; persons or things that arrive.

Arrive, ar-riv, v. i. (fol. by at) [ Low L. ad-riptre—L. ad, to, ripta, a bank; as if, to reach the bank.] উপান্ধিত হওয়া; To come to, to reach a place;—বান্ধিত বস্তু উপাৰ্জন করা; to gain an object by effort, practice, study, inquiry, reasoning, or experiment.

Arrive at a conclusion,—কোৰ নিছাতে উপ-নীত হড়য়া , Come to a decision.

Arrogance, ar'rog-ans, Arrogancy, ar'rogans-i, Arrogation, a-ro-gashun, n. উদ্বত্য; গৰ্ম; Concertedness; pre-umption; haughtiness;—অস্থাত উদ্বত্য বা গৰ্ম; undue assumption of importance.

Arrogant, ai'rog-ant, a. অভিরিক্ত প্রার্থা; Claiming too much ;-- অহলারী; উদ্ধৃত; পর্বিক্ত; over-bearing; proud.

Arrogate, at'og-át, [ L. arrogo—ad, to, rogo, rogatum, to ask, to claim. ] নিজের বলিছা দাবী কয়া, To claim as one's own ,—গর্ম বা অস্তায় পুরুক দাবি কয়া; to assume or claim unduly or proudly.

Arrogative, arrog-āt-iv, a. অসাম পূর্বক গ্রহ-ণেড় , অভিবিক্ত প্রাণী; Claming unduly.

Arrondissement, ar-rondes-mant, n. [Fr. arronder, to make round—L. ad. and Fr. rond.] ফরাসি অংশের বিভাগ; A subdivision of a French department.

Arrow, ar'rö, n. [A. S. areme; Ice. ör, akinperhaps to Ice. örr, the swift.] তীয়; বাণ; শয়;
A straight pointed weapon, made to be shot
from a bow. [The point end of a arrow.
Arrow-head, ar'rō-hed, n. বাণেয় অগ্রভাগ;
Arrow-headed, ar'rō-heded, e. শয়ের আভাগের ভার আকারণিনিই; তীজাগ্র; Shaped like
the head of an arrow;—কর্তব্য অক্স; especially, applied to the wedge-shaped or cunciform
alphabetical characters found in inscriptions
at Persepolis, Nineveh, and Babylon.

Arrow-root, ar're-root, n. [Said to be so named because used by the Indians of S. America as an antidote against wounds caused by poisoned arrows, ] \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \

from the root of a family of West India plants

Arrowy, ar'ro-i, a 4494, Consisting of arrows, - 1979, formed like or resembling arrows

Arsenal, ar'se-nal, n [ Fr and Sp from Ar dar, a house and cin'at, trade ] অপুনিশাপার, ৰা হৰোপকৰণাগাৰ, A public magazine or manufactory of naval and military stores, ----পাৰ, শত্ৰপুৰ, a magazine for military stores Arsonic, ar'sen-ik, n [ Gr arsin, male, the alchemists fancied some metals male, others female ] ৰেকোবিৰ, সিমুল কাৰ, A possonous mmeral substance, -a Arsenical.

Arsenio, är-sehik, a चार्रिनिक बाबा निर्द्धिं वा আর্বেনিক পূর্ব, Composed of or containing

Arson, arson, n [O. Fr. arson-L. ardeo, arsum, to burn किछा कवित्रा शर्शीम नार कदियात व्यवदाय , शृहमाश्राभवाय , Crime of wilfully burning a house or other building

Art, art, [ A. S eart ] The , and person singu lar of the present tense of the verb 'to be Art, dit, n [L ars artis, from root ar, to fit ] শিল্পবিদ্যা , Anything done by human skill, the opposite of nature, - famil, knowledge applied to the uses of every day life-the oppo site of chence ,- नक्डा , (कोणन , skill , dexteri ty, as, he knows the art of managing house hold affairs , -ছৰ , বুওঁতা , cunning artifice , as to rely on art more than strength -attr The bu mess, employment as the various arts of life -Syn skill devterily profe sion, trade, calling, cunning, artifice, duplicity adroitness

Art and part -কাৰ্য্যের উদ্ভাবনে বা সম্পাদনে महिता, A share in contrivance and execution Art union, iri fligun n fig alafo An as sociation for encouraging art

Fine arts, fin at সকুষার বিদ্যা , Poetry, mu sic, eloquence, architecture, painting sculp [ the arteries tuic and engriving

Arterial, ar-एं। il, a धमनीमक्तीय, Of or in Arterialisation, arterialization, n. 48 facility, The process of making into aiterial blood.

Arterialise, का tहै।-भी iz, ए. र ब्रक्ट विटक्त कवी, To render the blood from the veins similar to that contained in the arteries.

Arteriotomy, ir teri o'oini n [Gr tome cutting ] धमनी स्निश वर अद्यम कदान, The open ing of an artery to let blood.

Artery, arter i, n. [ 1 .- Gr. arteria, orig the wird pipe, the bronchie, thin applied to the arteries, pert conn with citae, fasten to hang from ] धमनी, बन्बारिनो बाछी, बखवारिका भियों , One of the vessels that convey the blood from the heart to all parts of the body

Artesian, ai-to zhan, a. [ From Artois ( and Artesium), in the north of France, where these wells are said to have been first made. ] Relating to Artor in France

Artesian well, at it than wel, weateries ! Artistic, at with, artistical, at istik al,

क्ष , A well made by boring into the earth till water is reached which from internal pressure springe up to the surface.

Artful, artfool, a বুর্ত, কোশলী, Cunning, crafty ,-n Artfulne is -adv Artfully

Arthritic, ar thritik | Gr arthron, a joint ] স্ক্রিস্ক্রায়, Applied to the joints or the gout Arthritis, ar thretis n [Gr. arti von a joint ] मास्त्रमार, Inflammation of the joints; the

Artichoke, ar'ti chok r. [ Fr artichout, It articiocio. Sp a'cach fa-Ar all arshaf 1 mto विद्वार A kind of s niden segetable, an estable plant with large scaly heads, like the cone of the pine

Article, arti kl n [L articil is a little 10 n. - artu 1 joint - icot ar to join ] 🙌 A clause or item in a contact - च्या particular thing, -- 21 7 a contribution in a peri dicil - fermed In Gram a word put before an un to point it out and limit its application - for 19 च म distinct part

Article, uti-kl v t বিষমপুত ছার' বন্ধ কলা To bind by conditions, -z t ffe F", t) sti pulate

In the article of death, - Torize In the mement of death in the list struggle or ageny Article clerk, attabl black,-विश्वप्रका त-40 One lemid to a twyer \_ [stipulation Articles, utill not for sta long Articulata, utiāliti n Afgi af f. THE Oncoftle scholars of the smi kingdom d ignitive har creature which me encelled by period ing lob ter &c [Beb 1 totl int Articular, ar alul a a -11 5 f -45, Artifice, att fir flett nintf fice an artificer + 1 \* (rbi) il fect to mike ] ( Per ce e nitivité -estati Iriui e e ption JIR. III. stritis cm fac c, de aton fig 1 Artificer, at tie, n My change, A

continer - #1844, a killed workmin or ci istsmun

Artinoial, irt i-fi ligil, a. কৃত্রিম, শিল্পবিশিষ্ঠ, অব কৃত্রিক Made ty iit-in oppe iti n to ni ture - Ted, teigned, fictions artificial tears —কৌশনেত পাণিত স রোপিত, অম্বভারজ cultivated, not be no of spontaneous growth, as artificial et is t.

Artificiality, att i fish, al iti, n print afe का। कदा , I ne quality of being antificial

Artisan, arti zin, n. [ir artisan, it art gins =L. as if art lianus-artitis, skilled in the arts-ars, aris, art j काविकद, मिन्निन्त्रा व बारमानहे-बाकि, A workm in s mechinic, a handiciafteman, one skilled in any art

Artist, whit, [fr artiste Ital artista-] ars aries, art ] निही , दिल्का One skilled in an art especially in one of the fine arts, as painter x, sculpture or architect ire.

a. চিল্লক্ৰন্থৰীয় ; শিল্পীস্থনীয় ; শিল্পাস্থায়িক ; Belonging to an artist ;—according to art ; ingenious.

Articulate, ar-tikul-at, a. সাইরণে উচ্চাবিত ;— Distinctly uttered;—গৰিবুক; jointed ;—v. t. সাই কবিয়া উচ্চাবণ কৰা; to pronounce words distinctly;—রোধিত কৰা; to joint;—v. i. সাই কবিয়া পাল উচ্চাবণ কৰা; to speak distinctly; n. an animal having the body and members jointed.

Artioulation, är-tik-ul-ashun, প্ল. লাই কৰিব। উচ্চাৰণ; Distinct pronunciation;—অহি; সন্ধি; joint;—অহ্যাদি সংযুক্ত কৰণ; a joining, as of bones;—ৰাঞ্জনৰণ; a consonant.

Artillerist, ar-tiler-ist, n. কামান চালাইতে দক ব্যক্তি; Gunner.

Artillery, ar-tileri, n. [Fr. artillerie—O. Fr. artiller, to arm: from a supposed Low. L. artillare—L. ars, artis, art.] কামান; স্ভাৱ; Weapons of war; great guns;—কামান নিদা; the science of artillery or gunnery.

Artillery-man, ar-tiler-i-man, n. কাৰান স্কালক সৈক্ষ ; A soldier of the artillery.

Artless, artless, a. স্বল; অকৃত্রিম; অকৃতি; নিছ্বক; Unskilful; natural; simple; sincere; guilcless;—n. artlessness. [plant.

Arum, a-rum, n. কচ্পাছ; A kind of small Aruspice, a-ruspis, n. [L. aruspex or haruspex—huruga, or arviga, from aries, a cam—a ram for sacrifice, and specio, to view.] ভবিষ্যক্ষা; A soothsayer; a diviner by the inspection of entrails.

Aruspicy, a-ruspi-si, n. পত্ৰ পৰীবাভাৰৰ প্ৰীক্ষাক্ৰণান্ত্ৰ ভবিষাৎবাণী; Divination by inspection of the entrails of beasts.

Aryan, áii-an, a. [Sans. arya, excellent, prob. allied to Gr. aristos, the best. ] আৰ্থা; Relating to the Indo-European family of nations or to their language.

As, az, conj. মত: Like; similar to;—মগন; while;—হাবে; In the idea, character, or condition of;—মগা; for example;—বেত্তু; since; because,—ad. in the same degree; as, he is as brave as a lion;—relative, মে, মাহা; who or which; as such tears as angels weep.—n. পবিন্যাণ বিশেষ; a Roman weight of 12 ounces.
As the crow flies,—তিক সোকা; In a straight line.

As ever, (an adverbeal phrase) চিৰ্কাল; জ্ঞানাৰ্কণ; Like what one always is or has been: as:—But I see you are still as unfortunate as ever.—Thackeray.

As far as,—বত্ৰ; ৰতন্য নতৰ; To that extent or degree or distance; as:—Now as far as this instruction is applied to the young, it goes under the name of education—T. Arnold.

As follows,—ছডি; Thus and for instance.
As for,—বিগমে; As regards; with respect to; concerning;—as:—And as as for leaving her untaught, on your own showing she has been taught too much already.—C. Kingsley.

As good as, সমাল; বাতৰিক; Same; not less than; in effect.

As vet

As good as one's word,—বা কথা ভাই কাজ; Fulfilling one's promise.

As good as play,—অভ্যন্ত নৰোহৰ; Very interesting or amusing.

As if,—(44; In the same way that it would be if: as:—At Bristol the adherents of Sir John Knight rang the bells as if for victory.
—Macaulay. [wise.

As it is,—এমত অবহাৰ; Since it is not other-As it wore,—বেদ; As if; so to speak. as:— So all the land-forces of France had voted, as it wore, by beat of drums—Kinglake.

As ill luck woud have it,—ছ্ৰাৰ্ক্ৰ, (Collog) Unfortunately.

As like as two peas,—কি; Very similar.

As one man,—স্কৰে এক চিন্তে; Without a single exception.

[ As it changed.

As luck would have it,—ঘটনাক্ৰমে; (Collog) As much,—ভাৰাই; The same.

As much to say,—Just the same as saying. As much again,—বিখা:Twice as much. [wise. As soon as,—বত পীন; Immediately at or after another event.

another event.

As such,—CRE NO; In that chracter; in inAs though,—CNO; Supposing that; as if; as:
—They walked as though they had never been
parted, slowly, with the gray twilight closing
round them.—Thackeray. (b) He loved the
child as though she were her own—Dickens.
As to,—NICN; Regarding; concerning. as:—
(a) As Charales had no children, there were
disputes as to the succession and several
treaties were made to settle it.—Freeman.
(b) They hesitated and balanced as to their
course—Dean Merivale. (c) In speaking of
the revolution of 1688,; I can imply no doubt
whatever as to its merits.—T. Arnold

As the day is long, — সমত দিন; All the day; continually. [ing to circumstances. As the case may be,—অবহামত; Accordas the matter stands,—বৰ্তমান অবহাম; In the present state of affairs.

As the sands on the sea-shore,—সনংশা; Very numerous. [ing is-

As they say,—বেমন লোকে বলে; As the say-As things are or go,—বৰ্তমান অবস্থা, In the present state of affairs.

As the story goes or runs,—ইহা বলা ২য়; It is said ; the story is this.

As well, - witti ; Also ; too.

As woll as,—at; § \text{\figstar}; And; also; equally with. As:—(a) The next King Lewis the Twelfth, claimed the Dutchy of Milan as well as Naples.—Freeman. (b) No doubt people came to see the fair organist as well as to hear her.—Thackeray.

As the word goes,—চন্দ্ৰ অসুসাৰে; According to ordinary standards.

As usual,—ৰীতি অসুমাৰে ; As it is the custom. As yet,—অদ্যাপি , এখনত প্ৰায় , Until now ; up to the present time. as .--.,a Mathematics and Parmenides are enough for him as yet -0 Kingsley (b) The means which he had taken to secure quiet did not seem to have succeeded as yet -Thacheray.

Asafotida, Asafetida, as-a-fefi-da, n [Per asa, name of the plant and L fatidus, stinking fetid asa, a medicinal gum, having an offensive smell, made from a Persian plant called asa ] few, A gum-resin of very offensive smell

Ascarides, as-ka-rids, n. FA . The small in-Ascend, as-send, v. t [L. ascendo, ascensum, -ad, to, and scando, to climb, Sans skand, to leap upwards ] আবেছিণ কৰা , To climb ,--- v. : আহ্বাহণ করা, to mount.

Ascendant, as sendant, a ছোঠ, প্ৰবৰ, Supenor, predomiment,-- मिक्य खर्वव छे निविष्टिक, above the horizon,—n প্ৰবন্ধ আছাৰ superior influence ,—পৃৰ্বপুক্ৰ , ancestor ,—শেগতা , superiority, जबका नीन अधूमिल दानिहरू व भ-विरुक्त , (astrol ) the part of the ecliplic rising above the horizon at the time of one s birth . it was supposed to have commanding influence over the person's life, hence the phrase, in the ascendant.

To be in the ascendant,—উন্নতি করা, প্রভাব শালী হওয়া, To flourish, to have commanding unfluence

His star is in the ascendent,- that মৌভাগ্য উদিত হইমাছে, তাঁহার ভাগা পুল্রমর, He is in luck's way, said of a person to whom some good fortune has befallen and who is very prosperous According to astrology, those leading stars which are above the horizon at a person's buth influence his life and fortune when those stars are in the ascendant, he is strong, healthy, and lucky, but when they are depressed below the horizon his stars do not shine on him, and he is in the shade and subject to ill fortune

Ascendency, as-senden-si, n क्यूडां, अन्यू Power, controlling influence, authority Be in the ascendency,—शहादमाली एउटा.

Have supreme power.

Ascension, as sensehun, n [L ascensioascendo, -ad, to, and scando, to climb, Sans Skand, to leap upwards ] \$5 944 , A rising or going up

Ascension day or Holy Thursday,-औरहेद वर्गारवांश्य, भर्म मिन, Ihe day on which Christ's ascension to Heaven is commemoraor tending to rise

Ascensive, as-sen-iv, a उद्देशम्भीत , Relating Ascent, as sent, n within, the act of rising ,- withit 94, the way by which one ascends ,—উদ্বাৰ, a hill or high place ,—বিশ্ব-ক্রব্রা, inclination, slope

Ascertain, ar-ser-tan, v t [ L ad, to, and certum, certain or sure, he certain, true, unquestionable ] निक्य करा, To make suie, -- বিরপণ করা to find out by examination.

Ascertainable, a-fastit; Capable of being ascertained ,- n. 4491, 441, ascer-

Ascetic, as-setik, # [Gr asketes, one that uses exercises to train himself.] সাধ্যিতীৰ करोत जनजानवादन , करोद जनकी , त्वांव मजानी ; One rigidly self-denying in religious observances a strict hermit,--(वांगी, नशांनी . a hermit ,- a विकेशिक, अनः नविश्व , excessively rigid in religious exercises,—সংসাৰত্যাৰী, retired from the world, -- wolfe stale, excessively rigid austere .- a Ascetical

Asceticism, as seti-sizm, n বৈরাপা , সন্ত্রাপা ; জপদ্যা , I he practice of ascetics

Ascititious, as-sit-ishus, a See Adscititious. Ascır, ashi-i, Ascians, ashi-anz, [ L ascir from Gr a, privative, and skia, a shadow ? n (pl) मशास्कारन (व लाकिनिश्तंव स्था शरु ना . Persons, who at certain times of the year at noon have no shadow. Such only are the in habitants of the Torrid Zone, who have, twice a vcar a vertical sun [ Dropsy of the belly Ascites, as sit-Ts, n [ Gr ack is, belly ] पनवी . Ascribable, a-skriba bl a আরোপনার, That may be attributed to

Ascribe, a-skrib, t t. [ L. as 1160 -scriptum -ad, to, scribo, to write. । आरबान क्दा , In at tribute, to impute, refer

Ascription, a skiip'shun, n. Altain, The act of attributing to

Ash ash, [A. S cesc, Ger esche Ice-askr ] वृक्षविरुक्त , A tree valuable to its timber a আশবক নিশ্বিছ বা সংক্রাপ্ত , Made of or pertain ing to the ash

Ash coloured, ash kulurd a. स्टाइड कृष् वर्षfafag, Coloured between brown and grey Ash Wednesday, ash wenzda, बीश्यामार्वाच्य The first day of Lent, so cilled from the Roman Catholic custom of sprinkling ashes in the head.

Ashamed, a-shamd, a | Pa p of old sub ashame-a, inten , and thame ] निकल , Confu sed from a sense of guilt touched with shame Ashen, a-shen,a আৰ বৃদ্ধ বিশ্বিত , Made of th Ashes, ashes, n (pl) wa , with, The dut or remains of anything burned, 一行可 每天, the rem uns of the human body when burnt

To be reduced to ashes,—क्योहर स्वा , To be turned to ashes

Pale as ashes, - Myaf , Very pale Rise from one's ashes, - भूनक्कोविक क्ला Rise from the grave, be restored to life Ashery, ashei-i, » ভশ্বগহাৰ, বে গহারে ভশ্ব-

बिक्ष करा रह , An ash-pit,

Ashler, ashler, Ashler, ashler, n. [Fi asseile, dim. of ass, a plank, L assis, a plank -assula, a little plank, a shingle ] (41f40 8 পৰিষ্ঠ প্ৰতথ Free-stones as they come from the quarry, hewn stones for facing wall, Ashore, a-shor', adv [ Prefix a, and shore ]

जीदन , On shore ,- बनी जीदन ना एकांव आवस , stranded.

Ashtoreth, ashto-reth, n. [Phen and Aram. Fortune, the planet Venus, the spouse of Baat.] (१३); A goddess of the ancient Sidonians and Philistines.

Ashy, ashi, a. ভৰ্ষৰ ; পাত ; Like ashes ; pale. Asiatic, a-shi-atik, Asian, a-shi-an, a. আপিয়া সম্বীয় ; Belonging to Asia.

Asiaticiam, a-shi-ati-sizm, n. আদিয়া বাদী-দিবের বীতি অসুকরণ; Imitation of Oriental man-

Aside, a-sid, ad. একপার্থে; To one side:—এক-দিকে; জনান্তিকে; apart from the rest;—গো-প্রে; in private.

Aside from,—আবো; Apart from; besides. To set aside,—বোপ ক্রা; বদ ক্রা; To annul. Asinine, aśin-in, a. পর্কুত সম্মীয় বা পর্কৃত্বং; Of or like an ass.

Ask, ask, v. t. [A. S. acsian, ascian, Ger. heischen, Ice. æskja, Sans. ish, to desire.] অসুমুদ্ধান কৰা; To inquire;—ৰাচ্ঞা কৰা; অসুবোধ কৰা;—to beg; to request: to solicit;— এন কৰা; to question;—আশা কৰা; to require, demand, expect;—v. i. অসুবোধ কৰা; আৰ্থনা কৰা; বাচ্ঞা কৰা; to request or petition;—Syn. Request, solicit, entreat, require, demand, petition.

For the asking,— offer offer of asking being all that is necessary (to get a thing). as:—Mrs. Osborne had no watch, though to do George (her husband) justice, she might have had one for the asking.— Thackeray.

Askence, a-skans, Askant, a-skant, ad. [O. Fr. a scanch; it. schiancio, a slope, from the root of slant.] বৃত্তাবে; কটাকে; Sideways; away, obliquely.

Askew, a-skii' a. [a, on and skew, ] পাৰ্থে; বজৰূপে, ভিৰ্যুগ্ৰাহে; Away; obliquely. aside. Aslant, a-slant, [a, on and slant.] পাৰ্থে, ৰজ-কপে, On one side; obliquely. [rest. Asleep, a-slūp', a. ৰিজিড; সুপ্ত; Sleeping; at To fall asleep,—ৰিজা বাৰ্থা।

Aslope, a-slop, adv. চাল্ডাবে; On a declivity. Asp, asp, Aspio, aspik, n. [Fr.—L. and Gr. aspis.] তীক বিষয়ে কুলু সৰ্গ; A small but exceedingly venomous scrpent.

Asparagus, as-per'a-gus, n. [ L.—Gr. asperagos. ] শাক বিশেষ ; A garden vegetable.

Aspect, aspekt, n. [ L. aspectus—ad, at, specto, to look.] আৰুডি; Countenance; mien;
—দৃষ্টি; look; view;—নংখিডি; অবহান; position or situation;—অবহা; state of affairs.

Aspen, asp'en, n. [A. S. æsp, Gcr. äspe.]
বৃহ্ণ বিশেষ; The trembling poplar;—a. আমেশন
বৃহ্ণনিশ্বিত বা নদৃশ; Made of, or like the aspen.
Shake like an aspen leaf,—কশিত হত্যা;
Ouiver to and fro.

Asper, as-per, Asperous, as-per-us, a. अमपान; कर्ज ; Rough, rugged, harsh.

Asperate, asper-at, v. t. [ L. asper, rough. ]
অসমাৰ; কৰ্বৰ করা; To make rough or uneven.
Asperity, as-per'i-ti, n. [ Fr.—L. asperitas—

asper, rough. ] अन्यानचा ; वसूत्रचा : कर्मचा ; Uneveness ; harshness ; severity.

Asperse, as-pers, v. t. [L. aspergo,—spersum—ad, to, on, spargo, to scatter.] সেচন কৰা; To sprinkle;—নিশা কৰা; to slander;—Syn. slander, defame, calumniate, vilify.

Aspersion, as-per'shun, n. সেচৰ; A sprinkling, as of water or dust in a literal sense;—
অপ্ৰায়; slander; calumny; base insinuation.
Aspersory, as-per-sor-i, a. বিস্থাপ্তক; Defamatory.

Asphalt, as-falt, Asphaltum, as-faltum, n. [Gr. asphaltos.] শিলাকড়; A hard bituminous substance;—a. Asphaltic.

Asphodel, assordel, n. [Gr. asphodelos.]
প্ৰাবিশ্ব ; A perennial plant.

Asphyxia, as-fiksi-a, n. [Gr. asphyxia—a, privative, and sphyxis, the throbling pulse, the pulse, from sphyso, to throb, to beat violently.] वाजरवाद: पूर्णा; Suspended animation, especially that from sufficients, swooning.

Asphymiated, as-fiksi-āt-ed, a. क्यूनान ; Suffocated.

Aspirant, as pir'ant, n. আৰাজী; One who seeks with eagerness; a candidate.

Aspirate, aspirate, v. t. [l. aspiro, aspiratus, See Aspire.] পাৰ্থ উচ্চাৰণ কৰা; To pronounce with a full breath;—a.পাৰ্থাচাৰিত; pronounced with a full breath;—n. পাৰ্থাচাৰণ স্চক চিক; the mark of aspiration.

Aspiration, as-pi-ráshun, n. [aspiratio, from aspiro, aspiratus.] দীৰ্ঘেচাৰা; Pronounciation of a letter with a full breath;— আৰু কো; লানসা; ardent wish or desire to attain.

Aspiratory, as-pi-rator-i, a. वानमवतीय ; Relating to breathing.

Aspire, as-pir', v. i. [I. aspiro, atum—ad, to, spiro, to breathe.] আকাজা কৰা; To desire eagerly; to aim at something elevated.

Asquint, a-skwint, [ Pfx. a, on, and Squint.]
এক পাৰে; বসভাবে; বসভাবে; বসভাবে; Towards one
side, obliquely; towards the corner of the eye.
Ass, as, n. [ A. S. assa. The word, originally perhaps Semitic, has spread into all the
Eur. long.; it is a dim. in all but Eng.—L.
as-inus, Gcr. es-el. ] গৰ্মত; Donkey;—মুখ্নোক;
বিৰোধ ব্যক্তি; stupid fellow. [ delute one.
To make an ass of one,—প্ৰতাৰণ কৰা; To
To mount the ass,—প্ৰতিব্যা হুল্য; ৰণপোৱন
ক্ষম হুল্য; To become bankrupt.

The ass waggeth his ear, - ৰাহাৰা মূৰ্য হইবা বিহানের মত কথা কছে; Applied to those who lack learning, and yet talk as if they were very wise.

An ass in a lion's skin,—বে বাজি জীক হইবা বীবের মত দেখায় : বে মূৰ্য হইবা জানীৰ মত দেখায় : A coward, who hectors, a fellow that apes the wise man.

Till the ass ascends the ladder,—ক্ষ্ন Asse's bridge,—ইউরিডের জামিডির প্রথম জ্বাধ্যের ব্য প্রতীজ্ঞা ; Prop 5. Book I. of Euclid. An ass between two bundles of hayশিবিল প্রভিক্ষ লোক; Waverer; an irresolute porson.
Assail, as-sal, v t [Fr assaillir, L. assilire,

ad, upon, and salso, to leap ] जांक्या करा, To attack with violence,—निया करा, to attack with arguments, consure, abuse, or criticism Assailable, as-sala-bl, a जांक्यांक्य, That may be attacked. [who attacks Assailant, as-salant, n. जांक्यांकारी, One Assassin, as-salsin, n. [Fr—Ar hashishin, the followers of an Eastern robber-chief, who fortified themselves for their adventures by hashish, an intoxicating drink made from hemp] ভ্ৰম্বতিক One who kills or attempts to kill by surprise, or secretly.

Assassinate, as sassin-at, v t গোপৰে হত্যা কৰা, To kill or to attempt to kill by surprise Assassination, n গুণ্ডভাগ, উপাং কৰণ, Secret murder [A murderer by surprise Assassinator, as-sassin-at-or, n. গুণ্ডাক, Assault, as-sawit, [Fr. assant, O Fr. asalt,—L ad, upon, sultus, a leap ] n. বাকা, বাৰ পিট, হঠাৰ আক্ৰমণ, A violent attack, with physical means, a sudden attack,—বুক্তি বাবা প্ৰতিৰাপ, an attack with moral means, as words, arguments appeals and the like,—v t. আক্ৰমণ কৰা বাবাপিট কৰা, to fall upon with violence, to attack.

Assay, as-sa, v t [Fr essayer, from It. assaggiare, to taste, to prove, to try, from Low L evagum, a balance, a kind of weight appointed as a standard, from L. exago, to weigh, to examine, to measure, Low Gr exaginn, a weighing, exagiazo, to examine, to weigh carefully or exactly ] ধাতু প্ৰাশ্ কৰা, To try or prove, as metals,—v :. (তথ্য কৰা, to attempt.

Assay, as-৭%, ল. বৰ্ণ বা বৌপ্যের বিভন্নতা পৰীকা, প্ৰীক্ষিত জ্ব্য , Examination or tital, as of the purity of silver or gold , the thing tested.

To take the assay,—মদ্যাসাদৰ কৰা , To taste wine, to prove it is not poisoned, [ master Assayer, as-siiei, n. ধাতু পরীকক, Assay Assemble, as-sembl, v. t. [Fr assembler. Low Lat assimulare-L. ad, to, simul, together, at the same time, Gr. homos, A. S sam, same, Sans sam, to gether ] अक्क करी, नगरक कदा , To collect , to call or bring to ---৩ : সশ্মিশিত ২ওখা, একব্রিড হওয়া, to mect together, -Syn. Collect, convoke, convene Assemblage, as-semblag n ব্যক্তি বা বন্ত সমূহের अभवास . A collection of individuals or things Assembly, as-semble, n সভা, অবৈধ জনতা, A number of persons met in the same place for a common object, a congregation, a convocation, unlawful assembly

General Assembly, n. ফটলত দেশীয় ধর্মসংক্রান্ত শ্রেষ্ঠ বিভারাকার, The highest ecclesiastical court in Scotland

Assent, as-cent, v. t. [ L —ad, to, sentio, to think ] সম্ভ হত্যা, To agree to ,—সম্ভ হত্যা, to concur, to admit, as true,—n. স্বীকাৰ,

মৃদ্ধি, act of admitting, agreeing, consent; agreement,—Syn. Agree. concede, concur, approve.

Royal assent in England,—ব্যবহা পাছ-লিপিতে বাজাব সমতি, The assent of the sovereign to a bill which has passed both House of Parliament.

Assert, as-sert, [L assero, assertum, to lay hold of, declaic—al, to and sero, to join, knit ] v. t. নিৰুদ্ধ কৰিছা বনা, প্ৰতিশাদন কৰা, lo affirm positively, to maintain,—Syn. Affirm, aver, declare, pronounce.

Assortion, as ser'shun, n. নিশ্চিত বাৰা , উঞ্জি; Positive or strong declaration, affirmation

Assertive, as sert-iv, a. নিক্ম বাকা স্চক , Affirming confidently

ABBOB, as-sci, v t [Fr. assecre—L. assidere, assessum, to sit by, esp. of judges in a court (in Low L to set, to fix a tax), frem ad, to and sedeo, to sit ] কৰ পাৰ্য্য কৰা, To fix the amount of tax, to tax,—মুণ্য নিৰুপণ কৰা, to value,—কৰনিৰ্বাণ মুণ্য বা লাভ নিৰ্দ্য কৰা, To fix the value or profits of, for taxation,—জন্মানে হিব কৰা, to estimate

Assessable, as seva bl ৫ কর্মির্বারণের উপ-মুক্ত, I hat may or ought to be a le sed

Assessment, as-serment —কর্মানকপা বা নির্দান বণ, কর, A valuation for the purpose of taxation, tax.

Assessor, as-seson, n করনিৰ্দাবক, One appointed to assess persons or projectly for the purpose of taxation,—বি াৰপতিৰ সহায়, one who is called upon to assist the judge

Assessorial, is-ses o'ri al a কৰ নিৰ্মাৰ

Assets, assets, n plu [M E. asith Frasses, enough—L ad, to sates, enough ] মুখ বাজিব বা ঋণ পৰিশোধনে অক্ষম ব্যক্তির সম্পতি, Funds or property available to payment of debts or legacies &c, the property of a deceased or insolvent person,—কোন বণিক বা বণিক সমিভিল্ল সর্বাধিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল সর্বাধিক সমিভিল্ল স্থিমিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল সমিভিল্ল স্থানিক সমিভিল্ল সমিভিল সমিভিল্ল সমি

Assoverate, as seve-at, v t. [L. assevero,-atum-at to, severus, serious Sec Severe.] নিক্ষ ক্ৰিয়া বৃশা, শৃপ্পুৰ্গক বৃলা, lo declare positively, to affirm solemnly,—Syn. Affirm, assert, protest, pronounce declare.

Asseveration, as seve richun, n নিক্ত কথন, দুচ টক্তি, A positive declaration, a solemn affirmation.

Assiduous, as sidū-us, a [L. asiduous, sitting close at—ad to, it, sedeo, to sit.] অভিবিবিষ্টতিত, অধ্যবদায়ী, পরিভাদী, Very attentive; careful, diligent, persevering.

Assiduously, as sidu us-li, adv. অধ্যবসামের সহিত , গাঁচ অভিনিবেশপূর্কক , অভিনিবিহুটিতে , বন্ধ ও পরিশ্বের সহিত , With assiduty , diligently. Assiduousness, as sidu us-nes, Assiduousness, as-siduity, as-sid u't ti, n [ L assiduitas—assiduus, sitting close at—ad, to, at, sedeo, to sit.] অধ্য-

বনায়; উদ্যোগ; গাঁচ অভিনিবেশ; Constant apolication or diligence.

Assign, as-sin, v.t. [Fr. assigner—L. assignare, to mark out—ad, to, signum, a mark or sign.] বিশ্বেশ-কু; To appoint; to allot;—ছিব-কু; To fix or specify; as, to assign a limit;—হবাত্তৰ-কু; To transfer;—নিৰ্দেশ-কু; To allege.
Assignable, as-sina-bl, a. হবাত্তৰ কৰণ বোগা;
Transferable;—নিক্পনিছ; That can be allotted or specified.

/ signation, as-sig-na'shun, n. দাম; সম্পন; The act of assigning or allotting; transfer;— সাকাৎ কৰিবাৰ নিদিষ্ট ছান বা সময় (পাৰ); An appointment of time and place for meeting; love-

appointment.

As. ignoe, as-sin-ত ল. plu. বডয়ীভূক মশান্তিৰ ভাৰধাৰকগণ; The trustees of a sequestered estate;—বাহাৰ নিকটে কোন সম্পত্তি কল করা হয়; One to whom any right or property is assigned,—বাতিনিধি; ভদ্বাৰধানক; A person appointed to do something; the manager of a bankrupt estate. [assignes.

Assigner, as-sin-er, n. সম্প্ৰাৰী; One who Assignment, as-sinment, n. [See Assign]. সম্পিত বস্তু; The thing assigned;—মত হতান্তব কৰে; The transference of some right or interest;—হতান্তব কৰে পত্ৰ, The writing by which any thing is transferred,—মণ প্ৰিশোধনে অক্যৰ্তিক বিষয় সম্পূৰ্ণ; The transfer of the property of a bankrupt to certain person, called assignees, in whom it is vested for the benefit of creditors.

Assimilate, as-simil-না, vt. [ L. assimilo, atum—ad, to, similes, like ] মৃদুৰ্গ-কু; To make like,—নদুৰ্গ পাদাৰে পানিশুক কৰা, যথা—খাদা পৰিপাক ক্ৰিয়া দৈহিক উপাদাৰে (শোগিতে) পৰিশুভ কৰা, To convert into a like sub Lince, as food into our bodies;—নদুৰ্গ হড়ৱা; To grow similar,—v.i. শ্ৰীবেৰ উপাদাৰে পৰিশৃত হড়ৱা, To be converted into the substance of the body.

Assimilation, as-simil-ashun, n. পৰিপাক প্রণালী; The process by which plants and animals convert food into the various tissues of their own proper substance.

Assimilative, as-smil-at-iv, Assimilatory, as-smil-at-or-i, a. সমূপ পদার্থে পরিবর্তনক্ষ; Having power or tendency to assimilate.

Assist, as-sist, v.t. [ L. assisto, to stand by—ad, to, sisto, Gr. histemi, to make to stand.]
সাহায্য-ক; To help; to succour; to relieve;—
v.i. সাহায্য-ক; To lend aid;—উপাহত-হ; To be
present. Syn.=Aid, help, second, back, support,
further, succour, befriend, relieve.

Assistance, as-sistans, n. নাহায়; সহায়তা; Help; relief; aid; succour.

Assistant, as-sistant, a. নাহাৰ্য করণে তৎপৰ; সাহাৰ্যকারী; নহকারী; Helping or lending aid; —n. সাহাৰ্যকারী ব্যক্তি; One who assists; a helper.

Assize, as-siź, v.f. [O. Fr. assise, an assembly of judges, a set rate—asseoir—L. assideofrom ad, to and sedeo, to sit. ] মূল্য বা পৰিষ্ণ

হিব-ক: To fix the quality or p...e:—n. পৰিবাণ, ভাব, ও দৰ নিজগত ব্যবস্থা; A statute regulating the weight; measure price of commodities.

Assizor, as-sizer. . ওছৰ ও ভার পৰীক্ষক ; ভাৰ ও পৰিবাপ পৰীক্ষক কৰ্মচাৱী ; An officer who inspects weights and measures.

Assizes, as-sizes, n. pl. প্রাদেশিক বিচার-মমিডিছ বাধানিক অধিবেশন; প্রাদেশিক বাধানিক বিচার-মমিডি; The sessions or sittings of a court held in countries twice a year, at which causes are tried by a judge and jury; the courts of justice held in countries twice a year, at which causes are tried by a judge or jury.

Associable, as-sō-shi-a'bl, n. দহিলৰ বোগা; Companionable.—n=Associableness; associability; associateship.

Associate, as-sō'shi-āt, v.t. [L. associo—ad, to, sosius, a companion.] সংসর্গ-ক; To join in company; as a friend or companion;—v.t. সংযোগ-ক; To unite in the same mass;—মিলিড-ই; স্থিপিড-ই; To unite in company; to keep company; implying intimacy;—যুক্ত-ই; To combine or unite;—a. সংযুক্ত; Joined or connected with;—n. ব্ৰু; দ্বলী; A friend; companion;—মংশীপার; সহযোগী; A partner; confederate. Syn.—Companion; mate, ally; coadjutor; friend; partner.

Association, as-sū-shi-A'shun, n. সাধারণ হিতার্থ বছব্যজির সম্মিলন; The union of persons in a company for mutual benefit:—সমাল; A company; society; guild:—বোগ (চিন্তার); Connection, applied to ideas.—a.≈associational; associative.

Assoilsie, as-soilye, v. [Through Fr. from L. absolvere—ab, and solvo, to luose.] অভিযুক্ত বাজিকে পোবাৰোপ হইতে মুক্ত কৰা; বালোগ দেখা বা ক্ষমা কৰা; To free one accused from a charge; a Scotch law term, the same as the archaic assoil, to absolve from sin, discharge, pardon.

Assonance, asson-ans, n. [L. ad, to, sonans, scunding.] সংবৰ বিল; Correspondence in sound;—সম্পত্ৰ; Resemblance of sound:—মিত্ৰা-কৃষ্ বিশেষ; In Sp. and Port. poetry, a kind of rhyme, consisting in the coincidence of the vowels of the corresponding syllables, without regard to the consonant.

Assonant, asson-nant, a. [L. ad, to, sonans, sounding.] সম্বৰ্তুক; Resembling in sound.
Assort, as-sort, v. t. [Fr. assortir—L. ad, to sors, a lot.] শ্রেণ বিভাগ-ক; 'To arrange in class:—v.i. সঞ্জিত-ক; যথাক্ষমে বিভাগ-ক; মিলিজ
३. To agree with; to suit.

Assortment, as-sortment, n. বিভাস; শ্ৰেণ-বিভাস, সক্ষিত পদাৰ্থসমূহ; বিবিধ প্ৰকাৰ; Quantity or number of things assorted; the act of separating into lots or arranging into classes; classification; variety.

ABSUREO, as swaj, v t. [O. Fr. formed as if from a L. assuviare—suavis, mild, sweet, akin to Sans swad, sweet taste.] কোণ্ড কয়; প্ৰদান্তকু, বুড়িৰ-কু; To solten, in a figurative sensy

to alleviate, appeare allay —v:. প্রশ্মিত-ই, ছান হওয়া, To abate or subside.

Assuagement, as-swij'ment, n. প্ৰথমৰ , উপ-

Assuasive, as-ewifeiv, a পান্তিকারক, উপশম-কারী Soothing mittigating.

Assuetude asswe-tūd n [L assuescere, assuetum to accustom to ] ৰীজি, Custom, habit Assume, ৰু-চেটাৰ্ল, গং. [L—ad to sums sumtum to take.] এহণ-ক, বাভাৱ গ্ৰহণ কৰা, To take or take upon one's self—-খীজাৰ কৰিবা লগা To take for granted or without proof—জাতে বলিবা ভান-ক. To pretend to posses—গাইৰভোবে বা অস্তায়পূৰ্বক লাব কৰা, To allogate—v: অহজাৰ-ক, অহলা লাবি-ক, Io be arrogant, to claim more than is due. Syn Arrogate, usurp appropriate

Assume the offensive, তথ্য আক্ষণকারী ব্রবা, তার্ম আক্রমণ করা, Be the aggressor.

Assuming, as Anima a শাধিক, গাঁধত, জং-শারী, Haughty, ario. ant.

Assumption, as-sumshin, n. I L See Assume ) অংগ. The act of taking —বিৰাশ্ৰমাণে স্বীকাৰ Supposition taken for granted —কল্লিড The thing supposed proposition assumed —ক্লিডেকা, The taking up into Heaven, —applied to Virgin Mary

Assumption day, as-sumshun dī, ১০ট আগঃ, ঘোৰৰ কৰাবৈ কাণেৰে কা দিবস The 15th August so called in honour of the Virgin Mary who (according to Roman and Greek Cattethe churches) was taken to heaven that day in her corporal form

Assumptive is sumity a স্বীকান, that nay Assure, ash notes of Francisco and all sur, sure i fends of, বিষয় ৬৭% দন কু le mike sure to eve could not — দ্বাৰ , lo confirm — বীমা কৰা ক্ষাত্ৰ স্বাৰ্থ কৈ ক্ষাত্ৰীয় কৰা, To a unanteed against loss, to matter.

Assured, ash-কাটোলেওঁ, a নিশ্ভিড (crtum — জাশাৰিকা, Indubitable — ড-সাণ্ণিক, Bold to cacess — ক'ভ হইলে ভাহা পূৰণ কৰিতে স্বাহুত, বামা-কুত, Insued

Assurance, a h shoot ans, n [I. See Assure and Sure ] নিশ্চয় কৰন Declaration to dispel doubt —পূণবিশ্য Full confidence, film persur ion —নম্পূৰ্ণ নিশ্চয়তা. Utmost certainty — সংস্, জান্ত্ৰান্ত Courage elf-reliance, interpodity, undo the ing of admices — প্ৰস্কৃত্ত i, impudence, - বিশ্ব in uniform applied to life, Assurance more used of life contingencies, and increase of other contingencies.

Mako assurance doubly sure—নিশ্বৰত্ব-্য Fo render is certain as possible

Aster, aster, n [Cr aster a star] कृत्रीक्ष् facet A genus of plants with compound flow circlike little stars [like stars Asternated, as terristed, a starage, Radiated Asternak, asterisk n [Cr asteriskos, dim of aster a star] जीवाकृति हिंक, A small star

(\*) used to refer to a note, or to mark the

omission of words,—affil , A constellation or star cluster.

Anteroid, aster-oid, n. [Gr. aster. a star. eidos, form ] যাৱদ এবং বুপিটাবের মধ্যন্থ একটা কুল্ল উপায়হ, One of the minor planets revolving between Mars and Jupiter—a.—Asteroidal

Astern, a-stern, ad [ See stern, n. ] ভাষাতের প্ৰচায়াৰে, প্ৰচায়াৰে, In, at, or towards the hinder part of a ship, behind

Asthonic, as-thenik, a. [Gr a, priv and othenos, strength] ছুৰ্মল, Weak, debilitated Asthma, astma, n. [Gr aō, aem: to breathe haid ] হাপানি কাল, A disease of the organs of breathing, attended with cough and difficulty of breathing

Asthmatic, ast mat'ık Asthmatical, astmit'ık il, a ই পাৰি কাশ গলেন্ত, বা তৎপাদাৰ্থক, Pertaining to or affected by asthma —শাস কণ্ড-পান্তক, I roubled with difficulty of breathing Astar, a ster al [Sax on, and stir.] প্ৰস্তত,

On the move — 55974, Active,

Astonish, as-tonish vt [I ex, out and tonare to thunder] সহসা আন্তর্যাধিত করা To impies with sudden surprise or wonder—fex,1পন্ন Surprise amaze. Syn.—Amaze, a tound overwheim, surprise

Astonishing, a torishing, a বিশাবৰ, জ ভাগতনক Very wonderful amizing

Asionishment, as tonish ment, n. farr, Amaz ment wonder

Astound, as-townd of [M E. astroien a doublet it A touch - L co, out, and t nare to thunder ] 35 fg 3. Fo strike dumb with ana count to amaze

Astragal, a tragil n [Gi artrenter one (i v i bia articulating ) significad signification of a cumon - size were a pass (is the month of a cumon - size were a pass (is the ring like moulding round the top and bottom of the cumon of a pillar.

Astral, astral, a [l. astrum a star. conn. with star! নাম্বাত্রক, তারাময়, Starry, belonging to the star

Astray, i-stri, ad { Prefix a on, and striy} faster Out of the right way or proper place
To go astary—বিশবে বাংলা , To go out of the right way

To lead astary—বিশবে লইবা বাংলা , To lead Astriction, as trikshin n [ L ad, to, and strings, to bind ] কাৰোৰ, বজৰ, Act of binding সাহোধ, A contraction of parts by applications.

Astrido i-stud ad [ Pre a on, and stride. ]
পাৰ্যবিভিন্নপাৰে, With one leg on each side —
ভোডা গড়িবাৰ মত চই পাৰ্যে পা কুলাইয়া দিয়া, পা
ফাক কৰিয়া, With the legs apart or across a
thing

Astringe, as tring, vt. [L. ad, to and stringe, to bind ] বন্ধন কয় । স বোদ কয় । To bind togethe — সমুচিত কয় । To contract by pressing together

Astringency, as-trinfen-ы, n, मरकांक्न गुक्ति,

সংখ্যাবৰা, Power of contracting, state of being contracted.

Astringent, as-trinfent, a. [ L. ad, to, and stringo, to bind. ] সংকাচক, ধারক, Binding, contracting, strengthening—opposed to laxative, as astringent medicines—n সংকাচক তথ্য, ধারক উষধ, A medicine that has the power of causing vital contraction in the organic texture.

Astrolabe, astro-fab, n. [Gr astron, a star. lab labane, I take.] সমূদ্রে সর্বোর ও নজনসমূহের জৈন্তা নির্ণয় কবিবার যন্ত্র, An instrument for measuring the altitudes of the sun or stars it sea, now superscided by Haldey's quadrant and sentant

Astrologer, as trofo jet, n পাক লৈকল, The prison who pretends to foretell events by the stars

Astrology, as-trologi, n (Gr astrologo-actron, tar, and lors knowledge) নক্ষ প্ৰিয়া ক্ষিত্ৰ কুলাত কাৰ্নাবিদ্যা কাপনক্ষ বিদ্যা কাৰ্যাক্ষ, ক্ষিত্ৰ কোটিৰ শাস্ত্ৰ, Ihe pretended science of foretelling exents by observing the star — যে Astrologise—কুলাত গৰানা ক্ষা, to precise astrology—a. istrological

Judicial astrology—নানবীৰ এব জাচীয় ভাগা এব কাৰ্যা গানাকাৰী জোচিম্পাল A trology which pretend d to fretell the fate and act of nations and individuals

Natural astrology—পত এবং তাদেৰ পাৰ্থ সংক্ষায় ঘটনা গানাকাৰী জ্যোতিষ্ঠাক, A 'cology which predicted exents of brite and in miniate nature, such as changes of the weall ex

Astronomer, as-tronomer, n (s) 11 of As.
One versed in astronomy a Actionomic Astronomical adv = Astronomically

Astronomy, a -troiom in [ Cir aetronem a -astron, stir, nomes, a law ] Rivings = . Complet, The law or science of the star or heavenly bodies

Astute, ast-ūt, a [astutus- astus crist akin perhapsto Acute ] 3 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 Cristy, significant, christ, discerning, penetrating—n = Astutene c - atr - A tutely

Asunder, a-sunder, ad [ pix a=on, and sunder ] পুৰক্ত কৈ . Aput, sepu acts

As poles saunder-সম্পাৰ্কপে পুৰক ৷

Asylum, a-silum, n [1—(ir asylon—a, pin ryle, right of science] অধন্য ও প্রতিষ্ঠান বিশ্বর আভার স্থান, A place of refuge for debiors and for such as were accused of some crime——আভার, Sanctuary, a place of refuge——অনাথা শ্বন, Charitable institution.

Asymptote, asim-tot, n [Gr. asymptotis, not coinciding—a, not, syn, with photos, apt to fall—pipto, to fall ] বক বেশার গিকচন্থ অবজিয় বেশা, A line, which though continually approaching a curve never meets it.

At, at, prep [ A S æt, cog. with Goth and Ice. at, L ad, Sans. adhi, on ] ভগ্নিত, বৈন্দী বা সংক্ৰমত অব্যাহণ , It is a preposition denoting presence, nearness, or relation —

নিকটে, গিকে, Primarily, this word expresses the relation of presence, nearness in place or time, or direction towards, as at the ninth hour, at the house, to sim at an arrow—brom this original import are derived all the various uses of at, which denotes—হান, Place where, as, he is at home—সময়, Time when, as, at 4 o'clock—অবহা, State point of reference, degree—as, (1) it war, at ease, (2) he speed a writing a preface (3) at full speed—অধীনতা, Dependence upon—as, his friend lives at my expense—কাৰণ, (2), ফল, মুল; Reason effect, source, as at the news.

At all—বিশ্যাত অকেবাৰে, In the least degree or to the least extent [diately At onco-এবনট, In the same instance, imme-At present—এফার্য At first—প্রথম At last—অবশ্বে 1 At least—অভতঃ 1

Atavism, atav-ism n [L. atovns—avus, a grandfather] পুৰুষ্ণহ—্যাগত বিশেষত বা বোগ,
The recurrence of any peculiarity or disease of an ancester in a later generation

Ato, at or et, ब इवाइ, बाईबाइ वा बाइबाइ, Did cat -pa p of Fal

Ato, n 21519 HI GRY WISTER, Goddess of von cance and michiel — Buggeral, Goddess of intility. This goddess was driven out of herven and took refuge among the sons of men. With Ati by his side come hot from helf.

(In harve, and let show the doors of war.)

Cry have and let slp the dogs of war. Shakespeare "Juhus Crsar", in I.

Athanasian মানি-স্বাহ্টি in, a আপি নিমিয়স বাষ্ক ব্যক্তি সংক্ষিত্র সাজ্য ভাষা স্থানি Pertuning to Athanasius a Bishep of Alexard is in the 4th century or to the circed called by him—n আপ্রান্ত্রিম মুজ বাষ্ট্রী ব্যক্তি, A follower of Athanasius, a trinit iiin.

Athersm, attenzm, n [Fr attenzme—Gr. a priv and the s, God ] লাপ্তক গা, লিবীংর-বাদ The disbouch in the extreme of a God.

Atherst, The 1st, n ना कर अन्यवाधे, One who disbelieves in the exitence of a God

Atherstic, a the istik Atherstical, a theistik-al a ৰাতিক চাৰ্থণীয়, Pertaining to Atherm—ad. = Atherstically

Atheling, a'the ling, n. রাশবংশীয় ব্যক্তি. One of noble or reyal descent [m Greece Athens, ath-cus, n প্রীকদেশের নগব, A city Modern Athens—ৰছিনবরা, Edinburgh.

Athenian, a theni-an, n. আহে প্ৰবাসী, A native of Athenia —a. আহে প্ৰসম্ভীয়, Of Athenian Bee, a-thenian be, স্লেটো, Plato so called on account of the sweetness and beauty of his style

Athensoum, Athensoum, ath c-nc'um, n [Gr. Athenson—Atl ena or Athens, the Coddies Minitiva] পুত্ৰাব্য , বকু গাব্য A public library with a reaching 100m——আন্ধেল নগাবে স্বৰ্থ বেৰীৰ মন্দিৰ, A building at Athens decided to Ministra and frequented by men of leming — সাধাৰণেৰ তকুত কৰা বা পাটাপাৰ, A public mentitution for fectures, reading &c.

Athirst, a-thèrst, a. [A S of very, and Thir t ] ভ্ৰাৰ্ড, শিপানিত, নাভাৰ্য উৎহক, Thirsty, enger for

Athlete, athlet, n. [Gr. athletes—athles, contest. ] মন্ত্ৰালো, A wiestler, prize fighter—
দৈহিক বা ম'নসিক শক্তিশালী ব্যক্তি, One vigorous in body or mind.

Athlotic, ath-lefiks, a ব্যাহানসৰ্জীয়, মলুক্ৰ-সৰ্জীয়, Pertaining to trials of strength — ৰলিষ্ঠ, ব্ৰহান, তেজ্বী, Strong, robust, vigorous.

Athletics, ath-letiks, " यहाँ , वाशिय; The art of wrestling, running, &c, athletic exercises.

Athwart, a-thwawrt prep আডে, Across ad আডাআড়ী, পাশাপাশিতাবে Side ways — অভারমণে, Wrongly —ইডিকর্ডব্যবিষ্ট কবিষী, Perplexingly.

Atalt, a-tilt, ad সন্ত (ধ্ৰিবার অবস্থা, একপ্রান্ত উন্তোপিত করিয়া, In the perition of a man, making a thrust, with one end rused

Atlanta, at-lanta n (মন্দ্ৰবিধান পোশল জীব-বিশেষ, শ্ৰ্-শ্ৰুক্ষ্ডিম ছবিন্দ্ৰিষ A mollusk

Atlantean, at lan ে াল কে ছাত পদ প্ৰকাষৰীয় বা আটিশাণ্টিস নামক কালানক ছীপদখনীয় Pertaining to Atlas or to the sele of Atlantis — প্ৰকাশ্ত, বশৰাণী Gigantic strong

Atlantic, it lantik, n স্পত এবং আমেৰিকাৰ মধ্যে মুশ্যাণৰ The Ocean between England and America —a আট্যাস প্ৰকৃত বা আট্যাণ্টিক মহাসাণৰ সংবাস্ত, Pertaining to Atlas or to the Atlantic Ocean [I rom Mount Atlas]

Atlantie, it lattis, Atlantica, it lattika, n काञ्चित कोश, An imaginary island, fictitious, philosoph cal common-we dith

Atlantos a lanter n pl f From Mount At las j श्रश्तिकारी भूकें Figures of men bearing up pill us or building

Atlas, allas, n (i.e. Atlas (the benier) a god who bise the world on his shoulders and whose figure used to be given on the tile piec of allases—prob from a (cuphone) and tlas, to bear j tilefortally. A collection of maps—flats (napress sightent, Uppermost of the certical vertebra on which the head rests—sights it starts, Support of a building—sights (allow as A silk satin.

Atmosphere, atmosfic, n. [Gr almos, air, sphaira, a phere ] বাব্যভদ, The air that surrounds the cath —বাপক শক্তি, Figuratively, any perviding influence, surroundings, as, moral atmosphere, 'the atmosphere of a convent'

Atmospheric, at-mo-sfer'ik, Atmospherical, at-mo-sfer'ik-al, a. বাধুবালি সংবাধ বা ভূপেয়, বাধুবা, Of or depending on atmosphere

Atmosphoric pressure, at-mosper'ik preshur diga was. The weight of the atmosphere on a surface, being about 14 lbs to the squire anch

Atom, atom n [Gr atemos - a not, temen to

cut.] অভি ক্ষু পৰাৰ্থ, Any thing very small — প্ৰথাপু, Minute particle of matter { utterly Crush to stoms—সম্পূৰ্ণনাপে নাল-কু, Destroy Atomic, a-tomik, Atomical, a-tomikal, a প্ৰথাপু সংক্ৰান্ত বা প্ৰথাপ্ৰিণিষ্ট, Pertaining to or consisting of atom —অভি ক্ষু, অভি ক্ষু, Extremely minute —প্ৰথাপ্ৰাদ সৰ্ব্বীয়, Relating to atomism.

Atomic theory, a-tomik the o-ri, n. প্ৰাণুবাৰ, Exposition of the abstract principles of
atom, the theory is that every material substance is made up of congeries of atoms, not
united fortuitously, but according to fixed law.

Atomise, atom-iz, ৩ t. প্ৰমাণ্ডে প্ৰিণত-কু, To reduce to atoms.

Atomism, atom-izm, n প্ৰদাপ্ৰাদ, The doctrine of atoms, the doctrine that atoms arranged themselves into the universe.

Atomist, atom-ist n. প্ৰথাবৃধাৰী, One who holds the doctrine of atoms.

Atone, it on, v i (with for) [At ind one as if to set at one, reconcile the old pronunciation of one is here preserved as in only ] প্রায়ণিত্রক To explate —পৰিশোধ-ৰ কডিপুৰণ কৰা, To mike amends —v t পুন্মিন্তি 1. Fo reconcile, to answer or make satisfaction for, a — Atonal le

Atonoment, at তালেলা গ পুন্ধিৰন, Reconclusion,—প্ৰ ধাত্ৰ, কাগপুৰৰ I মুন্নাল reparation —শ্বঃ কঠক পাথের গছৰিও Socially, in theology, the oxp ition of sin made by Christ

Atonic, atohik, a চৰ্মান, Weak debilitated Atoning, at-ohing a প্ৰাধান্তকাৰী, Making amends or satisfaction, expiating

Atony, ato-ne, n { Gr a priv, and tonos, tone, strength } জীবনী শতির অভাব, নিভাবতা, Lose of vit il energy

Atrabiliary, at-ri-bilyar-i, a [ l ater ctra, black, bilis, gall, bile ; বিষয়পুৰ্ণত, f ভোনাদ প্রত, Of a mel incholy temperament hypochrondiae

Atrium, atre um, n plu Atria, átrī 2, [ ] , a court or entrance hall ] প্ৰাসৰ, A court be fore a house

Atrocious, a troshus a [ 1. atrea, atrocis, cruel ] আতি নিশ্ব পাপিট অভাগ ছবাণৰ, Extremely cruel or wicked, homous, hornible n =Atróciousness. adv = Atróciously

Atrocity, a-trosi-ti, n অভান্ত নৃশংসভা, ভয়ানক পাপাচাৰ, Enormous wickedness, cruelty in the highest degree, shocking wickedness or cruelty

Atrophy, átrof-1, n. [ Gr a priv and trophē, nourishment. ] কাৰোৱা, A wasting away from lack of nourishment.

Attach, at-tach, vt. [Fr attacher, from a (L. ad) and Tack,—L. tango, tago, to touch ] সংস্কৃত, সংবদ্ধ বা সংগ্ৰহ করা, Po bind or fasten or tie, as to attach one substance to another by glue — বা ক- কু, বুড কু, to take by legal authority, to arrest — খা কৰ্ব-কু, আৰু প্ৰকৃত্ব আৰু

हम कहा . दिन्छिक घटन यह कहा ; Figuratively, to win the heart of ; to gain over ; to bind by moral influence—with to ; as attached to a friend:—मराबान-इ ; To connect as an adjunct, as, to attach a car to a locomotive. Syn.— Affix, bind, tic. fasten, subjoin, annex.

To attach importance—কোন বন্ধ অভি প্রয়োজনীয় বা মূল্যবান বলিয়া জান-কু, To hold a thing to be of great importance or highly valuable.
Attachable, at-tachá-ble, a. কোক বোগা, সংযোগ বা গুডকবাবোগা, That may be attached.
Attached, at-tachd, a. আসক; Devoted.

Attache, at-tash-a, n. प्राच्य मरकारी; One attached to an embassy, a follower.

Attachment, at-tachment, n. বেছ; আসকি; অনুবাৰ, Affection, devotion, regard:—্যোগ; Connexion, contact, as, to cut the attachment of a muscle,—ক্ষেকি, A seizure by virtue of a legal process.

Attack, at-tak, v.t. [Fr. attequer—L. ad, to and tango, tago, to touch.] আক্রণ-কৃ, To fall upon violently —িননা-কৃ, লিখন বাবা আক্রণ করা, লক্চাবে স্থানোনো করা, To assail in words — ল জাক্ষণ, A falling upon with violence,—n আপির স্থানোনা, বালোকি, করতর স্থানোনন বালিনা, Satire, unfinendly critisim. Syn.—Assail, ac uilt, invade, encounter.

Attain, at-tan, v t. [Fr. attendre—L. attingo, ere—ad, to, and tango, to touch.] সাধন-ক, লগাজন-ক, হোকবিয়া অজন কৰা, To achieve or accomplish, to gain by effort:—প্ৰাপ্ত-হ, কৰিছিত হওয়া, পৌভান, To come to or reach to arrive—ৰম্ম প্ৰাপ্ত হওয়া, To attain majourity Attainability, at-tana bli-ti, n. প্ৰাপ্ত-ঘোৱাতা, State of being attainable.

Attainable, না-নির্মান-bl, a. প্রাপা, সমা, প্রাধি-ধোগা, That may be reached.—u.= Attainableniss

Attander, at thinder, Attenture, at thinder, [Fi. attendre, to come to, reach, O be attaindre, to convict, from L. attingo—al, to and tango, to touch ] কল্প, Stain—আজকীয় লাসনাম্পাতে বাজাবিদ্যোগী বা অন্ত কোন অপবাধীৰ স্বভাবিকাৰ লোপ, The loss of civil rights for the crime of treason or other capital offence by a judicious sentence.

A bill of attainder—ৰাজবিজাহে অভিযুক্ত বাজিব বহাবিকাৰ লোপকবণাৰ্থ পাৰ্কামেণ্টে আনিত অনুভাপত , A bill brought into Parliament for attainting person condemned of high treason.

Attainment, at-tahment, n. লাভ: প্ৰাপ্তি, The act of attaining; acquisition.—ব্যুৎপত্তি, পারদর্শিতা; Proficiency in any branch of knowledge —ল্ক ৰম্ভ, The thing attained.

Attaint, at-tant, vf. [L. attingo—ad, to and tango, to touch.] অপষানিত-ক, To disgrace—
আই-ক; To taint or corrupt—(Law) বাজবিজোর
অপষাবে দোষী-ক, To find guilty of treason or felony—n. কলছ; A stain.—নিশা; A reproach—আ্বাড, A hurt.

Attar, attar, n. atva, Essence of roses.
Attemper, at-temper, [Lattempero-ad, to,

and tempero, to mix in due proportion. ] বিশ্ববিশ্ব-কৃ, To regulate; as, a mind well attempered with kindness.—কোমল-কৃ; To attempered; as, to attemper heat:—কোমল-কৃ;
To soften, or modify. as, to attemper rigid
justice with ceremony:—উপৰোধী কৰা; To
adopt.

Attempt, at-tempt, v. t. [Fr. attenter—L. attento—ad, to, and tempto, tento, to try—tendo, to stretch ] উদায় করা বা আকৃষ্ণ করা; To make an effort or attack upon —চেষ্টা-কু; To try; to endeavour —n. প্রাকা-কু, To make a trial of; —n চেষ্টা, উদায়; A trial; endeavour, effort.

Attend, at-tend, v. t. [L. attendo—ad, to, and tendo, to stretch] সেবা-ক; To wait on; to cerve:—আইবলিক গাকা; To be present with; to accompany —যকুক; মনোবোগী হত্যা; To take care of, to give heed to —উপস্থিত-হ, To be present on business —v ৷ মনোবোগ-দে; আপেকা করা; To listen to, to fix the attention upon, to wait or be in waiting.

Attend at—কোৰ হাবে উপহিত থাকা; To be present at any place. { a person.

Attend on—coin a sidera Greati-a; To wait on Attend to—us agai; crai gai; utaitaira affes affect affes affes affes affes affes affes affect affes affes affes affes affes affes affes affes affect affect affect affes affes affect affect

Attendance, at-tendans, n. তথ্য : The act of serving or writing, service, ministry — উপৰিতি, Presence — অস্থাৰত্য, A train, a retinue — ম্বেন্ট্রার, Attention.

To dance attendance— দীৰ্ঘকাল ধৰিয়া (কাহা-বণ্ড) উদেশাৰী কৰা, বা কোন স্থানে হাজিব থাকা . To want assiduously for a long time (on a person, or at a place.)

Attendance at - ত্ৰিছিড, The act of being precent, as - The education which was received by the misses through their constant attendance at the theire, &c., was quite effective in sharpening their intelligence - W. L. Collins.

To be in attendance on or at— আদেশ প্ৰতি-পালনাৰ্থ আদেয়াৰ নিকট বা আদিই হানে উপস্থিত বাকা, To wait on a person at a place.

Attendant, at-tendant, a আনুবরিক; অনুধানী;
Accompanying —উপস্থিত ইইয়া, Being present:
—n. অনুচৰ, চাকৰ, ভুজা, One who attends or accompanies, a follower, a servant, as, a train of attendants —আনুহরিক ব্যাপাৰ, মহবানী বা অনুধানী পদার্থ, Concomittant, what accompanies or follows.

Attendant on—অপেকাকাৰী বা সংগাণী ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু, A person or thing waiting or accompanying, as —Personal deterioration was no incredible attendant on moral declension —Warren. Attention, at tershun, n. [L. attentio—atten do—ad, to, tendo, to e'retch. ] মনোবোগ, অভি-বিৰেশ; কণিছে; বছ; নম্মান; Act of attending, heed; care, regard; steady application of the mind:—ভত্তা; স্বাদ্ধ; Act of courtesy; politeness.

To call attention to—চিন্তাকৰ্ণ-কৃ; মনোবোগ আকৰ্ণ কৰা, To invite attention to, to draw attention to. [করা, To attend to; to heed. To pay attention to—মনোবোগ দেওবা, কৰ্ণাভ To pay attentions to—প্ৰণম প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কৃ; To court:—সন্মান কৰা, বন্ধ কৰা; To show courtesy to; to take care of.

Attentive, at-tentive, a. ম্লোবোগী, সভৰ্ক, Paying regard to; full of attention; heedful, mindful; observant.—n.=Attentiveness. adv = Attentively.

Attentive to—বিহিত সন্থান প্রদানকারী; বনো-বোগী; Paying due to regard to, mindful of, as—A person who troubled himself so little about small or sentimental grievance was not likely to be very attentive to the feelings of others in the ordinary intercourse of society.—Macaulay.

Attenuant, at-tenu-ant, a কুপতা্রক , Making thin:—n. কুপতা্রক উত্তর , A medicine that attenuates.

Attenuate, at-teful-fit, v.f. [ L. attenue, atum—ad, to, and tenues, thin. ] সন্ধ কিবো কৃশ করা, স্বাত্ত্বৰ , স্বাত্ত্বৰ অংশে বিভক্ত করা, To make thin or lean; to break down into finer parts.—v.s স্বাত্ত্ব হ্ওয়া, To become thin or fine; to grow less.

Attenuate, at-tenu-zt, Attenuated, at-tenu-zt-ed, a. কৃপীকৃত, লগ্ডত; Made thin or slender, made less viscid.

Attenuation, at-ten-u-a'shun, n. কুপতা . Thinness ,—চুণীকরণ , Pulverisation.

Attest, ai-test, v. t. [L. attester—ai to, testis, a witness.] সাজা দে, বিশ্বসক্ষে বলা তি লেয়ে, to affirm solemnly,—ম্মাণ দে, একাশ-কৃ, তি give proof of, to manifest.

Attestation, at-test-ম'shun, n. দাকা , প্রমাণ , সাকাদান ; প্রমাণ প্রদর্শন , Testimony, especially official testimony , act of attesting.

Attic, atik, a. [1.. atticus—Gr.] আটিকা বা এধেল সম্মীয়; Pertaining to Attica or Athens:—ওড়ুম, বিজ্ঞা, উৎকৃষ্ট Elegant, chaste, classical:— আটুগুহ বা ভিলেখন সম্মীয়; প্রাসাদের উপন্ন গৃহসংকীয়, Belonging to upper story—n. Athenian— প্রাসাদের উপনি গৃহ, অনুগৃহ, দিলে ঘন, Upper story, a garret. [volable faith. Attic faith, atik fath, n. অপন্তিহাৰ্য্য ধর্ম, In-

Attic faith, atik fath, n. অপরিষ্যা বর্ষ, In-The Attic Bee, the atik be, সম্পেরিস, Sophocles, so called from the unrivalled beauty and sweetness of his compositions.

The Attic Muse, the acid mu'z, (arriva, Zenophon, the historian so called because the style of his composition is a model of simplicity and elegance.

Attre purity, alik puri-ti, n. siria farma farmasi, Special purity of language. [ wit. Attre salt, atik sawlt, n. Elegant and delicate

Attre story, atik stö'n, n. মন্তক , The head. Attre style, atik stil. n. বিভন্ন উপেই ভাষা ; A style pure, elegant and classic.

Attic wit, atik wit, n. এবেনিয়াননির্গের চরিত্রপত ক্ষা বৃদ্ধি, Delicate wit, peculiar to the Athenians. [Partially intoxicated. Queer in the attic story—বল্প প্রিকাশে মন্ত

Queer in the attic story—यज्ञ श्वियाण यखः lll furnished in the attic story—हृत वृद्धिः Not clever, dull.

Atticism, atti-ciem, n. আংথল দেশীয় বাজ্যের দ্বীতি, বিভদ্ধভাষা প্রয়োগ, An attic idiom, a chaste or elegant expression

Attire, at tir', vr [ O. kr. attirer, from amad, and a Tent root found in Ger. Zier, ornament, A. S. tir, splendom Sec. lire, dress.] ছুমজ্জিকু; বেশভ্যা-কু, বেশবিস্থান করা, প্রস্তুত করা, To dress, adoin, array, propare—n পরিছেপ, পোষাক, স্ত্রীপোরের মৃত্যকর বেশ, Diess, ornamental dress, a woman's head dress.

Attitude, a'th tūd, n (fr., from it attitudine, a fit position—L. aptitudo—apties, fit. ] অবভাগ অবহিন্তি বা অবহা, l'osture or position, a — Attitudinal.

Attitudiniso, at-11-tūd- n-12, ৩ 1. অক্তরী-কু; কুল্মি অক্তরি-কু, lo assume affected airs or postures

Attornoy, at-tur'm, n [ O Fi a'erre'—Low L. atternatus—atoino to commit business to another.—L. ad, to and turno to turn. ] আইন অসাবে কম্পাবে কম বজানোল or attorncy prepares cases mi does general law business, while a barristic pleads before the court —One who acts for another, as an a court of law —ব্যৱহার্থীয় উন্নাম্ব মোকাব, A lawyer, attorneyship —n. মোকাবের কার্যাব্য , Office of an attorncy.

A power, letter, warrant of attorney using wifel, A written authority from one person empowering another to transact business for him

Attorney-general, at-tur'ni-icher-al, n ইংলভের সক্তথাৰ হাজভায় ভূটাল, In England, the
chief law-officer of the crown, whose duty it is
to manage cases in which the crown is interested.

Attract, at-trakt, n.f [L. attracho, attractus—al to, and traho, to draw j with the fine for a to, and traho, to draw j with the fine for a to, or cause to tend toward — with fine for a moral kind — with fine for fine for fine for allure, to entice. Syn = Diaw, allure, invite, entice. Attractable, at-trakta-bl, a. with with the fine fine for fine fine for fine fine for fine fine for fine

Attraction, at-trakshun. n. প্রাকৃতিই, Allurement, enticement —আক্রালভি, The force which draws or tends to draw bodies or their particles to each other —আক্রা, The power or act of attracting. Syn. = Allurement, enticement chair

Capillary attraction, kap'il-a-ri or ka-pila

rı at-trakshun, n. रिक्निकॉक्नी; That power which causes liquids to rise in some small tubes or porous substances.

Chemical attraction or affinity, kemi-kal at-trakshun or af-fini-ti, n. বাসায়নিক আকর্ণ, The power by which the ultimate particles of bodies of unlike kinds unite themselves together to form a new body, possessing new and specific properties.

Cohesive attraction, kö-he'sıv at-trakshun, ল. প্ৰশ্পত আকৰ্ষণ, আণ্টিক শক্তি, Attraction between ultimate particles, whether like or unlike, and consisting simply of an aggregation or a union of those particles.

Moleculor attraction, mo-lekū-lar, at-trakshun, n. আণ্ডিক আক্ষণ, Attraction of mole-

Attractive, at-traktiv, a আকর্ষকারী, প্রনোভ-ক, আক্র্যক্ষ, Alluring, chaiming, having the power of attracting—n=Attractiveness মুৰোহারিজ: adv.—Attractively, attractingly

Attributable, attrib-ut-a-bl, a. আবোপণীয় ,

Attributo, at-tribūt, v t [ L. attribuo, tributum—ad, to tribuo to give ] আবোপ-কু, To it down to, to ascribe, to impute—n বস্তব ধর্ম বা ভাগ, বৈদাগিক ধর্ম, ভাগ, ধর্ম, আবোপিত প্রার্থ, An essential quality or property, that which is inherent in any person or thing, that which can be predicated of anything, a quality or property, that which is attributed—
\*ধবেৰ ভাগ, Quality of the Godhead.

Attribution, at-trib u'-hun, n আবোপিত পদাৰ্থ, আবোপ, প্ৰশাস্থা, Act of attributing, that which i attributed, ascription, commendation

Attributive, attribut iv, a ওণ সংখ্যা বা প্ৰকাশৰ, Pertaining to, or expressing an attribute, —n. বিশেষণ, A modifying word joined to a noun.

Attrition, at-trishun, n. [1 ad and tero, tritum, to rub.] বস্তুতে বস্তুতে খনগ, খনগ ছাৱা ক্ষম প্রান্তি, The rubbing of one thing against one thing, a wearing by friction

Attune, at tun, v t [ L. a.l, to, and Tune. ]
সমস্ব-কৃ. হ্ৰ বাধা, স্বর্থিপ্-কৃ. so put in tune,—
সদ্প-কৃ. so make accordant

Auburn, aw'burn, a { The old meaning was a light yellow, or lightish hue, Low L. alburnus, whitish—L albus, white ] 19年4, Reddish, brown, tawny.

Auotion, awkshun, n [L auctio, an increasing—angeo, auctum, to increase.] মান্য , A public sale of any description of property to the highest bidder—বিশ্ব কৰিবাৰ স্থান, Place of sale, a vendue.

Dutch suction-Bidding down.

Auctionary, awkshun-ai-i, a. नीनाथ मचकोत्त , Pertaining to auction.

Auctioneer, awk-shun-हर', n. बीलाय कर्डा, बीलाय कर्डा, one licensed to sell by auction.
Auctioneering, awk-shun-ह'r-ing, n. बीलाइयह बृद्धान्य, Profession of an auctioneer. Audacious, aw-da'shus, a. [Fr. audacioux—L. auda2—audeo, to dare.] অগন্ত, গৃই; গাতিক, অবিনীত, নিৰ্কল্প—Very bold and daring, confident, impudent, forward—n.—Audaciousness, Audacity প্ৰগন্ততা, নিৰ্কল্প), (Boldness, impudence). Syn.—Impudent, effrontive, daring, bold.

Audaciousness, aw-da'-shus-nes, Audacity, aw-da'i-ti, n. প্রপ্ততা, নিৰ্মাণ ; গুটা; দাংস, Impudence, forwardness, boldness.

Audible, awdi-bl, a. [ I.. audibilis—audio, to hear, conn. with Gr. ous, ötos, the ear. ] লাব্য; লাৱ, লাবাবার, That may be heard, distinct.
—n =Audibleness, Audibility.

Audience, awdi-ens, n ধ্ৰণ, The act of hearing — ধ্ৰণাস্থাত , পৰ্ন , Admittance to a hearing, an interview — ধ্ৰোত্ৰৰ, An assembly of hearers

Audience chamber, awdi-ens chāniber, n. বাজদববাৰ, The place of reception for a solemn meeting.

To give audience to—কোন বিষয়েৰ পৰাৰ্থ বা কোন কাৰ্য্যনাধন কৰিবাৰ জন্ত নিকটে আদিতে দেওছা, To grant an interview to one, for conference or transaction of some business.

Audit, awdit ৩ t. হিসাব পৰীকা-ক, Settle and examine accounts — গ পৰীকা, An examination in general —গণনা পৰীকা, Specially, the examination of account by a person or persons in order to ascertian whether they be correct.

Auditive, awditive, Auditory, awdit-or-i, Auditual, awditū-al, a প্রবাদক্তিবিশিষ্ট, Having the power of hearing

Auditor, awdit-ar, n [L. auditus, a hearing —audio, to hear, Sec Audible] শোড়া, Hearer: —(fem auditiess) —গণনাপ্ৰীক্ষ, One authorised to adjust accounts, auditorship-office of auditor.

Auditory, awdit-or-i, a स्वर मक्कीय , Pertaining to the sense of hearing - ज्ञानकम, Able to hear -n শ্ৰোত্ৰৰ্গ, An assembly of hearers; audience --ৰকুভা প্ৰভৃতিৰ স্থাৰ, A place whi re lectures &c , are heard [n. #4, Ear. Auditory apparatus, awdit-or-i a-pa ritus, Augean, aw-je'an, a [ From Angeas, a fabled king of Elis in Greece, whose stalls, containing 3000 cattle, and undercleaned for 30 years, were cleaned by Hercules in one day ] 4471 श्रीदर्शन , ममल , अश्रीदकांब , इःमाधा , Pertaining to Aurgeos, a fabulous king of Ellis, in Greece, for his stable, which, it is said, contained 3000 oxen, and had not been cleansed, for thirty years, when Hercules accomplished the seemingly impracticable task in one day, full of dirt, filthy, difficult.

Augean stable, aw-je'an stabl. n. An accumulation of corruption or filth beyond the power of man to remedy.—হু-সাধ্য ব্যাপার, What is impracticable.

Augean task, aw-je'an task, n. कुइन कार्या; Very difficult task, Herculean labour.

Auger, awger, n, [ A corruption of nanger,

A. S nafegarnafu, a nave of a wheel, gar, a piercer. See Nave (of a wheel), Gooe, a triangular piece] বেশন যত্ত্ত, কুৰণান, A carpenter's instrument for boring.

Aught, awi, n [A. S. awhit—a short for an, one, wiht, a wight, a thing ] কোন বস্তু, আভি সামান্ত আংশ, Anything, semething a tittle or lot

For aught one knows—(sin au siels wind are, in spite of anything one knows one does not know the contrary —as —I may speak as a philosopher, or a heathen, for aught I know—C Kingsley

Augment, angment, v t [ L. augmentum increase—augev, to increase, (ir auxa io ] the f, lo increase, to make large —z : age est, lo grow larger —n gfe, agfe, locrease, prefix to a word

Augmentable, awg-ment-a-bl, a. বর্ণকৃষ, Able to be increased

Augmentation, aug ment-ashun, n বৃদ্ধি,

Augmentative, awg mentative, ৫ বৰ্ডিছু, বৰ্ডনক্ষম, বৰ্ডন, Illaying the power to augment —
n. বৰ্ডনস্থেক বাকা, In Grammar, a word formed
to express greatness,—opposite to diminutive

Augur, awgur, [ ] prob from avis, bird, and root gar, in L garrire, to chitter, Sans gir speech ] a শবুৰজ, শিৰিওজ, গণক, দৈৰজ, A diviner, a snoth-ayer—a=Augural, Augurous, Aigurial,—v t ভবিষ্যুৎ বলা, বৃহুণ বেশিয়া ভাবীয়ন গায়িব বলা, বিহুণ বিহাল চিকাল বিহাল বিশ্বিক বি

Auguration, awbui-áshun, श. छविगार कथन , Sooth saving

Augury, aw'gur-1, n. [L. augurium—augur, prob from avis, bird, and root gar, in L garrire, to chatter, Sans g.r, speech ] \*\*[4].

Omen, prediction

August, aw-gust, n. [ So called after Cosar Augustus, one of the Roman emperors. ] অহন মাস, প্রাবশ্ভায়, The 5th month.

August, aw-gust, a. [ L augustus—augeo, to increase, honour ] আছাপাৰ, সম্বাক্ষক, ধাহেনাজিত, আছাজ্যক, মহাধাৰিত, মহাধাৰিত, মহামহিন, Venerable, imposing, maje tie, grand—n=Augustness—ad=Augustly

Augustan, aw-gustan, a আগত্ত্ব সংক্রান্ত , Rela ting to Augustus — বিহন্ধ , পৰিক্রন্ধ , সর্বোৎকৃত্ত , Literary , classic , refined.

Augustan age of any literature—(কাৰ্ সাহিত্যেৰ সংকাৎকৃত্ত সময়, The period of its highest state of purity and refinement,

Augustan age of English literature— ह वाकि जारिए जाव अरसी १ कृष्ट नयब , The best period of English hterature, beginning in the reign of Elizabeth and ending with the Restoration The term Augustan is from Augustus, the emperor of Rome, the most palmy time of Latin literature.

The Augustanage of French literature

—চতুৰ্দৰ বৃইয়েৰ সময়, The age of Louis XIV.

Augustinian, aw-gus-tifi-an, n. আগইাইবেৰ মভাবল্ৰী ব্যক্তি, A follower of St. Augustine on grace.

Augustins, aw-gustins, n সন্ত্যাসিম্প্রদায়, An order of monks, so called from St Augustine. Auk, awk, n [I ow I. alca, ice. alka] এক একার লিপেন্দ সামৃত্রিক সকী, A web-footed scabird, found in the Northern Seas—সামৃত্রিক সফী বিশেষ, I he name of various sea birds
Aula, aw la. n viole, আদালত, বিয়োলয়, A

Aula, aw la, n viole, wiring, fariains, A hall, court -a = Aulanian

Aulerian, aw li ri an, n আন্তোভিৰা কাৰিছ ৰাজনভাৱ সভা, A member of an Oxfoid or Cambridge hall

Aulie, awlik, a [ L. aulieus—aula, Gr aute, a royal court. ] বাজসভাসংকীয় , Of or pertaining to a royal court

Au'lie council - জার্মান বাজোর একটা উচ্চত্তৰ বিধার লিয়া, One of the highest courts in the old German Empire, from which there was no appeal.

Aunt, ant, n [O Fr ante—L am ta a fither s sister ] পিতৃষ্পা, মাতৃষ্পা, মাণী, পৈনী, A father s or muther's sister

Aura, aw'ra n ple Auro, aw're [l arr] মুহ গন্ধ, ব'বু বিধান, A very gertle beecze, breath.

Aural, awial, a [I avis rat] at 1788; Pertaining to the air — advise; Pertain rate to the ear

Aurelia, awr-Tlya n. [1 aurum g 11] १ k - পোকা, The chrys ilis state of an in c t, nom its golden colour

Aureola, awr To la, Aureole, awr'e ul n. [L. aureolus dum of arcus, rilier j দেক পূ ক'বে মুখ্যকসভূত ভেছ পুঞ্চ, A circle of ray with which painters surrounded the head of Christ and the saints, called a glory, crown of clory.

Auricle, awrickl, n [L aurcula, dim of auris, the air] बांदावर्ग, I he outer cur — इंद (कांप, A cavity of the heart — a=Auricled

Auricula, awr-ikul a, এক প্রকার পুজা, A specics of primrose, also called bears car, from the shape of its leaf

Auricular, awr-ikul ar, a ক্ৰিষ্কীয়, Pertaining to the car — গুৱা, Secret — শ্বাৰাহা পৰি-জাত, Known by hearing (প্ৰদেশ) Auricular region, awr-ikul-ar rejun, ক্ৰি Auricular confession, awr ikul ar confeshun, n. কৰে কৰে উক্ত গুৱা ক্ষা, Secret told in the ear —গোপৰে পাপ থীকাৰ, The confession of sins made to a priest with a view to absolution.

Auriculate, awr-ikūl-āt, Auriculatod, awr-ikul-āted [Low L. auriculatus-L auricula, dim of auris, the cai ] কাঞিতি বিশিষ্ট, Earsh and

Auriforous, awr-ife'r-us, a [ L aurifer-aurum gold and fero, to bear ] दर्वशादी दा शर्वाद-भागों , Beating or yellding gold. Auriform, awi'i-form, a [ L auris ear and Form-L forma-fero to bear like facies, appearance, from facio, to make ] 341768
Eur-shaped

Aurist, awi'ist n कर्नदोन हिक्किन निश्न वानि , One skilled in diseases of the ear ,-- क्नदान

तिकिश्मक, An car urgeon

Aurocha, awt'oks v [Ger auerochs O Ger urohso—Ger ur ( L. urus, (বা curc ) i kind of wild ox, and ochs, ox ] পোলন্ত দেখী। মাথে The Poland bisons

Aurora, aw-ro'ra, n [I for auscsa, cog with Gr cos, from a root seen in Sans us/ to burn ] \$41741, The rising light of the moining in poetry the goldess of maning

Aurora, aw-ro'ra Australis, in in n [I australis--austri the couth wind j দক্ষি। ভূচাৰত আহেমিক বা দ্জাপিত Ancteor in the S Hemisphere, -- দক্ষিণ কেপ্ৰিয় আহেম্ক I he Sou thern light

Aurora borealis, aw reinto ie in n [ ] bralis, neithen — bor as then rith word ] जेडब किन्द्रांद्रकांक Northern high the in me concephinomena, supposed to be or each fineal origin

Auroral, aw-টোলি তিয় ক্ৰেণ্ড ক্ৰিন্দ ক্ৰি, B longment then itl inlate

Auscultation, we halt a liming lass eith to him item him to each out to eat of the care street and the care street are the care street and the eat of an own second the large and learn the upper limits to the chest of the area in a one we contact with the chest are A is ulasory.

Auspice, we give the first of a - airper auspires a baid or from that seems to observe the man are the first of a man from observing baids it may be ally used in plurate.

Auspices, in spice of পান্ধ Omens - আৰু
কুলা, প্ৰদাদ, কুপাদৃষ্টি Pice is pationage
Under the auspices of কাৰ অপুথাই,
কাহাৰণ ভ্ৰাৰণ নে প্ৰদান কাৰ্যালয় of, und r the
care of.

Auspicious, aw-spishus, a নৌভাগাজনক অসু কুৰ, সৌভ গাণালী, মাজাৰিক "ভ Laccui ible, foitunate lucky n Au piciou acss—47 গি কাৰিভা। ada = Auspiciou ly

Austero, aws tot, a [L. auste us for austeros—aus to dry] atolia, mp on, Severe, stern. sour, harsh

Austereness, aws terines, Austerity, awsterit, n. কটোবতা, কাৰ্বজ, কটভা, ২ venty of manners or life, sternness, haish discipline, rigour, harshness.

Austral, awitral, Austrino, awitrin, a [ L. australis—auster, the south wind ] मिन्न, Southern

Australesian, aws tral-ম'shi in a আইলেমিছা সংগীৰ, Pertaining to Austi dasia or the countries that he to the south of Asia. Australian, aws tra'li an a অট্টেলিয়াল কাজ, Of or pertaining to Australia — n অট্টেলিয়া-বানী Anative of Au tralia

Austrian, awith in a অধ্যুদ্ধনীয়, Pertoining to Austria — শ অধ্যুদ্ধনী, A native of Austria.

Authentic, aw bental Authentical, awilled a la of Con authertes one who does a thing with a own had—out a self | १६७. मंडा कर्मांक कर

Authoricato, iv thould it তা ভাসুৱৈষ্ প্য ু মাণ নাজগর্ক, To prive to be genum

Anthorfication an thent ik ishun n দ্বী কৰো দেশ গৰাৰ কৰা The act of provide by althority confirmation of legal attestation

Author of evil—সহত ন জ to
Author of our beins ভ ধন God
Author ties, will riti i ও মান্ন ক বিশ্ব
ট i one in peur — ১৭৮ পুষ্ক, Sicil books
of cl — স্কপুত্ৰ মত্যাবাক Oi

with carry we hit —পুহ্ৰ বিশা বা

•171 Irectorn

Authority, nath ci'it, # বিধিস্ক ক্ষ্ড', legal or it infini power dominion — এত্ৰ, ভুকত্ব, প্ৰভূত্ব Influence of claricter or office, which — এবাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ T many withen — পুৰ্ভিন বিধি A procedent — অহমতি, Permision Syn -- Power sway, rule, force, control, influence

An authority on—ৰে ব্যক্তির মত যুদিসাত ও সুত্রাং মাননীয় A pirson whose opinin on a subject is worthy of respect.

Authorise, awther iz, ৩ t. ক্ষমতাৰ্পাক To enjower—বিধিৰক-ক, To legalise—পিশ্ব-ক, স্বান্ত-ক, To establish by authority—ক্ষমতা, সম্মান বা সাহায্য প্ৰদান কৰা, To give authority, credit or support to —ক্ষ্মেন্দ্ৰ কৰা, lo sanction ».—Authorisation.

Authorship, awthor ship, i প্রশেত্ত , এইকর্ত্ত , State of being an author

Autobiographer, aw to b og'ral er, n sigelassing agets, One who write his own life. Autobiography, aw-to biog inf i, n [ Gr. autos, one > sch, bios, life, grapho, to write. ] आवातिक ; विक ; Life written by one's celf .-e.=Autobiographic; autobiographical.

Autochthon, aw-tokthon, n. [Gr. from the land itself, fr. autos, self, chthon, land. ] आशिय-विवासी ; An aboriginal or native.

Autocracy, aw-tokras-i, n. [ Gr. autos, self, kratos, power. ] খবাছুৰ; খেছাচারিতা; Absolute government by one person; despotism.

Autocrat, n. aw'to-krat, [Gr. autokratesautos, self, kratos, power. ] (कक्षांगदी वाका; অভ্যাচারী ; ক্লসিয়ার শাসনকর্ত্তা ; An absolute sovereign; a despot; the ruler of Russia. fem .= Autocratix. a .= Autocratic, Autocratical.

Autodafe, aw'to-da-fá, [ Port., from auto, L. actus, act; da, L. de, of; and fe, L fides, faith-an act of faith. ] n. বিগৰ্মীয় দও; Punishment of a heretic by burning, in conformity with the judgment of the Inquisition.

Autogenesl, aw'to-ic-ne-al, Autogenous, awto-jen-us, [ Gr. autos, oneself and genosgignomai, obs. geno, Sans jan, to beget, I.. gigno, genitus, to beget, to be born. ] 📆; Self-be-gotten; self-generating.

Autograph, aw'to-graf, Autography, aw'to-graf-i, n. [ Gr. autos, self, graphe, writing. ] स्वाक्य ; Writing with one's own hand , signature. a.=Autographal, Autographic, Autographical.

Automatal, aw'to-mat-al, Automatous, aw'to-mat-us, Automatic, aw'to-mat-ik, Automatical, aw'to-mat-ik-al, a. সহং পতি-बैन; Self-acting; spontaneous; acting by internal machinery.

Automath, aw'to-math, n. [Gr. autos and mathanein, to learn. ] স্বয়ং শিক্ষিত ব্যক্তি, যে ব্যক্তি चर निकालांक कविदाहक; One self-taught.

Automatism, aw'tomat-izm, n. করং চলৰ , কাং চল । महिन : Automatic action ; power of selfmoving.

Automaton, aw-toma-ton, n. [Gr. automatos, self-moving-autos, self, and a stem mat, to strive after, to move. ] अव: मध्य पत्र ; श्रीनेद कार्याक्य यह ; A self-moving machine ; so constructed as to imitate the actions of men or animals :-- अपृश्च भक्तिकादा हलनमील वस ; A machine which moves by concealed machinery. blu =Automatons or Automata.

Autonomy, aw-tonom-i, n. [Gr. autos, self and nomos, law. ] शांखनांत्रत्न क्षिकांत्र वा क्ष्मका ; The power or right of self-government. a. = Autonomous--বারব্দাসন-ক্ষরতাথাও; Selfgoverning.

Autopay, aw'top-si, n. [Gr.-autos, self, and obsis, sight=personal inspection.] WELVE প্ৰীকা; A post-mortem-examination; the examination of a body after death.

Autumn, aw'tum, n. [ L. autumnus, auctumnus-augeo, auctum, to increase, to produce. ] चंदरकांत्र ; The season between summer and winter; the third season of the year when fruits are gathered in, popularly comprising the months of August, September, and October.

Autumnal, aw'tum-nal, a. नावशेष ; Pertaining to autumn.

Autumnal equinox—रविननी ; निवृत विनान मरिष्ठ अवनम्थरलय পশ্চিमनिक्क अरर्थात्र होन ; The time when the sun enters Libra, or one of the points in which the ecliptic intersects the equator, called the autumnal point. This happens generally on the 22nd or 23rd of September.

Auxiliaries, awg-zilyar-is, n. विरम्भीय निष्क

Foreign troops employed in war.

Auxiliary, awg-zilyar-i, a. [L.-auxilium, help-augeo, to increase.] नारावाकादी : मरकादी ; Helping ; subsidiary :-- n. अपूक्त वासि ; नशव ; A helper ; an assistant ;—(शोगक्विया नम ; मरकांबी ক্রিয়াপদ; In grammar, a verb that helps to form the moods and tenses of other verb; as, be, have &c.

Avail, a-val, v. t. [ Fr -L. ad, to, valeo, to be strong, to be worth. ] কাজে লাগা; উপকাৰ কৰা; To be of value or service; to benefit :-निष्य लाख-क ; উপকাৰে আনম্ম-क ; To profit one's self; to turn to advantage :-- সাহাৰ্য বা লাভ-ক ; To assist or profit :- v. i. উপকাৰী-ই; वावशास व्यामा ; व्यक्तिशास मिश्न-इ ; To be of use or advantage; to be of use; to answer the purpose .- n. नाड ; উপকাद, बादशंद ; Profit, adv intage, service, use.

Avail one's self of-(क)न वश्चरक निष्मय उन-कार्य भावान-क ; Put something to one's advantage, to take advantage of ; as :- My mother had missed the advantage of a musical education, from her having been too diffident to avail herself of the kindness of Dr. Franklin, who offered to teach her the guitar .- Leigh Hunt

Bo of little or no avail-नियन रहता; Be of no use. as .-- (a) So oaths mutually sworn, and invocations of heaven, and priestly ceremonies, are of no avail towards making love eternal.-Thackeray. (b) Those who insist upon the allegorical view of the poem, tell us that the lesson is, that brute force is of little avail without counsel .- W. L. Collins.

To avail nothing—किष्टमोख कोर्वाकी वा बाद-रादेक्रवक वी रुख्या : विकल रुख्या : Be of no use or advantage, as :- To the feeble, the sluggish and purposeless, the happiest accidents avail nothing-they pass them by seeing no meaning in them .- Smiles.

Available, a-vala-bl, a. লাভজনক, কলভায়ক; উপবোগী, Capable of being availed or profitable, advantageous ; suitable :-- वल्द ; Efficacious; valid. adv. = Availably.

Availableness, a-vāla-bl-nes, Availability, a-val-á-bili-ti, n. लाक्यनक्य; উপবেদিতা; অভিগ্ৰায়-সাধন-শক্তি; প্ৰমাণ-গিল্কডা; Quantity of being available; suitableness; power in promoting an end in view; validity.

Avalanche, aval-ansh, n. [Fr.-avaler, to ship down-1.. ad, to, vallis, a valley. ] नीशंद-পাত ; তুবার-পিওপাত ; A snow-slip ; a fall down a mountain of a great body of snow and ice.

Avant-courier, n. satisfi ve; A fore-runner; a harbinger.

Avarice, avar-is, n. [Fr.—[.. avaritia—averus, greedy—aver, to pant after.] অভিবিত্ত বিশ্বনিতা; বোড; Covetousness; cupidity; eager desire for wealth; greediness; penuriousness. Avaricious, av-ar-ishus, a. অধ্যূৰ; লোডী; Covetous; greedy of gain. n.—Avariciousness. adv.—Avariciously.

Avast, a-vast, int. [Dut. hond vast, hold fast.]
(naut.) থায়; গডিবহিড কর; Hold fast! stop!
Avatar, a-va-tar' n. [Sans.—ava, away,
down, and tara, passage—tri, to cross.] হিছু
(ছবংশবীর মুখ্যানেই ধারণ করিয়া ভূতাল অব্ভরণ;
The descent of a Hindu deity in a visible
form:—অবভার; Incarnation of a Hindu God.
Avaunt, a-vawnt, interj. [Fr. avant, forward—L. ab, from, ante, before.] দুর হও;
চলিয়া ঘাড; Begone; move on.

Ave, 3ve, n. [L. aveo, to be well or propitious, be well or happy.] সংখ্যন; বেধিৰ ন্ধোধন বা বৰ; Hail, an address or prayer to the Vergin Mary; in full, Ave Maria.

Ave-Mary, Ave-Maria, interj. বোধাৰ কাৰ-বিকাশ্যেৰ মধ্যে থ্ৰীষ্টেৰ মাডাৰ তব; Hail Mary, the first word of an address to the Virgin Mary; a form of devotion in the Catholic churches.

Avonge, a-venj, v. t. [Fr. venger—L. vendicare—windigo, to avenge. ] অভিনোধ লভা; অভিনন দ; অভিহিনো কয়া; দও দে, Revenge; take satisfaction for; to inflict punishment for. Avongement, a-venjment, n. অভিনোধ; Vengeance; punishment; revenge.

Avenger, a-venjer, n. অভিন্ন দাভা; অভিহিংদা-কারী; দশ্দাভা; One who avenges; a vindicator; a revenger.

Avenue, aven-u, [Pr, from L. ad, to and nenio, to come.] পুৰ; A passage:—বীৰ; ভোৰে; An alley; walk shaded with trees.—

Aver, a-ver, v. [Fr. averer—L. ad, to and verus, true.] সভা বলিবা বোৰণা কৰা; To declare to be true;—বিশ্বন কৰিবা বলা; To affirm with confidence. Syn=declare, assert, affirm, avouch, protest asserverate.

Average, aver-aj, n. [ Low. L. averagium, carrying service due to a lord by his tenants with their averia or cattle; loss, expense in carrying-aversum, 'havings', goods, cattle-O. Fr. aver-L. habere, to have; confused with Dut. averij, Fr. averie-Ar. awar, damage; hence a contribution towards damage to a cargo formerly levid on each merchant in proportion to the goods carried. ] পড়পড়ভা মূল্য बा शिविषान ; (पांडे ; The mean value or quantity of a number of values or quantities; mean proportion :--- नाथावर किञ्चरार्थ अर्थनान ; Contribution towards a general loss ( called general average )-a. विशेष कर्षक (मा ७५; A small duty (called petty, average) payable by the shippers of goods to the master of the ship, over and above the freight, for his care of the

goods:—a. গড়পড়ভা; ৰোট; Containing a mean proportion; medial:—v. t. গড়বিপ্ৰ কৰা; To reduce to a mean; to proportion; to fix an average:—v i. গড়পড়ভাডে হতবা; To exist in, or form, a mean quantity.

At, upon or on a average—(17tb; 17tc; in the agreegate; taking the mean of unequal numbers or quantities; as —(a) Next year there were between fourteen and fifteen hundred sailless upon Lloyd's books; which, valued at an average at £1,500, made a loss of two millions of money.—Leigh Hunt. (b) He rates the number of parishes at 52,200, will ten households on an average in each parish.—Froude.

Averment. a-ver'ment, n. নিক্ৰকৰণ; Positive assertion:—প্ৰশাণ; Verification.

Averse, a-vérs, a. [ L. aversus, turned away, pa. p. of averto. See Avert. ] অসভট: পৰাৰ্থ; বিৰক্ত; Unwilling; dis-inclined; indisposed; backward; hostile.

Aversion, a-ver'shun, ল. আসভোষ; মুগা; বিবলি ; বিবোধ; অনিজ্ঞা; অঞ্যন্তি; Dislike; hatred; reluctance;—বিপৰীত ভাষ; Opposition of nature:—অনভোবেৰ কাৰণ; The cause of dislike. Sym=Dislike, indisposition, reluctance, disinclination, repugnance, antipathy, disgust.

Avort, a-vert, n. [ L. averto-ab, from, verto, to turn. ] প্রতিনিত্ত-তু; বাধা-দে; নিবাধা করা; To turn aside or away from; to prevent.

Aviery, avi-ar-i, n. [L. aviarium-avis, bird.] পৰিশাবা; ক্লাহিকা; পিল্লই; A place to keep buds in; bird-cage.

Avidity, a-vidit-i, n. [ L. aviditas—avidus, greedy—aveo, to pant after. ] বাবনা; আছে; জতিবাত, An intense desire; strong appetite; eagerness; greediness.

Avocation, a-vo-káshun, n. [L. avocatio, a calling away-ab, from, voco, to call.] ( ( ) নিম্মিত কার্যা ইইতে নিবৃত্তি; নিবৃত্তি; Formerly and properly, a diversion or distraction from one's regular employment, a calling off,-(এফাণে) ব্যবসায়, কাৰ্ব্য; Now, one's proper business=Vocation; business which calls for one's time and attention; business that calls off. Avoid, a-void, v. t. [ Pfx. a=Fr. es=L. ex, out and Void-L. viduus, bereft-root vid, to separate allied Sans. vid ( कि ) to separate. ] पूर्व बाका ; To keep at a distance from danger ; -পরিভাগ-ক; পরিহাব-ক; To shun,--এড়ান; To evade .- ( Law ) विषठ-क ; To set aside ; to make avoid; to annul :-- v. i. मुझ-इ, To become void vacant or empty. Syn=Quit, leave, shun, eschew, abandon, evade.

Avoidable, a-voidá-bl, a- পরিহার্যা; পরিহয়ণীয় ; That may be avoided.

Avoidance, a-voidáns, n. বৰ্জন; পৰিছাৰ; ভাগা; ৰহিভ কৰণ; The act of avoiding; act of annulling.

Avoirdupois, av-er-du-pois, n. [ Fr. avoir du pois, to have (of the) weight-L. have, to

have, pensum, that which is v ighed. ] ইংৰণীৰ এক প্ৰকাৰ গুৰুৰ প্ৰশালী, A weight in which a pound has 16 ounces.

Avouch, a-vowch, v.t. [Fr a, and O Fr.
veucher—L. voco, to call. See Vouch ] পিতঃ
কৰিয়া ৰুপা, প্ৰকাজে বলা, To affirm, to avow, to
declare positively —কোন পকে বলা, To maintain or support — খীকাৰ-ক, To confess

Avow, a-vow', v.t. [Fr. avouer, orig. to swear fealty to—L. ad, and votum, a vow. See Vow.] সাধারণ সমীপে বলা, অকপটে শীকাৰকু, To declare openly, to confess frankly. a =
Avowed adv=Avowedly.

Avowable, a-tow'a bl, a. স্বীকার্য্য, That may be openly acknowledged

Avowal, a-vow'al, n. শাষ্ট খীকৃতি , নিশ্চিত কথন , অকপট খীকাৰ , A positive declaration , a frank confession.

Avulsion, a-vuishun, n. [ L. avuisso, from aveilo—ab, from, and veilo, to pull or tear ] বিশাৰণ, ছিলকুৰণ, ছিল খ শ, A tearing asunder, a fragment torn off

Await, a-wai, v. t [ I brough Fi from root of Ger wacht, a watch See Wait. ] প্ৰতামা ; , অপেকা-কু, To wait fr, to look for —প্ৰস্তুত থাকা, অনুগামী ২৬খা, To be in store for, to attend.

Awako, a-মতান গ ! A.S. awacan—a (Green—Goth. u le oi) inten or ciusal, ind waran, to whe p নি চাভক p. To rouse from sleep — u দিয়াৰ কু, উত্তোজত কু লাবো এবুড় কৰা. To infuse new life, to put into action, as, to awake the dormant facultic — নিয়াইত উথিত-২, প্ৰকৃত্বা To coise to sleep — স্কাৰ ২ কমা, নবজাবনে মান কিছে পিন, To be invigorated with new life—(মাহ নিজাইটাত জাবাবিত হব্যা To rouse from spiritual death — a আন্মিত, জাবাবিত, মানিত, মানিত, মানিত, স্বাম্নিত, মানিত,

To be wide awake - AST >>11 of 1. To be on the watch, to be thoroughly the to, or on the alert As -(1) you mere leave le 1 ce - Thackery. (b) He was 1 of a wife 1s Linda heiself to the natural de ne of a young gul. - A Trollope.

Awakon, a-w.i.n, v. t কাণরিত-কু, ৬বেগিড-কু তি nouse, to excite, to still up

Awakening, a wikn-ing n জাগবা Act of awakins or ceasing to sleep — পশুভাবের পুনক্তেজনা, বশ্বের পুন প্রাবাদ, Revival of religion Award, a-wawid, v t (O hi eswarder or esparder, from es—I.ex and Teutonic root cien in b. Ward. ] বিসায় কবিয়া মানাংগা কবা, নিপান্ত কু, বিবাৰ কবা, বিপান্ত কু, বিবাৰ কবা, তি judge—v.z. বিচাৰ কবা, বিপান্তিকু, শিব কবা, তি judge — w.a. বিচাৰ কবা, বিশান্তিক, Indyment — মুব্যুল্পের বিহার বিশান্ত শিক্ত প্রকৃ, Paper containing such decision.

Awarder, a-wawrder, n fevianis, A judge Aware, a-wai', a [ From an A S gewar, from prefix ge, and war, cautious. See Wary. ] নতৰ্ব , জনা , Watchful , vigilant :-- আৰ্থক ; Apprised , informed , cognisant.

To be aware of -- अवत्र ह. To know.

Away, a-wá, ad. [A.S. away—a, on, weg, way, (ht) 'on one's way.'] দূৰে, অৰুপাইডিছে; At a distance, absent —াn'er দূৰ দুও! Begone! Away with—প্রিচার-ক, Off with, as, Away with fear.

(I can not) Away with—সফ কৰা, Bear or Away with (him)—লইবা বাংবা, Take away. To make away with—বিবাশ-কৃ, ধানে কৰা; lo kill, to destroy.

Awe, aw. n. [Ice agi, A S ege, fear, cog. with Gael. eaghal, Gr. achos, anguish. From root ag, seen in Anger, Anxious.] ভক্তি অযুক্ত ভয়, ভক্তি সম্বিভ ভয়, ভীতি, Reverential fear, solemn diead, diead —v. t. ভয় স্কাৰ্-কৃ, To strike with reverence or fear.

Awe-commanding, aw-kom-anding, a. ভয়-স্থাক, Striking with fear.

Awe-fast, aw-fast, a ধর্মপ্রায়ণ, Pious.

Awe-inspiring, aw'-in-spiring, a. ভাষেত্ৰক; ভীষণ, Impressing with awe

Awe struck, aw-struk, a stigs, impressed with fear [Weary

Aweary, a-we'ri, [Pix a, ind Weary] আছ', Aweather, a wither, ad অমুক্ল বাৰুৱ অভিমুখে, On the weather side or town ditte und

Awfal, m fool a ভ বিক, ভা ি গৰ ক, মহিমাৰিত, ২০৯ পাৰ I crubic, die uiful, solemn, au ust n=mfulness an-Awfully

Awhile, a hui, ai [Pi a and While.] 李io 有明明, For a short time.

Awkward, awlward, a [ M E. awl, contry, wrong, and A S warl, direction ]
কন্য, কণাকাৰ, কুংনিং, Clumsy, ugly, ungi ceful— প্ৰতিবা, Untoward, unfavourable— অপট, প্ৰিপুৰ, Not dexterous, unhandy অনভ্য, Inclegant, unpolite n.=

Awkwirdness adv = Awkwirdly

Awl, awl, n [ A S cel ] (व्यक्ष्यविद्यक् , A shee maker tool for boring holes

Awn, vn n [lec o'gn, Ger ahne, from roat sharp seen in Acute ] পাস্থাৰী, তুৰ বা (বালা Beard of corn of grass, a husk or see the lector of grass, a husk or a working, n. চলাঙগ, Temporary Awoke, a working, n. চলাঙগ, Temporary Awoke, a working ad. কাৰ্যা বিষ্কৃ, At Awry, a if, at or a বক্তাবে, I wisted on one ideasquint—forigoida, অস্বাৰন্ত্ৰে; Pertical of perversely

Axo, als, n [A S ex; L ascia, Gr armē, poth ips from the root ak, sharp.] कृष्त , द्रात , A e ll-known in trument for hewing or chopping, a chopper

To hang up one's axe, — কাৰ্ব্য হুইডে অবসৰ প্ৰথা locative from business [কু! Lay the axe at the root of, — মূলে কুঠাৰাখাত-Axilla, iks-illa, Axil, ak-il, n. কফ, বাইমুল; বগন, Aimput a – Ax'ill u, Ax'illaiy—কাহিক, বুন্নীয়, Pe taining to the armput.

Axiom, akiyum, n. [Gr. axioma—axioo, to think worth, to take for granted—axios, worth ] অবিশংশালিত মৃত. A universally received principle in an art or science:—ৰতঃসিত্ব মৃত্য; A self-evident truth. a.—Axiomatic, Axiomatical.

Axis, aksis, n. [L. axis; cf. Gr. axin, Sans. aksha, A. S. eax.] অক্টেৰণা; The line round which any thing revolves:—গ্ৰীৰাৰ অহিৰিশেষ, The second vertebra of the neck.

Axle, akil, n. wave; A shaft, rod, bar, or spindle forming the axis of a pulley, drum or wheel.

Axle tree, aksi-tre, n. অঞ্চলঃ গাড়িব ঘুৱা; A transverse bar connecting the opposite wheels of a carriage.

## Wheel and axle-wees

Ay, Aye, i, ad. হা; ৰটে; সভা; Yea; yes. indeed; certainly:—int. হায়, Exclamation of woc. n.=Aye, i. n. হা-স্তক মভ; সম্বভিস্তক মভ; A vote in the affirmative.

Ayah, aya, n. [S. P. aya, a governess. ]

Ayo, a. ad. [Icc. ei, ever, A. S. a; conn with Age Ever L. evem. Gr. aes, ever, for ever ু সর্বাদা; বিষয়ত; For ever; always.

Ayo and Ayo, - िदकान , Ever and ever.

Aye-Aye, আ', n. জ ও বিশেষ , A quadruped of Madagascar.

Azimuth, az'ım-uth, n. [Ar al samt, the direction See Zenith ] প্রহারি নির্পাদ চক; Arc of the horizon cut off between the meridian of the place and the vertical circle passing through the centre of anything. a.=Azimuthal,—at rightangles.

Azimuth compass, az'im-uth kumpas, দ দিলদৰ্শন বহুবিশেষ, A compass used at sea for finding the horizontal distance of the Sun or a st u from the magnetic mendian.

Azore, a-zoik, a. [ Gr a, priv. and soe, life. ]

Azoto, a-rül, n. [ Gr. a, neg, and saō, to live.] বৰ্ষাধ্যাল, Nitrogen, so called because it does not sustain animal life.

Azure, Arhūr, n. [Fr asur, corr. of Low L. lasur, lasulum, aselum, blue; of Pers. origin.] নান্ধৰ্; The blue colour of the sky ——আকাশ, The blue vault above; the sky ——a. নীল, আকাশের ভাষ ব্ধবিশিপ্ত; Of a sky-blue colour; sky-coloured.

Azured, a. নীলবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট; Being of an azure colour.

Azurite, azhūr-īt, n. ধাতু বিশেষ; ( Mineral ) Blue carbonate of copper.

Azygous, az'i-gus. a. [Gr. a, priv., and seugon, a yoke.] 444; Single.

Asymous, adi-mus, a. অবিকৃত; বাংগতে পুঙিগন্ধ বা কেন উৎপন্ন হয় নাই; Unleavened; unfermented.

## B

B-ইংবাজি বৰ্ণনালায় বিতীয় আছম; Second letter of the alphabet.

Mote to know b from a battle dore—অভি নামান্ত বিষয় না জানা; Not to know the simplest thing; to be very stupid.

B. A-19, 4; Bechelor of arts.

Baa, ba, n. মেবেৰ জাক; The cry of a sheep:—
υ. ε. মেবেৰ মত ভাকা; মেবেৰ জাৰ শক্ কৰা; To
cry or bleat as a sheep.

Baal, báal, Bel, bel, n. [Ar. ba-al, the idol.] স্বাদেৰেৰ মুৰ্কি, An idol among the Chaldeans and Syrians, respresenting the Sun.

Babble, babbl, v. i. [Fr. babiller: D. babbelen, from Heb. Babel, confusion from ba, ba, representing the first attempts of a child to speak. ] শিত্ৰ ভাষ আশুই কথা কহা; নিৰ্বোধ শিত্ৰ ভাষ কথা কহা, To speak like a baby, to talk childishly or irrationally — গোপনীয় বিষয় প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; To tell secrets — বংবক্-কৃ; নিৰ্থক শাক উচ্চাৰণ কৰা; উচ্চাৰণ কৰা, To prate, to utter.

Babble, babbl, Babblement, babbl-ment, Babbling, babbling, n. ভর্না, নির্থক গর; Idle senseless talk.

Dabbler, babbler, n. বাণেল; জল্লনাকারী, নির্থক আতরিক্তভাষী; An idle talker; a tell-tale.

Babe, bab, Baby, bab, n. পিত; An infant; (hild; a doll:—a. বাৰক্ষ, Pertaining to or resembling an infant. [ সাম নিশাপ।

Innocent as the babe unborn—পৰ্বস্থ শিক্ষ Eabyish, bab-ish, a. বাপ্ৰব্ৰ: Childish: like babes. [A place for boarding infants. Baby-farm, bábi-farm, n. শিক্ত ৰাখিবাৰ খান; Baby-house, bábi-hows, n. শিক্ত শিক্ষের বেণিবাৰ প্রতিকা গ্রং, A toy house for children's dolls. Babyhood, bábi-hood, Babyship, bábi-ship, n. শৈশ্ব, Childhood, infancy.

Dabel, babel, n. [From fleb. Babel (confusion), where the language of man was confound ] The city in the land of Shinar, where the confusion of languages took place:—কোন্ত পূৰ্ব স্থান; A place where there is a confused uproar:—বিশ্বাসা; Confusion, disorder.

A Babel of sounds—(श्रानपान ; A confused uproar, in which nothing can be heard.

A perfect Bable, n. পূৰ্ বিশ্ববৃদ্ধান্তা; A thorough confusion.

Baboon, ba-bōön, n. [Fr. babouin—Babon, the Egyptian deity to whom it was sacred. ] বৃহৎ বাৰব্বিশেষ, A monkey of the largest kind. Baby. n. বিশু; An infant.

Babylon, ba-bi-lon,—The modern Babylon, so London is sometimes called, on account of its wealth, luxury and dissipation.

Babylonian, ba-bi-löni-an, Babyloniah, ba-bi-lonish, a. বাবিগন সম্মীয়; Belonging to Babylon:—মিজিভ; গোল্যালয়ুক; Mixed; confused; disorderly; as, the Babylonish jargon. Baccara, bak-ka-rā', Baccarat, n. ভাগ-কীড়া : A French game of cards.

Bacchanal, bakka-nal, Bacchanalian, bakka-nali-an, n. [ I.. Bacchus, Gr. Bacchus, the god of wine.] সুবাদেবী পুৰুক; A worshipper of Bacchus:—ন্দাপানী, নাজান; One who indulges in drunken revels:—a. মৃত্ত; মৃদ্যপানোমনৰ সংক্ৰান্ত; Revelling in intemperate drink; riotous; noisy; relating to drunken revels.

Bacchanalia, bak-ka-nália, Bacchanals, bak-ka-nalz, n. मनानीरनाधनत; माजनामी; Festivals or revels in honour of Bacchus, drunken revels.

Bacchant, bak-kant, n. বেকন দেবের পুরোহিত; বাডান; A priest, follower of Bacchus; a reveller. plu.=Bacchantos, bak-kantēz.

Bachelor, bachel-or, n. [O. Fr. bacheler, a young man. Ety. disputed; according to Brachet from I.ow L. baccalarius, a farm-servant, originally a cow-herd; from baccala, a herd of cows; and this from bacca, Low L. for bacca, a cow.] আবিবাহিত প্রব; অকুভদাব; An unmarried man—িব, এ, উপাধিধাবা; One who has taken his first degree in arts, letters, music, law, medicine, or divinity:—ইংলহ্মেশে কুলীনিগির মধ্যে কুল পান্ত ব্যক্তি; A knight of the lowest order, or more correctly young knight (knight Bachelor). n.=Bachelorship, Bachelorhood.

Bachelor's life—সুখেব জীবন; A free and easy Bachelor's wife—কাল্লনিক গুণ বিশিষ্ট খ্ৰী; A woman with fancied perfections.

To wear bacholor's buttons—অবিবাহিতা-বয়ায় থাকা; To remain bachelor.

Bacchie, bakkik, Bacchieal, bakkık-al, a. मञ्ज्ञाप्यानशिव ; Jovial ; drunken.

Bacchus, bak-kus, n. প্রার অধিটাত্রী দেবতা, The God of wine.

Back, bak, n. [A. S. bac, Sw. bak. Dan. bag] नुबंदनन ; The hinder part of the body in min and the upper part in beast :- भका किक, The hinder part, as opposed to the front :-- খাৰেব পুঠনেশ ; Thick and strong part of a toll :-- মদ্য ৰাখিবাৰ পাতা; Vat: - পশ্চাদ্দিকের স্থান; The place behind or near the back; as, the back of a city;—ad. পকাদিকে; Or towards the near .- পুৰ্বাৰম্বাৰ; To a former state:-প্রকাতে; Behind; in a state of restraint or hinderance:--গভ কালের দিকে; উপস্থিত সময়েব বছ পুরের্ব; Away from the present:--পুন-ৰায় ; Again :---v. t. আবোহণ-কু ; To mount :--जाहांबा-कृ ; नृष्टेरभावन कवा ; To support, second, maintain :-- इट्टोइस-(न ; To drive or force backwards, to cause to retreat or recede:-v. i. প্ৰভাৱে যাওয়া; To move or go back :-- a. খুবই; প্রারাপ্ত , In the rear ; remote.

At one's back—পশ্যং; Behind one:—সাহায্য কৰিতে প্ৰস্তুত , পৃষ্ঠপোষকতাৰ; Ready to help one; in support of one's interest.

Behind one's back-গ্ৰেছে : পোপৰে : অসংকাতে ; In one's absence ; secretly.

To turn one's back upon (or on)-পরিভাগ

কৰা, To forsake :—বৃশা-কু; To treat with contempt :—প্ৰায়ৰ-কু; To flee. [retreat. To turn one's back—প্ৰভাগ হটিয়া বাঙ্যা; To To turn the back to one—হোঠতা খীকাৰ-কু; Te acknowledge to be superior

To have a broad back—অধিক ভাৰ বাংৰ ক্ৰিডে স্বৰ্থ হওৱা; To be able to bear a great burden.

To see one's back; to see the back of any thing—বস্তু বা ব্যক্তিকে পৰিহাৰ-কু; To get rid of a person or thing

To pay back—প্রতিলোধ নগম।; To retaliate. Pat on the back—উৎসাহ দিবার জন্ত পৃথিতে চাপড়ার।

To back in—পকান্তিৰ বাগৰা; To get in back-To back out or to back down—পকাতে বাগৰা; To move out backwards:—প্ৰতিনিত্ত হল্মা; শিছ্লাইয়া বাগৰা, To withdraw from an engagement or contest, to retreat from a promise not convenient to perform:—পরিভাগ-কু; To give up.

Back up—সহারতা-कृ; পতন হইতে বঞা বা পৃষ্ট-পোৰণ করা; Support; sustain.

Backbite, bakbīt, v t. পরোকে নিন্দা-কু; To slander; to speak evil of the absent:—v. i. To revile the absent.

Backbitter, bak-bit-er, n. পৰোকে নিশাবাৰী;
One who backbites. [Secret detraction.
Backbiting, bakbit-ing, n. পৰোকে নিশা;
Back-bone, backbūn, n. নেরদত; কশেরকা; The
spine; the bone of the back:—শক্তির কারণ;
শৃচতা; Main source of strength; firmness;
moral principle. [of principle

Moral backbone—বৈতিক মৃত্যা, Uprightness To the backbone—সর্কাংশে, নিষবজ্জি, গোড়া; Thoroughly; every inch; all through; heart and soul; staunch.

Back door, bakdor, n. গুৱাৰ; বিডকি বাৰ; A private passage; a door in the back part of a building.

Backed, bakt, a. शृहेष्ट ; Provided with a back ; used in composition, as, Hump-backed.

Backer, baker, n. সাহায্যকারী; One who or that which supports another, —পুরপোবক; One who backs or supports another in a contest.

Back-friend, bak-frend, n. wow, A secret enemy.

Back gammon, bak-gamun, n. [Ety. dub., perhaps A. S. bær, back, and gamen, game.] কাড়া বিশেষ: একপ্ৰকাৰ অক্ষণাড়া; A game played by two persons upon a table with box and dice.

Back-ground, bakgrownd, n. পৃঠভূমি; Ground in the rear or behind:—অএকাশ্ত হান; গুওৱান; A place of obscurity or shade:—ছবির পালাভাগ; চিত্রের পালাভাগছ ছান; Part of a picture behind the foreground.

In the back ground—পলাহাবে; In an obscure position:—ৰেম্বাৰে বড় যুষ্ট পড়েলা: In the position little noticed.

To keep oneself in the background-প্ৰজ্ঞানে থাকা; To keep oneself out of sight, Placed in the back-ground-पविकित्व wat ; Made of no consequence.

Throw into the back-ground-স্কিঞ্চিক चनशंत कार्थाः Consign to an insignificant position.

Book-handed, bak-hand-ed, a. 95-28; With the hand turned backwards ; - MITT ; 44 ; Indirect; oblique.

Back-hinder, bak-hind-ইন, হবের পশাহার বারা मूद आंचा ; A blow on the face with the back of the hand.

Back-house, bak-hows, n. शाहेशाना ; Building behind a main house; a privy.

Backpiece, bak-pes, Back-plate, bak-plat, m. পৃত্তবাৰ ; Piece or plate of armour which covers the back.

Backsheesh, Backshish, bakshesh, n. [ Pers. ] वक्तिम ; निर्द्याणा ; भूबकाय ; উপराद ; A gift or present of money, in the East.

Back-slide. bak-slid, v. i. ধর্মণ বা নীতিপথ হইতে জই হওয়া, To slide or fall back in faith or moral :-- वर्षान् रुखा , To fall off ; to apostatise -- pa p. Backslid or backslidden. [ gade. Back-slide, bak-slid, n স্বর্থসাগী, A rene-Back-slider, bak-slid-er, n. पर्वजाने ; An apostate.

Back-slum, bak-slum, n. পদ্যাতের পলি; A back street of a city inhabited by poor people. Back-staff, bak-staf, n. আকাশহ পদার্থের উচ্চতা निर्वत्र कविवात रञ्जविर्णव ; A mathematical instru ment for taking the altitude of heavenly bodies.

Back-stairs, balistarz, n ত্র প্র; ওর দোপান; তোৰা সিডি; The stairs in the back part of a house; a private or indirect way :-- a. ve; অপ্রকাশিত , Secret or underhand.

Back-stair influence—(नापनीय अस्तर ; Private; undue; unrecognised influence.

Page of the back stairs—প্রানাদের ভার পথ वक्क; Officer, having charge of the private access to the palace.

Back stays, bak-staz, n. pl. vib; Ropes from the top-mast heads to both sides of a ship to support the mast.

Backward, bakward, Backwards, bakwardz, ad. পশ্চাতে ৰা অতীত স্ময়ে, Towards the back or the past, on the back .—ভাগ অবস্থা হইডে মনাবহান; From a better to a worse state:-विश्वी ज निरंक ; In a contrary manner.

Backward, bakward, a. अनिकृत, भराध्य: भन्दारभन ; भन्दानभाषी ; Unwilling ; reluctant ; hesitating :- অবুলভ ; অভ্বৃদ্ধি , Dull , behind in progress :- দীৰ্ঘটা; বিলম্কারী, Late or behind in time; slow sluggish. adv. = Backwardly. n,=Backwardness.

Backwards and forwards, ad. phr. 35w: To and fro.

Backwoods, bak-woods, #. দীয়াত প্রদেশহিত भवग्र ; Forests or partly cleared ground on the frontiers of a newly settled ground.

Back-woodsman, bak-woodz-man, n. witt-

the forest in the frontier settlements America.

Bacon, bákn, n. [O. Fr.-O. Dutch, bak, a pig.] जूकरवद बारम; एक नवनाक जूकत-बारम, Swine's flesh salted and dried.

To save one's bacon—অনিষ্ট হইতে আপনাকে क्यो-ज ; To preserve oneself from harm ; to escape unhurt.

Butter upon bacon—अनावज्ञका : Superfluity. Baconian, bak-ठेंगा-an, a. महाशा (दकन वा जर-अवर्तित मर्ननगाञ्च अवसीद ; Pertaining to Lord Bacon or his philosophy-n. Follower of Bacon. Bad, bad, a. [ Goth. baodh, badh, Celt. baodh, foolish, wicked Pers. bad; Ar. bud, wicked; probably allied to Heb. abad, to perish, to cause to perish or destroy. ] মূল ; কু , কন্ধ্য ; ছষ্ট ; অসৰ , অনিষ্টক্ষৰক , অহিডকারী ; অধ্য ; Evil ; not good ; wicked ; hurtful in morals :- किंद ; Hard; difficult. n.=badness. ad=badly.

To be on bad terms—चरेनका-ह; विश्वित यजावनदी-इ; To disagree.

To be in a bad way—বিপদ্ধৰ-ই; To be in danger. f ness.

Bad faith-বিশাসগাতকতা; Treachery, faithless-From bad to worse—যুক্ত হৈতে আৰুও মুক্ত। Put a bad construction on—मन वर्ष अहा-इ !

View in a bad light--मनकारन (नवा) To be badly off—মন্দ অবস্থায় পতিত হওৱা: To

be in unprosperous condition. He is gone to the bad—ভিনি হুৰ্দশানত বা

অতি মল লোক হইয়াছেন, He has become a ruined man or deprayed in character.

Baddish, badish, a. [ Bad, and dim. termination ish. ] किष्णि मन्न ; नेष्ण् मर ; Somewhat bad, not very good.

Bad blood, bad blud-नाजा ; Animosty ; To be in bad odour—অৰ্থ্ৰহে ৰঞ্চিত হওৱা ; To be out of favour.

Bade, bad-Past tense of bid.

Badge, baj, n. [Low L. bagia, a mark, baga, a ring, from a Teut. root, seen in A. S. beah, a ring, mark of distinction. । n. किह : नक्षा : পৰিচয় চিহ্ন; চাপৰাস; A distinctive mark worn [ indicative of power... on the person. Badge of authority-ক্ষতাৰ নিশ্ন ; Sign Badge of infamy—कनरक्व छिक्; Sign of f tive of slavery. disgrace. Badge of slavery-পানছের চিক; Sign indica-Badge-man, baj-man, n. अधिविमानाव (नाक: Alms-house men.

Badger, baj'er, n. [ A corr. of bladger-O. Fr. bladier, Low L. bladarius, a corn-dealer, from bladum, corn, because the creature was believed to store up corn. Acc. to Diez, bladum is from L. ablatum, 'carried away'. See Ablative. ] 43 [4] A burrowing animal about the size of a fox eagerly hunted by English sportsmen :-- v. i. विश्वक क ; क्य-(व ; To pester ; to tease ; to worry :--ৰাঞ্জাৰ ৰাইভ প্তালাগ্ৰ-ড়; To pursue with eagerness. Badinage, badin-azh, n. [Fr. badinage-

বিকাৰ সীবাৰ অংশবিক অবণাৰাসী; inhabitant of | badin, playful or bantering. ] কৌছক; পৰিবাৰ

याका; Banter; joke; raillery; light playful talk.

Bedly, badli, adv. কৃতাৰে; মনতাৰে; মনতাৰে; মনতাৰে; মনতাৰে; মনতাৰে; মনতাৰে; মনতাৰে; In a bad manner; not well; imperfectly; wrongly. n. =Badness.

Be badly off—মৰ বা হ্বাবহাপর হতগা; অভাব হেতু কট্টে প্ৰতিভ হতগা; Be in a bad or miserable condition; as:—So altogether, the Britons were very badly off, you may believe.— Dickens.

Baffle, baffl, v. t. [O. Fr. be'fler, to deceive, to mock, it; beffa, a scoffing.] কৌশলে পৰাজিত কৰা; গমন কৰা; বাৰ্থ কৰা; প্ৰবণনা-কু; To elude, or defeat by artifice; to frustrate; to check or make ineffectual, to disconcert to disappoint.—v. s. প্ৰবণনা অভ্যাস কৰা, To practise deceit.

Baffle descripition, bai'fl de-skrip'shun,

Baffling wind, bal'fl-use wind,—পৰিবৰ্ত্তনশীণ বাষু; One that frequently shifts from one point to another.

Bag, bag, n. [A. S. bælg, bag, belly; Celt. bag, balg, belly, wallet.] ধলি; A sack or pouch.—v t. ধলির মধ্যে বাধা, To put into a bag —v. t. মীত হওয়া, হাপা, To swell like a full bag. pr. p. bagging: pa. p. bagged.

Bag and baggago—সমত তল্লা তল্লা; All one's goods. As:—He ordered the garrison to quit the premises bag and baggage—Irving.

Bagatelle, bag-a-tel, n. f Fr , lt. bagatella, a conjurer's trick, a rifle. ] কুদু ব্যাপাৰ; A trifle:—ক্ৰীড়া বিশেষ; A game with ball.

Baggage, bag'aj, n. [Fr bagage—O. Fr bagues, goods or effects, from Celt. hag, a bundle.] দৈছাদিগের প্রয়োজনীয় জ্বা, All the articles necessary for an army.—ভল্লা, Luggage.

Baggage, bag'zj, n [Fr. hagarre, a prostitute ] নীচ স্ত্রীপোক, গৃষ্টা বননী; বেজা, A worthless woman; a saucy female, a prostitute; a strumpet.

Bagging, bag'ing, n. ধৰিব কাপত বা অন্ত কাপাৰ; A cloth or material for bags. [ bag Baggy, bag'i, a. ধৰিব কাৰ চিলা; Loose like a Bagman, bagman, n. দানাগ, A commercial traveller; who carries a bag with specimens to show to those whose custom he solicits.

Bagnio, banyö, n. (It. bagno—L. balneum, a bath. ] বেখালয়; Brothel.

Bag-pipe, bag'pip, n. बाना विराप ; A musical instrument. n.= Bagpiper.

Bah, bá, interj. গুণাস্চক অব্যাপদ ; An exclamation of disgust or contempt.

Bail, bal, n. [O. Fr. bail, a guardian, a tutor; Low L. balia, a muse; from L. bajulus, a carrier.] সামিৰে কাৰাবাৰেৰ মুক্তি; প্ৰতিকৃ; কামিৰ, Release of a prisoner on surety; one who procures release of an accused person by becoming guardian or security for his appearing in court; the security given:— o. t. সামিৰ কইয়া মুক্ত-ক ; To release on bail ;— জন ছেচিছা কেনা ; To free from water , as to bail a' boat.

To stand a bail—প্ৰতিভূ-হ, জাৰিন-হ, আদানতে উপস্থিত ইইবাৰ নিষ্কিত জামিন ইওয়া, To be a surety, to become security for (one's) appearance in court as —He could get no one to stand bail for him.—Warren.

To admit to bail—কামিনে বালাস দিবাৰ অনুমন্তি কৰা, To permit (one) to give security and be released from custody.

Bail, bai, n. [O Fr. bai"cs, sticks, a palisade.] वार्षिक (बनाइ (आषिक উटें क्टिंक बांचाव कांछे, One of the cross pieces on the top of the wicket in cricket.

Bail, bal, v.t [ Dut balie, a tub, Fr. baille (whence Dies derives the Dutch word) Also spelled Bale.] (नोकांत कल एक्टिया (कना; To clear (a boat) of water with buckets

Ballable, balla-bl, a. প্ৰতিভূ ৰোগা, জামিন ৰোগা; জামিন গ্ৰহণ ৰোগা, That may be bailed; admitting of bail.

Bailbond, bailbond. n. জাদিন পত্ৰ, A bond given by a prisoner and his surely either to appear in court or abide judgment court.

Bailmont, baiment, n. গজিলা দেওৰ, Dehvery of goods in tru t.

Bailee, bail-c, n যে বাতির নিকট দ্রা গছিত রাখা হয়, The person to whom goods are committed m trust.

Bailio, bali, n. [Fr. baili, land-steward, officer of justice.] স্কটস্ত শেষী শাসনকগ্ৰ, A municipal magistrate in Scotland.

Bailey, bali, n कार्याशीय दो विरोधालक ; A pri on or court of justice, as the old Bailey in Lindon, the new Bailey in Manchester

Bailiff, balif, n [O. Fr ballif (old form of bulls, see Ballie), from root of Bail] যষ্ট্ৰেৰ; সেৰিখেৰ অধিনত্ত কৰ্মাণ্ডা, A sheriff's officer appointed to make arrest or collect fines, —কৰ্ম্ম নিৰ্মাণ্ডক, Understeward of a manor:—প্ৰতিনিধি বা ভূমম্পত্তিৰ ভক্ষাৰধায়ক, An agent or land-steward.

Bailiwick, baliwik, n [O. Fr. ballies, lord-ship, authority, and A. S. wic—L. vicus, a village, station.] ৰেলিকেৰ অধিকাৰ; The jurisduction of sheriff or his deputy.

Bailor, Bailor, baier, n. যিৰি জ্ব্যাদি প্ৰদান কবেৰ; One who delivers goods.

Bairn, barn, n. [Scot bairn, A. S. bearn-bearn, to bear.] Fig.; A child.

Batt, bat, n. [Icc. beita, from root of Bitc.]
টোপ, চার; Food to catch-fish:—প্রের ভোজ;
A portion of food drink, and or a refreshment
taken on a journey —বলেভন; An allurement,
enticement:—v. t. চার দেওরা; To set food as
a lure:—ক্রমণভালে আংখার বেওরা; To give food
or drink to a beast on a journey:—v. f. ক্রম্কালে পথিমধ্যে বিশাস-ক; To take refreshment
on a journey:—কোল করকে উত্তেজিত করিবার কল
ক্রে লেভিয়া দেওয়া; To provoke an animal by
inciting dogs to bite it:—আ্রমণ-ক; কর দেওয়া;
To attack; to harass.

Live bait, s. बीटे ; Grubs, worms &c. Swallow the bait—धन्निय-इ ; To be deceived ; to be the dupe.

Baise, bas, n. [ From pl. of Fr. baye; so called from its colour. See Bay, adj. ] ঘোটা পদ্মি কাণ্ড; A coarse woolen stuff.

Bake, v. t. [A. S. bacan; cog. with Ger. backen, to bake, Gr. phago, to roast.] উত্তাপ খাবা কঠিন-ক; পাক-ক; To heat dry, or harden by heat cook or be cooked in an even.

Baker, baker, n. किस्ताना; One who bakes; a bread-maker.

Bakor's dozen—(Slang) Thirteen for twelve. When a heavy penalty was inflicted for short weight, bakers used to give a surplus number of loaves, called the *inbread*, to avoid the risk of incurring the fine. The 13th was the "vantage loaf."

To give a man a baker's dozen—(Slang) কোন বাজিকে অভ্যন্ত গ্ৰহাৰ কৰা; To give him a sound drubbing.

Bake-house, bak-hows, Bakery, baker-i, n. পুণাগাৰ; ফটিশালা; A place where bread is baked.

Baking, bak-ing, n. to sel docto (45) et; কট্পন্তত-প্রণালী; The quantity of bread baked at one time; the process by which bread is [ present of money, in the East. haked. Bakshish, n. वक्शिन; পুরকার; A gift or Balance, balans, n. [ Fr.-L. bilanx, having two scales-bis, double, lanz, lancis, a dish or scale. ] जुनामक ; निक्कि , मैछि ; A pair of scales ; -an instrument for weighing; usually formed of two dishes or scales hanging from a beam supported in the middle :-- ছুইদ্ৰা ওজৰ কৰণ, Act of weighing two things :- " One of the simple powers in mechanics :--পঙ্গাত-ৰুৱা, Figuratively an impartial state of mind in deliberation :- मय खक्का वा अभ आपका ; भवता; Equality of weight, power, or influence as, the balance of power :- शिमारबद वाकि ; The sum due on an account :-- খড়িব অংশ বিশেষ, The part of a watch or clock, which regulates the beats:—वानिष्टक् कि ; The sign of the Zodiac :-- v. t. छोन-इ ; To adjust the weights in the scales of a balance : - नमान-क ; To counterpoise; to make equal:--জনা খবচ-কু; To settle and adjust, as an account :-- বিশ্ব-কু; To estimate :- v. i. मयान इंडबा ; To be in equipoise:--(नावधान रक्षा; मन्त्रिक रक्षा; To hesitate; to fluctuate.

Balance of power—প্ৰভাৱ প্ৰতিৰোগী ব্ৰদ্মন্থৰ সাম্প্ৰস্ত ; ৰাতীয় পজি দামা ; Such an equal state of power between nations that no one nation shall have such a preponderance as to endanger the independence of another; As:—She (England) was determined to maintain against the Republic, as against the Bourbons in older days, the balance of power.

Balance of trade—The moncy value difference between the exports and the imports of a nation.

Balance sheet, balans sheet, n. দেখা পাডবাৰ নংকিও হিদাৰ; Account showing whole state of affairs; a paper exhibiting a summary and balance of accounts. [Part of a watch Balance wheel, balans hwell, n. ঘণ্ডির আংশ; Assay balance, as-sa' balans, n. আতি পুল প্রবাধ পরিষাপক যন্ত্র; An instrument to determine the weight of minute bodies.

Hydrostratic balance, hi-dro-statik balans, n. তবৰ ও কটিন পদাৰ্থের আপেফিক ভ্ৰম্ভ নিৱপ্ৰক যন্ত্ৰ, An instrument to determine on the specific gravity of fluid and solid bodies.

Strike the balance—বাকিটাকা: লাভ লোকদান নিৰপণেৰ স্বস্ত ঠিক গণনা কৰা, Estimate losses and gains accurately.

Strike a balance between—প্ৰভাৱেৰ দাৰী ঘুলাবা পাণ্ডৰা নিৰ্ণৱ কৰা; মুলোৰ ভাৰতমা কৰা; ৰাজি কাটা; কোনটী ভাল বিব কৰা; Adjust the relative claims, values or dues of; to determine which is better; As:—Only to philosophy enlightened by the affections does it belong justly to estimate the claims of the deceased on the one hand and of the present age and future generations on the other, and to strike a balance between them.—Myers.

To be thrown off one's balance—চক্লটিভ হলা; মনের সমতা হারান, বৈষ্টাতি হত্যা; To be irresolute; to be put out of one's evenness of mind; be ruffled in temper, As:—"She lies! Drag the beast down!" cried Orestes, utterly thrown off his balance by the sudden check.—C. Kingsley.

To lose one's balance—সমতাচ্যুত-হ; ভার-ভেন্দ স্থিব বাধিতে না পারা; To loss one's equilibrium — বৈবাচ্যুতি হওমা; বিকল্যিত হউমা; বৈবা নষ্ট করা; To loss one's equanimity of mind, to be disturbed in mind.

To tremble or hang in the balance—
অনিশ্চিত অবস্থা থাকা; টলমল কৰা; কি হয় কি হয়
এইনপ সংশহাপর অবস্থায় থাকা; To be uncertain;
to be in a critical state, to shake as in the
scales; As:—I saw that her life was indeed
trembling in the balance.—Warren.

Hold the balance between — उक्टाब्व स्राप्त्र मुग्छ। दाष्ट्रा , उक्टाब्व विश्व निवासीन परनव मुग्छ। दिवास क्वा ; Keep the equipoise between; maintain an even-handed course in judging between contending parties or conflicting interests: As:—He (Jupiter) is much troubled with the dissensions in his own court and holds the balance with difficulty between his queen and his daughter.

The see-saw balance of fortune—পৰ্যাদ-ক্ৰমে উচ্চ এবং নিৰ্পামী সৌভাগোৰ ত্ৰাৰত; The scales of fortune which alternately move up and down; As.—The higher one is elevated on the seo-saw balance of fortune; the lower must be his subsequent deppression.

Be weighed in the balance or balances and found wanting—তুলাগতে ওচন হয়। কন পড়া; Be weighed in the balances and shown thereby to be below the mark. A metaphor expressing judical condemnation of what has become rotten and unsound; As:—Thou art weighed in the balances, and art found wanting.—The Bible.

Strike clear balances—দেশ্দাৰ ভ পাভনাগাৰেৰ মধ্যে বিগাৰেৰ অভেদ বিপন্ন কৰা; লাভ ও ক্ষতি অকুভভাবে নিশ্ম কৰা; Adjust correctly the difference between the debtor and creditor side of accounts; estimate gains and losses accurately; As:—In commercial transactions it found a great safe guard against debt, not to run long accounts; but to strike clear balances at certain set seasons.—Prof. Blackic.

Balcony, balkon-i, n. [It. balcone; from O. Ger. balcho (Ger. baken), a beam.] প্রাণীব , বাজারব; ব রাখা; A projection in the front of a house or other building supported by columns. Bald, bawld, a. কেশ্লুল; টাক; কেশ্টান্যা, Without hair; unadorned; naked. n=Bladness, adv=Bladly, [head or person. Bald pate, bawl pat, n. টাক বা টেকো; A bald

Balder-dash, b.wlder-dash, n. [ Ety. dub ] ইতাৰ ভাষা ; নিষ্ধৰ্ক গল্প, Idle senseless talk , jargon ; ribaklry.

Bald head, bawld hed, n. মন্তকে কেশপুত বাকি; A person bald on the head.

Baldrick, bawldrik, n. [O. Fr. baldric-O. Ger. balderich, girdle.] কোম্বৰণ পেটী; A warriors belt; a girdle.

Bale, bal, n. বড়া; গাঁইট; A bundle or package of goods:— কৈ দিড়া কাপজ; Ten reams of paper — মু: ব, Calamity; misery:— v. f. বড়া-বশী-ক; To make in a bale:— জন সেচন-ক; জন ভেটিনা কো; To free from water; to throw out water.

[ fire, an alarm fire.

Bale fire, ball'er, a. সাৰধানস্থক স্বাপ্ত : A signal Baleful, ballool, a. [A. S. bealo, i.e. ból, woe, evil.] বিনাশক, Fatal, destructive; pernicious:
— ছংব্যনক, Sorrowful, calamitious. Syn.=
hutful, injurious, woful, sad, mournful.

Baleen, ba-lch, n. [ Fr.—L. balana, whale. ] বাণিজ্যোপধানী ডিমি মংপ্লেব অছি; The whalebone of commerce.

Balista, ball-ista, n. [ L.—Gr. ball7, to throw ]
বৃহৎ শব, অন্ত্ৰ. প্ৰত্ৰৰ প্ৰভৃতি নিকেণ কৰণাৰ্থ ধন্ত্ব সদৃশ বৃদ্ধান্ত বিশেষ; A military engine in the form of a cross bow, used by ancients for throwing heavy arrows, darts, large stones, &c.

Balk, bawk, v. t. [A. S. balca, a heap] নিৱাশকৃ; বাৰ্থ-কৃ; দমন কৰা; পৰিহাৰ কৰা; To disappoint; to frustrate; to check; to chide:—n.
আল; ভূমিৰ বাঁধ; A ridge of unploughed land:—
কড়ি; A beam:—আক্ষিক নৈৱান্ত; A sudden disappointment. Syn.=hinder, thwart, foil.

Ball, bawl, n. [Gr. and Sw. ball; allied to L. pila, a ball.] গোলক; A round body:—ছলি; a bullet:—গোলক; The globe or earth:—নীড়া বিশেষ; A game:—বালকের কীড়নক; A child's toy:—৩. i. গোলাকারে পরিশত-হ; To form into a ball.

Ball, bawl, n. [Fr. bal-It. and Low L. ballare, to dance, from Gr. ballo, to throw, the game

of ball-throwing having been associated with music and dancing. ] এক প্ৰকাৰ সৃত্য; An entertainment of dancing.

Eye-ball, i'bawl, n. आक्रिशानक . The ball, globe, or apple of the eye.

Ball proof, bawl proof, a. পোৰা बाबा वाटका; Impenetrable by builet.

Ball-and-socket joint-চৰু কেটিবই অভি-গোলকের গাড়ি; A joint in which a ball moves within a socket, so as to admit of motion in every direction. [Succeed.

Have the ball at one's feet—কৃতকাৰ্য্য হত্যা;
Ballad, ballad, n. [Fr. ballade, It. ballada, from ballare, to dance; a song sung in dancing.] জন্মিয় গাখা, A simple popular song:—পদ্য বিশেষ, কৃত্য কবিতা, A short narrative poem.
Ballad-monger, ballad mung'ger, n. পাখা বিক্যকাৰী, One who sells ballads.

Ballad-singer, ballad sing'er, n. বাতাৰ ৰে গান কৰে; পৰে কবিতা গায়ক; One who sings ballad in the street.

Ballast, ballast, n. [ Dut.; cly best seen in Dan. bug-last or ballast, from bag, 'behind', the Back, and last, load, a load placed or under to steady a ship.] ধানি আহাজ কিবো নৌতা হিন্নভাবে বাধিবার জন্ত তল্পপ্রেশ হাগিত প্রকর্ত্ত বিশেষ; Any heavy sub-tance placed at the head of a ship or boat to keep it in equilibrium when it has no cargo —কোন বন্তবে বিশ্ব বাধিবার জন্ত বোঝাই; That which is used to make any thing steady —v. t. বালি জাহাজ বিন বাধিবার জন্ত বোঝাই-কৃ, To lead with ballast, to make steady. In ballast—বোঝাই লা কৰা; Not laden with goods.

[ discreet.

Without ballast— অবিমুখ্যকারী; Rash, In-Ballet, balla, n [Fr. dim of bal, a dance ] ছাত্রা; মনুত্য অভিনয়, A mimic dance accompanied by music; a theatrical exhibition acted chiefly in dance.

Ballet girl, balla gerl, n. ধৰ্কী; Dancing girl. Balloon, ball-oon, n. [Fr. ballon-balle, a ball, the on is augmentative.]—গোলাকার বস্তু; A spherical hollow body —গোন্ধান; A large bag filled with heated air to make it ascend.

Ballooning, ball-ooning, n. (बाष्यांनविष्ठां; The art of making and managing balloons. Balloonist, ball-oonist, n विमानविद्यंत्रों; One who constructs or manages balloons.

Ballot, balut, n. [Fr ballotte, dim. of belle, a ball.] মত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ কয় গুটিকা; A little ball used in voling;—লিখিত মত প্ৰকাশ; A ticket or written vote,—গোপনে গুটকাপাত বাৰা মতামত প্ৰকাশ; The act of voting by putting a ball or ticket in a ballot box,—v. 1. গুটকাপাত বাৰা মতা কৰাল-ক; To vote by ballot.

Ballot-box, balut boks, n গুটকা নিকেপ থাবা মতামত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ বান্ধ, A box for receiving ballots.

Ballotist, balut-ist, n. পোপৰে মন্ত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ পক; One who advocates secret voting.

Ballroom, bawlroom, m. न्डामाना ; A room for balls or dancing.

Baim, bam, n. [ O. Fr. basme-L, balsamum -Gr. balsamon-Heb. baal, a prince, and schaman, oil. ] সুগৰি বুক ; A fragrant plant :--সুগৃদ্ধ গেপন; মৃত্যু , Any fragrant healing ointment :-- राजना डेनानमकादक वस ; Any thing soothing pain : - v. t. छभनविच- इ ; Soothe ; - रेजनपर्कन-F; To anoint with oil.

The balm of Gilead or balsam of Mecca — নিৰ্বাস বিশেষ: Resinous juice of the balsam tree of Syria. [ उभन्यकातक ; Soothing. Balmy, bami,a. भूगिक ; Aromatic ; fragrant :--Balsam, bawisam, n. [ L. balsamum-Gr. balsmon-Heb. baal, a prince, and schaman, oil. ] বুক বা পতা; A plant, shrub, or tree :--विद्याम : चनकि गलम ; An oily, aromatic, healing substance : a .= balsamic, balsamical.

Balsam of Peru-পেলৰ বৃক্ষোৎপন বস্ত ; The produce of a tree in Peru.

Balsam of tolu—আমেবিকাৰ টলু নামক বৃক্ষোৎপন্ন चन्नि निर्वाम ; A fragrant balsam from the tolu tree of America.

Balsamic, bal-samik, a. উপन्यकारी; Soothing. Baluster, balust-ér, n. Fr. balustre-Low L. balaustrium; Gr. balaustion, the flower of the promegrante, from the similarity of form. ] कुछ वह वा निहा; A little pillar; column; & small vertical bar supporting the rail of a stair-case. a.=Balaustered, balust-erd, कृत चन-বিশিষ্ট ; Having balusters.

Balustrade, balust-rad, ভূত বত হেণী; A row of balusters joined by rail.

Bam. bam, n. arojan; Cheat, imposition:v. i. अडाइगा-क : To cheat, wheedle.

Bamboo, bam-bou', n. বাৰ ; বংৰ ; A kind of reed growing in tropical countries.

Bamboosle, bam-boo'zl, v. t. [Ety. dub.] अछात्रगा-क ; रखपुद्धि कवा ; To deceive by telling lies; to cheat by cunning.

Ban, ban, n. [ A. S. ge-bann, a proclamation, a widely diffused Teut. word, O. Ger. pannan, orig. meaning to 'summon to trial.' See Abandon. ] বিজ্ঞাপন : বোৰণাপত ; A public notice :---विवादस्य विकाशन ; A notice of marriage :-িবেশ; Interdiction; proscription:—আভিশাপ; A curse; excommunication :- WITE; A pecuniary fine :-- ( TTTT ; In military affairs, a proclammation by beat of drum, requiring a strict observance of discipline :-- হয় বয়; Muslin :v. t. चिनाभ (नवता : (बावमा-कृ ; To curse ; to interdict; to proclaim.

Marriage bans, mar'ij bans, विवाहरणायना : The publication of marriage for three successive Sundays by the officiating minister.

To be under a ban-reiधीन बाका: नखनीह ver); To be subject to some penalty as a delinquent; to be under some penalty.

To put one to the ban-নৰাজচাত কৰিবাৰ क्षांचीरन माथा : Place one under an interdic : subject one to the penalty of excommunication. as :- A declaration adopted instantly by all to put Napoleon to the ban of Europe.-Green.

Banana, ba-na'na, n. কণলী বৃক্ষ বা উহাৰ কল ; (

A gigantic herbaceous plant, remarkable for its nutritious fruit.

Banco, ban-co, n. 4414444 ; A bench :-- 441-গাবেৰ অৰ্থ . Money of the bank, as distinguished from current money.

In banco-डैक विहासमाहत बकत छेन्दिर विहासक-পা; All the judges of a superior court sitting together.

Band, band, n. [ Fr. bande, from Ger. band, bond, thing used in binding-binden, to bind; akin to Sans. bandh, to bind. ] वस्त ; भूशन ; That which binds; a cord or chain :- water কবিৰাৰ উপাৰ ; Any means of restraint :-- বন্ধনী ; Means of union or connection between persons: a tie :-- বৰ ; A company of persons :-- বৈশ্ব ; A troop; a body of armed men :-- शाबक एन ; A body of musicians :- প্ৰাৰম্ভ ; Something worn around the neck :- বাজিবার কাগড়; A narrow strip of cloth or similar material for binding or swathing '-v. t. मर्युक-कृ; To bind together :- v. i. मन्य-ए ; To associate.

Bend box, band boks, n. कांत्रासक वास ; A slight paper box for holding bands, cups, bonnets &c.

Band master, band master, n. नावक वन बावक; The conductor of a band of music.

Band together-aga earl; Combine.

Bandage, bandāj, n. বৰৰ; পট্টী; A strip of cloth used to bind a wound or fracture :- v. t. পট্টী ছাৰা বন্ধৰ-কু; To bind with a bandage.

Bandana, Bandanna, ban-dafia, n. 44 4414 वित्र क्यांन ; A kind of silk or cotten coloured hankerchief, originally from India.

Bandit, bahdit, n. [ It. bandito-Low L. bannire, bandire, to proclaim, from ban. ] var: An outlaw; a robber; a highway man. pl.= Bandits, Banditts.

Bandog, bandog, n. কুৰুৰ বিশেষ; এক প্ৰকাৰ বঢ় कुक ; A large fierce kind of dog; properly banddog, a large, fierce dog ( which on account of its fierceness, was kept bound chained ).

Bands, bandz, n. plu. গ্ৰীষ্টাৰ ধশ্বৰাক্সক, উকিল প্ৰভূ-िव बाबक्छ शिक्षाप्त बार्श विरागव ; A portion of the dress worn by clergymen, barristers, &c .a relic of the ancient amice.

Bandy, bandi, n. [ Fr. bander, to bend-Ger. band, a tie, string. ] बङ पष्ट ; A bent club for striking a ball at play :--ফীড়া বিশেষ : A game at ball with such a club :-- ए. i. अतिक धरिक আঘাত করা; পরশ্বাক্রমে চালনা করা; আঘাত করিয়া ইতবত: সঞ্ালিত করা; To beat to and fro, as a ball in playing :--विभिषय-क ; To exchange :--"To bandy hasty words" Shakespeare:—
আন্তেপ্ৰদ-ক ; To agitate ;—v. i. বিবাদ-ক ; To

To bandy words with one—ৰাগ্ৰ্ছ-ড়; To dispute about words :- "Knave! dost thou bandy words with me ?" Lytton.

Bandy from mouth to mouth-( cotte कथा ) श्वन्भवाद्धाय क्षणाविक कवा ; To spread or circulate ( as a rumour ) by being tossed about or passed from one man to the other, as .-

"So these are some of the stories they invent about us, and bandy from mouth to mouth" thought Nicholas.—Dickens.

Bandy-legged, bandi-legd, a. বন্ধ পাদবিশিষ্ট ; বন্ধপদ ; Having crooked legs.

Bane, bān, n. [A. S. bana, a murderer; ice. bani, death.] প্ৰাণনাশক বিষ; A deadly poison;
— অনুষ্ঠের মূল; Any fatal cause of mischief; a pest:—বিনাশ; মৃত্যু; অনিষ্ট; Destruction; death; mischief.

Baneful, banfool,a. বিষাক্ত; মাবাস্থক; সাংগাডিক; আনিষ্টকৰ; Poisonous; pernicious; destructive. adv.=Banéfully.

Bang, bang, v.t. [Ice. bang, a hammering; originally perhaps from the sound.] প্ৰহাৰ-ক; গুৰুত্ব আবাত করা; To beat, as with a club; to thump; strike violently:—অত্যৱপে ব্যবহাৰ-ক; To treat or handle roughly:—n. গুৰুত্ব আবাত; A heavy blow.

Bang, bang, Bangue, n. [Pers. bang, an intoxicating drug.] গালা হয়তে প্ৰস্তুত এক প্ৰকাষ মন্ত্ৰভাৱনক উৰ্বন্ধ, An intoxicating drug made from Indian hemp. [large of its kind. Banging, bang-ing, (Slang) a. বৃহৎ; Huge; Bangle, bang, n. [Hindoo bangri, bracelet.] ব্যাহ বা মন; An ornamental ring worn upon the arm, also upon the ankles in India and Africa. Banian, banyan, n. ৰটবৃষ্ণ; The India fig tree:

বাৰ্বিক কাতি, মুকুন্ধি; A Hindoo of the trading caste.—প্ৰতিকোন্তৰ পৰিধেৰ বস্তু: A morning gown.

Banian days, banyan daz, উপৰাদ किन; Days when no meat is served to a ship's crew; fast days.

Banish, banish, v. t. [Fr. bannir—Low L. bannire, to proclaim, from Ban, and see Abandon. ] নিৰ্বাণিত-ক; বহিন্ত-ক, To condemn to exile; to compel to leave a country.— দ্বীকৃত-ক, To drive away; remove. Syn.—Exile, expel, transport, eject, enclude.

Banishmont, banish-ment, " দেশস্থিককৰা, The act of banishing — নিৰ্বাদন; The state of being banished; exile:—বেছাৰ দেশতাৰ; A voluntary torsaking of one's country.

Banister, banist-ii, n. मिशान उड , Corrupted into Baluster, which sec.

Banjo, bahjo, n. (corr. of Fr. bandore or pandore-1.. pandura—Gr. pandoura, ] পাৰ্থের স্থায় এক প্রকার বাধ্যয়ত্ত্ব; A musical instrument like a fiddle.

Bank, bangk, n. [A. S. hane; Ger. bank. conn. with Bench through the idea of thing ridged or raised.] মুট্টকাৰ স্থা, চিপি: A mound or ridge of earth:—পুলিন; Any steep ascent:—
কান্তৰ্গকাৰ; A bench of rowers in a galley:—
অধানক; A collection or stock of money:—
অধানক; A heap of any thing:—ধনাপান; ক্যা; The place where money is deposited:—কান্ত্যা; The place where some of persons concerned in a bank:—চড়া; Shoal:—বিচাৰামন; A seat of judgment:—ভান; The margin of a river or sea:—v. t, বাৰ প্ৰছেক্য; To raise a mound or

dike : to embank :—v. i. ধনাপারে অর্থ জনা দেখা ; To deposit money in bank ; to carry on banking.

Bankable, bangka-bl, a. धनानारन अस्मैन; Receivable at a bank, as bills.

Bankre, banker, n. মহাজন; ধনাগাবপতি; শ্রেডী; One who keeps a bank; one employed in banking business.

Banking, bangking, n. অর্থপ্রবোপ বা ব্যবহার; আর্থন আদান প্রদান কাব্য; The business of a banker;—a. ধন-সঞ্চয়াগার সম্বাধি; Pertaining to a bank.

Bank-book, bangk-book, n. धर्माशास्त्र श्लिव पुरुक ; Book for recording bank-accounts.

Bank-note, bangk-not, n. ধনাগাৰ পতা; ছভি; A promissory note, issued by a bank or banking company payable to bearer.

Bank-stock, bangk-stok, n. ব্যাকের মূলধনের আংশ: A share or shares in the capital stock of a bank —-ধ্ৰাগাৰের মূল ধন, Capital of the bank of England or other bank.

Bankrupt, bangkrupt, n. [ Bank, a bench, and L. ruptus, broken, one who breaks or fails in business.] ৰূপ শোধনে অক্ষম বণিক; দেউলিয়া; An insolvent trader:—a ৰূপ শোধনে অক্ষম; Insolvent to debt:—v.t. কেউলিয়া-কু; To break in trade, to make insolvent

Bankruptey, banekrupt-si, n. ৰণ শোধৰে অক্ষতা; Insolvency; state of being or act of becoming bankrupt.

A commission of bankruptcy—ৰণ শোধনে অফ্যতা হেড় গ্ৰেপ্তাৰ কৰিবাৰ পা গুয়ানা; ২ণ পৰি-শোধনাক্ষ্যতা হেড় গৃত কৰণাৰ্থ অস্ক্রাপত্ত; A warrant granted in consequence of an act of bankruptcy.

Banner, baner, n. [Fr. banniere, lt bandiera—Low L. bandum. a standard, from Ger. band, a band, a strip of cloth, a waving or fluttering cloth, used as a flag—Ger, binden, to bind, allied to Sans. bendh, to bind. ] বিশ্বম বৈশ্বকী; পতাকা; নিশান; A flap or ensign; a a military standard, colours, penson.

Under the banners of—কাথাৰ কর্মাধীনে; কোন ধোদাৰ অধীনে; Under the leadership of. Raise one's banners—মুদ্ধে প্রস্তুত্বয়; To enter into war.

Banneret, baner-et, n. [ Fr. dim. of Banner. ] উপাধি বিশেষ; A higher class of knight, interior to a baron.

Knight banneret, n. উচ্চপদন্ত বোদ্ধা বা বীব; বণকেতে ঘনীয় পভাকা উত্তোলন কৰিতে ক্ষমভাপ্ৰাপ্ত উচ্চপদন্ত ৰীবপুৰুষ; Knight of the high-order, privileged to raise his own banner in the field. -Bannock, bannok, n. পিইক বিশেষ; A kind of cake.

Banns, banz, n. pl. [From Ban.] বিবাহ খোৰণা; পৰিণ্য-সংবাদ প্ৰচাৰ; The announcement in a church of an intended marriage; a proclamation of marriage.

Banquet, bangkwet, n. [Fr.—It. banchetto, dim. of banco, a bench or table—Ger. bank. See Bank, a bench.] नामान ; जान ; हाना ভক্ত প্ৰেণীৰ ভোজৰ; A feast; a rich entertainment:—থানবদায়ক বস্তু; Any thing delightful:—v. t. ভোজ-ৰে; To give a feast to .—v. i. সুবাদ্য ভোজৰ-ক; To fare sumptuously; to regale one self with good eating and drinking. Syn.=Feast, caronsal, entertainment, treat.

Banshee, banshe, n. [Ir. bean, a woman, sidhe, a fairy.] निर्देश कि. A female fairy in Ireland and elsewhere, who usually appears and utters a peculiar shricking wall before a death in a particular family to which she is attached.

Bantam, bantam, n. পকিবিশ্ব; A small breed of fowls with feathered legs; a small variety of the common fowl brought from the East Indies and supposed to be named from Bantam in Java —a. ৰ্বাটাৰ পকা ৰাতীয়, Of the bantam breed.

A little bantam cock—সাহমী বাকি; A little plucky fellow that will not be bullied by a person bigger than himself.

Banter, banter, v. t. [ probably from badiner, to be frolicsome; to play or joke with ] উপহাস- ক; পৰিহাস কৰা, বিজ্ঞপৰা বাজ কৰা, To joke with in words and in good humour:—n. পৰিহাস, বাজ, Jesting; humorous raillery, wit at the expense of another Syn.=Rally, joke, jest, sport, ridicule, jeer, twit, deride.

Banting, banting, n. [From W. Banting of London, who recommenced to the public in 1863 ] অভিবিক্ত যেগ বা বুলভা হ্রাস করিবার নিমিত এক প্রশানীর বাদ্য ; A system of diet for reducing superfluous fat.

Bautling, bantling, n. [So called from the bands in which it is wrapped.] [40, A small child; an infant.

Banyan, banyan, [Sans. banij, banik, a merchant.] ৰণিক ভাতীয় লোক; One belonging to the caste of merchants in India.

Banyan day, banyan da, n. নিবামিব ভোজনের fra . A day without meat.

Banyan, bahyan, n [so called by the English because the Banyans (merchants) held their market under it.] বট্টুক; The Indian fig-tree whose branches take root and spread over a large area. [বিশেষ, A large African tree. Baobab, ba'o-bah, n. আবিকাদেশীয় বৃহৎ বৃক্ষ-Baptise, bapt-if, v. t. প্রীপ্রবে দীক্তি-কৃ, কল-মায়ত-কৃ, গ্রীপ্রান করা, To administer the rite of baptism to; to christen.

Baptism, baptizm, n. বীষ্টধর্মাভিবেক; জনসংকার; The application of water to a person as a religious ceremony. a.=Baptismial, প্রীয়ণ্মাভিবেক সম্বায়: Pertaining to baptism.

Baptismal font—অভিবেক কুও।

Baptist, baptist, n. বৌৰন-মজনবাদী; One who approves only of adult baptism by immersion; one who baptises:—গ্রীষ্ট্রমণ্টে দীকা গুক; John, the Baptist.

Baptistery, baptist-er-i, n. অভিবেক ছান ; এই-বৰ্ষে দীকা হান ; A place for baptism.

Bar, bar, n. वार्तन ; इएका ; A boit , a rod of any

solid substance :- अछिवसक वा विश्व : वाशा : A hinderance or obstruction :--শেভিকালয়ে কিংবা বিচাবালরে বেটিত হান; An enclosed place in a tayern or in a court of law :-- वर्षानिकवन ; Any tribunal; as, the bar of public opinion :-ভালের চিহ্ন, সঙ্গীতের চিহ্ন ; A division in music :-ৰাত্ৰায়য় ভট; সৈকভ; A sand bank:—উকিল ৰম্পাৰ; The legal profession; the whole body of pleaders .- आमायाद मधायमान इहेबाद जान; The place in court where prisoners stand :-(in law) a special plea constituting a sufficient answer to the plaintiff's action :-v. t. 74 7; আবিশ্ব বা पृष्ठ कदा ; To fasten or secure, as with a bar ; as, to bar a door .-- वाश (मण्या ; बिरवध-事; To hinder or prevent; to prohibit, to cut off a claim, as, to bar the entrance of evil :---বাদ-দে; বহিছুত করা; To except, to exclude. pr. p =barring. p.=barred.

Bar of gold or silver— ৰংগৰ বা বৌপোৰ পিও; An ingot, lump, or wedge, from the mines, run in a mould, and unwrought.

At the bar of the court--- अकांक विष्यंत्र ; In open court.

At the bar—বিধাৰপতিৰ সমূৰে; আদামীৰ কাঠ-ৰাম; Before a tribunal; at the prisoner-box. Gentlemen of the bar—উকীলগণ; Pleaders or Barusters.

To be called to the bar—ভকালভি কবিতে
অধিকার প্রাপ্ত হওয়া; To be entitled to practise
as a pleader or barrister:—বিচারের নিমিত্ত
আদিষ্ট হওয়া; বিচারার্থ বিচারালয়ে আহুত হওয়া;
To be summoned for trial.

A case at bar—উপন্থিত ঘোকৰ্মা; A case presently before the court; a case under argument.

To bring up to the bar—বিচারার্থ উপন্থিত করা; To be placed under trial.

Barb, barb, n. [Fr.—L. barba, a beard.]
দাড়ি; A beard.—ভীৰেৰ কৰ্মা হল; The point
in an arrow-head which stands backward:—
বাববাৰি দেশীৰ আম; A Barbary steed:—ঘোড়াৰ
মাজ; Horse-armour:—পাবামভ; A pigeon:—
v. t. আমকে সজ্জিত-কু; To furnish horses with
armour—ভীৱেৰ ফ্যাতে কৰ্ম্ম হোগ-কু; To
jag arrows with hooks.

[armour.

Barbed stoed, n. মুসজিত আ; A horse in Barbacan, bar'ba-kan, Barbican, bar'bi-kan, n. [Low l. barbacana, prob. from pers.] উপত্ৰ ; A watch tower; an out-work before the gate of a tower or castle:—ত্ৰপ্ৰাচীৱে কামাৰ বিষয়; An opening in the wall of a fortress for guns.

Barbarian, bar-bār'i-an, a. [L. barbarus, Gr. barbaros—bar, bar, an imitation of unintelligible sounds—applied by the Greeks (afterwards the Romans) to those speaking a different language from themselves.] অনভা; Uncivilised; as barbarian government.—িনিইব; Cruel; inhuman; as, barbarian treatment:—
n. অনভা বাজি; An uncivilised person;—িনিইব
বাজি; A cruel man. "Thou fell barbarian."
Barbaric, bar-barik, a, বিশেশীয়; Foreign:—

Barbaric, bar-bar'ik, a. বিদেশীয় ; Foreign ;— অসভা ; Uncivilized. Barbarise, barbar-is, v. t. অসভ্য অবস্থাতে পৰি-ণভ-কু; To make barbarous.

Barbariam, bar'ba-12m, ৯. অসভা অবহা , An uncivilized state ; savagism ;—অভদ্ধ ভাষা ; Incorrect or vulgar form of speech.

Barbarity, bar-bar'ı-ti, n. आमकाका , निर्महका ; Savageness ; cruelty.

Barbarous, bar'bar-us, a. আৰতা; বস্তু; Uncivilized; rude:—নিইব; পাৰব; Cruel, ferocious; brutal;—contrary to the idioms of a language. adv.—Barbarously. n.—Barbarousness.

[ North West Africa

Barbary, bar-bar-i, n. আজিকার উত্তর পশ্চিমাংশ .
Barbary horse, bar-bar-i hors, n. বারবারি
থাবেশের অব ; A horse from Barbary.

Barbecue, bar'e-kū, v. f. [Ety. dub ] পুৰ্ণাকে (অৰ্থাৎ লা কাটিয়া) দল্ক করা; To roast whole, as a pig.

Barbel, barbel, n. [O. Fr. barbel—L. barba, beard.] অনুবাত কণ্ডৰ মংস্ত্ৰিকে A fresh water fish with beard like appendages at its mouth.

Barber, barber, n. [Fr — L. barba, a beard.] কৌৰকাৰ; নাপিড, One who shaves beards or dresses hair.

Barberry, bar'ber-i, n. [Low L. and Sp berberis—Ar. barbaris.] এক প্ৰকাৰ কউকৰ্ত লভা; A thorny shrub with red berries common in hedges.

Barbican, bar'bi-kan, n. Same as Barbacan. Bard, bard, n. কৰি; A Celtic minstrel, a poet. Bardic, bar'dik, a. কৰি বা তাহাদেৰ কৰিডা-সম্মীয়; Pertaining to bards or their poetry.

Bare, bar, a. উলল, জনাবৃত, Naked, uncovered, as, the arm is bare:—দবিদ্ৰ; জন্মচ্ব, জৰ্ণপৃষ্ঠ; Poor; scanty; empty —জনলয়ত, Simple, unadorned —কেবল, একানী, Merc, alone, by itself:—জীৰ্, Threadbare; much worn — প্ৰকৃষ্টিত, Laid open to view, detected, no longer concealed:—v. f বিষয়-ত্ব, জনাবৃত্ত বা উলফ ক্বা, To unclothe; to strip or uncover:—খুলিয়া বাধা, To lay open.

Under bare poles-পাইল বাজিত , Having no Barely, bar-li, ad. কেবল ; Only ; merely

Bare-faced, bār'fāst, a. নিৰ্লক্ষ; যুই . অন্-র্তানন; Shameless; impudent, with the face uncovered, audacious. n.=Barefacedness— নিৰ্ণক্তা; Effrontery, assurance; impudence; audaciousness. adv.=Baréfacedly.

Bare-foot, bār-foot, a. শ্রুপাদ; Having the feet uncovered.

Bare-headed, bar-heded, a. প্ৰথমত ; Having the head bare out of respect. [legs bare. Bare-legged, bar-legd, a. প্ৰগাদ ; With the Bare-man, bar man, n কেবিলা; A poor insolvent debtor. [Masts without sails set Bare-poles, bar-pols, n. পাইল বিহীল মাজল ; Bargain, bar'gin, n. [Fr. barguigner—Low L. barcaniare, acc. to Diez from barca, a boat, used in carrying goods about.] ক্ৰবিকা; চুকি; An agreement or stipulation—লাভজনক ক্ৰবিৰা; লাভজনক ক্ৰবিৰা; বিভাগন কৰিব।; A gainful transaction:

—কৰ বা ক্ৰীভ ব্ৰবা; Purchase, or the thing purchased:—বেৰ ক্ৰব; The final result; as, to make the best of a bad bargain,—v. i. চুক্তি-ছ; ক্ৰ কৰাক্ৰি কৰা; To make a contract or agreement; to chaffer:—v. t. হ্বান্তৰ-ছ; To transfer for a consideration. Syn=contact.

Into the bargain—অধিকয়; আৰো; ভদৰিক; ভত্তিঃ, Also, over and above.

Sharp at a bargain—নিষ্ধে আৰম্ভ ইইবাৰ সময়ে

লাখেঁৰ প্ৰতি তীক্ষ্টবিশিঃ; Nicely attentive to
one's own interest in entering into an agreement

[ an agreement.

To strike a bargain—ছতি গৃঢ়-কু; To ratify To make a bargain—অজীকাৰে আৰম্ভ হৈছা; To enter into an agreement.

To drive a hard bargain— অধিক মূল্যে বিক্রম করিবার জন্ত গরেব চীনাটানি করা, To challer hard about the terms, to obtain a higher price

To strike a bargain—निषय वा চুक्ति नवाद करा। To conclude an agreement.

Barge, barj, n. [O Fr. barge—Low L. bargia. Prob. a doublet of Bark, a barge.] কেনি-থোকা; বৰুৱা, A pleasure or state-boat; a large boat for passenger or goods. [manages a barge Barge-man, barj-man, n. নাবিক, One who Barilla, ba-nllà, n. সোড়া উৎপাদক বৃদ্ধ, Seashore plant yielding soda,—এক প্রকার স্থাবিক উপাদ, An alkaline ash obtained by burning several marine plants (that grow chiefly on the east coast of Spain) used for making soaf, glass &c

Baritone, bar'ı-ton, Same as Barytone.

Bark, bark, n. [Fr. bargue—Low L barca: perh. from Gr barrs, a boat ] বৰুৰ, The rind of a tree, —কুৰ্বাণিৰ ভাক; The noise made by a dog, wolf &c —কুৰ পোত, A small vessel,—Peruvian bark, quinine,—v t. ছাল ভোলা; To peel orstrip off the bark, to peel,—v. ব কুৰেৰ ভাষ হৰ-ক; To cry like a dog.—চীংকাৰ-ক; গোন্ধান-ক; To clamour at.

To bark at-निमा-कृ; To censure.

Barkery, bark-er-i, n. বৰ্জাগাৰ, চৰ্দ্ৰ পৰিছাৰ কৰিবাৰ গৃহ; A tan-house, a place where bark is kept.

Barky, barki, a. 44711, Consisting of bark. Barley, barki, n. [A. S. bærlic -bere (Scot bear) and lic-lec, leek, plant; W. barllys-bara, bread, llys, a plant, akin to L. far, corr-from root of to bear.] 44; A grain used for food, but chiefly for making malt.

Barley-corn, bar'h-korn, n. ब्रावासक ; बरवव सामा ; A kernel of Barley ;—रेट्सब क्रोबार्य ; Third part of an inch.

Sir Jhon Barleycorn—A jocular name for ale or beer, which is made of barley

Barley-fever, bar'li-fe'vér, n. च्या-विषय नेहां ; illness caused by drunkenness.

Barley-sugar, bär'lı-shoog'ar, त. वर स्ट्रेस्ड अवस्य किनि : A preparation of sugar, Barley-water, bar'li-wayy'da

Barley-water, bar'li-waw'ter, n. প্ৰীটত দিৰেৰ পাৰীৰ ; Drink for the sick.

Barm, barm, n. [ A. S. beorme, Dan. barme ;

akin to L. fermentum, Eng. brew. ] यश (कर ; Froth of bear or other fermenting liquor, used as leaven; a yeast. a. = barmy.

Barmaid, barmad, n. পরিচার্বিকা; পৌতিকাল্যের পরিচারিকা; A maid employed in a bar or tayern.

Barmecide, bar'me-sid, a. [ From a story in the Arabian Nights, in which a beggar is entertained by one of the Bermecide princes on an imaginary feast.] That; Sham; without substance.

Barmeoide feast, bar'me-sid fest, n. जाना-यद्दीकिंदा ; A feast where there is nothing to eat ; any illusion. [or yeast.

Barmy, barmi, a. বন্য কেন্দ্ৰ ; Containing barm Barn, barn, n. [A. S. berern, contracted bern from bere, barley, ern, a house. j নিও; A child:—শতাগাৰ; গোলা; ধানাৰ; A covered building for farmproduce:—v. t. গোলাৰ মঞ্চ কৰিবা বাৰা; To store in a barn. n.=Barndoor, barn-dor, Barn-yard, barn-yard.

Barnacle, bar'na-kl, n. শবুক বিশেষ: A shellfish which adheres to rocks &c.:—হংস বিশেষ: A kind of goose:—pl. এক জোড়া চসমা: A pair of spectacles:—An instrument to put upon a horse's nose, to confine him.

Barn barner, barn barn-er, n ইউন্টিট টেটের অভাতম শানন মণ্যানীর পফুপাতী ব্যক্তি; A democrat in the United States.

Barnaclos, bar'na-klz, n. [O. Fr. bericle, dim from L. berylus, beryl, crystal, Ger brille } हम्मा; Spectacles — यहिर्मा ; Instrument to hold a horse by the nose.

Barometer, bar-onict-er, n. [Gr. baros, weight; metron, measure.] বায়মান হয়; An instrument for measuring the weight or pre-sure of the atmosphere and indicating changes of weather. a.—Barometric, Baometrical. a.iv.—Barometrically.

Baron, bar'on, n. [ Fr. baron; in the Romance tongue the word meant a man as opposed to a woman, a strong man, a warrior; either from Celtic bar, a hero, fear, a man, or from O. Ger. bar, man, (O. Ger. bairan, E. Bear, to carry).] ইংলভ দেখীয় কৌনিজস্ভক উপাধি; বিভাৰক বিশেষৰ উপাধি; In England the lowest title of nobility. a.= Baronial.

Baronage, bar'on-हां, त. नयस वादिव जञ्चलोह ; The whole body of barons :—वादिवनिट्लंब लक्ष् वर्ताला ; The dignity of barons ;—वादिवनिट्लंब कृषि ; The land which gives title to a baron.

Baroness, bar'on-es, n. সন্তান্ত মহিলা; A baron's wife or lady. [ rank next to that of a baron. Baronet, bar'on-et, n. উপাধি বিশেষ; A title of Baronetage, bar'on-et-ত্ৰা, n. ব্যাহ্যেট্ সম্প্ৰদাহ; The whole body of baronets.

Baronetcy, bar'on-et-si, त. वादानाटेव श्रम ; The rank of a baron.

Baronial, bar'ohi-al, a. बादन वा छाराव आध-काव नवकीय; Pertaining to a baron or barony. Barony, bar'on-i. n. बादिनव अधिकांद; The territory of a baron. Barouche, ba-roush, n. [L. birotus, twowheeled, from bis, twice, rota, a wheel.] ছাদ-হীন শকট বিশেষ; A coach without a roof, a double seated four-wheeled carriage with a falling top.

Barque, bark, n. कृत (भाष ; A ship.

Barrack, bar'ak, n. [Fr. baraque, it. baracca, a tent: cf. Celtic barrachad, a hat.] (भना-निवण: वादिक: A house for the lodgment of soldiers, commonly used in the plural.

Barrackmaster, bar'ak master, n. সেৰা-নিবাসের অধ্যক; The officer, who superintends soldier's barracks.

Barracan, bar'ra-kan, n. উপবেৰ পরিক্ষণ বিশেষ; A thick, strong stuff, somewhat like camlet; used for outer garments.

Barraccon, bar'ra-koon, n. नाम निवाम ; A slave ware-house ; a place for negroes.

Barrator, bar'ra-ter, n. [L. baratator, a deceiver, Fr. baratare, to deceive, See Barter.] আভিবেংক উৎসাহ্যাতা; An encourager of a lawsuits;—আহাতের প্রকৃষ্ণ অধ্যক; The master of a ship, who commits any fraud in the management of the ship.

Barratry, bar'ra-tri, ন. অভিবাৰে বা বিবাদে উৎসাই দান; উৎকোচ গ্ৰহণ; Practice of encouraging law-suits and quarrels;—আহাজের অধ্যক্ষের প্রভাৱণা; Fraud in a ship master against the owners or under-writers. a.=Barratrous.— Tainted with barratry.

Barred by limitation—डामानि-इ।

Barrel, bar'el, n [Fr. baril—barre. See Bar.]
পিলা, A kind of cask,—পিলাৰ আহেৰ; The quantity which a cask contains;—নল; ৰস্কেৰ চুকি, A tube, the tube of a gun;—পৰিমাণ বিশেষ, A measure of 32 gallons of ale, 36 of beer;—v. t. পিলাম বাৰা, To put into a barrel. Barrel-bellied, bar'el be-led, a. ল্যেক্স; Having a large belly.

Barron, bar'en, a. [Fr. brc'haigne, O. Fr. baraigne, unfruitful.] বদ্যা; Not producing young; as, she is barren;— অপুর্বার; Unfruitful; sterile, as the soil is barren;—নির্বাধ; Dull, stupid; as, harren spectators;—দাবক ভাবপুত্ত; উত্তাবনীল নতে, পুত্ত; Not containing entertaining ideas; not inventive; empty; as, "barren reveries";—n. অপুর্বাত্তা; Barr'enness; sterility.

Barricade, bar'ik-নিd, n. [Fr. barre, a bar. See Bar.] শক্রৰ আগমন নিবাৰণাৰ্থ নিৰ্মিত প্রাচীয়; প্রাকার, A defensive fortification to check any enemy:—অববোধ; Any obstruction:—ত. i. অবক্ষ-ক; To obstruct; to block up:—ছুৰ্ব নিৰ্মাণ-ক; To fortify with any slight work.

Barrier, bar'i-èr, n. [Fr. barriere—from barre, a bar.] (दहा; Fence; enclosure:—काक्स्प्रतीय व्यवस्था; A defence against attack; any obstruction:—जीया; A boundary; a line of separation. Syn.=Bar, barricade,

Barring, bar-ing, prep. 476(474; Excepting; "barring the clergy."

Barring-out, bar-ing owt, n. विशाबत बालक-

The facult; The act of closing the doors of a school-room against a school master; a boyish mode of rebellion in school.

Barrister, bar'is-ter, n. [Fr. barre: It barra.]
ৰাৰ্হাৰাজীৰ; কৌলনী; One admitted to plead
at the bar; a counsellor of law.

Barrow, bar'rō, n. [A. S. beorh—beorgun, to protect and A. S. berewe—beran, to bear.] ছডাগিত বাৰ বিশেষ; ছাডগাতি; A hand carriage:—সমাধিব উপবিশ্ব মৃতিকা তুপ; A hillock or mound of earth raised over graves to protect them:—বাঁজা শুকৰ; A castrated hog.

Barter, bar'ter, v. t. [ O. Fr. bareter. ] 44 अस्वाद विनियस अभव अवा स्वता ; विनियम-कृ: To give any thing in exchange for another :- v. i. विनियम-कु; विनियस वानिका-कृ; To exchange; to traffic by exchanging :— ज्वा विनिययवादा वादमाय; Traffic by exchange of commodities. Syn.= Change, exchange, substitute, trade, commute, traffic, interchange. [of the earths a = Barytic. Baryta, ba-rita. n মৃতিকা বিশেষ; The heaviest Barytone, bar'ı-ton, Baritone, n. [Gr. barys, heavy, deep, and tonos, a tone. ] পুকৰেব গভীৰ সুৰ ; খৰ বিশেষ ; A man's voice not so low as a base nor so high as tenor :- a. গন্ধীব; গভীৰ; Grave and deep. [ base Basal, basal, a. भूनमक्कीय ; Pertaining to the Basalt, bas-awit, n. [ L. basaltes ( an African word), a marble found in Ethiopia] कुक्दर्व কঠিন প্রস্তব্ বিশেষ; A hard dark coloured rock of volcanic origin :—ধাতু বিশেষ; A kind of black porcelain. a = Basaltic.

Base, bas, a. [Fr. bas Low L. bassus, thick, fat, a vulger. Roman word, found also in name Bassus ] निकृष्टे : अपन्न ; नीठ ; शैन ; Mean ; vile ; warthless; mean; lowly: - अ। वज; Illegitimate by both :-- অলমুল্য ; Low in value :-- অসুদার ; নীচ; Illiberal; morally low:—অবিওদ; Not refined :-- शंखीव ; शाम ; Deep or grave in sound;-n. 惊讶; The bottom or foundation of an thing;—ঘন কেতের প্রশন্ত জংশ; Broad part of a cone ;- আংশান্তাগ ; The lower part of a column on which the shaft stands ;--প্ৰধাৰ উপাদান; In chemistry, the principal element of a compound; the chief ingredient; - कीडा विरम्प ; A rustic play ;- शंडीद चद ; बान ; The lowest or gravest part in music;— সুদু দৈয়-শ্ৰেণী; In war, fortified line from which the operation of an army proceeds ;—ৰহিপাৰ ; In In geometry, the line or surface consitituting that part of a figure on which it is suffered to stand ;-v. t. ভিত্তি স্থাপন-ক ; To found or place on base. Syn. = vulgar, vile, ignoble.

Based on or upon—হাপিড; Founded on.
Base-born, bāś-bawrn, a. ভারজ; নীচন্থভাড;
নীচ; Born out of low parentage; illegetimte
by birth; vile. [foundation; groundless.
Baseless, baśles a. অমূলক; ভিন্তিংগীন; Without
Basement, bāśment, n. মেডে; নিয়ভল; The
lower story or floor of a building. [Mean.
Base-minded, bās-mindéd, a. নীচ; নীচন্না;

Baseness, basness, n. নীচড়া; Meaness.
Base-spirited, bas-spir-it-ed, a. নীচ; জীক; হীন্ডেলা; Mean; cowardly; mean-spirited.
Base-string, bas-string, n. বাদ্যবয়েৰ স্কাপেকা অনুভবৰশদী ভাৰ; The string of a musical instrument that gives the lowest note.

Base-viol, baś-vi-ol, n. Same as Bass-viol.
Bashaw, ba-shaw', (Pasha. Pacha) n. [Ar. basha, Per, pasha, fr. Per had, powerful, and shah, king.) ভূকির পাসনকর্তা; A Turkish Governor:—অহমারী ব্যক্তি; A proud, tyrannic, over-bearing person.

Bashful, bashfool, a. অতি নম; সহজে হতবুদ্ধি; নেষবৎ; বিশাসনৃস্ত; লজ্জাশীল; সলজ্জ; Very modest; easily confused; sheepish; diffident; shy;—n=Bashfulness (লক্জাশীলতা); ad=Bashfully. Syn.= diffident; timid; modest; shamefaced. Basil, bazil, n. [Gr., basilkos, royal] তুলসী; A highly atomatic plant. [Sp. bisel, sloping edge] স্কলবেৰ অন্তেৰ ধাৰ; The shape of the edge of a tool;—v. t. অত্তে ধাৰ বা লান দেওয়া; To grand

Basilian, n স্থানি বিশেষ; Monk of St. Basil.
Basilien, bar-ilik-a, n | L. basilisko,, dim of basileus, a king. | মহুতী ধুমুশালা; বচ পিন্ধা, A magnificent or royal church;—প্রামাদ; A kingly palace.

Basilicon, bā-riĥ-kon, n. [Gr. basilikos, royal, from basileus, a king.] মৃত্যু; An ointment.

Basilisk, bajil-isk, n. কল্লিড দৰ্শ; ডফ্ক; দৰ্শ-বাৰ, A fabulous scrpent; the king of serpents;—এক প্ৰকাৰ কীট; In modern zoology, a genus of crested lizards.

Basin, basin, n. [Fr. bassin, It. bacino, Low. L. bacchinus, perhaps from the celue bac, a cavity.] জনপাত্ত; A hollow vessel or dish:--জনাধাত্ত; Any reservoir for water:---ন্দী মাড়ক দেশ; অববাহিকা; The entire tract of a country drained by a river and its tributaries.

Basis, basis, n. [ See Base, foundation ] ভিন্তি; The foundation; bottom:—উপাদান মূল; The ground work or first principle. Syn.=Foundation, ground, base. plu.=Bases, basez.

Bask, bask, v. i. [From the root of bake; Scot; beik to warm; Sw. Goth. baka on vasa.] উত্তাপ দেবৰ কু; বোজে থাকা; To lie warmth; to be exposed to genial heat —অসুক্ৰ অবস্থাৰ মধ্যে থাকিয়া উন্নত হত্যা; To prosper under benign influences:—v. t. উত্তাপিত-কু; To warm by continued exposure to heat.

Basket, basket, n. { W. basged—basg, network, plaiting. ] করন্ড; চুপড়ি; পুড়ি; A vessel made of twigs rushed &c interwoven.

Basketful, basket-fool, n. वृद्धि भ्यात्र ज्या ; The contents of a basket.

Basket-hilt, basket-hilt, n. তবৰালের আৰবণ-বিশিষ্ট বাঁট; The hilt of the sword made to defend the whole hand from being wounded; the hilt of a sword with a covering wrought like basket-work to defend the hand from injury. Basket-woman, basket-wom'an, n. বাৰাবে वृद्धि इंदेश्च विकारकांदी द्वीरवाक ; A market woman, who sells from a basket.

Basque, bask. a. विद्यारम्म, यो छश्धारम्मशी-বিবেৰ ভাষা ৰংকাছ: Relating to Biscay, a district of Spain, or to the language of its natives.

Bass, bas, n. मलीएडव बारनव त्रव ; बान ; Lowest part in music; the gravest male voice:-ৰাছ্য ; A mat used in churches :-- a. নীচ ; গভীৰ ; त्रहोद ; Low ; deep or grave in sound ;-- v. £. ब्राप्ट निक्क कड़ा ; To sound in a deep tone. Basset, basset or bas-set, n. [ It. bassetto, dim. of basso, low. ] ভাস-ক্রীড়াবিশেব ; A game

at cards.

Bassoon, bas-55h, n. [It. bassone, augment of basso, low, from root of Base ] वीमायञ्च विरमेव ; Musical instrument of a bass or very low note. Bass relief, bas-re-lef', n. [ lt. basso-rilievo. See Base, low, and Relief. ] অল্ল উডোলিড ভাৰৰ कार्या ; Sculpture, whose figures do not stand out far from the ground on which they are formed. Bass-viol, bas-viol, n. [ See Bass, low, and viol ] अक शकाव वानागञ्ज ; A musical instrument with four strings, used for playing the bass : the violoncello.

Bast, bast, n. [ A. S. bæst; Dan., Sw., Ger. bast ] নেবুগাছের ছাল; The inner bark of the lime-tree -- শাছৰ ; Matting made of it.

Bastard, bastard, n. [ Fr. bâtard , O. Fr. fils de bast, son of bast, bast or bât being a course saddle for beasts of burden, and indicating contempt. ] कावज महान ; Illegitimate child a. কুলিম : স্বারক : Illegitimate ; false ; not genuine; spurious.

Bastardise, bastard-iz. v. f. चावकांका लगान-📭 ; জাবক সপ্ৰশাণ কৰা , To prove to be a bastard. Bastardy, bastard-i, n. state of being illegitimate; illegitimacy.

Baste, bast, v. t. [ O. Fr. bastir, from O. Ger. bastan, to sew. ] अहा वा नवा नवा (मजाई-कृ ; To sew slightly or with long statches. [ Ice. beysta, Dan. boste, to beat. ] यह बाबा आंगांच-कृ; To beat with a stick ;— मक्ष कविवाद अवदव बारदाब উপৰ বৃত ৰা চর্ৰি ছড়াইয়া দেওয়া; To drop fat or butter over meat while roasting.

To baste meat—মাংসের উপৰ মাধন ও চৰবি নেচৰ-ক ; To drop fat or butter over the meat. Bastile, bast-ef, n. [ Fr.-O. Fr. bastir ( Fr. batir ), to build. ] काबानाव ; भारतिम नन्दवब कावानाव ; An old fortification in Paris used as a state prison and demolished in 1780.

- Bastinade, bast-in-ad, Bastinado, bast-in-Edo, v. t. [Sp. bastonada, Fr. bastonnadebaston, bâton-Low L basto, a stick; of unknown origin. ] পাদতবে অহার-কু; To beat with a stick or cudgel; especially on the soles of the feet .- pr. p. Bastinading or Bastinaoding; pa. p bastinaded or bastinadoed. n.= Bastinade, Bastinado-পদত্তে অধাৰ; A beating or cudgelling especially on the soles of the feet.

Bastion, basty'un, n [ Fr.-O. Fr. bastir, to built. ] व्यक्त ; वदा ; Bulwark ; projecting angle of the main line of a fortification,

Bat, bat, n. वाह्य ; A flying animal :—(विवाद बाहि ; A heavy stick used in cricket play :-रहेक रथ ; A piece of brick :-- । । वार्ष महत्त्व कीए।-इ ; To play with a bat.

Bat fowling, bat fowling, n. वाक्विकारन अकी धवियां को भन ; A method of catching birds at

night.

Batch, bach, s. [From Bake.] अक्कारन वर्ष कृष्टि (नका बाब ; The quantity of bread baked at one time:-- यक कार्या अककारण मन्नाम एम : Any work or business despatched at ones. [ Abate. Bate, bat, v. t. ब्राव-क ; To lesson. The same as Bath, bath, n. [A. S. both; cog. with Ger. bad.] वानात्राव ; A place or house for bathing :-বাৰ কৰিবাৰ ৰূল; বান; Water for plunging the body into a bathing :—উত্তাপ প্ৰৱোদ স্থান ; A place in which heat is applied to a body immersed in some substance; as, vapour bath :--क्लिमिक ; Immersion in a bath ; as, to take a bath :-- शिवान विरम्प ; A Hebrew measure=7 gallons, 4 pints. plu.=Baths, bathz.

Order of the Bath, n. कुनीन मध्यनांत विस्तित : A high order of British knighthood.

Bath-room, bath-100m, n. शारमद गृह ; An apartment for bathing.

Bathe, bath, v. t. [A. S. bathian-bath.] 314-季; To wash the body with water :-- v. i. ਬਾਰv ; Be or lie in water or in any other liquid :-n. স্বাৰ; The immersion of the body in water.

Bathed in tears—সৰুল; বাস্পাক্লিভ : With tears in one's eyes.

Bathing-tub, bathing-tub, #. খাৰ কৰিবাৰ পাত্ত : A vessel for bathing.

Bathos, bathos, n. [ Gr. bathos, depth. from bathys, deep. ] बांका कथन वा निश्राय डेक्स्डाय स्ट्रांड नीम्बाद व्यवद्वांश्य ; A ludicrous descent from the elevated to the mean in writing or speech.

Bating, bating, prep. aofen; ajfos; With the exception of.

Batlet, batlet, n. [ Dim. of bat. ] वकरकव शांति ; A small bat for beating linen in the washing. Baton, baton, Batoon, ba-toon, n. (Fr. bâton-

Low L. basto, a stick; of unknown origin. 170; A club :-- नामविक कर्मागरीय एक ; शाखिवकटकर एक : Staff of a marshal, band-leader, police-man. Batsman, batsman, Batter, batter, Batster, batster. n. किरके की जो पर वास्ति बाहि बाहि बादा कविद्या জীড়া কৰে; ক্ৰিকেট খেলাৰ ব্যাটগাৰী; A cricketer; the player who holds the bat.

Batta, bata, n. 4167; An allowance made to East India soldiers in addition to their pay.

Battalia, bat-talya, n. [From the root of Battle] সেৰামুখ, The main body of an army :--(मनानिद्यन , Battle array.

Battalion, bat-alyun, n. [ From the root of Battle. ] প्राक्तिक रेमज्ञमन ; A body of infantry consisting of from 500 to 800 men. -

Batten, bain, n. [ Same as Baton. ] with ; A piece of wood; a board:-v. t. atte state আবদ্ধ-কু; To form or fasten with battens.

Batten, bain, v. i. [Ice. baina, to grow better.] शूहे रक्षा; (यांचे रक्षा; क्षांत्रविनात्व जीवनश्रक क्यां : To grow fat : to live in luxury.—v. t. पृष्टे क्यां ; (माठी क्यां ; উर्जय वा वनमानी क्यां ; To fatten ; to fertilize or enrich.

Batter, bate'r, v.t. [Fr. battre, It. battuere—L. battuere; conn. with beat.] পুল: পুল: ও সজোবে প্রায়ক; To beat repeatedly and with violence:—আবাত বা বাবহারে ক্ষা-ড়; To wear with beating or by use;—কামানাফি বারা আক্রমণ করা; To attack with artillery;—n. নানা উপাবানের বিশ্রণ; A mixture of several ingrediants;—প্রাচীবের বস্মুখভাগের পৃষ্ট-প্রবর্গতা; (Arch) a backward slope of in the face of a wall.

Battering gun or train, n. आंठीय चन कविवाद कावान ; Guns for battering down walls.

Battering-ram, bater-ing-ram, n. নগৰেৰ প্ৰাচীৰ ভক কৰিবাৰ বস্ত ; An ancient engine for breaking down the walls of besieged places.

Battery, bat'ér-i, n. নাৰণিট; Assault;—ছৰ্গ ভালিবাৰ বয়; The instrument of battering;—
হৃদজ্জিত কামান শ্ৰেণী; A line of cannon for firing:—বে ছানে কামান হৃদজ্জিত করিয়া বাধা হয়:
The place on which cannon are mounted:
কামান শ্ৰেণীৰ সহগামী ব্যক্তিগণ ও অব সমূহ; The men and horses attending the guns;—ব্যবস্থা বহিত্ত আক্রমণ; In law, the unlawful beating of another;—বিজ্ঞাকক বয়; Apparatus for generating galvanic electricity.

Battery gun, n. একাও কাৰাৰ; A heavy gun. Battle, batl, n. [Fr. bataille—battre, to beat See Batter.] যুদ্ধ; বিবাদ; A fight, a hostile encounter; contest;—v. t. যুদ্ধক; To fight against;—v. i. যুদ্ধ প্ৰযুদ্ধ হয়ো; To join in battle Syn.=Combat, engagement; action.

Drawn battle, drawn-batl, n. ৰে বুজে ফল অনিভিড; A battle in which neither party gains the victory.

Half the oattle—অভ্যন্ত আব্যক; Almost accessary to success; very important; As, In passing an examination, fair hand-writing is half the battle.

Pitched battle, picht batl, n. ডুম্পার্থায়; A battle in which the opposing forces have taken up a position thus distinguished from a skirmish; a battle fought on an open field with equal advantage on both sides.

Win the battle—अवी-ए; To be victorious.

Battle royal—বুনো বুনি-ক; A melee; a contest with fists or cudgels in which more than two are engaged.

Battle with--- | Oppose.

Battle-gage, ba'l-gaj, n. বুৰাৰ্থে আহ্বান্স্চক নিকিন্ত নিক্তাপানি: Anything as cap, a gauntlet, or the like thrown down, as a challange to battle. As:—The new-born Republic flung down to Europe as her battle-gage the head of a king.—Myer.

To give battle আন্ত আন্তৰ্ণ কৰা; আনত প্ৰথম আন্তৰ্ণ কৰা; To attack an enemy; to make the first onset in a fight. As:—Of these brave men, the bravest was Charactacus, who gave battle to the Romans, with his army, among the mountains of North Wales, Battle array - वन-विवान ; Order of battle.
Battle-axe, batl-aks, n. नवर ; व्य-व्याद ; An axe anciently used as a weapon of war.
Battle-ory, n. निर्वनांव ; Cry of warrior.

Battle-door, Battledore, batl-dor, n. [ Sp. batidor, a beater, a washing-beetle. ] বাট ; বল আ্বাড কৰিবাৰ ক্ষা বাটি ; A racket ; a light bat for striking a ball or shuttle-cock :—বালকেৰ আদি পাঠা পুৰুক ; A child's horn-book.

Battle field or ground, n. वर्गकृषि ; A place of fighting.

Battlement, ba'll-ment, n. [Prob. from O. Fr. bastillement—bastir, to build ] ছিত্ৰবিশিষ্ট প্ৰাচীৰ; বল্ল বিশেষ; A wall raised on a building with openings or embrasure; a notched or indented parapet. a.= Battlemented.

Batton, baton, Batten, batn, n. মূৰ ভাড়াম; The act of beating the woods, bushes &c., for game;—মূৰ; The game beatenup.

Battue, bat-too', n. [Fr.—battre, to beat.]
মুগমাকালে ব্যবহাত পদ; মুগভাড়ন; A sporting
term; in a battue, the woods are beaten and
the games driven into one place for convenience
of the shooters. [frustrate.

Baulk, bawlk, v. i. वार्थ-कृ; To disappoint; to Baudric, bawdrik, Same as Baldrick.

Bawble, Bauble, baw'bl, n. [Fr. babiole— It. babbole, toys—babbeo, a simpleton.] সুদ্ধ অকি শিংকর জন্ম; ক্রীড়নক; A showy trifle; a worthless piece of finery; a gewgaw.

Bawd, bawd, n. [O. Fr. baud, bold, wanton, from root of Bold.] কুকৰেন সহায়; কোট্না; কুট্নী; A procurer or procuress; one who promotes debauchery,—v.i. কুকৰো গাহাবা-ক; কোটনাগিনি-ক; To procure or provide woman for bad purposes.

Bawdy, bawdi, a. অসচ্চবিত্ত: অনীন; Filthy; unchaste; obscene n=Bawdiness.

Bawdy-house, badrı hows, n. বেসাব্য ; A house of prostitution.

Bawdry, bádri, n. কৃটিনীৰ ব্যবস্থ ; The practice of procuring women for the gratification of lust ;—ৰাভিচাৰ ; Illicit intercourse.

Bawl, bawl, v. i. [Ice. baula, to bellow ] চাংকাৰ-ছ; To cry out loudly; to hoot:—n. উৰ্চ চাংকাৰ; A loud cry or shout. n. = Bawler.

Bay, bā, a. [ Fr. bai, It. bajo—L. baclus, chestnut coloured.] পিল্লবর্গ; পাটজিলা; Reddish brown, inclining to a chestnut colour.

Bay, bā, n. [Fr. baie—Low L. baia, a harbour; ety. dub. According to Littré from Baiæ; name of a town on the Companion coast.] উপদাপৰ; An arm of the sea, running into the land:—[Fr. bais, a berry—L. bacca, a berry, the laurel-berry.] वृक्षित्वव; The laurel-tree;—वश्यांत्र]; विकार्षक यांत्री वा मूक्टे; In the plural; a garland given for victory; an honorary garland or crown of victory:—[O. Fr. abbayer—L. ad, and baubari, to yelp.] क्ष्रवे कीरकांत्र; The bark of a dog, when its prey is brought to a stand:—वश्यक वाद्या; The states of being hemmed in:—v. s. क्ष्रवे व कीरकांत्र; To

bark as a dog at his game ;— v. f. डीरकाव-इ ; क्रिक्टबंद छोड चन कविटल कविटल चन्न्यावन कवी ; To bark at ; to follow with barking.

At bay—ৰুগকুল কুৰুৰ কৰ্ত্ক অনুস্ত হইবা খংকালে কিবিয়া লাড়ায়, এবং কুৰুৰদিগকে আৰু অগ্ৰনৰ ইংছে দেৱ না, তথ্যই কুৰুৰদিগেৰ সহজে এই বাক্যাংশ ব্যবহৃত্ত হয়: সকট অবস্থায় শক্তকে প্ৰতিবোধ কবিয়ায় জন্ত কিবিয়া গভায়খান হত্যা; Said of hounds, when the stag turns and checks them, makes them stand and bark; at a stand, and turned to keep the enemy in check. As:—Ulysses stands manfully at bay almost alone amidst a host of enemies.—W. L. Collins.

To bring to bay—কাহাকেও কাভ অবহান আন্তান কৰা ৰে ভাহাৰ পকে পৰাছৰ আনতাৰ; অপুবাৰনকাৰীৰ বিপকে দখাৰদাৰ হৈতে বাধ্য কৰা; To bring any one to such a state that he is obliged to face an antagonist, when escape has become impossible; cause to face the pursuers. As:— The Romans baulked and wearied, retired into winter quarters, holding possession of the principle towns, but unable to bring to bay the prey they had so long hunted in the desert.

To keep at hay—আক্ৰমণ নিৰাৰণ-ক; শক্ৰকে নিকটে আসিতে না শেখৱা; To ward off an attack; to keep an enemy from closing in. As:— During two campaigns he kept them at bay,— Southey.

Hold one at bay—steller; Keep in check. As —During four hundred years its frontier had held at hay the harbarian world without.

Crowned with bay— সম্মালা বামা প্ৰক্তিত; In sign of victory.

Bay-Balt, ba'-sawlt, n. [See Bay, an inlet.] সমৃ-দ্ৰেৰ জন ওছ কৰণাস্ত্ৰৰ ডংপাণিত লবণ, Salt obtained from sea-water by evaporation, esp. from salt-marshes along the coasts of France, &c.

Turn to bay— শতাৰ্থাৰ ছইবা পানতে প্ৰতিখোগ কৰা; Make a stand and face the enemy. As:— The ruffion's arm was raised to strike, when to the astonishment of the whole theatre, boy and dog turned valiantly to bay, and leaping on the gladiator, dragged him between them to the ground.—C. Kingsley.

Bay-Window, ba'-win-dō, n. প্ৰব্য ৰাজ্যৰ , A projecting window.

Bay the moon— [4] (F) ; To beat the air; to use vain efforts; to labour in vain.

Bayard, ba'ard, n. অভি ক্ৰতগামী অব ; A bay horse ; a horse of incredible swiftness ,—a. অভ ; মূৰ্ব ; Blind ; stupid.

Bayonet, bá'on-et, m. [Fr. baionnette— Bayonne, in France, where it was first made.] বৰ্তেৰ সহীন; A short dagger at the end of a musket;—v. t. সহীন ছাৱা জাড়াইখা-দে; To drive by the bayonet.

At the point of the bayonet—49 4141;
By military force; by compulsion.

Be, bc, v. i. [ A. S. beon; Ger. bin; Gael. bi, to exist; W. byw, to live; Gr. phuō, 1.. fui, fo.
—Sans. bhu, to be, originally meaning, to

grow.] वर्षमान बाजा; To exist;—रवमा; To become;—बाजा; To remain;—वर्षमाम रवमा; To be present in place.

Be at - 1175 1151; Engaged in. As-"He has been at it, I fear for months" A. T.

Be in-উপছিড-ছ; Be present.

Be in for—কট লগা; কোৰ কাৰ্ণে বিপৰে পৰিজ ইন্ধা; To be in trouble on account of. As:—
(a) Did'nt they say a year of two ago that my house was in for £20,000 when G. and Co. broke?—Warren. (b) Being in for a penny, I am ready as the saying is, to be in for a pound.—Dickens. [to have the favour of. Be in with—অনুধাৰ লাজ-ফ; To be friendly; Be it so—হইতে দাও; অৱশ হউক; তথাত্ত; Let it be so—a phrase of supposition, equivalent to suppose it to be co.

Be off--धहान-क ; Depart.

Be over—শেব-২, Cease; As, The examination was over.

Be that as it may—সে বাহাই ইউক; However Be out—বাহিবে বাজা; Be not in the house.

Be out with—বিবাদ-ক; Be in disagreement with.

[ worse.

Be the worse for—খল হল্ডা; To be made Be the better for—উপকাৰ লাভ-ড়; To be improve; to be benchitted. have risen.

Be up—শহা হইতে উপান-ক; Be out of bed; to Be up to-স্থান-হ; Be equal to;—কাড-হ; To be acquainted with.

Be well up in a subject—ভাল ক'ৰে শিকা-ক; To have mastered it thoroughly.

Be this or that as it may—বাহাই কেব প্রকৃত ঘটনা হউক বা; (An adversative clause expressive of doubt.) What the case may actually be. As:—(a) Be this as it might, she stood submissively and deferentially before her child.—Dickens. (b) Be that as it may, for the sum of £2,500 it was sold—De Quencey.

The be-all and the end-all of প্ৰধান উদ্যেশ্য কৰ্মাত ক্ষা , জীবনেৰ সৰ্কন্ধ ধন ; Everything that is done or required, and the final end, consummation conclusion, of; the sole end or purpose.

Let be—হতকেপ লা করা; To omit; to let alone. Beach, bech, n. [Ice. bakky; a variety of bank.] ভীর; ভট, The shore; the strand;—
n. t ভটে নিকেপ করা; To run upon a beach.
Beached, becht, a. জল বাবা বেভি; Washed by

Boached, becht, a. ৰূপ বাবা থেতি: Washed by the tide;—ভটে বিভাড়িত; Stranded or driven on a beach.

Beachy, bechi, a. ভটবিনিষ্ট; Having a beach or beaches.

Beacon, be'kn, n. [A S beacen, a beacon, a sign; conn. with Beckon.] চিক; A token or signal;—শক্ত আগ্ৰন স্চনাৰ্থ আনোক; A signal-fire to notify the approach of an enemy;— আলোক-গৃহ; A light-house,—বিপাদ জাপক আলোক; বিপাৎ নাম্বত; উচ্চ ছানে ছাপিজ চিক; A signal erected on an eminence near the shore as a guide to mariners;—বিপাদ সংবাদজাপক মন্তঃ বাহা বিপাদ সংবাদস্যক; Figuratively, that which

gives notice of danger,—v. t. বিগৰের নাবাদ জাপন করা; আলোকিড-ড় To afford light; to light up. Syn.—Sign, signal; light-house.

Bend

Bead, bed, n. [A. S. bed, gebed, a prayer, from biddan, to pray, See Bid ] ভটিকা; A little bail bored;—বালা; A string of such worn on the neck or wrist;—অপন্যালা; A string of such worn on the neck or wrist;—অপন্যালা; A string of such worn on the neck or wrist;—অপন্যালা; A string of such worn on the number of prayers;—
ভাচ; A round moulding;—v. t. মালা বাৰা আৰম্ভ—ক; To ornament with beads.

A rosary of beads—ৰপৰালা; A string of beads, used in counting the prayer recited.
To tell one's beads—ৰালা ৰপা; To be at prayer; to say one's prayers.

Bead-house, Bede-house, bcd-hows, n. অভিনিধানা; An alms-house for bradsmen.

Beads-man or woman, bedź man or bedź wooman, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি অন্তের জন্ত প্রার্থনা করে; কাহাৰত নিমিত্ত প্রার্থনা করিবার জন্ত নিয়োজিত ব্যক্তি; A person employed to pray for another.

Bead-roll, bed-rol, n. [see Bead] বোমান ক্যাথনিকদিগের মধ্যে বে দমত মৃত ব্যক্তির আগ্নার আজির মন্ত প্রার্থনা কবিতে হইবে ভাহাদের নামের ভালিকা; তালিকা; A catalogue of persons for the rest of whose souls a certain number of prayers are to be said or counted off on the beads of a chaplet; hence, a catalouge in general.

Beadle, bédl, n. [A. S. bydel—beōdan, to proclaim; to bid] ধর্মাধিকরণের দৃত; ভ্রমনালয়ের বা বিদ্যালয়ের নিমুপদ্বীয় কর্মচারী; A messenger or crier of a court; a petty officer of a church, college, parish &c. n=Beadle-ship, bédl-ship, n. দৃত্যে কার্য; The office of a beadle

Beady, bed-i, a. ভটিকাসদৃশ; জপমালা সদৃশ, কুল, গোলাকার এবং উজ্জল; Resembling beads; small, round, and glistening.

Beagle, be'gl, [Ety. unknown] n. শিকারী কুকুর; A small hound or hunting dog

Beak, bek, n. [Fr. bec. Ccit. beic, akin to Peak, Pike]. ঠোট; চ্ঞ্; The bill or nib of a bird;—তীকাত্ৰ পদাৰ্থ; বোণ; Anything ending in a point like a beak;—পোড মূৰ; A part of the ship;—শাসন্কৰ্ত্তী; A magistrate. a.=BcaKed. কোণবিশিষ্টঃ

Beaker, bek'er, n. [Ice. bikarr (Scot bicker) 1.ow. L. bicarium, acc. to Deiz from Gr. bikos, of Eastern origin 1 পাৰপাত্ৰ; A large drinking cup or vessel.

Beam, bém, n. [A. S. beam, a tree, stock of a tree, a ray of light; Ger. baum, a tree; Gr. phyma, a growth—phy, to grow.] किक्कि ; The largest piece of timber in a building, that lies across the walls,—वृद्द क्रिके ; Any large piece of timber;—एनामक; The straight piece of a balance;—गाफिन यूना; The pole of a carriage;—गव्दन्व काँ : The straight part or shank of an anchor;—गान्तव नेना; The main piece of a plough;—रोक्ट मना ; The main piece of a plough;—रोक्ट मना ; A collection of rays of light emitted from a luminous body; a ray of light;—v, f, किन्न किन किन है। किन्न-रन,

To shine. Syn :- Girder, rafter ; gleam. Thrown on my beam ends—পেৰ উপায় আৰ-ल्बन क्रिएक वाधा एक्या ; Driven to my last shift. Beam, bem, n. किंद्र विकासन ; Radiation ; the emission of light in rays ;-- विनारकाणिविकियन ; The issuing of intellectual light, as the beamf beam. ings of genius. Besmiess, bemies, a. किवनविद्यान; Without Beamy, bemi, a. বৃহৎ; Massy;—উৰ্বন; Shining. Bean, ben, n. [ A. S. bean ; Ger. bohne, W. ffaen, L. faba. ] निव ; वदवी ; A garden pulse. Bear, bar, v. t. [ A. S. beran ; Goth. bairan, L. fero, Gr. phero, Sans. bhri, to support. ] धावा-क ; To support ;--वश्व-क ; To carry ;--वावप-ক; To wear; As, to bear a sword;—ভাস্থাৰ বাৰা ;-To keep afloat, as a ship ;- সহ-কু; To endure ; to suffer ; to be patient ;-- 4149-5; পোষণ-ক ; To entertain ; As, to bear ill-will ;--ধারণ-ক ; To admit or be capable of ; As, the words will bear but one meaning ;- अन्दर्भ, উৎপাৰৰ কৰা; To bring forth; As, to bear children ;-- अधिकाब-कृ ; वावश्व-कृ ; To possess or use ; As, 'to bear away' ;--- श्वादी-कृ ; To carry on or maintain ; As, to bear a part ;-- अवान-क ; To show or exhibit; as, to bear witness;-मारी रुपा; To sustain or be answerable for, as blame, expense &c. ;-- \square 1 - \square ; To behave, to conduct, As "He hath borne himself patiently"; -প্রপান-কু;-To afford; supply; As "His faithful dog shall bear him company", -v. i. 3993-হ; ফলন্ত-হ, Produce; be fruitful,—পীড়া দেওদা; To press-with on or upon ;--সমল হওয়া ; To succeed; to take effect; As, to bring the matter

situated with respect to something else.

Bear against—অভিগ্যন-ক; আক্রমণ-ক; To
approach for attack or seizure.

to bear ;-- কল ডৎপন্ন-কু , To produce fruit ;-- সৰজ

থাকা, To relate or refer ;--- অবস্থিতি করা; To be

Bear away or up (naut)—কাহাতেৰ পতি
পৰিবৰ্তন কৰাইয়া তাহাতে বাব্ৰ সহিত চলিতে পেত্যা;
To change the course of a ship, and make her
run before the wind; As:—Bearing away from
the shores of Lotus-eaters, Ulysses and his
crew next reach the island where Cyclops
dwell.

[ make haste.

Bear a hand (naut)—সাহায্য-কৃ; সম্ব-হ; Assist; Bear a part in—কার্য্যে বোল দেব; Take a part in; be engaged along with others in (doing some thing). As;—But the history of the early part of the Peloponnesian war was written by Thucydides who not only lived at the time, but himself bore a part in the war.

Bear a Charmed life—'मनवान वलीवान एका ; To have one's life fortified against possible harm by supernatural influences.

Bear a resemblance to—স্থাৰ হৰৱা; সায়ুত্ত থাকা; Be like.

Bear arms against—মূম-ড়; Right against.
Bear away the bell—ৰেট হতমা; Be first or
leader; to surpass.
[ value.
Bear a price—ৰক্ষী মুলা বাকা; Have a certain

Beer back--नेकांकानन-इ: रहिया बांधरा; To retreat.

Bear date-- शांतियम् रश्या : Be dated.

Bear down—nater-y; were-y; To crush by force; to overthrow; As;—In the committee there was much hesitation; but Clive's voice was given in favour of the conspirators, and his vigour and firmness bore down all opposition.—Macaulay.

Bear down upon (naut)—উপস্থিত হওৱা; আৰবাৰ্থ চাপিছা পড়া; To drive or tend to approach
with a fair wind; to drive towards an enemy
in order to full upon. As;—Signal who made
to bear down upon the enemy in two lines;
and the flat set all sail.—Southey.

Bear false witnesses—মিখ্যা কাক্য দেওমা; Make untrue statement.

Bear fruit—কল্প হত্যা; Produce good results; As, English education has borne fruit in India. Bear hard upon or hardly on—পিড়া বেজনা; কাঠাৰ বাবহাৰ বা উৎপীতন কৰা; To press severely upon, treat in a harsh or oppressive manner; As:—(a) These men therefore bear hard upon the suspected party, pursue her close through all her turnings, and are too well acquainted with the chase to be flung off by any false steps or doubles.—Addison. (b) About the famous Stella and Vanessa controversy the Doctor does not bear very hardly on Swift. Thackeray. Bear grudge against—কড়াৰ পোৰা-ক; Owe

a spite to. As:—He (the savage) concludes that they (the gods) bear a grudge against human happiness, and must be propitated if their jealousy is to be opposed.—Froude.

Bear in hand—আশা-দে; Keep in expectation.

Bear in mind—আৰ-কু; Remember. As:—
"There are three things, young gentleman,"
said Nelson, to one of his midshipmen, "which
you are constantly to bear in mind."—Southy.

Bear off—সূবে লইমা মাত; To remove to a distance; to carry

Bear off, v. i. (naut) ভীত হইতে চালাইয়া বাধমা; বাওয়া ; To steer off from land ; to go away.

Bear on পাড়া (পভয়া; To press against :—সৰজ ধাকা; To be related or refer to; As, How does this bear on the question. [accompany. Bear one company—সমতিব্যাহারে বাহয়া; To Bear one's self—ব্যব্যাব্যক; Conduct one's

Bear one's self—जुन्हांत-ह ; Conduct one's self ; behave one's self.

Bear out—পোৰকভা-কু; স্বৰ্ণ-কু; To maintain and support to the end; As, But we do not find that it bears out his statement.

Bear rule over—app. Exercise supremacy over; hold dominion over. As:—But very often one city bore rule over other cities, which were commonly eager to cast off its yoke if they could.—Freeman.

Bear the stamp— For equity and a Carry the mark of. As:—He pointed to his power of delireating manners, of painting the passions, and of describing scenery, as all bearing the stamp of true genius.—Principal Shairp.

Bear testimony—squi (qual; with (qual; Testify to; As:—The Dutches of Queensbury bears testimony to her amiable qualities

Bear the brunt of—wistita and can design the brunt of—wistita and almost exclusively borne the brunt of battle.—C. Knight. Bear the palm—will to a limit to come off victorious. As:—(a) In the terrible struggle which followed the king bore off the palm of victory. (b) It is certain they bore the palm in both particulars over every hungman in France.—Scott.

Bear up, v. t. विषयों वा वा ; To support ; to keep from sinking. [ported; not to sink. Bear up, v. i. बहेन बाना ; हेब्हन-कृ ; To be sup-Bear up against—नारम मर्गाद मक्-कृ ; देवई मर्गाद मक्र कर्या ; Oppose manfully ; not to succumb under ; endure patiently ; not to give way to or sink under ; As, (a) He had to bear up against great bodily suffering.—Southey. (b) Well, ma'am, how do you do? You must bear up against sorrow, ma'am, I always do.

Bear up for—চালাইয়া অভিমূৰে প্ৰথম কৰা ; Sail towards. As :—Baffled thus, he bore up for Malta.—Southey.

Bear up with अञ् कर्ता; Endure with. As:— He bore up with unconquerable spirit to the last.—Smiles.

Bear through—To conduct or manage.

Bear upon—কাৰ্য-ক ; To act upon :—কাৰে নাকে এমন কৰিয়া সংস্থাপন-ক ; To be pointed or situated ; As, The gun-boats brought their fire to bear upon the Austrians.—Southey.

Bear with—স্থ-ক; To endure what is unpleasing; to be indulgent to; to forbear, resist, oppose or punish. As:—Bear with me: My heart is in the coffin there with Cæsar, And I must pause till it come back to me.—J. Cæsar. Bring to bear upon—একপভাবে এবোৰ কৰা; কাবে লাগান; কাৰ্য্যকৰ হয়; Cause to take effect; to apply; to use with.

To bear a brave face against—পৰিয়া বা বাংলা; পাহন সংকাৰে বাধা-দে; To oppose manfully; carry a bold front; not to succumb under (calamity); As:—The famous Mr. Congreve I saw a dozen of times at Button's, a splendid wreck of a man magnificently attired, and though gouty, and almost blind, bearing a brave face against fortune.—Thackeray.

Bear, bār, n. [A. S. bera; Ger. bār; L. fera, a wild beast, akin to Gr. thēr, Æol phēr.] 要要; A four-footed animal;—更异专 夏季; In Astronomy, the name of two constellations in the north—the Great and Little Bear;— 如何可可能; Figuratively, any brutal or ill-behaved person;—a. 吸利可; Bearish-rude.

A bridled bear, #. वर्गकारी निक्रकारीय द्वा ; A young man under the control of a travelling tutor.

The Bear and the Tea-kittle--- व वालि कवाद क्य रहेश प्रकीय क्षि करन छोटांन नगरक engw; Said of a person who injures himselt by foolish race. (One day a bear entered a hut in Kamschatka, where a kettle was on the fire. Master Bruin went to the kettle, and smelling at it burnt his nose; being greatly irritated he seized the kettle with his paws, and squeezed it against his breast. This of course made matters worse, for the boiling water scalded him terribly, and he growled in agony till some neighbours put an end to his life with their guns.)

The Northern Bear—ক্সিমা; Russia. Bearable, bar'abl, a. সহ্মীয়; Tolerable: that may be borne or endured. adv.=Bear'ably.

Bear-baiting, bar-bating, n. কুৰুৰ বাবা ভল্লক ভাডাৰ; The sport of causing dogs to fight with bears.

Bear-garden, bar-gar'dn, n. ভল্লাবান; A place where bears are kept for sport;—কোনাইন পূৰ্ণ সভা; A turbulent assembly.

Bear-leader, bar-leder, n. অপৰাৰী ব্ৰকের ভবাৰণাৰক; One who undertakes the charge of a young man on his travel.

Bear-skin, bar-skin, n. ভল্কের চর্ম; The skin of a bear;—পশ্যের যোটা কাপ্ত বিশেষ; A coarse shaggy woolen cloth for coats.

Bear-ward, bar'-wawrd, n. अञ्चल इक्ल ; A keeper of bears.

Beard, berd, n. FA. S. W. barf, Ger. bart, Russ. boroda, L. barba. ] 如本; 对像; The hair growing on the chin;--शक्रांपिय गड़बी; The awn of corn ;- v. t. बैडि ब'दव है।ना ; To seize by the beard ;-- पुष्ठ-कृ ; अपनान कवा : প্রতিবাদ-कृ ; अिंदिशंध कहा ; मारुटमत महिल मणुशीन रुखा ; To oppose openly; to set at defiance; to insult; to contradict flatly; to meet manfully. As .-He would beard a superstition, and shudder at the old phantasm while he did it .- Leigh Hunt. विषय : Are terms for old age. Gray beard and reverned beard, n. 3% Bearded, berded, a. चक्पावी; Having a beard;-(जीरबद) कर्गविनिष्ट ; Barbed, as an arrow. To take one by the beard-अभयाय-क : माहि स'दब होना ; To insult one ; to pull one by the beard ;-- माश्रमव महिल काशांक अञित्यांव करा वा কাহার সন্থীন হওয়া; Meet or oppose one in a bold and daring spirit. As ,-And at this moment a gigantic question has startled up which I must needs take by the beard.

To laugh at one's beard—মিধ্যা বলিয়া প্ৰভাবণা-ফু; একজনকে বোকা বানাইডে চেষ্টা কৰা; To deceive by ridiculous exaggeration; to attempt to make a fool of a person. As ;—"By the prophet! but he laughs at our beards," exclaimed the Pacha, angrily.—Marryaff, "Pacha of Many Tales."

To pluck one by the beard নাড়ি ধৰিব। টানা; অবজা প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰা; অপনান কৰা; To seize and pull one by the beard; to set at defiance; to insult. [out a beard; young. Beardleas, berdles, a. যুবা; মুক্তিবীৰ; With-Bearer, bar'er, n. বাহক; One who bears, sustains, or carries ( in a general sense );—প্ৰ-বাহক; One who carries a package or letter;— প্ৰবাহী; One who bears a corpse to the funerals;—চিছধারী; One who wears any thing.

Bearing, bar'ing, n. অভকা; ব্যবহাৰ; Gesture; mien; behaviour;—সম্ম; Relation; As, the "bearings of a subject";—আশেকিক স্থিতি; Relative situation;—ক্লটিক; Emblem in an escutcheon. [Syn.—Bude, coarse; booris.
Bearish, bar'ish, a. ভক্ত সমুখ; Like a bear.
Beast, best, n. [O. Fr. beste, Fr. bâte—L. bestia.] পণ্ড; Any four-footed animal;—স্কিন্দ্র কর; Any irrational being;—(Fig) গণ্ডৰ মুখা; A degraded brutal man.

Beast of burden, n. ভাৰবাই পত; An animal employed in labour of carrying burdens.

Beastial, bestyal, a. পাশবাচাৰ বিশিষ্ট; Having the qualities of beast;—ৰুবত ইন্দ্রিবাসক; বিচ্ছা; পাশব, Vilc; brutish; carnal. n.=Beastiality.—v.t. Beastialise—পত্ৰ-কৃ; To make beastial.

Beastings, bēstingz, Same as Brestings.
Beastly, bēstli, a. পত্ৰং; Like a beast;—
নিট্ৰ; জ্বভ; জ্মীন; Brutal; filthy; obscene:—
পত্ৰৰ্থীয়; Pertaining to or having the nature of a beast. n=Beastliness, পত্ৰঃ

Best, bet, v. t. [ A. S. beaten, from root bat, imitative of the sound of a sharp blow; hence Bat, Butt. ] अशब-कृ; वावधाव आवाज-कृ; To strike; As, to beat one's breast; -- वाजान; To play on; As, to beat the drum, - 51-7; To break ; to pound ;— প্রসারিত-কৃ ; To extend by beating; as gold, silver &c —মুগমার্থ বৃক্তজানিব উপৰ ভাতৰা-ক : To strike bushes ; to shake by beating; to make a noise to rouse game; As, to beat the woods ;— পাঁচড়ান ; To thrash ,— ভান্তিড-কু; To dash or strike;--পৰে চলা: To tread; As a path; -- - To vanquish or conquer; As, to beat the enemy; - आक्रिक्ड পবিশ্রম-কু; হতবৃদ্ধি করা; বিবস্ত করা; To exercise severely; to perplex; to harass, As, I need not beat my head about grammar ;—ए. र. म्राश् म्राश् भव-कृ , To strike at intervals ; as, a watch ;-বেগে আঘাত-ক ; To dash with force ;—উদ্বিদ্ধ इंडग्र(; To be in agitation or doubt:--(naut) बायूब अधिकृत्व अधन-कृ; To progress against the direction of the wind, by sailing in a zigzag course ;--কশিত-ই ; To throb ;--- n. আখাত ; A strike; a blow;--পালন; ধুকধুক; Pulsation; recurring stroke ;- (4) A round .- s. wie ; লাভ; Weary; fatigued.

Beat about .— কিছু পাইবাৰ জন্ত চেষ্টা-কু; Search around for; to try to find.

Beat about the bush—wite eite wive-; To beat the bush at all directions to ascertain if game is lurking under it;—detained (figure ; সৰল পথ না ধৰিয়া প্ৰকাষান্তৰে কোনত বিষয় সাধন কৰিবাৰ (figure ; To approach a matter cautiously and indirectly, as in conversation or investigation; to come to a main point in a roundabout way instead of coming to it directly; to evade the point. As:—I was especially to guard against appearing to know

teo much; i was to best about the bush—to extort her symptoms gradually, &c.—Warren. Best against—পূব: পূব: আবাত-ড়; Strike often. Best's parley—মতি কবিবাৰ কৰা সংকত-দে; To give a signal to an enemy for conference.

Beat a retreat—बर्ग छन्न निर्मा भगावन-मृः शकाद एकिंग पांच्या ; Retire before an army ; fall back ; decamp. As:—I have determined, therefore, to beat a retreat in time, and on actually looking out for some other nest in this great city.

Beat away—হাড়াইনা দেখা; Drive away.

Beat back—হাড়াইনা দেখা; ঘটাইনা দেখা; To

compel to retire or return; to drive back.

As:—In 718, after a time of great confusion, the empire came to Leo; the Isaurian, who beat back the Saracens in the second seige of Constantinople.—Freeman. [bruise by blows. Beat black and blue—4514-7; To badly

Beat down, v. t. ভয়-ড়; To break; destroy; throw down by battering; as, a wall;—চাপা; To press down by or lay flat;—সমন-ড়; To crush;—কমান; সভা-ড়; To lower the price; to cheapen; As, (a) Usuary beats down the price of labour. (b) A military despotism youthful and full of vigour, he said, must beat down corrupt establishments and worn-out governments—E Dowden.

Beat the field—অপুসন্ধান-ক ; Go over all parts of the field in search of prey.

Beat high with steen some seal; Throb violently with. As:—Her young heart beat high with enthusiasm for her native France, now beset and beleagured by the island-strangers.—Lord Mahon. [repetition. Beat into Figure : To teach or install by

Beat into—विका-एन; To teach or instill by Beat one (all) hollow—विका-क; Beat completely;—द्वार एका; To surpass. (Hollow=wholly). As:—(a) You see how blooming my mother looks. She beats us younger people hollow.—G. Eliot. (b) He offered to race with him for a bowl of punch, and should have won it too, for dare devil (the name of his horse) beat the goblin horse all hollow.—Irving.

Best one out of a thing :-- পৰিতাপ कविष्ठ वादा-कृ; To cause one to give it up.

To beat one at one's own weapons—
কাহাকেও ভাষার নিজের আত্রে বা ফুক্তিতে পরাজিত
করা; To defeat one with his own weapons or
arguments.

Beat out of one's head—यन रहेट प्र-कृ ; To convince or persuade one to the contrary.

Beat off—বিভাড়িত কৰা, হটাইয়া কেবা; Repel or drive back. As —But I was not the person to be beaten off in this fashion.—De Quincey. Beat upon the ear—কৰ্ম্যৰ আঘাত কৰা বা শতিত হওয়া; Strike or fall upon the ear.

Beat time—ভাগ বাধা; হবপাগ স্থাপৰ ধাৰা ভাগ বাধা; To measure or regulate time in music by the motion of hand or foot. As, He beats time when darling little Fancy performs her piece on the piono.—Thackery.

Beat the Dutch-(slang) A phrase used

whenever a particularly astonishing fact is announced.

Beat the tat-too-- (স্বাদিশকে সেবা বিবেশে বাইতে স্বাচার পেবরা; To sound the signal for retiring to quarters by beating the drum.

Beat to arms—আত্ত শত্ত নহবা বৃদ্ধে কভ প্রক হয়া থাকিতে দৈছদিগতে আহ্বান-কৃ; Summon soldiers to get ready their arms and prepare for battle.

Beat of drum—(mil) চাকের শব্ধ ;—A succession of strokes varied for particular purposes.
The man is out of his beat—ভিনি ভাষাৰ
বিভিন্ন শব্দ হট্ডে বই হইমাছেন; He is out of his appointed walk.

It is not in my beat—हैश आवाद जीवा वा अवजाद वरिकृत ; In my way, in the range of my talents.

Beat out— मंपछन-व ; राष्ट्रिक निया निर्देश करा। करा ; Flatten ; flatten by hammering. As:— The learning of the confederacy is that of a school-boy, and not of an extraordinary schoolboy; it is beaten out to the thinnest leaf and is disposed in such a way as to seem ten times larger than it is.—Macaulay.

Beat up—আক্রমণ-কৃ; ভাত-কৃ; To attack suddenly; to alarm or disturb;—অমুগ্রহ প্রার্থনা-কৃ; To canvass for ( colloquial ).

Beat up for—ৰ্ম কৰিবাৰ কয় সৈত অনুসন্ধান কৰিবা বেডান, সংগ্ৰহ কৰিবাৰ কয় অনুসন্ধান কৰিবা বেডান; Go about to enlist into the army; go diligently about in order to procure. As:—(a) He tarried only a short time in New-Amsterdam merely to beat up recruits for his colony.—Irving. (b) Sometimes Mrs. Sheridan would be kept waiting for an hour or more while the servants were beating up the neighbourhood for cofee, butter, eggs, and roots.

Beat up recruits—সাহাৰ্ট্ৰী লোক পাইবাৰ চেয়া-কৃ; Get up an extra supply of helpers; to find persons to assist.

Beat up and down—(Hunting) ইত্ততঃ অশ-ক; Run fast one way and then another ; said of a stag.

Beat the general—দেনাদিগতে অগ্ৰন হইবাৰ আফো পেলা; Give notice to soldiers to march. Beat the hoof—পদৰ্শে বালা; To walk; to go on foot.

Be beat out—[45] | Fig 46]; Be extremely fatigued. [anxious. One is

Sne's heart bests—উৰিল্ল হওৱা; One is One's heart cesses to best—কোৰ ব্যক্তিয় মৃত্যু হইৱাছে; One is dead.

To beat an alarm—বাস্য বাবা বিপদেৰ সংবাদ দেশবা; To give signal of danger by beat of drum.

Beaten to a mummy—पातिषा छड़ा-इ ; Beaten so that one can distinguish neither form nor feature. [as to be killed.

Beaten to death— बहाद पात्र पण; So beaten Beat the air— द्वा (एड्रा-कृ: To use vain efforts; to labour in vain.

Beaten, bein, (p.p. of beat.) a. আখাত দাৰ

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वा भेरमनम बाबा गर्खाळ वा कठिनीकुछ : बावशंव बाबा Traffe; Made smooth or hard by beating or treading; worn by use.

Treed the besten track--शांशिक निवयानुमादव 神行事; Act according to the established rule. Leave the beaten track--गापांचन निवरपद विश्वीरक कार्या-इ: Depart from the common practice.

Bester, bet'er, n. withwatel ; (944-43; One that beats or strikes; a crushing instrument. Beatify, be-ati-fi, n. [L. beatus, blessed, and facio, to make.=make happy ] মুখী জাৰ-ৰু; स्री-मृ; शक्क; To pronounce or regard as happy :- चर्न व्यवस्थ प्रव कारति वानीर्महन अरहान क्दा ; To bless with eternal happiness in heaven ;-- (मवष बाखिव मरवाम (वावगा-कृ ; In R. C. Ch, to declare, by a decree, that a person is received into heaven, and is to be reverenced as blessed, though not canonised.

Beatific, be-a-tif'ık, Beatifical, be-a-tif'ik-al, a. মঙ্গলায়ক ; বগীয় ; ধস্ত ; অভিশয় সুখদ ; Imparting or completing blissful enjoyment; making supremely happy.

Beatific vision, bc-a-tiffik vizhun, n. ক্র্যীয় পুৰ্বান্তাস ; A vision of the blessed in the realms of heaven.

Beatification, be-at-i-fik-ashun, n. (कान्ड वाक्षि वर्गछाराव व्यक्षिकादी इहेबार्छ शाश्वद हेजाकाव ৰচন ; পেৰ্ছাৰোপৰ ; A declaration by the Pope that a person is blessed in heaven ;—স্বর্গভোগ; অপবর্গ; সুধীকরণ; An act imparting bliss; act of beatifying.

Beating, beling, n. dete; with sial Peria; निश्वमिष्ठ कम्लाम वा म्लामन; The act of striking; chastisement by blows; regular pulsation or throbbing. Syn.=Knocking, pounding.

Bestitude, be-ati-tud, n. [ L. beatitudobeatitus, blessed. ] मह्बाह्य वा वर्गीत पूर्व ; त्याच ; পরিব; Consummate bliss—used of the joys of heaven; heavenly happiness, or happiness of the highest kind ;-pl. विश्व भागिताम ; The Declaration of blessedness made by Jesus in regard to particular virtues.

Beau, bo, n. [ Fr. beau, bel-bellus, fine, gay, a contr. of benulus, dim. of benus, bonus, good. ] कुत्रवाद , श्रदनवादी , A fine gay man fond of dress; a fop - artif; In familiar language, a lover. pl.=beaux (boz); fem.=Belle; a.= Beauish (foppish). [ of wit; a genius. Beau-esprit, blespre, n. वनिक पूज्य ; A man Beau-ideal, bo-id-eal, n. काञ्चिक छै९कार्वद चारने; An ideal excellence; an imaginary standard of excellence.

Beau-monde, bo-mongd, n. [ Fr. beau, gay, and monde, word.] সুবেশ-সন্প্রাথায়; The fashionable world, people who make up the coterie of fashion.

Beautifler, bu'ti-fi-ér. n. प्रभवकादी ; One who or that which beautifies or makes beautiful.

Beautiful, bu'ti-fool, a. जुल्ब Handsome, pretty, beauteous; adv. = Beautifully.

Beautify, buti-fi, v. [ Beauty, and L. facio, As, That will become of our trade.

to make. ) जूरमांकिक-क ; जूपन करा ; कृषिक-क ; To adorn; to add beauty to; to make beautiful :-- ए. i. च्यार वा चूर्णाकित एउड़ा ; To become beautiful. Syn.=Adorn, grace, deck.

Beauti-spot, bu'ti-spot, %. वनमवद्गव देनव चारित (सोमरावर्षक किए: A spot or patch out the

face to heighter beauty.

Beauty, bu'ti, n. [ Fr. beaute, from beau. ] नायना ; (नोन्पर्ग ; Fairness ; loveliness ;--विरूपर स्मोक्शा दा अन : A particular grace or excellence ;- বুশৰী ; A beautiful women ; as she is a beauty; - anta; Symmetry of parts.-a.= Beauteous, be'te-us, Beautiful—कुन्ब ; परनार्व ; Fair; handsome; lovely. adv.= Beauteously; n. = Beauteousness.

Beaver, bever, n. [ A. S. befer ; Dan. baever ; Ger. biber. L. fiber from fibra, the edge or bank of a river. ] बीवब ; A four-footed swimming beast ;-- वीबद्रव लाम : The fur of the beaver ;--वीवदवब लागिनिष्ण हेलि ; A hat made of the beaver's fur: a hat.

Beaver, bever, n. [ So called from a fancied likeness to a child's bib, Fr. bavie're, from bave, slaver, or from L. bibere, to drink.] শিৱস্থাণের বে অংশ মুখ আনুত করে; শিৱস্থাণের হে পানাৰ উত্তোলিত হয়; That part of a helmet which covers the face; that part of a helmet which is lifted up to enable the wearer to drink. Becalm, be-kam, v. f. 可要-事; To make calm;

to quiet ;- वायुव अकारव निष्णत्म-क ; To keep from motion for want of wind; as, a ship.

Became, be-kam, p. t. Of become.

Because, be-kawf, conj. [ A. S. be, by, and cause. ] ৰত ; এই হেতুতে , For ; for the cause or reason that; on this account.

Because of-এই ছেড়; এই কাবণে; Owing to. Book, bek, n. [ Ice. bekkr; Ger. bach. ] गरक : A significant nod.

Beck, v. i. [A contr. of Beckon.] 羽下等于 To make a sign with the head or hand.

At one's beck-काराव क्योरन; देशिए ; At one's command; at the slight hint. As .- The magician, with the devil at his beck was made to yield to the devine powers imparted to priests -Frande.

At the beck and call of one-stells चथीत्व चाराण वा केंक्रिड कविवासांछ ; At one's command; that the slightest hint made by one. Beckon, bekn. v. t. [ A. S. beacnian-beacen, a sign. See Beacon. ] आकर-कृ ; To make a sign with the hand or head :-- v. i. ইকিড খাবা আহ্বাৰ-কু, To make a significant sign to.

Becloud, be-klowd, v. t. अनुव्यत-कृ , (प्याक्त-कृ , To obscure by clouds; to dim.

Become, be-kum, v. i. waying an : Made रुषा : पर्छ ; To come to be ; to enter into some state or condition; be changed to;-v. t. উপবোগী-इ; वाना-इ; To suit or be fit, to be decent or proper; to be worthy of. p. t.= became; p. p.=become.

Become of veri ; To be the fate or end of ;

Becoming, be-kurning, a. डेग्यूड ; स्पन ; परनी-एत ; Suitable to; p-oper; graceful. Syn.= befitting, decent; neat. adv.=Becomingly. Bed, bed, n. चना; A place or couch to sleep on;—विवाद : Marriage;—डेग्नान्यवाड कृषांड्रक द्वान : गहावानि विदेषु चना; क्यांति; A plot or level piece of ground in a garden;—मनीजन; मनीजर्क : The channel of a river;—खद ; A stratum or layer.

A bed of down or roses—হৰেৰ জীবন; An easy comfortable life. As —A parochial life is not a bed of roses, Mrs. Mann.—Dickens. Confined to bed ল্যাপড; Bed ridden through illness.

From bed and board—স্মী হকতে ব্লীৰ প্ৰক-ভাবে অবস্থিতি; Separation of man and wife without dissolving the bonds of matrimony.

Go to bed- শয়ন করা; Go to sleep.

Keep one's bed—পাড়িত-হ; To be ill. [right. Make the bed—পৰা অস্তত-হ; Set the bed Put to bed with a shovel—বিহিত-ফ; Bury. Smooth the bed of death—মৃত্যুপৰাম হ্ৰী-ফ; Make easy the dying moment.

To be brought to bed of—(সন্থান) প্ৰমন কৰা;
To be delivered of (a child); As:—By this
time my Lord Viscount Castlewood was got
to Paris, where as the London prints presently
announced, her ladyship was brought to bed of
a son and heir.—Thackeray.

To take to one's bed—বোনে পৰ্যাগত হত্যা; To be confined to one one's bed by illness; As:— It went so much to his heart that he took to his bed and in less than three days was brought to Death's door by a cholera morbus.—Irving. Bed, bed, v. t. প্রাতে বাবা; To place in a bed:—ব্যন আনুক্; To plant and inclose or cover;—হাপন-কৃ; To lay in any hollow place surrounded or inclosed; As, to bed a stone:— v. i. স্বাসক-কৃ; To cohabit. pr. p. bedding; pa. p. bedded.

Bed chember, bedchamber, n. चनात्रह ; जगा-(कांडे ; चमन-तृह ; A room to sleep or rest in.

Bed-chair, bed-char, n. কয়দিগের নিমিত্ত শাসা-দশুল এক প্রকার চেয়ার; A chair with a movable back to support a sick person as in bed.

Bed-clothes, bed-clothz, n. শংখ্যাপ্করণ;
Blankets &c. [rials of a bed.
Bedding, beding, n. শংখ্যাপকরণ; The mateBed-fellow, bed felo, n. বে এক শ্যাস অপ্রের
মহিত শহর করে; শ্যাসহচর; One who lies with
another in the same bed; a sharer of the
same bed.

Bed-hangings, bed-hangings, n. বিভাগ:
মণাবি; Curtains. [bed-stead.
Bed-post, bed-post, n. বাটেৰ পায়া; Post of a
In the twinkling of a bed post—আভি মীয়;
As quickly as possible.

Bed-rid, bed-rid, Bed-ridden, bed-ridn, c. শ্বাপত; বাহ্বের বা বোলে প্রাপত; Confined to the bed by age or infirmity.

Bedrite, bedrit, n. विवासिकाय ; The privilege of the marriage bed.

Bed-sore, bed-sor, n. अव्यापन ; An ulceration, especially on the back and hips caused by long lying in bed.
[ frame of a bed.

Bedstead, bed-sted, n. বায়; বাট; প্ৰাৰ; The Bedtick, bedtik, n. ভোষক; পৰি; The tick or cover in which feathers, &c., are put for bedding.

Deathbed, n. মৃত্যুপ্ৰা; Bed of a dying person. Bedabble, be-dabl, v. t অগ্নিস্ত-কৃ; To sprinkle with.

Bedaub, be-dawb, v. f. লেপন-ভু; কোম পাছ অপবিভাব জব্য খাবা লেপন কবা, To besmear; to soil with anything thick and dirty.

Bedazzle, be-dafi, v. t. বল্পিয়া দেৱয়; To confound the sight by too strong a light.

Bedeck, be-dek, v. t. कृषिक-कृ ; To adorn.

Bedevil, be-devil, v. t. খেৰ বিশ্বসাৰ পাৰিত কৰা; To throw into utter disorder and confusion as, if by the agency of evil spirits.

Bedew, be-du', v. t. निवित्र वादा निख-कृ; To moisten with dew.

Be-dight, be-dit, a. হলোভিড ; Adorned.

Bedim, be-dim, v. t. (प्रशस्त्र-क ; To darken.

Bedizen, be-diźn, v. t. त्रामाण्डिक-इ; To dress gaudily; to adorn.

Bedlam, bedlam, n. [Corrupted from Bethlehem, the name of a monastery in London afterwards converted into a mad house.] কিবাৰা; বাডুলাইন :—A madhouse; an asylum for lunatics:—কোলাহলপূৰ্ণ হান; A place of uproar:—a. কিন্তু নিবানেৰ উপযুক্ত; Pertaining to or fit for a mad house,

Candidate for bedlam—পাগন; Madman. Bedlam broke loose—অত্যন্ত বিশুখনা; Utter confusion.

Bedlamite, bed lam-it, n. বাৰ্তুৰ; A madman. Bedouin, Beduin, bedoo-in, n. [Fr.—Ar. badawiy, dwellers in desert.] অনিনিষ্টাবাৰ আৰব কাডি; The name of the nomadic tribes of Arabia and Africa

Bedrench, be-drensh, v. t. পুৰিক কৰা; To drench or wet thoroughly.

Bee, be, n. [A. S. beo; Ger. biene.] খুৰ্মকিল; An insect that makes honey and wax. [ bees. A swarm of bee—খোষাছিব বাক; A cluster of Bee-eater, be'-eter, n. মুধ্যকিবাছুক; A bird that feeds on bees:—মুধ্যকিবাছুক গুৰী; Bird allied to the king fisher which feeds on bees.

Bee-hive, be'-hiv, n. ব্ৰুচজ; বৌচাক; A case or box in which domestic bees dwell and store honey.

Bee-line, bc'-lin, n. সর্কাপেকা সরল পণ ; হুইটা বিশ্ব মধ্যে কুম্বতম সবল বেগা ; The shortest line from point to point, as the bee flies.

Bee-master, be-master, n. प्र्यक्ति तकक; One who keeps bees,

Bee's wax, n. বৰ্ণ; বোগ, The wax which bees secrete, and of which the cells are made. Bumble or Humble Bee, bumbl or humbles, n. হণ্ণ; A large bee.

Beech, bech, n. [ A. S. bece, boc ; Ger. buchs, L. fagus, Gr. phegos-from root phage, to

eat.] कुछ विराम ; A kind of tree. a.=Beechen. Beef, bef, n. (भाषाःत्र ; The flesh of an ox, bull, or cow. pl.=Beeves—(नामपूर, वक, वनन देखानि ; Cattle, oxen.

Heef-eater, bei'-হা'er, n. (গা-খাদক; An eater of beel:--বাৰুক্লিচাৱী; A yeoman of the sovereign's guard ---বলবান ব্যক্তি; A stout fellow.

Boof-steack, bri'stik, n. গো মাংস খণ্ড; A slice of beef-flesh raw or cooked.

Been, ben, Past participle of Be.

Beer, bur, n. [A. S. beer; Fr. biere, Ger bier; prob. from root of Ferment.] यद्द्र।; यग्रदिक्य; A fermented liquor made from malted grain.

Beary, ber'i, a. বীষার মদ্যময়; Of or affected by Beestings, bestings, n. গাঁজনা ছব; সফেন গুই; The first milk given by a cow after calving.

Beet, bet, n. [A. S. bete, Ger. beete, Fr. bette— L. bata.] পালদ পাক, A vegetable with a carrot-shaped root, eaten as food, from which sugar is extuacted. [from beet-root. Beet root sugar— (학 for; Sugar made Beetle, be'tle, n [A. S. bitel—bitan, to bite.] (গাববে পোকা: An insect with hard case for its wines.

Beetle, bc'tle, n. [A. S. bitl, bytel, a mallet, betan, to beat.] মুকাৰ; A heavy wood mallet to beat with .—v. i. প্ৰামান ২৭খা; To jut or hang out like the head of a beetle or mallet.

Beetle-browod, be'tl-browd, a. উষ্ণ ল্লাট-বিশিয়, Having prominent brows. [stupid. Beetle-headed, be'tl-heded, a. নিৰ্মোধ; Dull; Beeves, bevz, n. pl. See beef.

Befall, be-fawl, v. t. [A. S. befallen. See Fall.] ঘট; To happen to—v. i. উপত্তি-ভ; To happen or come to pass. Syn.=Bechance, occur, take place pr. p. befalling; pa. belell. Befit, be-fit, v. t. [Pfx. be and fit.] উপত্ত-ভ; উপত্যোগী হয়; To suit, be suitable to. pr. p. befitting; pa. p. befitted. [suitable.

Befitting, be-fiting, a উপযুক্ত; বধাৰোগা; Fit; Befogged, be-fog'd, a কুহুশটিকা বাবা আৰুত; Involved in a fog:—বুদ্ধিলঃ; Having the judgment confused.

Befool, be-fuol, v. t. প্ৰভাৱণা-কু; বোকা বানান; To delude; to make a fool of; to deceive.

Bofore, be-for, prep. সমূৰে; In front of:— সমকে; সমূৰে; পূৰ্বে; In presence of; in sight of:—উৰুক্ত; In the power of; free to:—ৰবং; অপেকাকৃত ভাল বিবেচনাৰ; ভাগতৰ হওৱাৰ; In preference to; superior to; rather than.

Bofore, be-for, ad. স্থাপে, In front ---পুৰো; আপেকাকৃত সহবে; এখন ২ইতে; Earlier in time; sooner than; hitherto.

Before long—পীয়; জনতিবিলছে; Soon; soon after. As:—After the courtship on Sunday afternoons came the wedding, and before long a beautiful boy was born who died in infancy. Before now—ইহাৰ পুৰো; Previous to the present time.

Before one's time—আৰু খেত হইবাৰ সুৰ্বে; Earlier than the period in which one lived. Before one's eyes—কাহারও স্থাক বা চকেছ সমুধে; In one's presence or sight.

Before the wind (naut)—बार्ब शिक; In the direction of the wind and by its impulse.

Before time, ad. পুৰে; Formerly; of old time. It was long before— মীৰ্ফান পৰে; After the lapse of a long time. [ short time.

It was not long before— অনুষ্ণ পৰেই; In a Beforehand, be-for'hand, ad. প্রতভাবে; In a state of anticipation; by way of preparation;— পুরে; Previously;—a. সভ্যুস্ ভাষ্যায়; In a comfortable financial circumstances.

Bebefore-hand with one—আগে কোনত কাৰ্য্য কৃ; Anticipate;—পুৰ্বে খুলো পাইবা প্ৰস্তুত ধাকা; To anticipate and be prepared against one; As:—(a) Forsyth had been before hand with the spot in putting this idea in my head.— Leigh Hunt. (b) Happily now for the first time in his life his income was before-hand with his expenses.—E. Dowden.

Befriend, be-frend, v. t. সাহাযা-ক; অনুকলা করা; মিত্রেশ্ব জার কার্ব্য করা; To assist; to fayour; to act as a friend to.

Beg, beg, v. t. [A. S. bed-ec-ian, contr. of bod-cian, beggen, a frequentative to ask often, from dun, gen, a frequentative to ask often, from bidan, to ask. See Bead, Bid.] पार्था-इंक्शिक, To implose or solicit, -योक्ष कियो निवा, To take for granted, or to beg the question;—v. i. दिक्श करिया जीवनपाद-इं, To practise begging; to live by asking alm. pr. p. begging; pa. p. beggid.

Beg leave—wants trait; To ask or request permission (a form of courtesy).

Bog off-ক্যা লাভ-কু; Obtain a pardon.

Beg one's bread—ভিন্ন হবিছা জীবন ধারণ-ভূ; Live by asking alms.

Bog the question—বংহা প্রধাণ করিতে ইইবে তাহা খীকার করিয়া লগুয়া; Assume a proposition which in reality involves the conclusion; to take for granted that which is to be proved.

Go a begging— অধিক হড়া; To be in excessive quantity; to superabound; to be superabundant.

Bogan, be-gan, v. Past tense of Begin.

Bogot, be-get' v. t. [A. S. begitan, to acquire. See Get. ] আন দেওৱা; প্রায়-কু: To produce; to generate; to procreate;—উৎপন্ন-কু; নংঘটন ক্রা; To produce, as an effect; to cause. pr. p. begetting; pa. t. begot

Begetter, n. পিডা; স্বাদাতা; A lather; one who begets.

Boggar, beg'ar, n. ভিফাণীৰ; ভিক্ৰ; One who lives by beggary; one who begs;—v. t. নিঃৰ-ক; ভিক্ৰে পৰিণত কৰা; To reduce to beggary; to impoverish;—নিঃশেন্ক; To exhaust; as, to beggar all description.

Beggars must not be chosers (Proverb)— ভিকাৰ চাল কাড়া আৰু আকাড়া; Those who beg for any thing, must be satisfied with whatever

To go by beggar's bush or go home by

beggar's bush-(sight thest; suga test; To go to ruin.

Beggarly, beg'ar-ti, c. অবস ; বীন ; বুণা ; বীচ ; Mean ; contemptible ; poor. n.=Begg'arliness — শাবিত্ৰ।

Deggary, n. দৰিলাবছা : ভিক্ৰেৰ বৃত্তি : নিভাল্প বৈল্প : State of extreme indigence ; extreme poverty.

Bogin, be-gin', v.t. [A. S. beginnan (also onginnan), from be, and ginnan, to begin. ] আয়ৰ-ক; To enter on; to commence;—হত্ত্বাত-ক; To lay the foundation of;—v.i. আয়ৰ কয়; To commence;—বহুত-ছ: To take the first step; to enter upon something new.

Begin life—সংসাবে প্রবেশ-কৃ; জীবিকা অৰ্জন করণাবে প্রথম কোনো প্রবৃত্ত হওয়া; Enter upon any business for the first time; to commence one's professional career to earn livelihood; to enter the world As —He began life as a noncommissioned officer.—Kinglake

To begin with—এवरम; आरमो; मर्बारअ; In the first place.

Boginner, be-giner, n. আবস্তকাৰী; অভিনতা-বিখীন ব্যক্তি, A young practitioner; one without experience; a tyro;—ছাত্ৰ; One who enters upon any art, science, or business.

Boginning, be-gifing, ". মুণ ; আৰম্ভ : Origin or commencement ;—উপক্ৰমণিকা ; Rudiments.

Begird, be-gárd, v. f. [ See Gird. ] करियक कांत्रा भारक करा : शिविरवहेन कर्ता ; भारत्यश करा ; To gird or bind with a girdle; to surround or encounpass; to besiege.

Begirt, be geit, v. t. Same as Begird.

Begone, be-gon, interj. TT EST, Go away.

Wos-begone, wo'-he-gon', भाकि किंड; Op-

Begone dull care, interj. 5:4 44 44 551;
Away with melancholy, [Beget, Begot, be-got, Begotten, be-goth, ba, b, of

Begot, be-got, Begotten, be-gotn, pn. p. of Begrime, be-grim, v t. यूनि यूनबिक कवा; To grime or soil deeply. p begrimed.

Begrudge, be-gruj, v. f. (44-7; Envy the possession of.

Beguile, be-gil, v. f. প্রতাবশা-ক ; To delude by artifice ; deceive ;—বিনোদন-ক ; To amuse ;—ক্ষেব বিবাহ অন্তেশে অভিবাহিত করা ; To cause to pass unnoticed what may be attended with tedium or pain ; adv.—Beguilingly. n.—Beguilement, Beguiler.

Beguile the time—মূৰে অভিবাহিত-ক; Pass the time which hangs heavily upon one, pleasantly.

Bogum, be'gum, n. মুসলমানজাতীয়া ৱাক্ত্যাবী, বাক্ত্যাবী বা সম্ভান্ত নহিলা; A Mahammedan princess or lady of rank.

Begun, be-gun, p. p. Of begin.

Bohalf, be-half, n. [ A. S. healf, half, part; on healfe, on the side of. ] সুবিধা; উপকাৰ; অসু-বোধ; পদ সম্প্ৰ; Favour; advantage; benefit; support; defence;—পদ্ধ; Part; side.

On behalf of stells for; In favour of; on the side of; for one's sake; As:—It is a fair

challange which the Trojan prince comes to make on behalf of Paris.-W. K. Collins.

In one's behalf—oreige wy; with wycutte; For one's sake; As:—Again more with
gratitude than with any evidence of concernin her own behalf, she sat down in front of it
(the fire).—Dickens.

Behave, be-hav, v. t. [A. S. behabban; to restrain, from habban, to have, to use. ] जाउन कर्य; To conduct; to manage; to bear or carry;—used reflexively:—v. s. कार्यु-कृ; To conduct one's self; to act.

Behaviour, behavy'ur, n. ব্ৰহাৰ, চাল্চলৰ; বীভি নীডি; আচৰণ; Conduct; manner; deportment; demeanour.

During good behaviour,—ৰাজতাৰ্য্য বিশাস পূৰ্বত সম্পন্ন কৰিবাৰ সমন : During the integrity and fidelity of official conduct.

To be or to be put open one's good behaviour—প্ৰীকাৰ অৰমা ধাৰা; To be in a state of trial, in which something depends on propriety of conduct. [the head.

Behead, be-hed, v. f. निवरण्यमनक; To cut off Beheading, be-heding, n. निवरण्यम ; The act of cutting the head.

Beheld, be-held, pa. t. and pa p. of Behold. Behemoth, be he-moth, n. [Heb. 'beast,' hence 'great beast.] ৰূম বিশেষ; An animal described in the book of Job, probably the hippepotamus.

Behest, be-hest, n. [A. S. behær, vow, from be, and hæs, command—hatan; Goth. haitan, to call, to name.] MITH; Command; precept; injunction; charge.

Behind, be-hind, pro. [A. S. behindan; Ger. hinten. See Hind ] অস পাৰে; পদাং; At the back of; in the rear of; on the other side;—অবঃ ; নিকুই; Inferior to;—ad. পদাং-দিকে; Backward:—গতকালে; Past:—অব্নিট; Remaining.

Behind the scenes—অপ্ৰাণিত : Unseen.

Behind one's age—ৰস্মত, Not so far advanced as one's contemporaries.

Behind time—অভিবিল্যে; Too late.

From behind—কোন বস্তৰ অন্তবান হইছে; Under the cover of.

Behindhand, be-hind-hand, a. or ad. পিছু পড়া; গৌণে; বিসৰে; In arrears; As, to be behindhand in one's circumstances:—শীৰ্ণসূৱী; Tardy:—অসুরভ; Backward.

Be behindhand, v. i. পশ্চাতে পড়া : সম্ভত্ম ছইছে লা পাৰা ; Be backward ; be in arrears ; be not able to compete with ; As — If the lambs gave a dance, the trotters were sure not to be behindhand.—Irving.

Be behindhand in or with—अनगर्व १९३१; नम्बद्ध ना १९३१; विनय कथा वा नीर्वन्दी १९३१; Be backward in (something to be done); be in arears with; As:—(a) The clerks within were not a whit behindhand in their demonstration of respect.—Dickens. (b) Mr. Reynolds was not behindhand with his brother dramists

in drawing upon the taste of the day for gains and distress.-Leigh Hunt.

Behold, be-höld, v. t. [A. S. behealden, to hold, observe-pfz. be, and healdan, to hold. ] व्यवरत्नाकन-कृ ; पृष्टिशांच करा ; To fix the eyes upon ; to look upon :—यत्मारवात्र पूर्वक वर्गन-कु ; त्रीष्ट किश्वा-क ; To see with attention ; to contempinte :-- v.i. मृष्टिभाष-कु ; यत्नानिद्वन-कु ; To look ; to fix the attention on. [ debted.

Beholden, be-holdn, a. 4189; Obliged; in-Beholder, be-hölder, n. भनक ; A looker-on. Behoof, be-hoof, a. [See Behove.] লাভ;

चावशक्षा ; क्या, উপकाब ; श्विता ; Necessity ; ad-

vantage; profit.

For one's behoof-काहोबर छेनकाबार्य; काहोबर বাভাৰ; For one's profit; As :--I have laughed a quarter of an hour for my own behoof.-Carlyle. Behoove, be-hoov, Behove, v. t. [A. S. behofian, to be fit, to stand in need of; connected with Have, Ger. haben, L. habeo, to have habilis, fit, suitable.] উপযুক্ত-ছ; To be fit, right, or necessary for. Syn .= befit.

It behooves one—কাহাৰণ উপৰোগী; কাহাৰণ कर्डना ; It becomes or fit one ; As :- Indeed :t behooved him to keep on good terms with his

boys .- Irving.

Being, be'ing, u. अविष ; अवश् ; Existence, state, or condition ,-- বস্তু বা ব্যক্তি; Person or thing existing ;-- অপদী বিণী শক্তি , Immaterial spirits. For the time being—সেই সময়ের ক্ষন্ত ।

Belabour, be-ill'bur, v. t. ভাড়না-ক ; প্রহার-ক ; To play vigorously; to beat soundly; to thumb. Belated, be-lated, a. বাজিপ্রায়; বিলম্বিত; পদ-कारव निकजान ; Benighted ; made too late.

Belay, be-la', v. t [ Dut. be-leggen, cog. with Lay, v. ] (बीटीय पछि अछारेदा वीथा ; To fasten a rope by winding it round a pin :- 75-7, To block up

Belch, beish, v t. [ A. S. belcan, an immitation of the sound ] व्यन-कू, उन्नीदन-कू, To throw up from the stomach; to cruct -- (वर्ष किंडव श्रेष्ठ व ्य-क ; To eject violently from with-[ tation. in --- n উन्नीदन ; উद्यन ; Eructation. Belching, belshing, n. উक्जीदन ; উदयन . Eruc-Beldam, Beldame, bel'dam, n. [ Fr. bel, fair, ( See Belle ), and Dame, orig. fair dame, used ironically. ] কুরপা বৃদ্ধা স্থী; An ugly old women,

Beleaguer, be-leg'er, v. t. [Dut. belegeren, besiege ; conn. with Belay.] আক্রণ-কু; অবক্র-কু; चनरवां कवा ; To besiege ; to block up.

Belfry, belfri, n. [ Orig. and properly a watchtower, from O. Fr. berfron, O. Ger. berefrit-O. Ger. frid, a tower, bergan, to protect. ] यमित वा प्रतिय (व चराम घने। वांशा बादक ; The part of a steeple or tower in which bells are hung ;-ৰ্কীৰয়; A bell tower.

Belial, beli-al, n. সম্ভাব ; The devil.

Bons of Belial—অসৎ লোক ; Lawless, worthless, rebellious people.

Belie, be-17, v. t. [ Be, and Lie. ] विशा क्या दना ; विचा बिना बबान-ए ; To give the lie to ; to show

o ne false ,--কৃত্তিম-কু; অপুকরণ-কু; To counterfeit ; to mimick ;—বিব্যা বৰি-ক ; To represent falsely :-- निना-क : To calumniate ; to slander. Belie one's appearance—আকৃতি পেৰিয়া বেলপ প্ৰকৃতিবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি বলিয়া বোধ হয়, সেই প্ৰকৃতিৰ অবধাৰ্থতা সপ্ৰামাণ করা; Give the lie to one's appearance, said of a man whose real character is quite different from the impression that is excited by the sight of his features; As :--Kit thinks that, if there was a good man who belied his appearance, that man is Sampson Brass.-Dickens.

Belie one's heart—বাহা কাহাৰত প্ৰকৃত প্ৰকৃতি छार। रहेट विकिन्न वर्षार मिथा। काव উरशासन कवा; Give a false impression of what one is really at heart, i.e. what one's real nature and disposition are; As -Doubt not that my father purposes well, though he is a plain man, and his blunt looks may beli. his heart.

Belief, be-lef, n. বিখাস; সত্য বলিয়া প্ৰতীতি; Credence; trust; persuasion of the truth of anything; conviction;--বিশাস; প্রদা; Faith;---ধর্মত; A tenet or body of tenets;—বিশাসের বিষয় : The object of belief :-- ধর্মতস্ম : A [ dible. summary of articles of faith. Basy of belief-विश्वाभर्याचा ; Probable ; cre-Believe, be-lev, v. t. [ With prefix be for ge, from A. S. gelyfan. For root of lyfan, See Leave, n. ] मछा वित्रा विश्वाम-क ; To regard as true ;--विदान-क ; To trust ;-- थ. i. नृष् विदान-क ; To have a firm persuasion of anything;-हिन्ना कदा वा विविध्ना कदा ; To think or suppose. p. believed. adv =Believingly.

Not believe one's senses-নিতাম অধিবাসী इड्डा ; To be very much sceptical.

Believable, be-leva-bl, a. विश्वनर्थाना : That may be believed.

Believer, be-lever, m. विश्वामी ; ब्रीहेशार्य विश्वामी : One who believes, especially one who believes in divine revelation; professor of Christianity. Bolike, be-lik', adv. मध्यण: ; १६१न७ रहेए शास ; Probably, perhaps.

Bell, bel, n. vol, A hollow vessel used for making sounds ;— ঘটাকুতি বস্তু; Anything in form of a bell.

Bell-founder, bei-found-der, n. पर्छ|-निर्माख[: A man, whose occupation is to cast bells.

Bell-hanger, bel-hang'er, n. वकीनिरवनकादी; One whose occupation is to fit up bells in house. Bell-man, bel-man, n. (होकिशंद; A town-crier. Bell-metal, bel-metal, n. कारन; A mixture of copper and tin.

Bell-shaped, bel-shapt, a. ঘটাকৃতি; Shaped like a bell.

Bell-tower, bel-tow'er, n. वर्षे। पद : Belfry.

Bell-wether, bel-wether, n. (यरनान शरिकानक সৰ্কাৰ (মৰ; A wether or sheep which leads the flocks with a bell on his neck.

Diving Bell, diving-bel (naut)- (4 424 সাহাব্যে অনেকক্ষণ জনমধ্যে থাকা বার; A bell shaped machine, air-tight, except at the bottom which is open, in which a person may descend

into deep water, and remain sometime for work; a machine for diving.

In spite of bell, book and candle—sha alwante and asia aid attention ; In spite of all the opposition which the Christian hierarchy can offer

Passing bell, pasing-bel, n. বেত ঘটা; Knell. To bear away the bell—কোৰ বিবৰে আছ অপেকা বেট-হ, To be superior in something.

To bear the bell—সর্বাধান বা শ্রেটাৰ হজা;
To be first or superior, in allusion to the bellwether of a flock, or to the leading horse of a
team wearing bell, on his collar.

To bell the cat—4718 441; To encounter one of superior force.

To curse by bell, book and candle— न्याकहाड-इ ; A solemn form of excommunication used in the R C C.

Belladonna, belá-dohá, n. [ lt. bella-donna, fair lady, from its use as a cosmetic. ] লড়া-বিশেষ: The deadly nightshade.

Belle, bel, n. [ Fr. fem. of Beau ] ऋणते द्राजी ; Young lady, beautiful and admired.

Bellos-lettres, bel-letr, n. [Fr. belle, fine, lettres, learning—lettre, L. litera, a letter.] কাব্য, উপস্থানাদি মনোহয় নাহিত্য বিভাগ; অনকাবাদি বিদ্যা; The department of literature, such as poetry and romance, of which the chief aim is to please by its beauty.

Bellicose, belik-ös, a. [L. bellicosus-bellum, war.] कम्हवित्र ; Disposed to contention ; pugnicious.

Bellied, belid, a. Secte win 525; Swelled out or prominent, like the belly—used generally in composition.

Belligerent, bel-ijer-ent, n. [ L. belligero, to carry on war—bellum, war, gero, to carry. See Duel, Jest.] नगतान जािः; A nation or state carrying on war:—a. गरीन ; Waging war; disposed for war.

Bellona, belona, n. বৃদ্ধ-দেবী, War-goddess. Bellow, belo, v. n. গ্ৰন্থ-দ্, To make a loud noise, to roar;—চীংকাৰ-কু; To vociferate or clamour;—n. চীংকাৰ; গৰ্মৰ; A roaring, Syn.— Roar, shout; bowl.

Bellows, beloz or belus, ল. বয়া ; হাপর ; কাছা; An instrument, or machine for blowing.

Belly, besi, n. [From the root of Bag.] n. ভলগেট; The abdomen:—কোৰ বছৰ উপৰাকৃতি জাৰ, বোজৰ; The part of anything which resembles the belly; bottle:—v. i. বাছিত হওয়; কাত হওয়; To swell:—v. t. বাছিত কয়; কাত হওয়; কাত হওয়, কাত হওয় কাত হওয়, কাত হৈ হৈছে কাত হৈছে। কাত হৈ ক

thellyful, beli-fool, n. पूर्वामद गविषां ; arigi; As much food as fills the belly or satisfies bunger; a sufficiency.

deliv-god, beli-god, n. 付資本; Glutton,

Belly-pinched, beli-pinsht, a. स्थिक; Starved. Belly-slave, beli-slav, a. उपराच गान; A slave to the belly.

The belly has no ears— স্থাৰ্ড ব্যক্তি উপদেশ বাবে বা; A hungry man will not listen to advice or arguments.

Belomancy, belo-man-si, n. তীৰ ব্যবহাৰ ছাৰা ভবিষ্যং কথন ; Divination by arrows.

Belong, bc-long', v. i. সম্পতিভ্ৰুত্ত- হ; অধিকাশ্বভ্ৰুত্ত হত্ত্বা; To be the property, concern or business of:—অংশভূক্ত- হ; To be a part of:—অধিবাদী হত্ত্বা থাকা; To be a native to or to have a legal residence.—হত্ত- হ; সংস্কৃত্ত হ; To be connected with; to pertain. Syn.—Concern, regard; refer to.

Belonging, be-longing, n. अधिकारकृष्ट अवा-आंच ; That which pertains to one, as a quality or endowment ; that which belongs to one.

Beloved, be-lewd, a. अधिक्षेत्र : Very dear.
Below, be-lo, ad. [Be and Low.] निरम्न : In
a lower place :— गुविशेटच : On the earth, as
opposed to the heavens :— नदरम : अदर्शालाहम् In hell, or the region of the dead — निर्मा विषादानाहम् , In a court of inferior jurisdiction : prep. निर्म , Under in place : beneath :— अम-

সহলে; নিম্নে, Inferior in rank:--আৰুপাৰ্ক:---

Unworthy of.

Below the mark—নিয়ে; Below the standard.
Belt, belt, n. [A. S. belt, Ice. belti, Gael. balt,
L. balteus, a belt.] বেৰণা; ভটিবছ; A girdle
or band:—(geog) সভীৰ্ণ প্ৰণালী; A strait;—v. i.
বেইন-ফু; ভটিবছাৰা বেটিভ কৰা; To encircle;
to encompass; to surround with a belt.

Belvedere, belve-der, n. [It bello, beautiful, vedere, to see—L. bellus and vedere, vedeo, to see; akin to, Sans. vid, to see.] কেলিম্পির; আন্দেশ্য; A sort of pleasure-house; a summar-house; (in Italy) a pavillion or look-out on the top of a building. Bema, bemá, n. বেশ; A stage or kind of pulpit on which speakers stood when addressing an assembly.

Bemire, bē-mir', v. t. [ be and mire. ] কৰ্ম্বা-ছ-কু; To soil by passing through mud or dirt. Bemoan, be-moin, v. t. বিবাপ-কু, আফেগ করা; To lament, to express sorrow.

Bench, bensh, n. [A. S. benc; cog. with Ger. bank, and conn. with E. Bank, a ridge of earth.] দীৰ্থ কাঠানৰ; A long seat or form:—
বিচাৰানৰ; The seat of justice:—বিচাৰালৰ; The court .—হ্বাংবেৰ পাটা; হতলিয়িৰ কৰ্ম কৰিবাৰ বেজ; A long table at which mechanics and others work, as carpenter's bench:—v. f. কাঠানৰ বাৰা নজ্জিত-কৃ; To furnish with benches:—কাঠানৰে উপৰিষ্ট-কৃ; To place on a bench or seat of honour .—v. s. বিচাৰান্তে উপৰিষ্ট ভূমা; To sit in a seat of justice.

Bench and Bar—शिरायक बरः উकीनत्र ; Judges and pleaders.

Bencher, bensher, n. ব্যবহারাকীৰ সম্প্রদান ব্যয় প্রধান ব্যক্তি; A senior member of a court:— শাসনকর্তা বিশেষ; The alderman of a corporation :—ইংল্ডের ব্যবহা শিকা স্বাক্তর প্রাচীন সভা ; Senior member of an inn of court.

Bend, bend, o.t. [A. S. bendan, to bend, from Band, a string; a bow as 'bent' by tightening the band or string.] বক্ৰ-ক; বলপুৰ্বক জনমত কৰা; To strain, or to crook by straining:—ব্যক্ত; To curve; to inflect:—গতি দিবান; To direct to a certain point, as one's course.— প্রেপ্তি-ক; To exert:—প্রকৃত বা সক্ষিত-ক; To prepare or put in order; to stretch or strain:—ব্যক্ত ব্যা; To incline:—ব্যক্ত বৃ; To subdue:—
ত. ১. বক্ত-ক; To be crooked or curved:—প্রকৃত বৃ;
To bow in prayer or in submission:—ব্যক্ত বৃ;
To be inclined with interest or closely. pa.=
beńed or bent.

Bend, bend, n. বৰ বেখা; হবা; বাক; A curve or crook; a turn or deflection from a straight line, as a slight bend of the body:—প্ৰাধ; A knot by which one rope is fastened to another or to an anchor.

Bend forward নস্থে ৰত হলা; Incline towards the front. [fixed inclination to virtue. Bent on virtue—ধূৰণবাৰণ হলা; To have a Bend the knes—কাৰু পাতিয়া ন্যকাৰ-কু; Bow down.

To bend the brow—জভিদি-কু; To knit the brow; as, in deep thought or in anger; to frown To bend the mind—খনেনিবেশ-কু; To apply one's mind to a certain thing.

Bent, bent, n. ৰক্তা; Curvity :—গোডেন ; ক্ষতা: নিম্ভূনি ; Declivity :—বোক ; প্ৰবৃত্তি , Leaning or bias ; propensity.

Out of one one's bent—কোন ব্যক্তিয় বৃদ্ধির অপোচর, কাহারও অধিকারের বাহিরে; Not in the range of one's talent; not in one's sphere.

Fool one to the top of one's bent atericas catal airia; Fool one as much as possible.

Beneath, be-nëth, prep. [A. S. pfx. be, and neothan, beneath. See Nether.] নিয়ে; Under, lower in place:—অসুপর্ক; Unworthy of; unbecoming:—ad. নিয়ে; In a lower place.—
প্রিবীখনে; Below, as opposed to heaven.

Beneath notice—খবৰ লইবার অনুপৃষ্ক; ঝ্ৰোদ এইবেৰ অনুপ্ৰোণী; Unworthy of notice.

Beneath one's dignity—কাহার সন্মান হানি-কর; কাহারও অনুপর্ক; Derogatory to one's honour.

Benedick, beńe-dik, Benedict, beńe-dikt, n. [ From Benedick, a character in Shakes-peare's 'Much Ado About Nothing', who begins as a confirmed bachelor and ends by marrying Beatrice. ] কুডদাৰ পুৰুষ; নৰবিবাহিত পুৰুষ; অবি-বাহিত পুৰুষ; A married man or a man newly married, also, a bachelor.

Benedictine, ben-e-diktin, a. সেট বেনিজিক্টের মন্ত্রাসী সম্প্রদান সংকীন ; Pertaining to the order of monks of St. Benedict ;—n. নেট বেনিজিক্টের সম্প্রদানজ্ব সন্ত্রাদী ; A monk of the order of St. Benedict in the 6th century ; a Black Friar.

Benediction, ben-e-dikshun, n. [L. benedicto-bene, well, dico, dietum, to say.]

ৰাষ; কৰৱেৰ আৰীৰ্কাণ প্ৰাৰ্থনা; A blessing; the solemn act of imploring blessing of God:—
গাৰিবাৰ; The short prayer which closes public worship: a.=Benedictory, ben-e-diktor-i—
আৰীৰ্কাণ্যক; গুডাৰাকালাক; Expressing wishes for good.

Benefaction, ben-e-fakshun, u. t. L. bene-factio-bene, well, and facio, to do. ] उनकार; The act of conferring a benefit:-रिज्याध्य; गाँव; A benefit conferred, especially a charitable donation.

Bonefactor, ben-e-faktor, n. गाउ। ; উপৰাবত ; One who confers a benefit ; well-doer : fem.= Benefac'tress--শাতী।

Benefice, bene-fis, n. [Fr—L. beneficium, a kindness—benefacere, to benefit—bene, well facio, to do. In Low L. beneficium meant a gift of an estate. ] উপকাৰ: A benefit, advantage, or kindness—ৰশ্বাত , An ecclesiastical living or preferment: a.=Beneficed, benifist—ৰশ্বাত্ত্ৰ, Possessed of an ecclesiastic living

Beneficence, be-net'i-sens, n. বৰ্ণায়তা; দান-শীল্ডা, উপকার; কয় , Active goodness , kindness , charity.

Boneficent, be-nel'i-sent, a. ক্যাসু; কাননীল; ভিত্ৰু ; Kind, munificent; charitable. adv.= Beneficently.

Boneficial, ben-e-fishal, a উপক্রী; ছিতকর;
লাভজনক, ব্যবহারজনক, প্রয়োজনীয়, Profitable,
advantageous; useful. adv.=Beneficially

Benoficiary, ben-e-fishi-ar-i, n. ধর্মনুতিভূক; One who holds a benefice — দানবাহী; One who receives any thing as a gift, or is maintained by charity — সামস্ত, অধীন ভূম্যাধিকারী; A feudatory;—a. কোন কার্যা ভূমিন্যকে অন্তের অধীন; Holding office or possession in subordination to another.

Benefit, beńe-fit, n. [Fr. bienfait—L. bene-factum—bene, well, and facto, to make ] উপকাৰ; অপুনাই; An act of kindness; a favour conferred.—স্বিধা; লাভ; Advantage, profit.—কোন অভিনেতাৰ বা সাধান্ত্ৰণৰ উপকাৰ কন্ত অভিনয়; A performance at a theatre or elsewhere, the proceeds of which are given to one of the actors, or to some indigent, deserving person, or some public institution or charity:—v.t. উপকাৰ-কৃ. To do good to:—v.i. উপকাৰ লাভ কৃ; লাভ পাছ্যা; To gain advantage.

Benefit of clergy—যাসক সমান্ত্রের দও হইতে অব্যাহতি; Exemption of the clerical order from criminal processes before a secular judge.

Benevolence, be-novol-ens, n. [L. benevolentia—bene, well, volo, to wish.] উপকাৰ কৰিবাৰ প্ৰতি: জনহিত্যিতা; উপচিকীয়া; হিতেছা; Goodwill; disposition to do good; generósity:—ব্যাৰ কাৰ্য্য; দান্দীলতা; An act of kindness; charity:—ক্ষ বিশেষ; A tax illegally exacted by the arbitrary kings of England and falsely represented as gratuity; a forced loan.

Benevolent, be-nevol-ent, a. হিতৈৰী ; হিতৰৰ ; ব্যাৰু ; অভাৰাজী ; Full of good will ; weli-wishing; charitable; disposed to do good. adv.=
Benevolently.

Bengal-light, ben-gawl-lit, n. বীলালোক প্রদানী একপ্রকার ব্যক্তি; A species of fire-work producing a very vivid blue light, much used for signals by ships.

Benight, be-nit, v. t. ডিমিবাৰ্ড-কু; জানালোক বইতে ব্যক্তি-কু; To involve in night, or darkness especially in moral darkness or ignorance.

Benighted, be-nited, a. আন্তর্থান্তর; Involved in darkness, physical or moral:—বাতিপ্রভ; আনতারপ্রান্ত; Overtake by the night:—অঞ্জ; মুদ; Ignorant.

Benign, ben-ih, a. [O. Fr. benigne—L. benignus=benigenus, well-born, of gentle nature—benus, bonus, good, and gen, root of gigno, to produce; akin to Sans. jan, to produce.] কুপাৰু, সময়; Gracious; generous; kindly:—বায়াকা; Wholesome; salutary:—হামা; Propitious.

Benignant, ben-ig'nant, a. মদৰ, অস্কুল; Kind; gracious; tavourable, adv.=Benignantly.

Benignity, ben-ig'nit-i, n. দয়ানুখা; সদয় এবৃত্তি; Kındness; goodness of disposition :-- যায়্য-খনকখা, Salubrity, wholesome quality.

Benignly, ben-inli, adv. সদয়ভাবে; অসুগ্রহ করিয়া, Kindly; graciously.

Benison, beni-zn, n. [O Fr. beneicon-L. benedictio-bene, well, dico, dictum, to say.] 
wi希fw, Blessing; benediction.

Bonjamin's mess—সর্বাংশকা এবাদ অংশ; The largest share.

Bent, n. ঝোঁক বা টান ছিল প্রবৃত্তি বা মনেৰ পতি; Leaning or biar, fined tendency or set of the mind.

Bent, bent, pa t and p. p. of bend.

Bont, bent. n. [A. S bonet.] একপ্রকার যোটা পান, A coarse grass.

Benumb, be-num, v. t [ Sax. beniman, beny man, p p benumenbe, and numan, to take, to take away. ] অনুভ্ৰণতি হান-ক; To deprive of sensation;—শাৰাহিত বা আচেতন-ক; To stupify. Benzoin, ben-zō'in, [ Of Arab orig. ] শৈলতা; আৰুপুণ, মুণ, A fragrant medicinal gum, obtained from a large tree of Sumatra.

Bequeath, be-kweth, v. t. [A. S. be, and cwethan, to say, to tell. See Quoth.] ইছাপত্ৰ ছাত্ৰা আৰ্থ-কু; To give or leave by will;—প্ৰস্থাপত-কু; পুৰুষপ্ৰসাৰ্ভ্যনে দিয়া বাৰ্থা; To transmit; to hand down; As, to bequeath a family quarrel. Bequeat, be-kwest, n. ইছাপত্ৰ বাৰা দাৰ; Something bequeathed or left by with a legacy. Berate, be-rat', v. t. ভংগৰা-কু; Rate or chide vehemently; to scold.

Bereave, be-rev', v. t. [Pix. be, and Reave. A. S. reafian.] বৃধিত-কু; To deprive of, to rob or destitute of;—বিষ্ত-কু; To take away from. Bereavement, be-rev-ment, n. বছুবিবোগ; অকতন নাম; বিবোগ: Loss of a friend by death; heavy loss.

Bereft, be-reft, Past participle of bereave.

Berg, berg, n. [ D., Sw., and G. berg, mountain; hill.] परम्यापि; A large mass of ice.

Bergamot, ber'ga-mot, n. [From Bergamo, a town of Lombardy in Italy.] বুল বিশেষ; A variety of pear;—আতম্ব; প্ৰশ্ব তৈল; An oil or perfume obtained from it;—নক্তবিশেষ; A species of snuff perfumed with bergamot;— বন্ধবিশেষ; A coarse tapestry.

Berlin, ber'lin, n. [Fr. Berlin, Prussia.] श्वन शिल्प ; A four-wheeled carriage, like a chariot. Berry, ber'i, n. [A. S. berige ; Ger. beere ; Dut. besie ; Goth. basi ; Sans. bhas, to eat.]

Berth, berth, n. [ A form of Birth. ] (Naut) नवस्थान ; Anchorage ;—(পাতককৰ শ্বা! ; A place in a cabin ;—পাদ ; कर्ष ; An official situation, position or employment ;—v. t. नवस कियाब द्यान वा वाकियाब द्यान (प्रवर्ष) ; To give an anchorage or place lie at ;—পাদে निवृक्ष कर्ष ; To furnish birth to.

He has tumbled into a nice berth—তিনি ভাল কৰ্ম পাইবাছেন ; He has got a nice situation or fortune. [at a distance from.

To give a wide borth—ব্ৰে থাকা: To keep Beryl, ber'il, n. [ ... and Gr. beryllus, probably from old lieb bahar, to be pure, clear, bright.] পাল, মুনি বিশেষ: A precious stone of a greenish colour a=Berryline.

Besech, be-sech, v. t. [A. S be, and secan, to seek ] খাং পা-ক, অসুৰত্ব কৰা, মিনতি কৰা; To entreat; to implore. pr p.= beseching; pa. p. and pa. t=besought. adv =Besechingly-Beseem, be-sem, v t. [Pf bi, and Seem.] উপৰুষ্ঠ ইন্তৰ্য; To befit; to be seemly or fit for.

Beset, be-set, v t. [A. S. bi-setian, to surround.] বেইন-ক; To surround;—বেগ-ক; To besiege; block up; to waylay;—বিষয়-ক; To harass; perplex

Beset with difficulties—কঃ পরিপুর্ব ; Full of difficulties : full of dangers [ habitual. Besetting, be-setung, a অভাত ; Confirmed ;

Beside, be-sid, prep. নিকট; পাৰ্যে; At the side of; near,—ৰাভিবেক; Over and above; distinct from (in this use, besides is now, more common);—ৰূবে; বতাৰাৰে, Aside from; out of.

To be beside one self with joy—খানসে খান-হ; To be out one's senses with joy. To be beside one's self—জানন্ত; To be

out of the wits or senses; As—Sit down, beggar!" screemed Squeers, almost besides himself with rage.—Dickens.

Besides, adv. অধিকন্ত ; Moreover ;—prep. অভি-বিক ; Over and above ; As :—But besides all this he wanted to be king.—Freeman.

Besiege, be-sēj', v.t. [Be and Siege. ] আক্ষা-কু; অবংশ্য কয়; To lay siege to; to invest;— হেৰে ধ্যা; To throng round and press upon. Besieger, be-sēj'ér, \*\*. আক্ষাকাৰী; One em-

ployed in a siege.

Besmear, be-smer', v. t. বেপন করা; কথি ৰাবা বলিন-কু; To cover all over; to smear over or daub, to soil with dirt.

Besom, be'zum, n. [ A. S. besem, besma.]
সম্প্রকান A broom; a large brush for sweeping;—v. t. বাট দেখা; To sweep.

Besot, be-sof, v. t. and Tite and; to gala-; To make sottish by drink; to make dull or stupid, pr. p. besotting; pa. p. besotted.

Besonght, be-saw!, pa. p. of Besech.
Bespangle, be-spanggl, v. t. wes-; To

Bespatter, be-spater, v. f. কোনত ন্বৰ্থ ভৱল ন্বৰ্য কোন কৰা; জন বা কৰ্জন হাবা সিক-কৃ; To sprinkle with water or mud; to spatter or sprinkle with dirt or anything moist;—আগবল-কৃ; নিলা-কৃ; To asperse with calumny; to defame. Bespeak, be-spek', v f. পূৰ্বে বলা বা নিয়ক্ত কৰা; To speak, or engage beforehand;—পূৰ্বে স্ফৰা-কৃ; পূৰ্বে বলাপ কৰা; To forebode; to be token; —ানবেশন-কৃ; বোকাল-কৃ; To show. [over. Bespread, be-spred, v. f. বিভাৱ-কৃ; To spread Besprinkle, be-spring'kl, v f সিকন-কৃ; কেগণ-কৃ; To sprinkle over; to scatter over.

Best, best, a. [A. S. betst, betest, best. See Better.] (Superlative of good) অত্যুত্তম; In the highest degree;—সংকাৎকৃত্ত; সংকাজ; সর্কপ্রধান; Most advanced; most correct or complete; "the best scholar";—ad. (Superlative of well) অভি উত্তমন্তে ; In the highest degree;—লাভ অভাবে; To the most advantage;—সক্তোভাবে; Most thoroughly;—n. বৰা লাভি; সাধানুবারী চেত্তী; চরবোৎকর্ব; Utmost; utmost endeavour; the highest perfection.

At best - ৰজদুৰ সভৰ ভাৰ ছাৰিখা নইবে; In the utmost degree or extent applicable to the case; under the best circumstances; taking the best view of thing.

At one's best—খতাত অসুকুল ভাবে; উৎকৃষ্ট অবছাত্ত্ব ; অতাত উত্তাতিশীল অবহাব; উত্তাতিশ্ব চৰৰ অবহাব ;
In the most favourable light in which a person
can present himself in one's most prosperous
condition; As:—(a) But we will knew where
he will be at his best—Goldwin Smith. (b)
Southey saw Norwich at its best.—E. Dowden.
At the best—খত্ত্ব নত্ত্ব লত্ত্ব ভালতাতে এইণ কৰিলে;
বে অবহাত কোনত হাকি তাহাব কোন ক্ষতাৰ পূৰ্ব
বিভাল কৰিতে পাৰে; Taking the best view of
things; in a state where one shows one highest
powers of any kind; As:—It is a gloomy
picture at the best.—W. L. Collin. (b) D is
delightful anywhere, but he is at the best in
such places as these.—Lamb.

Do one's best—নাগাৰত চেষ্টা-কু; Use one's utmost power; As:—That he was idle and did not do his best we may take for granted.

Get the best of one—(जान विवास काशांत के क्षेत्र काशांत काशांत करा : द्रविषा द्रविषा द्रवान वहां करा : द्रविषा द्रविषा द्रवान वहां करा : Go in advantage over one in any point : As:—Want of argument would be supplied by personality, and the champion would avenge himself by brutality on an opponent who happened for once to be getting the best of him.

Have the best of it—(काद विश्वास (सहै-ह ; Have superiority in some point ; to succeed. To make the best of—कापूस महास कार्या

বিয়োগ-ছ: To improve to the utmost; to turn to the most profitable use; to permit possible

the least inconvenience; As:—We are in a sad world, full of pain, but we have to make the best of it.—Leslie Stephen.

To the best of one's belief-নিজ্যই; ব্যাভান ; Certainly. [far as one is able.
To the best of one's ability—ব্যান্ধা; As
You had best—ভোষাৰ পকে উত্তেই কাৰ্য্য হুইবে
বি জ্মি; ভোষাৰ উপত্ত হুইবে বনি জ্মি; It would
be best thing for you; it would be proper if
you; As:—You had best take these with you,
Harry, I have no need of diamonds any more.
To the best of—বেন নীমা প্রান্ত; To the utmost of; As:—To the best of his means and
ability he comments on all the ordinary actions
and passions of life almost.—Thackeray.

Bestead, be-sted, v. t. ছাপন-ক ; পৰিবৰ্তে ভাপন ক্বা; To place or circumstance as to condition; to stand in the stead of ;—নাহাব্য-ক ; To assist or serve;—p. a. অবছিত; ব্যবহৃত; Situated; treated.

Bestial, besti-al, a. পত্ৰৰ, नीচ, ইঞ্জিলপনাৰণ; Like a beast; vile; sensual.

Bostir, be-ster', v. t. উত্তেজিত-কু; কাৰ্য্য উৎসাহিত কৰা; Rouse into vigorous action ( usually with the reciprocal pronoun); to put into lively action.

Bestow, be-sto, v. t. [Be and stow—partly from M. B. stowen, to bring to a stand, partly from M. E. stowen, to place—stow, a place, akin to sto, to stand, and Sans. Stha, to stand, to place.] পান-ড়; To give; to confer;—সন্থান-ড়; To give in marriage;—বামাণ কয়; বিবোধিক কয়; To apply; to make use of, as time or labour;—গভিত বামা; To deposit; to place, as goods.

Bestow one's hand—বিবাহ কৰা; Marry.
Bestows!, besto'a!, n. প্ৰদান; প্ৰদান কিবা;
Disposal; act of bestowing. [bestows.
Bestower, be-sto'er, n. প্ৰদানকাৰী; One who
Bestowment, be-sto'ment, n. প্ৰদান; Bestowal;—দান; Donation.

Bestride, be-stred, v. t. [ See Stride. ] जारबाष्ट्र ज्या: भन-विजान-इ ; जाड़ एरेवा वीड़ान ना डेम्स्यन ज्या: To stand with the legs upon; to extend with the legs across; to sit or stand across;— डेम्प्य-इ; To step over; as, to bestride a threshold. p. t.=bestrode; pa. p. bestrid; bestridden. Bestud, be-stud, v. t. (बाजाब जावाब; कृषिक करा; To adorn with studs.

Bet, bet, n. 91; affa; A wager; something staked to be lost or won on certain conditions; -n. t. 91-7; To lay a bet or wager; -pa.p. betfing; pa.t. and pa.p. bet or betfed.

Lay a bet-ail aid !

Betake, be-tilk, v. কোৰ উপায় অবল্যন-কু; আহ্মর গ্রন্থ-কু; To have recourse to; apply; to resort. Betel, be'ti, n. পাব; A plant which is chewed. Betel-nut, be'ti-nut, n. সুপাবী; স্ববাক; The nut of the areca-paim.

Bothel, bethel, n. বিবোধীদিপের ধর্মণালা; Dissenting meeting-house.

Bothink, be-thingk, v. t. [A. S. bethencan, Ger.

bedenken. See Think.] 444-\$; fbul-\$; To call to mind; to recollect; to consider (generally followed by a reflexive pronoun, with of before the subject of thought);—v. i. [4(404) 44]; To consider. pa. f. and pa. p. bethought (bethawt). Syn. = Reflect, recollect.

Betide, be-tid, v. t. [A. S. be, and tidan, to happen. See Tide.] मध्यक्ति एउपा; पटि; To happen to; to befall;—v. i. पटि; To come to pass. Syn.=Befall, occur.

Betime, be-tim, Betimes, be-timź, ad. উপযুক্ত সৰৱে; বংগাটিভ সময়ে; Seasonably; in good time; before it is late;— শীল; Soon.

Betoken, be-tökn, জ. চ. চিক্ৰাৰা প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; নৰেড কৰা; লকুণ ৰাবা হৃতমা কৰা; To show by signs;— পুৰ্বাহ্না-কু; পূৰ্বে প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰা; To pressage; to foreshow. Syn.—Mark, manifest.

Betook, be-took, pa. t. of Betake.

Betray, be-tra', v. t. [ Pfr. be, and Fr. trahir, It. tradire—L. tradere, to deliver up. ] বিশাস্থাতত। পূর্বক পরিত্যাপ করা; To give up treacherously or faithlessly;—শক্তব হত্তপত-কু বা ভ্তম বিষয় প্রকাশ করা; To disclose in breach of trust,—বিশাস তক্ত-কু; বিশাস্থাত্ততা-কু; To violate trust or confidence; to injure by treachery;—প্রকাশ-কু; প্রকাশ-কু; To disclose or discover,—To fail in respect to rehance placed in one,—কুপৰে বইমা কেনা; Mislead.

Betrayal, be-tra'al, n. শক্র হতে সম্পণি; Act of betraying:—বিধাস্থাতকতা; বিধাস্থত্ত; Breach of trust.

Betrayer, be-tra'er, n. বিধাস্থাতক; One who Betroth, be-troth, v. t. [Be, and Troth or Truth.] বাৰ্দাৰ-ড়; বিবাহেল স্বন্ধ-ড়; বিলাহেল; to contract or promise in order to marriage:—ব্যক্ত পাৰ্থ অতিধিত-ড়; To nominate to a bishopric. Syn=Affiance, plight.

Betrothal, be-trothal, Betrothinent, heirothment, n. বিবাহের বাক্ষান; বিবাহের সবজ, Mutual agreement for marriage . espousals.

Better, beter, a. [A. S. bet (adv.) betera, better, Goth. batisa, Ger. besser, root bat, good; it is in all the Teutonic long. See Boot.]. (Comparative of good) উত্তৰ্ভন : (ट्रांडेडन ; डेज़ड़ ; Preferable; good in a greater degree; improved:—(Comparative of well) (পাত্যস্বান্ধে) পূৰ্বা-পেলা ভাল, Improved in health:—ad. অন্ত আপেলা ভালরপে; In a superior manner:—আন্ত ঠিক; More correctly:—আনত বিভদ্ধাণে; আনত অধিক উত্তভাবে; More; in a higher degree:—v. t. উত্তভ-কৃ; আপেলাকুল ভাল কৰা; উপকাৰ কৰা; To reform; to benefit:—n. লাভ; আবাতা বা ভাল, Advantage; superiority, victory:—উত্তভি: Improvement:—pl. অক্তল; Superiors.

To be all the better for—সেই পৰিমাণে উপ-কাৰ ৰাভ কৰা; To derive so much more benefit. Better-half—ব্ৰী; Wife.

Betterment, beter-ment, n. উর্থি; A making better; improvement. [It would be better for. Had better—করা ভাল ছিল; করিলেই ভাল হইড; Better part—সংলবৃত্তি; Virtuous disposition.

All the better—ভাতাধিক; Better by so much.
For the better—ভাতাৰ ৰক; For the advantage or improvement. [to that extent.
So much the better—ভাতাই ইইটাই; Better
Get better—ভাতাত; Improve in health.

Get or gain or have the better of—আৰাজ লাভ-ত্ব: প্ৰাভব-ত্ব: Obtain advantage, superiority or victory; overpower. As:—(a) But surely when a man has got the better of any bad habit, his sensations should not be those of exultation only.—Helps. (b) Indeed, very few men could say that they ever had the better of him—Thackeray.

To be better off—পূৰ্বাংশকা আৰ্থ হাল আৰ্থ্য পাকা; To be in a better condition. As:—The people who have better of, and have paid rates for many years are the first to sink (die) when they come to the house (work-house).—Dickens. The better for—(কাহাৰত) অধিকতৰ উপবাৰ্থক; (কোনত কাৰ্থে) অধিকতৰ পৰিমাণে; Of more benefit (to a person); in a greater degree by reason of (something); As:—(a) So much the better for her, if the recollection of it is to make her no happier than it does already.—C. Kingsley. (b) You may be as neat as you please, and I shall love you the better for it.—Goldsmith.

To have seen better days—দ্বিল হথা; To have once been in good circumstances; to be poor. [who bets. Better, beter, n. বে ব্যক্তি পা বা বাজি বাবে; One Between, between, Betwixt, be-twikst, prep. [A.S. betweenan, between, betwuxt—be and twegen, two, two, twain.] ব্যো; In the intermediate space of:—একটা হইতে অন্তর্গতে; From one to another:—উভয় ব্যো সাধারণ; Common to two.

Between you and me or ourselves-व्यानना व्याननिय गर्या ; व्यामारन्य गर्था ( व्यनस्य स्वन ৰা কৰে ); In strict confidence.-This is an adverbial phrase with to speak, or some such phrase understood, used when a secret is not to be divulged to a third party but confined only to the speaker and the hearer; As :- The parents at home had acquiesced in the arrangement, though, between ourselves, old Mr. Sedlev had a feeling very much akin to contempt for his sons.-Thackeray. [ two dangers. Between two fires—डेक्स नकी गरण ; Between Between jest and earnest-क्षक (कोष्टक-ভাবে; कडक गांडीर्ग ভাবে; Partly in jest and partly in earnest; half jocosely and half seriously. As :-He (Shelly) used to say that he had lived three times as long as the calender gave out; which he would prove, between jest and earnest, by some remarks on Time, "That would have puzzled that stout Stagyrite (Aristotle)."-Leigh Hunt.

Between whiles—we entry wester; In the intervals between other occupation; As:—Between whiles he would walk in the garden, or take strolls about the country.—Leigh Hunt.

Bovel, bev'el, n. [Fr. biveau, an instrument for measuring angles.] বাৰণিৱীৰ ঘাটাম; An instrument for measuring angles;—চাবু; Any slope or inclination;—a. চাবু, বেবা; Slant; oblique;—খাটামান্তি; Having the form of bevel;—v. f. বোগমুক বা কৰা বা বা বাবা; To cut to a bevel angle;—v. f. বোগমুক বা বা বাবা ব্যৱ; To slant, or incline off. pr. p. bevelling; pa. p. bevelled.

Bevel-gear, bevel-ger, n. ভিন্ন বিশ্ব স্থাতৰে পৰিভালিত ব্যেষ চক ; Wheels working on each other
in different planes, the cogs of the wheels being bevelled or at oblique angles to the shafts.
Baverage, beveraj, n. [O. Fr.; kt. beveraggio-bevere-L. bibere, to drink.] মৃণ্য; মুখাছ
ম্বা; Liquor for drinking; any agreeable
liquor for drinking.

Bevy, bevi, n. [It. beva, a drink, a company for drinking.] পদ্ধীৰ ঝাঁক; পদ্দীৰ দল; A flock of birds;—ব্ৰজী বীলোকদল; মহিলা-মন্ত্ৰদাৰ; A company; an assembly of persons, esp. ladies.

Bewail, bE-wai, v. t. [ See Wail. ] সু:ৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু; বিলাপ কৰা; To express deep sorrow for; to lament:—v. i. মু:ৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু; To express grief. Bewailing, be-wailing, Bewailment, bewail-ment, n. বিশাপ; Lamentation.

Beware, be-war', v. i. [See Wary.] নতৰ্ক হওয়া ; দাৰধান থাকা ; To take heed; to be cautious.

Bewilder, bc-wilder, v. t. [Be, and prov. E. wildern, a wilderness.] বিহল-ক, হতবৃদ্ধি কৰা, বিশ্বনিক কৰা; বিপৰে লইখা খাৰবা; To perplex, to confuse; to entangle; to lead astray.

Bewilderment, be-wilder-ment, n. ন্যোহ; গোলবোগ; বিহলতা; Perplexity; confusion.

Bewitch, be-wich, v. t. [ See Witch.] বোণিডক; মুজাদি ঘাৱা মুধ বা বশ কৰা; To fascinate or charm; to affect by witchcraft:—প্ৰকণা-ক; To deceive. a.=Bewitching, be-witching, facultivatil; Charming; fascinating. adv = Be-witchingly

Bewitchery, be-wiché'r-i, n. মুদ্ধ করণ; সংযো-ৰুম; ৰণীকরণ; Fascination.

Bewitchment, be-wichment, n. (याहिनी चाडि , नरकाश्न ; वनीकवर्ग ; Power of charming ; fascination.

Bewray, be-ra', [A. S pfx. be, and wregan, to accuse.] তথ্য কথা প্ৰকাশ-ক; To betray, to disclose perfidiously.

Bey, ba, n. [ Turk. beg, pronounced ba, a governor.] তুরভাগেনীয় শাসনকর্তা; Turkish governor of a town or province.

Beyond, be-yond, prep. [A.S. be-geond—pfx. be, and geond, across, beyond. See yon, yonder.] মুৰে, On the further side of :—পুৰে; স্বাৰে; Before:—মতীভ; Out of reach of; further than:—ৰোচ; Above, as, in dignity or excellence:—adv. মুৰে; At a distance.

Beyond the range of mind—খনৰ খনোচন ; Incapable of being comprehended by the mind. Beyond compare—অতুলনীন ; Incomparable. Beyond measure, adv. অভান্ত ; Exceedingly. Beyond one's depth—বৃদ্ধিৰ খন্ম্য; Incomprehensible or unintelligible to one. Beyond one's senses—ইন্সিয়াতীত ; জানাতীত ; Beyond one's comprehension.

Beyond question—निक्डि ; Undoubted.

Beyond the seas—नमूज शांदा; त्रशीवाद ; i.e.
Out of the country.

From beyond—14 1818; 114 1818; From distance; on the side of; As:—Six years after this, the Gauls from beyond the Po, pressed down into central Italy.—Freeman.

To go beyond—অভিন্য-ক; To exceed in ingenuity in research or any thing else; outstrip:—( Hence in a bad sense ) প্ৰভাৱণা-ক; To deceive.

To be beyond one's self—হতবুদ্ধি-হ; To be beside one self; to be excessively affected with any thing.

Bezel, bezl, n. [O. Fr. bisel, Fr. biseau; of uncertain origin ] wall assets ; The part of a ring in which the stone is set.

Bias, bi'as, n. [Fr. beais; prob. L. bifan, two-faced—bis, twice, faces, the face.] পৌলাকৃতি বস্তুৰ এক দিকে ভাৰ; The weight in balls which makes them deviate from the straight line:— এবদতা, একৃতি; একদিকে এবণতা বা অবনতি; পশ্-পাতিত; আনস্তি; Inclination; bent; prejudice; prepossession:—v. t. একদিকে নত-কৃ; To incline to one side:—পূর্বা ইইতে আনস্ত বা প্রস্পাতী করা; পূর্বা ইইতে লত-কৃ; To prejudice; to prepossess; to warp.

Mastor bias, makter bi'as, এবাৰ ইছো; Chief Bib, bib, n া M. E. bibben, to imbibe, to tipple, because the cloth imbibes moisture—L. bibere, to drink. ] শিশুৰ মূৰ্বজ; A small piece of cloth put under the chin of an infant to prevent its drivelling over its clothes:—v. i. পাৰ-ড়; To drink, tipple, sip.

Bib, bib, n. একপ্ৰকাৰ মংস্ত; A fish of the same genus as the cod and haddock, also called the Pout.

Bibber, Biber, biber, n. [L. bibo, to drink.]
ম্যুপ্রি ; A man given to drinking; drunkard.
Bibacious, bi-báshus, a. [L. bibo, to drink.]
ম্যুপ্রে আন্তর্ক; Given to drink; addicted to
drinking. [প্রান্তর্কি: Love of drink.
Bibacity, bi-bási-ti, n. [L. bibo, to drink.] ম্যুBible, bi'bl, n. [Fr.—L.and Gr. biblia, pl. of Gr.
biblion,a little book, biblos, a book, from byblos,
the papyrus, of which paper was made.] জীয়
প্রপূত্ত ; The holy scriptures of the Christians.
Bible class, bi'bl-klas, জীয় প্রপূত্ত পাঠ করিবার
ক্রেপ্টি; Class for studying the Bible.
Bible clerk, bi'bl-klark, n. বে বাৰত প্রশান্তর্কি

Bible clerk, b'bl-klark, দ. বে বালক ধৰ্মণালাৰ উচ্চোৰৰে বাইবেল পাঠ কৰিব। আৰ্থিক সাহাব্য প্ৰাপ্ত দয়; A student who gets certain pecuniary advantages for reading the Bible aloud at chapel. Bible oath, b'bl-bth, দ. বাইবেল বা ধৰ্মপুৰুৰ লগা; An oath taken on the Bible.

Bible society, bibl-so-si'e-ti, এটাৰ ধৰ্মপুৰৰ প্ৰচাৰ কথা; Society for distributing the Bible. Biblical, biblik-al, a. এটাৰ বৰ্মান্ত সৰ্বাৰ; Of or relating to the Bible; scriptural.

Biblicist, biblis-ist, Biblist, n. 384 44414-

चक्क ; वैदेव प्राक्षांचे One skilled in Biblical knowledge. Bibliographer, bib-li-og'raf-er, स. आर्वाचन्यका

One versed in bibliography or the history of

books.

Bibliography, bib-li-ograf-i, n. [ Gr. biblion, a book, graphs, to write, describe. ] পুৰুষ ভ হৰলিপি বিষয়ক বিষয়ণ; রাজ্যেক্সন্ত: A history of books and manuscripts. a. = Bibliographic.

Bibliolatry, bib-li-olat-ri, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, latreia, worship.] পুৰুৰ পুৰা; খ্ৰীটাৰ ধৰ্ম-পুৰকেৰ প্ৰতি কৰা বিধান; Worship or homage paid to books; superstitious reverence for the Bible. Bibliology, bib-li-oloj-i, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, logos, discourse.] পুৰকেৰ বিৰবণ; A treatise on books:—খ্ৰীটাৰ ধৰ্মপুৰক সাহিত্য; The literature or doctrine of the Bible.

Bibliomancy, bib-li-o-māńsī, n. খ্ৰীষ্টাৰ ধৰ্মপুৰক বাবা ভৰিবাৎ কথন ; Divination by the Bible.

Bibliomania, bib-li-o māńi-a, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, and mania, madness] ছুম্মাণা পুৰক সংগ্ৰহের অবল অমুবাগ; Book-madness; the rage for possessing rare and curious books.

Bibliomaniae, bib-li-o-māńi-ak, n. ছ্লাপ্য পুৰুক সংগ্ৰহে কিন্তু ব্যক্তি; One who has a rage for books.

Bibliopolist, bib-li-op'ol-ist, Bibliopole, bib-li-o-pōl, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, pūleō, to sell.] १७०-विदक्ष ; A bookseller.

Bibliotheca, bib-li-o-thékā, n. পুৰকারার; Library; a repository for books.

Bibulous, bibū-lus, a [ L. bibulus—bibo, to drink. ] कन्यापक; Having the quality of imbibing fluids; spongy

Bicapsular, bi-kap'su-lér, a. বিকোধবাৰী; Ha ving two seed capsules to each flower (Botany). Bicarbonate, bi-kar'bon-at, n. [ L. bt (for dvi. from duo, two), twice, and Carbonate ] একপ্ৰকাৰ ৰাসাভবিক পদাৰ্থ, A carbonate or salt having two equivalents of carbonic acid to one equivalent of base.

Bios, bīs, n. [ Fr. bis, bise; orig. unknown.] जीव न नव्य नद: A pale blue or green paint. Bicephalous, bi-sef'a-lus, a. [ L. bis, two and Gr kephale, head, akin to Sans. kapal, the forehead.] विभिन्न: Double-headed.

Biceps, biseps, n. [L. biceps, two-headed—bis, twice, and caput, head.] বিষয় বাংলাপেই ; বাংলা সমূৰ্য বাংলাপেই ; Muscle having two heads or organs; the muscles in front of the arms between the shoulder and elbow.

Bicipital, bi-sip'it-al, Bicipitous, bi-sip'it-us, a. [L. bis, and caput, capitis, the head.] विवक : निर्माद ; Having two heads or organs. Bicker, bikér, v. i. [Acc. to Skeat, bicker='pick-er, to peck repeatedly with the beak.] कत्त कवा; नवाकार कवा कवा; वात्र कुट ; To quarrel; to contend in a patty way; to contend in words: क्यापान है; To quiver: क्यापान कार कवा कवा; To move quickly and tremulously, as running water.

Bickering, biker-ing, w. 44; 44; Quarreling.

Bicycle, bi-sikl, n. [L. bis, twice, and Gr. kyklos, a circle.] বৰপৰিচাৰৰীয় মুই চকেৰ বাড়;
A short of carriage consisting of two wheels, one before the other, which a single person can propel.

Bid, bid, v. t. f A. S. beodan; Goth. bjudan, Ger bieten, to offer. ] আংলাক; আলুবাৰ-ক; আলুবাৰ-ক; আলুবাৰ-ক; আলুবাৰ-ক; আলুবাৰ-ক; আলুবাৰ-ক; আলুবাৰ-ক; লিংক চাঙ্কা; To offer, as a price; to offer:—ইক্ষা বা লুৱাৰ্য-ক; To declare as a wish:—n. বিলাম ডাক; An offer of price, especially at auctions. pr p.=bidding; pa. f.=bid or bade; pa. p.=bid, bidden.

Bid, bid, v. t [A. S. biddan, Goth. bidjan; the connection with Bid, to command, is dub. see Bead.] আৰ্থনা কৰা; To ask for; to pray (nearly obs.) [Compete with at a side. Bid against—কাহাৰ বিপক্ষে অভিযোগিতা-ক; Bid a long farewell—নীৰ্কানের নিষ্টি বিষয়ি নত্য!; Bid adieu for a long time.

Bid defiance—ভুচ্ছ-কু; অবজ্ঞা প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰিয়া বিবাদে আহ্বান কৰা; Defy; to denounce or threaten; to invite to contest by manifesting utter contempt. Bid down—দাম কম-কু; Lower a bidding.

Bid fair—আশা কৰা যাউতে পাৰে, Promise well; to offer a good prospect; As:—And there ended a friendship that bid fair to be lasting.— Goldwin Smith.

Bid for-- निवाय डाका ; Offer for at sale.

Bid one good morning—প্রাতঃকানীৰ অভি-বাদন প্রকাশ করা; স্থেছাত বলিয়া অভিবাদন করা; To express a meeting or a parting salutation to one in the morning; As:—I must bid you good morning as you're going to Rectory.

Bid up-भाष बुक्ति-क ; Raise a bidding.

Bid welcome to one—সভাৰণ-কৃ; আহৰ ৰলিয়া অভাৰ্থনা-কৃ; Receive one with greeting.

To bid beads—নালা স্বলা, To pray with beads as the Roman Catholics.

To bid fairwell to one—বিশায়কাৰে বৰদ আৰ্থনা কৰা; To express a wish of welfare to one at parting.

To bid good-bye to one—বিশাহকানীৰ অভি-বাদৰ কৰা; To express a parting salutation to one. [ price.

Bidder, bidér, n. কেবা; One who offers a The best bidder—বে কেবা সর্বাংশকা উচ্চ গ্লা দিতে বীকাৰ কৰে; The person who offers the largest price; As:—These hireling combatants sold their swords for a time to the best bidder.—Scott. [Combat; offer; invitation. Bidding, biding. n. আংগল; প্রবান : আবান : বাবান : বাব

Do one's bidding—কাহাৰত আংশে প্ৰতিপালৰ কৰা; Do what is commanded by one; carry out one's orders; As:—(a) The senate was forced to do his bidding, and Pompey, at say rate for this year, was his ally.—A. Trollops.

Bide, bid, v. t. [A. S. bidan, Goth beidan.]
নহ-ড়; অংশখা কৰা; To endure or suffer; to
wait for;—v. i. কৌন হানে বাকা; To remain in
a place.

Bide one's time—হবিধা অসম্বান-ড়; Watch for an opportunity; As:—Beset by solicitation to go to Athens, to the Morea, he resolutely held apart, bidding his time, and carefully watching the tide of war.—J. Nichol.

Bidental, be-dental, a. [ L. bis, two and dens, dentis, a tooth, akin to Sans. danta, a tooth. বিশ্ববিশিষ্ট ; Haying two teeth.

Bidet, bi-det or bi-da', n. ঘোটক; A small horse;—পাজ খোড কৰণাৰ্থ শ্যনাগাৱন্থ প্ৰদায়ত্তী বিশেষ; An article of bed-room furniture, used in washing the body.

Biennial, bi-enyal, a. [L bionnalis—bis, twice and annus a year.] বিবাধিক; ছই বংসৰ স্থাৱী; Lasting two years;—n. বিৰণস্থায়ী উত্তিদ্; A plant that lasts two years.

Bier, ber, n. [A. S. bær; Ger. bahre, L. feretrum. From root of Bear, v.] MANIN; A carriage or frame of wood for carrying dead human bodies to the grave.

Biestings, bestings, n. [A. S. bysting; Ger biest-milch.] পাতীৰ অথম হয়; গেলনা হয়; The first milk given by a cow after calving

Bifacial, bi-fa'shyal, a. [L. bis, twice, and Facial—L. facies form, face—facio, to make, akin to Gr. phaine, to cause to appear.] মুইটা সমূল মুধ, বা প্ৰভাৱ বিপৱীত অস্বিভিট্ট; Having two like faces or opposite surfaces.

Biferous, bif'er us, a. [L. bis, twice and ferre, to bear.] विकला; बाद बादम; Bearing fruit twice a year.

Bifid, bifid, a. [L' bis, two and findere, fidi, to cleave.] মুইডানে বিভন্ত: তেবা; Cleft in two Bifurcate, bi-furkkt, Bifurcated, bi-furkkted, a. [L. bifurcus—bis, twice, furca, a fork.] a. বিশাবা বিশিষ্ট; Having two branches; two forked. [sion into two. Bifurcation, bi-furk-a'shun, n বিভাগ; Divi-Big, big, a. বড়; বুইং, একাও; Bulky; large or great;—গভবতী; Pregnant;—ঘটনাগভ; Full fraught with events;—কীও; Distended;—অহ্-দাবী; ব্যক্তিক: Haughty; arrogant. n.—Bigness, big nes—বৃহত্ব; আকার; Bulk; size.

Look big—অহৰাৰী ব্যক্তিৰ মত দেখাৰ ; বডলোকের ভাৰতলি প্ৰকাশ কৰা ; Assume a haughty appearance; assume the appearance of a great man;
——জ্জু-কৃ ; Defy.

Talk big—লখা চৌডা কথাকহা ; Use boastful Big-bellied, big-belid, a. গৰ্ভৰতী ; Pregnant.
Big-sounding, big-sowding, a. উচ্চ বিদাদী;
Having a pompous sound.

Big-swollen, big-swoin, a. ক্ষাত ; পূর্ব ; Much swollen ; ready to burst.

Bigwig, big-wig, n. Gooder (rets; starter (rets; A person in authority; a noble; a person of consequence. As:—Finally not to mention others then walking the Parliament House as budding barristers, afterwards to be judges

or big-wigs of some kind, there was John Gibson Lockhart, yet only in his twenty-first year, and not to be called to the bar till two years hence.—]. Nichol.

Bigamist, big'am-ist, n. বিশয়ীৰ পুৰুষ; One twice married or having two wives at the same time

Bigamy, big'am-i, n. [ Fr.—L. bis, twice, and Gr. amos marriage ] এককালে বিগাছী বা বিগতি কৰণাপ্ৰাধ; The crime of having two wives or two husbands at once.

Biggin, big'in, n. [Fr. be'guin, from the cap worn by the Be'guines, a religious society of women in France.] শিশুৰ টুপি; A child's cap;—
কাঠনিৰ্শিত পাত্ৰ; A small wooden vessel.

Bight, bit, n. [Goth. bingen, A. S. beogan, Ger. biegen, to bend, E. bow.] কুম উপসাধার; ব্যাক; Bend of the shore, small shallow bay; as the Bight of Benin;—দড়িব বেড; The hand or coil of a rope. [entangled.

To hook the bight—বিশ্বন্তিত হত্যা; To get Bigot, beg'ot, n. [Fr. variously derived from the oath by God, used, acc. to the tale, by the Norman Rollo, and then a nickname of the Normans; Beguine, a religious society of women, Visigoth, a Western Goth; and Sp. bigote, a moustache] গোড়া ধন্মন; Bind zealot, one unreasonably attached to some sect or party.

Bigoted, big'ot-ed, a. 4414; Obstinately and blindly attached to some creed or ritual.

Bigotry, big'ot-ri, n. পোড়াখি; ধর্মাকতা; Bind or excessive, zeal, esp, in religious matter.
Bijou, be-zhōö', n. ধবি; A trinket; a jewel;—

কুর বাস ; A little box. plu =Bijoux, be-zhōō'.
Bijoutry, be-zhōō'tri, n. মনি, অনহারাদি কুর ২ শোভনসামনী; Jewelry; small articles of virtue.
Bilatoral, bi-lafer-al, a. { L. bis, twice, and Lateral—L. lateralis—latus, lateris, a side. ]
ভূটিকৈ বিশিষ্ট; বিশাষ্ট; Having two sides.

Bilberry, bister-i, n. called also Whortleberry. [Dan. billebaer, ball-berry, (cf. Billiards); Scot. blaeberry; Ger. blaubeere.] बक्यकाद नहां क जावाद नीह नीहन कर ; A shrub and its berries which are dark-blue. [वार्ती; A sword. Bilbo, bilbō, n [From Bilboa in Spain.] कर-Bilboen, bilbōz, n. (विष्ठ: नृथन: Feet shackles. Bile, bil, n [Fr.—L bilrs, allied to fel, fellis, the gall-bildder.] विश्वतन; A yellow fluid secreted by the liver;—समरहाद: Ill-humour.

Bile-duct, bil-duct, n. शिंड ध्वादिका ; A vessel to convey bile.

Biliary, bilyar-i, a. পিত্তসংখীৰ বা সণিত ; Belonging to or conveying bile. [bile. Bilious, bilyus, a. পিতাৰিত ; Having too much Bilious looking man, n. বিট্ৰিটে বোৰ; A man of irritable temperament.

Bilge, bilj, n. [See Bulge, Belly.] निश्राच पशु-शांत्व डेळ पाण: The protuberant part of a cask at the middle;—पाशांत्व उरलव शांत्वक: The breadth of a ship's bottom, on which she rests when aground:—v. i. बनुदादण पश्चित crest, unter wi that faz berta tust; To spring a leak; to let in water.

Bilge-water, bilj'-waw'ter, n. (बोकाव जनह चन : जारार्व्य जनरम् अन्डि नमन चन ; Water lying on a ship's bottom ; the foul water which gathers in the bottom of a ship.

Bilge-pump, bilf-pump, n. निर्वा चनत्र कन कृतिराज्ञ कन: The pump employed to draw off

the bilge water.

Bilingual, bi-ling'wal, a. [bilinguis-bis, twice, lingua, tongue] विकास मच्छीय न विनिष्ठ ; In two languages; of or containing two languages. Bilinguous, bi-ling'wus, a. [L. bis, twice, lingua, tongue] (मार्चन), Speaking two languages. Biliteral, bi-literal, a. [L. bis, two, and litera, letter] ब्राव्य ; Consisting of two letters.

Bilk, bilk, v t. [Perhaps a dim of Balk.]

আৰ্কনা-ক; পৰিহাৰ কৰা; হডাপ-ক, To deceive; to elude; disappoint;—n. ঠক; এডাৱক; Cheat Bill, bil, n [A S bile, the primary meaning a cutting implement.] পকীৰ চঞ্ছ; The beak of a bird,—য়ে বিশেষ, An instrument used in prunng, cutting &c.,—যুদ্ধান্ত বিশেষ; A kind of battle-axe, formerly used in English infantry;
—কুঠাৰ বিশেষ · A pickaxe,—v i. চঞ্চ বোগ-ক, আগৰ ক, To join bills, as, doves, to caress in fondness

Bill, n [(Lit) a sealed paper, from Low L. billa—bulla. a seal See Bull, an edict.] টাকাৰ হিনাব. দেৱ পৰা, বিল; An account of money; account of goods bought of money owing; As —a tailor's bill;—অবাধিক আইনেব পাণ্ড-পি); A draft of a proposed law;—পিৰিত পৰা; বোৰণা পৰা, বিজ্ঞাপ!; In law, a declaration in writing; an advertisement posted up; placard;—বিশ্বাৰিক পিৰনে চ্বাকা পিৰাৰ ক্ষীকাৰ পৰা; A written engagement to pay a sum of money at a fixed date;—পিৰিত বিশেষ বিশ্বৰণ; Any written statements of particulars.

Bill-sticker, bil-stiker, n (व वाकि विकाशन गाविका (नव: One who sticks bills, one who

posts up placards, &c.

Bill book, bil-book, n. হিনাৰ পদ্ধ; A book in which a person keeps an account of his notes, bills of exchange, the discount of bills.

Bill broker, bil-broker, n. भागान ; One who

negotiates the discount of bill Bill in chancery, ম ব্ৰিয় প্ৰ : A written state-

ment put in or filed in the courts of chancery.
Bill of credit, n. विवासन उन्हें होता कृतिवान
नेता A bill or note for raising money on the
mere credit of a state.

Bill of exchange, n हाँe; বराष हिंदै; An order to pay money at a future date, acknowledged by the party to whom addressed, and made transferable.

Bill of exceptions, a. wirleria: A statement of exceptions to the decision or instruction of a Judge in the trial of a case, made for the purpose of putting the points on record, so as to bring them before superior court or the full bench for review.

Bill of divorce, ". विशेष्टककारी नेख; In the Jewish law, a writing given by the husband to the wife by which the marriage relation was dissolved.

Bill of fare, n. etv) wrate at that; In a hotel, the list of dishes or articles of food.

Bill of food, n. बाम क्राना कानिका; List of dishes at a dinner; in a hotel, a list of articles ready for food.

Bill of indictment, n. वृथिविश्तंत्र कांग्रं; Act of a Grand Jury.

Bill of lading—ৰাহাৰে বাল বোৰাই দিলে পোড়া-বাছ কত্ত প্ৰণন্ত সেই ক্ৰাজাত প্ৰাণ্ডি-বীকার পক্ষ; A paper signed by the master of a ship, by which he makes himself responsible for the safe delivery of the goods specified therein.

Bill of mortality, n. মৃত্যামাণা পৰা; Return of deaths; an account of the number of deaths in a place in a given time; As:—In fact, Johnson's remarks on society beyond the bills of mortality are generally of much the same kind with those of honest Tom Dawson, the English Footman in Dr Moore's Zeluco.

Bill of rights, n. অধিকাৰ পৰ; A summary of rights and privileges claimed by a people. Such was the declaration presented by the Lords and the Commons of England to the prince and princess of Orange in 1688.

Bill of sale, n. বিজ্ঞান , A formal instrument for the conveyance or transfer of goods and chattles.

Bill of the play, n. নাটোবোলিবিত ব্যক্তি এবং অভিনেত্ৰবৰ্ণন তানিকা, List of the characters and actors.

A Bill of entry, n. গিৰিত অব্যেৰ গানা প্ৰ: A written account of goods entered at the custom-house, whether imported or intended for exportation.

A Bill of health or a clean bill of health, 2. আহাজ ছাডিবাৰ পুৰ্নে ভহাবোহীদিশেৰ স্বাস্থ্য প্ৰমাণক পত্ৰ, A document, duly signed by the proper authorities, to certify that when the ship set sail, no infectious disease existed.

A foul bill of health, n. নীড়া বিশ্বেশক পদ্ধ; A document to show that the place was suffering from some infection, when the ship set sail. A true bill, n. অভিযোগ পদ্ৰ; A bill of indictment authorised by the grand jury.

Find a true bill—western wer after दिव-इ; Find the charge to be true.

Billet, bilet, n. [Fr.—dim. of Bill.] কুম বিশি;
A short letter:—নৈভাবিধেৰ বানহান নিৰ্দেশৰ
বিশ্বন পক্ক; A ticket from a public officer directing soldiers at which house to lodge:—v. t.
সৈভাবিধাক বানাৰ বিশি-কু; নৈভাবিধাৰ বানহান
নিৰ্দেশ কৰিবা পেডৱা; To quarter as soldiers.
Billet, bilet, n. [Fr. billot—bille, the young

stock of a tree, prob. of Celt. ong. perh. alied to Bole, the trunk of a tree. ] चानावि काह्नक , A small log of wood used as fuel.

Billet-doux, bil-et-doo', s. [Fr. billet, a letter,

doug, sweet,=2 sweet note. ] (at 4a; A love-letter.

Billiards, bilyardz, n. [Fr. billard-bills, a ball.] पर जोड़ा; A game played with balls on a rectangular table; a game played with a cue or mace and balls on a table having pockets at the sides and corners.

Billingsgate, bilingz-gat, n. ক্ৰেমিড ভাষা; বেছনীৰ ভাষ জ্বত ভাষা; Foul language; ribaldry; vulgar language like that spoken at Billingsgate (the great fish market of London).
To deal in billingsgate—ক্ৰেড ভাষা ব্যক্তাৰ-কৃ: To make use of vulgar language.

To talk billingsgate— रेडन कार्या कर। कर। ; To slang, to slang in a coarse vulgar style.

Billion, bifyun, n. [L. bis, twice, and Milion—Low L. millio—L. mille, a thousand.] মহাপম; A million of millions (1,000,000,000,000); or according to the French method of numeration, one thousand millions (1,000,000,000).

Bilman, bilman, n. বণকুঠাৰধাৰী নৈক ; A soldier armed with a bill.

Billow, bilo, n. [ Ice. bylgja; Sw. bölja, Dan. bölge, a wave-root belg, to swell. See Bilge, Bulge. ] বহনী, উৰ্দ্ধি; A great wave or surge of the sea:—v. i. ভ্ৰম্পিড হত্যা; To roll in large waves.

Billowy, bilট-i, a তরক্তিত ; তরকাষ্থান ; Swelling into billows ; full of billows or surges ; wavy.

Billy, bil-i, n. नाविदक्रक मक; A watchman's club.

Bimana, biman-a, n. [ L. bis, twice, and manus, the hand.] चिरविभिष्टे कह, Animals with two hands.

Bimanous, bi'man us, a. विश्वविनिष्ठे ; Two Bimansal, bi-meńsal, Bimastrial, bc'-meź-tri-al, Bimonthly, bi-munthli, a. [L. bis, two, and mensis, a month.] देशांनिक ; Occurring once in two months,

Bimetallism, bi'metal-izm, n. [A recent coinage, from Gr. bi, double, and Metal-L. metallum—Gr. metallon, a mine, prob from metallao, to search after. ] মূৰ্ব হোগা উভয়বিধ ধাতৃ মুখাৰ প্ৰচলম বীতি; The use as legal tender of coins of two metals at a fixed relative value.

Bin, bin, n. [A. S.] ভাভাৰ; গোলাঘৰ; বান ; A box or inclosed place, used as a repository; a place for storing corn, wine:—v. t. বান্ধে সঞ্জ বাবা, গোলাঘৰে বা ভাভাৱে সঞ্জ কৰা; To store in a bin.

Binary, binar i. a. [L. bini, two by two—bis, twice.] 夏朝; 同智; Compounded of two; double; two-fold.

Binate, binat, a. [ L. bini, two by two—bis, twice.] বোড়া; হুখ : বিভা ; Growing in pairs; double.

Bind, bind, v. t. [n. S. bindan; cog. with Ger. binden, Sans. bandh, to bind. ] यहन म ; To tie together; to fasten:—न्याप्त म ; To restrain or hold:—यसन कांचा वका वा मृत्यः; To protect or strengthen by a band or cover:—वर्ष कविष्ट वाषा-म; To place under a legal obligation; to serve:—v. i. ন্থেচিত-ড়; To contract:—ক্টিন-ছ; To grow hard or stiff:—অবস্ত পালনীয়-ছ; To be obligatory Syn.=Obligs, compel, constrain, fasten, secure; restrict.

Bind down-44-7; Confine.

Bind hand and foot— राज ना बीबा; Render one unable to move.

Bind over—प्रत्नश निशहेश नश्म ; Oblige by a bond to appear at a court.

Bind to—প্ৰতিজ্ঞা বাৰা আৰম্ভ ; To contract; as, to bind oneself to a wife:—বাহাৰত সেবা কৰিতে বাধ্য-কৃ; To oblige; to serve some one.

Bind up in or with—चिष्य एडज ; To cause to be wholly engrossed.

Binder, binder. n. (व পूडक देशिय ; (बन्दकोब ; Book-binder :—-वज्ज ; A bandage.

Bindery, binder-i, n. পুডक वक्तनकातीत (पाकान: A binder's workshop.

Binding, binding, a. অবস্তু পালনীয়; ব্যবকাৰী; Obligatory; restraining:—n. বন্ধন; The act of fastening with a band:—বন্ধনী; A bandage:— পুৰকের জেলন্, পুৰকের আবরণ; The cover of a book:—বাহা কাপড়ের ধার রক্ষা করে; Some thing that secures the edge of cloth.

Bindweed, bindwed, n এক প্ৰকাৰ কডানে বভা; The convolvulus, a genus of plants so called from their twining and binding.

Binnacle, bina-kl, n. [Formerly bittacle—Port. bitacola—L habitaculum, a dwelling place—habito, to dwell.] निश्नभेन यह वीविवाद आधाव: Compass-box; the box in which on ship-board the compass is kept.

Binoole, bina-ki, n [L. binus, two-fold, and oculus, eye ] दिनल पृद्दीका, A telescope fitted with two tubes for both eyes.

Binocular, bīn-ckūl-ar, a. [L. bis, and oculus, eyc.] ডুট চফু বিশিষ্ট; Having two eyes:—ছুই চফু মৰন্ধায়; With or pertaining to both eyes:— ছুই চফুব উপৰোগী; Adapted to the use of both eyes; suitable for two eyes.

Binomial, bi-nonii-al, a. [L. bis, twice, and nomen, a name, a term.] দুই নাম দাবা অভিছিত; Known by two names — দিণদুক; Noting a root composed of only two parts connected by the signs plus or minus:—n. বৈবাদি, বা বিবাদিক সংখ্যা; In algebra, a quantity consisting of two terms or parts.

Binominous, bī-nomin-us, a. [L. bis, two and nomen, name.] इहे नाम हुए ; Having two names.

Biographer, bi-og'raf-er, n. श्रीवनहिंदाशासक ; श्रीवनहिंद (नवक ; A writer of lives ; one who writes biography.

Biography, bi-og'raf-i, n. [Gr. bios, life, grapho, to write.] बीरन हरिष्ठ; बीरन हरिष्ठ क्षित्रन : The history of the life and character of a particular person; the art of writing such history. a.—Biograph'ical, Biograph'ic. adv.—Biographically.

Biology, bi-oloj-i, n. [Gr. bios, tife, logos, a discourse.] कीवव-विकास वा आविवना; The science of life or of organised being. e. - Biolog'ical.

Biologist, bi-ologist, n. जीवसविकासविद ; One versed in biology.

Biparous, bi-parus or bip'a-rus, a. [ L. bis two and parers, to bring forth. ] ব্যৱস্থান কাৰিণ; Bringing forth two at a'birth.

Bipartite, bipart it or bi-partit, a. [ L. bis, twice, partitus, devided portio,—to devide.] IT will us from; Divided into two like parts.

Biped, bi ped, n. [L. bis, twice, ped, foot. Sans. ped, foot. ] विश्वविधि और : An animal having two feet, as man. a.=Biped, Bipedal.

Bipetalous, bi-petal-us, a. [ L. bis, two, petalum, Gr. petalon, leaf.] five; Having two flower-leaves or petals.

Biquadrate, bī-kwod-rat, n. [L. bis, twice, and quadratus, squared.] बर्ज वर्ज : The fourth power, arising from the multiplication of a square by itself. a.=Biquadratic.

Birch, berch, [A. S. birce; Ice. biork, Sans. burja.] বৃহ্ববিশেষ; কটিন বছৰুছ; কতন্যনেষ কও; Name of a tree; a hardy forest-tree, with smooth, white bark, and very durable wood; a rod for punishment, consisting of a birch twig or twigs. a.=Birch; Birchen (made of birch);—v. t. বেলাবাড-ছ; Flog with birch. Birch-rod, berch-rod, n. বাচ বৃহ্ববিশ্বিত কও; Rod made of birch twigs.

[ flogs.

Bircher, berch-er, n. (बढापाककारी; One who Birching, berching, n. (बढापक; Punishment with a rod.

Bird, berd, n. [A. S bird, the young of a bird, a bird; either from the root of Breed (bredan, to breed) or of birth (beran, to bear). ] 어려; A fowl; feathered animal; -v. t. 어디 (To catch or shoot birds.

Bird-bolt, berd-bold, n. शकी मादिवांव जीव ; An arrow for shooting birds. [catches bird. Bird-catcher, berd-cach-er, n. वाष ; One who Bird's-eye, berdé-i, n. बक सकाव जामांक ; A kind of tobacco;—a. किस्मादिव पर्णन कवी ; जाधी-वर्ष , Seen from above, as if by a flying bird ; seen at a glance , hence, general ; not minute.

Bird lime, berd-lim, n. পদী ধৰিবাৰ আটা ; A sticky substance use to catch birds.

Bird-fancier, berd-faisi-er, n. পদ্ধী পাল্ল-প্ৰিম্ন ব্যক্তি; পদ্ধীবিক্তো; One who has a fancy for reasing birds; one who keeps birds for sale.

Bird-witted, berd-wited, a. চৰুল; Flighty; passing rapidly from one subject to another; in capable of sustained attention. [like character. Birds of a feather—ন্য একুটিব লোক; Men of Bird of Paradise, n. ক্ষাবিশেষ; A perching bird of New Guinea:—আছুবাৰ বেল প্ৰিছিত প্ৰশ্বী বৰ্ণী; A beautiful woman gaudily dressed; As:—Whatever the cause may have been, this bird of paradise having alighted for a moment in Olney, took wing and was seen no more.

Bird of passage, n. (व शकी नकन बकूरक बक-शादन बारक ना ; A migratory bird:—(व वाकि निश्च बक्दार वान करत न।; A person that does not live permanently in one place.

Birds of the same feather flock together—আপৰাৰ অনুস্থা সঙ্গী অনুস্থাৰ-কু; Men choose companions like themselves.

A Bird's-eye glance or yiew—were to शान रहेरण मृष्टि : बहनःशाक भमार्थक अककानीन मर्गन : A view taken from a great height; a view or glance taken of a whole thing or a collection of things at once; As ;-Now would he peep at it through a telescope from the other side of the Meuse, and now would he take a bird's eye glance at it from the top of those gigantic windmills, which protect the gates of the city.-Irving. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush-अनिन्डिक वस अर्थको अन वस विश्वन मूनाबान ; Present or actual enjoyment of a blessing, though it may be of little value, is of greater worth than contingent or fortuitous blessing. however great its value. As :--We're allowed to take a liberty once a year, gentlemen, and if you please w'll take it now; there being no time like the present, and no two birds in the hand worth one in the bush, as is well-known, -Dickens.

A bird of ill omen— TT ; A person who is regarded as unlucky; one who always predicts evil or calamity.

Take a bird's-eye view of—পদীৰ স্থায় চণ্ণ-স্থাৰে দেখা ; To see at a glance,

Bireme, bi'rēm, n. [ L. bis, twice, and remus, an oar.] একপ্ৰকাৰ পুৰাকালীৰ জাহাজ; An ancient vessel with two rows of oars.

Birk, berk, n. Scotch and prov. E. for Birch. Birth, berth, n. जाराय्य मन्य करियां जायां ; A ship's station at anchor. (Same as Berth.) Birth, berth, n. [A. S. beorth, a birth—beran, to bear.] जम; The act of coming into life:—क्य; बर्ज; बर्ज-बर्गाया; Lineage; dignity of family:—वाडायिक ज्या ; Natural state or position:—जिल; जाडायां ; The offspring born:—जान ; The act of bringing forth:—जाण ; Origin; beginning ; as, a nation's birth.

Birth-day, berth-da, 2. खबनिय; The day on which one is born.

Birth-mark, berth-mark, n. प्रवृत्तिकः; Some mark or blemish on the body at birth.

Birth-place, berth-plas, अ. चत्रकृषि; The place where one is born.

Birth-right, berth-rit, n. অনাধিকাৰ; পিতৃসভ; Any right or privilege to which a person is entitled by birth.

By birth - यस एक्ट ; यह राज ; By descent ; by origin ; As :--He (Napoleon) was by birth an Italian of Corsica.--Freeman.

Give birth to— THE CREET; Serie THE; To produce; As:—That he should have become a power among men is a remarkable triumph of the influences which have given birth to Christian civilization.—Goldwin Smith.

Mew-birth, neu-berth, त. प्रक्ष ; वर्षकीयान्य कारण: (Theology) Regeneration. Biseuit, biskit, n. [Lit. bread twice cooked or baked (so prepared by the Roman soldiers); Fr.—L. bis, twice; Fr. cust, baked—L. coquo, coctum, to cook or bake.] विष्ट ; Bread baked hard:—मुग्रम्भात ; An unglazed earthen ware. Biseot, bī-sekt, v. t. [L. bis, twice, and seco, sectum, to cut.] मुद्दे नगान करान विष्ट कर्या; To cut in two sound pasts.

cut in two equal parts. Bisection, bi-sekshun, n. ছুই ন্যাৰ অংশে বিভাগ;

Division into equal parts.

Bisegment, bi-segment, n [ L. bis, seco, sectum, to cut. ] স্মান বেধাৰ বৰাৰ আহ্বাংশ; The exact half of a line.

Bisexual, bi-sekshoo-al, a. [ L. bis, twice and Sexual—seco, to cut. ] ৰপ্ষেত সংখ্যান; Of both sexes:—ৰীকেশৰ ও পুৰুষকেশৰ বিশিষ্ট পুলামৰ্থীয়; ( Bot. ) applied to flowers which contain both stainens and pistils within the same envelope.

Bishp, bishop, n. [A S. bisceop—L episcop—us—Gr. episkopos, an overseer—epi, upon, shopēo, to view ] ধর্মানুক; A spiritual super-intendent — নীয়ধনসম্ভাম মধ্যে প্রধান আচার্যা; The highest of the three orders of Christian mainistry.

Bishopric, bishop-rik, n. [A. S ric, dominion.] ধ্ৰধাৰাচাৰ্যোৱ পদ, The office of a Bishop:—প্ৰধাৰাচাৰ্যোৱ অধিকাৰ; The jurisdic-

tion of a Bishop.

Bismuth, biźmutn, n. [Ger. bismuth, wissmuth; Org unk.] ধাতু বিশেষ; A brittle metal of a reddish white colour used in the arts and in medicine.

Bison, bi'son. n [From L and Gr but prob. of Teutonic origin] উত্তর আমেধিকাবাদী জন্ত বিশেষ; মার্কিশ মহিল; A quadruped of North America, popularly but incorrectly called the buffalo.

Bisque, bisk, n কৰস্বাৰ দোণোডা মুণোতা, A species of unglazed porcelain, twice passed through the furnace

Bissextile, bis-sextil, n [L. bis, twice, and sextus, sixth, so called because in every four or leap year the sixth day before the calends of March, or the 24th February, was reckoned twice.] অধিবংসৰ, প্রভাক চতুর্ব বংসর; Every fourth year; leap-year:—a. প্রতি চতুর্ব বংসর সম্বাধি; Pertaining to leap-year.

Bister, bister, Bistre, n. [Fr. bistre, from bis, fem. bise, brown.] अक्रयकार वृद्ध; A brown colour made from the soot of wood.

Bisulphate, bi-sulfat, n. [L. bis, twice, and Sulphate.] একএকাৰ কাৰত পদাৰ্থ; A double sulphate.

Bit, bit, n. বলুগা; বাগানের বে লোহনত অংশ বোডার মুখে বেডার হয়; ধলীল; The iron part of a bridle which is inserted in the mouth of a horse:—
ছুত্র থত: মুখতবা আগ; এক আগ; খতাল পরিবাণ;
A small piece; a mouthful; a little:—এক
একার মুলা; A small coin of the West Indies:—
ছুবপুল; ছিত্র করিবার কুত্র যত; A small tool for boring holes:—ছ. চ. অবের মুখে বলুগা নাগাল; বংশ বাধা; To put the bit in a horse's mouth; to cestrain, pr. p.—bitting; pa. p.—bitted.

Bit by hit—बर्ग काय ; यह यह विश्व ; A fragment or a small piece at a time; part by part; As:—Northern Touraine won bit by bit. Bitch, bich, n. [A. S. bicce, Ice. bikkia.] कृत्यो ; The female of the canine kind:—यमणी; A name of reproach for a woman.

Bite, bit, v. t. [A. S. bitan; Goth beitan, Ice, bita, akin to L. fid, Sans. bhid, to cleave.] परज्ञ कवा; पढ्यादा (इयन कवा; To crush or seize with the teeth, to tear with the teeth, to tear with the teeth;—चाना (पठ्या; हन विक कवा वा बांच्या (एठवा; To cause sharp pain or smarting; to sting or pain;—वाडावाववा; To cheat; to trick;—वानिया वाचा; To hold fast;—विवादाव वा निवादाविया (क्या एववा; To wound by reproach. pa. p.=but or bittén.

Bite, bit, e. e. বাছ দিয়া ধৰা বা আঘাত কৰা; To seize or wound with the teeth or mouth;—
যথা বেওৱা; To cause, hurt, pain or injury;—
n. মংশৰ; Grasp by the teeth; As:—The bite of a dog:—সংশৰ; The wound made by the teeth;—কাষ্ড; গ্রাস; A morsel; a mouthful;—বেবখন; A cheat, a trick;—প্রকৃত্ত, A sharper.
To bite in—ফুকুবা; To corrode or eat into metallic plates by means of an acid.

To bite the dust, or the ground—যুত্য ঘলা ভোগ কৰিতে কৰিতে ভূমিতে প্ৰিত হওয়া, To fall in death-agonies;—সম্পূৰ্কিপে পৰাজিত ইওয়া, To be disgracefully beaten.

To bite the thumb—কলা পেৰাৰ; Formerly a mark of contempt designed to provoke a quarrel. Biting, biting, a. তীৰ; Sharp; severe; sarcatic

Bittor, biter, a. [A. S bitan, to bite.] जिल ; Having a particular acrid biting taste ;— कड़े-नावक ; Calamitous ; poignant ;— नीलानाक , Piercing ; painful ;— छोत्र , कहे , Harsh , stern ; — चःश्वनक ; Mournful , distressing ;— निहेद , Cruel. adv.=Bitterly.

Bitterish, biter-ish,a. ইবং ডিড ; Slightly bitter. Bittern, bitern, n. [M. E. bittour.—Fr.—Low L. butorius (bos taurus.) বৰজাতীয় পঞ্চী, A wading bird of Europe related to the heions

Bitterness, biter-nes, n. তিক্তভা, কটুভা; Quality of being bitter,—গভীর ধনোবেদনা; Deep distress of mind;—ভীত ভাষা; A biting sarcasm. Bitters, biterz, n. কটু উত্তিদ হইতে উৎপন্ন মৃদ্য বিশেষ; Liquor prepared from bitter herbs or roots.

Bitumen, bi-tu'men, জ. ৰাজুৰ বৈশেষ কাধাৰণ ৰাম; শৈপৰ ভৈল; বেটে ভৈল; A name applied to various inflamable mineral substances, as naptha, petroleum, asphabtum; the mineral pitch or tar. a.=Bituminous.

Bituminate, bi-tumi-nat, Bituminise, bi-tumi-niz, v. t. শৈলৰ তৈলেয় সহিত মিন্তিত হওয়, বা শৈলৰ তৈল পৰিবাহিত করা; To mix with or make into bitumen.

Bivalve, bivalv, n. { L. ôis. twice, valva, a valve. } न्यूक्षांत बढ़; An animal having two valves or shells consisting of two parts, which open and shut:—तेष्ट्रांद; A seed-vessel of like kind. a.=Bivalvular, Bivalvulous, Bivalved.

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Bivonac, bivoo-ak, n. [ Pr.—Ger. beiwachen, to watch beside—bei, by, watchen, to watch ] বুৰ কৰিবাৰ অপোষাৰ বুজনীতে অনায়ত ছানে নেৰা-লিখেৰ অবছিতি; The encamping of soldiers for the night without coverings or tents in readiness for immediate action; night-encampment:—হণহুলেৰ বছৰী; The guard or watch of a whole army as in case of attack:—v. i পাছাৰা-দে, To watch or be on guard, as a whole army — অনায়ত হানে বজনী বাগন কৰা; To encamp during the night without tent or covering; to pass the night in the open air

Bi-weekly, bi'-wekli, a. বৈদাপ্তাহিক, বা বাবা স্থাৰে মুইবাৰ হয়; Properly, occurring once in two weeks, but usually twice in every week

Bizarre, bi-zar', a. [Fr—Sp. bizarro, highspirited.] অমুড; অসামান্ত, অমিতাচার, Odd., fantastic; extravagant.

Blab, blab, v. i. [An imitative word, found in Dan. blabbre, Ger plappern.] প্ৰলাপ বৰা, অভি-বিক কয়; পত্ন বলা; To utter in a thoughtless manner; to talk much, to tell tales —v ঃ গোপনীৰ বিষয় প্ৰকাশ কয়া, To tell what ought to be kept secret —n. গুলু বিষয় প্ৰকাশকায়ী; A blabber Blabber, blaber, n. অল্লক; A tattler; a tell-taler

Black, blak, a. [ A S. blac. black. ] স্থ-ৰণ ; তাল ; Of a darkest colour — অন্ধ্ৰারারত ; Very dark or gloomy — কুন্ধ ; Sullen — নিতান্ত শালী , Atrociously wicked , horrible :— ছ্ৰংকনত , Dismal; mournful , calamitous

Black, blak, n. ঘোৰ কৃষ্ণৰ বা বৰ্ণিহীনলা; বৰ্ণাভাৰ: আন্তিকা দেশীয় কৃষ্ণৰ লোক; The darkest colour or rather a destitution of all colour: absence of colour; a Negro — হ্ৰেম্চক কৃষ্ণৰ পৰিবেম; A black dress for mourning

Black, blak, v t কৃষ্বৰ্ণ করা, অপাধিষ্কৃত বা কল্ফযুক্ত করা, To make black, to soil or stain.

In black and white—লিপিবন; লাই লিখিড ( অর্থাৎ নিঃসংক্ষতে ), In writing or print, in plain writing and printing; As,—I must have that state-ment in black and white [one.

Look black upon one—শ্যান , To threaten Be black and blue—(বাবিষা) কালনিটে পড়ান ; Have the skin marked black and blue ; As — (a) Plantus tell us that if a boy missed a single letter in his reading, he was soon black and blue all over :—Prof. Wilkin. (b) Mamma was pinching her ladyship's arm black and blue.

In black—মুতের নিমিন্ত শোকস্থাক কুম্বর্ণ পরিছেদ পরিষ্ঠিত; in a mourning (black) dress.

Black and blue— খাৰাডফনিত কালনিটে দাগ; The dark colour of a bruise in the flesh, which is accompanied with a mixture of blue.

Black-Act—ব্ৰহা বিশেষ; A Law, which makes it felony to appear armed in any park with the face blackened or disguised.

Black-art—रेजनान , (कांकविष्णा ; Magic ; necromancy ; conjuration.

Black-ball—ছুড়া কুছৰণ কৰিবাৰ উপাদান; A composition for blacking shoes, boots &c:—
"না" হুচক কুকৰণ ছটিকা; A ball of black colour,

used as a negative in voting :—v. i. ন্যাক্ত বা কৰা; কোন ব্যালকে মনোনীত না কৰা; To reject by putting black ball into a ballot box; not to admit to a club [ of the bramble. Black-berry, blak-ber-i, n. কাল্ডান; The fruit Black-bird, black berd, n. পুখন পদী বিশেষ; A singing bird with a fine note.

Black-book, blakbook, n. বাজ্যের বা সম্প্রদারের হুগাভি প্রকাশক পুত্রক; A book exposing abuses in church and state —ভোজবিদা সম্ভীয় পুত্রক; A book which treats of necromancy.

To be in black books—কাহাৰত অসুগ্ৰছ হুইছে বিকিছ ছব্যা, To be out of favour.—অপৰাধী হুইয়া থাকা, To be marked, in the book of recording crimes as an oflender; As —Webb's regiment was known to be in the commander-in-chief's black-books.—Thackeray.

Blackboard, blakbord, n বিদ্যালয়ে অন্ধণাভ করিবার কৃষ্ণৰ বোর্ড; কৃষ্ণৰ কাঠদলক; A board used to write or draw on with chalk.

Black-browed, blakbor'od, a. ভাষ্চক; ভীতি-ভিৎপাদক; Gloomy, dismal, threatening.

Black-cattle, blak-katl, n বংগৰ নিষিত্ত পালিত ণোজাতি, Oxen scared for slaughter.

Black-cap, blakcap, n মৃত্যুদভাজা দিবার কানে বিধারণতি যতকে যে উনীয় পরিধান করেন; The Judgment cap, worn by a judge when he passes sentence of death on a prisoner.

Black-cook, blakcok, n. পকীবিশেষ; A fowl called also black grouse and black game.

Black-current, blak-kur'ant, n একপ্ৰকাৰ
উপান লভা; A garden shrub with black fruit
u ed in making preserves. [ and disaster.
Black-day, blak'da,n হুংখেব দিন, Day of gloom
Black-death, blak'deth, n. জনপদ স্বাংশকারী
বাাধি বিশেষ, মহামাধী, A putrid typhus, which
block out in Europe in 1348, and carried off
25 millions of peeple, a plague.

Risck-flag, blak-flag, n. দস্তার কুকার্ব পাতাকা; The flag of a pirate, trom its colour.

Blackfriar, blakfri-ar, n. বাৰক সম্পায় বিশেষ;
A friar of the Dominican order called also preaching friars.

[ তাৰ; The devil. Black gentleman, blak-gentl-man, n. স্ম-Black-guard, blag'ard, n কুডায় লোকভাষী;
নীচন্দ্ৰকৃতিৰ লোক; A scurrilous person of low character —v. ৷. গালি বৰ্ণ ক্যা; To revile in currilous language :—a. নীচন্দ্ৰকৃতি; অ্লীকভাষী;
Low, scurrilous. n.=Blackguardism.

Black lead, blak-led, n. পেলিলাদি প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ এক প্ৰকাৰ কৃষ্ণৰ পাড়; সীসক , A black mineral u d in making pencils, &c; graphite.

Blick-log, blakleg, n. প্রথক ; A swindler ; n cheat .—নীচপ্রকৃতি স্বাবাজি , A low gambling follow.

Plack-letter, blaklerer, n লাগেৰ ইংৰাজী অকৰ; The old English or modern Gothic letter.

Black-letter day, blakleter-da, n. ज्ञा विव ; An unlucky day.

Black letter dog, blaklefer-dog, n. युवाविद ; প্রভ্তবিद ; Antiquarian, who tries to find out black letter copies of books. Plack-list, blaklist, n. কা লোগৰে অভয় বাজি-বিগের কালিকা; Lists of persons suspected of insolvency and bankruptcy.

Disck-mail, blakmail, n. [Black and A. S. mail, tribute, toll.] দ্যাদিগতে অদত অৰ্থ; Money given to freebooters by way of exempting property from plunder:—অৰ্থাক্তেপ বে কল প্ৰত্য কৰা হয়; Any tax unfairly or unjustly exacted:—
ভল দেশাইয়া চাকা আদাল; Extortion of money by threats.

Black monday, blak-munda, n. ছটিব পৰ বালকগণকে হে দিবস পুমৰ্কার বিদ্যালয়ে ঘাইতে হয়, The day on which boys go back to school.

Black monk, blak-mungk, n. বাজক; A Benedictine. [Scurrilous; grossly abusive Black mouthed, black-mouthd, আনীলভাৰী; Black-rod, black-rod, n. কৃত্ত-প্ৰধানী কৰ্মচাৰী-বিশেষ; The usher of the order of the Garter and of Parliament, so called from the black rod which he carries.

Black-sheep, blak-shep, n. কুলাজার, A disgrace to the family; one in a family or company who is unlike the rest and gives trouble.

Black-smith, blaksmith, n. কৰ্মকাৰ; লোহকাৰ, A smith who works in iron.

Black thorn, blakthorn, n. একজাতীয় কৃষ্ণ কটক; A species of dark-coloured thorn, the sice.

Black-vomit, blak-vomit, ল. কুফার্ব পদার্থকু বনি; A vomiting of dark-coloured matter.

Black-a-moor, blaka-muur, n. কৃষ্ণৰ মূল; কালি; A Negro; a black moor:—a. মু:সাধা কাবো নিয়ন্ত; Washing the black-a-moor white, s. e engaged upon a hopeless and useless task. The allusion is to one of Æsop's fables so entitled. Blacken, blakn, v. t. কৃষ্ণৰ-কু; To make or render black:—অক্কাৰে আবৃত-কু; To darken; to cloud:—মূৰ্ণা-কু; To sully; defame; as, reputation, As, vice blackens the character:—

v. i. কৃষ্ণৰ হত্ত্বা; To grow black.

Blacking, blaking, v. চৰ্মাদি কৃষ্ণৰ কৰিবাৰ এক
একাৰ পদাৰ্থ; A substance used for Ulacking
leather, &c.

Bladder, blader. n. [A. S. blædr—blavan; O. Ger. blahan, blajan, to blow; Ger. blase, bladder—blasen, to blow; cf. L. flat-us, breath] মুৱাধাৰ; মুৱাখাৰ; The urinary vessel:—পেট্ৰা; বায়ু বা বাবিপুৰ্ব কুমু ধলি; A thin bag distended with liquid or au; the air-vessel of a fish.

Bladdered, bladerd, Bladdery, blader-i, a. मुखावादवर कीच ; Swelled like a bladder.

Blade, blad, n. [A. S. blod; Ice blad, Ger blatt.] পতা; দল; The leaf or flat yard of the leaf of any plant:—অন্তেম কলক; The cutting part of an instrument, as the blade of a knife:—অন্তেম্ব কাৰি. The scapula or the broad bone of the shoulder:—নিতাক, তেজপীয় ব্যক্তি; A rake, a bold forward man:—কেপনীয় প্ৰস্কু আন্তৰ;—ক্ষুত্ৰ প্ৰধান বয়গা; One of the principal rafters of a roof:—v. i. পত্ৰ বা খনক বিশিপ্ত কথা; To furnish with a blade,

A knowing blade—ছকু বোক; Sharp fellow. A regular blade—ছুকুবাৰু; Fop.

Bladded, bladed, a. প্রবিশিষ্ট; Furnished with a blade or blades.

Blain, blan, n. [A. S blegen, a blister, probfrom blawan, to blow ] (香花寺; 香香寺; 春春寺; 本 a pustule; a blister.

Blame, blām, v. t. [Fr. blāmer, blasmer—Gr. blasphēmeō, to speak ill. See Blaspheme.] বিশা-ক; To censure; to find fault with:—n. খোবাৰোপ; Censure; reprehension; the impulation of a fault:—বোৰ; পাপ; Fault; crime; sin. Syn.=Censure, accuse; condemn, reprove, upbraid, reprimand, rebuke, clude, reproach.

He is to blame—ভিনি নিশাই; He is to be blamed; he is to be censured.

Lay the blame on-first. Accuse.

Blamable, blama-bl, a. নিজাৰ্ছ; দোষী; নিজনীয়; Deserving of censure; culpable; faulty; reprehensible. n. -- Blamableness.

Blameful, blamisool, a. শিলনীয় ; লেখী ; Reprehensible ; criminal. adv.=Blamefully.

Blameless, blaniles, a. चनिमा; निर्माप; निर्माप; निर्माप; निर्माप; निर्माप; निर्माप; suittless; innocent; irreprochable. n.= Blamelessness; adv.=Blamelessly.

Blameworthy, blamwur-thi, a. নিশাৰ্থ; অপ-বাধী; Worthy of blame; culpable.

Blanch, blansh, v. t. [Fr. blanchir—blac, white See Blank.] 電子寺; To whiten .—電子科 電影 ; To grow or become white.

Blanc-mange, bla-mawngzh, n. [Fr. blanc. white, manger, food.] as As (1944); A white, jelly prepared with milk.

Bland, bland,a. [ L. blandus, perh =mla(n)dus =E. mild.] বিশ্ব : কোমল : Mild., soft, gentle. n.=Bladness ; adv.=Blandly

Blandation, blanda-shun, n cotucture, Gross flattery.

Blandiloquent, blandilo twent, a र 1. blandus and loque, to speak । १०,वारमार पूर्व. १वह कार्य पूर्व (Of soft and flattering speech. n= Blandilóquence.

Blandish, blandish, v f [L blandus, mild.] ভোষাবেশ্য-কু; আগৱ-কু; শান্ত-কু, To flatter, to soothe; to caress.

Blandishment, blandish-ment, n. [Fr. blandissement, O. Fr. blandir, to flatter—I.. blandus, mild.] हिन्द-पृक्षकादक विश्व वचन ; তোবাবোদ; Sweet words, tending to win the hearts, flattery; artful caresses.

Blank, blangk, a. [Fr. blanc, from root of Ger. blinken, to glitter—O. H Ger. blichen. Gr. phlegein, to shine.] পুত্ত; আনিখিত; Empty, void; without writing—তক্ত; White or pale:—তম্মেল , হতপুত্ত, হতাপ ; নিক্সংসাহ; Pale from fear or terror, confused, confounded; dispirited; dejected:——অনুক্রিক্সাক্রিক্সিলিই; Without rhyme:—কেবল; সম্পূর্ণ; Pure; unmingled; mere:—

শুক্তবান; Any void space:—নিক্সন বিশেষ; A ticket in a lottery which draws no prize:—
সাক্ষা ক্রেক্স, A paper unwitten.—চীপ্রাধি বা

চাল बचाहित सङ्ग (बान (बबा ; The white part of a target-point to which arrow is directed.

Blank-catridge, blangk'-kär'trij, n. ভাৰিহীম টোটা; A catridge without a bullet-

Blank shot— its wissts; freil es are is.

Shots from which no balls are discharged; hence threatending in nothing; As:—Pope availed himself of this rule to fire the most sounding of blank shots across the path of the piratical curli.—Leslie Stephen.

Blanket, blangket, n. [Fr. blanchet, dim. of blanc, from its usual white colour.] কমল; গুট; A woolen cover for a bed — v. t. ( দাকা দিবাৰ ক্ষ্য) কমলে অভাইমা গড়ান; To toss in a blanket by way of punishment — কমল মানা আফ্রাদিভ
; To cover with a blanket.

Blare, blar, n. [M E blaren, orig. blasen, from A. S. blasan, to blow. L. flare, to blow.] stepts; Roar; a bellowing noise:—v. i. Stor-

Blarney, blar'ni, n. [Fr. legend of Blarney castle, Ireland.] (তাবামোট . Smooth, deceitful talk: flattery; sugared words (Irish).

Blaspheme, blas-fem, v. t. [Gr. blasphemeo-blapto, to hurt, phemi, to speak See Blame. ইবৰ নিশা-ক; গালি দেওবা ও পপথ করা; To speak of God in terms of impious irreverence; to curse and sweat :—v. i. ইবৰ নিশা-ক; To utter blasphemy.

Blasphemer, blas-semer, n केवन निम्माकादी; One who speaks of God in impious and irreverent terms.

Blasphemous, blas'fem-us, a. ইয়ৰ নিশাপুৰ্ণ; Impious; containing blasphemy.

Blasphemy, blassem-r, n नेवर निका: अभिरेख डाना ; Reproachful, contemptuous or irrevent words uttered impiously against God; profane language. Syn =Profaneness, imprety, swearing. Blast, blast, n. [A. S. blæst-blæsam, to blow; Ger blasen.] क्षिकांदक दाव्; वाजाम ; A gust of wind; a permicious wind —वानावदञ्च कानि; The sound of a wind instrument - वायुव अवल अवार ; বেশে বায় নিৰ্গমন ; Forcible stream of air :--পৰ্বাছ विमीर्गकालीन बाङ्गरमद मनम (फाउन : A violent explosion of gunpowder in spliting rocks and of inflammable air in mine :-- মেবদিবের একপ্রকার বোৰ; A flatulent disease of sheep; -- v. i. মষ্ট-কু; To blight:—আকস্মিক হুৰ্যটনা বাৰা আক্ৰান্ত-কু; উত্থনিত-কু; To affect with some sudden violence, plague or calamity ;—বলপুর্বাক আঘাত-কৃ; To strike with force :--वाक्रण बाबा शक्ख विभीर्न-क ; To split rocks by an explosion of gunpowder :-- विक्ल-क ; To frustrate.

Blast-furnace, blast-fur'nis, n. পোহপিও ত্ৰ-কারী তথ্য বায়ু সংগণিত চুল্লি; A furnace for smelting iron ores into which hot air is blown.

Blasting, blasting, n. বাজগাদি খাবা প্রত্য বিদারণ; The separating of masses of stone by means of an explosive substance.

Bistant, blatánt, a. [ A. S. blatan, to bleat. ] श्वासकारी; नीनी सकारी; (यर वा नक्त सक्कारी; (नीन्मानकारी; Bellowing as a call; noisy. Bisther, blather, n. [ L. blaterare, to prate. ]
ভালা-ক; To talk idly:—n. ভালা ; Idle talk.
Blase, blaz, n. [ A. S. blæse, a torch, from
root of Blow.] অধিশিলা; Flame:—প্ৰচাৰ;
বিকাল; বিপ্ৰিণ ; Publication; wide diffusion;
display:—v. হৈ শিখানত অবিশা উঠা; To shine
with flame:—বিশাত-ত; To be conspicuous:—
(ঘাৰণা-ক; To publish far and wide; proclaim.
In a blaze—প্ৰথাক হত্যা; All on fire; As:—
The tapestry, the building, the wains coats
were soon in a blase.—Macaulay. (b) This
was sufficient to fire the train of Mr. W's susceptible feelings, and his hole heart was in a
blaze instantly.—Warren.

To blaze a tree—ছকেৰ বিৰদংশ কাটিবা বৃহ্বকে চিহ্নিত কৰা; To make a white mark by cutting off a piece of the bark.

Blazon, blazn, v. t. [Fr. blason, a coat of arms, from root of Blaze. ] अठाव-क ; To display; to make public; to announce with a trumpet; As:-To blason his own worthless name—Cowper:---আগ্রন্থ-কু; To deck; to adorn :--কোলীয়স্টক চিহ্ন আৰিত বা বিশদৰূপে बांशा क्या ; To draw or to explain the figures on armourial bearings -n. क्लीन अमिक ; वर्ष বা সমান্ত বংশপরিচায়ক চিহ্নাদি সম্বন্ধীয় বিদ্যা বা নিয়মা-बनी; The art of heraldry; the science or rules of coats of arm :-- आहर्य ; अवान : Pompous display, show; publication. [claims; a herald. Blazoner, blazn-er, n. (4) vo; One who pro-Blazonry, blazn-ri, n. কুলীৰ পদ্চিহ্পুচক ব্যাখা-काबी विणा ; The art of describing or deciphering coats of arms in proper terms :-- কুলীৰ भनशहक हिन्द अवान वा अवर्गन ; (कोलिस-हिन्द ; The exhibition of arms.

Bleach, blech. v. t. [A. S. blacian, to grow pale, from root of Bleak.] एक-कृ, To whiten:—v. i. एक-ए; To grow white. Syn.—Whiten, blanch, ettolate. [place for bleaching. Bleaching, blecheri, n. रह एक दिवाद हाए दिला, bleching, n. रह एक दिवाद हाएगो, The act or art of whitening, especially cloth

Bleaching powder, bleching pow'der, ন. গুৰুণ কৰিবাৰ চুৰ্ণ; A powder for bleaching, consisting of chloride of lime.

Bleck, blek, a. [ A. S. blac, blac, pale, shining; a different word from blac ( without accent ), black. The root is bliran, to shine. ] यन्त्राण्यः भावत्रशैनः भानात्रकः Desolate: unsheltered; exposed :--- আতি নীতন; Cold and chcerless. n =Bleakness. [ white river-fish. Bleak, blek, n. विखर्ग म्यम विश्व ; A small Blear, bler, a. (as in Blear-eyed, bler'-id) [Low Ger. bleer-oged, 'blear-eyed'. ] वान्ता; क्छवारा शैनपृष्ट ; Dim or sore with rheum ; blurred with inflamation :--- v. t. ঝাগুলা-ক ; To make dim. Bloat, blet, v. i. [ A. S. blatan ; L. balare, Gr. bleche, a bleating; root bla; formed from the sound. ] (यववर भाष-क ; To cry as a ship :-- n. যেবেৰ পৰা; The cry of a ship. Sheep. Bleating, bleting, n. cares sis; The cry of a

Bleed, bled, v: [A S. bledan See Blood]
বক্তম্বন, To loose blood —হত-হ, To die a
wident death or by slaughter —বিন্ধুপাত হলা,
বহিৰ্গত হলা, To drop as blood —বন বা আটা
বিশ্বত হলা, To lose sap, gum or juice, as from
an incision —টাকা বেলা বা খোছান, To pay or
lose money —v t. বক বোক্তম ক To let blood
—টাকা এহন-ক To take money from,—pa. t
and pa p bled

The heart bleeds—নহাত্তি বণত তেপ অনুভব করা Denotes extreme pun from sympathy or

pity

To take a man blood— কিছুৰ জন্ম চাহাকে অধিক টাকা বিতে বাধা কু, To make him pay dearly for something

Bleeding, bleding, n রক্তমাৰ, বজুনাফা নক বাহির কারবার প্রণালী A hemorrham, di harge of blood the operation of letting blood—a বক্তাক্ত, Flowing with blood or purce

Blemish, blemish n [Fr lleme pale, O Fr blesmer to stain—lee bleman, had colour—bler, Blue ] পোৰ কৰক ৰুংমা ছিল ছুণাম ছিবছাৰ Stain, flaw, taint disgrace reproach—v t মনিৰ কু ছুণাম-ক কুংমা কৰা To tarnish, to defame—ৰঙ্ক To mar Syn=Defect flaw fault, spot speck

Biench, blensh, ব : [From the root of Plink ] সন্ধাতে হওয়া পশ্চাদপদ হওয়া, বিমুখ হও ! To shrink to start back to flinch —৩ t বিষয়-কু, নিৰাশ কু To biffic to disappoint

Blend, blend, v: [A S blandan] শিখিত কু, বিশুখা কৰা, To snix to either confound v: মিশ্রিত ২০বা, Io bi mixed or mingled p a Blended and Blent Syn=Mingle unite Blend, blend n মিশ্র A mixture

Blende, blend n [(rr Fr blenden to dazzle] महाद वनि , An ore of zinc.

Bless, bles v t [A S blessan bletsian to bless, from blith sian or blissian to be blithe—b ithe happy, or from blota; to kill for sacrifice to concerate ] মুখা ফু মৌ-গোশালী কহা, মুখ ইছো কহা, Io make happy, to make pics perous, to wish happiness to —আনিহাল প্রার্থনা কহা, To invoke a blessing upon —গান ফু প্রশানা কহা, গৌরবাধিত করা To prais to gloufy—খত্ত ব্লিমা আন কহা Io est em happy, As I he nations shall bless themselves all—Bible pa p blessed or ble t

Blessod, blc cd a খন্ত , দৌত'লাশালী পুৰী Prosperous , hippy ,— ভ hraught with hap piness — গুলাৰ সূধ নৰ্মীৰ অধ সুধে সুধী দিছ নোকপ্ৰাপ্ত Enjoying or pertaining to heave thy felicity , happy in heaven — প্ৰীয় , Heavenly — প্ৰিল্ , Hallowed by issociation

I'll be blessed if I do it—পামি ইং। বধ্য কার্য না, I am resolved not to do it

Blossodness, blesed-nes n খণীর মুধ, দীবরামু ক্লন্ত Hervenly felicity, the layour of God,— পান্তব্য, Sanctity.

Single blessedness—wattles with, The unmarried state

Blessing, n. नानेसीन, Benediction - जारन

উপায় , ৰজনকাৰী বস্তু , সুধের নিশাৰ , A means of happiness that which promotes welfare.

Blest, blest, a आवस्त्रक, Made or making hippy, cheering

Blew, blow pa t of Blow

Blind, blind a [A S b'ind, lee blinde]
অন্ধ Not hiving sight — বিশারকরণে অক্ষয়,
ত নাম অক্ষ [ mable t under tind or judge,
ignorant — ক্ষুণাৰ, পাপৰত Morally deprated — গুল কিছাৰ Uns en hidden, without an opening — / ক্ষুণ্ত To deprive of
sight — অক্ষাবাজ্য করা ক্ষুক্তাৰ আয়ুম্ম বাধা,
To darken to becure the eye — ক্ষুণাৰ কু,
প্রক্লা-কু ক্ষাম্ম বা বুটিশাক্ষ্য করা To darken
the understanding, to deceive, to dazzle — ল
আবরণ, প্রদা A creen a cever, As "a blind
for a window " — স্কুণা বুজির আয়ান্ত বস্তু বিপথে
পাইলাক প্রদার্থ, Simething to mislead the eye
or the understanding, something to mislead —
হ্যা A shale Syn — Eyeless, unseeing
A blind ditch— অন্ধ্রণ, One which cannot be

নলে A blind lano—বদ্ধানি, বে গণি দিয়া বাভারতেত্ব পৰ নাই A line without any nullet

Blind as a beetle of a mole—verify system of secing, As—(a) You know I am short short-sighted—blind as a beetle and not very well versed in shooting matters—Warren (b) Why then I may as well mike my will, for I am as blind as a mole—Wirren

Born blind—তথান Blind from birth Blinded by lust—কাথান, Deprived of intellectual or moral discernment through lust

Blind-fold, blindfold a [M E blindfellen, from A S fyllan fellan, to fell or strike down— struck blind, not conn with fold.] वक्ष्य, Having the eyes covered or bandaged, so is not to see — कानांक, किहारीन, चिरावती, Illaving the ment il eye darkened, thoughtless, reckless—v t (पिराड वार्य (मन्द्रा), क्ष्य कर्या; To hinder from seeing, to cover the eyes.— विभाग विद्या वार्य वार्य निवास कर्या वार्य वार्य कर्या।

Love is blind- পেয় তথ্য অৰ্থাৎ হিভাহিত বিবেচনা
প্ল One in love is without power of judging

Blind-man's-bull, n. aininife (an); A play, in which one person is blindfolded, and hunts out the rest of the company.

Blind man's holiday—(বার্কিকাল; The hours of dusk, when it is too dark to work and too soon to light candles. As, All are then exempt from work like blind men, who keep perpetual holiday.

Blind of an eye—as rath; ath; Destitute of one eye; having one eye deprived of the power of seeing; As:—Barre who fought near Wolf, received in the head a ball which made him blind of one eye, ultimately of both.

Blind side, blind sid. n. पश्चाद्य व्यवस्था वी द्याप: The weak point of one's character; foible: As:—(a) This fellow has found out the blindside of our master's understanding,—H. Frere. (b) He is too great a lover of himself; this is one of his blind-sides.—Swift.

Blind worm, blindwurm, n. কেলে; অভি কুর্ডক্ একছাতীর কুল স্বীপপ; The slow worm; a small reptile, like a snake, whose eyes are nearly imperceptible.

Blind oneself to—sistes (state at (1958); sisted state state (1958); at state state

Blindness, blindnes, n. অবতা; Want of sight:—মুখ্ডা; মন্ততা; Ignorance.

Blink, blingk, v. i. [A. S. blican, to glitter;
Dut. blinken.] ইসাবা কৰা; চকু মিট্ ং কৰা; আৰ্ছমিথীনিত নেত্ৰে বৃষ্টপাভ কৰা; To wink; to see obscurely or with the eyes shut:—v. t. পৰিভাগ কৰা; পৰিহাৰ কৰা; To evade or avoid:—n. কণ্ড ; কটাভ; A glimpse or glance.

To blink the question—ইজা কৰিয়া কোৰ বিষয় বা দেখা, To make one's self willingly blind to it.

Blink the fact or truth—ইজাপুৰ্বক কোন বিষয় বা সভাতা না দেখা ; মতা বিষয়ে অঞ্চ থাকা ; Wink at the fact or the truth , wilfully avoid seeing how the case really stands; shut one's eyes to the truth ; As :—It was no use blinking the fact now they would get too fond of each other, if he went on taking notice of her.—G. Eliot.

Blink of the ice—श्रम अरमरम नवम एक व्हेटड होचेड क्षांड हेक्स खडार्च; The dazzling whiteness about the horizon reflected from fields of ice at sea.

Blinkard, blingkard, n ৰে ব্যক্তি মিট্ ২ কবিচা বেৰে, অস-পূৰ্ব-ভূমিবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি; One who blinks or has had eyes.

Blinker, blingker, n. ৰে মিট্ ব করিবা লেখে; One who blinks:—লবের চক্ষের জাবরণ; ঠাল; A blind for horse.

Blinkers, blingkerz, ম. অৰ-চৰু আৰবৰ; বোড়াৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ ঠুলি; Pieces of leather on a horse's bridle which prevent him seeing on the side.

Blian, blis, n. [ A. S. blis-blithsian, blissian, to rejoice—blithe, joyful ] প্ৰমূপ ; খনীয় আৰুক্ত : চৰ্য প্ৰথ ; চুড়ান্ত প্ৰথ ; Felicity ; beatitude ; the

highest happiness. Syn.=Blessedness; joy; delight.

Blissful, biisfool, a. প্ৰশ ছবী; Happy in the highest degree. n.=Blissfulness—প্ৰশানশ; প্ৰান্থ : Exalted happiness; felicity; fulness of joy. adv.=Blissfully—প্ৰশ সুৰ্বেষ্ সহিচ; In a blissful manner.

Blister, blister, n. [Dim. of Blast.] শোখা;
A thin swelling on the skin containing serum:—শোখা কৰিবাৰ বালেগ; Vesicatory; a plaster applied to raise blister:—v. i. শোখা উঠা;
To rise in blisters:—v. i. শোখা উপোৰ্থ-ই; To raise blisters.

Blistery, blister-i, a. কোৰা বুৰ্ব; Full of blisters. Blithe, blith, a. [A. S. blithe, joyful.] অনুত্ৰ; কট; আৰম্ভিক; Merry; gay; joyous; sprightful. n.—Blitheness; adv =Blithely.

Blithesome, blithsum, a. aga; Mirthful. n. - Blithésomeness.

Bloat, blot, v f. [ Scan ; as in Sw. blota, to soak, to steep-blot, soft. ] नीक-क ; To make To puff up ; to make vain :--- un utat 25-7: To dry by smoke, applied to fish:-v. i. रोड হওয়া ; To swell ; to dilate. [ up with pride. Bloated with pride-अवस्थात कीय: Puffed Bloster, bloter, n. उक् प्रक ; A dried herring. Block, blok, n कांड्रेस्ट वा अवस्य ; A heavy piece of timber or stone :-- any att ; The wood on which criminals were beheaded :- 190: Any mass of matter :-- পুৰুষ্থেনী; A row of houses :- atel; evacate; Stop; hinderance; obastacle :--কপিকল বা কাঠ ; A pulley or its frame-work:-- पूर्णि अञ्चल कविवाद हाँह ; The wooden mould on which a hat is formed : - 44 লোক; A block-head :-- v. t. ক্স-কু; বাধা দেওৱা; (रहिंड क्या ; श्रेम क्या ; To obstruct : to stop ; to enclose; to shut up; to shape.

To block the wheels—বাধা দেখা; To prevent progress; to hinder.

To block out -গঠনে পৰিণক কু; To begin to reduce to shape; to lay out.

Blocksde, blok-ad, n. the at other transport of a place by troops or ships:—v.t. with at the state water and;
To shut a town or fortress by troops or ships.

Block-head, blokhed, n. पूर्व शाकि ; निर्द्धाप । A stupid fellow.

Block-house, blokhows, n. কাঠ নিৰ্দিত ছব'; A structure of heavy timber or logs having its sides loopholed for musketry.

Blockish, blokish, ८. कांडेवर प्रवृत्त ; पूर्व ; निरकीय ; Like a block ; stupid ; dull.

Blook-tin, blok-tin, n. নিজাক দলা; অপরিষ্ঠ টনের পিড; Tin in blocks or ingots.

Blonde, blond, n. মুখৰ ব্যক্তি; মুখৰী মীদোক; A person of very fair complexion with light hair and blue eyes:—কমি বিশেষ; A kind of silk lace:—a. মুখৰ; মুখ্ৰী; Fair; of a fair complexion.

Blond-lace, blond-las, n. বেশ্য কৰি; A lace made of silk, so called from its colour, Blood, blud, n [ A. S. blod-root blowen, to bloom; cog with O. Fris. blod, Ger. blut. ] শোপিত: ভবিব , The red fluid which circulates through the veins and arteries of animals .-काश्चीय, Kindred ---वाम , बाकदाम ; উक्र वाम , Descent , lineage ; especially, honorable birth , the highest royal lineage - arrive, veri, Blood-shed, murder .- (श्वाम, अवृत्ति : क्वांब , Temper of mind; state of the passions, temperament :- ভেছৰী বোক , A hot spark , a man of fire or spirit :-- बल्पर्य दम , The red juice of any thing :-- v. t. বস্ত যোক্ষা-কু, To let blood from -ৰক্ত ৰাবা কল্ডিড-কু, To stain with blood - TETS WEIG- 7, To mure to blood, as a hind.

Blood-bought, blud bawt. a वरुणांड बाबा ক্রীত, Procured at the cost of blood shed Blood-guilty, blud-gilti, a इंडानिबार्य व्यनबादी

Guilty of murder.

Blood heat, blud het, n. শরীরের স্বাভাবিক উত্তাপ . The natural temperature of the human body [ horse of Arab stock. (about 98' Fahr ) Blood-horse, blud hors, " আরবলাতীর পাব . A Blood hot, bludhot, बटलब यन नवय , As warm f through one parent Half blood, haf blud देवगंत, Relationship

Hot-blood, hot-blud তোগোনত অবস্থা, A state of excitement and blind fury

In cold blood-शिष्य पूर्वक, विना উত्তেशनाय, Deliberately, free from excitement, As The brave patriot was at Henry's orders put to death in cold blood .- Green

Old blood, old-blud n. বৃদ্ধের বক , ( পুভরাং ) উত্তাপ वा कीवनीनकि विशेष बक, Blood of an old man, hence, blood wanting in warmth and animation, As -I swear to you that I had no idea old blood ian so fast or kept so warm --

One's blood is up—হোধ উদীপিত লঙ্গা, কোধ উত্তেশিত হওয়া , One's feeling or passion is iscited, one's anger is roused, As, His blood was as thoroughly up as Adam's now, and the two men fought with the instructive fierceness of panthers -G Eliot.

To warm or heat the blood-विश नेखिक-事, To excite the passions

Flesh and blood-बङ्गारम्ब भवीत . Human nature, mortal man.

Of the best blood—উদ্ধ ৰংশীয় , অভি উচ্চৰংশ-अवुड . Of the highest or noblest family , As -Fred was considered to have made rather a messalliance by the ladies of his family, who were allied through the husbands with some of the best blood in England -Thackeray.

Related by blood—बंक पूक्तपूक्त स्ट्रेंट मधुड़क , अक्दरमहांच , Related by descent from a common ancester, As -The Deputy was related by blood to both peoples ( the English and the Irish ) -Froude.

Whole blood, hol blod, সোদৰ , ( Law ) Relationship through father and mother.

With high blood in one's veins—355 474-

সম্ভত , উচ্চ বংশস্থাত , Born of or descended from a noble stock or family; As :- Brother Gerard, an old monk with high blood in his veins, declared that he would himself go and tell Henry some unpleasant truths .- Froude. Cold-blooded, cold-bluded, a অভিনিত ওভাওত

श्रमनाकादी, Cool and calculating (used in a bad sense) —উচ্ শোণিত বিহীন; Not having warm blood, As "cold blooded animals".

To take one's blood—হত্যা-কু , To kill him. Prince of the blood-নাৰপুত্ৰ, One of royal descent

One's blood boils at—খডান্ত কুদ্ধ-হ . নিৰভিশ্ব (क्रांश (रेज़ (मानिक डेक रुख्य) (Ine's anger is very much excited, one's anger is roused to the highest degree

One's blood boils under-कारांबड क्यांब ইন্দীপিজ হওয়া, Onc's anger is consed by, As -Famer blood than that which flowed in the veins of a princess of Castile would have boiled under these indignities - Froude

One's blood boils with-otelas feed state ञ्चाष्ठ উড়েकिङ इडग्नो, One's mind is strongly moved by or one's passion (of any kind as anger, gladness &c ) is deeply roused by, As - His blood boy'el with honest Butish exultation, as he saw the name of Osborne enpobled in the person of his son -Thackeray

Wanton bloodshed, wontun bludshed, परश्रहा হতা, বিৰেশাশুল ৰক্পাত Reckless marsacre. As -He himself notices the absence of all uanton bloodshed as a feature of this Connought rebellion - De Quincey

Blood and iron policy-saraha, War

policy.

Blood hound, blud hound, r कान्त्रा, बढ लिकाबी कुकब , लालिक शिलाल वाकि A hound remarkable for the acuteness of its smell and employed for tracking wounded game by the blood spilt, a blood-thirsty person 1 Venesection Blood-letting, blud-leting n ब्रह्मपूक्त, Blood-money, blud-muni " अत्र वाक्ति आक्री चढ़ अर्थमान , Money paid to the next of kin to one killed by another or to one instrumental in causing another's death [ inflamed Blood shot, blud-shut, a नान बक्दन , Red , Blood-shed, blud-shed, n Fil, Slaughter, murder. [ 4fts , Guilty of murder. Blood-stained, blud-staned, a. इंडांशदार Blood-sucker, blud-suker, n वक्रानावक आवि, कालोका . Any animil that sucks blood, as leech - निहंब वाकि, श्लाकावी, A cruel man, muiderer [ নিইব , Cruei Blood-thursty, blud-thersti, a लीविकशिक, Blood is thicker than water--गान्य जालनाव ভাতিকে অপর অপেকা ভাশবাদে, (Proverb) A person will care more for his own kin than for

Blood-relation, blud-re-la'shun, n प्रशंब : One connected by blood or descent.

Blood-less, bludles, a. वस्रीन ; युख ; Without blood; dead .-- वस्ताव मूछ, वस्ताछ वासीछ;

Without shedding of blood .- निरम ; Without spirit or activity.

Blood-vessel, blud-vesel, n. वस्वश्वाकी : वस्त्री ; A vessel in which blood circulates.

Bloody, blud'i, a. বজান্ত; Stained with blood :— কিবু ; হতাকারী; Murderous — বজপাত সৰ্বিত ; নিব্ৰতা প্ৰিচাৰক; Attended with bloodshed; marked by cruelty. Syn=Sanguinary, bloodthirsty. n.=Bloodiness.

Bloody assizes, blud'i as-sizez, n. विरोधक (welfer दिनिक विरोधना ; The infamous assizes held by Judge Jeffery in 1685. 300 were executed, more whipped or imprisoned, and 4000 sent to the plantations for taking part in Monmouth's rebellion.

Bloody bill, bludi-bil, n. আইন হেনৰিৰ বাকহ-কানে ইংৰতে প্ৰবিতিত আইন বিশেষ; The bill introduced in the reign of Henry VIII, which denounced death by hanging or burning on all, who denied the doctrine of transubstantiation. Bloody bones, bludi bonz, n. ভূড; A hobgoblin.

Bloody flux, bludi-fluks, a बङ्गामाण्य. Dysentery, in which the discharges from the bowels are mixed with blood.

Bloody minded, bludi-minded, a. নিচ্ছ-প্রকৃতিক, Having a cruel, ferocious disposition. Bloody Mary, n. ইংল্ডের নিচ্ছ বাজী মেরি; Queen Mary of England.

Bloody sweat, bludi-swet, a. এক প্ৰকাৰ ব্যাধি, বৃহু গ্ৰা; The sweating sickness, a sweat accompanied with discharge of blood.

Bloody wedding, a চতুর্থ ছেনবিষ বিবাহ-कारकत नवश मन्नामिक बादबर्दनाविक्षद्वद क्ला, Baitholomew's slaughter, so called because it took place during the marriage-feast of Henry IV Bloom, bloom, n. [ Ice blom Goth. bloma, from root of A S blowan, to bloom, akin to 1.. flo-rev, to flower | মুকুণ, A blossom -পুশেষ প্রকৃতি অবহা ; The opening of flowers -- ব্ৰ-(बीबन , The beginning of youth or manhood -भरतद छन्नरव नान वा बीनवर्ग. Bright or blue colour of fruit - ACTAN, The blush on the cheek -- भीवन , ध्वम छएकश , छएमार , (मोन्वधा , Life, the highest perfection, vigous, beauty -ए : मुक्बिड इंड्डा , To flower , to put forth blossoms :--(बोबनावका काञ्च क्ष्मा वा (क्षमत्री क्ष्मा ; To be in a state of youth and vigour .—Wifees रुषा ; উद्विष्टि नाष्ट कवा , To furnish.

Blooming, blooming, a. কুহৰিড; পুলিড, Flowering:—প্ৰবৃত্ত; লাবণার্ড; Thriving in health, beauty and vigour. [flourishing. Bloomy, bloomin, a কুহমিড; উন্নতিশীল; Flowery; Blossom, blosom, n. [A.S. blostma, from root of Bloom.] পুলা মুকুল, কলভনক ফুল; A flower-bud, the flower that precedes truit:—পুলা; The flower of a plant —০ :. পুলিড ছঙাৰা মুকুলিড হডাবা; To flower, to put forth blossoms or flowers —(ম্বিডাগাশালী-ই; উন্নত-ই; উন্নতিড বা; To flourish or prosper.

Bloscomy, blosom-i, a. angl, Full of blossoms.
Blot, blot, n. ang. A spot or stain:—(17);

Obliteration:—কলক; A blemish; a disgrace কৈ. t. কলকিড-কু; To spot or stain:—লোপ-কু; অলট্ট কু;—To obliterate; to obscure:—মৃদ্রিয়া কেন্তা; To efface, to erase;—কংস-কু; To destroy:—অব্যাধিত করা; To disgrace. Syn.—Spotl, obscure; erace. pr. p =blotting; pa. p. blotted. Blotch, bloch, n. [Acc. to Skeat, bloch=blatch, from black, as bleach from bleak.] আহিল; অত্ত্ব; কুস্কৃতি; চর্মের উপবিশ্ব কৃত্ত কাল; A pustule or eruption; a dark spot on the skin:—v. t. কাল্যাপ-কু; To blacken:—a. মুক্তিযুক্ত; Affeced with blotches.

Blotohy, blochi, a. কুকুড়িপুৰ্ব; Full of blotches. Blote, blūt, v. t. ধুৰ বাৰা ওক-কু; To dry by smoke.

Bloter, blūter, n. ওক মংখ্য বিশেষ, A smoked or Blotting-paper, bloting-p2'per, n. মন্সী শোষক কাৰ্যক; A kind of paper serving to imbibe wet ink

Blotty, bloti, a मानपूर्व ; Full of blots.

Blouse, blowz, n. [Fr] খাখৱা; সংবৃদ্ধিকা ;
A light loose over-coat, a loose outer garment.
Blow, blo, n. [A S. bleovan is doubtful;
found in Dut. blouwen, to dress (beat) flax,
Ger blauen, to beat hard, and L. flig—in
Inflict, Flagellation Derivative Blue.] বাহাৰ;
attie, Stroke, knock:—খাক্ষিক মুখ্টবা, A
sudden or severe calamity or misfortune.

At a blow—হটাৎ, এক উদ্যুবে, Suddenly; by a single effort. [fortune to. A heavy blow to—অভ্যন্ত হু:ব; A severe mis-Aim a blow at—কোন বাজিকে বা কোন বছকে লক্ষ্য কৰিবা আঘাত কৰা, Aim and strike a blow. Blow for blow—প্ৰতিশোধ, Tit for tat, retaliation.

Come to blows—হাতাহাতি-হ; হস্তুতে এইত হত্যা, Contend, fight; end in a fight, engage in a combat; As.—The officers in our staff of Webb's and those in the immediate saite of the General were ready to come to blows

Death-blow—সাংখাতিক আছাত ; Mortal blow.
Fortune's blow—হৈব বিচুৰণা , Misfortune
To give and take blows—হ্যা দেৱখা ও মুণা
ৰাজ্যা , To strike and be struck in return.

Blow, blo, v : [A S blowan, Gen. bluthen blasen, L. flure.] কুৎকার-সে, To produce a current of air with the mouth: —বহা; To move as air:—হাপান; To pant; to breathe hard or quickly.—বাজা: To sound as a trumpet:—ফীড-২; To pull:—স্থিত-হ; To brag.

Blow, blö, v.s. [A. S blowan, Ger. bluken.]
মুক্লিড বা প্রস্থান্ড হওয়া; To blossom or bloom :—
pr. p. blöw'ing; pa. p. blöwn.

To blow over—চলিয়া ঘাওয়া; To pass away without effect; to be forgotten.

To blow up—উড়াইগা-দে; উত্ব-কৃ. To rise in the air, to be broken and scattered by the explosion of gunpowder.

Blow, blo, v. t. বাৰ্ নঞ্চালিত কৰা; বাৰ্থবাহ ছাৰা' বিভাড়িত কৰা; স্থকাৰ-দে; To throw or drivu a current of air upon; to drive by a current of air:—বাল্য বৃত্তে ভূঁ-দে; To sound a wind instrument:—প্ৰচাৰ-তৃ; To publish:—কুৎকাৰ বাবা ৰূণ্যুৰ্ প্ৰস্তুত-তৃ; To form bubbles by blowing:—বাবু বাবা কীত-তৃ; To swell or inflate:—কু দিবা দাস গঠন-তৃ; To form glass into a particular shape by the breath:—বাস বাহিব-তৃ; To put out of breath. Syn.=Publish, report, sound.

Blow away—বাৰু বিভাজিত কৰা; বিৰাই হণ্ডা; To drive by the wind; to be destroyed; As:—With the sound of king George's trumpets, all vain hopes of the weak and foolish young Pretender were blown away.—Thackeray.

Blow down — ত্যিগাং-কু; Prostrate by wind; As:—A few days after his birth, a storm blew down the gable of the cottage.

Blow off—ছাড়িখা-ৰে; To let off; to suffer to escape as the steam.

Blow off one's steam—আনবোৰ প্ৰকাশ কৰা;
Vent one's displeasure; As:—He blows off his steam with such an eagerness that he forgets for a time, or nearly forgets his cacopraphy ( =bad spelling ).—A. Trollope.

Blow great guns—প্ৰচত বেগে বহা; To blow violently.

Blow hot and cold or Blow hot and cold with the same breath—এককাৰে অসুত্ৰহ নিজ্ ব্যান-কৃ; To appear both to favour and oppose; As:—Nay then, from this moment I renounce your friendship, for I will have noththing to do with one who blows hot and cold with the same mouth.—Jame's Æsop's Fables.

Blow one's trumpet—আপৰাৰ অশংসা-কৃ; আন্তৰ্গ কিন্তুৰ ক্ৰী, Sound one's praise; proclaim one's own merits; As:—A braver or a more brilliant soldier never lived than he; but he blew his honest trumphet rather more loudly than became a commander of his station.

Blow out—নিৰাইমা দেওৱা, To extinguish by the wind or by the breath, As — He blew out his candle and leapt into bed.—Warren.

Blow up—ৰাষ্ পূৰ্ব-কৃ; To fill with air; to swell:—কীড-কৃ; To puff up—উত্তেজিড কৃ; To kindle:—উড়েইবা দেওৱা; To burst —বাৰ্থ-কৃ; To scatter or bring to naught suddenly:—ডাবিক অবিষ্ট বা কবিয়া কাটিয়া বাওয়া, To pass away without doing much harm; As:—(a) A powder of magazine was once blown up by lightening in a town where Erasmus was staying, and a house of an infamous character was destroyed:—Froude. (b) It was the next year that Fenwick conspiracy blew up, which is a matter of public history now.

Blow upon—অসমানিত-কু; To bring into discredit:— মুবিত করা; পঢ়াইখা কেলা; To taint, to make stale.

Strike a blow—আঘাত করা ; আক্রমণ করা ; শান্তি শেকা ; Deal a blow ; make an attack ; inflict a punishment. [ the first to attack.

Strike the first blow—প্ৰথমে আক্ৰমণ কৰা; Be Turn aside the blow—আগাত পৰিহাৰ কৰা; বিপক আক্ৰমণ বাৰ্থ কৰিয়া নিবাপদে এবং অক্ৰড শ্ৰীৱে প্ৰভাবৰ্তন কৰা; Come off safe and uninjured from a hostile attack.

Blowy, blo'e, a. वार्ष् ; Windy.

Blow-pipe, blo-pip, n বাঁক নগ; আহিছে সুংকাৰ কৰিবাৰ নগ; A tube through which a current of air is driven through a flame to obtain increased heat.

Blown, blon, p. a. বেগন; কান্ত; স্থাতন; প্রাতন; বিশ্ব; Out of breath, tired; swelled; stale; worthless.

Blowze, blowz, n. [From the root of Blust.] ধুম্দি; বন্ধবৰ্ণা ছুলাননা স্থীলোক; A ruddy fat-faced woman.

Blowzed, blowzd, Blowzy, blowzi, c. বস্তবৰ্ণ বা ছুলাক; Ruddy, or flushed with exercise.

Blubber, bluber, n. ভিনি মংখাদির মেদ; The fat of whales and other large sca-animals:—
v. i. চীংকার করিয়া কাঁদা; কাঁদিয়া দেক মুখ কুলান;
To weep noisily or to weep in such a manner as to swell the checks;—v t. কুলন ক্ৰিয়া প্ৰভ্ ক্ষীড-কু; To swell the checks or disfigure the face with weeping.

Bludgeon, bludun, n [From root of Block.] वृद्ध, कः; A short stack with one end heavier than the other.

Blue, bloo, n [Found in Ice. blar, cog, with Ger blau; originally meaning livid, the colour caused by a blow.] নীলৰ্গ; One of the seven primary colours; azure:—pl. বিষৰ্ধ; Low spirits; melancholy:—a. নীলৰ্গ: Of a blue colour, sky-coloured:—হডাল; হুগ্ৰেড; Low in spirits; melancholy:—v. t. নীল্বৰ্-কু; To make blue. n = Blueness.

A true blue will never stain—উন্তজনগৰাৰ ৰাক্তি কখন নীচ কৰ্ম কৰেন না; A really noble heart will never disgrace itself.

To make blue—বিষ্ণ মনোরথ হওবা; অপ্রতিষ্ক-হ, To be disconcerted. | with wonder.

Ho was blue in the face—ভগবিধন, Aghast Blue boll, bloo'bel, n. একছাভাগ লঙা, A plant that hears blue bell-shaped flowers:—পুল-বিশেষ, A kind of flower.

Blue-bird, bloo'berd, n. পদীবিশে ; A small bird, very common in the United States.

Blue-blood, bloo-blud, n. আভিছাতা; Aristo-cratic blood.

Blue-book, bluo'book, n. ইংলণ্ডীয় মহাসভাৱ পুৰুত্ব, বাজনীয় দলিলাগির পুৰুত্ব; Parliamentary reports so called from their blue colours; a book containing some official statement.

Blue-bottle, bloo'bot'l, n. নতা বিশেষ; A kind of plant with blue bottle-shaped flower that grows among corn:—লালবৰ্ণ উপৰবিশিষ্ট যক্ষিকা বিশেষ; A fly with a large blue belly:—পুলিষ কৰ্মচাৰী; A policeman, so called from the colour of his dress.

Blue caps or Blue bonnets—ক্টবাৰের গোক; The Scotch. As, He is there too,.....and a thousand blue caps more.—Shakespeare.

Blue-coat—ভূড়া; A serving man. Blue coat school—গ্ৰীষ্টেৰ চিকিৎসালয়; Christ's Hospital, so called because the boys there wear

Hospital, so called because the boys there wear a long blue coat, girded at the loins with a leather belt.

Blue devils, bloodeviz, त. यन:प्राण ; A fit of the spleen ; low spirits ; hypochondria.

Blue-jacket, bloo'-jaket, n. वादिक; A sea-

Blue-stocking, bloo'-stoking, n. বিদ্যাভিদাদিনী স্থালোক; দাহিজ্যানুবাগিনী নদনী; A literary lady; a female pedant; applied in Dr. Johnson's time to meetings held by ladies for conversation with certain literary men, one of whom always wore blue stockings.

Bluff, bluf, a. শ্বল; অপ্লেখবাদী; পৰ্মিভ; Big; blustering; vain; glorious; surly:—সরল: Outspoken:—চাত্য; সম্প্রভ; Step:—n. সম্ক্রাভিম্বীন উদ্লোবত ভূবভ; সাগ্রহ ও নদীর অভিম্বীন সম্প্রত ভট; A high steep bank projecting into sea or into a river:—v. t. প্রভিনিস্ত-ক; ভর প্রদর্শন-ক; To frighten or deter. n.—Bluff'ness.

Bluffy, bluff, a. সমুদ্ধান্তিমুখীন উচ্চাবচ পশুবিশিষ্ট : সমুদ্ধ বা নদী অভিমুখীন সমুদ্ধত ভটবিশিষ্ট ; Having bluffs or bold point of coast.

Bluish, bloo'ish, n. ইবং নীল; Slightly blue.
Blunder, blunder, v. t. [From root of Blunt.]
মিলিত কৰা; To mix or confound together:
v. i. গুৰুতৰ ভূল-কু; প্ৰচঙ্জনপে অন্ন বিকেপ কৰা; ছট্কট কৰা; To mistake grossly, to flounder about;
—n. গুৰুতৰ ভূল; গুৰুতৰ জ্ম, A gross mistake.

Blunder-buss, blunder-bus, n. [Corr. of Dut. donderbus-donder, thunder, bus, a box, barrel of a gun, a gun; Ger. donnerbuche.] \*\* কাৰাৰ বিশেষ: A short hand-gun with a wide bore :- ভাষকারক ; A blunder. [A stupid fellow. Blunder-head, blunder-hed, n. निर्द्शांष गुक्ति ; Blunt, blunt, a. [Orig. sleepy, dull; Dan. blunde, to slumber, akin to Bind ] धावविशीन ; হুল্ধার ; ভোডা ; Having a thick edge or point, as an instrument :- সুস্বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট ; Dull in understanding :-- मदन ; अभिष्ठ ; Plain ; unceremonious . rough in manners or speech ; outspoken : v. t. इन कवा ; शांद (कांडा कवा ; To dull the edge or point :- इसीन करा; अवतका नाम करा; To weaken any appetite expression; to impair the power or affection of mind. n.=Bluntness. a.= Bluntish. adv .= Bluntly.

Blunt the edge of—ছুৰ্লান্ট্; To weaken.
Blur, blur, n. [A variety of Blear.] দৃষ্টিন
অপট্টড়া; Indistinctness of vision:—দাগ; কলফ
বা অনিট্ট; A blot, stain, or injury:—v. t. দাগফু: To blot; stain:—অন্তব্য-ফু: To darken; to
dim:—কল্ডিড-ফু: To sully; to blemish.

To blur out—না বুৰিবা ৰাবা মুধে আনে ভাৰাই অৱপটে ৰলিৱা কেলা; To speak out with indiscriminate frankness.

Blurt, blurt, v. t. [From Blare.] অবিবেচনা পূৰ্বক কথা কথা; অবিবেচনা পূৰ্বক গুণ্ড বিষয় প্ৰকাশ কথা; ফট্ কথিয়া বলিয়া কেলা; To utter suddenly or unadvisedly; to divulge inconsiderately.

To blurt out—নিশা-কু; To speak contemptously; to revile; to ridicule:—গৱল ভাবে সকল ভগা বলা; To speak out frankly.

Blush, blush, n. [A. S. blyse, a blaze. See Blaze, Blowze.] वृद्धियोक; वृद्धियोवर्ग; A rosy tint:—नका वर्णक: वृद्धाराज्य सावश्चिम वर्ग; A red glow on the face caused by shame, modesty, diffidence or surprise:—আক্সিক উপন ; A sudden appearance:—ত. . বিভিন্ন বিশ্ব : To have a red or rosy colour:—স্কিক হওৱা; সজা বৰ্ণতঃ সভাগেশ বভিন্ন বিশ্ব : To have redness in the cheeks or face, as from a sense of shame, confusion, or modesty.

At the first blush—wire; At a glance; at the first view; As:—The proposition that I shall die, seems at the first blush as indisputable as that the whole is greater than its parts.

Put to the blush - निका (पड़ा); Cause to feel shame; As:—This confidence might have put the false king to the blush, but it did not.

Bluster, bluster, v. i. [An augmentative of Blast.] (তকে শব্দ-ছ; To blow fitfully with violence and noise as wind:—তজন গর্জন-ছ; দত্ত প্রকাশ করা; To bully, to swagger:—n. তর্জন গর্জন: দান্তিক ভাষা; Threatening talk; bullying; boasting language. [a bully.

Blusterer, bluster-er, n. দান্তিক; A swaggerer; Bo, bō. int. শিতদিংগৰ ভ্ৰোৎপাদক শদ; A word used to frighten children.

Bo-tree, bū-trē, n. বোধজুম; বে বৃক্জেম ভলায় বনিয়া শাকা বৌদ্ধপ্রবিদ্যা কল্পনা কমিছেল; A corruption of Bodhdru'ma (the tree of wisdom), under which Sakyamuni used to sit, when he concocted the system called Buddism.

Bon, boá. n. [ Perh. conn. with L. bos, an ox. ] জন্মৰ দৰ্শেৰ সাধাৰণ নাম; A general name for the largest kind of serpents:—মহিলাদিবেৰ জন-দেশেৰ গোমল পৰিছেদ; A long serpent-like piece of fur worn round the neck by ladies.

Boa-constrictor, boa-kon-strikter, n. [L. bos, bull and constringere, constrictum, to draw together.] ABAT; A large and powerful serpent sometimes 30 or 40 feet long, found in Africa, America and India, so called from crushing its prey in its coils.

Boar, bor, n. [A. S. bar.] वज्र मुक्ब; वबाह; The male of swine. a.=Boar'ish (वबाह्ब, like a boar).

Board, bord, n. [ A. S. bord, a board, the side of a ship; Ice. bord, the side of a ship; found also in Belt; conn. either with Bear or with Board. ] কাঠদলক; ভক্তা; A piece of timber :---ভোজনের টেবল; মেজ; A table for food:-आहात ; (कांका वह ; Food ; entertainment :-- मका ক্রণার্থ মেজ ; মন্ত্রণা-টেবল ; A table at which a council is held :-জাহাজের উপবিভাগ; The deck of a ship :--পোডপাৰ ; The side of a ship :--काविनविष्टिनव भागे ; A table for artificer to sit or work on :- খেলিবার মেজ ; A table or frame for a game :- 平町; A court or council :- pl. बाह्य नानामक ; The stage in threatre :- v. t. कनक श्रादा आक्रांनिड क्या ; To cover with boards :--वननूर्यक कारांक धारवन-कृ; To enter a ship by force; As:-An enemy had he boarded the ship, would have had easy work of him :-चर्च अर्ग कविता शाना एक्सा ; To furnish with food and lodging for price :- v. i. we feet water তোৰৰ-ক ; To receive food as a lodger.

Board and board—(naut) नानानानि , Side by side

Above board— wis:, Plainly, in open sight, openly, As—P. S was a straightforward man, and prone to do everything above board—Irving

By the board-stra, Over the side On board-strafes, In the ship, As -The

White ship was with all on board—Irving
To fall over board—ছাছেৰ পাৰে পডিড
হলা, To fall over a ship's side

To get on board a vessel—নৌকাবোংণ কৰা।
To go by the board—ন্?—হ, সম্পূৰ্মণে বিশ্বস্ত
হত্যা, To suffer complete destruction.

To make a good board—সহলভাবে কাহাৰ চালাৰ; To sail in a straight line when close hauled

Boarder, border, n ৰে মূল্য দিয়া অপৱেব ঘৰে আহাৰ কৰে, One furnished with food at a price —বে শক্তভাৱে আহাতে প্ৰবেশ কৰে, One who boards a ship in action

Board-wages, bord wasez, n ভ্ৰাদিশের খোৱাকী টাকা, An allowance to survants to purchase their own food

Boarding-house, bord'ing hows, n. (यथारन वर्ण निवा वाहांव नांच्या पांच , A house in which persons are provided with food and lodging for a price Boarding-school, bord'ing-skool, n य विणान्याद वांचारवां वांच राव. (छावन करव कर किया निवा नीच , हांचनिया , A school in which the scholars receive boarding as well as instruction [brutal Boarish, borish, a पुक्रवर, नांचन, Swinish, Boast, bost v. [M. E bost. W bost, Gael bose, a bragging.] जांच्यांच कर्या, नांच नक क्यांचा, To brag or vaint oneself, to talk big —v t वांचार्यान्च, To magnify or exalt one self —n क्यांचान्च, A vainting or bragging — व्यव्याद्व क्यांच, The cause of boasting Syn.=Vaint, glory, brag, exult, privade, puff

Bosster, চতংগলৈ, n অংকারী ব্যক্তি, A braggart Bosstful, চতংগতে, a পঞ্জিত, দৰ্শিত Given to boasting n=Boastfulness, adv=Boastfully.

Bost, but, n [A. S bat, Dut boot, Fi baten, Gael bato] নৌকা, ভৰনী, A small open vessel — মুদ্ৰ পোড, A small chip or steamer — য নৌকাৰ য'তমা, To coin a boat — য েনিকা কৰিবা হ'লাৰ বু To transport in a boat

To be in the same boat—अस्वर्शक रुखा, To be placed in the same condition

To sail in the same boat—এক কাৰ্যে পৰ্জ হুড়া, To embark in the same business. As — All seven of us are sailing in the same boat — De Quincey [of South America Boat-bill, bothl, n পাছীবিশেষ, Wading bird Boat-hook, bot-hook, n লৌকা টানিবাৰ বা ঠেলি বাব লোহাৰ আৰক্ষা, An iron-hook to pull or push a boat.

Boating, böting, গ ৰৌকাৰ বাইবাৰ কৌশৰ বা অন্ত্যান, The art or practice of sailing in boats Boatman, botman, গ নাবিক কৰ্ণধাৰ, নৌকা-বাবক, A man who manages a boat, a rower of a boat. Boat swain, botswan (colloquially botsn), n. [(Lit) a hoat's swain or servant From A. S. botswan—bu't, p boat, swan, a lad.] আহাজের বাট, পাইল, কাছি বোকর অভূতির ভয়াববারক, পোডের স্কার, An officer, who has charge of the boats, sails, riggings, anchors &c, of a ship and who also summons the crew

Bob, bob, n [Perhaps imitative, like Gael bog, to agitate, babag, baban, a las el] বিকা, A short, jerking motion — কুম্ব ইন্তের অধার্তারে বোছপানান কুমু এবা, পোছপানান পদার্থ, Anything playing loosely at the end of a string, a pendant — টোপ, Bait used in angling — আবাৰ, A blow, a shake — e t আম্পোলিভ ছ, নড়া, To move in a short, jerking manner, to dangle — প্রহার-কু, To mock — প্রহারণা কু To cheat — বাল-কু, To mock — ক্রন-কু, To cur short. pr p. bobbing, pa p bobed.

Bear a bob - नानाक रच्या , Be brusk

To give the bob to any one--কাহাকেও প্ৰভাৱণা কু, To deceive him

Bobbin holin, n [ Fr bobine, perhaps from Gael baban a tassel ] সত্ৰপতিকা ছোট নলি, সুখাৰ নলি, A small pin, or cylindric il piece of wood, on which thread is wound —পোল বিভা, Round tape

Bob-tail, bobtsil, n. ভিন্ন জ A short tail, or tail cut short — ইতম লোক The rabble, used in contempt a — Bobtailed—বেচে

Bob-wig, bobwig, n ক্ল পৰচ ... A short wig Bobinet, bob-in ct or bobin et, n একপ্ৰকাৰ মুক্ৰৰ কাৰে কাৰ কৰি, A kind of fine netted lace made by machines

Bobby, bob, n পাহাবাওলা A policeman

Bobolink, bobo-lingh, n [At first Bob I incoln from the note of the bird] উত্তৰ আ্বেৰিকাৰ স্থায়ৰ পক্ষী বিশেষ, A North American singing bird found in the northern states in spring and summer

Bode, būd, v [A S bolian, to announce—bod, a message, allied to Bid] ভাবি ওভাকত পকাশ ক, ভবিবাৰ বিবাৰ আভাস শেখা, In portend, to prophesy, to presage, to foreshadow—v. s ভবি ভভাকত আভ-ক, ভাবি ভভাকত বাদ্ধ বভাকত বাদ্ধ An omen [Ominious Bodeful, būdhōūl a ভাবি ভভাকত বাদ্ধ বৃদ্ধ কি, Prognostic, a foreshadowing

Bodice, Boddice, bodis, n क्कृतिको, कंक्ति, Stays, a corset, a woman's stays, formerly called bodies, from fitting close to the body

Bodied, bod'id, a শ্ৰীৰী, Having a body Bodiless, bod'i-les, a আগৰীৰী, আদৈহিক, Without a body, incorporeal-

Bodily, bod'i-ly, a শামীবিক, Corporeal — শ্ৰীৰ সংকীয়, Relating to the body —ad সম্পূৰ্ব-মণে, Entirely

Bodkin, boukin, n. [ Prob W bidog, small dagger ] সুচী, An instrument for making holes by piercing — সুচী বিশেষ, An instrument with an eye, for drawing thread, tape or ribbon

through a loop :— ইভিকাটী; An instrument to dress the hair.

To ride bookin—ছুটখন বনিবাৰ ছান বিশিষ্ট শ্ৰুটে ভিন্তুন আবোহণ ক্যা; To ride in a carriage between two others, the accommodation being only for two.

Body, bod'i, n. [A. S. bodig.] পেছ; The frame of an animal:—গরীৰ; The main, central part of an animal as distinct from head and extremities:—বাজি: An individual or single person:—ন্যবাদ: বাজিন্মছ; Collections of individuals—দেশামুৰ; বাছ: The main army; any number of forces:—সভা: A corporation:—হাল, ছ'ডি.
Trunk or the bulk:—পিছ: Any mass or portion of matter:—স্মৰাদ: A general collection; a code: a system:—v. t. শ্রীৰ দাবা আছাদিভ-ফ. আছভিবিশিষ্ট করা; To embody; to produce in a definite shape; to give form to. pr. p. bod'ying: pa. p. bod'red.

[servedly.

Body and bones—সম্পিলে; Wholly; unre-Body and soul—কায়মনে; সম্প্রকাষে; With full energy both of body and mind; thoroughly. Body guard, bodi-gard, n. শ্রীয় রক্ষার্থ নিয়ন্ত দৈনিক পুক্ষ; দেহবক্ষক; Selected body of troops, who attend on the sovereign; a lifeguard.

Body politic, bod'i-polit-ik, n. বাজনৈতিক স্বিতি ; The collective body of the people in its political capacity; a state in its political capacity.

Body anatcher, bod'i-snach-er, n. মৃত্তেৰ্ছ অপ-হৰণকাৰী. One who robs graves of their bodies. As a body—মোটামুট ধৰিলে. প্ৰায় সকলে; Taken collectively.—আধিকাংল; For the most part; As.—They (the Puritans) were not men of letters; they were, as a body, unpopular.— Macaulay.

[ at once.

In a body—সকলে একজ হইয়া; All together; all In the body—বক্ত মাংসের শনীর লইয়া উপস্থিত; Present before one, as a being of flesh and blood opposed to the idea or image which we form of an absent person; As:—To see person in "the body," of whom you have been reading in newspaper from the very excellent of your reading days, had for the first hour or so, a singular and strange effect.

To keep body and soul together—কাৰ্ডেছৰ ভাৰৰ ধাৰণ-কু; To support one's self with difficulty; As:—I can't indulge you with superfluities while we can hardly afford the means of keeping body and soul together.—Warren.

Bootian, be-ত'shyan, a. বোদিখা বা ইহাব নিৰ্কোধ
অধিবাদী সমনীয়; (হুভৱাং) নিৰ্কোধ; বুদ্ধিহীন;
Relating to Bocotia or to its dull and stupid
inhabitants; hence stupid; dull.

Bog, bog, n. [In bogach, Gael. bog.] अन्त ; अवा ; A quagmire ; a marsh —v. t. भरक निवध-; To whelm or plunge ; as, in mud and mire. 4.—Bogg'v.

Bog-trotter, bog'troter, n. बनाकृषि व्यक्तियो ; वादन्तारक्ष नद्या ; One who lives in a boggy country, applied to Irish robbers.

Boggle, bog'l, v. i. विवष रथता ; इष्डण:-कृ ; (काम

বিষয় কটুকৰ জাৰ কৰা; সক্তিত হওৱা; To stop or hesitate as if in doubt, or suddenly frightened, or impeded by unforcesen difficulties; to make difficulties about a thing; to exhibit hesitation and indecision:—n. ভূড; A bugbear; a spectre. Boggy, Bogy, bógi, n. ভূড; A scare-crow; a goblin.

Borgy, bog'i, a. जनार्ग ; Swampy ; full of bogs. Bogle, bog'i, n. [Scot. bogle, a ghost ; W. bog, a goblin ] एउ ; (अड ; A spectre or goblin.

Bogmus, bog'mos, n. धककांकीय देनवान ; A genus of moss plants.

Bogus, bo'gus, a. (Slang) কৃত্যি ; অপ্রকৃত ; Spurious ; counterfeit ; false. [ spirit. Bogy, bogi, n. ভূড ; A nursery name for evil Bohea, bo-hē', n. (Chinese) নিকৃইকাডীয় কৃষ্ণ চা ; The quality of black tea.

Bohemian, bo-he'mi-an, a. [Fr. hohēmien, a gipsy.] অসক্তবিত্ৰ বা প্ৰবৰ্ণক সম্বাধি: Pertaining to persons of loose and irregular habits; pertaining to imposter:—স. অন্থিব চিন্ত অপদাৰ্থ অমৰ্থ-কাৰী, বেণিয়াৰৎ অমৰ্থকাৰী জাভি বিশেষ; অসক্তবিত্ৰ; প্ৰবৰ্ণক; A restless vagabond; a gypsy; a person of loose and irregular habits; an imposter. Bohemian brethren—বৰ্ণমন্ত্ৰণায় বিশেষ; A religious sect, formed out of the remnants of the Hussites.

Boil, boil, v. i. [O. Fr boilir—L. bullire—bulla, a bubble.] উত্তাপ দাৱা ফীত হওয়া; To swell, heave or be agitated by the action of heat:—বুদবুদ উথিত হওয়া; To bubble; to tise in bubble:—উত্তপ্ত হওয়া: উত্তেজিত বা আলোডিত হওয়া; To be hot or fervid; to be moved or excited:—সিদ্ধ হওয়া; To be in boiling water; to suffer boiling in water or other liquid:—ফুটত-ছ; To effervece:—v.t. উক কলে নিদ্ধ-ক; To dress or cook in boiling water —কাৰ বাহিৰ-ক; To extract the juice of any thing by boiling:—জল উক কৰা; To heat to a boiling state.

Boil, boil, n [ A. S. byl; Ger. benle; Ice. bola, from the root of Bulge. ] বা; কোটক; An inflamed swelling or tumour on the flesh.

Boil away —উত্তাপ ধাৰা উড়াইখা-দে; To evaporate by boiling.

Boiler, boiler, n. পাচৰ . One who boils :--ৰাপ্স-ঘত্ৰেব বে অংশে উক বাপা প্ৰস্তুত হয় ; That part of a steam-engine in which the steam is generated :--কটাহ : সিদ্ধ বা পাক কৰিবাৰ পাত্ৰ ; A vessel in which any thing is boiled.

Boiling-point, n. ফুটন বিজু; The temperature at which water or any other liquid boils under heat.

To be at boiling point—অভিশয় কুল্ক-হ; To be very angry.

Boisterous, boister-us, a. [M. E. boistous—W. bwyst, wildness.] থাচক; Violent; rough:—কোন্তবাৰ বিষয় বিষয়

Bold, böld, a. [ A. S. bald; O. Ger. hold, O. Fr. band. Goth. balths, Ice. ballr.] সাহসিক; Having courage or intrepidity; daring:—সাহস পূৰ্বক সন্থানিত; Requiring courage in the execution; executed with boldness; planned with courage:—প্রগ্রন্ত; নির্বৃত্ত; নির্বৃত্ত; নির্বৃত্ত; নির্বৃত্ত; নির্বৃত্ত; নির্বৃত্ত; ha bad sense, too forward; rude; impudent; taking undue liberties:—মু:সাহসিক; গুই; Showing great liberty of action or expression:—সমূধে বহির্বৃত্ত; ভূতমান; লাই; Standing prominently out to view:—উচ্চাবৃত্ত; উন্নতাবন্ত; খাড়া; Steep or abrupt. n = Boldness; adv.=Boldly. Syn.=Brave, couragious, intrepid, valient, heroic, daring, fearless, undaunted.

A bold stroke—সাংসিক উপাম ; A bold effort suddenly or unexpectedly produced.

To make bold—সাংস বা প্রগল্ভতা করা; To take the liberty to make free.

To make bold to say—লগ্ৰহামহ কথা কহা;
To take liberties in speaking; to use freedom in speaking.

To show a bold front—ছড়-ক ; To defy. Bole, bol, n. [ Ice. bolr, from its round form. conn. with Bowl, a cup, Bulge, Boil, a swelling, and Bag.] প্ৰকাণ ভাটি; Trunk of a tree.

Boll, bol. n. [ A form of Bowl, a cup and sig thing round.'] বীলকোৰ; আধাৰ; The pod or capsule of a plant:—কট্লতের পরিমাণ বিশেষ; A Scotch dry measure—six imperial bushels, not now legally in use.—v. t বীলকোৰে পরিশত হওবা; To form into a seed vessel. [podded. Bolled, bold, a. ফীড; কোববিশিষ্ট; Swollen; Bolster, bolster, n. [ A. S. bolster; Fr. root of Bowl.] উপাধাৰ বা পঞ্জি; A pillow of cushion; নেগ; A pad or quilt:—v. t. বালিস বিয়াধাৰণ কৰা; To support with a pillow:—সমর্থন কৰা; Support; to hold up; to maintain.

Bolt, boit, n. [A. S. and Dan. bolt, Ger. bolsen, from the root of Bole, of a tree.] তীয়; An arrow; a dart:—বক্স; অপনি; A thunder-bolt:—অৰ্গন; সৌহদও; A bar or pin used to fasten a door &c:—ইফাপিও; A meteoric stone:—v. f. অৰ্গন দাৱা বন্ধ কয়; To fasten with a bolt; to make secure.—বিধা উচ্চায়ণ কয়; আভি বেংগ নিক্ষেপ কয়; To ufter or throw out precipitately:—চক্মণ লা কৰিয়া গলাগকেষণ কয়; To swallow without chewing:—v. i. বেংগ বাহিষ্ হত্যা; To pass quickly:—হঠাৎ গমন-ক; বেংগ গমন কয়; To move absuptly; to rush away—প্ৰিত্যাগ-ক; To desert as a party or organisation:—adv লখাভাবে, Perpendicularly.

Bolt, bölt, v.t. [O. Fr. bulter, or buleterbureter, from bure—Low L. burra, a course reddish brown cloth—Gr. pyrras, reddish pyr—Fire.] ছাতা বা বাড়া; বাড়িয়া পরীকা করা; বোটা কাপড় দিয়া ছাতা; To sift; to separate the bran from, as flour; to examine by sifting; to sift through course cloth.

Bolt out-भवीका-कृ : Examine by sifting.

Bolt upright, bölt-up-rit, adv. শ্ৰ সম্প স্বস; স্পৃথিবে সোজা; শুরু; Straight as an arrow; perfectly erect; perpendicular; As:—Distracted by the sudden appearance of Kit, and fascinated by the eyes of the preacher, the miserable Jacob sat bolt upright, wholly incapable of motion.—Dickens.

Bolting-hutch, bölting-huch, n. ব্যৱস্থা আছে৷ হইলে বে আধাৰে পভিত হয়; A hutch or large box into which flour falls when it is bolted.

Cupid's bolt-- यमन वान ; Cupid's arrow.

The fool's bolt is soon spent—নির্বোধের লয় লীয় নিঃলেবিড হয় এবং প্রয়োজনকালে থাকে লা; নির্বোধ ভীবলাক ভাহায় লয় এত অবিবেচনা পুর্বাক নিকেপ করে যে প্রয়োজনের সময় একটা লবও থাকে লা; A foolish archer shoots all his arrows so heedlessly that he leaves himself no resource in case of need.

To bolt out one's dinner—চৰ্কণ বা কৰিছা ধাৰা গ্ৰাথকেৱণ কৰা; To swallow one's dinner without chewing it; As —Eager readers will not only holt this dinner that they may get to their books, but they will read sometimes even while they are eating.—Prof Blackie.

To bolt out the truth—সভা প্ৰকাশ কৰা; To blurt it out

To bolt to the bran-বিশেষ করিয়া পরীক্ষা করা ;
To examine thoroughly.

Bolus, bo'lus, n, {L. bolus, Gr. bolos, a lump.]
উবধ্বে বটিকা: বৃহৎ বটিকা: A soft mass of medicine to be swallowed at once like a pill, but larger; a large pill.

Bomb, bum, n. [Fr. bombe—L. bombus, Gr. bombus, a humming sound; animative word.] আবেয়া গোলা; A large hollow ball or shell of iron, filled with gunpowder to be thrown from a mortar so as to explode when it falls.

Bombard, bum-bärd', v t. আয়ের গোলা বিজ্ঞোকু, To throw bomb-shell into a town or fortified place in order to destroy. n.=Bombard'ment—পোলা বৰ্ণ; An attack with bombs.

Bombardier, bum-bärd'er, n. গোলা নিকেপ-কারী, গোলশান্ধ; One who throws bombs; an artillery man.

Bomb ketch or vessel, bumkech or vessel, n. বে জাহাজ হইতে নগর বা হুর্গ মধ্যে গোলা নিজেপ ক্যা হয়; A small ship from which bombs can be thrown into a town or fortress.

Bomb proof, bum-proof, a. शिला चावा वास्त्र); Secure against the force of bombs.

Bomb-shell, bunishel, n. গোলা; Bomb.

Bombasın, Bombazine, bum-ba-zeh, n. [Fr. bombasin-Low. L. bombasinium-Gr. bombyx, silk See Bombast.] (वर्षमी कालह; A twilled cloth of silk.

Bombast, bumbast, n. [Low. L. bombas, cotton. Gr. bombys, silk.] বস্থ কীত কৰিবাৰ বিশিষ্ট ব্যবহৃত কোনল বস্তু; A soft loose stuff used to swell into garments — দীৰ্ঘ শব্দ প্ৰযোগ; Highsounding words; an inflated style; fustian. a.=Bombastic—দীৰ্ঘ শব্দ বিশিষ্ট; দীড; Inflated, high-sounding.

Bombic, bumbik, a. [ I. bombyn, silk-worm.]
ভটিকাপোৰা সংখ্যায়; Relating to the silk-worm.
Bonanza, bo-nańza, [Sp. fair weather, prosperity.] (Slang) সকল কাৰ্যা; A successful venture.
Bonbon, bong'bong, n. [ Fr., 'very good'—

bon, good. ] हिन्द विशेष्ट ; A sugar plum ; sweet plum ; a sweatmeat.

Bond, bond, n. [A. S., a variation of band-bindan, to bind, akin to Sans. bandh, to bind.] বজন; বজনী; Any thing that binds; a bond; a ligament:-বোগ; বিলন; ন্বোগ; Union:—নিমন; আলীকান; An obligation; a promise:—আজিতাপন্ধ; টাকা দিবার বা কোন কার্য্য কবিবার আলীকান পন্ধ; A written agreement; a writing of obligation to pay a sum or to perform a contract:—pl. শিকল; নিগড়; কারাবাস; Chains; captivity:—v. t. প্রজ্ঞিপন্ধ কার্য বন্ধ-দের ত্ত্ব পরিশোধ না করা পর্যন্ত আমন্থানী মান সরকারী ছলানে রাখা; To give bond for, to put imported goods in the customs' warehouses till the duties on them are paid:—a কারাক্র বা নাসত্শুখনে আবজ; বাব্য; In a state of servitude or captivity; bound.

Bond-maid, bond'mād, n. জীভদানী; A female slave. [ slave. Bond-man, bond'man, n. জীভদান; A man-Bondsman, bondz'man, n. জীভদান; প্ৰভীস্থ; কান্ত্ৰিন; A bondman or slave; a surety.

Bond-servant, bond'seivant, n. দাস; A slave. Bond-service, bond'seivis, n. দাস; Slavery. Bond-woman, bond'wooman, n. দাসী; A woman slave.

Bondage, bond'āj, n [ O. Fr — Low L. bondagium, a kind of tenure Acc to Skeat, this is irom A S. bonda, a boor, a householder from Ice. bondi = buandi, a tiller, a husbandman, akin to Sans. bondh, to bind ] দাসত, বন্দিত, Slavery; captivity:—বাধ্যতা, Obligation:—বিপুর জ্ঞানিত্য হেকালে কোনা corrupt passions; servile fear. [ cured by a bond. Bonded, bond'ed, a. অভিজ্ঞা পর্বহা আবদ্ধ; Sc-Bonded goods, bond'ed göüdz, n. বে সকল ক্রেয়াই শুকের কন্ত অভিজ্ঞাপত্র পেত্যা হয়; Goods left in charge of customs' officers.

Bonded ware-house, bond'ed war'hows, n. বে এব্যাগারে প্রতিজ্ঞাপত্র বাবা আবদ্ধ এব্যাদি বাবা হয়; A warehouse in which bonded goods are stored.

Bonding, bond'ing, n. ৰে বন্দোৰত অনুসাৰে দেৱ ডকপ্ৰিশোধ দা কৰা প্ৰান্ত যাল সৰকাৰী ভদাৰে থাকে; That arrangement by which goods remain in the customs' warehouses till the duties are paid. Bone, bon, n. [A. S. ban; Ger. bein, Goth. bain, bone, leg; W. bon, a stem or stock.] আহি; কছাল; A hard substance forming the skeleton of an animal:—আহিশভ; A piece of bone:—v.t. মাংস হইতে আহি পুৰুক কৰা; To take out bones from the flesh:—তিনি মুংক্তের আহি থাবা কঠিন কৰা; To stiffen with whale bones:—a. আহিনিমিত; Made of bone.

Bone of contention—বিবাদের বিষয়; আমীমাং-সিভ বস্তু; A subject of dispute; As:—It was curious and scarcely pleasant to see two spencers, thus bidding against one another, even though the love of contention was a book.— Leigh Hunt. [ no scruple.

To make no bones—সংখ্যত না করা; To make A bone to pick or gnaw—বাংছত কোন

ৰাজিকে নিৰুক কৰিয়া বা জুলাইয়া বাবে; Something to occupy or divert.

Bone-ash, böń-ash, ম. আছি-ফরাবশ্য; The remains when bones are burned in an open furnace.

Bone-black, böń-blak, ন. অহি-ভপ্তাৰ্শেই; The remains when bones are heated in a close vessel. [ with.

To pick a bone with—বিবাদ-কৃ; To quarrel Bony, böne, a. অছিপূৰ্ব; অন্থি সম্বাচ্চীয়; Full of bones; consisting of bones:—বড় আহি বিশিষ্ট; Having large or prominent bones:—ডেক্সী; Stout; strong.

Bon-fire—উৎস্বায়ি; ৰখায়ি; A fire made as an expression of public joy. [ city.

Bonhomie, n. সর্বভা; Good nature; simpli-Bonmot, bong'-mö, n. [Fr. bon, good, mot, word.] কৌতুক, কৌতুকপূৰ্ণ বাকা বা উত্তব; পরিহাস; A witty saying or reply; a jest; a clever repartee. [A child's nurse.

Bonne, bon, n. [ Fr. fem. of bon. ] দাই ; ধারী ; Bonne-bouche, bon-boosh. n. [ Fr. bonne, good, bouche, mouth. ] মুখাছু গ্রাস ; A delicious mouthful.

Bonnet, honet, n. [Fr — Low L. bonneta, original the name of a stuff.] ज्ञीताक मिरनंद निवडान ; सकका-स्वन ; A covering for the head worn by females. a.—Bonneted.

Bonny, boni. a. [Fr. bon, bonne—L. bonus, good; Belt bain, baine, white, fair.] সুত্ৰী; সুত্ৰ; Handsome; beautiful:— একুল; কঃ; কঃ; Gay; merry.—হগোল; কঃপুঃ; Plum; wellformed:—n. ধনিৰ তল; Among miners, a bed of ore. adv=Bonnily.

Bonton, bonton, n. [Fr. good tone, manner.] বাৰ্গিবি; Fashionable society; the height of fashion.

Bonus, bohus, a. [ L. bonus, good. ] ( Law ) প্রচলিত স্থানৰ অথিন অভিনিত্ত দেৱ বাটা; ধ্বাট; A premium for a loan or for a charter or other privilege granted to a company:—অংশীদাবদিশেৰ উপৰি অংশ; An extra divident to shareholders: —পুৰুদ্ধাৰ; A consideration for some service done.

Bon-vivant, bohve-vah, n. [Fr. bon, good and vivant, p. pr. of vivo, to live. ] হংগ্ৰেছ (বাৰু; A jovial companion; a high feeder.

Bonze, bońze, n. [ Jap. bosu, a priest. ] (बोच बाह्य) : A Buddist priest.

Booby, boobi, n. [Sp. bobo, a dolt; O. Fr. bobu, stupid, L. ballus, stuttering. ] পদীবিশেষ; A water-fowl in the West Indies allied to the pelican, which allows itself to be attacked by other birds, and yields to them the fish it has taken almost without a resistance:— সুব্ৰুদ্ধি বৃদ্ধি; বিৰোধ বৃদ্ধি; A dunce; a silly or stupid fellow.

Book, book, n. [A. S. boc, a book, the beech; Ger. buchs, the beech, buch, a book, because the Teutons first wrote on beechen board.] 資本; A collection of sheets of paper &c., bound together; any literary work:— 資本等; A

part of a literary work - श्रिशादिक वरि .. A volume in which accounts are kept -v. f. रिमार्दत दहिए महिविहे-कृ, भूखरक लाया, To enter, to write or register in a book, to written a | binds book. book Book binder, bookbinder, n. मध्यो , One who Book-binding, bookbinding, n वह वाचा , Act

or practice of binding books

Book-case, book-cas, श्र शुक्त दाश्यांव भागपावि , A case with shelves for holding books

Book-club, book-klub, n এছ-কম্-স্থিভি, An association of persons who buy new books for circulation among themselves. [accountant Book-keeper, bookkeper, n. शांचाकी, An Book-keeping, book-keping n. दिनाव वाविवाब विष्णा ववादी छि रिमाय वाचिवाद शक्कि , The art of keeping accounts in a regular and systematic manner

Book-learned, book-leined a. পণ্ডিত , পুত্তকগত বিষাৰ, ৰাফ জগত বিষয়ে অনভিজ্ঞ, Well read in books, ignorant of life

Book-learning, book-lerning, n প্ৰকৰ্মত বিশা Learning got from books, as opposed to practical knowledge

Book-loss, book les, a পুরুকবিহীন, অপঠিত, Without books, unlearned

Book-madness, book-madnes, n. পুরুক্ আবি , Bibliomania, rage for possessing books

Bookplate, bookplat, n ৰে পৃঠাৰ এখ-প্ৰেণভাৰ नामानि पुजिन इस , A label usually posted inside the cover of a book, bearing the owner's name, or speculiar device.>

Book-post, book-post, n ডাকঘবেৰ পুৰুক-প্ৰেৰণ विकान, The department in the post-office for the transmission of books

Book-shelf, book-shelf,n পুত্তক বাধিবার দেবাস A shelf to hold books. [ who sells books Book seller, book-scier, n পুত্তক-বিক্তেডা One Book-worm, bookwurm, n পুৰকণাশক কীট , A worm that eats holes in books - পুত্তক পাঠে নিমগ্ন ৰাক্তি , ৰে ৰাক্তি না বুনিয়া পাঠ কৰে , One too much given to books, one always poring books one who reads without discrimination or profit

A sealed book—ৰে পুত্তকেৰ লিখিত বিবয় গুণ্ডভাবে बाबा हव , त्व विवय क्षत्र लांक निकंड रहरू एथलाव বাৰা হয়, A book the contents of which are kept secret, a subject which is kept hidden from men's knowledge.

Be in every body's books—প্ৰত্যেক ব্যক্তিৰ নিকট ৰণগ্ৰন্থ থাকা Owe money to everybody, As - The man who has no debts steps through the world comparatively unnoticed, while he who is in everybody a books has all eyes fixed upon him -Smiles [ to task. Bring one to book- ভिरद्वाद-क , To take one Beware of a man of one book—(本)可 本村中等 बाल्किय विकास धर्क कवित ना , Never attempt to controvert the statement of any one in his spe-

িছিল, Caught and disposed of. cial subject He was booked at last-ভাষাকে বৃত করা হইমা-In the books of-state wants, in kind remembrance or favour of.

पड भरर, Does not accord with my agreements. To keep in good books—অৰুগুৱীত হৰৱা; त्रकदा बोको , Continue to be in favour , As ---If you want to keep in the good books in that quarter, you had better not call her the old lady any more.-Dickens.

That does not suit my book---সাধাৰ বলোবত

To say one's lesson out of book—পাঠ মুধ্য ৰলা, To repeat one's lesson from memory; As —The puzzled dunce who stood beside it ( the desk ) to say his lesson out of book looked no longer at the ceiling for forgotten words, but drew closer to the master's elbow and boldly cast his eye upon the page -Dickens

To speak by the book-- विक कविश बना , To speak with minute exactness.

Without-book, with-out-book, nattier visi. পুত্ৰক বিনা, প্ৰয়াণ বিনা, By memory or without notes, without authority.

Booking-office, booking'-ofis, n हिकिए नहेंचोड़ M, An office at a Railway station, where the tickets are sold to travellers, and parcels are booked.

Bookish, bookish, a. পুৰুক্তিৰ, পাঠ নিৱত পুৰুক-পরিচিত, Fond of books, given to reading, more acquainted with books than with men n. =Bookishness

Boom, boom, n [ Dut. boom, a beam, a tree ] পাইল, A large pole by which a sail is stretched - नमीब अर्क भाव शहरू अन्न भाव भशन विचारिक লৌহ-লিকল, A strong iron chain or bar led across a river to obstruct navigation or passage, -নাবিকদিগের পথ নিদর্শনার্থ ছাপিত দও বা নিশান , A pole set up as a mark to duect seamen how to keep the channel in shallow water.

Boom, boom v : From a Low Ger root found in A S by me a trumpet, Dut bommen, to drum , like Bomb of imitative origin ] नहीं व শন্ধ বা গৰ্জন কৰা, To make a hollow sound or roar - कील शक्ता, To swell - (वर्ग धाविल शक्ता, To rush with violence, as a ship under a press of sail - विदेश शकीत छोड़ भन कहा, To cry, as the bittern —n. त्रष्ठीय त्रर्कन, त्रष्ठीय स्वर्गन, এक-জাতীয় পঞ্চীৰ ডাক , A hollow roar, as of the sea , the cry of the bittern.

Boomerang, boome-rang, n. [ Australian ] আল্ল বিশেষ, A missile weapon used by the natives of Australia formed of hard wood and in shape of a parabola

Boon, boon, n [Ice bon, a prayer, A. S ben] উপহার, দান, অনুগ্রহ, A gift, a present, favour - mitten, A prayer or petition.

Boon, boon, a. [Fr bon-L bonus, good ] अक्त , উरक्त , आरमानिश्व , इहे , अम्ब , Gay ; merry, joyial, kind.

Boor, boor, n [ Dut. boer (Ger. bauer), a tiller of the soil-Dut bouwen, cog with Ger. bauen. A S. buan, to till. ] कृषक , होता , A peasant , a rustic — অসভা ও নিবন্ধব ব্যক্তি, One who is rude in manners and illiterate -क्यांकार नव . A course or awkward person.

Boorish, boor'ish, a. आया , व्यव्हा , व्यव्हा , राम्ह , Rus-

tic; rude; illiterate; awkward in manners. n.= Boor'ishness—প্ৰাধ্যভা; Rusticity:—আৰিষ্টাচাৰ; Coarseness of manner. adv.=Boor'ishly.

Boose, Boose, Bouze, booz, v. i. অভিবিত্ত মন্য পান করা; To drink excessively; to guzzle. a.=Boosy or booz'y—মৃদ্যপাৰে উন্নন্ত; Marry with liquor; intoxicated.

Boot, boot, v. t. [ A. S. dot, compensation, amends, whence betan, to amend, to make better. ] লাভ-কু; সুবিধা-কু; To profit ; to advantage; As:-It boots thee not.-Shakespeare. Boot, boot, n. [ Fr. botte, a butt, or a boot, from O. Ger. buten; a cask. See Bottle, Butt. ] नाक ; উপকার : প্রবিধা : Profit ; advantage :- हर्ज-পাছকা; A covering for the foot and legs generally made of leather - দোষী ব্যক্তিদিগেৰ কেশ দিৰাৰ মন : An instrument made of iron formerly used to torture criminals, particularly in Scotland :-- চর্ম্বারা আচ্ছারিত বার ; A box covered with leather :--pl. জুতায় কালি দিবাৰ জন্ত নিৰুক্ত 981; A servant at hotels, who blacks the boots :-- v t পাছকা পৰিধান কৰা; To put boots on. Boot and saddle—अवाद्यांशी मिक्किशिय बाह्यांव

To boot—ছবিৰম্ভ; In addition; over and above; besides; As:—He has built a wall, he bears with ditch and polisade to boot.

precedes the march of cavalry.

पुर्वकातीन वनवामा भन : The trumpet call which

Boot-jack, buotjak, n. পাছকা ধূলিবাৰ বন্ধ বিশেষ; An instrument for drawing off boots.

Bootless, bootles, a. অকর্মণা, নিজ্প , পাছকা পুস ; Useless , fruitless , without boot. adv=Bootlessly ; n.=Bootlessness.

Boot-tree or last—চৰ্মপাছকা শিকিল কৰিবাৰ বস্ত্ৰ : An instrument to stretch and widen the leg of a boot.

Booth, n. [Ice. buth, Ger. bude; also Sav and Celt, as Gael both, hut.] অহায় কুটাৰ, হাটেৰ বা শেশাৰ চালা ঘৰ; A house or shed for temporary occupation; slight hut.

Booty, bööti, n. [lee. byti, share—byta, to devide ] বৃতিত দ্বা; বুঠ, A pillage, spoil gained from the enemy.

Bo peep, bo-pep', n ৰাল্কণিগেৰ ফ্ৰীড়া; ৰাল্ক-দিগেৰ সুকোচুৰি ৰেলা; A children's play; a game among children in which one peeps behind something and cries 'Bo.' [relating to borax. Boracic, bō-raśik, a. (সাহাগা সংক্ৰান্ত, Of or Boracic acid, bō-raśik asid, n. এক্সকাৰ ফ্ৰাক্; A acid obtained by dissolving borax, and also found native in mineral springs in Italy.

Borax, bū'raks, n. সোহাগা; A salt formed by combination of boracic acid with soda; a mineral salt used for soldering and also in medicine.

Border, bordér, n. [Fr. bord, bordure, from root of Board.] आंख; धांब; A margin; boundary; edge:—जीया; Boundary.—উगायह पूर्णादिकः; A flower bed in a garden:—v.i. आंख धांदकः To touch at the edge or extremity; to adjoin:—आंब नवक्तांन्ह, मिन्दिट पंचवां; निक्टि गंपल क्वां; To approach; to come near:—v.f. सञ्चाय नांगाय; थांड बनाय; To make or adorn with

a border :-- नमीशवर्षी- ह ; To reach ; to be contiguous to :-- नीमावस कवा ; To bound.

Border of a garment—भक्त ; The edge or ` extremity of a garment.

Border-Iand, boder-land, n. श्रीवाद श्राप्त ; विवाशी कृषि ; Land on the frontiers , debatable land. Borderer, border-er, n. श्रीवाद (प्रभवाशी ; One

who dwells on the border or confines of a country.

Bore, bor, v. t. [A. S. borian, to bore, from bore, a borer; Ger. bohren; allied to L. foro, to bore, Gr. pharynx, the gullet.] ছিল্-কৃ; বিদ্ধানৰ : To perforate or penetrate; to pierce so as to form a hole:—বিৰক্ত ৰা কাজ-কৃ; To weary or annoy by ceaseless repetition:—v. i. বিদ্ধান্ধ : To be pierced:—ছিল্-কৃ, To pierce or enter by boring:—n ছিল্, The hole made by boring:—কামানেৰ ছিল্ডেৰ পৰিমাণ, বন্দুকেৰ ছিল্ডেৰ আৰক্ত:—কিবক্তবাৰক ৰক্ত বা বাজি; A person thing that wearies by useless repetition:—বাণ; A tidal wave in an estuary:—বিৰক্তবাৰী ব্যক্তি; One who or that which bores.

Bore, bor, n. [ Ice ba'ra, a wave or swell, from root of to Bear or lift.] বাব; A tidal flood which rushes with great force into the mouth of certain rivers.

[ annoyed.

Bored to death—निजाब विवक ; Exceedingly Boredom, bor'dom, n. विवक्ति ; State of being bored, ennui.

Boring of a ear—wire; The ceremony of piercing the ear.

Bore, bor, Past tense of bear. Did bear.

Boreas, būre-as, n. উত্তৰ বায়ু; 'The north wind. Boreal, bū're-al, a. উদীচীন, উত্তৰদিক বা উত্তৰ বায়ু সম্মীয়; Northern, pertaining to the north or north wind.

Born, bawm, pa. p. of bear, to bring forth (জন-Born in a feathered nest—সৌভাগাণানী-হ; Be lucky from one's birth. [royal family. Born in the purplo—বালবংশদাত; Born of a Born poet—মভাবিক কৰি; কবিছ প্ৰতিভাগানী ব্যক্তি; A poet by nature; one endowed with a poetical genius.

Born with a silver spoon in one's mouth
—ভাৰাবাৰ হওয়া; Inherit a fortune by birth.

Born without a silver spoon in one's mouth—সৌতাগাণ:লী ইইয়া অনুন্তহণ লা করা, Not born to a large fortune; born "with a wooden ladle" in one's mouth.

To be born again—नवचीवन आहा; Regenerated; renewed; having received spiritual life. Borne, born, pa. p. of Bear, to carry

Borough, bur'o, a. [ A. S. burg, burh, a city, from beorgan, Ger. bergen, to protect. ] বিটৰ বহাসভাৰ প্ৰভিনিধি প্ৰেৰণাধিকাৰ-প্ৰাপ্ত নগম; An incorporated town; a town that sends member to Parliament.

Borough English, bur'o ing'lish, n. नर्सकिंड পুরে বে বিষয় আগায় : A descent of estates to the youngest son or to the youngest brother, if there are no sons.

Borough-monger, bur'o-mung'er, त. वर्गदाद अफ कर वा विकथकारी वाकि; One who buys or sells the patronage of a borough.

Borrowed plumes, bor'od ploomz, n. 514; Something which a person wears or puts forward as his own, but which is not.

A jackdaw or the daw in borrowed plumes—খণেৰ ভাৰতাৰী; A vain pretender to merit; As:—He was represented in a hundred pamplets, as the daw in borrowed plumes.—Macaulay.

[borrows.]

Borrower, bor o-er, n. वन-जहनकारी; One who Boscage, boskaj, n. [Fr. boscage, bocage—Low L. boscus (hence Fr. bois), conn. with Ger. busch, E. bush. । वन ; पन शक्तमपुर; Thicket; thick foliage; woodland — वनिष्ण ; A land-scape representing thicket of wood.

Bosh, bosh, n. निवर्गक वाका; Nonsense; foolish talk or opinion.

Bosk, bosk, n. 34; A thicket.

Bosket, Bosquet, boskét, n. কৃষ্ণ ; A grove. Bosky, boskí, a. ভ্ৰমানুত ; অবণ্যম ; নিবিড় , ছায়া-বিশিষ্ট ; Woody ; shady ; bushy.

Bosom, boz'um, n. [A. S. bosm, Ger. busen, from beugen; Sans. bugan, to bend, to curve.] বৃদ্ধেল; The breast of a human being:—আণি-জন; Embrace:—অভাৰত; গৰ্ভ; The interior:—অভাৰতণ; হৃদ্ধা; The seat of the affections:—
ভ. t. বৃদ্ধান্তল বাবা; To enclose in bosom; to keep with care; to cherish:—গোপন-কৃ, To conceal:—a. অভাত আছিব; আভারত; আভারতিণ; বাতার বিষয়; Intimate; much beloved; confidential; As:—Bosom friend.

Bosom's lord-दिरवक ; Conscience.

Boss, bos, n. [Fr. bosse, It. bossa, a swelling, from O. Ger bözem, to beat.] ফাডি. সমূবত আকাৰ; উচ্চাল; A stud or knob; a raised ornament as upon shield, harness &c.:—সমূবত আংল; Any protuberant part; a round, swelling body:—প্ৰধান কাৰিকৰ; A master, workman or superintendent —v. t. উন্নত কৰিবা; অলহত-কৃ; To stud; to ornament with bosses:—অৱবাধনাক; To superintend [ded; having bosses. Bossy, bośi, a. সমূবত; অলহত; Raised, stud-Botanic gardens, botan-ik-gardnz, n. আফাডিইব্ উল্পান; Gardens devoted to the cultivation of plants collected for the purpose of illustrating the science of botany.

Botanise, botán-iz, v. t. উতিশ্বিদ্যা শিক্ষা কৰিবাৰ বাৰ ভাৰণতা আনুস্থাৰ-কু; To seck for and investigate plants. [led in botany. Botanist, botán-ist, n. উত্তিশৃত্যবিৎ; One skil-Botany, botá-ni, n. [Gr. botane, herbplantbosko, to feed, L. vescor, I feed myself; herb. cog. with A. S. woed. ] देविष विषा वा विकास: The science that treats of plants. a.=Botańic, Botańical. adv.=Botańically.

Botch; boch, n. [ From the root of Boss. ] দেটিক ; A red swelling on the skin, particularly on the face ; a blotch — অনবহিতভাবে কুডকার্য ; Work done in a bungling manner ;— 可闭; A patch or part of a garment mended in a clumsy manner :- v. f. डानि-(प ; To patch or mend [ workman ; one who botches. clumsily. Botcher, bocher, n. অনিপুণ কারিকর; A clumsy Botchery, bocher-i, n. जानि , Clumsy addition ; patchwork. [ (क्किन् 1) , Full of botches. Botchy, bochi, a. ভালিপুর্ব, কদর্য দেলাইয়ক; Both, both, a. pron conj. [ Ice bathi, Ger. beide; A. S. bû; cf L am-bo, Gr. ampho, Sans. ubha, orig. ambha ] উভয়; হুই; এবং; এক-প্রে: Used before the first of two co-ordinate words or phrases, followed by and before the other; the one and the other; the two; as well; on the one side.

Bother, bother, v t [ Perh. from Ir buaidhirt, trouble ] विवरू-कृ. To perplex or tease:—n. विवरू-कोदी, One who bothers —विवर्क ; विवरू-कर्य : Annoyance; that which annoys

Botheration, bothera'shun, n. বিৰক্তি; বিবক্তিৰ কাৰণ, Cause of trouble, perplexity; annoyance. Bots, Botts, bots, n. কৃথি; Worm in horses; small worms found in the intestines of horses. Bot-fly, botfli, n. কীট; The insect whose eggs produce botts.

Bottle, botl, n. [Fr bouteille, dim. of botte, a vessel for liquids, from the root of Boot, Butt.] ভবন অবেৰ আবাৰ; অনপাৱ, বেভিন, A hollow vessel for holding and carrying liquids:— বোভন্তিত বয়; The content of a bottle:—n. t. বোভনে বাৰা বাৰ্ণক; To put in bottles.

Bottled, bottle, p. a. বোডনের ভিতৰ আবদ্ধ; বোডনাকৃতি; Inclosed in bottles: shaped or protuberent like a bottle.

Bottle friend, botl-frend, Bottle companion, botl-kom-panyun, अव (वायरणव देशव : A friend or companion in drinking ; a fellow toper Bottle-holder, botl-holder, n. बद्धव नार्वाच जावो . One who aids a boxer, as by washing of his blood, refreshing him with water and doing other services to encourage him to persevere and win:—नार्वाच वाये ; One who gives moral support, backer.

Bottle-nosed, botl-nozd, c. বেছসৰং বাসিকা-যুক; Having a nose full and swollen at the end. Look for a needle in a bottle of hay— বুখা অধ্যেশ-কু; Make a fruitless search; look for a very small article amidst a mass of other things.

Bottom, botum, n [A. S. botm; Ger. boden; conn. with L. fundus, bottom, Gael. bond, bown, the sole.] जन।; जनरण ; The lowest part of any thing:—जरवाडांत्र; जिन्छ; Foundation, base:—नियुक्षि; উপত্যকা; Low land; a dale, a valley:—(naut) (পাড; ভাষাতের নিযুক্তি দুক্তি

কাঠ; A ship; the keel of a ship;—গিটে;
বুলা; Sediment; lees; dregs:—শ্বীবেৰ সাধভাগ; সহ কৰিবাৰ শক্তি: Stamina; power of endurance;—ত. ঠ. সংহাপথ-ডু; অবল্যন কৰা;
Found or build; to rest upon:—তল্বিশিট্ড-ডু;
To furnish with a seat:—ত. ঠ. হাপিড-ছ; To be based.

At bottom—বাতৰিক: প্রকৃতপক; অত্তরে; In reality; at heart; at the root; As:—He was a worthy creature at bottom.—Dickens.

At the bottom of—aut a stat; wire; wire; wire; wire; At the root of; being the chief cause of; As:—He is at the bottom of all the disturbances in Europe.—Warren.

False bottoms:—ভিত্তবিশিষ্ট কাহাক: গুলা কল্লনা; Crazy or leaky vessels; hence, unsound speculations; As;—We are not without excuse if we husband our enthusiasm a little, and do not prematurely lay out our whole stock in untred ventures, and what may turn out to be false bottoms.—Hazlitt. [সহিত: Heartily From the bottom of one's heart—কল্মের Get to the bottom of —কাহন কাম্যের or understand the origin or cause of; As—It is quite clear that we shall have extreme difficulty in getting to the bottom of this mystery.

Have more bottom than another—অন্ত অপেকা অধিকতৰ সত কৰিবাৰ শক্তি থাকা; অন্ত অপেকা অধিকতৰ স্থিক্তা থাকা; Have more native strength or power of endurance than another; As:—But Steyne had more bottom than he, and had lasted him out.—Thackeray

In the bottom of— करियम बार्टिन; In the inmost part of; in the depth or recess of; As;—Still there seemed to be a spark of almost extinguished fire, feebly glimmering in the bottom of his soul.—Irving.

Probe or sift out to the bottom—ভর তর
অধুস্কান-ক; পুথাপুপ্রবেশ স্কান-ক; Scrutinise;
to enquire minutely into all the causes and
circumstances. [less.

Bottomless, botum-les, a. অতন্ত্রণ ; Fathom-Bottomless pit—নৱক ; Hell.

Bottomry, botum-ri, n. [From Bottom, a ship] পোড बस्क वाबिया की अहा ; The act of borrowing money on the security of a ship.

Boudoir, boodwar, n. [Fr.—bouder, to pout, to be sulky.] অভঃপুৰ; কফ; স্থানোকে ভব কফ বা শেশপুৰ; A lady's dressing-room; a private apartment.

Bough, bow, n. [A. S. bog, boh, an arm, the shoulder (Ger. bug, the shoulder, the bow of a ship.)—A. S. bugan, to bend. ] जाजा; A branch of a tree.

Bought, bawt, pa.t. and pa.p. of Buy.

Bougle, böö-zhe', n. [ Fr., wax-candle, bougle, from Bugia, a town of North Africa. ] সুত্রমার্থ দোব শোষপার্থ ব্যৱহৃত বহু বিশেষ; A long flexible instrument for removing obstructions in the bladder.

Boulder, bölder, n. [Acc. to Wedg-wood, from Swed, bullra, Dan, buldre, to roar like

thunder, as large pebbles do. ] জনুবাহে বর্জাভাবে পথিত বৃহৎ প্রজন বিশেষ; বহানচাত প্রজন কুণ;
A large stone rounded by the action of water;
( geol. ) a mass of rock transported by natural agencies from its native bed :— a. বোল্ডার বাবক
প্রজন্ম বুর্ণ; Containing boulders.

Boulevard, boo-le-var', n. [ Fr. fr. Ger. boll-werk, bulwark. ] विशेष कांगम ; वांबू (मवरमद क्षाम,

A public walk.

Bounce, bowns, v. i. হাাৎ লক দেখা; To leap or spring suddenly:—শন পূৰ্মক আঘাত-তৃ; To beat or thump so as to make a sudden noise;—হৰ্ণ কৰা; অড়াজি কৰা; To boast; to exaggerate:—v. t. অক্ষাৎ প্ৰবলমণে কোন বস্তুতে আঘাত-তৃ; To drive violently against any thing:—n. অক্ষাৎ লক: A sudden leap:—আব্যক্তি ভালে দ্বালাভ; অক্ষাৎ আঘাত; A heavy sudden blow or thump:—অস্কৃতিভভাবে দিখা কৰব; A bold lie —ন্প: A boast.

Be kept on the bounce—মতাত নাৰ্ণিক চিত্ৰা ও ব্যক্তি অবস্থাৰ বাৰা; Be kept in a state of great mental agitation and anxiety; As:—The testy little governor appears to have had his hands full and with one annoyance and the other to have been kept continually on the bounce. living. [of Bind.

Bound, bownd, v. See Bind:—pa. t. and pa. a. Bound, bownd, n. [O. Fr. bonne—Low. L. bodina—Bret. bonn, a boundary.] नीपा; Limit; extent; boundary.

Bound, bownd, v. t. [O. Fr. bounc—Low L. bo.lina—Bret. bonn, a boundary.] नीवावक-क्; भीगा निर्वय कहा; To set limits to a thing; to limit:—मःचड-कृ; To restrain — नीया निर्वय कृ; To mention the boundaries of:—विदेश-कृ; To surround; to cause to bound.

Bound, bownd, v. i. [ Fr. bondir, to spring, in O. Fr to resound—L. bombitare. See Boom, the sound ] লম্ব পেন্তা; To spring or leap:—n. লম্ব; A spring or leap.

Bound, bownd, a. ৰজ; Confined; restrained:
—বৈতিক বন্ধৰে বাধ্য; Obliged by moral ties.

Bound, bownd, a. [ Ice. buinn, pa. p. of bua, to prepare ] बाहर अञ्चल ; छिक्टि ; Ready to go; destined.

Ice bound, wind bound—gate te; Confined or prevented from sailing by ice or contrary winds.

Be bound up in—সাসত বঙ্গা; Be absorbed in ; be attached to.

Be bound up with—আভেনারপে সংযুক্ত ; Be indissolubly connected.

As in duty bound—চিবাৰ্গত ব্যক্তিৰ বেক্লপ কৰ্মব্য ; As one is obliged by duty.

Bound hand and foot—হাত পা বাবা; बरकवारव क्ष्मणणूक वा नागव अवश्वः Having the feet or hands confined; restrained from motion; made completely powerless or helpless.

Bind oneself hand and foot—ছোৰ বিবাহ আৰহ চুইবা আপৰাকে সপ্ৰিল অফৰ কৰা; Render one's self perfectly helpless by being completely enthralled to something; As:—You reb your-

nelf to give her, You bind yourself hand and foot on her account.-Dickens.

Bring within bounds-ক্ৰাইল আৰা ; বাড়া-ৰাটি কৰিছে না দেওৱা; Reduce to a moderate degree; not allow to be carried to excess.

Go beyond the bounds of--मीमा चिक्यम कदा ; Exceed the limits of.

Know no bounds—अमीम क्ला , Be limitless. Set a bound to—প্ৰকৃত নীমাবদ্ধ কৰা, দমৰ কৰা, Restrain within proper limits.

To be bound in duty—অবশ্ব কৰিব্য জ্ঞানে বাধ্য चाका ; To be obliged by duty.

To be bound in fairness-- नदनकार अवर নিরপেকভাবে কোন বিষয় আলোচনা করিতে বাধা; To be under obligation (to do something) from the necessity of treating a subject candidly and impartially.

Boundary, bownda-ri, n. भीया : आह ; भाव-ভাগ ; A visible bound or limit , border ; termination.

Bounden, bowndn, a. অবস্থাকরণীয় : আবিস্থাক : Morally imperative, binding; required; obli-

Bounden duty, bownda duti, অবস কর্ত্বা কার্যা, A duty which is obligatory on (a person), As. -It seems the bounden duty of every government, not only not to encourage such irregular warfare on the part of its population, but care-[ mits , vast. fully to repress it -T Arnold Boundless, boundles, a. अभीम, Without li-Bounty, bowhu, n [ Fr. bone, goodness-L bontras-bonus, good ] বদায়তা . দান , দানশীলতা , Liberality in bestowing gifts, generosity, munificence, the gift bestowed :--পাবিভোষিক : A premium or reward a. - bounteous, bowhteus, bountiful, bowhti-fool, বদান্ত , উদাৰ , কুপালু দান-निष ; Liberal, generous in giving, munificent adv=Bountcously, Bountifully. n.=Bountcousness, Bountifulness.

Bouquet, boo'ka, n [Fr.-bosquet, dim of bois, a wood-It bosco. See Boscage, Bush. ] পুশারুছে; কুলের ভোড়া, A bunch of flowers, a nose-gav.

Bourg, burg, z. Same as Burgh, Borough

Bourgeois, bur-jois, n. [Fr-perh, from the name of the typelounder ] ছাপিবার অকর বিশেষ, A small kind of type in size between long primer and brevier.

Bourgeoisie, boorzh waw'ze, w. [Fr. bourgeois, a citizen, from root of Borough ] क्यारखनीव নাগবিক; বণিক দল The middle class of citizens, esp. traders.

Bourgeon, bur'jun, v. i. [ bourgeon, a bud, shoot. ] অমুবিত হওয়া ; মুকুলিত হওয়া ; বন্ধিত হওয়া ; To bud; to sprout, to grow

Bourn, Bourne, born or boom, n. [Fr. borne, a limit. See Bound ] श्रेषा ; Bounds limits ; confines

Bourn, Bourne, born or boorn, n. [ A. S. burna, a stream; Scot. burn, a brook; Goth brunna, a spring.] সুত্র ব্রোভরতী , A little stream. Bourse, boors, n. [Fr. bourse. See Purse.] 374

বিজ্ঞৰ স্থান ; The French name of an exchange ; an exchange where merchants meet for busines Bouse, booz, v.i. [Dut. buysen, to drink deeply -buis, a tube or flask ; allied to Box.] willia. यगुभान-कृ, To drink freely or deeply.

Bout, bowt, n. [ Doublet of Bight; from root of Bow, to bend. ] कनर ; উरनात्र ; भवीका , Conflict ; an attempt ; a trial :- बांब ; शर्वााव ; शांबा , A turn or round.

Bovine, bō'vīn, a [L. bos, bovis, Gr. bous, an ox or cow ] গোজাতীয়, গৃহপালিত পত সৰজীয়, Pertaining to animals of the ox kind; pertaining to cattle.

Bow, bo, v. t. [ A. S. bugan, to bend; akin to L. fugio, to flee, to yield. ] নত-ক, To bend or incline towards :-- नगकाय-क , व्यक्तियान कवनार्थ দেহ ঋৰ্ৰত কৰা, To bend the body in token of respect — वनी वृष्ठ-कृ, समन कृ, Го depress, to crush, to subdue -v. t. नमकात-क ; व्यक्तिनार्थ নত হওয়া, অবনত হওয়া; বস্তুতা স্বীকার কবা, To bend the body in saluting a person, to yield, to stoop :- n. नमकात , अगाम , अकिवानन कदमार्च (मह অবৰত; Salutation, a bending of the body in saluting a person

Bow, bo, n [ A S boger ] চক্ৰাকৃতি বস্তু, Any thing in the form of a curve - 476, A weapon to shoot arrows —পোভাগ্র; জাহাজের বক্ত অর্থ-ভাগ, The curving forward part of a ship -a. চক্ৰবৎ; Curved or arched, as a bow-window.

Bow-bells, bo'-bels, n. লওন নগরবাদী, প্রকৃত ৰাগবিক, A true cockney.

Bow-hand, bo'-hand, n. वाप इंड; The left hand; the hand which holds the bow. [ crooked legs, Bow-legged, bo'-legd, a প্রায় का मान ; Having Bow-line, bo'-lin, n काशाकद शहिएवर है। निष्क : পাইলকে বাযুদ্ধে বাখিবার কঞ্, A rope which keeps the weather-edge of a sail tight forward, when the ship is close hauled

Bow-man, bo'-man, n পলুবের দাঁড়ি; The man who rows the foremost oar in a boat .-- \* 178 , शाचुकी ; Archer.

Bow-shot, bo'-shot, n. गंदगरा होन ; गंदरक्श मृदछ , चझ प्रवर्श शांन ; The place which an arrow may pass when shot from a bow, the distance to which an arrow can be shot from a bow: a place not far distant.

Bow-sprit, bo'-sprit, n. পাनम्ख; পোভার হইভে উথিত দও; A pole projecting from the stem or bow of a ship to carry sail forward.

Bow-string, bo'-string, n. जा; धनुर्श; पूरक काठीराव मर्ता अश्वाधीमिराव धार्वरधव नवब्हु; String of a bow; a string with which the Turks strangled offenders.

Bow-window, bu'-windu, n. অম্ব্রতাকার গবাঞ্চ : (See Bay window) A bent or semieircular window

Draw not your bow till your arrow is flxed--আরম্ভ করিবার পূর্বের সকল প্রস্তুত রাখিও; Have every thing ready before you begin.

To be too much of the bow-hand--(\*) मन्नी कविट्ड चक्छकारी रहता; छन्त्रक्त्रभ एक नरह; To fail in a design; not be sufficiently dexterous. To have two strings to one's bow—আভি-লাৰ সিদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ মুইট উপাৰ বাবা; To have two means of accomplishing one object.

Bowel, bow'el, v. t. कुँदि वास्त्र कदिया शक्या ; To take out the intestines ; to eviscerate.

Bowels, bow'elz, n. pl. [Fr. boyau. O. Fr. boel
—L. botellus, a sausage, also, an intestine.]
ছড়ি; জন্ত; Entrails; intestines:—পর্ভ; মধ্যভাগ;
The interior part of any thing:—দমা; সদম; সমবেদনা; কোন্দলভা বা বেছ; Heart; pity; compassion; tenderness.

Bower, bow'er, n. [A. S. bur, a chamber; Scot. hvre-root. A.S. buan, to dwell ] निक्छ; Arbour; a shady inclosure or recess in a garden.

Bower, bow'er, n. পোভারন্থিত নোজর, An anchor at the bow or forepart of a ship.

Bower anchor, bow'er-angkur, n. अञ्चर्गवर्णच ; The smaller anchor or anchers carried at the ship's bow. [taining bowers; shady.

Bowery, how'er-i, a. निक्क्षमत ; हार्राविभिष्ठे , Con-Bowie-knife, bö'i-nı, n ह्रिक विद्भ्य , A long, short knife, carried by hunters in the southern and south-western states of America, so named from its inventor, Colonel Bowie.

Bowl, bol, n. [A. S bolla. See Bole ] জনপাত্ত ; গোলাকাৰ পানপাত্ত , A concave vessel to hold liquids, a round drinking cup —গৰ্ভ. খোল: The hollow part of any thing, the round hollow part of any thing

Bowl, böl, n [Fr. boulo—L. bulla See Boil.
r.] কান্ন নিৰ্দ্ধিত ঐড়া গোলক; A wooden ball used for rolling along the ground:—v. t. গুলি গড়াইছাদে, বল নিকেপ করা; To roll as a bowl; to throw a ball, as in cricket; to pelt with any thing rolled —v. i গোলা (ধলা; To play with bowls.

Bowl out, bul owt. n. ছনিকা বাবা দও আঘাত-কু; In cricket, to knock down a wicket by bowling. Bowlder, holder, n বত বৃত্তি; A large pebble boulder. Same as Boulder. [plays at bowls Bowler, bucker, n. ছনিকা ক্রীড়াকারী. One who Bowling-green, buling-green,n. ছনিকা বেশিবার নমতন স্থান, A green or grassy level piece of ground kept smooth for bowling.

Box, boks, n. [A. S. box, L. burus, Gr. pysos, the tree, pyxis, a box.] আধার; বানা; বৃক্তবিশেষ; A case or hollow vessel; a tree remarkarable for the hardness and smoothness of its wood:—
ৰাজেৰ অভাৱনত বস্তু; The contents of a box:—
ৰাট্যপালার বনিবাব হাল; A seat in a theatre or any place of public amusement:—টাভার নিপ্ত; A money-chest:—কুত্র বাটা; A small house:—
শতট-চাল্তের বনিবার আসম; The driver's seat on a carriage:—v. t. বান্তের মধ্যে বাধা বা ভদাবা
শক্তিত করা; To inclose in a box or furnish with boxes.

Box, boke, n. [ Dan. bask, a sounding blow; cf. Ger. pochen, to strike. ] মুট প্ৰহাৰ; হত বাবা বতক বা কৰে পাবাত; A blow on the head or ear with the hand or fist:—v. i. হাডাহাতি-ক; মুনা বাবাবাধি-ক; To combat with the hand or fist. e.= boxen, কাট বিশ্বিত; made of box wood.

Box off—কুত্ৰ কুত্ৰ গৃহত্ বিভাগ-ড় ; To divide into light compartment.

Box the compass—निकर्णन बद्धाव टिस्ट्व ज्यावर माय-कृ; Name the points of the compass in order. In a box—नवार ; In difficulty.

To be in the wrong box—ate-e; To be mistaken; As:—If the friend or my brother fancied that, for once they were in the wrong box.—De Quincey.

Boxen, boksn, a. ৰে কাঠে বাল প্ৰভুত হয় ভাছায়া নিৰ্মিত বা তৎসদৃশ : Made of or like box wood.

Boxer, bokser, n. বল্প; One who fights with his fist. [ with the fist.

Boxing, bokśing, n. মুলুক; The act of fighting Boxing-day, bokśing-da, n. ইংলতে প্রিটোৎসবেদ্ধ পদ দে দিন উপাধার অধান করা হয়; In England, the day after Christmas when boxes or presents are given.

[ between two black guards.

Boxing match, bokśing-mach, n. বর্ষ; Fight Boxwood, bokśwood, n. একস্টের কাই; Wood of the box-tree.

Boy, boy, n. [Fris. boi, Dut. boef, Ger. bube, L. pupus.]. বালক; A male-child; a lad —ছেবেমাসুৰ, A man in contempt or familiarity.

Boyar, boy'er, n ক্লাদেশীয় জনুলোক; A Russian nobleman.

Boycott, boy'kot, v. t. [ From Captain Boycott, who was so treated by his neighbours in Ireland 1881 ] সামাজিক বাণিলা বিষয়ক সংত্ৰৰ বহিত কয় , To shut out from all social and commercial intercourse.

Boy girl, boy'-gerl, n. অগন্তা বালিকা; A hoyden. Boyhood, boy'hood, n. বালকছ, State of being a boy.

Boyish, boy'ish. a. बानकदर; वानकमहतीय; Relonging to or like a boy; childish. n=Boy'ishness, वानकप; Childishness. adv=Boy'ishly. Boy king, boy'-king, n. बानकदास; A young king.

Brace, bras, n. [O Fr. brace, Fr bras, the arm, power-L. brachium, Gr. brachion, the arm, as holding together. ] आतंत्र . A support . --- वक्तन वक्क; वक्षनी; वाश अवज्ञ मसोकर्श कवित्रो एठ-ক্লণে ধৰিয়া বাবে; Bandage; that which holds any thing tightly '-- যুগ ; মুগ ; A pair .-- বাৰ-চৰ্মৰ ; A thick strap, which supports a carriage on wheels — মুক্তাৰণে সংযোজক তিহ্ন ; { } ; বন্ধনী ; In printing, a mark connecting two or more words or lines:--pl. (शनकृत्व ब्लाइबा बादिवाब ফিডা: Straps that suspend pentaloons &c., suspenders :- v. t. 4144 \$ ; To prop; support :-টানিরা বাধা; দৃঢ়-কু; To tighten; to put in a state of tension; to strengthen :-- জাহাজের পাল স্কাল্ৰ-ক : To bring the yards to either side :--मृह्डादव श्रेका ; To hold firmly.

Bracelet, brāślet, n. [Fr. dim of O. Fr. brac. See Brace.] বন্ধ; কথা; An ornament for the wrist worn by ladies:—বাহ ব্যক্তী; Defensive armour for the arm.

Brach, brak, brach, n. [O. Fr. brache, from O. Ger. bracco.] শিকাৰী কুকুৰ; A dog for the chase.

furious.

Brachiel, braki-al, a. [See Brace.] वादमप्तीय : Belonging to the arm.

Bracing, brasing, a. anvisa; (Suggist; Giving strength or tone. [ Ferm. Bracken, braken, #. [See Brake.] পदशाहा ; Bracket, braket, n. [Dim. formed from Brace.] দেওয়াৰ বিবিশ্ব ভাল : A support projecting from a wall or other surface :-- pl. মুদ্রাকণে সংযোজক हिन्ह ; [] ; राजनी ; In printing, the marks [] used to inclose one or more words :- v. t. forma মধ্যে **ৰাখা** ; বন্ধনীৰ অন্তৰ্গত কৰা ; To put within brackets:-বাকেটের উপরে বাধা; To place on

bracket, to support by brackets.

Brackish, brakish, a. [Dut. brak, refuse conn. with Wrick.] ज्वनाङ ; Saltish. n.=Brackishness. Bract, brakt, n. [bractea, a thin plate of matal, gold-leaf. ] অস্পূর্ণ পর ; An irregularly developed leaf at the base of the flower-stalk. a .= Brac'teal.

Bradawl, bradawl, n. [ For inserting brads, long, thin nails. ] ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ কাটা; An awl to pierce hole.

Brag, brag, v. t. [ Prob. from a root of brag See Brave. ] नर्स-कु ; ब्याप्रज्ञाचा कदा ; मर्ग कदा , To boast or bluster ; to vaunt :- n. नर्स ; आश्रामाण , দৰ্শ ; A boast or boasting :-- অহলাবের বস্তু ; The thing boasted of :--এক প্ৰকাৰ তাস খেলা . A game at cards.

Brag is good dog, but hold fast is a better-মুখে বলা অপেকা কাকে কবা ভাল : Talking is all very well but doing is tar better.

Braggadocio, brag-a-do'shi-o, n. [From Braggadochio, a boastful character in Spencer's Fairy Queen. ] शांबिक ; A boaster ; a braggart : - TT TE ; Empty boasting.

Braggart, brag'art, a. [O. Fr. bragard, vain, bragging, from the root of Brag.] প্ৰপূৰ্ব ; Boastful :-- n. वृश माजिक ; A vain boaster.

Braggartiam, brag'art-ism, n. माखिकणा : Boastfulness.

Brahma, bra'ma, n. उना ; शहेक्डी ; The selfexisting and invisible creator of the Universe.

Brahmin, bra'min, Brahman, bra'man, n. [ From Brahma, the Hindu Deity. ] 31771; A person of the highest or priestly caste among the Hindus, a .= Bahmińic, Brahmińical, Brahmanic, Brahmanical.

Brahmanism, bra'man-izm, Brahminism, bra'min-izm, n. বান্ধা ধর্ম ; বিশ্বধর্ম ; One of the religions of India, the worship of Brahma.

Braid, brad, v. t. [ A. S. bredan, bregdan. Ice. bregda, to weave. ] बकरत बूना; बबन कदा; बूना; পাক পেজা; To weave or entwine; to plait :-n. প্রস্থি; বজু; A string, cord or other texture formed by weaving or plaiting :- करवी ; ৰেণী; ৰোপা; A band of hair formed by plaiting three or more folds together.

Brail, bral, n. [O. Fr. braiel, a cincture.] ( naut. ) শাল তুলিবার বজু; Ropes to haul up or truss up sails for furling :- v. t. 9189 (5)91; To haul up in the brails

Brain, bran, n, [ A, S, bragen; Dut, brein, ]

वृद्धिक ; The mass of nervous matter within the skull :-- वृक्ति ७ क्यारमद चांबाद ; The seat of sensation and intelligence; the understanding:-कहना ; Imagination :—v. t. मंकिक हुर्ग-कृ ; मंकिक वारित कहा ; स्वरंग कहा ; To dash out the brains of; to destroy; As :- Jack had brained one of these gentry with the club-end of his musket.

Brain fever, brail fe'ver, म. यदिक अमोर : Inflam-[ cranium. mmation of the brain. Brain pen, bran pan, n. बांबान बुनि; Skull; Brain sick, brah sik, a. बुद्धिन, Disordered

in the understanding. Brain-sickness, bran-siknes, n. 464 विकृष्टि ; वृद्धिज्ञान ; विद्वहनाहीनजा ; Disorder of the brain ; [ Mental labour. giddiness; indiscretion. Brain-work, bran-wurk, n. याननिक श्रीबन्ध: Blow out one's brains-44-4; Kill one. Brainless, brailes, a মভিনপুর; বৌধহীন; faratte : Without brains or understanding ; silly. Branish, branish, a डेक परिष, Hot headed;

Brake, brak, n [ Low. Ger. brake, brushwood; Ger. brach, fallow ] চারা গাছ বিশেষ; Fern; ধারণ ছারা আচ্ছাদিত ছান; A place overgrown with ferns :-- दन ; A thicket.

Brake, brak, n. [ From the root of Break. ] শোন আঁচডাইবার ষয়; পাটা : An instrument to bicak flax or hemp -- श्रालिम ; A bit for horses :-- অৰ দমৰ বন্ধ ; A frame for confining horses while being shod: -- বানের গতিনিবারক বস্তু; An instrument for checking the motion of a wheel engine :- अवस्यन यान ; A skeleton carriage for training horses -- लाड्डेटनक ; यांग्रेव हात्रफ छात्र-बाद पञ्च; A large heavy harrow for breaking clods :- (द्वाने : A kneading trough :- (देशाह : An enclosure for cattle.

Brakeman, brakman, n. अवस्थान यांच हालक : One who manages a brake of a carriage.

Brakevan, brakvan, n. गान शिरानं ; In Railway trains, a carriage furnished with powerful brakes. of brakes.

Braky, braki, a. কটকযুক্ত ; Rough ; thorny ; full Bramble, brambl, [ A. S. bremel ; Dut. braam, Ger brom. ] কউকিত শুৰা; A prickly creeping shrub bearing black berries; any rough prickly shrub bearing black berries. Bran, bran, n. [ Fr. bran, bran-Celt. bran,

bran, refuse. ] ভূবি; ভূব; The inner husks of corn sifted from the flour.

Bran-new, brań-nū,a. আৰক্ষা ৰুভন ; সম্পূৰ্ণ ৰুভন ; Quite new; As:-The happy schoolmaster put on a bran-new pair of gloves.-Dickens.

Branny, brańi, a. कृषिद्य ; Consisting of bran :

-ভূবিৰৎ; Resembling grain.

Branch, bransh, n. [Fr. branche-Bret. branc, an arm; Low L. branca, L. branchium. See Brace. ] " The shoot of tree or plant :-বাই; Any arm or extended part shooting from the main body :-- বিভাগ ; A ramification ; a subdivision; a department :- (कान वर्ष्य नावा : मरनीच ; A line of family descent ; a descendant from a common parent :- s. i. नावाद प्राप्त विकास रका; To spread in branches:—विकड ह; To ramify:—e. f. बाबाह विकड ह; To divide into branches.

Branch off-first-v; To form a branch or separate part; to bifurcate. [sively.

Branch out—স্থিতাৰে বলা; To speak diffu-Root and branch—স্পূৰ্তি ;Wholly; totally. Branchless, branshles, a. শাৰ্তি; Without branches.

Branchlet, branshlet, n. क्य नारा; A twig. Branchice, brangki-E, n. pl. [L.] व्यवस्थित कृत्व]; Gills. a.—Branchial, brangki-al.

Branchy, branshi, a. শাধান্য; Full of branches. Brand, brand, n. [A. S. root of Burn.] জনত কাইবঙ: দক্ষান বা অৰ্থান কাইবঙ: A burning piece of wood; a piece of wood burning or partly burned:—তথ লোহের দান; তথ লোহ ঘারা দক্ষ চিহু; A mark made by pressing a hot iron mould upon a cask:—কল্ফ চিহু; অপৰণ; Any mark of infamy; stigma:—বাবনার বিদর্শন; A trade mark;—বক্ষ; বাকার; Kind; quality:—থ.t. জনত্ত্বলের বিহু আরিত করা; To burn or mark any thing with an iron mould red hot:—অপবশ-তু; কলত্ত্বের চিহু অর্থিত করা; To stigmatise as infamous; to fix a mark of infamy upon.

Brand iron or branding iron—দাৰ কৰিবাৰ লৌহ : An iron used to brand with.

Branded with infamy—कनकिङ; Marked with infamy.

Brand-new, brand-nd, a. সম্পূৰ্ণ মুডন; আনকৰা মুডন; Quite new (as if newly from the fire.) Brandish, brandish, v. t. [Fr. brandir, from root of Brand.] অৱ কীড়া-ক; অৱ সঞ্চালন কৰা; To move or wave as a weapon; to raise and move in various directions; to flourish:—n. অৱ পৰিচালন; A waving or flourish.

Brandy, brandi, n. [Formerly brandwine— Dut. brandewijin—branden, to burn, to distil, and wijin, wine; Cf. Ger. brantwein.] মৃদিৱা বিশেষ; হ্ৰৱা; Alcohol obtained from wine; an ardent spirit distilled from wine.

Brangle, brang'l or brangl, [Fr. branler.] विवाप ; क्ष्य ; A wrangle; a squabble; a noisy contest.

Brash, brash, a. [ Gr. brasch, harsh, impetuous.] মু:নাহনিক; Impetuous; rash; hasty:—n.
আনাত্ত বস্তু: Refuse boughs of trees; trash.

Water-brash, waw'ter-brash, n. মুৰে ৰণ টঠা; A burning sensation in the stomach with eructation of an acid liquid.

Weaning-brash, wening-brash, n. निरुद्ध उन-बाबर; Diarrhoea affecting children just weaned. Brass, bras, n. [A. S. brass; Ice. bras, solder; from brasa, to harden by fire, Swed. brasa, fire.] शिक्ष ; An alloy of copper and zinc:— विश्वका; ब्हेका; Impudence; a brazen face (colloq):—pl. शिक्ष विश्वक शांत क व्यवकाद; Uttensils, ornaments, &c. made of brass.

Brass-brand, bras-band, #. পিছল-নিৰ্শিত বাদ্যত্ত-বাদক-সম্মান্ত A band or company of musicians who perform on brass instruments, Brassy, brasi, s. शिक्षण जवसीय ; Of or pertaining to brass :— निर्मेख ; कृष्टे ; Impudently bold ; impudent.

Brat, brat, n. [A. S. bratt, W., Gael. brat, a rag; prov. E. brat, a child's pinafore. ] শিশুৰ তুছাৰ্থক বাৰ; A contemptuous name for a child-Bravado, brav-z'do, n. [Sp. bravada, from root of Brave.] শৰ্মা; স্বৰ্ণ ক আৰ্থন ; Boastful display of courage; a boastful treat:—অত্যাব; Boast or brag:—অত্যাব) বাজি; A boasting fellow. pl.—Bravadoes.

Brave, brav, a. [Fr. brave; It and Sp. brave; from Celt., as in Bret. braga, to strut about, Gaet. breagh, fine. See Brag.] नारिनेक; Bold; daring; courageous:—जिस ; नुष्य ; Excellent; beautiful; grand:—ज्य आंकाविशिक्ष; वर्षः, Having a noble mien; noble:—v.t. पूछ-कः, नारम पूर्वक आंक्यन-कः, नारमिक वर्षि ; कर्षाः, To defy; to challenge; to meet boldly; to encounter with courage:—n. ज्ञानिक वृद्धिः पाछिक वृद्धिः, A brave man; a hector; a bully.

Bravery, brāv'er-i, n. নাহন; বীৰ্ছ; Courage; heroism:—আড্হৰ; (লাডা; Ostentation; finery. Bravo, brāvo, n. পান্ব; হাডক; বেতনভূক ভ্ৰথ-হত্যাকাৰী; A daring villain; an assassin; a hired assassin; a bandit:—int. নাহান; হাহবা; নাধু নাধু; Well done

Bravura, brav-oor'a, n. [It ] গাঁডবিশেষ; A term applied to songs that require great spirit in execution.

Brawl, brawl, n. [ W. bragal, to vociferate, which, acc. to Skeat, is freq. of brag. ] কলছ; বগড়া; A noisy contention, uproar; a noisy quarrel; wrangling:—v. t. বগড়া-ক; শন্ শন্ বা কল কল কলি কৰা; To quarrel noisily. n. Brawler.

Brawling, brawling, a. কল্ববিষ; Noisy; quarrelsome.

Brawn, brawn, n. [O. Fr. braon, from O. Ger. brato, flesh (for roasting)—O. Ger. pratan (Ger. braten), to roast.] পুৰুষ মাংস; The flesh of a boar or the animal itself:—মাংসপেনী; মৃঢ় মাংসপেনী, Fully strong muscles; muscle:—ব্য; Strength; muscular strength.

Brawny, brawhi, a. शिशिक; मार्यन; वनवास; Fleshy; muscular; strong.

Bray, bra, v. t. [Fr. braire; Low L. bragire, from root of Brag, Brawl.] गर्भ एक वर्ष हो रहां व कृ; To utter a harsh cry, as an ass: — कर्रन नव्य कृ; To make a harsh, grating noise: — गर्भ एक हो रहां व ; The cry of an ass: — कर्रन नव; A harsh grating sound.

Bray, bra, v. t. [O. Fr, breier (Fr. broyer); from root of Break. ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ To break.

Brayer, bra'er, n. अईएडर यह (र डीएकार करत ; One that brays like an ass :--कारी विशिष्ठ कदि-बाद यह ; Instrument for mixing ink.

Brase, brāz, v. t. শিন্তণ বাবা আছোপিত বা সংবোধ-কু; To cover or solder with brass:—বিৰ্গজ্ঞ-কু; To harden to impudence.

Brazen, brz'un, a. शिवन नवसीय वा बावा निर्मित ; Pertaining or made of brass :—निर्मक ; वृहे ; Impudent :--- v. t. बृहेणांद महिल मणुबीय रखवा वां बाबा (मण्डा ; To confront with impudence.

Brasen age, bra'zn बं, त्र. नायविक क्यं; The age of war and violence, the age which succeeds the silver age, when men had degenerated from primitive purity.

Brazen-faced, brā'zn-fāsed, a. निर्णाष्ठ निर्माण । चण्ड वृष्टे ; Remarkably impudent.

Brazier, brasier, bra'zher, n. শিন্তৰ নিৰ্মাণ-কাৰী; One who works in brass:—অকাৰ পাত্ৰ; A pan for coals.

Brazil wood, brā-zil wood, n. जान वर कविवाद कांडे; A very heavy wood, of red colour, growing in Brazil, used in dying red.

Breach, brech, n. [A. S bric, Fr. brech from the root of Break.] अग्रहान ना हिन्न : निवन क्या ; निवान ; A break or opening, as in the walls of a fortress: breaking of law, &c.; a quarrel:—v.t. हिन्न क्या ; To make a breach or opening.

Breach, brech, n. ছিত্ৰ; A gap or opening:—
ন্যাৰ্থ জ্ব ; কৰ্বন কৰ্মে জনবেলা, Violation of law &c; a neglect of duty '-বিনাদ, বিজেন; Quarrel; difference; as, a breach between friends -জাজ্মণ; Invasion; as, a breach upon kingly power '--বিজেন; Bereavement. Syn.—Break, gap, chasm

Breach of the peace—नाविस्त्र , Violation of public peace by riot.

Bread, bred, n. [A S. bread, from breofan, to break; or from breowan, to brew ] কটা; An article of food made of flour or meal baked:—
বাদ্য ক্রব; কাবিকা; Provisions in general, livelihood.

Bread and cheese—জীবনোপায়: Means of Bread and butter science—অৰ্থকনী বিদ্যা; Money making science or education [Stomach. Bread basket, bread-basket, n. (slang) উদৰ; Bread fruit tree, bred-froot-tre, n. বৃদ্ধান্তি, A tree, whose pulp when backed resembles bread and is caten as food

Bread-stuff, bred-stuf, a. सरमा ; Bread corn , meal : flour.

Breadth, bredth, n. [M E. brede, A. S. bredu See Broad] from; from; Extent from side to side; width.

Break, brak, v.t. [A. S. brecan; Goth. brikan, Ger. brechen; conn. with L. frango, Gi. rhegnum; Gael. bragh, a burst ] বলপুৰ্ক বিদীৰ্ণ-কৃ, To partor divide by force and violence; to rend apart:—বেদে বোলা; To burst or open by force;—ভা-কৃ; চূৰ্ণ-কৃ; প্ৰবান-কৃ; To destroy, crush, weaken or impair:—বৰন কৰা; গভিৰোধ কৰা; Subdue; to check by intercepting, as a fall:—বেশ-কৃ; চূৰ্ণ-কৃ; কালে-কৃ; To crush; to shatter:—বশ্ভত-কৃ; কুশিকিত-কৃ; To tame; to train to obedience; to discipline:—বিশোধনে অক্স-কৃ; To make bankrupt:—গড়াড-কৃ; To dismiss; to cashier:—বেশ-কৃ; বিশীৰ্ণ-কৃ; To crack; to part or divide, as the skin:—ভক-কৃ; ল্কাৰ-কৃ; To infringe or violate:—বিশাক্ষ ; ভঙ্ক বিশ্বৰ বালা কৰা; To disclose; divulge:—প্ৰিয়া বাৰা;

To lay open by breaking:—বেৰ-কু; ৰাখিক-কু; (নিতমুখা) ডফ কমা; To terminate or interrupt; to interrupt, as silence:—০. i. মুই ডাগ মুখ্যা; বেৰে বাবিৰ মুখ্যা; উদিভ বা প্ৰকাশিত মুখ্যা; বেৰেলিয়া মুখ্যা; (বুলুব নহিড) অগড়া কৰা; To part in two; to burst forth; to open or appear, as the morning; to become bankruft; to fall out, as with a friend:—pa. t. broke; pa. p. broken.—π. ডফ; বিল্ডি; বিন্তি; বাখা; উষা; The state of being broken; an opening; a pause or interruption; the dawn.

Break down— স্থাস-ক : অভিকৃত-ক : তাকিয়া পঢ়া ; পথ ছাডিয়া পেত্ৰা, অৰ্থাৎ বছতা খীকাৰ কৰা ; To destroy ; to crush ; to overwhelm ; to come down by breaking ; to give way.

Break in বৰণুৰ্বক প্ৰবেশ-ছ; Force in:—
শিক্ষিত-ছ; শিক্ষা বিধা বংশ আনা; To train or discipline, as a horse.

Break of সংশোধন-ক; To rid of; to cause to reform or abandon, as to break one of a habit. Break off প্ৰক-ক; To separate by breaking; —শ্বে-ক; তল-ক, To put an end to, to dissolve. Break open—ভালিয়া বেলা; ভালিয়া ব্ৰিয়া ব্ৰেয়া; Open by breaking.

[ disregard.

Break over—বজাৰ-ক ; Transgress ; overleap ;
Break up—ভাৰ-ক , শেষ কৰা ; ভাগ বা পুৰক হওৱা ;
বাহাডক হওৱা , To dissolve , to put an end to ;
be devided or separated into parts ; decline in
health. As :—(a) The great Duchy of Saxony
was broken up.—Freeman. (b) The Peninsula
(Italy) itself is by no means so broken up by gulfs
and promontones as Greece is.—Freeman. (c)
In the spring of 1744 the poet was visibly breaking up—Leslie Stephen.

Break up house-keeping—গৃহকার্থা সম্পাদন করিতে বিবত হওৱা; To cease to manage one's household affairs.

Break bulk—याज नायान ; To begin to unload. Break cover—प्रकाशित ज्ञान रहेएल व्यक्ति रक्षा ; Burst forth from concealment, as game.

Break ground—मृष्टिको थन्न-कृ, To open the carth for planting or for foundation:—(कांश कांश आवर-कृ, Begin to execute any plan; As:—Thus "Venitian story" or sketch, in which the author broke ground on his true satiric field, was drafted in October 1817.—J. Nichol.

Break a house—(I.aw) গৃহাংশ বা গৃহের কোন বস্তু বলপুর্বক বা মল অভিপ্রায়ে লইরা বাছরা; To remove any part of the house or of fastenings with violence or with felonious intent.

Break the heart—पु: (व अञ्चल-कृ ; इत्रश्च विकीर्-कृ ; To crush or overwhelm with grief.

Break the back or neck of—वहि कन् न ; बाहे कन कवा; बाहे कानिया क्या ; बाहे कि कवा; बाहे कि कवा (बना), To dislocate the joint of the back or neck of; to disable thoroughly to get over the main or worst part of; to finish or go through the main part of; As:—Thus by the time the family assembled for breakfast, between nine and ten, he had done enough—to use his own words—to break the neck of the day's work—Smiles. Po break the news—भारता आनेत बरा : To communicate the news ; As :—he was thankful that kind Atterbury consented to break the news to her.—Thackeray.

Break a lance—প্ৰতিগক্ষে কহিত বিবাদে প্ৰবৃত্ত হতবা; (fig.) To enter into a contest with a rival. Break a path, road—বাধা সংঘ বাতা বাহিব-ক: To open a way through obstacles.

Break the ice—প্ৰথম উপস্থিত বাধা অভিক্ৰম কৰা; বিশ্ব বাধা অভিক্ৰম কৰিবা কোন কাৰ্য্যে হন্ত পেত্যা; প্ৰথম কথা কৰা; মৌন ভন্ম-তৃ; To get through first difficulties; to overcome obstacles and make a beginning; As:—The ice being thus broken, Paul asked him a multitude of questions about chimes and clocks.—Dickens.

Po break the way—পৰ বন্ধ কৰিয়া লা ৰাখিয়া মুক্ত কৰিয়া কেবা; Not to keep the way blocked up. Break jail—কাৰাগাৰ জন্ম কৰিয়া প্লায়ন-কু; Escape from confinement in jail, usually by forcible means.

[ duce a subject.

Break a subject—প্ৰসন্ধ উপাপন কৰা; To intro-Break one's spirit—হতাশ-ক; To dishearten. Break a jest—উপহাস-ক; পৰিহান কৰা, Utter a jest unexpectedly.

Break one's fall—কাহাৰত পত্ৰেৰ আহাত কথান; বাহাৰ কথতা হঠাং হাল না কহিয়া ক্ৰমে ক্ৰমে কৰা; Lessen the shock of one's fall; make one's loss of power come off gradually or not on a sudden. As.—(a) Let him not think to break his fall by asking their advice beforehand.—Helps. (b) Here is no one to give a push to struggling energies, to guide aspiring intelligence, or to break the fall of a unavoidable misfortune.

Break one's fast—क्विराय अवस् आहोत कर्ता; Eat one's first meal in the day.

Break one's mind—খনের ভার প্রকাশ-কু; To disclose one's thoughts.

Break one's word— অসীকাৰ ভঙ্গ-ড়; To violate one's promise. [from the anus.

Break wind—1944 ; Give vent to wind Break the force or shock of—2914 दे ब्राइट का अपने का अपने

Break silence— पूर (पान); जर्श करिएक पांचर कर्ता; Open one's mouth; begin to speak; As: — (a) It was on this motion that Pitt, who had not broken silence during the session in which he took his seat, addressed the house for the first time.—Macaulay. (b) The stranger, in a harsh, deep voice, broke silence.—C. Kingsley.

Break the silence—set stant ferred set stant; Interrupt the prevailing silence by speaking; As:—Philamon fell too much respect both for his age, and his stately sadness to break the silence.—C. Kingsley.

Break the spine—গুৱেৰ আই কাজিয়া দেবৰা; ক্ষতা বা একাৰ সন্পূৰ্বনে বিনয় কৰা; Dislocate the joint of the backbone, hence wholly destroy the power or influence of; As:—The first step of the English Parliament was to break the spine of sacerdotal assumption.—Froude,

To break upon the wheel—অপৰাধীকে চক্ৰেৰ উপৰ বিসাবিত কৰিয়া ভাষাৰ অস্থি চূৰ্ব কৰিয়া নাজি বেভায়; To punish by stretching a criminal on a wheel, and breaking his bones.

To break upon one—প্ৰবাধিত হৰৱা; হঠাং গোচনীত্ত হৰৱা; To dawn upon one; to reveal suddenly to.

Broak away - হাঁহ তভাং-হ: To disengage one's self abruptly: -- বিভিন্ত-হ, To become dissipated, as the clouds,

Break away from—বিশ্বেষ্টী হত্যা; আপনাকে হাছে ভত্যাৎ করা; Revolt from; disengage one's self suddenly from; As:—He did not know that already he was breaking away from England, and rapidly going adrift.—Kinglake. Break down—ভালিয়া পড়া; To come down by breaking:—বিশ্ব-ই; To fail in any undertaking. See page 166.

Break forth—परनव कांच लकाण- कृ ; To give vent to one's feeling :— निर्माण क्या ; To issue suddenly, as sound, light &c ; As :— Joan was astonished to find the Loire flowing between her and the walls, and broke forth into angry reproaches—Lord Mahon.

Break from- अनाधन-क ; Escape from.

Break in upon— ৰলপুৰ্বক ধাৰেল-কু; Enter forcibly and unexpectedly:—বাগাড়-কু; Disturb; As:—But afterwards, and for reasons unknown to the shepherds, the chief powers of the earth began to break in upon these peaceful scenes.—Kinglake.

Break into—ৰলপুৰ্ক হবেশ কৰা; খণ্ড খণ্ড বা প্ৰক হওৱা; হঠাৎ পৰিবৰ্জন হওৱা; Enter forcibly into; be split or separated into; change suddenly into (as from one state of mind, or course of action into another.) As:—(a) They broke into houses and committed murders.—A. Trollope. (b) In like manner the Mahomedan power had been broken into two Caliphates.—A. Trollope. (c) Mr. Carker took advantage of a clearer thoroughfare, and cleaner road, and broke into a trot.—Dickens.

Break loose—13 : To extricate one's self forcibly; to shake off restraint; As:—(a) Maddened at last by the singular kind of torment, the Czar broke loose from the restraints of policy.—Kinglake. (b) When the workmen found it was impossible for me to break loose, they cut off all the strings that bound me,—Swift. (c) All evil passion, the thirst of gain and the thirst of vengeance have broken loose from the control of devine and human laws.

Break off—निवस १७वा; स्वाद गुवक एववा; त्या क्या; निवजान क्या; To become separated by rupture or with suddenness and violence; to desist or stop suddenly; put an end to; leave of. Break out—वादिव-ए; सक्याद উপन्निव-ए; To issue forth; to arise or appear suddedly.

Break through—ननपूर्वक बर्गन-इ ; Enter forcibly :—अश्रीम-इ ; Disregard. Break with—Pair-; says are affectively and; To fall out; to part friendship with; sever all connection with; As:—Pope was still almost a boy when he broke with Wycherley. The break-up of—en; are; are; the dissolution of; As:—The great Pashas or Governors of the distant provinces tried to set up for themselves, just like the state of thing at the breaking-up of the Caliphate.—Freeman. Break down, n. affect; and acident; down-fall.

Breakage, brakaj, n. ভঙ্গ; A breaking:—
ব্যাট; ভয়াব্যের নিমিন্ত ব্যাট; Allowance for articles destroyed in the carriage; allowence for thing broken.

Breaker, braker, n. ভাৰ ; One who or that which breaks:—pl. উৰ্দি; বৈল বা অটে প্ৰভিত্ত ভৱত ; Waves breaking into foam against shore; waves broken or rocks on the shore.

Breakers ahead—আগন্ত বিপদ; Hidden danger at hand.

Breaking-in, brāking-in, n. অশিক্ষিত পংকে শিকা দিয়া বৰ্ণে আন্তৱ; The act of training to labour, as of a horse. [Bankruptcy.

Breaking, braking, n. বগ শোগনে অন্যতা;
Breakfast, breklast, n. প্রতি:কালীন ভোকন;
পারণ; প্রতিরাশ; The first meal of the day:—v. i.
প্রতি:কালে ভোকন-কু; To take the first meal:—
v. i. প্রতি:কালে আহার প্রথম হোগান; প্রতিভোকন
প্রশান করা; To furnish with a morning meal.

Breakneck, braknek, a. উন্নত্যৰত; বিপদ্ধনক; বাড় তাদিবাৰ সভাবনাৰিপিট; Steep; dangerous; likely to cause a broken neck; As:—Every tooth was a break-neck fence, and every pimple in the measles a stone wall to him (to Paul, as he grew up into a boy)—Dickens.

Break vow, brak vow, n. অস্কাৰাৰ ভসকাৰী; One who breaks a vow.

Break water, brāk waw'ter, n. উৰ্দ্ধি-বেগ নিবা-বণাৰ্থ ৰশবেৰ মূৰে বাধ; ভৱসবেগ বোধক; A mound or wall built in the sea or at the mouth of a harbour to break the force of the waves:— বাধা; Obstruction.

Bream, brem, n. [Fr. breme, for bresme—O. Ger. brahsema, Ger. brassen.] এক আত্তীয় নংখ; A fresh-water fish of the crap family: a salt-water fish somewhat like it.

Breast, brest, n. [A. S. breast; Ger. brust, perh. from the notion of bursting forth, protruding.] বকঃছল; The part of the body between neck and belly:—কৰ; The organ that secrets milk; the nipple:—কৰ্ম; The heart; the seat of affections and passions:—বিবেক; অবৃত্তি; সেহ Conscience; disposition; affections:—v.i. সমূৰে সাকাৰ-কৃ; সাহসেৱ সহিত বাধা বেলা; To meet in front; to oppose manfully:—v.f. বকু পাতিয়া বেলা; বাধা-বে; To bear the breast against: to opposes.

Infant at the breast—accided file; A young child that sucks the mother; a baby.

A baby at the breast - इंदरनीय निख; A young child nursed at the breast; a suckling;

As:—He would spare no living thing; no, not the young girls; not the babies at the breast. Make a clean breast of—সমৰ বীকাৰ কৰা; সকল প্ৰকাশ-ক; To make a full confession; disclose secrets which weigh upon one.

Breast bone, brest-bon, n. ৰকোছছি; Sternum. Breast deep or breast high—আবস্ক; ব্ৰুছেন্ প্ৰায় : Up the breast; high as the breast.

Breast plate, brest plat, n. উৰন্থা ; ইছ্লীপিনেৰ অধান আচাৰ্ব্যেৰ পৰিজ্ঞানৰ আংশ বিশেষ ; In B., a part of the dress of the Jewish high-priest; armour for the breast; cuirass.

Breast work, brest' wurk, n. হুৰ্গ ডিভি বিশেষ; প্রস্থা; এক বৃক্ উ চু মাটিব বাধ; A defensive earthwork breast-high.

To take the breast—बाङ्डन भान कदा; To voluntarily take the mother's milk.

Breath, breth, n. [ A S. bræth; Gr. brodem, steam, breath; perh. akin to L. frag-rare, to smell. ] বিধাস; The air respired:—আশ; Life:—বিবাম; Respite; pause:—মুম্বন বায়; A very slight breeze:—মুম্কাল; An instant:—
কেন্দ্ৰেন্ত্ৰ মন প্ৰমাস: A surgle respiration.

Above o.ac's breath—খাস-প্রাম শংসর উপরে উঠে একপ উচ্চধরে, So loudly that the voice may rise above the sound of the breath.

At a breath—অভিসামান্ত ভাবৰে; এক নিৰামে, বা মূহৰ্তে; অভি সামান্ত প্ৰভিবন্ধক পাইলে; At the last touch; in an instant; on meeting with the slightest check or opposition.

By a breath—বাৰা উচ্চাৰণে; এক কৰাৰ; By a word breathed or whispered; As:—The nation which trembled before Wolsey learnt to tembled before the king (Henry VIII) who could destroy Wolsey by a breath.—Green.

Out of breath अव ; दरमा ई श्राह्म हानाहरू हानाहरू ; Exhausted; breathless; As:—He is quite out of breath.

By one breath—अक्षाद; निरम्पर ; At the In a breath—अक्षाद; निरम्पर ; In an instant; at the same time; As:—He smiles and he flowers in a breath.—Dryden.

Under one's breath—খাডে; অভি যুম্বরে; Softly; in a low voice. [same instant. In the same breath—ব্ৰগণ; সেই যুহরে; At the To hold breath—নিখাস বোধ-কু; নিখাস বোধ করিয়া থাকা; যম বন্ধ করিয়া থাকা; To pause; to remain in a breathless state.

To draw breath—জীবিত থাকা ; বিধান কেনিবাৰ নম্ম থাকা ; বিপ্লাম কৰা ; To live ; to have breathing time ; to have some respire or pause.

To take breath-- विवास की विद्यान कहा; To pause or rest.

The breath of one's being - जीवनी पछि; जीवनब अवान वह; Thh thing without which one cannot live; the element in which one lives; As:—His greatness as well as his weakness lay, in the fact that from boyhood battle was the breath of his being.

With beted breath - ना न मुद्दार ; Having the breath weakened a diminished through some intense emotion, as admiration, wender,

fear, &c; Aa:—He spoke of him with bated breath, as a being almost superior to Humanity.—Leslie Stephen. (b) Shall I bend low and in a bond's man's key, With bated breath, and whispering humbleness. Say this; \* \* The Merchant of Venice.

পিতা a breath of air—কি ছিলাত বাবু ৰাই; বাতা-সেব বেশবাত নাই; Not even the slightest breeze. Breath free—কোন উৰেগ বা বিপদ হইতে মুক্ত হইয়া সহজ্ঞাবে নিবাস পৰিত্যাগ কৰা; Breathe with ease from being rid of some trouble or anxiety; As —Atter a pause of two or three minutes however, finding that the sounds were not renewed, we began to breath free, persuaded that our ears must have deceived us.—Warren. Breath-hole, breth-hol, n. গ্ৰাফ; ভাৰালা; Vent, window.

Breathe, bruth, v. i. बान अवीम लडहां ; To inspire and expire air :--জীবিত থাকা; To live ---विद्याप-कृ; Rest, pause:—विश्विष्ठ एथया ; Emanate :-- v t. খাস প্ৰখাস লওয়া; To draw in and give out air :- मृञ्डार करा; To whisper :-প্রকাশ-কৃ; To express; to manifest -- প্রবিষ্ট [ Infuse. कदान ; To infuse. Breathe in or into-সঞ্চার-জ: প্রবিষ্ট ক্রান: Breathe out—খাস প্রখাস ক্রিয়া খারা পরিত্যাগ-কু; উफ्लीद्रश-कृ; To eject by breathing. [ Dic. Breathe one's last—মুভ-হ; প্রাণভ্যাগ করা; To breathe short--(উৰেগ হেড়) খন খন খাদ পরিস্যাপ করা; To breathe quickly (from great anxiety); As:-The Captain glanced at the newspaper in Mr. Trot's hand, and breathed short and hurriedly.-Dickens.

Breathing, birthing, n. ধাস-বিষা; Respiration — অনুপ্রাণ, Inspiration; gentle influence or operation:—আকাজা; গুল্ত প্রার্থনা; Aspiration; secret prayer:—উচ্চাবণ; Accent —িবিষাম; Respite.—a ধাসক্রিয়া স্চক; Respiring; living:—কাৰ-প্রসং; প্রাণের উপযোগী; Vital.

Breathing-place—विदाप; Pausc.

Broathing-time—नियान (क्लिवाब नगप; विवाप; Time to breathe or rest; pause; relaxation.

Breathless, breathles, a. কথাস; বেগম; মুড; Out of breth; dead. n= Breathlessness.

Breech, brech, n [See Breeches, the garment.]
কটিবেল ; The lower part of the body behind :—
ক্লা : বন্ধের পদ্দাৎ ভাগ ; The hinder part of a
gun :—v t. পাজামা প্রান ; পাজামা পরিধান করা ;
To put into breeches.

Breech loader, brech-löder, n. কাৰান বিশেব; এক অকাৰ বৰ্ক; A fire-arm that receives the load at the breech.

Breeches, n. কৰাবৰণ; পাকামা; Trousers; garment worn by men on the lower part of the body.

To wear the breeches—ত্তীৰ বলপুৰ্কক স্বাধীৰ অধিকাৰ গ্ৰহণ-ক ; Usurp the authority of the husband—said of a wife.

Breed, bred, v. t. [A S. bredan, to cherish; keep warm; Ger. brucht, to hatch; conn. with Brew.] প্ৰদৰ-কৃ; উৎপাদন কৰা; ডা পেডথা; To beget; to generate or bring forth; to hatch:—

উৎপন্ধ- ই ; নাংঘটন কৰা ; To cause, occasion, originate :— অভিগন্ধি- ই ; To contrive :— শিক্ষা- দে To educate :— প্ৰতিপান্ধ- ক ; To bring up :— ০. i. গর্ভধান্ধ- ই ; To conceive ; to be with young :— উৎপন্ন হত্তমা ; প্ৰস্ব কৰা ; To be generated ; to produce offspring :— n. বংশ ; খাড়ি ; A race of men or other animals from the same stock ; kind or race :— বংস ; শাবক ; সন্তান সন্তাভ ; Offspring ; progeny :— এককালীৰ সন্তুভ সীব ; A brood or the number produced at a birth. n.=Breeder.

Breed in the bone— সাভ্যন্তানীৰ ; Internal.

Of a good breed—উত্তৰ কাতীয়। [polite. Well breed—বিনীড; ভয়, Well-disciplined; To breed in and in—এক কাতি হইতে আৰী উৎপদ্দ; To breed from the animals of the same stock and very nearly related.

To raise a breed— ৰীবেৰ উৎকৰ্ম নাধন-কু, Used of rearing animal. [breeds or brings up. Breeder, breder, n. উৎপাদক বা জনক; One who Breeding, breding, n. শিকা; Education:—ব্যব্ধার; ভব্ডা; Manners; acportment:—উৎপাদন; Act of producing.

Good breeding, good breding, n. east; Politeness; genteel deportment.

Breeze, brēz, n. [Fr brise, a cool wind; It. bressa.] মুহ্মক বায়ু; মুদ্ধ বায়ুগৰাহ; A gentle gale; a light wind — মৃদ্ধিকা বিশেষ; A gadfly:
— v i. মুহুভাবে বহা; To blow gently.

Land breeze, land' brez, n. হল হইতে বে বাবু সম্জাভিম্বে প্রবাহিত হয়; হলবায়, A wind blowing regularly from the land, generally at night.

Sea breeze, sē brēz, n. সমূদ্ৰায়; A breeze or wind blowing at stated times generally in the day from the sea.

Breezy, breži, a. হুপ্ৰবাভ; মুছ বায্-সঞ্চানিভ; বায়্ প্ৰবাহেৰ অধীন; Fanned with breezes; subject to breezes.

Brethren, brethren, n. আডুবর্গ; Plural of Brethern of the quill—সহকারী লেখক; Fellow writers.

Breton, britun, a. জীটানী, বা ফ্লান্স বেশন্থ বিটেন প্রদেশ সংকীষ ; Belonging to Brittany or Bretagne, in France. [tarchy.

Bretwalda, n. The chief of the kings of Hep-Breve, brev, n. [It. breve—L brevis, short. In old church music there were but two notes, the long and the breve or short. Afterwards the long was disused, and the breve became the longest note. It is now little used, the semibreve being the longest note. ] মুবেৰ বা ভালেষ পৰিমাণক চিক; মন্ত্ৰীতেৰ দীৰ্ঘ মুবেৰ চিক্ বিশেষ; A note equivalent to two semibreves, or four minims, the longest note now used in music.

Brevet, brevet, n. [Fr., a short document—L. brevis, short.] আদেশ-পদ্ম; A document without seal, by which the king grants a favour:— বৈতেৰ পদ বিশেষ; A commission in the army at large, but not with a particular command:
—সামরিক কর্বচারীর উচ্চতর পদে কার্য্য করিবার আদেশ-পদ্ম; A military commission extiling an officer to take rank above that for which he receives pay.

Breviary, brēvi-ar-i, n. [Fr. breviaire—L. brevis, short.] স্বৰুগ্নেছ; An epitome:—বোষাৰ ভাষণিত্ৰভিগ্নের দৈনিত ভোত-স্থোছ; The book containing the daily service of the Roman Catholic churches.

Brevier, brev-ইr', প. ছাপিবাৰ এক প্ৰকাব ছোট অকব : A small type between bourgeois and minion, orig. used in printing breviaries.

Brevity, brevit-i, n. [L. brevitas—brevis, short.] ATTAN; Conciseness; shortness.

Brew, broo, v. t. [A. S. breovan; cf. Ger. branen, which, like Fr. brasser, is said to be from Low L. brasser, which is perh. from Celt. brag, malt.] পাক বা সিছ-ক; Boil or seethe — অভিস্থিক; কোলল কৰা; বড়ম্ম-ক; To contrive or plot:— সুৱা প্ৰস্তুত-ক; To prepare, as a liquior, from malt and hops &c.:—v.i. সুৱা প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া-ক; To perform the operation of brewing:— বনীভূত-হ; প্ৰস্তুত হুড়া; গতিত বা এক-জ্বিত হুড়া; সতিত হুড়া; সতিত বা এক-জ্বিত হুড়া; সতিত হুড়া; সতিত বা এক-জ্বিত হুড়া; সতিত হুড়

Brewer, broo'er, n. সুবা-প্রস্তুতকারী; One who Brewery, broo'er-i, n. ভাটিখানা; মদ্য প্রস্তুত করি-বার স্থান; Place for brewing.

Browing, browing, n বৰসুৰা পাক; বৰ ছইতে সুৰা প্ৰস্তুত কৰণ; The act of making beer from malt &c:—এককালীৰ বত পৰিষাণ প্ৰধা প্ৰস্তুত হয়; The quantity made at one time.

Bribe, brib, n. [Fr. bribe, a lump of bread—Celt. as in W. briwo, to break, briw a fragment.] উৎকোচ; প্ৰবোধন; Something given to influence unduly the judgment or corrupt the conduct; allurement:—v. t উৎকোচ বাৰা বনীভূতকু: To influence or corrupt by a bribe. [bribes
Briber, briber, n. উৎকোচ বাকা; One who
Bribery, briber-i, n. উৎকোচ বাকা বা এইব; The
practice of giving or taking bribes.

Brick, brik, n. [Fr. brique from root of Break.] ইটক; A square of clay for building:—(colloquial) আমোদভিত্ত বাজি; A merry fellow:— ইটুলাকৃতি কটা; A loaf of bread in the shape of a brick:—v. t. ইটুক হাবা বাজা প্ৰস্তুত-কু; ইটুক হাবাৰ বাজা; To lay or pave with bricks.

Brickbat, brikbat, n. [Brick and Bat, an implement for striking with.] देहक-वकु; किंग: A piece of brick. [which bricks are burned. Brick-kiln, brik-kil, n. देखिन शिका; A kiln in Brick-layer, n. brikla-er, n. नाक्षिति; A mason; one who lays or builds with bricks. n.=Bricklaying.

A regular brick, reg'ti-lar brik, n. আধ্যাদলৈর লোক; A jolly good fellow. [read hard-To read like a brick—অভিশন অধ্যান-কু; To Bridal, bridal. n. বিবাহ; বিবাহেগ্যন; পরিণায়; পরিণায় ভোজ; A marriage feast; a wedding or marriage:—a. বৈবাহিক; বিবাহেগ্যনীয়; Belonging to a bride, or wedding; nuptial.

Bride, brid, n. [ A. S. bryd; Ice. brudr, Ger. brudt, 'a bride; W. priod, one married.] বৰ্ধ; বৰোচা; মৰ-পথিবীতা হয়নী; কৰে; A woman about to be married or newly married.

Bride-cake, bridksk, n. विवादकालीय वदबाब वा

क्षांचांबानित्रव **षष्ठ** भिडेंक : <sup>\*</sup>नरवाण वस्त्रीय भिडेंक ; Cake for guests at a wedding ; bride's cake. Bride-chamber, brid-chamber, स. वानवष्य ; The nuptial apartment.

Bridegroom, bridgroom, n. [ A. S. brydguma —guma, a man. ] एवं : विवाहानी वा ववविवाहित पूक्त ; A man about to be married or newly married.

Bride-maid, bridmad, n. करनद जरुरती; A woman who attends on a bride at a wedding.

Bride-man, bridman, n. वषकात्र त्रहत् ; The man who attends on a bridegroom and bride at their marriage.

Bridewell, bridwel,n [From a palace near St. Bribe's Well in London, afterwards used as a house of correction.] চৰিত্ৰ সংশোধনাগাৰ; কাৰাগাৰ; A house of correction; prison,

Bridge, brij, n. [A. S. bricg; Ger. brüche, Ice. bryggja.] সেতু; A way or structure built over a river:—সেতুৰ ভাগ পদাৰ্থ; Anything like a bridge:—v. i. সেতু বন্ধন-কু; সেতু নিৰ্দাণ কৰা; To build a bridge over.

Bridle, bridl, n. [A S. bridel; O. Ger. bridel, whence Fr. bride] বল্গা; লাগাম; Bit; reins:
—অব্ৰোধক; শাসন; দমন; Restraint; check:—
v. ফ. লাগাম দেওৱা; লাগাম দিখা চালান; To put on a bridle; to manage by a bridle:—অব্ৰোধ-কৃ;
দমন কৰা; To restrain, to check:—v. ফ. নগাৰ্কে
মুখক উত্তোলন কৰিয়া খাকা; To hold up the head, and draw in the chin as an expression of scorn, pride and resentiment; to hold up the head proudly or affectedly.

Bridle up—ঘতক উত্তোলন কৰিবা স্থা বা কোধ প্ৰকাশ-ক; To express scorn or resentment by holding up the head and drawing in the chin. Bridle-path, bridl-path, n. অবাবোহী দিপের সমন প্র; A path or way for horsemen.

Bridle-way, bridl-wa, n. অবারোহীর পথ; A way for a traveller on horse-back.

Brief, bref. a. [ fr. bref—L. brevis, short.]
সংক্ষিপ্ত; Concise; short:—কণিক, Lasting for a
short time:—n. সংকেপ; An epitome:—বোকক্যাৰ সংকিপ্ত বিষয়ণ, An abridgment of a client's
case:—দানল; প্ৰথমানা; A writ.—বোন প্ৰকাৰের
সংকিপ্ত বিষয়ণ; A short statement of any kind.
Briefless, bref'les, a. মোকক্ষ্যা প্ত ; Having no
brief; without a brief.

Briefless, bref'nes, n. সংকেপ, Brevity; conBriefless, bref'nes, n. সংকেপ, Brevity; conBriefless, bref'nes, n. সংকেপ, Brevity; con-

Brieness, pret nes, n. নাকেন, Brevity; con-Brier, Briar, brier, [M E. brere, A. S. brer, Ir. briar, thorn.] কটকী বভা; বণ্য পোলাপের সাধাৰণ নাম; A prickly plant; a common name for the wild rose.

Briery, brier-i, a কটকিড; Prickly; thorny. Brig, brig, r. [Shortened from Brigantine.] শেত বিৰেখ; A vessel with two masts, square-rigged; a two-masted, square-rigged vessel.

Brigade, brig-ad, n. [Fr. brigade—It. brigata—Low L. briga, strife.] रिम्छन्न विरूप : A body of soldiers, consisting of several regiments; a body of troops consisting of two or more regiments of infantry or cavalry, and commanded by a general-officer, two or more of which form

a division :— v. f. निक्रमन बच्ची-कृ ; निवादिन विकल कृ ; To form into brigades.

Brigadier, brig-a-der', Brigadier-general, brig-a-der'-jeher-al, n. loggen alias; The officer commanding a brigade.

Brigand, brig'and, n. [Fr.-lt. brigante-briga, strife.] To Freebooter; robber.

Brigandage, brig'and-aj, त. प्याप ; Plunder ; freebooting.

Brigandin, n. brig'an-dīn, n. [Fr. so called because worn by brigands.] वर्ष . A coat of mail. Brigantine, brig'an-tīn, n. [From Brigand, because such a vessel was used by pirates.] (পাছ विद्यान ; A small brig; a light vessel.

Bright, brit, a. [A. S. beorht, briht; cog. with Goth. bairhts, clear, Gr. phlego, L. flagra, to flame, flamma=flag-ma, Sans bhraj, to shine.] উজা; গীরিমান, Full of light; shining:—বজ, পরিছ্ড; সুন্দর; Transparent; clear; beautiful—ব্ভিমান, চড়ব; সুন্দর; সুন্দর; Sparkling with wit; of a quick intellect; clever:—গৌরবাধিত; Illustrious.—সম্ভ; Manifest to the mind. n=Brightness; adv = Brightly.

Bright's disease— यूनरवान ; The degeneration of the tissues of the kidneys into fat.

Brighton, brītn, v. t. উজ্জ্ব করা বা উজ্জ্বতর করা; দীপ্রিয়ান-কৃ; To make bright or brighter; to increase the lustre of —প্রক্র-কৃ; To cheer; to make cheerful or joyful:—বিশ্যাত-কৃ; প্রস্কিত্রা; To make distinguished; to make illustrious:—চতুর-কৃ; To make witty or acute — ফ i. উজ্জ্বত্যর করা বা উজ্জ্বত্য করা, পরিকৃত্ত কর্যা; পরিকৃত্র করা; স্বিকৃত্র করা; স্বিকৃত্র করা; স্বিকৃত্র করা; স্বিকৃত্র করা; চলা, n. [ Corn. brilli, mackerel=brith-el, dm. of brith, speckled cognate with Goel. breac, speckled, a trout. See Brock ] মৎস্ত বিশেষ; A kind of fish; a fish of the same kind as the turbot, spotted with white

Brilliance, brilyans, Brilliancy, brilyans-i, n. উজ্বতা : Splendour.

Brilliant, brilyant, a. [Fr. brillant, pr. p. of briller, to shine, which, like Ger. brille, an eyeglass, is from Low L. beryllus, a beryl.] উन्धन, नीशियान; Sparkling, glittering:—(नीववाविक: अध्वयोग; Splendid —n. शैवक; উৎकृष्णाणीय शैवक; A diamond so cut as to refract the light and make it more glittering; a diamond of the finest cut.

Brim, brim, n. [ A S brim, surge, surf, the margin of sea where it sounds; conn. with O. Ger. bræmen, to hum, L. fremere, to roar. ] थांख; बाद; किनादा; Rim, border; margin or brink of a river or lake :—পাত্ৰের উপবিপ্রাত্ত ; The upper edge of a vessel :-- v. t. প্রায় পর্বায় পু-িক ; To fill to the brim :—v. i. প্রান্ত পর্যান্ত পুর্ণ To be full to the brim. pr. p.=brimming; pa p =brimmed. [ hence, entirely. To the brim-at the the edge or cim; Brimful, brimfool, a. कानाकानि, कानाइ कानाव [ to the brim or top. 71; Full to the brim. Brimmer, brimer, n. পৰিপূৰ্ণ পাত ; A glass full Brimstone, brimston, n. (Lit. burning stone; from A S. bryne, a burning—byrnan, to turn, and Stone, of Ger. bernstein. ] 1964; Sulphur. Brinded, brinded, Brindled, brindled, a. [See Brand.] fraffic ; fraffes; Spotted; coloured in stripes; variegated.

Brine, brin, n. [A. S. bryne, a burning; applied to salt liquor, from its burning, biting quality.] अपूज, The sea:—ज्यान् ; Water saturated with salt; salt water:—ज्या, एक्ट्रेन ; Tears.

Bring, bring, v. t. [A. S. bringan, to carry, to bring; allied perh. to Bear.] আনমান-ক; ব্যক্ত; To fetch; to carry, to convey:—উৎপন্ত ক; To produce; to procure; as, a cause:—প্ৰতিভ-ক; To induce; to prevail on:

—pa. t. and pa p. brought (browt)

Bring about সাংল-ক; আৰু; সংগতিৰ কয়; To effect; to accomplish; to bring to pass; As:—Lord Stradford, it would seen, had now little hope of being able to bring about an accommodation.—Kinglake.

Bring an action- अविद्यांत-क ; Sue.

Bring back-প্রতাশন্তন-তু; পুনরালয়ন করা; Recall; restore; As:-Rudolf did much to bring back law and order.-Freeman.

Bring down— অব্যত-কু; To humble; to cause to come down; As:—My chief attention was now to bring down the pride of my family to their circumstances.—Goldsmith.

Bring down the house—প্রশংসাভাতন হত্যা; To elicit applause.

Bring forth—প্ৰসৰ-কু; উৎপাপন কৰা; To beget; to give birth to; to produce:—প্ৰকাশ-কু; Bring to light. [ to the view.

Bring forward—সন্থে উপস্থিত-ক ; To produce Bring home to —সম্পূৰ্ণকপে ক্ষরক্ষ করাব ; To make one thoroughly feel or appreciate ; As:
—The consciousness of a preceding turmoil brings home to us best the sense of perfect peace.—Myers.

Bring in—আন্বন-কৃ; প্ৰবস্তিত করা; উথাপিত করা; To introduce:—উৎপাদন-কৃ, To produce, as income:—সংগ্ৰহ-কৃ, To collect.

Bring in a verdict—বিচাৰ নিপত্তি-স্থ ; To render a decision or judgment—said of a jury.

Bring into court—जानान जाना: To seek to adjust by law [to make orderly. Bring into order—जुधनाव कुन : To arrange : Bring into play—जन्म जान क्यान : कार्यकारी क्या : To cause to act or operate : As .—Ajax the lesser brings into play his band of Locrian bowmen.—W L. Collins.

Bring off—দূর হইতে আনব্য-কৃ; To convey from a distant place:—অব্যাহতি দেওয়ান; To procure to be acquitted; to cause to escape. [originate. Bring on—ইংপার-কৃ; To cause to begin; to Bring oneself to—আপনাকে কোনত কার্যে প্রকৃত্তি কৃ; To persuade oneself to do something. Bring one on—হাহাকে হানাইয়া লভা; Carry one through (as one's lessons, &c); As:—Cornelia had brought him on as vigorously as he could.—Dickens.

[to detect. Bring out—এড়াশ-কৃ, To expose; to publish;

Bring over—পাৰ-দু; To bear across; to convey across:—এক পাছ হটাত অন্ত পাছ আনহৰ-ছু
To cause one to change sides or opinion.

Bring round—পীড়া ইহতে আবোষা-ত ; Restore one to health; to induce one to adopt the good course:—প্ৰবৰ্তিত-ত ; সংপধ অবসমন কৰিতে অবৃত্তি দেৱৰা; To persuade:—একদন হইতে অন্ত ধনে আনা বা বছ পৰিবৰ্তন কৰান; To make one change sides or opinion.

Bring suit—বোক্ষ্যা-কু; Institute an action.
Bring to—পুন্তাবিজ-কু; To resuscitate:—
কাহাজের গতি হান-কু; To check the course of a ship while sailing, As:—When the storm was over we set fore-sail and main-sail and brought the ship to.—Swift.

Bring to a close or end—अश्वेष करा; भिष करा; To finish; to put an end to.

Bring to a focus—মধ্যহানে আন্মন্ত কৰা; আনু হানে বছৰিবনের অবভাবে কৰা; Cause to meet in a central point; hence present many things in a small compass; As:—In the criticism of a famous work there is often little left to do but to criticise the critics—to bring to a focus the most silent things that have been said about it. Bring to a head—মবিশেষরপে দেখান; একাশমান আকৃতিতে প্রতীয়মান করেন; পূর্বতা বা মুল্পুরি প্রাপ্ত ইত্তে দেখা; Make to appear in a promunent shape; cause to attain full growth or development; As:—This jealousy was brought to a head by the representation of Lord Baltimore. Bring to a level—সম্ অবস্থায় পরিশত করা; Reduce to an equal footing or position.

Bring to a stand-still—বৰ্ষ কৰা; বহিত কৰা; হাৰিত কৰা; Cause a suspension of; As:—In a country such as this, where business is often brought to a stand-still by over-trading and over-speculation, many masters, clerks and work-people are thrown out of employment.

Bring to light—এবাশ-কৃ; To make clear; to discover. [ to memory. Bring to mind—শ্বন্ধিপথে আব্যৱ-কৃ; To recall Bring to notice—ভাৰাৰ; To make known.

Bring to pass—নশান ক; To effect; to accomplish [ To cause to agree to something. Bring to terms—কোন বিষয়ে কাহাকে নশাভ করা; Bring to the block—কাসি দেখা; Bring to

Bring to terms—(कान निवस कोशीरक नमान कर्ता; Bring to the block—कीनि (मन्द्रा); Bring to the scaffold, cause one to be executed. Bring to the ground—अवनन कर्ता; सरन कर्ता;

বিনাশ কৰা: f-বেশপ কৰা; Lower; destroy; throw down; humble. [sell at auction. Bring to the hamm 'r-নিলাবে বিজ্ঞ-কু; To Bring to the lest or the touchstone—প্ৰীকা কৰা; Put to proof or trial; As:—I resolved therefore, to bring him to the touchstone.—Goldsmith.

Bring under - বগীত্ত ক ; Subdue ; repress. Bring up—প্ৰতিপালন-ক ; শিকা-দে ; To nurse ; to educate ; to instruct ; to rear.

Bring word—नःवान जानसन-कृ; To convey a message or tidings; bring news.

Bring to book—দাবী-কু; হিদাৰ দিভে দাবী কৰা; ধাৰাণ কৰিতে বাধ্য-কু; Make one render an account; to require to explain or prove.

Bring to n crisis—কোন বিৰয় নিপান্তিৰ অবস্থায় আনম্বৰ-ড়; Bring an affair to a d-cisive point. Bring to an end—সন্পৰ-ড়: Conclude.

Bring to an issue— भिष्य आवश्य आवश्य- हैं दिवारिक हर्म शीमाला कहा; Bring an affair to a termination; to have (a disputed point) finally settled or decided; As:—Raphael was not sorry to have the matter brought to an issue that very evening.—C. Kingslay. (b) Cæsar determined to bring the destinies of Gauland his own fortunes to susue at a single blow.

Bring up the rear - পভাতে গানা; To constitute the rear guard; to be in the rear; As:—Mr. Carker, on hor-eback, brought up the rear. Bring upon—जान्य क्या; मार्थिन क्या; To cause to; to draw upon; As:—The cruelty of the Forest Laws, and the torture and the death they brought upon the peasantry, increased this hatred—Dickens.

Bringer, bring'er, n. আনমনকারী; One who brings or conveys.

Brink, bringk, n [ Dan. brink, declevity; Ice. bringr, hillock ] তার ধার, প্রায়; The edge or border of a steep place.

On the brink of—খাতে, প্ৰান্ত ; On the edge of a steep place — নিকটবন্তা ; On the point of :— কোৰ কাৰ্যাকাৰলৈ ; In act to do something ; As :—Mrs. Nicklely was stopped an the brink of an oration—Dickens. [Saltish.

Briny, brini, Brinish, brinish, a. न्याहः, Briony, brio-ni, n. Same a. Bryony.

Brisk, brisk, a. চপৰ; ছডিয়ক; চড়ব; ডংগৰ; Lively; full of life and spirit; clever; sharp:
—বৃদ্বুৰুজ; Effervescing, as liquors:—প্রজ্ঞানত; Burning freely. adv.—Briskly, n.=Briskness.
To brisk up—উত্তেজিড-২; To appear with animation.

Brisket, brisket, n. [ Fr. brechet, brichet—W brysced. ] ৰক্ষ:মনেৰ আংশ বিশেষ; পদ্মরের স্মিতিত বক্ষে আংশ বিশেষ; The part of the breast next to the ribs; the breast of an animal.

Briatle, brisi, n. [A. S. byret, Scot, birse; cog, with Ger borste, Ice. burst.] কুল দৃত লোম; কুঁচি; পুকরের লোম; Stiff short hair, as of swine:—
v. t. ধাড়া-কু; To cause to rise in bristles:—v. i.
ৰাড়া ইয়া ৰাকা; To stand erect, as, bristles.

Bristle up কোৰ প্ৰকাশ-ক ; আন্তরকার্থ কভার্যান হত্যা ; To show anger or defiance ; to stand on defence.

Bristly, brisli, a. करेंदिक ; मृष्ठ (लायमय ; विषय ; Set with bristles ; rough. n =Bristliness.

Britannia-metal, brit-ahi-a-metl, n. একথকাৰ নিৰাধাড়; A metallic alloy largely used in the manufacture of spoons &c.

Britannic, brit-anik, a. (এট বিটেন সৰ্কীয়; Pertaining to Britannia or Great Britain; British. British, british, a. বিটন বাজা বা আভি স্বকীয়; Pertaining to Great Britain or its people.

Britisher, british-èr, n. আঘেরিকারানী ইংরাজ্পণ কর্ত্ত প্রদত্ত অপমানস্থতক ইংরাজদিপের নাম : বৃটন বজে কলম্বিত বৃদ্ধি ; A name of insult sometimes given to Englishmen by the Americo-English; one tained with British blood.

Briton, briton, n. বিউনবাৰী; A native of Britain. Brittle, britl, a. [A. S. breotan, to break.] ভৰুব: ভৰুপ্ৰবা; Easily broken; apt to break; fragile. n. = Brittleness--ভৰুম্ভা, ভল্পবাৰী।

Hroach, broch, v. t. [Fr. brocher, to pierce, brocke, an iron pin—L. broe, chus, a projecting tooth.] শলাকা বাবা শিলাতে ছিত্ৰ-কু; To pierce, as with a spit —ছিত্ৰ-কু; To tap, pierce, as a cask, in order to draw off the liquor :—বাহিৰ-কু; To let out:—উচ্চাৱৰ্শ কৰা; বলা; প্ৰকাশ-কু; To give out; to utter; to make public :—আৰম্ভ-কু; To open for the first time :—n. শলাকা; A spit; a peg or pin:—বাড়তে ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ জন্ম ইলাভ বিশিষ বন্ধ; A steel tool for smoothing or enlarging holes in metals.

Be broached— छक्षां देख व । द्यवाणिक इस्यां ; Be uttered or made public ; As :—When the ladies had retired, the conversation, as usual, become still more animated ; many good things were broached which had been thought of during dinner, but which would not exactly do for a lady's car—Irving

To broach a matter—(कान विषय अस्ति कर्या ; To make a proposal on a subject

Broad, browd, a [ A S. brod, Goth. braids.] বিষয় প্রশাস্ত ; Wide — বিস্তাপ, বৃহৎযুক্ত ; Extensive ; vast, large, free or open :— প্রকাশ ; Not concealed — কুপেন, অধীল ; Coarse ; obscene ; indelicate — বাপক ; Not restricted in sense or application ; diffuse — লাই , Plain :— আত্যন্ত ; Gross. adv = Broadly ; n = Broadness.

Broad-arrow, brawd-ar'ö, n. বাৰকীয় পোত-গিৰ্দাণ খানসমূহে ব্যুক্ত ক্ৰয়কাতের উপৰ আছিত চিছ্ বিশেষ, A mark stamped on materials used in the royal dockyards. [Fully awake. Broad-awako, krawd-a-wik, a স্পূৰ্ণ কাৰ্যাহিত, Broad-brim, brawdbrim, n. টুণি বিশেষ; A kind of hat with broadbrim worn by the Quakers: —কোষেকাৰ স্প্ৰদাহেব লোক; A Quaker.

Broad-cast, brawdcast, n. বীজ বপন; The act of throwing the seed from the hand in sowing:
—ad. হত্তবাবা বিভ্তবণে বিভিন্নতাবে: By throwing at large from the hand:—সবিভাৰতাবে; Diffusedly; at large:—a. হত্ত বাবা বিভিন্ন বা উও; বিশ্বভাবে বিভিন্ন; সর্বভোবাধি: Scattered or sown abroad by the hand; dispersed widely; widely spread.

Broad-church, browdchurch, n. উদাৰ মভাৰলখী ইংসভাৰায়; A body of men holding liberal or comprehensive views of Christian doctrine and fellowship.

Broad-cloth, brawd kloth, n. वनांड; A fine woollen cloth double the usual width.

Broad-gange, brawd-gaj, n. বেলপথেৰ ছই প্ৰকাৰ বিজ্ঞিন মধ্যে অপেকাকৃত অধিকতন্ব বিভান ; A distance of six or seven feet between the rails of a railway, as distinguished from the narrow gange of 4 ft. 8½ in.

Broad-seal, braw(sel, n. बारकाव नीनगरव ; The -public seal of a state.

Broad-side, n. ব্ৰংগাতেৰ এক পাৰ্থে সমুলাৰ পোলা এককালীন নিক্ষেপ; বৰ্ণ-পোতেৰ একপাৰ্থিত সমুলাৰ কাৰান; The discharge of all the guns on one side of a ship at once; all the guns on one side of a ship of war:—কলেব উপবিস্থ আহাতেৰ এক পাৰ্থ, কাহাতেৰ পাৰ্থেপে; The side of a ship above the water-line; the side of a ship:—এক গৃহা মুক্তিত কাৰজ; A sheet of paper containing one large page, or printed on one side only.

Broad sword, brawdsord, n. जवरावि विद्नव ; विकृष शंव जवरान ; A sword with a broad bled and the cutting edge ; claymore of the Highlands.

Broad wise, ad. প্ৰশাসনিক; In the direction of As broad as long—বেষন দীৰ্ঘ তেমন বিৰুজ; The same one way as the other.

Sow broad cast—চতুদ্দিকে বীক বপন-ফু; Sow by scattering seeds at large:—বছল পৰিমাণে প্ৰচাৰ-কু; Diffuse widely.

Broaden, brawdn, v. t. বিষ্ণুত কৰা; To make broad or broader:—v. t. বিষ্ণুত কৰা; To grow broad or extend in breadth.

Brobdingnagian, brob-ding-naji-an, ন. বৃহণা-কাৰ মানৰ; An inhabitant of the fabulous region of Brobdingnag in Gulliver's Travels, the people of which were of great stature; hence a gigantic person:—a. বৃহণাকাৰণিয়; বৃহৎকাৰ; Gigantic.

Brocade, brok-ad, n. [It brocare, Fr. broker, to prick.] বুট ভোলা বেশনী বস্ত্ৰ, তাককাৰ্যের উপযুক্ত পট্ৰস্ত : Silk stuff, woven with variegated gold and silver threads, and raised flowers.

Brocaded, brok-aded, a. কাফকাৰ্য্য-শোভিত; বুটব্যব; Woven or worked in the manner of brocade; dressed in brocade.

Brocard, brokard, n. নীতি; Maxim; canon. Broccoli, brokoli, n. [It. plu. of brocco, a sprout, dim. of brocco, a shoot] কপিৰিশেষ; A variety of cauliflower.

Brochure, bro-shoor, n. [Fr. brocher, to stich, —broche, a needle.] An Amphiet.

Brock, brok, n. [From the Celtic, as in Gael. broc, a badger.] সম্ভবিশেষ; A badger.

Brocket, broket, n. [Fr. brocke, a snag.] इरे बरमदाब हवि!; A red deer two years old.

Brog, brog, n. [Gael. brog, a pointed instrument, as an awl; W. procio, to stab.] বেণনিকা; সূৰ্পন; A pointed steel instrument used by joiners for piercing holes in wood.

Brogan, brogan or brogan, Brogue, brog, n. পাছকা বিশেষ; A stout coarse shoc.

Brogue, brog, n. প্ৰাম্য ভাষাৰ উচ্চাৰণ বিশেষ; A coarse manner of pronunciation.

Broider, broider, Broidery, broider-i, See Embroider, Embroidery.

Broil, broil, n. [Fr. brouiller, to break out, to rebel, prob. from Celtic.] কৰহ, A noisy quarrel; a discord:—v. t. ভাজা; ভজ্জিত কৰা; To cook over coal or on a gridinion:—খাত্ৰাভ উত্তত্ত্ব; To be greatly heated.

Broke, brok, pa. p. of Break.

Broken, biokn, a. fen st; Rent asunder ;-

ৰজুৰ; Rugged; uneven:—ভয়বেৰ; ছৰ্মান : শব-নত: Infirm: humbled. [ paired in health. Broken down in health—বিনই খায়; Im-Broken-English, brö'kn-ing'glish, n. ভালা ছংবাজি, অই ইংবাজি; A language consisting only half of English. [nancial reverses; losses. Broken-fortune, brökn-for'tun, n. ফ্ডি; Ri-Broken-hearted, brekn-harted, n. ভয়ন্তন্য; শোক-ভারাভিত্ত; Depressed or crushed by grief or despair.

Broken meat, brokh-met. n. বাৰে বাৰ কৰিছ বাৰ্য-বাংল; Meat cut up into fragments.

Broken oaths, brö'kn öthz, n. আর্ফিড প্রতিজ্ঞা; Violated oaths.

Broken eleep (or slumber.)— शंक निर्माणि ; Disturbed sleep, as opposed to sound sleep.

Broken winded, brokn winded a অল্লখনি-বৃত : Having short breath, as a horse.

Broken words, brö'kn wurdz, n. ভালা ভালা কথা; Words uttered indistinctly and imperfectly.

A broken man--বিপদ ও শোকভারাবনত ব্যক্তি; A man humbled by misfortune and grief.

In broken accents—ৰতমত ধাইমা ভালা পলায়; In a faltering tone or voice.

To get a broken head—আহত হত্যা; To come off hurt or wounded.

Broker, brükêr, n. [M. E brocour—A. S. brucan, Ger brauchen, to use, profit. ] भागान, An agent or negotiator, who is employed by merchants to transact business.

Brokerage, bröker-হj, পাৰালী; The business of a broker; the commission charged by a broker.

Bromide, bronfid, n. একপ্ৰকাৰ শিলিভ পদাৰ্থ, A combination of bromine with a base.

Bromine, brunin, n [Gr. bromos, a disagreeable odour.] ধাড় বিশেষ, One of the elements related to chlorine and iodine in its chemical compounds, so called from its disagreeable smell.

Bronchi, bronki, Bronchia, bronki-র Bronchis, bronki-c, n. খাস-মলিব শাখা বাহা মুস্কুরে প্রেশ করে; The tubes that branch off from the wind pipe to the lungs. a.=Bronchial.

Bronchites, brongk-i'tis, n. খাস-নালির শাধার প্রথাত্ত এক প্রকার কাশ; Inflamation of the bronchial membrance.

Bronchocele, bronko-sel, n. গলগত; Goitre.
Bronze, n. brönz, [Fr—It. bronso, conn. with bruno, brown, and root bren, to burn ] পিন্তুল, কাছে; An alloy of copper and tin—পিন্তুলবর্গ; The colour of bronzo.—পিন্তুলবিশ্বিভ প্রতিমূদ্ধি; Sometimes, with zinc or a statue, medal &c., cast in bronze:— চ. f. পিন্তুলবন্ক, To give the appearance of bronze to —ক্টিন্ক; To harden:—a. পিন্তুলবাৰা নিৰ্মিভ; Made of bronze:—
পিন্তুলবৰ্গ; Coloured hke bronze.

Bronze age, bronz-aj, n. বে সময় মামুবান্সাভি ভাম বা পিতল নিৰ্মিত বন্ধ ব্যবহাৰ কৰিত; The prehistoric age, when men used implements of copper of brass, Bronsy, bronze, a. পিন্তল্বৰ; Like bronze.
Brooch, broch, n. [Fc. broch, a spit. See broach] বন্ধ আটিবাৰ সুন্দৰ আলপিন; An ornamental pin for fastening any article of dress:—
মণিবিশেষ; পদত; A jewel:—v. t. ৰণি বাৰা অন্ছত-ফু; To adorn with jewellery.

Brood, brood, v. i. [A. S. brid, a young one, esp. a young bird from root of breed ] আৰেছ উপৰে ৰসা; ভিষে ভা দেওৱা; To sit up on and cover, as a bird on her eggs — আজ্ঞান্ত-কৃ; To cover as with wings:—উবিশ্ব ইয়া নিবিত্ব থাকা; To dwell on a subject in anxious thought:—v. t. উপৰে উপৰেশন-কৃ; সবতে পাৰ্ল-কৃ; To sit over and cherish:—n. শাৰ্ক; Olispring—একবাৰে বত শাৰক ক্ৰাগ্ৰণ কৰে; The number of birds hatched at a time — পালিভ কীৰ; Something bred Syn = Incubate, think upon; meditate; muse, ruminate.

Broodmare, biood-mar, n. ছাৰা প্ৰসৰ জন্ম ৰঞ্চিত ঘোটকী; A mare kept for breeding

Brook, brook, n. [A S brôc, water breaking forth] क्य नरी; A stream of water; a small tream.

Brooklet, brooklet, n. কুফ নদী; A little brook. Brooky, brook-ই, a. কুফ নদী বিশিষ্ট, Abounding in brook.

Brook, brook, v.t. [A S. brucan, to use, enjoy, Ger brauchen, L. fruor, fruc-tus] সঞ্-কু; To endure; to bear. Syn = endure; tolerate, submit to.

Broom, brööm, n খাটা : সন্মাৰ্কনী , A brush ;— লভা বিশেষ ; A wild evergreen shrub.

Broom-stick, broom-stik, n সম্মাজনী-কভ; নাটাৰ হাজন, The staff or handle of a broom. Broomy, a নতাপুৰ্ন, Full of brooms.

Broth, broth, n. [A S broth—breowan, to brew; cf. Fr bronet, O Ger prot, and Gael. brod ] মানে কস , হত্যা; হপ, মানেৰ খোল; Liquor in which flesh is boiled

Brothel, brothel, n. [ Fr borde!—O. Fr. borde, a hut, from the boards of which it was made. ] বেস্থানয়; A house of ill-fame or lewdness; a house for prostitution, baudy house.

Brother, bruther, n [ A S. brother; cog. with Ger bruder, Gael. brathair, Fr. frere, L. frater, Sans. bhratri ; from root bhar, to bear, and hence brother orig. meant one who supports the family after the father's death. ] সংহোদর ; A son of the same parents :-- জাঙি ; বুট্ৰ; আন্থীয় , Any one closely united ; a relative, kinsman :---বৃহিনি আদাৰ বা আকৃতি আল अपूर्ण; One who resembles another in appearance and manners —সঙ্গাতীয় ব্যক্তি; A fellowcreature :-- मनाभी ; A friar [ ried man. Brother benedict, n. বিবাহিত বোক ; A mar-Brother blade, n. मग्रावमारी ; Any one of the same calling as yourself. [ carpenter. Brother chip, n. সহবোদী প্রথব ; A fellow-Brother-german or Germain, bruther-jer'man, jer'-men, n. नाश्चाद ; अक सनक सननी रहेएक উৎপন্ন হ্ৰাভা , A brother having the same father and mother, in contradistinction to one by the saure mother only; full brother as opposed to half brother.

Brother-hood, brother-hood প আছম; The state of being a brother:—বেনী; মন, সমাজ বা সমিতি: সম্পান : An arsociation; fraternity. Syn.=brotherly relation; mutual kindness; fraternity, association; sodality; clan; coterie. Brother-in-law, brother-in-law, n. ভারুৱ; বেণৱ; ভানত; ভানিনীপতি; The brother of a husband or wife; a sister's husband. [rican. Brother Jonathan—আমেনিকানাসী; An Ame-Brother-like, brother-lik, Brotherly, brother-like, brother-lik, Brotherly, brother-lik, a. আত্মনুল; আত্মনুল; বেল্লুল; সম্ভ্রুল; সম্ভ্রুল; Kind; affectionate. Syn.=Fraternal, affectionate, friendly; amicable; cordial.

Brother-uterine, n. অন্ত পিতৃত বাতা; A brother by the same mother only.

Brother whip, n. शरापात्री व्यक्तांत्रक ; A fellow-coachman.

Brougham, brod'am or broom, n. ছই চাকা বা চাৰি চাকা বিশিষ্ট এক বোডাৰ গাড়ি; A one-horse close carriage, either two or four wheeled, named after Lord Brougham:—অবজ্ঞান বিশেষ; A light four-wheeled carriage.

Brought, brawt, pa. t. and pa. p. of bring.

Brow, brow, n. [A. S. bru, lce. brun, Scot. brae, a slope, conn. with Gr. ophrys] ললাট; কণাল; The forehead:—ক; The eyebrow:—উৎসন্ধ: The edge of a steep place:—বৈল্ঞান্ত; The edge of a hill.

To knit brows— ক্রক্ট-ক ; ভর প্রদর্শন-ক ; To With knitted brows— গর্ক বা ক্রোধ হেডু ললাট কুঞ্চিত কবিয়া, With brows drawn together from a feeling of pride or anger.

Browbeat, brow'bet, v. জুকুটী বাৰা ভর দেখান; ভজন গৰ্জন কৰিব! ভর দেখান; To bear down with haughty and sterns looks; to bully. Syn.=overbear, overawe; intimidate; bully.

Brown, brown, a [A. S. brun—A. S. byruan, to burn.] পিক্ল, কটা; কপিন; Of a dark or dusty colour in clining to red on yellow:—n. পিক্লবৰ্ণ; A dark redish colour:—v. t. পিক্লবৰ্ণ-কৃ; To make brown or give a brown color to. a.= brownish; n.=brownness.

Brownie, brownie, n. In Scotland, a land of good-natural domestic spirit.

Brownish, a. ইবং শিক্তা; Somewhat brown. Brown-study, brown-studi, n. অন্তৰ্নকভা, বিষয়েত্ব কান্তভ কয়; Gloomy reverie; absence of mind; absent-mindedness.

Browse, browz, v.t. নৰপান ভাৰ-কু; To eat the tender leaves of plants:—v.i. তুপাহাৰ-কু; ডাল পালা বাছৰা; To feed on the shoots of shrubs or trees:—n. নৰপান ; Tender branches of plants. Bruin, brou'in, n. ভাৰ্ক; A bear, so called from its brown colour.

Bruise, brooz, v.t. [O. Fr. bruiser, from. O. Ger. bresten, to burst.] পোৰা কৰা; পিই কৰা; চূৰ্
ঢ়ুঁ; To crush; to pound or squeaze; to reduce of small fragments:—n. ফত; আবাত; টোট; A wound made by a heavy blow; a contusion.

Syn.—Contuse; pound; bray; pulverize.

Bruiser, প. বল্ল, আবাংকাৰী ; A boxer ; one who bruishes ; a prize-fighter.

Eruit, bcটেই, n. নংবাদ; জনবৰ; চড় জিলে আগবিভ বিষয়; Report; rumour; something noised abrood:—v. t. জনবর্-ফু; Noise abroad; to rumour.

Brumaire—In the calendar of the first French republic, the second month from October 25 to November 21.

Brumal, broomal, a. হৈয়ন্তিক; শীসকালীন; শীক-বতু-সংক্ৰান্ত ; Of or relating to winter; pertaining to the winter season.

Brumous, a. বুৰ্কটকাছ্য : Foggy.

Brunette, broo-et, n. [Fr dim. of brun, brown.] পিল্লবৰ্ণা বা কৃষ্ণবৰ্ণা বৰণী; স্থাৰা; A girl with a brown or dark complexion; a woman with a dark complexion.

Brunt, brunt. n. [Ice. bruni, Ger. brunst, heat. See burn] আক্রমণের প্রচততা; The utmost violence of an onset:—আক্রমণ বা যুদ্ধের বেগ; The heat or shock of an onset or contest—আবাত; The force of a blow; shock:—অক্সাৎ উন্যুদ্ধ; Sudden effort, contract or engagement.

To bear the brunt of— (कार्व किहूद श्रव्यका मह करा ; शका भागनान ; गाछ पर्या ।

Brush, brush, n. [O. H. bursta, bristle.] বাৰ্জনী; তুলি; An instrument for removing dust laying on colours &c; a kind of hair-pencil used by painters:—বন; Brushwood — সামান্ত হুল: A skirmish:—ছিল্ল বুকুলাখা; Branches of trees lopped off:—v. t. ৰাড়া, ৰাজ্ঞনী দিলা পৰিভাৱ কৰা; To sweep or rub with a brush:—মুহুভাবে ঘৰ্ণন-ফু; To touch gently:—ডুলি ঘানি চিন্তু-ফু; To move with a brush:—v. i. মুহুভাবে ঘাৰুলা; To move over lightly. Syn=Beson; broom; thicket; brushes, shrubs; skirmish; collision; action; affair.

Brush about, v. ৰাজভাৱ দহিত ইতলতঃ গ্ৰন-কু; Brush against, v. লাকুল বাৰা প্ৰতিহত হওয়া; Knock against with the tail.

Brush along, v. জাতবেৰে গমন-ফু, Move swiftly. Brush aside, v. পাৰ্বে ৰাভ্যা; Turn aside roughly.

Brush away, ০. উপৰ হইতে ৰাডিয়া কেলা; অপ্গত-কৃ, Remove. [down with a brush.
Brush down, ০. তুলী বাবা পৰিকাৰ-কৃ; Rub
Brush off, ০. চলিয়া বাত্যা; Move on:—অপ্নতকৃ; Remove by brushing. [brush.
Brush out, ০. পৰিকাৰ-কৃ; Clean out with a
Brush up, ০. পৰিকাৰ-কৃ; Clean with a brush:
—উন্নতি-কৃ; সংকাৰ কৰা: To improve. [painter.
Brother brush, ০. সহবোদী চিত্ৰকৰ; A fellow
Give it another brush—আৰ্থ মৰোবোৰা কাও;
Give a little more attention; bestow a little
more labour on it.

He brushed by me - त्रवकालीव वर्ग करा ; He just touched me as he went quickly past.

Brushwood, brush-wood, ম. কুল বৰ, বোগ, গুৰুপুঞ্জ; A thicket or coppice; rough, close bushes; a thicket.

Brushy, a. 本年 ; Rough ; shaggy.

Brusk, Brusque, broosk, a. MASI: WAS;

Rough or blunt in manners; rude; abrupt in manner. n.=brusqueness.

Brussels-sprouts, bruselz-sprowts, n. pl. बाबादिव करि: A variety of the common cabbage with sprouts like miniature cabbages.

Brutal, brootal,a. পত্ৰম্পনীয়, পত্ৰহ; Pertaining to brute; like a brute:—বিৰ্দ্ধা, বৃশ্যে ; Cruel; unfeeling. Syn.=bestial, beastly; carnal; gross; sensual; savage, cruel, ferocious; bloody; ignorant, unfeeling. n.=Brutality—মুশ্যেষ্ডা; Inhumanity. adv.≈brutally.

Brutalise, brookal-iz, v. t. নিৰ্দয়-কু; বৃশংস-কু; পশুৰং কৰা, অৰধানিত কৰা; To make brutal, or inhuman; to degrade.

Brutality, broot-ali-te, n. পতত ; অমাত্র্যিকভা ; অসভাভা ; নিৰ্মন্তা ; Quality of being brutal ; inhumanity ; savageness ; cruelty.

Brute, broot, n. [Fr. brut, L. brutus, dull, irrational] পড়; A beast; one of the lower animals — নুগলোক; A savage unfecling man or woman:—a. হিডাহিড জানশুড়; বুদ্ধিবিহীন; মূৰ্ব; Irrational; senseless; stupid:—অসভা; Rough; uncivilised.

Brutify, v. t. পত্ৰ অবসাৰ আৰম্ভ ; পত্ৰৎ-কু; To reduce to the state of a brute.

Brutish, broutish, a. পত্ৰং; Like a beast —
নিৰ্দয়; নিষ্ট্ৰ; Ferocious:—কানপ্ৰায়ণ, পত্ৰ্যাভাষ; Carnal; bestial. adv.—brutishly; n.—
brutishness.

Bryony, bri'o-ni, Bryonia, ন. বন্ত জড়ানে বভা; তাৰা গাছ বিশেষ; A wild crimbing plant; a Find of plant.

Bubble, bubl, n. অলবিষ; বুলবুক; A water-bladder:—অনাব বস্ত; Anything empty, as a bubble:
—হামা: বুলা কল্পা; কালা নতলব; প্রতারণা; A false shadow; a vain project; a fraud, a cheating scheme:—v. i. অলবুদ্বুক্ উঠে; To rise in bubbles:—v. t. প্রভারণা-ক; To cheat; deceive. Syn.— Froth, trifle; bagatelle; cheat; hoax.

Bubble company—প্রবর্গক বাবসায়ীৰল; Company, whose object is to enrich themselves at the expense of subscribers to their scheme

Bubble scheme—অসাৰ অৰ্থনমনোপাৰ উভাৰৰ; অভাৰণাৰ কৌশল; Project for getting money from subscribers to a scheme of no value.

Bubbler, n. वर्षण ; One who cheats. Bubbly, a. व्यव्यार्थ, A bounding in bubbles. Bubby, n. जम ; A woman's breast.

Bubo, bū-bō, n. বাগি; ছোটক; A swelling of the lymphatic glands; a swelling or tumour in the groin.

Buccal, a. 4674 % ; Belonging to the cheek. Buccaneer, Bucanier, buk-an-ër, n. 4674 % ; 51615; A pirate, freebooter; the buccaneers were pirates in the West Indies during the seventeenth century, who plundered the Spaniards chiefly. Syn.=corsair, sea-robber, rober, freebooter,

Buccaneering, n. सनमञ्जानमञ्ज ; The practice or profession of a buccaneer.

Buck, buk, n. [A. S. buc, bucca; Ger. bock, a he-goat] पूनर पाकित देन होने (यर जनक; The male of the deer, goat, sheep, hare, rabbit &c:-वावपुक करा; Lye in which cloths are bleached:--(वनक्षांत्रक राकि: वारगांत्रिय इंदक; A fop; dandy; a doshing young fellow.

Buck, buk, v.t. [From the Celt, as in Gael buae, cowdung, used in bleaching—bo, a cow; Ger. benchen, from the same source.] কাৰ আৰু বিশ্ব কৰা; কাৰ্যুক কৰে সিক্ত কৰা; To steep or soak in lye; to wash clothes in lye.

Bucket, buket, n. জনপাত্ত বিশেষ: বালুভি: A vessel for drawing or holding water; a pail.

To kick the bucket—শিবপাও হওৱা; মবা। Bucketful, buket-fool, a. বাগতিপুৰ্ন; As much as a bucket will hold.

Buckle, bukl, ল. পরিজ্ঞ বা পছিকা সংলগ্ন করিবার বস্তু; বন্ধনাসুরী; বন্দন; An instrument for fastening shoes and other articles of dress; a frame with tongue or catch to fasten things together:
—কোকড়ান চুল; A curl:—v. t বন্দন ছাবা সংবদ্ধ-কু; To fasten with a buckle:—v.i. নত-হ; To bend; to bow:—প্রতিবোদীতা-কু; To struggle; to contend.

Buckle to, v. উৎসাহপূৰ্মক নিযুক্ত ; Appy oneself with vigour :--নত- , Bend to.

Buckle on one's armour—বিবাদ করিবার জন্ত প্রস্তুত হওয়া ; To prepare for conflict.

Buckle one's self to—কোমৰ বাঁধিয়া লাগা।
Buckler, bukler, n. চাল বিলেব, দৰ্ম, A kind of
shield:—v. t হয়া-কু; To defend.

Buckra, bukra, n. বেডকাৰ শেক, The Negroc's name for a white man:—a. বেডবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট; White.

Buckram, bukram, n. মোদজায়া; A coarse linen cloth stiffered with glue —a সুৰ্ চিক, Stiff; precise;—উত্ত কাপড় বারা নিশ্মত, Made of buckram.

Buckskin, bukskin, n. এক প্রকার পরিভূত দর্ম; A kind of leather —p! দর্ম নির্মিত পা ভাষা; Breeches made of buckskin — a. উক্ত চন্মনিন্দিত; Made of the skin of a buck.

Buckwheat, buthwet, n. वीकविर्यंत ; A plant, whose seed is used as grain.

Bucolic, bū-kolik, Bucolical, bū-kolikal, a. [Gr. boukolos, cowherd.] প্রাথা, পরিসাধসম্বনীর, Pastoral:—n. পৌপাদীবিষ্যক কাব্য; A Pastoral poem.

Bud, bud, n. [ D. bot, a bud, botten to bud ]
कृष्टि: युक्त ; कित ; अकृत हिन रुखा ; To put forth buds;
to germinate:—वाहिन रुखा ; To begin to grow
in the manner of a bud, as horn:—v. t. युक्त कि विव क्तम-कृ ; To graft by inserting the bud of a
plant under the bark of another. Syn.=Germ,
gem, embryo. pr. p.=budding; pa. a.=budded.
Buddhism, budizm, n. (वोक्तम ; The doctrine
taught by Budha.
Buddhist, budist, n. (वोक्तम ; A believer
Budge, buj, v t. [F. bonger to stir. It. hulicare.

Buddhist, budist, n. বৌজনমানস্থী; A believer Budge, buj, v t. [F. bonger to stir, It. bulicar, to botl, to bubble.] স্থা; নড়া চড়া, To move off; to stir:—n. মেবলিন্তর নোম; The dressed skin or fur of lambs; lamb-skin;—a. মুটোই; Schoastic; austere.

Budget, bujet, n. [Fr. bougetta, dim. of bouge, a pouch.] परण; A bag or sack with its contents:— आंत्र नार्यक परिमाप; The annual financial scheme of the British nation. Syn.= Pack, package, parcel, bundle; stock, store; batch, lot; financial statement.

Buff, buf, n. [Fr. buffle, a buffalo.] ঘট্ডেৰ চৰ্গ; A leather prepared from the skin of the buffalo:—ইবৰ গাঁচৰণ; A light yellow colour:—নৈনিক পুৰুষনিগেৰ কোট; A military coat, made of buffskin:—ৰকে গাঁচৰণ পুৰুষনিগৰ কোট; A grayish viscid crust observed on blood:—a. মহিৰ চৰ্গে নিৰ্মিত; Made of buff:—প্ৰত: Light yellow.

Buffalo, buffa-lo, n. [Sp. bufalo, L. bubalus, Gr. boubalos, the wild ox—bous, an ox.] परिष; A kind of wild ox.

Buffalo-headed, a. মুৰ্ণ; নিৰ্কোণ; Stupid; dull. Buffor, buffer, n. থাকা নিৰাৰণেৰ পঞ্চি; An apparatus to deaden concussion by moving bodies. Buffet, buf'et, n. [O. Fr. bufet—oufe, a blow, csp. on the cheek; conn. with puff, bufloon.] মুয়াবাত; চপেটাবাত; A blow with the fist:—v.t. মুয়াবাত-ক, দাপত নাবা, To box, slap or beat:—এবেগনীও কু: বিবেশক বা; Contend against.

To be buffered about the world—করভোগ-কু, সংসাহিক নানাকণ ছ.ৰ কেশ প্রীকায় নিপতিড হত্যা, To be subjected to miseries and trials in the world.

Buffet, bul'et, n. পাত্রাদি বাধিবার আধার, বাসবেব ভাক; A kind of side-board; a cup-board.

Buffo, but'fo, n. wate we; The comic actor in an opera.

Buffoon, buf'-con, n. [Fr. bouffon, lt. buffone, Fr. buffa, a trick, jest] 行致 , 电误; A mimic; a droll; a clown; one who amuses by jests, grimaces, &c:—v. t. 对对一声; To make ridiculous. a.= Buffoon: h—like a buffoon.

Buffoonery, buf-তট'ér-i, n. উড়েখি, হাজ্জনক বংগ: I নাcrons or vulgar jesting; drolleries. Buffs, n. pl. দৈল্পল বিশেষ; A regiment of soldiers so named from their buff-coloured facings. Buffy, bufi, a. Resembling the buff of blood in colour and texture; resembling, &c. like the blood called buff.

Bug, bug, n. ছারপোকা, An insect of many species, esp. a hemipterous insect which infests beds &c. a.=Buggy.

Bugbear, bug'bar, n. ख/त्रक्तक रह ; A scarecrow; a frightful object .—a. की डिजनक ; Causing fright

Buggy, bug'i, n. श्वाविश्यं ; वर्षेत्राष्ट्रि ; A light carriage ; a light one-horse chaise.

Bugle, bū'gi, Bugle-horn, bū'gl-horn, n.
[O. Fr.—L. buculus, dim. of bos, an ox.] যুগধাই
নিকা; A hunting horn :—কুম্বৰ্ণ কাচনিছিত মালা;
A black glass-bcad :—বৰ্ণশিকা; A musical instrument.

Build, bild, v. t. [O. Swed. bylja, to build; Dan. bol; A. S. bold, a house.] विद्यान-कृ; To frame, construct and raise as an edifice:— केंद्रान-कृ; To fabricate:—(काम किखिन केंग्र किह्न वानन-कृ; To raise on any foundation:—मनन-कृ; To increase and strengthen:—». : বৃছ বিশ্বাপ ফু; To practise building:—আবাদ-ফু; নিৰ্ভন কৰা; To rest or defend:—n. আকৃতি; নিৰ্পাণ; নাম; Make; form; construction. pa. p.= built or builded. [of robust frame.

A man of strong built—ৰ্চকাৰ ব্যক্তি; A man To build castles in the sir—আৰাক ব্যক্ত নিৰ্মাণ কৰা; To form in the mind wild or visionary schemes.

Builder, bilder, n. নিৰ্দ্বাতা, বাক্ষমন্ত্ৰী; ছণ্ডি;

Building, bilding, n. নিৰ্মাণ কৌশল; The art of erecting house &c:—গৃছ; A structure; an edifice; a house.

Built, bilt, p. a. নিৰ্মিত বা গঠিড; Formed or Bulb, bulb, n. কম; মূল; A root consisting of scales or layers, as, the onion:—v. i. মূল হওয়া;

To form buibs:—সুলিয়া ভাগ; কীত হৰৱা; To buige out or swell. a.=bulbed; bulbous.
Bulbed, a. গোলমত্তকবিশিষ্ট; Round headed.
Bulbiferous, bulbi-fer-us, a. মূল উৎপাদৰকাৰী;

Producing bulbs. Bulbous, a. ক্লী; Globular.

Bulge, bulj. n. [A. S. belgan, to swell; Gael. bolg. to swell.] পিপেৰ উন্নত বা এখন ভাগ; The protuberant or widest part of a cask:—v. i. ফুলিয়া উঠে; To swell out:—ভন প্ৰবিষ্ট-হ; To bulge as a ship.

Bulk, bulk, n. আৰম্ভন, আকাৰ; Size; dimension; magnitude:—বহুত্ব বোক; The majority:— এধান অংশ; The principal portion:—অধিকাংশ; The greatest part.

By bulk—वाउँदर्ग ।

In bulk-থোটে ; পুপাকারে : In a mass.

Sale by bulk—বিলা ভখনে ত্ৰবা বিকল্প ; A sale of goods as they are without weight or measurement.

To break bulk—witiw ধাৰি-তৃ; To begin to unload a ship:—ছবোৰ বাইট ধোলা; To break open a package of goods.

Bulk-head, bulkhed, n. चारायच विकल भागः, A partition in a ship, &c., made with boards; a partition separating one part of a ship between decks from another. [size. n.= bulkiness. Bulky, bulki, a. वृद्द: वृद्यगणां ; Large; of great Bull, bool, n [O. D. bolle, D. bul, ice. boli, a bull; A S bellan, to bellow.] वृद: वृद्ध; पेंड़: The male of the owkind:—हर्मार्डि: A sign of the

a bull; A S bellan, to bellow. ] त्व; वाफ़; The male of the ox kind:—व्यवाणि; A sign of the constellation:—v.t. यूना दृष्टि कविवाद (क्ट्री-कृ; To endeavour to raise the price of:—a. वृष्णाकांबकृष्टक, Denoting largeness of size used in composition, as bull-trout.

Bull, bool, n. পোপের ভক্ষনানা; পোপের ছোহরাছিত আবেলপাত ; An edict of the Pope ; an edict of Pope which has his seal affixed.

Bull, bool, n. বাকাকৰনে হাজোমীপক অম; A ludicrous blunder in speech.

John bull, n. ইংবাৰ-কাতি: ইংবাৰ: The national nick name for an Englishman.

Take the bull by the horns—रीएइव निष-वृ: नारम मरकारक विनेदन मनुषीय-र; कविय विषक छाड़ियां ना निषा नगापास कहा; Encounter danger boldly. Buil-batting, boof-batting, n. কুকুৰ লেণাইছা শিখা বৃষ্ঠে উত্তেজিতকৰণত্ৰপ আবোদ; The practice of baiting or exciting bulls with dogs.

Bull-dog, bool-dog, n. কুকুর বিশেষ; ভালক্ডা; A variety of dog of remarkable ferocity and courage.

Bull-fight, bool-sit, n. वीर्ष्क भरत मण्डे ; वृष्क ; A combat with a bull; bull-baiting.

Bull-finch, boolfinsh, n. शकीविष्णव ; A songbird. [of frog.

Bull frog-वृश्मकांद (एक विश्मव; A large species Bull-fly, n. मिक्का विश्मव; A gadfly.

Bull-head, n. पूर्व ; A blockhead :—मर्ज विश्वि ; A small fish.

Bull-headed, Bull-necked, bool-nekt, a. অবীকৃত ; Unyielding ; dogged.

Bullot, boolet, n [Fr boulet. dim of boule, a ball L. bulla.] দীস ক ছালিকা; বন্ধুকেৰ ছালি: ছব্ৰা; A small ball; esp, one of lead for small arms, a bull of lead for loading small arms.

Bullet-head, a. factite, ye, Stupid.

Bullot-proof, boolet-picof, a. ছবিকা খাইা খভেষ্য; ছবিৰোধক, Safe against bullets.

Bulletin, boolle-tin, n. [F. fr. lt. bulletino, dim of bulla, a Pope's bull.] ঘোষণা; বাজাজায় লচানিত বিবরণ, বাজকীয় সংবাদের সরকারী বিবরণ; A statement respecting some event issued by authority for public information; public notice; esp of news recently received; an official report of public news.

Bullion, boolyun, n. অমুদ্ৰিত রৌপা বা কর্ণ পিও; নোণা ৰূপান্ত ৰাট; Uncoined gold or silver in the mass.

Bull's eye, boolf-i, n. গৰাফ; A small circular window or opening:—লফা পদাৰ্থৰ কেন্দ্ৰ; The centre of a target — এদাপ বিশেষ; A policeman's lantern:—অনুধীৰৰ কাঠ; A piece of wood shaped like a ring.

Bullock, boolok, n. ৰবদ; বুৰ; An ox or casts
Bulltrout, booltrowt, n. বুৰজ বিশেষ; A large kind of trout, nearly allied to the salmon.

Bully, booli, n. [ Dut. bulderen, to bluster; Low Ger. bullerbrook, a noisy blustering fellow. ] बनहरू । ती वाकि ; माहिक वाकि ; A blustering menacer:—v. t. सक्ता गर्कान वावा अभ्यान-कृ; To overbear with words:—v. i. अग्राज् कृ; To bluster; to be noisy and quarrelsome. pr. p. = bullying; pa. p. = bullied.

Bully-rag, v. t. ভৰ্জন পৰ্জন কৰিবা অপমান-কু; To insult in a bullying manner.

Bully-rook, n. ध्यक्क; A blustering cheat. Bullrush, bool tush, n. धक धाकांच वनक कृत : A large strong rush, which grows on wet land or in water.

Bulwark, boolwark, n. ব্র; A rampart:—ছুর; A fortification:—আলম্ভান; আলম্ভান উপাদ; Any means of defence and protection:—v. t. ছুর্গ নির্মাণ কৃ: বকা-ড়; To fortify with a rampart; to protect. Burn, bum, v. i. ৬৭ ৩৭ খন-ড়; To make a murmuring noise. pr.p.=bumming; pa. p.=bummed.

Bumbailiff, n. (প्रवाम) ; (मनमान प्रविचाद नाइक ; Sherif's officer; a catchpoll.

Bumboat, bum-böt, n. কাহাৰে খাদ্যবাদি দইবা ঘাইবাৰ নৌকা বিশেষ; A shore-boat to carry provisions to a ship. [bee; a humble-bee. Bumble-bee, n. বৃহদাকাৰ মধ্যকিকা; A large-Bumb, bumb, v. t. আঘাত-কৃ; হ্যদাম কৰিল আঘাত কবা; To strike against; to thump; to strike with a dull sound:—v. i. উচ্চ শল-কৃ; To make a loud, heavy or hollow noise:—n. ভক আঘাত; A dull heavy blow:—আঘাত কৰিজ ফাডি; A lump caused by a blow.

Bumper, bump'er, n. बनिवा পूर्व পाख ; A cup or glass filled to the brim ; a full glass :— পविপूर्व बाह्यभावा ; A crowded house in a theatre in honour of some favourite performer.

Bumpkin, bump'kin, n. [ Dut, hoom, a log, and dim. kin ] কৰাকাৰ অসভ্য পাড়াকেৰে চাৰা; অনভ্য প্ৰাণ্য লোক; চাৰা; An awkward clumsy rustic; clown; an awkawrd country fellow.

Bun, Bunn, bun, n. এক প্রকার নিষ্ট পিঃক; A kind of sweet cake.

Bunch, bunsh, n. [O. Sw. and Dan. banke, Ice, banki, a heap—O. Sw. bunga, to strike, to swell out.] কুঁজ; A protuberance:—গুল্ ধ্বা; A cluster, or tult:—ব্যা; A heap:— একবে সংবাদ বা একসকে ব্যান স্থাসন্ত; A number of things tied together or growing together:—v.i. ফাড-হ; To swell out:—v.t. ফুড্ৰং-হ; To form into bunch. c=Bunchy.

Mother Bunch, n. পৰী; A fairy; pantomime. Bunchy, s. ishi, a. গুড়াম, Growins in or full of bunchos swelling out.

Bundle, bundl, n. [A. S. byndel, from bindan, to bind] বাহিন; পুলিলা; পুটিনি; বেচৰা; A number of things put together and tied:—v. t. বোঝা বাবা; বাহিন বাবা; To the up together:—v. i. ভাডাভাভি প্রস্থান-কৃ, To set off in a hurry.

Bundle off, v. ভাড়াভাড়ি প্রেরণ-কৃ; Send off-in a hurry.

To turn out hurriedly.

To bundle out—ভাড়াভাড়ি বিদায় কৰিবা কেবা;

Bung, bung, n পিপাব হিপি; The stopper of the orifice in the bilge of a cask .—বড় ছিপি; A large cork :—v. t. পিপাব মুধ বন্ধ-কৃ; To stop as the orifice; to close.

Bung-hole, bung'hol, n. পিপাৰ ছিন্ত ; The hole or orifice in the bilge of a cask; hole in a cask by which it is filled or emptied.

Bungalow, bung'ga-lō, n. বাংলা; A country house in India.

Bungle, bung'l, n. কদৰ্যায়ণে সম্পাদিত কাৰ্যা; Anything clumsily done:—কদৰ্যায়ণে কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন ; A clumsy performance:—প্ৰমাদ ; ভক্তৰ জন ; Gross blunder:—v. t. কুৎসিতৰূপে তানি-দে; To mend clumsily, to botch;—v. i. কদৰ্যাক্ৰপে কাৰ্য্যকৃ; To act in a clumsy manner.

Bungler, bung'lar, n. आनाष्ट्रि श कीडा लाक ; कार्या अनित्र शक्ति ; A bad workman ; an awkward workman.

Bungling, bung'ling, a. আনিপুৰ, কাচা; Unskilful; awkward:—অনিপুৰভাবে সন্দল্ধ; Unskilfully done. Bunion, bunyun, n. পাৰেৰ ব্যাক্ৰিতে লয়াত মাংসপিও বা ত্ৰ'; ব্যাক্লিতে বাংলিও ; A lump or inflamed swelling on the ball of the breat toe ; a horny excrescene on a toe.

Bunk, bunk, n. বিবাৰ বাদিবাৰ আদৰ এবং বাজিতে গমন কৰিবাৰ খবা ; A wooden case for a seat by day and a bed at night :—v. i. উত্ত খবাৰি বিজ্ঞা বাধ্যা ; To go to bed in a bunk.

Bunker, bunkar, n. काना देखानिव जावाद ; A receptacle for coals &c.

Bunt, bunt, n. नारनद महाकान ; The middle part or belly of a sail :— र. हं. फीड-६ ; To swell out, as a sail.

Bunting, Buntine, bunting, n. আহাতেৰ নিশান ভৈয়াৰ কৰিবাৰ জন্ত সক্ষ পট্ৰতঃ, কেতু-ৰসন; A thin woulden stuff of which ship's colours are made; the woollen stuff, of which flags are made:— এক খাতীয় পদ্ধী; A kind of bird.

Buoy, booi, bwoi, n. [ Dut, boei, buoy, fetter, through Romance forms ( Norman, boie) from O. L. boia, a collar of leather—L. bos, ox ] स्व ; वर्षा ; A float ; a floating mark to indicate shallows or rocks:—v.i. ভাসমান-হ; ভাসিবা বাবা ; To float:—v.t. ভাসমান বাবা ; ভাসাইঘা বাবা ; To keep afloat. pa p = buoyed pr. p. = buoying.

Buoy up, v. উপৰে উঠা; Rise up: — प्रिया ना बाहरू (प्रका; देनदारण मध रहेर्ड ना (प्रका; Keep from sinking into ruin or despondency.

Lifebuoy, n. কৰ্ক নিপ্ৰিত ভাসমান বন্ধ ঘাং আবলৰন কৰিথা সাহান্ধ হইতে পভিত লোকেৱা জীবন বজা কৰে; A flout to sustain persons who have fallen overboard till relief can be afforded them.

Buoyancy, bwai'ansi, n. আপেফিক লবুতা; Specific lightness:—প্লাবনশীন্তা; Quality of floating:—হণচিত্ততা, উন্নাধিতা; প্রস্থুবতা, Cheerfulness; vivacity.

Buo) ant, bwar'ant, a. প্রবনীস ; লয় ; Floating ; light :—উন্নাসিত ; প্রকৃত্ম ; Elastic ; cheerful.

Bur, Burr, bur, n. [Prob E but with cognates in many lang. as Swed borre, a sea-urchin, L burrae, trash—from a root signifying rough] লঙাফি কউক্ষম আৰৱণ; A prickly envelope of the seeds of plants:—r অক্ষেত্ৰ কট় উচ্চাৰণ; A guttural mispronunciation of the letter "r";—v. t. To pronounce with a bur.

[ fish.

Burbot, bur'bot, ন. এক প্ৰকাৰ মুংস্ক ; A kind of Burden, bur'dn, n. [A. S. byrthen—beran, to beat ] n. ভাৰ ; বোঝা ; Load, weight, cargo — খাহা কঠনামক ; That which is oppressive :—মুখ্য প্ৰসন্ধ ; The main topic :—মাহাৰেৰ আমতন ; The contents or capacity of a ship:—n.t. বোঝাই-ফ্ ; To load :—ফাৰ্লাক-ফ্ ; শীজন কৰা ; To oppress ; to encumber. pa. p.=burdened. Syn. = Load, weight ; cargo, freight, lading ; encumberance, clog ; pressure.

Burden, n. [Fr. bourdon, a humming tone in music, Low L. burdo, a drone or non-working bee ] \*164\* {\*\*1}; The prevailing sentiment in a song; chorus; refrain.

Beast of burdon, ভাৰবাহী আৰু; An animal for carrying burdens.

Burden of proof, (Law) अवार्यव कांव; The

necessity or duty of proving a fact or facts in dispute on an issue raised between the parties in a cause.

Burdenous, bur'den-us, Burdensome, bur'den-sum, a. কঃলায়ক; প্ৰাণীড়ক; ভাৰী; Grievous to be borne; oppressive; heavy.

Burdock, bur'dok, n. কটকৰ্ক আগাছা; A dock with a bun or prickly head.

Bureau, būr'ō, n. লিখিবাৰ টোবল; দেবালবিশিষ্ট জেন্ন; A desk with drawers for papers; a writing table:—বে গৃহেৰ বা কাৰ্যালয়ে এইকপ টেবিল ব্যবহুড হয়; A room or office where such a table is used:—কাৰ্যালয়; A department for transacting public business. pl.—bureaux, (būr'ō) bureaus (būr'ōz).

Bureaucracy, bur-o'-kras-1, n. ৰাজনিহাজিত কৰ্মচাৰী হাৰা ৰাজ্য-পাসন-প্ৰশালী; যে ৰাজ্য-পাসন-প্ৰশালী কৰু কৰ্মচাৰ আছে; A system of conducting government business by departments, each under a chief:— যে ৰাজ্যে ক্তক্ত্পলি কৰ্মচাৰী কৰা; Government under the influence of officials. a.=Bureaucratic. Bureaucrat, n. সৰকাৰী কাৰ্য্য স্পাদক; One who governs through a bureau.

Burgago, burg'aj, n. এক প্ৰকাষ কোভ क्यांच श्रानी; A system of tenure in boroughs, cities, and towns, by which the citizens hold their lands or tenements.

Burgamot, burga-mot, n. See bergamot.

Burgeon, bur'jun, n. See Bourgeon.

Burgess, bur'jes, Burgher, burg'er, n. নহয়ের বোক; নাগরিক; পুরবাদী; পৌরজন; Any freeman of a town, citizen:—নাগরিক প্রতিনিধি; A representative of a borough in Parliament:—সহয় বিশেষের শাসনকর্তা; A magistrate of certain towns.

Burgh, berg, n. यहांत्रकात क्षिकिति शांत्रीहरू क्षिकाद क्षांच नश्च; A borough; burg.

Royal Burgh, বাৰপ্ৰদত অধিকাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত নগৰ; A town holding a charter from the crown.

Burglar, burg'lar, [Fr bourg, town, O. Fr. bres. L. latro, a robber.] किएम (निव: One who breaks into a house to steal; a house-breaker. a.= Burglanous—() व अनुवास नवकीय; Pertaining to a theft by house-breaking.

Burglary, burg'lar-1, n. অপহরণাথে কেনীতে প্র-গৃহে এবেশ; স্থাবৃত্তি; Breaking into a house by night to steal. a. - burglatious, adv. = burglationsly.

Burgo master, burg'o-mailar, n. नश्रव्य अशंभ भागनकी; अशंभ नांगविक विशेषणि ; A chief magictiate of a municipal town in Holland, Flanders and Germany. [fine French wine. Burgundy, ber'gundi, n. क्वामी मन। विश्वन ; A

Burgundy, bergundi, n. कराना मन। विश्व : A Burgundian blow—मधक (६१व : शिव(-६१व : Decapitation.

Burial, ber'i-al, n. [A. S. birgels, a tomb, see bury.] সমাধি-কাৰ্য্য; গোৰ দেওৰ; সমাধি; The act of placing a dead body in the grave; interment. Burial of an ass—No burial at all.

Burial service—नश्यां ; The religious service performed at the interment of the dead,

Burial place—(नांबहाब ; क्यब्हाब ; Graveyard, churchyard ; cemetery.

Buried in oblivion—সম্প্ৰদেশ বিশ্বত : Entirely forgotten. [ An engraver's tool. Burin, চটা'in, ক. ধোদিবাৰ বন্ধ বিশেব : কোবন-বন্ধ :

Burinist, n. मान्ति पूजाकाती; Engraver.

Burke, burk, v. f. ৰাসকৰ কৰিবা হত্যা-তৃ; To murder by suffocation; to obtain a body for dissection:—চুপি চুপি বিৰাশ-তৃ; নিঃশব্দে স্বাপ্ত কৰা; To dispose of quietly or indirectly; to put an end quietly.

Burl, berl, w.t. ব্যাদি সম্ভিত কৰা; To dress cloth. Burlesque, bur-lesk, [Fr. It. burlesco, prop from Low L. burra, a flock of wool, a trifle.] প্ৰকান : হাড়জনক প্ৰকা; A ludicrous representation; satire:—a. হাড়োজীপক; হাড়কৰ; Comical; jocular:—p.t. বাজ-কু; পৰিহান কৰা; To turn into ridicule. [farce; a comic opera. Burletta, bur-letta, n. বালা; প্ৰকান; A musical Burly, bur'li, a. সুনকান; (মাটা; Bulky:—বলিট প্ৰব্যাদ্যিল; Stout and jolly:—গোলমান্তিল; Boisterous. a.—burliness.

Hurly burly, n. (बीनमान ; Confusion ; uproar. Burn, burn, v.t. [ A.S. byrnan ; Ger. brennen, to burn ; akin to L. ferveo, to glow. ] 中等 ; To consume or injure by fire :--- श्रम्भ निष-कृ ; To inflame :--- আগ্র বাবা কটন-কু; To harden by fire ; to bake :--- বৰ্ম-কু; To scorch :-- উত্তৱ-কু; To affect with excessive heat :—ভুছ বা উত্তপ্ত কু; To heat or dry :- v. i. नक रखता ; अवनिष्ठ-र ; To be on fire ; to blaze :—কোধে প্রস্থানিত হওয়া ; উত্তেজিত-To be inflamed with passion; to rage with wiolence or passion :—অভিবিক্ত ভাপ অসুভব-কু, To feel excess of heat in the body :-- n. খালা; ৰাংজনিত কড়; A hurt or injury caused by fire Da. D.=burned or burnt. Raze by fire. Burn down, ০. পোড়াইয়া ভন্মগং-কু; ভন্মীভূত-কু; Burn off-नद कविया (कना ; Consume what is on the surface.

Burn out, v. t. পুড়িয়া শেষ হওয়া; নিৰ্মাণ হওয়া; To be extinguished. [ly burnt Burn through—সম্পূৰ্কণে দক্ষ-ছ; Get thorough-Burn up—গুক্-ছ; উড়াইয়া-দে; To dry up or dissipate:—দক্ষ-ছ; ভন্নীভূড কয়া, To consume entirely by fire; to consume.

Burn day-night—कक्षवात्र मा इष्टेरण व्हेरण वार्कि चाना : नियान बील चाना : To light candles before dark :—जयत्र महे-कृ ; To waste time.

Burn one's finger—অন্তের কার্য্যে হতকেপ করিবা ৰা কল্লিভ ব্যবসায়ে প্রস্তু হইয়া ক্ষতিপ্রস্তু হওয়া; কোন কাকে হাজ দিয়া হালামে পড়া; To suffer from interfering in other's affairs, from embarking in speculations, &c.; to get into unexpected trouble. Burn the candle at both ends—অভাত অপচয়-কু; To squander in two ways; to be doubly extravagant.

Burn or hang in effigy—কোন ব্যক্তিকে অপনান কৰিবাৰ অন্ত ভাহাৰ প্ৰতিমূৰ্ত্তি কৰিবা পোড়ান ; To burn or hang an image or picture of the person, whom it is wished to disgrace.

Burner, bur'-ner, n. शहक ; One who burns or acts on fire :--नाश्वधानी ; शीरशव या काल क्षरण

First Street; An appendage to a lamp or gasfixture to promote combustion; the part of a lamp or gas-jet from which the flame arises.

Burnt out of house and home—ৰাইনাৰয় তেতু বৃহ হ'লে বিভাড়িভ; To be driven out of house &c. by the burning of it.

Burning, n. ভনীকৰণ; কহন, আলা; The act of reducing to ashes:—বিপুর ঘেৰতা; The vehemence of passion:—a. অত্যন্ত আৰম্ভত; Most important:—উত্তপ্ত; Scorching; hot.

Burning-glass, n. দাহক-কাচ; আড্সী-কাচ; A glass so formed as to concentrate the sun's rays. Burning-ground, n. স্থান; মড়া পোড়াইবার ঘাট; A place where dead bodies are burnt.

Burnt-offering, burnt-offering, n. (TH; Something offered to a deity and burnt on an alter.

The burnt child dreads the fire—খব-পৌড়া গক্ত সিন্দুৰে মেগ দেখিলে ভয়ে মৰে; ন্যাড়া বেল জনায় কৰায় খায়; He who has once suffered from an evil, is always on his guard against it.

Burnish, ber'nish, v. t. [O F. burner, brunser, to embrown, polish, fr brun See Brown ] পৰিভাৰ-কু; চকচক-কু; To polish by rubbing —v. t.
ভিন্ত-কু; To grow or become bright. Syn.=furnish, brighten, glaze- pa p=burnished

Burnisher, ber'nish-er, n. ठक्ठक् कविवाद वज्ञ; An instrument employed in burnishing:— अमुर्किक; The person who burnishes.

Burnt, p. a. কয়: পোড়া; Consumed or injured by fire. A burnt child—পোড়া তেবে। [pear Burrel, bu'rel, n. একছাতীয় পেয়ারা; A kind of Burr, bui, same as Bur.

Burrow, bur'o, n. [A doublet of borough-A. S beorgan, to protect.] গর্ভ; A hole in the ground made by certain animals for shelter; an underground hole where small animals live:—v. i. গর্ভ-কৃ; To make hules underground as rabbits; to excavate a hole:—গর্ভে বাস-কৃ; গুরুহানে বাস ক্বা; To dwell in a hole; to live in a concealed place.

Bursar, bursar, n. [ Low L. bursarius—bursa, a purse, Gr byrse, skin or leather ] পাছালী; কোবাধ্যক; ধনাধক, One who keeps the purse; a treasurer — বৃত্তিভাকী ছাত্ৰ; A student to whom a stipend is paid.

Bursary, bursar-i, n. ধনাগার; The treasury of a college &c:—ছটন ভার বৃত্তিভোগী ছামেন বৃত্তি; In Scotland the allowance paid to a bursar.

Burst, berst, v. t. [A. S. berstan; Ger. bersten, Gael. brisd, to brik] খণ খণ্ড কৰিয়া ভয় কৰা; To break into pieces;—বলপূৰ্থক ভয়-ড়; To break or rend by force:—(জাবে খাটিয়া-খা; To break open by violence:—v. i. কাটিয়া-খা; To open spontaneously, as an abscess:—হঠাৎ আক্সণ-ড়; To come upon unexpectedly:—বিজ্ঞান্ত:
To break forth, or away, with violence:—ভয় হুজা; To rend, as my heart breaks:—n. জকখাৰ ভঙ্গ; To rend, as my heart breaks:—n. জকখাৰ ভঙ্গ; A breaking forth; disruption; sudden explosion:—খাকখিক নিৰ্পান বা উপছিতি; A sudden outbreak. pa. t. and pa. p.—burst. Syn.—Shiver; shatter; displode, fly asunder, explode.

Burst asunder चरा-इ; Break to pieces.
Burst into—(बाद कदिश देशेद आरम करा; Enter suddenly and forcibly into:—(बादम करा द गिनिश सांविष्ट मा गाविश) अवाम करा; Break forth into.
Burst on—देशेद आरम करा श (दिश्व गण्); Appear suddenly in or before:—(बारगायम करा) देशेद विष्टांच इक्श; Dawn suddenly upon, like light.

[denly.

Burst out-- नर्म है रिकाद-कृ; Break forth sud-To burst forth- अकान-कृ; क्षाहियां निर्मेष रख्या; To break out.

To burst into tears—(বাৰম-মৃ: To weep.
To burst open—ভালিমা কেলা; To break open.
To burst upon—আক্রম্- মৃ: To attack.
To burst with laughter—উচ্চ হাজ-মৃ!
A burst of passion—হাং লোগোলিলন।
A burst of thunder—হাং বল্লে কতক ক্ষি।
Burthen, burthen, n. and v f. same as burden.
The burthen of proof—প্ৰন্থেৰ ভাষ; The

onus of proving a point in dispute.

Bury, bēr'i, v. t. [A. S. byrgan, to bury;
Ger. bergen, to hide. ] সমাধি-দে; গোৰ-দে; সমাছিড-কৃ: To place in the grave, as a dead body, to deposit a dead body in the grave; to entomb.—মাটি দিয়া আছোদন-কৃ: ভ্ৰান্ড স্বাইঘা বাখা,
To cover with earth; as seeds sown; to hide in oblivion; to forget and forgive:—শ্বিত হুইতে নিগ্ৰ ক্ৰা; To hide or blot out of remembrance pa. p=buried. pa. p.=burying. Syn=Entomb, inter, inhume; overwhelm; hide, shroud; secrete. [cease war.

shroud; secrete. [cease war. Bury the hatchet—वृद्ध स्टेटल विवण-ह; To Burying-ground, n. अवाधिदान; A graveyard. Bus, bus, n. बान विद्यान ; An Omnibus.

Busby, busbs, n. পিনন্তাৰ বিশেষ; A military cap Bush, boosh, n. [M. E. busk, busch; from a Teut. root found in Ger. busch, Low L. boscus. Fr. bois.] গুলা; বোণ; A shrub thick with branches; a cluster of shrubs:—বৰ; গুলাকাৰ পাৰ্য (Anything of busby tuft like shape:—আকৰিত বন্তুবি; Any wild uncultivated country, esp. at the cape or in Australia:—v.i. খন-হ; To grow thick or busby:—v.t. To set bushes for, as for pease. [cover to rouse game Bush-bester, n. One who beats amongst the Bush-fighting, n. আৰ্ণান্য দেশ অনিয়মিত যুদ্ধ; Irregular warfare in woody country.

Bush-man, n. অসুৰে বোক, অনত্য বোক; অনত্য আডি; A race of ferocious savages at the Cape of Good Hope; a settler in the backwoods of Australia.

Bush-ranger, n. van; A robber, especially an escaped criminal, roaming about the woods and outlying parts of a new country; Australian or New South Wales Highman.

One beats the bush, but another has the hare—একখন কৰ্ম কৰে, কিন্তু ভাষাৰ ফল আছে ভোগ কৰে; One does the work but another reaps the fruit.

Good wine needs no bush—जान जना अकाम कविनात क्रम आह्वरवन श्रांत्रक नार्चे ; टाना नामूत्यन গৈতাৰ গৰতাৰ বাই : A good article will make itself known without being puffed.

To beat about the bush— आवन आवन आवना आवा का किया आटल लाटन आवा ह क्यां ; ब्यादेश (क्यादेश वना ; क्केन क्यां (क्यादेश क्यां ; क्केन क्यां (क्यादेश क्यां ; क्केन क्यां (क्यादेश क्यां ; Beat the bush in all directions to asertain if game is lurking under it; convery one's meaning in a roundabout way.

Bushel, booshel, अ. शांव /३३० (तव पविषाप ; A dry measure containing 8 gallons.

Bushy, booshi, a. ভষ্মৰ; ভ্যাৰ্ড; Full of bushes: —নিবিড়; ঘন ও বিভ্ড; Thick like a bush; thick and spreading. n=bushiness.

Busfly, bifi-li, ad. बावका वा करणद नरकाहब ; In a busy manner.

Business, bizines, n. ব্যবস্থ ; বৃত্তি ; Occupation, trade ; profession :—গ্রেক্স ; সংক্রব ; Concern ; —কার্ব্য ; বিষয় ; Any affair ; a matter ; transaction :—কর্ম্বর্য কার্ব্য ; Duty.

Business-like, c. ৰেমণ কাৰ্য্য কৰা উচিভ ; কাজেৰ ; কৰ্ম ; Thorough ; as it ought to be done.

Business walks—কাৰ্ব্যের সীমা; কার্ব্য-ক্ষেত্র;
The sphere of business.

To make a thing one's business—কোৰ কিছুতে সবিশেষ নিযুক্ত থাকা।

To mean business—এতৃত (লাভকৰত) কাল হইছে বলিয়া বোধ হওয়ায়।

▲ man of business—वावनाही (लाक।

Busk, busk, v. t. or v. i. [it. buscare, to catch.]
অন্তত-কু বা হওয়া; বন্ধ পরিধান-কু; সন্দিত করা বা
হওয়া; To prepare; to dress.

Busk, n. ছীলোকগণেৰ পৰিজ্ঞুদেৰ অন্তৰ্ভতি লৌহ ৰা কাঠ থক; A piece of steel, bone, or wood, worn by females in their stays.

Buskin, buskin, ন. পাছতা বিশেব; A kind of half-boot with high heals worn by ancient actors in tragedy:—বিদোধার বাটক; Tragedy.

Buskined, a. বিষোগাৰ নাটকস্চক; বিষোগাৰক; Dressed in buskins; noting tragedy, tragic. Buss, bus, n. মংক্ত বৰিবাৰ বৌকা; A two-masted

boat for fishing:—चनिहे हुवन; A rude or playful kiss:—v. i. हुवन-इ; To kiss in a rude or playful manner.

Bust, burst v. i. [Fr. buste, Low L. bustum.]
আৰ্ট বতক; পৰীবেৰ অৰ্কভান; The human body
from the head to the waist:—পূৰ্বাৰ্ছ মৃদ্ধি; মাৰৰবেবেৰ পূৰ্বাৰ্ছভাবেৰ বাতিকৃতি; A piece of sculpture, representing the upper part of the body.
Bustard, bus'tard, n. বৃহদাকাৰ পদীবিশেষ; A

Bustard, bustard, क. व्रशाकांच अक्षांतर्भंच ; A

Bustle, busl, v. i. [M. E. buskle, prob from A. S. bysig, busy.] ফুডবেগে-বা; To stir quickly; ভংগৰ হত্যা; বাৰ হত্যা; To busy one's self; to be active; to be very active in one's motion:—
n. ব্যবতা; পাৰ্যভা; গোল্যাল; হড়াইড়ি; Hurry; hurried activity; stir; tumult; agitation.

Busy, bifi, a. बाब; कार्या बार्ग्ड; Constantly active; fully employed:—अवस्थित कक्षीवारी; श्वक्कीकावक; Officious; meddling:—शिक्षयी; Diligent:—o. f. बाब कवा; बिद्दूक किया वार्थ; To make busy; to occupy. pr. p.=busying (bifing) pa. p.= busied (bifid). ed,=busily.

Busy about nothing—বুখা কাৰে বাৰ!
Busy-body, bizi-bod-i, n. ৰে অকাৰণ কোৰ কাৰো
বৰকে কৰে; বে বাকি পাৰে গড়ে পৰেৰ কাৰো বাত
বৰ; A medding person; one busy about
other's affairs.

[mind.
Busy-minded, a. (তেজবী; Having an active
But, but, conj. [A.S. but, binantan, without
be, by, and utan, out.—near and yet outside.]
বিশি বা; কিছ; Denoting contrast or opposition;

But, but, conj. [A. S. but, binantan, without be, by, and utan, out.—near and yet outside.] विशे | किंद्र ; Denoting contrast or opposition; unless:—ad. (कवन; Only:—prep. किंत्र; वाणिक; निवा; Except:—rel. pro. (व वरह; वाणीक; That not.

But for—विन न व्हेंच जांचा व्हेरन ; Were it not. All but—आंच ; About.

Butcher, boocher, n. [Fr. boucher, orig. one who kills he-goats—bouc, a he-goat; allied to E buck] মানে-বিকেডা; কনাই; One whose business is to slaughter animals for food; one who sells meat:—নিইব ব্যক্তি; ছড়াকাবোঁ সানন্দ ব্যক্তি; ম্ভানাবোঁ সানন্দ ব্যক্তি; ম্ভানাবোঁ সানন্দ ব্যক্তি; ম্ভানাবোঁ সানন্দ ব্যক্তি; মানেন্দ ব্যক্তিন কৰা bloody deeds:—v. t. মানেন্দ জন্ত পত্ৰতা-কৃ; To slaughter animals for food or for market:—ম্বান্দ্ৰ পূৰ্ণকৈ হড়া-কৃ; To murder with uncommon cruelty; to kill cruelly.

Butcher-bird, n. পকী বিশেষ; A bird of several species, destructive of smaller creatures. Butcher-meat, boochar-met, n. কণাই কৰ্তৃক নিছত পত্তৰ যাংস; The flesh of animals slaughtered by butcher.

Butchery, boocher-i, n. হড়া; বৰ; Great slaughter; massacre:—কলাই থানা; A slaughter-house:—বে বাছাবে মাংল বিক্রম হয়; Meat-market. Butler, butler, n. [F. butwiller, a butler; fr. butwille, bottle.] ভোজনপাত্র ও মদ্যাদি ভবাবধানার্থ বিবাজিত ভ্তা; A servant who has charge of the liquors, plates, &c.

Butt, But, but, n. [O. Fr. boter, to push, strike, from O. Ger. bosen. to strike.] সুন্ধান্ত, দীমা; The thick and heavy end; a limit:—লকা; A mark to be shot at; target:—উলহানাল্য, An object of ridicule:—মন্ত হারা তাড়না; ভঁডা; A push with the head:—পাত; A cask:—কজাবিশেন: A particular kind of hinge for doors:
—হ. t. জ্যাভান যুক্ত হ; To join at the butt-end or outward extremity; to abut:—হ. i. চু মারা; ভঁডা মারা; To strike with the head, as a goat.

Butt, but, n. 35 [991]; A large cask; a wine butt=126 gallons, a beer and sherry butt=108 gallons.

Butt-end, but-end, n. (भागि कि ; कुँएमा ; वेषि ; The thick or striking end ; as, of a plank in a ship; the stump.

To come full butt against—হাং আক্ৰম-হ; To come upon suddenly, so as to make a sounding blow.

To make a butt of a person—হাসাল্যন্ত; To make him a mark for the jest of the company.

Butt and Butt—অঞ্জাগ হাবা ঘোগ; Joining end to end without overlapping.

Butter, butter, n. [A.S. butter, Ger. butter, both from L. butyrum, Gr. boutyron—bous, ex, tyros, cheese.] 444; 414; An oily sub-

stance obtained from cream by thurning : —v. f. ন্বনী দাবা শেপৰ-ফু; দাধন গেপৰ কলা; To spread over with butter.

Butter one's bread—বিদ কেবা; কাজ ভছাইয়া ব্ৰহা; Feather one's nest; secure a decent living.

Clarified butter-yet

To butter one's bread on both sides— জভাত সূৰে বছৰে জীবনৰাতা নিৰ্কাহ কৰা; To live most comfortably.

Butter-cup, buter-kup, n. শীত্ৰৰ্ণ কুলোৎপালী এক প্ৰকাষ কড়া; A plant of the crowfoot genus, with a cup-like flower of a golden yellow, like butter:—পুলা বিশেষ; A kind of flower.

Buttorfly, buter-fli, n. auf 1968; A beautiful winged insect.

Butter-fingered, buter-fingerd, a. Apt to drop things, as if from greasy fingers.

Butter-man, buter-man, n. मानन-विक्रका; योधन खाला; One who sells butter; a vender of butter. Butter-milk, buter-milk, n. याधन (जाला इस; जङ; (पाल; Milk remaining after the butter is seperated from it.

Butter-print, buter-print, n. ৰাৰ্যের পিটক জাইত করিবাৰ ৰাজ খোদিত কাঠখত; A piece of carved wood used to mark cakes of butter.

Butter-wife, Butter-woman, n. নাৰৰ বিকাৰ-কাৰিবা ; A woman, who sells butter.

Butterine, buter-en, n. মাধ্যের পরিবর্দ্ধে বিক্রীত এক প্রকার নিশ্ব হেছ পদার্থ; An artificial fatty compound sold as a substitute for butter.

Buttery, buter-i, n. [Fr. bouteilleric, lit. place of bottles, See. bottle, butler.] ছগ্ধ নৰনীত জজাবন্ত বাধিবাৰ স্থান; A place for keeping butter, milk, provisions &c:—ঘদা বাধিবাৰ মন; A cellar in which wine is kept.

Buttock, butok, n. [Dim. of butt, end.]. বিভয়; কটনেশ; পাছা; The rump or protuberant part of the body behind.

Button, butn, n. f Fr. bouton, any small projection, from bouter, to push; cf. W. botwn, a button. ] বোডাম; A knob of metal, bone, &c., used to fasten the diess:—v. t. বোডাম বাবা বন্ধ-কৃ; বোডাম দিয়া সংলগ্ন কবা; To fasten by means of buttons:—v. i. বোডাম বাবা বন্ধ হ; To be fastened by buttons.

Button-hole, bu'n-hūl, n. বেভাবেৰ ঘৰ; বেভাষ প্রাইবাৰ ঘৰ; The hole in which the button is caught:—v. t. বিবছ-ফু; Bore; detain in conversation to weariness.

Not to care a button for— কিছুমাত্ৰ প্ৰাফ্ৰ লা-ড়;
কিছুমাত্ৰ ভীত বা স্কুচিত লা হওয়া: Not to feel the slightest concern or regard. [বিৰক্ষ কৰা!
To hold by the button—ক্ৰাৰাজীয় আটক কৰিয়া
Buttress, butres, n. [Prob. from O. Fr. bre-tesche, a battlement.] স্মোগের ঠেম; আবম; পোডা; A projecting support built on to the outside of a wall; a piece of strong wall that stands on the outside of another wall to support it:—অবলম্ব; আপ্রায়; Any support; prop:—
v. t. ঠম-দে; To prop; to support by a buttress.
Buxom, bussum, a. [A. S. bugan, to bow, yield,

and affix some.] वमनीत ; Viciding :-- शिंड-ছাপক ; Elastic :-- প্রকৃত্র ; সধাবক ; Gay ; lively. Syn.=blithe, gay; comely, hearty, merry. n= Ruxomness.

Buy, bi, o. t. [ A. S. byegan ; Goth. bugjan. ] का-इ: (क्स); To purchase; to procure at a price. p. a. p .= bought ( bawt. ), pr. p .= buying. Buy off-डेशकां निया वनीवृत्त-कृ ; किडू निया इवनित क्दा ; Cause one to cease from apposition by giving him some money or other benefit; detach by giving some bribe; to influence to commiance; to detach by a consideration giving. Buy out - भद कर- ह ; Purchase the interest of. Buy over-Estate-(7; Bribe. [by purchase. Buy up-क् कविया नक्या; Exhaust the supply of Buy on credit—बादब दक्ता ; बादव उन्ह - Purchase, on a promise to pay at a future day. To buy one's victory dear—ভূকতৰ স্থতি খীকাৰ কৰিয়া জনসভি কৰা; To suffer a heavy loss in gaining a victory.

To buy a rofusal of-वादमा कविदा वाथा । Buy spig in poke-ना (मधिया धविम-क ; To buy a thing without seeing it. [ buys Buyer, bi'er, n. (43); A purchaser; one who Buzz, buz, v. i. छन् छन्-क ; धन् छन् चल-क ; To make a humming noise like bees :-v. t. ofth कार्त कथा बना : त्रायरम क्रांव कवा ; To whisper ; to spread by whispering reports :- n. यक्तिकाद क्षम क्षम भाग ; Noise of bees :--कारन कारन क्या ; A

whisper. Buzzard, butard; n. [ Fr. bustard, I. buteo, a kind of falcon. ] এক প্ৰকাৰ শিকাৰী পক্ষীৰিশেষ ; A bird of prey of the falcon family :- y €; A blockhead :- a. The ; Senscless ; stupid.

By, bi, pre. [ A. S. bi, big ; Gr. bei ; L. ambi, Gr. amppi, Sans. abhi. ] निकार ; भारत ; Near to; cluse; at the side of :—এক দিক হইতে পঞ্চ फिट : From one to the other side :- श्वी i With, as instrument, means, cause, way &c :-ক্রমান্তরে; পরে পরে; Distributive successive; as, day by day :-- भर्गान , Not later than ; as I shall reach London by the 2nd of March : - অমুসার্থে ; According to ; as, they do every thing by rule . —উপৰ ; On ; as, to pass by land :—শপৰে ; In adjuration; as, to swear by Heaven: — মধ্যে; Through: -- डेश्टब ; Through means of ; with the aid of :-ad. निकार : Near :- अणूर्य ; अपाक : In presence :-- शृद्ध ; Away :-- बन् श्विद्ध ; Aside. By accident-tate; Unexpectedly.

By all means—fattle; Certainly.

By and by-अहिरव ; नीव ; अनिक्वितरव ; उत्प ; Presently; soon; shortly; pretty soon; before long; in time; As:-The plague came by and by into a town.

By any means—(कान अकारत : In any way. By oneself—बकाकी ; आशना आशनि ; विना अस्त्रव শাখানে ; Alone ; unassisted :-- As, he did it all by himself.

By the bye-अनवकाम ; क्वांच क्वांच ; छान क्वां नरन भरकर ; In passing ; by way of digression ; As:—I must own, by the bye, I had strong doubts about the authenticity of the painting.

By 10 o'clock-- मण्डीव नमश्च वा खाहाद पूर्व । A room 15 feet by 8—> व कुछ भीर्द अवर ৮ कुछ श्रद्ध बक्षे प्रद।

By birth--कांडिएड वा करवा।

By-corner, n. ७६४। न ; A private place.

By dogrees-जगनः : Gradually.

By-end, bi-end, n. शश्च अकिमकि; शश्च अकिमा ; Secret purpose; private end. By far-weig; Very much.

By-gone, bi'-gon, a. অভীভ ; অভিক্রাস্থ ; Past ; irrecoverably past :—ম. পুরুষ্টনা : অজীত ঘটনা ; A past incident, past event.

By inches—क्या: ; Gradually.

By-lane-ৰছ গৰি : A private lane.

By-law, bi'law, शंभीय यावश ; छनविषि ; श्रानिक श व्यवास्त्र निषय ; व्यवास्त्र विधि ; Local law ; a law made by a town or society to regulate its affairs; the law of a city, town or private corporation; a supplementary law or regulation.

By main force—वन्यूक्क ; By strong exertion. By might and main-वन्यूक ; With the utmost exertion of strength.

By-name, bi-nam, n. উপৰাম; बाजार्यक नाम; Nickname; sobriquet.

By snatches—ভাড়াভাড়ি : Hastily.

By-past, bi-past, a. अजीक ; Gone by ; by-gone. By-path, bi-path, n. गिन्प ; উপপ্ ; A private path, obscure way; a side path.

By-place-निज्ञ श्रान ; Retired place.

By-play, n. अपूर्वाहक ; A scene carried on aside while the main action proceeds.

Ву ригрове, п. (गांभनीय व्यक्तिश्राय: व्यक्तिमध्य: Clandestine design.

By profession—कारवीय पांची ; By occupation ; as, he is a lawyer by profession.

By rote-चार्राख बादा ; अक्षामश्यक ; By mere repetition; without the exercise of the understanding.

By-road, bī-rod, n. निक्ड भव ; A retired side By stealth—(গ।প্রে: Secretly.

By-stander, bi-stander, n. উপদর্শক ; मर्नक ; One who stands by or near one; (hence) a looker-on. By-view, bi-vu, স্থাপাধনের অভিপ্রায়; Private view; self interested purpose.

By-way, bi-wā, n. অস্থ্য নিভ্ত প্ৰ ; A private and obscure way.

By-word, bi'wurd, n. अन्धवीय ; अवीमवीय) ; A proverb; a common saying.

By word of mouth—प्रथव कथाव शावा ; Orally. Let by-gones be by-gones—গভন্ত শোচনা ৰাক্তি; অতীত কথা আৰু মূৰে কৰিও ৰা; Let the past be forgotten.

To become a by-word—উপহাসাপদ-হ; To be the butt of ridicule:--ভাৰজাসূচক কৰা কথ্যা; Become the object of contempt.

One by one—একে একে, এক একটা কৰিয়া।

To stand by-সমর্থন করা।

Byzant, biz'ant, Byzantine, biz'an-tīn, n. 🕄 🔻 बारका श्रामण सूर्व पूजा विरूप ; A gold coin of the Greek empire, struck at Byzantium or Constantinople, valued at £15 sterling.

C

ি—ইংৰাকী ভূতীৰ অকৰ; The third letter in the English alphabet:—> - ; As a numeral letter denotes a hundred.

Cab, kab, n. ছুই বা চাৰি চাকা বিশিষ্ট এক বোড়াৰ গাড়ি, বে গাড়িৰ ভিতৰ শ্ৰান্ধি বেফ পাতা থাকে, এবং বাচাৰ পশ্চাৎ বিকে দ্বজা; A covered carriage with two or four wheels usually drawn by one horse;— ইছ্দীদিপেৰ ওক্ষৰ কৰিবাৰ পৰিবাণ বিশেষ; A Hebrew dry measure of 25-6 pints.

Cab-fare, kab-far, n. Aligning; The amount paid for the hire of a cabriolet.

Cab-man, kab-man, क. पांचवारी : शांद्वाचान : The driver of a cab.

Cab-stand, kab-stand, n. ভাড়াটে গাড়ি থাকিবাৰ স্থান; A place appointed for cabs when waiting for hire.

Cabal, ka-bal, n. ৩৫ অভিসন্ধি নাধনাৰ্থ নিলিত কুল্ল আনিতি; A small party united for some secret design:—ব্যাবর্গ; A number of persons united secretly for some party purpose; a junto or council of intriguers:—গৃচ কুমুণা; বড়বল্ল: Intrigue; the plot itself:—v. i. গুচ বুমুণা—লু; বড়বল্ল কুমুণা বিলেক্ত কুমুণা—লু; বড়বল্ল কুমুণা কি the secret purpose; to plot; to intrigue; to conspire. pr. p.=caballing; pa. p.=caballed. Syn.=conspiracy, plot, faction, set, machination, combination.

Cabala, kaba-la, n. [Chal. kabbel; to receive.]
ইফুলী পুৰোহিডের প্ত ধৰ্মপান্ধ; The secret science
among Jewish rabbins:—পূচ বিদ্যা; তথ্য বিজ্ঞান;
Any secret science. [ of the cabalists.
Cabalism, kabalism, n. প্তবিদ্যা; Secret science
Cabalist, n. ইফুলী আভিন ধৰ্মপান্ধবিদ; One versed

in Jewish traditions. a.=Cabalistic—ছর্জের; বিস্ফার্ক ; Mystic; having a secret meaning. Caballer, n. বুঢ় বয়ণাকাবী ; বড়বন্তকাবী ; A plotter

or intriguer. [tavern. Cabaret, kaba-ra, n. শৌভিকালয়; উড়িগানা; A Cabbage, kabāj, n. [Fr. cabus, headed (choun cabus, a cabbage); from L. caput, the head.] ফুপিলাফ; A well-known kitchen; an edible plant:—v. t. অপহৰ্শ-ফু: Purloin:—v. i. To form a head in growing. Syn. = Steal, filch, bezzle, pilfer, abstract, crib.

Cabbage-rose, kabāj-rōz, n. এক আঠা বঢ় ধোনাপ পুল; A species of large rose; a large rose having many close petals.

Cabbage-tree, n. ভাল আভীৰ বৃক্ত বিশেষ; A species of palm tree; a palm bearing an edible cabbage-like fruit.

Cabin, kabin, n. [ W. cab, caban, a rude little hut. ] कृति ; A cottage; a hut:—काशास्त्र कृति ; A small apartment in a ship:—कृत कृति ; A small room:—v. t. काशरूवन करू पर्या जायक किया वाया; To shut up in a cabin; to confine in a cabin; —v. t. काशरूवन करूपरण वावा; To live in cabin, lodge. Syn=Cot, hovel, cottage, shed; crib, berth, bunk.

Cabin-boy, kabin-boy, ৪. আহাজের আহোটী বা কর্ম্যারী দিপের বানত-কৃত্য; বে বানক আহাজের কর্ম-চারিবংশর অনুবর্তন করে; A boy who waits on the passengers and officers of a ship.

Cabinet, kabin-et, n. কুল কছ বা কুটাই; A small room; a closet:—গুড়শা-গৃহ; A private room for consultation:—দেৱাল; A set of drawers for articles of value. [ret council of sovereign. The Cabinet—সচিব দৰ্শিভ; ঘত্তি-সভা; The sec-Cabinet-council, kabin-et-kownsil, n. প্রবাধ মন্তি সমাল; বাজের সচিব-সভাগানের তথ্য নত্ত্বশা-সভা; A confidential council of a sovereign; a council of state or of cabinet ministers.

Cabinet-maker, kabin-et-maker, ল. কাঠবা-নিৰ্মাতা; কাঠবচিত গ্ৰহ্মতা নিৰ্মাতা; One who makes the most valuable articles of wood; a maker of cabinets and other wooden furniture.

Cabinet-measure, kabin-et-mesh-er, n. A measure to which a ministry is pledged.

Cabinet-ministers, kabin-et-minis-ters, এগাৰ্ ম্য়িস্মিতি; The chief ministers of state in whom the administrative government is vested.

Cabinet-pictures, kabin-et piktur, n. wasta; Small pictures for a very small room.

Cable, kábl, n. [Fr.—Low L. captum, a halter—capio, to hold.] পোত বছনী কাছি বা পুথাপ; কাছি; পড়ি; A strong rope or chain, to retain a ship at anchor; a large rope:—v. t. পোত বজা বছন-কু; To fasten with a cable.

Cable's length, kábl-length, n. ০০০ কিট লখা ভাষাজ্যে কাছি: A nautical measure of 100 fathoms, (কাহাৰত বতে) ভাষাজ্যের ৭২০ কিট বজ্জা লখাই পরিমাণ; The length of a ship's cable, usully 120 fathoms or 720 feet.

To pay out the cable—কৃষে কাছি ছাড়া। To slip the cable—সমত কাছি ছাড়িয়া দেওৱা; কাছি কেলিয়া দেওয়া। f of a cab. Cabman, kabman, n. शाक्ति- চानक ; The driver Caboose, ka-boos, n. [ Dut. kombuis, a cook's room. ] काराटकर वक्षणांत्रा ; A cook-house on the deck; the kitchen or cooking-stove of a ship. Cabriolet, kab-ri-ō-lá, n. [Fr. cabriole, formerly capriole, the leap of a kid; the springing motion being implied in the name of carriage-L. capra, a she-goat.] बकायवान विरागव ; A covered carriage with two or four wheels drawn by one horse; a light one-horse chaise often shortened to cab. Cacao, ka-káo, n. वृक्षित्यम ; The chocolate-

tree of South America and the West Indies.
Cachectic, Cachectical, a. 叫我; 情報;
Having an ill habit of body; pertaining to a vitiated or deranged state of the body.
Cachexy, ka-keksi, [Gr. kakos, bad, and ssis, state.] 常明; Bad habit of the body.

Cachinnation, kak-in-ashun, n. [L. cachinno, to laugh loudly.] SERTS; SERTS; Loud laughter:—a=Cachinnatory—serTSY; Consisting of or producing cachinnation.

Cacique, ». क्षा वार्षा ; नकाव ; A chief among some American Indians. Cack, kak, v. इ. वजकाल-इ ; To go to stool. Cackle, kaki, n. [E. cog. with Duch. kahelen,
—from the sound.] মুক্টা বা হানীৰ ভাক; হানাবিৰ
বব: হানাবাদ; গাঁকে গাঁকে কৰা; Noise of a hen or
goose:—ব্যা গল্প: বুবা বাক্য; Idle talk; silly
prattle:—v.i. কুক্টেৰ ভাৰ খৰ-ফু; To make a
noise like a hen:—ব্যা গল-ফু; To make a
silly noise; to prattle. Syn.—Giggle, smicker,
titter; babble, chatter, prattle. [spelling.
Cacography, kako-gra-fi, n. ব্যাহারি; Bad
Cacology, n. ব্যাহারাহিছি; Defective speaking; bad grammar or enunciation.

Cacophony, ka-kof'ö-ni, n. [Gr. hakos, bad, phone, sound.] কৰিবট্ডা: কৰিবট্ডা বাং প্ৰেৰ আনুবা; Disagreeable sound of words; a bad, disagreeable sound; discord of sounds. a= Cacophonous (kakof'onus), cacophonic (kakofonik).

[fig tree. Cactus, kaktus, n. বৃক্ক বিশেষ; The American

Cactus, kaktus. n. বৃক্ বিশেষ; The American Cad, kad, n. বাৰক-ভূড়া; An errand-boy:—ৰীচ-পোক; ইভার বাজি; A low-bread, a low-fellow, obstrusive fellow.—a=Caddish—ৰীচ; Vulgar, pretentious.

Cadastro, ka-daster, n. দেশবাদী প্রধান কবিণ; The head survey of the lands of a country; an orduance survey. a=Cadastral.

Cadaverous, ka-daver-us, a. [ L. cadaver, a dead body—cado, to fall dead. ] মৃতবং সুস্থাৰ; বিষ্ট ; কয় ৬ চুল ; Having the appearance of a corpse; looking like a dead body; pale; wan; ghastly sickly-looking. Syn:—Pale, wan, ghastly, bloodless, pallid, death-like.

Caddy, kadi, n চা বাধিবাৰ আধান্ত; A small box for tea holding. [cask; a barrel. Cade, kād, n. [L Cadus, a cask.] পিপা; A Cadence, kā'dens, n. [Fr. L cado, to fall.] ব্যেষ পতন বা বিষাম; মুঘের বিশক্তন; A fall of the voice at the end of a sentence:—স্বর; Tone, sound:—সূব; Rhythmical modulation:—ফ. t. সুর ক্রিক ক্রা; To regulate by musical measure. Cader, Cadro, kádēr, n ক্রচারীর ভালিকা; A list of officers and men.

Cadet, ka-der, n. [Fr. cadet, formerly capdet
—Low L. capitettum, dim. of caput, the head. ]
কৰিন পুন, The younger or youngest son:—বুদ্ধানিকাৰী; বুদ্ধানিকাৰী; A student in a military school :—বুদ্ধানিকাৰী ; In the army, one who serves as a private in order to become an officer; a youth appointed to an army, but not holding a commission. n = Cadetship, Commission in the East Indian Company's service.
Cadge, kai, v. f. ৰীচড়াৰে বান-ক: To live on

Cadge, kaj, v. t. बीच्छादव वान-कृ; To live on another meanly.

Cadger, kajer, n. কুল পণ্যবিকেণা; A huckster. Cadi, ka'di, n. [Ar. kadhi, a judge.] তুম্বদেশের বিচাৰপণ্ডি; A Turkish magistrate or judge; a judge in Mohammedan countries.

Dadmia, kad-mi-á, म. An oxide of zinc. Dadmium, kadmi-um, म. हिटमच कांच वाकू विरमच ; A blue-white metal, related to zinc.

Daducous, ka-dūkus, a. [ L. caducus—cado, to fall ] প্ৰবীণ ; Falling early, as leaves or flowers; having the tendency to fall.

Caesar, sézar, ল. বৰাট; বাবনা; An emperor,—
especially of Germany, as being the successor of
Augustus Caesar and the Roman emperors. a.=
Caesarean—বাবনা সম্বাদ্ধ Partaining to Caesar.
Caesariam, sézarizm, ল. সমাটের অফুড; Personal rule, by armed force; imperialism.

Cesura Cesura, se-zū'ra, n. [L. caedo, caesum, to cut off.] বভি: পদেৰ অধিন আনে লোপ; A pause in a verse; a syllable cut off at the end of a word after the completion of a foot. a.— Caesu'ral.

Cafe, kai'a, n. কাকি ঘৰ; A coffee-house. Caffeine, kai'e-in, n চা ভ কাকিব কাৰ্য্যকাৰিভা শকি; The active principle of coffee and tea. Cag, kag, n. ভূম পিশা; A small cask or barrel.

Cage, kāj, n. [Fr. L. cavea, a hollow place.]
পিয়ৰ; বাঁচা; An enclosure for birds or animals;
a box made of wire or wood for holding birds or
small animals:— তাবাগাৰ; A prison for petty
criminals; a place of confinement:—v. t. কছ

ş; পিয়ৰ বছ-ড়; To shut up in a cage:—কবেষ
ভবা; To imprison. Syn=Immure, incarcerate,
confine, shut up.

Cairn, karn, n. अस्वयानि ; A heap of stone.

Caisson, kās'son, n. বুছজব্য-বান ; Ammunition waggon :—বোলা বাকদ পূৰ্ণ দিলুক ; A wooden box filled with military stores.

Caitiff, ka'tif, n. [L. captivus, a captive—capio, to take.] বাট বাজি; ছোটবোজ; A mean
despicable fellow; knave:—a. নীচ; ছবিভ;
ভাষা; Mean, base. Syn=Rogue, rascal, scoundrel, knave, villain, miscreant.

Cajeput, kaje-put, n. তৈল বিশেষ; An essential oil from the leaves of the cajeput tree.

Cajole, ka-jol, v.t. [Fr. cajoler, O. Fr. cageoler, to chatter like a bird in a cage.] क्मलाव: क्लाव: अवस्था-कः; विष्टे क्याव अल्डावनि-कः; To cheat by flattery; to deceive; to coax; to wheedle. Syn.=Coax, wheedle, flatter, decoy, entice.

Cajoler, kajölér, n. (जावारमामकावी ; A flatterer. Cajolery, kajölér-i, n. अवक्षा ; (जावारमाम ; Flattery ; wheedling ; deciet.

Cake, kāk, n. [ Sw. kaha, Ger. larchen, kochen, all borrowed from L. coquo, to cook. ] পিট্ড ; স্থাছ ফট; A piece of dough that is baked or cooked; a small loaf for fine bread; an article of food:—পিড; A mass of matter concreted:—v.t. পিডীক্ব-ফ; পিডাকাব-ফ; To form into a cake:—v.i. পিডীক্ব-ফ; পিডাকাব-ফ; To become baked or hardened.

Anague cake—গীৰা। Funeral cake—পিও।

Oil cake-- परेन ।

Calabash, kala-base, n. খলাবু; The gourd — খলাবু পাত্ৰ; A vessel made of the shell of a gourd.

Calamitous, kal-ami-tus, a. বিপয়; বিশ্বেভ; Miserable; involved in deep distress; disastrous:—বিপজ্জনক; হুংবদায়ক; কেলকৰ; Producing misery; making wretched:—বিশ্বপূৰ্ব; Full of misery.

Calamity, kal-ami-ti, n. [ Fr. calamite. L.

calemitas. ] विषय विशय ; शु:ष ; त्राप ; A great misfortune; affliction; adversity. Syn=Disaster, misfortune, mischance, mishap; distress, adversity, affliction, downfall.

Calamus, kala-mus, n. ব্যানা বাদ; বৰ; An

Indian sweet-scented grass.

Calash, ka-lash, n. খকট বিশেষ; A light lowwheeled carriage:—স্ত্রীলোকদের মন্তকাবনশ; A hood worn by ladies.

Calcareous, kal-ka'rc-us, a. চ্পের গুণবিশিষ্ট ;
চূপ্রর ; Having the qualities of lime; containing lime; like or containing chaulk or lime. n = Calcareousness. a.= Calcariferous— চুপ্পিংপাদক ;
Lime yielding.

Calcine, kal-sin, v. t. উন্তাপ ধাৰা চূৰ্ণ-কু; To reduce to power by the action of heat:—v. i. তাপ ধাৰা চূৰ্ণাকুত-ছ; To become caln or powder by heat; to be converted into powder by heat.

z.—Calcination—চূৰ্ণা; জাৰণ; The process of reducing to powder by heat.

Calcography, kal-kog'ra-fi, n. [ L. caln and Ger. graphy, writing, grapho, to write. ] ধড়িব উপৰ নক্ষা কৰিবাৰ বিদ্যা; The art of engraving in chaulk. a.=calcographical.

Calculary, a. অন্থরী সংকীয়; Relating to the disease of the stone.

Calculate, kalkū-lāt, v. t. [L. calculo, to rekon by help of little stones—calculus, dim. of caln, a little stone.] গণনা-ক: গণনা যাবা ঠিক কৰা; To compute; to reckon:—নিরূপণ-কু; To ascertain:—উপবোগী-কু; To adjust; to fit:—r.iপণনা-কু; হিদাৰ কৰা; To make a calculation; to estimate. Syn.—Compute, reckon, count, estimate, enumerate, rate, value, determine, adjust, consider. a =Calculable.

Calculation, kalkū-la'shun, n. গণনা; Computation :-- নিরূপণ হিদাব; Estimate.

Calculative, kalkū-lāt-iv, a. গণনা সহজীয়; গণনাস্চক; Relating to calculation; tending to calculate.

Calculator, kalkū-lāt-or, n. গণক; গণনাকারী: নিরূপক; A reckoner; one who calculates.

Calculous, a. কম্বার; Like stone; stony; gritty.

Calculus, kalku-lus, n. পাধুরী; The stone in the bladder:—সণিত বিশেষ; One of the branches of mathematics. pl.=Calculi, (kalkuli).

Caldron, kawidron, n. [L. caldarium, calidus, hot—caleo, to grow hot.] ধাতু নিশ্বিত কটাং; কড়া ; A large mettle kettle for boiling liquides.

Caledonian, kal-e-dónian, a. ভট্নভাৰণীয়; Scotch:—n. ভট্নভ-দেশবাসী; A Scotchman. Calefaction, ká-le-fak-shon, n. ভপ্ত কৰণ; উত্তপ্ৰস্থা আধি; Act or operation of making worm or hot; state of being heated.

Calefy, káič-fi, v. i. [ L. calidus, warm, and fio, to become. ] তথ্য হলা; To become worm or heated.

Calendar, kalen-der, n. [Gr. kylindros, kylindo, to roll] পঞ্জিকা; মানিক হিনাৰ বই; An annual almanac; a register of the months:— খৌৰণাৰী মোকস্থাৰ ভালিকা; A list of criminal causes for trial: -v. f. जिल्ला दावा ; To register, Syn = Almanac, ephemeris, list, register, roll.

Calender, kalen-der, n. [A corruption of Cylinder] 支記; A machine or hot press for smoothing and dressing cloth:—v. t. 支記-事; To press between hot rollers.

Calonds, kalendz, n. pl. বোষধানী দিগের প্রভাক নানের প্রথম দিবদ; First day of each month among the Romans.

Calenture, kalen-tur, n. [Fr. and Sp.—L. caleo, to be hot.] জাহাজেব নাবিকলিগের অৱবিকার; allগুলধান দেশেৰ অব বিকায়; A kind of fever attended with delirium affecting sailors in hot climates; a fever of hot climates.

Calf, kaif, n. [A. S. cealf, Gr. kalb. Goth. kalbo.] গোৰংস , ৰাছুৰ; The young of the cow:—
নিৰ্দ্ধোধ বোক; নিৰ্দ্ধোধ তীক বাকি; A dolt; a block head; a stupid cowardly person. pl = calves. a =Calfish—নিৰ্দ্ধোধ; Stupid.

Calf, kaf, n. शारब 6व ; The thick fleshy part of the leg behind.

Calibor, Calibre, kan ber, n. [Fr. calibre, the bore of a gun; It. calibro ] বাল; কামানের ছিত্রের আয়তন; বন্ধকের চুলি; The diametre of a round body, the size of the bore of a gun:—বাবাণালি, বোহলাকৈ; The capacity of the mind; intellectual capacity.

Calico, kalı-kö, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ সুভাৰ কাপি; চিত্ৰিভ কাৰ্ণাস বস্ত্ৰ , বেডকাৰ্ণাস বস্ত্ৰ ; Cotton cloth first brought from Calicut in the East Indies; plain, white cotton cloth; printed cotton cloth.

Calico-printing, n. চিট প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ পৰাণী;
The art of dyeing cotton clothes with figures of various colours. [উৎসাহপূৰ্ণ; Ardent.
Calid, k.ilid, a. তপ্ত; ছবন্ত : Hot. burning:—
Calif, Caliph. ka'lif or kalif, n. [Fr. Ar. khalifuh, a successor.] মংশাদৰ উত্তৰাধিকাৰীদিগেৰ উপাধি, হলিছা; The tittle assumed by the successors of Mahommed.

Califato, Caliphate, kalif-না, প. কালিকেই বাজত . কালিকেই কাৰ্ব্য, পদ বা অধিকাৰ; The office or government of a Calif.

Caligraphy, Calligraphy, kalig'rafi, n [Gr. ka'os; beautiful, (aikn G. hale) graphe, to write.] আতি প্ৰশন্ধ হত-নিশি, Beautiful handwriting; penmanship. n.=Caligraphist.— মুনেখৰ। a=Caligraphic.

Calipers, kafi-parz, Caliper-compasses, kafi-per-kumpas-ez, n. গোলাকাৰ বস্তব বাস পৰিমাপক ৰয়; Compasses with bent legs for measuring the diameter of round bodies.

Calisthenics, Callisthenics, kal-is-theńiks n.[Gr. kalos, beautiful, sthenos, strength.]বাৰাম, পাৰীবিক সৌন্ধা ও বলবৃত্তিৰ নিমিত অল সঞ্চালন; Exercises for the purpose of promoting gracefulness as well as strength of body; exercises designed to promote strength of body. a. = calisthenic.

Calk, kawk, v. t. [ O. Fr. conquer-L. calcare, to tread under foot-calz, the heel. ] জাহাজানিৰ তকাব জোড়ের মুধ বন্ধ করা, কালাভিপাত-কু; জালবাৰ নিবাৰণাৰ্থ জাহাজোৱ ভকাব দৰিবাৰণাৰ্থ জাহাজোৱ ভকাব দৰিবাৰণাৰ্থ জাহাজোৱ

भृतिका ভाशनित्त्रव व्यवकार्य वक्ष करा . To drive oakum into the seams of, as of ship, to prevent leaking -- খাৰের নাল ভীক-কু, To put sharp points up on the shoes of horses to prevent slipping on ice - । पाछाव शीरवन बाल बन्नव कवा . To roughen a horse's shoe to keep it from slipping. Call, kawl, v. t. [A S ceallian , Ice kaila, Gr. ger in geryein, to proclaim ] नाम-कृ. To name --बाह्यान क , डाका , चारम्भ-कृ , To summon , to direct, to convoke - (चार्चा-कृ, To proclaim नियुक्त-क To appoint --- आनियाद सत्र अनुरवाध क , To request to meet or come -attal 7, To invoke - ए : घीरकाय-क , नाम धविषा छाका , To speak loudly, to cry aloud — অৱকণ কোৰ ज्ञात्व वा , माकार कविएक यांश्या , 10 stop , to make a short visit pr p - calling pa p = called Syn =name denominate, entitle, style, dub . christen, bid, invite, convoke, assemble, convene, muster, elect ordain, set ipart, shout cry Call a bond-'बरजब ठीका थाव (मध्या शहरव' कड़े সংবাদ (দপ্তহা।

Call a spade—ঠিক নাম ধৰে ভাকা সক কণা বৃদা,
বিধা things by their right names by plun speken
Call at লাকাং কৰিবাৰ জন্ম কোন কালে মণ্ডা।,
অলমণ জন্ম কোন ছানে মাণ্ডা (no to some place
(to visit a person) হানা ম্যানা

Call back - শিবাৰ প্ৰত্যান্যৰ কৰা, Bring back —প্ৰস্থান্থৰ কু, Revoke

Call down—ধাৰ্থনা কু Invoke [to require Call for - চাওয়া দাবি কু ভদৰ কৰা To dem und Call forth— ইদ্দীপন কু, কাজে আনা অন্তৰ্নিইড কোন শক্তি বাহিৰ কৰিয়া আনা, Bung or summon to action, to bring out evoke

Call in—সংগ্ৰহ কু, To collect — হিচাৰ আধিতে বৰা To request one to come in — একত্তে আধি ব ব জন্ম আহ্বান কু To summon together — দুদা গুল বন্ধ কবিবাৰ নিমিত্ত জন্ত কৰে মানা, With drive from circulation

Call in quostion - সক্ষেত্ৰ, অধিবাস To diguit to question to express doubt or dissent Call names—গালাগালি-দে Io apply abusing epithets, to use reproachful linguage, to abuse — ৰাম ধাৰাপ কৰা Io call one by represchful appellations, use nicknames

Call off- কিবাৰ To summon away to divent Call on or upon—অল্লফণের জন্ত সাক্ষাৎ কবিতেন। To make a short visit to —পাওনা পাবি কু, To solicit payment or make a demand for debt —অল্লেবাৰ-কু, To request —প্রার্থনা কু, (বিপ্লে) পাড়াই কবিতে ভাকা, To pray to, to invoke the ud of —আ্লেক-কু, To require authoritatively কিছু কবিতে বলা, To require one to do something Call out—ভাজে-খবে বলা, To speak aloud hallo —জাগোর নিমিত্ত আহ্লান-কু, To summon to service — বুছাৰ্থ আহ্লান-কু, Io summon to fight, to challenge

Call over—প্ৰায়ক্তমে নাম ভাকা . To read out a list name by name , to recite in order, as a roll of names

Call up-মনে পড়াইছা পেওছা, অবণ কৰাইছা পেওছা, lo twaken, to bring to recollection or into action, Call to — উল্লেখ্ৰে ছাকা, Shout Call to mind — স্বৰ্ণ-কু, Remember, recollect -—

Call to mind — স্বৰণ-কৃ, Remember, recollect :— স্ভিপৰে আনৱন-কৃ, To revive in memory Call to the bar—উভিল মেকার শ্রেণীভূস করা।

Call to the ministry—रोक्ट इ, Become a

Call to account—কৈ কিছত দাহা, হিৰাৰ দিতে চাহা নিকালের দাবী করা Fo call for explanation or vindication of conduct [the list of names. Call the roll—পর্যায়ৰ্থ নাৰ ডাকা, To callover Call round—যাইয়া সাকাৎ কু, Go and visit.

Call, kawl, n. আহ্লান, নিমন্ত্রণ, A vocal address of summons or invitation — তলপ দাবি, A Demand claim — প্রভাগদেশ Divine inspiration — আদেশ, Command — অল্পন্ত্রের কন্ত সাক্ষাং, A short visit — কাষা, Employment, vocation [in this sense calling is generally used ]— নিয়োগ Nomination — বংগিন্ধনি, A whistle to summon sailors to duty — ভাকা A vocal address — পরিচালক লক্তি, An impulse — পানীল ডাক, The cry of a bid [ কালে কেলে। A call bird—বে পোষা পানী অল্প পানীকে ভাকিয়া At or on call—বর্ষন তথন য ইবার উপযুক্ত।

Call of duty—ক'ৰে ৰ অপৰোধ। Within call—ভাবিবেট গুনিতে পাওবা যায় তমন

A calling man—কে'নও বোকের সহিত সর্কাণ দেখা নাকাৎ করা ঘাহ'র অভান, A man in the habit of calling upon persons

Calling, Lawling, n বৃত্তি ৰাবদাৰ, পেৰা কাৰ্ব্য, Vocation, employment trade pre ession

Callosity, kal-osi-ti n 'ৰ্শেপবিস্থক্য' A horny hardness of ekin, a hard ewelling on the skin Callous, k ifus, a ক্লিন, Hard hardened — ক্লিম্ , ক্লিন ক্লয়, ক্ৰম্মীয়, Unfecting insensible hard he inted obdurate, n =callou i ess. ad =caliously Sin = Ibdurate, hard, insensible, unfection r unsusceptible

Calm, kam, a [Fi ci'me from I ow I cauma—Gr. Fiuma no indiv heat—laio, to burn ] কিব, নিশ্বৰ নিশ্বৰ Being at rest, still—প্ৰশান্ত জ্বিশ্বিত, Undisturbed by passion, collected, tranquil—n বাতস্তুতা, বাণ্ডুতা, Stillness, absence of wind—বিষাম প্ৰশান্ত , শান্তি, Repose, serenty, tranquility—v t. শান্ত ক, প্ৰশান্ত ক, কিব-ক, To quict, to make cilm, to pacify, to tranquilite n=calminess—
শাবি Tranquility ad—Calmis Syn—Still, quict serene, tranquil, peaceful, composed, unruffled sedate, collected placed.

Calomel, katō-mel, n. [Gr Lalos, fair, melas, black ] বিশুদ্ধ পাবদ, A preparation of mercury much used as a medicine, chloride of mercury Caloric, ka-lorik, n [L calor, heat, calco, to be hot] ভাপদ্দা, ভাপ, I he supposed principle of heat, heat

Calorific, kal-or-ifik a [ L cales and facu,

to make ] তাপজনক ; তাপোৰপাদক ; Able to produce heat ; heating. n.-Calorification.
Calorimetry, kalormetri, n. তাপথাৰ বিশেষ ;

Calorimetry, kalormetri, अ. खानवान वित्यर A measure of heat.

Calote, ka-löt, Calotte, ka-lot. n. বেশমি টুপি; A cap of hair, satin or other stuff.

Calotype, kafō-tip, n. [Gr. kalos, beautiful; typos, an image ] এক প্রকাৰ আবোক চিত্র; A kind of photographic-picture.

Caltrap, Caltrop, kaitrop, ল. গোকুৰ; A thistle; a plant with prickly fruit:-গোলা বিশেষ; আৰাবোহী দৈকাগণেৰ অবেষ পদবিদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ নিমিত ব্যবহৃত কটকবৎ অন্তৰিশেষ; An instrument armed with four spikes, formerly strewn in the way of an enemy's cavalry; a ball stuck with four spikes, so that one must point upwards,—used to obstruct cavalry.

Calumniate, ka-luminiet, v. t. নিৰা-কু; ছ্ৰ্ণাৰ-কু; মিথা অপবাদ দেভয়া; প্ৰনিশা-কু; To slander; to accuse falsely; detract; vilify; traduce, n = Calumniation, calumniator.

Calumnious, kalunim-us, a. নিজাস্চক; অপ-বৰ্জন; শ্লানিস্চক; Sharderous; defamatory; injurious to reputation; of the nature of calumny. ad. = Calumniously

Calumny, kalum-m, n 「L. calvere, to decline ] দিখা অপবাদ; প্যনিশা; Slander; false accusation; backbiting Syn.=Aspersion, detraction, defamation, slander, libel, reviling, vilification, backbiting; cvil-speaking.

Calvary, kalva-ri, n. যে তানে যিক্ষীষ্টকে বধ কৰা হুইয়াছিল; The place where Christ was crucified. Calvo, kav, v.t. গোৰ্থ্য প্ৰদৰ্কনা; To bring forth a calf.

Calvinism, kalvin-izn, n. কান্তিৰের বড: The doctrines of Calvin, the Swiss Protestant reformer.

Calvinist, n. কাল্ডিন মতাবলমী; One who embraces; one who holds the doctrines of Calvin.
a — Calvinistic, calvinistical.

Calx, kalks, n. { L. caln, a stone, limestone, lime, allied to Gael carraig, a sock | চুন বা খড়ি, Lime or chalk:—ৰাত্মৰ; বাত্তম; The ashes or residuum left after burning a metal; the substance of a metal or mineral which remains after being subjected to violent heat. pl.=calkes, (kalksēz) or Calces, (kalsēz).

Calyx, Calix, kaliks, or kaliks, n. [Gr. kalyx, kalypto, to cover.] পুশ-নবাৰণ; The outer covering or cup of a flower. pl.=calyxes, calyces or calices. [Banker; money-changer.

Cambist, kambist, n. ধৰাগালপভি; পোদাব; Cambistry, kambist-rī, n. বিনিম্ম বিজ্ঞান; The science of exchange, weights, measures &c.

Camboose, kamboos, n বন্ধনালা; A cookroom. [ing to Cambria or Wales. Cambrian, n. A native of Wales —a. Relat-Cambrio, kambrik, n. কেমবিক কাপড়; একপ্ৰবাম নালা কৰাৰ কাপড়; গুকু ব্যা ব ম kind of fine, white linen or cotton fabric.

Oame, kam, Past tense of come.

Camel, kamel, n. [ O. Fr. camel, L. camelus,

Gr. kamelos. Heb. gamal. ] 赞; 好; An ani mal of Asia and Africa with one or two humps on its back, used as a beast of burden and for riding; a large ruminant quadruped.

Camel-backed, a. কুজ, কুজো; Humped. Camel-bird, n. পকী বিশেষ; Ostrich.

Camel-swallower—টুই-ৰাদক; One who swallows camels:—ৰে ব্যক্তি সহকে বিখাস-কু; A creduious fellow.

Strain at a gnat in public and swallow a camel in secret—গোক সমকে সামান্ত দোব দেখিয়া শিহবিশা উঠা, কিন্তু গোপনে ভবানক ত্ৰুক কৰা। Camelopard, kam-clo'-pard, n. জিবাকি, জিবাক, দীৰ্ঘ বীব; The giraffe.

Camellia, ka-mel-ya, n. চাৰাগান্ত বিশেষ; চিৱ-ছবিৎ শুঝ; A genus of plants; a species of evergreen shrubs, natives of China and Japan. Camelot, kam-lot, n. বস্থু বিশেষ; A cloth made of wool or goat's hair.

Cameo, kame-ō, n. [ It. cammeo, Fr. camee, Low L. cammaeus, traced by Littre to Gr. kammein, to work. ] হে প্রস্তুবের উপর নানা মূর্ত্তি ধোদিত হয়; যবি; কামোপলা; কোদিত সমুন্ত-প্রতি-মৃত্তিমাণ; A stone carved in relief; a gem.

Camera, kanier-a, n. The camera obscura.
Camera obscura, kanier-a ob-skū'ra, n. ৰে
বদ্ধের অগবত্ত খেত ফশকে কাচ দ্বারা বহিত্ত পদার্থ পতিবিধিত হয়; পালোকচিত্র-বিদায়ি বাস বজর প্রজিকৃতি
প্রতিবিধিত কবিবার মন্ত্র বিশেষ, An instrument for
throwing the images of external objects in a
white surface placed within a dark chamber or
box: used in photography.

Camorated. kamer-at-ed, a প্রত্যাসন্মূহে বিভক্ত; বিসাদ করা; Divided into chambers, irrched or vaulted.

Camlet, kamilet, n. টট বা ছাগ্যোমনিশিত বন্ধ বিশেষ; A cloth made of wool or goat's hair

Camomile, Chamomile kaniত-mil, n উষ্ণে ব্যৱহৃত উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ ; A plant or its dried flowers, used in medicine.

Camp, kamp, n. [Fr. camp, a camp, I. campus, a plan] শিবির, সেনা-নিবেশ, The ground occupied by an army at rest —v. i. শিবির সরিবেশফু; To encamp; to pitch. [in a camp. Camp-boy, n. শিবির অক্তচর; A boy employed

Camp-follower, kamp-folio-êr, n. দৈক্ত-সহতে ; পাউনেৰ ভূড্য ; A non-combatant, who attends an army. [ হীত পাটৰ।

Flying camp—সহব সানান্ধরে গমনোদেশে সংগৃ-To pitch a camp—শিবির পাতা, তারু গাড়া। To strike camp—শিবির ভঙ্গ করা।

Campaign, kam-pāh, n. [Fr. campagne; from L. campania, campus a field.] সম্ভন ভূমি; প্রশন্ত প্রায়ন ক্রেন্ডার; A large open plain or field:—মুক্লান; The time that an army keeps the field:—v. i. মুদ্ধে নিযুক্ত খাকা; To serve in a campaign.

Campaigner, kam-pāńer, n. বৰ্ণক বৈশ্ব ; বৃদ্ধ বৈশ্ব ; বাচীৰ বৈশিক ; A veteran ; an old soldier. Campaniform, kam-pańi-form, Campanulate, kam-pańū-lat, a. বন্ধায়তি ; in the form of bell applied to flowers. Camphor, kamfor, n. 494; A resin.

impregnate with camphor.

Camphorated, kamfor-at-ed, a. কৰ্মৰ পূৰ্ব ; কৰ্মুৰ वाजिन ; कर्ष्य विविक ; Impregnated with camphor. Camphorio, kam-for'ik, n. 47'alu; Pertaining to camphor.

Can, kan, v. i. [ A. S. cunnan, Ger, konnen, to be able ) अवर्ष रखवा ; भावक रखवा ; वधार्य मिक्टि সম্পন্ন হওয়া ; To be able, to have sufficient power : -o. t. পাতো বাবা ; To preserve in cans :-pa. t. could :--- n. बाजनिर्मिज यमा शाख ; A metal vessel for holding liquor; a cup.

Canaille, ka-nai, or ka'nay, n. ইতৰ লোক; The rabble, the lowest class of people.

Canal, kan-al, n. [L. canalis, a water-pipe; akin to Sans. khan, to dig.] अनश्रमानी ; भश्याना : शान : An artificial water-course : - नन ; A duct or passage in the body of any animal.

Canard, ka-nar' or ka-nard, n. अपूलक आरबांश ; অভিৰক্ষিত বা মিখ্যা গল্প; An extravagant fabrication; lying story.

Canary, ka-na'ri, n. यम् विषय ; A wine from the Canary islands.

Canary bird, n. এक काजीय मुख्य शकी विरम्प ; A fine singing bird of the Canary Isles.

Cancan, n বৃথা শল্পা; Tittle-tattle.

Cancel, kańsel, v. t. [ Fr. canceller-L. cancello, from cancelli, railings lattice-work, dim. of cancer. ] काहिया (कना ; विश्व कु ; To erase, obliterate; to blot: -- নষ্ট-কু, লোপ-কু; To annul; destroy. n.=Cancellation, pr. p.=Cancelling, pa p Cancelled. Syn = Erase, efface, obliterate, expunge, abolish, revoke, abrogate, repeal, do away, set aside. [ sed by bars or lines. Cancellated, kansel at-ed, a (14) 148; Cros-Cancer, kanser, n [ L. cancer; cog. with Gr. karkinos, Sans. karkata, a crab. ] चुद प्रिया पा ; कर्केंद्र (ब्राज ; An eating, spreading tumour or canker, supposed to resemble a crab; a spreading sore in the body, very painful and very fatal :--কণ্ট বালি; A sign of the Zodiac. The tropic of cancer—কণ্ট দংক্ৰান্তি, উত্তৰায়-[ into a cancer. n.=Canceration. নাম্ভ বৃত্ত। Cancerate, kan-sé-ret, v. i. नानि-र ; To grow Cancerous, kańser-us, a. কৰ্কট বোগাজাত ; ক্য-कनक ; Of or like a cancer.

Candelabrum, kande-la'brum, n. পাধাবিশিষ্ট आलाकमान वा मीशाधाव ; A branched and ornamented candle-stick. pl.=Candelabra.

Candelier, kań-de-ler, n. শাৰাহুক দীপাধাৰ; A branched candle-stick.

Candid, kandid, a. [ Fr. candide, L. candidus white-canden, to shine. ] সরস ; অকপট ; অপক-পাতী: Open; fair; frank; sincere; unbiased; impartial. Syn=Impartial, just, unbiased, equitable, sincere, honest, real, true, free, frank, ingenuous, artless, plain, guileless. n.=Candidness ( जवन्डा ) ; ad.=Candidly (अक्निडेंडार्व)।

Candidate, kandi-dat, n. [ L. candidatus, from candidus. ] कर्षवाची ; भनवाची ; भवीकाची ; A person who seeks for a vacant office. Syn=

Applicant, aspirant, competitor. n.=Candidateship, Candidature-मुख्यार्थना ; Canvas.

Candle, kandl, n. [ L. candeo, to glow. ] 4 1 : ৰাতি; Wax or tallow cylinder burnt with a wick :- चारनाक ; A light.

Candle-ends, n. वाचित (नवसात ; Waste ends of candles :--উপাধিক প্রাপ্য ; উপবি পাত্রৰা ; Perquisites.

Candle-holder, kandl-hold-er, n. 4164144-काबी ; जारनाकषादी ; One who holds a candle :---माराग्राकादी; Useless assistant; one who renotely aids another.

Candle-light-वाडिय चार्ग ; Light of a candle :- সন্ধাৰাল ; Evening time. [প্ৰকৃতকাৰী : Candle-maker, Chandler, kand-ler, 416 Candle-mas, kandl-mas, n. औरिय नपारकद छेश्नद বিশেষ; The festival of the purification of the Virgin Mary, held February 2, when many candles were burned.

Candle-stick, kandl-stik, n. मीनापात ; विनद्रक : The stand for a candle.

Candle-waster, n. অপৰায়ী : A spendthrift.

Hold a candle-- अपान-इ ; To be equal :-- क्रा-ভাবে সহগমৰ বা আৰুগভা করা; To wait on in a subordinate capacity.

Hold a candle to the devil- 717 with মুহায় চা-কু, Aid what is wrong.

Hold candle to the sun—অৰাবভাক কাৰ্যা-ভু; Do something which is superfluous.

Not worth the candle-- वर्षत्व वा अविद्यारक অসুপযুক্ত; বিশেষ ফলোপধায়ক নহে।

The game is not worth the candle-cate कारकार (भना नरह: The game is not worth even the cost of the candle that lights the players.

Candour, kandur, n. [ L. candor, whiteness, from. condeo, to be shining white. ] সরসভা; নিরপেকভাব; অপকপাভিতা; Sincerity; openness; frankness. Syn=Fairness, impartiality. sincerity; frankness, artlessness.

Candy, kahdi, n. [ Fr. candi from Ar. qund, sugar ] यिছ्दि वा छला कांडीय त्यानक, वर्छ त्यानक ৰিছবি; A sweet-meat made of sugar; a conserve or confection of sugar :- v. t. अर्किंग्ड-कृ: िनिव बाम शांक कवा, मानामांच कवा ; क्य-कृ ; To conserve or boil in sugar; to form into crystals, as sugar :-- v. i. প্ৰকিৱিত-হ ; To be formed into crystals. pa. p.=candied.

Cane, kan, n. [ Fr. canne, L. canna, Gr. konne, a reed. ] বেজ; A reed :- বেজ; ছড়ি; বাই; A walking-stick: 一個面; A ferrule for punishing children :-- 表示; The sugarcane :- v. t. (4面|-षाड-क : To beat with a cane.

Cane-press, kan-pres, n. আৰু বাড়িবার কল; Press to squeeze sugar-canes.

Canine, ka-nin, a. [ L. caninus, from canis, a dog. ] कूब्र कांजि मध्कीय ; कूब्र मन्ण ; Pertaining to dogs ; like to the dog :-- क्ष्रवद चकावविभिष्ठ ; Having the qualities of a dog.

Canine appetite-- অত্ত কুণা; Insatiable hunger. Canine madness—जनवर ; Hydrophobia. Canine teeth-ways : Two sharp teeth in each jaw.

Canister, kańis-ter, n. [L. canistrum, a wickerbasket, Gr. hanastron, kanne, a reed.] চিৰেৰ বাদ : কেবাৰাবা ; কাবেৱা : ,A box or case, usually of tin :—স্থানপূৰ্ণ টোটা ; A case containing shot, which bursts on being discharged.

Canker, kangker, n. [ same as L. cancer, orig. pronounced canker. ] বৃষ্ণ বোগ: উত্তিদের বোগ-বিশেষ; A disease of trees which causes the bark to fall:—কউট বোগ; গলিড: কড; মুৰকড; A virulent, corroding ulcer; cancer; a small sores in the mouth:—কম্কাব্ক; Any thing that corrupts or consumes:—v. t. নই কবা; ক্ষম্বাব্য ব্যাহ ক্ষম্বা; To eat into corrode, corrupt, destroy; to infect or pollute:—v.i. কড-হ, ক্ষম্বাত্ত হক্ষ্ম; To grow corrupt; to waste away by degrees; to decay.

[ on fruits.

Canker-fly, n. কল্ছীৰি কীট; A worm that lives Canker-worm, kang'ker-wurm, n বৃকাদি কৰ-কাৰী কীট; যুব; A worm very destructive to trees or plants; a worm that eats into plants Cankerous, kang'ker-us, a. ছই এবেৰ কাৰ ক্ৰমণ ক্ৰমণৰ; Corroding like a canker.

Cannel-coal, kańel-köl, Candlo-coal, kańdlköl, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ পাধ্বিলা কললা, যাহা ধুম উপাত না করিয়া প্ৰকৃতিত হয়; A very hard, black coal that burns without smoke, like a candle.

Cannibal, kam-bal. n. [ Span a corr of carihals (English caribs.) the native name of the W. India islanders, who ate human flesh . prob. changed into a word expressive of their character, from L. canis, a dog) নৰভূক্; বাকস, নৰ্মাংসৰ্কিক; A man-eater; one who eats human flesh:—a. নৰ্মাংস ভোকন সংক্ৰান্ত; Relating to cannibalism.

Cannibalism, kańi-bal-izm, n. নৱমাংস ভকা ; The practice of eating human flesh .— নুশংসভা , Murderous cruelty.

Cannon, kanun, n. [ भर. canon from I. canna, a reed. ] कांबान; A great gun used in war:v. t. कांबान वांबा क्यान-कृ; To batter or attack with cannons.

Cannon-ball, n. শোলা; A ball to be thrown from cannon. [ against cannon Cannon-proof, n. গোলা বাৰা অভেন্য; Proof Cannon-shot, n. গোলা; A cannon ball

Cannonade, kan-un-নd, n. গোলা নিকেপ; কামান বারা আক্রমণ; The act of attacking with balls from cannon; an attack with cannon:—v. t. কামান বারা আক্রমণ বা কংস-ক; To attack or batter with cannon:—v. i. কামান ছোড়া; Discharge cannon.

Cannoneer, Cannonier, kan-un-ইr', n. গোগ-বাৰ, কামান-পরিচালক; An artillery man.

Cannot, kahot, v. i. অসমৰ্থ হয়া ; To be unable Cannot but—অবস্ত ; Cannot avoid or forbear ,

Cannular, kahu-lar, a. নলাকতি; Tubular. Canny, kah-nī,a. সুষোধ; সভৰ্ক, নিৰ্দ্ধোধী; Gentle; cautious; harmless.

Canoe, kannoo'n. [Sp. canoa, which like Fr. cannt is from Carib canaoa.] ডোফা; শাব্ডি; A boat made of the hollowed trunk of trees.

Paddle one's own cance—আপৰায় চৰকায় ভেল দেৱৱা; Mind one's own business.

Canon, kahun, n. [A. S. Fr. from L. canon, Gr. kanon, a straight rod, kanne, a reed.] পারের বিধি; ব্যবহা; A rule or law in ecclesiastical matters:—বিধি; A rule in general:—আকৈতৰ ধৰ্ম-শাত্র; ধর্মপুত্তক সমূহ বা ভারিছিত ব্যবহা; The genuine book of Scripture, called the sacred canon:—পুরোহিত বিশেষ: An ecclesiastical dignitary:—পুতা মৃত সাধু ব্যক্তিদিগের ভালিকা; A catalogue of saints canonised:—ভালিকার একপ্রকার বড় আকর; A large kind of type. Syn.—Regulation, statute, formula, a catalogue or roll.

Canon-law, kanun-law, n. ধর্মবিধি; The law sanctioned by the church of Rome.

Canonic, ka-nońik, Canonical, ka-noń-ik-af, a. বৈধ; মাজকীয়, ধর্মসক্ষীয়; ধর্মবিষয়ঃ; According to rule; regular; ecclesiastical, ad. =canonically. Canonical hours — ঈবর পুজা করিবার বিশিশু বিশিদ্ধ দিবদের বিশিদ্ধ সময়, Certain stated times of the day fixed by the ecclesia-tical law- or appropriated to the offices of prayer and devotion

Canonical punishments—4470, Airfeigiff; Punishments which the church is authorised to inflict.

Canonical scriptures— ক্ষত্ৰ ধ্ৰায়: The books of Scriptures, admitted to be of divine origin.

Canonicals, ka-nohik-alz, n h' বাজকেব পরি-জন, আনার্টিগের উপাসনাকানীন পরিজন, Full dress of clergyman; the official dress of the clergy, regulated by the chure' canons.

Canonicity, kan-un-isi-ti, a. প্রকৃত এই ধর্মপার্থাছ সম্প্রতা; The state of belonging to the canon or genuine books of the Scriptine.

Canonisation, n. নিদ্ধাৰয়া, The act of declaring any person saint.

Canoniso, kanun-iz, v. f. নিদ্ধ ক; দাধুপুরুষদিণের পেলিভুক করা; To declare a man or woman saint, and enroll him or her in the list of saints.

Canonist, kańon-ist, n ধর্মণার্ক্ত, ধর্মণার্কিন্; Professor of canon-law, one versed in the canon-law. a.=canonistic.

Canonship, Canonry, kanun-ri, n. ধাৰক-বৃত্তি, ধর্মাজকের বৃত্তি, The benefice of a canon. Canopus, kano-pus, n. জন্দেবতা, The Egyptian God of water

Canopy, kaho-pi, n. [Fr. canape, O. Fr. conopee, L. conopeum, Gr. konopeum, a mosquito curtain, konops, a mosquito. ] শ্ৰেডপ; চাদোৱা, বিহান; Covering over a throne, or over a bed or overhead — v. t. তন্ত্ৰপ ধাৰা আন্তাদন-ক; চাদোৱা ধাটান; To cover with a canopy. pr. p. = canopying; pa p.=canopied.

Canopy of heaven-with, Sky.

Canorous, kan-Urus, a [L. cano, sing.] সমীত-বিশাসকত ; যধুর ; Musical ; melodious.

Cant, kant, v. t. [L. canto, freg. of cano, to sing.] হুঠাৰ আবাত-কৃ; To give a sudden thrust:
—ব্ৰোৰ; To incline; to tilt:—n. আবাত, ধাকা; A thrust; push; a toss or jerk:—ব্য়ো; Inclination.

Cant, kant, v. t. ৰাকীয়ৰে কথা কছা; অহুৰাসিক উচাল-কু; টাৰা টাৰা কথা কছা; ঠাৰে ঠোৰে কথা কছা; To talk in a whining tune of voice or in an affectedly solemn or hypocritical way:—n. অনুৰাসিক হব; ৰাকীহব; A sing-song; whining affected speech; hypocritical jargon:—কণ্ডাছা; Slang:—সাজালামিক ভাষা; The language peculiar to a sect:—ভভামি; কণ্ট নমভা; Whining pretension to goodness; mock humility:
—a. Affected, inelegant, vulgar,—said of language.

Cantankerous, kan-tań-ker-us, a. অস্থাপর-বশ; কল্পপ্রিয়; Cross-grained; malicious, contentious, n.= Cantankerousness.

Can't-Contracted form of cannot.

Canteen, kan-tch, Cantine, [Fr cantine, It. cantina, a small cellar, dim. of canto, a corner] দেনাদিধেৰ মদা পাত্ৰ বিলেষ; A tin vessel used by soldiers for carrying liquor:—সেনানিবেশ মধ্যে মন্যাসম্ভ ; A place in barracks, where provisions, liquors &c. are sold, a barrack-tayern.

Canter, kanter, n. অধ্যে সুত গ্ৰন; সুত্গতি; ধোড়াৰ কৰ্ম গতি; A m derate gallop; an easy gallop — v. : আবে আবেল্ব; কদ্মে-যা, To run, as a horse in an casy gallop, — v. t. ঘোড়াৰ উপৰ চলা, To ride upon

Canterbury, kań-ter-ber'-i, n কাগজাদি বাধিবাৰ আধাৰ: A stand for music, loose papers &c.

Canterbury tale, kań-ter-ber-i tel, n. তপ-স্থান : Fabulous story , a romance.

Cantharis, kan-tha-ris, Cantharides, kanthari-drz, n pl বেছাকারক যঞ্জিকা, কোন্তাইংপাৰক যক্তিকা, Spanish fly used in making blisters.

Canthus, kanthus. n. 5 क्रिक्ष, The angle or corner of the eye.

Canticle, kahti-kl, n. [I. canticulum, dim of canticum.] গীত; A sonz:—pl সংলাধন রচিত গাথা, সলোধনের খোত্র গীত, The song of Solomon.

Canto, kanto, n. প্ৰেদ্যৰ সৰ্গ , Division of a poem :
— অধাৰ স্থাৰ : জিল স্থা , The leading melody.

Canton, kantun, n. রাজ্যের মধ্যে শাসনাধীন প্রকেশ; A small portion of territory, constituting a government:—চর্দ্ম বা ক্ষিতের আংশ বিশেষ; আংশ; প্রদেশ; A division of a shield or painting; a part or division:—v t. প্রদেশে বিভন্ত-কু; To divide into districts or portions.—মস্কুদিনের স্বডন্ত স্বডন্ত বাসন্থান নিষ্টিষ্ট-কু; To allot separate quarters to, as to troops.

Contonal, kantunal, a. কুল ভূবত সংক্রান্ত; কুল ভূবতে বিভক্ত; Pertaining to or divided into cantous.

Cantonment, (also pron. Contonnment) n. নৈত-নিবেশ; ছাউনি; Separate quarters for soldiers in a town.

Canvas, kańvas, n. [Fr canevas—L. and Gr. canngbis—E. Hemp.] শোণ নিশিত বন্ধ ; ক্যাখিল ; A coarse unbleached cloth:—কাংকেৰ পাইল ; The sails of a ship.

Canvass, kanvas, v. t. বিচাৰ-কু; তৰ্ক বিতৰ্ক-কু; To discurs:—প্ৰীক্ষা-কু; To examine, to sift:— বৰ্ণাকৈ মন্ত আৰ্থনা-কু; To solicit votes:—v. i. মত আৰ্থনা-কু; To solicit votes or interest:—n.

প্ৰাৰূপ্ৰান্ত পৰীকা; Close inspection to know the state of:—বিচাৰ; Examination in the way of discussion:—মত প্ৰাৰ্থনা; অনুৰোধ; A solicitation or effort to obtain something; solicitation. n.—Canvascer. Syn.—Investigate, scrutinize, inspect, controvert; bespeak. [of canes. Cany, kāńi, a. বেলুপ্ৰ; বেল্ম্মন; Full of or made Canzonet, kan-zō-net, n. [it. cansonetta, dim. of cansone. a song; from L. canto—cana to sing.] কুল গীত; A little or short song.

Caout-choue, kou'chook, n. ব্ৰাৰ; An elastic vegetable substance; India rubber; gum elastic. Cap, kap, n. [Low L. cappa, a cape or cope.] আছোদন; Cover in general:—মন্তবাভ্ৰণ; টুপি; A covering for the head:—উপৰিভাগ; সৰ্বাত্ৰ-ভাগ; The top —পদচিছ; A mark of some office or dignity:—v. t. সৰ্বাত্ৰভাগ আছোদন-কৃ; টুপি দিয়া চাকা; To cover the top or end of; to spread over; to put on a cap:—মন্ত্ৰ-কৃ; পূৰণ কৰা; To render complete; to consummate. pr. p.=capping; pa. p.=capped. Syn.—crown, complete, finish, exceed, surpass, transcend.

Cap of fools-मूर्व हुडामनि, श्रुवा

Cap of liberty—पृक्षित किंक; A cap given to the Roman slaves at the time of their manumission; emblem of liberty; red cap.

Cap of maintenance, n. A cap carried before the British sovereigns at their coronation.

Put on the cap of consideration—forta-

Put on the cap of consideration—চিৰা-কু; To think.

Set one's cap for—কোন বাজির ভাগবাসা পাইবার জন্ম চেঃ!-কু, To seek a man's affections, with a view to marriage. [ ভটন্থ হওয়া।

To be cap in the hand—টুপি বুলিয়া দাঁডান; To cap for verses—কোন নিয়ম মন্ত পদ্যের পঙ্কি উদ্ধৃত করিয়া উত্তর প্রভাতর করা।

Capable, kāp'a-ble, a. (Fr. L. capio, to hold take or seize. ] স্মৰ্থ, বোধা; উপযুক্ত; কৃষ্ণ পাৰক; Having ability; able to contain or receive; having skill to do; qualified for.

Capable of, be—সমর্থ হওৱা ; Bc qualified for be able to :—তৎপর ( কিছুই অসাধ্য নাই এই ভাবে ) Be bad enough to commit.

Capability, kap'a-biliti, n. (पात्राजा, नापर्य) ; The quality of being able or qualified for.

Capacious, kap-a'shus, a. [L. capax, capas, cis—capio, to hold.] প্ৰশন্ত ; বৃহৎ ; বিশ্বত ; Spacious ; large ; roomy ; extensive :—বাৰণাক্ষ ; উদাৰ ; Comprehensive. n.=Capaciousness ; ad:—capaciously. Syn.=Adapted, suited, qualified, fitted, susceptible ; able, competent, skilful, efficient, gifted.

Capacitate, kap-aśi-tat, e. f. উপৰোপী-ফু; উপ-যুক্ত-কু; To render capable; to qualify.

Capacity, kap-asi-ti, n. দক্ষণা; Ability:—প্রি-দল্ম Extent of room; space:—ধারণাপরি: Power of holding or grasping a thing:—ব্যবদান ; Occupation; profession:—পর্য কল; In geometry, the solid contents of a body;—চরিত্র; Character:—অবস্থা; Condition or circumstances. Syn. — Magnitude, dimensions, amplitude, volume; extent of room or space; capability; efficiency;

Cape, kap, n. [Fr. cap—L. caput, the head.]

Cape, kap, n. [O. Fr. cape Low L. cappa ]
ক্যাব্ৰ'; অসম্ভ'; A neckpiece of a cloak, coat,
or woman's dress.

Caper, kaper, v. i. [ It capriolare, capriolo, a kind. L. caper, a goal. ] লক্ষ-(ক ; To frisk ; to jump:—(ন্চে কুলে বেডান ; প্রকুলচিতে নৃত্য করা ; To dance in a frolicsome manner :—n. লক্ষ ; নৃত্য ; A frolicsome leap ; a skip.

To cut capers— মৃত্যু-কু; To dance in a frolicsome manner; to play pranks.

Capful--- আরপবিষ্ণ ; As much as a cap will hold ; small quantity.

A capful of mind—একটু কুব কুবে বাভাস। Capillaceous, kap'illa'shus, a. কেশবৎ কুক; Very slender like hair.

Capillarity, kap-il-ar'it-i, n. কৈ নিকডা; Name given to certain efforts produced by liquids in contract with capillary tubes.

Capillary, kap'il-a-ri, or ka-pila-ri, a. [ L. capillaris, capillus, hair, akin to caput, the head, akin to E. Head. ] কৈশিক; As fine or minute as a hair; long and slender:— ক্ষনলিবিশিষ্ট; ক্ষ ভিত্ৰবিশিষ্ট; Having a very small bore, as a tube:— ম. ক্ষনল; A fine vessel or canal; esp., one of the vessels connecting arteries and veins:— pl. ভীবদেকে অভি ক্ষম শিকা সমূহ; The minute velses that unite the veins and arteries in animals.

Capillary attraction and repulsion—The cause of the ascent or descent in a capillary tube, which is dipped in a surrounding fluid.

Capital, kap'it-al, a. [Fr. L. capitalis—caput, the head.] যতক সহজীয়; Relating to the head:
—তিংকুই; এধাৰ; First in importance; chief:—
এধাৰ; এবোক্ষাই; Great, important:—প্ৰাণ্চত,
বোগা; প্ৰাণ্কাই; Involving forfeiture, of the head or life. Syn.—chief, principal, leading, controlling, prominent; important, perfect.

Capital letter-वड अक्ष ; A large letter.

Capital offence—প্ৰাণ্ডাৰ্ছ অপৰাৰ।

Capital punishment—शांतरः, जीवनरकः; The punishment of death legally inflicted.

Capital stock—মূলধন, আসল।

Capitel, kap'it-al, n. उत्पन्न डेनिव्हान ; The top part of a column or pillar :-- नाक्यांनी ; The chief

city of a country; a metropolis:—वह अवस् ; वृष्णकद : A large letter in printing :—वृष्णक ; A stock, principal :—वर्षण गांधी ; The upper part of a column :—क्षण व चित्राक्रमीय अवा ; Chief or most important thing.

To live on one's espital—পুঁকি বালিবা বাৰবা।
To make espital of—কোন কিছুৰ সুবোদ পাইবা
বল একাশ-ক; নিবেৰ কোন ইট সাধ্যেৰ উপাধ
বল্প কৰিবা দেশ্বা; Use one's own power for
one's own profit turn to own account.

Capitalise, kap'it-aliz, v. t. খুলধন-কু; ফুলধনে পরিশভ-কু; To convert into stock. n.=Capitalisation ( মূলধন)।

Capitalist, kap'it-al-ist, n. स्वी; सर्वाचन; One possessed of large means and engaged in business, one who has capital on money.

Capitation, kap-it-ashun, [Fr. Low L. capitatio—caput, the head.] লোকসংখ্যা পানা; মনুযান্যানা; A numbering of persons:—ৰ্যক্তিগত কৰ; Poll-tax, a tax on every head.

Capitol, kap'ıt-ol, a. [L. Capitolium—caput, the head] বোৰলগৰহ জুপিটৰ দেবেৰ ঘন্দিৰ; The temple of Jupiter at Rome:—ঘহানতা বৃত্; The house occupied by the congress of the United States:—দাধাৰণেৰ ব্যৰ্থাৰাহৰ্থ আটালিকা; A public edifice.

Capitular, kap-iful-ar, Capitulary, kapiful-ar-i, n ধর্মোপাসকদিগের ব্যবস্থা; The law of an ecclesiastical court:—ধর্মোপাসক সভাব সভ্য; A member of a chapter —a. ধর্মোপাসক সভাব অন্তর্গত বা তৎসংক্রান্ত; Relating to a chapter in a cathedral. ad.=capitularly.

Capitulate, kap-itūl-āt, v. t. মৰ্ক কৰিছা শক্ত হয়ে লগৰ বা মুৰ্গ সম্পূৰ্ণ-কু; To surrender on stipulated terms, as an army; to yield on certain conditions or heads to surrender by treaty.

Capitulation, kap-ntul-a-shun, n. সন্ধি খাষা পক ংয়ে স্থাপ ; The act of surrendering on stipulated terms:—A reducing to heads or articles. Capon, kapin, n. [A. S. capin—L. capo—Gr. kupon—kupto, to cut.] থাসি মোৰৰ, ছিলাভ কুই; A castrated cock. [of cloak.

Capote, ka-pōt, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ অস বৃহ্ণ ; A kind Caprice, ka-prēš, n. [Fr. caprice—It capriccio; perh from L. capra, a she-goat.] চপপতা : চিন্তু-চাক্স; ধাম ধেষাল; মতেৰ অভিৰতা; A sudden change of opinion or humour; freak; whim; fickleness; fancy, vagary, changeableness, fitulness.

Capricious, kaprishus, a. চঞ্জ, অব্যবহিত টিড; পৰিবৰ্জনশীল; Whimsical, fickle, unsteady, freakish, changeable, n.= Capriciousness— চাইলা; বাৰ্যবালি । ad.=capriciously.

Capricorn, kap'ri-korn, n. [ L. caper, a goat, cornu, a horn. ] वक्दानि ; One of the signs of the Zodiac.

Capriole, kap'ri-তা, a. [L. caper, capra, a goat.] একছাৰে থাজিয়া লক; A leap without advancing. [Cayenne pepper.

Capsioum, kap'si-kum, n. লকা ; ববিচ ; Red or Capsize, kap-siz, v. f. বিপৰ্য্যন্ত ; উল্টিখা কো, 'To upset ; to overturn. Capstan, kap'stan, n. নজন উত্তোগন কৰিবাৰ বয় : An upright machine for weighing anchors or drawing up great weights.

Capsular, kap'sūlar, Capsulary, kap'sūl-ar-i. এ বীৰকোবেৰ ভাৰ গভীৰ ; Hollow like a capsule. —বীৰকোব সম্বান্ধ : Pertaining to a capsule.

Capsulate, Capsulated, a. वीकरकांपांवक ; Inclosed in a capsule.

Capsule, kap'sul, n. বীৰকোব; The seed-vessel of a plant:—আবৰণ; A membrane or bag that encloses an organ:—পাত্ৰ বিশেষ; বেকাৰ বা ছোট ধালা; A small dish.

Captain, kap'tan or kap'tin,n. [O. Fr. capitain
—L. caput. the head.] প্ৰধান কৰা বি : A chief
officer:—দলাধাক: দেনাধাক; বোচা . A military
officer commanding a company or troops, a
chieftain, a warrior:—পোডনামক; A naval officer
Captaincy, kap'tān-si or kap'tin-si, n. বাংপ্রান্ন
কা; ৰখ্যকভা, The rank, post or commission of
a captain.

Captainship, kap'tin-sheep. n. কাপ্তেনের পদ, পোডাধাকের পদ, অধ্যক্তা, Condition, rank, poet or authority of a captain .— বৃদ্ধকৌপদ, Skill in military affairs.

Captious, kap'shus, a. [Fr. L. captiosus—capio, to snatch at.] পোৰসাহী; ভিদ্য যেনী. দেব দ্বা, ভব্ম হী, প্ৰলোভন-প্ৰপূৰ্ণক, Fault-finding, censorious, carping; critical, ensuaring—বিহুটিটে; Pecvish n=captiousness—শেষ-প্ৰাহীভা; Censoriousness ad—captiously

Captivate, kap'tiv-तर, v. t. दिरम' विज-कृ, हरन-कृ, वर्णी करा, Overpower with excellence or beauty, to charm, to fascinate; to take or make captive.

Syn = Enchant, charm, fascinate, enrapture, enslave, enthral, bewitch, allure, attract.

Captivating, kap'tiv-āt-ing, a. মুক্কাৰী. নৰো-মুক্কৰ, Having power to engage the affections. Captivo, kap'tive, n ৰন্দী, Prisoner; one taken in war.—ক্লাৰি ছাবা বিমুদ্ধ ব্যক্তি, One who is charmed by beauty or enslaved by love:—জাৰক বাক্তি; One kept in bondage:—a. বন্দীক্ত Made prisoner in war, kept in bondage:—
গাৰত্ব বন্ধু আছি, Pertaining to bondage:—বিমুদ্ধ, Charmed or subdued by anything.

Captivity, kap'tivi-ti, n. ৰশিষ, দাসত; ৰশীভাৰ, বছাৰসা; Subjection, bondage, slavery Syn = Confinement, imprisonment, incarceration, bondage, slavery, servitude, subjection.

Captor, kap'tor, n. ৰশীকাৰী, ৰশীকাৰক. One who seizes or captures, as a ship, one who takes a prin-oner.

Capture, kap'tūr, n. [Fr. capture, I.. captura, capto, to take.] ৰদ্ধীকৰণ, গোৱাৰ; Scizure, arrest:— এছণ; গৃহীত পদাৰ্থ; The act of taking, the thing taken:— বৃত্তিত এবা; Booty; prize:— ০. f. বল বা কৌশল প্ৰকে গৃত-কু; To take by force, surprise or stratagem — পুৰকাৰ্জণে এছণ-কু; To take as a prize.

Capuchin, kap-u-shēh, n. একজাতীয় সন্নাসী; A monk of St. Francis:—রীলোকের মন্তব্যবশ: A hood for females; a garment for females:— ৰূপোন বিশেষ; A hooded pigeon.

Car, kär, n শকট বিশেষ; A light schicle moved on wheels.—ৰেলগাড়ি; A railway carriage:— ৰণ; A charibt of war:—ৰণৰাজা, The car festival.

Hand car-शंख्यां है ; (रेना बाही।

Carabine, kat'a-bîn. Carbine, kār-bîn, n. কুদু বসুক; A short light musket.

Carabineer, kar-a-bin-টা', Carbineer, karbin-টা', n বসুমবাহৰ সৈৱা . A soldier armed with a carabine. [ ship of burden.

Carack, kar'ak, n ৰাজ জাহান্ত বিশেষ, A large Caracolo, kara'-kলা, n জ্বাবোহীৰ দোজা কিবান;
The half-turn which a horseman makes:—
নাপান বিশেষ, A winding stair-case—v i.
ৰক্ষাবে পজিৱ পৰিবৰ্তন-কু, To turn half round,
as cavalry in wheeling.

Carafo, ka-raf, u ভোজন টেবিনের উপরিস্থ জন-পাত্ত, মুদাদি পানীয়ের আধার; A water-bottle for the table; a decanter.

Carat, kai'at, n [Fr.—Ar qirat, Gr. keratror, a seed or bean used as a weight ] দুই ৰুডি পৰিমাণ বিশেষ A diamond weight of 4 grains — বিভদ্ধ স্থানি এক-চতুদ্ধিংশ অংশ, 1-24th part of pure gold.

Caravan, kar'a van, n. বৃহৎ শকট বিশেষ; A large close carriage —বণিক সমূহ, হাজিদল; A company of travellers associated together for mutual safety in traversing various desert parts of Asia and Africa.

Caravansary, kar'-o-vanea-ri, Caravansorai, kar-a-vanee-ra, n. পাছৰিবাস, পাছৰাপা; সহাই, An Eastern inn, where caravans and other travellers test at night.

Caravel, kar'-av-el, n [Fr—It caravella—I.. carabus, Gr. carabos, a barque ] কুল লগুগানী অৰ্গণোত, পোত বিশেষ : A kind of light sailing vessel . a kind of old-fashioned ship —লৌকা বিশেষ :—A boat used in the French hering-fishery [প্ৰশেষ . An aromatic plant Caraway, kar'a-wā, n. উপ্ৰথম লগু, প্ৰথমি বৃক্ষ পোতা ''e acid, kai-bolik-asid, n. [L. carbo, coal.] এক প্ৰকাৰ উষ্ধ . An acid produced from coal-tar, used as a disinfectant.

Carbon, ku'bon, n [Fr carbons, carbo, coal]

Carbonari, kar-bo-na'-re, n. pl. বাজনৈতিক সভাব সভা, Members of an Italian secret political society.

Carbonate, kar'-bon-ইt, n. অসাৰসম্ভীয়, A salt formed by the union of carbonic acid with a base.

Carbonie kar-bonic, Carbonaceous, karbon-ম'-she-us, a. আফাৰিক, আফাৰ, Of or per taining to carbon.

Carbonic acid — অকাবায়. অফাবজাবক, An acid composed of one part of carbon and two of Oxygen.

Carboniferous. kār-bon-if'er-us, a [I..carhe, and fero, to produce.] অস্থাবোণণাক ; Producing carbon or conl.

Carbonise, kar'bon-īz, ত অঙ্গারে পরিশত-মু; Te make into carbon, n.=carbonisation.

Carbuncle, kar'bung-ki, n. [L. carbuncutus, dim. of carbo, a coal.] বিশোচক; পুতৰা; A malignant boil; an inflamed ulcer:—প্ৰৱাগ মণি; A beautiful gem; a fiery red precious stone, ruby.

Carbuneled, kar'-bung-kid, a. পদাবাগ যণি-বিশিষ্ট; Set with carbuncles:—বিশোটকমুক; Having a malignant boil.

Carbuncular, kar-bung'ku-lar, s. লোহিডবৰ্ণ, অস্থিপিটি, Red; inflamed.

Carcanet, kar'-ka-net, n. प्राहाद ; मनिमद होत ;

A chain or collar of jewels.

Carcase, Carcase, kar'kas, n. [Fr. carcasse, a skeleton, It. carcasso, a quiver, hull, hulk, Low. L. tarcasius, Pers. tarkash, a quiver.] পৰ, মৃতদেহ: The dead body of an animal:—বহিনাবৰ ; The frame work of anything:—খায়ের শোলা; A kind of bomb-shell. Syn.=corpes, remains, frame work. [a=Carcinomatous. Carcinoma, n. কবট বোল; Cancer in general. Card, kard, n. [Fr. carte, L. charta, Gr chartes, paper.] কাৰ্ড; ভাল; A peace of pasteboard or thick paper for various uses.—বিক্লপ্র হারের ছিল্পার; বিক্লপ্রী পত্রিকা; The paper on which the points of the compass are marked.—ব্যক্তিবিশেশ্বর শির্বানামন্ত্রক প্র; Billet.

Card, kard, n. [Fr. carde, L. carduus, a thestle.] উৰ্ণা-মাৰ্ক্ষণী; পশম বা শপ আচিডাইবাৰ চিক্ষণী; An instrument for combing wool or flax:—v. t. উক্ত চিক্ষণী ছাবা পশমাণি আচিডাৰ, To comb wool &c.

Be on the cards—সম্ভব বলিয়া লোকে বলিভেছে; Be spoken about as probable.

He is the card of our house—আমাদের পরি-বাব মধ্যে তিনি বিধ্যাত বোক ; He is the most distinguished man of our family.

Knave of cards—( ভাসক্ৰীড়াৰ ) গোলাম।

On the cards—আলোচ্য; Noted for consideration:—সম্ভব; Possible.

Play one's cards ill—নিকোবের ন্যার নিজের কাজ বাবাপ করা; Fail to act one's part judiciously and skilfully, mismanage matters.

Play one's cards well—বৃদ্ধি ও চত্ৰতা পূৰ্বক কাৰ্য হাদিল ক্য়া; Act one's part judiciously and skilfully.

Speak by the card—বুঝিয়া সুবিদা বা সাবধাৰে কথা কথা; Be careful as to what one says.

That was my trumpeard—My best chance. To speak by the card—টক কৰিয়া বলা; To speak precisely.

Trump card—ত্রপ। [ কাগক। Visiting card—সাকাং করিবার ( আন্ধ-পবিচাযক) Cardamom, kar'-da-mom, n. এলাচি; An Indian spice plant.

Cardiac, kar'di-ak, Cardiacal, kar-diak-al, a. [L.—Gr. kardiakos, kardia, the heart.] জ্বাপিত সংখীয়; Pertaining or belonging to the heart:—ব্যক্ষিক; Invigorating the heart by stimulants; cordial; reviving:—n. ব্যক্ষিক উৰ্থ; A medicine that animates the spirits; a cordial.

Cardialay, kar-dial'ji, n. वस्थान ; Heart burn.

Cardinal, kar'dın-al, a. [L. cardinalis—cardi, cardinis, a hinge.] প্রধান; Fundamental; chief; principal:—n. পোপের ব্যিকভাব বব্যে এক-জন সভা; One of the ecclesiastical princes of the Pope's council:—গ্রীলোকদিশের ছোট আলবাৰা; A woman's short cloak:—ক্ষেক্টা অভীব আবজ্ঞত ভূগ; Virtues of fundamental importance, preeminent virtues. Syn.=principal, chief, primary, first, main, pre-eminent.

Cardinal numbers—এক ছই ভিন প্ৰভৃতি দংবা; The numbers 1, 2, 3, &c. in distinction from 1st, 2nd, 3rd, &c. which are called ordinal numbers. Cardinal points—দিকচতুইম; উত্তৰ পূৰ্বাদি; North and South, East and West.

Cardinal virtues—গুণচ্টুর; স্থায়পরভা সহি-কুভা মিভাচার সমীককারিভা; Prudence, justice, temperance, and fortitude.

Cardinalate, kar'dın-al-at, Cardinalship, kar'dın-al-ship, n. কাথলিক বাজকের পদ; The office, rank of a cardinal.

Care, kār, n. [ A. S. caru. Goth. kara, sorrow, Icc. kaera, to lament, Celt. car, care, allied to L. carus, dear ] উদ্বেগ ; Anxiety ; solicitude :—
ষত্ব ; সভৰ্কতা ; Attention , heedfulness , caution :—
ষত্ব ; ভত্তাবধান ; Charge, oversight :—চিস্তার বিষয় ;
The object of anxiety :—v. i. উদিয়া-ছ ; To be anxious :—ইজুক-ছ ; To be inclined or disposed :—ষত্বকা ; To be regard.

Care for—ৰত্ব কৰা ; Take care of :—প্ৰাছ কৰা ; Have regard for.

Not to care a bit, pin, fig or straw—কিছ্-ঘাত্ৰ প্ৰাফ ৰা-কৃ; ক্ৰকেপ ৰা-কৃ; Not to care at all. Take care or Have a care—সভৰ্ক-ছ; সাৰধাৰ-ছ; Beware; be careful; take heed.

To take care of—বছ কবা; বছপূৰ্বক পালন কবা; Look after; to keep safe.

Careful, kar'fool, a যনোবাৰী; Attentive:— উদিয়; Anxious —সভৰ্ক; সাৰধান; Negligent; cautious; heedful:—কিংকপ্ৰাৰিষ্ট; Puzzled. ad =Carefully; n=carefulness.

Careless, kar'les, a. অম্নোবোরী; অনবছিড; Inattentive; negligent:—উদ্বেশ্য ; Free from anxiety:—নিশ্চিত; Unconcerned. n. = carelessness—অমবধানতা; Negligence.

Care-worn, a. উৰেগ হাবা সাস্ত; Crushed with care, fatigued with anxiety.

Careen, ka-rin, v. t. [Fr. carener, carene, L. carina, the bottom of a ship; the keel. ] আছাকেৰ এক পাল কাড কৰিয়া আছাপাল মেৱাম্ড-কৃ; To bring a ship to lie one side for the purpose of repairing; to lay a ship on her side to repair the bottom and keel:—v. i. একপেশে হত্যা; একদিকে অধনত হত্যা; To incline to one side, as a ship under a press of sail.

Careenage, ka-renaj, n. বে হানে আহাজ ঘেষায়ৰ হয়; A place where ships are careened:— আহাজের তলা ঘেষায়তের ব্যয়; The cost of careening.

Career, ka-rēr', n. ক্ৰড গ্ৰন্ম; A course; a race, a speed:—চৰিড; কাৰ্বোৰ পড়ি; কীৰ্ম ব্যাপান; General course of conduct; course of action; progress in life:—পৌড়; মৌড়চ্ছ; A

race or running ; a race-course :-- v. i. IF श्यव-कु ; श्ववत्र ए ; To move or run rapidly. Carese, ka-res, v. t. [ L. caras, dear. ] चानव-कु ; (बर-कु ; आंतिज्ञन-कृ ; To treat with fondness ; to fondle; to embrace:-n. (माहात्र; आरदः चारत्रक ; चालिक्य ; An act of endearment ; expression of affection. Syn.=fondle, pet; kiss. Caret, karet, n. [ L. caret, there is wanting. ] চিक विराम्य ; A बाहे किक ; A mark, used in writing when a word is left out.

Caress

Cargo, kar'go, n. wielcua via calait; The whole goods conveyed in a ship; what a ship carries : its load.

Caricature, kar-i-ka-tur', n. [ It. caricatura, carricare, to lead. ] উপহাস চিত্র; হাস্ত উৎপাদক বিকট চিত্র : বিকৃত প্রতিমূর্ত্তি : অভিবল্লিত চিত্রবর্ণনা : A description of a person or thing in which defects are greatly exaggerated in order to make it ridiculous :-- v. t. অভিবঞ্জি কৰা ; পরি-হান কবিবাৰ জন্ত চিত্ৰ-কু; To sketch or describe in order to turn into ridicule; to turn into ridicule by overdoing a likeness. Syn.=travesty, parody, farce, burlesque.

Caricaturist, kar-i-ka-tūr'ist, n. अवित्रक्षक ; উপহাসত: य वाक्टि উক্তরণ চিত্র করে; One who caricatures.

Caries, kár'i-ez, n. অধির গলিত অবস্থা; Mortification of a bone; rottenness or decay of a bone. Cariole, kar'ı-তা, n. এক ঘোডার লবগামী গাড়ী : A light one-horse carriage, used in Norway.

Carious, kā'ri-us, a. গলিত ; Mortified ; decayed; rotten. n.= Cariosity; caries.

Carking, kar'king, a. [A. S. cearc, care.] উদ্বেগকারক; Distressing, causing anxiety.

Carl, karl, n. অসভা লোক ; A rude, rough man. Carmelite, kar'mel-it, n. मझामी ; A monk of an order established on Mount Carmel, in Syria in the 12th Century.

Carminative, kar-mina-tiv, n. উদ্ধান নাশক चेत्र ; A medicine used to expel wind or cure flatulence.

Carmine, karmin, a. উজ্জ্ব লাল বৰ্; গাঢ় লোহিড-र्व ; Bright red dye or colour ; a crimson colour. Carnage, kar'-naj, n. [ Fr. carnage, from. L. caro, carnis, flesh. ] হতা ; বন্তপাত ; Slaughter ; massacre; havoc; murder.

Carnal, kai'nal, a. [L. carnalis, caro, carnis, flesh.] नाबीबिक, रेन्हिक ; Fleshly , unspiritual ~ পতিত; Unregenerated; being in the natural state :-- हेन्सियामङ ; कामामङ ; भागव ; Lustful ; libidinous. Syn =- ensual, fleshy; gross; lustful, licentious, not spiritual; unrenewed.

Carnal knowledge— श्री-मरमर्ग; बास्किवंद; Sexual intercourse.

Carnal-minded, a. विवहांमङ ; Wordly-minded. Carnal-pleasure -- ই लिय- 24।

Carnalism, Carnality, kar'nali-ti, n. 3 3 11-নজি; ইজিমপ্ৰায়ণতা; Sensuality; state of being carnal. [ -- সাংসাধিক ব্যক্তি ; A worldling. Carnalist, kar'nal-ist, n. कायुक ; A sensualist : Carnation, kar-na'-shun, n. [L. carnatio, fleshiness. ] यारमदर्ग ; स्क्रदर्ग ; Flesh colour.

Carnelian, kar-ne'li-an, n. नानवर् शक्य; Red precious stone.

Carneous, karnī-us, a. মাংস্থাবৃত্ত ; Fleshiy. Carnival, kar'ni-val, n. [Fr. carnaval, It. carnovale, Low. L. carnelevanen, solace of the flesh, caro, carnis, flesh, and levamen, solacelevare, to lighten. ] (बायान कार्यालिकविरत्रह छेणवान कदिवान शूर्सकालीम आनत्मारमव ; यनाभान महकुछ ভোজনোरमव वा आत्मान धामान ; The season of rejoicing before the feast of Lent in Catholic countries; riotous feasting or merriment.

Canivors, kan-nivo-ra, n. pl. যাংসাসী কর; যাংসভোজী জীব-দেশী; Flesh-eating animals; order of flesh-eating animals.

Carnivorous, kar-nivo-rus, a. [ L. caro, carnis, flesh, vero, to eat ] गारमरहाजी: गारमामी: যাংসভূক , Flesh-eating ; feeding on flesh.

Carol, kar'ol, n. [O. Fr. carole; It. carola. orig. a ring-dance, ety. dub. either dim. of L. chorus, a choral dance, or from Bret. koroll. a dance, W. carol, a song-root, car, circular motion. ] आवल-गींछ ; नीछ ; मःकीर्डन ; A song of joy and exultation; a song of devotion: -v. t. ন্তুতি গান-কু; To praise in song :-- খ. ঃ. আন্দে গাৰ-ক, To sing in joy. p. p.=carolling. pa. p.= carolled. Syn. = Lay, ditty, strain, canzonet.

Carotid, ka-rotid, a. [Gr. karotides-karos, sleep, deep sleep being caused by compression of them. ] क्कारण निव पूरे दृहर धमनी मधकीय ; Relating to the two great arteries of the neck :-- n. स्कार्णाव धमनी, One of the two large arteries conveying blood to the neck.

Carousal, kar-owial, n. (डांक्स्वारनद: यमा-পাৰোৎসৰ: A jovial banquet; merry-making feast.

Carouse, kar-owż, n. [ O. Fr. carous, Fr. carrousse, Ger garous, quite out !- that is empty the glass. ] डेरमब , आनन महकारत महाभान : शान-গোষীতে महाभाव ; महाभाव-चन , A noisy revel ; a drinking match ; drinking-bout :- v. i. ज्रश्तान কবিয়া মদাপান-কু; মদ্যপানে প্রতিশ্বনিতা-কু: To drink freely and noisily; to hold a drinking-bout.

Carouser, kar-owiar, n. यमानाशी वालि : Reveller. [ fresh-water fish.

Carp, karp, n. व्यवदर्गास कलाव्य यर्थ विरमंद ; A Carp, karp, v. i. [ Ice. karpa, to boast, modified in meaning through likeness to L. carpo, to pluck, deride. ] ছিক্তাছেবণ-কু, পোৰ বা बूँ ९ धरा ; দোবাবোপ-ক; To cavil; to censure; to find fault without sufficient reason; to catch at small faults or errors. n .= Carper.

Carpel, kar'pel, n. 46 (444; A simple pistil, or one of the parts of a compound pistil.

Carpenter, kär'pent-er, n. [ Low. L. carpentarius-carpentum, a car, from root of car.] স্ত্রধার; ছুডার-মিন্ত্রি; A joiner; a worker in timber; one who works in timber.

Carpentry, kärpent-ri, n. প্রথবের কার্ব্য ; প্রাক্ত-কৰা; স্ত্ৰধ্বেৰ ব্যবসায়; The art of cutting, framing, and joining timber; the trade or work of

Carpet, kar'pet, n. Fr. carpette-Low. L.

carpeta, a coarse fibric made from rags pulled to pieces,—L carpere, to pluck ] कं दानहें, नानिहां, मजर्म, A covering for a floor or table or stairs —v t नानिहां निज्ञां कं काम्बन्क, To cover with a cripet pr p. and n =Carpet ig, pa p Carpeted

Be on the carpet—কথাবাৰ্জা চ্যা, বিবেচনাথীন থাকা, Under discussion [consideration On the carpet—বিবেশনাছদ বিবেচা Under Carpet-knight or Carpet-monger—বিলাদ-জিম দৈল্প, বৈটকী দদ্ধার, One who has never known the hardship of actual service

Carriage, kar'ij, n বছৰ, The act of convey ing — বাৰ, A vehicle — আচৰণ বাবহাৰ, Gesture, deportment, conduct, behaviour

Carriage-stand, n. नाडिव चांडडां।

Carrion, kar'i-un, n [L caro carnis flesh] গলিত বাংস, পাত যাংস, The de id and putrulying flesh of any animal—a গণিত যা সগৰ্জীয়, Rclating to flesh or putrid flesh—গলিত যা'স ভোজী, Feeding on putrid flesh

Carronade, kar-un-Id n. क्य काषाच, A short cannon formerly used in the navy

Carrot, kar'ut n পাছৰ A veg table root, an catal le root of a redding or yellowish colour Cairoty, kar ut-1 a গাছৰ বৰ্ণ বিশিপ্ত, Carrot

Cairoty, kar ut-i ৫ সাজর বণ বিশিপ্ত, Carro coloured

Carry, kari, v t [O Fr carrer, to cort ]
वहन क्, नहेना देश्यों, lo convey to buir —
६ एडिक्ट क्, To urge to impel — मांबन लोगीका
क् lo cliect or accomplish — मानान रूड क्, Fo
trinsfer, to lead — व गोर्यक व्यापका क्, To
obt in possession of by force — व्यवस्थ क्
To exhibit, to imply, to cont in — डेल्प पन क्
lo bear or produce as trees — वाह्यों क्
lo behave to conduct, — with the refixive pronoun — v : निया वाह्या To cort y expiopel
as a gun pr p = Curying fart C ined Sin=
Transfer, transict bear recovered,
urge impel, support sus in until impere

Be carried away by, Be led away by, Be charmed or deluded by—বোৰ প্ৰা প্ৰতি বা শান্তিৰ ধাৰা চাৰিত হওগা খোহিত হ প্ৰোচিত হওগা, Be captivated by, be powerfully infinenced by

Carry a bold front to fortune—না'ন বিক তুপ রেশের প্রতি উদানীয় প্রদর্শন কংগ, Show utter indifference to the frowns of fortune

Carry all (or the world) before one— দৰ্শ একার বাধা বিদ্ব মডিপন করা, Overcome all opposition [rently successful

Carry all before one— " ) ই To be emi Carry another (any one) with one— অভানে ব্যাত আৰা, বিজেৱ মতে প্ৰধা আৰা, Manage to make anothers adopt one sown sentiment

Curry coal—ভতাশ্চার নহ কু, অপ্যান বা স্থতি ন্য কু Bear injuric , pocket insults

Carry coals to Newcastle—(তল্যাব্র তেল দেখা অন্যত্ত কাধ্য-মু, i o do what is superfluous, to do surerfluous work

Carry by btorm—এবল আজিম। করিশা অধিকার-কু Juliy consiction—এক)র মানুন বু দুচ বিশ্বাস স্থাম, To convince, induce a strong belief as to the truth or otherwise of something. Carry fire and sword into—ধাৰে কয়, Destroy in war

Carry into execution (Carry into effect)—
मन्नानन-कृ कार्या পरिष्ठ कर्ता, To perform, put
into execution, reduce to practice, to execute.
Carry matters with a high hand—चन्नानिक
कर्ता, To be arrogant, domineering, tyrannical.
Carry of the palm—करी-क, करनाक कर्ता,

Carry away the palm, come off victorious
Carry off— ন হাৰ কৰা, বধ-কু, Kill, cause the
death of — শৃইয়া বাত্তমা, ধৰিয়া লইবা বাত্তমা, Bear
away take away by force — পাৰিভোবিত লাভ
কৰা, Win [ on the face of it.
Carry on its front—শই অদৰ্শন কৰা, To bear
Carry on—নিদ্ধ কু, Promote, help forward —
নিৰ্বাহ-কু, কোন কিছু চাপান, To prosecute, ma-

nage, conduct, be engaged in Carry one's point—ভকৰিভৰ্ক ছুলে বিপদ্ধকে প্ৰাছৰ কৰিব। নিজ নতকে প্ৰবল কৰা, Succeed in securing that on which one insists or for which contends —উদ্দেশ্ত লাভ-কৃ, To gain one's object Carry out—কাৰ্য্যে পৰিশভ-কৃ সম্পন্ন-কৃ, To put into execution, put into practice, fully to accompli h—সর্বাহ্নীৰ স্বাধা কৰিব। ভোলা, Effect

—সম্পন্ন কু, Execute

ে rv 'lo day কুডকার্যা ছালা , জালাভ ক , Be vi titious, to succeed in a contest, win the buttle be successful in a dispute

Carry through—কাহাকে কোন বিদ্ব অভিক্রম কৰিব।
নইয়া বাণ্ডৱা, Sustain i person in the midst of
difficulties —আইন পাল কৰা, Get a measure
accepted or passed —অধাৰদায় বাৰা কৃতকাৰি;
হঙ্গা, শেব পৰ্যান্ত ৰক্ষা কৃ, To support to the end,
to succeed by perseverance [proper bounds.
Carry too far—বাছাবাভিক্, To exceed the
Carry Worght—সাববান-ই, Io be important
Carrier, cari-ইন, দুব, মুন্টে, One who

Carrier-pigeon-পরবাহক ক্পোড, Pigeon cmpk ve l in c irrying letters.

Cart, k it n शांकि A carriage for the convey ance of 2004, a vehicle with two wheels for conveying heavy loads — u t शांकि कदियां लहेबी या, To carry in a cart, to convey in a cart

Cartage, kartal 2 बोन बादी वहन, शिक्षिण वहन, The act of conveying in a cart — शिक्ष काली, The cost of goods so conveyed, the cost of carting

Carto, kint n [Fr-L charta Gr chartes, paper ] कुछ नाम भेख , (बांबाकिय विज , A card , a bill of far in a hotel.

Carte-blancho, kart-blansh, n ৰাক্ষিত সাধা কাগজ A blank paper, signed, but not filled up —অধিন্তি চুক্তি, ববেচ্ছা ক্ষতা, Unconditional terms, unlimited power to do some business for another

Carte-de-visite, kart-de-viz-it, দ কুত্ৰ তামের উপর সংগগ্ন আলোক আলেখা, ব্যক্তি বিশেষের কুত্র নামপত্রের সহিত সংলগ্ন আলোক চিত্র, A photograpii foitiait pasted on a small card. Cartel, kar'tel, n. वन्ती विनिधव निवय-शव ; An agreement for exchange of prisoners.

Cartel, or Cartel-ship, m. A ship employed in exchanging prisoners or negotiating with an [ man ; one who drives a cart. Carter, karr-er, n. नाष-ि नानक ; नार्डाबान ; Cart-Cartesian, a. Relating to the French philosopher Descartes or his philosophy.

Cartilage, kai'ti-laj, n. উপাঞ্চি; কোমলান্থি; A whitish clastic substance, softer than bone, and harder than ligamen: ; gristle.

Cartilaginous, kar-ti-laj'ın-us, n. (कामनाहि-মুম ; উপাছিসংক্রান্ত ; Pertaining to or consisting of cartilage; gristly.

Carton, karton, n. समान कार्गक, मलाहे कार्गक; Paste-board; card board.

Cartoon, kar-tooh, n. [ Fr. carfon, augmentative of carte.] খদড়া চিত্ৰ, বাঙ্গাত্মক চিত্ৰ; চিঙ্ वित्य ; A preparatory drawing on strong paper, to be transferred to frescoes, tapestry, &c.; any large sketch or design on paper, a design on strong paper, to be painted in fresco.

Cartouche, kar-toosh, n. [Fr.-It. cartoccio, L. charla, paper.] টোটা বাৰিবাৰ আধার; A cartridge box; a case for holding cartridges; a case containing bullets to be discharged from mortar:—স্থাপতা-কাৰ্যো অলকান্ন বিশেষ ; An ornament resembling a scroll of paper with the ends rolled up.

Cartridge, kar'trij, n. Gibl; A paper case containing the charge for a gun.

Blank-cartridge-বোলাম্ভ টোটা; A cartridge without a ball.

Cartulary, kar'tū-lar-i, n. [ Low L. cartularium-chartula, a document, charta, paper.] ভালিকা পুঞ্জ ; নামাৰনী পুঞ্জ ; A register book of a monstery :-- (य वाङि ভार्तिका वार्य, शळ-दक्षक; One who keeps ecclusiastical records &c.

Cartwright, n. kartett, n. বে ব্যক্তি গাড়ি প্রত कृद्व ; One who makes carts.

Carve, kärv, v.f. [A.S. ceorfan, to cut, to hew; Dut. kerven, Gr. kerben, & notch.] 49 49 কৰিয়া কৰ্ত্তৰ-কু; To cut up into slices or pieces, as meat :- (शांपिष-कृ ; To engrave :-- वर्ण न-कृ ; আকাৰ ৰা পঠন দেওয়া; To shape; to make or shape by cutting :-- v. i. ভাক্তবের বাবসায়-ক ; To exercise the trade of a sculptor :-- मार्न गढ गढ-F; To cut up meat. Syn .= Sculpture, chiscl, grave, engrave, indent, form, shape, fashion, mould, cut meat at table.

Carve one's way--कार्यनांत्र भेद कविया ज्ल्या ; Make one's way. [ sign.

Carve out-(airl; Cut out or lay out by de-Carver, karver, n. with ; (4174; A sculptor; one who carves :-- बार्म कांग्विंब इति ; A carving

Caryatos, kar-i-ates, Caryatidos, kar-i-aticlez, n. pl. व्यवनयम-साध्य भविवार्ड मेठिल श्रीपृष्टि-भए ; Figures of women, serving as columns to support entablatures; figures of women used instead of columns for supporters.

Casoade, kas-kad, n. [ Fr. cascade, It. cascata. from cascare, L. cado, casus, to fall. ] ক্ৰৱপাৰ : Water-fall.

Caso, kas, n. [ Fr. caisse, O. Fr. casse-L. capsa, from capio, to receive. ] आधार, आवर्ष ; ৰাকা; কোৰ; A covering, box or sheath.

Case, kas, n. [ Fr. cas-L. casus from cade, to full. ] अवश ; State ; condition :- (याक्ष्य) ; Lawsuit : - पडेन ; Event ; that which falls or happen :-- জিজাস্থ বিষয় ; Subject of question or inquiry:—ঘটনা বিষয়ণ; Statement of facts:— কারক ; The inflection of nouns. Sun.=Event. circumstance, situation, height, suit, occurrence, predicament, position, action, cause, process. Case, kas, v.t. वांक वा कारणव किछत वाश्या (मध्या:

আধাৰে রাখা ; বকা করা ; To put in a case or box. Case hardened, a. নির্মা; নির্মা ; Having the outside hardened; impervious to pity, shame &c A case in point—বে কৰা হইভেছে ভাৰাৰ সহিত ठिक मःलक्ष रम धमन छेनारदर्ग वा विवतन ; A case bearing upon the matter in hand; a circumstance that is apposite or pertinent :-- বৰাৰ্থ উন্-হরণ ; A fitting illustration.

In case - যদি একপ ঘটে; If it should so happen. In case of-- अज्ञान स्ट्रेल; (कान किছ) हहेल; In the event of.

In the case of-( अपूरकत) नवत्त, ( अपूरकत) মেকিন্মার; As regards; in the matter or suit in which one is involved.

In good case—উত्य व्यवश्व ; कान ठीए ; In good physical state; in good condition.

Make out a case-- अयोग, एक दादा दिव-क ; पाक-খোগ সভা বলিয়া দাবাত করা; Establish a charge by evidence or argument; to make a good charge. To make a case against - ( काहोत्र ) दिक्रक অভিযোগ সভ্য বনিয়া সপ্রমাণ করা; To substantiale a charge against.

Casoine, Casoin, kas'c-in, n [L. caseus cheese. ] মুধ্ব পেছ পদাৰ্থ , An organic substance, contained in milk and cheese :- ছবের সারভাগ: शनिद ; The cheesy portion of the card of milk.

Case-mate, kaimat, n. (शाला वां वा करक्या कांब. ছুৰ্গের কামান ভাগন কবিবার ছান; A bomb-proof chamber in which cannon may be placed to be fired through embrasures.

Casement, kasment, n. কজা যাবা সংলগ্ন জাৰালা: প্ৰাফ্ৰিশেষ; ৰাচ্চিন; A window made to turn on hinges :- & to ; A hollow moulding.

Cash, kash, n. [ O. Fr. casse, a box or till. ] নগদ ট,কা; Ready money :— মুদ্রা; অর্থ ; Coin or money :-- v. t. हैं:कात्र श्रीविगंड-कृ ; कालान ; To turn into money :-- 5:4-(" : To pay money for.

Cash-balance, n. The amount on the debtor side of the cash account. [ and disbursements. Cash-book, n. शिमाव वहि ; Account of receipts Cash-credit—कामिन निभा नाक वा मराकटनद शिन হইতে ইচ্ছামত টাকা কৰ্জ্ম লওয়াৰ হিদাব।

Cash-price, n. भन्नम शाम ; The price at which a thing will be sold for immediate payment.

Cash-sales, n. ৰগদ দামে বিক্ৰয়; Sales made for ready money. [ money. In cash, In hard cash-444 Bigit; In ready

Cashier, kash-হা', n. কোৰাধ্যক ; বাৰান্তি ; Cash-keeper ; treasurer ; one who has charge of the receiving and paying of money :—v t. প্ৰচূত্ৰ ; To dismiss from an office of trust for bad conduct :—পরিভাগি-ফু ; To reject —ভাবিহা (ফলা ; To break :—জহাবহার্য বা অপ্যকারী করা ; To render useless or unprofitable :—সমূলে নই করা ; To ananimate. Syn. = Discharge, discord, break. Cashier, kash-হা', v.t. [Gr. cassiven—Freasser—L. cassare—cassus, void, empty.]

Cashmere, kashmer, n. কাশ্মীৰি পাল; A kind of fine shawl made at Cashmere in India.

Casino, kas-গোত, n. নৃত্যপালা; নাধাৰণের নৃত্যাগার; A saloon for dancing; a room for public dancing. Cask, kask, n. [Fr. casque, Sp. casco, skull, helmet, cask.] পিণা; A hollow vessel for holding liquors.

Casket, kasket, n. মণি বাধিবাৰ আধাৰ; A small case for holding jewels:—ছোট পিপা; A little cask or case. [Helmet, a cover for the head. Casque, Cask, kask, n শিবস্তাণ; মতক-বৰ্কণী; Gassia, kashya, n. [L. cassia—Gr kasia; from a Heb. root, to cut ] সুগাৰ কুল; A species of aromatic plant— ৰস্ত চাকাটি বি; Wild cinnamon. Cassimere, kas-i-mer', Kerseymere, n উত্তম্পানি কাপড়; A twilled woollen cloth for men's griments.

Cassock, kasok, n. [Fr. casaque it. casacca— L. casa, a cottage, a covering.] পুরোহিতের পরিধেম বন্ধ; ধর্মবাক্তের পরিছেদ বিলেম; A garment worn by clergymen under their gown or surplice. Cassowary, kasō-war-i, n. এক লাতীয় পঞ্চা; A bird of Iava resembling the Ostritch.

Cast, kast, v t [Scan., as Ice kasta, to throw.]
বিশেশ-কু; To throw; to fling — ফিরান; To
direct or turn, as the sight:—গণনা-কু, To compute or reckon — ছাতে চানা, গঠন-কু, To mould,
to found; to shape:—v. i হিন্তা-কু, To revolve
in the mind. pr. p = casting; pa. t. and pa p
cast. Syn=Throw, hurl, tos-, fling, pitch,
fling, impel, force, shed, throw of, compute,
reckon, found, form in a mould, direct, turn,
assign, allot, appoint. [ মহুনা-কু; Contrive.
Cast about— মুসুকান-ক; Seek; try to find —

Cast about for— চারিদিকে হাতড়াইছা বেড়ান,
Search or look about in all directions for (as by casting a net).

Cast a horoscope—ইকৃত্তি কৃতি গণদা কৰা ; Calculate and prepare a horoscope.

Cast anchor—নকৰ কেল; , To moor a ship.
Cast a sheep's eyes—লেম নৰমে ভাকান , Give
love bashfully and lovingly. [depreciate
Cast a slur upon—নিশা-ক ; Disparage ;
Cast adrift—ইতভঃ হালিভ ; Driven to and fro ;
স্বাহাম অবহায় কেলা ; Throw out without any one
to guide or look after.

Cast aside—ভাগে-ড়; To dismiss or reject:— ফেলিয়া কেয়ো; To throw aside.

Cast away—অপৰিষিত ব্যঃ-কু, To lavish or waste by profusion.

Cast by -- वर्कन-इ ; Reject.

Cast down-নিফেপ-ভু; অধ্যক্ষেপ-ভু; Throw

down; direct downwards:— বিষয়-ছ; কৰিছা দেৱা; Deject or depress, as the mind. Cast forth—উংকেপ-ছ; To exhale.

Cast in the same mould—ৰাভাৰিক ভূপ বিবাৰ সমান; Alike in the natural traits of character. Cast into the shade—মশিন-ক; Eclipse:— অন্তবাৰাজ্যুক; অন্তবাৰাজ্যু প্ৰবৃদ্ধ তাৰি কৰা; To

Cast lots-- হার্ডি (বলা।

throw on obscure position.

Cast off—ভাগিক; To discard; to reject —
দূব কৰিয়া ফেলা; To drive away:—a. পৰিভাক,
Rejected.

Cast one's nativity—উত্তৰকালের কলাকল নিৰ্ণন্থ করিবাৰ জন্ত কাহারত জন্মসময়ে জ্যোতিকমন্তলের অবস্থান নির্ণন্থ করা. To find out and represent the position of the heavens at the time of one's birth, in order to determine his future fortunes. Cast one's solf on—জ্যাস্থান্য-কৃ; To resign or yield one's self without reserve.

Cast out—ভাগ-ক, Ruject —বহিছত কৰা; Turn out —ভত ছাড়াব; Enorcise.

Cast pearls before swine—বানা বনে মুকা ছড়ান, হ্ৰপাবনে মুক্ত ছড়ান; বানবেব গলায় মুকার মালা-দে; Place things of great value before persons quite ignorant of their worth.

Cast the first stone—পেৰিলুসকাৰ করিছে সকলেৰ অগ্ৰগাৰী হত্ত্বা; To be the first to find fault with.

Cast to the dogs-কেৰিয়া দেখা; Reject.

Cast to the winds—অপ্রাঞ্জ-কু, হুছ্ক-কু, Reject; utterly divigated — টুংবা টুক্বা কবা, বাটিবা কেবা; Disperse into shreds, sweep away.

Cast up—গণনা কু; To compute; to reckon:— ব্যান-কু; উৎক্ষেপ করা, To somit

Cast up account, Cast accounts—হিমাৰ-কু, Throw together several items to find the sum Cast young—গভন্তাৰ-ই, To miscarry, to suffer abortion.

The die is cast—হাতের টিল ছোড়া হইয়াছে, The decisive step is taken and there is no drawing back:—হাতা করা হইয়াতে তাহা আর ফিরাইবার যো নাই, The thing is done and cannot be undone now.

To cast in one's teeth—ভিবস্থার-ড়; নিৰা কর', To upbraid.

To cast in one's lot with any one—কাহাৰত সহিত কোন কাৰ্য্যে যোগ দেওৱা; সমত্যুংৰভোগকাৰী হওয়ো; To take one's chance with; to join one; to share in common with.

To cast wistful looks on - ইংবুকা সহকাৰে বাহা করা; To desire earnestly or longingly.

Cast, kast, n নিকেপ, Act of casting, a throw:
—নিকিপ্ত ৰস্তু, The thing thrown.—নিকেপের
দূরত্ব; The distance through which any thing is
thrown:—অকপাত; Throw of dice.—সুযোগ;
A chance; venture:—আকৃতি; গঠন; Form;
shape:—ভাঁচ, ভাঁচে চালা সুবেয়ৰ আকার, A mould;
the form received from a mould:—বৰ্ণ; প্ৰথ আভা; A tinge:—বীডি; হাৰভাব; আকৃতি;
Manner; air; mien:—কৌলন; A stroke, touch,
or trick:—কটাক; আড়ে গৃষ্ট; A motion or turn
or squint as of the eye:—বাটকের ভিন্ন ভিন্ন অভিনেতৃদিগকে বটন; The assignment of the various parts of a play to the several actors.

Cast of the dice—অকনিকেপ; পালা বেলা;

Cast of the dice—অকানকেণ; পাণা ধেলা; অনুষ্টের ভবিভবা বিষয়; A throw of the dice; hence, anything that may chance to turn.

Cast of the eye—আড় ন্যন; A squint. [effort. The last cast—নেব উদান; All ventured on one Cast-iron, n. ছাচে চালা লোহ; Iron melted from the ore, and run into moulds.

Castaway, kastawa, n. পাণাসক ব্যক্তি; A reprobate:—পরিভাক্ত ব্যক্তি; সনাজচ্যুত ব্যক্তি; One cast away; an out-cast:—a. পরিভাক্ত; Useless; rejected.

Caste, kast, n. [L. castus, pure, unmixed.]
44 wife; One of the classes into which society
in India is divided.

Lose caste—ৰাতিচাত বা কাতিজ্ঞ হ।

Castellan, kastel-an, n. ছগাঁথিপতি; ছর্গেন; Governor or captain of a castle.

Castellated, kastel-at-ed, a শিশ্ব যুক্তি ; Adorned with turrets and battlements, like a castle Caster, kaster, n. নিকেপ কারক, One who casts:
— দ্র্যাদির ব্রো, A small wheel on the legs of furniture.— অধিষ্ঠাতা, A founder — গণক, A calculator — p/. আচাব, শিরকা প্রভৃতির ছোট ছোট শিশি, Small cruets.

Castigate, kasug-at, v. t [ L. castigo, castigatus, from castus, purc. ] কলাবাত-কৃ, সংশোধনকৃ. তিবন্ধাব-কৃ; দমন করা; To punish by stripes,
to chastise; to correct, to chasten, to check.

Castigation, kastig-a'shun, n. বেলাখাত; সভ; Punishment by whipping; chastisement:— ভাসনা; Reproof; severe animadversion.

Castigator, kastig-at-or, n. লাজিদাতা; দশু-দাতা; One who castigates. [Corrective. Castigatory, kastig-ato-ri, a. নংশোধনকাৰক; Casting, kasting, n. নিজেপ; Throw.—ছাচ, Mould:—ছাচে চালা, Act of moulding.

Casting-net, n. কেণনি; কেণ্না কান, A net which is cast and drawn, in distinction from a net that is set and left.

Casting-vote or voice—মীমাংসা কারক সভাপতির মত, সভাপতির অতিবিক্ত মত; মত-ভেদ সলে ছুই পক্ষের মত-সংখ্যা সমান হইলে সভাপতি বে মত দিয়া এক পক্ষের মত-সংখ্যা বৃদ্ধি করত: উপস্থিত বিষয়ের মীমাংসা করেন; A vote that decides when the votes are equally divided; the decisive vote.

Castle, kasl, n. [L. castellum, dim. of castrum, a fortified place.] ছুৰ্গ; A fortress; a fortified place:—ধনী লোকেৰ বাসহান; বড় লোকেৰ আটালিকা; The house or mansion of a nobleman or a prince.

Castle in the air, #. আকাশ-কুসুম ; কোন অমূলক অসম্ভব উচ্চ বিষয়ের কল্পনা ; নাথ চীকার খপন ; মনে মনে নলা ভাগ ; আন্মানে অটালিকা ; A visionary project ; an empty scheme.

To build eastles in the air—(कान चम्लक विषय कन्नमा-इ ; लांथ होको चग्न (प्या ; To form visionary project.

Castle-builder, #. ৰে বাকি অসাধ্য সাধন কৰিছে কল্পনা কৰে; ৰে আকাশ কুহুম দেখে; One who forms visionary projects. Castor, kastor, n. [ L.—Gr. kastor; cf. Sans. kasturi, musk.] উদ্বিড়াল; The beaver:—উদ্বিড়াল পাত্ৰ প্ৰস্তুত উন্ন গদ্ধবিশিষ্ট বস্তু: A strong smelling substance taken from the body of the beaver:—উদ্বিড়ালের লোকের টুপি; A hat made of its fur.

Castor-oil, kastor-oil, n. এবঙ ভৈন ; বেড়ীব ভেন ; A medicinal vegetable oil.

Castrate, kastrat, v. i. বোজা- র : মুক্তেছ্ন- র ;
দাম্ডা করা ; To emasculate :— আসম্পূর্ণ করা ; To
take from or render imperfect. n. = Castration—মুক্তেদন ।

Casual, kazhū-al, a. আকসিক; অনৃইপুৰ্ক; Accidental; fortuitous; unforeseen:—সময়ে সময়ে ভণাইত; অনিয়ত; Occasional; incidental. Syn. =accidental, incidental, contingent, uncertain, occasional, fortuitous.

Casual leave—হঠাৎ কোন কাৰণে ছই এক দিনের Casually, ad. হঠাৎ; দৈবাৎ; কংন কখন; Accidentally; occasionally.

Casualty, kazhūal-ti, अ. रिनयफेना; इंग्डिना; Accident; that which falls out; contigency:— युष्ठा; पूर्वहेना; Death, misfortune.

Casuist, kazhu-ist, n. ধৰাধৰ বিচাৰক ; One who studies and resolves cases of conscience.

Casuistry, kazhū-ist-ri, n ধর্মাধর্ম বিচার বিদা; কর্ত্তব্যকর্ত্তব্য বিচার বিষয়ে কুট তত্ত্ব; The science or doctrine of cases of conscience.

Cat, kat, n. মাৰ্কাৰ; বিভাল; A common domestic animals:—বেজ; A kind of whip.

A cat has nine lives—বিভাগ কিছুতেই ৰছে ৰা; বিভাবেৰ বড় কঠিন প্ৰাণ; A cat is very much tenacious of life.

Let the cat out of the bag—কোনও গুল্থ কৌনৰ ৰা বিষয় প্ৰকাশ-কু; মন্ত্ৰভেদ-কু; Disclose a trick or secret.

Sick as a cat—Very much subject to vomiting. To bell the cat—upe ধৰা; সাধাৰণেৰ কাৰো মাধা-দে; অস্তেৰ অন্ত সমূহ অনিইপাত সন্তাৰনা কীকাৰ কৰা, To risk one's own life to save others: to undertake great personal risks for the sake of others.

It is raining cats and dogs, To rain cats and dogs—মুস্পধাৰে বৃষ্টি হওয়া; It is incessantly raining. [ কৰে, They are always quarrelling. They live cat and dog—ভাহাৰা সৰ্কা বিষাদ Cat-call, Cat-pipe, n. A squeaking instrument, to interrupt play at a theatre.

Cat-eyed, a. विज्ञानां ; की हारका।

Cat-kin, n. পুল বিখেষ; A kind of flower.

Cot-o'nine-tails, n. ৰেজ বিশেষ; কণা; কোড়া; A whip with mne lashes, used for punishing offenders.

Cat-nap, n. কাকাল অন্ত নিঞা; A short sleep. Cat's-paw, n. ৰঞ্চিত ব্যক্তি; A dupe; the tool of another.

Make a cat's paw of—এক জনেৰ ৰাখা ধাইছা নিজেৰ কাৰ্য্য উদ্ধাৰ কৰা; Make another a tool, use another as an instrument for accomplishing one's own purposes.

Cataelysm, kata-klizm, n. [Gr. kataklysmes kata, downward, klysein, to wash or dash.]

वड़ा ; बन्धारम ; Deluge ; a flood of water. a.= cataclysmal.

Catacomb, ka'a-kūm, n. গর্ভন্থ স্বাধি; তুর্গর্ভন্থ স্বাধি স্থান; A burying place underground; a hollow or cave underground used as a burial. Syn.=Crypt, vault, tomb.

Catafalco, kat-a-falko, Catafalque, kata-falk, n. গোষাবা; A temporary structure of carpentry, representing a tomb used in funeral solemnities.

Catalepsy, kat-a-lep-si, n [ Gr. from kata down, lambano, lepsomai, to seize. ] মোহণীড়া; মুহাবোগ; পহাধাড; A disease in which motion and sensation are suddenly suspended.

Catalogue, ka'a-log, n. Gr. from kata, down, logos, a counting. ] নামাবলি পুত্তক; মাম প্ৰভৃতিৱ ভানিকা; A list of name, books &c:—vi. নামাবলী প্ৰস্তত-কৃ; ভালিকাভুক্ত ধ্বা; ক্ষ ক্বা; To make a list of names &c; to put in a catalogue. pr. p.=Cataloguing, pa. a=Catalogued.

Catamaran, kat-a-ma-rań, n. ভেলা, ভেলাক, উদ্ভূপা; A kind of raft used by the natives of India and Brazil.

Catamenia, kat-a-méni-a, n. [Gr. fr kata, back, again, and men, month.] খ্ৰালে'ডেয় বড়; The monthly course of females; menstrual discharges.

Cataplasm, n. পুলটিन : Poultice.

Catapult, kata-pult, n. [ L. catapulta—Gr. katapultes—kata, down, pallo, to throw. ] প্ৰস্তুৰ কোণাৰ্থ পূৰ্বকালেৰ ব্যৱহৃত যদ্ধ, furnity anciently used for throwing large stones, arrows &c.

Cataract, kara-rakt. n. [Gr. kata, down, arasso, to dash, to rush.] প্ৰবণ; জনপ্ৰপতি; নিৰ্মাণ, A disease of the eye.

Catarrh, kat-ar', n. [L. catarrhus, Gr. katarrhoos—kata, down, rheo, to flow] 举以; (予明; 利格; A cold in the head, causing a running at the nose; a discharge of fluid from a mucous menbrane, especially of the nose, caused by cold in the head. a.=catarrhal.

Catarrhal, ka-tarhal, a. দক্ষি দংকীয় , ার্দি কর্তৃক উৎপত্ন : Pertaining to catarrh ; produced by it, or attending it.

Catastrophe, kat-a'trō-fē, n. [Or. kata, down, strepho, to turn] অন্তিম ঘটনা; বিপত্তি; বিপংপাত; A final event; a calamity. Syn.—misfortune, mishap, mischance; winding up, upshot, finale. Catoal, catoall, katkawl, n. অভিনয় বন্ধ কৰিবাৰ কাৰ্যাগোৰে ব্যক্ত বন্ধ, A squeaking instrument used in theatres to condemn plays.

Catch, kach, v. t. [Picard cacher, for O. F. cachier, to chase, fr. L.L. caciare, fr. L. captare, freq. of capere, to take, lay hold of. ] ধরা; To seize suddenly:—পাশবদ্ধ-কু; কাঁপে-ডু; To insnare; to trap or insnare; to entangle:—বিভাৱ-কু; To communicate to:—মুদ্ধ-কু; বগাঁপুত-কু; To charm:
—ম্ভাৰ বাবা প্ৰ-কু; To take by infection:—
ভাড়িয়া প্ৰয়া; To snatch:—ইঠাৎ উপস্থিত ভ্ৰয়া;
To come upon unexpectedly:—পভাং বাইয়া ধ্ৰা;

To overtake; to seize after pursuit:— ৩.৫.
সংক্রামিত-২; To communicate; to spread by infection; to be contagious:— (সংস-মা; To be held or impeded by entanglement or slight obstruction. pa. t. and pa. p.=caught (kawt), pr. p.=catching. Syn.= Lay hold of, capture, apprehend, snatch, captivate, grasp, arrest.

Catch a glimpse of—আভান পাওয়া কটাক লাভ-ক : Obtain a faint or short view of

Catch a Tartar— মুর্বলবোধে শক্তকে আক্রমণ করিয়া শেষে বিপদপ্তর হওয়া; To lay hold of or encounter a person, who proves too strong for the assailant. Catch a woasol asloop—কোন বাজিকে অমনো-যোগী দেখিতে পাওয়া; To find a person carcless. Catch at (or Grasp at)—ব্যক্তমণ্ড ইয়া ধরিতে বাওয়া; Endeavour to seize cagerly:—পাইবার জন্ম ব্যাই হওয়া; Be cager to get.

Catch cold ( Catch a cold )— সর্দ্ধি লাগা ; Be affected with cold. [ grip.

Catch hold of—ধৰা; Seize with the hand; Catch one in the fact—ছম্ম করিবার সময় কাহাকে ধরা; হাতে হাতে ধৰা; Catch one while doing something that is vicious; catch one in the very act of committing a crime.

Catch one tripping—ড়ক্মকালে কাছাকে ধৰা:
Direct one taking a false step:—পদখনৰ হইতে দেবা; Catch one taking a false step or falling:
—কোন লোক কোন পোৰ বা অম ক্ৰিডেছে দেবিয়া
ভাহা ধ্বিয়া দেব্যা; Detect one in committing an error or a mistake.

Catch one nipping—আন্তর অমনোযোগ বগতঃ নিবের হ্যোগ ব্যত-কু; To gain an advantage over one, through his mattention

Catch sight of — প্ৰথম দৰ্শন লাভ কৰা; Obtain the first view of.

Catch the contagion—সংস্থাক বোগ ছাবা আক্রান্ত-হ; To become affected by a contagious disease:—সংশাদে কোন বোগালত ২০ছা; Be affected with some disease by contact:—সহাত্ত্তি প্রযুক্ত কুপ্রকৃতির অনুসাধী ২০ছা; Be subject to some evil influence by sympathy.

Catch the eye of— অত্যের দৃষ্টি বা নানাবোৰ আকৰ্ষণ করা; Attract one's eye; engage one's attention. Catch the spirit of—সমাৰ ভাৰ.পুর হওয়া; Be inspired with the same feeling as those engaged in:—প্রকৃত ভাৰ বুঝা; Comprehend the true meaning of.

Caught red-handed—ছদৰ্শন কৰিবাৰ স্থান ধৰা; হাতে হাতে ধৰা; Caught in the very act.

Caught in an ambuscade—গুৱহানে আৰম্ভিত শাক কৰ্তৃক হঠাৎ আজ'ন্ত ; Surprised or attacked suddenly by an enemy lying in ambush.

Catch, kach, n. বৃতি; Seizure:—জাকড়ি; ঝিল, জাকড়া; Anything that seizes or holds; that which is caught:—সাড; সুবিধা; Gain; profit; advantage.—সুযোগ এইণ; অকসাং সমুপাগত সুবিধা; A passing opportunity seized and improved; a sudden advantage taken:—কাকবারে মতাতি ধ্বা বায়; The whole quantity caught at once:—মেই সলীত, বাহাব অংশ ভিন্ন ভিন্ন গানকে গায়; A song, the parts of which are caught up by different voices.

By catcher— অবলাশরাধ ; একটু একটু কবিয়া।
Catching, a. সংকাষক , ভাৰ্কাশক ; Contagious.
Catch-penny, kach'pen-s, n. নাববিধীন পুৰুক্ ;
গ্ৰনা ক্ডাইবাৰ কলি , Something worthless, especially a publication, intended merely to gain money :—a. অজ লোক ভুলাইয়া পরসা কুডাইবাৰ অপুরুপ; অসার ; Made to gain money; worthless.

Catch-penny production—অর্থোপার্কন বস্ত প্রাণীত অকিন্টিংকর পুরুক, Books having no worth or value to gain money

Catch-poll, kachpul, n. শান্তিবক্ষক; কনষ্টেৰল, টোকিদাৰ, A constable.

Catch-word, kachwurd, n. পৰ পুঠা লিখিত পূৰ্মপুঠাৰ শেষ কথা, পূৰ্মপুঠাৰ নিম্নে লিখিত এবং পৰ
পুঠাৰ এখন কথা, The first word of a page given
at the bottom of the preceding page—নটাদিব
কথা নিৰ্দিষ্টাংশেৰ শেষ শৰ্ম, অভিনেতৃদিগেৰ শেষ
কথা: Among actors, the last word of the preceding speaker; cue—সম্প্ৰদায়ৰ বিশেষ কথা,
A word or phrase caught up and repeated for
effect, as the catch-word of a political party &c
Catchup, kachup, Catsup, kachup, Kotchup, kechup, n. তামুলি বিশেষ; A liquor extracted from mushrooms, used as a sauce, a
sauce made from mushrooms, tomatoes, walnuts &c

Catochetic, kat-e-kerik, Catechetical, kat-e-kerik-...l, a প্ৰদেশ্য সংক্ষা , Relating to cate-chism ad ~ Catechetically

Catechiao, kate-kir, v t [Gr katechizo, kate-cleo to din into the enis-katz, down, echeo, to sound ] প্ৰয়োভৰ ব্যা শিকা দেওছা. To instruct by asking questions, and correcting the answers—প্ৰা কিন্তানা-ক. To question or interregat.—পৰীম্বা কৰা, To examine—শ্ৰম ৰা কঠবৰ সংযোগে শিকা দেওছা, To teach by sound, or by the voice pr p = Catechising, pa. p = Catechised Syn = Interrogate, question, examine

Catochism, ka'e-kizm, n. প্ৰশেষৰ বীডিজ'ৰে উপদেশ, A form of instruction by means of questions and answers—প্ৰশোভবৰাৰা, মূৰ পুখকেৰ প্ৰশোভৱ ৰট; A book containing a summary of principles in the form of questions and answers.

Catochist, ন. ধর্মোপদেশক; প্রয়োভ্য ছারা ধর্ম-শিকাদাতা, One who instructs in the principles of religion; one who catechises.

Catechu, kat-e-ku, (কাটেডিউ) n. বণিব; বংগৰ, A brown, vegetable extract, obtained in India Catechumen, kat-e-kumen, n. [Gr. kate-choumenos, being taught, p. of katecheo, to teach.] ক্লীয় ধৰ্মান্ত্ৰের এবন শিকাৰী, One who is receiving rudimentary instruction in the doctrines of Christianity; a neophyte. Syn.=Pupil, disciple, neophyte, proselyte.

Categorical, kat-e-górik-al, a. অযোগ; অস-বিশ্ব, মতা; লাই: হুবিনিড, Positive; absolute; express; not relative, without exception. Syn.= positive, absolute, express, explicit, direct, plain, emphatic.

Category, kate-gor-i, n. [Gr. kategoria-kata', ]

down, against, agoreuō, to declare.] n. সমাৰ বৰ্গ; কৌৰাৰ; In logic, a predicament; a class; order:—ব্যৱা; দৰা; State; condition or predicament. Syn.—class, division, rank, order; predicament, condition, state, situation, plight. Ostonarian, kate-narian, Catenary, kate-nary, a. [L from catena, a chain.] স্থাবেৰ বড়; শুখ্ল-সৰ্জীয়; Relating to a chain.

Catenary, kate-na-ri, n. বজুব ছই প্ৰান্ত বন্ধ কৰিলে তাহাব দোহলাশান ম্বাতাগৈ যে বক্ৰ বেৰা উৎপদ্ধ হয়, A curve line, formed by a rope or chain suspended by both ends, and hanging freely. Cater, kā'ter, v. া ধালাদি সৰবৰাহ-ক; আহাৰ যোগান; খাল্যৱন্য ক্ৰ-ক; To provide food; to

buy provisions; purvey. Catorer, ka'tir-er, n. (व बांगाजव) (बांगांव; Purveyer:—Fem=Cateress.

Catorpillar, kater-pilar, n. ভটাপোকা, প্ৰভাপতি হইবার পুর্বের অবস্থাপন্ন কটি, A grub that lives upon the leaves of plants; the larve of a butterfly.

Caterwaul, kátér-wawl, v. i. বিড়াবের স্থায় শব্ কবা . To make a noise like cats.

Cates, n. catz, n pl. হ্বাছ বাদ্য; Dainty food. Catgut, katgut, n উড়ি; বাদ্যৱেব ভাব; চৰ্দ্ৰসূত্ৰ, A string for musical instrument made of the entrails of animals.

Cathartic, kath-artik, Cathartical, kathartik-al, a. বেচক; কোঠ পরিধারের শক্তিন্মবিভ; Purgative.

Cathartic, n. विरयुष्क खेवब ; A purgative medicine.

Cathodra, ka-the-dra, n আসন A chair, e.p., the seat of one in authority.

Cathodral, kath-c'-dral, n [L. cathedra—Gr kathedra, a seat ] প্রধান পিজা; প্রধান ধর্মান্তব্য মন্দির, The principal church of a diocese in which is the seat or throne of a bishop—a. প্রধান পিজা সম্পাম, Pertaining to the head church of a diocese, belonging to the cathedral, as, a cathedral church —শাসনাস্থল, Authoritative; official; as, the cathedral determination—প্রধান পিজার পার্থসম্পীম, Emanating from the chair of office, as of a pope or bishop.

Catholic, kathol-ik, a [Gr katholikos, universal-kata, throughout, holos, the whole ] সাক্তিম, সাক্তিমি, সাক্তিমিক, Universal; general, as the catholic faith —উদাৰ, Liberal, as catholic tastes — হোমান কাৰ্থনিক সম্প্ৰীয়; প্ৰীষ্টানদিগের প্রাচীন সম্প্রদায় সম্প্রদায় সম্প্রদায় স্বাচীন ক্রমায়; Catholic emancipation:—n. বোমান কাৰ্যিক ধর্মমতাব্দর্যী; An adherent of the church of Rome Syn = a. General, whole; liberal, charitable, tolerant, unsectarian; Romish, Papist.

Catholicism, ka-thon-sizm, Catholicity, kath-olicit, n. সাধারণত্ব; সার্ক্তানতত্ব; Universality — এটান ধর্মাবলত্ত্বীদিনের সাধারণ মত; রোমান কাথনিকদিনের ধর্মাবত; The onthodox faith of the whole Christian church—রোমান কাথনিক বর্ম; The tenets of the R. C Church:—উদারতা, Breadth of view, liberality.

Uatholicon, ka-tholi-kon, n. সর্ববোদনাকর বাদ; A remedy for all diseases; a panacea. Catoptrio, kat-op'trik. n. [Gr. from katoptron, a mirror—kata, against, optomai, to see. ] প্রতিক্ষিত আলোক-বিদ্যা সম্প্রকীয়; Relating to vision by reflection

Catoptrics, kat-op'triks, n. sing. आत्वाक-विका : The part of optics, which treats of reflected light. a.=Catoptric, catoptrical.

Catspaw, Catkin, &c.-See cat

Cattle, ka'l, n. pl. [O. Fr. catel. chatel—Low. L. captale, orig. capital property is general, then esp. animals. L. capitalis, chief—caput, the head, beasts in early times forming the chief part of property. ] গৃহপানিত পত; পো. মেন. ভাগ ইত্যাদি; The bovine species; beasts of pasture Cattle-pen, kattl-pen, n. প্রশাসা; খোমাড; Pen for cattle.

Cattle-show, ka'tl-shō. n পত্ৰেমা; পত্ৰেদৰ্শনী; An exhibition of domestic animals for prizes. Caucasian, kaw-káshan, n ক্ৰেমিয়াৰ জাতি; One belonging to the Indo-European race, originating near Mount Caucasus.

Caucus, kaw'kus, n. বাছানৈতিক সভা; সভানিশ্লাদক সমিতি; A preparatory meeting for political purposes; a party combination or meeting for influencing elections, esp. in Amer

Caudal, kaw'dal.a. পৃদ্ধনৰজীয়: পুচ্চন স্কীয়, পৃচ্চ-বিশিষ্ট: নপুচছ; Pertaining to the tail of an animal; having a tail or something like onc.

Caudle, kaw'dl, n. [ L. calidus, hot. ] পীডিড-দিগের নিমিত উক্ষ পানীয়; A warm drink for sick persons; a warm drink given to the sick.

Caught, kawt, pa t. and pa. p. of Catch.
Caul, kawi, v. f O Fr. cale, a little cap, Celt.
calla, a veil, hood. ] স্থীলোকের মাগার জাল; চুল
বাঁধিবার জাল; Net or covering for the head.—
অন্তাবেইন; গচবেহন; ন্ত্ৰীলোকের গতেঁর ভিডরকার
এক প্রকার পাত্রা কুক; Omentum; the membrane
covering the head of a child when born.

Cauldron-See caldron.

Cauliflower, kaw'li-flow-er, n. [L. caulis, cabbage, and flower.] स्नकिंग; A variety of cabbage.

Caulk-See calk.

Causal, kawźal, a. কারণ সম্মীয়; কারণিক; হেতু সম্মীয়, সহেতুক, নৈমিত্তিক; Relating to or expressing cause. ad.=causally.

Causality, kawzal-i-tī, n. কাৰণছ; বেডুছ; কাৰণেৰ কাৰ্য্য; The agency of a cause:—কাৰণ বিৰ্দেশ কৰিবাৰ শক্তি; The supposed faculty of tracing effects to their causes.

Causation, kawz-á-shun, n. কাৰণড়; কাৰ্যকাৰণ ভাৰ; The act or power of causing or producing:—কাৰ্য্য বা কলেৰ উৎপাদন; The bringing about of an effect.

Causative, kawža-tiv, a. হৈত্ক; কার্বোংপাদী; Expressing a reason; causal; producing an effect:—উৎপাদক; Affecting as a cause, causing. ad.—causatively.

Cause, kawz, n. [ L. causa. ] (नांकच्या ; A law-suit ; a legal action :--काय्य ; त्क्यू ; That which

is the occasion of an action; reason; ground:
—কাৰণ; That which produces an effect:—পক;
Object, side:—অভিনাৰ বা প্ৰবোভৰ; Motive or inducement:—v. t. উপোগৰ-ক; জীবিভ বাহিছে বাধ্য কৰা; To effect by agency, power, or influence; to produce; to make to exist, to bring about. Syn.—Suit, action, case, origin, source, spring, creator, agent, producer; agency, reason, motive; inducement, incitement, consideration, account; purpose, object, end; undertaking, enterprise.

Efficient cause—বিশিত কাৰণ; The agent that is conspicuous in producing a change or result. Final cause—অভিযেত কাৰণ; The end, design, or object for which anything is done.

Material cause—সমবামী কাৰণ : উপাদান কাৰণ ; That of which anything is made.

Primary cause—আদি কারণ, Original cause. Expouse the cause of, Take up the cause of—কাহাৰত পক অবলয়ন করা, To take the side of a person or party, take up a particular question or controversy with a view to maintain it. In the cause of—পকে, অস্কুলে, কতে, On behalf of, in support of, in the interest of.

Make common cause with—এবই উদ্দেশ্তে অন্তের দহিত (ধার্গ-দে, Join any one in the pursuit of the same object.

The ostensible cause -- নিৰ্দেশিত অথ্য অপ্ৰকৃত ক্ৰেণ বা হেডু, A reason held forth or avowed, but not the real one.

Causeless, kawiles, a অক্রণ, কারণপুঞ্; অনর্থক; Having no cause. n.=causelessness; ad.= causelessly.

Causeway, kawiwa. Causey, kawie, n. [O. Fr. caucie. Fr. chaussee—L. calciate—calx, chalk, because built with mortor.] উচ্চ বাছা বাছা, বাধ, ছাছাৰ. A raised road; way paved, a pathway raised and paved with stone.

Caustie, kawitik, a [L.—Gr kaustikos—kaio, kauso, to burn.] দাইক, দক্ষকাৰক, Burning, corrosive — দ্পতিটো; দপ্দান্তিক, ক্ৰেপ্যাক; Severe, sarcastic —n. দক্ষকাৰক পদাৰ্থ, কাষ্ট্ৰিক; A substance that wastes away the flesh; nitrate of silver. Syn.—Corrosive, acrid, verulent, stinging, cutting, pungent, sarcastic, severe, keen, biting.

[Quality of being caustic.

Causticity, kaws-tisi-ti, n. পাছকতা , দশ্ধকাৰিতা; Cauterisation, kaw-tér-iz-Z'shun, Cauterism. kaw'tér-izm, Cawtery, kaw'tér-i. n. উত্তপ্ত লৌহ বাবা দহন; The act of burning with a hot iron:
—কতিব বা তপ্ত লৌহ বাবা দশ্ধকৰণ; A burning with caustics or a hot iron.

Cauterise, kaw'ter-iz, v. t. [Fr cauteriser—Gr. kauter, a hot iron—kaio, to burn. ] তপ্ত নৌহ ঘাৰা ৭%-কু; পোড়া লোহাৰ ছাঁচো দেওৱা; To burn with a hot iron.

Caution, kaw'shun, n. [Fr. L. cautio—caveo, to beware.] সাৰধানতা; পৰিপাৰদৰ্শিতা; Heedfulness; provident care; forethought:—ভাষিন: Security; guarantee:—সভক্তিৰণ; Warning—উপকেন, প্ৰামৰ্শ; Precept; advice; exhortation; counsel:—v. t. সভক্-ক; To warn. pr. p.e.

cautioning. pa. p.=cautioned. Syn.—Fore-thought, forecast, heed, watchfulness, anxiety, circumspection; counsel, advice, admonition.

Cautionary, kaw'shun-ar-i,a সভৰ্কজাৰী, সভৰ্কজাপূৰ্ব; Containing warning:—প্ৰতিভূষক্লপ প্ৰসন্ত;
পাণ্যৱণ সন্ত; Given as a pledge.

Cautious, kaw'shus, a. সাৰধান; বিম্বাভাবী; সভৰ্ক; পৰিণামদৰ্শী; Careful; watchful; prudent; circumspect. n ==cautiousness ( অৰধানশীলতা); ad ==cautiously ( সাৰধানে। Syn. = Circumspect, vigilant, careful, thoughtful, anxious, discreet, heedful.

Cavalcade, kaval-kad, त. [Gr. kaballes, a horse, a nag.] ज्यादवाशीमित्तव मन, A train of persons on horseback .-- ज्यादवाशीमित्तव याद्या, A procession of horsemen.

Cavalier, kav-al-et', n. অবাবোহী সৈনিক; A knight; an armed horseman:—আন্বোদনির বে'জা; A gay, sprightly, military man:—প্রথম চার্ল্যের পকাববারী; A partisan of Charles I. —a প্রথম, Gay — সাংগী; যুজ্পিস; Brave; warlike — গর্মিত্ত, দান্তিই, Haughty; disdanful, as, cavalier behaviour —প্রথম গ্রেম্মের সঙ্গন স্থান্তির, Relating to the party of king Charles I Syn =Gay, debonar, gallant, brave, warlike, haughty, arrogant, insolent, suspercitious ad = Cavalierly.

[troops, horse-soldiers]

Cavalry, kaval-ri. n স্বাবোহী সৈক, Mounted Cave, kāv, n [Fr I. cave.u—cavus, hollow] গৰ্ভ, গ্ৰেব , গুলা; A hollow place in the earth; den, —v i. গ্ৰেবে ধান-কু, To dwell in a cave —v. f গৰ্ভ-কু, To hollow or scoop out.

Cave dwellers—ইভিংগিক কালের পূর্মবর্গী জহাবাদীগণ। [ধীকাব করা।
Cavo in, দা ধনিয়া পড়া, ভাঙ্গিয়া পঢ়া, বাধাতা
Cavoat, kg've-at, দ [L. cavev, to take care]
(Int. I.et him take care) নিবেৰ আজা-পত্ত,
বিশেৱাশ্যে বিশাৱ-কাৰ্য্য ছিলিড বাধিবাৰ আদেশ-পত্ত,
A notice to some officer not to do a certain act
until the interested party is heard in opposition — সংবাদ দান বা সভকীকৰণ, A notice or
warning.

Cavendish, kaven-dish, n. আর্ক্তিক ভাষাক . Tobacco moistened and pressed into quadrangular cakes.

Cavern, kavein, n. [ L. caverna—cavus, hollow] বৃহৎ শুহা, গভাৱ গঠ, A deep hollow place in the earth. [ of caverns.

Cavernous, kavernus, a. প্ৰৱন্য , সগজেৰ , Full Caviare, Caviar, kav-i-dr', n বৃৎস্ত বিশেষের লগাজ ডিৰ , প্ৰশাক মৃৎস্ত-ভিৰ হুইতে প্ৰস্তুত ধালা বিশেষ, An article of food made from the salted ioes of the sturgeon &c.

Cavil, kavil, v. t. [O. Fr. caviller—L. cavillor, to practise jesting, cavilla, jesting.] বিখ্যা দোবাৰোপ-কৃ, সামান্ত অসার আপত্তি উপস্থিত করা, To raise captious objections; to carp at; to make empty, trifling objections:—অপ্রকৃত বৃদ্ধি অদর্শন করা; To use false arguments. pr. p.—Cavalling pa. p.—Cavilled.—n. বিখ্যা ঘোষাৰোপ, তুকু আপত্তি; A false or frivolous objection.

Cavity, kavit-i, n. [ L. cavus, hollow ] 14;

ছিল, গলার; ধোল, পৃত্তপর্ভতা; A hollow place, hollowness, an opening; hole.

Caw, kaw, v. i. কাকের রব-কু, কা কা শক্ত ; To cry like a crow or raven; to cry as a crow:—
n. কাকের ডাক, কাকের শক; The cry of a crow.
n. = Cawing

Cayenne pepper, ka-en pep'per, n. (तीनमतिक; A very pungent pepper, the product of several species of Capsicum.

Cazique, ka-zek, n. আংশেধিকার আদিৰ অধি-বাদীদিগের সন্ধার; A chief in certain parts of America at the time of its discovery.

Coase, ses, v. i. [Fr resser—L ce-so, to give over, cedo, to yield, give up ] শেব হওয়া, কাছ-হ, ত্যাগ-কু. To be at an end, to stop, to give over —v t. শেব-কু, To bring to an end, to put an end to Syn =Desist, fail, discontinue, terminate, end, fail, be wanting, be extinct.

Coaseless, sēśles, a. অনবরত; অবিরাম, অবি-রত, Incessant; endless ad.—Ceaselessly.

Cedar, sedar, n পেৰদাক জাতীয় বৃক্ষ. A kind of tree —a. উক্ত বৃক্ষ নিৰ্মিত , Made of cedar.

Code, sed, v t [ i. ceda, cessum, to go away from ] সম্পা-ক, পৰিতাগ-ক, To give up; to yield, to surrender — v. i. বস্তা ধীকাৰ ক্ৰা.
To give way. Syn.=Resign, abandon, relinquish, abdicate

Coil, v. t. ছাদের ভিতর দিক আছোদন-কৃ, To overlay or cover the inner roof of a room.

Coiling, selling, n. ছালেৰ ভিতৰ দিক, The upper, interior surface of an apartment, opposite the floor; the inner roof of a room; the under covering of a roof

Celandine, selan-din, n. 喝餐 夜歌, Genus of plants of the poppy family.

Colebrant, selebrant, n. উৎসৰ সম্পাদক; One who performs a public religious rite.

Colebrate, sele-brat, v t. [ L celebro,—atum—celeber, frequented ] প্রশংসা-কৃ. গুণ কীর্ত্তন-কৃ, তা কার্ত্তন-কৃ, তা তালাজাভ; commemorate —প্রসন্ধ করা; To make famous—উংস্বাদি সম্পন্ত কৃ, To distinguish by solemn ceremonies. Syn.—Distinguish, extol, eulogize, laud, applaud, commemorate, solemnize, honour, keep.

Celebrated, selé-brated, a. বিখ্যাত ; Renowned ; famous.

Celebration, selebrashun, n. ধাৰ্ণবা; Praise:
—বধাৰিধি অনুষ্ঠান সম্পাদন; প্ৰচাৱ, Solemnisation:—উৎসৰ; Commemoration.

Celebrity, sel-ebri-ti, n. বাছি ; বৰ ; প্রতিষ্ঠা ; Fame :—বৰ্ণী ব্যক্তি ; A person of distinction, usually in the plural. Syn =Renown, honour, repute, eminence, glory, esteem, reputation.

Colority, sel-er'it-i, n. [L celer, quick, cello, Gr kello, to drive, urge on.] বেগ, শীমতা; খবা, মুখতা, Speed; swiftness; quickness; rapidity of motion. [table.

Colory, seler-i, n. পাক বিশেষ; A kitchen vege-Colostial, sel-estyal, a. [L. caelestis—caelum, heaven.] পৰ্বীয়; পূৰ্বপানী, Heavenly; dwelling in heaven:—n. ধৰ্বপানী; An inhabitant of heaven. ad = Celestially Syn = Supernal, immortal, etherial, spiritual, divine, godlike Celiao, seli-ak, a. নিয় উদ্ধ ন্যন্ত্ৰীয়, Belonging to the belly

Colibacy, seli-bas-i, or se-libas-i, n [L caelebs, single ] অসুধার, অনুচাৰহা, চির্কোধার্ব্য, A ingle life, an unmarried state

Collibate, self-bat, n. অবিবাহিত অবস্থা, The state of being unmarried —অবিবাহিত বাজি, One who is unmarried —a চিৰকৌমাধ্য সংক্ৰান্ত. Pertaining to a single life.

Cell, scl, n [ L cella, conn. with celare, to cover ] ফুড় কছ, A small room —গৰ্ড, ফুড় গম্ব, A cave, a small shut cavity —ধ্বশাসা, A religious house

Collar, selar, n ভূমির নিমন্তিত তাতার গৃহ, ভূগর্ভছ ভাতার, A room under ground, in which stories are kept

Collarage, selar-ৰা n ভাভাৰ-গৃহেৰ স্থান , ভূমিডল গৃহেৰ আন , Space for cellars — ভূমিনিমন্থ খাদ্যা গাৰ . A cell ir or series of cellars connected — ভাতাৰে খাদ্য ৱাণিখাৰ শুৰু Charge for storing in cellars —ভাভাৰ Cellars

Collaret, sel ar et n বে'ড্ম বাধিবাৰ ভাক, An orna nu tal case for holding bottles

Collular, পাঁট lar a [ L cellula a little cell ] া-তথ্য চিত্ৰপূৰ্ব Of or consisting of cells Collular mombrane—কোৰিক বিয়নী।

Celt, selt, n আ'তি বিশেষ, One of the primitive inhibitates of Southern and Western Furope,
— শেষৰ বা ধাতু কাটিবাৰ মন্ত্ৰ বিশেষ A cutting instrument of stone or metal found in ancient harrows.

Portland cement—বিশালী ৰাটী।

Cementation, sem-cut a shun, n বোগ-প্রকিষা, স বোজক, Act of comenting, the process by which iron is turned into steel, glass into procedum &c

Cometery, seme-ter-i, n [L caemeterium— Gr koimeterion—keimao, to lull to sleep] সম বি হাৰ, কৰব, সমাধি-কেন্ত, Grave-yaid, burial ground, a burry ground, church-yard

Cenobite, Conobite, scho-bit, or se'no-bit, n [L caenobita—Cir koinubios, from koinos, common, and bios, life ] पंजानी, A monk in a convent or community, in opposition to heimit or anchorite, one of a religious order living in a convent with others not alone like a hermit a—cenobitic, cenobitical

Cenotaph, scho-taf, n. [Gr kenopaphion-kenos, empty, and taphos, a tomb.] n. We-

ৰম্ব , স্বা-ৰম্ব , A monument in honour of one who is builed elsewhere

Censor, senser, n. यूगायात, यूनांकि, A pan in which incense is burnt

Consor, sensor, n. [ L. censeo, to weigh, to estimate ] বোদদেশীয় লীতি পৰিদৰ্শক, A Roman officer who numbered the citizens, taxed them and supervised their manners or morals—ছাপাধানাৰ পৰিদৰ্শক, পুত্তক সংবাদপদ্ধানিৰ মুক্তাৰিব্যৱ তথাৰথায়ক, An inspector of the public piess, an officer who examines books or newspapers before they are printed, and whose permission is necessary for their publication—
দোৰদৰ্শী সমানোচক, পোৰগ্ৰাহক, নিৰ্ক, A captious critic, one who censures of blames

Consorial, sen-so'ri al a দোষদৰ্শী, সাধাৰণেৱ বৈভিক্ক চৰিত্ৰ সংশোধন বিষয়ক, Belonging to a censor or to the correction of public morals

Consorious, sen so ri u a দোষদৰ্শী কিছা খেনা দোষাস্থ্যকী hault finding carping, expressing censure — বিশাসকে Implying, of expressing censure ad censoriously n = censoriousness

Consorship, seesor ship n IFT sqlatlucat MF Office of censor, time during which he holds office

Consorbhip of the pross - 4 said utas of the pross - 4 said utas of the pross of the prossess of the publication.

Consurable, schshin a bl a নিশাৰ্থ ডিবছার বেশা দেখী অপরাধা Blumable, faulty, cul pable ad = C nsurably n Cen urableness

Consure, sen'shui n [1 ensura, anopinion, a severe judament ensure to estimate of judge, i দিন্দা দিবছাৰ ২ দেখা Blame, it proach —-বিশ্বিক্তিৰ দিন্দা Judical sentence — ধ তৎনৰা কু, বিশাকু To blame, reprove, reproach

Consus, schous, n [I census a register ] শেশের শোকস ব্যা প্রশা, An official enumeration of the inhabitants of a country

Cont, sent, n [L centum, a hundred] এক শত A hundred — ভাষেধিকা দেশীয় সামযুজা দিশেব, An American copper coin, the value of which is the hundredth part of a dollar

Per cent- "s and , Hundred

Centage, sent 3j, n अञ्चल होद , Rate by the hundred , percentage

Cental, sental, n ২০০ পাউত পৰিষাণ ওজন, A weight of 100 lbs proposed for general adoption, legalised in 1678

Centaur, schtawr, n. মানবদেহ ও অপর অধারে অবদেহধারী কল্লিড জীব, A fabulous monster, hali-man half horse

Centenarian, n এক শত বৰ্ষ বৃষয় জীব , One 100 years old —a শতবংজীবী , Pertaining to 100 years.

Contonary, senten-ar-1, n as we, Aggre gate of too single things, a hundred will.

wast; A century; hundred years; -- a celebration occuring once in 100 years.

Centennial, sen-tehi-al, a. [ Coined from L. centum, and annum, a year. ] খত বাৰ্থিক; খড়াখিক; Happening once in a hundred year.

Centesimal, sen-tesi-mal, a. সভাবে স্থানীয়; প্ৰস্ ; Hundredth; by the roo:—n. সভন্বে; The hundredth part of anything, ad.=Centesi-maily.

Contigrade, sehti-gred, [L. centum, and gradus, a step, a degree.] শতাংশে বিভন্ত, শত ভিটিবিশিষ্ট; Graduated into too equal parts; divided into a hundred degrees, as the centigrade thermometer, in which freezing point is zero and boiling point is 100°; having hundred degrees.

Centigrade thermometer, \*. A thermometer in which o' denotes the freezing point, and 100' the boiling point of water.

Centiped, Centipede, schti-ped, schti-ped, n.[L. centum, and pes, pedis, a foot.] n. অভপদী, নাক্ক; বিভা; An insect with a great many feet. Conto, schto, n. নানা প্ৰস্থ ছইতে উদ্ভূত বচন ও গোঞাদি সকলন পূৰ্বক গঠিত প্ৰবদ্ধ; A composition formed by verses or passages from different authors.

Contral, sentral, Contrie, sentrik, Contrical, sentrik-al, a. মুখ্যায়ত, মুখ্যবন্ধী, কৈপ্ৰিক, কেন্দ্ৰ-সংবাদ, Placed at or near the middle; relating to; placed in or containing the centre. ad.= Centrally, centrically.

Centralise, schtral-iz, v f কেন্দ্রী হৃত-কৃ; মধ্যপত বা কেন্দ্র-কৃ, To bring or draw to a centre. n.= Centralisation.

Centralism, sentral-izm, n. ভিন্ন ভিন্ন ভাগেৰ থিবৰে পুৰ্বান্ত affig. The combination of several muti into one whole.

Contre, Center, senter, (সেকার) n. [Fr.—L. centrum—Gr. kentron, a sharp point, kenter, to prick.] ব্যাহল; কেন্দ্র; The middle point of anything; the middle:—v. t. কেন্দ্রাহত-কৃ; To place on a centre:—কিন্তু-কৃ; To concentrate; to collect to a centre:—v. i. কেন্দ্রাহত-হৃ; To be placed in a centre:—a ক্যানে সংযুক্ত-হৃ; To be concentrated:—pr. p.—Centring, centering; pa. p.—Centred, centered.

Contro in—সুৰত একজনের প্ৰতি বাওয়া বা অলিত হতয়া; Be exclusively directed to one; be placed wholly in one.

Contrie, sehtrik, Contrical, sehtrik-al, a. কেন্দ্রন্থি, মুখ্যমানীয় ; Placed in the centre or middle; central, middle.

Centrifugal, sen-trifu-gal, a. [ l.. centrum, and frugio, to flee from. ] কেলাপনাৰিব ; Tending to flee from the centre.

Contripetal, sen-trip'et-al, a. [L. centrum, and peto, to seek.] কেলাভিসাহিশীয়; Tending toward the centra.

Contuple, sentu-pl, a. [ L. centum, and plico, to fold. ] a. 4584719; Hundred-fold.

Centurion, seh-turi-en, n. পত বোধপতি, পত বেৰা-মায়ক: A Roman captain of 100 footsoldiers; among the Romans, the commander of a hundred men.

Century, schtu-ri, n. [ L. centuria,—centum.]
n. বত বৰ্ণ; শতাৰী; A hundred years:—বত
সংখ্যা; A hundred or something consisting of a hundred in numbers.

Century plant—The American aloe, supposed to bloom but once in 100 years.

Cephalio, se-falik, a. [Gr. kephalikos—kephale, the head.] মতক সম্ভীয়; Belonging to the head.—শিব:পাঁড়াৰ উপকাৰী; Good for the headache:—n. শিব:পাঁড়াৰ উম্ব; A medicine for headache &cc.

Ceraceous, serā'shus, a. মোমবং; মোম সমুল; Of or like wax; waxen.

Ceramic, se-ramik, a. [Gr. keramos, potter's earth, and suffix ic.] a. মুগ্ৰপাজসংখীয়; মুং-পাছ দশ্যকায়; Pertaining to pottery. [serpent. Cerastes, se-ras-tez, n. মনুস্সৰ্গ; A horned Cerate, se'rat, n. মূল্য ; A thick cintment composed of wax and oil.

Cere, ser, v. t. [L. cera; cog. with Gr. keros, Gael. ceir, beeswax.] খোম দিয়া আবৃত-কু; To cover with wax.

Coreal, sc're-al, a. [L. cerealis—ceres, the goddess of corn or produce.] শস্ত সৰ্বনীয়; Relating to edible grain:—n. pl. শস্তানি; Any edible grain.

Cerebellum, scr-e-belum, n. মৃত্তিকের পকাস্তার ; কুল মৃত্তিক ; The hinder and lower part of the brain.

Coreberous, ন. বনের কুকুর; The three headed dog of Pluto, which guarded the gate of Hades. Corebral, ser'e-bral, a. মণ্ডিছ সংজীয়; মন্তবের পুরাই সম্ভীয়; Pertaining to the brain; pertaining to the cerebrum.

Cerebration, ম. সচেডৰ ৰা অচেডৰ অবহায় মৰিকের কিয়া; Action of the brain, conscious or unconscious.

Corobrum, ser'e-brum, n. [L. cerebrum, the brain, of which cere=Gr kara, the head, M. E. hernes, brains, Scot. harns.] মাওখের অপ্রভাগ; The front and large part of the brain.

Cerecloth, Cerement, n. 45 2414 (21441111), (214411141, A cloth dipped in melted wax in which to wrap a dead body; cloth smeared with melted wax.

Ceremonial, ser-e-mo'ni-al, a. বাজিক; Ritual;
—শিষ্টাবাৰী; শিষ্টাবাৰ সৰ্বায়; Formal in politeness; ceremonious:—n. আচায়; Outward form:—আটাৰ; প্ৰশালী; A system of ceremonies. ad.—Ceremonially.

Ceremonious, ser-e-mo'ni-us, a. এইক; Consisting of outward forms and rites:—শ্ৰহাৰিক; Civil; formally respectful:—শিহাচাৰী; Particular in observing forms; precise; formal. Syn.=Formal, punctilious, exact, percise; civil, deferential, courtly, courteous. ad.=Ceremoniously; n=ceremoniousness.

Corene Day, ser'e-mo-ni, n. [Fr.-L. caerimonie, from root kar, to make, do.] ( रहारि ) किया; पूजा; A secred rite:-- विशेषांच विशेष् Forms of civility; state etiquette Syn =Rite, form; formality, ceremonial; prescribed rule; etiquette, show, formal courtesy.

Master of ceremonies—আচাৰাৰ্ক, ৰাজনীৰ উৎসৰাদিত ৰে কৰ্মাৰী প্ৰচলিত প্ৰধানুসাৰে কাৰ্যাকলা পোৱ ক্ৰমনিৰ্দেশ কৰেন; An officer, who superintendents the forms to be observed by the company or attendants on a public occasion.

Not to stand on ceremony—নিৰ্দিষ্ট নিৰ্মাপু-স্বদ না কৰা; নিৰ্দেশ ৰাতিক্ৰম-ভূ; সাহস কৰিবা কোন কিছু না বলা।

Stand upon ceremony—লৌকিকভা-কু; লৌ-কডা-কু: Insist upon due formalities being observed. [ with contempt

Treat with small ceremony—বৃণা-কৃ; Treat Ceres, n. শক্তবেৰী; Roman goddess of corn

Certain, ser'tan, or sertin, a. [Fr certain— J.. certus, old part, of cerno, to decide.] বিশিত ; ধ্ব ; Assured in mind; sure, unquestionable, undoubted — বিশিষ্ট ; বিশ্বপিত ; Fixed or stated :—কোন : One or some — ক্ৰিকিড ; Indeterminate, or not specifically named — বিশ্বপিত ; Regular. Syn.=Ascertained, actual, real, fixed, established, positive, settled, determinate; undoubted, plain, assured, confident; regular, constant, unfailing; some, specified. ad =Certainly, n=Certainty, certitude

For certain—নিক্ৰমণে; As being sure.

Know for certain—নিক্ৰমণে কানা, Be sure

Morelly certain—বিশেষ অমাণ নাই, কিন্তু প্ৰ

শব্দ, Probable in a very high degree, though
not demonstrable.

Of a certain—বি:দিক্ষভাবে, Certainly.
Certainty, Certitude, sertin-ti, serti-tud, n.
বিভাৱা, Freedom from doubt or failure—
ত্ব বিষয়; A fact or truth unquestionably established. Syn=Sureness, assurance, reality, positiveness.

Certificate, sér-til'i-kāt, n. নিদৰ্শন পত্ৰ , জভিজান, প্ৰশংসাপত্ৰ ; A written declaration of some fact ; a testimonial :—v. ট সপ্ৰমাণ কৰা ; সাক্ষ্যাপ্ত ; To verify by, or furnish with certificate

Certify, sei'ti-fi, v t. [L. certus, and facio, to make ] বিভ্যৱশে আভ-কৃ; বিভাপিত কৰা; To inform positively — লিখিবা সাক্ষা-দে; সম্মাণ-কৃ, সভ্য কৰিয়া ৰুৱা, To declare in writing, to verify—pr. p certifying. pa. p=certified. Syn.=Attest, testify, vouch for, assure; verify, ascertain, determine; notify, advice.

Corulean, se-roo'le-an, a [L. caelum, the sky.] আকালের ভার নীলবৰ্ণ, বাঢ় নীল; সমুত্র জানের ভার সবুজ, Sky-blue, dark-blue, sea-green.

Cerumen, n. কর্ণের থোল, The wax of the ear. Ceruse, sহ'r০০s, n. এক প্রকার বৃদ্ধ; White-lead, the native carbonate of lead.

Cervical, servi-kal, a. জীবা সৰ্জীয়, Belonging to the neck. [deer. Cervine, servine, servine, servine, servine, servine, servine, servine, a. [L. caedo, ca. s, to cut ] ভ্ৰায়ু হৃত্ত সন্তান কাটিয়া বহিত্বপোষ্ঠ প্ৰজিৱা বিশেষ; The Cesarean operation is taken a

child out of the body of its mother by cutting. Coss, ses, n. कत ; कर ; A tax :—v. t. कत पान् ; To impose a tax ; to rate.

Road-cess--প্ৰক্ৰ।

Cossation, ses-Z'shun, n. বিষাম, বিজ্ঞান, নিৰুম্ভি; A rest, a pause, a stop, stay, respite. [a truce. Cossation of arms—মুক্ত নিকৃষ্টি; An armistice, Cossion, seshun, n, মন্ত্ৰী, সৰ্ভ্যাৰ ; A yielding, a surrender.

Coss-pool, sespool, n. মহলা অনের আধার: এলে পুত্র; A receptacle for liquid filth:—বর্দ্ধার প্রান্তভিত সমল অলের গহল ; A pool or hollow in which filthy water collects.

Cetaceous, seta'shus, a. তিমি ৰাতীৰ; Belonging to the whale-kind.

Chafe, chaf, v.t. [Fr chauffer—L. calefacere—caleo, to be hot, and facere, to make ] বৰ্ণা বাবা উত্তথ্যক; To warm with rubbing — বিব্যানক, উত্তেখিত-কৃ, কোৰাখিত-কৃ; To irritate; to fret; to cause to rage —v. i. বাগাৰিত কৰা; To fret or rage —n বৰ্ণা কৰিত উত্তাপ, কোড; Heat excited by rubbing —(কাড; কোড, Irritation . rage. Syn = Rub, fret; gall, proke, inflame, irritate, annoy, rage, fume.

Chafer, chaffer, n. কীট বিশেষ; A kind of beetle. Chaff, chaf, n তুষ; তুষি, আগড়া; The husks of grain; the covering of grain; refuse — তুজ বয়ঃ; তুজ বিষয়; Any thing worthless — a = Chaffy, chaffless .— তুমপূৰ্ব, Containing chaff: — আগাৰ, Light and worthless as chaff.

Chaff, chaf, v.t. বিজ্ঞপ-ভূ; To banter. u.= Chaffing (বিজ্ঞপ করণ)।

An old bird is not to be caught with chaff—বুড়ো শালিককে তুঁব দিবা বৰা বাব না, An experienced man is not to be deluded by humbug.

Chaffer, chafer, v. i. বেচা কেনা-কৃ; দৰ কলাকলি-কৃ; To bargain; to haggle about the price:— বুধা বা অন্থত গল্প-কৃ; To talk much or idly:—v t. ক্ৰ-কৃ, বিনিম্ম-কৃ; To buy; purchase, exchange. Chaffinch, chafinsh, n. মুখ্য পদ্মী বিশেষ; A little song-bird.

Chagrin, sha-greh, (প্রেমীন্) n. বিবক্তি, অন-ভোব, মন্ত্রান্তিক ছংব; Vexation; ill-humour; peevishness:—a. t. বিষয়-কু; ব্যাধিত-কু; To yex or annoy

Chain, chân, ল. পুখল শ্রেণী; নিগত, বেড়ী; A series of connected links or rings:—পুখল; বন্ধন; Anything that binds:—শ্রেণী; A series of things linked together:—পবিনাগ বিশেষ; A measure of 100 links, 66 ft. long:—শাস্ত; আধীনতা, রেশ; Bondage; affliction:—হ. হ. পুখল খাবা আছ-কু, To bind with a chain; to fasten:
শাস-কু; To enslave; to keep in slavery:—শ্রুত্বশে বোগ-কু; To unite closely and strongly, ১৮৮৯.

Confine, restrain; fetter, bind, mianacle, trammel, enslave.

Chain-bridge, ল. ব্লাব বেড়; Suspension

Chain-bridge, n. বুলাৰ সেড়; Suspension Chain-cable, chan-kable, n. নোহশুখনবিশিত কাজি, A cable composed of iron links.

Chain-gang, n. A gang of convicts chained together.

hain-pump, n. আহাৰে ৰল তুলিবাৰ ৰল; A ship pump, consisting of a long chain equipped with a sufficient number of valves or buckets moving on two wheels. [connected by a chain. hain-shot, n. স্থল-বৰ মুইনি গোলা; Two balls hains of slavery—নাসৰ স্থান।

Phe endless chain--- वन्त नृष्ठान, वर्षार वाराव अस्त्रह कहा वारा वष्ट !

Thained, chând, p. p. or a. শুখল ছাবা আৰদ্ধ বৃদ্ধ; Made fast or bound by a chain:—শুখল-ব্যুক্তিত; Connected by a chain:—বৃদ্ধ; Bound; কুডাল ; Enslaved.

Thair, chār, n. [Fr. chaire—L. cathedra—Gr. kathedra—kathesomai, to sit down.] গেকি, চেয়ার, কেনারা; A movable seat. with a support for the back:—আসন; The seat or office of one in authority:—সভাপতি; The presiding officer of an assembly.—v. t. অহোলালে সাধাৰণ সমকে কোন ব্যক্তিতে বৃহন করা; To carry one publicly in triumph.

Fo take the chair—সভাপতির আসন এহণ-তৃ। Chairman, n. সভাপতি; A presiding officer at a meeting or a board or company:—চৌক-বাহক, One who carries chair

Dhaiso, shaz. n. পকট বিশেষ; A light twowheeled carriage drawn by one horse.

Thalcedony, kal-scdō-ni, n. বেডবৰ্ণ প্ৰৱন্থ বিশেষ : A variety of quarty of a milk and water colour. a == Chalcedonic.

Chaldaic, Chaldee, a. Relating to Chaldea. Chaldron, chawldrun, n. কছবাৰ পৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A dry measure for coals, usually of 36 bushels, but varying.

Thalice, chalis, n. পাত্ৰ বিশেষ; A cup, bowl; a communion cup. a. -- Chaliced.

Dhalk, chawk, n. [ A. S. cealc, like Fr. chaux, O. Fr. chaulx. is from L. calx, limestone.] া্ৰচি , A white earthy limestone; a carbonate of lime:—v. t. চা-ৰড়ি খাবা অন্ধিত-কু; To rub or mark with chalk. a.=Chalky, n.=Chalkiness

Chalk and water-London milk.

Thalk for cheese—ভাল বস্তু বিনিময়ে মৰু বস্তু : An inferior thing for what is good; one thing for another.

Chalk out, v. গভব্য পথ বা অবলমনীয় উপায় বিধেশ-কু, To lay out ( a course ), draw out, or describe.

Challenge, chalenj, v. t. [L. calumnia, a false accusation—calui, caluere, to deceive.]
v. t. বুৰাৰ্থে আহ্বাৰ-কু; To call to a contest of any kind; to summon to fight to a duel or battle:—দাৰি-কু; To claim as one's own:—
আপত্তি-কু; দোৰ দেখা; To object to; to accuse:
n. 'বুৰা দেখি' বলিয়া আহ্বাৰ; বিবাদ কৰিছে আহ্বাৰ:
A summons to a contest of any kind:—কুৰিব সম্ভ আপত্তি: Exception to a juror:—দাৰি; Demand made of a right. Syn.—Dare, defy, brave; provoke, summon, call out; demand, require, claim; object to, question, dispute.

Challenge a jury—त्काव कावत् वृद्धिव वत्ता कारात्कव वात्र निवाब कक्ष कालक्षि कर्वा ; Object to one or more of the jurors selected, for some reason or other.

Challis, Chally—কাপড় বিশেষ; A twilled, fine woolen fabric for ladies' dresses.

Chalybeate, ka-lib'e-at, a. দৌহৰুভ; দৌহ-দিলিভ; Containing iron; impregnated with iron:—কসা; Having a taste like that of iron: n. নৌহ ঘটিভ উব্ধ; দৌহ মিল্লিভ জন; Any medicine or water containing solution of iron; a water or other liquor containing iron.

Chamber, chamber, n. [Fr. chambre—L. camera, Gr. kamara, a vault, a room; akin to Celt, cam, crooked.] n. অকোচ; কুঠুৱা; A private room:—গৰ্ড; A hollow or cavity:—বাজনৈতিক বা বণিক সমিতি; A political or commercial body:—
নিৰ্দ্ধন সান, Any retired place:—বিচারালয়: A hall of justice. Syn.—Apartment, room, hall; cavity, hollow place; legislative body:—v. i. আকোচে বাস-ক; To reside in or occupy in a chamber:—
বাসনাসক্ত-হ; To be wonton:—v. t. প্রকোচে আবছ-ক; To shut up, as in a chamber. a.—
Chambered. [behavious.

Chambering, n অষ্টানাৰ, লান্সটা; În B. lewd Chamber of commerce—ৰণিক-সভা; A board to protect the interests of commerce, chosen from among the merchants and traders of a city. [ secret council.

Chamber-council, n. হস্ত-সভা; A private or Chamber-counsel, n. নিভূত ব্যবহা ব্যবহায়ী; বে উৰিল আদালতে বস্তুতা কৰে না, কিন্তু ব্যবহা দিয়া থাকে; A lawyer, who gives his opinion in private, but does not plead.

Chamber-fellow, ল. এক গৃহে প্ৰন্তাৰী, এক গৃহপাৰী ; One who sleeps in the same chamber. Chamber lye--প্ৰসাৰ।

Chamber-maid, n. প্ৰাণৃহ দানী, পৰিচাৰিকা; A woman, who cleanses and arranges bedrooms, or waits upon a lady.

Chamber pit—पूर्वापाव ।

Chamber-practice, n. নিভূত ব্যবহা-ব্যবসায়ী;
The practice of a barrister, who gives his opinion in private, but does not appear in court.
Chamber-woman, n. দাসী; An attendant on a queen or other lady.

Chamberlain, chāmber-lān or lin, n. কছকি;
লবাপালক; One who has the charge of the chambers:—বাৰগ্যাপাল, বাৰগাটাৰ অধ্যক; One who has the charge of the private chambers of a nobleman or monarch; an overseer of the private apartment of monarch or nobleman — কোবাধাক; A treasurer or receiver of public money; treasurer of a corporation. n.—chamberlainship.

The Lord Chamberlain of England—বাস-ক্ৰাচাৰী বিশেষ; The sixth officer of the crown, who waits upon the sovereign on the day of coronation and has charge of providing all requisites for the palace and for the House of Lords during the session of Parliament &c.

Chameleon, ka-melyun, n. [ L. chamaelon-Gr. chamaelon-chamai, on the ground, leun a lion = a dwarf-lion ] কুৰুৱাৰ, বহুৰুষী; বিৰুদ্ধিই;

A lizard-like reptile, famous for changing its colour.

Chanzois, shamwaw or sha-moi', n. [Fr.—Gr. gemse, a chamois] পাৰ্কতীয় হবিণ বিশেষ; A species of antelope, living on European mountain ridges:—(মভাক্তরে) ছাগল বিশেষ; A kind of goat:—(কামল মুগচর্দ্ধ; A soft leather originally made from its skin.

Chamomile-see camomile.

Champ, champ, v. i. [ order form cham, from Scand, as in Ice kiapta, to chatter, kiapta, the law ] চৰ্মণকাৰে চোমালেৰ বাবা নটুনট পদ কৰা; To make a sharp noise with jaws in chewing; মন্ত বাবা কংশন-কু; চৰ্মণ-কু; To bite or chew:— v. t. সম্ভবাৰা ঘৰ্ষণ কৰা; পুন: পুন: চৰ্মাণ-কু; To bite with repeated action of the teeth.

Champ the bit—বাবে গাঁত কামডান; Fret impatiently ( like a horse biting the bit ).

Champagne, sham-pan, n. মণ্য বিশেষ, ভালোন; A light, sparkling wine.

Champaign, sham-pāh, a. [L. capania, a plain] সমত্ত্ব; আনাযুত; Level; open:—n. সম্ভল দেশ; An open level country.

Champion, champi-un, n. [L. campio from campus, field] মন্ত্ৰ; One who fights in single combat:—বিকাম মন্ত্ৰ; A successful combatant:—বাৰপুৰুত্ব; A hero; a brave warrior:—বুকুক; A defender:—v. t. To furnish or attend, as champion. n.=championship. Syn.=warrior, hero; defender, vindicator, protector.

Chance, chans, n. [L. cado, to fall] দৈৰ ঘটনা;
Fortuity; casualty:—আক্ষিক ঘটনা; An unexpected event; accident:—সভাৰনা; সুবিধা;
The possibility of an occurrence; possibility something happening:—ভাগা, অণুষ্ঠ; Fortune, luck:—v. i. অকুষাং সংঘটিত-ছ; দৈবাং ঘটা; To happen, come, or arrive, without expectation:—
a. হঠাং স্ঞাটিত; Happening by chance. Syn =
Accident, casualty, fortune, misfortune, fortuity, risk, hazard.

[ tional blow.

Chance blow— খনভিখেত খাঘাত; An uninten-Chance-medley, n. অকলাং আশ্বৰদাৰ্থ কোন ব্যান্তকে হত্যা করা; The killing of another in self-defence upon an unpremeditated encounter; the killing of a person by chance or in self-defence.

An eye to the main chance—খাহাতে টাকা পাজা বায়, সেই দিকে এছা ; Said of a man who is very short in his business transactions.

By chance—इंगर ; रेनवार ; Accidently ; casaually and without design.

Doctrine of chance—Probability of future events from those past.

Ringing the chances—এক কথা বিভিন্ন প্রকাষে বলা; Repeating the same thing in different way.

Take one's chance—সাহস কৰিয়া কোৰ কাৰ্ব্যে প্ৰস্তুত্ব ; কপাল ঠুকিয়া কোন কাৰ্য্য-কু ; Abide by one's lot ( in any venture ).

The main chance—প্ৰবাদ হবোগ; অৰ্থোপাৰ্জনেৰ প্ৰবিধা, The chief opportunity; the opportunity of gaining money. Try a chance, Try one's 10t—আৰুই পৰীকা-কু; Try one's fortune; see what fortune may bring by engaging in any venture.

Chancel, chansel, n. [L. cancelli, littices] (Afr.)
The part of a church, where the altar is placed.

Changellor, chansel-or, n. প্রধান বিচারক; The president of a court of chancery or other court. n.=chancellorship.

Chancellor of an university—বিধবিদ্যালমের প্রধান অধ্যক্ষ; The chief officer of a collegiate body.

Chancellor of the exchequer—কোষায়ক; Minister of finance in the House of Commons under the First Lord of the Treasury.

The Lord High-Chancellor of England, or keeper of the Great Seal—সক্ষেধান বিচাৰপতি, The highest judicial officer of the crown.

Chancery, chanseri, n. সর্প্লোচ্চ বিচারালর: A High Court of equity:—ইংল্ভের নর্বপ্রধান ধ্যাধিকরণের বে বিভাগে ওছ জায়াজায় ধরিয়া বিচার হয়; The highest court of justice next to the parliament, presided over by the Lord High Chancellor.

To get (or hold) in chancery—প্ৰতিৰ্দীৰ মতক বা ঘাড় বগণে চাপিয়া ধৰে, বাগে পাওয়া; To get the antagonist's head under one's arm, where it can be pommeled by the other fist; to have in one's power. [sore. Chancro, shańkটr, n. উপদংশ কড: A venereal Chandelier, shan-de-ler, n. Fr.—Low. L. candelaria, a candlestick,—L. candela, a candle.] দীপাধাৰ; স্বাড়, A trame with branches for holding lights.

Chandler, chand-ler, দ. ৰ'ণি বিকেনা; A candle-maker and dealer :—লোক:ৰদাৱ; ৰ্যুৰ্স্দাৱ; A dealer; a shop-keeper

Chandlery, chandler-i, n. উक् दाकिव बादमाइ जवा, भवा; Goods sold by a chandler

Change, chanj, v. t [ Fr. changer.-Late L. cambiare-L. cambire, to barter । भदिवर्श्व-कृ ; To alter; to make different :- वि । अप्र-क . To put or give one thing in place of another: to make to pass from one state to another .--টাকা ভাকান; To give one kind of money for another :--পরশাবে আদান প্রদান-কু; রূপান্তরিত-কু; To give and take reciprocally :- ज्वा विनियय-ক ; To barter ; to exchange --- v. i. পরিবর্ত্তি স-হ ; To be altered; to suffer change :- রপান্তবিত-১; To pass from one phase to another -n. 7/4-ৰৰ্ত্তন ; Variation ; alteration :-- ক্ৰমানুহৰ পৰিবৰ্তন ; मानाक्षकाद ; Vicissitude ; novelty, variety :---রগান্তব; A passing from one phase to another: —কুদ্ৰ মুদ্ৰা; বেজকি; Smaller coins of money which may be given for large pieces or bank notes : –যুত্য: Death:–ৰণিকদিগের কার্যান্তান; E<sub>λ</sub>change. Syn := (v.) Vary, modify, diversify.displace, remove; barter, exchange, commute; shift, veer, turn. (n.)=Variation, alteration, alternation, mutation, transition; variety, novelty, small money.

A change for the better—(n.) তীলৰ দিকে পৰি-বৰ্জন; A change into a state that is better or more favourable:—(v.) তালৰ দিকে আলা বা পৰি-বৰ্জন হুত্যা; Improve or mend by change.

A change for the worse—(n.) কুৰেৰ দিকে প্ৰিবৰ্ভন; A change into a state that is worse or more unfavourable:—(v.) বিকৃত বা অপকৃষ্ট ভাব-প্ৰাপ্ত-হ; Deteriorate by change.

Change conditions with—অবস্থা পৰিবৰ্তন-কৃ; অভ্যেত্ৰ অবস্থাৰ সহিত আপন অবস্থাৰ বিনিমন-কৃ; Exchange one's state or condition for that of another.

Change hands- দ্বাস্থান্ত কিছা; হাড কো; Pass from the possession of one person to that of another.

[ Convert or transform into. Change into —পৰিবৰ্ত্ত ন ৰদলান; ৰূপান্তৰ কৰা; Change masters— অন্ত বাজিব অধিকাৰে আইলে; অন্তেৰ হত্তবাত হওৱা; Come to the possession of

other persons

Change of air—( স্বাস্থ্যভাষ্ট) বাহু পরিবর্তন; স্বাস্থ্যভাবতের কর একডান ২ইতে ন্যানান্তরে গমন; A change from one place to another, where the air is more salubrious.

Change one's coat—দল পরিভাগি-দ ; Forsake one's party —মত পরিবর্ত্তন করা; Change one principles.

Change one's mind—মতলৰ কিবিয়া যাওয়া।
Change places with—অভেৰ অবহা প্ৰাপ্ত-হ;
Be placed in the position of another:—অভেৰ
হান অবন্যন কৰা; Take the place of another.

To change one's colour—পাতুৰ্ণ-ছ; ভয় কি বা লজায় মুখ বিৰণ হওয়া; To become pale out of fear or shame; to turn pale from fear or shame.

To change sides—এক পক ছাদিয়া অন্ত পকে হাওয়া; To go over from one side to another, to go over to another party.

Changeable, chānja-bi, a অন্বিত্ত ; Fickle ; inconstant :—প্রিবর্ড নালি; অনবন্ধিত ; Mutable , variable. Syn :—Mutable, variable, changeful, shifting, fickle, inconstant, unstable, unsettled, unsteady. ::—Changeableness. ad — Changeably Changeful, chānjiool, a. প্রিবর্ডনাল; অন্বিত্ত Full of change; inconstant. n=changefulness. ad = changefully.

Changeloss, chānjies, a. অপৰিবৰ্তনীয়; স্থিত্ব; Without change; constant.

Changeling, chanfling, n. উপকল্পিড বাল্ড; এক শিশুৰ পৰিবৰ্ত্তে অন্ত শিশু লইয়া বাম, A child left or taken in place of another:—চক্লচিড লোড; One apt to change; a waverer; a fool:—a. একলনেৰ পৰিবৰ্ত্তে অন্ত গৃহিড; Taken or left in place of another.

Channel, chanel, n. [Fr. chanel.] ন্দীগত:
The bed of a stream of water:—উপদাগর বা
বশবের গতীবাংল; The deeper part of a strait,
bay, harbour:—বোড; Current:—খাল; A
canal; a gutter:—বোড়; A strait:—উপায়;
Means. Syn:—Duct, conduct; gutter, furrow,
chamber, fluting; strait; avenue, way, route;
means, medium:—v. t. বাণালী খন্দ-ক; To cut
channel in; to groove.

Chant, chant, v. f. and i [ L. canto, cano, to sing.] গাল-ফু; To sing:—গীত হাবা বৰ্ণনা করা; To celebrate in song:—গানেৰ সূবে উচ্চাৱণ-ফু; To recite in a singing manner:—n. গান; মসীত; A song; melody:—ভন্তন-গীত; Words recited in a singing manner in church service.

Chanter, chanter, n. পাৰক; One who chants:
—ৰংশীধানিবিশেষ; The tenor or treble pipe of a
bag-pipe. [cock.

Chanticleer, chanti-kler. n. মোৰণ, কুই; A. Chantry, chantri, n. [O. Fr. chantrie—chanter, to sing] শীতম্পিৰ; প্ৰাৰ্থনামন্দিৰ; An endowed chapel in which masses are chanted for the souts of donors or founders.

Chaos, káos, n. [G. chaos, from chaineir, to gape] অন্তৰ্ভ ; An empty, infinite space:—
অনুপিছ; A confused shapeless mass:—স্টুর পূর্বে
অব্যবহাপিত অনুপদার্থ; Unorganised condition of matter before the creation of the universe:—
বিশ্যবভা; Confusion; disorder. [ordered. Chaotio, kā-otik, a. বিশুখন; Confused or disorder, chap or chop, n. চোমান; A gap or chink in the flesh; the jaw:—বাজি বা বালক; বেটা; A familiar term for a man or boy; as a clever chap:—ফাট; A cleft, crack, or chink:—pl. মুখ; The mouth;—v. t. ফাটান; কাটাম; To cleave, split or crack:—v i. ফাটান; কাটাম; To crack.

fr. p=chapping. pa. p=chapped, chapt.

Chap book, n. কুত্ৰ পুঁজিবা; A small kind of book or tract, at one time carried about for sale by chapmen.

Chap fallen, a. Acts; With the lower jaw drooping, dejected; dispirited.

Chapman, chap'man, n. বে কর বিজয় করে; দোকানদার, বাৰসাধী; কেডা; বিজয়কারী; One who buys or sells; a dealer; a merchant; itmerant dealer.

Chape, chap, n. [ From L. capere, to receive, certain, probably applied to Gr. ske-pe, a covering ] আছাদন; মতকাৰৱণ; A cover, a cap or hood:—আৰক্ষা; A hook:—বাহাতে অনিবোৰেৰ আগতাগ শক্ত কৰিয়া বাবে, The tip or case that strengthens the end of a scabbard; a catch.

Chapel, chap'el, n. কুম ভক্তৰালয় : A subordinate place of worship :—গায়কদল ; A choir of singers.

[ The jurisdiction of a chapel.

Chapelry, chap'el-ri, n. ধর্মনিবের এলাকা; Chaperon, shap'e-ron, n. নিবস্তাগ; টুপি; A hood or cap:—প্রকাজ্যানে গমনকালীন সম্ভাতা স্থীয় সহ-চনী; One who attends a lady in public places as a protector:—v.t. উক্ত স্থীয় সহচয়ী হওয়া, To attend in public places as protector.

Chapiter, chap'i-ter, n. [ L. caput, the head ] অভের মতক; The head or capital of a column.

Chaplain, chap'lan or chap'lin, n. Active; A clergyman, who belongs to a ship of war, a regiment, a public institution or family. n. = chaplaincy, chaplainship.

Chaplet, chap'let, n. [Fr. chapelet, dim of O. Fr. chapel, a hat—Low L. capa, a cape ] बाजा; A garland or wreath for the head:—कन्याना; A string of beads; a rosary,

Chaps, chaps, n. pl. (stylet, The jaws.

Chapt, chapt, pa. p. of chap.

Chapter, chap'ter, n. [Fr. chapitre—L. capitulum, dim. of caput, the head ] অধ্যায়; পরি-জেন্ ; A division of a book:—বাজক-নড়া; A corporation of clergymen belonging to a cathedral or collegiate church:—শাধা-স্বাঞ্জ; An organised branch of some society; as, of the free masons:—অপরাধীদিনের শিকার বা শান্তির স্থান; A place where delinquents receive discipline and correction.

Chapter and verse—বিশদকপে; বিশেষ বিবৰণ সহ ঠিক সমস্ত কথা; In full detail, the exact particulars.

Chapter-house, n. ধ্ৰাধাৰা; A house or room where a chapter meets.

To the end of the chapter—আঞ্চীবন; জীব-ৰেৱ শেষ পৰ্যান্ত : As long as lite lasts.

Cher, char, n. [ A S. cierr, a turn, space of time—cyrran, to turn ] ৈনিক ক্বি; A single job; work done by the day :—v. i দৈনন্দিন কাজ-কৃ; নানান্ত নানান্ত কাজ-কৃ, To work by the day, to do jobs.

Char, char, n. [Ir and Gael, cear, red, blood-coloured] ৰজোগৰ নংসা বিশেষ, A red-bellied fish of the salmon kind, found in mountains, lakes and rivers:—v. l. পোড়াইয়া অসাধ-কু. To burn to a black einder; to burn until reduced to coal. pr. p=charring, pa. a=charred.

Charcoal, chir/kōl, n. জন্ম, কম্পা; Wood burned to carbon.

Char-woman, chār-woman, n. ঠিকা চাকদাণ্ড্রী, যে স্ত্রীলোক দিন ছিনাবে কাব্য করে, A woman that works by the day.

Character, kar'ak-tér, n. [Fr. caractere—L. character—Gr. charakter, from charasso, to cut, engrave] অক্ র, িছ , A letter, figure or sign:
—লিধিবার বীড়; The manner of writing or printing:—ব্যক্তির খতার বা বস্তুর ধর্ম, গুণ; The peculiar qualities of a person or thing:—গুণার বিষয়ণ; A description of the qualities of a person or thing:—হুখ্যাভি, মুখুখ; মুনাম, Reputation:—বিশেষ গুণান্ত ব্যক্তি; ম person with the peculiar qualities. Syn:—Letter, type, emblem, symbol; temper.ment; disposition; constitution, quality, nature; name, repute, reputation; an oddity, eccentric.

In character—উপদোধী: Suitable, appropriate.
Out of character with—অৰূপধোৰী; Unsuitable to.

To give one a character—কাহারত চ্পিত্রসহরে প্রশংসাপ্ত দেওয়া, To give one a testimonial as regards his character and conduct.

Characterise, kar'ak-ter-iz, v. t. বিশেষ ভূপ স্বাধা বৰ্ণন-কৃ. To describe by peculiar qualities:— চিছিভ-কৃ, To mark:—হভেদ-কৃ; বিভিন্ন-কৃ; To distinguish or designate. n=Characterisation. Characteristic, kar-ak-ter-istik, Characteristical, kar-ak-ter-istik-al, a. অকৃতি-বিশ্লে

teristical, kar-ak-ter-istik-al, a. প্রকৃতি-থিছি-পক বভাবসংখীয়; বিশেষক; Marking or constituting a character; peruliar:—n. বিশেষ খুণ; দুকুণ; That which marks or constitutes the character; distinguishing peculiarity ad = Characteristically.

Characteristic of—কাহাৰত বৰ্ণন ( অভেতে এটি নাই এই ব্ৰায়); Serving to mark the distinctive qualities of a person or thing, peculiar to.

Charade, shar-ad, n. প্রবেশিকা; ইমাণি; A riddle; a witty playing on the syllables of a word, and then on the word itself.

Charge, charj, n. [ Fr. charger-Low L. carricare, to load, - L. carrus, a wagon ] वक् वा तकार्थ অপিত ৰম্ভ বা বাজি: সমর্পণ: ভার: The person or thing committed to the care or management of another: - उद्योवधान. Exercise of custody or care: - অধিকার: Office; commission :- উপরেধ: Exhortation :-- आरम्भ ; Instructions given by a judge to a jury or by a bishop to his clergy :-वाब: भना: Cost; expenses; price-usually in the plural :--অভিযোগ; আবোপ; Accusation; imputation -- आङ्गा : Attack : onset : and hence the signal for attack -- সত্ত্বের সাঞ্মণ করি-বার উপযোগী অবস্থা; The position of a weapon fitted for attack '- 本本門; Care; management: -বন্দুকে ভৱিবাৰ জন্ত আৰম্ভক বাৰুদাদি . The quantity of powder and shot or ball used in loading a cun or cannon :- शंखीय ष्टारम् , इक्य ; Solemn direction or command :- शाखनाव हिमाव : Account of that due from one party to another. Syn: - Care, custody, trust, commission, duty, office; order, injunction, direction, precept, command, instruction, exhortation; accusation, allegation, crimination; cost, expense, expenditure; price; onset, assault, attack:v. t. তারাপ্ন-क ; To load or buiden :-- आंका-क ; To give instruction to :- क्य पार्श-क : To impose, as a tax :-- আক্রমণ-ক ; To attack .--ভাবাপণ-ক ; To entrust to:-অভিযোগ-ক. To accuse --भारमण-कृ ; To command or exort :--काशद नार्य श्वा (नश्); To set down, as, debt :-- विकारिक भणाई बाबा पूर्व-कृ; To fill with the electrical fluid :- v. i. आक्रय - क ; To make an onset.

Charge anything on—আবৈপি-কৃ, Ascribe to. Charge on or upon—কোন ভাব যাপান; Throw n burden upon:—আব্বাপ-কু; Ascribe to.

Charge one with—অপরাধের অভিযোগ-কৃ; Accuse one of:—ভারাপা-কৃ, Entrust one with:—
ধরত পেধা, Place to the account of one as a
debt:—ধরতা খাতে তাপান; Saddle one with.

Be charged with—ভাৱাজাত বা পরিপূর্ণ হওয়া; Be loaded or filled with.

Be in charge of ( have charge of )— কেমাৰ থাকা; ৰহুণাবেহুণেৰ ভাৰপ্ৰাপ্ত হইয়া থাকা; Have the care, custody or management of something or person.

Lay to one's charge—cata cuta wicain-a;
Accuse one of; impute to one.

Make a charge at—কাহাকে আকুমণ-কৃ; Make an onset on.

Prefer a charge—কাহারও বিক্লমে অভিবাদ উপ-হিত-কু; Put forward an accusation.

Return to the charge—পুনৰায় সেই কথা উত্থাপন -কু; Broach the same subject.

Take charge of—ক্সোৰ বভয়া, ভাৰ এছণ-ক :

Take into one's own hands the management, care or custody of a person or thing.

Chargeable, a আহোগা, আহোগনীয়, চাগনীয়, অভিযোগ, অভিযোগ বোগা; Capable of being charged, imposed or imputed — বায়সাংগ, ডুল্লা, ভূক্ছ, Costly, burdensome — নিক্ৰীয়, Bilimable ad=Chargeably

Charger, charjer, n বৃহৎ পাত্ত , A large dish — ্দ্ধ ঘেটক, যুদ্ধাৰ , A war-horse

(hariot, chri-ot, n [Fr dim of char, a car]
াাৰি চাকাৰ শকট বিশেষ, A four-wheeled carriনাল —িবিংবি-শকট, মুক্-বৰ, A car used in ancient war-fare — v. t. শকটে লইমা বাভমা, To conমুন্ন নান chariot.

Charloteer, chir-i-ot-टर', n. जातवि ; One who dives chirlot — नक्ट-रांत्रक ; A driver

Charitable, char's-ta-bl, a দ্যালু, Benevolent, kind — বদাল Full of charty, generous, beneficent liberal boundful — দ্যা স্থানি বদালা a sim Pertaining to relating to springing from intended for charity — স্থান্ত দিয়তানী হৈ ১৮৫ — Kind, benevolent, favourable industrial generous beneficent ad≈ haritably Charitably that there's

harity, there is, n [Fr charite—I com'ns from crous de ir ] প্ৰেম love benevoletic and will ৰমান্তৰা, দানশীলভা Generosity— কৰি কিনা, Alms, almsgiving—টদাৰতা, I iberality in judging of men and actions, condum indulgence— শহাৰ কাৰা, An act of kindines or benevolence— দানশীলা A charitable institution—বিশ্ব পেম (In New Tell) iniveral love. Sun—Benevolence, affection, tendernal indulgence, liberality, almsgiving beautifulies.

Lharity begins at home - পজন হইলে বিশ জালা (গুলার জংগার A man should love broth : a disisters before he love mank ad

ইয়াবাদেও of charity – ভগ্নী সম্পাদ ব'লা বা বাংগী-ক্ষম্পাৰ An order or see city of females, whose place is to attend the sick

Dharlatan, thur'in-tun, ল. হ'তুতে বৰিবাজ প্ৰৰ-াং ব্যাহৰ ভিছ, A quack, a mountebank, মান পোচালে, ম prottling pretender

Lhariatanry, shaila tin-ii n অপু ত বা অসাৰ ব গাড়ুৱা, প্ৰকশা, হাড়ুছে দিকিৎসা, Undue or cmity pretention quackery, deception, the policy con of icharlatan.

Lharlock, char'lok n স্থপদাতীয় বস্তু উদ্ভিদ, A p int of must aid family, with yellow flowers, that grows as a weed in corn-fields

 v.: यदाव यक कांग्र-कृ, To act as a charm; picase greatly.

To bear a charmed life — गुज़ान भरीन नरह, To have a life that is fortified against evil, to be to a certain extent not subject to death

Charmer, chaimer, n. वित्योहक, यांबाकांब; Magician, enchanter

Snake-charmer – ভুক্ত ভয়াশা।

A charmed life—मन्तरल विक्र कीरन।

Charming, charming, a মুখকাৰী, মনোছৰ; Fa cinating, enchanting, captivating, illiuring. Charnol, char'nel, a [ I. caro, carris, flesh ] মত পেহৰিপিত, মৃত পেহপুৰ্ব, Containing cricasses. Charnol house, char'nel-hows, n মৃত ব্যক্তিদিগের অধি বাৰিবার স্থান, A place where the bonus of the dead are deposited — মুবিত বা গণিত অবস্থাৰ আবাস, A seat of corruption or noticenses.

Charter, charter, n দিনিক, A deed or conveyance — বাজনাসৰ পতা চাঙপতা, সনন্দ, Any written dicument conferring or confirming titles, privileges or nights — fected অধিকাৰ, Privilege, immunity Syn — Instrument, deed, indenture, bond right privilege prerogative, franchise, immunity — গ চি দিন হাবা সাপনক, সানন্দ), To c titlish by charter — জাহাজেৰ ভালে দে, বাক্ lo his or let by charter, as a ship

Cha ter party, chatter purts a server ser server from from from An agreement to perture the hire of a vessel and the french a mutual chatter or contract for the law of a vess l.

Chartism, chartism, n. এক দা াত নাতৰ স্ক্ৰা দায় বিশেষের মত, ১০৬৮ জনে বেক বাজ সম্পূৰ্য এই বাগ্ধা ৰাজনৈতিক জানো নি নিটান কৰেন য়ে ৰাজভয়ে সৰ্মনাধাৰণেৰ ন্যান জৰিকাৰ, The principles of political party in England, who do sinuniversal vote by ballot, annual parliament Ac. [er or partism of Chartism. Chartist, chartist, n উক্ত মতাৰশ্বী, A support-Ohaitography, kai-togra-fi, n মানাত প্ৰস্তুত ক্ৰা, Map-making, one who supports chartism

Chary, char's, a. [A S. cearig—cears, care]
বিত্তাবী, সভক, সাৰধান, অনুভ হয়, Careful,
cautious, frugal n=charmes ad=chirily
Chase, chās, n [L capto—capso, to take] মুণায়,
পুকালাৰন, অসুধাৰন, Pursuit, a hunting—
মুগায় ভূমি, An open hunting ground, ground
abounding in game—অসুস্ত গুলাব,
ব্যু, I hat which is persued, that which is
hunted—আত্তপুৰ্কিক অসুস্কান, An earnest
seeking after—v. f প্ৰভাৱনিক সুস্কান, স্পুস্থান্ত,

ৰুগৰা-ক : To pursue ; to hunt :—ভাড়ৰা-ক : ভাড়া-ইয়া দেশুৱা ; নিৰ্বাভন-ক : To drive away ; to persecute—often with away or off :—ৰোণিভ-ক ; To emboss ; to engrave :—জনুৱাংশূৰ্মক অন্বেৰণ-ক ; To follow eagerly after, as pleasure or profit.

A wild goose chase, n. যে ত্রবা পাইতে অনেক ক্রেশ ভোগ কবিতে হয়, অথচ ছাহা পাইতেও ভাগুল সাভ হয় না; হর্নভ বছর অসুস্থান; The pursuit of something that gives very great trouble, but is not worth the trouble; the pursuit of something unattainable.

To give chase—ধৰিবাৰ বিশিত পশ্চালমুসৰণ-কু; To persue for the purpose of taking.

Chase, chas, v.t. কোবাবৃত-ড়; কোদন-ড়: To incase, to emboss.

Chase, chas, n. [Fr. chasse, a shrine, a setting—L. capsa, a chest ] অকর বাধিবার হয়; চেন; বোল; A care or frame for confining types, a groove.

Chaser, chaser, n. শিকাৰী: পশাৰাৰক; An enchaser; one who chases:— জাহাজেৰ আগ্ৰহাগি বিভাগ বা পশান্ত কামান; A gun at the head or stern of a ship.

Chasm, kazm, n. [ Gr. chasma, from chaino, to gape ] শটল; গজন; পুজ; A gap or opening; a void space Syn:—Cleft, fissure, breach, gap, hiatus, void, hollow.

Chaste, chāst, a [Fr. chaste—L. castus, pure] বিচেলিয়; মতী, সাংমী: পাবিত্র: Pure; undefiled; virtuous;—বিভদ্ধ, নির্মান, মুকানিবিশ্বত; Free from barbarous words or phrases; refined in expression; pure in taste and style; not vulgar. Syn:—Continent, vertuous, undefiled, modest, decont, not obscene; unaffected, simple, neat, quiet; refined, elegant. ad=chastely.

Chaston, chasin, v. t. পাতি থারা নংশোধন-ক; To correct by pumshment:—নির্দ্ধোধ-ক; To purify from errors or faults:—পাতি-দে, পত পেরমা; To chastise; to pumsh. Syn:—chastise, pumsh, castigate; purify; refine.

Chasteness, chastness. Chastity, chasti-ti, n সভীষ; Purity of body or conduct, —বিক্লিজ, বিশুল্জা; Purity of speech or language. Chastise, chas-tiź. v. t. শাবি দেখা। মখ-দে; To punish or correct with a rod; to inflict punishment upon for the purpose of correction —সংশো-ধন-ক; To correct or purify:—ভিত্তাব-ক; Reprove. Syn:—Punish, chasten, whip, discipline, correct, repress.

Chastisement, chastiz-ment, n. ফe, শাসন; শাস্তিলান; Correction; punishment.

Chasuable, chożu-bl, n. উপাদন কানে বোমান কাথনিক ধর্মাচাধা কর্ক পরিছিত সংগ্লেচ পরিছেদ; The uppermost garment worn by a R. C. priest at mass.

Chat, chat, n. বুৰা আলাপ; সৰল আলাপ; গর বন্ধ : Light, idle talk; prate:—v. i. বেংলা বুলি আলাপে-কু; সালগন্ত; To talk in a light and familiar way; prate pr. p=chattering, pa. p.= chatted.

Chateau, sha-to', n. [Fr. O Fr. châtel, castel -L. castellum, dim. of castrum, 2 fort ] 54,

चहालिका ; A castle :--आभागिनाम, नहीआयह बांगे ; A country-seat.

Chattel, cha'l, n. স্তল সর্কাশকার স্পান্তি; অস্থাবহ স্পান্তি; Any kind of property which is not freehold; moveable property.

Chatter, charer, v.i. কিচমিচ পদ্ম কু; আবাক ব্যাক ক্ষাক্ত ন্যাক ক্ষাক্ত ন্যাক ক্ষাক্ত ন্যাক ক্ষাক্ত ন্যাক ক্ষাক্ত ন্যাক ক্ষাক্ত ক্ষাক্ষাক্ত ক্ষাক্ত ক্

Chatter-box, n. ajoin; One that talks idly and incessantly; babbler. [noise.

Chattering, a শক্কারী . Talking idly ; making Chattering teeth—ধানিকারক দক্ত।

Chattering tongue—कहानानील किला।

Chatty, chatt, a. 791 क्यांत्रिय ; Talkative.

Chaud-medley, sho 'med-li, m. The killing in an affray, while under the influence of passion—opposed to chance-medley, killing in self-delence

Chauvinism, shovin-izm, n. অন্ধাননি হৈছিব।; Fanatical patriotism, blind adherence to an obsolete party, leader, or idea.

Choap, chep, a. হৰড; অল্পনা; Low in price; of small value; not dear. n=cheapness. ad= cheaply

Cheap coin — ক্ষতিখিংকর ক্রবা, বে ক্রবা করেশে পরিহার করা ব'ব: Anything of little value; anything which can be easily spared.

Dirt cheap—ভাষি মন্তা, আতি হলত; Very cheap. Cheapen, chep'n, v. t. মুশা নমু-ক; স্লভ-ক; মন্ত্ৰানা; To beat down the price of; to make cheap.

Cheat, chet, v. f. প্রভাবণা-কু; ঠকান; To deceive and defraud, to impose upon, to cozen:—n. প্রভাবণা; A fraud, trick, deception:—প্রকক, প্রভাবক; One who cheats; regue. Syn:—Imposture, delusion, artifice, diceit; trick, fraud; deceiver, impostor.

Check, chek, n. [ Fr. cchee=Pers. shah, king-(mind your) king ] वाना, श्राष्ट्रिक, चाकच्छिक विदाय: Hindrance, obstruction, sudden or continued restraint :--(छोबूनि डिंडे, बन्न निर्मंत : Cloth woven in squares of different colours :--ছবি : টাকা দিবার আদেশপত্র ; ৰহাৎ চিঠি , A cheque :--- ( দাবা খেলাৰ ) কিন্তি; A term at chess, when one party obliges the other either to move or guard his king :- निमर्भन, A token :- छिङ्ग विरम्भ : A mark put against items in a list -v. t. 4141-CT: To repress; to restrain; to hinder :- fogata-a; ड९नना-क ; To rebuke ; to reprove :-- To make a mark against, as against names :-- दिशाव भवीका-कः; श्मित मिलानः; To compare and examine papers or accounts to ascertain their accuracy: - fofe-(7; To bring to a stand, as in a chess, when the king is attacked :- v. i. নিবৃত্ত-ছ; To pause :--বাধা প্রাথ-ছ; To clash or interfere :- 3131, To crack, as wood. Syn :-Curb, bridle, stop, obstruct, impede; rebuke, chide, reprove, reprimand; note, tick off.

Checker, Chequer, cheker, v. t. (34) 1141 foa-

क ; इक कांडो, विकिन्न वर्ट्य (ठोव्य व व्यक्तिक ; To variegate with crosslines ; to form into little squares like a chess-board or checker, by lines or stripes of different colours :— किंद्र विकिन् ; To variegate or diversify :—n. श्वा (वजाव वद, इक ; A chess-board.

Cheok-book, check-book, n. ব্যাহের সহিত বাহাবিবেৰ চাঁডার দেনা পাতনার হিসার আছে, ভাহানিগের
বাবহারার্থ চেক্ বহি; A bank-book containing
blank checks, for the use of persons having
accounts with the bank.

[ ployers.

Check-roll, n. ভুতা ভানিকা; A list of em-Check off—ধোন কিছু ধাৰা ৰণনা ঠিক-ফু; Verify by means of some mark.

Checkered, a. মুখ্যুখ্য ; Crossed with bad and good fortune in the course of life.

Checkers, chekerz, n. pl. জীড়া বিশেষ; Draughts; a game played by two persons on a board of 64 squares of alternate coloures.

Checkmate, ckekmāt, n. কিবিমাভ; A movement that finishes a game of chess; a complete check — প্রাজয়; Defeat; overthrow:—v. t. f হ'বেশ্ চ-কু, To make a movement, which ends the game .—পর্বজ্ঞ-কু; To defeat.

Check, chek, n [ A S. ceace, the cheek, join ] গও গাগ, কপোল: One side of the face; the side of the face below the eye:— নিৰ্জ্জা; Assurance, impudence.

Cheek bono - swifs !

Cheek-by-jowl-रेनकी ; Nearness.

Cheek tooth—ক্ষেব গাঁড ৷ [faced. Cheeky, chēk-i, a. নিৰ্লজ্ঞ ; Impudent ; brazen-Cheep, chēp, v. ঃ. পকিস্কলের স্থায় কিচ্কিচ্ প্ৰ-

7. To chirt, as a young bird.

Choer, cher, n. [O Fr, chiere, the countenance -Low 1.. cara, the face-Gr. kara, the head, face ] 474; The countenance and its expresum - है। त्रिम, रुष ; Mirth, joy :- ऋशामा, आहादीह अन्। ; Entertainment ; fare :-- आनमभानि, आभाम-নিধন; A shout of joy: - গ্রশংসা; উৎসাহ; Applause, encouragement; hopefulness:-v. t. ष्पांभारिक-कृ ; षानिभिष्ठ-कृ ; To gladden :-- माखना-কু; To solace, to comfort :— প্ৰভিনশ-কু: To salute by cheers :—ইংসাহিত-কু; প্রদাসা-কু; To encourage; to applaud :-- v. i. भागिन्छ- ह ; To larome gladsome. Syn :- Gladden, encourage, inspirit, enliven, refresh, animate, elate, elevite, solace, comfort, console; applaud, salute. Good cheer—উৎকৃত্ব ধাইবাৰ দ্ৰব্য ; That which promotes goods spirits, good provisions ( prepared for a feast ).

C noerful, cher'fool, a. আননপুৰ্ণ, প্ৰকুল, আন্ধিত, উংলাহপুৰ্ণ; Lively; in good spirits; joyful; full of cheer. Syn:—Lively, animated, gay, joyful, lightsome, gleeful, happy, merry; pleasant. ad=cheerfully, n=cheerfulness. [ness; gaiety. Cheerfulness, n. প্ৰস্কুল, ম্বেৰ উল্লাল; Liveliness, cher'les, a. জন্মসভ্জ, অনুকুল, ম্বিশৃত; Gloomy, without cheer or comfort. Syn:—gloomy, dull, melancholy, dismal, joyless, unhappy, sad. n=cheerlessness

Cheery, cher'i, a. आनमवर्षक ; कृत्तिभनक ; Gay ;

sprightly:— এবুল, প্রবৃশ্বর্ণক; Cheerful; pro moting cheerfulness. ad-cheerly. n=cheeriness. Cheese, chēz, n. [A. S. cese, cyse, curdled milk] পৰিষ; Curd of milk, separated from the whey, and pressed.

Cheese-cake, chēźkak, n. এক একার সুনিষ্ট পিটুক; A cake made of soft curds, sugar, and butter.

Cheese-monger, cheź mung ger, n. পৰিব-বিকেল; One who sells cheese; a dealer in cheese.

Cheese-paring, cheipar-ing, n. निम्दाद (बाबा, वा डाहा होते ; The rind or poring of cheese.

Cheese-press, cheipress, n. পনির প্রস্তুত করিবার পেষা যায়; A press or engine for pressing curd in the making of cheese.

Cheesy, chēźi, a. পনিৰ ভণযুক্ত, পনিবেৰ প্ৰকৃতি-বিশিষ্ট ; Having the nature of cheese.

Cheetah, che'tah, n. fool qiv; An eastern animal like the leopard, used in hunting.

Chemic, kemik, Chemical, kemikal, a. বাসায়নিক; Belonging to Chemistry:—Chemical affinity—বাসায়নিক আকবি ; হাসায়নিক সময়। adechemically.

Chemicals, kemik-alz, n. pl. বাদায়নিক পদাৰ্থ; Sub-tances used for producing chemical effects.

Chomise, she-mei, n. [Fr. chemise—Low L. camissa, a nightgown—Ar. qamis, a shirt] স্থীলোকের ভিতরের বস্ত্র; স্থীলোকের ভাসবাধা; A under-garment worn by ladies; a lady's shirt.

Chemisotte, chem-e-zet, n. স্ত্রীলোকের ভিতরের বস্তু: শ্রী-পরিক্ষণ; An under-garment worn by ladies over the chemisc.

Chemist, kemist, n. বসায়ৰবিং; বসায়নশাহজ্ঞ পণ্ডিড, One skilled in chemistry:—ভৈবজকার; A druggist.

Chemistry, kemis-tri, n. বসায়ন বিদা; The science which treats of the composition of substances and changes they undergo.

Inorganic chemistry—ধাতু দখনীৰ বদায়ৰ: That which treats of inorganic or mineral sub-

Organic chemistry—That which treats of substances forming the structure of organised beings, and their products, whether animal or vegetable.

Practical chemistry—That which treats of chemical products useful on the arts or for economical purposes.

Cheque, chek; n. Efe; An order for money on a banker to be paid on demand. See check.

Cherish, cher'ish, v. t. [Fr. cherir, cherissant, —cher, dear—L. carus] লালমপালন-ড়; বেছ-ড়; To foster, nurture; to protect and treat with affection:—পোৰা-ড়; To hold dear; to embrace with affection; to harbour, to entertain;—সাহাম্য -ড়; উৎলাভ-দে; To support. Syn:—Nourish, foster, nurture, nurse; harbour, entertain, encourage, comfort, support.

Cherished tressure-1974

Cherry, cher'i, n. [ Fr. cerise—Gr. kerasos, a cherry-tree ] क्विंद्वा ; A kind of fruit ; a

small bright-red stone-fruit — वृक्कविरमव, A wellknown tree —a. नाववर्ग, Red, ruddy

Chert, chert. n. এक धकांत्र नामाञ्च अवद , An impure, flint like quartz or horn stone

Cherub, cher'ub, স স্পীয় মৃত, A celestial spirit
— সুসর শিশু, A beautiful child. pl=cherubs,
cherubim, cherubims.

Cherubic, che ভেডbik, Cherubical, che-ভেডbi kal, a স্বৰ্গীয় দূত সম্বন্ধীয় , Angelic

Cherup, cherup, v :. পকীবং কিচনিং-কৃ, To twitter, to make a noise, as a bird —v f কিচ নিং বাবা উত্তেজিত-কৃ. To excite by chipping — n কিচ্মিচ, A short, sharp noise as of a cricket.

Chess, ches, n পাজরুঞ্চ খেলা দাবা থেলা, A game Chess-board, ches burd n দাবা থেলার ছক শতরুঞ্চ খেলার ছক, The checkered board used in the game of chess

Chess-man, chesman n দাবা খেলাৰ ফটা A piece used in the game of chese ( বাঙ্গা=king দাবা বা নত্নী=the queen প্ৰজ=the bi hop, শেখা= the knight, বৌকা=the rook or castle, বড়ে=A pawn)

Chest, chest, n নিৰ্ক A large strong hos —
বক হ্ব. The thorix or bies. | it is boxes
Chest of drawers — দেৱাজ A che of mix
Chestnut, Chesnut, chesnut, বাদাৰ বিশেষ
কৰ বিশেষ A nut or fruit of a large field a
fragad, Of a bright brown colour, reddith
brown.

Cheval-de-frise, she-val de frez n [ ি cheval, horse de, of frice friesland a jocular name ] নৌহয় লক্ষ্ম বৃহৎ কান্তৰ বিশেষ A picce of tumber armed with spikes used to defend a passage. pl =chevans de frise (she tō-de frez)

Chevalier, show a lirk, n fir cheral—I cabal us a horse | আগাবোনা নৈস খুবা সাংগ্ৰহ পুকৰ, A knight, a gullant youngman a horse man [leather made of kid slim Sheveral, chevier il, n ভাগগাবনেৰ চম্ম Soft Chew, choo v t [A S co can feet lear com with Jaw and Chaps] চর্কার স্থাপন কল To crush with the teeth to matterize to lite—fivel-sp To medit the -n lining chewed Syn—Misticate minducate, munch champ bite graw medit to ruminate mine on Chew the cud—(বাৰ্থন sp মুখ্য কর কাটা, lo ru

Unew the rud—(वंपधन कु क्व काल, lorum nute—एका कु, To mediate - पून पून कारकापन कु ि tood over —(क्शन पूर्व का व्यव किला) y the me mory of

Chiaro-oscuro, ki গ্ৰান্ত ত-Lত্তাতে, n পেছ ধৰ কুম্বৰ চিন্ত, A drawing in black and white, light and shade distributed in painting

Chibouk, Chibouque, chi-book, # ध्रमीन करिवाह नव , A Turkish pipe for smoking

Chicano, shi-kan, v: ছল প্রোপ-কৃ, প্রকলা কৃ, To use shifts or artifices, to make trifling objections,—n ছন, Shift [putant Chicaner, n কুড়াবিক, A crysler unfair dis-Chicanery, shi kantri n শেষ্টা, প্রকলা ছন, Shifts and tricks to deceive trickery — \*\*\* Trickery \*\*\*

Chick, chik, Chicken, chil en n [A S cicen, a dim of cocc, a cock ] কুৰ্চশাৰক, The young of cock and hen

Chick-wood, chikurd n नेवरि दिर्णव , वश्च लखा , A low creeping weed

To count your chickens before they are hatched—না উটিতে ডটিতে এক কালি, Io anticip ite profits [ Fund, cowardly Chicken-hearted, chilen harted, a ভীক ব্ৰয়, Chicken-pox, chilen pok n সানি ব্যস্ত, An

Chiekon-pox, chilen pok n পানি বসন্ত , An eruptive disease mild skin disease generally attaching children enly

Chickling, chikling, n অতি কুদ বুক্ট-শাবক, A little chick

Checory, Chiccory, ch or n [ Fr chiccores -1 cichorium, succary] 料本 何可可, A carrot-like plant

Chide, chid া ভংগনা ক তিবকাৰ কু, To reprove to rebuke to see'd া বিৰাশ কু lo find full to quitel fr p=cl d na pr t=chid (cb) chale pa p chid, childen

Chief, chef a [Freief I catut the head, (1/1/1/5) in 1/2 at 1 अव्यक्त पुत्र अर्थ अर्थ प्राप्त प्रदेश प्रदे

mitter from ninder Commander-in-chief 'भश्रयक Amiltiy In chief-व्यक्ष At the head — दाक्ष क्रिक.

In chief - 2414 At the head - 4151 \$505, From the king

Chief-justice, n state fartable Principal judge of a supreme court

Chiefly, chells air পথ নত িশেষত , অধি-কা শই Principally especially, for the most part

Chieftain, childin n নায়ত্র নেতা সন্ধার A cuptain leader, or communder a chief the head of relain n=chieft uncy, chieftain hip

Chieftainey, Chieftainship, cheftin sip n নায়কের পদ, Rank or quality of chiefran

Chiffonior, shif on er n [Fi a place of trues — chiff in 1122] डिझ बल बारिन व आधार अध्यक्त आधार अध्यक्त आधार अध्यक्त आधार अध्यक्त आधार कि A recepticle fire sorthids, an ornamental cupboard — डिइस्स अ १२०१४), A rag picter

Chignon, sho nong' n কৰ নী ৰৌপা An artificial arrangement of him it the back of the head [on hands or feet caused by cold Childlain, childlain n শৈত্যপাৰত ক্ষত, A sore Child, child, n [A S cild, from the root gan, to produce, which yields Ger kind, a child] সন্তাম, পিক A son or daughter an infant—
মুবা A young per on ১৯ বাহি, One weik

in knowledge or experience of the world:—
শিষ্য; One who is the product of another, or whose principles and morals are the product of another; as, thou, child of the devil:—শিষ্য; A disciple:—pl. সন্তানসন্তি; Descendants; as, the children of Israel:—অধিবাসী: Inhabitants. Syn:—Offspring, issue, progeny; infant, babe, nursing, suckling, brat, bairn. pl.—children.

nursing, sucting, that barn pro-information of the pregnant. Child of fortune—নেভাগাশালী ব্যক্তি; One peruliarly prosperous and successful.

Childish, childish, a. বালকবং; বালোচিভ; নিম্মোধ; অকি পিংকব; Puerile; silly; trifling. Syn.—Puerile, infantine, boyish, juvenile, trifling, weak, silly. ad =childishly. n =childishness. Childless, childles, a. অপুত্ৰক; নিঃসন্তান; Without children.

Childlike, childlik, a. বালোপম ; শিশুৰৎ, নিৰ্মোধ, বিনীড, Like a child ; meek ; innocent.

Childbearing, n. সন্থাৰ প্ৰদাৰ; The act of producing a child.

Childbed, childbed, n. প্ৰসৰ্বজ্ঞ ; Parturition ; the state of a woman brought to bed with child. Jhildbirth, n প্ৰস্ক ; Travail ; labour.

Jhildhood, childhood, n. শৈশব্ৰয়; The state of minney.

Shild's play, n. সাধার বা সহজ কার্যা; নাধান্ত ব্যাপার: (ছেলেখেলা, A trifling or easy work; light work.

Mero child's play—ছবিকিংকর বিবাদ; A triffing contest —ছাত্ৰার সংক্ত কলা; A very light and casy work.

No child's play- ছক্তর পরিশ্রম্যাধ্য কঠিন কর্ম ; A work of great labour and difficulty.

Fhe child is father of the man—উঠন মূল পতাৰই চেনা যায়; পৰিণত বয়সে যে সকল দোবগুণ দেখা যায় ভাগাই অকুৰ বান্যাবহাতেই থাকে; In one's childhood are to be seen the germs of those virtues or vices which are afterwards devoloped in manhood.

Jhilde, child, n. উপাধিবিশেষ: A title formerly given to the eldest son of a noble, till admission to knighthood.

Jhilder-mas-day, childer-mas-da, n. ইংলভেষ ধ্যমন্ত্রির সংখ্যার উৎসর বিশেষ; An anniversary of the Christian Church, called as Innocents' day, held on the 28th December, to commemorate the slaying of the children at Bethleham by Herod.

Dhiliad, n. kali-ad, n. [Gr. chilioi, 1000] সহত ; A thousand ; especially 1,000 years.

Jhill, chil, n. [A. S. cyle, coldness, celan, to chill ] বৈত্য; শীত ; Cold ; rigour :— নিরুৎসাহ ; উৎ-পাইডল ; Discouragement ; anything that damps or disheartens ; depressing influence :—a. শীতমুক্ত ; শীতার্ক ; Moderately cold ; shivering with cold .— শীতার্ক ; Affected by cold :—উৎসাহশুক্ত ; Cool ; formal ; distant :—হতাশ ; Dejected, depressed .—v. t. শীতন-ক ; কলাব্তিত-ক ; To strike with a chill ; to affect with cold ; to make cold ; to blast with cold :—নিরুৎসাই করা ; হতাশ-ক ; To discourage. n=chilliness.

Chilly, chili, a. শীভাৰ; শীভাৰ্ছ; Somewhat chill. Chime, chim, n. [M. E chibe, O. Fr. cymbals—L. cymbalum, a cymbal—Gr. kymbalum] মুৰ; মুখৰ; Harmony; harmonious sound of the bells:—ি মৃলন; শংকৰ মিল; Correspondence of proportion, relation, or sound; agreement of sound or of relation:—pl. এক মুৰে মিলাৰ ঘটা শৌণ, A set of bells:—v.i. এক মুৰে মাজে; To be in harmony; to agree:—মাজে মিলন-হ; To jingle, as in rhyming:—v.t. এক মুৰে মালাৰ; এক মুৰে মালাৰ; কৰা; To strike, or cause to sound in harmony.

Chimera, ki-me'ra, n. [ L. chimaera—Gr. chimaira, a she-goat ] কপোল-কল্লিড বিকটাকাৰ জীব; A fabulous, fire-shouting monster, with a lion's head, a serpent's tail, and a goat's body:— কপোল কল্লনা; মিখ্যা কল্লনা; A vain or foolish fancy; a creature of the imagination.

Chimerical, ki-mer'i-kal, a. কাল্লনিক; অলীক; নিধা; কপোন-কল্লিড; Merely imaginary; fantastic, fanciful; delusive; wild. Syn:—Fanciful, fantastic, wild, delusive, unfounded, vain, illusary, visionary. ad—chimerically.

Chimney, chimni, n. [Fr. cheminee—L. cumirus—Gr. kaminos, furnace, prob. from kaio, to burn] ধুমুৰালী; A passage or funnel for the escape of smoke or heated air:—চুকী; A tall glass tube around the flame of a lamp:—
আলোকাধাৰেৰ কন্ত কাতের চোক; উনান বা হাপ্য; A furnace, a fire-place.

Chimney-piece, chimni-pes, n. চুল্লির উপবেষ দেশ্ব ; উবাদের উপবিস্থ তাক ; A shelf above a fireplace.

Chimney-shaft, chimni-shaft, n. ছালের উপরিজ ধুমধালীর আলে, The shaft or stalk of chimney which rises above the building.

Chimney-top, chim-ni-top, n. ধুমলালীৰ শীৰ্ষ-দেশ; The summit of a chimney.

Chimney sweeper's day—(ম মানের প্রথম দিন; 1st of May. [ who cleanses chimney. Chimney sweeper, n. ধ্মনালী মাৰ্ক্তক; One Chimpanzee, chimpanze, n. বানর বিশেষ; The African orang-outang; a species of monkey found in Africa.

Chin, chin, n. बन्धान्त ; रिवुक ; क्रांड ; The jutting part of the face, below the mouth ; the part of the place below the under lip.

Chins, china, n. চিনেৰ বাসন; A kind of earthenware, procelain. [for the sale of China warc. China shop, n. চিনেৰ বাসনেৰ সোভান; A shop A bull in a China shop—অপ্ৰভিত্ত বন ও অভ্যাচাৰ; হুৰ্মনীয় বন; Strength and violence unresisted.

Chinchilla, n. जड विराज ; A small rodent animal, having soft pearly gray fur.

Chineough, chinkof, ম, ব্যুড়ি কালি; Hooping-cough.
[China.

Chinese, a. চীৰ সম্বাহ; Of or belonging to Chine, chin, n. [Fr. echine—O. Ger. skina, a pin, thorn; prob. conn. with L. spina, a thorn, the spine ] পুটাই; পথাৰ মেৰুকত; The back-bone

of an animal:—v.f. পত্ৰ পৃঠাছি ভন্ন ; To sever the back-bone of.

Chink, chingk, [A. S. cinu, a cleft, cinun, to split] জিড়; A rent or cleft; a narrow opening:
—টাকাণির বাল; The clink, as of coins:—v. i.
বিশীণ-ই; To split or crack:—বাড় সংঘৰ্ষণ বারা
শক্ত-ই; Make a small, sharp sound, as by the collision of metal; to give a sharp sound, as coin:—v. i. ছিড়-ই; To open or form a fissure in:—সংঘৰ্ষণ বারা শক্ত-ই; To cause to sound by collision.

[printed in different colours.
Chints, chints, n. বানাবণের ছিট; Cotton cloth,
Chip, chip, v. i. বানাবণের ছিট; Cotton small pieces:—as as বাবে কিছু করিয়া কাটিয়া
ক্যাইয়া আবা; To diminish by cutting away a little at a time:—v. i. বালবিশ্বত-ই; To break off in small pieces:—n. বাল; A small pieces of

A chip of the old block, n. বাপেৰ মত ছেলে; বাপ্কি বেটা: A son possessing the characteristics of his father; a son or child of the same stuff as his father.

wood or other substance chopped off.

Chirographer, ki-rog'ra-fer, Chirographist. ki-rog'ra-fist, ম. সুনেধক, নিপিৰ্যন্থী, One who professes the art of writing.

Chirography, ki-rog'ra-fi, n. [Gr cheir, the hand, graphe, writing] ছম্বালিগ, The art of writing or penmanship a=chirographic.

Chirologist, ki-rolo-jist, n. হতপ্ৰদিপ্ত ইঞ্জিত বাবা ৰে ম্বেৰ ভাৰ প্ৰকাশ কৰে; One who converses by signs with the hands

Chirology, ki-rolo-ji, n. [Gr. cheir, the hand, logos, a discourse] (মুক ও ৰবিবেৰ আম) ইত ও অকুনিৰ চিক্ হাৰা মনেৰ ভাৰ প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ বিদা; The art or practice of communicating thoughts by signs made by the hands and fingers.

Shiromancy, त. विनेष्ठ (ब्राडिय, केंद्रकी, मामू-क्रिक दिला : Palmistry.

Dhiropodist, ki-rop'o-dist, n. [Gr cheir, the hand, and pous, podos, the foot ] বাহিল আৰোগ্য-কাৰী চিকিৎসক; A corn or wart doctor; one who removes corns, bunious &c.

Chirp, cherp, Chirrup, chirup, n. কিচ্কিচ্
শক; Shrill sound of certain birds and insects v. i. কিচ্কিচ্ শব-কু; To make a short, sharp noise, such as certain birds make :—v. t. প্রস্কুকু; To enliven.

Chigel, chizel, n. [O. Fr. cisel—Low L cisel-lus—L. sicilicula, dim. of sicilis, a sickle, from seco, to cut ] बाहात्त्व; A tool used by masons, joiners, and sculptors; a tool to cut or hollow out wood, stone, &c:—v. £. (बाबा बा बाहा; To cut, curve &c., with a chisel.

Chit, chit, n. [ A. S. cith, a young tender shoot ] অহুব; A shoot or sprout:—শিত; ছোডবা: A lively child; a baby — v. t. উৎপত্নহ; অহুবিড-হ; To sprout or germinate.

Chit-chat, chitchat, n. বিভাজালাপ; কথাবার্ডা; বোন গল্প; অনর্থক গল্প; Familiar talk; chatting or idle talk; prattle.

Chitty, a. 1964; wated; Childish, like a babe; full of sprouts.

Chivalric, shival-rik, Chivalrous, shival-rus, a. সাহসী; মুখ্যার ; Bold, gallant; warlike. Syn:—Knightly; gallant, heroic, brave; magnanimous, high-minded, intrepid; enterprising, adventurous.

Chivalry, shivalri, n. [Fr. chevalevie—cheval—L. caballus, a horse] অবারোহী সৈন্ত; Cavalry:—বাইট সম্প্রদায়; Knighthood:—পৌর্যা; বীরড; শ্রন্থকা; বীরডাপুরাগ; বীরোচিত ছু:সাহসিক কর্ম; Valour, courtesy, dexterity in arms; heroic adventures:—A tenure of lands by knight's service. Syn:—Knight-errantry; valour, gallantry, courtesy.

Chloral, klū'ral, n. নিয়াকৰ একপ্ৰকাৰ তীব পদাৰ্থ; A strongly narcotic substance obtained by the action of chlorine on alcohol [from chlorine. Chloric, klū'rik, a. ৰাপা বিশেষ সৰ্বাীয়; Of or Chloride, klū'rid, n. বোৱাইন ৰাপা ও কাৰাছিয় বিশ্বপে উৎপন্ন বস্তু, A compound of chlorine, with some other substance, as potash, soda &c.

Chloride of lime —A combination of lime and chlorine, used in bleaching and disinfecting.

Chlorine, klö'rin, n [Gr chloras, pale-green]

The ferm, A heavy gas of greenish colour—a

constituent of common salt, a pale-green gas.

Chlorita klö'rit n str farma. A soft mineral

Chlorite, klū'rīt, n. ৰাজু বিশেষ, A soft mineral of a greenish colour, with a soapy feeling when handled.

Chloroform, kloro-form, n. [Orig. a compound of chlorine and formic acid; Gr. chloros and formic, acid, so called because orig. made from ants, L. formice, an ant ] সংজ্ঞাপহাৰত ভবন পাৰ্থ; A volatile liquid much used to produce unconsciousness.

Chlorosis, klor-ö'sis, n. [ Gr. chloros, palegreen ] স্থীলোকস্পিন স্বোগবিশেষ, A medical name for green-sickness

Chocolate, choću-lat, n. ৰাৰিকেন; Seeds or nuts of the cocoa tree:--পেছ বিশেষ, পানীয় বিশেষ; A drink made by dissolving chocolate paste in boiling water.

Choice, chois, n. মনোনীত কৰণ; নিৰ্বাচন; The act of choosing; election .—অভিকৃতি; The power of choosing; option; preference;—
নিৰ্বাচিত বিষয়; মনোনীত বিষয়; অতীয় বিষয়; The thing chosen; selection:—উৎকৃষ্ট আংশ; The best part; the preferable part of anything:—

a. উত্থাংশ বিশিষ্ট; উৎকৃষ্ট; উত্তয়; Select; superior; precious; best; as, choice soldiers:—

য়মূপুর্বক মনোনীত; Selected with care, as "choise word":—মনোনীত ইইবাৰ উপবৃষ্ট; Worthy of being chosen. Syn:—(n.) Election, selection, preference; discrimination; option, alternative.

(a.) Select, precious, costly, uncommon, rare, dainty, nice, particular, careful.

Choir, Quire, kwir, n. পাৰক কল; A band of singers in a church:—উপাসধাল্যের পায়ক্তের বাদ ; The part of a church appropriated to the singers.

Choral, kō'ral, a. नीवक नवकीव ; नकीक अधूनांत ; Pertaining to chorus ; belonging to a choir :— नवदद वैक ; Sung in chorus. Choke, chok, v. t. बांबरवाय-इ ; त्रवा हिनिया नियान To strangle; to stifle; to suffocate:water ; To block up ; to stop ; to obstruct : --- To hinder or check growth, expansien, or progress: -ए. हं. यानका-ए ; To have the wind-pipe stopped :- 41414145- 7; To be checked; to be obstructed or blocked up. Syn: Stifle, strangle, suffocate, throttle, smother, suppress, overpower; close, block, obstruct.

Choke-damp, chok-damp, n. चामरवांचक यांच्य विरम्पः Carbonic acid gas accumulated in wells. mines &c.

Choker, ckok-er, #. (ब वा बाहा निक्छव करव : One who or that which chokes or puts to silence :-व्यक्तीय दृष्टि ; That cannot be answered.

Chokeful, e. 91894; Full to the choking; quite full.

Choky, s. बागरबादकांबी ; Tending to choke. Choler, koler, n. [ O. Fr. cholere-L. Gr. cholera-Gr. chole, bile ] for ; The bile :- (314 ; विवक्ति ; Anger ; irascibility.

Cholera, koler-a, n. [ Gr. cholera-chole, bile ] বিস্থাচিকা; ওলাউঠা; A disease characterised by vomitting and purging. a=choleraic.

Cholerate, kol-ér-áik, a. বিস্চিকা-অকৃতিক; Of the nature of cholera.

Cholerie, koler-ik, a. क्षांत्रम ; वात्रावित : क्षांत्र-प्रश् विवक ; Irascible ; easily irritated ; petulant. Syn: - Irascible, angry, testy, hasty, impetuous, passionate.

Cholorine, kol-er-in, n. andfacet ; The precursory symptoms of cholera; the first stage of epidemic cholera.

Choose, chooz, v. t. [ A. S. ceosan; cog. with Dut. kiesen, Goth. kiusan, to choose, and akin to L. gustare, to taste ] यानानी उ-कृ : डेव्हा-कृ ; To select ; to elect :-- v. i. निकादम-क ; हेव्हा-क ; To prefer; to will or determine. pa. t = chose. pa.p.=chosen. Syn:-Prefer, elect, select, adopt, pick out, predestinate, designate, appropriate. Chop, chop, n. বাংস খভ; চপু; A piece of

meat :- रच ; (ठांचान ; Jaw (plural).

Chop, chop, v. t [From a Low-Ger. root found in Dut. kappen, also in Ger. kappen, to cut; cf. Gr. kopto from a root skap, to cut ] 40 46-3; To cut into small pieces :- v. i fatir- ; To wrangle:-- অকলাৎ পৰিবৰ্ত্তিভ-হ; To shift suddenly, as the wind.

Chop, chop, v. t. [ M. E. copen-O. Dut. koopen, to buy ] विविध ; To exchange, to barter : - वर्द- 🗗 ; To bandy, to alternate.

Chop-fallen, chop'fowln, a. বিবর; হতাপ; Dejected, dispirited; cast down.

Chop-house, n. ভক্-শালা; An eating-house, where chops &c., are sold.

Chop logic-ভর্ক বিভর্ক-কু; To bandy words; to alternate; give back and forth, as arguments, without proving.

Chop off—(夏寧平-季; Cut off.

Chop-sticks, chop'stiks, अ. हीरबरण्य मृत्य यात्र प्रिवाब काहिका, काही छान्द्रस्य खाब बावक्ष ब्रहेंगे कांग्री ; A chinese eating implement.

Chop up—পাস-জ; ভক্ৰ-জ; Devour,

Down in the chops-(Mais wasta: Down in the mouth; in a melancholy state.

Chopper, chop'er, n. 本省本; One who or that which cuts.

Chord, kord, n. [ L. chorda-Gr. chorde, an intestine ] ৰাণাণৱের ভন্তী; উভি ; The string of a musical instrument :-- একডাৰ; A combina-यत मरायांकक मदन (देश); (In geometry) a straight line joining the extremities of an arc :- v. t. ভञ्जी गुरू-क : To provide with musical chords or strings.

Chores, ko-re's, s. नेज़ विरूप ; St. Vitus's dance; a disease attended with constant twitchings of the voluntary muscles.

Chorist, Chorister, kor'ist-er, n. 1114; 1114-मनकृत वाति , A singer in a concert ; a member of a choir :-- अवान भाषक ; Leader of a choir.

Chorographical, ko-ro-grafikal, a. ceres विवत् वा मानिविद्यांकन विशामक्षीत ; Pertaining to chorography.

Chorography, ko-rog'ra-fi, n. बांबिककी वा जनभरविवद्यी विमा ; The art of making a map or description of a region, country or province.

Chorus, ko'rus, n. [ L. chorus-Gr. choros, orig a dance in a ring ] नावक एन : नावक अध्यक्ष : A band of singers :- The part of a song repeated at the end of each verse :-- -- ---গান: একতান সমীভ; Any union of voices in general.

Chose, choz, p. t. Of choose.

Chosen, chozn. Past participle of choose.

Chough, chuf, n. [ A. S. ceo; from the cry of the bird ] कांक बिरमंग; A kind of the crow family.

Chouse, chows, v. t. [Turk. chiaus, a messenger or envoy ] अजावना-क ; To cheat ; to defraud. improve upon :—n. প্ৰভাৰণা; চাতুৰী; A trick; a sham.

Chrism, krizm, n. शविद्य देवन : देवन वादा वर्षन : Consecrated or holy oil; unction, a=chrismal. Chrismal, krizmal, a. शनिख टेडल नवसीय ; अधि-(বৰ সম্পূৰ্কীয় , Pertaining to chrism.

Chrisom. n. 仓章 ব্য ; A white vesture, so anointed, put on a child at baptism or on a dead infant.

Christ, krist, n. [ A. S. crist, -Gr. christoschrio, chriso, to anoint ] विकार ; The Messiah, the Anointed.

Christen, krisn, v. t. [ A. S. cristnian, to make a Christian ] পৃষ্টপূর্ণে দীকিড-কু; To baptise in the name of Christ :--नायक वन-कृ; To give a name to.

Christendom, krisn-dum, n. [ A. S Cristendom-criston, a Christian, dom, rule, sway ] बहार दावा : Countries inhabited by Christians : countries under Christian rule -पृष्टीम मध्यक्षकः গুষ্টাৰ স্বাঋ ; The whole body of Christians.

Christian, kristyan, n. [A. S. cristen-L. Christianus-Gr. Christos] बृह्यवीवन्यी ; बृह्यवाब ; A follower of Christ : - ৰ্টান পিতা মাতাৰ সভাম ; One born of Christian parents :-- a. The; Re-

Christian name—খৃইধর্ষে পীকাকালীৰ বন্ধ নাম; ভাক নাম; The name given when christened, as distinguished from the surname.

Christianise, kristyan-iz, v. t. क्षेत्राय-क ; To convert to Christianity. n=Christianisation.

Christianity, kris-ti-ahi-ti, n. पृष्टित वर्ष ; The religion of Christ.

Christmas, kriśmas, n. মৃষ্ট আয়োৎসৰ; An annual festival in memory of the birth of Christ, held on the 25th of December.

Christmas-box, kriśmas-boks, n. ধৃতীৰ ক্ষমোৎ-লৰ উপলক্ষে উপহাৰ; A Christmas gift.

Christmas eve--२०१७ डिस्मध्य दोखि ।

Christology, kris-tolo-ji, n. [Gr. christos, and logos, a discourse ] পৃষ্টসম্বদীয় পুৰুষ ; A discourse on Christ.

Chromatic, kromatik, a. [Gr. chromatikos chroma, colour] বৰ্ণস্থাৰীয়; বৰ্ণবিষ্ক ; Relating to colours:—প্ৰামীয়; বীতবাদ্যবিষ্ক ; (In music), Preceeding by semitones.

Chromatics, n. sig. বৰ্ণবিজ্ঞাৰ; বৰ্ণজ্ঞান পাছ; The science of colours.

Chrome, krom. Chromium, kromi-um, n. [Gr. chroma, colour ] বাছ বিশেষ; A metal remarkable for the beautiful colours of its compounds; a hard, brittle, grayish-white metal, difficult of fusion. a=Chromic.

Chronic, krońik, Chronical, krońik-al, a. [L. chronicus, Gr. chronikos—chronos, time] গাৰ্বভাৰহাৰী; পুৰাতৰ; Lasting a long time; periodical.

A chronic disease—আচা বোগ।

Chronicle, kroni-kl, n. ইডিব্ড; ইডিহান; পুরা-বুড; A narrative of events; a history; a record:—v. t. বিবৃত-কু; ইডিহান নেখা; To record events in the order of time; to record in history. Syn:—(n.) record, narrative, account; history, annals. [historian.

Chronicler, krohi-kl-er, n. ইতিহাস-ত্যেষ ; An Chronogram, Chronograph, krono-graf, n. An inscription in which a certain date is expressed by numeral letters:—An instrument to record time in astronomical and other observations.

Chronology, kron-olo-ji, n. [Gr. chronos, time, logos, a discourse] কাল গণনা বা কাল নিরূপণ বিদ্যা; The science of dates; the science that treats of the dates of past events. adj=chronologic, chronological (কালক্ষাস্থাত, আৰু-chronologer, chronologist (কালক্ষাক্ত); n=chronologically (কালক্ষাক্ষাত্য)। for ohronologically (কালক্ষাক্ষাত্য)। for ohronologically (কালক্ষাক্ষাত্য)। পর্যাক্ষাত্য।

Chronometer, kron-ome-ter, n. [Gr. chronos, and metron, a measure ] ভাৰতাৰ বস ; তাল্ৰিকপা বা ; বাট ; An instrument for measuring time; a watch adj=chronometric, chronometrical.

Chrysalis, krisa-lis, n. [Gr. chrysallis—chry-

sos, gold ] ভটিকা; কীটপভাৰৰ পজোলাবেৰ পুৰী-ৰহা; The second stage in the state of such insects, as the butterfly. pl=chrysalides (i-dex). a=chrysalid.

Chrysanthemum, kris-anthe-mum, n. [Gr. chrysos, gold, anthemon, flower] এক হাতৰৈ চাৰা পাছ; (Lit.) Gold-flower; a genus of composite plants to which belong the corn marigold and ox-eye daisy.

Chrysolite, kriśo-lit, n. [Gr. chrysos, and lithos, a stone ] ধাড় বিশেষ; ঈবং পীতধৰ্ণ প্ৰথম বিশেষ; A greenish mineral, composed of silica, magnesia, and iron; a stone of a yellowish colour.

Chrysoprase, kriśo-praz, z. aus arus; A kind of massive quartz; a yellowish-green stone.

Chub, chub, n. নংক বিশেষ; A small river fish. Chubbed, Chubby, a. কঃপুট, ধৰ্মাভাৰ এবং বুল; Like a chub; plump, short and thick. n=chubbiness.

Chub-faced, chubfast, a. यक्तावार यून यक्य; Having a pump, round face.

Chuck, chuk, ন. মুৰণীৰ ভাত; The noise of a hen:—ভালৰাসাস্চক ৰাক্য; ৰাংসল্যৰ্কক শব্ধ; A word of endearment:—িহিবুকেৰ নিমুভাবে নাৰাক্ত আখাত; A slight blow under the chin:—v. i. মুৰণীৰ কাৰ শব-কৃ; To call, as a hen:—পৰিহাৰ হলে হাক্ত-কু; To laugh in a broken, convulsive manner, by way of mockery or insult.

Chuck, chuk, v. t. [Fr. choquer, to jolt; allied to E. Shake] মুদ্ভাবে আবাত-কৃ; To strike gently:—মুৰাইয়া নিকেপ-কৃ; চিবুকের বীচে আবাত-কৃ; চাপড়ান; তীব্ৰেগে নিকেপ-কৃ; To toss, to tap under the chin; to pat; to throw with quick motion; to pitch:—ম. নাবাত আবাত; A slight blow.

Chuckle, chukl, v. f. কুৰ্টীৰ স্থায় সন্তানকৈ সন্থাৰ-কু; To call, as a hen does her chickens:— আদৰ-কু; To care; to fondle.

Chuckle, chukl, ৯. i. অন্তবে অহকাবপুৰ্বক হান্ত-ছু;
ব্ব চাপিয়া হান্ত-জু; To laugh inwardly in triumph:—মনেব উন্নাস প্ৰকাশ-কু; To feel inward
exultation; to laugh in a quiet, expressed manner:—ম. অনু অনুধান্ত; মূচ্ছান্ত; A short, suppressed laugh of exultation or derision.

Chuffy, chuff; a. স্বাচৰণ ; কুছ ; বিট্বিটে ; Fat or swelled out, esp. in the cheeks ; angry ; surly. Chum, chum, n. এক প্রচেট্রাসী ; বছ ; A chamber-fellow ; an intimate companion.

Church, church, n. [A. S. ceorl, a freeman of the lowest rank] ৰ্টায় যদিৱ: উপাসৰা নিৰ্দা: A building, set apart for Christian worship:— ৰ্টায়াৰ বৰ্ষণভলী: The whole body of Christians:— ৰ্টায়াৰ সমূহ: A certain number of Christians holding the same dogmas:— বৰ্গৰামী মাধু বোভ: The collective body of saints in heaven and on earth, called the invisible church:— ৰাজ্য ক্লায়: পাগ্ৰী: The body of clergy in distinction from the laity:— ৰাজ্যেৰ ক্ষাৰ: Ecclesiastical authority:— v. f. কাহাৰত মহিত ধৰ্মন্তিৰে মিনিজ ক্ষা ক্ষাৰে ধ্ৰুবাৰ প্ৰবাৰ ক্ষাৰ ক্ষাৰ

Pleating church—ৰে ভাষাত ভৰণাৰ্থৰ জন্ত বাৰ্ত্ত : Ship used as church. [ ঘটাক্ৰি । Church going bell—বিজ্ঞাৰ প্ৰদেৱ সমদ-জাণ্ড Churchman, churchman, n. যাজত, পাদবী ; An episcopalian ; an ecclesiastic or clergyman.

Church militant, n. স্বল প্ৰকাৰ ছুৰ্ণীতি বিবাৰক ধুৰ্ন্দাক; The church as warring against every form of evil.

Church-rate, s. A tax levied on parishes in England for repairing churches and for other matters connected with them.

Church-warden, church-war'den, n. ধৰ্মশিৰ-বৃহক; ঘঠায়ক; An officer who represents the interests of a parish or church:—মৃত্তিকা-নিশ্নিত ভুলীৰ্বল; A long clay-pipe.

Churchyard, churchyard, ন. স্থাধি-ছাৰ; বিজ্ঞা-মনের স্থাধি-ক্ষে; Cemetery; the yard round the church, where the dead are buried.

Churl, churl, n. [A. S. ceorl, a countryman. lce. karl, Ger. kerl, a man; Scot. carl] প্রাযাল্যাক; চালা; A rustic; a rustic labourer:—অবিনাভ লোক; অনিকিভ লোক; A surly, ill-bred man:—অনুদাৰ ব্যক্তি; কুপা; One who is illiberal or miserly; a miser.

Churlish, chur'lish, a. অসভা ; কুল ; Rude ; surly; austere ; unfeeling :— ভার্থপর ; কুপণ ; অপিট্র ; অপিট্র ; অপিট্র ; অপিট্র ; Selfish ; avaricious ; ill-bred :— অন্যা ; Unyielding :— কঠিল ; Firm. n=churlishness. ad=churlishly. Syn:—Sullen, uncivil, harsh ; narrowminded, illiberal, obstinate; nigardly, miserly, stingy.

Churn, churn, v. s. [Ice. kirna, a churn, Dut and Ger. kernen, to churn; akin to kernel] মহন-ক; আবোড়ন-ক; To shake violently, as cream, when making butter:—vi বোল মহনা, To agitate cream &c;—n. মহনা, মহন-পাত ; A vessel in which cream is churned.

Churn-staff, churństaf, म यक्त-एक; A staff or instrument used in churning.

Chuse, chooz, v. t. A form of choose.

Chyle, kil, n. [Fr.—Gr. chyles, juice—chee, to pour] ভানিত বস্তু পাকছনীতে জীৰ্ণ হৈছে ছইছে উৎপন্ন এক প্ৰকাৰ শ্বেছৰ্শ ভৱন পদাৰ্থ; অন্তৱন; A white fluid drawn from the food while in the intestines adjechylaceous, chylous.

Chylifactive, kil-i-faktive, a. [ L. chylus, and facto, to make ] পাক্রীতে অন্তর্গাদি উপাদন্দর:
Having the power to make chyle. nachylifaction, chylification.

Chylification, n. The process of making food from chyle. amchylifactive.

Chyme, kim. প. পাক হলীতে আৰি আনাৰি; A soft pulp formed in digestion:—ডক্ষিড বন্ধ পাকস্মীতে আৰ্থিইনা বে নারাংশে পবিশত হয়; The pulp to which the food is reduced in the stomach. a=clymous.

Chymification, kim-i-fi-káshun, n. [L. ckymus. and facio. to make ] ভক্তিত বছৰ সাহাংশে
পরিপতি; The act of being formed into chyme,
the process of forming chyme. [mistryChymist, Chimistry-Now chemist, cheCibarious, ci-bári-us, a. ব্যুস্ক্তিত গ্রুপ্স্থান-

ৰাৰী; কৰা; Pertaining to food; useful for food; edible.

Cicaria, si-kida, Cicala, si-kila, n. as atolit दा गण्य: An insect remarkable for the sound it produces.

Cicatrice, sila-tris, Cicatrix, si-kātrīks, n. কডিছ; খাব কড়া; The scar over a wound after it is healed.

Cicatrisation, sika-tri-jāshun, ल. आधार्ण-

Cicatrise, sika-trīz, v. f. খা পুৰণ-ড়; To heal s wound:—v. i. কডছান ওছ-ছ; আবোধ্য হওৱা; To heal; to be healed.

Cioerone, ses-e-ro'ne, m. [It.—L. cicero, the Roman orator] প্ৰাচীন অভূত বন্ধ বা বিবৰৰ ব্যাখ্যাতা, পৰিচাৰক বা প্ৰবৰ্ধক; One who explains curiosities and antiquities; one who shews strangers the curiosities of a place; a guide to point out objects of interest.

Cicero in style or action.

Cioeronianism, sis-e-róni-anizm, ন. সিনিবো নামক পথিতের নিধিবার রীভি অপুরুষণ ; Imitation of the style or action of Cicero.

Cider, si'der, n. [Fr. cidre—L. sicera—Gr. sikera, strong drink—Heb. shaker, to be intoxicated] আংপেন বসোহন সুৱা বিশেষ; The juice
of apples fermented; a drink made from applejuice.
[পানীয়; An inferior cider.

Ciderkin, sī-dēr-kin, n. আংপেন বনোত্তৰ নিষ্ট Cigar, si-gar', n. [Sp. cigarro, a land of tobacco in Cuba ] চুকট; A small roll of tobacco for smoking; tobacco rolled for smoking.

Cigarette, sig-ar-et', n. কুম চুকট; A little cigar —কাৰণে পাকাৰ নৰম চুকট; A little finely-cut tobacco rolled in paper for smoking.

Oilia, silia, n. pl. [L. cilium, pl cilia, eyelids, eye-lashes] বেজ-লোৰ; পদ্ম; চকুৰ পাতা; The eye-lashes:—কেশেৰ ভাষ সংঘাদ উদ্ভিদ বা ভাষৰ শুৰু বা (লাৰ; Long hairs or plants or insects. am ciliary, ciliated. [ing to the eye-lashes. Ciliary, silia-ri, a. কেল্ল-লোম সৰ্থীৰ; Belong-Cimeter, sime-ter, n. অসি বিশেষ; ফুপাণ; A short curved sword used in the East. (See scimitar).

Cimmerian, sim-E'ri-an, a. (यात किसिबाइक; व्याव कृक्वन Extremely dark; very obscure.

Cinchona, sin-ko'na, n. সিন্ধোনা নামত বৃক্তের ছাল; কুইনাইন বৃক্তের ছক; A Peruvian tree, and medicinal bark; the bark of a tree that grows in Peru, from which quinine is extracted, a valuable medicine for ague.

Cincture, singktur, n. [L. cingo, cintus, to gird] (वर्षा; क्षेत्रक ; A girdle; a belt :—(वहेंगे ; uta (वहेंगे ; Enclosure; a moulding round a column. Syn:—Belt, girdle, band, cestus, inclosure.

Cinder, sinder, n. [ L. cinis, cineris, ashes ] অসায় : ভয় : দ্বীভূত পদার্থ : The refuse of burned coals ; anything charred by fire.

Cindery, sinder-i, a. युग्याय-क्यायय वा क्यायूच ; Like or composed of cinders. Cinerary, suidr-ar-ı, e. wantaiw, wanunla, Pertaining to ashes.

Cineration, sin-er-ashun, # [ L cines, cine-Fis ] wellsay, sin Miles . The act of reducing to ashes.

Cinnabar, sina-bar, n. Aug , The native red sulphuret of mercury , vermilion.

Cinnamon, sina-mon, n. भागितिन, The spicy bark of a tree in Ceylon.

Cinque, singk, n and, Alo, The nur ber five upon dice or in cards Cinque-foil, singk-foil, n. [ L. folium, a leaf ]

প্ৰপত্ত ভূগ বিশেষ . The five bladed clover. Cinque-pace, singk pas, n এক প্রকার গামীব 407 , A kind of grave dance in which the steps

were regulated by the number five

Cipher, silter, n [ O Fi cifre Fr cliffre-Ar. sife, empty ] পুত্ত , Nought, o — জপালার্থ बाक्षि , अकिथिएक प्रवा , A person or thing of no worth, anything of little value - পিৰিবাৰ কণ্ড मर्च , A secret manner of writing - ना है। कारक को निक अकति , Any of the nine figures --कोलक नात्मत व्यानाक तकनि अखादेश (नवा An inter weaving of the initials of a nime - o i ve कवा , अब विकारिताम कृ To practise arithmetic -ए र मदहरू (नवा माटि (नवा To write 11 secret characters Syn -(n) Notling nought mero, secret alphabet, monogram device

Circissian, sér-kashyan a कारमान अमीरमद উত্তৰত্ব সারকেশিয়া প্রদেশ স শান্ত Of or from (ircassia in Europe -n A native of Carcassia

Circean, sir-se an, a dare i pr. Pertaining to Circe, a fabled enchantress, magical -7', [7] ि , Fatal

Circle, serki, n [ A S circul from I circul us, dim of circus, Gr kirhos or krikes, a circle ] नुष , स्थन , A plane figure bounded by a line, every point of which is equally di tant from a point in the middle called the centre -बुढ, निवि ; ठक , A circumference ring , the line which bounds the figure -407 1 sphere -- शिवार के बार के प्राप्त - मध्ये शिक्ष 47, A coterie, a set, a group of 1 crsons -(बहुबकांबी मच्छेनांब , A company surrounding the principal person -মত্ব, প্রগণা A territonal division -A series ending where it begins -A round-about speaking -ত t ত্রিক -মণ ক, To revolve round, to move round, - (484 & To surround, to encompass, to enclose -v : स्थनाकारत श्यन-कृ, हजाकारत ज्यन-कृ, To move circularly, to move in a circle [ व्याभवा Dress circle—नांडामात्राव अधर्मक विभिनाद श्राम वा Great circle, n A circle whose plane passes through the centre of the sphere dividing it

into two equal parts Lesser circle-One whose plane does not pass through the centre of the sphere, dividing

anto two unequal parts Circlet, serklet, a wa fe , A little circle.

Circuit, serkit, n [Fr -L circuitus -circueo. to go round-circum, round, eo, stum, to go ] পৰিজ্ঞা . A movement round , the act of moy-

eng round --- शतिरवहेन , यात्रा (वहेन करन : A cieg; that which encircles -- विश्वविषय अपन : The journey of judges in holding courts in different parts of a country - Mark. The space enclosed by a circle. Syn - Revolution, circular course, region, district, tract, bounding has compass, boundary, tour, round, journey.

Make a circuit of-gari vier, sa fini wir Go round.

Circuitous, ser-kū'it-us, a. वक , कृतिन , वीका : Going round in a circle, not straight or round: round about a != circuitously.

Circular, sér'ku lar, a. (গাপাকার; মুরুলাকার: Round - उपादा: Successive in order - 75: সমাপ্ত, আপনাতে পৰিসমাপ্ত, Ending in itself :-ৰহুলোককে সংখাধিত Addressed to a number of persons -- अ वर्षकारनात्मान निवित्त आरम्ब-निकः An address to a circle of person. ad m circularly s = ircularity.

Circular notes—পরিবাসকদিপের সুবিধার বস্তু ৰ্যক্ষ চাকাৰ বহাত-দিন্দি বা ছড়ি , A kind of banknotes issued for the convenience of travellers.

Circulate, sei ku lit v & forifas y, asia-y, To cause to pass from place to place, or from nerson to person, to spread -v s. 55 fers গ্ৰান ক, To move round - अक्श निष-इ, To be dflused - apiffe veri. To be spread about

Circulation, sei ku-lishun, r निवन्त, The act of moving round -21324, Free diffusion --- अत्यन , Currercy -- (म्रामद अविक भूजा , The mo cy in use at any time in a country

Circulation of blood--- मक नकान-Circulator, n state One who circulates.

Circumambient, ser kum-ambient, z. [ L. circum abe it ambin, to go round ] नाजक . Surrounding, वज्ञादि नमनगेन, (वक्षनदादी

inclosing on all sider going round about Circumainbulate, sir-kum ambūl at, v t. [L. ambulo amb clatus, to walk] চতুদ্ধিক পৰিত্ৰণ-कृ अर्थान कृ To walk round about. == Circum 1 mbulation

Circumciso, ser kum-siz, v 1. [L. caedo, to cut ] िकाश हर्य (हमस-कृ, भू:खानिव धकराइम-कृ, To con off t e forusk n

Circumcision, sir kum-si-shun, n farin su ছেদৰ , পু:ত্বানিৰ ত্ৰণচ্ছাৰ, The act or ceremony of cutting off the foreskin

Circumference, ser kumferens, n. [ L fero, to भाग ] श्रीहिंस , (अपि विदेश (बर्ग , The boundary line of any round body, the line surrounding any thing a=Circumferential.

Circumflect, scr'kum flekt, क र. हम मीर्च डेकायन-চিহ্ বাবা চিহ্তি কু, To make with a circumflex Circumflex, sirkum-fleks, n [L. flecto, flexus, to bend ] भावज , উक्कांदन किङ , An accent ( A ) for a long syllable

Circumfluent, ser-kumfloo-ent, a. [ L. fluores, fluentis, flowing ] চতুৰিকে প্ৰৰাহিত, চাৰিণিকে वराह्यान , I lowing round, as water.

Circumforaneous, sér-kumiö-ráne-us, s. वाकाद्य वाकाद्य सम्पन्नीन शृह श्रेट्ड शृक्षाक्षद्व अवस्थित,

Strolling about from market to market; walking from house to house.

Circumfuse, ser-kum-fuf, e. t. [L. fundo, fusus, to pout.] विष्य क्या ; (यहेन-कृ ; To spread round ; to surround.

Circumjacent, ser-kum-jasent, a. [ L. jacens, lying—jaceo, to lie. ] চছুৰিপ্ৰতী; ছাৰিপিকে প্ৰিছ ; Bordering on every side; lying round. Circumlocution, ser-kum-lo-ku-shun, n. [L. loquor, locutus, to speak.] বাপাড়বব; বাতোৰ বাইলা; অসাবভাবে বাকা কৰন; A periphrase; round about speaking. a=Circumlocutory.

Circumnavigate, ser-kum-navi-gat, v. t. ম্ব-প্ৰে চড় হৈছে অম্ব-কৃ; To sail round, as the world; to pass round by water. n=Circumnavigation.

Circumnavigator, ser-kum-navi-gat-or, #.
লোভ বাবা চতু কিক পৰ্বাটক; অলপথে এদ্দিশকাৰী;
One who sails round.

Circumpolar, sér-kum-polér, a. (यह महिश्कि इत्यापक प्रशिक्ष ; Situated about or near the pole. Circumrotation, sér-kumro-tá-shun, n. [L. circum, round, and roto, to turn round, as a wheel.] एकांकार पूर्वम ; होतिनित्य पूर्वमान व्यक्ष ; Act of turning, rolling or revolving round, as a wheel; the state of being whirled round.

Circumscribe, ser-kum-skrib, v. t. [ L. circum, round, scribe, to write. ] soffice (1);
To write, draw or engrave around:—(3) - 7;
To surround; to bound.

Circumscription, ser-kum-skrip'-shun, n.
দীয়া; প্ৰায়ভাগ, Limitation; limit; confinement.
Circumspect, ser-kum-spekt, a. [ L circum, round, spaceo, to look.] সাৰধান, সভৰ্চ, কলাণী, বিশ্বকাৰী; Cautious; prudent; weighing well the consequences of an action, ad=Circumspectly. n=circumspectness.

Circumspection, ser-kum-spek-shun, n. নত্ত্তা, মাবধানতা; বিমুখ্টনাবিতা; Watchfulness; caution.

Circumspective, a. সভৰ্জ; Vigilant; cautious. Circumstance, sér-kum-stans, n. [L. stans, stantis, standing—sto, to stand.] সংস্থা বিষয়; বুৱান্ত, বিষয়; স্বাল্ড বিষয়; বুৱান্ত, বিষয়; স্বাল্ড বুৱা; Accident; event; incident—pl. অবস্থা; আহিল অবস্থা; The state of one's affairs; one's state or condition in life:—
v. t. বিশেষ স্থাপ-কৃ; To place in a particular position. Syn:—(n.) Fact, event, incident, accident, occurrence, situation.

The slave of circumstances—wayla via; One absolutely under the control of the state of things in which he is placed.

Under any circumstances—বাহাই বটুক খা বেব ; Whatever may happen.

Under the circumstances—বটনারবাবে;
অবহাসুসারে; বাহা ঘটিয়াতে ভাবাই ধবিবে; Taking into account what has happened.

Circumstantial, ser-kum-stanshal, a. পুখাদু- থম ; সবিশেষ ; কৃদ্ধ ; Minute, particular :--আক-দিক : অবস্থায়টভ ; ঘটনাক্ৰমে উপস্থিত ; Causial ; incidental, ad = Circumstantially.

Circumstantial evidence—অনতাক আনাৰ; বোণ আনাৰ; কৰহামটিভ প্ৰদাৰ; বে প্ৰদাৰ অবহা ৰুছে অনুনাৰেই উপন নিৰ্ভৱ কৰে; Any evidence, not direct and positive; evidence not positive or direct, but which is gathered indirectly from the circumstances of a case.

Circumstantials, ser-kum-stanchals, n. pl.
মুধ্য বিষয়ের আত্মধিক অংশ নকন; আদিকিক ঘটনা; বৈষয়িক বা আধিক অবহা; Things incident to the main subject; incidentals.

Circumstantiate, ser-kum-stanshi-মt, v. f.
হ্নান্হৰূপে বৰ্ণৰ-ফু; পুথানুপুৰ্নণে বৰ্ণৰ-ফু; To
describe exactly; to verify in every particular.
Circumvallation, ser-kum-val-ashun, n. [L.
vallum, an earthen rampart or wall.] প্ৰতিৰ
বাবা বেইল; চড্ডিবিকে প্ৰাচীৰ বাবা বেইল; A fortification made round a place by a besieging
army, consisting of a wall, ditch; a surrounding
with a wall.

Circumvent, ser-kum-vent, v. t. [ L. venio, to come. ] বোকা বাৰান; প্ৰভাৱণা-ক; ঠকান; To outwit, to cheat; to impose on; to deceive. Syn:—Ensnare, overreach, outwit, entrap, beguile. n=Circumvention.

Circumvention, n. 431411; Deception; fraud. Syn:—Deceit, imposture, deception, imposition, guile, trick.

Circumventive, sér-kum-ventiv, a. প্ৰবৃক;
প্ৰভাৱণাৰাৰী; Deluding; deceiving by artifices.
Circumvolution, sér-kum-vol-d'shun, n. [ L. volvo, volutum, to roll.] চড়ফিকে বুৰ্ণন; Turning or rolling round:—বক্ৰণামী বা ব্ৰ্গমান প্ৰাৰ্থ;
Anything winding or sinuous.

Circumvolve, ser-kum-volv, v. i. আবর্ত্তন-তৃ;
চত্তিকে কিরে; চারিদিকে ঘ্রা; To revolve; to
roll round:—v. i. চারিদিকে ঘ্রাণ; To roll
round; to cause to revolve. n=Circumvolution
(আবর্ত্তন)।

Circus, serkus, n. [ L. circus; cog. with Gr. kirkos, A. S. hring, a ring ] মওলাকাৰ বসভূমি; ক্রীডালন; ক্রীডালন; মওলাকাৰ ক্রীড়ামণ; A circular building for the exhibition of games; a place for the exhibition of feats of horsemanship.

Cirrous, sir'us, a. কুঞ্চিত বা আকড়া বিশিষ্ট; Having a curl or tendral.

Cirrus, sir'us, n. [L. curled, hair.] খন বেদ; The highest form of cloud consisting of curling fibres:—(bot) সভাৱ আক্তা; A tendril:—(sool) জালৰ কুম্পিত ওও বা ভৱ; Any curled filament.

Cisalpine, sis-alp'in, a. [L. cis, on this side, and Alpine.] আলুৰ পৰ্যতের কৃষ্ণিত্ব; On this side (to the Roman) of the Alps, that is on the south side; on this side the Alps, in regard to Rome—opposed to Transalpine.

Cist, sist, n. নিশ্ব ; A chest or box : —পূৰ্বকাৰীৰ প্ৰথম নিৰ্মিত স্থাধি ; An ancient tomb of the Celtic period, consisting of a stone chest covered with stone slabs.

Cietercian, sis-ter'shan, ল. সন্থানী; One of an order of Benedictine monks established originally at Citeaux in France.

Cistern, sistern, w. [ L. cisterna, from cirte,

a chest. ] श्रनाशांव ; कोबाव्हा ; A reservior, for holding water or other liquids; any receptacle. Oit, sit, n. श्रीतबरमय व्यवकाष्ट्रक नाम ; Shortened from citizen, and used as a term of contempt. Citadel, sita-del, n. [ It. cittadella, dim. of citta, a city. ] নগৰবক্ষ ছুৰ্গ; ছুৰ্গ; A fortress in a fortified city. [ Quotation. Oital, #. चाशान; Citation :- डेइड बांका; Citation, si-tashun, n. আহ্বান; ভল্প; উপস্থিত रहेवात चन्न वाककीत आयवन ; A summons ; an offi-

cial summons to appear :—প্ৰস্থ বিশেষোৰ্ভ ৰাক্য ; উদ্বৰ ; উদ্ভ বাক্য বা নাম ; উদ্ভ বাক্য ; A quotation; the act of quoting; the passage or name quotted :- আধ্যাৰ ; উল্লেখ ; উত্তক্ষণ , Enumera-

tion. a=Citatory.

Cite, sit, v. t. [ L. cito, to call, intensive of cieo, cio, to make to go, to rouse ] আহ্বাল-কু; বিচারা-नदः शंकित रहेर्ड चार्रन-इ ; To summon ; to call upon to appear in a court of a justice; to summon to answer in court :-- आरमन-कृ ; To enjoin, to direct :--( (कान अब हहेरड ) डेक्ड-क ; नाय-क ; To quote; to name:-- पृष्ठ-व ; উपोहर्व-(प ; To confirm or illustrate from some authority. Syn:-Summon, send for; mention, name, enumerate, repeat, adduce, extract.

Cithern, sithern, Cittern, sitem, n. 44 4414 बोगाया ; A musical instrument like the quitar. Citizen, sifi-zen, n. ननवरात्री; (भोदक्रय; मान-विक ; The inhabitant of a city :- (ननवामी ; A freeman; one who enjoys the rights and privileges pertaining to a city. Syn :- Burgess, townsman, freeman, denizen, resident.

Citizenship, n. नजदरामी वा (मणदामीय ऋष्; The rights of a citizen. [ lemons or limes Oitric, sitric, a. wells अवकीय; Belonging to Citric scid, n. (नव् रहेट डेड्ड अम् ; सरीय जायक , An acid extracted from the juice of limes and lemons.

Citron, sifrun, n. वृक वित्यव ; A tree cultivated for its fruit :-क्यमा (भव ; The fruit of the citron tree resembling a lemon.

City, sifi, n. [ Fr. cite, a city-L. civitas, the state-civis, a citizen; akin to L. ques, quiet ] नर्मव ; A large town :- अवान वर्षाधारकव वामहान-फुल नगद; अधिनिधि नक्षतिनिक्षे महद, A corporate and cathedral town; a town with a corporation. City of David-Jerusalem.

City of God-The Church.

City of palaces—Calcutta. Cives, sīvz, n. উত্তিদ্ বিশেষ; Plant of the leek and onion genus growing in tuits:—লগুৰ বিশেষ; A species of garlic, growing in tufts.

Civet, sivet, n. नक्षानाकृता ; नक्षानाकृत्व मरीत्रकार প্রথমি ; A perfume obtained from the civet or civet-cat, a small carnivorous animal of N. Africa: -- গন্ধগাকুল; খটাল; The animal that produces civet.

Civic, sivik, a. (भीव ; बानभन ; नजन महसीत ; नान-বিক; Pertaining to a city or citizen.

Oivil, sivil, a. [ L. civilis—civis, citizen ] 414-বৈতিক; Political, as opposed to criminal:--चरम्बेब : मांधविक ; Intestine, as opposed to fore-

agu :-- गृरक् ; शोवविका विक्या : Lay, as distinguished from ecclesiastical :-- नापापप ; परेनिक : Ordinary, as distinguished from military:-का ; नहा ; निष्टे ; Courteous, gentle, obliging, affable, polite :-- नवीय ; Sober ; not gay or showy ; as "civil suited morn" :- बादिश ; Under a regular administration; as, a civil society:-(श्रीवक्षणभाषीत ; Relating to city or state. or to a citizen in his relation to his fellow citizens or to the state, as civil rights. Syn :-Civilized, not savage; political, not military, civic; not foreign, domestic, intestine; complaisant, well-bred, polished, affable, polite. courteous.

A civil court—(एक्ट्रोनि चामानक।

Civil death-त्रयाच रहेए वहिकान ; That which cuts off a man from civil society.

Civil engineer-- लोर-वच वक्षित कोनजी: One who plans railways, docks, &c., as opp. to a military engineer, or to a mechanical engineer, who makes machines, &c.

Civil law-बावजा ; The law of a state, city or country:-(वीयरमेशेव वातका; Specially, the Roman law.

Civil list-बाबाद मांशादिक बाहदद कई; The expenditure of the royal household; now embraces only the expences of the sovereign's household.

Civil service—बाजकीय विवादांति नःकांस वाकवि : The paid service of the state in so far as it is not military or naval.

Civil suit—(नक्शनी (बाक्स्मा : A suit for a private claim or injury; law process between citizen and citizen, as opposed to criminal process.

Civil war, n. अस्त्र्यः आक्रविद्याधः वाक्यविद्यादः স্বস্থাতি-বিগ্ৰহ; A war between people of the same state or city. [ Government.

Civil year-The legal year, appointed by the Civilian, siv-ilyan, n. विधिक, One versed in civil law:-- मामदिक ७ वाजन वृत्ति छित्र दावकीय विष्टांबानि कार्या निष्क बाकि: One engaged in civil, not military or clerical pursuits.

Civilisation, siv-il-i-zashun, n. 45/51; Refinement; culture.

Civilise, sivil-īz, v. t. मडा-कृ; अमडाडा वृत-कृ; শিকা পেওয়া; To reclaim from a savage state; to instruct in arts and refinement. Syn :-Humanize, refine, educate, enlighten, christianize.

Civility, siv-ili-ti, भ. (मोबड ; चूनिका ; न्हाडा ; ভরতা: শিষ্টতা: Politeness, courtesy, goodbreeding; urbanity.

Clack, klak, v i. वन् वन् भय-कृ; To make a sharp noise suddenly :--ভাড়োভাড়ি এবং সম্বাগ্ৰ কথা বলা ; To talk rapidly and continually :-v. t. वन् वन् वस क्यांव ; To cause to make a sudden noise :-ভাড়াভাড়ি কৰা বলা ; To utter rapidly and inconsiderately :-- #. यन सन् भन्न , sharp sudden sound frequently repeated. Olad, klad, pa. f. and pt. pr. of clothe.

Claim, klam, n. [ O. Fr. claimer-L. clamo,

to call out, from cale, cog. with Gr. kalee, to call ] शांदि : आगदि : अगिदि : A demand :—पण : अगिदि :—शांदि एक दिवस आर्थि एक : The thing claimed :—v. t. शांदि-कृ . To demand as due ; to seek as a right :—पण् शांचि नकृ : To assert or maintain as a right :— एक . i. युवान-कृ : To be entitled to anything :— कांच्या : निरम्भ पणिया शांदि-कृ : To call for ; to demand as a right. Syn:—Demand, insist, ask, require, exact.

Claimable, klama-bl, e. বাৰি কৰিবাৰ বোগ্য; আপতিবোগ্য; That may be claimed.

Claimant, klamant, দ. দাবিদাৰ; আপত্তিকাৰত; বে ব্যক্তি কাৰি কৰে; One who demands anything as right; one who makes a claim.

Clairvoyance, klar-voians, n. [Fr. clair—L. clarus, clear, and Fr. voir—L. video, to see ] অভীপ্রির বিষয়ের দর্শন শক্তি; অভীপ্রির পদার্থ প্রভাকের শক্তি; An alleged power of seeing things not present to the senses.

Olairvoyant, klar-voïant, n. অভীন্তির বিষয়দর্শক; ইন্সিয়ের অবিষয়ীভূত বস্তুর দর্শক; One who
professes clairvoyance:—a. তাদুশ শক্তিসম্পন্ত;
Relating to clairvoyance.

Clam, klam, v. t. [A. S. clam, clay, a variety of law ] আটা বা আৰু কোন চট্চটিনা ক্ৰয় যাবা সংলগ্ন-কু; আটাৰ জড়ান; To clog with sticky matter:—চুণকাৰ-কু; To lime:—v. i. চট্চটিনা বা আর্ক-হ; To be moist.

Clament, klamant, a. डेक हीश्कांव विभिन्ने ; विविध-कार्बी ; Calling aloud or earnestly.

Clamber, klamber, v. i. কটে আবেছৰ-কু; হত্ত-প্ৰাদিৰ সাহাব্যে অভিকটে আবেছন, To climb with difficulty, grasping with hands and feet.

Clammy, klami, a. प्रतिष्ठ ; क्रिक्ट ; Sticky, moist and adhesive. n=Clamminess.

Clamorous, klamorous, a. উচ্চে: প্ৰকাৰী; গোল-বোপপূৰ্ণ; আপাছ; Noisy; boisterous; vociferous, turbulent. n=Clamorousness.

Clamour, klamor, m. গোল্যাল; চীংকার; Uproar; outery; a continued vociferation; a loud continuous outery:—v. i. চীংকার-কৃ; গোল্যাল-কৃ; চীংকার করিয়া উচ্চায়ণ-কৃ; To utter loud sounds; to vociferate:—v. t. To salute or stun with noise.

Clamp, klamp, #. ব্ৰহী; Anything that fastens or binds:—(বোহার) পাতর; (কাটের) বাড়া; পাড়; বিল; A piece of timber, iron &c., used to fasten things together or to strengthen any frame-work:—ইটের পাড়া; A pile of bricks laid up for burning:—v.t. বাডাবন্ধ-ড়; পাড়র বাড়া বাড়া; To unite or render firm by a clamp:—s.t. বোহর প্রবিদ্ধেশ-ড়; To tread heavily or clumsily.

Clan, klan, ম. [Gael. clann, Ir. clann or cland, offspring, tribe.] আডি; দল; গণ; A race, a family, a tribe, a clique, sect, or body of persons:—একজন নহাৰ বা বাহাৰের অধীনত্ব একই উপাবিধানী পৰিবাৰ নহাই; A tribe or collection of families subject to a single chieftain bearing the same surname and supposed to have a

common ancestor. Syn:—Tribe, clique, sect, society, brotherhood, fraternity.

Clandestine, klan-deśtin, a. [L.—clan, setretly, from root, kal, seen, also in celo, to conceal.] we; Tuiffe; ang; wite; te; Secret; concealed or hidden; unlawful; sly; private. Syn:—Private, concealed; underhand, sly, fraudulent.

Clang, klang, n. [L. clango; Ger. klang, formed from the sound ] খন্থন্থন্থ বাং বাংকার; A sharp ringing sound like that made by metallic bodies when struck together:—v. f. খন্থন্থক্যাৰ; To make a sharp ringing sound by striking metallic bodies together; to cause to clang:—উচ্চজনিব ভাষ পৰ্ভংগাৰৰ কৰা; To produce a sharp ringing sound.

Clangour, klahgur, n. [L. clangor] স্থা স্থা শব্য: ট্যাৰ কমি; A sharp ringing or rattling sound:—ভীত্ৰ কৰ্মশব্য; A sharp, shrill, harsh sound.

Clanish, klanish, n. একত স্বদ্ধ; এক প্ৰকৃত্ধ; Closely united. n=Clanishness. ad=Clanishly. Clansman, klaniman, n. একগণ কুত ব্যক্তি; One belonging to the same clan; a member of a clan.

Clanship, klańship, দ. দ্পৰ্থন; Union:—
এক নাৰকাধীন পৰিজনবৰ্গের সমিডি; একজন কৰ্মচাৰীৰ
অধীনে বহু পৰিবাৰের সম্বায়; Association of
families under a chieftain.

Clank, klangk, n. यन यन पण; मुश्चमनिव सांच भज्ञनाम्हारी चीव पण; The loud, ringing sound made by a collision of metallic or other sonorous bodies; a sharp sound, less prolonged than a clang, such as is made by a chain:—v. f. or v. i. व्य क्षा-क; To make or cause a clink.

Clap, klap, n. [ Ice. klappa, to pat; Dut. and Ger. klappen; formed from the sound ] नहीं क्ति : A loud sound made by sudden collision : -- আক্ৰিক কাৰ্য্য বা গড়ি; এক আখাড়; A sudden action or motion; a stroke:-(प्रकृति ; A burst of sound; a sudden explosion :-- क्वांनि ; প্রশংসাস্টক হাভভাগি; A striking of hands to express approbation :- ए. t. कवचानि-(कः To strike together, so as to make a noise :- १३१९ थाका-त्र ; क्षेत्र कालाहेश-त्र ; To thrust, drive or put, hastily or abruptly :- क्यकालि क्या अन्ता-কু; প্রশংসাপ্তক করভানি-দে; To applaud with the hands; to manifest approbation of, by striking the hands together :- v. i. (जीवपीरवर महिल गुनेश्य भव-र; अव महकार्य धकरत जाराल-कः; To strike together with noise:--কমভাপি-ছে; To strike the hands together. Syn:-Pat, strike gently, put hastily, applaud.

Clapper, klap'er, अ. व्यव्यक्ति-वावा; A person who claps, or applauds by clapping :--वर्षा-वावा; The tongue of a bell.

Ciap-trap, klap'-trap, n. এখনো পাইবাৰ বভ চাডুৱী; এখনো বাতের কৰি; A trick or device to gain applause:—a. খঠডা-পূৰ্ণ; এবকনা-পূৰ্ণ; Deceitful, artful, not genuine.

Clare-obscure, klårob-skür, Clare-obscure, kläro-obsköö'ro, n. चारवाक क हारा \* 824 7

विश्वक कवियाव 'कोचन ; In painting, the art or judiciously distributing light and shade.

Claret, klar'et, w. Fr. clairet-clair-L. clarus, clear ] मश्रावित्यम ; Orig. applied to wines of a light or clear red colour but now used in England for the dark-red wines of Bordeaux; a French wine of a dark-red colour. Clarification, n. (4144; The act of purifying

Clarified butter—पृष्ठ : वि ; Ghee.

Clarifier, klar'i-fi-er, n. शविकावक ; That which purifies :-- यश (नाथन कविवाद शोख : A vessel in which liquor is clarified.

Clarify, klar'i-fi, v. [ L. clarus, clear, and facio, to make ] পৰিকাৰ-কু; To make clea: :---(बाधव-कृ ; निर्मात-कृ ; উष्णत्र-कृ ; To render pure and bright :- . i. निर्मन-र ; नदिक्छ रक्षा ; To become pure, as liquors; to become clear:-केन्त्र-इ ; To grow clear or bright. n=Clarification.

Clarion, klar'i-on, n. [Fr. clairon-clair, clear ] ভুরী ; বণশিকা ; ভেরী ; A kind of trumpet, whose note is clear and shrill.

Clarionet, klar'i-on-et, Clarinet, klar'i-net, n. बानायड बिट्नव ; A wind instrument of music, sounded by means of a reed fixed to the mouth-piece:--नानाह : A kind of hautboy.

Clash, klash, n. नरपर्वा ; वाद्यमरशास्त्र दिविक देळ भ्य: Collision of bodies; a meeting with violence; a loud noise, such as is caused by the striking together of weapons :-- বিৰোধ ; অভি-बाद : Opposition : contradiction :-- १. ई. धाँकी ৰাৰা; To strike against with force :-- বিক্লছাৰী-ष्ट्रं स्वरक्ष्-क ; To meet in opposition ; to interiere :--- চ. কোৰে ধাকা বাবা ; সপৰে আখাত-চু ; विकार-ए: To strike noisily against. Syn.-Disagree, differ, collide; clank, clang, quarrel, jar, contend.

Clash of erms—बारबर अन्यना ।

Clashing, klashing, a. निजन; Interfering; opposite :- #. পৰশাৰ আঘাত ; Striking against in bodies :- निरंदोध ; Interference, oppositions. Clasp, klasp, n. [ M. F. claspe, from the root of A. S. clyppan, to embrace ] यक्ती ; कीनक ; काक्षा ; A hook for fastening ; a catch :-- आ नि-খন; An embrace:-- v. t. আকড়া ছারা বন্ধ-কু; To fasten with a elasp or hook :--আলিম্ব-ক ; To embrace :-- शब्दिक्ष-क ; To surround and cling to; to entwine about; to twine round. Syn :-Fasten, connect, concatenate; embrace, unite, grasp, clutch, grapple, hug.

Olasp-knife, klasp'-nife, n. ছ्रिविश्य ; हाकू-Eff : A knife with a folding blade.

Olasper, klasp'-er, n. নতাদির বাডি বা আঁকডা: পতাতঃ ; The tendril of a plant :-- বৰাৰী ; That which clasps.

Class, klas, n. [ Fr. classe-L. classis, orig. a rank or order of the Roman people when called together, from a root kal, seen in L. calare, clamare, to call, Gr. koleo, klesis. ] (29; An order or rank of persons or things :- महादाधी शाबाखनै ; मछीर्ष ; (वंगे ; A number of students A scientific division or arrangement :-- v. f. cat বিভাগ-কু; To classify; to arrange methodically :—(संवैदक् - कृ ; (संवैद्रक - कृ ; To form into a class :-- v. i. (अपिया-र ; To be grouped; to be classed. Syn :- (n.) Grade, rank, genus ; set, species, value, degree. [ class.

Class-mate, m. मराबाधी ; मछोर्ब ; One in the same Classic, klasik, Classical, klasik-al, a. 7741-ख्य ; উচ্চহেণীয় · Of the first class or rank :-- और ও नाहिय (नवकमवकीय ; Pertaining to Greek and Latin authors :-- विश्व ; शविक ; Chaste ; pure ; refined. Syn :- Elegant, polished, refined, chaste, pure; Attic, Augustan.

Classic, n. 医注意 如: A work of acknowledged excellence:--প্রীক ও লাটিৰ ভাষাৰ অভিজ: One learned in the classics.

Classicality, klas-ik-ali-ti, Classicalness. klasik-al-nes, म. (वार्डप ; The quality of being classical.

Classics, n. bl. मर्त्सारक्ट्रे वाधिन जीव ७ नाहिन লেখকৰণ এবং আধুনিক উচ্চ শ্ৰেণীৰ লোকৰণ, অথবা कीशारिक अनेक अवस्थार ; Greek, Roman, and modern writers of the first rank, or their works.

Classification, klas-i-fi-káshun, म. (वर्ग-निर्दान : শেন-বিভাগ ; Act of forming into classes.

Classify, klasi-fi, v. t. [ L. classis, and facio, make ] त्वन विडक्-क ; (व्यवस्य-क ; To arrange into groups or divisions; to systematise; to arrange. Syn :- Arrange, distribute, systematise, assort, dispose.

Classman, klasman, n. अन्तरकार्ड शदीकात विद्याद সন্মানপ্ৰাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; One who has gained honours of a certain class at the Oxford examinations: opp. to passman.

Clatter, klater, n. वर्षव कामि ; वान् वान् वाकः 🗛 repeated confused rattling noise; a repetition of abrupt sharp sounds :-- চ. ঠ. ঠন ঠন খন-ড়; স্পু কৰু শক্ত-কু; To make rattling sounds :-- কুৰা কৰা वरी ; घीरकाव-कु : रहन्ड कविवा क्या करा ; कांद्राकाहि क्षा दहा; To clamour; to talk fast and idle :v. f जन कविवाद क्छ आधाष्ठ-कृ; To strike and make a rattling sound.

Clauso, klawz, n. f Fr. clause—L. clausus claudo, to shut, inclose ] চুक्तिश्वानित एका ; एका ; दादा : An article or part of a contract, will, &re.; an article in an agreement or stipulation in a document :- भन ; भन्। । अवसाम ; A part or member of a sentence and its predicament; a sentence or part of a sentence. [ pt. t. of cleave. Clave, klav, v. विरी विवाहिन : Did cleave :-Clavicle, klavi-kl, n. [ L. clavicula, dim. of clavis, a key ] 4517 ; The collar-bone.

Claw, klaw, n. कहर नश्य ; श्वा ; A sharp, hooked nail, or foot of an animal; a talon :- s. f. नश्व धावा विमीर्ग-कः चाठ्यामः सर्ववाधाक-कः To scratch or tear with the nail :- 2026 (764); To tickle.

Claw me claw thee—ছবি আবাৰ বাব ত আৰি ভোষায় বাধিব ៖ { chide. To claw sway-farsty-s; To rebute; to Chey, kiz, ল. কৰ্ম ; বাঁচিল কোনল বুজিলা; A kind of plastic earth; a tenacious ductile earth—ছুক্তিলা; Earth in general:—মন্ত্ৰা-দেহ; Human body:—মুর্কালা; ক্ষমেন্ত্রালা; Frailty, liability to decay:—৩. চ. মুজিকা থাবা সাববিশিই-মৃ: To manure with clay:—(লপ্য-মৃ: To smear over:—বিজ্জ-মৃ: To purify and whiten with clay. Clay in the hands of the potter, be—কুষ্টাবের হাতে কাগ্য ভাবের ছাত্র, বাহা ইচ্ছা ভাষাই ক্যান থাইতে পারে; Can be easily moulded into any shape, be easily made to do anything.

Clayey, klái, a. मृश्विना-पूर्व ; कर्मन्यम ; Abounding in clay ; consisting of clay.

Claymore, klamor, n. scatisfacter; A large sword formerly used by the Highlanders of Scotland.

Olean, klen, a. [A. S. claene, W. Gael, glan, shine, polish; Ger. klein, small ] নিৰ্দান; Free from dirt or filth:—বিষল; নিক্ষক; Free from stain or whatever defiles:—গাইটপুড, Free from knots or branches:—নিপুণ, চতুৰ, দক; Adroit, dexterous; clever:—পবিত্ৰ: নিজাপ; পাপশুড, Innocent; pure; guiltless:—স্থাকনক গীড়া হইটেছ ; Free from polluting or loathsome discusse as leprosy:—জাচাৰ উদ্ধান দিলোপাল, Entirely, fully; wholly:—কক্ষাৰ্কাৰে; নিপুণভাপুৰ্কক, Cleverly:
—জ. চ বিশুক্ত, To cleanse; to purify. n=cleanness.

Clean out, v. 朝何-季; Empty.

A clean bill of health—সংজ্ঞামক বোগের সংক্ষান্ত, এই বলিছা কোন আহাজকে যে নিন্দাপত্র দেৱা হয়।

To make a clean breast—মনের পাপ খুলিছা
Cleanliness, n. পরিছেলতা; নির্লতা; শৌচ;
Neatness, freedom from dirt or filth .—পবিত্রতা,
Purity

Cleanly, kleńli, a. পরিজ্জ, Habitually clean; neat:—পৰিজ; নিৰ্মল; Innocent; pure — ডডুর; Adroit, artful:—ad পরিপাটীরূপে; পরিজ্জরূপে, In a cleanly manner. n=cleanliness.

Cleanse, kienz, v. t. নির্মান কু; পরিক্ষত বা পবিত্র-কু, To render clean; to make clean or pure: v. t. নির্মান-ছ; To become clean.

Cleanse away—পবিত্ৰ-কৃ; গোৰ ইইভে মুক্ত-কৃ, To purify from guilt or crime.

Clear, kler, a. [ Fr. clari-L. clarus, clear, loud ] 专题; 管理对; Transparent, bright; undimmed ; luminous :--- नाहे ; विनम ; काकागान ; Plain, perspicuous; manifest; distinct; conspicuous - # Acute ; discriminating ; sharp —শাত ; Serene ; cheerful :—সুৱাৰ্য , Audible ; distinctly heard :- विका : Pure :- विकार ; Free from defect or blemish .— নিৰ্দোষ ; নিৰ-পৰাধ; অনিক্ৰীয়; Innocent; unblemished; गानoproachable :-- निषक्षा ; Net :-- व्यविभिन्न ; विका ; Unmixed ; pure :- निक्सिका ; Undeniable; indisputable: —পৰুপাতগুত্ত; Unbiased; unprepossessed; impartial:—বশ্য ; Free from debt or obligation :-- 441748; Unembarrassed; not entangled ; free :-- वृक्त ; चित्रान श्रेट युक्त ; Liberated; freed; acquitted of charges :- --- कुष ; Free from obstruction ; open :-- ad. न्येक्स्ना ; পরিকারকাপ ; Plainly ; evidently ; in a clear manner :-- डेव्यनकारण ; Luminously :-- छीक्रवाण ; With clear discernment :- Matty; Without cntanglement or confusion :-- नवनकारव ; Honestly; candidly: -- अभरकां कार व ; Without reserve, evasion or subterfuge :-- সম্প্রিপ ; Wholly ; नेपा-क ; To render intelligent or evident :-- अपन-বোগা-ক ; To render audible :--পরিভ্ত- ; শোধিত-কু; To clarify; to cleanse; to make clean :--বাধাশুল-কু; To free from impediment : –প্ৰতিবন্ধতা অস্পষ্টতা এবং দোষ হ**ইতে মৃক্ত-কু** ; To free from obscurity, obstruction or guilt :-- we-#; To justify; to vindicate or acquit; to exonerate :-- লাভ-কু; To make gain or profit beyond expenses and charges; to net :-- वन श्रीवृष्ट-कृ: To remove wood from land; to cut down trees: -क्षाञ्चानांनक वस रहेएल मूक्ष-कृ ; To free from any thing noxious or injurious :-- नक-(क ; To leap over without touching :- v.i. পविकृष- ह; উজ्জ- ह; पुक-६; To become clear; to grow free, bright, or transparent n=clearness.

Clear away — জব্য স্থানাস্তবিত-কু; Remove things :
—শ্রাঘন-কু, To escape.

Clear off—পৰিকাৰ ইয়া বাজ্যা; Disappear (as clouds or fog):—পলাৱৰ-কৃ, Run away:—মুক্ত-কৃৰা হ; To make or become free from:—পরি-শোধ-কৃ; To pay off.

Clear out—ৰশৰ জ্যাপ-কু; Leave a port ; depart :
—( collq. ) চলিয়া বাঙ্যা ; Go away.

Clear up—পৰিকাৰ হুৰুষা; Become bright:— পৰিশোধ-কু; To close an account; liquidate:— মেম-কুক্ষটিকা শুক্ত-হ; Have fine weather:—সংশব্ধ দূৱ-কু; Free from obscurity or ambiguity:— পৰিকাৰ কবিয়া বুকাইছা-দে; To explain.

Keep clear of—(কোন অনিষ্ট বিষয় হট্ছে) আপনাকে দূৰে বাৰ); Keep oneself away or free from some evil

To clear a ship—ৰলৱ হুইতে বাইবার জন্ত অসুমতি লওয়া ; To procure legal permission to sail.

To clear a ship for action or to clear for action—হুদাৰ্থ সঞ্জিত হুইবাৰ পূৰ্বে কাহাজেৰ তলা প্ৰিকৃত-কু, To remove all encumbrances from the deck and prepare for engagement.

To clear the ground-ভূমি পৰিকাৰ-তৃ; To remove all obstructions from the ground.

To clear the land—গভীৰ ৰবে খাওয়া; ( naut. ) To gain a safe distance from shore.

The coast is clear—ভাষেৰ কাৰণ পোৰ ছইবাছে; The danger is over:—( শক্ৰণাক্ষৰ) কেহ কোৰাও নাই, The enemies have left the coast.

Clear scores with—দেশ পাত্ৰা ঠিক-কু; জমা-ব্যুচ-কু; To settle an account; to adjust account with:—প্রতিশোধ লভাগ; To obtain satisfaction for.

A clearing of scores—জ্মাধ্বদেৰ সম্ভা বা মিল; খণ পৰিশোধ; Balancing of accounts; a paying off of what is due. [ing a clear intellect. Clear-headed, a. ভাকবৃদ্ধিবিশিই; বৃদ্ধিমান; Hav-Clear-sighted, a. ভাকবৃদ্ধি, ভাকসুদ্ধিশিই; Discerning; acute; shrewd. Clearance, kier'ans, n. ছাড় চিট ; অব্যক্তিপত্ত ; A certificate that a ship has been cleared at the custom-house—that is, has satisfied all demands and procured a permission to sail; a certificate of leaving a port; permission by the customs-house for a vessel to sail:—আধু-বাজিক বাৰ বাংদ লাভ, বাজি লাভ ; Clear, net profit: —সাবাড়, গরিত্তকরণ; Act of clearing.

Clearing, klering, n. পৰিছতকৰণ; Act or process of making clear:—কৰ্বপোপৰোগিনী ভূমি; কৰ্বপাৰ্থ পৰিছত ভূমিৰঙ; A tract of land prepared for cultivation:—ইঙি বিনিমন, The process of exchanging cheques by bankers.

Clearing-house, n. ত্তিবিনিষ্য স্থান; The house where the clearing is carried on; a place in London where such clearing business is done. Clearly, kler'li, ad. পৰিভাৰন্তে, In a clear manner; distinctly

Cleavage, klefaj, n विभावन . The act of splitting ; manner of cleaving.

Cleave, klev, v. t. [A. S. clessan, cog with Ger klieben] বিনীৰ্-কু, বিভক্ত-কু, বলপুৰ্মক ভেদ-কু; To separate with violence, split; rive. divide — v ঃ. বঙ ৰঙ হওয়; ভাজিয়া যাত্যা, বিভক্ত-হু, ফাটিয়া যাত্যা; To part asunder, to crack. pr. p=Cleaving. pa t=clove or cleft. pa. p=cloven or cleft. Syn — Separate, bisect, rend, dissever, disunite, split, rive, part asunder.

Cleave, klev, v. t. [A. S. clifian, cog. with Ger kleben, Dut. kleven ] সংলগ্ধ-কু; To adhere to; to stick to:—মিলিড-ফু; To adhere with strong attachment —ইপদোগী-ফু, To be adapted, to agree.—একল-ফু, To untite. pr. pe Cleaving pa t=cleaved or clove. pa pecleaved. Syn.—Cohere, be attached; cling to, be united.

Cleaver, klever, n ক্লাইয়েৰ ছুবিকা কাটাৰি; A butcher's chopper, a hatchet

Cloft, kleft, n ছিল, চিড়, কটি, A crack, fissure or chink. Syn:—Crevice, chasm, cranny, tent, gap.

Clematis, klema-tis, n. [ Low L.-Gr. kle matis-klema, a twig ] একছাতীয় নতা . A creeping plant; a climbing plant.

Clemency, klemen-si, n. পৰা; নজা, ঋষা-শিপ্তা: Kindness; mildness; readiness to forgive.

Clement, klement, a খ্যাবু; নম; কোমলমভাব, Kind; merciful; mild; gentle. Syn —Gentle, tenient, merciful, kind, tender, compassionate, indulgent. ad=Clemently.

Clench, klensh, Same as clinch.

To clench an argument—To place it in a firm and unassailable position.

Clepsydra, klep'si-dra, n. [L.—Gr. klepsydra—klepto, klepso, to steal, hydro, water] আন আজী; A time-piece used by the Greeks and Romans for measuring time by the discharge of a certain quantity of water.

Clergy, klėt'ji, n [L.L. clericus, a clerk, clergyman, Gr. klerikos, port. to the ciergy,

clerical, Fr. kleros, a lot, portion ] পুৰোহিডাৰ ; বাজকন্তলী ; The body of ministers of religion : body of priesthood — হাপিত ধর্মনিবের বাজক ; In England, ministers of the Established church :—পুরোহিতের অধিকার ; The privilege or benefit of a clergy.

Benefit of clergy—Exemption of clergymen from criminal process before a secular judge—once extended to all who could read, but now abolished.

Clergyman, kler'ii-man, n. পুৰোহিড; জীয়-যান্ত ; পাদৰি; ধন্মোপদেশক; A minister of a Christian church; one of the clergy.

Cleric, kler'ık, n বাৰক, A clerk or clergyman:
—a. বাৰকীয়, Belonging to the clergy.—লেবৰস্বাৰীয়, Pertaining to a clerk or writer.

Clerical, kler'ık-al. a. হাজ্ঞীয় , Belonging to the clergy :—বেশকন্থ্যীয় , Pertaining to a clerk or writer.

Clerical error—অমভিবেত ভূপ, An unintentional error or omission made in the translation of a deed or other written instrument

Clerk, klack. n. [ A S clerc, a priest-Late L. clericus ] (नशक, (कहानी; पूछ्दी, कलमर्गमा; यमीकी श A scribe, a penman, one employed as a writer or assistant in an office, -- अव्वादी शुरवाविक, A reader of responses in the church service; an assistant to a clergyman in church. n = Clerkship. [ গিরি ; Office of a clerk. Clerkship, " (कवानीव अन , (कवानातिक , पृष्ठवी-Clever, klever, a. बिपून ; ह्यूद ; मक , कोमेनी ; Dexterous ; adroit :-- विष्क्षन , वृक्षिमान , Expert ; ingenious, strart - एक जामरकाद मन्यापिक: কৌশবসনার, Executed or performed with dexterity; skilfully done. Syn - Expert, dexterous, adroit, sharp, discerning, ingenious, knowing, able, skilful. ad=cleverly, n=cle-Clew, Clue, kloo, n [A. S. cliwe, prob.

akin to L. glomus, a ball of thread, and globus, a sphere, from root of 'cleave', to adhere ] স্থাৰ জবি; গুডিকা-স্ত্ৰ, A ball of thread; the thread in it.—প্ৰথমপূৰ্ণ-স্ত্ৰ, The thread that is used to guide a person in the labyrinth: ছবং বিষয়বেথিকা; ছবং বিষয়েৰ মীমানেক, A guide, anything that directs or guides in an intricate case, anything that solves a mystery:
—পাইবেৰ কোণ; One of the corners of a sail, the corner of a sail:—v.i পাইব গুটাৰ; পাইব

Click, klik, n. টক্ টক্ পান, টিক্ টিক্ পান ; A sharp sound, a short, sharp clack or sound:—পৌহ- এও, দৰ্ভাৰ ইংদ্ৰল; A small piece of iron, falling into a notched wheel; door-latch:—n. i. টক্ টক্ পান-কু; To make a light, sharp sound:—পীয়া লঙ্গা; তীক্ষ পান-কু; To snatch hastily. Syn:—Tick, chnk, clack, pawl, detent, catch, racket.

Client, khient, n. [Fr—L. cliens, for cluens, one who hears or listens (to advice), from clueo, to hear] মধ্যেন; A lawyer's customer:
— আলিত ব্যক্তি; Dependent of a patron:—সমাধ

ব্যক্তিৰ অনুগত লোক , A nobleman's retainer or follower næClientship

CHff, klif, n. প্রত পুল, নাছ, A high, steep rock —পর্বাচন উন্নত পার্ব, The steep side of a mountain —প্রবণ ভূমি চাল্ডট, A steep bank Chiffy, a সাল্মান, চ্ড়াবিশিষ্ট, Having cliffs, craggy

Chft-Same as Cleft

Climacteric, klim akter-ik n [Gr klimakter-kliman, a ladder] পৰিণামকাল, মপুৰা জীবনে লাকণ পৰিবৰ্জনকাল, A critical period in human life in which some great bodily change is supposed to take place — স্বিক্লণ, Any critical period a=chimacteric, climacterical

Climate, khimat n [Fr — L clima climatis — Gr. klima, klimatos, slope—klino, to make to slope] n जनवान, भाने बाजा, The condition of a country or place with regard to tem perature, moisture &c — अरमन Region or zone of the earth

Climatic, kli matik Climatical, kli matikal a ৰূপৰায় সংখীয় , ৰূপৰায় সংস্কৃতি Relating to or limited by climate

Chmatiso, v ঃ নৃতন জনবায়ু সহ্ করিতে অভ্যাস-ক inure to a new clim its

Climatology, kli ma tolo ji n [Gi k'ima and logos discourse] জনবাধ বিজ্ঞান Science of or a treatise on climates

Climax, klimaks n [ Gr kliman a ladder or ctaircase—from klino to slope ] ম্ব্যস্থা শেব সীৰা Acme the greatest point — সাৱালক'ৱ বালালকাৰবিশেব, Series of sentences rising in force

Climb, kim v.: or v f আবেছণ ক উঠা ru lo ascend with difficulty to ascend or ct up with labour a=(limbable Climber, n বড চা ব্রুৱী A climbing plant

Climber, n বুড চা বুরুরা A climbing plant
—আবোহা One who climbs [region tract
Clime, kimm n প্রদেশ দেশ হাল Country
Clinch, kinsh, Clench, n t হস্ত হারা দুচকুপে
হাবণ কু Io grasp tightly with the hand —
সমর্থন কু সপ্রমাণ-কু, Io establish to confirm
t settle — n দুচকুপে হারণ Grasp holdfast
To clinch the fist—দুঢ়কুপে মুক্তিম্কন কু To
contract the fingers firmly and closely into the
palm of the hand so as to form a ball

Clincher, klinsher, n উপসংহাৰ , চ্ডান্ত নিম্পত্তি A decisive argument

Cling, kling, v i [L S clingan to shrivel up to draw together] দুচৰপে স লয়-২, বছ হ, 10 adhere closely to stick to hold fast—
2 f সংলয় হ, 10 cause to adhere to pa t and pa p=cling Syn—Stick attach cleave to Cling to—ছড়িয়া ধৰিয়া থাকা Hold fast by winding round—খতে থাকা (নাছাটা) Adhere fi mly to something out of interest or affection Clinic, khink Clinical, klink al, a [Gr. k/ine a bed, from klino to recline] চিকিৎসাগাহে প্রায়ে খাণাপারে প্রন্ত উপদেশ সম্মীয়, Applied to instruction given in hospitals at the bedside of the patient—খ্যালায়ী বোলী সম্মীয়, Pertaining to the sick-bed—খ্যালত Bed-ridden—

চিকিংসা, Bed-side practice n=Clinic ( প্ৰাণ্ড ব্যক্তি, One confined to bed by sickness )

Clinical lecture—বোগীৰ প্যাপাৰে প্ৰণ্ড উপ-বেশ, instruction given to medical students by a professor at a sick bed

Clinique klin ek, n শীড়িত ব্যক্তিবিংগৰ পৰীকা, An examination of diseased persons by medical professors in presence of their pupils

Clink, klingk, স ঠুন ঠুন শক Tinkling jingling as of coins — চ ঠুন ঠুন শক কু, ঠুন ঠুন শক হওৱা To ring or jingle — চ ঠুন ঠুন কুন শক কৰিয়া বাজান, To cause to make a ringing sound

Clinker, klinker n তথাকাৰ কটিৰ ছাই, Hard cinder —ৰামা Hard baked tile

Chnometer, klin-omit-er, n আ্করিক ব্রেম্ব ক্রম্বিয়ভাপরিমাপক বন্ধ . An instrument for measuring the dip or inclination of mineral strate

Clio, n ইডিছান দেবী, The Muse who presided Clip, klip, v t [ Ice klippa, to cut, and allied to A S clyppan to embrace to draw closely] কাটি দাৱাকটো, To cut off with shears —কাটিয়া দেবা, কৰ্ম কু, To cut short, to cut off, to curtail pr p=clipping pa p=clipped

curtail pr p=clipping pa p=clipped
Clip, klip n কবিত বস্তু The thing clipped off
— আপিকণ An emb-ace — পোদ্জেদন, A
shearing — চিত্ৰ লে'ন Quantity shorn — হস্ত
বাবা আবাত, Blow with the hand

To olip one s wings-Fo put a check upon one s project

Clipper, klip rr, n মুদ্রার বার কর্ত্রনতারী One that clips especially who cuts off edges of coin — দ্ৰতগ্নী পোত্রিবের A sharp built, fast sailing ressel

Clipping, kliping n মুজাৰ পাৰ্য কৰ্জন কৰিব। মুন্য ও জন হাদ কৰণ ক্ষিত আ আ The act of cutting esp debising coin by cutting off the edges the thing clipped off

Clique, kleik (京) n 東東 中四 A party or faction a gang group of persons in union for a purpose, a cottent—used generally in a bad sense

Cloak, Cloke, klok n [Old Fr cloque-Low L cloud a bel also a horseman's cape because bell shaped ] শবীবাজ্যুদক পরিজ্ঞ , অঙ্গ ৰাখা বিশেষ A loose outer garment — অভিলা ET, A disguise or pretext an excuse, a fair promise - witely A covering - v 1 witel-দিভ কু, আর্ড কু To cover with a cloak to cover —পোপন কু To hide or concert, to palhate Syn -(n) Mantle, cover screen mask veil pretext disguse [for measuring time Clock, klok n স্টিকা ব্য বড় যতি A machine Clock-work, klo'c-wurk n चाँदिन चाउन कल . Machinery and movements of a clock -- 中部 बर्ग का कन , Machinery like that of a clock Clod, klod, n लाडे युर्शिक माणित जान , गान , A hard lump of earth, turf or clay, a thick round mass or lump that cleaves or sticks together, especially, of earth or turf - कृषि, अभी, The ground, the earth - अप्रवृद्धि वास्ति . A dolt, a stupid fellow — চ চাপ বাণা, কৰিবা-ৰা, পাচ বা বনীপুত-হ, To collect into a thick mass, to coagulate, to clot — চ বেটি ছোড়া, জিল হোড়া, To pelt with clods pr p=cliciding pr p=cloided [—নীচ, ক্ৰেড Mean, gross Cloddy, klodi, a মৃতিকাৰ্য, Consisting of clods, Clod-hopper, klod-hop-er, r চাবা A clown a peasant, a countyman

Clod-pate, klodpāt, Clod-poll, klodpōl #
মূৰ্ব ব্যক্তি, নিৰ্কোধ ব্যক্তি, A stupid fellow,
a dolt

Clos, klog ৩ : একন্ত বিলিভ ছ সংলগ্ৰ-ছ To coalesce, to unite and adhere —৩ t বোকাই ক To load —গতিবোধ ক To obstruct, to choke up —বাধা-দে, বিষক্ত কিবৰ ক, To hinder to perplex, to hamper to restrum — ন বাধা An impediment, an obstruction, an embarrassment —ভাৰ, A weight tied to an animal to hinder its motion —গবজাৰ কাঠ পাছকা A heavy wooden shoe Syn —I and dead weight burden drag hinderance impediment encum brance emcloggy

Cloggy, klog's, a গভিবোধক That close or har power to clog —ঘন, পুঞ্চ, I hick — বুংনিড Gross

Closser, klosser n [L claudo clausam to close to shut] মা A monastic or ৌegiate establishment convent — নিত্ত প্রকাঠ নিক্রম মূল A covered aicade — v ধ্যু কাৰ্ড বাধা To confine in a monastery — গ াৰ নাধা বন্ধ স্বত্ত তেনিলৈ within walls to innuire

Clousteral, klouster al, Cloustral, kloust al Claustral, klawstral a মুঠে বন্ধ নিভূত নিৰ্কান Confined to a clouster, retired from the world, secluded

Clossered, kloisterd a ঘঠবাসী Inhabiting a monistery — নিভুক বিশ্বস্থ , hit try retired from the world — বেইড দিনতে ed a a court Closserer, n বঠবাসী An inmate of a cloister Cloke, klök, n বহি পৰিজ্ঞা আছে দেব A loose outer garment, a covering — দৰ্বেশ জন A disguise pretext — p t আছে দৰ সু আৰৱন দু তি clothe with a cloak to cover — পোপৰ ধু, To conceal,

Close, kloz, v t and (4, 4% &, To stop shut, to make close — नगाशक, lo conclude, to complete - (323 \$, To enclose, to enc mp 15 —িমিশিভ কু একত কু, To unite, to draw to gether and unite -v : fafis v, To unite or coalesce - मुप्त र To end or terminate Syn -Stut, shut up stop obstruct, choke, conclude, terminate finish complete -n ( ) Junction - 1997 Aufter Termination, and conclusion -A grapple in wrestling -(480 श्रीन वा (क्य , An enclosed place , a small en closed field —সঙ্ক ব বাতা A narrow passage or street --- वक् कतिवाद दीं छि , वक्त कदिवाद शक्ति या अपन The manner of shutting , the manner or time of closing - farts, A pause or stop Close, klos, a [ Fr clos, shut-pa p of clore, from L claudere, clausus, to shut] a 44, Shut fast, shut-up, tight - निक्र निक्रम,

Pent up , confined , secluded , secret , private — নির্মণ্ড , বির্মণ্ড , Confined , stagnant , oppressive , unventillated — দৌনী , গরীর , Not communicative cautious , reticent , tacitum , reserved — কৃপা , Niggardly , parsimonious , penurious — কঠিব Dense , solid , compact — পরিচিত , Intimane , familiar — বিকট , নিকটর , Near, in time or place — আবিকল , Undeviating , strictly adhering to the original — ঠক , Accurate precise — আবিক (দোকপূর্ণ , অবর্ণা , Crowded — সংক্ষিপ্ত , Concise — মনোবোলী , Attentive — কংলাই , Eainest , warm — কপ্ত , Hidden — পুর্ব Crafty — ad অবিব্যক্তাবে , সংক্ষিত্তাবে , Densely — প্রায় , Nearly.

Close-bodied-571, Fitting the body closely, tight setting close as a garment

Close-bonded—সভি সন্নির্প্ত Being in close order closely united

Close-compacted— बरुख मरवज् , वृह मनवज् Being in compact order compact

Close-companion — আত্তরিক বন্ধু বা সহচর , Intimate friend or a co-late

Closo-fisted, a কুপা সভাব সোভী, Niggard ly c versus miserly

Close-hauled, a ৰ'শুৰ সন্নিৰ্টয় ৰাযুৰ অভিমুখে (স্বাহাৰ) আপিচ Brought to the wind, close to the wind lept as rear as possible to the wind that is to the point from which it blows, —said of a ship [meet in battle

Close for action - Ta 7 Engage in fight, Close-in, n (4'4 (4st) loin in

Close in upon-Wight & , I all upon

Close to-fratte Near

Close to the wind — খতদ্ব সন্তব বায়ৰ অভিমুখে (জাহ জ) পাবিশালৈত Directed as nearly to the point from which the wind blows as it is possible to sair — said of a vesse's

Close the door against—পথ মন্ত্ৰিবাশ-ক্ ন্দত্তৰ ক'ব্যা তে'না Have no opening for, ren der hopeless or impossible

Close-tongued, a (414) Silent, keeping lence, cautious in peaking

Close up-sa, Block up

Close upon—দশত হ , lo come to a mutual greeth nt , to enece [equal Close vote, a বা মনাল মত স প্ৰছ Vote nearly Close with—সমত ক কোন প্ৰভাৱে সম্পত হইছা শেষ কৰিব! দেৱা lo accede , to consent or agreet to end a mutual by complying with — মুজ কু লাবৰ নিকটবলু! শ্ৰমা গড়াই কু , To grappic with contend in close fight with (an enemy) A close contest—বে ছলে উভ্চপক প্ৰায় সম্বৰ্গ। A close-fisted man—গাচ মুই ৰা ক্যা লোক

বুপা।
At close-quarters—হাতাহাতি, নিকটে, জি
direct contact hand to hand

At the close of—কোণ কিছুৰ শেৰে (কোন কাৰ্য শেষ হটলে এটকপ অৰ্থ অফাশ কৰে), At the end or termination of

Draw to a close—পেৰ হটছা আলা, Approach towards the end, be about to end

Follow close upon—सन्वादिक भारवर किर्बा भारमगरकरे साना; Come immediately after.

Closet, kložet, n. [O. Fr. closet, dim. of clos]
বিৰ্দ্ধৰ পূহ; বিভূত প্ৰকোষ্ঠ; বিৰ্দ্ধৰ হাম; A small
private room; a recess off a room:—v. t. নিৰ্দ্ধন
কোষে ৰছ-তু; To shut up in a closet:—পৰামৰ্থ
কৰিবাৰ কন্ত বিভূত কোষ্ঠে লউডা হালা; To hold
private interviews with; to take into a closet:—
শোপন কৰিবা বাৰা; To conceal. pr. p=Closeting. pa. p=closeted.

Closet sin—ভৱ পাপ; Secret sin. [views. Closeting, n. সর্বাধা সাকাৎ; Frequent inter-Closure, klöźটা, n. ব্যক্ত্ব ; A closing; the act of closing:—ব্যক্তি ; That which closes or shuts:
—বেইলী; An enclosure:—বেষ; End or conclusion.

Clot, klot, n. [M. E, clot, a clod of earth; cog. with Ice. klot, a ball, Dan. klode, a globe] চাপ; ঘৰীত্ত দ্ৰৰা, ঘৰত্বপ্ৰাপ্ত ভৱৰ দ্ৰৰা, A coagulation; fluid matter thickened or coagulated; a mass of soft or fluid matter concreted, as blood:—v. i. ঘৰীত্ত হলা; To coagulate. pr. p=clotting. pa. p=clotted.

Clotted hair-atl

Cloth, kloth, n. [ A. S. clath, cloth, clathas, clothes, garments; Ger. kleid, Ice klaedi; a garment ] বস্ত্ৰ, Woven materials from which garments or covering are made:—পরিক্ল; Dress:—ব্যবস্থা; পাৰ্থীয় ব্যবস্থা; Profession or calling; especially, the clerical profession.

Clothe, kloth, v. t. বন্ধ বাষা আবৃত্ত-কু; To cover with clothes: —বন্ধ-দে; To provide with clothes: প্ৰিত-কু; ভ্ৰিত-কু; To invest, as with a garment:—আবৃত্ত-কু; To cover or spread over. pr. p=clothing. pa. p=clothed or clad. Syn:—Robe, dress, drape, attire, apparel, rig, cover, invest, aggrey, deck.

nivest, array, deck.
Clothes Cothe, n pl. বয়; পোবাক: পৰিছেল,
Garment or articles of diess:—প্ৰা বয়, Bedclothes. Syn.—Garments, dress, apparel,
attire, vesture, raiment, vestments, clothing.

Clothier, klöthi-ér, n. ৰপ্ত প্ৰস্তুতকাৰী বা বিজেচা; শুৰুৰায় বা বস্ত্ৰাইকেন্ডা; Maker or dealer in clothes; one who makes or sells cloths.

Clothing, klöthing, n. वज ; পविष्ट्य ; Garments , clothes.

Cloud, klowd, n [ A. S. clud, a rock ] (44. A collection of visible vapour suspended in the atmosphere; a mass of watery vapour floating in the air :- \$ (3); A great crowd or multitude :--ধুম বা ধুলিবাশি; A mass or volume of smoke or flying dut; a great volume of dust or smoke -- क्यन्न क, That which has a lowering or the threatening aspect :- v. t. (वशास्त्र-कृ ; To overspread with clouds:— আৰক্ষৰময়-কু, विभिनाम्हन-क ; To obscure; to darken :-- निनानण-क : To render gloomy or sullen :-- नाना वार् विक्रि 5-कृ; काल मांग निश्न कलक-कृ, Variegate with colours; to stain with dark spots or streaks:--(गग्रुक-ए; (गग वा अवकादा आव्हत-ए; To become obscure; to grow cloudy; to became clouded or darkended.

A passing cloud—চণ্ডি নেম; কণছায়ী বজতেদ বা কম; A fleeting cloud; hence, a difference or misunderstanding which does not last long.

Drop from the clouds, Fall from the clouds—খাৰাশ থেকে পড়া; Come from the sky:—খাচৰিত হওৱা; Be astounded.

To be under a cloud—সংশহহানীয় ; যলিবঞ্চ ; ফডিগড় বা হান্বল-হ ; To be under suspicion or in disrepute ; to be impaired.

To be under some cloud—কইনোগ-ড়; To labour under trouble or difficulty.

Under a cloud—নেবাছের; বলিবপ্রত বা কল্ডশাখিত; In disfavour or in disgrace; impaired.
Cloudospt, a. অত্যুক্ত; Extremely lofty; very high.

Cloudless, klowdles, a. নেম্পুর; উৰুল; Unclouded, clear; bright; luminous. ad=Cloudlessly.

Cloudlet, klowdlet, a. কুলু পেন; A little cloud. Cloudy, klowdi, a. পেন্ডাছল ; Overcast with clouds:—্বেমপূর্ণ ; Consisting of clouds:—
মুকোধ, অন্ধাৰণ ; মুন্ত ; Obscure ; dark ; gloomy:—িন্যানন ; Not cheerful ; dispiriting:
—কাল দাগে কণ্ডিড ; Stained with dark spots.
Syn:—Overcast, lowering, lurid, murky, dark, obscure, dim, dusky, gloomy, dismal, not cheerful, sullen. ad=Cloudily. n=cloudiness.

Clough, kluf, n. নত্তীৰ্ণ উপজ্যকা; A narrow valley between hills: – পৰ্কতেৰ বা পৰ্মত পাৰ্থেৰ কাট বা চিড; A cleft in a rock or the side of a hill.

Clout, klowt, n. [A. S clut, from W. clut, a patch] ছোট কাপড়, দেলাই করা কাপড়; A small piece of cloth; a piece of cloth sewed on clumsily:—ছিন্ন বস্ত্ৰ, A rag; a patch:—v.t. জীপ্ৰসংস্থাৰ-কৃ, ভালি-দে, To patch; join in a clumsy manner; rent clumsily. [Cleave, Clove, klov, v. বিশীৰ-কৃ; To split. pa.t. of Clove, klov, n [L. c'ovus, a nail] স্বস্, A pungent, aromatic spice.

Clove-pink, klöv-pingk. n. এক ছাতীয় কুল; The clove gilly-flower or carnation pink, which has an odour like that of cloves.

Cloven, klōvn, pa. p. of cleave or a. ছই ছাৰে বিভক্ত, বিভাৱিত, To divide; divided into two parts; parted.

Cloven-footed, Cloven-hoofed, a. হুই ভাগে বিভক্ত; বিভক্তপদ, বঙিত-পদ, Having the hoof divided into two parts, as the oxen.

To show the cloven foot—কু অভিনন্ধি প্ৰকাশ কু; To show a knavish intention.

Clover, klövér, n. জিপজ; ডুণ বিশেষ; A plant with split leaves, used for the folder of cattle; a species of grass in which the leaf is divided into three lobes.

[ live luxuriously.

To live in clover—হুৰ ভাছাৰে কাল্যাপন-কু; To Clown, klown, n. চাৰা; প্ৰামা বোক; A rustic; a country fellow:—জ্বিষ্ট ব্যক্তি; One coarse and ill-bred:—ভাছ; A fool in a play; buffoon:
—অসভা ৰা প্ৰামা প্ৰকৃতিক লোক; One with the rough manners of a country-man. Syn:—
Peasant, swain, clodpole, boor, hind, churl, ill-bred man, buffoon, fool, antic, jester, droll.

Clownish, klowhish, a. আম্য ; আমিট্ট ; Boorish :
—ক্ষর্য ; ব্যব্য ; Coarse and awkward ; rustic.
ad—Clownishly. n=clownishness. Syn:—Coarse,
vulgar, rough, clumsy, awkward, ungainly;
rude, uncivil, ill-bred, boorish, rustic.

Cloy, kloi, v. t. [L. clavus, a nail] পৰিছ্ত-তঃ;
To fill to loathing; to glut or satiate; to surfeit.

Club, klub, n. লাটি; ষষ্ট; A cudgel; a heavy tapering stick:—চিড্ডিল বলেব তাম; One of the four suits of cards:—মতা; সমিতি; An association of persons for the promotion of a common object:—v.i. and v.t. নাধাৰা উদ্দেশ সাধনাৰ সমবেত-হ; To combine for the promotion of some common end:—সাধাৰা ধরতের আলে-দে, To pay an equal proportion of a common reckoning; to share in a common expense.—
ষষ্ট বাৰা এহাৰ-হ; To beat with a club. pr. p=
Clubbing. pa. p=clubbed.

Clubbist, n. কোন সভাব সভা; One who belongs to a club or association.

Club-foot, klub-foot, n কুদ্ৰ কুৎনিত পদ; A deformed foot. a=Club-footed.

Club-house, и. явіде ; A place of resort for the members of a club.

Club-law, klub-law, n. সভাৰ ৰাবহা; Law of a guild:—পালৰ বল, Brute force:—অভায়েৰ বা লাটিৰ ছোৱে হাজালাসন; Government by club or violence:—আইনেৰ পৰিবৰ্ধে অন্তৰ্গ-প্ৰযোগ, অবাৰক্তা; The use of arms, or force, in place of law; anarchy.

Club-moss, klub-moss, n. লভাবিশেষ; শৈৰাল-বিশেষ; A moss like plant; a moss with scaly leaves and stems like a club; the Lycopodium Club together—একত্তে ভোলন-কৃ, To eat together;—চালা-লা; To contribute.

Cluck, kluk, n. [Ger. glucken, to cluck]
কুক্টাৰ ভাক: The call of a hen to her chickens
— n. i. কুক্টাৰ মত ভাকা; To cry as hen does to
her chickens; to make the sounds of a hen
when calling on her chickens.

Clue, n সন্ধান; A key to a guide. See clew A clue to—সন্দেহ হলে বা ক্ষটিল বিবরে বাহা পথ প্রদর্শন করে; That which guides or directs one in anything of a doubtful or intricate nature.—বাহা বেই ধ্বাইনা দেৱ, That which gives a limit in the solution of a mystery.

Clump, klump, দ পিড: Shapeless mass of wood:—বৃক্ষ বা লড়া শ্ৰেণী, কাড়, ধোপা, A cluster of trees or shrubs:—ক্ষাকাৰ ভূচপিড, A thick, short, shapeless piece of anything:—মৃত্তিকা, Compressed clay.

Clumsy, klumizi, a. [M. E. clumsen, to be stiff or benumbed, akin to clam ] কুংসিত; অনুসৰ; কল্বাৰ; Awkward; ungainly; ill-made; badly constructed; shapeless. Syn:—Unwickly, ponderous, lumbering, ill-shaped, awkward, ungainly, untoward, uncouth, unhandy, inapt, unskilful.

Clung, klung—Did cling. pt. and p. p. of Cling Cluster, kluster, n. [ A. S. cluster; lee. klastr, from the root klib in A. S. cliffan, to adhere]

ভাছ; বৰক; পুঞা; কুল; বলো; A bunch, a number of things growing or grouped together:—জনতা; Crowd:—v.i. ভাছৰত হইবা কৰে; বলো হতবা; To grow in clusters:—v.t. বৰকে বৰকে সংগ্ৰহ-কু; ভাছৰত-কু; To collect into a bunch,

Clutch, kluch, v. t. गृहकारण बता ; भक् करिया बता ; To seize, clasp, grasp, or ripe with the hand ; clutch :—v. i. To catch, snatch :—n. गृहकारण बावग ; आक्रमा ; दरवत मुख्के ; Seizure ; a gripe ; a grasp. Syn :—Clasp, gripe, grasp, snatch. Clutches, n. pl. शास्त्रव वांचा ; The hands or paws — निक्वना ; Power ; cruelty ; rapacity.

In the clutches—কৰণে : গ্ৰামে ; in the power of. In the clutches of—কাহাৰত হাতে পড়িলে ( মুঠাৰ কিজৰ ) : Entirely under the power of.

To escape one's clutches—ছাড়াইয়া পৰায়ৰ-ছু; To fly or slip from one's grasp.

Clutter, kluter, n. গোৰমাৰ; A noise; a bustle:
—v. t. গোৰমাৰ-কু; To make a confused noise:
—v. i. To make a bustle or fill with confusion.

Clyster, klister, n. [Gr-klyso, to wash out ] পিচকারি, পরিকার করণার্থ পিচকারি দেওয়া ভরণ জবা; An injection into the bowels; a liquid injected with the intestines to wash them out.

Coach, koch, n. [ L concha, a shell, a boat, a carriage—Gr. kogke a shell] শক্ট; চাৰি চাৰাৰ গাড়ী; A large, close, four wheeled carriage—হে শিক্ত ছাত্ৰতে কোন পৰীকাৰ অন্ত প্ৰস্তুত কৰাট্যা দেয়; A grinder:—v. t শক্টে বছন-কু; To convey in a coach; to carry in a coach:—পৰীকাৰ অন্ত ছাত্ৰতে শিকা দিয়া প্ৰস্তুত্তনু, To prepare for public examination by private instruction, to cram, or prepare for an examination, grind students. [ the driver of a coach. Coach-box, n চাল্ডেব ব্দিবাৰ স্থান; বিভোৱান; শক্টিচাশক; পাড়োৱান; The driver of a coach, charioteer

Coaction, ko-ak-shun, क. दनश्राद्यांत्र , स्वदक्ति , Force, compulsion.

Coactive, ko-ak-tive, a. প্ৰবন ; একই কামে নিযুক্ত বা মিনিত . Serving to compel or constrain ; acting in concurrence. [helping. Coadjutant, a. নাহাৰ্যকাৰী ; Mutually assisting,

Coadjutant, a. নাহ্ৰাকাৰা; Mutually assisting, Coadjutor, kö-ad-jöötör, n. [ 1... co, with, a lintor, a helper—ad, to, juvo, to help ] সহ-কাৰী; সহযোগী, আংশী, Assistant; an associate fem = Coadjutrix. n=coadjutorship. Syn:—Ally, partner, colleague, co-operator.

Coagent, ku-ágent, n. महकाबी ; महरवाती ; कारकत मजी , मयकिय वाकि ; A fellow-agent ; an assistant or associate in an act

Coagulable, ko-ag'u-la-bl, a. ঘনীভূত হুইবাৰ বোণা, ঘনীভূত ছইবাৰ উপৰোগী; That may be thickened; capable of being coagulated.

Congulant, kö-ag'u-lant, n. খনৰ-জনক স্থা-বিশেষ ; A substance which causes coagulation, as rennet.

Coagulate, kō-ag'ū-lāt, v. t. { I.. coagulo--co, together, ago, to drive } খনী সুত-ফু, To make to curdle or congeal; to thicken or turn into clots:--v i. খনীকৃত-ছ; To curdle or congeal.

n=coagulation. a=coagulative. Syn :- Thicken, concrete, curdle, congeal, condense.

Congulator, n. बालकावक ; That which causes coagulation.

Coagulum, ko-ag'u-lum. #. पनीकृष्ठ वह ; What is coagulated :-- पनीकृष्ठ वक ; A clot of blood. Coal, kol, n. [ A. S. col, cog. with Ice. kol. Ger. kohle; conn. with Sw. kylla, to kindle? अज्ञात: পाव्दिश कवना ; A solid substance for fuel; charcoal :-- v. t. (शांडाइंडा क्यला-कृ; रेo burn to coal :- कथना नदरवाह-कृ; To supply

with coal :- v. i. To take in coal. a=coaly ( अज्ञावनद ; Of or like coal ). Coal gas -- कदेशांव वाला ।

Coal-mine, अ. कडनाव बनि ; Colliery.

Coal tar-কর্মার আগকাভরা !

Coslesce, kō-al-es, v. i. [ L. co, together, and alesco, to grow up, from ale, to nourish ] 45faw-w; The unite; to adhere in mass; to grow together; to unite into one body:—একত্রিত ইইয়া शका, To associate; to assimilate as one, as nations by intermarriage. a=coalescent. Syn: -Join, cohere, blend, amalgamate, commix, incorporate, concur, agree, fraternize.

A live coal ( Coal of fire )—ৰসর অসার . A coal still burning. [ kindle strife To blow the coals—বিবাদে উত্তেখিত-উ : To To carry coals--- बदयान गरू-कृ; ब्यापिश गरू-कृ, To submit to degradation or insult

To carry coals to Newcastle—ভেলা মাধায় (37 (48%); To do something superfluous or unnecessary :-- वज्ञावज्ञक वा व्यक्तिक काव-कृ, To lose one's labour.

To haul over the coals—स्थमना-कृ, जिरकाद-क ; बवाविष्रही-क ; To scold ; to call to account. Coalescence, kō-al-esens, n. (पात्र : मिनव ; Union.

Coalfield, koffeld, म. (वशास कश्लाव चाक्य TITE. A field or district containing coal strata. Coalition, ko-al-ishun, n. मःरवान ; मन्त्रिन ; Union into a body or mass; uniting into the body :-- मि ; बक्डा ; Confederacy or league ; alliance. Syn: -Alliance, confederation, confederacy, league, combination, conjunction.

Conditionist, ko-al-ish-un-ist, म. मिन्दिक : विध्व वार्याष्ट्रमञ्जाही महारक्षत अवर्ध्न राक्षिः; One who joins or promotes coalition.

Coalscent, a. খোগকারী; সন্মিসিভ; সন্মিগ্ন-चनक ; Uniting ; growing together.

Coaly, koli, a. watare; Of or like coal.

Coarse, kors, a. মোটা; মুল; Gross; thick; rough :- अम्डा ; अभिडे ; Uncivil, rough ; rude , unpolished. ad = Coarsely (ককলভাবে)। n= Coarseness (\*169) | Syn:-Rude, rough, gross, broad, vulgar, indeficate, inelegant, unrefined. immodest, uncouth, clownish, impolite, gruff, boorish; mean, vile.

Posst, kost, n. [ Fr. côte for coste-L. costa, h rib, side } উপকৃষ ; The sea-shore :—বেংলর नीय।; Limit or border of a country:-- ७. ई. উপকৃলে পোত হায়া হাওয়া; উপকৃলেয় নিকট দিয়া जनगरम नाक्या ; To sail along or near a coast :---

शार्च वा निकड निवा कनवादन वाक्या ; To sail by or near to. Syn: -(n.) Border, frontier, shore, beach, strand, sea-board, sea-side.

The coast is clear-বিপদ পেৰ হইমাছে ; শক্ত বা আপণ্ দুৱীভূত হইয়াছে ; প্ৰতিবন্ধক বা হালামা বিয়াছে : The danger is over; the enemies have left.

Coast-line, n. Outline of a coast.

Consting trade-चान-वानिका: अन्द्रीनिका: The trade which is carried on between the different parts of the same country, or under the same jurisdiction, as distinguised from foreign trade; trade between different ports of the same country, as distinguished from foreign trade.

Coasting vessel—উপকলবাহী পোড; A vessel employed in coasting; a coaster.

Constor, koster, n. পোত যাত্রা উপকূলবারী; One who sails near the shore :-- উপক্লবাহী পোড; A vessel that sails along the coast; a vessel employed in home-trade only.

Coastguard, kostgard, n. উপকৃत-रक्क ; A body of men organised to act as a guard along the coast, orig. intended to prevent smuggling. Coastwise, kostwiz, ad. उनकृत्न ; Along the coast.

Coat, kot, n. [ Fr. cotte-Low L. cottus, cotta, a tunic ] (कार्डा : वश्:शविक्रम : वश्चित स्नामा : Upper part of a garment; a kind of outer garment :- (महावदन : Vesture or habit .-প্ৰাদির শ্রীবাবৰক লোম ; The hair or wool of a beast :- স্কু; A membrane or layer; a tegument :-- आक्रान्द ; A cover ; any covering :-v. t. श्रीक्षान-क ; To put on a coat :-- आक्रानन-ক ; আছোপিত-ক ; To overlay ; to cover with a coat or layer.

Coat-companion, n. नगरबद रक् ; An associate in prosperity. [ आंध दूर्व वाग्र-कृ। Cut your cost seconding to your cloth-Coat of arms, n. কৌলিকচিছ; ৰলোপরি বাবছত জাবরণ; An armonal device.

Coat of mail, n. वर्ष ; नेएकांची ; A piece of armour in the form of a coat.

Coatee, kot-e', n. (इंडि (कार्ड); A very short coat; a little coat.

Coating, त. चान्हांपनी; तान; अरतनन; A covering; cloth for coats.

Coax, koks, v t. [ M. E. cokes, a simpleton ; prob. from W. coeg, empty, foolish ] मध्य कथ! ছাবা ভুলান ; মিষ্ট কথায় ভুলান ; প্রলোভিড-কু ; ভুষ্ট-কু ; To wheedle; to fondle; to soothe by flattery; to persuade by fondling, to humour. Syn :-Wheedle, flatter, soothe, cajole, allure, decoy, entice. ad = coaxingly.

Cob, kob, n. [ W. cob; cf. Dut. kop, Ger. kopf, the top, head ] 444; The top or head : -शिक; हाबड़ ; A lump:- वर्बावृष्टि व्यक्ति होहे ঘোড়া: A strong pony:-বিশ্বাভ লোক: Distinguished person :— ইৰ্বাভ ; মাক্ডুলা ; A spider : ---धनी, चर्च-गृष्ट् ; A rich, covetous person :---सनारवद निव; A head of maize. Cobalt, n. बाजूबिरनव ; A brittle, reddish gray Cobble, kobl, v. t. [O. Fr. cobler, to join together; to he together, from L copula, to join ] ৰুড়াৰ ভাগি-দে, To mend coarsely, as shoes:—বোটায়ট সাবিধা দেখা, To do bunglingly Syn.—Botch, clout, patch, bungle.

Cobbler, n. ৰ্তানেলাইকারী চাদার, মুচি, A mender of shoes — অধিপুণ কারিকর, আনাডি, A bad workman

Let not the cobbler overstep his last—

শ্বাধিকাৰ চৰ্চা না কৰা, Let no one pressume to interfere in matters of which one is ignorant 
Coble, kobl, n [W. keubal, a hollow trunk, a boat] প্ৰস্কুৰণ, A large pubble— নংজ পৰিবাৰ ছোট নৌকা, শেলে ডিজী, A small fishing-boat 
Cobrada capello, kobrada ka-pelo, n 
ক্ৰেণ্ডীয় নিম্পৰ ভ কাৰ্যাৰী নৰ্গ, A poisonous 
snake, native of the East Indies which dilates 
the back and sides of the nuck so as to

Cobweb, kobweb, গ উণ্ডিক মাক্ডনাৰ জাল,
The spiders web or net —ফাল A snare of
device —ফ f যাক্ডনা থাবা বা মত জাজ্বানিত-কৃ,
To cover with, or as with, cobwebs

resemble a hood.

Cocagne, kok-2h, n [Fr. cocagne, from L coque, to cook] কাল্পনিক সুখনৰ হান, কাল্পনিক সুখনৰ হান, কাল্পনিক সুখনৰ নিক স্থান, An imaginary country of luxury and delight.—লভন্নহ্ব, The land of cockneys—London

Cocciferous, kok-sifér-us, a [L coccus, a berry, and fero, to bear] জাম প্ৰভৃতি কুল ফল ধাৰী, A berry-bearing

Cochineal, kochi-nel, n কীটবিশেষ, An insect
নাজা, A scarlet and crimson dye-stuff, consisting of the dried bodies of a mass of certain
insects, gathered from the cactus plant in
Mexico, the West Indies &c

Cochleary, kokléär-i, Cochleate, koklé-āt, Cochleated, koklé-āt-ed a L cochlea, snail-shell, screw ] ৰক, পৰ্কাকৃতি, Twisted like a snail-shell, spiral.

Cock, kok, # [ A S. coc, an imitative word ] कुट , The male of the domestic fowl - वायुव शंकि निर्माण वष्ठ , वाय-अपनी , A weather-cock - अधिनाइक, A strutting chief, a leader, as, the cock of the club - क्क्ट डिव डाक, Cockcrow - किवान, The act of turning, as, the cock of the head - क्य (नोका, A small boat -जीदन किए, The notch of an arrow - निकिन কাটা, The indicator of a balance —ঘটিৰ কাটা, The style of a dial - sign, Cock-crowing, dawn —বাটার অভ্যুক্ত পূহ, Cock loft —মদ্য চালিবার ছিত্র, A tap for liquor, a spout —টুপিব (411, The projecting corner of a hat -v t উन्नयिष-कृ, बांछा कविष्रा वांबा, To set erect or upright - हेिं वनांव , To set up, as the hat -रमुद्भव (पाठक होना , To draw back the cock of a gun in order to fire - । मन्दर्ग बाडवा , मन्दर्स गांगरक्श-कृ, To strut ---वांशा बाह्ना-कृ, To hold up the head

Cook, kok, n [ Ital cocca a notch, coccare, to put the string of a bow into the notch of the arrow] ব্যুক্তর খোড়া, Part of the lock of the gun, part of the gun which snaps or cheks.

Cook, kok, n [Swed koks, a lump of earth Dut kogel, Ger kugel, a ball ] एक पारमब नामा . पारमब सून , A small pile of hay

Cock-a-hoop, Cock-on-the hoop-ৰয়ী, উন্নাৰপূৰ্ব, কমোলাৰ Triumphant exultant.

Cock and bull story—গাঁভাগুৰি গল্প, অতি বন্ধিত গল্প, An improbable story, a story that is tedious and unmeaning, a tedious, trifling or exaggerated story

Cock and hen club - मारावर वाण , Public house where men and women associate

Cockade, kok ত্ৰৱ, n চিছ্ৰিলেৰ, টুপিৰ কুৰ ৰা ফিডা, Badge worn in the hat, a knot of ribbons or something similar worn on the hat as a badge

To mount the cockade—To become a Cockatoo, kok-2-too, n কাকাডুলা, A parrot with a tust, a kind of parrot with a crest.

Cocketrice, koka-tris, n কাল্লনিক সৰ্গ, স্থীত্থ বিশেষ, A basilisk, a lizard or serpent imagin ed to he produced from a cock's egg [boat Cockboat, kok bot n. ক্ষু নৌকা A small Cock-chafer, kok chil cr, n কীটবিশেষ, An insect of a pitchy black colour

Cock-crow, Cock-crowing, n কুৰ্টেৰ ডাক, Crowing of a cock —প্ৰান্ত কাল, ভোৰ Diwn Cocker, v দ আল্ব-কু, Fo fondle, pamper

Cockerel, n क्क्टिंब नावक, A young cock Cockeyod, a होर्गेबा।

Cock of the walk-পाइन महाने , One who is master in his own neighbourhood

Cockfight, kokfit, Cock-fighting, Cock-match, n মোড়াৰে বড়াই, A contest or game-cocks.

Cooking, koking, pr p মোরগের মত উর্দ্ধে বাধা ডুলিরা, Holding or turning up as a cock does his head — টুপীর মত বুৱাইয়া ডুলিয়া, Furning up, as a hat — বন্ধুকের বোড়া ডুলিয়া, Drawing back the cock, as of a Lun &c

Cook-loft, kok 'oft, n freque An upper room over the garret, the room in a house next the roof

Cooklane ghost—A tale of terror without truth, an imaginary tale of horror.

Cock-pit, kokpit, # কুছুট যুক্ষের সাল, A place where cocks fight — নৌমুদ্ধান্ত ৰ্থ বণভবীয় গৃহ, বণভবীব বে আংশে যুক্জালে আহত নাবিকালগকে বাধা হয়, A room in a ship of-war for the wounded during an action

Cook roach, kokroch, n ভেলাপোকা, আর্থা, আর্থা,

Cockscomb, kok-kom n বৃদ্টেৰ বস্তক্ষ চুড়া, কুকুট পিৰা, The comb of a cock —কুসৰাৰ, A fop —একপ্ৰকাৰ চাৰাগাছ, The name of three plants

Cock-sparrow, n श्री १६३, He-sparrow Cockswain of Coxswain, kokswan, n. (न) वाचि , (बोटांच वाचि , One who has charge of a boat, a seam in who steers a boat, and under the superior officer takes charge of it.

Cocksure, a নিশ্চয় , Confidently certain. Cokle, kokl, n. শস্ত মধ্যবর্তী একজাতীয় আগায়া, পক্ত- ,

ৰধাৰ বাৰ; A troublesome weed among corn, with a purple flower, a weed that grows among corn.

Cockle, kokl, ন. পাৰ্ক; মংস্তবিশেষ; A shell-fish, having two wrinkled shells, of a heart shape:—e.t. or e.i. স্কুচিড-ফু; To contract into wrinkles; to shrink.

Hot sockles, म. जीड़ांविरचर ; A game.

Cockney, kokne, n. স্থাৰভাৰবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি; বৈশ্ ব্যক্তি; An effeminate person:—সভৰ সহবেদ বোড; লভন্নগ্ৰহানী; A native or resident of the city of London, used contemptuously; byname for a native of the city of London. pl=

Cockneydom, kokne-dum, n. বৈণ সহবে বাব্দের আবান; সংনৰাসীদিগের বাসহান; The region or home of cockneys.

Cockneyism, kokne-izm, n. স্থল্বাসীদিশেৰ আচাৰ বাৰহাৰ বা ভাবা; The dialect or manners of a Cockney.

Cocoa, ko'kō, n শারিকেল বৃদ্ধ . A palm tree, producing the cocoa-nut :—একলকার পানীর, The beverage made of it.

Cocos-nut or coconut, ko'ko-nut, n. बाबिरक्ल , The well-known fruit of the cocoa-palm.

Cocoon, ko-koon, n [Fr cocon, from coque, a shell—I. concha, a shell] (वनायन की, किया, The egg-shaped shell or covering which the larvae of silk-worms and some other insects spin; the silk worm-case.

Cocoonery, ko-koon'er-i, স. ভূঁতপত্ৰ ৰাজ্যাইবাৰ সময় বেশমপোকা বেখানে বঞ্চিত ২য়, ভটিপোকা বাৰি-বাম বৃহ, A place for keeping silk-worms, when feeding and spinning cocoons

Coction, kokshun, n [L. coctio—coque, to boil, to cook] भिष्कवर्ष; भाकवर्ष; Cooking; the act of boiling.

Cod, kod, n. [A. S. codd, a small bag, Ice kodds, a cushion] ভূব; বোলা, A husk, shell, —বীজবোৰ, A pod:—বালিস; A pillow or cushion.

Cod, kod, Codfish, kodfish, n. নামুখিৰ মংক বিশেষ; A sea-fish; a species of fish much used as food, found in the northern seas.

Coddle, kod, v. t. আগৰ-ক. To pamper; to fondle. Syn:—Nurse, humour, caress, pet Code, kod, n. [Fr. code—L. codex or caudex, the trunk of a tree, a tablet for writing, a set of tablets, a book ] সংহিতা; বিধি; আইন-মছ; A collection or digest of laws.

Codger, kodjer, n. নীচ ৰাজি; A mean person. Codicil, kodi-sil, n. দানগৱেৰ ক্ৰোড়গত্ত; বিনিয়োগ পৰের ক্লোড়গত্ত; উইল-পত্তেৰ পৰে যাহা যোগ করা ছয়; A supplement to a will. e=codicillary.

Codity, kodi-fi, v. t. [L. coder, a code, and facio, to make ] সংখিতাভাবে নিবছ-কৃ; আইবৰজ্ব; To put into the form of a code; tabulate; systimatize. 

— codification. [cod-fish. Codling, kodling, n. শিত কড্ মংল; A young Cod-liver oil, n. কড্ মংলের বক্ত হইতে প্রাপ্ত ভৈল, An oil obtained from the fresh liver of the common cod.

Codling, kodling, Codlin, kodlin, n. আখাৰ ভাষ একজাতীৰ আপোন্দল; A hard kind of apple. Coefficient, kö-ef-fishent, n. [ L. co, together, and efficient ] আছেৰ সহযোগে কাৰ্যাকাৰী; That which acts together with another thing:—বোজক; That which unites:—বীজগণিতে যে বংশা বাৰ্ কাৰা কোন বালি কভাৱ লভাৱ ইইনাছে ইবা আনা বাৰ; বীজগণিতে অজ্ঞাত বালিৰ ভাগাৰত; The number or known quantity prefixed as a multiplier to a variable or unknown quantity; a known quantity put before letters or quantities, to show how often to take them. n=coefficiency. ad=coefficiently.

Coequal, ko-ékwal, e. সম; তুলা; সমানপদত্ব; Equal with another, of the same rank, dignity, or power:—n. সমান পদত্ব লোক; One who is equal with another.

Coerce, kō-érś, v. t. [ L. coerceo-co, together, arceo, to shut in, conn. with arca, a chest ] प्रव-कृ; वाधा-कृ; To restrain; to compel:— व्याव-कृ; नीपांचर्छक वाधा: To confine; to keep with limits:—(यहेन-कृ; To encompass. Syn:—Compel, force, urge, constrain; repress, curb, check, subdue, subjugate.

Coercible, kō-erśi-bl, a. प्यनीय ; That may be or ought to be repressed or restrained. ad = coercibly

Coercion, ko-ër'shun, ल. मयन ; वांश्रक्त ; वन ; Restraint ; compulsion ; check ; force.

Coercion Bill—A Bill for restraining anarchy among the Irish.

Coercive, kō-ċrśiv, a. নিয়াৰড; গ্ৰনক্ষ; প্ৰতি-বোৰড; Compulsory; compelling, or able to compel ad=coercively.

Coossential, ko-es-seńshal, c. সম্পর্ক; স্থাব প্রা; Partaking of the same essence.

Coeternal, ko-e-ter'nal, s. क्नाबिका; Equally eternal with another.

Coeval, kō-e'val, a. [ L. co, together, and asvum, age ] সম্কালীৰ; সম্বয়স্ক; Contemporaneous; contemporary; of equal age:—n. সম্কালীৰ লোক; One of the same age.

Co-exist, kö-egz-ist, v. i. মুগপং অবস্থান-কৃ; To exist at the same time. n=co-existence ( মুগপং অবস্থান), a=co-existent ( মুগপং অবস্থিত)।

Co-extensive, ko-eks-tensiv, a. সম্বিভ্ত; স্মায়তল; Equally extensive. v=coextend (স্মানকাল বা হান ব্যাপিয়া বৃদ্ধিত-কু)।

Coffee, kof'e, n. কাৰি; The berries of a tree, growing in warm climates of Asia and America:
—কাৰি হইতে প্ৰস্তুত পানীমৰিকেন, A drink made from the roasted berry, by decoction.

Coffer, kof'er, n. [ O. Fr. cofre or cofin, a chest
—L. cophinus, a basket—Gr. kophinus ] দিশুক;
কর্তক; A chest for holding money:—v. t.
দিশ্যক বাধা; To place in a coffer.

Cofferdam, koi'ér-dam, স. ঘণীগতে বছাৰি গাঁথিবাৰ সমৰ ব্যবহৃত আত্তাবোধক কাটবিশ্বিত নিযুক্ত বিশেষ; A water-tight barrier or box of timber, placed in the bed of a river &c., to exclude the water during the progress of some work.

Coffin, kofin, n. Maiste; 42(4)4 ABCTE ABIA

সিজ্জ; The chest or box in which a dead body is enclosed:—v. t. শ্বাধায়ে বাধা; To place with a coffin-

Cog, kog, n. [Acc. to Skeat from Gael. and Ir. egg, a mill-cog] চকৰত; চাকাৰ হাঁড; A tooth on a wheel, transmitting motion:—হাৰণৰা; A deceit:—v. t. মন্তবিশিষ্ট-কু; চাকাৰ পৰিখিতে হাঁড ব্যাৰ; To fix teeth in the run of a wheel. pr. p=cogging. pa. p=cogged.

Cog, kog, v. t. [W. coegio, to make void, to trick—coeg, empty] প্ৰক্ৰা-ড়; প্ৰভাৰণা-ড়; ব্ৰভাৰণা-ড়; ব্ৰভাৰণা-ড়;

To cog dice—ৰীজিভ প্ৰকাৰে পণ্ডিভ হইবাৰ জন্ত পাৰা ভাৰী-কৃ; To load them so that they may fall in a given way.

Cogency, ko'jen-si, n. वनवडा ; नक्ति , Power of convincing ; force ; strength.

Cogent, köjent, a. [ L. cogo—co, together, and ago, to drive ] প্ৰবন্ধ বন্ধৰ, Powerful; convincing; forcible:—বন্ধৰাশক; Compulsive:—খান্বাধ্য; Irresistible:—খাত্যাৰশক, Urgent. ad=cogently.

Cogitate, kuji-tat, v i. [L. cogito, to think deeply—co, together, and agito, to put a thing in motion] চিত্তা-ক; খান-ক; খান-ক; ভাৰা; To meditate; to ponder; to think much. Syn:—Reflect, meditate, muse, consider, contemplate, ponder, think, deliberate.

Cogitation, koj-i-tā'shun, n. চিন্তা; ধ্যান; Deep thought; meditation; contemplation:— মতিই: Purpose.

Cogitative, kofi-tā-tiv, a. চিন্তাৰীল; ধ্যান-আবল; ধ্যানপৰাৰণ; Having the power of thinking; given to musing; giving to cogitating. Cognac, Cogniac, kūńyak, n. উৎকৃষ্ট কৰানি মন্য-বিশেষ; The best kind of French brandy.

Cognate, kog'nāt, a. [L. cognatus—co, together, and gnascor, gnatus, to be born]
সংগাত্র; Akin by blood; born of the same family; kindred by birth:—সমানজাতীয়; একজাতীয়,
Proceeding from the same stock; of the same
kind:—n. সংগাত্ত; মাতুলাদি; One connected
with another by kindred; one related to another
on the female side.

Cognate object—ৰে কৰ্ম কংক্ৰিয়াৰ গাড়নিপায়। Cognation, n. সংগাত্তা, Relationship, descent from the same origin.

Cognisable, Cognisable, kog'niz-abl, or kon— n. বেগগয়; আভয়া; Capable of being known; knowable; that may be known or understood:—বিচাধা; That may be judicially investigated; liable to jurisdiction.

Cognisance, Cognisance, kog'ni-zans, or kon— n. জান; Knowledge:—বিচাৰাখিকাৰ; বিচাৰকেৰ পজি-পৰিচাৰনেৰ দীনা; Judicial knowledge; jurisdiction:—বীকাৰ; Recognition:—চিহ্; সহুৰ্ব; Badge. Syn:—Perception, observation, recognition, acknowledgment; jurisdiction.

Cognisant, Cognisant, kog'nizant, or końn. wie; Having knowledge of.

Cognition, kog-nishun, n. [L. co, together,

and nesco, enosco, to know ] জাব ; জাতবিবঃ ; Knowledge. a=coenitive ( জানসম্বীয় )।

Cognomen, kog-nō-men, n. [ L.—co, together, nomen, gnomen, a name—nosco, gnosco, to know ] देशांचे, रामीय नाय; वायमक-देशांचे; A surname : family name.

Cohabit, kō-habit, v. i. [ L.—co, together, and habito, to dwell ] বীপুরবেষ ভাষ সংবাস-তৃ; বীপুরবেষ ভাষ সংবাস-তৃ; বীপুরবেষ ভাষ সংবাস-তৃ; বীপুরবেষ ভাষ কংবাস-তৃ; বিভাগে together as husband and wife, though no legally married. n=cohabitation.

Coheir. ko-år'. n. উত্তর্ধিকারী: অভ্যন্ত উত্তর্ধি-

Coheir, ko-år', #. উउदीविकादी ; चक्कम উउदीवि कारी ; A joint heir.

Cohere kū-hēr, v. i. [L. co, together, and hoereo, to stick] সংস্থানত; সাগিলা থাকা; বুক হয়া; To stick together; to adhere:—উপযুক্ত হ'; To be fitted; to be suitable. Syn:—Cleave, unite, adhere, attach, cling, suit, agree, fit.

Coherence, kō-hēr'ens, Coherency, kō-hēr'en-si, n. একল স্থিলন; সংহতি; A sticking together; union of the parts of the same body:—
সম্বতি; Consistency.

Coherent, kō-her'ent, a. মংলয়; একর সন্মিলিভ; Sticking together:—নংযুভ; সংযোগিভ; Connected:—উপযুক্ত: Suitable:—সম্ভ; Consistent. ad=coherently.

Cohesion, kō-he'zhun, n. সংবোগ; সংবোজন; স্বোজন; স্বোজন; The act of sticking together; that part of attraction which unites particles of matter and preserves the form of bodies:—
ভাষণীয়ানুবায়ী সৰজ; A logical connection.

Cohesive, kö-he'siv, a. সংযোজ ; সংযোগ; চট্টটে, That has the power of sticking; tending to unite to a mass. ad=cohesively. n=cohesiveness.

Cohort, kö'hort,, श्र. (दायोव रेमखनलपिट्नंद ; Among the ancient Romans, a body of soldiers about 500 or 600 in numbers .—रेमखनल , Any band of warriors.

Coif, koif, n. [Low L. cofia, a cap] हिनि, मस्त्रावश , A cap or covering for the head.

Coiffure, koif'ur, n. डेकीच ; बखकावद्य ; A head-diess.

Coign, koin, n. (कान ; A corner ; a jutting point, as of wall ; a corner-stone :-- कोनक ; A wedge.

Coil, koil, v. t. [L. colligere—col, together, legere, to gether] কুডনীকুড-কু; পিডীকুড-কু; ডড়ান; জড়ান; To wind in rings, as a rope or a serpent:
—n কুডন; ভালপাকান দড়ি; A rope or other thing gathered into a ring.

Coin, koin, n. বেৰা; A die for stamping money:—মুখা; A piece of metal stamped and current as money:—v.t. মুক্তিক ; To stamp and convert into money; to mint:—স্টান্ট; To make, invent, fabricate. Syn:—Mint, forge, fabricate, counterfeit, invent, originate.

To pay one in his own coin—সৰ্গ খোল খেলা; তুলা ব্যৱহাৰ-কু; To treat any person in the way he treats others. Coinage, koińaj, n. মুখা প্ৰছত কাৰ্য্য কাশল; The act or art of coining:—মুখ্যাসমূহ; Money coined; the pieces of metal coined; the metallic currency:—কল্পা; উভাবন; মধানিকলণ; Invention; fabrication:—মুখা ব্যৱ; The charges for coining money.

Coincide, kō-in-sid, v.i. [L.—co, together, incidere—in, in, cado, to fall ] মিলিভ-ছ; এবজ্জ; To fall or meet in the same point; as two lines or bodies:—একমভাবল্যা-ছ; একমভ-ছ; To concur or agree:—ভুলা বা এক-ছ; To be identical. Syn:—Correspond, square, tally, quadrate, agree, concur, harmonize.

Coincidence, kō-ińsi-dens, Coincidency, kō-ińsi-den-si. n. সন্থিপাড়; Agreement in position; act or condition of coinciding:—একামড; একাড হডন; মিলন; Concurrence; agreement:
—দৈৰ ঘটনা; একই সময়ে সংঘটন; The concurrence of events at the same time. a=coincident ad=coincidently.

Coincident, ko-ińsi-dent, a. স্মান বিশ্বতে বিশিষ্ঠ ; As বিশ্বতে মিলিড ; Falling on the same point ; meeting at the same point : —সঙ্গত্ত , Agreeing , consistent :—অপুৰামী ; Accordant.

Coir, koir, n নাধিকেলের ছোবড়া; Cocoa-nut fibre for matting, ropes, &c. [intercourse. Coition, kū-ishun, n খ্রীসংসর্গ; বডিক্রিমা; Sexual Coko, kūk, n. পোড়া পাণুরিমা কমলা; Coal charred of half burnt in kilns of ovens:—v. t. উক্ত কম্পান্ন প্রিণ্ড-কু; To convert into coke.

Colandor, kuland-er, Cullender, kulend-er, n. চাননী; ছাকনী; বাকৰি, A vessel having small holes in the bottom, a sieve; a strainer.

Cold, köld, a. [L. gelu, frost, cold] অমুক, Not warm or hot; the opposite of hot — দী হাই . ক্লাৰ্ক, Chilly; shivering:— উৎসাহশুক্ত, প্ৰোধ-শুক্ত; Without passion or zeal; spiritless— উদামান, আনাকত, প্ৰভিক্তন; Unfriendly; indifferent, not cordial— n উক্তাভাৱ; The absence of heat:— শৈত্য; ক্ৰাৰ্ত্তা; Chilliness— দক্তি; কৃত্ত; A catarrh. Syn:—Gelid, bleak, frigid, chill, indifferent, unconcerned, passionless, distant, unfeeling, spiritless, reserved, coy, chaste. ad—coldly n=coldness.

Cold-blooded, a. শৈত্যসংখ্যকথিব; Having cold blood:—নির্মান্ত ; দিইব; Without feeling. Cold-blooded murder—অহত্যক হত্যা; A murder committed without provocation.

Cold shoulder, n. Etas; Deliberate neglect or contempt.

In cold blood—ভাবিগা চিন্তিয়া; ইন্দাৰ্শক;
ক্টাবোধ না কৰিয়া; Deliberately; without excitement or passion; without compunction.

Coldish, koldish, a. ইম্বং মিতস; ঠাবা; Somewhat cold, cool. [name for all sorts of cabbage. Cole, n. সর্বপ্রকার কোপির সাধারণ নাম; A general Coleopters, kol-e-op'ter-a, n. [Gr. koleos, a sheath, and pteron, pl. ptera, a wing] কাটিবিশেষ; A class of insect having an outside horny covering as among the beetles. e=coleopterous. Colewort, kolwurt, n. একজাতীয় নাক বা কমি; A 'pecies of cabbage.

Colir, kolik, n. (नटिव दिनना, उमादिक मून ; छमद-मून ; मूनदिनमा A severe pain in the bowels ; acute pain in the stomach. e=colicky.

Lead colic, Painter's colic, or Plumber's colic—সীৰক ব্যবহাৰ আৰু পূল; Colic produced by s'ow poisoning with lead.

Coliseum, kol-i-se'um, Colosseum, kol-os
t'um, n. বোৰ সমাট ভেদ্পেদিয়ানেৰ বৃহৎ বল্পন ;

The amphitheatre of the emperor Vespasian in

Rome, which was the largest in the world :-
গ্রন্থনী নিমিত্ত বৃহৎ আটালিকা; A large building

for exhibitions.

Collaborator, kol-abo-ra-tor, n. [L. col, with, and laboro, laboratum, to labour ] সাহিত্য বা বিজ্ঞান প্রভৃতির অসুপীননে সাহাব্যকারী; An assistant in labour, particularly literary or scientific. Collapse, kol-aps, n. [L. col, together, and labor, lapsus, to slide or fall] অবসাদ; অবসরভা; Sudden depression of the bodily energies; a falling away or breaking down, any sudden or complete breakdown or postration:—আকৃত্যবিভাগ; Failure:—v.i. অবসর-ছ; To fall together suddenly; shrink up:—বিবাই-ছ; অধঃ-পাতে-ছা; To break down, to go to ruin.

The scheme has collapsed—অভিনত্তি কেনে গেছে; The scheme has been unsuccessful.

Collar, kolar, n. [Fr. collier—L. collare—collum, the neck; akin to A. S. heals, Ger. hals, the neck] গণাবন্ধ; Something worn round the neck:
—বীবাৰন্ধনী; বৈৰেম; The part of a garment, at the neck:—মণ্ডল; বন্ধনী; A ring; a band:—
v. f. গণদেশ-ধ; টু টি-মু; To seize by the collar:—প্রাবা-বন্ধনী পরিধান-কু. To put on a collar.

Slip the collar-प्र-इ ; Get free.

Collar-bone, kofar-bon, n. কঠান্থি; A bone of the neck between the breast-bone and the shoulder-blade; clavicle.

Collate, kol-at, v. t. [L. collatus, pa. p. of confero—con, together, and fero, to bring ] পুথাপুথাৰণে তুলনা-কু; পৰক্ষাৰ বিলাইয়া দেখা; To compare critically; to bring or lay together for comparison:—পাতুলিপি পরীকা-কু; To compare manu-cript or book:—ধর্মণানার নিয়োগকু; ইতি প্রদান-কু; To place in or confer a benefice:
—পুত্তক বাঁধিবাৰ পুর্বে ডাহার পাতাগুলি বেরুপা নালাইতে হয় ডকুপ নালাইয়া বাখা; To place in order, as the sheets of a book for binding. Syn:—Collect, adduce, compare, induct.

Collateral, kol-a'ér-al, a. [L. col, and latas, lateris, a side ] পাৰ্য : পাৰাপাৰি : Side by side:
—বগোরোংপর : বগোরোক্ত : Descending from the same stock or ancestor, but not directly, as the children of brothers—opposed to lineal:—
আনুষ্টিক : Happening or coming together in connection with an event:—n. আভি : A collateral relation:—Security given in addition to a principal promise or bond. a./=collaterally. Syn:—(a) Indirect, not lineal, subordinate; confirmatory, concurrent, corroborative.
Collateral security, n. Additional security :
security to perform covenants, or pay money, besides the principal security.

Collation, kol-a'shun, n. जुननंकवर्ग; पंदीका; Comparison:—बाकक-निर्वात्र; धर्मणानाव-निर्दात्र; Presentation to a benefice by a bishop:—नवू बाहाब; A repast between full meals.

Collator, kol-a'tor, n. नदीक्क ; पिन्दादी ; One who collates or compares manuscripts or books :---वृक्षिनाचा ; One who collates to a benefice ; one who bestows or presents.

Colleague, koleg, n. [Fr. collegue—L. collegue—col, together, and lego, to send on an embəssy ] সহকাৰী; সহবোগী; স্থান কাৰ্যকাৰক, A partner, associate or coadjutor :—v. t. or v. i. নাহাখ্যক; সহবোগিতা-ফু; To join or unite with in the same office. pr. p=colleaguing (kol-ēg'ing). pa. p=colleagued (kol-ēgd).

Collect, kol-ekt, v. t. [L. colligo, collectus, from col, together, and lego, Gr. lego, to gather, to choose ] সংগ্রহ-ত ; মানীকৃত-ত ; এতত-ত্ব ; To gather; to assemble or bring together:—অন্ধান-ত্ব ; To infer, as a consequence:—চাকা পাৰয়া; To get in money:—v. i একত-হ ; বালিকৃত-হ ; To run together; to accumulate:—n. সংকিও ছবি ; সংকিও উপাসনা বা প্রার্থনা , A short prayer adapted to a particular day or occasion. Syn:—(v.) Gather, assemble, aggregate, amass, accumulate, deduce, infer.

To collect one's self—গ্ৰহণ্ড-হ; বৃদ্ধি জন্মনান্দ্, To regain self-control; to recover from surprise or embarrassment

Collectanea, kol-lek-tane-a, n. pl. সংস্থীত বস্তু-সম্পৰ; ভিন্ন ভিন্ন প্ৰস্থ ক্ষতে উত্তাংশ; Things collected; a selection of passages from various authors.

Collected, kol-ekted, a. একপ্রিড; সংগ্রীড, Gathered together; assembled, congregated.— স্থিয়; স্থিয়িড; শাড; Cool; firm; self-possessed. n=collectedness ad=collectedly.

Collection, kol-ekshun, n জন্তা, An assemblage; crowd:—ন্যেছ; Gathering; act of collecting:—টালা; A contribution; gathering of money:—জনুমান; দিছার: নির্মান: Deduction; consequence; corollary, conclusion—
ছুণ; বানি; A heap or mass:—সম্পূন; A selection. Syn:—An assembly, assemblage, group, crowd, meeting; mass, heap, store, compilation, selection.

Collective, kol-ektiv, a. সংগৃহীত; সম্বেড; Gathered into a mass, sum or body — ৰহত্ত-বাচক; Expressing a number or multitude. ad= collectively.

Collector, kol-ektor, ল. সংগ্ৰহকাৰক; সংগ্ৰহকাৰী; One who collects or gathers:—পুৰক-সংগ্ৰহীতা; পুৰক-সৰ্ব্যক্ষী; A compiler:—ক্ৰ-সংগ্ৰহীতা, ক্ৰসংগ্ৰহক; Tax-gatherer; one who collects customs or taxes.

 An establishment for students acquiring languages and science; the edifice appropriated to a college.

Collegian, kol-c'ji-an, n. বেশাল বিদ্যালয়েৰ ছাত্ৰ; কালেকেৰ ছাত্ৰ; A member of or student in a college.

Collegiate, kol-E'ji-Et, a. প্রধান বিদ্যালয় নম্মীত বা তৎসমূল; Pertaining to or resembling a college:—প্রধান বিদ্যালয়বিশিষ্ট; প্রধান বিদ্যালয়বারীত ; Containing a college, as a town; instituted like a college.

Collet, kolet, n. अज़्रीवर्क वर्गवक्षम श्रांव; The part of a ring, in which a precious stone is set; the collar of a ring or the part which contains the stone.

Collide, kol-īd, v i. [ L. col, together, leedo, to strike ] ধাৰা বাগা; পৰশাৰ আঘাত বাগা; To strike or dash against each other. Syn:—Crash, impact, clash. [ shepherd's dog.

Collie, Colly, koli, n. মেবপালকের কুকুর; A Collier, kolyer, n. কংলা-ধনক; কয়লাধনির মজুর; One who digs out the coals in a coal-mine; one who works in a coal-mine — কয়লাবাইল পোড; কয়লাবাইল নৌকা; A ship that carries coal; a ship employed in carrying coals.

Colliery, kolyer-i, n. কম্পাৰ ধনি; Coal-mine. Collision, kol-ızhun, n. সংঘৰ্ণ; ধাৰা; A striking together, as of two hard bodies; a clashing:—বাধা; বিবাদ; বিৰোধ; Opposition; conflict, interference. Syn:—Clash, concussion, shock, conflict, clashing, encounter, opposition. Collocate, kolo-kat, v. t. [ L. col, together, and loco, to place] একল স্থাপন-কৃ: স্থাপিড-কৃ; To place together; to place, set, or station.

Collocation, kol-ত-káshun, n ছাপৰ, বিভাৰ; Act of collocating; disposition in place; arrangement.

Collodion, kol-ত'di-on, n. আটাল বস্তু; লিবিশের স্থায় বস্তু; That which is gluey, wiscous, or adhesive, that which resembles glue

Collop, kolup, n মামে শণ্ড; A slice of meat.
Colloquial, kol-D'kwi-al, a. চানত; সকাদা ব্যক্তঃ Pertaining to, or used in, common conversation. ad=colloquially.

Colloquialism, kol-ত'kwi-al-izm, স. চলিভ কৰা; A form or expression in common use; a form of expression, used in familiar talk.

Colloquy, kolo-kwi, #. [ L. col, together, and loquor, to speak ] প্ৰশাৰ কৰোপকগৰ; A mutual discourse; conversation; a dialogue; conference.

Collude, kol-ud, v. i [L. col and ludo, to play] १६५३-३; १५३५: To conspire in a fraud; to act in concert; to play into each other's hand.

Collusion, kol-u'zhun, ন. আভাৰণা কৰ্ণোক্ৰেৰ গুৱস্থি; বড়বস্ত্ৰ ; A secret agreement to deceive ; deceit ; connivance ; act of colluding.

Collusive, kol-u'ziv, a. প্ৰকৃষ্ণ; বাছাৰু;
Fraudulently concerted; deceitful. ad=collusively. n=collusiveness. [ by collusion.
Collusory, kol-u'zari, a. প্ৰকৃষ্ণ; Characteried

Cologynth, koto-sinth, n. विश्वष्य विषय दिवय ;
The bitter apple; the pith of a species of cucumber—a strong cathartic; the dried and powdered pulp of a kind of cucumber, much used as a purgative.

Cologne, n. भानीय विराग्य ; A toilet liquid, composed of alcohol and aromatic oils originally made in Cologne.

Colon, kö'lon, n. [Gr. kolon, conn. with koilos, hollow] বৃহ্মাড়ী; The largest of the intestines. Colon, kü'lon, n. [Gr. kolon, a limb, member] চিক্ৰিশেষ; ড্ডীয় ছেম; The mark (:) used to indicate a distinct number or clause of a sentence; a stop.

Colonel, kur'nel, n. ৰেনাবিভাগপতি; লেনাপতি; The chief officer of a regiment. n=colonelcy or colonelship. [ office or rank of a colonel. Coloneloy, kur'nel-si, n. নৈস্তাধ্যকের পদ; The Colonnade, kol-on-ত্রd, n. শ্রেণীবদ্ধ বস্তুসমূহ; অত্ত-শ্রেণী, A series or range of columns placed at regular intervals.

Colomal, kol-ত'ni-al, a. উপনিবেশ সংখীয়, উপনিবেশিক, Pertaining to a colony.

Colonisation, kol-on-i-zāshun, n. উপনিবেশ স্থাপন; The act of planting with inhabitants; state of being colonised.

Colonisationist, n উপনিবেশৰ পৃক্ষণাতী; An advocate of colonisation, &c., especially of colonising Africa by Negro emigrants from America.

Colonise, kolon-iz, o. f. উপনিৰেশ ছাপন কু; To settle or plant a colony in :—উপনিৰেশ-কু; To form into a colony.

Colonist, kolon-ist, n. উপনিবেশবানী; উপনিবে-পিক, An inhabitant of a colony, a settler.

Colony, kolon-1, n. [ L. colons, a husbandman—colo, to till ] উপনিবেশ; A body of persons, who settle in another country, remaining subject to the parent state; a body of persons who form a fixed settlement in another country:—বে বেশে উপনিবেশ ছাপন কৰা হয়; The country colonised; a plantation.

Colophon, kolo-fon, n. [ L. colophon—Gr. kolophon, the top, the finish ] পুৰকেব শেষভাপে নিবেশিত প্ৰকাশের ছান ও তারিব প্রভৃতি; An inscription on the last page of a book, before title-pages were used, containing the place or year of its publication.

Colophony, kol-of'ni, n. ভাপি ভৈদ চোৱাইয়া ৰে মুক্ৰৰ মুনা পাভয়া বাব ; The dark-coloured resn got from the distillation of oil or turpentine.

Colorifie, kul-ur-if'ik, a. [ L. color, and facio, to make ] বৰ উৎপাদক; বৰ্ণোৎপাদক; Containing or producing colours.

Colosseum, kol-os-e'um, Coliseum, kol-ise'um, n. বোনবগৰে ভেন্পেনিয়াবের অভি বৃহৎ
অৰ্ডভাকৃতি ঘাট্যব্ৰিষ; Vespasian's amphitheatre at Rome, which was the largest in the world.

Colossus, n. বিশাল প্রতিমূর্ত্তি ; বৃহৎ প্রতিবা বিশেষ ; A gigantic statue ; a statue of gigantic size. Colossal, kol-osal, a. जिं वृहद ; विजान ; करोट ; Gigantic. Syn :—Gigantic, huge, enormous, herculean, monstrous, immense, vast, prodigious.

Colour, kufur, ন. [Fr.—L. color, akin to celo, to cover, conceal] আলোকের ভিন্ন বিভাগ বুজিরগর্পক অপরিশেষ; A property of light which causes bodies to have different appearances to the eye:—বর্গ; A property of light:—বঙ্গ; Dye or tint; paint; pigment:—অলীক বৃত্ত; হল; False show; pretence; disguise — একার; Kind; species:—pl অলা; পভালা; নিশান; Flag, ensign or standard:—v t. বিভিত-কৃ; To dye; to tinge, to paint:—অলাবা বিবয়কে ভাবা মত প্রাণ্ড প্রাণ্ড বিভাগ কৃত্তি কার্যা ক্রান্ড ক

One's colour comes and goes, One's colour changes, One changes colour—( ভয় কিংবা লজায় ) মূব বিবৰ্ণ-ছ; The natural colour of one's face changes under the influence of fear or shame; one turns pale or blushes:—মান্সিক উত্তেজনায় মুবজীব কৰে কৰে পরিবর্ত্তন-ছ; One turns pale or blushes alternately from excitement.

Strike one's colours—অধীনতা বীকাৰ চিক্ৰৱণ পতাকা নত-কৃ; Lower one's flag, as a sign of submission.

Take the colour of—ৰঞ্জিত হ; নমুল-হ; বিশেষ ভাষাপর হতমা; Be tinged, affected or influenced by, to partake of the character of; to influence by; to derive its distinctive character from.

To give colour to—আছবিক ভাৰ গোপন কৰিয়া ৰাহ্যিক সমূল ভাৰ ধাৰণ কৰান; কোন ভাৰ ধাৰণ কৰান; কোন ভাৰ ধাৰণ কৰান; To give an appearance of right or justice to; to set in a fair light:—কোন ৰিখেব ধৰণে দীড়ে কৱান, বঞ্জিত-কু; মূৰ্জি দেওয়া; To give a tone or character to.

To colour a stranger's good—বৈশেশিক ওছ হুইতে অব্যাহতি পাইবাৰ লক্ত বৈশেশিক বণিককে গুড়-শালায় দেশবাসীৰ নামে যাল তুলিতে অনুমতি দেভৱা; To allow a foreigner to enter goods at the custom-house in the name of a citizen, to avoid the alien's duty. [tence.

To colour over—ছল প্রযোগ-কু; To use a pre-Under colour of—কোন ছলে; কোন অছিলায়; Under the false show or pretence of.

Colourable, kulur-a-bl, a. আগতি নুমৰ; মুম্মৰ মুৰ্ডিনপাৰ, Specious, plausible, having fair appearance.

Colour-blindness, kulur-blindnes, n. সৃষ্ট-বিকাৰ, দৰ্শনে প্ৰিয়েৰ দোৰ; A defect of the eyesight, by which one is unable to distinguish between colours.

Coloured people—আফিবাৰ কাৰ্ট্ৰ আডি, Person of negro descent; black people, Africans or other descendants, mixed or unmixed.

Colouring, kulur-ing, n. বঙ্ দিবার বস্তু; বঙ্ দিবার কৌশল; আপাতদৃষ্টতে স্থল্য বলিয়া অপুথিত THE; Any substance used to give colour; manner of applying colours; specious appearance.

Colourist, kulur-ist, n. fbase ; रक्षक ; रक्षांदक ; চিত্ৰবিদ্যাৰ পাৰদৰ্শী; One who paints; one who excels in colouring.

Colourless, kulur-les, n. वर्गीन; पह; Without colour; transparent.

Colour-sergeant, kulur-sarjent, n. राष्ट्रापाद ; The sergeant who guards the colours of a regiment.

Colportage, kolport-মা, n. পাইকের বা কড়িয়া बोबी भूषक विकि: The distribution of books, &c., by culporteurs.

Colporteur, kolport-ar, Colporter, kolporter, n. [ L. collum, the neck and porter-L portare, to carry ] পাইকের; কডিয়া, A hawker, a peddlar :--ধর্মপুরক বিক্রেডা . One who travels about to distribute and sell religious books.

Colt, kolt, #. বেটিক-শিশু; অখপাৰক; A young horse :- निर्दर्शाय गुक्ति ; A foolish young fellow. Colter, Coulter, kolter, n. नाजरनव कान ; The fore-iron of a plough, that cuts through the ground.

Coltish, koltish, a. अवनायक महुन . Like a colt : –চঞ্চ ; ক্রীডাপ্লির , Frisky ; wanton.

Colt's-foot, költ/-foot, n. हादांत्राष्ट्रिया ; A plant with large soft leaves once used in medicine.

Columbary, kolum-ba-ri, n. [ L. columba, a dove ] কপোন্তগৃহ; পাছবাৰ খোপ, A pigeon-house. Columbian, kolumbi-an, c. আংৰেবিকাসখনীয়; Pertaining to Columbia.

Columbine, kolum-bin, a. [ L. columba, a dove] বুৰু সদৃশ; Like a dove :-- কপোতৰৰ্ণ, Dove-coloured :- n. উद्विन्दिर्गंद , A genus of plant :-- शिक्न नवर्ष ; A kind of violet colour :--मट्डब मण वा बादिका: The herome of a pantomine.

Column, kolum, n. [L. columen, columna, akın to cel-sus high, collis, a hill उड ; श्री ; A cylindrical support for a roof, ceiling &c., a pillar:-- বাহ; সৈত্ত-শেণী, A body of troops drawn up in deep files :- পোত শ্লেপ , A body of ships following each other in order :--পুস্থকেব অন্তাকারে সক্ষিত অকর পঙ্কি ; পৃঠার উদ্বোধোলিখিত चार्च ; A perpendicular row of lines in a book Syn :- Pilaster, shaft, pile, line, row; division. Columnar, kol-umnar, a. স্বভাকারে সন্দিত, कशकाद ; Formed in columns ; having the form of a column.

Colure, kolur, n. [Gr. kolouros, dock-tailed -kolos, docked, oura, tail ] विश्वदिकात উত্তৰ **बार्ख श्रदण्य मम्दर्भागाकारत कर्द्धिक बुर्ब्छब्रह्म अश्र-**जर; One of two great circles intersecting at right angles in the poles of the Equator.

Coles, kolza, n. appiels of ; A kind of cabbage from the seeds of which is obtained an oil used in lamps.

Coma, kūma, n. [Gr.-koimao, to hush to sleep ী গভীৰ নিজা : নিজাবেশ ; জড়তা : অচেড নাৰহা ; Drep sleep; rtupor; morbid drowsiness.

a. শিক্তাবিহ্নল; শিক্তাভিভূড; ভক্তানু; Drowsy; lethargic.

Comb, kom, n. [ A. S. camb; ice. kamler, comb, crest ] िक्रि ; An instrument with teeth, for separating and clearing the hair :- 455-निया; The crest of a cock :- जबरत्रब উপরিভাগ; The top or crest of a wave :-- प्यूक्त ; Cells of bees ; a cell for honey :-- ए. र. किस्नी बाबा जांक्डान ; To separate, disentangle, cleanse, adjust or lay straight.

Comb, Combe, kom, n. [ W. cum, a hollow ] ছুই পর্বতের মধ্যবর্ত্তা গহরে; সন্ধীর্ণ উপভাকা; 🛕 hollow among hills; a narrow valley.

Comb, kom, n. शिक्षमानियान ; B तूरनत ; A dry measure of four bushels.

Honey-comb—(योहांक।

Cock's comb-क्ब्रिडिय याबाद क्ल वा ब्रिडि ।

Combat, kombat or kumbat, v. i. [ Fr. combattre, to fight-com, with, and battre, to beat ] युक्त ; मः आय ; क्य ; यावायावि ; A battle or fight; a contest by force: -v. t. 35-7; To fight with :-- वाधा-त्य ; To oppose or resist :-v. i विवाप-क ; विद्याध-क ; To struggle or contend. Syn := (n) A conflict, contest, encounter. battle, fight, skirmish, brush (v) fight, contest, oppose, battle, strive, cope, engage. Single combat, n. 449%; Duel.

Combatant, kombat-ant, n. (क्या ; बुद्धकादी ; One who fights or combats :-- आशिकारी ; A controversialist :-- ন. মুখুৎসু: মুদ্ধাৎসুক, মুদ্ধার্থ প্রস্তুত ; Contending ; disposed or inclined to combat.

Combative, kombat-iv, a. রণশীল ; Disposed to fight or contend .— विवास वा युद्ध करिएक छिर्जूक ; Inclined to quarret or fight. n=combativeness. Comber, kömér, n. (य अन्यापि व्याध्याय ; One who combs wool &c.

Combination, kom-bi-nashun, त. नःरवात ; भिन्न ; Close union or connection - मस्योब ; Association; alliance - TETE: Conspiracy -कोन উष्म्य माधनार्थ भयरवत्र वाख्यिका; A number of persons united for a purpose. Syn .- Conjunction, associate; alliance, cabal, confederacy, coalition, conspiracy; mixture, compound.

Combine, kom-bió, v t. [ L. combinare, to join-com, together, and bini, two and two ] সংযুক্ত-কৃ; মিলিভ-কৃ; একজ-কৃ: To unite or join; to join two together; to link together:-v. i. मिलिछ-ए; अवमछ-ए; जिल्लाहे-ए; To league together; to come into close union. Syn :-Mix, blend, compound, amalgamate, incorporate; conspire, confederate; associate; co-operate.

Combustible, kom-busti-bl, s. [ L. comburo, combustus, to consume-com, intensive, and buro, uro, to burn ] पाक ; पश्नीय ; Liable to take fire and burn ; inflammable :-- সামাস কাবণে উত্তেজিড; কোপৰ; Easily excited or kindled; quick ; irascible :- n. पास्वत ; Any thing that will take fire and burn.

Combustibleness, kom-busti-bl-ness, Com-Comatose, koʻma-tos, Comatous, koʻma-tus, bustibility, kom-busti-bili-ti, n. न्यूका ; न्यू- ৰীৰভা; Quality or capability of being burnt. Combustion, kom-bustyun, m. হাছ; কহন ; A burning:—খলন; বহন-ক্ৰিয়া; The action of fire on combustible bodies.

Come, kum, v. i. [A. S. cuman; Ger. kommen, to come] নিকটে আগমন-ক; নিকটবতী-হ;
To approach; to draw near:—ঘটে; নংঘটিত-হ;
To happen:—প্রকাশনান-হ; পরিক্ট-হ; To appear; to issue; become manifest:—উপষ্টিত-হ;
To be present:—কোন অবস্থায় উপনীত-হ; To arrive at a certain state or condition. [arrive. Come about—ফা; ঘটে, উপন্তিত-হ; Happen; Come across—সহসা সাকাং-ক; সহসা দেখিতে প্রেষ্ঠা; To meet with; to fall in with.

Come across the mind-भरन धरनण-कृ; To enter the mind.

Come after—অনুসরণ-কৃ; To follow.

Come again—প্ৰত্যাপ্ৰৰ-কৃ; Return.

Come against— आगाज-इ, Strike.

Come along—পৰে চলা; Move on the road. Come among—খনতাৰ যধ্যে প্ৰবেশ-ক; Enter among a crowd.

Come at—পৌছাৰ; পাত্যা; প্ৰাপ্ত-ছ; Reach; gain:—প্ৰাক্তম্ব-কু; To come forward; attack.
Come sway—প্ৰস্থান-কু; To depart; to leave.

Come before — খগ্ৰদ্ৰ-ছ , Precede. Come behind—কুড কাৰ্যা-ক , Succeed.

Como between—ন্ধ্যস্থ-২; ছাড়াইনা দেওনা; In-

Come by - 1161; Obtain; gain As: How comes thy master by this gold? - Scott.

Come, Come—থাম থাম, থেমে বাও; Stop ( expressing rebuke ).

Come down—অবতরণ-কৃ; To descend — পুরুষ প্রশাষা চলিয়া আদা; To be handed down.

Come down on or upon—চেপে ধরা, আকুশা-কু, Fall upon (like a bird of prey); press hard; a-sail —ভিত্তাহ-কু; Scold.

Come down to —পুৰুষ প্ৰভাৱনৈ চলিয়া আৰা; Descend to one; proceed from one generation to another by transmission.

Come down with - সমত প্রিশোধ-ক ; Pay over , deposit in payment.

Come forth—উৎপদ্ধ- To issue or proceed from. (front.

Come forward নমুৰে উপন্তিত হ; Step to the Come home to one—ক্ষুম্ম-হ, Affect one's mind convincingly or powerfully, touch one sensibly, to come close; to touch the feelings, interest, or reason; to affect deeply:—To be loosened from the ground, said of anchors (naut).

Come in—প্ৰবেশ-কৃ, To enter, as an into enclosure :—প্ৰচলিত-কৃ; To become fashionable.

Come or go in at one ear and go out at the other—এক কৰ্ণ দিবা প্ৰেম-কৃ, আন্ত কৰ্ণ দিবা বাহিম-ক; ভমতেই বিমুখ-হ; To be immediately forgotten.

Come in for—পাৰয়; ভাগ পাৰয়; উভয়াধিকাৰীর বল্প পাৰ্যা; Receive (as one's share); get; be heir to:—কোন ভিছুৱ আংশ দাবি-ভূ; To appear and claim a share of. Come into-नगड-र ; To join with ; to comply with.

Come in or into contact with—কাহাৰত সংস্কাৰ আসা; সাকাৎ-ই; Come into close union with one; meet.

Come into collision—हेडब नानी; न्यान्य विद्यापी-इ; Come in conflict with; to run with force.

Come into fashion-- शहिनक- र : नपारक हिनक-₹; Become fashionable; become the prevailing mode of dress or ornament :-- (TESTE-F : Be in vogue. [ to be used or employed. Come into play-fage-e; Come into use: Come into possession-देशाईन-इ ; To acquire; to obtain. f able. Come into vogue-अहिन इ; Become fashion-Come near or nigh-- নিকটে উপস্থিত-হ: To approach in place :-- नपान-इ; To be equal to. Come of-- उ९भन-र ; To proceed from, as a consequence; to arrise or result from :- (क) वराज क्याब्र-क ; To be descended from ; to be born of.

Come off— এছান-কু; Depart from; to escape:
— খটে, Happen: — উত্তীৰ্ণ-ছ: (বিপদ বা সকট ছইডে)
উত্তীৰ্ণ ইইবা আসা; To fare; to experience a certain fortune, good or ill, fare at the end of a struggle, emerge — ( সআনের সহিত্ত ) বিপদ হইতে উত্তীৰ্ণ হত্যা; Close a struggle with or as.
Come on— আসম্ব-হ; উন্নতি-কু; To advance; to thrive; to make progress,

Come out—বাহিৰ-হ; প্রচাবিত-হ; To become public; to be published:—পেৰ-হ; To end or come to an issue:—পেৰ্প্ত-হ; To appear after being clouded.

[ প্রকাশিত-হ, Issue forth. Come out of, Come out from—বাহিৰ-হ;

Come our —এক স্থান বা দল হইতে অন্ত স্থানে বা দলে ঘাৰৱা; পক ইতৈ পকান্তৰে আসা; To pass from one side or place to another:—এবকনা-ক; To get the better of any one.

Come round—আবোগা লাভ-কৃ; Recover from sickness; revive:— হৈত্যোগ্য-হ; Regain the proper use of one's \cnscs:—বদুহে প্ৰভাৱন্ত-হ; প্ৰিলিভ-হ; ফিবিয়া আগা; Return to friendship: একদন প্ৰিভাগ ক্ৰিয়া অভ দলে প্ৰেণ-কৃ; Change from one party or side to another:—প্ৰঃ প্ৰঃ কৈ ন্যৱে-হ; To recur regularly:—প্ৰক্ৰ-কৃ; To wheedle; to impose on by flattery.

Come short--দাৰ-হ; অভাৰ-হ; বিফল-হ; To be deficient; to fall; to be wanting.

Come to—সংজ্ঞাধান্ত-হ; To recover as from a swoon:—দৰলে আইনে; পৰিমাণ বা মোটে জাসা; To amount to; to come into posssession of.

Come to a crisis—To arrive at the decisive or turning point. [naturally. Come to a bad end—অপথাতে যুৱা; Die un-Come to a head—পুৰপুৰ্ণ-হ; পাকিয়া উঠা; পাকা; To suppurate, as a boil:—প্ৰিপৃত্-হ; To mature, as the plot come to a head.

Come to an end-cate; Cease; stop.

Come to an untimely end-water wat; To die prematurely.

Come to an understanding—আপনে বিটগটি কু; সন্ধি-কু; To amicably agree upon; to settle terms.

Come to a stand still—will; To be stopped. Come to blows—wisinid-p; twelfid-p; To quarrel to the extent of violence, to fight.

Come to grief—কটে গড়া; Be in trouble; be ruined or destroyed:—অনিদ-হ; Fail:—ভেনে পড়া; Break down. [ceived.

Come to hand—atg-e; ests-e, To be re-Come to life—tree atg-e; Revive.

Come to naught—আৰুভকাৰ্য্য-ছ; To fail; not to succeed.

Come to one's self—পুনরার চৈতক প্রাপ্ত-ই; আৰু পাছম'; Recover; come to one's senses, recover consciousness [occur; to take place. Come to pass—খটে; খটিয়া খালা; Happen; to Come to pass—খোনরাপ সম্ভাট পড়া; Fall into a predicament.

Come to terms—স্থি-কৃ; To agree; to make Come to nothing—িশ্ব-ই, Be productive of no consequence. [operation

Come into force—বাংগিত-হ; Come into Come to the gallows—To be executed for crime. [or made public Come to light—অৱশিত-হ; To be disclosed

Come to one's knowledge wis-z, To be made known to one.

Come to the ears of—কাৰে আনা; শ্ৰুভিনোচৰ-হ; To be communicated to.

Come to the front—ৰমুধে উপজিড-হ; To come forward prominently; to become the subject of public discussion.

Come to the ground-43-4; Be ruined.

Come to the point—খাসল কথা বশা; To speak on a subject without superfluous words; to take up the main question

Come towards—নিকটে আইনে; Approach
Come up to—পৌছান, Reach.—কোন কিছুব
নীবা পৰ্যান্ত উঠা; কোন বস্তব নিকট পৰ্যান্ত উথিত
হলা; Rise to:—মিল হণ্ডয়া; মেলা, Conform to.
Come up with—নাগাইল-গু, Overtake.

Come upon—আক্ষা-ক ; İnvade ; fall upon — হাং প্রাপ্ত-হ ; To light upon ; to find unexnectedly.

Come upon the parish—To become so poor as to be supported at public charge.

Come upon the stage—কৰ্মকেন্তে অৰজীৰ্ণ, To appear upon the scene of action; to figure in public life.

Come under--नामिल-र; भान्यज्ञिक-र; Be included:--भयीन-र; Be subject.

Come your ways—আইন , Come along. Come with—নকে থাডবা , Accompany.

Come without—बक्ना चाना, Come alone.

Come what come may, Come what may
—বাহাই বচুক বা কেব, Whatever may happen
Come life, come death—বাহাই বচুক বা কেব,
Happen what may.

A come-down-984; Downfall.

To come—বাহা আইনে নাট; Yet to arrive, future. [ ইছল; How is it that.

How comes it that—কেমন কৰিবা এটা হয় বা Comer, n. আগতক; One who comes.

All comers—সকল প্ৰকাৰ লোক; All persons indifferently.

Comers, n. উপদেশভা; The God of festivals and merriment.

Comedian, kōm-r'di-an, ন. অভিনেতা; An actor .— হর্ষপান নাটক লেখক; সংখোগান্ত নাটককারী; A writer of comedy; one who writes comedies.

Comedy, kome-di, n. [L. comoedia—Gr. komodia, a ludicrous spectacle, from komos, a revel, and ode, a song ] মিলনাম্ভ নাটক; হৰ্মধান নাটক; নাবোগান্ত নাটক; A dramatic piece of a pleasant or humorous description.

Comely, kumlı, a. [A. S. cymlic—cyme, suitable, and lic. like] সুত্ৰী; সুন্দৱ; Handsome; graceful:—উপৰুক্ত; Decent, suitable; proper, agreeable:—খানখগাৰক; Pleasing:—ad. সুন্দৱক্ষণে; In a comely manner. Syn:—(a) Decent, fit, proper, seemly; graceful, good-looking, beautiful, pretty, pleasing. n=Comeliness (সৌন্ধা);

Comestibles, kom-esti-blz, n [ Fr.—L. comedo, I eat up ] পাস্তব্য; Eatables

Comet, komet, n. [Gr kometes, long-haired-kome, the hair ] ব্যক্ত; A heavenly body with a luminous tail and an eccentric orbit. a=cometary.

Comfit, kumfit. Comfiture, kumfit-ur, n [ A doublet of confect; from Fr confit, confiture — L. co ificio, to make up ] 电影 和教育, A dry sweet meat; a confection.

Comfort, kumfurt, n. সান্ত্ৰা, আবাস; Consolation, solace :—আবাম, সাজ্বা, সজ্বতা; উপৰম; Ease, quiet, rest, relief :—(Law) উৎসাহ, সাহাব্য; Support, assistance, encouragement Syn:—Consolation, encouragement, solace, counternance, case, satisfaction, enjoyment.

Comfort, kumfurt, v. t [ O. Fr. comforter—L. con, and fortis, strong ] সান্ধনা-কৃ: উৎসাত্-দে, আ্বান-বে; To console; to strengthen; to encourage:—প্ৰস্ন-কৃ: সঙ্জ-কৃ; To cheer, to revive. Syn:—Solace, console, encourage, enliven, gladden, refresh, confirm, strengthen. n == comforter.

Comfortable, kumfurt-a-bl, a. সাজ্বালয়; পুৰ-জনক, সাজ্বভোগী; Importing or enjoying comfort. Syn:—Pleasing, agreeable, enjoyable, pleasant, delightful, prosperous, snug, convenient. ad=comfortably.

Comforter, n. আহানক; আহানলাডা; সাহনা-কারী; The person who or the thing which comforts:—পৰিৱায়া; The Holy Spirit:—পদাবহুনী, Neek-scarf.

Comio, korfik, Comical, korfik-al, a. হ্ৰম্ব বীয়; Relating to comedy; not tragic:—হাড বয়; হাডৰমক; পৰিহাসকলক; Raising mirth; fitted to excite merriment:—হনিক; Droll. ad= comically. n=comicality, comicalness. Comfortless, kumfurt-les, a. হ্ৰদাঞ্জবিহীম; Without comfort. Syn:—Forlorn, desolate, cheerless, miserable.

Comitia, ko-mishi-a, n. pl. [L. com, together, eo. itum, to go] আইন প্রচলন: বিচারক নিয়োগ প্রভাত কার্যক্ষণার্থ প্রাচীন হোষানিগের অ:তীয় সভা; পুরাকালীন বোমনগরীর প্রখা সভা; Among the Romans, the assemblies of the people for electing magistrates, passing laws &c.; assemblies of the people in ancient Rome

Comity, komi-ti, n. [ L. comitas,—atis—comis, courteous] সৌৰস্ত ; ভদুঙা; শিষ্টভা; Courtesy; courteousness, civility.

Comma, koma, n. প্ৰেম ছেন ; A point thus (, ). Command, kom-and, v. t [ Fr. commander-L. commendare, to commit to one's charge, to order-com, and mandare, to intrust ] stra-क ; To direct ; to bid ; to order -- नाग्रक-ए : To lead, to be in command of :—আন্তব উপৰ কৰ্তৃত্ পরিচাবন-ক; আধিপতা-ক; To have in power; to be able to exercise power or authority over; to exercise supreme authority over :-- पादि-क , To challenge; to claim :-- দটিপথের মধ্যে বাওয়া . To overlook; to have within the observation of the eye:—v.i. প্রধান প্রভুষ প্রাপ্ত-হ; শাসন-ফু; To have chief authority over: to govern:-প্লাদেশ; আজা; An order, authority, injunction ; mandate ; an authoritative order :-- এডুড্ अपर्यन ; The application or exercise of authority —প্ৰভুত ; Supreme power ; control :—চভুদ্দিক खबार (पश्चिवां क्यां ; The power of overlooking without obstruction :-- (नवापन : A body of troops under a particular officer :-- সংकार ; जया-हाब ; Message. Syn -- (v.) Bid, order, direct, charge, require, enjoin; rule, sway, govern, lead, overlook; challenge, claim. (n) Control, sway, power, authority, government, management; order, injunction, charge, direction, precept.

At one's command—কাহাৰও আহতের অধীদ (আদেশনাত্তেই পাণ্ডবা বাব, এই ভাৰ); At one's control, under one's orders:—ন্ৰুদৰ্গণে; At one's fingers' ends.

Commandant, kom-and-ant, n. ছুৰ্গণিত; গেৰাৰাম্ক; One in command of a fort or of a body of troops.

Commander, kom-ander, n. নামক; A chief; a leader:—নেনাগতি; The chief officer of an army:—পোভনামক; An officer in the navy next in rank under a captain. n=commandership. Commanding, kom-anding, a. শাসন্তম্ ভিছত; Authoritative, fitted to impress or control; imperious. ad=commandingly.

Commanding view—A wew that has much within the sphere of vision.

Commandment, kom-andment, ন. আজা; ব্ৰুম; আমেৰ; A precept; a law; a command:
— চপ্ৰেম; আজা; One of the ten moral laws.
Commensurable, a. Same as commensurable.
Commenorable, a. সুৰ্ব্যোগ্য; Worthy to be commemorated.

Commemorate, kom-emo-rat, v. t. [ L. com-

memoratus, pa. p. of commemorare, to remember—com, intensive, and memor, mindful ] नवपार्थ केपन-कृ: To celebrate with honour and solemnity, to call to remembrance by a solemn or public act. n=commemoration. Syn:—
Solemnize, celebrate, observe.

Commemorative, kom-enfo-rā-tiv, Commemoratory, a. সাধক; উদ্বোধক; Tending or serving to preserve the remembrance of.

Commence, kom-ens, v. i. [ L. com, and initiars, to begin—in, into, and so, to go ] আৰদ্ধেই; উৎপায়-ই; উত্ত-ই, To begin; to originate:—v. t. আরম্ভ-কু; স্বাপাত-কু; উৎপায়-কু; To originate, to enter upon; to begin. Syn:—Open, start, originate, initiate.

Commencement, kom-ensment, n. আৰম্ভ; The beginning; origin, rise; the thing begun. Commend, kom-end, v. t. [L. commendare, to trust] ন্মাণ-কু; To commit in trust:— আগমা-কু; To praise:—আগমা-কু; To recommend as worthy. Syn:—Commit, hand over, yield; recomment; praise, applaud; approve. Commend (one) to—কাহাৰত হাত সমাণ-কু; মণে পেত্যা; Entrust one to —ভাল বলিয়া বলা; Recommend as worthy of attention:—কাহাৰত গতে মুক্ৰা কুলা; Speak well or favourably of one to another.

Commendable, kom-enda-bl. a. প্ৰাণ্যনীয়; প্ৰাণ্যাৱ উপযুক্ত; Worthy of praise or approbation. ad=commendably. n=commendableness.
Commendation, kom-en-dáshun, n. প্ৰাণ্যা; Praise:—অভিনন্মন, A message of affection or respect; service; compliments:—ইজা-প্ৰকাশ; Declaration of esteem. Syn:—Approval, recommendation, approbation, good word, praise.
Commendatory, kom-enda-to-ri, a. লাগাকয়; বাণ্যাকয়; Serving to commend, containing praise; commending.

Commonsurable, kom-ensū-ra-bl, α, স্থপরি-খাণবিশিষ্ট; ড্লা; Having a common measure; reducible to a common measure. ad=commonsurably. n=commensurability, commensurableness.

Commonsurate, koin-ensu-rat, a. ন্যান; তুলা; ন্যান্পাতিক; Equal; proportional; equal in measure or extent. ad=commensurately. n=commensurateness, commensuration.

Comment, kement, n. [ L. commentor, to reflect upon ] চীকা; ব্যাখ্যা; সমালোচনা; A remark; observation; criticism; annotation:—
v i. ন্ধাৰ্যা-ক; সমালোচনা-ক; To write annotations; to expound or explain. n=commentator, commentor.

Comment upon—निका हिन्नेनी-कृ; ब्रंद-धृ; Make remarks or criticism upon.

Commentary, koment-a-ri, n. ভাষা; ব্যাধ্যা বা সম্বালোচন পুৰুক; A book of comments or note:— বিশেষ কটনাৰ বিষয়ণ; A memoir of particular transactions.

Commentator, Commentor, #. ব্যাব্যাকাৰ; উভাকাৰ; Annotator.

Commerce, komers, n. [L. com, with, and merz,

mercis, goods, merchandise] বাণিবা; বাৰনাম; Extended trade or traffic:—সামাজিক আলাপ পৰিচয়; Social intercourse; familiarity:—ত্ত্ৰী-পুকৰেৰ বিভাৱালাগ; Familiar intercourse between the sexes:—v. t. আলাপ পৰিচয়-ক; To hold intercourse with. Syn:—(n.) Trade, traffic, dealing; intercourse, communication.

Articles of commerce—পণ্যত্ৰ।

Commercial, kom-er'-shal, a. বাণিজ্যসংজীয়; বাণিজ্যসংজীয়; Mercantile. ad = commercially. Commigration, kom-mī-grāshun, n. [ L. com, with, and migro, to migrate ] দলবদ্ধ হইছা দেশা-ভাৱে পান ; A migrating together; migration in a body.

Commination, kom-in-a-hun, n [L. com, intensive, and minor, to threaten] অভিশাপ; ভীতিপ্ৰশন; A threat; denunciation of punishment or vengeance.

Comminatory, kom-ina-tor-i, a. প্তৰিধানের ভারম্পতি; Threatening or denouncing punishment.

Commingle, kom-ing'gl, v. t. [ L. com, to-gether, and mingle ] দিখিত-কু; To mix together into one mass; to blend.

Comminute, komin-ūt, v. t. [L. com, and minuo, to make small—root minus, less] 页行 ; To pulverise; to reduce to minute or small particles:—夏河-枣; To lessen. Syn—Pound, grind, bruise, bray, triturate. n—comminution.
Commiserable, a. 內別(內別); Deserving commiseration.

Commiserate, kom-iżer-at, v. t. [ L. com, with, and miseror, to deplore, from miser, wretched ] জয়-তু; সহাস্তৃতি প্রকাশ-তু, অপুকুলা-ডু; To pity; to sympathise with; to feel for; to compassionate.

Commiseration, kom-iz-er-áshun, n. ব্যা, কৰণা; অনুকুলা; মহামুখ্ডি, Pity; compassion; fellow-feeling. [pressing commiseration. Commiserative, a. ব্যাপ্রকাশক; Feeling or excommissarial, kom-is-ári-al, a. প্রতিনিধি সংক্রান্ত; সেনাক্রেক খালাদির সরব্বাহকারী সহজীয়, Pertaining to a commissary.

Commissarist, kom-is-ári-at, n. নৈজের বদদ বোগাইবাৰ কার্যিকাপ; The department which is charged with supplying provisions for the soldiers:—নৈজের বদদ বোগাইবার বিভাগের কর্মনারিপণ; The body of officers in the commissary's department:—দেশাদলের খাদ্যাদি বর্ষাংকারীয় কার্যালয়, Office of a commissary, komis-ar-i, n. কার্য্যেক ভারাণিত ব্যক্তি; প্রতিনিধি; A delegate; a commissioner:
—মেশাদলের খাদ্যাদি সরববাহকারী বাজি; An office who has the charge of providing provisions, clothing, tents &c. for an army. e=commissarial. n=commissaryship.

Commission, kom-ishun, ন. পাপাচৰণ; Perpetration; act of committing:—সম্পূৰ্ণ; A trust:
—প্ৰথমানা; A warrant of committing some trust to a person;—স্বালি; স্প্রন্ধি; Brokerage; fee to an agent for transacting business:—
ক্ষতা; Authority:—কোলভ কাৰ্য সাধ্যাৰ্থ নিয়ো-

বিভ ব্যক্তিবর্গ; Body of commissioners:— আবেশ; Authority; an order:—v. f. আবেশ-কৃ; কার্বোর্ ভার দেওয়া; ক্ষমভারদান-কৃ; নিয়োগ-কৃ; To give a commission to; to authorise; to appoint.

To put a ship into commission, (naut.)
To send it forth on public service after it has
been laid up.

Commissioner, kom-ishun-er, n. ক্ৰমডাঞাছ ব্যক্তি, কোন কাৰ্য্য সাধনাৰ্থ নিয়েছিত বা আদিঃ ব্যক্তি; One who holds authority for the doing of something; an officer in charge of some department of the public service.

Commit, kom-it, v. t. [L. com, with, and mutto, to send] সমৰ্গণ-কৃ, ভাৰাপণ-কৃ; To entrust; to give in charge or trust:—কাৰ্যা-কৃ; সৰাধা-কৃ; To do; to perpetrate; to perform:—বাধা; To deposit:—এতি বাধা-কৃ; To match:—বছ কৰা; প্ৰতিজ্ঞাবদ্ধ-কৃ, To pledge or bind, used reflexively:—কাৰাক্ৰ-কৃ; কাৰাপাৰে প্ৰেৰণ-কৃ; To send to prison:—বিপত্ৰ-কৃ; To endanger. p. p=committing. pa. p=committed. Syn:—Intrust, consign, deposit, pledge, give, deliver, execute; perpetrate, exact, perform; imprison, engage; implicate; endanger.

Commit oneself—ধনা ছোঁয়া দেওৱা: আপনাকে কোন কিছুতে আৰদ্ধ-কু; Pledge or bind oneself: —আনবহিত হইয়া নিজের পক্ষে কোন ক্ষতিজনক কার্য্য কৰিয়া কেলা; Carelessly do something that is prejudicial to one. [ by heart.

Commit to memory—কঠছ-ক ; মুখছ-ক ; Learn Commit to—কাহাৰত হতে আৰ্প-ক ; Entrust (something or some one):—নিকেপ-ক ; Consign one to.

Commit to paper—কাপকে লেখা; Put in writ-Commit to the flames—পুডিয়া (কলা; Burn.

Commitment, kom-itment, n. কাৰাণাৰে নিকেপ; কাৰাৰবোধ; Act of committing, esp. of committing to prison; imprisonment:—কাৰাক্ত কৰিবাৰ আদেশ, An order for sending to prison.

Committal, kom-ital, n. আৰ্প ; সম্পূৰ্ণ ; সেগলঙ্ক ; Commitment :---জামিন ; A pledge.

Committee, kom-ite, n. কর্মশাদিকা নতা, নামিতি; A number of persons chosen to, consider and manage any business. Syn:—Commission, board.

Commix, kom-iks, v. t. बकरब विशिष्ठ-कृ; To mix together :---v. i. विशिष्ठ-कृ; To mix.

Commixture, com-ikstur, ম. দিখাৰ; The state of being mixed; act of mixing together — দিখিছ কৰা; The mass formed by mingling different things; compound.

Commode, kom-তd, n. [Fr.—L. commodus, convenient] বীবোহেৰ মন্তৰ্যাৰেৰ ; A head-dress worn by ladies:—মন্ত্ৰভাবেৰ পাত্ৰ; A bedroom convenience,—a close-stool:—পাত্ৰাধি বাৰিবাৰ ভাক; A small side-board.

Commodious, kom-ōdi-us, a. [ L. commodus. ( lit. having the same measure, fitting )—com, with, modus, measure ] সুবিধাজনত; উপৰোধী: উপৰুত্ত ; সুবৰৰ ; Convenient ; suitable ; useful; comfortable. Syn:—Convenient, suitable, fit.

proper, comfortable, roomy. n=commodious-ness. sd=commodiously.

Commodity, kom-odit-i, n. [ L. commoditas, from commodus ] সুবিধা; বাহাতে সুবিধা দান কৰে; A convenience, or that which affords it :—পণ্যাল্য; An article of traffic :—n. pl. বাণিস্যাল্য; পায়ৰ্য; Any object of commerce; goods; ware; merchandise.

Commodore, komo-dor, n. [Corr. of Sp. comendador—L. commendo, in late L. to command] বুছ ছাহালসমূহের প্রধান নামক; বণপোডের অধিনামক; The commander of a squadron or detachment of ships:—ৰাণিস্থাত; The leading ship in a fleet of merchandise.

Common, komun, a. [ Fr. commun-L. communis-com, together, and munis, serving. obliging ] माधावन ; Belonging equally to many : - নাক্তনিক; General; universal: - সামাত ; Ordinary; vulgar :-- সর্কাশারণ; Public :--স্ত্রমূল্য ; সুবন্ধ ; সহক্ষপ্রাপ্য ; Of little value ; easy to be had :-- ৰ্যভিচাৰিণী; লম্পট; Prostitute :--কৰ্ত্তকৰ্মবাচ্য ৰোধক ; উভানিপ্ৰাচক ; Both active and passive, as a verb; both masculine and feminine. as a noun. Syn:-Popular, national, universal, ordinary, customary, familiar, habitual; plain, trite; frequent, current; vulgar, low, inferior :- n. माधातगङ्भि ; Tract of ground open to the use of all :-- v. i. नाधादग- अभिव উপর স্থানাধিকার প্রাপ্ত হওয়া; To have a joint right with others in common ground :-- 444 त्हां भन- भ ; To board or eat at a table together. Common-carrier, n. Att; One who undertakes, for hire, to transport goods.

Common-council, komun-kounsil, n. নাধাৰণ প্রতিনিধি সভা; বে সভায় নহবের সাধাৰণ বিষয়ের আনোন্ত্র হয়. A representative Council for the Government of a city; the Council of a city or corporate town.

Common Gender—(Gram.) উত্তলিক; One which is either masculine or feminine.

Common-hall, komun-hawl, n. নগ্ৰহামী লোকেৰ নাধাৰণ ৰন্ধাণ্ড; A hall or house in which citizens meet for business.

Common law—অলিখিত ব্যবহা, এখাসফত ব্যবহাৰ ৰা আইন; The unwritten law, the law that receives its binding force from immemorial usage and universal reception, in distinction from the written law.

Common measure, ম. (Arith.) সম্ভাগ; A number which will divide each of two or more numbers exactly.

Common multiple—সাধারণ ভণিতক :

Common noun---ৰে বিশেষ্যপদ অনেক বস্তৱ নাৰাৱণ নাম।

Common-place, komun-plas, a. সাধায়;
সচৰাচৰ ব্যবহুত্ত ; Ordinary; trite; hackneyed:
—n. শ্বণাৰ্থ সিধন; চিহ্ন; Memorandum; a note.
Common place-book, n. শ্বণীয় বিষয় লিখিবার
শ্বক; A book in which things to be remembered are recorded; a note or memorandum book.

[ of the High Courts of Justice, Common Place—উচ্চ আদালত; হাইকোট; One

Common school—সরকারি বিদ্যালয়।
Common sense, komun-sens, n. বিষয়বৃদ্ধি;
কাওজান; নানান্ত বৃদ্ধি; Sound, practical judgment.

Be common to—অন্তের সহিত স্থান থাকা; Belong equally to, be found equally in.

Book of Common Prayer—ইংল্ডীয় ধৰ্মপালায় শীত্ৰোৱাশালা; The liturgy of the English Church.

In common, In common with—সাধাৰণভঃ;

অন্তের সহিত স্থান; Equally with another or
others.

[বোগ দেৱা।

Make common cause with—(কাহাৰত সহিত)
Commonage, komun-aj, n. নাধাৰণ অধিকাৰ;
The right of using anything in common with
others:—পণ্ডচাৱৰেৰ অধিকাৰ; The right of
pasturing on a common. [Common people.
Commonalty, komun-al-ti, n. নাধাৰণ লোক;
Commoner, komun-er, n. নামান্ত নোক; নাধাৰণ
ব্যক্তি; A gentleman, not a peer:—কৰ্-অন্ন নভাৰ
বভা; A member of the House of Commons:—
অৱবোৰ্ড বিদ্যালয়েৰ বিতীয় শ্ৰেণীৰ ছাত্ৰ; A student
of the second rank in the university of Oxford.
Commonness, komun-nes, n. নাধাৰণক; পুৰঃ
পুৰ: সংঘটন, State or quality of being common
or usual; frequent occurrence.

Commons, komunz, n. pl. সাধাৰণ লোক; The common people:—প্ৰকাদিশেৰ প্ৰতিনিধি সভা; মহাসভাৱ নিমূৰিভাগ, বাহাতে সাধাৰণ লোকদিশেৰ প্ৰতিনিধিগণ সভা; The lower House of English legislature:—একজে আহাব; সাধাৰণ টেনিজে সজ্জিত খালুসামনী; Food provided at a common tables, as in colleges:—সভাৱ প্ৰণত্ত খালুসামনী; A club where all eat at a common table.

Doctor's commons—ৰাৰসাপকদিণাৰ সমাজ; In London, a college for the professors of the civil law. fare.

Short commons, n অল্ল আহাৰ; Insufficient Common-weal, komun-wel, n. সাধাৰণ হিত বা মুক্তৰ; Public good.

Commonwealth, konfun-welth, n. সাধাৰণতন্ত্ৰ;
Republic; the government in a free state:—
কনসাধাৰণ; সাধাৰণ গোক; The whole body of
people in a state; the public ——শাসন প্ৰণালীবিশেষ; ইংল্ডেৰ ৱাজা প্ৰথম চাৰ্ল্যেৰ ৱাজাচুাতিৱ প্ৰ
থে প্ৰজাতন্ত্ৰ পাসনপ্ৰণালী প্ৰচলিত ইইনছিল; In
English History, the form of government estabhished under Oliver Cromwell.

Commotion, kom-ö'shun, n. [L. commotio—com, intensive, and moveo, motus, to move] গভবোল: বোল্যাল, আলোলন: Agitation; popular tumult; excitement:—মান্সিক বা নারীবিক অভিবভা; Excited or tumultuous action, physical or mental. Syn:—Excitement, disturbance, perturbation, agitation, disorder, noise, bustle, ado, uproar.

Commune, kumun, v.i. আলাগ-ড়; To converse together familiarly; to talk together:—
প্রাথন করা; প্রভাব মুনোভাব প্রকাশ-ড়; To confer, to have intercourse, to communicate:—গ্রীভের স্মর্ণার্থ ভোজনে প্রবৃত্ত-ছ; To partake of the Lord's Supper:—আজিনিভা-ড়; ভিলা-ড়; To have inter-

course with one's self in meditation; to meditate:—n. A small territorial district in France:
—A socialistic political party in France.

Communicable, kom-uni-ka-bl, a. কৰ্মৰোগ্য; ক্ৰমীয়; That may be communicated. ad= communicably.

Communicant, kom-uni-kant, n. বে বালি গুইবিশ্বিট্র ভোগ খায়; One who partakes of the Communion; a partaker with others at the Lord's
table:—কথক; জাপক; One who communicates.
Communicate, kom-uni-kāt, v. t [L. communico, communicatus, from communis] অপাথকু; To bestow; to confer — একাখ-কু; To reveal,
to give, as information —আখ পেত্যা; To give
a share of —v. i. আই-ফু; To share or participate:—প্রত্যু ভোষের অংশী-ফু, To partake of
the lord's Supper —To have a passage or
entrance from one place to another. Syn —
Tell; make known; inform, unfold, report,
reveal, announce, declare, mention, disclose,
acquaint

Communicate to—সংবাদ দেখা: আড-কু; Bring to one's knowledge:—তোৰ বে'গ সঞ্চাৰণ-কু; Transmit (a disease)

Communicate with — তণা বা পত্তালি বাবা সংবাদ বেওয়া বা লওয়া; Hold intercourse with one by words or letters — সংনগ্ন থাকা ( যাচাঘাত চণ্ডে এইবাপ সংযুক্ত); Afford a passage to

Communication, kom-tin-1-kd-chun n কথাবাজী; পৰাৰা মনোতাৰ প্ৰকাশ, Intercourse by words, letters or messages — গ্ৰাথায়াতেৰ পথ; A connecting passages:—
সংবাদ, News; correspondence. Syn — Commence, correspondence, conference, intercourse, intelligence, news, information, announcement, disclosure.

Communicative, kom-ūńi-kā-tiv, a আবাপ-বিষ; জাপৰেছু; Unreserved; frank; affable n=communicativeness

Communicatory, kom-uńi-ka-tor-i, a. खांब-अप , Imparting knowledge

Communion, kom-unvun, n. প্রকার আপাপ , প্রকার কথোপকথন; Mutual intercourse; act of communing — ধর্মবিদ্ধে নিলন, Union in religious worship — ক্টের ভোজের উৎসব; The celebration of the Lord's Supper:— এক মভাবন্দী জীয়া স্বাদ্ধ; A body of Christians having the same tenets of belief and forms of worship — ধর্মবর্দ্ধা ককভা, Union in religions service. Syn—Fellowship, converse, intercourse, unity. concord, agreement; eucharist.

Communism, komunism, n. বিবয় জিব স্থানাধি-কাৰ বিজ্ঞান বা ভাষাৰ অবস্থা স্থাংশ দল্পন্তি বিষয়ত মৃত . A theory or condition of things, according to which private property should be abolished, and all things held in common; socialism; a state of things in which all things are held in common.

Communist, komunist, n. অর্থর সমন্বিভাগের পক্ষপাতী, বিবরের ভুল্যাধিকাবের মৃতারশ্বী ব্যক্তি:
One who advocates that all things should be held in common.

Community, kom-uńi-ti, n. নাধাৰণেৰ অধিকাশ্ব বা ভোগ ; Common possession or enjoyment — সমাল ; সম্প্ৰদায় ; A society of people having common rights, privileges or interests :—সাধাৰণ লোক ; অনসাধাৰণ , Society at large ; the people in general. Syn:—Association, brotherhood, company, fraternity, commonwealth, body politic, public, people.

Commutable, kom-ura-bi, a. विभिन्न (वान);
That may be exchanged or commuted. n=
commutability.

Commutation, kom-U-táshun, #. পরিবর্জ ; Change :—বিবিম্ব , Barter ; exchange :—(Law) শুক্ত গাবের পরিবর্জে লঘু দশু ; The change of a penalty from a greater to a less.

Commutative, kom-uta-tiv, a বিনিম্বসম্ভীয়; পৰিবৰ্ত্তনীয়; Interchangeable; relating to exchange ad=commutatively

Commute, kom-ut, v. t. [L. commute, from com, with, and mute, to change] বিশিম্-ক;
To exchange — মত ব্যু-ক; To mitigate; to exchange a punishment for one, less severe:—
v i. To arrange to pay in gross

Commutual, kom-utu-al, a श्रदणव ; श्रीवण-रिक , Mutual.

Compact, kom-pakt. a [Fr—L. compactus, pa. p of compango—com, together and pango, to fasten, fix akin to E Fang] মূচ, শস্ত, বিভি., Firm, close, solid, dense —সংকিত্ব, মূচসংগ্ৰহ, Brief, close; fastened or packed together —v. হ. মণীস্ত-কৃ. To join firmly; to consolidate — মৃতীস্ত-কৃ; To unite or connect fittily, as in a system — শক্ত করা; To consolidate. ad—compactly, compactedly. m=compactedness.

Compact, kom-pakt, n. [L. com. with, and pacisecor, to make a baigain ] পদ্ধাৰ অসীকাৰ, সন্ধি, চুকি, মিনন, A mutual bargain or agreement, a covenant or contract, a league or treaty.

Compactness, kom-pakines, n খনলা; মৃত্ খোগ, নৈকটা, Closeness, close unum of parts Companion, kom-panyun, n. [ L. com, with, and panis, bread] সহয়। সংযোগী; নজী; A comrade, a consort, a partner, an associate Syn:—Mate, comiade, consort, friend, partner, ally, confederate. n=companionship (সহচৰতা)। Companionable, kom-panyun-a-ble, a. আলাপ-থিয়, মনোষ্ঠ, Sociable; agreeable.

Companionless, kom-panyun-les, a. স্থচন দীন; Without a companion

Company, kunipa-ni, \*. [Fr. compagnie, see companion] সঙ্গা; Fellowship; society:—মল; ক্ষনসৰ্বায়; Association of persons; any assembly of persons:—বণিক-মল, A corporation; a firm —সেবাৰন, A body of 100 foot-soldiers:—বাণিক্যাগাহের অংশীখার; The partner in a firm —নাফ্র-মল; আহাজের আহরেছী ও কর্মচারীবর্গ, The crew of a ship:—ফ . মহচবন্দ; সক্ল লভ্ডা, To associate with. Syn:—Assembly, society, group, circle, crowd, troop, crew; corporation, association, concourse, gathering, meeting.

Bear one company—काशंदर महत्त्र बांचा वा बांच्या; Accompany one. [midst of people. In company—जास्त्र महत्त्र वा भारत ; In the In company with—काशंबर वा स्वान विवयस्य महित्र बक्नाल ; Together with.

Keep one company—(বৰুব স্থাৰ কাহাৰত) সঙ্গী হওৱা বা সঙ্গে থাকা; Associate or remain with one, as a friend (frequently or habitually.) Comparable, kompar-a-bl, a. তুল্বীয়; সম্-ত্লা; That may be compared. ad=comparably.

Comparative, kom-par'a-tiv, a. আপেকিক;
Not positive or absolute:—উপমা দানবোগা;
Having the power of comparing different
things:—উপমিক; Based on comprehensive
comparison:—In Grammar, হুইটার মধ্যে একটার
জংক্রিক তর প্রত্যায়; Expressing greater or less
degree of quality. ad=comparatively.

Compare, kom-par, v. t. [L. comparo, to match, from com, together, and paro, to make or esteem equal—par, equal] প্রীকা-কু, তুলা-কু; To examine the mutual relations of to liken or represent as similar:—In Grammar, to inflect as adjective:—v. i. তুলা-ক; মিলাইয়া দেখা; To be like or equal; to admit of comparison, to hold comparison.

Compare notes—মতের বিনিময়-কু; মিণাইয়া দেখা, To exchange opinions &c., in order to learn one another's view; examine with a view to ascertain how far the observations made by one tally with those of another.

Compare to উপনা-ক; ছইয়ের মধ্যে নাম্প পেবান; Liken a person or thing to another (there being some points of resemblance between them).

Compare with—ইতর বিশেষ স্থানিবার সন্ত মুইবের মুখনা-কৃ, Examine (the relations between two persons or things) with a view to ascertain their relative value or excellence.

Comparison, kom-par'i-sun, n. তুপৰা ছাৱা বিশ্ব: A comparative estimate of things:— উপৰা; Simile:—In Grammar, উৎকৰ বা অপকৰ্ম বোধাৰ্ব বিশেষণ পদেৱ ক্ষপান্তৰ সাধন; The inflection of an adjective.

By way of comparison—উপৰা হলে। In comparison with—কাহাৰত অংবা কোন বিষয়ের সহিত তুলনা করিলে; Compared with. Standard of comparison—উপৰান।

Subject of comparison—हेश्रप्र।

Compartment, kom-partment, n. [Fr. from compartir, to divide—L. com, together, and partire, to part ] জংশ; বঙ্গ; A division of any enclosed space:—পাডিব অংশ; গাড়িব কফ; গুছেৰ জংশ; A subdivision of a carriage; one of the divisions of a room.

Compass, kumpas, n. [Fr. compas, a circle-L com, together, and passus, a step, a way, a route, the mariner's compass goes round in a circle ] পরিষি; বেইল; Circuit; circumference: নীষা; Boundary:—পরিষর; Area; sphere; capacity:—বিশ্বপান বয়; বিশ্বিপার যয়; An instrument consisting of a magnetised needle used to steer ships:—পীত গাইবাৰ পজি; Power of voice; extent of key:—হাল; Space:—নীমা; পাৰিবাৰ; Limit; range. Syn:—Area, inclosure; citcuit, circle, round, circular course; stretch, reach, extent, range.

Compass, kumpas, v. t. বেইল-কু; To surround or inclose:—প্ৰদ্ধিন-কু; স্বাধান-কু; To pass or go round; to besiege; to block up:—প্ৰাধান-কু; বাজ-কু; To obtain:—স্থানি-কু; বাজ্যত্ত-কু; To contrive a plot. Syn:—Surround, environ, inclose, encompass, circumscribe, devise, contrive; gain, secure, obtain, consummate, effect. Compasses, kumpas-ez, n. pl. বৃত্তাদি স্বভিত্ত ক্ষিৰাৰ ব্য; কুলাল; An instrument consisting of two movable legs, for describing circles, &c. Mariner's compass—দিগ্দন্ব ব্য; One which has its needle permanently attached to a card,

divided into 32 parts, or points.
To fetch a compass—বৃথিয়-মা; প্ৰদক্ষিণ-ফু;
ক্যে দেৱনা; মেয়া; To go round in a circuit.

so that both move together, the card being

Compassion, kom-pashun, n. [Fr.—L. comfassio—com, with, and patior, passus, to suffer ] সংযুত্তি; অনুকশা; দ্যা; প্ৰচংকাত্তবা;
Sympathy; fellow-feeling; pity. Syn:—Pity,
sympathy, commiseration, fellow-feeling, mercy,
condolence, tenderness.

Compassionate, kom-pashun-না, a. প্ৰত্:ৰ-কাজৰ; কৃপাসু; কাফণিক; সদৰ; Sympathising; merciful; pitiful.—v. t. অনুকলা-কু; দ্বাসূ-হ; কৃপাসূ-হ; To pity; to commiserate; to have compassion for ad=compassionately. n= compassionateness.

Compatibility, kom-pat-i-bilit-i, n. নজভি; খোগাভা; উপথোগিডা; Consistency; suitability; agreement.

Compatible (or consistent) with—কোৰ ভিছুৰ উপধোনী, Suitable to :—কোৰ কিছুৰ সহিত্ত মিল বা সঙ্গত ; In harmony with :—একত্ৰে থাকিন্তে পাবা ; Capable of co-existing with.

Compatriot, kom-patri-ot, a. [Fr.—L. com, with, and Patriot] অবদেশবাসী; অদেশবাসী; বিলোধনা কি fellow-countryman; one of the same country:
—a. ব্ৰেণীয়; এবদেশীয়; Of the same country, and having like interests and feelings.

Compoor, kom-per', n. [L. compar—com, with, and Peer, from par, equal] সহচৰ; সম্ভূল্য ব্যক্তি; ব্যক্ত; A companion or colleague; an equal; an associate.

Compel, kom-pel, v. t. [L. com, intensive, and pello, pulsum, to drive] বন্ধ্ৰ প্ৰতি-ৰ; ব্ধা-ক; To oblige; to constrain; to force. a= compellable. [Short; brief; concisc. Compenditus, kompenditus, ko

Compendious, kompen-di-us, a. সংকিত্ত : কুর ; Compendium, kom-pendi-um, n. Compend, [L. com, together, and pendo, weigh] সাবসংখ্য ; সংকিথনাত্ত ; সংকেশ ; An abridgment ; a summary ; an epitome. Syn :—Abstract, synopsis, syilabus, digest, an epitome.

Compensate, kom-peń-sat or kumpen-sat, v. t. [L. com, intensive, and penso, to weigh, freq. of pendo, to weight ] প্ৰভাৱ-দে; প্ৰতিশ্ব
; To recompense; to give an equivalent for:—

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সমত্য্য
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Comensative, Compensatory, kom-peń-sator-i, a. ক্তিপুরক ; Making amends.

Compete, kom-pহ', v. i. [L. comheto—com, together, and peto, to seek] প্রভিযোগী-ছ; পারি-ভোষিক পাইবার অন্ত চেষ্টা করা; To contend for a prize; to carry on competition:—চেষ্টা-কু, To strive.

Compete with (one) for—কাহারও সমকন্ধ- হ; Strive to be equal to .—একট বিষয় পাটবার নিমিত্ত আগ্রহের সহিত চেট্টা-কু; Strive for the thing with another.

Competence, kompetens, Competency, kompeten-si, n. ৰংগ্ৰহণ ; প্ৰচ্ৰণ ; প্ৰচ্ৰণ ; Sufficiency, especially of means of subsistence :— অধিকাৰ ; Legal power or capacity or qualifications; right or authority:—উপযুক্ত। ; উপৰো-শীতা; Fitness; suitableness, adequacy.

Competent, kompetent, a. [L. competo, to strive after together, to agree—com, with, and peto, to seek] উপৰোগী, উপযুক্ত, ৰবেষ্ট্ৰ; প্ৰচুৰ, Suitable; fit; adequate; sufficient:—উপযুক্ত; Qualified—ক্ষতাশানী, Having adequate power or right. Syn:—Fitted, adequate, fit, adapted, equal, sufficient; able, qualified, capable.

Competition, kom-pe-tishun, n. প্রতিবাণিড়া; এক বস্তব অন্ত সাধারণ চেষ্টা, প্রাধান্ত লাভের থেষ্টা; প্রজিম্বন্দিড়া; বিমাদ, Rivalry; strife for superiority; rivalship, contest, struggle, contention, emulation.

Competitive, kom-peti-tiv, a. প্রভিষোধী; প্রভিষোধীকা in the way of competition; emulous. [ বোগী, A rival or opponent. Competitor, kom-peti-tor, n. প্রভিষ্ণী; প্রভিতিতিকান i, a. প্রভিষ্ণীকান্দ্রীয়; Acting in competition; rivalling.

Compilation, kom-pil-ashun, Compilement, n. সৰলন; সংগ্ৰহ, The act or process of compiling:—সংগ্ৰহ পুডক, সৰ্বনিভ গ্ৰন্থ; A literary work, consisting of parts selected; a literary work composed by gathering the materials from various authors.

Compile, kom-pil, v t. [L com, together, and pilo, to plunder ] বুচনা-কু; বিখা; To write or compose:—নত্মন-কু; To select and put together:—ন্যুত্ত বিখা পুননিবেশ-কু, ন্যুত্ত-কু; To collect and re-arrange; to draw up or collect.
Complacence, kom-plasens, Complacency,

kom-plasen-si, n. অসাদ; অবরতা; সভোষ; হুখ; A feeling of quiet pleasure; satisfaction, pleasure:—আনক্ষের কারণ; The cause of pleasure or joy:—শিক্তা; সৌক্ত; Civility; complaisance.

Complacent, kom-plasent, a. [L. com, intensive, and placeo, to please] শিষ্ট; Having a desire or disposition to please:—প্রসম্ভ ; পরিভ্য ; Gratified; pleased, agreeable; pleasing. Syn:—Courteous. affable, complaisant; gratified, contented. ad—complacently.

Complain, kom-plan, v. i. [L. com, intensive, and plango, to bewail; (lit.) to beat (the breasts)] বিলাপ-ড়; অসম্ভোগ সকাশ-ড়; To lament; to mumur:—অভিযোগ-ড়; লালিশ-ড়; To accuse. Syn:—Lament, regret, repine, bewail, grieve, mumur; find fault, croak.

Complain to (one) of—কাহাৰও নিকট কোন কিছুৰ জন্ত দালিপ-কু; Bring an accusation before one against somebody.—শোষ-দে; Find fault with:—ছ:খ প্ৰকাশ-কু, Lament:—(গামীবিক) অহৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু; Express one's sufferings due to some bodily disease.

Complainant, kom-planant, n. অভিবোজা; বালী; ৰে নালিশ কৰে; A prosecutor or plaintiff; one who raises a suit

Complaint, kom-plant, n. বিলাগ; ছংগ্ৰহাণ; Lamentation; an expression of grief; murmuring —ছংবেৰ বা পীড়াৰ কাৰণ; Cause or subject of complaint or murmuring —ৰাখি; পীড়া; A malady; a disease:—আভবোগ; অভিযুক্ত বিষয়; A charge against any one or thing; the thing complained of. Syn:—Remonstrance, accusation, charge; lamentation, murmuring, sorrow, grief; illness, sickness, disease; disorder; grieyance.

Complaisance, kompla zans. n. সৌত্মস্ত্র, দাঞ্চিণ্য; শিষ্টাচার; ভত্রতা, Civility; courtesy, care or desire to please.

Complaisant, kompla-zant, a. পিটু, হুৰীল, ভাল, বিৰয়ী, Desirous to please; courteous, well-bred; obliging, civil, polite.

Complement, komplement, n. [L. com, and plco, to fill ] অবুপুৰক; প্ৰক; That which completes or fills up; a filling up or completing — পূৰ্ব সংখ্যা; Full quantity or number:—সহায়; Something added for ornament, an accessory. Complemental, kom-ple-mental, Complementary, kom-ple-mentar-i, a. অভাব প্ৰক, পৰিপুৰক; Supplying a deficiency; fully completing, filling up.

Complete, kom-plet, a. পূৰ্ব, Entire, perfect; consummate:—সম্পূৰ্ব: সমাপ্ত; Pinished, ended, concluded. Syn:—Whole, entire, total, full, all, perfect, faultless; absolute, finished, ended, concluded; unbroken, undivided.

Complete, kom-plet, v. t. [L. compleo, completum, to fill up—com, intensive, and pleo, to fill] েবৰ-ক ; সংস্থা-ক ; To finish ; to perfect ; to consummate:—সংস্কাৰ-ক ; To fulfil; to accomplish; to realise. Syn:—Perform, execute; end; terminate, conclude. Completion, kom-pië'shun, a. aqife; Fulfilment : accomplishment ; realisation :- 1151 ; न्नीवण ; Perfect state.

Complex, kompieks, a. [ L. com, together, and root of plico, to fold ] कविन ; इक्षर ; Not simple; complicated; involved; intricate; difficult :- विशिष्ठ : विश्व ; Composed of more than one, or of many parts; composite. Syn:-Composite, compounded, complicated, involved. ad=complexiy. n=complexness.

Complexion, kom-plekshun, n.f L. complexio. a combination, physical structure of body-complector, complexus, to entrance-plectere, to plait ] মিল্লভা; খাংশের যোগ; Complexity; connection of parts :-- भूटबन वर्ग ; मुक्क ; The colour or hue of the skin, particularly of the face :-भाकाव क्षत्रका The general appearance or aspect :- ( FF ; Frame or texture. a=complexional.

Complexional, kom-plekshun-al, a. ৰৰ্ণদংস্ট : वर्गप्रक ; Depending on or pertaining to com-

plexion.

Complexioned, kom-plckshund, ब. वर्गविनिष्ट : श्रवाविविष्ठ ; Having a certain hue or natural temperament or state.

Complexity, kom-pleksi-ti, n. 事情有可; Intri-Compliance, kom-ph'ans, n. স্বীকার; সমতি; Submission; concession; consent, agreement. -- বল্লভা; A disposition to comply; yielding.

In compliance with—( কাহাৰত প্ৰাৰ্থনা, ইন্দ্ৰা, बा अवादिक) अनुद्राप ; Agreebly to (one's request, wish, or proposal ).

Compliant, kom-ph'ant, a. बिहे; बझ; विनयो ; শান্ত . মত্য ; আজাকাবী ; Yielding ; pliant ; civil, complying, bending, submissive.

Complicacy, kom pli-ka-si, n. अहेन्डा ; State of being complicated; complexity.

Complicate, kompli-kāt, v. t. [ L. com, together, and plico, plicatum, to fold ] चिक-कृ; नीरन (कना : To fold or twist together ; to interweave ; to entangle :- विषय-क ; अक्षत-क ; To render complex; to involve; make intricate:a कीन ; Intricate ; complex ; confused.

Complication, kompli-kashun, n. कहन, विद्या रा विजयना ; An intricate blending or entanglement.

Complicity, kom-plisi-ti, #. क्वर्यव महकाविका . ছমর্শের সহবোগিতা; State or condition of being an accomplice.

Compliment, kompli-ment, n. विहोत्तव ; वाकि-मन्ब ; मयानव ; भागत अकार्यना ; An expression of civility, respect, or regard; delicate flattery . ~v. t. अन्।ता-कृ; चकार्यना-कृ; (ভाষাযোগ-कृ; To praise; to congratulate; to flatter. Syn: -(n.) Commendation, flattery, praise, gift, favour.

To stand on compliment—मगाप्त-कृ; To treat with ceremony.

Complimental, Complimentary, kom-plimentar-ri, a. चडिनमन ; नन्तानप्टन ; जानाधन ; (जीवास्वानकावी ; Containing or expressing civility, respect, or praise; congratulatory; flattering.

Complot, komplot, n. 444 बाह्य ; हक्कां ; वज्यक्ष ; क्यवना ; मिक्स ; A plotting together ; a joint plot, a plot; a conspiracy, a confederacy. Complet, kemplet, v. f. 4545-7; To plot together ; to conspire.

Comply, kom-pli, v. i. O. Fr. complie. It. complire, to fulfil, to suit, to offer courtesies-L. complere, to fulfil or complete ] भवा : त्रीकृष- १ : अनुर्यानन-कृ ; To agree ; to consent or conform :-- चारकव हेक्स्प्रमादव कार्या-क ; To yield to the wishes of another :-- अन्त्रकि (तका ; To yield or assent to :--পুর্ব-কু; সক্ষায়-কু; To fulfil, perform or execute. pr. p=complying. pa. t. pa. p=complied.

Comply with-প্ৰাৰ্থনাত্ৰপ কাল-ক: কাহাৱত অদ-হোধ বকা-ডু বা প্রার্থনা গুলা; Yield to:--কোন किंद्र अनुगल श्रेषा हला , Conform to.

Inclined to comply—সম্ভিনীল।

Complying, a. यह ; नी नामय ; Yielding.

Component, kom-po'nent, n. [ L. com, together, and pono, to place ] विशिष्ठ नवार्षक উপাদাन : উপাদাन : A constitutional part : one of the elements of a compound; an elementary part of a compound :- a. সম্পূৰ্ণক ; নিৰ্দ্বাণোপৰোপী: উপাদানীভূত; অংশীভূত; Constituent; helping to form a compound

Comport, kom-port, v. t. [ L. com, together, and porto, to carry ] sits 1-5: To behave: to bear one's self; to conduct-with a reflexive pronoun :- ৩. i. সমত-হ; উপযুক্ত-হ; বোগ্য-হ; To agree; to accord, to suit.

Comportment, kom-portment, s. चांच्य ; हान्हन्य ; Behaviour, deportment.

Compose, kom-poz, v. t. [ Fr. composer, from L. cum, and Fr. poser, which is from L. pausare, to cease, to rest ] 4क्बिफ-क ; To put together; to make up:—घरन-३; To form a compound :--- डेड्डाविष-कृ; डेड्डावन-कृ; बहना-कृ; To invent; to originate; to write, as an author, or become the author of, as, a book :-- भी गारमा-; To settle; to adjust; as, to compose difficulties :- मास्मा-क ; श्विन-क ; To tranquilise ; to quiet ; to soothe :-- 24 4141 ; To form a tune :--উপযুক্তাৰে বাধা ; To place in a proper form :---भूजाकवारेकान-कृ; To set up types.

Be compose ( or made ) of—উপাদাৰে পঠিভ : Be formed of; consist of.

Composed, kom-pozd, a. नाव : विव ; Calm ; sedate ; tranquil :-शीबारमिछ ; श्वितेक्छ ; Settled ; formed; constituted; adjusted. ad=composedly. n=composedness.

Composer, kompozer, #. (व वास्ति वधना करव वा मांकाहेश बार्य ; (नथक ; अष्टकांद ; One who composes or adjusts a thing; writer; an author, esp., of a piece of music.

Composite, kompoz-it, a. [ L. compositus, pa. p. of composere, to put together ] विविध ; fufers: Composed of two or more distinct parts ; compounded ; as, a composite language: -পৃহনিশাণ বীতিনিশেষ সমনীয় ; ছইপ্ৰকাৰ পৃহনিশাণ-बनोनीय विवायक्ष ; Belonging to a certain order of architecture grafted upon the Corinthian: noting a blending of the Ionic and the Corinthian orders,

Somposite number—বিভাল সংখ্যা; A number that can be measured or divided by other numbers greater than a unit.

Composition, kom-pū-zishun, n. বচনা; প্ৰবন্ধ; A written or printed work, a writing; a pamphlet or book:—In music, সুব্ৰৰ্থ কাৰ্য্য; the act of forming tunes:—মিশ্ৰা; Mixture:—তিয় আংশের বোগ; Any union, combination or disposition of parts:—মীশাংসা; সন্ধি; Adjustment; mutual agreement to terms or conditions; agreement:—বফা; ব্লোবড; Discharging a debt by paying a part:—সকলৰ; সংবেশ্বা; Synthesis, as opposed to analysis:—অফার্বিস্থান; Act of setting types. Syn:—Constitution, formation, making, work, production inixture, compound, union, combination, conjunction; adjustment, commutation, settlement, compromise.

Compositor, kom-pozi-tor, a. মুদ্রাকর বিজ্ঞাদ-কারী; One who sets up types, and puts together for printing

Compost, kompost, n. সায়, A mixture for manure :—প্রনেপ বিশেষ; A kind of plaster.

Composure, kom-po'zhūr, n. বিয়াস; Form, adjustment, or disposition of the various parts:
— ধৈৰ্য; Calmness; tranquility:— বৈৰ্থা, বয়ভাৰ;
Self-possession. Syn:—Sedateness, calmness, placidity, coolness.

Compound, kom-pound, v. t. [L. com, and ponere, to put] মিপ্রিড-কৃ; বোগ-কৃ, এক ব্রিড-কৃ; To mix or combine:—বিষাদ ভঞ্জন-কৃ, আপোদে দিটাইবা কেলা; To settle amicably; to adjust by agreement; to compromise —v s. সম্বত-হ; মন্ধি-কৃ; To agree, to settle by compromise. Syn:—Combine, unite, mix, amalgamate, intermingle, blead; adjust, settle, compromise To compound a felony—অপৰাধীকৈ ছাডিয়া দিয়া কিছু লগুয়াবা লাভ-কৃ; অভিযোগ কৰিছে মিব্ৰ হুইবাৰ ৰক্ত কিছু লগুয়া; To accept of a consideration for forbearing to prosecute.

Compound, kompownd, a. মিপ্রিড; যৌগিক, Composed of elements, ingredients; not simple:—n. মিপ্রশ, যোগিক পদার্থ, A mass made up of a number of parts.

A compound word—शोशिक भय।

A compound addition, subtraction, &c.
—শ্বিল সম্বাদন, ব্যবক্ষাৰ ইত্যাদি।

Compounder, kompound-er, ন. বে বকা কৰে, One who discharges a debt by certain fixed payments, or by several payments:— বৈধ-পৰিবেশক; One who compounds or mixes different things.

Comprehend, kom-pre-hend, v. f. [ L. com, with, and prehendo, from præ, before, and an old word hendo—Gr. chandano, to hold, comprise ] অভ্ত-কু; অভ্ত-কু; বিবা-; বি comprise; to include:—আনুভব-কু; বাবা-; ব্যা; To comceive; to understand; to grasp. Syn:—Apprehend, embrace; comprise, include, conceive, understand, discern, perceive.

Comprehensible, kom-pre-hensi-bl, a. বোধ-গ্যা; বৃদ্ধিগ্যায়; Capable of being understood, intelligible; conceivable. ad = comprehensibly, n=comprehensibility, comprehensibleness.

Comprehention, kom-pre-henshun, n. অমু-হব: অমুভ্ডি; A comprising; perception:— গীলকি; Capacity of the mind to understand:— সংক্রিপ্তমাব; Summary; epitome:—শব্দেব ব্যাপত অর্থ বা বস্তব মাধাবণ নামস্চিত গুণমন্তি; The intension of a term or the sum of the qualities implied in the term.

Comprehensive, kom-pre-heńsiv, a. ব্যাপক; বিত্তীৰ্ ; পূৰ্ব , Including much; extensive; full:— বোকে; বীশক্তিসম্পন্ন; Having the quality or power to comprehend much. ad=comprehensively. n=comprehensiveness.

Compress, kom-pres, v. t [ L. com, together, and pressare, to press—premo, pressus, to press] সংক্রিত-কু; সংহাচ-কু, সহ্চিত-কু; চাপিছা কুন্ত-কু; To bring within narrow limits; to press together; to crowd; to condense.

Compress, kompres, n. আছ-চিকিংসাৰ ব্যবহৃত উপাদানবিশেষ; কডছানে দিবাৰ অন্ত নেকড়ার পদি, Folds of linen, used in surgery to make due pressure on any part.

Compressibility, kom-presi-bil-i-ti, n. শক্ত বস্তুৰ স্থোচন তথা, সভোচনীগতা; The property that bodies have of being reduced in bulk by pressure.

Compressible, kom-presi-bl, a. সভোচনীয়, সভোচনীয়; সম্পেষ্ণীয়, That may be compressed Compression, kom-preshun, স. সভোচন; The act of forcing into a narrow compass; state of being compressed.

Compressive, kom-presiv, a. সংখাদনক্ষ . Having the power to compress; able to compress.

Comprisal, kom-prižal, গ. ধাৰণ ; একল্লকৰণ : The act of comprising.

Comprise, kom-prīt, v. t. অন্তর্জ-কৃ; অন্তর্গত-কৃ: To include; to comprehend within itself — ধাবণ-কৃ; To contain :—আাণিক্ষ-কৃ; বেইন-কৃ, To embrace, to inclose.

Compromise, kompro-miz, n. [Fr. com-promis;—L. com, together, and promitio, to promise] আপোৰ; মীমাপো; A settlement of differences by mutual promise or concession, adjustment in which concessions are made on each side:—v. t. আপোৰে নিপান্ত-কৃ; আপোৰ-কৃ. To adjust and settle by mutual agreement and concessions; to compound:—বিপানত-কৃ; সংক্টাপান-কৃ; To pledge; to commit; to put to hazard; to involve or bring into question.

Comptroll, kom-trol, n. খনন; প্রভুষ; আজা; শানন; ক্ষতা; Restraint, authority, command, government, power:—p. t. খ্যান-ড়; শানন-ড়; To check, to govern.

Comptroller, kom-tröller, ম. কাৰ্যাব্যক ; হিসাব-প্ৰীক্ষক ; A regulator ; a superintendent ; a supervisor.

Compulsion, kom-pulshun, ন. বন-প্ৰবেশি । বাধা , সম্পীড়ন , আৰম্ভকতা , Force ; constraint ; necessity; violence. Syn:—Constraint, restraint, coercion, force, urgency, pressure.
Compulsive, kom-pulsiv, a. ব্ৰথাৰাক; স্পীড্ক; Constraining; forcing; having power to compell. ad—compulsively.

Compulsory, kom-pulsor-i, a. বনৰং; অবস্থ কৰ্ণীয়; অবস্থ সম্পাদা; Forcible, constraining; obligatory; not voluntary. ad=compulsorily. Compunction, kom-pungkshun, n. [ L. com, intensive, and pungo, punctus, to prick ] অসু-ভাপ; অসুৰোচনা; Remorse; sting of conscience; repentance.

Compunctious, kom-pungkshus, a. অনুভৱ; অৰুজাপাথিত; Repentent, remorseful; penitent. Compunctive, kom-pungt-iv, a. অনুভাপৰাৰক, Causing remorse.

Computable, kom-pūta-bl, a. গানীয়; That can be numbered or reckoned; that may be calculated.

Computation, kom-pūt-áshun, n. গণৰা; হিমান; Reckoning; calculation; estimate. Syn — Account, enumeration, numbering.

Compute, kom-put, v. t. [L. com, together, and puto, to reckon] সংখ্যা-ক; পণনা-ক, হিমাৰ-ক, To count; to reckon, to number, to estimate, to calculate. Syn—Number, reckon, enumerate, cast up, sum, calculate; rate, estimate, value.

[One who computes.

Computer, kom-pu'-er, n. प्रवी; हिमावकावी; Comrade, komrad, n. [ Sp. camarada, a roomfull, a chamber-mate—L. camera, a chamber ] भर्डद; भन्नी; An intimate companion; an associate.

Con. kon, ফ f. [A. S cunnian, to test, to try to know—from cunnan, to know] কণ্ঠন কু, মুৰ্যুক্, মুন্তুম্বলানে অব্যাহন-কু: To commit to memory, to study carefully. pr p=conning. pa. p=conned Con, kon, Contraction of Latin contra. বিকলে . A. anst [For and against Pro & Con—অকুকুলেও প্ৰতিকৃত্ব, স্পকেও বিপকে, Concatenate, kon-kate-nat, v f [1..con, together, and catena, a chain] পুম্বাধ্য-কু, (ম্বিক্, স্বাধ্য-কু, To link together; to unite.

Concatenation, kon-kat-e-na'shun, a. [L. ron, and catena, chain] শ্রেণীগরন্দরা, একত্র নংবদ্ধ শুখাল্পেণী; A series of links united.

Concavo, końkāv, a. [L. concavus, from con.
intensive, and cavus, hollow] কাপা; উন্তান;
বক্ষোমন; ৰকীবৃত, নিমাচান্তৰ বিলানবিশিষ্ট; Hollow
vaulted, curved or arched; applied to the inner
side of any curved line or tounded body, and
opposed to convex, which is applied to the outside:—n. বিলান; কাপা; শুন্তসভয়ন; A hollow,
an arch or vault.

Concavo-concave, a উভঃদিক বিলানবিশিষ্ট ; (oncave on both surfaces.

Concavo-convex, a. Concave on one side, and convex on the other.

Concavity, kon-kavi-ti, n. উত্তাৰতা; নিম্নাত্ত্য স্বৰতা; ৰকোণৰতা; খোল; The inner surface of a concave or hollow body.

Conceal, kon-sel, v. t. [ L. concelo, from con,

intensive, and celo, to hide ] গোপন-ছ; প্ৰায়িত-ছ; To keep secret; to hide; to keep from sight. Syn:—Hide, secrete, cover, mask, screen, disguise. [ may be concealed. Concealable, kon-sela-bl, a. (গাপনীয়; That

Concealment, kon-seia-bi, a. (नामनाव ; I nat Concealment, kon-seiment, n. (नामन ; Secrety; disguise :—(नामनीव हान ; क्षहान ; Hiding-place.

Concede, kon-sēd, v. f. [L. con, signifying completeness, and cedo to go, to yield] আত্মন্ত্রিক, ভাগিক; To surrender; to quit.— বীকাৰ-ক; সভা বলিয়া বীকাৰ-ক; To grant, to admit to be true.—v. i. খীকাৰ-ক; To make concession. Syn:—Grant, acknowledge, confess, allow, admit, give up, surrender.

Conceit, kon-set, n. চিন্তা; কল্লনা; Idea; thought; conception:—বিক্ত কল্লনা; উৎকট ভাব বা কল্লনা; A quaint fancy; pleasant, phantastic or affected notion — আমানোবাৰ; আজলায়া, অভিনান; আহনিকা; Vanity; overestimation of one's self, overweening pride. Syn —Idea, image, opinion, imagination, notion, thought; fancy, whim, vagary, estimate, judgment, opinion; vanity, egotism, quip.

[longer fond of Out of conceit with—পূর্ব অসুবাস বিশ্বত; No Conceited, kon-seted, a. আমাহিনানী; হান্তিক; Van; egotistical, opinionative. ad=conceitedly, n=conceitedness.

Conceivable, kon-scva-bl, a. বেগ্ৰাম্য; That may be understood or believed; imaginable. ad=conceivably n=conceivableness.

Conceive, kon-sev, v.t. [R. concipio, conceptum, from con, and capio, to take] বাড়ে থাৰা-কু; To receive into the womb and breed:
—কল্লনা-কু; To devise, to form in the mind—
অহুত্ব-কু; বিস্তা-কু; To imagine, to comprehend.—v. গ্ৰহ্মত্বা-কু; To become pregnant—ftৰা-কু; বিবেঘনা-কু, To think. Syn—Suppose, understand, believe, fancy, apprehend, devise, project.

Concentrate, kon-scrittat, v t. (কলীভ্ড-কৃ; একত্র-কৃ; এক সাধারণ বিন্দৃতে আনমন-কৃ, To bring to a common centre or point —সমিক্ট-কৃ; অল্লায়তন-কৃ; ক্ষাটি-কৃ, ঘনীভ্ত-কৃ, To bring into a closer union, or a narrower compass; to condense.

Concentrate on—এক জামগায় জড়-কু; Bring together 50 as to meet in a common centre or place — একই বিষয়ে সমস্ত মন অৰ্থা-কু; Bring together 50 as to be directed towards a certain object.

Concentration, ken-sen-trá-shun. গ. স্থাহাৰ;
ঘনীভূতক্ব!; The act of bringing to a common centre; collection into one point or centre; condensation.

Concentration of mind—बरनव একারতা। Concentrative, kon-sentra-tiv, c. কেন্দ্রান্তি-স্বারী; Tending to concentrate.

Concentre, kon-senter, v. i. এক বাধাৰণ বিশ্তে আন্থ্য-কু; To bring to a common centre or point:—একছাৰে বিনিত-ড্; To come to a point. Concentric, kon-sentrik, Concentrical, kon-sen-trik-al, a. স্থকেন্দ্ৰ, এক কেন্দ্ৰবিশিষ্ট, Having a common centre

Concept, końsept, n परनव काव, पक, A notion Conception, kon-sep'shun, n शक्ष्मकाव, शक्ष्म धावन, The act of conceiving — रिखा, पक, Notion, idea, view or opinion. — वृद्धि, धादनीयाहि, The faculty of apprehending

Conceptive, kon-cept-iv, a धावनक्य, Capable of conceiving

Concoptualism, kon-scritu-al izm, n বস্তু হইন্ডে ডালাসবিজক গুণপথান্দার পূর্ব কবিচা বুংবাডে পারা ব্যার, দর্শনশাস্ত্রের এই মন্ত, The doction, that seeneral properties can be conceived in the mind apart from any concrete embodiment

Concern, kon-sern, n [ Fr 1. an eno, from con, together, and cerno, to sitt, to set]
বাপার, বিষ, কাষ্য, Business iff in —আবজ্ঞ
কলা, Moment, importance —ইংকা, Regard,
solicitude, anxiety —কাষ্যিকা, Farm and its
business —সংক্রা, That which relates of
belongs to one Syn —Matter business, affair,
transaction, care, anxiety, solicitude, carcininess, uneasiness, importance, interest, moment,
consequence, weight, firm, establishment —
v f নংক্র বাকা, বিশ্ব-ই, To relate, belong to
—আবজ্ঞক-ই, To be of importance — মৃত্ কু
To look after —ইস্কেশ-ই, To interineddle
—িব্য-ই, শ্ব-ই-ই, Io make uncisy Syn —
Interest, affect, touch regard, trouble, make
anxious, distress n=concernment

Concerned, kon-seind a বাণুত, Engaged, having connection with —তবিষ্ণ, Anxious — ব্ৰোহোগী, Interested ad=concernedly. n=concernedness.

Be concerned with—সল্প বা সংস্থা থাকা.
Concerning, kon-serning, pref সৰকে বিষয়ে, About, relating to, pertaining to, regarding.
Concernment, kon-sern-ment, n বাপুৰ, Affair —ব্ৰকেণ, Interposition—উবেগ, Solici tude, anxiety.

Concert, kon-sert, n বোগ, বোগদান, Union, agreement in a design of plan, accordance in a scheme — সুস্থা, সুবোর বিল, Musical harmony — সৃস্থাত, Musical entertainment — বিশ্বন, Harmony, accordance — গামক শন্ত্র, A number of persons playing or singing the came piece of music in harmony.

Concert, końsert, v. t [Fr concerter—con together, certare, to contend, vie with, acc to Skeat, from L consertus, joined together ] জনি, গজি-কৃ, একত্রে শত্তাম কৃ কি প্রামাণ-কৃ lo lan together, to plan to devise.—v. ঃ মি ি ভ ইয়া কার্য-কৃ, একত্রে জভিসাধ্ব-কৃ, To act in harmony, form combined plans, take counsel—

শজ্ঞিত-কৃ, ঠিক-কৃ, To arrange, to adjust Syn—Contrive, plot, devise, design, combine, cooperate

Concertina, kon-ser-te'na, n. ৰাদ্যভাষিবেশৰ, A musical instrument, on the principle of the accordion

Concerto, kon-ser'to # গাৰবিষ্যক বচৰা , সঙ্গীত-বিষয়িপা বচৰা , A piece of music for a concert. Concession, kon-seshun, n. অনুযোগন; The act of granting or yielding — অনুমাই; সাব; কছবন্ধ, The thing yielded, a grant.— নোম থীকার,
Acknowledgment by way of apology, confession of guilt

Concession.

Concessive, kon-sesiv, a অনুযোগনহচক , Im-Concessory, kon-sesor-i, a. অনুযোগনকারী , Yielding , conceding.

Conch, kongk, n [L. concha—Gr. kongche, Sins. cartha, a shell, conn. with cockle] my, mis A maine shell, trumpet

Conchiforous, kong-kif'er-us, a [ L. concha and feed, to b ar ] শথেৰ গুই আৰবণবিশিষ্ট, Hav ing a biv also shell

Conchoidal, kong-koidal, a [Gr. kongchē and eidos, form ] \*1474, Shell like, applied to the fracture of a mineral

Conchologist, kong-kolo-jist, अ. अविश्वानिक One versed in conchology.

Conchology, ko, kolo p, n. [Gr kongche and logos, a discourse] 可行國行, The science of shells and of the animals inhabiting them

Conciliate, kon-sifi-it, v f [L concilio, conciliatus, to bring together] শুৰুষ্টিভ-তৃ, অনুৱৰ-কু সইই-কৃ, fo win over, to reconcile, to make friendly Syn—Reconcile, pacify, appease draw over

Conciliation, kon-sil-i-Tshun, n. অপুৰঞ্চন সম্ভিনাধন, The act of winning over —পুৰক্ষিন্ন, Reconciliation. [peace-maker

Conciliator, kon-sili a-tor, % পার্ত্তিকারক , A Conciliatory, kon-sili-a-tor-i, a. অনুবন্ধক , শান্তিক্লক , প্রীতিক্লক , Winning , pacific

Concise, kon-sis, a [L concido, concisus, from con, and caedo, to cut] সংক্রিয়, Brief, terse, laconic, short, shortened, abbreviated, abridged Syn—Succinct, summary, compendious, comprehensive, condensed, pithy n=conciseness—সংক্তিয়া, Brevity, ad=concisely—সংক্তেপ, Briefly

Concision, kon-sizhun, n. আংশ, ছক্-ছেম্প, Circumcision, a division, a faction

Conclave, końkiav, n [ i. con, together, and clavis, a key ] প্ৰস্থা, A private meeting, any close assembly — বাস্থান, Private assembly of circlinals, the body of cardinals.— প্ৰস্থা, A private apartment.

Conclude, kon-kloud, v t [L conclude—con, together, and claude, to shut] সমাপন-কৃ, পেৰ-কৃ, নিজাত্তি কৃ, নিজাত্তি-কৃ, সিদ্ধান্ত-কৃ, উপ-সংখ্যা-কৃ, lo close, to end, to decide , to infer, to form a final judgment. Syn —Finish, terminate, end, close, gather, infer, deduce, determine, judge, decide

Conclusion, kon-cloo'zhun, n. শেষ, অবসাৰ: সমাপ্তি, Close, termination, the end:—সিছাত্ত অপুমাৰ, Inference or consequence.—নিশাত্তি, বিচাৰ, Final determination, judgment.

Conolusive, kon-klousiv, a শেষ; চুড়াত। জনাট্য, Final, decisive; definite. Sys:--Final, ultimate, definitive, decisive, convincing, unanswerable. ad = conclusivley— বি: সদিশ-ভাবে : অধ্যত্নীয়ন্তা । n=conclusiveness— অধা-চাতা : অধ্যতনীয়তা ।

A foregone conclusion—পূৰ্ক হটতে দ্বিবীকৃত বিষয়; বিচাৰেৰ পূৰ্কেই যে দিনান্ত মধ্যে মনে হিন্ত কৰা হট্যাছে; Predetermination; decision which has preceded argument or examination; a predetermined decision.

Arrive at a conclusion (Come to a conclusion)—(ভৰ্ক কিংবা অনুসন্ধান কৰিছা) কোন নিৰ্দান্তে উপনীত-হ; Come to a decision (by inquiry or reasoning).

Draw a conclusion or inference—(কোন পূৰ্ব্য কৰা হইতে) কোন বিষয় সিদ্ধান্ত কৰিয়া লভয়া; Form an opinion or judge (from premises).

In conclusion—অবংশবে; উপসংহারকালে; Finally.

Jump to a conclusion—একবাৰে নিজাত-তু; (বিশেষ বিবেচনা না কবিয়া) হঠাৎ কোন নিজাতে ইপুনাত-হু; Come to a conclusion hastily.

Try conclusions—বল প্রীকা-ক; Enter into a trial of strength, be at issue; make a trial of one's strength.

Concoet, kon-kokt, v. t. [ L. concoquo, concuctus—con, together, and coquo, to cook, to lant] প্ৰিপাক-কৃ, To digest:—প্ৰিপক-কৃ, To ripen, to mature or perfect, to prepare:— ক্ৰিদিল-কৃ; মনে ম্বে কিন্তু; To devise, to contrive, to plan, to plot. Syn—Brew, hatch; prepare, mature, plot, design, devise.

Concoction, kon-kokshun, n. পৰিপাক; Digestion —প্ৰিপাকাৰয়; Maturation by heat — শ্ৰেন্তাক, Continuance — প্ৰস্তুক্ষণ; Preparation. Concomitance, kon-komi-tans, Concomitancy, kon-komi tan-si, n. সম্পন্ধ, সহযোগিতা; স্বাহ্বা, সংযোগিতা; সংগ্ৰা, ক্ৰেণ্ডালি, কৰা গ্ৰামন, Accompin.ment; a going or being together, or in connection with another thing.

Concomitant, kon-konii-tant, a. [L. can, with, and comitant, pr p of comitar, to accompany—comes, a companion ] আমুঘলিক; সংখিতিত, সংস্ক. Accompanying or conjoined, going along with; concurrent; attending:—n. স্কৃত্য; স্কৃত্য; সুহবন্ত্য; স্কৃত্য; সুহবন্ত্য; A companion, an attendant. ad =concomitantly.

Concord, kong'kord, or konkord, n. [Fr. conconde—1.. concordia—concors, of the same heart, from con, together, and cor, cordis, the heart ] দিলৰ; একডা; শান্তি; Harmony; union; agreement; unity; peace——অব্য; বোজনা; Agreement or proper relation of words in a sentence:—একডাৰ; সুবেৰ নিন, Concert:—সদ্ধি; A compact; treaty. Syn:—Harmony, unity, unanumity, friendship, good understanding; consonance, unison, concert.

oncordance, kon-kordans [ L. concordans, pr. p. of concordo—concors, agreeing ] একা; Agreement:—বিশ্বট ; An index ; a dictionary of biblical phrases ; glossary.

Oncordant, kon-kordant, a. সুখৰবিণিট ; এক-বিভ : মিলবিশিট : Harmonious ; united, agreable, agrecing, correspondent. ad=concordantly.

Concordat, kon-kordat, n. [ L. concordo, to agree ] সন্ধি; A compact; an agreement; a convocation:—ব্যক্ত অধার মধ্যে সন্ধি; A treaty or compact between a temporal sovereign and people.

Concourse, kong'kors, n. মিনন; সরম; স্থানন; Confluence:—জনসমূহ; জনভা, সম্বায়; An assemblage of men or things:—সভাতন; A place of meeting; meeting. Syn:—Confluence, convergence; assembly, meeting, assemblage, gathering, collection, crowd, throng.

Concrescence, kon-krevens, n. সংযোগ থাবা বৰ্জন : বৃদ্ধি ; Growing together ; growth or in-

Concrete, kohkret, a. [L. concretus,—con, together, cresco, cretum, to grow ] জ্বাটৰজ; Formed into one mass:—ছুল; Conceived as a subject with its attributes; the opposed of abstract, not abstract. Syn:—Compact, consolidated, condensed, incorporated; not abstract, not general:—n. সংহত পদাৰ্থ; বালি, চ্ব ক্ৰমি প্ৰভৃতি গৃহনিৰ্মাণেৰ উপাদানসমূহেৰ মিশ্ৰণ; A compound; a mixture of a lime, sand, pebbles, used for the foundation of buildings. ad=concretely n=concreteness.

Concrete, końkrēt, v. i. জনাট-হ; জনিয়া-বা; To unite into a solid mass; to congual:—v. t. জনটেবজ-কু; To form into a mass.

Concrete number—( खुरताब नार्यब महिन ) दुक्क मध्या, रायम 'शीएयानि' वहे, 'लिनपी' (छटत ।

Concretion, kon-kre'shun, n. পিও; তান ; A lump ; a mass concreted.

Concretive, kon-kretiv, a. ভ্যাই বাঁধিবাৰ পজি-দশাঃ; Causing or having power to concrete.

Concubinage, kon-kū-bin-না, n. বিবাহ বিনা সংবাদ, প্রশাব বিবাহিত না হইমা সীপুক্ষের জায় সহ-বাদ, খ্রীপুক্ষের অবৈধ সহবাদ; The state of living together as man and wife without being married. Concubing, kong'kū-bīn, n. [ L. concubing,—

Concubine, keng ku-bin, n. [ L. concubina,—
con, together, cubo, to lie down ] উপপন্থী; যে
অধিবাহিতা স্ত্ৰীবোক প্ৰপুত্তবের সহবাস করে. A
woman who cohabits with a man, without being
married.

Concupiscence, kon-kū'pis-ens, n. [ L. con, intensive, cupio, to desire ] কাম, আড়ান্তিক বা জবৈৰ কাম-প্ৰবৃত্তি, Lust; unlawful or irregular desire of carnal pleasure. a=concupiscent—কামুক; Libidinous, lewd; lustful, salacious, sensual.

Concur, kon-kut', v. i. [ 1.. con, together, and curro, cursum, to run ] একছাৰে মিনিড-ছ; To coincide; to meet in one point:—একমত-ছ; সম্মত-ছ; To agree; to assent:—মুক-ফ; To unite; to help; to conspire. Syn:—Agree, coincide, harmonize; unite, join, combine, conspire; approve, assent, acquiesce.

Concurrence, kon-kur'ens, n. মিলৰ; মোগ; Union; conjunction; combination:—সন্মতি; Agreement or consent; assent.

Concurrent, kon-kur'ent, a. मश्नोवी : महकाती ; महरवानी : सन्हत : Co-operating ; accompanying. ad = concurrently. Concussion, kon-kushun, n. [L. con, intensive, and quatio, to shake] ছই বন্ধ অকসাং সংঘণি দাৰণ আঘাত; ধাতা; A violent shock caused by the sudden contact of two bodies:—
আ্লাড; The shock of some organ by a full or like cause:—আংশাড়ন; Agitation. Syn:—
Shaking, agitating; shock, crash, clash.

Concussive, kon-kuśiv, a. কপাৰ্থ ; বাধাকৰণ-হুণসম্পন্ন; আবোডক; Having the power or quality of shaking; agitating.

Condemn, kon-dem, v. t. [L. con, intensive, and damno, to damn] নিন্দা-কু; পোষ-দে; To censure; to blame:—দশুবিধান-কু; To pronounce judicial sentence against:—অকগণা তিব-কু; To be unfit for use or service — দোষী দাব্যত-কু; স্পরাধী হিব-কু; To pronounce guilty:—বাজেমাপ্ত ইইবাছে এইনপ হিব-কু; To declare to be forfeited:—নাম্পুন-কু; To reject. Syn:—Censure, reprove, reproach; upbraid, doom, sentence, adjudge; confiscate. forfeit.

Condomnable, kon-demna-bl, a. দথাৰ্থ, Deserving of punishment — নিৰ্ভাৱ ; দোধী, Blamable; censurable; culpable

Condemnation, kon-dem-náshun, n. নিন্দা: Blame:—দভ; Punishment — নিন্দার করেণ; Cause of blame.

Condomnatory, kon-démina-ter-1, a দঃস্কে , দিশাস্কে; দিশদীয়, Containing of implying cordemnation.

Condensable, kon-den'a-bi, a খনীতুও ইউবার খোলা; খনত প্রাপণায়; খনত্ত্বণীয়; Capable of being condensed.

Condensation, kon-den-sáshun, n. গাঢ়করণ, ঘনীকরণ; ঘনত ; ঘনত প্রতিষ্ঠি ; সন্তুদে; The act of making more dense; the state of being condensed; compression.

Condensative, kon-den-sat-iv, a. ঘ্ৰক্ষাক্ষ, Having power or tendency to condense.

Condense, kon-dens, v t. [L. con, intensive, denso, to make dense] ঘৰ-ক : গাত-ক , To make close, compact, thick or dense — দাপিয়া কুছ আয়ন্তৰ-ক ; To compress ; to reduce into a smaller compass :—v. ৷ ঘৰ-ছ ; To become dense. close or compact ; to grow dense. Syn .—Compress, consolidate, contract, concentrate, abridge, reduce, epitomize ; thicken, inspissate, harden :—a. ঘৰ ; Dense.

Condensor, kon denser, n. বালা ঘন কৰিবাৰ পাত্ৰ ; A vessel for condensing vapour :—ডাডিড সংগ্ৰহ বা ঘন কৰিবাৰ জ্বা ; An appliance for collecting or condensing electricity.

Condescend, kon-de-send, v. i. [L. con, intensive, and descendo, to descent] নম-হ; ধানন হ; হীনতা খীকাৰ-ক; To stoop; to yield; to deign; to youchsafe; to lower one's self; bend.

Condescending, kon-de-sending, a. শিষ্টানী, শিষ্ট ; বিনীত, দাকিণ্যস্থানিত ; Complaisant ; courteous. ad=condescendingly.

Condescension, kon-de-seńshun, n. শিষ্টাচাৰ; দাকিণ্য; শিষ্টুড়া; নম্ভা; অনুকশা; Courtesy; complaisance; fayour; kındness to inferiors. Syn:—Submission, humiliation, obeisance; deference, courtesy, graciousness, favour, civility. Condign, kon-diń, a. [ L. con, wholly, dignus, worthy ] বগাৰ; উপায়ত; ভাপনপায়; Deserved; well-merited (applied to punishment). ad=condignly, n=condigness.

Condiment, kondi-ment, n. [L. condio, to preserve, to pickle] আচাৰ; চাটৰি; Sauce; pickle; seasoning.

Condition, kon-dishun, n. [ L. conditio, to put together ] অবস্থা; State or situation:—তা; Quality; property; attribute:— নিমপজ, কড়াৱ; Term of agreement; stipulation:—জীবনধাৰণের বিশেষ প্রকার; A particular manner of living:— পদম্বাশা; পদ্বী; Rank.—Something laid down as essential. Syn:—Circumstances, station, case, state, situation, plight, predicament, stipulation, article, terms, provision, arrangement—v. t. নিমম-ফু; To stipulate; to agree upon:—v. i. বে সর্বে বিট্মাট্ কবিতে হইবে ছাহাব্যা; To make terms.

Condition of sale—নীলামেৰ চুক্তি বা সর্ভ ; উস্
বিষয়েৰ চুক্তিপত্ত, The terms on which it is proposed to sell preperty at auction; also the instrument containing or expressing these terms.
On condition of, On condition that—জ্জ সতে যে, ষাল, Upon the terms that; provided

Conditional, kon-dishun-al, a সাপেক, নিমান-ৰঙ্গী, Containing or depending on certain terms not absolute:—বিকল্পন্ত , (In grammar), con pressing a condition or supposition ac-endition ality. ad=conditionally.

Conditioned, a. বিশেষ অৱস্থা বা গুণারুক, Haven a certain condition, state, or quality -- স্থত বিশিষ্ট; নিষ্মাণেক্ষী, In metaphysics having conditions or relations, subject to limitations

Condolatory, a. সম্প্রাথপ্রকাশক , Expressing condolance.

Condole, kon-dol, v. i [ L. con, with, and delso, to grieve] সংশস্ত প্রকাশ-ক; পাব বৈ ছ.বিভ-হ, To sympathise in sorrow; to grieve with another in distress or misfortune.

Condolement, kon-dolment, Condolence, kon-dolens, n. সমহংখতা; সহামুভূতি; পরহুংৰে হ ধপ্রকাশ; Grief for another's sorrow. [giveness.
Condonation, kon-don-áshun, n. ক্যা; ForCondone, kon-dōń, v. t. [L. con, done, to give]
ক্যা-কু, To pardon, to forgive.

Condor, kondor, n. विका आंत्यविकास शृध ; The vulture of South America.

Condottioro, n. pl. wzj; In Italy, the leader of a band of mercenary soldiers, living by pillage; a brigand.

Condottioni, n. (मना-नावकन्त ; Leaders of military adventurers in the 15th century.

Conduce, kon-dūś, v. i. [L. con, together, and duco, ductus, to send] সাহায্যক; আযুক্ল্যক:
To lead or tend to; to contribute. Syn:—Contribute, avail, tend, subserve.

Conducible, kon dissi-bl, a. অনুকৃষ, উপবোগী, কনক, আবহ, উন্নতিনাৰক; Leading or tending o, having power to promote. ad=conducibly. n=

Conductive, kon-dusiv, a. উপৰোধী, বৰ্ডনকৰ, আবহ, জনক, উন্নতিসাধক, That may contribute, having a tendency to promote ad—conducively. ==conduciveness

Conduct, kon-dukt, ত t পথ প্রদর্শন-মু, পথ দেশাইয়া লইবা বাওয়া, To lead on guide, to accompany and lead the way — আনেশ কু, To direct, to command — নির্মাহ-কু, আচরণ-কু, To manage, to regulate — পথে সঙ্গে বাইয়া বজা কু Io escort, to accompany and protect on the way — সঞ্চালন কু, স্পালিক কু, In electricity to curry or transmit — υ ব্যবহার-কু, To behave, art Syn — Fscort, convoy, direct, control mininge, administer, regulate, command, govern, preside over

Conduct, końdukt, n পরিচালন, পথ-প্রদর্শন, Guidance —লেনাপতিছ, Generalship, skilful e ud incc —রক্ক, Convoy, guard, eccut — জাম্বণ, ৰ বহাৰ, Personal deportment, do ne inour, behaviour — নিক্কাহকড়া, Manage micht Syn — Behaviour, curage, bearing, deportment demeanour discetion, administration, qu'aid, escort, convoy

Safo conduct -Passport

Conductible, kon dukti bl, a সঞ্চাপনীয় পরি চাপনায়, C ip ible of being conducted or transn ited n-conductibility

Conduction, kon-dukshun, n त्रकानन, Trans-

Conductive, kon-duktiv, a সঞ্চাৰৰ গুণবিশি? বা বাৰ গাৰকা শক্তিবাৰঃ, Having the quality or p wer of conducting n=conductivity

Conductivity, kon duk-tivi ti n বস্ত্ৰ ভাগ এব বিশ্ব স্থানৰ শক্তি, A power that bodies line of transmitting heat and electricity

Conductor, kon-duktor, n পথ প্ৰদৰ্শক, A ude - নামক, সেনানামক, A chief, a cem minder a leader — যান্চামক, দায়াৰ, A driver — কান্যা নিকাইক, A minager, director — সঞ্চাননা লাভিনিশিয় পদাৰ্থ, A substance capable of transmitting electricity, heat &c — বিভাগীমক, A lightning-rod Fem = Conductress

Conduit, kondit, or kun,—, n [hr condust— L conductus—conduco, to lead.] অৰ-প্ৰপালী, প্রনোলা, প্র: প্রপানী, A channel or pipe for the conveyance of water, a channel, a surface drain Syn—Channel, pipe, canal, duct, passage

Cone, kon, n [Fr cone—L conus—Gr konos, a peak, a peg, from a root ka, to sharpen, allied to E. hone] সুটা সন্মের, A solid pointed figure with a circular base—বোচারতি কল, Fruit shaped like a figure.

Coney, Cony, ko'm or kum, n শাল, ব্যাল, Confabulate, kon fabulat, v t. [L con, together, and fabulor, fabulatus, to talk—fabula, the thing spoken about] গল, হ' To chat, to talk familiarly n=confabulation Confect, kohiekt, v. t. বিঠাই-র, বনে পাক-র,

To form into sweetmeats; to prepare with sugar.

Confect, kohiekt, Confection, kon-fekshun, n. [ L. conficto, confectus, to make up together—con, together, facto, to make ] বিহার, বিঠাই; বোৰ্কা, Sweetmeat, a comfit

Confectioner, kon-fekshun-ër, (B) Confectionary, n. (प्राप्त , प्रदा , One who makes sweetmeats.

Confectionery, kon-fekshun-er-i, n. বিহায়;
বিঠাই, Sweetmeats — বিঠাইত্যের লোকান, A
plue for making or sellings seetmeats.

Confederacy, kon feder-a si, n সন্ধি, একা; A league, alliance, a compact —সন্ধিপত্তে বন্ধ ৰাজি বা ৰাজি, The persons, states, or nations united by a league. Syn —League, covenant, compact, alliance, combination, coalition, conspiracy.

Confederate, kon-feder-ইt [ L con, together, faedus, federis, a league ] সন্ধি কু, To ally — ৩ ঃ সন্ধি বাবা নিজি-ছ, সন্ধিতে খোগ দেওয়া, To unite in a league — । সহায়, নিজ , An ally, an accomplice — ৫ সন্ধিৰ, সন্ধিতে আৰক্ষ; Bound by treaty

Confederator states, n The eleven states, which revolted from the union in the late American war

Confederation, kon fed-er zishun, अ निक्कित A league illiance — मिक्कित वास्ति वा साहित, The paties to a league

Confer, kon-fer', v t [Fi — L. confero—con, together, and fero, to bring] দান-কৃ, আৰ্থ-কৃ, বি grant, to give, to bestow —v ঃ কৰেণি-ক্ৰেণ্ড ক্ৰেণ্ড ক্

Confer on, v পদ বা সম্মান দেওৱা, Give some post or honour to.

Confer with, v काश्चल महिन महनी कहा, Hold 2 consultation with one

Conference, konfer-ens, n करबायकथन, Formil discourse - প्रवंश्व ' विहाब क्रवार्थ नकां, A meeting for discussion [ the same monastry Conferes, n नहरदांती . Associates , brothers of Confess, kon-fes, v : [ L. con, signifying completene s and fateor-fars, to speak | 49-বাধ খীক'ব-কু, Io acknowledge, as a cume or fault - चौकांव क . To own or recognise, to admit - शूरवाशिक्द निक्षे भाग चौकाव-कृ, Make known, as sins to priest —পুৰোহিত ইইবা পাপ শৌকার প্রাণ-ক, To hear a confession, as a priest —প্ৰমাণ কু, Io prove, attest —সভা ৰলিয়া স্বীকার কু, To admit, as true, to assent to - প্ৰকাশ-কু, To disclose - ए :. अनदाद श्रीकांद कदा, To make confession ad = confessedly. Syn -Admit, grant, allow, concede; avow, own, recognize, exhibit, declare, attest, prove.

Confess the faith—প্ৰকাজে কোৰ ধৰ্মে বিখান জ্ঞাপন কু, Declare publicly one's faith in a religion

Confession, kon-feshun, n অপৰাধ দীকাৰ, Acknowledgment, avowal —পুৰোধিকেৰ নিকট পাপ দীকাৰ, Acknowledgment of sins to a priest — ধৰ্মণত খীকান ; ধৰ্মবিষক বিষাদেষ বিবৃতি ; A creed to be assented or signed.

Confessional, kon-feshun-al, n. গোৰ শীকাৰ ধ্ৰণাৰ্থ পুৰোহিতেৰ আসন, The seat or inclosed recess where a priest hears confessions; a confession-chair.

Confessor, kon-lesor, n. পাপ শ্রোভা পুরোহিভ; A priest who hears confessions — এইবর্ম বিবাসী; One who makes a profession of his faith in the Christian religion.

Confidant, konfi-dant. Confidante, n. বিশ্ব বদু; A confidential or bosom-friend fem = confidante.

Confide, kon-fid, v. i [ L con, signifying completeness, and fido, to trust ] পূৰ্ণান্তায় বিখান-তৃ. নিষ্ঠৰ-তৃ: To trust wholly or have faith in, to rely:—v t. বিখান কৰিয়া কোন বাজিৰ হ'লে সমৰ্গণ-তৃ, To intrust, or commit to the charge of.

Confide in, v. কাছাকে বিশাস-কু, Believe or trust a person.

Confide to, v বিশ্বাস কৰিবা বৰা; Intrust one with (a secret in the belief that it will not be given out), communicate to one confidentially—ভাৰাপ-ক, Intrust to one, with assurance of safe keeping or good management.

Confidence, konfi-dens, n বিশাস . দুচ বিশাস ; Trust , reliance , belief '—বিশাসভূমি , Ground of trust or reliance — আন্ধনিতর , আন্ধাবন্ধন , সাহসিকতা ; সাহস ; Assurance , self-reliance , boldness. Syn —Alliance, assurance, expectation, hope ; trust, dependence, reliance, bulief, faith , boldness, courage, assurance.

In confidence—বিশাসপূৰ্বক, কণ্ডভাবে, In secret trust; confidentially, relying on out's secrety. To be in one's confidence—কাহাৰত বিশাস-ভাৰন হত্তমা; To enjoy the confidence of one, to be trusted by one

To have confidence in—বিশাস থাকা . To have faith in — প্ৰচুৱ বিশ্বা বিশাস থাকা , সভ্য বিশ্বা কৃচবিশাস থাকা , To have reliance on, as being sufficient, to have firm bullef in, as being nust.

To take into confidence— ক'কাকে নিখাস করিয়া শনের কথা বলা, To admit a person into onc's secrets

To worm oneself into one's confidence— কলে কৌশদে কাহাৰত সহিত ভাৰ কৰা বা ভাহাৰ বিবাসভাত্তৰ হ', To enter gradually by arts and insinuation into the confidence of a person

Confident, konfi-dent, a. আত বিশাসী, স্ট প্ৰভাষায়িত, Truthful, trustful—দাহ্দী, Bold, relying on one's own ability— নিৰ্ভাৱ, Bold to a fault, impudent, positive ad—confidently. Confidential, kon-fi-denshal, a বিষয়, ভত্ত, Trustworthy, secret ad=confidentially Syn. —Trustworthy, faithful; private, sccret

Confidential communication - (l.aw) One made by a client to his counsel, solicitor, or attorney in professional confidence and which he is not permitted to divulge—called also privileged communication.

Configuration, kon-fig-u-rashun, # [ L.

con, together, and figure, to form ] বহিষ্যাকৃতি; বাফ আকাৰ বা গঠন; External form:—এইগণেৰ আপেনিক অবস্থান বা কৃষ্ণ; Relative position or aspects of the planets.

Confinable, kon-fina-bl, a. जनरवांच (वांच); That may be confined.

Confine, konfin, n. [L. con, with, and finio, the end or boundary] ধাৰ; সীমা; কিলাৰা; Border, boundary or limit—generally used in the plural —v. t. বছ-কৃ, কাৰাকছ-কৃ; To shut up, to fasten, to imprison —v. i. মাধাৰণ নীমা-বিশিষ্ট-ই, To have a common boundary. Syn:—(n) Limit, border, frontier, march. (v.) bound, limit, shut up, imprison, immure, incarcerate.

[one in.

Confine (one) in—কাৰাপাৰে বন্ধ-কু; Impreson Confine (oneself) to—নিন্দিট্ট সীমাৰ ভিতৰে ব্যৱা, Restrict oneself to; not to go beyond Be confined to—বন্ধ থাকা; কোম কিছুৰ বাছিৰে

ना पांड्या , Be limited to

Be confined to one's bed or room—গীয়া-প্ৰবৃত শ্যা ২ইডে উঠিতে বা ধর ২ইতে বাহির হইতে অন্ধন হন্তঃ', Be unable through illness to leave one's bed or room. [in child-bed

To be confined—সাসর প্রস্থা হওয়া, To be Confinement, konfiment, n. অব্যোধ; কায়া-বন্দন, নিৰ্ভ্জনবাস, Restraint, seclusion.— প্রস্থাবস্থা, Restraint from going abroad by sickness, especially caused by child-birth—করেন, Imprisonment.

Confirm, kon-feim, v. t [Fr-L confirmo-con, intensive, and root of firm] মৃত-কৃ; To make firm, to strengthen — অনুমোদন-কৃ; To ratify — বিশিষ্টভ-কৃ, To assure, to render certain — কীয়াৰ অধিকাৰ অপান-কৃ, To admit to full Christain privileges by the laying on of hands a=confirmable Syn:—Strengthen, establish, fix, settle, verify, assure, hind, ratify.

Confirmed madcap — বৰ্ণাগৰ।

Confirmable, a দৃচীকরণোপযুক্ত প্রমাণই, Capable of being confirmed.

Confirmation, kon-fer-mashun, n দুটীকরণ, The act of confirming —প্রভারক্ষনক প্রমাণ, Convincing testimony, proof — অসুহমাদন, সমর্থন, Ratification.

Confirmative, kon-férmativ, a मृश्वित्रक्षम . Tending to confirm, having the power of confirming

Confirmatory, kon-lénia-tor-i, a. স্কেহ্মছক , সাবান্তকারী , পোষক , Affording additional proof , serving to confirm , coiroborative.

Confiscate, kon-fiskāt, v. f [L. con, and fiscus. a basket, the public treasury] প্ৰস্কৃপ বাৰ্কোৰভূক ক, কোক-ক, বাজ্যোগ-ক, To adjudge to be forfeited to the state; to forfeit to the commonwealth. a=confiscable n=confiscation.

Confiscate, kon-fiskāt, a. दाश्वरकाष्ट्रक ; For-feited to the public treasury.

Confisoator, końfis-ka-tor, n. ফোকৰৰা, বে বাৰস্বকাৰে বাজেলাও কৰে; One who confiscates. Confiscatory, a. কোকৰবাৰোগ্য, Consigning to forfesture. Conflagration, kon-fla-grashun, n. [L. con, intensive, and flagro, to burn] গহায়ি; প্রকাভ অধিদাই; A great fire.

Configuration in a forest-नाराधि।

Conflict, kon-flikt, n. প্ৰচৰ প্ৰশাৰ আঘাত; Violent collision:—বিবাদ: বিৰোধ: Contest; strife; combat:—মৃত্যু-বৰ্ষণা; The last struggle of life; agony. Syn:—Contest, collision, struggle, combat, strife, contention, battle, fight, encounter, engagement.

Conflict, kon-flikt, v. i. [ L. con, together, and fligo, to dash ] সংখ্যাৰ-ক; To meet in violent collision; to clash:—বিষোধা-ছ; To contend; to fight; to contest. Syn:—Fight, contend, contest, struggle, combat, strive.

Confluence, konfloo-ens, n. নশীৰ সঙ্গা একত প্ৰবৃধ ; The junction of two or more streams of water:—ন্যতা ; বিশ্ব ; সম্বায় ; A crowd ; a concourse ; an assemblage. Syn:—Conflux, convergence, concurrence ; a concourse, assemblage, a multitude ; meeting.

Confluent, konfloo-ent, a [ L. con, together, and fluo, to flow ] একত প্ৰবংশাণ; Flowing together .— শিণিত; একতি সুত; Running together, united.

Conflux, konfluks, n. ৰদীসক্ষম; A flowing together of currents; confluence:—জন্তা; A crowd; assemblage.—সমৃষ্টি; A collection.

Conform, kon-torm, v.t. [L. con, with, and formo—forma, form ] অনুকাণ-ক, To make like, in external appearance:—সমতাবাপর-ক; To reduce to a likeness in manners, opinions, or moral qualities:—উপবেশী-ক, To adjust:—v. নেম্ভ-ফ; To comply with, to yield or obey—To comply with the usages of the Established Church. Syn:—Make like, adapt, assimilate, agree, harmonize, accord.

Conform to—অসুসাৰে চলা; Act in accordance with:—উপৰোধী কৰিয়া লভয়া, Adapt something to Comformable, kon-forma-bl, a. অসুসূপ, Similar; like;—অসুসূপ; Agreeable; suitable; consistent:—আজাৰং, ৰয়; Submissive; compliant; disposed to obey. Syn:—Resembling, similar; compliant with; submissive to; agreeable to; suitable to; consistent with. adeconformably.

Conformation, kon-for-mashun, ন. বঠন, আকাৰ, Shape or structure.

Conformer, kon-former, Conformist, konform-ist, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি নিম্নপিত ধর্যোপ্রেশ খীকাৰ কৰে; One who conforms, especially with the worship of the Established Church—opposed to a dissenter or nonconformist.

Conformity, kon-formi-ti, ন. নাগৃত্ব; তুলাতা;
থিব . Agreement; congruity; consistency:—
খীকৃতি; নম্বতি; Compliance with the usages of
the Established Church. [accordance with.
In conformity with (or to)—অনুসাৰে; In
Confound, kon-fownd, v. t. [L. con, together,
and fundo, to pour] বিভিত্ত ; To mingle; to
confuse:—বিশ্বান-কৃ; To throw into disorder:
— স্প্ৰ-কৃ; To mistake; as, to confound ideas

with words:—হতবুদ্ধি-কৃ; আক্ল-কৃ; To perplex:
—সম্বিত্ত-কৃ; To make ashamed:—বিশ্বিত-কৃ; বিহ্নল-কৃ; To astonish; to stupify with amazement:—নই-কৃ; ধাংস-কৃ; বিপান্ত-কৃ; To destroy; to overthrow. Syn.—Mix, intermingle, confuse, perplex, embarrass, bewilder, baffle; dismay, astonish, abash; mortify, defeat; ruin; overthrow.

Confound with—এক জনের সহিত আর এক জনকে (বা একটার সহিত আর একটা) মিশাইয়া কেলা: ছুইরের প্রক্রেদ কবিতে না পারা; ভেরে যাওয়া: Mix up (one) with (another).

Confratornity, kon-fra-ter'-ni-ti, n. Same as Fraternity:— ৰাণ্ডল'ৰ ; বাণ্ডল'ৰ ; Brotherhood.

Confront, kon-frunt, v. t. [L. con, together, and frons, the front] অভিযুখীন-হ; পুরোবর্ত্তী-ছ; To face; to stand face to face:—প্রতিকুল-ক; বাধা-দে; To oppose:—তুলনা-ক; To compare. Confucian, kon-fu'shyan, a. কন্কিউদিয়াস নামক চীনদেশীয় কার্শনিক সম্বন্ধীয়; Of or belonging to Confucius, the Chinese philosopher.

Confucianism, n. The doctrine of Confucius, founder of the ethical system of China.

Confuse, kon-fūź, v t. বিশ্বাল-ড়; ছতবুদ্ধি-ড়; To throw into disorder; to perplex:—িম্ভিড-ড়; To mix together, so that things cannot be distinguished. Syn:—Mingle, blend, confound, involve; disorder, disarrange, disturb; perplex, obscure, darken; mistify, embarrass, bewilder; al-ash, shame, put to the blush.

Confusedly, kon-fuzed-li, ad. বিশ্বানয়ণে; গোলমালভাবে, ln a confused manner.

Confusion, kon-fū'zhun, n. গোলদাল; বিশুখলা; Tumult, disorder:—লক্ষা, Shame:—বিশ্বয়; Astonishment, agitation:—পৰাক্ষ; বিপৰ্যয়; Overthrow, defeat.

Confusion worse confounded—গোলেষ উপৰ গোল, বিচুড়ি পাকাইয়া (খালয়া), A still worse state of great confusion.

Throw into confusion—ৰও হও-কৃ।

Confutable, a. বঙ্গীয় , That may be confuted. Confutation, n. বঙ্গ , Refutation.

Confute, kon-fūt, v. t. [ L. con and futare, to argue ] নিক্তর-ত ; নিবত-ত ; To overwhelm by argument, to put to silence:—ব্যান ক্রান্থ সপ্রথান ক , To disprove ; to prove to be false. Syn .—Disprove, overthrow, set aside, refute, oppugn.

Conge, końië, (formerly written congie) n.
[L. com, intensive, and meo, to go] বিশাল;
Farewell; leave of absence:—শিষ্টভা; A bow or courtesy, act of reverence.—বিশালকালীৰ আচাৱ পদ্ধতি; Parting ceremony:—v. i. বিশাল গ্রহণ-কৃ, বিশাল লগা; To take leave:—শিষ্টাচাল প্রদর্শন-কৃ; To bow or courtesy.

Congeal, kon-jel, v.t. [L. con, and gelu, frost] জ্বাট বাধান; To cause to freeze:—খনী-ভূড-ক; To turn from a fluid to a solid state by cold:—খাড়েই-ক; To stiffen:—v.i. খন-হ; To pass from fluid to solid as by cold. a=congealable. Syn:—Stiffen, congelate, thicken, curdle, condense.

Congealment, kon-jeiment, Congelation, kon-jei-áshun, n. খ্ৰীভূভকৰণ; খন কৰিবাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া; Act or progress of conge ding. [a bishop. Conge-d'e eliro—The King's license to choose Congener, końje-nér, or konjeinér, n. [l. con, with and genus, kind] সম্পাতীয়: একজাতীয় বা সম্পাতীয় বা বাজি; A person or thing of the same kind or nature; he or that which has a common origin.

Congenial, kon-je'ni-al, a. [ L. con, with, and gazialis, genial ] একজাতীয়; সহাস্ত্তিসন্দার; Kindred; cognate; sympathetic.—অনুরূপ; উপ-মুক্ত; Naturally adapted or suited; suitable. ad=congenially. n=congeniality Syn:—Cognate, kindred, akin, related to, agreeable, sympathetic.

Congenial to-নিৰেৰ প্ৰকৃতি বা অভিকৃতিৰ উপ-বোৰী; Naturally suited to one's disposition.

Congenital, kon-jeni-tal, a. [ L. con, together, and gigno. to beget ] জ্যাবধি, আজ্মকাল; Existing at the time of birth:—সংজ্যত; Of the same birth; born with another [ large sca-eel Conger, kong'er, n. বৃহৎ সামূদ্রিক বাইন মংস্ক; A Congeries, kon-je'ri-tz, n [ L. con, together, gero, gestus, to bring ] আলি, কুল, A heap; a combination. [ into a mass.

Congest, kon-jest', e. f. একত্ৰ-কু; To gather Congested, kon-jest'ed, a অপ্ৰাৰ্থিকলপে বজ-স্কাভিছত; Affected with an unnatural accumulation of blood.

Congestion, kon-jestyun, n. শোণিত-দক্ষ; বকৰমা; পূৰ্বচা; Accumulation of blood; fullness Congestive, kon-jestiv, a. শোণিত-দক্ষ-জাপত; শোণিতসক্ষমবৰ; Indicating or tending to congestion.

Conglobate, kon-giōচিমt, a [ L con, together, and globe, a ball, globe] পিত্ৰী ছুড়; পোণাকাৰ: Formed together into a ball—v t পিও-কু; বৰ্ত্ত্বাণ্ডি-কু; ডাপ পাৰাৰ, To form into a globe or ball. n=conglobation—গোলাকাৰ বস্তু: A round body.

Conglobe, kon-glöb, v.t. গোলাকাৰ-ক ; To gather Conglobulate, kon-globu-lat, v. i. কুত কুত্ৰ বটকা-ক ; ৰভি পাকাৰ ; To gather into a little round mass.

Conglomerate, kon-glomer-at, a. [ L. con, together, and glomus, a chew ] পুলীকুড; বাণিকুড; Gathered together, gathered into a mass — v. t. বাশিকুড-কু, To gather into a ball — n. প্ৰশাব প্ৰথিত প্ৰৱৰ্থ কৃষ্টিড শৈল; A rock composed of pebbles cemented together.

Conglomeration, kon-glom-er-a'-shun, n.
বাশিক্ৰ'; বাশিক্ত অবস্থাপ্ত; Collection of
various particles.

Conglutinate, kon-glüo'tin-ইt, ত. t. [L. con, together, and gluten, glue] আটা বাবা সংগমী-কৃ; সংগ্ৰুক্ত ক্ৰ্যটি-কৃ; To glue together; to cement:—ক্ষত আ্বোগ্য-কৃ; To heal a wound by uniting the parts:—v. i. এক আড-হ; এক এ বিভিড্-হ; To coalesce; to unite or grow together:—a. বিভিড্: Joined together.

Conglutinant, kon-glou'tin-ant, a. न्दरांचक :

बारवात्राकाको ; Tending to unite or close up ; healing.

Conglutination, kon-gloo-tin-á-shun, দ. আছি৷ খাবা সংবোগ; A joining by means of some stickly substance .—নীবোগকৰণ; Healing.

Conglutinative, a. নংবোৰক; নংবুক কৰত: বোপ নিবাৰণক্ষ; Having power to unite; having power to conglutinate.

Congo, Congou, kong'goo, n. अवस्थित कृक्त्री

Congratulate, kon-gratu-lat, v. t. [L. con, intensive, and gratulor—gratus, pleasing] অভিনম্পন্ত, To wish joy to another. Syn:—Felicitate, salute, compliment, welcome, greet, hail.

Congratulate (one) on—কাহাৰত শুভ হইবে আহ্হাদ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; Express one's joy to another on account of (some happy event).

Congratulation, kon-grat-u-lá-shun, ম. অভি-নশন; মৌভাগা হেড় আনশ ও সহাস্থৃতি প্রদর্শন, Expression of sympathy or joy on account of good fortune. (Expressing joy Congratulatory, a. আনশস্তক; অভিনেক

Congregate, kong'gie-gāt, v. t. [L. con, to-gether and grex, gregis, a flock] সম্বেত্ত, To assemble — v i. একর সন্মত্ত, settler, convene, muster, convoke, assemble, meet.

Congregation, kong-gre-gáshun, n. স্থাছাৰ, সংগ্ৰহ, A collection or assemblage of things gathering:—স্থাড় : ধর্মডা ; ধর্মভালী ; An assembly, particularly for divine worship, worshippers

Congregational, kong-gre-ga-shun-al, a. নামালিক; সভাবিষ্ক; Pertaining to a congregation—সাধাৰণ; স্বাধান: General; independent. Congregationalism, kong-gre-ga-shun-nlizm, n. উপাসন্মানায় সাধীন নিম্মানলী বা পাসন্প্রামানী. The system of church-government in which each church or congregation claims complete control of its affairs; independency.

Congregationlist, kong-gre-gá-shun-al-ist, দ উপাসনাসৰ্ভীয় স্বাধীন শাসনপ্ৰশালীয় পক্ষপান ৰ্যুক্তি; One who holds to the complete independence of each church, an Independent.

Congress, kong'gres, n. [L con, together, and gradior, gressus, to step, to go.] সভা; A meeting — মহা সভা; মাজনীতিঘটিত বিষয়েৰ আন্দোৰনাৰ সভা; A meeting of ambassadors of deputies; a conference:—আন্দেৰিকা লেকেন্দ্ৰ স্বাধাৰণ ব্যৱস্থাপক সমাজ; The legislature of the United States and other American Republicae—congressional. Syn:—Assembly, meeting, convention, convocation, diet, council.

Congruence, kong'groo-ens, Congruity, kong-groo'it-i, n. সঙ্গভি; উপদোসিতা, Suitableness; consistency; fitness; agreement.

Congruent, kong'groo-ent, a. উপথোনী; উপযুক্ত। সম্ভত , Suitable , agreeing.

Congruous, kong'groo-us, a. সমুদ্ধ ; উপ্থেমী: Suitable; consistent; accordant:— স্থানস্থত, উপায়ুক্ত; Rational; fit. ল—Congruousness. adm congruously. Syn: -Fit, appropriate, harmonious, correspondent, concordant, consonant, consistent; becoming, meat, seemly.

Conic, konik, Contoal, konik-al, a. বোচাকৃতি; স্চীবনক্ষে সম্মীন; Having the form of or pertaining to a cone. ad=conically.

Conics, kohiks, ন. জানিভিপাত্তের অকবিশেব; The part of Geometry, which treats of the cone, and its sections.

Coniferous, kon-il'ér-us, a. স্চীকেত্ৰ সম্পূৰ্ণ আঙু বিশিষ্ট ; Cone-bearing, as the fiv, &c.

Coniform, koni-form, a. क्रिक्बाकाव ; In the form of a cone.

Onjecture, kon-jektur, n. [L. con, together, and jacio, to throw] অপুৰাৰ; Probable inference; surmise; a guess; an idea:—v. t. অসু থান-ক; আৰাজ-ক; To infer on slight evidence, to surmise; to guess. Syn:—(n) Supposition, hypothesis, assumption, surmise (n) Surmise, suppose, guess, suspect, imagine, assume

Conjoin, kon-join, v.t. [ L. con, together, and jungo, junctus, to join ] সংযুক্ত-ক; To join together—v i. একবিজ-ই; To league, to unite Conjoint, kon-joint, a. সংযুক্ত; United; connected ad=conjointly.

Conjugal, końjoo-gal, a. [ L. con, and jugum, a yoke ] मान्या; देवराहिक, Matrimonial, connubial; nuptial. n=conjugality. ad=conjugality Syn:—Matrimonial, connubial, nuptial, spousal, hymeneal.

Conjugate, końjoo-gনt, v. f. [L con, together and jugum, that which joins, a yoke ] ধাড়কণ কু, (Grammar) To give the various inflection or parts of a verb:—n একমূল বৃহত্তে উৎপূর্ণ লক, A word agreeing in derivation with another word [The inflection of the verb Conjugation, kon-joo-gáshun, n. ধাড়কণ Conjunction, kon-junkshun, n. সংবোগ নিলন; Union; association—তুই বা তভোধিৰ নকৰে বা গ্ৰেছৰ সম্প্ৰসাতে অবস্থান; The meeting of two or more stars or planets in the same degree of the zodiac:—সমুক্তহবোধক পাল; অব্যাপ : In grammar, a word that connects sen tences, clauses and sentences.

Conjunctive, n. The mucous membrane covering the eye-ball and inner surface of the lids.
Conjunctive, kon-junktiv, a. भर्डक: Closely

united —সংহোজক; Serving to unite:—স্কেছ-স্চক, Subjunctive; contingent. ad=conjunctively.

Conjunctivitis, s. rwarte; Inflamation of the conjunctiva ( the fine, sensitive, membrane which covers the front of the eye-ball and lines the eye-lids).

Conjuncture, kon-junktur, স. সংযোগ ; Connection ; combination of circumstances — স্থিকা ; স্কটকাল ; A critical time ; a crisis. Syn :
—Union, connection, combination, concurrence ;
emergency, exigency.

Conjuration, kon-joo-rashun, ল গভীৰ অসুৰোধ; ভিত্যুক্ত আহ্বাৰ; Earnest or solemn entreaty; —মুট্ট ব্যাৰাৰ; Incantation; magical spell. Conjure, kon-jbor', v. t. [L con, together, and juro, to swear] ব্যাকুলতা সহ অনুবাৰ-ড়; অনুবাৰ বিষয় সহ প্ৰাৰ্থনা-ড়; To call on or summon by a sacred name or in a solemn manner; to implore earnestly:— নোহিড-ড়; মুমুদ্ধ-ড়; To influence by magic; to enchant:—v. েভেনী স্বেধান; To practise magical arts. Syn:—Adjure, implore, entreat, beseech, crave, importune; charm, enchant, bewitch. n=conjurer.

To conjure up—কোন ভৌডিক ব্যাপান ঘটান;
To raise up or bring into existence by unnatural means. [enchanter; a juggler.
Conjurer, kuńjer-er, n. বাহুকৰ; এপ্ৰজালিক; An
Conjurer, kon-jöলিল, n. প্ৰভিজাবদ্ধ বা প্ৰভিজ্ঞাভ
বালি; অন্তেৰ নিকট শপৰ বাৰা আৰম্ভ ব্যক্তি; One
bound by oath with others.

Connate, końat or kon-et, a. [ L. con, with and nascor, natus, to be born] আয়সংভাত;
Born with one's self.

Connatural, kon-a'd-ral, c. একজাতীয় ; সহজাত সভাব-সংস্থঃ ; Connected by nature or birth inherent.

Connect, kon-ekt, v. t. [ L. con, together, and necto, to tie ] যোগ-তৃ; একল-ড়; To join; to combine; to link:—v i. একলিড-ড়; সংযুক্ত-ড়; To become united; to cohere. Syn:—Join, unite, link, combine, associate, couple.

Connectedly, kon-ekted-li, ad. সংখোজিভভাবে; in a connected manner.

Connection, kon-ekshun, n. বোগ; সংবোজন মংলাজা; Junction; union; coherence:—সমুজ; কুটুছিতা, সম্পূৰ্ক; A relation by blood or marriage, relationship:—বর্ত্তমায় ; A religious sects, as, the methodist connection —কেতৃৰগ; A body of customers — pl. কার্য; Acquaintances; business. Syn:—Union, coherence, continuity, junction, as ociation, dependence; intercourse, communication, correspondence, affinity, alliance, relationship; kinsman, relative, relation.

Connective, kon-ektiv, a. সংযোজক; Having the power of connecting:—n. সংযোজক আব্যৱ
A word that connects sentences or words. adaconnectively.

Connexion, kon-ek-shun, n. Same as connec-Connivance, kon-ivans, n. উপেছা; অজভাৰ ভাৰ, Voluntary oversight of a fault; pretended ignorance.

Connive, kon-lý, [Fr.—L. conniveo, to wink] উপেকা-ফু; পেৰিয়া বা বেৰা; To close the eyes upon a fault or other act; wink at a fault. Syn.—Overlook, disregard, pass by.

Connive (or wink) & — (কোন দোৰ) দেখিবাও না দেখা, Pretend not to see (a fault):—ধ্যন না ন্ত্ৰা; Avoid notice of.

Connoisseur, kon-is-sar', n. গুৰুত্ব; শোৰণ্ডণ বিচাৰক্ষ বাজি; বিচক্ষণ বিচাৰক; A critical judge; a good judge in the fine arts; a literary critic. Connoisseurship, kon-is-ar'ship, n. উক্

ৰাজিৰ বিদ্যা বা বুদ্ধিকৌশন; The skill of a connoisseur.

[ al. #=connonation.

Connotative, s. Implying something additions

Connote, kon-চা, v. t. [L. con, with, and Note] ভা অভাগ-ড়; অভ্নত-ড়, To imply; to denote, to include.

Connubial, kon-u'bi-al, a. [ L. con, and nubo, to marry ] विवादणवर्षीय , देवांदिक ; मानावा , Pertaining to marriage or to the married state , conjugal ; nuptial , matrimonial,

Conoid, kōńoid, ম. মোচাকৃতি বস্তু; Anything like a cone in form. a=conoid, conoidal.

Conquer, kong'ker, v. t. { L. con, intensive, and quoero, to seek } প্রাজ্য-রু, বশীভূত-রু, To subdue; to overcome; to vanquish — অভিন্যু স্থাত কর above; to surmount — অধ্যাসাহ বারা সাভায়; To gain by perseverance or efforts — v i. জয়ী-তু; To be victor Syn — Overpower, overthrow, defeat, vanquish, rout, discomfit reduce, humble, crush, surmount, subject, master, subjugate.

Conquerable, kong'ker-a-bi, a জেয় , জয় করি-বার উপযুক্ত , That may be overcome.

Conqueror, kong'ker-or, m. wil, (woi, One who conquers

Conquest, kong'kwest, n ভয়, প্রান্তব, বৃদ্ধে আবলাভ; Subjugation, victory, success in arms
—লাভ; Acquisition—শারীবিক হা নীভিবল অবলঘন লভ বস্তু, বাধা নিবারণ; That which is conquered force, the overcoming of opposition Sym:—Victory, triumph, mastery, success; subjugation, subjection, reduction, discomfiture Consanguineous, kon-sang-gwihē-us, a.[ Leon, with, and sanguis, blood] সংগাত্ত, স্বিপিড, Of the same family or descent

Consangunity, kon-sang-gwini-ti, n নগো-হভা, জাভি; Relation by blood, descent from the same ancestor; kindred

Conscience, końshens, # { L. con, with, and scio, to know ] বিৰেক, ভাষাভাষ বোধশকি, ধর্মবৃদ্ধি
The faculty or principle by which we judge of the rectitude or wickedness of our own actions, the moral sense — নত্য, ভাষপ্রতা, মাধুতা,
Truth; justice, honesty — আছচিতা; গোপনী
চিতা; Real sentiment, private thought:— ভান,
Reason or reasonableness (collog); as, do you in all conscience think it so

Conscience proof—(र अपूष्ट १४ न), Proof against conpunction.

Clear conscience—নিশাগ; Innocence.
In conscience—গরত:, Conscientiously.
In all conscience—নিংস্লেছে; Assuredly.
Qualms of conscience—অনুহাণ, Stings of conscience.

Stricken conscience—স্থাপ, Contrition.
Tender conscience—ধ্তিকা, Scrupulousness.

To make a conscience of—বিশ্বকাৰ্গাৰে কাৰ্য্-ক : To act according to the dictates of conscience or to scruple to act contrary to its dictates.

With a clear conscience—বিশাপ হয়বা, With a conscience free from all consciousness of guilt.

Conscientions, kon-shi-enshus, a স্বায়বাৰ,
পৰ্যভাষ Upright, scrupulous .—বিখাসী, Faith-

ful. Syn:—Scrupulous, exact, faithful, just, upright, strict, honest, honourable. ad-conscientiousness.

Conscientiousness, n. ধ্যতীয়তা, ভাষপ্ৰভা; Scrupulousness; uprightness

Conscionable, końshun-a-bi, a. ভাষেত্ত নিয়ন্তিত , Just , reasonable,

Conscious, końshus, a. আৰুবোৰী, আক্সান্দ্ৰন্থার, বিবেচক, Having the feeling or knowledge, aware — যুতিসক; পবিকাভ; Knowing from memory; sensible — আৰুবোহৰ বিষয়ীভূত Made the object of consciousness, as, conscious guilt Syn — Thinking, reflecting, perceptive, cognitive, sensitive of, aware of, cognizant. admiconsciously

Consciousness, końshus-nes, 元、可谓面词, 250万, The knowledge of what passes in one s mind, the knowledge which the mind has of its own acts and feelings 一名可译 新河, Immediate knowledge — 可谓面河, Internal sense or knowledge or guilt or innocence

Consoript, końskript, a [L. conscriptum, to write together in a list, to enlist] ভাগিৰাভুক দৈ বা নাগিক, One enrolled, to serve as a soldier or sailor; recruit [Rome

Conscript Fathers—The senators of ancient Conscription, kon-skrip'shun, u नावादिकवर्ग, An enrolment — रेमडमनकुड वा नाविकमनकुड वर्ग, A forced enrolment of all males above a certain age for naval or military service. s=conscriptional.

Consecrate, konse-krāt, v t. [L. con, and sacro, to set apart as sacred—sacer, sacred বিশ্বনাৰ উৎসূর্গ-কু, To dedicate or devote to the service and worship of God.—নাৰ্পুক্ৰেই ঘণ্ডো স্থিতিক-কু, To canonize —পৃক্তনীয়-কু, প্ৰিক্-কু, To render venerable or make respected, as, sules consecrated by time. Syn—Sanctify, set apart, hallow, ordain, devote. n—consecrater or consecrator.

Consecrated, a. পरिञ्च , Sacred.

Consecration, kon-se-kräshun, n. উৎসৰ্গ, Dedication — শাধুপুলবের যথ্য সন্তিবেশ, Canonization —পুলনীয় করণ, The act of rendering venerable or dignified.

Consecution, kon-se-kū'shun, n. সিদাপু ৰেণী, ধাৰাবাহিক নীৰাবো, A train of consequences from premises, a series of deductions — ক্ৰমাবৰে আগমন, শৃথাবাৰৰ ৰন্ধপ্যপাৰা, A series of things that follow one another.

Consecutive, kon-seku-tiv, a. [L. con, and sequor, secutus, to follow] কৰিক, কৰাৰতে আগত, ধাৰাবাহিক, গাৰাজী, Succeeding one another in a regular order, successive; following— দিৰাজ্যতক, Consequential. ad—consecutively n=consecutiveness [ment; accord Consensus, kon-sensus, n মিলম, একা; Agree-Consent, kon-sensus, n মিলম, একা; Agree-Consent, kon-sensus, n ি. [L. con, with, and sentio, to feel, to think] মুখেৰ অভ্যা, Accord, concurrence, agreement in opinion—মিলম, Harmony, coherence, agreement:—ম্বাভি

Acquiescene; compliance:—».i. এইবড-ই;
To agree in opinion; to agree; to concur:—
সম্বাচ-কে; To comply; to give assent; to yield.
Syn:—(n) Accord, assent, acquiescence, compliance, concurrence; (v) accede, yield, assent, comply; concede, submit, admit, allow, permit, concur, acquiesce.

[ concurrence in Consent to—কোৰ বিষয়ে সম্বাভি বেশ্বা; Express

With one consent—aque; Unanimously.
Consentaneous, kon-sen-tane-us, a. qque:
Consistent with; accordant to. n=consentaneously.

neousness, consentaneity. ad=consentaneously.

Consentient, kon-seńsin-ent, a. as be; as=
as Agreeing in mind; agreeing in opinion.

Consequence, koń-se-kwens, n. [L. con, with, and sequor, to follow] কল; Effect; result:
— অধুমান; নিগমন; Inference; deduction:—
অধ্; ভুক্ছ, Influence; importance weight; value, moment:—সমান; Distinction. [cause.
In consequence—এই ময়, Hence; for this In consequence of—এইছেড়; এইময়; By reason of; as the effect of.

Of consequence— वार्डक ; Of importance, value, or influence.

Consequent, konse-kwent, a. আপুৰসিক, Following as a natural effect or inference, diducible, attendant:—n. আপুৰন্তী বিষয়; কাৰণেৰ কাৰা বা কৰ; That which follows; the natural effect of a cause. ad=consequently.

Consequential, kon-se-kwenshal, a. আনুষ্কিক;
Following as a result - ক্ষমতাশাণীৰ ভাগবিশিষ্ট,
অংকাৰী, Pretending to importance; conceited
—সিকান্থ; Conclusive — আড়ববপূৰ্ণ; Pompous
Syn —Pompous, arrogant, inflated, pretentions ad=consequentially.

Conservant, kon-servant, a. বন্ধাবোগা, বন্ধা-সমর্গ: Having the power of preserving.

Conservation, kon-ser-váshun, n. उक् ; Pie-servation; protection.

Conservatism, kon-sérva-tizm, n. বন্ধাশীল-দণভূক ব্যক্তির মত; পবিষ্ঠনের প্রতি বিষাপ, The punciples and opinions of a Conservative; aversion to change.

Conservative, kon-sérva-tiv, a. বক্ষণীল , বক্ষণনৰ্থ; Preserving — বর্জধান প্রণালী বক্ষণেজ্ব; Disposed to maintain existing institutions .— পরিবর্জনিবরণী; Opposed to political changes: — n. বক্ষাভারী; One who, or that which preserves .— বক্ষণীল বাজি: উন্নতিকরে পরিবর্জিজ মাষ্ট্রের বর্জনান পাস-প্রণালী বক্ষণেজ্ব ব্যক্তি; (In politics) one opposed to unwarranted or hasty changes in state: —পরিবর্জনিবিবেরী; One averse to change.

Conservative ministry, n. ছিভিনীল সচিব্যক্ত। Conservator, końser-va-tor, n. বক্ক; One who preserves; a preserver:—শা্তিব্যক্ত; One who has the charge of preserving the public peace or the rights and privileges of a corporation.

Conservatory, kon-serva-tor-i, ল. বিণ্যালয় বা শিল্পালয় : A public place of instruction in learning or art :—বিংক্টার বৃষ্ণপভাবি রক্ষা কবিবার পুত : A green house:—a. বৃদ্ধবিদ; Having the quality of preserving from loss, decay, or injury. Conserve, kon-serv, v. t. [L. con, together, and servo, to kept] বৃদ্ধা-কু; To preserve; to retain:—বোৰঝা-কু; বনেৰ পাক-কু; চিনিৰ পাকে বাধা; আচাৰ-কু; To preserve in sugar; to pickle; to candy. n∞conserver.

Conserve, końserv, n. বোৰনা; Any fruit or vegetable preserved by sugar; a preserve. am conservable.

Consider, kon-sider, v t [L. considerare]
किञ्च-क्; To ponder; to study; to reflect:—
भरमारवान (मण्या; To attend to:—विरक्ता-कः;
To believe; to think; to regard:—विरक्ता-कः;
To reward:—नीनाव चाना; नी-कः; To take into account:—v i. बान-कः; क्यि-कः; To think seriously or carefully; to deliberate; to reflect.
Syn:—Ponder, weigh, revolve, study, reflect, meditate on, contemplate, examine, respect, regard, consult, care for, deliberate, cogitate, ruminate.

Considerable, kon-sider-a-bl, a. যাৰ্থীয় ; বাছ গণ্য ; গণনীয় ; Respectable, noteworthy—said of persons:—অবল ; অলাভিনিক : মধ্যবিদ্ধ : Moderately large :—প্রধান ; প্রেছনীয় ; Important :— ম্ল্যবান্ ; Valuable. ad=considerably. n=considerableness.

Considerate, kon-sider-মt, c. সভৰ; বিজ ; বিশুল্লকাৰী; Mindful of the rights, claims and feelings of others; thoughtful; prudent;—ব্যাবিষ; Moderate. Syn —Thoughtful, reflective, careful, discreet, prudent, judicious, deliberate, serious; forbearing, unselfish. ad=considerately. n = considerateness.

Consideration, kon-sid-er-dshun, ल. विघाव : आह्ताघना , दिव विछा ; Deliberation ; contemplation ; mature thought .— आपद ; नयापद ; Attentive respect; appreciative regard :— अध्यक्ष ; Motive, reason :— अध्यक्ष हिण्यती ; Purchase money; compensation; equivalent :— अध्यक्ष दा स्व द स्कृ वा स्व ; निषय निर्धावती (र्ष्कृ ; The reason or basis of a compact :— अध्यक्ष ; नयाब ; Respectability :— अध्यक्ष हिण्यती हर्ष ; Importance :— नरवाष ; अवधाव ; Notice.

In consideration of—এই বিবেচনা কৰিবা (অসু-কুল বিবেচনাই ব্যায়); On account of; taking into account (implying a favourable sentiment towards one).
[whole.

All things considered—(बार्ड); On the Under consideration—विरवहा; Under discussion or enquiry.

Considering, a. চিৰাশীল ; Deliberative ; reflective :—prep. পৰ্যালোচনা কৰিয়া ; Taking into account ; making allowance for.

Consign, kon-sin, v. t. [L. con, with, and signum, a sign or seal] সম্প্রিক ; হডাছব-কু; To give to another formally; to transfer:—ভাৰ-দে; To commit; to intrust:—দ্রব্য বিকল্পার্থ কাশ্যক হতে অপ্র-কু; To intrust goods to another for sale:—বিশিষ্ট-কু; To set appart; to appropriate:
—ব্যা-কু; To commit for permanent preservation.—বিশাসপুর্বক কর-কু; To commit:—স্কুড ব্য

चरा वाना ; To deposit. Syn :—Commit, deliver, intrust, resign, deposit with, transfer. मण्ड consigner.

Consign to—( কোন ছাবে ) বাসহান মিডিই-কু; Transfer to a place permanently:—নিক্ষেপ-কু; Throw into:—সন্প্-কু; Intrust to.

Consign to the flames—ভন্নী ভূত-কু; Reduce to ashes. [forget; to think no more. Consign to oblivion—ছূলিয়া-বা; Cause to Consign to the tomb—বোর-দে; Bury.

Consignee, kon-si-ne', n. বাহাতে দেওবা বায়, বা বাহাকে বিবান কৰিয়া কোন বস্তু ক্লন্ত কৰা বায়; যাহার হতে কোন বস্তুব ভার ভার্পা করা হয়; A factor; one to whom anything is consigned or intrusted.

Consigner, Consignor, n. कादार्गकाची ; One who makes a consignment.

Consignment, kon-simment, n. ভারাপন; অপন; The act of consigning:—বিক্রাথ প্রেবিড করা; Goods sent for sale:—চারান, The writing by which anything is made over.—ভত্ত বস্তু; The thing consigned.

Consist, kon-sist, v.t. [L. con, signifying completeness, and sisto—sto, to stand] হওৱা, ধাৰা; বচিত হওৱা; To be; to exist; to be composed of; to lie in:—অনুকাণ-হ; মিন ধাৰা, To be consistent or harmonious; to agree.

To consist in—(no passive) কোন কিছুতে থাকা, To lie in ( used with abstract nouns to indicate their true nature ); to be constituted by.

To consist of—(no passive) ৰাহা বাহা বাহা কৈয়া কোন কিছু হয় ভাষাতে হওয়া, চাষাতে এডকো থাকা;
To be made up of (used with concrete nount to indicate the parts which unite in composing a thing); to be composed of [consistent with.

To consist with—সমত বা উপ্তুক্ত ২০০০; To be Consistence, kon-sistence, Consistency, kon-sist-en-si, n. হৈয়া; ঘূচুশা, সংলগ্নহা; ঘনভা; দিলness, stability:—ঘনহা; ঘনতা, A degree of density:—সার; ঘূচুড়া, Substance, firmness of constitution or character:—একা; সম্ভাচ, বিশ্বন, Agreement; congruity, correspondence; uniformity. Syn:—Density, thickness; compactness; coherence; congruity, harmony, correspondence.

Consistent, kon-sistent, a. পৃচৰত্ব, গৃচ . Fixed, firm:—উপযুক্ত; Suitable, comfortable:—অত্বৰ, Not fluid;—সম্বৰ; সম্ভাসন্পর; Uniform. Syn—Accordant, harmonious, uniform, agreeing, consonant, cohesent, ad=consistently.

Consistent with—কোন কিছুৰ উপৰোগী; Suitable to:—কোন কিছুৰ সহিত মিল বা সক্ষত; In harmony with:—একত্ত্ব থাকিতে পাৰা, Capable of co-existing with.

Consistory, kon-sistor-i, n. ধর্মতা; Any solemn assembly or council:—ধর্মবিষয়ক বিদাবালয়; A spiritual or ecclesiastical court. a=consistorial.

Consociate, e. t. দিশিভ-তৃ; সংযুক্ত-তৃ; To asssociate:—v. i. সংযুক্ত-তৃ; দিশিভ-তৃ; To form an association.

Consociation, kon-sō-shi-āshun, n. [L. con, with, socias, a companion] 阳面明; 河南西南;

देश; Fellowship; companionship; alliance :--Union of neighbouring churches.

Consolable, kon-sola-bl, a. আৰাননীয়; লাজনীয়; সাজনায় থোগা; That may be comforted.
Consolation, kon-sol-ashun, n. নাম্না; মুংখাল-লোল ; Solace; alleviation of misery:—নাজনা; মুখাল্ড্ৰেল কাৰণ; Comfort; the cause of comfort:—মাননিক ৰসাধান; Refreshment of mind or spirit. Syn:—Solace, alleviating, support, re-

Consolatory, kon-sola-tor-i, s. সাহ্বাজ্যত্ব; প্রবাহক; Tending to soothe or impart comfort.
Console, kon-sol, v. t. [ L. con, intensive, and solar, to comfort] সাহ্বা-কু; প্রবাধ-কে; আহাস-পে; To cheer the mind in distress; to comfort; to soothe. Syn:—Solace, soothe, cheer, sustain, encourage, support. n=consoler.

lief, encouragement. e=consolatory.

Consolidate, kon-soli-dat, v. t. [ L. con, intensive, and solidus, solid ] মৃচ্চ ; মন-কৃ; To make solid; to harden or make dense:—সংযুক্ত-কৃ; কেন্দ্ৰ-কৃ; To unite, as various particulars into one mass or body:—v. i. মৃচ্ বা ঘন্ত; To grow solid or firm; to unite.

Consolidated fund -A repository of public money, pledged for the expenses of government.

Consolidation, kon-sol-i-dashun, n. मृहीकवन ; मृहरूज , The act of making or of becoming firm or solid

Consols, n pl. The English funded government security, formed by consolidation of different annuities.

Consonance, końson-ans, n. সুবেৰ মিলন; Agreement or union of sounds:—সকতি; সাম্ভস, Agreement of one thing with another; a state of agreement. a=consonantal. Syn:—Union, harmony, congruity, concord, conformity, suitableness, agreeableness.

Consonant, końson-ant. a. [L. con, with, and sono, to sound] শহত, উপযুক, অহুৰায়ী; Agreeing; congruous, consistent.—একাতানিক; Accordant; harmonious:—n. ব্যস্তব বৰ্ণ; A letter which cannot be perfectly sounded without a vowel Syn:—(a.) Accordant, harmonious; congruous, consistent; compatible. a=consonantal. ad=consonantly.

Consort, końsort, n. [ L. con, with, and sors, sortes, a lot ] দলী: দ্লী কিংবা স্বামী: A companion; a partner, especially a write or husband; spouse:—বে পোড অন্ত পোডের দলে থাকে, দংগানী পোড; An accompanying ship:—-আন্তবিক সহচর; An intimate associate.

Queen consort—The wife of a king as distinguished from a queen regnant, who rules alone, and a queen dowager, the widow of a king.

Consort, końsort, v. i. भरक शांका; To associate or keep company.

Conspectus, kon-spektus, n. সার নরেছ; ন-কিন্ত; Epitome; synopsis. Syn:—Synopsis, syllabus, epitome, abstract.

Conspicuous, kon-spiku-us, a. [L. cox, intensive, and specio, to look] mig; Manifest:

equinately; Clearly perceived or understood; obvious to the mind:—[44]/4; Eminent; celebrated; famous; prominent. n=conspicuousness. ad=conspicuously. Syn:—Visible, discernible, manifest, plain; marked, noted, distinguished, eminent, famous, illustrious, prominent, celebrated.

Conspiracy, kon-spir'a-si, अ. वहन्द ; क्रमीय भन्द इत्य ; क्ष्मुट ; A plot ; a banding together for an evil purpose :—वेदाय ; Concurrence. Syn:—Combination, plot, cabal, confederacy, intrigue, league.

Conspirant, a. क्यानाकांतक ; Plotting.

Conspirator, kon-spir'a-tor, ম. বছৰটা; বছৰত-কারী, চক্ৰান্তকারী; A plotter; one who engages in a conspiracy.

Conspire, kon-spir, v. s. [L. conspire—con, together, and spire, to breathe ] বন্ধ- ; ক্ৰ্যা-কু; To plot together; to plan; to hatch treason:—সাহাধা-কু; To concur to an end:— সম্ভ-ছ; To agree. Syn:—Concur, combine, co-operate, conduce, confederate, league, hatch treason, plot, intrigue, scheme.

Constable, kuństa-bl, n. শান্তিবক্ষক; চৌরিদার; A police-man; a peace-officer. n=constableship To overrun the constable—আয় অপেকা বায় অধিক-কৃ; To spend more than a man is worth or can pay (colleg).

Constabulary, kon-stabil-lar-i, a. পান্তিৰক্ষ বা পুলিশক্ষণী নপাৰ্কীয়; Pertaining to constables or peace-officers:—». পান্তিৰক্ষ নল; The body of constables.

Constancy, koństan-si, দ. অপৰিবৰ্তনালিকা;
অপৰিবৰ্তনীৰকা; Stability; fixedness; immutability:—বিৰ প্ৰতিকা; স্থানি প্ৰেম; বৃঢ়তা; অটপতা; Unshaken determination; lasting affection; fortitude; perseverance:—বৰ্ণাৰ্কতা; Reality; certainty. Syn:—Fixedness, stability, firmness, permanence, steadfastness, resolution, decision; uniformity, regularity.

Constant, koństant, a. [ L. con, intensive, sto, to stand ] অপহৰ্ণীয় ; অপৰিবৰ্জনীয় ; Immutable ; unchangeable :—আটল ; বিয় , অবিচলিত ; বিষয় ; বিষানী ; Firm in purpose ; faithful ; steadfast :—বিষমিত ; Certain ; steady :—ক্সমিক ; Continuous ; continual :—n. অপৰিবৰ্জনীয় বহু ; অক্ষণকাৰ্ম ; That which remains unchanged :—অপ্ৰিবৰ্জনীয় পজি ; In Physics, an invariable quantity or force. Syn:—(a) Stable, fixed, firm, permanent, unalterable, immutable, perpetual, continual, steadfast, uniform ; regular, stated, certain ; resolute, unshaken, determined.

Constantly, konstant-li, ad. গুঢ়কাৰ : অটলভাৰে ; Firmly ; fixedly ; perseveringly : — অবিছিনন্তে , অবিনত ; Continually.

Constellation, kon-stel-ashun, n. [L. con, together, stella, a star] বাৰি; নক্ষপুত্ৰ; A cluster or group of stars:—সৌক্রেয় বা ভাগের সমষ্ট : সৌক্রিয়মাবেল; An assemblage of beauties or excellencies.

Consternation, kon-ster-näshun, n. [ L. con, sig. completeness, and sterne, to strew, to throw

down ] क्रकण; जान्ता; चित्रा; बान; Dismay; astonishment; wonder; horror. Syn:—Alarming, fear, surprising dread, dismay, sudden fright, panic.

Constipate, konstip-at, v. t. [ L. con, together, and stipo, stipatus, to pack ] বছ-ফু: To stop as a passage by filling it and preventing motion through it; to shut up:—কোটবছ-ফু; To render costive.

Constipation, kon-stip-ashun, #. कि.; Act of crowding:—(कांश्वक); Costiveness.

Constituency, kon-stitu-en-si, n. এতিনিধি নিৰ্মাচকসমূহ ; The whole body of electors ; the body of constituents.

Constituent, kon-stitu-ent, a. আৰম্ভীয়; অভ্যাৰক্তক; উপাদান-সম্থান ; নিৰ্মাণনাম্ম ; Having the power of appointing, as the constituent body of a government :— n. উপাদান ; An essential or elemental part :—নিৰ্মাণনাম্ম : The person or thing which constitutes or composes :—নিৰ্মাচনম্ম :— তিন্ম লাভানিম : তিন who assists to appoint or elect a representative to an office :—পাৰ্গামেট সভাৱ ৰক্ত মাভিনিমি নিৰ্মাচন : One of those who elect a representative, especially in parliament. Syn:—Component, part, element, ingredient, principle; elector.

Constitute, koństit-üt, v. t. [ L. con, together, and statuo, to make to stand, to place ] ছাপিডফু; To set up; to establish:—তৈয়াৰ-ফু; সংঘটিভফু; To form, to compose:—নিযুক্ত-ফু; নিয়োগ-ফু;
To appoint, to depute, to empower:—আংদেশ-ফু;
To ordain. Syn:—Make, form; establish, exact; make up, form part of; appoint empower, delegate.

Constitution, kon-stit-Ushun, n. বিধান; বাৰভাপন; নিৰোগ; Formation:—করীর বা মনের
ভাপিন অবস্থা; The natural condition of body
or mind:—বিধিনমুহ; বাৰসা-সংহিতা; A system
of laws and customs:—স্থাপিত শাসনপ্রণানী; The
established form of government:—বিশেষ বাৰস্থা
বা আচার বাৰস্থার; A particular law or usage.
Syn:—Formation, establishment; form, nature,
disposition, habit, temperament.

Constitutional, kon-stit-u'shun-al, a. আভ্য-ভাৰিক নৈদানিক, Inherent:—ব্যৱস্থানসভ; আইল-সভত; Legal:—ব্যবস্থানখনীয় ; শাসনপ্ৰাণালী সভত; Relating to the constitution:—নিয়নভন্ত নথকীয়; Regulated by, dependent on, or secured by a constitution:—পৰীয় সংকীয়; Physical:—সং ভাছাবিধানাৰ্থ বাবুদেবন; শ্বীয় বছাৰ্থ বাবুদেবন; A walk for the sake of one's health; a brisk walk taken for preserving bodily health (familiar language.) ad—constitutionally.

Constitutional government—বিষয়তত্ত্ব পাসন-এণালী . A government where the ruler is subject to fixed laws.

Constitutionalist, kon-stit-u'shun-al-ist, Constitutionist, kon-sti-tu'shun-ist, ন বিশ্বতম্ বাস্ব-প্ৰশাসীৰ প্ৰপাতী; One who favours a constitutional government. Constitutive, konstit-tit-iv, a. নৌলিক; নাৰভূত; Elemental; essential:—ন্যৰহাপক; নহোপক; Having power to enact.

Constrain, kon-strain, v. t. [ L. con, together, stringo, to press ] খনন ক; বন্ধবাৰ ক; বাধান ক; বাধান ক; বাধান ক; বাধান ক; বাধান ক; বাধান ক; বিত্তা কল constrainable, ad=constrainedly. Syn:—Chain, confine, compress, constrict, repress; drive, urge, compel, force.

Constrainable, kon-straha-bl, a. निश्या; यांशा; That may be forced or repressed.

Constraint, kon-strant, স. অব্রোধ; Restraint; confinement:--(জার; বলপ্রকাশ; আবশ্যকভা; Compulsion; irresistable force; necessity.

Constrict, kon-strikt, ए. ई. मरङ्गार-कृ; यक्त-कृ; To bind; to cramp; to contract.

Constriction, kon-strikshun, n. नरकाछ ; नन्भी-इन ; Contraction ; compression.

Constrictor, kon-striktor, n. সভোচনারী; কুণনারী; That which contracts; that which draws together:—সপৰিশেষ; A large species of serpent; a serpent which crushes its prey in its folds; the boa-constrictor.

Constringe, kon-string, v. t. সভে চ-কু; সভুচিত-কু; To contract; to draw together.

Constringent, kon-strinjent, a. नरकारकम ; भारताक ; Having the power of contracting.

Construct, kon-strukt. v. t. [1. con, and strusts, to pile up] নিৰ্দাণ-কু; নিৰ্দিত-কু; To build; to form:—উদ্ধাবিত-কু; বচনা-কু; সকলন-কু; To devise; to invent; as, to construct a theory of ethics; to compose; to compile. Syn:—Erect, make, raise, frame; institute, found, fabricate, arrange, establish.

Construction, kon-strukshun, n. নির্দাণ; The act of constructing:—নির্দাণরণালী; Structure; manner of forming; conformation:—অর্ ; Meaning:—পদবিস্থান: Syntactical arrangement:—
স্থানিতির চিত্রপ্রণালী; The manner of drawing figures and diagrams in mathematics:—অট্রালিকা; মর; Building. Syn:—Election, formation, fabrication, composition, building, fabric, edifice; structure, form, figure, shape, configuration; interpretation, rendering, version.

Put a false construction upon—খন্তৰ ব্যাধান-কু; Misinterpret.

Constructive, kon-struktiv, a. বিশাপকয়; Having ability to construct or form:—সাপুষানিক; Derived by interpretation; not direct or expressed, but inferred. n=constructiveness. ad=constructively.

Constructiveness, kon-strukriv-nes, a. বিশ্বাপ শক্তি; The faculty of constructing.

Construe, koństrod, v. t. [L. construo, constructus, to pile together] বাগা-ক; অনুমান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; আৰ্থান-ক; তে interpret; to understand; to explain; to translate. Syn:—Analyze, parse; render, interpret, explain, expound; translate. [ লভয়া; Interpret as. Construe into—কোৰ কিছুৱ অন্ত বুকৰ অৰ্থ গ্ৰিমা Constuprate, v. t. বলাংকাৰ-ক; To violate the person of, to ravish.

Consubstantial, kon-sub-stanshal, ৫. এই-জাতীয় ; সুন্ধভাব : Of the same substance, essence, or nature. n=consubstantiality.

Consubstantialist, kon-sub-stań-shial-ist, প্ল. সাধাৰণ ধৰ্ম বা অকুডিডে বিধানকারী; One who believes in consubstantiation.

Consubstantiate, kon-qub-standhi-At, v. c. সাধাৰণ ধৰ্ম বা প্ৰকৃতিতে একজিত-কু; To unite in one common substance or nature.

Consubstantistion, kon-sub-stan-shi-রিংhun, n. সম্প্রকৃতি; State of being of the same substance; an identity or union of substance:—
(Theol.) সর্ভূস্ কণার নামক বৃষ্টোৎস্বেয় ভোজা ও পানীয়ে বৃষ্টের কেই এবং লোপিত বিদামান বাকে; লুবারের ইত্যাকার ধর্মদত; The actual presence of the body of Christ with the bread and wine of the Lord's Supper—opposed to Transubstantiation.

Consustude, końswe-tūd, #. बीडि; नीडि; Custom; usage. a=consustudinary.

Consustudinary, kon-swe-tud-ina-ri, a. প্রচ-লিড ; Customary :---n. বীভ্যাপুৰান্ধি উপান্ধা-পদ্ধতি ; A ritual of customary devotions.

Consul, końsul, n. শাসনকর্ত্তী ; বোষবাজ্যের চুইন্সন প্রধান ন্যাজিট্রেটের মধ্যে অক্তর ; Among the Romans, one of the two chief magistrates of the state :—কোন শাসনকর্ত্তীর বিদেশন প্রতিনিধি ; An officer appointed by a government to protect the interests of its citizens abroad :—The head of a French republic :—অন্তের সঙ্গে বে ব্যক্তি একত্রে লক্ষন বা কৃষ্ণিন করে; অন্তের সংঘোগে কর্মনারী ; One who leaps or springs together with another; one who acts in concert with another. Consular, końsul-ar, a. উত্ত ব্যক্তিটি স্পান্টির; Pertaining to a consul.

Consulate, końsül-না, গ. উক্ত শাস্থকহাৰ পদ, বাসন্থাৰ বা অধিকাৰ; The office, residence or jurisdiction of a consul. [Office of a consul. Consulship, গ. উক্ত শাস্থকহাৰ পদ বা কাৰ্যকাল; Consult, kon-sult, v. t. [L. consulto, inten. of consult, to consult] প্ৰাৰণ বা মত প্ৰভা; To seek opinion or advice:—উপ্তেশ মন্ত মাৰ্থনা-ক; মন্ত্ৰে মামাংসা বা কাৰ্য-ক; To apply to for instruction, to decide or act in favour of:—v. t. প্ৰাম্প প্ৰভা; বিবেচনা-ক; To take counsel; to deliberate:—ধীৰভাবে চিন্তা-ক; To consider with deliberation. Syn:—Deliberate, confer, take advice; care for, regard, consider.

Consultation, kon-sult-ashun, n. মন্ত্ৰণা; প্ৰামৰ্থ, বিচাৰ; Deliberation:—সনিতি; সভা; A council for deliberation.

Consumable, kon-sūrha-bl, s. বিদায় ; আংক-বোগ্য ; ক্ষমীন ; কংননীয় ; That may be destroyed.

Consume, kon-süm, w. t. [L. consumo, to destroy—con, sig. completeness, and sumo, sumptus, to take ] বিশাদ ; আ্বাদ ; To destroy in a sumo in the sum of t

expend, havish, squander, dissipate, lesson, spend. s=consumer.

Consummate, kon-sum or kon—, w. f. [ L. con, with, and summus, highest, perfect ] [ [ ] ; summus; To perfect; to finish; to complete. Syn:—Complete, conclude, perfect, finish, achieve, accomplish, effectuate.

Consummate, kon-sumat, a. চ্ডাৰ; সম্পূৰ্ণ; চৰ্ম্যাৱাৰ; Perfect; complete. ad ≃ consummately.

Consummation, kon-sum-ashun, ». পূৰ্বভা; চৰষ : মৃত্যু ; শেষ ; Completion ; perfection ; death, close.

Consumption, kon-sumshun, n. বিনাপ; আৰু, Decay; destruction:—ক্ষঃ অপচয়; Waste; diminution; loss:—ক্ষঃপা; A wasting away of the body by disease, generally understood of the lungs; Phthisis:—অনুষ্ঠাত বছৰ বাৰ্থাৰ: The use of the products of industry. Syn:—Waste, expenditure, loss, diminution, extinction, destruction, decay, phthisis, decline.

Consumptive, kon-sumitiv, a. ফ্ৰেকাৰী; Destructive; wasting:—ক্ৰেকোৰ্ড; ক্ৰেকাৰ ফ্ৰাৰ উপকাৰ; Affected with or inclined to consumption. ad=consumptively. n=consumptiveness.

Consumptiveness, kon-sumitiv-nes, #. ছা্বোপপ্ৰবাচা ; A tendency to consumption.

Contact, kontākt, n. [L. con, sig. completeness, and tango, to touch] সংশাৰ্গ, মিলন; A close union of bodies; a touching or meeting. Syn:—Touch, junction, close union, contignity. Contagion, kon-tājun, n. নংজৰ বাবা বোৰ উৎপাদন; সংকাদক বোৰ; Transmission of a disease by contact; catching disease; infection:—That which propagates evil or mischief.

Contagious, kon-tajus, a. সংক্রামক; ছোঁয়াচে; Catching:—নাগধর্মক; জীবনাগক; Pestilential: —নাগক; Spreading or communicable from one to another:—বিষাজ; Poisonous. ad=contagiously. n=contagiousness. Syn:—Poisonous, pestilential, epidemic, infectious, catching.

Contain, kon-tan, v. t. [ L. con, together, and teneo, to hold ] पाना-क; To comprise; to include; to be able to contain: — प्यन-क; साराजिय-ए; To restrain: — v. t. नाराज रहेन। पान-क; To live in continence or chastity. Syn: — Comprehend, embrace, include, embody; inclose, hold; restrain, keep in check; retain. Containable, kon-tana-bl, a. पानापाना; That may be contained.

Contaminate, kon-tami-nat, v. i. [ L. con, and ancient taminare, to violate ] अभिवान ; क्विक इं; To render impure; to sully; to taint, to pollute; to corrupt; to infect. Syn:—Pollute, defile, sully, taint, tarnish, stain, corrupt, depraye, infect.

Contamination, kon-tam-i-náshum, n. ত্যা;
সপৰিৱয়; কৰ্ষিত কৰা; Pollution; defilement;
taint. [ to make impure.
Contaminative, s. অপৰিৱৰ্ণক্য; Tending
Contemn, kon-tem, v. t. [ L. con, intensive,

and some to slight ] was ; (रकान-इ; To despise; to slight. n=contemner. Syn:—Disdain, spurn, slight, scorn, disregard, neglect.

Contemplate, kon-templat, v. t. ধ্যাৰ-ফু; To meditate on; to study; to muse:—মনত্ত-জু; অভিপ্ৰায়-ফু; To intend or design:—মনোবাগ-পূৰ্বাক দেখা; To consider or look at attentively:—v. t. ধ্যাৰযুক্ত-ছ; চিন্তা-ফু; To think seriously; to meditate:—জনুশীলন-ফু; To study. Syn:—Behold, deserve, study, ponder, muse, meditate on, dwell on, consider, intend, design, plan, purpose.

Contemplation, kon-tem-pla'shun, n. চিলা; মনোনিবেশ; Meditation:—ধ্যান; Holy meditation:—অস্থীনন; Study.

Be in contemplation—(कांच विषय कड़न। रुद्धा, वा क्यांचार्डा हना; हिसाब विषयोक्च रुद्धा; Be intended or be the subject of consideration. To have in contemplation—यनन-कृ; To intend.

Contemplative, kon-templa-tiv, c. চিশ্বাপীল; ব্যানপৰাৰণ; Given to study and reflection; thoughtful; meditative:—অধ্যয়নশীল; Employed in study. ad=contemplatively.

Contemporaneous, kon-tem-po-ra'ne-us, a. [L. con, together, and temporaneus—tempus, time] সম্পাধ্যিক; স্মকালীন; Living or being at the same time; contemporary:—n. সম্কাল্-ভালি; One who lives at the same time with us. ad=contemporaneously. n=contemporaneousness.

Contemporary, kon-tempo-rar-i, a. স্থ-সাম্থিক; Being or existing at the same time. Syn:—Coeval, coataneous, contemporaneous: —n. সম্কাল্থরী লোক; একসম্বের লোক; One who lives at the same time with another.

Contemporary with—काश्यक महिष मय-मामिक; Living at the same time with (another).

Contempt, kon-tempt, n. বুণা; অবজ্ঞা; Disdain; scorn:—অপ্যাৰ, লক্ষা; Disgrace; shame:— (Law) বিচারণতির প্রতি অসম্মান প্রদর্শন; বিচারাল্যের নিরমানীর প্রতি অসমান প্রদর্শন; Disobedience or disrespect to a court or a constituted authority. Syn:—Disdain, scorn, derision, mockery, neglect, disregard, slight, disrespect; disgrace, shame.

Contemptible, kon-tempfi-bl, a. নীচ; ৰিক্ট ; ধ্বিত : ঘুণাৰ্ছ ; Despicable ; vile ; mean ; base, worthless. ad=contemptibly. n=contemptibleness.

Contemptuous, kon-temptu-us, a. যুগাৰ্ণ; অৰক্তাহনক; Scornful; insolent:—গঞ্জিক; Haughty.

Contend, kon-tend, v. e. [L. contendo,—con, and tendo, to stretch, strain] বিবাদ-ক; প্রতিবোগিতা-ক, To contest; to vie; to quarrel:—ডৰ্-ক; ডৰ্কবিডৰ্ক-ক; To dispute; to argue; to debate:—চেট্টা-ক; To strive:—নিআ-ক; ভিষ্ভাষ-ক; To reprove. Syn:—Struggle, vie, strive, compete, cope, emulate, contest, litigate, dispute, debate.

Contend against—airine of one fage ofte cond; Struggle against (a person or circumstances).

Contend for—(six faces we faces to be at the cost of the transfer of the content 
Contend with -- वाश्वक ममकक इहेवाब कड (हडी-इ ; Vie with or struggle with (a rival).

Content, kon-tent, a. সন্তঃ ; পৰিত্তঃ ; Satisfied :

— v. i. পান্ত- কৃ ; সন্তঃ- কৃ ; To appease ; to make quiet ; to please or gratify, Syn :— (v) Satiate, satisfy ; delight, gladden ; indulge, humour, please, gratify ; suffice.

Content, kontent or kon-tent, n. পৰিমাণ; Measure or capacity:—সংস্থাব; Rest, satisfaction; moderate happiness:—pl. আংগৰ বস্ত সমু-পাছ; পুৰকের স্টিপার; The things contained; the list of subjects treated of in a book.

Contented, kon-tented, a. পৰিতৃষ্ট; সভঃ: Quiet, easy in mind. ad=contentedly. n= contentedness, contentment.

Contention, kon-tenshun, n. বিৰাণ; প্ৰভিত্যপিতা, Contest; quarrel; strife:—বিচাৰ; তৰ্ক; Controversy; altercation, debate:—উৎসাহ: একাজা; Ardour; eagerness; zeal. Syn:—Struggle, competition, emulation, litigation, quarrel, conflict, dissension, variance, disagreement, discord; dispute, debate, altercation, wrangling. Contentious, kon-tenshus, a. বিৰাদ্ধিয় ব কৰ্মান্ত্য Quarrelsome; given to angry debate:—বিৰাদ্ধ্যমন্ত্ৰীয়; Relating to contention or strife. ed=contentiously. n=contentiousness. Syn:—Quarrelsome, pugnacious, wrangling; disputatious, litigious, perverse, peevish, cavilling.

Contentment, kon-tent-ment, n. তৃথি; সহাই; Satisfaction; gratification.

Contents, n. pl. স্টিপত ; নিৰ্থট ; The heads of a book ; an index.

Conterminate, kon-ter'min-3t, Conterminal, kon-ter'min-al, Conterminous, kon-ter'min-µs, a. [ L. con, together, and terminus, a boundary) अवजीय: श्रीयांचर्यकं ; श्रीयांचर्यकं ; Having the same bounds or boundaries, contiguous.

Contest, kon-test, v. t. [ L. con, and testor, to be a witness—testis, a witness ] চেষ্টা-কৃ; To strive for:—বিবাদ-কৃ; আপত্তি-কৃ; To dispute, to controvert:—v. i. বিবাদ-কৃ; প্রতিবাসিতা-কৃ; To contend, to vie, to emulate. a=contestable Contest, kohtest, n. বিবাদ; যুদ্ধ; মানামারি; A conflict; strife in arms; combat, battle:—বাদাম্বাদ; তর্ক বিতর্ক; Controversy; debate. Syn:—Conflict, combat, battle, encounter, shock, struggle; dispute, debate, controversy. a=contestable.

Contestable, a. धन्याना ; विवास ; That may be called in question or disputed.

Context, koń-tekst, n. [ L. con, together, texo, textus. to weave ] ৰাকাপ্ৰসঙ্গ প্ৰবন্ধ , একল সংবাদ বা বচিত পদাৰ্থ; The parts of a discourse that precede or follow the text quoted.

Contexture, kon-tekstur, n. जान मसूरका वर्ग-

शांत नतिर्वण: विश्वानवर्गानी; कार्यावर्गानी; Com-

Contiguity, kon-tig-ti'i-ti, w. रेपकी; जाविता; Nearness of situation or place:—————————; A touching.

Contiguous, kon-tig'u-us, a. বিকটছ; স্বীপ্ৰতী; পাৰ্যছ; Adjoining; near. ad=contiguously. n=contiguousness. Syn:—Adjoining, adjacent, beside, bordering, touching, near, neighbouring Contiguous to—সংলগ্ধ; Adjoining, in contact with.

Continence, końti-nens, Continency, końti-nen-si, n. সিডেলিয়তা; ইলিয় গ্যন; মৃতীয়, Voluntary restraint of one's desires; self-command; chastity.

Continent, konti-nent, n. ম্বাদেশ; A large extent of land containing many countries:—
ইয়োবোপেন মহাপ্রদেশ, The mainland of Europe, as distinguished from the Island.

Continent, kohti-nent, a. [L. con, together, and teneo, to hold] কিতেলিছ; সংখত; মিতাচার, ধর্মনিয়; Restraining the indulgence of desires or passions, specially, as to sexual intercourse, temperate; chaste ad=continently.

Continental, konti-nent-al, a. মহাপ্রবেশ স্থ-জীয়; Pertaining to a continent, especially to Europe as distinguished from England, or to the American colonies, during the Revolution

Contingence, kon-tifijens, Contingency, kon-tifijen-si, n. দৈৰ্ঘটনা; আকস্থিক ঘটনা; ভবিত্যা বিষয়; An accidental possibility; an un foreseen event; an accident, incident. Syn:—Fortuity, uncertainty, possibility, casualty, accident, chance; occurrence, event.

Contingent, kon-tinjent, a. [ L. contingo, to touch, to happen ] অনিচিত; আকস্পিক; Uncertain; casual:— দৈৰাধীৰ; Depending on something else:—n. দৈৰ্ঘটনা; অনিচিত ঘটনা; Contingency:— দৈৰুদ্দেৰ অংখ; A quota; a share or portion; as, of soldiers. ad=contingently. Syn:—(a) accidental, incidental, casual, fortuitous, conditional, uncertain.

Continual, kon-tinual, a. অবিষত; ক্ষাগত, নিমত; অবিষাম; Unceasing; perpetual constant; incessant. Syn:—Constant, continuous, perpetual, unceasing, uninterrupted, unintermitted. ad=continually.

Continuance, kon-tinuans, n. ছারিছ; Permanence; duration:—অবস্থিতি; বাস; Abode; residence; stay:—অবিভিন্ন অসুক্ষ; Continuation, uninterrupted succession.

Continuation, kon-tin-u-ashun, #. অবিভিন্ন অনুষ্ঠি; ক্ষাপুর্তি; বিভৃতি; Constant succession, extention. [Continuing.

Continuative, kon-tinu-a-tiv, a. ক্ষাগত, Continuator, kon-tinu-a-tor, n. অপুলৰ সং-বৃষ্ণ; One who continues or keeps up a series or succession.

 कुन्यः To unite without break:—िन्यं ना-यः To persevere in:—क. वे. विधि-मः ; To abide ; to stay :—वादी-यः ; To endure ; to last :—विश्वाय-साम अवदे कार्या नाग्यं वाका ; To persevere. Syn : —Persevere, persist ; abide, stay, last, endure. Continued, kon-tinud, a. विष्यः Extended :— विश्वायः Unceasing; uninterrupted. ad=continuedly.

Continuity, kon-tin-u'i-ti, প্ল. অবিচিন্ন বোগ; অবিচিন্নতা; ব্যবধানবাহিত্য; Uninterrupted connection: cohesion.

Continuous, kon-tinuous, a. অধিনিয়া; Uninterrupted:—সংশিষ্ট, সংযুক্ত; Connected, continued. Syn:—Connected extended, prolonged; unbroken, uninterrupted. ad=continuously (অধিক্রিকাবে)।

Contort, kon-tort, v. f. [ L. con, intensive, and forqueo, fortus, to twist ] चाक्षित-कृ; (माठ्याहरीत्य : To writhe ; to twist together.

Contortion, kon-tor'shun, n. आकूणन ; वजीवना; A violent twisting ; distortion.

Contour, kon-toor', n. [Fr. contour, from con, and tour, a turning ] আফার; সীবাস্চত বেখা; The outline:—পরিধি; The periphery of a figure.

Contraband, kohtra-band, a. বিবিদ্ধ; অবিহিত; Prohibited:—n. বিবিদ্ধ পাণ; অভার বাণিলা; Illegal traffic; prohibited goods. Syn:—(a) Forbidden, illicit, smuggled, interdicted, illegal

Contrabandist, kohtrā-band-ist, n. (4 व्यक्ति

एक वा निया आयशांनी वशांनी करव ; A smuggler. Contract, kon-tract, v. f. [L. con, together, and traho, to draw] मःक्विन् ; क्यांन ; To abridge; to shorten; to lessen:—मङ्गिक-कृ; To wrinkle:—(विवाहार्ष) वाण्यांन-कृ; To betroth; to affiance:—(यांव) अध-कृ; To incur:—किंगांकिन-कृ, To acquire:—विवान-कृ; To bargain for .— आयशन-कृ; To bring on, as a disease:—v. व्यायशन-कृ; To bring on, as a disease:—v. व्यायशन-कृ

Contract, kontrakt, n. निषम ; हिन्न ; An agreement between parties, imposing obligations and conferring rights upon each .— निषम नव, अधिकानी । अकराय वाया ; A bond ; the writing containing the terms of an agreement :— देवनिष्य अध्यः ; An act of betrothment. Syn :— Compact, stipulation, arrangement, obligation, eagagement, pact, bond, treaty.

Contracted, kon-trakted, s. স্কুচিড; ক্ষীৰ্ণ; Drawn together; narrow:—বাঁচ; Mcan:— মান্তিঃ; Abridged:—বাৰ্ডড; Betrothed. sd= contractedly. n=contractedness.

Contractible, kon-trakti-bl. a. সংক্ৰেপৰীয়; বিভাগৰীয়; Capable of being contraction. সজ্জ contractibility, contractibleness.

Contractile, kon-traktil, a. न्याप्त ; न्याप्त ; न्याप्त न्य ; Tending to contract; having power to contract. necontractility.

Contraction, kon-trakshun, ন. সংক্ৰেণ্ডৰ; আকুণন্দৰীৰ সংস্থাত ; Contracting :—সংক্ৰিত শব্ধ ; A word shortened by rejecting a part of it.

Contractor, kon-traktor, n. চুক্তিবাৰক ; চুক্তি-কাৰী ; One who engages to do a certain service or work at a stipulated price or rate.

Contra-dance, kontra-dans (corruptly country-dance) n. মৃত্যবিশেষ; A dance in which the parties are arranged in opposite lines.

Contradict, kon-tra-dikt, v. t. [L. contra, against, and dico, to speak] অধীকাৰ-ফু: প্রতিবাদ-ফু: To gainsay; to deny; to impugn; to oppose. Syn:—Gainsay, deny, negative, dispute, oppugn, impugn; counteract, contravene.
Contradiction, kon-tra-dikshun, n. অধীকাৰ; প্রতিবাদ; বিশ্বীতচা; বিশ্বীতচাৰ; প্রতিবাদ; বিশ্বীতচাৰ; composition; inconsistency. Syn:—Gainsaying; opposition, contrariety, inconsistency, antagonism.

Contradictive, kon-tra-diktiv, a. विश्व, अवज्ञ ; Containing contradiction ; adverse ; inconsistent.

Contradictory, kontra-diktor-i, a. विगवी : Affirming the contrary:—विगव ; भवन्य विद्वादी ; Inconsistent ; opposite ; contrary :—n. In Logic, a proposition opposed to another in all its term. ad=contradictorily.

Contradistinctive, kon-tra-dis-tinktiv, a. বিশ্বীত ৩৭ ছাবা বিভিন্নকাৰী; বিভিন্ন ৩৭সমূহ ছাবা পাৰ্থক; এদৰ্শন; Distinguished or marked by opposite quantities.

Contradiatinotion, kon-tra-dis-tinkshun, ম. স্থা বৈষম্য স্থাৰা প্ৰভেদ বৈপমীতা; Distinction by opposite term:—ভূসৰাম পাৰ্থকা; Distinction by contrast.

Contradistinguish, kon-tra-dis-ting gwish, v. t. বিপৰীত গুণ বাবা বিভিন্ন-কু; বিভিন্ন ভূগ বাবা পাৰ্বক্য অনুশ্ৰ-কু; To distinguish by contrast.

Contralto, kon-trafto, n. The part sung by the highest male or lowest female voice:—The voice or singer performing this part.

Contrariety, kon-tra-ri'e-tı, n. विक्षण ; देवन-बोण, परेनका ; Opposition ; repugnance ; inconsistency ; disagreement.

Contrariwise, kontra-ri-wiz, ad. পকাৰৰে, অভাবক, বিৰুদ্ধণকৈ; On the other hand.

Contrary, kontra-ri, a. [L. contrarius—contra, against] প্রতিকুল; বিপরীত; Acting against or in an opposite direction:—আসমত; Inconsistent; repugnant:—In logic, opposed in qualities only:—n. বিপরীত ভাবিশিক্ত পর্যার্থ; বিকল্প ধর্ম বা ভাগালার বাদার্থ; A thing of opposite qualities. nescontrariness. ad—contrarily. Syn:—(a) Adverse, repugnant, antagonistic, hostile, inimical; discordant, inconsistent; perverse, froward, wayward.

Contrary to—বিপদীত ; Opposite to :—( কোৰ বিব্যের) বিকল্প ; In opposition to :—কোন বিক্লপ বিকল্পে (কোন নানসিক বৃত্তির বিকল্পে মুখার) ; Against closure mental belof or supposition ).

On the contrary—चनव परक ; नक्षावर, अकृत्क ; वृद्द : On the other hand. Contrast, kontrast, n. তুলনা বাবা বৈপরীভ্য প্রদ-বন, বৈষম্য প্রংবন, Opposition, exhibition of differences.

Contravallation, kon-tra-val-å-shun, n [ L contra, opposite to, and vallo, vallatus, to fortify ] অৱস্থা ব্যক্তিশিংগৰ বহিন্দ্ৰ নিৰ্বাৰণাৰ্থ নিৰ্মিত থাত বা গড়, in fortification, a trench, with a parapet between the camp and the place be-sieged, formed by besiegers.

Contravene, kon tra ven, v t [L contra, against, venzo, to come] नार्-न, नापा-तन, 10 oppose, to hinder, to defeat, to baffle Syn—Contradict, set aside, cross, obstruct, oppose, counteract, countervail, thwart

Contravention, kon-tra-venshun, ল প্ৰতিবোধ, বিবোধ, ব্যক্তিক্ম, বাধা, Opposition, obstruction — প্ৰাণ , ভাষা, A defeating of the operation or effect as of law or treaty

Contributary, kon-tribu-tar-i, a কৰণ , সাহাৰ্য-কাৰী; অংশশভা, Paying tribute to the same sovereign

Contribute, kon-tribut, ত t [L con, along with, tribuo, tributus, to give] আংশ-দে, অপবেৰ লগে বেওয়া, অত্তের কহিত দান-কু, Io pay a share, to give to a common stock or for a common purpose—v ঃ অংশ-দে, To give or bear a part n=contributor ( সাহায়দাতা, অবজ্নাতা) & Syn —Furnish, supply, subscribe, bestow, conduce, conspile minister

Contribute to— চানা বেডয়া, Gave one s portion to a common stock — সহায়তা কু Help in bring ing about —কোন কিছতে আনা, Lead to — সংবাদণতে বেখা, Write for (a newspaper of review) along with others.

Contribution, kon-trib-u'shun, n সাধাৰণ ভাঙা বেৰ দান, সাধাৰণ উচ্ছেশ সাধনাৰ্থ সাহাব্য দান, The payment of each mans share of some common expense — অৰ্ণান, চালা, Anything given to a common stock — কৰ টাল, Imposition levied on a conquered town or country Syn — Grant bestowal, donation, offering gift, subscription Contributive, kon tribu-try, Contributory, kon-tribu-tor-i, a সাহাব্যভাৱী, আসুকুলা কৰ্ণক্ষ, Promoting the same end, helping

Contrite, kontrit, a [L con, and tero, to bruise] আৰুত্থ, অনুভাগভাৱী, Penitent, repentant. Syn —Penitent, repentant, humble, sorrowful ad=contritely

Contrition, kon-trishun, n অনুভাগ, পাপতেত্ মুখ, Remorse, compunction. Syn —Repentance, penitence, lumiliation, compunction, self-reproach

Contrivance, kon-trivans, n উপায়েত্বাৰল . The act of planning or devising — অভিনাম, কৌলন ;

তণায়, কল্পনা; উদ্দেশ, Thing contrived; plan; artifice, invention, design Syn —Fabrication, formation, invention, design; device, plan, plot, scheme, project.

Control, kon-trol, v ধ ব্যন্ত ; শাস্ত্র ; To restrain, to check, to govern —n. ব্যন্ত্র দাস্ত্র, সংবেশ , Restraint, government — প্রস্তুত্ব আজা, Restraining influence, command. Syn—(v) Restrain, rule, check, curb, overpower, counteract, govern, direct, command, superintend, manage

Controllable, kon-trollable, a গ্ৰাৰ, গ্ৰন্থৰ,
শাস্থীয় I hat may be checked or restrained.
Controller, kon-troller, Comptroller, n
হিনাৰাধ্যক, হিনাৰ-প্ৰীক্ত , One who checks the accounts of others —শাসন্কাৰী , One who controls or restrains n=controllership

Controlment, kon-trolment, n भागन , भगन . अधिरवाप , Restraint , control . opposition.

Controversial, kon-tro-ver'shal, a বিষাণ বা বিভৰ্ক সৰ্বনীয় , Relating to dispute. ad=contro versially [ভাকিক , Disputant

Controversialist, kon-tro-vér'shal-ist, n Controversy, kon-tro-vér-si, n विवास, विस्कं, विवास, विद्वास, Disputation, discussion or de bate, quairel, strife, contest Syn—Discussion, dispute, debate, contention, disputation, wrangle, strife, quarrel

Controvert, kontro-vert, v t. [L. contra, against, and verto, to turn] আপত্তি- ক, বঙ্গ কু আৰীকাৰ কু, ৰাদাখুৰাদ কু, Io oppose, to refute, to argue against

Controvertible, kon-tro-verti bi, a विवाहार्थ विश्वनहानीय , Disputable ad=controvertibly. Controvertist, Controversialist, kon-tro

Controvertist, Controversialist, kon-tro vershal ist, n তাৰিক . A disputant Contumacious, kon-til-máshus, a অবাধ্য , এক

श्रा Obstinate, southernants, a च्या, वर्ष भ्रा Obstinate, stubborn — भ्रम , ख्रिश्म भ्रमानीय, Disobedient to lawful authority Syn — Stubborn, obstinate, perverse, unyielding, haughty, headstrong, rebellious, refractory, intractible ad∞contumaciously, n∞contumaciousness

Contumacy, kontu-masi, ৯. আবাধাতা, এই-ভামে, Stubbornness, disobedience — বাজাতা ব্যস্থ , Contempt of lawful authority. Syn — Stubbornness, perverseness, obstinacy, haughtiness, contempt, disobedience, rebelliousness.

Contumelious, kon-tū-me'li-us, a প্ৰিত, উদ্বত , অসন্ত্য , পান্তিক , Insolent , haughty , rude and sarcastic in speech ad=contumeliously n=contumeliousness

Contumely, kontū-mel-i, n they; wast, git, insolence, reproach, contemptuous. Syn—Indignity, affront, abuse, scorn, disdain.
Contuse, kon-tuź, v t [L con, and tundo, to

beat, to bruise ] বিশেষিভ-ড়; পেৰণ-ড় To bruise ; to beat ; to crush.

Contusion, kon-tuzhun, n. त्यय, ह्योक्य ; A bruise. Syn:—Bruise, wound. [riddle. Conundrum, kon-undrum, n. द्यादिका; A Convalesco, kon-val-es, v. v. [L. con, and salesco, valco, to be strong] नीएए। अमारक यात्राक्त ; चारवानाना कवाव या याद्यानाच-कृ; To recover health and strength after sickness.

Convalescence, kon-val-e-ens, Convalescency, n. নীড়োপখনাতে বাছা এবং বললাভ; বোগ-খাত্তিব পথ ক্ৰমে ক্ৰমে খাছা ও বললাভ; Recovery of health after sickness; renewal of health.

Convalescent, kon-val-c-ent, a. পুন: খাষ্যা
লাভাৰ্থ; জ্বলা: খাষ্যালভাৰী, Gradually recovering health and strength after sickness:—н. বে
পুন: খাষ্যালভ কবিখেছে; One recovering health.
Convection, kon-vek-shun, n. [ L. con, and
weko, I carry ] সঞ্চালন; ভ্ৰল বা ৰাম্পীয় পদাৰ্থে
খ্যা দিয়া ভাগাদি সঞ্চালনের প্রক্রিয়া; the process
of transmission of heat or electricity through
liquids or gases by means of currents.

Convene, kon-veh, v.i. [ I. con, together, and venio, to come ] সম্বেড-ছ; সম্প্র-ছ; একত্র-ছ, মিলিড-ছ; To meet; to assemble:—v.t. সম্বেড-কৃ, একত্র আহ্বাম-কৃ; To cause to assemble; to call together Syn—Meet, assemble, congregate; summon, call, convoke.

Convener, kon-vener, u. মভাপতি; The chairman of a committee; one who convenes a meeting.

Convenience, kon-vēńyens, Conveniency, kon-vēńyen-si, n. উপযোগিতা; Fitness; adaptedness:—সুবিধা; সুধসান্ত্ৰা; Commodiousness; ease; accomodation.

Convenient, kon-venyent, a উপযুক্ত . Suitable , becoming .— সুবিধাৰ নক, সুধ্বাদ ; Commodious ; handy. Syn .—Fitted, suited, fit, handy, helpful, suitable, seasonable, timely, useful. ad = conveniently.

Convent, kohvent, n. [ L. conventus—convenio, to come together ] ৰঠ, ধৰ্মালা; A monastary or nunnery.

Conventicle, kon-vehti-kl, n. डेनामबा-मिकि. An assembly especially for schismatical worship applied in contempt to a meeting for worship of dissenters from the Established Church. Convention, kon-venshun, n. भरदश्य : Union : coalition .- बीकि ; बावशंब ; Usage ; conventionalism :—প্ৰতিনিধিৰ সভা; An assembly of delegates or representatives :- विषयभक्, कहाव : An agreement made before a treaty :- (English History) An extraordinary assembly of the estates of the realm, held without the king's writ; as, the assembly which restored Charles II. to the throne, and that which declared the throne to be abdicated by James II. Syn: - Convocation, meeting, congress; contract, stipulation, agreement, bargain, compact. Conventional, kon-venshun-al, a. शिरीहर ; অভিনিধিকছক নিৰ্দাধিত ; Stipulated ; formed by agreement or compact :-- अञ्चलिख ; बाबश्वमूलक, नानशानिक ; Sanctioned by usage ; customary ; as, "conventional decorum". Syn :—Stipulated, bargained for; usual, customary, common, ordinary, every day, social, ad=conventionally.

Conventionalism, kon-ven-shun-al-ism, ».
নৰ্বাদিনমুখ রীভি; প্রচলিভ ভাষা; That which is
established by custom; conventional phrase.

Conventionality, kon-ven-shun-al-i-ti, s.
সাধান্তিক আচাৰ বাৰহাৰ পালন; নিৰ্দাৰণ; The state
of being conventional; adherence to social
formalities or usages.

Conventual, kon ventu-al, a. ধর্মদালা বা ৰঠ সংক্ষ্ট, Belonging to a convent:—n. মঠবানী; সন্ত্যাদিনী: A monk or nun.

Converge, kon-verj, v. i. [ L. con, together, and vergo, to incline ] अवशानिक्यी-र; To incline or tend to one point.

Convergence, kon-verjens, Convergency, kon-verjens-i, n. এক বিৰু বা বস্তুৰ প্ৰতি উন্নতঃ; একস্থানাচিম্বতা; Tendency to one point.

Convergent, kon-vergent, a. একছানাভিছ্ৰপাৰী; Tending to one point; converging.

Conversable, kon-versabl, a. আলাণা; সং-লাপপ্রিয়; সন্থাবশিষ্টা, সামাজিক, Ready or free to converse, sociable ad=conversably.

Conversant, końvers-ant, a সংলাপী; Having frequent or customary intercourse; intimately acquainted:—অভিন্য ; বিচ্ছা, দক; Versed in , skilful, well-informed:—সপ্ৰীয়; Having concern or relation.

Conversant with—বিশেষরপে অবপত ; Familiarly acquainted with (by contact or study ). Conversation, kon-ver-sashun, n. আবৃশি ; Familiar intercourse ; close acquaintance:—গল্প, Familiar discourse ; chat. Syn:—Intercourse, communion, familiarity ; discourse, dialogue, talk, chat, conference, confabulation. Conversational, a. আবৃশিক্ষতীয়, Pertaining to conversation, colloquial.

Conversationalist, kon-ver-sashun-al-ist, Conversationist, n মংলাপগট্ ব্যক্তি, সম্বাদপট্ ব্যক্তি; One who excels in conversation.

Conversazione, kon-ver-sa-se-o'ne, n. আলা-পের অন্ত ন্যাল্য : দাহিত্যবিষয়ক আলোচনার্থ দতা: A meeting or company for conversation, esp. on literary subjects. pl=conversazionni (-ne). Converse, kon-vers, v. i. [L. con, intensive, and verse, to turn much,—verte, to turn] ক্রেণ্ডিক্রন-কৃ, আলাপ-কৃ; বালাপ-কৃ; বালাপ-কি; বালাপ-কৃ; বালাপ-কি; বালাপ-কি; বালাপ-কি; বালাপ-কি; ব

Converse, końvers, n. কৰোপকাৰ; আলাপ; প্ৰিচয়, কৰাবাৰ্ত্তা; Familiar discourse or talk, conversation.

Converse, kon-vers, n. Res et levale aften; In mathematics, a change in the form of a proposition, inverting its order and making the conclusion the premise:—In Logic, a sentence or proposition in which the terms are interhanged; as, no virtue is vice, no vice is virtue:— a. বিশ্ব, বিশ্বীত, পরিবর্ত্তিত ; Opposite ; reciprocal. ad=conversely.

Conversion, kon-ver'shun, ম. ভাষান্তৰ প্ৰান্তি;
Transmutation; change from one state to another:—চৰিক্ৰেৰ আমূল পৰিবৰ্ত্তন; চৰিক্ত সংশোধন; In a theological or moral sense, a radical change of heart or moral character:—ধর্মপিনিবর্ত্তন; A change from one religion to another:—বিশেষ কার্য্যে নিয়োগ; Appropriation to a special purpose:—(স্থামপান্তান্ত্ৰান্ত্ৰ) প্রতিক্তান প্রতিক্তান্ত্র প্রতিক্তান প্রতিক্তান প্রতিক্তান ক্ষিত্র প্রতিক্রান ক্ষিত্র প্রতিক্তান ক্ষিত্র প্রতিক্র প্

Convert, kon-vert, [L. converto, conversus—con, and verto, to turn] ক্লাছৰিজ-কৃ; To change or turn into another substance or form:—পৰি-ৰাজ্য-কৃ; To change from one state to another:—জ্ঞ ধৰ্মে শীকিজ-কৃ; To change from one religion to another or from one party to another:—চৰিজ্ঞ কাম্পোধন-কৃ, To turn from a bad life to a good one:—কাৰ্যাছফে নিযুক্ত-কৃ; To turn from one use into another:—নিয়োল-কৃ; To appropriate or apply to one's use or to personal benift:—To change one proposition into another, v.i. ভিত্তাৰ-ই; পৰিষ্ঠিত-ই; To undergo a change. Syn:—Change, turn; transmute, transform, interchange, transpose; apply, appropriate.

Convert, konvert, n. বংশভাগী; One who has changed his religion. Syn:—Proselyte, neophyte, pervert, catechumen.

Convert into-পৰিবৰ্ত্তৰ- क , Change into.

Convert to— সম্প্রতিষ্ঠান করান; Cause one to renounce one's own religion and embrace (another).

Convertible, kon-vērti-bi, a. প্রিক্লীল; বিশিষ্থযোগ্য; That may be changed or used for one another; transmutable. n=convertibility.

Convex, kon-veks, a. [ L. con, together, and neho, to carry ] বহিন্দিকে গোলাকাৰ স্থান্ধ ; Rising into a round form on the outside:—n. স্থান্ধ বন্ধ ; A convex body. ad=convexly.

Convexed, kon-vekst, a. वृश्कित यक्तीरूक ; Made convex. ad = convexedly.

Convexity, kon-yeksi-ti, n. সুয়ক্তা; গোলাবার বছর বহিন্দিক, Roundness of form on the outside. Convexo-conceve, a. সুয়ক্তান, Convex on one side, and concave on the other.

Convexo-convex, a. Sere: NW; Convex on both sides.

Convey, kon-vá, v. t. [ L. con, along with, and viu, a way ] ছানাখাবিত-কৃ; বছন-কৃ; আনম্প-কৃ; তে carry; to bear, to transport:—সম্প্-কৃ; ভাষাভাষ্টি-কৃ; To make over:—জাপন-কৃ; জাখ-কৃ; To impart or communicate. Syn:—Transport, bear, remove; impart, communicate; transfer, transmit, demise; devolve, cede, grant. n=conveyer. a=conveyable.

Conveyable, kon-váa-bl, c. হভাতৰ যোগ্য; That may be conveyed.

Conveyance, kon-váans, s. বছন; The act of conveying '-- ংখাৱন কৰণ, সম্পত্তি হয়ান্তবিক কৰণ,

Transference; assignment:—पांचम; पांच; The means of carrying a thing from place to place, as a waggon, a railway, a camel.

Conveyancer, kon-vžans-èr, ম. হৰাছাৰিত কং-ণাৰ্থ প্ৰবেশক; A lawyer employed to draw up writings by which property is transferred to another.

Conveyancing, kon-vaans-ing, ». সৰ্পণ্য বা দলিল লিখা; হয়ান্ত্ৰৰ-প্ৰদেশকেৰ কাৰ্য; The business of drawing deeds or other writings for transferring property.

Convict, kon-vikt, v. t. (शव धवान-इ; जनवादी जावाय-इ; To prove guilty of an offence; to pronounce guilty. Syn:—Detect; convince; confute.

Convict, kohvikt, n. অপৰাধী, অপৰাধ্যক কঞ্জান্ত ব্যক্তি; অপৰাধী ব্যক্তি; Malefactor; a felon; criminal, culprit. [or find one guilty of. Convict (one) of—বিচাৰে দোবী নাৰ্যক-কু; Prove Conviction, kon-vikshun, n. দোবী সঞ্জনান কৰণ; দোব প্ৰধান; The act of finding or proving to be guilty:—ক্ৰম নিৰ্কিশ ; The act of convincing one of error or of compelling one to admit the truth; confutation:—কৃষ্ণ প্ৰভাৱ, মৃদ্ধ বিৰাল; Strong belief.

Convince, kon-vins, v. t. [ L. con, signifying completeness, and vinco, to conquer ] সংক্ষ ভন্ন-কু; সভামিখা সহকে নি:নবেছ-কু; অংক প্রাকৃত-কু; বিভাবে প্রাক-কু; To satisfy by proof; to overcome by argument. n=convincible. admiconvincingly.

Convince (one) of—( কোন জৰ সমস্কে বা কোন বিষয়ের সভাভা সমস্কে) প্রভাষ কমাইয়া দেওয়া; Satisfy one's mind by evidence ( of some error he has made, or of the truth of some point ),

Convivial, kon-vivi-al, a. { L. con, together, and vivo, to live ] উৎসৰ সৰজীয় ; সাধানিক, অকুনিড ; Festal ; social ; jovial. Syn :—Festive, social, jovial, gay, mirthful, merry. admconvivially. n=conviviality.

Conviviality, n. সানশচিত, প্রস্তুর ব্য ; Good humour or mirth indulged in at an entertainment.

Convocation, kon-vo-káshun, n. নভার আ্কার;
The act of calling or assembling by summons:
—নভা; An assembly or meeting; convention,
synod, or council:—বৃত্তীর ধর্মধানক বা বিশ্ববিদ্যালহাবাক্ষিতির সভা; A meeting convened of the
clergy of the English Church or of the heads
of a university.

Convoke, kon-vok, e. f. [ L. con, together, and voco, vocatus, to call ] সমান্ত-ড়; সম্বেশ হট্যার জন্ত আহ্বা-ড়; To convene, to summon to meet. Syn:—Summon, assemble, gather, collect.

Convolute, konvolute, Convoluted, konvoluted, a. whe; will; Twisted; rolled together. [A twisting; a fold. Convolution, kon-volutishun, n. whi; wie; convolve, kon-volv, v. t [L. con, and volvo, to roll] will; whi; whi, To roll or wind together. Convolvulus, kon-volvulus, n. we fixed; The flower bind-weed.

Convoy, kon-vey, e. t. [F. convoyer, L. conviere] সহব্যন-ভূ; নাম বাজিয়া বাজা-ভূ; To attend on the way for protection, either by sea or land; to accompany:—n. ছাৰাছবৰ্গাৰী পোভানিত্ৰ কৰণাৰ্থ নিয়ন নৈজবল; A protecting force accompanying ships or property:—পোভ বিশেব; নৰণাবিদিনৰ বাণিভাগোভ বছণাৰ সহবায়া বাণ্ণোভ; The ship or fleet conducted and protected:—ব্যক্তি পদাৰ্থ; Property convoyed. Syn:—Attendance; protection, guard, escort. Convulse, kon-vuls, v. f. [L. con, intensive, and vello, to pluck, to pull] ক্ষম্পিত-ভূ; To agitate violently; to effect by irregular spasm. Syn:—Agitate, disturb, shake, perturb, disorder, derange.

Convulsion, kon-vulshun, n. আছেণ, অবিজ্ঞা-সংখ্য যাংলংশীৰ বাজা সংঘাদন, বসুইছাই; An unnatural, violent and involuntary contraction of the muscles:—কোনাছল, গোলবোগ; Commotion; tumult. Syn:—Spasm, cramp; agitation, comniotion, tumult, disturbance.

Convulsion of children—उड़का ; पड़का । Convulsive, kon-vulsiv, a. আएकशबुङ, शबक्यन-कांदी, आर्याननकांदी ; Agitating, ad = convulsively, n=convulsiveness.

Cony, kö'ni, or kuhi, Coney, n. লগক; ধৰ-গোষ; A rabbit:—নিৰ্কোধ ব্যক্তি; A simpleton. Coo, köö, v. s. কপোভ বা যুবুৰ মভ লক-কু; To cry as a pigeon or dove:—আগন-কু; সোহাগ-কু; To caress fondly.

Cook, kook, v. t. [A. S. coc, a cook, borrowed from L. coquo, to cook] খাদ্য প্ৰস্তুত-কু; পাৰ-কু, To prepare food for eating:—মিখ্যা-কু; পৰিবৰ্তন-কু, To falsify; to garble; to tamper with:

-v. i. To prepare food for the table:—n.
পানক, স্বাধ্বি; One whose business is to cook.

Too many cooks spoil the broth—অনেক নল্লানিতে গাজন নই।

Cookery, kook-er-i, त. शाय-अगाती, बक्स-विमा ; The art or practice of cooking.

Cool, kōōl, a. শীলন; অনুক, Moderately cold; slightly cold:—উদানীন; Dispassionate; indifferent; unsocial:—শাল: Not hasty; deliberate; calm:—বিশুল; Impudent; impudent in a high degree:—বিশুল; Manifesting cooliness or dislike chilling:—আরহণুড; Not zealous or argent:—n. অনুকা, শুলাড়া; A moderate state of cold:—v. f. শীলন ফ; To make cold:—আলুফ; প্রশান্ত ; বালাড়া ; To grow cool:—বিশুনাড়া ; To become less hot, angry, zealous or affectionate. Syn:—(a) Coldish, lukewarm; calm, dispassionate, self-possessed, composed, still; indifferent, unconcerned, apathetic; chilling, frigid, repulsive; impudent, ad=coolly.

Cool one's heal--- वर्गका किया बाका ; Dance attendance ; be kept waiting.

Cooler, köölér, ম. শীতসভাষী, আশাভভাষী ; Anything that cools :--শীতস ভবিষাৰ পাত্ৰ ; A vessel for cooling.

[ cious ; unexcitable. Cool-headed, kööl-hed-ed, a. ধীৰ, পাছ ; Judi-

Coolie, Cooly, kত্তা, ন. মৰ্ব; মুটে; An East: Indian porter or carrier; a porter in general. Coolness, kত্তাness, ন. অস্কলা; Moderate cold:—উদাসীত; অসংসাহ; Indifference; want of zeal:—বৈধ্য; Calmness.

Coom, koom, ह. मना ; चून ; यहना ; Soot ; coaldust ; dirty refuse matter.

Coomb, n. Another form of comb=4 bushels.

Coop, koop, n. [A.S. cypa, a basket; akin to cup] পিলা, চল; A barrel or cork:—পিছৰ, বাচ; A grated box or cage for fowls or small animals:—v. t. আৰম্ভ-কৃ, বন্ধ-কৃ; To confine in a narrow compass; to shut up:—পিছৰাৰ্থ-কৃ; To cage:—কাৰ্ব্-কৃ; To imprison. Syn:—(n) Barrel; pen; (v) cage, imprison, immure, shut up.

Be cooped up in—coin সন্ধী হাবে আৰদ্ধ-ছ; Be shut up or confined in (a narrow compass). Cooper, kööp'er, n. পিণানিস্থাতা, বে ব্যক্তি পিণা বিশ্বাণ কৰে; One who makes barrels, tubs.

Cooperage, kööp'er-মা, ন্ন. পিগানিশাণকাৰীৰ মন্ত্ৰি; The price paid for cooper's work:----শিপানিশাণকাৰীৰ শোকান; The workshop of a cooper:--পিপানিশাণ কাৰ্য্য; The business of a cooper.

Co-operant, ko-op'er-ant, a. একত কাৰ্য্যাৰক, একই উদ্দেশ্যে কাৰ্য্যাৰী; Labouring to the same end; working together.

Co-operate, kō-op'ér-āt, v. i. [ L. co, together and opus, work ] সহযোগিতা-ফু; To act or work together for the same end:—একট কৰা উৎপাদৰাৰ্থ একমত-হু; To concur in producing the same effect. Syn:—Unite with; concur, conspire; contribute, conduce. n=co-operator.

equivalent; not subordinate.

Co-ordination, ko-or-di-náshun, ж. जयभग्यहा;

State of being co-ordinate.

Coot, koot, n. জন্তন পৰী, হংন বিশেষ; A short-tailed water-fowl:—নিৰ্বোধ ব্যক্তি; A stupid fellow; a simpleton. [Spanish America. Copaiba, n. A resinous juice from a tree of Copal, ko'pal, n. বাৰ্ণিন প্ৰয়ত কৰ্ণাৰ্থ বুণাৰ ভাষ প্ৰাণ্ড বিশেষ; A resinous substance used in varnishes.

Copartner, kō-part'-ner, n. वार्त्तेशंव, वार्त्ते ; A sharer. s=copartnership, copartnery.

Copartnership, ». ভুল্যাংশিতা ; Joint interest or concern.

Cope, köp. #. निक्जान , मधकायदन, हुनि ; Cover

for the head; a cap or hood:—পুৰোহিতেৰ পৰি-জন; ধৰ্মবাজনেৰ পৰিজন; Priest's vestment; a cloak worn by a priest:—গুৰেৰ ছাল, ছয়াৰেৰ উপ-বিছ বিবাদ; Anything extended over the head as the vault of the sky:—v. t. আজ্ঞান-ড়; To match oneself against another; to cover with a cope.

Cope, kop, w. i. প্রতিবাসিতা-তৃ; সম্বত্তা-তৃ; To match; to vie with; to strive or struggle with. Syn:—Engage, encounter, contend, struggle, vie, compete.

Cope with—স্থানরপে প্রতিযোগিতা অবল্থন- ; Contend on equal terms or with equal strength against.

Copeak, n. A Russian copper coin equal to 1½ Copestone, köp'stön, Coping stone, köp'ingstön, n. बांगिदव नैर्व अवद ; The stone which copes or tops a wall.

Copier, kop'i-ér, Copyist, kop'i-ist, n. নকল-ৰবীপ, ধে নকল কৰে; অসকবণকাৰী; One who copies; an imitator:—বে অক্টেব পেখা চুবি কৰে, A plagiarist.

Coping, köp'ing, n. বাৰ্ষিত্ৰী কৰ্তৃক প্ৰাচীৰের ছাণ বিশ্বাণ-কাৰ্য; The capping or covering course of massoury of a wall:—প্ৰাচীৰের মাধা বা ছাদ; The top or cover of a wall.

Copious, kū'pi-us, a. [L. copiosus, from copia, abundance] প্রচুব; বংগপ্ত; অন্যাকিপ্ত, Plentiful; abundant; ample; full in matter; not concise. n=copiousness (প্রচুব); প্রচুব); Abundance; plenty). ad=copiously. Syn:—Ample, abundant, plentiful, plenteous, rich, full, exuberant, overflowing, profuse.

Copper, kop'er, n. ভাষ; A metal of reddish colour, ductile:—ভাষণার, ভাষকটাহ; Any vessel made of copper:—ভাষমুদা; A coin made of copper:—ভাষমুদা; To cover with copper.

Copperas, kop'ér-as, n. তুতে; হীবাকশ; Sulphate of copper, sulphate of iron or green vitriol.

Copperish, cop'er-ish, Coppery, kop'er-i, Cupreous, ku'pre-us, a. ভাষ্যয়, ভাষ্যর্থ; ভাষ-বিশ্বিত ; Containing copper:—ভাষ্থৰ, Like copper.

Copper-plate, kop'er-plat, n. মুদ্রাহনার্থ কোনিত ভাষত্নত ; ভোগিত ভাষত্নত হইতে মুদ্রাহন ; A plate of polished copper, on which copies from paintings, figures or designs are engraved.

Coppery, kop'per-i, a ভাষা-শিক্ষ, ভাষা-শিক, Made of copper; mixed with copper —ভাষেৰ ভাষ বাদ বা মাণবিশিষ্ট; Like copper in taste or smell. [বন; A wood of small growth. Coppies, kop'is. Copas, kops, n. ভূম বুফের Coprolite, kop'ro-lit, n. [Gr kopros, dung, and lithos, a stone] ভব্ম পাৰ্যাভূত বাদ, প্ৰব্যীভূত ভাষ্য বাদ, :The petrified dung of animals.

Coptio, kop'tik, n. জাণীৰ বিদ্যুৰ্থানি দিবেৰ ভাষা;
The language of the ancient Egyptians:—
An Egyptian Christain:—a. প্ৰাচীৰ বিদ্যুৰ্থানী
দিবেৰ মন্তুতি মুক্তাৰীয়, Pertaining to the Copts,
the descendants of the ancient Egyptians.

Copula, kop'u-la, n. [ L. co, together, and root ap, connected with L. aptus, fastened, and Gr. hapto, to join ] বছৰী; A bond or tie:—উৰ্বেড বিবেশবাচক প্ৰেয় বোজক পদ; In logic, the word joining the subject and predicate.

Copulate, kop'ti-lat, v. i. বৈশ্ব-ফু; প্ৰাৰ-ফু; বীনংসৰ্গ-ফু; To have sexual intercourse; to come together sexually.

Copulation, kop-u-láshun, স. বৈশ্ব ; স্কায় ; বীসংদৰ্গ ; The embrace of the sexes in the act of generation.

Copulative, kop'u-lat-iv, a. नरद्रांचक; That unites or couples:—n. नरद्रांचक जराह; (In grammar) A conjunction that unites ideas as well as words.

Copy, kop'i, n. [Fr. copie, from L. copie, plenty] অপুকৰণ; Imitation:—প্ৰতিলিপি; অপুলিপি; আৰদ্পিকক; A transcript from an original:—সুমাধন কল ব্যলিপি; Manuscript for printing:—একথানি পুডক; Any single book or set of books.—আগণ, A pattern or example for imitation:—লমুগ্ৰন্থ; An original work:—v. f. 
প্ৰতিলিপি-কৃ. To transcribe:—আগণ কেথিয়া প্ৰতিক্পা-কৃ; To form according to a model:—অনুকণ কৃ; To imitate Syn:—(n) Transcript; fac-simile, duplicate; original, model, pattern, archetype; counterfeit. (v) Transcribe; model after; imitate, tollow; counterfeit.

Copy into—বোগ কিছুতে নকল কৰিখা সভয়া। A feeble copy of—A weak imitation of. Copy-hold, kep'i-höld, n. ইংল্ভ বেশের ভোভলয়া

el क्याधिकांच विरमंच ; In England, a tenure of land or house by copy of a court-roll.

Copyright, kop'i-rit, n. প্ৰকাৰেৰ খড়; The right of an author to his works for the term of his natural life or for 22 years from publication. Coquet, ko-ket, v.t. [Fr. coqueter—coquet, dim. of cog, a cock] ভাৰবাৰা ভাগ-ড়; প্ৰথমে উপেণা প্ৰপাৰ-ড়; To attempt to attract notice, admiration, or love, with a view to disappoint:
—v. 1. হিনাবি-ড়; প্ৰথম প্ৰভাৱৰা-ড়; To trifle in love; to jilt. pr. p.=coquetting. pa. p.=coquetted.

Coquetry, ko-ka'ri or koket-ri, #. ভালবাৰাছ ভাগ : ছিনালি ; বনিকডা ; প্ৰায়ে প্ৰভাষণা ; Trifling in love, affection of amorous advances.

Coquette, ko-ket, n. বলিকা ত্ৰী; ছিনাল, পৰিজা প্ৰাযোগেদিনী বননী; A vain, deceitful, trifling woman; a jilt.

Coquettish, ko-ketish, a. প্রাণেকিই ব্যিতা ব্যুলী; ভাচুলা ব্যুলি উপবোগী; Befitting a coquette, practising coquetry. ad=conquettishly, n=coquettishness.

Cor, kor, n. পৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A Hebrew measure. Coracle, kor'a-kl, n. ত্যেল্প দেশীৰ ধীৰ্বদিশেষ চৰ্মাবৃত ক্ষা নৌকা; A boat used by fishermen in Wales, made by covering a frame of wicker or basket work with leather and oil-cloth

Coral, kor'al, n. এবাল; পলা; A hard substance growing on the bottom of the sea composed of the skeletons of zoophytes:—এবাল নিৰ্মিত শিক্তাবাৰ বেলাৰা; A child's toy made of coral;—a.

अवानविधितः; अवान नवृतः Made of coral; resembling coral.

Coral master—vigat ; Juggler.

Coralliferous, kor-al-iffer-us, a. [ coral, and L. fero, to bear ] animal; Containing coral:

Corban, kor'ban, ন. ভিয়াপাত্ত; কাৰত্ত্ব; কাৰ: ভিয়া; An alms-basket; a gift; an alms:— ছিলীপিগেৰ মুখ্যে জীবিত বলী; Among the ancient Jews, a living offering or sacrifice.

Corbeil, Corbel, kor'bel, n. A bracket of stone, wood, or iron, often carved in the form of a basket, head, &c.:—গোটাৰে গৰ্ড ; A niche:
—The vase or tambor of the Corinthian column.
Cord, kord, n. ৰজ্জ; খোটা পড়ি; A small rope or thick kind of string:—পৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A solid measure, equivalent to 128 cubic feet:—v. t. ৰজ্জু বাৰা ৰজ্ম-কু; To bind; to fasten with cords or ropes.

[and ropes taken together. Cordage, kordaj, n. ৰজ্জুমুছ; পড়াপড়ি; Cords Cordelier, kor-de-ler, n. সল্লামী বিশেষ; A Franciscan friar, so called from wearing a girdle of rope.

Cordial, kor'di-al, a. [L. cor, cordis, the heart]
আছবিক; বেহপুৰ্ব; সৰল; বেহস্কক; Hearty;
sincere; warm; with warmth of heart; affectionate:—বেস্ক-উদ্বীপক; বলকায়ক; Invigorating;
reviving the heart or spirits:—n. উৎসাইকার
বন্ধ; যুনজুইকর বন্ধ; Anything that revives the
spirits:—বন্ধায়ক উম্ব; A medicine that raises
the spirits. Syn:—(a) Hearty, sincere, heartfelt, warm, affectionate, earnest; cheering,
invigorating, restorative, refreshing. ad=cordially. n=cordiality.

Cordiality, kor'di-al-i-ti, n. সংলভা; প্রগাঢ় খেল , Sincerity ; warmth of manner.

Cordon, kor'don, n. সমান্ত্ৰক কছত্বণ বা কিছা; A ribbon bestowed as a badge of honour:— শিবিব-শ্ৰেণী; A line or series of military posts: —মুগলাচীৰ হুইডে উলাভ প্ৰৱৰ-শ্ৰেণী; A row of jutting stones in fortifications:—মাণা; A band; a wreath.

Cordovan, kor'do-van, Cordwain, kordwan, ম. শেৰণে বি চৰ্ব; ছাগচৰ্ব; Spanish leather; goat-skin leather, orig. from Cordova in Spain. Cordwainer, kordwan-er, ম. চৰ্মকাৰ, চাৰাৰ; A shoe-maker.

Core, kor, n. [ L cor, cordis, the heart ] কোন বন্ধৰ অভান্তৰৰ পদাৰ্থ; কৰেব পান; The inner part of anything, especially of fruit:—অভাকেৰণ; Heart:—খাড় চালাই কৰিবাৰ ছাঁতেৰ মধাভাগ; Internal mould in casting:—v.t. অভান্তৰৰ পদাৰ্থ গাৰিব-কৃ; To take out the core or inward parts of. Syn:—Centre, kernel, heart.

Lie at the very core— अवादात शाका; Be seated in the inmost part of.

To the core—wayers; To the bottom or in-

most part:—ছৰ্মেৰ স্কৃত্য অবেশ পৰ্যন্ত ব্যাপিনী; সমাক্ষণে; Extending to the innermost part or heart of anything (as, fruits); to the innermost recesses of one's heart; thoroughly.

Corelative-See under correlative.

Coriaceous, kor-i-áshus, a. [ L. corium—Gr. chorion, skin, leather ] চর্মনুষ্ট , চর্মনুষ্ট, চর্মনুষ্ট , চর্মনুষ্ট

Coriander, kor-i-ander, n. पश्चिम त्राप्ट ; दिख् विरूप ; A kind of plant ; an annual plant, the seeds of which when fresh have a bug-like smell, used as a medicine, spice, &c.

Coriander seed--पश्च ।

Corinthian, ko-rinthi-an, c. গীনেৰ অন্তৰ্গন্ত কৰিছ নামক নগৰসম্মীয় ; Pertaining to Corinth :---গ্ৰীক-দিগেৰ অভ্যুৎকৃষ্ট স্পতি-বিদ্যাবিষ্যক ; Pertaining to the Corinthian order of architecture, characterised by a profusion of ornamentation.

Cork, kork, n. [L. cortex, bark, rind] কৰ; ছিপি; The outer bark of the cork tree, of which stoppers are made:—v. t. ছিপি খাবা বছ-ক; আৰম্ভ-ক; To stop with a cork; to stop up.

Cork-sorew, n. ছিপি ধুনিবার বস্তবিশেব; কাক-ইন্তুপ ; An instrument for drawing corks.

Cormorant, kor'mo-rant, n. পদীবিশেষ ; A genus of web-footed sea-birds :—পেটুক ; A glutton.

Corn, korn, n. শত; বীজ; A single seed or grain of any of the edible plants:—ধ্যাদি
শত; A grain:—কড়া; পাৰেৰ কড়া; A hard, horny excrescence on the toe or feet:—v. f. লবণাৰ-ক; To sprinkle with salt in grains.

Cornes, kor'ne-a, n. কটিন ফছ নেত্রাবরক ক্র্; কনীনিকা; A horny, transparent membrane forming the front part of the eye-ball.

Cornel, kor'nel, n. [L. cornus, a horn] এক জাতীয় বৃক্ষবিশেষ; A tree yielding small edible cherries.

Cornelian, kor-ne'li-an, ন. বছম্ব্য প্রবর; A precious stone, a variety of chalcedony.

Corner, kor'ner, n. কোণ; An angle:—কোণ; Nook:—কেণ ; An angle:—কোণ; Nook:—কেণ বা সফীৰ্থ ছান; নিজ্জ ছান; An enclosed place; a secret or retired place:—সীমা; চৰম দীমা; Utmost bound; utmost limit:—ছুই ৰেখাৰ সম্পাত-বিজ্ঞ; The point where two lines meet. Syn:—Angle, bend, turning point; retired spot, nook, recess, retreat; quarter, part:—v. t. কোণে ঠানিমা ব্যা; To drive into a corner.

[ Having corners.

Cornered, kor'nerd, a. কোণবিশিষ্ট; কোণী; Corner-stone, kor'ner-ston, n. প্রধান প্রথম ; গৃহভিন্তি; The principal stone uniting two walls of a building at a corner:—অভ্যাবস্তক বিষয়; Something of very great importance.

Drive one into a corner—কোণ ঠেনা-ড়।

Cornet, kor'net, n. [Fr. cornet, dim. of corne, a horn, trumpet] ৰাণ্যত্ত বিশেষ; বৰণীলা বিশেষ; A wind musical instrument; a horn-shaped trumpet:—অধাৰোহী দৈয়; A cavalry officer who bears the ensign of the troop.

Cornet-a-piston, kor'net-a-piston, त. अव अव्यव

चाराच्या: A kind of cornet with valves and pistons.

Cornetoy, kor'net-si, n. আবারোহী সৈক্ষেম পদ্ধানাবাহকের পদ; The commission or rank of a cornet.

Cornice, kor'nis, n. কাশিন, চ্ড়া; শুল ; The highest projection or border on a wall or column.

Cornicle, n. 東京 明寺 ; A little horn.

Corniculate, kor-niku-lat, a. প্ৰাকৃতি; প্ৰী; Shaped like a horn; horned. { Having horns. Cornigerous, kor-nijer-us, a. প্ৰবিশিষ্ট; প্ৰী; Corning, korning, p. pr. স্থপান্ত ক্ৰিয়া; Sprinkling with salt; feeding with corn.

Cornist, kornist, n. पृत्रदारक; A performer on the cornet or horn.

Cornopean, kor-nō'pe-an, n. [L. cornu, a horn] শিকাৰ স্থায় এক প্ৰকাৰ বাগায়; A musical wind-instrument of the horn or trumpet kind.

Corn-rent, kornrent, n. নগৰ টাকাৰ পৰিবৰ্তে শত বাৰা অম্ভ কৰ; A rent paid in corn instead of money.

Cornucopia, kor-nū-kö'pi-a, n. [I.. cornu, and copia, plenty] আহ্বাস্তৰ স্থানি, The horn of plenty, overflowing with fruits and flowers:—আহুবাস্তৰ ভিত্; An emblem of abundance.

Corny, kor'ni, a. কটিন; শুলসমূপ; Strong, stiff, or hard, like a horn:—শভোৎপাদক; শভপূৰ্ব; Producing corn; containing corn. [flower. Corolla, n. পুলের গ্রন্থন; The inner part of a Corollary, kor'ol-a-ri, n. অনুধান; সিভাত; A consequence drawn from the demonstration of a proposition; an inference or deduction from recognised facts. Syn:—Deduction, inference, conclusion, consequence.

Coronal, kor'o-nal, n. [ L. corona, a crown ] কিবীট; A crown .—বাৰা; A wreath; a garland:—বৰাটাছি; Frontal bone.

Coronal, koro-nal, Coronary, koro-nar-i, c. কিবটি বা মতকের উচ্চার সংখ্যায়; Pertaining to a crown, or to the top of the head.

Coronation, kor-চ-na'shun, ন. বাজাচিবেক; The act or solemnity of crowning a sovereign. Coronation chair—বাজাচিবেক আস্ব, Consits of a stone so enclosed as to form a chair.

Coroner, kor'ö-nér, n. আৰম্ভিক বা অপথাত মুত্যৰ কাৰণ অসমভানকাৰী কৰ্মচাৰী; An officer, whose duty is to enquire into the cause of accidental or suspecious death.

Coronet, kor'o-net, n যুৱট; A crown worn by princes and the nobility .—পেক্টিভ মুৰকাভ্ৰণ; An ornamental head-dress :—খডিজমুকারী গদার্থ; Something that surmounts.

Coroneted, a. মুক্টধাৰী, Wearing or entitled to wear a coronet.

Corporal, kor'po-ral, n. { L. corporalis,—
corpus, corporis, the body } n পদাভিক দৈৱলনের
সর্কানিমপণয় নেনানী; সর্কানিম পদাভিধিফ দৈনিক
কর্মচারী, The lowest officer of an infantry
company:—নৌ-দেবাদলের দেনানী বিশেষ, In
the navy, an officer under the master at arms,
n=corporatship.

Corporal, kor'po-rai, a. लिविक ; पारीविक ; Relating to the body :- ( ) कि ; अवादा कि ; Not spiritual; material; corporeal. Syn :--Corporeal, material, bodily, physical:-n कार्यनिक উপाসभा-यमिरव वावकृत वह विरम्ध ; The cloth used in Catholic churches for covering the elements of the Encharist. ad-corporally. Corporate, kor'po-rat. a. বাক্ষবিধি বারা গঠিত : वाकिविरमरवत काव कार्या कविवाद सम्बाजान बादशानिक नवारक विकिन, Incorporated; legally united into a body so as to act as an individual; as a corporate town :-- छेड़ - अकाब अवाब अवाब अवाबि: Belonging to a corporation; as corporate property:—মিণিড; United. n=corporateness. ad=corporately.

Corporation, kor-po-ra'shun, n. বাৰ্থবিৰ বাৰা গঠিত সভা; A body politic; a society authorised by law to act as a single individual.

Corporeal, a (१६), परोगे; (छोडिंक; Having a body or substance; material—opposed to spiritual. n=corporeality. ad=corporeally. Syn:—Corporal, bodily, physical, material, substantial, fleshly.

Corporealist, n. अड्बानी ; Materialist.

Corps, kör, n. দৈয়গন; A body of soldiers.

Syn:—Troop, division, squadron, squad. placorps (körz).

Corpse, korps, अ. लव ; सांभारवज्ञ सुन्धाप्य ; The dead body of a human being.

Corpulence, kor'pū-lens, Corpulency, korpū-len-si, n. [75]; Excessive fatness.

Corpulent, kor'pu-lent, a [L. corpus, a body] मांत्रन, मुनकांष; (बाहा; Fat; fleshy. adecorpulently. Syn.—Stout, robust, large, lusty, portly, fat, pursy, abese.

Corpusole, kor-pus-1, n. প্ৰদাৰ : A minute particle, a physical atom. a = corpuscular.

Corradiation, ko-tádi-áshun, n. (L. con, together, and radius, a ray) किश्-अक्षानभूरहरू अक विकास विभाग A conjunction of rays in one point.

Correct, kor-ekt, v. t. [L. cor, intensive, rego, to rule, set right] मः त्यापन्न, त्यापन्न व्यव कृ; To rectify; to amend; to set right; to remove fault.—याम्य-कृ; यवितान-कृ; To refoim, to punish; to chasten; to obviate or remove:—व्यवस्थान कृ; म्यापन्य व्यवस्थान कृ; To counteract whatever is injurious; to obviate or remove, to counterbalance:—a. विवय; क्रियं कृत्यान हिम्माणः हिम्माणः हिम्माणः विवयस्थान कृत्यान कृत्या

Correctness, s. vivivi, fivest; State of being correct. Syn:—Accuracy, regularity, exactness, faultlessness, truth, propriety.

Correction, kor-ekshun, n. বংশাধন; Amendment:—বঙ্গান; বঙ, খানন; Punishment; discipline; chastisement;—বোষধা হিচাধ: Ausmadversion; critical notice:—चन्द्रन्य ; Abatement of noxious qualities:—नर्त्यावक ; In scriptural language, whatever tends to correct the moral conduct, as afflictions.

House of correction, গ. বৰ্ণাবেদদিশেৰ চৰিত্ৰ বংশোৰনের ছান ; ছবিশ্বাড়ী ; কাবাপান ; A place for the discipline and reformation of offenders ; a penitentiary; a house where disorderly persons are confined.

Correctional, kor-ekshun-al, ८. नरापांवक : त्योधनक्य ; नरायांधनव्यव ; Having a tendency to correct.

Corrective, s. সংশোধক ; শোধনক্য ; Having the power to correct :---ল. সংশোধক পৰাৰ্থ ; ক্ষন ; প্ৰতিহ্বধ ; That which corrects.

Corrector, kor-ekfor, n. नरामांचक ; He who, or that which corrects.

Correlate, kor'e-ist, ত. i. পরাশার সম্বায়কত ; To stand in a reciprocal relation, as father and son.

Correlation, ম. প্রশাষ স্থল ; Mutual relation. Correlative, kor-ela-tiv, a. প্রশাষ স্থলবিশিষ্ট ; পার্শারস্থল ; Having a reciprocal relation :—ম. প্রশারস্থলবৃত্ত ব্যক্তি বা বিষয়, ভুলায়প স্থলবিশিষ্ট বৃষ্টি বা বৃষ্ক ; Person or thing corresponding related to another person or thing —The antecedent of a pronoun. ad—correlatively. ম.—correlativeness.

Correspond, kor-e-spond, v. f. [ L. cor, with and Respond ] অপুলণ-ছ; To be adapted; to be congruous:—উপ্রক-ছ; উপবােদ্ধ-ছ; To be equal; to be adequate or proportional.—প্র থানা আলাল-ছ, পত্তের আদান আলাল-ছ, To communicate by letters. Syn:—Agree, fit, suit, harmonize, tally, coincide, match, accord; write. ad=correspondingly.

Correspond to—সমূপ হওয়া; Tally with, resemble —মিশা; Be in conformity.

Correspond with—পৰাণি বেণালিৰ কৰা; Hold intercourse with one (generally, by means of letters):—বিলা; Tally with.

Correspondence, kor-e-spondens, Correspondency, kor-e-sponden-si, দ. উপযুক্তা; উপযোগিতা; Suitableness; fitness:—পত্ৰ পেখালিখি; Intercourse by letters or otherwise:—পত্ৰ; The letters between correspondents.
Syn:—Congruity, fitness, coincidence; concurrence, communication, intercourse by letters,

Correspondent, kor-e-spondent, a. উপ্ৰোকী; উপৰ্ক্ত; সৰুভ; Adapted; suitable:—n পত্ৰবাৰা আনাপকাৰী; One who holds intercourse by letters. ad=correspondently.

Corridor, kori-dor, त. पृष्यश्व आकार्त्रम्प् प्रमाजयस्य तथः; A passage-way to apartments independent of each other.

Corrigenda, kor-i-jenda, (n. pl.) जराणाधनीय विषयपुर ; कविणवा ; Things to be corrected.

Corrigible, kor'i-ji-bl, a. नःरणायभीतः ; नःका-नैतः; That may be corrected or reformed:— यधनीतः; Deserving chastisement. [competitor. Corrival, ko-ri'val, n. व्यक्तित्रोत्ते, व्यक्तित्ते ; A Corroborant, kor-obo-rant, Corroborative, kor-obo-rat-iv; s. पृष्ठवर्गाक्य ; पृष्ठिवर्गाध्यम् ; Confirmatory :-- त. पृष्ठवर्षक विषय ; That which corroborates.

Corroborate, kor-obo-rāt, v. t. [ L. cor, intensive, and roboro, roboratus, to make strong ] স্ট-ই; To confirm:—অধিকত্য নিভিড-ই; To make more certain. Syn:—Strengthen, establish, support, sustain.

Corroboration, kor-ob-o-ráshun, s. बृहीकवर्ष ; नवर्षन ; Confirmation.

Corrode, kor-5d, v. f. [ L. cor, intensive, rodo, rosus, to gnaw ] क्यन: क्ष-कृ; To eat away by degrees:—क्ष्मशाब-इ; To consume; to impair:—विको नेष्ट्रांव; To rust. Syn:—Erode, canker, gnaw, rust, waste, wear away, corrupt Corrodent, kor-5dent, a. क्षक्यांक्य; मानक; Having the power of corroding:—n. क्षक्योंक्य; स्वकाव नेष्ट्रांव; That which eats away.

Corrosion, kord'shun, s. काक्स ; Act of eating or wasting away.

Corrosive, kor-0siv, a. कारीय; Consuming; wearing away:—काकार्यक्ष; काकार्य; Vexing; fretting:—n. काकार्य; काकार्यक नार्य; That which corrodes. Syn:—(a.) Corroding, consuming, erosive; caustic, acrid, virulent; biting, wearing, wasting. ad=corrosively. n= corrosiveness.

Corrosive sublimate, ল. পাৰদ বিশেব (ক্যান্-ন্যান ); Bi-chloride of mercury.

Corrugate, kor'oo-gat, v t. [L. con, intensive, rugo, rugatus, to wrinkle] क्षिड-क ; डांड-क ; To form or shape into wrinkles or folds; to draw into folds by contracting or pressing together .—a. Shaped into wrinkles; furrowed. Syn:—(v.) Wrinkle, furrow.

Corrugated iron, अ. महाव कनाह कवा लोह : Sheet iron coated with zinc, used chiefly for refining purpose. [ into wrinkles. Corrugation, n. नरकारन ; क्कन ; Contraction Corrupt, kor-upt, v t. [ L. cor, intensive, and rumpo, ruptus, to break | विकात-क : পঢ়াইছা ৰেশা; To change from a sound to a putrid state ; to taint :-- पृषिष-कृ ; To vitiate ; to deprave : — ৰষ্ট-কৃ; To waste or consume :— উৎকোচ প্ৰদান-কৃ; To bribe :— বিকৃত-কৃ; To debase :-- 西中里一子; To falsify; to infect with errors :-- ए. इ. निमा वास्त्रा ; To rot :-- क्लूदिख-इ; पृत्रिज-ए; To become vitiated; to lose purity :- a. विकृष ; ना ; Putrid ; unsound :-দুধিভ ; কল্বিভ : Vitiated ; depraved , debased ; perverted:-- অবি খন; অনপূর্ণ; Not genuine; full of errors. Syn:-(v.) Putrify, debase, defile, pollute, taint, infect, vitiate; pervert, deprave, demoralize, bribe. ad=corruptly. m = corruptness, corrupter.

Corruptible, kor-up'i-bl, a. ন্ৰৰ ; Subject to decay and destruction :— দ্বিত বা বিকৃত হইবাৰ ব্যুৱ; That may be vitiated in qualities or principles ; liable to be corrupted :—n. পাৰব্পেছ; In Scripture, the human body :—n=Corruptibility, corruptibleness. ad=corruptibly. Corruption, kor-up'shun, n. বিকৃতি ; বিকৃত্বিত্বা;

Taint, rottenness - 17 ; Putrid matter -অসাধুতা, পাপ, উৎকোচ, Depravity; impurity; bribery — স্পৃত্তা, A debased or impure state Syn -Impurity, bribing, bribery, depravity, immorality vitiation, infection, pollution, depravation debasement, perversion Corruptive, kor-uptiv, a श्विकवर, विकृषि-कद्र , Tending to corrupt or vitiate.

Corsair, kor'sar, n [ Fr corsaire-I. cursus, a running-curro, to run ] अनुबद्धा, (बारबट्डे, A pirate — প্সাপোত , A piratical vessel — ভ্ৰমণকারী, A rover

Corse, kors, n = A poetic form of corpse Corselet, Corslet, korslet, n [ L corpus, the body ] बक्कान , क्कू कवर , वर्ष , Armour for the breast -- p f বৃদ্ধারণ-জু, To encircle with a corselet

Corset, kor'set, n. [Fr cors-I corpus, the body] क्शनिका, श्रीलाटकव अत्रावतन वित्नव, Stays, Bodice

Cortege, kor'tazh, n श्रीकांतकवर्ग, अन्तवर्ग, A train of attendants a procession.

Cortes, kortes, n [ cortix corticis, bark ] [ ] ত পর্টুরাবের মহাসভা, The Spanish or Portuguese Parliament

Cortex, horteks, n বৃদ্ধক, বৰুপ The bark of a tree — আভিচাৰৰ আবিৱা A covering Cortical, kor'tik-al, a বৰুপসৰ্কীয়, বহি.ত্ব,

Pertaining to bark, external

Corticate, kor'ti-kāt Corticated, kor'ti-kāted, a. वक्लमपूर्ण, वक्षप्रविश्व, Resembling a bark having the bark

Corundum, n ধাতুৰিশেব, A mineral

Coruscant, ko-ruskant, a मीश्रिमान Flashing Coruscate, ko-ruskat, or kor'-, v 1 [1 cornsco, cornscatus to vibrate, glitter ] कदिङ-स, अवसक-कृ, हदसक कृ To flash or sparkle -चारनानिक-इ. To vibrate Syn -Glisten. gleam, sparkle, radiate, flame, flash, glitter, scintillate.

Coruscation, ko-rus kashun, " कदा, इति। षां ।, A sudden flash of light. Syn —Glitter blaze gleam, sparkle, radiation

Corvette, kor-vei, n [L corb ta, a slowsailing ship, from corbis a basket ] युग्रभाड বিশেষ স্বাভিন্নি, A war-ship, carrying not more than 20 guns.

Corvine, kor'vin, a [L corvinus, corvus, a crow ] कोकन्यकीय, Pertaining to the crow or raven

Corypheus, kor-1-12'us, n [L-Gr koryphasos-karyphe, the head ] বসত্মি পাৰকসন্তা-দংবেৰ অধিনামক, The leader of a Greek dramatic chorus Syn -Conductor, director, leading spirit, chief

Cosmetic, koz-metik, n [Gr. kosmētikoskosmeo, to adorn-kosmos, order, ornament ] नावनावर्षक खरा , मोन्यरावर्षक द्यालन , Preparation used for beautifying the complexion :- a. (\*\*) वर्षक , भोन्यग्रवर्षक , Beautifying , promoting beauty ad=cosmetically

Cosmic, kołmik, Cosmical, kołmik-al, a.

বিশ্বস্থ্যীয়, জাপতিক, Relating to the world or visible nature - प्रवादिशक, प्रवासर क्रियोश क भव-श्रापी , (In Astronomy) rising or setting with the sun

Cosmogonist, kor-mog'o-nist, n विकासिक: বিখের জাণিতত্ব সমালোচক, One skilled in cosmogony, one who speculates on the origin of the universe

Cosmogony, koz-mog'o-ni, n বিৰোৎপত্তি ভ শৃষ্ট विकान, विश्वत উৎপত্তিত্ব, The science of the ougin and creation of the universe

Cosmographic, koz-mo-grafik, Cosmographical, koz-mo-graf'ık-al, a. विष्ठव्यव्योह ; Relating to cosmography

Cosmography, koz-mog ra-fi, n [Gr kosmos, and grapho, to write] বিশ্ববিশ্বাপ-কৌশলতৰ, বিশ্ব-তৰ, The science of the constitution of the universe. n=cosmographer (one skilled in cosmography)

Cosmologist, koz-molo-jist, n श्रष्ट-विकानविर . বিষ্ডক্ৰিং পশ্তিত , One skilled in cosmology

Cosmology, koz molo-ji, n विश्व विकास, शह-বিজ্ঞান , বিশ্বভদ্ধ , The science of the world. a= cosmological

Cosmopolitan, ker me-peli-tan, Cosmopolite, koz-mop'o-lit, n विश्वामी, कावामी, অগরিবাদী, A citizen of the world, n = cosmopolit inism

Cosmorama, kor-mo-ra'ma, n [ Gr kosmos, and horama, a spectacle-hora to see 1 afta-দশন . A picturesque exhibition of the world a= cosmoramic

Cosmos, kożmos, n পৃথিती, The world

Cossack, ko-ak, n क्रिया (म्हाय भक्त ७ प्रक्रिय अरम्भवामी युक्कश्रिय लाकिनिर्गय मरश्र अक्षम . One of a warlike tribe in the east and south of Russin

Cost, kost, n. [ L constare to stand at-con. and stare to stand ] भूना Price value - बाब . भक्त , Expense , charge - (जन Pain , suffering -कि , I oss -pl. (बाक्यमात वाद , Expense, of a lawsuit - v t. श्रुटा लाटन वाद कदान, lo be bought for -- আবিশ্বক করে lo require to be laid out or employed - AN SATE, To require to be borne of suffered Syn - (n)Price charge, expense, figure, loss, detriment, damage.

At any cost, At all costs—বত কেন কভি ব্টক नो , राउदे (कन कष्ट यो कांछ व्योक मा, अवस्त्र चीकांब कदिशा , At any expense , at any sacrifice

At cost price—(क्वा क्रांट्य, At the price paid by the seller [ expense.

At one's cost-(कारावक) बारक, At one's At the cost of-कृष्टि वा श्वि कृदिशा, To the [ any price. injury or detriment of Cost what it may-- वजह बदह रहेक मा (कन , At To cost one dear to—ক্তিনাধন-ৰ . To entail

To one's cost—कारावध शक्क क्छि वा रानि; বিশেষ কভিপ্ৰস্ব-কু, To one's loss or injury Costal, kostal, a [ L. costa, a rib ] \*1844, Re-

lating to the side of the body.

a heavy loss or injury on one.

Contard, n. वड़ चांडां ; A large apple.

Costate, kostat, Costated, kostat-ed, a. প্রস্ব-বিশিষ্ট; Ribbed; having ribs or the appearance of ribs.

Costermonger, koster-mung-ger, Costard-monger, n. কলবিকেতা; An itinerant seller of fruit:—a. নীচ এবং অধ্নিৰ্; Mean and mercenary.

Costive, kośtiv, a. কোইবছ; Confined in the bowels; constipated. n=costiveness. ad=costively.

Costiveness, kostiv-nes, n. (कार्वक्ष); Slow-ness in the action of the bowels; constipation.

Costly, kostli, a. बाबनाथा ; प्रशासन : Expensive, valuable ; high-priced. n=costliness. Syn:—Dear, expensive, high-priced, sumptuous ; precious, valuable.

Costume, kos-tum, n [F. from L. consuctudo, custom] পরিছেদ-প্রণালী; পরিধান-প্রণালী; Style of diess —পরিছেদ; Dress. Syn:—Robes, attire, apparel, uniform.

Cot, kot, n. [A. S. cote, a cot or den ] ক্ষে ঘৰ;
কুটাৱ; A cottage:—দোননা; A swinging bed
or cradle:—কাহাকের উপর নাবিকের শ্বা; A
sleeping place in a ship:—গো-মেবাদিব বোঁহাড;
An enclosure for sheep or cattle. Syn.—
Hut, cottage; shed; bed-stead.

Cote, kot, n গো-দহিৰ শালা; গো-মেৰাদির খোঁঘাড়; A pen; an enclosure for sheep &c.

Cotemporaneous, kō-tem-po-rane-us, Cotemporary, kō-tempo-rar'-i, a. Same as contemporaneous, contemporary.

Coterie, kö'te-rē. n. [Low L. cola, a hut] বছুদিবেই দল, অধ্যৱস্বোকেই দল; A friendly party; a select party.

Cotillon, Cotillion, Ko-tilyun, n. बृठाविद्याव , A brisk dance by eight person.

Cotquean, kotkwen, n. ৰে পুৰুষ স্থীলোকের কর্মে নিযুক্ত অ'কে; A man who busies himself with women's affairs.

Cott, n. (मानना ; A little bed ; cradle.

Cottage, ko'না, n. কুটাৰ; A small neat dwelling. Syn:—Cot, hut, cabin, lodge.

Cottager, kotaj-er, s. क्निवरात्री; One who lives in a hut.

Cottar, Cotter, kofer, n. Same as cottager.

Cotton, korn, n. তুলা; কার্ণান; Soft substance got from the pods of the cotton plant:—স্ত বস্ত্র, কার্ণান বস্ত্র; Cloth made of it; calico:—a. কার্ণান বস্ত্র; Made of or pertaining to cotton.

Cotyledon, n. বীমাধাৰ পত্ৰ; The seed-lobe. a=Cotyledonous.

Couch, kowch, v. t. [ L. collocare, to place,—col, and locus a place ] শ্ৰাৰ শাৰিত-কু; To lay down on a bed or other resting place:—বিভাৰ-কু; To spread:—প্ৰকাশ-কু; প্ৰকাশিত-কু; To express:—ভাষাতে সঞ্জিত-কু; To arrange in language:—চত্ৰেৰ ছানি ভোলা; To depress or remove a cataract in the eye:—v. i. বিশায়-কু; শ্য-কু; To lie down; to repose:—নুভায়িত থাকা; সুকাইয়া থাকা; To hide. Syn:—Deposit; conceal, hide, cover up; set forth, express;

point, direct; lie down, recline; stoop, bend down; squal:—পাৰ্ড; খাব্য]; Any place for rest or sleep; a bed.

To couch a cataract—ছানি ভোলা; To depress it by means of a needle to remove it.
To couch a spear or lance—বৰ্ণেৰ পাৰে বৰ্ণা বিষভাবে বাধা; To fix a spear in its rest at the side of the armour in the po ture of attack.

Couchant, kowchant, a. মৃত্তক উন্নত কৰিছা প্রান্ধ, Lying down with the head raised.

Cougar, koo'gar, n. बार्किभरमरणद हिडावांच ; The American panther.

Cough, kof, n. কালি; কাল, Convulsive noisy effort of the lungs to throw off offending matter:—v. t. কুণ্ডুন হইতে বেনে বাহিন-কু; To expel from the lungs by a violent effort with noise:—v i. কালা; To make a violent effort to expel the air from the lungs.

Could, kood, Past tense of can.

Coulter, költer, n. লাকলের খাল; The sharp iron of the plough which cuts the earth.

Council, kownest, n. [L. con, together, and root cal, to call ] সভা; সুত্রাণ-সভা: An assembly met for consultation or convened to give advice. Syn:—Meeting, congress, diet, convention, convocation, conclave, cabinet, ministry, body of advisers.

Council of war - গৈনিক সন্থা; An assembly of officers called to con-ult with the commander-in-chief in regard to measures of importance or necessity.

Privy council, n. বাজনত্তিবৰ্গ; A select numher of persons for advising a sovereign in the administration of public affairs.

Councillor, kowńsil-or, n. মন্ত্রণা-সভার মন্ত্য , A member of a council.

Counsel, kowńsel, n. [L consulere, to cousult]
পরাধর্ণ; উপদেশ: Consultation, advice:—ব্যব্
হারাজীব, ব্যাবিপ্তার, A barrister or advocate:—
পরিণাম দর্শন; Prudence, deliberate judgment:
—তথ্য মন্ত্রণা; Scriet opinions or purposes:—
ফাপ্রোম: Purpose:—v t. পরাম্প-(ন; To advise:—নতর্ক,; To warn. Syn:—(n) Consideration, consultation; deliberation, admonition, information; counsellor, lawyer, barrister, advocate, solicitor, attorney.

Keep one's counsel—মনের কথা ব্যক্ত না করা; Keep one's purpose or opinion to oneself.

Take counsel with one—( কাহারও) প্রাম্প লওঃ]; Consult with one.

To take a man into one's counsels— (বিধাস কৰিয়া) কাহাকেও নিজেৱ ওপ্ত কথা বলা : To admit a man into one's secret opinions, design or purpose.

Counsellor, kownsel-or, n. প্ৰাম্প-দাতা; One who advises another :—ব্যবহারাজীব; উকীল; A barrister; an advocate. n=counsellorship.

Count, kownt, v. t. [ L. computare, to reckon ] नगना-कः; To number; enumerate:—वारवान-कः; To ascribe or impute:—विरवहना-कः; To think, judge, or consider; to esteem:—नवह-कः; Sum up. Syn:—Enumerate, number; cakculate,

compute, esteem, consider, reckon, estimate, rate ; impute, ascribe :-- v. i. श्रीष-ए ; To number or be counted :- nent affer ; To swell the number :-- ক্ষ্যতা বৃদ্ধি-কু; To add strength or influence :- विर्वद-कृ : To depend.

Count, kownt, n. जनना ; जनन ; Reckoning ; act of numbering :-- न्र्या ; न्यू ; Number ; total amount :--(Law) অভিযোগ ; A particular charge in an indictment:—সম্মানস্চক উপাধিবিশেষ; A foreign title of nobility answering to English earl. fem=countess. a=countless.

To be counted on one's fingers—অলু-ছ; To be few; to be scarcely any.

To count upon-- A ta-p; within - p; To rely upon ; to ascribe to :--আলা-ক ; To except.

Count for nothing—কোন কাৰ্য্যের না হওয়া। Countenance, kowhten-ans, n. [ F. contenance, from L. continere, to hold together ] আকৃতি; অবরব; Look; aspect; mien:--বদন; मुश्यक्त ; मृश ; The face ; the features :- अनुवार ; পমা ; Favour ; good will ; kindness :—আৰুকুলা ; সাহায্য : উৎসাহ ; Support ; aid ; patronage ; encouragement:-- v f अनु श्रेश-क् ; छे९माइ-(म ; माहाया-F: To favour; to encourage; to support; to aid. Syn - (n) Aspect, look, mien, vasage, features; favour, encouragement, support, approval, sanction, patronage -(v. t.) Sanction, favour, approve, encourage, foster, aid, abet. In countenance—In an assured condition or

aspect from shame or dismay. Keep one's countenance—অয়বের ভার মুখের कार्य अकान ना-कृ; शांत्र किःवा कान्ना हैजानि ठानिन्ना বাৰা; আকাৰ সম্বৰ্-কু; Preserve a composed look, refrain from expressing joy, anger, or other passion by an unchanged countenance. Lend or give countenance to—অপুৰুণ ভাৰ

দেখান ; Favour :-- উৎসাহ দেখা ; Encourage. One's countenance falls—মুখ বুলে পড়া; মুখ

कांत्र एकमा ; One appears dejected.

Out of countenance—ব্জিড; হডবুদ্ধি; Confounded; abashed; dismayed.

To be out of countenance— काशांश्माह इन्हा ; लब्धित वं कि: कर्डवाविगृह इश्वा; To be cast down or dejected; to be abashed or confounded.

To keep in countenance—সাধাৰা-কৃ; ভয় পাইতে না নেওয়া; To support; to keep (one) in an assured or confident look; to aid by favour; to keep from dejection or dismay.

To keep the countenance—नावकाद शांदी-क ; To preserve a calm, composed, or natural look, unruffled by feeling.

To put out of countenance—एडव्कि-इ., লজিচ-ফু · To annoy and vex ; to disconcert ; to abash.

To stare one out of the countenance-काशव मितक अकपृष्टि छारिया रखनुषि-कृ; Confound one by staring him in the face; put a man out of countenance by staring him in the face.

Counter, kowhter, n. 144; He who or that which counts:-- शानार्थ गाउनक शाक्यकानि ; A piece of metal &c. used in reckoning.

Counter, kowhter, adv. [L. contra, against]

व्यक्तिपा : विकास : Against, in opposition :-- क. প্ৰতিকৃত্য ; বিপৰীৰ ; Countrary ; opposite. Syn :-(ad) Against, opposed, contrary, opposite, adverse, contravene.

Run counter—विक्ष-र ; विश्वीषकारं छना ; Be opposite to; clash; militate against; to go against.

Run counter to—अधिकृत्य बांख्या ; विश्वीच्छाद हम्। ; Follow a course opposed to ; go against ; clash with.

Counteract, kown-ter-act, v. f. প্रতিপদ্ভা-कृ; विक्त-कृ; वाधा-त्म ; विक्रष्टकार्या-कृ ; निवादण-कृ ; To act in opposition; to hinder; to defeat; to frustrate; to prevent. Syn: - Oppose, cross, thwart; frustrate, defeat; neutralize, counterval. n=counteraction.

Counteraction, n. বাধা; বিপৰীত ক্ৰিয়া; Hinderance; action in opposition.

Counteractive, kown-ter-aktiv, a. दिनदीष-कार्वाकादी : Tending to counteract :-- n. विक्रधा-চাৰী ৰাজি ৰা জ্বা; One who or that which counteracts. ad=counteractively.

Counterbalance, kowhter-bal-ans, v. t. 专門 ভার-কু; समान ভার-कু; To weigh against with an equal weight; to equiponderate; to counteract. Syn :- Counterpoise, balance; countervail, compensate, set of, made up for :-- n छना-ভাব; मम्बोद, Equal opposing weight; equivalent. [ charge.

Connter-charge, n. asylectis, An opposite Counterfeit, kowhter-fit, v. t. [ L. contra, against, facere, to do, to make ] जान-इ , जकन-ক ; অপুকরণ-ক ; To forge ; to imitate with a view to deceive; to copy without authority:v. t. ভাগ-জু , প্রব্দনা-জু ; To feign , to dissemble ; to pretend. Syn :- Forge; imitate, impersonate; feign, pretend, simulate, sham.

Counterfeit, kowhier-fit, n. প্ৰকৃত ; প্ৰভাৱত ; A cheat; an impostor:—প্রতিকাপ; অপুরূপ; A likeness; a counterpart ·一斯河; That which is made in imitation of something else :- a. Flor: Fabricated without right :-- कन है ; पिना ; False ; spurious; hypocritical:-- মিখা ; অপ্রকৃত ; Not genuine. Syn: - Forged, supposititious, spurious, fraudulent, simulated, sham, mock, false. Counterfoil, kowhter-foil, n. The corresponding part of a tally or check.

Counter-irritation, kowhter-i-ri-tashun, n. ( खेरबार्य ) विद्वाधिता ; चानिय द्वान निवादगार्व कृतिय বোগোৎপাপৰ; Antagonism; the production of an artificial or secondary disease, in order to relieve another or primary one.

Countermand, kown-ter-mand, v. t. [ ]... contra, against, and mando, to order ] 74 चारमध्य विभवीष चारम्य धमान-क् ; चारम्य वश्य-কু; বাধা দেওমা, To revoke, as a former command; to oppose, to contradict the orders of another :-- n. श्रुक्तारमण वस्त्र ; भूक् च्यारमण वरिष्ठ-कद्भ ; A contrary order ; a revocation of a former order. a=countermandable.

Countermarch, kown-ter-march, v. i. stell-त्रवन-कृ, अधित्रवन-कृ, To march back, or in reversed order:—n. এড়াগ্যুল; এতিগ্ৰুল; A marching backward:—নৈড ন্যুদ্ধে-বিপ্রায় বিশেষ; An evolution by which a body of men change front, and still retain the same men in the front rank.

Counter-mine, kowhtér-min, ত. ৫. অক্লব্যতন্ত্র প্রতিক্ষে বাড নির্দাণ কৰিয়া পরাজিত-ছু; To mine in opposition, or to search for an enemy's mine:
—সোপৰে মার্থ-কু; To frustrate by secret means:—n. অক্লমিন্তিত বাতের প্রতিক্ষে বনিত বাত:
—A mine formed in opposition to that of an enemy:—প্রতিকৃষ্ণ (কাল ; A stratagem or counterplot. [ আরবণ ; A quilt or coverlet. Counterpane, kowhtér-pan, n. লেণ ; স্বাচি Counterpart, kowhtér-part, n. প্রতিনিশি; A part corresponding to another part; a copy. Syn:—Duplicate, copy; correlative, complement, suppliment; match, twin, tally, mate, fellow.

Counterpoise, kowhter-poiz, \*\*. প্ৰতিবাৰ; প্ৰতি-বল; সম্ভাৱ; An equal weight; equiponderance:—সম্বন; Equal force or power sufficient to balance another force or power:—v. t. ভূলা-ছ; সম্ভ্ৰমণ্ডা বিশিষ্ট-ছ; To weigh against; to counterbalance.

Counterscarp, kowhter-skarp, n. পরিবা পরিত্ত:
দূর্গ পরিবার দ্বিষ্টিত অংশ; The exterior slope of the ditch.

Countersign, kowhter-sin, v.f. একজনের ব্যক্ত সবেও অতিরিক্ত ব্যৱহত-কৃ; একজনের আফরের পর অন্ত জনের আফর-কৃ; To sign a document in addition to another to attest its authenticity:—ম. বৈনিক্দিণের সংক্রা বিশেব; মাছেডিফ অল; A watchward:—এতি বাক্ষর; A counter signature. Counter-signature, kowhter-sig'na-tūr, n. নিবনের মত্য স্থান্ধ ক্ষণার্থ অভিবিক্ত ব্যক্ত; A name countersigned to a writing.

Counter-toner, n. यश्य पत्र ; A middle part between tenor and treble.

Countervail, kown-ter-vail, v. t. তুলা-ছ; তুলা-ম্বা-হ; To equal; to balance; to be of equal value to. Syn:—Balance, compensate; make up for, counteract; obviate:—n. ছবিশ্বণ; Equal weight, strength, or value; compensation.

Countess, n. The wife of a count or earl.

Country, kuntri, n. [Low L. contrata, contrata, an extension of L. contra, over against ] জি ; A region:—বংশ; অনুক্তি; Native land:—পত্নীবাদ; দেশ; Rural region, as distinct from town:—a. প্রাব্য; পত্নীসম্মান ; Belonging to the country; rural, rustic:—সম্ভা; Rude.

Country-man, kuntri-man, m. কৃষক; A rustic: —বংশবাসী; One born in the same land. Syn:—Rustic, husbandman, peasant, swain, hind, boar, clown; fellow-subject, fellow-citizen, compatriot.

Country-dance—See contradance.
County, kowhii, n. atva; A shire.
County palatine—शिर्व विशेष कुछ वार्ष्य;
In England, one having particular privileges.

Couple, kupi, n. [L. copu's] ৰুগ ; A pair :বুগল ; দল্ভী ; A married pair :-- v. t. সংযুক্ত-ত্ব ;
সংবোজিত-ত্ব ; To join :-- বিবাহ- (ফ ; To marry.
Syn:--(n.) Pair, brace; chain, link. (v.)
Unite, conjoin, buckle, clasp; marry, wed.
Couplet, kup'let, n. বিচরবেশ রোভ : বিভাকত :

Couplet, kup'let, n. বিচর্থের লোক; বিজ্ঞাকঃ; বিশাকঃ; বিজ্ঞাকঃ; বিশক্তি-চরণ; Two lines of verse that rhyme with each other.

Coupling, kup'ling, n. নাবোগ; সাবোজক পদার্থ;
That which connects:—সাবোজক; Connection.
Coupon, kööpong, n. [ Fr. couper, to cut off ]
কুনীৰপঞ্জ; টাকাৰ বৰাভটিট প্ৰভৃতিৱ আলেবিশেষ;
An interest certificate attached to a transferable bond, to be cut off for payment when interest is due.

Courage, kur'zj, n. (Fr. courage, from L. cor, the heart ] সাহস; বীৰছ; সাহসিকতা; Bravery; valour; daring; fearlessness. Syn:—Heroism, intrepidity, valour, boldness, daring, firmness, hardshood, resolution, bravery, fortitude.

Have the courage of one's opinions or convictions—নিজেৰ বৃত ব্যক্ত কৰিতে স্কুচিত না হত্যা; Be fearless in the expression of one's belief:—ৰাহা সভ্য বলিৱা বিশ্বাস ভাষা কৰিতে সাহসী হত্যা; Have the boldness to execute what one believes to be right.

Courageous, kur-ájus, a. নিতাক; সাংশী; নিতাম; Brave; fearless; daring. n=courageousness ad=courageously. Syn:—Gallant, brave, valiant, valorous, heroic, intrepid, fearless, hardy, daring, dauntless, bold.

Courant, Couranto, n. ক্ৰড ৰৃত্যবিশেষ; A lively dance:—পজিক; A newspaper:—সঙ্গীত; A piece of music in triple time.

Courier, koo'ri-er, n. [Fr. from courir—L. currere, to run] ৰাজ্য ; ৰাজ্য ; A state servant or messenger:—সংবাৰপত ; The name of a newspaper:—অনুপ্ৰত্ত ; A travelling attendant.

Course, kors, n. [Fr cours—L. cursus, from curro, cursum, to run] গড়ি; ধাৰন; Act of moving from one point to another:—গমন্বার্গ; Path traversed; track; way:—ক্ষোন্তি; The progress of anything:—স্বাধন কার্য; Orderly progress; methodical action:—কার্যগরনার; কার্যনানা; A succession of acts connectedly followed:—আচ্বার্গ; Line of conduct; conduct:—আচ্বার্ক গড়ি; Natural bent:—ব্যবহার; Deportment; behaviour:—কম, Regularity; order; regular succession:—pl. জীবোকের বড়; Menstrual flow. Syn.—Process, advance; way, road, track, route, passage, race; series, succession, manner, method, plan, mode; direction.

Course, kors, e. t. অনুসৰণ-কৃ: পাৰ্চাৰাৰ-কৃ: ধাৰ্মাৰ-হৃ: To hunt; to pursue; to chase:—
দৌডিয়া পাৰ-হ; To run through or over:— e. i.
বেপে ধাৰ্মাৰ-হ; ধাৰিজ-হ; To move with speed.
A matter of course—বাহা ইইতেই হইবে; A matter that must come about in regular and natural order.

In course - गर्भाज्य , In regular succession.

In the course of—কালকৰে; (কোৰ সৰ্বাহৰ)
ন্বাহ্য, At some time during —কোৰ কিছু করিতে
করিতে বা হইতে হইতে, While doing anything
Of course—অবস্তই, ভাহার কোৰ ভূব মাই, By
consequence, naturally, certainly.

Courser, körsér, ». তেৰখী ঘোটক, ক্ৰডগাৰী অৰ, বৃহুঘোটক, A swift horse, a war-horse— শিকাৰী, One who courses or hunts.

Coursing, korsing, n. निकारी क्कूद नहेश मृत्री-कद्द , Hunting with grayhounds

Court, kort, n. [ Fr. cour, O Fr cort-Low L cortis, a courtyard-L. cors, cohors, an inclosure, L. hortus, a garden ] প্রাকণ, পৃথ্পারণ, A court-yard .—(वहिंज शान , A small paved square or space surrounded by houses -বিচাহাসহ, The hall of justice —বিদারপতি, विशंदक्यवनी, The judges and officials who preside there —बानांग, बाब-बढ़ोलिका, The palace of a sovereign —ৰাজপৰিচাৰকৰৰ্গ, বাজ-সভাস্থৰ, The collective body of persons composing the retinue of a sovereign - free! . ख्याची, Attentive to one in power, politeness, civility — t সম্ভই কবিতে চেইা-কু, To endcavour to please — (अम्झारी-इ, अन्द्र आर्थना-कृ, To woo — आर्थी-इ, आदवन-कृ, To solicit, to seek Syn - (v) Woo, make love to, flatter, [ general facts fawn upon , seek, solicit. Court of enquiry-A court to ascertain Court of justice-- १६१थिक वर्ग ।

Court martial, kurt-mar'shal, n সৈনিক-বিচারালয়, দৈনিকপুরুষ বা নাধিকদিগোর অপরাধ বিচারের সভা, A court held by officers of the army or navy for the trial of officers against military or naval laws, A court of justice composed of military or naval officers for the trial of offences, committed in the army or navy. pl=courts-martial

Court mourning—कृतिय ज्ञानकान , Mak mourning worn for the death of a prince.

Court party—A party attached to the court.
Court-plaster, kort-plaster, n প্রবেশ বিশেষ,
Sticking plaster made of silk, orig applied as
patches on the face by ladies at court.

Court-plaster, n. পটা, Plaster for wounds Pay court to—( কোৰ বড়লোকের অৰ্থাছ লাভের আলায়) আব্যাহা র, Try by flatterry or obvequiousness to gain the lavour of one in power Courteous, kuriyus, a লিক্ট, মভা, মুলীন, বিনীত, Polite, respectful, obliging, affable n=courteousness ad=courteously. Syn—Civil, obliging, complaisant, affable, respectful, attentive, well-bred, ceremonious, gracious

Courtesan, Courtezan, kurte-zan, n. উচ শৌৰ বেয়া, অসতী স্ত্ৰী A fashionable prostitute, a woman of loose virtue

Courtesy, kurts, n. ভত্তা, Civility —দৌৰস্ত , পিছতা, সন্মানপ্ৰদৰ্শন, An act of civility or respect — অনুপ্ৰহ, A favour — স্ত্ৰীলোকদিগেৰ নমভাৰ বা প্ৰণাম, An act of respect or reverence paid by a woman —v. ব স্ত্ৰীলোকদিগেৰ নমভাৱ-কু, প্ৰণাম-কু, To make a courtesy Syn—(n) Politeness, civility, courteousness, elegance. By courtesy— वर्त्राहर देनर , By induspence, not of right.

Too much courtesy too much craft—
we was crites and

Courtier, köri'yer, ল বাজ-সভাসৰ, A man whe attends or frequents the courts of princes:— অৰ্প্ৰাক্তি, চাটুকাৰ, One who courts or solicits the favour of another, one who flatters to please

Courtly, körtli, a শিষ্ট, সুসভা, সুশিকিত , উরত ;
High bied, dignified and elegant, refined —
নাচ ভোগানোগকাবী. Sycophantic, obsequious, fawning, flattering Syn.—Polished, refined, high bred, lordly, ceremonious. n=courtliness.
Courtyard, körtyard, n জনন, A court or inclosure near a house

Courtehip, kortship, n প্রেমাকাকী, বিবাহ-করণাভিপ্রায়ে প্রেম প্রার্থনা, Act of wooing

Cousin, Luán, n শৃত্তুত মানাত জোঠতুত মানতুত ভাই ভগ্নী প্ৰভৃতি, The son or daughter of an uncle or aunt

Cousin-German, kuin-jer'man n pl নৰ্বা-পেন্ধা খনিত সম্পৰ্কীয় উদ্দিখিত ড'ই ভগ্নী A hist cousin cousin in the first generation

Cove, köv. n [A S cota a chamber lee Lofi a shed] সাগৰ-পাৰা স্পাগৰ A small inlet creek, or bay —ৰণস্ক কি বা মন্ত্ৰা, A boy or man —2 t আছোগৰ-কৃ, আগাহ দে To overarch, to shelter

Covenant, kuve-rant, n [I con, together and venio, to come ] fagu ffr, A contract, a stipulation - भिद्रय-शत, A writing containing the terms of agreement or contra-अधिका A solemn league — अध्यक्त क्योंकार, The promise made by God to man on certain corditions -- किरेन्थीय म'कुछ अर्'न धम्बद्धा भागका. ( Ecclesiastical History ) A solumn irreement made by the Scotish Parlia nent in 16,8 and entered into in 1643 by the English Parli unent for the preservation of the reformed religion in the church of Scotland and the extirpation of popery and prelacy -usually called the Solemn-League and core ant" It was renewed in 1674 - ए विषय श्रेत बादा वक्- इ इंकि-क To enter into a formal agreement to con-tract — ए र निवय- शब होवी अमीन कृ वी अज़ी कोंब-कृ, To great or promise by a covenant. Syn -( n ) Contract, compact, bargain, arrangement, stipulation treaty, concordat, convention, bond deed, (\* : ) Agree, contract, bargain, stroulate

Covenanter, kuv-e-nanter, n জাসভাৰ নিম্মপাত্ৰ স্বাক্ষরকারী, One who joined in the solemn
league and covenant in Scotland in the reign
of Charles I and Charles II

Coventry, n A town in the country of Warwick, England.

To sent to coventry—সমাৰ হইছে বহিছত-তৃ, সমাজচ্যত-তৃ, To exclude from society, to shut out from all social intercourse for conduct regarded as mean or ungentlemanly.

Cover, kuver v. t [L. con. and aperso, to

cover ] = 178-7; = 18178-7; To overspread: —সংগোপিত-তৃ: লুকাইত-ড়; To conceal; to hide:
—হতবুদ্ধি-ড়ু; To overwhelm; as, to cover with shame :-- 中间-事; To pardon or remit :-- 可使!-ৰিড-কু; বস্থাছাৰিড-কু; To wrap ; to clothe :—ভা (मधन); To broom or sit on :- नयान-ए; भर्गाध-₹; To equal; to be equivalent; to be sufficient :—(११११न-इ ; To disguise :-- वासंद-रह ; To protect; to defend; to shelter:- निवडान श्विषाय-कृ; To put on a hat :--- श्वकांण वांषा; To refrain from disclosing :- n. आवदन ; भाक्षांगन: That which is set, or spread over another thing: লগৰা; চাকৰি; A screen; disguise; superficial appearance: লাবাঃ বকা; Shelter; defence; protection:—গোপন; Concealment and protection:—মুদোৰ আবাস; শুগালাদির প্লায়ৰ হাব , In hunting woods, underbrush &c. which shelter game :- (44-43; A table-cloth. Syn: - (v.) Conceal, hide, cloak, veil, shroud, mark, enfold, disguise; shelter, shield, protect, defend; enfold, wrap, clothe, invest; comprehend, include, comprise; compensate, balance.

A cover for—(কোনত কিছুব) ছুতা; A pretend Cover is Isid for—( একজনের) ধাবার প্রভত; Dinner is prepared for guests.

To break cover— বুকাবিচয়ান ফটতে বাহিন্ত;
To start from the covert or temporary lair.
Under cover— বুকাভিড; Under concealment,
hidden:—ছবে; Under the disguise of.

Under cover of—কিছুৰ বাবা আচ্ছাদিত বা বন্ধিত হয়া, Being concealed by, under the protection of —অভিনায়, Under the disguise of

Covering, kuv-er-ing, n. खाववन : खाळाण्य , Any thing spread or laid over another : - वन . Gaiments - विद्यानीय गानव देखानि ; Bed clothes Coverlet, kuv-er-let, n. गवाळान्य , चवाळवन . A bed-cover

Covert, kuvert, a. গোপনীয় , গুপ্ত ; Secret ; hid ; dish used .— ব্যক্তি , Sheltered ; protected ; not open or exposed :— আত্যাধীন ; আত্তিত্ব ; (Law) under protection :— ম. আত্যাধীন ; আত্ত্ৰ ; A place which covers and protects ; a shelter .— বন , খোপ ; A thicket ; a shade place :—পদীর পুজের পানক ; Feathers on or under the wings of buds. Syn :—Hid, secret, private, disguised, concealed, underhand.

Covertly, kuvért-li, ad. বুছারিভছাবে; ভণ্ডছাবে; In a concealed manner; secretly.

Coverture, kuver-tur, n. আন্তঃ; বৃহ্ণা; Shelter; the defence:—খানীৰ অধীনাবছা, বিবাহিতা বন্দীৰ বিধিবিহিত অবস্থা; (In law) condition of a married woman under the power and protection of her husband.

Covet, kuvet, v.t. [L. cupidus, desirous cupio, to desire] আকাজা-ক; To desire or wish for eagerly:—অভায় বোভ-ক; To wish for what is unlawful. a.=covetable (প্ৰায়)। Syn:—Long for, desire, hanker after, lust after, yearn for, aspire to.

Covetions, kuvet-us, a. काइनावी ; Eager to obtain :- वनरनाकी ; अर्थगृ : Avaricious, n=

Covetiousness. Syn:—Eager, greedy, avaricious: griping, penurious, miserly, niggardly, sordid, close-fisted. ed=covetously.

Covey, kuvi, n. [ L. cubo, to lie down ] পৰীৰ পাল : ভূত্ৰ পৰীণল : A small flock of birds.

Cow, kow, n. [ A. S. cu, sans. go, from its cry ]
পাতী; The female of the bull. pl =cows, kine.

Cow, kow, v. t. [ Dan. kue, to subdue, to keep under ] ভীত-ত্ব : বৰিত্ত বাধা; তথ্যোৎসাহ-ত্ব; To depress with fear; to keep under; to dispirit; to dishearten.

Coward, kow'ard, n. [ L. conda, a tail ] তীৰ-ব্যক্তি; কাপুৰুষ; A timid person. Syn:—Craven, recreant, poltroon, dastard, skulk, sneak.

Coward, kow'ard, Cowardly, kow'ard-li, a. ভাক; কাপুকৰ; Timid:—ৰাচ; Base, mean. n=cowardliness. ad—cowardly. Syn.—Timid, fearful, timorous, distardly, craven, faint-hearted, chicken-hearted; mean, base.

Cowardice, kow'ard-is, n. ভীৰতা; কাপুৰুৰতা; Timidity; want of courage. [ calf.

Cow-calf, kow'kaf, n. বকৰা বাছুৱ; A female Cow-herd, n. বাধাল; লোপাল; One who tends cows in the field.

Cow-leech, Cow-doctor, n. (भी-देवगु ।

Cow-pox, kow'poks, n গো-বসম; Small blisters that appear on the teats of cows, the vaccine matter for inoculation being obtained from the skin of a cow.

[ of primrose.

Cow-slip, kow'slip, n. একজাতীয় পুলা; A species Cow-tree, kow'tre, n. গোপাদণ ; A tree of South America producing a nourishing milk.

Cower, kow'er, v i [ Dan. kure, to lie quiet ] सहमह- ह ; छोड- ह . To crouch; to shrink through fear. Syn:—Shrink, crouch, stoop, bend, squat. Cowl, kowl, n. [ L. cucullus, hood ] मन्नाभौनितंत्र मखनाववम : मन्नाभौनितंत्र भवित्य भिवक; A monk's hood or habit:—धूमिर्निम-भार्यम् भाष्ट्रामभौ; धूमननीव आववग ; A cover for a chimney that turns with the wind. a=cowled. Cowled, kewld, a. मुखनावन विभिद्दे ; Wearing a cowl.

Cowry, kowri, n. कड़ि; A small shell used as money in the East Indies and in Africa.

Coxcomb, kokś-kōm, n. মন্তকাপ্রভাগ: The top of the head or the head itself:—ভাড়: খোষ পোসাকী, মূর্ব: A fop, a vain showy fellow; a fool:—পুলা বিশেষ: A kind of red flower:—An ornament on a fool's cap. Syn:—Fop, prig, puppy, beau, dandy.

Coxswain-See cock-swain.

Coy, koy, a. [L. quietus, quiet] লাকুৰ, লজাইন; বিনীত; বম; Shy; bashful; reserved; modest. n=Coyness. ad=coyly. Syn:—Modest, bashful, shy, reserved, backward, distant, diffident, demure.

Coyish, koy'ish, a. ইবং লকাশীল; Somewhat coy. ad=coyishly n=coyishness.

Coyness, n. 可能情况时, Shyness. Syn:— Shrinking, backwardness, modestly, bashfulness, timidity, diffidence.

Cos, kuz, n. A contraction of cousin.

Cosen, kufn, v. t. (wietcain-#; weifau-#;
anteri-#; To flatter; to cheat; to beguile.

Syn:—Overreach, dupe, gull, chouse, diddle,
circumvent, impose on. n=cozener.

Cozenage, koźn-Ej, n. अजावना ; अवन्ना ; Fraud ; deceit ; practice of cheating.

Cozoner, n. अवादक ; अव्यक् ; A cheat.

Cosy, Cosey, közi, a. সুৰক্ষ ; আধানপ্ৰদ ; সাক্ষশ-ক্ষ ; Warm ; snug ; comfortable :—আনাণী ; পদ্মধিষ ; Chatty ; talkative, ad=cozily.

Crab, krab, n. ৰকট ; কাৰড়া ; A common shellfish:—কটবালি ; কটবালী ; A sign in the zodiac:—বভ কটু কল ; বুৰৌ আভা ; A wild apple.

Orabbed, krabed, a. ফর্ল; বিট্বিটে; ক্লচ; Sour; rough; harsh, austere; peevish: morose:—
ছম্ব; মুর্বোখ্য; Perplexing; difficult. ad=crabbedly. n=crabbedness. Syn:—Testy, cross,
morose, fretful, petulant, captious, ill-tempered; difficult, tough.

Orack, v. t. विभीर्-क ; कन-क ; कश-क ; To rend ; break or burst; break into chinks :-- আক্সিক चन डेश्लानिक-कृ; श्रीर कीत चन डेश्लामन-कृ; To snap; to produce a sudden noise :- 5:4 4141 বিহাল-কৃ; ছ:খাভিকুত-কৃ; To distress; to pain; to torture :- ज्युका भूतक बना ; To utter smartly and sententiously:--প্রশংসা-ড়; সুখাভি-ড়; To cry up ; to extol :-- वृद्धितहे-क ; To disorder ; to make crazy :- v. i. विनी १- ह ; To burst ; to split : —উচ্চ ৰা ভীত্ৰ শন্তঃ To utter a loud or sharp sound :-n. छिन ; काउँ ; A narrow breach, a chink or fissure :--আক্সিক ভীত্ৰ শব : A burst of sound; a sharp or low sound uttered suddenly or with violence :-- किश्व । किश्व वाकि ; Craziness of intellect; a crazy person. Syn := (v.)Chip, cleave, splinter; fracture, burst, snap; (n.) Break, crevice; breach, cleft, chink, fissure, crainy; snap; report, clap, pop, burst, explosion.

Crack a bottle—মুখ্যপান-ফু; Drink a bottle.
The crack of doom—অসম; The end of the world.

To crack a joke—নহনা তীর ব্যব্দেক্তি-ভু; To break a jest; to utter or throw out a jest.

Crack-brained, a. বৃদ্ধিশুক ; Crazy ; crazed.
Cracker, kraker, n. বিদীৰ্থকাৰী ; বিশাৰক ; The
person or that which cracks ; as, a nut
cracker :— শটকা ; বেগৰ ; A noisy fire-work :—
বিষ্কৃট ; A hard biscuit.

Crackle, krakl, v. i. যাল মাল চড় চড় পাল-কু; To make small abrupt snapping noises:—পুৰ: পুৰ: অলু বিদাৰণ পাল-কু; To give out slight but frequent cracks.

Creckling, krakl-ing, n. ভৰ্মিত শ্ৰুৰ-মাংবেৰ উপৰিভাগ ; The rind of roasted pork.

Cracknel, kraknel, n. fagt: A hard brittle cake or biscuit.

Cradle, kradl, ম. শিশুদিনের দোলনা; কোলা; A rocking bed for infants:—লৈপনাবহা; Infancy:
ভাষাৰ ভানাইবাৰ কভ ভারিমুছ কলক; A frame under a ship for launching it:—৩. t. লোলায় ভারিড-টু;
ভায় টু; To lay in a cradle; to rock in a cradle;

to compose or quiet:--नानम-इ ; To nurse in infancy.

Prom the cradle, n. ৰাল্ডান হছৈ ; বৈশ্ববিদ্ধা হছছে; From the state of infancy; from infancy. In one's oradle—শৈশ্ববিদ্ধার; In one's infancy. Craft, kraft, n. কোলন; নিপ্তা ; বৈশ্বা; দক্তা; Art; dexterity; skill:—শঠতা; ঘূর্ততা; Cunning; artifice; fraud:—ব্যাবার; বিদ্ধাবিদ্ধা; Manual art; trade:—ক্তু জন্মান; ক্তু জাহাজ; Small sailing ship. Syn:—Skill, ability, cleverness, dexterity; aptitude, expertness; artifice, cunning, subtlety, shrewdness, guile; trade, employment, occupation.

Craftsman, kraftsman, n. শিল্পী; কাছিকৰ; ব্যক্ত নাম বিশেষে প্ৰবৃত্ত ব্যক্তি; A mechanic; an artificer; one engaged in a trade.

Crafty, krafti, a. निर्भ ; पूर्व ; व्यक्क ; Artful ; cunning deceitful. ad=craftily. n=craftines. Syn:—Artful, wily, sly, deceitful, subtle, shrewd, guileful, tricky.

Crag, krag, n. উচ্চনীত বৰুব পৰ্যন্ত; A steep rugged rock:—পথানিতিত কম্ব-তব; A bed of gravel mixed with shells.

Cragged, krag'ed, Craggy, krag'i, a. ভধ প্রবৰ্ণ ; বছুব ; Full of broken rocks ; rough ; rugged. n=craggedness, cragginess. Syn :— Cragged, rocky ; broken, rough, rugged.

Crake, krāk, n. পদী বিশেষ; A kind of bird.
Cram, kram, v. t. [A. S. crammian; Ice. kramja, to squeeze] ঠানিয়া পৌৰা; চাপ দেকয়া;
To stuff; to fill to excess:—পর্ব্যাপ্ত খাদ্য হারা পৃথিত-তৃ: পরিভূপ্তির অভিবিক্ত ভোজন করান; To fill with food beyond satiety:—বলপুর্বাক প্রবেশ করান; পূর্ণ-তৃ: To thrust in by force; to crowd: শিক্ষা প্রদান হারা পরীকোপবাধী-তৃ: To qualify for public examination by hasty preparation—
v.i. অভিবিক্ত ভোজন-তৃ: To cat greedily or beyond satiety:—পরীকোশবাধী-তৃ: To make preparations of examination by hasty review of studies. Syn:—Crowd, squeeze, press, compress; gorge, glut, satiate.

Crambo, krambo, n. A cramming or crowding of rhymes together.

Crammer, kramer, n. বে বৃত্তি ছাত্দিগকে মুখ্য করাইথা পরীকা দাদার্থ প্রস্তুত করে; One who prepares students for examination by comming them with the required knowledge,

Cramp, kramp, n. অন্তর্য; 'বাল'; A painful spasmodic contraction of muscles:—প্রতিবয়; ভাববোধ; প্রতিবয়ধ; Restraint:—কাঠাদি ধরিবার উপযোগী লোবথভ বিশেষ; An iron instrument to hold together timbers, stones, &c:—v. t. অনুত্র্যু প্রায় কট-দে; খাল-ড়; To affect with spasms:—কোনে আব্দু-ড়; To hold tightly. Syn:—(v.) Confine, restrict, hamper, clog, hinder, impede.

Cramp-fish, kramp'fish, n. यश्चि यश्च वित्वय ; The torpedo, or electric ray, whose touch imparts, a shock of electricity.

Cranberry, krahbēr-i, n. जानवर्थ अपू विरूप : क्षविरूप : A red berry of acid taste. Cranch—Same as crunch, Orane, krān, n. [Gr. geranos, L. grus, a crane]
দাৰ্থ কাজি পাকী, A wading-bird, having long
legs, a long neck, and a long beak —ভাবি বভ
উটাইবার বস্তু, A machine for raising weights —
বাদিরা নিঃসারক বক্ত নগ , A bent tube for drawing liquors out of cask — v t. উটোপন-কৃ, To
raise — v ঃ কিছু দেখিবার জন্ম নীবা প্রমানিত-কৃ,
To stretch the neck in order to observe something
[taining to the skull]
Convert lightwal a strength সম্ভাবি স্কারী , Per-

Cranial, krani-al, এ মন্তবেৰ বুলি সৰ্কাষ, Per-Craniologist, kra-ni-olo jist, n শিবস্তব্য় পণ্ডিত, A phrenologist, one skilled in craniology.

Craniology, k: গ-n)-০০০-)৷ প্ৰ মাধাৰ খুলি পৰীকা কৰিয়া মনেৰ খালি নিৰ্ণয় কৰিয়াৰ বিদা , শিৱতাৰ, মাত্ৰছ-ভৰ, Phrenology, the study of skulls a= craniological.

Cranium, krani-um, # যাগার বৃলি , নব-কপাল , করোট পর্পব , The skull of an inimal.

Crank, krangk, n বজার্ভি বস্তু ব্যুতা, Anything hent or turned — স্বেষ, সেখেটি, পরিহাস, A turnin speech a pun — বামধ্যেতি, A whim — ক্রিম্বিভিন্ন ব্যক্তি, One full of cranks, or deringed

Crank, kransk Cranky, krangli a কিপ Bus., lively – হলৰ Week —বিপ্ৰ ভইবাৰ সম্ভাৱনা বিশিষ্ট Lipble to Leupset

Crank, kim, k Crankle, kim, ki Crinkle kringkl ত : বৃদ্ধ, কুৰ্বিট্ছ, io bend and turn — t বৃদ্ধ, কুৰ্বিট্ছ, lo break into bends &c. [A bend

Crankle, krangki Crinkle, kringki n বকজা Cranknoss, ki in cress n বিপদ্যক হইবাৰ সন্থা বৰা i tability to be up et

Cranny, krim n কিন কাই An open crack a chink, a cleft, a crevice — কিন্তুন স্থান, গ ই স্থান, A retried or secret place — ৰ / চিন্তু কি বি প্ৰয়োগ কিন্তুন কিন্তুন স্থান কিন্তুন কিন্তুন স্থান কিন্তুন কিন্তুন স্থান কিন্তুন ক

Crapulent, Crapulous, a আধিভাগৰ ছাৱা পাড়াপন্ত, Sick from intemperance

Crash, krash n ঝন ঝন শাল, A noise is of something breaking -া ঃ ঝন ঝন শাল ছ To make a noise as of things breaking —v t এও খণ্ড-কৃ, চূৰ্ণ-কৃ, To break to pieces violently Syn —(n) Clash, clang, jar, collision con cussion

Crasss, krásis, n ছুইট স্বৰৰ্থের মিশন The contraction of two vowels into one long vowel, or into a diphthong

Crass, kras, a সুদ, শোটা, Can cor gross, thick Syn —Dense, close, gross, obtuse, confused, muddled

Crassament, krasa-ment, স বজাৰি ভৱন পৰা বেঁৰ বাঢ় অংশ, The thick part of a fluid, csp blood, the clot [ ness, coarseness Crassitude, krasitud, n বাঢ়তা স্থাতা, Gross-Cratch, krach, স. স্বাধিৰ বাদ্য বাহিৰাৰ আধাৰ,

গাৰণা, A manger or open frame for hay. Crate, krat, n [ L crates, a huidle ] ৰুটি, A large wicker ba-ket

Crater, krater, n আবের গিবিৰ মুখ, The mouth of a volcano [ with the teeth. Craunch, kranch v f দ্যুখারা আনু , To crush Cravat, kra-vat n গণাৰজ, প্রীবাৰজনী, A neck-cloth Syn—Neck-toth, neck-erchef, neck-tee. Crave, krav v f f A S craftan, to crave ] খাচঞা-কু, প্রাথনা-কু, কিন্তু বু, ি o ask earnestly-to beg, to entreat, to besecch, to long for. Syn—Beg, besech, intruit, solicit supplicate, implore, desire long for hanker after

Craven, kravn n কাপুরুষ ভীক বাজি, A coward, a spiritless fellow —a fers জ, ভীক Cowardly, spiritless Syn —(n) Coward, poltroon dastard, recreant ad=cravenly n=crivenness [strong desire]

Craving, kriving n আকাজা প্ৰবন ইচছা, A Craw, krivin পঞ্জীয় পাকস্থনী The stomach of Lowis Syn — Cop., gallet throat

Craw-ash, Cray-fish, n. कीक्षा, दिन्निक्ति माछ । River lob t :

Crawl, rowl -: [Ger k ibbeln to creep]
বুকে ঠে'ট মা T creep to move slowly as a
worm,—হামা' মিঃা-মা, Io move feebly or
slowly

Crayon, kráon r [L crita, chalk] পেৰ-বিল, A piece of chalk, or other soft substance used for drawing —খড়িব পেৰসিল, Coloured drawing chalk —v t. উক্ল পেৰ্সিল ছাৰা চিত্ৰ ছাছত কু খদদা দিৱা বা নক্ষা কু, To sketch with a crayon to sketch, to plan

Craze, krit v / উন্ধাৰ-কু, বৃদ্ধি বিকৃত-কু, To impair the intell et to render insune,—বিদীৰ্গ কু. খণ্ড খণ্ড দু lo break, to crack Syn — Crush, c riuse bewilder, insune, derange ad = 1 cd'y

C 22y, krīti a ছুৰ্মল Weak feeble — কিন্তু, নির্ভু বৃদ্ধি Diranged in intellect insine, crick-b aimed — ভগ্গ Bioken. Syn — Shattered Linken, tottering insine deranged, mid lunatic, cracked a i=crazily n=craziness Croak, krīk v i কা কা কা ক কু বাৰাল লোভ ক বিলামিক হ কান্দ্ৰ কাল কিন্তু কিন্

Creamy, krimi a अवस्य, भवस्य, Full of or like cream, gathering like cicam næcreamincss

Crosse, krfs, n ভাজের দাগ , A mark made by folding — c. t ভাজ করিঃ চিহ্নিড-কৃ , To mark by i fold like i furrow [ Malay dagger. Crosse, Crosse, kres, n মান্ত দেখাৰ ছোৱা:

Create, kre-at, v. f. [L. crea, creatus; cog. with Gr. kraino, to accomplish, to fulfill; Sans. kri, to make ] স্থান ; স্বান ; To produce; to cause to exist:—উংপাদন ; To produce; to cause; to be the occasion of:—উংপান ; To beget; to generate. Syn:—Produce, make, cause, originate; constitute, appoint.

Creation, kre-a'shun, n. বৃষ্ট; বুজৰ; The act of creating:—বিৰ, ৰূপং; That which is created; the world; the universe:—বৃষ্ট; Formation.

Creative, krc-a'tiv, a. সর্জ্রনক্ষ; স্টেকর্ণে ন্মর্থ, স্ক্রনক্ষ; That has power or tendency to create. ad=creatively, n=creativeness.

Creator, kre-átor, n. অগ্না: অগ্নামৰ; One who creates, a maker, especially the Supreme Being. The creator—অগ্নামৰ; The Supreme Being. Creature, kretur, n. মুখু পদাৰ্থ, That which is created:—প্ৰাৰ্থ, অন্ত, মন্ত্ৰা; গণ্ড, Every animated being, an animal; a man; a brute:—মুখ্য; A human being, in contempt or pity:—মুখ্য ন্য লোক; A servile dependent or tool. Syn:—Being, substance, body; animal, beast; man, person, dependant, minion.

Creature comforts—হে দকল বস্তু বারা নেহেব হ্রথ বৃদ্ধি হয়; দৈহিক হ্রথ সম্বর্ধক; মহাপ্রাণী ঠাপা করিবার অব্যাদি; Those things which minister to the comforts of the body; things ministering to the comfort of the body, such as good food.

Creature of circumstances—অবসার অধীনে (অবস্থাৰ পড়িয়া লোক ভালমন্স হয় এই ভাবে); One entirely dependent on circumstances.

Credence, kre'-dens, n. প্রত্যায়; Trust: — কুজ টেবিল; বেদীয় পার্থছ কুজ টেবিল; The small table beside the altar. { be believed in To find credence in—বিশাসভাসন হওয়া; To

To find credence in—ादनामहाकन १६४); 10 Credends, kre-dendd. n. pl. दिवामहाकन दिवेश समूद: Thines to believed; acticles of faith.

Credent, krudent, c. সংজ্বিশ্সী, Easy of belief.

Oredential, kre-deńshal, a. প্রভারজনক; Giving a title to belief or credit — n. প্রভার বা আনাজনক বিষয়; That which entitles to credit or confidence:—pl. যে পাত্র ছারা কোনও ব্যক্তি বিদেশীরদিপের নিকট প্রভার বা আনাভারন হয়, Exp. the letter by which one claims confidence or authority among strangers.

Credible, kredi-bl, a. বিষ্কৃত্বীয়, প্ৰত্যাহবাৰা, That may be believed. n=credibility, credibleness, ad=credibly.

Credit, kredit, n হাজা; Esteem:—বৰ্ণ, সন্থান, Reputation, honour.—বাবে বিক্ৰয়; Sale on trust:—v.t. বিষাদ-কু; To trust:—বাবে বেডয়া, বাবে বিক্ৰয়-কু; To sell or lend to on trust.

Credit one with—কাহাৰত উপৰ কেলা; Charge one with:—কোন তথা আছে বলিয়া কাহাকেও থীকাৰ- কু; Give one credit for.

Carry to the credit of (credit to)— हिमान बनाव निरक (मन); Enter upon the credit side of an account, set to the credit of.

Give credit to—বিশাস-কু; Believe; place reliance on.

Give one credit for-( (कान किहूब का ) काराव

প্রশংসাধাদ-কৃ; কাথাকেও প্রশংসা-কৃ; To give one praise for.

On or upon credit—airs ( बिजन करा पूर्वात);
On trust existing between buyer and seller.
On the credit of—airis wifara, (काम किसूत गुजरुतिक; On the security of.

Take crodit to one's self—কোনৰ কাৰ্য কৰা হ্হাছে বলিয়া সন্ধান কাৰি-ক; Lay claim to the honour ( of doing something ).

Creditable, kredit-a-bl, a. বিশাসভাজন; যপজন; Trustworthy, bringing credit or honour. n= creditableness, ad=creditably. [debt is due. Creditor, kredit-or, n. উত্তমৰ্গ; One to whom a Credulity, kre-dū'li-ti, n. বিশাস্থানিতা, বিশাস-অব্যতা; Excessive easiness of belief; unsuspecting trust.

Credulous, kredu-lus, a. সাম্বর্জ, সহত্রে প্রতারিত; Apt to belief without sufficient evidence; unsuspecting, easily decrived. adm credulously, n=credulousness.

Creed, kred, n. [L. credo, believe, the first word of the Apostles' creed ] ধৰ্ত; ধৰ্বৰ, A summary of the articles of religious behef, any system of principles professed or believed; a religious symbol.

Crook, krck, n. অপ্ৰসন্ত প্ৰাণী, খাড়ি, A smal milet or bay of the sea or river:—মণীয় বাক-Sudden hend of a river. Syn.—Inlet. cove, bight, small bay, rivulet, stream, winding, turn.

Creeky, kiëki, a बङाकाब; Full of creeks, winding. [ly an angler's basket. Creel, kiël, n. कुछि, A wicker basket, especial-Creep, krëp, v t. [pr p. creeping, pa. t and pa. p crept ] बुदक (होट पांच्य); To craw!:—दीदव पीरव पांच्य]; यम भम भम नम्म. To move slowly and feebly—दीदव भेटव कार्यकार पांच्य]; क्यांक्यांद्र करियो पांच्यो . To move steathily, as time.—कार्यकार पांच्यां, To grow along, as a plant:— To have the sensation as of insects creeping on the skin of the body:—(जावाद्याम-कृ: To fawn. Syn:—Crawl, glide smoothly, steal upon; insinuate, fawn, cringe

Creeper, krēp'er, n. লভা; লভানিয়া পাছ; A climbing or trailing plant:—ফুল পর্কা বিশেষ; A genus of small climbing birds.

Bower of creeper—লতাৰ্হ, লভাকুল। Creese, Creese, kres, n. মান্যদেশীৰ ভাৰবাৰি; A Malay dagger. [a corpse. Cremate, v. t. শ্ৰদাহৰ-কৃ; To burn especially Cremation, krem-ashun, n. [L. cremo, to burn ] শ্ৰদাহ; The burning of the dead.

Cremona, krem-ত'na, ন. উৎকৃষ্ট বৰ্ষদেৱ বেছালা; A superior kind of violin, made at Cremon, in Italy. [ing the edge notched. Crenate, Crenated, a. বাৰু কাটা; (bot). Hav-Creole, kre'ol, ন. ইউবোপীয় উর্বভাত আন্বিক্তির লোড়; A native of Spanish America or West India Islands, descended from European ancestors.

Creesote, kre'a-sot, Creasote, kre'o-sot, m.

এক প্ৰকাৰ বাসায়নিক তৈল; An oily, colourless liquid.

Cropitate, krep'i-tāt, v. i. [L. crepo, to crack, rattle] চট্ চট্ খন-ছ; To make a small crack-ling noise. Syn:—Crackle, snap, crack.

Cropitation, krep-i-tashun, #. क् क् क् न्य ; A small sharp crackling noise.

Crept, pt. and pa. p. of creep.

Crepuscular, kre-pusku-lar, Crepusculous, kre-pusku-lus, a. গোধুলি সম্বাীয়; প্রবোধ সম্বাীয়; Pertaining to twilight.

Crepuscule, kre-puskul, Crepuscle, krepusl, n. [ L. creper, dusky, obscure ] भाष्त्र;

द्धाराव ; Twilight.

Croscent, kresent, a. [L. crescens, crescentis, pr. p of cresco, to grow ] অৰ্কচন্দ্ৰ ; The increasing or new moon :— অৰ্কচন্দ্ৰ চিক্তিত মুদলমান পতাৰা; The figure of the new moon borne in the Turkish flag :— তুবক পতাৰা : মুদলমান ধৰ্মের চিক্ত ; বজাকাৰ অট্রানিকা হেলি: The standard itself, and figuratively the Turkish power, a range of buildings in curved form :— a. ব্দিক. Growing; increasing.

Croscented, kre'ent-ed. a আর্থান্ত নিজাবরণ; Adorned with a crewent:—আর্থান্তর্বং: Cresentlike . crescent shaped

Cress, kres, n. তিক শাক বিশেষ; হেলঞা; ভুংনি অকু's, The name of several species of plants, which grow in moist places.

Cressot, krc'est, n. প্ৰশ্নশক; আবো; Beacon light:—আকাশ-প্ৰীপ; Lamp for illumination Crest, krest, n. শিখা, খুটি; শিৱস্তাণের উপরিস্থ পক্তেছ; The top of feathers on the top of a helmet:—বর্ম্ম; The helmet itself:—ক্রুটের খুটি. The comb of a cock:—(ডল্লেফা; অরক্ষের; Pide; courage; spirit:—ক্রুটিল: বিস্ফান্য লাগ্যা: পর্বভালিব, The summit or hybrid pirt of a hill:—ত ' শিখা স্থা: আরক্ষত-কৃ, শিখা-বিশিষ্ট-কৃ, To furnish or adorn with a crest:—ব্যাব মৃত ক্রিটা-কৃ; To serve as a crest for. Syn:—(n.) Plume, tuft, comb, head, crown, top, summit.

Crost-fallen, krest-fawln. a. নিরুৎসাহী; ভয়োৎ-নাই: ভোজেহীন; Dispirited; dejected, heartless. Crostless, krestles, a. শিবাশুল, Without a াত্য — অসুচ্চবংশসমূভ ; Not of high birth.

Cretaceous, kieta'shus, a. [ I. cretaceus, trom creta, chalk ] ৰডিব্ৰ ; ৰডিব্ৰ . Chalky.

Crotin, krc'tin, n. शनशब्युक निरसीय वाकि . Goitrous idiot.

Crotinism, krc'tin-izm, n. হীনবুছিভা, নিক্ছিভা; Condition of a cretin; idiocy.

Crovasso, krev-a's, n. [ L. crepare, to creak, crack ] श्विदानित किए, जुवाब वानित काँछे; A crack or split. especially applied to a cleft in a glacier.

Crevice, n. हिन्न; काँग्ने; A crack; a rent, a gap, an opening. Syn:—Cleft, fissure, rent, crack, chink, cranny, rift, interstice.

Crew, kioo, n. [Fr. crue, increase] খন; A company; a gang:—বাবিৰণন। A body of sailors. Syn:—Band, gang, set, party, haide.

Crew, kröö, n. Did crow :—past tense of crow. Crewel, kröö'ci, n. একপ্ৰধাৰ ক্ষু ব্টিকাৰ্ব; Worsted yarn, slackly twisted.

Crib, krib, n. জোৰী : গাম্লা ; গৰাদ্মী : Manger :

-গরুৰ আভাৰল : গোশালা ; A stall for oxen :—
শিশুশ্বা ; A child's bed :— কুটাব ; A small cottage :—লাটান ও প্রীকের অবিকল অসুবাদ ; A literal translation of the classics :—Bin for storing grain, salt, &c :—পিপ্তর ; A cage. Syn:

-Rack, manger, cratch ; bin, bunker, small bedstead ; hut, small dwelling :—v.t. আবদ্ধ-কু; Confine :—দামাস্ত জব্য অপহ্বশ-কু; Steal trifles. Syn:—Inclose, confine, cage, pilfer, purloin. Cribbage, kribaj, n. ক্রীড়া বিশেষ ; একপ্রকার ভাস বেলা ; A game at cards.

Cribble, kribl, n. [L. cribe'lum, dim. of cribrum, a sieve] যোটা চাননী; A coarse sieve or screen:—v. t. চ'লে; ছাকা; To sift or riddle. Crick, krik, n. গ্ৰহেশ্য সংকাচন; A slight cramp; a spasm, especially of the neck.

Cricket, kriket,n. ঝিলি পোকা; A kind of insect:
—ব্যাটবন থেলা; Game with a bat and ball:—
গ. ধ বাটবন লইছা বেলা-কু; To play at a cricket.
Cricketer, kriket-লা, n. ব্যাটবল-ফ্রীড়ক; One who plays at a crick t.

Cried, p t. and pa. p of Cry.

Crime, krim, n. বিধিনজ্ঞান; শেষ; অপৰাধ; পাশ; Breach of law; great fault; offence; sin. Syn:—Wrong, offence, fault, misdeed, felony; wickedness, sin, vice, iniquity; transgression, delinquency.

Criminal, krimin-al, a. দোষসংশীয়; Relating to crime.—পাণী; অপবাধী; Guilty of crime:—
n. অপবাধী বাক্তি; One guilty of crime. Syn:—
(a) Culpable, wrong, illegal, felonious; immoral, victous, iniquitous. (n) culprit, malefactor, cylldoer, offender, felon, convict. ad=
criminally.

Criminality, krim-in-ali-ti. n. অপরাধিতা; অপরাধিত; Guiltness; wickedness.

Criminate, krimin-মা, r. t. জাভাত-কু, নিক্ষা-কু; দোষাবোপ-কু, To accuse; to charge one with crime. Syn:—Charge, indict, impeach, arraign; convict. a=11minatory. [Accusation. Crimination, krim-in-Ashun, n. অভিযোগ; Criminatory, a. অপুরাষ্পত; Accusing.

Crimp, krimp, n. [A dim. of cramp; Dut. krimpen, to shrink] ভঙ্গপৰণ; Brittle:—n. বে বাজি ভ্ৰায়, যে বাজি প্ৰলোচিত কৰে; One who decoys:—v. t. চুল আচ্ছান: Curl the hair:—
বুড-কু বা ভ্ৰান; To seize or decoy:—চুন্ট-কু;
To plait. Syn —(v) Plait, curl, crisp; seize, decoy for service, press.

Crimple, krimp'l, v. t. আকৃষ্ণিত-কৃ; সর্চিত-কৃ; চুন্ট-কু; To contract or draw together; to wrinkle, to curl.

Crimson, krimizn, n. নীল মিপ্রিড গাচ লাল বছ; লোহিত বর্গ; A mixture of red and blue red:—a. গাঢ়লাল; Of a deep red colour:—v. i. লোহিত বর্গ বিপ্রিড-ফু; To dye with crimson:—v. i. লাফ্ড-ফু; লাল্বর্গে বঞ্জিড-ফু; To become crimson; to blush.

Crinatory, a. চুল সম্পাৰ, Pertaining to hair.
Cringe, krinj, v. i. [A. S. crincan, cringan,
to face ] ৰড-হ; অবনত-হ, ভোবাবোৰ-ক, চট্ট্
কারিতা-ক, To crouch with servility, to submit,
to fawn, to flatter. S,n—Crouch, stoop,
truckle, fawn, grovel.

Cringeling, kringling n. চাটুকাৰ, ভোষামোদ-কাৰী, One who cringes.

Crinite, kii'nit, a [L crinis hair] চুলেৰ গুছ সংক্ষীৰ কেশগুছে সৃদ্ধ, Resembling a tuft of hair Crinoline, kriho-lin n [L crinis hair, and linum flax] কাচুদি সুলোকাৰণেৰ মেটা কোকুমা Lady's stiff peticont

Cripple, knp'l, n [A S crob n to creep পঞ্জবান্তি, পোড়া লোক, A lam persin —a ৰঙ পৌড়া, পাড়ু, Lame —v t পাড়ুকু, Fo mike lame —ৰঙ কু, Io disable Syn —(v) Lam disable, impair, cramp, weaken, enfectite

Crisis, knisis, n [ Gi krisis from kiind to separate ] मह कि न , मनिश्न , lhe change of a disease, which indicates recovery or death, the decisive moment Sy.—Turning point, acme h glic, chergency, evigency, urgency strait. h = crisis ( kiisi)

To rine with the critics- স্থান উপস্থিত পেৰিছ তংশতিবিদ নাৰ্থ কেওলাকত বৈ কংগো প্ৰবৃত্ত বি be roused or excited to act on so as bravely to face a criss

Crisp, krisp a ভরপর, Brittle —v t বোৰদান, বৃথিত বু lo carl or twist —v : আবুণিত হ, Io torm httle carls n=crispness ad = crisply [ Brittle

Orispy, krisp'i, a 真体者, Curly — 6岁年4年, Criterion, krister ion n fire from lists, a judge j 可要性 初本中 Standard of judiment, tet p=0 cris Sin — Standard measure, test cipel touchstone

Critic, kil n '' হা 'বছ, লোঘনদা সম্পোচক, সক্ষদা, A punge of literay or artistic meric, carper, a careful observed Syn—Censor, judge, sav in' carper caviller Critical, krik k-al a জগ সেও বিশ্ব ক্ষত্ৰীয় R lating to riticism—হাদোহ কিব হয়, Sail d in judging literary and other productions—লোহনাহা, Captious—সক্টপুৰ, Decsive din gerous ad-critically n=critically is.

Critical philosophy—The philosophy of Kant (Petty critic Criticaster, n দাধাৰ পোৰ পূৰ্ব সম্পোদ্ধ Criticise, knti-্দ, v t. গুৰ্বদোৰ বিচায়-রু সম্পোদ্ধা-কু, নিকা রু, To judge, to make remarks on, to e n ure

Criticism, krift sizm, n শুণ দেখে বিহাৰ বিদা The art of judging of beautics and faults — স্মালোচনা, A critical judgment or observation, review — নিশা, Cin ur. Syn — Review, notice, stricture, animadversion

Critique, kri-tek, n. नमारनाहना, Critical examination of any production, review.

Croak, krök, ত s. [G. krodsein, to croak]
ক্ৰাপ্ত-কু To make a bad hoarse noise in
the throat, as a frog or crow .—জভত স্কন্-কু,

ষ্ঠান প্ৰকাশ কু, To forebode evil, to grumble — v t. কৰ্মণ শন্ত, To utter in a harsh voice — n. ভেক বা কাকের শন্ত, The sound of a frog or raven n-croaker Syn—(v) Grumble, complain, murmur, repine

Crochet, ki ট'shā, n [Fr crochet, a little crook, a hook l এক প্ৰকাৰ স্থা হত্ত-বয়ৰ, Fancy netting made by me ins of a small hook

Crock, krok n মুক্তি নির্মিত পাত , পেরালা; বাট Futhen vessel, a cup - বাশ, Soot, i mn-buck — খ t কাল-ক, To blacken with soot (then ware.

Crockery, kroker in স্বায়পাত সুংপাত, Far-Crocodile, kroke dil n [Fr L crocodilus— Gr krotofic or, a luard ' বুজীৰ A large amphibious reptile of Africa and Asia -ৰপটা, A hypocrite

Crocodile tears— কুলিম ছ প , Hyperitical tears pertended errol — মুল বিশেষ A wellknown flower

Crocus, krokus, n दावनांव A plant safforn Rich as croosus का बनटान, Very ich

Croft, kreft e वत्रहिन्दीन मित्रकेट त्यक , Small field near a dwelling house n - crofter

Cromlech, knomick n [W crinich-crom, curved neutral and likeha stone] A rude altar of stones

Crone, kith n [le non withered old ] বদ্ধ কী বৃদ্ধি মাগা. An eld woman, especially in contempt

Crony, kröhi স প্রক্র সংচৰ, An old and intimate companion, a familiar friend

Crook, krook n sice I rol i Die Linke a fold or winkle ] ক কাৰ, A bend or turn, any thing bent — গুৰুকে কৃষ্টি, জাক মি A shepherds staff —কোলা, দাধুলী ভূম, An itthee or trek — হ ধ শৰ্ ৰু, Focurse to bend or form into a heak — য ৰ ল- হ To be cu ved Sun—(n) B nd fl vare curs iture turn, she pherds staff, bi hops staff

By hook or crook—থেৰ কেন পহাৰেণ, By any means whatever

There is a crook in the lot of every one—acts a time could be all (4) a as yet after a, freen with a trendment of the kind of training the marks, 457, Not sample forward purverse, n=(1) kednes ad=Crook dly Syn—Bent, curved, bowel districted, twisted away, deformed devious, tortucus, unfair, dishonest, insidious.

Crop, krop, n [A S crob, the top shoot of a plant, Dut cr p, a bird's crop] আন.. কেড-শাভ শান্ত, The product of fields — সংগৃহীত শান্ত, স হাহ, Any thing gathered or cropped — পান্তীর কঠা, The craw of a bird — n. t আন্তান করিন কৃ, Fo cut off the ends of any thing — করিন কৃ, সংগ্রহ কৃ, To mow, reap, or gather Syn — (n) Lop, chip, curtail shorten, gather, pluck, pick, reap, mow, browse, nibble, feed upon To crop out— ভানিয়া উঠা, আনাশিত্যহ, To appear above the surface, to come to light.

Crop up. ৩. : বাহিন-হ, আবিভূত-হ; লব ছাপিও উঠা, To come to the surface, to come to light Crop-s ok, krop'sik, a অতিরিক্ত পাব ভে'জন ভন্ত বোগরত, Sick with excess in eating or dricking

Croquet, kicikā, n जीन नित्त्व, A kind of Crossor, krūzher, n. [O Fr crois,—Fr. crox a crook, hook] अवान वर्षायाक्षय क्रम एक, Arch-

bishop's staff.

Cross, kros, n [O. Fr crus, Fr. croir-L crun orig an upright post to which latterly i cross-piece was added ] वशास्त्रं , क्न , A gib bet on which malefactors were hung, consisting of two pieces of limber —ৰে কাৰ্চৰতে যীন্ गर्द शांगवन कता एक , शृहनार्य कि , The instru ment on which Christ suffered, an emblem of the Chritians - \$124 (3475'4), The suffering of Christ -- गर्गानि পশুর জাভি-শহরত-প্রাথ্তি, A mixture of two breeds - (FM , Affliction , trou-11 - २४ भग ,- The gospel - ए र ज्ञा बाजाfren., to mak with a cross - 917 2871 भे अर्थ lopiss over - नष्ट-कृ, To cancel by d mm r cross lines — বিষয় কু, বাৰ্ছ কু, To thw হা trob truct - সুমিশ্রিক To mix breeds In tip or body or draw one line across another v: wir mifr ofta + to , To he or be athu it किञ्च न केट र अल कारन असन क् To move of pis tran place to place Syn — Pass over traverse, thwait, hinder, obstruct, interburd

Cross, kee a পাশা পালি, আড়া আড়ি
lian versi, athwart, oblique—বিপরীত, প্রতিকা, Opposed adverse—বিভাইটে, কোপস্পাৰ,
বিষক্ত, Ill tempered pecysh, frettal. Syn—
Transverse in ecetting, adverse, contrary,
fretful, prevent all-lamoured, captious, ill-tempered, frece is possible, petulant, to ty a rosly, excressors

Cross one s mind-464 543 21

Cross the Rubicon — অপরিহার কারো অবসং কইবাপদা I respit some measure from which it is not so salle to recede

To boar one s cross - ৰত্ত সহ্-কু, To put up with one's traubles

To coss swords with —(কাহারণ সহিত) বিবাদে প্রায়ত , To engige in a sword-fight or dispute with

To take up the cross—5.4 he-7, To bear troubles and afflictions with p tience

Cross-bill, kro bil, n भविदिष्य, A bird.

Cross-bow, kio-bū, n < 745, A weapon for shooting arrows, formed of a bow placed crosswise on a stock for two breeds

Cross-breed, n ২জৱ, সকৰ জাতি, Offspring Cross-bun, kio bun n তুৰ্ণতিহিত বিভাগ বিশেষ, A bun nicked with the form of a cross, eaten on Good-Friday.

Cross-examine, kros-egz-amin, o t কুটপৰীকা - ক, জেবা ক, To examine a witness of the opposite party — n = Cross-examination ( কুট-প্ৰীকা জেবা )।

C. 088 grand, kro'-grand, e. fantjestes

সজিত তত্ত্ব, Having the fibres crossed — প্রতিকৃত্ব, আদ্দা, Perverse, untiactable.

Crossing, kroling, n পাৰ হন্তন, Act of crossing —পাৰ হইবাৰ স্থান, A place for passing from one side to the other —বিফ্লীক্রণ, ব্যৰ্থক্ষণ, Thwarting

Crosslet, kroslet, n 事要 事 , A little cross

Cross-purpose, » দিকজাভিপায়, A counter or opposing purpose, hence that which is inconsistant or contradictory — বাংশবিশাৰ, A game. Cross-question, knos kwest-yan, v t. কৃট প্ৰীকা-কু, কোৰা-কু, To cross-examine

Cross-road, । অ'ড পথ , আছা আৰ্গি পথ , এছো পথ , One which crosses the country or other roads not a direct road

Cross-row-মাতৃকা . A B C

Cross-trees, kroitiz, n কাহাকের আড় বান্তল বিশেষ Pieces of timber placed across the unper end of the lower-mists and top masts of a ship [Cross road or path Cross way, kroisin n আড় পৰ. এটো বাৰা. Cross-wiso, kroisin, ad কুশ্ব আবাৰে, In the form of a cross — আটে, আড়াজড়িভাবে, Across. Crotehet, krochet, n.f. Fr crocket, diminutive of croc, a hook ] সূব বিশেষ, A note in music equal in duration to half a minim — (ধ্যাক, Whim or conceit.

Crotchety, krochet- a ধাৰ ধেয়ালি, Given to crochets, finciful, whimsical

Croton, kruton n শারাগাছ বিশেষ, বাহারি ছোট গাছ . A kind of plant

Crouch, krouch, ৩ : ৰত হট্যা থাকা ; To lie close to the ground, as an animal —ভোষাধোৰ-কু চাইবাদ কু, To crinze, to fawn

Croup, kroop, n খোদ র মার্লা, অব-ক্ষতা The buttocks of a horse — ি ভাদিগের কাল বোণবিশেন, A di ca c of the throat,

U. oupler, kicopi cr স সাধারণ ভোকে সংকাৰী
সভপাত, One who sits at the lower end of the
ble is as ist int-chairm in at a public dinner
—সহগাৰী সভাপতি, A vice-pies dent — ৰে জুয়া
ৰে ৷ ৰ দৃষ্ট হাবৈ ও দাব ক'ছ স তং কৰে, He who
withen the cards and collects money at the
entired tible

LIOW, krū n [A S crowe, a crow] कांक, A bird usually l'ack uttering a harsh, croaking nets — कर्मांच देव, The cry of a cock — मर्क, कांच Boat, eviltation — ए त क्रिके पर के To cry as a cock — कर्म व-व, म्ह क मिल कर्म, कि batt, to swagger — की नांच क, Fo crak S, n — (e) Vaunt, flowrish, braz, boast, triumph over, evult pa t crew or crowed.

Crow-bar, kib'bar, n ( ) रेन्ड Iron lever.

Crow-quill, n পৃষ্ম দিখিবার ভয় বাবহৃত কাকপক্ষের ক্লম, I he quill or large feather of the crow, used in fine writing

Crow's-foot, krī? foot n নাৰ্কক জনিত চকের নিয়ন্থ কুলন, বিপামীয় আখারোচী নৈতেব সাভিবোধ করিবার কন্ত পোণত গৌহ-শলাকা, Wunkles produced by age, si e iding out in the shape of a crow's foot from the corners of the eyes, (mil.) a caltrop. As the crow flies—টিক সোজা পথ দিয়া; টিক সোজা পথ ধৰিজে; in a straight and direct course; direct, without any deviation from the straight line.

At cook crow—বাড়াৰে; At dawn of day. To pluck or pull a crow—নাৰাভ বিষয় সইয়া বিবাদ-কু; To contend about trifles.

Crowd, krowd, n. [A. S. creodan, to crowd, press ] ব্যাস্থ ; A number of things closely pressed together:—কোকসমূহ; জনতা; Throng, multitude:—নাধারণ লোক; জননাধারণ; The populace; the rabble; mob. Syn:—Throng, nultitude, concourse, mass, host. assembly, rabble:—v.t. সংগ্রহ-ক; বালিফুড হইয়া পূর্ণক, To gather into a lump or crowd —উপরোধ-ক; To press by solicitation; to urge:—v.i. পবিপূর্ণক, মন বা ঝাক বাবা: To press together in numbers; to swarm.

To crowd sail—সৰ পাল তুলে-দে, To spread all sails; carry a great press of sail with a view to accelerate the motion of a ship.

Crow foot, kiট'foot, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ আগাছা; A

Crown, klown, n [ I. corona; cog. with Gr korn ros, curved ] কিব'ট; বাজ্যুকুট; The diadem ; state cap of royalty :- दाञ्चभि , Regal power .- बाका , Sovereign -- इंडा, माधाव होनि , The top of anything, especially of the head :-সন্থান; পুরস্থার; Honour, reward; anything which imparts beauty, or dignity :-- भाता, Any garland :- मुझा विरमव . Shilling piece :v.t. अधिष्य-कृ, To invest with royal power; -- খ্রুশোভিড-কু; সম্বাণিত-কু; To adorn, to dignify - त्रमाश्च-कृ : पूर्व-कृ : To complete to perfect -1787-17. To reward; a=Crownless. Syn -(n) Dildem, royalty, sovereignty, coronet, coronal, garland, chaplet, wreath, laurel, bays, honour, distinction, top, summit, crest. (v.) Adorn, dignify, honour, reward, perfect, finish, complete, consumm ite

Crown-glass, krown-glass, n গৰ'কের নিমিত্ত এক প্রবাধ ক'চ . A kind of window glass formed in circular plates or disks.

Crown of glory—ছ বিষ্ণুল ; Halo.

Crown jewels, n বাসার বন্ধ দি; Royal jewels Civil crown—A crown presented by the Roman citizen in battle

Mural crown—A crown given by the Roman to the person who first scaled the wall of a besieged town. [ won a naval victory

Naval crown—A crown given to one who To crown all—" " | To crown all—" | T

Crownlet, n. কুদ্ৰ বিহাট , A small crown.

Crown Prince, krown-prins, n. युवाम; The prince royal, who succeeds to the crown.

Crucial, kroo'shi-al, a [L. crux, crucis, a cross] মহুছেল; কেনিকা, অনুস্থানী; Testing; severe; trying or searching:—আড়াআড়ি: Formed like or pertaining to a cross. Syn:—Transverse, transecting, severe, searching, trying, decisive.

[ and undeniable one.

Crucial test—অভি কটন প্ৰীকা, A very severe

Orucible, kroo'si-bl, n. 46; A melting-pot; an earthen pot for melting ores, metals.

Cruciferous, kroo-siferous, a. [L. crux, and fero, to bear] Bearing four petals in the form of a cross.

Crucifix, kroo'si-fiks, n. খ্ৰীষ্টেৰ প্ৰতিমা; প্টেম প্ৰতিমূৰ্দ্ধি, Representation of a cross or of Jesus Christ

Crucifixion, krōō-si-fik-shun, n. কুলকাটে মৃত্যু;
কুলাবোহণ; Death on the cross; especially that
of Christ. [form of a cross.
Cruciform, krōō'si-form, a কুলাকাৰ; In the
Crucify, krōō'si-fi, v. t [L. crucifico, crucifixus—crux, cross, and figo, to fix ] কুলে প্ৰাণ্যধ্কু; To hang on the cross:—ক্ষ্-কু; প্ৰচূৰ্-কু;
To subdue, to mortify.

To crucify the fiesh—ইন্সিকি অয়-কু; To subdue the animal propensities.

Crude, krood, a. [L crudus, raw] অপক; Uncooked, raw — অপৰিপক. Unipe; immature.—অপৰিপক; Hasty and ill-considered, not reduced to order or form; rough Syn — Uncooked, undressed, raw, unripe, immature, undigested, unfinished, unconsidered, untefined, coaise. n=crudeness, ad=crudely.

Crudity, krত্তিনান, ম অপকতা, Rawness; unripeness.

Cruel, krūd'el, a निर्मन , निर्मन ; Hardhearted; merciless, inhum in frictions ad= cruelly. n=cruelty Syn — Sixaa, barbarous, hard-hearted, inhuman, pivile s, merciless, inexorable, ferocious, brutal, muiderous, severe, hard, butter.

Cruelty, n. নির্দ্ধতা, Inhumanity — নৃশাসতা; Barbarous deed; barbarous treatment.

Cruot, kico'et, n. vibla affects atia. Vial for sauces.

Cruise, krouz. v i. [ Dut linism, to cross ]
নুপুৰ্ব বা বাণিকা কৰ্ণ্যে কৰে অণ-কু. Rove over the sea for plunder or trade —n. শানু আন্বৰণাৰ্থ কলপৰে অন্য ; A voyage in various directions for search of an enemy. n=ruiser

Cruiso, krooz, n ভোট বে'ডন . A small bottle. Cruisor, n. যুদ্ধপোড ; One who, or a ship that, cruses—usually an armed ship.

Crumb, kium, n. কটাৰ টুকৰা, A morsel of bread.—কটাৰ কোমল আংশ, The soft part of bread.

[ To recover strength. To gather up one's crumbs –৭৭ আন্ত-ছ:

Crumb-cloth, krumkloth, n. দাত কটন চুন্বা অনুষ্ঠি হহাবি ভোষন টেবিলেম নিন্ত বন্ধৰ, A cioth laid under a table to reverve falling crumbs, and keep the carpet cle in.

crumbs, and keep the carpet ele in. Crumble, krumbl, v. t ধণ্ড খণ্ড-কু, টুকরা টুকরা

করা, To break into pieces — চ টুকরা; টুকরা-হ, কর হওয়া; To break or fall into small pieces — n. টুকরা; A very small fragment.

Syn — Crush, bruise, pound; decay, perish, fall in pieces.

[In crumbs; soft.

Crumby, Crummy, krumi, a ব্ৰহ্ম, ক্লাব্ল;

Crumby, Crummy, krum, a বত্তবৃং, কোন্দ্র; Crump, krump, a. বহু, কুঞ্ছিড; Crooked; wrinkled. Crumpet, krumpet, n. (कांपन भिडेक विटमंद ; A kind of soft cake or muffin.

Crumple, krump'l, v. f. জাল-কৃ; কৃষ্ণিত-কৃ; To make with or draw into folds or wrinkles; to cease:—v. i. কৃষ্ণিত-হ; সমূচিত-হ; To become wrinkled; to contract or shrink.

Crunch, kiunch, v.t. पष्ट बाबा हर्सा-कृ; To crush between the teeth.

Crupper, krup'er, n. বোডাৰ ছ্যটি; অংখৰ পুৰু-বন্ধ; A harness under horse's tail.

Crural, kroo'ral, a. [L. crus, cruris, the leg ] अप मध्योत ; Relating to the leg or thigh.

Crusade, knoo-sad, n. ধর্মু ; Military expedition under the banner of the cross to recover the Holy Land:—ছ:সাহদিক কর্ম ; Any daring or romantic undertaking.

Crusador, kioo-sader, n. धर्माया : One enga-[ cup of bottle. ged in a crusade. Cruse, ki voz, n. পাত পেয়ালা; বোডল; A small Crush, krush, v. t [ Icel, krassa, to grind ] চুৰ্ণ ক, ভালিয়া দেলা, To break; bruise; to squeeze — দলৰ মু, পোৰণ-কু, To overwhelm by pressure; to beat down :- क्य-कृ, ममन-कृ, To overcome, to subdue, to put down :- v. i. গুরুভাব বা শভিষাবা পোষ্ঠ হইবা কুদ্রায়ত্ব-হ, To be pressed into smaller compass by external weight or force Sva -- Compress, squeeze, bruise; contuse, br ik, pulverize, bray, pound, comminute, break down, demoash, destroy; cruswhelm, subdue, conquer .- n. अन्छ। ; A violent pressure, as of a crowd. পাতা।

Crush a fly on the wheel—মণা মাতে কামাৰ To crush out, v বাহিব-কু, To lorce or separate by pressure, as juice from grapes:—ধানেকু, জংকু, To destroy or overcome completely:—n. মাধন, দলন: A violent squeezing.

Crust, krust, n I l. crusta, W. crest, from cresu. to harden by heat ্র কটাৰ ছাল, কটাৰ বাহিবল ; Shell, outercoat, hard coat; hard, outer bread — পূথিবীর বাহিবের কটন ভাগ, (Geol) The solid exterior of the earth:—v.t. কটিন আবরণে আছোদি ই-কু. To cover with a crust or hard case.—v. হ. হুমাট বাধিয়া কটন আবরণে প্রিণত-হু; To gather into a hard crust. Syn:—(n) Shell, surface; piece of bread; coating, coat, concretion, incrustation.

Crustacea, krus-táshia, n. বর্ষ্ণর, চিড়ি মাছ কাঁকড়া প্রভৃতি, A class of animals with a shell coating. Crustacean, krus-táshi-an, n. ক্রিনাবরণ জীব-সনুহের কন্ততম; One of the Crustacea.

Crustaceous, kurns-táshi-us, Crustacean, krus-tá-shi-an, a. ক্টিনাবরণ জীবসম্কীয়; Pertaining to the Crustacea or shellfish.

Crustated, krus-tated, a. কচিনাবরণে আর্ড.
Covered with a crust. [An adherent crust.
Crustation, krus-táshun, n. সংলগ্ন কচিন আবরণ;
Crusty, krusti, a. কচিন; Having a hard or harsh exterior; hard:—ককা; বিষয়; ফিটিটে;
Morose, surly. Syn:—Hard, brittle, short, friable; touchy, testy, snappish, fretful, fractious, cross, snarling, surly, ill-humoured.
ad.—crustily, n—crustiness.

Orutch, kruch, n. [L. crun, across] বয়ধ্ট; বট ; Support used by cripples ; stick.

Cry, kri, v. i. [ L. quiritare, to scream, freq. of L. queri, to lament ] ही कांत्र-कू; तिहान; To utter a loud voice; to proclaim; to pray:-ক্ৰন-কৃ; বিলাপ-কৃ, To utter a loud sound, expressive of pain or grief; to weep; to lament: - वर-क ; To utter inarticulate sounds ; as, animals :-- v. t. চীংকার-ভূ, To utter loudly :--প্রচার-কু; To proclaim. pa. t. and pa. p. cried. Syn: - Call, exclaim, clamour, vociferate, shout, baul, yell; squall, scream; shed tearsweep, sob ; proclaim, publish : -- n. পৰ, চীংকার . Any sound :-- कीवविष्यवन नाम, त्रव . Particular sound uttered by an animal :- कुम्मन ; Lamentation; weeping. pl=cries, n=crier. Syn:-Exclamation; scream, bowl, screech, yell, roar, crying, weeping, lamentation, lament, report. Cry at the top of the voice—श्व ही काइ-कृ।

Cry at the top of the voice— यूव शिरकात-कृश
The cry in the highest pitch of voice, to cry
as loud as possible.

Cry against—চীৎকাৰ-ক ; Exclaim against. Cry down—निमा-क ; लघु-क ; Detract ; censure ;

depreciate.

Cry goods for sale—জিনিস ফেবি-কৃ। [share. Cry halves—তুল্য আদ দাবি-কৃ. Claim an equal Cry in the wilderness—অৱশ্যে রোদন-কৃ, Cry where there is no one to hear you

Cry quites—সমান হওয়া, পরস্কর দাবি মিটাইয়া পাইরা সন্তষ্ট-হ, Be even, have mutual satisfaction of demands.

Cry out—উচ্চৈ:यद रहा ; Exclaim.

Cry out against—অভিযোগ-তৃ; দোবারোপ-তৃ; নিন্দা-তৃ, Complain of; blame.

Cry to-প্রার্থনা-কু; To implore.

Cry up—এশংসা-কু, গুণকীর্তন-কু, To extol; praise highly; to puff.

Cry wolf—বৃধা ভর দেখান; To give false alarm. Hue and cry—চোরকে 'ধব ধর' বলিয়া বে শব্দ করা হয়. A loud outery with which felons are pursued:—নোর গোল, Clamour. [clamation. Crier, krier, n. Public officer, who makes pro-Crying, a. মনোবোগ আকর্ষণকারী; Calling for notice, compelling attention and regard; as, crying complaint:—গবিত; Notorious, heinous; as crying shame.

Crypt, kript, n. [L. crypta—Gr. krypto, to conceal] গৰ্ভ, গুহা, সমাধি: Cave; cell; tomb. Cryptogamia, krip-to-gami-a, n. pl. [Gr. kryptos, concealed, and gamos, marriage] অব্যক্ত পুলাৰ; Plants destitute of open flowers. a=Cryptogamic, cryptogamous.

Crystal, kristal, n. ফটৰ, Regular solid body; transparent mineral:—উৎকৃষ্ট কাচ; Superior glass; watch glass.

Crystal, kristal, Crystalline, Crystallin, kris-tal-in or in, n. ফ্টকবং বছ : ফ্টকবর : Consisting of or like crystal .—উজ্জা : Transparent. Crystallisation, kris-tal-iz-áshun, n. ফ্টকে প্রিপতি বা পরিপত করণ , The act of crystallising. Crystallise, kristaliz, n. t. ফ্টকে প্রিপত ক; To reduce to the form of crystal:—v. i.

ক্টকাকারে পরিণত হওরা, To assume a crystalline

Crystallography, kris-tal-og'ra-fi, n নিৰ্মাণ তৰ; The science of crystallisation.

Cub, kub, n. [ Ir. cuib, a whelp, from cu a dog.] পশুশাৰৰ; Young of beast:--(ভুচ্ছাৰে) ছোট ৰালক বা বালিকা; A young boy or girl (in contempt ) :-- v. t. শাবক প্রস্ব-কু ; To bring forth ,

Cubature, kuba-tur, n. चनत्कराज्य त्कावक्त-निर्वय ; নিশীত খনকেত্ৰ কল : The act of finding the solid or cubic content of a body; the result thus found

Cube, kub, n. [ Fr. cube-L. cubus-Gr. kybos, a die ] पनरक्ष ; A solid body with 6 square equal sides :—কোনও সংখ্যার তৃতীয় শক্তি বা তাহাব धनकत . The third power of a number, as-2 x 2 x 2=8 :-- খ. t. কোন সংখ্যাতে তৃতীয় শক্তিতে উন্নীত কবা বা তাহার ঘনফল নির্ণয়-কু. To raise to the third power. a=cubic.

Cubeb, n. कारांविहिन ; A small, spicy, tropical berry, stimulant and purgative.

Cubic, kuhic. Cubical, kubik-al, a. খনকে ব্যুল সম্মার, ঘন, Pertaining to or having the form or properties of a cube. ad = cubically.

Cubiform, kubi-form, a. খন-ক্ষেত্রাকার, In the form of a cube.

Cubit, kubit, n. [ L. cubitus (lit.) a bend. akın to L cubare, to lie down ] এক হন্ত পৰিমাণ . A measure employed by the ancients equal to the length of the arm from the clbow to the top of the middle-finger, varying from 18 to 22 inches :—পকঃন্ত দীর্ঘ , Half a yard.

Cuboid, kuhoid, Cuboidal, kub-oidal, a धन ক্তোকার সদৃশ, Resembling a cube in general

Cuckold, kuk'old, n. অসতীর পতি . One whose wife is false:—অসতী স্তীব স্বামী, A man whose wife has proved unfaithful -v. t কাচাবও কীর দতীয় নষ্ট করিয়া স্বামীর ক্ষতি কু , প্রপুক্ষের সহতাস করিয়া बामीद अनिष्टे-कृ, To wrong a husband by unchastity or adultering his wife; to make a cuckold of Cuckoo, koo'ठठ, n. (कांकिन ; A bird

Cucumber, kū'kum-ber, n. শ্লাগাছ বা ফল, A creeping plant and its fruit.

Cud, kud, n জাওর; বোমছন; Food brought from the first stomach into the mouth.

Chew the cud-চিন্তা-কৃ, Reflect, ponder --রোমস্থ-কু, To being the food from the first stomach with a view to chew again.

Cuddle, kud'l, v. t. बालिजन-कृ, जानत-कृ; To hug, to embrace; to fondle:-- v. i. সংলগ্ন হইবা থাকা, To he close and snug together :-- n. পাঢ় আলিখন , A close embrace. Syn: - (v.) Squat, crouch, snuggie, nestie; fondle, pet, cosset.

Cuddy, kud'i, n. জাহাজের कक वा त्रक्रनभागा ; Good cabin in a ship; cock room.

Cudgel, kudjel, n. লন্ড; স্থল বন্ধি, A heavy stick ; a club : -- বৃষ্টি বারা প্রহাব-ক ; v. t. To beat with a cudgel. Syn := (n) club, bludgeon, (v)cane, drub, bang, maul, thwack, thump, baste. Cudgel-proof, a. यह अहात मक् क्तिए मक्स ; Able to resist a cudgel.

To cross the cudgel—বৃদ্ধ হইতে বিরস্তৰ : To forbear the contest :--বিবাদে নিবৃত্ত হওৱা ; To forbear to fight. [ think with effort. To cudgel one's brains—গভীর চিন্তা-ক ; To To take up the cudgels—(বাৰাসুবাৰে বা কাৰা ড:)

'বৰাদে প্ৰবৃত্ত হওৱা , To begin to fight (in argument or deed ).

Cudweed, kudwed, n नाना जाडीय উद्धित्तव मानाजन नाव. The popular name for many species of plants covered with a cottony down.

Cuo, ku, R. [ L. cauda, a tail ] ( A long curl or roll of hair , pigtail :-- (थांतवांत मण विराम , A rod used in playing billiards :—ৰঞ্জিনেতার শেষ क्यां. The last words of an actor's speech, seaving as a hint to the next speaker; catchword : — ইঞ্নিত , Any hint : — অভিনেতব্য ৰংশ ; The part one has to play.

Take one's cue—অপৰেৰ ইলিড গ্ৰহণ-ভূ: Take the hint one receives from — মস্তেব মনোভাৰ বৃশ্বিদ সেইমত কৰ্ম-কৃ . Follow another's lead :-- যে কৰ্ম কবিতে হইবে ভাহাই কু. Take the part one is to periorm.

Cuff, kui, n. [ Sw kuffa, to knock ] हरविशिष्ठ , চাপত . চত , ঘুষা ; A blow with the fists , a troke, a box: --জামার আণ্ডিনের কপ; The part of a sleeve which flaps or claps back -r t. ্ৰণটাথাত-কু, To strike with open hand Syn -(v) Beat, buffet, box, slap, thump, pommel.

Cuirass, n kui-ra'. [L corrum, skin, leather] নৰ্ম , উৰজাৰ , Defensive covering for the breast. Cuirassior, kwi-ras-er', n কবচধারী সৈকা, উরব্রাণ-धानी रिम्मिक , A soldier armed with a currass

Culdoo, kuide, n. शृक्षकार्शन ववडाडीय मलामी . A monk of an order once established in Scotland Ireland, and Wales

Culinary, ku'lm-ar-i, a. [L culing, a kitchen] क पत्नीना महसीय , दहन मल्लकीय , Pertaining to the kitchen or the ait of cookery.

Cull, kul, v f [ L. colligo-col, together, an lego to gather ] बाहतून-कृ, निस्तान कृ, To pick out , to select from many ; to gather Syn .-Collect, gather, glean, pluck, choose, single Strainer

Cullender, kulend-er, n. हालनी , नीवर्ष , A Cullion, kulyun, n नीः वाक्ति, क्षोक्र वाकि; कांभूकव A wretch, a cowardly fellow.

Cully, kulı, r. বেগুার সঙ্গী ; প্রতারিত বাক্তি ; প্রবঞ্চ . An associate of a prostitutes, a mean dupe -খ f প্রতারণা-ক . To deceive meanly ; to make a tool of, to track. pa p =cullied.

Culm, kulm, n. ধানের সাটি; শস্যকাত; The stalk or stem of corn or of grasses.

Culmiferour, kul-mif'ér, a. [ L. culmus, a stalk, and fero, to bear ] কাভ্যুক্ত, কাভোংগদী; Bearing stalks or stems.

Culminate, kulmin-at, v. i মাধ্যাত্রিক রেখা প্রাপ্ত-ক সর্ফোচ্চ স্থান প্রাপ্ত হওয়া ; To be vertical ; to come to the meridian, to reach the highest point; to top or crown.

Culmination, kul-min-ह'shun, n. मदान्तिन (तर्व) বা উচ্চতম দীমা দিবা গ্ৰহের গমন ; The transit of a planet over the meridain :- উচ্চ খাৰ ; চূড়া ;

Crown , top .- BEGS BEN ANI ; The most brillant or highest point in the progress of any thing, Syn .- Zenith, summit, top, crown; consummation, completion.

Culpability

Culpability, kui-pa-bili-ti, Culpableness, kulpa-bl-nes, #. নিশাৰ্তা , নিশ্নীয়তা , Liability

Culpable, kuf-pa-bl, c. [L. culpa, a fault] विष्यवीत , प्या , Faulty , criminal , blamable -Syn -Wrong, faulty, blameworthy censurable Culprit, kuipnit, n अनतारी वाकि , अध्यक वाकि , দোৱী , অপুরাধী , A criminal , a person accused of crime, one convicted of crime Syn -Criminal, evil-doer, offender, delinquent, malefactor Cult. Cultus, n 4478, A system of religious belief; a particular form of religious worship or religious belief.

Cultivable, kultı-va-bl, c. कर्न त्यांभा , Capable of being tilled or cultivated.

Cultivate, kulti-vat, v. t. [ L. colo, cultus, to till, to worship ] कर्षन-कृ, कृषिकार्धा-कृ, To till or produce — डेइ डि मांधन-कृ, चन्नीलन-कृ, To unprove, to advance — অধ্যৱন কৃ, To study — শ্বেৰ কৃ, To chuish, to foster — স্থান্তা-কৃ, To civilise or refine n=cultivator Syn -Fertilize improve, clevate refine, civilize, study, investi gate prosecute, promote, cherish

Cultivation, kul-t -vá shun, n वृधिकार्ग, Till age of land - অৰুণালন , Culture - সভাতা , হুগভা कद्रव , Civilisation , icfinement

Cultivator, kulti va-tor, n 448, 748 One who tills or prepaies land for crops -- नाजन-शिला . A sort of harrow

Cultrate, kultrate, Cultrated, kultrated a ছুনিকাকাৰে গঠিত, Shaped like a cutter or pruning knife.

Culture, kultur n कर्र डिएकर्न, Cultivation -अपूनातन, উন্নতি वर्षन महाठा Advancement or refinement - v 2. কর্ণ-বু , ভরতি কু , Locultis ate or improve Syn -(n) Husbandry, fairning agriculture, refinement, civilization, improvement,

Culver, kulver, n. करनाड, नायवा, A pigeon Culver, kulver, Culvern, kulver-in, n. कामान বিশেষ, A long, slender gun, able to carry a ball to a great distance.

Culvert, kulvert, [ Fr couler, to flow,-L colare-colum, a strainer ] चिनान विभिष्ठ भारतानाना , चावुष नानी , An arched water-course . an arched drain for the passage of water.

Cumbent, kumbent, a अन्नान , Lying down. Cumber, kumber, v. t [L. cumulus, heap] পু-স , To load or crowd --গভিরোধ-ক , বাধা-দে , To check, stop or retard, to obstruct - निवक 7 , To perplex or embarrass -- atti-cy . To cause trouble or obstruction in, as anything uscless .- वाय-इ , अनाविष्टे कृ , To busy ; to distract. Sym -Overload, cucumber, oppress, burden, clog , obstruct, embarrass, trouble, impede.

Cumbersome, kumber-sum, c. क्षेत्रांत्रक ; Burdensome, troublesome:—क्ट्रेक्त, आर्याहनीय, Un-

manageable. Syn -Oppressive, embarrassing, cumbrous, unmanageable, unwieldy, clumsy, [ A burden , hinderance. Cumbrance, kumbrans, n ভার , প্রতিবন্ধ , বাধা ; Cumbrous, kumbrus c. প্রতিবোধক, অবরোধক; ভারী, Hindering, obstructing, heavy — হয়-নামক, উৎপীড়ক, Giving trouble, oppressive. adm cumbrously, n=cumbrousness.

Cumin, Cummin, kumin, n Mofaceta, Alai: An eastern plant cultivated for its agreeable aromatic seed

Cumulate, kūmū-lat, চ ধ রাণীকৃত কু, একজ-কু; I o accumulate. [ mulation. Cumulation, kumii-la-shun, Same as Accu-Cumulative, kumu a-tiv, a क्रम्भ: द्रानीक्छ , क्रम-विक् , Increasing by successive addition - जर्क-স্থলীর , (Logic) Applied to a series of agreements, which taken in the whole carries strong consiction [ of cloud.

Cumulus, kii'mil-lus, n (44 facet, A species Cuneal, kū ne al Cuneate, kū'ne-āt, Cuniform, ku ai form, Cuneiform, ku néi-form, a [L crincus a wedge] कांकला वा ছেনির আকার-विक्ति, किलाक व , Of the form of a wedge

Cunning, kuning a [ A S cunnar, to know ] पुर्ड , हरू 4 , मक वहानी Aitful , crafty , dece tful skillul —n ধ্বতা, চত্ৰতা, প্ৰতাৰণা, চাত্ৰী, Artifice, ciast, deceit, skill ad=cunningly. Syn -(a) Artful sly willy, cirity shiewd, designing subdolous, subtle, guileful, tricky, adioit, dexterous

Cup, kup, n [ L cupa cubba a tub a drinking ve sel ] পानभाव A anill drinking vessel: — इ श लान लाटन शाटक, The contents of a cup — ছুখ, ক্লেশ, অপুগ্ৰহ, আৰ্ফিক দি, In a scriptural sense, sufferings and afflictions, blessings and favouis - এक हुन्द वा छान , A draught. Syn -Chalice, diaught, potion, lot, fate portion pl সুৱাপান সহক্ত সামাজিক আমোন . Social entertainment in drinking, a drinking bout Syn potations, drinking revels, orgres, carousals υ t বক্তমোদণ কু, শোণিত বাহিব কু, To draw blood from the body by means of cupping-glass.

In and out of one's cups—স্বাপানোয়ত ও বাতা-বিক অবস্থার, When one is drunk and when sober. In his cups—মলপানে উন্মন্ত , Drunk with strong f one is indulging in drinks. drink In one's cups-কাহাৰও স্থাপান কালে, While Cupper, n ब्रहासाक्ष्यकात्री, A surgeon, who draws blood by cupping.

Cup-bearer, kup'bai-er, n পাত্ৰ-বাহৰ . One who attends on a prince --রাজকপ্রচারী বিশেষ, An attendant of a prince.

Cupboard, kup'bord, n. পাতাধার, পানপাতাখি রাখিবায় তাক , বাসনাদি রাখিবাব আলমারি , A place for keeping victuals dishes &c. , a case of shelves for china ware.

Cupping-glass, kup'ing-glass, म (पर स्टेंड ব্লস্ত বাহির কবিবার কাঁচের বাটী, A glass-vessel like a cup, to be applied to the skin after sacrification, for drawing blood, a small glass vessel shaped like a cup for drawing blood,

Cupboard love স্বৰ্থনিটিড বেষ; Love from interested motives.

Cupel, ku'pel, n. খুলাবাল ধাড়ু পরিকার করিবার ছোট পাত্র ; A small cup or vessel used in refining precious metals.

Cupeliation, kū-pel-žshun, 2 বর্ণাদি গাড় পরি-দার করণার্থ প্রক্রিরা; The process of refining metals in a cupel.

Cupid, ku'pid, n. कामत्वत, मनन; The God of Love. Cupidity, ku-pidi-ti, n. [ L. cupidus, longing, desiring ] लांड, धननिजा; निजा; Covetousness; avarice; greediness. Syn:—covetousness, avarice, greediness, acquisitiveness.

Cupola, ku'po-la, n. [L. cupa, acup—L. cupa, a tub] গোলাৰার আসাদ-শৃস: অর্তাকার অটালিকা-শৃস: ভর্ম: A dome; a spherical vault on the top of an edifice; internal part of any spherical or polygonal roof.

Cupreous, ku'pre-us, a. ভাষৰং ; ভাষসদৃশ , Coppery :—consisting of or like copper.

Cur, kur, n. থেকি কুকুর; A degenerate dog:-

Curable, kūr'a-bl, a. প্রতিকারাই; আরোগ্যপ্রাপ্তি বোগ্য; That may be cured. n.=Curability.

Curacoa, koo-ra-só, n. মদাবিশেষ , A liquor. Curacy, kūr'a-si, n. মাজকের কাজ বা বৃত্তি; The office or employment of a curate.

Curare, z. A South American vegetable poison used by the Indians upon arrows.

Ourasso, Curassow, n. পক্ষীবিশেষ; A large South American turkey-like bird of a deep shining black colour.

Curate, kūr'at, n. [Low L. curatus, from L. cura, care ] আন্তার পাপকালক, সহকারী আচার্যা, বাজক; A clergyman; one who assists a benched clergyman in spiritual duties. [to cure. Curatura, kūr'a-tur, a. বোগ নিবারক্স Tending

Curative, kūr'a-tiv, a. ৱোগ-নিবারণকম, Tending Curator, kūr-ā'tor, n. ভর্বিধ্রিক, অধ্যক্ষ, A superintendent:—রক্ক; A guardian or trustee.

Curb, kurb, v. t. [Fr. courber, from L. currus, crooked, bent] অবকে চালিত-কু; To guide, manage; as, a horse:—দমন-কু; বদীত্ত-কু, নির্মিত-কু; To restrain; to check, to control, to subdue:—n. প্রতিবন্ধক; That which curbs; a check or hindrance:—বোটকের মুখদুখল বা চর্মরক্, A part of a bridle. Syn.—(v) check, bridle, control, hinder, repress, restrict.

Curbatone, kurbston, n. निरत्नाथ श्रवस ; A stone placed edgeways against earth or stone work to check it.

Curd, kurd, n. [Scot. crud, Fr. gruth, milk]
খণি; ছাৰা; The cheese part of milk, as distinguished from the whey:—কোন ক্রব্যের খনীভূত আল,
Any coagulated matter.

Curdle, kurdl, v. i. খনীত্ত-হ; To change into curd; to coagulate:—জমিরা-খা, To congeal:—
v. t. যথি বা ছালা প্রস্তুত্ত কু; দথি বা ছালার পরিণত-কু, খন-কু; To cause or turn into curd or to congeal.
Curdy, kurdi, a. ছালাবর; যথি বা ছালাবং; Like or full of curd. n=curdiness.

Cure, kur, n. [L. cura, solicitude, care] আরোগ্য ; বোগনিবারণ ; Restoration to health from disease ; the act of healing:—উৰৰ; ৰোগৰিবাৰক উৰৰ; A remedy for disease:—আবাজিক ভাব; আগান ভবাব-বান; বালকড়: Care of souls; spiritual charge of a parish:—চিকিৎসা; রোগীন গুলাব! Care of the sick:
—৩. ৫. আরোগা-ড়; বোগনিবারণ-ড়; মুছ-ড়; To heal; to restore to health:—আরোগা-ড়; To remedy; to remove an evil:—গুছ বা লবণান্ড করিলা কলা-ড়; To preserve, after drying, salting, &c.:—বনো-বোগ-ড়; To care for or attend to. Syn:—(ম) Remedy, antidote, restorative, specific; healing, restoration; recovery; charge of souls, ministry.

Cure (one) of—রোগ আরাম-কৃ, কোন দোব অপনীত-কৃ; Fiee one from ( some disease or evil ).

Cureless, kui'less, a. অপ্রতিবিধ্য় , অচিকিৎসা ; Incurable :—অনারোগ্য ; That admits of no cure.
Curer, n. চিকিৎসক , One who cures ; physician :
—লবণাক্ত মংস্যা বা মাংস প্রস্তুতকারী , One who prepares salted or cured fish or flesh.

Curfew, kur'fū, n. [Fr. couvrefeu, from couvrer, to cover, and few, fire ] আন্ন ও আলোক নিকাপিত করিবাৰ জন্ত পূক্কালে ইংলভে রাজি ৮ ঘটকার সম্য নিনাদিত ঘণ্টাধ্বনি. প্রদোধ্যণী, The tinging of a bell at 8 c'clock as a signal to put out all fires and lights.

Curiosity, kūr-i-o'i-ti, n. অনুসন্ধিংসা; কৌতুহল; Inquisitiveness — অপুন্ধ নিষয়, কোতুহলাদ্দীগৰু বিষয়; কোতুহলাদ্দীগৰু বিষয়; কোতুহলাদ্দীগৰু বিষয়; কোতুহলাদ্দীগৰু বিষয়; - মুখ্যাপা পদাৰ্থ; A thing rare or unusual — বাধাৰ্থ; কৰপতা; Accuracy, exactness. Syn — Inquisitiveness, interest, rarity, novelty, monstrosity, oddity, marvel.

Curious, kūr'i-u>, a অনুস্থিৎস্ক, কৌতুহলী; কৌতুহলান্তান্ত: Inquisitive —কোন নৃতন বিষয় বা জন্তান্ত বিষয় আনিকার কবিতে অভান্ত ইজুক; জনুস্থানিথ্য়; Strongly desirous to see what is unknown; habitually inquisitive —ক্রিক, প্রকৃত, Accurate: —ফুল্ডাস্থাণ; Difficult to please:—নৈপুণাস্থাকে নিশ্বিত Skilfully made, as, curious workmanship —কোশলী, Artful; nicely diligent:—আভি বছপ্রদশক, সভই; Showing great care or nicety; careful — ফুল্লাপ্য, অসাধারণ, Singular; rare. n.=curiousness. ad =curiously. Syn:—Scrupulous, careful; inquiring, inquisitive, prying, peering, rare, singular, strange, unusual, queer.

Curl, kurl, v. t. [Dan. krolle. to curl] ক্ষিত- ফ্ ; কোকডা-ফু; পাক-দে; To twist into ringlets:— জড়ান. To coil, as, a serpent — ক, i. ক্ষিত-ফু; To shrink into ringlets:— তরজাবিত-ফু;—To rise in undulation; to ripple:— কড়ান; To writhe; to twist it-elf:— সমুচিত-ফু; To shrink:— ক্রিডা-ফু; To play at the game of curling:— n. অকক, চ্ব-কুরল, ঝান্টা, A ringlet of hair — তরজ; ভুজী; Undulation, wave Syn:—(v) Crisp, writhe, wind, twist; raise in waves, ripple.

Curlew, kur'lū, a. পন্ধীবিশেষ , A wild bird of the snipe tribe.

Curling, kurling, त्र. वहेनकारण कीहावित्य ; A game, common in Scotland, consisting in hurling heavy stones along a sheet of ice, like playing at bowls.

Curly, kurh, a. Sauths; स्कार्भ; Having curls; full of curls. n.=curliness.

Curmudgeon, kur-mufun, n. कृष्य ; व्यक्तियू शिक्ष ; A miser ; an avaricious, curlish fellow ; a griping man. s=curmudgeonly.

Currant, kur'ant, n. কল্বিশেষ; A common garden shrub and its fruit :—এক প্ৰকাশ ওক আকুর বা কিন্মিন; A small variety of dried grape, chiefly from the Indian Islands.

Currency, kur'en-si, n. প্রবাহ; প্রবহণ; Flowing, running or passing:—প্রচলন; A passing from hand to hand; as, money or bills of credit:—বেশের প্রচলিত মুখা; The whole circulation of money, as the whole quantity of money of every sort:—বাহুলাভ; Fluency, readiness of utterance:—প্রচলিত মুলা; Current value:—প্রচার; Anything in circulation:—প্রবিশ্বন পতি; Constant flow. Syn:—Publicity, general reception; circulation, transmission; money, coins, bills, and notes.

Current, kur'ent, n. [L. curro, cursus, to run] প্রাকৃ, লোভ; A flowing; passing or running; a stream:—প্রোভ; বেশ বহুমান কল; A progressive motion of the water in the sea or a lake &c, at certain places:—কমিক গভি; Course; progressive movement:—প্রেটা, A connected series.—গভি; ধারা; General course or tendency:—a প্রক্ষান; Flowing; running:—প্রচলিভ; Circulating:—সাধারণ; Common, general, popular:—সাধারণ সম্মত; প্রচলিভ; Generally received:—বিদ্যানা; বর্তমান, Now passing; present in its course. ad=currently. Syn:—(n) Stream, tide; course, progression (a) flowing, passing, circulating; present, instant, existent, common, general, popular, ifc.

Curriole, kur'ı-kl, n. ছিচ্চ বাৰ্বিশেষ; ছুই ঘোড়াৰ পাড়ী; An open carriage with two wheels diawn by two horses abreast.

Curriculum, kur-iku-lum, n বিশ্ববিদ্যাল্যের নির্ধানিক পাঠ্য গ্রন্থাবলী; The whole course of study at a school or university.

Currier, kur's-er, n. 54-7:3134; One who dresses tanned leather.

Curry, kur'ı, n. চাট্নি; আচার; A highly spiced condiment much used throughout India:—v t. চৰ্দ্ম সংস্কার-কৃ; To dress leather after it is tanned—খরড়া খারা খোড়ার গাত্র মার্জনা-কৃ; To rub down and dress a horse:—খাচনান, নথখাবা বিদারণ কৃ; To scratch or claw; to tear in quarrels:—মন্-স্কান্দ্র, To humour; to tickle by flattery.

Curry-comb, ku'ri-kom, n. ধ্ৰড়া; A comb of iron for rubbing down and cleaning horses.

To curry favour—ভোষামোদ করিয়া অপুগ্রহ প্রার্থনা-কু; To seek to gain favour by flattery or officious civilities.

Curse, v. t. kurs, v. t. [A. S. cursion, to imprecate evil in the name of the cross.] অভিশাপ-দে; To execrate; to invoke; to imprecate evil upon:—ক্ষে-দে; ইয়ণ-দে; To vex; harass; to torment:—v. s. অভিশাপ বা মুবাৰা উচ্চাৱণ-ছ; লপ্যছ; To utter imprecatious; to swear:—n. অবজ্বদেছা; অভিশাপ; Malediction; a wishing of evil

to; imprecation:— Asia 4341; Great vexation or torment. Syn:—(n) Malediction, malison, execration, ban; plague, scourge, torment, affliction; trouble, vexation.

Cursed, kursed, c. স্থান্ত ; Blasted by or under the influence of ; accursed .—বৃণা ; যুগিত ; কলে ; Abominable ; hateful, detestable ; executed. Syn —Accused, unsanctified, unholy, impious, execuable, hateful, detestable, confounded, abominable.

Cursive, kur'sive, a. [ L. curro, cursus, to run] ক্ষতবহুমান , ক্ষতগামী ; Flowing ; running.

Cursory, kur'sor-i, a. অনাবিষ্, অনবান ; কত ; বাছ; অনবহিত ; Hasty; superficial; inattentive; careless. ad.= cursorily. Syn:—Transitory, transient, passing, rapid, summary, desultory, careless, slight, superficial. [ness. ad=curtly. Curt, kurt, a. সংকিপ: Short; concise. n=curt-Curtail, kur-tail, v. t. সংকেপ-ক; To abridge; to shorten — কাম ক; To diminish. Syn:—Lop, shorten, abridge, reduce, contract, diminish, lesson, decrease, retrench.

Curtain, kur'ten, n. [L. cors, cortis, a place inclosed, a court] মণারি; A movable cloth hung round a bed :—বব্নিকা; প্রদা; A cloth-hanging used m theatres, to conceal the stage from the spectators:—v. t. মণারি দারা নার্ড-কু; To enclose or furnish with curtains.

A curtain lecture—গৃহিণীয় ভাডনা বা মন্ত্ৰণী;
Private admonitions given by a wife to her
husband —শ্বনাবস্থায় কানীব প্ৰতি ন্ত্ৰীয় ভংগনা; A
reproof or lecture given in bed by a wife to her
husband. [concealment.

Behind the curtain—लोशत्म, In secret, in The curtain falls on—काशंत्र विषय त्यव इंडम ; The scene closes on.

The curtain rises on—কাহাৰও বিষয় আরত হওয়া; A scene is presented to the view.

To draw the curtain—গোপন-কৃ, প্রকাশ কৃ; To hide or disclose an object —অভিনয় আরম্ভ-কৃ; অভিনয় শেব বা বন্ধ-কৃ, To commence or close the performance.

To drop the curtain—অভিনৰ পেৰ-কৃ; To close the scene:—আবরণ উন্মোচন-কৃ, To throw off the mask:—পেৰ করা; To end:—গন্ধ পেৰ-কৃ; To end the tale. [mence.

To raise the curtain—aine-7; To com-Curtsy, kui'si, Same as courtesy.

Curule, ku'rool, a. [L. currus, a chariot—curro, to run] বোৰদেশীয় রাজকর্মচারীর শাসন; Pertaining to the chair or seat used in Rome by public officers:—বিচারপতিসম্বাীয়; Senatorial; magisterial.

Curvature, kurva-tur, n. रज्ञ ; जान्ज ; The continual bending of a line from a rectangular direction. Syn:—Flexure, incurvation, bend, curve, curvity.

Curve, kurv. a. অসরল ; বক্ত : Crooked ; bent :—

n. আনত বত্ত ; বক্ত ] ; বক্ত রেখা ; খিলান ; Anything
bent ; a bent line ; an arch :— v. t. বক্ত বৃ ; To
bend ; to form into a curve. Syn :— (n) Bend,
flexure, curved line,

Curvet, kurvet, ল অংশর গতি বা লকবিশেব, A particular leap of the horse in which all his legs are at air at once —লক্ষন, উল্লেখন, A leap or frolic — চ লক্ষ্যনান কু, উল্লেখন কু, To leap in currents, to leap, to frisk

Curvilinear, kur-vi-lifii-ar, Curvilineal, kur-vi-lifii-al a [L. curvus, linea, a line] বুকু বেপা বিশিষ্ট, Pertaining to or bound by curved lines [ing a crooked beak Curvirostral, kurv-i-rostral, a বু-চ্পু, Hav-Cushat, kurv-i-rostral, a বু-চ্পু, The ring dove

or wood pigeon

Cushion, kooshun, m. উপাধান, গদি, ভাকিবা,
A pillow for a seat, a soft pad to be placed on
a chair — n. চ গদির উপার উপারণিত ফু, শদি দিবা
আত্তি ফু, To seat on or furnish with a cushion.
Cusp, kusp, m [L cuspis a point] চল্লের চূড়া,
চল্লাদির কোণ বা স্কার, The point or horn of the

Cuspidate, ku'pi-dat Cuspidated, ku'pi-dat-ed, a স্থার, (bot) Having a sharp end or point.

Custard, kustard, n ছন্ধ লণ্ড চিনি মিশ্রিত স্থানিক শাস্ত্রিকলন A mixture of milk and eggs swectened and flavor d

Custard apple, ku tard ap'l, n স্থাত্ বলবিশন, A tropical fruit containing a sweet yellowish pilp

Custodial, kus-to'di-al a. তত্ত্বাবধান বা জবনেধ সম্বন্ধীয় Pertaining to custody

Custodian, kus-to di an a তত্ত্বাৰণানিৰ , তত্ত্বাৰণান সম্মনীয় , Re iting to guardianship —n অভিতাৰক, ভদ্বাৰণান্ক A guardian a superinte id nt

Cuatody, lu ) din [L cist tia i om custos custos a watcher or keepei] विकार रहान ज्यान का Girlanshin, care — कर्न र Impiscare a मान क्यान किया है। Scarty poservation, Si i — Keeping care vat i hundring protection, confinement, imprisonment durance

Custom, kustum, n [L consist is to accuston j বভাগ, Frequent rep titin of the inne act — এবাদি বিক্ৰাৰ্থ দোকানে পুন: পুন গ্ৰমাগমন The practice of frequenting a shop for the purchase of goods — দেশাচণৰ কিন্তু Usage, long estall shed practice — কব তুম Toll or tax — pl আমানি ও বঙালি মনে ব কন, Duties imposed on imports and exports Syn — Usage, practice fashion, mode, manner, way form, deservance, formality, patronage, support tax, duty, import tribute, toll

Custom house—5% of an infinity. The house, where customs are paid, the place where customs or duties on exports and imports are collected

Customary, kustum-ar-ı, a ব্যবহারাবারী, অভ্যানার্কণ, According to or established by custom —চিরপ্রচলিড, Holding or held by custom. ad =customarily n=customariness Sy: —Usual, accustomed, common, habitual, orchary, general, familiar, conventional Customer, kustum-er, n. কেডা, মাহুক, One

who frequents a shop for the purchase of goods, a buyer.

Ugly customer, \*\*. One difficult to manage. Customan, kus-তে m-an, \*\* সম্বভামী গুড়ের ভত্তাৰ-ব্যব্দ , One who has the care or custody of some public building

Cut, kut, v t. [W cutan, to shorten] कईन-इ; কটা, বিদীৰ্ণ কু, বিভক্ত-কু, ভিন্ন-কু, To make an incision , to sever , to divide , to carve or hew ; পাৰ হইবা-যা, To clear or pass through - প্ৰশাৰ বিভক্ত কু, To cross —আহত-কু, মৰ্দ্মবেদনা-কে; To wound or hurt, to affect deeply -- मूक (इशन-क ; शांनि कू, lo castrate - ए : विद्यांग-कू, मेरवा निम्ना वो ; To divide or pass through - विश्वक-इ. To be served --- আঘাত, কর্ত্ব, প্রহার, A strike or blow with a sharp instrument - विश्वविष , विकासन , A cleaving or dividing —ভেদ, ধও, আঘাত, A cleit, a gash, a notch, a wound - পরিহান; A severe remark, a sarcasm — श्रमानी, A groove, furrow, a canal —ছিন্ন অ'ল, করিতা'ল, A part cut off - নিকট প্ৰ , A short or near passage - नार्ज , Form , shape , fashion , as, the cut of a coat - সোদিত কাষা , কোদিত প্ৰতিমৃতি , A carving or engraving likewise the print from it Syn -(v) Sever divide, carve, chisel, cross intersect, wound, hurt, pierce (n) gash, incision, wound, huit, slice, piece, channel, parsage, short way, engraving, fa hion, style, shape

A short cut, n সোণাপথ, সহজ পথ, A crosspath which shortens the way — (কোন বিবৰ পাই বাব) সহজ ইয়াৰ িয় পু way of getting at (some thra) — (গ্ৰহাজি নাোবণ্য) সহজ ডগ'ল, Easy means of making the ways emishort

Cu' across - (मार्कि शांव क्षेत्र) गांवता , Pass thr u h in the mo t direct way

Cut a dash or a figure—জাক দেখাৰ, To make a d play

Cut a fineer—ৰাজগুণগান্ত্ৰনা প্ৰকাশ-কৃ, Show off conspicu usly [able. Cut a joke—কেণ্ডুক কৃ, To be witty, and soci-

Cut a knot—Liffect anything by short and strong measures

Cut and direct—পূর্ব হয়ত প্রস্তত, Prepared beforehand, not spontaneous

Cut and dry—পূর্ণ প্রস্ত Already prepared; prepared before and [frisk about. Cut capors—ৰক্ষ কাল-কে, To play pranks, to Cut down, গ কর্তন কু, To fell —লিক্ষত কু, হতাশ কু Io abish to depress, to humble, to shame —কাটিবা কেলা, Cause to fall by severing —কোট দিয়ে ক্যান, Reduce.

Cut glass—Glass having the surface shaped by grinding and polished

Cut in—बांधा त्म , त्यांश त्मडता , To interrupt , to join in anything suddenly , to take part in Cut in or into —बांधा-तम् , अठिवस-मू , Interrupt.

Cut jokes ( crack jokes )—ঠাটা ভাষানা করা ; কোন বিষয় বা ব্যক্তিকে উপনক্য করিয়া আমোন-কু , Make

Cut off—নিচ্ছিত্ৰ কু পৃথক-কু, Sever or separate —কাহার মৃত্যু হওয়া, Deprive of life .—সংস্থাৰ- ফু; Kill :—মাই-ফু; Destroy :— বভিরোধ-ফু; To intercept.

Cut one's acquamtance—পরিচিত লোকের সহিত আনাপ না করা; Refuse or avoid recognising him when meeting or passing each other.

Cut one's coat according to one's cloth— আৰু ব্ৰে ব্যৱ-কৃ; Keep one's expenses within one's means. [awake.

Cut one's eye teeth—সভৰ্ক হণ্ডা; To be wide Cut one off with a shilling—উন্ধাধিকারীকে বংসামান্ত বেণ্ডা; Leave a very small sum as a legacy:—পৈত্ৰিক সম্পাধি হইতে বঞ্চিত-কু, Disunherit one. [the years of discretion.

Cut one's wisdom teeth—সাবালক-ছ; Reach Cut out—ছানাছবিত-ড়; Remove from the midst-—সঠন-ড়; উপ্যোগী-ড়; To fashion; adopt:—ছান-চাত-ড়; To take the place of; supersere.

Cut out a ship—Enter a harbour, seize and carry off a ship by sudden attack.

Cut purse, kurpurs, n. नीडिकडिं। : कांब्र : मञ्ज . One who cuts purses, in order to steal them on their contents; a thief, a robber.

Cut short—সংক্ষিপ্ত কু;—To abridge:—কোনৱপ বাধা দিয়া বন্ধ-কু, হঠাৎ (কাহার কথা) বন্ধ-কু; Hinder from proceeding by sudden interruption, bring to a sudden termination.

Cut the acquaintance of or to cut a person—বাৰালাপ বন্ধ-কু; চিনিতে বা পারা, Drop intercouse with, avoid recognising.

Cut the cards—ভাস ভাগ-ড়; Divide a pack into portions.

Cut the (Gordian) knot—কোন গোবো গোলা শক্ত দেখিবা তাহা কেটে ফেলা, থেমন তেমন এক রকম করিয়া সহব মীনা'সা-কু, কলে কৌশলে সন্ধট কটিটিয়া উঠা; Get over a difficulty by short and strong measures rather than by skill and patience.

Cut the teeth—দন্ত নিগত-হ; Put forth teeth.

Cut throat, n খাতক, কলাকারী, One who cuts a throat, a murderer; assassin.—a. নিচুর, Muderors; cruel.

Cut to the quick—মৰ্মাডেগ-কৃ; মৰ্মে আঘাত-কৃ; Wound one's sensibilities deeply.

Cut under—অস্থ অপেকা কম দরে বিজয়-কু, Undersell.

Cut up—মবনে আঘাত-কৃ; Pain or wound one's feeling:—বিনষ্ট-কৃ, নপ্ট-কৃ; Destroy—দোষ বাছির করিয়া মাটি-কৃ; Cuticize severely—থও থও করিয়া বিভাগ-কৃ, Divide into pieces.—বেত্রাঘাত-কৃ, Whip:—Suffer severely.

Cut-water, kut-water, a. জাহাজের আংশ; The fore part of a ship's prow that cuts the water, fore part of a ship's form, which cuts the water — বিলানের অবলম্বের আংশ, Part of the pier of a bridge, formed with an angle, directed up the stream.

To be cut off—Allied to an army in the field that has lost many men as killed and wounded. Cutanious, kū-táne-us, a. চৰ্মসম্মীয়; মুক্ সম্-মীয়; Pertaining or belonging to the skin.

Cutis, #. पक ; The true skin.

Cuticle, kuti-kl, n. [L. cuticula, dim. of cutis, the skin] দৰ্শোগরিছ অতি শুলা ছব্; ছব্, The outer-

most or thin skin. Syn:—Epidermis, scarf-skin. Cutlass, kutlas, स. खबरांति विस्ता ; A broad, covering sword with but one cutting edge.

Cutler, kutler, n. ছুরি, কাঁচি, তরবারি নির্মাতা বা বিজেতা; One who makes or deals in cutlery. Cutlery, kutler-i, n. ছুরি কাঁচির ব্যবসায়; Trade

of a cutler :- ছুরি কাচি প্রভৃতি বস্ত্র ; Edge or cutting instruments in general.

Cutlet, kutlet, n. [L. costa, a rib] আই বাংস্থত ;
A piece of meat, cut for broiling.

Cutter, kurér, n. ছোট আহাজবিশেব; A vessel with one mast:—কৰ্ত্তক, কৰ্ত্তনকারী, One who, or an instrument which cuts:—সমূৰ্থের দৃষ্ধ, A front tooth that cuts:—The forepart of the prow of a ship which cuts water.

Cutting, kuting, n. কৰ্মন ; কৰ্মনামত কত ; কৰিড কণ্ড ; প্ৰাৰ ; A dividing or lopping off ; an incision ; a piece cut off ; a twig.

Cuttle, ku'l, Cuttlefish, ku'lfish, n. खनहत-दिल्'व ; A molluse.

Cyanean, sī-ánē-an, a. পভীর বীলবর্ণ; Having a dark blue or an azure colour.

Cycle, sikl, n. [Gr. kyklos, a circle] নিয়মিত কালকম; An interval of time in which events reoccur in certain order:—কালাবর্ত্ত; বে imaginary circle or orbit in the heavens. a = cyclic. Syn:—Round of years, revolution, period.

Cycloid, sikloid, n বৃত্তাকার কেত্র; ৰক্তরেখা বিশেষ; A figure like a circle; a curve made by a point in a circle, when the circle is rolled along a straight line. a.=cycloid.

Cyclometry, sī-klomet-ri, n. वृक्ष পরিমাণ বিশা; The art of measuring cycles or circles.

Cyclone, siklon, n প্ৰবল ঘূৰ্ণিবাতা। প্ৰবল ঘূৰ্ণিবাত ; A rotatory storm or whirlwind of extensive circuit.

Cyclopean, sī-klū-pē'an, Cyclopie, sī-klop'ik, a সূত্তং, প্ৰকাভ, ভ্যানৰ, Pertaining to the cyclone, vast; terrific; giant-like.

Cyclopedia, Cyclopedia, sīklö-pē-dia, n. [Gr kyklos, a circle, and paideia learning] বিদ্যাকল্পম , সক্ৰিদ্যা-সংগ্ৰহ , বিৰকোৰ ; A book of universal knowledge. a=cyclopedic.

Cyclops—Giants with one eye and that in the centre of their forehead whose business it was to forge iron foss Vulcan.

Cygnet, signet, n. হ্মে-শাবক; A young swan.
Cylinder, silin-der, n. [Gr. kylindo, to roll]
গোলাকার বস্তু, সম গোলাকার দীৰ্ঘ কৰ ক্ৰয়; A roller;
a long circular body of uniform diameter.

Cylindric, Cylindrical, a. Having the form or properties of a cylinder.

Cymar, si-mar', n. সামাভ আবরণ; श्रीवारकनी; A slight covering, a scarf.

Cymbal, simbal, n. बांगुरच वित्यत ; सहात्री ; A basin-like musical instrument of brass, beaten together in pairs.

Cynio, sińik, Cynical, sińik-al, a. ৰটোৰ ; কছ অভৃতি, অসংৰভাব ; বনুবাৰেনী ; Surly and snarling ; austere, misanthropic.—n. বনুবাৰেনী ; A misanthrope:—বিলাসবিষ্ধ পথিতসভাষায়; এক সভাষায় আচীন ছার্শনিকসপের একজন; One of a sect of ancient philosophers, who condemned riches, the arts and science. Syn:—(a) Snarling, captious, censorious, sarcastic, cross, morose, sour, misanthropical. ad—cynically.

Cynicism, sin-sizm, n. ক্ষৃতা ; ক্লম্বীনডা ; মহুব্য-জাতিব থাতি বিৰেব ; Heartlessness, misanthropy ;

contempt for human nature.

Cynosure, sino-shoor, n. [Gr. kyön, kynos, a dog, oura, a tail] উত্তর কেন্দ্রছিত নক্তমণতা; উত্তর কেন্দ্রছিত নক্তমণতা; উত্তর কেন্দ্রছিত তারাসমূহ; The constellation of the Lesser Bear, to which, as containing the pole star, the eyes of mariners are often directed:—আহ্বর্ধণকারী সাধারণ চিত্তাকর্থক বস্ত; Point of attraction.

Cynthia, n. væ; Moon.

Cypress, si press, n. বৃক্তবিশেষ; A coniferous tree:—শোক-চিক; An emblem of mourning.

Cyprian, n. নাইপ্রাস-বাসী, A native of Cyprus; বেছা;—Horlot; a woman of loose morals:—a. Pertaining to the island of Cyprus, renowed for the worship of Venus:—লাম্প্রা সম্মীয়; Pertaining to leudness.

Cyprus, n. পট্ৰস্ত ; Thin stuff.

Cyst, sist, n. প্ৰকোব; জীবদিগের বিকৃত অংশধাৰী কোব; A pouch or bag without opening, containing morbid matter.

Cytherean, a. Relating to Venus.

CEAR, tEAR, zär, tsar, n. [Rus. tsare, a king, L. caesar, a king or emperor ] সুস-দেশীয় স্থাট; The emperor of Russia:—fem. Czarına, Czareena (the empress of Russia).

Czarowitch, Czarowitch, zar'e-witch, Cesarowitch, sez-hr'ewitch, n ক্স যুবরাজ, ক্সীয় সমাটের জ্যেষ্ঠ পুত্র; The cldest son of the Czar of Russia. fem.=czaieena (zar-ewna),

## D

D - ই বাজি বৰ্ণালার চতুৰ্থ অক্তর; The fourth letter in the English alphabet.

Dab, dab, [pr. p. dabbling, pa. p.=dabbed] ধীৰে থাবে আঘাত-কু, To strike gently:—n. মুদ্ধ আঘাত, লবু প্ৰহাৱ; A gentle blow:—কুদ্ধ পিছ, কোমল লড়-পিছ; A small lump of any thing soft and moist:—কুদ্ধ শংসা, A small flat fish. [person. Dab, dab, Dabster, n. নিপুণ ব্যক্তি; An expert Dabble, dabl, v. t হিটাইবা-দে; আদ্ধ-কু; সিক্ত-কু; To spatter; to sprinkle; moisten:—v. i. জ্বল-ক্ষিড়া-কু; To play in water with hands or feet:—n. ভাগা ভাগা কোন কাৰ্য্য-কু; To work in a superficial manner, touch here and there:—ভাজিল্য-সহকাৰে কাৰ্য্য-কু; হতকেপ-কু; To meddle. n=dabbler. Syn:—Splash, spatter; work superficially, trifle; meddle, tamper.

Dabble in—কোৰ বিষয় কাইয়া ভাসা ভাসা চৰ্চা-ছ; Work in slight or superficial manner at (any science or art), Dabbler, dabler, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি হতকেশ করে, বা ভাছিল্য-সহকারে কার্য করে; One who does things in a superficial, trifling way. [waterfowl. Dabohiok, dabchik, n. পানকোড়ি; A small Dace, das, Dare, dar, Dart, dart, n. কুম মংস্য বিশেষ; A small river-fish.

Dactyl, daktil, n. [ L. dactylus—Gr. daktylos, a finger ] ত্তিপদীক্ষেত্ৰত চন্দ্ৰিশেষ ; ত্তিমাত চন্দ্ৰিশেষ ; A poetical root, consisting of three syllables, the first long followed by 2 short or one accented followed by two unaccented.

Dactylie, dak-tilik, a. Relating to or consisting of dactyls. n.=A series of dactyls.

Dactylist, daktıl-ist, n. কবিতা-লেক ; One who writes flowing verse.

Dactyology, dak-til-olo-ji, n. [Gr. daktylos, and logos, discourse—lego, to speak ] ইসারা ধারা মনোভাব প্রকাশের কৌশল; The art of talking with the fingers, like the deaf and dumb:— অসুলি সংভগ্যাবা কথোপক্ষন-প্রণালী; A method of communication for the deaf and dumb, in which the motions of the fingers answer to the written alphabet.

Dad, dad, Daddy, dadi, n. ৰাবা; Father, a word used by children. [পদ ; A lily. Daffodil, dafo-dil, Daffodilly, dafo-dil-i, n. Dag, n. চোৱা; Dagger.

Dagger, dag'er, n ছোৱা; A short sword; a poniard:—চিহ্ন বিশেষ; A mark of reference (+):
— v t. সাংঘাতিকৰণে আঘাত-কু, To stab.

At daggers-drawn—শক্তিতা অবস্থায়, In a state of open enmity —প্ৰশাৱের প্ৰতি অভ্যাহন্ত, At enmity, in a state of open host-lity. [fiercely. Look daggers—ভবক্ব আকার ধাবণ কু; Look Daggle, dag'l, v 1. কৰ্দ্দম মধ্য দিখা বা, To run through wet or dut —পকে নিকেপ-কু, Dip in mire or water. Syn — Draggle, befoul, soil.

Daggle tail, n. নোবো স্থালোক, অপবিচ্ছরা বয়কী; Slovenly woman, a slattern —a. অপরিচ্ছর পবিচ্চদ প্রাপ্ত, Having the lower ends or garments defiled with mud.

Daguerrectype, da-ger'o-tip, n. for faces; A painting on metal by sun-light.

Dahlia, dali-a, n. কলর ক্লেব গাছ, A garden plant with a large, beautiful flower.

Daily, dali, n. and ad গৈনিক; প্রতিদিন, Every day —a স্বায়, Delicious to the taste:—ছন্দ্রসাদ্য; ছপ্রেবিণীব, Fastidious:—স্ক্রবিচারী, শিষ্টাচার, বিলাসপুর্ব, Ceremonious; scrupulous in manners:—n. স্বধাদ্য অব্য , A delicacy. n=Daintiness. Syn:—Savoury, tasty, nice, delicate, tender, palatable, elegant, fine, neat, refined; rare; fastidious, scrupulous, overnice. ad.=Daintily, (n) Delicacy, nicety, tid-bit.

Dairy, dári, n. গ্ৰাপার : মুখ্যমুলাগর ; মুখাগার ; Place for making butter and cheese:—a. শোর্থণ ও গ্রাণি প্রস্তুত করণ বিষক ; Pertaining to the keeping or cows, managing of mild, and making of butter and cheese. [manager of a dairy. Dairyman, dari-man, n. গোলালা; পোণ ; A male Dairy-maid, dári-mad, n. গোলালালা; গোণ ; গোণিলা; A female manager of a dairy. Dais, dáis, n. [Low L. discus, a table—L. discus, a quoit ] উচ্চ আসন; চল্লাভগাছাদিত আসন; Raised or canopied seat:—ভোজনাসাবস্থ উচ্চ স্থান; A raised floor at the upper end of dining hall.
Daisied, dázid, a. ডেলিপুল ব্যেভিড; Covered

with daisies.

Daisy, dázi, n. [A. S. daeges ege, day's eye, the sun] ৰাসভ পুন্দা বিশেষ; A common spring flower.

Dale, Dell, dal, dal, n. উপত্যকা; A valley. Syn:—Vale, valley, gleu, dingle, bottom. n.=
Dalesman. [ dale.

Dales-man, n. উপত্যকাৰাসী; One living in a Dalliance, dali-ans, প্ৰেমানিকৰ; Intercharge of embraces:—জনর্থক থেলা বা উপেকা করিয়া সময়কেণ; Dallying, toying, or trifling.

Dally, dali, v. i. [A. S. dol, foolish, Ger. dahlen, to trifle] জালস্য বা উপেক্ষা করিয়া অবর্থক সময় বষ্ট-কৃ; To lose time by idleness or trifling; pa. p=dallied. Syn:—Trifle, tamper with; play with; loiter; linger, dawdle:—আমোদ বা ডুচছ বিবয়ে সময় লষ্ট-কৃ; To waste in effiminate or voluptuous pleasures or in idleness and trifles: প্রেমালিক্সন-কৃ; To fondle; to intercharge care-ses:—বিহার-কৃ. পেলা-কৃ. To sport; to play.

Daltonism, n. বৰ্ণ হোডেৰ করিতে অকষতা; Colour blindness (after the chemist, Dalton, who was so affected.)

Dam, dam, o. z. বাঁধ বারা প্রবাহ রোধ-কু; জল জাইক-কু, To keep back water by a bank:—n. বন্ধ-কু; আবন্ধ-কু. To shut up; confine:—বাড়ি; পণ্ড-প্রস্তি, A female parent used of beasts:—বাঁধ; A mole to keep back water.

Dam out-Keep out by means of dam.

Damage, danন্তা, n. [Gr. from L. damnum, loss, injury] কতি, অনিষ্ট; Any hurt or loss; injury:— pl কতিপুরণ; দণ্ড; Compensation for loss:— v. t. কতি-কৃ; বিকৃত-কৃ, To harm, to injure; to impair — v.i. কতিয়খ-হ; To be injured Syn:—(n) Hurt, loss, mischief, detriment, impairment; (pl) compensation, satisfaction, fine. Damageable, danioj-a-bl, a. অপ্টম্পাল; নাশ্পাল, Capable of being damaged.

Damask, damask, n. বুটাদার কাপড, Figured silk or linen:—লালবৰ্গ, Red colour:—a. লোহিড; লাল; Of a red colour like that of the damask rose:—v. t. কাপডের উপর বুল ভোলা; To form flowers on cloth. [rose.

Damask colour—जानर्ग, That of the damask Damask rose—A variety of rose, native to Damaskas.

Damask silk-A heavy, rich figured silk.

Damask steel—A fine quaeity of steel, originally made at Damascus, and valued for sword blows.

Dame, dam, n. [Fr. dame—L. domina, a mistress, fem. of dominus. a master ] স্থিনী; Matron:—পদ্ধা মহিলা; ছমিকিডা বম্পী; A lady in rank or culture.

Damn, dam, v. t. [L. damnare, to condemn, from damnum, loss, penalty] খনত নাক ভোগ ক্ষিতে খাবেশ-ডু; To sentence to eternal misery in the future world:—চিড়কানি-দে; To condemn as bad by hissing; as, to damn a play:—s. শপৰ; অভিশাপ; An oath, a curse.

Damn with faint praise—Praise, but so stintedly that it is understood to mean disparagement or blame.

Damnable, damina-bl, a. ব্যৱকানের বোগা; Descring damnation; condemnatory:—প্রবাধা; বুণার্হ, অনিষ্টকর; Odious, pernicious. ad.—dam nably, n=damnableness.

Damnation, dam-náshun, n. পরকালে পাপীর দও; অনন্ত শান্তি; অনন্ত নরক বাদানা; Sentence to enternal punishment.

Damnatory, damna-tor-i, c. অনন্ত দ্ববিধাৰ-সম্বিত; দ্বালাপূৰ্ব, Containing a sentence of condemnation.

Damned, a. p. প্রকালে দওভোগ করিতে আদিট্ট; Sentenced to punishment in a future state:— খুণিড; Hateful; abominable.

Damon and Pythias—Inseparable companions. They were two Pythagoreans, remembered as models of faithful friendship.

Damp, damp, a. [Gr. dampf, vapour] আৰ্ম; ভিন্তা, কুল্থটিকামৰ, Moist; foggy; humid:—n. আৰ্ম্তা, বুজ্থটিকা; Moisture; fog:—pl বিষয়তা; Depression; lowness of spirits:—ভূপভৌশ্বত প্ৰাথাতক বামৃ, Noxious vapours issuing from the earth:—n. t ইবং আৰ্ম-কৃ, শীতল-কৃ, To moisten; to chill:—ভয়োগম-কৃ, ভয়োৎসাহ-কৃ; To discourage, to depress; to check. n=dampness. ad=damply. Syn:—(n.) Dampness, mist, fog, vapour; (n.) chill, deaden, depress, deject, dispirit.

Damper, damp'er, গ. দমন, শাসন; That which damps or checks:—একপ্ৰকাৰ ক্ৰতপৰ কটা; A kind of hastily-baked bread.

Damsel, damzel, n. [ Low. L. domicellus, dim. of dominus, a lord ] বালিকা; A girl:—অবিবাহিতা অৱবৰদা খ্ৰীলোক; A young unmarried woman.

Damson, damzn, n. কুল ; বদরী ় A plum. From Dam to Beershebs—স্কল হানে, Every-

where.

Dance, dans, v. i. [O. Ger. danson, to draw along] ৰুতা ইতৰত: লাদাইযা বা ধেলা করিয়া বেড়ান;

To move nimbly, to move with measured steps, caper; frisk —v t. ৰুতা বা লক প্রদান করান, To make to dance or jump —n. ৰুতা, The regulated movement of the feet. n=dancer.

Dancer, danser, n. नर्डक वा नर्डकी, One who practises dancing.

Dancing, dansing, # मुंठा वो मुंठा विका!; The act or art of moving in the dance.

Dance attendance—আজাৰারী হইরা অপেকা-তৃ; হাজিরি দেওবা, উনেদারী কৃ, Wait with obsequiousness, wait on (a person or at a place long and assiduously). [teaches dancing.

Dancing master, n. বৃত্য শিক্ষিতা. One who
Dance on nothing—কাশিকাটে লক্ষান-ই; To be
hanged. { Put one to trouble.
Lead one a pretty dance—কাহাকেও কই কেওয়া;
Dandelion, dan-de-li'un, n. [ Fr. dent de lion,
tooth of the lion ] বৃত্য বিশেষ; A common plant

with a yellow flower,

Dander, #. विवक्ति ; Anger or vexation. Get up one's dander or have one's dander roused—द्योगीच-१ ; Get into a passion.

Dandiprat, dandi-prat, n. ছোৰৱা; গৰ্কিত ছালক; An urchm; a little conceited fellow.

Dandle, dandi, v. t. [Ger. tande'n, from tand, prattie] আৰু বা হাতে করিয়া তোলা পেওয়া; নাড়া দেওবা, সোহাগ-হু; আগর-হু; To fondle or toss in the arms, as a baby. Syn:—Dance, toss up;

fondle, toy with, pet, caress.

Dandriff, dandrif, Dandruff, dandruf, n.
বয়াবাৰ; ব্ৰাই; A caly scurf which grows on the
head; scurf on the head. [silly fellow.
Dandy, dandi, n. ক্ৰবাৰ; A fop; a foppish,
Dandyism, n. বাব্লিবি; Foppishness. [mark.
Dane, dan, n. ডেন্যাকবাৰী; A native of DenDanger, danjer, n. [L. damnum, damage]
বিশ্ব; অবিষ্ট; অমহল; Peril; hazard; risk. Syn:
-Peril, hazard, risk, jeopardy, insecurity,
venture.

Dangerous, dańjer-us, a. বিপদজনক; সংটজনক; বিপদপূর্ণ, নিরাপদ, Unsafe; perilous; insecure ad = dangerously. Syn:—Perilous, hazardous, risky, unsafe.

Dangle, dang'gl, v. i. দোলা. দোলায়মান-ছ; To hang loosely:—অমুগানী-ছ; অনুচর-ছ; To hang on any one; follow loose about:—v. t. দোলান. দোলায়মান করান, To cause to dangle; to swing Dangle about or after—Hang upon importunely, beset.

Dangler, dang'gler, n. বে ব্যক্তি অন্তের, বিশেষতঃ দ্বীলোকের, আসুচয় করে, One who dangles about others, especially about woman. [Denmark. Danish, dánish, a. ভেশ্মার্ক দেশীর, Belonging to Daphne, n. Laurel (A nymph beloved by Apollo, who was turned into a laurel tree).

**Daphnis**, n. A son of Mercury, a young shepherd, the inventer of pastoral songs.

Dank, dangk, a. অতি আর্ক, সিক্ত; Close and damp; moist, wet.

Dapper, dap'er, a. ফুনুগামী, ডংপর; Little and active; nimble; smart:—পরিচ্ছন; পরিপাটী; Neat, spruce.

Dapple, dap'l, v. t. চিত্ৰ-কৃ; চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ-কৃ, Variegate:—a. নানা বৰ্ণ চিত্ৰিত; Marked with spots; variegated:—n. জুট কুট্ দাগবুজ, One of the spots on a dapple animal.

Dare, dar, v. t. [Sans. dhrish, to be bold]
নাহনী-ছ; নাহন-ছ; To venture; to be bold
enough:—v. z. বুদ্ধে আহ্বান-ছ, To challenge; to
defy:—n. এক প্ৰকাৱ ছোট মাছ; A small fish.
Syn:—(v.) Presume, venture; hazard, risk,
challenge, provoke, defy.

Dare devil—ছ:নাহনিক লোক; A fellow without fear and reckless.

Daring, dar'ing, c. সাহনী; সাহনিক; নিভাঁক; Bold; fearless; courageous:—n. সাহন; সাহনি-কতা, ছ:সাহনিক উদ্যব; Boldness; a hazardous attempt. ad.=daringly.

Dark, dark, a. অনুনার্যর; Without light:— স্বোচ্ছঃ Clouded:—মুক্তর; Black:—মুর্কোণ; Obscure; difficult to understand;—মুর্কেণ;

জজ্জের; Mysterious :—বিবর; নিরানন্স; Gloomy; dismal, not cheerful: - wa; Concealed; secret: --পাপিট; Vile; wicked: -- অপিকিড; জাৰ-होन ; Unrefined ; ignorant ; unenlightened :-- n. অন্ধৰার ; Darkness :--গোপনীৰতা ; পুঢ়ত্ব ; Obscurity; secrecy:--- অজভা; মূর্থভা; Ignorance. #= darkness. ad=darkly. Syn :- Black, durky, sable, sombre; darksome, lurid, murky, cloudy, shady, pitchy; obscure, abstruse, recondite, occult, mysterious; gloomy, discouraging; cheerless, dismal; dim, benighted, ignorant; wicked, atrocious, vile, foul; infernal. ad-darklv. n=darkness. [ from A. D. 476 to 776. Dark ages-The period of European History Be in the dark-- अञ शांका : अनिख्छ शांका : (कान বিষয় সম্বন্ধে অন্ধকারে থাকা, Be in a state of ignorance.

Keep in the dark—গোপন বাধা; Keep something from the knowledge of others.

Land of darkness-444 : Grave.

Leave in the dark—কাহাকে কোন বিষয় জানিতে ৰ দেওয়া, Keep one in a state of ignorance.

The powers of darkness—দাৰবাণ, মারকী দৃহগণ, The infernal powers.

To be left in the dark—( কোন বিষয় ) জানিতে না পাবা . To be kept in a state of ignorance.

Trope in the dark—অধকারে হাড়চান, Endeayour to find something like a blind man by feeling.

Darken, darkn, v. t. অক্কারমর-কু; তিমিবাছ্ছ্র-কু; To make dark:—মূর্ণ-কু, জানহীন-কু, To stupify; to render ignorant:—কন্ধিত-কু; কলম্বিত-কু, To sully:—অজ্ঞের-কু, জ্ঞেন-কু; To obscure:—\*. i. অক্কারযুক্ত-হু; To grow dark or darken.

Darkish, darkish, a. ইবং অক্কারবৃক্ত; Rather dark, somewhat dark :-- অপট্ট, Dusky.

Dark browed, a জোগপ্ৰকাশক; Stern of aspect, frowning.

Dark minded, e. প্রতিহিংসাগরাবণ; Having a dark, close, or revengeful mind.

Darkness, darknes, n. অক্কার; Absence of light:—অক্কার; Ignorance. Syn:—Dimness, obscurity, gloom, blackness, blindness, ignorance.

Darksome, dārksum, e. তিমিরাচ্ছর; অক্কার্মর; বিবর; Rather dark, obscure; gloomy.

Darling, dar'ling, n. ছেহপাত্ৰ; স্বভি প্ৰিয়পাত্ৰ; A much loved one; a favourite. one dearly beloved:—a. প্ৰিয়তম; প্ৰিয়; Dear, dearly beloved, favourite.

Darn, därn, v. t. [ W. darn, a piece, a patch ] রিপ্-কৃ; Mend by sewing:—n. রিপ্ করা আংশ; The place mended by darning.

Darnel, dar'nel, n. এক প্ৰকার আগাছা; A weed among corn.

Dart, dart, n. [H. Ger. tart, dart, dagger দুৱা বৰ্ণা; ছোট বৰ্ণা; A short lance:—ভেদক ব্ৰব্য দিলে, that which pierces or wounds:—ভ. ৫. হঠাং নিকেপ-কৃ; To hurl suddenly:—নিকেপ-কৃ; স্বৰ্থন ত্যাগ-কৃ; বৰ্ণ-কৃ; To send or shoot forth:—ভ. έ. শাল বহিৰ্গত-হ; To start or shoot forth rapidly. Syn:—(n.) Arrow; javelin, spear, (e.) Throw,

hurl, launch; shoot, send off, emit; rush, fly off, fly along. ad=dartingly.

Darter, darter, n. বৰ্ণা-নিকেপকারী; One who throws a dart:—পকীবিশেব; The snake-bird, a bird of the pelican family.

Dash, dash, v. t. [ Dan. daske, to slap ] मालात बिक्श-क ; To strike suddenly, to throw violently :-- চূৰ্-কু; ভগ্ন-কু; To strike, bruise and break :--- হঠাৎ জননিক্ষেপ-কৃ; To throw water suddenly :- ছিটাইরা দেওরা; ছিটান; Bespatter; sprinkle:-মিশিত-কৃ; Mix or adulterate:--জনব-बाबजामश्काद वा नीज कांधा-कृ; To form or sketch out in haste or carelessly :-- मृहिम (क्ला ; To erase; to blot :-- विकल-कृ; वार्थ-कृ; Destroy or frustrate:--হতবৃদ্ধি-কু; কল্কিড-কু; হতাপ-কু; To confound; to put to shame: -- v. i. বেপে ধাৰমান-ছ; ৰাকা লাগা; আহত হওয়া; To tush or strike with suddenness; to strike against :-- n. প্রচন্ত সংহর্ণ; আবাত ; A violent striking ; collision :—আদ্রমণ ; A rushing or violent onset :-- বুখা অহলার ; গর্কিত ভাব প্রকাশ; A flourish; vain show: - বাগ ; A sudden check, frustration; ruin .- Capacity or readiness for quick bold movements against an enemy ;-- চিক্ বিশেষ ; A mark (--) at a bicak in a sentence .— আঘাত ; A blow .— সামাক মিত্ৰণ ; A slight admixture.

Dash about—বেল ধাৰিত-ত ; Rush about .—
পেধাৰ ; Parade ostentationsly.

Dash against—আঘাত লাগা; Strike against. Dash along—ক্তৰেপে ধাওয়া, Move rapidly.

Dash at - হুঠাৰ আক্ৰমণ- কু; Make a chance attack on.

Dash forward—বেলে অপ্রস্ব-হ ; Rush rapidly. Dash in—বেলে প্রবেশ-কু ; Rush in.

Dash off—বেগে কোন কার্যা-কৃ; মন্তর সম্পাদন-কৃ, Execute with careies haste; to execute rapidly:—দেখান; Show off.

Dash off into (or to)—সহসা কোন বিষয়ে প্রবৃত্ত হ্রা; Enter suddenly into. [through hastily. Dash through—ফ্রন্থেল ভিতর দিয়া বাওয়া; Pass Cut a dash—বিধানত-ই; Make a figure.

Danhing, dashing, a. সাহসী, অবিষ্যাকাৰী; হঠ-কাৰী; Reckless; hasty and rush; rushing, gallant ai=dashingly.

Destard, da'tard, n. [A.S. adastrigan, to frighten] কাশুকা; জীক ব্যক্তি; A coward; poltroon:—a. ভীক: Cowardly; meanly shunking. n=Dastardness, da-tardliness. ad=dastardly.

Syn:—(n) Poltroon, craven, recreant.

Data, dátā, n. pl. [ L. datum, data, given—do, to give ] স্কৃত সভ্য , বীকৃত বা ক্ষিত বিষয়, Known or admitted facts , facts given or admitted from which other facts may be deducted. sing —datum.

Date, dat, n. [L. datus, pp. of dare, to give]
কাল; ডারিখ; Time at which any thing happens:
—কোন বটনার সময়; The time of any event:—
নিয়মিত বা নিরূপিত সময়; A stipulated time;
period, duration:—ব্যক্ত্র; The fruit of the
date-palm:—v. t. ডারিখ-দে; সময় বা ডারিখ কোধা,
Put in date; to affin the date to :—v. i. গুনুষ্

Time, epoch, era, age.

From date—আৰু হইতে; Begin from to-day.
Out of date—সেকেনে; (নিলাস্চক অর্থে) মাদ্যাভার
আমনে; Antiquated; old-fashioned, out of usc.

Dative, dative, a. প্রদন্ত; নিদিষ্ট; নিক্ষপিত; That which is given or appointed.

The dative case—সংশাৰ কারক; The oblique case of nouns &c, which follows verbs or other parts of speech that expresses giving or some act directed to the object—generally indicated in English by to or for.

Datum, dátüm, n. বাঁহত তব; Something given, especially a standard.

Daub, dawb, n. [ L. dealbare, to whitewashde, down, and albus white ] মোটামুট চিল; A
course painting:—v. t. মোটামুট চিল-ফ; To paint
coarsely:—লেপন-ফ; To plaster:—গোপন-ফ;
To disquise; to conceal:—ভোবামোদ-ফ, Flatter
grossly. Syn:—(v) Plaster, cover, besmear,
begrime, bedaub. [ painter.

Dauber, dawier, n. ফুল চিত্ৰকর; A coarse
Daughtor, daw'tei, n. [Sans. duhitri, from
duh or dhugh, to milk ] ছহিতা; কয়া; A female
child —বংশোহতা; A female descendant.:—
ইংলোক, অধিবানিনী; A woman, a female inhibitant.
[A son's wife.

Daughtor-in-law, daw'ter-in-law, n. পূত্ৰবৃত্ব, Daughtorly, daw'ter-li, a. কজোপমা, কজোচিত; কর্ত্বশাধানাণা; Becoming a daughter: dutiful; filial. n=daughterhness.

Daunt, dant or dawnt, v. t. [L. domare, to tame] হতসাহস-কু; ভয়োৎসাহ-কু, ভাত-কু; Dishearten; di courage; destroy, frighten. Syn.—Dismay, intimidate, frighten, terrify, scare, cow, alarm, appal.

Dauntless, dantless, a. নিতাক, সাহনী; Bold; fearless. ad =dauntlessly, n =dauntlessness. Syn:—Intrepid, undaunted, brave, valiant, heroic.

Dauphin, dawfin, n. জুলালেনীয় যুবনাজ; The eldest son of the king of France hin's wife. Dauphiness, n. জুলেন যুবনাজী-পত্নী; The daup-Davit, davit, n. िधा davier, a forceps ] জাহাজে নক্ষৰ ভূলিবাৰ কাহবভাবৰেন ; A short piece of timber used in ruising an anchor:—pl. জাহাজে বোট ভূলিবাৰ বস্তু। [world. Davy John's Locker—প্ৰকাল; The spuit

Davy John's Locker—नवर्गात; The spuit Gone to Davy John's Locker—वृड-१; Is dead.

Davy Jone's Locker—Nas; The Ocean.

Davy Iamp, n. A form of lamp invented by Sir Humphrey Davy; a lantein, the light of which is inclosed within wire-gauze, as a protection against explosions of gases in mines—invented by Sir Humprey Davy.

Daw, daw, n. 村崎中 , A bird of the crow kind; the Jackdaw.

Dawdle, daw'dl, v. i. সামান্তকার্য্যে সময় কেপ্শ-জ ; অনর্থক সময় নষ্ট-জ ; আন্তে আন্তে কাথ্য করা বা স্কালিত হ্লমা , To waste time in trifling employment, to trifle; to waste a time by trifling; to act or move slowly:—v. t. বুখা কাৰ্য্যে সময় মই-কু; To waste by trifling. Syn:—dally, fiddle, trifle.

Dawn, dawn, n. [A. S. dagian, day] প্রভাভ; ভাব , The break of day; day-break:—বিভাগ, প্রায়ভ; প্রায়ভ; First beginning or appearance:— o i. অক্লোগর-হ, প্রভাভ-হ; To begin, to show day or day-light:—বিভাগিভ-হ, To begin to appear or expand. Syn:—Break, gleam, rise, glimmer; begin, open, appear.

Dawn on or upon—প্ৰোদয় হইয়া বেমন অনকায় ধূর করে, দেইভাবে ভাষারও মনে উদিত বা এতিভাত হুৱয়া, Arise in one's mind (like light, dispelling doubt or gloom)

Day, dā, n দিবস; অহোরার; The time from morning till night; twenty-four hours.—বালোক; Light; sunrise:—কাল, An age, as in these days.

A day after the fair—অভি বিৰুদ্ধে ; Too late. A lunar day—ভিখি।

All day long—সমত দিন; The whole day from morning to evening.

As the day is long—সমাক্রপে; অপ্রতিহতভাবে, To the utmost event; uninterruptedly.

At this time of day—এডকাল পরে; এডকণ পরে। Carry the day—इডকার্য-ই, Succeed in one's struggle or contest.

Civil day—The day used in ordinary reckoning of time, among most nations, beginning at midnight.

Clear as day-wit; Very obvious.

Day after day—দিন দিন; প্রভাহ; Each day in succession, every day.

Day by day-প্রভাছ, দিন দিন; Day after day, daily; every day.

Day of judgment—শেষ দিন; বিচারের দিন ( বে দিন ভগবান আমাদের পাপপুণোর বিচার করিবেন); The day when final judgment will be pronounced on us by God.

Day of reckoning (or judgment)—দংশাধির দিব, অবাবদিহির দিব; A day when a guilty person meets with the punishment he deserves; a day on which one's obligations and liabilities will be taken into account and settled.

Day of rest-- दिश्य ; Sunday.

Bvery other day—একদিৰ শহর; একদিন পর একদিব; Every alternate day. [ passes.

From day to day—প্রতিদিন; উত্রোজন ; As time
Gain (or win) the day—ল্মী-হ; কুম্বো তর্কে
ব্যালাভ-ফু; Be victorious; gain the victory, win
the victory. [ happy.

Happy as the day is long—অত্যন্ত হথী; Very Have had one's day—সে দিন আর নাই, সে দিন আরাহে; One's good days are gone.

Have one's day—সুসমর আইনে; পাড্ডা থাকা, ভাল সময় হৰমা; Have one's time of success or prosperity; having one's period of prosperity which is but a short one.

In broad day (or day-light)—দিনের বেণার (স্বিকে চুরিকে নয়); In open day-light (i. e. not in a concealed or covert way); publicly; before the eyes of all.

In his day-weeken; In his time,

Jewist day—হ্বা উপৰ হইতে অত প্ৰায় ; The period from sun-rise to sun-set.

Keep the day—বাধিক পালন-কু; Observe duly, as an anniversary; observe duly, as a time of commemorating an event:—কডার মত দেবরা; Be punctual to one's day of payment.

Labour day and night—দিন রাজি পরিভাষ-কু Labour without intermission. { age. Of one's day—ভার সম্বের; Of one's time or Of the day—ভংকালে; ভদানীস্তন; Of that period or time; of the time, period or age.

One day or one of these days—কোন সময় ; ইহাৰই মধ্যে একদিন ; At an indefinite time in the future ; sooner or later ; at an early date.

One has seen better days—ভাল অবস্থায় ছিল: এখন নাই, (কাহারও) একদিন গিয়াছে; One was once in better circumstances, but is now reduced.

One's days are numbered—ৰ্থিক দিন বাঁচিছে হুইবে না; আয়ু: লেব হুইরাছে; One has not long to live, one has only a short time to live.

Red letter day—গুড দিন ; A lucky day. See the light of day—লয়াহ্ণ-কু ; Be born.

The other day-ca fea; Not long ago; not long before.

This day week—নতাহ পরে এই দিন; আগামী সতাহের এইবারে; On this day, a week after, this day next week.

This or that day year—আগামী কিংবা গত বংসবের সেই বারে; The corresponding day of last or next year ( may be used of week or month ). To-day—অন্য; On this day.

To this day—আজ গণ্ড, এখনও; Even now; up to this moment.

Day-bod, n. পালছ, A couch for repose; a sofa. Day-book, dábook, n. দৈনিক ক্যাধিক্ষয়ের হিনার বই; দৈনিক ক্যাধিক্ষয়ের পুত্রক; Tradesman's journal; a book in which merchants, &c., enter the transactions of every day.

Day-break, dábrak, ন. অনুৰোগৰ কাল; প্ৰভাভ; The first appearance of light; dawn.

Day-dream, dádrīm, স. খারত খব; কর্মা; Mere visionary scheme; reverie; a dreaming or musing while awake.

Day-fly—ৰৱকাৰামী কীট; An ephemeral insect.
Day-labour, n. মৰুবি; Labour performed or
hired by the day.

Day-labourer, n. মৰুব; One who works by
Day-light—বাবোক; Light of day.

Day-lily, dá-lif-i, n. প্যাবিশেষ; Asphodel; a lily that blooms for a day only.

Day-peep or day-spring, daspring, n. 54; dete : The dawn. [umpire.

Days-man, daźman, ন. মধ্যে ; বিচাৰক ; An Days of grace—Days granted for delay.

Day-sight, ন. ব্ৰাজ্য ; Night-blindness. Day-star, dastar, ন. ওকতাবা ; The morning star.

Day-work—বৈৰিক কৰ্ম; Work done by day. Daily, dali, a বৈৰিক; Diurnal —ad. প্ৰতিবিক; Everyday, day by day:—a. বৈনিক সংবাদ-পত্ৰ; A publication appearing everyday.

Daze, daz, v. t. [ ice. dass, to be breathless or

exhausted. A. S. dwaes, foolish ] वज्यादेश-त्य ; To dazzle :—रचत्राह ; To bewilder, confuse ; to render dull or stupid.

Dassle, dail, v. t. বলুনাইনা-দে; নোহিড-কু; To overpower with any strong light or brilliancy:
—হতবৃদ্ধি, আভিত্ত বা নৃষ্টশন্তি হীন-কু; To dim or blind by a glare of light. Syn:—Daze, confuse, bewilder. ad=dazzlingly.

Descon, de'kn, n. [L. diaconus—Gr. diakonos, a servant] হাৰক; সভাবিশেষের অধ্যক্ষ; The lowest order of the clergy; an ecclesiastical officer. fem,=Deaconess, n.=deaconship, deaconry.

Desconal, a. Pertaining to deacon.

Desconate, n. The office of a deacon.

Desconship, n. বাজকের কাৰ্য; The office of a deacon.

Dead, ded, a. मृष ; Deprived of life :- आरम्ब ; Lifeless :--মৃতবং ; Dead-like :-- বিশচন ; Motionless:—অকরণ্য; অকেৰো, Unproductive: un-profitable:—ভেলোহীৰ; নিবেক; Spiritless; dull :--সম্ভাববিশিষ্ট; Monotonous, blank :--বিশ্বস্থ ; সম্পূর্ণ ; Certain, exact ; complete ; final : —ধ্যভাষ্ণুত ; Wanting in religious spirit and vitality:-পাপভাৰাভিত্ত; Lying under the power of sin :- পতার ; Deep :- অপাই ; Obs-cure :- বিবাদ ; Tasteless :- অপুর্বর ; Without vegetation :-- n. পূৰ্ণ নিখনতাৰ কাল; The time of greatest stillness:-n. pl. মৃত ব্যক্তিপণ; Those who are dead:—ad. সম্প্রিপে; Completely. Syn:-Deceased, defunct, manimate, lifeless, extinct, departed; breathless, cold, frigid, dull, torpid, mert; lukewarm, indifferent; spiritless, tasteless, vapid, flat; unemployed, useless, unprofitable; entire, total. ad=Deadly. n=

A dead bargain—সুসন্ধ মূলো কয়; A purchase made on very favourable terms.

A dead hand at—চুড়ান্ত লেখক; সক্ষান্ত লেখক; A masterly writer of; a masterly hand at.

At dead of night, In the dead of the night—বিহাহন; At midnight:—গভাৰ বাজে; নিশাৰ সময়ে; At the most quiet or death-like time of night.

Beat a dead-lock--কোন কাৰ্য্যে সম্পূৰ্ণৰূপে ছগিড বা ক্লৱণতি-ছ ; Come to a stand-still.

Beat or come to a dead lock—সমন্ত কাৰ্য্য স্থাপিক; Beat or come to a complete standstill for complications.

Dead bargain—ক্ৰিণাৰ্থক জন; A purchase on very favourable terms.

Dead drunk—মাতাল; বেইস মাতাল; পুরা মাতাল; Helpless with drink; stupefied with liquor; completely drunk.

Dead heat, n. नगरफ; A race where all are equal; race with no result.

Dead language—থাটাৰ অথচনিত ভাৰা; সেকেনে ভাৰা; A language that has ceased to be spoken, or is not in use now; a language no longer spoken; an obsolete language.

Dead letter— অবানিক পত্ত; A letter remaining in the post-office uncalled for; a letter undeli-

vered and unclaimed at the post-office — অপ্রচলিত বীতি; ৰে লিখন অচল বা বাহাৰ অনুনাৰে কাৰ্ব্য ইইডেডে বা; That which has fallen into disuse; a written document that has fallen into disuse or become ineffective.

Dead level—Perfect level; perfect uniformity.
Dead lift—নতঃ গালা নতঃ; Position of extreme difficulty; a lift requiring main strength; an extreme exigency.

Dead-lights—গোডককেৰ বৃষ্টিৰোধক ৰাভাছৰ-কাৰ্ট; Storm-shutters for a cabin window.

Dead look—গতিবোধ; হণিত অবহা; A stoppage with no power of motion; a position of matters when they have become so complicated that they are at a complete standtill and progress is impossible.

Dead loss—অপুরশীয় কভি; Loss with no chance of recovery.

Dead march, n. শব বাজাকালীন বাদা; শবদান্তিক বেদস্চক স্থাত; A funeral march; a piece of solemn music played at funeral processions, especially of soldiers.

Dead men tell no tales—মুভ ব্যক্তি বাবা ভৱ বিষয় প্ৰকাশ হইবে না; No secret can be divulged by a dead man.

Dead reckoning—কেবন গতিনিপি পুৰকেৰ নাহাবে; ৰাহাৰেৰ উপাহিতি-ছান-নিৰূপণ; An estimation of a ship's place, simply by the log-book. [aim. Dead set—ত্বিৰ নকা; A steady and determined Dead shot—অব্যাধনৱাতা; ধৰ্মক; অবাস্থ নকা-বোধক; Perfect or unerring marksman.

Dead stand—স্বট ; Situation of perplexity.

Dead stock—অব্যৱহ স্বাহাত ; Materials lying useless or unemployed.

Dead struck—ভয় বিজ্ঞ ; Struck with horror. Dead to—উলাসান ; Indifferent.

Dead upon any mistake—বৰ উপেকা বা কৰা; Sure to notice it. [here is no opening. Dead wall—অবকাশস্ত্ৰ প্ৰাচীৰ; A wall in which

Dead watter—আহাজে প্ৰাচাৰ; A wall in which Dead water—আহাজেৰ প'তাৰতী আৰত বা বুণি জল; The water that closes in with a ship's stern.

Dead weight—কইনাহক ভাব; অভিবিক্ত জনভাব; A heavy or oppressive builden. [ doubt.

For a dead certainty—বিভয়; Without any More dead than alive—আধ্যৱ; মৃতপ্ৰয়; Nearly dead; half dead.

Strike one dead—আমাত ধারা নামিমা কেনা; Give a blow to one so as to cause death.

The dead-মৃত লোকপণ; The dead men.

Wait for doad men's shoes-Look out for legacies.

Deadon, dedn, v. t. ভোতা-কু; নিজ্ঞত-কু; To blunt:—বেগ ছম্ব-কু; To retard:—ছাস-কু; নান-কু; To lesson or obscure:—নিজেন-কু; To make vapid or spiritless. Syn:—Weaken, lesson, dull, damp; benumb, paralyze, blunt.

Deadly, dedli, a. আগবাৰক; সংঘটিক; মুজুজনক; Fatal; mortal; murderous:—অপ্ৰস্থানীয়;
চিন্ত্ৰভিক্ল; Implacable; desparatly hostile.
Syn:—Lethal, fatal, mortal, poisonous, venomous, noxious, destructive, pernicious, baneful; implacable, rancorous. n,=Deadliness.

Death, deth, n. মৃত্যু; মৃত্যুমংখা; Decease, demise, mertality, cessation of life — মৰণ-বাৰী, Manner of dying — মৃত্যুম কাৰণ, Cause of death — কৰাল, A skeleton Syn — Decease, demise, departure, dissolution, emit, release, end of life, debt of nature, extinction, destruction; mortality, king of terrors.

Death's door, গ মুব্যুর হত্যা, A near approach to death, the point of death, very near dying Be at death's door—আৰ মৃত-ছ, Be nearly dead when a stag is slain

Be in at the death—Be present at the time
Be in at the death of—মান্ত বেশা, Be present at the death of
Be the death of—মূড়ার কারণ-ছ, Be the cause
Civil death, n. সামাজিক মৃত্যু The state of a
person who has lost all civil rights.

Deal the death-blow—সাংঘাতিক আবাত-তৃ, Inflict fatal injury on

Death bed repentance—নৃত্যুকালীন অনুভাগ।
Death bell, n মৃত্যুক্তক ঘটা, The bell that announces death.

Death boding — মৃত্যু ক , Portending death
Death dance or dance of death—An allegorical representation of a more or less grimly
humorous character of the universal power of
death

Death devoted—Devoted to death.

Death doomed—Sentenced to death.

Death's head—সাধাৰ ধৃতি, An image or figure representing the head of a human skeleton or skull.

Death is the grand lovellor—সমূল সকল প্ৰকাৰ সামাজিক বিভিন্নতা বিনাশ কৰে, Death abolishes all social distinctions

Death-like, a মূচবৃৎ, Resembling death... Deathless—খনৰ, Immortal, never dying... Deaths man, n. ভন্নাৰ, An executioner.

Death rattle—মৃত্যুকালে গণার ঘড় ঘড় লক , The rattling noise in the throat of a dying person Death warrant, n ব্যাদেশ , An order for the

Death warrant, n वशास्त्र, An order for the execution of a criminal.

Fight to the death—গতকণ জীবন থাকে ততকণ জনা, আজীবনকাশ বৃদ্ধ কৰিছে বা বাধা নিতে থাকা, Fight until one dies, continue fighting or resisting as long as life exists.

House of death—अमापि, Grave.

Put to death—व्य 季, Kill

Spiritual death—নোধনিলা: (scripture) Alicnation of the soul from God, state of being under the power of death.

The hand of death is upon one—বৰে ধৰি-ৰাছে, One's death is imminent.

To be bored to death—নিরতিশয় বিষয় বা কুছ-ছ, To be extremely annoyed.

Btill as ম্য়ত্ত্য—অভ্যন্ত নিজৰ, Very quiet
Deaf, def, a বৰিব , Deprived of hearing , unable to hear at all ——সম্বোদ্যেকী , প্রবাদ্ধ ,

Inattentive; not to be persuaded; not willing to hear ad=deafly, n=deafness. [deaf. Deaf as a post—একবাৰে বৰিব; Exceedingly Deaf to—বৰিব (বা ওবা এই অৰ্ব ), Unwilling to listen to, determinedly mattentive to.

Deaf to reason—4年 党(年, Obstinate in one's opinions

Deafen, del'n, v t. ব্যৱস্থা, To make deaf —
শব্দ অন্বিগ্যা-কু, শব্দ-স্করণ-শক্তি-পৃত্ত-কু; To make
impervious to sound.

Deaf-mute, def'-mut, n. বোৰা ও কালা, বে ব্যক্তি মূক ও বধিব উভয়ই, One who is both deaf and mute or dumb

Deaf-nut, del'nut, n. त वानात्मव नीन वह रहेवा तियादि, A nut, the kernel of which is destroyed. Deal, del, n. [ A S dael ; Ger thiel, a part or division ] অংশ, অনিৰ্দিষ্ট পৰিমাণ, A part or portion, an indefinite quantity - वह पविभाष ; A large quantity —তাদ ৰউন, The act of dividing cards — हंछि क्रिया छङ्गा, (नवमान छङ्गा; One of the divisions or board into which a piece of timber is cut, a pine or fir board -- v. t. ভাগ-ক , বন্টন-ক , To distribute , to scatter ---ण: रावमाध-कृ कादवाद कृ To traffic, to transact business - काश क छाप वा यन बादशद-क ; To act to behare well or ill - जान वर्तेन-क , To distribute cards Syn - (1) Bestow, apportion. dispense, allot, mete out, dole out, traffic, trade, treat with, conduct one's self, behave, distribute cards pa t and pa p = dealt (delt) Deal by- छात्र किश्ना मन बादहाद-कृ, Treat well or ill

Doal in — নিযুক্ত- হ কোন কিছুৰ সংক্ৰৰে থাকা, Have to do with, be engaged in, be concerned in — ব্যবস্থি কু To trade in to traffic in

Deal out—বিতৰা-দু, To distribute, dispense.

Deal with—( তাল বা মন্দ্র) বাবহার-দু; Treat

with use well or ill —বাবনার-দু, কারবার-দু;

Trade with have to do with contend with

—সন্ধার কবিয়া জোলা, Manage —হাতে লভ্যা,

Take on hand —লেবা লা লিমের-দু, Write about.

Be dealt with—দক্তি হুত্যা, Be punished.

To deal understand—পোপৰে কাল করা; To carry on business secretly.

Dealer, deler, n बादमाही . A trader

Dealing, dcling, n ব্যবহার আচরণ, Practice; conduct —ব্যবহান, বাণিজ্য, Trade.

Dean, den, n [ L. decanus, a chief of ten—decum, ten ] প্রীষ্টান্যর্থের উপাচার্যা; A dignitary in cathedral and collegiate churches, who presides over the other clergy—বিশ্বিদ্যাপ্রের অধ্যক; The president of the faculty in a college.

Deanal, a. Pertaining to a deanery

Doanery, dthé-ri, n. গৃষ্টীয় উপাচাৰ্য্যের পদ বা আৰি-কার, The office of jurisdictiction of a dean .— গৃষ্টীয় উপাচাৰ্য্যের গুয়, The house of a dean.

Deanship, denship, n. পৃথীৰ উপাচাধ্যের পদ ৰা কাৰ্যা, The office of a dean

Dear, drr, a. নহাৰ্য, মুৰ্পুলা, উচ্চ মুলা; High in price, costly, expensive — প্ৰিয় . আগৰণীয়; আত্যন্ত আৰ্ড, Greatly beloved, precious; highly esteemed —প্ৰিণ্ডৰ, বিশ্বপাৰ, One dearly

beloved; a darling. Syn:—Lostly, precious, expensive, high-priced, rich; beloved, cherished, treasured, darling. ad=dearly. n=dearness. Dear bought—वह ब्राज्य क्य क्या; Purchased at a high price.

Dear me—विका-छा-एक-एक कैरडांव ; An exclamation expressive of some emotion as surprise, fear, grief, pain and the like.

Pay dear for the whistle—বহু মূল্য কোন কৰিব লাক্ত-ছ; Get any advantage at too great a cost. Dearth, derth, n. ছুৰ্মুল্ডা; অধিক মূল্য; Dearness, high price:—ছুন্মাপাড়া; অভাব; Scarcity, want: —ছুড্ডিছ; Famine:—অনুষ্ঠাড়া; Barrenness.

Debar, de-bar', v. t. [1.. de, from, and bar]
বহিষ্ণত-তৃ; বৰ্জন-তৃ; বাধা দেওবা; To shut out; to
exclude; to hinder:—বঞ্চিত-তৃ; To deprive.
Syn:—Hinder, prohibit, prevent, exclude,
shut out.

Debar from—বাহা ৰাই ভাহা পাইতে বা দেওৱা; Not allow one to have what one does not in fact possess.

Debark, de-hark, v t. or v. i. জাহান্ত বা নৌকা হউতে নাধা; To disembark; to land from a ship or boat.

Debarkation, Debarcation, dr-bārkáshun, n. আছাৰ হটতে অবভাৱণ ; The act of landing from a ship.

Debase, de-bas, v. t. [L. de, down, and base, low] নিকৃষ্ট-কু; নীচ-কু; To degrade:—অপকৃষ্ট ক্রব্য থিতিত্ত-কু; To adulterate n = debasement, a= debasement, n. ছীৰতা; Degradation:—অপকৃষ্ট Debasing, a. অপকৃষ্ট; Degrading.

Debatable, de-bata-bi, a. বিবাদবোগ্য; বিবাদ€; বিভ্তনীয়; Liable to be disputed; disputable.

Debate, de-bন', n. [Fr. de, and batter, to beat] ভৰ্কবিতৰ্ক; বাদাসুৰাদ; বিৰাদ; Contention in words or argument, discussion; dispute:—v. t. ভৰ্ক-ক; To contend for in argument:—v. 1. বিভাৱে প্ৰকৃত-ভ; ভক্বিডৰ্ক-ক; To deliberate; to join in debate.

Debater, n. তৰ্কনারী; বিতৰ্ককারী; A disputant; Debating society—আবোচনা নতা; A society for debate and improvement in extemporaneous speaking; society for practising discussion.

Dobauch, de-banch, n. অনিডাচার; অপরিষিতা-চার; Intemperance:—লালটা, Lewdness:—v. s. আমোদপ্রমোদে মন্ত-হ; To indulge in revelry: v. f. ফুকরিত্র-ফু; বিপৰে লইয়া বাহবা; To corrupt with lewdness, to mislead. Syn:—Deprave, vitiate, pollute; lead astray, seduce; ravish, violate, deflout,

Debauchee, debo-she, n. লপট; A libertine; Debauchery, de-bawcher-i, n লাপটা, বাহিচার; Sensuality; habitual lewdness:—কর্ত্তব আই করণ; Seduction from duty:—ক্ষিত্তিক অধিবাচার, Excessive intemperance. Syn:—Intemperance, dissipation; disoluteness, lewdness, licenticusness.

Debenture, de-bentur, n. [L. debentur, there are due, debeo, to own] ধ্ৰ-বীকার পত্র; ধ্বপত্র; A writing acknowledging of a debt; a deed of

mortgage giver by railway or other companies for borrowed money.

Debilitate, de-bili-tat, र. t. [L. debilis, weak de, not, and habilis, able ] ब्र्सल-कृ ; वर्णान-कृ; To enfecble, to weaken; to enervate. Syn:— Enfeeble, enervate, relax, weaken, exhaust, prostrate.

Debility, de-bili-ti, n. মুর্মলডা; গৌরুলা; Weakness; langour, feebleness. Syn:—Infirmity,
inbecility, faintness feebleness, weakness,
frailty.

Debit, débit, n. [L. debitum, what is due, from debeo, to own] হিসাব-ৰহিত্ব ধরতে দিক; An entry on the debtor's side of an account:—p. t. হিসাব-ৰহিত্ব ধরতে দিকে পিখা; ৰহত দিকা; To charge with debt; to enter on the debtor's side of an account.

Debt, det, n. ৰব: That which is due from one person to another:—বাৰ্ডা; Obligation; liability:—পাণ; পোৰ; Sin. guilt. Syn:—Liability, obligation, due, debit; trespass, transgression, offence, sir.

Dobt of nature-191; Death.

Dobt of honour- वियोगपूर्वक 44; A debt for which no security is given.

Bad debts—বে ৰণ সম্পূৰ্ণকাপে আদাৰ হইবাৰ নৰ: বে কৰ্জ পুৰোপ্ৰি আদাৰ হয় না; কৰ্জ টাকা বাহা চেৱে আদাৰ হয় না; Debts which cannot be wholly recovered. [overwhelmed with debt.

Be involved in debt—দেশার কড়িছে পড়া; Be Contract a debt, Incur a debt, Run into debt—ধাৰ-কু; Borrow money.

Discharge a debt—(val (\*14-\*\*); Clear or pay off a debt. [ नाहे, जाराव विभन्न नाहे। Out of debt, out of danger—पाहाब (गवा Pay the debt of nature—भवालाव नवन-हः; Give back to nature the life we have received for her, die.

Debonair, deb-o-nār, a. [fr. de, of, ban, good, air, appearance, manner ] বিনীত; সুনীব; শিষ্ট; Gentle; complaisant; elegant; well-bred.

Debouch, de-boosh, v. s. [ Fr. de, from, bouche, the mouth ] স্থীৰ্ ছাল হইছে বহিশ্ত-ছ; To march out of a narrow place, or from a defile.

Debouchure, dž-boo-shoor, n. ৰদী বা প্ৰণাৰীৰ মুখ; The opening of a mouth of a river or strait.

Debris, de-bre, #. डशांवरनंव ; वाविन ; Rubbish ; ruins :—প্রয়ব-বত ; Fragments of rocks. Syn :— Rubbish, remains, ruins, wreck.

Debtor, n. ৰণী; One who owes a debt :-- হিনাৰ-বহিব খবচেৰ দিক; The side of an account on which debts are charged.

Debut, de-böö', n [Fr, de, from, but, aim, mark] অথম উদাম; প্রারম্ভ ; A first attempt; a beginning:—সাধারশ সমকে প্রথম উপস্থিভি ; A first appearance, as of an actor public speaker, before the public.

Decachord, déka-kord, n. আচীন দশভৱী বাল্য-ব্য বিশেষ; A musical instrument, among the ancients, of ten strings. Decade, dekad, Decad, dekad, n. [Gr. deha, ten ] we ; An aggregate of ten.

Decadence, de-kådens, Decadency, dekåden-si, त्र. हात्र ; का Decay, fall, deterioration.

Decagon, delia-gon, n. [Gr. deka, and gonia, an angle] way; A plane figure of ten sides and ten angles. [ten sides.

Decahedral, déka-hē'dral, a. वणकृषि ; Having Decahedron, dek-a-hē'dron, n. [Gr. deka, ten, and hedra, a seat ] प्रणाप वा प्रणाप अपार्थ , A solid figure with ten sides.

Decalogue, deka-log, ». [Gr. deka, ten, logos.
a discourse ] ইম্বের দশ আ্ছা, The ten commandments.

**Decameron—A** work comprised in ten books, especially a collection of tales of Boccaccio-

Decamp, de-kamp', n. s. লিবিৰ ইইতে প্ৰায়ৰ-কু:
To move away from a camping ground:—হঠাৎ
গৌগনে প্ৰয়াৰ-কু; To depart suddenly and secsetly:—প্ৰয়াৰ-কু; To depart. Syn:—Break up,
camp, march off; pack off, steal away, abscond, bolt, fly. n.=Decampment.

Decampment, de-kamp'ment, n. পিৰিয় পৰি-ৰস্ত্ৰ : প্ৰস্থাৰ • Removal from a camp; a marching off.

Decant, dekant, v. t. शांव कार कविवा थीरव थीरव हात्रा ; बीरव वेशव डेशव हात्रा ; To pour off gently ; to pour from one vessel into another.

Decanter, de-kanter, n. মদ্য ঢাদিবাৰ পাত্ত; মদ্যাধাৰ; A vessel, used to decant liquors or receive decanted liquors.

Decapitate, de-kap'i-tat, v. t. [ L. de, from, caput, capitis, the head ] निदान्त्रमन-कृ, To behead; to decollate. n.=decapitation.

Decapitation, n. লিবভেগন; A beheading. Decapod, deka-pod, n. [Gr. deka, ten, and pous, podus, a foot ] খলভুক জনাৰ জাব; দশবৰ, Any shellfish having ten feet or claws, as a crab.

Decarbonise, de-kar'bon-iz, v. t. বীডাঙ্গান-ড়; অজ্ঞাৱকহীন-ড়; To deprive of carbon,

Decastyle, dek-a-stil, n. [Gr. deka, ten, stylos, a column] मनवड (ভারণ; A portico with ten columns, in front.

Decasyllabic, dek-a-sil-abik, a. [Gr. deka, ten, syllabe, a syllable] ক্ৰমাত্তিক; Having ten syllables.

Decay, de-kā, v. i. [ I.. de, from, cadere, to fall ] ব্ৰথ-ছ; To decline: to fall; to waste away:—হান-ফ; ক্য-ছ; বিশী-ফ; To wither, to fade:—v. t. বাই-ফ; To impair:—n. অবন্তি, ব্যাব; ক্য; Decline; corruption. Syn:—(v) Decline, fall, wither, wane, dwindle, degenerate, deteriorate, perish; rot, putrefy, spoil. (n) Decline, wasting, withering, fading, failing, perishing, dying; consumption, degeneracy.

Decease, de-ses, n. [ L. de, away, cedo, to go ] মৃত্যু ; Death :—v. i. মৃত-হ; মরিমা মাতমা ; To die. Syn :—Death, dissolution, demise, release. Deceit, de-set, n. প্রকাশনা ; প্রভাৱশা ; চাতুরী ; কণ্টতা, কাপট্য ; Deception ; trick ; fraud ; artifice ;

deplicit. Syn:—Deception, fraud, imposition, treachery, cheat, artifice, pretence, guile, duplicity, wile, trick, shift, covin.

Deceitful, de-set-fool, a. প্রক্লাপুর্ব; কণ্টা; আনর্ব; বিশাস্বাভক; Trickish; fraudulent; false, artful. Syn:—Fraudulent, guileful, deceiving, treacherous, knavish, crafty, designing; deceptive, illusory, fallacious. ad.—deceitfully, n.—deceitfulness.

Deceivable, de-scva-bl, a. वक्नीय ; Capable of being misled. n. a deceivableness, ad. a deceivable.

Deceive, de-sev, v. t. [L. de, from, capere, to take, catch] অভাৱণা-ক; বঞ্চা-ক; To impose on; to cheat, to mislead:—বিনোদন-ক; To beguile; to amuse. n=Deceiver ( প্রভাৱক; A cheat, betrayer; imposter.) Syn:—Delude, beguile, ensnare, entrap, disappoint, mislead, cheat, impose upon.

December, de-sember, [L. decem, ten] n. दे:बाजि वरमावद भाष माम; The last month of the year.

Decemvir, de-semvir, n. [L. decem, ten, and vir, a man] दोम एनीव नामनकडी विद्नव : One of the ten rulers of Rome. e.=decemviral. pl.=decemvirs, decemviri.

Decemvirate—বোগদেশীয় শাসনকর্তান পদ; The office of the decemvir:—দশাধিপতি; Any body of ten men in authority.

Decemey, désen-si,, ন. ভয়ভা; র্ণীণভা; Decorum; proper formality, becoming cerimony:—
ভপ্যোগিড়া; Propriety; suitableness:—বিষয়;
Modesty.

Deconnary, de-senar-i, n. [L. decem, ten, and annus, a year] मण वार्षिक ; गणवरमञ्जल काल ; A period of ten years.

Deconnial, de-seńi-al, a. ৰপৰবীয়; ৰপৰাৰিক; দশম[ন]; Lasting for ten years; happening every ten years.

Decont, désent, a. উপযুক্ত; Becoming; fit; suitable:— সুন্দৰ; আদৰবৃশ্ত ; Comely; not gaudy:— নম ; Modest:— ন্যানকপ; মধ্যবিধ; Moderate but competent, respectable. Syn:—Becoming, decorous, proper, comely, seemly, modest, delicate, chaste, pure; moderate, tolerable, possible, respectable. ad.—decently.

Decentralise, de-sentral-iz, v. t. কেন্দ্র ইইছে অপস্ত-কু; To withdraw from the centre.

Deception, de-sep'shun, n. ধ্ৰণৰা; চাতুৱী; প্ৰভাৱণা, Deceit. Syn:—Fraud, imposition, fallacy, snare, artifice, cheat, guile, imposture. Deceptive, de-sep'tiv, a. প্ৰবৃদ্ধ; প্ৰভাৱণাপুৰ্ব; ভাৱিষ্কাৰ; Tending to mislead; misleading; deceitful, delusive, false. ad.=deceptively, n.= deceptiveness.

Decidable, a. মীৰাংদা-বোগ্য; Capable of being decided

Docide, de-sid, v t. [L. de and caedere, to cut] হিব-কু; মানাংলা-কু, নিজান্তি-কু; To determine; to settle; to end:—v. i. নিদ্ধাতে উপনীত-ছ; মীনাংলা-কু; To determine; to come to a conclusion. Syn:—Terminate, conclude; adjudicate, de-

cree, award, judge, give, decision; resolve, purpose.

Decide on-fry-y; Settle.

Decided, de-sided, a. भिःगरणह ; लोहे ; विशेष्ठ ; Clear ; unequivocal ; concluded :— मृश्विष्ठ ; महत्वष ; Resolute ; determined. Syn :—Unwavering, firm, unshaken, fixed, resolute, determined ; positive, distinct, express, definite, certain, undisputed, undeniable.

Deciduous, de-sidu-us, a. [L. de, cado, to fall]
খাহারী; অহায়ী; প্তথানীল; Of temporary existence; not permanent, shed yearly, as bones of entlers. == deciduousness.

Decimal, deśi-mal, a. কণ্টিক; Numbered by tens:—n. কণ্ম; A tenth.

Decimal fraction প্ৰান্ত ভগ্নাংশ; A fraction having ten or some power of ten, for its denominator.

Decimate, desi-māt, v. t. গলাংশ গ্ৰহণ-কু; To take the tenth part :—এত্যেক দশন ব্যক্তিকে হত্যা-কু; To put to death every tenth man :—খনশৃত্ত-কু; To devastate. n = decimation.

Decimation, des-i-máshun, n. প্ৰত্যেক দশমাংশেৰ নিৰ্মাচন বা আহণ : A selection or taking of every tenth part :—প্ৰতি দশ্য বাজিব প্ৰতি মৃত্যু বা অন্ধবিধ ক্ষবিধন : A military punishment, by which every tenth man was selected by lot and put to death.

Decipher, de-si'ler, v. t ছব্লোদ বিষয়ের বাবিয়া-‡; To explain, to unravel; to unfold. Syn:— Unravel, unfold, explain, interpret, solve, read, make out. a=decipherable. n=decipherer.

Decision, desizhun, n. মীদাংসা; নিশন্তি; নির্ণত্ব; Determination; final judgment; adjudication;—
অটলতা; Firmness of purpose. Syn —Determination, settlement, conclusion, judgment; resolution, firmness.

Decisive, de-si'siv, a. চূড়াছ; মীমাংসক: স্থিন-বিশিষ্ট , Final; positive; conclusive.—বিশান্তি ক্ষাৰ্থম; Having the power of determining a contest or event. Syn:—Final, conclusive; decided, positive. a=decisively. n=decisiveness.

Deck, dek, v. f. আফ্লানিড-কৃ; আবৃড-কৃ; To overspread:—ষ্টিড-কৃ; সাজিত-কৃ; ভূবিড-কৃ, To cloth, to dress gaily; to adorn:—পোডাদিতে ছাদসংস্থা-ড়; ডলবিশিষ্ট-কৃ; To furnish with a deck, as a vessel:—n. পোড-ডল; আব্ধণ; The floorlike covering of a ship; a covering. Syn:—(v.) Array, adorn, beautify, embellish, decorate, ornament, grace.

Decked, a. পোত-তল্যিনিট ; Having a deck.

Decked boat—A boat having a long deck.

Decker, deker, n. কলন্যী ; সজাকারক ; The
person or that which decks :—অলবিশিষ্ট জাহাল ;

সভন-কাহাল ; A vessel having decks.

Declaim, de-klam, v. i. [ L. de intensive, and clamo, to cry out ] यक्का-इ; To harangue; to make a public speech;—वात्राक्षय-इ; To speak pompously or noisily; to rant:—निमा-इ; To inveigh:—v. t. जावावा जयदक वक्का-इ; To utter in public; deliver in a rhetorical or set

manner. n=declaimer, declaimant. Syn :--

Declamation, dek-la-máshun, n. ব্যক্তা; A public speech:—বাগাড়বৰ; Pretentious rhetorical display with more sound than sense:—বৰ্ণ-বৰ্ণী বজ্তা A discourse addressed to the passions.

Declamatory, de-klama-tor-i, a. বজুভা-সম্বীয় ; Relating to declamation :—বাস্থানপূৰ্ণ ; বাণাড্যৱ-পূৰ্ণ ; Noisy and rhetorical merely ; bombastic. Syn :—Rhetorical, grandiloquent, inflated, bombastic, pompous.

Declaration, dek-la-ráshun, n. কৰ্ম ; বোষণা ; উক্তি ; An affirmation ; proclamation ; verbal utterance :—পপণপূৰ্বক কৰ্ম ; Solemn affirmation. Syn :—Affirmation, assertion, averment, avowal, protestation.

Declarative, de-klar'a-tiv, Declaratory, deklar'a-tor-i, a. ব্যাধ্যাহত ; ব্যাধ্যাকারী ; আপত ; অভাৰত ; Explanatory ; making clear or manifest. Syn:—Enunciatory, expressive, affirmative ; explanatory, declarative, definitive. ad = Declaratively, declaratorily.

Declare, de-klar', v. t. [L. de and clarare, to make clear] বলা; জাপন-ড়; To make known; to assert; to affirm:—ধকাশ-ড়; গোন-ড়; To publish; to proclaim:—v. i. বলা; To make a declaration:—পদাবল্যন-ড়; To decide in favour of. Syn:—Affirm, assert, avow, aver, asseverate; proclaim, publish, utter, announce, communicate, divulge.

[favour of.

Declare for—কোৰও পৰ অবলম্ব-কু; Decide in Declare off—পৰিভাগি-কু; Openly quit.

Declare oneself—ৰীয় মত ব্যক্ত-কু; Avow one's opinions. [real or actual. Declared, a. প্ৰকাশিত; Avowed; proclaimed; Declension, de-kleńshun, n. ছাদ; অবৰতি; অংশতন; Decay; deterioration:—ক্ৰমনিষ্ঠা; Descent; slope:—শক্ষণ; Changes in grammatical terminations. Syn:—Decline, deterioration, degeneracy; decay, diminution, decadence; inflection, variation.

Declinable, de-klińa-bl, a. সপাতৰ কর্মীয় ; Capable of being declined; admitting of inflection.

Declination, dek-lin-áshun, n. মভৰৰণ; অৰ-ৰম্ম ; Bending :—কয় ; অধ্যণতন ; অৰম্মি ; Decay ; decline :—পদমূপ করণ ; Inflection of a noun through its various terminations :—বক্তা, বক্সডি ; Obliquity :—কাম্বি ; Angular distance of an object from the celestial Equater :— অবাস্থি ; Refusal.

Declination of the compas—Variation of the needle from the true meridian of a place.

Decline, de-klih, v. i. [L. de, down, away from, clino, to bend ] নত-হ: অবনত-হ: To bend over or hang down:—বিপখনানী-হ: গখন্ত-হ: To deviate:—অবীভাৰ-ফ: To refuse:—ফন-হ: হাল-হ: To decay; to fail:—কিবাৰ না: বেৰ হুৱা খালা: To sink; to diminish:—বেৰ-হ: To draw to an end:—o. f. অবনত-ফ: To bend downward:—বিহাৰ-ফ: To reject courteously:—বক্ষণ-ফ:

To inflect:— লাভ ব ; হান ; অবনতি ; A falling off; diminution or decay:— ক্ষেত্ৰাৰ ; ক্ষাৰোগ ; A gradual decay of health; consumption:— বিপশ্বন্য; Deviation. Syn:—(w.) Lean, droop; decay, pine, languish; doteriorate, degenerate decrease; lessen, wane; (n.) Decay, consumption; pythisis; abatement, deficiency, frailing, diminution, deterioration.

Declivitous, Declivous, de-klivus, a. চাৰু; ক্ৰদ্ৰিষ; Having a declivity; gradually descending; sloping.

Declivity, de-klivi-ti, n. [L. declivis, sloping] (opp. of Acclivity) জ্বানির্ছান; Inclination; slope:—ক্যনিরভা, Gradual descent. Syn:—Slope, incline, descent.

Decot, de-kokt, v. t. [ L. de, down, coque, to cook ] সিদ্ধ কৰিল। কাৰ নিৰ্মান ক; To prepare by boiling:—জীৰ-ক; পাক-ক; To digest.

Decoction, de-kokshun, n পাঁচন; নিছ করণাত্ত্ব নিছাবিত কাথ; An extract of any thing got by boiling; matter boiled.

Decollate, de-kofat, [L. de, from, collum, the neck] শিব্যেশ-ই; To behead; to decapitate. n =decollation.

Decolorant, de-kulur-ant, n. ভত্তৰাৰৰ বা বৰ্ণ-ব্যৱক পৰাৰ্থ; A substance that bleaches or removes colour

Decoloration, de-kulur-a-shun, n. বৰ্ণৱৰ . ব্যানিটা; The removal or absence of colour. Decolour, de-kulur, Decolourise, de-kuluriz, v. t. [ L. de, from, color, colour ] বৰ্ণটান-কু. ভৱ-কু; To deprive of colour; to blank.

Decomposable, de-kom-pōża-bl, a. বিলেগ্ৰাব , That may be decomposed.

Decompose, de-kom-poź, v. t. বিনিষ্ট-কু, বিদেশিত-কু; মূল পদার্থে পরিণত-কু, To resolve into original elements:—v. s. গলিত-হু; To rot or decay.

Decomposition, de-kom-po-zishun, n. বিশেষৰ.
The act of reducing a body into its original elements; analysis:—বিনাশ; বিগলন, Decay, dissolution.

Decompound, de-kom-pownd, v. t. প্ৰতিপ্ৰিত-ক; To compound anew — বিলিপ্ত-ক, To decompose:—a. প্ৰতিপ্ৰিত; Compounded of a compound. a.—decompoundable.

Docorate, deko-rat, v. t. [ L. decus, decors, ornament ] ভূমিত-কৃ, অলম্কত-কৃ, শেভিড-কৃ, মজিত-কৃ, To beautify, to adorn; to embellish, ornament, beautify, deck. grace.

Decoration, dek-o-ra'shun, n. ভ্ৰণ, অনুষ্ঠার, নৌল্পার্কক প্রথার, Ornament, embellishment.

Decoration day—May 30th, in which the graves of those who fell in the American Civil war are decorated with flowers.

Decorative, deko-rā-tīv, a. শোভাপ্রদ ; সৌন্দর্য্যন্ত কর্মে ; স্থান্দর্যান্য , Adorning ; suited to adorn.

Decorator, deko-rā-tor, u. क्रक; अन्यादक; One who decorates.

Docorous, de-kō'rus, a. উপৰোগ্য ; উপৰুক্ত ; জন্ম ; শিষ্ট , Suitable ; befitting ; proper ; decent. Sys : -Becoming, proper, seemly, befitting, appropriate, decent, comely; staid. ad-adecorously.

Decorticate, de-kor'ti-kāt, v. t. [ L. de, from, and cortex, bark ] তৃত্যিন-ফু; ছাল বা বোলা (ভালা; To strip off bark from; to peel; to husk. n. = decortication.

Decorum, de-ko'rum, n. পিটুডা; বিট্রাচরণ; ভত্তা; সভাতা; Propriety of speech or behaviour; decency. Syn:—Dignity, good grace, order, staid manner, gravity, courtliness, seemliness, decency.

Decoy, de-koy', v. t. [ I. de, down, and O. Fr. coy, quiet ] জালে আবদ্ধ-কু; কামে কো; বলাভিত-কু; To entrap; to snare; to entice :— কামে কোলা কোলা; প্ৰলোভন; Any thing intended to allure into a snare; temptation. Syn.—(n) Deceive, entrap, insnare, inveigle, seduce, tempt.

Decoy duck—অন্ত হংনকে ভুলাইবা ফাঁলে পভিড ক্ৰণাৰ্থ শিকিত হংস ; A duck that lures others.

Decrease, de-kreś, v. t. [ L. de, from, and cresco, to grow ] নান-হ; স্থান-হ; To become less, to diminish — নান-হ; ক্রমে ক্রমে ক্রমে ক্রম্ ক্রম্ কুর্ন হ; To make less; to diminish gradually:— স্থান; ক্রম্ ; ক্রমের ; Loss; gradual diminution. Syn:—(n) Diminish, lessen, reduce; abate - lower resubside. ad.—decreasingly.

Decree, de-kre', n [ L. decretum—decerno, to decide ] আংদশ, বিধি: ৰছমূল নিষয়; An edict; a law; an established law —আনাগতের নিশান্তি; বিদার, A judicial decision:—v.t বিধির নিশান্ত; The determined purpose of God.—নিশান্তি-ক; আইন অসুনামে হির-ক; To determine judicially; to decide.—v.t. নিম্মোন-কৃ, বিশ্ব-কৃ; To appoint or fix.—চ্ডান্ত মীমানো-কৃ, To decide authoritatively. Syn.—(n) Law, statute, regulation, ordinance, edict, mandate, rule, precept, act, exactment.

Decrement, dekre-ment, n. 東河; 東京; Gradual decrease; waste. Syn:—Decrease, diminution, lessening; waste, loss.

Docrescent, de-kresent, a. ক্ষ্মীল; ক্ৰম ছাল-মান , Growing less ; decreasing.

Decrepit, de-krep'it, a [ L. de, not, crepitus, a noise] कार्न, जवाजीन, जवाजीन ; Worn out by the infirmities of age; crippled by age. n.= decrepitude. Syn:=Broken down, infirm, effete, superannuated.

Deorepitate, de-krep'i-tāi, v. i. পড় পড় শল-ছ; গট পট শল-ছ; 'lo crackle, as salts, when heated —শল সহকাৰে ভঞ্জিড-কু; To calcine in a strong heat with crackling. n =decrepitation.

Decretal, de-kretal, a. আন্দো-ন্যকীয়; Pertaining to a decree:—ব্যবহা, পোপের আন্দো: A decree, especially of the Pope:—আন্দেশ পুত্ত ; A book of edicts.

Decretive, de-kre'tiv, a. बावबानक ; बारक्काबी ; Having the force of a decree ; determining.

Decretory, dekre-tor-i. a. বিচার সম্বান ; বিচার সম্প্রাম ; Judicial :-- হিনীকৃত ; Established by a decree ; settled :-- বীশাসক ; Determining. Decrial, de-kri'al, w. Sterre Raivin · Clamorous censure.

Deary, de-kri', v. f. বিশা-কু; অধ্যাতি-কু, ছবাম-ফু; পোনারোপ-কু; To cry down; to condemn; to censure; disparage. Syn:—Depreciate, detract, disparage, traduce, abuse, blame, rail against, denounce, underrate, undervalue.

Decumbence, de-kumbens, Decumbency, de-kumben-si, n. 414; The act or posture of lying down.

Decumbent, de-kumbent, a. [L. de, down, and cumbo, to lie ] শ্বাৰ; প্ৰিড; Reclining on the ground. ad.—decumbently.

Decuple, deku-pl, a. [L. decem, ten, and plico, to fold] খুবা খুবা; Ten fold:—n. খুবা ছবিচ সংখ্যা; A number ten times repeated — v. t. খুবাখুবা-ফ: To make ten fold.

Decurrent, de-kur'ent, a. [L. de, down, curro, cursum, to run ] चर: अन्ते ; Running or extending downwards. ad.—decurrently.

Decursive, a. অধ:প্রসাধী ; Running down.

Decussate, de-ku/at, v. t. (কাণাকোণি বিভক্ত-ছু; আড়াআড়ি ভাবে কটি৷; To cross in the form of an X, to cross as line:—a. কোণাকোণি ভাবে বিভক্ত, প্ৰশাৰ ডিৰ্যাগ্ভাবে পভিড; Crossed; intersected. n.—decussation.

Decussation, n. (official site facts; A crossing at an acute angle; an intersection in the form of an X.

Dodicate, dedi-kat, v. t. [ L. de, down. dico, to declare ] উৎসৰ্গ-কৃ; প্রতিষ্ঠা-কৃ; To consecrate -শ্বপণ-কৃ · স্বাপিত-কৃ; To devote to a sacred use :—বোৰ বাহিব ৰাঘে গ্রন্থানি উৎসর্গ-কৃ; To inscribe or address to a patron. Syn:—Offer, devote, set apait; inscribe, address.

Dedicate to—বিনিয়ে জৈত-কু; Devote to— পেৰডার ক্ষপ্ত প্রভিন্তি-কু, Consecrate to:—নুভন গ্রন্থ কাংবিত নামে উৎসৰ্গ-কু; Inscribe (a book) to some one (generally to a patron).

Dedication, ded-i-kashun, n. উৎদৰ্গ; উৎদৰ্শন, Consecration:—সম্পণ; The act of devoting — উৎদৰ্শ-পত্ৰ, An address to a patron prefixed to a book.

Dedicatory, dedi-kā-tor-i, a. বংসনিক; Composing or serving as a dedication.

Deduce, de-dus, v. t. [ L. de, from, duco, ductum, to lead ] अनुपान-कृ; निकास-कृ; To infer, to draw from in reasoning. Syn:—Derive, infer, gather, conclude.

Deduce (Drew or Infer) from—কোৰ পূৰ্ব-এসৰ হইতে অস্থান-কু; অসুত্তৰ বাবা কোন নিছাতে উপনীত ব্যৱা; Derive or arrive at a conclusion from.

Deducement, s. wayia ; Inference.

Deducible, de-dusi-bl, a. আহমের; That may be inferred.

Deduct, de-dukt, v. t. विष्य- , विद्यान- , To separate; to subtract. Syn - Remove, subtract, bate.

Deduction, de-dukshun, ন. বিষোপ, বাদ; The act of deducting; substraction — অসুবাদ; Inference: অবাদ, বাদ; Discount: — বাদ; Abate-

ment. Syn: -- Inference, consequence, conclusion; abatement, discount, diminution.

Deductive, de-duktiv, a. বৃদ্ধি বাবা নিৰ্দেশ্ব : আম্মানিক; অনুমেন; অসুমিত; Of or pertaining to deduction; deducible, ad.=deductively.

Deed, ded, n. [ A. S. daed, from don, to do ]
কাৰ্ডা; An act — নামনিক কাৰ্ডা; An exploit:—
ফলিল, A writing containing some contract or
agreement:—ঘটনা; Performance:—বাধার্ডা; A
fact, reality. Syn:—Achievement, exploit, action, act, feat, performance; reality, fact,
truth; indentre, document, written contract,
legal instrument.

In deed — ৰাজৰিক; ষধাৰ্য; In fact; really.
Deedless, dedles, a. অনন; নিক্ৰা; Inactive.
Deem, dem, v. t. or v. i. বিষেচনা-ক; বোধ-ক;
বিচাৰ-ক; To think; to believe; to judge; to conclude. Syn:— Think, judge, regard, estimate, conceive, consider, imagine, believe.

Deep, dep, a. भरीय ; Reaching far below the surface - निम्न , Low in situation : - गृढ़ ; Hidden ; secret :- प्राक्षांश ; शृह ; Remote from comprehension : unintelligible :- जीक विमालक : Sagacious ; penetrating - नश्चीव ; निश्वक , Solemn, profound - ভুল ; পাঢ় , কুঞ্বৰ্ণ ; Thick ; black -पूर्व्साव ; Intricate :- व्यं , त्याव ; coloured ; not light or thin :-- आर्क्कावी ; आह-রিক; Affecting; heart-felt:--কোশলী; ধ্র ; रुव, Cunning; artful; designing:-अन्। । निखंक; Very still:-- मन्न ; गर्खाद चदगुरू ; Low or grave (in sound):-- n. সমুদ্র ; ম্থাদারর : The sea, the ocean '-গভীৰতা; মধাভাগ; The depth; the midst part :- निस्कर्ण, The most quiet or profound part :- ad. बिरस ; Far down :- गडीब-कारन : Profoundly :- नशीवकरन ; To a great depth. ad=deeply. n=deepness. Syn:-(a) Profound, unfathomable: dark, intense: hidden, secret; penetrating, discerning, sagacious, designing, insidious; grave, not high, not sharp; solemn; affecting, great, entire.

Deep-out, n. পভাৰ পাত , An excavation of unusual depth.

Deep-laid, dep'ind a. অভান্ত নিপুৰতা বা চতুৰতাৰ সহিত কৃত ; বৃদ্ধি ও চাতুৰ্বা সংকাৰে কৃত , Laid deeply ; well concerted, formed with profound skill or artifice.

Deep-mouthed, dep'mouthd, a. नदीव प्रश्न ; Having a loud, hollow voice.

Deep-musing. a. हिस्तीन ; Contemplative.

Deep-read, a. 27165; Profoundly versed.

Deep-rooted, a. पूर, नाक ; Strong , firm.

Deep-seated, a. बंडीय ; Seated deeply ; established. [ sound.

Deep-toned, a. গতীৰ খনবিশিষ্ট ; Having a deep Be in deep water—সহটে পড়া ; Be put to extreme difficulty.

Plough the deep— ৰল বাটা; Cut the waves. Deepen, dep'n, w. t. গভীৰ-তৃ; To make deep or deeper:—ব্ভিত-তৃ; বৃদ্ধি-তৃ; To increase:—
খ. t. গভীৰ-তৃ; To become deeper.

Deeply, ad. कश्चारण ; कश्चारणाद ; Profoundly ; to a great depth. Syn :--Profoundly, thorough-

ly, gravely, completely; feelingly, affectingly, distressingly, mournfully, sadly. [Kind of stag. Deer, der, n. [ L. fera, a wild beast] मृत्र; इशि : Deer-stalker, der'stawker, n. जनविज्ञार मृत्र- स्कारी : One who practises deer-stalking.

Deer-stalking, der'stawking, n পদরকে ও অত-কিডভাবে মৃগ-লিকার; The hunting of deer on foot

by stealing upon them unawares.

Deface, de-fas, v. t. [ L. de, and facies, face ] বিশ্বপ-কৃ; বিকৃত-কৃ; To disfigure:—বিল্প-কৃ; To erase or obliterate:—নপ্ত-কৃ; To spoil or destroy. Syn.—Disfigure, obliterate, destroy, spoil, injure, mar, deform, tarnish.

Deficement, de-fasment, n বিৰূপ কৰণ; Disfigurement:—বিলোপ; Obliteration.

Defaloate, de-fal-kāt, v. t. [Low L difalco, difalcatus, to cut away] ন্য-কৃ, অৰ্থাদিব বুৰ-কৃ;
To take away; to abstract a part, used chiefly of money and account —ভত্বিল ভত্ৰপ-কৃ, To embezzle money held on trust.

Defaloation, def-al-kashun, n. হাস; Deduction; deficit —ভহবিল ভক্ত; তহবিল ভছৰপ. Embezzlement. Syn:—Diminution, abatement, deficiency, deficit, default, shortcoming, fraudulent, embezzlement.

Defamation, def-a-mashun, n. অধ্যতি; অপংশ; অপৰাদ; নিশা; Calumny; slander. Syn — Detraction, aspersion, opprobrium, disparagement, slander, calumny.

Defamatory, de-fania-tor-i, a. অপবাদপূৰ্, নিমাহতক; ব্যাভিনাশক; Calumnious; slanderous; injurious to reputation.

Defame, de-fam, v. t. [ L. diffamare—dis. and fama, report ] ছুৰ্না-কু : অপবাদ-দে, অধ্যাতি-কু, To slander; to calumniate; to asperse. Syn:
—Asperse, slander, calumniate, detract, vehify, accuse falsely, traduce, belie, libel, dishonour, disgrace.

Default, de-fawlt, n. কর্ত্ব্য কর্ম্মে ক্ষরত্বা, Omission of a duty; a failure — দোষ, অপবাধ; Fault; offence:— অভাব; Defect, want:—v. f. কর্ত্ব্য কর্মে অবহেলা-ক্ষ: To fail —v. f. আহুত হইন্যাভ আলালতে অলুপন্ধিভন্, To fail to appear in court when called upon. Syn:—(n) Neglect, failure; fault, offence; want, defect, lack, destitution.

By default—আদানতে ঠিক সম্বে ক্সপ্তিতি ; নির্ক্তি দিনে প্রহাজির হওয়াতে ; For non-appearance in court at the appointed time.

In default of—অভাবে, না প্ৰাকাতে; For want of, in the absence of.

To suffer a default—To permit an action to be called without appearing to answer.

Defaulter, de-fawlter, n. তহৰিলভক্তাৰী, তহ-বিল তহৰপকাৰী; One who fails to account for money entrusted to his care .—কৰ্ত্ব্য কৰ্ম কৰিতে অক্য ব্যক্তি; One who makes default. Syn:— Peculator, embezzler, delinquent.

Defeasance, de-feźans, গ দলিলের যে নিয়নাছ-নাবে কার্য্য কবিলে দলিলটা নিছ্কল হইয়া বায়; A condition annexed to a deed, which, being performed, renders the deed yoid. Defeasible, de-fēži-bl. এ. বাৰ্থ বা নিকল কৰ্মীয় ; That may be defeated or annulled. n = defeasibleness.

Defeat, de-fet, v. t. বিফল-কু; বার্থ-কু; নিবাশ-কু; হতাশ-কু; To frustrate; to disappoint:—ভর-কু; প্রাভূত-কু; To overcome:—n. অভিপ্রায় বিফলী-করণ, কৌশল বার্থক্যণ; A frustration of plans:—গর্ভিষ; পরাজ্ব; Overthrow; rout. Syn:—(v.) Overthrow, ruin, overpower, subdue, rout, beat, repulse; foil, disconcert, discomfit, disappoint, frustrate. (n) rout, repulse, discomfiture.

Defecate, del'e-kāt, v. t. [ L. de, from, faev, faecis, dregs ] নিৰ্মান-ছ; বিভন্ধ-ছ; To refine; to clear from .—v. i. মলভাগ-ছ; To void impurities, excrement. n=defecation.

Defecation, def-e-káshun, n. নিৰ্দাণ কৰণ; ম্ব-ভাগে: Purification from impurities.

Defect, de-fekt, n. [ L. deficio—de, neg, facie, to do ] অভাৰ, অসপ্তা; অপুডি; Want deficiency, imperfection:—দোৰ, কলৰ; Blemish; fault; deformity Syn—Deficiency; flow. spot taint, imperfection, blemish, fault, mistake, failing, foible, error. a=defectible.

Defection, de-lekshun, n. কর্ত্তব্য চুড়ি; চুড়ি; পক পবিত্যাগ; বদল তাগি; বিস্লোহ; Act of abandoning a person or cause, apostacy, backsliding, revolt Syn—Abandonment, dereliction, desertion; apostasy.

Dofective, de-fektiv a. অন্তর্গন; অপূর্ণ, নিনার্ছ; অপ্রাপ্ত; Incomplete, imperfect, faulty, insufficient. ad = defectively, n=defectiveness. Syn — Deficient, imperfect, inad equate, scant, short, insufficient, incomplete, imperfect, faulty. Defence, Defense, de-fens, n. বক্ষণ; আদাৰ; Protection, security:—দৌৰ-খন; পদ-সমর্থন; Vindication, justification, apology — আর্গনার্থন; In law, a defendant's plea. Syn — Guard, protection, fortification, bulwark, buckler, strong tower, vindication, apology plea, excuse.

Art of defence - 43 (44), Fencing.

In defence of—দোষকালন বা পক্ষ সমর্থনার , In vindication of, in support of.

The science of defence—\*\*\*\*\* [ ] , Military skill , fencing.

Defenced, de-fenst, pa. p. গড়-ৰেটচ; Fortified. Defenceless, de-fensless, n নির্ধিয়; শুমুচীন, হানবল, Without defence; unprotected, weak. ad=defencelessly, n=defencelessness.

Defend, de-fend, v. t. [L. de, off, fendo, to strike] অনিষ্ট বা বিপদ নিবারণ-কু; বজা-কু; To repel danger or harm from; to guard; to protect:—সমর্থন-কু; To maintain; vindicate; uphold —বিবাদ-কু; To contest:—v. i. বাখা উপন্থিত-কু; To make opposition. n=defender, a=defendable. Syn:—Ward, shelter cover, shield, screen, guard, protect; fortify, secure, assert, uphold, justify, maintain, vindicate, plead, espouse.

Defendant, de-fendant, n. यक्क ; व्यक्तिगृथी ; A defender, a person accused or sued.

Defender, n. वकावर्ष ; One who defends an advocate.

Defender of the Faith, s. A title of the sovereigns of England, first conferred by the Pope on Henry VIII in consideration of his defence of the church against the heresy of Luther

Defensible, de-fensi-bl, e. ৰক্ষীয় ; প্ৰতিবাদ-বোগ্য ; That may be defended justifiable. n= defensibility

Defensive, de-lensiv, a. বছণোপ্যোগী, Serving to defend —সভৰ্ক; In a posture of defence —
স. বৃহণোপাৰ; বহুক; That which defends, safeguard —সভৰ্কাবছা, মতৰ্কভা, Posture of defence
ad=defensively.

To be or stand on the defensive—বাধা দিবাৰ লয় প্ৰস্তুত্ব, Be in a state or posture of resistance in opposition to aggression or attack Defer, de-fei', v t. [ L. defero—de, down, and fero, to bear ] স্থাতি বাধা, বিলম্ভ, To delay to put off —উপন্তিত-ক, To submit to or lay bilo.e—v : অপরের মতাস্থামী-হ, To submit to the wishes of another. Syn —Postpone, adjourn, protract, piorogue, procrastinate.

Defer not till to-morrow what may be done to-day—খণ্য বাহা কৰিছে পাৰিবে পৰ গিনেৰ ক্ষপ্ত থা বাহিছ না, Do not put off present duties till another time.

Doler to নাগরে অস্তের মত গ্রহণ-কু, Submit out of 1c-pcct to (the opinion, or wishes, of another)

-গুৰে হুহবে বলিষা ঠেলিয়া রাধা; Put off to.

Deference, deferens, n. আত্তর মতারগমন, মৃতায় মৃতিরা, A yielding in opinion to another —সম্মা, বস্তুতা, Regard; respect, submission Syn.—Respect, attention, regard, reverence, homage, honour, veneration, obersance, complusance, condescension. [regard.

Treat with deforence—স্থান-কৃ. Respect Deforential, def-er-efishal, a feril , Respectful obliging. ad=deferentially.

Deflance, de-fi'ans, স বুদ্ধাৰ্থ আহলান :--A challenge to combat :--বাধা দানে অবজ্ঞা প্ৰকাশ .
Contempt of opposition. Syn —Daring , challenge, summons to combat, cartel contempt, spite, despite, opposition.

In defiance of—((कान विषय) ना यानिया, in spite of; disregarding, in direct opposition to, or disregard of.

Out of defiance—বাধা মা মানিয়া, নিন্দাৰ ভয় মা কৰিয়া, From a spirit of contempt at opposition or censure.

Set at defiance—খনাত্ত-কৃ, Dety —ভত্ত-কৃ, Violate —বাৰ্থ-কৃ; Render utterly ineffective To set at defiance—খনাত্ত, আনৃতি বা নিক্তা-কৃ, To defy, violate or render in effective.

Defiant, s. 机锅板; Full of defiance, bold; in-

Deficience, Deficiency, de-fishen-si, n. জ্ঞান, অনুস্থিতা দোষ; Want, imperfection defect.

Deficient, de-fishent, a. अक्षांविविष्टे. अवन्तूर्व , L elective ; imperiect. Syn .-- Inadequate, short,

insufficient, wanting, scanty, incomplete, defective, imperfect. [ন্যুন, Wanting in. Deficient in—(কোন কিছুৰ) অভাব : কোন কিছুৰ Deficiency in amount or quality; want.

Defile, de-fil, v. t. [L. dis, and filum, a thread]
অপৰিদাৰ-কৃ; To render unclean or dirty:—
দ্বিত-কৃ, কল্বিত-কৃ, To pollute or corrupt:—
ধর্ম-ই-কৃ; সভীত্ব নত-কৃ; To violate the chastity of:—v. s. শ্রেণিবছ হক্ষা অপ্রস্থান্ত, To march off in a line or row —n. দীর্থ সক্ষণি পথ, সিরি-স্কৃত্ত; A long narrow pass in which troops can march only in file; a long narrow pass as between hills. n.=dcfiler. Syn.—(v) Soil. dirty, stain, tarnish; taint, sully, pollute, corrupt, debase, contaminate, ravish, violate, de flour

Defilement, de-filment, n. আপাৰ্কুডা, অঙ্চিডা; অঃঙা, অঃক্ৰণ, Foulness; uncleanness, corruption, impurity.

Definable, de-fina-bl. a. পথিভাগণীয়, জর্থ-নির্দ্দর্শণীয়, সিরা may be defined.

Define, de-fin, v t. [L. de, and finis, a limit]
দালা নিজপণ কৃ; To fix the limits of —ব্যাখ্যা-কৃ;
To explain —ঠিক বৰ্ণনা-কৃ; To describe accurately —বধাৰ্থনপে স্থিত্ত-কৃ; To determine with precision. Syn —Circumscribe, limit, bound, determine, designate, specify, explain, expound.
Definite, defi-nit, a. দানা বিশিষ্ঠ, Having distinct limits —িনিশ্চিত, বধার্থ, ঠিক: স্পষ্ট;
Fixed, precise; exact; clear — নিশ্বিত্ত দীমানির্দেশক, Limiting —িব্র ; Determinate. Syn:
—Fixed, exact, certain, clear, ascertained, specific, restricted; defining, limiting, definitive. ad=definitely, n=definiteness.

Dofinition, def-i-nishun, n বৰ্ণনা: বাাধাা; প্ৰিভাষা সংজ্ঞানিজ্ঞপা, A description or explanation

Definitive, de-fini-tiv, a চুড়ান্ত, নিলিচত, চৰম; Final, determinate, positive—n. বিশেষপাপ, A word used to limit the extent of the signification of a noun. ad=definitively. Syn:—Positive, determined, express, categorical, final, conclusive.

Deflagrate, del'la-grat, v. f [L. de. down, flagro, to buin ] জানায়, লাম দক্ষ, I o set fire to .—v ঃ নুধুৰ ছালত-ছ, To burn rapidly n= Defligration.

Deflagrator, deflagrator, n ভড়িত বস্ত্ৰিশেষ ; A galvanic instrument producing rapid and powerful combustion

Deflect, de-fick', v i [L de, from, and flecto, to bend turn] সৱল বেখা ছইতে আনত-হ: To bend from a straight line:—ভাষপথ হইতে বিহাত-হ: ভাষপথ প্রিতাপ-ক. To swerve, to deviate from proper course—v. t এক পার্যে গমন-ক. To cause to turn aside. n=deflection.

Deflection, de-flekshun, n এক পাৰে গমন; বিপাধ গমন, The act of turning aside, deviation. Syn:—Deviation, bending, swerving, divergence

Deflorate, de-florat, a অঠাত পুলাবয়া · Past the flowering state, or cast pollen.

Defloration, deflo-ra'shun, n প্ৰাচাৰ কৰণ সভীত্ব ৰষ্ট কৰণ, The act of deflouring, rape Deflour, Deflower, de-flowr', v t [ L de, privative, and flos, floris, a flower ] পুলাপুত্ত কু भोनायां महे-क , To deprive of flowers of beauty or grace .--ৰশাংকাৰ-কু, To ravish, to take away a woman's virginity, to seduce n=dc flourer, deflouration, deflowerer Syn -Ravish, constuprate, violate, defile

Defluxion, de-flukshun, n [ L de, down and fluo, fluxum, to flow ] जनन खरवाद मिश्रांशास्त्र बहन, क्षणां विनिःमादन, A discharge of humours as, from the nose in cold.

Defoliation, de-foli-a'shun, n [ L de, off forum, a leaf ] পত्रभूत्व-कान, The time of shedding leaves

Deforce, de-fors, v t বৰপূৰ্মক অধিকায়চাত-কু. To keep out of possession by force n = deforcement, deforciation

Deform, de form, v t [ L. de, from, and forma, form, beauty ] व पश क्र , विज्ञान-क् , कुर्नि छै-क् To disfigure, to make a rly Syn - Disfigure, deface, injure

Deformation, n मानकान , Act of deforming Deformity, de-formi ti, স বিকৃতি, কুৎসিত व्यावात , अवशीमजा , कनाकात, अव ने तकना , Any un natural shape or fo m, ugliness Syn -Distortion, mulformation, misproportion, ugliness, defect, irregularity, disfigurement.

Defraud. de frawd, v t [ L de, from, and fraus fraulis, fraud ] প্রভাবণা-‡, বঞ্চিত-কু, To cheat or deceive, to frustrite. Syn -Cheat, cozen, trick, rob, pilfer, chouse, didle, embezzle. Defray, de fia', v.t. বাদ নি ঘ ২-কু, To bear the charges, to pay n= defi syment, defrayal Syn -D scharge, meet, I qu' lite scitte

Deft, deft, a colant pa inga, Dexterous, cleverhandy. ad = deftly = dettnessDefunct, de-funkt, a = [1, de], and fungor, to

perform ] मूड , Dead , dicia id - n मूज का कि , A dead purson, one deceased.

Defy, de-fi', v t [ L des, a-under, and fide to trust ] যুদ্ধাৰ আংকলি কু, ওচ্ছ কু, অবজা কু, 1o challenge, to brave, to de pise n=delier. Syn -Challenge, dare, brave, face, disregard contemn, spurn, despise, trample on, set at naught

Dogonorate, de-jener-it, a ধর্মজ্ঞ , ধর্মচাত , অৰপতিত, Base, mean fallen -- চ উন্মাণ পামী-হ, অধ-পতিত-হ, ধপচুত-হ, To become worse, to decline in virture Syn -Deteriorated, degraded, mean, base, low, fallen, corrupt ad=degenerately, n=degenerateness.

Degenorate into—অপগানী বা অন্তৰ হওবা, Fall from a good into à bad state, deteriorate and

turn into

Degeneration, de-jen-ér-a'-hun, Degeneracy, de jehêr-a-si, n অধংশতন , নাতো , Decline in good qualities Syn -Decline, degradation, debasement, deterioration.

Dogonorative, de-jeher-a-tiv, a अभागःनिवित , অপ্ৰশ্বক , Tending to degenerate.

Deglutition, deg-100-tishun, n. [ L. de, down, and glutto, to swallow ] গলাগ:করণ, এসনলন্তি, The act or power of swallowing food

Degrade, de-grad, v t [ L. de, down, and gradus, a step ] शैननगर्- ; भागाज- . To reduce from a higher to a lower rank, to deprive of office or dignity — जभभाग-कृ, To disgrace, to humble Syn -- Abase, demean, lower, debase, dishonour, corrupt, vitiate, disgrace, cashier, break

Degradation, deg-ra-da'shun, n. भूगहाडि : A reducing in rank - अश्रमान , Disgrace Syn -Deposition, dishonour, disgrace, abasement, debasement, reduction, decline, baseness. degeneracy.

Degree, de-gre, n [L de, and gradus, a step] পদ, A step —পরিমাণ, বিস্তৃতি, Measure extent - भाग , Position , rank - विश्वविद्यान्त्वन छेशाबि, A mark of distinction conferred by universities —বুৱেৰ ৩৬০ ভাগেৰ এক ভাগ, The 36oth part of a circle -क्न, मानान, A stage in progression, grade -pl विश्ववर्गद উৎক্রাপক্রবোধক বিভক্তি, নিক্তি প্রভৃতিয় ভাগতিং, Comparative steps in the signification of adjectives, divisions marked on a scale Syn -Step, stage, class, rank, order, station, standing, grade, measure, limit, extent, range. division, space, interval

By degrees—ক্রমণ: , কমে ক্রমে , আরে আরে , Step by step, gradually, by molerate advances Take ones degree—विविधान निष इहेट छेलाबि आध-र, Obtain an academical di tinction from a University.

To a degree—অভ্যৱ , Exceedingly

Dehiscence, de-hisens n উদ্ভিদের বীল কোবাদিৰ विनादा, वाखाकांचारकार वा उत्ताद कान, The open ing of capsules of a plant

Dehiscent, de-hisent a [L de, intensive and hisco, to gape] উর্বোধ তথান, Opening, as the capules of plants

Descride, der sid, n [L deus, god, and caeda, to cut, to kill ] त्वर अनिथन , विश्व श्रुष्ठ व्य, The slaughter or murder of God, the putting to death of Jesus.

Doific, Doifical, a 34 14 Divine

Deification, de-i-fikáshun, n (श्वक कोद्यांभव, দেৰখাৰোপ , The act of exalting to the rank of a God

Deiform, de'i-form, a দেবভাকৃতি সম্প্র, দেবাকাব, Having the form of a God

Deify, dl'i-fi, v t [ L deus, god, and facere, to make ] स्वरू आद्यांग-कृ, स्वराह भूका-कृ, 10 make a God of, to adore as a God Sym -I dolize, apothcosize.

Deign, dan, v t [ L dignor, to think worthy ] প্ৰস্থ-হ, To vouchsafe, to condescend -v t লান কবিতে সন্মত-হ, প্রলান করা, To give, to grand Syn -Condescend, see fit, think fit, grant, occord.

Deism, dt'izm, n. atauaiffu, The belief in natural religion only.

Deist, de'ist, n. [L deus, god] अद्भपन्नवानी.

One who believes in one God, but not in reve-[ a god or godess. lation, a=deistical. Deity, de'i-ti, s. व्यव ; त्यव वां त्यवी ; Godhead , The Deity-144; God.

Deject, de-jekt, v. t. [ L. de, down, and jacio, to cast] एछान-ङ ; विवानिक-ङ ; क्टब्रांदगार-ङ ; विवा-F; To dishearten; to dispirit; to sadden. Syn :- Dispirit, discourage, depress, dishearten, crush, sink, damp.

Dejected, de-jekt'ed, a. रडान ; विरह ; Cast down : dispirited. ad = dejectedly. n=dejected-

Dejection, de-jekshun, म. खाशारमार : गरमास्त्र . ৰেবাক ; বিবাদ ; Lowness of spirits ; depression ; A breakfast. melancholy. Dejeuner, de-200na, Dejune, n. आंड(कांबन ; Delay, de-iá, v. t. [ L. dis, apart, and fero, to carry | ছণিত বাৰা ; বিলম্বিত-কু , বিশ্ব-কু ; বাৰা-দে ; To put off; to defer; to procrastinate; to hinder or retard :- v. i. विजय इख्या ; इतिछ-इ ; To pause, linger or tarry :-- म. दिनच : वांश ; A putting of ; a hindrance. Syn: -(v.) Procastinate, prolong, protract; detain, hinder, retard, stop, impede; linger, tarry, lag, loiter.

Dele, déle, v. t. युडिया क्ला ; हिस् त्यांभ-कृ ; To be blotted out blot out, to erase. Deleble, dele-ble, a. वित्तान-ताना ; That may Delectable, de-lekta-bl, a आनम अनक ; Highly pleasing, delightful. Syn :- Delightful, enjoyable, pleasant, agreeable, gratifying. n=delectableness. ad = delectably.

Dolectation, de-lek-tashun, n. निव्जिम व्यानम , Great pleasure of delight.

Delegate, dele-gat, v. t. [ L. de, away, and lego, legatus, to send as ambassador ] প্রতি-নিধিম্বরূপ প্রেরণ-কু; To depute, to send, as a representative --ভারাপা-ক, To entrust or commit to .- n. क्रांडिनिषि : A deputy or representative:—n প্রেবিত , নিরোজিত Deputed; sent to act for another. Syn: -(v) Commission, depute, appoint, authorize, commit, intrust, transfer (n) a deputy, a representative, a vicar, envoy, ambassador.

Delegation, del-e-gashun, n. প্রতিনিধি নিমোপ; The appointing of a delegate: - প্রতিনিধিবর্গ; The person delegated :-- অত্তের উপর কা ভারার্পণ; The assignment of a debt to another.

Delete, de-let, v. t [ L. deloo, deletum, to blot out ] यूष्टियां (कना ; विनहे-कृ ; To crase ; to destroy. Deleterious, del-e-terre-us, a. श्रानिवनक : आप-নাশৰ; অনিষ্টকৰ; বিবাজ; Injurious; poisonous; pernicious. Syn: - Destructive, deadly, injurious, unwholesome, noxious, hurtful. n-deleteriousness.

Delf, delf, n. मृश्विकानिर्दिश रामन ; गुरुभाज ; A kind of earthen ware, originally made at Delft, in Holland.

Deliberate, de-liber-at, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and libro, to weigh ] यदन मदन विषाद-कृ ; यदनामरश चारवाज़न-क ; To reflect upon ; to consider the reasons for and against :- v. i. for - w : (actor)-?, To reflect or consider; to weigh in the mind,

--नामान्ताम-मृ; To debate:--a. नागमान; बीन; দুমদৰ্শী, স্থবিবেচিভ ; Circumspect ; slow in determining; cautious; well advised. Syn: - (v.) Ponder; reflect, consider, weigh; perpend, meditate; consult; debate, (a) Wary, cautious, considerate, thoughtful; well-considered; not rash, slow, grave; calm, collected, serious; designed. ad=deliberately. n=deliberateness. Deliberation, de-lib-er-ashun, n. च्रिवचारक

Deltologie

िख! ; मूदमर्निख! ; बीदछ! ; शबीद ठिख! ; Mature reflection; calmness; coolness; prudence. Syn: -Thoughtfulness, circumspection, wariness, caution; consultation, discussion.

Deliberative, de-liber-a-tiv, a. विहाद नवसीय ; ञ्चविष्ठावक्रम ; Pertaining to or proceeding or acting by deliberation.

Delicacy, deli-ka-si, अ. प्रमेश्वर , माध्या ; Agreeablenes; delightfulness:—কোষণভা; কমনীরতা: লালিতা; Smoothness; softness: - মুশ্বীলতা. ভত্তা, A nice propriety in civility or politeness :- ভুর্মলতা; কীণতা, Weakness; tenderness of constitution :-- পর্যভারতা ; Scrupulousness:--স্পাদিতা, সন্ধাৰ; Critical niceness; fastidious accuracy .- - - - Truth ; ( ) A luxury or pleasure :-- সুমিষ্ট ক্লব্য ; সুখাদ্য ক্লব্য ; A dainty : —ভদ্ৰ ব্যবহাৰ; Indulgence; gentle treatment; consideration. Syn :- Pleasantness, agreeableness; savouriness, relish; dainty, tidbit; fineness, nicety, elegance; tenderness, weakness, frailty; carefulness, scrupulosity, fastidiousness; nice perception, sensibility, sensitiveness; refinement, purity.

Delicate, deli-kat, a. [ L. de, intensive, and lacio, to entice ] यानोहत ; Delightful ; pleasing : -মুন্দর; ভৃত্তিজনক; Nice; fine; elegant ---পাতলা : Light, said of colour :- কোমণ : Slight. or smooth ; light and yielding :--কোমল , কুলার ; Soft and fair :- किना; Fine or slender -- हम; ফ্ৰীল; Refined; gentle—said of manners and conduct:—ৰভি ভদ্ৰ; Scrupulously polite:— इन्देन , क्या ; Tender, feeble , frail ; effeminate -said of constitution, health &c. :-- रुखन्नी : Nice; critical; requiring nice handling --हेल्लिय-पूर्थकब ; ভোগাসক , विनामी ; Pleasing to the senses ; luxurious ; voluptuous :—ভীস্ . Nicely discriminating or preceptive; acute:-n. pl. Delicates, delicacies (विवास स्वाकांड)। Syn: -Pleasant, agrecable; sayoury, delicious, dainty; nice, fine, elegant; gentle, considerate ; feeble, frail, effeminate ; critical, fastidious ; refined, pure.

Delicately, deli-kāt-li, ad. স্থকোমলভাবে ; বিলা-সিতাসহকারে; In a delicate manner, luxuriously. Delicateness, deli-kāt-ness, ন. কোমলতা; কীণতা; স্বাতা; স্বাত্তা; State of being delicate: –বিনাদ ; বিলাসিভা ; Luxury.

Delicious, de-lishus, a. মুখাছ ; মুনিষ্ট ; ভাষ্টিকর ; Highly pleasing to the taste or other senses :-প্রমানসভ্সক; নিংতিশয় আনসভ্সক; Most pleasing to the mind n=deliciousness. Syn:-Delightful, grateful, charming, pleasing, plesant, luscious, dainty, choice.

Delight, de-lit, v. f. সভা-কৃ; আবালিক-কৃ; আব-লিক-কৃ, To please highly —v. ঃ আবলিক-কৃ, সভা-কৃ; Tobe greatly pleased :—n. আবল ; উল্লান ; Plea-urable emotion , extreme joy. Syn :—(n) Pleasure, happiness, joy, enjoyment, gladness, transport. a=delighted ( সভাই ; Glad, pleased ). Delight ( exult or rejoice ) in—কো বিবলে আবোদ অভ্তম-কৃ; Feel pleasure in. Rejoice or exult—আবলে স্তা-কৃ; Feel pleasure in a high degree, leap for joy

Delightful, de-litiool, Delightsome, de-litsum, a. আনন্দলন , মনোহয় , মনোহয় ; স্থানন , Fuil
of delight , delicious ; charming , lovely. ad=
delightfully. n=delightfulness. Syn —Delicious, charming, agreeable, enjoyable, enchanting. [boundary of a country.
Delimit, v. t. সীয়া নিৰ্দেশ-ড়, To lay out, as the
Delimitation, n. সীয়া, Boundary line

Delineate, de-line-at, v t. [L de, down, and linea, a line] নগ্না-কু, চিত্ৰ অন্ধিত-কু, বৰ্ণনা-কু, To sketch, to portray, to describe Syn —Design, sketch, figure, represent by outline, depict, paint, draw, picture, portray, describe.

Delineation, de-lin-e-a-hun, n নয় , A sketch, outline, representation .—বৰ্ণনা , বিবরণ , A representation in words. Syn —Sketch, outline, draught, portrait , description, drawing, representation.

[ who delineates.

Delineator, de-line-a-tor, n বৰ্ণনাকাৰ) . One

Delineator, de-line-ম-tor, n বৰ্ণনাকাৰী, One Delinquency, de-ling'kwen-si, n. ক্ৰটি, অপবাৰ, দোৰ, গাছিত কৰা, Failure in duty; a fault, misdeed, a crime.

Delinquent, de-ling'kwent, n অপরাধী বৃত্তি . দোষী বৃত্তি , An offender , a transgressor , a criminal —a. দোষী , অপরাধী , Failing in duty. Syn —(n) Offender, transgressor, culput, criminal, evil-doer ad=Jelinquently

Deliquesce, del i-kwe', v : { L de, intensive, and liquesco, to Lecome fluid | अशिका पश्चिम । To melt or become liquid by attracting moisture from the air a=deliquescent n=deliquescence. { the air

Deliquescent, a বাযুতে অবণ্শীল, Liqu fying in Delirious, de-lir'i-us, a [ L de, from, and lira, a furrow] বিকারগ্রহ; বিত্ত, উন্মত্ত, Lippordered, raving, insane. Syn —Raving, frantic, demented, mad, deranged

Delirium, de-lir'i-um, n প্রলাপ , মন্তিকের বিকৃতি , A raving —মহা উৎসাহ , প্রবল উল্ভেম্কনা , Strong excitement ; wild enthusiasm Syn .—Insanity, frenzy, madness, derangement, lunacy, aberration.

Delirium tremens, গ অতিরিক্ত মদাপান কনিত মত্ততা, স্বাপান কনিত কণ্ডারিনী কিপ্ততা, A disease of the brain resulting from excessive drinking.

Delitescence, del-i-te'ens, n গোপন, ভওভাবে অবস্থিতি, Concealment, retirement.

Delitescent, del-i-tesent, a. [ L de, from, and latesco—lateo, to be hid ] বুড়ানিত , ওপ্তভাবে অবহিত , Lying hid or concealed.

Deliver, de-hver, v. t. [ L de, from, and liberare, to set free-liber, free ] रका-क, मूक-

ক; উদ্বাৰ-কু; To set at liberty; to rescue :—
ডকাৰণ-কু; কহা; To pronounce; to communicate :—সবৰ্গণ-কু; অৰ্থণ-কু; To give up or part with :—ব্ৰেক্-কু; To relieve a woman in child-birth :—বিক্সে-কু; To give forth, as a blow &c. n=deliverer. Syn:—Release, discharge, liberate, loose, acquit; extricate, disengage, rescue, redeem, commit, transfer; yield, grant, surrender, resign, delinquish; utter, pronounce, deal out, give forth.

Deliver over, v. হ্বাছরিত-কু; Transfer —স্ব-পা-কু, Surrender or resign.

Deliver up, v. সমর্থ- ক , Surrender. [ a child. Be delivered of—প্রস্থ- ক , Be disburdened of Deliverance, de-liver-ans, n মুক্তি, উদ্ধার, Release from any kind of restraint — বিপদ হইতে পরিতাপ, স্থাধীনতা, Rescue from any danger, freecom

Delivery, de-liver-i, n মুক্তি, উদ্ধান্ন, Rescue, release — সাধাৰণ সমকে ব কা কথন বা তংগ্ৰণালী, Manner of speaking in public, utterance — প্ৰাৰ, Child-birth — সম্প্ৰ Surrender -- তাপ, A giving up Syn — Giving up, surrender conveyance, utterance, enunciation, pronunciation, elocution, child-birth, labour, prituriuon (see Dale

Dell, n. উপত্যকা, A small retired dale or valley Dolphic, a. Belonging to Delphi, a small town in Phocis, celebrated for its oracle of Apollo. Dolta, delta, n [ Gr. from Heb, daleth, a door (of a tent)] প্ৰীক বৰ্ণনালাৰ চতুৰ্ অবস্থা, The fourth let er of the Greek alphabet — নদীমুৰস্থ শীপ, ব শ্ব'প, A tract of country between the mouths

or a river.
Deltoid, destoid, a. क्रिक्शंबाब, दिङ्गाकांत्र,
Triangular—applied to the mascle of the

Delude, de lud, v t [L. de, down, ludo, lusus, to play] entrefit & To decense, to mished, to cheat, to imp & on, to begule, to trick.

Delusion, de l'/hun, n প্রহণনা, প্রভারণা, এম-পূর্ব বিধাস, আন্ত বিধাস, আম, Decuption, error, iil is on, a false buref

Delusive, dc-lu'sive, Delusory, de-lu'so -i. a জনজনক, প্ৰকল্পান , Deceptive, apt to mislcad. aa=d-lusively. n= iclusiveness.

Deluge, deluj, n { L dis, away, luo-lavo, to which ] বস্তা, জনমানৰ, An inundation, a flood —v. t. ভনমানি হ কু, অভিত্ত-ভু, To inundate. Syn —(n) flood, inundation, rush, overflowing Delve, delv, v t বুজাল ছাৱা ধনন-ভু, To dig with a spade —প্ৰবেশ-ভু, To fathom, penetrate, trace, act n=delver

Demagnetise, de-magnet-iz, v. t চৌম্ব-শব্তি ব্যাদ-কু, To deprive of magnetic polarity

Demagogne, dcma-gog, n. [Gi demos, the people, and ago, to lead ] বি. দ্রাহোদীপৰ বেডা, A factious or seditious people — বিদ্যোহাদীপৰ বড়া, A factious orator or agitator

Demain, de-man, Demosno, de-men, দ জ্বী-দারের বসত বাড়ী ও ভারিকটত উহোর বাথিকারভুক ভূমি, A main house and laids adja\_ent, copyhold Demand, de-mand, v. t. [ L. de, from, and mando, to put into one's charge ] शांकिक ; To claim :-- वार्कक क्या ; To make a requisition of : —বিজ্ঞানা-ৰু; চাহে; Ask; call for:—v. i. অবু-नवान-कृ ; गावि-कृ ; To make a demand, ask, enquire :- n. पावि ; A claim ; a requisition :-अप्रमुक्ति : Earnest inquiry :--वरश्रकन ; Request ; want :-- मारिकुछ विवन ; That which one demands :- अन कदिवान केन्द्रा वा धार्यना ; The desire or calling for to purchase. Syn:-(v) Require, claim, exact, challenge, request; make enquiry, ask, interrogate, question. [ much sought for. In demand, প্রোজনীয় ; লোকে চাছে ; In request ; On demand, চাহিবামাত্র; Upon presentation and request of payment; whenever payment is asked for.

Demandable, de-manda-bi, a আগন্তি-যোগা;
লাবি-যোগা; That may be claimed. [A plaintiff.
Demandant, de-mandant, n. বালী; অভিযোজা;
Demarcation, Demarkation, de-mark-fishun,
n. বিভাগ, নিৰ্দিষ্ট দীমা; Division; a fixed limit.
Syn:—Division, separation, limit, boundary,
marches.

Line of demarcation—সীমানির্দেশ রেখা; ভাগ-চিহ্ন রেখা, Is a line real or imaginary that hounds or limits.

Domean, de-men, v. t. ব্যবহার-কৃ; আচরণ-কৃ; To behave; conduct; treat :— অষ্ট্র-কৃ; নীচ-কৃ; To lower; to behave meanly; to debase.

Domoanour, de-menur, n. ব্ৰকার; আচরণ:
Behaviour; bearing. Syn:—Behaviour, deportment, carriage, bearing, mien, conduct, air.
Demontate, a. জানশুড; Deprived of reason:—
v. t. জানশুড-কু; To deprive of reason.

Domented, de-mented, a. [L. de, from, and mens, the mind] কিপ্ত, উমত্ত ; বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি, Crazy, mad, infatuated; insane.

Dementia, n. স্তিশক্তির হ্রান : Loss of mental power as a result of brain-disease.

Demerit, de-mer'it, n. (中旬; 每年到年; Fault; crime. Syn:—Ill-desert, transgression, error, fault, failing, crime, vice, delinquency.

Demesne, -See Demain.

Demi-god, demi-god, [Fr. demi, half, and God] উপদেব, দেবতুলা ব্যক্তি; An inferior deity, a fabulous hero.

Demirep, démi-rep, n. স্বিশ্ব-চরিত্রা রম্বী; A woman of doubtful chastity.

Demise, de-miz, n. [ L. dis, aside, and missus, to send ] রালা বা ব্যাভনামা বাজির মৃত্যু; মৃত্যু; Death of a sovereign or a distinguished person: decease:—হতাত্তির করণ; The conveyance of an estate by lease or will:—v. t. উইল করা; উত্তর্বাধিকারী দান-কৃ; To bequeath. Syn:—(n) conveyance, alienation, death, deceased, departure.

Demission, de-mishun, n. অধাণ্ডন; বানহানি, মানহানডা; হ্ডাছরিড করণ; Degradation; humiliation; reansfer.

Demogracy, de-mokra-si, n. [Gr. demos, the people, and krateo, to rule ] সাধারণতা; অবাত্য দাস্ব-প্রধানী; A republican form of government.

Syn:—Republicanism, representative government, republic.

Democrat, demo-krat, ন. নাবারণতরপকাবনধী; অভাতরশাসবপ্রশানীর পক্ষপাতী; A friend to popular government.

Democratic, dem-o-kratik, Democratical, dem-o-krati-kal, a. প্ৰকাত্য-সহনীয়; প্ৰকাত্যশাসৰ-প্ৰণানী সন্দৰ্ভীয়; Pertaining to government by the people, ad-democratically.

Demolish, de-molish, v. t. [L. de, down, and molior, to move, to hurl] 顿河李;南城安字;To destroy; to ruin; to pull down. Syn:—Overturn, overthrow, destroy, dismantle, raze, annihilate, subvert, ruin, dash to pieces.

Demolition, dem-o-lishun, n. স্বাস ; Destruction, ruin.

Demon, de'mon, n. [ L. doemon, Gr. daimon, a spirit, genius ] বৈত্য; ভূত; গিলাচ; অপদেৰতা; An evil spirit; a devil. Syn:—Tutelary angel, genius; evil spirit, fiend, devil.

Demon in human shape—মূর্তিমান পাপ; অত্যন্ত পাপী; Devil incarnate.

Demoniac, dc-moniacal, de-moniacal, de-moniacal, Demonian, dc-monian, a. পৈশাচিক; Pertaining to demons or evil spirits:
—ভূতপ্ৰত; Produced by evil spirits; influenced by demons. ad=demoniacally.

Demoniac, de-mu'ni-ak, n. ভ্তার ব্যক্তি; A human being possessed by an evil spirit.

Demoniacism, n. গৈশাচিক ব্যবসায় ; Demoniacal practices. [or false gods.

Demonism, n. পিশাতে বিশাস : Belief in demons Demonolatry, de-mon-ola-tri, n. ভূত-পূজা ; পিশাত-পূজা ; The worship of demons.

Demonologist, de-mon-olo-jist, n. গৈশাচিক বিদ্যাবিৎ পণ্ডিড ; A writer on demonology.

Demonology, de-mon-olo-ji, n. পৈশাচ-তৰ, A treatise on evil spirits. a = demonologic, demonological.

Demonstrable, de-monstra-bl, a. উপপাদ্য; সাধ্য; বৃদ্ধমাণ বোগা, That may be demonstrated. n=demonstrableness, ad=demonstrably.

Demonstrate, de-monstrat, v. t. [L. de, intensive, and monstro, to shew] নি:সংলহ্-ছ ; লাইরূপে ধণার ; লাইরূপে প্রদর্শন-ছ ; To prove with certainty ; to point out clearly. Syn:—Indicate, manifest, exhibit, show, prove, establish, make evident.

Demonstration, dem-on-strashun, দ. প্রদর্শন ; প্রকাশ ; Exhibition — সন্দেহণুত প্রমাণ ; নিশ্চর প্রমাণ ; Proof beyond doubt :—বাহিন্দ লকণ বারা মনোভাষ প্রকাশ ; Expression of the feelings by outward signs :—প্রকাশ ; কৃত্রিম দৈক্ত পরিচালন ; Show ; exhibition ; a military movement indicating an intention.

Demonstrative, de-monstra-tiv, a. প্রতিশাদক;
শাইগাদনী; Exhibiting clearly:—দৃঢ় প্রামাণিক;
Proving with certainty:—সরদ; Frank:—প্রামাণিক;
দ্বাদিশাপুর; Consisting of eulogy or of invective:—প্রমাণপরাধ্য; Given to the expression of of one's feelings. ad-demonstratively, nademonstrativeness.

Demonstrator, demon-stra-tor, স নিসেক্ত প্ৰাণ-প্ৰদৰ্শক; One who proves certainty:— শিক্ষ; শরীরবাবছেমবিশার অধ্যাপক; One who teaches; one who teaches anatomy from the dissected parts.

Demoralisation, de-mor-al-i-záshun, z. নীডি-জাইডা; চরিজ্ঞীনভা; Corruption of morals.

Demoralise, de-mor'al-iz, v. t. চরিজ্ঞীনতা-কু. To debase, to vitiate:—নীডিজ্ঞী-কু; To corrupt Demotic, de-motik, a. [Gr. demos, the people] জনসাধারণনত্ত্বীয় ; সাধারণ; Popular; common-

Demotic alphabet or character, n. A form of writing used in Egypt since 6 or 7 centuries, B. C. for books, deeds &c.

Demulcent, de-mulsent, a. [ L. de, and mulceo, to stroke, to soothe] বিশ্বকারী; পাত্তিকর, কোবলহুণ্য; Soothing; mollifying. Syn:—Mollifying, mild, lenitive, sedative, emollient.

Demur, de-mur', v. i. [L. demoror, to loiter, linger] ছিখা-ক, ইতন্তত:-ক; বিলৰ-ক; আপত্তি-ক; To hesitate; to delay; to scruple; to object:n. বিরাম; বিরতি; ছিখা, বৈশভাৰ; A stop; a pause, hesitation. Syn:-(v) Stop, pause, hesitate, be in doubt; object, make objections.

Demure, de-mur, a. পাৰ, বিনীড; গৰীৰ; Sober, modest; grave. Syn:—Grave, staid, sedate, decorous, downcast, modest, coy; prudish, affectedly modest. ad=demurely. n=demureress.

Demurrage, de-muraj, n. বলবে বাণিজাজাহালদির নিষমাতিবিক্ত সময় অবন্থিতি করণেব জন্ম ভাড়া; গহিবর ভাড়া, An allowance for the delay of a vessel in port.

Demy, de-mi', n. [Fr. demi—L. dimidium, half—dis, through, and medius, the middle ] ম্যাগ্ভালিন বিদ্যালয়ের বৃত্তিভাগী ছাত্র. A scholar of
Magdalen College, Oxford:—কাগজ বিশেব, A
size of paper 22½ by 17½ inches.—a. Pertaining to or made of this size of paper.

Den, den, ন. গজর; শুহা; A cave :—শুন্তি; A place of concealment:—সহত পতায়তের সান; A haunt:—অপশন্ত উপত্যকা; A narrow valley:—নিক্ট বাসহান, A wretched dwelling place:—v.i. গল্পের বাস-কৃ; To dwell as in a den. Syn:—Cavern, cave; lair; valley, glen; resort, retreat, haunt.

Denarius, n. মুখা বিশেষ; An old Roman coin about 16 cents.

Denary, defiar-i, a. [ L. decen, ten ] পাম, The number ten:—a. দশসম্বিত, Containing ten.

Denationalise, de-nashun-al-iz, v. f. জাতীয় স্বভাৰ ৰা স্বন্থ হইতে বিচ্যুত বা ৰহিছত-কৃ; To deprive of national character or rights.

Denaturalise, de-natū-ral-iz, ৩. f. বিদেশে প্ৰ প্রধানাধিকার হইতে বিচ্যুত বা বিজ্ঞত-কু; To deprive of acquired citizenship in a foreign country.

Dendroid, dendroid, a. [Gr. dendron, a tree, and eidos, form ] 資本等籍; Having the form of a tree, resembling a tree in form.

Dendrology, den-drolo-ji, n. [Gr. dendron, and logos, a discourse] বৃক-বিজ্ঞান; পাৰণ-তম; l'he natural history of trees. Dengue, n. আ বিশেষ; A violent fever with rheumatism, epidemic in tropical countries. Deniable, de-nia-bl, a. আধাৰাৰ বোগা; অধীকৃতি-বোগা; That may be denied.

Denial, de-ni'al, n. अधीकांत्र ; व्यक्तिकां ; A refusal ; contradiction. Syn :—Contradiction, rejection, disowing, abjuration ; disclaimer, disayowal.

Denisen, deni-zn, n. পৌরজন; অধিবাসী; A dweller; an inhabitant:—পুরবাসাধিকার প্রাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; পৌরাধিকার প্রাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; A naturalised citizen:—
৩. t. পুরবাসাধিকার প্রদান-কু; To enfranchise:—
অধিবাসী বারা পূর্ব-কু; To provide with occupants:
—পৌরজন মধ্যে পশ্য-কু; To make a denizen of.
Syn:—(n) Dweller, inhabitant, resident.

Denominate, de-nomin-হা, v. t. [L. de, and nomino, to name] নাম-দে; আবা-দে; To designate; to give a name to. Syn:—Name, call, title, style, entitle, christen; designate, denote. Denomination, de-nom-in-āshun, n. নাম বা উপাধি বা আবা; A name or title:—এক আবাবারী ব্যক্তিবর্গ; সম্প্রদায়; A sect, class or division. Syn:—Name, appellation, designation, title, term; body, sect, class, school. [পারক; Sectarian. Denominational, de-nom-in-āshun-al-izm, n. সাম্প্রদায়িকতা; A class spirit or policy:—সম্প্রদায় বিশেষের বার্থের প্রতি অনুরক্তি, Devotion to the interest of a sect.

Denominative, de-nomin-Et-iv, a. আধাপ্রদ; উপাধিপ্রদ; নজোপ্রদ; Conferring a title:—নামধারী, Possessing a distinct appelation. ad=dinominatively.

Denominator, de-numin-at-or, n. আখা-খাতা; নাম-খাতা; One who or that which gives a name:—ভগ্নাদেশ হয়; Number below the line in vulgur fractions.

Denote, de-not, v. t. [L. de, intensive, and noto, to mark] চিহ্ন-দে; চিহ্নিত ক; To indicate by a mark; to signify by a visible sign:—নিৰ্দেশ-ক; To point out:—জাপন-ক; To signify, to mean. Syn:—Signify, betoken, show, designate, typify. n=denotion.

Denouement, de-noo'mong, or da-noo-mon, নাটকের বা উপজ্ঞানের শেষ আছ; The final scene in a play or in a plot of the novel:—পরিবাম; শেষ, The unravelling of a plot or story; issue:— ক্রম বিকাশ; Development.

Denounce, de-nowns, Denunciate, de-nuńshi-It, v. t. { L. de, and nuncio, to announce | জাপন-ড়; To announce:—বাফিক লক্ষ্ণ দাৱা ভব্ত্তবৰ্ণন-ড়; To threaten by some outward expression:—প্ৰকাজভাবে নিলা-ড়; প্ৰকাজে দোৱাবোগ-ড়; To abuse publicly; to censure or accuse publicly: —কোন ব্যক্তিকে কভাই বলিয়া নিৰ্দেশ-ড়; To point out as deserving of punishment. Syn:—Inform against, accuse, arraign; brand, stigmatize, censure, condemn, decry; proscribe; menace, threaten.

Denouncement, de-nownément, n. w 如何句: A notification of a threat. [ nunce. Denunciate, denuń-shist, v. f. 阿明-亨; To de-Denunciation, denun-shi-ź-shun, n. 朝明代 निमा ; Public accusation :—डीडि अपना ; A threat.

Denunciator, de-nunshi-इ-tor, त. विनाकाती; धन्यकाती; One who denounces.

Denunciatory, de-nuńshi-a-tor-i, a. विकार्क ;

Dense, dens, s. [ L. densus, thick ] विविष् ; वव . Close; compact; thick. Syn:—Close, condensed, compressed, solid, substantial, thick, heavy, opaque. ad=densely. n=denseness.

Density, densi-ti, n. प्रत्य ; Thickness:--प्रत्य ; হ্বত! ; The proportion of mass to bulk or volume.

Dent, dent, n. কটনতর পদার্থের চাপ বা আঘাত থারা কোনগতর পদার্থের উপর উৎপন্ন ছিন্ত; A small hollow made by the pressure or blow of a harder body on a softer:—v. t. ইক্সপে ছিন্ত উৎপাদন-কৃ; To make a dent by means of a blow.

Dental, dental, a. [L. dens, dentis, a tooth]
দল্পৰ্কীয়, Pertaining to the teeth:—সভ বারা
উচ্চায়িত; গভা; Pronounced by the teeth:—n. মন্তা
বৰ্ণ, A letter pronounced chiefly by the teeth.

Dentate, dentate, Dentated, dentat-ed, a

Denticle, deutikl, n. [L. dens, a tooth] Ty wy; A small tooth. a denticulate, n denticulation.

Denticulate, den-tiku-lat, a. কুল দত্ত বিশিষ্ট, Having small tooth. [form of a tooth. Dentiform, denti-form, a. দছাকার, Having the Dentifrice, denti-fris, n. [L. dens, a tooth, and frico, to rub] দছাশোধন চুৰ্গ; মাজন; Powder to cleanse the tooth.

Dentist, dentist, n. দ্ব-চিকিংসক, Operator on the tooth, one whose occupation is to cure diseases of the teeth, or to insert artificial teeth.

Dentistry, dentist-ri, n. দছ চিকিৎসা; The profession of a dentist.

Dentition, den-tishun, श. क्युनिर्गन ; क्युक्तिन ; क्युक्तिन , The cutting or growing of teeth.

Denudation, den-u-da'shun, n. আবরণপুত করণ .
জনবার্র বেলে শৈলের কর ; A making bare ; the wearing away of rocks by water and atmospheric action, whereby the underlying rocks are laid bare.

Denude, de-nud, v. t. { L. de, and nude, to make naked } বিষয়-কৃ; নমু-কৃ; উলম্ব-কৃ; To lay bare, to strip, to uncover. n=denudation.

Deny, de-ni', v. f. অধীকার-কু; অগ্রাহ্ম-কু; To gainsay; to reject; to disown. Syn:—Contradict, gainsay; abjure, disown, disayow, renounce; withhold, refuse to grant, reject.

Deny one's self— আত্মসংবদ-তৃ, ত্যাগ থীকার-তৃ; Practise self-denial, abstain from, go without. There's no denything—ভাহা অধীকার করিলে চলিবে বা।

Deobatruct, de-ob-struct, v. t. পাৰেৰ বাধা ছুৱী-ছুত-কু; To remove obstructions to passages, particularly passages of the body.

Deobstruent, de-ob-stru-ent, a. ataleague; Removing obstructions to passages, particularly passages of the body:—n. ataleague क्या विराम ;

A medicine, that removes obstructions to passages of the body.

Deodorise, de-o'dor-iz, v. t. প্রিমন্থ মুখ-মু; To Deoxidate, de-ok'si--dat, Deoxidase, de-ok'sidiz, v. t. বাডামন্থ ; To deprive of oxygen. n=deoxidation.

Depart, de-part, v i. [L. de, from, and partier, to part, to devide] অহান-ড়; চলিয়া-বা; To go away; to quit or leave: ইংলোক প্রিডাংক ফু মনিয়া বাওয়া; To die. Syn.—Quit, leave, decamp, retire, withdraw, remove, migrate, decease, die; disappear, vanish; deviate from, vary from.

Depart from পরিত্যাপ-কু, কোন রীতির অমুবর্ডন কমিয়া না চলা, Abandon:—বেলাপ-কু; Not to adhere to.

Department, de-partment, n বিভাগ, A part or portion:—বিক্লপিত কার্য্য; Appointed sphere or walk:—কার্য্য-বিস্থাগ, A branch of business.— প্রবেশ; A division of a country. a=departmental. Syn:—Part, portion, subdivision, section, sphere, province, district; office, station, function.

Departure, de-part'-ur, n. প্রান ; The act of departing :—মহারহান , মৃত্য , Death :—ব্যক্তিক , Deviation or abandonment. Syn :—Withdrawal, removal, exit ; abandonment ; decease, demise, death.

Dopasture, depastur, v. t. থাইলা কেলা; To eat up, to consume:—v. s. তুগ ভোওন-কু; To feed, to gaze.

Depauperate, de-paw'pér-āt, v. t. {L. de, and pauper, poor} ধন্বি-কু, To make poor:—জ্ব-নতা নত-কু; To depuive of feitility or richness.

Depend, de-pend, v. s. [L. de, from, and pendeo, hang] সম্মান থাকা, সংশ্লিপ্ত-থাকা; To hang from:—বিধাস-কু, নির্ভন্ন-কু; To rely; trust, confide. Syn.—Rest on, repose on, fean on, rely upon, build upon, trust in, count upon.

Depend on উপেছ-হ, Arise from: - নিভর ক; Rest on (implying connection as cause and effect).

Depend upon it-- निक्य स्नानित , Be sure.

Dependent or Dependent, de-pendant, dependent, a. লখ্যান, Hanging from:—আনিড, অধীন; Relying on, subject to the power of:— সূৰ্ব্যাচক, Conditional—n. প্ৰাপেক, ভূডা, A servent or retainer. ad=dependently. Syn:—(a) Subject, contingent, resting subordinate, (n) vassal, retainer, hanger on, minion, client.

Dependence, de-pendens, n লখ্যানতা; The act of hanging from .—প্রশান সম্ম; Connection —নিভরতা, বিযাস; অধীনতা, প্রাণীনতা; Reliance, trust, subjection to the direction or disposal of another:—আলম; That on which one depends. Syn —Connection, concatenation, rehance, trust, confidence, subordination, subjection; stay, staff, support.

Dependency, de-penden-si, n. আধীনতা; State of being dependent:—উপনিবেশ; Colony.

Dephlegmate, de-fleg'mat, v. t. অভিনিক্ত অব বা অণীয় ভাগ নষ্ট-কু; পরিকার-কু; To deprive of superabundant water to clear spirit or acids of acqueous matter; to rectify.

Depict, de-pikt, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and pingo, to paint ] চিত্ৰ-ছ; বৰ্ণনা-ছ; To paint; to describe. Syn:—Portray, paint, sketch, delineate; describe, set forth, picture, depicture.

Depilate, de-pilat, v. t. [L. de, off, and pilus, hair] কোন্ত্ৰ-ছ; To take off hair from.

Depilatory, de-pila-tor-i, a. কেশনাপৰ; Having the quality or power of removing hair:—n. কেশহাৰক বা নোননাপৰ উৰ্থ; An application for taking off hair.

Deplete, de-plet, v. f. [L. de, and plere, to fill] are called; To empty as the vessels of the human system by venesection. Syn:—Drain, evacuate, exhaust.

**Depletion,** de-plg'shun, n [ L. de, negative, and pleo, to fill ] শোণিত মোকণ, Bloodletting.

Deplorable, de-plor'a-bl, a ছ:বজনৰ; বেগজনৰ; বোটনীয়; Lamentable; calamitous; sad; grievous. Syn:—Wretched, sad, miserable, calamitous, grievous, lamentable, disastrous; pitiable, contemptible, despicable. n=deplorableness; ad=deplorably.

Deplore, de-plor', v. t. [ L de, intensive, and place, to weep ] পরিতাপ-ক; বিলাপ-ক, বেখ-ক; To tament; to mourn; to bewail. Syn:—Mourn, lament, bewail, bemoan; grieve for, sorrow ever. n=deploration, ad=deplorangly.

Deploy, de-ploy', v. f. উন্নীলিড-কু; বিভার-কু; To open out or extend:—v. i. শ্রেপীবদ্ধ হইবা বিশ্বত-হ; To open, to extend in line:—n. স্বভাৰার হইতে শ্রেপীর আকারে দৈক্ত-সমাবেশ; The expansion of a body of troops from a column into a line.

Deplumation, de-ploom-ashun, n. প্ৰেছ-পাৰ্টৰ; Act ot depluming .—মোগবিশেৰ; A tumour in the eyelids, with loss of hair.

Deplume, de-ploon, v. t. [L de, from, and pluma, a feather] প্ৰোপটিন-ড়, To take the plumes or feathers from .—প্ৰকাশ-ড়, To lay bare; to expose.

Depolarise, de-polariz, v. t. মেরপ্রাণ্ডা নই-কু;
To deprive of polarity, n=depolarisation.

Depone, de-pōh, v. t. [ L. de, down, and pone, to place ] সাক্ষা-দে; To depose :—v. i. শপৰপূৰ্কক সাক্ষ্য-দে; To testify under an oath.

Deponet, dc-pu'nent, a. কৰ্মবাচ্যের আকারবিণিষ্ট অধ্য কন্ত্রাচ্যের অধ্যকাশক; Having a passive form but laying down an active signification:— ল. এক্সপ ক্রিমাপদ; A deponent verb:—আনালতের সাকী; One who gives testimony in a court of justice.

Depopulate, de-pop'u-lât, v. t. { L. ds, intensive, and populor, to spread over a country } অন্ত-ত; উদ্ধান ; To unpeople; to lay waste; dispeople:—v. i. অন্ত-ত; To become dispeopled. n=depopulator.

Depopulation, de-pop-u-lashun, n. উদ্ধেদ : ধান ; Act of or state of being depopulated. Deport, de-port, v. t. { L. de, away, and porto, to carry ] শোধন কু ; নিৰ্বালিত-কু ; To transport ; to exile:—ব্যবহার-র আচরণ-র To demean; to behave. [banishment; transportation. Deportation, de-port-áshun, n. নির্বাসন; Exile; Deportment, de-portment, ন. ব্যবহার; আচরণ; Behaviour; conduct, carriage. Syn:—Demeanour, bearing, comportment, air, mien.

Deposable, de-ক্ষুৰ্a-bl, a. সিংহাসন্মূত করিবার উপযুক্ত , পদ্মূত কর্মীর ; That may be deposed. Deposal, de-pozal, n. frieinapile Deposition. Depose, de-pôz, v. t. [Fr. de, and posess, to place ] निःशाननगुरु-कृ; भेषगुरु-कृ; To dethrone ह to degrade :- नाका-त ; To aver upon oath :-v. i. माका-ति ; To testify. Syn :-- Dethrone, dismiss, degrade, break, cashier, oust, discrown, testify, declare, depone. [ (upon oath). Depose to- श्वक कतिहा नाकी (पदता; Testify to Deposit, de-pozit, v. t. [ L. de, down, and pono, to put or set ] क्षानिक ; To lay down ; to place; to put:--সঞ্য কবিয়া রাখা; জনা-জু; Te store:-- 罗罗-李; To commit to the custody of another, esp. to place in a bank as money to be drawn at will:-পচিত্ত রাখা; To intrust:-n. That which is laid or thrown down -- aile and রাখা টাকা; গদ্ভিত বস্তু, বন্ধক, That which is intrusted to another, as, money in bank; a pledge. n=depositor.

In deposit or On deposit—গছিত; In trust or safe keeping, in a state of pledge.

Depositary, de-pofi-tar-i, n. বাহান্ন নিকট কোন ত্ৰবা পচ্ছিত ৰাখা হন; অভিতাবক; ডকাববানক; One with whom any thing is entrusted; a guardian, a trustee.

Deposition, dep-o-zishun, n. অংশনিকেল; Precipitation; sediment:—একেহার; পণথপুর্কক নাকালার; Evidence given in a court of justice:—হানান্তর করণ; Removal — পলচুটিভ; The depriving of office or dignity — ভলানি; পলি; Sediment. Syn—Dethronement, dismission, displacement, removal; evidence, testimony, declaration, affidavit; precipitation.

Depository, de-pozi-tor-i, n. with severa; Place where any thing is deposited for safe custody.

Depot, de-po', n. ভাতার-গৃত ; সঞ্যাগার ; A store-house ; a military depository for the stores of an army ; ware-house :— সৈনিকগণের আভটা ; রেজ-পথের শেব সীমান্ত গৃহ ; The head quarters of a regiment ; a building for the reception of passengers at the termination of rail-road Sym — Warehouse, storehouse, depository, military station, railway station

Depravation, dep-ra-váshun, n কাডার, আইকা .
Depravity; profligacy:—আইকরণ; Vitiation.
Deprave, de-prav, v. f [L de, and pravus, crooked, bad] দ্বিত-তৃ; কর্বিত-তৃ, To vitiate, to corrupt. Syn:—Corrupt, vitiate, contaminate, pollute, impair, deteriorate, demoralize.
Depraved, de-pravd, a. এই; মুক্তির; Corrupt; abandoned. admedepravedly. n=depravedness.
Depravity, de-pravi-ti, n. কুক্তিরভা; ক্বাডার;

মুকা; Extreme wickedness; corruption. Syn:

-Deprayation, correption, vitiation, wicked-

ness, vice, contamination, degeneracy, villaing, immortality, baseness.

Deprecate, dep're-kat, v. f. [ L. de, away, and precor, to pray ] আগদ নিবারণার্থ প্রার্থনা-ত্ব ; To try to ward off by prayer; pray against, de—deprecatingly.

Deprecation, dep-re-káshun, n. আগদ নিবাৰণাৰ্থে প্ৰাৰ্থনা; অধুনায়; A praying against evil; a entreaty. [By way of seeking to avert. In deprecation of—নিবাৰণ করিবাৰ অভিহারে; Deprecative, dep're-kā-tiv, Deprecatory, dep're-kā-tor-i, a. প্রার্থনা আগদ-বিপদ্-প্রবণ; আগমিবারী; বিগরিবারক; Tending to avert evil.

Depreciate, de-pré'shi-মt, v. t. [L. de, down, and pretium, price] বুলা ছাল-ছ; নিলা-ছ; To underrate; to disparage:—v. i. বুলা কৰিয়া-বা; হীনবুলা-হ; To fall in value. Syn:—Decry, disparage, traduce, detract, underrate, undervalue, underestimate.

Depreciation, de-pre-shi-ashun, n. মুব্যের ছাস ; নিব্দা ; Disparagement ; decrease of value.

Depreciative, de-pre'shi-á-tiv, Depreciatory, a. de-pre'shi-a-tor-i, a. তথাপৰ্ক , ব্লা হান ক্ষণনিল; Under valuing; tending to depreciate. Depredate, dep're-dat, v. t. [ L. de, and prædur, prada, plunde: ] লুঠ ক; বুঠন ক; হন্দ-ক; বিল্পুণ্ড এহণ-ক; To rob; to punder, to pillage, to spoil. n=depredation.

Depredation, dep-re-dashun, n. ত্ৰ্ব ; Plunder; robbery. Syn:—Despoiling, spoliation, robbery, devastation.

Depredator, dep're-dā-tor, n. স্ঠৰ; পহা; অপ-হাৰক; A plunderer; a robber. a = depredatory Depredatory, dep're-dā-tor-i, a. স্ঠনাৰ্থক, Plundering; spoiling.

Depress, de-press, v. t. [L. de, down, and premo, to press] সংখ্যাল্য-ক, অবলতি ক; লত-ক; To dispirit; to humble; to cause to sink. Syn:—Sink, lower, abase, cast down, deject, degrade, dispirit, sadden, discourage. ad-depressingly.

Depression, de-preshun, n. বিষাদ ; উদাদ-ভল ; Dejection ; despondency:—অপকৃষ্টতা ; নীচতা-আহি ; Humiliation ; abasement :—টোল ; গলন ; A cavity or hollow. Syn :—Reduction, sinking, fall ; dejection, melancholy, gloominess, sadness ; indentation, dent, dint, dimple, pit ; lowness, dulness, inactivity ; couching.

Depressive, de-presiv, a. विशेषक्षक ; Tending to depress or cast down. n=depressor.

Deprivation, dep-ri-vashun, n. কৃতি; অপ্তর; Bereavement; a taking away; loss.

Deprive, de-priv, v. t. { L. de, from, privo, to deprive} ৰাক্ত-ত্ব; বিচ্যুত-ত্ব, To take from; to dispossess; to bereave. Syn:—Strip, bereave, rob, despoil, divest; withhold, withdraw, debar. Depth, depth, n. বতীৰতা; The measure of deepness down or in:—সমৃত্য; The sea:—মধ্যাতার; The middle:—বতীৰ হাল; A deep place:
—বতীৰতা; Profoundness, extent of sagacity and penetration:—বিশ্বাত; Abstruseness, obscurity. Syn:—Deepness, profundity; extent, measure; middle, central part; obscurity.

mystery; discernment, penetration, astuteness, sagacity. [depth. Depthless, depthless, a. আগতীয়; flaving no Depurate, dé-pur-at, v. t. [L. de, and purus, pure] দিৰ্ঘণ যা পৰিছায়-ভূ; To cleanse, to purify. n=depuration. a=depuratory.

Deputation, dep-u-táshun, n. প্রতিনিধি বরুপ প্রেরণ; Delegation:—প্রতিনিধিবর্গ; The persons deputed. Syn:—Delegation, commission; deputies, delegates.

Depute, de-put, v. t. নিবোগ-ফু; প্রতিনিধি বলগ প্রেন্থ-ফু; To send with a special commission; to delegate. Syn:—Commission, delegate, authorize, empower, charge, accredit.

Deputy, dep'u-ti, n. প্রতিনিথি; A substitute, an agent, a delegate; representative, ambassador. Derange, de-ranj, v. t. বিশ্বান ক; উদ্যান ক; ব্যান বাংশ-ক; To confuse, to discompose; to disorder the intellect of. Syn:—Disorder, disarrange, displace, unsettle, disturb, confuse, discompose, ruffle, disconcert, confound; madden.

Derangement, n. বিশ্বনতা; Disorder: —উন্নত্তা, Insanity; mania. Syn: —Disarrangement, confusion, irregularity, disturbance; lunacy, madness, delirium, mania, insanity.

Derelict, der'e-likt, a. [ L. de, and linquo, to leave ] পরিত্যক্ত ; Abandoned :---n. পরিত্যক্ত বিবর বা বস্তু ; Any thing forsaken or abandoned.

Descrition, দ. বৰ্জন; পরিত্যাগ; বিধানখাভকতা; Descrition; abandonment. Syn:—Abandonment, relinquishment; faithlessness, neglect.

Deride, v. t. de-rid, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and rideo, to laugh ] বিজ্ঞান হ; উপহাস-ছ; To laugh at; to mock; taunt. n=derider; ad=deriding-ly. Syn:—Ridicule, mock, taunt, insult, scorn, laugh at, jeer, sneer at, flout, gibc.

Derider, n. विजननाडी ; One who derides.

Derision, de-rizhun, n. বিজ্ঞা; পরিহান; Contempt; mockery:—উপহাসাপন; An object of contempt; a laughing stock. Syn:—Scorn, mockery, insult, ridicule, disrespect, laughter.

Derisive, de-risiv, Derisorp, a. Gristana;

anage of Mocking; ridiculing ad-derisively.

Derivable, de-riva-bl, a. উৎপাদৰীয়; অসুযাৰ-যোগা; অধ্যেয়; Capable of being derived; inforrible. ad = derivably.

Derivation, der-i-vashun, n. পদেৰ বাংপতি নিৰ্ণন্ধ;
The tracing of a word to its original root:
ডংগতি; The act of drawing or receiving from a source:—অনুষ্ঠিত বিষয়; Act of procuring an effect for a cause. Syn:—Origin, source, descent, geneology; etymology.

Derivative, de-riva-tiv, a. বাংপতি-সিদ্ধ; অৱধান; গৌপ; Not radical or original; secondary:—ম. অন্ত হইতে গৃহীত বিষয়; Any thing obtained or deduced from another:—শকান্তনোংগয় শক; বৌদিক পদ; A word formed from another word. adaderivatively.

Derive, de-riv, v. t. [ L. de, down from, rivus, river or stream ] লভয়; To draw from, as water:—বাহিন্ত; Take or receive from a source or origin:—বন্ধান-ড়; Infer:—ব্যংগতি

লিপ্য-ছ; To trace a word to its root:—v.i. উংপায়-ছ; অধুমতি-ছ; To flow, proceed; be deduced. Syn:—Receive, obtain, get; trace, deduce, infer.

Derive from—কোন কিছুর দলণ হওল বা পাওবা , Obtain from (as from a source) :—উৎপত্তি হওৱা ; Come from, as from a root.

Dorm, derm, n. 54; The true skin.

Dermal, dermal, a. চৰ স্থানীয়; Pertaining to the skin.

Dermatology, dér-ma-tolo-ji, n. [ Gr derma, and logos, a discourse ] চৰ্মাৰজ্ঞান; চৰ্মাত্য; A treatise on skin.

Dermer, der'm-ar, a. শেষ ; চ্ডান্ত ; Last ; final. Derogate, der'o-gat, v. 1. [L. de, from, rogo, to propose a low] ছাস-ক ; অপ্যশ-ক ; ছুৰ্নাম-ক ; To detract from , to disparage —v. 2. To detract :— a Diminished in value.

Derogation, der-o-gáshun, n অপবাদ; নিশা, Disparagement, depreciation.

Berogatory, de-rog'a-tor-1, a. খণাপৰ্কৰ, কতি-কাৰৰ, অপমানজনৰ; Detracting; injurious. ad= derogatorily. n=derogatoriness Syn:—Detracting, disparaging, depreciate; injurious.

Derogatory to (a disparagement to)— মানহানিকর, লমুকাবক, Calculated to lesson the value or dignity of.

Dervis, dervis, Devise, Dervish, dervish, or. ম্বৰেশ; A Turkish or Persian monk.

Descant, deskant, n [ L. dis, apart, and cantus, a song,-canto, to sing ] ATT; A variation of an air:- नमारनाहना; A discourse; a comment .-v. 1. 414-4, To sing a variation :-বিচার-কু; সমালোচনা-কু, To discourse under several heads; to comment. Syn :- Discourse, animadvert, dilate, amplify, expatiate, enlarge. Descend, de send, v. t. [ L de. down, scando, to climb ] व्यापाशमन-कृ, अरात्राह्श-कृ, To go downwards, to come down — आवया-कृ, To fall upon or invade :-- অন্ত ইইতে প্রাপ্ত-ই , To proceed from father to son; to be derived from :- To pass from the more general to the particular :v. t. অংশাসম্-ৰু , অবভবণ-কু ; To go down upon or along; to pass from the top to the bottom of. Syn:-Sing, fall, come down, plunge, drop, swoop, dismount, alight, be derived, proceed, be transferred.

Be descended from—কোন ব্যক্তি বা বংশ হইতে উল্লুড়; Come of. [ offspring Descendant, de-sendant, n. সন্থান সম্ভাতি, An Descendent, de-sendent, a. অবর্ণনীল; নিম্নামী; বংশ্যর, Descending or falling; proceeding from an ancestor.

Descendible, de-sendi-bl, a নিমগামী, অবয়োহণীয়, That may descend or be descended.

Descension, de-senshun, n. গড়ন; অধোগমন, A falling or sinking; descent. a=descensional Descent, de-sent, n. অববোহণ; The act of descending:—নিয়প্তা, Inclination downwards:—নিয়াভিমুখে গড়ি, অবোগত; Progress downwards:
—আহৰণ; A falling upon or invasion:—উত্তনাধিকানিকাম অবোগমন; Transmission by succes-

sion or inheritance :— ব্যংগতন; Fall from a higher to a lower station :— পূৰ্বপূৰৰ হুইতে উৎ-পত্তি; A proceeding from an original or progenitor :— ব্যায় উৎপত্তি; Birth; origin :— ব্যায় : A generation :— সম্বান সম্বতি; Offspring; issue:— বিশাপান, A rank in the scale of subordinates:— সম্বানিৰ স্থান; Lowest place. Syn:—Declivity, slope, incline, devenity; degradation, abasement; attack, assault, invasion; transmission, lineage, extraction.

[ of being described.

Describable, de-skriba-bl, a. বৰ্ণনীয়; Capable Describe, de-skrib, v. t. [L. de, down, scribo, to write] আছিত হু; To delineate; to trace out:—বৰ্ণনা-ফু; To give an account of; to make known. Syn:—Delineate, trace, mark out; relate, recount, narrate, depict, portray; illustrate, picture; define, specify.

Description, de-skrip shun, n. প্ৰা ; A sketch of any thing in words; representation :— শ্ৰেণী; আভি ; Class to which a representation applies. Syn.—Tracing, delineation, representation, account, relation, detail, narrative, narration, explanation; cast, turn, sort, kind.

Descriptive, de-skrip'tiv, a. বিবরণ সম্বিত ; বর্ণনাপুর্ব , Tending to describe or represent. adm descriptively, n=descriptiveness.

Descry, de-skri, v. t. দূর হইতে দৃষ্টি-ক ; দর্শন-ক ; To espy, to spy out at a distance. Syn —See, behold, distinguish, mark, observe, view ; detect, recognize, spy out, discover, discern.

Desecrate, dese-krāt, v t. [ L. de, away from, and sacro, to make sacred ] অপৰিৱ-ছ; To profane. Syn —Unconsecrate, secularize, profane, prostitute, pollute, pervert.

Desecration, des-e-krashun, n. অপবিত্র কর্ণ; Profanation.

Desert, de-zert, n. সরস্থা; A wilderness; a solitude, a desolate or barren place:—পুরস্থার; লাগি, Reward; merit or demerit ——n.t. ত্যাস্ক; To leave; to forsake:—v.s. প্রায়ন-কৃ, To quit a service without permission, run away:—a. প্রিত্যক্ত, Forsaken:— অ্বর্থা; Barren.
Deserter, de-zerter, n. প্রায়নক্ষ্মী; প্রাতক;

One who quits service without permission. Syn.—Traitor, renegade, run away, fugitive, apostate. [state of being deserted. Desertion, de-zer'shun, n. প্ৰিত্যাপা; Act or Deserve, de-zer'v, v. t. [L. de, inten-ive, and servic, to serve] প্ৰাত-হ; পৰ্জান-হু, To earn by service:—প্ৰমানেয় উপায়ক-হু; বোগ্য-হু; To be worthy of reward:—n. বোগাতা; Desert. Syn:—

Merit, earn, win, gain, procure.

Deservedly, de-zerved-h, ad. ভারন্তেশ, Justly; in a deserving manner. [deservingly.

Deserving, de-zerving, a. উপযুক্ত, Worthy. ad=

Deserving (or worthy) of—cert বিষয়ের বোগা; Fut fix; such as can be expected from.

Deshabille, des-a-bil, n. [L. dis=un, not and habiller, to dress] শিখিলবল্প; A loose dress.

Desiceant, de-sikant, Desiceative, de-sikativ, a. उद्देश्व, Having the power of drying:—

n. पा-तक्षांतक ज्ञान ; An application that tends to dry up sores.

Designate, de-sikāt, v. t. [L. de, and siccus, dry] %=-¥; To dry up:—s. i. %=-₹; To grow dry; to become dry. n=desiccation.

Desiderate, de-sider-at, v. t. वर्षा-इ : रेखा-इ : To want, to desire. Syn :—Miss, need, require, long for.

Desideratum, de-şid-ér-átum, n. অভিশয় বাছ-নীয় বয়; অভাব; Something much wanted; a want generally acknowleged. pl=desiderata.

Design, de-sin or de-zin, v. t. [L. de, and signum, a mark] নহা-ক; আছিড-ক; To draw; to form a plan of:—অভিসন্ধি-ক; To contrive:—
ব্যক্ত ক; অভিযান-ক; To intend or purpose:—
হ. t. নবহু-ক; To intend:—n. ননা; A drawing or sketch; a plan or outline:—অভিসন্ধি; Plot; scheme:—অভিসন্ধি; Aim; purpose; con. revance. a: designable. Syn:—(v) Sketch, delireate, draw, plan, propose, project, prepare, devise; intend, mean, have in view. (n) Sketch, outline, drawing, delineation, plan, model, pattern; invention, conception, scheme, project; intention, purpose, proposal, purport, meaning, scope, drift, object.

Art of design—নলা; Drawing. [school. School of design—নলা বিদ্যালয়; Drawing Designate, designat, v t. প্রকাশ-ক; নাম-ক, বর্গন-ক; To show; to name; to describe. দ্প্র designator Syn:—Name, nominate, style, term, entitle, specify, denote; appoint, assign.

Designation, des-ig-nashun, n. নিৰ্দেশ ; প্ৰদৰ্শন ; A showing or pointing out :—নাম ; সংজ্ঞা ; উপাধি , অৰ্থ ; A name ; title ; signification.

Designatory, des-ig-na-tor-i, a. প্ৰকাশক; জাপক, প্ৰদৰ্শক; Employed to designate.

Dosignedly, de-sined-li, ad. ইছাপুৰ্বাৰ ; জাৰত: ; অভিসন্ধিপুৰ্বাৰ ; Intentionally : purposely.

Designer, de-siner, n. ৰন্নাৰারী; One who marks out or plans:—অভিসন্ধিৰারী; A schemer; a plotter.

Designing, de-sining, a. চতুর, অভারক; Scheming; intriguing, artful; decentful:—n. ন্যা
অন্তত করিবার কৌশল বা বিলা।. The art or practice of making designs or patterns.

Desirable, de-zir'a-bi, a. আন্সন্ধনক; বনোরম; সভোষনক; Pleasing; agreeable; delightful. ad=desirable, n=desirableness. Syn:—Enviable, covetable; eligible, preferable, pleasing. Desire, de-zir', v. t. ইছা-ক; বার্লা-ক; To wish for, to long for; to solicit; to hanker after;—পার্থনা-ক; Ask:—n. ইছা; A longing for; eagerness to obtain or enjoy:—বাহ্তিব বস্তু: Object of longing. Syn:—(v) Wish, crave, covert, hanker after, yearn over; fancy, want; request, ask, solicit, entreat. (n) Wish, request, petition; aspiration, longing.

Desirous, de-zu'us, s. ইফুক; অভিনাৰী; ব্যাপ্ত; Eager; full of desire; anxious to obtain.

Desist, de-sist, v. i. [ L. de, away, sisto, to cause to stand ] fage &; To cease from ;

to stop to forbear. Syn:—Forbear, stop, discontinue, leave off, give over, break off.

Deak, desk, n. (en: Waiting or reading table:

Desk, desk, n. ভেদ্ধ: Waiting or reading table:

—বেণী Pulpit:—বাজকের ব্যবসা; Clerical profession.

Desolate, deśo-lat, v f. [ L. de, intensive, and solo, to make alone ] জনপুত-ড়; বিনাই-ড়; To lay waste; to depopulate; to destroy:—a. জনপুত ' Solitary; without inhabitants:—ফুক্তিড়; Afflicted:—বিনালিড, Destroyed. Syn —(v) Ravage, spoil, devastate, destroy, despoil, depopulate. (a) Desert, waste, uninhabited; barren, wild, dreary; ruined, devastated, solitary, companionless; comfortless, cheerless, forlorn, wretched. Desolation, des-o-lashun, n. কেনোডেড্ড ; উডেড্ড ; বিনাল; Waste; devastation:—লোড; বিনাল; Gloom; sadness. Syn:—Ruin, destruction, havoc, devastation; sadness, melancholy, gloom, gloominess.

Despair, de-spar, v. i. [L. de, privative, and spero, to hope ] হডাখ-ছ; মিরাখ-ছ; To be without hope; to despond:—n. বৈরাজ; Want of hope; utter hopelessness; despondency; anything hopeless. Syn:—(v) Lose hope, despond.
(n) Despondency, hopelessness, mental gloom, dejection, desperation. ad—despairingly.

Despair of—নিরাশ হওয়া, আশা ভ্যাপ-কু; Give up all hope of.

Despatch, de-spach, v. f. খনাৰ প্ৰেণ-কৃ; To send away hastily; to expedite:—খণ-কৃ; To put to death:—নিপান্তি-কৃ; To conclude an affair; to dispose of —স্তব সম্পাদন-কৃ; To execute speedily:—v. i. খনাবিখ-কৃ; To make haste:—n. খনাব (প্ৰবণ; খনাব ফার্বা) নির্মাণ্ড; A sending away in haste; rapid execution:—
সংবাদ; An express; a hasty message:—খণ্ড-বৃদ্ধান্ত; Diligence. Syn:—(v) Dismiss, hurry, urge on, expede, accelerate, hasten, speed on; perform, conclude, finish; slay, kill.

Despatch boat—সংবাদবাহিনী অৱশী; A vessel carrying despatches.

Desperado, des-pér-ádo, n. জোখোৰত বাকি; উন্ত ব্যক্তি; অধিন্ব্যকাৰী, One reckless of danger; a mad man; a desperate fellow. pl=desperadoes.

Desperate, de'pér-at, a. আপাণুক্ত ; হতাপ ; উপায়-ছীম ; Hopeless ; beyond hope :—নিতাক ; উমন্ত ; কিন্তু ; Rash ; furious ; mad .—নৈবাক্তনিত ; Proceeding from despair. n=desperateness. Syn : —Hopeless, irretrievable, irrecoverable, irremediable, despairing, desponding, forlorn ; rash, headlong, violent, furious. ad=desperately, n=desperateness.

Desperation, des-per-ashun, n. বিপদকে ছুচ্ছ জান: বিপদে ভয়শূককা; নৈবাল; Disregard of danger; hopelessness; despair; fury.

Despicable, despi-ka-bl, a. १११; बीठ; वर्ष ; १९७ ... Contemptible; mean; vile. Sym:... Shameful, contemptible, mean, vile, worthless, pitiful, paltry, sordid, low, base, degrading. n=despicableness. ad=despicably.

Despise, de-spiź, v. t. [L. de, down, and specio.

Despite, de-spit, n. বেষ. খুণা; বিৰেষ; খোগ; Malice; anger; malignity; hatred:—খবজা, Defiance:—prep. সংঘণ্ড; In spite of; notwithstanding:—v. t. বিষয়-কু; To offend, tease.

Despiteful, de-spitfool, a. (को ; निर्का ; Full of spite or hate; malignant. ad=despitefully, madespitefulness.

Despoil, de-spoil, v. t. অপহৰ-ক; বিভিড-ক; বিচ্ছিত-ক; To rob; to deprive; to strip; to bereave. Syn:—Deprive, rob, bereave, rifle, plunder, fleece; strip, divest, denude, dispossess. n=despoiler, despoliation.

Despond, de-spond, v. t. [L. de, away, and spondeo, to promise] শিরাশ-হ; হতাশ-হত্তরা
To despair; to be cast down. ad=Despondently, despondingly. Syn:—Lose hope, despair, lose courage, be disheartened, sorrow, mourn.

Despondence, de-spondens, Despondency, de-sponden-si, ন বৈষ্ঠ ; হঙালা ; Dejection , hopelessness ; despair.

Despondent, de-spondent, a. হতাশ; নিরাণ . বিবঃ; Despairing; dejected; sad. ad=despondently

Despot, despot, n. বেছাচারী রাজা; বেছাচারী শাস্বকর্তা; An absolute sovereign; a tyrant. Syn;—Tyrant, oppressor, autocrat, dictator.

Despotio, des-potisk, Despotical, des-potiskal, a. বেছাচাৰী; ব্ৰেছাচাৰী; Absolute; tyrannical; arbitrary. Syn:—Arbitrary, autocratic, irresponsible, absolute, imperious, tyrannical. ad—despotically.

Despotism, despot-izm, n. বেছাচাৰিডা; বৰেছাচাৰিডা; অভ্যাচাৰ; Absolute power; tyranny. Syn:—Autocracy, arbitrary rule, absolutism; tyranny, oppression.

Despumate, despumat, v. s. ( L. de, off, and spuma, foam ) কেনা উঠে; বাদ উঠা; To throw off in foam or scum; to froth. n = despumation.

Despumation, n. বেনা নিকেশ; Act of throwing off scum; clarification.

Desquamation, des-kwa-máshun, n. [ L. de, off, and squama, a scale ] ছাল উঠা; কাইনের জাকাতে চৰ্ম উঠা; The separation of the cuticle or skin in scales, exfoliation.

Dessert, dez-ért, n. [Fr. des, away, and servir, to serve] ভোজের পর কল ভক্ষ; Fruits served after dinner.

Destemper, des-temper, Distemper, distemper, n. চিত্ৰপালী, Method of painting.

Destination, des-ti-náshun, n. উদ্যেশ ; বৃদ্ধা ,
সংশ্ব : Ultimate design ; end ; purpose :— বৃদ্ধা
দ্বান ; Place of journey :— অনুষ্ঠ ; Fate. Syn :—
Appointment, design, intention, ordination,
decree, doom, lot, fate ; purpose, object, aim ;
goal, landing place, resting place.

Destine, destin, v.t. নিষোপ কু; নিষোজিত কু; To ordain; to appoint to a certain cause or state:-শ্বাঞা অধ্যন-কু, স্থিত-কু; To doom, to sentence.

Sys:—Appoint, design, mark out; allot, assign, intend, purpose, devete, consecrate, doom, decree, ordain.

Destinist, n. जब्देवांची ; A fatalist.

Destiny, desti-ni, n. অষ্ট ; ভাগ্য ; আৰ্ডভাবিছা ; Unavoidable fate ; necessity ; doom ; end ; lot. Syn:—Destination, lot, fortune, fate, necessity, divine, decree.

Destitute, desti-tūt, a. [ L. de, away, and statuo, to place ] विवरिष्ठ ; अवारी ; दृश्ये ; वक्ष्येत ; In want; needy; poor; friendless. Syn:—Lacking, deficient in, unprovided with, wanting, needy, poor, indigent, moneyless, reduced, distressed.

Destitute of—বে কোন জন্য থাকা আব্দুক বা বে ভা কাহাৰত নিকট আলা কৰা বাইতে পাৰে ভাহাৰ অনুভাব; Not having (that which is necessary on that which might naturally) be expected to belong to a person. [Deprivation; poverty. Destitution, des-ti-tū'shun, n. বাবিজ্ঞা, অভাব, Destroy, de-stroy', v. t. [L. de, down, and struo, to build] ধ্বংস-কৃ, নই-কৃ, To demolish, to annihilate, to bring to naught:—ভগ্ন-কৃ, Take away:—বৰ কৰা; শেষ কৰিবা কেনা; To kill, to put an end to. Syn:—Demolish, lay waste, consume, raze, dismantle, ruin, throw down, overthrow, subvert, desolate, devastate, deface, exterpate, extinguish, kill.

Destroyer, de-stroy'er, n. ধাংসকারী; বিনাশক, One who destroys.

Destructible, de-strukti-bl, a. ধ্বংসনীয় , লাখ-শীল ; ধ্বংসশীল ; Liable to be destroyed , perishable. n=destructibility.

Destruction, de-strukshun, n. বিৰাশ; ধান; মৃত্যু; Overthrow; ruin; death. Syn:—Demolition, subversion, overthrow, downfall, eradication, extirpation, extinction; desolation, devastation, ravage, death, slaughter; shipwreck, havoc, ruin.

Destructive, de-struktiv, a. প্রাণকাশক; বিধানী, নাজাভিক; Causing obstruction; mortal; deadly, fatal:—n. ধানকারী; One who destroys; a radical reformer. ad=destructively, n=destructiveness. Syn:—(a) Mortal, deadly, lethal; fatal, ruinous, pernicious, detrimental, hurtful, baneful, noxious.

Desudation, des-Udáshun, n. [L. de, intensive, and sudo, to sweet] বহন পৰিবাৰে কৰ্ম নিৰ্গন; Profuse sweating.

Desuetude, deśwe-tūd, n. [ L. de, negative, and sueseo, to become used ] অব্যবহাৰ; অপ্রচলন; Dissuse; discontinuance of habit.

Desultory, deful-tor-i, a. (L de, from and salie, to jump) অনির্মিত; অন্থির; চক্লম্মা, এলো মেলো: নিমিল, ক্রত, Unconnected; rambling; loose; haste. n=desultoriness. ad=desultorily. Syn:—Rambling, roving, erratic; discursive, immethodical; inconstant, unsettled, cursory, slight, hasty, loose, inexact; fitful.

Detach, de-tach, v. t. পৃথক্-কু; বিভিন্ন-কু; অপপ্ত-কু; To sever; to disjoin; to separate for a special object; to withdraw. Syn:—Disengage. sevet, disjoin, disunite, separate, disconnect; detail, withdraw, draw off.

Detsohment, de-tachment, #. गुपक् कदा ; Act or state of being detached :- त्रिकान ; Thing detached, esp. a body of troops from the main body.

Detail, de-tal, v. t. [Fr de, and tailler, to cut ] अविरामय वर्गमा-इ ; श्याक्रश्य वर्गन-इ ; To particularise; to relate minutely and distinctly:-विलंब कार्या निर्वात-कः विलंब कार्याय क्रक माना-बीक-इ ; To appoint for a particular purpose ; to select for a particular service :-- n. अंडि क्य चर्च ; क्षान ; A minute portion ; a particularused chiefly in the plural :- अविद्या वर्गमा ; A minute and particular account. Syn:-(v) Particularize, individualize, recount, enumerate, specify; detach, send away; tell off for service. (n) account, relation, narration, description, enumeration, recital; (pl) parts, particulars.

Detain, de-tan, v. f. [ L. de, from, and teneo, to hold ] আটক করিরা রাখা; To keep back or from : to withhold :-- वाहर व मा (मध्या ; विवड-कृ ; वादा (पढदा ; To stop ; to hinder :--कावाक्य-क ; To hold in custody; arrest. n=detainer. Syn-Retain, arrest, confine, hold, stop, stay; check, retard, delay, hinder, restrain.

Detainer, de-taher, n. व बाक्त बहिया बार्य ; One [ taining. who detains. Detainment, de-tan-ment, आहेक ; Act of de-Detect, de-tekt, v. t. [ L. de, negative, and tego, tectus, to cover ] शृष्ठ-कृ ; अकान-कृ ; वाहिश-

F; To seize; to expose. n=Detection. Detectable, de-tekt'abl, a. প্রকাশ করিবার বা ধরিছা কেলিবার বোগ্য: That may be detected.

Detective, de-tekt'iv, a. অপরাধী বৃত করণে চতুর ; खरी विवत अवान कदान निर्माणिक ; Tending to detect, skilled in detecting; employed in detecting :-- 1.. सकां जनवारी वृत्त करार निवृक्त पूर्णित्यव कर्महोदी A police man, whose business is to detect offenders.

Detector, de-tekter, Detecter, de-teker, z. अवागकाती, वृज्काती; One who detects.

Detention. de-tenshun, n. with; watsit; The state of being detained; confinement:-वांश ; विनव ; Restraint ; delay. Syn :- Withholding; restraint; delay, hinderance.

Deter, de-ter', v. t. [ L. de, from, and terreo, to frighten ] बाधा-(म ; निवातन-कृ ; छश्चारमाह-कृ ; To hinder or prevent; to discourse, n=determent. Syn:—Restrain, hinder, prevent, debar; prohibit.

Deter ( or prevent ) from—वितय-कृ ; वापा-त्य ; Keep one back from ( doing anything ).

Deterge, de-terf, v. t. [ L. de, off, and tergeo, to wipe ] अनिहेक्व अवा भूत कतिया शतिकात-ह ; To cleanse from, or purge away all offending

Detergent, de-térjent, Detersive, de-tér'siv. a. পরিছারক; Cleansive; purging:—n. পরিছারক; That which cleanses.

impair ; to make worse :- v. i. www. : To grow worse; to decline in value. Syn :-- Impair. injure ; lower ; deprave, corrupt, vitiate; \*degenerate.

Deterioration, de-te-ri-o-rashun, n. angtoi ; A becoming or growing worse.

Determinable, de-termin-a-bl, a. विकास ; ছিরভা বা নিশান্তিবোগ্য: Capable of being decidded or finished.

Determinate, de-ter'min-At. a. निर्दातिक ; चित्री-কুড , Limited ; fixed :—চূড়াৰ ; কুতনিকর ; নিকুর ; Decisive; conclusive; positive: - 4541648; Resolute Syn :- Fixed, established, positive, specific, definite, determined, decided, explicit, express, absolute; decisive, conclusive, definitive. ad=determinately.

Determination, de-ter-min-áshun, n. প্রতিজ্ঞা; সম্ম ; Resolution :-- মীমাংসা ; নিপত্তি; Judicial decision :—শেব ; Termination; expiration :- 46 , Direction to a certain end : —অভিযার ; Purpose :— দৃঢ়ভা ; Firmnes. Syn : -Decision, judgment, conclusion; purpose, resolve, resolution; firmness, resolutness, steadfastness; direction, tendency; end, termination, ceasing.

Determinative, de-termin-a-tiv, a. facta4-नपर्व , निकाबी ; Having the power of determining; conclusive.

Determine, de-termin, v. t. [ L. de, and terminus, a boundary ] नीया निर्द्धण-कु; To fix the boundaries off; mark off and separate:-সীমাবন্ধ-ক ; To set bounds to ; to limit :-- নিশিত-ন্ধাৰণ-কু; নিৰ্দাৰণ-কু; Ascertain definitely:-নিপাত্তি-ক ; To decide :--মনস্থ-কু ; সম্প্র-কু ; To resolve on :--সমাধা-ক ; শেব-ক ; To bring to a conclusion; to put an end to :- v. i. निणाब-इ; To come to decision :-- মনৰ্-ৰু; To resolve :--मीमारमा-क ; Settle :-- नर्धन-क ; Shape. Syn :--Limit, bound; finish, conclude, settle, regulate, adjust; ascertain, find out, verify, certify; lead, influence, induce, terminate, end, conclude, decide, resolve.

Determined. de-ter'mind, a. पृत्काजिक ; निर्दा-রিত ; Resolute ; fixed. ad=determinedly.

Deterrent, de-ter'ent, a. निरादगकाती ; निरुक्काती ; Having the power or tendency to detain n= নিবারক; প্রতিরোধক; That which deters or [ act of cleansing. prevents.

Detersion, de-ter'shun, n. পরিকার করণ; The Detest, de-test, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and testor, to call to witness, execrate ] ज्या-कृ ; To hate intensely; to abhor; to abominate. Syn: -Hate, abominate, execrate, loathe, abhor, manscate.

Detestable, de-testa-bl, a. মুণিত , মুণা ; সহিত ; Ambominable; extremely hateful. x=detestableness, ad-detestably. Syn :- Abominable, odious, execrable, abhorred, hateful, loathsome; shocking, disgusting.

Detestation, de-test-ashun, n. 191; Extreme hatred; abhorrence; dislike; abomination. Deteriorate, de-te'ri-o-rut, v. t. वर्षके-इ ; To | Detarone, de-throh, v. t. वि:होनवहाय-इ ; बाबा- 518-7; To depose uncrown; to drive from the throne.

Dethronement, de-thronment, m. निर्दानव-

চাভি ; রাষ্ট্রাভি ; Deposition.

Detonate, deto-nat, v. i. [L. de, down, and tono, to thunder] ভয়ত্ব শব্দু পূৰ্বক কাটিয়া বাৰৱা;
To explode; to make a noise like thunder:
v. t. নশব্দু কটি হিয়া কেবা; To cause to explode.
Detonation, ম. আক্সিক ভয়ত্ব শব্দ; A sudden

Detour, de-toor, n. वक्त शर्व ; वक्त श्वम ; A wind-

ing; a circuitous route; a circuitous way.

Detract, de-trakt, v. t. [ L. ds, from, and fraho, to draw ] নিলা-ক; মুনাম-ক; মুগাম-ক; To
defame; to abuse; to disparage; to traduce.

Syn:—Decry, disparage, depreciate, asperse,
defame, traduce. n=detracter, detractor. ad=
detractingly.

Detract from—७१ वा बाडि इान-इ: क्यांव: Take away from, diminish (generally, the re-

putation of another ).

Detraction, de-trakshun, n. নিশা; অপবাদ ; অপ-ৰূপ : Depreciation ; slander ; censure.

Detractive, de-tractiv, Detractory, de-traktor, a. অব্যাভিত্তন ; Tending to detract, derogatory.

Detractor, n. निमानावी ; A slanderer.

Detrain, de-tran, v t. বেলগাড়ি হইতে বাহির-ফু; To take out of railway train.

Detriment, det-ri-ment, n. [ L. de, off, and tero, tritus, rob ] জতি; অহবিখা; Damage; loss; injury; disadvantage. Syn:—Injury, damage, disadvantage, prejudice, hurt, mischief, harm, loss.

Detrimental, det-ri-mental, a. হানিখনক; আনিট্ট-অনক; অভিজনক; Injurious; huitful. Syn:— Injurious, hurtful, mischievous, permicious, harmful, destructive, prejudicial.

Detrimental (or prejudical) to—(কাহারত ইট, চবিনা, খাছা কিংবা জাবন সম্বন্ধে) জানিগুলনক; Injurious to one's interest, character, health or life. [off or away.

Detrition, de-trishun, n. বৰ্ণ ; কয় ; A wearing Detritus, de-trifus, n. [ L. de, off, and tero, tritus, to rub] জন সংঘ্ৰে কমনাত পাৰ্থিৰ বস্তু ; What is rubbed away ; earthly substance worn away by action of water.

Detrude, de-trood, v.t. [L. de, down, and trudo, to thrust] স্বলে বিয়ে বিকেপ ক; To thrust down; to push down with force.

Detruncate, de-trung'kat, v. t. [L. de, off, and trunco, to lop] 本名中本, CEID-本; To lob off; to shorten. n=Detrucation (本名中, Beheading; amputation, abridgment).

Detrusion, n. निष्य निष्मण ; Thrusting or forcing down.

Deuce, dus, n. [Fr. deuz, two—L. duo, two]
ভানেৰ ছবি: পাশাৰ পোৱা; Two; a card or die
with two spots:—ভূড; পিলাচ, শ্রতান; An evil
spirit; the devil. [mous.
Deuced, a. পানবীষ; Devilish:—শ্বিফ; EnorDeuterogamist, du-ter-og'a-mist, n. বে শুক্র

হিজীয়বাৰ বিবাহ কৰে; One who marries a second time.

Deuterogamy, du-ter-og'a-mi, n. [Gr. deuteres, second. and games, marriage] এখন নাম বুড়াৰ পৰ বিভীয়বাৰ বিবাহ; A second marriage after the death of first husband or wife.

Deuteronomy, du-ter-ono-mi, त. वृद्धेत आही व वर्षनायाव विषय अवात ; The fifth book of the Bible.

Devastate, devas-tat, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and vaste, to lay waste ] পুঠন-তৃ; খানে-ড়; উলিছড়; To plunder; to lay waste; to ravage.
Syn:—Waste, ravage, destroy, plunder, pillage, despoil sack.

Devastation, dev-as-tashun, n. 報河; 育城河; 卷花城河; Desolution; waste; destruction. Syn:
—Desolation, ravage, waste, havoc, destruction, ruin, spoliation.

Develop, de-velop, v. t. বিকাশ-কু; প্রকাশ-কু; To unfold; to lay open; to disclose:—v. i. বভাৰত: ক্ষে বিকাশ-ছ; বৃদ্ধিপ্রাপ্ত-ছ; প্রকাশিত-ছ; To go through a process of naturel evolution; to grow into; to open out. Syn:—Uncover, unfold, lay open, disclose; exibit, unravel, detect; open out, grow.

Development, de-velop-ment, n. क्यांचित्रिक्कः; क्य-दृष्टिः; दिवर्डनः; Gradual unfolding: a gradual growth. Syn:—Unfolding, disclosure, exposure, unravelling, detection, exhibition; growth, increase.

Development theory—বিষ্ঠৰৰাষ; The doctrine that all existing form of matter and spirit were developed by uniform laws from simpler forms, without creative-act:—ক্ষাৰিষ্যাৰ বৃদ্ধ; The progressive advancement of life from its lowest types.

Deviate, de-vi-at, v. t. [ L. de, from, via, a way ] বিপথগামী-হ; ভাছ-হ; লবে পণ্ডিড-হ; To go astray; to err. Syn:—Wander, digress, depart, diverge, trend, deflect; stray, swerve, err.

Deviate from—বিপৰগামী-ছ; Go astray from. Deviation, de-vi-áshun, n. বিপৰে গম্ব; আছ পৰ পৰিভাগে; অম; A turning aside; a departure as from a right course, way or line; err.

Device, de-viś, n. কৌশন, Contrivance; strategem:—কুনচিছ; পৰিচ্ছ-চিছ; A heraldic emblem or ensign:—থাডিছা; Invention; genius. Syn:—Contrivance, invention, design, scheme, purpose, plan; project, stratagem; shift, artifice, expedient, will, ruse, trick; emblem, ensign, motto.

Devil, devil, n. সম্ভাষ ; The evil one ; Satan : ভুড, সিশাচ ; An evil spirit :—পাবৰ ; ক্লোৰ ; A very wicked person :—v. t. ভুড়োৰ মৃত্যুক্ , To make like a devil :—মতাৰ বাল-কৃ ; To grill with pepper ; to pepper excessively. Syn :—Lucifer, Belial, Apollyon, old Serpent, the Tempter, Enemy, Prince of Darkness, Deuce, Father of Lies.

Devil's tattoo, त. अध्ययका वर्षणः सन् गर्गाणः । A drumming with fingers foot from listlessness. [ 881 ]

Chesting the devil, n. जनर डेशांव वांदी वार्ती-नार्क्य कतिया नर्काटर्व नाम-कृ; Doing evil for gain and giving part of the profits to the church.

Davil's bones—독주 : 에터 ; 에운 ; Dice, which are made of bones, and lead to ruin. [ruin. Gone to the devil-- অংপতন হওৱা; Gone to Hold a candle to the devil-ভ্ৰবণত: পাণীর স্থায়তা-ক ; To abet an evil doer out of frowning fear.

Printer's devil, n. মুদ্রাবদ্রের লিপিবাছক; The youngest apprentice in a printing office, who runs errands.

Talk of the devil, and he'sure to come-Said of a person who has been the subject of conversation, and who unexpectedly makes his appearance.

The devil catch the hindmost—wie are-বেৰে দৌড়াৰ; Run away as fast as one can.

To kindle a fire for the devil-Offer sacrifice, to do what is sinful under the delusion that you are doing good service.

To play the devil with- विदष्ट-क : To interfere with or molest extremely; to ruin.

Devilish, devil-ish, a. আই, নয়কীয়; পাপময়;
মুণ্য, Wicked, excessively bad; diabolical; detestable - পতাত , অভিনয় , Enormous, in a vulgar sense; as, a devilish cheat. Syn:-Diabolic il, infernal, Satanic, fiendish, wicked, malicious, detestable, destructive. ad-devilishly, n=devilishness.

Deviltry, devil-tri, n. অতাত ছুবাচারিতা; থোক পাৰতা; Diaholism, extreme wickedness

Devious, de'vi-us, a অ'ড , বিশ্ব-গত ; Rambling, erring. Syn -Wandering, toving, excursive, vagrant, going aside, erring. addeviously n=deviousness.

Devise, de-vit, v t. [ L. divido, divisus, to devide] আভিদ্দি কু, কৌশল-কু; To scheme, to contrive — উक्षावन-क , To discover :— छेरेन कविश्व শাৰ-ক: To bequeath by will:-n. পাৰপত্ত, উইन; উইনহারা দত্ত সম্পত্তি; A will; property given by a will. Syn -(v) Invent, disover, originate, design, conceive, contrive, find out, excogitate, imagine, plan, scheme, project, bequeath, demise, leave

Deviser, de-viter, n. উদ্বাৰণকারী; আবিদারক One who devises, an inventer.

Devisor, de-vifor, #. छेडेन श्वा मानकादी . One who gives by will.

Devoid, de-void, a. শৃষ্ঠ ; ধীন ; বিবহিত ; Destitute; free from; empty. Syn -Empty, vacant, wanting, unprovided with.

Devoid of-- करु'व ( कर्मक नगरद (मायशानद कान-डांबर बुवाब); Not having any virtue or vice ( often used with abstract nouns )

Devoir, dev-wawr', n [L. debeo, to owe] ভট্টতা; শিষ্টাচার; শিষ্টতা, উপকার · An act of civility, service.

Devolution, dev-o-धिshun, n. वाकि পदम्भहोह नकालन वा नक्तन; A removal from person to another.

Devolve, de-volv, v. t. [ L. de, down, volve, to

roll] (উखताबिकाती प्रात ) रखायब-कृ; To hand down ; to deliver over :- v. i. (উত্তরাধিকারী পত্রে) হবাস্থানিত-হ ; To pass by transmission ; to be handed over or down :—গড়াইয়া-বা; To roll down. n = devolution.

Devolve on--হৰণড-হ , Pass by transmission or succession to one :—কোন ভার বাড়ে পঢ়া ; Fall to one.

Devote, de-vot, v f. [ L. de, away, and roveo, . to vow ] উৎসৰ্গ-কু, To set apart ; to dedicate or consecrate; to vow :-- भम्भेष-कृ; To give up to evil :-- অভিশাপ-দে ; To execrate ; to doom :--मानानित्वन-क ; To directs the attention wholly or chiefly: -- অপুগত বা অমুদ্ধত-হ , To yield to : to addict. Syn :- Dedicate, consecrate, exshrine; consign, resign, addict, apply; destine, doom. Devote to-সমৰ মন বা সময় সমৰ্পণ-কু; Give the whole of one's time or attention.

Devoted, de-vored, a. উৎস্গীকৃত; Consecrated: — অপুরকু, Ardent, zealous, strongly attached :-- অভিশ্ব , Doomed. ad=devotedly. \*= devotedness.

Devoted to duty - কৰিব্ৰাপ্ৰায়ণ। Be devoted to-- অপুব্ল-হ; Be wholly attached Devotes, dev-o-te', n. শহনিষ্ট বাজি; A bigot; one entirely devoted.

Devotion, dc-vo'shun, n. छे९मर्भ ; Consecration : -উপাসনা; জার্থনা; Performance of religious duties , prayer —ধার্ত্বকতা , ধর্মাচরণ , Piety ; devoutness - অকুৱার, আসন্তি, দৃঢ়তা; Ardent love; attachment; ardour Syn .- Dedication, consecration, devoutness, religiousness, piety, prayer, worship, adoration; attachment, devotedness, ardour, earnestness, affection, love. a=de rotional. ad=devotionally.

Devotional, a পর্কর্ম রভ ; ধর্মস্থীর ; Devout ; religious, pertaining or suitable to devetion.

Devour, de-vowr', v. f. | L de, intensive, and voro, to swallow ] ভক্ষণ-কু, খাইয়া কেনা, To eat with greediness; to eat up :-- কংস কু, ভাপুচৰ-কু, To destroy, to waste —অত্যন্ত আগ্রহপুর্মক পাঠ ক ; To enjoy with avidity , as, to devour a book :-- 44-3 , To slay n=devourer Svn :-Swallow, gulp, gobble, gorge, bolt, waste, destroy, ravage, annihilate, consume.

Devourer, n. कक्षाकारी, One who devoures. Devout, dc-vowi', a. कक्ष, वर्षान्हे; Pious; holy :--ভক্তি প্ৰকাশক ; Expressing devotion or piety :—উৎসাহী, Earnest ; as, devout wishes :--গম্ভার , Solemn. Syn -Holy, pure, religious, godly, devotional, prayerful, zealous, fervent, serious, sincere. ad=devoutly. n=devoutness. Dow, du, n fit # 4 , Moisture on the ground:v. t. निनित्र निक-कृ, To moisten, to wet with [ with dew. Dew-bespangled, a. শিশির-সিক ; Sprinkled

Dew-drop, \*. णिणद-विन्तु ।

Dew-lap, du'lap, n. গলকছল , সালা ; The fleshy skin which hangs down from the neck of an ox. Dew-point, du'point, n. निनिद-मक्द-विन्य : The point or temperature at which dew begins to form.

Dewy, du'i, a. শিশিব হারা আর্র ; শিশির-সিক্ত ; Moist with dew. [ left.

Dexter, dekster, দক্ষিণ, Right, as opposed to Dexterity, deks-ter'i-ti, n. দক্ষ্ডা; বৈশুণা; কোলন; তংগরডা; Expertness; skill, adroitness, promptitude. Syn:—Skill, adroitness, expertness, art, ability, tact, cleverness, facility, aptness, aptitude.

Dexterous, dekétér-us, a. চড়ব; নিপুৰ; ধুৰ্ছ; Expert; skilful, subtle. Syn:—Adroit, active, skilful, clever, able, ready, apt, handy, versed, ingenious, prompt. ad=dexterously, n=dexterousness.

Dextral, dekstral, a পৃথিপ; Right, as opposed Dextrorsal, deks-tror'sal, a. গুলিপ ইইডে ৰাম আসাৰী; Rising from right to left.

Dey, dit, n. ফ্রাসি অধিকারের পূর্বে অলক্ষিয়ার্স দেশের শাসনকন্তাদিনের উপাধি; The title of the governor of Algiers before the French conquest.

Dhow, dow, n. পোত বিশেষ A coasting vessel of Arabia, East Africa.

Diabetes, di-a-be'ter, n. [Gr. dia, through, and baino. to go ] ৰহম্ব ৰোগ: Immoderate flow of urine.

Diabetic, di-a-betik, Diabetical, n. মৃত্র হোণত্রন্ত ; বছমুত্র রোগ সম্বন্ধীর ; Afflicted with diabetes.
Diablery, di-ábl-ér-i, n. পৈশাচিকতা; বাছ্মন্ত্র
বিদ্যা; Devilry; orcery.

Diabolic, di-a-bolik, Diabolical, di-a-bolikal, n. [Gr. diabolos, the devil ] পৈশানিক, নাৰকীয়; Devilish; infernal; atrocious. Syn:— Devilish, infernal; Satanic, flendish, hellish; impious, atrocious, nefarious, demoniac. ad= diabolically.

Diaconal, di-ako-nal, a. গুঠাৰ যাক্ত স্থানীয়; Pertaining to a deacon. [ office of a deacon Diaconate, di-ako-nāt, n. গুটাং যাক্ষেত্ৰ পদ; Fhe Diacritic, di-a krit-ik, Diacritical, di-akrit-ik-al, n. [ Gr dia, between, and krino, to distinguish ] প্ৰচেমকাৰী, Distinctive.

Diadem, di'a-dem, n. [Gr dia, round, and deo, to bind ] বাঙমুকুট; রাজনীয় কম্ডা; বাজনিঙ্ক; A crown; regal power; royalty Syn:—Crown, coronet, tiara; sovereignty, dignity, royalty Diademed, di'a-demd, a. মুকুট বাবা আংশতিত, মুকুটবাবা; Adorned with a diadem, crowned Diæresis, Dieresis, dier'e-sis, n. [Gr dia, apart, and haireo to take ] ফুল স্বাবিশ্য স্থাৰ

apart, and haireo, to take ] যুক্ত স্বর্থনিপ্ত পদকে ছই ভাগে বিভাগ: Separation of one syllable into two:—একতা নংক্তিত তুলী স্ববর্থের সভস্ত উচ্চারণ জ্ঞাপনার্থ চিক্ত বিশেষ, 'The mark ('') placed over the letter of two vowels to show they are to be pronounced separately, as in "cooperate" pl = diacreses, diereses.

Diagnosis, di-ag-nō'sis, n. [Gr. dia, between, and ginosko, to know] বোগ নির্গন রোগের নিদান, আভিগত সংক্ষিপ্ত বিষয়ণ; The art of distinguishing one disease from another, a brief description of a species. pl=diagnoses.

Diagnostic, di-ag-nostik, ৯. বোগ বিণীয়ক; পরিচায়ক; Distinguishing the nature of a disease; characteristic; symptomatic.—n. বোগ নিৰ্ণায়ক চিছ , প্ৰিচয় ; লক্ষ্ম ; Symptom or sign by which one disease is distinguished from another; a symptom.

Diagonal, di ag'onal, a. [Gr. dia, through, and gonia, a corner] চতুৰ্ভ ও বছতুৰ কেন্দ্ৰেম প্ৰশাৰ বিপৰীত কোপৰ্য সংবোধক; কোপ্ৰয় সংবাধক কাৰক, Drawn from one corner or angle to another:—n. কোপ্ৰয়েৰ সংবোধক সৰল রেখা; চতুৰ্ভ বছতুৰ কেন্দ্ৰের বৰ্ণ; A straight line drawn from one angle to another adjacant, of a figure of four or more sides. ad=diagonally.

Diagram, di'a-gram, n. [Gr. dia, round, and grapho, to write, delineate] আৰশালের চিত্র; কোন্ড সভা প্রমাণার্থ আছিত চিত্র; A figure or a plan drawn to illustrate any statement; explanatory sketch. a=diagrammatic.

Diagraph, di'a-graf, n. नजा कतिवात कर वाकरू रज्ञ वित्या ; An instrument used in perspective drawing.

Dial, di'al, [L dies, a day] স্থাৰড়ি; Sundial:—
ছচিব সমূৰভাগ; The face of a watch or clock.
Dialect, di'a-lekt, n. [Gr. dia, between, and lego, to loose to speak] ভাষা; Discourse; language:—কোন ভাষার বিশেষ গঠন; A variety or peculiar form of language. Syn:—Idiom, patoir, provincialism.

Dialoctic, dia-lektik, **Dialoctical**, di-a-lektik-al, a. তক্ষান্ত সম্বাদ্ধ ; Logical ; pertaining to a discourse — বিচার স্পানীয় ; আমৌলিক ; Argumental ; not radical n=dialectics. ad=dialectically. Syn:—Idiomatical logical, rhetorical.

Dialoctician, di-a-lek-tishan, n. ডাৰিক; ভৰ্ক-শান্তবিং প্ৰিত ; A reasoner ; a togician.

Dialectics, di-a-lektiks, n. pl. [Gr. dialektike, art of di-cussing by questioning; logic] ভৰ্ক-বিদা , বিশেষ; ভৰ্কশান্ত; The art of reasoning argumentation; the art of disputation.

Dialist, d'al-ist, n. প্ৰায়ড়-নিশ্বাতা; A constructor of dials.

Dialling, di'al-ing, n. প্ৰ্যান্তি প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ কৌশন বা বিদ্যা; The art of constructing dials. Dialogist, di-al-o-jist, n. কৰোপক্ষনজ্লেৰে বৰনে বা নিৰে; One who writes or speaks in a dialogue.

Dialogistic, di-al-o-jistik, Dialogisticle, di-al-o-jistik-al, a. কথোপকথোনের আকারবিশিষ্ট, Having the form of a dialogue.

Dialogue, di'a-log, n কংশাপকথন; Formal conversation. Syn —Colloquy, discourse.

Dialysis, di-ali-sis, n [Gr dia, asunder, and lyo, to loose] n. বসায়ন শাধানসাবে বন্ধ-বিভালন .
A process of analysis by difference through a separation —পদৰিচ্ছেদকরণ , Diæresis. pl=dialyses (di-ali-sez) a=dialytic. [angles.

Diamagnetic, a. Taking a position at right Diameter, di-ame'-ter, n. [Gr. dia, through, and metrein, to measure] বাস বেখা; ব্যাপি; A right line passing through the centre of a geometrical figure.

Diametrical, di'a-metrik-al, a. क्रान दार्थ नर-क्षेत्र : Relating to or describing a diameter := আভি বুরহ , As remote as possible —সম্পূর্ণ বিগবীভ , সোভা , Directly adverse , direct

Diametrically opposite—সম্পূৰ্ণ বিপৰীত , Directly adverse.

Diamond, dia-mond, # হীৰক, The most precious of all stones —বিষম কোনী, সমচতুভুজ, Rhombus, —অভি কুক্ত ই'বাজি ছাপাৰ অক্তৰ, Very small type —কুইডন, Red suit at cards

A diamond of the first water—ভনী লোভ , A man of the highest ment

Diamond out diamond—भी भारतेत्र कारह जम , Cunning out witting cunning —शेरत शेरत नाटि , One sharp fellow against another

Rough diamond—A person of fine natural ability without cultivation

Diana, n মুগমান অধিষ্ঠানী দেবী The goddess of hunting —কুবামীদিগোব দেবী, ফলবী স্থাপোক The wirgin moon goddess the protector of virginity a beautiful woman

Dian's worshippers—Midnight revellers
Diapason, di a pázon n [Cir dia, through
and pas, ill] সকল অবাৰণিপ্ত কবোৰা A whole
octave, the concord of the first and last notes
of the musical scale

Diaper, dia per n বুটাদাৰ বন্ধ পামছা, ভোৱাৰে Figured linen of the mapkin or towel — n t চিত্ৰ বিচিত্ৰ কু বুটা কাল, Io varicagate with ingures — n n চিত্ৰিক কু Io draw figures

Diaphaneitv, di i fi nc'i ti, n বছৰা Power of transmitting light, tran parency pellucidness

Disphenous, di-af'a nus a [ Gr dia through and phaino, to show shine ] খড় নিশ্ব Tran par nt cle ii Syn —Pellucid transparent, clear, translucent

Disphoretic, d-n fo retik, a [Gr dia through and phere, to bear] মুগুৰুৰ্ক Pro moting properties — মুগুৰুৰ্কি উন্ধ বিশেষ A medicine that increases per purition

Disphragm, di'a-from n ডাৰৰ ও বন্ধ প্ৰক্ৰেক ক্ষ্ম পেশী প্ৰক্ৰানী কিন্তা The mu cle which separates the chest from the abdomen the midriff a=diaphragmatic

Diapion, n সকল স্বর্থিপির করণাম A chord which includes all tunes —A scale or rule by which the pipes &c, are adjusted

Diarist, dierist n (ए व कि लिनस्मिन कार्य विवन। बार , One who keeps a dary

Diaroma, di-o-ra'ma n [Gr ds through horao to sec] চিত্ৰ প্ৰদৰ্শন A pictorial and optical exhibition a=diaromic

Diarrhosa, di-a-rc'a, (ভাষেরিয়া) n { Gr. dia through and rheo, to flow ] অভিনায়, অভিনিত্ত তেপ, A flux, frequent evacuation of the bowels Syn—Relax, violent purging, looseness Diarrhosa, Diarrhostic, dia-retik, a অভি-ন্যেক, Producing diarrhosa.

Diary, dia-ri, n [L dies, a day] দৈনিক কাব্য বিবৃতিৰ পুৰুক, দৈনশিন হিসাব বহি, A journal, register for daily occurrences

Diastole, di asto-le, n. [Gr dia, asunder, and stello, to place] क्रिंग्लि अनावन, The

dilatation of the heart after contraction — এককালে উচ্চায়িত পদ্যা শের দীর্ঘোচ্চায়ণ, Short syllable made long

Disthermal, di a-thér mal, a [Gr dia, through, and therme, heat ] উত্তাপনাহী, উত্তাপনাহী, নিয়াৰ স্থানী, Allowing ray of heat to pass through Disthesis, স্প্ৰীৱেৰ ক্ষম্ম Bodily condition.

Diathesis, n নরীরের অবস্থা, Bodily condition, esp, that which predisposes to a particular disense

Diatribe, di'a-trib, n [ Gr dia through, and tribo, to rub ] দীৰ্ঘ বাদাৰ্থাদ, গ্লানিজনক বস্তুতা, A continued disputation, an invective harangue Syn —Disputation, disquisition, dissertation, invective philiphic, tirade

Dibber, diber Dibble, dibl, n বীক্স রোপণার্থ ব্যবহৃত তীকাপ্রবয় নিভানি , বস্তা , A pointed tool used for prickling holes to put seeds in

Dibble, ত t নিডানি বারাবোপণ কু, To plant with a dibble — ত গোড কু, ছিল কু Io make holes — মাছ ধরিবার মত জুব দেওৱা, To dip as in angling [A game with dice

Dice, pl of die for gaming পালা বা পালা বেলা.
Dicephalous, di sef i lus a [ Gr dis two and kephale, a head ] a कि लिडक, कि मूल, Two-head d

Dichotomy, di koto mi n ভুই অণৰ বিভাকৰ, Divi ion into two parts a-dichotomous

Dickens, n The devil used as a vulgar interjection

Dickoy, Dicky, diki, n গাড়ীর পশুদ্ধোগছ আসন, A scit behind a cirriage

Dicotyleden, di kot i le'don n বে গাছের বীক্ষ অধ্বারত ২২ব'ব সময়ে ছুডভানে বিভক্ত হয় বে চারা গানেব বীক্ষ মকণ অরুব উৎপাদন কালে ছুই বত হইয়া যায় A plant having two seed lobes a dicotyledon us

Dictate, distat v t [L. dico to say to speak] भारतम कृ To command — बिर्फ्स कृ To pies-cube — शवसमें ति । To suggest — निश्चनीय পিথিত অভাকে কহা To utter wird that it to be committed to writing -কংশীৰ বা শিখৰীয় विषय अञ्च क विनियो (प्रकार) In p ik to another what to say or write - - - AFF To point out -n sitzes An order, rule, or direct -প্রামশ Impulse, suggetion Syn —( খ) Command, order enjoin, ordain, decree, pres cribe direct, point, urge, enforce (n) command order, direction, mandate, charge, precept, prescription, injunction suggession, [ practice of dict sting admonition Dictation, dik-tashun, n अन्तिवन, Act or Dictator, dik tátor, n अन्छ। धीन नियका, डेनाल्डा, One inve ted for a time with absolute power fem - dictatiess, dictatrix Syn -Despot, autoci at

Dictatorial, dik-ta-tō'ri-al, a বংশছটারী, ক্রেছাডারী, Absolute, unlimited — দর্শিত, অহ্ফুড, প্রভূহব্যক্ষক, Authoritative, imperious, overbearing, commanding Syn — Absolute, unlimited, imperious, dogmatical, overbearing, arbitrary, tyrannical ad=dictatorially

Dictatorship, dik-tátor-ship, अ. क्टिकेट्व मुक्

ৰা কাৰ্যকাৰ, The office or term of office of a dictator

Diction, dikshun, n. [L. dico, dictus, to sav] ভাষা, বাক্য-কথন, ৰচনা-য়ীভি, Style, language, phraseology, expression, choice of words

Dictionary, di'shun-a-ri, n. অভিথান, A lexicon, vocabulary, a book in which words are alphabetically arranged and explained, glossary, word-book [by the people

Dictionary words—Grand words not in use Dictum, diktum, n অমুখান্য বাকা, A dogmatic saying, positive or authoritative statement pl—dicta

Did-Past tense of Do

Didactic, di-daktik, Didactical, di-daktikal a [Gr d disko, to teach ] উপাদশপ্রদ , নীতি পত্ত, শিক্ষপ্রেদ , Instructive preceptive, containing precept or rule ad—didactically

Didactics, di-daktiks n জিলাবিজ্ঞান, Art or science of teaching — শিকাএলা ী, The science of teaching, the best methods of systematic instruction [hiving two toes Didactyl, n ছই অকলি বিশিষ্ট কন্তু, An arimal Didactylous, a ছুঙ জুলি বিশিষ্ট, Having two toe [bird, dab-chick Didapper, didap-er, n পানবোজ, A diving Diddler, (Jeremy)—জুগটোৰ, An artful swindler

Die, ai, e ; মহা বিন্তু-হ মহিছা থাৰছা To expire, to be diprised of life, to peri h to come to nothing — ভহনাহ, To sink — লাপ-হ, Languish — ভভাস্থ য শ্লা ভোগাছ To er aure sufferings like those of death — উলগান-হ, To be indifferent or it sensille — ভলগান্হ, To vanish, জম্ম ই. To recede and become fain ter — n (ছিল, Starp for giving the impress to coin &c — p' (Di e) — n ই, পালা, জফ, A small cube used in gaming — দেব, লকট, বিপদ, Hazard, chance — মুল ব ছাত, A stamp used in impressing coin &c ১, n — (v) Expise decease perish, depart, varish, sink, fade decay, wither

Die a death-হুমৰণ বা কুমৰণ মহা, One's death is of a ceitain (noble or ignoble)

Die a natural death—वास्तिक अवस्थि भरा , Die in the ordinary course of nature

Die and make no sign-অনুভাপ না কৰিছা ম্বা, Die with ut repenting of onc's sin

Die away—অস্থান-২, জন্তুতি হ, Vanish, disappear —অবসরহ, Sink —বন্ধ হ, Cease to be heard.

Die by—কোন কিছুতে অপবাত মুত্তা হতবা, অপবাত মুত্তাতে সংগ্, Be destroyed by (some violent and unnatural means), to lose life from (some unnatural cluse) [good old age. Die full of years—বৃদ্ধ বহনে মন্ত্ৰা, Die in a Die in a ditch—কাণুক্ৰের স্থান মন্ত্ৰা, To give up life like a dog

Die in harness—কান্ত কৰিতে কৰিতে মৰা, ৰাটিতে বাটিতে মৰা, Die while engaged in the performance of one's duties, die while actively engaged in callying on one's professional duties.

Die in one's shoes - शंकि कारडे जवनात-इ; To come to the gallows, to be hanged.

Die in the last ditch-अश्वनाती-इ; Persevere, to hold on

Die of—বেরণে লোকের মৃত্যু সচরাচর বটে সেইরণে ম্বা, স্বাচাবিক মৃত্যুতে ম্বা, Loss life from (some unnatural cause)

Die of one's post (or in the harness)—
বাটিতে বাটিতে যাবা, Die while actively discharging
one a professional duties.

Die out-বিনষ্ট-ছ, লোপ ৰা ডিৰোছিড-ছ, Die gradually, vanish, become extinct

Die the death of—উপযুক্ত মৰণ মৰা (কুৰা কু, বেকপে মাধ্যন যাহার উপযুক্ত হয় দেইকাপে ম্বরা), (কাহাবও ভার) প্রাণতাংল-কু, Die like

Die with ennui—খত ও ক্লান্ত বেধি-কু, Feel very much listless [ turn up

Cast of the die—Any thing that may chance The die is cast—যাহা করা হটঃ'ছে তাহা হইতে আন পিছাইব'ৰ যো নাই, Every thing is hazarded, the latenance is taken or offered.

Diet, diet, n পথা, আহাৰ, frood prescribed by med cal men food, provisions, victuals.—
ইটাৰ চেৰ কোটা কোনা বিশ্ব ৰ শান্তৰ মহাসভা, ব্যৱস্থানক সভা A national as embly, a Parliament (in the Aistrin Empire and Switzerland), a less lauve body — v ৷ আহাৰ-কু, নিয়মৰ্ভ ভৌজৰ ক্বা, Io cit, to tike food according to rule — r গ গালা বোৰ ন, ভোজা ৰখা যোগাৰ, To feed according to jule, to furnish with provisions.

Dietary, diet ar-i a জাইার স্থানীয় Relating to diet —n পৰা প্রণাদী, Rules of diet, allowance of food especially in alms houses

Dietetic, di-ct erik Dietical, di ct-ctik-al, a পথা সম্বন্ধা, আহার সম্বন্ধীয়, Regulating food or diet ad=dietetically

Dieteties, diet ct'iks \*. शृत्याच विश्वभावित . Rules for regulating diet

Differ, difei, र । [L dif=dis, apart, fero, to be ir] अनेका इ Di agree, to be at variance — [बदान-विख्य कृ, अलिए। त्रिका-कृ, To stille, to wrangle — v. t अनेका-कृ, To cause to Le unlike Syn — Vary, be unlike, contend, dispute, debate altercate, quarrel, oppose

Differ from (one) in (or on)—কোন বিষয়ে কাহারও সহিত মতে মনৈকা হওৱা, Disagree with one in some respect, or on some point.

Difference between—ছুইরের মধ্যে প্রভেদ , Dissimilarity between.

mance of one's duties, die white actively engaged in carrying on one's professional duties. (क्ष्ण , Distinct , separated , unlike , dissimilar , avarious, contrary, not the same. ad-differently

Different from or to—ভিন্ন প্ৰকাৰ হওৱা।

Differential, dif-ei-enshal, a fattan, Special, discriminating. [Mathematics Differential calculus—A branch of higher Differentiate, v t etter-, To specialise—v : To discriminate

Differentiation—জনবিকাশ প্রণালী বারা বিভিন্ন প্রকার অংশের উৎপত্তি, The production of a diversity of parts by a process of evolution in development.

Difficult, difi-kult, a [L dif=dis, negative, and facilis, easy] কটিৰ ছু:মাধ্য, Not casy to be done, hard —সহকে সৰ্ভই ৰহে, Hard to be pleasing, unaccomodating —কছণ্যক, Laborious, ardous —অধিষ্যমী, Extremely incredulous —কতি কটোৰ, অন্যন্ধীয়, Rigid, unyielding Syn —Arduous, painful, laborious unaccomodating, austere, rigid, perplexing enigmatical, obscure, intricate, involved, hard to ple ise fastidious ad=difficultly

Difficulty, difi kul-ti, n কাঠিয়, Arduous ness —রেল, Perplexity, distress —fবৰাৰ Quartel or a matter in dispute —আপত্তি, Objectin —বাৰা, প্ৰতিবন্ধ, Obstacle —মুকোৰ্ড বিষয়, That which cannot be casily understood Sin —Hardness arduousness, impediment obstacle, obstruction, objection, perplexity, exigency distress, trouble, trial.

Diffidence, dit'i-dens n নজানীৰতা আন্তিন্ধ নজতা, ভব, Want of confidence want of self-reliance, modesty, reserve, bashfulness, doubt Sin —Distrust, doubt, hesitation, apprehension, fear, timidity, humility, bashfulness medesty

Diffident, dif'i-dent, a [L dif=dis, negative, fide, to trust—fides, faith] আন্ধানেত্য , না ভান , Di trustful of one's ability modest timid—লক্ষ্য না Bashful Syn—Hesitating doubtful timid, distrustful, suspicious, modest, bashful, reserved

Diffuse, dif-uf, v t [ l dif=dis, asunder fundo, to pour out ] ছড় ইয়া দেওয়া, বিষয় কু, lo send out in all directions, to scatter — ঘোষা কু, প্রচার-কু, To circulate, to publish Syn — Expand, spread, disperse, distribute, propagate, circulate, publish, proclaim, spend, waste, scat er n=diffuser

Diffuse, dif- iiis, a সুবিজ্ঞ , বিভারিত , Poured out , widely spread — বাগবছল , বহুভাবী , Wordy, not concise Syn — Loose, diffusive, copious, verbose, prolix, amplified, discursive, wordy, prosy n=diffuseness, ad=diffusely.

Diffused, dif used, pa p. and a. वहरिष्ड , प्रवं, Spread widely, loose. ad=diffusedly, n= diffusedness.

Diffusible, dif-uźi-bl, a. বিভারক্ষ, প্রসার্থক্ষ, বিভারক্ষ, প্রসার্থক্ষ, বিভারক্ষ, প্রসার্থক্ষ, বিভারক্ষ, প্রসার্থক্ষ, ল= diffusibility

Diffusion, dif-u'zhun, \* বাাজি , A scattering —বাব্ৰা , Copiousness .— বাগার , Propagation .—

বাৰ্ণ, Extension. Syn —Expansion, dispersion, extension, spread, propagation, circulation, distribution

Diffusive, dif-usiv, a ব্যাপক; বিভারনীল, Extending, spreading widely Syn — Expansive; diffuse, loose, verbose, prolix ad=diffusively, n=diffusiveness

Dig, dig. v t fatte \$ , tan-\$ , catelfa tist called . Io turn and throw up, as the earth , to remove , to delve with a spade , to excavate : v. t To work with a spade . Syn —Delve, excavate, hollow out , penetrate, pierce into. n=digger [ and cause to fall.

Dig down—ভশা বৃদ্ধিরা বাহির কু. Undermine Dig in, into—প্রোধিত-কু, Pierce

Dig out or dig from—পুঁড়িয়া বাহির-ফু, To get out by digging

Dig through—নাট কাটিনা অভ্যন্তরে পথ-কৃ, হড়জ প্রস্তুত কৃ Open a passage through by digging. Dig under—ভিত্তি নষ্ট কৃ, অধঃ ধনন-কৃ, Undermine. [ by digging

Dig up—बनन कृ, वृंडिया छाना , Bring up from Dig up the hatchet—वियोग कृ, वियोग तड-इ, Make war or engage, in strife.

Digost, di-jcst, v t [ L di=dis, asunder, and giro to bear ] পরিপাক-ক, উত্তাপ বারা নর্ম কবিয়া প্রত্ত কৃ. To dissolve food in the stomach, soften by heat —পৃথক কবিয়া বিজ্ঞাস-কৃ, To distribute and arrange —চিন্তা-কৃ, To think over v i ক্রীপ হ, To be dissolved in the stomach, to become concocted,—উত্তাপ প্রবোধে প্রস্তুত-হ, To be sefend and prepared by heat Syn — Concoct, assimilate, macerate, soften by heat, arrange distribute, dispose, reduce, convert, codify, classify, methodize, tabulate, ponder, consider n=digester

Digest, difest, n. ক'ছিড়া ব্যবহা-সংগ্ৰহ, Compendium, abridgment গ্ৰিল —Pandect, code, system, su nmery, astract, synopsis epitome, precis [tion n=degestibility Digestible, di-jesti-bl, a পাড়া Easy of diges-Digestion, di jestjun, n পৰিপাৰ, জীৰ্ণ কৰণ, The dissolution of food in the stomach —শ্ৰেণ-

The dissolution of food in the stomach — শ্ৰেণ্ট-বন্ধ পূৰ্বাক সংখ্যাপন, Orderly arrangement — বিভালন, Distribution Digestive, di jestiv, a জীৰ্বালন, পাচক, Hav-

ing the power to cause or promote digestion
Dight, dit, v t সন্ধিত কৃ. To dress, adorn .—
a সন্ধিত শোভিত , Adorned, disposed.

Digit, digit, দ অজ্লি, এক অস্লি পৰিমাণ, A finger, a finger's breadth or ই of an inch—
অস্তি, Any one of the ten fingures—চল্লহ্ৰেছ্

ন্যানেৰ বাদলাংশ, Twelvth part of the diameter of the sun or moon. a = digital.

Digital, a. अन्ति नश्कीत , Pertaining to the fingers.

Digitate, difi-tat, Digitated, difi-tated, s হয়াবুশিব ভার পুথক, বিভক্ত, Formed like fingers. n=digitation.

Digitigrade, difi-ti-grad, a. [ L digitus, and gradior, to step, to walk ] অনুষ্ঠের উপয় কয় বিচা বিচয়পূৰীৰ , Walking on the toes — n. বে কয় অনুটের উপর ভর বিরা চলে; An animal that walks on its toes.

Dignified, dig'ni-fid, a মহৎ; গভীৰ, উরত, আড়মরপূর্ব, Exalted; noble; lofty, stately.

Dignify, dig'ni-fi. v t [L dignus, worthy, facto, to make ] সমান-ক, ব্ৰোভিড-ক, উন্নত ক, তিত্ত ক, To exalt, to adorn, to promote Syn—Exalt, elevate, prefer, advance, ennoble, aggrandize, honour, grace, adorn.

Dignitary, dig'ni-tar-i, n উচ্চপদ্ বাজি, উচ্চ পদ্ধ পুৰোহিত, বাচক বিশেষ; An episcopal clergy-man advanced to rank, a clergyman of dignity Dignity, dig'ni-ti, n. মৃহত্ব, উচ্চপদ্, Elevation of mind or rank, worthiless, high office—
উচ্চপদ্ বোক, One holding high rank. Syn—
Preferent, elevation, honour, rank, high station, greatness, nobility, nobleness, excellence, statelinesss, grandeur, majesty, dignitary, magistrate.

Benesth one's dignity—মৰ্ণাদার অৰূপমুক্ত বাট, Degrading to one s position.

Digress, di-gress, v : [L dt, aside, grandir, to step] এক বিষয় বৰ্ণনা কৰিছে করিছে বিষয়ান্তৰে ক্ষন-কু, পথজুই ই, To turn aside, to depart from the main subject or design, to wander Syn —Diviate, diverse, expatiate, amplify

Digression, di-greshun, n বিষযাস্তার গমন, অপ্রাসন্থিক বিষয়ের আন্দোলনা, A departure from the main subject, a part of a discourse not upon the main subject a=digressional Syn — Diviation, divergence, departure, transgression, episode, meidental, passage

Digressional, digreshun-al Digressive, di gressiv, a. বিৰয়াপ্তৰে গমনগ্ৰ, Departing from the main purpose or subject.

Digressive, a বিষয়ান্তবে গমনশাল, Departing from the main subject ad=digre sively

Dike, dik, n. বাঁধ, পৰিধা, A mound again t inundation, a ditch — দাফ প্ৰস্তা বিশেষ, Veil or wall of igneous rock — v. t বাৰ বাঁধা, To surround, protect, by dikes.

Dilacerate, di-laser-at, v t. ছি দিল ২৪ খণ-ক To rend asunder, to tear in picci n-adila ceration.

Dilapidate, di-lap'i-dāt, v. t [L di asudei, lapidis, a stone] ভগ্ন-ড়, জাস ড়, To lay wite, to pull down .—v : ভগ্ন-ড়, Fo fall in to decry Syn —Destroy, ruin, waste, demolish n delapidator.

Dilapidation, di-lap-i-dáshun, n ধান, জাণা বয়া প্রান্তি, Destruction, dicay, demolition Syn.—Downfall, ruin, decay, waste, dissolution. [lapidation

Dilapidator, n ধ্বংস্কারী, One who causes di Dilatable, di-lata-bl, a প্রস্বধ্র, Capable of extention. n=dilatability.

Dilatation, dila-táshun, Dilation, di-láshun, ম. বিকৃতি, প্রসারণ, প্রসারণীরভা, Expansion

Dilate, di-lat, v t [ L di=dis, apart, and latus, borne, suffered ] বিভাৰ চ , To extend, to spread out, to widen, to enlarge — বাছণ্ডক্ষেপ্ বৰ্ণা চু, To iclate at large .—v ঃ. বিশ্বত-ই,

To widen —বাছলা মণে বৰ্ণনা-ক ; To speak at length, to expatiate Syn,—Expand, swell, distend, widen, stretch, descant, enlarge, amplify, expatiate. n=dilater.

Dilate (or enlarge) on—বিভাষিত বৰ্ণা-);
Relate at length

Dilatory, dila-tor-i, a দীৰ্মুনী, বিশ্বকাৰী; ধীৰ; বিশ্বী, Slow, given to procrastination, taidy, sluggish, nædilatoriness adædilatorily. Syn:—Slow, deliying, sluggish, lagging, lingering, slack, inactive, loitering, backward, off-putting. Dilemma, di le-ma, n [L di, twice, lemma, anything received] উভয় স্কট, বিখা, A perplexing situation, a very vexatious alternative. Bo between the two horns of a dilemma—ভত্য স্কলে পড়া, Be in an embarassing situation on account of the equal difficulty of two or more choices

Dilettant, Dilettante, dil-et-ante, স ক্ৰমার বিদ্যাপ্তর বোক, বাংনদলীভাদি ক্ৰমার বিদ্যাপ্তর বিদ্যাপ্তর বিদ্যাপ্তর বিদ্যাপ্তর মান্তর বিদ্যাপ্তর 
Diligence, dili-jens, n. একাপ্রচিত্তা, পরিষয়; মনোগোগ, Steady application, industry, attention, assiduity Syn—Care, constancy, heedfulness, watchfulness, earnestness, perseverance, activity, assiduousness, laboriousness.

Diligent, dili jent, a { L diligo, to choose, to love } क्रांश्रीवृह, शृदिश्यो , वश्रवशाह , वश्रवशाह के , स्वावशाह के , स्वावशा

Dill, dil, n nofficela, A plant.

Dilly-dally, v । ५ पण्डी-र , पूक्- ; , To delay , to trific , to lotter.

Diluent, dilū ent, α তরলকারী, That which dilutes. ι =diluting ( বাছাতে তরল করে );

Dilute, di lut, v. f. [L di, away from, luo, to wish] 347 4, 기장기 4, To attenuate, to make thin, to make weak —a. 기장기, Thin, att nuated —v s. 기장기 5, To become thin, redilution [diluted]

Dilution, n সকল কৰে. Act or state of being Diluvial, di la't বা, Diluvian, di-lū'yi-an, a. জুলুপ্ল বন নম্মনীয়, Relating to the deluge.

Diluvialist, di luvi-a-list, n. জনপ্লাৰৰ আৰম্পন ভূতৰ প্ৰকাশক , One who explains geological phenomena by the deluge

Diluvium, di-luvi-um, n. मुख्यि विरूप , A great accumilation or deposit of earth, sand &c, caused by the action of sea — नश्चा, अनि

Dim, dim, a অপষ্ট, আনিন্ডত, অনুজ্বন, Not charly seen, obscure, dark, vague, faint, imperfect, mysterious—v f মেবাছের কু, মনিনন্দ্র-কু, lo cloud, to obscure, to darken Syn—(a) Obscure, dusky, darkish, indistinct, shadowy, imperfect, duil, obiuse, sullied, tarinished (v) cloud, darken, obscure, ad=dimly n=dimness.

Dimension, di-menshun, n. [L. di = dis, apart,

metion, to measure ] आकृष्ठि; आध्यन् ; शिवन ; शिवन ; स्थान्त ; size ; capacity or bulk ; extent. a=dimensive. Syn:—Bulk, size, magnitude, extent, largeness, bigness, capacity, amplitude. Diminish, di-minish, v. t. द्वान-कृ; क्य-कृ; To lessen; to abate; to impair:—v. t. द्वान-कृ; To grow or appear less; to lessen. Syn:—Decrease, lessen, abate, reduce; impair, abase, lower, weaken; retrench, curtail, a=diminishable.

Diminution, dim-i-nu'shun, n. काम: अवन्ति:

Diminution, dim-i-nu'shun, n. ছান; অবনতি;
Decrease; reduction in size, quality, degree.
Syn:—Decrease, decay, abatement, deduction,
decrement; contraction, retrenchment, curtailment.

Diminutive, di-minutive, a. কুল; Small; little:—সকৃচিভ; Contracted:—n. কুলুও বাচক লক; A word formed to express littleness:—কুলুকুড়িবল; Something of small size. n=diminutiveness, ad=diminutively.

Dimissory, dimis-or-i, a. প্রস্থানার্থ অসুমতিকারী; Granting leave to depart.

Dimity, dimi-ti, n [L. di, twice, mitos, a thread] ছুম্ম কাপড়; Cloth woven with a double thread.

Dimmish, dimish, a. কিনিং আলাই; Somewhat Dimness, n. আজকাৰ; অলায়তা, Darkness, indistinctness, obscurity, gloom, dulness

Dimorphism, di-morfilm, n. ছুচ আকাৰ ধাৰণ . The act of assuming two forms.

Dimorphous, di-mor'fus, Dimorphic, a. ছই আৰায় বিশিষ্ট : Assuming two forms

Dimple, dimpl, n. গালেৰ উপৰ টোল; A small depression on the face:—v: টোল পদা, To form dimples.—v t. টোল পড়াৰ ভাষ চিহ্নিত্ৰ-কু; To mark with dimples.

Dimply, dunpli, a. টোলপুৰ্; Full of small depressions

Dimsighted, a মুকল দৃষ্টিবিশিষ্ট; Having a weak Din, din, n [leet dyn, thunder] কোলাইল; মহাশব্দ; গোলমাল; A loud continued noise:—
v. t. শব্দ ছারা অন্ধ-কু; গোলমাল কৰিখা বিবস্ত-কু, To stun or confound with noise; to hairss with

clamour. Syn:—(n) Racket, clamour, noise Din in or into one's ears—কাণেৰ কাছে ভাৰি ভাৰি কৰা; Repeat continually in one's cais.

Dine, din, v. i. [ L. de, intensive, and caeno, to dine ] মধ্যাক্ষাজ্ঞৰ-কু; To eat the chief meal of the day; to take dinner:—v. t. প্রধান ভোজ শেকা; To give a dinner to or at.

Dine out, v. বাড়িতে না ধাওয়া। [Starve Dine with Duke Humphery—উপবাদ-কু; Ding, ding, v. t. আবাড-কু; ধারা-দে, To strike; knock:—v. i. ঘটাঞ্চাল-কু; To ring or sound

Ding-dong, ding'dong, n. ৰটাৰ টং টং পৰা; The song of bells ringing:—সমানতা; একডাৰ; Monotony; sameness.

They went dingdong—Fighting in good Dingle, dinggl, n. নমাৰ্থ উপত্ৰা; A narrow valley; a glen, dale, dell, vale.

Dingle-dangle, ding gl-dang gl, a. (माइनामाम ; Swinging backwards and forwards; hanging loosely:—ন. পেছিলামান বস্ত ; Something dangling.

Dingy, dinji, a. কুক্ৰণ; ঘলিন; কটা; Dusky; soil, dun; brown. n=dinginess. [ of the day. Dinner, diner, n. মধ্যক (ভালন; The chief meal Dint, dint, n. অধ্যক; A blow:—প্ৰধ্য-চিক্ল; The mark made by a blow:—পঞ্জি; ক্ষ্ডা; বেগ; Force; power; violence:—v. t. আঘাত হাবা গৰ্জক; To make a small cavity by blow or pressure. Syn:—(n) Dent, indentation, dimple; force, power. [ By the force or power of. By dint of—কোন কিছুৰ প্ৰভাবে; কোন কিছুৰ বলে; Diocesan, di-oses-an, a. বিশাপেৰ ভাসনাধীন প্ৰবেশ সম্ভাৱ; Pertaining to a diocese:—n. প্ৰধান আচাৰা, A bishop.

Diocose, di'o-scs, n. প্ৰধান আচাংগ্যের অধিকৃত বা লাসনাধীন প্ৰদেশ : The circuit or extent of a bishop's jurisdiction.

Dioptrie, di-op'trik, Dioptrical, di-op'trikal, a. প্ৰতিদ্বিভ আলোক বিদ্যা সম্বায় ; Assisting vision by means of the refraction of light.

Dioptries, di-op'triks, n. pl. আলোক বিজ্ঞানের আলোকের বিষয় গতি বিষয়ি শাধা; That part of Optics which treats of refracted light.

Dip, dip, v. t. কৰ্কাল জলাদিতে মগ্ন কৰিছা ছাখা; কৰ্কাল তৱল প্লাহেৰ্ব মধ্যে ড্ৰাইছা ৱাখা, To plunge for a moment in a liquid; to immerse; to ladle —v.; ড্ৰিবা-যা; মগ্ন-ছ; To sink:—নামাভ ভাবে দেখা; To enter slightly; to look cursorily.—নত-ছ; To incline:—n. নিমজন; Action of dipping:—জানমন; ক্ৰমনিয়তা; Inclination downwards; a slope. Syn:—(v.) Plunge, immerse, douse; souse, baptize; incline, bend down, tend toward; engage in, enter into; dive, duck; bathe.

Dip-chick, dip'chik, n. Same as dab-chick.

The first dip is awful—প্ৰথম উদায় কটুকর; The first plunge is looked upon with horror. Dipetalous, di peta-lus, a. বিশ্ব; Having two

flower leaves or petals.

Diphthoria, dif-the ria, n. [Gr. diphthera, leather] পীড়া বিশেষ; এক প্ৰকাৰ কঠাৱাৰ; A disease characterised by the forming of a membrane in the throat and fauces. a=diphtheritic. Diphthong, dif'thong, n. মুক্তৰৰ; বিশ্ব-সংযোগ; The union of two vowels in one sound. a=

dipthongal, ad=diphthongally.

Diploma, di-plo'ma, n. উপাধি-পত্ৰ, A writing conferring some honour or privilege:—সৰকারী

দলিল A public document.

Diplomacy, di-plomacsi, n. দৌতা কর্ম: কুটদ্বিত্ব, বাচনৈতিক কৌলল, Political skill:—মৃত
সমৃহ: A body of envoys.—বৈদেশিক বাজদুত-দল
A diplomatic body.

[ A diplomatist.

Diplomato, di-plo'mat, n বাজনীতিকুশন বাজি; Diplomatic, dip-lo-matik, Diplomatical, dip-lo-matik-al, a সদ্ধি সংকাৰ, সন্ধিকুশনী, Skilful in negotiation, pertaining to negotiation:—অধিকাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত, Privileged.

Diplomatic, dip-lū-matik, n. বৈদেশিক বাজহুত; A minister at a foreign court:—মুক্ত, An envoy. Diplomatios, ম. pl. প্রাচীন নিশ্বনের অর্থানি নির্বাণ (কানন, The science of deciphering ancient writings, as diplomas &c :—প্রাচীন কালের প্রকাশি পদ্ধিবার বিষয়া; The art of deciphering ancient writings; paleography. ad=diplomatically.

Diplomatist, di-ploma-tist, n. त्रासनीचि-कूमन वाकि ; कृष्ठ-वासनीचि विभावन वाकि ; One skilled in

diplomacy.

Dipper, dip'er, n. বিৰক্ষায়তা; One that dips or bathes:—জনচর পৰিবিশেব: A small diving bird:—হাতা; A ladle.

Dipping needle, n. Instrument to show direction of magnetic force.

Dipeas, dip'sas, n. [Gr. dipsos, thirst] এক-খাতীয় নৰ্গ; An Asiatic and American treesnake whose bite is said to cause intense thirst Dipsomania, dip-so-mani-a, n [Gr. dipsa, thirst, and mania, madness] পাৰাসন্তি, হ্যা-পাৰাসিক; A continued craving for drinking.

Dipteral, dip'ter-al, Dipterous, dip'ter-us, a. [Gr. di, twice, pteron, a wing] বিপশ্ববিশিষ্ট,

Having two wings.

Dipteran, dip'ter-an, n বিপক বিশিষ্ট প্ৰভঙ্গ; An insect having only two wings. pl=dipterans or diptera.

Dire, dir, direful, a ভয়নত; ভীৰণ; Dreadful; dismal; terrible. Syn:—Dreadful, horrible, terrible, fearful, terrific, alarming, awful. n= direness. ad=direfully, n=direfulness.

Direct, a. di-rekt, নোজা; Straight, right:—মুস্
বাংশাকুড; In the line of father and son, opposed
to collateral:—সবল; অকপট, পরিকার. Open;
outspoken. sincere, plain; express. Syn—
Straight, lineal, not collateral, straight forward, plain, open, sincere, frank, express,
unequivocal, unambiguous, immediate, absolute.
ad=directly, n=directness.

Direct, di-rekt, v t. [L di, completely, and rego, to rule, to make straight ] টিক নোঞা চলা;
To aim or drive in a straight line —পথ দেখান, বুখাৰ্থ পথ প্ৰদৰ্শন-ক; To show the way, to show the proper course to :—নিয়মিত-ক; To regulate; to adjust:—টিকালা লিখিয়াত্ত : উপদেশ-দে; To address a letter; superscribe:—আনেশত-ক; উপদেশ-দে; To instruct as a superior:—ad. শীল্প, Forth with — ত. গারিচালক-কান্ত, To give direction; act as guide. Syn:—(v.) Aim, point, cast, turn, guide, lead, conduct; dispose, manage, regulate, order; instruct, command, enjoin; address.

Direct tax, n. জমির উপর কর; Tax on real states, as houses and lands.

Direct to-কোন দিকে বাগুৱা; Point towards :পানের টিকাবা দেখা; Superscribe a letter :ধারোপ-কু; Apply to.

Direction, di-rekshun, n. লকা বা গতি; Aim or course: —ভ্যাবৰান; Superintendence or management: —ভাবেন; Prescription, order: —ভিবেনানা; Address of a letter —ভ্যাক-সভা; Body of directors: —ভিগ্ৰেন্দ : Instruction: —বিচৰণ বিশ্ব: The line in which anything moves. Syn:—Administration, guidance, management, oversight, government; order, guide, control,

command; course, bearing, aim, tendency; address, superscription.

Directive, di-rektive, a. পরিচারক ; উপদেশক ; Having power or tendency to direct.

Directly, di-rektly, ad. শইড:; In straight course:—অবিলয়ে; Without delay; immediate-ty. Syn:—Immediately, instantly, soon, promptly, speedily, expressly, quickly, at once. Director, di-rektor, n. কাৰ্য-পরিচালক; Manager of a public company or instruction:—প্রকাশক; A guide:—উপদেশ্লা; An instructor, a counsellor:—ডাজারি অন্ত বিশেষ; A surgical instrument. fem=Directress or directrix.

Directorate, di-rektor-at, Directorahip, di-rektor-ship, n. ভৰাবধাৰকে কাৰ্য বা পদ; The office or body of directors.

Directorial, di-rek-tল'ri-al, a. আদেশ সম্ব্ৰীয়: আদেশপ্ৰাদ , Pertaining to a director or directory; giving direction.

Directory, di-rektor-i, n. ভদ্বাৰণায়কের দল; Body of directors:—করালির বিধি; Form of French Government:—দেশের অধিবাদীসংগর নাম বাম প্রদর্শনী পুতিকা; A guide book of city with addresses of inhabitants:—উপাসনার আদেশ . Direction for religious worship:—a. আদেশপূর্ণ; অনুজ্ঞাপূর্ণ; Containing directions.

Dirgo, derj, n. অন্তেষ্টিকালের পোকস্টক গান; A funeral hymn or psalm. Syn:—Threnody, elegy, funeral chant or lament, coronach.

Dirk, derk, n. ছোৱা; A short sword; a dagger .—v. t ছোৱা মাত্ৰা; To stab with a dirk. Dirt, dert, n মহলা, কৰ্মন; Mud or earth; any filthy substance .—মহলা-কু; কল্বিড-কু; To make foul or unclean; to soil; dirty.

Dirt cheap—ভারি भचा ; Very cheap.

Est dirt—অপমাৰ সঞ্ক; Put up with insults and moitifications.

Dirty, deri, a. [Icel. drit, encrement, dung]
মল দুবিত; ধুনি বুনবিত, সক্ষম, Foul; filthy:—
v.t. নীত; কবজ: অধম, Base; mean:—v.t. মনিনকৃ, To make filthy, to soil with dirt:—কল্ডিড-কৃ;
কল্বিড-কৃ; Tarnish; scandalise. n=dirtiness;
ad=dirtily. Syn:—(a) Unclean, foul, filthy,
nasty; muddy, miry; soiled, begrimed; sullied, dark, squalid, shabby; mean, low, paltry,
base, despicable.

Disability, dis-a-bili-ti, n আদাৰ্য ; ছুৰ্মলড়া ; Weakness ; incapacity —অযোগ্যতা ; আইবাৰুমাৰে অখ্যতা ; Want of legal qualification. Syn :— Disqualification, unfitness, inability ; weakness, incapacity, incompetency

Disable, dis-abl, v. t. सम्य-कः प्रस्त-कः To incapacitate; to disqualify; to weaken. Syn:—Weaken, impair, cripple, paralyze, unfit, disqualify, incapacitate, enfeeble, unman.

Disabuse, dis-ab-už, v. t. व्यक्त-क ; विक-क ; To undeceive ; to set right.

Disadvantage, dis-ad-vantaj, দ. অস্থিয়; কভি; Injury; loss; damage. Syn:--Unfavourable state, detriment, injury, hurt; loss, damage; prejudice, disservice, harm.

Take one at a disadvantage--- भारतार भारत-

का-कृ ; चल्च-कृ ; Surprise one when unprepared for defence ; take one by surprise.

Disadvantageous, dis-ad-vant-á-jus, a. ক্তি-কাৰক; অত্যিকাৰক; Unfavourable, prejudicial; injurious. adædisadvantageously. Syn:— Unfavourable, inconvenient; injurious, hurtful, prejudicial, detrimental.

Disaffeot, dis-af-fekt, v. t. বিবাশভাৰৰ-কৃ, বেৰ-ব্যভাৰ ক্ষোচ-কৃ; To make disconted or unfriendly, to alienate the affection. n=disaffectedness. Syn:—Alienate, estrange, make unfriendly; dislike, disdain; disorder.

Disaffected, dis-af-fekted, a. প্ৰতিকৃত্য; বিটোইটি; Ill-disposed; disloyal. ad-disaffectedly, n= disaffectedness.

Disaffection, dis-af-fekshun, n. অপ্রধা; বিষাণ; অসভোগ; নিষাণ; অসভোগ; অফভোগ, Dishke; alienation, ill-will; unfriendliness; enmity; hostility.—বাজনোগ, বিযোগ; Disloyality. Syn —Estrangement; dishke, repugnance; dissatisfaction, disagreement; unfriendliness; ill-will, disloyalty.

Disaffirm, dis-af-ferm, v. t. প্ৰতিবাদ-কু, অধীকাৰ-কু, To contradict ; to deny.

Disafforest, dis-af-for'est, v. t. ব্ৰের বৃন্ধাদি কর্তনের ক্ষতা বহিত-কৃ, বন কাটিয়া বাঠ-কৃ, To strip of the privilege of forest laws, to reduce a forest to common ground.

Disagree, dis-a-gre, v. t. অসমত-হ; আনক্য-হ, To differ; to dissent .—বিবাদ-কু, To quarrel. Syn —Differ, vary; dissent, differ in opinion, wrangle, quarrel, be unsuitable.

Disagroeable, dis-a-grt'a-bl, a. অসলোবজনক .
বিস্তিক্য : Unpleasant, offensive. n=disagreeableness, ad=disagreeably. Syn —Contrary,
unsuitable : unpleasant, offensive, displeasing,
distasteful

Diagroement, dis-a-gre'ment, n. অসমুখ্য; Dissimilitude:—মত ভেদ, Difference of opinion — জ্বপমেণিডা, Unsuitableness — বিষয়ে, Dispute — আনকা, State of disagreeing Syn — Difference, diversity, dissimilitude, unlikeness, variance; dissent, dissension, division, dispute, jar. wrangle, discord.

Disallow, dis-al-low', v. f. [ L. dis and fr allower, to grant ] অপ্রায়-কু; নিবেৰ-কু, না দেওৱা . To reject; not to permit or grant —v. ঃ অনুমতি না দেওৱা; To refuge permission. Syn — Prohibit, forbid; reject, set aside, disapprove, disallow, disclaim, disown, deny, condemn

Disallowable, dis-al-low'a-bl, a. अनमूरमाममीय , Not allowable.

Disallowance, म. अपीकांत्र, निरुष, निर्वादन, चिंदन, निर्वादन, चंदनना; Rejection, prohibition, censure

Disannul, dis-an-nul, e t. পণ্ডিত-কু, বহিত-কু, লোপ-কু: To make void, to nullify. n-disannulment; disannulling

Disappear, dis-ap-pēr', v. t. [L. dis, and apparers, to come in sight] अपूज-ए; अवस्थि-ए; To vanish from sight, to withdraw from observation.

Disappearance, dis-ap-per'ans, n. weste; ferance, A removal from sight,

Disappoint, dis-ap-point, v. t. [L. dis, and appoint, to unfix or unsettle] faun-; unit un-; unfix or unsettle] faun-; unfix or unsettle] faun-; unfix or unsettle] faun-infix to defeat expectation. Syn — Tantalize, delude, deceive, frustrate, balk, baffle, fail, defeat.

Disappointed at—কোন কারণে আপা ডাই হয়:
Disappointed by reason of.

Disappointed in—আশাৰ্ত্তণ কল লা পাওৱা।
Disappointed of—ৰে জিনিস পাইবার আশা করা
যাত্ত তালা লাওৱা।

Disappointment, dis-ap-pointment, \*. বৈৰাতঃ
নিৱালা; বিকলীকৰণ; বাৰ্থকৰণ: Defeat or failure
of expectation; miscarriage. Syn:—Miscarriage, frustration, balk, failure, ill-success.
Disapprobation, dis-ap-prob-a'shun, \*. অসমতি, নিকা; ভংগনা, Disapproving, censure,

সন্ততি, নিশা; ভংগনা , Disapproving, censure, dislike. Syn :—Disapproval, displeasure ; censure, blame, reproof, condemnation.

Disapproval, dis-ap-prooval, n. অনন্মোচন; নিলা, অনন্মতি; Dislike, consure.

Disapprove, dis ap-proov, v t. নিশা-কু; জন-সুমোদন-কু, জরাঞ্-কু; To censure; to condemn, to disallow. Syn:—Dislike; regard as wrong, condemn, censure; reject, disallow, decline to sanction. ad=disapprovingly.

Disarm, diz-arm, v. t निवय-क ; To deprive of arms .-- वयन-क ; To render harmless ; to quell. n = disarmment.

Disarrange, dis-a-r'anj, v. t. विन्धल-कृ; To disorder, to unsettle. n=disarrangement. Syn:—Derange, unsettle, disturb, disorder, throw into confusion.

Disarray, dis-a-ra', v. t. বিবয়-ফু, To undress —পরাত-ফু, To overthrow:—ছ্যুভজ-ফু; বিশুখল-ফু, To break the array of, to throw into disorder —n. বিশুখলা, বিবয়ীকরণ; Want of array or regular order; undress. [To disunite. Disassociate, dis-as-sō'shi-āt, v t পৃথক্-ফু; Disaster, diz-aster, n. [L dss, negative, and astre, a star, fortune] মুর্ঘটনা, বিপদ্ধি, বিপদ; Misfortune; calamity. Syn.—Mishap, mischance, reverse, stroke, misadventure, accident. Disastrous, diz-astrus, a. অমসলজনক, মুর্ঘান্তনক; মুর্থকর, Unfortunate, unlucky, calamitous. Syn.—Ill-starred, unpropitious, unfortunate, calamitous. ad=disastrously.

Disavow, dis-a-vow', v.t. [L. dis, and Fr. avouer, to confess] আৰীকান কু; দাবী না হাৰা;
To disown, to deny; to disclaim. Syn —
Disclaim, disown, disallow; deny, reject, renounce. [denial.

Disavowal, dis-a-vow'al, অধীকার, Refusal; Disband, dis-band, v t. বিছিন্ত-কু, ছিম্বভিন-কু; To disperse, to scatter:—v. s. গলনাই-হু, To break up .—পৃথক-কু, To seperate Syn:—Dischaige, dismiss, separate, disperse.

Disbandment, dis-bandment, s. (7977 ww 571, The act of breaking up as from military service.

Diabar, dis-bār', ত f. আদালত হইতে বহিছত-তৃ; ব্যারিষ্টারের বজুতা রহিত-তৃ, To expel from the bar; to deprive a barrister of his right to plead. Disbelief, dis-be-18f, ল. অধিবাৰ; অঞ্জাৰ; বাহিৰতা; Denial of belief; distrust; unbelief. Syn:—Infidelity, scepticism, doubt, incredulity, unbelief, distrust, suspicion.

Disbelieve, dis-be-lev, v. f. অধিবাস-ড়: Not to believe; to refuse belief or credit.

Disbeliever, dis-bc-lev-er, n. অবিদাসকারী; One who disbelieves.

Disburden, dis-bur'dn, Disberthen, dis-bur'thn, v. t. ভার বৃক্ত-কৃ; বোচন-কৃ; To throw off a burden; to unload; to free:—v. i. চিন্তা ভার আব্দ-কৃ; To ease the mind. Syn:—Unload, unburden, discharge, disencumber, free, retieve, alleviate, diminish.

Disburse, dis-burs, v. t. [O. Fr. des, a part, and bourse, a purse] ৰাষ্-ক; খৰচ-ক; To pay out; to expend.

Disbursement, dis-bursment, n. जात ; The act of paying out; that which is paid out; expenses.

Diso, Dish, disk, n. পোলাকার বস্তুর উপরিভাগ;
The face of a round body:—প্রহাদির মন্ত্রল; The face of a celestial body:—প্রের সমগ্র উপরিভাগ;
The whole surface of a leaf.

Discard, dis-kard, v. t. পরিত্যাপ-ড়; বিদার-দে; ছাড়িলা-দে; To cast off; to reject; discharge. Syn:—Dismiss, displace, discharge, cashier, reject, banish, remove.

Discern, diz-erń, v. t. [L. dis, thoroughly, and cerno, to shift, perceive] fatis-\$; Descry; see; judge:—v. i. aton-\$; To make distinction. Syn:—Perceive, discover, espy, descry, behold, observe; distinguish, recognize; discriminate, judge, make distinction.

Discernor, diz-éthér, n. পश्चिमक ; मर्गक ; A person or thing that discerns.

Discernible, diz-erni-bl, a. দুৰ্ণনীয়; দুখ্যান; বিবেচা; প্ৰভেদবোগা; Distinguishable; visible; perceptible; manifest. Syn:—Apprehensible, apparent, evident. ad—discernibly.

Discerning, a. জীমবৃদ্ধি; ক্মদৰ্শী; Sharp-sighted; penetrating; judicious.

Discornment, diz-érhment, म. विराह ; विरुक्ष छ। । डोक्युकि ; Judgment ; perception ; sagacity ; penetration ; acuteness, shrewdness, insight.

Discharge, dis-charj, v. f. चात्रपूक-कृ; To unload or remove the cargo :-- वर्गमूक-कृ ; To clear a debt :--(क्षिम्छ-क ; To acquit ; to free from a charge; to absolve: -- 其事-事; To release: --निर्मार-कृ; To perform; to execute: -- वर्षन-कृ; ৰশুৰ ছোড়া; To let fly; to shoot; to fire off as a gun :- अकान-क ; To utter :-- शहित-क ; To give forth; to emit or send out :-- করিছাত ক; To dismiss :-- n. ভারবোচন; ভারাবভারণ; Unloading :-- वृक्ति ; (बाठन ; Liberation :-- निर्कार ; Performance; execution:—দোৰ বোচন; অব্যাহতি; Acquittance :--কর্মচ্যাতি ; Dismissal :-- नगरक ৰেটন: Vent; explosion. Syn:--(e) Unload, disburden; emit, expel, eject, throw out, throw off, let fly, set off, fire, shoot; dismiss, discard, eashier; remove, put away, clear from; pay, liquidate, settle ; fulfil. =discharger.

Disciple, dis-i-pl, n. শিবা; হাবা; অপুনাৰী; A scholar; a pupil; an adherent; a follower. Syn:—Learner, student, tyro, adherent, partisan, supporter. n-discipleship.

Disciplinable, disi-plin-a-bl, a. [144]; Capable of correction.

Disciplinarian, dis-i-plin-āri-an, a. আসৰ-সম্বায় ; Pertaining to or intended for discipline —n. কঠিব আসনকারী ; আসনকর্তা ; One who disciplines or enforces rigid rules.

Disciplinary, disi-plin-ar-i, a. भागन-मचतीत ; Pertaining to or intended for discipline.

Diacipline, diśi-plin, n. শিকা; Training:
আন্তাধীনত; আদেশের বগুতা; আইন বা আদেশের অধীনতা; Order, submissiveness to order or control: —লাসন; পাতি; দত: Correction; chastisement; punishment: —কটোর শিকা; হ্ন: Severe
training; corrective of faults; misfortune:
v. t. শিকা-দে; To educate; to train: —বিদ্মাধীন-কৃ; To subject to discipline: —অর্থসান-কৃ;
সত-দে; To chastise; to punish. Syn:—(n) Education, instruction, culture; subjection, control,
government; correction, chastisement; drill,
exercise, (v) Train, form, bring up, drill, exercise, regulate; correct, chasten, punish.

Disclaim, dis-klant, v. t. [L. dis, and clamare, to call] অধীকাৰ-ক; খৰ ডাগে-ক; To reject; to disown; to renounce. Syn:—Disayow, disallow, renounce, abandon, repudiate.

Disclaimer, dis-klāmér, n. অথাকারকারী; One who disclaims:—দাবি পরিভাগে; In law, the renunciation of the defendant to all claims:—মত অথাকার ; A public disavowal, as or pretensions. Disclose, dis-klōź, v. f. আবিভার-কৃ; প্রকাশ-কৃ; To reveal; to open; to lay open:—v. i. উল্পাটনকৃ; To burst open; to gape. Syn:—Uncover, unveil, discover; exhibit, expose; reveal, divulge, tell, utter, make known; impart, communicate. [Exposition; discovery. Disclosure, dis-klozhūr, n. প্রকাশ, উল্পাটন; Discoid, diskoid, Discoidal, dis-koidal, Discous, diskus, a. অসমান; Dislike:—মঙ্কাশ্বর; Circular.

Discoid, diskoid, Discoidal, dis-koidal, n. [Gr. diskos, and eidos form ] बढनाकाव रख; Something in form of a disc.

Discolour, dis-kulér, v. t. বাভাবিক বৰ্ণ পৰিবৰ্তন-কু; বৰ্ণান্তৰ-কু; To stain; to tinge; to tarnish; to change from the natural hue.

Discolouration, dis-kul-era'shun, n. বৰ্ণ পরি-বর্ত্তন ; Alteration of colour ; stain.

Discomfit, dis-kumfit, v. t. [ L. dis, signifying the opposite, and con, thoroughly, facio, to make ] পরাজিত-ত্ব; বিভাড়িত-ত্ব; To defeat; to vanquish:—নিবাশ-ত্ব; বাৰ্থ-ত্ব; To frustrate; to disappoint; to bulk:—n. পরাজ্ব; Rout; overthrow; discomfiture. Syn:—Defeat, rout, overthrow, worst, vanquish, beat, overpower; baffle, frustrate, disconcert.

Discomfiture, dis-kumfit-ur, n. न्यांक्य ; Defeat in battle ; overthrow ; rout :—विवाध ; दिवाध ; Frustration, disappointment.

Discomfort, dis-kumfurt, s. আনাকুল; কা; কা; Uneasiness; pain; grief:—e. t. আহৰী-ড়; কাই-দে; ছাবিড-ড়; To make uneasy; to pain, to grieve. Sys:—(s) Uneasiness, disquiet, inquietude; trouble, annoyance.

Discommend, dis-kom-end, e. f. विना-इ, डर्जन्-इ; To blame; to expose to censure or ill favour.

Discommon, dis-komun, গ . ছালাবিকাৰ্চ্যত-কৃ, সাধারণ ভূমিব বছ হইতে বঞ্চিত-কৃ; To deprive of right of common or of the privilege of a place.

Discompose, dis-kom-pos, খ. ে বিৰক্ত-কৃ বিশ্বান-কৃ: বাহিল-কৃ: আবেদ্যিত-কৃ: Disorder, disconcert; unsettle, agitate or ruffle Syn:— Derange; disturb, fret, vex, annoy, displease. Discomposure, dis-kom-po'shur, n বিশ্বানতা,

Discomposure, dis-kom-po znur, » (ৰপুৰ্ণত), অভিনতা; বিনক্তি; Disorder; agitation; disturbance.

Disconcert, dis-kon-sert, o t. বিষয়-কু; বার্থ-কু, প্রাক্ষ-কু, To disturb, to frustrate, to defeat, to confuse. Syn:—Discompose, unsettle, derange; thwart, defeat, contravene.

Disconnect, dis-kon-ekt, v t বিভিন্ন-কু; প্ৰক-কু
To separate or disjoin; sever. n=disconnection
Disconsolate, dis-kon-solata, a [ L. dis, privative, and consolor, consolatus, to console]
নিবাশ, ছ:বিড; বিষয়, শোকাবিড, Hopeless; sad,
cheerless. n=disconsolateness, ad=disconsolately Syn:—Unhappy, forlorn, desolate,
wretched, miserable, sad.

Discontent, dis-kon-tent, n. অস্টোর; অসা-জন্ম, Dissubfaction, uncorness — v t অস-জন্ম, To make uncasy, to dissatisfy — a অসত্ত্য, মনুধী, Dissatisfied, uncasy.

Discontented, dis-kon-tenterl, a অস্থয়, অত্থ্য, Ureasy dissatisfied n=discontentedness, add discontentedly Syn:—Unhappy, unsatisfied, complaining, murmuring, grambling.

Discontentment, dis-kon-tentment, n आ-महाव , अवारिक , Uneasiness, discontent.

Discontinuance, dis-kon-tinu-ans, Discontinuation, dis-kon-tin-u-ashun, n. নিব্তি, বিশ্বতি, Cessation, interruption Syn — Cessation, intermission, discontinuation, stop, stopping, suspension; separation, disjunction. Discontinue, dis-kon-tinu, v t শেব-ফু, পরিভাগ-ফু; নিবৃত্ত বা ভাত-ফু To put an end to; to abandon, to stop — v. t. ছাতি-ফু, নিরত্ত-ফু, To cease, to break off, to part.

Discord, dis-kord, n [ L. dis, apart, and cor, cordis, the heart ] विषय , Want of harmony in music —खोनका, अभिन , विवाद ; Disagreement , variance , difference , strife . Syn — Discordance, dissonance, jarring, harshness, difference, opposition, dissension, contention.

Discordance, dis-kordans, Discordancy, dis-kordan-si, ম. অধিল , বিরোধ , Disagreement , inconsistency ; opposition.

Discordant, dis-kordand, s. বিশ্ববিশিষ্ট ; শুভি-কটু , কৰ্ম ; Inharmonious ; harsh ; jarring :— শুসমুড ; Inconsistant :—বিশোগী , Disagreeing. Syn:—Incongruous, contradictory, repugnant, opposite, contrary; dissonant, harsh. of biscordantly.

Discount, diskownt, स. बांडा; बबांड, बांडा स्टबंड; An allowance; a deduction for prompt payment, deduction for interest:—क. f. बबांड-त्य; बांडा बांडा बहेबा क्या-त्य, To deduct a certain sum or rate percent from the principal sum; to advance money on deducting discount:—
क. बांडा बहेबा क्या त्यावाब बावनाब-कृ; To practise discounting. Syn:—(n) Allowance, rebate, reduction, drawback.

To be at a discount—দৰ কমিবা বাংলা; আনাযুক্ত হতবা; Not valued highly, underrated — বাহাব দৰেৰ অপেকা কম কানে, Sold at less than the market value.

Discountable, dis-kown'a-bl, a. বাহাতে ধ্রটি দেওয়া চলিতে পারে , That may be discounted.

Discourage, dis-kur'āj, v. f. अर्थास्त्राह-क , ज्ञा-क्षत्र-कृ, निक्राहि-कृ; निरस्क-कृ; To dishearten; to depress the spirits, to dissuade; to deter from, to dispirit. Syn :- Depress, deject, dispirit, damp, cast down, daunt, dissuage, disfavour, deter. ি সাহ , নৈরাক্ত , Dejection. Discouragement, dis-kur'aj-ment, n. निक्-Discourse, dis-kors, n. [ L. dis, to and fro, curro, to run] €181, Speech or language generally - करशेशकथन, Conversation - भूतक, A treatise — ধর্মবিষয়ক উপদেশ , A sermon υ f. কাছাপকথন क , To talk or converse --বিচার ক , To reason on - v 1. বর্ণনা-ক , To utter of give forth, to treat of. Syn -(n) Dessertation, disquisition, homily sermon, essay, conversation, talk.

Discursion, dis-kur'shun, n বাচণা বৰ্ণনা, Evpatiation — অপ্ৰাদন্তিক কথোপৰখন, বিভৰ্ক, Desultory talk, gradation of reasoning or argument

Discursive, dis-kui'siv, a অসথন, অনির্মিত; Digressive rambling, desultory. Syn —Reasoning, argumentative, desultory, rambling, erratic, digressive, loose. ad-discursively.

Discourteous, dis-kurtyus, a. আন্তঃ, আন্তঃ, জ্বাল, Uncivil, rude; wanting in good manners n= discourteousiess, ad=discourteously.

Discourtesy, dis-kuite-si, n আৰিট্টা , আন্তাড়া; আন্দাবা; Incivility, rudeness of behaviour or language; ill-manners.

Discous, diskus, a. যওলাকার, চ্যাণ্টা, বিশ্বত, Disc like, broad, flat.

Discover, dis-kuver, v. t প্রকাশ-র, আবিছার-র, উল্লোচন-র, To reveal; to disclose, to find out, to bring to light. n=discoverer, a=discoverable. Syn:—Disclose, bring out, exhibit, show, manifest, reveal, communicate, impart, tell, espy, detect, invent, contrive, originate, unmask, expose.

Discovery, dis-kuver-1, #. जारिकान, अकानकार:

The act of discovering :— state ; stat

Discredit, dis-kredit, n. অপযান; ছুনীন; হুডানর; Ill repute; disgrace; reproach:—v.t. অবিধান-ডু; To disbelieve; to distrust:—অপমান-ফু; To disgrace. Syn:—(v) Disbelieve, doubt; disgrace, dishonour.

Discreditable, dis-kredit-a-bl, a. जनमानकमक ; बज्जाकमक : जर्मकम ; Disgraceful ; disreputable. ad=discreditably.

Discreet, dis-kret, a. [L. discerno, to sepacate, to perceive] मण्ड ; रीत्रपान ; Wary; circumspect; prudent:—र्यान , शतिगीमन ; Discerning, prudent. ad=discreetly, n=discreetness. Syn:—Sagacious, cautious, not rash, discerning, judicious, considerate.

Discrepance, diskrep-ans, Discrepancy, diskrepan-si, n. খনৈকা; বৈপৰীতা; Disagreement; difference; contrariety. Syn:—Variance; discordence, dissonance, variation.

Discrepant, diśkre-pant, a. [ L. dis, different, and creps, to sound ] অনুষয়ত; ভিন্ন, Disagreeing; different.

Discrete, dis-kret, a. ভিন্ন; পৃথক ে বিয়োজক; Separate, distinct, disjunctive; oppositive of concrete.

Discretion, dis-kreshun, n. সভৰ্কা; বিষয়-কামিডা; পৰিবামশৰ্শিডা, Prudence, sagacity:— বেছামতে কাৰ্য কমিডে অধিকাৰ, Liberty to act at pleasure. Syn:—Cucumspection, caution, warness, carefulness, considerateness; wild, pleasure, choice, liberty of judgment.

At discretion—বিনাসর্ভে, অবাধে; বিষম ব্যতিরেক, Without condition or supulation.

Discretion is the better part of valour— বিষয়কারিতা নাহদের নারভাগ।

Surrender at discretion—বিনাসর্প্তে শক্ত হতে সম্পূৰ্ণিক আন্ধ্যমৰ্পণ-কৃ; বিনাসপ্তে বিজ্ঞোর বস্তুতা আকাৰ-কৃ; Surrender unconditionally; surrender unconditionally and commit oneself entirely to the power of the conqueror

To arrive at years of discretion—বংপ্রত-হ; To attain the age of sound judgment, to attain majority.

Discretional, dis-kreshun-al, Discretionary, a অবারিড; ইজাবীন, Unrestrained, left to discretion or choice. ad=discretionally, discretionarily.

Discretive, a. ভেদ-বোৰক; পাৰ্বজ্য-সম্পাদক, বিজে-লক; Disjunctive; noting separation; disjuncting; separating.

Discriminate, dis-krithi-nat, v. t. [ L. discrimen, discrimines, that which separates ] বিভিন্ন , প্ৰিয়-কৃ, To distinguish; to select from others:—v. i. প্ৰক-কৃ; প্ৰভেম-কৃ; To make a difference or distinction —a. প্ৰেম্ম ; Distinguished; having the difference marked. addiscriminately.

Discrimination, dis-krim-i-nashun, n. প্রতেষ ; Distinction , difference :—তীক্ষবৃদ্ধি ; বিবেচনা , Acuteness , judgment , penetration , discernment .—প্রতেম-চিক্ , Mark of distinction. Sym:—Clearness, acuteness, sagacity; distinction.

Discriminative, dis-krimina-tiv, a. अर्थण्य ; विष्यव ; धारुपण्या ; धारुपण्या ; Characteristic ; observing distinctions. ad-discriminatively. Discus, n. इक ; मक्य ; Disk.

Discuss, dis-kus, w.t. [L. dis, asunder, and quotio, to shake] বিচাৰ-ড়; বাৰাম্বাদ-ড়; Debate; argue; sift; to reason upon. Syn:—Sift, canvas, ventilate, agitate, reason about, argue. Discussion, dis-kushun, n. বিচাৰ; ডেড্; বাৰাম্বাদ; Debate; disputation.

Discussive, dis-kusiv. Discutiont, dis-ku-shi-ent, a. বিচার্য; বিভক্ করণার্থ, Able or tending to discussion.

Disdain, dis-dan, v. t. [ L. de, privative, and dignus, worthy ] মুণা-কু, জুজ্-কু; To scorn; to contemn:—v i. মুণাপুৰ্ কোনে পূৰ্ব-ফু; To be filled with contemptuous anger:—n. মুণা, অবাদ্য; পর্ক; Contempt, scorn, detectation; arrogance. Svn:—(v. t.) Despise, deride, spurn, slight, neglect, undervalue, disregard, reject.

Disdainful, dis-dahiool, a. দাখিক; মুণাই; সন্ধিত; অবজাপুৰ্ব; কো; Haughty; scornful; supercihous; contemptuous. ad-distainfully. ndisdainfulness.

Disease, diz-ইং, n পীড়া; অসং; Ailment; illness; distemper — v t. বোগাছ-ক; To afflict with sickness, used almost exclusively in the p p.=diseased. Syn:—(n) Disorder, distemper, malady, sickness, position; complaint.

Diseased, dız-ēzd, a. বাাধিগ্ৰন্থ; অত্যন্ত : Affected with disease. n=diseased

Disedge, dis-ej, v t ধার দুশ-কু: ভোঁতা-কু; To deprive of the edge, to blunt, to dull.

Disombarass, dis-em-baras, v. f স্বট হইতে মুক্ত-কৃ, উদ্বার-কু, To liberate; to extricate, to free from perplexity or difficulty.

Disembark, dis-em-bark, ত. ট. ছলে অবতাৰিত-কু, সাহাজ ২৪তে তীরে নামান; To take out of a ship, to land.—ত. চ. আহাজ বা নৌকা হইতে ছলে অবতীৰ্থ-ছ, To quit a ship to land.

Disombarkation, dis-em-bar-kashun, Disembarkment, dis-em-bark-ment, n. মুনে অবস্থা, The act of disembarking.

Disombody, dis-em-bodi, ৩ t. দৈনিকের কর্ম হয়তে অবসর-দে, To discharge from military service — সেহমুখ-কু; To free from the body.

Disembogue, dis-em-bog', v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and bucca, a cheek, the mouth ] বিগত-ক.
To discharge at the mouth as a stream; to flow out. n=disemboguement.

Disembowel, dis-em-bow'el, v.t. ৰাড়িছুঁড়ি টাৰিছা বাহিৰ-কু. To take out the bowels.

Disembroil, dis-em-broil, v. t. মুক্ত-ভু; পোলমান হীতে মুক্ত-ভু, To disentangle; to free from confusion.

Disenchant, v. t. ইক্ৰমানিক বা তোক শক্তি হইতে মৃক্ত-কু, To free from fascination or delusion. n=Disenchantment

Disencumber, dis-en-kumber, v. f. wa yer-?.

To disburden; to free from obstruction. \*\*
disencumbrance.

Disendow, dis-en-dow, v. f. मृह्यस्प-इ; To deprive the endowment of. n=disendowment.

Disenfranchise, v. f. पर रा क्या विष्ठ-इ ; To deprive of privileges.

Disengage, dis-en-gaj, v. i. यूच-ए; पूर्य-ए; To liberate; to set free; to release; to separate; to disentangle:—v. i. यूच-ए; To become detached. Syn:—Free, loose, delive, dis-

charge, relieve; extricate, disentangle; detach, withdraw, wean.

Disengagement, dis-en-gajment, n. মুড ; অব-কাল ; নিজিৱ ; Release ; leisure ; freedom from engrossing occupation.

Disennoble, dis-en-nobl, v. र. बीठ-कृ ; To degrade ; to deprive of tittle.

Disentangle, dis-en-tang'gl, v. t. উদাৰ-ক ; মুক্ত-ক ; To disengage or set free ; to set free ; to extricate :-- একানিত ক ; অধান-ক ; To unfold ; to unravel. Syn :-- Untwist, loose, clear, evolve, disengage, separate. n=disentanglement.

Disenthral-Same as disinthral.

Disenthrone, dis-en-thron, v. f. সিংহাসবচ্যত-তৃ:
To dethrone. [deprive of title.

Disentitle, dis-en-ti'tl, v. t. উপাৰিছাত-ফু; To Disentomb, dis-en-toom, v. t. সমাৰিছান বা কৰৱ ছইতে ৰাহিব-ফু; To disinter; to take out from a tomb.

Disentrance, dis-en-trans, v. f. বাৰিচ্তি-কু;
বল্ল ফটতে জাগরিত-কু; To arouse from a reverie.

Disestablish, dis-es-tablish, v. t. বিশ্বান কৃ; বিশ্বান কৃ, To unsettle or break up what is established. n=disestablishment.

Disesteem, dis-es-tem, n. অবজা; অবছা; অবছা; অবছা; অবছা; অবছা-কৃ; Disregard; dislike:—v. t. অবজা-কৃ; ছ্ণা-কৃ. To dislike; to disapprove. n=disestimation.

Disfavour, dis-fá vour, n. অন্যান্তাৰ; অবজা; অনাদর: বিরাপ: Displeasure; dislike:—v. f. হডাপ্র-কু; অবজা-কু; To regard with disesteem; to withhold favour from.

Disfiguration, dis-fig-ur-ashun, Disfigurement, dis-fig'ur-ment, n. বিকৃতি, বিশ্বপতা; Deformity; defacement. Syn:—Injury; defect; stain, spot, blemish.

Disfigure, dis-fig'ur, v. t. विकथ-क; विक्ठ-क; To deform; to impair shape, beauty or excellence. Syn:—Deface, injure, mangle, spoil, damage, impair.

Disfranchise, dis-franchiz, v. t. পৌরত হয়ণ-তৃ; পৌরাধিকার ক্ষতা হইতে বঞ্চিত-তৃ; মহাসভার প্রতিনিধি পাঁঠাইবার ক্ষতা হইতে বঞ্চিত-তৃ; To deprive of a franchise or chartered right; to deprive of the right of voting in the election of a member of Parliament, medisenfranchisement.

Disgorge, dis-gor], v. t. উদ্যান তোলা; বনন-তু;
To vomit:—বাড়ার্গ-তু; To give up what has been seized; to make restitution:—গ্রিড্যান-তু;
To give back what had been seized. Syn:—
Vomit, throw up, belch, discharge, surrender, give up, yield back. n=disgorgement.

Disgrace, dis-gras, n. [L. dis, and gratic, favour] প্ৰা; অগ্যান; Dishonour; shame; ignominy:—স্থান কাল!; Cause of shame:—
v. t. স্থিত বা অগ্যানিত-কু; To dishonour; to bring shame upon. Syn:—(n) Degradation, disfavour, disesteem, approbrium, reproach, discredit, disrepute, contempt, odium, scandal, infamy. (v) Degrade, abase, disparage, defame, debase, reproach, discredit, disfavour.

Disgraceful, dis-grassicol, a. नक्षावन ; नक्षा

Diaguise, dis-gif, e.f. ছমবেশ ধার্থ-ড়; To put on counterfeit dress:—ভাৰ-ড়; ছল-ড়; To counterfeit; to disemble:—n. ছমবেশ; Counterfeit dress:—ভাৰ্ড আ্কার; A false appearance. n=disguiser, disguisement. Syn:—(v) Conceal, hide, secrete, mask, cover, screen, clock. (n) Loathing, nausea, distaste. dislike, repugnance; hatefulness, detestation, abhorrence.

In diaguise—ছম্মেন; In a dress intended to conceal the person who wears it :—ৰঙ্গ থাকাৰে; In a counterfeit semblance or show.

In the disguise of, In the guise or— কাহাৰত বেশ ধ্ৰিয়া; Wearing the dress of, ( with a view to conceal oneself ).

Disgust, diz-gust, n. [ L. dis, and gustus, tasting, taste] অভান্ত সুণা; Loathing; strong dislike; aversion:—v t. অপ্রবৃত্তি জন্মান; অসভট-তৃ; মুণোংপালন-তৃ; বিয়ন্ত-তৃ; To excite aversion; to displease; to offend the taste of. Syn:—(n) Nausea, distaste, dislike, repugnance; hatefulness, abomination, detestation, abhorrence.

Disgusting, diz-gusting, Disgustful, dizgustfool, s. মুণাজনক; মুণ্য; Loathsome; hateful, odinus.

Dish, dish, n. খাদ্য রাখিবার বাসন বা পাত্র; A vessel for food:—পাত্রসহ খাদ্য; পাত্রহ খাদ্য; The food in a dish:—নংস্য বিশেব; A particular kind of dish:—n. t. পরিবেশন জন্ত পাত্রে রাখা; To put in a dish fortable:—বিফল-কৃ; To frustrate or disappoint:
—শৃত্তপর্ভ-কৃ; To make hallow. Syn:—(n) Platter; viand; article of food.

Dishabille, dis-a-bil, Same as deshabille.

Dishearten, dis-hartn, v. t. হতাৰ-কু; বিশংসাহ বা ভয়োৰাস-কু, To discourage; to depress. Syn:
—Dispirit, deject, deter, damp, daunt, cast down.

Dishevel, di-shevel, v. t. [ L. dis, in different directions, capillus, the hair ] हुन बरना (माला-इ; To spread the hair loosely:—v. i. विनुधनकारव विकास ; To spread in disorder. Syn:—Disarrange, disorder, ravel.

Dishevelled hair—আৰুলায়িত কেব।

Dishonest, diz-ohest, a. অনং; অসাধু; অসংল; প্রকৃত্ব; Faithless; insincere; fraudulent; not trust-worthy. Syn:—Unfair, insincere, guileful, deceitful, crafty, deceiving. ad—dishonestly. Dishonesty, diz-ohes-ti, n. অবাধুতা; বিবাসবৃত্বিকৃত্ব; বাৰ্কনা; Want of integrity or honesty;

faithlessness; a deposition to cheat; betrayal of trust.

Dishonour, diz-onur, m. অপবাৰ; কলছ; লজা; Disgrace; shame; reproach; ignominy:—v. f. অপবাৰ-কৃ; গজিত-কৃ; নিলাভাজন-কৃ; To disgrace; to bring shame on:—সভীত্ব ৰষ্ট-কৃ; To seduce, to violate the chastity of:—চিবা চালাভি অবীকাৰ-কৃ; To refuse the payment of, as, a bill. Sym:—(v) Shame, debase, degrade; debauch, rayish, pollute. m=dishonourer.

Dishonourable, diz-onur-abl, a. প্ৰাথমৰ; প্ৰাথমৰ; Shameful; disgraceful. Syn:—Discreditable, disreputable, infamous. ad—dishonourably.

Distinction, dis-in-kli-náshun, n. অনিছা; আব্যুক্তি; Unwillingness; dislike or slight aversion to. Syn:—Disaffection, alienation, dislike, aversion, reluctance, antipathy.

Disincline, dis-in-kliń, ত. : খুণা-কু; অপ্রকৃতি ক্যান ; To dislike ; to excite aversion in.

Disinolined, dis-in-klind, a. অনিছুক , বিৰেষী , Averse

Disincorporate, dis-in-kor'por-at, v t. সমবাহ সম্ভূতি-কু, To deprive of corporate rights.

Disinfect, dis-in-fekt, v. t. সংক্রামক বোগ হইতে মুক্ত-কু, To free from infection; to purify from contagious matter. Syn.—Purify, fumigate, deodorize. n=disinfection.

Disinfectant, dis-in-fektant, #. সংজ্ঞামক রোপ-বিনাশক বস্তু ; সংজ্ঞামক-বিবায়ক ঔষধ ; Any substance that destroys infection or infectious matter.

Disingenuity, n. 49631; Insincerity.

Disingenuous, dis-in-jenti-us, a. অসৰল; কুটল,
লঠ, কণ্ট; ধুৰ, Not frank or open; unfair. n=
disingenuousness. ad=disingenuously. Syn:—
Insincere, uncandid, unfair, dishonest, insiduous, deceitful, false.

Disinherit, dis-in-her'it, v t. পৈতৃক সম্ হইতে ব্যক্ত-কু; To cut off from an hereditary right. n=disinheritance.

Disintegrate, dis-inte-grat, v. t. মূল জংগে প্ৰক্ কু: মৌলিক জংশনমূহে বিভক্ত-কু, To separate into integral parts. n=disintegration. a=disintegrable Syn:—Discompound, separate, disunite, crumble, break to pieces.

Disinter, dis-in-ter', v. f. প্ৰোন্তোৰণ-ড়; To unbury .—পজাত বিশ্ব প্ৰকাশ-ড়; To disclose what was formerly in obscurity. n=disinterment

Disinterested, dis-inter-est-ed, a. নিৰোৰ্থ, বিষয়েক; অপকণাতী; Free from self interest, unbiased; impartial. n=disinterestedness. addisinterestedly. Syn:—Unbiased, impartial, uninterested, indifferent, unprejudiced; unselfish, generous, liberal.

Disinthral, dis-in-thraw!, v. t. शाहर श्रीक श्रूकः ; To set free from oppression; emancipate. Disjoin, dis-join, v. t. १४६-३; विक्रित-३; To part; to separate; to disunite. Syn —Sunder, disconnect, sever, dissociate, disintegrate, divide, detarch.

Disjoint, dis-joint, v. t. পृथक-क ; अविभिन्तिन-क ;

चन्।ज्ञ: Ş ; Sever ; disunite ; to make incoherent. n=disjointedness.

Disjunct, dis-jungkt, a. [L. dis, negative, and jungo, to join ] पृथक् ; विश्वितः ; Separated. Disjunction, dis-junkshun, m. जनारवान ; পাर्वन ; Separation ; disunion.

Disjunctive, dis-jungktiv, a. বিষোধন ; বিভিন্নকারন ; Separating :—বর্ধ-বিষোধন ; Disjoining the sense though joining words or clauses ;—н. বিষোধন অবায় ; A word which disjoins.

Disk-Same as Disc.

Dislike, dis-lik, v. t. আন্তা-ছ; হ্বণা-ছ; To disapprove of; to disrelish:—n. অনিছা; হ্বণা; Disinclination; aversion; antipathy; disapproval. Syn:—(n) Disrelish, distaste, repugnance, disgust; displeasure; disapprovation.

Dislocate, dislo-kat, v. f. সন্ধিচাত-কু; হানৱট্ট-কু.
Put out of place or joint; to displace; a dislocated. n=dislocation.

Dislocation, dis-18-káshun, n. ৰবিচাতি, ছাৰ-জংশ; The act of dislocating a joint; displacement.

Dislodge, dis-loi, v. t. বাসহাৰ হইছে বিভাডিত-ক ; বাসচাজ-ক ; To remove from a place ; to drive from a station :—v. i. হানাজ্যে গ্ৰন-ক ; To go away. needislodgement.

Disloyal, dis-loy'al, a. বাকবিলোহী ; কৰিবানী ; বিবাসবাভক ; False to one sovereign ; faithless, treacherous, n=disloyalty ad=disloyalty. Sym:
—Unfaithful, dishonest, treasonable, perfidious, traitorous.

Dismal, difmal, a. [L. dies, malus, evil day ]
ভীৰ, ছংখৰঃ; ছংখনক; Dreary, frightful,
dark; gloomy; sorrowful. Syn:—Lonesome,
gloomy, horrible, lamentable, dolorous, calamitious; sad, melancholy. ad-dismally

Dismantie, dismanti, v. f বিবয়-কু; মুর্লের প্রাচীব ভগ্ন-কু, To strip, to raze the fortifications, divest, dispossess, unrig.

Diamask, dis-mask, v.t. ছলবেশ অপসাধিত-কৃ, অনাচ্ছাদিত-কৃ; Strip of mask, uncover.

Dismast, dis-mast', v. t. মান্তলহীৰ-কু, To deprive of a mast.

Dismay, dis-mā, v. t. ভাষে বিজ্ঞান কু; ভাষাব্যনক, হডাল-কু, To terrify and confuse; to dishearten; to discourage —n. ভয়বিজ্ঞাতা, ভয়; A fright, fear. Syn:—(v) Terrify, frighten, affright, alarm, scare, appal; daunt; paralyze.

Dismomber, dis-member, v. t. 40 40-7; Cut limb from limb; sever, disjoint. \*\*\*medisemberment. Syn :-- Dislocate, mutilate; seperate.

Dismiss, dis-mi', [L di, away from, and mitto, to send ] বিশাস-তৃ; কর্মাত-তৃ; পদ্যত-তৃ; পাচ্যত-তৃ; পাচ্যত-তৃ; পাচ্যত-তৃ; পাচ্যত-তৃ; পাচ্যতিক, Displace, cashier; send off, despatch; set aside, reject.

Dismissal, dis-misal, Dismission, dis-mishun, n. नगर्मा ; विगम-मान ; Discharge from office or employment.

Diamount, dis-mount, v : আৰ হুট্ডে অবভাবিত-কৃ, অব্যোহণ-কৃ; To alight or get off from a horse; to descend:—p, t. আৰ হুট্ডে নিছেব কু; वार प्रेट्ड व्यवस्था क्यांत ; To throw off from a horse back or carriage ; to unhorse.

Disnaturalise, dis-nátur-al-iz, v. t. क्याकृषिय यह इतेष्ठ विक-कृ : To make alien ; to deprive of the privileges of birth.

Disobadience, dis-o-bē'di-ens, त्र. आख्री-जन्म ; वारक्य-ताल्य ; Neglect or refusal to obey.

Disobedient, dis-o-be'di-ent, a. भवाषा ; भारतन-भाषी ; Refusing to obey , refractory.

Disobey, dis-o-bā, v. t. [O. Fr. des. and obier, to obey] অবাভ-ত্ : আন্দেশ প্ৰকানত : To neglect or refuse to obey; to break the commands:—
v. i. অবাধ্য-ত ; To refuse obedience.

Disoblige, dis-o-blij, v. t. বিরক্ত-কৃ; To offend; do an unkindness to; to be unaccomodating:— অপরের ইক্ষাৰ বিকলে কার্য-কৃ; To do a thing against the wishes of another.

Disobliging, dis-o-blijing, a. অনুপৰারী ; নিচ্ব ; বিশ্ব , Not obliging ; unaccomodating ; unkind. ad=disobligingly.

Disorder, dis-or'der, m. বিশুখনতা; গোনবোগ; Irregularity; confusion:—জণান্তি; শান্তিভক; Disturbance, breach of the peace:—পীড়া; Disease, malady —v. t. বিশুখন কু, গোনবোগ-কু; To disarrange, to disturb:—পীড়িত-কু, বোগোংপাদন কু, To produce disease:—কিন্তু-কু; To derange Syn:—(n) Derangement, disarrangement; commotion, tumult, turbulence; complaint, ailment, indisposition, sickness, distemper, (v) Confuse, discompose, disorganize, unsettle, produce, desease in.

Disorderly, dis-or'der-li, a বিশুখাল; Out of order, in confusion; confused:— অবাধা, Lawless, unruly — অনিষ্মিত, Irregular — অসচাইত্ৰ, Victious, loose —ad বিশুখাৰ বা উচ্ছুখালভাবে, Without order; confusedly, in a lawless manner. Syn —(a) Irregular, confused, immethodical; lawless, rebellious, turbulent, unruly, ungovernable, retractory; inordinate, intemperate.

Disorganise, dis-or'gan-īz. v. t. পৃথাপা নষ্ট-ফু; বঙ বঙ-ফু; বিশ্বান-ফু; To break up a union of parts, to destroy order or system; to throw into utter disorder. n=disorganisation. Syn: —Derange, disorder; disarrange; break up

Disown, diz-উń, v. f. অধীকার-ফ; ত্যাপ-ফ; To deny, to renounce; to disclaim. Syn:—Disavow, disallow, abnegate, renounce.

Disparage, dis-par'āj, v. f. ছডাগ্র-কু; অসমান-কু; বিশা-কু; To undervalue; to decry. n= disparager. Syn:—Depreciate, underrate, detract from, derogate from, degrade, defame, traduce.

Disparagement, dis-paraj-ment, n. নিশা, হতাগৰ; অবাগৰ; Reproach; detraction; derogation. Syn:—Depreciation, detraction, debasement, degradation, disgrace, dishonour. A disparagement to—যানহানিকর; লযুকারক; Calculated to lesson the value or dignity of. Disparaging, n. অগ্যানকনক; Depreciating. Disparagingly, dis-par'sj-ing-li, ad. অগ্যানকনক হাবে; In a manner to dishonour.
Disparity, dis-par'i-ti, n. অগ্যাক; বৈন্য; w-

নামুড ; Inequality ; unlikeness. Syn :-- Diseimilarity, dissimilitude, disproportion.

Dispark, dis-park, v. f. त्वहेन होत-कृ; To throw open, as a park :-- मूक-कृ, To release; to set at large.

Dispart, dis-part, v. t. বিভাগ-ক; পৃথক্-ক; To divide; to separate:—v. i. পৃথক্-ফ; To separate:—n. কামানের পন্চান্তানেও মুখের দিকে দরিবেশিত বাতৃর বেবের তারতম্য, The difference between the semi diameter of the breach of a gun and the mussic.

Dispassion, dis-pashun, n. মানসিক হৈব্য, জিতে-শ্ৰিয়তা; A calm state of mind.

Dispassionate, a. ছিবসনা: ; থীয় ; থীতরার ; জিতেজিয় ; নিবংগক ; Cool ; impartial ; unmoved by feelings ; unruffied. Syn:—Calm, composed, serene, moderate, temperate, sober ; unbiased ; indifferent, disinterested. ad=dispassionately. Dispatch—Same as Despatch.

Dispel, dis-pel, v. t. [L. dis, away from, pello, to drive ] বিভিন্ন-ক; ছিন্নভিন্ন-ক; দ্বীভূত-ক; দ্ব-ক; To scatter; to disperse; to banish; to dissipate.

Dispensable, dis-pensa-bl, a. পরিতাজা; That may be dispensed with. n = dispensableness.

Dispensary, dis-pensar-i, n উষ্ধান্য; দাত্যু মিকিংসালয়, Place where medicines are sold or given away.

Dispensation, dis-pen-sashun, n. বটন, বিজ-বণ; Distribution:—বিধান, The dealing of God to his creatures.—নিধিছ কায় কৰিবাৰ অনুমতি-পত্ৰ; License from the Pope or a bishop to do what is forbidden — মৃদ্ধি, Exemption Syn — Distribution, appointment, allotment; administration, stewardship; system, scheme, plan, economy; exemption, privilege, immunity, indulgence.

[ ing dispensation.

Dispensative, dis-pensativ, a অসুমতি, Grant-Dispensative, dis-pensativ, Dispensatory, dis-pensator-i, a. অসুজাঞ্চান্তম; Granting or authorised to grant dispensation.

Dispense, dis-pense, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and pendo, to weigh] বিভরণ-কৃ, To distribute; to administer. n=dispenser. Syn:—Allot, apportion, assign; exonerate; set aside, disregard. Dispense with—প্রয়োজন না বাবা; সুরকার নাই

বলিবা ৰবাব দেওবা; Do without; not to require; permit the want of. [populate. Dispeople, dis-pe'pl, v. t. অন্যত্ত, To de. Dispermous, di-spermus, a. [Gr di, twofold,

sperma, a seed ] ছই বীজ বিশিষ্ট ; Twoseeded. Disperse, dis-pers, v. f. [L. di, asunder, apart, spargo, to scatter ] বিশিশু ক ; বাধিকু, বিশীৰ-ক ; আইভিক-ক ; To scatter ; to diffuse ; to spread ; to cause to vanish :—v. i. ছিন্নভিন্ন হ ; অপুত-হ ; To scperate, to vanish. Syn :—Dissipate, dispel ; diffuse, distribute, disseminate ; be dispelled, separate, disappear. n=disperser.

Dispersion, dis-per'shun, त. बारक्षा, हिस्सिक कृत्।; Scattering:—अवार निवादा; The removal of inflamation:—बारताव विरादा; (Optics) The separation of light in its different ways. Idaperatve, dis-pérsiv, a. ৰসাৰণাত্ৰ ; হিয়ভিত কৰ্ণকা ; Tending to disperse.

Dispirit, dis-pirit, e. t. বিধা-কু; হতাপ-কু; বিলং-বাহ-কু; বিভেগ-কু; To dishearten; to discourage. Syn:—Deject, damp, cast down.

Displace, dis-plas, v. t. হালচাত-ছ; বিশ্বান-ছ;
To put out of place; to disorder:—পদ. অবহা
বা সন্মন হৈতে অপহত-ছ; To remove from any
condition, state, office, or dignity. Syn:—Dislodge, remove; disarrange, derange, dismiss,
discharge, cashier, discard, depose. n=displacement. [of displacing.
Thisplacement, dis-platement w wignife: Act

Displacement, dis-plasment, n. ছানচাতি; Act Displant, v. t. নিৰ্বাচিত বা ছানান্তৰিত-ফু; বনশ্ত-ফু; To drive away from the usual place of residence; to strip of inhabitants.

Display, dis-pla, v. t. লাই-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিক-কু To exhibit; to show; to make manifest: w. প্রকাশ; প্রকাশি; Show, ostentatious show; parade. m=displayer. Syn:—(n) Exhibition, manifestation, parade, promp, pageant.

Displease, dis-ples, v. t. অসম্ভই-কৃ; বিষয়-কৃ,
To offend; to dissatisfy:—v i. বিষয়-কৃ; মুণা
হংগাদন-কৃ; To disgust, to raise aversion. Syn:
—Disgust, provoke, irritate, vex, anger, nettle.
Displeasure, dis-plezhur, n আনহোষ; বিয়কি;
কোষ; Anger; dissatisfaction. Syn:—Disapprobation, distaste, dislike; anger, indignation,
vexation, resentment; offence, injury.

Displode, dis-plod, v. : সন্ধে বিদীৰ্ভ; Explode, discharge; to burst with a loud sound. Displume, dis-ploum, v. e. পক্ষীৰ-ড়; To deprive of feathers.

Dispone, dis-poh, a t [L. dispono, to arrange] আইনাৰ্সাৱে হড়ান্তর-ডু. To convey legally.

Disport, dis-port, v. i. ক্রাড়া-কু; To play; to sport:—আনোদিত-হ; হবোৎকুল হইনা বিচরণ-কু, To divert, amuse, or enjoy one's sell to move in gaiety:—v. t. আনোদিত-কু; To divert or amuse. Disposable, dis-poza-bl, a. বাবহার্য; প্রদেষ, That may be disposed; free to be used.

Disposal, dis-potal, Disposure, n. বিভাগ;
A setting or arranging; arrangement:—পরিভালন; Management, direction:—বিভাগ, Distribution:—ভান করিবায় অধিকায়; Right of bestowing. Syn:—Disposition, dispensation, regulation; control, government, ordering.

At the disposal of—( বেরপ ইচ্ছা) বিলিয়োগ করি-বার অধিকার; Under the absolute control of one ( used of things which one has the power of employing any way one likes).

Dispose, dis-p52, v. t. [L. dis, and ponere, to lay, put, set ] বিভাগ-ড়; বিভাগ-ড়; To arrange:
—ক্ষোনিবেশ-ড়; To incline the mind of:—বাব-ড়; To distribute:—বিভাগ-ড়; ট্রন্ড; To bestow, to adjust. Syn:—Set, order, fix, determine, settle, arrange, regulate; incline, lead, induce, move, bias; give, bestow, alienate, transfer. n=disposer.

Dispose for जैनकु ; Make fit for.

Dispose of—হয়াজা-কু; বিজ্ঞা-কু; Part with; to sell:—ব্যব্যাক্ত; To use or employ:—ব্যোগ ৰক্ষে কলাং-হ; কোৰ কিছু হুইকে উদ্বাস-হ; Get rid of:--কোৰ অবহাৰ অবহাণিত-ফু; To place in any condition. [ cline the mind ( of one ) to. Dispose ( one ) to--কোৰ দিকে বৰ বাৰ্মান; In-Dispose to--ৰত-ফু; Incline.

Disposed, a. 表面 ; Inclined ; minded.

Disposition, dis-po-zishun, n. [ L. dis, apart, and pono, to place ] বিভাগ; কৌ; সজীকৰণ; Order; method; arrangement:—প্রকৃতি; কভাব; Temper; inclination:—হড়াত্তিক কৰণ; বাদান; Conveyance or assignment; a giving over to another. Syn:—Disposing, disposal, classification, grouping; management, regulation, control, ordering; proneness, aptness, tendency, propensity, bent, bias, humour; habit, frame, constitution, charater.

Disposess, dis-poz-zes, v. t. অধিকারনাট্ড বৃ ; অধিকারচাত-কু, To put out of possession; eject. n=dispossession Syn:—Divest, deprive, strip; eject, onset, disseize.

Dispraise, des-praz, n. নিশা; তিরকার; Blame, censure; reproach:—v. t. নিশা-ফু; তিরকার-ফু; To blame; to censure. n=dispraiser. Syn:—(n) Reproach, disparagement, discommendation, depreciation; dishonour, disgrace.

Dispread, dis-pred, v. t. নানা দিকে বিভিশ্ব-ছ ; To spread in different ways :-- v 1. বিশ্বত-ছ ; এনাবিত-ছ , To spread out ; to extend.

Disproof, dis-proof, n. অম্প প্রস্কু; Conviction of error; refutation; confutation.

Disproportion, dis-pro-por'shun, n. আবৰঃ; বৈষম; অসামজন্ত, অনুপৰোগিতা; Inequality, want of symmetry; enequality; unsuitableness: v.t. আৰোগ্য বোজনা-কৃ; আকাৰাখিতে অনুপৰ্জ-কৃ; To make unsuitable in form or size; to mismatch.

Disproportionable, dis-pro-pör'shun-a-bl, Disproportional, dis-pro-pör'shun-al, a. অসমান; বিবৰ; অৱপাৰক; Unequal, unsuitable. ad=disproportionably, disproportionally.

Disproportionate, dis-pro-por'shun-হা, a. বিষয়; অসুপায়েকী; Unsymmetrical; unsuitable. n=disproportionateless. ad=disproportionately. Disprove, dis-prové, v. t. [L. dis, and probare, to prove ] প্ৰমাণ কৰনক; To confute; to refute. Disputable, dispe-ta-bl, a. বিভাষা; ক্ষমীশাংসিত; Controvertible, n=disputableness. ad=disputably.

Disputant, disputant, Disputer, dis-puter, n. জাৰ্কি; One who argues; one given to dispute; a controvertist.

Disputation, dis-pu-tashun, ন. বিচাৰ; তর্জ; বাস্বুদ্ধ; বাদাসুবাদ; A controversy; argumentation.

Disputatious, dis-pu-táshus, Disputative, dis-putá-tiv, a. véfer; Inclined to dispute; prone to controversy. Syn:—Litigious, quarrelsome, contentious, argumentative, polemical. Dispute, dis-put, v. t. [L. drs, apart, and puto, to think] father; To contend for question; to discuss:—v. t. vá-; father; To contend by argument; to debate:—n. viiii

বাৰ; বিচার বিভৰ্ক; An argument, debate. Syn:— (৩) Controvert, contest, doubt, impugn; argue, (n) Disputation, question, controversy; quarrel, disagreement.

In dispute—বাহা সইয়া বিবাদ বা বচসা হয়; Which is the subject of debate or contest.

Disqualify, dis-kwoli-fi, v. t. অনুপৰ্ত-কৃ; জকম-কৃ: Render unfit; deprive of legal capacity, power or right; disable. n=disqualification. Disquiet, dis-kwi'et, n আশান্তি; বাক্লভা; উৎকটা; Uneasiness; restlessness; anxiety.—v. t অন্তির-কৃ; অনুধী-কৃ; To disturb; to make uneasy or restless. Syn:—Agitate, discompose, annoy, trouble, molest, perplex, harass, vex, worry.

Disquiotude, dis-kwi'et-ūd, Disquietness, n. অভিনতা; বাংকুলতা; উৎকঠা; Uncasiness; agitation Syn:—Restlessness, anxiety, solicitude, trouble.

Disquisition, dis-kwi-zishun, n. [L. dis, intensive, and quaero, to seek ] আবোচনা, বচনা; প্রকা, Argumentative enquiry; an elaborate argumentative essay. Syn.—Dessertation, treatise, paper, essay.

Disrogard, dis-re-gard, v. t. অপাচ-কু; অবজা-কু, To slight, to neglect:—n. অবজা; ডাছিলা, উপহাৰ, Want of attention: neglect; slight. Syn—(v) Overlook, despise, dishke, contemn, disdain, scorn, disparage, disesteem.

Disrogardful, dis-re-gardiool, a. উপেকাপূৰ্ব, অবস্থান, অস্থান, Newlectful; careless, heedless ad = disregardfully.

Disrolish, dis-relish, v. t অনিজ্ঞা প্রকাশ-তৃ,
ত্বণা-তৃ; To dislike, to have an aversion for —
n. অকচি, অপ্রবৃত্তি, তুণা, Dislike; distake Syn:—
(n) Distaste, aversion, antipathy, repugnance.
Disropair, dis-re-put', n. সংকার-বিহ্ নতা; State of being not in repair.

Disreputable, dis-rep'ti-ta-bl, a. নিন্দনীয ; অপ-মানক্ষনক ; অদন্ধানকারী ; জজ্জাকর ; Discreditable , shameful, disgraceful Syn — Dishonourable, low, mean, vicious, contemptible, base, vile.

Disrepute, dis-re-put, Disreputation, disrep-U-tashun, n. অপ্যান, অপ্যান, নিন্দা, Dishonour, disgrace,

Disrespect, dis-re-spekt, n. অসমান , কণিইতা ; Incivility ; irreverence :---০. t. অসমান প্রদশন-কু , To show disrespect to.

Disrespectful, dis-re-spektfool, a. अभि:, Wanting on respect; uncivil. ad=disrespectfully.

Disrobe, dis-rub, v. f. বিবন্ধ-কু; উলন্ধ-কু, To undress, to strip, to unclothe, to uncover.

Disroot, dis-rout, v. t. নিশ্বল-কু; To tear up by the roots.

Disrupt, a. ভয় , Rent assunder; broken. Disruption, dis-jup'shun, Disrupture, [ L. dis., asunder, and rumpo, to break ] বিশ্বৰ, ভাট; Breach; rent. n=disruptive.

Dissatisfaction, dis-sat-is-fakshun, n. জ্বনবোৰ; জ্বান্ত : Discontent, uneasiness, dislike. Syn:—Discontentment, displeasure, disapprobation, distaste.

Dissatisfactory, dis-sat-is-faktor-i, a. আনুধি-অনক; Displeasing; causing dissatisfaction. Dissatisfied, dis-satis-fid, a. অনুদ্ধটু; Discontented; offended; not pleased. [please. Dissatisfy, dis-sat'is-fi, v. t. অনুদ্ধান্ত ; To dis-Dissatisfy, dis-sat's-fi, v. t. অনুদ্ধান্ত ; To dis-

Dissatisfy, dis-sat'is-fi, v. t. অসন্তই-ফু; To dis-Dissoct, dis-sckt', v. t. [L. dis, asunder, in pieces, seco, to cut ] পরীকার কন্ত প্রতক্তি ; প্রের ব্যবস্থেদ-ফু; To anatomise; to divide and examine minutely. Syn:—Analyze, investigate, lay open a=dissectible.

Dissection, dis-sekshun, n. মৃত শ্ৰ ব্ৰছ্ছেন;
শ্ৰীৰ ব্ৰহ্ছেদ্বিদ্যা; The act of dissecting;
anatomy.

Dissector dis-seksor a Theorem (Occupant)

Dissector, dis-sektor, n. ব্যক্তেদক; One who Disseise, Disseize, dis-set, v t. অভাযপূৰ্কৰ অধিকায়ন্ত্ৰীয় ; To disposes wrongfully.

Disseisin, Disseisin, dis-sizin, n. অস্ত্রারপূর্বক অধিকার-এই করণ; Act of wrongfully dispossessing a person of his hereditaments.

Desseizor, dis-গ্ৰহ-or, n. বে ব্যক্তি অস্তায়পূৰ্কক অধিকারন্ত্রই কৰে; One who dispossesses another wrongfully.

Dissemble, dis-sembl, v. f. [ L. dis, negative, and similis, like ] ছমুবেশ ধাৰণ-ফু; সভা গোগৰ-ফু; To disguise; to simulate; to mask:—v. i. কণটতা-ফু; বিধানতাৰ ধাৰণ-ফু; To play the hypocrite; to assume a false appearance. n=dissembler. Syn:—Conceal, cloak, cover, feign, affect, simulate, counterfeit, play a part.

Disseminato, dis-semin-at, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and semino, to show] বিকাশ-ছ; বিকিপ্ত-ক; ব্যাপ্ত-ফ; To propagate; to diffuse; to circulate. Syn:—Spread, circulate, disperse, promulgate. n=dissemination, disseminator.

Dissemination, n. नाति ; निवान ; Dispersion ; diffusion.

Dissension, dis-senshun, n. বিবাদ; মত ভেদ; অমিল, Discord; strife; disagreement in opinion. Syn:—Contention, variance, disagreement, difference, quarrel, strife.

Dissent, dis-sent, v i. [L. dis, apart from, and sentio, to think ] feathta free; feather; To differ; to think differently, to differ from the established church:—n. feathe; we con; Difference of opinion; disagreement. Syn:—(v) Disagree; withhold; assent, refuse to agree.

Dissentor, dis-senter, n. ইংল্ডদেশহাপিত বডেয় ভিয়মভাবলমী; A non-comformist; a dissidient. Dissentient, dis-senshent, a. অসমত; Disagreeing; declaring dissent:—n. বিকল্প মভাবল্যী ব্যক্তি; One who disagrees and declares his dissent.

Dissertation, dis-ér-táshun, n. [ L. dis, and sero, to join, to put in a row ] दिनोत्र : उर्क ; क्षेत्रक ; कृत्र्न , A formal discourse; a treatise; a disquisition; essay. a=dessertional.

Dissertator, diser-ta-tor, n. তাৰিক; প্ৰবন্ধ-লেবক, A debator; one who writes a dissertation. [injure; to hurt; to harm. Disserve, dis-serv, n. ং বানি-ক; কতি-ক; To Disservice, dis-servis, n. হানি; কতি; ব্যক্ষার; ব্যিষ্ট্; Injury; mischief, Disserviceable, dis-sérvis-a-bl, c. হানিমনক ; কতিকারক ; Injurious ; mischievous.

Dissever, dis-sever, v.t. न्यक-क ; विर्क्ष-क ; व्यक्त-क ; व्यक्त-क ; To separate ; to sunder. n=disseverance.

Disseverance, dis-sever-ans, n. বিরোজন; বিরোজন;

Dissident, disi-dent, a. [ L. dis, apart, and sedeo, to sit ] বিদ্যাণী; Dissenting; discordant:
—n. আচলিত ধর্মতের বিক্ষম্ভাবল্থী; A dissenter.
n dissidence.

Dissilient, dis-silyent, a. [ L. dis, asunder, salio, to leap ] পৃথকভাবে লক্ষকারী; বিধীপনাৰ ও বিকাশনাৰ; Bursting and opening with electic force:—বিকাশক; Bursting open. n=dissilence.
Dissimilar, dis-simi-lar, a. [ L. dis, and similis, resembling ] অসম্প ; Unlike. Syn:—Different diverse. various. ad=dissimilarly.

Dissimilarity, dis-sim-i-lar'i-ti, n. অসমতা; আনায়ত্ত : Resemblance ; unlikeness.

Dissimilitude, dıs-si-mili-tūd, n. অসমতা; অসা-মুখ; Unlikeness; dissimilarity. Syn:—Dissimilarity, diversity, disparity, difference.

Dissimulato, v. i. जान-कृ; To dissemble; to feign.

Dissimulation, dis-sim-অ-lashun, n. কণ্টতা; ছমবেশ; ভান; Hypocrisy; a feigning; false pretension; duplicity.

Dissipate, disi-pat, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, supo, to throw into] বিকীৰ্-কু; বিভাগ-কু; To scatter:—জগবান-কু; To waste, to squander:—
v. i. অনুত-হু; To separate and disappear:—
ফরপ্রত-হু; To waste away. Syn:—Disperse, dispel; spend, expend, consume, lavish.

Dissipation, dis-i-páshun, n. বিভিন্নতা; Dispersion:—বিভিন্ন মনোযোগ; Scattered attention:—বাশটা; Dissolute living. Syn:—Scattering; vanishing, disappearance; excess, profligacy, debauchery.

Dissociate, dis-so'shi-ম', v. f [1.. dis, asunder, and socio, to unite] বিযুক্ত-তু; অসংবৃত্ত-তু; বিভক্ত-তু; To disunite; to separate; to part. n=dissociation.

Dissolubility, n. তাৰ হইবাৰ শক্তি; ত্ৰংনীয়তা; Capacity of being dissolved by heat or moisture. Dissoluble, dis-ol-u-bl, a. ত্ৰবন্ধীয়; Dissolvable. n=dissolubility.

Dissolute, disol-lit, a. ইক্সিম্বারণ; লগট; Profligate; lewd; licentious. Syn:—Uncurbed, disorderly, wild, wanton, luxurious, vicious, rakish, debauched. ad=dissolutely. n=dissoluteness.

Dissolution, dis-ol-u'shun, n. জাৰণ; জাৰ্ছত কৰণ; বিগলন, Act of dissolving or liquifaction:
—সভা ভল কৰণ; The dispersion of an assembly:
—বিলেব, বিধান; আনে; Decomposition; destruction. Syn:—Melting, solution; putrefaction, termination, breaking up, overthrow, extinction, death.

[ Capable of being melted.
Dissolvable, diz-zolva-bl, a. জ্বৰণীয়; বিগলনীয়;
Dissolva, diz-zolv, v.f. [ L. dis, and solvo, to loose] পুৰ্ক-কৃ; ভল-কৃ; To separate; to break

Dissolvent, diz-zolvent, a. जोवक; Having power to melt or dissolve.

Dissonance, diśo-nans, Dissonancy, ন. বিষয়; অমিল: লয়শুলুভা; Discord; disagreement.

Dissonant, diso-nant, a. [ L. dis. apart, sono, to sound ] কৰ্ণ ; বিষয় ; শ্ৰুচিকটু; ঋষিল ; Discordant; inharmonious; unpleasant to the ear; harsh; disagreeing.

Dissuado, dis-swad, v t. [ L. dis, against, and suadeo, to advice ] প্রতিনিস্ত-ক , প্রতিকৃলে প্রামর্শদে; To advise or exhort against.

Dissuade (one) from---(कान विषय दहेटल निवृक-कृ ; Divert one by persuasion from anything.

Dissussion, dis-swizhun, n. প্রতিনিবৃত্ত করিবার প্রামর্ণ ; Advice against some thing.

Dissuasive, dis-swiziv. a. নিবৰ্জক, Tending to dissuade:—n. নিবৰ্জক বিষয়; That which tends to dissuade. ad=dissuasively. [ syllables. Dissyllabio, di-sil-labik, a. কিমাত্রিক; Of two Dissyllable, dis-siln-bl, n. বিমাত্রিকপদ; A word of two syllables. a=dissyllabic.

Distaff, distaf, n. क्वन ।, क्विन ; Staff for spinning :--- बोरनाक ; A woman.

Distain, dis-tah, v t. [L. dis, and tingo, to stain] কলভিত-কু; মলিন-কু; To stain; to sully, to tarnish.

Distance, distans, n. [L. distare, to stand apart] যুৱড়, Space between any two things; remoteness:—সন্মান; Respect:—আলাপ-বিমুখড়া; আলাপে অনিছা; Reserve; coldness; ceremoniousness:—Interval of time:—v.t. মুরে কেলা; পকাতে কেলা; To place at a distance; to teave behind:—অভিক্র-ড়; To surpass or excel. Syn:—(n) Separation, remoteness, space; interval, Keep at arm's length; not allow one to come into close contact or familiarity.

Distant, distant, a. [ L. dis, apart, and sto, to stand ] খ্বছ; Remote:—পুণক; Separate:— খনালাগী; Reserved, cold.—লাজুক; Shy:—খলাগু; Indistinct. Syn:—Aloof, asunder, far, apart; reserved, cold; ceremonious, haughty; slight, faint, indirect ad=distantly.

Distante, dis-tast, n অকচি , বিবৃত্তি ; Dishke of food , dishke , disrelish , disgust —v. t অনিছা একাশ-কৃ; স্বৃণ্-কৃ, To disrelish, to dishke, to loathe.

Distasteful, dis-tasticol, a. অত্থিকৰ; বিৰম্ভিকৰ; Unpleasant to the taste; oftensive. Syn:
—Nauscous, unpalatable, unsavoury; lothsome, disgusting, repulsive. ad=distastefully.
n=distastefulness.

Distemper, dis-temper, ন. পাড়া ; Disease :ভিত্তবৈশ্য ; Ill humour :--- : . পাড়ত-মু ; To

disorder: The ; To irritate; to derange the temper. Syn:—(n) Disorder, sickness, illness, malady, ailment, complaint.

Distend, dis-tend, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, tendo, to stretch] বিভাৰ-তৃ; কীত-তৃ: To swell; to spread:—v. i. কীত-তৃ; বিভ্ত-তৃ; To swell, to stretch. Syn:—Dilate, expand, enlarge, increase; puff, inflate, stretch, widen, swell, bloat. [may be stretched. Distensible, dis-ten-si-bl, a. অসাৰজন ; That Distensive, dis-ten-siv, a. মসাৰজ; আসাৰজন বা

প্রায়প্র ; Capable of being stretched.

Distention, dis-tenshun, n. প্রশ্বতা ; বিভৃতি ;
ধ্যাবণ ; The act of or state of being distended.

Distich, distik, n. [Gr. dis, twice, and stichos,
a line, verse ] বিচরণ সোক ; বিচরণ কবিতা ; Two

poetical lines making complete sense.

Distil, dis-til, v. s. [L. de, down, and stillo, to drop—stilla, a drop] কোঁটা কোঁটা কৰিয়া পড়া; ধাৰে ধীৰে বহিয়া বাত্ৰা, To fall in drops; to flow gently:—v. t. কোঁটা কোঁটা কৰিয়া কেনা, To let fall in drops:—চুয়াইয়া বাহিৰ-কু; To extract by heat. Distillation, dis-til-áshun, n. চুয়াৰ; চোঘাইয়া বাহিৰ কৰা; পৰিকৃত কৰণ; Act or process of distilling, rectifition.

Distillatory, dis-tila-tör-i, a. পরিক্লন্তকরণ নম্প্রকার ; তৎকার্থ্যে ব্যবহুত : Belonging to or used for distillation.

[ who distills.

Distillor, dis-tifer, n বে ব্যক্তি পৰিজ্ঞত কৰে, One Distillery, dis-tifer-i, n. মদের ভাটিধানা বা কার-ধানা . Place for distilling.

Distinct, dis-tingkt, a বছয়; পৃথকু; বিভিন্ন; Separate, different:—নিশিষ্ট; শায়; Defined, clear; plain Syn:—Obvious, distinguishable, manifest, not dim, not obscure. ad-distinctly n=distinctness.

Distict from—वज दक्ष्य ; Different from.

Distinction, dis-tingkshun, n. পার্ব্য; বিভেদ; Separation, division:—প্রাথায়; প্রেইডা; Eminence; rank; note; superiority. Syn:—Discrimination; renown, fame.

A distinction without s difference—এ
ছইবে কোন প্রছেদ নাই অধ্চ পৃথক বলিয়া গণা।

Distinctive, dis-tingk-tiv, a পাৰ্থকা প্ৰকাশক; That marks distinction or difference. ad=distinctively. n=distinctiveness.

Distinguish, dis-ting'gwish, v t. [ L dis. asunder, and stinguo, to prick | পুথক-কু, প্রভিন্ন-इ: पण्ड-कृ; To separate or divide by some mark or quality :-- विकास-क ; To discern critically ; to judge :-- अभिष-क ; विशाज-क ; To signalise; to make eminent :- v. i. आरबन-कृ; To make distinctions; to find the difference. Syn: -Separate, devide ; characterize, mark, discriminate; discern, perceive, recognize, signalize, honour, celebrate. [ a distinction between. Distiguish between—ছুইনের প্রভেগ-কু; Make Distinguish from—प्रेराव वास्त्र-कृ, Make a distinction between :--কোন বিশেষ লক্ষণের ছারা কাহাকে চিনিতে পারা; Mark one out from others. Distinguishable, dis-ting'gwish-a-bl, a. किड-मनीय : बारकमभीय : That may be distinguished :-

প্রবাদ ; Worthy of special regard. ad = distin-

Distinguished, dis-ting'gwisht, a. 1915;
Conspicuous; celebrated; illustrious; eminent.

Syn:—Famous, transcendent, superior, extraordinary.
[characteristic.
Distinguishing, a. 191944; etcw; Peculiar;

Distinguishing, a. বিশেষৰ ; প্ৰতেখ ; Peculiar ; Distort, dis-tort, w. f. [ L. dis, asunder, tortus, to twist ] বিকৃত-কৃ; সাভাষিক বা প্ৰকৃত গঠনের ব্যভাষ-কৃ; To twist out of a natural or regular shape :
— প্ৰকৃত অৰ্থেব ব্যভাষ-কৃ; অপহন্তৰ-কৃ; To wrest from the true meaning; to pervert.

Distortion, dis-tor'shun, n. যোচড়াৰ; বিৰুদ্ধ কৰণ; বক্তা, A twisting out of regular shape; visible deformity; crookedness:—প্ৰকৃত অৰ্থের ব্যত্যয়; A perversion of the true meaning of words. Syn:—Contortion; wryness, deformity; perversion, misrepresentation.

Distract, dis-trakt, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and tratio, tractus, to draw] নানা দিকে আকর্থ-কু;
To pull different ways at once:—হতব্দিক;
হয়ন-কু; To confound; to harass:—পানন-কু;
To render crazy; used in the p. p.; distracted.
Syn —Divert, discompose, confuse; perplex;
disconcert, bewilder, disturb; derange, madden. a=distracted, ad=distractedly.

Distraction, dis-trakshun, n. হতব্দিতা; পোল-মাল; State of being confused, confusion; perplexity:—বৈশনা; কিবজা; Perturbation; madness. Syn:—Alienation, aberration; bewilderment, derangement, mania, agitation, commotion, disorder, di-sension, discord, wandering, insanity, raving.

Distrain, dis-tran, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and stringo, to draw light] ক্লোক-কু; To seize the persons or goods for debt or rent.

Distrainor, dis-tranor, Distrainer, dis-traner, n. क्ष्मिकावी ; He who seizes goods for debt. Distraint, dis-trant, n. (क्रांक; A seizure of goods for debt. [ Distracted, perplexed. Distraught, dis-trawt, a. विकृष्यना : इन्दृष्टि : Distress, dis-tres, n. अठाउ त्रन ; गोलन योजनी ; Extreme pain or suffering: - ছাৰ্মৰ; বিশংপাত; ছু: थ ; ছुर्फ्न । ; शांतिका ; Calamity ; adversity ; misfortune; poverty —মান ক্লোক; The act of distraining goods: - v. t. बाबा-(य ; क्राब-(य ; To afflict with pain or suffering :- भान (कांक-क ; To distrain :-- হয়বাণ-ক ; ছ:খিত-ক ; To harass, to greive. Syn := (n) Affliction, misery, trouble, grief, anguish; agony, gripe; privation, destitution, indigence, straits. (v) Pain, grieve, trouble, perplex; take, seize, distrain.

Distressful, dis-tressfool, a. ছ:বজনক; ক্লেকক; বেশকক; Calamitous. ad=distressfully.

Distribute, dis-tribut, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, tribo, tributus, to allot] বটন-ছ; ভাগ কৰিছা দেৱা: To deal out; to allot:—বেণীৰ্ছ-ক; To classify:—v. i. বিভর্ণ-ছ; To make distribution. Syn:—Dispense, deal, apposition, share, assign, administer; arrange, assort, dispose.

Distributer, dis-tribu-ter, n. वर्षेवकांबी : वर्षेक ; One who distributes or deals out, Distribution, dis-tri-bū'shun, n. বটৰ, Allotment — শ্ৰেণবছৰৰ , Classification. Syn — Apportionment, dispensation, disposal, arrangement, disposition, grouping

Distributive, dis-tribu-tiv, a. বিভাৰৰ , বটন-কারী, That divides or separates. ad-distri-

butively

District, dis-trikt, n. [L. distringo, to draw light] প্রগণা, জেলা, প্রগণা, প্রগণা, A territorial division, a tract, a portion, a region — 
ত ধ প্রদেশে বিভাগ কু, To divide into districts

Distrust, dis-trust, n. অপ্ৰভাৱ, অবিখান, দলেহ,
Doubt, suspicion, want of faith — v ঃ অপ্ৰভাবফু, অবিখাস-ফু, সন্দেহ-ফু, To disbelieve, to
doubt Syn — (v) Mistrust, misbelieve, discredit, disbelieve.

Distrustful, a স্পিহানচিত, স্পিক, Suspicious. n=distrustfulness ad=distrustfully.

Disturb, dis-turb, v t [L dis and turbo, to agitate] গোলমাল-ক, বিষক্ত-ক, To perplex, to disquiet, to confuse, to vex Syn — Agitate, shake, derange, disorder, unsettle, discompose, disgust, trouble, incommode, interrupt, impede, hinder, distract n=disturber.

Disturbance, dis-turb ans, n গোল্যাল, বিরক্তি, Tumult, disorder, perplexity. Syn —Agita tion, confusion, commotion, perturbation, moles tation, annoyance, disgust, interruption, hindrance, tumult, browl, uproar.

Disumion, dis-thyan, n অসংযোগ, অবৈষ্), পাৰ্থৰ), Discord, disorder, separation Syn—Disjunction, severance, schism, breach, rupture Disumite, dis-ti-nit, v t বিষ্কুক, To sever or sunder—v i. প্ৰকৃষ্, To part, to become separate Syn—Divide, part, sever, disjoin sunder, separate, ditach, segregate, disconnect Disusage, n অব্যব্যা, Gradual cessation of use or custom

Disuse, dis-u/, n অব্যবহার, প্রথা বাহিত্য, Neglect of use, cessation of use or custom —v t (dix-uf) শ্ব্যবহার-কু, Fo cease to use or practise

Ditch, ditch, ন. থাত, পৰিধা, প্ৰ.প্ৰণালী A trunch cut in the ground, a moat — v t থাত বাটা, To dig a ditch in, to form ditches — v.s থাত খনন-ফু, Io make a ditch [ditches Ditcher, dicher, n খাত খননকায়ী, One who digs Ditheism, di-the-izm, n. [Gr ds, two, theo., a god ] যাগ্ৰ-ৰাণ, The doctrine of the existence of two gods

Dithyrumb, dithi-ram, Dithyrumbus, dithi-rambus, n সঙ্গীত বা কবিতা বিশেষ, An ancient Greek hymn in honour of Bachus a=dithyram bc ( প্ৰাষ্ট্ৰ, Wild and boisterous).

Ditto, ditō, contracted Do, n [L dico, to 'ay] ঐ বৰষ, I he same thing —ad পুৰ্বোক প্ৰকাৰে, In like manner

Cry ditto—অন্তে বাহা বলে তাহাতে সায় দেওৱা , Say the same, aquiesce in what another says Say ditto to—সায় দেওৱা , Assent to

Ditty, diti, n [L dicto, to dictate] 利多, 利信-等可, A song, a poem to be sung.

Diveretio, di-u-retik, a [Gr dia, through, and ouron, urine] মুৱাবৃদ্ধিবাৰ, Having the power to promote flow of urine —n. মুৱাবৃদ্ধিবাৰ উৰ্ব, A medicine that increases the discharge of urine

Diurnal, di-ui'nal, a [ L dies, a day ] গৈনিক; গৈননিক, Daily —n দৈনিক হিনাব, A journal; a day-book a=diurnally

Divan, di-van, n বিচায়ালৰ, A court of justice
— ত্রগ বাজসভা, A council chamber or hall, the
great council of the Turkish Empire — পুণপালাগার, A smoking room — কাবভাসংগ্রহ, A collection of poems

Divaricate, di-var'i-kāt, v : [L dis, and varico, to spiead the lcgs] ছই শাধাৰ্য বিভন্ত ইত্যা .
Divide into two , fork , open wide —v t. ছই শাখাৰ্য বিভন্ত-কু , lo divide into two branches — n A widely divergant Syn —Fork, diverge, branch off n=divarication.

Divo, div. ত ঃ জলমগ্ন হ , To plunge into water, to sink —কোন বিষয়ে গঙীবন্পে প্ৰেৰ কু , lo go dccp into any subject , penetrate

Diver, div-ci, n. ড্ৰাণা, One who dives — পাৰকোডি বিশেষ, A waterlowl

Divergo, di-verg, v : [L dis, asunder, vergo, to incline] এক বিন্দু হহতে নানা গিকে বাজি ২, Spread or go several ways from one point — পৃথকভাবে উচাইখা-বা, To incline or turn asunder Syn —Radiate, divarie ite, branch off, wander from, deviate, depart. ad=divergingly

Divergement, Divergence, di-reigens Divergency, di-reigens, n নাৰা লিবে অসাধৰ প্ৰবিটা, বহুদ্বে প্ৰসাব, Lendency to recode from one point, going further apart

Divergent, di-verient, a. প্রদারণীল, Rececd-ding from one point

Divors, di vei/, a নানা প্ৰকাৰ, এক ধিক, Various, sundiy, more than one but not many

Diverso, divers a অনম, ভিন্ন, Unlike, dissimi iar — নানাবিধ, বছনপা, Various, multiform ad= diversely.

Divorsion, di-ver' hun, n আন্টোল, বেশা বিপ্রাম .
Amusement, play, recreation —প্রধান আন্তমান্তর ইতি করের মন আব্দান The act of drawing the attention of the enemy from the point of attack—প্যতি পরিবরণ, I he ict of turning aside Syn—Disgression, entertainment, pastime, game, sport, play

Divorsified, p a টিৰ বিচিত্ৰ, Distinguished by various forms or by variety of aspects

Diversify, di ver si fi, v t [L diversus, and facio, to make ] বিভিন্ন ক, প্রভেশ-ক, চিন্ত বিচিন্দ ক, lo give variety, to vary n=diversification Diversity, di-ver si-ti, n. বিভিন্নতা, প্রভেশ, অন্যত্ত্ব, Difference, variety, unlikeness. Syn—Dissimilitude, variation, dissimilarity, multiformity

Divert, di veit, [ L dis, aside, and verto, to turn ] নিবৃত্ত-কৃ, To turn aside — আবোদিত-কৃ, বি নাদিত-কৃ, To amuse, to entertain — বিষয়কৰ্ম বা পাড়াগুলা হইতে মনেব গড়ি পরিবর্ত্তন-কু, To turn the mind from business of study. Syn.—De-

flect; please, gratify, delight, recreate. z=diverting. ad=divertingly.

Divert to or into 47 विषय स्ट्रेंट अस विषय (न्याम : Turn off from one subject to another.

Diverting, a. चानवणनक ; Amusing.

Dives. s. A rich miserly sinner.

Divest, di-vest, v. i. [L. dis, and vestio, to clothe—vestis, a garment] 使两字; [वर्ष-रू; To strip, as of clothes; arms:—विष्ठ-रू; To deprive; to dispossess. n—divestiture.

Divest of—কোন বেশ ত্যাগ-কৃ; Strip oneself of (as clothes):—পরিহার-কৃ; Leave of .—বৰ্জ্জিড-কৃ; Deprive of :—মুক্ত-কৃ; Free from.

Divide, di-vid, v. t. [L. dis, asunder and viduare, to part] পৃথক-ক; To separate; to disunite:—বৰ্তন-ক, To allot:—ছই অংশে বিভক-ক; To separate into two parts:—v.i. থিৰত হ, বিভক-ক, বিশা হও; To part; to sunder:—উল্টেন-ক; To open. Syn:—Sever, sunder. cleave, disect; deal out, distribute, share, allot, apportion.

Dividend, divi-dend, গ. হিন্তা; উত্তৰ্শকে ধণ-পরিশোধে অসমর্থ ব্যক্তির দংশান্তির বে আংশ প্রদন্ত হয়; A share of a sum divided; a part or share divided to creditors out of the estate of a bankrupt:—
ভাল্য; The sum to be divided.

Divider, di-vider, n. विस्तिक ; स्निक ; He or that which divides ; a distributor.

Divination, divi-nā-shun, n. ভবিবাৎ কখন; ভবিবাংৰী, Fortelling future events; prediction; conjecture. Syn:—Augury, presage, prophecy.

Divine, di-vih, a. [L. divinus, from divus, deus, a God] ৰগীয়; ঐৰ্থিক, Heavenly; belonging to the deity:—প্ৰিঞ্জ; Holy; sacied.—
অনুপম, মৰ্কোৎকৃত্ত, Excellent.—n. ধৰ্মপ্ৰচাৰক; ধৰ্মণাৰক; A minister of the gospel; a clergyman; a theologian:—v.t. ভবিষ্যুৎ বলা; To foretell or predict.—v.i. গ্ৰহেৰ ব্যৱসা-ক; পূৰ্বস্তুনা পাৰ্জ্ঞা, To practise divination; to have forebodings. Syn:—(a) Godlike, spiritual, supernatural, superhuman:—(v) Fortell, predict, presage; conjecture, guess, surmise, fancy, suspect, suppose. ad—divinely.

Divine faith, n. ধর্মত বিশেষ; The new form of religion established by Akbar, based upon natural theology. [ divination; a conjecturer. Diviner, di-viń-ér, n. প্রক; One who practises Diving-bell, diving-bell, n. নিমজন-ব্যবিশেষ; A bell-shaped hollow vessel in which one may descend into and perform various operations under water; a machine for diving.

Divining-rod, di-vining-rod, n. ভূগতত্ব কল এবং ধাতবাপদাৰ্থ আবিধান কংশাৰ্থ ভূতত্ববিং কৰ্তৃক ব্যৱহৃত দত বিশেষ; A rod usually of hazel used by those professing to discover water or metals under ground, a forked rod, used by seekers for water or metals underground.

Divinity, di-vini-ti, n. ঈশর, Godhead; God:--

Divisibility, di-viz-i-bil-ti, n. विकासाठा; Quaity of being divisible. Divisible, di-viźi-bl, a. বিভাগবোগ্য: Capable or being divided. n=Divisibility (বিভাল্যতা) ad=divisibly.

Division, di-vizi-un, n. বিভাগ করণ: Act or state of being divided:—বিভাগ; প্রাচীর; প্রাভার: A partition; a barrier:—ক্ষিণ; বিবাদ; Disunion; discord:—বৈশ্বদল; A portion of an army, commanded by a general officer:—ভাগবার হ্রণ; A rule in Arithmetic. Syn:—Separation; bisection; difference, variance; compartment, section, share.

Divisional, di-vizhun-al, a. প্ৰদেশ সৰজীয়: প্ৰায়েশ শিক; বিভাগ সৰজীয়: Pertaining to or marking a division or separation.

Divisive, di-vi'ziv, a. বিবাদস্চক; বিবাদজনক; বিভালক; Creating division or discord.

Divisor, di-vi'zor, ম. ছাজুক; In Arithmetic the number by which the dividend is divided.

Divorce, di-vo'rs, n. বিৰাহ বন্ধনছেক; আইনাসুসারে দশান্তির বিছেক; A legal separation between husband and wife; the sentence dissolving the marriage:—প্ৰেক : Separation; disunion of things closely connected:—v.t. বিবাহ বন্ধনছেক; বিৰাহচুকি ভক্ত-কু; বিতাড়িত-কু; To dissolve the marriage bond; put away:—প্ৰক্-কু; To separate, to sunder. n=divorcement. Syn:—(v) Disunite, sunder, sever, disconnect, part.

Divorcement, di-vorsment, तः विवाहतका-रहण्य ; Divorce.

Divulge, di-vul, v.t. [L. dis, among, and vulgus, the common people] আৰাণ-ক: প্রচাৰ-ক;
To reveal; to disclose. Syn:—Publish, communicate, impart, declare, expose, proclaim, promulgate.

Divulsion, di-vul-shun, n. [L. dis, asunder, and vello, vulsus, to pull] विषात्र ; The act of rending asunder. a=divulsive

Divulsive, di-vulsiv, a. विनादक; That pulls asunder.

Dizziness, diźi-nes, n. ঘূৰ্ণি; বুদ্বিভাৱলা; Giddi-Dizzy, diźi, a. সদস্থিচারাক্ষ্ম; ঘূর্ণামান; হতবুদ্ধি; Giddy, confused —উদ্ভাঞ্জ; অবিবেক; অনবহিজ; Unthinking; heedless —v. t. বিভাজ-কু; হজ-বৃদ্ধি-কু: To make giddy, to confuse.

Do, duo, v. t ক্বা, সম্পাদন-কৃ; নিপাদন-কৃ; শেব-কৃ; To act; to practise; make; finish: —পাক সম্পাদন-কৃ; To cook completely: —অনুবাদ-কৃ; To translate:—গ্ৰন্থত-কৃ; To prepare:—গ্ৰন্থ-কৃ; To put forth:—দান-কৃ; To bestow:—উপাৰ্জন-কৃ; To achieve —v. i. ব্যবহার-কৃ; To act or behave:—
খাহ্য সম্বন্ধে অব্যক্তি হওৱা). To face or get on, as to health.—সম্বন-হৃ; To succeed:—অভিপ্ৰায় সিদ্ধ-কৃ; To answer an end; to accomplish a purpose.—
ভপযোগী-হৃ; To suit or avail. Syn:—Effect, accomplish, complete, conclude, end; transact, carry; confer, grant; render, translate.

Do a thing by halves—কোন কাল আনজ্প-ভাব-কৃ. To do a thing partially, not thoroughly.

Do as you would be done by—বে ব্যৱহার তুমি ব্যৱহান নিকট প্রত্যাপা করু নেই ব্যবহার তুমি ক্ষপ্তের প্ৰতি প্ৰদৰ্শন কর ; Treat others as you wish others to treat you.

Do away—অগসত-তৃ; নষ্ট-তৃ; Remove or destroy. Do away with—নষ্ট-তৃ; লোগ-তৃ; Destroy; get rid of; remove.

Do battle for—কোন বিবরের বস্ত লড়া, Fight for.
Do by—বাবহার-কৃ; Treat. [ man completely.
Do for (a man)—বসা রকা-কৃ; Ruin or baffle a
Do honour—সন্থান কৃ; Treat with respect.

Do justice—টিক বলা; Give credit for one's deserts; to speak justly.

Do off-পরিভাগ-ক ; Put off ; doff off.

Do on-- शतिशान-क ; Put on , to don on.

Do one a good turn—দলা-কু; Perform an act of kindness to a person.

Do one good--উপৰায়-কু; Benefit.

Do one's best-पंशानाधा-क ; Do all one can.

Do one's bidding—আদেশ পালন-কৃ; Obey.

Do one's heart good — সভাই-ক ; Please one. Do (one) to death—মেরে ফেলা ; Kill.

Do out of—প্রভারণা-ক ; Cheat.

Do over-পুনরাধ-?; Perform a second time.

Do the honours of the house—অভিথি সংকাৰ-কু: Play the host.

Do the office of—সৰল সিদ্ধি-কু; উদ্ভেগ্ন সাধন-কু; Scree the purpose of; fulfil the end of.

Do up--वीवा ; वक्त-कृ ; To pack together ; to shut up :--कार्या-कृ ; Execute :--बहु-कृ , Destroy.

Do violence to—অভ্যাচার বা বল প্রয়োগ-ক ; To outrage, to force.

Do well — কৃতকার্যা-হ , Prosper ; succeed : — হবিধা-জনক-হ ; To be for one's interest advantage.

Do with—নিয়োগ-কু: Dispose of; employ:—
সংস্কাৰে থাকা; Be concerned.

Do without—কোন বাজি বা বস্তু না হইলে চলে; বাজিরেকে; Dispense with; get along without. A to do—বুণা হালামা; A fuss.

Have done with—সংশ্ৰৰ শেষ-কৃ; Have no further concern with:—ইহাতে আৰু কাল নাই; Have finished.

Have to do with—সংসৰ ধাৰা; Have concern or business with, have to deal with.

How do you do—তুমি কেমন আছ? How are you in health.

What to do with—কিয়পে বাৰ কৰা বা ব্ৰহার কৰা বাইতে পারে; How to dispose of, what use to make of.

Done brown—প্রভাবিত-হ; Cheated throughly. Done for—বস্তু-কু; প্রাজিত-হ; Ruined; killed; defeated.

Done into - अनुवाप-क ; Translate.

Done over or up-Fig-E; Exceedingly wearied, or exhausted.

Done to death-₹5; Killed.

Doab, n. উভয় বদীৰ সক্ষম হান; বিনয় প্রেলেণ; In India a tongue of land between the confluence of rivers.

Docile, do'sil, a. [L. doceo, to teach] শিক্ষাপ্রবণ; শিক্ষীয়; সহজে ধ্যনীয়; শিক্ষাক্ষয়; Teachable; tractable; pliable. Syn:—Apt; obedient, pliant, amenable.

Docility, do-sili-ti, #. विकास विकास ; Aptness.

Dook, dok, ন. আগাছা বিশেষ; A troublesome weed:—আগালতে অপৰাধীদিদের বাঁড়াইবাৰ ছান; বিচারালতে আগামীর কটিগড়া; Bar of a criminal court:—পোত সংখাৰ ছান; Place for building or laying up ships:—পৰাদির লেজ ছাঁটা; Cut tail of a horse:—v. t. ছাঁটা; To curtail; to cut off; to clip. Syn:—(v) Abbreviate, abridge, lesson; curtail, lop. [for the use of a dock. Dockage, dökāi, ন. ডকের ভাড়া; Money paid

Dockage, dökāj, n. ডকের ভাড়া; Money paid Docket, doket, n. নংকেপ বিবরণ; নার সংগ্রহ; A summary of a longer writing:—ত্রবাদির উপর লিখিড নিগর্পন-পত্র; A bill, tied to goods, containing some direction; a label .—বিচারালয়ে বোক্ষনার তালিকা; A list or register of cases in court:—v. t. নংকেপ-কৃ; To make a summary of the heads of writing.

On the docket—বিবেচা; Under consideration; Dockyard, dokyard, n. নৌ নিশাৰ হান; A place or yard where ships are built and naval stores are deposited.

Doctor, doktur, n. [L. (lit) a teacher—doceo, to teach] চিকিৎসক, ডাজার; A physician:— পণ্ডিত. A learned man:—নকোচ উপাধিপ্রাপ্ত বাজি; One who has received from a university the highest degree in a faculty:—v. t চিকিৎসা-ক; আবোগা-ক; To tend or treat as a physician; to treat:—তুল-ক; To temper with, falsify.—v. i. To practise physic.—(fem) Doctoress, Doctress. After death the Doctor—আভি বিলৱে; Too late.

Doctor's commons—ভত্তপিগের আবিশ. The official residence and office of the judges of various courts.

Doctorate, doktur-টা, n. চিকিৎসকের পদ, ভাকাবের উপাধি; Degree of a doctor.

Doctrinaire, n শতাৰলৰী; নব্যত প্ৰবৰ্তক; A propounder of a new set of opinions; one who rigidly applies to practical purposes the abstract doctrines of his own philosophical system, a political theorist.

Doctrinal, doktrin-al, a মত সহজীয়; শিকা সহ-জীয়; Pertaining or containing doctrine. ad= doctrinally.

Doctrine, doktrin, n. মত; Any tenet or dogma:—ৰৰ্মপান্তের সত্য বিশেষ; One of the truths of the gospel —িশকা, Learning. Syn:—Precept, principle, opinion, article, tenet.

Document, dok-u-ment, n. প্রমাণ ; দলিল ; Evidence ; record ; proof :—v. t. প্রমাণ-কু ; To furnish with documents.

Documental, dok-u-mental, Documentary, dok-u-mentar-i, এ দলিল-সংক্ষীয়, দলিল-সংক্ষান্ত; Relating to or found in documents.

Dodecagon, do-deka-gon, n. সময়াদশভুক ক্ষেত্র;
A plane figure having twelve equal angles and sides.

Dodecahedron, n. বাদশ সমভূত বিশিষ্ট ঘন কেতা; A regular figure having twelve equal bases or sides.

Dodge, doj, v. i. ৰাক্চাত্রী-কৃ; To quibble; to be evasive:—হঠাৎ ছান পরিবর্তন-কৃ; To start suddenly aside.—v. i. ছানান্তবে অপসবদ ছারা বার্থ- কৃ: ছাৰ পৰিবৰ্তন কাল পৰিছান-কৃ; To evade by a sudden shift of place :—π. ছল; বাৰ্চাডুবী; An evasion; a trick; a quibble. n=dodger.

Dodo, ন. পদীবিশেষ; A large bird, of Mauritius and Madagasar, now extinct.

Doe, do, n. रहिने; वृत्रे; The female of the fallow-deer or buck.

Doeskin, do'skin, n. মুগচৰ; পালামার জন্ম বুনা কাণত; The skin of a doe, a twilled cloth for trouserings.

Doff, dof, v. f. ধুলিয়া কেলা; পৰিভাগি-ফু; To take off as the hat, to get rid of; to divest; to strip. Dos, dog, n. কুকুর; A well-known domestic animal:—ৰবজাস্চক বাকা; A term of contempt; man in reproach:—নক্ষ-পৃঞ্জ; A star cluster ক্ষাৰ পাৱণ কন্ধ লৌহ-শলাকা বিশেষ; Andiron; iron hook for holding wood in a fire place:—Catch or clutch for machinery.—v. f. অসম্বা-ফু; প্র: প্র: প্রাক্ষা বারা উভাজ-ফু; To follow the footsteps like a dog; to worry with importunity.

steps like a dog; to worry with importunity.

Dog berry, n. বন বিৰেম; The berry of the dog wood.

Dog-brier, dog'-bri'er, n বন গোলাপ; The Dog-cart, dog'-bri'er, n বন গোলাপ; The horse carriage; a carriage with a box for holding sportmen's dogs.

Dog-cheap, dog'chep, a. ভাবি মন্তা, আভি মুলছ, Dog-cheap, বিৰেম, The part of the summer from about the beginning of July to the middle of August, when the Dogstar rises and sets with the sun.

[ species of shark.

Dog-fish, dog'fish, n. হাসর বিশেষ; A small Dog-fox—শুগাল; Male fox.

Dog latin—অপকৃষ্ট লাটিৰ ভাষা, Barbarous Latin.
Dog one's step—পার পার অনুসরণ-কৃ, To follow at one's heels.

[ species of wild rose Dog-rose, dog'roz, n. বস্তু গোলাপ বিশেষ, A

Dog-rose, dog'rōz, n. বস্তু গোলাপ বিশেষ, A Dog sick—অধ্যস্ত পীড়িত, Sick as a dog

Dog-sleep, dog'slep, ৰূপট নিজা; কৃত্ৰিম নিজা, Pretended sleep. [ called the Sirius Dogstar, dog'star, নক্ষত্ৰ বিশেষ, The bright star, Dog-trick, dog'trik, n. পাশ্বটাম, Brutal treatment [ hours

Dog-watch—হুই বকা পাহারা; Watch of two Dog weary – মঙাৰ ক্লাৰ, Tired as a dog.

Dog s ear, dog?-লং, প্ৰকের কান নোচডান , প্ৰকের পাডার গোধডান কাণ; The corner of a leaf of a book turned down —v.t. কোণ গোমড়াইলা বাধা, To turn down the corners of leaves in a book Dog's meat, dogsmct, ক্রুবেৰ ধানা, কদবা ধানা, Meat for dogs, teluse meat.

A dog in the manager—আপনিও ধাইবে না, অন্তৰ্গেও থাইতে দিবে না, আপনিও করিবে না বা অক্ত কাংগাকও কবিতে দিবে না, A selfish person will not allow others to enjoy what he himself does not, one who will not allow others to do what he himself will not; one who cannot use or enjoy something and yet will not allow others to do so.

Go to the dogs—বোলার বাওরা; অবংশাতে বাওবা। Throw (or send) to the dogs—মূৰ করিবা কেনিবা-কে; Throw away (as useless) Dogged, n. dog'ed, a. অবিনীত; একপ্তরে; উর্জ; Sullen; obstinate; surly. ad-doggedly, ndoggedness.

Doggerel, dog'er-el, n. অনং কাব্য; Worthless verses .--a. নিকুট্ট; নীচ , Mean.

Doggish, dog'ish, a. প্ৰবং; পাশব; আনতা; Like a dog. charlish; brutal. ad = doggishly, n= doggishness. [Venice and Genoa.

Doges, n. Formerly, the chief magistrate in Dogma, dogma, n. ৰড; ধৰ্মড; A doctrine; a tenet, a maxim.

Dogmatic, dog-matik, Dogmatical, dog-matik-al, a. ব্যত পোৰু : Positive : —গাৰ্কত ; Arrogant, overbeating. Syn —Authoritative, oracular, categorical, formal, positive, peremptory, magisterial, arrogant, overbearing.

Dogmatise, dog'ma-tīz, v. t. নিক্ররণে বলা; ব্যত প্রকাশ-কু; To assest positively; to teach with arrogance. n=dogmatiser.

Dogmatism, dog'ma-tifm, n. বৰতাভিষানিভা; ব্যতে ব্যিনিক্যতা, বীয় মডের নিক্তি ক্থন; Positive assertion

Dogmatist, dog'ma-tist, n. বে নিজয় করিয়া বলে; বনতে হিরনিজ্য , বনত প্রকাশক; One who makes positive assertions.

Doily, dor'li, n. এক প্রকার ছোট ক্লাল ; A small napkin generally coloured, used with fruit and wine.

Doings, doo'ingz, n. pl. কাৰ্যা; ছানা; ছানৰণ; উত্তেপনা, Actions, events; behaviours, stir.

Dott, doit, n. युवानित्य , चिकिष्टक व्यवः ; A. Dutch coin worth about half a farthing ; a thing of little or no value.

Doldrums, n. (pl) A part of the ocean near the equater, abounding in calms, squalls and light baffling wind.

To be in the doldrums— निवस-३; To be in a state of listfulness, to be bored.

Dole, döl, v. t. [A S. dollan, to divide] বৰ্টনকু, To distribute in small portions —n. কুল
কান, A share distributed, a small portion:
কান, Alms. Syn —(n) Dealing, apportionment, part, share, portion, gift, pittance;
gratuity, grief, sorrow, distress, affliction.

Doloful, dolfool, a. इ:शबनक, विवासमय, कहेकब ; Melancholy, rueful, piteous. Syn —Rueful, woful, sad, gloomy, dolorous, dismal. ad=dolefully n=dolefulness.

Dolesome, dolsum, a. ছ:ৰপূৰ্ব, বিষয়, Dismal; gloomly ad=dolesomely

Doll, dol, n. পুত্তনিক। . ছেলের খেলার পুতুল; A puppet or image of a body for a child.

Dollar, dolar, n. मुजाबित्य , A silver coin in the United States, worth 100 cents or about 4s. 2d. sterling.

Dolmen, doimen, n. প্রাচীন প্রস্তর নির্মিত টেব্লু বিশেষ, An ancient table made of stone.

Dolomite, dolo-mit, n. এক আকার চুৰ্ব প্রকর; A magnesiam limestone.

Dolor, Dolour, dolor, s. হব; কো: को;

Dolorific, dol-or-ifik, Dolorifical, s. [ L.

dolor, grief, facio, to make] শোকস্চক; মুংৰলনক; Causing or expressing pain.

Dolorous, dolor-us, a. पु:श्क्रमक : विवासमञ् : Doleful; painful. Syn: - Dismal, sorrowful, distressing, pitiful; woful, rueful, lugubrious. ad=dolorously. [ mamal fish.

Dolphin, dolfin, n. তিনি ছাতীয় মংক্রবিশেব ; A Dolt, dolt, n. वाका लाक ; निरक्ताव वाकि ; A blockhead; a stupid person. Syn:-Dunce, numskull, ignoramus, dunce, dullard, simpleton.

Doltish, dolfish, a. मुर्च ; निर्द्धांच ; Dull ; stupid n=doltishness.

Domain, do-mah, n. [L. dominisum, property] ৰাজ্য ; দেশ ; অধিকৃত ভূভাগ ; An estate ; empire ; dominion.

Dome, dom, n. [Gr. domus, a house, a temple -Gr. demo, to build ] পসুজ; Concave or ballshaped ceiling :-- अद्वालिका ; आत्राम ; दृष्टीय উপामना-नद ; A building ; a house ; a cathedral.

Domed, domd, a. গ্ৰুছবিশিষ্ট; Having dome.

Domes day-See doomsday.

Domestic, do-mestik, a. [L. domus, a house] সুহপালিত; Tame :-- খণেনীয়; Not foreign :--ভিজ ; Private :--পরিবারভুক্ত ; গৃহস্বন্ধীয় ; গার্হস্ত ; Devote to home duties or relations; pertaining to the house or home :-- n. #17; 931; A serwant in the house :---pl. Articles of home manufacture. Syn :- Domiciliary, private; domesticated; intestine, not foreign; fond of home. ad=domestically. n=domesticity.

Domesticate, do-mestik-at, v. t. গৃহপালিড-কু; পোবা; ঘৰিষ্ট-কু; To tame; to make familiar. n=domestication. f at one's home.

Domesticated, a. গৃহপ্রির ; Fond of remaining Domesticity, n. পারিবারিক জীবন; State of being domestic; household act or life.

Domicile, domi-sīl, n. [L. domus, a house] গৃহ; ৰাৰভূমি; A house; a residence:--v. t. কোৰ স্থানে স্থাধিভাবে বাস-কু; To establish in a fixed residence. Syn: -(n.) Habitation, home, dwelling, settlement. a=domiciliary.

Domiciliary, a. बामहाय मचकीत ; Pertaining to the residence of a family or person.

Domiciliary visit-A visit paid to a house by authority to search for persons or things. Domiciliate, dom-i-silyat, v. t. शांतिकाद दान-

Ψ; To domicile. n=domiciliation.

Dominate, domin-at, v. t. শাসন-কু; আধিপত্য-কু. To govern ; to prevail ; to rule :- v. i. প्रव-र ; To predominate.

Dominant, domin-ant, a. अशान ; अवल ; Prevailing; predominant; ruling:-n. चत्रविरचव; In music, of the three notes essential to the tone, the dominat is that which is fifth from the tonic. Syn:-(a) Governing, presiding, prevalent, ascendant.

Domination, dom-in-áshun, n. ব্ৰেচ্ছাচার শাসন; অত্যাচার; Absolute authority; insolent rule; tyranny.

Dominative, domin-a-tiv, a. প্ৰভূষণালী ; বংক্তা-চারী; Arbitrary; ruling; imperious.

Domineer, dom-in-er, v. i. ব্ৰেছ্ভিট্ৰ শান্ৰ-কু;

বাভুত্-কু; To command haughtily; to tyrannise. Dominical, dominik-al, a. [ L. dominus, lord, master ] बरियाब मच्यीय ; Belonging to the sabbath. [ R. C. church.

Dominican, n. One of a religious order in the Dominie, n. 何季季; A school master; person. Dominion, do-minyan, n. আধিপভা; শাসৰ; প্ৰভূব ; Supreme power ; rule ; control :--শাসনা-बीन (पन : Territory or district governed by a prince :--pl. বগীয় দূতদন ; Angelic and powerful spirits. Syn :- Sovereignty, supremacy, authority, government, ascendancy; territory, region, kingdom, jurisdiction.

Domino, domi-no, n. [Sp. domine, a master or teacher ] কোৰ্ডা বিশেষ; বস্ত্ৰ; An outer dress or clock with a moveable hood, used at masquerades :--বাজকের পোষাক; A gown worn by a priest. [ kind of play.

Dominoes, domi-noź, n. pl. ক্রীড়াবিশেষ ; A Don, don, n. बहानव ; Spanish for Mr.:-pl. The heads of colleges or fellows of English University. fem = dona.

Don, don, v. t. পরিধান-কু; To put on; to as-Dons, n. ভত श्रीशांक ; मरामंत्रा ; Lady ; madam ; a Spanish title of courtesy for woman.

Don juan — ৰম্পট ব্যক্তি; Dissipated youngman. Don Quixote-Hair brained madman.

Donna, n. The title of a lady in Italy.

Donation, do-náshun, n. [ L. dono, a giftdo, to give ] দাৰ; চাদা; দত বন্ত; Giving; gift. Syn: - Present, benediction, largess, presentation, grant, boon, subscription, contribution.

Donative, dona-tiv, n. ve; A gift, a gratuity:-a. Vested or vesting by donation.

Done, dun, pa. p. of Do.

Donce, do-ne', n. দান-গ্ৰহীতা; দানগ্ৰাহক; One who receives a pift.

Donjon, dunjun, n. পড়েব ব্যায়িত কাবাগাব ; A keep for prisoners in the middle of a feudal [লোক ; A stupid fellow. castle.

Donkey, dong'ke, n. গर्भड ; The ass :- विदर्शांष Donkeyism, n. विकासि : Silly proceedings. Donor, do'nor, n. দাতা; উপকাৰক; Giver; [ trifler ; simpleton. benefactor.

Doodle, n. নিৰ্মোধ ব্যক্তি; চপলতাপ্ৰিয় লোক: A Doom, doom, n. विठाव ; শেষ विठात : Judgment ; final judgment:—ভাগা; অদৃষ্ট; Destiny:—দণ্ডাজা; Penalty ; condemnation :-- v. t. মণ্ড-মে ; বিচারাত্র-সারে মতপ্রকাশ-ক ; To condemn ; to mulet ; fine ; to pronounce sentence or judgment on. Syn:-(n) Verdict; fate, lot; destruction, ruin.

Doomed (condemned or sentenced) কে!নরপ দৰে দ্বিত হত্যা; Sentenced to undergo (some punishment ).

Doomsday, doomida, n. भ्य विहादवद निन ; The day when the world will be judged.

Doomsday book, Domesday-book, doomžda-book, উইলিয়ম দি কছারের অনুমতি অনুসারে সং-গুছীত ভূমির পরিমাণাদি বিবয়ক পুত্তক বিশেষ : A book compiled by order of William the Conqueror, containing a survey of all the lands in England: census made by William the conqueror. Till doom's day-way at ; Never.

Door, dor, ম. ছাড়; কগাট; গরজা; The wooden frame on hinges closing up the room:—প্রবেশ; Entrance; entrance into a house:—আগমন উপায়; A means of approach or access.

At the door সন্নিকট; বাবে আসিরা উপহিত ; Close at hand.

Be next door to-পাণা পালি থাকা; Be very near to:--কাছাকাছি হল্মা, Closely resemble:-নিকটপ্ৰায়; On the verge of. [ house.

In doors পৃহমধ্য; অন্তঃপুর মধ্যে; Within the Ley at one's door—কাহার প্রতি কিছু আরোপ-কৃ; To be attributable to one; ascribe something to one.

Leave open the door to—six \*(Fix) | sivi; Render something possible.

Lie at one's door—কোৰ দোৰ আরোপিত-কু; Be chargeable to one; be imputed to one ( generally, said of anything wrong ).

Next door to-পাশাপাশি; কাছাকাছি; Next to; bordering on:-প্রায়; Almost; near to.

Open the door to-dea- ; Receive.

Out of doors—ঘরের বাহিরে; Out of house:—
দেশের বাহিরে; Abroad.

Within doors—বাচীর ভিতরে; Within the house, in the house. [ janitor.

Door-keeper, n. sissis; westsis; A porter; Door nail, n. The nail or knob on which the knocker of a door strikes.

Door plate, n. A plate on a door bearing the resident's name.

Doquet, doket, a form of *Docket*. [beetle. Dor, Door, dor, n. কীট বিশেষ; A species of Doree, Dory, John Dory, do-re' or dor'a, n. মংস্য বিশেষ; A fish having yellow colour.

Dorian, Dorie, dor'ik, a. জীদের ভরিদ্ প্রদেশ সংক্রান্ত; Belonging to Doris, in Greece:—ভুপতি-বিদ্যার ভাষের নিরমবিষয়ক, গৃহনির্মাণ-প্রণালী-সূচক; Denoting one of the Grecian orders of architecture. [ Quiescence; sleep. Dormancy, dor'mañsi, n. নিরিভাবিয়া; নিরা;

Dormant, dor'mant, a. [L. dormio, to sleep]
নিমিত; ৬৩; কর্ম ইউডে নিরত; Sleeping; concealed; at rest:—n. আড়কটি; A cross beam; a window. Syn:—(a) Slumbering, sluggish, lazy; latent, suspended, in active, inert.

Dormer, Dormer-window, dor'mer-windo, n. ছাদছ ৰক্ত-পৰাক, ক্ৰমনিয় ছাদের পৰাক; A vertical window in the roof of a house.

Dormitory, dor'mi-tor-i, n. [L. dormio, to sleep] ব্যৱ-বেট, শ্যনাগায়; Sleeping chamber with many beds; bed-room.

Dormouse, dor'mows, n. ইন্দুর স্বাতীর জন্ত বিশেব; A four-feeted beast sleeping in the winter. pl= dormice.

Dorsel, dor'sal, u. [L. dorsum, the back ] পৃষ্ট-সম্বান ; Pertaining or belonging to the back. Dory, n. মংসাধিশেষ ; See Doree.

Dose, dos, n. [Gr. dosis, a giving ] এককানীৰ সেয়া উন্ধান নালা; দালা; The quantity of medicine given to be taken at one time; a portion:
— অকটিকর বস্তু: Any thing nauseous:— . f.
উবাধের বাজা-কৃ, বাজা করিয়া-মে; To order or give
in doses; to form into doses. Syn:—Draught,
drench.

Dosed with liquor—यम् वाता विक्तन; Intoxicated.

Dost, dust, Second person singular of the verb Dot, dot, n. চিছ; Small spot; speck; mark:—
v. t. বিলু বাবা চিহ্নিড-ফু; To mark with dots:—
To diversify with small detached objects:—v. i.
বিলুগাত-ফু, চিহ্ন-দে; To form dots.

Dot down-निधित्रा नक्या ; Make notes.

Dot out, v. Sketch out.

Dotage, do'aj, n. অতাধিক ভাগৰাসা, বাৰ্ছকা প্ৰবৃত্ত হতবুদ্ধিতা; বৃদ্ধাবহাৰ বালকড়; Excessive fondness; imberility of mind; childishness of old age. Syn:—Serility, imbecility, weakness, second childhood.

Dotal, do'tal, a. [L. dos, dotis, a dowry] বৌজুক বা ব্ৰীঘন বিষয়ক; Pertaining to dowry or dower. Dotard, do'tard, n. বাৰ্কনা প্ৰযুক্ত বাহাৰ বুৰ্দ্ধি হত হইয়াছে, বাৰ্কনাপ্ৰযুক্ত বিকৃত-মন্তক ব্যক্তি; One showing the weakness of old age or excessive fondness.

Dotation, do-tashun, n. श्रीरक लोजूक मांन ; मांव ; The act of bestowing a dowry or marriage portion on a woman ; an endowment.

Dote, dut, v. i অভ্যস্ত ভালবাসা দেখান; To be weakly affectionate; to show excessive love; to be foolishly fond. ad=dotingly [ "Do," Doth, duth, Third person singular of the verb Double, dubl, a. [ L. duo, two, and plus, full ] विश्व ; वाडा ; Two-fold , in pairs :- मो ; अमत्रन ; Deceitful , insincere :- v. t. प्रे निया अप-कृ ; বিভা-ক ; To multiply by two:—ভাজ-ক ; To fold :--অন্তরীপ ঘূরিয়া গমন-ফু; Pass round a headland:—কৌশল অযোগ-ক ; Use shift :-- ৩. i. † হুণ-E; To increase or grow to twice or much :--আপনার পথে ফিবিয়া আসা; To return upon one's track :-- बांक्यि वांक्या क्षाजन ; To wind in running:-- ন. ছিন্তণ; দিন্তণ পরিমাণ; Twice as much ; a duplicate :- (वहेन ; Doubling :- (कोन्ड) ; Trick ; shift :- ad. 1989 ; Twice ; two fold. ad= doubly. Syn: -(a) Coupled, paired; two-fold. twice as much ; vacillating, deceitful, treacherous, insincere.

Double-base, Double-base, স. একলাকার বাদ্য-ব্যবিশেষ ; The lowest tuned musical instrument of the violin. [ person.

Double-dealer, n. প্ৰভাৱক; A deceitful trickish Double-dealing, dubl-difing, n প্ৰভাৱণা, প্ৰভা-ৰণামূলক ব্যবহার; Deceit; duplicity; fraud.

Double-edged sword—ৰে ভৰবাৰি ছই গাৰে কাটে; A sword which cuts either way:—ৰণক ও প্ৰতিপক সমৰ্থক বুজ; An arguments which makes both for and against the person employing it.

Double-entry, dubl-entri, n. বাডোক বিবয়ের মুই প্রস্থাবি বাখিবার ব্লীডি; Book-keeping, in which two entries are made of every transaction, so that one checks the other, Doubleface. Doublefacedness, n. প্ৰভাৰণা ; En; Duplicity. [ ving a false heart. Double-hearted, a. প্ৰভাৰণাৰীৰ , কপটা ; Ha-Double-minded, a. 时時; Wavering; unsettled. [ Duplicity. Double-ness, dubl-nes, n. কণ্টতা, প্ৰভাৰণা; Double score-Charging a customer twice for the same article. Double tongued, a. et 4 : Deceitful. [come. Double up--अंब-इ ; Fold up :-- अत्र कृ ; Over-Double upon-Enclose between two fires. Doublet, dublet, n. যুগ্ধ , ছই ; A pair :- ভিতৰের व्याद्याचा विष्णेष ; An inner garment - এक काठीय चक विरचव । Syn :- Couple, pain , ve-t, waistf gold coin. Doubloon, dub-1886, n. मूजा वित्नव ; A Spanish Doubt, dowt, v. z. अनिक्रिकि-इ ; अत्मर-क ; विधा-क ; अविकिष्ठ-ह ; To hesitate ; to suspect ; to be uncertain :-- খ.t. সন্দেহ-কু; অবিখাস কু; To hold in doubt : to distrust. Syn :- Waver, fluctuate, hesitate, demur, scruple, question, distrust. Doubt, n. मत्नर; अनिक्यता, छत्र; Uncertainty of mind, suspicion; fear. n=doubter. ad= doubtingly. Syn :- Hesitation, hesitancy, wavering, dubiety, irresolution, uncertainty, indecision; mistrust, suspicion; question, scruple, difficulty, sceptical objection. No doubt-निःमत्मह . Undoubtedly. The benefit of a doubt—मत्मश्यात व्यक्तिगोदक সেই সলেহের অনুকৃল কল ভোগ কবিতে দেওবা . The benefit to which a guilty person is entitled when there is any doubt as to the circumstances of his offence. Doubtful, dowtfooi, a. मिनक ; मानवर्ग : अ-ৰিশিত: Suspicious ; undetermined ; not confident. n=doubtfulness, ad=doubtfully. Syn :-Wavering, hesitating, undetermined; distrustful; uncertain, obscure, equivocal, hazardous Doubtless, dowtles, ad বিভাগৰণে, বি:সন্দেহ; Without doubt; certainly. Syn -- Unquestionably, certainly, precisely, clearly. addoubtlessly. Douger. doo-ser', #. [ L. dulcis, sweet ] উপ-চৌৰ্ব; উৎবোচ ; A present, a bribe. Douche, doosh, n. [ L. duco, to lead ] we up থোড করণার্থ ভছুপরি প্রাক্তি জলপ্রবাহ; A jet of water thrown upon the body from a pipe. Dough, do, n. शिहेक ; क्लीव (नई ; A soft unbaked paste. Doughty, dow'ti, a. সাरती, बनवान ; विनिष्ट , Brave; strong; stout. Syn :- Brave, redoubtable, courageous, gallant, daring, valorous, heroic, fearless, dauntless. Doughy, do'i, a. नत्रम , क्लामन ; Soft. Douse, dows, v. t. अल वीभ-त ; अनमध-क ; To plunge into water :- v. i. होति इतन भए : To fall suddenly into water. Dove, duv, n. বুৰু, পারাবত ; A pigeon :--প্রার-76व बाका ; A word of endearment. Dove-sot, duvkot, Dove-sote, duvkot, n. পাৰবাৰ পোপ : বাস : A small cot or box in which

pigeons breed,

Dove-let, duviet, n. (ETE TY; A young or small dove. Dove-tail, duvial, n. अक शकांत्र महावान अनानी : A carpenter's joint :--ত. f. সংবোগ-ক : To fit one thing into another. Dowable, dow'a-bl, a. शांत्वांशरहाती : जीशस्य चय-বতী, যৌতুকে স্বৰান্; Entitled to dower. Dowager, dow'a-jer, n. [ L. dotare, to endow ] वृश्चिरकातिनी विश्वा ; श्वीशनवजी विश्वा ; A old widowladv. [ deceased king. Dowager queen-- विश्व वाक्ष्णकी : Widow of a Dowdy, a. क्रांनर; क्लांका ; Awkward; illdressed :-- n. কুৰপা স্ত্রী; An awkward, ill-dressed Dower, n. जीवन ; (बीज़क ; Wife's marriage portion; widow's portions. Syn: -Gift, portion. share, dowry. Dowered, dow'erd, a. (योष्ट्रक वा जीवन आह: Furnished with dower or a portion. [ out-dower. Dowerless, dow'er-les, a. স্বীধন বহিত; With-Dowlas, dow'las, n. [L. duco, to show] 3 বিশেষ, এক প্রকার মোটা স্থতি কাপড়; A coarse linen cloth Down, down, n. কোমল পালক: স্ক্ল কেল; Soft feathers or hair:--বালুকামর অনুর্বারা ভূমি; A bank of sand thrown up by the sea; a track of sandy, kvel barren land :--pl. वस्त्र ; A 10ad for shipping in the English channels -- 44 চবাইবার পার্ধতা ভূমি . A tract of hilly land used for pasturing sheep -ad. मांगिव डेशंदव ; निरव ; From a higher to a lower position; on the ground :- prep. निषां डिम्राव ; निरम . Along a decent, from higher to a lower position or state:a হতাশ ; Dejected :--পৰিষাৰ , Plain :-- বিশচৰ ; Positive -fनम् ; Down low. Down-cast, downkast, a. লান , ছ:বিভ ; বিবর ; Dejected, sad. Down-fall, downfaul, n. ধাংস; নাণ; অবনতি; Destinction; ruin; destruction. Down-hearted, downhart-ed a. voir fire-সাহ ; Dejected in spirits. Down-hill, downhil, a. क्यनिश्व ; সহস্বর্গা ; Descending; sloping; easy:—n. ক্রমনিয় ভূমি; Declivity. f of rain. Down-pour, n. 38, A pouring downwards as Down right, dowhitt a. म्यन; अकृतिका; Plain; artless; unceremonious; said of person:-শষ্ট; অমিত্রিড; Undisguished; absolute; unmixed—said of things -- ad. न्यहे क्टब ; In plain terms :- টিক সোৰা ; Perpendicularly ; straight drawn. Syn .- (a) Simple, undisguised, clear, explicit; artless, sincere, blunt, honest. Down-stairs, a. निरम ; अक्लानांत्र ; Below ; upon the lower floor. [ foot. Down-trodden, a. প्रमृतिङ ; Trodden under Down with-(क्लिइ)-एक; Take down; throw down; put down. Up and down - ইতৰভ: ; একবার এরিকে একবার किएक, Here and there, backward and for-[ fortune. ward in ( some place ).

Ups and downs-श्राम कृषिन ; Reverses of

Downward, downward, Downwards, down-

wartiz, ad. विश्वविदय ; विद्य ; Below :--- व्यविकत आहीनकान स्ट्रेंट . From a time more ancient. Downward, a. निवनायी ; निवनिव ; Moving or

tending.

Downy, downi, a. महम ; কোষল ; পাৰিপ্ৰদ ; পদ্ম-शक्य ; क्वांत्रनभानकविभिष्ठे , Soft ; soothing ; like down or covered with down.

Dowry, dow'ri, n. বৌতুক ধন বা সম্পত্তি; The property which a woman brings to her husband at marriage.

Dowse, v. t. To strike in the face.

Doxology, doks-ollo-ji, n. एकन; यर; विधि; A hymn expressing praise and honor to God. Dozo, dōz. ০ i. নিজাকৃষ্ট-হ . তন্ত্ৰাভিত্ত-হ . To sleep lightly: - v. r. व्यावारमा व्यक्तिनक , To pass in drowsiness :-- দ ব্লি নিজা : ভন্তা , বিশান , A light sleep. a=dozy, n=dozer. Syn:-(v) Sleep, slumber; drowse, nap, be drowsy.

Doze away, v. তক্ৰাৰ অভিবাহিত-কু, Spend in drowsiness.

Dozen, dufn, n. [L. duo, two, and decem, ten] बारम मर्बा (३२); Number of twelve :- a. ब्रांग्न . Two and ten or twelve.

Drab, drab, n পদ্দী বছ, Woolen cloth - (বলা, A prostitute; a loose woman - (ACB 30; A gray or dull brown colour - v. s. বেজাস্ত-হ, To associate with bad woman.

Drabble, drabl, v. ! वर्षमाञ्च ; सनदामा माधान . To besmear with mud and water.

Drachm, dram, n. औकिशाय अवन ना मना विल्लंब . A Greek silver coin, averaging in value 91d, eight part of an ounce.

Draconian, a. 1964; actis; Pertaining to Draco, an Athenian lawgiver, who punished all cumes with death, rigorous, cruel

Draconian code--মভি কঠিন শাসন-প্রণালী, Very severe code. | waste matter Draff, draf, n. উक्टिंह, मल , गांव . Refuse , base ,

Draffish, drafish, Draffy, drafi, a afafetaa,

Dreggy, worthless.

Draft, draft, n. कांत्र वहन ; Act of drawing, esp of loads by beasts -- টাকা দিবার আজ্ঞাপত , হতা , An order for the payment of money, bill :-নৈজ্ঞৰ বা ভাহাত হইতে সেনা গ্ৰহণ ; A portion of men from an army or a ship :-- मान्हिस ; नजा , Design: a rough sketch - जाराज वा लोका खान-म,म श्रेतांत चालव मेडीवडा ; The depth to which a vessel sinks in water :- वायूब धावाह ; A current of air :- v. t. नत्रा-इ; Draw an outline of :-ৰচনা কৰিয়া লেখা ; Compose and write :—প্ৰেৱণ-予, 叫体句-事; Detach; draw off. Syn .--(n) Drawing, selection; bill of exchange, order, cheque; outline, sketch, delineation, rough copy, abstract.

Drafts, draft, n कील विरमंद ; A game. Drafts-man, draftman, n. niefbava; नत्रा-भाती, One who draws plans or designs.

Drag, v.t. छ।ना · वनग्र्सक चार्क्य-कृ ; To draw along by main force; to pull roughly and violently: -v. i. bial: To be forcibly drawn along - আৰে আৰে বাৰহা . To move slowly or heavily - জাল দিয়া বংল্য ধ্বা, To fish with a

drag :-- n. bini win : A net to be drawn along the bottom under water to raise sunken bodies : -शाम विरागव : A low car or cart .--काबी हारमब মই; A heavy harrow:--গতি বা উন্নতিৰ বাৰক; Any obstacle to progress or posperity Syn :-(v) Draw, trail, tow, pull, haul, rug; linger, move slowly.

Drag away-निर्माना , Carry away. Drag down-डानिश नामान , Haul down. Drag in--টोनिश ভिजरत महना ; Haul in. Drag off-वन पूर्वक होना , Force off

Drag out-है। निश वाहित-क , Haul out. Drag-net. drag net, n होना काल : A net to be dragged or drawn along the bottom of water to cat h fish.

Draggle, drag'l, ए ! कर्फरमत मरना है।निहा मनता-क: To make or grow duty by dragging on the ground -v 1. यहना वा मनिन रुख्या; To become wet or dirty Syn .- Daggle, drabble, befoul, bemira.

Draggle tailed-অপ্রিকার : Untidy.

Dragoman, diago-man, n. বাধাকারী: An interpreter in Eastern countries.

Dragon, drag'un, n প্ৰযুদ্ধ কলিত সৰ্প ; An imaginary winged snake - Baffaras; The constellation Diaco :- छोदन वाकि ; A fierce, violent

person a=dragonish, drag'onlike. Dragonate, drag'un-et, n. मश्मा वित्यव ; A little dragon, a fish. insect. Dragon-fly, drag'un-fli, की है दिल्ल ; A kind of Dragonnado, drag-on-ad, n. চতুর্দশ পুইর সমত্তে অবাবোহী নৈ স্তুগণ কর্ত্তক পোপের বিকল্পমতাবলম্বী করাসী-শিপের নিগ্রহ, The persecution of French Protestants under Louis by soldiers under Louis

XIV. — ধংসকাৰী আত্ৰমণ, Any devastating incursion.

Dragon's-blood, diag'unz-blud, n. Ensita मिनकांक वृक्षविरमस्य नानवर्ग तम . The red juice of certain tropical plants, used for colouring

Dragoon, dra-goon, n. अशादाही मिन्न A horse soldier, who serves on foot as well -v. t. দৈল্পদের অভ্যাচারে ভ্যাগ কবিয়া দি**এই কু** , ৰল প্রবো<mark>গৰারা</mark> বান্য-ক ; To give up to the rage or soldier ; to compel by military force of violent measure.

Drain, dran, v t. जाम काम कन (इंतिहा दिना : Draw off - 55-7; Drag up; make dry:-लन (इंडिय़) (क्लो , Pilter to clear of water by drains:-- ে ক্ষে ক্ষে বিপত-হ , To flow off gradually -- দ প্রংপ্রণাসী , প্রংনালী ; ধাত , ধানা ; A water course; a ditch; a sewer. Syn '-(v) Exhaust, empty, dry up. ( n ) Trench, water course, ditch, sink, sewer; gradual withdrawal, exhaustion n=drainable.

Drain one self—বলক্ষ-কৃ; Exhaust one's strength or resources [ drinking vessel. Drain the cup-পানপাত পুত-ক ; Empty the Drain the cup to the dregs-((कानका) क्रमार একলের হওয়া, Exhaust the stock of human sorrow, misery & c , suffer or undergo the utmost. Drainage, drafiaj, n निर्मायन शहाधानीममूद ; सन-

बिर्मम्न-ध्याणी ; The system of drains in a town ; the act or art of draining.

Brainer, draher, n. অগণান ; An utensil on which articles are placed to drain :—হুগাদি হইছে প্রবাহিত অগ্রাহাই ; A stream from a lake, morass, &c. [duck. Drake, drak, n. পাভিহান ; The male of the Dram, dram, n. পরিষাণ বিশেষ ; A contraction of Drachm ; in apothecaries' weight, 60 grains. Drama, drama, or dra'ma, n. [Gr. drao, to do] সহয়-জীবনের ঘটনাবলীর বিবৃতি ; নাটক ; A representation of actions in human life; a play ; a theatrical entertainment.

Dramatic, dra-matik, Dramatical, dra-matik-al. a. নাটক সৰ্থীয় : Belonging to the drama :
—নাটক বিষয়ক ; Theatrical. ad = dramatically.
Dramatise, drama-tiz, v. t. নাটক আকারে পরিশতক ; To give the form of a drama to. [ of plays.
Dramatist, drama-tist, n. নাটক-লেখক ; A writer

Drank, drangk, Past tense of Drink.

**Drape**, drap, v. t. বন্ধ ধারা আছোদিত-কৃ; To cover with cloth :—v. i. কাপড় প্রস্তুত-কৃ; To make cloth. [in cloth.

Draper, drap'er, n. বন্ধবিকেতা; One who deals Drapery, drap'er-i, n. বন্ধবিকেতার কার্য্য, ভত্তবারের ব্যবসা; Occupation of a draper :—বন্ধ; Cloth or woolen stuffs in general:—বালৰ বা প্রসা; Hangings, curtains, &c.

Drastic, drastik, &. [Gr. drao, to act, to do ] বিবেচক; Effectually purging —কর্মতংপন; ক্ষতা-শালী; কলপ্রদ; Active, powerful, efficacious:—n. বিবেচক উবদ; A purging medicine.

Draught, draft, n. 47 (bir; A quantity of liquor drunk at a time :-- शांडि होना ; The act of drawing carriages: -- নৰা; প্রতিকৃতি; Delineation; sketch; outline; a picture drawn:-- দৈয়-नन ; A chosen detachment of men:--वातु-व्यवाह ; A current of air :-- (शांत निमक्कन (शांशा পভীরতা; যে পভীরতা পর্যন্ত ভালাজ জলমগ্ন থাকে; The depth to which a ship sinks in water :-- कारनव মধ্যে একেবারে হত মংস্যাপড়ে; কাকের মধ্যে হত মংস্যা একবারে পড়ে: The quantity of fishes taken by once drawing the net:--প্রণালী; A sink; a drain :- To ; An order for payment of money ; bill of exchange :- v. t. টানিমা বাহির-কু, আহ্বান-事; To draw out; to call forth. Syn:—(n) Drawing, pulling, traction; current of air; cup, portion, dose, drench, drink; sketch, outline, delineation, design; draft.

Draught, draft, Draught house,—hows, n. পাছপানা; A privy. [ed on a checqued board. Draughts, drafts, n. সভব্ পেলা; A game play-Draughtsman, draftsman, n. নক্সা বেশক; One who draws writings or designs; draftsman Draw, draw, v. t. আক্রণ-ক; টানা; To pull along; to hauf; to drag:—প্রনোভিড-ক; To entice:—বারু সেবন-ক; নিবাস সংগ-ক; To inhale:—বারু সেবন-ক; নিবাস সংগ-ক; To unsheathe:—বর্ণা-ক; To delineate; to describe:—অনুধান-ক; বিগ্র-ক; Deduce:—মাড়ী বাহির-ক; Disembowl:—ি ন্যান্ত-ক; Deduce from promises:—ব্যান-ক; To win:—আহাল ভাসনান বাহিবার কর (ব্যান) বে সভীব্তার প্রয়োজ্য হয়; To require a depth of (water) for floating—said of

a vessel:—v. i. होना ; To pull:—हिन्द ; To practise drawing:—निन्ना शक्ता ; विवाह जाना ; है जिल्ह जाना है है जिल्ह जाना है है जिल्ह जाना है ज

Draw a certain—ঢাকা-কেন্তা; Hide from public view:—আবরণ খুনিবা কেনা বা কেবান; Expose to public view.

Draw a comparison between—इहेरदर पुरावा-कृ: Compare, institute a comparison between-

Draw a picture of—হবি পাকা; Form a figure or picture:—বৰ্ণা-ক; Give a description of.
Draw about— টাৰ্; Drag. [tended by.

Draw along—সংগামী-ছ; Draw with; be at-Draw aside—এক পাৰ্থে সন্ধিয়া-বা; Move to one side. { treat.

Draw back—প্ৰত্যাগমন-কু, পেছন-কু; Retire; re-Draw blacks—প্ৰত্তি ধেলায় বে টিকিটে কিছুই ৰাই তাহা উঠান; Draw tickets in a lottery on which no prize is indicated. [আনা; Bring down. Draw down—উৎপাগন-কু; Raise; elicit:—বাড়ে Draw for—প্ৰতি-কু; Cast lots for.

Draw forth--वाश्विन-कृ, Extract; elicit.

Draw from—কোন কিছু হইতে নিছান্ত-তু; Derive from; deduce from:—লিখিবাৰ বা বলিবাৰ উপৰৱণ সংগ্ৰহ-তু; Derive one's information from.

Draw in-প্রোভিত-ক; Allure; as, he was drawn in to join the plot:—সংগ্রহ-ক; Collect.

Draw in one's horns—ঘট মানা; দিং ছটান;
Take back boastful words; withdraw one's arrogant pretensions or claims. [gain interest.
Draw interest—মুখ পাৰ্যা; To produce or
Draw lots (Cast lots)—সৃত্তি খেলা; Draw
prices of paper one after another, with a view
to determine a question (generally, which one
among the number should get the prize or do
something). [proach; come near.

Draw near, Draw nigh.—নিকটবর্তী-হ, Ap-Draw off-এত্যাগমন-ক; Withdraw:—লওমা; Take away from:—বিষয়ান্তরে আকৃষ্ট-হ; Withdraw.

Draw on-প্রনোভিত-কু; Allure :—ডাকিনা আনা; Occasion :—চেক কাটিনা বা অক্স কোন রক্ষে টাকা লবনা; টাকা লবনা; Ask or obtain payment by a written bill or draft; obtain money from (by an order or cheque):—সমন্ত্র নিকট হওরা; বিকট-হওঁনিং; Advance or approach (used of time):—আত্রিকে বাটিন; Tax:—লিখিবার বা বলিবার উপকর্ষণ সংগ্রহ কু; Derive materials from.

Draw on one—কোন বিপদ ভাকিয়া জানা; Act in such a way as to incur, render one liable to.

Draw oneself up—বতদুৰ লকা হওয়া বাৰ, ভতদুৰ হওয়া ; Raise to full height.

Draw one out—কথা বাহিব করিয়া লওয়া; Pump one out:—কথাৰ কথাৰ কাহারও পেটের কথা বাহিব করিয়া লওয়া; Elicit cunningly the thought and feelings of another.

Draw out, Draw out of-युद्धालाक (अनीवक-

इ ; Range in battle :--তথা কহিতে ইজুক-ছ ; Render communicative :---বিগ্ৰ-ছ ; Protract.

Draw over—একণৰ পরিত্যাপ করিবা অন্ত কলে বোল দিতে অনোভিত-কু; Induce to leave one party or side to join another.

Draw the line between—সীমা বিৰ্দেশ-ড়; Define the limit so as to clearly indicate the distinction between:—ৰ্ডেন-ড়; Draw a distinction between.

Draw the sword—ভরবারি ধেলা; Unsheathe the sword:—যুদ্ধ-কু; Wage war; fight.

Draw up— प्रिष्ठ-ए; Come to a stand: — युद्धाकरत ध्यानेनक रहेश क्लाममान-ए; युद्धान मगरेस रवस्त्र रिम्छ केंग्रिस रम्हेस्त्र ध्यानेनक किंद्रा केंग्रिस करान; Range in battle; form in order of battle: — मुनाविषा-कः; बम्ग्रि-कः; Draft: — केंग्रिस मन-कः; Lift: — मिक्टि काना; Bring near,

Up and draw—geria affice aeria effce;
Backward and forward in (some place).

Drawback, drawback, n. অস্থিয়া; ভাষের যে প্রিমাণ ক্ষেত্র পাশুরা যায়; Any loss of advantage. Syn:—Allowance, deduction, discount, rebate; disadvantage, injury, detriment, deficiency, imperfection.

Draw-bridge, draw'brij, n. বে সেতু উঠাৰ ও নামান বায , চল-সেতু ; Bridge to be raised up ; let down or drawn aside.

Draw-knife, Drawing-knife, ন. প্ৰথাৰের অন্ত বিশেষ: A joiner's tool for shaving off surfaces.

Draw-well, draw'-wel, n কুপ; ইদারা; A well from which water is drawn up by a bucket and apparatus.

Drawee, draw-ত', n. ৰাহাৰ নামে ছণ্ডী ৰাহির হয়; ৰাহাৰ উপর হণ্ডীর বৰাত পেওৱা বায়; The person on whom a bill of exchange is drawn.

Drawer, drow'er, n. বে হণ্ডী বাহির করে; বে হণ্ডী লেখে One who draws a bill of exchange or order for payment:—নক্সা লেখক; A draughts man:—দেরজ; আল্মারি; A sliding box in a case:—pl. ইন্সের; An under garment for the legs.

Drawing, drawing, n. চিত্ৰ; A picture; delineation:—টালা; Act of pulling:—চিত্ৰবিদ্যা,
The art of representing objects on a plane surface by many of lines and shades &c.

Drawing master, n. চিত্ৰ-শিক্ত, Teacher of drawing.

Drawing-room, drawing-room, n. নভাসুহ; অভাৰ্নশালা; বৈঠকখানা; A room for reception of company.

Drawl, drawl, v. t. বেলিয়া উচ্চাৰণ-ফ; To utter words in a slow, lengthened tone:—v. i. বেলাইয়া বেলাইয়া কৰা কৰা; বেলিয়া বলা; To speak with slow, lengthened utterance:—n. বেলায়; A lengthened utterance of the voice. ad = drawlingly, n=drawlingness,

Drawn, p. p. of draw. [ and cut in quarters. Drawn and quartered—Drawn in a sledge Drawn battle, Drawn game— ् ब्रह्म बन्दा बाद बन्दा का किया है ते game where both claim the victory or where neither can

conquer the other: -- | निर्द्शांविक कडवांडि ; Drawns sword.

Drawn out-Lengthened.

Dray, dra, n. वान वित्नव ; इक्ट्रीन भक्छ ; A strong low cart on wheels ; a drag.

Dray man, n. One who attends a dray.

Dread, dred, n. ভয়; Fear united with awe:—
ভয়োদীপক বছ; An object of fear:—v. f.
ভাতা ভয়-কৃ; To regard with terror; to fear
greatly:—v. i. ভয় হওয়া; To be in great fear:—
a. ভয়াৰক; ভয়োদীপক; Awful. Syx:—(x)
Affright, terror, horror, dismay, awe. (x)
Frightful, terrible, horrible, dreadful, awful,
venerable.

A burnt child dreads the fire—কোন কাৰ্য্য কৰিয়া একবাৰ বে জুগিয়াছে সে আৰু সেৰূপ কাৰে হাজ দিতে চাহে না; বৰ পোড়া গল সিদ্ধে যেও দেখিলে ভবাৰ; One naturally dreads the idea of having to do anything that had once proved painful or troublesome to one.

Dreadful, dredfool, a. Stine; Styl; Terrible.

m=dreadfulness, ad=dreadfully. Syn:-Terrible, shocking, frightful, tremendous, awful, alarming, fearful, horrible.

Dreadless, dredles, a. অৰুভোডৰ ; নিজীব ; Intrepid ; free from dread. n=dreadlessness, addreadlessly.

[ person

Dread naught, n. বিভাৰ ব্যক্তি; A fearless Dream, drem, n. বর্ষ; Thoughts in sleep:—করনা; কার্রনিক বিবন্ধ; Idle reveries; a vain fancy:—v. i. বর্ধ দেবা; To have images in the mind during sleep:—করনা-ক; To let the mind run on in every revery; imagine:—v. t. বর্ধাবেশ বেশা; To see in, or as in a dream. Syn:—(n) Fancy, reverie, vagary; trance. ad—dreamingly, n—dreamer.

Dream away—বৃধা নাই-ড়; Idle away; spend by indulging in dreams; pass in pleasant dreams. [ Think of.

Dream of—বাৰ (গৰা; বাৰেও ভাৰা; বাৰ করা; Dreamy, dremi, a. ব্যপূৰ্ব; কালনিক; Full of dreams; dreamlit, indistinct. n=dreaminess. Syn:—Misty, fanciful, ideal, shadowy, unreal, visionary; absent.

Drear, drer, Dreary, drer'i, a. दिवश : विश्वानम ; Gloomy : dismal, cheerless. n=dreariness, ad=drearily. Syn:—Sorrowful, sad, lonesome, comfortless.

Dredge, drej, দা জল ইইতে কৰ্মন উত্তোদন কৰিবাৰ ব্য , An instrument to take by dragging esp. a machine for taking up mud &c., from the bed of a stream:—v. f. যাংদে মহলা ছড়াইয়া-দে; Scatter flour on a meat:—হম্ববিশেষ বাবা ববা বা সংগ্ৰহ করা; To catch, gather or deepen with a dredge.

Dredger, drejer, n. नाज विराध ; यह विराध ; A utensil for dredging ; a dredging machine.

Dredging machine, n. Maining as; An engine to take up mud from the bottom of rivers, docks.

Droggy, dreg'i, a. कर्षमभून ; नमन ; कर्षमन्त्र Muddy ; foul. n=dregginess, dreggishness. Brogs, dregs, n. pl. মন ; গান ; মহলা ; মান ; নিট ; ভদানি ; Lees ; refuse ; dross. Syn :—Feculence, sediment, grounds, refuse, offal, trash, offscourings ; dross, residuum.

To the dregs—তলা পৰ্যত্ত ; To the bottom.

Drench, drensh, v. t. 阿安·亨; Wet thoroughly; soak :-- विरवहन-कृ ; Purge violently :-- वनपूर्वक खेल (मनन कतान ; To physic by force :- n. शान ; এক চোক পানীয়; A drink; a draught; draft. Syn:-(v) Soak, steep, imbue; purge, physic. Dress, dres, v. t. বিভাগ-ক ; To adjust ; to put in order :- वज शतिशान कवान ; शतिशान-कृ ; To put clothes upon; to put on clothes :--প্রত-কু; ব্ৰহ্মৰ-ক ; To prepare for use ; to cook :—সজ্জিত-কু; To deck :--কভ পরিছার-কু; To cleanse a sore : -v.i. (अभैवस्कृ: मादि वीथा; To arrange one's self in a line :--বন্ত পরিধান-কু; To clothe oneself : 🗝 বন্ধ ; The clothes ; garments :—স্ত্রীলোকের খাগুরা; A lady's gown :-বর পরিবান রীভি; Style of dress. Syn: -(v) Align, adjust, arrange, dispose; prepare, fit; apparel, clothe, accoutre array, robe, rig; embellish, deck, adorn. (n) Habit, apparel, garments, clothing, vestments; elegant attire, costume.

Dress a ship—পভাকা ছারা সজ্জিত-কু; (naut) To deck or ornament her with colours.

Dress up or out—আড়ম্বর সহকারে বন্ত্র পরিধান-ক ; To dress showily.

Dresser, dreser, n. বিভাসকারী; One who dresses; one who regulates or adjusts:—বে টেবিলেব উপর থাদাদি সজ্জিত করা হয়; A table on which meat is dressed or prepared for use:—বত্ত বিশেষ; A surgical instrument.

Dressing, dresing, n. বন্ধ; Dress or clothes:—
কত স্থানে পটি; The application made to a sore:
— ভূমির কত সাধ; Manure spread on land:—
চিত্র বিচিত্র চাঁচ; An ornamental moulding.

Dressing-case, dresing-kas, পোষাকের আল-মারি; ভাজারের বয়াদি রাখিবার বায়; A case of articles used in dressing one's self.

Dressing-room—বসনাগার; An apartment in which to arrange one's dress.

Dressy, dreśi, a. পোবাকপ্রিয়; পরিচ্ছদ্প্রিয়; Fond of dress; showy in dress.

Drew, pt. of Draw.

Dribble, dribl, v. i. কোঁটা কোঁটা পড়া; To fall in small drops:—লাল পড়া; Slaver as a child:—
v. t. কোঁটা কোঁটা পড়িতে-দে; বিন্দু বিন্দু কৰিছা
কো; To let fall in drops; to throw down in drops. n≖dribbler.

Driblet, driblet, Dribbet, n. ক্ড কোঁটা; A very small drop:—অভি অরবস্তু; অরপরিমাণ; A small quantity or sum. Syn:—Fragment, particle, morsel; small sum, drop.

Drift, drift, n. বেগ; Impulse; force, with which any thing is driven:—বাহা ডাড়িড হয়; What is driven or borne along in a body:—অভিপ্ৰাণ, বাজ্যের অর্থ; Tendency; meaning of words; the object aimed at:—পাল; নল; A drove or flock, as of cattle or birds:—v. t. অপাকারে স্কালিড-ফু; To drive into heaps as snow:—v. t. চালিড-হ; ডাড়িড-হ; রামীর্ড-হ; Drive along by chance

current or wind, form in heaps. Syn:—(n)
Mass, heap, diluvium; course, bearing, direction; intention, aim, scope, tenor, purport, meaning.

[ the current.

Drift wind—(च राज मम्म क्ष मम्म क्षिति (तत;

Wind that drives all before it.

Drift-wood, driffwood, #. জনবারা চালিভ কাঠ; Wood drifted by water.

Driftless, driftles, a. সৃত্যুক্ত ; Without aim.

Drill, dril, v. t. সৈক্তদিগকে শিকা-দে; Train soldiers :- काशांक (कान विशांक निकित्त-क: To instruct in the rudiments of any branch of knowledge :- ভূরপুণ ছারা ছিদ্র বা বিদ্ধ-ক ; To pierce or bore with a drill :--माति माति तीव वर्गन-कु; To sow (seeds) in rows :-- খ. i. বৃদ্ধশিকার কল্প একত্রিড-F; To muster for military or other exercise :n. तीम त्रान कतितात मादि वा बांड ; A furrow to put seeds into : - জুরপুণ ; An instrument for boring holes : -- যুদ্ধশিকা ; Military exercise. Syn :--(v) Perforate, bore; exercise, teach, discipline, [ for boring holes in metals. train. Drill-press, drilpress, n. বন্ধ বিশেষ; A machine Drill-serjeant, drilsar'jent, n. य वाकि मिनिएक इ কৰ্ম শিক্ষা দেয়: হাওলগায়; A noncommissioned officer, who drill soldiers.

Drilling, driling, n. পা-জাৰাৰ ৰক্ত ৰোটা হতী কাপড়: A course linen or cotton cloth, used for trousers.

Drink, dringk, ে. t. পান-কু; To suck in; to swallow, as liquid:—ম্দা পান-কু; Swallow liquors:—ইন্দ্রিয় দাবা গ্রহণ-কু; দেখা ও শ্রহণ-কু; Take in through the senses, hear and see:—v.i. গান-কু; অধিক পরিমাণে মদাপান-কু: To swallow a liquid; to take spirituous liquors to excess:—n. পানীয়; Something to be drunk:—মদা; Intoxicating liquor Syn:—(v) Imbibe, inhale, suck up, absorb, sip, quaff, swill, swig, tipple, tope; curouse, revel; pledge, toast, a=drinkable, n=drinkableness.

Drink deep—ছাডিরিক্ত পান-কৃ; Drink to excess, Drink down—পান-কৃ; Swallow.

Drink health, Drink to the health—মধ্য-পান কালে কাহাৰত মক্তস প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কু; অভ্যৰ্থনা-কু; A customary civility in which a person expresses respect or kind wishes for another; salute in drinking; wish well to one in the act of drinking.

Drink in—পান-কৃ; Swallow :—সম্পেহ বা পরীকা না করিয়া বিবাস-কৃ; Believe without examination or scruple.

Drink of—একই বাবে পান-কু; এক নিবাসে পান-কু; কোন জল বা জলীয় পদাৰ্থ বাওছা; Finish a draught; drink water or other liquid substance from a stream or cup. [to satiety.

Drink one's fill—পান করিয়া পরিভ্তাত : Drink Drink offering, dringk-offering, n. বিভগীখিনের ধর্মকর্মে ম্যাপ্রদান রীভি; A Jewish offering of wine &c., in their religious services.

Drink up—नगढ शान-कृ ; To drink the whole. Drinkable, a. शानीक्ष ; Fit to be drunk.

Drinker, dringker, n. (4 পাৰ কৰে; One who

drinks :-- जगानाजी ; बांकाज : A tippler ; a drunkard.

Drip, drip, ভ. i. বিন্দু বিন্দু পড়ে; To fall in drops:
—ভ. f. কোটা পেটা পড়িছে-দে; To let fall in drops:—អ. ক্ষণ; কোটার আকারে পতন; Falling in drops:—ছাবের বার বা কিনারা; The edge of a roof.

Dripping, drip'ing, ৯. ধল্যাৰ মাংদের করিত বসা; That which falls in drops, as fat from meat in reasting.

Drive, driv, v. t. বাকা-বে; বলপ্রক অপ্নর-কু; To impel or go forward:—গাড়ি চালান, Guide a carriage:—চালিড করা; To hurry on:—বাবা-কু; Compel:—শিকার-কু; To hunt; to chase.—কই-বে; To distress:—v. i. চালিড-কু; To be forced along:—বাড়িডে বাওয়া; To go in a carriage:—কফ্য-কু; To tend to; to aim at:—n. বাড়িডে গ্রন ; লকটাবোহণে অন্য' A ride in a carriage:—কটা বাজা গাড়ি করিরা বাওয়া বার ; লকটাবো গাড়ির রাজা; The road passed over. Syn:—(v) Impel, hurl, send, propel; push, thrust, urge, press; compel, oblige; prosecute, carry on; guide with reins, direct; rush, go furiously n=driver.

[the terms.]

Drive a bargain—ৰণ্ডা ৰণ্ডি-কৃ; Huggle about Drive a trade—কোন বাৰ্মায় দ্বান ; Carry on a business.

Drive about—শিকার করিতে বাওরা; Hunt about, Drive at—লকা-কু; Aim at; intend:—কোন মংলবে কিছু বলা; Speak about (with a certain end in view).

Drive away—ভাড়াইরা-জে; Expel. Drive back—হটাইমা-জে; Force back. Drive before—সমূৰে ভাড়াইরা-জে; Expel. Drive forth—ভাড়াইরা-জে; Expel.

Drivo in—হিতরে ভাড়াইয়া-দে; Come or force in. Drive one into a corner—কোণ ঠেনা, Push a a person into a corner from which he cannot escape.—আর কিছু করিবার বা বলিবার যো নাই এমন অবহায় কোলা; Put one to silence by some decisive argument.

Drive off—চলিয়া বাওয়া; Depart. Drive out—ভাড়াইয়া-দে; Expel.

Drive the nail home—সমস্ত পেরেক প্রথেশ করা-ইয়া-জে, Drive the nail to its whole length.

Drive to—বট্ট-দে; Distress:—কোন কিছু কবিতে বাধ্য-কু; Force one to adopt —আলা বিসৰ্জন কবিতে বাধ্য-কু; Force one to give way to :—গতিকে কোন কিছুতে ভাড়িত হক্ষা; Bring to a certain point or state by necessity or circumstances

Drive up—উপহিত-হ , Arrive.

Drivel, divi, v. i. লাল পড়া; To slaver:—জড়াছ
আন্তঃ ; নিৰ্কোনের মড কাৰ্যা-কু; পাগলের মত বকা;
To be foolish; to dote; to speak like an idiot:
—». লাল; লালা; Slaver:—মুর্গড়া; গুলাপ; Nonsense. Syn:—(v) Slaver, slobber; dote, be inbecile; talk foolishly; speak nonsense.

Driveller, drivler, n. বাহার মুখ নিয়া নাল পড়ে; A slabber :—মুখ : নির্কোধ ; পাগল ; Idiot ; fool. Driven in—অনুদ্ধ : Induced.

river, s. গাড়ভয়ান; A coachman:—বেলগাড়ি

Drisale, driff, e. i. বিন্দু বিন্দু বৃদ্ধি পড়ে; ভড়ি আছি বৃদ্ধি-ए; To rain small drops:—v. t. বিন্দু বিন্দু পড়িডে-দে; বিন্দু বিন্দু বিবা কেলা; To shed in minute drops:—n. ভড়ি ভড়ি বৃদ্ধি; বিন্দু বিন্দু বৃদ্ধি; A small light rain. a=drizzly.

Droll, drol, a. ছাডকৰ; রসিক; রসমর; Odd; laughable:—n. হাসাকারী; ভাড়; বিষ্যুক; One who excites mirth; a jester; a buffoon:—v.i. মকরামি-ক: ভাড়ামি-ক; হাস্য-ক; To practise drollery; to jest. Syn:—(a) Queer, amusing, funny, whimsical, humorous, jocular, laughable, comical, waggish, ludicrous, diverting.

Drollery—বিজ্ঞাণ : উপহাস , ঠাটা ; ভাষাসা ; Sportive tricks ; comical gestures ; fun. Syn :— Archness, buffoonery, fun, comicality, waggishness, whimsicality, humour, jocularity.

Drollish, drollish, a. ক্ৰ্ৰেক্ হাম্যোদীপক; Some what droll.

Dromedary, drume-dar-i, n. [Gr. drem, to run] উট্ট; একজাতীয় জতগানী উট্ট; A camel; species of camel having one hunch on the back. Drono, dron, n. [A. S. dran, the bee] পুং-বশ্বদ্ধান্তা; Male of the honey bee:—তা তা দ্বান্তা; Male of the honey bee:—তা দ্বান্তা; A lazy; idle fellow:—v.i. তা তা দ্বান্তা; To make a low humming noise:—ক্তেম্-কৃ; To fread or recite in a dull monotonous tone. Syn:—dder, sluggard; humming noise; monotonous sound.
Dronish, divisish, a. অসম; নিজিয়: Like a

Dronish, dionish, a. অলস; নিক্ষিয়: Like a drone; lazy; idle, inactive. n=dronishness. ad =dronishly.

Drool, v. i. লাল পড়া; To drop saliva.

Droop, droop, v. i. মন্তক অবনত-কৃ; হেট করা; To hung the head:—কাশ-হ; কৃশ-হ; ছুৰ্মন্ত: To grow weak, to faint, to decline. Syn:—Hang down, bend; fall down, decline, faint, languish, be dispirited.

Drop, drop, v. i. विन् विन श्राह : स्मिटी स्मिटी পড়িতে-দে; To fall in small particles ; to let drops fall :-- হঠাৎ পতিত-হ; To fall suddenly :--হঠাৎ মরা ; To come to an end , to die suddenly : —নিয়ে পতিত-হ; নীচে পড়া, To fall or sink lower :-- v. t. विन्तृ विन्तृ পড়িতে-দে ; याहेरज-দে ; To let fall in drops; to let go; -to cover with drops:-পড়িছে-মে; To let fall :--পরিভাগ-কৃ; To let go or dismiss; set aside :-- शेत्र क्था कश : To utter gently and continuously :- नीतः नामान ; To lower :---नामान ; To lower, as a curtain :-- ना গাঠাৰ; To send by dropping into the post office box, as a letter :-- প্ৰসৰ-ৰু; To give birth to, said of sheep, cattle :- n. रिन् ; (शंहा ; A small globule ; quantity of drink :-- क ब्ला ; Earring :-- शंतिकारंबेद अश्म विरमय ; The part of a gallows. Syn :- (v) Let fall, let go, put down, lower, sink ; leave, relinquish ; abandon ; desist from, remit, discontinue; distil, percolate, ooze; cease, (n) Globule; sip, a taste; trapdoor ; gallows-frame ; ear-ring. pl=Any medicine measured by drops. [ toward the stern. Drop astern-প्रकाशिय-इ : To pass or move Drop down\_- शिक-र ; Fall down :- मेम्झां कियार बहिना-ए। To move down a river towards

Drop from the clouds—আপৰিচিত হাৰ হাতে আগৰ-- ; Come from a place, which no one knows any thing about. [ tedly. Drop in—হটাং আবিবা পড়া ; Come in unexpec-

Drop off-15-7; Die.

Drop off from—পৰিত্যাপ-ড়; Desert or leave Drop off one by one—এক এক কৰিব। পৰিদ্যা পড়া; Fall off or disappear one after another.

Drop through- जङ्ग्लार्था-इ ; Fail.

Drop to व्यवस्थान ; Descend. Drop upon वंगेर (गर्ग) ; Meet by chance.

▲ drop in the bucket— चा भाभ ; A small quantity; only a small part.

A drop in the ocean—সমূতে পান্য অৰ্থা, A very insignificant particle in a large body; a very small quantity in a large body.

Take one drops—গোপনে মধ্য পান-কৃ; Drink wine in private. [drop.

Droplet, drop'-let, n. অভি ক্ত বিন্দু: A little Dropsical, drop'sik-al, a. শোধ সম্বনীয়; শোধ নীড়াবাড, উদ্বী-বোগাকাড; Pertaining to, resembling or affected with dropsy. n=dropsicalness Dropsy, drop'si, n. শোধ; উদ্বীবোগ; Morbid collection of fluid in any part of the body.

Drosky, droski, n. क्यानभा वानवित्यव ; A four wheeled Russian carriage.

Dross, dros, n. [A. S. dros, from dreosan, to fall] গাড়; মহলা; মহিচা; The scum of metals; refuse; rust. Syn:—Scotia, crust; dregs, impure matter, recrement.

Drossy, drośi, a. সমন, অপরিকৃত; Like dross; impure; worthless. n=drossiness.

Drought, drowt, আনার্ট ; Want of rain or water :—পানীর অলাভাব ; Want of drink :— পিণানা ; Thirst. Syn :—Aridity, drouth, thirstiness.

Droughty, drow'ti, a. বৃষ্টিপুস ; অভি ৩ছ ; জ্বিত ; Wanting rain. n=droughtmess

Drouth, drowth, n. Same as Drought.

Drove, pt. of Drive.

Drove, dröv, n. প্ৰাদিৰ পাল; A number of cattle or other animals driven:—বাত্ৰিক বা চলিক বা চ

Drowse, drowz, p. i. বিষয়ৰ, বিচেট্ৰান-ছ; To mod the head in slumber, to be heavy with sleep:—s. t. নিয়াপু-ছ; To make heavy with sleepiness, Syn.—Doze, nap, slumber, be drowsy.

Drowsy, drowźi, a. নিয়াবু ; নিয়াভিছত ; খানন ; Sleepy ; heavy ; sluggish ; dull, Syn :—Sleepy, comatose, heavy, dozy, somnolent, lethargic, soporific. ad=drowsily, n=drowsiness.

Drub, drub, v. t. [ Icel. drabba, to beat ] আহাৰ
‡; আহাত-ফু; To beat with a stick; thrash:—

π. অহার: মুটাবোড; চাপড়; কিল; A blow. Syn:—

(v) Thrash, cudgel, pommel, thump, bang, cane.

Drudge, druj, v. i. অতাত পৰিভাষ-কু; অভি নীচ কৰ্ম-কু; To work hard; to do very mean work: —n. মনুব, দান; কঠোৰ পরিভামী; Mean or hard working labourer; a menial servant. Syn:— (v) Slave, plod, toil. ad=drudgingly.

Drudgery, drujer-i, n. नीठ कर्ष ; सब्दी ; Hard or humble labour.

Drug, drug, n. উৰ্ব ; Any substance used in medicine or in dying;—v i. বহু করণার্থ ব্যবহৃত্ত বহু ; বে বহুব কম কাট্ডি হয় ; An article of slow sale:—v. i. উবৰ সহ মিশ্রিত-কু , To mix or season with drugs ; to dose to excess:—উবৰ ব্যবহা-কু ; To prescribe drugs or medicines. Syn:—(n) Physic, remedy; poison; unsaleable article.

A drug in the market—বে ক্ৰেৰেৰ পরিদাৰ নাই; A commodity for which there is no demand.— গৌৰব নাই; The possession of which confers no importance on a man

Drugget, drug'et, n. [Fr. drogue, drug, trash] গালিচার আঞ্চানৰ বরণ ব্যবহৃত মোটা প্ৰদা কাপড়; A course woollen cloth, used as a covering or protection for carpets. [medicines.

Druggist, drug'ist, n. উবৰ-বিকেতা; Dealer in Druid, droo'id, n. কেউদিনের প্ৰেটিড; Celtic priest. fem=Druidess, a=Druidical.

Druidism, drov'id-izm, n. ডুইড্ পুরোহিতদিপের উপদিষ্ট ধর্মমত বা আচরিত ক্রিযাকলাপ, Practices of Druids, the doctrines which the Druids taught. Drum, drum, n. मामामा ; (हान ; व्रा-हका ; A musical instrument:-कर्न्डरद्रम भग्नान ; कर्निष्ठ ; The tympanum or middle portion of the ear :-গৰুৰের উন্নত অংশ : The upright part of a cupola : — ঘূৰ্ণায়মাৰ পিপা ; A revolving cylinder or barrel : -- v. i. ঢোল বাজান; To beat a drum, to beat with the fingers :-- 資本 資本-事 , To throb :-- v. t. দৈক্ত যোগাড়-কু; ক্রেডা যোগাড়-কু; To go about to gather recruits; secure partisans customers -খ ংকোন হব অনুসায়ে বাজান; চাক বাজাইরা তাডাইরা-CV; To execute on a drum a tune; to expel with beat of drum. n=drum men. Detion. Drum into-गत्न थारान कत्रान, Instil by re-Drum out-- ांन वाकाहेबा डाए।हेबा-त्न ; To expel with beat of drum.

Drum up, Drum up for—ছোল বাৰাইয়া একলিড-কু, Assemble by beat of drum.

Drum-head, drumhed, n. ঢোবের উপরের আংশ, চকার মাধা; The upper part of a drum.

Drum-head courtmertial—A courtmertial called suddenly

Drum-major, drum-major, প্রধান সৈনিক-বালকর, সৈক্তৰণেক প্রধান ক্লাবালক, The major or chief drummer of a regiment.

Drum-stick, drumstik, n. চাক বাকাইবাৰ কাটি; Suck for beating a drum. [beats a drum. Drummer, n. চাকী; বুৰ্ছ বাৰ্ড; One who Drunk, drungk, pa. p. of Drink.

Drunk, a. ছবাৰত, বন্যপাৰে উন্নত; আৰ্ড্র, Intoxicated; saturated with moisture. Syn:—
Intoxicated, inebriated tipsy, fuddled, maudin, mellow, crapulous.

Be drunk with—কোল কিছুতে মন্ত হওৱা; Be intoxicated or elated with.

Drunkard, drungk'ard, n. অত্যন্ত মন্ত্ৰণী; অত্যন্ত মৃত্যন্ত ; মৃত্যন্ত ; One given to intoxication ; one addicted to strong drink. Syn:—Taper, sot, hard drinker, tippler, carouser, boozer.

Drunkon, drungkn, a. মদ্যপামী; মন্তর্গ-সন্ধান্ত; Given to excessive drinking, producing from intoxication .—মৃদ্যপান অভ্যন্ত; Given to drinking; intoxicated .—মৃদ্যপান্যশৃতঃ উন্মন্ত; Resulting from intoxication.

Drunkenness, drungkn-nes, n. অভিনিক্ত হ্বা-পান, Excessive drinking :—মাতলামি, Habitual intemperance.

Drupaceous, dro্ত-pa'shus, a. বদরী জাতীর ফল স্বন্ধীয় , Pertaining to stone-fruits.

Drupe, droop, n বদরী জাতীয় কল বিশেষ; A fleshy fruit containing a stone, as the plum &c. a= Drupaceous.

Dry, dii, a. ৬%, সার্দ্রতাপুক্ত: Free from moisture (said of the weather) —বৃষ্টিইন; Free from rain or mist (of vegetable matter) —বসপুক্ত; নীরম, Free from juice or sap (of animals) — অমুগ্রহুট, প্রধানবৃত্ত, Not giving milk (of persons):— ক্ষেপ্টা, ভিত্তাকর্পক নহে, নীরম, Uninteresting:—ক্ষ্টা, ভিত্তাকর্পক নহে, নিশোব-ক্, To free from water or moisture, to exhaust —ফ ঃ. ক্ষম-ছ, নীরম হয়্যা.

Fo become dry; to evaporate. Syn.—(a)
Parched, arid, thirsty, wainting drink, sapless, juiceless, sterile, unproductive, plain, dull, ad—drily, dryly n=dryness, direr.

Dry-goods, di-goods, n. কাণড় কিতা ইত্যাদি; Cleths, laces, ribbons, distinguished from grocenes { volume for dry or coarse articles. Dry-measure, n. ত্ৰজ্বা মাণ; A measure of Dry-nurse, dri-nuis, n. বালকপ্ৰতিপালিকা, পীড়া-কানীৰ প্ৰিচাৰিকা, One who feeds a child without milk from the breast; one who brings up a child by hand.

Dry-rot, dri'-rot, n. কাঠেব কমবোগ, কাঠের জীৰ্ণভাগাঁৱ, Decay of timber converting its substance into dry powder.

Dry-salter, drī-sawiter, n উৰ্থ-বিক্ৰেতা, তছ-মাণ্স বিক্তো; A dealer in drugs, dye-woods, died meats etc.

Dry-saltery, dri-sawiter-i, n. ওছমানে বিকেতার কাব্য; The articles kept by a dry salter, the business of a dry-salter

Dry up-७५-३; Deprive of moisture; clear up, scotch — कथा रक-इ, To stop talking.

Dryad, driad, n. বনবেবী; A nymph or deity of the words. [sisting of two. Dual, du'al, a. [L duo, two] বিসংখ্যক; Con-Dualism, du'al-ızm, n. বিভাগ; A twofold division:— (133) A system which assumes of its founded on a double principle. a=dualistic.

Dualist, du'al-ist, त. देवनानी ; A believer m

Duality, dn-alit-i, n. বিজ; State of being two. Dub, dub, v া নাইটু ইপাধী দান-ক, উপাধী প্ৰদান ক. To coofer knighthood by striking the shoulder with a sword, to confer any dignity. n=dubber. Syn —Name, style, denominate, call, entitle.

Dub a cock—Prepare it for fighting. [fulness. Dubiety, dū-bi'e-ti, n. মালজতা, মংলায়; Doubt-Dubious, dū'bi-us, a. [L. dubitare, to doubt; duo, two) মালজ; মংলায়ত; Uncertain; doubtful. n=clubiousness (মালজতা) i ad=dubiously. Syn:—Doubting, unsettled, undetermined, obscure, questionable, uncertain, problematical. Ducal, dūkal, a. ডিউক-সংক্ষান্ত, Pertaining to a a duke or dukedom.

Ducat, dukat, n. মুদ্রা বিশেষ; A coin, worth when silver, 4s. 6d; when, gold, twice as much. Duchess, duches, n. [L. dun, a leader] ডিউক্-পত্নী; Wife of a duke.

Duchy, duchi, n. ভিউকের অধিকার; A dukedom, the territory of a duke.

Duck, duk, v.t. ज्विरा-(म: किश्रक्षण अन्नर्श-कः To dip for a moment in water — v.i. मञ्च-इः ज्व-(म., To dip or dive; to lower the head suddenly — n इस्ती; Water-fowl — मखक व्यवस्थान ; A dipping or storping of the head:
— श्रियकन ; A pet, darling. Syn — (v.) Immerse, souse, plunge, dip, dive; bow, bend, stoop, cringe.

Make ducks and drakes—ছিনিদিনি ধেলা; To throwaflat stone &c., obliquely upon the water making it relbound .—ন্ত-কৃ; To squander.

Ducking stool—A stool or chair in which scolds were formerly tied and ducked in the water, as a punishment [young duck.

Duckling, dukling, n. dim. हरन-गांवक; A. Duct, dukt, n. [L. duco, to lead] नन; नांनी; A tube, passage. Syn.—Channel, canal, conduit, blood-ve-sel.

Ductile, duktil, a. নমনীৰ, ভান্তৰ; Easily led or drawn out, pliable, yielding. n=ductility. Syn:—Tractable, pliable, compliant, docile; flexible, extensible.

Dudgoon, dujun, n. [W dygen, anger] অস-ভোৰ, অপ্ৰসম্ভা; ভোৰ; Ill will; grudge, resentment —ভোৰাৰ বাঁট, The handle of a dugger:— ভোৰা, A small dagger Syn —Umbrage, indignation, displeasure, ire, wrath.

Duds, n. পুরাতন বস্ত্র; Old cloth

Duo, dū, a. [L. debro, to owe] দেৱ; Owing that ought to be paid — উপযুক্ত, Proper:—
বিশিষ্ট, Appointed.—n ৰণ, অবিকাৰ; স্থায়াসুগত বহু, Debt: what belongs to one of right; just title.—পুরস্থার, পণ, Fee or emplument:—
কাবি Claim.—adv কি: Directly; exactly; duly. Sym:—(a) Fit, suitable, appropriate, becoming; right, just, quitable, obligatory, bounden, owing to, occasioned by.

Due to—त्यांव दिगांत कांद्रांक बांगा; Owing to: वादा त्यवा वा क्या डेकिंक; Proper to be paid to:— त्यांव क्षिट्ट व्हेरण वेरणा; Occasioned by.

Duel, du'el, n. বৰৰ্ছ; বল্লছ; A combat between two persons:— চ. i. বৰ্ষ- ; To fight in single combat. n=duellist, dweller (মন্ত্ৰ)।

Duelling, du'el-ing, a. ঘৰমুদ্ধাভাগে; Fighting in a duel:—a. ঘৰমুদ্ধাভ; Employed in a duel.

Duenna, du-ena, n. বুছা ধার্টী; বছাক্রী; পরি-চারিকা; Lady in waiting; elderly woman to guard a younger.

Duet, du-et, Duetto, du-eto, n [L. duo, two]
কুই ব্যক্তি মিলিড হইরা পান বা বাদা কবিবার জন্ত বচিত
পান; A piece of music composed for two performers, vocal or instrumental.

Duffel, dufl, n. মোটা পশ্মি কাণ্ড; Coarse woolen cloth.

Dug, dug, n. পঞ্চ धन वा विष्टे, Nipple, treat; pap, udder.

Dug, pt. and p. p. of Dig.

Dugong, eti-gong', भ. छित्रि पदत्रा वित्यव ; A cetacean ; a kind of herb-eating whale.

Duke, duk. n. স্কাপেকা প্ৰধান কুলীনের উপাধি; ইংলপের প্ৰবাজের অব্যবহিত নিরপদ; The highest order of nobility next below the Prince:—অধি-ৰায়ক; সন্ধান; A chieftain, a leader:—রাজা; A sovereign prince. fem=Duchess.

Dukedom, dilkdum, n. ভিউৰের উপাধি, গুণ বা গম্বী; The title, rank, or territories of a duke. Duloet, dulset, a. [L. dulcis, sweet] হ্নিষ্ট, ক্ষমুন্ত ; হুম্বর; Sweet; melodious, harmonious. Syn:—Luscious, honeyed; melodious, euphonious; soothing, pleasing; charming.

Dulcify, v t मिहे-क ; To sweeten.

Duloimer, dulsi-mer, n [L. dulcis, sweet, and melos, a song] বাদ্যেত্র বিশেষ; দেভারা, ভানপুরা, A musical instrument.

Dull, dul, c. [ Dut. dol, mad, dolen, to wander, to rave ] মুৰ্ব ; Stupid :—ভোড়া ; Blunt :—বিষয় ; বিষাকৰ ; Sad ; cheerless :—মেহাছের ; অপাই ; অমাক ; Cloudy ; dim; obscure ; not bright :—বিষয় ; Uninteresting :—বিষয় ; Sluggish :—
v. t. মুর্ব ফ ; To make dull : to make stupid :—
ভোড়া-ফ ; To damp ; to cloud :—বিষয়-ফ ; বিষয়ান্ত ফ ; To damp ; to cloud :—বিষয়-ফ ; To deprive of activity :—v. i. ভোড়া-ফ ; বিষয়ান্ত ; To become dull, n=dullness. ad=dully. Syn :—
(a) Stolid, doltish ; inanimate, lifeless, apathetic, insensible, inert, inactive, heavy, sluggish ; not sharp, obtuse, blunt ; gloomy, sad, dismal ; dun, obscure ; tedious, tiresome.

Dullard, dulard, n जिं निर्द्शां (लांक ; तांका ; A blockhead ; a dunce ; a dolt. [ weak sight Dull-sighted, dul-sited, a. कीन वृष्टि ; Having Dull-witted, dul-wited, a कुनवृद्धि ; Not smart, heavy. [ properly.

Duly, du'li, adv. উপযুক্তরপে, উপযুক্ত সময়ে; Fitty, Dumb, dum, a. [Ger. dumm, stupid] সুক; বোৰা . Speechless; silent. n=dumbness.

Dumb-bells, dum-belz, n. 545; Weight swung for exercise.

Dam's found or founder, dumfound, v. t.

चराव-इ ; रजवृद्धि-इ To strike dumb ; to confuse greatly.

Dumb show, dum-sho, s. नह ; Pantomime. Strike dumb—रच्यक्ति-इ . Confound.

Strike one dumb— बांड्य रिष्ठ- इं विकास इं Deprive one of the power of speech, either by contounding or astonishing.

Dummy, duni, n. বোৰা; মুক; One who is dumb:—মুলবৃদ্ধি লোক; Thick witted fellow:—
নাকীবোৰাল; One who plays a merely nominal part in an action:—a. মুক; Silent; mute:—
কৃতিম, Sham. Syn:—(n) Mute; dumb; waiter; lay figure.

Dump, n. অবসাদ; বিশাদ; A gloomy state of the mind; melancholy usually, in the plural:—•. t.
To unload from a cart by titling it.

Dumpish, dump'ish, a. निरस्ताप; विषय; Depressed in spirits; stupid. n=dumpishness, ad= dumpishly. [ A small round pudding. Dumpling, dump'ling, n. Maisto fert facet : Dumps, dumps, n. pl. [Ger. dumpt, dump, dull] निक्रश्नांह ; वियोष , अक्रकांत ; Melancholy, illhumour, gloom. Syn: - Sadness, depression Dumpy, dump's, a. 有道 8 夏河; Short and thick Dun, dun, a. शिक्कार्ग ; Of a dark colour, partly brown and black:-- v. t. পাওনা টাকার নিষিত্ ভাগাল-কু; To demand a debt; to urge for payment .- n. (प्रनांत जब दि छात्रांश कृद्य : One who duns; a clamorous creditor —डानामा; An urgent demand of payment. Syn :- (a) Dull, brown; dark, gloomy. (v) Press, urge, importune.

Dunce, duns, n. मूर्च वाङि; निर्द्धाप, A dolt; a stupid person. Syn:—Dullard, dolt. numskull, simpleton, blockhead. a = duncish, duncelike.

Dunder, n ইকু রনের নিটে; The dregs of canejuice used in distilling rum. [A dunce.

Dunder head, Dunder pate, n মুৰ্বোৰ; Dune, dun, n. বালির পাহাড়; বালিকাছণ, A low hill of sand on the sea-shore.

Dung, dung, n গোৰর, প্ৰাদির বিশা; বোমন ; The excrement of animals:—v. t সার-দে; To mannure with dung:—v. i. মল তাপ-ফু; To void excrement. Syn:—(n) Ordure, faeces; manure. a=dungy.

Dung-hill, dunghill, n. পোৰরাদির বুণ; সারকুড; A mound of dung:—কদৰ্য্য বাসখান; A vile abode:—a. विशेषांच ; नींठ ; Mean, low.

Dungeon, dunjun, n. কারাগার; পাতাব্দর; A close, dark prison; a cell under ground.

Dungy, a গোনখপুৰ্ব; Full of dung .— ৰণধ্য; Nasty; vile. [ piper Dunlin, duńlin, n. পৰিবিশেষ; A kind of sand-Dunnish, duńish, a. কৰ্জিং পিলবৰ্ব: Somewhat

Duo, du'o, n. [L. duo, two] तीं ; Song in two Duodecennial, du-o-de-seni-al, a. [L. duode-cim, twelve, and annus, a year] द्यान वार्षिक ;

Occuring every twelve years.

Duodecimal, du-o-desi-mal, a. [ L. duo, two, and decem, ten ] भाग, Twelyth, numbered by twelve years.

Duodetimo, du-o-deśi-mo, a. বাৰণেকি; Formed of sheets folded so as to make twelve leaves:—n. বাৰণেতি করনার প্রক; A book with sheet folded in twelve leaves:—The size of a book thus compared,—usually indicate thus; 12 mo.

Duodecuple, da-o-deka-pl, a. [ I.. duodecim, twelve, and plico, to fold ] sivered; sivered ; consisting of twelve, twelvefold.

Duodenum, du-o-de'num, n. [ L. duodeni, twelve each ] প্ৰায় ব্যা সূচ্চ first of the small intestines. a=doudenal.

Dupe, dup, n. বাহাকে অবাধানে জুলান যাত্ত : One easily cheated; a guil :—v. t. প্রভারণা-কু; To deceive; to trick. Syn :—Beguile, hoodwink, delude, overreach, cozen, gull, cheat. a = dupable.

Duple, dupl, a. [L. duo, two and plico, to fold]

Duplicate, dū'p'lik-মা, a. বিশ্বণ; Two fold: n. প্রতিলিপি; A copy:—v. t. বিশ্বণ-ফু; প্রতিনিপি-ফু; To double; to make a copy. n=duplication.

Duplicity, dii-plish-i, n. প্রভারণা; প্রবাদনা; Insincerity of heart or speech; deceit. Syn:—Double-dealing, deceit, dissimulation, guile, deception, hypocrisy.

Durability, dur-a-bilit-i, n. ছারিছ; অনম্বত্ত; Power of lasting without perishing.

Durable, dur'a-bl, a. [L. duro, to last] होती; 
Afe, Lasting; permanent; hardy. n=durability (हांदिन) ): Syn:—Abiding, lasting, permanent, firm, stable, continuing, constant. ad=durably. n=durableness.

Dura mater, n. মধিকের বৃথিবিল্লী; The outer membrane of the brain. [ment; duress. Durance, dūr'ans, n. কংলেণ; ক্ষবরোধ; Imprison-Duration, dū-rā'shun, n. ছিডিকালের পরিমাণ; চিবস্থানিক, Continuance in time; power of continuance; permanency. Syn:—Prolongation, perpetration, continuation; permanency.

Durbar, dur'bar, n. [ Pers. dar-bar, a prince's court, (lit.) a door of admitance] সম্বায়, আন্তাৰ্থা-গুই; A audience chamber; a levce, or a reception of native princes and nobles held by the Viceroy of India.

Dure, v i. স্থানী-ছ; To endure, last, continue.

Duress, durés, n. করেণ; অবরোধ; Constraint; imprisonment. Syn:—Confinement, captivity, durance.

[ For the time it lasts.

During, during, prep. यावर; त्व नर्गाय; मत्या; Durst, pt. of Dare, नाहम-कृ, To venture.

Dusk, dusk, a. ইবং কৃষ্বৰ্ণ; ইবণাশ্বকারমন; Darkish:—n. পোধ্লি সমন ; কৃষ্বৰ্ণ; Twilight; partial darkness; darkness of colour. ad=duskly. n= duskness.

Duskish, duskish, a. ११६ कुमर्ग; नामाण कुमाण; Rather dusk; slightly dark or black. n=duskishness. ad-duskishly.

Dusky, duski, a. अनुकल, कुकर्ग ; Partially dark or obscure ; dark coloured :—विषक्ष ; विषाणसक्ष ; Sad, gloomy. n=duskiness. Syn:—Murky, darkish; dun, obscure, cloudy, shadowy. Dust, dust, প. খুলি; ওড়া; দুভিকা; Earth প্র powder; powder, earth:— পুন্দরেণু; The pollon of the anther of flowers:— অপকৃষ্ট বস্তু, Refuse:— ক্বর; Grave:—নীচাবছা; A mean condition:— টাকা, Money:— ৩ t. খুলি কাড়া; To free from dust:—খুলা ছড়ান: ওড়া করা, To sprinkle with dust, to reduce to powder.

Dust and ashes—ৰূত্যৰ লক্ষণ; Emblems of death and mortality.

Beat out dust-पूजा बाह्य ।

Bite the dust—পতিত-হ, ভূতলশারী-হ; To fall or be thrown as in contest of battle; fall in battle.

Lick the dust at one's feet—পানের ধূলি চাটা; অভ্যন্ত ভোবামোদ-ক; Cringe, cringe objectly to gain one's favour.

Raise or kick up a dust—গোল্যাল-ক : প্র-গোল-ক ; To make a confusion , make a disturbance. [ Deceive , bewilder one.

Throw dust into the eyes of—চলে ধ্লি-দে; Duster, duster, n খাড়ৰ; পাৰছা, A cloth or brush for removing dust.

Dustman, n. ম্বলা-প্রিছারক; One who carries away dirt and filth.

Dusty, dusti, a. গুলাছয় : ধুলিময় ; Covered or sprinkled with dust :—গুন বৰণ ; Of the colour of dust. n=Dustiness.

Dutch, duch, a. হলও দেশীয় ; Belonging to Holland or its people or language :—v. t. কটিনকু; To render clear and hard by dipping into hot oil &c.—as goose quills. [excited by drink. Dutch courage—মণ্ণানদান সাহস ; Courage Dutoous, du'te-us, a. ক্রব্যপ্রাহণ ; আক্রাবর্তী ; Obedient ; dutiful. n=duteousness. ad=duteously.

Dutiable, du'-ti-a-bl, a. গছ-বার্গোপবাৰী; Liable to the imposition of duty or customs.

Duty, n. বাধাতা, কপ্তবা, Obligation:—আধীনতা; বস্তবা; বনীভূততা, সামবিক কাৰ্য্য; Obedience; military service:—সন্মান; Respect, regard:— ন্দ্ৰ:—Tax on goods. Syn:—Responsibility; service, reverence; business, office, function, work, engagement; tax, custom, toll.

On duty—প্ৰহরীর কার্ব্যে নিযুক্ত; Serving as guard. Sense of duty—কর্ত্তব্য বৃদ্ধি।

Duumvir, n. One of two Roman magistrates.
Duumvirate, du-univi-rat, n. [ L. duo, two, and vir, a man ] আচীন রোমের শাসনপ্রাণী বিশেব; একই পদে ছই ব্যক্তির স্বাবেশ; A form of government in ancient Rome; the union of two men in the same office. [ chief pupil of a class.
Dux, n. কোন শ্রেনীর গুধান ছাত্র; The head or Dwarf, dwart, n. বানন; An animal or plant much below ordinary size; esp., a diminutive man; mannikin:—v. t. বর্জন হু বাড়িতে বা বেছয়; To hinder from growing; to stunt.

Dwarfish, dwarfish, a, 44176; 46 42;

Like a dwarf, very small n=dwarfishness. ad-dwarfishly. Syn -Stunted, small, low, tiny diminutive, little.

Dwell, dwel, v: 414-7, To live in a place, to inhabit n=dweller. Syn -Reside, sojourn, continue, stay, rest, remain, live

Dwell upon (or) on-বিভারিত বর্ণনা-জ ; Discourse upon, enlarge —অধিককণ কোন বিষয় লইয়া জন্মনা-কু (লেখাতেই হটক বা কথাতেই হটক). Continue on (some subject, either in speaking or

[ tion , abode in writing ). Dwelling, dweling, n. दानश्च , दान , Habita-Dwelling house, n বস্তিবাটী, A house in-[ dence, abode tended for residence Dwelling place, n aingla, Place of resi-Dwindle, dwindl, v : ক্ষিত-হ, ক্ষুপ্রাপ্ত এমণ: क्किशिन्या, क्षीन-इ, To grow less, to become less, to shrink away, to grow feeble - t 本味 করান, কথান, To make less, to breek, to dispress —n ক্য. A process of dwindling Syn -(1) Decrease, lesson, shrink, pine awn, decline, decay [ into, be reduced to Dwindle into- হটুষ্টু হইণা কমিধা আসা, Shrink Dyo, di, v ተ ጓ\*-፞ጵ, রিজিঃ ፡ . To stain, to tinge -n 35, Colouring liquid, tinge

Dyoing, ding, " कांश्व नन् करियां ब लोगन श ৰাশদাৰ, Art or pra tice of colouring cloth, &c Dyer, dier, n. যে ব্লাদি বণ্করে, One whose trade is to dye cloth.

Dyc-stuff, di'stufs, n pl 32 कदिवांव जवांति, Material used in dyeing.

Dying, dim\_, p " मूहर्न, Expirring - मद्ग्नीन, Mortal -n 1951, Death pr p. of die.

Dyke-Same is Dike

Dynamic, di-namik, Dynamical, di-namikal, a [Gr dynamis, power, dynamas, to be ] able ] বশ্বিষয়ক , জড়জগতে বলেব কাৰ্যা সম্বন্ধীয় : Relating to the effects of forces in nature.

Dynamics, di-namiks, n गाउदिकान, वनविकान, The science of moving powers.

Dynamite, dina-mit, n. विनातनंकम वस विद्वार डिशामाइँडे, A powerful explosive agent

Dynamometer, din-am-ome-tri, # [Gr. dynamis, power, and metron, a measure ] वन-প্ৰি-পিক যন্ত্ৰ, An instrument for measuring difort exerted, particularly the work done by a machine.

Dynastic, dinast-ik, a রাজবংশীয় , বংশসপাকীব : Belonging to a dynasty.

Dynasty, din is ti, n [ Gr dynastes, a lord, dynamas, to be able ] वाश्ववः भं , Race or family of sovereign —প্রভাব, রাজহ, সংস্থান্সা, Power, rule, government.

Dysontery, disenter-i, n. [Gr dys, ill, entera, the entrails] ব্ৰুখাৰ্থ, A disease of the entrails or bowels a=dysentric

Dysentry, " अधिनाव . Bloody flux a=dysentric dysentrical [ truation. Dysmenorrhoea, n वांश्व, Difficult mens-Dyspepsy, dis-pep'si, Dyspepsia, dis pep'si-1, n [ Gt dys, hard, difficult, and pepso, to dizect] अर्जे ने छा, अधिय ना, अजीर्न तान, Indigestion

Dyspeptic, া -peptik, a অন্ধীৰ্ণ কোণপ্ৰস্থ জলীৰ-বোগা াত্ত ত ত ত হৈশত উৎপত্ন, Afflicted with pertuning to or ari ing from it disest on -n अकोर्न (दानाजास राजि, One affected with disрсрча

Dyspnos, n नात्रक Difficity of the runne Dysury, di u in n i Gi v difficit, in i ouron uninc | अवान कित्रहात्र भ ब्रह्म, Diliculty in voiding urine.

图→3·রাজি বর্ণমালাব পঞ্ম অকর . The 2nd vowel, | Eaglet, e'glet, n. টণ্ডাল প্রিশাবক , ঈর্গণ শ্বিক , and 3th letter of the English alphabit [one Each, ich a att & Either of two, every Eager, t'ver, a. [L ak, sharp | 可且, 可何了 অধীর, উৎস্ক, Enrnert, Lunly destrous, impatient neergeine . ( राज का, खेरका, करमात Ardour ), ad=Lagurly (415 & Co) | Syn -I onging yearing, preedy implicent, vehement, impetuous, carnest, anxious, fervent, glowing hot Eagerness, t'ger nes, n देएका, वाद्रमहा, वाद्रही,

উদ্ধাস, Ardour, vehemonse, earnestness, impitience, heartiness, feivour, greediness.

Eagle, t'yl n [L aquila, from root ac, shirp, swift] শীকারী পক্ষী, ঈগল পক্ষী, উৎক্রোশ পক্ষী, A large bild of piey .-- মুদ্রাবিশেব, A gold coin of the United States, worth 10 dollars or 43s fim=ragless. [ Quick eyed , discerning. Earle-eyed, eglid, a, shorte, guirel, A young or small e igle

Bagre, eger, n [A S egir water, sea ] बनीब ডোহার, বান, Bore

Ean, v t or v. s. qen ana-s. To bring forth (yo mg)

Ear, ir, n वर्ग, श्रवत्निय, The organ of heating -मन्नी न विहास कराए क्याना , Power of judging harmony — बरनारवान , Attention — चानात यक्षती , শীৰ, Head of corn — v t কাৰ কু, To plough or till -- ए र भीत क्षित्रीय , To form ears, as corn Syn -(n) Musical perception, taste, hearing, regard attention, spike of grain head

Be all ear—मध्य स्थानी ३, नवार ३३य। ७मा , Be all attention, be wholly attentive

Be at one's ear-कृमनाई। द निभिष्ठ निकार बाका, Be near to whisper some secret matter into one > ear

Be by the ears, Fall together by the ears,

Go together by the ears—বিৰাদ-ক ; চুলে চুলি-ক ; Quarrel, fight and scuffle.

Be up to the ears in—ain स्वित्र । Be deeply involved in.

Din into or in one's ears—কানের কাছে জান্ ভান্-কু; কোন বিষয় ক্রমিক কানে জোলা; Repeat continually into one's ears; ply one with-

Give or lend ear to—ওলা; কাহার কথায় কাল দেওবা: Listen to.

Have an ear for— প্ৰব বাৰা গুণাগুৰ পজি বাৰা; llave a taste for, have the power of judging of (by means of the ears):— কুনা, কাৰ দেওয়া, Listen to.

Have or get the ear—অপরের নিলা কবিয়া কাহা-বও অনুগ্রহ লাভ করা, Get into a person's confidence by telling tales of others.

In at the one ear, out at the other—পীয় বিশ্বত-ই; Be readily forgotten. [mature state In the green ear—অপ্রিপ্ক অবহায়: In an im-Over head and ears, or up to the ears— একেবাৰে নিময়, Deeply absorbed

Poison one's ears -কানভাসানি দেওছা; Tell one something that is prejudical to another.

Possess one's ( have one's ear ) ear—একতান ঘাহা বলে ভালা গুলা; Have the privilege of being readily heard by one:—কাহাৰ উপৰ প্ৰভূষ পাকা, Have influence over.

Pull by the ear—কান মলা। [quarrel. Set by the ears—কাল্ডা বাধাইনা-দে; Cause to Turn a deaf ear to—কাপাত লা করা, Refuge to belon to.

Up to the ears—চ্ডান্ত, In an extreme degree Walls have ears—গোপনে বাহা বলা হয় তাহা প্রান্ত স্থান্ত Things uttered in secret get rumoured abroad.

Within ear shot-Within reach of hearing. Ear-ache, Tr'ak, n. कर्न-त्यम्बा; कर्नमूख; Pain in the ear.

Ear-drop, Ti'drop, Ear-ring, er'ring, m. কৰ্ম- ক্ষা, ছ্বা, A ring or ornament for the car.

Ear-drum, n. কর্ণমান্থিত গহলর; পট্ডলং প্রার্থ: Tympanum —কর্ণুক্তরন্থ পাতলা চামড়া; The drum or the membrane of the ear.

Eared, cid, a. कर्नविभिष्ठ ; मैत्रयुक्त ; Having cars. Ear-kissing, a. कर्न-भर्नकारी ; Ear-touching.

Ear-lap - কর্ণের অপ্রতার ; Tip or lobe of the ear. L'ar mark, cı'mark, n. মেনের কর্ণে চিক্ছ ; Mark on a sheep's ears.

Ear-shot, er'shot, n. প্রবণপথাকুণ্ড দূরত্ব; Reach of Ero trumpet, er'trump'et, n. প্রবণ-সহায় যুদ্ধ; যে বন্ধেৰ সাহায্যে ব্যক্তি বাজিবা জানতে পায়; A tube to aid in hearing; instrument to assist deaf persons.

Ear-wax, Er'waks, n. कार्यंत भरेत ; कर्ब-मन ; A tluck viscous substance serreted by the glands, of the ear into the outer passage; a cerumen of the ear.

Ear-wig, er'wig, n. কীট বিশেষ; কাণ্কোটারি; An unsect; the ear-worm, which eats fruit and flower-leaves and has been erroneously supposed to creep into the brain through the ear:

-্বে ব্যক্তি মুখ্য অভিনামে অগোচনে কাণ্ডেক মুখ্য করে;

থে অপারের কাপের কাছে কুল কুল করির। বলে; One who gains the ear of another by stealth for a bad end; a whisperer.

Ear-witness, হ্ল'-witnes, n. শোনা সাকী, ব্ৰপে ধ্বৰ ক্ৰিয়া বে সাক্ষ্য প্ৰদান কু; শোতা; One who can give testimony to a fact from his own hearing; one who hears a thing; one who witnesses, as heard by himself.

Earl, cil, n. মার্কুদের অংকদ সমাত ব্যক্তি; An English title next after marquis fem=countess. Earldom, cildum, n. আর্লের পদ বা অধিকার; Dignity of an earl.

Earless, टा'les, a. वर्षत्र ; क्ष्टीन ; ध्रवणातम् ; Deaf ; destitute of ears ; disinclined to hear.

Earl-marshal, erl-mar'shal, n. উচ্চপদ্ কৰ্মচাৰী বিশেষ: One of the great officers of state who has to take cognizance of all matters relating to honour, pedigree, and military solemnities.

Early, er'li, a. আতে; প্রান্তঃকালীৰ . উপযুক্ত সময়ের;
সমধ্যেচিত; At or near the beginning of the day,
seasonable:—ad. ীয়; বধাকালে; Soon; betimes. n=earliness. Syn:—Timely, not late,
opportune, forward, premature; at dawn, at
day-break.

Earn, ein, v. t. উপাজন-ড়, প্রাপ্ত ए : To acquire; to deserve. Syn:—Gain, get, acquire, realize, procure, reap, deserve.

Earnest, er'nest, a উৎস্ক; অৰণট ; Zealous; solicitous; sincere:— শ্বিষদ্ধ ; Determined:—

n যথাৰ্থতা; বাৰুব; Seriousness; reality:—প্ৰতিষ্ঠু; বাৰুবা; A pledge. Syn:—(a) Eager, warm, animated, importunate, fervent, hearty, serious, intent, zealous, fixed, steady, resolved, determined. (n) Reality, first-fruits, pledge.

Earnest money—বাহনা , Money paid to bind a bargain or ratify a transaction.

In a carnest of ভিত্তবিদাৎ উন্নতির বিশেষ লক্ষ্ণ প্রদর্শন-কু; Give promise of what is to come.

In oarnest--পৰিহাস না করিয়া, কবিব এইরূপ অভি-প্রাযে বাণিয়া-কু; Seriously; with a fixed determination:--প্রকৃত্রস্থাবে (লাগা ); Serious.

Earning, er'ning, n. উপাজিত धन ; माहिना ; णाड ; Money sayed ; wages ; stipend.

Earth, etth, n মুডিকা; ভূমি, ভূতল; Soil; land; ground:—পৃথিবী; World in which we dwell:—
v. t. গোৰ দেওৱা, মুডিকা ভিতৰে পুকাইবা ৰাখা; To bury, hide in earth:—v. t. মুডিকা ভিতৰে প্ৰেশকু; মাটাৰ ভিতৰ গঠ কু, To buriow; to retire under ground. Syn:—(n) Land, ground; clod, turf, rod, dry land; world, globe; fox-hole.

Earth up—মুপ্তিকা দারা আছোদিত-কৃ; Cover with earth.

Earthborn, erthbowrn, a. পার্থিব ; পৃথিবীজাত , Born from the earth.

Earth-bred, érthbred, a. ৰীচ; কুড়াৰ্ড ; Low, abject.

Earthbound, erthbownd, a. बृखिका-वह ; Confined in the earth ; held by the earth ; as, a tree.
Earthon, erthin, a. बृखंद ; कप्तकृत Made of clay ; frail.
Earthon ware, erthn-war, n. बृखंदभाव , बाहिंद

Earthfast, a. किन ; Firm as ea th.

Borth flax, erthflaks, n. এত্বৰ বিষ পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ: Asbestos.

Barthling, etthling, ब. शृथियोगी; यदव कीय; यद्यानी; यद : A dweller on the earth ; a mortal. Barthly, etthli, e. शार्थिय ; Belonging to the earth :—बोड ; वेड्य ; विषय ; Vile ; workly ; sensual. seearthliness. Sys:—Terrestrial, sordid, carnal, grovelling, sensual, gross.

Karthly-minded, earthli-minded, e. बीह्यको: ; Having the mind intent on earthly things.

Earth nut, erthnut, n. म्ववित्यव ; A root like a nut; a pignut. [ of the earth. Rarthquake, erthkwäk, n. प्यक्या ; Shaking Earthward, etthward, ed. पृथिवीय शिरक ; Toward the earth.

Earthwork, etthwurk, স. রেলপথ প্রস্তুত করিবার অভ মাটির কাজ; বাঁধ; The removing of earth in making railways; embankment.

Blarthworm, érthwurm, n. কিছ্যুক; কেঁচো, The common worm:—কুপণ; নীচ ব্যক্তি; A sordid person; a miser.

Barthy, erthi, a. পৃথিবী সম্বন্ধীয় ; পার্থিব ; Consisting of, relating to, or resembling earth ; not heavenly:—নীচ ; Sordid ; carnal ; mean ; grovelling:—সভব ; Possible:—মূল ; অগবিত্বত ; Gross, not refined. Syn:—Terrene, earthly, terrestrial ; gross, unrefined, coarse. n=earthiness.

Of the earth earthy—পর্যার্গতান্তর সহিত সংগ্রব স্থান্ত ; Gross in nature, prompted by sensual appetites:—কেবলমাজ বৈবন্ধিক ব্যাপারে নিময় ; Unspirited, devoted exclusively to gross earthly objects.

Base, হ2, n. আরাম; নিক্ষেণতা; লাভি; বিজ্ঞাম; Quiet; rest; comfort; facility; freedom from constraint:—v.t. আরাম-দে; লাভ-তৃ; To relieve; to calm. Syn:—(n) Repose, contentment; casiness, facility, readiness. (v) Disburden, disencumber, assuage, alleviate, allay, calm, pacify, mitigate, abate.

Base off or away—(naut) ক্ৰমণ: পিথিল-হ; To slacken gradually.

At ease, At one's ease—নক্ষে; নিন্তি ; মনের মূখে ; মৃহিরচিতে ; Without pain or anxiety ; in a state of ease, free from pain or anxiety , thoroughly at home and comfortable.

III at ease— অমুখী ; অছিনচিত ; Uneasy ; agitated in mind ; restless.

Bet at easo—निशासन ; Tranquilise; set at rest. { frame.

Basol, হঠা, n. চিত্ৰক্ষক ; চিত্ৰক্ষের পাটা ; Painter's Basement, হঠment, n. আরাম ; সাহাব্য ; Relief ; assistance:—অবন্ধন ; Support :—পরকীয় ভূমিতে প্রাধিকার ; A liberty or advantage which one proprietor has in another's estate distinct from ownership of the soil; as, a way.

East, est, প্রাণিক; The point in the Heaven where the sun rises:—ইব্রোপের আচানেশ; The countries to the east of Europe:—a. প্রাণিকেনী; Towards the rising of the sun:—v. i. প্রাণিকেনী; To move towards the east.

Rastor, Erier, Bastor day--- खड्डाहेट्ड शतका विवास वृद्धेत शूनकथा-जनगरहरू छश्म विस्तान

Christian festival, held on the Sunday after Good Friday.

Basterling, Esfér-ling, ন. ইলেন্ডের পূর্ববর্তী কেই-বাদী; A native of some country lying to the east of Great Britain.

Easterly, Ester-li, a. প্রাণিনাত; প্রাতিম্থ: Coming from the eastward; looking toward the east:—ad. প্রাণিকে; প্রাতিম্থে; On or towards the east.

Eastern, Estern, a. প্ৰদেশীয়; etis; Toward the east; connected with the east; dwelling in the east.

[ Toward the east.

Eastward, est'ward, adv. প্राणितः ; প্রাতিম্বে ;
Easy, শৃগ, a महल ; महल ; Not difficult :— यह ;
Tranquil :— यहल ; Not straitened in money
matters :— महल ; Contented :— लाख ; Gentle.
Syn :— Secure, calm, facile, yielding, complaint, ready, light; unconstrained, graceful,
moderate, gentle; unconcerned, untroubled;
comfortable, snug. ad=easily. [rest.

Easy chair, n. হৰ্থাৰ আসন; An arm-chair for Easy come, Easy go—আনায়াসলক বন্ধর বার সহলেই হইলা থাকে; A thing easily gained is quickly lost.

Easy of speech—আলাগা; অবাধিক; Affable.

An easy going man—ভাল মাসুব; A man of
mild and equable nature.

Have an easy time of it—হণ সফ্ৰে কাল কাটাৰ; Pass one's time confortably; to be well off.

Eat, et, v. t. [A. S. etan, Sans. ad, to eat] ওকণক; ভোজন-ক; To chew and swallow:—কন-ক;
To corrode, as metal by rust:—কন্দা: ক্ষ-ক; To
consume gradually, as cancer:—v. i. আখাদনক; খালগ্ৰং-ক; To taste or relish. Syn:—
Gnaw, corrode, wear away; devour. n=eater.
Eat away, Eat off—নষ্ট-ক; খেন ক, Consume.
Eat fire—বিখা-ক; Quarrel.

Eat humble pie (cat dirt)—पाँ भागा . To submit tamely to insult or injury; be obliged to submit to some humiliation, apologize objectly. Eat in, Eat into—क्य-क् , क्रिया शाखा; Wear away by degrees, corrode.

Eat one's word—বাহা বলা হইয়াছে ভাগে কিবাইনা লঙ্খা; নিজের কথা নিজে সেখা, Retract what one has said.

Eat one's words—क्या अवीकाद-कृ; To retract one's assertions.

Eat out—সম্পূৰ্ণরূপে নট-কু; Consume completely. Eat the air—বুধা আশার মুখ-কু; Be deluded with false hopes.

Eat the bread of idleness—বনে বনে আন আন কালে-ত্ব;
Feed oneself without doing any work. [press.
Eat up—বাইয়া কেলা; উৎপীড়ন-কু; Devour, opEatable, হ'ca-bl, a. জন্ম-বোগা; বাদা; Fit to be
caten, edible, esculent:—n. জন্ম অবা; বাদায়বা;
Any thing used as food.

Eaves, Evz, n. ব্যেব ছাইচ; Over-hanging edges
Eaves-drop, Evidency, n. ব্যেব ছাইচ দিয়া বে কন
পড়ে; The water which falls in drops from the
caves of a house:—v. i. আড়ি পাডিয়া কনা; Listen under windows.

Eaves-dropper, Evidrop-er, n. (4 वाहि गाविक)

च्छा ; One who tries to overhear private conversation.

Ebb, eb, n. ডাটা; The retiring of the tide:—
আৰ্থি; হান; Decline or decay:—v. i. ডাটা-ই;
To flow back; to recede, to sink:—হান-ই; To
decay. Syn:—(n) Retrocession, regress, return, subsidence, decline, decay, decrease,
diminution, (v) Recede, retire, decay, decrease,
sink, decline, wane.

At a low ebb— অবৰ্ডির অবহায়; In a state of great decline. [tiring tide. Bbb-tide, ebtid, n. ডাটা, The ebbing or re-Bbon, ebon, a. আবন্স কাঠে গুটাড়; কুক্বণ; Made of ebony; black as ebony. [wood. Bbony, eb-on-i, n. আবন্স কাঠ, Hard black Bbriety, e-brie-ti, n. [L. ebrius, drunk] সুৱা-

Ebullient, e-bul-yent, a. [L. e, out, and billio, to boil] The; Boiling over as a liquid.

ৰন্তভা ; ৰাভলামী , Drunkenness ; inebriety.

Ebullition, eb-ul-lishun, n. কৃটিয়া উঠন 'কুটন; The act of boiling, effectivescence:—কোধ-প্রকাশ; An outward display of feeling, or of anger:— উপাৰ্ব, প্রাবন; An outbreak; an overflowing Syn:—Effervescence, bubbling, fermentation; outbreak, paroxysm, fit.

Bearte, ब-kar'ta, n. এक तक्ष ভাস (पणा). A game at cards played by two, with a pack from which the sixes, fives, fours, threes and twos have been removed.

Bocentrio, ek-sentrik, Eccentrical, ek-sentrikal, a [Gr. ek, out of, and kentron, the centre] কেবালী, Out of or deviating from the centre or not having the same centre .—অভ্নত; অনস্তুল, ধামধোলী; মাধা পাপলা; Odd, not conforming to common rules.

Ecoontrio, n. ভিন্ন কেন্দ্ৰাজিত বৃত্ত; বে চক্ৰেন ব্যাস কেন্দ্ৰ হইতে ক্ষ্মিত হইয়াছে; A circle not having the same centre as another; a wheel having its axis out of the centre.

Booentricity, ek-sen-trisit-e, n. কেন্সন্তা; The distance of the centre of a planet's orbit from the centre of the sun .— অসাধারণড়; অবস্তু-নামুক্ত; মাধা পাগনানি; অভুতভান; Singularity of conduct; irregularity; oddness.

Ecclesiastes, ek-kle-zi-a/tez, n. বাইবেলেয় অধ্যাৰ বিশেষ; One of the books of the Old Testament.

Licologiastic, ek-klē-zi-astik, Ecclosiastical, ek-klē-zi-astik-al, a. [Gr. ek, out, and haleō, to call] বাসকীয়; ধর্মস্কীয়; Belonging to the church.

Ecolesiastic, n. বালক; পুরোহিড; A priest, a clergyman.

Ecologiasticus, n. ek-klē-zi-aštik-us, ব্রীয় উপলেবের অধ্যাধ বিশেষ ; A book of the Apocrypha Ecologiology, ek-klē-zi-olo-ji, n. [Gr. ekklesia, a church, and logos, a discourse] উপাস্বা মন্দিরের নির্মাণ ভ সজা বিজ্ঞান ; The science of church building and decoration.

Echo, ekō, n. [L. echo, a sound ] श्राज्यानि ; Sounds returned ; words repeated ; reverberation:—বে ব্যক্তি কয় বা বৃথিয়া অভেয় বত বা বাজে প্রকাশ করে; One who repeats the words or ideas of another:—s.i. প্রতিক্ষালি-ছ; To reflect sound; resound:—v. f. প্রতিক্ষালি-ছ; To send back the sound of:—প্রস্কাশ-ছ; To repeat a thing said:—প্রতিক্ষালিত-হ; To be reverberated. [ by. Find an echo—প্রস্কাশ পালা; Be responded Bolairoisoment, ek-lar'sis-ment, n. [ L. ex, out, and clarus, clear] বাগো; বিশক্ষণ; Replanation, the act of clearing up anything.

Eolat, e-kla', n. (\*15), 'Tibyn; A striking effect; splendour; show. Syn:—Brilliancy, lustre, renown, applause, acclamation.

With great eclat-- नशास्त्रतः।

Bolectio, ek-lektik, a. [Gr. ek, out, and legs, to choose ] মনোনীতকারী; সারগাহী: Picking out; selecting:—n. সারগাহী ব্যক্তি; One who selects opinions from different systems:—চিকিৎসক্ ব্যক্তি; One of a sect of physicians, ad—eclectically.

Eclectic physician, n. নাৰগ্ৰাহী বৈদ্য বা চিকিংসক; One belonging to no recognised school, but claiming to select medicines &c., from all.

Eclecticism, ek-lekti-sizm, n. সাৰ্থাইী দাৰ্শনিক-থিগের মত; The doctrines of the eclectics, certain philosophers who prefer to choose from all systems they think true.

Eolipse, e-khpś, n. [Gr. ek, out, leipō, to leave ] গ্ৰহণ ; স্থা বা চন্দ্ৰ গ্ৰহণ ; The interception of the light of one celestial body by another :— অকৰাৰ ; নিভাৰতা ; Darkness :—v. f. মেঘাছাৰ-ছু; অকৰাৰাছ্যৰ-ছু; To darken ; to throw into the shade :—লেট-ছ; অভিক্ৰম-ছু; Outshine; surpass; v. i. মেঘাছাৰ-ছু, To suffer an eclipse; to become clouded. Syn:—(n) Occultation, obscuration, shading, darkening; failure, diminution. (v) Obscure, dim, overshadow, cloud, veil.

Ecliptic, e-klip'tik, n. দৌর জরন মতল, এছব-রেখা; Yearly path of the sun; রাশিচজ; The line in which eclipses take place:—a. এছব বা রাশিচজ; সংক্রাস্ত; Pertaining to or described by the ecliptic.

Bologue, eklog, n. [Gr. ek, out, and lege, to choose ] कांबा विराध . A pastoral poem.

Economic, ek-o-nomik, Economical, ek-o-nomik-al, a. পৰিষিত্ৰবায়ী; बातकृष्ठे; नावबान; Frugal; careful. ad=economically.

Economics, ek-o-nomiks, n. অৰ্থবিজ্ঞান; অৰ্থ-নীভি; Political economy.

Economise, ek-ońo-miz, ৩. ৫. পৰিমিত ব্যৱ-ক্; To save :—৩. i. আন ব্যৱ-কু; To spend with frugality.

Economist, ek-oko-mist, n. অৰ্থিজাৰিং; মিডবানী, One who studies or teaches political economy, one who is economical.

Economy, ek-ońo-mi, n. [Gr. oikos, a house, nomos, a law] বিকাচার, বিভব্যর: Thriftiness:—
সংসার-বিকাহ: Household or general management —বিরমাবলী, কার্য্যাবলী; A system of rules or ceremonies; regular operations of nature.
Syn:—Good husbandry, frugality, thriftiness

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saving, arrangement, regulation, management, system.

Economy of nature—প্রাকৃতিক সাময়ত্ত, General arrangement of nature

Bostasy, ekstā-si, n [Gr ek, aside, and histini, to make to stand] উল্লাস, হৰ্ব, উন্নত্তা, Excessive joy, rapture; madness Syn — Trance, transport, ravishment, enthusiasm

Bostatio, ek-statik, Eostatical, ek-stati-kal, a डेहांनरूत, र्वजनक, Rapturous ad=ecstatically Eoumenic, ek-u-meńik, Ecumenical, ek-u-meńik-al, a नावाव, नावाबनिक, Universal, general.

Bozema, ekzē-ma, n. চৰ্দ্মবৌগ, An eruption of minute vesicle upon the skin without fever

Edacious, e-dáshus, a [L edo, to act] খড়ি খুলুৰু, Eating greedily, glutonous. n=Edacity. ad=edaciously

Rada, eda, n পুৰুত্বিশেষ, Collection of Scandinavian rhyme and God knowledge

Eddy, edi, n [A S ed, again, and ea, running water] গুভিকুল লোভ, আবন্ত, ঘূর্ণিবায়, Contrary or back current, whillpool, whirl-wind — v. । মূর্ণারমান হ, যোরা, To move round and round — v t To collect as an eddy

Edematose, E-dema-tos, Edematous, ই-dema-tos, a [ Gr oidro, to swell ] শোধ-সৰক্ষী , উদ্ধী-বোগ ক্ৰান্ত , Dropsical [ অৰ্গ , Paradise Eden, T'dun, n [ Hich iden, delight pleasure ] Edentate, e-dentat, Edentated, e-dentated, a [ L e, negative, and dentis, a tooth ] দম্ভহীন সমুগ দম্ভবিহীন, Wanting front teeth

Edge e, n [L. ak, sharp] ধার প্রান্ত, কিনারা,
The brink, the extreme border of anything —
অন্তের ধার, The cutting side of an instrument —
ভীকতা, Sharpiness, keepiness — v. t ভীক-ক
ধার ক, To sharpine — কুপি ক কালর ক, I urnish
with an edge or border — ধীরে ধাবে সম্প্রাথ অগ্রম্বক, Move forward side way by little and little —
উভ্জেতিত-ক, To urge on — v ৷ একদিকে অপ্তত্ত ক, To move sideways. Syn — (n) Margin,
hp, rim, bum, point, keepiness, sharpiness

Edge off, Edge in— यह यह महा, शान काहिए। इत्त दा, Move by little and little.

To blunt the edge of—ধাৰ ভোডা-কু, বভাবের ভীৱতা মৃত্তকু, To impair the sharpness of, to reduce the pa nful nature of.

To set the teeth on edge—গাঁড ট্ৰে-বা, To cause a disagrecable sensation in the teeth, as from contact with acids of by a grating noise Edgeless, a গাঁহাস্ত, ভোঁডা, Blunt, obtuse, dull, pomiless

[ edge
Edgetool, effoli গ ঠাকার A tool with a sharp Ldgewise, equiz, ad পাশাপালি, Sideways

Edging, cfing, n. কিন্তুৰ ধাৰ আগন, A border, a fringe. [Fit to be eaten, eatable Edible, edi-bl, a [L edo, to cat] ভক্ষা, ভক্ষান, Ediot, e'dikt, n. [L e, out, and dico, to say] নাজা, নিমেশ, Public ordinance, decree Syn —Law, statute, regulation, decree, ordinance manifest, act, command, order. [tion. Edification, ed-1-fi-káshum, n. [ক্ষা, Instruc-

Echilos, edi-fis, n. [L. aedificare, to build] बोडोनिका, धानाम, A large building or house

Effect.

Edify, edi-fi, v t [L aedes, a house, and facto, to make] পিকা-পে, মন উন্নত-কু, To improve the mind, n=cdifyer, Syn—Enlighten, teach, educate, inform improve.

Edifying, edi-fi-ing, a. শিকালা, উল্লিখন, Instructive, improving ad=edifyingly

Edile, T dil, n [ L acdes, n building ] স্বকারী গৃহাদির তত্ববিধাক বোনীয় কর্মচানী, A Rom in magistrate having the charge of public buildings. n=cdileship.

Edit, edit, v f [L.e, out, and do, to give ] প্রস্থাদন ক Superintend a book or news paper for publication — প্রচাৰার্থ প্রস্তেক , lo prepair for publication

Edition, e dishun, n প্রস্থাকাল, সংকরণ, Publication or republication of a book, certain number of copies published at once

Editor, edi-tur, n সম্পাদক গ্রন্থ বা পজিব বি সম্পাদক, One who edits a book or journal forme editiess a=editorial ad=cditorially n=cditorship

Editorial, a. मञ्चांपकमध्योग . Pertaining to an editor —n मञ्चांपकोग श्रवक , An artine by the editor of a news paper [office of an editor Editorship, n मञ्चांपदक कांच, Busines or Educate, cetti-kut v f [i educate, to bring up is a chill to instruct, to teach, to tean — मिलिटिवास्त्र आंची कांचांच्या, To cultivate any power son —Instruct, teach inform, mature, rear, dicapline, edify, drill, exercise n = educator.

Education, ed-ū kishūn, n frat at the last uction, training, breeding a = duc the nat Syn — Teaching, schooling, disciplin, turion, training, cultivation, drilling, nuiture

Educationist, ed u-káshun ist, n শিক্ষাৰ দৰ্শত কাৰক শিক্ষা বিষয়ে অভিজ্ঞ ব্যক্তি, One see ed cr interested in education

Educe, e-dus, v t (Le, out and duce to lead) বাহিব কু, উৎপাদৰ কু, নিজৰণ-কু I o dra v out, to extract, to cause, to appear Syn — Elicit, extract, develop, climinate, cvoke Educablo, e dusi-bl, a নিজ্পৰ বোগা, তৎপাদনীয়

Liducible, e dusi-bl, a latina culti, sectional and that may be educed.

Eduction, c-dukshun, n নিছাপন, উৎপাদন The act of educing [or that which educes Eductor, c-dulitor, n উৎপাদক, নিছাপক, নিছাপক, নিছাপক, মংসা বিশেষ, A fish.

E'en, En, A contraction of even.

E'or, Er A contraction of ever [expressed Effable, a প্ৰকাপ, Capable of being uttered or Efface, e'-fas, v t [L ef = ex, from, and faces, the fice] মৃতিয়া কেলা, তুলিয়া কেলা, নই কু, To blot or rub out, to wear away, to destroy n= effacement Syn—Blot out, expurge, obliterate, destroy, erase [be rubbled out Effaceable, e'-fasa-bl, a বিলোপনীয়, That can Effect, ef fekt, n [L.ef, out, and face, to do or make] ক্ৰেক্ল, জুল, Result, consequence— জুল, Meaning—সুবিধা, Success, advantage.

াৰাৰ্জ; Reality — লাভ, Profit — স্বাভি; Completion: — বল, Force: — pl স্তব্যালি; সম্পত্তি, Goods; property: — v t. উৎপন্ন-ড়, সম্পন্ন-ড়, To produce, to accomplish Syn—(n) Event issue, fruit, outcome, force, validity, weight, power, efficiency, purport, import, tenor, fact, reality; impression (v) Cause, create, fulfil, realize, achieve, complete, execute, effectuate, perform, do

For effect—চটক লাগাইবায় কন্ত, লোক দেখাইবায় আভিন্তাৰে, For display, for the purpose of heightening or exaggerating, for the sake of making an impression favour ible to oneself

Give effect to —ফলদাযক-কু, Render effectual —কার্য্যে পরিণত-কু, Carry out in practice — স্কুল্ম-কু, Impress deeply

In effect—ব্য়ন্ত: , কৰে , Virtually , practically Of no effect—বিশ্বৰ , Ineffectual

Take effect - क्ल्मावक-इ, क्ल्झम इ, Be effectual produce the intended effect, prove offectual

To the same effect—একই মধ্বেৰ।

To this effect—এই মৰ্থে, I he purport of which is this [ticable, feasible Effectable, ef-fekti-bl, a সম্পাদনীয় সাধ্য, Prac-Effection, ef-fekshun, n প্ৰত্ত, Cication— প্ৰতিক্ৰাৰ অন্ধন, অপুশীলনী, The construction of a proposition, a problem drawn from some general proposition

Effective, ef-fektiv, a ক্ৰোৎপাদক, স্বাস্থ্যক, ক্ৰেণ , Efficacious, forcible, serviceable, powerful n= effectiveness ad=effectively Syn — Efficient, operative, active, powerful, potent energetic, effectual, cogent, convincing, competent, adequate

Effectual, cl-festual, a क्रान्त्भानक, इंड्क्ट्यम मकन अपने Producing an effect, successful in producing the desired result, adequate Syn—Efficial cours, active, operative, prevailing, ad=effectually

Effectuate, of fektir-fit, v f সম্পাদন-কু, সম্পন্ন কু, To accomplish, to bring to pass, to fulfill achieve

Effonunacy, ef-femin-a-বা, দ বৈশতা , স্ত্রীফ্রন্ড দৌর্কারা , indulgence in unmainly pleasures unmainly softness

Effeminate, ef-femin-হা, a [Le signifying chance, and femina, a woman] দ্বৈণ, ভীক, ইপ্রিয় পরভাৱ, Womanly, weak, voluptuous, cowardly—v গ্রীসমূল-কু, হীনবল কু, ি make womanish, to unman, to weaken—v ৷ বেণ-ছ, To become effeminate ad=ifeminately n=cffiminateness. Syn—(a) Feminine, weak, unmanly, womanish, tender delicate

Effendi, ef-fendi, n তুর্ত্ব দেশীর সন্ত্রমস্তক উপাধি,
নহাপর, Master, sir, a Turkish title of distinction.

Efferent, a বৃহি:স্থানৰ , Conveying outward.
Effervesce, ef-fér-ve', v । [ L. ef, intensive, and ferves, to boil ] কুটিয়া উঠা, কেণ্মন্ত, To bubble and hiss, to forth up, to foam up ameficivescible.

Effervescent, el-fer-velent, a. कृष्ट , (क्रांब ,

Bubbling from the disengagement of gas n=effervescence

Effete, ef-fet, a [L. ef, out, fetus, a bringing forth young] বাৰ্কিয় বশত: কান্ত, জীৰ্, উৎপাদনাক্ষ, Exhausted, worn ou with age, barren. Syn—Barren, unfruitful, unprolific, unproductive, worn out, exhausted, dccayed, spent

Efficacious, ei-fi-káshus, a [L. efficre, to produce] কলোংপাদক, বলোংপাদনকন, Effectual; powerful Syn —Operative, clicctive, active, competent, adequate, energetic

Efficacy, el'fi-ka-si, n ধম, বল, মমতা, Virtue, force, energy

Efficience, cl-fishins Efficiency, el-fishensi, n কার্যকরিতা কথান্সা, blucky

Efficient, el-fishent, a ফলদাসৰ, ফলোৎপাদনকৰ; ausing effect, effective, effectual —n ফলোৎ-পাদক ক'ন্তি বাবস্ত, The person or thing that effects. 57n —(a) Competent, ible, capable, energetic, ready ad=efficiently

Effigy, cf fi-ji, ii [L ef, intensive and fingo, to form] অভিমৃতি, প্রতিকৃতি, Resemblance; initige or figure of a person, likeness, statue, careature

Burn (or hang) in efficy, n কোৰ ব্যক্তির প্রতিষ্ঠি ভগীভূত কু (বা কালি দেওৱা), Burn or hang in image or picture of the person, whom it is wished to di grace

Effloresce, if florcs, v i. [L ef, forth, floresco to begin to blossem] পুলোৎপানৰ-ফু;
মুবুলিড-ছ, Burst into a flower

Efflorescence, ef-flo-resens, n. পুলোংপত্তি, পুল্পোন্সাম , Production of flower

Efflorescent, cf flo-icscnt, n পৃশাবিধে উলামৰ-প্ৰ Shooting out in the form of flowers.

Effluence, cl'floo-ens, n अवर्थ, निर्मयन, A flowing out 's; r -Effluvium, is iic, efflux, emanation discharge, outpouring, emission

Effluent, el'floo-ent, a [l ef=ex, out, and flue to flow] প্ৰব্যান, নি.হত, Flowing out —

গ প্ৰবৃহ্, A flowing out

Effluvium, cf fito vi um, न. विकृत वह दहें उनाड वान्त्र, Disagreeable vapour, rising from decaying matters p'=effluvia, a=effluvial.

Efflux, cf fluks, u. निःम्बर, निर्मान, Flowing out, emanation.

Effort, effort, n [L. ef=ex, out, forth, and fortis, strong] (時), 司司宣明的, Exertion of power, physical or mental, attempt, struggle, exertion, endeavour

Effrontory, cl frunter-1, n [ L ef=ex, forth, and frons, frontis, the forehead ] from 1, with Impudence, shamelessness Syn—Boldness, audacity, hardihood, presumption, brass, forwardness, insolence

Effulgence, el-fullens, त उन्हान , रेक्ना , A flood of light , great lustre or brightness

Effulgent, ef-luljent, a [ L ef-ex, out, and fulgeo, to shine] উक्ष , जीनामान , अवनात ; Shining forth , extremely bright; splendid. Syn —Luminous, lustrous, brilliant, radiant, dazeling, ad=effulgently.

Effuse, ef-fuf, v. t. [ L. ef=ex, out, and fundo, to pour ] নিকেপ-কু; ঢালা, কেলা; To pour out as a fluid; spill; shed: - ए रे. निर्मंड-इ; To issue. Effusion, ef-lu'shun, n. निःमदन, निःमादिक वक ; Act of pouring out; thing poured out. Syn :-Effluence, discharge, emission; spilling, waste, utterance, expression.

Effusive, el-fu'ziv, a. निर्मयमील : Pouring forth abundantly; gushing. ad = effusively. n=effu-

siveness.

Eft. est, n. [Gr. aphis, a serpent, Sans. apada, a reptile,- a negative, and pad, a foot ] 47 अक्ष किकि हिक ; A kind of lizzard ; a newt.

**Egad**, interj. 和:: An exclamation of exultation or surprise.

Egg, eg, n. 64; 64; What is laid by a female animal; spawn: - v. t. উত্তেভিত-কৃ; To instigate ; to incite. [ A species of rose Eglantine, eg'lan-tin, স এক জাতীয় গোলাপ পুষ্প; Egoism, & go-izm, n. [ L. ego, I ] স্বার্থপরতা; चाचत्राचा : Excessive love of one's ownself ; selfishness .-- এक काजीय मार्निकश्रापत मछ ; मोदांवाम . Subjective idealism.

Egoist, e'go-ist, n. आवशोषी : आवाडियानी ; One who thinks too much of himself — माम्रावामी ; आमुख्यि गांवजीय वस्तुत अविष्य मनियायना मार्ननिक সম্প্রবারের একজন, One of a class of philosophers who doubt every thing but their own existence Beotise, e'got-iz, v. s. क्षेत्रहाय।-कृ; To talk much one's self; to commit egotism.

Egotism, e'got-izm, n. अपन् गरमत कृति धारगात्र ; A frequent use of the pronoun I ,—আৰুলাখা ;

Self exaltation : self-conceit, vanity. Bgotist, হ'gotist, n. আয়াভিমানী; আত্মগ্ৰংসী; चाचनाची ; One full of egotism.

Egotistic, E-got-istik, Egotistical, E-got-istik-al, पांचनापी ; अर्थिक ; पांचिक , Self-important , conceited; vain; opinionated. Syn -Conceited, vain, self-important, opinionated. ad = egotistically.

Egregious, e-gre'zi-us, a. [ L. e, out of, gren, gregis, a flock ] দাৰুণ; যোৱতর; শুক্তর; অভি-斯博; Prominent; remarkable; distinguished, in a bad sense; surpassing. n=egregiousness, ad=egregiously. Syn :- Conspicuous extraordinary; enormous, monstrous, outrageous.

Egross, E'gress, n. [ L. e, out, forth, and gradior, to go ] विश्विष्य ; शक्तान ; Gring out ; departure :- अश्व क दिवाब व्यक्तिक वा क्या ; Power or right to depart, departure. Syn :- Exit, departure ; passage, outlet.

Egret, n. वक विध्नव ; The lesser white heron :--बरक्द भागक ; A heron's feather.

Exptian, E-jip'shi-an, a. विनवार-वित् ; Belonging to Egypt in Africa :- n. विजवनाती : Native of Egypt; a gypsy.

Egyptology, E-jip-tolo-ji, n. विमन्दरक्षेत्र आंहीन The science of Egyptian antiquities. n= egyptologist. of inquiry or slight surprise. Eh, स, int. क्षत्र व) विश्वत्रपुष्ठक अवात्र ; An expression Mider, ider, Mider-duck, i'der-duk, n. नाम्बिक ৰূপে বিপেৰ; A sea-duck,

Bider-down, i'der-down, n. সামৃত্রিক হংকের কৌবল शानक , The soft feathers of the eider duck.

Eidograph, i'do-graf, n. [ Gr. eides, form, and grapho, to write ] हिट्डिंग अनुनिनि-नांग्य सह ; An instrument for copying drawings.

Eight, at, a. 嘲言; Twice four :-- n. 唱音; 叫话; The number greater by a unit than 7. [ nine. Eighteen, Itcn, a. & n. 可計中 ; 可計算 ; Twice Eighteenmo, बर्रहत-mo, a. & n. आंत्रेव व्यक्ती; Having eighteen leaves to a sheet.

Eighteenth, atenth, a. & n. 可對中午; 明初年; Next in order after the seventeenth.

Eight-fold, arfold, n. आहेखा; अहेखा; Eight times any quantity.

Eighth, atth, a win; Next in order after the seventh :-- n. অষ্ট্ৰম ভাগ ; An eighth part.

Eighthly, Sith-li, ad. अष्टेमवाद ; In the eighth

Eightieth, ati-eth, a. & n. अनेडिडन; The eighth tenth.

Eighty, ati, वनैष्ठि : ६ कृष्टि : ४० : Four score.

Either, Ether, adj. or pron hers act; as; অন্তত্তর, প্রত্যেক; One of two:--conj. অধবা; Correlative to or.

Ejaculate, e-jakū-lāt, v. t. [ L. e, out, jacio, to throw ] v t. ছঠাৎ উচ্চারণ-কু; To utter suddenly: —n.i. অক্সাৎ কিছু উচ্চারণ-কু; হঠাৎ টেচান ; To utter ejaculation.

Ejaculation, c-jaku-lashun, #. क्रांद केळाचा ; An uttering suddenly; what is so uttered.

Ejsoulatory, e-jaku-la-tor-i, a. উচ্চারণকারী: Uttered in short earnest sentences.

Eject, e-jekt, v. t. [L. e, out, and jacio, to throw] 同(本外-事; 如(本外-事; To throw out; cast forth :-- দূব-কু; অধিকাৰচ্যত-কু; রহিত-কু; To expel; to dispossess; to reject.

Ejection, e-jekshun, n. निष्मण ; प्रीकरण ; व्याव ;

Discharge; expulsion; vomitting.

Ejectment, c-jektment, n. अधिकांत्रहाछ ; बहिकत्र ; Expulsion; dispossession:—ভূমির অধিকার পাইবার জন্ত বেকিম্মা; An action for the recovery of the no-session of land.

Bjector, e-jektor, n. (वस्थलक) ही : बार्ड (क्लिक : One who ejects or dispossesses another of his land.

Eke ek, v. t 有有一事; To increase; add to; to supply what is scanty :--ad. 45 45; wife; in addition to; likewise; also.

Eko out-अडाव श्वन-इ ; हित्न खाना ; Fill up wants; supply what is deficient; Manage to earn or make up somehow:--কোন ব্ৰুফ কৰে वाड़ान . Add to, prolong.

Elaborate, e-labor-at, v. f. [ L. e, intensive and laboratus, to labour ] প্ৰস্ খাৰা উৎপন্ন-য় : ভরত-কৃ; হাসিদ্ধ-কৃ; To produce with tabour; to improve by successive operations; to finish highly:-a. পরিশ্রম-সিদ্ধ; স্থাস্থ্য; Wrought with labour; highly finished. n=elaborateness. adm elaborately. Syn: -(a) Laboured, prepared, studied, perfected, high-wrought.

Elaboration, e-lab-or-áshun, #. উङ्कि ; स्थिति ; अम बाता छेरशानम ; विक्वि ; Act of elaborating ;

refinement.

Riand, Siand, m. spots; suffices; The South African Antelope; the cape elk.

Elepse, e-laps, v. i. [L. e, out, away, and lapsus, to slide ] बीटर बीटर कडियारिक-ए; बरिया-पा; बढ-ए; To pass away silently, as time: glide away. Syx:--Go by, glide by, slip away.

Elastic, e-lastik, a. [ L. alacer, alacris, brisk ] ছিভিয়াপৰ; অবসাধাৰে পুন: বজাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত: Having a tendency to recover the original form; readily returning to a previous condition after being depressed or overtaxed. ad—elastically.

Elasticity, e-las-tisit-i, n. दिविश्वांच्या; Rebound; restoration to original shape after bending or compression; power of resistance to or recovery from depression or overwork.

Elate, E-lat, a. [ L. efferre, elatum, to bring out, to raise ] উর্পিত ; উৎপুর; উৎপুর . Puffed up or flushed with success —v. t. উরাপিত-তৃ; গণিত-তৃ; উৎপুর-তৃ; To exult the spirit of; elevate or flush with success. Syn:—Exhilarate, cheer; excite, make proud. ad=elatedly. n=elatedness.

Eletion, e-láshun, ন. উল্লাস, অভাই সিদ্ধি হেত্ আন্থাসৰ, A puffling of the mind ; self-esteem or pude, resulting from success.

Elbow, elbo, n. [L. ulna, the arm, and boga, a bow or bend] ক্যুই, ক্লোবি; Joint of the arm:—কাক; Any sharp turn or bend:—v.t. ক্যুই বারা ধাকা বারা; To push with the elbow:—vi. ঠেবাঠেলি-কু; To push rudely along jostle.—ব্জ-হ; To bend.

Elbow-chair, n. होकि विद्यार ; A chair with arms to support the elbows , arm chair.

Elbow greese—শক্তি, নিরম্বর পরিশ্রম, Energy, vizorous and continuous labour.

Elbow-room, elbo-৷ তেল, n. কাৰ্য্য করিবার স্থান , কার্য্য করিবার স্থান , কার্য্য করিবার স্থান ,

Elbow one's way—co निया आदर्भ-क ; Jostle , force one's way with the help of the clbow.

At one's elbow-निकार ; Near one; by one's s.dc, at hand ( with a view to help ).

Be olbowed out—কলোণির আঘাতে নিংসারিত; দুবাকুত; Be pushed out with the cloow; be supplanted.

Out at elbow ছৰ্দাগৰ; দীন; Shabby, reduced in circumstances — ৬ চুই বাহিৰ ছুইগাছে এনন ছেডা আনা পালে; With the sleeve of the coat so worn out as to show the elbow.

Eld, eld, n. বৃদ্ধাৰখা ; পুৱাৰাণ ; প্ৰাচীনকাণ ; Old age , old people ; old times ; antiquity.

Elder, elder, a. জোঠ; প্ৰকল; Older; prior in origin:—n. বরোজেই বৃদ্ধি: One who is elder; a senior:—পূৰ্বা পূক্ষ ; An ancestor:—শাসনকৰ্তা বা বিচাৰপতি; One, who on account of age, acts as a ruler or judge:—বাজকীয় বৰ্ষানিবেল ভূতা; One occupying an office requiring experience and age:—pl. জবাল লোক; Superiors. n=elders. Elderly, elder-li, a. ব্ৰোধিক; বৃদ্ধ; ভোচ; Rather old.

Eldership, elder-ship, n. জ্যেষ্ঠা; অগ্লন্থ; The state of being older. [Oldest. Eldest, eldest, s. নৰ্বাংশকা জ্যেষ্ঠ; কুক্তন;

Ridorado, n. ফারডবেশ্প হাল ; A fubulaus region in South America, supposed to be immensely rich in gold, gems &c. any country abounding in treasure.

Elect, e-lekt, v. t. [L. e, out, and legere, lege, to choose ] মনোনীত-কু, To choose; to select by vote; to prefer:—a. মনোনীত; কোন শান্ধে কাৰ্ড নিৰ্মাচিত; Chosen; chosen for an office, but not yet in it:—n. নিৰ্মাচিত বাজি; মনোৰত বাজি; One chosen or set apart:—pl. মুক্তির অভ চিক্তিত বাজি; Those chosen by God for salvation. Syn:—Choose, select; designate, predestinate, forcordain.

Blootion, e-lekshun, n. নাধান্ত কৰ্ত নিৰ্কাচিত ব্যক্তি; নিৰ্কাচন; The public choice of a person for office; free choice — মুক্তিব কন্ত নিৰ্কাচন Choosing for salvation: — নিৰ্কাচিত ব্যক্তিবৰ্দ; Those who are elected. Syn: — Choise, selection, preference, appointment; predestination, foreordination.

Electioneer, v. t. याज शार्थना ; To use influence, argument, or arts for securing the election of a candidate. [जिया ; The soliciting of votes. Electioneering, e-lek-shun-ëring, त्र. याज-Elective, e-lek'ıv, a. निर्माण्ड ; विकारिनम्बर्धीय ; Pertaining to, dependent on or exerting the power of choice, ad=electively.

Elective affinity—বাসাঘনিক আকৰিটা পাঁড়; Preference of one chemical substance for another.

Elective franchise—মত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ ক্ষতা; Right of voting.

Elector, e-lektor, n. बड श्रकानक ; निर्वादक ; Voter :--One of the princes of Germany. fem= electress.

Electoral, e-lektor-al, a. নিৰ্মাচন বা নিৰ্মাচন সম্বীয় , Pertaining to elections of electors ; consisting of electors.

Electorate, e-lekter-at, n. এনেউরের পদ বা আহি-কাব: The dignity or territory of an elector.

Electric, e-lektrik, Electrical, e-lektrik-al, a. [Gr. elektran, amber, in which the above property was first observed ] বৈছাতিক; Having the property of attracting and repelling light bodies, when rubbed; relating to or produced by electricity.—বৈছ্যাতিক পদাৰ্থ; Any electric substance.

Electric-machine, e-lektrikmashen, n. viçevi; A machine for exciting electricity, and exhibiting its effects.

Electrician, e-lek-trishyan, n. ভড়িতভাইবিং; One who studies or is versed in the science of electricity.

Electricity, e-lek-trisi-ti, त. देशांडिक वर्ष ; डॉक्ट विकान : The property of attracting and repelling light bodies ; the science which investigates the plienomena and laws of this property.

Electrify, e-lektri-fi, v. t. [L. electrum, electric, and facio, to make ] रेन्ड्रांडिक निक्र निकासिक-क् ; To communicate electricity to ; to excite suddenly :— क्निक-क् ; To excite suddenly ; to astonish ; shock suddenly affec. :— s. . सिक्न-

matters.

startle, rouse, str., astonish, excite a=electrifiable n=electrification

Electro-dynamics, e-lektro-di-namiks, n ৰিছাৰ-ধৰ্মত That branch of physics which treats of the action of electricity

Blectro-kinetics, e-lektro kin-etiks, n ভড়িং-ভাষা-ভাষ্, That branch of science which treats of electricity in motion

Bloctro-lysis, e-lek-trön-sis, n [ Gr elel tran amber, and lysis, dissolving ] তড়িংসংকারিতায় বাসায়নি কবিজ্ঞেব , The process of chemical de composition by electricity

Electro-magnetism, e-lektro magnet-izm, n ভড়িও চুম্বকের সম্পর্কাল্যকারী বিজ্ঞান A branch of science which treats of the relation of electricity to magnetism

**Electrometer,** e-lek-trome ter, n [Gr el.k tron, amber, and metron, a measure] ভাড়িত প্ৰিমাণক বস্ত্ৰ, বিহাৎ-শক্তিমান বস্ত্ৰ, An instrument for measuring the quantity of electricity

Electro plate, e-lektre plat, o f বিদ্যুৎসহকাতে সিন্টি কু, To silver by electricity

Electroscope, e-lektro-skop, n [ Gr elects on amber, and skopeo, to examine ] যে যন্ত্ৰ ৰ'বা ভাড়িতেৰ প্ৰকৃত্য'নি তানিতে পাৰা যাব, An instrument for rendering electrical excitation appaient by its effects

Blectro-statics, n অচল ডাটিত বিজান That branch of science which treats of electricity at rest.

Electrotype, n ভড়িৎ সহকাৰে অহন কৰিবার কৌশল, The art of copying an engraving or type on a metal disposited by electricity

Bloctuary, elektii ar-ı, n [Gr eleko to lick up] মোদক বিশেষ, A torm of medicine to be taken by licking it up

Bleemosynary, cl-t-inonin in a [G e'eos pity] দানস্থৰীয় দানের জন্ত নিন্দিয়, Pertaining to or intended for the distribution of charity— দান পুট, Given in or founded or supported by charity— ছিলোপ্জীৰী, One who subsists on charity.

Elegance, ele gans, Elegancy, el e-gans-i n সৌন্ধা, শেভা, পৰিজ্ঞতা, Be auty of proprie ty, refinement, neatness Syn — Grace beauty gracefulness, refinement, polish, gentility, propriety, symmetry

Elegant, ele-gant, a [L eligo, to choose | সলব, সচাক, সমী ব্যনীয় প্ৰিণাটী, ভদ্ৰ, Grace ful, neat, refined, pol-shrd, beautiful, nice Syn —Lovely, coincly, shapely, symmetrical weilformed, accomplished, genteel, delicate ad=elegantly.

Elegiac, el-c-ji'ak a [Gr. elegos, a lament] ছংগ্ৰুদ্ধ , শোচনীয় , Mournful, used in elegies , funeral — লোকসাক কান , শোক্ষ্যক কৰিতা, Elegiac verse a=elegiacal

Elegist, ele jist, ম. শোকসজীত-লেথক , হুংধজনক কাবা লেথক , A writer of elegies

Elegy, ele jī, n [ Gr elegos, a lament ] শোকস্চক গান, বিষাণ-সমীত, A mournful or plaintive poem.

a funeral song Syn —Lament, dirge, threnody, funeral song

Element, ele-ment, n [L elementa, first principles] মূল পদাৰ্থ, আদি কারণ, উপাদান ; পার-মাণু, পকতুত, First principle or constituent of any thing, atom, earth, air, fire, water — pl উপক্ষাণিকা, First principles of art or science, the rudiments of anything. Syn —Component, ingredient, constituent, rudiment, first principle, essential point, sphere [per sphere. In one s element —নিজের কোটে, In one's pro-Out of one s element —কোট ছাড়া, নিশিষ্ট বাস্থান আই Out of one, proper sphere — কোলা গাওও বা অবস্থাপিত, Dealing with unfamiliar

Elomental, el-e ment'al a পঞ্চ ভৌডিক , মূল সৰ স্থীয় , Pertaining to elements or first principles ad – elementally

Elomontary, el-e-mentar-i, a অমিপ্রিত , জমিপ্র, Primuy, uncompounded —উপদম্পিকা স্থকীয়, মূলপদার্থ বিষয়ক, Pertaining to the elements, trusting of first principle. Syn.—Uncombined, uncompounded, simple, initial, rudimentary, introductory rudimental.

Elephant, (le-fant, n [Heb aleph an ox ] 환경, 환경 A large four footed beasts having a trunk and two ivory tusks

Elephantiasis, clee-fint-fa-sis, n (1) A decrease in which the legs become thick like the elephants

Elephantine, el-e-fahtin a হন্তীসম্বনীয় ; ছথী সদৃশ , Pertaining to an elephant —শ্বতি বৃহং , Like an elephant , very large

Eleusion mysteries—The religious rites parformed it Eleusis in Attica

Elevate, cle vit, t f [L e, out, up levo, to ris.] উপ্তালম কৃ. To raise up aloft —উল্লামিড-কৃ Io animate cheer — উল্ল-কৃ. উল্লাড-কৃ To dignity — ছীড কৃ. Swell Syn — Erect, set up, augment exalt promote, improve, ennoble refine, excite, clate

Elevation, el-c-i shun, n উন্তোলন , Raising up — ডচ্ডা, Height, attitude — মধ্যাদা, উচ্চাদা, Dignity — উচ্চ স্থান , পাহাড , An elevated place or station Syn — Setting up, erecting, exalitation, promotion improvement, refinement, lostiness, hill, height

Elevator, efc-vi-tor, " উন্তোশনকাৰী, উন্তোশক He who or that which elevates, raiser.— শিক্ষেশ্য, Surgical instrument

Elevatory, ele-v3-tor-1, a উদ্ভোলক বা উদ্ভোলনঅম, Having power or tending to raise.

Eleven, e kin, a একাৰণ, এবাৰ, Ten and one
— n একাৰণ, The number [ the tenth
Eleventh, c-leinth, a একাৰণ, The next after
At the eleventh hour— অসমতে, কাজের সম্ব
অহ'ড করিয়া, At an hour when it is too late to
make any new arrangement, meet any sudden
difficulty, or be of any help

Elf, elf, n. পরী , উপদেবতা, বাষল, Fairy, a dwarf.
a diminutive person .—s. t. আড়িত-কৃ, To entangle. pl=clyes.

Elf fire—चारनज्ञ ; The ignus fatuas.

Elfish, elf'ish, Elvan, elvan, a. তুত্ৰবন্ধীয়; অপ-কারক; ছলবেশী, Elf-like; mischievous; disguised. [ed in a lock.

Elf-look, elf'-lok, n. विमान क्लावक ; Hair twist-Elicit, e-lisit, v. t. [I.. e, out, and lacio, to entice] वारित-क ; फ्लाविश काना ; अनुमान-क . To draw out ; to bring to light ; to deduce Syn:—Eliminate, extract, evolve, evoke ; extort ; obtain, acquire.

Elide, e-līd, v. t. [L. e, out, and laedo, to strike] লোপ-কু; বিশ্ব-কু; To strike out or cut off, as a syllable.

Bligibility, el-i-ji-bili-ti, n. यानाठा; वाक्नीवठा; Fitness to be elected; desirableness.

Eligible, eli-ji-bl, a উপয়ক ; বাছনীয় ; Fit or worthy to be chosen ; legally qualified ; desirable n=elegibleness ad=eligibly. Syn:—Suitable, desirable, preferable.

Eligible for or to—কোন কৰেৰ জন্ম নিৰ্বাচিত ক্ষৰাৰ বোগা; Qualified to be elected for a post Eliminate, e-limin-at. v f [L. e, out, limen, liminus, a threshold] পৰিত্যাপ-ক, To remove; to leave out of consideration n = elimination Syn —Exclude, expel; disengage, separate

Elision, e-lizhun, n. লোগ, বিলোগ; The suppression of a yowel or syllable

Elito, त-रि, n. माद डांग : मह्लाइडे (लांक : The best of any thing, chosen part, a choice or select body

Blixir, e-lik'ér, n [Ar. al., the, and aksir, quintessence] সাব ভাগ; কাধ, উত্তেজক পদাৰ্থ.
The quintessence of any thing; essence; a jubstance which invigorates.

Elixir of life, n A uncture supposed to prolong life indefinitely.

Elizabothan, e-liz-a-böthan, a. রাণী এলিছাবেথেব বা উত্তার সম্পাথ্যিক, Pertaining to Queen blizaboth or her time

Elk, elk, n. হবিণ বিশেষ ; A large deer.

Ell, el, n কাপত মাপিবার প্রিমাণ বিশেব; A cloth measure equal to 3% feet.

Give him an inch, and he'll take an ell—
পুৰুৱকে নাই গিলেই মাধাৰ হয়ে, Give him a little
license and he will take great liberties, or make
great encroachments.

Ellipse, el-lip's, n. বৃত্তান্তাস; An oval figure bounded by a regular curve:—লোপ, পোপন; Something left out; suppression.

Ellipsis, el-lip'sis, n [Gr. en, in, and lespo, to leave] & Ornission

Ellipsoid, ci-lip'soid, n. জ্যামিতি-মূলক তল-কেত্ৰ বিশেষ, A surface, every plane section of which is an ellipse.

Elliptic, el-lip'tik, Elliptical, el-lip'tik-al, a. ডোলাম সৰ্বায়; ডিআকুডি; Pertaining to or like an ellips, oval:—বহিন্তাশে, অসহীন; Having a part omitted; defective. ad = elliptically.

Elm, elm, n. বৃক্ৰিশেষ; A well-known forest tree. a = elmi.

Elocution, el-o-ku'shun, n. [L. e, out, and loquor, to speak] বাজ্যক্ষল-প্রণালী: বাজ্যক্ষ ; বাজ্যক্ষ ; Art of speaking rightly; eloquence. emelocutionary. Syn:—Faculty of speak, power of expression; utterance, declamation, oratory. Elocutionist, el-o-kū'shun-ist, n. অলকাৰ্থিৎ প্তিত; বাজ্গতি; One versed in elocution; a teacher of elocution.

Eloge, ē-lōzh, Elogium, e-lō'ji-um, n. [L. elogium, a short statement, an inscription on a tomb] স্থাতিবাদ, A panegyric; a funeral oratiom. Elongate, e-long'gat, v. t. [L. e, out, and longus, long] পাৰ্থ-ড়; বিভার-ড়, To extend; lengthen:—a. বিশ্বত: Drawn out at length. n=elongation.

Elongation, c-long-ga'shun, n. লীবকৰণ, বিকৃতি; পুরুষ, Act of lengthening, state of being extended, distance. Syn:—Protraction, extension, projuction, prolongation.

Elope, e-löp', v. i. সোপনে প্রায়ৰ-কু; Run away, as from a husband or legal guardian. Syn:—
Decamp, abscond, disappear, bolt.

Elopement, e-lop/ment, n. পোগৰে প্ৰায়ন; A secret departure, especially of a woman with a man.

Eloquence, clo-kwens, n. বানিতা; বজ্তাশাল্প; Persuasive speech; oratory. Syn:—Rhetoric; fluency, impassioned, invective, vivid expression. Eloquent, elo-kwent, a. বালা, বাৰ্গট্; Persuasive; speaking permasively and well. ad eloquently.

Else, els, a. and pron. অন্ত; Other; one or something beside:—ad. and conj. নতুবা; ডভিন্ন; Beside.

Elsewhore, el'hwar, ad. बजुब; In another Elucidate, c-lū'sı-dat. v. t. [L. e, intensive, and lucidus, clear] बाधा-क; To explain; to illustrate. n=elucidation, clucidator. Syn:—Unfold, expound, interpret.

Elucidation, n. 47/47), Explanation; exposition; illustration

Elucidative, e-lū'si-dā-tiv. Elucidatory, e-lū'si-dā-tor-i, a. वाशाकावक; वाशाकावो ; Explanatory; making clear.

Elude, e-lu'd, v. t. [L. c. out, ludo, to play ]
এড়ান; পশায়ন-কু; নিকল-কু; To evade, to escape
by strategem. Syn — Evade, avoid, escape
from; disappoint, flustrate.

Elusion, elu-zhun, n. কৌশল দারা পলায়ন; পরিহার; Evasion, escape by artifice.

Elusive, e-lū'siv. a. প্রবঞ্চ ; প্রভাবক ; Deceptive, evasive. ad=elusively.

Elusory, e-lu'sor-i, a. প্রবৃক : প্রকৃষা-প্রবৃদ Evasive, deceitful. Syn :—Evasive, fallacious, deceitful, deceptive, delusive.

Elutriate, e-lū'tri-āt, v. t. [ I.. e, out, and luo, to wash ] ধুইয়া পৰিছাৰ-কু, নিৰ্মল-কু; To cleanse; to purify. n=elutriation.

Elvan-See under elfish.

Elysian, e-lizhi-an, a. অতার হংকর; দিবা; Exceedingly delightful.

Elysium, e-lizhi-um, a. [ Gr. elysian (pedian)

the Elysian (plain) ] पर्ग ; स्थारशाम ; सम्योग शाम ; Abode of happy souls ; any delightful place.

Emaciate, e-ma'shi-at, v. t. [L. s, intensive, macio. to make lean] कृष-कृ; To make lean:—
s. i. कृष-कृ; महे-कृ; To become lean; to waste.
s.=Emaciated.

Emsolation, e-ms-shi-3'shun, n क्ना ; Leanness. Syn:—Wasting, attenuatian; meagreness, lankness, tabes.

Emanant, a. নিৰ্গমনীল ; Issuing from another.

Emanate, ema-nat, v. i. [ L. e, out, and manare, to flow ] নিৰ্গত-ছ ; নিঃস্ত-ছ ; উৎপন্ন-ছ ; To
arise ; to proceed from some source ; to arise
or spring. Syn :—Flow, proceed, issue, emerge.

Emanate from—উৎপন্ন বা উথাপিত-ছ ; Proceed

Bmanation, em-a-n2'shun, n নিৰ্গমন; নিঃন্যণ; Issuing; what issues, efflux. a=cmanative.

Emancipate, e-mansi-pat, v. t. [L. e, away from, and mancipare, to transfer property]

18-7, Gail-7, To set free from thraldom; to liberate. n=emancipator. Syn:—Enfranchise, free, deliver, release, discharge, disenthrall.

Emancipation, e-man-si-pa'shun, n. মোচন; বাধীনতা; The state of being set free, liberation; release; freedom. Syn:—Deliverance, enfranchisement, manumission.

Emancipationist, e-man-si-ph'shun-ist, n. ধান মোচনেৰ পকাৰত্বী; দানপ্ৰধাৰ বিবোধী; One who advocates the emancipation of slaves.

Emasoulate, e-maku-lat, v. t. [L. e. privative, and masculus, diminutive of mas, a male] মুছ-কৃ; খোজা-কৃ; To castrate:—পুৰুষ্ট্ৰ-কৃ. To render effeminate. n = emasculation

Embale, em-bal, v. t. মোট বাঁধা, পাঁট্রি বনী-কু, To bind or enclose, to pack.

Embalm, em-bam, v. t. সগন্ধি বস্তু দাবা শব রকা-ই ; ব্যাসিড-ফু, To preserve from putrefaction by aromatic drugs, as a dead body, to perfume; to fill with sweet scent. n=einbalmer, embalming. Syn.—Conserve; scent, enshrine, consecrate.

Embank, em-bangk, v i. वीषन भिषा (बहेन-कू, बीध भिन्ना (बहिष-कृ, To enclose or defend with a dike.

Embankment, em-bangkment, n. বাধ , প্ৰাকাৰ , A bank or mound.

Embargo, em-bar'gō, n [Sp. em, in, and barra, a bar ] বন্ধৰ হইতে জাহাজ গমনের নিবেশভা , Prohibition to ships to leave a port; stoppage — ৰাখা; Any pendrance .—v. t. কিছুকাৰ বাণিত্ৰ সুগিনকৰণ; A stopping of trade for a short time by authority:—বাইতে নিবেশ-কৃ; To lay an embargo on.

Lay an embargo on—तोका वाहित्व श्रम नित्यक् इ ; Prevent for sailing out of port :—नित्यक् ; Prohibit, impose restrictions.

Embark, em-bark, v. t. [Fr. em, in, and barque, a ship] बाराक वा त्योकारक शामिक कः भाषाक कः भाषाक कः भाषाक कः भाषाक कः भाषाक कः । स्थापक कार्या अवस्थ । — एक कार्या अवस्थ । — एक कार्या अवस्थ । निर्माद कार्या अवस्थ । निर्माद कार्या विश्व । निर्माद कार्या । निर्माद । निर्माद कार्या । निर्माद कार्य । निर्माद 
To enlist; to engage in a business. Sym :--Enlist, undertake, enter on.

Embark on—বাহাজে চড়িরা কোন সাহসের কার্যে বাক্যা; Set sail to carry out an expedition or enterprise.

Embarkation, em-bär-kā'shun, Embarcation, n. পোডারোহণ; আংবাহে আংবাহণ; The act of putting or going on board a vessel that which is embarked.

Embarrass, em-bar'as, v. f. [Fr. em, in, and barre, a bar ] বিষ্ণু কু; কাই কোলা; দারগ্রু কু; To entangle; perplex; discontent; confuse; encumber. Syn:—Complicate, involve, harass, plague, hamper, clog, puzzle, disconcert, abash, plague, hamper, seg, must as a state of entanglement or confusion; difficulty; difficulties in money matters.

Embassador or ambassador, n. মৃত ; Envoy. Embassy, em-bas-i, n. (মৃত্যুকার); মুখ্পন ; ভ্ৰম্ভর সংবাদ ; The charge or function of an embassador; the person or persons sent on an embassy; any solemn message.

Embattle, em-bati, ত t. ব্যার্থে দৈছ শ্রেণ্ডবন্ধ; To arrange in order of battle.

Embay, em-bā, v. t. বছ-কু, আবদ্ধ-কু; To enclose in a bay; to landlock.

Embed—বিহিত-ক ; To lay as in bed ; to bed.
Embellish, em-belish, v. t. [ Fr. em, in, and bel, beautiful ] সুলোভিত-ক ; সন্ধিত-ক ; To decorate; to adorn. n=embellisher. Syn:—Beautify, deck; enrich, ornament, grace;

Embellishment, em-belish-ment, n. হুণোভিড কবৰ, ভূবৰ, Decoration, ornament. Syn:— Enrichment, adornment.

Embor-days, ember-daz, n. pl. Grain fran, Certain days set apart for fasting and prayer, in each of the four seasons of the year.

Embers, emberz, n. pl. wais; were wais; we wais wais; we 
The dying embers—নিৰ্কাণ-প্ৰায় অসায়, বিৰ্ধ প্ৰায় বিৰেষ, The expiring residuum of a fire, or figuratively, of any bitter or angry feeling leading to dissensions

Embozzilo, em-bezi, v t পজিত ধন হ্ৰণ-তৃ; আহ্মাং-তৃ, নষ্ট-তৃ, Pilfer with breach of trust; to appropriate what has been entrusted; to waste-Syn.—Steal, peculate, purloin. n=embezzier.

Embezzlement, em-bežl-ment, n. পৃথিত্তগৰ অপহরণ . আন্মনাং করা , Appropriation to one's own use of what is entrusted to one's care.

Embitter-See Imbitter,

illustrate.

Emblezon, em-blázn, v. t. কৌনীস্তৰ্ক চিছ বারা শোভিড-কু; To set forth with ensigns armorial display pompously:—বছন বঞ্জিত-কু; To deck in blazing colours. n=emblazonment.

Emblesonry, em-blazn-ri, n. চিজকৌশল; বৰ্ণের উপৰিখিত চিজ্কসমূহ; The art of adorning; pictures on shields.

Emblem, emblem, n. [Gr. em, in, ballo, to lay, to cast ] চিত্ত ; আভিকাণ, নিদৰ্শন ; আদৰ্শ ; Syur

bal ; token ; type ; figure. Syn :- Badge, mark, sign, cognizance, device.

Emblematic, em-blem-arik, Emblematical, em-blem-arik-al, a. নিগ্ৰানীয়; বাক্ৰানিটা: নিগ্ৰান ক্ষণ; Symbolical; representing. ad-emblematically.

Emblematics, em-blemat-iz, v. t. কোন নিৰ্দৰ্শন চিক্ বাবা প্ৰকাশ-ড়: To represent by an emblem. Embloom, em-bloom, v. i. মূকুল বাবা আছোনিত বা বুণোভিত-ড়: To cover or enrich with bloom. Embodiment, em-bodi-ment, n. অব্যৱ নাধৰ-প্ৰশানী; প্ৰতিশ্বণ; সন্নিবেশ; Act or state of embodying; a complete system like an organised body; state of being embodied.

Embody, em-bodi, v. t. দেইা-ফু; অব্যৱহাৰি নিষ্ট-ফু:
ক্ৰিডি-ফু; স্থিবিষ্ট-ফু; To make corporeal; to
make tangible; to collect into a whole; to
incorporate; concentrate:—v. i. এক বিখ-ছ; To
unite in a body or mass. Syn:—Collect, combine; comprehend, include, comprise, contain;
syntematize, methodize, codify.

Emboguing, em-bog'ing, n. सम्भन्ने मूथ ; The mouth of a river.

Embolden, em-boldn, n. t. সাহনী-ফু; সাহন-দে; To make bold; to encourage. Syn —Animate, inspirit, incite, cheer on, reassure.

Embolism, embo-lizm, n ি Gr. emballo, to cast in ] পরিকাকারে সময় সরিবেশ; বজের ধলিতে উংপদ্ধ প্রতি; The insertion of days &c , in an account of time to produce regularity; the presence of obstructing clots in the blood-vessels. a=embolismal, embolismic.

Emborder, em-border, v. i. शत्रपुक-कृ; श्रीमा-विभिन्न-कृ; To adorn with a border.

Embosom, em-boozum, v. t. বেষ্ট্ৰ-কু; To enclose or surround:—জ্বাদর-কু; সোহাপ-কু, জ্ববে ধাৰণ-কু; To receive into the affections; to caress, to take into the bosom.

Emboss, em-bos, v. t. খোদিত-ফু; বুটা ধারা অন্ধিত-কু: অনকার থাবা সন্ধিত-ফু; Form with protuberances; engrave; ornament; relieve. n=embosseer.

Embossment, em-bosment, a. সমূৱত অণকার . A prominence like a boss, raised-work

Embottle, v. t. বোজন পূৰ্-কু. Put in bottles. Embouchure, em-boo-shoot', n. [ দি৷ em-boucher, to put to the mouth] ঘোষনা; মুখ; A mouth or aperture, as of a river, cannon &c:—
গাঁৱৰ কুৰিবাৰ ছিন্তু; The mouth-hole of a wind musical instrument.

Embow, em-bo', v. t. or v. i. বসুর আকারে এছঙ করা বা হওবা ; To bow or arch.

Embowel, em-bow'el, ত. t. মাড়ী ভূড়ি বাহিৰ-তৃ; অহণিৰ-তৃ; To remove the bowels or entrails from; eviscerate:— স্কারিড-তৃ; গোপৰ-তৃ; To hide in the inward part; to bury; secrete. n= embowelment.

Embower, em-bow'er, v. f. কুলবনে রাখা; আলার-দে; ছায়াছিড-ফু; To place in a bower; to shelter with trees:—v. i. কুলবনে থাকা; To lodge or rest in a bower.

Embrace, em-bras, e. t. [ L. in, in, into, bra-

chium, an arm ] আলিলন-তু; সাদরে বজে বারণ-উ;
Hold in the arms; press fondly:—অন্তানিবিট-তু;
অন্তর্গ-তু; To include, as parts of a whole;
comprehend; encircle:—স্কান্ত:করণ-কু; সাদরে
বারণ-তু; To seize eagerly; welcome:—•••
আলিলন বাবা বক্-তু; To join in an embrace:——•
আলিলন ; Fond pressure in the arms; clasp;
hug. Syn:—(v) Clasp, hug, encompass, include,
comprise, contain; lay hold of; seize.

Embrasure, em-brázhur, n. ( शत्कृत आहित्स भरण ) कामान दूंकिरांत क्षित्र ; An opening made for firing guns.

Embrocate, em-bro-kāt, v. t. [Fr. em=en, in, into, brecho, to wet ] यानिम-कः , देज्यानि यात्रा वर्षकः कः, To rub (a diseased part) with spirit, oil &c. n=embrocation.

Embrocation, n. মালিস্করণ; Act of embrocating, the lotion used.

Embroider, em-broider, v. t. ( কাপড়ে ) বুটা-খা; বালহ সংলয়-ড়; To decorate with figured work. n=embroiderer.

Embroidery, n. চিকা কর্ম; হলর ফ্টিকর্ম; Ornamental needle work:—অন্তার; Decoration.

Embroil, em-broil, v. t. [Fr. em, in, and brouiller, to break out ] कड़ि उ- इं; त्नावपान-इं; वाडिवाड-इं, Entangle; to perplex; to distract; to throw into confusion; to trouble. Syn:—Encumber, confound, mingle, disturb, disorder.

Embroilment, em-broilment, n. গোলমাল; বিয়ক্তি; Perplexity or confusion; disturbance. Embrue—See Imbrue.

Embryo, n. embri-ō, Embryon, embri-on, n. [Gr. em, in. bryo, to swell ] কা; আৰু ব; ব্ৰ; আদিমাৰহা; The germ of an organised being in any state of ante-natal development—in egg, womb, or seed; root; beginning. [executed. In embryo—অসম্পাদিত; In conception, but not Embryology, em-bri-oloj-i, n. কণতৰ; The science treating of the embryo or fetus of animals. n=embryologist.

Embryonic, em-bri-ohik, a. वर्गाविश्वांच्याः; cप्राप्तिकः; Of or relating to anything in an imperfect state: rudimentary.

Emend, v. t. मःग्नाधन-कृ; To amend.

Emendation, em-en-dáshun, n. [ L. e, out, away, and mendum, a fault ] ACTION; Correction; alteration of a text; improvement.

Emendator, emen-da-tor, ন. সংগোধনকারী; সং-

Emendatory, e-menda-tor-i, a. সংশোধনকারী; সংশোধনশীল; Contributing to correction.

Emorald, emer-ald, n. মরকত মণি; পারা; A precious stone of a green sparkling colour:—
বিশেষ ছাপার ক্ষর; A small printing type.

Emerge, e-merj, v i. [L. e, out, and merge, to plunge] বিপত্ত হ ছমিগবে পতিত-ছ; To issue or come forth; to come into view. Syn:—Spring up, emanate; appear, become visible.

Emerge from—বাহির হইন জাসা; Issue or come out from:—হীন জবস্থা হইতে উঠা; Rise into view out of (a state of depression or obscurity):— জোন বিশ্ব হুইতে উত্তী হুৱনা; Escape from, Emergence, e-mer'jens, Emergency, e-mer'jen-si, n. নিৰ্গদ ; দহনা উপাছতি; আৰুদ্ধিক ঘটনা; Sudden appearance; an unexpected occurrence:—আৰক্ষতা; বিশেষ প্রয়োগন; Pressing necessity. Syn:—Exigency, crisis, conjuncture, difficulty, strait, pinch, pass, push.

Emergent, e-mer'jent, e. উথিত; Suddenly appearing:—ৰত্যাৰগ্ৰক; Urgent —আক্সিক,

Emeritos, n. One honourably discharged from public service:—a. Honourably discharged for public service.

Emerods, eme-rode, n. pl now Hemorrhoids. Emersion, e-mer'shun, n. উথান , এহাদিব যোকৰ; Act of rising; the reappearance of a heavenly body after being eclipsed.

Emery, enier-i, n. [Gr. smao, to smear ] পালি-দের জন্ত কটিন ধাড়, A very hard mineral used for grinding and polishing metals.

Bmetic, e-metik, a. [Gr. cmeo, to vomit] ব্যন্কারী; ব্যন্কাবক, Causing vomiting — n. ব্যন্কারক উষধ; A medicine that causes vomiting.
Emigrant, emi-grant, a. অন্তদেশবাদী, Emigrating:—n. ৰ্দেশতাাদী, দেশান্তবিত ব্যক্তি, One who emigrates.

Emigrate, emi-giat, v s. [ L. e, from, migro, to remove ] বদেশ ত্যাগপূৰ্ণক অন্ত দেশে বাস-কু, দেশ ত্যাপী-হ; Pass from one land to abide in another.

Emigration, em-e-grashun, n. এক দেশ প্ৰিডাগপূৰ্বক দেশান্তৰে বাস কৰিবাৰ জন্ত গমন; Removal to another country for residence —- বদেশতাগী বাজিপ্ৰণ; A body of emigrants. Syn — Exodus, migration, departure

Eminence, cmi-nens, Eminency, n. ইজতা, উজত্বাৰ, Height, rising ground —ব্যাতি, উজ পাৰ, Distinction, high rank —সন্মানহুচৰ উপাৰি. A title of honour (applied to a cardinal in the R. C. church). Syn.—Prominence, projection, summit; rank, official dignity; fame, celebrity, renown.

Eminent, emi-nent, a. [ L. e, out, mineo, to project ] খাতাণাল, বিধাত, উচ্চ, সমাস্ত, উচ্চপদত্ত, Conspicuous; distinguished; high; lofty exalted in rank or office. Syn—Elevated, exalted, remarkable, prominent, famous, celebrated, illustrious.

Emir, Emira. बालभूख; वहरतांक; चार्चांब; Prince; Emissary, emis-ar-i, n. एखात्र; A spy; scout; one sent out on a secret mission. a=spying.

Emission, e-mishun, n. নিৰ্গমন; এককালে নি:মুড বৃষ্ট; The act of emitting; that which is issued at one time.

Emit, e-mit, e.t. [L.e, out of, and mitto, to send] নিৰ্গত-ত্ব: নি:স্বৰ্ণ-ত্ব: To throw or give out; to issue. Syn.—Eject, discharge, exhale, breathe forth, give out; put out.

Emmet, emet, n. পিপীলিকা ; An ant.

Emolliate, e-moli-at, v. t. [L. e, intensive, and mollio, to soften] (कायल कृ; जिन-कृ; То soften; to render effeminate.

Emollient, e-molyant, a. क्ष्मिक्ति; Making

supple:—n. धरमभ ; धमार-नियोदक वालिन ; An external application to allay irritation. Syn :— Softening, laxative, mollifying, assuaging.

Bmolument, e-molu-ment, n. [ L. s, and molior, to toil ] সাভ ; স্বিধা ; Advantage ; benefit, profit. Syn:—Gain, wages, fee, pay, salary, hire, compensation, remuneration, stipend.

Emotion, e-mo'shun, n. [L. e, forth, and movee, to move] মানসিক উত্তেজনা; বনোভাৰ; Mental excitement; agitation a=emotional. Syn —Feeling, passion, excitement, perturbation. [emotion.

Emotional, a. মনোবৃত্তি ঘটিত; Pertaining to Lmpale, em-pal, v.; বেৰা, বেষ্টিত-ফু; Fence with a pale; inclose — শ্ল দিবা হত-কু; Kill by spitting on a stake [park.

Empanel, Empark, Same as Impannel, Im-Emperil, v विश्वशृत्क, To endenger.

Emperor, emper-or, n [L impero, to command] সমাট, Supreme tuler of an empire, king of a great country feg=empress (সমাজা)। Emphasis, enifa-sis, n. [Gr em=en, in, into, and phasi, phains, to shew, to make clear] শুরু উচ্চারণ, Stress laid on a word or syllable, impre-siveness pl=emphases Syn —Significance, moment, weight, importance

Emphasise, cnifa-si/, v. t. গুক উচ্চ/বৰ্ণ-কু; গুকুত্-যুত্ত-কু, To make emphatic.

Emphatic, em-fatik, Emphatical, em-fatikal, a. বিশেষকপে উচ্চাৰিত, Uttered with or requiring emphasis — প্ৰবৃত্ত ক্ষতি, Forcible, impressive ad = emphatically. Syn — Significant, momentous, energetic, earnest, powerful, striking, positive, decided

Empire, empir, n [L impere, to command ]
সামাণ্য, The territory under the territory of an
emperor; dominion of a large estate —শাসন,
নাজৰ, Sway, rule, government. Syn.—Dominion, control, command, supremacy, reign,
sovereignty, government; kingdom, state.

Empiric, em-pir'ik, Empirical, em-pir'ik-al, a. ভ্ৰোদৰ্শন্তি বহুদ্দী; কেবল বহুদ্ণিভাজনিত . Known only by experience; resting on experience without due regard to science and theory, charlatanish; quackish.

Empirio, em-pir'ik, n. [Gr. em, in, and peira, a trial] হাড়ড়ে চিকিৎসক; অণিকিত বৈদ্য, A quack doctor. [হাড়ড়ে চিকিৎসা; Quackery Empiricism, em-pir'i-sizm, n. অপান্ত চিকিৎসা, Employ, em-ploy', v. t [L. in, in, and plico, to fold] নিযুক্ত-কু, ব্যাণুত-কু, Keep at work, engage; usc. n=employer. Syn:—Hire, commission, intrust, enlist; apply; busy, engross, exercise, occupy.

Employ one self—(कान कार्या जाननार निवृष्ट-कृ, To apply one's time and attention to; to busy oneself. [who is employed. Employe, em-ploy's, n. निर्माणिक गुडि; One Employment, em-ploy'ment, 2, कार्या; कार्य, Business; occupation; use; office; profession. Syn:—Work, engagement, pursuit, avocation, calling; service agency, employ. Emporium, em-po'ri-um, n. [Gr. emporos, a trader—emmen, in, and poros, a way ] वानिवा-चान; चिक्य-चान; A place of trade. Syn:— Mart, market.

Empower, em-pow'er, v. t. ছমতা প্রদান- ; ; ক্ষতাপর- ক ; To give power to ; to authorize. Sys:—Enable, qualify, warrant, commission. Empress—See under Emperor.

Emptiness, emiti-nes, ন. প্ৰতা; সাৰৱাহিতা; Vacuity, want of matter:—অস্ভোব, Unsatisfactoriness.

Empty, emti, a. শৃষ্ঠ ; Void ; contain nothing :
—শ্যার, Hollow :—পরিভাক্ত ; Deserted :—শ্যার ;
Unsubstantial :—বির্বোধ ; Lacking sense :—
শ্বন্ধান , বিক্ল ; Unfruitful :—v. t. শৃত্ত-কু ; To
make empty ; to deprive of contents :—v. i.
শৃত্ত-রু : শৃত্যার্থ-ছু ; To become empty , to discharge its contents. n=emptiness. Syn :—(a)
Vacant, unoccupied ; unfurnished, unsupplied, destitute, bare ; unsubstantial, unreal, vain ;
waste, desolate ; senseless, without ideas, silly.
(v) Pour out, disembogue, deplete ; exhaust, dram; spend, waste.

Empurple, em-pur'pl, v. t. নীল-লোহিভ বৰ্ণ-ফু; বেহুণে বহু-ফু; To dye of a purple colour.

Empyoma, em-pi-Ema, n. [Gr. em-en, in and pyon, pus] serve of water; A collection of pus in the chest.

Empyreal, em-pir'e-al, a. [Gr. em=en, in, and pyr, fire] আৰৱ ; Formed of pure fire or light:
—পৰিৱ ; দিবা; Pure.

Empyrean, em-pi-re'an, a. হল্ম ; দিব্য ; স্বর্গীর ; Empyreal ; refined beyond aerial substance : n উদ্ভৱ স্বর্গ ; The highest heaven. [ostrich. Emu, e'mu, Emou, n পান্ধী বিশেষ ; Australian Emulato, emū-lāt, v. f. [L. aemulus, striving with] ভূলা-হ, প্রতিম্বিতা-হ : প্রতিষ্টোতা-হ . To iival ; be equal or like to ; to vie with ; compete with. n=emulator (প্রতিষ্পৌর ; Rival ; competitor).

Emulation, enf-ti-la'shun, n. অভিযোগিতা; শক্তা; বিৰাদ; Rivalry; competition; striving, contention; contest.

Emulative, emu-lat-ıv, a. প্রতিযোগিতাপ্রবণ ; Inclined to rivalry ; competitive.

Emulous, emu-lus, a. প্রতিবোগিতা করিতে ইচ্ছুক; খেইতা লাভে উৎস্ক; Rivalling; desirous to excel. ad = emulously.

Emulsion, e-mulshun, त. [L. e, out, and mulgeo, to milk] देव विराम ; A soft medicinal preparation of milky appearance formed by mixing oil with water.

Emulsive, e-mulsiv. a. মার্কারক; কোমলতা-নামক; Softening; yielding a milklike substance.

Enable, en-ábl, v. t. পারগ-ড়; সম্ধ্-ড়; To make able; to supply with sufficient power. Syn:—Fit, qualify, empower, prepare, capacitate, render competent.

Bnaot, en-akt, v. t. যাবছা-ছু; বিধাস-কু; বিধিবদ্ধ-কু; To decree; establish by law or act of legislature; pass as a law:—সম্পাদন-জু; সম্পাদন্ভ; To perform; to act the part of. Sys :- Ordain, decree, establish, sanction; play.

Enactive, en-aktiv, a. विविक्तक्य; Having power to enact as a law. [ law. Enactment, en-aktiment, s. विवि: खाहेब : A

Enallage, en-ala-je, n. বিধি: আইব: A.
Enallage, en-ala-je, n. [Gr. en, and allasso,
to make other ] এক কাৰক, বাচ্য বা কালেৱ পরিবর্তে
আন্ত কাৰকাদির প্রয়োগ: The substitution of one
case, mood or tense for another.

Enamel, em-antel, n. মীদাহ, কলাই; Semi-transparent glass; coating of the teeth:—v. t. মীনাহ-ক; কলাই-কু; To coat with or point is enamel:—v. i. মীনাহের কার্য্য-কু; To practise enamelling. n=enameller.

Enamour, en-amur, v. t. [Fr. en, to make, and amour, love] প্রেমানত-কৃ, প্রেমানত-কৃ, মেহিত-কৃ, To inflame with love; to charm; to captivate. Syn:—Charm, captivate, fascinate, enslave, bewitch, endcar.

Be enamoured of—কোন কিছুতে তন্ময় বা অভ্যাসক-হ : Be greatly fond of.

Enarthrosis, en-ar-thro'sis, n. [Gr. en, in, and arthroso, to fasten by a joint ] হাড়েব বিবাদ বিশেষ; A ball-and-socket joint, movable in every direction.

Encage, en-kaj, v. t. निश्चात वस-कृ ; निश्चवायस-कृ ; Shut up in cage ; coop up.

Encamp, en-kamp', v. t. শিবিরাভান্তরে খাপন-কু; To form into a camp:—v. t. শিবির খাপন-কু; (সেনাক্স) হাইতে বাইতে পথে বিশ্রাম-কু; To pitch tents; to halt on a march.

Encampment, en-kamp'ment, n. শিৰিত্ব সন্নিবেশ, শিৰিত্ব ছাণন; The act of encamping:—শিৰিত্ব; The place where an army or company is encamped.

Encaustic, en kawstik, c. [Gr. en, in, and kaso, to burn ] দক্ষ; Burnt in or done by heat:
—n. গলান মৌম বারা প্রাচীন চিত্র-প্রণানী; An ancient method of painting in heated wax.

Encave, en-kav, v. t. সহব্যে প্ৰাথিত-কু; To put into or hide in a cave.

Enceinte, ang-sengt, a. [L. in, and cingo, cinctus, to gird] গঠবতী, Pregnant with child:—

n. চাৰিদিকৰ প্ৰাচীয়; The well or rampart which surrounds a place.

Buchain, en-chāh, v. t. [Fr. en, in, and chaine a chain] প্ৰাণ্ড-ছ ; মংছ-ছ; মুদ্দাণ-ছ; Bind with a chain; confine; link together; to hold fast. Syn:—Fetter, enslave, bind, shackle, manacle; hold, rivet, keep fast, fix; connect.

Enchant, en-chant, v. t. [L. in, on, canto, to sing] খোহিত-তৃ; মুক্ত ভ্রাণিত-তৃ; Bewitch; charm, captivate; enrapture. Syn:—Ravish; delight, fascinate, bewitch.

Enchanter, en-chanter, n. काइकड, बांडावी ; A sorcerer or magician. fem=enchantress.

Enchantment, en-chantment, n. ভেল্কি; ভোজবিদা , জাহ্বত্ত ; Spells : use of magical arts.
Syn:—Incantation, necromancy, charm, magic,
sorcery, witchery, witchcraft, delight, fascination; rapture, transport.

Machasa, en-chas, v, t. [ Fr. en, in, and chas-

sis, a case ] সভিত-কৃ, সভিত-কৃ, শোভাবিত-কৃ, Emboss, adorn with raised or embossed work. Encircle, en-sérkl, ত t বেইন-কৃ, বেইত-কৃ, Gird with a ring or round; embrace; environ. Syn—Encompass, inclose, surround.

Enclasp, en clasp', v. t কুচনপে-ধু, আলিকন-ফু, To fasten with a clasp, to embrace.

Enclave, ang-klav, n. [L. en, in, and clavus, a key] প্রৱানায়ৰ্গত অধিকাৰ, A territory in the midst of the territories of another power

Binolitio, en-klitik a [Gr en, in, klino to bend] অবনত, Inclining or leaning — ন স্বতিয়া হীন পদ, A word or particle following another word and so united with it as to seem a part of it.

Enclose—Same as inclose [gyrist eulogist
Encomiast, en-ko'mi-a-t, n প্রশানারী Pane-Encomiastic, en-ko-mi-a-tik Encomiastic
cal, en-ko-mi-a-tik al, a প্রশানাস্টক স্থাতিপর,
Piaising, laudatory—n ভাতবাদ, A panegyric ad=encomiastically

Encomium, en-ko'mi-um, n [Gr en, in and komos, festivitv] প্রশংসা, স্থাতিবাদ, Praise, eulogy Svn —Panegylic, applause, laudation Encompass, en-kumpis v t বেষ্ট্র-কু, প্রদক্ষিক্র, To surround, to enclose v=encompassment Syn —Encircle, include, environ, invest, hem in shut up beset besiege

Encore, ang-kor, ad काराब, श्रनक, श्रनकाब, Again, once more —v.t श्रनदात्र कदिए वना, To call for,

Encounter, en-kownter, v t [ L en, in, contra against ] যুদ্ৰ-কৃ, সমুখীৰ-ক্, বাধা-দে, Meet suddenly in opposition or in fight, to meet face to face, to oppose —n সাকাৰ, সংগ্ৰাম, মুক, A meeting face to face, hostile meeting, onset —v 1. যুদ্ৰ-কৃ, To meet, e p as encours Syn—(n) Contest, conflict skrimish, battle, engagement, rencounter, collision clasp (v) Face, confront, fall upon, come upon engage, attack contend against, witherand, combat

Encourage, en-kur'āj, v t উৎসাহ দে, উৎসাহিত কু সাহস-কে Stimulate, animate, countenance n=encourager ad=encouragingly Syn — Lmbolden, inspirit, incite, checr, urge, impel, comfort sanction, promote, advance, forward Encouragement, en-kur'āj-ment, n. উৎসাহিত ক্রে, উৎসাহ, Countenance, support, incitement, incentive

Encouraging, a উৎসাহপ্রদ, Favouring Encrinit, enkri-nit, n [Gr en, in, and krinon, a hily] अवस अब विषय, A fossilised animal amencrinal, encrinitic, encrintical

Encroach, en-kröch, v s. [Fr. en, and cros, a hook] বলপুৰ্বক গণৰ-কৃ, আক্ৰমণ-কৃ; Trespass, intrude, invade, advance by stealth, trench, infringe m=encroacher, ad=encroachingly

Encrosch on or upon—ক্ষে ক্ষে গ্রাধিকার আক্ষণ-কু, Make gradual invasion upon (that to which one has no right) —কাহারত সময় প্রহা, Trespass upon one's time [আক্ষণ, Intrusion. Encroschment, en-kröchment, e., ব্লপুর্ব্দ ক্ষম, Encumber, en-kunfbêr, v t. ভাষাকাৰ-ছ, বাতি-বাত-ছ কড়িত-ছ, Clog; embarrass, entangle. Syn —Oppress, overload, perplex, hinder Encumbrance, en-kunfbrans, n বোৰা, ভাষ : বেৰা, Impediment; clog, debt, a burden upon an estate Syn:—Obstruction, weight, load, claim, hability.

Encyclical, en-sikhk al, a. [Gr en, in, and kyklos, a circle] বহুজন স্থীপে শ্লেবিড, Sent round to many persons or place, as a letter

Encyclopedian, en-si-klo-pe'di-an, a. সর্ক্-বিশ্যাসময়িত, Embracing the whole cucle of learning.

Encyclopedic, en-si-klo-pedik Encyclopedical, en-si-klo-pedik-al, a বিশাকজ্ঞস-সম্ভীষ, সর্কবিদ্যাসগ্রেহ-সম্ভীষ, Pertaining to an encyclopedia

Encyclopedist, en-si-klo-pē dist n. বিদ্যাকল্প-জ্ব-প্ৰশেষ্ঠা, The compiler or one who assists in the compilation of an encyclopedia

Encyclopædia, en-si-klo-pt di-a Encyclo-pedia, n farji \* farri \* The circle of sciences esp a work in which the branches of science of art are discussed separately, and usually in alphabetic order.

**Encysted,** en sisted, a কুৰিগভ, থলিব ভিতর আবস্ক, Enclosed in a cyst or bag

End, end, n প্রাপ্তভাগ, অন্ত, Extreme point, extremity —শেষ, সমান্তি Conclusion, termination —সীমা, Limit —মভিপ্রায় উদ্দেশ্য, Object, purpose —শুক, জ্বল, Fragment —মৃত্যু Death, cause of death — v f সমান্ত কু, মই কু ক্ষাম্ম-কু, To conclude, to destroy — v েশেষ্
হ, To cease, to be at an end Syn — (n) End ing bound, scrap remnant final condition issue, consequence, result, aim, drift, decease (v) Finish, close, terminate, put to death, kill be finished, stop speaking.

End (or terminate) in—কোন কিছুৰ পরিণাম-ছ Come to an end by

End in smoke—একবারে অকৃতকায় হ , নিফল-ই , Fill signally or contemptibly or ridiculously , end in nothing, come to no practical result

Ends of the earth পৃথিবীর প্রান্তদেশ, Remote rections of the earth [mination of At the end of কেল কিছুব শেষে, At the turbe at an end শেষ হওয়া Be over.

In the end—water Finally

On end-विदाय , Continuously

One's hair stands on end—পৰীৰ ছোমাঞ্চিত হ।
Put an end to—নষ্ট-কু, Destroy —পেৰ করিৱা
আনা, Bring to an end
Stand on end—খাড়া-হ, Stand erect, bristle
To be at one's wit's end—কৰ্ত্যাৰ্থাৱনে অবস্তহ, To be unable to make at what further step
to be taken.

To the end of the chapter—আৰীংৰ, নিৰ্দিদ্ধ, ব্রাৰ্থ, To the end of one's days, to the very end, uninterruptedly.

To this end—এই অভিনাতে, এই উত্তেপ্ত সংবৰ্গৰ , With a view to gain this object. Endanger, en-danjer, v. f. বিপ্ৰস্থ-য় ; বিপাৰ-ট Put to hazard or danger. Sym:--imperil, hazard, jeopardize, risk, compromit.

Endear, en-der', v. t থিয়-ৰু; আদৰ্শীয়-ৰু; Make dear or beloved. [Tenderness; affection. Endearment, en-der'ment, n. ভালবানা; মেই; Endeavour, en-devur, v. i. [Fr. en. in, and devoir, duty] ডেই-ৰু; প্ৰয়ান পাৰৱা; Attempt, try:—v. t. উত্যক্ত-ৰু; To exert:—n. Gইা; উদান বছ; Effort; labour; attempt, trial. Syn:—(n) Exertion, struggle, essay. (v) Strive, struggle, essay, aim, labour.

Endocagon, «. Same as Hendecagon.

Eindemial, en-demi-al, Endemio, en-demik, Bndemioal, en-derimik-al, a. [Gr. en, in, and dēmos, a people, a district ] ছানীয়; দাৰ্বজনিক বা দেশবাণী: Peculiar to a country or people, as a disease:—n. ছানীয় রোগ, সার্বজনিক বা দেশবাণী রোগ; A disease of an endemic character.

Ending, ending, n. সমান্তি; শেষ; Termination:
—আন্থম বিভান্তি, In Grammar, the terminating syllable or letter of a vowel. [ used as a salard. Endive, endiv, n. শাক্রিশের, A kind of plant Endless, endles, a. আনত্ত, অবিহাম; চির, নিতা; Continual; everlasting:—উম্পেত্তীন; Objectless. ad=endlessly. n=endlessness. Syn:—Interminable, unlimited, boundless, infinitive, etermal, everlasting; incessant, perpetual; purposeless. [ marrying within the tribe. Endogamy, n. ব্য-শিরণিয়; The practice of Endorse—Same as indorse.

Endow, en-dow', v. t. [Fr. en, and douer, to endow] যৌতুক-দে; বৃদ্ধি-দা; To furnish with a portion, to settle on:—গুৰ খাবা ভূবিত-কৃ, বৃদ্ধি খাবা অলক্ষত-কৃ, অবিকাৰী-কৃ, Enrich with any gift or faculty, indue. ne endower. Syn:—Dower; su, ply with, furnish with, endue, invest, enrich Endow (one) with—কোৰ গুৰ্ববিশিষ্ট-কৃ, Enrich one with (some quality).

Endowment, endowment, n. বৌতুক-প্রদান; ব্রিজান. Property, fund, or revenue permanently appropriated to any object:—ধীশজি, প্রতিভা; Git of pature; talents, natural capacity. Syn:—Gift, grant, boon, largess, bequest, benefaction, provision; fund, property, revenue; parts, genius, talent, capacity, faculty, ability. Endue—Same as Indue.

Endurable, en-dur'a-bl, a. महमीह ; That can be endured or borne. ad=endurably, n=endurableness.

Endurance, en-dur'ans, n. দ্বিভি; সাবিছ; Continuance:—সহিক্তা; বৈধাৰস্থন; সাহন; Patience; sufferance. Syn:—Lastingness, bearing, suffering, sufferance; patience, fortitude, resignation, submission.

Endure, en-dur', v. t. [Fr. en, and durer, to last] मक्-क ; कहन बाका ; To sustain ; brook ; undergo ; bear with patience :—v. i. ब्राजी-इ ; जित्र बाका ; To continue in the same state without perishing, abide, last. Syn :—Continue ; support ; suffer, experience; tolerate, submit to, abide ; be resigned, take patiently.

Endwise, endwiz, adv. stras from; cores from;
On the end with the end forward.

Enema, che-ma, n. { Gr. en, in, and hidmi, to send া শুহু ৰাজীতে প্ৰকিন্ত জনীয় উৰখ ; গিচখাৰী বাবা প্ৰকেপৰ ; An injection or clyster, thrown up into the lower bowel.

Enemy, ehe-mi, n. [L. in, negative, and amicus, a friend] শক্ত, বিপক; বিপু; A foe; an adversary. Syn:—Opponent, antagonist.

How goes the enemy—कड नवद? What o'clock is it?

The enemy-अवस्थान ; The devil.

Energetic, en-ér-jetik, Energetical, en-érjetik-al, a. दशकान, टिड्डाबॉन, Active; forcible; strong; potent. ad=energetically. Syn:— Vigorous, powerful, effective, nervous.

Energy, ehêt-ji, n. [Gr en, in, and ergon, work] কাৰ্য্যকৰী শক্তি, শক্তি, বল, তেজ ; Inherent power ; efficacy, force, vigour, spirit. Syn:—Strength, efficiency, manliness, animation, hife, zeal, pluck.

Enervate, en-er-vat, v. t. [L e, out of, and nervus, a nerve] ছুক্ল-কৃ, খীনবদ-কৃ, Weaken; unnerve:—a ছুক্ল, Weakened; without force:—n ছুক্লতা, Enervation. Syn:—(v) Enfeeble, relax, unhinge, unstring, paralyze.

Enfeeble, en-se'bl, v t शैनवन-कृ, क्र्बन-कृ; Weaken. Syn:-Debilitate, enervate

Enfeeblement, enfi'bl-ment, n ছুৰ্বলভা; দৌৰুল্য , শীণ্ডা . Weakness, enervation.

Enfeoff, en let', v. t कारजीद (म्ब्ब), To invest with a fee. [Act of enfeoffing.

Enfooffment, en-fel'ment, n. জামগীৰ বা বৃত্তিদাৰ; Enfilado, en-fi-lad, n [Fi. en, and fil, a thread j সোজা বেখা বা পৰ; Passage or range of a gun in a straight line or in file:—v. i পোলা বিকেপ, সবল বেখান্তমে ভেল-কৃ. To rake with shot through the whole length of a line

Enforce, en-for's, v. t. कारश পৰিণত-কু; বলপ্ৰয়োগ-কু; To put in force, to give effect to .—वांश-कु; উত্তেজিত-কু, To compel, to urge on. n=enforcement. Syn —(onstrain, acquire, oblige; execute; put strongly, evince.

Enforcement, en-forment, n বলপ্রয়োগ, কার্য্যে পরিণতি; Compulsion, giving effect to

Enfranchise, en-franchiz, v. f. অধিকাৰ প্ৰদান-ক ; মুক্তি দান-ক, To admit to the privileges of a free man or citizen; to liberate for bondage. Syn:—Liberate, release, enlarge; naturalize, give a vote to.

Enfranchisement, en-franchiz-ment, n. আৰি-লার প্রধান ; দাসত্ ইংতে মোচন ; Admission to civil or political privileges , release from slavery or custody.

Engage, en-gaj, v. t. আবছ-কৃ; Bind:—নিৰ্জকৃ; Employ; to occupy .—যুক্-কৃ; To fight:—
আবছ-কৃ; Bind by contract:—আক্ৰ-কৃ; Attract; allure:—দলভূক-কৃ, To enlist:—v. t.
আবছ-কৃ, আলীকার-কৃ; To pledge one's word;
to become bound:—দলভূজ-কৃ, আনী-কৃ, To enlist in any party, to take a part:—বিবাদে পায়ককৃ; To enter into conflict. Syn:—Pledge,

commit, promise; employ, hire; busy; engross; gain, win, draw for, fix, arrest; encounter; stipulate, burgain; undertake.

Engaged, a. অজাতৃত; Pledged; promised:— বাক্ষড়; Betrothed — সোৎসাছ; Earnest.

Be engaged in—(कांच कार्य) विवृत्त-ए; Be employed in. [betrothed to.

Be engaged to—কাহারও সহিত বিবাহ ছিল-হ; Be Engagement, en-gajment, n. অসীকাৰ; Promise, stipulation; obligation:—কাষ্য; Employment, business, avocation:—যুদ্ধ; বিবাদ, A fight or battle. Syn:—Occupation; word; pledge, assuration, contract, combat, contest, encounter, conflict.

Engaging, e-gajing, a. আকৰ্ষক: আকৰ্ষকারী; মনোহব; চিত্তারক; Winning; attractive, ad= engagingly.

Engender, en-jehder, v. f [L. en, and genero, to generate] উৎপত্ন कृ, উৎপাদন-কृ, To produce; to generate, occasion.—v i. উৎপত্ন-ছ; উৎপাদিজ-ছ; To be caused or produced. Syn:—Breed, beget, procreate, cause.

Engine, enjin, n কল; A mechine in which mechanical powers are combined — বালীৰ বস্তঃ Steam engine; fire engine:—ক্যোবাৰক উপাৰ; Means to an end. Syn.—Machine; implement, instrument, weapon, tool, agent, agency means.

Bngineer, en-jin-er', n. বন্ধ-নিশ্বাধা, ছুৰ্গ'দিনিথাৰ-কুলন ব্যক্তি; One who contrives engines or engine work; one who carries through an artful and skilful contrivance:—v. t. যন্ত্ৰনিশ্বান্তাৰ কাৰ্য-কু, To perform the work of an engineer:— সাহ্যিক কাৰ্য সম্পাদন-কু; To guide or carry through a measure of enterprise.

Engineering, en-pin-ër'ing, n বছাদি নিশ্বাধ কৌশল; The science and art of utilising natural forces.

Engird, en-gerd, v. t. বেইন-কু, To gud round English, mg'glish, a. ইলেডীয়, ইংলড স্থানীয়, Pertaining to England, its inhabitants, or their language.—n. ইংরাজ জাতি; The people of England:—ইংরাজ ভাবা, The language of the English nation.

Engorge, en-gorf, v t. 思考!- 季; To swallow with greediness.—v. i. 思考!- 季; To feed with eagerness or voracity. n=engorgement. Syn:—Devour, gorge, eat voraciously, bolt, gobble.

Engrain, en-gran, v t. 48-4, To dye in grain or in the raw material.

**Engrave**, en-grav, v. t. আছিড-কৃ, খোদা; To carve devices upon :—গভীররণে অছিড-কৃ; To imprint; to impress deeply. n=engraver. Syn:—Cut, chisel, stipple, infix.

Engraving, en-grāving, n. প্ৰভাৱ বা কাঠের উপৰ অভন; কোনন, The art of cutting design on wood &c.:—অভিড ছবি; An engraved plate.

Bagross, en-gros, v. t. [Fr en, gros, in large] আন-ক; To swallow up:—একবাৰে অধিক স্বৰা আনিক ক; একচেটিবা-ক; To fore stall; to monopolice:—ক্ অকৰে প্ৰতিনিপি ক, To copy in a large fair hand, as a deed:—নশ্ৰেক্ষণে নিন্দাক;

ৰশূৰ্ণ নিৰোজিক-ছ় ; To occupy whally :—ছুল-ছু ; To enlarge. n=engrosser, engrossment. Syn :— Absorb, engulf, occupy ; forestall, monopolire. Be engrossed in or with—( কোব বিবরে ) বিষয়-ছ ; Be occupied with ( something ) with one's whole mind :— মব কোব কিছুৰ দম্বণ আহুল-ছ; One's mind is filled with.

Engrossment, en-gröśment, ম. সম্পূর্ণ নিছোগ ; নিষোজিত বিষয় কেন্দ্র অনুসিধি · Act of engrossing ; that which has been engrossed; a fair copy. Engulf—See ingulf.

Enhance, en-hant, v. t. वृद्ध-कृ; वृद्धि-कृ; To increase; to raise or heighten; to add to:—
v. i. वृद्धि-कृ; वृद्धि-कृ; To grow larger; to be swelled Syn:—Augment; heighten, swell; aggravate, exalt, elevate.

Enhancement, en-hansment, क. दृष्टि ; वर्षद ; Increase ; aggravation ; augmentation.

Enigma, en-ig'ma, n [Gr ainissomai, to speak darkly] হেঁমালি; প্রছেলিকা; A riddle; puzzle.

Enigmatio, en-ig-matik, Enigmatical, enigmat-ik-al, a. অংকলিকাঘটিত ; ছুকোৰ ; Puzzling , obscure. ad = enigmatically. Syn:—Ambiguous, perplexing, mystical, doubtful, uncertain, equivocal. [To deal in riddles. Enigmatise, en-ig/ma-tiz, v. t. একেলিকা বলা,

Enigmatist, en-ig ma-tist, n. व्यार्गिका-प्रापिका;
One who enigmatises.

Enjoin, en-join, v. t. আদেশ-কৃ, হক্ষ-কৃ, Direct earnestly; order; admonish, issue an injunction. Syn:—Impress, command, prescribe, urge, beg, prohibit, restrain.

Enjoin upon (one)—वारम्भ-कृ; Direct one, command one to do.

Enjoy, en-joy', v. t. ব্ৰভোগ-কু; আনন্ধ অনুভব-কু, উপভোগ-কু; To feel or perceive with pleasure. Syn —Relish, like, obtain possession of. Enjoyment, en joy'ment, n. কুব; আনোদ, আবাম, Gratification, pleasure; happiness. Syn.—Satisfaction comfort, gladness, delight. Enkindle, en-kindl. v. i আলিয়া-কে, প্ৰস্থাত-কু, To set on fice:—উৎসাধিত-কু; উবেন্ধিত-কু; To rouse into action; to excite.

Enlarge, en-larz, v. t. বৃদ্ধি-কৃ; To increase in size or quantity:—মুক্ত-কৃ; To set free :—v. i. বিদ্ধিত-কৃ, To grow large or larger:— ভূমি বলা বা জেখা; To dilate, to expantiate. Syn:—Extend, expand, augment, multiply, widen, diffuse, amplify, stretch, swell expandate, dilate, descant. [freely-

Enlarge on, upon—ৰাহলাকণে ৰলা; Discuss Enlargement, en-larment, n. বৃদ্ধি; বৰ্দ্ধ ; বিস্থৃতি; Increase; extension:—ৰাহলা কণে বৰ্দ্ধা, বিস্থৃত লিবৰ; Diffusiveness of speech or writing. Enlighten, en-li'n, v. t. উজ্জ্ঞল-কু; জ্ঞান আগ্ৰান-কু; বিশ্বা-কে; Throw light upon; to illuminate; to inform; to impart knowledge; to instruct. n=enlightenment. Sym:—Teach, edify, inform, educate. counsel.

Enlightenment, en-life-ment, n. भारताव-वार्थि। State of being enlightened.

Enlist, en-list, v. f. wiferige-#; To enrol :-नवकाति कार्या निवस-म : To engage in public service:—প্ৰযুক্ত-কু; Unite firmly to a cause:--v. i. ডাनिकाक्कर-इ ; To enrol onesell ; register :-नक बहर-इ; नक्कूक-इ; To enter heartily into [ Enrolment. any cause. Enlistment en-listment, n. डाजिना पूक कर्य ; Enliven, en-livn v. t. আমোদিত-ড়; অবৃত-ড়: म्बीव-कृ To animate ; to make cheerful ; inspirit; invigorate. n=enlivener. Syn:-Quicken, rouse up, inspire, exhilarate, excite ; amuse. Enmity, ehmi-ti, n. [ Fr. sn, negative, and amitie, amity ] শক্তা : বিপক ; Ill-will, hostility. Syn :- Hate, rancour, hatted, animosity, malevolence, malice, malignity.

Ennoble, en-no'bl, v. t. খ্যাতাপন্ত-ক ; উনত-ক ; To elevate; to raise to nobility. Syn:—Raise, exalt, elevate, aggrandize, dignify.

Ennui, ang'-nwe', n. ছাভি; বিষাদ; অবসাদ; Lassitude; melancholy, a feeling of weariness. Enormous, e-nor'mus, a. [ L. e, out of, and norma, rule ] অতাত্ত; অতিহিক্ত; মহাপাপিষ্ট; গতিত্ত. Excessive; atrocious, heinous, ad=enormously. Syn:—Huge, vast, immoderate, prodigious, immense, gigantic, vast; gross, monstrous.

Enormity, c-noi'mi-ti, n. আভিখন; ভকড; মহা-পাণ; The state of being immoderate, montrous or outrageous, a great crime; great wickedness. Syn.—Atrocity, flagitious vallainy, great offence; outrage.

Enough, e-nuf', a. যথেষ্ট; পর্যাপ্ত; Sufficient, adequate:—n. আচ্যু; Sufficiency:—adv. অচুরকণে, পর্যাপ্ত পরিমাণে; Sufficiently; fully. Syn.—
(a) Sufficient, satisfactory, equal to, abundant.
Enrage, en-raj, v. t. কোপান্তিত-স্থ; কোথান্তিত-স্থ;
Make angry; exasperate. Syn:—Irritate, incense, inflame, exasperate, provoke, anger, maite, madden infuriate.

Enrapture, en-rap'tur, v. t. साहित-इ; भाव्यापिठ-कृ To delight highly, to transport with pleasure or delight; throw into ecstasy; ravish. Syn:—Enchant, charm, entrance, delight.

Enrich, en-rich, v. t. ধনাচ্য-কু; সুশোভিত-কু; উন্মা-কু; To make rich; to adorn, fertilize:— শিকা-পে; To store with knowledge, instruct. n=enrichment. Syn:—Aggiandize, endow, render, opulent; embellish, decorate.

Enrichment, n. धनाछ। वा উर्जना करन ; Act of enriching ; that which enriches.

Enrol, en-röl, v. t. ডাজিকাকুক্ত-কু; লিখিয়া রাখা; Insert in a register; enlist; record. n=enrolment or enrollment. Syn:—Enlist; envelop, involve, enwrap. [record, a register. Enrolment, en-rölment, n. ঘলিকা; ডালিকা; A উন্নত্তনাত্ত্ত, en-skon's, v. t. ছুৰ্ব খাবা বন্ধা-কু; নিবাণ্ণ্য-কু; Shelter as with a sconce or fort; protect; hide secretly. Syn:—Cover, screen, conceal. Enshrine, en-shrine, v. t. মন্দির মধ্যে মন্দ্র-কু; To inclo-e in a shrine:—বেহের নহিত মন্দ্র-কু; মব্দ্রে ও নান্দর কুলা-কু; To preserve with affection; cherish. Syn:—Consecrate, treasure, preserve, embalm; cherish, hallow, sanctify.

Enshroud, e. s. winging-y; winging-y; To cover up.

Ensign, ehsin, n. [L. in, on, signum, a mark]
গতাকা কৰা; Flag; national flag:—চিক্; ক্লচিক্; Badge; coat of arms:—সম্বেড হুইবার
মহেড; Any signal to assemble:—সভাকাবাই।; A commissioned officer, who formerly carried
the flag of a company or regiment; flag-bearer.
n=Ensigncy, ensignship (rank or office of an
ensign.) Syn:—Banner, colours, standard, pennon, streamer; signal, sign, badge.

Enslave, en-slav, v. t. কৃতদান-কু; জ্বীন-কু; Enthral; reduce to slavery or bondage. [bondage. Enslavement, en-slavment, n. দাস্ব; Slavery; Ensnare—Same as Insnare.

Linstamp, en-stamp, e. t. মুমাছিত-কৃ; গভীবরণে অহিত-কৃ; To impress as with a stamp; to impress deeply.

Ensue, en-su', v. i. [ L. en, after, and sequer, to hollow] ঘটে; হয়; অৰ্থজী-হ; সংষ্টিত-হ; Succeed, come after; to result from:—v. t. অব্সরণ-তৃ; অহগণন-তৃ; To follow, pursue. Syn:—Follow, be subsequent; supervene, spring from, proceed, result, accrue.

Ensure-Same as insure.

Entablature, en-tabla-tur, Entablement, en-tabl-ment, n. [ L. in, in the manner of, and tubu'a, a table ] জাটালিকাদিব তত্ত্বে উর্ভাগ; That part of an order which is above the columns, more particularly architrave, frieze.

Entail, en-tal, v. t. [Fr. en, in, into, and tailler, to cut ] কাছাকে কবিভান্য অধিকার প্রদান-কৃ; বিশেষ উত্তর্গাধিকারীর হতে সম্পান্তির অবিভেলী অধিকার প্রদান-কৃ; To settle inalienally an estate on a particular heir or series of heirs:—উৎপান-কৃ; উৎপাদন-কৃ; To bring on as inevitable; involve:—n. অবিভান্য সম্পত্তি; An estate limited in descent to particular heirs. n=entailment.

Entail on—অবগন্ধাৰী কলবন্ধণ-কু; Settle inalien ibly on; be brought on one as the inevitable result of.

Entailment, en-taiment, n. অবস্থানী কলের উৎ-পাদন বা প্রান্তি; Act of entailing, or the state of being entailed.

Entangle, en-tang'gl, v. t. অভিত-কু; আবুল-ফু; বিপায়-কু; কানে কেলা; Involve; twist together; perplex; confuse; embarass; insnare. Syn:— Mat, ravel, knot; catch, entrap, ensnare; implicate, complicate, bewilder.

Entanglement, en-tang'gl-ment, n. হতব্দিতা; উৎপাত; Perplexity; a confused state; intricacy. Enter, enter, enter, v. t. [L. in, in, and tar, to cross] প্রেশ-কৃ; Come or go into:—বোগ-দে; প্রকৃত্ত ; Join or engage in:—খাবড-কৃ; To begin:—ভর্তি-কৃ; তালিকাড্জ-কৃ; Enlist; to enrol:—লিখা; Record —v. i. প্রবিট-ছ; ভিতরে-ঘা; To go or come in; to penetrate:—প্রবৃত্ত হ; Engage in:—খাবড়ত ; Constitude a part, Syn.—Pierce, go upon, invade; insert, set in; set down, got down; enrol, register; share in.

Enter a profession--त्सन व्यवस्थ विष्क-र; Engage in any profession. Enter for-Enlist.

Enter into— অবৃত্ত হ; Engage in; begin:—
সহাপুত্তি প্রকাশ-ক ; Appreciate; sympathise:—
গতীসকলে প্রবেশ-ড় ; To penetrate deeply:—বোগদে; কোন কিছুতে জাবন্ত ; To partake of : to share in , to take part in ; bind oneself by :—
কোন কিছুত্ব জাবৰ্গত বা আনে-ত ; Form a part of :—
বিশেষ মনোবোগ-ক ; Consider attentively.

Bnter into a conversation—কথাৰাৰ্ডা কহিছে।
Enter into a discussion—বাদাসুবাদ করিছে।
Enter into a league—কাহারত প্রতিকৃলে; একখনের সহিত মৈত্রীসক্ষে।
[ বার্ডা।

Enter into a negotation—সৰিত্বাপন।ৰ্থ কথা-Enter into a recognizance—মুচলকা দিয়া। Enter into an engagement—কোন সৰ্প্তে।

Enter into one's views—কাহাৰ মত এহণ-ক ;
To be favourably disposed to one's ideas and opinions; to adopt them.

Enter into particulars—বিভাৱিত বৰ্ণনা-কু, Relate in detail.

Enter on or upon—আগৰ-কু; প্ৰথম প্ৰবৃত্ত ই, Begin; undertake. [ to be thought of by one. Enter one's head—চিন্তা-কু; To occur to one; Enter the lists—কোন বিবাদে প্ৰবৃত্ত-হ; ফুল্যুদ্ধে বা বিবাদে প্ৰস্তুত-হ; To accept a challenge or engage in a combat.

Enter up-ভালিকা कावा ; Keep a register.

Be entered at—উচ্চতঃ বিদ্যালয়ে ভার্টি-ই, Be enrolled as a student of a college.

Enterio, en-ter'ik, a. [Gr. enteron, intestine]
অনুসৰ্কীয়; Belonging to the intestines.

Enteritis, en-te-ritis, n. MENTE; Inflamation of the intestines.

Enterprise, enter-priz, n. [Fr. entre, into, prendre, to seize] সাহসিক কৰ্ম, মহোদান, অসমসাহসিক কৰ্ম, A bold or dangerous undertaking; an adventure; daring; energy. Syn:—undertaking, venture, effort, endeavour, activity.

Enterprising, chter-priz-ing, a. সাহাসক, চঃ-সাহসিক, Adventurous: bold to undertake. ad= enterprisingly.

Entertain, en-ter-tan, v. t. [ Fr. entre, among, and L. teneo, to hold ] কর্মে নিযুক্ত-কু , Maintain , keep in pay :--- व्याजिशा-कृ ; क्याजिशा मश्काय-कृ , To show hospitality to, receive as a host -আমোদিও-ক ; To engage agreeably the attention ; divert :-- (भाष १-कृ ; Harbour ; cherish -v. i. अहार्थना-कृ; To receive guests. Syn .-Lodge, harbour, treat, support, hold, cherish, amuse, recreate. n=entertainer, ad -enter-[ sing ; diverting. tainingly. Entertaining, a. चारमोन्डानक, यरनांदम, Amu-Entertainment, en-ter-tanment, n. 可符件, within, Amusement, diversion ·—উৎস্ব . Feast :- পাডাদি; Musical or dramatic performance:—আতিখা; অতিথি-সংকার; Act of receiving as host :- विकास ; Recreation. Syn :-Hospitable treatment, banquet, collation, treat, reception; consideration; pastime, sport. Enthral—Same as inthral.

Enthrone, en-thron, v. t. সিংহাসনোপৰিষ্ট-কু, বাজা-কু, To place on a throne, n=enthronment.

Enthronement, w. qtwifere; The act of enthroning or of being enthroned.

Enthronisation, त. अशान वर्षशास्त्र अस्तिकः; The enthronement of a bishop.

Enthusiasm, en-thu'zi-azm, ন. [Gr. en. in, and theos, a god ] উৎসাহ; উমন্ততা; উংহতা; উংহতা; বংহতা; সংলা — Fanaticism, excitement, extravagance, ardour, vehemence.

Enthusiast, en-thu'zi-ast, ল. উৎসাহী ব্যক্তি; ধৰ্মেনিজ ব্যক্তি; One possessed of enthusiasm; one who lives or admires inten-ely; a visionary; a zealot; devotee, fanatic, dreamer.

Enthusiastic, en-thū-zi-astik, Enthusiastical, en-thū-zi-astik-al, a. উৎসাহী; উৎসাহবাৰ; অসুৰক্ষ; Zealous; ardent; devoted. ad=enthusiastically.

Entice, en-tis, v. t. প্ৰদুৰ-কু; প্ৰলোভিড-কু; বিপৰে বইনা-বা; To allure; scduce, tempt; to lead astray. n=enticer. Syn:—Coax, decoy, persuade, prevail on, lead astray.

Enticement, en-tisment, n. etcales, Allurement, temptation; inducement. Syn:—Attraction, blandishment, seduction, persuasion.

Entire, en-tir, a. [ L. in, not, and tago, tango, to touch ] সম্পূৰ্ব ; সমন্ত্ৰ ; জবিছজ ; Full and perfect; whole; complete, unmingled; unmixed. Syn:—Whole; unbroken, undivided, unimpaired, undunimished, plenary, thorough, unalloyed, unmingled attentirely, neentireness. Entireness, n. মম্পূৰ্বতা, Completeness, the whole, integrity. [ ness, the whole integrity. [ ness, the whole integrity. [ ness, the whole, integrity. [ ness, the whole, integrity. [ ness, the whole, integrity. ] ] ] ] ] ] To give a title or right, to qualify:—আহিত্ত ক, উপাৰি বাৰাম সেঃমা, Call; designate. Syn:—Name, design ite, style, characterize, demonate, dignify, ennoble, qualify, fit for.

Entitle (one) to—(কোন পদ বা স্থাতি পাইবার) স্থান কু; Give one a claim to.

Be entitled to—উপযুক্ত হওলা, Descree.

Entity, chii-ti, n. [ L. esse, to be ] অন্তিম্ব; সংরভাগ; Existence; a real substance, essence. Entomb, en-tōōmi, v. f. স্থাধি ক্রিয়া-কু, গোৰ-দে, স্মাধি-কু; To bury; inter inhume. | Burial. Entombment, en-tōōmiment, n. মারিত কবিং. Entomologist, en-to-molo-jist, n. প্রক্র বিবাধি ক্রিয়ান্ত কিন্তু, en-to-molo-ji, n. প্রক্র বা কীট বিষয়ক বিদ্যা, কীটজন্ব; The science of insects. a=entomological, ad=entomologically.

Entozoa, en-to-zo'a, n. pl. [Gr. en'os, within, soon an animal] অন্ত জীবেৰ দেহাভাপ্তর দাত ক্ষ্যাদি; Animals living inside of other animals.

Entrails, entraiz, n. pl. নাড়ীভূড়ী; অত্ত; The bowels; guts.

Entrain, en-tran, v. t. বাপীর-বান বোলে ( নৈন্ত ) পাঠান; To put into a train, said of troops by railway.

Entrance, entrans, n. धारवणाविकांत्र ; Power or right to enter :—धारवणात्र ; The doo: :—धारव . The beginning. Syn.—Ingress, access ; entry. inlet, mouth, avenue, passage, door, portal, commencement; introduction; initiation.

Entrance, en-trans, v.f. (बाहिन-कृ; Enrapture; bewitch; ravish with delight or wonder:— हेन्नानिक-कृ; To put in an ecstasy. Syn:—Enrapture, enchant, charm, bewitch, fascinate. Entrancement, en-transment, n. बहुान्नान;

State of trance or of ecstasy.

Entrap, entrap' v. t. কালে ধরা; To insnare; to entangle:— দ্বিত্তাক্ত ; To embarrass. Syn:— Ensnare, inveigle, entice, seduce. entangle, involve, perplex.

Entreat, en-tret, v. t. প্রার্থনা-ক ; ভিন্সা-ক ; Beseech ; pray for ; ask earnest ; importune ; beg. Syn:—Solicit, crave, implore, importune, supplicate, petition.

Entreaty, en-treffi, n অপুনয়; সালুনৰ প্ৰাৰ্থনা, Earnest prayer; solicitation; suit. Syn:— Importunity, request, supplication, petition. Entrench, Entrust—Same as Intrench, In-

trust.

Entrust to one (Entrust one with) —কাহাৰত উপন্ন কোন বিষয়েন ভান দেওয়া; Confide something to the care of one

Entry, thtri, n ভিতরে প্রেশ, অন্তর্নিবেশ; Entrance, a passage into —লিখন, Making a record:—আবিভাবভূক করণ; Act of taking possession of. Syn.—Ingress, entrance; passage, hall; beginning; minute, note, second.

Entwine, en-twin, v t. 安持有; To twine, to twist round Syn .—I'ntwist, plait; wind round, encurcle, surround, embrace.

Entwist, en twist, v. t. চতুঃপাৰ্কে ভড়িত-কু; বেইত-কু, To twist round, to wreathe round.

Enumerate, e-na mer-at, v. t. [L e, out, and numeratus, to number] গণনাক; সংখাক; Count; reckon up one by one; recount, recapituate. Syn — Compute, reckon; detail.

Enumeration, e-nū-mer-á-hun, n. পদনা, বিশেষ বিবরণ; সংক্ষিপ্ত বিবরণ; A detailed account; a summing up.

Enunciate, e-nuńsi-at, v. f [L. e, and nuncio, to tell] উচ্চারণ-কৃ; প্রকাশ-কৃ; বিবৃত কৃ; Utter; pronounce, proclaim; declare; state formally n=enunciator, enunciation. Syn:—State, propound, publish, promulgate; articulate, speak.

Enunciation, n. উক্তি , বিৰয়ণ ; প্ৰচায় ; জ্যামিতিক প্ৰতিজ্ঞায় সূত্ৰ ; A distinct declaration ; the words in which a proposition is expressed.

Enunciative, e-nunsi-3-tiv, Enunciatory, e-nunsi-st-or-i, a. विष्य विषय पुरु; धाकानक; Declarative.

Envelop, en-velup, v. t. বোড়া; আড়াফিড-ফু; Wrap; cover with a wrapper:—নুরারিড-ফু; Hide. Syn:—Enwrap, infold; encase, inclose, surround, encircle; hide, conceal.

Envelope, envel-öp. n. আছাগৰ; Wrapper:-বাৰ, Covering for a letter; the cover of a letter.
Envelopment, en-velop-ment, n. আছাগৰ;
Covering on all sides.

Envenom, en-vehum, v. f. (नेवांक-क ; To poison ;

হিংসা বারা কস্বিত-কৃ; Taint with bitterness or malice:—বাবাইয়া-সে; To exasperate.

Enviable, ehvi-a-bl. a. বাহনীয়; ইপিড; ইর্নো-দীপক, Exciting envy; very desirable. ad= enviably.

Envious, chvi-us, a ইবাধিত; অনুধাপৰ্বণ; Malicious; jcalous. n=enviousness. ad=enviously. Environ, en-vi'run, v. t. [Fr. virer, to turn round] বেইন-ক; কড়িত-ক; To encircle; to invalve; to invest:—অববেধ-ক; To besiege. Syn:—Envelop, gird, inclose, hem in.

Environment, n. বেইৰ, পৰিঅঘণ; Act or state of being environed or that which environs.

Environs, chvi-runz, n. সহরওলি; নগরের পার্থবর্তী স্থান; সারিব্য, Suburbs; outskits; neighbourhood, vicinity.

Envoy, chvoy, n. [Fr. en, on, and L. via, a way] vo, A messenger; one despatched upon; an errand. n=envoyship.

Envy, envi, v. t [L in, on, and video, to look] বিষেধ-কু; হিংসা-কু; Hate another for being happier or better; grudge —v. i. জ্বা-প্ৰথম-ছ; To be filled with envious feelings — লোভ-কু, To covet:—n. বেষ, হিংসা, বিষেধ, Malice, ill will. Syn:—(n) Jealousy, enviousness, hate, invidiousness. [ill-will.

Envying, chai-ving, n. दिःता; (वर ; Envy, Enwrap—See inwrap.

Eolian, ट o'h-an, Eolic, ह-olik, a. वायुनवजीत ; Belonging to Æolia, or Æolus, the god of the winds, or to the wind. [ wind.

Eolian harp, n. Instrument played by the Eolia-Dialect of Eolia.

Epact, c'pakt, n. [Gr epi, on, ago, to bring] চাত্ৰ ও দৌৰ মাস বা বংসারের ন্যনাধিকা; The moon's age at the end of the year.

Epaulet, Epaulette, ep-awlet, n. সৈন্তদের খনোপবিস্থ চিক্ল; খনাভবৰ, Shoulder-badge worn by military or naval officers.

Epergne, e-perh, n. বৃহৎ ছালাধার; An ornamental stand for a large dish in the centre of a table. [Hebrew measure for dry goods. Epha, Ephah, E'ia, n ওজন পরিমাণ বিশেষ; Ephemera, ef-ernera, n [Gr. epi, for, and hemera, a day] আলকশহাতী জীব; The Mayfly; a short-lived insects —এক বিনহাতী জ্বর; A fever of one day's continuance.

Ephemeral, ef-emer-al, a. অৱকায়ায়ী, Short-lived, lasting a day:—আহিক; Diurnal. Syn:— Transient, evanescent, transitory, fleeting, fugitive, momentary.

Ephemeris, el-emer-is, n. পরিকা বিশেষ; বিষয়া;
A journal, a diary, an astronomical almanac.
bl=ephemerides.

Ephemerist, ef-emer-ist, n. এহাদির দৈনিক গভি
নির্ণায়ক; জ্যোভির্মিদ; An astrologer, a journalist.
Ephod, ef'od, n. [Heb. aphad, to put on] নিত্রী
প্রোহিতের পরিজ্ঞান অংশ বিশেষ; The upper garment of a Jewish priest.

Epic, ep'ik, n. [Gr. epos, a word] বহাকা;
A heroic poem:—মহাকার সম্বন্ধীয়; Relating to
great events; containing narration.

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Bpicene, ep'i-sen, a. or n. 'Gr. epi, and koinos, both sexes; applied in common' উভানিস; Common to both sexed, applied in Gram. to nouns of either gender.

Bipiouranism, ep-i-ku-re'an-izm, n. এপিকিট-ৰসের মত বা তৰতুসরণ ; The doctrines of Epicurus,

attachment to these doctrines.

Epicure, ep'i-kūr, n. লপট; ইন্সিয়গরতম ব্যক্তি; পেটুৰ; A man given to luxury; a voluptuary; a sensualist; one given to the luxuries of the table.

Lipicurean, ep-i-ku-re'an e. ভোগবিলাস-রত; ভোগরত; Given to luxury; luxurious:—n. Follower of Epicurus:—উপযুস্ক্র ; ভোগন-বিলামী; One given to the luxuries of the table.

Epicurism, ep'i-kūr-izm n. ইল্রিয়াশকি ; ভোজন-বিনাসিতা : The doctrines of Epicurus ; luxury ;

sensual enjoyment.

Epicyole, epi-sikl, n. [Gr. epi, upon, kyklos, a circle] আপেকাকৃত বৃহত্তবৰ্ত-পৰিষ্ঠিত-কেন্দ্ৰান্তিত বৃদ্ধান্ত্ৰীয় ক্ষতৰ বৃষ্ঠ্য A circle having its centre in the circumference of a greater circle, on which it moves.

Epidemic, ep-i-demik, Epidemical, ep-i-demik-al, [Gr. epi, among, and dēmos, the people] নেৰাপত, ব্যৱস্থাপত, Affecting a whole prople; general; prevailing, ad=epidemically. Epidemic, n. দেশব্যাপত বাাৰি; মহামারী; A disease which arising from a wide spread cause affects many persons at once.

Epidermis, ep-i-der'mis, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and derma, the skin] উপত্ক, বহিঃস্থ প্ৰায়ক; The cuticle or outer skin of animals —উপত্ক; বৰ্ণেৰ উপবস্থ আবৰণ; External layer of the bank of a plant. a=epidermic, epidermal.

Epigastric, ep'-i-gastrik, a. [Gr. epi, upon and garter, the stomach] উপয়ের উচ্চাংশ সম্বায়, নাভিত্রসম্বায়; Pertaining to the upper and anterior part of the abdomen.

Epiglottis, ep-i-glotis, n. আল্ছিড; A valve of cartilage at the base of the tongue, which closes the glottis and excludes food or drink from the larynx, while cating.

Epigram, cp'i-gram, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and gramma, a writing] কুল হান্যোদ্ধীপক কবিতা; বিজ্ঞাপ্তক কবিতা; A short poem on one subject

ending with a witty thought.

Epigrammatic, ep-i-gram-matik, Epigrammatical, ep-i-grammatik-al, a. মুসমা কৰিডবেং; সংক্রিয় ; Relating or dealing in epigrams; concise; pointed. Syn:—Laconic, terse, poignant, ad=epigrammatically.

Epigrammatise, ep-i-gramatiz, v.t. বিজ-পাশ্বৰ বাৰ্য রচনা বা প্রোগ-ড়; To make an epigram. n=epigrammatist.

Epigramatist, ep-i-gramat-ist, n. বিজ্ঞপান্ধৰ-কবিতা-লেক ; One who writes epigrams.

Epigraph, ep'i-graf, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and grapho, to write ] উত্ত বাক্; সোক; বচৰ; A motto.

Epilopsy, epi-lep-si, [Gr. epi, upon, and lepsomai, to seize] 項稅 (वान, वर्धातान; Falling

sickness; a disease characterised by convulsions, stupor and feaming at the mouth. s= epileptic.

Epilogue ep'i-log, w. [Gr. epi, upon, and lego, to speak] ৰাউকের পোৰে বন্ধুতা বা কৰিবা; অভিনয় স্বাধির পর ক্ষে বক্তা; A speech or short poem made at the end of a play. amepilogistic. Epiphamy, e-pif'an-i, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and phaino, to shew] আসুরাবী বাসের বার্ড বিবনীর বার্ডাবেশব; উৎসব বিশেব; A christian festival celebrated on January 6th.

Episcopacy, e-pisko-pas-i, n. [Gr. episkopes, a bishop] বিশপের ধর্মাধ্যকতা; বিশপের অধিকার;

Chuch government by a bishop.

Episcopal, e-pisko-pal, a. বিশ্পস্থাীয় ; Of, like, or belonging to the bishops. ad=episcopally.

Episcopalian, e-pis-ko-páli-an, a. বিশপ বা ভণীয় শাসনস্থনীয়: Belonging to the bishops or government by bishops:—n. বিশপের শাসনাধীন ধর্মধলীর মতাবল্ধী; One who belong to the episcopal church.

Bpiscopalianism, গ. বিশপকর্ত্ব ধর্মমন্তিরের শাসন; Government of the church by bishops, episcopacy.

Episcopate, e-piśko-pat, n. যালকের অধিকার, বিশ্পের পদ; Bishopiic; the office and dignity of bishops

Episode, ep'1-sod, n. [Gr. epi, upon, eisodos, a coming in—eis, into, hodos, a way ] প্রাকৃত্তিক কথা, মধ্যেইৰ ঘটনা; An incidental narrative; an interesting incident.

Episodio, e-pi-sodik, Episodical, e-pi-sodik-al, Episodial, e-pi-so'di-al, a. পাস্ত্রিক; Incidental, digressive. [ Incidentally.

Episodically, e-pi-sodik-al-i, ad. প্ৰসক্ষে: Epistle, e-pisl, n [Gr. epi, and stello, to send] প্ৰ, A letter. Syn:—Written communication, note, missive.

Epistolary, e-pisto-lar-i, a. পত্ৰ সম্বন্ধীয় ; পত্ৰো-চিত ; পত্ৰোক ; Contained in letters ; pertaining or suitable to an epistle.

Epistolie, ep-is-tolik, Epistolical, ep-is-tolik-al, a. প্ৰমূপকার; Epistolary.

Epitaph, ep'i-taf, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and taphos, a tomb ] मशांशित উপরিছ লিখিত বিষয়: হৈভালিপি; An inscription on a monument in memory of the dead. a=epitaphian, epitaphic. Epithet, ep'i-thet, n. [Gr. epi, on, and tithemi. to place ] Gotfi; Title; descriptive term, [ taining to an epithet. name a=epithetic. Epithetic, ep-i-thetik, a. खन्ताक नक्कीय ; Per-Epitome, e-pito-me, n. [ Gr. epi, and temno, to cut ] मादमाध्यह ; मःकिश्वमात्र ; पूषक ; Abridgment; abstract; synopsis; summery. Syn:-Compendium, compend, conspectus, syllabus. Epitomise, e-pito-miz, v. t. क्षक-ङ ; नांदमर्थार-F; To shorten; to condense. n=epitomiser, epitomist. Syn :- Abridge, reduce, summarize, compress, abbreviate, contract; curtail, cut [ who abridges.

 Eposh, ep'ok or E', n. [Gr. spi, upon, and scho, to hold ] विभिद्वेकांग : अम ; वरमत्र ; विशाण बहैनात्र कान ; Period ; era, date, a point of time marked by some remarkable event.

Epode, ep'od, n. সুত্ৰনীতা; ছল বিশেষ; A kind of

lyric poem. emepodic.

Eponym, Eponyme, ep'o-nim, n. [Gr. epi, upon, to and onome, name ] ব্যক্তিবিশেষের নামাপু-সারে কোন জাতি বা বেশের নাম; A name, as of a country or people, derived from that of an individual. a=eponymous.

Epopee, cp'o-pe, n. [ Gr. epos, a word, poien, to make ] वीववमध्यशंन कावा वा छवनिछ विवय: An epic poem, the subject of an epic.

Equability, n. সমতা : সম্ভাব ; Evenness.

Equable, E'kwa-bl, a. मयভाव: मयान ; व्यटेन : श्वित : Even : uniform ; not variable. n=equability.

Syn :- Regular, steady.

Equal, E'kwal, a. [ L. aeguus, equal, Sans. eka, one ] नमान ; नमछुना ; फुना ; Alike ; of the same quality, nature, or standing : ভপ্ৰুক ; Adequate:--- বিরপেক; স্থায়সকত; Impartial; just ; equitable :- नमान ; Not variable ; uniform :-- n. সমৰক ; সমধ্যী ; One of the same age, rank, quality &c. :-- ए. i. मय-इ , मयान-क ; To be or to make equal to, ad=equally. Syn :-(a) Even, uniform, regular, equable; like, alike, equivalent, tantamount, proportionate, commensurate; fair, just, equitable, fit.

Equal to-नमान: On a par with:--भर्गाद; Adequate to :--বোগাভাগলার ; Having power

sufficient to meet or perform.

Equalisation, e-kwal-i-záshun, n. मभीकव्य ; भूग । शांचि ; The state of being equalised.

Equaliso, e'kwal-iz, v. t. সমতুল-क ; नयान-क ; To make equal. n=equalisation.

Equality, e-kwali-ti, n. সমভাব ; তুলাতা ; সমভা ; The state of being equal; likeness, sameness.

Equanimity, E-kwa-nimi-ti, n. [L. aequus, equal, and animus, the mind) মনের সমভাব ; মনের [130]; Evenness of temper. Syn :- Calmness, composure.

Equation, E-kwfishun, n. স্মীকরণ; পড়করণ; In algebra, the expression of the same quality or value in different terms.

Equator, E-kwator, #. निवक्तु ; विवृत्तवर्थ ; A great circle equally distant from the two poles. a = equatorial.

Equery, ekwe-ri, Equerry, ek-wer'i, n. [Low L. scuria, a stable] অবশাদাধাক; An officer having the charge of horses

Equestrian, e-kweitri-an, a. [ L. eques, a horseman ] जनमञ्जीत ; अशानक ; जनगनामिण्य ; Relating to horse or horsemanship; riding on horseback; skilled in horsemanship:--n. चरारवाही ; रवास्टरनावाद ; A horseman ; a rider.

Equiangular, e-kwi-ang'u-lar, a. नगरकान; नगरकानविनिष्टे : Having equal angles.

Equidistant, E-kwi-distant, a সমপুর ; कुनाक्ति শমপুরবৃত্তী , Equally distant. ad=equidistantly. Equilatoral, e-kwi-later-al, a. नम्बूच ; नमराष्ट्र ; Having all the sides equal.

Equilibrate, E-kwi-librat, v. f. नम्लान-क : To balance two scales equally. n=equilibration.

Equilibrium, E-kwi-libri-um, n. [ L. aeguus, equal, and libra, a balance ] সমপরিমিতি : তুলা-ভাৰ; Equality of weight or force; level position :--ভার বা বলের সমতা ; সাম্যাবছা ; Equipoise.

Equimultiple, E-kwi-multi-pl, s. সমঙ্গিতক; Multiplied by the same number or quantity :-n. সমগুণিতক সংখ্যা ; A number multiplied by the same number or quantity.

Equine, Ekwin, Equinal, e-kwinal, a. 41-

সম্মীয় , Pertaining to a horse.

Equinoctial, e-kwi-nok-shal, a. विन्तीय ; विन्तकान শংকীর; Pertaining to the time of the equinox:-n. বিব্ৰ ; শুক্তছ নিয়কবৃত্ত ; A great circle in the heavens corresponding to the equator of the earth; the celestial equator.

Equinoctially, e-kwi-nokshal-i, ad. दिश्शिक-

मृत्य ; In the direction of the equinox.

Equinox, &kwi-noks, n. [ I. acquas, equal, nox, noctis, night ] (य कांत्र विवादाणि मनान हर : विक्वरतथा ও अप्रन मक्टनत्र मस्यांत्र छान ; Time of equal night and day; 21st March and 23rd September.

Autumnal equinox-इदिश्ह।

Vernal equinox. -- विक्श्रम :

Epuip, c kwip', v. t. [Fr. e'quiper, to attire] সজ্জিত হ ; প্রস্তুত-ক ; To supply with what is necessary to efficient action-said esp., of ships or troops; dress or fit out; to prepare; to qualify. Syn:-Furnish, provide, arm, accoutre ; array, dress.

Equipage, ekw'i-paj, n. जोच : मब्बा : प्रमुहदर्ग : Equipment; accoutrements retinue, crew:-ৰণপোত বা সেনাদলের সরঞ্জান; The furniture of an aimed ship or of an army. Syn :-- Accoutrements, apparatus, baggage, effects; carriage, vehicle : attendance, retinue, train.

Equipaged, ekwi-paid, a. বীতিমত সঞ্জিত বা ष्यपुरुवर्त शविवृत्र ; Furnished with an equipage.

Equipment, n. সাজ; সজা; উপকবণ; Accourrement; equipage; the state of being equipped. Equipoise, c'kwi-poiz, n. ভারের সমতা, তুলাদভেত্ব मामाकाव : Even balance :- पूजा ভाব : ममधक्य : Equality of weight; equilibrium.

Equipollent, E-kwi-polent, a. [ I., aequus, equal, and polleo to be able ] मभवन ; मभक्ना ; In equal power or force; equivalent, n= equipollence.

Equiponderant, E-kwi-ponder-ant, a. [ L. aequus, equal, pondus, ponderis, weight ] नदwie . Equal in weight. n=equiponderance.

Equiponderate, e-kwi-ponder-at, v. i. नवकाव-F: To be equal in weight, to balance.

Equitable, ekwi-ta-bl, a. ভারপর ; বথার্ব ; পক্ষণাত-পুর ; অপকণাতী ; Fair ; right ; just ; reasonable : honest; impartial. n=equitableness. ad= equitably.

Equitation, ekwi-ta-shun, n. [ L. equito, to ride-equus, a horse ] जनारबार्न-कोनन ; The art of riding on horseback.

Equity, ekwi-ti, n. [ L. aequus, equal ] 明刊本

Rapousal, es-powfal, s. क्यार ; जिल्ह ; Act of espousing :- नक्ष्यक्ष ; Adoption :- भी. विवाहकांश : विवाहकृति : Marriage ceremony ; contract of marriage. Syn :- Betrothing ; adoption, defence, support, maintenance. (pl) betrothal, nuptials, promise of marriage.

Espouse, es-powi, v. t. [ I. spondeo, sponsus, to promise solemnly ] विवाह-कृ ; वांत्रशान-कृ ; To affiance ; wed :-- शक्कांवनका-क ; ভाরএইণ বা অবলকন-事; To uphold; to maintain; to support; embrace. n=espouser. \_

Rapy, e:-pi', v. t मूत्र वृष्टि-कृ; वृद स्ट्रेंटिंड स्वयी; मित्रीक्श-इ; हिनिएड शाही; To see things at a distance ; to descry :-- ए. रं. পরিश्रम्ब-क ; To look about. Syn :- Discover, discern, spy, detect, perceive; watch, observe, take notice of.

Kapionage, e-pi-on-Aj, n. [ Fr. espion, a spy ] हब निर्द्रांभ , पृष्ठ निर्द्रांभ ; (पोडा : The system of keeping spics in pay; the employment of spies. Esquire, es-kwii', or eskwir, n. [ L. scutum. a shield । नाइएएत अवस्य भवती : महानम : मर्वाका प्रक हिशाहि : A title of digmty of a gentleman next below a knight; a general title of respect in addressing letters; a title of courtesy.

Essay, e'a. n. [ Gr. ex, out, and ago, to lead ] চেষ্টা; পরীকা; Attempt; experiment: --প্রবন্ধ, बहुना : Written composition :- v. f. (हर्षे-क , পরীকা-ক ; To attempt; assay; endeavour, to make experiment of. Syn:-(n) Endeavour, effort; exertion, struggle; tract, dissertation, disquisition, brief discourse.

Esnayist, esa-ist, Essayer, es-saer, n. 2144 লেখক ; A writer of essays.

Essence, esens, n. [ L. as, to be, Sans. as, to be ] অধিত : সভা ; উপাদান ; A being ; constituent; qualities of a thing:-- সার; সারভাগ; The extracted and refined virtues of any drug; spirit :-- তুগিনি দ্রব্য ; Perfume ; scent :-- v. f. श्वाभिड क ; To perfume. Syn .--(n) Being, life, entity, substance, essential part; extract, volatile part; odour, perfume, scent.

Essential, es-schahal, a. নারবান; অত্যাবগুক; Necessary to the existence of a thing; indispensable; important; in the highest degree :-विक्तः Purc:-- n. मात्र अमार्थः यून मनाः Something essential or necessary; leading principle n=essentiality. Syn :- (a) Inherent, innate, watal, necessary, requisite; volatile, highly refined, rectified; idiopathic. ad = essentially.

Essential (or Indispensable) to—অভ্যাৰখন ( ना इंश्रेट हर्न ना, बरे छाट्य ) Asolutely necessary to. ( Essential is important in the highest degree Indispensable - impossible to be omitted). Essentiality, cs-sen-shi-ali-ti, F সার্থন্তা ; আবিভক্তা; মুগ্য বা মুগ অংশ; The at v of being essential; first or constituent principles.

Establish, es-tablish, v. t. [ L. sto, to stand ] भूक- इ ; To make stable or firm ; to settle firmly : -विधिवक-कृ; To ordain; enact:--श्राणिछ-कृ; স্থাপন-ক ; To found ; to institute :--পনার-ক ; অভিগ-ক; To set up in business-used reflexively — अपूरमापन-इ : To approve :- निवृक्त- | Etch, ech, v. t. [Gr. ditseu, to corrods by

F; To appoint. Syn: .- Fix, settle, plant, found, institute, constitute, organize, confirm, ratify, sanction, approve, verify, substantiate.

Establishment, es-tablish-ment, त. न्रश्नाम : Act or state of being established; thing established ; settlement :--श्री वावश् ; विविवस साहित ; A permanent organisation :-- वीविका : नविक ; আয় ; বেতৰ ; A style of being, accustomed expense, income, salary :- कार्याम्ब : Permanent place of residence or business :-- वासवाद वास-ঞ্চিত পর্যামিতি; The church established and supported by the state :--pl. अविकात ; बांबा ; ৰেণীবিভাগ; Dominions, possessions of a prince: one of classes or divisions of the people of a country. Syn :- State, position, rank, quality ; property, effects, possessions; freehold, domain. Estate, es-tat, n. [L. sto, stand] অবস্থা; Condition:—পদ Rank:—বিবয়; ভূসপতি; Property; landed property:--বান্ধনৈতিক দল: ব্যব-স্থাপক সভা; An order or class of men in the body politic; legislature; king lords and commons. [ press.

The fourth estate-IN 33; The journalistic Esteem, es-teni, v t. 114 7; Estimate:-विद्युष्टमा-क : Consider, think :-- मचान-क ; अद्या-क ; To respect, to regard with reverence:-युनारान कान-कृ; To value; to set a high value on :- n প্ৰছা, সন্থান; বনুত্ব , Respect; friendship: — वह बुना ; Great regard or value. Syn :- Estimate, appreciate, rate, reckon, value; respect, revere, affect, love, like, admire; consider, Esthetics. deem, imagine, think, account. Esthetic, Esthetics-Same as Æsthetic, Estimable, estim-a-bl, a. माननीव ; मान ; आद्यव ; Respectable; worthy of esteem. ad=estimably. Syn :- Good, excellent, honourable, valuable.

Estimate, eftim-at, v. t. | L. aestimo, aestimatus, to value ] প্ৰন্-কু; মৃল্য নিরপ্ৰ-কু; মৃল্য অৰুমান-কু; Reckon; appraise; calculate; rate :-- n. ११ना ; मूना निक्रभन , (भाष्ठीमूहि हिमाव ; A rough calculation; an approximate judgment as to amount, cost &c. Syn: -(v) Appreciate, appraise; count, calculate, number, compute. Estimate at - যোটামুট হিসাব-ক ; Judge of or fix the value of (something) roughly.

Estimation, es-tim-áshun, n. मृत्रा वित्रवन ; Act of estimating :-- সন্মান ; আছা ; Esteem ; honour regard; favourable opinion. Syn :- Estimate calculation, computation, appraisement, valuation; esteem, honour, regard, consideration.

Estrango, es-tiani, v. t. 有际有-事; (\$\$ (\$\$-事; বেহ হইতে বঞ্চিত-ক : To alienate ; to keep aloof; withdraw. n=estrangement. Syn :- Withdraw withhold; alienate, disaffect, wean, make [ ]; Alienate one from. unfriendly. Estrange (one) from—খৰবিত-কু; বেহতের-

Estuary, estu-ar-i, n. [ 1.. aestuo, aestuare, to boil up ] नयुरक्त वाह वा शास्त्र ; मानव-माना ; ननी वा द्वापन भूभ ; An arm of the sea; a narrow passage as the mouth of a river, where the tide meets the current; inlet, firth.

acid ] किय ह : श्रांक क्षेत्र स्वान- ह : To produce figures or designs on metal, glass &cc., by lines dipped in acid.

Etching, eching, n. বাতৰ পথাৰে চিনাৰৰ বা তং-লাগী; নত্না; The act or art of etching; the impression taken from an etched plate.

Eternal, E-ter'-nal, a. { Gr. aion, a period of time, an age ] বিত্য ; স্বাত্য ; অবস্থ ; অবস্

The Eternal-777; The Almighty.

Eternise, e-ter'niz, ৩. f. চিরছায়ী-ছ, অবস্থ ছ; চিরস্বশীয়-ছ; To make eternal or endless; to perpetuate; immortalise.

Eternity, E-tér'ni-ti, म. निष्णुणं ; श्वकान ; शांव-लोकिक खनवा ; Everlastingness ; the world hereafter ; the state after death.

Etopian, e-te'zhan, a. [Gr. stesios, annual]
সাম্মিক; বাংস্ত্রিক; Periodic; stated; yearly.

Ether, e'ther, n. [Gr. aitho, to light up]
আকাৰ; Element rarer than air and beyond
it .—দাহা আব্যাৰ্গ বিশেষ; Fluid from alcohol:—
ভব্তিম ভাগ; Upper air.

Ethereal, c-the're-al, a. আকাশ্যন : Consisting of ether — বৰ্গায় ; স্থাতন স্থায় : Heavenly ; celestial, spirit like. ad=ethereally. Syn:—Airy, empyreal; rare, subtile, not dense, volatile, light; spiritual, celestial, heavenly.

Ethorealise, c-the re-al-iz, v.t. আকাশে পরিণ্ড-বু, অভান্ত লঘু-ফু; To convert into ether :—স্বসীয়-ফু, ভুডভুল্য-ফু; To render spirit-like.

Ethorise, E-ther-iz, v. t. एक आय-क ; To convert into other ; to stupefy with ether.

Ethic, ethik, Ethical, ethik-al, a. [Gr. ethos, custom] নীতিশাৱসম্বতীয়; নৈতিক; Treating of morality or duty. ad=ethically.

Ethics, ethiks, n. নাডিশাহ্র; নীতিবিজ্ঞান; The science of morals; morality, morals, moral philosophy.

Ethiopian, E-thi-O'pi-an, Ethiopia, E-thiop'ık, a. [Gr. aitho, to burn, and ops, the face]
ইপিয়েপিয়া; Pertaining to Ethiopia:—n. কাৰি.
A native or dialect of Ethiopia.

The Ethiopian will not change his skin-জনাধ: শত থোডোহিশ মলিনছং ন মুক্তি; One will not change his nature.

Ethnio, cthnik, Ethnical, ethnik-al, e. [Gr. ethnos, a notion] স্বাভীয়; Relating to a nation; concerning nations or race:—নাৰায়বালী; পৌত্তিক; Heathen; Pagan—other than Jewish and Christians.

Ethnography, eth-nog'ra-fi, n. [Gr. ethnos, a nation, and grapho, to describe] আতাৰ বিষয়ন, A description of the nations of the earth. neethnographer. aeethnographic.

Ethnology, eth-nolo-ji, n. [Gr. ethnos, a nation, and logos, an account] বাৰ্থাতি-ভখ; বিভিন্ন ৰাতীয় বিভান; The science that treats of the varieties of the human race. swethnological.
\*\*\*\*\*cthnologist, sd=ethnologically.

Etiolate, ই-ti-o-lar, v. t. [ L. stipula, a stalle, stubble ] স্থাবোৰ-মাখিতে যদিক কৰিয়া বা বোবোৰ-পাণৰ বাবা নান-মৃ; To cause to grow pale from want of the light of the sun, or by disease:—
v. i. রোগাদি হেডু বা আলোকাভাবে সান-মৃ; To be blanched or to become pale from disease or absence of light. n=etiolation.

Etiology, E-ti-olo-ji, n. [Gr. aitia, a cause, and logos, an account] পীড়ার নিকান; The science of the causes of disease:—কাৰণ অনুস্থান; কেছু বিজ্ঞান; Investigation of causes.

Etiquette, et-i-ket, n. Fistola; Ceremonial code of polite life; forms of ceremony or decorum.

Etymologist, et-i-moló-jist, n. শব্দের প্রকৃতি-ভব্জ ; শব্দ্ধ অধুসন্ধিংক ; One skilled in Etymology.

Etymology, et-i-molo-ji, n. [Gr. etymon, and logos, an account ] भन ब्राट्गींड कान ; भन-विकान ; नक्त्रण धारुवर्ग Knowledge of word roots ; grammar of inflections. a=etymological. ad=etymologically.

Etymon, eti-mon, n. [Gr. etymos, eteos, true] আদি গাড়; প্রভারহীন প্রকৃতি; মূল লক; Origin; root word.

Eucalyptus, U-kal-ip'tus, n. [Gr. eu, well, kilyptos, folded round] আইলিয়াছ ম্যালেরিয়ানালক চিরুহরিং বুক্ষ বিং।

Eucharist, Uka-rist, n. [Gr. en, well, and charis, grace] বিত্ত প্রাণদান-মান্ত ভোভ; প্রত্ত্ত ভোজ; The sacrament of the Lord's supper; communion. n=eucharistic, eucharistical.

Eulogic, u-lojik, Eulogicai, u-lojik-al, a. প্রশংসাপূর্ব; প্রশংসাময়; Containing eulogy, or praise. ad=eulogically.

Eulogise, U'lo-jiz, v. f. প্রশংসা-ক ; To praise ; to speak or write in praise.

Eulogist, E'lo-jist, n. अन्तर्गकात्री ; One who praises or extols another.

Eulogistic, a. প্রকাষাক্ষর্প: Full of praise. adeulogistically. Syn:—Commendatory, laudatory, encomiastic, panegyrical.

Eulogium, U-lo'ji-um. Eulogy, U'lo-ji. [Gr. eu. well, and logos, a speaking] बन्दमा ; स्वाधि ; Praise ; encomium ; speech in praise. Syn :— Panegyric, praise, applause, laudation.

Eunuch, U'nuk, n. [Gr. eune, a couch, and echo, to have charge of ] ৰপুংসক; থোলা, ককুকী; Castrated man. [of being a eunuch.

Eunuchism, U'nuk-izm, n. ৰপুনেৰছ; The state Eupepsy, U-pep'si, n. [Gr. eu, well, and pepsis, digestion] কৈ পৰিপাৰ; ফ্ৰমীৰ্; Right digestion; opposed to dyspepsia; [ opposed to Dyspepsy ]. a=eupeptic.

Eupeptic, u-peptik, c. ছপৰিপাৰসক্তি-সম্পন্ন; Having good digestion.

Euphemism, u'fem-izm, n. [Gr. eu, well, and pliemi, to speak ] ক্ৰতিকট প্ৰেৰ গৰিবৰ্তে কোমলন্তৰ প্ৰেৰ প্ৰবিষ্ঠ কোমলন্তৰ প্ৰেৰ প্ৰবাৰ কৰাৰ নিষ্ট কাৰা প্ৰযোগ বাবা অ-প্ৰতিক্ব বিষয় প্ৰকাশ; Euphism; a sort of pleasing term employed to express what is disagreeable. a=emphemistic.

Euphonic, u-fohik, a. अविषय ; Agreeable in sound. admeuphoniously.

Ruphonise, u'fon-iz, v. t. 契持者 呵呵-專; 本语。 uya-專; To make cuphonious; to make pleasing to the ear.

Euphony, U'so-ni, n. [Gr. en, well, and phone, sound ] ক্তিমধুর শব্দ: স্থানিট শব্দ; Agreeable sound. a=Euphonic, euphonical, euphonious. Euphrasy, U'sra-zi, n. [Gr. en, well, phren,

the heart ] जड़ा विरुच ; Eyebright.

Buphuism, पांध-izm, n. [Gr. eu, well, phye, growth] नवाज्य वहन कार्य ; कार्यात्र कृष्टिम विश्वज्ञ । Squeamishness of speech; an affection of excessive refinement of language. n=euphuist. a=euphuistic.

Burasian, U-razi-an, म. किश्चिन, A child born of a European parent on the one side, and an Asiatic on the other.

Buroolyden, n. [Gr. eurs, the south-east wind, and klyden, a wave] ভূমৰাসাগৰ প্ৰবেশে প্ৰকৃষান কচিৰা; A tempestuous wind which blows from the south-east on the Mediterranean sea and is very dangerous.

European, U-ro-pe'an, a. ইবুৰোপীয় ; Belonging to Europe :--n. ইবুৰোপৰাদী ; A native or inha-

bitant of Europe.

Eurythmy, U'rith-mi, n. [Gr. en, well, and ehythmos, measured motion] অবের নামলত; মোল ; Just or harmonious proportion or symmetry in anything.

Buthanasia, U-than-fizi-a, Buthanasy, U-thanasis, n. [Gr. eu, well, and thanatos, death] বাছনীয় ও সহজ মহাপ্রশালী; An easy, desirable mode of death.

Evacuate, e-vak-n-at, v t. [L. e, out, and vacue, vacuatus, to empty] খুড-ফু; ধালি-ফু; To throw out the contents of; to discharge:—
ভাগ-ফু; To withdraw from or desert a city, fort &c. n=evacuation. Syn:—Empty; eject, expel, excrete, discharge, void; desert, abandon, leave, forsake, quit, depart from.

Evacuation, e-valiu-áshun, n. মল জাগ; A discharge by stool or other natural means:—
পরিভাগ; পরিভাক্ত বিষয়; Act of quitting or withdrawing from, that which is discharged.

Evacuator, e-vaku-at-or, n. ভাগী; ৰহিতকারী; One who makes void.

Byade, e-vad, v. t. { L. e, out, vado, to go }
কান; পরিহার-ক; To escape artfully; elude; scuffle:—v. i. প্রার্থ-ক; চাড়্রী বেলা; To slip away; to practise artifice for the purpose of eluding. Syn:—Elude, escape, steal away from; avoid, shun, decline, dodge, quibble, equivocate, prevaricate.

Evanescent, ev-an-esent, a. [ L. e, away, and vanesco, to vanish] ক্রত স্থারী; অস্থাইবসান; মূর্লন্ম; অহারী; Fleeting; vanishing. n=evan-escence. ad=evanescently. Syn:—Transient, fugitive, passing, transitory.
Evangel, E-vańjel, n. খুইব শূর্মানু: Good news, Evangelio, E-van-jeńk, Evangelical, a. [Gr. su, well, and anggallo, to bring news] সুসমাচার

সংক্ৰান্ত ; মন্ত্ৰত সমাচাৰাত্ৰণাৰী ; Consonant to the gospel :— ম. পৃষ্টার ধর্মগ্রহলেশক ; One of the writers of the gospel history :— ধর্মগ্রহারক ; One authorised to preach, but not to admister the eucharist ; a preacher without fixed charge. ad=evangelically, r=evangelicalness.

Evangelioism, হ-van-jeli-sizm, Evangelioalism, হ-van-jelik-al-izm, n. শুট্ডপ্রন্ডাব্ল্থী; Evangelical principles.

Evangelise, E-vanjel-iz, v. f. ধর্মোপদেশ প্রচার-কু; To instruct in the gospel to:—v. i. মজন সমাচার প্রচার-কু; পুরধর্ম প্রচার-কু; Preach the gospel. Evangelist, ত-van-jel-ist, n. পুরধ্মিলচারক; A preacher of the gospel; one of the four writers of the gospels.

Evaporable, e-vap'or-abl, e. বাপাকার-ধারণক্ষ;
That may be evaporated or converted into vapour.

vapour.

Evaporate, e-vap'or-āt, v. i. [ L. e, off, vapor, vapour ] বালীভূত-হ; বালাকারে উড়িবা বারমা; উড়িবা-বা; Fly off in steam:—v. t. বালে পরিণত্ত্ব; To convert into steam or gas. Syn:—Disperse, disappear, dissolve; vaporize, exhale

Evaporation, e-vap-or-áshun, স. বাংল পরিণতি, বালাকার ধারণ; Conversion of fluid into vapour; vaporization, exhalation.

Evasion, e-vázhun, n. ছব; চাতুরী; Equivocation; subterfuge; an excuse. Syn.—Shuffling, prevarication, equivocation, excuse, artifice, dodge, pretent, shift, subterfuge.

Evasive, e-vásiv, a. अमतल. इननोयत्र ; एफ्द ; Elusive; not straightforward, shuffling. adevasively. Syn:—Elusive, shuffling, slippery, sophistical, elusory, equivocating

Eve, ev, n. সন্ধাকাল; সাবংকাল; বৈকাল; Evening.
On the eve of—আন , About .— টক পূর্বে, অব্যাবহিত পূর্বে; Just preceding; just or immediately before — উদাত ; উপক্রম; About to (do a thing).

Even, হvn, a সম্মান ; একবিব ; Level, smooth — সম ; সমান্তব ; Uniform ; parallel — বৃশ্ব ; বেড়ি, Not odd ; capable of divisional by 2—said of numbers :— নিরপেক ; Fair ; equitable—said of accounts :— v. t. সমান-ক ; সম্ভন-ক ; To make smooth .—adv. সত্য বটে ; বন্ধ: (তম্মিন, সম্মান-ভাবে ; এমন কি ; ভদ্মুলপই ; এমনই বে ; ভ্যাপি ; বাধ্বিকই ; Not only so, but also ; indeed ; still ; equally. Syn:—(a) Smooth, plain, flat, not rough, horizontal ; calm, equable, unruffled, undisturbed ; not odd. ad=evenly. n=evenness.

Be even with one—প্রতিশোধ নওয়া; লোধ নওয়া; Retaliate; give one tit for tat:—স্থান স্থান-হ; Be on a par or level with one, not to fall below one.

Evon-handed, Evn-handed, a. আপক্ষপাতী; নিরপেক; স্থারপর; Fair; impartial, just.

Even-minded, हर्णत-minded, a. द्वित ; जहक्त ; दित-यना ; Equable ; equanimous ; calm. [ evening. Even-tide, हर्णा tid, अ. नक्षांवान ; The time of Evening, evining, अ. नाहाकान ; नक्षांवान ; The close of day:—जीवरनव (चंपकांत्र); The declining period of life. [ ment given in the evening. Evening-party—नक्षांवालन (कांक्; EntertainEvent, e-vent, n. [L. e, out, and vento, to come] पहेन।; Any incident or occurrence: — पन। । भविषाम ; Result; end. Syn:—Adventure, occurrence; circumstance, affair; termination, consequence, conclusion, end. issue, result. effect.

At all events—বাহাই বঢ়ক না কেন; Whatever happens:—(আর কিছু না হউক) অন্ততঃ; নৰ্মতঃ; At any rate, at least.

By the event of—(কোন কিছুর) ফলে; By the ln the event of.—কিছু বটনে, In case of.

Eventful, e-ventiul, a. पहेनापूर्व ; पहेनाबह ; Full of, or distinguished for events ; momentous.

Eventual, e-ventū-al, কাৰ্যসভূত; শেবৰ, শেব, ভূডাৰ, Happening as a consequence or result; consequential, final.

Eventually, ad. অবংশন ; Finally, at length. Eventuate, v. t. সমাধ-হ ; To issue, as a consequence or event ; terminate.

Ever, ever, adv. কখন; সর্বাণা; ক্রমাণত; ক্লাচিং, At any time; always; in any degree; without end. Syn:—Perpetually, constantly, unceasingly, always, continually, incessantly, forever, eternally.

[ after that.

Ever after বরাবৰ, ভারপার; রোজ; All along Ever and anon- মধ্যে মধ্যে; সময়ে সময়ে; At one time and another; frequently, from time to time.

Evergreen, ever-gren, a দির ছবিং; Always green .-- n চিরছবিং লভা বা উদ্ভিজ; A plant that remains green all the year.

Everlasting, ev-er-lasting, a. নিডা; অনভ .
চিৰস্থায়ী, Findless; perpetual, eternal ——». অনভকাল; নিডাড়া; Eternity, ad=everlastingly, n=
everlastingness. Syn.—Eternal, endless, incessant, interminable, unceasing, undying,
immortal. [Unceasingly, eternally
Evermore, ev-er-mor', adv স্ভড; নিডা, স্কলা,

Evermore, ev-ér-mor', adv স্তত ; নিতা , সর্কাণ , Ever since—সেই কাল হইডে এ প্ৰান্ত , From the time of, to the present moment ; the whole period from some specified period.

Ever so ৰত ই হউক না কেন, In whatever degree For ever—চিবকানের নিমিত্ত, Eternally; for good. For ever and a day—চিবকান; Everlasting; forever; forgood.

Every, ever-1, a প্রভাক, Each all taken singly. Every day, a. প্রভাক, সাধারণ; Used or fit for every day; common; usual.

Every now and then—সর্বালা; Repeatedly; often. [ মানে; In every place. Everywhere, ever-i-hwar, ad. প্রতিমানে, প্রত্যেক Evict, e-vikt, v t. [ L. evinco, to overcome ] মান্ত্যত-কু; বেগখল-কু; অপক্ত-কু; To dispossess; to expel from.

Eviction, e-vikshun, n. ছাৰচাতি; বেৰণৰ; আইৰাসুনাৰে ছুসপ্তির প্ৰকল্পার; Dispossession by
judicial process; the lawful recovery of lands.
Evidence, evi-dens, n. জনাব; Proof or testimony:—সাজী; A witness:—v.t. ছালাই-ফু; প্রবাধফু; To render evident or clear; to prove. Syn:
—(n) Testimony, proof, attestation, affairma-

—(n) Testimony, proof, attestation, affairmation, corroboration, confirmation; witness, eyeand-ear witness,

In evidence— সৰ্বাচি কাহার চক্ষের উপরে বা সক্ষেট্ট Actually present or before others.

Turn king's or queen's evidence—কৰা পাই-বান কভ নিজের দলছ বদলানেস্দিপের দোব বাহিন করিয়া দেববা; Turn informer against one's own accomplices for the sake of a pardon.

Evidential, ev-i-defishal, a. ध्यांनकांत्री; Furnishing evidence; tending to prove ad = evidentially. [新代: Visibly, plainly. Evidently, cvi-dent-ly, ad. अडाचकरण ; शतिकाद-Evil, e'vi, a. मन ; अन् ; Bad ; wicked --- एउ-ভাগা , ছভাগা ; Unhappy ; unfortunate :--ad. মন্দরণে ; ছুড়াগ্যক্রমে ; In an evil manner , badly : —ল অনির, ক্তি; Mischief; harm —করতা; অপকৃষ্টতা; পাপ; Wickedness; sin; depravity: –ছংখ, Calamity:–পীড়া; Disease. Syn:– (a) Bad, ill, worthless; deleretious, pernicious, injurious, destructive; corrupt, wicked, sinful, perverse, wrong, vicious; calamitous, adverse, unfortunate. (n) Harm, calamity, misfortune: guilt, sinfulness; wrong, injury.

Evil affected, a Not kindly disposed.

Evildoer, হ'vl-doo-er, n. ক্ৰমী; অপকাৰক; One who does evil; a cuminal.

Evil-eye, E'vl-i, n. कृष्ट ; हिःमा ; A supposed power of fascinating, injuring by the eye.

Evil-favoured, e'vl-favourd, a. क्यांकाव ; क्क्रन ; Ugly, deformed. [ crous ; wicked.

Evilminded, F'vl-minded, a. ৰেখী; ছুই; Mali-Evil-speaking, E'vl-speking, n. প্ৰনিশা; কুংসা, অপবাদ; Slander, defamation.

Evil worker, e'vl-wurker, n. ক্ৰম্কানী; কভি-কারক, অপকাৰক; One who works or does evil; wrong-doer.

In an evil hour—কুমনে; In an unfortunate moment (used to indicate ill-success in any undertaking or some unfortunate occurrence).
King's evil—গ্ৰহণ ; গ্ৰহণ্যা, Scrofula.

One evil genius— যত বাটো (The source of all evil to one — মুট সবৰতী, One who incites to evil deeds by evil counsel.

The evil eye—डाइटन पृष्टि; जूनका; Malign influence (supposed to exist in the glance of certain persons).

The evil one-সম্ভান : The devil.

With an evil eye—वेशाव महिङ ; Enviously.

Evince, e-vins, v. t. [L. e, intensive, and vince, to overcome] সম্মাণ-ক: পাইনপে দেখাৰ;
To make evident; to show clearly. Syn:—
Manifest, show, evidence, exhibit, establish.

Evincible, e-vinsi-bl, a. धनाननाथ ; धनानतात्रा ; Capable of being made evident ; demonstrable. ad=evincibly.

Evincive, e-vinśiv, e. अवाषकाती ; न्यहेश्यर्ग ; Tending to evince ; demonstrative.

Eviscerate, e-viser-at, v.t. [L.e, out, and viscera, the bowels ] नाफ़ी कुँगी वाहित-कृ; To take out the bowels; disembowel. n=evisceration.

Evoke, e-र्फार, v. f. [L. e, out, and vece, to call] वारिय-इ; चांशाय-इ; To call out; to summon forth.

Byolution, ev-o-lushun, ন. বিৰ্থন; প্ৰকাশ; প্ৰাই; Unfolding; developement:—নৈত্যে শ্ৰেণ বিভাগ; ক্ষবিকাশ নত; Military manœuvre; the theory which maintains that the first created animals contained the germs of all furture, possible successors:—ন্নাক্ৰণ; In arith. and alg. the extraction of roots. a=evolutionary.

Evolutionist, ev-o-lu'shun-ist, #. বিবৰ্জনৰানী; One who holds the doctrine evolution :—সেনা-বিস্তাস-কুশল ব্যক্তি; One skilled in military move-

ments.

Evolve, e-volv, v. t. [ L. e, out, volvo, to roll ] ধ্ৰেল কু; ব্যক্ত-কু; Open out, unfold; to develop; to unravel:—v. ঃ প্ৰকালিত-», To become open, disclosed or developed. Syn:—Disclose, develop, unfold, expand.

Evulsion, e-vulshun, n. [L. e, out, and vello, vulsus, to pluck] সংজ্ঞারে ছিন্ত করণ; A plucking

out by force.

**Ewo**, ঢ, n. বেবী ; ভেড়ী ; A female sheep.

Ewer, U'er, n. [ L. aqua, water ] স্বপাত্রবিশেষ , পাড় ; Water pitcher.

Exacerbate, egz-afér-bat, v. t. [L. ex, and ecerbus, bitter] ভিজ-ফু; উত্তেজিত-ফু; বিয়ন্ত-ফু; বিয়ন্ত

Exacerbation, egz-as-ér-báshun, Exacerbesconce, egz-as-ér-bes-ens, n. ধ্ৰেণা-বৃদ্ধি; শীড়াৰ প্ৰামুভাৰ, Increase of irritation or violence, esp. the increase of a fever or disease.

Bract, egz-akt, a.[L. ex, out, and ago, to drive, to do] ঠিক, অকৃত, Precise — সাবধান, Careful :—
নিছাৰিত সম্বান্দারী; নিচমিত সময়ে আগগুক বা কাৰ্য্যক ; নিঘমিত; Punctual — প্রমাণদাগা; নিশ্চিত, Certain or demonstrable:—v. t. দাবী-ক, জারিফু; বাধ্য-ফু; To extort; to demand of right, to enforce n=exactnesss.

Exaction, egz-akshun, n. বলপুৰ্বাক আদায়; অস্তায় থাৰি; Extortion; unjust demand:—কব; Tilbute; tax. Syn:—Extortion; oppression, rapacity; tribute.

Exactitude, n. 1414; Exactness.

Beautness, ন. ব্ৰাৰ্থা, সভ্যতা; Accuracy, nicety, precision, faultlessness, truth, strictness, regularity, carefulness.

Exaggerate, egz-ajer-āt, v t. [ L. ex, aggero, to heap up ] অসুচিত বৰ্ণনা-কু; অভিবন্ধিত-কু; Amplify; magnify unduly, state too highly. Syn:—Amplify, magnify, enlarge, overstate, overestimate.

Exaggeration, egz-aj-er-áshun, n. অত্যুক্তি; অভিনিক্ত বৰ্ণন ; Hyperbolic representation.

Exaggerative, egz-afér-āt-iv, Exaggeratory, egz-afér-a-tor-i, a. অসুদ্ধিপূৰ্ব; Containing exaggeration or tending to exaggerate.

Bixalt, egz-awlt, v. t. [ L. ex, and altus, high ] অপনো-ড়, বশ কীৰ্তন-ড়; To extol; praise:— উলোপন-ড়, উল্ল-ড়, To elevate; lift up. জ= exaltedness. Sys: -- Esect, elevate, dignify, honour, ennoble; magnify, extol, glorify.

Exeltation, egz-awit-áshun, ম. উডোগ্ৰ; উম্ভান্ ব্যা; Elevation in rank or dignity; high estate. Examination, egz-am-i-náshun, ম. প্রীকা; অসুব্যান; পরিকান; Act of examining; careful search or inquiry; research; inspection; trial. Syn:—Observation, inspection, inquiry, investigation, research, scrutiny, inquisition, interrogation; trial.

Examine, egz-ardin, v. i. [L. examen, the tongue of a balance] পরীকা-ড়; হাম বা জিজালা-ড়; মুস্মান-ড়; To test; to scrutinise; to ask questions; to sift; to search into; try. Syn:—Inspect, observe; scrutinize, explore, search, inquire, investigate, overhaul; interrogate, extechize, put questions to.

Examines, n. প্ৰীকাৰী; One subjected to an examination.

[ examines.

Examiner, egz-amin-er, n. भंतीक्क ; One who Examplar, n. जानर्न ; A pattern ; a model.

Examplary, a. প্রশংসনীয় ; অপুকর্ণীয় ; Worthy of imitation or notice; commendable; conspicuous:—n. আফর্ল ; Pattern.

Example, egz-ampl, n. [ L. ez, out of, and emo, emptus, to take ] আগৰ্ল; ন্যুনা; দৃষ্টান্ত; উপনা; Copy; pattern; model; sample.—স্তৰ্কাৰণ; সভৰ্কাৰা বিষয়; A warning; caution:—পূৰ্বজ্ঞান্ত; ৰক্ষাৰা; A precedent; former instance. Syn:—Specimen, type, model, sample; illustration, instance, precedent, case in point.

Follow one's example—কাষায়ত দুটাত অসুকৰণকৃ; Imitate one as a model. [ stance. For example—দুটাত সরগ; বেমন; বখা; For inMake an example of—এমন করিয়া শান্তি পেতরা বে অত্যে দেখিয়া শিকা গায়; কোন দেখি বাজিকে এমন
কঠোব শান্তি দেওয়া বে অত্যে বেখিয়া গেইরূপ কুকর্ম ইইতে
নিবৃত্ত হয়; Punish as a warning to others; punish an offender severely ( with a view to duterring others).

Set an example—পথ পেধান; Act in a way that would be regarded as a model for imitation, be the first to do a thing; be the first instance.

Exasperate, egz-asper-at, v. t. [ L. ex. intensive, and asparo, to make rough] কুণিত ক; উত্তেজিত-ক; বৃদ্ধিত-ক; To irritate in a high degree; to imbitter; to aggravate. Syn:—Irritate, provoke, inflame, anger, excite, rouse, incense, enrage, embitter.

Exasperation, egz-as-per-áshun, n. वृद्धिना ; क्टेक्व ; (क्वा ; Aggravation ; provocation ; rage ; fury, anger.

Excavate, ekska-vāt, v. f. [ L. ex, out, cavus, hollow] बनन-कृ; श्रम्ब-कृ; Hollow out; dig out, trench, scoop out.

Excavation, eks-ka-váshun, n. बनव ; Act of excavating ; the act of hollowing out :— नर्ष ; नवा ; Hollow ; cavity. [One who excavates. Excavator, eks-ka-vā-tor, n. बनवाती ; बनव ; Excaed, ek-sēd, v. t. [L. ex, beyond, cedo, to go] विश्वय-वृ ; To go beyond the limit or measure of :— (वर्ष-ए) ; To outdo ; surpass :— v. s.

चरिक-इ; To be more :—कांक्शिक्श-चं; To surpass the bounds. Syn :—Surpass, excel, transcend, outstrip, outdo; trespass, transgress.

Exceeding, ek-sed-ing, Exceedingly, ek-sed-ing-li, ad. অধিকরণে; অভিরিক্তরূপে; অভাধিক পরিবাবে; in a very great degree, greatly, very much.

Excel, ek-sel, n.t. [L. ex, out, up, cello, to drive, to urge] শ্ৰেষ্ঠতা লাভ-ক; सीमा अভिक्रम-क; To exceed; to surpass .—v.t. (श्रवे-क; श्रवेणब-क; To be superior. Syn:—Outstrip, outdo, outvio, transcend, eclipse.

Excel in—কোন গুণে বা আগ্লেনীয় বিবরে প্রেঠতা বাকা; Go beyond another in good qualities or laudable deeds.

Excellence, eksel-ens, Excellency, eksel-en-si, n. সদ্ধা ; গুৰ , Worth ; any valuable quality :—সম্বান্ধ পদনী , উচ্চপদাহ ব্যক্তির সম্ভাশ্বন কর্মান্ত ক উপান্ধি বিশেষ : A title of honour, as of governors and ambassadors :—(শ্রহার ; Superiority, pre-eminence. Syn :—Superiority, cininence, excellency, greatness, perfection, goodness, punty.

Excellent, eksel-ent, a. শ্রেষ্ঠ; মুবাৰাব; উপযুক্ত; প্রাকৃত্ব, Superior, valuable, worthly, consummate, distinguished; transcended. ad=excellently. Syn—Choise, prime, valuable; select, exquisite, transcendent, remarkable, distinguished, noted, famous.

Except, ek-sept, v. t. [ I. ex, out, and capto, to take ] ডাগ-কু; বৰ্জন কু; To exclude; reject, le we out:—v ৷ জাপত্তিকু, To object —prep বাতীত, তড়িম, কিন্তু, Excepting, but; without—conj. যদি না, Unless, if not.

Excepting, ck-septing, prep. aisstate, aiss. With exception of, excluding; except.

Exception, ek-sep'shun, n. ৰৰ্জন, Exclusion;
—মাণন্তি, ৰণবাধ, Objection, offence

An exception to a rulo—সাধাৰণের নিশ্মের অন্তর্গত নতে, নিয়ম চাড়া, A person or thing not uncluded in a general rule or description.

Exceptions prove the rule—The very fact of exceptions prove there must be a rule.

Open to exception—খাগতি বোগা; Liable to objections.

Take an exception to—আপত্তি কৰা; Object Take exception to—গোৰ ৰবা; Find fault with:—আপত্তি-কু - Raise objection against.

Exceptionable, ek-sep'shun-a-bl, a. वर्कनीत, बालीसरपाना, Objectionable; undestrable.

Exceptional, ex-sep'shun-al, a. (1994, 1971-1974); Forming an exceptions; eminently superior; peculiar. Sym:—Irregular, abnormal, unusual; anomalous, rare, single, solitary.

Exceptive, ek-septiv a. बिराव , क्यांबादव ; विक्छ ; Including, forming or being an exception.

Exceptor, ek-septor, n. আগন্তিকারী; আগন্তি-ধারক, বর্জক; One who excepts or objects.

Excerpt, ek-serpt, n. [ L. ex. out, and carpo, to pick ] উত্তত বাৰ্য; সংগ্ৰহ, An extract :—v ঃ.
সংগ্ৰহ-ৰু; To make extracts from, or an extract of. Syn:—(v) Select, cite from, cull, quote from, take from,

Excess, ek-ses, n. আহিলবা; বাহলা; Superfluity; exuberance:—অনিভাচাই; Intemperance.
Syn:—Increase, superabundance, superfluity;
surplus, overplus, remained; extravagance,
intemperance, dissipation.

Excessive, ek-seśiv, a. অধিক ; অভিশন ; অভি-বিজ্ঞ ; অপরিমিত ; Extreme ; vehement ; exceeding ; violent. n= excessiveness. Syn:—Superabundant, superfluous, exuberant ; extravagant, unreasonable, enormous, immoderate, violent, extreme, vehement.

Exchange, eks-chānj, ए. t. विनिया- इ ; वर्ग- इ द्वार । To barter ; to interchange , to give and take ; to commute :— ए. t. To pass in exchange:— n विनिया ; Barter , interchange .— वाणिया होत्र ; Place where merchants meet. Syn:—(v) Change, truck, swap. trade. (n) Dealing, trade, traffic, interchange, reciprocity, bourse.

Exchange-broker-- गानान , One who negotiates foreign bills for merchants.

Exchange for—একটা দিয়া আর একটা প্রহণ-তৃ: Give up (one thing) in order to have (another). In exchange—ি সময়ে, তাছনিয়নে, In return.

Exchangeable, ck.-chānja-bl, a. থিনিম্ব-বোপ্য ; Capable of being exchanged. n=exchangeability.

Exchanger, eks-chānjer, n. বিনিমর-কারক ; গোন্ধার ; A money-changer, a banker.

Exchequer, eks-chever, n. বাজকোষাগাব; আদা-লত; The English treasury; an English court = —v. t. উচ্চ আদাৰতে অভিযোগ-ক; To proceed against a person in the court of exchequer.

Excisable, ek-siza-bl, a. ওক নিধাৰণ-বোগ্য; Liable or subject to excise.

Excise, ek-si/, n. দেশেৰ মধ্যে বাৰ্ছাৰ্যা দ্ৰব্যের উপন্থ মাজুৰ, শুক্ত, An inland tax on consumption : v t. শুক্ত ধাৰ্য্য-কৃ, To lay or impose excise duty. Exciseman, ek-si2man, n মাজুৰ-সংগ্রহকারী; An officer charged with collecting the excise.

Excision, ek-sizhun, n. [ L c., out, caedo, to cut ] विनाम : टक्सन : विकास , Extupation , destruction , excommunication

Excitable, ek-sita-bl, a. উত্তেখন্য , উত্তেখন্য ; Capable of being excited. Syn —Sensitive, susceptible, impressive; irritable, passionate, hasty, hot-tempered, violent.

Excitent, ek-sitant, n. Cosso; Stimulant.

Excitation, eksit-ashun, n. উত্তৰনা; Act of exciting.

Excitative, ek-sita-tiv. Excitatory, ek-sitator-ı, a. ওত্তেক; Tending to excite; containing excitement.

Excite, ek-sit, v. t. উত্তেখিত-কু; উদীপিত-কু; To rouse; to irritate; to stir up. n=excitation, exciter. Syn:—Incite, awaken, animate, arouse, stimulate, inflame, kindle, raise, create, disturb, agitate, discompose, provoke.

Excitement, ek-sitment, n. উত্তেজনা, আপোলন ; উংসাহ, উজীপক; Agitation; stimulation, that which excites. Syn —Agitation, perturbation, commotion, irritation, warmth, passion; stimulus, incitement, motive, Exclaim, eks-klam, v. i. [ L. ex, out, clamo, to shout ] চীংকার-ড়; উচ্চ শব-ড়; To make an outcry; to shout. Syn:—Vociferate, declare, speak aloud, utter earnestly.

Exclamation, eks-kla-mashun, n. চীংৰাৰ ; উচ্চ শব্দ, Outcry; clamour; vociferation :—ছায় হায়; Interjection :—চিছ্ বিশেষ; Mark thus (!). a= exclamative, exclamatory.

Exclamatory, eks-klama-tor-i, a. হর্ণবিস্থাদি-ভাব-বালক; Containing or expressing exclamation.

Exclude, eks-klood, v. f. [L. ex, out, and claudo, to shut] বৰ্জন-কু; বাদ-দে, বাধা-দে, To thrust out, eject, except. Syn:—Extrude; expel, bar, debar, prohibit, withhold, except.

Bxclude from—কোন বাঞ্চিত বিষৰ ছইতে বজিত-কু,
Not allow one to participate in something desired or desirable.

Bxclusion, eks-kloo'zhun, দ. বর্জন; বহিদ্দেশ . A shutting or putting out; exception, ejection. To the exclusion of—বর্জিত-কু; বাদ দিয়া. বাহিরে রাখিয়া, অন্তর্ভুক্ত না করিয়া; Excluding.

Exclusionary, eks-kloo'zhun-a-ri, a. বৰ্জন-প্ৰব, Tending to exclude.

Exclusionist, eks-kloo'zhun-ist, Exclusioner, eks-kloo'zhun-er, a. বে বাজি অপরকে কোন অধিকার ২ইতে বজিত করিতে চাহে, অপরকে অধিকারচাত্ত-কারক, One who excludes or would exclude another from a privilege.

Exclusive, eks-kiōu'sıv, a. বৰ্জনকারী; বৰ্জক, Able or tending to exclude; debarring — কেবল; Sole — অনুদাব; liliberal:—n. যে বাহ্নি বায় নদাক হৈতে অন্তকে বৰ্জিত কৰে; One who excludes others from society or fellowship. adeexclusively, n=exclusiveness. Syn—(a) Excluding, debarring, excepting, not including; sole, special, only, narrow, selfish, limited to a class.

Exclusive of — হিনাবের বাহিবে: Not taking into the account. [practices. Exclusivism, n. Exclusive principles or Excogitate, eks-koji-tহk, v.t. [L. e., out, and eogite, to think] চিন্তা কৰিয়া আবিহাৰ-ক, উমুবিক-ক, To think out, find out by uninking Excogitation, eks-koji-tহkhun, n. উ৯.বন, স্বাভার চিন্তা; আবিহাৰ, Invention; contrivance Excommunicate, eks-kom-uni-tekt, v.t. ন্যাজ্ন ক, শুমাধিকার ইইতে বণিজ-ক, Shut out or eject from a church, expel from fellowship, deprive of church privileges. n=excommunication.

Excoriate, eks-kö'ri-at, v. f. [ L. ex, and corrum, skin ] চর্ম উম্মোচন-কু; To strip the skin from; abrade. Syn:—Flay, skin, gall.

Excrement, ekskre-ment, n. [L. excretus, to separate ] বিষ্ঠা; মল, গোৰৱ; Uscless matter discharged from the animal system; dung. a= excremental.

Excrementitious, eks-kre-men-tishus, a. মৃদ্-ভাগন্দিল, বিভাময় ; Voidable.

Excrescence, eks-kresens, n. [L. ex, out, and cresco, to grow ] wishing nithing; with the contraction of the

কড়া; That which grows unnaturally; a wart or tumour. a=excrescent. Syn:—Swelling, tumour, wart; prominence, lump, knob. [fluous. Excrescent, eks-kresent, a. অতিরিক্ত; Super-Excrete, eks-kres, v. t. [ L. ex, from, and cerno, cretus, to separate] মলত্যাগ-কু; নি:ক্ত-কু, To discharge; to eject.

Excretion, eks-krc'shun, n. মণ্ডাগ ; Ejection of animal substance : that which is ejected.

Excretive, eks-kie'tiv, a. মলত্যাগৰাৰী; মল-নিঃসাৰক; Able to excrete.

Excretory, eks-krc'tor-i, a. মলজানী; Having the quality of excreting .—n. মলমূজ নিঃসায়ক প্রণানী; মলমূজ-প্রবাহিক]; A duct for transmitting excreted matter.

Excruciating, a. বস্থাদায়ক; অস্থ; Tormenting. [ Vexation.

Excruciation, n. বন্ধপা; Torture:—বিরঞ্জি; Exculpate, eks-kulpat, v. t. [L. ex, from, culpa, a fault] পোৰ হইতে মুক্ত-কু; পোৰকালন-কু; To absolve; to exonerate; to vindicate, to acquit. n=exculpation (পোৰ হইতে মুক্তি)।

Exculpatory, eks-kulpa-ter-i, a. দোৰমুক্কারী; দোৰমোণক, Freeing from the charge of fault or crime; excusing.

Excursion, ck--kur'shun, n. [ L. ex, out, and curro, cursum, to run] আনুব্রিক কথা, অপ্রাস্থিক বিষয়েব স্থালোচনা; Digression:—ক্রমণ, বহিপ্সন; প্রেটন; Ramble; pleasure; trip, tour, an expedition. Syn:—Journey, jaunt, pilgrimage, expedition, digression, episode, excursus.

Excursionist, cks-kur'shun-ist, n. আমোৰার্থ ভুগৰক(ব) বা প্রাইক: Holiday traveller.

Exoursive, eks-kur'siv, a जमकात्री, जमभीभ ; Rambling, wandering n=excursiveness. ad= excursively. Syn —Wandering, rambling, roving, roaming; digressive, diffusive.

Excursus, eks-kur'sus, n. পরিশিষ্টাকারে সংবোজিত কোন প্রধান বিশবের প্রবন্ধ . A dissertation on some important point appended to a work.

Excusable, a ক্ষাৰ্চ ; ক্ষ্যাপ্ৰাৰ্থী ; খোচনীয় , Pardonable : apologencal.

Excusatory, eks-kūźa-tor-1, a. क्यापूर्व ; Ma-king or containing excuse ; apologetical. Syn:
--Pardonable, vental, not heinous, justifiable.

Excuse, cks-kū², v. t. [L. ex, from, causor, to plead] বিদ্যোগী-কৃ; দোবারোপ ইউতে মুক্ত-কৃ; To exculpate; absolve:—ক্ষা-কৃ; To pardon, as a fault.—ক্ষমা প্রার্থনা-কৃ; To ask pardon or indulgence for:—উপেকা-কৃ, Overlook:—বা আগ্রাক্ত, Not to exact:—n. ক্ষমা; Act of excusing:—ছল, ওজন; A plea offered in extenuation of a fault:—ক্ষা-প্রার্থনা; Apology. Syn:—(v) Exculpate, absolve, pardon, forgive; justify, vindicate, extenuate, palliate; exempt, let off; overlook, regard indulgently. (n) Apology; alleviation, mitigation, palliation, extenuation. Execrable, ekšē-kra-bl, a. স্পিড; ক্ষম্ভ; মুণ্য;

Detestable, accursed Syn—Hateful, detestable, abominable, accursed, damnable, loathsome ad=execrably

Execrate, ekse-krāt, v t [ L ex, from, sacer sacred ] আভিশাপ-দে, অতাত্ম খূৰ্ণা-কু Curse, denounce cvil against, abominate, imprecute evil on, detest, lorthe.

Execration, cks kráshun, প. অভিশাপ সুণা, অভিশাপ হাদান, Malediction, detestation, a curse pronounced

Execute, cksc-kilt, et [I. ex, out and seasor to follow] বাৰ্ব্যে পরিশ্ত-র, lo carry into effect to complete — নিকাই য়, সম্পাদন ক. সম্পন্ন ক. বিত্যে to ful fil — আইনাসনারে প্রাণ্ড ক To put to de ith by Law,—To render valid, as by signing and sealing — v s. কার্য-ক Io perform an office or duty n=executor Syn — Accomple hachieve, consumm ite, terminate, complete, finish, perfect, do transact, hang behend

Execution, eks-e-ku'shun n নিৰ্কাহ সম্পাদন সংসাধন Performance accomplishment, completion—প্ৰাণ্যত Captal juni hment—বিধি সম্ভূজাদন A legal warrant or order—প্ৰাণ-নাশের আ্লেণ পদ The warrant for so doing Syn—Fffect, werkmanship, accomplishment, completion

Executioner, exs-e kū'shun-ëi, n छन्। भारत Ahing man

Executive, eg. আ tiv a কাৰ্যাকংগৰ কৰিব্য Having the quality of executing or putting the laws in execution — n শাসনকহা শাসনক শাসনি চানক, The governing person or body al—executively

Exocutory, er েট terra ক্ষতা প্ৰাণ্যাৰী Brown or exceem, authorty, performer official duties —কাংব বি বাং নিৰণেক, সম্পান নীয় Designed to be curred into citics

Exogosis, eks-e it sign of (or er out, and hegiomize to guide ) नावा वा ाणांकियां वश्च सामा देखांभिक सांगा मिश्रामाताल, the art is science of interpretation, scientific interpretation of the Scriptures.

Exogetic, eks e-jetik Fregetical, eks ejetik il, n बाधानुकक, Pertuining to exegesis, explanatory ad=exegetically

Exemplar, egr cmplar, n আ্পর্ল, A pattern to be copied or imitated, the ideal model of an artist, model, pattern.

Exemplary, egiem plant, a অমুকরণীয় পার শীর, সভর্ববাধী উদাহরণ-প্রদর্শী প্রশাস্ত্র, Worthy of imitation, noticeable, sciving as a warning, illustrating commendable ad=exemplarity

Exemplification, ege em-pli-fi-kashun, अ डिशहरूप, अञ्चित्रि, A copy, a transcript

Exemplify, cgr cmpli-fi, v f উদাহৰণ ছারা বিশ্ব বু, To illustrate by in example — নকল কু To copy — आर्थ-कृ, To prove by an attested copy n=exemplification

Exempt, egz-emt, v t [L ex, out, and emo, to take, to buy] 其要事, 其優 (wext), To free or grant immunity from, to rel and — a 其事; 其衙門司, Released, liberated free from

Exempt (one) from—বাহা দৰ্শক বৰিতে হয়,
এমৰ কোৰ বিষয় "ইতে অব্যাহতি দেশা, Grant one
immunity from somthing to which others are
liable [hable to, be free from.
Bo exempt from—বুকু বা ব্যুভ্ডত, Be not

Exemption, egz emishun, n sim ra'sa, sassistis, Ficedom from any service duty &c., immunity. Syn —Privilege, ficedom, dispensation

Exequies, ek'e-kwir n pl [L ex, out and sequer to follow ] भवगाळिक मन , आसाकिता, A funeral procession, the ceremonies of burial Exercise, ekser siz, o t निरुक्त कृ , क'र्र्सा श्रासाध-কু, To employ -- শিক্ষা-দে, খাসন-কু, To train by use, to discipline - अशाम-क To practise, to improve by practice --ব্যবহার-জু; প্রযোগ-জু; To use - क्रम-ति , To afflict - ए : अक्षि व वावक 5-ए , To take exercise -n. वावहात , किनाम , Exertion, use, practice - ntb, A lesson, a task —ব্যাশ্য -- Hygenic activity -- প্ৰীক্ষা . A tual - अप्रशासन , Exertion for the sake of training or improvement -- मन्त्र पन, Performance Syn -(1) Excit apply, busy, engage, practise trun drill, enure, discipline cultivate, pursue tack, try afflict (n) I'se appliance, application enjoyment, practice exertion, labour toil work effort, trial training discipline,

Exertion, (gree'-hun n एको पेरमान छेनाम, एक Liftert attempt endeavour Syn — I rial, -ti iggle, labour tail strain, stremh

Exfoliate, c'e ic ii-বা া [L ex off folsum, a le ii] ছ ল বা আংশ তোলা আইনের আকাবে কুলিয়া আসা To come off in scales, to scale off n=exfoliation

Exhalation, egz-hal-fishun n বান্ধ নিৰ্মিষ্ণ; বান্ধ বান্ধ পরিভিক্তর his aparation, vapour; stram fume গ্লা — Etflusium, inist damp, Exhale, egz-half v t [ L er out, halo, halatus, to breathe ] বান্ধ নিৰ্গত্ত ক, বান্ধ নিৰ্গত্ত ক, বিল্যা বান্ধত্ত ক, বান্ধবিভ্তত্ত্ব, তি emit or send out, as vapour, to evaporate — v.: বান্ধব্য ছবিত্ত-হ, Io rise of be given off, as sapour Syn — Breathe out, discharge, eject, evaporate

Exhaust, cg2-hawst, v t [L ex, out, and liourio, to diaw] শেষ ফু, নিংশোষিত-ফু, ফান্ড-ফু, ক্মান্ড-ফু, To drain, to wear or tire out, to consume —নিযুক্ত-ফু, To employ —বায়-ফু, To spend —a ক্লান্ড, ব্যক্তি, Diained, exhausted.

Syn:—Void, strain, dry, empty; weaken, weary, enfeeble, debilitate, fatigue, tire; spend, waste, squander, dissipate, consume.

Exhausted, egz-hawsted, a. নিংশেষিত ; করপ্রান্ত ; ব্যৱিত ; ক্লান্ত ; Emptied ; consumed ; tired out. Exhaustible, egz-hawsti-pl, a. ক্য়ণীল ; That

may be exhausted.
Exhaustion, egz-hawstyun, n. কব; অবসাধ.
বিরতিকর সান্তি; State of being exhausted, extreme fatigue. Syn:—Lassitude, weariness, feebleness, exervation.

Bxhaustive, egz-haws'-iv, n. त्रांडियनक; जन्म : Tending to exhaust; complete; thorough. Bxhaustless, egz-haustles, a. जनम, That cannot be exhausted.

Exhibit, egz-hibit, v.t. [L.ex, out, habeo, habitus, to have or hold] ধাৰ্ণনাক; প্ৰকাশ-কৃ. To show; to display. n=Exhibiter, exhibitor. Syn:
—Show, display, present, expose, spread out, parade; manifest, express, disclose; offer, present, administer.

Exhibition, eks-hi-bishun, n. প্ৰকাশ; প্ৰকাশ; প্ৰকাশ ; Display —প্ৰকাশ ; A public show of works or arts :—ছাজবুত্তি , An allowance or bounty to scholars in university. Syn:—Exposition, manifestation, representation, display.

Brhibitioner, eks-h-bishun-er, n. ब्रिट्टाभी, One who is maintained at an English university by benefaction. [Exhibiting, showing.

Exhibitori, egz-hubit-or-i, a. প্রকাশক; এদেশক.
Exhilarant, egz-huba-rant, a. আনন্দোত্তেক,
হংগাদীপক, আনন্দোদি?পক; Tending to exhibitrate.
exhilarating:—n. উন্নাসন্দান (ব্যা; That which exhilarates.

Exhilarate, egz-hila-int, v t. [ L. ex, intensive, and hilaris, cheerful ] ইনাসিত-কৃ. তুই-কৃ. সভেকু; To enliver, to cheer, to animate rejoice, elate (Syn:—Gladden, inspirit, animate, rejoice, elate (Exhilarating, egz-hila-rating, a জ্বানস্কর, আনস্করক; Cheering; gladdening, ad—exhilaratingly.

Exhilaration, egz-hil-a-ráshun, n. আনন; থাকুলতা; উত্তেজনা; Joyousness; gladness; ani mation. Syn:—Cheering, animating, cheerfulness, gayety, mirth, gleefulness, liveliness

Exhort, egz-hort, v. t. [ L. ex, intensive, hortor, to urge ] সত্ত্ব-কু; প্ৰাম্ম দেওয়া; উপদেশ-দে, উৎসাহিত কু; অৰ্থ্ডি-কু; Caution, warn, advise, persuade: incite:—v. i. To deliver exhortation. Syn:—Advise, warn, caution, counsel; encourage, inspirit, animate, urge, persuade

Exhortation, eks-hor-táshun, n প্রাম্প ; উৎ-নাছ; উপদেশ ; প্রাণোদন , Counsel; persuasive discourse; encouragement.

Exhortative, egz-horta-tiv, Exhortatory, egz-horta-tor-i, a. উপদেশক; প্রশোধক; Tending to advise. [উডোলন, Disinterment. Exhumation, eks-hū-māshun, n. স্মাণি ছইতে Exhume, eks-hūm, v. i. [L. ex, out of, hu-mus, the ground] কবৰ হইতে বাহিন-ক; সমাণি হইতে উজোলন-ক; To disinter; unbury; dig out, n=skhymation.

Exigence, eksi-jens, Exigency, eksi-jen-si, n. অভ্যাবন্তকতা; অভাব ; স্বাট ; Pressing necessity ; emergence ; urgent need ; distress. Syn:—Demand, urgency, want, requirement; pressing, emergency, crisis, pinch, strait, difficulty. Exigent, eksi-jent, a. [L. ex, out, ago, to derive] অভ্যাবকৰ; Pressing. [Small, slender. Exiguous, eks-ig'u-us, a. কুল; কুল; কুল; ছেমাe, cksil, n. [L ex, out of, and solum, soil, land ] নিৰ্মানৰ; Banishment:—নিৰ্মানিত ব্যক্তি; দেশভাগি; One banished:—v. f. নিৰ্মানিত-কু; To banish from one's country; drive away. Syn:—(n) Expulsion, expatriation, proscription. (v) drive away, expatriate, proscribe.

Exist, egz-ist, v. i. [ L. ex, out, and sisto, to make to stand ] থাকা; বৰ্জ্যালন্ড; জীবিত থাকা; To be; to live. Syn:—Be, subsist, live, have life, breathe; occur, happen; continue, remain, endure.

Existence, egz-istens, n. অভিড; সভা; বাহা আছে; State of being; life:—ঘটনা; Occurrence, as of events:—প্রাণী, ভীব, A being; a creature. Syn:—Entity, animation; actual occurrence, reality, continuance, duration.

Existent, ege-istent, वर्डभाग, कीविड; मलीव; Having existence or being.

Exit, ck-it, n [L. ca, out, and co, itum, to go] নটেৰ প্ৰস্থান, অভিনেতার প্রস্থান, The departure of a player from the stage — প্রস্থান; Any departure — মৃত্যু, Death — বৃহ্যিনবেৰ পথ; প্রস্থান পথ; Way out Syn.—Egress, outlet; departure, withdrawal; death.

Exodus, ekso-dus, n [Gr. ex, out, hodos, a way] এছান, যাত্ৰা; Deputure from a place, especially that of the Israelites from Egypt:— গুটায় ধর্মপুরাণেৰ দ্বিতীয় অধ্যায়; The second book of Moses.

Exodus of Ireland—The departure of the Irish in large numbers for America.

Exogamy, eks-og'am-i. n. [Gr. exo, out, gamos, marriage] জসমবৰ্গ বিৰাহ; ভিন্ত গোৱে বিৰাহপ্ৰশা; The practice of marrying out of the tribe.
Exonerate, egz-oher-at, v. t [ L. ex, from, oneris, burden ] দেয়ে হটতে মুক্ত-কৃ; Absolve; acquit. n=exoneration. a=exonerative. Syn:—Absolve, acquit, exculpate, clear, justify, discharge, release.

Exoneration, egz-or-ér-áshun, n. (कांचकांत्र). The act of exonerating or freeing from a charge or blame.

Exonerative, egz-ohêr-a-tiv, a. দোৰকালক; ভাৰণোধক, Freeing from a bunden or obligation. Exorbitance, egz-or'bi-tans, Exorbitancy, egz-or'bi-tan-si, n. আভিনয়; আধিকা; Enormity; extravagance.

Exoroise, ekśor-siz, v. t. [Gr. ex, out, horkiso, to bind by an oath] ছত থাড়া; Drive away evil spirits. n=exoroiser.

Exorciser, eksor-siz-er, Exorcist, eksor-sist, #. জুড়ের হয়া; One who pretends to cast evil spirits by adjurations.

Exorcism, eksor-sizm, n. ভুত জাড়াইবাৰ ব্য : Act of expelling evil spirits by certain ceremonies. [ing to exordium.

Exordial, egz-or'di-al, a. মুখ্যম-সংক্রান্ত; Pertain Exordium, egz-or'di-um, n. [L. ex, out, and ordior, to begin, to weave ] ভূমিকা; উপক্রমণিকা, মুখ্যম; Opening of a speech. a = exordial Syn:—Preface, introduction, proem, prelude, preamble, prologue.

Exostosis, eks-os-tō'sis, n. [L. ex, out of, and osteon, a bone ] অনিয়মিত আন্থিবি ; গাছের আৰ , An excrescence or morbid enlargement of a bone; a knot formed upon the wood of a tree.

Exoterio, eks-o-ter'ik, Exoterical, eks-oter'ik-al, a. প্রকাষ্ঠ ; বাফ ; সাধারণ সমকে কথানি , Public ; outward ; fit to be communicated to the public—opposed to esoteric. n=exotericism Exotic, egg-otik, Exotical, egg-otik-al, a

Exotic, eg2-otik, Exotical, eg2-otik-al, a [Gr. exo, outward] विरम्ती, विरम्तीत्र ; Coming from abroad. Syn.—Foreign, extraneous, not native.

Exotic, n. विदर्भीय मुखा; किन्न (मनीव डेक्टिंग; Anything of foreign origin; something not native to a country, as a plant.

Expand, cks-pand, v. t. [L ex, out, and pando, pansus, to spread] বিষয়-কু, বিষায়িত-কু, Spread or open out:—বিভাষিত-কে, বিষয়েত কু, Dilate; enlarge:—v. i. বিকশিত-কু, বিষয়ত নি, To become opened; to enlarge. Syn.—Unfold, extent, dilate, widen, stretch, distend, swell, enlarge, increase, diffuse.

Expanse, eks-pans, n. বিস্তান ; বিভাব , A wide extent of space or body :—আকাল; The firmament. Syn:—Extent, extension; firmament, arch of the sky.

Expansible, cks-pansi-bl, a. প্রস্থার; বিভার বেগা; Capable of being spread. n=expansibility. ad=expansibly.

Expansion, ex-pańshun, n. বিবৃতি; অসীমতা , অস্বা ; বিভাষ ; Extent , space ; enlargement ; immensity. Syn :—Spreading unfolding, opening ; dilatation, distension, swelling ; enlargement, increase, diffusion ; extent, expanse.

Expansive, cks-pansiv, a. প্রসাবিত; প্রসাববীয়;
Widely extended; diffusive. n=expansiveness.
Expatiate, eks-pashi-at, v.i. [L. ex, out of, and spatior, to roam] ইত্ততঃ শ্রমণ-ফু; বিত্তারিত শ্রমণ কু; বিত্তারিত শর্মণ কু; বিত্তার

Expatriate, cks-pátri-āt, v. t. [ L. ex, out of, and patria, fatherland ] নিৰ্কাপিড-ক; দেশতাগিক; To banish, to remove oneself from one's native land. Syn:—Expel, exile, proscribe.

Expatriation, cks-pa-tri-ashun, n. निर्काशन; (प्रचेत्रात्त, Exile; the act of forsaking one's country. Expect, eks-pekt, v. t. [L. ex, out. and spects, to look] আনা-ক; প্রতীকা-ক; To wait for; to anticipate; to hope. Syn:—Await, hope, look for, anticipate. n=expectation.

Expectance, eks-pektans, Expectancy, ekspektan-si, n. আলা; প্রত্যালা: প্রতীকা; Hope; prospect of fortune; something expected.

Expectant, eks-pektant, a. আগন); আবাবিত;
Waiting in expectation, that waits for the
efforts of nature — n. অখ্যানী ব্যক্তি; One who is
looking for some benefit.

Expectation, eks-pek-tāshun, n. আলা; ভরসা; জপেকা; প্রতীকা; Hope; anticipation; trust; prospect of good to come Syn — Hope, reliance, confidence; expectancy, prospect.

Expectingly, eks-pekting-li, ad. প্রতীকা করিমা, আশা করিমা; In a state of expectation. Expectorant, eks-pekto-rant, a. স্লেমা নির্গমন-কম; শেষাবর্কক; Tending to promote; to discharge from the lungs or throat:—n. স্লেমা নির্গ-মনকারক উবধ; স্লেমাবর্কক উবধ; A medicine which promotes expectoration.

Expectorate, eks-pekto-rat, v t. [L. ex, and pectoris, the breast] রেখা নির্গত-কু; To spit forth; cough up:—v.i. রেখা নির্গত-হু; To discharge or eject phlegm from the throat. n= Expectoration (রেখা; spittle). Syn:—Cough up, hauk up, spit. [গ্রের ডোলা; Spittle.

Expectoration, cks-pek-to-ráshun, n. ক্লো; Expectorative, eks-pekto-ra-tiv, a. ক্লোব্ৰ-খণবিশিষ্ট; Having the quality of promoting expectoration, expectorant.

Expedience, eks-pc di-ens, Expediency, eks-pc di-en-si, n. উপবোগিতা; উচিত্য; বাছনীয়তা; বাছনীয়তা; বাছনীয়তা; বাছনীয়তা; বাছনীয়তা; হার্থিনাতা; Fitness; propriety; desirableness; self-interest; self-seeking.

Expedient, eks-pe'di-ent, a. [L. expedio, to set free] উপযুক্ত; উপযোগী; যুক্তিযুক্ত; বার্থমাধক; Fit; needful, advi-able; conducive or tending to self interest or selfish ends:—n. উপায়; কৌশল; কার্থাসাধক বিষয়; Means to an end; shift; contrivance; re-ource. Syn:—(n) Shift, resort, resource, substitute, device, scheme. (a) Fit, suitable, proper; advisable, profitable, useful, desirable, convenient. ad=expediently.

Expedite, ek'pe-dit, v. t. [L. ex, out, and pes, pedis, foot] ছয়-কু. ছবাহিত-কু; Hasten; quicken, despatch —a ক্ৰড; কিপ্ৰকাৰী; ডংগৰ; সহন্ন, Quick; prompt; expeditious. Syn:—(v) Hasten, accelerate, forward, advance, hurry forward, presson. ad=expeditely.

Expedition, eks-pc-dishun, n. নীয়তা; কিপ্ৰতা; ব্যা: Speed; haste; effecient promptness:—
সাংদিক কৰ্ম; উদ্যোগ; Enterprise at some distance:— যুদ্ধাতা; যুদ্ধ কৰিবার মানসে অভিযান; A hostile march or voyage; an excursion for a valuable end:— যুদ্ধ বাত্তীগল; অভিযানকামী ব্যক্তিবৰ্গ; A body of persons making such an excursion. Syn — Haste, speed, celerity, hurry; enterprise, undertaking.

Expeditious, eks-pe-dishus, a. সময় তপেয়; থ্ৰিড, Speedy; prompt. Syn:—Prompt, hasty, quick. active, diligent, ready, alert. ad = expeditiously.

Expel, eks-pel, v. t. [L. ex, out, and pello, to banish] দ্ব-কৃ; বহিন্নত-কৃ; নিৰ্বাসিত-কৃ; To banish; drive out; to keep off. Syn:—Eject, exclude, dislodge, banish, expatriate, exile.

Expend, eks-pend, v. t. [L. ex, out, and pendo, pensum, to weight] 司持事; 经过时事; 市港事; Spend; lay out; consume; disburse; waste:—v. t. 司籍事事, To be laid out, used or consumed. Syn:—Disburse, use, employ; exhaust, dissipate, waste.

Expenditure, eks-pendi-tūr, প. ব্যয়: ধ্রচ; ব্যয়িত অর্থ; What is spent; cost; disbursement; expense. Syn:—Cost, charge, outlay

Expense, eks-pense, n. বায়; ম্লা; খরত; Expenditure; price; cost; disbursement; charge At one's expense—কাহারত বাবে; কাহার বিক্জে; At one's cost; against one:—কাহার প্রতি কটাক করিয়া (উপহাস বুঝার); With a view to expose or depreciate one, or hurt one's feelings.

At the expense of-विमर्कन कवित्र!; At the sacrifice of.

Expensive, eks-pensiv, a. বায়শীন: বাবসাধা; মূল্যবান; অপবায়ী: অপরিমিতবায়ী; Costly; lavish. liberal; extravagant. n=expensiveness. ad = expensively. Syn:—Costly, dear, high-priced; lavish, extravagant, wasteful.

Experience, eks-pc'ri-ens, n [L. cx, intensive, and perior, to try] পৰীকা; কভিজতা; বহুদ্শিতা; ভ্রোদশন, Trial; frequent trial of a matter; long practice; wisdom derived from the changes and trials of life:—v. t. অনুভাৰ-কু; To feel:— বহুদ্শন দাবা জাড-হ; Prove or know by use:— সমূক্; Suffer:—বহাদ-কু; To exercise Syn:— (n) Trial, proof, test, practice; endurance, practical wisdom, evidence, testimony. (v) Undergo, feel, suffer, endure, encounter. n experimenter.

To experience religion—গ্ৰীইংগ্ৰে দীকিত-হ; To become a convert to christianity.

Experienced, eks-pc'ri-enst, a. দক্ , বিজ্ঞ , বহু দশী ; Skilful ; wise.

Experiential, eks-pe-ri-chshal, n. ভূমোদনিকাত বা ভংসকোত্ত; Deprived from or pertaining to experience.

Experiment, eks-per'i-ment, n. [L. ex, and perior, to try] পরীকা, অপুনদান; Essay; search, trial:—v. া. পরীকা-ক; তরাপুনদান-ক; Make an experiment or trial, to search by trial. Syn:—(n) Practical test, proof, examination, assay, ordeal, touch-stone.

Experimental, eks-per-i-mental, a. প্ৰীকা মূৰক; প্ৰীকাৰৰ; প্ৰীকাৰায় বিজ্ঞাত; Founded or known by experience; taught by experiment or experience. ad=experimentally.

Experimentalist, eks-per-i-mental-ist, Experimentist, —ist, n. পৰীকক; তদাসুসন্ধিংহ, One who makes experiments.

 or skilled in any art or science; a scientific or professional witness.  $n = \exp$ expertness.  $ad = \exp$ expertly. Syn := (a) Adroit, dexterous, ready, skilful, prompt, facile, quick, handy, clever.

Expiable, eks-pi-a-bl, a. প্রায়ণ্ডিত্ত-বোগা; পালৰ-বোগা; That may be atoned for, or done away; capable of being expiated.

Expiable, eks-pi-a-bl, Expiatory, ekspi-ator-i, n. शाविष्डकांद्री; आविष्डक्य; कांग्यीह; Having the power to make atonement.

Expiate, ekśpi-at, v. t. [L. ex, intensive, and pio, to appease, to atone for] express ; Atone for; to make reparation for. n=expiation ( প্রাথতিয়; atonement ).

Expiation, ekspi-fishun, n. প্রায়তিত ; প্রায়তিতাপাব; Atonement, the means by which atonement for crimes is made. [expire.

Expirable, eks-pir'a-bl, a. বিজ্ঞানী; That may

Expiration, eks-pir-fishun, n. মুড়া: শেব; ধানভাগি; ব্বিল, Death; end: termination; act of
breathing out; vapour. Syn:—Exhalation;
death, decease; close, conclusion, end, termination.

Expiratory, eks-pi'ra-tor i.a. বায়্-নিসোরণকারী; প্রশাস্থাটিত . Giving out breath.

Expire, exs-pir', v. t. [L. ev, out, and spire, to breathe ] খানত |খ-ড়, Breathe out; exhale:—v. t. শেষ-ছ, মহিবা-ষ'; প্রাণ্ডাগাল-ফু; To die; to come to an end. Syn:—Emit, exhale; die, depart, perish, decease; end, terminate, cease, conclude. [the end or termination. Expiry, (k'pir-i, n অবসাৰ; মুড়া; Expiration;

Expiry, (k-pir-i, n जनतान; त्रुक्त); Expiration; Expiseate, ck-pi-kat, v t. [ L. ex, out, and pisco, to itsh] जनुमकान करिया दाश्चित-कृ; कोमलक्ष्य निर्मय-कृ; To search out; to ascertain by aitful means.

Explain, eks-plan, v t [ I.. ex, out, planus, plan l বাংলা ম ; অর্থ কবিয়া বুয়াইখা-দে; To expound, interpret — শ. i. বাংলা-দে; To give explanation. Svn — Expand, interpret, clucidate, clear up, define, unfold, disclose, give explanation, account for.

Explain away – বাাগা কৰিল উচ্চইল দেওলা, এক বক্ম ক্ষিণা বুঝালো দেওলা, Get rid of by plausible explanations, endeavour to remove doubt by plau-sible explanations.

Explainable, cks-plāńa-bl, a. বাধা কর্নীয়; বাধা করিবার বোধা, Capable of being explained. Explanation, eks-plan-dshun, u বাধা; অৰ্থ; Meaning; defination; account, detail. a= Explanatory (অর্থপ্রকাশক; বাধাকারী)। Syn — Definition, description, explication, exposition, interpretation, illustration; recital, account, detail, sense, meaning, acceptation, mutual understanding.

Explanatory, eks-plana-to-ri, a. অৰ্থকাশক; বাংলাকাৰী; Serving to explain or clear up the meaning of; containing explanations.

Explotive, eksple-liv, a. [ I.. ex, out, pleo, to fill] অনুপূৰক; অভিৱিক্ত: Added for ornament or merely to fill up superfluous:—n. অভিৱিক্ত কৰা; শোভাৰ্য বা প্রণার্থ বাবকৃত শক্ষ উন্ধাটন; A word or

syllable inserted for ornament or to fill up a space.

Expletory, eksple-tor-i, a. অৰুপুরক; লোভাসন্পা-কৰ, Serving to fill up; expletive.

Eplicable, ekśple-ka-bl, a. बार्था कत्रीत ; Capable of being explained.

Explicate, ekspli-kat, v. f. [ L. ex, out, plico, to fold ] जाना-क ; Unfold ; explain :-a. अन-नक ; Evolved ; unfolded. [ nation.

Explication, eks-pli-káshun, n. बाधा ; Expla-Explicative, eks-pli-kā-tiv, Explicatory, ekspli-kā-tor-i, व बाधाकांत्री ; (बाध्यमाकांत्रक ; Serving to explain.

Explicit, eks-plisit, a. শই; ম্বাক; Plain; clear; definite. Syn:—Express, unambiguous, positive, definite, categorical, precise, clear, explain, even, unreserved, undisguished. n -explicitness. ad - explicitly.

Explode, eks-plod, v. t. [ L. ex out, and plando, to clap the hands ] সশ্যে বিদাৰিক বা অকিন্ত ; বিদাৰিক বা অকিন্ত ; Drive out; blow up with noise:— পরিত্যাপ-কু; Reject:—v. i. সশ্যে বিদার্থ-চ; To burst with a loud report. Syn:—Displode, detonate, shiver, shatter, discharge; cry down, reject, repudiate, discard.

Exploit, eks-plūi', n. [ L. explicitum, ended, achieved ] কাৰ্যা, ব'ল কাৰ্যা; সাহসিক কাৰ্যা, Deed, feat, a heroic deed:—v. i. কাৰ্য্য-কু; To work (a mine &c.)

Exploration, eks-pló-ráshun, n অনুসন্ধান, পারীলা; Act of searching roughly. a=exploratory.

Exploratory, eks-plot'a-tor-i, a. অপুস্কায়ী, Serving to explore, scarching out.

Explore, ek-plor', v t { L. ex, out, and plore, to weep } আদ্যোপান্ত অসমন্ধান-কু; ডছ ডর কবিবা বা সক্তোভাবে প্র, কা-কু, To search through; to examine thoroughly (esp. an unknown country) Syn.—Examine, scrutinize, seek, investigate.

Explorer, eks-plör'er, Explorator, eks-plöra-tor, n. অভ্ননাৰকাৰী, প্রীক্ক; One who explores.

Explosion, eks-plö'fhun, n. অপপ্রত বিদাবণ; সশকে বিদারণ; A bursung with noise. Syn:— Displosion, detonation, burst, bursting, clap, blast.

Explosive, eks-plu'siv, a. বিদারণক্ষ, বিদারণীল; Causing explosion. a.l = explosively.

Exponent, eks-po'nent, n. [ L. ex, out, pono, to place ] প্রথপন , ব্যাধানারক; বৈত্তিক প্রতি, One who or that which points out, or represents; index of a power. a=exponental.

Exponential, eks-po-neńshal, a. 清審中傳一 明语: Relating to or involving algebraical exponents.

Export, eks-port, v. t [ L. ex, out of, and porto, to carry ] ছানাছরে ত্রবা প্রেবণ-কু; বস্থানি-কু; Carry or send abroad; ship, transport:—ম. বিদেশে প্রেরিড ত্রবা বস্তানি; রস্তানি বাল, What is exported. n=exporter.

Exportable, eks-porta-bl, s. द्यानि (यात्र); That may be exported. Exportation, eks-por-táshun, n. विरश्त व खानि ; A carrying out.

Expose, cks-poź, v.t. [L.ex, out, and Fr. poser, to place] আনায়ত-কু; প্রকাশ-কু; To lay bare; to lay open; to disclose:—বিশ্বপ্রত-কু; To enake liable to n=exposer. Syn:—Disclose, uncover, lay bare, exhibit; show, display; subject, make liable, put in peril, endanger.

Expose to—কোনাপ বিপদে ফেলা বা অপমান্ত্রত করা, Render one liable to (something that cause trouble or proves injuries, such as a danger, insult, inclement weather):—রৌক্রথিমাদি বাগা।

Exposition, eks-po-zishun, n. ব্যাখ্যা; Explanation, interpretator:—প্রথনি ; প্রদর্শনী, A public exhibition, a setting to public view. Syn:—Display, show; illustration, elucidation.

Expositor, eks-poźi-tor, n. ব্যাখ্যাকারী, ব্যাখ্যা-কারক ব্যক্তি; An interpreter. [Explanatory. Expository, eks-poźi-tor-i, a. ব্যাখ্যাকারী: Expostulato, eks-poślu-lat, v. i. [L. ex, intensive, poślulo, to demand] ভংগনা-কু; অসু-ন্যান-কু, To remonstrate. n= expostulator.

Expostulation, eks-post-u-láshun, n. ভংগনা, অপ্রাণ , প্রতিবাণ ; Remonstrance ; kindly protest. a=expostulatory

Expostulatory, eks-postulation or remonstrance.

Exposure, eks-po'zhūr, n. প্রকাশ করণ, Act of exposure, eks-po'zhūr, n. প্রকাশ করণ, Act of exposure, —বেগদগরতা; বিগলভাব, Openness to danger:—বেগদগরতা বৃষ্টি প্রভাবে অবস্থান; Position with regard to the sun, influence of climate &c.

Expound, eks-pownd, v. t. [ L. ex, and pono, to place ] जांशा कू, Explain. Syn:—Unfold, interpret, clucidate, illustrate, make plain.

Express, cks-pres, v t. [1. ex, out of, and premere, to press] ব্যক্ত-কু; বিকৃত-কু; প্রকাশ কু; প্রকাশ-কু; Utter; mean, show; denote; declare:—নিক্রা-কু: To press or squeeze out:—a. পাই, হ্যাক্ত, হুপাই, Explicit; clear; plain:—n সংবাদ, A message sent on a special errand:—দুত; সংবাদ বহুনকারী শকট, A person or vehicle that carries messages; a regular and quick conveyance. Syn.—(v) Declare, utter, signify, testify, intimate, represent, indicate, show, exhibit, denote. (a) Explicit, open, precise, clear, plain, positive, definite, categorical, unequivocal, unambiguous. (n) carrier, message, despatch, fast train.

Express oneself—আপনার মত প্রকাশ-কু; To make known one's opinions or feelings.

Express train—বে গাড়ি সম্ভ ষ্টেমনে খাঁনে বা ও ধ্ব ক্ৰুডগভিতে বাধ , A train running at a greater speed and making fewer stops than ordinary or accommodation trains.

Expression, eks-preshun, %. নিকৰণ; বলপুৰ্বৰ নিকাশন, Act of expressing or forcing out by pressure:—বাকোর রীতি. Phrase or mode of speech:—মুখের আকৃতি; মুখাবয়ব; Appearance of the countenance:—প্রকাশ; Vivid; representation; declaration; utterance .— স্কাতের হাই; The tone of voice or sound in music:— বৈত্তিক নানির প্রকাশ; The representation of an algebrical quantity by its appropriate characters and signs. Syn:—Squeezing out, pressing out; assertion, declaration; phrase, term, remark, observation; aspect, look, mien. a=expressionless. Expressive, eks-preśiv, a. অভিয়েক; মুল্ট প্রকাশক; Vividly representing; full of expression:—অর্থবোধক; অর্থকাশক; Emphatic; significant. n=expressiveness. ad=expressively. Syn:—Significant, emphatical, telling, lively, vivid, forcible, impressive, energetic, striking.

Expulsion, eks-pulshun, n. विकादन ; निकापन ; A driving away by violence, banishment. Syn-Driving out, entrusion, banishment, ejection, dismission. [ क्य : Serving to expel.

Expulsive, eks-pulsiv, a. নির্কাসনকম: বিভাজন-Expunge, eks-punj, v t. [ L. ex, out, and punge, to prick ] মুছিয়া কেলা; বিল্পত-ফু. লোপ-ফু; To blot out; to efface; to wipe ont. n=cx-punction. Syn:—Efface, erase, obliterate, annihilate, cancel, destroy.

Expurgate, eks-pur'gāt, Expurge, v t. [L ex, out, and purgo, to purify] পরিভদ্ধ-ড়, বিশোধিত-ড়; To purge; to cleanse; to purify necessurgation.

Expurgation, eks-pur-ga'shun, n. forma a, contra ; Purification, purging. [who purifies Expurgator, eks-pur-ga-tor, n. forma ; One Expurgatory, eks-pur'ga-tor-i, a. nfasias, conta; forma ; forma; Serving to purify; purifying Expurgatory index—A catalogue of books forbidden by the Roman Catholic Church to be read, as teaching things contrary to its creed or principles.

Exquisite, ekskwi-zit, a. [L. ex, out, and

quaero, quaesitus, to seek ] উcog ; Choice, excellent :- प्रखाननीत्र ; इ:मरश्चाना ; ; Fastidious .-श्चाविष्ठादी: श्वाव्यकाधी: श्वापणी, Of delicate perception or close discrimination :- अधिक , Keen , exceeding, as pain:-- ন. স্ববাব; স্পরিজ্ঞ-বিছ ব্যক্তি; A fop; daudy. Syn:-(a) Exact, accurate, delicate, nice, refined, choice, rare, valuable, excellent, beautiful, perfect, matchless, consummate, complete; keen, intense, poigmant, acute. ad = exquisitely, exquisiteness Exsanguinous, eks-sang'gwin-us, Exsanguious, eks-sang gwi-us, a. [ L. ex, and sanguis, sanguinis, blood ] वक्टबीन ; Destitude [to cut ] ( To cut off Execind, ek-sind, v. t. [ L. ex, off, and scindo, Extant, ekstant, a. [L. ex, out, and sto, to

surviving, now subsisting, present.

Extasy, Extastic—See ecstary, ecstatic.

Extemporaneous, eks-tem-po-ra'ne-us, Extemporary, eks-tem-po-rar-t, a. [ L. ex, and, tempus, temporis, time ] = 194-195; equilies; Off-hand; done without preparation; unpromidated. ad=extemporaneously.

stand ] বৰ্তমান : জীবিত : Being or existing still ;

not lost; now subsisting. Syn :- Existent,

tempus, temporis, time ] হাৰ: Off-hand; suddenly. a=extemporaneous (অচিত্ৰাপুৰ্বাক): Extemporise, eks-tempo-riz, ত. বা ভাৰিয়া চিন্তিয়া বলা; হাৰ বক্তভা-কু; To speak off-hand. Extend, eks-tend, v. t. [ I.. ex. out, tendo, tensum, to stretch] বিশ্বত-কু; বিভান্ন-কু; To spread or reach out:—বৃদ্ধি-কু; Increase:—বিভানিভরণে বর্ণনা-কু; Dilate; enlarge:—প্রদান-কু; দান-কু;

tensum, to stretch] বিকৃত-কু; বিভার-কু; To spread or reach out:—বৃদ্ধি-কু; Increase:—বিভারিভরণে বর্ণনা-কু; Dilate; enlarge:—গ্রান-কু; দান-কু; ত্যা-কু; ত্যা-কু; ত্যা-কু; ত্যা-কু; ত্যা-কু; দান-কু; দা

Extend to—অভ্তর প্রচলন-ক ; Widen the operation of, so as to include.

Extend for - अव्यक्तिक-इ ; Spread over.

Extensible, eks-tenśi-bl, Extensil, eks-ten-র্রা, a. প্রদায়পুর ; বর্জনীয় ; Capable of being extended.

Extension, eks-tenshun, n etains; A prolongation or enlargement:—fagis; rializated; That property of a bodyly which it occupies a portion of; space. Syn:—Expansion, dilatation, distension; enlargement, increase, augmentation; prolongation.

Extensive, eks-tensive, a विशेषी; समस: Large; expouded; wide; comprehensive. Syn:—Expanded, large, broad, wide, comprehensive. ad=extensively, n=extensiveness.

Extent, cks-rent. n. বিস্তান্ধ ; বিস্তৃতি ; দীৰ্থতা ; বৈহা ; পৰিনৰ, আয়তন ; Bulk ; size ; length. Syn : —Expansion, expanse, amplitude, length, reach, stretch, compass ; size, bulk. volume.

Extenuate, eks-tenu-at, v. t. [L. ex, intensive, tenuis, thin] ই대구 : 제국 및 국 및 역적적 및 Thin; lesson; palliate, as a crime; to lower or degrade, as reputation. Syn:—Lesson, diminish, reduce, mitigate, qualify, soften, apologize for.

Extenuating, a. লগুকারক; হাসকারী; Lessening, palliating; diminishing, ad=extenuatingly.
Extenuating circumstances—পোৰ লাখ্যকারী অবস্থা; Circumstances which lesson or palliate a fault.

Extenuation, eks-ten-য-র'shun, n. পোৰ বা বৰ লযু করণ ; উপশ্য : লাঘৰ ; Palliation (of a crime) ; mitigation of a punishment ; alleviation.

Extenuatory, eks-tehū-a-tor-i, a. नपूकामास्य ; Palliative.

Exterior. eks-te'ri-or, a. [ L. extor, outward, ex, out] বহিত্ত; বাহ; বহিছ; বিশেশীয়; Outward; external; foreign:— ক. বহিতাগ; Outward part or surface. outside:—বাহিক আচার বা বীতি; পরিমুখ্যমান বা বাহু ভাব; আকার, External department, form or ceremony; appearance. Syn:—Surface, outside, outward appearance.

External, eks-ter'nal, a. বাহিক; বাছ, Outenterior:—বিশেষ ; বৈশেষক ; Foreign:—অধা-সন্ধিক ; অবাক্ষরিক ; Accidental ; trrelevant. ad = externally Sys:—Outward, outside of, outer, exterior, superficial ; extrinsic, foreign ; visible, apparent. Exterminate, eks-termi-nat, v. t. [L. ex, out of, terminus, a boundary] নিৰ্ভান্ত; সম্পূৰ্ণতো বাই-ড়; স্বাংলাটন-ড়; Root out; put an end to; abolish; eradicate; destroy. Syn:—Eradicate, extirpate, destroy, abolish, root out.

Extermination, eks-ter-mi-nfishun, n. উন্তৰ; ব্ৰোজেন; বিদানে; Complete destruction or extirpation.

Exterminatory, eks-tér'mī-na-tor-i, a. बार्चक; स्थानकावक; विवास ; Serving or tending to exterminate. [Outward part.

Externals, eks-ter'nalz, n. বাহ্নিক আৰু; বহিৰ্ভাগ; Extinct, eks-tinkt, a. নিৰ্কাপিত, মৃত; বৃগু; বিষষ্ট; ডিয়োহিড; Put out; dead; destroyed.

Butination, eks-tinkshun, n. निर्काण ; विकाण ; प्रियान ; प्रियान ; प्रियान ; प्रियान ; प्रियान ; Destruction ; suppression. Syn:—Extinguishment; destruction, annihilation, abolition, extermination. Extinguish, eks-ting gwish, v. t. [ L. ex, out, and stinguo, to prick ] निर्काण-इ: स्राप्त-इ: चिनान-इ: प्राप्त-इ: प्रियान-इ: प्राप्त-इ: प्राप्

able. Syn:—Quench; suppress, destroy, extirpate, annihilate. [ be put out.

Extinguishable, a. नाज , निर्द्धांभिष ; That may Extinguisher, eks-ting gwish-er, n. निर्द्धांभ-कारी ; मीभ निर्द्धांभीर्थ यह दिस्पद ; What extinguishes ; a utensil to put out candle or lamp.

Extirpate, eks-ter-put, v. t. [L. ex, out, and stirps, a root ] সম্বোহণাটন-ফু; বিলষ্ট-ফু; To exterminate; to cut off; to destroy totally. n=cx-tirpator. Syn:—Eradicate, root out, destroy, exterminate, abolish.

Extirpation, eks-ter-pashun, n. मग्लारणींन ; ब्रामाळ्व : विनाम ; Extermination ; eradication ; total de-truction.

Extol, eks-tol, v. r. [ L. ex, up, tollo, to lift or raise ] অভান্ত প্ৰশ্বনা-ক; অভানিক স্থাতি-ক; To magnify; to laud, to commend, to glorify. Syn:—Praise, applaud, commend, celebrate, laud, glorify, eulogize, magnify, exalt.

Extol one to the skies (laud to the skies)
—বাড়িয়ে বর্গে (ভালা, Belaud one, or erpraise one.
Extorsive, eks-torsiv, a. বলপুক্ত (ধনাদিব)
আহক, বলপুক্ত প্রধনকর্থকম, Serving or tending
to draw from by expulsion, tending to extort.
ad == extorsively.

Extort, eks-tort, v t. [L ex, out, and torqueo, to twist ] বস্পুৰ্ক প্ৰহণ-কু, বস্পুৰ্ক কাভিদা লকা, To wring or wrest from , draw from by force.—
v. i. To practise extortion a=extorsive. Syn:—
Wring out, express, squeeze out, extract; exact, get by force.

Extortion, eks-tor'shun, n. অভাযপুৰ্কৰ ধন অপ-হৰণ; অভাগোৱ; Illegal compulsion; oppression; rapacity. a=extortionary. Syn:—Exaction, unjust demand.

Extortionary, eks-tor'shun-ar-i, a. বৰপূৰ্যক অহা নথকীয়; Pertaining to extortion.

Extortionate, eks-tor'shun-at, a. जजानियो ; भिक्क ; Oppressive. Syn :—Exacting, rapacious, haid, rigorous, severe. Extortioner, eks-tor'shun-er, n. अकारात्री; One who practises extortion.

Extra, ekstra, a. [L. ex., out, and ter, to cross]
আতি কিড; Additional; extraordinary:—ন. অভিবিভ বস্ত; Some thing in addition to what is due or expected.

Extract, eks-trakt, v. t. [L. ex, out, and traho, to draw] আকৰ্ণ-ফু; বাহিব-ফু; Draw or take out of; to find out:—নিৰ্মাচন-ফু; বাহিবা-ল; সংগ্ৰহ-ফু; Select; choose out:—বলপূৰ্বক উৎপাটন-ফু; To remove forcibly from a fixed position:—na নিৰ্বাদ; What is extracted:—সাব, Essence; tincture:—সাৱ সংগ্ৰহ; উদ্বত বাক্); Passage from a book; a quotation. Syn:—(v) Pull out; express, distil, derive, deduce, quote, cite.

Extractible, a. উৎপটিনীয় ; নির্কাসনীয় ; Capable of being extracted.

Extraction, eks-trakshun, n. উৎপাটৰ; आकर्ष।; Drawing out:—वरण; Descent; lineage; birth: —नात्र; Extract; essence. Syn:—Pulling out; derivation; origin, parentage.

Extractive, eks-traktiv, e. উৎপাটনকারক; আকর্ণীয়; নিমাৰক; Tending or serving to extract:—n. আকৃষ্ট বস্তু; An extract.

Extractor, eks-traktor, n. উৎপটিনকাৰী; আকৰ্বক;
He who or that which extracts [a treaty.
Extradite, v t. প্রচার্পা-ক; To deliver under
Extradition, eks-tra-dishun, n. [L. ex, from, and traditus, to deliver up] প্রাত্তক ব্যক্তিকে
প্রত্যেপি; অন্ত বাজো পলায়িত প্রবাধীকে সেই বাজ্য কর্ত্তক স্মর্পপ; The delivery by one state to another, of fugitives from justice, in pursuance of a treaty.

Extrajudicial, ekstra-joo-dish-al, a. बाबहाब निध्य दहिर्ज्ञ , आहेनानूनाद्व अनावश्चक . Out of the proper court or ordinary course of legal procedings; not legally required.

Extramandane, ekstra-mundan, a. জনতের বহিত্ত , অপাথিব , Beyond the world.

Extramural, ekstra-mū'ral, a আচীর বহিত্ত; প্রাচীবের বহির্ভাগরিত, Without or beyond the walls.

Extraneous, eks-trānyus, a বতন্ত্র; ভিন্ন , বৈশে-শিক; What is without or beyond; external; extrinsic, not essential; foreign. ad=extraneously.

Extraordinaries, eks-trāor di-nar-iz, n. pl. অসাধারণ বস্তুসমূহ, বিশেষ বিশেষ বর্ম; Things that are unusual, peculiarities.

Extraordinary, eks-tāor'di-nar-i, a. অসাধাৰণ; অনুত, বিশেষ, B yond what is common; wonder-ful, 'pecial—n. অসাধাৰণ বিষয়, That which is extraordinary. Syn:—(a) Unwonted, uncommon, unusual, unprecedented; marvellous; signal, rare, singular, special, particular.

Extravagance, Extravagancy, eks-travagans, —gan-si, n. আধিকা; অত্যাচার; অপচর; অমিতব্যয়; অমিতাচার; Wildness; irregularity; excess; prodigality.

Extravagant, cks-trava-gant, a. [ L. extra, beyond, and vagor, to wonder] অভিবিক্ত; অধিক; অধিক; অধিক; অধিকার; স্থানিকারী; স্থানিকারী; স্থানিকারী; স্থানিকারী; স্থানিকারী; স্থানিকারী;

cessive; prodigal, unreasonable; wasteful. Sys:—Inordinate, exorbitant, irregular, wild, absurd; profuse, ad—extravagantly.

Extravaganza, eks-trav-a-ganza, n. বৈতালিক নদীত ; A wild and irregular piece of music. Extravasato, eks-trava-sat, v. t. [ L. extra, out, of, vas, a vessel ] ( मानिजानि ) अञ्चान स्टेरिं ৰিগত-ৰ: To let out of the proper vessels, as blood. Extreme, eks-trem, a. [ L. exter, on the outside, outward ] অভ্যস্ত; অভিশর, দূরতম, অন্তিম; हद्यमीमा; Utmost; greatest; furthest; last; final ; end :—কটোর ; অভি মন্দ ; অত্যাবগাক ; একান্ত धारतांचनीत्र ; व्यक्रास्त्रम ; Severe ; worst ; best ; most urgent :-- n. বয় : আত্যান্তিকতা : The end : utmost or highest limit or degree -- অভাবিশ্ৰকতা; दात्राजन; Great necessity. Syn :-(a) Outermost, most distant; highest, ultimate. ad=extremely. Extreme unction, n. মুমুর্ বাজিকে জৈল ছাবা वर्षन ; Among the Roman Catholics, the anointing of a sick person with oil, when about to die, usually just before death.

In the extreme—বতদুৰ সম্ভব ; বতদুৰ হইতে ইন , Extremely , as much as is possible.

Extremes meet—সম্পূৰ্ণ বিপৰীত বস্তু এক কল প্ৰসৰ-ক; Things diametrically opposite to one another agree in producing the same result.

Extremity, eks-tremi-ti, n. অস্ত: অস্থ:নীমা; চরম-নীমা; Utmost point or limit; end —অভাবিশ্বকতা সম্ভাবিশ্বা, নিদায়ণ সম্ভ , Greatest necessity, emergency, utmost distress. Syn:—Verge, border, termination, highest degree

Man's extremity is God's opportunity—
মনুবোর রেশ হইলে ঈবরের স্বিধা হয়, অর্থাৎ ছ:থ না
পাইলে ঈবরকে মানুব ভাবে না ।

Go to extremitios—বাভাৰাডি কবিগা ভোলা ; গত-দুৱ যাইতে হয় ; Resort to extreme measures,

Extricate, ekstri-kāt, v. t. [ L. cz., out, tricac, trifles ] উত্থাৱ-কৃ. মৃক্ত-কৃ; Disentangle; disengage; set free. [from difficulties. Extricate from—বিপদ হইতে উত্থাৱ-কৃ; Free one Extrication, eks-tri-kāshun, n. উত্থাৱ, মোচৰ, মুক্তি, Disentanglement; liberation, rescue. e=

Extricable (উদাবলীয় , উদাবলোগা )।

Extrinsic, eks-trińsik, Extrinsical, eks-trińsik-ai, a. [ L. exter, outward, secus, from sequer, to follow ] বহিরাগত; বাহিক; অনাবশ্রক; ভিন্ন আতীয়; External; not essential,—opposed to intrinsic; foreign. ad=extrinsically.

Extrude, eks-trood v. t. [ L. ex, out, and trudo, to thrust] নিকেপ-তৃ; বহিত্ত-তৃ, দ্ব-তৃ,
Thrust out; drive away; expel. n=extrusion
Extrusion, eks-troo'zhun, n. বহিত্বপ; দ্বীকৰণ;
Expulsion.

Exuberance, eks-ti'ber-ans, Exuberancy, eks-ti'ber-ansi, n. পাচুৰ্ব্য; বাৰব্য; Over-flowing quantity; plenty; superfluous abundance. Sun:—Overgrowth, luxuriance, profusion, excess, copiousness, superfluity, overflow.

Exuberant, eks-u'ber-ant, a. [L. ex, intensive, and uber, rich, abundant] राज ; टाइज ; Plenteous; superfluous; overflowing; luxuriant. Syn:—Rank; copious, excessive, layish.

Exudation, eks-U-dáshun, %. निर्मयन ; वर्ष विर्मय ; वर्ष ; Discharge by the pores ; sweat.

Exude, eks-ud, v. t. [L. ex, out, and sudo, to sweat] নিৰ্গত-কৃ; নিংশত-কৃ; Throw out; excrete; discharge:—v. i. নিৰ্গত-হ; নিংশত-হ; To flow out of a body through the pores; or by natural discharge.

Exult, egz-uit, v. i. [ L. ex, out, or up, and salso, to leap ] উল্লাসিড-হ; জনোলাসে উব্যন্ত-হ: To rejoice greatly; to triumph. ad = exultingly.

Exultant, egz ult'-ant, a. উল্লাসকর ; কয়োলাসিত ; Expressing exultation ; triumphant.

Exultation, egz-ul-táshun, n. উल्लाम ; পরামাজাদ ; विकासालाम ; Rapturous delight ; transport.

Exuvise, eks-u'vi-ē, a. pl. [ L. ezuo, to draw or put off] কল্প পৰিতঃক চৰ্ম্ম বা আবরণ; বিকৃত শিহিণপ্ররাণি; Cast-off skins, shells, or other Eyalet, ia-let, n. তব্দ কাজ্যের প্রদেশ বিশেষ : A Eyo, I, n. ठक ; म्प्रिकेश ; The organ of sight or vision :-- (परिवाद मंदि ; पर्मन-मंदि ; The power of seeing - শর্পন; Sight; observation . — ছিন্ত ; Anything resembling an eye, as the hole of a needle or ring - সমুধ; Face; front -মত. Opinion :—উপস্থিতি ; Presence :— দৃষ্টি-গোলক; The globe or ball movable in the orbit - faria; Judgment: -- शिक्षमण ; A brood :-- ए र. शीरव शीरव দৃষ্টিপাত-কু, অবলোকন-কু; স্থান্তপে পরিদর্শন-কু: To fix the eye on; to look on; to watch; to observe narrowly. Syn: -(n) View, notice, watch. vigilance; estimate, perforation, aperture, eyelet; bud, shoot.

Eyes to the blind—₹ , Staff.

Find favour in the eyes—অনুগ্ৰপ্ৰ গৃহীত, Be graciously received and treated.

Have all one's eyes about one-চতুদ্দিকে নজৰ থাকা; Take care that no one decryes.

Have an eye for— অনুভব কৰিবাৰ শক্তি থাকা. Have a taste in the use of the eye, as, he has, an eye for the beautiful, have the power of judging of — পেৰিতে পাওয়া; Be able to see.

Have an eye to -- মনোযোগ-কু; কোন দিকে বিশেষ নজর যাধা; Pay particular attention to, to watch; be on the look out for.

Have an eye upon — মনোবোগ-কু; Give an attentive application.

Have one's eye on, Keep an eye on—ৰৃষ্ট বাধা; Watch strictly —লকা ধাকা; Am at.

Have one's eyes about one—সত থাকা , Be on one's guard against sharp practice.
In his eyes—তাহাৰ মতে ; In his estimation.

In the eye of—কাহারও চকে বা মতে; In the estimation of .—জনুসারে; According to.

In the twinkling of an eye—নিষেব বংগ; চক্ষের পলক পড়িতে বডকা লাগে তডকাে; In a moment; in as much times as it takes to open and shut the eye.

Run one's eye over— नक् त्वान; Glance hastily Set the eyes on, Set eyes on—(वर्ष); पृष्टे वार्षा; See.

Shut one's eyes to—ইন্ছা কৰিবা পদ ধাকা; চপু বুলিয়া থাকা; Not to see wilfully. The king's eyes—atara alara; His chief officers.

Under the eye of—কাহারত চক্ষের উপরে রাখিরা বা থাকিয়া; Under the close inspection of.

With a single eye to—কেবলমাত্ৰ একই বিবয়ের বিকে মন বা নজর রাখিরা; Having the eye only on, directing the mind exclusively to.

With an eye to—কোন ত্রের প্রতি নজর করিয়া; গঙ্গা করিয়া; Having reference to. [weeping. With dry eyes—কুলন না করিয়া, Without With half an eye—সহজে; Easily.

With open eyes—জাতসাবে; With perfect knowledge. [The globe or apple of the eye Eyeball, i'baul, n. চকুর পুতুল বা তাবা; অকিগোলক; Eye-bright, i-brit, n. চকুরোগনাশক ফুলর লতা-বিশেষ; A beautiful little plant formerly much used as a remedy for diseases of the eye

Eyebrow, i'brow, n. ज ; Hairy arch over the eye.
Eyedoctor, n. हकू-(दोन-हिन्दिनक ; Occulist.

Eyedrop, n. पाक ; Tear.

Eye-glance, n. চকু বুলান ; Rapid look.

Eye-glass, n. চন্মা; Glass to assist the eyesight. [Opthalmic hospital.

Eye-infirmary, n. চকু-রোগের চিকিৎদালয়; Eyelash, i'lash, n. চকের পাতা; পদ্ম; Hair on the edge of the eyelid; the line of hairs that edges the eyelid.

Eyoless, i'les, a. চফুবিং ন ; চলুতীন , অন্ধ ; Without eye ; destitute of eyes or sight.

Eyelet, i'let, Eyelet-hole, i'let-hōl, n. [Fr aeil, an eye] ডিজ, গৰাক ; Hole, hole to let in light. Byelid, i'lid, n. চৰ্পুট, চক্ৰ পাতা; The portion of a moveable skin by means of which the eye is

opened or closed at pleasure; the cover of the eye. Bye-piece, n. উত্থয় কাচ; Lens.

Bye-orbit, n. एक्स नश्च ; Hollow of the eye Bye-ring, n. क् ; Eyebrow.

Bye-salve, n. কজন; Ointment for the eye.
Bye-servant, n. বে বৃদ্ধি প্ৰভূৱ চকুৱ বাছির হইনে
কাৰ্য্য কৰে না; One who works only while being watched.

Bye-service, i-ser'vis, n. নিবোগকর্তার গোচরে সম্পাদিত কর্ম ; Service performed only while being watched.

Eye-shot, i-shot, n. ষ্টর সীবা; বজনুর পর্যন্ত ষ্ট্রই চলে ভড়দ্ব; The reach or range of the eye-sight. Eye-sight, i'-sit, n. চকুর ষ্ট্ট; The sight of the eye.—মেবিবার শকি; দৃষ্টপাক; Power of seeing; the sense of seeing:—মৃত্ত; পরিদর্শন; View; observation. [is offensive to the eye.

Eyesore, i'sor, n. চৰুশ্ব; গৃষ্টি-প্ৰা; Anything that Eye-tooth, i'tooth, n. কৰের গাঁড; বৰস্ত; Fang next to the grinders in the upper jaw; a tooth in the upper jaw next to the grinders.

Eye-witness, i'-witnes, n. চাকুস নাকী; প্রভাক নাকী; One who has seen with his own eyes; one who sees a thing done.

Eyre, ar, n. [L. eter, a way, a journey] পর্বাটন; পরিবাদক বিচারকগণের ধর্মাধিকরণ; পরিজ্ঞান; A journey or circuit.

Justice in eyre, n. An itenerant judge who held courts in different countries.

Eyrie, Eyry, Aorie, c're or arc, প. শিকারী পঞ্জীব বাসা . ডিম পাড়িবার বাসা , শিকারী পাবীর ফল ; Nest of birds of prey; a nest for eggs; a brood of eagles or hawks.

F

B, ef, ই বাজি বৰ্ণালার ষ্ঠ বৰ্ণ ৰা অকৰ, The 6th letter of the alphabet.

Fabian, a দীখপত্ৰী; Dilatory. Fabian policy—বিশ্ব Delay.

Fablo, fabl, n [L fars, to speak] গছ; উপকথা;
নীতি কথা, মিথায়; Fiction; tale, plot of a play;
falsehood:—v. t. প্রতাশণা-কু; মিথায় বচনা-কু, চলনা-কু; To feign; to invent. Syn:—Apologue,
allegory, myth, legend, plot, action, fiction,
invention, figment.

Fabler, n. গল-লেখক; A writer of fables.

Fabric, fabrik, n. [L. fucio, to make] কাকবাৰ্থা, ব্যৱ; শিল্পনিতি কাৰ্থা, Texture; workmanship, manufactured cloth:—আটালিকা; Building. Syn: —Edifice; conformation, make.

Fabricate, v. t. বচনা-কু; উভাবন-কু; নিৰ্মাণ-কু; উৎপাদন-কু; To manufacture; to invent; to forge; construct; produce. Syn:—Build, make, form, coin. n=fabricator.

Fabrication, fab-ri-káshun, n. নিৰ্মাণ; পঠন; Construction; manufacture:—পম; A story; a falsehood; forgery. Syn:—Fiction, figment, invention, fable, Fabulise, fabu-liz, v. f. গল রচনা-কু; গল বলা; To invent or relate fables.

Fabulist, fabu-list, n. গল-বৃদ্ধিতা; গল-লেখক; One who invents fables, the writer of fables.

Fabulous, fabū-lus, a মিলা, কলিড; Feigned; related in fable; false, fictitious. ad=sabulous-ly. Syn:—Not real, invented, forged; legendary, mythical.

Facade, fa-sad or fa-sad, n. [ It. faccia, the face ] অট্টালিকার সমূৰভাগ; The front of a building; the face of an edifice.

Face, fas, n. [L. fadies, form, face] মুগমন্তল; ব্যন; আনন; That part of the head of an animal, esp. of man, containing the eyes, nose, mouth &c.:—উপৰিভাগ; সমুৰভাগ; Surface; forepart; front:—ভাকৃতি; অব্যব; চেহারা; Look; cast of features; visage:—মুৰভ্না, Distoration of the face:—নিভীৰভা; সাহস; নিলক্তা; Boldness; effrontery:—৩. ৫. সাহসপূৰ্কক সমূবে নাকাং-কৃ; সমুৰ্বীন-হ; To meet in front:—ভুদুদ্ধপে বাবা-বে; Oppose with firmness:—সমুৰ্ভিড-হ; To stand opposite to; to front upon:—সমূবে আবৃত্ত-কৃ; To cover in front:—৩. ৫. মুখ বিবান; To turn the

face :-- 475 814- 7; To play the hypocrite. Syn: -Front part; external part; side; countenance; assurance, impudence, effrontery. Face about—চাবিদিকে ফিরা; Turn round about :- भाजन्व नम्बीय-ए ; Face the enemy.

Face out--विलंब्बर्डार्व मगर्थन-क : Maintain impudently

Face to face—সাম্না সাম্নি; মুখোমুখি, Directly fronting each other; in the immediate presence of; with one's face turned towards another.

Face the enemy-নাহ্মপূর্বক দাক্ষাৎ-কৃ; Meet him in front with determination.

Fly in the face of—कुछ-कृ, विरवासी-ए: विभ-শ্বীভাচবণ-কু, প্ৰভিক্লে-যা; Set at defiance, to act in direct opposition to; resist, go against.

In the face of—বিকলে, প্রতিকৃপে, বিপরীতে, In opposition to; over against - भागतन , In the presence of .-- ( বিপাদ ) সংবাদ . In spite of.

In the face of day—প্ৰকাণ্ডে , সকলেৰ সমক্ষে . স্পষ্ট বিবালোকে, Openly; publicly; without concealment; in broad day-light

In the face of the world-সাধাৰণ সমকে: In public, before the public at large.

Look an evil in the face—নাহনপূৰ্বক শক্ৰৰ বা বিপরেম সমুখীন হওয়া (ভীত নাহওয়া), Mect with firmness or boldness, without shrinking or turning the back [ or confront boldly

Look in the face—স'হসপুৰুক নাকাং-কু, Meet Look one in the face—বিভবে কাহাৰও মুখপাৰে চাওয়া ( মুথ ভুলে কথা কহা ); Face or meet one with

Make faces—মুখভলী কু; মুখ ভেলান , Distort the On the face of it—শপ্তত: , দেখিবামাত্ৰ (বুৱা ঘায) , क्षथम (मधिमा दो छनिया एउमूत वृक्षा याव , Manitestly ; apparently, clearly, plainly; at first view or [ demara or solemn. appearance.

Pull grave faces—গম্ভীৰ ভাৰ ধাৰণ-ক : Look Put a bold face on—महिमपूर्क्क कान कांग-कृ (লজ্জিড হইবার কোন কারণ নাত এইভাবে) ; Act boldly, as though there is nothing to be ashamed of.

Put a good face upon—বাহিবে ভাল ভাব দেখান ; Represent favourably, to cause to appear in good light - আসল কথা ছাপিয়া যতদ্ব সভব ভাল-ভাবে প্রকাশ-কু, Conceal one's real feelings and present things in a plausible light, or in such a way as to show that one is not affected by them.

Set one's face against—বাধা-মে; দুচ্ভাবে প্রতি-कृत वा विरवासी इंडना; Oppose; oppose actively or resolutely.

Stare one in the face—लाहे विमामान-१, मुरबद निक् कर्रे मर्हे कतिशे हाहिशा खर त्मथान ; Be before one's eyes; be undeniably evident to one :--अनुद्ध आंत्रिया উপन्थित-इ; Be imminent.

To one's face—মুখের উপরে ( অসাক্ষান্তে নহে ); in one's presence, openly and directly, not behind one's back.

With black faces— रिवाहोर : With dejected or confounded look. [ ing abashed.

With good face—शक्कि ना हरेगा ; Without be-With long faces - #14; Chap fallen.

Facecloth, faskloth, n. 神奇मुशो睡[नन व्यः ; A cloth laid over the face of a corpse,

Pacet, faset, n. wa befautt; A small surface. Facetiae, fa-se'shi-ō, n. pl. [L. factus, merry] हाज-वनम्य नियम वा वहम ; Humorous writings or sayings.

Facetious, fa-se'shus, a. কৌতুকী; হাভৱননর; কৌভুকপ্ৰিয়; বদিক, Witty; sportive; jocose; merry; humorous. n=facetiousness. ad=facetiously. Syn :- Jocular, droll, funny.

Facette, faset, 医话 項 ; 東京 78 ; A little face. Escisl, idshal, a. मूथमचन्त्रीय ; स्मीचक ; Of or rolating to the face. ed=facially.

Facile, faśil, a. [ L. facio, to do ] কুৰৱ ; সুসাধ্য : সহজ্ঞসাধা; হুগম; समनीय; निष्ठे; Easy to be done; easy of access; pliant; flexible; courteous. Syn: - Docile, tractable, pliable, manageable; affable.

Facilitate, fa-sili-tat, v t. मर्च-इ ; Make easy ; free from difficulty.

Facilities, fa-sili-tiz, n. pl. স্থবিৰাজনৰ উপায়: সুবোগ , Means that render anything easy to be done; opportunities.

Facility, fa-sili-ti, n. সুগমতা; নমনীয়তা; Pliancy; affability .-- দকতা, নৈপুণা; Dexterity:---নৌকায়; Ease. Syn —Expertness, cleverness, adroitness, skilfulness, quickness, knack, ability ; complaisance, civility ; ductility, opportunity, advantage, conveniance.

Facing, fasing, n. অপ্রভাগের আববণ ; বেড়া ; A covering in front for ornament, defence or any other purpose.

Fac-simile, fak-simi-le, n. [L facio, to make, similis, like] অবিক্ল প্রতিরূপ, An exact copy or likeness

Fact, fakt, n [L. facio, to make] 神句; Deed; an act -সভাতা; থাপার্থা; প্রকৃততা, Reality; truth - 4641; An event. Syn -Performance; incident, occurrence, circumstance. more. In fact-- বাস্তবিক; In reality:-- অধিকর; Nay Matter of fact-Prosaic or material as oppose to fanciful or poetical.

Faction, fakshun, n. [ L. factio, from facere, to make or do ] দল ; Clique :-- বিদ্রোহী থাজনৈতিক স্প্রদার; A contentious political party acting together in opposition to the state .- विवास : Dissension. Syn .- Cabal, combination, junto; discord, tumult.

Factious, fakshus, s. বিবাদবিদ্য ; কলছবিদ্ধ : বাজ-दाही, Given to faction; prone to clamour against public measures or men; disloyal. \*\*\* factiousness. ad=factiously. Syn :- Litigious, malcontent, seditious, turbulent.

Factitious, fak-tishus, a. [L. facere, to make] কৃত্তিম ; কান্তনিক ; অস্বাভাবিক ; Made by art ; artificial. n=factitiousness. ad=factitiously. Syn :-Unreal, forced, artful, conventional.

Factor, faktor, n. গোৰখা ; আড়ডগার ; Mercantile agent; commission merchant:- 399175; One of two numbers which when multiplied together form a product. \*=factorship.

Factorage, faktör-3j, n. গোমতাৰ বেডৰ বা কৰি-সৰ; আড়তগারের পারিজমিক; The fees or commission of a factor,

Factorial, fak-চেন'-al, a. ব্রী বা আড়ডন স্থীয় ; Belonging to or consisting in a factory.

Pactory, faktor-i, n. ৰুমী; আড়ভ; Manufactory:—কুমীৰদালা; আড়ভগান্তৰকী; The body of factors in a place:—কুমী; A place where factors transact business.

Factotum, fak-tö'tum, n. [ L. facio, to do, totus, ali ] সকল প্ৰকান কাৰ্য্যকানী; ভূডা; Doer of all
work; a person employed to do all kinds of work.
Faculty, fakul-ti, n. [ L. facultas, from facul,
easily] মনোবৃত্তি; মান্সিক বল; ক্ষমতা; অধিকান;
ক্ষমতা; প্ৰতিভা; বীশক্তি; Power of mind or body;
knack; gift; privilege; endowment:—বিশবিদ্যালয়েন্ত্ৰ অধ্যাপক্ষপ; Body of masters or professors, the members of a profession. Syn:—
Talent, virtue, property, quality; dexterity,
adroitness, ability, cleverness, aptitude, capacity, profession, craft; right, license.

Fad, fad, n. পেয়াল; ডুচছ বিষয়, Hobby crochet; a trifling pursuit.

Fade, fad, v. i. মান-ছ; বিজীন-ছ; তত্ব-ছ; অনুভ-ছ; To wither, to vanish:—v. t. তত্ব-ছ; বিজীন বা মান-ফু: To cause to wither. a=fadeless. Syn:— Droop, languish, sink, decline, decay; disappear; pale, grow dim.

Padeless, a Wala; Unfading.

Fæces, or Feces, fé'sēz, n. pl. [L. faecis, grounds] विशे ; पन ; भाष , भिन्ने ; Dregs , lees ; dung ; excrement.

Fag-end, fag'-end, n. বস্তের শেষভাগ, দলী; বস্তের ছিলা; মবলা; নিতৃষ্ট অংশ; End of a web of cloth; the untwisted end of a rope; the refuse or meaner part of anything.

Faggot, or Fagot, fag'ut, n. [Fr. fagot, a bundle of sticks] আনানি কাঠের আটি; Bundle of sticks or iron bars:—v. t. আটি বাছা; To tie or bundle together:—a. সাজান; Got up for a

Fagot votes—Votes given by electors expressly qualified for party purposes.

Fail, fail, v. i. [L. faltere, to deceive] লান-ছ; Fall short:—ক্ষ-ছ; ছান-ছ; জীবনপুঞ্-হ; To fall away; to decay; to die:—বিজন-ছ; জামার্থ-ছ, জুকুজার্থা-ছ; To miscarry:—ক্ষেটালা-ছ, To become bankrupt; to become insolvent:—v. t. বধেষ্ট না-ছ; জপর্যাপ্ত-ছ; নিরাপ-ছ; To be wanting failure. S; n:—Sink, decline, cease, disappear, miss, be unsuccessful; break, omit, neglect.

Fail in—কোৰ বিষয়ে অকৃতকাৰ্য্য ; Be unsuccessful in.

[ veredly; absolutely.

Without fail—নিক্মই; Unfailingly; unreseFailling, faling, n. বোৰ; অপরাধ; A fault, weakness; a foible:—ন্যুক্ত; অভাব; Falling short;
want. Syn:—Defect, miscarriage, misfortune.

Failure, faiur, n. অভাব; ন্যুক্ত; নাৰ; Deficien-

cy; omission; decay:—বেউলিয়া অবয়া; ধণ বেটাৰ অপায়ৰভা; Bankruptcy; becoming insolvent. Fain, fan, a. [ A. S. faegen, joyful ] মুড; ইকুড;

মান, tan, a. [A. S. Jaegen, joyld!] বাৰ; ইছুৰ্ছ ;
আহানিত; Inclined; well-pleased:—ad. হাইচিতে;
সাহানিত; Gladly. Syn:—(a) Rejoiced, disposed.

Fairt, Gladly. Syn:—(a) Rejoiced, disposed.

Fairt, Gladly. Syn:—(a) Rejoiced, disposed.

Fairt, fant, a. মুৰ্থাল, ; Weak; wanting in strength; ready to swoon:—অহুৰুল; Not bright or forcible; fading:—আই; जोगांखां; Weak in spirit; lacking courage:—অহুনাহ; (ভাল; Depressed:—v.i. মুৰ্থাল, হলাল; Depressed:—v.i. মুৰ্থাল, হলাল; To lose strength; to waste away; swoon:—হভালাল, হলাল্যাল, হলাল্যাল, হলাল্যাল, হলাল্যাল, হলাল্যাল, হলাল্যাল, বিনামানত কলাল্যাল, বিনামানত কলাল্যাল, বিনামানত কলাল্যাল, daintness. ad=faintly. Syn:—(a) Languid, fatigued, swooning, faining; not bright, dull, dim, small, slight; fearful, timid, dejected.

Faint-hearted, a. ভীক; সাহসণ্ত; Cowardly.
Faint heart never won fair lady—সাংস লা
ধাৰিকে সফল ব্ধয়া বায় লা; Courage to attempt an
enterprise is necessary to ensure success.

Faintish, fantish, a. হতাশ; কীণ: Somewhat faint, n=faintishness.

Fainty, fanti, a. মুর্বাল ; ক্মীণ ; Feeble, languid. Fair, far, a. ফুগ্ৰি ; সুন্ধুর : Handsome ; beautiful : –পরিভার ; Clear :—অসুকুল ; Favourable :—সরব ; Frank :- नम ; Plain , mild :- त्यवमुक ; त्यवमुक ; Cloudless: - 44, Straight-forward, honest: -পাঠা , Readable ; legible :-- নির্মাণ , পবিত্র ; Pure: —সেভাগাশালী , Prosperous :—ভারবান ; Impartial -- आनमञ्जन ; Pleasing :-- आनाजन ; Hopeful :-- मधाम ; Pretty good ; middling ; moderate : –n. কুন্দারী রম্পী; A fair woman; a beauty:-বেলা; হাট; A meeting held at stated times for trade: a stated market. a=fairly. n=fairness. Syn:—(a) Light, blonde; spotless, untarnished, unblemished: open, distinct, unobstructed; candid, ingenuous; equitable, just; reasonable, proper; comely; not cloudy, dry.

A fair field and no favour—স্বিধা এবং ভার-পরতা; Opportunity and impartiality.

Bid fair-मञ्जूष: रूप , Be likely.

Fair and square—সভভাৰ সহিত; Honesty; impartiality. [portunity.

Fair chance—বিশেষ স্বিধা; Unobstructed op-Fair name—স্থৰ, Good reputation.

Fair play—ভাগ ব্যবহার ; Equitable treatment.

Fair way—সম্বত: ; Likely. Fair weather friend—সসময়ের বছ

Pair weather friend—স্গমরের বন্ধু; A friend only to be depended in fair weather or good fortune.

Fair words butter no parsnips—বিষ্ট কৰাৰ অভাৰ ঘূৰ হয় না; কথায় চিড়ে ভিজে না; Mere promise will not help the needy.

The fair, n. pl. বীকাতি; হন্দ্ৰী বীলোক; The female sex; the womankind.

Pairy, fari, n. পৰী; Elf; enchantress:—হৰ্মী বালিবা; Pretty little girl:—হ্মত; বাৰা; Enchantment; illusion:—a. পৰীসম্মীয়; প্ৰীবিষ্যত; Of or belonging to the fairies; enchanting; as, fair mountains.

Fairies of romance, n. অনাধাৰণৰভিদশ্বা

श्रावरो : Beings of human race, with powers beyond those of men.

Fairy of the mine-A malevotent being supposed to live in mines.

Fairy-land, far'i-land এ. পরীবের কাজনিক দেশ: কল্লিড পরীবাজা; Imaginary land of the fairies; imaginary state of splendour. [grass.

Fairy ring (or circle), n. Green ring among Fairy tale—পরীবিষয়ক গল; Tale about fairies.

Faith, Iath, n [ L. fido, to trust ] প্রত্যার ; বিশাস ;
নির্ভরতা ; নির্ভরতা ধর্মে বিশাস ; Belief ; trust ; religious trust or belief :— বিশ্বতা ; সভাবিশ্বতা ; নামুতা ;
সভাবা ; Fidelity ; fidelity to promises ; truthfulness ; honesty :— আইকার ; প্রতিক্রা ; Promise given, word or honour ; pledge. Syn :— Credence. reliance, confidence, assurance ; creed, persuasion, religion , faithfulness, constancy ; truth ; promise, engagement.

Break faith, Break faith with—কোন হাডিছা জন-ড়; Violate some promise; violate some promise made to.

Faith in—ধর্ম বা নীতিবিষয়ক কিছুতে বিধাস; Belief in some moral or religious truth:—বিধাস.
Relief in.

In good faith—কোন চাডুরী ৰাই এই বিবাসে, In the honest belief than there is no fraud or deceit or impropriety:—সৰলভাবে; Honestly.— বাস্তবিক; In truth.

Faithful, fath'fool, a বিশাসী; Full of faith, disposed to believe:—প্রতিজ্ঞাপবাধন; দুচ্চিত; প্রভূত্ত , Firm in adherence to promises, engagement or duty; loyal — বিশাসবোদা, Trustworthy, worthy of belief:—সর্বা — সত্যাপুগত, Sincere; honest ad—faithfully, n=faithfulness Syn—Trusty, upright, contrant, true, attached, truthful, veracious, reliable, real, unferenced, strict, accurate, conscientious [ing to Faithful to—অনুবৃত্ত অনুগামী, Firmly adher-

The faithful—বিখানীগণ, Believers.
Faithless, fath'les, a. অবিখানী, বিখান্থাতক,
বাহাৰক, Unfaithful, unbelieving, delusive,
ad = faithlessly, n=faithlessness Syn — Doubting, sceptical; untruthful, false, perfidious,

treacherous, deceptive.

Fake, v t. প্রভারণা-কু; To cheat, swindle

Fakir, Faquir, fa-kėr', n. [Ar. fakliai, poor]

Falcate, iai-kāt, Falcated, iai-kāt-ed, n [L flux, a sickic] বক্ত , শন্য কত্ত্বিক,ৰ স্থায় ব্যাকার , Hioked or bent like a sickle or scythe.

Falchion, fawishun, n. [ L. falz, a sickle ] ৰুদ্ৰ বৰ প্ৰকাৰ্থবেশ্ব, টালী; Short crooked sword Falcon, fawikn, n. [ L. falz, a hook ] জেন, বাল প্ৰী, A raptorial bird.

Falconor, faw'kn-cr, n. ৰাজপদী-পালনকারী; জেনগ্ৰী-পাশক, One having charge of hawks.

Falconry, faw'kn-rı, ৯. বাজপক্ষী নইবা শিকার করা বিষয়া, 'I he art of hunting with falcons.

I al datool, faw'i dstool, n. বছনীয় চৌকি; লোমডান ুল, Campstool, a folding stool, a portable stool I all, lawl, n. চ. পড়িত-ছ, অব্পতিত-ছ, To drop

इ : पदाचात्री-ए : To become prostrate :-- विर्माष-ए : वानि-ए ; To discharge itself ; to empty itself :-षर्य- र : To vanish :-- वृत्त- र : व्यक्तिश्चात- र : To sink as if dead; to die away:-- काडीय-इ: इर्जन-र : To lose strength :- क्यूडा-(श्रीववापि ब्रान-इ: To decline in power, wealth, value, or glory :--পাপে বা অযে পণ্ডিত-হ; ধর্মহীন-হ; To sink into vice, error or sin ; to depart from faith :-ख्यां त्रोर-र. रजान-र: To become dejected:--पढ़ि; To befall; to issue :--(बाल बाबिक-इ , To rush :-- नन, श्रन देखानि श्रांत ; To lose rank, worth &c.; to be degraded :- जनवंशानजांत महिल উक्कांदिज-इ; To be uttered carelessly; to drop: -সাত্ৰহে আৰম্ভ-কু; To begin with haste or vohemence:—v. t হাদ-কু; To sink, to lower:—n. भरपांत्रपन ; भप: शंजन , The act of falling ; descent by gravity :-- পতৰ; পাত . Overthrow; downfall :- मृष्टा ; Death :- अवनित , आरशाशमन : Descent from a better to a worse position:-ক্ৰমনিয়তা; Declivity or slope :-- প্ৰপ্ৰবৰ ; A cascade; cataract: — মূল্যের হ্রান; Decrease in value: — মূরণতন; মরের মুর্মানা; A sinking of tone; cadence - महरकान, Autumn; fall of the leaf --পাপে পতন : পাপে মজন ; A lapse into sin :— ক্ষের পতন , Decent of water. Syn .—(v.) Drop, sink, come down, decrease, decline; sin, err, transgress, trip, lapse; die, perish; become, be transferred, pass into; happen, come to pass.

Fall a prey to, Fall a victim to—কাছার হ বা কোন কিছুর হাবা নত্ত হওবা, Be destroyed by.

Fall away—কৃপ-ছ, Grow lean; pine:—নত্ন-ছ; To perish; to be lost —বাজবিজোহী হ, Revolt —বংশভ্যাণী-হ; Apostatise:—পাপে প্তিত-ছ, Sink into wickedness.

Fall back — প্রভাগমন-কু; পিছে হটা, Recede. Fall back on — সাত্রয় এহা-কু; Have recourse to for help.

Fall back upon—গড়ান্তর অভাবে কোন ছানে পিছাইরা আসা; Withdraw to, as to a last refuge —নগভির গতি হিসাবে কোন কিছুব উপর নির্ভর কবা, অবলম্বন স্বৰূপ থাকা; Be supported by:— Betake oneself hurriedly to (some refuge, or support.)

Fall dead from the press—পুৰেকাদি কাপা হইবা বিক্ৰম পা হওৱা; To fail to find any sale or being published, said of books.

Fall down—ভূমিশাখিত-ত্; Come to the ground. Fall foul of—গামে গামে লাগা, Collide with— আত্মৰ্থ-কু; মানাখানি-কু; A-sail; attack, make an assault, quarrel with

Fall flat on হুগদুৰ্বাহী লা হওয়া; নিয়দ ৰোগ হওয়া; Prove dull or insipid to.

Fall from- निकारी-इ; To recede from; to revolt. [vice, sin.

Fall from grace—পাগে পভিত-হ; To sink into Fall in—সম্মত-হ. To agree, to concur.—মুটা; To happen:—একবিড-ফু; To join

Fall in love, Fall in love with—প্রেম্ম-ই; থেমানত-ই; Become enamoured of,

Fall in with 一对 对下下事, To meet acci-

dentally, as a ship :-- निकार वाहरण ; To discover or come near as land:—সন্মত-হ; মেলা; To agree to :-- बहुवडी रहेडा हना : To comply with. Fall into-- অবস্থার বিপর্যার হওয়া; Pass into a worse state than the former :-- अभूदा नढ़ा ; Plow into (a sea):—ভূপ-কু; Commit a mistake:— कीन कारि भए। ; Be entrapped :-- क्वानक्रभ बूबरहाव

পড়া ( মুৰ্চ্ছা অসং সম্ব প্ৰভৃতি ) Come to a bad state. Fall into decay — মল পূলা আগু-হ; Gradually fail or be impaired. forgotten.

Fall into oblivion—বিশুড-হ; Come to be Fall into the ranks—বেশীৰজ-ই; To come into, to join the line or row, as of soldiers.

Fall off--नान-इ ; कविता वांख्या ; Growless ; diminish: —পরিভাগ-ড়ু; বদিরা পড়া; To withdraw; to abandon; to drop off; separate:—ভঙ্গ-হ; Be broken :- मुठ-इ ; Die away ; perish :- व्यव-নতির অবহায় পড়া; To decline, deteriorate :--ছাড়িয়া বাওয়া ; To disperse :—ভালিয়া বাওয়া ; To be broken :—চিত্তাকৰ্মক না হওয়া ; To become less interesting, as a periodical.

Fall on—আভ্ৰমণ-ৰূ; To attack:—অকসাৎ ও আগ্রাহেব সহিত আরম্ভ-কু; To begin suddenly and eagerly:- প্রিড-ই ; To drop on ; to descend on. Fall out-481; Happen:-- fatty-4; Quarrel. Fall out together- विवाप-क ; Quarrel.

Fall out with- दिवाप-इ . Quarrel.

Fall short of - नान-इ; कम इन्हां; Be deficient in; be less than, not to come up to; be insufficient to meet. [ the beginning Fall still born—প্রথমে অকুডকার্য-ছ ; To fail at

Fall through—অক্তকাৰ্য্য-হ: বিশ্বল-হ. To fail of accomplishment; fail, come to nothing.

Fall to-- महनानिरवर्ग-कृ; Apply oneself to:-**আগ্রহের সহিত আবস্তু-কু; আগ্রহের সহিত প্রবৃত্ত হওবা;** Begin easily and eagerly; begin eagerly to do anything:-कारात कारन गड़ा; कारात छारन गड़ा; Come to one as one's share :- মুদোমুদি-কু; Bcgin to fight .- बा बजा ; To cat :- পঢ়িতে বা कवा ৰহিতে আবস্ত করা; To read or to walk.

Fail to one's lot—ভাগো মটা; Happen to one without his planning.

Fall to the ground—অকৃতকাৰ্যা-হ; বাৰ্য-হ, কেনে यांश्या . जूडनभारी इंडब्रा ; To fail ; to come to nothing; not to stand, fail from lack of support. Fall over--विद्याही-इ; To revolt; to fall beyond. Fall under - जूक-र : Come under or within the limits of ; to be included in :—লেপীৰছ-ছ ; To be ranged or reckoned with :- अशीन- ह ; To beserved or noticed by one. come subject to. Fall under one s notice—y8-₹; To be ob-Fall upon—উপবে পড়া ; चाक्रमा-इ ; Attack.

Fallacious, fal-lashus, a. প্ৰবৃষ্ক ; বিখা ; অমূলক ; প্রভারণাপুর্ব ; Delusive ; deceitful ; not well founded; misleading. n=fallaciousness. ad=fallaciously. Sym: - Deceptive, false, illusory, disappointing, moking.

Fallacy, fala-si, n. [L. fallacia, from fallax, deceitful] मिशा निकास ; असात्र निकास ; अयात्रक वृक्ति ; প্রভারণা , Deceptive appearance ; sophism ; deceitfulness. Syn :- Deception, illusion, misconception, error, mistake; sophistry,

Fallen, a. পতিত ; Dropped ; degraded ; ruined Fallible, fali-bl, a. [ L. falle, to deceive ] atw; व्यवनीन ; Liable to err or mistake. n=fallibility (बार्कि)। ad=fallibly. Syn :-Erring, uncertain, weak, ignorant, frail, imperfect.

Falling sickness—মুনীরোগ ; Epilepsy.

Falling star-Gaffre; Meteor.

Fallow, falo, a. পাডিড; অৰুপ্ত: Left untilled after having been ploughed for culture; uncultivated :—n. পতিত ভূমি ; কবিত অধ্চ অৰুপ্ত ভূমি 🕻 Land ploughed but not seeded for the season : -- v. t. ভূমিতে বীজ বপন না করিয়া কেবল কর্ষণ-কু; To plough land without seeding it.

Fallow-deer, falo-der, n. appista elaq: A species of deer.

Lie fallow—হলাদি খারা কর্ষিত হইরা পতিত থাকা : গৰ আবাদী থাকা, Lie uncropped; remain unexercised. [ The state of being untilled. Fallowness, falu-nes, n. অৰুপ্ত পতিত অবস্থা: False, fawls, n. [L. fallo, to deceive] মিখাবাদী : Untrue :- अमजावानी ; मिशावानी ; Untruthful :-অসাধু; Dishonest :--বিশাসবাতক; Treacherous :--কণ্টী; Hypocritical:--জাযুলক; Not well founded, erroneous:-- অবিশ্বাসী; Not faithful:--কৃত্রিম; অপ্রকৃত; Not genuine or real. n=falseness. ad=falsely. Syn:-(a) Incorrect, improper; lying, mendacious; unjust, deficient; perfidious, faithless; spurious, counterfeit, forged; feigned, deceptive, deceitful, fallacious, disappointing. [ awkward predicament.

A false position—গোলে পঢ়া বা ফেবা; An A false step-পদখলন : অবিবেচনার কাজ: অম ; An injurious course or proceeding.

Be false to-বিশাস্থাতকতা করা; Act treacherously towards. [ Commit a blunder. Take a false stop—কোৰ অনে পভিত হুৎয়া; False-faced, a. কণনী; Hypocritical; deceitful.

False-hearted, a. বিধান্যাতক ; Treacherous ; deceitful.

Falsehood, fawlshood, n. বিখ্যা; বিখ্যা কথা; অসভ্য বৰ্ণনা; Untruth; lie; an untrue statement. Syn: - Falsity, fiction, fabrication, fib; imposture, deception.

False imprisonment—আইন-বিকল কাৰাবাৰ; Unlawful imprisonment.

False pretonces—টাকা পাইবার জন্ত মিখ্যা কথন ; Untrue representations to obtain money.

Falsette, Falsetto, fawl-seto, n. অবাভাবিক প্রব : কুত্রিম খর; Notes beyond the natural compass; artificial voice.

Falsification, fawls-i-fi-kashun, n. অসত্য করণ : खार्थ। छार धारान ; The act of making false ; the giving to a thing the appearance of something which it is not.

Falsifier, fawlsi-fi'er, n. निशाकातक; One who gives to a thing deceptive appearance.

Falsify, fawlsi-fi, v. t. [ L. falsus, false, and facio, to make ] मिथा वना ; मिथा-इ ; To make untrue ; tell falsehoods :-- অবিখান্য প্রমাণ-ক ; To baffle. Syn:-Misrepresent, missate, garble, belie; disprove, refute, contradict; violate, break by falsehood, n=falsification; falsifier.

Pelaity, fawisi-ti, n. [L. falsus, faise ] विशा क्षत्र ; A false assertion ; falsehood.

Palter, fawiter, v.i বত্ৰত বা; কণাৰান হ; কণিত-হ; হৰ্মন হ; অহিয়চিত হ; To tumble or totter; to slammer; to hesitate; to waver; to be feeble or irresolute. Syn:—Waver, totter, tremble, stutter, hesitate.

Falteringly, fawlter-ing-li, ad. 4848 4171; 2008: 4171; With hesitation.

Pame, fam, n. বাড়ি; বৰ; Celebrity; renown; reputation:—বৰ্মৰ; Public report or rumour:
—n. t. বিবাত-ড়; To make famous. Syn:—
(n) Rumour, hearsay, brunt; credit, honour, celebrity, notoriety.

Known to fame--বিবাত।

Famed, famd, s. fights; Celebrated; renowned.

Pamiltar, fa-milyar, a. [L. familia, a family]
পাৰিবাৰিক : পাৰ্থয় ; Domestic ; household ; homely :- পারিচিত ; ফপরিচিত ; Well-known ; intimate :
— আলানী ; মুক্ত , সরল, Easy ; free :--পাছিত ; Wellwersed in (a study) .-- নমাক্রপে উপলক ; Well
understood, as a book of science :-- না পরিচিত
লোক ; ক্পরিচিত ব্যক্তি ; One long acquainted, an
intimate .- ভূতা ; House-servant .-- ভূত , ক্পদেবতা ;
A demon supposed to come at all. Syn:-Domiciliary ; close, near, friendly ; conversant ;
well-known, common, accustomed ; unconstrained, unceremonious.

Familiar to-কোন বিবয়ে কাহারও বিশেষ জানা গুনা; Well-known to one ( used of things ).

Familiar with— কাহাৰও সহিত পাঁৰচিত, কিংবা কোন বিষয়ে বিশেষ অবগত, Well-acquainted with (used of a person or thing)

Familiariso, fa-mil-yar-iz, v. t পৰিচিত-তৃ, অভ্যত-তৃ, To make familiar, to accustom, to habituate.

Familiarity, fa-mil-ye-ar'i-ti, ল থনিট্ডা, Intimate acquaintanceship — অব্যাহত আলাপ, Freedom from constraint. Syn — Acquaintance, fellowship, intercourse, friendliness, friendship, good understanding

Familiarity breeds contempt—লোকের সঙ্গে ব্য আলাপ ইউলে সুণা হয়; কাহার সহিত অধিক বনিইতা হউলে পরস্থারের দোবঙা আনাজানি হয়, স্থতহাং প্রস্থারের প্রতি অপুরাগ বা সম্থান লোগ হয়, When two persons come to know each other intimately, they find out each other's weakness and gradually lose esteem for each other.

Pamily, famili, n [L. famulus, a servant]
পরিবার, একবংশীর ব্যক্তিবর্গ; Houshold — ছাতি,
Race; tribe — বংশা, পোতা, Good descent; lineage:—স্মান্ত বংশা; A group of kindred individuals, more comprehensive than a genus
Syn:—Kindred, clan, house, geneology, lineage, descent; order, group. [nant.

Be in the family way—গর্বতী-হ; Be preg-Family connection—ৰম বা 'বিবাহসতা আৰম্ভ; One connected by birth or marriage.

Family likeness, n. পারিবারিক সাঁগৃত ; Strong point of resemblance.

Femily tie—Marian was; The bound of

union and affection between members of the same family.

Family way—গর্ভবতী ; বস্তঃসন্থা ; Pregnant. Joint family—একারবর্তী পরিবার ৷

Famine, famin, n [ L. fames, hunger ] \* General scarcity of food; dearth; destitution.

Syn:—Dearth, hunger, starvation.

Famish, famish. v. t. অন্তাহার কো-বে; আহার কা থিয়া আগবং-ড়; To strave, kill or destroy with hunger:—v. i. অন্তাহাবে মনা; অনাহারে কো-পা; To die or suffer extreme hunger. মান্ত্রিকাজhment. Famishment, famish-ment, ম. অনাহারে আগতাার বা কোভোগ; Starvation.

Famous, famus, a famo; Renowned, noted. ad=famously. Syn—Remarkable, signal, notonous, conspicuous, illustrious, eminent, excellent, glorious.

Fan, fan, n. পাধা; An instrument for producing currents of air by motion of a broad surface:

ত. t. পন্য বাড়া কৰা; Utensil to winnow grain:
পাধা-কু; পাধা দিয়া বাড়ান-কু; Use a fan; to cool with a fan; ventilate —পন্য বাড়া; To winnow.

Fan into a flame—বাতাস দিলা আলাইয়া দেওৱা; আন্তৰ্শ আলাইয়া দেওৱা; Kindle by fanning; excite to a high degree or great vehemence, foment.

Fan the flame—আলগ জালান ; বিশ্বণ আন্তণ জালিয়া দেল্লা , Kindle the flame , aggravate an evil.

Fanatic, fa-natik, Fanatical, fanatik-al, c. মতান্ত উৎসাধী, ধর্মেষত, Enthusiastic, religiously mad. ad=frantically. Syn.—Visionary, bigot, zealot, devotee, enthusiast.

Fanatic, fa-natik, ম. ধর্মোয়ত বাজি: An enthusiast, one affected by excessive and unreasoning zeal

Fanoiful, first-fool, a कहनांशिय, वांस्त्यकाती; वहनांश्य, Full of or guided by fancy, whith such, wild. ad=fancifully, n fancifulness Syn — Imaginative, ideal, fantastical, capricious, chimerical, unreal, visionary, imaginary

Fanoy, fansi, n. কল্লনাশক্তি, কল্লনা, Creative imagination, thought —কচি, Taste, inclination —পেলাল, Capice, whim —v.: বাহা ইজ্বা থেয়াল ভ্র-কৃ. That which pleases the taste or caprice —কল্লনা-কৃ, গছল-কৃ; Imagine, like:
—v.t. কল্লনা-কৃ, মনোমধ্যে ছাছ্ট্ট-কৃ, গছল-কৃ; To form a conception of, to have a fancy or liking for —a আনন্তন্তনক, Elegrant; made to please the fancy Syn —(n) Conceptive faculty, idealization, conception, notion, index, thought, liking, fondness, inclination, taste; conceit, crotchet, fantacy, freak, (v) Suppose, believe, think, conceive, wish, desire.

Take a fancy to, Have a fancy for—ৰাহারত বা কোন বিৰয়ের উপন্ন ধেরাল হওয়া, Form a liking for one (more out of caprice than reason).

Take fancy—河西 ; Like.

Pancy fair-दौरनारकत वाकात: Fair held by ladies for some charitable object,

Fanoy goods -- signs we astill ; Goods made for the fashion. f person. Fencymonger, s. wastes be: A whimsical Fancy sick, a. 4144; Distempered in mind. Fancy work-श्रीलाक्द कांक्कार्य ; [ in prize fighting. ormamental work. The fancy, n. 4574; Black guards engaged Fane, fan, n [ L. fari, to speak, to dedicate ] ৰৰ্মনিৰ ; ভৱনালয় ; A temple ; a church. Faniare, faifar, n. (छत्री-मिनाप ; वापाधानि ; बक्win; ww: Flourish of trumpets; a boast; a bravado. Panfaron, fahfa-ron, n. পৰ্বিত বাজি; দাভিক লোক; A blusterer; boaster; a bully. Fanfaronade, fan-far-on-ad, n. वृथार्कात ; विशा WE : Bluster : vain boasting. Bang, fang, n. [A. S. fan, to seize] গাঁড; পাবা; मरत ; A claw or talon ; long nail or tusk. Fanged, langd, a. খাত-নগর-বিশিষ্ট; Having fangs. Fangled, n. নৃত্ৰ উদ্বাৰিত মৃত; A new fangled notion; one just started or entertained. Fanner, faher, n. भना वाहिदात या ; A machine used for winning grain &c. :- (व वाकि भाषा विद्या ৰাভাগ করে: One who fans. Fanlight, fahlit, n. গৰাক বিশেষ; A window resembling in form an open fan. Fanpalm, fanpam, n. ভালজাতীয় বৃহ্বিশেব; A species of palm. Fantasia, fan-la'yı-a, a. অনিয়মিত রচিত সঙ্গীত বিৰেষ ; A fanciful musical composition. Fantastic, fan-tastik, Fantastical, fan-tastik-al, a. कांश्रनिक ; क्श्रिक ; अवार्श्ववक ; श्रामरश्रानी ; Imaginary; unreal; whimsical; odd. ad = fantastically. Syn: -Fanciful, imaginative, ideal, visionary, chimerical, capricious, odd, [ A dandy queer. Fantastic, fan-taitik, n. क्नवान : (थाव-(भावाकी ; Fantastic roots-অনিম্নিত; Wild or irregular [ phantom. Fantasy, n. কলনা ; আকাশচিতা ; Fancy ; whim ; Far, far, a. পুরস্থা, Pistant; remote :-অভিপ্রায়-বিকৃষ্ণ ; Contrary to purpose or design :-ad. অধিক পরিমাণে; অনেকছুর পর্যান্ত; To a great extent; very much; to a certain distance. As far as it lies in one—সাধ্যাসুসারে: To the [ large degree. best of one's powers. By far-ৰভাষিক পৰিষাণে; Very much; in a Far about-नदा बक बाला शिया; By a long circuitous course; going much out of the way. Far advanced in life or years—qu; Aged. Far and few between—चानक विन खखद: To [ near at hand. long intervals. Far and near-मृत्य अवः निकटि ; Distant and Far and wide - চারিণিকে वहपूत्र शर्या ; To a great extent or distance; in all directions; over [ my wish or purpose. a large space. Far be it from me—जागांव देखा नरह; It is not Far famed—জগৰিখ্যাত। Far fetched, far'-fecht, a. কটকলিড ; অবাভাবিক ;

Far sighted, Far seeing, a. प्राणी ; Calculating and providing for remote issues :--निक्षेष्ट् वस मिथिए अनगर्द ; Unable to see near objects distinctly. Far from—जातक जूरत ; जातक जूब रहेरछ ; At a great distance from :—जूरलहे नां ; Not at ali ; by no means :-- (कान किছू ) एउन्न कि कन्ना पूर्व थाकूक ; Instead of. Far from it-देश अकवाद नाह ; It is very different :-- দে কথাই নৱ; Nothing of the kind; not at all thought of or contemplated :-- ज मुरनह बरह : Not at all. [ distance. Far off, Far away-46 qua; At a great Far other সম্পূৰ্ণ বিভিন্ন ; Very different. Few and far between-नातक निन क्छन ; न्याम ছমাস অভার; Occurring at long intervals ( of time ) :- YES YES; Occurring at great intervals ( of distance '. [tance. From far-जानक पृत्र होएछ ; From a great dis-In so far as—এই প্ৰান্ত বে ; বে পৰ্যন্ত ; To the extent that. [ point (distance or time). Thus far-এই পৰ্যান্ত (খান বুকার); Up to this Too far gone--অৱধ কিবো কিছুতে অভিভূত বা অবসম ; Deeply affected by some strong influence ( as desease, love, or drink ), be in a hopeless or desperate condition. Farce, färs, n. L. farcio, to stuff ] প্ৰহুণৰ; ভাডামি ; শুক্তগর্ভ হাস্যঞ্জনক দুক্ত ; বুখাড়ম্বর ; Ludicrous dramatic entertainment; buffoonery; a mock ceremony; ludicrousness; ridiculous or empty show. Farcical, far il-kal, a. হাস্যকর; হাস্যক্র ; আছ-मनिक ; Ludicrous. ad=farcically. Syn :-Ludicrous, droll, funny, laughable, comic, ridiculous. Fare, fai, v. t. [G: fahren, to go] sai ; To go ; travel :--কোন অবস্থায় অবস্থিত-কু; Be in any state : ভারষশ ঘটে , Happen well or ill :- कुछक्। शु-र : To get on or succeed :- cetsa-w; To feed :- n. অমণ . Journey :--ভাড়া ; The price of passage : - 417); Provisions; food. Syn .- (v) Travel, journey, speed; subsist, live, feed. Farewell, far-wel, interj. খড়ি; তোমার মহল ছউক ; Good bye ; fare you well :-- স. বিদায় প্রছৰ : প্রহান; Adieu; taking leave:-a. বিদায়কালীন; विमानपुष्ठक ; Parting, valedictory. Farina, fa-ri'na, n. [ L. far, a sort of grain ] चमाक्तिय हुन ; यहा ; Meal ; flour :-- भूज्यदर् ; Pollen of plants. Farinacious, far-in-ashus, a. (नायम हर्नम वा अप ; हुर्गमत्र ; हुर्गदर ; Mealy ; made of flour ; yielding flower. Farm, farm, n. কমার কমি; বোডের কৃমি; Tract of ground under tillage; hired land; land rented for cultivation : - ভুসন্পৃত্তি ; A landed estate :-v. t. ভূমির ইন্ধারা-দে; জমা-দে; ভাড়া বিলি-কু; To let out to tenants or collector at a rent; to take at certain rate ; to take on lease :- कृषि कर्रग-कृ ; ज्यादीप-कृ ; Till land ; to cultivate. Farm house, n. গোলাবাড়ী; A house attached to a farm for the residence of a farm. Farm yard, n. (श्रीनांत चन्न ; A yard or enclo-

sure attached to a barn.

eleborately strained; unnatural.

Forced; not easily or naturally introduced;

Let to farm-जना-त्न , Lease on rent.

Owner of a farm-কেত্ৰপতি।

Farmer, farmer, n. कृषक ; कृषिषायमात्री ; An agriculturist ; a husbandman :— (पांक्रांत ; क्या-क्यित गांडोगांत ; One who hires and cultivates a farm — क्य-मः(बांडक , क्य-मः(बांडकोत्री ; One who collects taxes for a certain rate per cent. Syn — Agriculturist, husbandman, lessee, collector Farming, farming, n. कृषि ; कृषियायमांच , The business of cultivating land

Paro, far'o, n. ভাগা-নিগায়ক এক প্রকাব ভাস খেলা ,

A game of chance played with cards.

Farrago, far-rago, n. [L. far, a sort of grain] নানা ক্ৰব্যে মিত্ৰিত জড়পিও, নানা ক্ৰয় মিত্ৰিত বস্তু · A confused mass, a jumble.

Farrior, far'ı-ër, n [l. ferrum, iron 'বে বোডার পালে লাল মারে, অধ্চিকিংসক, অধ্-বৈদ্য, Horseshoer, horse-docter, veterinary surgeon.

Farriery, far'ı-er-ı, n আন্টিকিংসা, Art of curing the disease of cattle

Farrow, far'ö, n [A S. fearh, a pig] শুক্র-শাক্ষ্মুছ, Litter of pigs —v. s. and n t শুক্র-শাক্ষ প্রায় কু. To bring forth pigs

**Farthor**, lar'ther, a দুৰ্ভব, দীৰ্ঘতর, অভিবিক্ত, Remoter, more distant, additional —ad. দুৰ্ভর, আর অধিক, অধিকস্ত, More remotely, beyond, more over

Farthost, ভিr'thest, a দ্যতম , স্কাণেকা অধিক দৃব বন্ধী , Most distant or remote —ad স্কাণ্শবা অধিকদ্ব পথ্যস্ত ; At or to the greatest distance.

Farthing, fai'thing, n. চত্থাংশ, পেৰিব চত্থাংশ, উপত দেশেৰ কছ মুদ্ৰা অন্ধ প্ৰদা তুলা, Fourth part, fourth of a penny, very small price.

Farthingale, far'thing-gal, ম এক প্ৰকাৰ আপুৰা, A kind of l cop made of whalebone for distending the diess. f bundle

Fasces, n একাৰ বাজা ছচি, Rods tied in a Fascicle, fa'i-kl, n. [L jascis, a bundle] পুলা ভাচ, A close cluster, with the flowers much crowded together, as in the weet-william.

Fascicular, fas-আঁটো-lar, Fasciculato, fas-জাটো-lit, a প্রজ্বাদা সংগ্রিড, United as in a bundle

Fascinato, বিধা-গত্তা, ত.ধ. [ L. f.scine. to bewitch] মেহিড কু, বিশেক্তি-কু, Bewitch, enchant, to charm, captuale, encapture

Fascinating, a 明晰布章, Charming.

Fascination, fas-i-ni hun, n ৰেছিন, বিশেষন, বোহিনীলাকৈ, বাজ্জন, friesistible power of chirming. Syn —Enchantment, witchcraft, charm, spell, attraction

Pasoino, fas-জান, n [I faccis, a bundle] কামান-উজোলনাদি কাথো বাবসত এক প্ৰকাৱ কাষ্ট্ৰেকাটি, A bundle of rods, used in raising batteries, filling diches, &c

Fashion, fashun, n [L facio, to make] আকাৰ, আকৃতি, গঠন; Shape, form, cut.—প্ৰচণিত নীতি, A prevailing custom —নীতি, প্ৰকাৰ, ধারা, Manner, sort; way —আনূৰ্ণ, Pattern — ভূদমান্ত; Genteel society — v t গঠন-কৃ, নিৰ্মাণ-কৃ, Io make, to mould according to a pattern, to form:—ভণ্যোগী-কৃ, To suit, to fit or

adopt. n=fashioner. Sym:-(m) Appearance, style, figure; custom.

After the fashion of— প্রচলিত রীভি অনুসারে; রেবণাল সভে . According to the custom; in accordance with the custom or general practice of. Fashion-mongor, n. বিলাসী বাজি . A person of fashion . fop :— a. বিলাসিভা-লিম ; Fashionmongering , foppish
Out of fashion— অপ্রচলিত , অচল ; out of use out of use fashionable. fashion-a-bl, n. প্রচলিত বাবাস্বামী; প্রচলিত বাবাস্বামী ; প্রচলিত বাবাস্বামী , প্রচলিত বাবাস্বামী ; ভালে বিভাগ্ন বিভাগ্ন বিল্লাল লা dress or living :— ভাল , উচ্চ সমান্তে বিভ্বশীন ; Gentle ; mingling in

ভদ্ৰ, ভক্ত সমাজে বিশ্ববাৰণ ; Gentle ; mingling in high society:—প্রচলিত . Current:—n. বিশাসী ; A person of fishion ad=fashionably. n=fashionableness Syn—(a) Current, prevailing; modesh, stylish, genterl, well-bred

East, fast, a. मृठ; मजदूड; Closely pressed; firm - पृष्ठ , विशानी ; Fixed ; steadlast ; faithful — महेव. क नगानी, Quick. swift - विनिष्ठ ; Strong -शबीब , Deep , sound -- निक्य , Sure : - অণ্বিমিডাচাৰী, লম্প্ট, Extravagant, dissipated - इंग्रेकांगे, Rash - ad मृज्यूरण; मङ्ग्ररण : Firmly —গভাবৰূপে . গাচৰূপে . Soundly or sound —কত্বেগে, ক্রডাবে: Swiftly —অপরিমিত कारभ , अवभाकरभ , Extravagantly - " উপবাস , অনাহাব , Abstinence from food :-- উপবাস-কাল: Time of tasting .- v. s. Briting, waterig wini; To abstain from food Syn:—(a) Immovable, secure, fortified impregnable, constant, steadfast, stunch, profound, fleet, quick, rapid; gay, dissipated, extravagant, wild.

Break one's fast উপবাদান্তে ভক্ৰ-কু, Put an end to a period of abstinence by food.

Fast and looso—অনিধানী, অন্তন্ত, অন্তন্তিত; Suppery in dealing and unreliable; insincere, incon tent.

Fast seleop-etofes i

Fast by or Fast aside—নিকটে, Close or near Fast day—ব্যাহের উপবাদের দিন, উপবাদ দিবদ, A day of religious fasting.

Fast friend-খনিচ মিৰ।

Fast girl-প্রাপ্তা বালিকা; A young girl aping the manners of young men

Fast handed, a বছমুট, কুপণ; ধনলোভী; Close fisted, avancious. [a licertime.

Fast man — ৰপাট, A man of dissolute habits; Fast to doath—অনুশন দাবা প্ৰাণ্ড্যাপ-কৃ।

Fast ways —লাম্পটা; বিশাসিঙা, A dissipated and extravagent course of living; fashionable and extravagant living [ted course of living. Livo fast—হততাগ্য জীবনবাপন-কৃ, Lead a dissipa-Play fast and loose—অবাৰহিত চিত্তের ভার কার্য-কৃ, (চাহুরাপুন্নক) অবাৰহিত চিত্তের ভার আচরণ-কৃ; Act with inconsistency.

Faston, fain, ৩ t. সংবছ-তৃ; বছ-তৃ, Lock; to bolt and bar — গৃঢ়-তৃ; হণ্ড-তৃ; গুড় সংলগ্ন-তৃ, To make firm; hard:—সংলগ্ন-তৃ, বোগ-তৃ; To attach, affix, annex — ৩. i. সংবছ-তৃ; To fix one's self — n. বজনী; হড়কা; Fastening, that which fastens, lock etc. Syn:—Fix, coment, link, secure, unite, bind together, clinch.

Fastening, fasn-ing, n. तक्तनः व्यर्गनामि नःरक्तक वरा : Anything that fastens,

Faster, faster, M. উপবাসী ; One who fasts.

Fastidious, fas-tidi-us, a. [ L. fastus, pride, and toedium, loathing | ছুপ্রাদা; ছুপ্তোদ্নীয়; Overnice; squeamish; difficult to please. n=fastidiousness, ad=fastidiously. Syn:-Hypercritical, difficult, punctilious, dainty, over-delicate.

Fasting, fasting, n. ব্ৰেছ জন্ম উপৰাস; Religious

Fastness, fastnes, n. 4551; The state of being firm; firmness: - Ff; Stronghold; fortress; castle.

Fat, fat, a. चुनाकांद ; मारमन ; Plump ; fleshy :---इन ; मिडि ; Coarse ; gross :- मूर्थ ; Dull :-जिनाक ; Oily :- উर्वता ; ফলগ্रम ; फ्लार्भामी ; Fruitful; productive:—n. চর্নি; মেদ; কায়; Greasy part of anything :- উৎকৃষ্ট অংশ; সাহভাগ; Best part of anything :-কাধ্য বিনা বেতন; Pay without work :-- अमार्गाव ; Vat :- v. t. अमकाश-क : নোটা-কু; To make fat :- v. i. নোটা-ই; To grow fat. n=fatness, fatiness. Syn:-(a) Corpulent; greasy, unctuous; heavy, gross; stupid; fertile, lucrative, rich.

Fat-brained, a. সুবৃদ্ধি; Dull of apprehension. Fat-headed, a. अश्वि ; Dull.

Fat office, n. যে কার্যো অল পরিশ্রম করিয়া অনেক বেতৰ লাভ হয়: An office yielding abundant pay for slight labour. I richest products of land. Fat of the land—অত্যুৎকুই ফদল; The best or Fat-witted, a. 44; Dull ; stupid.

Fatal, fatal. a. দালাভিক; মৃত্যুদ্ধনক; Mortal; deadly:--কুশকর; অভ্ডকর; Calamitous; unlucky :-- अनिवार्था ; Inevitable ; necessary. Syn : -Lethal; destructive; ruinous, mischievous; inevitable.

Fatal to-- দাংঘাতিক; Causing the death of :--( क्यान वृक्ति व) विषयात्र शक्ति ) भीतात्रक ; Ruinous to. Fatalism, fatal-izm, n. अन्दर्शन ; The doctrine that all things happen by inevitable doom.

Fatalist, fatal-ist, n. अपटेरांगी; One who believes in fatalism.

Fatalistic, Intal-ist-ic, a. অদৃইবাদ-সম্ধীয় ; অদৃষ্ট-বাৰসংস্কৃত্ত; Belonging to or partaking of fatalism. Fatality, fat-ali-ti, n. বিধিনি-র্বন্ধ; ভবিতবাতা: युष्ठा ; The fixed tendency to disaster or death ; mortality.

Fate, fat, n. [ L. fatus, spoken, fair, to speak ] अपृष्टे ; नियुष्टि ; চরমকল ; Lot ; doom ; destiny ; final issue :- पृष्ठा ; Death ; destruction :- रेप्य-ঘটনা : Chance.

As fate would have it — সদৃষ্টবৰত:, ভাগ্যক্ৰমে i An irony of fate—अपृष्टेत (केव : अपृष्टित हुआ ; A providence which brings about events most

Decide the fate of-কাহারও পতি কি হইবে বা ভাগো কি আছে তাহা ছিব ক্বা; Settle what is to be the final lot of.

Seal one's fate—বাহা নিশ্চন ঘটিৰে ভাবা স্থিন করা : অদৃষ্ট লিপিতে সহি মোহর; Decide one's fate; fix one's doom unaiterably.

Share the fate of, Share the same fate -

(কাহারও) সহিত একদশা প্রাপ্ত-হ; Meet with the same misfortune as.

Tempt fate-বিপদ ভেকে আনা; Court danger or destruction. [ stined.

Fated, fated, a. অদৃষ্টাধীন : প্রাক্তন ; Doomed ; de-Fates, fats, n. pl. अपृष्टरावी; ভাগাফল-निर्गातिका দেশীতা ; The three goddesses (Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos) supposed to determine the birth, life and death of men.

Father, fä'ther, n. পিডা: প্রপারেষ: আদিপরুষ: Male parent; forefather; a first ancester :-উদ্ভাৰক : উদ্ভাবনকারী ; A contriver or originator :--সন্মানস্চক পদবী; প্রবীণত্তস্চক উপাধি; A title of respect; one venerated for age, kindness, wisdom &c. :—প্রথম শতাদীর পৃতীয় ধর্মগ্রন্থ লেপকগণ ; An ec-পরমপিতা ( ঈশর ); The Almighty Father :- রোম-(नश्मद वावश्राभक मजात मजा ; A senator of ancient Rome :-- ৮. ই. অন্য-দে ; পোন্যপুত্ররূপে গ্রহণ-কু ; সন্তান-স্থানীয়-ক: কোন কিছব কারণ বলিগা আপনাকে নিদ্দেশ-ক: To beget, to adopt; acknowledge oneself as author of. Syn: -- Ancestor, progenitor, forefather; senator, spiritual teacher, spiritual guide, confesser, author, maker, originator, inventor, creator. [ barrister.

Father of the Bar-অভি বৃদ্ধ কৌন্সলি; Oldest Father Neptune-HAN: The ocean.

To be gathered to one's fathers—पुड-इ: পরলোকগত-হ : To die.

To father on a person-कारताल-क ; To ascribe something to a person as its father.

Fatherhood, fä'ther-hood, n. পিতৃত; পিক্রেচিড প্রভূত ; State of being a father; fatherly authority; paternity. [ father.

Father-in-law, fa'ther-in-law, n. 49%; Wife's Fatherland, fa'th-er-land, n. লয়ভূমি; মাতভূমি; The land of one's father.

Fatherless, fa'ther-les. a. পিতৃহীৰ, Without a father :—অভাতজনক ; Having no known author. n =fatherlessness.

Fatherly, fä'ther-li, a. পিতৃত্বা; পৈতৃক; কোমল; বেইময়; Paternal; like a father in affection and care; tender. n=fatherliness.

Fathom, fathum, n. एव कृडे श्विमांग रेक्का; ठाकि হাত : A measure of length 6 ft :- v. t. মাপ ক ; পরিমাণ-কু; পভীরভা ঠিক-কু; Measure by a sounding line; sound the depth. a=fathomable, fathomless. Syn: -(v) Sound; penetrate, reach the bottom of ; divine, comprehend.

Fathomable, a. পরিষয় ; Able to be fathomed. Fathomless, a. অতলপূৰ্ব অগাধ; That cannot be fathomed. Syn: -Bottomless, abysmal, profound.

Fatigue, fa-teg', n. [L. fatigo, to weary] 对信; ক্লেণ; প্রান্তি; পরিপ্রম; শ্রম; Weariness; toil:--v. t. क्रांख-क ; क्रिष्टे-क ; व्यवमत्त-क ; इम्रदोन-क ; Weary; tire; harass. Syn: - (n) Lassitude, languor, exervation, weakness; labour, toil, hardship; extraduty. (v) Jade, exhaust, weaken.

Inured to fatigue-- পरिव्यय- महिस्।

Fatling, fatling, n. (AID) (BIB 98; 1835 18-শাসক; A young fat animal.

Fatness, fatnes, n. ছুলডা ; নাংসলছ ; Fullness of flesh :—উর্জনড়া ; Richness ; fertility.

Patten, fatn, v. t. মোটা-কু; সুলকায়-কু; To make fat; feed well:—উৰ্বায়-কু; To make fertile — v. s. মোটা-কু; To grow fat. n=fattener, fattening.
[ which fattens

Fattener, fain-er, n. ছুলকাৰক; He who or that Fattening, fain-ing, n. ছুলতাসাধন-মীতি; ছুলকাৰজ প্ৰান্তি; The process of making fat, the state of growing fat.

Fatty, fati, a. মেদোব্জ; বসাব্জ; তুলভাবিশিষ্ট; Containing fat or having the qualities of fat

Fatuity, fa-tu'e-te, n. হীনবৃদ্ধিতা; দুৰ্মলতা: দৌৰ্পালা; Imbecility; weakness of mind Syn:—Foolishness, idiocy, folly, infatuation.

Fatuous, fatu-us, a. [ I. fatuus, foolish ] বল-হীন; ফুৰ্কাল; নিষ্টেল; Feeble in mind, weak:— অসম্ভব; অবাতাৰিক; Illusory; without reality:— নিৰ্কোষ; Silly. Syn:—Idiotic, imbecite, illusory deceptive.

Fauces, faw-ses, n. pl. কঠের উপরিভাগ; কঠনালীর উল্ভিন ভাগ, The upper part of the throat from the root of the tongue to the entrance of the gullet.

Faucet, faw'set, n [Fr fausser, to falsify, to pierce ] পিপাৰ ৰল, চুলি: Spout for a bairel.

Faugh, n. 'ডি' শব্দ, ঘূণাব্যপ্তক পদ , Exclamation of contempt or discust.

Fault, fawlt, n [ L fu'lo, to deceive ] জম; জুল, প্রমাদ: দোৰ, ক্রট; Failing; blunder; offence, blemish, vice. Syn.—Defect, flaw, imperfection, weakness, trespass, misdemeanous, wrong, delinquency, error, mistake, omission; default, want of [censiousness Fault-finding, a. দোৰদ্ধা; Cen vious. n= Bo at fault—কুরাবর আম আব হবা-হ; Lose scent as a dog.—মাদা লাগা; আছ-হ, Be puzzled, be at a loss.

Be in fault—দোধী-ছ; কোন দেখেৰ কাণ্য কৰা, Be to blame; be wrong, have done wrong.

to blame; be wrong, have done wrong. Find fault with—নিশা-ক; দোৰ বৰা, Blame, censure; complain of.

Faultless, fawitles, a দোষপুত্ত, নির্ফোষ্ ; নির্ফুষ্ ; Without fault:—পূর্ণ ; perfect. n=faultlessuess. ad=faultlessly. Syn:—Correct, accurate, innocent, guiltless, blamcless, spotless, stainless. Faulty, fawit, a. দোষপুত্ত ; দোৰপুৰ, দোষী, দিন্দাই, Containing or guilty of faults, blamable—অনশ্রপ, Imperiect. n=faultness ad=faultily. Syn:—Defective, bad; censurable, wrong, erroneous.

Faun, lawn, n. [L faveo, fautum, to favour]
त्वका विष्णव : वमरावका ; A wood elf ; god of shepherds and fields.

Fauna, fawha, n. pl. কোন প্রবেশের বা কালের বন্ধ সমূহ; The animals of any given area or epoch. Favour, fa'vur, n. [L. faveo, to favour, befriend] অনুপ্রহ; মসংস্কো, প্রস্থাদ, সাহায়া; অনুকল্পা; দ্যা; দান; উপহার; উপকার; Kind regard; good will; grace, support, patronage; a kind act or office; gift; benefit:—গ্র; A letter—so called in compliment:—v.t. সাহাব্য-কৃ; অপুরহ-কৃ; আপুকৃষ্য-কৃষ্
; To assist; to befriend; regard with kindness:—পক্ষমবর্ধ-কৃ; পকাব্যবহন-কৃ. To be on side of; uphold:—সাহাব্য-কৃ; To afford advantages to; facilitate. Syn:—(n) Kindness, countenance, vindication; boon, present; communication. n=favourer.

Be out of favour—ত্ত্তিত্ত ; Be held in dislike. Curry favour—তোবামোদ করিয়া অনুপ্রহ লাভ-কু; Gain favour by flattery.

Find favour in one's eyes— रनकार कार्। ; क्रिय-इ ; Be graciously received or treated ; be liked by one , secure one's favour.

In favour of—অৰ্কুলে; In support of; in behalf of; on the side of.

In favour with—অনুদোদিত; অনুগৃহীত; Favoured by; countenanced by.

With or by one's favour—কাহারও অসুরহে; With one's leave; by kind permission of one.

Favourable, savur-a-bl, a. উপকারী, প্রসন্ত কৃণা-বাল; Friendly; propitious — অসুকৃতা, Conductive to — ত্বিধাজনক; Convenient; advantageous:—উপবেণী; Adopted, suitable. ad=savourably. n=savourableness. Syn:—Kind, auspicious, willing, well-disposed; fit, beneficial; conductive to, contributing to.

Favourable look—প্ৰদান দৃষ্টি।

Favourable wind-অসু দুল বাৰু।

Favourite, favur-it, n প্রিয়পতি; সমানুত বন্ধ বা ব্যক্তি; One countenanced; one beloved, a dar ling:—a. প্রিয়; মান্ত; Esteemed; beloved, preferred. Syn:—(n) Pet, love, dear, minion.

Favouritism, filvur-it-izm, n. পক্ষণাভিছ; পক্ষণাভিছ; পক্ষণাভিছ ; কাজান পাত; অপ্তথ্যহ-প্ৰদৰ্শন; System of having favourites; partiality.

Fawn, fawn, n. মুগলাবক; Young deer:—নীচ ভোষামোদ, A servile cringe or bow, fean flattery:—v. t. ভোষামোদ ক; To cringe; to flatter in a servile way:—(মুগলাবক) প্রস্ব-কু, To bring forth a fawn:—a. মুগলিতর ভাষ বর্গনিশিই; Resembling a fawn in colour. ad=fawningly. n= fawner.

Fawner, fawher, গ. অসুগ্ৰহণাত্তি মানদে ভোবামোদ-কাৰী, One who flatters servibly to gain favour. Fawn eyed—মূগাকী।

Fay, ia, n. val, A fairy, an cif.

Fealty, c'al-ti, n. [ L. fido, to trust ] বিষয়তা; প্রতিজ ; বারতিজ ; Fidelity to one's lord, to a superior power or government; homage, loyality. Syn:—Allegiance, submission, obeisance. Fear, fer, n. [ A. S. faer, fear, Ice. far, harm, mischief ] ভয়; প্রান ; Dread; awe; alarm; apprehension:—সমান ; Reverence; respect; due regard:—ভরের বিষয়; ভয়৻ৼতু; Object of dread; source of fear:—৩. f. ভয়-য়ৢ; য়য়া-য়ৢ; সা regard with fear; to venerate .—
୭. f. ভৗত হ; To be afraid of. Syn:—(n) Anxiety, solicitude, concern; terror, fright, consternation, dismay; veneration, awe. (v) Apprehend, dread; reverence.

Out of or through fear--- कर्गणाः !

Tearful, fer'-fool, a. Things: Terrible; awful:

The; Timorous; afraid:

Caused by fear. n=fearfulness, ad=fearfully.

Syn:—Apprehensive, frightened; timid, nervous, shrinking, diffident; horrible, distressing, shocking, frightful, dreadful.

Fearless, fer'les, a. নির্ভন; সাহনী; সাহনিক; Daring; brave. n=fearlessness. ad=fearlessly. Syn:—Undaunted, intrepid, bold, courageous, valorous, valiant, dauntless, heroic.

Feasible, fez-i-ble, a. [L. facere, to do, to make ] সাধ্য; শক্য; Practicable. ad=feasibly. n=feasibleness, feasibility.

Feast, fest, n. [ L. festum, a holiday, festus, solemn, festal ] ভোজ; মহোৎসৰ; পৰ্যা; উৎসৰ; Banquet; treat; festival:—জানজ; Enjoyment, delight:—v. i. বিশিষ্টরূপে জাহার ক; ভোজ-দে. To hold a feast; to eat sumptuously:—v. t. বিশিষ্ট রূপে জাহার এলান-ক; (চর্ব্বা হোবালি) ভোজন-ক; ভূগেজ; পরিভূপ্ত-ক; To entertain sumptuously; to delight; to gratify. n=feaster. Syn:—(n) Holiday, entertainment, regale, revel, carousal, sumptuous repast.

Foat, fet. n. [ L. facio, to do, to make ] ছঃ-সাইসিক কাৰ্যা, অসাধারণ কাৰ্যা; Deed; achievement —কৌশল, Trick. Syn:—Exploit, act; stroke of dexterity.

Feather, felher, n. পক্ পালক; কলম; Plume of a bird; pen — শৃত্তগর্ভ পদবী; An empty title.
— v t. পক্ বারা সজ্জিত-কু, পক্ত্বিত-কু; To adorn with feathers:—পালক লাগাইয়া-দে; To furnish an arrow with feathers—v. i. স্মতল-হ; To become feathered or horizontal.

Be in full feather—স্পৰ্কিত-ছ; To make a show, to be in full dress.

Be in high feather—পুলাকিত হ; To appear in high spirit and health like bird after moulting; be clated.

Cut a feather—নিগাত-হ; Cut a dash:—জগতে কেগনত কু, To make the water foam in moving. Feather in one's cap--সন্থান; সন্থান-চিচ্ছ; An honour or mark of distinction.

Feather one's nest—অর্থ স্পন্থ-কৃ; To amass money, especially from holding an office or place, provide for self ——আনাসমাণ গৃহ প্রস্তুত-কৃ; To make a snug, comfortable home.

Feather the oar—ডাড়েব এক ধাৰ সমতল কৰিয়া ফিয়ান, জলতনের সহিত সমাস্তবাল ভাবে জল হইতে গাঁড় ডোলা; Turn the edge of an oar horizontally when raising it from water; to bring an oar out of the water in a flat or horizontal position. In high feather—পুলকে পূৰ্ব; Elated; in high spirits.

Show the white feather—ভীকতা অদৰ্শন-ছ; কাপ্ৰথম বেধান; Show signs of cowardice; (a white feather in a game cock's tail being a token that he is not of game breed).

To tar and feather—আলকাতারা মাধাইরা পালক ছিলা আফোণিত-কু; To smear with tar, and then cover with feathers.

Feather brained, a. हक्न ; मूर्च ; Silly.

, Feathery, fether-i, a. शक्षक ; शक्रमुन ; शक्राहर ; hance, league, union, confederacy.

Pertaining to, resembling or covered with feathers.

Feature, fettir, n. অব্যাহ , মুখ ; গঠন ; আকৃতি ; corial ; Lineament, make or cast ; cast of the face (especially of any single part of the face):— বিশেষ সংশ; A marked peculiarity:—v.t. Form. pl. The countenance. Syn—Lineament; fashion, make, conformation, aspect, appearance; outline, peculiarity, prominent part.

Featured, হিঘেন, a. সুগুল; Having good features.

[Featureless, হিঘেন-les, a. কুগুল, Destitute of Febrifuge, febri-fuj, n. [L. febris, fever, and fugo, to put to flight] ভ্ৰম উৰ্থ: A medicine serving to remove fever; medicine to drive away fever:—a. ভ্ৰম; Anti-febribe,

Febrile, তি'bril, or febril, a. [ I.. febris, fever ] অৱ-সৰজীয়; অৱ-প্ৰকাশক; অহোভ্য ; অৱসংক্ৰান্ত ; অৱ-যুক্ত ; Pertaining to indicating, or derived from fever ; feverish.

February, febroo-ar-i, v. (L. februa, the festival of expitation) ইরেভি বংসত্তের বিভীয় মান;
The second month in the year.

Focal, fe'kal, a. মশসন্ধনীয় ; মলবিশিষ্ট ; পাদ বা শিঠা সংক্ৰন্ত : Pertaining to or containing fæces.

Feces, n. यन , Excrement ; see fæces.

Foculent, eku-lent, a পছিল, আবিল; গাণবিশিষ্ট; মলপুৰ্ব, অপবিভাৱ; Foul with extraneous or impure substances; turbid; containing fæces or sediment, muddy. n=Feculence, feculency. Syn:—Dreggy, thick, four.

Feound, fekund, a. [L fco, to bring forth]
সন্থানাৎপাণী, উর্কবা, ফলশানী; Fruitful in children; feitile, prolific.

Focundate, fek-und-নং, v. t. ফলশালী-কু; উর্ববা-কু; পর্ভোৎপাদন-কু; গর্ভবতী-কু; Make fruitful; to impregnate. n=[ccundation.

Feoundation, fek-un-dishun, n. নর্টোপোলন; গভবারণ; The act of making fruitful; the state of being impregnated.

Focundity, fek-undi-ti, n. জননীয়; কলবন্তা; Prolificness in female animals .—উত্তাৰন প্রাচুয়; —Richness of invention .—উব্যৱসা, Fruitfulness. Svn :—Fertility, productiveness.

Fed, pa. t and pa p. of feed.

Federal, feder-al, a. [ I. faederies, a treaty ] পাৰু-পাৰিক নিমানুদাৰে সংখাপিত বা গঠিত; দন্ধিবিয়ক; Founded upon mutual agreement, composed of states retaining only a subordinate sovereignty.

Federal, Federalist, feder-al-ist, n. বিষয়ভাৱ-প্ৰানা-বাদী; An advocate of federation, and not of democracy. n=federalism.

Federal states—In the American war, those northern states that combined to resist the eleven southern or confederate states.

Federalism, feder-al-izm, n সিন্নতম্প্রশালীবিবন্ধ মত , Principles of federalists.

Federate, feder-at, a. निकास निकास जारक; Confederate; leagued.

Federation, fed-er-ashun, n. मिन्य निषय; Al-

Federative, feder-a-tiv, c. সংযোগী ন সন্ধি বা নিয়ম সংস্থাপন-প্ৰবণ ; Joining in a league.

Fee, হৈ, ন. বিষয় : ভূমি ; জুমলান্তি ; Property ; land :
—গান্ধিডোবিক : বেডন ; পারিন্দিন ; দর্শনী ; Reward ;
reward of professional services ; reward paid for
services ; recompense :—বার ; ধরচা ; Charge :—

». ধ. পারিডোবিক-বে ; ভাড়া-কু ; উৎকোচ-বে ; To pay
a fee to ; to reward for services ; to hire ; to

bribe. [held in full right. Fee simple, n. মকররি ভূসন্থান্তি; বায়গিব; Land Fee tail, n. হজান্তরাবোদ্য বংশপরপ্রধানত হাবর সম্পত্তি; An entailed or limited estate.

Feeble, fc'bl, a. [L. fleo, to weep] কীণ; হৰ্মণ; Weak; infirm; faint; slow; dull. n= feebleness (পৌৰ্মণা); ad=feebly. Syn:—Debililated, failing, exervated, powerless, frail, exhausted, languid; imperfect, dim; imbecile

Feebleminded, a. ঘূৰ্ব্ব চিন্ত , ঘ্ৰবলমনাঃ , Weak in intellectual power; irresolute; weak-minded. n=Feeblemindedness.

Feed, fed, v t. আহাব-দে. থাওয়ান; To give food to; to nourish —পোন্ত-কু; পুট-কু; To foster:—
v. i. আহার এইণ-কু, থাওয়া; পুট-ক. To take food; to nourish one's self by cating:—তুগ ভক্ষণ-কু,
To pasture:—n. তুগ ভক্ষণ, প্রচারণ ভূমি, গৃহপানিত প্রস্ক থানা; Pasture; pasture ground; an allowance of provender given to cattle. n=feeder

Feed on—কোন কিছু গাইবা জীবনগাৰণ-চূ , Subast by eating .—কোনকপ আশা ভ্ৰদাৰ বাঁটিবা থাকা , Be sustained by some hope or desire.

Feeder, feder, n. পুইসংক; He who feeds or that which supplies.

Feel, ৩. ৫. শাৰ দ্বাবা অনুভব-কু; To perceive by the touch:—পূৰ্ণ কু; To touch; to handle:—ভাতিত্ব, জানবাত-কু: To be conscious of —প্ৰহন কু, বোৰকু; উপলাৰ-কু; To be affected by, to experience:—প্ৰীকা-কু; Test.—v. ৫. পূৰ্ণ হবা আত-ছ; To know by the touch; to appear to the touch:—প্ৰতীত-হ; To have the sensibilities moved:—জাত-হ, দ্বানিত পাৰা, To perceive one self—to be followed by an adjective:—n. পূৰ্; Feeling of perception; sensation communicated by the touch. Syn:—(v) Experience, enjoy, suffer; be moved, be stirred, be impressed, be affected by.

Feel of - শৰ্প করিয়া প্রীকা-কু, Examine by Feel or grope one's way—অক্লব্যে প্রথবেশ-কু; To move about in darkness or obscurity in order to find one's way or to ascertain something Feel out—পরীকা-কু, Try; sound; explore.

Feeler, icier, n. পাণ্ডাক, One who or that which feels:— মত জানিবাৰ জন্ত প্ৰভাব; মনোভাব অবধানণাৰ্থ প্ৰভাব, Proposal, observation &c., to ascertain the views of others:—pl. (কটিনিব মন্তব্য) গুড়; The joined fibres in the heads of certain insects.

Feeling, feling, n. ই জিন ; শংশজিন : The sense of touch :— অনুভব ; Perception :— হব-ত্বংব অনুভব ; হবত্বংব বেবি ; Consciousness of pleasure or pain ; হবচাটাlity :— দ্বা ; স্বাস্থিত ; Tenderness ; sympathy ; emotion :— সহ ; Opinion :— pl. মনোবৃত্তি বা আসক্তিসমূহ ; The affections or passious :— a. দ্বা প্রকাশক ; সহাযুভূতি প্রকাশক ; আর্ম , Expressive of great sensibility or tenderness ; sensitive ; easily excited ; deeply effected. ad=feelingly (affectingly). Syn :— (n) Sensation ; emotion, passion, sentiment, affection ; expression, sense, motion, tenderness, sensitiveness, susceptibility. A man of feeling— সহল্ব লোক ।

Feeling eloquence—হণ্যগাহী বান্ধিতা; Elequence evincing great sensibility.

Fellow feeling—সহস্থতা; Sympathy.

Feet, fet, Plural of foot.

Feign, lan v. [L. fingo, fictum, to form] ভাণ-তৃ: To dissemble; pretend; counterfeit:—উত্তাৰণ বা কল্পা-তৃ; To invent or imagine:—ad. আহ্লাদ-পুলাক; Gladly. ad=leignedly, n=feignedness. Syn.—(v) Devise, fabricate, forge, affect.

Foignod-par; Pretended.

Foint, iant, n. চল; ভাগ; A pretence; a false appearance.—কৃত্যি স্থাকুৰণ; A mock assault; a mock attack, a seeming aim at one part when another is to be struck.

Feldspar, feldsparth, keldspath, n. কটবৰং ধনিক পদাৰ্থ, A crystalline mineral found in granite.

Foldspathic, feld spathik, ৫ ক্ষমিকৰং থনিজ পদাৰ্থ ঘটিত , Pertaining to or consisting of feldspar

Folientato, fc-h'si-tat, v. t ্l. f.i.v., felicis, happy] সুখী কু, জ, কাহিড-; , Mile happy; de iplit — ধানল প্রকাশ-ক , অভিনাল ক , Wish happiness to , express joy of pleasure , congratulate. n=felicitation.

Folioitious, te-hin-tus, a. স্থাই, আজানিত ; Prosperous ; happy, d-lightful—খলানোৱা; উপনোৱা . Skulful , appropriate ; well applied or expressed.

Folicity, fe-h'n-ti, n. হণ ; আনস ; Happiness ; delight ; blessedness. Syn —Boatitude, blissfulness ; success, good fortune, good luck ; aptness, propriety, appropriateness.

Foline, le'lin, a [L. feles, a cat] বিভাল-সম্বনীয়; বিভালবং, Pertaining to the cat or cat kind; like a cat.

The feline species—বিড়াল ৰাতি। Fell, pa. t. of fall.

Foll, lel, v. t জিন-কু; কাটিয়া কেলা; To cut down:
—সুপাতিত-কু; To cause to fall:—a. নিন্ন, নির্দল্প:
নুশ্নে; Cruel; fierce; bloody:—n. পাহাড়; মকঅন্তব্য বুপ; A hill; a barren or stony hill, range
of hills:—পশুচর্ম, A skin or hide of a beast.

Feller, feler, n. widfant; wiscens; A cutter of wood; one who cuts wood.

Folly, ieli. Follos, ielo, n. চত্ত্ব-পরিধির এক এক থও; চাকার পুটে; One of the arched pieces of wood in the circumference of a wheel.

Fellow, felo, n. সন্ধী, সহচৰ; A companion; an associate:— মুখোর এক; এক লোড়ার একটা, দৃশ্যুতির বছতা; One of a pair:—সভা; Member of a corporation or college:—নীচ লোক; নগণা বজি; A mean or worthless person:—ব্যক্তি; A person:—স্বৰুদ্ধ; An equal. Syn:—Comrade, peer, compeer, mate, counterpart, partner, friend, member.

Fellow commoner, n. সহাধানী; One who dines and associates with the fellows; collegian. Fellow countrymen, n. ব্ৰেণীয় বোৰ; A native of the same country.

Fellow creature, n. बहुदा; A human being; one of the same race.

Fellow student—সহাধারী ; সমপারী। Fellow traveller—সহধারী ; একধারী।

Fellowship, felo-chip, n. সহত্যক ; সম্ব ; সমাজ ; সভা ; Companionship ; association ; society :— বৃত্তি , An endowment in a university for the support of graduates ; scholarship :—সভ্য-সম্ ধান ; অংশিখারী , অংশিক ; Partnership. Syn :— Brotherhood, intimacy, participation, joint interest, communion.

Good fellowship—সৰ্বিকা; Love of society, fondness for company.

Folon, felon, n [ Low L. fello, a traitor ] শুস্থ-তৰ অপৰাধা . দোঘা বাক্তি; A convict, a criminal, a culput —a. হিংপ্ৰক, নিৰ্মন্ন; Malignant; cruel, fierce. Syn:—Male-factor, delinquent.

Felonious, fc-lo'ni-us, a. বিশাস্থাতক, হিন্দ্পরাধা, হ্লাহের, Depraved, malicious, villut-nous, trustorous, wicked. Syn.—Malignant victous, nefamous, fi izitious.

Felony, r. হাৰ্দিত বা প্ৰাণ্দত অপৰাধ; খনতৰ অপ-ৰাধ; Highest class of crime; a heinous crime punishable by imprisonment or death.

Felt, pa t and pa. p. of feel.

Felt, felt, n. [Gr. filz, woolen cloth] পশু-বেশ্বৰ বন্ধ, পশ্ৰে নিৰ্মিত টুপি, Cloth made of wool united with ut we ivi g, a hat made of wool —v. t উক্ত বাপতে আজ্ঞানন-কু; To cover with felt

Felting, felting, n. কমাট কাপত প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ কৌশল বা প্ৰণালী. The art or process of making felt.

Felucea, fe-luka, n. [Ar. fulk, a ship] ভবী বিশেষ: A boat or vessel with oars and broad three-cornered sails.

Female, ic'mai, n. [ L femella, a young female ] ত্ৰীলোক, বালা, Woman; a she, a girl—a. স্ত্ৰীসম্মীৰ, ত্ৰীমাতীয়, Of woman or she kind, womanly—a কোবল; ত্ৰীব্ৰাই; Soft, weak.

Feminality, n. ৰীখতাৰ; The female nature.
Feminine, femi-nin, a. প্ৰীসম্বাৰ, প্ৰীৰাতীর,
Pertaining to woman:—কোমল, কীখতাৱ; দ্ৰৈৰ,
ব্ৰীবং, Tender, delicate; womanly:—ক্ৰীলিল
সম্বাৰ, ln grammar, having a form belonging
especially to words which are epithets of females. ad=femininely. (opp. masculine). Syn.
—Soft, modest, graceful, affoctionate; effeminate, unmanly.

Femoral, femoral, a. [L. femur, femoris, the thigh] উৰ-সম্বনীয়; উৰ্বেশ-সম্বনীয়; Belonging to the thigh.

Fen, fen, 12. जना; जनाकृति, अनून; Marsh; a

morass or bog. a=fenny, fennish ( জনা সহনীয়াণ Swampy). Syn:—(n) Moor, swamp, quagmire, slough.

Fence, lens, n. বৃতি: বেড়া; Wall; hedge; enclosure:—অসি চালন; অসি-সঞ্চালম কৌশন; আন্ধান্ত কৌশন; আন্ধান্ত কৌশন; আন্ধান্ত কৌশন; আন্ধান্ত কৌশন কৈ বিশান কি বি

Foncer, fenser, n. অদিচালন-পটু মল ; One who practises or teaches fencing with a sword.

Fencible, fensi-bl, a. বন্দৰীয় , Capable of being defended.

Fencibles, n. pl. হানীয় সেনাৰল: Soldiers enlisted for local defence but not liable to be sent abroad.

Foncing, fensing, n. বেড়া নিৰ্মাণ; বৃত্তি নিৰ্মাণ; The act of erecting a fence:— জনি বা অন্ত অন্ত চালন; কৌশলে অনি সঞ্চালন; The art of attack and defence with a sword or other weapon:—a. নুকাণীল, Guarding or defending.

Fond, fend, v. f নিনারণ-কু, প্রেশ কবিতে না দেওয়া;
দুহীভূত-কু; To ward off, to shut out, to keep
off—v. i. ৰাধা-দে, আত্মবক্ষা-কু; To resist, parry;
shift off.

Fonder, fender. n জলন্ত অহাৰ বন্ধণাৰ্থ কৰাট বিশেষ:
স'ঘৰ্ণণ নিৰায়ক লৌহাদি নিৰ্দ্ধিত যন্ত্ৰাবণেৰ: A metalic
frame to hinder coals of fire from rolling to the
floor:—অৰ্থবানের পরন্ধার আঘাত নিবাৰণাৰ্থ ৰেষ্ট্ৰৰ:
A buffer to prevent a vessel from striking
against a wharf or another vessel; protection
for a ship's side

Fenostral, fc-nestral, a. [L. fenestra, a window] প্ৰাক্ষমনীয় ; Belonging to a window.

Fenian, se'ne-an, n আ্বর্লনে ইংরাজ-রাজ্য উচ্ছেদ্ মান্দে আ্রর্জনামীদিশের সমিতি; An anti-British association of disaffected Irishmen, whose object is to separate Ireland. n=fenianism.

Fonnel, fenel, n. [ L. fenum, hay ] ওব্ৰাজাজীয় গাছ, A fragrant plant with finely divided leaves and yellow flowers. [ boggy.

Fenny, fefie, a. ভলা-সম্বন্ধীয়; Marshy, swampy, Feoff, fefi, n. হোগভূমি; ঘায়নীয়; A fief:—v.t. ঘায়নীয় মেডমা; To grant possession of a fief or property in land n=fcoffment.

Feoffer, fci'er, n. বায়ণীৰ অঘাতা; One who grants fief.

Fooffment, fel'ment, n. বায়ণীৰ প্ৰদান; The gift Feretory, fer'e-tor-i, n. [ L. fcro, to bear ] ভ্ৰমনাৱে নবাধাৰ বাধিবাৰ ছান; A place in a church for a bier.

Forine, fe'rīn, a. [ L. fera, a wild beast ] পাশব; অসভ্য , জুৰ্বান্ত ; Belonging to a wild beast ; savage.

Ferment, fei'ment, n. [L. ferveo, to boil] উচ্ছলন; ফুটন; আলোডন; That which causes fermentation; agitation:—কলং; বিবাদ; Tumult:
—v t. উচ্ছলিড-ক; আলোড়িড-ক; To excite fermentation:—কৃত্ব-কু; To inflame:—v.i. উচ্ছলিড-

T; To undergo fermentation; to effervesco:-উত্তেজিত-হ ; কুপিত-হ ; To be excited ; to rage with anger. Syn:-(v) Seethe, concoct, brew; boil, work, bubble, foam, froth; excite, heat, agitate.

Fermentable, fer-menta-bl, s. फिल्म (योगा ; क्रेनीय; Capable of being fermented. #=

fermentability.

Bermentation, fer-ment-ashun, n. উচ্ছলন ; কুটন : উদ্দীপন , উদ্বামন : The act or process of fermenting:--माननिक উত্তেজনা: মনোবৃত্তি নিচয়ের চঞ্চলতা; Active state of the intellect or feelings. Formentative, fer-menta-tiv, ঃ. উচ্ছলনক্ষ; कुरेनक. Causing or consisting of fermentation. n = fermentativeness. [ less plant. a = ferny. Fern, fern, n. লভা বিশেষ ; উদ্ভিদবিশেষ ; A flower-Ferocious, fe-ro'shus, a [ L. ferus, wild ] বস্ত , অসম্ভা; নিষ্ট্র; Wild; savage; ravenous; cruel. n=ferociousness, ad=ferociously. Syn:-Fierce, barbarous: rapacious.

Ferocity, fe-rośi-ti, n. নিধ্রতা; হুদান্ততা; Furv; wild fierceness; savage cruelty of disposition. Syn: - Cruelty, barbarity, savageness; rapacity. Forreous, fer'e-us, a. [ 1.. ferrum, iron ] [] [] षाँठे ; लोशनिर्षि ; लोश्यम ; Pertaining to or made of iron.

Ferret, fer'et, n. नकृत कांजीव कह ; An animal of the weasel kind :--- অপ্ৰশাস কিডা ; A kind of narrow tape woven from spun-silk :-- v. t. শুপ্তহাৰ स्टेंट्ल वाहिब-कू, अञ्चनकान-कू; Drive out of lunking places; search about.

Ferriferous, fei-rif'cr-us, a. [ L. ferrum, iron, fero, to bear ] লোহে।ংপাদক ; Producing or yield-

Ferruginous, fer-roo'jin-us, a. I L. ferrugo, iron-rust. ] लोइमित्रिठावर ; लोहकगाममन्त्रि ; Of tile colour of mon-rust; containing particles of iron. Ferrule, fer'ool, n. [ L. viriola, a bracelet ]

ষ্টির অঞ্চাগত সাঁপী: ষ্টির জৌহনিশ্রিত টুপি; লাটির ৰূপা, An iron ring to guard the end of a stick. Ferry, fer'i, v. t. [ Gr. fahren, to go, to carry ]

পার-কু, To carry or transport over a water in a boat :-- n. পাব্ঘাট, পারের নৌকা; The place of passage where boats pass over water to convey passengers; the ferry boat.

Fertile, fer'til, a. [ L. fero, to bear ] 克莱耳, कमनानी ; Fruitful ; rich :- छिडावनी , উडावनकम , Inventive; prolific. Syn:-Productive, enuberant, abundant, plentiful, ingenious, inventive. Pertilise, fer-til-īz, v. t. উর্বার বা কলবান-তু; ধন-

भागी-इ ; To make fruitful ; to enrich. Fortility, fertili-ti, n. উর্বারতা, কলশালিছ ; প্রাচুর্য্য ,

ধ্ৰশালিত ; Fruitfulness ; productiveness ; abundance : richness :- \$ 1999 ; Inventiveness.

Ferule, fer'ool, n. [L. ferula, a cane-ferlo, to strike ] বেড; বেড; ছড়ি; A rod used for striking children in punishment :- ७. १. (वजापाठ-F; To punish with a ferule.

Fervency, n উৎসাহ ; উত্তেজনা ; ব্যাকুলতা ; Eagerness; warmth of devotion; heat of mind.

Fervent, fer'vent, a. [ L. ferveo, to boil ] &q-नारी; उपनारवान; उपन ; वान ; Warm in feeling; ardent : zealous. ad - fervently. Glowing, earnest, vehement, excited, animated, impassioned, fervid.

Fervid, fér'vid, a. वांक्न ; वाब ; नम्रकूक ; राज्य ; Fiery; earnest; very hot; having burning desire or emotion. n=fervidness. ed=fervidly. Fervour, fervur, n. Benie; আছে; উৎস্কা; Zeal; intensity of feeling or expression; heat. Syn :- Glowing ardour, warmth; earnestness,

vehemence, eagerness.

Fostal, festal, a. जानजनगढ ; जालागजनक ; कालान-সংক্রাম্ব ; Gay ; joyous ; belonging or pertaining to a feast. ad=festally. Syn :- Mirthful, merry, gleeful, sportive, festive, joyful, happy. Fester, fester, v. i. কত-ছ; সপুত্র-ছ; দুবিত-ছ; To corrupt or rankle; to suppurate; to macerate: --v. t. দূবিভ-কু; To cause to fester:---n. বিজে-हैंक ; A wound discharging corrupt matter.

Festival, festi-val, n. देशन ; त्वान ; Feast, joyful celebration. Syn :- Fete, holiday; banquet, carousal, entertainment.

Fostive, festiv, a. कानक्कत : উল্লামপূৰ্ণ : উৎস্বোচিত : Mirthful, festal, feastlike. ad=festively.

Fostivity, fes-sivi-ti, n. Gena; Mair; Gain; A festive celebration, joyfulness; gaiety. Syn: -Conviviality, joviality, mirthfulness, feast, merrymaking.

Festoon, fes-toon, n. ভোষণমাল্য; কুল ও শাধার মালা; A garland suspended between two points: an ornament of flowers: -- p. f মাল্য মাধা শোভিত-কু; মালা খাবা শোভিত-কু; To adorn with festoons. Fotch, fech, v. t. [A. S. fetian, to draw, lead] গিরা আনা ; যাইরা আনমন-কু , প্রাপ্ত হ , To go and bring; to attain or come to -লাভ ক; To sell for :-- v. i. উপস্থিত হ ; To move, arrive at :--দংগ্রহ-ভু; To draw :-- n চাডুরী, A trick. Syn :--(v) Get, derive, obtain; sell for, perform; make, effect; come to, reach.

Fetch, fech, Fetch-candle, n. সঞ্চীৰ মানবের অলীক দৃশ্ধ; আলেয়া বিশেষ; The seeming appearance of a living person; a nocturnal moving light, supposed to portend a death

Fetch back-আবর্ব- ; Bring back.

Fetch forth-डोनिया जाना , Bring out.

Fetch off, Fetch away-নইয়া-যা, Carry off. Fetch one's breath-পুৰ: খাদ মহণে দমৰ্থ-হ; Recover one's breath.

Fetch out—টানা; উৎকর্ষণ সম্পাদন-কু; Bring or draw out; to cause to appear; develop. [swoon. Fetch to—তেতনা আপ্ত-ছ; Revive, as from a Foto, Iat, #. क्लांकातांश्मद; উत्मद; भक्तिव ; A festival, a holiday :—v. t. ভোজ-দে ; ভোজনোৎসংৰ নিময়ণ করিলা ভোজন করান; To entertain at a feast. Fotich, tish, fetish, n. পশ্চিম আস্থিকার পুঞ্জিত মৃষ্টি ৰা প্ৰস্তুৰ বুকাদি; A natural or artificial object, considered as possessing divine power, and worshipped in West Africa: - w: Idol or charm worshipped by the Negroes.

Fetichism, fe'tish-izm, Feticism, fe'tis-izm, n. প্রস্তরাদির উপাসনা; মন্তবলে বিখাস; জড় পূজা; The worship of a fetich; a belief in charms.

Fetid, fetid, a. [ L. facteo, to stink ] প্তিগ্ৰুষ্ট ;

তীর সুর্বন্ধন ; Stinking ; having a strong offensive odour. n=fetidness. Syn :- Corrupt, four, noisome, rancid.

Fetlock, fetlok, n. বোড়ার কজাকাত কোমসমূহ; বে ছালে এই লোম হয়; A tuft of hair that grows behind on horses' feet; that part of the horse's [ stench. leg where this hair grows. Fetor, n. 对解; A strong offensive smell; Fotter, feter, n. [A. S. fet, feet ] পদ-সুখাল; শুখাল ; বিশাদ ; A chain for the feet ; shackle for the feet :--বৰ্ণ ; A restraint :--- v. t. শৃথালাৰজ-ভূ ; To put fetters on, shackle :- वक-क ; वकान-क ; To

impose restraints on; to confine; to bind. Syn: -(n) Clog, hamper. (v) Manacle, enchain, restrain, hinder.

Pettered, fererd, a. শুখালাবন্ধ; সঞ্চরণাসমর্থ; Confined by fetters; restrained from motion.

Fetus, Foetus, fe'tus, n. [ L. feo, to bring forth ] 354; The young of animals in the womb. e=ictal.

Fou, fu, n. ফুলভের ঘোৎজমা; A holding of land in Scotland, for which the vassal, instead of military services, makes a return in money or [ land in fee, in Scotland. in grain. Four, fu'ar, n. en; A small free-holder of Foud, fud, n. 93- विवाप; विवाप; A deadly quarrel

in clans or families.

Foud, tud, n. यावशीत ; त्यापकृषि ; Fief ; holding of land; a land held on the terms of performing certain conditions .--কলহ; জ্ঞাতি-বিরোধ, Quarrel; a bloody affray or strife. Syn .-Contention, mortal strife, broil, falling out, [ feuds or fiels. dissension, affray; fief, fee. Foudal, fudal, a. बावजीय मचकीय ; Pertaining to Feudalism, fūdal-ızm, n. যারগার-প্রণালী; নৈয়-দিগকে যায়গারদান-প্রণালী; The system during the middle ages, by which vassals held lands from lords-superior on condition of military service, the feudal system.

Feudatory, Feudatary, fudat-or-i, a. বাহুগীব ভোগা : অধীন : কব্দ : Holding lands or power by a feudal tenure; triburary.

Fover, fc'vér, n. [1. ferveo, to be hot] 霉素; Disease; heat:—উত্তেজনা; উদ্বেগ, Excitement: —উত্তেদনাৰ কাল, A season of excitement :—v. f. জ্বাক্রান্ত কু , To put into a fever .- v. i. অ্যাক্রান্ত-To be attacked with fever. Syn:-Fervour, flush, agitation, passion.

Acute fever-मन्द्रत ।

Be in fever—উর্ভেক্তিত-ই ; Be excited.

Chronic fovor—জীৰ্ণজ্ব।

Inflammatory fever-প্রাণাহিক অব।

Intermittent fever-খন বিরাণ অর; Fever that entirely ceases at intervals.

Remittent fever---व्यविष्य वन , Fever that subsides or abates at intervals. (खद्र।

Typhoid or typhus fever--বিকাৰ; সান্নিপাতিক Feverish, c'ver-ish, a. বরভাব; Having a slight fever :-- সামাত অরাকার ; indicating fever :-চকল: সম্বা: Fickle, burning. ad=severishly. not many. n=fewness. n = feverishness.Few, fu, a. অল ; অলুস্ংখ্যক ; Small in number . In few—সংকেপে; Briefly; succinctly.

Fiare, fi'arz, n. pl. फहेनए म:वरमदाब निविष्ठ चंत्री-नित्र निकाविक मत्र ; The prices of grain legally fixed in Scotland for the year, to produce regularity in the payment of stipend, rent, and prices not expressly agreed upon.

Fiasco, fi-asko, n. [ lt fiasco, hottle ] সঙ্গীতানি কাণ্যে অকৃতকাধাতা ; সঙ্গীতে অপটুড়া ; Failure in a musical performance:--অভুতকার্যতা; A failure

of any kind.

Figt, fi'at, n. [ L. fio, passive of facio, to do व्यादमम ; निरमम ; क्छान्छ हक्स ; A formal or solemn command; a peremptory decree. sent to it. I give my fiat to that—আমি বীকৃত হই ; I con-Fib, fib, n. বিখ্যা : বিখ্যা কথা ; Lie ; falschood :--v. i. मिथा वना ; मिथा कथा वना , To speak falsely ; to tell a lie.

Fiber, fibre, fiber, n. [L. fibra, a thread] ভন্ত : হক্ষ হত্ৰ বা হত্তৰং পদাৰ্থ ; Filament ; thread ; any slender thread, or thread-like substance. Syn :- Staple, pile; sinews, toughness, strength. a=fibred, fibreless.

Fibred, fi'berd, a. তত্তবিশিষ্ট : Having fibres. Fibreless, fi'ber-les, a. তত্ত্বীৰ; Having no

Fibril, fi'bril, n [ L. fibra, a thread ] পুর ড ;

কুক্ত ভট্টা; A small fibre, a very slender thread. a=fibrilous. [ Formed of small fibres. Fibrillous, fi-brilus, a. হন্দ্ৰ ভন্ত বা হত্ত ধারা গঠিভ;

Fibrine, fibrin, a. ঘনত সম্পাদক শোণিভত্ত পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ, জীবদেহের হক্ষতেত গঠিত আভাস্তরিক বস্ত্রা, A peculiar organic compound found in animals and plants, and also contained in the clot of coagulated blood.

Fibrous, fi'brus, a. তম্বনয়; তম্বনিশ্বিত বা তম্বধারী; Composed of or containing fibres. n=fibrousness. Fickle, liki, a. [ Ger. ficken, to move quickly to and fio ] চঞ্ল ; চপল ; অন্থির ; ধামধ্যোলী ; Inconstant; changeable, wavering; capricious. n= fickleness. Syn :- Irresolute, vacillating, unstable, variable, fitful, mutable, changeful, capricious, [ inconstancy.

Fickleness, n. চঞ্চলতা; অন্তিরতা; Instability; Fiction, fikshun, r. [ L. fictus, tormed ] মিখা গল; মিথা বানা; কলনা; উপস্থাস; A feigned or false story, invention; falsehood; romance. Syn :- Fabrication, figment ; novel, fable.

Fictitious, fik-tishus, a. কালনিক : কৃতিম ; মিখা ; অপ্রকৃত , Imaginary , not real ; false , feigned. ad=fictitiously. Syn :-- Counterfeit, not genuine, unreal, supposititious, spurious.

Fiddle, tidl, n. সারস; বেহালা; A stringed musical instrument; violin; kit :-- ত. t. সারক বান্ধান; To play a fiddle :—সময় বুখা নষ্ট-কু; To trifle; to tweedle:-- मात्रक वा विश्वाना वाकान ; To play on a fiddle or violin. n=fiddler.

Fiddle-faddle, n. नितर्क छा, नितर्क कहना; Trifle; trifling or fussy talk, nonsense.

Fiddle stick-(वहांना वा नावन वाकाहितान छछि: The bow for playing on fiddles.

Play second fiddle-काहाबद अशीरन कर्फ-क Take a subordinate part.

To be the first fidule—siyle; To be the chief man, the most distinguished of the com-

Bidelity, fi-deli-ti, n. [L. fidelis, faithful]
কর্মণানার্কা ; নাধুতা ; বিশ্বতা ; প্রকাষ
সমনে বিমুখতা ; ঐকান্তিক আতুর্ভিত , Faithfulness ;
honesty ; loyalty ; adherence to the marriagecontract or promise ; firm adherence.

Bidget, fifet, v. i. [Ger. ficken, to move and fro] অধিবভাবে গ্ৰন-কৃ; অধিবভাবে বৈভান; Move about restlessly; move uneasily:—n অধিবভা; Restlessness:—pl. অধিবভাব; হান পানবৰ্তনেভাব সাম্বিক অধিবভা; General nervous restlessness with a desire of changing the position.

Fidgety, fifet-i. a. अधित, हक्ष्म ; Restless ; uneasy. क=fidgetiness.

Fiducial, fi-du'shi-al, a. [L. fido, to trust]
বিষয় বিশেষ ; কয় Having faith or trust,
confident; having the nature of a trust. ad=
fiducially.

Piduoiary, fi-du'shi-ar-i, a. জটল; দৃঢ়; Unwavering:—বিধানপূৰ্বক স্তন্ত বা অধিকৃত, স্থানপূৰ্বক মৃত; Holding, held or founded in trust:—n. কৃতিবিধান ব্যক্তি, স্থানধারী; Trustee; one who holds a trust for another.

Pie, fi, থিক; An interjection denoting shame or Pief, fef, n. বাদপীন; বোধছুমি; বুদ্ধ সমবে সাহায্য বীকাৰে দত্ত বাদপীন, An estate held of a superior on condition of military service, a feud; land held to a feudal superior on condition of military service.

Pield, feld, n. কমি; কেন্দ্র; ভূমি, Cleared and fenced ground; open level tract of land:—সমন্ত্রি, বৃদ্ধকেন্দ্র; Battle-নির্বাটি:—যুদ্ধ; Battle-কেন্দ্র; Scope, range:—প্রসাধ; Extent.—পর্যাপ, The surface of a shield —কর্মকেন্দ্র; Room for action or operation. Syn:—Inclose ground, land, domain; plain, expanse, surface; opportunity, room.

Field-book, feldbook, n. জমি জরিপ করিবাব পুত্তক, জারিপের চিঠা বই; Book used in surveying fields. Field-day, feld-da, n. কুত্রিম স্ববের দিবস; কাও-রাজের দিব; জাবন্দ দিব; Review day; a gala day; a day when troops are drawn out for instruction in field exercises.

Pield-fare, feldiar, n. [A. S. feld, a field, and faran, to fare, travel over] পৰ্কাধিশেৰ, A species of thrush.

Field-gun-ন্য কাষাৰ; A small kind of gun or cannon used on the battle-field.

Fieldmarshal, হিldmar-shal, n. বলাগুক্ষ; প্রধান স্বোপত্তি, উচ্চ শ্রেণীর সেনানী; Highest military officer; a military officer of a highest rank.

Field-officer, feld-offi-ser. n প্রধান সেনাপতিব নিম্নানত সেনানী; বলাধাক, কাপ্রেনের উপরিভন বণকুশন সেনাপতি. A military officer above a captain and competent to command a battalion, a military officer ranking above the captain, and below the general.

Field-piece, feld-pes, n. হাজা কামান; বৃদ্ধতেরে বাৰজত ছোট কামান; Light cannon; a small cannon used in the field of pattle. in the open field. [shooting. Field-sport, n. মৃগরা; গুলিফীড়া; Hunting and Field-train, feld-tran, n. বিশ্বহ্ৰালে ব্ৰায়াণিয় পরিবহণ ও সংস্থান বিভাগ, The department of the

Field-train, feld-tran, n. বিপ্তকালে বৃদ্ধান্তাদির পরিবকণ ও সংখান বিভাগ . The department of the Royal Artillery which is responsible for the safety and supply of ammunition during war.

Bield-works, Eldwurks, n. pl. যুদ্ধকালীৰ নিৰ্মিত নামরিক প্রাচীবাদি; Temporary works thrown up by troops in beseiging or defending a place.

Field of ice, n. ভানদান বরকরাশি; A large body of floating ice.

Field of view- 4-444; The entire space within which objects are seen.

Keep the field—মুদ্ধে নিযুক্ত থাকা; Continue in active operation as an army.

Master of the field—দর্মেদর্মা; One having no opponent or rival.

Take the field—বৃদ্ধে প্রস্তুত ; সমর্কেনে অবতীৰ্-ই; Eagage in war; be in the field of battle; prepared to fight

To be in the field—বৃদ্ধক্ষেত্ৰে উপস্থিত থাকা , কাৰ্য্য-ক্ষেত্ৰে অবতীৰ্ণ-হ , To be present at a battle ; to offer oneself to compete for anything

To open a field for—( কোন বিষয়ে ) সুবিধা করিছা দেহমা, To present an opportunity for, or facilitate the exercise of.

Fiend, find, n. [A. S. feon, to hate ] সমতান; The devil —ভ্যানত শক্ত, Deadly foe:—পামর; পামত, A person actuated by the most intense maliciousness or hate.

Fiorce, fers, a [L. ferus, wild, savage] কিলেক; ভ্ৰাৰৰ; ভ্ৰাৰক, প্ৰচত; কুক, কোপনবভাৰ. Ferocious, furious; impetuous, violent, argry. n=ferceness, ad=fiercely. Syn:—Vehement, passionate, fiery, keen, savage, cruel

Fiery, fir's, or si'ér-s, a অপ্নিমৰ, অপ্নিমৰ; Being of or like fire —উৎসাহী; উত্তেজনাপ্তৰণ, কিপ্স: সমূৎসক, Passionate, impetuous, irritable:—জনত, ভীকপ্ৰত, Glaring; ardent. n=fieriness. Syn:—Igneous; hot, heated, fervid; vehement, passionate, easily provoked; fierce.

Fife, fif, n শিক্ষা বিশেষ; বাঁণী; A small flute:—
v. t. শিক্ষা বাজান; বাঁণী বাজান, To play on the flute. n=fifer (বে বাঁণী বাজায়, One who plays on a fife).

Fifteen, fil'en, a. [A. S. fif, five, ten, ten] se, reprint, Five and ten.

Fifteenth, fiftenth, a. [A. S. fif, five, and teotha, tenth] প্ৰদেশ, প্ৰদেশন; The fifth after the tenth; being one of fifteen equal parts:—

n প্ৰদেশমূৰ; A fifteenth part.

Fifth, fifth, a. প্ৰকা; Next after the fourth —n. প্ৰভাগের এক ভাগ; One of five equal parts. ad—fifthly.

Fifth monarchymen—A sect of English fanatics who maintained that Jesus was to come a second time to earth and establish the 5th universal monarchy. The four preceding monarchies were the Assyrian, the Persian, the Macedonian and the Roman.

Fifthly, fifthle, ad. न्यावः, न्यावाः, न्यावाः, नीह वयांत्र, In the fifth place. [ fifty. n=a fifteth. Fiftieth, fifti-eth, a. न्यावः, The ordinal of Fifty, fifti, n [A. S. fif, five, tig, ten] न्यावः, न्यावः, हिप्पः times ten.

Fig., fig., n. [ L. ficus, a fig ] ভূম্ব; A fruit — অকিঞ্চিংকর বস্তু; A thing of no consequence. Fig eater,—সামান্ত লোক, A petty chap.

Fig man - Gut fectel , Dealer in figs.

In full fig - शंका , In full dress.

Not to care a fig—জ্বং জ্ঞান-র, Not to care at all. [person. Figaro, n কৃচকী, An intriguer, an unscrupious Fight, fit, v: युष्क-कृ, মারামাধি-কৃ; To contend in war or in single combat, to struggle —v t. বৃষ্ধে প্রস্কৃত্যু; বৃষ্ট্যে নিগুত্ত, To wage a battle, conflict with; to cause to fight —n মুদ্ধ, সমব, A combat; a battle of engagement. m=fighter (ব্যক্ষা)। Syn —(v) Content, combat, cope, contest (n) Battle, combat, contest, encounter, fray, affray, duel, action, conflict, engagement. decisive result is obtained.

Fight it out—ৰড়া, Fight the fight —েশেব পৰ্যান্ত কড়া, Carry on a controversy persistently till one succeeds.

Fight one's battle over again—আপৰাৰ কাৰ্যা বৰ্ণা-ক, Recount one's personal history or deeds Fight one's way—যুক্ত কৰিয়া অপ্ৰসৰ ক, Make one's way by fighting, advance by conflicts.

Fight out—লেৰ পৰ্যন্ত লাভিশ দেখা, Ende evour to win by fighting to the end, fight until a decisive result is obtained

Fight shy of one—গোপনে একজনকে পরিত্যাগ-কু, Secretly avoid one.

Fighting, fiting, a. বৃদ্ধে ৰড, বৃদ্ধনিরত, Engaged in war —n বৃদ্ধ, বিবাদ, The act of fighting or contending.

Fighting man—বোদা, মল, Wairior, black guard engaged in boxing

Figment, fie'ment, n. | L. finge, to form ] কল্লনা, অলীক ভঙাৰনা, মিগা ব'না, An invention or fabrication, fiction, fable.

Figuration, fig-u-ráshun, n. আচুতি প্রদান, The act of giving figure or determinate form, mixture or concords and discords in music.

Figurative, fig'ū-rā tiv, a. মুগৰ, অলহামুপ্ৰ, আনুহান্ত্ৰ, McLaphorical, flowery, typical.
Figure, fig'ūr, n. [ L. fingo, to form ] মুৰ্ভি, আনুহি, গঠন; Form, shape; appearance, make,—এতিমুৰ্ভি, Image; statue:—নমা, চিত্ৰ, A design, a drawing:—অফ; One of ten digits—হাচ; A type or emblem:—মানহান, A figure of speech:—রেখা গণিত; চিত্র, Diagram —মুলা, Value, price:—৩.৫. গঠন-৯; প্রতিত-৯; প্রতিমুর্ভি নির্মাণ-কৃ, To form; to make an image:—গণনাকৃ; To calculate.—ক্রনাকৃ, To image, to symbolise:—মুর্ভি ছাল জন্তিত-কৃ; To mark with figures or designs:—৩.৫. মুর্ভি গঠন-কৃ; To make a figure:—প্রতিপন্ন ক্রেডে চেটা-কৃ; To appear as a distinguished person. amfigurable. Sym:—(n)

Configuration, outline, fashion; likeness, effigy? appearance. metaphor, trope, emblem, symbal; number, numeral (n) Represent, symbolize; imagine, conceive, picture; adorn, diversify, variegate; show, cut a dash; cipher; calculate, compute,

A figure of speech—wate and, A mere talk or word, a rhetorical expression.

Cut a figure—ৰাতিসাভ-তৃ, কোৰ ভাবে আপৰাকে আহিন-তৃ, প্ৰতিপন্ন হওৱা, Distinguish oncself; make a certain appearance—সৰলেৰ চলু প্ৰচে এঘন ভাব ধাৰণ-তৃ, Make oneself prominent

Figure sway- विद्यापन , Make a distinguished appearance.

Figure out—গণনা কু. Compute the amount of. Figure up—বোগ-কু, গণনা-কু, Add, reckon

Make a figure—ৰাতিয়াত কু, নাম বাতিব-কু;
Distinguish oneself, attract attention [ingures.
Figured, fig'urd, a. চিত্ৰিত, Adoined with
Figurehead, fig'ur-hed, n. জাহাতের অপ্রতাবহ
প্রতিমৃথি, The figure, statue or bust on the prow of a ship

Filaceous, a স্বাহিশিষ্ট, Composed of threads. Filament, fila-ment, n. [ L. filum, a thread ] অতি স্থা হয়, তম্ভ . A thread; a fibre. a=filamentous Syn —Pile, staple, tendril, cirrus. Filamentous, fil-a-mentus, a. স্বৰং; Like a thread.

Filature, fila-tūr, n. [L. filum, a thread] জেপনের প্র নিকাশন; The recing of silk, or the place for ruching. [the cultivated hazel. Filbert, inflert, n এক প্রকান বাদান, The fruit of Filoh, filch, v t. অপহরণ-ক, To pilier. Syn.—Crib, purloin, obstruct
Filoher, filcher, n. চোব, Thief.

File, fil, n শ্রেণা. A line, row, column — নিষ্টি
প্রালি গাঁথিয়া রাখিবার শিক, A line or wire for
stringing papers, a set of papers — সৈন্ত-শ্রেণা,
Line of soldiers one behind the other — ভ্রমা,
A steel instrument — স্বর্ণ বা বেণিগা নিশ্নিত স্কর;
Fine wire thread of gold or silver — ভালিকা;
A roll or list — ৩. ৮ প্রাণি গাঁথিয়া রাখা, শিকে
গাঁথিয়া রাখা, To string upon a line, to place
upon a file — শ্রেণাবন্ধ-কৃ. Arrange in series:
ভ্রমা হারা মর্বণ-কৃ, শান-কে, পালিস-কৃ, Smooth with
a file — শ্রালানতেব নথি সানিশ কু, আলালতে দাখিল-কৃ;
To put amon; the records of a court; to bring
before a court — ৩ ঃ শ্রেণাব্রন্ধ স্থানানতেবন ন, To

march ( coldiers ) in a line one after another. File off—শ্ৰেণীৰদ্ধ ইত্যা প্ৰধান ক , March in a file or line, as soldiers not abreast but one after another

March in a file—শ্ৰেণীৰদ্ধ ইত্যা প্ৰধান ক , Follow

one after another, and not abreast

Rank and file—সাধান বৈষয়া।; A body of men

under a leader, the body of private soldiers
composing the army.

Filial, filyal, a. [L. filius, a son, filia, a daughter] Mailes, scottes; Son like; daughterly.

Piliate, v. f পোৰাপুত্ৰ বহুণ-কৃ; To adopt as a son or daughter, —same as affiliate, n — filiation. Filibuster, fillibuster, fili-bus-ter, n. [ Sp flibote flibote a small, fast sailing vessel ]

471, 44727, A buccaneer, a lawless military or piratical adventuerer freebooter, pirate, rover, robber.

Filiform, fili-form a সূত্রবং দীর্ঘ ও সূত্র, Having the form of a filament long and slender.

Filigree, fili-gre, n [ L filum, thread, and granum a grain or brad ] খৰ্ণ বা রৌপা নিৰ্শ্বিত তারের কাককারা, Work of solid or silver thread —পুঁতি বসান সক জাল , Thread-like network containing beads. off with a file Filing, filing,, n Esta est A partule ribbed Fill, fil, v t পৰিপূৰ্ণ-ক , পূৰ্ণ-ক , To make full -পরিভৃত্ত-কু, To situsfy, to clut —ভাতাৰ পুণ-কু, Store . hold — ( ) कि नियुक्त कु भुक्त १० र । ह , र ि supply with an incumbent to supply a vacancy -ए : भूर्व इड्या अन्द्रित ३, lob come full to be satisfied - 1 % of Meria, That which fills a full supply Sya = (z) Replenish supply store stock furnish gorde, glut, satisfy, swell expand, occupy hold, enga c so as to fill Fill in-পর্ণ কু লিখিশ প্রণ কু, Throw in incert Fill out—বিভাৰ র Friend —অভিনেপ্রসীমা প্রাম্ विश्वष्ट-कृ Extend or enlarge to the desired li mit Fill up-পূৰ্ণ-কু, সম্পূৰ্ণৰূপে নিজ্ঞ কু, সমস্ত সুস্থ काहीन, Make full, occupy completely -- (वान পদ শুক্ত হইলে ভাহাতে লোক নিযন্ত-কু , Supply with an incumbent — বিৰিয়া প্ৰণ-ক , Inseit so us to

Fill with—পূৰ্ব-ক পোৱা, Make full of [fills Filler, filer, n পৰিপূৰ্ব, He who or that which Fillet, filet, n [L. filem, a thread ] দোট ঘিতা, মাথার বিতা, A little band—উক্দেশ্যে মাণার বিতা, A little band—উক্দেশ্যে মাণার আপ, Fleshy part of a thigh—ত t ফিতা দাবা বাগা বা ভূষিত-ক, To bind or adorn with a fillet Fillibog, Filibog, fili-bog n [Gael filled in plat, fold, and beap, little] স্বভাৱে প্রচাহিমা স্থাতির পরিজ্য বিশেষ A kilt or dress reaching nearly to the knees, worn by the Highlander of Scotland, Highlander's petiticoat

Fillip, filip, n তুচি, অসুলিব টোকা, Jerk or snip of the finger —v t তুড়ি--দে, অসুনি দিয়া টোকা মারা, To strike with the finger nail, jesked from under the thumb.

Filly, fili, n পিক ঘোটৰী, A young mare — চঞ্চল বালিকা, A lively wanton girl.

Film, film, n সৃদ্ধ চপ্ৰাবাৰ, A thin skin, membraneous covering causing opacity — সভি সৃদ্ধ সূত্ৰ, A slender thread, as one of those in a cobweb — চ ধ অভি সৃদ্ধ চপ্ৰাব্ৰৰ দ্বাৰা আছোদিত-কৃ. To cover with a skin. Syn — Pelkick, membrane, slender thread.

The film was cleared from his eyes—ভিনি শাস্ত দেখিতে পাইবাছিলেন, Hr could see distinctly. Filmy, filmi, a সন্ধানিত্ৰ বা সত্ৰবিশিষ্ট, ক্ষল চৰ্মাৰৱণ বাৰা গঠিত, Membraneous, cob-web like; composed of membranes n=filminess.

Filnders, n of , Thread worms.

Filter, filter, n জন-শোধক, Strainer — o. f বল-শোধক যানা তবল বস্ত শোধন-ভূ, To purify inquor by filter — ০ ঃ অল-শোৰত বন্ধের ভিতর দিয়া বাঙ্যা , Pass through a filter , to percolate. Syn — Filtrate, defecate, strain , ooze, exude.

Filth, filth, n. [A S ful, nasty, foul] মবলা;
Dirt, foul matter —মালিক, অপবিভা, ৰপ্ৰ;
Corruption, pollution. Syn:—Nastiness, foulness, impurity.

Filthy, filth, a সমল, ময়লা যুক্ত, অবিভয়; কল্পিড, Foul, unclean, impure, nasty. n= filthiness

Filtrate, filtrat v t. চুয়াইবা বাহির-ফু, ভরল এবা শোধন-ফু To percolate n≔filtration

Fimbria. " " Fringe hem

Fimbriate, fimbri-it Fimbriated, fimbri-it-cd, a [ l fimbriae, fibres ] ঝাল্যফল, Fringed, hiving fibres on the border [ fringe or hem. Fimbriate, fimbri-it, v t. ঝাল্য সংনয়-কু. To Fin, n [ L finna, a fin ] মংসার পঞ্চ, ভানা, Wing of a fish [ fine or penalty. Finablo, fin-bl, a অর্থদভাই দভনীয়, Lible to a Final, final, a [ L firis, an end ] শেষ, আরিষ্কার, চডায় চবম, List decisive, ultimate Syn—I itest terminating, eventual, conclusive, definitive n—fin dity, ad finally

A final cause— সং পদার্থন মুহের উদ্দেশ্ত ভব . The in tend or purpose for which things were made, the doctrine of final causes teaching that all things were made on a plan or for a purpose. Finalo, tenail, n [ It finali, final ] শেষ, The end — সক্ষাতের শেষভাগ, The last note of a piece of music [ state Finality, finaliti, r চন্মতা, শেষ নিশ্ভি, Final Finance, finance, n রাজ্যের আয়, বাজ্য, সাম্ম্য Income of a state, public money, rever-

nue —pl উপাৰ, Available resources
Financial, fi-natish il, a আৰু বায় সৰ্মীয়, বাজৰ
সম্বৰ্ধ Pertaining to a fine, belonging to finance ad=financially

Financial department—আৰ বাৰ শিভ'ৰ।

Financior, fi-nanstr, n বাজৰতৰক্ত, বাজৰাধাক, তাল ব্যাধাক, An officer who administers the public money, one skilled in finance —v. t.
To conduct inancial operations

Finch, fiish, n হস্তৰকণ্ঠ পক্ষী বিশেষ, পায়ক পন্ধী শিশেষ, A small singing bird

Find, find, v t বৃণিধা পাৰ্যা, To come upon by serking —দেখিতে পাৰ্যা সাকাং-কৃ, To light up in or meet with accidentally, fall in with — অনুভব কৃ, অভিন্তাতা বা পৰীকা বাবা জ্ঞাত হ, জানিতে পাৰা To perceive, feel, experience, learn by experience or tital —লাভ কৃ, To gain or procure as the object of effort —বোগাৰ, To supply; furnish —দিক্ষাত্ত-কৃ, To arrive at a conclusion, to establish —n. জাবিজাৰ, Thing found, discovery. Syn —Light upon, discover, obtain, get, arrive at, attain, observe, notice, remark, detect, catch, furnish, supply, provide, contribute, cater for; determine, declare by verdict

[by grand jury.

Find a bill—Establish grounds of accusation Find a clue to—NATA MEN; Discover that which will lead to the desired knowledge.

Find a market-cer of on; Meet with a purchaser.

Find fault with-निका-कृ; Censure.

Find in, find at-15-7; Catch.

Find in one's heart-नाहनी वा निहंव श्हेबा कार्या F; To be bold enough or hard hearted enough to do a thing.

Find one in-ceptie; Supply one with.

Find one out—ধরে কেলা; চিনিতে পারা; Detect. Find one's account—লাভবান হওয়া বা উপকৃত-ছ ; Be benefitted or profited by. [ To be, fare. Find oneself—হত্যা; কোন অবস্থায় অবস্থিতি-কু, Find out—काविकात-क ; Discover ; detect.

How do you find yourself—কেমন আছ? How do you fare with regard to ease, health, or sickness ?

Fine, fin, a. হুৰুর ; Beautiful :— হুৰু ; Not coarse or heavy; thin — উৎকৃত্ব; উত্তম, Excellent, good .-- आंड्यबरिनिष्टे : आंकान : Showy ; splendid --পৰিষ্ণত , হৃদৃগ্য ; Clear or refined, pure :—ধুৰ্ত্ত ; Sly:--v.t. বিংক-ক ; পরিছত-ক , To refine , to Purify — স্সজ্জিত-কৃ; To deck. n=fineness. Syn -(a) Light, airy, keen, sharp, delicate; critical, nice, handsome, elegant; accomplished, polished; superior, showy, splendid; subtle, artful.

Fino, n অর্থদণ্ড; জরিমানা . A mulet; money forfeit or punishment, a composition; a sum of money imposed as a punishment or offence -v. f অর্থাত-কু; To impose a fine on; to punish by fine. ad=finely.

Fine arts-2र्गात विमा , मझीलांन कोर्यों, कना , Those arts depending on the imagination, as poetry, painting, sculpture, engraving and architecture. [subtly; overminute or nice. architecture. Fine drawn, a. অভি সন্ত্ৰ, Drawn out too Fine feathers do not make fine birds-ভাল কাপড পরিবেই লোক ভাল হয় না , Fine clothing dies not make a person better than he is

Fine-fingured, a. frail, Nice in work. [trived Fine spun-ছুর্চিত , Minute , ingenously con-Fine words better no paranips—কথায় চি'ডে (SC# 41, A dish is not made delicious by empty words, however sweet. [clusion, to sum up all. In fino—সংক্ষেপে বলিতে হউপে; উপসংহারে, In con-Fineness, n. হসরহ; হস্তা, Thinness, stenderness, minuteness; clearness, purity, niceness, delicacy; keenness, sharpness; elegance, beauty; show, splendour, subtilty, ingenuity, artfulness; smoothness.

Finer, finer, n. Same as Refiner.

Finery, finer-i, n. अनदात , मत्नाशात्री जनाकाछ ; कं क्लमक: (नाधननाना; को दिव कात्रशाना, Showy things; ornament; fine things, splendour; a place where anything is refined; a furnace for making iron malleable.

Finesse, fi-nes, n. কৌশল; চতুবতা; Subtility of contrivance; artifice -- ৩. ঃ. চাতুরী-কু; To use

Finger, fing'ger, n. wayfor; One of the five extreme parts of the hand:—অসুলি পরিমাণ. A finger's breadth :- (थनियात कोणने ; किटाइस , रक्षा; Skill in the use of the hand or fingers; skill in playing; ability:-- v. t. অসুলি বারা স্পর্ন-ক; অপহরণ-কৃ, To handle or perform with the fingers, to pilfer -- v. i বাদ্যবন্ধে অসুলি প্ৰৱোপ-कु; अञ्जलि बाजा दौरानि दोगा-कु; To use the fingers in playing on a musical instrument. Syn :-Handle, manipulate; perform, play on; meddle with. [ concerned.

Have a finger in—কোন কিছুতে নিশ্ত-হ; To be Have a finger in the pie (coll)—(कान कारक হাত দেওয়া (মোড়লী করা), Mix oneself up in any affair, interfere in any affair

Have at the finger's ends, Have at one's finger's end-कान विवयं कारांत्र नथ मर्गाव शाका ; Be so familiar with a subject as to be able to speak concerning it; be thoroughly familiar with, be able to repeat or use without trouble.

Lay a finger upon-কিছুমাত হতকেপ-ক ; Interfere in the slightest with.

Lay one's fingers on—वाहिद-कृ ; Find out. Lay the finger on-creta, Point out.

Lift ( or stir ) a finger—नांध्यस्ट नांश्य कविष्ड চেষ্টা-কৃ, কথকিং সাহায্য-কৃ, Make any effort however slight in behalf ( or aid ) of.

May count on the fingers—এভ অল বে আকুলে भग यारा, ( अर्था९ ) व्यत्न-१ ; Find it to be less than ten, find to be not more than ten; (hence) be few in number.

Not to lift a finger-কিছুমাত্র চেষ্টা না করা (একটা অ'সুলও নাডে নাই), Not to make the smallest Meddle with an affair. eflort.

Put one's finger in the pie-wallets stil-7; Snap one's fingers—ভুডি কেওয়া।

Snap one's fingers at was - F; To treat contemptuously

The fore finger—ভৰ্জনী।

The little finger-कनिर्ण। The middle finger—মধামা।

The third or ring finger—অনামিকা :

The two are finger and thumb—ভাহারা হরি হৰ জালা ; They are inseparable companions.

To snap or crack the fingers—ভূড়ি দিয়া উদ্ৰাইয়া দেওখা, Defy, express one's contempt for another by snapping the fingers.

Finger-board, fing'ger-bord, n. वांगायदात (व অংশে অঙ্গুলি সঞ্চালন করিয়া বাজাইতে হয়, The board of a musical instrument, where the strings or the keys for the fingers are placed --- भावानव ज्ञःभ, Part of a fiddle. Sign post. Finger post, fing ger-post, n. পথপ্ৰদৰ্শক থকা;

Finger reading, n. अजूनि विशे लान करिया अक्व शृहा ; Reading for the blind, by touching letters printed in relicf.

Fingered, fing'gerd, a. অঙ্গুলিবিশিষ্ট; Having fingers, or parts like fingers.

Fingering, fing ger-ing, " अकृति वादा नार्न ; Act of touching lightly with the fingers, the manner of touching musical instrument.

Finial, fini-al, n. मन्त्र-मक्टक शक् वा भूलकास्त्र প্রতিকৃতি, মন্দির; The knot or bunch of foliage or flower at the top of a pinnacle; the pinnacle itself.

শানামেন, fini-kal, a. অতি স্কাৰণ ; অতিশ্ব পোৰ-শানা বেশসুবা-ক্ৰিল ; খোব পোৰাকী ; Unduly particular ; nice ; foppish. ad=finically. Syn :— Fastidious, overrefined, over-exact, scrupulous, over-nice, spruce

Fining, fining, n. শোষৰ-প্ৰণালী; The process of refining or purifying. [conclusion. Finis, finis, n. সমান্তি; উপসংহাব; An end, Finish, finish, v.t. [L. finis, an end ] প্ৰ-কৃ; স্বাধ-কৃ; শেব-কৃ; স্বাধা-কৃ; To complete; end, put an end to; close:—প্রিকৃত-কৃ; To polish; n. সমান্তি; স্বাপন; Last touch; the last coat of plaster to a wall; completion. Syn:—(v) Conclude, accomplish; execute, perform; elaborate, perfect.

Finishing school, n. শিকা দাক কৰিবাৰ বিদ্যালয়, School for completing education.

Finishing touch or stroke—(\*\*) \*\* The stroke of a pencil which completes or perfects a picture; the final act or work.

Give the finishing stroke—(44-3; Put an end to.

Finisher, finish-er, n. ন্যাপ্ক; One who completes or perfects.

Binite, finit, a. সীমাৰজ; সীমাবিশিষ্ট; Having limits; limited; (Opposed to Infinite). n= Finiteness. ad=finitely. Syn:—Bounded, restricted, circumscribed, terminated.

Finny, fini, a. Gialfa at, uenj-পকৰ্ক, Furnished with fins.

Finny tribe, n. acm; Fish.

Fiord, fyord, n. অপ্ৰক নাৰ : Scandinavion name given to a long, narrow, rock-bound strait or inlet.

Fir, fer, n. (भवनाक नाष्ट्र: A tree, value for its tim-Fire, fir, n. অন্নি, অন্নিলিখা; Flame; heat:-আবোৰ; Light -- অগ্নিদাহ, অলন; Conflagration —ভেল্ল:; উৎসাহ; আগ্রহ; কোপ, Ardour of passion; vigour; enthusiasm; love, rage -ৰাশতা প্ৰায় , Sexual love :-- গতালীল ; বছণা , Tumult ; trouble :-- (शाना नित्कण , Discharge of firearms .- v. t. नार-कृ, व्यक्षि-मः राग-कृ, To set on fire :- अबनि उ-कृ; উত্তেজিত-कृ; To inflame, animate:-- निरम्भ-कृ, श्राक्षभ-कृ; To cause the explosion of ; to discharge -v. i. অগ্নি লাগে , অগ্নি-সংলগ্ধ-ছ; To take fire:—উত্তেজিত-ছ, To be or become irritated or inflamed :—আগ্রেয়ার নিকেপ-কু; অগ্নায় প্ৰকিন্ত-হ, To discharge fire-arms Syn :- (n) Ignition, blaze; lusture, radiance; fervour, ardour; severe trial, furnace. (v) Ignite, kindle; warm, animate; inflame, irntate; discharge; canterize.

A slow fire maketh sweet malt—ৰে কাৰ্য বিলমে করা হয়, ভাহা ভাল হয়, Every thing that is done slowly and patiently is done well.

Be between two fires—বিষয় সম্যায় পড়া; Be in an embarassing situation.

Be on fire—প্রাণত-২; Be in a state of ignition:—উদ্ভেশিক-২, Be highly excited.

Be under fire—শক্তৰ গোৰা মূৰে প্ৰতিত ; Be exposed to the attack of an enemy by cannonade. Fire at, Fire upon, Fire on—গোৰা নিৰেশ-

হু : কোন ব্যক্তি বা পদাৰ্থে থাকি ক্ষম কৰিব বন্ধ ছোড়া ; Shoot at ; discharge fire-arms at a person or thing.

Fire away—aca ale; says; Go on.

Fire off-cuton attag: Let off a gun.

Fire on, Fire upon--গোলা বৰ্ণ-স্থ ; Discharge artillery or fire-arms on.

Fire up—aten affin bil; carpin a; Be seized with passion; get highly irritated or angry:—Light up the fires of.

Go through fire and water-विभारक कृष्ट् आन-कृ; Risk any danger.

Greek fire—An inflammable material, burning with almost inextinguishable violence, used in war.

Hang fire—বিল্বে কাৰ্যকারী-হ, (কোৰ বিৰয় কাঁডে)
বিলয়-হ, কাৰ্যকারী হইডে বিলয়-হ, Be slow in taking effect; be delayed; be long in exploding as a gun—be delayed; be slow in exploding or coming into effect.

No fire without smoke—ধ্য বিনা আয়ি থাকিতে পাবে না; ভালর সঙ্গে মৰু থাকে; No good without its mixture of evil.

On fire-প্ৰকাৰ ; Burning.

Bunning fire—ক্ৰডবেৰে গোলা বিকেণ; কিলবেৰে গোলা প্ৰকেণ; Rapid discharge of fire arms in succession by a line of troops.

Set on fire, Set fire to—আৰু আন্ট্যা-দে; আনাইং! দেবল ; Communicate fire to :—উবেলিড-ফু; Enkindle the passions of. [led Erisepalas. St. Anthon's fire—চর্ম প্রদায়; The disease cal-Take fire—আৰু লগা, সংস্কৃত, Catch fire:—বানে অলিয়া উঠে; উত্তেজিড-ছ, Be inflamed with passion, be highly excited.

Fire-alarm—An alarm given of conflagration.
Firearm, fir'arm, n আহোৱা, নক্ড; কাৰ্যান; A
weapon which acts by the force of gun-powder.
Fireball, fir'bawl, n খোৰাগুলি, A small bombshell —উখা; Meteor

Firebox, fir'buks, স. বালীন বন্ধের অপ্নাধার ; The chamber of a steam-engine, in which the fire is pliced.

Firebrand, fir'brand, n. অগ্নিতে নিজিপ্ত কাৰ্মণত; দল্পনান কাৰ্থণ ; A piece of wood on fire —-গৃহ-দাহক ; বিবাদ-বৰ্জক ; বিবেবোৎপাৰক ; Incendiary ; one who causes contention and mischief.

Firebrick, fir'brik, n. আদাল ইয়ক; বে ইট অধির উত্তাপেও বিকৃত হয় না; A kind of clay, capable of resisting the action of fire.

Fire-brigade, fir'big'ad, n. গৃহাদির পাহনিবারণার্থ নিয়েজিত ব্যক্তিবর্গ; A body of men employed for extinguishing fires or conflagrations; a body of fire men.

Fireolay, fir'kla, n. অগ্নিসহিত্ ইটক, বে সুন্তিকা অগ্নিতে বিকৃত হয় না; A kind of clay capable of sustaining intense heat.

Firecook, fir'kok, n. আমিনিকাশুনার কল-নিংদারক নল; A cock or spout to let out water for extinguishing fire.

Fire company—all sceen silves; A companyof men for managing an engine to extingush fires. Firedamp, fir damp, n. কৰনাৰ ধনিতে উলাভ বাল বিৰেৰ; অধান ধনি কাড বাল ; The inflammable gas which gathers in coal mines.

Fire-eater, n. গাড়ীক; কলহাত্রির ব্যক্তি; One who pretends to eat fire; bully; a fighting character: a hotspur.

স্থান-engine, fir-enjin, n. খনকা; আয়িনিৰ্কাপক আ , An engine for putting out fire; an engine or forcing pump for throwing water to extinguish fires.

ৰ্ম্মান-escape, fir'es-ksp', স. ব্যুমান গৃহ হইছে পরি-আণ লাভার্থ ব্যুক্ত ব্যু বিশেষ; A machine used to enable people to escape from fires.

Birefly, fir'fli, n. ধ্ৰোড; জোনাকি পোকা: A winged luminous insect.

Bire-lock, fir'lok, n. रम्क दिल्प ; A gun-lock, discharged by striking fire with flint steel ; a musket with such a lock.

Fireman, firman, n. অপ্নিনির্বাণকারী; One who puts out fires in towns:—অগ্নি-রক্ষাকারী; One who feeds steam engine fires:—বাশীর ব্যৱহ অগ্নির উদ্বেশক; A man who tends the fires, as of a steam-engine.

[ quite new.

Fire-new—নৃতন ; Fresh from the forge ; bright, Fire-ordeal, ন. অন্নি-গ্ৰীকা ; Trial by fire.

Firepan, n. অধিপাৰ; Pan for holding fire. Fireplace, fir/pias, n. উৰন; চুল্লী; অধিকৃত; A place under a chimney for fire; the part of a house appropriated to the fire; a hearth.

Fireplug, n. বল বিশেষ ; A hydrant ; fire cock. Fireproof, fir/proof, n. অবাত্ত , আৰহনীয় ; Proof against fire ; incombustible.

Biro-ship, fir'ship, n. দাহ বস্তপূর্ণ জাহাজ, আয়ুংপাদক-পদার্থ; বাদী স্থপোড; A ship filled with
combustibles, to set an enemy's ship on fire.

Fireside, fir'sid, n. डेन्ब ; हुद्दी ; डेनबनीना ; Side of a fireplace, hearth ; a place near the fire :— नृह , Home. Syn :—Home, hearth ; domestic life, retirement.

Pire-stone, n. এত্যবিশেষ; চক্ষকিত্ব পাথর; Flint; a kind of sandstone that bears a high degree of heat.

Eirewood, n. আলামি কাষ্ট; Wood for fuel.

Fireworks, fir wurks, n. pl. আতস বাজি; Preparation of gunpowder; sulpher, &c. discharged for amusement or war.

Fire-worship, fir'-wur'ship, n. আন্তি-উপাসৰা; আন্ত্ৰ পূৰা; Worship of fire. n=fire-worshipper.

Firing, firing, n. অগ্নিসংবার; অগ্নান্ত নিকেণ, A setting fire to; discharge of guns:—ইজন; Firewood, fuel.

Firkin, ferkin, n. গুলন্বিশেষ; পরিদাপ বিশেষ, A measure of capacity, equal to 7½ imperial gallons:—পিপে; A cask of indeterminate size, used chiefly for butter and lard.

Firm, ferm, a. কটিন; Hard; strong; solid:—
ফুচ; অটল; ফুচআ; ছিন্ন; ছিন্নখন্তন, Constant;
steady; steadfast; fixed; resolute:—ল. অংশীবণ; খৌখ-ব্যবস্থানৈত্ব সাধান্য সংব্যা; A body of
partners:—ব্যবস্থানত্ব; বাণিজাগান্ত; কুট; Mercantile house; business house, লভানিসানত্তঃ,

ad=firmly. Syn:—Dense, compact; stable, unshaken, stanch, robust, sturdy.

Firm as a rook, a. 194; Not easily moved; unchanging.

Firmament, ièr'ma-ment, n. [ L. firmus, firm or solid ] আৰাল; গান্তল; The sky; an expanse. a=firmamental. Syn:—Heavens, starry sphere, celestial expanse, canopy of heaven. [ tial. Firmamental, ièr-ma-mental, a. ব্যাত্ত; Celes-Firman, ièr'man, n. বাজাবেল; বাজাভা; A decree of the Turkish government; a royal order.

Firmness, fermines, n. কাঠিড; বৃদ্ধা; কটবড়া; Fixedness, compactness, hardness, solidity; strength, stability; steadfastness, constancy certainty, soundness.

First, ferst, a. প্রথম ; আনিম ; Earliest in time :-त्वा ; উৎকৃষ্ট ; প্রথম ; Most eminent , chief. adm
firstly. Syn :--Primary, primordial, original,
primitive, primeval, pristive; highest, chief,
principal ; foremost.

[ ning or origin

At first, At the first—squa; At the begin-First of all—squas: At the outset.

First or last—এফৰে কিবো অন্ত ন্যানে; প্রথমে বা লোব; At one time or another; at the beginning or end.

First born, ferst-bawm, a. জোট : অপ্ৰকাভ ; Born first; eldest:—n. স্কাৰ্ড বা লোট সভাৰ ; The first in the order of birth; the eldest child. First fruits, ferst froots, First fruit, m. আক্ বিক কল ; অধ্য কল ; Earliest produce or effects ; first years's ecclesiastical income; the first profits or results.

Firstling, ferstling, n. প্ৰৱ প্ৰথমভাত সভান; প্ৰথমভাত প্ৰশাৰক; The first offspring said of animals. [First class; pre-eminent. First rate, terst-rat, a. সৰ্বভ্ৰেষ্ঠ; উৎকুই; অৱগণ্য;

Firstwater, a. अर्थानं, First quality; as, he is a mathematician of first water.

Firth, ferth, Same as frith.

Fiso, fisk, n. [ L. fiscus, a basket, or purse, the treasury ] বাৰু বোৰাগাৰ; বাৰুৰ; Public treasury; the treasury of a state; revenue.

Fiscal, fiskal, a. বাৰৰ-স্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the public treasury or revenue:—n. কোবাৰাক; বৰাৰ্ক; A treasurer.

দ্ৰািsh, fish, n. মংস্য; An animal that lives in water and breathes through gills:—v. i. মংস্য বৰিবাৰ চেষ্টা-কৃ, To try to catch fish:—কৌশন কৰিবা পাইবার চেষ্টা-কৃ, To seek to obtain by artifice:—v. t. মংস্য অৰুসন্ধান-কৃ; To search for fish:—টানিয়া আনা; বাহির-কৃ; To draw out or up:—জ্য তন্ন কৰিবা অৰুসন্ধান; To search by sweeping.
Fishday, n. উপবাস দিন; Fast day.

Fishfag, n. ধীৰৰ-পদ্মী; Fish woman.

Fish hook, ম. বড়িশ; Fish woman.
Fish hook, ম. বড়িশ; A hook for catching fish.
Fishmonger, fishmun-ger, ম. বৎস্য-ব্যকারী;
ঘৎস্য-বিকেন্ডা; A dealer in fish; a seller of fish.
Fish rod, ম. ছিগ; Angle. [ who sells fish.
A fish wife (or woman)—বীবরগায়ী; A woman
A fish out of water—বন ছাড়া ঘান; A person
masuitably and uncomfortably placed; one who
is out of his element.

Fish for - जन्मकान-क ; Seek.

Fish for compliments—কৌশল কৰিলা প্ৰদংসা প্ৰাৰ্থন্-কু; Solicit praise indirectly.

Bish in troubled waters—বিপপেৰ সময় কোল কিছু লাভ করিবার চেটা-কু; Endeavour to gain money or some other advantage in a time of public calamity. [find out by searchinge; Bish out—প্তিয়া বাহিন-কু; Draw out by artifice; Baye other field to from the color and a state at the search of 
Have other fish to fry—ৰস্ত কোন কাৰ্যো বাণ্ড-ই; Have some other business to attend to.

Fisherman, fisher-man, Fisher, fisher, n.
বীবৰ; বোৰ; One whose occupation is to catch
fish; one employed in catching fishes.

Fishery, fisher-i, n. মংস্য ধরিবার ব্যবসায়; থীবরের ব্যবসায়; মংস্য ধরিবার ছাল বা আন্তর্জা: The business of catching fish; A place where fish are caught. Fishing, fishing, n. মংস্য ধরা; মংস্য ধরিবার কৌশল বা তংগ্রনিয়া; Catching fish; the art or practice of catching fish:—a. ধীবন্দিগের ব্যবজ্ঞ; Used in fishery or by fishermen.

**Fishing fly,** n. মংদ্য ধরিবার কৃত্তিম মকিকা; Artificial fly to catch fish.

Fishing smack—নংস্য ব্যবসারে নিযুক্ত জাহাল ; A small vessel engaged in the fishing trade.

Fishy, fishi, a. মংসাপুর্ণ; মংস্য-ঘটিত; আমিবদংক্রান্ত : আমিব গুণুক্ত : Abounding in fish; consisting of, like or full of fish:—অনিশ্বিত; Dubious:—অতি-মাত্র; অযুক্তিযুক্ত; Extravagant like fisher men's stories.

Finale, fisil, a. [L. fissum, cleft] বিষয়ীয়; That may be cleft or divided in the direction of the grain.

Fission, fishun, n. [L. fissum, cleft] বিধা জাগক্যা ; A splitting or breaking up into two parts.
Fissiparous, fis-sip'a-rus, a. [L. fissum, cleft, and pario, to bring forth] বতঃ বিদাৰ্গ ইয়া গুলপাৰু, Reproducing by spontaneous fission.
Fissirostral, fis-i-rostral, a. [L. fissus, cleft, and rostrum, a break] স্বিভাষকৰ চকুবিশিষ্ট;
Having a deeply cleft beak, as certain birds.

Fissure, fishur, n. [L. fissus, cleft] ডিড; বিদাৱ; দটি; Narrow opening; chasm. Syn:—Crevice, crack, chink, cranny, break, breech, gap, interstice, rift.

Fist, fist, n. मृष्टे; किन; Clenched hand:—v. t. किन मात्रा; To ttrike with the first.

Close-fisted, a. কুপ্ৰ; Niggardly.

shako the fists—তুক্ত-কু, Defy. [boxing. Fisticuss, n. ঘুনো ঘুনি; Battle with the fists, Fistula, fistu-la. n. [L. fistula, a pipe ] ভগৰৱ; A deep, narrow, pipe-like sinuous ulcer. a= fistulous. [cal like a pipe or reed. Fistular, fistu-lar, a. খুগর্ভ; Hollow cylindri-Fistulous, fistu-lus, a. ভগৰৱন্দ্রশ; Having the nature or form of a fistula.

Fit, fit, a. [A. S. feat, neat, well made] উপযুক্ত, বোগা; উচিত, ক্ৰিগালনত; Suitable (to an object); proper; qualified; convenient:—v. t. উপযুক্ত-কৃ; বোগা-কৃ; উপবোগা-কৃ; To make fit or suitable, to be adapted to; to prepare; to qualify:—v. i. উপযুক্ত-কৃ; উপবোগা-কৃ. To be suitable or becoming:—n. বোগাড়া; উচিতা; Fitness. Syn:—(a)

Fitting, appropriate, meet, becoming, seemly, congruous, correspondent; expedient, convenient, apposite, apt, adapted, prepared, qualified, competent, adequate. (\*) Adapt, suit, adjust, harmonize, conform; qualify, accommodate, prepare, equip; become, be suited.

Fit, n. মৃষ্টা; (প্ৰ-বিকেপ; Paroxysm of temper or illness; convulsion; a sudden and violent attack by convulsions, as apoplexy &c.:—কণিক আক্ৰমণ; আক্ৰমিক অক্লমণালন বা অবহার গাঁৱবৰ্ত্তৰ; A temporary attack of any thing, a laughter; a sudden effort or motion; a passing humour:—অবসৱ; Interval. a=fitful. Syn:—Spasm, paroxysm; humour, whim, fancy; spell, turn, interval, period.

[ fied for.

Fit for—কোন বিষয়েল উপযুক্ত ; Worthy of ; quali-Fit in with—ঠিক মেলা ; ফিট্ হইলা বদা বা লাগা ; Agree exactly with.

Fit into—উপথোগী-কু; Adjust:—ফিট্ হওরা; Be adapted to ( to particular shape or size ).

Fit out—সজ্জিত-তৃ; Equip; supply with necessary means:—আবগুক জবা বোগাড় করিয়া দেওয়া; Equip (generally, a ship); supply with necessaries.

Fit up—গৃহাদি সাজাৰ; Furnish with things suitable; furnish (a house), make fit for the use or reception of any person.

By fits and starts—থাকিয়া থাকিয়া; থেকে থেকে; মধ্যে মধ্যে, Intermittently; impulsively and irregularly; by intervals of action and repose. Go into fits—শুদ্ধিত হ; Faint away.

Fitful, fitfool, a. চক্ল, উত্তেজনা-প্ৰকাশক; Spasmodic, irregularly variable. ad≈fitfully, n=fitfulness.

Fitness, fitnes, n. বোগাতা; উচিতা; উপযুক্তা, Suitableness, preparedness. Syn:—Mectness, propiety, qualification, convenience, adaptation, pertinence.

Fitter, firer, n. উপথোকা; মিসন-সাধক; He who or that which makes fit.

Fitting, fiting, a. উপযুক্ত; উপবোগী; Appropriate; becoming. ad=fittingly.

Fittings, n. pl. বাবছাবোপদোগী করিবার উপাদান; Necessary fixtures.

Fitz, fits, n. পুত্র , Son :—ছারজ পুত্র , Illegitimate child :—ইংলতে রাজবংশের উপপায়ার পুত্রের নামের পূর্বের বাবহুত হয়।

Five, fiv, n. পঞ্ম; পঞ ; Four and one.

Five-fold, fivföld, a. 9989; Five times repeated; in fives. [ play with a ball.

Fives, fivz, n. pl. ক্রীড়া বিশেষ, খেলা বিশেষ; A By fives—Five at a time.

Fix, fiks, v. t. ষ্ট্-ক, সংলগ্ন-ক; To make firm; to attach firmly:—বিদীৰ্থ-ক; To drive into; to pierce:—নিবেশিত-ক; চাপিত-ক; To drive steadily:—স্থাপিত-ক; স্থাপন-ক; অভিন্তিত-ক; To establish.—মাবদ্ধ-ক; To fasten:—v. i. স্থাপিতাৰ পাকা, স্থামী-হ; To settle or remain permanently:
—দুট-হ; কঠিন-হ; To become firm; to congeal:
—n. সম্ভাবস্থা; Difficulty; a difficult position.
Syn:—(v) Set, settle, place, locate, plant, root, recure, tie, attach; determine, limit, appoint;

rivet, solidify, consolidate, (n) Predicament, dilemma, quandary, plight

Be in a fix—বিবৰ সমন্যাব পড়া, কিংকৰ্ডবৃথিম্চ হওলা, Be in an embarassing situation, be in a position of difficulty or embarrassment

Fix on—ৰাতে চাপাৰ, Fasten on —নিশিষ্ট-কু, Appoint —কাহাৰত উপন্ন ছাপিত-কু, Set or place on Fixation, fiks-áshun, n ছিনীকৰণ, সংস্থিতি, দততা কাঠিক, The act of fixing, steadiness

Fixed, filest, a নিবোজিত, স্থিনীকৃত, স্থাপিত, বন্ধ, Settled, net apt to eviporate — স্থিব, অপুচ, Film n fixedness ad—fixedly

Fixed stars, n এক্যানাৰ্যন ব্যৱস্থা, Such stars as always retain the same apparent position and distance.

Fixedness, n দুচ্ছা, ভটলতা, Steadiness Syn — Slability firmic s, steadfastness, imm n ability Fixity, fike to n হাতিহ, দুচ্ডা Fixedness

Fixture, fik tur, গ ছানাস্তবান্ধ বস্তু, ছাবিলপে সং-লগ্প বস্তু অনপ্রাব্ধীয় সুহস্কলা, What cannot be removed a fixed uticle of furniture.

Fiz, fi, Fizzle, fill, ৩ :. হিদ্হিদ্ শক কৃ, কন্ বন্শন কৃ, Fo make a hissing sound — ভূম-কৃ, অকৃতক' দেহ To bungle — দ আকৃতকার্থতা, A fulare or abunture at empt.

Fizzlo out – বৰ ধৰণা দ আলিবা নিৰ্কাণ-ছ, Burn with a first e noise and then go out like wet gunpowder — মণ্ডা অফুডকাৰ্যাছ (কোন কাজা) আগুৱক হ To fail completely, to prove a failure

Flabby, fili a শিল্ আদৃত, Lose wanting firmics — নমনীয় কোমল, Easily bent, soft and yielding n flabbiness

Flaceid, flass d a [L flarens flabby] সমক্রি মন্ন hild by lax — চুক্ল চন Soft
and weak, loose n—Haccidness, flaceidity, ad=
flaceidly Syn—Soft weak limber lax

Flacoidness, flaksid-nes Flacoidity, flaksidi ti স ন্দৰ্শী , শিখিবতা, অনুচতা, Laxi ess want of tirmnes

Flag, flag ৩: দ্বান হ, অবসর হ To d oop
pinc, decline — শিবিশত বে কৃলিতে থাকা, 10
hang loise — দ ধ্বতা, পতাকা A banner —
কলক সভা বিশেষ A water plant Syn — (৩)
Droop iail, tanguish (11) Colour, banner, standud, pennon streamer

Flag, flag, Flagstone, flag'ston, n ঢালি পাধৰ প্ৰধাৰ কৰা A bion I flat stone used for paying. Black flag—বিভিত ব্যক্তিনিগের প্রতি নির্দ্ধরতা প্রকাশক কুম পতাকা, One showing that no mercy will be shown to the vanguished

Flag officer, n বণভন্তাৰ নামক, Officer entitled to hois i flag, commander of a squadron

Flas of truce—স্থিত্চৰ খেতৰ প্ৰজা, A white flag displayed to an enemy to show friendly intentions

Flag ship, flag'ship, n পোত-নায়কের জাহাল, Ship which carries or bears the admiral. [ a flag Flag staff, n অভাগাৰী বাচৰক A pole be min, Display the red flag— মুৱাৰ্থ আহ্বান কৃ, Dare to battle

Bed flag-प्कार्य कामप्रक तक नवाका, One dis-

played as a sign of defiance and invitation to battle.

Flame

To hang out the white flag—কৃপা প্ৰাৰ্থনাৰ খেত পতাকা উভোৱন-কৃ, lo ask quarter or manifest a friendly design —সন্ধি প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কৃ, Sue for peace

To hang the flag half most high or half staff—হাও প্রকাশার্থ কালার্থ কালা ক্ষাত্রতা উল্লেখ্য নিজ-রু, To raise it only half way, as a telen of mounting. To strike or lower the flag— নিজা কীকাৰ প্রকাশ করিবার ভক্ত ক্ষাত্র নামান, প্রাকাশার্মন, To pull it down in token of respect, submission or surrender, to lower the flag from the top in token of respect or of surrender to an enemy langual the blue flag more Town and Down

Unfurl the blue flag-्क (पर्भ) कर्ना, De-clare war.

Flagollant, flajel-ant, n বে কক্তি আননাক বেজা-ঘাত ধরে, কঠোর তাপস , One who sco irgus himself in religious discipline

Flaggolet, flajo-let n [Low L fluta, a flute] 村中, A nusical a strument, a cross flute. Flaggollato, flatel-It, t t. [L. flagram, a whip] (可可以多, To whip or scourge n=flaggollation

Flaggellation, n বেলাখাত করণ, A whipping, flogging, scourging, cl.a tisemeit

Flaggy, flag i, a िश्चि नमनी । पूर्वल , Weak ; flexible —नावम , Ins p d n=flagginess

Flagitious, fla pishus a [L flagitium, anything disgraceful done in the help of passion ] গতিং, কল্মিড, বাই Deeply which atrocious; guilty of enormous crime, corrupt. n=flagitiousness ad=flagitiously Syn—Atrocious, villainous flagrant, hemous, nefarious, scandalous, corrupt proflighte abandoned

Flagon, flag'un n হ্বাপাত্ৰ, অপ্ৰান্ত মুখ পানপাত্ৰ-বিশেষ A vessel with a narrow mouth for holding liquo-s, a drinking vessel with a narrow mouth. Flagrant, flagrant, a [ L flagro, to flame ] লাশ ঘোৰ, বিবাণিত, বলস্ত, Glaring, conormous, notorious, flaming neflagrancy a'eflagrantly. Syn—Glowing, raging, imflamed, crying, atrocious, heinous flagitious

Flail, flail, n [ L fligellum a courge ] শ্যা আছড়াইবার কাইবঙ, A wooden instrument for thrashing corn.

Flake, flak, n বৰ তর, খাক, জ,ইন, ডুবাৰ কণা.
A scale, a small layer, lamina, a film a very small loose mass, as of snow — v t থাক কৰা.
To form into flakes — v. ঃ জাইন উঠা, To scale off

Flaky, filks, a তবপূর্ব, তবে তবে সজিত, Consisting of layer n=flakiness

Flambeau, flambo, n উকা, অনন্ত মদাৰ, A flaming torch p=flambeaux (--bo)

Flamboyant, flam-boy'ant, a. [Fr flambover, to b azt.] তবজাৰদাৰ চিত্ৰে সন্ধিত, Characterised by waving of flame-like tracery

Flame, flam, n [L flagro, to burn] অগ্নিলিখা, আগ্নি, Blaze, fire —উৎসাহ, আগ্নহ, Ardour of temper, vigour of thought —প্রীতি, প্রেরনী, Love, sweet-heart, one beloved.—স্মোধ,

Rage:— প্রচন্দ্র ; Violence:— ক t. মন্ধ-ছ ; কোপাদি
খাবা উর্জ্ঞেনত হ ; কুপিড-ছ , To burn as flame ; to
break out in passion; to rage Syn:—(n)
Brightness, passion; ardour, fervency, affection.
Flame up— অবা; Rise in flames:— কোপ প্রসাশছ; Bleak out in a passion.

Consign to the fismes-74-7; Burn.

'n flames-ৰুণিড ; Burning.

Flamen, flamen, n. প্ৰোহিত; বৰ্ষবাভক; A priest. Flaming, flaming, a. উজ্জল; জাড়বৰপূৰ্ব; ভাকাল; প্ৰাচত, Bright; gaudy; violent:—লোহিতবৰ্ব; Red:—n প্ৰজ্ঞান; A bursting out in a flame. ad=flamingly. Syn:—(a) Blazing, glaring, vehement, exaggerated.

Flamingo, fla-ming-go, n. [L flamma, a flame] পজিবিশেষ: A flame or bright-red coloured tropical bird.

Flammiferous, flam-if'er-us, a. [ L. flamma, flame, and fero, to produce ] পিথা-উৎপাদক, Producing flame.

Flamy, a. অহনিত; Blazing.

Flanders mare—ৰৰ; A large horse:—ৰুং-দিত স্ত্ৰীবোক; Clumsy woman

Flange, flanj, n. চক্ৰে উন্নত পাৰ্থ; A projecting edge on the rim of a wheel, as of a railway-car a=flanged.

Flank, flangk, n. পাৰ্ , সৈক্ত বা ৱণগোতের পাৰ্ভাগ; Side of anything especially of any army or fleet .—v. t. পাৰ্ছাগাছিত সৈক্ত আক্রমণ-কৃ; বৃহহেব পার্কমেণ আক্রমণ-কৃ; To attack or pass round the flank or turn :—v. i. পার্ছহ-হ; স্পর্ণ-কৃ; তীরহু-হ, To be posted on the side, to touch; to border. Flank or turn the flank—পার্থ দিয়া আক্রমণ-কৃ, To attack a body of troops on the side.

Out flank—To extend beyond the extreme right or left of an army. [Make a side attack Take one in the flank—পাৰ্থে পিয়া আক্ষম-কৃ, Flanker, flanker, n. बृहिशीर्थ मश्यक्त शढ़, A fortification commanding the flank of an assailing force:—v. t. शढ़ कि ब्राज्ञ शर्भरम कृटकृ, शार्थमक विज्ञ आक्षम कृटकृ

Flannel, flariel, n. [W. gwlanen, wool] পশ্সি কাপদ্ধ, কুনেক; A soft woolen cloth.

Flap, flap, n. লখমান বস্তু; নমনীয় বস্তু; Anything that hangs loose; lap:—আয়াতের শক; Sound of a blow:—v. f. ৰাজী মাৱা; To beat or move with a flap:—v. i. ৰাজী মাৱা; To beat or move with a flap:—v. i. ৰাজী মাৱা; মাৰা বিলঙ্গে বাজা; To move as wings; to hang like a flap. n=flapper.
Flare, flar, v. f. [Swed, flasa, to blaze] চকল আভার আহলিত-হ; To burn with an unsteady light:—চকল লীপ্তি প্রকাশ-হ; To flutter with splendid show:—n. লোল শিখা; চকল জভা; আহির নীপ্তি; An unsteady offensive blaze.

Flare up—কোৰ বাৰ্ণ-কু; To break into a passion Flash, flash, n. [ Swed. flasa, to blaze ] চৰ্চ্চ বাৰা; A sudden quick blaze:—খান্য; উচ্ছান; উল্লান; A sudden burst of merriment; burst of wit:—কণছান্তিত; বৃহুৰ্ত্তবাল; An instant; a short transient state:—চ. ঠ. স্থিত-হ; সহলা নীয়ে গাঙ্গা; বহনা নাছবৃত্তি ধাৰণ করা; Strike or throw up light; burst out in a blaze; glare; burst

out into violence:—৩. ৫. কণক্রিড-ফু; সহবা পীতি-মান-ফু; To cause to flash; to send out in flashes: —a. নীচ; Vile; low; slang. Syn:—(n) Coruscation, gleam, blaze; sudden stroke, dart; slang; cant language.

Flash in the pan—বৃধা চেটা; A flash of powder without discharge of the cartridges; the gun itself not exploding; fruitless endeavour; come to nothing:—

ত শ্বৰতিতিত ; বলুকের রঞ্জ জালা বাংলা: ভিতৰেৰ কাৰ্যা বাংলা; Burst forth with a flood of flame in the pan; end in smoke:—

ব্যূৰ্থ হুলা; বিক্তন্ত; To be no effect; to produce no result.

[guage of low ruffians.

Flash language—বীচ লোকের ভাষা, The lan-

Flash language—নীচ লোকের ভাষা, The lan-Flash upon—বিদ্যুৎবং অকশাং প্রকাশ-হ; মনোমধ্যে হঠাং উদিত-হ; Arise in the mind suddenly, ( like a flood of light).

One's eyes flash fire—রাগে চকু রজবর্ণ-ছ; কোষে চকু দিয়া অগ্নিজুলিক নির্গত-ছ; One's eyes look fiery or sparkle with anger; one's eyes sparkle with anger.

To flash on the mind—হঠাৎ বৰে উপছিত-ছ; To occur as a sudden thought.

Flashy, flashi, a. কণগ্ৰহা-বিশিষ্ট ; কণিক সমুক্ৰক ;
Dazzling for a moment :—জাকাল ; Showy :—
নীৰম ; Insipid ; vapid. n=flashiness. ad=
flashily. Syn :—Gay, gaudy, flaunting, tawdry ; insipid, vapid. [by thieves.
Flashyhouse, n. cha-নিবাম ; One frequented
Flask, flask, n. বোজন, ভাত ; A bottle; a narrow

necked vessel for holding liquids.

Flat, flat, a. সমতল ; চোৰ ; Plain ; level ; smooth : --- নীরস ; Dull, insipid ; monotonous :--- সাই : Positive, downright, as, flat refusal :- [44; Low :-- विवश्न ; Dejected :-- निज्ञ ৎসাहण नक , Lacking liveliness,-said of commercial exchanges and dealings: -ধরাশারী; ভূমিশারী; Postrate:-শक्षमुक ; Sonant-said of certain constants as b, d, s. &c. :-n. সম্ভূমি ; A level plain :-নিয়ন্ত্ৰি, চর: A level tract of ground; shoal; shallow :-- নিৰ্বোধ; A dull fellow :-- ৰাটার বেজে वा छोत ; A story or floor of a house :-- (मोका ; Large boat:--(5) 解本; Broad side of any thing :- नकीर वारमत किए ; A flat note in music, and also the sign to express it. ad=flatly, n= flatness. Syn: -(a) Horizontal; even, plane. smooth; dull, lifeless, uninteresting; vapid, insipid, stale, tasteless, dead; peremtory, positive, absolute; not sharp, not acute, minor. (n) Strand; floor, story; simpleton, pigeon, ninny. Flat footed-yrafes; Firm-footed; determined.

Flat head, \*. An Indian.

Flat-nosed, a. नीम ।

Flatwise, flatwiz, ad. (5-6) etc; feroeste; With the flat side downward or next another object, not edgewise.

Flatton, flatin, v. t. নদাৰ-কু; To make flat:—
গ্রাণারী-কু; To prostrate:—হ্ডাণ-কু; Depress;
deject:—v. i. নদাৰ-কু; সবডল-ডু; To become flat.
Flattor, flater, v. t. ভোগানোড-কু; Wheedle;
soothe with praise; prise falsely; coax:—স্কা-

F: বিধা আখা দেশা; Gratify; please; raise false hopes; please with false hopes. Syn:—
Compliment, wheedle, cajole, fawn, humour, court. n=flatterer.

[ sume to think.
Flatter oneself—বিভিড-ছ; Feel assured; pre-

Flatterer, m. (जानारवाक्यांकी ; Sycophant.

Plattering, flater-ing, a. ভোষাবোৰকাৰী; Uttering false praise:—প্ৰীতিষয়ক; আশাপ্ৰদ; Pleasing to pride or vanity; gratifying. ad—flatteringly. Plattering account—ভিতৰক বিবরণ।

Flattery, flater-i, n. (Statem, September 1). False praise; obsequiousness; adulation; improper commendation. Syn:—Adulation, compliment, obsequiousness, wheeding, cajolery, fawning, servility, sycophancy, parasitism, false commendation, toadyism.

Flattery sits in the parlour when plain dealing is kicked out of doors—লোক ভোৰানে, বিভ হক কৰা চান লা; People love to be flattered, but dislike plain dealing.

Flattish, flatish, c. বৰ্ণিৎ সমতল; Somewhat flat.
Flatu once, flatu-lens, Flatulency, flatulensi, স উদৰ ক্ৰিডি; পেট কাঁপা; পাকাশাৰে সম্ভাত বৃথিত বাব; Windiness.

Flatulent, flato-lent, a. (L. flatus, blowing) বাৰ্ণ্ট; বাৰু থাবা কীত: অসাৰ; Windy; swollen with wind; empty; vain. ad—flatulently.

Flatus, flatus, n. উनवह बाबू; निकड बाबू; Air generated in the stomach; a pufi of wind.

Flaunt, flant or flawnt, v. i. বাযুতে ৰোমুল্যবান-ই; বাযুভ্যে নঞালিত-ই; To wave in the wind:—v. t. গল্প নহকারে বলা; বৃক কুলাইছা চলা; To move ostentatiously; to carry a saucy appearance:—n. গল্প একাল: আড্যার প্রকাশার্থ প্রদর্শিত বন্ধ; Display; brag, anything displayed for show. Syn.— (v) Flounce, flatter, flourish; parade, display.

Flavour, flavur, n. [L. fragro, to smell] আবাদন; হণজ; Relish; taste; smell:—v.t. আখাদন-ক; নৌগজ বিতরগ-ক; To impart flavour to. a= flavourless. Syn:—(n) Odour, fragrance, perfume; savour, taste, smack, zest, gusto. [Pleasant to the taste.

Flavourous, flavur-us, a. ব্ৰাগন্ত , ব্ৰাগ, Flaw, flaw, n. [ Ice. flaga, a fragment; W. flaw, a splinter ] কাট; ছিত্ৰ : লোব; Break; gap, defect; spot:—কবহ; Quarrel:—এবল বায়, Gust of wind:—v. t. ভয় বা চিক্-ড়; To break or crack. Syn:—Crack, breach, cleft, tilt, fracture, fissure; fault, speck, spot, blemish, imperfection. a = flawless.

Flaw in an argument— তর্কের কিন্তু বা বোৰ, A fault or imperfection in the argument, which renders it inconclusive.

Flawy, flaw'i, a. ছিত্ৰপূৰ্ব ; দ'ছত : দোৰপূৰ্ব , দোৰ-বৃক্ত ; Full of cracks ; defective ; faulty :— প্ৰবৃদ্ধ ৰামুম অধীৰ ; Subject to gusts of wind.

Flax, flaks, n. শ্ৰ ; মনিনা গাছ ; শংশন স্তা ; A flax plant ; fibre of the same.

Flaxdresser, n. বে ব্যক্তি শণ প্রস্তুত করে; One who prepares the fibres for spinning.

Flaxen, flakin, a. পণ্ড ক্ষর; পণ্ডটভ; Made of flax; resembling flax; fair, long, flowing, Flaxen haired, a. পাত্র কেনী; প্রকেশ; Haring hair resembling flax.

Flay, fla, v. t. [ ice. flaga, to cut turfs ] চৰ্ম্ভ-ফু; ফুকু উলোচন-ফু; Skin; strip or cut off the skin; excoriate. n=flayer.

Flay alive—জীবিতাবহার চারড়া তুলে বারা; Put one to death while alive by stripping off the skin. Flee, fle, n. কটি বিশেষ; A well-known insect.

Flea in the ear, n. অপ্রতিকর উত্তর; An unwelcome hint or unexpected reply, annoying like a flea. [ a flea or spot caused by it. Flea-bite, n. অহাণাত; Slight hurt; the bite of

Elea-Dite, n. আলাৰত ; Sught hurt ; the bite of
A mere flea-bite—কুৱ পিণ্ডের কামড় কিছুই নয় ;
A thing of no moment.

Ples bitten, c. মন্দিকাগট; Bitten by a fice; white, flecked with dots of bay or sorrel—said of the colour of horse, dog &c.:—নীচ; নীচবংশভাড; Mean; worthless or of low birth or station.
Pleam, fiem, n. গ্ৰাফি গৃহপালিভ পতাৰ বকবোৰপাৰ্থ
ব্যক্ত ভাকধাৰ আন্ত; A sharp instrument for bleeding cattle.

Flock, fick, v. t. fou-專; fore-專; To streak; spot; dapple:—n. fou; for; 東京 明书, A spot, streak, speckle; spot. Syn:—(v) Speckle, variegate.

Fled, pa. t. and pa. p. of flee.

Fledge, flej, v. t. [Ger. fliegen, to fly] পদৰ্ককু; পদৰিশিট-কু; Furnish with feathers or wings.
Fledgeling, flejling, n. অভিনন্ত পদ পাৰী;
নবোলাত-পদ পদিশাৰক; A little bird just fledged.
Flee, fle, v. i. পদান্তল-কু; To run away; to run
with rapidity:—v. t. পরিভাগি-কু; পরিহার-কু; To
avoid; to hasten away. Syn:—Escape, depart
quickly; leave hastily, hurry away, decamp,
fly; shun, avoid.

Flooce, fies, n. মেবলোৰ; একজালে কৰ্ত্তিত মেবলোৰ; Wool growing on or shorn from a sheep:—০ % মেবের লোৰ কাটা; Clip the fleece:—অপহরণ-ফু; প্রভাবণা-ফু; Cheat; plunder; extort.—লোমনারা আছাদিত-ফু, Cover with fleece:—বেভবণ-ফু; To make white. a—fleeceless. Syn.—(v) Clip, shear, rob, despoil, steal from, spread over, whiten.

Fleeced, flest, a. লোমশ; শোমবুক; Furnished with fleece:—নিংশেষিত ধন; Stripped by exactions.
[ who strips or robs.

Fleecer, fleser, n. সর্কাশোষক; অপহারক, One Fleecy, fless, a. বোমযুক্ত; পদমাযুক্ত; পদমী; Wooly, covered with, made of or like wool.

Fleer, fler, v. t. or v. :. পরিংাদ-কু; বিজ্ঞাপ-কু; To mock; jeer; sneer:—n. পরিংাদ; বিজ্ঞাপ; Mockesy, dension.

Fleet, fiet, n. [A. S. fleetan, to float] পোত-সমূহ, রণপোত-সমূহ; A body of war or trading ships; navy:—a. বেগবান, কতগামী; কিমগতি; Swift, nimble; transient:—v. i. মুম্বা; ক্ষা-ফ; মুম্ম চলিয়া বাৰ্থা; To pass swiftly; hasten. adm fleetly. n=fleetness. Syn.—(n) Squadron, flotilla, armada. (a) Rapid, speedy, quick, nimble; light, thin, superficial.

Floating, fleting, a. কত্মকারী; Passing quickly:-কব্যালী, Transient. ad-fleetingly. Syn :--- Flitting, flying, fugitive, brief, transitory, evanescent, ephemeral.

Fleetness, fic'tness, n. ক্ৰডা , ফীব্ৰডা , Swiftness, quickness, rapidity, velocity, speed

Flomesh, flemish, a ফুভার্স অনেশ বা ভংগ্রাদেশ-বাসীগণ সম্বন্ধীয় , Pertaining to Flanders or its people.

Flesh, flesh, n. মাংস; Muscular part —আমিব, Meat, animal food -- জাহাৰ্য পত পদীৰ মাংস, The bodies of beasts and birds used as food -মনুবান্ধাতি , মানব , Mankind , human nature — শ্বীর . The body, not the soul —কাম . Cainality, bodily appetites —ফ'লব কোমল অ'শ কলাদির শ্সা, I he soft substance of fruit or the catable part of fruit —v t ভৃত্তি-কু, তৃত্তিসংকারে ভৌজন क्यान, Give a taste of, initiate, glut -v 1. मारम छक्त कदान, मारमानी-कृ, To feed (hawks, dogs &c ) with flesh — প্ৰথম অস্ত্ৰাঘাত-কু, Io use (a sword &c) upon flesh especially for the first time —ত্থ-ক : Glut —অভ্যত-ক , To accustom Syn -(n) Pulp, body, corporent nature, animal desire, sensuality, carnality, kindred, stock, race, bodily existence

Flesh and blood—म'नव প্রকৃতি (बक्तमारामद भवीद), Physical man, human nature

Flesh one's sword—প্রথম পারে অফালাত কু To use upon flesh, as a sword especially for the first time.

Flesh one's valour - প্রথম শ্ব বধ ছালা নিজ বিক্রম প্রকাশ-কু, Fxhitit ones prowess by killing an enemy for the first time

Go the way of all flesh-val, To die.

In the flesh-ভীবিভাবস্থার, ভীবদ্ধায While diving, corporeally - नदीबीब छात्र दिशुद वर्गाङ्क কামপ্ৰভন্ত , In a carnal state , under the domimion of earthly passions.

Ills that flesh is heir to— মুখ্য বে পীড়ার অধীন, Diseases to which man is subject.

One's flesh and blood—ৰ াৰ স্থিত কে ব্য (මදප්රාදෙසන් 1කම වා Onc ul diction i Flesh fly " 4 Albist 4.5, In cet tecan, on

Flesh-mest. n জানিষ, Animal food.

Flosh-monger, n कमार Butcher

Flosh pot, n বে পরে ম, স বর্জন হয়, Vessel in which meat is cooked

Flesh pots—তনামত বহুৰ কন্ত পাহা কু, Sighing for the flash pots of Eyept , hankering for good things no ling rint your command

Flesh-wound-buts of Alas, Wound affecting the fe h only.

Fleshed, ficsit a 37 बाल्यन, मिला Fat. Fle ilier, n না'স-বাবস ঘী, কসাই, Butcher.

Flechful, a 30, k t

kloshless, fleshies a काहिल , कीन ; Lean. Floating, n विनयमक लाड़ि, विवय कींछे, One given to the flech or world.

Fleshly, fleshi, a 叫作序本: Corporeal --दिश्रीद उस , ठि. १ वृहें है , मंडा , Carnal , not divine, not spirit il. n=fle-bliness (हे क्षिपश्रवस्त्र), Carn lity ) Syn - Haman, bodily, animal, Ce nat en uel la tral, lascivieus.

Fleshlyminded, a বিষয়াসক।

Fleshy, fleshi, a. খুলকায়, ভুল, মোটা, Fat; pulpy, plump n=fleshiness ad=fleshilv Syn -Corporeal, bodily, corpulent, succulent

Fleur-de-lie, floor'-de-le', n [ Fr lis, being for L lilium, a lily ] Emblem of the French Bourbous; Iris —করাসীদেশীয় পভাকা, The royal insignia of France-originally representing perhaps a hily :-- কুৰুদ জাতীয় পুলা, The hily. pl= fleurs-de-hs

Flow, flow, p. t. of fly.

Flexibility, ficks-i-bili-ti, n. नगुडा , नग्नीवृडा ; প্রবর্তন-স্বস্থতা, Pliancy, easiness of compliance. Flexible, fleksi-bl, Flexile, fleksil, a [ L. flecto, flexum, to bend ] নমনীর, মৃছ, শিষ্ট, Capuble of being bent, pliant, yielding, docile. n = flexibleness ad = flexiblySyn -Phable, limber, lithe, supple, not still, manageable, obsequious, inconstant, wavering Flexion, flekshun, n ন্ৰ্ৰ, ভাজ, A bend, a Flexor, flek-or, n প্রস্থি-নতকাবী পেশ, প্রাথ্র चानुक्तमहांच (भनी, A muscle which bends a oint. Flexuous, fick'ū-us, Flexuore, fick to a बक् कृहिन, Full of turnings and wincing, Tarrable

Flexure, fleksur, n नमन, नमकाव अनीव अव-नमन अधि, Abending a turning be in of the body, joint —নীচডাবল্লক জঃবাল ১০০০টি

Flicker, fliker, v : भक्त मक्त्रांजब-क , To flitter, to move the wings without flying —কণ্সিত প্ৰথ व्यक्तिक-इ, lo barn unsteadily, as a flanc in a current of air - इंडडन: कृ, To flictuate

Flior, flyer, fli'er, n প্ল'ডক One who flics of flees - यञ्च 'पाय एक विष्यय , A fly-wheel

Flight, flit, n Essys A passing through the air -- शंकादन , Flying or fleen g , hasty departure - शकीत आक, Flock of bids - अध व दिनी, क तिनाम A series of tip - - A are ing execution - 481, 5h ter by unting to it ition rinting away toole; [cscortl in a mation tell shwr Flight of fancy-कतना म लद (माइ, The ever-Flight of time-Threa Me. Incomit pas-Di perse as c of time

Put to flicht-भराक्षित कू , अनाम्म कविष्ठ दांश कू , Take to flight—Maka-7, Fly

Flighty, flitt, a অংশী প্ৰথম ী, স্থিক, Flicting swift, transient -চক্ৰ, পান দেখি। Volatile, indulging in flights of imagination, himour, capiece, giddy, wild. ad flightly, n=flightiness Syn -Volatile, giddy, wild, light headed, capricious

Flim flam-(aufa, A whim, 2 trick

Flimay, flimai, a. कुण, कुलन, चीन, मांगांक, Weik, feeble, thin, slight - 791, Vain -व्यवंशीय, Shallow n=fl msiness. Syn -Trifling trivial, superficial.

Finch, flinsh, v : [L. flectere, to bend] र्विमूर्य-इ. ज्ञादक-इ. महाइड इ. Shrink back, to wince, to fail n=flincher Syn -Withdraw, blench, swe.ve, recoil, retreat, flee from, ful

Flinch from—কোন কিছু হইতে পিছান; Shrink from.

Fling, fling, v. t. [Scot. fling, to strike with the foot as a horse ] নিকেপ-তৃ, সবলে ড্যাগ-তৃ; Cast from the hand; throw; shed forth; dart; send forth:— একেপ-তৃ; Scatter:—বরাশায়-তৃ; পবাজিত-তৃ; Prostrate; baffle; defeat :—v. i. সকু-চিড হ; To flounce; wince; to act in a violent and irregular manner:—ভিত্তবার-তৃ; বিজপ-তৃ; উপহাল-তৃ; গঞ্জনা-দে; To upbraid; to sneer:—নিবেপ, প্রকেপ; A cast or throw:—বিজ্ঞাপ, বিজ্ঞাপ-বাজা, A taunt; a gibe; sneer. Syn:—Hurl, tiss, pitch, project; throw down, overthrow; flounce, wince.

Fling about—চতুদিকে নিকেপ-তৃ; Throw or cast about. [away. Fling aside, Fling away—নিকেপ-তৃ; Throw Fling at- বাণকেপ-তৃ: আবাত কবিবার অভিপ্রাণে ছোৱা, Hit at a person to wound him; huil (something) at a person to wound him:—নিশাহু, Ca t reflections on. [ground

Fling down— आम-कृ, Demolish, throw to the Fling in – शिक्ष कृ, Throw in.

Fling off -facare- &, Cast off.

Fling open—ৰ ৰূপুৰ্বক খেলা, Throw open e, a all ply or with violence.

Er 13 Out-1975年于, Throwout.

Fling over Mas 19-4; Abandon.

Finns to the winds - 44 & F. Distegard.

Fling up - out 7; Resign; relinquish; aban-

d in a project. [the full Havo a fling—পবিত্তা-হ; Enjoy one self to Havo a fling at—কাহাকে লক্ষ্য কৰিবা খুণাস্থাক বাক' প্রাধান-ক, ঠাটা ভাষাদা-ক, To make contemptuous remarks about, use contemptuous and sarcastic

- remarks towards; to utter a stinging speech

Firmt, flint, n [Gr. plinthos, a brick] আয়ুং-প্ৰেক প্ৰস্তুব , চকমিক পাথৰ ; ইন্সাহ ; Hard silicioustone , stone to striking fire.

Flint-hearted, a. fata : Cruel.

Flinty, fliati, a. কট্টন, Hard .—নির্দায়; কটিন; Cruel. n=limtmess.

Flip, fl p, n. পানীৰ বিশেষ; মদ্য বিশেষ; A hot drink or beer and spirite sweetened and heated. Flippancy, flip'an-si, Flippantness, flip'antne, n. শেকসভা, বাধাৰতা, বাৰ্ণাট্ডা, Smoothness and rapidity of speech; pertness

Flippant, flip'ant, a. চঞ্চন্ , বাচাল, বাহনিপুৰ;
Of smooth, fluent, rapid speech; pert; talkative; thoughtless. ad=flippantly. Syn:—
Voluble, fluent, pert, saucy, malapert, petulant.
Flirt, flert, v. s. [ A S flear han, to trifle]
ভিনালী-কৃ; To play the coquete:—বিক্ষপ-কৃ;
কেন্ত্ৰাপ-কৃ; Jeer; coquet:—v. t. হঠাৰ নিক্ষেপ-কৃ;
ব্যালাপ-কৃ; Fling suddenly; move playfully,
to toss about:—বিক্ষপ-কৃ; To jeer at; treat with
contempt:—n. ছিনাল, হাবভাবকাবিলী লী; A pert,
giddy girl, a coquette:—বিকা, A sudden jerk.
Syn:—(v) Fling, toss, pitch; wave, move
about; jeer, gibe; play at love, philander. (n)
Jerk, fling, jibe, jeer, jilt.

Flirtation, flert-á-son, n. প্রেমালাগ; Coquetry. Syn:—Flirting, affection of love.

Flit, flit, v. i. উড়িখা-খা; জত প্ৰায়ৰ-কু; Fly quickly; flutter; move in short flights. Syn:— Fleet, pass rapidly, move about remove, change residence.

Flitch, flitch, n. লোপা ওছ প্করের পাঁজরা; Salted side of a hog; the side of a hog salted and cured.

[ Wanderings.

Flittings, flitingz, n. pl. অমৰ ; প্ৰতিন:
Float, flot, v i [A. S flectan, flotan, to float]
ভাসমান-হ; খাঁৰে খাঁৰে স্থালিত-হ; To swim on a
hquid; to lie flat on the surface of water; to be
buoyed up .—v. t. ভাসমান-ক; ভাসমান রাখা; To
cause to rest or move on the surface of a fluid:
— মাৰিত-ক, To flood; inundate .—n. উন্ধা;
ভোলক, ভোলা; দোলি; ফাতনা; A raft; any thing
swimming on water n=floater. a=floatable.
Syn —(n) Rift, buoy, float-board. (v)
Buoy up, keep afloat; waft, swim. [floated
Floatable, a. ভাসাইবাৰ বোগা, That may be
Floatage, Flotage, flotaji, n ভাসমান বস্ত; ভাসমান পদাৰ্থ, What floats on the water

Floating, গাঁলাত, a ভাসমান, Swimming — ব্যবদাৰ প্ৰবেটি ড, প্ৰামানাগ ; অসংলগ্ন ; Circulating ; not fixed ad=floatingly

Floating battory, n. গোলাবলী কালাৰ: A vessel or vessel, used as batteries to cover troops on landing on an enemy's coast.

Floating bridge, n. নৌৰাম্ দেছু, A bridge of raits or pontoons.

Floating debt, Floting capital—অনিশ্চিত মুশ্ধন; যে টাকা বাবদায়ে বাটে, Debt as is not fixed or of uncertain amount; capital employed in business, but of certain amount. [light. Floating light—Any floating vessel bearing Floccose, Flocky, a. পাল বা গুছু পূৰ্ব, Aboundeding with flocks or locks.

Flocoulent, floku-lent, a. ব্ৰেষ্ কৰে সজ্জিত ও সাধা Adhering in flocks or floke, r=floculence. Flock, flok, n. মেহণ্ডা, নেবেৰ পাৰ, Heid of sheep—পাহাৰ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ, পৰিস্কা, Body of birds—গৰ্গকেৰ গুজ, A lock of wool—দৰ; খ্ৰীং নামিতি; A company, a christian congregation.—v.i. দলবন্ধ স্ , To gather in crowds. Syn:—(n) Herd, drove; congregation, multitude, company; lock of wool— [floating in the ocean Floc, flo, n. ভালম'ন ব্ৰহ্মবালি; A field of ice Flog, flog, v t. বেহাঘাত-কৃ, দুও ঘালা ভাডনা-কৃ; To whip; to beat with a rod; to lash. Syn.—Scourge, strike, whip, flagellate, thrash, castigate, chastise.

To flog the dead horse—প্রাণীন বিষয়ে লোকের জন্মাণ বংগাদন-ক : To try to revive an interest in a subject out of date.

Flood, flud, n জনমানে; বস্তা; An inundation; a deluge :—জোয়াব, The rise or flowing of the tide :—প্রেট্যা, Abundance —প্রবাহ, A stream; a river:—ঝড়; Menstrual discharge:—w.t. জনমানিত-ক, Overflow; inundate; deluge. Syn:—(n) Freshet; an overflow, superabundance; tid il flow.

Flood-gate, fludgat, ম. বিৰ্গনৰ মাৰ্গ; জলনিগদন পথ; A sluice to let floods off or in :—নাৰ্গ; পথ; Any passage :—বাধা; An obstruction.

Flood-mark, fludmark, n. ৰে নীমা পৰ্যান্ত জোৱার উঠে; জোৱারের নীমানির্জিশক চিহ্ন; High water mark; the line to which the tide rises.

Flood-tide, n. cwinia; The rising tide.

Flood of light—আনোক; A great body or stream of light:—জানানোক; A great deal of enlightenment and information.

Flood of tears-un-sale

The flood—মহাৰতা; মহাপ্লাৰন; The great deluge in the time of Noah; the general deluge in the days of Noah.

Flooding, n. 45-314; A preternatural discharge of blood from the uterus.

Floor, flor, n. গৃহতল : মেলে; Bottom of a room; pavement:—উচ্চাসন; A platform:—তল; এক-ডলত্ব কন; A story; a story in a building:—v. t. মেলেমো-ক; তলবিশিষ্ট-ক; To furnish with a floor:
—আখতে-ক; নিস্তর-ক; Knock down; silence.

Flooroloth, flor kloth, n. গৃহত্যান্তাখনী; A piece of canvas oil-painted on both sides used as covering for a floor.

Floorer, n. বে তৰ্ক বারা কাহাকে নিকতন করা বান; An argument or question which silences:—A blow which knocks down.

Flooring, n. মণ ; গৃহত্ত্ব ; মেজে ; A platform :-পৃহত্ত্ব নিৰ্দ্বাণেৰ উপাদাৰ ; Materials for floors.

দ্রীতান, flora, n. pl. [L. flos, floris, a flower] বনবেব ; পুলের অবিচাত্তী দেবী; The goddess of flowers:—দেশ-বিদেশের লভা-সমূহ; উদ্ভিক্ষের বিবরশী; The whole of the plants of a particular country; a catalogue of plants.

Floral, floral, a. পুলাসম্মীয়; প্লাসম্বিত; Pertaining toflora or flowers; containing the flowers. Florescence, flo-resens, n. [L. floresco, to begin to blossom] পুলাবিভাগ বা তংকাব; A putting forth of flowers, the time when plants flower.

Eloret, fioret, n. প্ৰিকা; ব্য প্ৰা, A floweret. Floriculture, fiori-kul-tur, n. ক্ৰের চাব; The cultivation of flowery plants:—ব্য পোত্তালী; A fleet of small ships. a=floricultural. [A florist. Floriculturist, ffori-cultur-ist, n. ক্লের চাবী, Florid, florid, a. প্লাবৃত; প্লাম; Covered with flowers; flowery:—বিভিমাভ, ক্লেল; Red; bright in colour:—মলমুভ; অলহারপূর্ণ; হ্মজিত; Ornate; richly ornamental. n=floridness, floridity. ad=floridly. Syn:—Rubicund, sanguine; flashy, figurative.

Floriferous, flo-rif'ér-us. a. [L. flos, floris, flower, fero, to bear ] প্লোধপাৰু ; Bearing or producing flowers. [form of a flower. Floriform, floris-form, a. প্লাকার ; Having the Florin, florin, n. [L. flos, flower ] মুলা বিশেষ ; প্রায় এক টাকার সমান বৌপ্য মুলা ; An English silver coin ; value, 2s.

Florist, flor'ist, ন. প্ল-বিক্রেডা; ক্লের চারী; Grower or seller of flowers:—প্লবিবরে লেখক, উদ্ভিত্তৰ দেখক; Writer on flowers.

Floss, flos, n. [ L. fluo, to flow ] রেশবেদ আল্বা

খুড়া (কেনো); A silken substance in the husks of certain plants. a=flossy.

Floss-silk, flos-silk, n. নিকৃষ্ট ব্ৰহণ বেশন; An inferior kind of silk.

Flotilla, flo-tifa, n. [Fr. flotle, a fleet ] ছোট ছোট আংডের বন্দর; A flat of small vessels.

Flotsam, flotsam, Flotson, flotson, n. বে মাল জনময় পোড হইতে ভানিয়া উঠিয়াছে; Goods lost by shipwreck, and floating on the sea.

Flounce, flowns, v. i. উল্লাক্ষ-কৃ; বড় কড়-কৃ; উলট পালট বেওয়া; অসবিকোনক; To spring, turn, twist with sudden effort to plunder; to plunge and struggle:—v. t. ইাসিয়ায় দিয়া সাজান; To deck with flounces:—n. অক্ষাৎ অসনিকোন; আজ-স্কালন; A sudden jerking motion of the body. Syn:—(v) Fling, wince, toss about; flounder, (n) Jerk, spring, throw; frill, furbelow.

Flounder, flownder, v. i. গড় কড়-ছ; জন্মপ্রাক্ত স্থালিত-ছ; To plunge and struggle as a horse in mire; to roll, toss, tumble:—n. মংস্য বিশেষ; A fish Syn:—(v) Wallow, tumble, roll, flounce, Flour, flowr, n. [L. flos. floris, a flower] গোধ্য-চূর্ণ; সরদা; ছাড়; The finely-ground meals of wheat or any other grain:—v. t. চূর্ব-ফু; চালা; মরদা ছডাইরা পেকরা; To grind and bolt; to convert into, or sprinkle with flour.

Flourish, flurish, n. [L. florscere, to blossom] অনুহার; Ornament:—আড্রুব; বাহাড্রুব; Show; showy splendour:—আড্রুবনের দুর্নার্টার; A figure made by the bold stroke of the pen:—অন্তাদির মুকালন; The waving of a weapon or other thing:—সলীভালাণ; A decorative musical passage:—v. i. উন্নতি-কু; সৌভাগালানী-হ; To thrive; to be prosperous:—অভিনরেত্তি-কু; To use copious and flowery language:—ফাল টালা; To make ornamental strokes with the pen:—v. f. অনুহার-কু; সজ্জিত-কু; To decorate:—
আফ্রালন-কু; আজ্বালন সহকারে কুণিয়ান-কু; To brandish. Syn:—(v) Thrive, succeed, prosper, make gain; boast, brag, vaunt; wave, brandish.

Flourish of trumpots—নিক গৌরব প্রকাশক আড়ব্ব; Ostentatious and noisy display of one's importance.

Flourishing, flurish-ing, a. সমৃদ্ধিশালী, সৌভাগ্য-শালী; বৃদ্ধিক, আড়বযুক্ত: Thriving, prosperous; making show. ad=flourishingly.

Flout, flowt, v. t. বিজ্ঞপ-কু, উপহাস-কু; অবজ্ঞা-কু; To mock or insult, jeer; sneer:—v. i. বিজ্ঞপ-কু; To practise mocking; sneer:—n. অপমান; বিজ্ঞপ; অবজ্ঞা; অবমাননা; Mock; an insult. Syn:—(v) Ridicule, mock, deride, taunt, gibe; be contemptuous.

Flow, flo, v. i. [L. fluere, to flow] প্ৰবাহিত-হ;
To move or run as water:—বহা; To move in a stream, as air:—ফ্র-হ; To melt:—চলাচল-হ;
To circulate, as the blood:—লম্মান-হ; বুলিহাগড়া; To hang loose:—লিংস্ত-হ; নিগত-হ; Issue:—ভাটা-হ; To rise as the tide-opposed to cbb:—v. t. গ্লাহিত-হ; To inundate; flood, to cover with water:—n. প্রস্কা; A pouring out:—প্রাহ্য; ব্রেড; A stream or current:—প্রাহ্যাঃ

পুড়ি; Abundance:—সহলে তাৰ অবাৰ ; মুক্ত কট বা আবাৰ উলি; Any gentle gradual, movement of thought, music &c., free expression:—খোলায়; The tidal setting in of water from ocean to shore. Syn:—(v) Stream, run, pour, roll on, sweep along; issue, emanate, proceed, spring from; arise, result from, be derived; glide, move smoothly; wave, hang loosely, undulate; be full, abound; inundate, overflow, deluge.

Flow with milk and honey—সমত হথের ত্রবাই আছে, ধনধাতে পূর্ব; সূথে বছেলে অভিবাহিত-হ; Abound in the best things of life.

Flower, flow'er, n. [L. flos, floris, flower]
কুল; পুলা; The blossom of a plant:—নাৰভাগ;
উৎকৃত্ব আৰু, Best part:—বাকাগকাব; ভাষার অলকাল; A figure of speech:—বোৰম; The prime
off-life:—বিশ্বান্ত ব্যক্তি বা বহু; The person of
thing most distinguished:—v. t. পুলিত-কু; পুলা
বারা সন্ধিত-কু; To adorn with figures or flowers.
—v. i. পুলিত-হু; মুক্লিত-হু, উৎকুল-হু; To blossom; to flourish. Syn:—(n) Bloom, blossom,
gem, cream, ornament, best; beauty, freshness,
vigour; figure of speech.

Flower-bed -- কুম্মাতরণ। [ opened flower. Flower-bud, flow'er-bud, n. কুম্ম-ক্লি; An Flower stalk-পুশারত।

In flower—কৃষ্মিত , পুলিত।

Floweret, flow'er-ct, n. जूज गूज ; A little flower ; a floret. [ no flowers.

Flowerless, flow'er-less, s. পুলাইন; Having Flowers, flo'erz, n pl [ L. flos, a flower] সভ্যাপন, চিত্রিত মুমান্দর; Menstrual discharges, ornamental printing types used chiefly for borders around pages, cards, &c.

Flowery, flow'er-i, a পুলাম : ক্ষ্য-সন্ধিত , Full of or adorned with flowers:—অপক্ষম ; অলহায়-পূৰ্ব ; Florid ; highly embellished with figurative language. n=floweriness. Syn:—Bloomy , figurative, florid, ornate, decorated.

Flowing, floing, a. প্ৰহমান; অবাধ, Moving as a fluid; fluent or smooth. ad=flowingly. n=flowingness.

Flown, flon, pa. p. of fly.

Fluctuate, fluk-tū-āt, v. i. [L. fluctus, a wave, fluo, to flow] দোলারমান-হ, অনিচ্ছ-হ, অন্থির ন্যত-হ, To rise and fall; to waver; to hesitate. Syn:—Oscillate, undulate, vacillate.

Fluctuation, fluk-tu'-ashun, n. অপ্রিডা; চাঞ্লা; Rising and falling; unsteadiness; agitation.

Flue, floo, n. ব্নদাৰ্গ; ব্ৰ-নত ; Chimney tube or shaft; smoke-pipe:—কোনত পালক , Soft down, fur or hair.

Fluency, floo'en-si, n. বাৰুগট্ডা; অবাৰ ভাৰৰ; Eloquence; volubility. Syn:—Smoothness, facility, ready utterance.

Fluent, fioo'ent, a. [ L. fluo, to flow ] বাৰ্ণাই; Ready in the use of words; voluble; copious; smooth:—বাৰ্যাৰ; Flowing. ad=fluently. Syn: —Liquid, gliding, current; easily flowing; glib. Fluid, floo'id. n, কৰীৰ পৰাৰ; ভৰৰ কৰা; A liquid :-- a. वनीय ; चत्रन ; यानीय ; Liquid or gauste ous ( opposed to solid ). न=fluidity.

Fluidity, নিত-idi-ti, Fluidness, নিতে'id-nes, ন. ভাৰতা; A liquid or gaseous state, opposed to solidity.

Fluke, flöök, n. মংস্কৃদিশেষ; কীট্ডিশেষ; A flounder, a parasitic worm:—নক্ষেত্ৰ বে ভাগ সৃত্তিকান্তে আৰম্ভ হয়; The part of an anchor which fastens in the ground.

Flume, floom, n. [A. S flum, a stream; L. fluo, to flow] পেৰণ্ড-পরিচাতক কলনালী. A passage or channel for the water that drives a mill-wheel.

Flummery, flumer-i, n. [W. llym, severe]
খাদ্যবিশেষ; নীয়দ ক্ষমা; A sort of jelly made from
the husks of oats; anything insipid:—ক্ষমার
ভোষানোদ বাকা; Empty compliment. Syn:—
Porridge, sowens; mere flattery, nonsense,
froth, trash.

Flung, pa t. and pa. p. of fling.

Flunk, v. i. অকৃতকাৰ্থা-ছ; To fail, back out through fear:—n অকৃতকাৰ্থাতা; A failure (slang). Flunky, Flunkey, flung'ki, n. ভ্তা; অপুচৰ; নাচপ্ৰবৃত্তিৰ ভোষানোদকাৰী ব্যক্তি; Livery servant; footman, slavish follower; a mean cringing fellow. n=flunkyism.

Fluor, floo'or, n. [ L. fluo, to flow ] সুৰূষ ধনিজ পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ ; A beautiful mineral, often crystallised ; also called *Fluor-spar. a=*fluoric.

Fluorine, floo'or-in, v.i. এক আকার মৌলিক পদার্থ ; An elementary substance obtained chiefly from fluor.

Flurry, flur'i, n. সংবাধ প্রবৃত্ত ; দৰকা বাতান ; Gust of wind; sudden blast :—ব্যাক্ষতা ; ব্যতা ; চক্
ৰতা ; Violent; agitation; commotion; bustle :
—v. t. ব্যাক্ষ-কু; চক্ষ-কু; To agitate; to excite.
Syn:—(n) Gust, flaw, squall; flutter, tumult, confusion, hurry.

Flush, flush, n. [ L. fluo, to flow ] (44; कर्पान वांग : भश्रामरम वक्षअवांश (रुक् वक्तिया ; Rush ; glow ; sudden flow of blood to the face :- (वन , जाक-श्रिक উত্তেজনা বা मोश्रि: Sudden impulse :-- मुक्त : উৎসুরভা ; Bloom :—প্রাচুর্য ; Abundance :—v. i. (बर्रि बाविज-इ ; To rush :-- क्रु आश्रमन-कृ ; To come in haste: -- ब्रिक्सि वर्ग-इ; मुक्त नान-इ; To become red in the face :- बाइन-इ; To agitate : -সহসা ধাৰাহিড-হ; To flow suddenly:—হঠাৎ शैक्षि भारता; To glow:--v.t. दक्तिमावर्ग-कृ; To redden :--উল্লাসিড-কু; To excite with joy :--প্রকিপ্ত জলে বৌত-তৃ; Wash with water thrown on plentifully :-- a. প্রবৃদ্ধ ; উৎকৃদ্ধ ; সভেদ ; Fresh ; glowing; full of vigour. Syn:-(v) Blush, glow; excite, animate, elate, elevate. (a) Fresh, bright; affluent, rich, wealthy; liberal, prodigal, lavish; level, even, plane, flat.

Flush of—অচুৰ ; Abundant ; prodigal. Flushed with victory—ৰয়েরাসিত।

Fluator, fluster, n. গোলমাল; বিশ্থলা; Confusion, hurry:—v. i. গোলমাল-ফু: ব্যত-ছ; To bustle, to be agitated:—v. f. ব্যাক্লিড-ফু; উদ্ভেল্ড-ফু; To make hot and confused. Syn:—Excite, heat, worrry, ruffle, flurry, confuse.

Flute, flost, n. [ L. flo, flatum, to blow ] (4); वानी: वरनीमानी; A pipe, fluting:-v. i. (वर् वाकान ; वःनीकानि-कृ ; To play the flute.

Fluter, flooter, Flutist, flawtist, n. a रानी वाकाय ; वःभीवानक ; A flute-player.

Fluting, flooring, n. चन्नगावह नानी; A channel, as on a pillar, a flute.

Flutter, fluter, v. i. [ A. S. flotorian, to float about ] शक्त्रकालन-कृ; छाना नाछा, Flap the wings .- कन्नामान-इ, मक्शनिष्ठ-इ, To vibrate, to palpitate -- कक्ल-इ ; जाक्ल-इ , To agitate -- t. t 🗣 ব্লাড়া ; To vibrate or move quickly :—কোতিত-কু; বিশ্বল-কু; প্রমাদ পাতিত-কু, To agitate, disorder, throw into confusion :- n. and , Vibiation, motion -- क्काडा; शीनशान; श न्यांत्र. ভাডাতাতি , Agitation ; confusion , hurry -- ক্লব অসংগত গভি; Quick and irregular motion

disorder, (n) Tremor, hurry, tumult. Fluvisi, floo'vi-al, Fluvistic, floo-vi-atik a নদী স্থকীয়, জলাশ্য জাত ; Growing or living in streams or ponds.

Syn:-(v) Hover, vibrate, quiver, flaunt

Flux, fluks, n [L. fluo, to flow] 의司友; Act of flowing -পবিবর্ত্তন ; ক্রন্ত পর্বায় , Change , quick succession '-- নিঃস্ত পদার্থ , Matter discharged —ভোষাৰ, The flow of the tide:—v t. দ্ৰ-কু. To melt: to fuse n = fluxation Syn:-(n)Motion, flow, mutation, transition; dysentery, diarrhæn, looseness

Bloody flux - बङ्गियांच्य , Dysentry

Fluxation, fluks-áshun, n अवस्य : निः प्रवा . The act of passing away and giving place to another Fluxible, fluksi-bi, a विश्वनीय ; Capable of being melted. n=fluxibility

Fluxion, flukshun, n. প্রবাহ, Flow:—ভাসমান বস্তু, The matter that flows -- আৰ ; নি:সরণ , Discharge:-- श्रीदर्शनीनठा ; A difference or

Fly, fli, v. i. উড़िया-या, डिडडेयमान-इ; Move through the air with wings -- नाज अगन-क , Move rapidly like a bird : — প্ৰায়ন-কু; To flee — বিদাৰ্থ ছ, To part, burst in pieces --গত-ছ, To pass away - পক্ষপাৰ न-कृ, To flutter, to vibrate -ত t. পরিহার-জ , পরিভাগে-জ ; To avoid, flee from —উভটাৰ-কু, উড়াৰ, To cause to fly, as a kite -- n बिका , बाह्र , Fying insect -- यांन दिल्ल , A kind of light carriage —वजानिव हटा विस्थत . A fly-wheel. Syn: - (v) Mount, soat, hover. waye; undulate, pass, slip, glide, elapse, escape, decamp, abscond, explode, be scat-

Crush & fly on a wheel-মশা মারিভে কামান शाहा ; Same as, to crack a nut with a steam [ to place hammer. Fly about—ইত্তত: উড়িগা-বা, Fly from place Fly at—আক্রমণ-কু, জাক্রমণার্থ মহাবেগে ধারমান-হ; Rush or fall on suddenly, attack; spring towards one, rush on one.

Fly away - প্ৰায়ৰ-ক ; Depart ; escape. Fly away with-नहेंबा दांख्या ; Carry off. Fly back—প্রতাগিবল-কু , Return. 1 ly back from—প্রভাবার-র , Retract.

Fly off, Fly off from-भनावन-कृ; Diverge; escape :-- ब्रांकविष्ट्रांश्डवन-कृ ; Revolt.

Fly in the face—ভুচ্ছ-কৃ; অপমান-কৃ; Act in defiance of; insult.

Fly in the face of danger—दिशासद मधुरीन-₹; To run rashly into danger.

Fly into a passion—হঠাৎ কুম-হ; Become suddenly angry. [ escape observation. Fly low—হিরভাবে ধাকা; Keep quiet so as to Fly off at a tangent—ইডেজিড-হ; To be excited or hasty in action.

Fly on or upon—আক্ৰমণ-ভূ; Attack.

Fly open—বলপুৰ্বাক খোলা; Open suddenly or with violence.

Fly out—বেগে ধাবিত-হ, Rush out:—ক্রোধান্বিত-হ; কুম হ , Burst into anger ; burst into a passion. Fly round—গীছ বোৱা, Move round swiftly. Fly to--বাৰমা; আপিন-কু, Go to, appeal to-Let fly—ছাডা, Discharge.

The fly on the coach wheel-One who funcies himself of mighty importance, who in reality is of none at all.

Fly-boat, fli'bot, n. ক্ৰডগামী নৌকা, ভিপ, A long, narrow boat used on canals :- (3) , A light canal boat. [ The egg of a fly. Fly-blow, fli'blo, n. अश्विकात डिए, श्विकाद अंड; Fly-blown, fliblon, a. মভিব's দুবিত , Tainted with the eggs that produce maggot .

Fly-catcher, flikacher, n. মন্দিকা-ভুকু পদী-रित्यव , What catches flies , a bird

Fly-fish, fli'-fi h, v. s. मिक् किया बश्मा पुछ-क ; মাছিৰ টোপে মাছ-গু; Angle for fish with a fly n= fly-fishing.

Fly-leaf, fli'lcf, n. পুতকের আরম্ভ ও শেষে অক্ষর শুস্তু পত্ৰ , পুতকের অতিরিক্ত সাদা পত্র , A blank leaf at the beginning and end of a book.

Fly-wheel, fli'hwel, n. গতি নিয়ানৰ চক্ৰ, যামুৰ অতিবিক্ত চক্ৰ বিশেষ, Wheel to equalise motion, a heavy wheel in machinery to equalise the effect of the moving power.

Flying-bridge, n. Temporary budge. Flying-camp, n Temporary camp.

Flying-colours, n डव, Triumph

Flying-fish, fli'ng-fi-h, n यर विद्याव . উप्रतेव-यान महमा , A kind of fish , a fish which can leap from the water and sustain itself in the air for a short time by its long pectoral fins as if flying Flying report or rumour—same; A current story passing from one person to another. Flying-squirrel, fli'ing-skwir'el, n. উচ্চীয়-

मानी कार्रावडाल, लक्ष्म्रमानममर्थ कार्रावडाल ; A leaping squirrel.

Come off with flying colours—करी-इ ; Conclude an undertaking in triumph, to be successful or triumphant.

No flying without wings-সাধন বিনা নিছি লাভ হয় ৰা, Nothing can be done without the proper means.

Foal, fol, n. অৰণাৰক; গৰ্মভূপাৰক; Coit or filly: the young of a she-ass :- v. t. and v i ( चन-भारक वा शर्मां अभावक) धानव कृ, To bring forth a colt or filly.

প্রতিক্ষা, চিলা, ম কেবা, Froth , spume — চ ঃ কেবা উঠা, কেবাৰ-ছ, To gather foam, to form foam —কোণাখিত-ছ, কুলিভ-ছ, To be in a rage — চ হ ছেনিল-ছ, স্বলে স্ফোথে নিজেপ-ছ, To cause to foam, to throw out with rage or violence ade foamingly a=foamless. Syn —Spume, froth, spray.

To foam at the mouth—কোৰে উন্নত-ই , To be

beside one s self with rage

Foamy, তিৰ্ণা ৫ সংকৰ কেন্সন্ন, Frothy. Fob, fob, n বড়ি ৱাণিবার জেব বা ছোট প্ৰেট, A

Fob, fob, n vily alliquid (and all talls never), in little pocket for a watch—v t stolant—v, To cheat [put aside

Fob off—ভূবে ৰাখা To shift off by an artifice Focal, fö'hal, a কেন্দ্ৰীয় , কেন্দ্ৰশন্ধীয় , Belonging to a focus [a focus, to concentrate Focalise, fö'kal-ir v t কেন্দ্ৰখনত-তৃ , To bring to Focus, fö kus, n [L focus, a hearth] কেন্দ্ৰখন কেন্দ্ৰ, Point where ravs meet in or through a large engagement of the consentral point —v t কেন্দ্ৰখনত তৃ , To

lass, any central point — v t কেন্দ্রীভূত কু, To b ng to a focus n t — t তেন্দ্রীভূত কু, To

Fodder, foder n 「A S foda, food] পণ্ডর আহার দ্রবা, পণ্ডব (তুণাদি) খাদ্য, Drv food for cattle — থ t পণ্ডক আহাৰ-দে, ভুণাদি প্রদান-কৃ, To feed cattle with dry food

Foe, fo n [A S få fåh, from flogan to hate]
আকু, বিশক, An enemy Syn —Antagonist,
adversary, opposer, opponent

Foeman, to man n সামবিক শক্ত , বুৰে প্ৰতিপন্ধ , শক্ত , An enemy in war

Footus-See fetus

Fog, fog n কুৰ্মটকা, Thick mist —v t কুল্ মটকাছন ক, To envelop as, with fog

Fog, fog Foggage, fog J n প্রথম ছেগনেব পর বৃদ্ধিরার তৃথ, After grass, grass that grows in autumn after the hav is cut

Fogbank, log'bangk, n উর্ভয়নভাগবং পরিদ্রমান সম্মোখিত বালারালি A dense miss of watery vapour sometimes seen at sea appearing like a bink of land

Fog-signal, fog'sig'nal n কুল্মট্লাকালে ব'বছত শন্ত-দেশত An audible signal used during a fog when visible signals cease to be of use

Foggy, fog i a ব্ৰখটিকাছত্ত ক্ৰখটিকাৰৰ আত্ৰ, Misty, cloudy, damp — অপষ্ট হীনপ্ৰভ Dull obscure ad=foggily, n=fogginess Sun — Hazy, dazed, confused stupid

Fogy, তি gt, Fogie Fogey, n অক্ষৰ অৰ্থাণ বৃদ্ধ ব্যক্তি ; নিৰ্বোধ বৃদ্ধ , সেকেনে বৃদ্ধে , A dull old fel low , a person behind the times , one with antiquated nations [contempt , fie

Foh, তি n ছি, অবজাস্ত্ৰ কৰি, Enclamation of Foible, foibl, n [O hi foible weak! মুক্ৰিল), ক্ষ্টি; Failing moral weakness infirmity, defect Syn—Hault, imperfection, infirmity franky, failing

FOIL foil n (F fou'er, to tread under one s feet ] ভঙ্গ , বিবলতা প্রাভব , Defeat balk , miscairage — আতীত্ব অনি , ভোতা ভলবয়াব , A blunt swad (used in fencing) — ফুর্পায় পারদ , Quick silver on a looking glass — ৮ ধ বিহল কু , নিম্পান্ত , মুধ্বিত্ব , ব্যুব্দিক , বিবাশক , To fi ustrate .

to disappoint is to defeat, to puzzle. Syn —(v) Baffle, balk, counteract.

Foil, foil n [L folium, a leaf] sign sign.
Thin leaf, plate of metal—cited sea, Any thing which serves to set off some thing else.

Be the foil to one—শোভা বৰ্ণ হ, ৩৭ বৰ্ণ হ, Serve the purpose of setting off one s powers to advantage

Forat, forst, v t [ F fausser, to falsify ] থাকেণ-কু, ( মিথাকে ) সভা বলিয়া চালাৰ, Insert surreptitiously, introduce fallaciously, to interpolate

Fold, föld, n [ A S fealdan, to fold] ভাজ, দোহারা, Double, a doubling of any flexible substance —মেবলানা, থোঁরাড, Pen for sheep — মেবলন নেবের পাল; A flock of sheep — শুন্তীব ধর্মন্মনির, জন্তনালয়, The church — শুন, Times or repetition — শানিজন, Embrace — গ ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, To lay one part over another double — শাবজ ক, To shut up — v : ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, To shut up — v : ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, To shot up — v : ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, To shot up — v : ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, To shot up — v : ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, To shot up — v : ভাল-হ, আবজ ক, বার, Times, as in Twofold Syn — (v) Enfold, inclose, wrap, envelop, double

Fold one's arms—নিশ্চেষ্ট-ত্ , Remain inactive. Foldage, তিবিত্ৰ , মেবাদি আবদ্ধ ক্রিবার অধিকার , The right of folding

Folding, földing, a ভাজের বোগা, Capable of being folded or doubled —n ভাজ, মেবাদি আবদ্ধ করণ, A fold or plant, the keeping of sheep in inclosures on arable land

Foliaceous, fö-lifishus, a [ L folium, a leaf ] প্ৰাৰ্থ প্ৰাৰ্থ, Belong to or having the form of a leaf

Foliage, তি'h-ইন n [L folium, a leaf] পল্লৰ, প্ৰসমূহ, Cluster of leaves a=foliaged

Foliaged, fö li-ajd, a প্রশুজ্জাকারে রচিত , Worked like foliage

Foliate, fo'li-at v t দতার পারা যাথান, থাতৰ পাত্তে আছোদিত কু, To spread over with a thin coat of tin and quick silver, to cover with leaf metal [of plates or thin layers

Foliated, তি'li ইা-ed, a ন্তন্ত ৰচিত, Consisting Foliation, তি-li ইshun n পিটিয়া পাত করা, পজা কাৰে রাপা, I he act of beating into a thin plate Foliferous, fo-lifer us a [L fosium, a leaf, and fero, to bear] পাৰেংপাদক, Producing leaves

Folio, fo'li-ō n [L. folium a leaf] ভাঁজ করা কাগল, উক্ত কাগজের বই . Leaf of a book , page book of sheets once doutled , a sheet of paper once folded — হিনাব বহিব এক পাতা A page in an account book —a এক ভাঁচেৰ কাগল ঘটিত . Per taining to or formed of paper folded but once Foliolo, fo li of n [L folium, a leaf] বক পত্ৰ One single leaf of a compound leaf

Folious, fo li us, a পতাময়, পতাবং কুলা, Leafy, thin like a leaf

Folk, fok, n লোক, জনসাধারণ, ব্যক্তি বিশেষ, Mankind, people in general, a nation, the people certain people

Folkland, fökland, স নাধারণ ভূমি ( সরকারী কমি Land granted to puvate persons by a written charter. Folk lore, n. কোন প্ৰস্থানত উপাধানিক জান; আচীন বীড়াদিৰ জান; Knowledge of popular tales and legends.

Folk mote-ৰণ্ডা; আমান্যিতি; An assembly [versel; a gland. of the people. Follicle, foli-kl, n वीकाकार : वीवापात : Seed Follow, fold, v t [ A S. folian, to move or walk behind] अधूमज्ञ'-ङ ; मान मान योख्या ; अनुगमन-क ; To go after or behind ; to pursue :- वद्यक्त्र !-ক ; To imitate :--পালৰ-ভূ ; To obey '--উৎপন্ন-ছ ; To result from - (मधा : अका-क , To watch, as a receding object .-- অর্থ গ্রহণ-কু, To understand the meaning, connection or force :-- পাইতে চেষ্টা-স্থ ; To strive to obtain :-- অসুখীলন-ড় ; To attend upon closely as a profession -- v. i পশ্চালানী-ह ; अनुगमन दश्या ; উৎপद्भ इश्या ; To come after another; to go after another; to result. Syn :-Succeed, come next; chase; attend, accompany; heed, observe; seek, cherish, cultivate; imitate, copy; ensue, result, proceed, arise, { closely. flow, issue.

Follow about—অভাস-তৃ , অসুণীলন-তৃ ; Attend Follow after—পগৰতী-তৃ ; Ensue, succeed.

Follow from - 5993-5, Result from.

Follow in the foot steps of—অৰ্কৰণ-কৃ, To imitate; to copy after; to take as an example. Follow in the train or wake of—সলে সংক আসা, পিছু পিছু আসা; পশ্চাৰতী হওৱা, Succeed; come along with.

Bollow on, Follow upon—গণান্তী-হ; Succeed:—কানিজনে চেট্টা-কু; Continue endeavours Follow one's nose—ক্ৰি সোজা-বা; Go straight on:—প্ৰিণাম না ভাবিয়া কাৰ্য্য-কু; Go on and on without any direction or thought of consequences.

Follow out—বিকাৰ-কৃ; Accomplish —ভন্ন তম করিবা অনুস্কান-কৃ; Trace or ascertain to the end Follow suit—অনুকরণ-কৃ; একই ভাবাপর-২, অন্তের দুহাভাবুগানী-ই; Imitate, follow the example of others; behave in the same manner.

Follow up—অনুধাৰন-কু; শক্তপক্ষকে কতকটা প্রাণ্ডৰ ক্রিয়া আরও ক্রেয়ে আশা করা; Pursue closeiy; make the most of a victory or advantage gained by pursuing (an enemy) —কাজে নাগান, Improve, as to follow up the advantage.

Follower, folo-er, n. শিবা; স্হচর; অমুচর; অমুচর; অমুচর; আমুচর; মানুচর; মানুচর; মানুচর; মানুচর; মানুচর, a copier. Syn:—Dependent, attendent, retainer, associate; adherent, partisan.

Following, folo-ing, a. পকাৰতী; Coming next after :— n. অধ্বাধিবৰ্গ; Body of followers.

Folly, foli, n. [Fr. fol, foolish] 項句; [希特] [新]: Foolishness; foolery. Syn:—Imbecility, fatuity, stupidity, dulness; absurdity, extravagance, imprudence, nonsense.

Foment, fo-ment, v. t. [L. foveo, to warm]
সেক-যে; ভার বালে দেক্-যে; ভাগ-যে; To cherish
with heat; to bathe with warm water:—উত্তক্ষিত-কু; To excite; to abet; to encourage, nefomentation, fomenter. Syn:—Abet, steen সেক
ব্যৱস্থা, A bathing with warm, medicated water;

a lotion applied hot :- West; Encouragement.

Fond, fond, a. [O. Eng. fonne, to be foolish M. E. fon, a fool.] আসন্ত ; অনুবাৰ্ণী ; অভ্যন্ত বেছ-প্ৰয়েশ ; Foolishly tender and loving ; weakly indulgent; very affectionate. n=fondness, adefondly. Syn:—Weak, indiscreet, trifling; foolishly tender, doting, indulgent; long ardently. Fond of—অনুবাৰ্ণী; Relishing highly.

Fondle, fondl, v. t. AINA-4; (NINIA-4: To caress; to treat with tenderness. Syn:—Dandle, pet.

Fondling, fondling, n. ভালবাদার বাজি বা বন্ধ; প্রেমণাত্র; বোহাগের পাত্র; A person or thing fondled or caressed; favourite. [fount; basin. Font, font, n. উম্ম ; কুড; Baptismal vessel; Font, font, Fount, fownt, n. মূলকর; An assortment of types.

Taken to the font—বুলীয় ধর্মে বাজিড-কু; Food, তিতার, n খালা প্রবা; ভকা সাম্প্রা; Eatables; victuals.—পোকা; পোকা; পার্বাভিড-র; Anything that sustains, nourishes and augments. as foodless. Syn:—Ailment, sustenance, nutriment, feed, fare, victuals, provisions.

Food and raiment-dinimira;

Food for powder—দৈনিক-পুৰুষ; Soldier.

Forbidden fruit---ৰভকা।

Fool, তিতা, n. [F. fol, fon, foolish] নিৰ্কোগ; মুৰ্গ, One wanting in understanding, an idiot — ভাড; A jester:—মুন্ত বাজি; A silly or wicked person.—v. t. প্ৰভাৱণা-ক; To deceive, to cheat:—v. i. মুৰ্থাৰ মত ভাগা-ক, তৃত্ত-ক; To play the tool, to act like a fool, to trifle. Syn:—(n) An idiot, a natural, simpleton, dunce, jester, buffoon, clown, antic, mountebank.

Every man hath a fool in his aleeve—কেচ নকল সমূহে জানী থাকে লা; No one is always wise Form fool—যে আপনাকে হাসাম্পদ কৰে; A person who makes himself ridiculous.

Fool away-অপ্তয়-ক, Lavishly spend in trifles, idleness.

Fool's-errand, foolier'and, ন. মণকা কর্মের উদ্যোগ; বামনের চাদ ধবা; মূর্লন্ত বিববে চেট্রা; বেক্ম্মণা কাল; A silly or fruitless enterprise; the pursuit of what cannot be found, a foolish errand, an errand on which one would send a fool; search for what cannot be found; an foolish and profitless adventure.

Fool one to the top of one's bent—ৰাজ্য ব্য়ে বোকা নানান; Fool as much as possible:— ৰতন্ত্ৰ হইতে পাৱে কাহানত বেয়াল তৃত্ত করা; Humour one to the utmost possible extent.

Fool out of—ৰঞ্চি- ক ; Cheat. [ delights. Fool's paradise—বিৰ্মোধৰ মৰ্গ ; Place of vain Fool with—অভাৰণা-ক ; Delude ; balk.

Fools build houses, and wise men buy them—জানীর নিকোণের অহিতাচারের কল ভোগ করে; Wise men reap the benefit of the extravagance of the foolish.

Fools give feasts and wise men eat them
—मूर्वदा वाकाद, जानीदा वाह :

Make a fool of one-हांगा नर-कः संशास

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षाश्चिक रामान : वाका रामान : निर्द्शाय नामान : Cause one to appear ridiculous.

Play the fool—ग्रर्व मड कार्या-कृ ; Act hke a fool. To have fool for one's client-नित्व नित्वत ওকালতী করা বাড়লভা মাত্র, It is very foolish for any one to plead his own cause, before a court. Poolery, Coler-i, n. निर्वाद्य ; पूर्वा ; Habitual folly, absurdity.

Foolhardy, foolhar'di, a. घु:मार्तिक ; चल्लाव गरिमी ; হঠকারী; গোঁরার; Foolishly bold; madly rash. # =foolhardiness. Syn :- Rash, venturesome, precipitate, headlong, incautious, reckless.

Foolish, Golish, a. मूर्थ; निर्द्याप; हाम्गान्तम; Weak in intellect; wanting discretion; ridiculous; sinful. n=foolishness, ad=foolishly. Syn -Absurd, shallow-brained, brainless, simple, irrational, idiotic, senseless, nonsensical; unwise, absurd, indiscreet, incautious, vain, trifling - Foolscap, তিতাঠkap, n. একপ্ৰকাৰ কাপৰ , A long folio paper about 13 by 16 inches.

Foot, foot, n. 98; That part of the body of an animal on which it stands or walks :- अन्यून ; भगजन, The base :-- शतियांन विरमय. A measure consisting of 12 inches:--পদাতিক দৈল ; Footsoldiers - 549, ECTA 914, A division of a line of poetry -- o. t. श्रमाधाड-कृ, हत्त्व मनिक-कृ, To kick, to tread -- v.: বৃতা-কু, ভালে তালে নাচা. भगन-क : भगवाज भगन-क , lo dance , to walk , tread to measure or music. Syn := (n) Paw, base, bottom, foundation; step, pace, infantry At the foot of - जनाव : भागापा . At the base of Bo on foot—हिन्द करह, Be in process of execution ; be in progress.

By foot or on foot-still , By walking.

Foot a bill-Pay a bill.

Foot it- পদন 季, To walk on.

Foot to foot- " orette; In a hostile attitude. Go on foot---পদব্ৰক্লে-ৰা।

Have the measure of one's foot-state मर्भन्न (मोड़ क्यांना ; Know the exact calibre of one's mind.

On foot-পাওতৰ; By walking (without carriage) -- नेडिया नेडिया, Not on horseback

Put one's best foot or leg forward-411-মনোবাকো চেষ্টা-কু, Make one's best endervours or exertions. [ land in.

Set foot in, Set foot on -- পদার্পণ-কু, Come to, Set on foot-- স্থারস্ত-কু, Put in motion, start; Be familiar with any work commence. Set one's foot in-কোন কাষ্য বিশেষকপে জাভ-ছ. With one foot in the grave—मुख्यल, On

the verge of grave.

Foot-ball, footbawl, n. ক্ৰীড়া বিশেষ; এক প্ৰকাৰ ৰ্কাপা বল; An inflated ball, to be kicked about in sport : sport of kicking ; sport with this ball. Foot-boy, footboy, n. ভুতা; দামাপ্ত অৰুচৰ বা ভূতা; A serving lad; an attendant in livery.

Foot-bridge, footbrij, n. কুত্ৰ পোল ; বাত্ৰীদিপের জন্ম সন্থীৰ্ণ সেজু; A narrow bridge for foot-passengers only.

Foot-fall, footfawl, n পদবিকেণ; পদকেণ, A foot-step, tread of the foot .-প্ৰসাৰ A misstep. Foot-guards, footgards, n. pl. anifes the: পদাতিক বঞ্চিদল ; The soldiers that serve on foot ; guards of infantry.

Foot-hold, n. বাহার উপরে নিরাপদে পা রাধা হার; পদহাপৰ ছাৰ ; That which sustains the foot : that on which one may tread securely; space for the feet to stand on. servile flatterer. Foot-licker, n. (ভाষামোদকারী; চরণ-সবক; A Foot-light, foot-lit, n. बाँग-बिमहापित व्यालाक ; One of a row of lights in front of the stage in a theatre, &c., and on a level therewith.

Foot-man, foot-man, n. পদাজিক সৈতা: Footsoldier; a soldier who marches and fights on foot .- 931, A male servant who attends the door, carriage, stable &c. :-- नात्राक कुछा ; Waiter in livery; a servant in livery. n. pl = footmen.Foot-mark, footmark, Footprint, footprint,

n अमिडिक , Mark or print of a foot , track Foot-note, n 9814 निसंत्र मिका: A note of reference at the foot of a page.

Foot-pad, footpad, n. মহা; হৰপথ দহা; A highway man or robber on foot; a robber on foot. who frequents public roads.

Foot-passenger, footpasen-jer, n. পৰিক: One who travels on foot.

Foot-rot, footrot, n. বেবের পারে বা , বেবের পারের ₹5. Ulcer in the feet of sheep.

Foot-rule, footrool, n. এক ফুট; পরিমাণ বিশেষ: A measure twelve inches in length, a 12th inch measure.

Foot-soldier, footsöljer, n. পদাভিক দৈয় ; One serving on foot, a soldier that serves on foot. Foot-sore, a. Having tender or sore-feet as from much walking.

Footstall, footstawl, n. রীলোকের (বোডার চডিবার) ৰেকাৰ . A woman's stirrup.

Foot-stop, footstep, n. পদবিকেপ ; পদচিক : পথ-नियमंत्र ; Mark of the foot , track ; visible sign of a course pursued. Syn :-- Footprint, footmark, trace, token, mark, vestige, sign.

Footsteps, footsteps, n. pl. গতি; পণ; দ্বান্ত: Course; example.

Tread in the foot-steps—কাহাৰত দুৱাৰ অৰু-করণ-কু; Imitate the example of.

Foot-stool, n. ain-ais; Stool for the foot.

Footing, footing, n. পांगवित्कल श्वान ; अम्रहानन चान , भूज , Ground for the foot , place for the foot to rest on; firm foundation to stand on :-আপেকিক অবস্থা, Relative condition : —পদবিকেশ; Footstep :-- অবস্থিতি ; Position :-- নৃত্য ; Dance :--স্তার বিভা, Plain cotton lace. Syn:-Basis, foundation, ground-work; standing, status, position, condition; settlement, establishment, stable position, addition, summation, sum total. Be on good footing with the world-সংসাবে মিত্ৰভাবে চলা; Stand well with the world. Gain footing, n. অধিকার প্রাপ্ত-হ; Obtain possession of something which is to form the basis

of future operations. Make good one's footing--विकास सम्बद्ध ভাগন-কু; স্বীৰপদ ছান্নী (কারেমী) করিবা লওমা; Establish firmly or securely one's position.

On a footing with— नवांत्रकांत्र ; In a like condition or state with.

Fop, fop, n. [ Dut. foppen, to cheat, mock ] পরিচ্ছদাভিষাধী; ফুলবাৰু; Coxcomb; dandy. Syn: —Puppy, prig.

Fopling, fop'ling, n. নামান্ত ক্লবাৰু; A petty fop. Foppory, fop'er-i, n. বাবুগিরি; বেশভ্বাপ্রিরতা; পরিজ্বদের আভবর; Vanity in dress or manners; affectation; coxcombry; folly.

Foppish, fop'ish, a. বেশভুবা-প্রিয়; ধোন-পোবাৰী, আড়বন্ধিয়; Vain of dress; ostentatious in dress; affected in manners. ad=foppishly, n=foppishness. Syn:—Finical, spruce, dandyish, dandified, coxcombical, dressy.

For, for, pre. জন্ত ; On account of:—বদলে; পরিবর্জে, Instead of; in the place of:—তথ্রাচ, সর্বেজ্ ; In spite of:—অপুনোধ, জন্ত : সাপক, For the sake of; in favour of:—অভিমুখে: Toward, in the direction of:—হইঘা; As being —উপকাৰাৰ্থ; Beneficial to:—সহক্ষে: As for:—অসুসকাৰাৰ্থ; সকলে: In quest of:—বাপিয়া: During:—পুৰদ্ধাৰাৰ্থ; কতিপুরণে: In recompense of:—
০০গ্, জন্ত ; মেহত্ত ; Because, since, on this account; by the reason that.

As for—বলিতে গেলে; স্বৰে; পকে; So far as concerns. | without a doubt

For a dead certainty—নিশ্চয়ই; Assuredly: For a song—ভাবি দ্বা; Very cheaply

For an age - অধিক দিন ব্যাপিয়া; A long time.

For all-MISS; Notwithstanding.

For all the world—কোন কারণেই; For any consideration whatever.

For all that—ভংসংহও; তথাপি, in spite of, notwith-tanding all that has taken place.

For as much, for az-much, conj. cuts ; Because that.

For as much as—ফেহতু, Because.

For aye-চিরকানের অন্ত ; Always ; cternally.

For ever, for-ever, ad চিৰকাৰের হস্ত, অনস্তকাল গ্ৰান্ত, অনস্তকাল বাাপিয়া; For all time to come, to eternity; through endless ages

For ever and a day—সকল সমযেই; At all times For good—সংখ্যানপে; Permanently

For life—আজীবন; বাবং জীবনের জন্ম : As long as lite lasts.

[Through many days For many a long day—অনেক দিন বাংগিল!.

For many a long day—ৰবেক দিন বাণিণ).
For ought I know—বহুদুর আমি জানি; Nothing that I know is against it; as far as I know.

For ought one knows—বতদ্র একজন জানে, One does not know to the contrary; as far as one knows.

For shame—লজিত হওগা উচিচ; You should be For the better—ভালৰ স্বস্ত; Resulting in a better condition of affairs.

For the most part—সাধাৰণত: ; Generally.

For the nonce— এগৰকার কস্ত ; For the present time or purpose. [that ; with the view. For the purpose of—এই প্ৰতিপ্ৰান্ত ; In order

For the take of—জয়; On account of. For the time being—এবৰার জয়; For the

present. [ worse condition. For the worse- यूपन सम् ; Resulting in a

For to—অভিনাৱে; In order to. { concerned. I for one—আমাৰ নিজেৱ কথা ধরিলে; As far as I am Were it not for—ঘদি ভাষা না হইত ভাষা হইলে; যদি এনা হইত ভাষা হইলে; If it were not for.

Forage, for'aj, n. যাস: অবাদির বালা; Food for cattle:—ধাল্ডবানির অনুসন্ধান; ধাল্যবিবণ; আহার সংস্থান; Search of provisions; the act of providing food:—e. i. থাল্ডবানির অনুসন্ধানার্থ গমন-ফু; বলপ্রক অবাদির থালা সংগ্রহ-ফু; Wander in search of provisions or plunder; to wander about and forcibly carry off food for horses and cattle:—e. t. নুঠন-ফু; নুঠ-ফু; To plunder. n=forager.

Foraging party-লুঠনাৰ্থ প্ৰেৰিড ধল; A party sent out for forage.

Foramen, fo-ramen, n. [L. foro, to pierce] fex; A hole; a little opening; a small opening. Foraminated, fo-raminated, Foraminus, to-raminus, a 利極東; Having small holes; porous.

Foray, Forray, for'a, n. আৰু নিক আক্ৰমণ; আৰু মণ, A sudden incursion into an enemys country; a raid. Syn:—Inroad, irruption, hostile incursion.

Forbade, for-bad, pa t. of forbid.

Forbear, for-bar, v. s. নিৰ্ভ-ছ; বিৰভ-ছ; প্ৰে থাকা, To refrain from proceeding; to abstain; to hold or keep away.—ফলীকার-ক; To refuse, decline:—v. t. নিৰ্গ থাকা; ডাগে-ক; To abstain from; avoid voluntarily:—সভ-ক; To bear with; (কোন কাজ) না করা; To withhold. Syn:— (গ) Cease, suspend, desist, stay, break off; refrain; shun, decline, avoid; ormit; bear with, indulge, spare.

Forbearance, for-ber'ans, n (ডিটিমা, কমা; দ্যা; দ্যিকুলা; ৰম্বা; Exercise of patience; command of temper; clemency; mildness. Syn:—Abstinence, refraining, avoidance; lenity, patience, indulgence, long-suffering.

Forbearing, for-bar'ing, a. সহিষ্ণু; ধৈৰ্যাশীল; Patient. ad=forbearingly.

Forbid, for-bid, v t. নিষেধ-কু; To prohibit; to command not to do,—v. i. বাধা-তে: To utter a prohibition; prevent. Syn:—Interdict, inhibit; disallow, hinder

God forbid— জন্মৰ না কক্ষন। [unlawful. Forbidden, for-bidn, a নিৰিদ্ধ; Prohibited; Forbidden fruit is swoot—People are apt to relish much, what they are forbidden to have. Forbidding, for-biding, a. আনংখ্যান্ত্ৰনক; বিম্বজ্ঞিক, ভূপান্তন্ক; Repulsive, disagreeable. Syn:—Unpleasant, displeasing, offensive, odious, abhorrent.

Force, iটাং, n. শক্তি; বল; ক্ষমতা; Strength; power, might:—অভাচার; Violence:—এভাব; Vchemence:—গুল; Efficacy; virtue —বেগ; Momentum:—ব্ৰাইবার শক্তি; Power to persuade or convince:—pl. (রাজ্যের) বল; সেবা; সৈন্তপন; সোজার) বল; সেবা; সৈন্তপন; মানাল্যার; An ornament:—৩. f. বলপুর্বাক ভাবা; সবলে আকর্ষাক্র; To draw or push by main strength:—বাধাক্র; To compel; to constrain:—বলপুর্বাক অধিকারক, বলপুর্বাক আহ্ব-কু; To take by force, to storm:

- বাংকাৰ- মু. Ravish: —Reinforce — ৰাজ্যুত-ই: To overpower — হাজ্য- মু. To cause to move: — বাম বাম বাজ্যুত্ব। প্ৰ- মু. To cause to grow or ripen rapidly Syn — (n) Vigeur, energy, potency, cogency, validity, agency, compulsion, co-action, coercion, impulse, stress, emphasis (v) Constrain, oblige, necessitate, compel, coercc, drive, urge, impel, press, deflower, violate

Force, förs, v t মণ্নাদির পুর দেওরা, To stuff, as a fowl. [fail

Force, forc, Foss, foss, n ভনপ্রপাত A water-Armod force—সেন্তগণ , A body of soldiers Brute force—আহাত্তিক বল।

Come into force—জানি হৰদা , Become law Force a passage—বলপুৰ্বাক বাধা-কু , Make way by force

Force down—বলপুৰ্বক ৰীতে ৰামান, Depress
Force from—বলপুৰ্বক কথনা, Extert, wrest
Force in—ভিতৰে প্ৰবেশ কৰান, Drive in,
Force on (one)—খোন করিয়া ঘাড়ে চাপান, Thrust
on o

Force open—ক'ৰিয়া কোল, Break open
Force out—বহিষ্কত-কৃ, Drive out —বলপুৰ্বক
15<sup>21</sup> I stoit [ by force
Force through—বলপুৰ্বক প্ৰবেশ-কৃ, Get through
In force or of force—চলিড জাৰি, Valid, of
full virtue current, not suspended or reversed
Put in force—চলিড কৃ, জাৰি-কৃ Enforce.

Forced, fürst, a কৃত্রিষ, অস্বাভাবিক, Artificial, unnatural —যত্ন স্থারা সাধিত, ক্ট্রসিছ, Effected by labour

Forceful, för'fool, a বলবাৰ, শক্ত, Fullof might, driven or acting with force or might. ad = forcefully

Forceless, forsles a. नारीन . Weak.

Force-pump, for-pump, Forcing-pump, n জন তুনিবাৰ কল, জন জোলা গৰকন. Engine for raising water; a pump which throws water to a distance through a side-pipe

Force-meat, তিrsmeat, দ উত্তৰ্মশ্ৰণ পাক করা যাংস Must mineced and stuffed, meat chopped fine and highly seasoned, used either alone or as a stuffing

Forceps, for seps n [L formus hot, and capso, to hold] সৰুপ , সাঁড়াৰী, Tongs, pincers
ভিকিৎসান্তবিশেষ, A surgical instrument

Forcible, তির্গ-bl, a বলবং, অবল, শুক্তিশার, মডেল, Mighty, strong, powerful, impetuous —বল হারা কৃত, Done by force —কার্যকারী, কলল, Efficacious, impressive —ভক্তর, Weighty, cogent n=forcibleness, ad=forcibly Syn —Active, potent, valid, impressive, violent

Forcing, forsing, " apriles nos sen-coles, The art of hastening the growth of plants

Foreipated, for'si-pat-ed, a সঁড়োপীর আকারে গঠিত, Formed to open like a forceps

Ford, ford, গ নদ্যাদির বে হানে ইটিয়া পার হওরা বার, সহরণাবোগ্য জলবিশিষ্ট হল, উত্তর হান, A place where water may be crossed on foot — ৮ : টাটিয়া পার-ছ, To cross water on foot, wade through, s=fordable.

Fordable, a. ফুডৰ , হাঁটিবা পার হইবার বোস্প , That' may be forded or passed without swimming. Fore, für, a অপ্রবর্ত্তী , সমুখন্তিত , পুরোবর্ত্তী , Going first , advanced in place or motion , in front of : -ad সমূৰে, পুৰোভাগে. At the front part —পুৰ্বে, ৰৱো, Previously —n সন্থ, The front Syn,— (a) Front, anterior, antecedent, prior, earher. Fore and aft-wat armie, white in the direction of the head and stern, right through; length wise ( in plain sight, ready for use. To the fore—সন্থে , ব্যবহার জন্ম প্রস্তুত , In front ; Forearm, िंदाला, " बाइन पूरनासान , अन्ववाह , The fore part of the arm, the part of the arm between the elbow and the wrist -v t was প্রস্তুত-হ , পূর্বে প্রস্তুত-হ , To prepare beforehand , to arm or prepare for attack before the time of need. Forebode, for-bod, v. t প্ৰ ফ্ৰা-ক Prognosticate -পূৰ্বে থানিতে পাৰা . To have a secret sense of something future, particularly of evil. -n প্ৰা হচনা, Forebodiment. n=forc-boder. Syn -Predict augur, presage, prognosticate, portend, betoken

Forebodement, for-bodment, n ভাৰী অনসবের জ্ঞান Perception of coming evil

Foreboder, n कविवादका , Sooth sayer

Forboding, för-böding n পূৰ্ব্ব স্থচনা, অমলগা-নহা, Prognostication, augury, a perception —a অনিষ্টস্থাক, Presaging, ominous

Forecast, for-kast, v. t কলনা কু, পূৰ্ব হইতে ছিন্ন
কৰা বা কেবিতে পাওলা, To scheme, to foresee;
to provide against — v ঃ পূৰ্বা হইতে কলনা-কু,
ক্ষেত্ৰই ছিন্নকল্প হ, To form schemes beforehand
— n পূৰ্বা কলনা, পূৰ্বাচিত্তা, উদ্ভাবন, পূৰ্বা হইতে অনুভব, Contrivance before hand, foresight

Forecastle, fürkas-l or foksl, ল আমানুদের প্রোবর্তী ভাষাজ্ঞল, A foredeck, raised above the main-deck, upper deck near the head

Foreclose, for-kiúź, v t [ L. forss, outside, claudo, clausus, to shut ] নিৰ্বাৰণ কু, বছ-কু, সম্পত্তি উদ্বাহনৰ ক্ষমতা ক্ষম-কু, To prevent, to stop, to cut off from the right of rademphon

Porectionure, for-klüfur, ল ৰক্ষণী সম্পত্তি উদ্বাধ কৰিবাৰ ক্ষতা কোণ, বন্ধনী-সম্পত্তিৰ পুনদ্ধাৰ নিবাৰণ . Deprivation of a mortgagor of the right of redeeming a mortgaged estate.

Fore-date, ior-det v চ বিদিন্ন সময়ের পূর্বদিনের তারিখ-বে, পারবর্তী তারিখ দেখনা, To date before the true time, to antedate

Pare-douk, för'dek, n. জাহাচালর সম্প্রিক, পোত বা তাহার উপন্তিতালর অরভাগ, The fore part of a deck or ship

Fore end, n সম্বাচায় The end that is forward Forefather, তি'fa-ther n প্ৰস্কুষ Ancester Forefend, Forfend, তি-fend, v. f নিবেশ-কৃ, নিবাৰৰ দৃ, প্ৰতিহ্ন-কৃ, To hinder, forbid, to fend off, avert, to ward off.

Fore-finger, Si'fing-ger, क उर्व्यनी अवृती, The finger next to the thumb

Forefoot, for'foot, s. অগ্ৰপাদ, পৰাদিন অগ্ৰপদ, Anterior foot of a beast.

Forefront, for front, স সমুধ্যিক, সমুধ্য দেশ; পুরোজাগ, The front or foremost part, paw. Forego, för-gö', e. t. পৰিভাগ-ড়; Give up, lose, renounce:—অৱগামী-ড়, To go before. n= foregoer. Syn:—Resign, abandon, abjure, waive, cede.

Foregoing, a. watel ; Going before.

A foregone conclusion, " পূৰ্ব কৰিড নিছাত্ত : প্ৰমাণাদি বা বেধিয়া অসুমিত নিছাত্ত . A conclusion which one comes to, before examining the evidence; a predetermined conclusion; a conclusion which has preceded argument or examination.

Foreground, ধ্রি'grownd, গ. চিত্রের আগস্থান; চিত্রপটের মুর্জ্ঞানির সমুখে দুগুমান বিশ্বত ছান, The part of the field of a picture which seems to lie before the figures; that part of a picture which seems to be nearest.

Forehand, för hand, স অবাবোহী সন্থায়িত অংশ ; আনোহীৰ পুৰোৰতী আৰেৰ অঞ্চলন . All that part of a horse before the rider .—অতি উৎকৃত্ব অংশ . The most important part — সুবিধা , বিষ্যাকানিতা . Prudence, advantage —a. যথোচিত সময়ের অঞ্চ কুত; Taken in hand or done before needed.

Forehanded, for hand-ed, a. সৰয়েচিত, সাম-থিক, অধ্যে সাধিত; Early, seasonable, formed "in the foreparts.

Forehead, for hed, n. ন্যাট, কণোল, That part between the eyes and the hair, the brow—সাহন; Boldness. Syn.—Front; assurance, impudence.

Foreign, for'in, a [ Low L forens, foras, out of doors ] বিদেশীয়, বৈদেশিক, Belonging to another country; alien .- अनुज . Not to the purpose : remote ; irrelevent - अवाकाविक . Not native or natural .—অৰূপবোগী, সদংখন্ত , Not appropriate, excluded :- अभितिष्ठ , Strange. Syn -Outlandish, exotic, extrinsic, extraneous, alien, [ ing or pertaining to. remote, irrelevant. Foreign to - বহিৰ্ভ ( অন্তৰ্গত নহে ), Not belong-Foreigner, for'mer, n. विषयी, शाहरमिक, Native of foreign country, a stranger, an alien. Forejudge, for-juf, e :. পৃথ্য হটতে বিধাৰ কু. क्षत्रांगापि अहम मा कतियां भूर्र्स्स्ट विज्ञात-क . judge beforehand, to judge before hearing the facts and proof.

Foreknow, গ্রি-nত', ৩.৫ পূর্ক ইইতে জানা , পূর্ক হইতে জাত হওয়া বা দেখিতে পাওয়া , Know beforehand , to forsee.

Foreknowle ige, für-nolej, n পুৰ্বজ্ঞাৰ, ভাৰী বিৰয়ের জাৰ, Prescience, foresight.

Foreland, for land, n. অন্ত্রীপ; Headland, cape; a point of land projecting forward into

Forelock, für'lok, n. অরণিধা, মত্তকারছ কেশ-ক্ষম ; Lock of a hair on the forehead.

Take time or occasion by the forelock— স্বিধা কা বাইঙে-জে, Not to let slip an opportunity.

To take by the forelock—তংগর হইয়া (ক্ষোগ)
অকাষ্য কয়া; To make the most of; to seize promptly.

Foreman, för'man, n. दायान (लांक, मुया शाख, कृतिपरणव अथान युक्ति, The first man, the chief man of a jury :--প্ৰধান কৰ্মচাৰী ; ভত্বাৰধায়ক , Chief workman ; overseer.

Foremast, for'mast, দ. অধ্যন্তী বাছণ ; Front mast :—( ভাবাজের ) প্রোভাগছ বাছল ; The mast that is in front, or next the bow of a ship.

Forementioned, for-menshund, a পুর্বালিখিত; Mentioned before; mention in the former part of a writing or discourse.

Foremost, för'möst, সর্বোত্তম; প্রধানতম; প্র-ছানীয়: Most advanced; first in rank, place, time Syn.—Leading, front, highest, principal. Forenamed, för'nämd, a. প্রোল্লিভিড; Mentioned before

Forencon, for noon, \* This. The part of the day before mid-day; the former part of day, from morning to noon or mid-day.

Forenotice, foi-notis, n una abaix niair;
Notice of an event before it happens

Forensic, for-reńsik, a. [L. forum, marketplace] আদালত সৰ্থীয়, Belonging to courts of law — আদালতে ব্যব্ধত, বিচায়কাৰ্য্যে ব্যব্ধত; Used in courts or legal proceedings; as, a forensic speech

Fore-ordain, for-or-dah, v. t. পূৰ্ব হইতে আৰেশ কু, পূৰ্বা হইতে নিশিষ্ট বা নিৰ্দ্ধাণিত-কু. To predestinate, to predetermine n=fore-ordination.

Forepart, för'pårt, n. অপ্রভাগ, সমুধ, Front — আবন্ধ, Beginning — (প'ভাগ্র, The bow of a ship Forerank, fö.'rangk, n অন্যামী, সমুধভাগ, The first rank, the front.

[ To precede. Forerun, för ruh, v f অবব্যী-ছ, অপ্রধামী-ছ:

Forerun, for tain, ৮ জন্ম বাৰ্থিই জন্মানাৰই ক্ৰিনানিক, স্বাধানিক ক্ৰিন্ত, A messenger sent before —ভাবী লক্ষ্য, শক্ষ, Prognostic Syn —Harbinger, precursor, herald, sign omen, prelude

Fore-sail, for-sai, n অগ্ৰেকী মান্তা বৃদ্ধ পাৰ, Sail of the foremast, a sail attacked to the fore-yard on the foremast

Foresee, তি-১৫' গ t or গ : ভাবী বিষয় জানা, ক্ষম জানা, ভাবী ঘটনা পূর্ম কইতে জানিতে পারা, To know before hand, to anticipate, to see a thing before it happens Syn —Foreknow, forecast, forebode.

Foreshadow, তিr-shado, v t লক্ষণ বা চিচ্চ বাবা প্ৰে প্ৰকাশ-ক, প্ৰেল হচনা-ক. To typify, to prefigure. Syn —Prognosticate, foreshow, predict Foreship, for ship, u পোতাৰ, The fore part of a ship

Foreshore, för'shör, দ. (নদী পভূতির) পর্ছের ছে জালে ভটোর সময় জল খাকে না, The part immediately before the shore.

Foreshorten, for-shortn, ৩. ে বিস্তৃতাপ্ৰ সন্মুখ্য বস্তুত্ব প্ৰতিষ্ঠি হুখাকাৰে চিত্ৰ কৰা, To represent, in painting, the shortened appearance of an object that stands forward.

Foreshortening, for-shortn-ing, n. ভিত্ৰপট বিশ্বভাৱ সৰ্ব্য বস্তুৰ হ্যাকাৰে অধন, The representation, a picture, of the shortened appearance of an object standing forward.

Foreshow, för-sho, v t. खनिवाद विवय वजा, धारी यहेना वना, To predict ; to foretell

Foreside, foi'sid, n watin, The front-side.

Poresight, ibr'sit, m. ভবিষ্যং কৰি : ভবিষ্যং টিডা : গরিবামকর্বিভা : Wise forethought : prudence. a= foresighted. Sym:—Prescience, foreknowledge, forecast, forethought, provident care, precaution.

Foreskin, for skin, n. বিজেন বৃষ্ণ; বিৰাধীকাৰণ; The skin that covers the glans penis; prepuce. Fore-spent, a. কাৰ; Worn out.

Forest, for'est, n. [Low. L. foresta, open wood] আৰণ্য, বন; Great wood; woody ground and rude pasture.—a. বস্তু; আমা; অসভা, Silvan; rustic —a. i. বুক বারা আছোগন-কু; বুকাজ্য-কু, To cover with trees.

Forests laws—Laws which were formerly very rigidly observed for regulating parks and preserving game.

Forest-waik, n. উদ্যানের মধ্যে বৃক্ত শোভিত পথ; A rural and shady walk; an avenue.

\*Borestall, für-stawi, v t. আন্তর আন্তর করা বা গ্রহণকু, ভাবী বিবয়ের পূর্বেন নির্দ্ধান্ত- , To anticipate :—
বিভাবে আদিবার পূর্বে (পাবে) দ্রবা কয়-কু, আন্তর্গবিদকু, এবচেটিয়া-কু, To buy goods before they are
brought to the market, monopolise — আন্তর্গবিশ্বকু, To occupy before hand. Syn:—Preoccupy,
monopolize, engross.

Forester, for est-er, n. বনবাদী; Inhabitant of a forest —বনাধাক বা বনের কর্মচারী, বনরক্ষ, Officer or keeper of a forest.

E'oretaste, for-tast, n প্ৰবাসাকৰ, কলনায় ভাবী হ'ব-সভাগ, Anticipation; a taste before hand —v. গ প্ৰবাসানৰ-কু, কলনায় উপভোগ-কু, ভাবী হ'ব কলনা-কু, To taste before another, anticipate. Syn— (n) Pregustation, prelibation, presentiment.

Foretell, for-tel, v. t. ভবিষাৎ বলা, ভাবী ঘটনা ালা, To predict; to prophesy:—v. s. ভবিষাৎ বিষয় বলা, To utter prediction. n=foreteller (ভবিষয়ৰকা); Svn:—(v) Predict, prognosticate, augus, pre indicate, forebode, presage.

Forothought, für'thawt, n. প্ৰজ্ঞান, ছবিষ্ণ ি প্ৰা, পৰিণাম চিন্তা, Provident care, prescience. k orotoken, für'tö-kn, n. শক্ষ, প্ৰানিদৰ্শন; Prognc suce, a previous sign .—v. t. প্ৰা চ্ছতে শ্চনা-কু, To signify before hand.

Foretoken, för-törken, v. t. প्रश्न माइड-ङ् . To presignify

Foretooth, তি'তেটা, ল. সমুধন্ধিত দক্ত, সমুধের বাঁত, Incisor; one of the teeth in the forepart of the mouth.

Foretop, for'top, n. মন্ত্ৰের সমূৰের কেশ, The hair on the fore part of the head —অথ মান্তবের উপরিছিত মঞ্চ; The platform erected at the head of the foremast.

Foretopmast, för-top'mast, n. জাহাজের অনু-মান্তলের শীর্ষত্ব ছোট মান্তল, The mast erected at the head of the foremast, and at the top of which stands the Foretop-gallant-mast

Forewarn, for-warh, v. i পুৰা হইতে সভৰ্ক কৰা, Pre-admonish, to give previous notice; Syn:— Admonish, caution, dissuade.

Forewarned is forearmed—পূৰ্ব ইইতে সভৰ্ব ইইলে বিপদ প্ৰতিবিধানের উপায়-ছ, সাৰধানের বিদাশ নাই। Forfeit, forfit, m. [ Lew L. forss, beyond, and facers, to do ] বত ; অব্যত্ত ; A penalty for crime a fine :—বয়ুন্ত সম্পৃত্তি ; Anything forfeited :—বিছত বত্ত ; Something deposited and redemable by a sportive fine :—v. t. অপরাধ বস্তু অধিকার বাংত বিভত্ত ; অপরাধ বস্তু অধিকার বাংত হ ; To lose the right to, by some fault :—a. অপরাধের অস্ত্র বিভত্ত ; Lost or alienated for an offence liable to penal seizure : a=forfeitable. Syn :—(n) Fine, mulct, amercement, penalty, forfeiture.

Forfeit & claim—অধিকার চাত-হ; বহু চাত-হ। Forfeiture, for fit-ur, n. অপরাধ অস্তু অধিকার চাতি; অধিকার-অংশ, The losing of some right by some offence:—অর্থন্ড; Penalty.

Forge, fori, n. [ L. faber, a workman ] কাৰাৰের হাপর; কর্মকারপালা, Smithy; a furnace:—v. t. গঠন-কু; To beat into shape:—নির্পাণ-কু; To frame:—বিশা বচনা-কু; To make falsely:—কাজ-কু; Counterfeit; falsify.—v. i. কাল-কু; To commit forgery. Syn:—(v) Fabricate, contrive, construct, make invent; falsify, feign, counterfeit, imitate, coin.

Forge on—গাঁহে গাঁহে অভি পরিশ্রমে (জাহাজ) নির্বাহ-কু; Make its way slowly and labouriously, as a ship.

Forgery, forfer-i, n. चान, जान गनिन; Counterfeiting coins or document. Syn:—Falsification, illegal, coining, false signature.

Forget, for-get, v. t. বিশ্বত-হ, Lose memory of .—ভাছিল্য-কৃ, Neglect. Syn:—Slight, over-look.

Forget-mo-not, for-get'-me-not, গ. লভাবিশেষ; উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ; Pan-y; a small flowering plant:—
ৰন্ধ্যের নিদর্শন , A keepsake [ আমাকে নাপ কর ।
Forget and forgive—সে সব ভূলে বাও এবং
Forget oneself—ভূলক্রমে বলে কেলা , Be so careless as to mention:—আমুক্তিত্ত , Lose command over one's memory —নিজের বিবৰ কিছুমাক্ত না ভাবা; Not to think much of one's ownself.

Forget one's self—ৰাত্তবিশ্বত-হ, To be guilty of what is unworthy of one; to lose one's dignity, temper or self control.

Forgetful, for-getfool, a বিশ্বভিশ্বল; বিশ্বভিশ্বল; আমনোবোগী, Apt to forget, mattentive; careless. n=forgetfulness, ad=forgetfully. Syn:—Heedless, neglectful

Forgive, for-giv, v. t [A S for and gifan, to give] ক্যা-কৃ, (এণ বিষয়ে) মুক্তি দেওয়া; To remit; to pardon, to absolve pardon. Syn:—Absolve, condone, acquit excuse

Forgiveness, for-givnes, n ক্ষা, Remission; disposition to pardon — ৰণদাৰ হইতে মুক্তি প্ৰদান; Remission of an offence or debt. Syn:—Absolution, acquittal, pardon

Forgiving, for-giving, a क्यानीन ; स्वान् ; Disposed to pardon, merciful ; compassionate.

Fork, fork, ন. কাটা; Instrument with prongs; a instrument having two or more points or prongs at the end — pl. বৰ্ষ বা নদীর বত বা শাবা; The branches into which a road or river divides also the point of separation:— p i. বিধা বিভত্ত-ছ; প্রাণি বিভান-ছ; To divide into two branches or divisions; to shoot into blades:— মুইডানে বিভান-

হু: ছিবা বিজ্ঞজ-হু: To divide into two branches as road or tree:—শন্যের ছার অস্থাত-হু. পরাধি বিভার-কু: To spout into blades, as corn:—কটিার ছার (আকার) বারণ-কু; কটিা হারা উন্তোলন করা, কটিা হারা তোলা; To form as a fork, to raise or pitch with a fork.

Fork out or over—দেৱা; To hand or pay over. Forked, forked, Forky, forki, a. কাটার মত; কাটার মাতারে গঠিত; Shaped like a fork adforkedly n=forkedness, forkiness

Forlorn, for-lorn, a. প্রিভান্ত , Forsaken , lost :
—নীৰ , বি:সহার ; আগর ; হতভাগ্য , Wretched , destitute ; miserable. Syn —Destitute, abandoned, solitary, desolate, miserable, helpless, friendless, hopeless, disconsolate, pittable

Forlorn hope, n অতি হু:সাইনিক কাৰ্যাৰ্থ মনোনীত সৈনিক কল; অসাধাৰণ বীৰত্ব প্ৰদৰ্শনাৰ্থ নিৰ্বাচিত সেনাগল, A detachment of soldiers appointed for some service of uncommon danger, head of a storming party; a body of soldiers selected to lead in an assult enter a breach, or perform service of uncommon peril—ছু:সাইনিক কাৰ্য্য, Dangerous enterprise

A forlorn hope—ৰে সৈনিকেরা কোন অনম সাহসের কাথো নিযুক্ত; A body of soldiers selected for some service of uncommon danger —ৰে কাথো সমূহ বিপাদ আছে, A course or service that is full of danger —বে কাথো আপনাপের সম্পূর্ণ সম্ভাবনা আছে; A despeiate enterprise.

Form, form, n नरेन, आकृत, Shape, make -আকৃতি; Look, features - আদৃণ, ছাঁচ, Model. mould — निर्देश्वात : Forma'ity , conventionality - तोन्यं, Shapeliness, comeliness, beauty, elegance - সূত্ৰ, Formula - সন্থা আসন, দীৰ্ঘ कामान , त्रक , A long bench or sent - विकासनायर ৰেণী, A class in a school —সাম'ভিক পদ, Class or rank in society —ধর্ণোনের স্থা , The bed of a hare :- नुभूता , अनाती , Mode of arrange ment, order, system — बहाइनार्व मञ्जित जकद-সমূহ : The type from which an expression is to be taken, arranged and secured in a chase -र निश्चान-कृ, lo make, create — इड्या, To constitute, to go to make up - Fig (7, 10 train - विश्वाम-कृ, Arrange . - १ । आकात शहन-7, To take a form Syn -(v) Fashien, frame, construct, create, produce, compose, make up, contrive, devise, invent, arrange, dispose, combine

Form a résolution—প্ৰভিক্তা-কু, নিশ্বান্ত কু।
Form an opinion—কোন বিষয়ে মত জিৱ-কু।
Form friendship—বন্ধু কু। িবানিতি।
Form of government—নাম্বতন্ত, শাসন প্ৰতি
Form part of—অ শ-২।
Form the majority—বন্ধোক-হু।
In due form—ব্যাবিধি।

Formal, formal, a ৰাজভেৰৱপ্ৰিয়, অনুণান্তিৰ, Cercinonious, stiff —প্ৰবাদী গুৰু, প্ৰধানীসক, Methodical —সাৰ, ৰবোচিত, E-sential, proper, আচাৰাস্থাৰে কৃত, বীড়াগুৰাৰী, Done in due form, according to form —প্ৰচলিত প্ৰধান্থাৰী, Agreeable to established mode Syn —Express, explicit, positive, regular; external, constitu-

tive: precise, punctilious, starched, afferted. Formalism, formal-ızm, n বাছ ধর্মানুষ্ঠান থিয়ন্তা, সৌকিকতা, ধর্মানুষ্ঠান থায়ন্তা, বৌকিকতা, ধর্মানুষ্ঠান থায়ন্তা, বিশ্বনা; Quality of being formal, esp in matters of religion; dependence on external forms only as in religion; a reliance on the more external forms of religion

Formalist, formal-ist, n ৰাফ ধৰ্ম অৰ্চানকারী; ধৰ্মেৰ ৰাফাৰ্চান থিয় ব্যক্তি; One who lays stress upon forms, an observer of forms only; one who relies on the mere forms of religion.

Formality, n. বাজ ব্যব্যার, আচলিত প্রথা; ৰপুঠান ব্যতি পালন, The observance of forms or ceremonies, a formal ceremony, established order. Syn —Custom, established method, rule of procedure, ceremony, conventionality, etiquette

Formation, for-mashun, n. নিশাৰ, উৎপাদন;

প্ৰকাৰ, riocetton, a. [Fr formo, formatus, to shape ] গঠনোপবোদী বা গঠন বোগা, Giving form, plastic —উৎপাদী, বৌদিক. Delivative, not radical —n বৌদিক পদ, A derivative

Formative word, n প্রকৃতি প্রত্যায় বোগে একশন হৈতে উৎপত্ন অন্তাপন . A derivative

Former, fornier, a পূৰ্ব্ব , প্ৰান্তৰ , Before in time : পুৰ্বোদ্ধিতি, First mentioned.

Formerly, ad now, Heretofore

Formic, for'mik, [L. formica, an ant.] পিণীলিকা সংশ্বীৰ, পিণীলিকা ঘটিত, Pertaining to ants.

Formicate, formickat, a feelfiefes; Resembling an ant

Formiostion, for-mi-k-shun, n. [ L. formi-care, to creep like an int] দেহেৰ উপৰ সৰ-সৱাণিত্ৰ বোৰ . A sensation like that of ants creeping on the skin

Formidable, for midible, a [L. formilo, fear] 5114, \$179 | Lenible, exciting fear adformidably, n=formidableness. Syn—Dicad ful, fearful, frightful, shocking, horrible, terrific, termendous.

Formula, fo.mu-la n পতা, ধারা, নিয়ম, অণানী, Set form, a prescribed form, a rule, prescription, a formal state nent of discrimes.—এই-ছাতীয় আছ সমাধানাৰ্থ স্থাপ্ৰ পতা, A general expression for solving certain problems in mathematics

Formulary, formulari, n. ব্ৰহ্ব সংগ্ৰহ, আলৰ্ল নিজ্ঞাৰণী, A book of formulas or precedents—নিজ্বিত, আৰুদ্দিক, Prescribed, mual. Formulate, form

গ্ৰহাক্তি , Archest, arching over.
Fornicate, for mi-kāi, v t [1. fornix, a vault, a brothel] ব্যভ্চার-কৃ, অনুভাগনন-কৃ, To have unlawful sexual intercourse, to commit lewd-

Fornication, for-ni-kāshun, n अनुवानमन ; क-विवाहित्वत जीनुक्तत स्टेब नल्य ; वाहिहात, Sexual interconrsé between unmarried persons; adultery; incest.

Pornicator, for'nı-kā-tor, n. অধিবাহিত আৰম্ভাই ব্যভিচারী, An unmarried person of either sex guilty of lewdness, one guilty of fornication fem=fornicatress.

Porsake, for-sak, v t. পৰিত্যাগ-ৰু. To abandon, to desert, to leave entirely Syn —Quit, desert, relinquish, give up, renounce

Porsooth, for sooth, ad [A S forsothe, for truth] সতা ৰটে, যথাৰ্থত: , নিক্য , (ertainly, in truth, really, very well, often used ironically Porswear, for swar', v. t অধীকাৰ-কৃ, সপ্যপূৰ্বক অধীকাৰ-কৃ, সিচনালি, dispunction, disp

Forswear oneself— বিধান শৃপধ ক, To swear falsely, to commit perjury, to be perjured Fort, fort, n [ L fortis, strong ] ভূগ, kortress, a fortified place

Fortalice, fortal is, n. [L. fortss, strong] ছুৰ্গবহিন্দ বুৰুজ ব্য. A small outwork of a forthication
Forte, n বিশেষ ভণ, Peculiar talent or excel
lence, the strong point, strong side—ad.
সম্ভোৱে Strong, loud, with emphasis

Forth, forth ad [ A S fordn, from faran, to go ] জালে দশ্বৰে In advance, onward, forward —ৰাছিত্ৰে Abroad, out

Go forth—প্রসান-কৃ, Dupart same kind So forth, So on, এইরূপ, ইডানি, More of the Forthcoming, তিন্দিkum-ing, a প্রকাশেস্থ বা উয়োচনমূধ, আগমনোমূধ, Ready to appear

Forthwith, forthwith, ad তৎকণাৎ, অবিলয়ে Immediately, w thout delay. Syn — Directly, straightway, instantly, quickly presently

Fortieth, for it eth, a saffarman, hollowing the thirty ninth—the fourth tenth—n. A fortieth part.

Fortification, for-ti-fi-kashun, n. বুৰ্গ নিৰ্দাণ, ধ্ৰণাদি নিৰ্দাণ-কৌশল The act or science of fortifying ভূমা, That which fortifies, defence, fort Syn:—Fortiess, castle, citadel, bulwork, stronghold.

Fortify, for'ti-fi, v t [L. fortis, strong facio, to make ] ষ্চ্-কু, ব্ৰক্তিক কু, Strengthen, invigorate, confirm — দুগ নিৰ্দাণ কু Strengthen with forts. n=fortifier Syn — Secure, protect, garrison, confirm, encourage, brice.

Fortissimo, for-tisi-mō, ad. উচ্চে:বরে. Very strong or loud.

Fortitude, for'ti-tud, n रेप्त् , पृष्ठ । निर्क् मानिक रण , Strength to bear pain , resolution Syn .—Endurance, firmness, courage, braveness, resolution, patience.

Fortnight, fortnit, # अफ. Two weeks or fourteen days, the space of 14 nights, 2 weeks a and administry { in a fortnight Fortnightly, fortnit-is, a. and ad. attem; Once Fortress, for tress, n sa Stronghold, fortnified place, fort — arm, sattifully, Defence, Syn.—Fortification, castle, citadel, stronghold; safety, socurity, defence. Fortuitous, for-til'i-tus, a. [L. fortuitus, casual] আক্ষিক, দৈব; Casual, accidental. adm fortuitously, n=fortuitousness, fortuity. Syn:—Accidental, casual, contingent, incidental.

Fortuity, n चाक्तिक वर्षेनां, Accident

Fortunate, for'tū-nদা, a সোভাগ্যনালী , ভাগ্যনাল : ভঙ, Lucky ad=fortunately Syn—Successful, prosperous, happy, favoured, lucky, propitious, auspicious, favourable

Fortune, for'tun, n [L for'ts, chance, from fero, to bear] অনুষ্ঠ, ভাগা, নিয়তি, Chance; hap, luck —সৌভাগা, ছুডাগা, ভাগায়ক, ইম্বা; Good or ill success, esp favourable issue; wealth. Syn —Accident, fortuity, hap, livelihood, means of living, estate, property, possessions, riches, destiny, fate, doom, event, issue, result, success, favourable i sue

A soldier of fortune—ভাগাৰেৰী দৈছ, A military adventurer.

Fortune favours the brave—সাহসিক পুরবের।
দক্ষীমন্ত হয়, Those who attempt and dare are
favoured by good fortune [ney, become rich.
Make one's fortune—বনী হত্ত্যা, Acquire moThe goddess of fortune—বন্ধী।

The wheel of fortune—অদৃষ্ট চক্ৰ।

To tell fortunes—ভভাতত বলা

Try one's fortune—অদৃষ্ট পরীকা-কৃ, To venture; to attempt something, the issue of which is particularly uncertain

Fortune hunter, for'tun-hun'er, n ভাগাৰু-সন্ধায়ী, ধনশালিনী রমনীর পাণিশীড়ন-প্রয়ামী, A man who seeks to enrich himself by wedding an heiress; an adventure [a fortune by marriage. Fortune hunting, n ভাগাৰুসন্ধান, Seeking of Fortune-stealer—Same as fortune-hunter Fortune-teller, for tun-teler, n দৈবজ্ঞ, ভাগা-

ক্ৰ-পাক, One who pretends to foretel one's fortune n=fortune-telling

Fortuneless, for'tun-les, a नियम , सूत्रमृष्टे , Destitute of a fortune , luckless

Forty, for'u, s and a tar 8. Fourtimesten. Forum, orrum, r विहानान्य, पद्माधिकत्रन, Marketplace in Rome, where public business was transacted and justice dispensed, court of law. Forward, for ward, a উদ্যুত, দেংসুক, তংগার , ব্যুদ্র Ready, carnest prompt, willing -সমুধবর্তী: অগ্রবন্তী , In advance of something else — অগ্রিম-পক, অকাল পৰ , i arly ripe , precious , premature - অপুচিত মাংসী, Presumptuous - প্রগাড : Less reserved or modest than is proper -v. i. স্হায়তা-কু, To help onward, advance — প্রেরণ-কু, ভ্রাবিত কু, অগ্রসর কু, Transfer, to quicken. to send onward n=forwarder, forwardness, ad= forwardly. Syn -Onward, progressive, front. fore, eager, quick hasty, impulsive, bold, confident, impudent, carly

Forward-wards — অথে, উত্তব্যেত্তর, Onward, in advance, progressively

Forwardness, n তংগবতা, ব্যাতা; উৎস্কা; Promittude, promptness, zcal, eagerness

**Fosse**, fos, n [ L fossum, to dig ] বাত , পৰিবা; গচৰাই , A ditch , a moat, Possil, fosil, n [L fodio, fossum, to dig] প্রবরীযুত ভূগর্ভর অহি , ভূতবের ক্যাত্যরহ প্রবর্থ অহিশয়র , The remains of an animal , a vegetable dug out of the strata of the earth in a petrified state, organic remains -a উ啊何, बाउरीकुछ , अध्यवद आप्रश्नकाकाव आध , Dug out , petrified

Fossiliferous, fos-i-li-f'ér-us, a [L fossiles fossil and fero, to bear ] প্রস্তর্বৎ অভিপঞ্জরধানী, Bearing or containing fossils

Possiliso, foall-iz, v f প্রস্তরবং অস্থিপরতে পরিণত कहा वा इस्ता . To convert into a fosul -ए : 10 be changed into a fossil n=fossilisation

Fossilist, fosil ist, n প্রস্তর্বৎ অহিপপ্রতভ্ঞ , One versed in the science of fossils [ rowing Possorial, fos or'i-al a sale Digoing or bur Foster, foster, t t [A S fistrain fromf ster food ] পরিপুঃ কু লালনপালন কু , পোষণ-কু , উত্তেজিত T. To nourish to cherish, to encourage n= fosterer. Syn -Rear up, nurse, tend, nurture, stimulate forward

Foster-brother, fo ter bruther n et a 23 একট ডক্ত পানে লা'লত ভাত', পাণিত ভং Onc suckle I it the same breast

Foster-child, foster chid, / পালিভপুৰ পাণি দ সন্থান, A child nursed or brought up ts on [ not the mother who is not its parent Foster-mother, n शाबी, भागन वर्जी A ni tsc Foster-parent, to ter parent n ধাৰা পাৰক পিতা বা মাতা, One who rears a child in the place of its parent

Tought, fawt, pa t and pa p of fight

Foul, fowl, a [ A S full sorded ] মলপূৰ্ণ সচল Dirty, filthy defiled -- कालीन Ob cene abusive --মলিন, অপবিত্র, অবিশ্ব Polluted profane, impure — ভ প্রিশান্তনক Not fur or advantageous — প্রতিকৃষ l'nlivouralle – ছণিত দুশালনক, Abominable loathsome — ক্লতি এট ছত Entangled —(ম্ব জন্ম Cludy or rainv -প্রতিকৃত্ব, Running against — অসাধ Unfair — ण र [A S fylan to del to ] द निध कन् অপশিষার কু, To soil, bemire - i ধারা লপা সংঘৰ্ষণ প্ৰাপ্ত হ To come into collision —ii ধাৰা An entanglement, collision ad = foully n=foul ness Syn -(a) Impure unclean nasty defiled, disgusting, offensive noisome vulgar coarse low, scurrilous, dishonest, dishonour able (v) Defile, daub dirty

Poul-mouthed, fowl mowthd a স্মান্তাৰা व्यक्ति, Addicted to bad language, using scurrilous, obscene or profane language

Poul-play-- वानशात , Unlawful, dishonest means

Poul-spoken, e अज्ञीनकांची , Nasty in language Foul-weather, n gal-1

Fall foul of-wisher, fair-7, To assail, to run against, to quarrel

Bun foul of-पान नाता, Come into collision with Foumart, foo mart, n. नक् ferela बर्खान्य , The polecat

Found, pa t. and pa. p of find.

Found, found, v. t. [ L fundars, from fundus,

bottom ] चौरत हाना , कीरत हानिया अवस-कु; To cast metals and mould them —ছাপ্ৰ-ছ ; To establish --- वृश्चि-त्म , श्रांत-कृ ; To endow -- निर्माप-কু, প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু, Raise, build , erect --ভিডি ছাগ্র-₹, Γo lay the basis of -- wife-₹, To begin --উঙাবিত-কু, Ougunate. Syn -Set, place, ground, institute, plant, constitute, originate, cast, form in a mould

Found on, Found upon—হাণিড-ছ. জোৰ মূলেৰ উপৰে কিছু স্থাপন ক Build upon; fix something on as a basis [built or established on Be founded on--कान मुत्तव छेनत शानिछ-इ , Be Well-founded, a मूडा मूल्क, Well-grounded. Foundation, found-áshun, ল ভিত্তি, মুল, ভিত্তি স্থাপন, (ground-work, the act of founding -বৃতিস্থাপন Endowment — মূল Base, original - महा मूल Basis of truth - खद्रश सञ्च पख्छाती थन : An institution or for charity Syn -Basis, footing bottom, establishment, settlement, endowment original rise, beginning

Foundation-stone, n ভিত্তিমূল প্রস্তর had with ceremony on beginning a building Foundation in-वांश किन्त गुल बाद वा बाहार मृत्न कि स्थारक, I hat which is supported by or

that which supports

Lay the foundation of-ভিত্তি স্থাপন কু, Lay ti basis of something -পথ প্রস্তুক Pave one's way to (the acquisition of something)

Shake to its foundations—আমূল কম্পিড-কু i Founder, founder n (व लोशांकि गांगांहे करत , চা শাহকারী One who melts and casts metal as brass founder —ভাপক সংস্থাপক, উদ্ভাবক, প্রতিets! One who establishes or originates, an endower - ए : कलानिह के कान मधु-ह To fill with water and sink -ए ! कडापम कवित्रों कार्या क्ष कृ। Syn -(n) Beginner, originator, author, establisher planter, caster (v) Sink. submerge ful miscarry tup fall

Religious founder—ের প্রবর্তক।

Foundary, townder-1 Foundry, foundri, s. ঢালাত কাক্ষৰ কাৰ্যানা বাঁদাৰি কামাৰ প্ৰভৃতিৰ কাৰ-अ ना , शांठ होटि हालियाद यव वा कारवाना , The art of fo maing or casting, the house where metalcasting is carried on, shop for casting metals and moulding them

Founding, founding, n. বাড় ছাঁডে চালা, চালাই कांच Metal-casting

Foundling, foundling, n wait fits . visting वानक , A child found deserted , a child found without a parent or owner, one whose parents are unknown

Foundling hospital—অবাধ বালকাল্য i Fount, fownt, Fountain, fowntan, # [L. fons, fontis, fountain ] উৎস , কোছারা , প্রস্থা . A spring of water — বুৰ, প্রস্তি, উৎপত্তিছৰ; 4114, Source, original, cause or the first principle Syn -Well, font, origin, source, rise commencement, beginning

Fountain-head, fowntin-hed & उरम्मन ; The head or source of a fountain -- wife . attem ; Original, the primary source or beginning.

Four, for, n, and s, sife; Two and two.

Four-sormered, a. societ ; Quadrangular.
Four-fold, for fold, a. societ; stines; Multiplied four times.

Pour-footed, for looted, a. sums; Having four limes a score.

Fourscore, för'skör, a. ৮০; চারিক্ডি; Eighty; Foursquare, för'-skwar, a. স্বচ্ছুক্ত ; স্বচ্ছুক ; স্বচ্ছুক ; স্বচ্ছুক ; Quadrangular or square; having four equal sides and angles.

All fours—ফীড়া বিশেষ ; A game. | points. At fours—নৰ্বাংশে সমান ; In agreement on all

Be on all fours (figuratively) - नर्सारण मनाव-इ; Be similar in all points.

By fours—চাবিত্বৰ করিয়া এক সময়ে; 4 at a time. Crawl, creep or go on all fours—शंशोक्षा

ৰিলা চলা; Move on the hands and legs.
Fourteen, för'-ten, a. and n. চতুৰ্বা; চৌল;
Four and ten.

[ fourth after tenth.

Fourteenth, för'tënth, a. and n. চতুৰ্থন ; The Fourth, förth, a. চতুৰ্থ ; Next after the third :—
n. নিকি ; One of four equal parts. ad = fourthly Fourth estate, n. বুৱাৰত ; The press.

ছ'owl, fowl, n. কুল্কট বা কুল্কট ; A cock or hen — কুল্কটের নানে; The flesh of fowl:—পকী, গৃহপালিত পকী; A bird; a domestic or barn-door bird n. f. পকী বধ-ক; পাধী শিকার-ক; To kill fowls for food or sport.

Fowler, fowler, n. বাাৰ; আন্দোদ বা আহারের ভন্ত পদ্দী হনৰকারী; A sportsman, who takes, kills or pursue wild fowls.

Fowling piece, fowling-pes, n. পাৰী মাৰিবাৰ ছোট বন্ধ : বন্ধ ; A little gun for small-shot, used in shooting fowls ; a little gun.

Fox, foks, ন. বেক্শিয়ালী, A beast; a well-known animal of the dog family remarkable for cunning:—বুৰ্থ বোক; Cunning fellow:—Any body notorious for cunning.

Foxchase, n. থেঁকনিয়ালী শীকার; Fox hunt; the pursuit of a fox with hounds.

Poxglove, foksglub, n. গুৰ্মবিশেষ; লাজাবিশেষ, Digitalis; a handsome herb bearing glove-like flowers, whose leaves are used as a soothing medicine.

Fox-hound, fok-hownd, n খেঁকশিযালী শীকার করি-বার কুকুর; A hound used for chasing fixes. [tox. Fox-hunt, n. খেঁকশিযালী শীকার; The chase of a Fox sleep—কপট নিয়ো; A pretended sleep.

Every fox must pay his skin to the furier—ধূৰ্ত আপনার কাঁদে পড়ে; The crafty shall be taken in their own wilness. [ games

Fox and geese—কীড়া; The name of several He sets a fox to keep his geese—তিনি গুর্তের ইতে অর্থ পঞ্জিত স্বাধেন, He entrusts his money to a sharper.

Foxish, Foxike, Foxly, a. ৰ্ৰ্ছ; Cunning. Foxy, toksi. a. ব্লালিকা স্বন্ধীয়: Pertaining to foxes:—চাডুৱীপূৰ্ব; Cunning:—শীডাভবৰ্ণ বিশিষ্ট; Having too much of the fox-colour or reddishbrown.

Bracas, fra-ka', n. বিবাদ; হাজামা; দাজা; কোলা-কল; ক্ষণোল; A noisy quarrel; uproar; outbreak. Syn:—Disturbance, row, riot, affray. Fraction, frakshun, n. [ L. frango, fractus, to break ] বঙ ; ক্ষাবে ; A fragment ; a very small piece:—ভয়াবে ; Part of a number ; any broken part of a unit. a=fractional.

Fractional, frakshun-al, a. ভগ্নাপেক; Belonging to or containing a fraction.

Fractious, frakshus, a. [From fract, to break] কলংকারী বিশাসমিল ; Fretful; cross; quarrelsome. ad = fractiously, n = fractiousness. Syn: — Snappish, peevish, irritable, pettish, querulous, petulant, testy, captious.

Fracture, fraktur, n. [L. francere, to break] জ্ঞা; বিদার; জিয় জংল; Act of breaking or snapping cracks; a breach; a part broken:—v. i. জ্জ-ক; তথ্য-ক; To break. Syn:—Rupture, break, crack, cleft, fissure, rift, rent.

Fracture of the bone—অণ্ডি ভঙ্গ :

Fragile, frafil, a. [L. frango, to break] খাৰণ, হৰ্মণ; বিৰয়ন, ভয়ন; Brittle; frail, delicate; easily broken. n=fragility. Syn:—Frangible; weak, infirm, freble.

Fragility, fra-jili-ti, n. ভব্রভা; The state of being fragile. Syn:—Brittleness, weakness, infirmity, frailty, feebleness.

Fragment, frag'ment. n. \*\* ; 读专引; Bit broken off; scrap a=tragmental. Syn:—Piece, bit, chip, morsel, remnant.

Fragmentary, frag'ment-ar-1, a. ধণাত্মৰ ; অসপ্ৰা, ধৰ ধৰ, ভিন্ন ভিন্ন, Consisting of fragments broken, incomplete.

Fragrance, frágrans, n. স্থান : দৌরভ ; A sweetsmell : pleasing scent.

Fragrant, irágrant, a. [ 1.. frago, to smell ] হগদি; সুংতি, Sweet-scented. ad=fragrandly. Syn:—Odorous, odoriferous, redolent, ambrosial, balmy, spicy, aromatic.

Frail, frai, a. शैनेवन . धूर्लन ; Weak ; irresolute :
— विनयव ; Not durable. n=frailness. Syn :—
Fragile, frangible, brittle ; feeble, infirm.

Frail sisterhood --বাবাচনা , বেশা ; গণিকা।

Fraility, fruiti, n. কুলারা; দৌরালা; Infirmity; weakness:—চক্তলা, hakkeness.—দৌর; Fault; foible Sun —Frainces, feebleness; imperfaction, failing, defect, blemish; peccability.

Prame, fram, v f. গঠন-ক; গঠিত-ক; নির্পাশ-ক:
বিচ shape, to form; to construct:—কলনা-ক;
উল্লিড-ক; To plan:—ধার বিশিষ্ট-ক; পাড বিশিষ্টক, To put a border on; to contrive:—দ, গঠন;
A fabric:—মাধার; A case:—শরাব: শরীর গঠন
(কারাম), Body; the skeleton; make or build
of a person.—মনোভাব; ভাব, State of mind;
humour:—প্রধানী; System:—মভিয়ার; Scheme,
Syn:—(v) Build; mould, fashion, compose,
make, constitute, invent, devise, fabricate,
contrive, forge.

Frame-work, framwurk, n. আধাৰ; গঠন; ঠাট; সৃষ্টি, The skeleton; the outline of any thing. Framer, framer, n. নিৰ্মাতা; রচমিতা; He who constructs:—ছবির ফ্রেম প্রস্তুতকারী; চিত্রপটের ক্লেম-নির্মাতা; One who makes frames for pictures.

Framer of the world--- विष-बहिन ।

break. Syn :- Disturbance, row, riot, affray, | Framing, framing, n. পাৰ; বৃদ্ধি ; The act

of constructing a frame; a frame or setting. Franc, frangk, n. মুখা বিশেষ; A silver coin of France, equal to 10d; a coin, 10d.

Franchise, franchiz, a. [Fr. franc, franche, free] অধিকার; Privilege; a right granted:—সভার সভা নির্কাচনার্থ মত দিবার অধিকার; Right of voting:—বিশেষ অধিকার প্রাপ্ত প্রদেশ; The district to which a particular privilege extends:—আলম্ ছাল; Asylum; sanctuary:—v. f. অধিকার প্রদাল কৃ. বিশেষ অধিকার-দে. মৃক্ত-কৃ: To enfranchise; to give one the franchise. Svn:—(n) Right; immunity, exemption; electoral vote, suffrage.
Franciscan, fran-siśkan, n. দেউ-ফ্রাজিনের মতা-বল্লী; A monk of the order of St. Francis in

the R. C. church:—a. Relating to the order of St. Francis.

Francis.

Francis blacks blacks a second a Reitle

Frangible, franji-bl. a ভর্ব . ভর্মাণ ; Brittle or easily broken. n = frangibility.

Frank, frangk, a স্বল; অবপট; Pree; ingenuous; open; candid:—v t. বিনা বাবে পাঠান; বিনা বাবে পাঠান, বিনা বাবে পাঠান কৰে।

empt from postage:—n. বিনা বাবে পাবিত পত্ত;

Letter sent free of postage by privilege. ad=
frankly, n=frankness. Syn:—(a) Articss, plain, sincere, unreserved, undisguised; liberal.

Frankincense, frangkin-sens, স. স্থাক বৃক্লিগাস বিশেষ ; শুৰ্থদ , ধ্বা ; A sweet-smelling gum resin used in sacrifices , a fragrant resinous substance, burnt as a religious incense or a medicinal perfume.

Franklin, frangklin, n. প্ৰকালীন ইণ্লঙীয় ভ্ৰমাধি-কাৰী; An English freeholder of olden times.

Frankness, frangknes, r. সবলতা, Candour. Syn:—Openness, ingenuousness.

**Frankpledge**, n. Mutual pledge of the freemen of a township.

Frantic, frantik, a. [ L. phren, the heart, mind ] উন্থন্ত : ভোগাত, বাফজান-ভ ; Mad ; raving, wild ; furious. ad=frantically, Syn:—Outrageous, distracted, frenzied, maniacal, noisy

Frantic with rage-কোপাজ।

Fraternal, fra-tér'nal. a. [L. frater, a brother] ৰাজীয়; ৰাতৃক; ৰাতৃমধ্বনীয়; Brotherly; becoming brothers. pietaining to brothers ad=fraternally.
Fraternisation, fra-tér-niz-áshun, n ৰাতৃভাবে সন্থিকৰ; The act of uniting as brother.

Fraternise, fiater-niz, n i. আতৃদল ভূক্ত-হ, আতৃ-ভাবে বিলিড-ছ; আতৃভাবে অবেগ-কু; Agree with or take into brotherhood; to associate or hold close friendship; seek brotherly fellowship. n - fraternisation. Syn:—Consort, co-operate, associate, concur, coalesce, sympathize.

Fraternity, fra-ter'ni-ti, n. জাতৃৰ, Brotherhood; the state of being brotherly:—সমাজ; Association.

Fratricide, frat'ri-sid, n. [ L. frater, brother, and coedo, to kill ] ৰাড্যাতী, ৰাড্যাতৰ, ৰাড্যাত ভালেষ;
Brother-slayer; the crime of killing a brother.
o=fratricidal.

Fraud, frawd, n. [ L. fraus, fraudis, fraud ] ছল: প্রভারণা; জননা; প্রকলা; Imposture; cheat; deçeit. Syn:—A cheating, guile, subtlety, craft, wile, circumvention, collusion; stratagem, trick, imposition.

By force or fraud—ছলে বলে।

Fraudful, frawdiool, a. বিধান্যাতক; প্রভারণাপূর্ব;
Treacherous; deceptive; trickish. ad=fraudfully.

Fraudless, frawdics, a. অৰপট; Without fraud. Fraudulence, frawdillens, Fraudulency, frawd-u-len-si, n. ৰপটাচৰণ; আনাধুতা; অবৰ্থনা The quality of being dishonest or deceitful.

Fraudulent, frawdu-lent, a. চলপূৰ্ণ; প্ৰভাৱণাৰত ;
শঠভাপূৰ্ণ : অনং ; Deceitful ; trickish ; knavish ;
dishonest. a.l=fraudulently. Syn :—Fraudful,
guileful, crafty, deceiving, cheating, deceptive,
insidious, unfair.

Fraught, frawt, a [ Swed. frakta, to load ] পাৰপূৰ্ণ, পূৰ্ব ; বোৰাই, Filled. Syn:—Laden, stored, charged

Be fraught with—কোন কটুকর বিবরে পরিপূর্ণ থাকা;
Be full of (generally something troublesome).
Fray, fra, n. বিবাদ, গতগোল; An affracy; broil;
contest —v. s ভীত-কৃ; To frighten:—বর্ণ থারা
ক্য়-কৃ. To wear off by rubbing. Syn:—(n)
Norsy quarrel, combat, fight, riot; fret, chafe
Froak, irek, n. থেবাল, আকমিক কলা, Sudden
fancy or caprice; sport:—v f চিত্র বিভিত্র-কৃ;
বিপ্তিত-কৃ, To variegate, checker, to streak or
spot. Syn:—(n) Whim, folly, prank, trick,
caper, gambol, antic.

Freakish, frekish, a চঞ্চল; চঞ্চলমন্তি, থামথেয়ালি; Capricious; whimsical. n=freakishness ad= freakishly. Syn —Humoursome, franciful, frisky.

Freckle, frekl, v. t িত্ৰ কিজি-কু; চিঞ্চিত-কু; To colour with spots; to spot:—n তিল; কুজ চিকু, Any small spot:—চল্লোপরিয় হরিজাবর্ণ দাস; A yellowish spot on the skin or surface

Freekly, frekin, a ভিলপুর্ণ, দারপুর্ণ, চিহ্নমন্ত ; Full of freekles.

Free, fre, a. সাধীন, At liberty :- মুক্ত; Set at liberty -- म्यान् . Generous ; liberal -- मुक ६ तक প্রদত্ত : বিনামুল্যে দত্ত বা প্রাপ্ত : Gratuitous : - ই खिन-প্ৰকন্তম ; Licentious : — নিম্পাপ , নিৰ্দ্ধেষ ; Guiltless : –সম্ম, Easy.—প্রস্তুত; Ready —স্বাধীন; Not despotic or arbitrary 一項季料核, Open to all:-সরল; Frank -- পতর; Not attached: -- v. t. মুক্ত-কু, To set at liberty, release -- উল্লোচন-কু; Disentangle :-- মৃক্ত-কু; পরিতাণ-কু; To rid. ad= freely, n=freeness. Syn -(n) Unrestrained, unconfined, released, delivered, liberated, exempt; clear, open, allowed, permitted, unobstructed, innocent, unreserved, ingenuous; familiar, generous, liberal, bountiful, licentious; separated, dissevered, unattached; prodigal, lavish, immoderate; prompt, eager, willing, spontaneous; loose, easy, careless, (v) Manumit, emancipate, liberate; loose, discharge; disentangle, clear, disengage; absolve, exempt.

A free lance—বে টাকা দেয় তাহার দিকে কড়া; A soldier free to engage for any one buying his services:—কোন দলভূক নতে; One attached to no party.

According to one's free will—কেন্ত্ৰপূৰ্বক।
Be free from—গোৰুজ্ব Not to be under the
miluence of.

Free and easy, a খোলাগুলি , সরল সোলাইজি , Quite at home , perfectly familiar and unceremonious.

Free from was a Exempt.

Free from care—নিশ্বি

Free from desire—গডল্ট্ । Free from disease—নীবোগ ।

Free of কোন মাহল বা কর হইতে মৃক্ত, Exempt

from ( something pavable by others ) Free from imperfection—গোলায়।

Make free with—অভন্ত ব্যবহার-কু, শিষ্টাচার বাভি-ক্ষ-কু, অশিষ্টাচরণ কু, To treat with improper familiarity, to treat without ceremony —আল্থা-কু, ব্যক্তে উপভোগ-কু, Make away with, appropriate to oneself —ইচ্ছামতপান আহার করা Enjoy without restraint

Free-agency, fie'-ijen-si, স বাধীনভাবে কার্য্য ক্রিবার ক্ষতা, ইচ্ছাসুমন্তির, Power of choosing or acting freely n=free-agent

Free-agent, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি বাধীনভাবে কাৰ্য্য করিছে পারে One under no constraint of will

Preebooter, fic'boot-er n শ্রস A robber, a plunderes ১৮n —Pillager, buc.aness, brigand, highwayman, bandit, marauder

Freebooting, n দহাবৃত্তি Plundering, robbery Free-born, a জয়স্তে বাধীন, Free by birth, inheriting liberty. [( hurch of Scotland Free-church, n. Body of dissenters from the Freedman, ircdman, n মুক্তদাস, দাসংমুক্ত বৃত্তি Slave made fice, a man who has been in slavery and now freed or set free

Freedom, fit'dum n খাইনতা Liberty, independence — মু'ল Release — পৌৰাধিকার (itizenship — অনস্ত গনিষ্ঠা, অবথা নৌত লা, Improper familiarity, license — খাডয়া, Separation — বিশেষ অধিকার Particular privileges Syn—Frankness, openness liberality scope, range swing, play, fan ili uity privilege immunity Freehand, fre' hind a অপরিংগলিত হয় খারা অন্ধিত, Applied to drawing by the unguided hand. Free handed, fre-handed, a ব্যাস্ত, মুক্ততে. Open, liberal, open handed.

Free-hearted, fie' harfed, a স্বল, বদান্ত , স্ব-লাভ্ডকেবৰ, Liberal, open frank, open hearted Freehold, fie'hold, n নিম্ম ভূমি, An estate held for life, a property held free of duty except to the kind

Free-holder, n নিজর ভ্যাধিকার , One owning a freehold, the person possessing a freehold

Freelance, n. বে সৈন্ত থাহিনা পাইলে বে কোন পক্ষ অবলম্বন করিয়া বৃদ্ধ করে, One of a company of armed men, who in the middle ages sold their services to fight on any side in a quarrel— ঘণভূক্ত না হইয়া পকাবশ্বী-ই, One who takes side in any controversy on his account and not as a pledged partisan

Freeliver, n বিলানী. One who indulges his appetite for eating and drinking freely [living Freeliving, n. বিলাশিতা, Careless or luxurious

Freelove, n খাণীৰ হোৰ, বিবাহ-বন্ধৰ বিনা ছা-পুৰুষেৰ বিলৰ; Doctrine or practice of consorting with one of the opposite sex, without marriage. Freeman, freman, n. বিশেষ অধিকারপ্রাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; খাণীৰ ব্যক্তি, One who holds a particular franchise or privilege, one who is free or enjoys liberty pl=freemen

Froemason, frc'ma-sn, n. মন্তাদায় বিশেষের মজা ;
দামিত বিশেষের অন্তর্গত ব্যক্তি , Member of a secret
society, professedly founded on social and moral virtue, but generally a mere convival and
benevolent association, one of the persons forming an association for mutual assistance and enjoyment —বিশেষ অধিকার প্রাপ্ত বাজামিল্লী, Originally,
one of an association of masons, fixed from the
laws that regulated common labourers

Freemasonry. fremásn-n, n গুণ্ড সম্ভানার বিশেষ ; সাধারণের উপকারার্থ পঠিত সমিতি বিশেষের কার্যা বা প্রথা ; A sceret society, the institutious, practices &c, of free-masons.

Free-minded, a আকেপপুত্ত , চিত্তাপুত্ত , Without Freepass, n বাধীন ভাবে বাইবার ছাড় , বে অসুমন্তি-পত্তে মাণ্ডল দিতে হয় না . Permission to pass free.

Freeport, n ৰে বশবে মাণ্ডল ফিডে ইয় না. One where goods may be landed free from custom restrictions

Free-school, n অবৈতনিক বিদ্যালয়, Charity

Free-spoken, a লাই ক্ৰিড, Spoken without reserve or restraint

Freestone, fre'ston, n প্ৰস্তৱ বিশেষ . A variety of sandstone easily cut or wrought, a stone composed of sand or grit, so called because it can be freely cut

Free-thinker, frethingk-er, n. নাতিক, সংশ্বন বাদী, নাত্রপ্রমাণ অপ্রাঞ্জনাব' A sceptic, one who discards revolution. Syn —Deist, unbeliever, sceptic infidel

Free-thinking, freethingking, n বৰ্মণান্তৰ প্ৰভাৱেশে অধিবাস, The habit of mind of a freethinker.

Free-tongued, a শাইবাদী Speaking freely Freetrade, fictrad n বাধীনভাবে বস্তু বিনিমন; বাধীন বাণিজা অবাধ বাণিজা, Trade or commerce without undue restrictions, free interchange of commodities.

Free-vinter, " লাইদেল বিনা মণ-বিক্রমকারী, One who can sell wine without a license

Freewill, frc'-will, n নিৰ্কাচন করিতে বাধীনতা; বেজ্যাচার, liberty of choise, freedom of the will from restraint of any kind —a ইজ্যাধীন, বেজ্যামূলক, Voluntry, spontaneous.

Freeze, frez, v t. ঘনীত্ত ক, ত্বারে পরিণত-ক;
To harden into ice — নীতে কল্যাবিত কু To cause
to shiver with cold — v : নীতে জমিঘা-বা, করিন্
হু, To become congealed by cold — n. জমাট
ব্যাব, Act or state of being frozen. Syn:—(v)
Stiffen, harden, benumb, make torpid.

Freezing point, freting-point, n জ্বৰ-বিৰু; বে তাপাংশে অব কঠিন হইতে থাকে, That degree of a thermometer at which fluids begin to freeze; the degree of temperature, marked 32° on the Fabrenheit thermometer, and O° on the Centigrade, at which water begins to freeze

Freight, frāt, n বাণিজা জবা, বৌকালির বোবাই মাল; বোঝাই, Cargo, the lading of a ship, load—তক, মাল চালাবেৰ জন্ত নৌকার ভাতা, The charge for transporting goods in ships or boats—v t বোঝাই-ফ, To load a ship Syn—(n) Burden, lading, load, freightinge charge for freight

Freightage, frātai, n. মালের কন্ত নৌকা ভাতা,

Money paid for freight [freights a vessel

Freighter, fi ater, n বেমাল বোঝাই দেৱ, One who

French, frensh a করালী, Belonging to France or its inhabitants—n করালী আজি বা ভাবা, The people or language of France.

French Frog, n French man in decision
French leave—ছুট না নইবা প্ৰস্থাৰ অপুমতি না
লগ্য প্লায়ন, Going away without leave, leave
taken without the permission of the company
or the authority

Take French leave—হঠাং প্লাঘন-ফু, Go away of a sudden or w thout paying the reckoning Frenchify, v To infect with the mainers of the French.

Frenzy, frenzi, n [ Gr phromitis inflamation of the brain ] বাত্ৰতা বাহ্যজানপুৱাৰ দ্বৰতা প্রকোপ , Wild Madness, manii —উত্তেছনা excitement, rage a=frenzical frenzied Syn Insanity lunacy derangement delirium fury Frequent, frc'kwent a নিবস্তব, অবিরভ পুন: প্রব: সংঘটিত Often done often occurring -ক চ দাকাৎ-কু নিয়ত গভায়াত কু সদা দৰ্কদা পতিবিধি कविश्री माक्षार-कृ Io visit often or habitually ad =frequently n=frequentness frequenter Syn -Many numerous, resterated common usual Frequency, fre'kwen 51, 12 (भीन:पूर्ण निवस्त्री , भुनः भुनः मः घर्षेत्र Repeated occurrence of anything Prequentation, fre kwent ashun n Adel পতিবিধি ও সাক্ষাৎকাৰ The act of visiting often Frequentative, fie-kwent's tis a वीकावाहक Denoting the frequent reputition of an action n ৰীপাৰ্যক্ত ক্ৰিয়াপদ Averb expressing this repetition, In Grammar, a verb expresses this action.

Fresco, fresko n (मस्त्रात्वत नृजन आकाभव छेभव ित निथन, थाहीरत हिज कविवाद अगानी A method of painting on walls freship plastered, a pain ting executed with water-colours on fresh plaster —v t উক্তৰণ চিত্ৰ কৃ Io paint in fresco Fresh, fresh, a नुजन ७ मनन New and strong – বিশ্বত ক্লান্তি, Having renewed vigour – এলব পান্ধ , লবাহীৰ , Not salt (as water or meat) --व्यनदीकिङ, व्यदावश्रञ, Untited —शृष्ट्, शृष्ट्रकोष, Healthy —টাট্কা, সদোখাত Lately produced gathered or prepared for market, recently produced or obtained - ACSW. In a state of health and activity. ad = freshly Syn -New, recent, sound, good, rare, unused unfaded, lively, vigorous, young blooming, florid, ruddy, unsaited, uncured, untainted, vivid, lively, raw, uncultivated, inexperienced.

Freshman, freshman, » শিকানবিদ, প্রথমশিকার্থী, A novice, one newly entered in a college. Fresh-water—খনবণ্ড খনসংখীয়; Of or pertaining to water not salt —খনিপুণ, Accustomed to sail on or live in fresh water only, unskilled, raw

Freshen, freshn, ত t সভেজ-কু, লবণাংশ পৃথক-কু; লবণশুন্ত কু, To make fresh, totake the salt from—পিট কু To sweeten — ৩ ঃ টাইকা-হ, বিজন্ধ হ, সভেজ হ, To grow fresh, to grow brisk or strong Freshet, freshet ল লবণইন জলের লোভাগিনী বা সবোৰৰ, বৰ্ণাহেজু বা জুবার গলন ভক্ত নদীর আভিন্তিক , A stream or pool of fresh water, the sudden overflow of a river from rain or melted snow.

Fret, fiet, et [A S fretan to eat, to grow]
নই কৃ, ক্র-কৃ, To eat into —বিরক্ত কু To coriode to vex —আন্দোলিত-কৃ To agitate —ত.

ন ক্ব ক্, ক্ব পাওবা, Io we ir away —বিবস্ত-কৃ,
Io be peetish to be vexed —n কোটন,
আন্দোলন, Actition of the surface of a liquid
—বিরক্তি ট্রেল বোধ Iritation, ill humour —
নদীব বে ধার ভাল্ক The worn side of the bank of
a rivei Syn —(v) Rub coirode impair gall,
ii ritate tease chigiin aftront, annoy, worry,
hai iss variegate diversify

Fret, fret n চিকা কথা, প্ৰচিকা Ornamented work in embioidary or carring — লৌইজাল, The interlicing of bais of fillets if from bars crossed and interlaced — সেহাবাদিৰ কথা হাব, A short piece of wire fixed on the fingure board of a guitar or other instrument — ব প্ৰায়েশ সাধে জিত ক, To firmsh with firets

Eret, fret v t চিন্ <sup>4</sup> চিজ ফু বাদকারো শোভিত কু, Fo ornament with rused with to variegate, to decorate with the raised work

Fret-work, fretwurk n f এক কৰ্ম স্থাপতা বিষয়ক কাককাষ্য বিশেষ, Raised work work adorned with frets

Frotful, fretfool a क्क (कांग्वकांक Peerish, ready to first n=fretfulness, a l=fretfully Syn—Uncasy dissuisfied waspish cross irritable, captious touchy potulant spleeny splenetic.

Fretted, ficted a শেকস্থাল বার' সজিত, Interlaced ornamated with net work, sariegated, ornamated with frets

Frotted-rood—Roof ornamited by bands or fillets croesing each other in different patterns.
Frotting, freting a ক্ৰমীল Wearing out —
অ লোলনাল বিৱঞ্জিক Agitating, vexing — %
বোগনবভাৰ, Pecuishness

Friable, fri'a bl., a [I frio, friatum, to crumble] বাহা সহাৰ চৰ্ব কৰা বাহা, অচুৰ্বনাৰ, Easily crumbled or pulverised n=finableness, friability Syn—Triturable, pulverable brittle, crisp. Friar, fri ar n [L frater a brother] বৰ্ষসন্থাৰ বিশেষৰ অন্তৰ্গত ব্যক্তি ঘঠবাসী, A brother or member of certain religious orders in the R. C. Church, a monk

Black friar—A Dominican.
Gray friar—A Franciscan
White friar—A Carmelite

Frary, fr'ar-1, n 45, A monastery or residence of friars, monastery.

Fribble, fribl, v. i [ L. frivolus, trifling ] कु; (इनलाम कता ; To trifle :--- अ. (इनला ; कुन बीव ; A trifler ; a cox comb :-- a. वर्काहीन ; Trifling. Fricassee, frik-25-58, 2 मात्रविष्ठ बाह्यम विलिय ; A dish made of fowls or rabbits cut into pieces and dressed :-- v. t. ( मारन वाक्षन ) उद्दल-कु; To dress in fricasses.

Brietion, frikshun, n. [L. frictio, from fricare, to rub ] प्रव ; मरपर्व ; The act of rubbing one body against another. a=frictional. Syn:-Attrition, abrasion, rubbing, grating.

Friction-wheel, n. সংখ্रণ-निवादक व्यः प्रवृत्तिव ৰাৰতা-স্পাদক চক্ৰয়; Contrivance to lessen friction; a pair of wheels that lessen friction. [week. Friday, frida. n. 33413. The sixth day of the Friend, frend, n. [ A. S. freond, from frean, love ) বন্ধ ; উপকাৰী ; হিতিবী ; One intimate and kindly; an intimate acquaintance; a favourer; a well-wisher :-- मन्ध्रनात्र विरमात्वत अवर्गठ वाकि, महावामाशायां वा व्यक्तिवामन-त्यां शा श्व : One of a society so called; a term of salutation. Syn :-Intimate, associate, companion, confident, famihar, ally, encourager, advocate, patron; quaker Bosom friend-नथा , शहम ( कारहिक ) रहू ; Intimate friend.

Friend at court-- রাজসভার বন্ধ; One who has sufficient interest to serve another.

Friend in need--অসময়ের বৃদ্ধ; One who befriends in an extremity.

Friends, n. Quakers.

Fair-weather friends-मन्त्रश्राकीन वक् : Friends gathering round a person when in [ reconcile. Make friends with-- वक्ष - क ; Court favour , Old friends with new faces—বছকাল সাকাৎ

मा থাকা হেড় পরক্ষাব চিনিতে আক্ষম বন্ধব ; Friends of former days who have changed with the times, and are grown perfect strangers

Friendless, frendles, a वकुरीन , निःमहाय, विवृहिख ; Without friends; wanting support; forlorn. n=irr ndlessness.

Friendly, frendli, a. भिक्क ; वक्कमण ; भिक्कवर . Having the disposition of a friend; like a friend :-- অপুকুল; অবৈরী, Amicable, favourable not hostile n=friendliness Syn:-Amicable, kind, conciliatory, social, neighbourly, well-inclined, well-disposed, propitious, salutary. Friendly society, n. বন্ধনাল : A kind of club or association among operatives for affording relief to the members, when out of work or in sickness

Friendship, frendship, n. বনুতা; বিত্রতা; পরশার নহাত্ত্তি, Intimacy from mutual esteem; amicable assistance. Syn :- Affection, intimacy, familiarity, fellowship, love.

Frieze, frez, n. যোটা গণমী কাপড ; লোমক সুক্রত্ব-বিশেষ, A coarse woolen cloth with nap on one side: -v. t. To make a nap on (cloth).

Frigate, frig'st, n. 445 दि वित्यव ; A ship-ofwar with from 20 to 50 guns.

Erigate bird, frig'at-berd, n. বৃহৎ পদী; A large tropical sea-bird.

**Trinket** Frigatoon, frig-a-toon, n. wa cris ficre ; A small Venitian vessel.

Fright, frit, n. [A. S fyrhtu, fear] eq; elev: Terror; sudden fear. Syn: -Alarm, consternation, dismay, dread, panic.

Fright, frit. Frighten, frita, v. f. 88-7; শক্তি-কু , ভয়াৰ্ভ-কু , আতকোৎপাদন-কু : To affright, to scare, to alarm. Syn: - Terrify, dismay, daunt, intimidate.

To take fright - इस भारत। [fy. See fright. Frighten, frien, v. t. 83-7; To alarm; to terri-Frightened out of one's wits—six farafaj-विश् इत्या . खात्र कानगृष्ठ-इ : So terrified as not to know what to say or do.

Frightened to death—ৰত্যন্ত ভীত; অভিশন্ত শকিত; Very much terrified.

To get frightened—ভীত-হ : পৰিত-হ।

Frightful, friffool, a. कीवन : कववव : कवीवक : বিভীবিকামর; Dreadful; terrible; shocking. n= frightfulhess. ad=frightfully. Syn :-Alarming. fearful, terrific, awful, horrid, horrible.

Frigid, frisid, a [ L. frigidus, from frigere, to be cold ] नीडन; Cold:—नीडम; निष्यक्ष: উৎসাহবিহীন; অভ্নদর ; Unanimated ; dull ; unfeeling :-- বৈত্য-প্ৰভাবে কাঠিক প্ৰাপ্ত . Frozen or stiffened with cold. n=frigidness. ad=frigidly. Syn:-Cool, gelid, icy, chilling, stiff, unanimated, lifeless; unfeeling, passionless, formal, repulsive.

Frigid zone—That part of the earth between each polar circle and the pole.

Frigidity, frij-idi-ti, n. নীতলভা , পৈডা; Coldness: —নিরুংসাহ; ক্রিইনিডা; প্রভাহীনডা · Want of animation; dullness.

Frigorific, frig-or-if'ik, a. [ L. frigoris, cold, facto, to cause ] শৈত্যোৎপাদক ; Causing or generating cold.

Frill, ful, n. চুৰট, ৰপ্তাদি কুলৰ; A ruffle (on clothes ): - April ; A ruffled or plaited edging of linen, as on the bosom of a shirt: -v. s. চুনট খারা অলক্ত-কু, সঞ্চাব দিয়া সঞ্জিত-কু; To decorate with frills :-- v. i. দীতে কম্পিড-কু; কম্পিড-ই; Shiver as with cold; ruffle, as a hawk when shivering.

Fringe, frinj, n [ L. fimberia, threads ] 17 ; ৰাশর, কৃপি; Ornamental border or edging:শেষভাগ, The extremity — v. f. দলীবৃদ্ধ- কৃ; কৃপি মারা হশোভিত-কৃ, ঝালববুকু-কৃ; To adorn with fringe; to border, a=fringeless. Syn:-(n) Border, tassel, edging.

Frippory, frip'er-i, n. [ Fr. friper, to wear ] कोर्न रख , कोर्न शरिकहर , Cast off dresses or finery ; old worn-out clothes :--জীৰ্ণ বন্ত বিক্ৰয়াৰ্থ স্থাৰ ; জীৰ্ণ-পরিচ্ছন-বিপণি; Place where old clothes are sold: —অ্কিঞ্িকের বস্তু; অভি তুচ্ছ ক্লবা; Useless trifles. Syn -Trumpery; second-hand finery.

Frisk, frisk, v. i. লক-পে; জীডা-কু; To leap; gambol:-n. वृडा ; नक , A frolic ; leap. n= frisker. Syn: - (v) Skip, hop, dance, sport, play, wanton, frolic, romp.

Frisk about—ৰূত্য-ৰু; Dance about.

Prisket, frisket, n. मूजाराज्य উপविष् मूजन वन्त्र कार्यक. मःमग्र कतिका नाचिवांव जायात्र ; The light frame for

tolding paper before it is laid on the form for impression, so called from the quickness of its motion.

[ ly; frohcsome.

Prisky, friski, a. প্রকৃত্ন ; উৎকৃত্ন ; ক্রীডনশীল ; Live-Prith, frith, Firth, ferth, n. সমূদ্রের বাঁড়ি ; অপ্রশন্ত বাগর-শাবা ; Inlet of the sea; a narrow arm of the sea.

Britter, friter, n. [L. frigere, frictum, to fry]
ভাজত বাংসখণ; অই মাংসখণ: পিটুক বিশেষ; Small
pancake; fragment:—v.t. ক্রমশং ক্রম-কৃ; খণ খণকৃ; To break into pieces; to waste away by
degrees. Syn:—(n) Slice, shred; diminish,
pare off; dissipate, waste, idle.

Fritter away—বুধা কালকো-ক; Waste away by degrees in a frivolous manner; spend in trifling employment.

Frivolity, fri-voli-ti, ল. চপলতা ; লঘুতা ; অছিরতা ; Acts or habits of trifling ; levity.

Privolous, frivol-us, a. [ L. friare, fricare, to fly ] জনুচেতা; চপল; নির্কোধ; নগণা; সামান্ত; Given to trifling; foolish, worthless. n=frivolously. Syn:—Vain, unimportant, petty, silly, trivial, idle, flimsy.

Frizs, Friz, friz. v. t. কুঞ্চিত-কৃ; বন্ধ ও জড়িত-কৃ; To curl, to render rough and tangled:—n. কুঞ্জন; A curl.

Fro, fro, a. পশ্চাং বা পশ্চাং হইতে; হইতে; ব্রে;
Back or backward, from; away. [backward.
To and fro—এদিক ওদিক; ইতস্তত:; Forward and
Frook, frok, n. বাঘরা; শিশু ও ত্রীলোকের অসরাথা
বিশেষ; Woman's gown, a gown worn by children
and females:—পুরোহিতের শিরভ্ষণ; A monk's
cowl. [in a frock.

Frocked, frokt, a. বীৰ্থ অনুবাধায় আৰুত; Clothed Frog, frog, n. ভেন্ধ; বাান্ধ; A reptile rana, an amphibious reptile, with webbed feet, remarkable for its activity, swimming and leaping.

Frog eater, n. করাদি; A Frenchman.

Frog-hopper, n. কুল কীট বিশেষ; A small leaping insect living on plant.

Prolic, frolik, n. জীড়া; আনশোজ্যাস: কৌডুক; Merry meeting; frank gaiety; a play, a wild prank:—v. t. জীড়া-ক; কৌডুক-ক; To play, to sport, gamble; be merry:—a. আনন্দপূর্ণ, Merry, full of pranks. Syn:—(n) Play, game, sport, gambol; lark, spree; fun, pleasantry.

Frolicsome, frolik-sum, a. ক্রীড়াবিয় ; ক্রীড়নীল ; ক্রমনা ; Sportive ; playful, gay. n=frolicsomeness. Syn:—Gamesome, merry, frisky, lively. From, from, prep. হছতে ; Out of, as from a source ; forth:—দ্বত: ; দ্বে ; Away ; at a dis-

tance:—(48) Talent, By reason of.

From a boy—বালাকাল হইতে; (ছলেবেলা হইতে।
From age to age—এককাল হইতে আৰু এক কাল
প্ৰান্ত; From one age to another. [ midst
From among—হইডে; Out of; from; from the
From beginning to end—এখন হইতে শেষ
প্ৰান্ত; Throughout; through the whole length.

From birth—খাৰন ; জন হইডে।

From day to day—দিলে দিনে। From pilar to post—উৎপীড়িড; পীড়িড, From one refuge to another; harassed. From saving comes having—বিষয়বিদ্যা হইছে অৰ্থ হয়: Wealth comes from economy, quite as much as from large gains.

From the bottom of one's heart—সর্বায়:-করণে; Heartily ; sincerely.

From time immemorial—বহুদিৰ ইইডে।

From time to time—ম্বো মধ্যে; সময়ে সময়ে ৷
Front, frunt, n. [L. frons, frontis, the fore-head] মুধ, মুধমণ্ডল; ললাট - Face, the forehead; brow:—মাডাগ; The part of any thing directed forward; the forepart:—সাহস: নিলক্ষ্ডা; গুইডা —Boldness; impudence:—a. সমুধহ; সমুধস্থিত. Of, relating to, or in the front; fore-most:—v. t মুখোমুখি-ফু; পুরোবন্তী-ফু; মুখ কিমান; To face; to oppose face to face; to turn the front face in any direction:—v. i. সমুধে মধান-ফ; সমুখান-ফ; সমুখান-ফ, To stand in front or foremost. Syn:—(n) Countenance; van; fore-rank. (v) Confront, encounter.

In front of--সন্থাৰ; Before.

Frontage, fruntaj, n. বাড়ীর সক্ষভাগ ; The front part of a building.

Frontal, frontal, a. [ L. frons, a front ornament for horses ] লবাট সম্বন্ধীয়; Belonging to the forehead:—n. লবাট-ভূষণ; ধারের উপরিপ্ত ক্ষুম্ম সজ্জাতিক; Frontlet; a front-piece

Frontier, fronter, n সীমা, সীমান্তপ্রদেশ, Border; boundary, that part of a country which fronts another country:—a. প্রান্তন্থ; Bordering; lying on the frontier.

Frontispiece, fronti-spes, প. প্রকের প্রথম প্রের্জ চিত্র; An illustration fronting the first pages of a book:—অটালিকারাফির সমুখ্ডাগ; The principal face of a building.

Frontless, fruntles, a. লজ্ঞ'হীন ; ধৃষ্ট ; Shameless ; impudent.

Frontlet, fruntlet, n. ললাট-বন্ধন, A bandage for the forehead :— অকুটীবৃক্ত ললাট; A frowning brow.

Frost, frost, ন. তুবার: অত্যধিক শৈতা; The effect of freezing; frozen vapour or dew:—v. t. তুবারবং পদার্থ বারা সনাচ্ছর-কু; To cover with anything like frost, as cake with sugar.

Frost-bite, frost-bit, n. ভ্ৰার খড়; শৈত্যপ্রভাবে অপ্রিশেবের অবসাদ; The freezing of some part of the body by exposure to cold.

Frost-bitten, frost-bitn, a. ভ্ৰাৱাহত ; হিমাবসর , Withered by frost ; affected by frost.

Frost-bound, frost-bound, a. তুবার খারা বছ; তুবারাবছ . Confined by frost.

Frost-nail, frost-nail, n. বোডার নালে বিদ্ধ পেরেৰ বিশেষ , A nail driven into the shoe of a horse to prevent the horse from slipping on ice.

Frost-work, frost-wurk, n. গুলাদির উপরিস্থ ত্যার বং কারুকার্বা , Work resembling hoar-frost on shrubs.

Frosting, frosting, n. পিট্টক বিশেষের আচ্ছাদন ৰাষ্ট্ৰ প্ৰস্তুত তুবাৰবং প্ৰব্য বিশেষ, The composition, resembling hoar-frost, used in covering cake etc-

Frosty, frosti, a. আন হিম, তুবারমক; তুবারোপানী; তুবারমনুল; Very cold; attended with or producing frost; frost-like:—উদাসীন, কঞ্চিন ক্ষম, Without warmth of affection, chill in affection admirostriy, surfrostiness.

Froth, froth, \*\* কোন, কোন, Foam, bubble—
বিশ্বৰ্থ বাৰ্য, আনান বাগাড়বন, An empty show in
speech, empty speaking—লবু বস্তু, Any light
matter—০ ঃ কোন নিৰ্মাত-হ, কোনুজ-হ. To throw
up froth—০. ৫. কেনা নিৰ্মাত-হ, কেনিল-হ, ি
cause to foam.

Frothy, frothi, a কোৰুড়, কোৰৰ, Full of foam, foamy—আনাৰ, পৃত্তপতি, অভ্যোৱণ্ড, Empty unsubstantial, vain n=frothiness, ad=frothily Syn—(a) Spumous, frivolous, trifling, unreal Frounce, frowns, v. t [L frons, frontis, the brow] ভাল-কু, কুৰিড-কু, অনুট-কু, To plait, to curl, to frown—n. ভাৰ, ভাল বা কুকন, A plait, curl or winkle

Froward, froward, a [A S framweard, averse, perverse] বিশ্বপানী, অবাধা, অবিনীত Perverse, unwilling to comply with what is required, unyielding — কেন্দ্ৰাচানী, বিবেচনাথীন, অবিবেচী, Self-willed, unreasonable ad frowardly Syn —Untoward, unmanageable ungoverrable, refractory, obstinate, wayward, stubboin, disobedient, petulant

Frown, frown, v : [F refrogner, to kmt the brow] জভলি-ক জকুট ক, Fo wrinkle the brow—জকুটির সহিত জোধ প্রকাশ-ক Fo look angry, to lower—অনুটি প্রদান বারা পালাবেদ ক, Io repel by frowning, to manifest displeasure— 2 t Fo icbuke with a look—n অভলি জকুটি ভীৱ দৃষ্টি, Angrywrinkling of the brow, a stern look adefrowningly Syn—(2) Scowl look severe

Frown stor on—coin ৰাজিব প্ৰ'দ জৰুটি কৰা (অসন্তোধ প্ৰৰ'দ পায় এজপ মুখন্তসী কৰা) Look sterrly at cost il tok of displeasure on a person Frowns of fortune—মন্ম ভাগা।

Frowsy, frow া a বৃহ্বৰ্ণ, অপরিকার তুর্গক, Digny, fetid ill scented

Frozen, frozn, Schunder freeze pa p effreeze Fruotescence, fruk tesen n [I f u'scrobear fruit] কল প্ৰ হ্যাৰ ন্দ্ৰ I he time when the fruit of a plant ripe is

Fructiforous, fink tifer-us a [I fru tus und fero, to bear] কৰোৎপাসক Producting fruit Fructification, fink-ti-fi kashun n ক্ৰাহ পানৰ The act of bearing or producing fruit

Fructify, frukti-fi t [L fructus, and facto, to make ] ক্ৰড় কয়, To fertilise, to render fruit —v. i. কল্পায়ণ কু, lo bear fruit n=fructi fication

Frugal, fico gal a [L frug: temperate]
বিত্যায়ী, Thrifty, economical sparing ad—
fingally Syn — Saving, caroful, niggard,
miserly, temperate [prudent economy
Frugality, fico-galiti, n বিভয়ায়িল], Thrift,
Frugalerous, fico-jifer-us a [L frugis,
fruit and fero, to bear] কলোপোদক বা কলায়ী,
Bearing fruit.

Frugivorous, frod-jivo-rus, a [ I. frugis, and coro, to eat ] क्लाकांत्रों , Feeding on fruits

Fruit, fivot, a [L frucor, fructus, to enjoy]

Profit, advantage, result —কল, Riffect — শাৰ্ক, দ্বাল, The offspring of animals Syn — Production, product, harvest, crop, issue, young; consequence

About to bear fruit—कलवातायूथ।

Fruit bearing--क्नणी।

Fruit time, n नदर्गन, Fall, autumn

Rew fruit-অপক কৰ ৷

Resp the fruit of—(ভাল বা মন্স) ফলভোগ-কু, Enjoy the reward or suffer the punishment of something done by one Ripe fruit—প্ৰ ক্স।

To bear fruit-কল প্ৰস্ব ক

Fruitage, frootaj, n कननपुर, कनिकन, Fruit collectively, fruitery

Fruiterer, frootel-er, n ফল নিক্তো, ফল-ব্যৰ্ সামী, One who deals in fruit

Fruitery, frooter-i, n কল কল্নিচর Fruite, fruitage —কলাগার, কল-ভাতার, A place for storing fruit

Fruitul, ficolicol, a ক্ৰণানী, উৰ্বন্ন, Yielding fruit, productive ad=fruitfully n=fruitfulness Syn—Feithle fecund, prolific, plentiful, rich abundant, plenteous.

Fruitfulness, ficotiool-nes n উৰ্জনা, ফল শালিচা Productiveness fertility

Fruition, fröd-ishun n [L fruor to enjoy] সভাগ উপভোগ ভোগজৰ Enjoyment gratification pleasure derived from use or possession.

Fruitless, flootles, a কার্টন, অপুরুর Barren.
—বিকল নিজল Useless n= fruitless less Syn
—Sterile unproductive unpr lifte unprofitable,
abortive ineffectual vain idle profitless.

Frumentaceous, froo-men tashus a [L frumentum, for frugimentum coin] গোৰ্মাকি সমূল, গেপুসাদি পাল ঘটিত, Made of, or resembling, wheat or other grain

Frumenty, froo men-to Furmenty, fur'mento n গ্ৰের পালো, Food made of wheat boiled in nilk

Frush, frush, n হোতাৰ পাছেৰ গোতালি, ৰোডাৰ গোডালির বেদনা, The frog of a horse's foot, a disease in that part of a horse's foot

Frustrate, fru trat v t [L finstre without effect j বিষয় কু বৰ্ণ চ, To defeat, balk, bring to nothing - a বুখা Useless, vain. Syn — Baffle foil thwart nullify

Frustration, frus-trashun, 22 Fasiwi, Casiw, Di al pominient defeat

Frustum, flustum n [L frustum, a piece, a bit ] ক<sup>ৰ</sup>ন পদৰ্থেৰ বিভক্ত জ্বাদ, স্চাপ ঘনক্ষেত্ৰৰ বিভাগ বিশেষ, A piece or slice of a solid body

Frutescent, গতে-tesent, গ [L frutes, fruticis a shiub] শুখাকার (যোগের মত), Giowing or becoming shrubby, like a shrub

Fruticose, frod'ti-kos Fruticous, frodit-kus, a [L fruter, a shrub] ওত্থাকার, শুমান . Shrublike, shrubby

gry, fri, n ক্র সংসা, মাছের পোলা, পশুর ঝাক, Young tish, swarm of animals — ক্র ক্রে বছর সমষ্ট , A number of small things — v t ক্রিড-কু, Roast, boil in a frying pan over the fire, dress with oil or fat by roasting :—v. i. जाना ; कविष्ठ-इ ; To be roasted.

Small fry বালক; মাছের পোনা; Little children, fishes or animals:—দে সকল আপী গণনীয় নছে; Insignificant creatures.

Frying pan-ভাজিবার পাত্ত; Shallow pan for dressing food by frying.

Out of the frying pan into the fire—मन इट्टाल चारता मन ; करहेत बनश हटेल चिक्लत करहे . From bad to worse.

Fuddle, v. f. মদ্য পান ছাবা নিৰ্কোধ কু; To make foolish by drink:—v. s. পানে অভ্যাসকত-হ; To drink to excess.

Fudge, fuj int ছি, বুণাবান্ত্ৰৰ পঞ্জ , Exclamation of contempt; a nonsensical account; stuff, nonsense

Buel, tu'el, n. [L. focus, a fireplace] ইজন; আলানি কাঠ; A combustible for making a fire: — উংসাহ; উদ্দীপন; Whatever supports heat, excitement or energy.

Apply fresh fuel to —উড়েছনা বা কোপ বৃদ্ধি-ছ ; অধিকত্তর ক্ষতিকর কবিয়া ভোলা , To add new incentive, provocation or injury.

To add fuel to the flame—হলত জগ্নিত যুত ৰেওৱা ; Make matters worse.

Fugacious, fu-gáshus, a [Gr pheugā, to flee] প্লাহমান; প্লাহনপর; Fleeing, apt to flee away. n=fugaciousness, fugacity.

Fugitive, full-tiv, a. [ L. fugio, to flee ] চকুল; জিছিল; Fleeting — অনিশিন্ত; অনিশিন্ত; Uncertain; unsteady:— বাংস্থান, প্ৰয়োশুৰ; Volatile, perishable:—পলায়নাৰ, পলায়নপৰ, Ready to flee away:—কণ্ছান্তী, Temporary:— n. পলাত্তক, Runaway; deserter. ad=lugitively, n=fugitiveness. Syn:—(a) Wandering, evanescent, short-lived, transitory, flitting. (n) Deserter.

Fugleman, fügl-man, n. [ Gr flugelman, the leader of a wing or file ] সামরিক কৌশল-শিকা বিবার ক্ষত সঞ্জিত সৈত্ত-শ্রেণীর পুরোভাগে দভারমান নেতা. A wingman; a soldier who stands, as an example, in front of a line of soldiers under drill. Pulcrum, fulkrum, n. [ L fulcio, to prop ] অবল্যন, প্রাক্ত ; বোঁটা, A prop; the point about which a lever turns in lifting or moving a body. Pulfil, fool-fil, v. t পূর্ব-কু; সমাধা-কু, To complete; accomplish:—কার্যো পরিশত-কু; To carry into effect. n=fulfiller. Syn:—Effectuate, finish, consummate, perfect; observe, perform, discharge, execute, keep, meet.

Puifilment, fool-filment, n. সমান্তি; পূর্ণতা. Completion — কার্য্যে পরিশতি, সাধন, সিন্ধি, Accomplishment.

Fulgont, fuljent, a. [L. fulgeo, to flash, to shine] দীবিমান; জ্যোতিমান, Shining or glittering:—উজন, Bright, dazzling ad=fulgently.
সল্লিয়ালুলান্ড (উজ্লেডা; Brightness.)

Fuliginous fu-lifi-nus, a [L. fuligo, soot]

Pull, fool, a. পূৰ্ব , পানিপূৰ্ব ; Full of , abounding in —পূৰ্ব , Ample ; copious —পূৰ্ব , নন্দ্ৰৰ , Complete, entire —পানিপ্ত ; Mature .—স্বান্ত ; পানিভাৰ ; Strong ; clear :—পথাৰ ; Adequate :—

নৰ্মান ক্ষম ; Perfect :—n. সম্পূৰ্ণতা ; প্ৰতা ; Complete measure ; highest state or degree :— সম্পন্ন ; সম্বাতা ; The whole :—পূৰ্ণমা ; The time of full moon :—ad. সম্পূৰ্মণে ; স্বাংশে; Quite ; completely ; with the whole effect. n=fullness, fulness. Syn :—(a) Replete, filled ; satisfied, satiated ; stocked, furnished ; sufficient ; abundant, plenteous ; large, extensive.

Full, fool, v. t. [L. fullo, a cloth-fuller] বেড-কৃ: পরিকার-কৃ: To press or pound in a mill, as cloth; to scour, cleanse, and thicken in a mill.

Full age, a. পূৰ্বক্ষ, Of mature age.

Full armed, a. সম্পূৰ্ণ সজ্জিত, Completely armed. Full-blown, fool-blon, a. পূৰ্ণ-বিৰুণিত; Fully expanded, as a flower.

Full-bottomed, fool-botumd, a. বৃহৎ থাৰবুত; বৃহৎ জনবিশিষ্ট; Having a large bottom, as a wig. Full-butt, ad. টক বিগবীতে; Directly against. Full drive, a. ভীত্তবেগ; With full speed.

Full-faced, foolfast, a. প্ৰশন্ত মুখবিশিষ্ট; Having a broad face.

Full-grown-পূৰ্বয়ক।

Fullmoon. n. 9152 1

Full-hearted, footharted, a উন্নাদিত ; নিতীত ; পূৰ্ণনাহনী , Full of trust or courage ; elated. Full laden—বোঝা পরিপূর্ব ; Having a full load.

Fullnigh, ad. अंडि निक्रि ; Very near.

Full-orbed, fool-orbd, a. সোকার; Having the orb complete; round. [ deduction. Full pay—সমত বেচন; The whole pay without Full-sooth, ad. বাত্তবিক; In good truth. [mous. Full-souled, a. কংগ্রতার, উল্লেখন, Magnani-Fullswing, ad. ক্যাক্তি; With full might. Full tilt—বেশে; At full speed, with a rush.

Full youth-- १ वियोवन ।

In full swing—পুৰ চলিভেছে; în full progress:
—হড়ান্তদীমান, în unrestrained enjoyment; at
the height. [ Pay fully without deduction.
Pay in full—প্রোপ্রি দেওয়া (কিছুমান্ত বাদ নছে);
To the full—প্রান্তান; প্রোপ্রি (কিছু মান্ত কম
নছে); Quite as much, certainly not less.

Fuller, fooler, n. 484; Washerman; one who cleanses cloth.

Fuller's earth, foolerz-érth, n. বুলক মৃত্তিকা; মাজি মাটী, Soit clay for cleaning; a variety of clay, capable of absorbing grease, used in scouring and cleansing cloth.

Fullness, Fulness, footnes, n my (o), Completeness, entireness. Syn — Repletion; abundance, sufficiency, adequateness, affluence, perfection.

[ feeling. Fullness of the heart— with the strength of the heart— with the strength of the heart — with the strength of the

In the fullness of time-- THE !

Out of the fulness of the heart, the mouth speaks—ভাৰ আনিলে কথা বাহির হয় :

Fully, foolt, ad. मार्ज्यात ; Completely; entirely.

Syn:—Maturely: plentifully, abundantly, plenteously, copiously, largely, amply, sufficiently; clearly, distinctly, perfectly.

Fulmar, fulmar, n. একসাতীর সামুদ্রিক পকী; A species of petrel.

Fulminate, fulmin-at, v. i. [ L. fulmen, light-

ing ] ব্যালায়-কু; ব্যাহ্মনি-কু; Thunder:—জয় প্রদর্শন-কু; Thunder forth menaces:—ছ. t. বিলারিত-কু; To cause to explode:—নিলা-কু; To denounce loudly:—ম. বিলারণক্ষ বিশেষ (A compound of fulminic acid with mercury etc. n=fulmination. Syn:—Thunder, detonate, explode.

Fulmination, ful-min-áshun, \*\*. বছৰাৰ; The act of thundering — নাসাঘলিক বিদানৰ; A chemical explosion:—ভন্নপ্ৰদৰ্শন বা তিব্ৰুান, Menace or censure.

Fulminio, ful-minik, a. বিদারণসম্বন্ধীয় , বিদারণক্ষ . Pertaining to, or capable of, detonation.

Fulsome, fulsum, a. কুংসিত: গহিত; আভিনয় ৰশত: খ্ৰাজনক; জভারজনক; কভিকর; আলীল; Offensive or disgusting by fawning; nauseous, offensive, gross, obscene. n=fulsomeness, ad=fulsomely. Syn:—Loathsome, repulsive, rank. Fulvous, fulvus, Fulvid, fulvid, a. [ I. fulvus, deep yellow, tawny ] পিলল; Tawny; deep or dull yellow.

Fumerole, ঢিৰ্মান গৰিতেৰ ধ্যনিৰ্গমন ছিন্ত ; A hole in a volcano or sulphur-mine from which vapours issue.

Fumble, fumbl, v. i. হাতড়াইয়া অৱসন্ধান-কৃ. Feel or grope about:—বাৰ বাব নাড়াচাডা-কৃ; To handle much —v. t. আৰক্ষণে কায়-কৃ; আনাডির ভায় পরিচালিত-কৃ; To manage awkwardly, crowd or trumble together. n=fumbler.

Fume, fum, n. [ L. fumus, smoke ] ধ্ম, বাণা, Smoke; vapour — অসার পদার্থ, অসার বস্তু; Any thing unsubstantial or airy — করনা, Idle fancy:— কোষ, Heat of mind:— v. i. ধ্ম নির্গত : ব্যুদ্দ ত - হ, To smoke; to throw off vapour:— কুক্ত হ; কোণ্যবন্ধত; To be in rage:—v. t. ধ্মে ত্ম্ক হ; কোণ্যবন্ধত; To be in rage; -v. t. ধ্মে ত্ম্ক হ; To smoke, dry in smoke. Syn:—(n) Exhalation, reek, effluvium; rage, passion.

Fumes of fancy—व्यो क्वना ; Vain conceits. Fumiferous, film-if'er-us, a. [ L. fumus, and fero, to produce ] ब्रायाननक्य ; Producing smoke.

Fumigato, বিল্লা-gat, v. t. [L. fumus, and ago, to drive] ধ্য দেওয়া; থোৱা দেওয়া, ক্বাসিড-কু; To smoke, to medicate or cleanse by vapour; to perfume. n-fumigation.

Fumigation, sum-i-gashun, n. বিভন্ন করিবার অস ব্যাস্থাপন, The act of fumigating, or of applying smoke or gas, for disinfecting.

Fumitory, fumi-to ri, n. [L. fumus, smoke, and terra, earth] মুৰ্গন উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ; A plant having a disagreeable smell.

Fumous, fumus, Fumy, fumi, a. यूत्र देश्शासक ; स्थाप . Producing or full of fumes ; vapoury.

Fun, fun, n. [O. Eng. foune, to be foolish]
প্রিহাস, ডামাসা; মুখ; Merriment; sport; frolicsome amusement; jest. Syn:—Play, frolic,
diversion, gayety, mirth, drollery, jocularity.

Make fun of - পরিহাস- ক ; Laugh at.

Funambulate, fū-nambū-lāt, v. i. [L. funis, a rope, and ambulo, to walk] রক্ষণি বৃত্য করা; ( খডি-খডি-কু); To walk or dance on a rope, n= funambulation.

Funembulist, पि-nambul-ist, n, तर्काल मृज्यकाती ;

ৰজ্পনি বৃত্যকাৰী; Rope walker or dancer; a ropedancer a=funambulatory.

Function, fungkshun, n. [L. fungor, functus, to perform] কাৰ্য্য স্পাদৰ; Act of executing, performance:—বিশেষ কাৰ্য্য; কৰ্ত্ব্য কৰ্ম্ম; Peculiar or appointed action:—ৰাভাবিক বা কৃষ্মিৰ কাৰ্য্য; Natural or assumed action:—প্ৰভাব, Power. Syn:—Execution, discharge, exercise; part, office, employment, province, business,

Functional, fungkshun-al, a. কাৰ্য্যসম্ভীয় ; কৰ্ম্য বিষয়ক , Pertaining to or performed by function.

ad=functionally.

Functional disease—ৰয়ের কাৰ্ব্য সম্বনীর পীড়া; A disease affecting the function of an organ, but not its structure;—opposed to organic disease. Functionary, fungkshun-ar-i, n. কৰ্মচাৰী; One who holds an office or trust, esp., a public official.

Fund, fund, n. [L. fundus, the bottom] মুল্বল; পুঁজি; Stock; capital:—গজ্জি টাকা, সঞ্জি আৰ্থ, A store laid up from which one may draw at pleasure:—pl. জাতীয় ধূৰ; ছান্তী ধূৰবন্ধৰ মান্ত্ৰোৰ সংগ্ৰহীত অৰ্থ; Government debts; public securities; permanent debts due by a government and paying interest:—p. t. মূল্যন্তু; গজ্জিত-কু; Place in or make part of a stock; to place in a fund, as money. Syn:—(v) Store, supply.

Public fund-stols 41; Public debt.

Sinking fund—ভাতীয় কৰ পোৰনাৰ্থ প্ৰয়োজিত আৰ্থ; Regular appropriation for reducing the public or other debt.

Fundament, funda-ment, n. बरवारण , भारवाका न ; Ground work, the lower part or seat of the body.

Fundamental, fun-da-mental, a. मृती कुछ ; अशान ; (मोलिक ; आशीम ; Essential elementary ; original :—n. मृत ; निषयत ; मृशा रख ; Essential principle; ground work of any thing , an essential :—शाव , मत्रवाच ; The anus. ad=lundamentally. Syn.—(a) Primary, important, indispensable, radical, constitutional, organic, elementary.

Funeral, fu'nér-al, n. [L. funus, funeris, a funeral procession] সমাধি, অব্যেষ্টিকিয়া, Burial; ceremony of burial:—a. অন্তোষ্টিকিয়া সৰ্থীয়; সমাধিসম্বার; Pertaining or suiting a funeral:—
উদ্বিদ্ধিক, শোকসনক, সমাধিকালে বাবস্থত; Relating to a burial; used at the interment of the dead.

Funeral ceremony—215:

Funeral tire—footig !

Funeral pile—for |

Funeral place—সমাধি-ছাৰ ৷

Funeral procession— অন্তাইক্রিয়া সম্পাদনার্থ বাকা। Funereal, fu-ne're-al, a. অন্তোইক্রিয়ার উপবেধি ; শোচনীয় ; ভয়ানক ; Suiting a funeral ; dismal. Syn:—(a) Dismal, dark, mournful, lugubrious, sombre, death-like ; sepulchral.

Fungoid, fung'goid, a. [L. fungus, a mushroom, and Gr. eidos, appearance] ছুম্বৰ; বেত্তের ছাড়ার মৃত ; Resembling a mushoom.

Fungous, fung'gus, a. (कांगन , (पाइन क्रांजीन कांत ;

Soft; spongy:—কণমুদ্রী; Ephemeral:—অক্সাৎ উৎপন্ন, Growing suddenly.

Fungus, fung'gus, n. [L. fungus, a mushroom] চত্ৰ; বেঙের ছাড়া; Mushroom; toadstool:—বত ছানে ঝাচিল; কড ছানের উপর বত চামড়া; Proud flesh formed on wounds.

Funicle, fu'ni-kl, n. [L. funis, a cord or rope] হল হল বা কেশর; তন্ত্ব; ভাগা; A small cord, a fibre; a small ligature, filament.

Funioular, fu-niiu-lar, a. एक क्यव्यूट ; Consisting of a funicle,

Funnel, funcl, n. हुनी; बल : ब्यनिर्गमन योर्ग; Chimney shaft; vessel for pouring liquids.

Funny, fuhi, a. কৌতুকপুণ ; পরিহানপূর্ণ ; আমোদপূর্ণ ; Full of fun, droll. Syn :—Farcical, ludicrous, humorous, jocular, laughable, amusing. ad= funnily.

Fur, fur, n. গগুলোম; হুন্দ্ম লোম; Soft hair of animals; fine hair:—হুন্দ্ম লোমবিশিষ্ট চর্মা, সলোম চর্মা; Skin with fur:—ফ্রবকালীন ফ্রিলার উপর লেপ; জিহ্নার সঞ্চিত মল; Coating on the tongue in fewer:—বন্ধনাথানীর ভিতরে সঞ্চিত মহলা; A fur-like coating on the interior of tea-kettles, &c:—v t. লোমযুক্ত-কৃ; লোমাজাদিত-কৃ; To line with fur; to cover with fur:—মলাজাদিত আর্ত-কৃ; To cover with morbid furlike matter.

Furbelow, fur'be-10, n. ভাজ; অসরাপার ঝালরসূজ পাড়; A plain or flounce; the fringed border of a gown or petticoat; flounce; frill.

Furbish, fur'bish, v. t পৰিছত-কৃ: পালিস-কৃ: Scour till bright, brighten; to polish; burnish. Furcate, fur'kāt, a. [L. furca, a fork] নানা শাখাৰ বিভক্ত; কাঁটা বিশিষ্ট; Branching like the prongs of a fork.

Furcation, fur-káshun, n. শাধা বিস্তাব; কাঁটার স্থায় বিস্তাপ; A forking or branching out-

Burfuraceous, fur-fū-rāshus, a [ L. furfur, bran ] ডুবল; পৃথিবুজ; Scaly, scurfy.

Furies, n. প্রতিহিংসা দেবী; Three goddesses of vengeance.

Furious, 10'ri-us, a. [L. furia, rage] 250, caten, ; Gas; Violent; full of rage; mad. ad=furiously. n=furiousness. Syn —Impetuous, vehement, boisterous, fierce, turbulent, angry, frantic, raging, frenzied.

Furl, furl, v. f. अडेश्या वांथा; Draw up, as in a roll; wrap or roll up, as a sail.

Furlong, fur'long, n. [ A. S. furh, furrow, and lang, long ] ৪৪০ হাত পরিমাণ, জোশের বোড়গালে; Eighth of a mile; forty rods.

Furlough, fur'lo, n. অনুদিনের জন্ম ছুটি; ( দাকবি ইইজে ) অবকাশ ও বিদাব; Leave of absence; esp, leave to be absent from service for a certain time:—v.t. অবকাশ দেওয়া; Grant leave of absence.

Furnace, fur'nās, n. [L. furnus, an oven] আলিলালা; অগ্নিকুড; Enclosed fire-place;—বিৰম কটকৰ ভান বা কাল; A place or time of severe torture or affliction.

Furnish, fur'nish. v. t. [ O. Ger. frumjan, to do, to perfect ] সজ্জিত-কৃ; Fit up; equip:—
বোগাই : বোগাইয়া-দে; Provide; supply. Syn:—

Provide with, store, stock; bestow, give, present, afford, offer.

Furnish with—কোন দরকারী বা ব্যবহারোপবোধী কিছু দেওয়া; Give anything that is necessary, useful or appropriate.

Furniture, fur'ni-tur, n. গৃহসজ্জা; গৃহাদিৰ আস-ৰাব; গৃহাদিৰ সৰঞ্জান; Household goods; epuipage; decorations. Syn:—Movables, chattels, effects, goods; apparatus, appendages.

Furor, n. 45631; Fury; rage.

Furrier, fur'i-èr, n. স্কলোম-বিক্তেতা; লোমজ বস্ত্রাদিব্যবসায়ী; A dealer in furs and fur-goods.

Furriery, fur'i-èr-i, n. লোম-ব্ৰসায়; Trade in furs:—লোমসমূদ্য; সর্বপ্রকার লোমসমূদ; Furs collectively; furs in general.

Furrow, fur'ö, n. লাফলের বারা কৃত বাত : গীতা ; Small trench cut by a plough :—রেখা ; Any trench or groove :—কপালের বাল ; ললাটড় রেখা , A wrinkle on the face :—v. t. থাত-কু; সীতা বাথা , চিচ্নিত-কু; To form furrows in :—আকৃষ্ণিত-কু; স্কুণ্ডিত-কু; To mark with channels or wrinkles; to groove. Syn:—(n) Channel, groove, fluting, chamfer.

Furry, fur'i, a. লোমসুক ; লোমসর ; Covered with Further, fur'ther, ad. দূরতর ; More distant :— আম্বতর ; Additional :—a. আম্বত ; To a greater distance of degree ; in addition :—v. t. আমুক্ল্যুক্, নাহায্য-ক, প্রাকোনক ; To help forward ; to promote. Syn :—(v) Advance ; assist, succour, encourage.

[ A helping forward.

Furtherance, fur'ther-ans. n. প্ররোচনা . সাহাযা; Furthermore, fur'ther-mor, ad. এতদ্ভিত্র; জাধ-কয়; Moreover, besides.

Furthermost, further-most, a. দুর্তম ; সর্বা-পেক্ষা অধিক দূবৰতী ; চরম ; Most remote.

Furthest, fur'thest, ad. অধিকতন দূলে; At a greatest distance:—a. মুবতম; অমুবতী; Most distant; most remote.

Furtive, fur'tiv, a. [L. fur, a thief] অপ্রতঃ; গোপনীয়, ওপ্ত; Stealthy, secret ad=furtively. Syn.—Sly, secret, clandestine, surreptitions.

Fury, fūr'i, n. [ L. furo, to be angry ] উনত্তা; Madness:—প্রচণতা, প্রকোপ; Violence; violent passion:—চভী; ভৈরবী বা প্রতিহিংসাদেবী, Roman goddesses of vengeance:—কলংপ্রিলা খ্রীলোক; কোপনবভাবা প্রথমা রমণী; A violent passionate woman. Syn:—Wrath, ire, rage; vehemence, impetuosity; vixen, vigaro, termagant, shrew, hag-Furze, furz, n. কটকম্মী বড়া; নক্টক ভ্যা; A

Furzy, furz'i, a. কটক-গুলাৰ্ড; Overgrown with Fuscous, fuskus, a. অৰুজ্য; পিলস্বৰ্ণ; অপরিকার; Brown, or grayish black; dingy.

furze.

prickly shrub.

Fuse, füz, v.t. [L. fundere, fusum, to pour, melt, cast] স্থা-কু: To melt:—v. i. স্থা-কু; To be melted:—n. বিধারণ অন্ত পাত্র পদার্থ বারা পরিপ্রিত নল; Light musket or fire lock. Syn:—Dissolve, smelt; amalgamate, commingle, blend.

Fusee, fu-ze', n. আলোক; বাসদপূৰ্ণ নক; A match or cigar light; a fuse:—ছোট বন্ধ; A small light musket.

Fusel-oil, fü'zel-oil, n. [ Gr. fusel, bad spirits]

বৈল্পপাৰ্থ বিশেষ ; A nauseous oil in spirits distilled from barley &c. { ed. n=fusibility. Fusible, fusi-bl, a. প্ৰবৃদ্ধ ; That may be melt-Fusil, fusil, n. [ Fr. fusil, musket ] এক প্ৰকাৰ

वसूक वित्वव ; A light musket ; a fire-lock.

Fusilade, fufil-2d, n. একডানীৰ অনেক আগ্নেচায় ক্ষেণ্ড; A simultaneous discharge of firearms: v. f. উদ্ধা আগ্নেয়ায় নিক্ষেপ ধারা হড বা পাতিত-কৃ; To shoot-down by a simultaneous discharge of firearms.

Fusilier, Fusileer, fu-zil-er', n. বন্দ্ৰধারী সৈত্য; পদান্তিক সৈত্ত বিশেষ ; Soldier armed with a fusil.

Fusing-point, fuling-point, m. 371 निष्; The temperature at which any solid substance liquefies.

Fusion, fuzhun, n. গলৰ; জবা; Melting:— সংবোগ; একীভূত হওম; Union. Syn:—Smelting; liquefaction; amalgamation, commingling, mixing, commixture.

Fuele, ক বড়ির কল বিশেষ; The spindle of a watch:—লমু বন্ধ ; A light gun.

Fuss, fus, n. গোলমাল; হছুগ; বাজাড্ৰৱ; Bustle; tumult; unnecessary ado. a=fussy, ad=fussily.
Fust, n. The shaft of a column:—ভালা গন্ধ; A strong, musty smell.

Fustet, fustet, n. [L. fuetis, a stick] বৰ্ কৰিবার কাষ্ট; A dye wood:—বন্ধ কবিবার ব্যবা; A dye stuff Fustian, fust'yan, n. কাপান বন্ধ; Cotton stuff:— দীৰ্ঘ পৰা; Bombast; hight-sounding words:—a. Made of fustian:—পৰাড্যায় বিপিষ্ট; Bombastic:—কাপান বন্ধ নিশ্মিড; Of fustian. Syn:—(n) Rant, rhodomontade, nonsense.

Fustic, fustik, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ কাঠ; The wood of a west Indian tree.

Fustigation, fus-ti-gfishun, n. [L. fustigo, fustigatus, to beat with a stick ] (क्योबार , Flog-

ging:—we will siyel; A punishment by beating with a stick.

Fusty, fusti, a. offs; Ill-smelling. n=fustiness. Syn:—Musty, rank, mildewed.

Futile, fū'til, a. [L. futilis, worthless] তুকা; জনার; নির্থক; Trifling; useless; unavailing. Syn:—Vain, worthless, profitless, fruitless, bootless, ineffective, trivial, frivolous.

Futility, fu-tili-ti, n. নির্থক চা; নিম্পানা; Uselessness. Syn:—Triviality, frivolousness; triflingness, worthlessness, unprofitableness.

Futtook, futuk, n. ৰাট; A timber. plæfutocks (পোতের পাৰ্ভত বক্ত কাট্ডলক; A curved timber forming part of one of the ribs of a ship).

Future, future, a. ছবিবাৎ, ভাবী; That is to come; about to be:—n. ছবিবাৎকাল; Time to come. Syn:—(a) Coming, subsequent, forth-coming.

For the future, In future—ভবিষয়তে।

Futurist, n One who looks to hereafter instead of the present; one who believes that prophecies in the Bible are to be fulfilled.

Futurity, fut'-ur'i-ti, n. ভবিবাৎ কাল; ভাবী ঘটনা; An event or state of being yet to come; time to come; event to come.

Fuzz, fuz, v. i. পরমাণুরূপে উডিরা বাওরা; কুজ বিকুষ আকারে উডিরা বাওবা; To fly off in minute particles es —n. অণু; হ'ল গলুবেণু; Fine particles; fine light particles, as dust.

Fuzzball, sulbawl, n. এক বক্ষ বেছের ছাড়া; A kind of sungus, whose head is sull of a fine dust. Fy, si, int. se. Same as Fie.

Fyke, n. যে জালে মংসা চুকিতে পারে, কিন্তু বাহির ছইতে পারে না; ঘুনি বিশেষ. A long bag-net distended by hoops, into which fish can pass but not return.

G

G—ইংবাজি বৰ্ণনাৰার সপ্তম বৰ্ণ বা অক্ষর; The 7th letter in the English alphabet.

Gab, gab, n. বুণা গল; জলনা; Idle prate; loquacity:—মূণ; Mouth:—v. t. জলনা-কু; বুণা গল-কু; To prate; to talk idly. Syn:—(n) Idle prate, loquacity, gabble; the mouth.

Gift of the gab—বাৰ্গট্ডা; Fluency of speech. Gabardine, Gaberdine, gab-ar-den or gabardin, ন. মোটা কাগড়ের পরিজ্য; সামান্ত পোবাক; Coarse frock; a mean dress.

Gabble, gabl, v. i. অনর্থক বাকা বলা; বক্ বক্-কু; To talk inarticulately or without meaning:— বাক্ত্সের স্থায় শব-কু; To cackle like geese. n= gabbler, gabbling. Syn:—Prate, jabber, babble, chatter.

Gabble roof—A roof whose sloping rafters are left open to the interior, uncovered by cross-beams or coiling.

Gabion, gábi-un.n. [It. gabbione, a large cage]
বিপক্ষের পোলা নিবারণ করিবার জন্ম বাবস্থত মৃতিকাপূর্ব মৃতি; A basket of wickerwork, having no bottom, but filled with earth, and used for shelter from the enemy's fire.

Gabionade, ga-bi-un-ad, n. গোলা আটকাইবার অন্ত স্ক্তিংশ্বা; A line of gabions, thrown up as a dotonce.

Gable, gábl, n. আকোণধার; ছাদবিশিষ্ট করের সমুধ ও পন্ধাৎ ভাগের জিকোণাকার প্রান্ত; The vertical triangular portion of the end of a house from the eaves to the top.

Gable window—A window in a gable or pointed at the top like a gable.

Gablet, gablet, n. আসাদের বিকোণাকার কুত আছ-ভার বা চক্রাডপ; A small ornamented gable or canopy.

Gaby, gábi, n. (4)41; A simpleton.

Ged, gad, n. লোছ বা ইপাতের থান; লোছ ছেনী; A wedge or ingot of iron or steel:—বৰ্ণান্ত, অৰুণ; বৰ্ণান্ত অনুণান্ত, The point of a spear; arrowhead; goad:—বভ; A rod or stick:—v. i. নির্কৃত ইতাত: অনুণ-কৃ, অন্তির হইবা বেড়ান, Ramble about idly; rove about restlessly.

Ged

Gadding from place to place ইত্তত: ব্যাণ-ক; Wandering here and there without any purpose.

Ged-fly, gadfli, n. ভীৱ ৰংশন যকিবা বিশেষ, দংশক, ভীশ; A stinging insect; fly which stings cattle and deposits its eggs in their skin. [an Irish Celt. Gael, n. A Scotch Highlander of Celtic origin; Gaelic, gálik, a. ফট্লভেব পাৰ্কভীয় জাভি সম্মীয়; Pertaining to the Gael:—n. বিটনের পার্কভীয় জাভিব ভাষা; The language of the Highlands of Scotland.

Gaff, gaf, n. পোলা, মাছ ধরিধার খোঁচ; A harpoon; an iron hook on a handle for landing large fish; a light spear used by fishermen:—
শাইল বিভার করিবার আড়ভাঠ বিশেষ; A kind of boom or yard:—v. t. To strike or take with a gaff.

Gaffer, gaffer, n. বৃদ্ধ লোক; বৃদ্ধা, বৃড়ো; An old fellow; an old man; an aged mistress. Syn:—
Goodman, gossip; overseer, foreman.

Gas, gag, v.f. মুখবন-কু, কথা কহিতে না দেওবা,
To stop the mouth; to hinder from speaking.
to silence:—n মুখ-বন্ধনী, কথা বন্ধ করিবার জন্ত যাহা
মুখে প্রবেশ করান হায়, Something to fasten the
mouth to hinder speaking Syn:—(v) Silence,
stifle, muzzle, muffle, keck, retch.

Gagging Act—মুলাবন্তের ৰাধীনতা হরাকাবীথিতি.
Law to prevent newspaper editors from free speaking.

Gage, n. বন্ধক; A pledge or pawn:—বৃদ্ধার্থ
আহ্লানকারী বস্তু বিশেষ, বৃদ্ধার্থ আহ্লানস্টক নিকিপ্ত পিরস্থাণাদি, Something thrown down as a challenge, as a glove, gauntlet:—পরিমাণ বিশেষ, A measure:—n.t. বন্ধক দাবা আবন্ধ-কৃ, অস্ট্রাকার্যবন্ধ-কৃ, To bind by pledge or security —পরিমাণ-কৃ.
To gauge; to measure. Syn —(n) Guarantee, security; challenge.

[goose

Gaggle, v.i. হ'দের মত শক্ত কু, Cackle as a Gaggling, n. হংসনাৰ।

Gaioty, gác-tı, n. হর্ব; আমোদ, উল্লাস; Mirth, cheerfulness; merriment.

Gaily, ga-li, ad. উল্লাসম্ভাবে, In a gay manner Gain, gan, n. লাভ, উপাৰ্জন, Profit, benefit, ad vantage — v. t. উপাৰ্জন, লাভ-ভূ, জয়-ভূ. Earn; acquire; to get as a profit; win — অব্যাহতি পাওমা, To escape:— v. i. ধনী-ভ্, লাভবান-ভ্, To have advantage or profit; to grow rich. Syn — (n) Winnings, carnings, acquisition, emolument, lucre. (v) Get, procure, achieve, secure, realize, concollate, persuade, enlist; reach, arrive at, attain to.

Gain ground—অগ্নৰ-ছ; Advance in any undertaking; advance (as a successful assailant):—ব্যবহাৰ হ'; Prevail:—দ্রান ক্রে ক্রে ক্রে করা; Encroach on:—ব্য ও প্রসায় প্রাপ্ত-ছ; To acquire strength and extent.

Gain on or upon-43174-7; To encroach on

( as water upon land ); advance nearer to ( in a race ):—অভিক্ৰম-কৃ, To get the better of.

Gain over—আগনার দিকে আনা, কাছাকে আজ্বণক করা, অগকজুক-কু; Win over; draw (a person or party) to one's own side or interest.

Gain the wind—ৰঙ জাহাজের বাবুজাভিত পাৰ্ছে উপন্থিত-হ, To reach the wind-ward side of another ship.

Gain upon one—ক্রমে অগ্রসর বা নিকটবর্তী হইরা আছে, Get nearer to one by degrees (in a race or contest):—আরে অরে কাছাকে আপনার অসুকৃত্ব করিয়া আনা; Gain influence over (by degrees). Gainer, gañer, n. উপকারপ্রাপ্ত বা লাভবান ব্যক্তি;

One who gives profit, interest, or advantage. Gainful, gififool, a. লাভলন ; অৰ্থন , Advantageous; profitable; lucrative. ad—gainfully. nee gainfulness. Syn:—Beneficial, remunerative, productive, paying.

Gainings, ganingz, n. pl. উপাৰ্জন; Anything acquired by labour or enterprise.

Gainless, ganles, a. নাজপুত্ত , Unprofitable. n= gainlessness.

Gainsay, gan-sa, v অধীকার-কৃ, বিধাদ-কৃ, প্রতি-বাদ-কৃ; To deny; to dispute, to contradict. n= gainsayer. Syn.—Controvert, oppugn.

Gairish, Garish, gar'ish, a. জমধান, আড্যার-শালী, শোভন, জাধান, Showy, gaudy; ostentatious, ad = garishly, n=garishness. Syn:= Glaring, glittering, flaunting, flaring, fine, flashy. [ner of wilking or stepping.

Gait, n. চলৰ: পাদবিকেপ-ভক্তিমা, Way or man-Gaiter, gater, n. পাদপ্রস্থিদেশের আচ্ছাদনী, A covering of cloth for the ankle fitting down upon the shoe.

Gala, gála, n [lt. gala, finery] উৎসব , ভোলনোৎ-সব , বাহ্যাভাষৰ , Show , splendour , festivity ; grand entertainment.

Gala-day -- উৎসব দিন ; A festive day.

Galactometor, n ভাষের গুণ প্রীক্ষা করিবার ব্যা; ভূখ প্রীক্ষা করিবার কল, Lactometer.

Galaxy, galak-si, n. [Gr. gala, galaktos, milk] ভাষাপৰ, Milkyway —সমাসম, An assemblage of plendid persons or things —সম্প্রাপ, The band or cluster of stars stretching across the heavens. S; n —Group, constellation

A galaxy of beauty—रुक्ती डीलाक्त्रलाद नमानद; A cluster of handsome women.

Galbanum, galban-um, Galban, galban, n. নিবাস বিশেষ; Medicinal gum:—ধ্বা; A gumresın obtained from an Eastern plant.

Gale, gal, n. [It gal, gale] cipe viz; vs; Storm of wind; a strong wind between a stiff breeze; a storm;—v.i. (naut) To sail fast. Syn:—(n) Blist, gust, hurricane.

Galeated, gaic-at-ed, a. [L. galea, a helmet ] শির্মাণাদি ধারা আয়ত: চূড়াকার প্শাবিশিষ্ট; Covered as with a helmet; having a flower like a hemlet, as the monk's-hood.

Galena, ga-le'na, n. [ L. galena, lead-ore ] থনিৰ পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ ; Sulphuret of lead.

Galiot, Galliot, gali-ut, n. [Fr. galee, a galley] এক বৰবের নৌকা, A short of bigan-

tine; a Dutch vessel carrying a main-mast, a mizzen-mast, and a large gaff-mainsail.

Galipot, n. বিশ্বাস ; A white resinous juice, which flows from pine or fir trees.

Gall. gawl, n. পিড: The bile :--ভিক্তা; Bitterness:—ভেলা: খোপাৰ কালি; A vegetable excrescence produced by an insect in the bark or leaves of plants used in dying; marking ink :-- विद्वन ; Spite; malignity; malice :-- प्रीप-ভবিত আহাত, হর্ণজনিত বেদনা; A wound in the skin from rubbing; a wound caused by rubbing :- v.t. विवक्त-क ; वाशाहिका (मध्या ; To vex ; tease, harass; annoy enrage: -- বৰ্ণ বাবা কয়-ক; पर्वेश बाजा नाजानक क्षित्र-क ; To wear away by friction; to hurt or break the skin of, by rubbing. Syn :- (v) Excoriate; chafe, irritate, provoke Gall, gawl, Gall-nut, gawl-nut, n. [ L. galla, oak apple ] লাকাজাতীর পদার্থ বিশেষ; A light nut-like ball, produced by certain insects in the bark or leaves of a plant, used in dyeing.

Add gall to bitterness—কটি। বাবে কুনের ছিটা-লে।
Gall and worm wood—নিম নিসিন্দের মৃত উত্তত্ত্ব
অভিশ্ব কটু বা কেশদায়ক, Something exceedingly
bitter and distasteful; something offensive and
disgusting.

Gall-bladder-পিতকোৰ।

Gall-stone, n. পিত্তকোৰ কান্ত পাধরি; Concretion in the gall-bladder.

Gallant, galant, a. ফুলর; স্বৰ্জ; Handsome. showy; magnificent:—দাহদিক, দাহদপূৰ্ণ; Daring; brave:—প্রীলোকের পরিচর্ধায় রত, নারী কাতীর সমানকারী. Chivalrous courteous to ladies; attentive to ladies:—দহৎ; Noble—স পেশ্চুকাপ্রিয় লোক; কুলবাবু; A man of fashion:—উপপতি; প্রোম্বাজানী; Lover; paramour; suitor:—০ t. রম্পীর মাজ বা দেবা-কৃ, To attend or wart on (as a lady.) ad—gallantly, n=gallantness. Syn:—Heroic, magnanimous, dignified, courteous; gay, fine. Gallantry, galant-ri, n. সাহস; মিতীকতা; Courage; bravery:—জ্কুতা; Politeness:—স্কীলোকের

age; bravery:—ভত্ততা; Politeness:—ছীলোকের
আতি শিষ্টাচার; রমণী-দেবা; Attention to ladies,
amour. Syn:—Nobleness, courageousness,
heroism, chivalry; courtesy, courteousness;
courtship, intrigue, lewdness. [physicion
Callen, n. চিকিংলা, A medical man:—A Greek
Galleon, gali-un, n. পোত বিশেষ; A large Spanish vessel with four decks.

Gallery, galer-i, n. কামকাৰ্য্য-প্ৰদৰ্শন-প্ৰকোষ্ঠ ; শিল্প প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰিবাৰ কোষ্ঠ ; A room for the exhibition of works of art :—নটাশালা, পিজ্জা প্ৰভৃতিৰ উচ্চ মঞ্চ ; The upper flour of seats in a church or theatre ; a raised structure —সমনাস্থনেৰ পথ; A long and narrow corridor or connecting passage-way:—ক্ষুণ গ্ৰ; A covered passage cut through the earth or masonry:—বারাজা; A platform surrounded by rails, projecting over the walls of a building.

 to a ship-of-war :—ছাগাধানায় অকর রাখিবার কাঠা-বার : গ্যালি : The frame which receives the type from the composing stick.

Galley-alave, gali-size, n. পোড নিৰ্কালিত চিহ্-দান; দওবন্ধ নৌবাহক্মণে নিহোজিত অগরাথী; One condermed for crime to work like a slave at the oars of a galley.

Galliard, galyard, n. [ Sp. gallardo, lively, gay ] বনিক প্ৰথ ; A brisk, gay man :---মনোরৰ বুড়া বিশেষ ; A gay lively dance.

Gallie, galik, a. [ L. gallia, Gaul ] and Pertaining to Gaul or France.

Gallio Aoid, galik asid, n. উব্ধ বিশেষ ; A crystalline substance obtained from gall-nuts, &c. Gallioism, gali-sizm, n. করানী-দেশীর বাব্য-প্রবোধ রীতি, French idiom.

Galligaskins, gal-i-gakkinz, n. pl. এক রক্ষ পালামা; শিকারীদিগের পাদরকণ; Large, open hose or trousers; leather guards worn on the legs by sportsmen.

Gallinacious, gal-in-Eshus, c. [L. gallina, a hen] পকীয় বিশেষণ বাক্; ধর্বৰ-পদী; Belonging to the farmyard poultry.

Galliot, n. A Dutch vessel. See galiot.

Gallipot, gali-pot, n. উবৰ বাৰিবাৰ ক্ষুণান্ত ; A small glazed clay pot for containing medicine. Gallon, galun, n. ওজন-পৰিমাণ বিশেব ; সাড়ে ডিব দেৱ ; A measure of capacity ; four quarts.

Galloon, ga-loun, n. [Sp. gala, finery] কিতে; এক মকম বিঙা; A lace; tape-like tissue of cotton, silk, &c.

Gallop, galup, v. i. মৃতগতিতে-বা; অতি কত গমৰ-কু, স্বাক্ষ পৌড়ান; Move by leaps or very fast; run very fast; to run with leaps or bounds: n. অবেৰ মৃত গতি: The pace at which a horse runs when the fore feet are lifted together and the hind feet together:—(gal-op') চক্ষ মৃত্য; A quick dance.

Gallopade, gal-up-ad, n. নৃত্য বিশেষ; বৃত্যোপ-বোগী গানবাগ; Quick dance; music appropriate to it:—v. f. উক্ত প্ৰকান নৃত্য বা গীতবাণ্-কৃ; To perform a gallopade.

Galloway, gafo-wa, n. কুন্ত জাতীয় আৰ বিশেষ; A horse of small size, bied in Galloway in Scotland.

Gallows, gaius, n. কানিকাঠ; Scaffold for hanging criminals. Syn — Scaffold, gibbet, platform:—pl suspenders, braces.

Come to the gallows—কাদি-হ; Be hanged. Galoche, Galosh, ga-losh, n. বৰ্ণাৰ সময় কুতাৰ উপৰে পৰিবাদ কুতা; A shoe or slipper to be worn over another in wet weather.

Galvanic, gal-vańik, a. তাড়িত শক্তি সম্বন্ধীয় ; বাসায়নিক বৈছাতিক প্ৰক্ৰিয়া বাবা উত্ত ; Belonging to or exhibiting galvanism.

Galvaniso, galvan-īz, ৩. f. তাড়িতশক্তি সঞ্চার-ফ্ ; বাসায়নিক ক্রিয়া বারা উত্তুত তড়িৎ সংযুক্ত-ক্ ; To affect with galvanism.

Galvanism, galvan-izm, n. ভাড়িডশকৈ বিবা; বাসায়নিক-ভড়িং-ভস্থ; A branch of the science of electricity, which treats of electric currents produced by chemical action. Gelvanist, galvan-ıst, ». বসায়ন-তড়িং-তৰ্জ , One skilled in galvanısm.

Galvanometer, gal-van-omet-er, n. [Galvans, and Gr meiron, a measure] রানারনিক-ভড়িং-প্রাহশক্তি-পরিমাণ বস্তু; An instrument for mea-

suring the force of galvanic currents. Gambado, gam bádō, n. [ It. gamba, the leg ] অবারোহীর পদাবরণ বিশেষ, A case of leather to defend the legs from mud in riding

Gamble, gambl, v. i ব্যুতজীড়া-কু, জ্বা থেলা, To play for money in games of chance, to game for money:—v. i. জগন্ত-কু. To squander away.

= gambler. [ ander by gambling.

Gamble-away—शृष्ठकीण कविश वर्शवाद-कृ, Squ-

Gambler, n. शृष्ठ-क्रीड्राकादी। Gambling, n. शृष्ठ-क्रीड्रा

Gambling-house, # দাতশাৰা।

Gamboge, gam-booj, n. বৃক্ষনিধাস বিশেষ , বজন ; A yellow gum-resin used as a pigment and in medicine.

Gambol, gambol, v. i. [ Low L. gamba, a thigh ] জানলে বৃত্তা-কৃ. To frisk or dance in sport —n বৃত্তা, কীড়ালক, A skipping, playfulness. Syn —(v) Frisk, frolic, play, jump about, caper

Game, gam, n. জীড়া, Sport of any kind :—কে'ডুক. Jest, frolic - 99, all , The stake in a game —প্রতি**ষক্তি , C**ontest *—শীকার* , রাজার স্বীয় মুগযার্থ বনিত বস্ত কয়, Animals pursued by sportsmen, wild animals protected by law and hunted by sportsmen —অভিসন্ধি , Scheme pursued , plan , project - आरमानार्थ गामाम , An exercise for amusement, a single match at a play -a मार्थी, पूर किला, Ready to fight to the last, like a game cock, brave, resolute — মুগ্যা স্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to those animals hunted for game -👽 ঃ. পাতঞ্জী কু, To play for moncy, to gamble - कोडी-इ. To play at any sport Syn - n) Recreation, pastime, divers on, gambling deer grouse, quarry, prey, plan, scheme, adventure Die game-শেষ প্ৰাস্ত অটল থাকে, Maintain an unyielding spirit to the last

Make game of—উপহাস-কৃ, Make ridic ile — (ভোগ কিছু লইং!) ভাষাসা বা উপহ'স কৃ, বোডুব কু, Sport with, make fun of.

Play a game—পেৰ্ থেবা , Be engaged in some venture , perform a part, pursue a scheme.

Play one's game—নিভের খেল ধেলা, িন্তের চাল দেখান, Pursue one's scheme, play one's card The game is up—বালিমাৎ হইবাছে, জয়ের খালা মাই, The hope of success is over, the chance is gone.

Game-cock, gamkok, n. বোধ বুৰুট, সমর্থারার্থ শিক্ষিত কুষ্ট, A cock trained to fight

Game-keeper, gamkup-er, n শিকারী পশ্চিরক্ষ ছুতা, শিকার-রক্ষ . A servant to take care of game-birds.

Game-laws, gan-lawz, n pl. কুসরকার্থ বিধি, Laws for the preservation of certain an mals called game.

Gameleg, n. ৰোঁড়া-পা, A lame or crooked leg. Gamesome, gamsum, a. ক্ৰীড়াবিদ্ধ; ক্ৰীড়াপীল, Frolicsome, playful, gay. Syn:—Merry, mortive, lively, frisky.

Gamester, gamster, n. ব্যত-ক্রীড়াকার, ক্রারী;
Gamin, n. সহবের পরিভাজ বাসক; A neglected city boy, street Arab

Gaming, gaming, n ক্রাবেল; The practice of Gammer, gamer, n বৃদ্ধানী, বৃদ্ধা; An old wife;

an old woman—the correlative of Gaffer. Gammon, gamun, n प्रदात एक न्यांक क्यां; A hog's thigh, salted and dried —क्यांक दिल्य ; The game of back gammon .— अवात्यां; वैदिक्य ; नितर्यक यांका ; Hoax , humbug ; nonsense — v. t. अवायां-कृ , To hoax , humbug , impose upon : — मुक्दात सार्म न्यांक क्रियां क्क-कृ ; To cure, as bacon, to salt and dry.

Gamp, n বৃহৎ ছাতা , A large umbrella.

Gamut, gamut, n. प्रशाप, Scale of musical notes, the musical scale.

Gander, gander, n. হাস , রাজহাস; He-goose, the male of the goose.

Gang, gang, n প্ৰা, A body of men, who go or work together, a company especially of disceputable persons Syn—Crew, band, horde. Gangboard, gang'boid, n জাহাতে উঠিবাৰ ও নামিশার অন্ত ভকা, A board or plank used for walking into or out of a ship.

Gangliae, gang'gh-ak, Ganglionie, ganggh-ohik, a শিরাদির কীতি সম্বন্ধীয়, Belonging to a ganglion

Ganglion, gang'glion, n. আব, পিৰাণিৰ কীভি বিশেষ, A tumour in the sheath of a tendon — গাট, A knot or enlargement in the course of a nerve a=ganglionic, pl=ganglia, ganglions.

Gangrene, ganggete, n. [Gr grains, to gnaw] পচন প্ৰান , Moitifi ation — দেহের আনবিশেষৰ অৱসাদ , Loss of vitality in some part of the body — r t. পাইয়া-দে, অবসত্ত , To moitify — v : পচিয়া-য়া, To become mortified or putrescent, to become putrid

Gangronous, gang'gren-us, a স্বত , Mortified Gangway, gang'wā, n বেষ্টনবিশিষ্ট ছানে গভাষাতেৰ পথ , ভাহাজের আরোহাববোহ পথ , Thoroughlare , pas-ageway , planking from a ship's side to the shore.

Bring to the gangway - नारिकस्क स्वज्ञांच-कृ, Inflict punishment on a seaman by trying and whipping him.

Gannet, ganet, n. নামুদ্রিক জ্পার্থনের, A web-Ganoid, ganoid, n. [ Gi ganos splendour, and eidos, form ] বুজং বছা শন্ধবিশিষ্ট নংসা বিশেষ, One of an order of fishes, characterised by having shining scales

Gantlet, gantlet, n. weini, A glove.

Gantlet, gantlet, Gantlope, gantlep, n. সৈৰিক অপরাধীর দও বিশেষ , A military punishment.

Gaol, Jail, jai, n. কারাগার , A piison. Syn :-Bridewell, tolbooth, jail

Gaolor, Jailor, jaier, n কাৰাগাৰ ৰক্ক, কাৰাখাক, One who has charge of a gaol or of prisoners, called also a turnkey.

Gap, gap, n [ Icel. gap, mouth, opening ] व्य ; कांक, विकास ; Cleft, chasm, hole, an opening for passage or entrance; a passage. Syn:-Breach, flaw, interstice, crevice, rift, hiatus, chink, vacuity.

Stand in the gap—কোন কিছু রকা করিবার কভ थाबांत्र प्रधायमान-२; विभन्तमहूल द्वारन प्रधानमान-३; Stand in the trench to guard something or to make up for something wanting; to stand forward in the post of danger as a defender.

Stop a gap—ডानि-ल ; Serve an occasion ; secure a weak point; to patch up or make a shift for a time.

Gap-toothed, gap'-töötht, a. দস্তবিহীন; ব্যবহিত 78; Have teeth wanting; having interstices between the teeth.

Gape, gap, v. i. [ A. S. geapan, to gape ] Y-ব্যাদন-কু; হাই তোলা; To open the mouth wide; to yawn :-- भूष वालन कदिया ठाहिया थाका ; हा किवया পেলা ; To stare with open mouth :-- বিশ্বত-ই ; To be open, like a gap :- n. मुददापन ; The act of [ wondering manner

Gape at-asyre sists sist; To stare in a Gape for, Gape after—আগ্রহমহকারে ইচ্ছা-ফু; [ gapes. Desire earnestly; long for.

Gaper, gap'er, n जुझक ; मृश्वामनकारी : One who Gar, gar, Garfish, gar'fish, n कोश्कृति यस्मा विरुग्ध : A long slender fish with a pointed head Garb, garb, n. शांत्राहर . ' त्रिष्ट्र न-अगानी ; Dress : fashion of dress : --আকৃতি; ৰাজাকৃতি; External appearance. Syn :- Costume, apparel, habit, vestments; uniform.

Garbage, gar'baj, n. বাবহারের অবোগা মাংস: आवर्षाना ; अनात जान ; Offal, refuse ; parts of flesh: - 可能: The refuse of flesh or vegetable: —ৰাজীভুঁড়ি; The bowels of an animal. Syn -Offal, carrion, dregs, remains, offscourings, refuse, rubbish.

Garble, gar'bl, v. t. বিকৃত-ক; অক্স্থীন-ক; To mutilate, corrupt :- अवशा डिक्ड-कृ; To select out of any writing such parts as may serve our own purpose, in a bad sense. Syn :-- Misquote, misrepresent, distort, pervert, falsify.

Garbler, gar'bi-er, n. বে অবধা উদ্ভ করে; One who garbles or selects.

Garden, gar'dn, 2. रात्रान, উদ্যান; यत्नात्रय ज्ञान; A piece of ground on which fruits, flowers, etc., are cultivated; a delightful spot :-- v. t. উদ্যাবে भतिक्षय-कृ ; উদাান निर्माণ-कोनल भिका-कृ ; To work in a garden; to practise gardening.

Gardener, gar'dn-er, n. देणानशान ; One who cultivates or has charge of a garden.

Gardening, gar'dn-ing, n. উদ্যান-निर्द्धान-किशन ; The act of laying out and cultivating gardens. Gargle, gar'gl, v. t. क्यापि ना शिवियां शतनाती वा

मुष (बाह्रा : To make a liquid gargle or bubble in the throat without swallowing :- n. Again ब्हेबाब खेवप; A preparation for washing the throat.

Gargoyle, gar'goil, n. [ Fr. gargonille, the throat ] ছाদের कन निःमत्रगार्व यनुगापित जाकारत मुद्रिछ পায়ত নৰ; A spout, projecting from the roof gutters of buildings, often representing human or other figures.

Garish, gar'ish, a. चाड्यबनानी ; क्षीकान ; Showy ; ostentatious. ad = garishly, n = garishness.

Garrota

Garland, gar'land, n. भूभ्यांना ; Wreath of flowers, feathers :- अन्तान मुक्छे ; Crown of honour ; principal thing; thing most prized:—সংগৃহীত नेमा वो भग अप : A book of extracts in prose or poetry :-- v. t. माना चाना मिक्ट उ-क : To deck with a garland. Syn :- (n) Chaplet, coronal, crown, bays; collection, anthology,

Wild garland-- वनभाना ।

Garlio, gar'lik, n. नकन ; तकन ; Strong smelling onion; a plant having a bulbous root, and pungent taste, used as a seasoning.

Garlicky, gar'lik-i, a. 404991; Like garlic. Garment, gar'ment, n. পরিছে ; বর ; Any article of clothing.

Garner, gar'ner, n. [ L. granum, a grain ] শসভাভার; A place where grain is stored up: granary :-- v. t. ( मलागारक ) निक्छ-क ; To store in a granary. Syn :-(v) Gather, accumulate, treasure up, deposit, hoard, save.

Garnet, gar'net, n. [ L. granatum, the pomegranate ] ৰক্তবৰ্ণ মণি বিশেষ : A precious stone :---কপিকল বিশেষ; A sort of tackle fixed to the mainstay in ships.

Garnish, gar'nish, v. t. Fr. garnir, to furnish ] ফুশোভিড-কু; To adorn; to furnish:-- নৈত্ৰ বোগাৰ: To furnish as a fort, with troops :--পচিত-কু; To surround with ornaments, as a dish. Syn: - Embellish, deck, beautify, decorate, grace.

Garnish, gär'nish, Garnishment, gär'nishment :-- n. আভরণ ; अनुकात ; भूष्य ; Ornament ;--পরিচ্ছদ ; Garments.

Garnisher, gar'nish-er, n. (द मिक्किक करत : One who garnishes.

Garniture, gar'nit-ur, n. আভরণ ; ভুষণ ; Ornament; adornment, decoration.

Garotter, gar-roter, Garroter, gar-roter, n. বে পলা ঢাপিরা ধরিয়া লুট করে; হত্যাকারী; One who attacks by garotting, one who garrottes.

Garret, gar'et, n. [O. Fr. garite, a place of safety] भिताशृह ; िरत्यव ; Room next the roof a house; attic. Syn :- Loft, upper story.

Garreteer, gar-et-टा. n. पवित्र (नवक : अन्छ अप-ৰূপা; One who lives in a garret; a poor author; a literary hack.

Garrison, gar'i-sn, n. [Fr. garnir, to furnish] ছুৰ্গরক্ষণাৰ্থ সৈম্ভদল; A body of troops for guarding a fortress; a supply of soldiers for defending a fortress: - अर्ग; A fortress; a fortified place: -v.t. मिछ पावा पूर्व पूर्व-कृ; फूर्त मिछ तका-कृ; নৈস্তাদির বারা হরকিড-কু; To furnish a fortress with troops; to defend by fortress, manned with troops.

Garrote, gar-15%, Garrotte, gar-rot, n. Sp. garrote, a cudgel, a packing stick ] (जारांत भगवक पिता पानक्य कतिया धापनाम : Strangling to death with an iron screw :-- जिक्क श्रकात पक मिनात श्रव . The instrument by means of which the punishment is inflicted :-- v. t. शमक्ष कविता आनमहे-क ; To strangle to death :—পদা টিপিরা টাকাক্তি কাডিয়া MONI: To suddenly render, insensible by semistrangulation, and then to rob.

Garrulity, gar-ūli-ti, Garrulousness, gar'ūlus-nes, n. গল্পপ্রিরতা; অভিভাবণ; বাচালতা; বাৰ্যাঞ্জিতা ; Loquacity ; talkativeness.

Garrulous, gar'ū-lus, a. [L. garrio, to chatter] ৰাকাপ্ৰিয় , অভিভাষী ; ৰাচাল ; Talkative. Syn :--Loquacious, prating, chattering, prosy.

Garter, gar'ter, n. [ Fr. jarret, the ham of the leg ীগাটার : যোজা-বন্ধনী : মোজা বান্ধা কিতা ; Knceband to hold the stocking :--নাইট উপাধিবারী-निरंशर मरशा श्रायांन शरमंत्र निमर्भन ; Emblem of the highest order of knighthood in England: -v.t. ফিতা বাঁধা: পার্টাব দ্বারা আবদ্ধ-কু; To bind with garter:-To invest with the order of the garter. Gas, gas, n. বাঙ্গ ; Fluid in the form of air , any kind of air, particularly that obtained from coal. a=gaseous, pl=gases.

Laughing gas—বাস বিশেষ; Nitrous oxide used as an Arresthetic by dentists.

Gasalier, gas-a-रिए, n. वान्त्र-कील ; Gas-lamp.

Gasconado, gas-kon-নের্ব, n. বডাই ; দত্ত-প্রকাশ ; অহমার . Bravado , a boasting or bragging :-v t. पष्ड-क ; To brag or boast. n=gasconader. gasconading. [ gas or air

Gaseous, gaze-us, a. ৰাঙ্গাকার; In the form of Gasfitter, gas-fiter, n. वाष्ट्रात्वादक वावकड नलामिद মিলন-কর্তা: One who fits up the pipes and bur-

Gash, gash, n. গভীর ছেদ: গভীর ছত: A deep and long cut, esp in flesh; a deep, open wound: --v. t. গভার ছেদ-কু; গভার কত-কু; To make a deep cut into any thing.

Gasify, gasi-fi, v t. [ 1.. facio, to make ] नारण পরিশত-ক ; To convert into gas. n=gasification. Gasometer, gaz-oniet-er, n. বাপানান বন্ধ ; বাপা-शांत्र : An apparatus for measuring, or holding gas; a place for holding gas

Gasp, gasp, n. क्ट्रेमरकाद यामग्रर ; नियाम-ग्रर्गार्थ মুপ্রাদন; Opening the mouth to catch breath; a painful catching of the breath:-v. i. 本家-সহকারে খাসগ্রহণ-কু; খাসগ্রহণার্থ মূল বিস্তার-কু; হাঁপান , To labour for breath, respire convulsively or violently: -v. t. To emit with gaspings.

At one's last gasp-মরণ দশার; মুমূর্ সমরে; At the point of death.

Gasp for breath-গাপাইতে থাকা; Open the mouth wide in catching the breath; pant violently.

Gastrie, gastrik, a. [Gr. gaster, the belly] পাকস্থলী সম্ভার; উদর সম্ভাব; Belonging to the stomach, pertaining to the belly.

Gastric juice, n. পाकश्रमी तम , A fluid secreted in stomach.

Gastronomy, gas-trohom-i, n. [Gr. gaster, belly, and nomos, a rule ] ভোজন-কৌশল, রন্ধন-কৌৰল; The art or science of good eating; art of cookery.

Gate, gat. n. बाब : क्लांडे ; टारवय-लय ; An entrance : -প্রবেশের উপায় ; Means of entrance.

Gate-keeper--দাবপান ; দার্রক্ক।

Gate way, gatwa, बाद ; रंडाद्रनपार्त ; A passage | Run the gauntlet-চাदिषिक र्याक शहर बाह्य।;

under an arch or gate; the way through a gate; [ with gates. a pass through a fence or wall. Gated, gated, a. (जात्रगयुक ; बात्रविनिष्ठ : Furnished Tell in not in gath—ভক্ৰা মুখে আনিও না; Do not let others hear of it ( used when something sad has occurred which might be turned into ridicule by enemies. )

Gather, gather, v. f. সংগ্রহ-কু; একত্র-কু; To bring together ; collect :- উপार्कन-कृ . To acquire :-खाँक-कृ; To plait :---अन्नशान-कृ; अनुवादन विनिष्ठ-३; To learn by inference; to infer:--আহবণ-ক; To cull, pluck :—v. i. এক্তিড-হ; To assemble or muster; unite: - 3 4-5; To increase: -পুযোৎপাদন-क ; পুষ সঞ্চিত-ছ : To come to a head ; to suppurate :-- n কাপডের ভাজ; A plait or fold in cloth, made by drawing the thread through. Syn := (v) Assemble, congregate, muster : accumulate, amass, hoard; pluck, pick, glean, crop, cull, reap; infer, deduce, conclude; pucker; meet; increase, thicken, be condensed.

Be gathered to one's fathers or people-পিতৃলোক প্রাথ-হ; Be numbered with the dead.

Gatherer, gather-er, n. नमा आहत्रनकाती: मःआहक: One who gets in a crop; one who collects.

Gathering, gather-ing, n. 平田; The act of gathering .- हन्डा ; म्बिडि , A crowd ; an assembly: - श्व-त्रक्य; A tumour, suppurated, a collection of matter Syn -- Acquisition, collecting, procuring, gain; crowd, throng, multitude; abscess, sore, ulcer, fester, pustule.

Gaucho, g.1-6'chō, n. अवहालन-कुनल ज्ञां छ निरमव: One of the native inhabitants of the La Plata pampas of Spanish American descent, noted for their marvellous horsemanship.

Gaud. gawd, n. অকি কিংকৰ অলম্বার; A piece of worthless finery, a trinket.

Gaudy, a. gawdi, a [L. gaudeum, joy] जीकान ; অতি শেভিন, Showy - হগণুক ; উৎফুল, Merry; gay. n=gaudiness, ad=gaudily. Syn: -Tawdry, flashy meretricious, tinsel.

Gauge, gai, Gage, n পরিমাণ : পরিমাণ দৃত : মাণ . A standard of measure; a measure or measuring-rod; estimate :-- v. f. পরিমাণ-p ; To measure the contents of any vessel, ability :- affin (with শেখা , ক্ষরার অসুমাণ-কু . To measure the capacity of; to estimate ability.

Gauger, gafer, n. शिशात अववक क्रवांति भविभावक বাক্তি; পিপাব মদাদি মাপ করিবাব নিমিত্ত নিরোভিত কৰ্মদারী, An excise officer, whose business is to gauge or measure the contents of casks.

Gauging, galing, n. शिशांव खनांकि शतियांन कदन : The art of measuring casks containing excisable liquors.

Gaul. gawl, n. अभागाताचार वा उत्तरवातीय शूर्वकातीय নাম, A name of ancient France; an inhabitant of Gaul. a=gaulish.

Gaunt, gant, a. 季4; 南1; Thin, lean; meagre. ad=gauntly, n=gauntness. Syn :- Lank, skinny, spare, attenuated.

Gauntlet, gantlet, n. रहजान ; स्मीर्थ रहावसन ; A long glove covering the wrist.

Run like an offender between two files of men who strike him as he passes (a military punishment):—কোনজপ হীনতা খীজার-কু, Undergo the hamiliation of :—কোন কিছুর কম্ব করিছে হওছা; Resist the injurious influence of.

Take up the gauntlet—বৃদ্ধ বা বিবাদ করিতে স্বীকাৰ-ছ, Accept a challenge.

Throw down the gauntlet—কাহাকেও বৃদ্ধাৰ্থ আজাৰ-কু. Offer a challenge; challenge, defy.

Gauze, gawz, n. সুন্দ্র গটবন্ধ বিশেষ; A thin, transparent fabric of silk, linen, cotton, wool &c a=gauzy.

Gauzy, gawli, a. एच्चवार, Like gauze.

Gave, gav, p. t. of give.

Gavolkind, gavel-kind, n. বে প্ৰধান্ধাৰে পুজেৰা পৈতিক ভূমপ্তির সমান জংশ পায়; A tenure by which lands descend from the father to all the sons in equal portions, a custom in Kent and in other parts of England by which land descended to all the sons in equal proportion. [ of dance Gavotto, ea-vot, n. এক সক্ষেধ্য নাচ; A lively kind Gawk, gawk, n. কোৰিল, A cuckoo - - নিৰ্কোধ বাজি. - লাবিড়া লোক, A simpleton; booby, awkward fellow. a=gawky.

Gawky, gawki, a. জানাড়ী; নিৰ্দোধ; Awkward; fo. lish. Syn.—Clumsy, clownish, ungainly, uncouth, cloddish

Gay, pa, a. পায়ুর , ইংকুর , Sportive ; merry — আহ শোহন , স্থলন , উজ্ব ; Gaudy , showy , bright — সুপাট , I nose , leud ; dissipated. ad= garly, gayly. Syn:—Glecful, blithe, sprightly, frolic-ome tolly, jovial, vivacious , brilliant.

Gayoty, gaic-ti, n. প্ৰকৃত্যা; উল্লাস, Merriment
—আগাদ্ধনক কাষ্য, Acts or entertainments
prompted by or inspiring merry delight:—আড়
ব্য নৌৰ্য্য, বাছাৰ; Finery; show. Syn—
Liveliness, animation, vivacity, glee, blittesomeness, sprightliness, lightheartedness, jollity,
gaudiness, thery, tawdriness.

Gaze, g.iz, v. i. শ্বিৰুণ্টিতে অবলোকন কু, প্ৰিরুণ্ড, বিনাকণ-কু; To see or look fixedly at :—n. পুৰ্ব দুখ, বিশ্বাৰলোকন, A fixed look; a look of prolonged attention .—faracenten মুখ বন্ধ; The object g.ized on. Syn:—(v) Stare, look earnestly, regard intently.

Gazo at or on—অনিমিখনগনে কোন সুক্ষর বা মনোরম বস্তু মৃষ্টি-কু, Look with fixed eyes at a person or object, that is beautiful, curious, or interesting.

Gazelle, Gazel, ga-zel, n. [Ar. ghasal, a wild-goat ] মৃথ্য ক্তগামী মুগবিশেষ: A small swift elegantly-formed species of antelope.

Gazotte, ga-zet, ম. বাজাৰছ; সরকারি সংবাদ-পত্ত; A newspaper; না official newspaper: — ৩. ৫. সরকার হইতে প্রকাশিত-কু; (সংবাদ-পত্তে) প্রচার-কু; To publish in a gazette.

Gazetteer, gaz-et-টা', গা. সংবাদ পত্ৰ-লেখক . News-writer :—ভূতৰ কোষ ; ভৌগলিক শত্ৰ-কোষ ; A Geographical dictionary .—Alphabetical descriptive list.

Gazing-stock, gazing-stok, n. সাধারণ-অবজ্ঞাপাত্র, ্পরিংাদ ভূমি : A person much cazed at ; a person exposed to public view as an object of curiosity or contempt.

Gear, ger, n সাজ; পরিজ্ঞ ; উপকরণ, Dress; harness; tackle; furniture:—কার্য় . Working order . business:—দত্তবুক্ত চক্রের পরশার সংবোগ; Connection of toothed wheels with each ather:—v.t. সজ্জিত বা সংযুক্ত-কু; To put in gear, as machinery Syn:—(n) Accourtements, trappings, habits, ornaments; rigging; gearing.

Out of gear- निष्यान ; Disordered.

Goaring, ger'ing, n. বোডার সাজ; Harness:— বন্ধের যে চক্রাদি বাবা শক্তি পরিচালিত হয়; In machinery, a train of toothed wheels and pinions. Gooso, n Plural of goose.

All one's geese are swans—নিম্মের সাবই ভাল; All one's men are good men ( over-estimating what is one's own ).

Gohonna, gc-hcha, n. নরকর্ত্ত , Hell.

Gelatinate, ic-latin-at, Gelatinise, ie-latin-iz ৩. ৫. প্ৰোক্ত পৰাৰ্থে পৰিণত কৰা, To make into gelatine:—৩ i. To be converted into gelatine.

Gelatino, Golatin, jela-tin, n [ l. gelo, gelatum, to fice/e ] এক প্ৰকায় জান্তৰ পদাৰ্থ , A jellylike animal substance. a = gelatinous.

Golatinous, je-lat'-in-us, a আটাবৃক্ত, চট্চটে, Viscous .—মভাপাকার, Resembling or formed into jelly.

Gold, geld, ত f খোড়া কু; মুক্জেদন-কু; Castrate, emasculate.—মুখা নিষ্য হয়ণ-কু, আপপ্তিজনক বন্ধ ভাগ্ৰ-কু, To deprive of any thing objectionable; expingate. n = gelder.

Golding, gelding, n. মুক্চছেৰা; Castration:-ভিন্ন মুক্ষ অধ; A castrated horse.

Gelid, iclid, a শতন; অতাত শীতন; Cold; icy cold. ad=gelidly, n=gelidness, gelidity. Syn:—Fingid, icy, chilling, ficezing.

Gom, jem, n. [L. gemma, a bud] বছ, মণি;
]ewel — অভি গুলাবান বস্তু; মনোনৰ প্ৰবা, Any
thing extremely valuable or attractive : - কলিকা;
A bud:—e.t. বছ দাবা সুখোতি ১-৮, বছ ভূবিত-কু;
To adorn with gems. a—gemmy. Syn:—(n)
Germ; jewel, diamond.

Gomini, jenii-ni, n. pl মিখুনবাপি. A constellation containing the two bright stars, Castor and Pollus, the 3rd sign of the zodiac, which the sun enters about May 25th.

Gominous, jemm-us, a. খোড়া; Double, in Gommate, jemat, a. [L. gemme, to bud] কলি বৃদ্ধ , মুক্তি , Having buds.

Gemmation, jem-máshun, n. কোৰক-বিস্থাস; The arrangement of buds on the stalk, the act or period of budding.

Gemmiferous, jem-mif'er-us, a. [ I.. gemma, bud, fero, to bear ] মুক্লোংগাল; Bearing or producing buds.

Gemmiparous, jemmip'ar-us, a. [ L. gemma, a bud, pario, to bring forth ] স্বীয় দেই হইন্তে পুৰ-কুৎপাদ্যনীল; Producing by buds growing on the body. n=gemmiparity. [ bud.

Gommule, icmul, n. প্রকলিকা; A little leaf-Gommy, jeme, a. উল্ল ; Full of gems; bright, glittering; neat, smart, spruce. Gonder, jender, n [ L. genus, generis, a kınd, kin] নিজ; প্ৰোৱী কাডি; Sex, male or female: e. t. উৎপাদন-ডু; বস্তু অদান-ডু; To beget, engender. [policeman.

Gendrame, n. অনুধানী পান্তিরক্ক; An armed Geneological, jen-e-a-lojik-al, a. বংশাসূক্ষিক; বংশাবলী সম্ভান; Pertaining to the descent of families or persons. ad=genealogically.

Geneologist, jen-e-alo-jist, n. বংশজ; কুলাচার্য; One skilled in geneology; one who studies geneologies.

Geneology, jen-e-alo-ji, n. [Gr. ganea, birth, descent, and logos, a discourse ] বংশ, বংশবৃত্তাত্ত ; ক্লান্ত); বংশত্তিকা; Pedigree of a family. a= geneological. Syn:—Lineage, derivation.

Genera-See Genus.

General, jeher-al, a. সাধাৰণ; সমগ্ৰ জাতীৰ; অবাধ, আনিদিত; প্ৰচলিত; Relating to a genus or a kind; pertaining to a whole class; public; prevalent, vague; common; usual; widely spread—n প্ৰধানাংশ, The whole, the chief part:—সেনাপতি; কাকাথাক, Commander of an army. Sun—(a) Universal, total, catholic, ecumenical; extensive; vague, indefinite, lax.

General assembly—Chief assembly of the Scotch church.

General court—A Legislative body. [colonel General officer—An officer above the rank of In general— প্ৰায়ই; জৰিকাংশে; Generally; for the most part; in the main.

Generalisation, jen-ći-al-i-zfshun, #. এক শ্ৰেণীভুক্ত কৰণ ; The act of generalising.

Generalise, jen-ér-al-i, গ t. ৭ক জাতিতে সন্ধি-বেশিত-কু; সাধারণ শ্রেণাভূক-কু; To reduce to or bring under a general term — অসুমান-রু, ভটিকতক দৃহাক কইতে এক গাধারণ নিবম ক্রি-কু, চই একটির ভাব পেবিয়া সমগ্র জাতিব প্রকৃতি ক্রি-কু, To infer from one or a lew the nature of a whole class — সাধারণ-কু To make general. »= generalisation.

Generalissimo, jen-er-al-iঠা-mo, n. সেনানাযৰ; একাৰিক দৈয়বলের প্রধান অধ্যক্ষ, Chief commander of an army.

Generality, jen-er-nli-ti, n. প্রধান অংশ, প্রধান ভাগ; অধিকাংখ, The main body, bulk; the greater part .— সাধাৰণা; সাধাৰণত; State of being general. Syn —Universality, mass, majority, common run.

Generality of mankind—প্রায় সকল লোক।

Generally, jeńer-al-i, ad সাধাৰণতঃ, সচৰাচৰ, স্থাতঃ, মোটামুটা; এক সঙ্গে, অবাধে, In general, extensively; commonly, most frequently, in a general way; on the whole; collectively, without restriction:—আম; Mostly.

Generalship, jeńci-al-ship, z. সৈক্সাপতা; সেনা-প্তিষ্, The office of a general:—মুদ্ধ-নৈপুণ্য, সমব-নিপুণতা, Military skill.

Congrant, icher-ant, n. [ L. genero, to generate! জননশ্জি; The power that generates or produces.

Generate, jeńer-at, v. t. [L. genus, a kind] অসব-কু, উৎপাদন-কু, জন্ম দেওয়া; To beget; to produce; to originate; to bring into life. Syn: Engender, procreate, propagate; produce, form.

Generation, jen-er áshun, ম. উৎপাৰৰ; প্ৰাৰত্ব।
Begetting; production:—জনন-কিয়া; The act of producing or originating:—অপ্তি: Offspring; progency:—বংশ; জাতি; Race:—পুকৰ; A rank in geneology:—এক বুগের লোক; সমকালিক লোক:
The people of the same period —কাল; The ordinary interval of time at which one rank follows another or father is succeeded by child; an age:—pl. বংশবৃত্তান্ত্র, Geneogoly; history.
Syn:—Procreation, propagation, formation; family, stock, breed, kind, geneology, derivation, origin, age, era, epoch.

Generative, jcher-a-tiv, a. উৎপাদনকম; अन्त-कम; Having the power of producing, prolific.

Generative power—জননশক্তি; উৎপাদনশক্তি। Generator, jeńer-3-tor, স. জনমিত্ ; ভন্মদাতা; উৎপাদক ; Parent , begetter , producer.

Generic, je ner'ık, Generical, je-ner'ık-al, a. জাতিগত; সমগ্ৰ জাতিয় , বৰ্গীয় ; বহু বিস্তাৰ্থ , Belonging to genus; peculiar to; comprehensive. ad — generically.

Generic difference—ৰাতিগত প্ৰভেগ।

Generosity, icher-osi-ti, n. উদাৰ্থা; বদান্তভা; দাননীনতা, উদাৰ্থতা, Kindness; liberality, munificence Syn:—Disinterestedness, bountifulness, benevolence.

Generous, jeher-us, a. [ I. genus, birth ] উদায়-প্রকৃতি; দ্যাল, ধানশাল. Liberal, kind. munificent:—বলকাবক; উত্তেজক; তেজখী, সংসাহসী; Invigorating in its nature; as, wine, courageous. ad=generously, n=generousness. Syn:—Openhearted, bountiful, hospitable, charitable

Genesis, jene-১i১, n. জন্ম , উৎপাদন , সৃষ্টি , Birth ; creation or production :—বাইবেলের আদি পুত্তক ; The first book of the Bible.

Genet, Gennot-same as Gennet

Genet, jehet, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ মাংদাশী জন্ত ; A kind of carmyorous animal.

Geneva, je-ne'va, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ ভগানক উত্তেশক দ্বা, A powerfully stimulating spirit.

Genial, je'ni-al, a. [L. genius, the spirit of social enjoyment] উৎপাদনকম, Generative — বাস্তাকর, আননকব; আননকব ; অধিনাদীক ; জই; অনুক্ল; Healthful, cheering; merry; sympathetic. adgrenially Sym—Postering, inspiring, enlivening, cordial, hearty, joyous, festive, joyial.

Goniality, jt-ni-ali-ti, Genialness, je'ni-al-nes, n. অফুল্লচা, জান্স, Gaiety, cheerfulness. Geniculate, je-nikū-līt, Geniculated, je-nikū-līt-ed, a. ৰজাকাৰ, আছিবিশিষ্ট, Bent abruptly at an angle like the knee, jointed. n=geniculation

Genital, jehi-tal, a. [L. genitus, to beget] উৎপাদন-সন্থানীয়, জনন-ক্রিয়া-বটিড; Pertaining to generation.

Genitals, ichi-talz, n. pl. জননালাদি; জননোত্রিষ; উপস্থাদি. The exterior organs of generation; the p.ivates; the sexual organs

Genitive, jehi-tiv, n. मनकातक, वहा, Possessive

case :-- a. नवकीय ; नवकनायक न्डक ; Pertaining to indicating source, origin possession &c.

Genius, je'ni-us, n. [ L. gignere, to beget ] বাভাবিক শক্তি; প্ৰতিভা; Inborn bent of mind; superior inborn power of mind: — বীশক্তি সম্পন্ন लाक: अखिकानानी वाकि: A man of genius:-শৰ্ম, প্রকৃতি ; Peculiar constitution or character of any thing :- উপদেৰতা; দেবতা; A good or evil spirit. Sin:-Spirit, demon, tutelary deity; nature, character, disposition; bent, turn, aptitude, capacity, endowment, talent, ability, intellect, fancy, imagination, wit, creativeness, inventiveness; adept, proficient, masterhand. Genre-painting, zhongr-panting, त्र. देवनियन बााशास्त्र हिजाकन ; In painting, a general name applied to all compositions with figures that illustrate every-day life and manners. [a place. Genius looi-ছানীয় দেবতা ; Pervading spirit of Genius of a famine-ছভিক্ দেবতা : Impersonation of famine, which is represented as very lean.

Genteel, ien-tēl, a. [L. gens, a Roman clan or family] ভয়; স্বৰ্গন; Well-bred; graceful in manners or in form. n=genteelness (ভয়তা); ad=genteelly. Syn — Polite, courteous, elegant, stylish, refined, polished, fashionable.

Gential, jenshal, n এক বৰুষ পাছ; A plant the 100t of which is used in medicine.

Gontile, jentil, n. উপদেৰতা-উপাসক; পৌতাসিক. A heathen, any one not a Jew or Christain; a wor-hiper of false gods:—a. ইঙলী ভিত্ৰ অন্ত নাহীয়; Pertaining to pagans or heathens.

Gentility, jen-tin-ti, n. Gentleness, n. জ্জা; সংগ্ৰে রম, Politeness; refinement; good-birth; good bireding. Syn:—Courtesy, urbanity, refinement, civility, courtliness.

Centle, jentl, a. সংকুলোৱৰ; স্বজাত; ভদ্ৰ; Wellborn, refined, soft and refined in manners:—
শাস্ত , মুদু, Mild; quiet and docile:—স্থীল; নম;
Amable:—শাতিকর; Soothing:—মাছ ধবিষার জন্ত
বাস্কুত মফিকাদির অত, The maggot of some flies,
used as bait in angling. Syn:—(a) Placid,
bland, meek, dove-like, peaceful, pacific, tame,
tractable. n=gentleness, ad=gently.

Gentlefolks, jehtl-foks, n. pl. ভরবোৰ; Persons of good-breeding and family.

Gentleman, jehtl-man, n. জন্মলোক; সন্থান্থ বাজি; A man who is well-born or of good family; a well-bred man:—বাজসংসাহে কৰ্চারী; An officer of the royal household:—pl. নাগরিক; সংবাধনে ব্যক্ত পদ, In pl. citizens; a word of address. Gentleman in black—দশতান; Satan.

Gentleman-like, —lik, Gentlemanly, —li, a.
ভয়োচিত; ইদার; Like or becoming a gentleman; generous. n=gentlemanliness. Syn:—Polite, complaisant, courteous, well-bred, obliging.

Gentlewoman, n. ভাষাইলা; ভাষা; Wife of a gentleman:—fem. of gentleman.

Gentry, n. ভয়সন; আয়; মধ্যবিত্ত লোক; Gentle folk; the body of the lesser nobility; the class of people between the nobility and the vulgar. Genufication, Genufication, jen-U-flekshun,

n. [L. genu, the knee, flexio, a bending ] (উপাসনাকালে) আৰু খাৱা ভূমি পূৰ্বৰ; The act of bending the knee, particularly in worship.

Gonuine, jehu-in, a. [ L. genitus, to beget, to be born ] অৰুত্ৰিম; অকপট; নৈসৰ্পিক; বিভদ্ধ; Unadulterated; true; not artificial; real; pure:—n=genuineness (অৰুত্ত্ত্বিমভা); ad=genuinely. Syn:—Natural, unalloyed, unadulterated; unaffected, sincere; authentic, veritable, not fictitious.

Genus, je'nus, n. [L. genus, generis, birth]
স্থান-ধ্যাকাৰ একাধিক আঠিব স্থবাঃ; আঠি; Class
having many species under it. pl=general.
Syn:—Race, kind, class, sort.

Geocentrio, je-o-sentrik, Geocentrical, je-o-sen-trik-al, a. [Gr. gē, the earth kentron, a centre] পুৰেন্দ্ৰ; ভূমণৰ বাহায় কেন্দ্ৰহানীয়; Having reference to the earth as certre. ad=geocentrically.

Geode, je'od, n. [Gr. gē, the earth, sidos, form] গ্লেরবিশিষ্ট গোলাকার শিলাক বিশেষ; A rounded nodule of store having a small cavity.

Geodesic, je-o-deśik, Geodesical,-al, Geodesical,-derik-al, a. ছুণ্ঠ-পরিমিড-বিষয়ক; Pertaining to geodesy.

Geodosy, je-ode-si, n. [ Gr. gō, the earth, and dato, to divide ] ভুগুঠ পরিমিতি; বে বিজ্ঞান নাহাবো বৃহৎ বৃহৎ ভূৰণ্ডের পরিমাণ ছিব করা বার; That branch of applied mathematics whose object is to measure the earth and its parts on a large scale.

Geognost, jéog-nost, n. ভূতৰ্বিশাৰদ প্ৰিত; One versed in geognosy.

Geognostic, Geognostical, a. ত্তৰ্-আৰ-ঘটিত; Pertaining to a knowledge of geognosy, geoglogical.

Geognosy, je-og'no-si, n. [Gr. gē, the earth, and gnēsis, knowledge] ভূতৰ্বিদ্যার এক শাখা. That part of geology which explains the actual mineral structure of the earth without inquiring into its history.

Geogony, je-og'o-ni, n. [Gr. ge, the earth, and gone, generation] সুখান তম; The doctrine of the formation of the earth. a=geognic.

Geographer, je-og'ra-lêr, n. জুণানজ ; জুণোন-বিবরণ-বেস্তা ; One who is versed in or writer on geography.

Geographic, je-o-graf'ik, Geographical,-al, a. ভ্গোল সম্বার; ভোগোলিক; Relating to geography. ad=geographically.

Geography, je-og'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. ge. the earth, and graphe, a description ] ভূগোল বিষয়া; Description of the earth; the science which treats of the world and its inhabitants.

Geological, je-o-lojik-al, a. ভূতব্ৰিয়ক; Pertaining to Geology. ad=geologically.

Geologise, ge-olo-jiz, v. i. তৃত্তবের আলোচনা-য় ।
To study Geology. [in Geology.
Geologist, je-olo-jist, n. তৃত্তব্বিং; One versed
Geology, je-olo-ji, n. [Gr. ge, the earth, logos,
a discourse] তৃত্তব্বিশা; তৃত্তব; The science which
treats of the structure and mineral constitution
of the earth. a=geological.

Geomancer, je'o-man-sér, n যে বড়ি পাভিয়া গণনা কৰে, One versed in geomancy.

Geomanoy, ie'o-man-si, n. [ Gr ge, the earth, and mantera, divination ] বড়ি পাতিয়া গানা. A kind of divination by means of figures or lines drawn on the earth

Geomantic, pt-o-mantik, a প্ৰা-বিদ্যা-বিবয়ক; Belonging to geomancy.

Geometer, je-ome-ter, Geometrician, je-ome-trish-yan, n. জামিডিছ, জামিডিবেক্তা, One skilled in geometry.

Geometric, ্হ-o-met'rik, Geometrical, -al, a ক্ষেত্ৰখন্তি, Pertaining to geometry, done by geometry ad=geometrically.

Geometry, je-ome-tri, n [ Gr ge, the earth, metrev, to measure] জানিতি, That branch of mathematics, which treats of the properties of magnitude and its relations a=geometric, geometrical

Geoponic, je-o-pońsk, Geoponical,-al, a [Gr ge, the carth, and ponos, labour] কৃষিবিষয়ক . Pettaining to agriculture.

Georama, jt-o-ra'ma, n [Gr. ge, the earth horama, a view] অভ্যন্তৰ ভাগে ভ্যন্তলেৰ প্ৰতিকৃতি-বিশিষ্ট গোলক, A hollow sphere with a general view of the geography of the earth on the inner surface

Georgian, jorn-an, a জর্জিয়া দেশীয় ৷ ইংল্ডের জই নামধ্যে চারিতন রাজাব রাজত্বালীন , Belonging to Georgia , relating to the reigns of the four Georges, kings of Great Britain.

Georgic, jorjuk, n কৃষিবিষয়ক কবিতা, A poem on husbandry, a rural poem

Georgie, joifik, Georgical, joifik-ul a [ Gr ge, the earth, and ergon, a work ] কৃষিস্থানীয়, Relating to agriculture or rural affairs—n কৃষিকাৰ্য, A poem on agricultures.

Gerah, ge'ra, न. ইহদীদের मृता বিশেষ, Hebrew coin, worth about 1 dd.

Geranium, ge-rani-um, n [Gi geranos, a crane] চকুৰং বীজাধাৰবিশিষ্ট ডান্ত্ৰপালেৰ, A genus of plant having beak-like secul-yessels

Germ, jerm, n [L germen, a bud | অধ্য , মুক্ল, ৰীজ, A seed-bud, a shoot, fruit in embryo — মূল, মূলভন্ধ, আদি পতা, Origin, first principle Syn —Seed, nucleus, ovary.

Gorman, jei'man, n জাপানি দেশীয় লোক বা ভাষা, A native of Germany, the Oceman language —a জাপানি দেশীয়, Belonging to German,

Gorman, per'man, —main, —mane, per-min a নিকট-সপ্পৰীয়, যনিষ্ট সদৃশ, Nearly tel sted , close ly allied, nearly akin —সঙ্গ , Appropriate relevant Syn —Allied, kindred, related, congenial, fitting, pertinent

German-silver, jer'man-silver, দ এক প্রকার কুত্রিম বোপ্য , Alloy of copper, nukel and zinc

Cousins German, গ আভাবা ছগ্নাব পুত্র কন্তা এক পিভায়বেব পৌত্রপোত্রীপন, এক সাভায়বেব দেণিব্র-লাহিত্রাপা, The son or daughters of brothers or sisters, cousins having the same grandfather High german—The Teutonic dialect of upper or Southern Germany.

Low Germany—The language of Northern Germany and Netherlands.

Germinal, jermin-al, a জহুর সম্কীয়, বৈজিক, Pertaining to a germ.

Germinant, jermin-ant, a. जब्दाश्यानामा ; Sprouting, sending forth germs and buds.

Germinate, jermin-āt, v ঃ. অৰুদ্ধিত-ভ; To begin to grow, to sprout, vegetate:—v.t অৰুদ্ধ উৎ-পাদৰ কু, অৰুদ্ধিত-কু, To cause to sprout n=germination Syn —Shoot, bud, develop, pullulate Germination, n অৰুদ্ধেতি, The act of sprouting — অৰুদ্ধেত্ৰ সময়, Time in which seeds vegetate after being planted — ভালোক, Persons of good breeding and family.

Gorund, jer'und n [ L gero, to carry ] কিবাবাচৰ বিশেষপথ, A kind of verbal noun governing
case like a participle, a kind of verbal noun
having the nature of a participle a=gerundial.
Gestation, jes-tashun, n [ L. gestatum, to
carry ] গৰ্ভধাৰণ, The state of pregnancy. a=
gestatory [ taining to pregnancy.

Gestatory, jesta-tor-। a গভগাৱণ সম্বন্ধীয় Per-Gestic, jestik, a. অঙ্গবিদেশ বিষয়ক, অভুত, উপস্থাসিক, Relating to bodily action or motion, legendary

Gesticulate, jes-tikū-lāt, গ গ অসভদী-কৃ, To represent by action — গ গ সক্তমী-কৃ, To make gesture, to play antic tricks

Gestioulation, jes-tikū-lashun, n অক্তঙ্গী, Antic tricks, a gesture a=gesticulatory

Gosticulator, es-tiku lā-toi, n বে অস্বভাই কৰে; One who gesticulates.

Gesticulatory, jes-tiku l'i tor-i, a অকভনীপুর্ণ, Representing or abounding in gesticul itions

Gesture, jestūr, n [I giro, to hear] আৰার-ক্ৰাৰ অৱস্থা Movement of the body and limbs in speaking, bearing Syn —Gesticulation, action, attitude, posture

Got. get. n t প্ৰাপ্ত হ, অধিকার-কু, লাভ-কু, To obtain, procure, gain possession, acquire, earn, win, to have, to possess used only with have and had -উৎপাদৰ-কু, ক্রান্সে, To beget, procreate - শিকা কু, অভাস কু, To learn, commit to memory --প্ৰাৰ্থিক, প্ৰবুপ্ত কু, To prevail on persuade - AUG , l'o procure to be, or to occur-with a following participle - अवनचन-कृ, नक्षा गांडमा, lo betake, to carry,-in a re flexive use - ? 2. 四月. To gain - (本日 अवश्र देशकिन है, To fall or bring one self into a state or condition - \$911, To come to be, to become-with a following adjective, belonging to the subject of the verb Syn - Attain, secure, beget, procreate, commit, persuade, induce. [ Become known

Get abroad — বাহিবে বা , Go out — প্ৰকাশিত হ , Got ahead — অথমান - ই উন্নতি ক , Advance , pro per. [ vance , make progress Get along — উন্নতি-ক আমান - ই , Proceed , ad-

Get asleep—ৰিজিত ই, Fall asleep

Get at—পোচাৰ, উপস্থিত সংলা, Reach — প্ৰাপ্ত-হ, Attain, obtain —ভিতৰের বৃত্তীয় স্থাৰা, Gain an insight into. Get away—গৰাইয়া বিছতি লাভ-ফু; To escape. Get clear—যুক্ত-হ : Become free from entanglements.

Get drunk—ম্ভাল-ছ: To become intoxicated.
Get for one's pains—প্রিত্তম সম্ভ প্রকার প্রাপ্ত-ছ;
Receive in return as a reward or compensation.
Get forward—অগ্রসর-ছ; ধনবান-ছ; Proceed;
advance in wealth.

Get into--প্রবেশ-ক ; Enter (into).

Get into a scrape—হৰ্গতিপ্ৰাপ্ত বা বিপদে পভিত হত্ত্বা; Fall into a disagreeable and embarrassing predicament.

Get into debt—ৰণগ্ৰন্থ-হ। [ self Get loose or free—মুক্ত-হ; To disengage one-Get off—পলামন-ক; পলাইমা নিছতি পাওমা; Escape:—মুক্ত বা বাহিম-ক; Set free from.

Get off soot free—একবারে নিয়তি পাওয়া; Get off free from payment (i. e. unhurt, safe).

Get on—চলা; উন্নতি-কৃ; ক্ৰমে উন্নতিপ্ৰাপ্ত-হ; Proceed. progress; advance:—কৃতকাৰ্য-হ; Succeed:—এগোন; Make progress:—থাকা; Fare. Get one (to do a thing)—কাহাকে কোন কাৰ্য কন্মন; Prevail upon one to do a thing.

Get over—অভিনয়-কু; To overcome; surmount:
—পার হওরা, Cross:—মারোগ্য লাভ-কু; Recover

Get quit of-मक्ट-इ : Get rid of.

Get rid of—(আপনাকে) মুক্ত-কৃ; তদাৎ করা বা হস্তান্তর কু; Free onesell from; dispose of:—সষ্ট করিছা নিকৃতি লাভ-কৃ, Do away with.

Get ready \_ and . To prepare.

Get round—बाद्यांगा नाज-कू ; Recover.

Get scent of—গৰু পাওয়া; সকাৰ বা আভাস পাওযা; Get an inkling of.

Get the better of—লাভবান বা লয়ী-হ; Get advantage, superiority or victory.

Get the start—অগ্ৰগামী-ই, To be in advance. Get through—ভিতৰ দিয়া বাঙ্গা; কাটাৰ; Pass through:—বেৰ-কু; নিম্পন্ত-কু; সমাধা-কু; Execute; con.plete; finish.

Get to—((কান ছানে) উপনীত-হ; Arrive at (a Get together—সংগ্রহ-কু; মড-কু; Assemble.

Get up—আমন বা শ্যা ইছাড উঠা, জাগরিত-হ, উঠা; আবোহণ-কু, Rise (from seat or bed); arise; ascend:—শিকা-কু; Learn:—আবস্ত-কু; Set on foot:—প্রজ্ঞত-কু; Prepare; propose, to make ready:—লিখা; ছাপা; প্রকাশ-কু; Write, print or publish:—কোন (খারাপা) বিবয় এক রকম করিয়া সাজাইয়া খাড়া-কু; Concoct:—a. জাসালিসন্ধি সাধনার্থ ক্রিড, Prepared for an occasion; concocted for some evil end.

Get-up, n. গঠন. বেশস্বা; আকাৰ প্ৰকাৰ; ভাষা; General composition or structure; the manner in which the parts of a thing are combined; make-up; style.

Get upon-बादाइन-कृ : Mount.

Get well--वादांत्रा नांड-क ; Recover.

Get wind— একাশিত-হ; Become public; to be divulged. [one's dwelling. To get home—বাটাতে পৌহাৰ; To arrive at Getter, geter, n. বে বাজি প্ৰাপ্ত হয় বা জন্ম পেয়; One who gets, obtains or begets.

Getting, geting, n. আছি; প্ৰায় বস্তু ; A gaining ; anything gained. Syn:—Obtaining, acquisition, acquirement, gain, profit.

Gewgaw, gu gaw, n. ক্রীড়ার বস্তু ; পিন্তর ক্রীড়নক ; পুতুর ; A toy ; a bauble ; a showy trifle ; splendid plaything —a আড়বরবিশিষ্ট ; অকিভিবের ; Showy, gaudy ; without value. Syn:—(n) Trinket, kickshaw, gimcrack.

Geyser, griser n. উকোৎস; উক প্রক্রবণ; A boiling spring in Iceland.

Ghastly, gastli, a. [A. S. gaestlic, terrible ]
ভূতবং; Like a ghost; deathlike:—বিবৰ্গ; Extremely pale:—ভগানক; ভাবগ; Horrible; dreadful:—ad. ভগানকলপে, Hideously. n=ghastliness.
Syn:—Spectral, pallid, cadaverous, wan, ashy,
dismal; hideous, shocking.

Ghat, Ghaut, gawt, n. গিবিপাৰ; শৈনতেনী; পৰ্যত্ত্ৰেনী; A mountain pass; a chain of mountains:—ঘট; A river landing place with stairs, temple &c, stairs descending to a river or tank. Ghee, gc, n. মৃত; Clarified butter.

Gherkin, gér'kın, n. এক জাতীয় ছোট পায়; A small species of cucumber used for pickling.

Ghost, göst, n. আয়া; The soul:—ছড; An apparation; a spirit appearing after death:—
সামান্ত সাধ্ত ; Any faint semblance, as the ghost of chance. a= ghostlike. Syn:—Apparition, spectre, shade phantom.

Give up the ghost—প্রাপতাগ-ক ; দেহতাগি-ক ; Holy ghost, ». পবিৰাম্বা The happy spirit ; the comforter.

Ghostly, gostli, a. ভৌতিক , ভূতসম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to apparitions :—এথবিক ; আধাান্তিক ; Spirie tual :—ধশ্বসংক্রাস্থ ; Religious. n = ghostliness.

Ghoul, gool, n. রাক্ষ, প্রেড; A demon supposed to feed on the dead.

Giant, ji'ant, n. দানব; দৈতা; অক্ৰব; বাকস; A. Titan:—বৃংদাকার ব্যক্তি; বিকটাকার নর; A person of extraordinary powers or strength:—a. বৃংধ-কার; আক্রিক; অকাক, Gigantic; of extraordinary size. fem=Giantess (দানবী) ! Syn:—Cyclops, colossus.

Giaour, jowr, n. অবিশাসী : An infidel.

Gib, n 資本刻, A purce or slip.

Gibber, v. i. আশাহ ও সত্ত্ব ৰলা; To chatter; to speak rapidly and marticulately.

Gibberish, giber-ish, n. অপষ্ট কৰা; অৰ্থণুত বাৰা; Rapid talk; unmeaning words:—a. অৰ্ণণুত; Unmeaning Syn:—Prate, jabber, jargon, babble, twaddle.

Gibbet, jiliet, n. বধাৰাষ্ঠ; কাসিকাষ্ঠ; A gallows:
—v. t. কাসি-দে, প্ৰাণবধ-ফু; To expose on a gallows; to execute. [long-armed apea. Gibbon, gibun, n. এক ভাতীয় বানয়; A kind of Gibbose, gib-bos, a. [L. gibbus, a hump]
ৰাজ, বকু; কুজ, Humped; having one or more

elevations.

Gibbous, gibus, a. कह; क्व : कि ; श्रव :

Crooked; hump-backed swelling. Syn :
Crooked; protuberant, convex, swelling, roun-

ded. ad=gibbously, n=gibbousness.

Gibe, jib, v. t. গালি-দে; বিজ্ঞপ-কু; To abuse; to

taunt; to scoff at:—v. i. নিজা-কু; To sneer; to cast reproaches; to rail; to scoff:—n. ঠাটা; বিজ্ঞপ; অবজা; Railing; sneer; scoff; contempt. Syn:—Flout, ridicule, deride. [of giblets. Giblets, jib-let, a. মেটলা প্ৰভূতি ছালা প্ৰভূত; Made Giblets, jiblets, n.pl. পাৰীল মেট প্ৰভূতি, বাহা পৃৰ্কু পাক কৰা হইলা থাকে; Those parts of a fowl, heart, liver, &c., which are taken out before cooking and often served separately, as in a sauce or pie.

Giddiness, gide-nes, n. অন্তিয়তা; নকলভা; মাধা বোরা; Inconstancy, unsteadiness, levity; vertigo, dizziness.

Giddy, gidi, a. মাধা ঘোৰা রোগবিশিষ্ট; মতকমূখ্ন-রোগালাড়; Dizzy, that causes dizziness.—
চকল: অছিন্ন; Fickle; inconstant:—বিচলিত;
বিবেচনাশৃত্য; Whirling, thoughtless. n=giddiness,
ad=giddily. Syn:—Vertiginous; unstable,
changeable, thoughtless, unsteady, flighty.

Giddy-headed, a. নিৰ্কোগ: Thoughtless. Giddy height—অভ্যূম ; Such height as makes the head giddy.

Gier-eagle, jer-egl, n. জগলপকী বিশেষ; A species of eagle mentioned in the Bible.

Gift, gft, n. দান : A present : a donation :—

খাতাবিক শক্তি : প্রকৃতিদন্ত গুণ : Natural talent :—

খনত : Any thing given :—উৎকোচ : A bribe :—

o. t. বিশেষ শক্তি বা খণ প্রদান-কু : To endow with some power or faculty. Syn :—(n) Grant, largess, benefaction, boon, bounty, gratuity, offering : endowment, faculty, talent.

Be sifted with—ভণবিশিষ্ট ≉ : Be endowed with.

Gift of the gab—বাৰ্পটুকা ; Readiness of speech, fluency.

In the gift of—কাহার অধীনে; বাহা (কোন পদ বা সন্থান) দিবার অধিকার আছে; At the disposal of. Gifted, gifted, a. শুণবিশিষ্ট; স্থমতাপর, বভাবনিদ্ধ শুণসম্পন্ন; Endowed by nature. Syn —Talented, able, clever, ingenious, capable, inventive.

CAS, gig, n. ছিচক্ৰ লঘু যান, ছই চাকার চোট গাড়ী;
A light one horse carriage with one pair of
wheels:—ক্স ভরী; A long light boat:—অসংযতচিন্ত ব্যক্তি; A wanton person.

Gigantic, Ji-gantik, a. প্রকাত ; অসবতুল , Huge, enormous ; like a giant. ad = gigantically Syn. —Colossal, immense, prodigious, cyclopean

Giggle, gig'l, v. i. ইবং হাস্য-কৃ; মুখ চাণিয়া হাসা .
Titter; grin; to laugh in a half suppressed or silly manner:—n. ইবং হাস্য; মুখ চাণিয়া হাস্য; A laugh with short catches of the breath or voice.
m-giggler.

Gigot, jig'ut, n. ভেডার রাজ ; A leg of mutton.
Gild, gild, v. t. বর্ণমভিত-র ; পিল্টি-র ; To cover
with any goldlike substance ; to adorn with
lustre :—অভাবিশিষ্ট-র ; উজ্জা-র ; To illuminate ,
brighten. n=gilder. Syn:—Embellish, adorn,
deck, garnish.

Gild or sugar the pill—बर्थोजिक व वस्तर वीजि-कद-कृ; To render a disagreeable thing attractive. Gilder, gilder, म. रव वालि करवाद स्नानानी दद् करद; One whose trade is to gild or overlay things with gold. Gilding, gilding, n. সোনালী কৰ্ম্ম; বৰ্ণবয়ন ; Gold laid on any surface for ornament.

Gill, jil, n. পরিষাণবিশেষ; পাইন্টের চতুর্ব ভাগ; A measure of capacity; the fourth part of a pint. Gills, gils, n. ক্ৰা; কানকুলা; মংস্যাদিন হাসবল্ধ; Breathing organ of a fish. [page or menial. Gillio, Gilly, gili, n. ব্ৰক; ভূতা; A youth; a Gilly-flower, jili-flow-er, n. সভাবিশেষ; A plant with beautiful flowers so called from its clove-like smell.

Gilt, gilt, pa. t. and pa. p. of gild.

Gilt, gilt, a. বর্ণমভিত; Gilded.

Gilt edged—ধারে সোনার জল দিয়া আছিত-কু; ছবৰ্ণ-রলিত প্রাস্ত: Having gilded edges, as the leaves of a book.

Gimbals, gimbalz, n. pl. [L. gemelli, twins]
আহাজ দিশ্দশন যত্ৰ শহান বাধিবাৰ আধাৰ; A contrivance consisting of two rings for suspending
the mariner's compass so as to keep it always
horizontal.

Gimorack, jimkrak, n. পুতুল; বেগুলা; কৌনল; A toy, a device. Syn:—Plaything, trinket, bauble.

Gimlet, gimlet, n. ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ ব্যা; জোন্না; ত্ৰপুণ, A small boring tool:—v. t. ত্ৰপুণ থাৰা ছিত্ৰ-কু, নজন তুনান; To pierce with a gimlet; to run round an anchor of a ship.

Gimp, n. কিতা; কড় পেওয়া পাড়; A kind of brace or lace; a kind of silk, woolen, or cotton twist or edging.

Gin, jin, n. মণা বিশেষ; A malt spirit:—আল; কাদ, A snare; trap:—ভার তুলিবার যন্ত্র, উত্তোলন যন্ত্র; A machine for raising weights:—v. t. কাদে বলা, কাদে কেলা; কাশিন পবিভাষ-কৃ: To trap or ensnare; to catch in a trap; to clear cotton of its seeds by a machine.

[ A hot spice. Ginger, jinjer, n. লভাবিশেষ, A plant:—আলা; Dry-ginger, n. নতী।

Ginger-beer, jinjer-ber, n. এক প্রকার মদ্য ; A sort of heer flavoured with ginger.

Ginger-bread, jinger-bred, n. Marfetta;
Sweet cake flavoured with ginger.

Ginger-breadwork-কাক্কাৰ্য; Work cut or carved in fanciful shapes,

Gingerly, jińjér-li, a. সত্তভাবে , সাংবাদপ্রক , জন্মরূপে ; Nicely, cautiously ; daintily. Syn :— Carefully, fastidiously.

Gingham, ging ham, n. কার্পান বস্ত্রবিশেষ ; কার্পান ; A kind of cotton cloth ; cotton stuff.

Gingle, jing'l, Same as Jingle.

Gipsy, Gipsey, Gypsy, Gypsey, jip'si, ন. ইউবোপ-প্রবাদী অনপশীল লাভিবিশেব; One of a wandering race, originally from India, now scattered over Europe:—ধুৱা বৰণা; ভাইন; A crafty, tricking woman.

Giraffe, ji-raf, n. পত বিশেষ; কিৰেছা; The camelopard; an African quadruped whose fore legs are much longer than the hind ones. Girandole—শীপাধাৰ; A chandelier.

Gird, gérd, n. পশুড়াৰাত ; বেআঘাত ; The stroke of a rod :—উৎকট বাতৰা ; A severe pang :—মেৰ ; বিজ্ঞপ ; A sarcastic remark ; a sneer :—ত. ঠ. ক্ষেক্-কৃ; ক্ষেত্ৰ-কৃ; To encircle; to surround; to fasten:—ব্য বারা আবৃত্ত-কৃ; To clethe; to dress:—আবাত-কৃ; To strike:—v. i. ঠাটা-কৃ, To gibe; sneer. Syn:—(n) Twitch, pang; cut, gibe, sarcasm; hoop, (v) engirdle, belt, environ, enfold, inclose.

Gird up one's loins—কোমর বাধা; কোন আসর বিপদের অস্ত প্রত্য হওয়া; Bind fast one's loins; prepare for some hazardeus undertaking.

Girder, gerder, n. বেষ্টনকারী; পরিবেষ্টক; What girds; a satarist:—প্রথান কড়িকার্ট, Chief beam in a wall, floor &c.

Girdle, gerdl, n. কটিবৰ, Belt for the wrist:— থেব; মণিব চতুঃপাৰ্থন্থ বেথাকার চিক্ত; An inclosure; a horizontal line encompassing a stone:—v.i. কটিবৰ হাৱা বাহা; To bind as with a girdle:— হেইল-কু, Enclose. Syn:—(n) Band, girth, fillet With tied girdle—বদ্ধ-প্ৰিক্তৰ।

Girl, gérl, n. বালিকা; কুমারী; A female child or young woman. [ the state of being a gerl. Girlhood, gerlhood, n. বালিকারতা, Childhood; Girlish, gérlish, a. বালিকায়লভ; বালিকার স্থায়; বালিকারং; Of or like a gerl. n- girli-hness. adgarlishly. [ French Revolution. Girondist, n. Moderate Republican in the first

Girt, gert, w. Moderate Republican in the first Girt, gert, w.t (বস্তুন-কু; To gird, to surround Girt, gert, Girth, gerth, n ্যাতার পেঠা, Bellyband of a saddle — উদৰেশ্ব বেড, Measure round the body as at the waist or belly.

Gist, jiet, n. ফলার্থ; মার কথা; মূল কথা, The main point or pith of a matter, purport. Syn:— Marrow, essence, pith, force, substance.

Give, giv, v. t দান-র ; বিভরণ-ক ; To hestow, to grant :— অদান-ক , দান-ক , To deliver ; to impart (possession) :— লমা . প্রচার-ক ; To pronounce, as a decision; to utter, as a judgment :— দেরলা . To pay or render, as thanks — আদান-ক , To show, as a result :— প্রহণ-ক . বীফার-ক ; To allow or admit :— জ্ঞাপন-ক , To announce (tidings) :— জাম্মাত-ক ; To permit, allow, heense — — নিয়ন্ত ক ; To devote; apply :— যোগান ; To furnish .— v. i. গমন-ক , গান্ডাগমন-ক ; To yield to force or pression; move; recede .— মবনত হ , দমিলা-মা; নরম-হ , গলিতে আরম্ভ-ক ; To begin to meit; to grow soft.

A give-and-take affair—প্ৰকাষ উপকাৰ প্ৰত্যুপ কাৰেব বিষয় ( আয়নান্ত মুখ দেখার স্বৰূপ), A reciprocation of good offices

Give (or make) a call—অলকণ অন্ত সাকাৎ-কু;
Make a short visit. [die or be destroyed.
Give a death blow to—লুই-কু; To cause to
Give a dog an ill name and you may as
woll hang him—কাহারও প্ৰাম নই করিলে, তাহার
সকল ক্থ নই হইমা বার; To destroy a man's reputation is to destroy all his enjoyment and influence.

Give a false colouring—নিপা বৰ্ণনা-কু; To misrepresent; to make to appear different from what it is.

[ general. Give a lift—সাহায়া-কু, Give assistance in Give a loose to the fancy—কল্পায়ব্ধী-হু; To indulge the fancy, to be fanciful.

Give away—হতান্তর-কৃ; দিয়া কেলা; Make over to another; make over absolutely; transfer:— কন্তাদান-কৃ; Act the part of father to the bride at a marriage.

Give back--থতাৰ্গ-ক ; প্ৰৱাধ-দে ; Return.

Give battle-শৃদ্ধ প্রবৃত্ত-ই ; Engage in contest.

Give birth-- প্ৰস্ব-ক ; To bear.

Give chase –পদানাবিত-হ; অসুমৰ্থ-কু; Pursue. Give countenance to—সাহাৰ্য-কু, Fayour; aid. Give credit to—বিশাস-কু, Believe.

Givo car to নেনোগপুৰ্কক আবণ-কু, Listen attentively. [lish; tell; emit.

Give forth— প্ৰকাশ-ক , প্ৰচাৰ-ক , উল্লাবিণ-ক ; Pub-Give ground —পিছে হাটা; Recede. [ ক ; Yield. Give in—বশিস্ত-হ ; বগুতা স্বীকাৰ-ক , প্ৰাচ্য স্বীকাৰ-Give it to one well—আন্ধা কৰে দেওবা (প্ৰহাৰ বা হৰ্ণনৰা); Scold one; attack one with angry words or blows.

Give one the slip — প্ৰায়ন ক, Elude one; to escape from one, to desert unexpectedly.

Give oneself out as for or for—আপনাকে কোন কিছু ব'নাশ জাহেৰ-কু; Publicly claim or represent one ell to be.

Give onesolf up—আবোগ্য হটবাৰ আশা ড্যাগ-ক ; Despair of one's recovery — বাৰিক্ত-হ; To resign or devote, abandon oneself to; be addicated to —অভিনিবেশ-ক ; Devote oneself to.

Crive out —প্রকাশ-ফু; জাতের-ফু; Proclaim; utter publicly: —নির্গনিত-ফু; নির্গত-ফু; বহিছ্ত-ফু; Emit; cend forth.

Give over-পরিত্যাপ-কু; বিরত-ত্ ; Abandon ; cease - পর হারে সম্বর্ণা-কু, Make over :- শীড়া ইইতে রক্ষা পাইবার জালা ভাগে-কু; Believe to be past recovery. [way; yield.

Give place—পথ দেওৱা; অধীন-হ, কণাভূত-হ; Give Give play to—দদন না কু; প্রস্তার-দে; Allow liberty of acting not to restrain.

Give the cut direct—অভৰ্কতা প্ৰকাশ-কৃ, To avoid recognising; to show personal discourtesy.

Give the devil his due—অভ্য লোকের সজেও ভাল ব্যবহার কর; Be fair and honest even to the worst people. [notice; to evade.

Give the go by-ARTA; To pass without Give the hand-Yield pre-eminence.

Givo the last finish—(門子); Bestow the last required labours.

Give the lie to - প্ৰতিবাদ-ক ; Charge with falsehood, to return direct contradiction.

Givo the reins to imagination—কাম্পনিক-হ; করনার অৱব ্ৰী-হ; To indulge in imagination.

Give up—গণিখাগ-কু , ত্যাগ-কু , Abandon.

Give up for lost—আর রক্ষা নাই এই ভাবিধা সমস্ত আধা ভর্মা ত্যাগ-ড়, রক্ষা পাইবার আশা পরিত্যাগ-ড়; Give up all hope of saving; conclude to be lost. Give up the ghost—দেহত্যাগ-ড়; Yield up the spirit into the hands of God; die.

Give up to — সম্পা-ক. Surrender to (an enemy). Give vent to — প্ৰকাশ-ক; To suffer to escape; to let out; to pour forth; to express.

Give warning—刊香季-季; To warn; to caution. Give way—《诗歌-歌., To made; to make

cede to the opinion of another. [ to Be given to—आन्छ इ , बानिक-ए : Be addicted It is not given to one—অমূকের ভাগো এটা নাই. এটা ঘটে লা , One is not destined to (do a thing) Giver, giver, n गांठा ; अनामकादी , नानकर्छा , One who gives or bestows. Gizzard, gizard, n शकीय हमय. दश्त्रानिय शांक्यनी. The muscular stomach of a fowl or bird. To fret the gizzard—উত্তাল-ৰূ , To worry Glabrous, glabrus, a [l. glaber, smooth]
মহণ; অবন্ধ, কেশ বা পোমহীন, Smooth, having no hairs or any unevenness Glacial, glashi-al, a. [L glacies, ice] रहरपूक, ভুবার ঘটিত , ভুবারময় , Icy, especially, pertaining to glacier, frozen. Glacier, glasher, n [L glacies, ice] সমুরত পর্বভগহরত ভুষারবাশি, A field or mass of ice, formed in the hollows and on the slopes of loftv mountains - श्रिक्ति , ववन क्या , कित्र नौशावादुरु श्वान , Great field of ice and snow Glacis, gla-ses, " क्यनियला, हानू क्यि, A gentle slope, a smooth sloping bank. Glad, glad, a. इडे, अक्त, व्याननिक, महरे, De lighted, pleased, cheerful, joyful, pleasing n=gladness, ad=gladly Syn -Gratified, blithesome, gleeful, animating, cheering Be glad of—কোন কিছু পাইয়া বা পাইলে খুসি হওয়া Be glad to have —কোন কিছু গুনিবা বা গুনিলে খুমি एक्प ; Be delighted to hear of. Gladden, gladn, v t হাত-কু, প্রকুল্ল-কু, উলাসিত T. To cheer, to please, to animate Syn Exhilarate, gratify, delight, make glad Glade, glad, n. কানন পথ , বনমবাস্থ কাকা সান Grassy opening in a wood an open space in a िष्णाविषे , Sword-shaped Gladiate, gladi-at, a [L gladius a sword] Gladiator, gladi-a-tor, n [L gladius a sword] महारवाका, महावित्यव, A sword-player, prizefighter, esp in ancient Rome, one who fought publicly in the arena a=gladiatorial, gladiatory Gladiatorial, glad-i-a-tori-al, Gladiatory. gladi-a-tor-i, a महानवसीय वा পত्युक्तािक. Relating to gladiators or prize-fighting. Gladiole, gladi-vi, Gladiolus, gla-di'o-lus, n পদ্মবৎ উদ্ভিত্বিশেষ , A lily-like plant Gladness, gladnes, n. ক্টুড়া প্রকৃত্নতা; আনন্দ Cheerfulness, gayety, pleasure, delight, 10y. Gladsome, gladsum, a আনন্দৰনক , সম্বোধজনক , शहे, मजुहे, Joyous, gay, pleased, pleasing ad=gladsomely, n=gladsomeness. SynCheerful, joyful, blithesome, gleeful, happy Glair, glar, n ডিবের শুত্র আপ , অশুমন্যুর শুত্র অপ का जोगां, White of an egg or any thing like it any viscous transparent substance — v t বাবিদ-कृ, हक्टरक-कृ, To varnish with white of egg a-Glair'y, Glar'eous ( Like glair ). Glamour, glamer, n [ Ice glam, dimness of sight] বৃষ্টিশক্তির উপর করিত ঐক্তঞালিক প্রভাব , A charm on the eyes, making them see things differently from what they are. Syn .- Witch-

ery, sorcery, spell, fascination.

Glance, glans, n. [Ger. glans, brightness] ক্শিকপ্ৰভা , দীপ্তিৰ চমক , A sudden shoot of light or splendour — ৰ্ট পাত , A darting of the eye : — কটাক , ইবড় টি , A lapid or momentary view ; glimpse -- ৮ : কিরণ বিক্ষেপ-কু, চপলদীপ্তি প্রেরণ-事. To dart a ray of light or splendour 一根 मिरक्तन-इ , कड़ेरिक प्रश्नो , To snatch a momentary view —বক্তাৰে গমন-কু, To fly off obliquely -মিট মিটু কু, Twinkle —অপ্রকাশিত কোন বিবরের আভাদ দে . Allude —v t. হঠাৎ বা বক্তভাবে পমন-কু . To dart suddenly or obliquely Syn -(n) Gleam, ghtter, rapid look, momentary view. A glance at-अवर मृष्टे वा উল্লেখ, A cursory [ At a rapid view. view of At a glance-पर्ननमांज . किंग्लि , प्रिश्तामात्वर : Glance at-ইবং দৃষ্টপাত বা কটাকপাত করা. Snatch a momentary view of .- नेषर छेट्नथ क्या ; Slightly allude to. Sidelong glance - কটাক নিকেপ ৷ Gland, gland, n [L. glans, glandis, an acorn ] প্রতি, মাণস্প্রস্থি , A fleshy organ of the body which secretes some substance from the blood Giandered, glanderd a हिन्दक्र माध्यक्तिकी বোগান্তাৰ, Affected with glanders Glanders, glanders n অধের সংক্রামক বোগ, অবের চিব্রুছ শিরাগ্রন্থি ক্ষীতি রোগ , A highly contagious disease of the mucous membrane in horse Glandiferous, gland-if'er-us, a [ 1. glans, an acorn, and fire, to beir । मुझ एलपानी, Bearing acorns or other nuts Glandiform, glindi-form a. [ 1 glans, and firma, torm ] ব দা মব জায় Nat-shaped. Glandular, glindu-lir, Glandulous glandulus, a अश्विमश्यक्षांग , अश्विमव , अश्विमव , Containing. consisting of or pertaining to glands Glandule, glandul, r মত্র প্রতি . A small gland. Glans, n লিকের উপর গোলাকার হব Nut of the penis, the vascular body forming the apex of the pennis. Glare, glac, n. क्वाइाडि , हरूपर , मृष्टितांश्क मीखि ; Lasting dazrling light, overpowering lustre -এकम्ह , जीक्म्ह , Long steadfast look , a piercing look -- v. t. ठकगत-क , डेब्बन अडा विकान क , To shine with a clear dizzling light -4 क्यूड (न्या : মৃষ্টনিকেপ ক . To look with fierce piercing eyes : -অতিব্ৰিক্ত প্ৰভাষ আনোকিত-ই, Lo be ostentatiously splendid, to shine with excessive lustre. Syn -(v) Dazzle, gleam, glisten, flare, flame; glower, gaze steadfastly Glaring, glat'ing, a नाहे, Clear - चित्रा. नापडाला, निलब्ध Notorious, barefaced. ad= glaringly n=glaringness Glass, glas, n 415 A hard, brittle transparent substance -- কাচনিশ্বিত ছবা , Anything made of glass - मर्जन, वार्नि, व्यादना, A merror - शान-পাত . A drinking glass , a tumbler -দেবিবাৰ কাচ, I ens, spy, glass -n pl. চৰ্মা, Spectacles —मानभूर्व পविभाग , The quantity of liquid a glass holds -ए. १ वर्गर्य अधिनिष्ठ-र , वर्गर्य सची ; প্রভিক্লিড-কু, See in a glass, to reflect in a

mirror .--कांड निशा जाक्यानिक-कृ, कांडमिक-कृ, To

cover with a glass. Syn :- Speculum, sandglass; tumbler · telescope; barometer. a= [ Maker of glass. glass-like. Glass-blower, glas-blo'er, স. কাচ-নিশ্বাতা,

Glass-house, n. कारूड कांद्रश्वा ; Manufactory of glass :--काराज पत ; A house made of glass.

Glassman - कार-विदक्ष , Seller of glass. [maker. Glass-silverer, n. দৰ্পণ-নিশ্বাতা ; Looking glass Glas-ware, n. कारत्र वामन : काठभाजानि । glass. Glassworks, n. কাচের কারধানা , Manufactory of Glasswort, glaswurt, n. কাচ-নিশাণে ব্যবহৃত উदिएनिट्नव , A plant yielding soda, used in making glass.

Glassy, glasi, a. कांत्रनिर्श्विक ; कांत्रवर , तिक्रम ; Made of glass; resembling of glass; smooth. ad = glassily. n=glassiness. Syn :-Vitreous; crystal, crystalline, hyaline, glacial.

Glaucoma, glawk-ত'ma, n. চকুরোগবিশেব; A disease of the eye.

Glaucous, glaw'kus, a. [ L. glaucus, bluish ] नेगर हरिए वा मौत : Grayish blue ; sea-green.

Glave, glav, n. saatfa, A sword

Glaze, glaz, v. t. mif ania, winai ania; To furnish or cover with glass (in windows or punes) - कां बाबा मिंड-क. कां बावा कार्वा रह-के. Cover with a glassy surface -মসুৰ ও চাকচিক্য-भागी-कृ ; हक्हरक-कृ , Make glassy or polished ; vanish; enamel -v. 1. 5454-4; To assume a glassy lustre:-n. পাতাদির মহণ বাণিদ; The glassy coating put upon pottery, varnish .-উন্তৰ মতল, চাৰচিকা, Any shining exterior, polishing or glazing surface. Syn .- (v) Coat; polish, burnish, calender, furbish, gloss.

Glazer, gláz-ér, n. মুগ্রস্থাত্র-পরিষ্কাবক : A workman who glazes pottery ১c. —কাপত ও কাগাকেব মহণতা সম্পাদক , A smoother of cloth, paper &c. Glazier, glázi-ér, n. श्वक्ला-विद्वांडा, कारहव काव-রণাদি গ্রাঞ্চাদিতে সংলগ্ধ করা যাহার বাবসায়, One whose business is to set glass (in a frame).

Glasing, glazing, n. मार्नि श्रकृष्टि नांशान वा छाहाद কোশল, The act or art of setting glass — অপর রঙের উপর প্রদত্ত পাতলা রঙ্ ; Transparent colours put thinly over others.

Gleam, glem, v. s. मीखिमान-इ: मीखि भाउता . To flash; to shine, to glimmer; glitter :-- n. 45); মনি, ওজনা; A beam; a ray, brightness; splendour , lustre.

Gleamy, giemi, a. त्रिश्यम : डेक्टन : मीरिमानी . Casting beams or rays of light, flashing.

Glean, glen, v. i. [ Fr. glaner, to glean ] ( क्या শস্যাদির আহরণের পর অবশিপ্ত সংগ্রহ-কু, হাজ্ঞাদির শীষ কুডাৰ, To gather in handfuls the corn left by the reapers :-- v. f. সহিষ্তা ও বিশেষ পরিভাষের সহিত সংগ্রহ-ক ; To gather after a reaper ; to collect : —n. উছ, সংগৃহীত দ্ৰব্য ; That which is gleaned. Syn:-(v) Collect, pick up, select, cull.

Glebe, gleb, n. [L. gleba, a clod, soil] अपि; Turi ; soil ; ground :-- वृश्विकृषि : वर्षणांगाय व्यवि-কাৰভুক ভূমি; The land belonging to a parish church or ecclesiastical benefice :- ধনিজ শাতু-স্থলিত ভূমিখৰ, A piece of carth containing mineral oic.

Glebous, giebus, Gleby, giebi, a. लाह्नेयत ; যাদের চাপডাযুক ; Cloddy, turfy.

Glade, n. for ; The common kite of Europe. Glee, gle, n. [ A. S. glee, joy, song ] व्य ; উद्गान ; joy; mirth and gaiety -- श्रीडविटनव; A song in parts. a=gleeful ( 58; Joyful ). Syn :-- Merriment, gayety, hilarity, joyousness, fun, gladness; catch, roundelay. erant minstrel, Gleeman, gle man, n. অম্বকারী গায়ক ; An itin-Gleet, glet, n. প্রমেহ ; शकुक्वन , Chronic gonor-

rhoræa. ad=gleetv. [ valley. Glen, glen, n. উপতাকা ; গিরিদকট ; Dale , narrow Glib, glib, a. পিচ্ছিল, মকণ; Smooth; slippery: –চপল ; বাক্তরিভ ; Voluble , fluent , flippant. n=

glibiness. ad=glibly.

Glib-tongued, a. भवतका ; Quick in speaking. Glide, glid, v. i. शीरव शीरव दश्या-शा: मध्यक्तिएक ध्यवाहिङ-ह ; To move silently ; to pass rapidily and casily; to flow gently :- n. शीदा शीदा भाव; The act of gliding ad=glidingly. Syn :- (v) Slip, slide, skim over; roll on, run, lapse.

Glim, n আবোক; A light or candle.

Glimmer, glimer, v. : बिड़े बिहे-क : To shine faintly, to appear unsteadily -n. मम अना. मिहिंगिएंडे आत्नाक; कीन आत्नाक, A faint light: feeble rays of light - সভ পনিজ পদার্থ; Mica. Syn :- (v) Gleam, glitter, flicker.

Glimpse, glimps, n. त्रेवर वाला , व्यक्तिक अखा ; ক্ৰিক ঝালোক, হীনপ্ৰতা; Weak unsteady light; sudden flush, gleam 一有作意, Hasty view:v. i. क्वर दृष्टित्पाहर-इ ; To appear by glimpses. Syn:-(n) Gleam, glint, glance, rapid look.

Glisten, glisn, Glister, glister, v. i. উव्यव-इ ; চকবে-কু, ঈৰং দীপ্তি পাওয়া, To shine by its own light, to sparkle, to glitter. Syn :-Beam, gleam, scintillate, twinkle.

Glitter, glifer, v. i. (माडिड-६, উळ्चन-६; ख्रुवमक-इ: দীপ্তি-পা; পোভিত-হ, To sparkle with light; to shine ; to glitter ; to glisten :-- n উদ্দেশতা ; প্রতা , Lustie; brilliancy. Syn: -- (v) Gleam, glisten. glare shine unsteadily. (n) Sparkle, glister, brilliancy, splendour, lustre.

Glittering, gliter-ing, a. डेव्हन , मीश्रनामी ; अर्छा-विभिष्ठे ; Spendid , brilliant ; shining. ad=glitter-[ dusk. ingly.

Gloaming, gloming, n (sigfe, The twilight. Gloat, glot, v.s. व्यानमगरकात्र मनन-कृ . लाल्भानात्व (मथा ; मण्य आनमत्ताय-कृ ; To stare with eagerness; to gaze with malignant satisfactor or passionate desire; to view with joy. Syn:-[ spherical. Stare, gaze, look intently.

Globate, globat, a. वर्तनाकात : Like a globe, Globate, -ed, a. भागाकात्र. Circular.

Globe, glob, त. जानक ; वर्ब्न ; Sphere ; orb ; ball :- পृथिवी ; जूमक्त ; Earth or world. Globose, glob-ös, Globus, globus, a. গোলা-

কার, Globular. neglobosity.

Globular, globu-iar, Globulous, globu-ius, a. (शांताकांब ; Spherical. n=globularity. ad= globularly. Syn :-Globose, orbicular, round. Globule, globul, n. ছবিকা; কুম বৰ্ব, A little globe or round particle.

Giomerate, glomér-At, u.t. বৰ্ত্ত্ৰাকাৰ-কৃ, উটা-ইবা পোৰ-কৃ, তাল কৃ, To gather or wind into a ball —a গোলাকাৰে বন্ধিত, Conflomerate n glomeration

Glomeration, glom-ér-গ্ৰন্থান, n. গোলাকাৰে গঠন, বৰ্ধ্বাকাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত বন্ধ, The act of gathering or winding into a ball, a body for med into a ball Gloom, n অন্ধন্ধ, Partical darkness, total darkness, dimness—বিষ্ণতা বিশ্বতাৰ, ছ.ব. নৈৰাজ, Heariness of mind, sullumess, sadness, dejection, hopeles ness—... বিষয়-হ, অমুজ্বন-হ, To be sullen or dejected, to appear dark, dismal or gloomy— t t ি ই কু অন্ধ্যাব্যত্ত কু, To render dark, to make sad cr dismal Syn—(n) Darkness, cloud ac s, cloud, dimness, heariness, dulness, depression, dej ction, melantholy, sadness.

Gloomy, giouni, a tefacines, অকবারস্থ, অপণ্ড, Dim, obscure — ছু.fex, বিষয়, হতাশ, Sad, melancholy, heavy of heart , ল্লাকেলাড়ে ad ল্লাকেলাড় Syn — Dusky cloudy, lowering, lund, dismal, moody, sullen, more e, disheartened, dejected, downcast glim

Glorify, glori-fi, v. t. [L. o'erra and face) to make ] পুজা কু, To adore, wor-hip:—পে বৃণাধিত কু, প্ৰশাসা-কু, স্মান কু, lo make gloricus, to praise, to honour n=glorification \(\frac{1}{2}\)n—Evalt, brighten laud, magnify extol, (elebrate

Glorious, glo'n-us. a. বিখাতি, জ'লন্ধ Il'u 'nous, famous — নুমন্ত্র, সন্থান চক, Conferring glory — ২৯৫. Excellent, noble, great - নত্নী, স্নুক্ল, Splendid, brilliant, Syn — (c'ebi itel, bright, brilliant, radi int, innen fice t grand adoi able ad = g'onously, n = g'onousness

Glory, glö'n, n কো: Renown — কে প্ৰচা, Splendeur, buphtne s — ক ল, Pruse — আৰুমাৰ, Prude — গেবৰ ৰাছি, সংগ্ৰা Horeur— জুফাৰেৰ বন্ধ, গোৰ বৰ্ম, And I to put or boast, the occain of pruce — সংগ্ৰাক্তাৰ, The diving presence — ব প প পলা আহিছলৰ হোৱাল কো বিজ্ঞান কো লাকিছল হোৱাল — কাৰ্য্য দেৱাল কো কো লাকিছল কো কো লাকিছল কো লাকিছল কো লাকিছল কো লাকিছল কো কো লাকিছল 
Gloss, clos, r ভাভা, দেৱা চাক বা, Sin oth, lustre, shaning surface—বাঞ্ শোভা বি মেনেতা appearance, external show—টাকা, বা, না, Commert, interpret tion, explanation—ত গ চিকা ও উজ্বায়, চৰণৰে ফু, To make smooth and shaning—বাজ - কু, তীৰা ফু, To explain, to illustrate—ত ঃ বা,বো-ফু, তিল make rimarks, to comment. Syn—(n) Note, scholum annotation, specious plea, pretext, pretence, brightness, polish [hide by excusses Gloss over—বাব্য-ফু, বোপন ফু, Varnish over, Glossarial, glos-âii-al, a, বা)বা,-সমন্তিত, Containing explanation.

Glossarist, glosar-151, n অভিধান-লেথক; ব্যাব্যা-সকলক , A writer of a glossary.

Glossary, glosar-i, n. অগ্রচলিত শক্ষের অভিধান: নিঘট, মুক্ত শক্ষদিব অর্থ-স্থত্ত্ব; A dictionary of uncommon or intiquated words, a vocabulary of words requiring special explanation.

Glossator, glos-ator, n. টাকার; A writer of glosses or comments, a commentator.

Glossography, glos-ograf-1, n দীকা-সকলৰ ম The writing of glossary or comments. n= clossographer, a=rl ssographical.

Glossology, glos-olo-p, n [ Gr glossa and l. grs, a discourse ] ভাষা-বিজ্ঞান, ভাষা , Study of tongues, Linguinges or terms, the science of linguis, philology n=glossologist. a= glossologist

Glossy, glo 1, a চিছপ, মহণ, Smooth and shining, 1: hily polished ad=glossily, n=glossiness. Glottis, closis, n [ Gr glossa, the tongue ] শাসনা নি উপরস্থ জিল, The nirrow opening at the upper part of the laryny, between the vocal code, the nirrow opening at the root of the tingue or entrance to the windpipe a=glottal. Glottology, glot olo-ji, n ভাষা বিভাগ, The science of languize, comparative philology.

Glove, gluv, n হতাবরণ, দতানা, Covering for the hand — v ঃ হতাবৰণ ছাত্ৰা আতৃত-কু, দতানা ছাত্ৰ আব্ত্তি কু Γο cover with a glove

Throw the glove- শুদ্ধ ৰ্য সাজান কু, Challenge to a smole combat

Glover, player, n দস্তান বিফোচা, দস্তানা নির্দ্ধানা, Maker or seller of glove

Glow, sin n উত্তাপ Heat, warmth — ৰজিমা, ছাল Reduces brightness of colour — সংৰয় মানুহৰ Intense excitement of carnestness, whemened of pission — গাং কুল ক, To shing or burn with great heat to shink with an intense heat — ৰজিমাৰা-হ, To be flu hed — ভাতে ক To be reduct, to right Syn — (n) Incan't circle white heat, whemenee, ardour, forwar, enthissism (\*) Brighton, become both, fel hot limins e.

Glow-worm, ১০ জনান, জনান, জোনাকি পোৰা Ann etthat hines in the dark.

In glowing colours—67, 1479 ;

Glozo, Lic\*, v. [A S n ) c. gloss] cointrive to talk smoothly, to flatter, to wheedit — 2 t c 7 7, ( 和紀本) 하け 하け 제 기에는 7, To palliate by specious explaination Syn — Catale, ministerpret, glos, smooth over

Glucose, (ko-k) n [(ir glykys, sweet] \\ \15 46 if, The peculial kind of sugar occurring in the juice of many fruits

Glue, gloo, n [Low L glue, to draw together বিশ্বন, Sticky cement — v t. বিশ্বন দিল জোণ দে, I a join with glue, to cement .—বোল-কু. To hold together, to unite.

Gluoy, ploo'i, a. জাটাবুক, জাটাব, Sticky, viscous n=glucyness.

Glum, glum, a কুকুট-কৃটিৰ, বিষয়, Frowning, sullen, gloomy. Syn.—Moody, sulky, lowering, morose, silent,

Giume, gloom, n. [L. gluma, husk] তুঁৰ; ভূৰি; A husk.

Glut, glut, v. t. প্রাদ-ক: To swallow: —পর্বাপ্ত খোলন ক: ভ্রত্তক: To feast to satiety: —প্রাম্বা কলাভিবিক দেশবা; To supply in excess:—n. প্রাম ; That which is swallowed:—প্রাম্বা; Abundance; supply beyond sufficiently:—ভূবি; Satiety. Syn:—(v) Gorge, stuff, cram, satiate, sate, cloy, surfeit.

Gluten, glco'ten, n. মুরদাব কটার কোমল আঠাল ভাগ; A tough elastic substance seen in the dough of wheaten bread.

Glutinate, glত্য'tin-nt, v. f. শিবিস বারা যোজনা-ক; যোড়া দেওছা: To unite as with glue to cemei t. n=glutination. [কারক; আঠাল Tenacious. Glutinative, gloo'tin-n-tiv, সংস্নেক; স'লগ্ন-Glutinous, gloo'tin-us, a. সংযোজক, আঠাসুক, Tenacious. n=glutinousness. Syn:—Viscous, viscid, ropy, sticky, cohesive.

Glutton, glutn, n. অতি ভোকা; পেটুৰ, উদৰিক; One who overeats; an epicure. Syn:—Gormandizer, gourmand.

Gluttonize, glutu-īz, v. i. পেটুকের মত শাভয়া , To cat voraciously or to excess.

Gluttonous, glutn-us, Gluttoniah, glutnish, a. উদৰিক, পেইক; Given to gluttony, excessive eating. [Excess in Lating Gluttony, glutn-i, n. উদ্বিক্তা; উদাহিক্তা,

Glycorino, gliser-in, n. [Gr. glykys, sweet] মধ্-বং দিয় বছ জনা ; A viscid liquid of a sweet taste

Glyph, glif, n [Gr. glypho, to caive] প্রাথাদ গাঁঝাদিতে কোদিত নানী; In architecture, an ornamental sunken channel, usually vertical.

Glyphography, glif-og'raf-1, n. [Gr. glypho, to carve, engrave, and graphe, drawing ] ডানিং নাবাৰে নমাৰ ছাপ লইবাৰ কৌশন; A process of taking a raised copy of a drawing by means of voltaic electricity. a=glyphograph'c.

Glyptic, glip'tik, a. হীবকাদি খোদন সম্কীয়; চিত্ৰিত; Pertaining to the ait of carving on precious stones; (min) figured.

Clypties, glip'tiks, n. sing. ইবকাদি কোদন কোশন; 'The ait of engineeing, especially on piccious stones.

Glyptodon, n. আমেরিকাব জন্ত বিশোষ, An entict quadruped of South America with fluted teeth Glyptography, glip-tog'raf-i, n. [ Ci. g'yy-tos, caived, and grapho, to write] হাবকাদিন কোদন-কৌশল বিষয়ক বিবরণ; A description of the art of engraving on precious stones. a=glyptographic.

Gnarl, nārl, v. i. পেঁলান; গৰ্জন-কু; অসন্তোষ প্ৰকাশ-কু; To snarl or growl:—n. কাই-প্ৰান্থ; A twisted knot in wood. Syn:—Gumble, murmur.

Gnarled, näiled, Gnarly, a. নুগ্রি, গুরিষ্ট ; Knotty.

Gnash, nash, v. t. ( দত্তে দত্তে ) ঘৰ্ষণ কৃ ; ধাত কিডি-মিডি-কৃ ; To strike the teeth together in rage or pain :- v. i. ধাত কিড়মিড-কৃ ; To grind the teeth. Gnat, nat, n. মণক ; মণা ; A small dipterous insect.

Graw, naw, v. t. पःगन-कृ; हर्मन कृ; अद्य अद्य

উৎসাৎ-কু; To tear with the teeth; to bite with the teeth; bite off by degrees:—v.i. দত্ত থাৱা চৰ্মাণ-কু, To use the teeth in biting. Syn:—Bite, nibble, champ, eat away; corrode, fret. Gnome, nom, n. ভূড; বামন; A fairy; a goblin, a dwarf. a=gnomous.

Gnomon, no mon, n. [Gr. gnomon, an interpreter] ছাৰা খড়িব-কাটা; Pin of a sundial:—ছাৰা খড়ি; Sundial:—শহুকেব; In geometry, a parallelogram minus one of the parallelograms about its diagonal.

Gnomonic, nō-mońik, Gnomonical, nō-mońik-al, a. ক্যা-ঘড়ি নিৰ্দাণ-কৌশল সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to the art of dialling. ad=gnomonically.

Gnomonics, no-moniks, n. sing. ছাবা ৰড়ি নিশাণ কৌশল; The art of dialling.

Gnostie, nostik, n. [Gr. gnostikos, good at knowing] শ্বন্থ সম্প্ৰদায় বিশেষ: One of a sect of Christians —a. উক্ত সম্প্ৰদায় বা ভাহাৰের মৃত সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the Gnostics or their doctrines.

Gnosticism, nosti-sizm, n. পুর্বোক সম্প্রদানের মন্ত; The doctrines taught by the Gnostics.

Gnu, nū, n. এক জাতীয় মুগ; A kind of antelope found in S. Africa, resembling the horse and ox. Go, go, v. i. গমন-কু; যাওয়া; To pass from one place to another :-- ঘটে: অবস্থাবিশেষ প্রাপ্ত-হ: To happen in any particular way, to turn out; to fare :- চলা; To walk :- গর্ভবতী-ছ; পর্তধারণ-কু; To be pregnant:— প্রস্থাৰ-কু; To leave; to depart :— মৃত-হ , বিনষ্ট-হ ; To die ; perish :—চলা ; To be in motion :—অগ্ৰস্থ-হ ; To proceed :—মুল্য স্বৰণ প্ৰদন্ত বা'গণ্য ছওয়া; To be accounted in value - প্রত-ই; To be about to do :- v. t. কোন কার্যো অংশী-হ; To take a share in an enterprise; to become a partner in :- n. ঘটনা ; A circumstance or occurrence :--রীজি, Fashion or mode :-- আমোদ, Noisy merriment. Syn:--Pass, proceed, advance, travel, journey; vanish; reach, extend; contribute, concur, tend, avail, serve; be reckoned, be considered; be worth, circulate.

Go a begging—গ্ৰেষ্ট-ছ; To be in excessive quantity:—( দচৰাৰে বাহিত হইবেও ঘটনাক্ৰমে ) গ্ৰাহ-কেব ছল্ল উপাচক হংগা কেৱা; Go about begging to be taken up, stand in need of being taken up ( said of a thing which is generally coveted, but which, for the time being, there is no one to take up).

Go about—চাবিদিকে যাওলা বা কেৱা; Go in all directions.—চেষ্টা-কু; প্রবৃত্ত-হ; Set about; attempt, endeavour; seek; proceed.

Go abroad--বিদেশে বাওয়া; Walk out; go to foreign parts: -- প্রকাশিত-ছ; Be published.

Go after-অনুগমন-কু; Follow.

Go against—वाषा-त्न ; Oppose :- अञ्जून-इ ; Be disagrecable to ; be adverse to.

Go against the grain—ভাল না লাগা; ইচ্ছার বিক্ত হ; Be against one's nature; be against one'e own inclinations:—ক্লেশকর বা বিরক্তিকর হবয়া, Prove mortifying.

Go against the stomach—वित्रक्षित्र ; To excite dislake or disgust.

Go ahead—আগবাংগকা উত্তত-হ ; Advance beyond ; make progress beyond others.

Go all lengths—অধিক-হ; To proceed with utmost limit in anything; to be excessive:—
অনেক কুম বাওয়া; কোন বিবন্ধে আনেক ব্যুর অপুসর হওয়া;
Proceed far in a matter:—উদ্দেশ্য সাধনার্থ বতসূর বাইছে হয় বাওয়া; Go to the utmost or fullest extent.

Go among—কথাবাৰ্ত্তা- কু; Have intercourse with. Go aside—বিপধ্যামী-হু; Deviate.

Go astray—বিপাধ গমন ক; Wander; go out of the right and proper way.

Go at—আক্রমণ-কৃ; Attack:—চেষ্টা-কৃ; Attempt Go away—প্রস্থান-কৃ; Depart.

Go back on পরিভাগ-ছ; বিপক-হ, To abandon; turn against, expose.

Go beyond—অভিক্রম-কু, Surpass.

Go down—পড়িয়া-বা, পভিড-হ; Fall; descend.
— গ্ৰহণ-কৃ; Bc swallowed or received:— যুল্য হ্লানহ; Fall in value.—ক্ষিয়া-যা; Abate:—জ্বে-যা,
Set:— জ্বিয়া-যা; Sink:—হ্লান-হ, Decrease:—
অড-হ; Have to submit.

Go down with—গেশা; গলাগাফুত-হ, Be accepted by:—সাগবে গৃহীত-হ, Be received with favour by.

Go far— মনেক দুর-বা; মনেক পরিমাণে সাহায্য-কু, Materially contribute, reach a great way.

Go for—বলিয়া জানা , অমুক বলিরা জানা , Pass for ; pass for another —অপুসন্ধান-কু , Seek.

Go for nothing—বাৰ্থ-হ, Have no efficacy; prove ineffectual —কোন কাজেব বলিয়া পরিগণিত না হত্যা, প্ৰণোৱ মধ্যে না-হ; Be regarded as of no walue.

Go forth-প্ৰকাশিত-হ . Become public.

Go forward- जना , Go on , take place.

Go halves—সমাৰ ভাগ ব্ৰহা, Be partners in halves, divide equally

Go hand in hand — নিলে ক'ল-ক, Act amicably Go hard with—কষ্টেৰ অধীন-হ, Be subjected to difficulties.

Go heels over head—আনাবধান ভাবে কাব্য কু, Move in a heedless, rash or inconsiderate manner. [ কাকা ; Strike effectively.

Go home—পৃহে-বা; Go to one's place — ঠিক Go in—অভারবে প্রবেশ-ক।

Go in and out—ৰাধীন ভাবে বাওয়া; Come backwards and forwards, move freely.

Go in for—চেষ্টা-কু, Attempt —কোন পরীকা দিতে বাধরা; Appear at an examination to compete for a prize:—কোন বিবরের প্রতিপোষক হইতে বাধরা, Undertake to advocate:—কোন কিছুতে মন-দে, Apply oneself diligently to.

Go into—বোগ-দে, Take part in :--- ত্রী সহবাস-কু, Have sexual intercourse.--- প্রবেশ-কু; Enter into:--পরীকা কবিয়া দেখা, Examine -- বিশেষ যক্ত্র-পূর্বাক কোন কার্য্যে প্রবৃত্ত-হু; Apply oneself to.

Go into committee—ক্ষিটা করিয়া কোন বিবয় বিচাৰ-কৃ, Form a committee to discuss any point. Go into fits—মুক্তা বাঙলা, Faint awya, Go it—পোনবাল-কৃ, To behave in a wild machner; be uproarious:—উন্ধতি-কৃ; To preceed; make progress.

Go off—চলিয়া বাধ্যা; Depart; go away:—বন্ধ ছটিয়া-বা; Explode or be discharged:—ভালব্রংগ বিজী-হ; Sell well:—কৃতভাগ্য-হ; Succeed:—মৃত-হ, Die:—নির্কাহ ইইয়া বাধ্যা, Pass off, take place. Go on—চলা; Continue:—জতীত-হ; Pass away; wear on

Go on a fool's errand—সদৰৰ কাৰ্ব্য প্ৰবৃত্ত-ই; To undertake a useless or an impossible enterprise.

Go one's way—চলিরা-বা; Depart:—আপনার ইচ্ছামত কার্যা করা; আপনার ইচ্ছামত ছানে বাওয়া; Follow one's inclination; take one's own course. Go out—এছান-কু; Depart:—নির্কাণ ইওয়া, Be extinguished; become extinct (as light), cease. Go over—পাঠ-কু To read:—পবীকা-কু, ভাগ করিয়া দেখা; To examine, to review:—এক দল হইতে অক্ত কলে বাওয়া, To change sides:—বর্ণবা-কু; Review or relate.

Go over to-ৰপক ত্যাপ-কু; ধন ছাড়িয়া-বা; Join; pass from one party to ( another ).

Go partners, Go sharers—অংশীদার-ই; Be in partnership. [ to take part. Go shares—খব্দের ভাগী-ই, To share expense;

Go shares with—ভাগাভাগি কৰিলা লওলা, Share. Go the way of all flesh—মূখ-হ, Die.

Go the way of all the earth—মৃত-হ, Dic. Go the whole length—খনেক দুর-খা, To go to the extreme of anything; to be an extremist, to be radical.

Go through—শেব-কৃ; Finish —কোম নিরম সমাক্
পালব-কৃ; Observe to the full extent —সমস্ত
পরীকা করিয়া দেখা, Examine the whole of —
প্রথেশ-কৃ, Penetrate —সমাধা-কৃ; সম্পন্ন-কৃ, Perform, finish:—(প্রকের) সংস্করণ-কৃ; Pass
through —স্থা-কৃ, Goid-কৃ, Endure, suffer —
সমত স্থান পর্যাচন-কৃ, Go over the whole extent of
Go through fire and water—বে কোন বিপদ
হউক না কেন, তাহা ইউতে পশ্চাংশদ না-হ, আগ্রেণ্ট
পুতি আব স্থানই ভূবি কাজ করিতেই ইউবে, এই ভাবে
কোন কাধ্যা প্রস্তু ইওয়া, Risk any danger, face
any danger in order to gain some object.

Go through thick and thin—সকল বাধা অভি-ক্ৰম-কু, Be hindered by no obstacles.

Go to-1 : Come ! begin ! shame.

Go to and fro—ইডফড. অমণ কু।

Go to law---আদালতের আশ্রয় গ্রহণ কু; To refer a dispute to judical decision.

Go to rack—নাই-ছ, To perish; to be destroyed. Go to sea—নাবিক-ছ, Follow the occupation of a sailor.

Go to the pot and go to the dogs—बहे-र ; To be ruined or destroyed.

Go to the wall—কোন ঠেনা হওৱা; উপেক্ষিত হওৱা; অকৃতকাৰ্ব্য-হ; Be shelved:—হেনে বাওৱা, Be discomfited, have to retire being hard pressed.— ফুৰ্গজিপ্ৰাপ্ত-হ; Become the unsuccessful party.

Go to war---रूक-इ ।

Go to wreck-नहे-इ , To be destroyed.

Go together—अक्टब पांचा , Be seen associated.

Go under—আভ-ए; Be talked of or known.
Go up—( নাম ) চড়ে বাংবা; বৃদ্ধি হুকা; Rise.
Go upon—কোন কিছু অমুসারে চলা; কোন বৃদিরাদের উপায় ভয় করিয়া চলা বা কোন কার্ব্যে প্রবৃত্ত হুকো; Proceed upon, as on a foundation; take as a principle:—কোন নিয়ম মত চলা; Follow.

Go well with - मोखानामानी-इ ; Prosper.

Go with—নরে; Accompany:—সম্বত-ই; Agree with.

[ Be pregnant.
Go with child, Go with young—পর্বতী-ই;
Go with the stream—স্রোতে ভালিয়া-বা; বাহা

অপনে করে, সেইক্লণ করা; To do just as every body else does. [tude of. Go without—পরিত্যাপ-কৃ; Forego; be desti-Go wrong—অকৃতকার্যা-কৃ; Not to prosper; to be

improperly managed.

Let go-victi (1981); Relax one's hold:-

যাইতে-দে; ধবিদা না বাধা; Allow to depart.

A no-go-হইবাৰ নহে; Something unworkable; failure.

Go-ahead, প উর্বিশীল, Progressive.

Go-between, ge -be-twen, n. মধ্য ; A person who is agent between two parties :— দাবাৰ , An interpreter , broker.

Go-cart, go-kart, n. চলিতে শিধিৰাৰ ছোট গাড়ী, শিশুদিগকে চলন শেধাইৰাৰ জন্ম ব্যবহৃত ছোট গাড়ি; A machine to teach children to walk in; a small cart or frame-work for teaching children to walk.

Goad, god, n. অৰুণ; ভাজস; A sharp-pointed stick for driving beasts:—উত্তেজনা; A stimulus:—v. r. অৰুণ নাবা; ভাজস মারা; To drive with a goad:—উত্তেজিত-ক; To urge forward, to incite. Syn:—(v) Excite, arouse, irritate, instigate, stimulate, spur.

Goal, gol, n [Fr. gaule, a pole] সীমা . লকা স্থান পৌজের সীমানির্দেশক চিক্; ছাজিবার বা কিভিবার পোঁট . Starting point in a race; post or mark set up to bound a race; winning-post; the two upright posts between which the ball is kicked in the game of foot-ball:—লকা; End or aim Syn.—Starting-post, close; purpose.

Goat, gūt, n. ছাৰৰ; A beast; a well-known quadruped, allied to the sheep.

Goat-herd, n. जल-तक्क ।

Goatish, a. লম্পট; Lustful.

Goatmoth, gurmoth, ন. ছুৰ্গন্ধ পতত্ৰ বিশেষ ; A gray-coloured British moth, which has a goat-like odour.

Goat's-beard, Goat's-rue, Goat's-stones, Goat's-thorn, n. নানাজাতীৰ উদ্ভিদ্; Plants of different kinds.

Goatsucker, gōr'suk-er, %. পকীবিশেষ : নিশাচর পকী ; A kind of bird ; a nocturnal swallow.

Gob, n. অন গৰিমাণ; A small quantity:—মুখ; The mouth:—লাল; Spittle or saliva. [ lump Gobbet, gobet, n. আম; A mouthful; a little Gobble, gobil, v.t. [ Fr. gober, to devour ] পোগ্ৰামে পাৰমা; To swallow hastily or in lumps—v.i. ক) হতৈ এক মুক্ত শ্ব পাৰ্যাহিব-মু; To make a noise in the throat, as a turkey. Syn:—Gulp, bolt, swallow,

Gobble, v. t. পীয় ভক্ৰ-ড়; To swallow in lumps greedily:—v. i. এক প্ৰকার শব-ড়; To make ফ noise like the turkey cock.

Gobbler, n. পেটুক ; A greedy eater.

Goblet, goblet, n. পাৰপাত ; Drinking cup ; a cup without a handle.

Goblin, gob-lin, n. ক্যাসী-দেশীৰ চিত্ৰিত বন্ধ বিশেষ ; A species of rich French tapestry.

Goblin, goblin, n. তৃত ; উপদেষতা ; An evil spirit ; a frightful phantom. Syn:—A gnome, an elf, sprite.

Goby, göbi, n. ৰংসা বিশেষ ; A genus of small

Go-by, go'-bi, n. প্লায়ন; মলকো প্লায়ন; কৌশ্ল-ক্মে প্লায়ন; Escape; evasion; a passing without notice; escape by artifice.

Give one the go-by—এড়ান; কাহাকে উপেকা-ডু; Evade one, pass one over.

God, god, n. প্ৰমেশ্ব ; ঈশ্ব ; The all good, the Almighty; the Supreme Being, the Creator and Preserver of the world:—বেশতা; Deity; a divinity. fem=goddess (বেশী)!

God forbid-- ইবৰ কম্বন ধেন একাণ না হয়: Pray God that such a calamity may not happen.

God helps those who help themselves—
যদি ঈখবেৰ সাহায্য পাইতে চাহ, অবে যতদ্ব পাব চেটা
কর; If you wish God to help you, do the best
you can for yourself.

God knows, Heaven knows— দ্বর জানের (সচরাচব কোন অনিশ্চিত ঘটনা সম্বক্তে এই বাক্য ব্যবহার করা বার্য); God alone can tell (used of uncertain events):— দ্বৰ সাকী; দ্বর দেখিতেছেন (নিশ্চিত ঘটনা ব্রাষ); God is my witness (used of real facts).

God-child, n. ধৰ্ম : One for whom a person becomes sponser at baptism.

God-father, godfa-ther, n. ধর্মবাপ; A man who becomes a sponser; a man who, at a child's baptism, engage to be its father in relation to its religious training. fem=God-mother (ধর্মা)।

God-head, n. দেবৰ ; ইবনৰ ; দেবতা ; ইবন ; Deity; the state of being a God; divine nature; deity. Godless, godles, a. ইবনেৰ অভিতে অবিবাসী; নাজিক, Acknowledging no God, impious, atheistical. ad=godlessly. n=godlessness. Syn:— Irreligious, profane, wicked, ungodly.

God-like, godlik, a. দিবা ; খগীয় ; Divine.

Godly, godli, a. ঈবর-প্রেমিক,; ধর্মিক; Pious. næ godliness. ad=godly, godlily. Syn:—Holy, devout, religious, righteous. [a sponser. God-mother—ধর্ম ; A woman who becomes Godsend, godsend, n. সৌজাগা; বিশ্বনিক কুপা; An unexpected piece of good fortune.

God-speed, godspēd, n. স্কলতা; সাফলা; Good succes, good speed. [ প্রতি; Towards God. Godward, godwawrd, ad. ইব্রাভিম্বে; ইব্যু-Godwit, godwit, n. প্রীবিশেষ; A kind of bird. Goor, gö'er, n. ধার্মশীল ব্যক্তি; সমনকর্ত্তা; ধার্মান ব্যক্তি; Runner or walker; one who goes; a runner or walker:—বোড়া; A horse.

Goggle, gog'l, v. t. हकू चुतान ; नवन चुर्भमान-कृ ; To strain or roll the eyes :-- अ. वृश्यमान ; Full and

rolling or staring,—said of the eyes :—বিকারিড নেত্র; পরিবৃত্তমান, With rolling eyes, staring, prominent.—n নরন বুনি; নেত্র-বিকারণ, A strained or affected rolling of the eyes:—pl. চনমা বিশেব, A kind of spectacles — যোড়ার চোধের ঠুলি; Blinds for shying horses

Goggle eyed—Having large prominent eyes, which are constantly in motion.

Going, gö'ing, n. প্ৰস্থান , বাজা , Departure :--গৰ্ভাবস্থা , Pregnancy :--- জাবন , Course of life :---চলন ; An an act of moving.

Goitre, Goiter, goiter, n [L. gutter, the throat] গৰগাও, An enlargement of one of the glands of the throat [Affected with goiter Goitred, Goitered, goiterd, a প্ৰগণ্ডাত Goitrous, goitrus, a গ্ৰগণ-সম্মীয়, Pertaining to or affected with goite.

Gold, göld, n বৰ্ণ, A precious metal of bright yellow colour —বৰ্ণবৰ্ণ, পীতবৰ্ণ, Yellow, gold colour:—অৰ্থ, ধন, Money, tiches

Gold-beater, göld-bt/er, n. ৰণপত্ৰ-নিৰ্মাতা, One who beats gold into leaf. n=gold-beating.

Gold-coast, n Part of W Africa

Gold-company-One for working gold.

Gold-dust, göld-dust, n কাঞ্চনবেণু, স্প্রেণু, Very fine particles, as it is sometimes found in rivers. [ gold

Gold-fever, n. বৰ্ণ পাইবার প্রবল ইচ্ছা, Mania for Gold-field, n. বৰ্ণবেজ, Region, where gold is found.

Gold-finch, göldfinch, n. গামক পৰিবিশেষ, A Gold-fish, göldfish, n. চীনদেশ্যি বৰ্ণবৰ্ণ কল্প মংস্য বিশেষ, A small gold coloured fish, native to

China, having gold-coloured wings.

Gold-hunter—বৰ্ণ আবেণকারী, One who seeks after gold.

Gold-leaf, goldlit, n. অৰ্ণল : নোনার পাত, Thin Gold-proof, a অৰ্থ ছাৱা বশাভূত ইইবান নহে, Not to be seduced by gold [ment for the finger Gold-ring, n বৰ্ণাঙ্গুৱীয়ক, দোনার আ'টী, Orna-Gold-smith, goldsmith, n. বৰ্ণকাৰ, ন্যাক্ৰম), A worker in gold.

Gold-wire, n ক্ৰৰ্থ ক্ৰ., Thread of Golden, goldin, a স্থৰ্ণমৰ, স্বৰ্ণন্ধ, Made of gold —বৰ্ণমৰ, স্বৰ্ণ বৰ্ণ, উজ্জল, সমুজ্বন, Of the

colour of gold , bright — মহামূল্য . Most valuable .— স্থপূৰ্ণ ; অৰুক্ল , Happy , highly favourable :— উৎকৃষ্ট , Excellent Syn — Yellow , piecious, valuable , auspicious, shining.

Golden age— সভাযুগ , সভাকাৰ , সভাকাৰে জায়

সময়; The fabulous age of primev il simplicity and purity of manners, a period of great and unexampled prosperity.

Golden fleeco, n কল্পিড লোম, Fabled fleeco sought by the Argonauts — কুলিন সম্প্রদায়, Distinguished order of Knighthood.

Golden grease, n. উংকোচ, Fee; bribe.
Golden haired, a Having yellow hair
Golden hearted—সং; Honest [ cept.
Golden maxim—উৎকৃষ্ট উপদেশ, Excellent preGolden mean—The intermediate position between two extremes.

Golden Rule, দ ত্রৈবাশিক; Rule of three:—
"বে যতি অন্তের কাছে বাছ বাবহার। অন্ত প্রতি সেইক্লণ
করিবে আচার।" Rule of doing as we would be done by.

Goldy locks, göldi-loks, n. শীত্ৰৰ্ণ পুলাৰিশিষ্ট গুৰু বিশেষ, A plant bearing tuits of yellow flowers; wood crow-foot. [ ball and bat or club. Golf, golf, n ক্ৰীড়াবিশেষ; A game played with a Gondola, gondo-la, n কেলি নৌকা; প্ৰমোদ ভ্ৰী; A long narrow pleasure-boat with a flat bottom used at Venice.

Gondolier, gon-do-ler', n. উक्त लोकांद्र वानि; One who rows a gondola; a boat-man.

Gone, gon, put participle of go [away. Gone by—চলিবা গিবাছে শ অভীত ইইবাছে, Passed Gonfalon, confa-lon, n. গভকা বা ধাকা; An ensign or standard [chief standard-beard. Gonfalonier, gonfa-loher, n অধান পতাকী; A Gong, cong, n. বাদ্য বন্ধ, পেটাবন্ধি; A Chinese musical instrument, a metal drum, a stationary call-bell

Gonorrhea, gen-or-rc'a (গনেবিষা), n. [Gr. gone, that which begets, and rheo, to flow ] প্রেষ্ট, সেংবোগ, An inflammatory discharge of mucus from the membrance of the urethra of the male or the vagina of the female.

Good, good, a ভাল , উত্তৰ , Not bad -—উপযুক্ত ; Fit, proper —উপবৃক্ত; Competent —স্বাস্থ্যকর; Wholesome —ধাৰিক, Virtuous, pious —মৃত্ Mild -1779, Valid -99, Auspicious -व्यत्नक , व्यन्त , Considerable , no small - म्यान , সময়, Kind, benevolent - তুৰ, Skilfal, clever -- वशार्थ, Real, serious -- (मावनक, Unblemished, honourable - areg, Sufficient in a commercial sense —मण्यूर्व ; Complete, full — উপকারী, Beneficial -n. উপকার, হিত, Advantage —দৌভাগ্য , উন্নতি , Prosperity — সুখ , Weliaic — ধন্ম , Virtue — অধিকার ; Possessions — নৈতিক অণ্. Moral qualities -- pl. দশতি; অস্থাবৰ সম্পত্তি , গৃহসজ্জা : পণ্যন্ত্ৰব্য , Moveable property, household furniture, merchandise ad সাচ্চা, Well -অধিক পৰিমাণে; Quite considerably -int (वन , छिक , Well, right. Syn .-(a) Hone t, just, true, excellent, valuable, useful, profitable suitable, seasonable, convenient; friendly, unimpeached, fair; able, skilful, qualified, pleasant, agreeable, considerable, great, (n) Boon, benefit, gain, blessing; weal; righteousness, abungance, richness.

As good as—বস্ত :: , কোন কিছুর সমান বা তুল্য মুলা ; Not less than , in effect , virtually ; virtually the same as —প্ৰাৰ , Well-nigh

Bo as good as your word—ৰে কথা দেই কাৰ্যা; অসীকাৰ মত কাৰ্য কৰা, Fulfil your promise, fulfil what your promise.

For good, For good and all—একবাৰে, চিৰ-কালেৰ নিমিত্ত, l'inally, permanently (never to return).

Good at-পট , Ready.

Good for—উপযুক্ত ; বংগষ্ট , Sufficient.

Good for nothing-অপদার্থ, অকিঞ্ছিরের; কোর্ন কাষেবই নত্তে, Useless, worthless. Good, good, int. wise ; Well ; right. Good Homer sometimes nods—स्योगांक यि अभः ; We are all apt to make mistakes. Good wine needs no bush—চেনা বামনের গৈডার नद्रकांत्र मारे ; What is valuable does not need to be praised or advertised.

Good

Hold good-बार्ड ; बिक बांडा , Hold true ; be applicable :-- হিৰ্ভৱ থাকা ; Be true or valid. In good sooth-4otf, Really. [ slow. In good time টিক সৰয়ে; Not too fast nor too Make good - কহি প্রণ-কু; To indemnify for; give an equivalent for :- স্থিয়-কু; প্রমণ-কু; কার্য্য

সংস্থাপন-কু , To prove ; to establish :—সম্পাদন-কু ; সমাধা-কু ; To fulfil ; effect ; perform.

Stand good—বলবং-ছ ; To be firm or valid. Good-breading, good-breding, n. ভদ্ৰতা; শিল্প-हांत्र , Polite manners.

Good-by, good-bi, n. or int. अन्नव इडिक . दिलांग्न-कृतक वाका; Farewell, adieu; a form of address at parting; a contraction of God be with you.

Good-cheer, n. बाहाबीय सवा ; Articles of food. Good-day, good-dá, n. or int. মঙ্গল হউক , সম্ভাযণ शका; A salutation at meeting during the day, wishing good to any one, a common salutation. Good-fellow, good-ielo, n. প্রিয় বন্ধু . আমেদী महत्त्र ; Boon companion ; merry companion. Good-fellowship, good-felo-ship, n. आरमाप-

পূর্ব সৃক্ত ; Merry or pleasant company , companion ableness.

Good Friday, good-fri'da, n. बीडिय भर्क मिदम. विश्व वर्गारदाष्ट्रण व्यवनार्थ উপবাস श्विम, A fast in memory of the crucifixion of Jesus, kept on the Filday before Baster.

Good-graces—অসুগ্রহ ; Favour. Good-heed, n সাবধানতা . Due caution ; great Good humour, good-yত্ত'mur, n. প্রকুরতা, প্রকৃত্রভাব; Cheerfulness, cheerful temper or state of mind: -a 四百; Good-humoured, good-natured. ad = good-humousedly.

Good-living, a. হথের জীবন; A life of ease. Good-looking, a. হৃদুত্ত , Beautiful.

Good-luck, n. छड पढेंबा ; Happy event.

Goodly, goodli. n. হুম্ম , হৃদ্য ; Handsome , good looking :-- उ९कृष्ट ; উत्तम , Excellent :-- वृह्द ; Large. n=goodliness Syn :-Pleasant, comely, graceful; desirable, agrecable, considerable. Goodman, good-man, n. बाभी; वाडीब कर्डा, Husband; the master of the house

Good-morning, n. or intj. স্থভাত , A form of salutation in the morning.

Good-nature, good-nátūr, n. ভদুডা , সংস্কৃতাৰ ; Mildness and kindness of disposition. a=goodnatured, ad = good-naturedly.

Goodness, goodnes, n. সাধুতা , উৎকৰ্ম ; Excellence :- শর্ম ; Virtue :- দরা ; উপচিকীর্বা , Benevolence. Syn :- Worth, value, righteousness, integrity, honesty, probity; kindness, good will. Good-night, good-nit, n. or intj. রাজিতে বিদার-कानीन अधिवानन : ब्राजिकानीन विनायपुटक वाका ; A salutation in parting for the night, wishing good to any one. [ diation. Good-offices, ন. তাৰ কাৰ্য ; Intervention , meGood-Samaritan--विश्वबन-महाव : One who befriends others when in trouble, especially strangers and friendless persons.

Gorge

Good-sense, n. স্বৃদ্ধি ; Sound judgment.

Good-speed, good-sped, n. Excl. क्डनांश्डा ; ष्यां नीर्कारन वित्नय ; Good success ; an old form of wishing success. [ not easily irritated. Good-tempored, a. बीतवडाँव ; मध्यकाँव ; Mild ; Good Templar—নদা ভ্যাগে কৃত শপৰ; One of a society pledged by certain rites to teetotalism. Good-turn—সময়নত নাহাযা , Timely help, aid or service. [ a family.

Good-wife, good-wif, n. গৃহিণী, The mistress of Good-will, good-wil, n. मेगा, प्रजन कामना; यज-লেকা; Benevolence; kindly feeling; wellwishing: 一門河南; 电车; Saleable custom of a trade; the custom of any business or trade.

Good-woman, n. 看; Wife.

Goody, n 副; Good wife, good woman.

Goose, goos, n. इरन , जान्नइरन , Water-fowl , the well-known web-footed aquatic fowl :-- मृकिव वश्र বিশেষ ; A tailor's smoothing-iron, of which the handle resembles the neck of a goose :- 5% | ব্যক্তি: বোকা, A stupid silly person. pl=geese.

To kill the goose to get eggs—খণভা বস্তু मां कविट याहेल मिक अर्थ विनष्टे हम ; To grasp at what is more than is due, and lose an excellent customer.

Goose flesh skin-ভয় বা শীত জনিত চর্ম্মের কাঠিক : A roughness of the skin produced by cold or fear.

Gooseberry, goozber-i, n. স্বামধাত খ্লাও তাহার कत ; The fruit of a berry shrub of the same name :-- (बाका ; A silly person.

Goose cap, n. চঞ্চল ব্যক্তি; Silly person.

Goose-grass, guoś-grass, n. লতাবিশেব; A common creeping plant.

Goose-quill, goos-kwil, n. दोक्ट्रांसद शालाद कन्म ; A large wing-feather or quill of a goose, used as pen :—পেন; Pen. [ for keeping geese. Goosery, gooser-i, n. इत्म ताथिवात श्वान ; A place Gorcock, gor'kok, n. পক্ষীবিশেষ, The red grouse or moorcock. [ carrion crow.

Gororow, n. gor'kro, n. काक ; The common or Gordian, dordyan, a. Pertaining to Gordius, king of Phrygia, or to a knot tied by him which could not be untied, but was cut by Alexander the Great — কঠিন, জটিন; intricate, complicated, difficult.

Gordian knot—অমোচা বন্ধন; বিগম সমসাা; A knot so tied by Gordius, king of Phrygia, that no one could untie it, an inextricable difficulty. Gore, gōr, v. t. [A. S. gôr, spear] a害, 頭野何也; ত্রিকোশাকার কলির কাপড় বা ভূমিখভ; Blood; clotted blood; a triangular piece of cloth sewed into a garment to widen it :- v. f. नुत्र मिया विक-কু, তীক্ষাগ্ৰ অৱস্থারা বিদ্ধ-কু, To stab with a horn. to pierce; to pierce with a pointed instrument: ত্তিকোশাকারে গঠন-কু; To shape like, or furnish with, gores. Syn :- (v) Stab, wound.

Gorgo, gori, n. [ L. gurges, a whirl-pool ] 45: The throat :- शिक्षिणक ; A defile ; a narrow pasPage among hills — ছর্গের বহিঃপ্রাচীার প্রবেশ-পথ, The entrance to an outwork — v. t আদ কৃ, To swallow greedily, to glut — v: ভক্শ-কৃ, ভোলন-কৃ, To feed. Syn — (v) Cram, stuff, fill, sate, satiate

Gorgeous, gor'jus, a [O Fr gorges beautiful, gaudy ] জাকাল, বিচিত্ৰ, Showy splendid newgorgeousness, ad egorgeously Syn —Magnificent, glorious, brilliant superb luxurious Gorget, gor'jet, n কছকৰচ, বোদাৰ কঠনুৰৰ A piece of armour for defending the thiroat or neck Gorgon, gor'gun, n বাকস, ক্লিফ প্ৰথম (প্ৰা বিশ্ব, বাহাকে পেথিবামান্ত দৰ্শক প্ৰথম প্ৰিশ্ব, হইড

াবৰেৰ, বাহাকে পোৰবামাত্ৰ দশক প্ৰাপ্ৰ পাৰণ্ড ইইড A fabled monster of so housible an aspect that every one who looked on it was turned to stone —অভি ক্লাকাৰ বস্তু, Any thing very ugly or horrid

Gorgonian, Gorgonean, gor'go ni-an Gorgon, gorgon a অতি কণাকাৰ কি'বা ভাগানক অত্যন্ত বিকটবুলি, Very ugly or terrific very horr d Gorilla, gor ili, n আফ্রিকাদেশীৰ বৃহলাকাৰ ধানৰ Anapc of tropical Africa of g cit size, strength and ferocity

Gormand, goi mand, Gourmound, n পেটুক A glutton Syn —1 picuse bou vivant

Gormandise, gormand iz ব : পেটুকেৰ মত ৰাজ্যা, অন্যন্ত আহাৰ কু, lo eat like a gormand n=gormandisei

Gormandiaing, gor'mand iz-ing n অভিজ্ঞৰণ উপৰিক্তা, I he act or habit of eating voraciously Gorse, gors, n কউক গুলাবিশেষ, লভাবিশেষ, A thick, prickly shrub

Gory, goi'i, a স্কান্ত , বক্তম্ম , Bloody, covered with goie , ensanguined

Goshak, Goshawk, goshawk, n চিল কৰকম শিবরে পাৰী, Greedy hawk a short winged slender hawk, once used for hunting wild-geese Gosling, gozling, n রাচহ, দ-শাবক, Little or young gooses

Gospel, go'pel n [A S god good and spell story] স্থানাচার, গীপ্তর্ম গ্রীষ্ট্র আহিন প্রতানেশ (sood news, good tidings the Christian revolution — ধর্মান্ড, A system of religious truth 45, n — Revelation divine truth, doction, creed

Gospel truth—বেশ্বাকা, A fixed truth Gospellers, n. Followers of Wychine, called the Gospel Doctor

Hot gospellers, n A nickname applied to the Puritans after the Restoration

Gossamer gosa-mer, n মাকড্দাৰ ভালের ন্যায় কল্প ডম্ম, উৰ্ণা-ডম্ভ মাকড্দাৰ জাল, Fine spider-threads which float in the air

Gossip, gosip n জন্ধনা, মিগুণপল্ল, Idle talk — জনক A talkative person, idle tattler — বিশেষ পৰিচিত্ৰ ব্যক্তি, A familiar acquaintance — v t জনলা-কু, বেশী কথা বলা Prate, to chat Syn — (n) Tattler, tall tale, newsmonger, chat, tattle, small talk.

Got, p t and pt p of Get

Goth, goth, n A tribe akin to the English — অসত্য লোক, A barbarian, rude, ignorant person The wisemen of Gotham—ৰূৰ ব্যক্তিয়া, Fools.

Gothamite, gotha-mit, Gothamist, gothamist » বেক), A wiseacre, a simpleton

Gothic, gothik, a আসভা, অভুত, Belonging to the Goths or their language, barbarous, romantic —এক একাৰ গৃহনিৰ্মাণ বিদ্যা সম্বানীয়, প্ৰাচীন কালীয় একপ্ৰকাৰ স্থাপতা বিষয়ক বা তৎস্চক, Denoting a style of architecture with high pointed arches, clusterd columns &c

Gothicise, gothi-siz, v t To make Gothic — অসভাবিদাৰ আনমন কু, অসভা কু, lo bring back to builbuilsm

Gothicism, gothi sizm n প্রাচীনকালের স্থায় অট্টা-লিকাদিব নিশ্বাণ প্রধালী Gothic idi im or style of building —স্মান্ত্য ব্যবহাব, অস্ভ্যুতা, Rudeness of manners

Gouge, হতে। n [I ow I guzia, a kind of chisel] ভিন্ন কৰিবাৰ এবৰকম বাটালী A chisel with a hollow blade for scooping of cutting holes—
v t ছিন্দ ক কোৰ কৰিবা বাহিব ক To scoop out as with a pouze to force out as the eye with the thumb or tinger I fruit Gourd, Lord n ৰুমাও, অলাবু A plant and its Gourmand, p or mand n পেটুক, উপৱিক, One

who eats greedily, a glutton Gout, gowt n সন্ধিগ্ৰহণ গেট বাভ A disease of the joints especially in the great toe

Gout, ६०० n आश्रीमन Taste reli h

Gouty, gowli a বাজবাগগন্থ বোচা বোগী Relating to gout disea ed with or subject to gout.

ad=g rutily n=gouting s

Governante, guver-nant, n শিক্ষিত্রী, A gover ness, a lady who has the care of young ladies Governess, guver nes n শিক্ষিত্রী, শিক্ষিত্রী ও বৃক্ষিত্রী, A tutoress a lady who has the care of instructing and directing young ladies.

Government, guvern-ment, n শাসন, Management, control —শাসনকপ্তা, শাসনভাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত বাজ-কৰ্মচাৱিৰৰ্গ, The body of administrators of a common wealth or kingdom — ৰাষ্ট্ৰ, Kingdom, a state —শাসনপ্ৰণালী, ভন্ত, System of governing —In gram the influence of a word in regard to construction —a স্বাস্থ্যক্ষীয়, বাজ্যাশাসন সম্বন্ধীয়, Of or pursued by government a governmental Syn —Rule, regulation, conduct, direction, guidance, restraint, control, sway dominion, common wealth, state, polity, administration executive

Governmental, guv-ern-mental, a বাল্যুটিড, বাৰ্থীয়, Pertaining to or santioned by government.

Governor, guvern-ur, n. नामनवर्श, निवदा,

Ruler:—শিক্ষক; অভিভাৰক A tutor; guardian:— কলের বাতি সংবাদকারী কৌলালবিশেন ; A contrivance for maintaining uniform velocity with a varying resistance:—আছাজের প্ৰ-প্রদর্শক; A pilot. n= governorship Syn:—Directior, controller, manager; magistrate, executive; instructor.

Governor-general—To all The Viceroy of India; chief governor of New Holland, Canada or the West Indies.

Gowan, gow'an, r. একবকৰ কুল; The mountain Gown, gown, n জীলোকের পরিছেদ; জীলোকিদিগেব ধাৰ্মবা, Woman's long garment; the outer garment of a woman:—লখা পৰিছেদ; A long loose robe worn by professional men and scholars.

Gowned, gownd, a. মাগরা প্রভৃতিতে আবরিত , Dressed in a gown.

Gownman, gowiman, Gownsman, gownź-man, n. ধর্মাচক; পাদরী, কৌলিলী, One whose professional habit is a gown, as a divine, a lawyer, one devoted to the arts of peace — ইংরাজি বিশ্ববিদ্যাল্যের সভ্যু, A member of an English university.

Grab, grab, v f and v. s. বলপুৰ্কক খৃত-কু; হঠাৎ
চাপিলা খু; To seize with strength or suddenly:
—n হঠাৎ হত্ত্বানা ধাৰণ, A sudden grasp or
science Syn — Seize, clutch, grisp, snatch.

Grace, হার্ড, দ [ L. gratia, favour ] অপুপ্রহ, अभाग , Favour — त्रामया , नावगा . Beauty — কুপা, অমা, Mercy, paidon —সৌক্ষা, Beauty, phyrical, intellectual, moral — সভাবিক গুণ, Inherent excellence — (डांकरनद शर्स्स वा (भर्म खार्चना , A short prayer before or after meat -সভাত बाक्रिय उभागीयान्य. The title of a duke or an archbishop -- \$4747 करना. The undeserted kindness or foreiveness of God :- অশকাৰ, ভূষণ, Adornment, emblishment — অনস্ত ফীবন, Eterna! life - মৃক্তি, Salvation :--pl সৌলগোৰ অধি-क्षे ही (प्रवीक्ष ; In muth the three sister goddesse- in whom beauty was deified - v t ভৃষিত কু, শোভিত-ধু, To adorn, decorate --- শানা-কু, To mak with fivour, honour. Syn -(n) Bencficence, kindness, generosity, elegance, comliness, charm

Pe in the good graces of one—কাহাৰ প্ৰিৰ 'গাত-ছ. Be a favourite of one, be in trendship with one

Days of grace— হণ্টী প্ৰভৃতিৰ টাকা দিবাৰ লিংবাস-সাবে দেব ভাগিৰেৰ প্ৰেও যে দিন দিন সম্য দেওখা হয়; Three days that a bill may remain unpaid after its date

With a good grace—প্রসমন্তাবে, প্রীতিক্বভাবে; Gracefully, in a becoming manner.

With an ill grace—অপ্রসন্তাবে , অপ্রীতিকরভাবে , In an unbecoming manner.

Graceful, g.হ.fool, a. স্পাৰ; কমনীয়; Pretty; elegant and easy. n=gracefulness. ad=gracefully. Syn — Beautiful, symmetrical, natural. Graceless, gracies, a. ছুল্বিল; পাপী; Depraved; wicked; corrupt.— এইন , Wanting in excellence. n=gracelessness. ad=gracelessly. Syn:—Degenerate, vicious, abandoned, worthiess, profigate,

Gracious, grashus, a. গোৰ; গাণ্য; কল্পাৰ; কল্পাৰ; প্ৰাণু; Merciful; beneficent benevolent; benignant:—উত্থা; Excellent:—সুন্ধা; Beautiful.
n=graciousness. ad=graciously. Syn—Kindly condescending, pleasing, affable, courteous.
Gradation, gra-dashun, n. [L. gradation, rising by steps] অস্কুল প্ৰশ্বা ; ক্ষা; ক্ষাছিছ;
Grade, progress from one degree or state to another; a rising or act of progressing by regular steps. ad=gradational

Gradationed, gra-dáshund, a. ক্রমান্তর সন্ধিত বা গঠিত , Formed by stages.

Grade, grad, n. [L. gradus, a step] ক্ৰম; প্ৰ-ম্বাদা, প্ৰা, A degree, a step in rank, a dignity; stage — ক্ৰমনিমভাৰ পৰিমাণ, The degree of slope on a road.—v. t To reduce to a level.

Gradient, gradi-ent, a. [ L gradier, to step ] ক্ষোন্ড; Rising gradually or with a regular slope.—n. বৰ্ষের ক্ষানিরতা, আনতম্ব; The degree of slope on a road or railway; an incline.

Gradual, gradu-al, a ক্ৰমসমূত; ক্ৰমাপ্ৰসাৰ; নিৰ-মিত লানৈক্ৰ, Advancing by grades or degrees; regular and slow. ad=gradually. n=graduality Syn.—Progressive, slow, continuous, graduational.

Gradual, gradu-al, Grail, gral, n. [L. gradus a step] খুৱার স্থোত গ্রন্থাবিশ্য . An ancient book of hymns.

Graduate, gradu-at, v t [ L. gradus, a step, a degree ] উপाधि अङ्ग-कृ, উপाधिशाश्च-र्; To take a degree at college - ए र हिरू बाजा छात्र-क . ক্ৰমিক অংশে বিভক্ত-কু; Divide into degrees or measures; mark degrees:-n. विश्वविशानरवन्न উপাধিপ্রাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; One who has been admitted to a degree in a college, university, or society. n=graduation. Syn -(v) Adjust, regulate. Graduator, gradu-a-tor, n. বেখা বিভাগ করণার্থ গণিত্যস্ত্ৰ-বিশেষ; Instrument for dividing scales. Gradus, gradus, n. ছत्म्व खिल्लान , इत्माविषक পুরুক, A Dictionary of Latin or Greek prosody. Graff, Graft, graft, n. [ L. graphium, a style or pencil ] বুঞ্চাদির কলম , পরগাছাব কলম , Shoot inserted in another tree -v. f. পাছের কলম-কু; প্ৰগাছাৰ কলম্-ক , To make an incision in a tree or plant and insert in it a small branch of another :- খ. :. কলম লাগান : এক গাছের কলম কবিয়া অপর গাছে দিলিত-🏲 , To mert cuttings into a tree. Grail, grii, " পাত , পানপাত্রবিশেষ: A broad, open dish or cup, a chalice.

Holy grail or sangail—in mediaeval legends, the dish in which Joseph of Artmathea received the blood of Christ and could be received by a knight, chaste in act and thought.

Grain, gran, n. [L. granum, seed] শ্লা; ধান্ত; A kernel, especially of corn wheat —বীজ. Seed —ক্ৰিকা; জ্বা; A minute particle, a very small quantity:—ইংবাজি ওল্লবিশেষ, বতি, The smallest weight, 20th part of a scruple, 24th of a penny-weight.—কাঠাদিব আলালমুহেব বিভাল, বে দিকে কাঠ ডক্ত প্ৰস্ত ; Direction of the fibres of wood:—প্ৰকৃতি, Temper, disposition:—ব্ৰন; Texture:—বা; Dye:—pl, অব্দিট্ট জ্বাল, ভূব;

ৰোলা; The husks or remains of malt after brewing or any grain after distilation; residum :-- तर्व : Texture :-- v. t. वड-क ; कार्टक অণ্ডদির অপুকরণে চিত্র-কু; To paint in imitation of the grain of wood. Syn :-(n) Cereals; atom; bit, jot, whit, tittle; fibre, texture humour, tint, hue, shade, tinge.

Against the grain—কাঠত প্রসারের বিপরীত शिंदक: Against the direction of the fibres :-ব্দনিজ্ঞাপুৰ্বাক কৰে; Unwillingly; with difficulty Dye in grain-রব্-ক ; পশ্যে রহ্-ক ; Dye in the raw material; dye firmly; dye in the the wool. Go against the grain—विवृक्तिकत्र-इ; To be repugnant to.

In the grain - অন্তিগত : Deeply scated.

Grained, grand, a. অণুতে বিভক্ত; Divided into small particles or grains .— অম্পণ; বৰুৰ; Roughened, rough: - afas, Dyed in grain: painted in imitation of wood — ৰাড;বিক; Ingrained.

Grainer, graher, n. কাঠের অণুটার অনুকরণে যে চিত্র करत : One who paints in imitation of the grain of wood.

Grallatorial, gral-a-tor'i-al, Grallatory, grafa-tor-i, a [ L. grallator, one walking on stilts ] वक अञ्चि छनाइ शक्ते काडीय, Pertaining to the wading birds, as the stork, crane, &c.

Gram, Gramme, gram, n. क्वामी एनीय अजन-বিশেষ: The French unit of weight.

Gramineal, gra-mine-al, Gramineous, gramine-us, a. [L. gramen, grass] ধাসজাতীয় ; ভূপময ; Like or pertaining to grass; grassy.

Graminifolious, gram-ın-i-io'li-us, a. Mais-对许事, Bearing leaves

Graminovorous, gram-in-ivo-rus, a তৃণভোজী; উত্তিপ্তেক্তি]; Feeding on grass.

Grammar, giamar, n. [ Gr gramma, a letter ] ৰাকরণ; ব্যাকবণশাস্ত্র ; The science which treats of the principles of language; the law of speaking and writing.

Grammar-school, n. त विषा तत्व लाहिन ७ औक শিকা দেওয়া হয়; A school in which Latin and Greek are taught :- नाकित्र विमा नियः, A school in which grammar is taught.

Grammarian, gram-mari-an, n. কাকিণ্ড; বৈয়াকরণ : বেয়াকবণিক ; One skilled in grammar Grammatic, gram-matik, Grammatical, gram-matik-al, a. नाकवर्षाम्ब ; बाकदरपिछ ; Belonging to or according to the rules of Grammar ed=grammatically.

Grammaticiso, gram-mati-siz, ए. र. नारकाप-मार्थक-कृ; To render grammatical -- v. : বৈয়াকবর্ণের স্থাব ভক-ক : To act the grammarian. Grampus, granipus, n. यदमादित्यव . A cetacean. Granary, granar-i, n. শ্ন্যাগার; শ্ন্যের গোলা; A store house for grain or thrashed corn; garner ; corn-house.

Grand, grand, a. [ L. grandis, great ] Tec; বভ : Great :-- এধান ; Chief :-- মহৎ , মহান ; পাত , Noble; lofty, dignified; splendid; illustrious: -পৈন্তামহিক; মাতামধিক; পোত্রিক বা দোহিত্রিক; Of the second degree of parentage or descent. == grandness, ed=grandly. Syn .- Majestic, ele-

Grant vated, stately, august, pompous, magnificent; principal, superior.

Grandam-nam,-ny-351; An old woman especially a grand mother.

Grandam, grandam, n. वृद्धा ; आदेश ; An old dame or woman; a grandmother.

Grand-child, grand-child, n. शीव: महात्वन সম্ভান; Son or daughter's child.

Grand-daughter, grand-dawter, n. भोती: भिष्ठी; The daughter of a son or daughter. mas=grandson.

Grand-father, -father, n. निजायह , बाजायह : A father or mother's father. fem=grandmother.

Grand-jury, —iনিট'ri, n. অভিবৃক্ত ব্যক্তির দোবাদোধ श्चितकदेशार्थ निर्माकिङ वास्त्रिश्च Preliminary jury: a jury that decides whether there is sufficient evidence to put the accused on trial.

Grand-mother—পিতামহী; মাতামহী।

Grand-nephew, —nel'ii, n. ৰাত্যপাত্ৰ, ভাগিৰেছ প্রভারৰ পুত্র; The grand-son of a brother or sister fem=grand-niece.

Grandsire, -sire, n. পিতামহ বা মাতামহ; পিতা মং দি-পূর্বপুরুষ : A grand-father, any ancestor.

Grandson, n. প্রোক্ত, দৌহিত্র।

Grand visior, " sette ush; The head of the Turkish council of state.

Great grand-father-প্রপিতামর। Great grand-daughter-প্রগোতী।

Great, great grand-father-- क्रमाश्रापर।

Grandeo, gran-de', n. উচ্চপদত্ব সম্ভান্ত লোক: A Spanish nobleman; a man of high rank or station, n=grandership.

Grandeur, grandur, n. 30%; Vastness: - 55%; काउरव ; (मोहेव ; Splendour of appearance :--উচ্চতাব; महद , महिमां , लोदव , Elevation of sentiment, language or mien, sublimity. Syn:-Greatness, majesty, stateliness, augustness, loftmess, magnificence.

Grandiloquont, gran-dilo-kwent, a. [L. grandir, and lequer, to speak | বাগাড়স্বর পটু; শব্দাড়স্বর বিশ ; Speaking bombastically ; pompous. 🛲 grandiloquence, ad = grandiloquently.

Grange, granj, n [l. granum, grain] vinista : গোশাবাড়ী, Granary:-কেত . Farm.

Granite, grahit, n. [ L. granum, grain ] with প্ৰস্তুর বিশেষ ; A crystaline, unstratified rock : stone consisting of grains.

Granitiform, gran-iti-form, Granitoid. grani-toid, a किंक अख्वाकात वा उरम्म ; Of the form of, or resembling granite.

Granivorous, gran-ivor-us, a. [ granum, and voro, to eat ] नगानीती; नगारलानी; Feeding or subsisting on grains or seeds.

Grant, grant, v. t. প্রদান-ক ; দান-ক ; To give ; to bestow — স্বীকার-ক ; দানিয়া প্রতয়া ; To concede ; admit - अधिकांव-त्य ; To make conveyance of ; to give possession or title of :- n. अमृति : Bestowing :- দাৰ; An allowance; a gift :- দাৰপত ৰাবা হতান্তর করণ; A transfer or conveyance by deed or writing. Syn: -(v) Bestow; transmit, convey, transfer, yield. (n) Gift, boon,

present, donation, largess, benefaction; admission, concession

Take a thing for granted—শীকার কবিয়া লওয়া; বেলে লওয়া; প্রকৃত বলিয়া বিশাদ-কৃ; Admit to be true, allow.

Grantee, grant-e', n. শানগ্ৰীভা; The person to whom a grant or conveyance is made.

Granter, Granter, granter, n पांडा ; पांवर्की ; The person by whom grant is made.

Granular, granular, Granulary, granu-lar-i.
a. ক্পামন, পানার মন্ত; Consisting of or like grains.
ad=granularly.

Granulate, granulate, v. t. দানামন কু: বজ্ব-কু: To form into grains; to make rough on the surface:—v. i. দানাবং-হু, দানা বাঁথা, To collect or be formed into grains:—a. দানাবুজ; Granular:—
ৰজ্ব, Having small elevations on the surface.

Granulation, gran-আর্থ্যনাম, n. দানার আকার ধারণ; The act of forming into grains:—pl. কভের আমুম; The minute grain-like fleshy bodies which form in sores when healing. [particle.

Granule, granul, n. দাৰা; Little grain; small Granulous, granul-lus,-ular,-ulate,-ulated, a. দাৰাদার; দাৰাব মত, দাৰাম্জ, Consisting of or like grains or granules.

Grape, grap, n. [ O. Fr. grappe, a cluster of grapes] ডাকা, আকুৰ; Fruit of the vine:—গোলা বিশেষ; Grape-shot.—বোডার পারে কোডা, A mangy tumour on the legs of a horse.

Grape shot, grāp'shot, n. অনেক ছিটাগুলি; অনেক-ছলি ভোট গুলি, Small shot from a cannon; shot discharged in clusters.

The grapes are sour—কোন বস্তুকে না পাট্যা ভুছ ৰয়া. A thing is disparaged when it is beyond one's reach. [grapes are grown.

Grapory, grāp'er-i, n আকাকেন; A place where Graphio, graf'ık, Graphical, graf'ik-al, a [Graphia, to write] বিচিত্ৰ; স্কচিত্ৰিড; স্বাধিত, Picturesque; picturesquely described; described picturesquely. ad=graphically. Syn:—Forcible, telling, vivid, lively.

Graphite, graf'it, n. ধনিজ বিবেষ; A mineral. Grapnel, grap'nel, n দুজ নজর, লোহার আকর্ষী, Small anchor; graphling-iron.

Grapple, grap'l, v t. প্রহণ-কু; হুছ-কু; চাপিখা-গু;
To seize, hold, to lay fast: -v. i. মারামারি-কু,
To contend in close fight .-n. A fastening one
ship to another. Syn:-Grape, grasp, clutch;
struggle, cope, contest, wrestle.

Grappling-iron, n. শক্রপদীর জাহাজ ধরিবাব জন্ত বাবহুত বোহ্যন্ত বিশেষ; A large grapnel once used for seizing hostile ships. [hke grapes. Grapy, grāp'i, a. ক্লাকাৰ; ক্লাকাৰং, Made of or Grasp, grasp, v. t. এইৰ-ফু; আকড়িয়া ধরা; To catch; to seize and hold by clasping with the fingers or arms:—আৰ্ এইৰ-ফু; To comprehend:
—v. i. টেষ্টা-ফু; To endeavour:—पবিভে টেষ্টা-ফু, To endeavour to seize:—n. হত্তমুট, এইব', আবত্ত; Gripe of the hand; hold; reach of the arms:—ধারণাকন্তি; Wide reaching power of intellect to tomprehend subjects. Syn:—(v) Catch, clasp, clutch; aim at, strive for; grapple.

Greep at—ৰ্দাকু বাঁকু কৰিয়া ধনিতে যাওয়া; Endeavour to seize eagerly:—পাইবার জন্ত ব্যঞ্জ-ই; Be eager to get.

He that grasps at too much holds nothing fast—অতি লোভে ভাতি নই।

Grasping, grasping, a. wf-yvy; wit; Covetious: greedy Syn:—Avaricious, exacting, miserly, niggardly, close-fisted.

Grass, gras, n. খাস; তৃণ; A plant; a common herbage:—v. তৃণাক্তাদিত-তৃ; To cover with grass. The sacrificial grass—কুণ। [grass. Grass green, a. খানের মত সব্তবর্গ; Green like Grasshopper, grashop-er, n পতত্ব; গলা কড়িছ; An insect; a hopping insect allied to the locust and feeding on grass or leaves.

Grass-plot, grass-plot, n. ত্ণাচ্ছাদিত তুমি; ত্ৰানয় ত্ৰত; A plot of grassy grounds; a lawn.

Grass widow, n. পৰিত্যকা হী; A woman living away from her husband.

Grassy, grasi, a. সব্জবর্ণ; Like grass; green:
— ত্পাচ্ছাবিত, Covered with grass. n=grassiness.
Grate, grat, n. [F. gratter, scratch] বুদা; To rub; scratch; wear away:—কৰ্ম্প শ্ৰুক; To rub hard so as to offend, to make a harsh sound:—বাৰা বিশিষ্ট-ক; To furnish with grates or cross bars:—বিবজ-ক; উত্তেজিত-ক; To offend or irritate:—n. জাকরি; A lattice work used in windows of prisons &c.:—কংলার চুলার বাৰার; A frame of iron bars for holding coals. Syn:—(v) Scrape, scratch, abrade; rasp, comminute, triturate; be vexing, fret.

Grated, grāted, a. বাধনীৰিশিষ্ট; Having a grating. Grateful, grātfool, a. [L. gratus, pleasing, thankful] সুবাদ, মনোৱাদ, স্থানার; Pleasant; delightful; acceptable; acceptably welcome:—কুজা; Thankful, n=gratefulness, ad=gratefully. Syn:—Beholden, indebted; gratifying, agreeable, welcome, delicious, palatable, nice.

Grater, grater, n. মোটা উধা; An instrument with a rough surface, rubbing off small particles of a body.

Gratification, grat-i-fi-káshun, n. শৰোৰ; আজাদ; The act of pleasing; that which affords pleasure; delight —পুৰস্থার; Reward. Syn:— Pleasure, satisfaction, recompense.

Gratify, grati-fi, v. t. [ L. gratus, and facio, to make ] সভষ্ট-ক: ড্পা-ক, সাধ্যা-ক; প্ৰহা-কে; To please, to satisfy, to soothe; include. n=gratifier. Syn.—Humour, delight; requite, recompense.

Grating, grating, n. বার: A partition or frame of bars:—a. সন্তাপদারক, বিরক্তিকর; Harsh, irritating. ad=gratingly. Syn:—(a) Irritating, parring, rough, disagreeable, offensive.

Grating, ন. ঘৰ্ণ জনিত কৰ্ম শন্ত ; A harsh sound of rubbing.

Gratis, grátis, a. n. বিনা মূল্যে; কিছুই মা লইয়া;
নি:বাৰ্থে; By grace or favour; for nothing;
freely.
[ ness; gratefulness.
Gratitude, gratifuld, n. কৃতজ্ঞতা; ThankfulGratuitous, gra-tu'i-tus, a. বিনা মূল্যে প্রকৃত;
Done or given gratis or for nothing:—সমুস্ক;

Without reason, ground or proof — দেছাপুৰ্বাক, ব্যুদ্ধান্ত — স্কাৰণ, Without cause or provocation Syn — Spontaneous, assumed, groundless, unwarranted.

Gratuity, gra-tu'i-ti, n দান , পাবিভোগিক , পেছা-কৃত দান , Free gift , present S; n — Donation boon, grant, benefaction, endowment , charity Gratulate, &c—Same as congratulate &c

Gravamen, n [ L. gravis, heavy ] অনুবোগ,
অভিবোগের ভাষ্য কারণ, Grievance, substantial
cause of complaint or action

Grave, grāv, v t লোগৰ-কু, তক্ষ-কু. To cut, to engrave —v. t লোগৰ-কু, To practise engraving —n কবৰ, সমাধি Tomb —মৃত্যু, অন্ত Death, end Syn —(v) Carve, sculpture, imprint, impress, infix, (n) Sepulchre, pit, vault, long home.

Grave, giav. a [L giavis, heavy] ভারি.
Heavy, weighty — শুক, Important — গভাব
বার, Serious — গভার, In music, not acute ad=
gravely, n=graveness. Syn — Pressing, exi
gent, sage, staid, sober, plain, not showy,
deep

Have one foot in the grave—অতি বৃদ্ধ, অতি প্ৰাচীন, Have not long to live, being very old On this side of the grave—এ জীবনে, বাঁচিয়' পাৰিতে পাৰিতে, In this life

With one foot in the grave—as all calls, On the very verge of death.

Grave bow-exel Formal courtsey.

Grave-clothes, গ বে পোৰাক মৃত ব্যক্তিকে পোৰ কেবল বাৰ, The dress in which the dead are buried [and prepares graves

Grave-stone, n A monumental tone.

Grave-yard, n প্রেচভূমি, (cmetery, necropolis, a yard for the interment of the dead

Gravel, gravel, n [Fr grave, a sandy shore]
কর্ম A mass of small stones or fr ignents of
stone —পাতরি, পাণ্ডি Concretions in the
kidneys —v ধ করব হাবা আছে দল কু কুত্রবৃদ্ধি-কু,
To cover with gravel, to puzzle a=gravelly

Graver, graver, n ভাৰম An entriver — প্ৰদ্ ব্যু, An engraving tool Syn — Sculptor burin engraving tool [Pregnant Gravid, gravid, a [L. grave, heavy] গত্তী Graving, graving, n খোদন, স্বোদিত দিঅ, The act of cutting figures in hard substances — ভাষাৰ সংকাৰ The act of cleaning a ships

bottom Graving-dock, গ ভাই'ল দ'থাৰ সান, A dock into which thips are taken to be graved

Gravitate, pravi-tit, 2 : [1. gravis, heavy) কেন্দ্ৰের দিকে আকৃষ্ট কৰবা, পৃথিবীৰ মূৰে আকৃষ্ট-হ, 10 tend towards the centre

Gravitation, gravi-ta shun, n ৰাষ্ট্ৰকৰ্ণ শক্তি মহাক্ৰি, The peculiar force by which all bodies are drawn to the surface of the earth

Gravity, gravi-ti, n [L gravis, heavy] ওকছ, Heaviness, weight — বাৰ্ডায়, Importance — বাৰ্ডায়, Seriousness, solemnity — মাধাৰণা, The tendency of a body towards the centre of the earth — বার পাল Atrociousness , weight of guilt — নিম্ন সুর , I owness of sound Syn — Gravitation, centripetal force sobriety, sedateness , moment

Specific gravity—আগৈদিক গুৰুত, The relative weight of any solid or liquid as compared with the weight of an equal bulk of distilled water or any gas as compared with air

Gravy, প্লাহণ্য, n. মাংসের রস , মাংস-নিংহত জনীয় পদার্থ , 1 he juices from meat while cooking.

Gray, gra, a শ্নরবর্ণবিশিষ্ট, Ash-coloured, white mixed with black — বৃদ্ধ, পবিপদ, Old, mature:
— n ধ্নবর্ণ, A gray colour, any mixture of white and black — শ্নরবর্ণ কর, An animal of gray colour n=grayness

Gray-beard, gi ibčid, n আটাৰ ব্যক্তি, An old man —কদ্যা ইংগাত , A coaise earthenware vessel [gray.

Grayish, giáish a পাণু ইবং ব্সর, Somewhat Grayling, gráling, n মংজ বিশেষ, A silvery gray fish allied to the trout, but with a smaller mouth and larger scales.

Graystone, griston, n প্ৰস্তাৰিশেষ, A greening compact volcanic rock, allied to basalt

Graze, graz ৩ t চরাব ত্ব ভবৰ করাৰ, To feed with griss to tend grazing cattle —v s. তৃশাভার কৃ, চরা, Fo ent grass Syn —Rub against, shave, skim scrape pasture, crop Grazer, grazer, n গ্ৰা'দ ত্বভোৱা ভাব. An ani-

mal that grazes

Grazier, grazher, n 49-bigs, givin 434ins,

One who pastures cattle, and rears them for

One who pastures eattle and rears them for market [ pasture. Grazing, n 541, The act of feeding on griss,

Gresse, grte, n [Fr , 125 fat] दमा, त्वथ, हर्कि Animal fat — t हर्कि मोदान, वमान्त-कृ lo smear with crease — डक्टकार-(मृ, To bribe.

St. John's golden grease — ইংকোট Bribe. Greasy, gien a ভেলপুৰ্ব, ভৈলমা, Oily — চিক্ৰ স্থা, Smooth, fat ad=greasily n=greasiness

Great, gift a বৃহৎ, Laige, wide, big, vast
—প্রথান, Chief —পুকাৰ, Important, weighty
—পাৰ্থত Proud —ধনা Rich —বিখ্যাত, Supenor distingui hed —ইচাপন্থ, Of high rank
—ক্ষড়াপার Mighty —বহান Noble n=greatness
Syn —Huge vist bulky, ample, immense,
nuch hi\_h, ex (ssive, numerous, eminent,
powerful existed, magnanimous, sumpluous,
hard difficult principal superior

Great at, Great in, Great on—নিপুৰ, Skilful Great cry and little wool—ৰহাৰতে লয়ুকিয়া, Much ado about nothing

Great with—পরিচিত, Familiar —পর্বতী,
Pregnant [distinction
The great, n পদত লোক, People of rank or
Great born, a মহৎ বংশোহৰ, Nobly descended
Great-coat, grilkot, n. বড় লখা কুই, Outer
coat over cost

Great-guns-45, Tempest

Great-hearted, grat'-harted, a वर्द, डेगांद-वर्धाद, डेफ्स्बर्ग - High spirited, noble. Greatness, ল বৰ্ষ , প্ৰথাৰত , Largeness of bulk, dimensions, number, quantity or the like Great seal—The principal seal of state. Greaves, grevz, n pl. পাদ-ব্যাবারী আন , Anci-

ent armour for the legs.

Grebe, greb, n অনচয় পকী, Water-fowl.
Grecan, gre'shan, a জীসদেশ সম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to Grecce —n জীসবাসী, A native of Greece — গ্ৰীক ভাষায় পণ্ডিত One well-versed in the Greek language and literature

Grecise, git'siz, v t ত্ৰীক ভাষায় অপৰাদ-কৃ, To make Grecian to translate into Greek —v : আৰু ভাষায় কথা কহা, To speak Greek.

Grecism, gresizm, n প্ৰীক ভাষাৰ বিশেষ ৰাক্য-পদ্ধতি, An idiom of the Greek language a hellenism [voracity, greediness Greed, gred, n, নিলা পেটুৰতা, Covetousness, Greed of প্ৰথম—ধনবোড।

Gieo inneus, n গোষ্ঠ পেটুৰ Ravenousness, voi icity, gluttony engerness, avidity.

Greedy, gredi a পেটুক Voracious — ধনলোজী, Covetious —লোজী Hagerly desirous n= greediness ad=greedily Syn —Ravenous, gi ticnous insatiable eager, availcious

Greek, girk a প্ৰীসদেশীৰ Greet in —n জীস-ৰানী, A Greetan —প্ৰীক ভাৰা The language of Greece

Be greek to one—( অলানিত ভাষাৰ) কথাৰাজী কিছুৰ বুৰিতে দা পাৰা, Be perfectly unintelligitle to one i is in unknown tongue)

Grook moeting Grook — গকলন বলশানী ব্যক্তির সহিত আর একজন তুল্য বশবিক্রম বিশিপ্ত লোকের সম-বাসনে সাকাং গুরুৱা, রাম রাবণের যুদ্ধ, One strong per on meeting of equal prowers in a fight

It is Greek to me—It is something unintelligible [dulge in one s cups

To play the Greek—অভি ভোলন কৰা, To in-When Greek joins Greek then is the tug of war—বৰন ছই পৰাক্ৰান্ত দৈৱসল বৃদ্ধ প্ৰবৃত্ত হব, ভানি ভুমুল বৃদ্ধ উপস্থিত হয় When two armies of undoubted courage fight, the content will be very servere

Greek cabends - কথৰ ৰা Never

Greek church—I he eastern church, the established church of Russia, the church within the ottoman empire subject to the partriarch of Constantinople

Greek-fire – নানা জবোর মিজণে উৎগর দংনশীল পদার্থ বিশেষ A combustible composition which burns under water — জামি বৃদ্ধিতে পারি না, A sound mound in sound body.

Greekling, n Beginner in Greek [Greek Greekmaster, n খ্রীকভাষার শিক্ষক, Teacher of Green, gren, n. হরিংবর্গ, The colour of growing plants — ত্যাছানিত কেৱা, উদ্ভিশপূর্ণ ভূষক, A small green or grassy plan — pl শাক সন্ধা, Vegetables — a. হরিং, Verdant having the colour of growing grass — টাট্কা, নুভন, নব Fresh — শপক, অপরিপক, Unripe — অনভিজ্ঞা, নবীৰ, Inexperienced, young n=greeness Syn — (a) Verdant, emerald, vigorous, blooming, flourishing, new, recent, crude, raw, awkward

Green old age-नवानुवान (वहन हरेबाट अध्व মুবার মত ক্তিট্রি আছে এই ভাব) , Cheerfulness and liveliness which one retains even when old Greenback, grehback, n বুকরাজা প্রধান প্রচারিত [ भूर्ककानीन हे लाखर विठातानय। বাছে লোট। Green cloth, n दास्थामानष्ट अपवाहादीत भावि सक Green crop, n नाकांति , A crop of green wegetables [ very choice variety of the plum. Greengage, n একপ্রকার ক্ষর্র ফল, A green and Green grocer, n. শাক্ষজী বিশেষা, A retailer [ युवक , One who is inexperienced. of greens Green horn, grenhoin, n অনভিজ বাজি, ভল্প Greenhouse, githhows, n লভাদি রক্ষণ স্থান: [n = greenishness.Consert story Groonish, grinish a क्रेंबर करिए Rather green. Greenness, n নবীৰতা , অপ্ৰতা Vindity, fieshness newness, rawness unripeness Green-room-- अफिल्न अवर्शन विद्यामार्थ ग्रह . Retir-

ing room for players
Green sand, n अन्त वित्तन , A variety of sand-

stone in which green specks of iron o cur Green sickness— যুবঙীদিগের পীঢ়া বিশেষ, An illness of woman [grass grows

Groonsward, n ভ্ৰাৰত ভূমি, Turf on which Groot, দ্বাই চ t [ A S gretan, to go to meet ] আভিবাদন-কু সভাবণ কু, To salute congratulate — ৮ ঃ অভিবাদন-কু, Fo meet and salute Syn — Hail, addre-s accost, welcome, compliment Greeting, griting, n অভ্যৰ্কা, অভিবৰ্শন, Salu-

Greeting, grīting, n অভ্যৰ্থনা, অভিন্যুন, Salutation compliment

Gregarian, gre gắn-an, a. পোণ প্রেগরী সক্ষীয় বা ডংগ্রগরিড, Belonging to or established by Pipe Gregory as the Calendar

Gregarian calendar—The calendar, as reformed by Pope Gregory XIII in 1582

Gregarious, gre gfri-us, a [L gregis, a flock] वाहोबी नतवस हहेबा वान करन व्यक्ति Associating or living in flocks n=gregariousness, ad=gregariously

Grenade, gre nad, n [I granatum a promegranate] কামানের গোলা বিশেষ, A sma I bomb-shell Grenadier, g en া dei n দৈনিক, পদাভি সৈভ বিশেষ, Originally a soldier who throws grenades — দীৰ্ঘাকার পদাভি সৈভ, Later, a tall foot soldier —Now one of a regiment so called Gretna, Green marriage—Run away

Gretna-green, n Place for run-away weddings. Grew, gito first tense of grow

Grey, gra Sine as Gray

matches

The giey mare is the better horse—ৰী বামীকে বাসৰ কু The woman is all paramount, the wife rules the husband

Groyhound, grahownd, n বিকারি কুরুর, A swift hunting hound

Griddle, gridl, n পিইক ভাজিবার কড়া ভাজা A pan broad and shallow, for baking cakes

Gridiron, gridi-urn n নাংস কাৰাৰ প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবার স্থান্তরা, Portable grating for cooking

Grief, gref, n [L gravo to grieve] ছাৰ, পোৰ; Sorrow regret —ছাবেৰ কাৰণ Cause of sorrow. Syn —Dejection, affliction, mourning, moura-

fulness, moaning, woe, anguish, trouble, tribulation; trial, grievance.

Come to grief কাই পড়া; Be in trouble, to meet with an accident.

Grievance, grevans, n. কট্ট ; হাৰ . ব্যৰ্থা ; উৎ-नीइन; Wrong done and suffered; burden; hardship , injury ; grief ; oppression ; wrong ; trial

Grieve, grev, v. t. ছংগ-দে; বাধিত-কু, To vex, to afflict: -- v. i. বিলাপ-কু; শোক-কু; To mourn Syn: -Pain, hurt, wound; injure, trouble, annoy; lament, deplore, sorrow, bewail.

Grievous, grevus, a. ছ:খন্ত্ৰনক ; কটুকর , Painful : –শৌকাকুল, Full of grief:—ঘোর, উৎকট, Heinous; atrocious. n = grievousness, ad=grievously. Syn :- Afflictive, distressing; heavy, oppressive; offensive, provoking, hurtful, injurious, [ crook destructive; great, flagitious. Griff, Graff-इतन रान क्लोनात ; By hook or by

Griffe, n. The offspring of a mulutto woman

and negro man

Griffin, grif'in, Griffon, grif'un, n. করিত কর वित्न , An imaginary animal, generated between the ion and eagle -- 13; A species of vulture found in the mountainous parts of Europe, north Africa and Turkey.

Gris, grig, n. भरना वित्नव , वाइन माइ , Small eel . -পত্ত; Grass-hopper.

Grill, gril, v. t. 时间, 学年事; Broil on a grate. —कड़े-ल ; यहनी-ल . To torment.

Grim, grim, a. विकडे ; खद्रानक ; क्लाकांत्र , Fierce . horrid, ghastly; ill-looking. n=grimness, ad= grimly. Syn: - Ferocious, horrible, frightful, grisly, hideous, sullen, surly.

Grimace, gri-mas, n মুখতরী; A distortion of the countenance, a smirk. a=grimaced

a Grimaced, gri-masd, a. विक्छ , Distorted [cat Grimalkin, gri-malkın, n. বৃদ্ধ বিদাল, An old Grime, grim, n. यवना . अवर्गंड प्रयंता , Foul matter, ingrained dirt -v. t. क्नुविड-कू, To soil deeply Grimy, grimi, a মলিন ; কল্বিত , Dirty , foul

Grin, grin, v. : कांड (नश्न, To open the mouth, withdraw the lips from the teeth, or in laughter, scorn or pain: - ए. र. पछविकाणमञ्कारत वना , To express by grinning -- ৯ কপট হাস্য , দত্ত দেখান , Affected laugh, showing the teeth

Grind, grind, v t 5年1-季, 51-季, To reduce to powder by friction as in a mill or with the teeth — খবৰ ছাৱা পরিকার-কু, To wear down, polish or sharpen by friction -- পীড়ৰ-কু, উৎপীড়ৰ-事; To oppress by severe exactions —পরীকাব ষয় প্রস্তুত-ৰূ, To prepare for examination —υ : বুৰ্নিত বা ব্যবিত-হ, ঘৰ্ষণে তীক্ষ হওবা, শাণিত-হ, To become pulverised, polished, sharpened by friction. Syn .- (v) Pulverize, pound, comminute, triturate; grate, rub together; sharpen, oppress, plague, persecute, harass, afflict, labour.

Grind-stone, grindstön, n. শাশ প্রস্তর ; A circular revolving stone for sharpening tools.

Grind and bear-विदक्षि छोव धकान ना कतिया সহিবা বাওৱা; Suffer without complaint.

Grind one's teeth, Grash one's teeth-atta

দীত কিড্মিড্ করা বা দীত কাষ্ডান: Rub or strike the teeth against one another (in anger).

Grind the face of—छ शीएन-कृ; Tyrannize over. Grinder, grinder, n. 1944; He or that which grinds : -- 5र्रांग प्रस्त , करनद बीख ; श्लादन प्रस्तु ; Double tooth, molar.

Grip, n. হক বারা ধারণ; Grasp; a holding fast:v. t. 43-#; To grasp; to gripe.

Gripe, grip, v. t. मक कविया धता; ( पृष्ठ पृष्टित्व ) बांबन-क ; To seize, hold fast :-- डिमर्ट्स (बमना-तम ; To pain the bowels as if by pressure or contraction :—কষ্ট-দে; নিপীডিড-কু; To pinch, distress :-- v. i বৃত-কু, To seize by griping :-- পেট কামডানি ভোগ-জু, To feel griping pains in the bowels:--পীড়ৰ করিবা অৰ্থ লওবা; To get money by hard bargains .-- n. হস্ত খাবা দৃচরূপে ধারণ, Grasp; seizure; clutch: - হাতৰ, A handle -- বিপ্রাই; পীড়ন; Oppression, cruel exaction:--pl. পেট कामफ़ानि ; मान्न (भिष्ठ (तम्भा ; Spasmodic pain in the intestines Syn:-(v) Clutch, seize, hold fast; tighten, press, compress, squeeze, pinch. pain, distress.

Griping, grip'ing, p. a. অর্থনোপুণ; Avaracious : —निविञ्जित रहनीणोयक , Pinching.

Grisotte, gri-zet', n. क्यामीएमीव नीह बाडीवा विना-निनौ औ, A gay young French-woman of the tower class.

Grisly, grizli a. जन्मक, विकर , Hideous, frightful. Syn :- Terrible, dreadful, terrific, horrible ghastly, grim.

Grist, grist, n. अककालीन (भवनीत भंगा ; Corn for grinding at one time -शाना खरा व्यात्रीन, लांड, Supply, provisions, profit.

Gristlo, grist, n कामनानि, Cartilage a=gristly. Gristly, grisli, a. क्शमनाविषय वा महन , Consisting of or like gristle, n-gristliness

Grit, grit, n मामाञ्च थाना, The coarse part of meal -পাধর বিশেষ, কাঁকর, Sand or gravel -माश्म , एडक , Spirit -pl. यराश्चित हुन हुई , Oats coarsely ground :-- v. s. यम् यम् यम् न्य . To give forth a sound, as of sand under the feet -v. t **ठर्कान-कृ**, To grand.

Grithy, a বাৰুকাময়, Containing or consisting of sand &c :- व्यवरा, वृद्ध ; Rough .- (७०वी , मृह-প্রতিক, Spirited, resolute.

Gritty, griti a करीन क्यांनन, Consisting of or having hard particles, negrittines,

Grissle, grizl, n. [ Fr gris, gray ] धूनवर्त, A gray colour a=grizzled.

Grizzled, grizid, a धूम ब्रवर्ग, भि अवर्ग, Gray . of a mixed colour. [gray.

Grizzly, grizh, a किक्टि धुमववर्ग; Some what Grosn, gron, n. आर्डनान, यद्यनाराक्षक अक्ट्रेशनि. Deep sound of pain, a deep moaning sound, as of distress -ए t. वार्डनाप-कृ. To utter a moaning in distress:—আগ্রহপুর্বাক চেষ্টা-কু; কট Men, Strive after earnestly, to be afflicted. Syn .- Moan, lament audibly.

Groaning, gröning, n. शंडीद व्यर्खनाम , व्यक्टेश्रानि . A deep sound uttered in pain, any low rumbling sound.

Grost, gcot, n. थातीन हैं लखीय मूजा विरमव ; An old

English coin worth 8 cents :-- অতি অল্প পালা : Any small sum.

Grants

Groats, grots, n. pl. ह्वीक्ष भय ; खूवशैन करें ; Oats or wheat husk broken or cracked.

Grocer, groser, n. मूनी ; नवदिन ; Dealer in tea. [ sold by grocers. sugar, coffee, spice &c. Grocery, groser-i, n. मूनीशानांव भेषा अवा ; Things Gros, grog, ". बनिश्चित मना; मोनक श्वत वित्वत ; I tailing grog. Spirit and water. Grog-shop, n. मतन्त्र त्नाकान ; A place for re-

Groggery, n. भारतत (शांकांच ; A grog-shop.

Groggy, a. মাভান ; Drunken ; tipsy. [ stuff. Grogram, grog'ram, n. यह विध्य ; A coarse Groin, groin, n. [ Ice. greina, to divide ] 南京都. Hollow between the belly and the thigh :---विवास्त्र मियान कान ; The angular curve formed by the intersection of two arches. a=groined.

Groom, groom, n. অৰপাল ; দহিদ ; A servant, esp one who takes care of horses :- 44; Bridegroom -- बाक्सशादाय क्यांगे ; An officer in the royal household:—v. t. অধের পরিচর্থা-কু; To take care of horses; to tend, as a horse. Syn :-(n) Stable-man, hostler; waiter, valet.

Croomsman, n. ववशाजी ; Attendent on a bridegiom at his marriage.

Groove, groov, n. [A. S. grafan, to dig] (34). क्ष , अवृत्ती ; A turrow, channel ; a long hollow cut by a tool .-- थ. र नीडां वा अगानी वनन-द ; धनन-3 , To cut a groove or furrow in , to dig.

Grove, grep, v i. [ A S. grapian, to handle ] অন্তৰ্গত হাত্ৰাৰ ; Feel about, as in the dark :-ए र अक्टार्य शान्त्रशियां अञ्चलकान के . To search by techne, as in the dark. Syn .- Grabble, fumble, Gropo one's way- শাদাবে পথ হাতদান ; Search one's way by feeling in the dark, (like a blind [groping manner. man ).

Gropingly, groping-li. ad 3 (25) 174 bits, In a Cross, gius, a. সুল . Bulky :— বপ্রধার ; সুল ; Course, rough :- न्यू , Palpable .- निर्देश ; पूर्व , Stupid dull:-अज्ञीन : Sensual, obscene:-भधुनधः गमष्ठः The whole; total - n. मन्तर अवान কংশ, The whole bulk :—১৪৪ সংখ্যা ; The number of 12 dozen. ad=grossly. n=grossness. Syn:-Large; dense, close; vulgar, low. broad; rude, indelicate, impure; enormous shameful, flagitious; palpable, glaring, manifest, whole, entire, total.

In the gross, In gross—মোটে; মোটেমাটে: সর্কানাক্রো; In the bulk, all together.

Grossbeak, g:05bek, n. এक्छाडीय दक्रक् भन्नी . A genus of birds with a thick strong convex beak. Grossness, n. হুলভা; মুৰ্বতা; Bulkiness . rudeness. Syn: -Greatness, bigness, bulkiness; density, thickness; enermity, coarseness

Grot, grot, Grotto, grotত, n. ভংগ, গহার A subterranean cavern; cave. pl=grots, grottos. Syn :- Cavern, den.

Grotesque, প্রাট-tesk, a অপরূপ হাস্যোদীপক Whimsical; odd: extravagant .- n. অপ্রপু মৃত্তি বা দৃত্ত ; Whimsical figures or scenery. n=grotesquesness. ad=grotesquely. Syn :- Franciful, bizarre, unnatural,

Ground, grownd, pa. t. and pa. p. of grind. Ground, grownd, n. कुनुई ; कुनि ; अरहन ; महन्नि ; মাঠ : Earth ; soil ; land ; field :- ভিত্তি ; Foundation .- 4139; Cause, reason, originating force: —pl. মলা ; গাদ ; Dregs —মূল তর ; Principles :-v.t. ভিত্তির উপর স্থাপন-কু; To fix on a foundation :--ভালরপে শিশা-দে; মুলগুর শিক্ষা-দে; To instruct in first principles; to instruct thoroughly :- u. i. ভূমিতে লাগা; মাটিতে লাগিয়া অচল-ছ; To stike the bottom and remain; to run ground. Syn: -Clod, turf, sod, loam, mould; region, territory, country, domain, estates, acres; basis, support; motive, consideration, inducement, account, (pl) lees, sediments, settlings. (v) Found, establish, base, fix; initiate.

Gain ground-वाशमद-इ; कुडकावा-इ; To advance; make way; obtain an advantage.

Give ground-निष्ट रहे। ; Recede :- वृद्धि शहान : Vield advantage.

Lose ground-शिष्ड की : To retire, retreat : -স্বিধা বা যশ হারান; Lose advantage, citalit or reputation. { reason that.

On the ground that—as stars of . For the Groundage, growdai, n. रमय एक ; दमात व्यव्हान জন্ত কাহাজের ক্ৰ; A tax paid by a ship for the ground or space it occupies while in port.

Be grounded in-(कान दिश्यन यन एक ভानक्रभ काना ; Be instructed and versed in the elements or first principles of subject.

Be grounded on—কোন মূলের উপর স্থাপিত হওবা; Be based or founded on.

Ground-floor, grownd-flor, n. निश्चनात (माज: গৃহভিভিত্ৰ দংলগ্ৰ মেজে; Floor on a level or nearly so with the ground. [ in truction.

Grounding, n. ভালরণ শিকা; Thoronch Ground-ivy, grownd-i'vi, n. जहा विदर्भा, A. plant which creeps along the ground, lik. 1vy.

Groundless, growndles, a. আইডুক, অনুগক, विशा ; Wanting ground, foundation, or reas m ; not authorized; false, ad=groundlessly. n= groundlessness.

Groundling, growndling, n. मश्मा वित्मव ; A fish that keeps at the bottom of the water :-- বঙ্গা-লয়ের গৃহতলম্ দশক; A spectator in the pit of the theatre.

Ground-nut, grownd-nut, n. हीत्वव वानाव ; Peanut :-- नजा विराग ; A leguminous plant.

Ground-plot, grownd-plot, n. গুহাদিব ভিত্তি ভূমি; The plot of ground on which a building is placed. Ground-rent, grownd-rent, n. ভূমিকর, ভূমিব शाकाना . Rent paid for the privilege of building on another man's land.

Grounds, grownds, n. pl. তলানি বা গাদ: Dregs of drink; sendiment at the bottom of liquors.

Groundsel, growndsel, n. खेनव विद्यव ; An annual plant, about a foot high, with small yellow

Ground-swell, ground-swel, ঝডের পর সমুদ্রর আন্দোলন , দ্বস্থ ঝটিকাকণ্ডক সমুন্তত সমুদ্রের উত্তাল তরক , A broad deep swell or undulation of the ocean, after a storm or caused by a distant gale Ground-work, growndwurk, #. (अखि , यूनिवृक्ति ; ৰুল, Foundation — মূল তম্ব, মূল কাৰণ, First principle the basis, the essential part Group, group, n [ It groppo a bunch knot ]

প্ৰবেষ্ট্ৰ, group, ম । যে ফুল্লুক 3 bunch knot y স্থ্যাৰ, মনুহ, একজ বিজ্ঞান Cluster crowd assemblage — গ ধলবদ্ধ ইইয়া বিজ্ঞ কু বিজ্ঞান ক To form into a group or groups to arrange combine Syn —(12) Collection, clump, order, class, family

Grouping, প্লেটিচু'লেপ্ল, দ অন্ধিত প্রতিমর্ত্তি বা অপব বস্তব একজ সমাবেশ, The act of disposing and arranging figures or objects in groups

Grouse, grows n বস্তু পক্ষীবিশেষ I Linth cock Grout, growt n [A S grut course meal] মোটা বক্ষেৰ খালা, Coarse meal—ভলান শিটা The sendiment of liquor—পৃহ দিব নিনিত্ত মোটা বক্ষেৰ মনলা, A thin coarse moitar

Grove, প্ৰতিত n বৃক্ষসমূচ Acollection of tiees — বীপি, কুঞ্জ কানন An avenue of tiecs Syn — Forest, woodland thicket copse

Grovel, grovel া তে গিল ইটো মাটিলে হামা ভাত-দে (reep on the ground না প্ৰকাত নীট-ই Be low or mean ১৮৮ — Crawl, cringer fawn, sneak li liw u groveller

Groveler, n a state of the One who grovels an abject wretch

Grow, প্ৰাট ং া কৰিছ-ছ পুণি গুল Advance to fusines increase স্থা চ সাল — বৃদ্ধিত ছ lo develop — সম্ভত চ fo improve thrist — যা বাঘ্য প্ৰায় ক উপোন চ টাস্ট ly cause to grow cultival police to generate produce Sym — I spand extend veg tate germinate short prout alvance improve make projects with this produce cultivate Grow anto— বা Lalarge

Grow out of - ১০পর স ডেব স Spring from Grow up, Grow up to ক্ষান্তিক হ k ul mature y arrive at mathood and maturity — ডংগ্ৰাই উন্ধাৰ্থ Arise

Grow upon one—দ্যে প্ৰবৃষ্, বৃদিপ্ৰাপ্ত হ Gradually gain power over onc

Let the grass grow under one s feet—
সময় অভিবা হত ২ইতে দেওবা I osc time

Growl, gr wi া [(ser grollen to be anary]
কুব্ৰের মন্ত গোঁলোঁ কু বব্ৰেৰ সম্মান্ত নাজন কু
To mumur or snarl as a dog অসকোৰ প্রক ম
কু To utt i an anary gumbling sound — গ গ গোঁলো বিষয়ে প্রক্ষাকু To express by growling
— n কুব্ৰেৰ কাৰ মজন গজন, A mumum analing sound is of an angry day Syi—(v)
Grumole gral mumur complain n=growlet
Grown gray— চুল শ্ৰিষা যেলা, (কোন বিষয়ে)
প্রেক যাওয়া Grown old

Grown up. a (2 5 Ad ilt

Growth, groth n বৃদ্ধি ক্ষিক বৃদ্ধি . বৰ্ধন . A growing , gradual increase of bodies ; advancement — উৰ্ভি প্ৰতা সাধন . Progress development — উৎপদ্ধ কৰা , কৰা Product Syn — Augmentation advancement, progress, expansion, development produce product.

Grub, grub খা জনি খনন ক To dig in or under the ground —খাদ্যতিধা ক, To beg, esp food — নীচৰকে নিযুক্ত-ই, To be employed meanly — v t ধনন ফু, ৰুলোৎপটিন ফু To dig, dig up by the roots —n অভোপাত কীট পোকাব ছানা, A fleshy lurve —বামন A short, thick man, dwarf —পাল সাম্প্রী Victuals

Grubber, gruber n থননক বী, A digger —ৰুক্ষের মূল উৎপটিন করিবার যন্ত্র An instrument for digging up the roots of trees

Grudge, gruj া ব অনিজ্ঞাপূৰ্বক দান কু, To part with reluctantly — অনিজ্ঞাপূৰ্বক দান কু, To part with reluctantly — অনিজ্ঞাপূৰ্বক দান কু 
To give or take unwillingly — স্বাগ্রহকাৰে অব লোকন কু, To informer at — ৮ ঃ অনিজ্ঞ্ক হ T be unwilling to be reflectant — স্থাপবাৰণ ন প্ৰাজী-ই To be coverious or envires — অনুয়োধ প্রকাশ কু To complain to shew discontant — দুখা ৯ ৬ অ ৯ শ্বালা Ill will envy pique haired spite Syn — (n) havy begrudge re pine at murmur complain, (n) Aversion, dislike secret enmity

Owe is bear one a grudge —ক'হাৰও প্ৰভি
বিশ্ব বা হৈছে ব থাকা Bear ill will or countly to
inc [willingly
Grudeingly, gruping is al অনিক্তাপুৰ্ক UiGruel, হাতেল গ মন্ত, বা কেন্দ্ৰ Alight liquid
fied made by booking meal in water

Ginesomo, groo sum / ভীষ্ণ ভব ৰক Horritle, icanul

Gruff, truf a कर्रण कारणकृति, कोट्रण ती, Roigh, harsh stern in n anner illy churlish itgruffly n-ruffness Sin — Roiged, u ly tearish rude that tru pic

Grum, o fatal Moto - ever of councinance - - - - Grum - 1 - a low d p in the throat

Grumble, grumble ত : স্মুক্তিক সাম্প্রিক প্রাক্তি কি Murciur previous and নিৰ্কিট কি Rour — কি বিবিজ কলে কু lapres with rumble, regimble at grinding by — (mail, complent complete the find full rumble Grumble at পেশাত লাহ কংচ প্রিক পারা বাব এমন ভাবে। তাসকার প্রাক্তিক কু lapres dicorent at (malow murmuring vocc)

Grume, প্ৰেটট গ n | L crumus a little heap]
ৰাজ্য ভ ট lit k consistence of fluid, a c it
as if blood one rumbors
Grumous, প্ৰাট আৰু, a মুন ভুমাই বাবা (little)
Grumous, compare sum a কান্তে বিশ্ব Sulvery

Grumpy, frum; 1 व का श्रेश निवस, Suly m it holic dis nished Grunt, व : भुकर पद कृष्य त्यांक द्वील करव स्वरूप व क्रांब

Grunt, ত গ শ্ৰণৰ পাৰ গোৰ বোৰ কৰে সুৰু বৰ জাৰ শৰ্দু Io mak : sound like : pig — n শ্ৰুৰ বৰ, শ্ৰুণৰৰ জাৰ খোৰ ৰোভ শৰ্দ Noise of ih , a short guttural so ind is of a dog n≔grunter Gruntling, n শ্ৰুৰশাৰ A young hog

Guanacum, n কৃষ্বিশেষ, A tree a gum resin Guano, n সামৃদিক পঞ্জীর মণ Excrement of sca fowls— used as manuse

Guarantee, gar an-te' Guaranty, gar an te n গাৰিত চুকি বিশেষ A contract to see perform ed what another has undertaken security for debt — প্ৰতিষ্ঠ কামিল The person who makes such a contract — n t জানিল ই To undertake that another shall perform certain engagements — বিশ্বৰ ই. To make sure. Guard, gaid, v t. बच |- कृ, विश्रम इहेर्ड यक्षा कृ. To take care of, to protect from danger . রকার্যে সকে না , To accompany for protection — ৩ : সভক-হ, চৌৰী দে, To watch, to be cautious, to be wary -n 444, Defence . protection -সতৰ্বতা Watchfulness —বক্ষক, প্রয়েরী, A watch, sentinel -ভৰবাৰিৰ বাঁট, Part of the hilt of a sword -- আনুবলাৰ স্থান Posture of defence বেল ওয়ে- १कटे ट्यापेर उद्दारधानक, One who has charge of a coach or railway train 一月 有(新有 भवीव वक्क रेमग्रनन . Troops attached to the per son of a sovereign Syn -(v) Defend, protect, shield keep watch, save, secure, be vigilant, be cautious, take care, (n) Shield, safeguard, security sentry, watchman, convey, escort, care attention vigilance caution.

Advanced guard, Vanguard ব্যৱস্থা সেখ

Be on one's guard—मज्द ह, भावधान ह, Be vigilant, be cautious, be careful

Guard against— আখাত হ\*তে বলা-ক আপদ নিপদ না মটে এখন ক্ৰিয়া বশ্বা-ক Scence against injury or exil—(কোন বিপদ বা অপৰাৰ শাঘাট কজ্ঞ) প্রস্তুত সভিধাকা, Bein a state of defence is unst (some cvil or error), take care that some cvil does not beful

Mount guard—भाषितभावत वा क भेषे का। कृ like the station and do to day of a sentine! [prince or garetal

Lifte guards-Hoise soldier itiending i

Put on one's guard—काशांत मठद करिया (मडया

Throw one off one's quard—কাই বৈ অনবছিত শ্বা যথাত সভব বা সাবধান না গাকে ওছোই-কু Render one in attentive or unsuspicious of danjer full one to slep (with a view to surprise one and ann so) advanta

fuard room, প্রনেটিল দ বিপিক' প্রক ডপ বাৰ্গ পুত্র A room for the accommodation o until

Guard-snip, and ship, n aren's ferma A vestlof was appointed for service in a harbour or river

Guardsman, gird man # বাঙ্গপুক্ষণিগের লাই ব বঞ্চার্থ বিযোগিত সেক্তা, A soldier of the guards

Leuardod, gar'ded, a সাধ্য ন', সতক, অব্হিত, Wiry chuticus — সাধ্য নপুষ্ঠক উক্ত, Uttered with caution ad=guardedly, n=guardedness Syn — Circumspect, watchful, reserved

Guardian, g irdyan, n প্রতিপাদক তথাবধাবক,
One who takes care of —অপ্রাপ্তবন্ধক কাশনকৰ
প্রতিপালক. In law, one who has the care of an
orphan minor —a নকাকাৰী, Guarding, protecting n—guardianship Syn—Custodian,
warden, keeper, protector, conscivator, defender, preserver, tutor.

[ A fruit

Gusva, gua'va, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ A tree — পেথারা, Gudgeon, gujun, n মংসা বিশেষ, A fish — যে বাজি সহকে প্রভাষিত হয় A person readily duped — চার, টোপ. প্রভোভন, A bait, allurement. Guelder-rose, gelder-roze, n সোলাকার পূপারুক্ষ

বিশেষ, A tree with large white ball-shaped flowers. [ pense, requital. Guerdon, ger'dun, n প্রস্থাব, Reward recom-Guerrilla, n লমু বুদ্ধ, Skirmishing warfare, a mode of harassing an army by small bands

Guess, ges, v t অনুমান-ক, Conjecture, hit upon chance, to judge at randon — t নিক্ষ জান বাতীত মত স্থিব র, To form an opinion without certain principles or means of knowledge—n অনুসান, Conjecture Syn—(v) Divine, surmise suspect, reckon, believe, imagine, fancy, suppose

Guesework, geswurk, n আসুমানিৰ কৰ্ম , Work done by guess, or at hazard

Guest, gest, n নিমন্ত্রিত বাজি অন্ত পাত ব্যক্তি, Visitor received in a house sisitant

Gustaw, guf-faw', n উচ্চ হানা A loud laugh Guidance, gidans n ভপদেশ পৰিচালন, Direction, idvice, counsel a leading

Guide, gid, v t প্ৰথমণশন-কু প্ৰথ দেশন To lead, conduct direct in a way —উপদ্ধান-দ্ধে To direct —শাসন-কু, Influence control —, প্ৰদৰ্শ Conductor —উপদ্ধান Adviser leader — সনাদল হু তে সংবাদ স গহাৰ্থ নিশাহিত গৈন্তা A soldier or other person employed to obtain information for any army Syn—(v) Pilot, manage, superintend train instruct, (n) Director pilot, eigenine, mentor, monitor, counsellor

Guide-book, gichook, n ভ্ৰম্পৰ বিশ্পৰ দাপৰাৰ্থ পুত্ৰক Book for the guid mee of travell rs

Guide-post, প্রচেটিং । প্রতিকাশক প্রপদ্মনার্থ প্রথা স্তেখ্যা ক্ষান্ত ক্ষানাল্য, প্রপ্রদশক বাচ, A post to ducct travellers

Guild, gild n [A S gild money] সম্জ, জ্ল Society corporation b otherhood

Guild-hall, edd' hawl n বে পু ২ ন ি ব কাৰিবেশন হয় সমাজ গাঁক The hall when a guild or corport on is a nibles [of members or a trade Tradeguild, n ৰক্ষাই কলো কি Brotherhood Guile, ্বা n প্ৰাণ কলা কলো (raft cunning, traud Syn —Artifice diplicity deceit, art, subtlety trackery

Guiloful, gilio l ে হত ক ৰ০ শঠ Crafty, dece tiul, tiench rous alequicially, negule-fulness

Guileless, gi'les a जनन जायू, अरू के Frank, honest with some anticles ness, ad - zunk lessly.

Syn -- one re open, candid und signing.

Guillmot, sile met, n मामूजिक भकी विश्व , A genus of m time diving birds

Guillotine, gilo t'n, n निवाकननार्थ यम् , A multine for beheading by the stroke of a steel blade — v t निवाकन कृ, To behead.

Guilt, cit : পাপ দোৰ, Cum ্বা offence -শাপাসক Criminality Syn —Guiltness, wickedness sinfulness

Guiltless, gilt-les, a निर्द्याची निवनवांची, Innocent ad=guiltiessly, n=guiltiessness

Guilty, gilt-i. a অপৰাধী, দোৰী, পানী, Wicked n=guiltiness, ad=guiltily. Syn.—Criminal, culpable, sinful, evil.

Guilty of—কোন অপরাধে অপরাধী; Justly chargeable with (some crime) [gold coin=21s Guinea, gińi, n ইংলভের মুলা বিশেব, An English Guinea dropper—প্রভারক, A cheat

Guines-fowl, sini-fowl, Guines-hen, ginihen, n এক জাতীয় বুষুট ও বুষুটী, A fowl like the turkey.

Guinea-pig, gińi-pig, দ শ্বর ছাতীয় আবেবিকার জন্ত বিশেষ; A small Brazilian animul, like the pig and the rabbit.

Guise, giz, n বাফ আকৃতি, External appearance:
—পরিছাপ, Dress — বাঁতি, আচহণ, Manner, behaviour Syn — Aspect, form, shape, fishion, garb, costume, mien, custom, mode practice
In the guise of—কোৰ বেশে, In the dre sorgrab
Guiser, gizer, n ছম্বেশ্পাবী, A person in disguise:—A murmer who goes about at Christmas
[stimeed instrument

Guiter, gi-tar', ল সেনার', তানপুরা, A musical Gulf, gulf, n উপানার I rige bay — দহ, অতন পান বাত, আনত "ইং গং, An abyss, whirl pool —অত্ত বিষ, Arything insatiable — য : প্রান ক: Suillen up Sy: —(n) Inlet, arm of the sea, chash

Gulf-stream, n ta 2 to, A warm current run nu g from the Gulf of Mexico along the shores of the U S into the N E Atlantic

Gulfy, gulf i, a জ ব<sup>†</sup>ায় , অগাৰ , Full of which pools or gulfs.

Gull, gui n সামৃতিৰ পকী, গাছতিল, A webfooted, see fewl — প্ৰভাৱণ , চাহুলী, Trick — দে সম্ভ প্ৰভাৱিত হয় Ore reacily cheated a dupt — ভ t প্ৰভাৱণা-কু, কাৰ্দ্ৰ দেও i, Io deceive be guile, cheat Syn — (१) Defraud, cezen circumvent, overteach, impression.

Gullet, gulet n [L gula, the throat] दर्शनांकी, कवाज़ नारी, The Psophagus

Gulliblo, guli-bl, a সহলে পহ'ত্বিত, Easily decuved n=gullibility.

Gully, culin ভত্তপান, Whier-channel — v প সা কা পদ্ম কৰিবা প্ৰদান ক, To we in into a gully Gulp, pulp, v ধ আস ক, To swillow carrily or in large droughts — n আস, Sudden wallow, what is swallowed at once

Gulp down—একবারে প্র'স-কু , Swallow at once Gulp up—ফ্লীরণ-কু , Diegorge.

Gum, gum, n দত্যান, গাঁতেৰ মাদি, Flesh on the taws — বৃদ্ধ নিদান, মাটা, গাঁদ, Resin — ए t আটা বৃদ্ধ-হ, আটা নিনা হোড়া, To harden into gum, become gummy — ए । আটা বাংৰ কু, To exude or form gum [ 'pecus of the genus Ac uci Gum Arabio—গাঁদ, A gum from trees of sever il Gummiferous, gum-il'er-us, a [L gummi and fero, to produce] নিনান উৎপাদনকাৰী নিনানোধপাদক, Producing gum.

Gummous, gumus, Cummy, gumi, a আটায়স্ত কিন্তুৰ্ব, আটাৰ, Like gum, viscous, adhesive. n=gumminess.

Gun, gun, n বামাৰ, "পুক, Firelock, cannon Syn —Fire-arm, blunderbuss, musket, carbine, rule, fowling piece [lently Blow great guns—প্রচন্ত্রারে বহা, Blow vioGun-barrel, gun-bar'el, n कामात्रंत्र नती . वन्त्कद्र हुनो , The tube of a gun.

Gun-boat, gunbot, n কামানাহী নৌৰা বা কুজ কাহাজ, বামান বহনোগবোগী নৌকা, A boat or small vessel htted to carry one or more guns

Gun-carriage, guń-kar'ıj, n কমিবদাহী প্ৰত , A carriage on which a cannon is supported or moved

Gun cotton, guń-koln, n বাস্থাৰ কাৰ দংনীৰ জুনা বা জন্ত উদ্ধিল পদাৰ্থ, A nightly explosive substance obtained by soaking cotton, est in nitic and sulphuric acids, cotton or any other regetable rendered highly exposive

Gunnage, gunaj, n একথানি রণপোতের কামান দমন্ত The number of guns in a ship of war Gunner, guner, n কামান দাগে যে, কামানেব ভর্বাক-ধাবক, Cunnoncer, one who has charge of

Gunnery, guner-1, n কামান বিষয়ৰ বিদ্যা, কামান ছাড়াৰ কৌনল Art of managing guns or the science of millery

Gunny, Luhi, n. 83 A stror r, coarse kind of sacking manufactured in hids from jute.
Gun-powder, gun ow-der, n नोकन, A com-

bustible

Gunshot, gunshet म यडपूर भरीख कंगांन (राष्ट्री यय, कंग्रीनर भागी, Ringe of a gun

Gurgle, gurgl n ঘৰরে লক, গড় গা লক, Sound made by a flowing liquid — v t ধাৰণ দ বিশিষ্ট হ গাল পাল পিলা To rim or flow in a broken noily current Syn—(লা Garle, Lubb) ripple purl [fire A kind of fish Burnet, guinet, Gurnard, curnind, n হংগ সমগ্র প্রাণ, guinet, Gurnard, curnid, n হংগ সমগ্র প্রাণ, a violent issue of a flow — হাল্মতা Sentimertality—v a বংগত হ, বেশে নিশত-হ, To flow out with violence or copicilly—বেগেকার কু, To act with a sudden and rapid impulse Syn—(v) Stream, rush spout.

Gushing, gushing, a (बार्ग निश्न दश्येन , तरु ने अवह-भाग, Ruching forth with violence, emitting copiously, effucive.

Gusset, gu'ct, n [Fr gousset aimpit gusset]

a face a ca and offen afra, wint offen, The

picce of cloth covering the aim pit in a shirt,

2 smill piece of cloth inserted in a garment to

stiengthen or enlarge some part of it

Gust, gust, n প্রতে কটিকা, আবা কি প্রক বাব্ । সম্পা বাহাস , A sudden blast of wind —প্রচত বোধ প্রকাশ . আক্ষিক বোগোন্দীপন , A violent burst of passion. Syn —Squall, blow, gale, stiff breeze, sudden passion, fit, paroxysm

Gust, gust, Gusto, gusto, n [L gustus, taste] आप नव , योगरवाद , Relish partification — श्रीवान

কবিবার শক্তি, উপভোগ , Capacity for enjoyment a = gustatory. Syn .- Zest, gustation, savous, [ Pertaining to taste Gustatory, gusta-tor-i, a बानविष्ठ , स्थान , Gusty, gusti, a. अधिकानकून, अष्ट्यूक, Stormy, tempestuous n=gustiness. Syn -Windy, squally, blu-tering Cut, gut, n va, The intestinal canal of an anımal - v t अत्र वाहित-कृ, अञ्चरीन कृ, To take out the bowels . eviscerate , disembowel — লুগুন [Apun o, To plu ider Gutta-percha, guta-percha, n निर्मान विरम्ध . Gutta-serena, n অন্তা, দৃষ্টিহীৰতা . Amaurosis blindness caused by a pulsied retina or optic Gutter, guter, n [L gutta, a drop] अने जी. हात्म्ब स्वामिर्मम् नावी , Watter channel - नर्फम् मुक्ति, Watter channel of streets - व : महिन्द्र इ (वाडि (य ने कविश शनिवा भड़ा , To be hollowed to rur down in drops, as a candle. Syn -(n Channel, conduit, tube pipe. Suttural, guiur-al, a [ L guitur, the throat ] तथा दर्शनी मधकीय , Pert uning to the throat formed in the throat -n. कश्चित , A letter pr : nounced in the throat ad=gutturally, Guttural letter, " ककेवर्न। Guy, हा १ कि न दक्ष फैक वंशिवांत्र दक्क A rope or rod attached to any thing to steady it -ce . atta af. A queer figure Guzzle, Jul v : উদারেকর জায় ভোজন-কু , সর্ফনা nay To wallow liquids greedily, drink frequ ntly -- \* মাধ্ব শ অনেক্বার ভক্ষণ-কু , গল ধ 449 \$ , to willow much or often n-guzz Sin Dink, suddle, carouse, tope, quite will wig gormindize Gymnasium, jim-nizi um, n वाद्रामनाना, Place for extrisc of the body plagymnasia ुy mnast, j mn 1st, n दाखाय निक्क, वांगाप्रवाने (), who to the or practises gymnastics Symnastic, jim-nasti , Gymnastical, jim na tin al a काण म अवस क, Pertuning to ath'e ic ! [ exerci (s ca ruses an=gymnastically Hymnastics, jim-nastiks, n. 411414, Athletic

Gymnosophist, pim-nośof-ist, n [ Gr gyminos, naked, sophos, wise] বোগী, নাগা সহ্যানী; Indian philosopher walking bare footed; ascetic Gynarchy, pińar-ki, n [ Gr gyne, a woman, arctre, rule] প্রাশাসন, বমনা-বাহ্য, Government by a femile.
Gynecocracy, pin-e-kokra si, Gynecocrasy, pin e okra-si, a [ Gr gyne, a woman, krateō, to rule] প্রাশাসন, Government by woman, female power or sway.
Gyp, pip, n. কেম্বিল কলেজন জুড়া, A college ser-Gypsum, n বাড় বিশেষ, A mineral, consisting of sulphate of time and 21 percent of water—

up, it forms plaster of Paris Gypsy, Gipsy, Gypsey, jip'si, n. One of a wandering race originally from India —ভিন্ক, Vazabond, fortuncteller —ধ্রলোক, ডাইন্, A cunning or crafty person

When burnt to drive off the water, and ground

Gyrato, pirat, v ፣ [L gyratum, to move in a cucle] চত্ৰাহায়ে পতিঅধ-ক, কেন্তেৰ চতুদিকে পরিঅমণ ক, To move spirally, whirl round in rings:
—n চলাত (mation a=gyratory)

Gylation, ji rishun, দ ত্যাকদর পরিজ্ঞান, চক্র-ল'ত, A turning or whiting around, a circular n ction [a circle. প্ৰবিশ্যু, ji ra tor-i, a চক্রগতিশল, Moving in ১৯৫০, jir n [Gr gyi is, a rin r, round] যুগ্র; চক্রপ্ত Turn a circular motion

Gyrfalcon, Gierfalcon, jer'-faw kn, n. বৃহ-দাকাৰ বাৰপকী A large filcon, a species of hawk — পিৰ ীপনী, A baid of prey

Gyromancy, pi to-man si, n [(ir gyres, a circle, mantica divinction] एउक्स्परी शासी, A k nd of divination by walk n in circle.

Gyroscope, pro köp n f Gr হাত s, a circle, and she bed to see j চত্ত্ৰ না বৃহত না প্ৰজ্ঞান্ত কৈ মান নাচান্ত্ৰ us shewing to the eye the effects of latition

Gyvo, pr., দ নিগদ পাশৰ ৰেচি Fetter, chanter the legs — চ ধানগাড়ত কু, পাৰে বেড়িকে, Cofetter, chain

## П

H-ইংবাজী কৰিবলৈও অষ্টম বৰ্ণ আমার, The cth

Lia, ht intery আ), বিশ্বয়, অনুৰূপ বা ছুংগস্চক শক An exclamation of surprise, joy, or guef — ৩ t উচ্ডত: কু, বিশ্বয়প্ৰকাশ কু, Io hesitate, to express surprise

Liaboas-corpus, hibe-as-kor'pus, n [L haleo, to have, and corpus, the body] কলনাহেতের সনকে অপরাণীকে উপস্থিত করিবার প্রওয়ানা
অব্যাহকারণপ্রশাবার নীমাণার্থ অবক্ষ ব্যক্তিক বিচা
বান্য সান্থন এক কারাধ্যকের প্রতি আবেশপত্র, A win

for producing a prisoner before a judge and showing why he is confined

Haoer lasher, haver-dush et n জুঁণ কিছা প্রভৃতি তমুপ্যাবদেশ, Dealer in small wares, such as ribbons, tapes

Habordashery, haber dash-er-1, n পণ্য ক্ৰা; ছুচ কিডা এছতি বিজেন বস্তুজাত, Goods sold by a haberdasher.

Happreson, ha-bfr'je-un, n থাৰা ও বৃদ্ধ রুদ্ধার্থ বৃদ্ধ, A cost of mun or atmour to defend the neck and breast, Habiliment, ha-bili-ment, n [Fr. habiller, to dress—L. habilis, fit, ready] বেশ, পৰিছেদ, পোৰাক, Dress, garment. Syn.—Vestments, robes, clothes, garb.

Habit, habit, n [L habitus, state, dress] বেশ, পারছা , Diess — প্রতৃতি, Temperament — জঙাস, ব'তি, Practice, custom —থ্রালোকের কোটি, A closely fitting coat worn by ladies — ফ t. সজিত-তৃ, পোবাক-তৃ, To dress, clother, array Syn:—(n) Garment, gaib, habiliment, constitution, temperament, disposition, custom, usage, wont, practice way, manner, mode

Be in the habit of—কাহাৰ অভ্যাস থাকা, Be accustomed or used to (followed by a present participle) [ the dress or garb of In the habit of—কোন বেলা বা প'তেলে পৰিষা, In Habitable, habit-a-bl, a [L hubito, hubitatus, to inhabit] বাস-বোগা, That may be inhabited or dwelt in ad=habitably, n=habitableness

Habitant, n निरंभी , Inhabitant.

Habitat, habit-at, n জীব ও উদ্ভিদেব স্বাভাবিক বাস স্থান, Natural abode of a planet or animal

Habitation, hab-i-táshun, n বসতি, বাসসুহ, Place of abode, a settled dwelling, a residence Syn —Domicile, house, mansion, home, iesi dence, habitat

Habitual, ha-bitu-al, a. অভাসলক, ব্যবহারসিদ্ধ অভাসেত, Customary, usual, common Syn — Accustomed, ordinary, regular

Habituate, ha-bitu-রা, ত ঃ অভাত-কু, অহাস শিক্ষা দেখা, To accustom, to inure Syn — Iramiliarize, train.

Habituate (oneself) to—কোন বিবৰে অভাত হ, Make oreself familiar with (by use or accordation).

Be habituated to—অভাস ধাকা, Be in the Habitude, habi-tūd, n অভাসেৎপর প্রবাতা, এখা, অভাস, প্রতি, Custom, habit, usual manner

Hacking cough—বঙ্গাধক কাশ, A broken, troublesome cough.

Backle, hakl, n গাট বা শণ আচডাইবার চিকণী,
An instrument with teeth for sorting hemp or
flax —v t. চিক্লণী ছাবা পরিস্থাব-কু, খণ্ড খণ্ড-কু, To
dress with a hackle, to tear rudely asunder
Syn —(v) Hatchel, rend, lacerate, question
sha p'y.
[broken, as if chopped
Hackly, hackli, a বন্ধুব, বন্ধুব, Rough and
Backney, haknt, n. ভাডাটিয়া ঘোড়া, A horse
kept for hire —বেতৰভোগী, A hireling —বেখা,
A prostitute —v. t. ভাড়াটিয়া গাড়িতে কাইবা বাড্যা,

To carry in a hackney coach :— অভ্যন্ত ; ব্যবহার কু, To use much — a ভাড়াটিয়া; Let out tor hue — সংবলা ব্যবহৃত, Much used — ফুল্টারিনা.

Prostitute. Syn — (a) Hack, hued, common, worn out, trite.

Hackney-coach, halfni-köch, —carriage, n. ভাদাটিশা পাড়ী, Coach let out for hire

Hackreyed, a ভাডাটিখা, সাধারণ, অতিরিক্ত বাৰ-হাণ, Hack, common, used much.

Had, pa t and pa p of Ham

Haddock, h iduk, n মংস্য বিশেষ, A sea-fish of the cod family

Hades, hidez, n মুভ ৰাজিদেৰ আবাস, মৃত ব্যক্তি-াদগেৰ বাদস্থাৰ, যমা ায়, প্ৰলোক, The abode of the dead, the place of departed spirits

Hady, n সৱা থাতা, Pilgrimage to Mucca.

Hadyı, " হাজি , A pilgrim

Haomal &c. sec Hem il &c

Haemoglobin, he-mo-globin n [ Gr haima, blood, and L gl bus, a bund body ] যে পদাধ হৈতে যক্তেব লাল সঙ্হয় . The colouring matter of the blood.

Hacmorrhage &c See Hemorrhage

Haft, haft, n বৃটি , হতেল , A handle Hag, hag, n বৃত্তপা স্ত্ৰী কদাকাৰ থালোক ভাইৰ :

Hag, hag, n বুন্ধপা স্ত্রা কলকার থালোক ভাইন; An usly woman, witch sorcciess Syn — Visen a fury, beldam, sorcciess

Haggard, hag' aid, a রুণ, বে ঠবার্ট কে, Lean; thin hollow-cycle — বালিছে, Wild untamed —n কদাবাৰ স্থা, Hig Syn —(a) Wayward, unruly gaunt, space, meagre, wasted, wrinkled ghastly

Haggle, hag'l, v : দর করেবি বু বচবা কচনী-কু; ইছমেত দব-কু, To be slowin making a bargain, higgle —v t অ্ব সাহ বর্তন-কু কাটি। নঃ-কু, To cut in an unskillal manner, to mangle S)n —Notch higgle chaffer, prig, stickle.

Hagiographa, Hagiography,  $n \neq l$  significant like of the three lewish divisions of the Old Festament, the lives of the saints a = ha nographal

Hastographor, n प्रश्नित वा नाभ्योदनी स्वथक ; One of the writers of the Hagiographa, a secred writer

Hagiology, n [ Gr lagios, holy, logos, discourse | भाष भरत्य विवतन, His tory of saints.

Hah, hat, inty sty, An exclamation of wonder.

Haha, hah i, n Same as lail aw

Hail, hal, n শিলা, শিলার্ট, Frozen rain or gruns of ice precipitated from the clouds — অভিযাদন, A wish of health, a salutation — v. গেলাবৃষ্টি-ছ, To pour down masses of ice of frozen vapour — inter. অভিযাদন, সংব্দনাস্থাক অবস্থা, An exclamation of salutation — v গেলাবৃষ্টি কু, To pour down, as hail — অভিযাদনকু, সম্বাদনকু, সম্বাদ্ধ-কু, To salute, to greet. Syn. — (v)

Hailfellow—অন্তবক বৰ্ An intimate companion. Hailfellow well met—পুৰ মাধামাথি On easy familiar terms. [ stone or ball of hail. Hail-stone, haiston, n শিলাৰ্ভ , A single Hair, har, n. চুল , কেশ , লোম , শুবা , An integu-

Accost, address, salute, welcome

nent of the body or of plants; the whole mass of thread-like filaments forming a covering for the head or the whole body:—কুমার্ডি বস্তু; অতি সামান্ত মুল;: Any thing very small; a trifling value. a=hairless.

A braid of hair—কবরী।

Curly hair—अनव : हर्नज्यन। [braid—(वर्षे । Hair twisted together into a single Matted or clotted hair—अहें।

Not a hair of one's head shall be touched

—মন্তকের একগাছি চুল পদান্ত ছুঁতে পাবিৰে না, কিছুমাজ ক্ষতি কবিতে পাবিৰে না; Not the slightest injury
shall be done to one.

Not worth a hair— অকিঞ্চিকর; Of no value. One's hair stands on end—ভবে শ্ৰীর বোমাঞ্চিত হওয়া, পাষে কাঁটা দেওয়া; বোমাঞ্চ-হ; The hair of one's head stands erect from fear; the hair of one's body stands erect from fear, &c

To a hair - कूल रिव, With the nicest distinction.
To split hairs - कृल दिन निर्देशन के To make distinctions of useless nicety: - श्रृहिनांहि-कृ; To dispute over petty points.

Hair-brained, a. 547; Giddy.

Hair-broadth, hār'biedth, Hair's-breadth, bair'-biedth, দ কেশ প্ৰিমাণ ব্যবধান, বেধামাত্ৰ; Par's breadth, a very small distance:—a, সুৰ্ব্ব, Norrow

A hair-breadth escape—আহেৰ অন্ত বেঁচে যাওচা, (বেল স্ব ট্টাটে) ভাগে, ভাগে প্ৰিত্ৰাণ; অতি কছে গ্লামন, A very narrow escape; very narrow escape from ome evil.

Be within a hair's breadth of—এক চুসমাত্র ক্লং এখন নিমানে, স্থিপট্ট-ই, Re very near to.

Hair-brush, n. চুল আচ্চাইবাৰ কুন্ ; A brush for smoothing the hair. [ hair

Hair-cloth, ল. লোমনিন্দি বস্তা; Cloth made of Hair-drosser, n কোৰিক, নাপিত, Barber, one who cuts or dresses hair.

Hairless, a. कमहोन , Wanting hair.

Hair-pencil, har-pensil, n. চিক্ত কৰিবাৰ তুলি; Brush of camel's hair.

Hair-powder, har-pow'der, n. চুলে দিবাৰ ক্ষন্ত পল্ল এডা ; কেশেব নিমিত্ত চূৰ্ণ . Powder for the hairs. Hair-splitting, n আভি প্ৰদ্ম প্ৰভেদ . The act of making nice distinctions—a. প্ৰভেদ নিৰ্বায়ক কৌশল, Cavilling about trifles.

Hair-spring, hār'spring, n. পকেট বড়ির ক্ল প্রিং, A very fine hair-like spring on the balance wheel of a watch. { the flesh.

Hair-shirt, n. Shirt of rough hair to mortify Hair-stroke, har'strok, n. বেশাৰ সক টান; A delicate stroke.

Iair-trigger, hāi'-trig'er, n. বলুকাদিব এক রক্ষ টিপকল, বন্ধারা অভি অল আ্বাডেইবলুকাদি ছোড়া বাব . A trigger which discharges gun or pistol by hair-like spring.

Hair-worm, hāi'wurm, n. কীট বিশেষ; A worm like a horse-hair which lives in the bodies of ceitain insects. [ing hair. n=hairiness. Hairy, hāi'i, a. কোমস; লোমাৰ্ড; Of or resembl-Hake, hāk, Hakot, hākut, n. সামুদ্রিক সংস্যাধিশেষ: A sea-fish of the cod family.

Halberd, halberd, ম. পরও; টাফি; কুঠাব; Ari ancient weapon, a combination of battle-axe, spear and billhook with a handle.

Halberdier, hal-berd-er, n. টালিধারী দৈনিত; One armed with a halberd.

Haleyon, halsi-un, n. পাণীবিশেব; King-fisher:
—a ব্থকর; হাইর; শান্তিময়; Calm; peaceful;
happy. Syn:—(a) Quiet, undisturbed, serene,
still, happy. [ happy times.

Haleyon days— মুখের সময়; Peaceful and Hale, hal, a. [A S. hal, sound, whole ] মুখ; সবল; Sound; robust:—n হিড, Welfare:—v.t. টানা; টানিয়া লইয়া বাওয়া; Pull; drag. Syn:— Healthy, strong, hearty.

Half, haf, n. একাৰ্ছাংশ; আৰু · One of two equal parts —a. আৰু, আংশিক, Having or consisting of one of two equal parts .—ad. তুল্যাংশ; আংশুর্জনে ; In unequal part or degree . in part; not perfectly. pl=halves.

Halfa loaf is better that no bread—ৰেই মানাৰ শেষে কাৰা মানা ভাল।

Half seas over-হাতাব ; Reeling ; drunk.

Half the battle—কৃতকাৰ্থা কৃত্ৰাৰ অংশক , Half of what is necessary to success.

Half-bred, haf'-bred, a জণিকিত; অসত্য; Imperfectly trained, wanting in refinement.

Half-blood, haf-blud, n বৈশব্যেয় ; বৈপিত্যেয় ; Offspring of the same father or of the same mother.

Half-blooded, half-bluded, a. रिकाउ; Produce-ed from a male and female of different blood.

Half-breed, haf'-bred, n বিজাত; The offspring of Indians and whites.

Half-brother, half-bruther. Half-sister, n. বৈশানের ভাতা বা ভয়ী; Brother or sister by one parent only.

Half-caste, half-kast, n. ছিলু ও ব্ৰোণীৱের সকর; ফিরিফি; A person, one of whose parents belongs to a Hindu caste, and the other is a European. Half-cock, half-kok, n বলুকের ঘোড়ার অধ্বণতনা-বয়া; Gun cocked at the first notch.

Half-crown, n. मूज दिल्ल ; 2s. 6d. [kind. Half-hearted, a. निकार, निष्य : Illiberal un-Half-moon, half-moon, n. अर्फान्ज ; A moon half lighted. [amount of pay.

Half-pay, haff-pa, n. আর্চ বেডন; Half the Half-penny, hápen-i. n. প্রায় এক প্রসা; ইংলভীয় ভাষা মুলা বিশেষ; A copper com worth half a penny p/=half-pence. [intermediate tint. Half-tint, háf-tint, n. ছুই রচের মাবামানীর বহু; At half the

Half-way, hai'-wā, adv অধপথে; At half the way or distance:—অসম্পূৰ্ণকণে; Imperfectly; partially —a. মাঝামাৰি; মধাত্তি; Equally distant from two points.

Half-witted, half-wited, a. हक्न ; निर्द्शाप ; ভবन दुक्ति . Silly , foolish.

Half-yearly, half-yer'li, a. বাথানিক; Occurring twice in a year:—ad. আৰু বাৰিক; বংসত্তে চুইবাৰ; Twice in a year.

Halibut, hali-but, n. परता दिल्क ; A flat-fish. Hall, hawl, n. चारत मानान ; नावात शृह ; दिनानक-मन्ति ; Large room or building for public business; the edifice of a college. Syn —Vestibule, entry, court, public room, chamber, manor house; college

Hall-mark, hawi-mark. স. অর্ণাদির বিভদ্ধতা নিজ-প্রবাধ ভতুপরি অর্ণবাবদিশের ছাবা প্রদন্ত চিক্ত, The mark made on plate at goldsmith's hall to show its purity.

Halleluiah, Hallelujah, hal-c-luo'ya, n and interj [Heb. halle, praise ye, and fith Jehovah] ধন্ত হউক; তোৱে বাবজ্ভ বাৰ্য, A song of praise and thanks giving.

Hallelujah Victory—A victory gained by some newly-baptised breton, led by German, bishop of Auxene.

Halloo, hal-loo', n মানাবোগাকৰণ কৰিবাৰ ভত্ত আহ্বান A call to invite attention —দাবাদি, A call; shout:—irf; দাবাদ, An exclamation to call attention or encourage —v. i নাম ধৰিব! ভাকা, To cry out, call to by name:—v t মাহাছ্রি-দে, চীংকারপুক্ক উৎসাহিত কু, To encourage or chase with shouts

Hallow, halo, v t [A S hd'ig, holy] পৰিক-কু, তদ্ধ-কু, To make holy, to reverence Sym — Sanctify, venerate, consecrate dedicate, devete, enshrine

Halloween, halto-en, n প্রীষ্ট নদিগের উৎসব বিশেষের পূর্ববর্তী সাংক,জ. The exeming preceding All-Hallows or All-Saints'-Day

Hallowmas, hatomas, n প্রীটারনিংগৰ উৎস্ব-বিশেষ; The mass or feast of All-Hallows, All-Saints, All Souls

Hullucination, hal-বি-sin-áshun, n অম. মতি বিভম, ভাত্ত Blunder, delusion, illusion Syn.—Delusion, aberration, phantasm, dream, mistake, fallacy

Hallucinatory, hal-lu'sin-4-tors, a. ভ্ৰমণনৰ, ভ্ৰমণনৰ, ভ্ৰমণনৰ, Partaking of or tending to produce hallucination

Halo, hálo, n [Gi halos, a round thrashing floor] হ্ৰ্যা বা চন্ত্ৰেৰ বেছক মণ্ডল, A ted circle round the sun or moon —দেবমূৰ্ত্তৰ মুখকতি জ্যোতিৰ্থালয়, Bright glory around a saint head —v t. or v z. জোতি: ছাবা বেছল-ছু, To form or surround with a halo. pl halos. Sin—(n) Corona, aureola, glory, gloriole.

Halser, han Zer, n. कारि, A rope for hoisting anything, a small cable.

Halt, hawlt, v. 1 পথিনথো অবহিতি-কৃ, পথে তবহ'ন কু, To stop in wilking or marching — <েন্দ্রে ক্সাব চলা . নেকচিন্য ইটো, To stop lamely, limp — ইতন্তত,-কু, To incutate — চলোভক-ই, To have an irregular rhythm — সন্দিদ্ধ ইতনা, বিধা কৰা, To hesitate, to be in doubt —v t থামান, অব-হাপিত-কু, Io stop. to cease; to cease marching —a পকু, Halting in walking, lame —n পথিনয়ে অব'ছতি, গমনে বিহতি, A stop in marching —থগতা, Act of imping, lameness Syn —(v) Rest, pau e, falter, hobble (n) Stopping, stand, limp, lameness, stammer, stutter

Halt between two opinions—কোন পক অব-লঘন করিতে হইবে ভাছা স্থির করিতে না পারা; Be undecided as to which side to take, Helter, hawlter, n. বাগাড়োর; পশু বন্ধনার্থ হঞ্জু, ধাঁদ বড়ি; উব্ধন রক্ষ্ম; Rope for a horse's head, rope for hanging — চ ধানা দড়ি লাগান, To put a halter on — রক্ষ্ম বারা বন্ধন-ক্ To catch or bind with a rope

Halting, hawiting, a. গমলে বিবত . নিশ্চেই . Holding back . stopping , limping ad=haltincity. Halvo, hav v. t. বিভাগ-কু , ছই সমতাগে বিভগ্ত-কু ,

To divide into equal parts.

By halves—আদ (ৰ্ঘচড়া থানিকটা করা থানিকটা না করা, Half at one time and half at another; partially (not thoroughly). [share. Cry halves—সমান অংশ দাবী-কৃ: Claim an equal o halves—সম অংশ দাবি-কৃসমান ভাগ লওৱা. Hive an equal share share equally

Halved, haid, a সমানালে বিহন্ত, Dirid' into hives; appearing as if one side were cut away Hulyard, Halliard, halyard, n জ হ তেব পাউল, ম প্রস্থাপ্ত পুলবার ও নামাইবাব দড়ি, বাচে, A rupe by which yards, sails, &c., are hauled or hoisted part, ham, n হাঁচুৰ পদ্যায়াগ, উক, কলা; Inter put of the knee, thigh, hip — শ্বৰের লবণাজে শ্বভ্যা, Smoked thigh of a hog

Hamadryad, hama-dri-ad, n [Gr hima, ogither, drys, a tree] दनरमर्थी दिएम , A wood nymph. pl=hamadryads, hamidryads

Hamitie, hamitik a বোষার প্রাত্থন বা তাহার বংশাবলী সম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to Ham, a son of Noth or to his descendents.

[ vi'lland Hamlet, hamiet, hamid, ক্ষুদ্ধ কাম, A small Hammer hamer, hamid, গাড়াই, A tool for cliving nails — v t. মুলার হা কাষ্যত কু. To crive, beat or forge with a hammer — ম নান্ধ গাইম বালাই বিষয়ে উন্নয়ন কু. To centrive by intell tual labour Syn — For n make shape is c. bring to the hammer— নিবাৰ কিংব কু. Sill

by public action ( the auctioneer giving a 1 ip with a small hammer when a lot is sold). Come to the hammer—िन्हांस विकास हु हुए। S. II. Hammer and tongs—वर्ष कुम शुक्क, With

Hammer and tongs—বৰ ও শুল সুক্ক , ্ ্ া ind noise Hammer at—পৰিশ্ৰম-কু , Labour at

tiammer out—প্রহার বাবা বাহিব-কু, Best out Live hammer and tongs—সর্বাদা বিবাদ-কু, To be always quareling

Send to the hammer — নিলামে বিক্রয় হইলাব নিনিত্র পাসান , Send for e ile by auct on

H immorman, hanier-man, n कर्मकोब , युक्ता र नाया गठनकारी , A smith , a hammeier

Hammer cloth, n শব্ট-চালবের আমনাচ্ছাদন বস্ত্র, I he cloth for covering a coach-boy

Hammock, hannuk, n. দোলনা , দোলিকা , জাহাজের কুননা শ্বা , Swinging bed ; sailing bed

Hamper, hamper, v. t আটক-ক, ণতিবোধ-ক, শুংলাবন্ধ-ক, fo impede, to shackle, to embiciass, to perplex —n. শুখান, A shackle, fetter Syn —Shackle, fetter, entangle, clog, encumber, restrain, hinder, impede

Hamper, hamper, n বৃদ্ধি, A large basket —

v t বৃদ্ধিতে রাখা, To put in a hamper.

Hamster, hamster, n. ইন্দুর বিশেষ ; এক জাতীয় মুখিক , A species of short tailed rat, Hamstring, hamstring, n. অসাৰ বাংস; জনাৰ বিৰা; Tendon of the ham:—n.t. জনাৰ বাংস কাজন গল-ক; To lame by cutting the hamstring. Hansper, haha-per, n. [Low L. hanaperium, a large vessel for keeping cups in ] বৃড়ি; A royal treasure-basket.

Hand, hand, n. इंड ; পानि ; The outer extremity of the human arm, consisting of the palm, thumb, and fingers :-- বড়ির কাটা; Index of a clock :-- कर्यानांद्री; कादिशव; मज्द, An agent or workman :- इंडिनिशिव छीम ; त्मधात्र छीठ ; Penmanship :-কৌশল; Skill; dexterity:--আগত; व्यक्तित : Possession :-- मन्नावन : मन्नावन-(कोनन , Performance ; power or manner of performing : -- প্রতিনিধি; An agent:-- দিক; ধার, Side; direction :-- চারি বুরুল পরিমাণ : Measure of four inches :- v. t. 23 4141-C4, To give with the hand :--পথ দর্শন-কু; চালিভ-কু; To lead or conduct :—( নৌকার পাইল ) জড়ান ; To furl, as sails. n=hander. Syn:-(n) Palm, paw; index. pointer; part; act, deed, influence, agency, chance, catch, take; check, control; conveyance transmission; labourer, operative, artizan, employee. ( v ) Transmit, convey; conduct, lead, guide ; trim.

A note of hand—ছাভ নেট; A paper acknowledging a debt and promising payment

At first hand - मूल हहेटड ; मूल दास्तित निक्छे हहेटड , From the original source.

At hand — নিকটে , নিকটে (হান বুঝায়); Near, near in place: — আসম্ভ; নিকটে (সময় বুঝায়); Approaching; near in time.

At one's hand, At the hands of—কাহার হাতে বা বিকট হইতে, From (a person).

At second hand—অভের নিকট হইতে, অভেব নিকট গুনিয়া, Not directly from the original source; from hearsay. [person]

At the hand of—কাহারত নিকট হইতে; From ( a Be a good or bad hand at—দক্ষতা থাকা বানা থাক; ( কোন কাষা ) ভালস্ত্রপে কারতে পারা বা না পারা . Be skilful or unskulful.

Be admitted or allowed on all hands— मस्त्रानीममाठ-इ. मर्कज चौनूठ इत्यां ; Be admitted everywhere and by all parties.

Bo hand and glovo with—বিশেষ পৰিচিত ৬ অনুগত-ছ; Be intimate and familiar with — মাৰ্মাধি-ছ (অভিশন্ন আহুগতা বুদায়); Be intimate with; be familiar with one.

Be in hand-इंग्डि श्राक्त ; Be in preparation.

Bo in the hands of—কাহাৰও হাতে বা ক্ষ্যভাষীৰে ধাকা, Be under the power of.

Boar a hand—( naut. ) খ্ৰা-কৃ, Hasten — শ্ৰছ সাহাৰ্য-দে, সহাৰভাৰ ছবিত-হু, To give help quickty; make haste to help.

Bring up by the hand — বজাসন শ ভিবেকে লাগন-পালন কু, Rear up, as a child, without suckling it [tool or instrument.

By hand—হত থাবা; With the hands, not by Carry things with a high hand—বংগছোটাই ইংলা ক্ষ্য-কু; Do things arbitrarily or imperiously.

Change hands—হতাত্তবিত-হ ; Change owners.

Clapping of hands—হাভতালি (আধনসূচক); Striking the hands together in applause.

Come to hand—প্ৰাপ্ত হ, হাতে পাৰা, Be received. Fall into one's hands—কাহাৰত হাতে পড়া; Come under the power of one:—Pass to one's possession by chance.

From hand to hand—এক হ'ব হইতে আন্ত হ'বে; From one person to another.

From hand to mouth—ভৰিবাং না ভাৰিবা; কিছু সঞ্চনা কৰিয়া; যত্ৰ ভাৱ তত্ৰ ৰায় এই ভ!বে; Without thought for the future, precariously; without previous provision.

Get or have the upper hand—প্ৰাণান্ত লাভ-তৃ; Be superior; get or have an ascendency over.

Give one's hands to —কাহার পাণিগ্রহণ-কু; কোন পুক্ষের পাণিগ্রহণ-কু, পতিত্বে বরণ কু, Marry any person; marry a man.

Go hand in hand with—একল থাকা: একজ দেখিতে পাওয়া যায়; সঙ্গে সংক্ষ সাইসা; সমানভাবে চলা; Keep pace with, come along with.

Hand and gloves—প্ৰিচিত, Familiar; intimate. Hand down—প্ৰশাধত-হ; Transmit; in succession.

Hand down to—প্রশেষয়ে চলিয়া আইমা বা চালাইঘা দেওয়া; Transmit in succession to one, ( as from father to son or predecessor to successor).

Hand in—ইপ্রিচ বিশ্রে; Under discussion:— বোক টাকা, In ready money.

Hand in hand—একজে:—In union:—(কোন কাষ্য হাতে) থানো, Undertake, be engaged upon.—নম্পূৰ্ণ আছেও থাকা (হাতের ভিতর থাকা); Have under complete control.

Hands off-विद्रष्ठ-१; Forbear.

Hand out—ছাৰ প্ৰান্ত সঙ্গে-যা ; Escort to the door. Band over—মৰ্গং-কু , দেৱমা ; Dehver over.

Hand over head—অবিবেচনাপুকাৰ; By passing the hands alternately one before another; rashly. Hand over to—হাতে করে দেওয়া; Give to; make over to

Hand to hand –শত্রুর পতি নিকটবর্তী কইবা , হাতা-হাতি ; In close fight , in close encounter.

Hand up-Pass up

Have a hand in—কোন বিষয়ে হাত থাকা; Be concerned, have concern with, have anything to do with [disposal or sale.]

Have on hand —ি কীব কয় থাকা, Have for Have one's hands are full—কাফো নিযুক্ত থাকে, নানা কাফো দপুৰ্গ বাপুত্ত থাকা, বঙ্গে কাকো i Be completely occupied, have in hand all that one can do conveniently, have planty of work to do.

[ Undertake.

Have of take in hand—কোন কাথেৰ তার লঙ্কা।

Have the cards in one's hands—ন্ধৰ থিজেৰ

এডিবাৰে থাকা। বেৰণ ইচ্ছা সেইৰপই করিতে পারে;

Have everything in one's own power.

Heavy hand, n फरनीएन, Oppression.

Lay hands on—ধরা, হাতে পাওয়া; আয়ন্ত-কৃ, Seize, get hold of :—হাতে আদিয়া পড়া; Chance to find.

Lay violent hands on—মারা; পায়ে হাত দেওয়া; Commit an assault on .—পাকড়ান, জবরদাতি কবিয়া ব্যা, Seize forcibly. Lend a hand—লাহাখ্য-দে ( হাত দিয়া কোন কাৰ্ব্যে কাহায়ত ) সাহাখ্য-কু, Give assitance, assist ( with the hand ).

Off hand, Out of hand— অবিলয়ে, তৎক্ষণাং; না ভাষিয়া চিন্তিয়া, At once, without preparation, immediately

Off hand—বিশ্ব না কৰিবা; Without delay, hesitation or difficulty. [session or care Off one's hands—হাভছাড়া; Out of one's posoffer a person one's hand—পাণিখাংশৰ প্ৰেৰণ কৰিবাৰ নিমিত্ত হাত ৰাজাইবা দেওবা, Present one hand with a view to help.

Offer one's hand to — গাণিগ্ৰহণেৰ বা সাহাঘা-দানেৰ প্ৰাৰ-কৃ, To make proposal of marriage, to offer to help. [ possession

On hand—কাহাৰত অধিক'বে, হাতে (ধাৰা), I.
On the one hand—একপাক, একনিকে, On the one side.

[ বিকে, On the other side

On the other hand— লপৰ পলে . পলাজাৰ বা হজ One's hands are clean—নিৰ্দোধী, One is innocent of or free from guilt.

One's hands are tried—হাত পা বাঁধা থাকা ( স্বাধীনভাবে কম করিতে অক্ষম), One is testered of powerless to act freely.

One singht hand—প্রধান সংহাধাকারী, হ'হ'ব উপব সমস্ত কার্ব্য নিভব ক্রে, One's chief supporter, one's chief assistant.

Out of hand-अनिवास , এकवाद , At once , directly , without delay , immediately

Shake hands with one, Shake one by the hand—সাকাৎকার বা বিদাব এইপথালে বব গদন কু Salute by grasping the hand and shaking it (at meeting or parting)—িবোদ বা সনামন গোৰ ইয়া সভাৰ প্ৰ: ছাণিড হইব এইভাবে কৰ্ম মন্দ্ৰ কু. Shake hands as a mark of being reconciled as friends.

Take in hand—চেষ্টাকু, বোন কাথো হাত-দে, (কোন কাৰ্যা) হাতে লগ্ন্যা, Attempt, undertake— কাহাকে নিজেয় ভদ্মাবদানে বাধা, Take under onecare

To be on the mending hand—থাবোল হ. To be convalescent or improving [nocent To have clean hands—বিশোধী হ. To be into hand, Is to hand—পোচবাহে, Has reached us or come to us.—ছাহা পাওবা বিষাহে, That is in our possession—বোগাৰ, Occur to one.

Try one's hand at—কোন বিষয়ে হাত প্ৰাক্ষা করা , কোন বিষয়ে ক্ষমতা পরীক্ষা-ত্ব , Try (for the first time) one's power or skill in.

Turn one's hand to—বে কোন কাৰ্য্য ইউক হাতে-কু,
(সম্পন্ন করিবার ক্ষমতা আছে এই তার). Set one's
hand to, take in hand (used of versatile persons and implying a power of taking up a new
occupation readily).

Turn one's right hand to—হাতে লওলা, Take
Under hand of—হতাকর বা বালব বাবা সংমাণিতকু, Authenticated by handwriting or signature of.
Under one's hands—হতারত, Under the power

of one.

Walk hand in hand—হাত ধরাধরি করিয়া বা
পাশাপাশি হইরা বেড়ান, Walk side by side.

Wash one's hands of a thing—নোৰ জালন-কু, নিৰ্দ্বোধী-হ, হাড ধুইয়া ফেলা ;কান বিষয় হইডে নিবৃত্ত বা সম্পর্ক রহিড-কু, Profess innocence, to declare that one has nothing to do with; disclaim all further connexion with, have anything further to do with

With a high hand—জববদন্তির সহিত , বেজা-পুরক; গর্কিত ভাবে, Arbitrarily, inperiously, arrogantly.

With clean hands -- नर्जरावा निर्मुख्क, निर्णाण, द्व'म त्वांच त्व'वी नरह, Fice from guilt of .iny kind, with blameless life, [हहेंदा।

With clean hands with innocence - গোৰণুত্ত Hand-barrow, hand-bar'o, n হন্ত দাৱা চালিত খান, হন্তচানিত চক্চীন খান বিশেষ. A vehicle borne by men 5 hands, without a wheel

Hand-bill, handbil, n. ঘোষণাপত্ত , বিজ্ঞাপন-পত্ত , Printed sheet for circulation

Hand-book, handbook, n সকলে প্রয়োজনীয়পুস্ক . বাদ প্রস্থা, উপক্রমণিকা , A book of reference for the hand , a maruel. [ A palm

Handbroadth, handbredth, n তাগান্ধ, কণতল . Handwart, handkart, n হাতগাতি . A cart drawn by l and

田andouff, nardkul, n を きまる Fetter for hand ーセ ナミシュー To put handoutts on Sen - Fetter, manack, shakle

Hindfull, handul া এবংটা আন সংগ্ৰা প্ৰাণ্. As much as the hird will hold, a small number or quantity p\*=handfuls

Hand-gallop, hand-galup, n আধ্যন শীত গতি। An casy gralop in which the hand presses the budle to restrain the spied of one horse

Handglass, গ টেডেট গছ বলপথ বাণালি বাৰ বিশ্বত পাত্ৰ, A smill plazed frame used to pource plants

Handi-eap, handi kip, n এক প্রকার ব্যান্তনীত, লেড, A race in which the horses carry different weights, according to their age and character for speed to to equalise the chance as much possible — v : বাধা-ea, To hamper

Handieralt, hand-brait গ পিছ, ছয় থাবা সম্পাদ্ধ পিত পিতৰৰ Manual occupation, work performed by the han J

Handieraftsman, hindi-kraftsman, n. শিলী কালুকর, A mechanic, artisan

Handi-work, handi-wurk, n. শিৱকৰ; বৃদ্ধি বাজ, Work of skill or wisdom.

Handkerchief, hang'kerchif, अ क्यान ; Lines to wipe the face or wear on the neck.

Handle, handl, v. t. [A. S. handlian, to touch লাল কু. Touch with the hand:—নিৰ্কাহ-কু; চালিভ কু. Wield; manage:—বাধা-কু; আলোচনা-কু, To discourse on; discuss:—অভাগ-কু; To practise:—v. t. হত চালনা-কু; To use the hands:—n হাজন, হাজন; বাঁট: Haft; that part of a vesse held in the hand when used Syn.—(v) Manipulate, use; feel, treat well.

A handle to one's name—কোৰ উপাৰি; A tittle such as "Raja", "Rai Saheb".

Give a handle to—স্থোগ-সে, Furnish an oc casion or pretext for.

Handless, handles, a হত্তীৰ, Without hands. Handmade, a হত হাবা প্ৰস্তুত, Made by hand. Handmaid, Hand-maiden, n দানী, চাকৰাধী প্ৰিচাৰিকা, A female servant, maid-servant

Handsel, handsel, u দাদন, দান বাঘনা, Earnest, gift —প্ৰথম বিক্য়বা ব্ৰহার, The first sale, the first using of a thing —v t ব্ৰহায়-কু, প্ৰথম উপহাৰ দেৱবা, To use or do anything the first time, to give a handsel.

Handsome, hundsum, a সমৰ, Good-looking, beautiful — সদাৰ্থ, উদাৰ, Liberal, generous— ব্ৰেছ, Ample, moderately large, n=hand someness ad-handsomely. Syn—Picity elegant, graceful, comely becoming, plentiful Handspike, handspik n হত্তবাৰা ঢালিত উত্তোপৰ দত, A but used as a liver.

Hand-writing, handrit-ing, n হতাকরের ছাঁদ হতাকর, Chirography, cast of writing peculiar to hand

Handy, handi, a मिश्र नवृत्क , कोमनो , मक Dixterous , skilful , convenient — निकडेश , Near S, n —Adioit, ready , convenient

Handy-work -Sime as handin nk

Hang, line t ধুকান, কৰিছ বু, lo suspend

ক্লাণ দে, lo kill by su pending and choking

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ক্লাণ দি ভছ বি কালি কলা দিল্ল কলা

ক্লাণ দি line bend ittach, drape, execute, dungle, droop depend, rely on, rest ching, hover flost about

Hang about — দুবিধা নেতাৰ, I ofter about — বিশ্ব ফু Lineer — তাৰ ংকে থাকা, Move to and i o in the neighbourhood of (threatening by or watchfully) [time idly, to I nter

Hang around - আলান্য সময় কড়িনে, Io pass the Hang back - নিবস্ত হ যাহতে না চাহা Hold back he state, feel scluetant to proceed — পশ্চতে ভাষো য', পশ্চাংপদ-২ lorecede

Hang by (cr on) a thread—এব পই সভাব কু বি বকন ভিন্নপ্র ইংবা, জাব টে কনা থায় বা ইংবা জাসল গৈলেন্ত ইংবা, সকটে পড়া নিপাদ পত নোমুৰ ক, B in a very pre rious position or condition, hing by a very slight hold, be in suspense be in imminient danger, be in a critical situation

Hang down-লম্মান-স, Be suspended, lean over —ৰঙ কু, Band down

Hang down one's head--লজ্জাৰ মন্ত্ৰক অবনত-কৃ, নজাৰ ঘাড় থেঁট কথা, Bend down one's head out of shame

Hang fire—বিলম্বে কাৰ্যকোরী হ, Be slow in exploding be slow in taking effect [ pence Hang in doubt—সন্দিকাৰখায় থাকা, Be in sus Hang in officy—কাহাৰ প্রতিষ্ঠি করিয়া কাসি-কে, Hang the image of a person.

Hang on or upon—নির্তর কৃ, Depend on, rest on —সংলগ্ন থাকা, পলা জডিয়া ধরিয়া থাকা, Adhere to, cling to.—হা কবিয়া গুলা, মনোবোগপুর্কক প্রবণ- ক, Listen with attention to — নিৰ্ভৱ করিয়া **ধাকা**; Be dependent on

Hang on the lips, words &co-বজ্তার মুখ-ছ;

To be charmed by the eloquence. [dispay.

Hang out—অবাশ-ক, Expose to view, to

Hang out the red flag—বুছের সংহত-ক, To

give signal of battle

Hang out the white flag—ব্যুতার চিত্ত বন্ধণ খেত ধালা উত্তোলন কু, To ask quarter, to give a sign il of submission

Hang to-- म नग्न- र , नानिया थोका , Cling

Hang together — এবতি হ নিলিভ থাকা , To be united , to icmain united — সঙ্গত হ , To be self-consistant.

Hang over—মেহবৰ্ণতঃ নত হ, Bend affectionately over —প্ৰদেশ কু To project —ফানন্ত-হ, ঘাড়ে খোৰা, Impend over, to the caten — আজ্জন কৰিলা থাকা, Overcloud

Hang up -- লখ্মান হ, Suspend -- জ্মীলা দিত জ্ব-ভাষ থাকা To suffer to remain undecided.

Time hangs heavy on one's hands—লমন্থ ভার স্বল্প বোধ-হ, (কোন কাজ না পাকিলে সময় যেন বাটে না এছ ভাবে), Lime proves tedious (through want of occupation)

To get the hang of—জ্ঞানবশত: শৃহালা শিকা-ফু, Fo learn the arrangement of, become accustomed to

To hang by the eye-hids—সামান্ত স্তায় স্লান . Io ning by a very slight thread

Be hanged, drawn and quartered—कीनि इस्त्रां अ नार इसी र देन किन्ना मुख्या अर्थ के बद किन्ना इसीड कन्ना Be han ed and subjected to the crosse t insult that c in be offered to the dead Hangdos, n य कान कीनि क हैं द्वाना स्वान, One who is worthy of the gallows

Hanger, hang'er, n. তরা বী A short broad sword — বাদা ছাবা কেন বস্তু লখিত হয়, I hat by which a thing is hung

Hanger-on, h ing ci on, n অধীনত লোক, গ্ৰহ্মহ, জ্বিতি হন, A dependent, an importunate acquinitai ce

Hanging, hanging n কানি. Death by suspen ion - pl বাৰৱ বৃশ্বিত B lapestry —a.
প্রাপ্ত' D serving death by the halter

Hanging gardons-্ত দেছিল্যান বাগান, (ruden in terra en lightly nd one another. Hanging judge — উন্ধন্ধন পাণ্ডত দানপ্রে বিচারক; On tond of hinging criminals

Haneman, hang man, " चांडक , महकादि बहा ;

Hank, hingk n 交易 不同 (利智, Two or not kers of thread field together

Hanker, hangver, ত ঃ ইজাকু, কপাকু, To lore for - বুণি বা কোন , To hin a about Syn:
—It inger for, cover yearn for, lust for

Hange, hans, n [ () Ger haisa, association ]

Hanso towns, n বাজিন-সংবক্ষার্থ বীটার ছাক্ষ্ শতাকীতে নিশিত কর্মানীৰ কথেকটা নগৰ, Certain cities in Germany, which leagued together for the protection of commerce about the 12th century Hanseatic, a উক্ত নগ্ৰসমূহ বা তাহাদের সমিতি
সৃষ্কীৰ, Pertaining to the Hanse towns or to
their confederacy [superior cab
Hansom-cab, n গাভি বিশেষ, বান বিশেষ, A
Hap, hip, n [icel hapy, unexpected good fortune ] দৈব, তাগা, ঘটনা, Chance, fortune ac
cident Syn —Casualty, lot, fate. [accident
Hap hazard, hap'hazard n দৈব ঘটনা Chance
Hapless, hap'les a মুর্তাগা, অমুখী Unlucky
unhappy ad=haplessly Syn —Luckless un
fortun ite, ill-staried, ill-fated

Haply, ad দৈৰাৎ, হ্ৰতো হইলেও হইতে পাৰে, বেধ হব, lt may be, perhaps

Happen, t. i ঘটা , দাঘটিত-হ To befall , fall out Syn —Take place, occui, betide bechance, supervene

Happiness, n সৌতাগা কৰ, Pleasure felicity, blessing Syn—C ntentment, bliss blessedness welfare well leing prespents

Happy, hap: a সেতাগ্যলা দ ভাগানাল Fortunate lucky —বেশনী দক নিপুণ Dexter ous —অগন্ধন্দৰ অগন্ধিত Feletious de light d — উপস্ক Str k ngly approprate a speech —ফলব্ল Propit ous faxou ible adminipily, r=hippiness Syn —Blessed liest blissful, pleased grit fied gird joyous merry theome successful ready expert season able opportune felicious

As happy (or merry) as the day is long
—নিৰ্পিক্ত ক্থী, Happy all the day perfectly
happy

Harangue, harring n বছতা A popular ora tion, a public addiess, declamatory speech declamation — t বছতা ক lo deliver a harrangue — v া বুকতা ক lo address by a harangue n = haranguer.

Harass, hir's v t [Fr larger probable from harasse a very shield] বিষ্ট-কুর কুরুর, ব্যার্থাণ-কু, To worry, to weary to vex disturb n=harasser Syn—late is tire ex haust jade perplex distress mole t troub tease, annoy

[trulk ame

Harassing, a কেশ্যুৰ বিৰক্তিকৰ ! প্ৰেল দ Harbinger, har bin jer, n জ্ঞান লৈ দুও A fore runner cou ier, entry — ক ক ক গ্ৰুন-কু, জ্ঞাগাঁই পূৰ্বে হলত জ্ঞান কৰা, ি precede and announce usher in

precede and announce usher in

Harbour, har bur, n বন্ধ , পোডাইম Haren
a pert for ships — জ এয় খাবণ, Any refuge or
shelter — v t (জানিব) সংবাৰ-কু To lodge to
entertain — বড় স্টাত গলা-কু To protect a ship
from storms — পোবণ কু To indulge, as milice — v : আভিষ্য কু আংল্ম সভ্যা To take
shelter, to lodge for a time — গোণাৰ-কু, To
secrete (a thief) n=harbourless Syn — (n)
Asylum, covert, sanctuary retreat, anchorage
destination [charge of a harbour
Harbour-master, n বন্দাগল, Officer having
Harbourage, n আংলা Shelter, entertainment
Hard, hard, a কঠিন, মুট, মন, Not soft, film,
solid, impenetiable — ক্ৰেৰাগ্য Difficult to

ui derstand — নিশ্ব , হৃদয়পুঞ্চ , রচ , উপ্স , Severe, ।

unfeeling harsh — স্বশাস্ত , Containing salt — ক্টুকর Painful — মুবোরা , মুখ্যাকা Difficult to please — মুগাবা, মুদ্দার Difficult to ontrol or bear — মুগাবার ঘানা — বিরুদ্ধি Sour —ad. করে , With difficulty —পরিশ্রম বারা , Diligently —নিতান্ত , Excessively —বলপুর্বক , Vigorously , forcibly —ব্যুক্তারে With urgency .——সাক্তর্ণ Earnestly n=haidness Syn — Puzzling, intricate, laborious arduous, oppressive exacting , rough, haish stern, austere; unjust unreasonable , priching, bitter , meagic scanty griping avaricious , coarse, unpriatable stiff constrained unyielding, stubborn cruel, abusive

A hard nut to crack—বিষম সমস্যা, A great difficulty to be got over [ to. Be hard of—সহজে কৰাৰ বায় না Be impervious Be hard of hearing—কাণে থাট-হ, Having the lexing impaired, be unable to hear well, be somewhat deaf

Be hard up—বচ অনাটনে পঢ়া, Be greatly pre sed by want or necessity — অর্থের টানাটানি
≅ Be in pecuniary difficulties

Be hard upon one—নিৰ্দৰ ব্যবহাৰ-কু কাহাৰ দত্ত কঠিন ব বহাৰ কু, Treat one unkindly or oppressively

Dio hard —অসম্পানো না কৰিছা মহা Die impente it —প্ৰানপণে বৃদ্ধ কৰিল মহা , Die only after a desperate struggle for life

Go hard with one—বিশেষ বিপদে ফেলা মুকিল পড়া Cause serious trouble o danger to, expose one to serious trouble or difficulty

Hard by—অতি নিকটে Not fat off very near.

Hard up—জাৰ্থৰ টানটানি অভাবক্তি , Without money or resources, closely pressed by want Hard upon—ৰাছাকাছি (সময় বুঝায়), Very near (in point of time)

Hard-drinker, n মাভাল , Drunkaid

Harden, haidn হ t কটিন-কু To make hard — দুচ কু, Io make firm, to strengthen — শাপ কৰে পাপিক-কু To online in wickedness obstinacy — কটনাস্থাক্ত কু To make insensible — ফ ঃ কটন হ Io become hard or more hard, to become strengthened n=hardener Syn — Indurate consolidate compact, fortify, nerve, hil ituate inure season, train, sear

Hardened, hirdud a কটিনীয়ত নির্দয় পাণাচরপে দ্বত Made hard unfeeling confirmed in vice [উমন্তি, Having stern features Hard-faced, Hard-favoured, hard-fávrd, a Hard-featured, hard টিবেন, a অপন্য ব্যব্দ (of hard coarse or forbidding features

Hard-fisted, hard fisted, a. কুণ্ণ, Close-fisted, niggraidly [contested Hard-fought, a তুমুল, ব্যোৱতর, Vigorously

Hard-fought battle--(यांव युद्ध।

Hard-handed, hird handed, a আৰোষ কর , ব'টন হয় কর্কণ , Having hands coarse from haid work harsh , rough [intelligent. Hard-headed, hard-heded a ফুচছুর Shrewd , Hard-hearted, hard-harted, a নিটন , ক্রিল হয়র Cruci , unfeeling. n=hard-heartedness. Hardinood, hardi-hood, n. इ:मार्मिक्छा : मिनर्क्छा : Boldness united with firmness and constancy of mind; audacity; impudence. Syn:-Boldness, firmness, intrepidity; assurance, effrontery.

Hardiness, harde-ness, n. माइनिकडा ; Hardihood; boldness, firmness, assurance.

Hardish, hardish, n. কিরৎপরিশাণে কাটিভ ; Somewhat hard.

Hardly, hardli, ad. करहे; With difficulty --क्मांत ; क्मांतिर , Scarcely :-- काश्रीवस्थात ; कर्न-ভাবে ; Harshly.

Hard money. n. त्रांक होका ; नगर होका ; Coin or specie distinct from paper money.

Hard-mouthed, hard-mowthd, a. कठिन मुर , एर नहरक मूर्ण लोगीय नव नो , Having a mouth hard to the bit :- प्रभाव : प्रभाव ; Not easily governed ; [ coarse part, of flax. using hard words. Hards, hardz, n. pl. wiers विक्रांत्र ; Refuse, or Hardship, hardship, n. कहे, (क्रम ; कहेकब विवत Grievance; trouble. Syn: - Severe labour, toil, fatigue, oppression, trial, calamity, affliction

Hard-visaged, hard-viziid, a क्क्रभ ; देशमूर्डि Of a haid, coarse or forbidding visage.

Hardware, hardwar, n. লোহতাত ; লোহাদি-নিশ্বিত क्षता: Small wares of iron.

Hard water-- গাড় বিমিত্রিত জন , Water containing mineral substance

Hard wen. a অভি করে উপার্কিন, Obtained with difficulty or severe trouble.

Hard working, a পৰিশ্ৰমী , Industrious.

Hardy, hards, a. निधीक ; माश्मी ; Bold , brave, confident: - मृह , अवास्त्रक ; अवगश्कि , Strong ; firm ; inured to fatigue .- मृत्कांत्र , जव्हारीन , fant, Impudent ad=hardily, n=hardihood. hardiness. Sun :- Brave, intrepid, stout, tobust, lusty, vigorous, firm, stout.

Hare, hai, n. भागक , খরগদ , A timid animal Hold with the hare and run with the hounds-কপট ব্যবহার-ছ . Play a double and deceitful game.

Harebell, harbel, n. এক রক্ষ লভা : A fanciful name, given to a plant with blue bell-shaped [ Giddy , heedless flowers.

Hare-brained, hai'brand, a চপল; চঞ্লন্তি; Hare footed, a. ফ্রগামী, Switt.

Hare-hearted, a. €] # ; Fearful.

Harelip, har'hp, n. क्रिलांहे, परिलाहे; बलाकाही; Splitting of the lip a=hare-lipped.

Harom, harem, n. अक्षापुत ; अव्यत्राप ; Woman's apartment ; seraglio --- (কাচাবও ) গত্নী ও উপপত্নী-সৰুহ; The collection of wives and concubines belonging to one man.

Haricot, hari'-ko, n উद्धिष मः राशांश किक स्पर-মাংলের খণ্ড , Partly boiled pieces of mutton, fried with vegetables; the kidney-bean.

Hark, hark, int. 西旬一季; Listen, hear, attend. Harl, harl, n. Tinge emid; miniter ein; A filamentous substance; the skin of hemp or flax. Harlequin, har'le-kin, त. डांड , मृद् ; Buffoon.

Harloquinade, har'le-kin-ad', n. मह; काइन्य ; A pantomine.

Harlot, har'lot, n. त्या; श्रीका; बाबाबना. Die in harness-कांक कविए क्रिए बड़ा; Die

Strumpet; prostitute:—a. ছুকাৰিনী; সুনাটঃ Wanton lewd.

Harlotry har'lot-ri, #. বেছাবৃত্তি ; Prostitution. Harm, harm, n. কভি ; অনিষ্ট অপকার ; Injury ; damage :- v. t. अशकात-कृ अनिष्ठ-कृ ; To injure ; hurt. Syn: -(n) Mischief, evil, loss, damage, detriment, misfortune; wickedness, criminality. Harm set, harm get—পবের মল কবিতে গেলে নিজের মন্দ হয়; Those who lay traps for other get caught themselves.

Out of harm's way- (कान विश्वम ना चाउँ अवन ভাবে বা অবস্থাব · Safe from harm or evil.

Harmattan, n উক্ষবাৰ্ প্ৰবাহ বিশেষ ; A dry, hot wind which blows for Africa.

Hermful, harm-fool, a अनिट्रेक्द ; श्विक्रक : Injurious. ad=harmfully, n=harmfulness.

Harmless, harmles, a निर्द्धारी ; नित्रीह , खक्छ ; Innocent; unharmed. ad=harmlessiy. n=harmlessness Syn :- Innoxious, innocuous. inoffensive, unoffending, uninjured, gentle

Harmonic, hár-monik, Harmonical, hármońik-al, a. সুখুৱবিশিষ্ট; একা; Musical; concordant. Syn .- Harmonious, consonant, melodious, tuneful ad=harmonically.

Harmonics, har-mohiks, n. pl. used as sing.
শন্বিজ্ঞান. দলী ভরাগ-বিদা, The doctrine or science of musical sounds -- pl. बरबन मिलन : The component sounds.

Harmonious, har-mohi-us, a. সুখব; সুখর্বিশিষ্ট; শ্ৰম্পৰ , একভাৰ , Harmonic ; concordant :-- মিষ্ট ; Sweet ; melodious --- अकार्यव ; Symmetrical. ad=harmoniously n=harmoniousness. Syn:-Concordant, consonant, tuneful, musical, mellifluous, correspondent, consistent, congruent; friendly, amicable, eordial, agreeable, peaceful. Harmonise, har'mon-iz, v. : এक्डॉन-ए ; मिन भाका ; To be in harmony ; to agree in vocal or musical effect ; to concord .- शिल झूल थांका ; To be in peace and friendship :- v t. मिनिड-कृ; একতান-কু; সুৰ বাধা, To cause to agree; to bring into harmony. n=harmoniser. Syn:-Accord, agree, correspond with; make harmonious, arrange, set in parts, adapt.

Harmonist, har'mon-1st, n গীত-বচল্লিতা : সঙ্গীত-রচরিতা, Composer of music; a musical composer .-- Writer of a harmony of the gospels.

Harmonium, har-nic'ni-um, त. वानावज्ञविरमव ; A musical wind instrument.

Harmony, hat'mo-ni, a [Gr. harmos, a fitting —aro, to fit j সমতাল ; Concord ; melody :-একডা , Agreement :—বে সাহিত্য-পুত্তকে একই ঘট-নাব বিষয়ে লিখিত সমভাবাপর বিভিন্ন বাকাসমূহ সংগৃহীত शहर . A book with parallel passages regarding the same event. Syn -- Consonance, unison; correspondence, congruity, fitness; peace, friendship, good understanding.

Harness, har'nes, n. (वाडाव माज ; जरमका ; Furniture for horse and carriage; equipment; accoutrements, tackling :-- v. f. अत्र वादा मिक्क-इ ; To equip with armour :— অবের সজা-বে; To put the harness on a horse.

while actively engaged in the discharge of one's duties.

Harp, härp, n. [A. S. hearpe.] বীণা; A musical instrument; lute:—v. t. বীণা বাজা; To play on the harp:—বারংবার উল্লেখ-ছ়; To dwell tediously upon anything. Syn:—(v) Strum, thrum, be prolix.

Harp forever on the same string—এক কথা ক্ৰমাণত বলা; To be forever teasing one about the same subject.

Harp on or upon—ভূনোভূর এক কথা বলা; অক্সের বিরক্তিকর হয় এমন ভাবে ক্রমিক একই বিবরে কথা কহা; Dwell on often or tediously; dwell tediously or monotonously on

Harp upon the same string—একই বিষয় কইয়া খান্ খান্-ক; Dwell on the same subject with wearisome persistence.

Harper, harp'er, Harpist, harp'ist, n. वीवा-वानक; A player on the harp.

Harpes, n. Rapacious monsters, having the faces of men, and the bodies, wings and claws of birds of prey.

Harpoon, här-pōōń, n. ভিমি মংস্য মারিবার বল্লম; বৃহৎ মংস্য হনলার্থ বর্ধা; Dart for striking and killing whales:—v. t. বড়লা হারা আযাক্তন্ত; To strike with the harpoon.

Harpooner, har-চৃত্তৰ্গল, Harponeer, harpon-er', n. ৰড়শা নিকেপক: মৎস্য হনন-বৰ্ধা ব্যৱহার-কাৰী; One who uses a harpoon.

Harpsichord, harp'si-kord, n. वांश्यक विरम्ब; A harp shaped musical instrument.

Harpy, hār'pi, n. কল্পিড গৈড়া; কল্পিড রাক্স; A elfin bird of the Greeks; a fabulous monster:
—শোষক; উৎপীড়ক; An extortioner:—এক জাডীয়
মাংসাদী পক্ষী; A species of eagle.

Harquebus, Harquebuss, Harquebuse, har'kwi-bus, n. এক প্ৰকার কাষান ; Hand gun.

Harridan, har'i-dan, n. বৃদ্ধা বেখা; A decayed strumpet; prostitute; a hag.

Harrier, har'i-er, n. ক্ৰুৱ; Hound :—এক জাতীয় শিকারী পাথী; A kind of hawk.

Harrow, har'ō, n. [A. S. hyrwian, herewian, to vex, afflict] লোই-ভেদক বিদে; সৈ: Frame with spikes:—v. t. বিদে দেওৱা; To draw a harrow over:—বিৰক্ত-কৃ: বছণা-দে; To harass; to torment:—ছিত্ৰ-কৃ: ছিন্নবিজ্ন-কৃ: To tear; lacerate. Harrowing, har'ō-ing, a. হুদরবিদারক; ভীত্রবাধান্যক; Heart-breaking. ad—harrowingly.

Harry, har'i, v. t. ব্ঠ-কু; To pillage:—জান-কু; To ravage; to destroy:—বিরক্ত-কু; হামরাণ-কু; To worry, harrow. Syn:—Plunder, ravage, rob; disturb, trouble, harass.

Harsh, härsh, a. কটু; কৰ্কণ, Rough to the touch, or feeling, taste:—কটোন; Severe; crabbed:— আলীল; Abusive. n=harshness. ad=harshly. Syn:—Disagreeable, discordant, rugged, grating, jarring; sour, bitter; austere, morose, uncivil, bluff, rude, abusive, brutal, cruel.

Harshness, härshnes, n. কৰ্কণতা; কটোৱতা; Roughness; sternness; severity. Syn:—Acrimony, asperity, tartness. [fem=hind. Hart, härt, n. ছবিণ; The stag or male deer. Hart's horn, n. ছরিপের পুজ; The antier of the hart or male deer.

Salt of hartshorn—An impure solid carbonate of ammonia, obtained by distillution of hart's horn. [ common British fern.

Hartstongue, härtstung, n. উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ ; A Harum-scarum, hárum-skárum, a. চকল ; হঠ-কারী অসমীককারী ; Hare-brained ; wild ; rash ; giddv flighty.

Harvest, harvest, n. A. S. harfest, harvest, autumn ] শাস্য সংগ্রহ করিবার কাল: Season when a crop is gathered:—শাস্য; ক্ষমল; Crop gathered:—কল; শাসকল; The product of labour; consequences:—v. t. শাস্য সংগ্রহ-কু; To reap or gather (fruits &c.). Syn:—(n) In gathering, produce, crops; result, product.

Harvester, har'vest-er, n. শদ্যনথোহৰ; শদ্য-ছেনৰ; A reaper in harvest.

Harvest-homo, harvest-hom, n. নবাল; শ্না-দংগ্রহাকে উৎসব; The feast itself; the feast at the bringing home of the harvest:—শাসাংগ্রহকালীন কুবকদের ক্ষীত; The song sung for reapers at the gathering of corn:—শ্না-ন্যেই-কাল; Time of harvest.

Harvest-man—শনা সংগ্ৰহকারী মজুর: Labourer Harvest-moon, hār've t-moon, n. কণ্ট সংক্রান্তিকালীন চন্দ্র; Moon near the autumnal equinox, when it rises nearly at the same hour for several days.

Harvest-queen, harvest-kwen, n. পূৰ্বকাৰে শ্ৰা গৃহে আদিলে যে দেৱীমূৰ্ট্ডি লইয়া ইংবাজ কৃষক উৎগৱ কৰিত: An image of Ceres, the queen or goddess of fruits, formerly carried about on the last day of harvest.

Hash hash u. f. www.www. wishis wider

Hash, hash. v. t. বন্ধ বন্ধ- ক্লু কুচিকুচি ক্রিয়া কাটা Chop into small pieces und mix; mince:—r মিশ্রিত বাদা; কুটি কুচি মানে ও তবকারির বাজন; Tha. which is hashed; a mixed dish of meat and vegetables in small pieces.

Hashish, hashesh, n. wiw; wie; A name given to the leaves of the common hemp, from which an intoxicating preparation is made.

Hasp, hasp, n. পতর; লোহার হাল বা আঁকড়া: A clasp; a clap of a padlock:—v. t. পতর নারা; To fasten with hasp.

Hassock, hasuk. n. পুটার ধর্মদিরে ব্যবহৃত নোটা মাজুর; জালু পাতিবার আসন; Mat cushion for kneeling in church.

Hast, hast, and pers. sing. ind. of Have.

Hastate, hastated, hastated, hastated, a. Shaped like the head of a halberd.

Haste, hast, n. ক্ৰডা; জ্বা; ক্লডান্টি; Quickness; hurry; speed. Syn:—Nimbleness, rapidity, swiftness, expedition, despatch; precipitance, vehemence.

Haste, hāst, Hasten, hāśn, ৩. ৫. জ্যা-জু; ফত-চালিড-জু; To hurry on; to drive forward; expedite:—৩. ৫. ক্লডগভি-ছ; ভাড়াভাড়ি-জু; To move with speed; to be in a hurry. Syn:—Push on, accelerate, precipitate; speed, press, hurry.

Be in haste-styletty-F; Be in a hurry; be

quick (implying simply a strong desire to get on)

In haste—দৰ্ব , Quickly. [very great haste In hot haste—ধ্ব ভাডাভাডি , বাজনমত হট্যা , In Make haste—শীল শীল কোব্য-কৃ; শীল শীল ব্যৱা , Proceed quickly , be quick.

Hastiness, hi ti-nes, n ত্রা, Haste — অবিষ্যা-ধারিতা হঠকারিতা, Rashness, irritability. Syn —Precipit tion, speed

Hasty, hristi, ন. মহৰ ছবিত , জত; Quick; speedy — অবিষয়কারী বাজবাগীণ Rash — কুছ, লোধণীল Passionate Syn — Expeditious, eager, precipitate, irritable, easily excited, forward, early ripe

Hat, hat, n off, Cover for the head a cap, the dignity of a cardinal

Hat band, n A band round the crown of a hat Send round the hat, The hat goes round —চ দা কুলিবাৰ কন্ত চুপি লইবা অভ্যেকের কাছে ঘোৰা, Solicit subscriptions.

Hatable, hatabl, a Itte. That may be hated Hatch, hach, u f डिम कूढ़े न , डा त्मब्यां , To produce, especially from eggs, by incubation -অভিদ্যালি কু. বঙ্কা কু, উদ্ভাবন-কু, lo contrive, to plot to originate -- v. s. শাবক প্ৰদৰ কু, (ডিম) युढ़े। To produce young -शाशक विश्व देश देशनीय-♥ , কমে অমে প্ৰিপ্ৰ হ , To advar ce towards maturity -n. छिन गुड़ीन, Act of hatching, the act of exclusion from the egg -একবারে যত ছানা হয়, একবালে প্ৰস্ত শাবক্ষমূহ, Brood hatched — প্ৰকাশ, আবিকাৰ, Disclosure, discovery -কুন্ত बाह्न , Half door , grated door or opening - कुछ शास्त्र आह्वामन , The covering of a hatch way -চৰক বেংধক ছাত্ৰ, A flood gate Syn -(v) Breed. quicken, plot, scheme, devise, contrive, concout , incubate

Hatch, hach, v t প্ৰাপ্ত ৰেখা থাবা চিত্ৰপটে ছাবা বা অসকার দ্বান, (In painting and engraving) to shade by minute lines crossing each other, n=hitching

Be under the hatches—बदक्र-इ. Be confined below — गृह इ. Be in di tress.

Hatch an egg—<sup>fr</sup>ন মুচন Bing the young ones out of the eggs —পূৰ্বৰৰ কু, (hence) develop a scheme or bring it into maturity.

Hatch a pot - বিস্থা ধূমিশা ক্মন্ত্ৰণা আটা, Concoct a plan, commit mischief

Hatch-way, hachwa, n জাহাজেৰ একতল হুইতে অস্তাল বাচৰার চাপ দৰজা বা কুল দৰজা, in opening in a ship's deck, floor &c, covered by a hatch or trap-door.

Hatchel, hachel, n same as hackle Syn — Heckle, dress [Small axe Hatchet, hachet, n কয় কুঠাৰ, কুণাৰি, টান্ধি, Bury the hatchet—স্থিক, Make peace

Take up the hatchet— মুদ্ধে প্রবৃত্ত-ই, Make war. Hatchment, hukiment, n কুল চিচ্ছাত্তিত কলকের বৈষ্ট্র , গৃহাদ্তি ক্রিক মৃত বাজিব পদবী-ি ফাথার . A frame bearing the escutcheon of a dead person, placed in front of the house, on a hearse or in a church — ভরবারির বাটের উপর অলকার , An ornament on the hill of a sword.

Hate, hat, w t স্থা-কু. To dislike intensely; abhor, detest:—n আতি মুখা; ডুক্ত বেখি, Extreme dislike, hatied. n=hater. Syn.—(v) Abhor, detest, loathe, dislike, abominate.

Hateful, hat-fool, a খুণাৰ্ছ, খুণিত, ছেল, খুণা-বালক, Odious, detestable ad=hatefully n= hatefulness Syr—Abominable, execrable, loathsome, abhorrent, repugnant, repulsive, disgusting, forbidding

Hatred, hatred, n. অত বৃণা, অক্ততা, বিৰেব; Extreme dislike, malignity, odium enmity. Syn —Odium, ill-will, hate, animosity, malevolence, rancour, enmity, detestation, loathing, abhorience, repugnance, antipathy [a hat. Hatted, hated, a. শিক্তবাণাজ্ঞানিত, Covered with Hatter, hater, n টুণি বিকেতা বা অনুতক্ষাবী, টুণি-ঘণাৰা, One who makes or sells hats

Hatti-sheriff, hati-sherif, n ভূমন্ব ফলতানের হকুম. A I urkish decree of the highest authority. Hauberk, haw'berk, n বৰ্ম বিশেষ, Steel ring; sleeveless coat of mail.

Haughtiness, haw'e-nes, n. পৰ্কা, অংকাৰ, উদ্বতা, Arrogance, insolence, disdain, contemptuousness, supercitiousness, loftiness Haughty, haw'i, a [Laltus, high] গৰ্কিত,

জনত, অহনুত্ত, Proud, arrogant, contemptuous n=haughtines, ad=haughtily. Syn —Scornful, imperious, insolent, supercilious, contemptuous, disdainful, overweening

Haul, hawl, v t ভোৱে টানা, আকর্থ-কু, To pull with violence, drag — যাইতে বাধ্য-কু. To compel to go.—v i. জাহাঁতেৰ গতি কিবান, To change the direction of a ship, sail with a changed course—n. টানা, আকর্থণ, A pulling:—কেপ, জানের কেপ, A draught as of fishes n=hauler. Syn—Drag. pull pluck, tug tow, trail

Haul over the coals - feavir φ. Γike to task for short coming , to call to account Haulage, hawlaj, n আক্ষ্-, Hilling — পৌক आंकर्रायव थवना , Charge i i hauling or pulling a ship or boat - आनभागव प्रका I en thinul d Haulm, Halm, Haum, haum, a यह , नगावित्र ৰাড়া, Straw, stubble. [ thigh, hind part Haunch, hansh n ভজা, কট, নিতৰ, Hip, Haunt, hant, v t [ A S hentan, to puisue ] त्रयन-क , शिविधि-क , To frequent — जृत इहेगा वान किश्वा (मधा-एक To infest as a ghost - अनिविकास প্রকাশ-কু, To intrude on — ০. ঃ সর্বদা উপস্থিত-হ, To appear or visit frequently -n मकाम शिंड-বিধির স্থান, যে স্থানে নিয়ত লোক পতাযাত কবে. A place much restored to. Syn -(v) Resort, re-I quented by ghosts. pair to visit often. Haunted house, n (शब-निवास, A house fre-Hautboy, ho boi, n वानी वित्नव , नानाइ , Wind instrument - 47 बिट्न , A large kind of straw-

Hauteur, ho'tur, n বৰ্জ, Haughty manner or spirit, piide Syn —Haughtiness, pride, loftiness, stateliness, dignity, arrogance, disdain.

Have, hav, v t অধিকাৰ-কৃ, ব্যৱস্ত্ৰ, To own or possess.—বহন-কৃ, প্ৰাপ্ত-কৃ, To accept; obtain :—( স্বাৰ ) উৎপাদন-কৃ, To bear or beget

(young):—সম্পাদন-তৃ; সপায়-তৃ; To effect .—উৎ-পাদন-তৃ; To cause:—ব্ঝিডে পারা; Understand: —বাধ্য-তৃ; To be under obligation. Syn:—Hold, occupy, acquire, receive; take; maintain, keep; embrace, contain; be obliged.

Have after-जन्भादन-कृ ; Pursue.

Have at—আক্ৰণ-কৃ; Assail; attack.

Have away—খানান্তবিত-কৃ; Remove.

Have been to—( কোন স্থানে বা কোন বাজিকে
পেখিতে) গিঘাছিলাম বা গিঘাছিলেন; Have visited or
have gone to see ( a person or place ).

Have in, v. ধারণ-কু; Contain; hold in.

Have it out with one (collog)—বিবাদ পোৰ-ক ; ( কাহাকে দেখে লগুয়া, এই ভাব ) ; Settle a dispute with one :—বগড়া-কু ; Have an altercation with one on any point.

Have on-পরিধান-কু; Wear.

Haven, havn, n. বন্দর; নদীর মুখ; Port:—আপ্রয়: Shelter; an asylum. Syn:—Harbour: refuge. Haver-sack, haver-sak. n. সৈশুদের থাদাদি রাখি-বার থলে; A bag of strong linen for a soldier's provisions; a provision bag.

Havock, havuk, n. [W. hafog, havoc] ধ্বংস;
সর্বব্যাপী নাপ; Wide and general destruction;
devastation; waste:—v. t. ধ্বংস-কু; To lay
waste:—int. প্রাকালীয় মুগ্যা বা যুদ্ধকালীন চীৎকার
পক্ষ: A cry, used originally in hunting, afterwards in war as a signal for slaughter. Syn:—
(n) Desolation, ruin, ravage, slaughter, carnage.
Haw, haw, n. বেড়া; A hedge:—ফল বিশেষ; A
fruit; the berry and seed of the hawthorn:—
বিশিষ্ট স্কোচ, শক্ষেচ স্ক্লারে উক্তি; A hesitation
in speech:—v. i. সক্ষেচসহ বলা; বলিতে সক্ষোচ-ই;
To speak with hesitation.

Haw-finch, n. পদিবিশেব: A small shy bird-Haw-haw, n. বেড়া; শুপ্তথাত; A sunk fence or a ditch not seen till close upon it.

Hawk, hawk, n. গুল, লিক্রে পাখী; বাজ পফী; A rapacious bird; a bird of prey; a falcon:—লেমা নির্গমন; কাশ ডুলিবার চেষ্টা; A noisy effort to force up phlegm with noise:—v. i বাজপকী দাবা পক্ষা লিকার কু; To catch birds with hawks:—উড়নকালে জাক্রমণ-কু; To soar or strike like a hawk:—(মুম্মা লিকা-কু; গামের ভোলা; গলা ইইভে কাশ ভোলা; To force up matter from the throat. n=hawker.

Hawk, v. t. জবা বিজয়াৰ্থ ঘোষণা-কু; জিনিদ ফেরি-কু; বিজয়াৰ্থ চীৎকার-কু; To carry about for sale; to cry for sale; peddle.

I know a hawk from a hand saw-l know one thing from another.

Hawker, hawker, n. কড়িয়া; ক্ষু ক্ষু জ্বাবিজেতা; কেরিওয়ালা; A peddler; a falconer. [ sight. Hawk-eyed—তীক দৰ্শনশক্তি সম্পার; Having keen Hawse, hawz, n. জাহাজের কাছির অবস্থান বিশেষ; The situation of cables before a vessel's stem:—pl. জাহাজের যে ছিদ্র দিয়া কাছি যায়; 'I'he holes in a ship's bow through which the cables pass.

Hawseholes, hawzholz, See hawse.

Hawser, hawzer, Halser, n. खाइाटकत्र काछि ; Cable ; a large rope.

Hawthorn, hawthorn, n. বেড়া দিবাৰ এক বৰুষ পাছ; পভা বিশেষ; Athorny flowing shrub or trees. Hay, ha, n. 08 51; Dried grass: -v. i. 54 05-5; To cut and dry grass for preservation.

Make hay while the sun shines—রৌজ থাকিতে থাকিতে থাকি গুলিকার থাকিতে থাকি গুলিকার করিয়া করিয়া; সময় থাকিতে থাকিতে ছটাকা উপার্জ্জন (নিজের কান্ত) করিয়া লঙ্গা; Take advantage of a favourable opportunity while it lasts (to get money). [Heap of hay. Hay-cook, hákok, n. খামের তুপ; খামের গাদা; Hay-fever, n. জর বিশেষ; সদ্ধি জব; A catarrh accompanied with fever and some times with paroxyams of dyspnæa to which some persons are subject in the spring and summer.

Hay-knife, n. খাস কাটিবার যন্ত্র; A sharp instrument used in cutting hay out of a stock. [hay. Hay-loft—ত্ব রাখিবার মঞ্চ; A loft or scaffold for Haymaker, hámāk-ēr, n. অবাদির খালার্থ তুব সং-প্রান্ত্র (One who cuts and dries grass for hay. Hay riok or stack, n. বাসের তুপ; Hay raised in a pile or heap for preservation in the open air. Hazard, haźaid, n. ঘটনা; বৈষ ; Chance; accident:—বিপদ; Risk; danger:—স্ভেক্তিড়া বিশেব, Game at dice:—v. t. স্বটে নিকেপ-কু; বৈষে নিজন্তু, To risk; to expose to chance:—গাইন-কু. বিপদ্মস্থ কু, To venture; jeopardise:—v. t. বুলি লারা; To encounter risk, or danger. Syn:—

(n) Casualty; peril, risk, jeopardy. (v) Adventure, jeopard, peril, endanger.

At all hazard—যাহাই ঘটুক না কেন; যন্ত বিপদ ঘটুক
না কেন; Whatever the risk may be.

Hazardous, haźard-us, a. আন্দিড; Uncertain; dubious:—বিপদজনক; বিপংসকুল; Dangerous. ad. =hazardously. Syn:—Bold, daring, adventurous, venturesome; precarious, uncertain, perilous, dangerous.

Haze, hāz, n. কুজুমটিকা; Fog; mist:-- অন্তকার; অশাইডা; Obscurity, dumness.

Hazel, házl. n. বৃক বিশেষ: A tree or shrub:--a. পিকলবৰ্ণ: Of light brown colour:--উক্ত পাছ নম্বনীয়: Pertaining the hazel.

Hazel-nut, házl-nut, n. এক জাতীয় কল; বাদাৰ; The nut of the hazel-tree. [hazel nut.

Hazelly, a. পিললৰ ; Light brown like the Hazy, haze, a. কুল্ডাডামায়; Thick with haze. n= haziness. Syn:—Misty, foggy, cloudy; dum, obscure, uncertain, vague.

He, he, n. pron. তিনি; সে, তৃতীয় বান্ধি; Of the 3rd person; the man or male alluded to; any person:—a. পু: কাতীয়; Male.

Head, hed, n. মন্তিজ; মন্তক; Seat of the brain; that part of animal body which is the uppermost or foremost in the creature's locomotion:—
বৃদ্ধি; বৌধশক্তি; Understanding:—নায়ক; Leader:—কর্তা; Chief of a family:—অগ্রভাগ; সমুখ-ভাগ; Top; front:—বাকোর এখান আংশ; ডর্কের মূল কথা; A topic or chief point of a discourse:—নদীর উৎপত্তির স্থান; উৎসমূল; অস্তরীপ; The source. as of a stream or river; a cape:—সক্ত; Crisis: —ক্ষতা; Power:—সম্থান স্থান; The place of honour or command:—এক ব্যক্তি; An individual.—কোন স্থোব স্থুল আংশ; The longer, thicker or heavier part or extremity:—n. t. কর্ডুম্ব; শাসন-ফু; To lead; govern, command:—আর্ম্ম

গ্ৰাৰ-ড়; To go in front of .—বাধা-লে; কাৰ্ড-ড়.

To check:—৮ i. পাডিয়া উঠা; ইচ্টাৰ-ড়; To grow to a head:—উংগ্র-ড়, অছুবিভ-ড়, To originate, spring from:—কোন গিকে গ্ৰাৰ-ড়, To go or tend:—a. পাৰা; Chief, superior. Syn —(n) Summit, acme; fore part; noddle; mind, intellect, chief, chieftain, ruler, commander, commencement, beginning, rise, source, origin, topic, subject; class, division, section, branch, department, category, pitch, height (v) Direct, govern; get in front of, intercept, be directed, tend towords.

At the head of—আধাক হইয়া; As commander of:—সংবাপাৰে; শীংহানীয় . At the top of —ে বে হানে এখান ব্যক্তির বসা উচিত সেই স্থানে . Occupying the place of honour at .—সর্বপ্রধান , সর্বাগ্রগণা . The leader of , chief among.

At the head of affairs—রাজ্যের বর্ণময় কর্তা.
At the head of the government.

Be over head and ears—কোন কিছুতে ভূৰিযা থাকা, কোন বিষয় হেড়ু বিব্ৰত-হ, Be deeply involved or immersed in , be almost overwhelmed by.

Carry a high head-গৰিতভাবে বিচৰণ-কৃ, Bear proudly or arrogantly.

Come or gather to a head—কোডা পাকিয়া উঠে, মুখ-২, Suppurate — ঘটনাৰ উপক্ৰম-হ, পাকিয়া উঠা, Come to a crisis or height, come to a clima.

From head to foot—আপাদমন্তক, সর্বাশ্ধীর, From top to toe, all over.

Gain or gather head—ক্ষম প্ৰকান্ত , Gain strength —পাৰিয়া উঠা , Come to a crisis.

Give the head to—ছেডে-দে, বোডাৰ রাম্ ছাডিবা দেৱলা, যে দিকে ইচ্ছা বাইডে-দে, Let go control, let go freely (as a horse), as, he gave his horse the head —আয়ত্ত না রাখা, Give up all control over Head and shoulders—বলপুকাক, সজোবে, জোর কবিয়া, By force, violently.—আনেকটা, By a great degree, by far.

Head or tail—চিং কি উপ্ত : প্রণিট কি গুণিট, The side or that, the obverse or the reverse. Head over heels—হমডিখেরে, Heels over head;

w'th the heels upper most. It never entered one's head—এটা মনে উদয় হয়

নাই; এটা বোগার নাই; It did not occu. to one Lay heads together—মিলিড হইর (কো. বিব মের) প্রামর্শ-কু, একড হইরা মুদ্রপা-কু; To combine in a plan; to consult together.

Make head or to make head aga ns'-বাড়িরা জন্ধী হওবা , বাধানানে কৃতকার্যান্ছ , প্রতিংধ্বতাকু ; Resist with success — কাহার বিপক্ষে অনুসৰ্নহ ,
প্রতিকৃষ্টে বাব্যা ; Advance against

Make neither head nor tail of it—মাধামুখ কিছুই বুৰিতে না পারা, Make out neither beginning nor end, make out nothing distinct or definite about it, be unable to see through it or understand it clearly.

Neither head nor tail—ৰাধানত কিছুই না; Neither distinct nor definite:—অসম্পূৰ্ণ; অনিশ্ভিত , Incomplete; undefined

Off or out of one's head—কিন্ত ; Insane. On one's head—নিজের বুঁক্ডে, On one's own responsibility.

Out of one's own head—বিনা সাহাযো Without the advice or co-operation of another.

Over head and ears—मन्त्राण, In an extreme degree, entirely

Put over one's head—ভিন্নিরে উপবে ঙোলা, নীচের কর্মচারীকে উপবে বসান; Supersede one; place over one.

Take it into one's head—চিন্তা-কৃ, হঠাৎ কোন ধ্যোল-হ, Imagine, take a fancy, indulge a sudden whim, conceive a sudden notion— কোন বিবাৰে কাহাৰও ধাৰণা-হ, Take a fancy

To his head—তাহার মুখের সামনে, মুখেব সাক্ষাতে; Before his face

Turn one's head—বৃদ্ধিঅংশ-কৃ. Infatuate onc. Under the head of—(কোন বিব্যেব) অন্তৰ্গত : হিসাব যে পৃথক পৃথক হেড্ বা ভাগ লেবা যায়, তাহারই কোন্টার অন্তৰ্গত, Included in the item of.

Under thus or that head—এই 'ৰ'বা দেই শ্ৰেণী-ভূক, As belonging to this or that class

Hoad-acho, hedak ( হেডা)ক্ ) n. শিৰাপিড়া, Pain in the head.

Head-band, hedband, n. শিবোবজন, মাথাব কিডা, A fillet, top knot, a band for the head

Head-dress, her-dress, n. শিরোভূষণ, স্ত্রীলোকের শিবোভূষণ বিশেষ, Trappings for the head, an ornamental dress or covering for the head, worn by women

Head-gear, hedgir, n. বিয়োভ্যণ, Head-dress. Head-guilt, n. আণদৰ্যোগ্য অপরাধ, Capital offence.

Heading, hecing, n. পিবোনান, পীৰ্বন্থিত বিষৱ; That which stands at the head. [montory. Head-land, hedland, n. অন্তরীপ; A cape; pro-Headless, hedles, a. মন্তর্কবিধীন, অধ্যক্ষপুঞ্জ; Without a head, having no head.

Hoadlong, hedlong, ad. ছু.সাংসসহকাৰে, অবিবে-বিভাগুক্সক, Rashly, precipitately —a. ছু:সাং-দিক, অবিবেচক, Rash —খাড়া, Precipitous; steep. Syn —Hastily, without deliberation.

Head-man, n. अश्राम राजि , मध्न , Chief.

Head-money, n. गांशकिंड कर , Poll tax.

Headmost, hedmost, a. প্রথম, সর্বগ্রন্থ, First; most advanced or forward.

Head-pan, n मिक, Brain

Head-piece, hedpcs, n শিবস্তাণ, Helmet; morion, armour for the head — বৃদ্ধি, Understanding. Head-quarters, hedkwor-terz, n. pl মেনাপতির নাস্থান, অধ্যক্ষের নিবাসস্থান, The residence of the commander in-chief or general, centre of authority or order

Headsman, hediman, n. জন্নাদ , থাতক , Executioner , a person who cuts off heads.

Headstall, hedstawl, n লাগামেৰ নোজা, The part of bridle incompassing the head

Headstone, hedston, n. আটালিকাৰ সৰ্বোপৰিছ প্ৰৱ , The topmost stone of a building :—গোৰেৰ প্ৰোভাগের প্ৰজন , The stone at the head of a grave.

Headstrong, hedstrong, a. উগ্ৰন্থতাৰ . উপ্ৰচিত্ত ; একগ্ৰের . Ungovernable , self-willed , stubborn. Syn — Obstinate, untractable, unruly, ungovernable, self-willed , venturesome, heady. Head-swimming, a মাধা বোরা , Giddiness.

Head-tire, n. শিরোত্বণ Attire for the head

Headway, hedwa, n বতন্ব অপ্রস্ব হওবা যাব .

The distance advanced — অপ্রসামী জাহাজের গতি .

চলিকু জাহাজের গতি , Motion of an advancing ship.

[furiously

Be under headway—সভোৱে আহাত-ৰূ, Dash Headwind, her wind, স. চালৰু আহাজেৰ প্ৰতিকৃত্তে প্ৰথমান বায়, প্ৰতিকৃত্ত বায় Contrary wind, a wind blowing right against a ship's head.

Head-work, n. मृश्लिक कांग्र, Labour of the understanding

Head-workman, n. প্রধান কারিকৰ, Foreman Heady, hedi, a মতিকের বিকাব সম্পাদক Apt to affect the head, intoxicating —অবিশ্বচক, অবিশ্বচক, হো-willed n headings ad—headily Syn—Hasty, headstrong, stubborn intoxicating, inebriating

Heal, htl, v t [A.S hulan, from ha', hale ] আরোগ্য-কু, নীবোগ-কু To cure —দনন-কু, নিবাবণ কু, To remove or subdue —v : স্প ছ নীরোগ-হ, To grow sound n=he iler ( thিবংসক, Physician ) Syn —Remedy, ic tore remove differ ences reconcile, settle make up cicatrize

Physician heal thyself—ত্ম ভাজার আগে নিজেব রোগ দামলাও নিজেব চবায় তেল দাভ, As you are a doctor cure your own discuss first

Healing, heling a. জালাগাৰারী আবোগাৰাৰ, Tending to cure — মুছ, Mild — গ আবোগা আবোগাৰৰণ বা ভাষণৰ প্রক্রিয়া The act or process by which any thing is healed Syn —(a) Sana tive, curative, medical

Health, health n [A S huldh, from hol, hale] বায়া, সুত্তা, Soundness of body — অপবেৰ মঙ্গল প্ৰাৰ্থ A wish to health and happiness — ঈবর-কুপা, Divine favour Syn — Salubity, soundness, vigour, robustness, moral well-being, purity, toast.

To drink a health—অপবেৰ মলল প্ৰাৰ্থনাৰ্থে মদ্য-গান-ক, (পাশ্চাতা প্ৰথাস্থাবে) কাহারও কুশ্প মাননে মদ্যপান-ক, To drink with the expression of a wish for the health and happiness of some other person

Healthful, helthiool a युष्ठ, योष्ठ)यव, Whole some, salutary n—healthfulness. ad=health fully Syn—Well, healthy, salubrious properous, favourable [n=healthlessness Healthless, helthics a युष्ठ, Sickly, alling Health officer, n One appointed to take care of the public health

Healthy, helite, a স্থয়, বাস্থাৰুক, Coducive to health — বনিও, সভেজ Sound, vigorous, n=healthiness ad=healthil). Syn —Active, hale hearty, salutary, salutrious wholesome, healthful

Heap, hep, n বালি, ৰুগ, Pile, mass crowd, throng — স্বালি, A ruin — o t বালিকুড-কৃ, ৰূপীকৃড কৃ, সক্ষ-মৃ, To throw in a heap or pile, to amass, to pile Syn—(v) Pile, accumulate, add to, augment increase [ ( American ). Heap of love—অভান্ত প্ৰণম, Very great love মূল্য, her, v.t. প্ৰণ-কৃ, কণ্যাত-কৃ, অব্যাল-কৃ,

Perceive by the ear, attend to, listen to — বিচাৰ-তৃ, Hear judically, try — অমুৰূল উত্তৰ-তে, অমুগ্ৰাই-তৃ, To listen to and answer favourably; to favour — v ঃ ছানিছে পাওৱা, প্ৰব্ৰ-তৃ, অবস্ত-হ; To listen, to be told, to be hold n=hearer. Syn — Hearken, heed, attend, regard, favour; examine judicially, be informed, be told

Hear from —পত্ৰ প্ৰাপ্ত-ছ, পত্ৰের ধারা ধ্বরাধ্বর পা; Receive a letter, receive any communication from one (generally, written)

Hear of—বাচনিক অবগত হ, Be told of (by oral communication) —কাহারও বা কোন কিছুর বিষয় গুনিতে পাওবা, Receive information about (a person or thing by report or by letter) —গুনা, I isten to

Hear out—শেব পর্যাপ্ত ভাবণ-ক Hear to the end Hearing, horing, n ভাবণ, Act of perceiving sound —আগশকৈ Sense of perceiving sound —মবোনাগ , Attention to whit is delivered —মতনুৰ পৰ স্তাপ কৰণ কৰা ফাইডে পাল, ভাবণ পৰ Reach of the car —শোড়াল Audience — নিডানেৰ ভাভাবণ, A listening to fact and evidence for adjudication

In the hearing of one—ক্ষিত পাওয' বার একপ্ ব্যবহান কেহ ক্ষিতে পায় এমন ভদ্ধাং হংতে Within reach of the ear of one so that one may easily he ir

Out of hearing—धारणा े का

Within hearing—শ্বণ গোচর কথা কহিলে ওনা বায় এত নিকটে Near enough to be heard

Hearken, harkn, ৩: এবণ ক নানাবাগ কু খীবাব কু, To listen, to give heed to grant Hearsay, hēr'sa, n স্বাঞ্চি প্রবাদ, জনব্ব, Common talk, rumour

Hearsay evidence—ত্ৰিয়া সাকাদান।

Hoarse, hers n [I herpen, a harrow] শ্বৰান, শ্বৰহন শকট, Carriage for carrying the dead — ক্বৰ, Fomb

Heart, hart n হংগিও An organ of the body that circulates the blood — অন্তব, অন্তঃকরণ, Inner or vital part, core — ক্রমর, I he seat of the affections, especially love — সাইস Courage, spirit, vigorous activity — সৃচ অর্থ বা অভিপ্রার, Secret meaning or design — ক্র্ণিভার্কতি, That which is heart-shaped Syn — Life, core, inner part, centire, kernel pith, marrow, geniality, cordinality, mind, will inclination, character, disposition, strength, spirit, vigour, resolution

After one's own heart—মনোনত, কাহারও ঠিক মনোনত, নিজেই ইচ্ছানত, Exactly according to one's liking, just such as one likes

At heart—বাশুবিক, অকৃত্রিসরূপে, মনে মনে আসল্টা, Rcally, in onc's true character or disposition, at bottom

Break the heart of—হতাৰ-কু, জার্মণ-কু, আর সমাধা কু, Bring to despair or hopeless grief, to finish very nearly [thorough manner. By heart—সমাকৰপে, ক্লগতৰপে, In the most Do one's heart good—মনেব তৃত্তি জন্মান, আজ্ঞাদ-কু, Please one very much, be exceedingly graifying to one's feelings. Eat into one's heart—क्षम गुविच-इ ; Corrode one's heart ; prey upon one's mind. [posed. Find in the heart—अक्ष्क-इ ; Be willing or dis-Get or learn by heart—कश्च-इ , Commit to memory. [Affect or pain one deeply Go to one's heart—ग्रांटिश-इ ; उट (क्ष्मेक्ट-इ ;

Go to one's heart—মর্ভেদ-কৃ; বড কেশকর-হ;
Have in the heart—মুভিদ্ন-কৃ; Purpose

Have or know by heart—কঠৰ বাকা; Have a thing committed to memory [ be frightened. Have the heart in the mouth—ভীত ই; To Head and heart—সর্কালে ; Both in intellect as well as in feelings; thoroughly [ thusiastically Heart and soul—সর্কান্ত:কর্মা, Heartily; cn-Hoart upon one's sleeve, Wear one's sleeve—ভিতর বাহির এক ইওমা; Have one's heart on one's sleeve as it were, so that others may easily see it; have an open heart; lay bare one's heart.

In one's heart of hearts—ক্ৰমের গুচতম দেশে, বঙাৰ চহতে হয় আছিবিক, in the inmost recesses of one's heart; secretly.

In the heart of—ভিতর ; অন্তর্জেল ; মণ্ডরে ; In the innermost part of , in the centre of activity of (a place)

Lost heart-नाहनहीन-इ ; Lose courage.

One s heart bleeds—বাতনায় একশেব হওয়া ; One is excessively pained.

One loses courage or confidence.

One's heart is in the right place— সদ্য ঠিক থাকা; যে ভাবে থাকা উচিত দেই ভাবে থাকা। জর্মাৎ প্রের হথে সুধী এবং প্রের ভাগে ছংখী-২). One is of a kindly and sympathetic disposition, one is true-hearted.

One's heart sinks within one—কাষারও মন একেবাবে দ্বিলা-যা, One is overwhelmed with depression.

Out of the fulness of one's neart—ভাবে ভোর হইয়া; মনেব বেগে. From feeling intensely on any subject, when one feels intensely.

Sot one's heart on—কোন বিবৰে তন্মৰ-ছ; সমত মন অৰ্থা-ক; Fix one's desires on; long earnestly for.

Sot the heart on—ইজ্জা-ক; Fix the desires on; Take heart—প্ৰকুল্লমনা: হওয়া, সাহসী-হ, সাইস পাওয়া, বুক বাধা; Be cheerful; become hopeful; gain courage; gain confidence.

Take or lay to heart—অত্যন্ত অভিত্ত; আন্তরিক বেদনা অভ্যন্ত ; হনমে ছান-দে; Be much affected; take to the inmost affections.

Take to heart—আন্তরিক বেদনা অনুভব-কু, কাবে স্থান-দে, Take to the inmost affections.

Take to heart, Lay a thing to heart—কোন বিষয় কাহারও লাগা (কপ্তকর-ছ); Be much affected or pained by:—যম্বপূর্কক মনে স্থান-দে বা বিবেচনা-কু; Ponder over seriously. [affection.

Win one's heart—কাহারও প্রিয়-ছ; Gain one's With all one's heart, With one's whole heart—ক্রান্ত:ক্রবে; Heartily; sincerely.

With half a heart—বড় ইছাপুৰ্বৰ বহে; Reluctantly:—সৰ্বান্তঃৰৱণে বহে; Being wanting in true attachment.

Heartache, hartak, n. कृत्य , मनवांग ; मनाजीज़ा ; Sorrow ; anguish.

Heart-breaking, hart-braking, a. मर्पाउनी; क्नप्रतिनात्रक, Crushing with grief or sorrow.

Heart-broken, hart-brokn, a. ভব্-ভ্ৰয়; Having the heart intensely afflicted or grieved; deeply grieved.

Heart-burn, hartburn, n. বৃকজালা: অনুরোগ; Affection of the stomach; a disease of the stomach which causes a burning acrid sensation near the heart.

Heart-burning, hart'bur-ing, n. অসলোক , মনো-মালিস্ক , Discontent ; secret enmity :—a. অসলোক জনক ; Causing discontent.

Heart-deep, a. হাৰম্ম ; Rooted in the heart.

Heart-ease, hartez, n. মনের প্রসন্তর্গ, ক্লরের শান্তি, Quiet of mind; tranquility.

Hearten, harin. v. t. [A. S. hiertan ] উৎসাহিত-কু; উত্তেজিত-কু; To encourage. Syn:—Incite, embolden, inspirit. [deeply; sincere. Heart-felt, harifelt, a. ক্ষরকম আন্তরিক, Felt Hearth, harth, n চুলী; The fire-side:—গৃহ; Home; the house itself.

Hearth and home—সমস্ত প্রিয়তম বস্তু , বনেশ . Objects dearest to one , one's own country.

Hearth-stone, harthston, n. চুল্লী, বে প্ৰতৰ দাবা চুল্লী নিশ্বিত হয়, The stone forming the hearth; fire-side.

Heartily, harve-le, ad. আছবিক, অন্তবের সহিত; বান্তবিক, From the heart; with all the heart. Syn:—Cordially, sincerely, really, genially, zealously, actively, warmly, ardently, earnestly; freely, largely.

Heartiness, harte-nes, n. অকণটতা, স্বলতা.
The state of being hearty. Syn — Sincerity, zeal, earnestness, eagerness, warmth, cordiality.
Heartless, hartles, a ক্লয়-বিহীন. ক্লয়পুত্ত. নিশ্ম.
ভীক Wanting in feeling or courage; destitute of heart. ad=heartlessly. n=heartlessness.

Heartlet, hartlet, n. কৃত্ৰ কৃষ্ণ : A little heart. Heart-quelling, a. ক্ষমন্ত্ৰী; Conquering the affections.

Heart-rending, hhit'-rending, a. জনয-বিদারক; জনরে ব্যথাদ্যাক , মন্ত্রেন), Deeply afflicative; agonising.

Heart's-blood, n. नाव . Life ; essence.

Heart's-ease, hart'ez, n. লতাবিশেব , পুন্সবিশেব ; P.insy ; a species of violet :—মনের শান্তি , হৃদরের শান্তি , Peace or tranquillity of feeling , ease of heart.

Heart-sick, hart'sik, a. হতাশ, মৰ্মণীডিত, ভগ্নাশ; Sick at heart; depressed; dejected. n=heartsickness.

Heart-sickening-ক্ৰম-ভগ্ৰকারী, Tending to make the heart sick or depressed.

Heartsome, a. व्यानम्बद्ध , Cheerful.

Heart-sore, n. ইন্ম-বেদনা, What pains the mind:—a. Deeply wounded.

Heart-striken, Heart-struck—salesse;
Driven to the heart; shocked with fear.

Heart-string, n. হুদর-ক্ষি: A nerve or tendon, supposed to brace and sustain the heart.

Heartwhole, harthol, a ways see . Whole or unaffected at heart

Hearty, harte, a अकृतिम, Sincere, cordial, genuine — মতিশয়, প্রগতি, Rich, abundant, warm — বলবান, বলবৎ, সৃষ্ট, পৃষ্টিকারক, Strong, healthy, zealous, vigorous, nourishing n=beartiness ad-heartily Syn -Real, unfergreed, undis sembled, warm, cordial earnest, ardent, cager active, energetic, sound, hale.

Heat, htt, n [ A S haete ] উত্তাপ , তাপ , Calo-নত —উত্তাপ-ৰোধ, Sensation of warmth, the agent which excites the sensatition of warmth —কোধ, Rage, vehemence —একটা উদ্যম ঐকা ন্তিক উদাস, A single effort, as in a race -- সঙ্গী বতা, উৎসাহ, Animation —উতাপ High tempera ture —লোহিতবর্ণ, রাজিমা, Redness —বে সমযে সর্বাপেকা উক্তাব বৃদ্ধি হয়, The warmest period, as the heat of the day -শুকার বিষয়ক উত্তেজনা, Sexual excitement in animals -v t 634-7 To make hot —উত্তেজিত-কু আলোডিত-কু, lo anflame, agitate excite —v ঃ উত্তর-ফ উঞ্ছ To grow warm or hot. Syn -(n) Incalescence, calefaction, warmth, passion, violence ardour, excitement contest, race

At a heat-अक्टोरन ( छाविया हिन्दिया नरह ). By a single violent and unremitted effort

At the heat of the moment—বাণেৰ মাধাৰ Under the influence of a sudden passion

Blood heat—মানবাৰ্যন্ত শোণিকো সভাবিত উক্তা The natural temperature of the hum in body

Heater, heter, n Gpafas One who or that which heats

Heath, heth, n চাবাগাল, উনুখড A small evergreen shrub -- মকভান কসংগন অমুক্তির প্র'ন্তব A desert a bairen heerless country - 75 5141-পাছপূর্ণ স্থান, A place overgrown with a heath

Heath-cock, n शक दिर्भव . A large bird would frequents heaths

Heathen, ho'thu n (1955 fattil A pigin -ধর্ম ও চিন্তা বিহীন গাকি, An irreligious unthinking person .- Mesto One of the wo wor hip idols and do not acl nowledge the true God a व्यवस्थिक विवश्वी (शोडानक Pagan urclicious Syn -Idolater unbeliever

Heathendom, hathn-dum, n মণীপুল বাচ পৌত্ৰিকভাৰ বাসভূদি That part of the world which is not christian

Heathonise, ha'thm-17 v t অধীয়ান-কু, পৌর্ কি-A lomak heaticn

Heathenish, ht'thn ich a (भौवितक मरकीय Relating to the heathen — জনতা ব্ৰহ্ম , নিষ্ঠ্য Rude , uncivilised n=heathenishness ad=heathenishly Syn -Pagan, gertile, heathen savacc

Hoalhenism, hEthn izm, n পৌত্র कि छ। Paganism, idolatry —অসহাতা, বর্ষাবতা, Barbarianism , rudeness

Heather, hether, n Gaes Heath a=heathery Heathy, a কড চারাগাছপূর্ণ, Full of or abounding with heath

Heave, hev, v t [ Goth hafjan, to lift ] 5081-লিভ কু, উত্তোলন-কু, To raise, to lift - নিকেপ-কু, ভংশ্পন্ত-ৰু, পেৰণ-ৰু, To throw cast, send -ৰক

হইতে নিঃসারিত-ৰু, To force from the breast :--কীত-कृ, To cause to swell or rise - । छर्क्सिय-ए. উৎপতিত-ছ, ক্ষীত-হ, To be raised; to be thrown up, to rise and fall - বমৰ ক্রিভে চেট্রা-ক, To try to vomit -- n উত্তোলন, উৎকোপ, প্ৰকেপ, ক্টতি, An effort upward, an upward motion. a throw , a fling - तमानक्षा, तमन एहा , An effort to vomit - The . Swell or distension, as of the breast Syn - (v) Elevate, upraise, hoist. breathe, force out, swell, dilate, expand, labour, pant retch, vomit [ down on one side. Heave down-এবছিকে নিকেপ-কু, Throw or lay Hoave in sight-पृष्टिशस्य छेशहिछ-इ, Come in sight —উপন্থিত হ , Appear ( naut )

Heave out—নিকেপ-কু, Throw out Heave to—ৰাহাৰেৰ গতি বন্ধ-কু, Bring the ship's head to the wind and stop her motion (naut).

Heave up-ভাগ কু পবিভাগ-কু, বমন-কু, Give up relinguish, vomit out

Heaven, hevn, n [A S heo, for, heben] जाकाण, গগৰ শৃত্তদেশ Sky firmament, the air - স্বৰ্গ, প্ৰলোক, The celestial abode — স্থাৰ অবস্থা, প্ৰম কুৰ চন্নমোৎকৰ্ম State of bliss, supreme hippine a sublime condition - 344. God Syn -Welkin, starty sphere, abode of bliss. supreme happiness, elevation, sublimity

Go to hoaven—পৰ আৰু গমন কু, Die Heaven kissing-বিমান-পানী Fourhing hea-Heavenly, have to a न्यांच Colestial - भन्न হুগা Supreme blessed -পৰিত্ৰ, দিবা, Pure, cul stral - অভ্যুৎকৃত্ Very excellent -ad স্থাীয় ভাবে কর্মীয় প্রভাবে In i he ivenly manner n= heavenliness Syn -Divine, godlike, angelie, immortal, supernal

Heavenly-minded, hevn h-mind-cd, a भविष . #সাস.বৰৰ Pure :=heavenly-mindedness

Heavenward, herm-word, Heavenwards, hevn-wards, ad अभाविष्य , Toward or in the direction of he iven

Heave offering, hev-offering, #. हेड्दीविश्वद পুশাৰ প্ৰাণীন প্ৰথা বিশেষ Among the Jews an offering made to God which was heaved or mixed up and down by the priest

Heaver, haver, n 50394. One who or that which heave or lifts

Heaviness, heve nes, n 物环状, Weight, ponderosity of a body Syn -Gravity, ponderousness, oppressiveness, grievousness, severity, depression, dejection, sadness, dulness, languor, sluggishness, moisture, dampness

Heavy, have, a [A S hefig, hafig, lifted with lal our] ভাৰা গুৰু , Weighty , not light , difficult t) move - 4844, (AM44, Oppressive, afflictcd — কাগ্যাক্ষ, নিজালু অলস, Inactive, drowsy, ·luggish, slow — চচ, Loud — প্রচার , থাবল , Violent -- মেবাচ্ছল, অন্ধকারময়, Dark with clouds — विवश , Gloomy , sad — वाष्ट्रमांश , Expensive 一也不可有, Not easily digested .—有6-বতী Pregnant - কৰ্মনয়, Cloggy, claycy; miry ad=heavily, n=heaviness. Syn:-Ponderous, bulky, massive; grievous; indolent, lazy; stupid, foolish, wearisome, tedious, labourious,

copious, abundant; close, clammy; low, deep.
Heavy with care—চিম্বারত। [ stupid.
Heavy-headed, a. মূর্ব; Having a dull head;
Heavy-hearted, a. হুবে মৃতিকৃত; Borne down with sorrow.

Heavy-laden, a. ভারত ; Having a heavy Hebdomadal, heb-doma-dal, Hebdomodary, heb-doma-dar-i, a. [Gr. hebdomas, a period of seven days] সাহাহিক; Weekly.

Hebdomadary, n. বোমান কাগেলিক বাজক বিশেষ, A member of a chapter or convent whose week it is to officiate in the chair.

Hebee, n. সভী; Goddess of youth.

Hebotate, hebe-tat, v. t. [L. habetare, from hebes, dull] হতবৃদ্ধি করা; To render abtuse; dull, blunt, stupefy.

Hebraic, ht-braik, Hebraical, he-braik-al, a. ইহুদী জাতি বা ভাষা সম্মায়, ভিন্ত জাতীয়; Relating to the Hebrews or to their language.

Hebraically, he-brink-al-i, ad. ইজনী ভাষার রীভাস্পারে, দক্ষিপ হইতে বাম দিকে, After the manner of the Hebrew language; from right to left.

Hobraise, hc'bra-īz, w. t. হিন্দু ভাষাতে পরিণত-কু, To turn into Hebrew; to convert into the Hebrew idiom.

Hobraism, he'bra-izm, n. ডিক্ল ভাষাসুসারিপী বাক্য-পদ্ধতি, Hebrew idiom —কটন আস্থ্যবাদ, আয়ান্ত প্রিক্রন, Hebraic type of character, servile and severe allegiance to conscience; stoical selfcontrol, unrelaxing industry.

Hobraist, he'bra-ist, n. হিক্কাৰাজ, চিক্কাৰাজিজ, One skilled in Hebrew. [ like Hebrew. Hebraistic, he-bra-istik, a. হিক্কা মত; Ot or Hebrew, he'broo, n. মাবুৰের বংশ্বব; ইহলি, Israe-lite; Jew:—হিক্কাৰা, The language of the Hebrew:—a. হিক্কারীয়, Pertaining to the Hebrews or their language.

Hecate, ন. ইস্রভাবের দেবতা. A goddess who presided over enchantment; conjurations.

Hecatomb, heka-tōōm, n [Gr. hekaton, a hundred, and bous an ox ] একণত বলিদান, বছবলি; Sacrifice of 100 head of cattle; any large number of victims.

Hockle, hekl, Same as Hackle.

Hootic, hektik, n. ক্যন্ত্র, The fever of irritation and debility usually associated with consumption:—a ক্যকারী, Consumptive, habitual. Hectic, hektik, Hectical, hektik-al, a. [Gr. hexis, habit] অভাসমূরণ, Habitual:—ক্যন্ত্র বোগারান্ত, Constitutional.

Hector, hekter, n. [From Hector, A Trojan warrior] বে দাভিক লোক অপরকে বিরক্ত কবে, বিরক্তিকর জন, A bully; one who annoys; one who teases or vexes:—v. t. বিবক্ত-কু; To treat insolently; to annoy:—v. i. দম্ভ প্রকাশ-কু, To play the bully; bluster. Syn:—Threaten, menace, lecture; bluster, swagger.

Hedge, hej, n. [A. S. hege] লভার বেড়া; ঝোড; Fence of bushes; a thicket of bushes:—v. t. লভার বেড়া-দে; (বেড়া ছারা) বেছিড-ফু; To enclose with hedge:—বেঃল-ফু, বন্দা ফু; বাগা দেওয়া, To surround; to guard; to obstruct. Syn:—(n) Fence, hedge fence. (v) Fence; surround, hem in, skulk; bet on both sides

Hedge-bill, hejbil, Hedging-bill, hejing-bil, n. বেডা ছাঁটিবার কাঁটি; A bill or hatchet for dressing hedges.

Hedge-born, hejbawrn, a. নীচবংশলাভ; নীচ-বংশোধিব; Of low birth; outlandish; obscure. Hedge-creeper, n. One who skulks for had

Hedge-creeper, n. One who skulks for bad purposes.

Hedger, heier, n. त গাছেৰ বেডা দেৱ; বে বেড়া বাবে; মালী; One who dresses hedges.

Hedge-hos, hejhog, n. অন্ত বিশেষ; শ্ৰাক ; A small animal having frickles or spines on the upper part of the body and able to roll itself into a ball.

[young hedgehog.]

Hedgepig, hejpig, n. শল্লকী (শলাক) শাবক ; A Hedge-row, hejrō, n. বেডা বান্ধিবার বৃক্ষেটা ; A row of trees or shrubs for hedging fields.

Hodge-school, hejskool, ন. আয়ৰ্গতে বাঠে বে পাঠশালা হয়; An open air school kept by the side of a hedge in Ireland.

Hedge-sparrow, hej-spar'ō, n. কুন্ত গায়ক পকী বিশেষ, An European little singing bird.

Heed, hēd, v. t. [A. S hédan] মনোধোগ-ক ; লক্ষ্য-ক , বছ-ক , To attend to ; to observe ; to look after :—n. মনোধোগ , লক্ষ্য , সতৰ্কতা , Attention ; notice ; caution. Syn:—Mind, watch, mark, note, consider.

Heedful, hediool, a. सत्ताराधि ; मुक्क ; Attentive, observing. ad=heedfully. n=heedfulness. Syn:
—Vigilant, watchful, cautious, circumspect, wary, observant, suspicious, mindful, careful.

Heedless, hedles, a. অমনোযোগী, অনাবিষ্ট; অসতর্ক; Inattentive; careless. ad = heedlessly. n=heedlessness. Syn :- Unobserving, incautious, reckless, careless, thoughtless, negligent, unmindful. Heel, hel, n. পাদমূল, গোডালি, ওল্ফ: ওডমুড: Hind part of the foot :- শেব ভাগ : কোন বস্তুর পশ্চাৎভাগ, The latter or remaining part of any thing :—আব; A protuberance :—চরণ; The whole foot .—বোড্দওয়াবেব জুতার কাঁটা, A spur :--धन्क-बाक्कावनी . The covering of the heel :- v. t. ত তাব গোড়ালী লাগান, To use the heels as in dancing , furnish with heels :-- v. s. হেলিয়া পড়া ; কাত-R, To incline, to lean as a ship. [ behind one. At one's heels-পেছু পেছু, অসুপদ গমন : Close Be at the heels of - অতি নিকটে নিকটে অনুসর্গ-7. Pursue closely; follow hard.

Beat the heels—পশানাবনান-কু, Pursue closely. Lay by the heels—নিগড় বন্ধ-কু: শৃথ্যাবন্ধ-কু; Fetter, shackle; confine.

Necks and heels—আপ্ৰয়ক ; নৰ্গ্রপে ; The whole length of the body ; completely. Istances. Out at hoels—মন্দ্র প্রায় ; In decayed circum-rake to the heels, Take to one's hoels, Show a clean pair of heels—চলাট্-দে ; পিট্-টান-দে ; প্রায়ন-ফু ; Take to flight ; run away ; to flee.

To be out at the heels—মন্দ দশাপ্তত হ; ছুড্না-প্রত-হ, To have on wornout stockings; to be m a bad condition. To cool the heels, To cool one's heels—

ভাড়িৰা থাকা; Have to wait rather too long) or
tediously:—অপেকা-ক, To wait.

To go heal over head—ভাড়াভাড়ি গমন-কু; ব্যস্ত-ৰাগীনের স্থাৰ চলা, To move in a hasty, inconsiderate or rash manner.

To have the heels of—দৌডিরা অভিক্রম-কু, To outrun [To run from

To show the heels—(কেছ হুইডে) পলাঘন-কৃ.
Heelpiece, hclpcs, n গোড়ালীর আববণ, A cover
for the heel —েশ্ব, The end. [Heave up
Heft, hult, n ভাব, Wuight — 1. উদ্ভোলন-কৃ.
Hegemony, he-jemo-ni, n. [Gr hegemon,
leader] অধ্যক্তা, Leadership. a=hegemonic

Hegira, Hejira, he-jira, n [Ar hijrah, flight]
মকা ইইডে বহলদের পলাঘন সেই পলাঘন দিবস ইইডে
মুসলমানদেব চনিত সন অ বস্তু ইইবাছে. মুসলমানদেব শক,
The flight of Muh imm id fro n Mecca, September 13, (or 16 July) 622 A. D from which is dated the Muhaminadan era —প্লাঘন —Any flight.

[ mas ox

Heifer, heifer, n. বরা, বরা বাছুব. A young cow Heigh-ho, hi-ho. inti হিছি, আহা, বিশ্বৰ বা ক্লান্তি-ব্যৱক শব্দ. An exclamation expressive of surprise uncasiness or weatiness.

Height, hit, n. [A S. healho, from heah, high] উচ্চতা. The condition of being high, attitude—
গাহাড়, উন্নত ভূডাগ, উচ্চ এদেশ, A hill, an elevated place, a submit—পাদৰ উচ্চতা. Elevation in rank or excellence, grade or degree—প্ৰবৰ্তা, চৰ্মনীমা, Utmost degree—ভ্ৰতি, An eminence Syn.—Attitute, elevation, tallness, highest point, top, summit, apex, culmination, eminence, hill, mountain, utmost degree, acme.

At the height—চরম দীনায়, In the highest degree [clamax Be at the height—চরমদীমা পৌছান, Reach the Height of folly—মুখতার একদেব।

In the height of fever—ছারেৰ প্রাবালা।

Heighten, hirn, v t. উন্নত-কৃ. উৎক্ষ-কৃ. বৃদ্ধি-কৃ.
To advance or improve, intensify — ডজ্জাবা
দুইপোচৰ-কৃ, To make brighten or more prominent Syn—Elevate, exilt, raise, increase, augment, enhance, aggravate.

Heinous, hanus, a [Fr haineux, from haine, hatred] খোব, নিদাকৰ, উৎকট, অভান্ত হৰিত, অভি
কুলা, Atrocious, cnormous, hateful n=heinousness Syn — Excessive, aggravated, monstrous, enormous, fliggant haineusnes, nefatious, enormous, fliggant haineusness hateful have a phose hard to the second hair to the second haineusness had been a fine to the second hair to the second hai

Horr, ar, n. [L heres, an heir] উত্তৰ্যবিকাৰী,
One who is to succeed another. n=heirdom,
heirship feg=heiless

Heir to—কোন বিছুর উত্তবাধিকারী, Successor to Heir-apperent, মান্দ্র-ap-parent, মান্দ্র-ap-parent, মান্দ্রাধিকারী, One whose right to an estate is indefeasible, if he survives the person in possession

Heir-at-law—উন্তরাধিকাবী, One who after the death of an ancestor or relation has a right to inhemt all his intestate estates. [inheritance. Heirdom, n. উত্তরাধিকারী সমৃ, Succession by Heiross, n. উত্তরাধিকারিকা, A female heir.

Heirless, ar'ies, a. উত্তরাধিকারিহীল Destitute of an heir.

Heir-loom, প্ৰা'তিচল, a. কোন আছাবৰ সম্পত্তি বাহা কুশক্ৰমাগত এক ৰংশের অধিকারে থাকে, উত্তরাধিকাবীয় প্রাপ্ত আছাবৰ সম্পত্তি. Any movable which descends to the heir with the freehold; any piece of furniture or personal property which descends to the heir along with the inheritance.

Heir-presumptive, Ar-pre-zump'-tiv, a. বে বাজি একণে উত্তবাধিকাৰী, কিন্তু বাহার উত্তবাধিকাৰী সন্থ সন্থান জন্মিল লোপ হইতে পারে, বিবোধ সন্থাবনাবিশিষ্ট উত্তবাধিকাৰী, One who is heir at piesent, but who, would lose the heirship on the birth of a nearer relation, one who is presumed to be or would be heir if no nearer relative should be born.

Heira—See Hegira.

Hold, p t. and p. p. of Hold [beauty. Holen, n সৌন্ধবার আদর্শ. The type of the female Heleotrope, ht'li-o-trop, n [Gr. helios, the sun, tropos a turn] স্থানুখী লাচ . A plant whose flowers are said always to turn round to the sun — এক্স বিশেষ . A variety of chalcedony of a dark green colour — স্ব বিশেষ ৰাধ দুৱে সংক্ষত দিবাৰ ক্স. An instument for making signals by means

Holiac, hch-ak, Helialical, hc-link-al, a [Gr. helias, the sun] সে'ব. প্ৰা'বৰৰ ভাতে বাইণামাৰ বা ভাতাতে পভনপন Pertaining to the sun. emerging from or passing into the light of the sun—সংবাৰ সভে উপিত বা অভনিত, প্ৰাসহ বা ভংসমকালে উদযান্ত প্ৰস্থান নি Rising or setting at or near the same time as the sun. ad—heliacally

of the sun's rays

Helical, helik-al, a জড়ান কুওলাকারে বক্ত; Spiral ad=huliacally

Heliocentrio, ht-li-o-sentrik, Heliocentrical, ht-li o-sentrik-al, a [Gr ho/10s, the sun, hentron, the centre] দৌৱ কেন্দ্ৰ ভইতে দুশ্ম ন.
Api caring to be seen from the sun's centre.
ad = heliocentrically.

Heliograph, ht'h-o-praf, স. স্থানিরণ সাহাব্যে বহুদ্বে বাঙা পাঠাইবার বস্ত্র , An apparatus for telegraphing by means of the suns rays

Heliography, hr-li-og'ri-fi n. [ Gr helios, the sun, and graphe a punting] হ্যাক্রবানাহায়ে প্রতিমন্তি লিখন বা নাকেভিক-বার্ত্তা-প্রেরণ বিদ্যা, The act of taking pictures by means of the sun and a camera obscura, the art of signalling by means of the sun s rays — মনোক লেখা, Photography a=heliographical n-heliographer.

Heliolater, hē-li-of i-tér, n স্বোপানক, A worship of the sun [ দুনা , Worship of the sun. Heliolatry, ht-li-ola-tri, n স্বাপুত্রা , সংখ্যাপা-Heliometer, ht-li-onfe-tér, n. [ Gr helios, the sun, metron, a measure] প্রহাদির নাস ও বাবদাপ বাস্থাপ কর, An instrument of measure to ascertain the apparent diameter of the sun or other heavenly body.

Helioscope, ht'li-o-skup. n [Gr helios, the sun, skopeo, to look] সূৰ্ব্য দেখিবার দূরবীক্ষণ, Teliscope for the sun.

Heliostat, he'li-o-stat, n [Gr. helios, the sun, statos, fixed] একজাৰে স্থাকিবণ-প্রতিকলন বন্ধ . An

i istrument by which a sunbeam may be reflected in an invariable direction.

Helispheric, hel-i-sfer'ik, Helispherical, hel-i-sfer'ik-al, a. কুলাকাৰে বক, Winding spirally round a sphere.

Helix, ht aks, n [Gr helisso, to turn round]
অন্তান তার, কুখুণাকার রেখা বা তার, A spiral line,
as of wire in a circle — শন্কের খোলা, শঝ, Shell
of a snail — কর্ণের বহিতাগ কর্ণের বহিত্যাপ্ত, The
external part of the ear pl=helices

Hell, hel, n নরক, প্রেডভূমি, The abode of the dead, the place or state of punishment of the wicked after death, the abode of evil spirits — হাৰ বা পাপেৰ ছান, পাপভূমি, Any place of vice or misery — দৃহিণুহ, জুরাবেলার স্থান, A gamblinghouse — কাবাগার, A dungeon or prison

Hellebore, hele-bor, n नजीवानव , উद्धिपविष्नव , A poisonous plant used in medicine.

Hellenian, hel-lt'ni-an, a প্রামীব, Pertaining to the Hellenes or Greeks, Greek Greenin

Hellenic, heldenik, a আৰ্সংখীৰ, Pertaining to the Hellenise or Greeks, Greeian

Hollenise, hollen-iz খান আকভাষা বাৰহাৰ কু, এবদ ষাবলা Co use the Greek language

Hollonism, helen izm ৷ ্ৰীৰ বাকা প্ৰৱেপি, খ্ৰীক-ভাষাৰ বাৰ ়°দ্ধ ড , A Greek idiom

Hollenist, helen-ist, a গ্ৰাৰভ জ, যে ইছদী গ্ৰীৰভাষা নিজেৰ ম তৃতাদাৰূপে ব্যৱহাৰ বাবত . One skilled in the Greek language, a Jew who u ed the Greek language, as his mother tongue —গ্ৰীস্বুমী A Greeian

Hollenistic, hel en-istik Hollenistical, helen-isti-kal a. গ্ৰীৰভাষী ইচ্পাসম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to the Hellenists ad=hellenistically.

Hell-hound, helhownd, n नदस्त्र हर्द्र, नांदकीय 444 A dog of hell —नदस्त्र मृठ, शानी, नांदकी, An agent of hell, miscreant

Hellish, hellsh a নরকসম্বায় বা নরকের উপযুক্ত, নাববীয় নরকত্ত্রা, Pertaining to or fit for hell, infernal —আভ গালী পানৰ Very wicked n= hellishness Syn —Infernal, fiendish diabolical, devilish, detestable abominable, malignant, extremely wicked.

Helm, helm, n [A S helma, healma, rudder] ৰূপ, ৰাহাজেৰ হাল, A vessel's streering apparating esp the tiller—চালাহবাৰ হাল, নেতৃপদ, The station of management or government Syn—Rudder, tiller, direction, control, command, helmet, morion

Helm, helm, Helmet, helmet, n. মন্তক বক্ষণী, শিবস্থাণ, A defensive covering for the head, head-piece —পুক্ষবিশেষের চূড়াকৃতি উদ্দল, The hood-formed upper sepal of certain flowers

Take the helm—ৰণ্যার-২ Assume the direction of alfairs or government

Helmed, helmd, Helmeted, helmet-ed, e. প্রস্থাপ সংবলিত . Furni hed with a helmet.

Helmet, helmet, n মন্তক-বন্ধণী, পিরস্তাণ, Defensive amour for the head. Syn .—Head-piece, morson, casque.

Helminthio, hel-minthik, a. [Gr helminthos, a worm] কৃমি-সম্বন্ধীয়, কৃমিনাশক, কীটনিবারক,

Pertaining or relating to worms, expelling worms .—n কুমিনাপক উবধ , A medicine for expelling worms [ shaped. Helminthoid, helmin-thoid, a ৰীটাকৃতি, Worm-Helminthology, hel-min-tholo-ji, n [Gr helmenthos, a worm, and logos, a discourse] की -তত্ব, কৃমিবিবয়ক বিজ্ঞান, The science or natural history of worms a=helminthological n=helminthologist [ man , the man at the helm. Helmsman, heliman, n যাবি , কৰিব , Steers-Helot, helot, n. ক্রীতদাস, A slave in ancient Sparta [ State of a slave, slavery. Helotism, helot-izm, n की उपारंत्र व्यवहां , पात्रव , Helotry, helot-ri, n. क्वीडमात्र-मन , मात्राव्यक्षी ; The collective body of the helots, any class of

Help, help, v. t [AS helpan] সাহাব্য-কৃ,
সহাবতা কৃ, To assist, to support, to aid—
প্রতিবিধান-কৃ, নিবাবণ-কৃ, To remedy, to prevent.
— খ ঃ সাহাব্য-বে, সহাব হওবা, বোগ-বে, To lend
aid or assistance, to contribute — দ সাহাব্য,
Assistance aid, relief — সহাব, One who
helps — দাস বা দাসী, A hired man or woman.
Syn — (v) Succour, second, back, cure, heal,
rclieve, hinder, resist, withstand, avoid, forbear, promote, forward, co-operate in. (n)
Succour, support, remedy, helper assistant.
Cannot help— মাক্তিয়া প্রতিব্যু ক্রিয়া ব্যুল্ভ বা

Cannot help—ना कित्रा शंकिष्ठ भाता गांव ना , Doing it.

Cannot help it—নাচার ( যা হবার তা হয়েছে, এখন আব তার চারা নাই), There is no remedy

Help forward—সহায়তা-কু, Advance by assistance, promote by aid

Help off—সাহায্য দাবা দূব-কু , Remove by help Help on—সহায়তা-কু , সহায়তা দাবা উৎকৰ্ঘ সাধন-কু ; Forward by aid

Help ( one ) in-কোন বিবয়ে কাহারও সহায়ভা-इ ; Render one some services in any matter

Help oneself to—আন্তমাৎ কু, Appropriate to one s own use ( what does not belong to one ). Help out—কট্ট হইতে উদ্ধাৰ কু, বিপাৰ হইতে পৰিজ্ঞাৰ জ্ঞা সাহায্য-কু, Aid in delivering from difficulty or completing a design

Help out one's maintenance—জীবিকা নিৰ্কা-হেব প্ৰয়োজনীয় দ্ৰব্য ভপাজন কু, Lam the necessaries of life

Help over—অভিক্রম কবিতে সাহায্য-কু, অভিক্রমণে পারক-কু, Enable to surmount [furnish with Help to —যাগান, স'বোজিত কু, Supply with, Help up—ধারণ-কু, To sustain —ভইতে সাহায্যক্, ডখানে সহায়তা-কু, To assist in rising, as after a fall and like [helps, an assistant. Helper, help'er, n সাহায্যকাৰী, সহায়, One who Helpful, help'fool, a উপকারী, সাহায্যকাৰী, বাহ্যক্, কুৰ্ণা, Furnishing help, useful, wholesome. n=helpfulness

Helpless, help'les, a. নাহাব্যবিহীন, নি:নহান :
নিব্ৰলখন, Wanting assistance, destitute of
help or power n=helplessness, ad=helplessly
Syn —Feeble, weak, powerless, imbecile, impotent, abandoned, exposed, defenceless, unprotected, unavailing, beyond help.

Help-mate, -meet, help mat, n. [ From help. and meet, fit, proper ] श्राहावाकांची , शहकांची , An assistant . a companion - সহধর্মিনী , A partner , a wife Syn -Helper, companion, consort Holter-skelter, helter-skelter, ad. sigisife &

খোলমাল করিয়া: বাজসম্ভ হুইয়া, দিক্বিদিক্ জ্ঞানশৃষ্ঠ

ভাবে; In hurry and confusion.

Helve, helv, n. কুডালিব বাঁট , হাতল , The handle of an axe or hatchet, a handle —v. t. (ক্ডালির) বাঁট দেওবা , To furnish with a handle, as an axe Helvotio, hel-vetik, a. মুইছর্ল সম্বাধ, Pertain ing to Switzerland

Hem, hem, n [AS hem ] পাড়, দেলাই করা বন্ধপ্রান্ত (মৃডি), প্রান্তভাগ, Border of a garment, edge - काण , A sort of half cough to draw attention — t মুদ্ভিনেলাই-কু, To edge, form hem on. Syn -Tuck fringe edge margin (v) Border, skut confine surround, inclose

Hom. hem, int ভ্ৰম ইত্যাৰাৰ শৰ, An utterance of half cough to attrict attention - ত ঃ ইম ইতাকার শক-কু, কাসা, কথা কহিবার সময় সঙ্চিত-হ . To utter the sound hem, to hesitate in speaking

Hem in or round—विश्व कृ, होतिनित्क विश्व ? Surround, inclose so as to prevent egress or ingress

Hem out—প্রতিকন্ধ-কু , Shut out.

Hem statch, v t 中间之子, To ornament at the head of a hem by drawing out a few parellel threads in clusters.

Hemal, Hæmal, hr'mal, a [Gr. haima, blood] রক্তসৰন্ধীয় , শোণিত সম্ন্ধীয় , Relating to the blood or blood-ves-els.

Hematemesis, n. ब्रह्मदश्च, Blood-spitting.

Homatine, hema-tin, n [Gr haima, blood] শোণিভের লোহিতবর্ণজনক পদার্থ, The colouring matter of the blood

Hematite, hema-tit, n [Gr haima, blood] लोरहत्र थनि , आकृतिक लोहतिन्य , Orc of iron , an important ore of iron, sometimes of a reddishbrown colour a-hematitic

Hemicrania, n মাধা ধরা , আধ কপালে . Pain of one side of head

Homiplegia, n. শবীরের অর্দ্ধাংশে পকাংতি, A palsy that affects one side only of the body

Hemipter, hem-ip'ter, n পতন বিশেষ, One of that order of insects, which has four wings, the two anterior of which are scarcely perceptible

Hemisphere, hemi-sfer, n [ (n. hems, half, and sphaira, a sphire ] অহুগোলক , ভূগোলের অই্ক-जान, लानकारकेत मानिहता. Half of the globe or a map of it. a=hemispheric, hemispherical.

Hemispheric, hem-i-sfer'ik, Hemispherical, hemi-sfer'ik al, a অৰ্থোলক বা তাহার মান্তি অ সংখ্যীৰ , Relating to a hemisphere.

Hemistich, hemi-stik, n [Gr hemi, half, stichos, a line ] वर्ष झांक. व्यनमाश्च भगा-भडिक Half of a poetic verse, an incomplete poetic verse. a = hemistichal

Homistichal, he-mistik-al, a. অৰ্ধ লোক রচিত , Relating to or written in hemistichs

Hemlock, hemlok, n. विवद्भ विराय , विवास डिसिन् বিশেষ , A poisonous plant.

Hemoptysis, n ব্যু ব্যুব, Spitting of blood Hemorrhage, hemor-aj, n [Gr haima, blood, , liegnyms, to burst ] तक्षांत , Any discharge of t lood. a=hemorrhagic.

Hemorrhoids, hemor-oidz, n pl [Gr haima, blood, and rheo, to flow ] of, Piles, livid and painful tuberches around the margin of or with in the anus, from which blood is occasionally discharged. a=hemorrhoidal.

Hemp, hemp, n শণ. পাট, সিদ্ধি, গাঁজা, A plant whose fibrous bark is used for cloth, fibre of a plant, a rope a=hempen (শণ ধারা নির্মিত, Made of hemp ) [ hemp

Hempen, hemp'en a শণ নির্মিত, Made of Hempy, hemp'ı, a भारत जाय, Like hemp

Hen, hen, n क्रुज़ी, युवज़ी, The female or any domestic fowl mus=cock

Henbane, henban, n विषय व्यक्तिमन शतिवार्क नाव-र ॰ छीजनक छिक विरमय, विषत्क, The stinking nightshade, used in medicine as a substitute for opium, and so named because it is bane of poisonous to domestic fowls - 1 poisonous plant Hence, hens, ad এই श्रान इहेरक, अहे मन्य इहेरक, এই কাবণ হইতে, From this place, from herc, from this time , from this cause -int. 43 to ,

Hence forth, hens forth Hence forward, hens-for'ward, a এই সময় ইহতে, এখন হইতে আরক ক্ৰিয়া, From this time forth or forward

চলিया बांड , Away ! bccone !

Henchman, henshman, n मान, ठाक्व, नहत्व, A servant, a page, a supporter

Hencoop, henkoup, n গাল্পালিত পদ্মীর পিল্লর, बीहां , Cage for poultry.

Hendecagon, hen-deur-gon, n [Gr hendela cleven, gonia, an angle] একাদশভুদ্ধ কেতা. A plane figure of cleven angles and as many sides

Hendecasyllable, hen-deka-sifa-bi, n [Gr hundika, cleven, and syllale, a syllable । এकावली FA Ametrical line of eleven syllables ahi ndecasyllabic

Hendiadys, hen di'a-dis, n ছইটা শব্ম বা বাক্য দাবা একাৰ্যক প্ৰতিপাদক অলকাৰ বিশেষ, A figure in which the same idea is presented in two words or phrases

Hen-harrier, hen-har'i-er, n. বাৰণকী; শ্ৰেৰ-বিশেষ, A species of falcon

Henhearted, a six, Cowardly, timid

Honna, hena n [ Ar hinna, a kind of colouring shrub ] উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ হইতে প্ৰস্তুত বঞ্চন , A pigment used by the Egyptians and Asiatics for dying their nails and hair.

Henpecked, henpekt, a 34, Governed by a wife or woman, weakly subject to one's wife

Henroost, n ब्रुटिंब दाना, Perch on which [ rose. poultry roost at night

Hop, hep, n कन विस्ताब , The fruit of the dog-Hepatic, hep-atik, Hepatical, hep-atik-al, [Gr hepatos liver] যকুৎ-ঘটিত, যকুতের স্থায় বৰ্ণবিশিপ্ত , যুকুত সম্বন্ধীয় , Pertaining to the liver.

Hopatitis, hep-a-ti'tis, n वक्ष्ड धनार, Inflamation of the liver

Hepatoscoy, n. बडन यकुड प्रविद्या नगना कहा स

ভাষার কৌবল, The act or art of divination by inspecting the liver of animals. Heptade, hep'tad, n. [ Gr. hepta, seven ] नव :

मार . The sum or number of seven.

Heptaglot, hep'ta-glot, n [Gr. hepta, seven. and elotta language ] নপ্ত ভাষায় লিখিত পুত্তক , A book in sever languages -- a. সপ্ত ভাৰায় লিখিত , In seven languages.

Heptagon, hep'ta-gon, n. [Gr hepta, seven, gonia, an angle] मश्चम , मश्चम मदण दिश्क क्या, A plane figure with seven angles and sides a= heptagonal ( seven-sided ).

Hoptahedron, hep-ta-ho'dron, n [Gr. hepta, seven, hedra, a base ] সপ্তভূমি ঘনকেত্ৰ, A solid figure with seven bases or sides.

Heptarchy, hep'tar-ki, n [ Gr hepta, ceven, and arche, sovereignty ] সপ্ত শাসন , সপ্তজন ছারা बाजानामन वा नामिङ बाजा, Government of seven persons or commonwealth, the seven English commonwealth in Britain. a= heptarchic.

Hor. her pron. छोशांक, ताई श्लीलांक्ब, छोशांब, Objective and possessive case of she -a cold श्रीर न क , Belonging to a female.

Herald, her'ald, n. [ Gr herold, from hare, nimy] अध्यानी पृष्ठ , श्रहांत्रक , श्रायक , Forcrunner, proclaimer, haibinger —কুলজী-রক্ক, ঘোষক, An officer for keeping genealogies and for miking proclamations; a proclaimer -o t বোষণা কু , To proclaim

Heraldic, her-aldik, a. कृपकी-मचकीय , Of or relating to heralds or heraldry.

Heraldry, herald-ri, n क्ल-हिरू विमा , (मोठा , क्ना निश्न, The art or office of a herald; science of recording genealogies and blazoning coats of arms [ a=herblese

Horb, herb, n भाक , देवि . Plant , vegetable Herbaceous, her-bashus, a. [ L. herbaceus ] मारुमध्यीय, माक्काडीय, लेमिकाडीय, Pertaining to or of the nature of herbs

Horbage, herbaj or erbaj, n. পাক-তৃণাদি উদ্ভিদ, সমগ্ৰ গুৰ্যধিলাতি , প্ৰাদির ভক্ষ্য তৃণাধি , Heibs collectively, green food for cattle, grass -- 5139, মাঠ ; Pasture

Horbal, herbal, a. লাক্সম্মীয়, উষ্থি তর্জ্জা मश्कीय: Pertaining to herbs .- n छेडिन-रिवन्ध সহলিত পুত্তক , সভার বিবরণ সম্বন্ধীয় পুত্তক , A book containing a classification and description of plants --ভদ লতাব সংগ্রহ, যত্নে রঞ্জিত বুক্লতাদি , A collection of dued plants

Horbalism, herbal-ızm, n ওব্ধিতৰ; The know ledge of herbs

Horbalist, herbal-ist, n উচ্ছ বিষয়ক : উদ্ভিত্যুক্ত Ore skilled in plants, dealer in heros

Herbarium, hei - bin-um. n. ওম্বিশালা , তক তক-লতা সংগ্ৰহ, A classified celection of preceived herbs or plants, a garden of herb . f = nerbariums, herbaria

Herbescont. heibeseit, a उम्दिकाशीय आशि-শ্ব, Growing into herbs, becoming herbaccous Herbivorous, her brior-us, a [ L herva, and voro, to devour ] ভূগনীবী, ভূগাদিভোলী, Eating or hving on herbs.

Herborisation, herb-or-i-zashun, m. वृक्तकानिक অব্বেষণ, আক্রিক পদার্থে তক্ত-গভাদির আকৃতি: The act of searching for plants, the figure of plants in mineral substances

Herborise, he bo-riz, v.: मृत्रम উद्धिपद अनुमक्तान-কু, লভাপতি অকুসন্ধান-কু, To search for plants; to botanise, to search for plant, or seck for new species -v. t (আক্রিক প্লার্থালিতে) বৃক্ষণ তাদিব আকাৰ গঠিড-কু, To form the figures of plants in, as in minerals n=herborisation.

Herculcan, her-ku'le-an, a. [ L Herculcus ] অতি কঠিন, অতি বলবান, অতি বৃহৎ, আহরিক, Extremely difficult or dangerous, having extraordinary strength, size. Syn -Toilsome, laborious, operose, colossal, huge, gigantic, cyclopean, powerful, vigorous, brawny, athlectic. muscular, massive

Follow one to the pillars of Hercules-পৃথিবীর শেব পর্যান্ত কাহার সঙ্গে যাওয়া . To follow one to the ends of the earth.

Hercule's'club - ীমের গাল : A stick of unusual size and formidable appearance.

Heroule's pillars-The rocks on the African coast of Gibralter

Merd, herd, [ A S. heard, Gr herde ] गुष ; शकु-পাল . Flock - দল, (ইতর নোকের) জনতা . নীচ লোক : Crowd, rabble - ताथान, One who tends cattle. -- o. :. मन वीविया सोडान, भारत भारत गमन-कृ, To run in herds -একত্রি চ-ছ, দলে মিশা, To unite in a company by custom or inclination -v t. wa-বন্ধ- To form or put in herd . - প্ৰপাশন- ক; To tend as a herdsman. Syn .- (n) Drove: rabble , herdsman, shepherd.

Hordman, hérdman, Hordsman, héidéman, n. त्रांशांग , A man employed to tend cattle

Hore, her, ad aute, In this place -a जीवान. বৰ্তমান অবস্থায়, ইংলোক, In the present life or state.

Heroabout, her-a-howt, Hereabouts, -abow's, ad. এই স্থানের নিকটে, ইচা নিকটে, এই অঞ্চলে . About or near this place, about this place. in this neighbouthood

Horosttor, her aiter, ad श्वीराटक, भवकात्म, भरत : In time to come, in ome future state, after this -- अ अवकान, छावी व्यवद्या, A future existence, a future state.

Hero and there—ইতৰতঃ, এপানে কিছ সেখানে কিছু, এখানে (দ্যানে, In this and in that place, in one place and in another, lying in a dispersed manner:-(वान (वान क्रान् , in a very few cases . -राशात (मशात , At random - विवन , दीक कीक . আৰুপাৰু, I hanly, aregularly

Hereat, ad ইहांब जग्र ; At or by reason of this. Horeby, her-bi, ad Assign, By means of this : by this.

Horoin, her in, ad. Beite , In this. Herein after-এड প्याप्त , In the following part Herein to - ইহাতে, Into this

Horoof, her of, ad Dol seco, ascaria. Of this concerning or from this.

উত্তবাধিকারককে Horeditable, he-rec'it-a-bl, a প্রাপ্য , Capable of being inherited.

Hereditament, her-e-dita-ment » উত্তরাধিকার-ক্ষেত্র প্রাপ্য সর্ক্রেকার সম্পত্তি, উত্তরাধিকারী. Any property of whatever kind that may be inherited, any species of property that may be inherited

Hereditary, he-rede-tar-e, a [F hereditare, from L. haeres, heir] পৈতৃক, উত্তর্যধিকাৰে ক্রমে প্রাপ্ত, বংশপরশারা আগত, উত্তর্যধিকাবছরে প্রাপা, Transmitted from parents to their offspring Syn —Ancestral, patrimonial, transmitted, inherited, inheritable.

Heredity, he-redi-ti, n. বংশপরস্পবাগত তা . কৌনিক তাণিকার, The hereditary transmission of qualities or even acquirements

Heresiarch, here-si-ark, n প্রচলিত ধর্মমতের বিরুদ্ধালিগণের বেতা, Chief in heresay, a leader among heretics

Horesy, her'c-se, n [Gr hairesis, a taking, a sect] হাপিত ধর্মের বিরোধী মত, প্রাণিত ধর্মেরতির বিকর্মবাদ, Heterodoxy, opinion not in accordance with the christian church Syn —false opinion, unsound doctrine

Horetic, her'e-tik, n ধর্মবিবোধী, চলিত ধর্মের বিক্রবাদী. One who holds heresis, the upholder of a heresy. a=heretical a?=heritically Syn — Schismatic, sectarian, sectary, dissenter, non-conformist

Hereto-এই পর্যন্ত , To this.

Heretofore, her-tou-foi<sup>e</sup>, ad ইভিপূর্কে ইড:-পুর্বে, আবে, Before this time, formelly Syn — Previously, antecedently

Hereunto, htr-un too, ad এই কাল প্ৰায়, এ

eupon, her-up-on, ad ইহাৰ ভক্ত , ইহাতে , এই
 ◆াৰ্ণে , On this , in consequence of this

Herewith, her-with, ad. ইছা मह, এভংসহৰারে With this

Nather here nor there—ভাতে বিছু আইনে নায় না, সে বথাৰ এখন কাজ নাই, দ্ধে কিছুই নহে, No matter of no consequence

Herrot, ler'i-ot, n (ই'লভে) প্ৰজাৰ মৃত্যুতে ভূষ নীৰে দেব কৰ, An ancient tribute of munitions of war given to the lord of the manor, a du'y paid to the lord of the fee on the decease of a tenant.

Heirable, her'it-abl. α উত্তৰাধিকার-বোণ্যা, উত্ত-ৰাণিৰ বক্ষত্ব প্ৰাপ্য. That may be inherited

Heritable property—হাবৰ সম্পত্তি, Real property as opposed to movable property

Heritage, her it দা, ল গৈড়ক বিদ্যা, উত্তৰ্গনিকাৰ্যন্তে প্ৰাপ্ত সম্পূৰ্ণি That which is inherited inheritance Syn —Pitrimo y portion estate

Horntor, her'it-or, n বোল এক গিঙার অধিকাৰণ জনির ভূকানী, উত্তবাধিকাকী A landholder in a parish in Scotland, heir, land-numer

Hermaphrodism, her-mai'rod-izm, Hermaphroditism, her-mai'rod-it-izm, n একাথাবে বীছ ও পুভোবের সমাবেশ, The union of the two sexes in one individual

Hermaphrodite, her-mafrod-it, % একাবারে গুপ্ত বাশ্ত ২ ব্যাণী, উদ্ভিদ বা মানৰ , নপুণ্সক , An amnual or plant of the both sexes :—ছিলিক , স্ত্রী ও পুলোতিৰ উভয়বিধ চিক্ বিশিষ্ট, Uniting the distinctions of both sexes.

Hermaphroditic, her-maf-rod-itik, Hermaphroditical, a পুন্ত্ৰী উভন্ন জাতিন ভাৰ বিশিষ্ট, বিলিয়া, Paitaking of both sexes

Hermeneutic, her-me-nū'tik, Hermeneutical, her-me-nū'tik-al, a [Gr hermeneus, an interpreter] বাধ্যকারী, Explanatory, interpreting ad=hermeneutically

Hermeneutics, n sing ব্যাধ্য বিজ্ঞান, The science of interpretation, especially of the scriptures

Hormes, n The Greek name of Mercury.

Hermotic, her-metik, Hermetical, her-metik-al, a রাসাথনিক, উল্লেডাকিক, Chemical, magical—গোলনীয়, বন্ধা, সম্পূৰ্ণকলে আৰম্ভ, Secret, completely closed ad=hermetically [schemy Hermetic art, n. অপ্যস্থান বিদ্যা, The art of Hermetically sealed—সম্পূৰ্ণকলে বন্ধা; (কাচ-পাঞ্জাবন বৃষ আগুলে গ্লাইয়া) সম্পূৰ্ণকলে আৰম্ভ, Closed completely as a bottle, against the admission of air or any fluid closed completely, said of a vessel, the opening of which is closed by fising the extremity

Hermit, hei'mit, n [ G eremi'es from eremos, lonely ] তাপন যতি , বনবানী , সন্ত্যানী , উদানীন , One who retires from the world and lives in contemplation recluse, anchoret Syn — A solitary, ascetic

Hermitago, her'mit-না, গ তপৰীর আল্লম, সন্নাসীর আল্লম নিভত বাসস্থান Abode of a hermit, a retired residence—মদা বিশেষ, A French wine Horn, hern, Same as Heron

Herris, her'ni-a, n অন্তবৃদ্ধি রোগ বিশেষ, A protruding rupture, a rupture, particularly that of the abdomen. a=hernial

Strongulated herma—Irreducible protrusion with constriction of an intestine

Horo, he ic । [G hēros] বীর, শুর, বোছা, A man of distinguished valour or enterprise, a warnor —িব্যান্ত বাজি, প্রধান ব্যক্তি । Illustrious pe son principal personage —( নাটকাদির) নামক, The principal figure in any history or work of ficti । fem=heroine (নাটকা)। Syn — Warnor braveman, heading character, principal person

Out Herod Herod—সর্কাপেকা অজাচারী-ছ, To out do in wickedness the voict of tyrants.

Herodians, n pl A Jewiso sect.

Horoic, hr-röik Heroical, he roik-al, a দুৰ্গাক, নিভাক Courigeous daring — বিশাস , শিক্ষা Illustri us ad=heroically Syn — Brave, ii refid viliant, gallant, fearless, undaunted, bild during enterprising, magnanimous; epic Heroicage—বীৰ বুগ, The age in which heroes are supposed to have lived, the age of a nation intervening between the purely mythical period and the hystoric.

Heroic medicines—অনিষ্টকারী উবধ, Those which produce serious or even fatal consequences.

Heroz-comic, her'o-i-komik, Heroi-comi-

oal, her'o-i-komik-ai, a. चीव ७ शामावम मरविनि . Consisting of the heroic and the ludicrous.

Heroic postry—मरा कांबा; Epic poetry; that in which the life of a hero is celebrated.

Heroic treatment remedies—থৰ্ল Those of a violent character.

Heroic verse —ছল বিশেষ; The verse of heroic poetry, being in English; the Iambic of ten syllables.

Heroism, her'ত-izm, n. সাহস , নিভীকতা ; বীরত্ব , Courage, intrepidity. Syn :- Fortitude, bravery, valour, gallantry.

Heron, her'un, n. 34; A wading bird with long slender legs and neck.

Heronry, her'un-ri, n. वक्षांना ; वरकद्र धनवश्चान , A place for the rearing of herons.

Heronshaw, her'un-shaw, n. वक-वित: A young heron.

Hero-worship, he'ro-wur'ship, n. वीव-शृक्षा, महाशुक्रविशाद अधितिक छाछि; महाक्रमिश्यद शृक्षा, The worship of heroes; extravagant or excessive admiration of great men.

Herpes, her'pez, n. দক্ত প্রভৃতি চর্দারোগ; A kind ot skin disease. [ small sea-fish Horring, hering, n. मानुशिक मध्मा विरचव ; A

Hers, pron. and a. তাহার . Possessive of she.

Horso, heis, Same as Hearse.

Herself, her-self, pron. यह: (श्रीकाछीय) ত্তি'নই বা তাঁহাকে; The emphatic form of she in the nominative or objective, in her real character :-প্রকৃতিহা; শভাবছা, Having the command of temper, in her right mind; sane. [ panied By herself-अवादिनो ; Alone , apart ; unacom-Hesitancy, here-tan-se, Hesitation, hez-etá hun, n. ছিধা , সম্পেহ , কথনে সকোচ ; অব্যক্তিত চিত্ততা , Doubt; stammering; indecision. Syn:-Doubleness, suspense, irresoluteness, uncer tainty, dubiety; stammering, stuttering.

Hesitate, hezi-tat, v. 1. [ L. haesitare, haesum, to stick । नङ्गिष-र ; मिश्व-र ; ইতন্ত:-कृ ; Falter , be doubtful, stammer. ad=hesitatingly. Syn. -Doubt, waver, scruple, deliberate, demur, stammer, stutter.

Hesper, hesper, Hesperus, hesperus, n [Gr. hesperos, evening] अन्यह; The evening star or Venus. [Western; accidental. Hesperian, hes-peri-an, a. প্রতীয়; পালাতা,

Hest, n. भागन , Command.

Heterocoreal, het-er-o-sér'kal, a. [Gr. heteros, different from, kerkos, the tail ] ( জলত্মীৰ সমকে) অসমপুছে; Having a tail, the upper fork of which is different from or larger than the lower, as the shark.

Heteroclite, heter-o-klit, n. [ Gr. heteros. different from, kerkos, the tail ] त्य शप नियम विश् র্ভুত স্বতম্ভ্রমণ প্রাপ্ত হয়; নিয়ম বহির্ভূত ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু . (Gram.) A word irregularly inflected; any person or thing irregular.

Heteroclite, heter-o-klit, Heteroclitic, heter-o-klifik, Heteroclitical, het-er-o-klifik-al, a. माधावन निजयत विक्र्ण ; Deviating from ordinary rules ; irregular.

Heterodox, herer-o-doks, a. [Gr. heteros, other, and doxa, opinion ] স্থাপিত মতের বিরোধী-বাদী, চলিত মত-বিক্লছ ; ধর্মবিক্লছ ; Not orthodox ; heretical; unsound.

Heterodoxy, heter-o-doks-i, n. বৰ্মবিক্ত মৃত ; প্রচলিত মতের বিক্লকাচরণ ; Heresy.

Heterogeneous, het-er-o-jene-us, Heterogeneal, het-er-o-jehe-al, a. [G. heteros, other, and genos, race ] ভিন্ন; অসম্ভ ; ভিন্নজাভীন ; Disimilar, different in kind. n=heterogenity, heterogeneousness. ad = heterogeneously. Syn :-Unlike, different, incongruous, alien.

Hetman, hetman, n. क्रनियांत्र कांछि विरमस्त्र तम्या-পতি বা দৰ্দাৰ ; Cossack commander-in-chief.

How, hu, v. t. [A. S. heatwan] कुरांत्र पांत्रा ছেপ্ৰ-কু, খণ্ড খণ্ড-কু; Cut with an axe, cut in pieces —গঠন-জু; গঠিত-জু; Shape. n=hewer. Syn: - Chop, hack; form, smooth, make even. Hower, n. (智等; One who hews cutter.

Hewers of wood and drawers of water-মুটে মজুর: গোলাম , বাহারা অতি নীচ কার্য্যে নিযুক্ত , Those who are employed in performing the most menial offices, slaves.

Hexagon, heksa-gon, n. [Gr. hexagononhex, six, and gonia, an angle ] বড়ভুৰ কেব ; A plane figure with six angles and sides. e=hexagonal. ad=hexagonally.

Hexshedron, heks-a-hédron, n. [Gr. hex, six, hedra, a base ] সমষ্টপাৰ্থ খনকেত্ৰ; খনকেত্ৰ; A regular solid body of six equal sides or faces; a cube. a=hexahedral.

Hoxameter, heks-amet-er, a. [ Gr. hex, six, metron, a measure ] वर्-भनी झाक ; वर्भनी कविछा ; A verse of six measures of feet :- a. বট্পদী; Having six metrical feet.

Hexapla, heksa-pla, n. वाट्रायलत वक्रवावाय मझनन : A collection of the scriptures in six different languages, particularly that published by Origen. a=hexaplar.

Hexapod, heksa-pod, a. [ Gr. hex, six, and pous, a foot ] বট্পদ , Having six feet :-- n. বট্পদ জীব; An animal with six feet.

Hexastich, hekśa-stik, n. [Gr. hex, six, and stichos, a line] ছয় চরণের বা লোকের কবিভা; A poem consisting of six lines or verses.

Hexastyle, heksa-stil, n. [Gr. hex, six, and stylos, a pillar] ছয় বস্তবিশিষ্ট অট্টালিকা; A building with six pillars or columns.

Hey, ha, interj. ह्रांट्श ; अन वा ट्रवाझक अवास ; An exclamation or interrogation.

Heyday, háda, enterj. विश्वत वा छेल्लामपुरुक खबाब : An expression of frolic, exultation or wonder :n. কৌতুক , A frolic :--যৌবনহুণত উচ্ছগ্মণতা; উল্লাম : The wildness and spirits of youth.

Hiatus, hi-atus, n. [ L. hiare, to gape ] fer An opening :-- (मार , अन्नरीन जा ; A defect :- कृष्ट चत्रवर्णित मः(मिलन , In Gram. a concurrence of vowel sounds in two successive syllables. Syn :--Gap, chasm, break, interval.

Hibernal, hi-ber'nal, a. [ L. hibernus, from hiems, winter] दिय, नीजकानीन; winterish; belongin to winter,

Hibernate, hi'bār-nāt, v. i. [L. hiberna, winter quarters] গীতকাৰ বাপন-কু: গীত কাটান: To pass the winter in sleep; to winter. n=hibernation. Hibernation, hi-bēr-náshun, n. গীতকাৰ অভিবাহন: The act of hibernating:—কোন কোন অভ্যুত্ত প্ৰতিকালীন নিপান ভাব: The state of torpor in which many animals pass the winter.

Hibernian. hī-ber'ni-an, a. [ L. Hibernia, Ircland ] আয়ৰ্লভ-দেশীয় ; Relating to Hibernia or Ireland:—n. আয়ৰ্লভবাসী ; An Irishman.

Hibernianism, hi-bér'ni-an-izm, Hibernieism, hi-bér'ni-sizm, n. আয়লতের বিশেষ বাক্য-পদ্ধতি; An Irish idiom or peculiarity.

Hiccough, hikup, Hiccup, Hickup, n. হিনা; A sudden and involuntary kind of cough:—v.t. হিনা ভোৱা; হিনা ভাৱা; বি have a cough of this kind p=hiccoughing. pa. p=hiccoughed.

Hickory, hikor-i, n. মার্কিন দেশের বাদাম জাতীয় বৃক্ষ; An American nut-bearing tree valued for timber.

Hid. pa. t. and pa. p. of hide.

Hidalgo, hi-dalgo, n. পেন্দেশীর ভদ্রবোক; পেন-দেশের স্ক্রিয়হেণীর কুলীন; A Spanish nobleman of the lower class; a gentleman by birth.

Hidden, pa. p. of hide.

Hidden, hidn, a. গোগনীয় ; সুকায়িত, গুপ্ত ; অজাত ; Secret , unseen ; unknown ; concealed. Syn :— Concealed, covert, occult, clandestine, close , mysterious ; obscure, dark, unrevealed, abstruse, recondite.

Hide, hid, v. t. [ A. S. hydan, Icel. hyda, to spread skins over ] v. t. গোপন-ফু; বুকান্বিত স্থানে বাংশ; To conceal; to keep in safety:—v. i পুকান্বিত ভাবে থাকা; পুকান্বিত থাকা; To lie concealed. Syn:—Cover, bury, secrete; shelter, cloak, screen, veil; flog, whip.

Hide, hid, n. চথা; পাশুলেখা; The skin of a beast, raw or dressed:—ভূনি নাগ বিশেষ: An old measure of land differently estimated from 60 to 120 acres:—v. t. কৰাৰ্ভ-কু, To flog; to whip.

Hide and seek—বৃক্টেরিংবলা; A child's game, where one hides and another seeks; a game in which one hides and the others try to find him; concealment from public view; a secret or concealed course of action.

Hide one's light under a bushel—আপনাত গুণ ছাপিছা রাখা: গুণের পরিষয় না দেওমা; Modestly conceal one's talents. [favour

Hide the face—আনুকুলো বিরত-হ; Withdraw Hide bound, a. কইন তক্বিশিষ্ট; Having the skin or bark too tight:—কুপ্ৰ; Niggardly.

Hideous, hide-us, a. [F. hideoux, from hide-fright] ভয়াৰক: ভীষণ; বিকট; Horrible; frightful, ghostly. n=hideousness. ad=hideously. Syn:—Ghastly, grim, grisly, horrid, ugly, dreadful, terrible; hateful, al-minable, detestable.

Hiding, Hiding-place, hiding-plas, n. নুকাই-বাৰ স্থান; A place of concealment. Syn:— Covert, refuge, shelter, retreat.

Hie, hi, v. i. [A. S. hiegian, make haste]
ক্ত-কু; খ্যা-কু; To hasten; to go in haste:—
চ্যো-কু; Endeavour, Syn:—Fly, speed.

Hierarch, hi'er-Erk, n. [G. hieros, sacred, and archos, leader, ruler ] পর্যনাম ; পর্যাধিপতি : এধান প্রোছিড ; A ruler in sacred matters ; chief of a sacred order. Syn:—High-priest, primate, archbishop; arch angel.

Hierarchy, hi'er-ark-i, n. যাজকগণ; প্ৰোহিত্বৰ্গ;
The body of the clergy:—প্ৰোহিত্ত অন্ত: যাজকগণকৰ্ত্ব রাজ্যশাসন; A government by priests. a=
hierarchical. [ যাজকীয় : Sacred, sacerdotal,
Hieratic, hi-er-artik, a. পবিঅ; প্রোহিত-সহজীয়;
Hioroglyph, hi-er-o-glif, Hieroglyphic,
hi-er-o-glif'ik, n. [Gr. hieros, sacred, and glypho, to carve] চিত্রাক্ষর : চিত্রনেশ্য; সাক্ষেত্রক লিখন;
Picture-writing among the Egyptians; any
symbolical figure. a=hieroglyphic, hieroglyphical. ad=hieroglyphically.

Hieroglyphist, hi-er-o-gliffist, n. নাকেডিক লিখন পড়িতে পটু; চিত্রলেখ্য পাঠাভিজ্ঞ; One skilled in reading hieroglyphics.

Hierographie, hī-ēr-o-graf'ik, Hierographical, hī-ēr-ō-graf'ik-al, a. [Gr. hieros, sacred, and grapho, to write] ধর্মপুত্তক সম্বায়; ধর্মগুত্তক, Pertatining to sacred writing. Syn:—Symbolical, figurative, typical; obscure.

Hierology, hi-ér-olo-ji, n. [Gr. hieros, sacred, and logs, a discurse ] প্রাচীন ধর্মনিদারাদির নিখনবিষক্ষক বিজ্ঞান; ধর্মবিষক নিজ্ঞান; The science which treats of sacred matters, especially sacred writings and inscriptions.

Hierophant, hier-o-fant, n. [Gr. hieros, sacred, phaina, to shew] পুরোছিত, খাচার্যা; ধার্মাপ্রেপ্রাটি, One who teaches the mysteries of religion, a priest.

Higgle, hīg'l, v. i. [ Dan. hykter, to wheedle ] জ্বা লইয়া বিভ্রমার্থে ছাত্রে কিলা . কেবি-ক . Carry provisions about for sale:—বপড়া বগড়ি-ক ; পরেষ কল্লা কালি-ক ; To make difficulty in bargaining ; to chaffer. Syn:—Chaffer, haggle, bargain, stickle . peddle, hawk.

Higgle and haggle-- जर-विकास मगद मार महिशा ক্সাক্সি করা; Be difficult in bargaining; belong in coming to the price. [ fusion ; confusedly. Higgledy, Piggledy, ad. विमुख्य कार्य: In con-High, hi, a. [A. S. heah, Gr. hoch] मीर्च ; डेक्ड ; Lofty, tall :--উল্লভ . Elevated ; lofty ; sublime :--্রিপাত : Dirtinguised .—দাভিক ; অংকারী : প্রমী ; Proud, arrogant :-কটিন; ফুর্ছেনা; Difficult, abstruse:-গভার, Profound:--অভাৎকৃষ্ট : Excellent - ক্রেথাহিত; কুদ্ধ; Angry: - অভাচারী: Violent; severe; oppressive: -- महर, Noble, illustrious, honorable :-- প্রচণ ; প্রবল , Violent ; tempestuous -- পूर्व ; Full ; complete :-- पनी ; विनामी ; Rich ; luxurious ; well-seasoned :-উদ্ধান ; কমতাবান ; Strong ; vivid ; deep :-- অধিক ; Extreme, intense :- अपकाल ; Ostentatious :-হুৰ্মলা: Dear .-- উত্তত ; অভিমাত্ৰায় অপ্ৰগত ; Far advanced :-- দুরতম ; প্রাচীন ; Remote in time :--উচ্চকণ্ঠ ; উচ্চ ; Loud :--ad. श्राह्य পরিমাণে ; উচ্চভাবে ; গভীর ভাবে : In a high manner ; to a great attitude, eminently, profoundly. ad=highly. Syn:-Towering; eminent, prominent, chief, superior; recondite, profound : haughty, lordly;

boastful, bragging, overbearing, despotic; powerful, mighty; great; violent, stormy, turbulent, inflamed; costly; acute, sharp, shrill. High-admiral, hi'-admi-ral, n. खशांव (भाउनावक ; প্রান পোডাধাক ; The chief admiral of a fleet.

High-aimed, hरंबलd, a. উচ্চनका; Having lofty

designs.

High-altar, hi'-awitar, n. ब्रीडीव वर्षमणित्वद टावान বেদিকা; The principal altar in a church.

High-bailiff, n. The Chief officer of a town. High-born, hī'-bawm, a. উळवः वैव ; महाखवः वैव ; টিচেবংশক ; Of noble birth.

High-bred, hi'-bred, n. হ্ৰাড ; উচ্চবংৰে পালিত ও শিকিড; Of high education or blood; bred in

high family.

High-church, hi'church, n. বর্থবাককবিবের প্রভূষ-वानी हे:नास्त्र धर्म्बनन्द्रमात्र विदन्द; Inclined to magmify the authority and jurisdiction or ecclesiastical rites and ceremonies of a church,-usually applied to such as attach the highest importance to the episcopal office and the apostalic succession. n.-highchurchman, highchurchism. High-coloured, hi-kulurd, a. অতিবল্লিড; হার-ঞ্চিত, উজ্লবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট, Having glaring colour. strong in representation. [ Holiday ; festival. High-day, hi'-da, 2. पर्क : क्रुगित मिन : मिनमान ;

High-fed, hi'-fed, a. অতিভূক্ত , যথেষ্ট পৰিমাণে ভূক , Pampered, fed luxuriously. n=high-feeding. High-flier, hi'flier, n. य व्यवस्थाविक कार्या वा नाका

बारबान करत ; One who is extravagant in pretensions or manners. a=high-flying.

High-flown, hī'-flon, a. গবিষ্ঠ ; আড্ছরপূর্ণ. সগব্দ , অপরিমিত , অত্যধিক ; Proud ; turgid , elevated, extravagant.

High-handed, hi'-handed, a. श्रातिक ; छेर्नीयक ; অভ্যাচারী: অবল , Overbearing , oppressive , vio [ क्रमंत्र ; With heart full of courge High-hearted, hi'-harted, a. माहमिक ; निर्टीक-Highland, hilland, n. शांक्जीय अरम्भ ; शांक्जारम्भ , Mountainous region.

Highlander, hiland-er, n. नर्संडवानी : नार्संडा-व्यापनवानी; An inhabitant of a mountainous

region.

High-life, n. वायुनिति , व्यव्यादिक हान्त्रसम ; Life of the fashionable class; life among the aristocracy; the manner of life that prevails among the higher classes of men. [ rich food.

High-living, n. ভোজনে বিলাস ; A feeding upon High-mass, hī'-mas, n. अशन अशन छेरप्रद रा ভতিগাৰ হয়; The mass performed by a choir in [ spirit. a specially solumn manner.

High-metalled, a. তেজ্বী; Having a high High-minded, hi'-minded, a. एवड ; एकपना ; উদার্ঘটন্ত; পর্বিত; Elevated; proud; magnanimous, arrogant. n=high-mindedness.

Highness, hi'nes, n. উপাধি বিশেষ ; स्वष्ट ; वास्कन-मानित छेशापि; Title of a prince, king, pasha :-ভिক্ত ; महत्र : The state of being high. Syn :--Attitude, height, loftiness; dignity, rank, eminence, violence, vehemence, intensity, greatness; acuteness, sharpness. [ in the meridian. High-noon, n. 4417. Time when the sun is

High-pressure, hi'-preshur, n. agjes aim-বিশিষ্ট , অতিবিক্ত ভাৰ ; Pressure exceeding that of 15lbs to the square inch.

High-priest, hi'-prest, n. अशन शूरवाहिंछ ; अशन ধর্মধান্তক : A chief priest

High-principled, hi'-prinsi-pld, a. উপার মতাব-नवी; Of high, noble or strict principle :-- धंपtravagant in politics.

High-proof, hi -proof, a. ध्वल मनामात्रपूर्व ; चिन-त्रिक खत्रामात्रविनिष्ट ; वित्नाधिक ; Very strong ; containing much alcohol; highly rectified.

High-reaching, a. উक्रांडिनावी ; Ambitious.

High-road, hi'-rod, n. बाज्ञ ११ Public road. High-seas, n. The water of the ocean, three

miles or more from the coast line.

High-seasoned, hī'sē'znd, a. मननानि वादा प्रश्की-कृष्ठ , गत्रम पमजा ও युडांक्ति (यात्म शक . Made rich or piquant with spices or other seasoning.

High-souled, hi-sold, a. यहांचा ; महानद्र ; Having lofty soul or spirit.

High-sounding, hi-sownding, a. युपीच : আড়ৰৱপূৰ্ণ, সাহজাৱ; Pompous; ostentatious;

High-spirited, hi'-spir'it-ed, n. निडीक ; मार-সিক; জোধন, তেপ্নমী; Bold; daring; irascible.

High-tested, hi'-tasted, a. তীবাখাদ; Having a strong relish; piquant

High-time-পূर्वलाल (बाद विलय वित्यव नरह, अहे ভাৰ); Quite time (indicating that no further delay should take place ); full time.

High-toned, a. wee; High in tone or sound; noble; elevated.

High-treason, hi'-trezn, n. बाजविद्धाहक्रम अकृत्व অগরাধ: বাজনোহ; Treason against the sovereign or state, being the highest civil offence.

High-water, hi'-waw'ter, n. (कांगांत : किंगित्त व ৰোমাৰ; Top of the tide; the greatest elevation of the tide.

High-way, hi'wā, n. রামপ্র; The public road; a public way. Syn -- Way, road, path, course, [ way robber. passage, street.

Highway-man, hi wa-man, n. पश ; A high-High-words - ट्यापपूर्व वाका, बारनब कथा; ह्या कथा; Angry words

High-wrought, hi'-rawt, a. হকৌশনে সম্পাদিত : অতি ব্লিড . Wraught with exquisite art or skill : highly finished; greatly coloured; accurately finished. [ in the sky.

On high-ৰৰ্গে; In heaven :--আকাৰ-পৰে; High Hilarious, he-lar'e-us, a. [ L. hilaris ] Gal-সিত; প্রত্ন , ক্টুটিড; Gay; very merry; merthful. Syn .- Jovial, jolly, joyous, joyful.

Bilarity, he-lar'e-te, n. व्यानम , উल्लाम ; Gaiety ; mirth. Syn:-Merriment, glee, cheerfulness, joyousness, exhilaration, joviality, jolity, convi-February 1. viality.

Hilary, n. A law-period from January 11 to Hill, hil, [A. S. hill] n. 東京 中城市; পাহাড; A small mountain :-- খ. ১. মৃত্তিকা বারা বেইড-কু; To surround with earth. Syn :- Mount, mound, eminence, a height. [ small hill.

Hillock, hiluk, n. ছোট পাহায় ; সুদ পর্বাত ; A

Hilly, hili, a. क्ष नक्ष्या, Full of hills. n=

Hilt, hilt, n 电时间隔 東京; The handle of anything esp of a sword a=hilted

Hilted, hilfed, a मृहिपूड , Having a hilt.

Him, him, pro. (পুৰোচৰ) ভাৰাকে, ভাৰাকে, The objective case of He

Himself, pro (পুৰাচক) তিনি বরং, তিনি আপনি, The emphatic and reflective form of him

By himself-এकाकी निस्त क्याः।

Hind, hind, n. [O Eng hyne] হবিনী, মুগী. The for ale of the red deer or stag — কুবৰ, A peasant, a rustic — a প্ৰভাৱনী, Backward, placed in the rear Syn—(n) Ploughman, swain, boor, bondager, herd

Hinder, hinder, a অধিকত্ব প্ৰভাৰতী, Comparative of hind; opposed to fore

Binder, hinder, v t [A S hindrian, from hinder, back] বাধা-দে, গতি হোধ কু. To prevent, to obstruct, to stop — ে বাধা-দে বাধা উপ-দ্বিত-ছ, Fo interpose impediments, to cause obstacles. Syn —Impedi, obstruct, interrupt, thwart oppose, arrest, retail delay, debar

Hinderance, hinder ans Hindrance, hindrans n. ব ধা, প্রাত্যক্ষক, বিশ্ব , Obstacle , obstruction Syn —Impediant, obstruction, interruption check, difficulty restraint

Hindermost, Hindmost, a সর্বাপভাষ্ট .
Furthest behind. [ spoken in North India
Hindi, hindē, n হিন্দু ভাষা The language
Hindoo, Hindu, hindöö, n হিন্দু . A native of
Hindustan, an adherent of Brahmanism

Hindooism, Hinduism, I indou-iem, n হিন্দু ধ্যা, হিন্দুগানী, The religious tenets of the Hindus Hindustani, n হিন্দুগানী বা উদ্প্ৰায়, A dialect of Hindu also called Urdu

Hinge, hinj. n বড়া ইনিকল, Hook or joint of a door — I hat on which anything turns — n t বজা-দে, ইনিকলয়ক্ত-কু, নত-কু, To furnish with hinges, to bend — n. : বজাৰ উপর দ্বাব বিশ্ব বি
To hang or turn as on a hinge, to depend.

Syn — (n) Hing, depend, rest, turn

To be off the hinges--বিশ্ঝল ক, To be in a disorder or irregularity

Hinny, hini, n [Gr hinnos, ginnos, mule] ৰচ্চৰ, আপ্ৰসূচক পদ, The produce of a stalion and a she-ass, a term of endearment

Hint, hint, v t [A S hentan to pursue Dan ynste, to whisper ] ম্ছেড-কু, ইলিডে প্রথ করাংগালে, To allude to, to suggest .—v. s. উল্লেখ-কু ইলিড কু. Io make an indirect or remote allusion to allude —n সহেড, ইলিড, A distant a'lusion, slight mention, suggestion. Syn—(v) Intimate, instinuate, imply, allude, refer to, glance at, touch on (n) Intimation, insinuation Take the hint—বংজর ইসারা বা ইলিড বুবিডে পারা, Make out a person's meaning from a slight intimation or gesture made by him.

Throw out s hint--ছলিড-জ, ঠারে ঠোরে কলা, Utter a hint, speak a word or two to give

Hip, hip, n. 何可, 平6, The ficshy part of the

thigh, the haunch — ফল বিশেষ; The fruit of the wild brier or dog-rose:— চ . নিতৰ্কে আকৃষ্ণিত কৰিয়া বেদনা ক্যান, To sprain the hip. int মনোবোগ আকৰ্ষণ ক্ষ শব্দ, Used in calling and exciting attention

Have or catch one on the hip—atra fisal;
Have the advantage over one in a struggle.

Smite hip and thigh—সন্প্ৰিলে প্ৰালিত-কু, Defeat utterly [A species of fish Hippo-campus, hip'o-kam-pus, n. মংসা বিশেষ,

Hippocentaur, n same as Centaur

Hippodrome, hip'o-droin, n [Gr hsppos, a hoise, and dromos, a course] ঘোড়দোড়েৰ মাঠ. অবশকটাদির দৌডপ্রদর্শনার্থ ছান বা রক্ত্মি, Race course, open circus.

Hippogriff, hip'o grif, n [Gr. hippos, a horse and grips, a guifin] অৰ্ধ ঘোটক ও আৰ্ধ পকীর আকার বিশিষ্ট করিত বাবস, Half horse and half griffin.

Hippopathology, hip o-pa-tholo-ji, ন. পণ্ড চিকিৎসা বিজ্ঞান অধানির চিকিৎসা বিজ্ঞান, The science of veterinary medicine

Hippophagous, hip-pof'a-gus, n [Gr hippos, a horse, and phago, to act] অপভূক, অগ্যাসক, Feeding on horse

Hippophagy, hip pol'a ji, n অব্যান ভকা, আৰ ভকা, The act or practice of feeding on horseflesh. n=hippophagist

Hippopotamus, hip-o-pola-mus, n [Gr hippos, a horse potamos, river] ভাৰতী, সিদ্ধ বোচক, Aquatic quadruped of Africa

Hippuric, hip ū'rik, a [Gr hippos, a horse and ouron, utine] অব্যুক্ত হোতে প্রায়, Obtained from the wine of horses.

Hire, hir, n. [A S hyr] ভাঙা, পারিত্রমিক, Wages, rent, the price paid for the temporary use of inything —v t ভাঙা-কু, পারিত্রমিক দিয়া নিযুক্ত-কু, lo obtain price, engage for pay — ভংকে'চ-কে, ব্ৰ দেৱবা, To bribe Syn —(n) Salary, stipe id, pay, allowance, recompense, remuneration

Hire one-olf out—প্ৰদা পাইবাৰ জন্ধ কাহাৰও কান্যে নিযুক্ত-হ, Engage one-sell in the service of another for muncy.

Hire out-til-(4, Let out

Hireling, hilling, n টিকা লোক, অৱকালের জন্ত বি যাজিত ভূচা, One hired, a mercenary, ver nal —বেখা, A prostitute —a অর্পরবৃশ, Serving for wages, ven il

Hirsuto, hir-sut, a [ L hirsutus ] जामन , ईश दो देविक , Hairy ; shaggy — अनम , Rough Syn —Bustly , coarse, tude rough.

His, hiz, pron. ( 9:4154 ) sixts at sixts, Pos-

Hispid, hispid, a [L hispidus] Rough with bristles or minute spines, having hairs. Syn.—Hany, shagggy, hisute.

Hiss, his, n. সর্পের শব্দ, হিব্ , ইংরাজি বর্ণ উচ্চায়ণের
শদ, Noise of a snake, the sound of the letter
s — মুণা ও অসন্মতি হুচকবান. An expression of
disapprobation, contempt &c — v ঃ শিন্-লে,
বিকার-কু, To condemn by hissing, whiz, hoot
হিন্দ্র-কু, To make a sound like the letter s.

as the goose, serpent, &c:—বুণা বা অসম্বৃতি প্ৰকাশ-ক : To express contempt by hissing.

Hissing, hising, n. শিন্; থিকার; ফ্পাহচক শক; ফুণার্ড বিবর: A hiss; object of hissing, object or occasion of contempt.

Hist, int. 59 . Hush ; silence.

Histoloy, n. প্রাক্রিবদা; উদ্ভিদ্যবিদা; The science. which treats of the minute structure of animal and vegetable tissue.

History, histo-re, n. [G. historia, from histo rein, to learn by inquiry] ইতিহান; ইতিবৃত্ত, নিগ মুণ, বৃত্তান্ত; আখ্যায়িকা; গল; An account of an event; the knowledge of facts, events &c.; a true story. Syn:—Account, narrative, recital, story, record, chronicles, annals.

Civil history, Ancient history—পুরার্ভ .
The history of the nations of antiquity.

Classical history—History of the Romans and Greeks.

Natural history—বাড়, উভিদ ও প্রাণীদিপের বৃত্তান্ত .
ডিভিদ বাড়-প্রাণিপণের বিবরণ ; Description and classification of objects in nature as minerals, plants, animals ; a description and classification of the mineral, vegetable and animal productions of the earth. [of nations in general. Profane history—মুম্মান্তাতির ইচিহাস, History Sacred history—মুম্মান্তাতির ইচিহাস; The history of religion and the events connected with it as contained in the church; history of the church Historian, his-to're-an, n. ইডিহাস-লেবক; A writer of history; chronicler, annalist.

Historic, his-tor'ik, Historical, his-tor'ik-al, a. ইতিহাসমূলক; ঐতিহাসিক; Containing history; derived from history. ad = historically.

The historic sense, n. Capacity to represent the unity of a past events.

Historiette, his-tor-i-ct, ন. সংক্ষিপ্ত ইতিহাস বা অপাণান ; A short history or story.

Historiographor, his-to-ri-og'raf-er, n. ইতি থান লেখক; সৱকাৰী ইতিবৃত্ত-লেখক; A historian; writer of history, esp. an officer employed to write the history of a prince or state.

Historiography, his-to-ri-og'ra-fi, n. ইতিহাস লিপিবাৰ কৌশল বা কাৰ্ব্য , ইতিহাস-সঞ্চলন-বিদ্যা; The art or employment of writing history.

Histrionic, his-tre-o'ik, Histrionical, histri-on-ik-al, a. [L. histrionicus, from histrio, a player] নাটকীয়, নাটক; নাটকাদি সম্বন্ধীয়; Relating to the stage or stage-players, befitting a theatre; theatrical.

Histrionism, histri-o-nizm, n. স্ত্র পালির, ভ্লামি; The art or practice of buffoons or pantomines; the acts of stage-playing.

Hit, hit, v. t. [Icel. hitta, to hit ] আঘাত-কৃ. পাৰ্কৃ; To touch or strike —উপৰোগী-কৃ: উপযুক্ত-হৃ; Accord with; suit. —সমীপবৰ্ত্তা-হৃ; লক্ষ্যপৰ্য করা বা ভারিকটছ্-হৃ; To reach, to touch or reach that which is aimed at:—v. i. কৃতকাৰ্থ্য-হৃ; To succeed in any attempt:—n. প্রহাব; A stroke; blow:
—তেত ঘটনা: A lucky chance:—হ্বাক্য প্ররোগ; A happy turn of thought or expression. Syn:—(v) Smite; reach, attain, goin, win, secure; suit,

actord with, fit; clash, collide, dash against; succeed. (n) Collision; chance, fortune, venture, successful speculation; happy remark.

A hard hit—আতে যা: শক্ত যা; A home-thrust; a severe blow; a taunt that tells.

A lucky hit -- ঠিক ভাক; অবার্থ লক্ষ্য; A successful stroke:—বেটী হঠাৎ হইবা পড়ে. A successful chance or attempt:—বেটী হঠাৎ বোগান্ত; A fortunate guess.

Hit against—আখাত-ক ; Clash.

Hit at-- 可称「- 李; Aim at.

Hit hard — থাতে যা দেৱয়া; Oppose vehemently:
—Ridicule with the greatest effect.

Hit off — ঠিক ধরিয়া বৰ্ণনা-কু; ঠিক কবিয়া বা আঁটিছা বৰ্ণনা-কু; Describe happily; describe or represent exactly but briefly ( with a few touches ).

Hit on or upon—উদ্ভাবন-কু; হঠাং বোগান; হঠাং (কোন উপাব) উদ্ভাবিত হওয়া বা বোগান, Devise; come to light upon by chance; discover or light upon by chance. [good luck.

Hit out—সেটাগ্যবশত: সম্পাদন-কৃ; Perform by Hit tho mark—তীর লাগা; Reach or gain the object aimed at:—ঠিক থারগার ধরা; Come to the exact point.

Hit the nail on the head—ঠিক বারগায় আঘাতকু, ঠিক বারগায় ধরা বা আসা; Hit or touch the exact point —ঠিক বারা করা উচিৎ ঠিক সময়ে তারাই করা; Do the right thing, at the right time:—
ঠিক বারা বলা দরকার ভারাই বলা; Say the right thing.

Hitch, hich, v. i. [Scot. hitch, a motion by a ধেম ] বিজড়িত-হ; Become entangled:—বড়নীবিছের স্থায় অসবিকেপ সহকারে চলা; গমন-ক; Move by erks; to fidget, move:—v. t. বিছ-ক; বড়নীবিছ-ফ; ধবা, To fasten, unite, yoke, harness; to hook, to catch:—বিকা মারা; To raise or pull with a jerk:—n. হোঁল চান; বিকা; A jerk:—বজন; A catch:—প্রতিবজ্জক; An obstacle:—অকসাং গতিরোধ; A sudden halt.

Hither, hither, ad. এখানে; এইপানে; এদিকে; To this place:—a. অধিক নিকটম্ব; অপেকাকৃত নিকটবর্তী; Nearer: toward the speaker.

Hither and thither –ইতরত:।

Hithermost, hither-most, a. অতান্ত নিকটত্ব; পদিকে অতি সন্নিহিত : Nearest on this side.

Hitherto, hither-too, ad. এই চাৰাভিমুৰে; এই ছাৰ প্যান্ত; To this place:—অদ্যাৰ্থি; এখনও, To this time; until now, as yet.

Hitherward, hither-ward, a. এই হালভিমূপে; এই 'দকে; 'I oward this place; hither.

Bive, hiv, n. মধুমজ্জির বাস; মধ্চক: A box or other place for a swarm of honey-bees to live in, the habitation of a swarm of bees:—কোনাহির বাক. A swarm of bees:—কনতাপুর্ব স্থা; Crowded or bu y place:—কনতা; Company; crowd:—v t. মোচাকে রাখা; To put into to a hive:—সক্ষ করিয়া রাখা; মধ্চকে সংগ্রহ-মু; To collect and lay up in store; to collect into a hive:—এক্তে বাস-ফু; কলবজ্জ ইবা বাস-ফু; To take shelter or lodging together; to reside in collective body. n=hiver.

Ho | Hos, ho, int. excl. एवं ; अप्नारवात्र वाकर्रवार्ष

ৰাহাৰ বিৰেষ , Stop , hold , attend i a call to excite attention

Hoar, hor, a গুৱ , বাহিক্যবৰতঃ গুৱ , White or

Hoar, hor, a ত্ৰ, বাহিন্যবৰত: ত্ৰ, White or grayish white, esp with age or frost, white or whitish n=hoariness

Hoard, hord, n ভাঙাৰ , সক্ষাগার , ধনবালী , Treasure, stock, store hidden store — v t সক্ষর , পুজি-কৃ , গুগুভাবে মজ্ত-কৃ , To store secretly , to amass and deposit in store — v া সক্তি-ই , এক্ডিড ইবা ভাঙার গঠন-ই , To store up to collect and form a hoard. n=hoarder Syn — (v) Accumulate, treasure up, garner, hive, amass Hoard, hord, Hoarding, hording, n গৃহনির্ম্মাণকাবে গৃহ ও মাল মনলাদির চারিদিকের বেডা , A fence inclosing a house and materials while builders are at work.

Hoar-froat, hor-frost, n ঘন-নীহাৰ . নীহাৰ বিন্দু,
The white particles formed by the freezing of
dew [লড়া বিশেষ উদ্ভিদ্বিশেষ, A plant
Hoar-hound, Hore-hound, hor-hownd, n
Hoarse, hors a [G heisch] গলা ভাষা, কন্দ্ৰ ব্য
বিশিষ্ট, কৰ্মশ শ্ৰুতিকট্ট, Having the voice rough,
harsh, discordant grating n=hoarseness. ad
=hoarsely Syn —Rancous husky, rough

Hoary, hori, a বাৰ্কাৰশতঃ গুল, আধ্ৰৱকুজ, White or gray with age, grayish white, covered with whitish hairs n=hoatiness

Hoax, hūks n. ৰঙু দিয়া হামাসা, ছল, অবজ্ঞা. Deceptive trick a practical joke, a stight —n f ভামাসা কু, প্ৰভাৱণা-কু Todeceive to play a trick upon for sport or without malice n=hoaxer Syn —Impose on, dupe, befool, gammon, trick Hob, hob, n চন্দের নাতি, The nave of a wheel—লোচচুল্লীর বিকৃত অংশ বিশেষ The flat shelf at the side of a grate where things are placed to be kept warm —গ্রামা লোক, চাবা, A rustic, a boor, a clown —গ্রী, A fairy

Hobble, hobl, v: [Diminutice of hop] কুনিং, ইটো, কুংনিডভাৰে চলা, To limp awknardly to walk lamely —v t আল্গা করিয়া পা বাধা To fasten loosely the legs of, to hopple, clog —n কুঁডলা চলন, Halting gait —সকট বিপদ, সমসা দান, A difficulty, perplexity n=hobbler ad=hobblingly Syn—Hault, falter

Hobbledehoy, hobl de hoi, —tehoy, n হালে , কিশোরবাক পুরুষ, A stripling, a youth letween boyhood and manhood

Hobbly, a ছিদ্ৰয়, Full of holes, rough

Hobby, hofn, Hobby-horse, hobi-hore, ন স্বৰ কৰ্মা আৰু, আৰ Astrong active horse a pony, nag —প্ৰিয় বস্তু প্ৰিয় বিষয়, Favourite object, pursuit or play-thing

Ride a hobby—ৰে ৎষাল চাপে সেই থেয়াৰ মড কাথ্য-কু Follow a favourite pursuit, or that which occupies one unduly

Ride ones hobby or hobby horse—কোন বিবৰে অথবা মনোবোগ দে, এক বিবয়ে বারংবাব বলা, Fo be constantly setting off on one's favourite theme of discourse, to give undue attention to something

Hobsoblin, hob-goblin, n vs., A frightful appaistion. Syn -Sprite, spectre, evil spirit.

Hobnail, hobnail, n ৰোড়াৰ পাৰ নালৰকী করিবার মোটা মাধা বিশিষ্ট প্ৰেক, কুডার কাঁটা : A thick headed nail for shoes —চাবা, Boorish fellow, a clownish person. a=hobnailed

Hobnob, ad মদাপান করিবার জন্ত পরপারাহ্বান, Take or not take—a familior invitation to reciprocal drinking —o t বন্ধু মিলিবা পান-কু বা আহার-কু, To drink or feast familiarly

Hobson's choice, n. পতান্তরভাব , অনস্তোপার বা অনস্তর্গতি , Where there is no alternative

Hock, hok n. मनावित्तव, A Rhenish wine. Hockey, hoki, Hooky, hoki n की हा वित्तव, A game at ball played with a hooked stick

Hookle, hokl o f. बब्बात मारमानी कारिता (बीड़ा इ. To hamstring

Hocus, hō'kus, v t প্রতারণা করা, দ্বিত কু, To cheat, to adulterate —n প্রতারক, One who cheats p=hocussing pa p =hocussed

Hoous-poous, ho kus po kus, n বাজীবরের ভেনী, Juggler s trick —বাজীবর, A juggler v t প্রভারণা কু, To cheat

Hod, hod n. পামলা, ইষ্টকাদি বহনার্থ যাবদত কাৰ্চ্য ধার, Tray with a long handle for moitar

Hoddengray, hodngra n একপ্ৰকাৰ সাণা নোটা পানী কাপ্য, Coarse cloth made of undyed wool in its natural state

Hodge-podge, hospoj, n. [F heck pot from hocher to shake and pot, pot ] সমা সংস্থা বিশ্বপ, A mixed mass, 1 medley of ingredients Syn —Farrago miscellany cho, ollapodiida, gallimaufry hotch-potch

Hodman, hodman, n त्रांत्ज्य मज्य (वक्) A man who carries a hod, a mason s tender, a mason s labourer

Hodometer, ho-dorne-ten n [Gr hodos, a way and metron a measure] চন্দাৰ্ভৰ স্থান্ত্ৰিয়াৰ অভ অবদতে সন্ত্ৰিভিত্ত যন্ত্ৰিশেষ, An instrument attached to the axis of a vehicle to register the revolutions of the wheels

Hoe, ho n. কুৰাৰৰ বস্ত্ৰ কুলাৰ, Hush indman's tool—হ t কোলালি ছাবা তৃণ পৰিছাৰ কু বুলান ছাবা কটো, জন্মৰ পৰিছাৰ-কু আগাহা পৰিছাৰ-কু Io cut or clean with a hoe to weed—v t কোলাৰ ব্যবহার কু, To use a hoe, to labour with a hoe n=hoer

Hog, hog. n প্ৰৱ, ছিল্লুজ প্ৰৱ, শ্ৰহ শাবৰ, A swine, a castrated boar, a pig —নাচ পে ক A mean filthy or greedy fellow — v t চুল্ চ টা, লোম ছাটা, To cut short the hair of — r ব ক্ৰ. To become bent upo r in the middle like a hogs back

Drive the hogs—নাক ভাকা, Snore

To go the whole hos—আনক দুৱে বা, To be thorough-going in anything

Hoggerel, hog'er-cl n कु विश्वति (कड़ां, A sheep of the second year

Hogget, hog et গ ছু বংসারেব শুকর, এক বংসারের ইদ্যাহক মেষ বা অবশাবক, A young boar of the second year, sheep or colt after it has passed its first year

Hoggish, hog'ish, a মহলাবৃক্ত পমল, জাণত্তিকর, Brutish, filthy, swinish — স্বার্থির, Selfish, ad= hoggishly. n=hoggishness. Syn :- Greedy, gluttonous, selfish.

Hog-herd न्य-शामक ; A keeper of swine. Hog-ringer, hog'-ring'er, n. ए दाकि भूकरतद नामिकाम समुदीसक लागरिया (बय, One who puts rings into the snouts of hogs.

Hogshead, hogshed, n. পরিমাণ বিশেষ ; An old measure=about 52½ imperial gallons or 63 wine gallons :-- বড় পিশা , A large cask.

Hog's lard, hogi-lard, n. मुकरवत्र करिंद ; The melted lard of the hog; the fat of the hog or [ swinc.

Hog-sty, n. मृक्दभांता; A pen or house for Holden Hoyden, holdn, n. [W. hoeden, flirt] अतिनीजा वानिका; हक्ना वानिका; A flirt; a rude girl, a romp; a rude: -a. खमछा, अन्नु ; Rude, rustic; bold:-v.i. অবাভাবিক বা কুৎসিতভাবে লাকালাফি ক ; To romp rudely or indecently. Syn -A romph, tomboy.

Hoist, hoist, v. t. উত্তোলन-क ; তোলা , To heave ; lift ; raise ; elevate :--n. উত্তোলৰ ; That by which anything is hoisted, the act of raising: - প্রাকার বা পাইলের উচ্চতা, The height of a flag or sul.

Hoist with his own petard, Hoist by one's own petard—আপনার ফানে পড়া; নিজেব ভাবে ভাতিই বা নিজে ধৰা পড়া; Beaten with his own weapons; caught in his own trap; be caught in one's own toils or net.

Hoist-toity, hoi'ti-toi'ti, a. চঞ্চল, লঘুচিত্ত; Thoughtless, giddy, flighty, noisy :- int. বিশ্বব ত গুণাস্চক আকেশ, An exclamation, denoting surprise with some degree of contempt.

Hold, hold, v t. [A S. healdan] 如如: To grasp .- नभन-कृ ; To restrain :- नथन-कृ ; possess ; to occupy :—অধিকারে বা আধিপত্তো বাধা ; To maintain possession of or authority over .-আবদ্ধ কু; To confine, - বৃদ্ধ কু, To bind --ধাৰণ-季; To contain: -- 南部 - 季; To keep; to defend লবিচনা-কু; অনুমান-কু; To esteem; think:— সম্পাদন-কু; অনুমান-কু; To do; to celebrate:— উটিয়া পডিয়া লাগা, অবিবত যত্নবান হইয়া কাণ্য-কু; ক্রমাগত চালান; To persist in; carry on; continue .-- গ্রহণ-কু; To accept an opinion :-- বিবে-हना-क ; Consider, regard account ; esteem :v. i. बाहेन श्रेष्टा थोको ; पृष्ट इष्टेगा थोको ; To remain fixed :- স্থির থাকা; অবিচলিত থাকা; To be true or unfailing:—অদমিতভাবে থাকা; অবিভিন্ন বা অবশীকৃত থাকা; To continue unbroken or unsubdued :--লাগিয়া থাকা ; To adhere ; to cleave : -- अब शाश-इ; अधिकात नाष-इ: To derive right: —n. গ্ৰহণ ; ধারণ ; Scizure :-- গ্ৰহণ-শক্তি . Power of seizing :-- অবলম্বন; Support :-- অধিকার; Authority; claim: - एर्ज; Stronghold; a fortified place:-কারাগার; আবদ্ধ করিবার স্থান; Puson, a place of confinement :-- ক্ষ্মতা ; Influence, ascendency. Syn: -(v) Gripe, clutch, clinch; retain, possess, have, occupy; restrain, detain, imprison; bind, fasten, connect; stop, stay, arrest, detain, suspend; maintain, support. prosecute; embrace, entertain, cherish, regard, consider, esteem, count, contain, admit,

take in, receive; celebrate, solemnize; be firm, remain, last; cling to, stick, cleave; be derived; think, believe; stand, prove good. (n) Grasp, gripe; stay; footing, vantage, ground; confinement, custody; fort, fortress. n=holder. Have a hold in-नावि नाड्या शाका; Have a claim upon :-- भवन वादा . Be firmly fixed in :--প্ৰভূম বা ক্ষমতা থাকা ; Have influence over.

Hold a candle to-नमान-इ, Be equal to. Hold and corner—न्कान চুৱান বিষয় ; Clandestine ; underhand.

Hold back or back from-१भन-कृ, Restrain. Hold by-नमर्थन-क ; Maintain.

Hold fast-শক্ত করিয়া ধ্বা ; Keep tight.

Hold forth—বন্ধুতা-কু; Harangue :—প্রতাব-কু; উত্থাপন-কু; Propose; put forward.

Hold from or in--- भगन-कृ ; Restain.

Hold good-নত্য-হ; Hold true:-- ঠিক পাটা, সঙ্গু হওয়া; Be of validity.

Hold in—पगन-कृ; Restrain. Hold of—Derive title from.

Hold off-पृत्व बांचा ; छकाट बांका ; Keep at a distance, keep aloof.

Hold off from- निवृद्ध चौका ; Refrain from.

Hold on-ক্ৰমাণত-কু; চলা; নিবৃত্ত না-হ; Continue ; proceed in ; go on :-- আক্রান্ত ২ইয়াও না হঠা ; নিজের কোট বজাত বাখা, Continue to maintain one's ground without falling off :-- বিপদে অটল थाका ; Kecp oneself up.

Hold one's breath-(ভারে বা কোন কাবণে) দম বন্ধ-কু, Listen breathlessly and anxiously; cease respiring for a moment or two through great excitement.

Hold one's ground—( আক্রান্ত হইয়াও) আপনার স্থান না ছাড়া বা আপনাকে রক্ষা-ফু; Maintain one's position against opponents ---সমকক হইরা সমান भवान-या , Compete successfully.

Holds one's own—আপনার স্থান বা পদ না ছাড়া; Not to lose ground. [ कहा ; Keep quiet. Hold one's tongue—চুপ কৰিয়া থাকা; কথা না Hold out—সমূপে ধরা; প্রভাব-কৃ, Offer; give or make an offer; put forward: - तनीपुछ ना- ह; অন্তের নিকট বস্থতা স্বীকাব না কবা; Not to yield; not to give way .— স্থানী- হ . টেকা; Maintain one's strength; last: - স্থ-কু; Continue to suffer, endure.

Hold out against—আপনাকে বক্ষা-কু; নিজেব কোট্ বজার রাখা ; Maintain oneself against.

Hold out a hope—( मक्कावना चार्क विनया ) व्याना-(w ; Give or offer hopes.

Hold out a promise-( निकार किया व इट्रेंप বলিষা ) আশা-দে, Give assurance.

Hold out a threat—(किছू कविव विद्या) छन्न দেখাৰ; Express a determination to inflict punishment or loss.

Hold over-নির্দিষ্ট সমবের অধিক অপদে থাকা ; নির্দা-রিত সময়ের অধিককাল ভূমাদি অধিকারে বাধা; To remain in office, possession, beyond the regular term; to keep possession of land or a house beyond the term of agreement.

Hold to-- पृष्काण नानिया शाका , किंप्या पत्रिया शाका ; Fix to, keep to, cling to .—কোন ব্যক্তির পদ-ছ; ৰতাৰ্ণৰী-ই; To take sides with a person or opinion. [from Hold under—Be a tenant of, have a title Hold up as a model—অনুকৰণ-বোৰা বলিয়া কৰ

লেব লগকে আনা, Put one forward as worthy of being imitated

Hold up one's head--- মাধা তুনিয়া থাকা, উন্নতি-কু; Keup oncself up, prosper.

Hold up one's head high - है कृ हात्व हवा , Look big , assume a proud demeanour.

Hold up to, Hold up as—( প্ৰশংসা বা নিন্দাৰ) বোল্য বলিয়া সাধারণেৰ সমক্ষে তুলিয়া ধৰা অৰ্থাৎ সকলেৰ গোচৰ কু, Present to public view as being deserving of. [ efficacious

Hold water—কার্ঘা-হ, টিক বাটা, Be sound, be Hold with—বাগিবা থাকা, Adhere to, take sides with a person or opinion

Lay hold of, Lay hold on-val. Seize

Not fit to hold a candle—ক্ষেড আবুলের গোগা লহে , Be very inferior to one. [traint Hold-back, n বাধা , Check , hindrance , res-

Hold-back, n বাধা. Check, hindrance, res-Hold-fast, höldfast, n আক্যা, বাব প্লেক A catch, hook &c to secure some thing cise, a long nail

Holden, old pa. p of holl.

Holder, hölder, n वश्ववादी, One who or that which holds, an occupier Syn —Owner, possessor, proprietor clip clasp

Holding, hölding, n ভে ও ম্পা, কেন্ত্র; Tenurc -—ক্ষ্ডা, প্রভাব Hold , influence , power

Hole, hūl, n [ A S / vl ] গছলৰ, গৰ্জ An opening in a solid body aperture — বিশ্ব, শছলৰ, A cave, den — অনুষ্ঠ আন্ধাৰণৰ সন্ধাৰ্থ আবাৰ A low, n irrow, dark lodging, a mean habitation—v t গন্ত নিৰ্মাণ-কু, গছলৰ মধে চালাইখা দেওৱা, To make holes in, to drive into a hole—গাৰ্ভ প্ৰবেশ কু; To go into a hole Syn—(n) Perforation, opening, hollow, concavity, pit, cell, hovel, kennel, me in habitation.

Pick a hole in one's coat—কাহার দোৰ অধু-সন্ধান করা, Find fault with one

Holiday, hole-da, n পৰ্বা, উৎসব দিন, আকাশ দিন, Day of mirth and sport —a আনস্কল্ক, Joyous, gav Syn —(n) Feast, fistival

Holmoss, holenes, n. পৰিক্ৰণ, সাধুতা . Sanctity, moral goodness —পোপেৰ উপাৰি . A title of the Pope. Syn —Godliness, religiousness, righteousness, purity, piety, moral perfection, divineness, sacredness

Holla, hola, Hollo, Holloa, holo, int ওন, এই যে, Ho, here. attend —n. উচ্চয়ৰে আহ্বান, চীংকার, A loud call, a shout.—v. 2. উচ্চয়ৰে ডাকা, To call out

Holland, holand, n. বন্ধ বিশেষ, হ্লাও দেশজাত কাপান নিৰ্দ্ধিত বন্ধ, A kind of linen first made in Holland [মৃদ্য, Gin made in Holland Hollands, holands, n মন্য বিশেষ, হলাও দেশজাত Hollow, holo, a কাপা, Not solid — পুত্তগৰ্ভ, Vacant, sunken — অসমল, কপট, Insincere, insound — n. গৰ্ভ, A hole — গৃহ্বৰ, A cavity, pit: — অবনত তান, A depressed part of a surface: — ছিল্ল, গুণালী, A groove, a channel — v. t. থনন-

\$, To excavate —ad. πηγίπιη, Wholly. n=hollowness. Syn —(a) Concave, sunken, empty, void, deceiful, insincere, faithless, treacherous, false, deep, low, rambling (n) Depression, low place, dent, cavern, excavation, concavity, den, channel, canel (v) Scoop, groove, cry aloud, vociferate.

Hollow-board help hards a week

Hollow-hearted, hollo-harted, a. ৰুপট, জবি-যানী, বিধান্যাভক, Faithless, treacherous, in sincere.

Hollowness, holo-nes, n. শ্ৰগভিতা , গছাৱ , The state of being hollow , cavity —ৰপটতা , বিধাস-ঘাতকতা , Insincerity , treachery

Holly, holi, n. লঙা বিশেষ, চিবহবিৎ গুলা বিশেষ, An evergreen shub [বিশেষ, A plant Holly-hock, holi-hok, n. লঙা বিশেষ, উদ্ভিদ্দ Holm, hūlm, n ছীপ, নদ-ছীপ, An islet or river isle —নদীভীবত্ত অনুচ্চ ভূমি, নদীভীবত্তী উর্বব ক্ষেত্র, A low flat tract of rich land on the banks of a river, rich land near a river — ওক বৃক্ষ, The evergreen oak

Holoa, inf চীংকার-কু, To call out or exclaim
—n চীংকার, —A loud shout — z. ঃ উচ্চে:ৰবে
ভাবা, To cry loudly to one at a distance

Holocaust, holo kawst, # হোম. A burnt sacrifice or offering wholly consumed by fire — ইতাৰাৰ, A great slaughter

Holograph, ho'lo graf n [Gr holos, whole, and graph o to writ | শতনাতাৰ নিজ নতালিখন গত, নলিবকভাৱ ক্ষত্ৰ লিখিড দলিব, Deed written by the hand of the signer, a deed or testament wholly written by the grantor or testator's own hand, a holographic

Holometer, hol-ometer n [Gr hal r whole, and metron, measure] সকল প্ৰকাৰ মাপ লগৰাৰ যথ বিশেষ, Pintometer, an instrument for taking all kinds of measures.

Holpen, holp n, old pa p of help

Holster, hri ter, n [Dut holster a pistolcase] পিন্ধল বাধিবাৰ চক্ষাধাৰ C use for pi tols, a cover for a pistol a=holstered

Holt, hölt, n. বৰ, বননয় পাইছি, A wood or woody hill — আপৰ বান A hole or other place of security — নদামৰায় মংক্ৰগাপে আন্যত্ত হগভীৰ গহুৰ, A deep hole in a river, where there is protection for fish.

Holy, hō'li, a ধাৰ্মিক, নিপাপ ওচি, পবিত্য , Hallowed , religious , pure , sacred. Syn —Immaculate, good, pious, devout, spiritual , consecrated ad = holily.

Holy-day, ho'li da, n. উৎসব, धर्त्याৎमव, भर्त्वविच. A festival, a religious festival, a holi-day

Holy-ghost, ho'li-gost, Holy-spirit, ho'li-spirit, n. [AS haling, holy, and gast, spirit] of fraight. The third person of the Trinity Syn—The spirit, Comforter, Consoler, Sanctifier, Paraclete

Holy land - ৰৰ্গপূমি, পুণাজুমি, Palestine. Holy of holies, n. ম্লিবেৰ অভান্তর, The innermost apartment of the Jewish tabernacle or temple, where the ark was kept.

Holy office, holi-of's, স পোপের বিরুদ্ধন ভাবনত্তী-मिट्रगर समसार्थ शांभिङ विठातांगत , धर्मनस्कीत विठातांगत , [ mighty , Christ. The inquisition Holy One, ho'hwun, n. 344, 48, The Al-Holy orders, ho'li or'ders, n pl धर्मधाककमक्ती,

Holy office

পুৰোটি চৰৰ্গ , The several ranks of the ministry ,

the Christian ministry

Holy-rood, ho'li-rood, n রোমান ক্যাথলিক ধর্ম-মৰিবের বেদীমগুলে প্রাবশ্বারের উপবিভাবে সংস্থাপিত क्न, कूटन वक विश्व वृद्धि, Crucifix, the holy cross in Roman Catholic churches over the entrance to the chancel

Holy rood day, n 14th September.

Holy-stone, ho'li-ston, n জাহাজেৰ পাটাতৰ প্ৰিছ'বাৰ্থ ব্যবহৃত প্ৰস্তৰ্বিশেষ , Soft stone to scrub decks, a stone used by seaman for cleaning the decks -v t উक्त अन्त बाता मार्कन कृ, To scrub with a holy stone

Holy Thursday, hō'lı thurfda, n বীষ্টেব সর্গা-বোহণ স্মাবক গ্রীষ্টানদিগের পর্ব্বদিন, Ascension day, the day on which the ascension of Christ is commemor ited, ten days before Whit suntide

Holy war, n. 中氧甲、A war undertaken with view of crushing the enemies of the churchusually restricted to one of the crusaders

Holy-water, hol h waw'ter, n পবিত্র জন , Water carrated by the pricst

Holy-wook, ho'le-wok, n श्रेट्टर क्रिमेटडांग-मान्क প্রথমনিশ্রার পাস সপ্তাই The weck before F ister in which the passion of Jesus is commemorated. pa sich week

Holy-writ, holi-rit, n খ্রীষ্টানদেব ধর্মপুত্রক , The enercd scriptures the Bible

Homage, homij, n. [ l. homo, a man ] अशीनडा अभिनात, প্রভৃত कि, Service paid to a superior, ut of fealty -পুলা সম্মান, প্ৰেম, ভক্তি, Respect, devout affection --- সাধৰ-ভঞ্জি, Reverence directed to the supreme being Syn -Fealty, obeis it e, allegiance, loyalty fidelity, respect ubmission, deference, duty, survice, honour, ciltus, worship

Home, hom, n গছ, আবাস, One's own dwelling, ibode, place of residence -श्वान, Seat, as of wir --वांग्ल्सि, वांग्लान , चर्मण , l'ince or country in which one dwells - व शृहमयकीय , अरमनमयकीय , গার্চস্থা , Pertaining to one's dwelling or country domestic —কটোর, হ্লাগ্র, Close, severe pointed .—ad নিকটে, ঠিক, Close, closely, to the point. a-homeless n=homelessness Syn -(n) Tenement, dwelling, abode, residence, domicile, habitation. (a) Domestic, home-born, direct, poignant

At home—ঘৰে, নিজের বাটীতে: In one's own home -- [नरकर (नर्म , In one's own country At home and abroad- चात्र वाहित्व, तम वित्ताल , In one's own country and elsewhere [familiar Bo at home - अडाइ इडा , On any subject, be Be at home in- त्वान विवास मक्स वा भाई इख्डा . Be

Be at home with-কোন লোকের সহিত ঘরের লোকেৰ মন্ত মেৰা; Be thoroughly familiar with ( some person ).

conversant with or skilful in (some subject)

Bring home—कश्वत्रभ-कृ, Bring home to, to apply, to make personal, to cause one to feel the force of, make one fully sensible of, convict one of 🕒পাই প্রমাণ-কু , Prove conclusively.

Come home — স্থাত হ, To come close, to touch the feelings, interest or reason -(Naut) 277 অটিকাবা তবক আখাত (নক্ষৰ) ভগী হইতে স্বিশাষা, Io become loosened from the ground by the violence of the wind or current -said of the

Foel oneself at home — নিদ বাটাতে থাকিলে যেমন স্বান্তন্দ নোধ হয় তেমনি স্বান্তন্দ লোধ-কু, (বাঁধ বাঁধ **না** ঠেকা ), Feel oneself comfortable and happy (as one is at home).

Make onoself at home—चरत्रत्र सक नावहांत कर्ता বা ধাকা, Make oneself as comfortable and easy ( as one is it home ).

Home-born, homborn, a शृष्टक, अस्पनीव. Domestic , native -श्वांडाविक , Natural

Home-bred, hom-bred, n কদেশীয়, পাৰ্ছয়, সুহল Native domestic —সামাজ, প্রাম, অবংকুত, Plain, not polished, unpolished

Home department, n Department of govern ment having charge of internal aft irs.

Home-farm, höm-farm, n বাদগুছের স্লিছিড খ'ৰাব, The farm near the homestead.

Home-felt, höm-ick, a আন্তরিক, সপাত , আভাত্ত-तिक, Inwaid, private.

Home-keeping, a गृहवानी, Staying at home. Homoloss, a. গৃহৰুক্ত , Without a home.

Homely, homli, a 对京等 , 利美多 , Domestic -অপ্ৰিচাৰ, কদাকার, Couse, home-spun, rude. —এমা , অন্বকৃত , সাদাসিদে , অস্ক্ৰ সাম্ভি , Unpolished, of plains texture, of plain features, not handsome plain —মুপ্রিচিত Familiar, Syn -Unpolished, home-spun, inelegant, uncomely not handsome, everyday, familiar. n= homeliness ad=honelily

Homelyn, homel in n मध्य निग्नेष , A species of ray, found on the British coasts

Home-made, hom-mid, a news, Made at --मानांमिल, भवल , Plain

Home-rule, hom root, n. আয়শাসনাধিকার, অংঘলতের সায়ত্ত শাসনাধিকার The right to a Parliament distinct from the imperial for the management of their home-aff us claimed by a section of the Irish people, in lichand, a form of home government claimed by the league so called, the chief fe it ire of it being a separate parliament for the management of internal affairs.

Home-sick, hom-sik a গৃহবিবহার, গৃহবিবহার ; Depressed in spirits by separation from home. n = homesickness

Home-spun, homispun, a. গৃহস্ত, গৃহজাত: त्वनीय, Spun or wrought at home; native --সামান্ত , অংশৰ , Coarse , plain , inelegant -- ... গৃহজাত বস্ত্ৰ, দেশী কাপড, Cloth made at home -চাবাড়ে বোক, A clown. Syn .--(a) Home-made ! plain, homely, coarse, rude

Home-stall, home-stead, home-stead, homeed, n. বাপ্তভূমি, অ,বাস মি, Place of the hames house with neighbouring land :-- Gents the . Place of origin.

Home-thrust, স. মর্গে আঘাত; A severe or effective blow.

Homeward, homward, ad. গৃহাভিমূৰে; বলেশভি-মূৰে; Toward one's habitation or country:—a. গৃহাভিমূৰ, Being in the direction of home.

Homeward-bound, hūmward-bound, a. গৃহ-গ্ৰনোপুৰ, Bound for home or to one's native land [ward home.

Homewards, homwards, ad. গৃহাভিদ্ৰে; To-Homeopathic, ho-me-o-pathik, a. হোষিওপাৰি (গৃদ্ৰ) চিকিৎসা সম্বনীয়; Of or pertaining, to homeopathy.

Homeopathist, ho-me-op'a-thist, n সদৃশ বাব-হালসারে চিকিৎসক, ছোমিওপাাধি চিকিৎসাভিজ বা চিকিৎসক; One who believes in or practises homeopathy.

Homeopathy, hild-me-op'a-thi, n. [Gr. homoios, like, puthos, feeling] সমূল চিকিংসা; The system of curing discuses by small quantities of those drugs which excite symptoms similar to those of the discuse a-homeopathic.

Homor, ho'mei, n হিজ প্ৰিমাণ্ডিশেষ; A Hebrew measure containing, as a liquid measure, about 2 barrels, as a dry measure, 8 bushels.

Good Homer sometime nods—সকলকাৰ ভূল হইণাৰ সন্তাননা, We are all apt to make mistakes Homerio, hō-mer'ik, a. কৰি চোম্ব সম্বনীৰ. হোম-বেন্ন কৰিতাসম্বনীয় বা তৎসভূল, Pertaining to Homer, the great poet of Greece; pertaining to or resembling the poetry of Homer.

Homicidal, homi-sid-al, a. জিঘাংক; নৱহত্যা-সম্ব্ৰীয়, Pertaining to homicide, murderous bloody.

Homicide, home-sid, n [ L. homo, man, and caedere, to kill] বৰহতা; Man-slaughter — হত্যাৰাহী; বৰহতা; Man-slayer. Syn.—Murder; manslayer, murderer.

Homileties, hom-i-letiks, n. ধর্মোপ্রেশ প্রথম ও প্রচার করিবার কৌশল; ধর্মোপ্রেশ-বিজ্ঞান, The art of preparing and delivering homilies a≈homiletic, homiletical. [preaches to a congregation.

Homilist, homi-list, n. ধর্মোপদেরা, One who Homily, homi-li, n. [Gr. homilia, an assembly] ধর্মোপদেশ, ধর্মপ্রকা; ধর্মবিব্য কথোপকথন, Religious discourse; a plain and familiar sermon, a serious discourse. a = homeletic, homiletical. Syn —Lecture, sermon, address.

Hominy, homi-ni, n. জনসিদ্ধ ভূটাচুৰ্ণ; Maze hulled and broken, prepared for food by hoiling with water:—ভূটা, Food of boiled maze.

Hommock, homuk, n কুল পাহাড়; A hillock or small conical eminence.

Homocentric, ho-mo-sentrik, a. [Gr. homos, same, kentron, centre] क्राइसी; Having the same centre.

Homopathy &5 .- Sec Homeobathy.

Homogeneal,hō-mo-গু'ni-al,Homogeneous, hō-mo-গু'nı-us, a. [Gr. homos, one, same, and genos, kind] সমলাভীয়, একলাভীয় : Of the same kind or nature. ns-homogeneousness, homogeneity. Syn .- Cognate, congenial, kindred, akin, uniform,

Homologate, hō-molo-gāt, v. t. [Gr. homos, the same, and logo, to say ] অনুমোধন-ফু; To say the same; to agree; to approve, to allow. n= homologation.

Homologous, hō-molo-gus, a. [Gr. homos. the same, and lego, to say ] একজাতীয়; একসত, অস্থূৰণ; সমাসুপতি, Having the same relative position, proportion, value or structure.

Homologue, homolog, n. প্রশার অপুৰূপ বস্তু, That which is homologous.

Homology, hō-molo-p., n. একামত , অব্লপতা . গঠনসাদৃত্য ; The quality of being homologou. a=homological.

Homonym, homo-nim, n [Gr. homos, the same, and onoma, name ] ভিন্নাৰ্থবাহক সমোচাৰৰ শব্দ, A word having the same sound, but a different meaning.

Homonymous, ho-moni-mus, a. বিভাষায়ঃ অভিন-সংজ্ঞ অধ্য পিছাবাথক; বার্ধবোধক, Having different significations, ambiguous, equivoc il a = homonymously.

Homonymy, ho-moinmi, n. ছার্ব , ভিরার্থবোধৰ একস-জভা, নার্থবারক ভা, Sameness between word which differ in signification, amibiguity.

Homophone, ham-o-fon, n. [Gi homos same, phone, sound] মুখেজোৰপৰিশিয় বৰ্ণ, A letter or character, expressing a like sound with another.

Homophonous, hō-mofo-nus, a. সমেচ্চারণবিশিষ্ব, Expressing the same sound. n- homo
phony.

Homotype, homo-tip, ন. [Gr. homos, the same, typos, type] ভিন্ন পদাৰ্থেব সহিত্য এক মৌলি আদৰ্শে বিনিশ্বিত পাৰ্থক্য সমন্বিত বস্তু . That which he the same fundamental type of structure with something else.

Hone, hon, n শান দিবাৰ পাখৰ, শান, Fine whits stone. — v. t. শান-দে, To rub or sharpen or hone.

Honost, ohest, a [L. honestus, from hono honor, honour] সায়পৰ, সং , বংপট, ছলান্ত , সং "
নত্যপ্রিষ , Frank, chaste , upright , true ; jii syn —Reputable, creditable, equiable, rightful proper, fair, conscientious, trusty, faithful candid, straightforward, sincere. ad \* honestly Honosty, ohes-ti, n. সাধুতা, সাথ্যবাহ্য ; সহতা, স্বৰতা, Integrity; candour; an upright disportion. Syn:—Probity, uprightness, trustiness, faithfulness, honour, justice, equity, faithe... plain dealing; veracity.

Honesty is the best policy—সভতাই স্থলৰ উপান, অৰ্থাৎ কাজকৰ্ম্মে উন্নতিন যদি কোল বিলেম্ব পুৱা (ফিনিম্ব) থাকে, সভতাই সৰ্ম্মপ্রধান; In the transaction of business there is no policy so good as the policy of being honest in word and deed.

Honey, huhi, n. মধু; Sweet substance made by bees.—মধুরতা; Sweetness:—v. t. মিই-কৃ, নধুর-কৃ; প্রীতিপ্রদ-কৃ, To sweeten; to make agreeable.—v. i. মিপ্ত ক্থা বলা, ভোষামোদ-কৃ; To talk foodly, to fawn. Honeyd, Homed, huhid, a बिंह सब्दे , Sweet Honey-comb, huhi-kōm, n. बब्हक, (बोडांक, Cells of the bee

Honey-combed, huńi-kömd a মধ্চক সমূপ কর করে গলর সম্থিত , Having little flaws or cells like h nicy combs.

Honoydew, huńi-du গ আমকানে বৃক্কণত্ৰ-বিবিংশত স্থাৰ বস, Sweet substance found in small drops like dew on the leaves of plants — ভড় মিশ্রিড এক প্রকার ভাষাক, A kind of tobacco moistened with molasses

Honey-moon, huńi moon, Honey-month, huni munth n বিবাহের পৰ এক মান, বিবাহের পর বর্তী প্রথম মান মধুনান, The first month after muriage the time after marriage spent away from home.

Honey-mouthed, huhi-mowthd, a. शिकारी,

Honoy-suckle, hum suk l, #. नठा वित्नव Wordlane a climbing shrub [ in speech Honey-tongued, hum tungd, a मिहें होती . Soft Honour, onur n [L honor honos] मन्त्रीय, efe Respect esteem veneration, reverence —ফু শ Reputation —গুণম্যালা, Esteem due or paid to worth - notifue! Excellence of character Short High rank exalted rink dignity 7, Female chastity -সম্মানস্তৰ পণ সন্মনস্তক দুপাধি A title of res pe -p পি পাবতর ইপাধি যা পারিভোষিক , বিষ तिम िरा भूतक्षांत वी सन्त्रान Academic prizes or dist netim -পথৰ চাবিখাৰি উচ্চ অক্সেব তাস The four highest curds in games — জন্ম বা প্ৰেৰ অধি ক ্ প্র- শ স্কুল Privileges of rank or brith conducts pard -v t সন্ধান &, Torcspect -পুলা क To idore revere - शामात्रिक के, महिमांत्रिक के Il vac in rank to dignify - येथा समाद श्राविश्वक ত্ত পৰিশেষ কু (হুতি পঞ্চি) গ্ৰাহ্ম কৰিয়া সময় মৃত টাকা (234 Accept and pay when due Syn = (n)R n t consideration, credit glory renown fin dignity distinction, clevation rank pi I by honesty integrity rectitude orn iment boast (7) Exalt, reverence venerate esteem commemorate, celebrate observe, accept and pay. a-honourless honoured

A point of honour—বাহা না কৰিলে মানহানি হয় বাহা কৰিলে মান ৰজায় থাকে না A matter which is looked upon is involving questions of character and reputation, a matter to do which is looked upon is honourable and to abstain from which is considered dishonourable

A sense of honour—ভাষবৃদ্ধি, মানাপমান জান, A sence of what is right, proper and honourable with a course of life correspondent thereto An affair of honour—ছব্যছ ছাবা যে বিবাদের নিপাতি হব, মানাপমানের বিষয় মীমা না করণার্ছ মুক্তনে যুদ্ধ & A dispute to be decided by a duel

Codo of honour—Certain rules by which social intercourse is regulated among persons of fashion.

Debts of honour—ৰে দেনা আইন অনুনাৰে আগায় হয় না Debts contracted by betting, gambling or verbal promise Do honour to—কাহারও পক্ষে সম্মানের বিষয়-হ, Be creditable to, reflect credit on —সম্মান প্রদশন-কু, Treat with respect

Do the honours of—অভ্যাগত ব্যক্তির প্রতি ঘরের কর্তাব ভার যত্র দেখান, Show civility and attention to guests in the manner of a host

Honours of war শ্রাজত শক্তক সম্মান প্রদান : Distinctions granted to a vanished enemy

In honour of—কোন শিশেষ ঘটনা উপৰক্ষে বা কোন সন্মানযোগ্য লোকেৰ সন্মানাৰ্থ কোন সন্মানস্চক কাৰ্য্য, By way of marking or glorifying (some important occurrence or person).

Laws or code of honour—ভগসমাতে যে সকল ভজতার নিরম প্রচলিত আছে, Certain rules and regulation, which prevail in fashionable society On one a honour, Upon one a honour— ধর্মত:, নিমের মান পা করিয়া, দিকি ব্যাল বলা, On the sake of one's reputation for integrity, on the pledge of one's honour

Pay honours to—সন্মান অপৰ্ন-কৃ, Show respect to

To do the honours— অতিথি সংকাৰ কু, নিমন্ত্ৰিস ব্যক্তিগণকৈ সন্থান প্ৰদান কু, To show attention to a gue t, to pay respect and attention to guests in the manner of a host as at a private or public dinner.

Honorarium, hon ur ম'rı um, n পাৰিভোবিক, ব্যানামীর পারিশ্রমিক, A voluntary fice paid to a professional man for his service.

Honorary, oner-are a. অবে নিক, সন্থানজনক.
1) me for honour and not for payment —n
পাৱিশ্যকি উপটোকন A fee, a present Syn —
1 tulir nominal formal unofficial

Honourable, oher-২ bl, a যাক্ত মাননীয় , সন্মানান্দদ, Worthy of honour —মাননীয় বিধাতে Illustrious —সন্মান জান ছাবা প্রণাদিত , সন্মান জান ছাবা প্রণাদিত , সন্মান জান ছাবা প্রণাদিত , সন্মান জান ছাবা প্রণাদিত honour — সন্মানবিধাকক, সন্মানপ্রদ , Conferring honour — উচ্চপদত্ত লোকেব উপযুক্ত , পদত্ত জনেচিত Becoming men of exalted station —সন্মান কি ছাবা হুত Performed or accompanied with marks of honour — অনধ্য , Not base —সন্মানস্থত উপাধি দুপাধি An epithet of respect or distinction S) n —Noble innowned upright, honest, principled, conscientious just, true virtuous, reputable estimable, equitable right, proper, fair n=honourablements, ad=honourably

Honourableness, onur a bl-nes, n. প্রাণান্ত; stiffs Emin nee — সাধুতা, স্তাপান্তা, Conformity to the principles of honour, f irrness.

Honourless, a মানহান, Without honour Hood, hood, n শিরস্থান মন্তকাবনন, Covering for the head cowl —ডপাধি-পৰিচ্ছদেৰ প্ৰকাৰ্থী অনম্ভ আ ল বিশেষ An ornamental fold at the back of in academic gown —v t শিবস্থান দ্বাৰা আৰ্ভ ক, গোগন ক Io cover with a hood, to cover, to hide —দৃষ্টিইন-ক, To blind a=hooded Hood of a serpant—ফ্ৰা।

Hood-wink, hoodwingh, v. f চৰু আবিষণ ক আছিবিশ-ক lo blind by covering the eves to cover প্ৰকাৰণ ক প্ৰক্তক, lo deceive to impose on Sin — Blinato a, delude, chess Hoof, hoof, n. প্ৰাদিৰ পুৰ, Hard horn of a beast's foot :—পড়; A beast. pl=hoofs, hooves. a = hoofed.

Hoofed, a. ব্রবিশিষ্ট; Furnished with hoofs.
Hook, hook, n. আকড়া; আকুনী; বঁড়নী; A piece of metal bent into a curve, for catching, holding or sustaining any thing:—বাকা পেবেক.
Bent nail:—কাডে, Sickle:—পাশ; Snare:—o. t আকড়া দিয়া ব্যা বা টাবা; To fasten or form with a hook:—কাডে কেলা; কাডে-ছু, To ensnare:—v. i. নড-ছ; বক্ত-ছ, To bend; to be curved Syn:—(n) Catch, clasp, hasp.

By hook or by crook—বেমন ভেমন কবিবা হউক, বে উপাত্তে হউক; In some way or other, somehow; by any means direct or indirect.

Off the hooks— ; Out of sorts; dead. Hooksh, n. sal, Smoking apparatus.

Hooked, hookt, a. 香; Provided with a hook; curved. Syn:—Bent, curvated, aquiline.

Hook-nosed, hook-nord, a. रक्रनामा ; रक्र-नामिका-विनिष्ठ , Having a hooked or curved nose.

Hooky, hooki, a. আকড়াপূৰ্ণ বা তৎসবন্ধীয় ; Full of, or pertaining to hooks.

Hoop, hoop, n. পতর, Circular hand for fastening a cask; a pliant strip of wood or metal formed into a ring, used to confine the staves of casks, &c :--বস্তু বিস্তাব করিবাব জন্ম তিমি মংসোব हाइ, Whale bone to spread out petti-coats -চক্র; অঙ্গবীরক; A ring —pl জীলোকেব ঘাগরার প্রান্তে সংযোজিত স্থিতিস্থাপক চক্র বিশেষ . A circular of elastic materials used to expand the skirt of a lady's dress :-- ৩. ৫ পতর দিয়া বন্ধ-কু, বেপ্তন-কু, To bind with hoops; to encircle: - v. i. हो १ क | य-कृ To call out; whoop. Syn: - (n) Gird; farthingale, hoop-skirt, (v) Clasp round, encircle Hooper, hoop'er, n. य वाकि পত्रव दिशा शिशा बीएडे. শিপা-পদ্ভতকারী; One who hoops casks, a cooper Hooping cough, n. offer, A cough in which the patient whoops with deep inspiration of breath.

Hoopoe, hoop'o, Hoopoo, hoop'o, n. দোনপানী বিশেষ, A bird with a large crest on its head. Hoot, hoot, n. [Fr. houter, hutier, huer, to call ] বিকার; অবজ্ঞাস্চত শব্দ; Shout of contempt—v.t. থিকার দিয়া বহিক্ত-কৃ. To drive with cries of contempt, to follow with cries or shouts of contempt:—v i. অবজ্ঞাস্চত উচ্চধানি-কৃ; পৌচার মহ শব্দ-কৃ, To cry out or shout contempt, to cry as an owl. Syn:—(v) Shout, yell, hiss, decry Hop, hop, v.i. [A S hoppan] এক পারে বাক্তের, পৌডাইছা চলা; নৃত্য-কু, To leap on one leg, to, পৌডাইছা চলা; নৃত্য-কু, To leap on one leg, a dance syn:—(v) Skip, jump, bound, caper; dance, trip; halt. (n) Bound, jump, skip, spring.

Hop, n. উষধাৰ্থে ব্যবহৃত কাঁটা গাছ বিশেষ, A well-known bitter plant, the cones of which are much used in brewing and in medicine —v. t. উক্ত কলের সহিত মিশ্রিত-কৃ; To impregnate with hops —উক্ত কল চরণ-কৃ; To pick hops.

Hopbind, hop'bind, n. 'হেশ্' কলের বৃত্ত ; The stalk on which hops grow.

Hope, hop, n. [A. S. hopa] আলা; Expectation:—বিশাস; Confidence:—পূর্ব্ধ অনুমান; পূর্বন ফুচনা; Anticipation:—আশাস; আশাস্থল; That which furnishes ground of expectation:—আশাহ বস্তু, That which is hoped for:—v i. আশা-কৃ; ভরমা-কৃ; To expect; to place confidence —v. f. প্রত্যাশার সহিত্ত ইচ্ছা-কৃ; প্রাপ্তির ইচ্ছাম আশা-কৃ; To desire with expectation. Syn:—(n) Trust, confidence, faith, belief; reliance, dependence. (v) Trust, believe, feel confident, flatter one's self; long for, look for.

Hope against hope—আশা করিবার কারণ না থাকিলেও আশা-কু, আশা নাই বলিলে হব তব্ও আশা-কু, Hope for what is good, when there are very slight grounds for hoping

Hope for-कान विवादव आभा कवा ; Expect.

Hopeful, hop'fool, a আলাপুৰ, Full of hope — আলাজনক; আলাপ্ৰদ, Promising good or success Syn:—(a) Expectant, confident, promising, propitious, auspicious. n=hopefulness, ad=hopefully.

Hopeless, höp'les, a. নিৰাণ; হতাণ, Without hope; despairing — অভাৰনীগ, Unexpected n=hopelessness. (হতাশা)। ad=hopelessly Svn — Desperate, desponding, remediless, irremediable, incurable, impossible, impracticable

Hopper, hop'er, গ এক পাবে উন্নগনকারী, One who hops —বে কাইনিমিছ টোজেৰ নৰা দিয়া জাঁচাৰ শ্যাদি নীভ হব, A wooden trough through which grain passes into a mill:—বপনাৰ্থ শান্ত-বীশ লগত বাইবার পাত্ত বিশেষ, A vessel in which seed-coin is carried for sowing.

Hopplo, hop'i, v. t. কুজন বা ধাৰন নিৰাবগাৰ্থ এক স গালবজনকু, To tie the feet loosely together, to prevent running —n. চারণার্থ নিমুক্ত অধ্যয় পাদ-বজন পৃত্যুল; Λ fetter for horses, when turned out to graze ( chiefly in pl )

Hopsootch, hop'skoch, u. শিশ্চিপের ক্রীয়া বিশেদ A child's game in which lines traced on the ground are hopped over.

Hopvine, hop'vin, n. হণ্ গাছেৰ বৃস্ত , The stalk of the hop. { to an hour Horal, hūr'al, a. হোৱা বা ফটা সহজীয় . Relating Horary, hūr'ar-1, a. ঘণ্টাসহজীয় , ঘণ্টাস্টক , ঘণ্টাৰ্বাঙ্গি Pertaining to an hour; noting the hours, hourly.

Horde, hord, n. পৰিজ্ঞাণীল জাতি, ঔপনিলেশক জ্ঞাণীলভাতি বা সম্প্ৰনাথ; A migratory tribe or clus. Syn —Nomadic people, migratory tribe, gang, multitude.

Hornpilation - বোমাঞ্চ, A bristling of the hair of the head or body resulting from disease or terror

Horizon, hō-ri'zun, n. [G. horizōn, the bounding line] মণ্ডল, চক্রবাল; দিয়ন্তল, দৃষ্টি-পরিছেদ্দ রেণা বা বৃষ্ট; The cucle which bounds the view where the earth and sky appear to meet. Syn:
—Boundary, limit, border, verge.

Horizontal, hor-e-zontal, a. চক্ৰবালীয় ; চক্ৰবাল সন্ধিতি, চক্ৰবাল সমান্ত্ৰবাল, সমতল ; Pertaining to, near, parallel to the horizon ; level, ad=hori zontally, n=horizontality. Horn, horn, ম. শৃক্ত, Antler — শিকা ; A musical instrument — পাৰণাত্ত্ব ; Drinking cup:— বাকল রাখিবার পাত্ত্ব, A utensil for holding powder.— যে উপাদাৰে শৃক্ত প্রস্তুত্ত হয়, The tough, fibrous material of which horns are composed — v. t ক্ষতাৰ চিক্ত, শক্তিপরিচামক চিক্ত; A symbol of strength, power, exaltation.—v. t শৃক্ৰিপিট-কৃ, To furnish with horns; to cuckold. a= horned.

Botween the two horns of a dialemma— इ.स. भक्षा , Between two difficulties.

Draw, pull or haul in the horns—উৎনাচ বা আগস্থার দমন কু, অহমাবপূর্ব কথা প্রস্ত্যোচাব-কু, lo repressione's ardour, restrain one's pride, take bick arrogint or boastful words

Horn-bill, hornhil, n. পন্ধী বিশেষ, A bird ha\*ving a horny excrescence on its bill. [neral
Horn-blende, hornblend, n. ধাড় বিশেষ, A mi
Horn-book, hornbook, n প্রথম পাঠা, প্রথম পুস্তক,
Primer, first book for children.

Horned, a শৃসাধশিষ্ট, Furnished with horns. Hornot, hornet, n. একজাতীয় বদু বোৰ্ডা, A species of wip

Disturb a hornot's nost— जिम्हालय होन घोडों न , Pr woke the attack of a swarm of spiteful one notes

To hope one's head into a hornet a nest the and the test of the

Horning, homore, म वर्षभाव हन्न-वर्णा, Appeirance of the moon, when increasing or in a

Hornlot, n কড শুল, A little horn [crazy Horn mad, a বন্ধ পাৰ্গা, Stark mad, riving Horn-owl, hornowl, Hornod-owl, hornowl n া বিশেষ, এক জাউৰ পেচৰ, A species of owl Horn-pipe, hornpip n বালা বিশেষ, A wind instrument — নুচা, আনক্ষাৰক বাগা বিশেষ, ভাল-সম্ভ নুঙা A lively dance, a lively air, dance to the time.

Horn-stone, hornsten, n ভলপ্ৰবৰ প্ৰৱৰ বিশেষ, A stone much like flint but more brittle

Hornwork, homwork, n হুৰ্গৰহিংস গৃহ বিশেষ, An outwork in firt fication composed of two demi bastions joined by a curtain.

Horny, horni, a. শৃঙ্গ ছাবা নিশ্বিত , Made of horn or horns —শৃঙ্গবং , কটিন , ফ্কটিন , Like horn , hard , callous.

Horography, hor-og'ra-fi, n. [ Gr hora, an hour, and grapho, to describe ] ঘটিকায়ে নিৰ্দাণ বিদা , The art of constructing deals or instruments for indicating the hours.

Horologe, hor'o loj, n [ Gr. hora, an hour, and lego, to tell] 9 is. An instrument for telling the hours, a time-piece.

Horology, hor-olo-ji, n ঘটিকা-বন্ধ নিৰ্মাণ বিজ্ঞান, ঘটি প্ৰস্তুত করিবাব কোশল Art of measuring hours or constructing time-pieces. a ⇒ horological.

Horometer, hor-omet-er, n [Gr. hora, an hour, and metron, a measure] লম্ম নিকাক ব্যু, Any instrument for measuring time.

Horometry, hor-omet-ri, n. ম্মন নিরূপক ব্যঃ; সময় নিরূপণ বা ভাহার কৌশল, The art or practice of measuring time.

Horoscope, hor'o-skop, n. [Gr. hora, an hour, and skopeo, to observe] হয়পতিৰা, তিহুলী, কোট, জয় বংগতিৰা, তিহুলী, কোট, জয় বংগতিৰা, Observation of the heavenly bodies at the moment of a person's birth

Horoscopist, hor-osko-pist, n. ল্যোতিবী; An astrologer.

Horoscopy, hor-o'kop-i, n. জন্মপাত্রকা দেখিয়া ভবিষ্যৎ গণনা করণ বিদ্যা , জন্মকালীন এহাদিব ভাৰছিভি ; The art or practice of predicating the events of a person's life from his horescope, aspect of the planets at the time of birth a=horoscopic.

Horrent, hor'ent, a बाज़ , वहिर्म्भ . Standing on end, as bristles , bristled , pointing outward

Horrible, hor're-bl, a. [L horribilis] ভয়াৰক, ভাষণ, ভয়োৎপাদক, ভংকলোৎপাদক, Dreadful, inful, terrific, shocking n=horribleness, adhorribly Syn:—Frightful, fearful, terrible, shocking, hideous, horrid.

Horrid, horrid, a [L horridus] ভয়াৰক, ভয়েংপাদক, Hideous, shocking:—অসংস্থাৰকর, অসংস্থাৰভাৰক, Disagreeable, offensive n=horridness,
ad=horridiy. Syn —(a) Bristling, prickly;
alaiming, shocking, dreadful, awpel, terrific,
ter ibic, frightful [ful.

Horrifie, hor-rifik, a ভগাৰক, ভয়ন্তৰক, Fright-Horrify, hoi'ru-fi, v. t উত-কৃ, To strike with horror, to terrify. Syn —Shock, frighten, alarm

Horror, hor'rer, n [I. horror, from horrere, to bristle] আন, ভয়, কংকশ, Terror, dread; shuddering —ভবোডেজক, ভবোৎপাদৰ বিষয়, That which excites horror or dread. Syn —Fright, dismay, gre it alarm, fear, consternation, abomination, detestation disgust, loathing, hatred. Horse, hors, n. [A S hors, Skr hrêsh, to neigh] অব. A beast —অবাধবাই সৈস্ত, Cavalry:—v দ আবোড়ব কু, আবাবোহণ-কু, To ride or sit on any thing astude, to mount on a horse—
আব হোগাৰ, অব স্ববহাহ-কু, Provide with a horse; furnish with a horse Syn —(n) Steed, charger, palfrey, nag, cob, roadster, horsemen.

Take horse— অধানাহৰ-কু, To mount a horse in order to set out to ride.

To get upon one's high horse—डोड (न्यान ; To give oneself airs

Horse-block, horsblok, n. অবারোহণ সাধন, ঘোড়ায় চড়িবার মঞ্চ , Step for mounting a horse.

Horse-boat, horsbot, n. অৰ ৰাৱা চালিত ৰৌকা; খোডাৰ নৌকা, A boat drawn by horses or for carrying horses

Horse-breaker, hors-brāker, Horse-tamer, horstমmer, n. অধ্যমনকারী, অধ্যমক, অধ্যালক; One whose employment is to break or tame horses, or to teach them to draw or carry

Horso-chestnut, hors-chesnut, n. ফ্পানি, A nut once used as food for horses .— বৃক্ষ বিশেষ, The tree that produces it.

Horse-dealer, horsdict, n. अव-वादमायी, One who deals in horses.

Horse-doctor, स. अविधिक्षण , A vetermary surgeon [fly that strings horses Horse-fly, hors-fli, स अववश्यवाको स्थित . A Horse-guards, hors-gardz, स. अवादारी स्थान एक, Body of soldiers, mounted on horses, employed as guards [that of the mane and tail Horse-hair, स वालाफि, The hair of horses, esp Horse-hoe, R A harrow drawn by a horse Horse jockey, r व्यक्तिएक अवस्य अवादारी, अवविद्या, One who rides a horse at a race, a dealer in horses.

Horse-laughter, horslifer, n আট্রানা শ্রুতি-কঠোর উচ্চহান্য, Coarse laughter a loud harsh, bosterous laugh

Horse-leech, horsitech n আৰু কিংসক, Horse docter; one who cures horses —জোক, One that bites horses, a large sp uses of luech

Horse-litter, hors-litter থ ছই ঘোড়াৰ থানবিশেষ ছি-মাৰ-ৰাহিত থানবিশেষ, A litter or carriage borne between two horses

Horseman, horsman, n অধাবোহী, A rider — অধারোহী দৈৱ , A mounted soldier.

Horsemanship, horsman ship, n অব শিষা অবাবোহণ বিদ্যা, The art of viding, training and managing horses.

Horse-play—শেড়া যোড়া পেলা Rough and frolicsome play attended with boisterous noise

Horse-power, hors-pow'er, n. অ্ববন, Strength of a horse in draft — পায় ৪১২ মণ ভার এক মিনিটে এক ফুট উৰ্ছে উল্লোলনক্ষম শক্তি, বাণ্ণীয় কলের শক্তির পনিমাণ বিশেষ, Strength of a team engine, 33,000 lb, raised one ft high in one minute, a standard by which the power of steam engines is measured

Horse-race, horse's, দ বোদটোড A match of horses in running, a race by horses

Horse-racing, hors ras-ing, n খেডুড়োড়, The practice of racing or running horses in matches Horse-radish, horseadish, n তীর মূল, লভা-বিশেষ, A plant — আচার, A condiment.

Horse-sacrifice--वय'मर ।

Horse-shoe, horsshoo, n. যে দার নাল খেডার পারের নাল, A piece of iron on a horse's hoof, a shoe for horses, consisting of a curved plate of iron — বোডার নালের স্থার আকারবিশিষ্ট বস্তু, Anything shaped like a horse-shoe [leafless plant Horse-tail, horstal, n প্রহীন লভা বিশেষ A Horse trainer, n অবশিক্ষ, অবপ্রিচালক One who trains horses for racing

Horse-wayroad, n. অৰ বাইবাৰ পৰ, A road in which horse may travel

Horse-whip, horshwip, n বোডাৰ চাৰুক, Wip for driving horses — v t ক্ৰাথাত-কৃ. To strike with a whip, to lash. [giving advice Hortation, n উপদেশ, Act of exhorting or Hortative, horfa-tiv, Hortatory, horta-tor e a [L hortari, to incite] উৎসাচৰ্ভক, উত্তেজক, উপদেশ্যা, উপদেশক, Encouraging, advisory Syn—Inciting, persuasive homiletic

Horticultural, hor-ti-kultur al a देशान वर्ग-रुपकीय, Pertaining to the culture of gardens Horticulture, ho'ti-kul-tur n L. hortus, a garden ] উদ্যান-কৰ্ম विमा , The art of cultivat ing gardens. a=horticultural

Horticulturist, hor-ti-kultur-ist, n. डेमान-विमान निश्न, Gardener, one who is skilled in gardening.

Hosanna, hō-zaha, n. জবরের তব; জবর-তোর, আরাবনা, অর জয়, Exclamation of praise to God Hose, hōz, n মোজা, পদাবরণ, Close fitting breeches, stockings, socks—অগ্রিনির্কাপক বাবি বাহীনল, A bending tube for carrying water to extinguish fire

Hoster, hū zhi-er, দ মোজা-বিক্রেডা , মোজা-ব্যব-মান্ত্রী , One who deals is storings, socks & c

Hosnery, hō /hi-er-i n. সর্কশুকার মোলা, মোলাব বাংসাব, I he business of a hosier, stockings in general.

Hospice, hospes, n [L hospes, a stranger, a guest] সন্ধানী দিশেৰ চিকিৎসালয়, Hospital for monks — অতিথিশালা বিশেষ, An alpine convent where travellers are treated as guests

Hospitable, ho pit-a bl a [I. hospitalis, from hospes, guest] আভিষেত্ৰ, স্পত্ৰ, Kind to st angers or guests, shewing kindness n he-pitableness ad=hospitably. Syn —Kind, generous, liberal, bountiful plentiful

Hospital, hospit-al, n [L hospes, a guest]
ভিকিৎসালয়, ভাসপাভাল, Establishment for the
wounded and sick

Hospitality, hospitaliti, n. অভিথিদংকার আভিথেয়তা এআভিথা, Kindness to stranger, rith of hospitality.

Hospitalor, n বৃদ্ধবন্ত সরাসী চিকিৎসালৰে পীড়িতের তথাবধাবক ধর্মসম্প্রদানের অস্তম, Knight monk one whose duty is to relieve the poor on of a religious community for the case of the sick in hospitals.

Host, host, n [ L hosts enemy] অভিধি সেবক, নিমন্ত্ৰণকাৰী ভূষামী, One who entertains another, landlord —সৰাই-বক্ষক, An inn-keeper — সেজ সেভদল, An army —বহুসন্থা, A great multi-tude —বোমান কাৰ্থনিক ধর্মন্দিবের ভংসগাঁকুত পবিত্র কী বিশেষ, In the Roman Catholic Church, the consecrated bread offered in mass as the body of Christ Syn—Inn-keeper, entertainer, assemblage, crowd.

He is a host in himself — তিনি এবাই এব ল, He is a equal to a host or a great many per sons, a person of great powers.

Hostage, hostaj, n সন্ধিরকার্থ প্রদন্ত বান্ধি , শরীব বন্ধণকারী , প্রতিভূ , লগ্নক , One given in pledge for the performance of conditions

Hostel, hostel, Hostelry, hostel-ri, n পাছ-

Hostile, hostil, a [L. hostiles, from hostis, enemy] যুদ্ধবিষ্ণ, বিপক্ষ, শক্তপকীয়, Warlike, inimical, belonging to an enemy ad=hosticly Syn —Unfriendly, adverse, antagonistic, contrary repugnant.

Hostile (or opposed) to—প্রতিবুল, Agranst Hostility, hos-tile-te, দ শক্তা, দ্বাম. Enmity war Syn—Animosity, hatred, anti-pathy, aversion, unfriendliness, ill will, opposition, antagonism.

Hostilities, hos-tili-tiz, n. pl. नज़न चोजन ; युक् बागाव ; Acts of warfare.

ৰাাণাৰ ; নেতে জ প্ৰধান কৰিব লোক কৰিবলৈ কৰিব

stable boy; groom.

Hot, hot, a. [A. S. hāt] তথ্য; উন্; অগ্নিমন;
Having the power of heat; very warm; fiery:
—তীক; তীবৰাদ; Pungent; acrid:—তথ্য; প্ৰচণ্ড;
উন্ধেলত; Fiery; vehement; furious; animated:—কাৰ্ক; বিশ্পবত্য; Lustful; passionate.

Syn:—Burning, scalding; hasty, irascible, passionate, choleric; fervid, glowing; eager, ardent, precipitate, violent; biting, piquant, highly seasoned.

make (a place) too hot for one—(কোন পদে
make (a place) too hot for one—(কোন পদে
বা হানে) কাহাকে অভ্যন্ত আলাডন করিয়া ভোলা (আর ভিউতে পারা বার বা. এই ভাব); Make one's position highly uncomfortable. [culty.

tion mgnly uncontrolled to make the matter—সমটে পড়া; Be in diffi-For bed, hotbed, ম. কৃষ্ণবৰ্ধনাৰ্থ কাচাচ্ছাদিত ভূমি; Glass-covered bed heated for rearing plants:— অভ্যাৰ্থন ভূমি; মন্তন বৰ্ডনামুক্ল স্থান; Any place favourable to rapid growth.

Hotblast, hotblast, শ. উত্তাপদৰ্থনাৰ্থ চুল্লীপ্ৰবিষ্ট উত্তপ্ত বাৰু-প্ৰবৃহি; A current of heated air injected into a furnace to raise the heat.

Hot-blooded, hot-bluded, a. উগ্ৰহণ ; Having hot blood:—ভেলবী; কোপনবভাব; High-spirited; irritable.

Hot-brained, a. উপ্লক্ষাৰ, Ardent in temper; Hotehpotch, hochpoch, Hotehpot, hochpot, Hodgepodge, hojpoj, n. বহু কবোৰ একৰ সং-কৰণ; ছেচডা; চচচড়; অন্থা বিনিত্ৰণ; বিচুড়ি; A confused mixture of ingredients; a confused mass of ingredients mixed in the same pot.

Hot-cockles, n. कोड़ा ; A game.

Hotol, hō tel, m. [ L. hospes, a stranger ] পাত্ত-বিবাস : স্বাই : প্রবাসাপ্রম : A superior house for entertaining strangers ; an unn ; a tavern :— প্রামাদ . A palace.

Hot-headed, hot-heded, a. উগ্রমন্তাব; উগ্রমন্তিক, প্রচত; Violent; impetuous, of aident passions. Hot-house, hothows, n. কল পরিপক কবিবাব গৃহ, চারা রকার্থ উন্থার; কোমল গাছপালা পরিবর্ধন কর উন্ধৃহ; Building for ripening fruits or sheltering tender plants; a house kept warm to rear tender plants.

Hot-press, hotpres, v. ধাতুপাত্রমধ্যে কাগজাদিতে চাপ ধেৰা; Press paper &c., between two hot plates. Hotspur, hotspur, n. কুদ্ধ লোক; উপ্রস্থাব লোক, A rash and passionate man.

Hottentot, hotn-tot, #. দকিণ আফ্রিকাবানী , অসভ্য ব্যক্তি; A savage native of South Africa; a brutish fellow.

Houdah, Howdah, how'da, ন. হাওদা ; হতিপুচছ আসন ; A seat to be fixed on an elephant's back. Hough, Hook, hok, ন. পৰাধিৰ পকাং পাদেৰ সন্ধি ; উল্ল ; হাঁচুৰ পকাংভাগ ; Ham ; joint of a beast's hind legs :—v. t. পিৰা ছেল কৰিয়া থত খত-কু; To disable by cutting the sinews of the legs: to hamstring.

Hound, hound, n. निकाती क्र्व ; Hunting dog :-

v. t শিকার-ক়; Hunt:—শিকারার্থ উত্তেজিত-কৃ; অগ্র-সর-কৃ; Incite, as a hound to pursuit; to incite; to spur on, to urge on. Syn:—(v) Chase; urge on, stimulate, goad.

Hound a person— (कास वाक्रिक निर्माण्य-कृ: To persoute a person or rather to set on persons to annoy him.

Houndfish, same as Dogfish.

Hound's tongue, howndź-tung, n. এক জাতীয় গাছ; A plant, so called from the shape of its leaves.

Hour, our, n. [L. hora] ঘণ্টা; Sixty minutes; the 24th part of a day:—নিৰ্দিষ্ট সময়; কাল; ক্ৰোগ; A fixed or appointed time; a time or occasion:—pl. অতু এবং হোৱার অধিষ্ঠাত্তী দেবীগণ; In myth the goddesses of the seasons and the hours. Syn:—Time of day; stated time.

At the eleventh hour—শেৰ সমৰে; Very last; at the very last moment:—বডক্ষণ অপেকা করা যাইতে পারে তাহার পর; Very late:—বথন আর বড় একটা কাজে লাগিবে না এমন সমরে; শেব শেব সমরে; When likely to be of little use; when some decisive step is about to be taken.

Bad hours-विवास ; Late.

Good hour—नकारन ; Early.

The small hours—হুই প্ৰহুৱ বাত্ৰির পর সময় ; The hours after midnight.

Hour-glass, owr'glas, n. বালির ঘড়ী; Sandglass running for an hour-

Hour-hand, n. ঘটার ঘটার কাটা; Index of a clock pointing to the hour.

Houri, how'ri, n. পরী; অপরা; A nymph of the Mahammedan paradise.

Hourly, our'li, a. এতি ঘটার কৃড; Happening or done every hour; frequent:—প্ৰঃপ্ন: সম্পান্তি; Frequent:—ad. এতি ঘটার; প্নঃপ্নঃ; Every hour, frequently.

Hour-plate, owr plat, n. যদির ভালা; The plate of a timepiece on which the hours are marked. House, hous, n. গৃহ ; বাটী ; বাসন্থান ; A dwellingplace; home:—পাছশালা; পান্থনিবাদ; An inn; tavern:—দাংসাৱিক কাষা; সাঁণসাধিক ব্যাপার; Household affairs : - পবিবার : অন্মৌর স্বজন ; Household ; family; kindred:—বাণিজ্যালয়; বাণিজ্যাপার; A trading establishment:--ব্যবস্থাপক সভা ; A legislative body :-- মহৎজাতি; A note and illustrious race :-- সমগ্র রাশিচক্রের ছাদশ ভাগের এক এক ভাগ; A twelfth part of the heavens among the astrologers :-- v. t. আলয়-সে; To harbour; to shelter :-- आक्रामिङ कविया तका-कृ; To protect by covering :-ভাভারজাত-কু; ভাভারে রাখা, To store : —v. s. আত্ৰয়-ল ; বাস-ভূ ; To take shelter ; to reside. Syn:-(n) Dwelling, mansion, abode. residence, domicile; building, edifice; lineage, race, kindred; firm, company, partnership: notel; lodging. (v) Abide, dwell, reside, lodge. Bring down the house, Bring down the whole house—সমন্ত শ্রোভ্বর্গেব নিকট হটতে প্রশংসা शास्त्रा, नांग्रेशांनात ममस लात्कत अनःमा आकर्ष-इ: To draw forth applause from a whole audience: to draw an outburst of applause from the entire audience as in a theatre.

House-to-house visitation—বারী বাড়ী বোৰা। House of correction, n. কাৰাগার, Prison for idle and disorderly persons, vagrants &c

House of God---ধৰ্মনিৰ, A temples or church Keep house -- গৃহস্থানী-কৃ, যথকরা দেখা, Manage domestic affairs

Open house—অভিধি-সেবা , Hospitality to all comers

Religious house, n মঠ, Monastry or convent To make a house—In Parliament, to get a quorum of members.

House-agent, n বাটা বিক্ৰম কৰিবাৰ বা ভাড়া দিবাৰ দালাৰ, Agent for selling or letting house

House-breaker, howsbrak-er, n সিন্দেশ চোৰ সিন্দেশ চোৰ, Burglar, one who breaks into a house n=housebreaking

House-breaking, n ডাকাইতি, Forcibly break ing into a house for robbeiry, burglary

House-hold, houshold, n পৰিবাৰ, Family living together —a পাৰিবাৰিক, গাইবা, Domestic, belonging to the bouse and family Syn —(a) Domiciliary, home.

The household—ৰাজকীয় পাৰিবাৰিক লোকজন ও দলবল, The royal domestic establishment.

House-hold god- গৃহ-দেবতা।

Household-troops— বাজধানী ও রাজার রক্ষণাবেকণ অস্ত হ্য দল সেনা, Six regiments whose peculiar duty is to attend the sovereign and defend the metropolis.

House-holder, howshold-er, n গৃহস্ব , গৃণপতি , গৃহস্বামী , Master of a house , one keeping a house

House-keeper, howskep-er 2. গৃহী, প্রধানা দাসী, House-holder, head woman servant

House-keeping, how-krping, n. আতিথা, গৃহ-কর্মে বছু, গৃহকায়; সাংসারিক কাথ্যের তত্ত্বাবধান Hospitality, care of domestic concerns, domestic concerns and m inagement — প্রচুব অভিথি-সংকারোপযোগী বাদ্যসাবত্রী, A plentiful and hospi table table —a. গার্হয়।, Domestic

Houseless, howsles a গৃহপুন্ত , আল্লাহনিৰ , গৃহহীৰ , Having no shelter , without a house

House-maid, how-mid, গ দাসী, পৰিচাৰিকা, Woman servant, not a cook, a female servant House-steward, howstu'ard, গ প্ৰধান দাস, বাটির সরকাব, Head man-servant of a large house-hold.

House-surgeon, hows-sur'jun, n হাসপাতালবাসী চিকিংসক, Resident officer in an hospital

House-warming, hows-wawrming, দ গৃহ প্ৰকেশংসৰ, Merry-making when entering into a new house

Housewife, how-wif, n সৃহিন্দী, Mistress of a house-hold; woman economist —ক্রীলোকগণের ফুনিকর্মকরণোপবোগী উপাদান প্রভৃতির আধার বিশেষ, A small case or bag for articles of female work, also spoit Hussif, which see. a—housewifely.

Housewifely, a. গৃড়িণী সম্বানির, গৃড়িণী মন্ত, Pertaming to a housewife or to female management of home affairs, like a housewife.

Housewifery, howfwif-n, n গৃহিণীয় করণীয় কর্ম , গৃহকর্ম ; The business of a housewife .-- গৃহ ক'বাণুটাৰ , বাহিছ ৰাখ , Domestic management ; business of the mistress of a family.

House wright, ন. গৃহনিৰ্দ্বাতা ; Builder.

Housing, housing, n নৰম জিল; বোড়ার জিলের ভাপড় Soft saddle or covering for a horse, a saddle cloth —pl বোড়াব সাজ, The trappings of a horse Syn —Covering, protection, horsecloth, saddle-cloth

Hove, pa t and pa p of Heave.

Hovel, huvel, n [AS hôf, den] প্ৰশালা.
কুনিৰ, A small or mean dwelling, a shed, a cottage —v t প্ৰশালায় বৰা-কু, আভ্ৰম-দে; To put in a hovel, to shelter Syn —Mean dwelling, poor cottage, hut, cabin, cot.

Hover, huver, v:. [W. hofian, hofian, to hang over, hover] প্যস্ট সঞ্চানন করিতে কবিতে উৰ্জ্বলৈ উদ্ভিতে থাকা, পক্ষীর পাথার আগট মারা. Hang fluttering in the air over head, to flap the wings —কোন ছানেব নিকট অম্প-ক, নিকচে অপেকা কর', To move to and fro in the neighbourhood o., to wander about near, to wait suspense. Syn —Flutter, hang over, move about, fly around.

Hover about—ইড়িবা না গিয়া এক স্থানে পক্ষেব উপৰ ভব কৰিয়া পাকা, Hung about ( a place without flying away) —তকে তকে পাকা, Move to and fro watchfully, in the neighbourhood of (some place)

How, ad কেমন, কি প্ৰাৰে, কচ্দুর কেমন স্বাস্থাৰ, In what way or manner, to what extent, in what state

How-bert, how-be'it, n তথাপি সে বাহা চকৈ, সংব্র, Notwithstanding, yet however. Syn:
—Nevertheless but, be it as it may

Howdah-See Houdah

However, how-ever, cong যদাপি, তথায়, যদিও; তথাপি, Nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, though, still though—ad কোন প্ৰকাৰে, যে কোন উপাৰে, অন্তঃ, in whatever manner or degree; at all events at least Syn—Yet still

Howl, howl, v: [G hulan, L. ululu, an owl] নেকডিয়া বাথ বা কুক্ৰেব স্থাব চীৎকার কু. To cry as a wolf or dog — আঠনাদ বু. শোকস্চক উচ্চ চীৎকার-কু, আকেপ কু, বিলাপ কু, To utter a sound of distres, to utter a long loud mournful sound; to wail — গাজন কু, To roar, as a tempest — n. কুকুর বা নেকডিয়া বাথে স্থায় শব্দ, The protracted cry of a dog or wolf — আঠনাদ, শোকস্চক কুল্যন্ধনি, A loud cry of distress, a mournful cry; yell Syn — (v) Yell, scream, screeth, roar; wail, lament

Set up a howl— কুকুরের স্থার বর টানিরা শক্ক্র Make a prolonged cry, like a wolf or dog— হাউ হাউ-কু, Raise an outery

Howlet, how'let, n ব্য পেচৰ, An owl; owlet. Howsoever, how-so-ever, ad. যদিও, বাহাই ইউক, However although.

How-witz, How-witzer, how'its-er, n কামাৰ বিশেষ, ছোট কামান, A short light cannon used for throwing shells.

Hoy hos, n কুল পোত, বৃহদাকার নৌকা বিশেব; A small sloop, a large one decked boat, usualle

rigged as a sloop : —inj. গুল; গ্ৰাম ; Haloo; stop. Hub, hub, n. আৱেৰ মৃষ্ট ; The hilt of a weapon : —চক্ৰেৰ নাজি ; Nave of a wheel :—লক্ষ্য ; Mark to be thrown at.

Up to the hub—নিয়তিশয় : To the utmost. Hubble-bubble, hubl-bubl, n. ওড়ভড়ি, হকা ;

A tobacco pipe.

Hub-bub, hubbub, n. গোলমাল; গৰগোল; গালা হাকামা; Confusion; uproar; riot. Syn:—Uproar, clamour, din, racket; tumult, disturbance. Hubert, (St)—Patron saint of huntsmen.

Huckaback, huka-bak, n. ফুল তোলা টেবল-আচ্ছাদন খুল কার্ণান বস্তুবিশেষ . A coarse variety of table-linen, having raised figures on it.

Huckle, hukl, n. निजय; कक्न, बूंडि, The hip,

Huckle-backed, hukl-bakt, Huck-shouldered, huk-shoilderd, a. क्लगृठे; क्लक्क; Having round shoulders. [ hipbone.

Huckle-bone, huki-bon, n. নিত্যায়ি, The Huckster, hukster, n. [ Dan. hokker, to carry on the back ] কুন্ত বণিক, কেবিভয়ানা; Inferior dealer; a retailer of small articles:—v. i. স্বল পরিমাণে ক্রমণিক্য-কু; সামান্ত দ্রগোব বাণিক্য-কু; To deal in small articles or pretty bargains. fem=huckstress. Syn —Retailer, peddler, hawker.

Huddle, n. গণগোপ, জনতা, পোপমাণ, A crowd; tumult; confusion '—v. i. গাদাগাদি হওয়া; গাদা ক্ৰিমা ৱাখা; To put up things in a hurried tmanner; to crowd —v. f. জমা ক্রিমা ৱাখা; গাদা ক্রিয়া রাখা, To put on hastily; to crowd together in confusion.

Hudibrastic, hū-di-brastik, a. ধিজপাস্তক : ছানোমীপক . In the style of Hudibras, a satire by Butler ; doggerel.

Hue, hu. n. [A. S. hiw, hirm] বছ; বা; Colour; dye:—চীংকাব; উচ্চধাব; Clamour; cry:—চেহার; বাজাবরব, Appearance. a=hueless. Syn:—Tint, tinge, shade, complexion.

Hue and cry, n. দশনে চোবে অসুধাবন; The outcry with which a felon was anciently pursued:—চোর বরিবার ঘোরণা, Later, a proclamation requiring all persons to aid in retaking him. Huff, huf, n. কোব, উদ্ধৃত্য বা গর্কা; Rage, a fit of disappointment or anger, a boaster:—দাভিক; অহলারী লোক; A boaster.—v. i. স্বীত-কৃ; তর্জন গর্জন করিরা অপমান-কৃ; To swell; to bully:—v. i. স্বীত-হ; To dilate, swell:—কুছ্-ফ্; To take offence:—ভর্জন গর্জন-কৃ; দত্ত প্রকাশ-কৃ; To bluster; storm.

In a huff—মাণে; In a fit of disappointment and Huffish, hufish, a. গৰ্মী; মড; উদ্বভ; Insolent; arrogant. ad=huffishly, v=huffishness.

Huffy, huf'i, a. কীত; Puffed up:—গর্কিত; থিট্-থিট; কারাগী; কুছ; Arrogant; petulant; angry. Hug, hug, v. t. [A. S. hegan, to inclose] আলিকন-কু; মৃচ্ঠাবে বরা, To embrace closely and fondly; to hold fast:—v. i. একতা জড়-কু; To crowd together:—n. আলিকন; A close and fond embrace; a gripe. Syn —(v) Clasp, grasp, gripe, embrace; retain, hold fast, cling to; go near, keep close to.

Huge, hūi, a. [ D. hoog, high ] প্ৰকাৰ, বৃহৎ; ভাৰণাকার; Very great; immense; vast; monstrous. n=hugeness, ad=hugely. Syn:—Enormous, monstrous, immense, gigantic, colossal, prodigious, vast.

Hugenot, n. A French Protestant of the period of the religious wars in France in the 16th century.

Hugger-Mugger, hug'er-mug'er, n. গুৱাৰয়; গোল্যাল; Privacy; secrecy, confusion:—a. গোপনীয়; Secret; clundestine:—বিশুখন; Confused; disorderly:—ad. গোল্যাল করিয়া, Disorderly.

Hulk, hulk, n. [A. S. hulce, a den] জাহাজের ধোল; The body of a ship, hull —জীৰ্ জাহাজ; An old ship unfit for service:—pl. কাহাগার ব্রূপে নাবহৃত জীৰ্ ত্রীসমূহ; Old ships used as prisons. Hull, hul, n. [A. S. hule, hulu, the crust of a thing] ভাল; তুম; ধোমা; Husk; shell:—জাহাজের ধোল; The frame or body of a ship; hulk:—v.t. তুম বাহিম্ব-কু; ধোমা ভাজান, To husk; to strip off the hull:—জাহাজের ধোল ছিল-কু; To pierce the hull (as with a cannon-ball):—v.i. জলে ভামা, To float or drive on the water.

Syn:—(n) Husk; hulk, (v) peel, husk.
Hully, huli, a. ডুব বা বোসাবিশিষ্ট; Having husks or pods.

Hum, hum, n. গুল্লন, গুণ গুণ ল'ল. Noise of bees &c., buzz:—কাপাই ল'ল. আফুট ধানি; Low dull noise:—v. t. গুন্ গুন্ ব্ৰেগান-কু, To sing in a low voice.—v. i. গুন্ গুন্ শল-কু; ছকার-কু, To make a buzzing sound like bees:—int. সন্দেহ্দক ল'ল; মন্দেহ্দিক ইকার; A sound with a pause implying doubt. Syn:—(v) Murmus, drone, buzz, mumble.

Hum and how—কথা কছিতে কছিতে ভোক পেলা; ন্পায় করা; Speak with interruption or hesitation; hesitate. [mouth shut.

Hum a tune—খন্ খন্ বার গান-কু; Sing the Human, hū'man, a. [ L. humanus, from homo, man ] মন্যাসক্ষীয়, মানবীয়; Belonging or pertaining to man or mankind — নাপুণিক গুণবিশিষ্ট, মানবিশ্বী; Having the qualities or attributes of man. ad=humanly. Syn.—Anthropological, manly.

Humane, hū-māh, a. [L. humanus] স্বাৰ্; কুপাৰাৰ, Kind; tender; merciful. ad=humanely. Syn:—Sympathizing, benevolent, mild, compassionate, benign.

Humanise, hū'man-iz, v. t. গরাব্-ক, কোমল-ক, ম্যু-ক; To render human or humane. to soften; to civilise:—v. i. সভা-ই; To become civilise. Syn:—Refine, enlighten, improve, reclaim from harderiem.

Humanist, hu'man-ist, n. সাহিত্যে স্পণ্ডিত , মানব-অকৃতির সমানোচক ; One versed in polite literature or in human nature.

Humanitarian, hū-man-i-tāri-an, n. গুটের ক্বের অধীকার করিয়া বে ব্যক্তি উহিকে মুখ্বাপদবাচ্য করে: One who denies Christ's divinity and holds him to be a mere man:—দবালু বাজি: One who practises benevolence:—দবালু, মানব-চি:ভবী; A philanthropic person:—a. মানবীয়, হিউৰী;

स्त्रात्; Of or belonging to humanity; bene-

Humanity, hii-mahe-te, n. মুখ্যাৰভাগ; মানবৰৰ্ম; Quality of being human:—মন্বালাভি; Mankind:—ক্ষা; কোনবভা; Benevolence; tenderness:—সুকুমাৰ বিদা!; Liberal education:—pl=humanities, মাহিভাগি; Classics; polite literature; the branches of polite or elegant learning.

Professor of humanity—ফ্লভের বিষ্টিলালব-সমূহে লাটন ভাষার অধ্যাপক; In Scotch universities the professor of Latin.

Humankind, human-kind, n. মনুব্যজাতি; মাৰব্যাতি; The human species; mankind.

Humanly, ad. মানবের রীতি অনুসারে; After the manner of man.

Humble-bee, humbl-be, n. একজাতীয় মধ্যকিকা; A large hairy bee, having nests in the ground Humble-cow, humbl-kow, n. শুসহীন গাড়ী; A cow without horns.

Humble pie, Eat humble pie—ৰাট মানা। Humble to the dust—নাটি-কৃ; Reduce the power of one to the lowest point.

Elumbug, humbug, n. [From hum, to impose on, and bug, a frightful object ] প্রতাবণা, ছল, ছললা; A hoax; trickishness:—প্রতাবক, প্রবৃদ্ধ; One who hoaxes; imposter:—v. t. প্রতাবণা, ক্ল ক্লা-ক; তামাসা-ক, To deceive, impose on; to hoax. Syn:—(n) Imposition, imposture, cheat, trick, fraud, blind, feint, chouse; charlatarry, quackery, hypocrisy, cant; cheat, charlatan, quack. (v) Trick, mislead, hoax.

Humbuggery, #. अकांत्रण ; इलना ; Practice of imposition

Humdras, a. বিবজিকষ; নির্কোধ, সামান্ত; Dull; stupid; common place, tiresome.

Humdrum, humdrum, a. মূর্ব; Dull; stupid:— স্থল ভন্ অৰ্থায়ী, Droning; monofonous:—n. মূর্বলোক; A stupid fellow.

Humoctant, hu-mektant, a. [ L. humeo, to be moist ] बरक्त डांनवानक ; Tending to increase the fluidity of the blood.

Humoctive, hū-mektiv, a. সিতকরণক্ষ , Having the power to moisten

Humoral, hū'mei-al, a. [L. humerus, the shoulder] ক্ষণেশ-সম্বায়; Belonging to the shoulder.

Humorus, hū'-mer-us, n. বৃাত্ত; The upper arm
—উক্ত স্থানের অস্থি, The bone of the upper arm.
Humhum, n. ভারতীয় নোটা কাপান বস্ত্রবিশেব, A
kind of plain, coarse, Indian cotton cloth.

Humid, hu'mid, a. [1... humadus, from humere to be moist] আৰ্দ্ধ. দিন্ত , ভিন্ধা, দেউদেহিও, Moist, damp, rather wet. n=humidness.

Humidity, hu-midi-ti, n. वार्डका ; तंक्कांक कार ; Moisture ; dampness.

Humiliate, hū-mile-at, v. t. [ L. Anmiliare ] অবলত-কু; ইনিবিয়া-কু; To depress; to lower in condition. Syn:—Humble, abase, mortify, shame, degrade, debase.

Humiliation, hū-mil-e-áshun, ম. আপাৰ্যবা; দপ্তু ; অব্যাব ; Abasement; mortification; disgrace. Syn:—Humbling, self-abasement; condescension, resignation, submission; humility, meckness, submissiveness, lowliness; indignity, affront.

Humility, hū-mile-te, n. বিনয়; নমভা; মৌজভ; Lowliness of mind; modesty. Syn:—Diffidence, humbleness, meekness, penitence, submissiveness.

Humming-bird, hunning-berd, n. কুর পকী-বিশেষ, A very small American bird.

Hummock, humuk, n. কুর পাহাড়; A rounded knoll or hillock:—নীহার কেত্রেছিত নীহার তুপ; A ridge or pile of ice on an ice-field. Same as hommock.

Humoral, G'mur-al, a. রস্প্রমীব; স্লেমা-সমূতুত; হৈম্মিক; Relating to the humours.

Humoralism, u'mur-al-izm, n. নৈশিকতা; রোগ-মণ্ড মেথাসন্থত এইবুপ মত. The doctrine that all diseases are owing to a depraved state of the humours or fluid of the body.

Humoralist, U'mui-al-ist, n. বোগসন্হ স্থো-সন্ত - এইরূপ মতবাদী, One who favours the doctrine of humoralism.

Humorist, u'mur-ist, n. বসিক লোক , রসিকতা; ভাড ; থামথেযালী , রসাভিজ্ঞ ব্যক্তি , One who has a playful fancy; a wag; a droll. Syn:—An eccentric person, oddity, wag, droll, jester, wit. Humorless, u'mui-les, a. বসহীন; বসিক্তাশৃষ্ঠ; Destitute of humour.

Eumorous, U'mur-us, a. ধান্ধেরালী; চকল; Capricious, whimsical, irregular:—কৌডুকপ্রির; হাসান্থনক; হাসোদ্দীপক; Merry; laughable. n= humorousness, ad=humorously. Syn:—Jocoe, jocular, playful, witty, pleasant, merry, funny, comical, whimsical.

Humour, U'mur, n. আর্দ্রতা, শারীবিক বস; Moisture; animal fluid:—প্রকৃতি; মনোভাব; State of mind:—থেয়াল; মনোভাব; Whim:—রসিকতা; রহস্যপ্রিয়তা, Wit:—n. t. ভূষ্ট-কৃ; পরিভূষ্ট-কৃ; To gratify; to go in with the kumour of. Syn:—(n) Bent, bias, propensity, mood; fancy, whim, caprice, frenk; facetiousness, jocularity. (v) Indulge, favour, yield to, suit, fall in with.

Hump, hump, n. [ L. umbo, any convex elevation ] 幸賀, 美麗; 寺惠; 黃彦; A lump or hunch upon the back, a protruberance. Syn:—Hunch, huckle, lump, swelling, convexity.

Humpback, humpback, n. তুজ্গুই; কুছ; A back with a hunch:—কুলোকোক; A person with a humpback. a=humpbacked (কুছা)!

Hunch, hunsh, n. [Ger. hucke, hocke] 本東; 東京: A hump, a protuberance. Syn:—Lump, knob, bunch, thick piece, hunk, push, shove, punch. Hunchback, hunshbak, n. रूपाई; One with a hunch on his back.

Bunchbacked, a. क्ला; Having a crooked back. [क्ला; Division of a shire. Hundred, hundred, n. क्लाइ; 100:—अरम्ब Hundred-fold, hundred-fold, a. ब्लाइ; A hundred times as much; multiplied by a hundred. Hundred mote, n. Meeting of the free men of the hundred for legislative or judicial purposes.

Hundredth, hundredth, a. শৃত সংবাদ ; শৃততাৰ্; Coming last or forming one of a hundred; the ordinal of a hundred:—n. শৃততামাংশ; One of too equal parts into which one whole is directed; one of a hundred.

Hundred-weight, hundred-wat, n. ওজৰ পরিমাণ বিবেশ ; ইম্মার ; A denomination of weight,
usually denoted by Cwt. containing according
to different laws or customs 100, 112, 120
pounds avoidupois ; the 20th part of a ton.
Hung, Past tense and past participle of Hang.
Hunger, hung'ger, n. [A. S. hungur, hunger] মুখা; Desire for food; eager desire or
want of food:—বলবতা সুহা; Strong desire :—
v. i. ইমান্ত, মতাত ইছা-ড়; মুখ্ড-ড়, To long
for to desire food; to crave food. Syn:—(n)
Craving appetite, appetence, (v) Long for,
wish, desire eagerly; famish, starve.

Hunger-bitten, hung'ger-bitn, a. কুণা খাৰ। উংগীডিত; কুংপীড়িত; Pained or weakened by hunger.

Hungry, hung'gre, a. ক্ষিত; Feeling hunger; greedy:—বোৰূপ, অত্যন্ত ইন্দুক; Having an eager desire:—অবুৰ্ধন্ন; Not rich or fertile; barren; poor:—কৃশ; Lean. ad=hungrily. Syn:—Dssiring food, famishing, craving, ravenous, covetous, greedy; lean, emaciated, meagre.

Hunk, n. বৃহৎ ৰাভ ; A large lump or piece. Hunker, n. বৃহণ্ণীল ব্যক্তি, A conservative; fogy; one opposed to progress in politics.

Hunks, hungks, n. কুপণ ব্যক্তি; লোভীজন; অর্থ-লোলুণ ব্যক্তি; A covetious, sordid man; a miser. Hunt, hunt, n. [A. S. huntsan, to hunt] মুগরা; Chase of wild animals:—অনুসমান; অনুসমা; Search; pursuit:—িশ্বাবিদের সভা; An association of huntsmen:—v. t. মুগরা-কৃ; বক্তজন্ত শিকারক; To chase wild animals for sport or game:—অনুধাবন বা পশ্চাকান-কৃ; অনুসমান-কৃ; To search for, to tollow after; to pursue:—v. t. শিকার করিতে বাহিন-ফ্; To go out in pursuit of game:—অনুসমান-কৃ; To search. Syn:—(v) Chase, pursue, follow after; seek, look for.

Hunt counter—Go back on one's steps. Hunt down—উৎপীড়ন করিয়া বিশ্বস্ত-কু; উৎপীড়ন ধানা বিনাপ-কু; Pursue till found or till destroyed, to destroy by persecution or violence.

Hunt for up or after—অনুসন্ধান-কৃ; Seek. Hunt out from—বহিন্ত-কৃ; Drive out. Hunt the slipper, n. কীড়া বিশেষ; A game. Hunt up—অনুসন্ধান-কৃ; অবেবণ-কৃ; Seek for; week; drive up.

"Hunter, hunder, n. बांब ; निकादी ; One who

chases: —শিকারের কন্ত ঘোড়া; Hunting horse;— শিকারী কুকুর; Hunting dog:—ধাডুমর আবরণবিশিষ্ট পংসা ঘড়ি; A hunting watch. fem=huntress.

Hunting-horn, n. ব্ৰ-পিলা; Bugle.

Hunting-808t, hunting-52t, Hunting-box, hunting-boks, n. মুগমার্থ অহারী আবাস; মুগমাহনী; Temporary residence for hunting.

Huntaman, huntsman, n. পিকারী; ব্যাধ; A hunter; one who practises hunting:—কুকুর-পালক ভূডা; কুকুর-বন্দক ভূডা, A servant who manages the hounds during the chase.

Huntsmanship, huntsman-ship, n. পিকারিয় কৌশল; মুগয়া-কৌশল; Skill of a huntsman.

Hurdle, hur'dl, n. চুবড়ী; बाकदी; Frame of sticks, woven together; a grate:-ভাকরীর স্থার বোহ বা কাষ্টের ক্বাটাদি; A movable frame of split timber or iron for gates, &c. :-- v. t. (45)-দে; জাকরী দিয়া বেডা দেওয়া; To enclose with [ A musical stringed instrument. hurdles. Hurdy-gurdy, hur'di-gur'di, n. बागायत विरम्ब: Hurl, hurl, v. t. वलपूर्वक निरक्त भ-कू ; मदल निरक्त কু, To throw with violence:—বলপুৰ্বাক উচ্চাৰণ-কু; জোর দিয়া উচ্চারণ-ক ; To utter with vehemence :v.i. ক্রভবেশে পরিভ্রমণ-কু; To move rapidly:-- ঘর্ণিড ह ; To whirl :-- निर्माण बांद्री अस-क् ; To make a noise by throwing :-- n. নিকেপ; Throw; a cast; a fling :-- গতগোল , গোলমাল ; Tumult ; commotion. n = hurler. Syn :- Throw, fling, project. sling, cast, send, toss.

Hurly, Hurly-burly, hur'li-bur'li, n. গোল-মাল; গওগোল; বিশ্থলতা; Confusion; bustle; tumult.

Hurrah, Hurra, hoor-ra', ন. বিশ্বয় ও জানজস্চক জানি ; জয়গানি ; An exclamation of excitement or joy.

Hurricane, hur're-kan, n. প্রচন্দ্রালা বা প্রবল মুনি ; প্রবল মুনি বাজা; Violent storm; tornado; tempest.

[ the hurricane blows.

Hurricane months, n. Months during which

Hurry, hur're, v. t. [ A. S. hreran, to move hastily] মুনাক; মুনামিত-ক; মুনামানক; ম

Be in a hurry—(কোন কাথ্য করিবার নিমিন্ত) ব্যক্তন্মন্ত হওয়; Be in haste to do something (denoting generally a confusion and want of collected thought).

Hurry-skurry, hur'i-skur'i, ad. পোলবাল; গোলবোগপুৰ্ক ; In a bustle or confusion; confusedly:—n. গোলবাল; Confusion and bustle.

Hurt, hurt, v. t. [A. S. hyrt, hurt] পিড়া-ৰে '
বাধা দেৱনা, To wound; pain:—ক্রেল-দে; To grieve:—ক্রি-ক; To damage:—n. অহাধিধা; আবাড; বাধা; A wound; injury; harm; disadvantage. Syn:—(v) Wound, bruise, injure, damage, impair, grieve, annoy, (n) Bruise, injury; damage, detriment, loss, wrong.

Eurtful, hurtfool, a. शीक्षकव : दिःख . अनव 'ते ; क्रिकांबक : Causing hurt : injurious . mischievous. ad=hurtfully, n=hurtfulness. Syn .—Pernicious, destructive, harmful, baneful, prejudicial, detrimental, disadvantageous noxious. unwholesome.

Eurtle, hurtl, ৩. ৫. আন্ধিক্ত.কু, প্রচন্তবেরে পবি-চালিত-কু; To dash against, to move violently: —বনংকার করান, প্রশার সংবর্গ ছারা অন্ধ করান; To clash; to rattle,

Hurtless, hurtles, a. निर्फाची ; अनलकाती . निरोह , Without hurt or injury ; harmless. ad=hurtlessly, n=hurtlessness.

Husband, huźband, n. [A. S. hûsbonda, the master of the house or family] পতি, কামী, A man wedded to a woman —কৰ্তা; গৃচকামী. The manager of a house-hold; the head of a family:—v. t. পরিষত থবাচে চালা: To manage with economy, be thrifty — ভূমি কর্বা-কু; To cultivate (land); till; to supply with a husband. Syn:—(n) Spouse, consort, partner, manager, economist.

[mer; tiller, cultivator.

Husband-man, huźband-man, n কুনক: A tar-Husbandry, huźband-re, n. কুলি. কুনিকানা; Tillage, agriculture —প্ৰিমিত বাব . মিত্ৰাবিতা, Economical management; thrift. Syn — Farming, cultivation of the soil, tillage; domestic economy, frugality.

Hush, hush, int or imp. পান্ত হও; ধান; Silence, be still:—v. t. শান্ত-কু. ধানান, To make quiet:—a. বিবন্ধ; বান্ত; Silent, quiet Syn:—(v) Calm, silence, appease; suppress, conceal.

Hush-money, hushmuni, n. উৎকোচ; চুপচাপ থাকিবার কম্ম ঘুব; Bribe to secure clence

Hush up—পোণন-কু, নিলাজনক বিষয় জাইণা আব লোলমাল না করা; আর উচ্চবাচা না করা; Suppress in silence; to conceal; see that no further noise is made about (some disagreeable affair); surpress or keep concealed.

Husk, husk, n. [D hu'sche, Ger. hulse, A. S helan, to conceal, cover] খোৰা, ভূষ; Rough shell of fruits or seeds:—n.t. ভূষ শুস্ত-কূ. খোনা বাহিৰ-কু; To strip off; to remove the husks from. Syn:—(n) Shell, glume, hun, chaff.

Husked, huskt. a. তুৰন্ত ; Stripped of husks, deprived of husks.

Huskiness, huske-ness, n. তুৰ্বাতা; State of being husky, roughness of sound. Syn:—Harshness, hoarseness, raucity.

Husking, husking, n. তুব নিকাশন ; খোনা ছাড়ান , The stripping off of husks.

Husky, huske. a. ভগ্ৰৱ; ক্ৰডিকটু; Rough in sound; not clear as the voice, hoarse:—নতুৰ; ত্ৰৱ; Abounding with, consisting of, or like husks. ad = huskily, n=huskiness. Syn:—Dry, shrivelled; hoarse, raucous, harsh.

Husser, hooz-zar', n. অবাৰচ দৈন্ত বিশেষ : হাসারী ৰাজ্যের অবারোহী দৈক্ত; Light horse-soldier; armed Hungarian.

Hussif, huźif, n. | Ice. husi, a case—hus, a house ] হতা বাধিবাৰ আগাব; A case of threads. Hussy, huźe, n. ছপ্তা প্রাপ্তিক, বযুচিতা বী, An ill-behaved woman or girl; a jade, pert girl.
Syn: -Wench, quean, a jade.

Hustings, hustingz, n. [Ice. hus. a house, and thing, an assembly ] পার্লেমেন্টর সভা নির্বাচন মঞ্চ. Platform for election business:—কাৰন নগরের প্রধান বিচাবালয়; Citymote; the principal court of the City of London.

Hustle, huil, v f [D hutselen, hutsen, to shape] বিশুখনভাবে আণোডিড-কু; বিশুখনভাৱ সহিত একত্রে আণোডিড-কু, বাকা মারা: To shake together in confussion; jostle:—বলপুর্বক সালাগাদি কয়িছা জমা-কু, To crowd with violence. Syn:—Push, thrust, jog, justle, elbow, crowd.

Hut, hut, n. [F. hute] কুটাব; পৰ্যপালা; Poor or temporary cottage, lodging:—v. t কুটারে ছাপিডফু; সেনানিবেশেব ভাব অপানী আবাসে ছাপন-ফু; To place in huts, as quarters, to lodge in huts as troops in winter quarters. Syn:—(n) Cot, cabin, hovel, shed.

Hutch, buch, n. [L. hutica, a box ] সিমুক, থবগোস বাধিশার বান্ধ, Chest, box for keeping rabbits:—বান বিশেষ, A low wheeled car in a mine —ইকুর ধবিবাব ফীন; A rat-trap. Syn.—Chest, box coffer, bin, safe, cupboard, trap.

Huzza, hon/-za', n জয়জনি. A shout of triumph or joy — v t. জয়জনি-দে, To receive or attend with shouts of joy — v t জয়জনি কু. To utter shouts of joy or acclamation — interj. সাবাস; জয়জনি. Hurrah.

Hyacinth, hi'a-sinth, n উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ, A wellknown beautiful, bulbous plant —বহুমূল্য প্ৰশ্ব ৰামণি বিশেষ, A preciou stone -পুন্দ বিশেষ; A flower —a Hyacinthine (made of or like a hyacynth)

Hyades, h'a-dt, Hyade, h'adr, n. fl [Gr. hycin, to rain] নক্রবালি, নক্ষপ্র বিশেষ, A cluster of five stars in the constellation of Taurus, Hyæna, n. See Hyena.

Hyaline, h'a-lin, a. [Gr. hyalos, glass] 啊暖; 香菇冬、Glassy; transparent.

Hybrid, hibrid, n. [L. hybrida, allied to G. hubris, wantonness] হৈলাভীৰ জীব বা উদ্ভিদ ; ৰচ্চত্ৰ ; A mongrel plant or animal, a mule. a=mongrel Syn:—Mongrel, mule.

Hybrid, hibrid, Hybridous, hib-rid-us, a. विकारीय, नवत. Produced from the mixture of two species, mongrel

Hybridism, hibrid-izm, Hybridity, hibrici ti, n. থচরত , থিজাতীযত ; State of being hybrid.

Hydatid, hida-tid, n. [Gr. hydatos, water] জন্ত্ৰণৰীয়ত জনপূৰ্ণ কোষ, A watery cyst or vesicle sometimes found in animal bodies.

Hydra, h'dra, n [Gr hydor, water] কামনিক বঙলাঁইক সাপ , জনসৰ্প ; Water-snake with the many heads which when cut off were succeeded by others, a celebrated water-serpent with seven heads, which infested lake Lerna. As fast as one head was cut off, who sprang up in its stead :—বহু সন্ত্ৰকবিশিষ্ট বাক্স ; A monster with many heads —বহুল জনিষ্ট, Any manifold evilof one not to be repressed by a single effort. Hydra-headed, a. वह भवक्विभिष्टे; Having many heads always growing.

Hydrangea, त. চারাগাছ ; A plant.

Hydrant, hi'drant, n. [Gr. hydor, water] জন উড়োলন কৰিবাৰ কন ; A water-plug ; a machine for discharging water ; street fountain.

Hydraulic, hi-drawlik, Hydraulical, hi-drawlik-al, a. [Gr hydor, waters, aulos, a pipe] তরল পদার্থের গতিবিষয়ক, পরোবাহী: Relating to water in motion, conveying water — হলের সাহায্যে কবিলর; Worked by water.

Hydraulios, n pl. তরল পদার্থের গতিবিষ্মক বিদ্যা; তরল পদার্থের গতি বিজ্ঞান; The science relating to the action of fluids in motion.

Hydrocele, n. অবকোৰে কৰ বৃদ্ধি; Dropsy of the serotum or of the covering of the testicles or spermetic cord.

Hydrocephalus, hī-dro-sela-lus, n. [Gr. hydor, water, and kephale, the head] মুখ্যে জনস্থায়; Water in the head, dropsy of the brain.

Hydrodynamic, Hydrodinamical, a. জনের সক্রিমস্কায়; Pertaining to the dynamics or force of water.

Hydrodynamics, hi'-dro-di-namiks, n. pl জলের শক্তিসম্পায় বুবজান; তরল পদার্থের পতি এবং সামাাবস্থাৰ বিজ্ঞান, The science relating to the dynamics or force of water. a-hydrodynamic, hydrodinamical.

Hydrogen, hi'dro-jen, n. [ A word coined by Cavendish ( 1766 ) from Gr. hydor, water, and gen-nao, to produce ] উদজাৰ, A gas found in water a phydrogenous.

Hydrographor, hi-drog'ra-fer, n. যিনি সামুদ্রিক জ্ঞানবে বিষয় বাদন করেন, সমুদ্রের মানচিত্রকর; Marine surveyor.

Hydrography, hi-drog'ra-fi, n. [Gr. hydor, water, grapho, to write ] জনতার; সমুদ্রের মান্তির বিদ্যা, Knowledge of the seas and waters of the world; the art of making sea-charts a = hydrographic, hydrographical. ad=hydrographically.

Hydrology, hi-drolo-ji, n [Gr. hydor, water, logos, a discourse] জ্বাবিজ্ঞান, বাবিবিজ্ঞান, Knowledge of the properties of water, science of water.

Hydrometer, hi-dromet-er, n [Gr hydor, water, metron, a measure] তরল পদার্থের আপেক্রিক গুরুত্ব পরিমাপক বস্ত্র, An instrument for measuring the specific gravity of liquids

Hydropathist, hi-drop'a-thist, n. ৰল-চিকিংসক; One who practises hydropathy.

Hydropathy, hi-drop'a-thi, n [Gr. hydor, water, and pathos, suffering] जन-छिक्रिता; Cold water cure; the treatment of diseases by the copious and frequent use of pure cold water. a=hydropathic, hydropathical, ad=hydropathically.

Bydrophobia, hi-dro-fū'bi-a, n. [Gr. hydor, water, and phobos, fear ] অলাতত্ব ; শুগাল-কুক্ৰাদি অন্ধ্ৰ হংগল অন্ধ্ৰ পীড়া , Apreturnatemal dread of water ; dog-madness. a=hydrophobic.

Hydropsy, hidrop-si, Same as Dropsy.

Hydrostatios, hi-dro-statiks, n. pl. অস পণিত; তবল পণাৰ্থ বিজ্ঞান; Laws of the equilibrium and pressure of fluids; the science of fluids when at rest. a = hydrostatic, hydrostatical. ad= hydrostatically.

Hydrothorax, দ. বক্ষনে অন্যক্ষ, Water in Hyemal, hi-e'mal, a [L hiems, water] শীত-কালসংকাৰ, শীতকালীয়; শীতকালে কৃত; Belonging to winter, done during winter.

Hyena, Hyaena, hi-eha, n. [Gr. hys, a sow] ভরক্লাতীর অধ্বিশেব, তথকু, A grisly quadruped of the dog kind, a fierce animal of the wolf kind. Hygeian, hi-je'an, a. [Gr. hygreia, health] বাহ্যবক্ষা-সংক্ষায়, বাহ্য-সম্বন্ধীয়, Relating to health and its preservation.

Hygiene, hi'ji-ën, Hygienies, hi-ji-ehiks, Hygieniem, hi'ji-en-izm, n. শরীৰপালন বা বায়্যু বকা বিষয়ক বিজ্ঞান; The art of health. a=hygienic. (বায়াস্বকীয়; Pertaining to hygiene, sanatory) Hygienist, hi'ji-en-ist, n. শরীৰপালনবিদ্যাবিং:

Hygionist, niji-en-ist, श. न्यावनावनावम्। याद्याविमाविनावन : One skilled in hygiene.

Hygrometer, hi-gromet-er, n. [Gr. hygros, wet, metron, a measure] বাবুদত্তের আর্ত্রতা পরিনাপক বয়; An instrument for measuring the moisture in the atmosphere.

Hygrometry, hi'-gromet-ri, n বাব্যখনের আর্দ্র-তার পনিমাণ; ৰাব্যখন বা শরীরের আর্দ্রতা পরিমাণ করি-বার বিদ্যা, Determination of the moisture in the atmosphere, and of bodies generally.

Hygroscope, hi gro-skop, n. [Gr. hygros, wet, skopeo, to view ] বায়ৰভাৱ আৰ্ত্ৰতা আপুক বয়; An instrument for showing whether there is more or less moisture in the atmosphere, but not its amount. a=hydroscopic.

Hymen, himen, n. প্রজাপতি; কামদেব; The Goddess of marriage. a=hymeneal, hymenean. Hymeneal, hi-men-ট'al, a বিবাহনপ্রীয়, Pertaining to marriage. Syn:—Nuptial matrimonial, bridal, conjugal, connubial.

Hymn, him, n [Gr humnos, a festive song] থোতা; Song of adoration or praise, a religious song:—v. t. ভচন গান-কৃ, স্বতিগান-কৃ, To celebrate in song; to worship by singing hymns.—v. i স্ততিগান-কৃ, মুশোগান-কৃ, To sing in praise or adoration a=hymnic Syn—(n) Sacred ode, devotional poem, secred lyric.

Hymnal, n ভদ্দনপুত্ৰক, A book of hymns. Hymno, himinik, a. ভোত্ৰসম্মীয়; Relating to hymns.

Hymnologist, him-nolo-jist, n. অবদানা-লেখক; খোত্ৰবেক, A writer of hymns, a composer of hymns

Hymnology, him-noloji, n. [Gr. hymnos, a hymn, logos, a discourse] স্থবালা; স্থোত্ত-সংক্রছ; The science which treats of hymns; a collection of hymns.

Hypallage, hi-pala-je, n [Gr. hypo, under, and allasso, to change] বাৰ্যালয়ৰ বিশেষ, A rhetorical figure consisting of a transference of attributes from their proper subjects to others.

Hyperbaton, hi-per'ba-ton, n. [Gr. hypor,

beyond, and baino, to go ] বাক্যালকার বিশেষ ; A rhetorical figure by which words are tranposed from their natural order.

Hyperbola, hi-pêr'bo-la, n. [ Gr. hyper, beyond, balle, to throw ] জামিতিক কেত্ৰ বিশেষ ; A curve formed by a section of the cone, when the cutting plain makes a greater angle with the base than the side of the cone makes. a= hyperbolic, hyperbolical. ad=hyperbolically.

Hyperbole, hi-per bo-le, n. অত্যক্তি; অভিবৰ্ণনা ; अनुकात विराम्य ; Exaggeration ; a figure of speech which expresses more or less than the truth. a= hyperbolic, hyperbolical. ad=hyperbolically.

Hyperbolise, hī-per-bol-īz, v. t. अधिक क्रिजा ৰ্থনা-ৰু; To represent hyperbolically :--অত্যক্তি-

; To exaggerate.

Hyperborean, hi-per-bore-an, a. [ G. huperboreos, beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north ] স্পুর উত্তদেশীয় ; অতি উত্তবস্থ ; অতিশয় শীভন ; Far north; arctic; very cold; frigid:-n. 明日 উত্তরদেশ্য বোক: An inhabitant of the extreme

Hypercritic, hi-per-kritik, n. কুল সমালোচক; कृ विशासिक , One is who over critical; a captious censor; an over-rigid critic. a=hypercritic, hypercritical.

Hypercritic, hi-per kritik, Hypercritical, hi-per-kritik-al, a. कृष्ठ मगारमाध्न श्रिष्ठ ; Overcritical. ad = hypercritically. n = hypercriticism. Hypercriticise, v. t. रूस नमालाध्ना-कृ, To criticise with too much nicety. n=Hypercriticism ( नांदन मंत्रात्नांहना ; captious criticism. )

Hyperion, n. तोनार्याद भागर्न ; Apollo, a model of manly beauty.

Hypermetrical, hi-per-matrik-al, a. अधिविक প্ৰাংশ স্থায়িত; Having a syllable too much. having a redundant syllable Syn -Overcritical, excessively nice, unjustly severe. [ बलोकिक , Supernatural captious.

Hyperphysical, hi-per-fizik-al, a. অशश्रीवक . Hypertrophy, hi-per-tro-fi, n. [Gr. hyper, and trophe, nourishment, trepho, to nourish ] অতি পোষণ ভক্ত ছুলভাপ্রাপ্ত অকের অবস্থা; The state of an organ, or part of the body, when it is augmented from over-nourishment.

Hyphen, hifen, n. [ Gr. hypo, under, hen, one ] न्रावाक किए ; A short stroke joining two syllables or words into one (-).

Hypnotic, hip-notik, a. [G. hupnoun, to lull to sleep, from hupnos, sleep] निष्ठाकावक ; Tending to produce sleep; soporific. Syn: - Soporific, somniferous, narcotic, soporiferous.

Hypnotism, hip'no-tizm, n. [Gr. hypnos, sleep] কৃত্তিম উপায়জনিত নিজাভাগ ; A sleep-like condition produced by artificial means; the mesmeric sleep,

Hypochondria, hip-v-kondre-a, n. [Gr. hypo. under, chondros, a cartilage ) हिरखायां ; विवाप ; লাখনিক রোগ: Melancholy; a nervous malady. a=hypochondriac. Syn:—Spleen, vapors, depression, low spirits.

Hypochondrise, hip-o-kondri-ak, a. रिना; চিত্তোত্মাদ সম্বাদ ; Melancholy :-- ॥ हिल्लाबामध्य ব্যক্তি, One affected with hyprochondria.

Hypocrisy, he-pokre-se, n. [G. hupokrisis, acting a part ] কণ্টতা ; ভণাৰি ; ভাণ ; Dissimulation; the assuming of a false appearance of virtue or religion. Syn :- Deceit, deception, pretence, imposture, deceitful appearance; pharisaism, formalism, sanctimoniousness, cant. Hypocrite, hip'ট-krit, n. কণ্টা; ভe; One who practises hypocrisy; a pretender to virtue or piety which he has not. Syn: - Dissembler, feigner, deceiver, impostor.

Hypocritic, hip-o-krifik, Hypocritical, hip-ত-kritik-al, a. ৰণটা , ৰণটাচায়ী ; Dissimulating. ad=hypocritically. Syn:-Dessembling, insincere, false, hollow, deceitful; pharisaical, sanctimonious, canting.

Hypogastric, hip-o-gastrik, a. [Gr. hypo, under, gaster, the belly ] তলপেটের আগায়ান সংক্রান্ত : Belonging or situated in the middle of the lower part of the abdomen.

Hypostasis, hi-posta-sis, n. [ G. hupostasis. from hupo, under, and histasthai, to stand ] ঈবরের এক একটা বতর বলপ পদার্থ; অযান্তক; State of being; existence. Syn:—Subsistence, substance, person, personality; principle, element. Hypotenuse, hi-poten-us, n. [Gr. hypo, under, and tane, to stretch ] ममाकां बिज्ञासत कर्न (तथा : र्का, The side of a right angled triangle opposite to the right angle.

Hypothecate, hi-pothe-kat, v. t. [ Gr. hypo. under, tithemi, to place] क्र-त , To mortgage. n=hypothecation.

Hypothesis, hi-pothe-sis, n. [Gr. hypo under. tithemi, to place] অনুমান ; Supposition, assumption, proposition or principle taken for granted. Hypothetic, hi-po-thefik, Hypothetical, hi-po-thetik-al, a. अनुगामनिक; अनुगामनभूकोग्र; Conditional. ad = hypothetically.

Hyson, hi'son, n. का वित्यव , A fragrant species of green tea from China. [ aromatic plant. Hyssop, hisup, n. डेवर विरम्प ; डेडिएविएमप ; An Hysteric, historik, Hysterical, his-terik-al, a. [Gr. hystera, the womb] মুহ্ছা বোপারত; Convulsive; affected with hysterics.

Hysterics, histeriks, Hysteria, his-teria, s. মৃচ্ছা স্নোগ : Nervous fits of women.

Hysteron-protern, n. बांक्रांनकांत्र वित्नव : क्रांत-শান্তের নিমন বিপন্যম; An inversion of logical order.

L, 1, ইংরাজী বর্ণমালার নবম অক্ষর; The 9th letter of the English alphabet.

I, i, pron. আমি; অস্থাচক সর্কনাম শব্দ . The nominative case singular of the first personal pronoun.

Iambio, i-ambik, lambus, i-ambus, n. [Gr. iambos, from iapto, to assail] চন্দ্ৰ বিশেষ; A short and a long foot syllable. a=iambic.

Iambic, i-ambik, a. উক্ত ছব্দে নিধিত বা পূৰ্ণ ; Consisting of iambics.

Ibox, i'beks, n. পাৰ্কভীর ছাগ বিশেষ; A wild goat of the Alps and of the mountains of Europe.

Ibis, ibis, n. পকী বিশেষ; An Egyptian holy bird. Icarian, a. ছু:সাহসিক; Daringly adventurous. Ioe, is, n. [A. S. is] বরক; Congealed water:—
v t. বরকাত্ত-কৃ. To cover with ice:—বরকে পরিপত-কৃ; To turn into ice:—क्योउ-कृ. To freeze.
Syn.—Frozen water; concreted sugar, frosting.
Iceberg, isberg, n. ভাসমান ত্বাব-পর্বত; ভাসমান
বরক্ত্প, Mountain of ice floating on the ocean.
Ice-blink, isblingk, (or blink of the ice),
n. চক্রবাল সন্নিধানে বরক হইতে প্রতিক্লিত উক্লেল মূর্ট্ট;

Ice-boat, i-bot, n. বৰকের উপর দিবা বাইবার নৌকা; A boat or sledge to pass on the ice.

Bright appearance seen over ice.

Ice-bound, isbound, a. বরসংযুত, বরকরেইড; Blocked up in ice. [ কুল্লী বরক, Iced confectionery. Ice-cream, iskrēm, Iced-cream, iskrēm, n. tce-field, iśfēld, n. বরক-কেন্ত; A large field or sheet of ice; an extensive sheet of ice.

Ice-float, isflot, Ice-floe, isflo, n. ভাসমান বরক-রাশি; A large mass of floating ice.

Ico-house, ishows, n. হিমগৃহ; ত্রীক্ষালে বরক রাখিবার গৃহ; A house of preserving ice during warm weather. [ting ice.

Ice-island, n. ভাসমান বরক-দ্বীপ . An ice of iloa-Ice-man, n. বরক-ব্যবসারী ; A dealer in ice.

Icepack, ispak, n. গৃঢ়সম্ম ভাসমান প্ৰকাশ বৰক-স্থানি Drifting ice packed together.

Iceplant, isplant, n. বয়কারত সদৃশ পত্রসম্বিত বৃক্ষ;
A plant whose leaves appear as if covered with ice.

Ichneumon, ik-nu'mun, n. [Gr. ichneuo, to hunt after] ৰকুল, বেজী, A kind of weazel:—
কীট বিশেষ; A genus of insect.

lehnograph, Ichnography, ik-nog'raf-1, n [ Gr. ichnos, a track, grapho, to grave ] অছন; হুণ্ডেভিন্ন চিত্ৰ; Ground plan. a=1chnographic, ichnographical, ad=ichnographically.

lehnology, ik-noloj-i, n. [Gr. ichnos, a track, a foot-print, and logos, discourse ] প্ৰজেপ-চিত্ বিভাৰ; The science of fossil footprints. Ichor, ikor, n. [Gr. ictor, to sprinkle] ক্ত ংইতে জনীয় পদাৰ্থের আৰ; কত হুইতে সকলাৰ; Au acrid, watery discharge from an ulcer. a— Ichorous (জনীয়; watery; serous).

Ichthyography, ik-thi-og'ra-fi, n. [Gr. ich-thyos, a fish, grapho, to write ] মংসের বিষয়া সম্
ষিত পুত্তক : A description of treatise on fishes.

Ichthyolite, ikthi-o-lit, n. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish, and lithos, a stone] প্রস্তাপ্ত সংস্য, সংস্যৃতিহ; A fossil fish; the impression of fish in a rock. Ichthyologist, ik-thi-olo-jist, n. সংস্যৃতিজ্ঞান্তিং;

One versed or skilled in ichthyology.

Ichthyology, ik-thi-olo-ji, n. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish, logos, discourse, science] মংসাবিজ্ঞান, The branch of zoology that treats of fishes; knowledge of fishes. a=ichthyological.

Ichthyophagous, ik-thi-of'a-gus, a. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish, phago, to eat ] মৎস্যভাৱী; মৎস্য-ভোজী, Eating or subsisting on fish.

Iohthyosaurus, n. [Gr. tchthyos, a fish, sauros, a lizard] সামৃত্রিক সরীত্রপ বিশেষ ; A genus of extinct carnivorous marine reptiles.

Ioicle, ili-ki, n. তুথার-ক্ৰিকা; তুবার-ক্ৰা, Hanging shoot of ice.

Icing, ising, n. बदक वा लानामांत्र किनित्र आवदन ; A covering of ice or concreted sugar.

Iconoclasm, i-końo-klazm, n. প্রতিষ্ঠি চুণীক্ষণ ; Breaking of images.

Iconoclast, i-koho-klast, n. [Gr. eikon, an image, and klastes, a breaker—klao, to break] প্রতিমা-চুৰ্কারী; Image-breaker:—One who exposes or shams.

Iconolator, i-kon-ofa-ter, n. [Gr. eikon, an image, and latres, worshipper] প্ৰতিমাপুল্ক; A worshipper of images. n=iconolatri.

Iconology, i-kon-olo-ji, n. [Gr. eskon, ar image, and logos, science] প্ৰতিমা প্ৰাৰ মত, The doctrine of images.

Icosahedral, i-kos-a-hē'dral, এ. সমবিংশ পাৰ্থ বা মুখমভল বিশিষ্ট; Having twenty equal sides or faces. [ sides or faces

Icosahedron, n. A solid having twenty equal Icy, i'e, a ব্যক্ত শীভল; শীভাৰ; কুমানময়; Cold as ice, frosty, chilling. ad=fily, n=iciness. Syn.—Cold, frosty, chilling glacial; frigid, indifferent.

Idea, i-de'a, n. [G. idea, from idein, to see ]
মত; চিন্তা; বিশাস; কলনা, A notion; thought;
opinion; imagination. Syn:—Concept; archetype. form, pattern, essence; impression,
apprehension, thought, fancy, conceit; belief,
judgment, supposition, sentiment.

Form an idea of-अपूचर-कृ, Conceive, ima-

Ideal, i-de'al, a. কলনা-সন্তুত, মানসিক, Existing in idea or thought, mental —কলিড, Uniteal —কলিড, Uniteal করিউ চরম, আদেশকাপ, Perfect best —n. উৎকুট আদেশ, The highest concept in of any thing, a stand rd of perfection, heau, NC Syn—(a) Intellectual, mental, visionary, uniteal, imaginary, chimerical, shadowy, dreamy Idealisation, i-de-al-i/a hun, n কলনা করণ, উচ্চতম কলনাম উন্নয়ন, The act of ferming the idea, or of raising to the highest concept on

Idealise, i-de'al-ir, v ধ কলনা কু, কলনা বিধৰণ-কু, আদৰ্শ-কু, Fancy, to raise to the highest conception — v s. কল্পা-কু, To form ideas. n = idealisation

Idealism, I-dc'al-i/m n মাধানাদ, বাজাসভূত পদার্থসমূহ করনামাত , The theory that denies the existence of matter { the doctume of idealism Idealist, i-dc'al ist i মাধাবাদী, One who held. Idealistic, i-dc-al is ik, a সাধাব্দ-সন্ধনীয় , Pertaining to idealists or to idealism

Ideality, i-d'-ifi-ii n ব'লি পজি দৌলাও পুৰ্বি আন্ন-বিত্ত প্ৰক্ষাজি A hyely ima\_in ition united to a love of beauty — চরমে ংকর , The quality of being ideal.

Idem, n The same or above,—al breviated id Identical, i-destinal a L ident, the same ] আনস্থা, একই. তাং ই হ'ল, The same not-different administration lly n= controllesse.

Identical with—এবই, ভিন্ন লংহ, The same as, not different from

Identify, s-deń s-ti, গ t { L sdem, the same and facto, to make প্রতিগতন কু, স্বাচ কু le make to be the same to prove to be the same —এক ক' হ'র কু, পুষ্ট ব্লিয়া নির্মাণন কু, স্বাচ কু, lo make to the same to determine or prove to the same —গ ঃ অভিন কু, To become the same coalesce in best purpose, use check as n=1 identification.

Identify with—উত্তর এক হালোপা ক Consider to be the same ineffect with – মাজুৰ কাপা ক বিজের মত গণাকু, Make another's cause of interest one sown

Identity, i-dente-te n [L idem the same ছুলাতা, বৰুপতা, অ হতা, একছ, অভিনয়, Ihe state of being the same, sameness. Syn — One nees, sameness.

Ideogram, Ideograph, n A pictoral representation of a visible object or an abstract thought, a receipt

Ideographic, i -e-o-gra".k Ideographical, id-e-o-gra'.k-al, a [ Gr ideo, idea, grapho to write ] চিত্ৰ'কন ধাৰা মনোভাৰ প্ৰকাশক, Representing ideas by pictures instead of words

Ideology, 1-de-ofo-je, n. [Gr idea, idea logos, discourse ] বজনা বিজ্ঞান, মনোবিজ্ঞান, The science of ideas, metaphysics. Syn —Pneumatology, psychology, metaphysics.

Ides, n 1/2 The 15th day of March, May, Jul, and October and the 13th of other months.

Idiocrasy, id-1-okra-si, Idiosyncrasy, id-1-

o-sinkra-si, n [Gr. idios, peculiar, and krasis. a mixing] ব্যক্তিগত শাৰীৱিক অবস্থা; ব্যক্তিগত প্ৰকৃতির বিশেষত্ব, Individual peculiarity of constitution. a = idiosyncratic.

Idiocy, ide-ö-se, Idiotoy, idi-ut-si, n. মুড়া i মুণ্ডা, Insanty, foolishness. Syn.—Imbecility, tatuity, mental weakness, folly.

Idiom, idi-um, Idiotism, n [Gr. idioma, peculiarity—idioo, make one's own—idios one's own বিকশন্তি, ভাষাসত বিশেষ তত্ব; Mode of expression peculiar to a tongue a=idiomatic, uliomatic il

Idiomatic, id-i-o-mark Idiomatical, id-i-o-mar-ik-al, a ভাষাগত বিশেষজাক্ত্যায়ী, Pertaining to the peculiar mode of expression which belongs to a language ad=idiomatically

Idiopathic, id i-o-pathik, a অপুৰোগ হইতে অপুৰ-পদ্ম (মোলিক) যোগ স্থ্যীয়, Primary, ad-idiopathically

Idiopathy, id-i op'a-thi ল [Gr idios, peculi ir painos suffering ] আদিবোগ, মোলিক রোগ, P imary disease.

Idiosyncracy, See Idiocrasy

Idiot, ide-ut n [G idiotis, a private person]
ফু.েৰে ক অক্সৰ কি, One without understanding a foolish or unwise person. Syn —linbecile, natural, innocent, simpleton, fiolish person [কড়া, Imbecility, folly.

Idiotoy, in ut si. Idiocy, ich o a n n n stat. Idiotic, id-i otik. Idiotical, id-i-otik il, a. If, Fooli h, sottish ad-adotic illy.

Idiotism, ici ut-izm, n ভাষ্য ধাৰা, An idiom. Idle, i di a ি A S ide', ydel ] শমবিমূগ অলম, অবাপুত, Lazy unemployed — শনাবস্তক, কিশ্বিক, Useless, u uniportant, trifling — r : অবস্তুত্ব ক্রিলেপ-কু, বুগা নছ-কু To spend in idleness; wiete, consume mekher idleness, ad-idly hin —(a, Indolent sluegish, slothful, vacant, unused useless, ineffectual, unprofitable, unity ling, futile vain, trifling, trivial, frivolous, uni nportant, foolish.

'dleness, n আলন্ত, অনুমন্তা; Indolence; sloth. Idlor, n অনুমন্ত্রাকৈ, নীপুলুরী, A lazy person Idol, i'dul, n [L ido um, G eidolon, from enlos, figure ] দেশ্যুৱি, প্রতিমা, প্রতিমুরি, Image worshipped for a Cod, a figure — প্রিয় ব্যক্তি, One much loved, one greatly adored. Syn — Filse god, pagan deity, favourite, darling, beloved object, pet, false idea, falsity, phantom Idolator, i-dolfa ter, n [G. eidolon, idol, and aircs worshipper] পৌত্যুলিক, প্রতিমাণ্ডক, A wirshipper of idols, a pagan — প্রশাসাবাধী.

'বংশব অমুবানী, A great admirer, adorer femelolitress Syn — Heathen, adorer, admirer. Idolatrise, i-dola-triz, v t. প্রতিমাণ্ডান, উপাননাক, তি worship idols, to adore

Idolatrous, i-dola-trus, a. পৌষ্টাক; প্রতিষা-প্রা সম্বন্ধীয়, Worshipping idols, pertaining to or of the nature of, consisting in, or partaking of idols ad=idolatrously

Idolatry, i-dola-tii, n প্রতিসা-প্রা , Worship of idols — অত্যন্ত ভক্তি , অত্যবিক অনুবাদ বা মৃদ্ধা , Ex-

cessive veneration for any thing; excessive attachment.

Idolise, i'dul-ir. গ পূজা-তৃ: To make an idol of, worship — অনুত্ত ভালবাসা, To love to excess. n= idoliser Syn:—Deity, reverence, adore, love Idyl, Idyll, i'dil, n [ Gr sidos image—sidomai, to seem ] কাব্য, যে কাব্যে কোন বিষয় স্থানকাশে ব্যক্তি হয়, A short pastoral poem, also a narrative poem in an elevated and finished style a= idyllic.

Idyllie, i-dilk, a কাবাসখনীয়, Belonging to If, if, cong বদি, এই ভাবিরা বে, কি না, Allowing or supposing, in case that, supposing that

Tgneous, ig'ne-us, a [ L. igneus, from ignis, fire] আহোব, অধিসমুক্ত; অধিসমূল, Pertaining to, consisting of, containing or like fire.

Igneous rock—Rocks that have been produced by the agency of fire.

Ignoscont, ic-nesent, a. [ I. ignis, fire ] আগ্নি-ফ্লিজ নির্গমনকারী, অগ্নিফ্লিপোনী, Emitting sparks of fire, when struck with steel, scintillating

Ignis-fatuus, ig'nis-fatu-us, n [L ignis, fiic, fatu is, fo bish ] आत्वज्ञ , Will-o'-the wisp p'- ignes-fatui.

ignite, ig-nic, v.t. [L. ignire, from ignis, fire] কৰাণত কু, জালিশবোগ কু, lo kindle, to st'on fire—n : অজ্পিত কু, দক্ষ হু. Io tike fire, to begin to burn n=Ignition (জ্পন, ইন্ধা)। a=Ignitible (জ্পনন্দ্ৰ, Capable of being ignifed) fyn—Kindle, light, begin to burn, catch fire ignitible, ig niti-bl, a. দাফ, জ্পনন্দ্ৰ, Capable of being ignifed)

ignition, ig-nishun, n অগ্নিশগোগ, প্রজনন, Act of setting on fire, state of being ku dled.

ignoble, ig-no bl a [Lin, not, and nobl'is, noble] ने । ने प्रताहित, Not noble, base me मा ad= ignobly v= gnobleness Syn—Picheian, yul, ii, bic-born, degenerate degraded, base, dishonourable, mean, worthless shancless, infamous

Ignominious, ig no-mine-us, a. অসম্বানাপ্ অনাৰ্ড, নাচ, Marked with ignominy, incurring public disgrace Syn —Infamous, scandalo is, disgraceful, dishonour ible, shameful, despicable Ignominy, ig'no-min-e, n. [L imnominia] অপমান, অপ্যশ, অকান্তি; কীন্তিনাপ, Shame, infamy, opproblum, disgrace a—ignominous (সজাকর, মুণাই, shameful, disgraceful) Syn — Reproach, dishonour, shame, contempt, infamy.

Ignoramus, ig-no-idmus, n মূৰ্থ লোক, নিৰ্কোণ, বিদ্যা-ভাৰকাৰী, বিদ্যাতিমানী, One wanting in knowledge, a vain pretender to knowledge pl=ignoramuses. Syn —Dunce, dullard, numskull, novice, sciolist, smatterer.

Ignorance, ig'nত-rans, n অন্ততা, দৰ্মভা, জানা-ভাব, Want of knowledge or learning, the state of being ignorant.

Ignorant, ig'no-rant, a জানহীন, অজ; আদিকিত, Wanting in knowledge, uninstituted — অন-হিজ, Unacquainted with. ad-ignorantly

Syn -- Illiterate, untaught, unenlightened, unlearned, unlettered [ the knowledge of. Ignorant of- लान विवास खनक्कि, Destitute of Ignore, ig-noi', v t [ L ignorare, from ignarus, ignorant] श्रीकात ना-कृ, अशीकात-कृ, প্रজ্ঞाशाम-🔻 , Declare ignorance of , not to know , to set aside, to disregard wilfully. Syn .- Regard as unknown, not recognize, reject, set aside, disregard Iguana, 1-gwa'na, n. স্বীস্প বিশেষ , A genus of Ileum, n কুল অন্তের নিয় প্রদেশ . The lower part of the small intestines green or holm oak. Ilex, i'lcks, n বুক বিশেষ , Scarlet oak , the ever-Tise, ili-ak, a. [Low L 1/1a, the flanks, the groin] অধন্তন অপ্তসভাই , Pertaining to the Ileum. Iliac passion - শুল-বেদনা , Dangerous Celie Iliad, ili-1d, n গোমর লিপিত বীবরসাথিত কাব্যবিশেষ, The great Epic of Home

Ill, il, a [ A S. yvel ] मून , ष्यम् , Bad , evil -পীড়িত , Sick —পাপী , Wicked —ভুৰ্ভাগা , Unfortunate — প্ৰতিকৃশ, Unfavourable — অভন্ধ, Uncorrect — থিটাখটে, Cross, surly — অনুপায়ক Improper -ai. মলকপে, Not well - অপ্রকৃতকাপ, অস্পালরূপে, Not rightly or perfectly - অভ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ, With difficulty —n অনিষ্ট্ৰ, Evil — পাপ, Wickedness — অমকল, জুলাগ্যা, আনুত, Misfortune Svn -(a) Sick indisposed deseased, unfortunate, unfavourable, disastrous, unwholesome, unlicalths, in-alubrious, wicked, wrong, ini lintous, cross, surly haish, ugly, unprepossessing (n) Misfortune cilamity, misery, pain, wickedness, i nqu ty, de pravity, evil. Be taken all, ( lake ill ) ( fail ill )- 1 55-5, Be attacked with some illness.

Take a 111, ( Take it amiss )— नृहार कहरा, Take a 11th ng in a wrong sense or in an unkindly spirit,— निकल हे 281, Be offended.

Ill-affected, a. WiFF , Ill-disp sed

Illapse, il-lips n | L. in, into ia or to ship, to shide ] ভিতৰে প্ৰবেশ The ent incc of one thing into another, a sliding in —সহস্থাৰেশণ, A sadden actick

Illation, diffin n [1 n'atio, a logical inference] অনুসন ইন সা, সৈদ্ভি, Interence, deduction, con liston

Illative, if i tiv, a অপুখানস্চক, অ পুখানিক. That may be interred, inferential, conclusive ad= illatively [Limits, bad feeling. Ill-blood, if blud, n শক্তা ভোগ, আন্দোশ, Ill-bred, if bred, u. অপিপ্ত, অস্থা, Uncivil, unpilite n=ill-breeding Syn—Impolite, rude, unceremonious, discourteous

Illegal, il-le'gal, n [L picfix, i', for in, and lega'is, legal] অবৈধ, বিধিবিক্স, Contrary to law, unlawful, n=illegality (অবেধতা) i ad = illegally Syn —Unlawful, illicit, unlicensed unconstitutional.

Tilegalise, il-lt'gal-īz, v t আবৈধ কু, বিবিধিক --কু, To tender unlawful [ness Tilegality, il-le-gali-ti, n. আবৈধতা, Unlawful-Tilegible, il-lefe-bl, a [L. i/, for in, and legibilis, legible] ছুলাই), অপাঠা, অল্ড, Unreadable; indistinct. #s .= illegibleness, illegibility. ad=illegibly. Syn :- Unreadable, undecipherable, obscure, defaced.

Illegitimate, il-lc-jite-mat, a कावड : Not born in wedlock :-- অবৈধ : Unlawful :-- অসিদ্ধ , অযুক্তি-সিছ; Not authorised by good usage :-- নকল; ways; Not genuine. n=illegitimacy, ad -illegitimately. Syn :- Unlawful, illegal, illicit, unauthorized, improper; not lawfully begotten; spurious, bastard, illogical.

Til-fated. a. इन्डांशा ; Unlucky. [formed, ugly. Ill-fevoured, il-favurd, a. ক্লাকার; কুৎসিত; De-Ill-gotton—অস্থায়লৰ ৷

Ill-grounded, a. Having loose principles.

Ill-luck, n. पूर्वाना ; Missortune. [ ill-natured. Ill-nature, n. ছ্টপ্রকৃতি ; Ill temper ; ill will. a= Ill-natured, a. कृष्णाव , व्यवस्थाव ; विदेशित ; Ill or bad tempered, cross; portish, ad=ill-na-[Unlucky, fated to be unfortunate. turedly. Ill-starred. if-stard a पूर्ताना; अप्नोलाभाषीन: Ill-temper. n. जार्यान । a=ill-tempered.

Ill-timed, a. अनामांयक, Done at an unsuitable

Ill-treat, v. f. मन वातकात-कृ ; To maîtreat.

M1-turn, n. निवतन क'ति : l'nkind deed.

Ill-will, il-wil, n. क्य , forat ; नक्का , Rancour ; malevolence, enmity.

Illiberal, il-hber-al, a. [ L. il, for in, and liberales, liberal | कुलन . नीठ : अनुमान : Niggardly, mean; ungenerous n=illiberality. ad= illiberally. Syn: -Close, niggardly, base, selfish, sordid, self-secking; narrow-minded, uncandid, uncharitable, ill-judging,

Illicit, il-lisit, a. [ L. in, not, and liceo, to be allowable ] निविश्व . अनमुख्यांठ ; अठिविश्व ; अरेवव ; Unlawful; forbidden; prohibited. n=illicitness. ad-illicitly. Syn:-Illegal, unlicensed, not permitted or allowed.

Ellimitable, il-limit-a-bl, a. অদীন; অনন্ত: Infinite. ad=illimitably, n=illimitableness. Syn :-Boundless, limitless, unlimited, unbounded, immeasurable, immense.

Illision, il-lizhun, n. [ L. in, in upon, laedo. to dash, to strike ] আছড়াৰ ; আকেপ : The act of dashing or striking against.

Illiteracy, il-liter-a-si, n. মুর্যতা , নিরক্রতা ; Want of learning; ignorance; a literary blunder.

Illiterate, il-liver at, a. [ L. il, for in, and literatus, learned ] মুৰ্গ; অশিকিত; নিরক্ষর; Not learned, uninstructed, ignorant. ad-illiterately. n=illiterateness. Syn :- Untaught, unlearned, unlettered, rude, barbarous, coarse, vulgar.

Illness, ilnes, n. পীড়া; অমুখ; কুগুতা; Sickness, disease. Syn :- Malady, ailment, complaint, distemper, disorder; badness, wickedness.

Illogical, il-lojik-al, a. अव्कितिक : नियमविक्ष : Not according to logic or reason. a = illogically. n-illogicalness. Syn:-Inconclusive, inconsequent, unsound, incorrect, sophistical.

Illude, il-lud, v. t. [L. il, for in, and ludere, to play] প্রভারণা-ক ; বিদ্রাপ-কু , Detude , deceive ; mock. Syn: - Mislead, cheat, trick, mock,

Illume, Illumine, Illuminate, il-lumin-at, v. t. [ I. il, for in, and luminare, to enlighen ! আলোকিত-কু; To light up; to enlighten:-আলো-দে; To light up with festive lights :--বঞ্জিত অক্ষৰ হারা ফুশোভিত-কু; অনম্বত অক্ষর অভৃতিকে সজিত-কু; Emblazon with ornamental letters. Syn :- Enlighten, lighten, decorate with lights; illustrate with pictures.

Illumination, il-lum-in-ashun, s. strate প্রধান; আবোকিত করণ; The act of giving light: —দীপালি: Display of festal lights:—পত্ৰ-বন্ধন; The decoration of manuscripts :- তব্দতা; खेल्ला, स्वीवक्रमक ; Brightness ; splendour. Syn : -Instruction, enlightenment; inspiration; decoration with light, splendour, brightness.

Illuminative, il-lumin-त-tiv, a. चारनाध्य ; আলোকিডকারী; Tending to give light:--বাাধা-काती ; উদাহবণ-প্রদৃশী ; Illustrative or explanatory. Illuminator, il-lu'min-ম-tor, n. আলোকদাতা; পত্ৰরঞ্জক, One who or that which illuminates; esp., one who is employed in adorning books with coloured letters and illustrations.

Illusion, il-lū'zhun, n. f L. illudere, illusum, to illude ] আৰি; ম্বা; Deceptive appearance; false show, error, phantasm Syn:-Delusion, mockery, deception, chimera, fallacy, error.

Illusionist, n. दाक्षीकद ; One given to illusions; juggier.

Illusive, il-lū'siv, Illusory, il-lū'sor-i, a. মিখা।; অসার, Deceiving by false appearance. fallacious. ad = illusively. n = illusivenes. Syn:-Deceitful, delusive, beguiling; deceptive,

Illustrate, il-lustrat, v. t. [L. illustrare] সুশাই-कु, উनारदर्ग-रमः; উচ্ছল-कु, वाक्त-कु; वााशा-कृ; To make clear, bright, conspicuous; to exemplify; to explain - চিত্রিত-ৰূ, সজ্জিত-ৰূ, To explain and adorn by pictures. Syn :- Elucidate, explain, interpret, exemplify.

Illustration, il-lustrashun, n. ব্যাপা ; বিশয়করণ, Elucidation ; explanation :-- उत्रह्त्व , Example : - किंदा; A picture of diagram. Syn :- Interpretation, explanation, exemplification; illustrative picture.

Illustrative, il-lustra-tiv, a. वर्शतावक ; विभाग-কারক; ব্যাখ্যাকরণক্ষম; Having the quality of explaining. ad=illustratively.

Illustrious, il-lustre-us, a. [ I. in, in, lux, lucis, light ] উজ্জ , Bright :- বিখ্যাত ; প্রসিদ্ধ ; महान ; अन्यानकमक ; Conspicuous , grotious. n = Illustriousness Syn - Brilliant, radiant, splendid; glorious, famous, renowned, remarkable, noted, celebrated, distinguished, signal, exalted. Image, imaj, n. [ L. imago, an image ] 南南村, প্রতিমূর্ত্তি , Likeness :—প্রতিমা ; প্তুলি , An idol : — প্রতিবিশ্ব; ছালা; Reflected image; shadow:--মনের ভাব, মনোভাব; Idea :-- v. t. অতিবিশ্বিত-কু, প্রতিসৃত্তি-ৰু; To form an image of; to reflect:--कब्रना-क ; Imagine. Syn :-- (n) Statue, effigy, likeness, similitude, picture, portrait; idol, trope. (v) Imagine, fancy, picture, conceive. Imagery, imaj-er-e, n. नर्नाधकात्र अञ्ज्ञाति ; िका ;

Images in general, or in mass .- \#45; \#.

Unreal show: —কালা; Work of the imagination or fancy:—বাকালেৰা; অপভার; সাপত: উপ্যা; Rhetorical decorations; figures in discourse; figures of speech. Syn:—Pictures, statues; mental pictures, similies, tropes, metaphors, representations, false ideas, phantasms, visions, dreams.

Imaginable, im-ajin-a-bl, a. বোগা; চিন্তনীয়; কল্পনা কৰিবার বোগা; That may be imagined. ad= imaginably. n≕imaginableness.

Imaginary, im-afin-ar-e, a. কালনিক; কপোল-ক্লিড; অথকুড; অবাভবিক; Unreal; not real; visionary. Syn:—Ideal, fanciful, unreal.

Imagination, im-ai-in-ashun, \* কল্লাণাজ ; উন্ধান ; Power by which the mind forms ideas or mental images ; contrivance.

Imaginative, im-afin-a-tiv, a. কল্পনাস্কুড; কল্পনিল্ল; Proceeding from, and characterised by the imagination:—কল্পন্প্ৰ; Full of images, fancies. n=imaginativeness.

Imagine, im-ajin, n. [L. imago, an image] v. t. or v. i. कलना-कृ; अनुभान-कृ; विरविध्ना-कृ; To form in the mind a notion or idea of; conceive; contrive; to think. n=imaginer. Syn:—Fancy, apprehend; plan, scheme, devise, frame, project; image, picture; believe, deem, suppose. Imago, i-mágo, n. कीडियोबरन्य ठवम अवद्य; The last or perfect state of insect life.

Iman, i-mań, Imam, i-mań, Imaum, i-mawń, n. [Ar. Imam, chief] মুদলমান প্রোছিড; A Mohammedan priest.

Imbank-Same as Embank.

Imbocile, imbe-sel, a. [L. imbecillis] ছুৰ্মল; জীপ; অকম; Destitude of strength either of body or mind; weak; feeble:—পূক্ৰব্ত্তীন; Impotent;—n. ব্লহান যান্তি; One who is weak of body or mind. Syn:—(a) Debilitated, infirm, impotent; toolish, fatuous, idiotic.

Imbecility, im-be-sile-te, n. পারীবিক বা ধানদিক পোর্মলা; পানিজ্ঞীনতা; Weakness of body or mind. Syn:—Debility, imfirmity, weakness, impotence; foolishness, fatuity, idiocy.

Imbed, im-bed, v. f. শামিত-কু; অভ্যুপ্নধ্যে নিহিত-কু; Sink or lay, as in partially inclosing clay, mortar &c.

Imbibe, im-bib, n.t. [L. imbibere—in, into, and bibe, to drink] ছবিছা-ল; লোক-ফ; To drink in; absorb:—মনোক্ত্ প্ৰবা-ক; To receive into the mind; to contract; acquire. n=imbiber. Syn:—Swallow; acquire, receive, take in, gain. Imbitter, im-biter, v.t. ভিক-ফ; To make bitter:—অব্ধী-ফ; To make unhappy:—ক্ত্-ফ; বাগাৰ; To make angry; exasperate; to render more violent. n=imbitterer.

Imbody, Imbosom, v. t. Same as Embody, Embosom.

Imborder, im-bor'der, v. t. বেষ্টন-কু; পাড়-কু; To border; to enclose with a border.

Imbroglio, im-brolyo, 2. জটিল গলস্বা; বৈষয়িক জটিলতা; জটিল বিষাদ; An intricate plot in a romance or drama; an embarrassing state of things; a complicated misunderstanding. Imbrown, im-brown, ए. र. स्महन्य-इ ; इक्वर्-इ ; To make brown; to darken the colour of ; tan ; darken.

Imbrue, im-broo', v. t. [Prefix in, and O. Eng. brue] সিক্ত-ক ; ভিতাৰ; মহা-ক ; To wet or moisten; to soak; to drench in a flood or blood; steep; drench.

Imbue, im-bū', v. t. [ L. imbuere ] ব্যিত-কৃ; To tinge deeply:—ছবিড করাব; To cause to become impressed or penetrated. Syn:—Dye, stain, colour; infuse, ingrain, instil.

Imitable, imit-a-bl, a. অৰুকঃণীয়; Worthy of imitation. n=imitability.

Imitate, infe-tāt, v.t. [L. imitari, imitatus]
আনুক্রণ-কু; To copy or attempt to copy; to
counterfeit; to mimick; to follow as a pattern.
n=imitator. Syn:—Copy; counterfeit, take
off, ape, personate, parody, travesty.

Imitation, im-e-táshun, n. অমুকরণ; The act of imitating:—অমুণিণি; প্রতিষ্ঠি; নদুণ চিত্র; Copy; likeness. Syn:—Copying; resemblance, counterfeit; mimicry, parody, travesty.

Imitative, ime-lat-iv, a. অনুকরণীল; অনুকরণ প্রা; Inclined to imitate; formed after a model. ad=imitatively. Syn:—Copying, imitating, not original, mimicking, aping.

Immeculate, im-makū-lāt, a. [L. immaculatus,—in, not, and maculo, to stain] প্ৰিত্য ; নিৰ্মাণ ; বিকল্ক ; Spolless ; unstained ; pure. n=immaculateness. ad=immaculately. Syn:—Stainless, unsullied, unpolluted, unblemished, clean, innocent, undefiled, guiltless, faultless.

Immanent, infa-nent, a. [ L. immanens, ppr. of immanere, to remain in ] আভান্তরিক; অন্তর্নাহিত; বড:প্রতঃ Remaining within; inherent; internal, subjective. Syn:—Inherent, intrinsic, innate, indwelling.

Immaterial, im-ma-tere-al, a. অপরারী; আজা-ভিক; Incorporal:—অধি চিৎকর; লঘু; Unimportant. ad=immaterially, v=immaterialise. Syn:— Unembodied, unsubstantial, incorporeal, disembodied; inconsiderable, trifling, insignificant, unessential. [ritual.

Immaterialise, v. t. অশরীরী-কৃ; To make spi-Immaterialism, im-ma-te'ri-al-izm, n. অশরীরী প্রাণীর অভিছে বিশাস; অভ্যুবাসিড়; Belief in immaterial or spiritual beings. [in immaterialism. Immaterialist, n. অভ্যুবাসী; One who believes Immateriality, im-ma-te-ri-ali-ti, n. অদেহবড়া; অশরীবড়া; অভ্যুড়; অভ্যুতিকড়; The quality of being immaterial.

Immature, im-ma-tūr', Immatured, a. [ L. in, and maturus, ripe] অপরিপত্ত, অপত ; অকানোৎ-পত্ত ; অনামতিক ; Unripe ; early. n=Immatureness, immaturity ( অপ্ততা )। ad=immaturedly. Syn:—Green, crude, raw, unformed, unprepared, undeveloped, imperfect, premature, untimely, unseasonable.

Immaturity, im-ma-tūr'e-te, n. অসম্পৃতি ; অপ্যতা ; Imperfection, unripeness, crudity, rawness, greenness.

Immeasurable, im-mezhur-a-bl, a. अन्तिद्यम :

सरम्ब , समीय , That cannot be measured. ad= immeasurably n=immeasurableness Syn— Illimitable, infinite, boundless limitless, unbounded sast immense, unfathomable

Immediate, im me de-হা a [L immediatus]
জাবাৰ্তিত পড়াক মুখা, Direct, without a medium—বঙ্গান অবিলম্বিত, আন্ত, Without delay,
present n=immediateness ad=immediately
(আবল্লে) i Sin — Close, proximate contiguous
direct present instant, instantaneous

Immemorable, im memo ia-bl a স্বৰ্ণ কৰিছা বাৰিবাৰ অযোগা Not worth remembering

Immemorial, im me morn al a বাংবৰ আৰুত্ত প্ৰবৰ্গ প্ৰবৰ্গী প্ৰৱণাতীত, Beyong remembrance ad—immemorially

From time immemorial—অভি প্ৰকাশ হইতে I rom a period that is beyond memory, from of old

Immonse, im mei s a [1 immensus—in not me sus to meisure] অসম প্রক'ও, অভি বৃহৎ Vastin extent very large vast n≈immense ness al immen clv Syn —Infinite, immen curatic illi nitable interminable, vast prodigious er rincis monstrous

Immensity, im men e te n জনীম হা, বিশাঘ হা
জনীম হ কছ Infinity greatness Syn —
Brundlessness infinitude i astress huge iess
Immensurable, im mensur a-1) i জানুৱ ফা
That cunnit be measured n= mmensurability
Immergo, im ment v t [1 in into and
mergo, to plunge] দুন দে, মন্ত ক To plunge into
Immerso, im mers v t [1 immergere immersim] দুন দে To plunge into — নিমায়
দুনক ক, To engage de ply — মতিকৃত ক Over
whelm n=immersion Syn — Dip douse
duck submerge sink overwhelm involvengage absorb drown inundate

Immorsion, im mei shun n মজন নিমজন জন্তেতি Act of immersing Syn Dippin ducking plunging submersion engagement absorption disappearance occultation

Immethodical, im-mc thodik al a বিশুৰ ল শুখাশিক Without method or ord r irregular unsystematic il ad=immethodically Syn -Confused disaderly desultory

Immigrant, ini crant n ওপনিবেশিক বেব দ্ধিদেশে মইয়াবস ৰসে One who immigrates

Immigrate, imi grit হ i [L in into and migratum to remove] অন্তঃশংশ ব্ৰেবাৰ স কু I migrate or remove into a country for permanent residence i=Immigration (শেশাস্তৱে বান, Imminent, imi nent a [L in upon, mineo to project] আনত ভগিছিতপায় Impending — বিশাস্তৰক Perilous ad=imminently, n=imine ince Sin —Hanging over near, at hand Immission, im-mishin, n অন্তঃপ্ৰিক ক্ৰণ, Act of immitting

Immit, im mit v t [L in, into, mitto, to send] প্ৰবিষ্ট কু অন্তঃপ্ৰবিষ্ট কু, পিচকানী কু, Fo send in to inject infuse

Immobility, im mo bife te, n [L. immobilis immovable] शृदेशक, अव्यक्ष, The state of being

immovable, incapability of being moved  $S_{j,n}$ —Fixedness, immovableness, stability firmness, steadfastness

Immoderate, im-moder at a. অপৰিমিত সীমা তিকাৰ, Not moderate, exceeding proper limit ad=immoderately Syn —Excess ve exorbit int inordinate unreasonable, extra vagant enormous, intemperate

Immodest, im-modest a নিৰ্লক্ষ কৰিট, কৰিট খুট Not modest, shameless impudent n immode ty ad= mmodestly Syn —Indecorous, ind cent indelicate shameless, impudent, gross filthy impure unclassic observe

Immodesty, im modest e n নিলম্ভা, মুক্তরি-অভা, Want of modesty Syn —Indecency, indecorum grossness coar eness indeheacy, impurity obscenity unchastity lewdness

Immolate, imo lat v t [I immolare—in upon mola meal] ধলি দে বলিম্বলগড়ংসগ স্কু, Fo offer in sacrifice to sicilite to kill as a sacrificial viction i—immolation byn —Sacrifice offer in sacrifice

Immolation, n বনি ভংস্কেবন A sacrifice Immoral, im moral a পানী প্ৰস্কুত্ত অসাধু 
\ t moral wicked n=immorality ad in 
morally Syn — > nful vicious urprinciple l 
d shone t unjust deprive I implie unch it 
ibradoned heentious debiused predigite 
dissolute

Immortalise, im mortal iz ং f আমন্ত্র চিব অবল্যু I o make immortal গ্রন্থ — Ltcinize pc p tuate make famous for ever

Immortality, n অনবড় অবিনধরত চিরস্থ বিছ The quality of bing immortal

Immortals, n A regiment of 10 ooc chare soldiers of Persia Immortalle, im mortel n 900 ferrig A kin l Immovable, im moutable 450 7194 What cannot be moved — निक अ बहन्म म Steadfast unalterable -far Unfee ng. =Immov 1 bleness immovability (3595) 1 Svn -Firm ; fined stendtast firm, stable, unshakeu un changeable immutable real, ad-immovible Immovables, im moovi blz n সুহ বা জানতে लागान रव कान खवा, रव जारत बन्त अला श्रोमास्टत कतिर उ भ र व्या lixtures &c not movable by a tenant Immunity, im-mu'ne te, # [ L immunitar I om immunis, free from a public service ( মুক পানাস Freedom from obligation, office, tiv &c 一項作事情 Privilege Syn —Freedom, re ea exoneratio i privilege, prerogative, right liberty, charter, franchise,

Immure, im-mur', v. t. [ L. in, in, and murus, a wall ] বছ-ক ; অবস্থ - ক ; কারাবছ-ক ; করেল - ক ; To shut up; to imprison. Syn:—Confine, incarcerate.

Immutability, im-mu-ta-bile-te, স. অপরিবর্তন-শ্বিতা; Unchangeableness, invariableness, permanence, stability, constancy.

Immutable, im-mula-bl, a. [ L. in, not, and mutabilis, mutable] আপরিবর্তনীয়; অপরিবর্তনীল; Unchangeable. n=immutability, immutableness. Syn:—Invariable, unalterable, undeviating, constant, stable.

Imp, imp, n. [A. S impan, to graft] महोत्र; A scion, ofispring:—(হাট হুড; A little devil or wicked spirit. Syn:—Progeny, son; brat, scamp; devil, demon.

Impact, impakt, v. t. কৰিয়া একন ক ; Drive close or hard; to press furnly together :—n. সংঘৰ্ষণ , স্পায়িত ব্য ; Collision; force communicated. Syn — Impulse, collision, shock.

Impair, un-pair, v t. [F. empirer, L. pejor, worse] চনল-ক; কচি-ক, নই-ক; To injure or weaken; deteriorate, Svn:—Diminish, decrease, injure, d teriorate, weaken, enfeeble, enervate. Impalo, See Findule, v t. শ্লেন্স; To fix on a stake; to put to death by fixing on a stake:—লেন্ত্র-ক; To enclose, as with stakes, posts or pull ades. n—impalement.

Impalpablo, un-paipa-bl, a. জনস্ভৰনীৰ, জাল্যা, Not perceivable by touch:—জঙি হল্ম; জানা Not perceivable by touch:—জঙি হল্ম; জানা Not perceivable by touch:—জঙি হল্ম; জানা Not perceivable in the perceivable indistinct.

| লেখা: Enrol the names of jury Impanel, Impanel, impahl, v. t. জ্বির লাম Imparedise, v t হাল রাখা: Put into paradise Imparity, im-paire-te, n. জ্বানানত; বিষয় Difference of degree, rank, excellence, number, and the like, inequality, disproportion.

Impark, im-park, v. f. মধ্বানৈ আবদ্ধ-কু; To enclose in a park; to shut up.

Impart, im-part, v. t. [L. in, and partire, to part, divide] প্ৰদান-ক; দান-ক; To bestow a share or portion of; to give — জ্ঞাত-ক, বিদিত-ক; To make known; communicate:—v i. জাল-দে; প্ৰামণ-ক; To give a part or share; to hold a conference. Syn — Yield, grant, afford, confer; reveal, discover, divulge, disclose.

Impartial, im-pai'she-al, a. অপকপাতী; সমদশী; ভাষপৰ; Just. ad≔impartially. Syn:—Equitable, fair; unbiased, unprejudiced, disinterested.

Impartiality, im-par-shiality, n. অপক্পাতিতা; সমদ্পিতা; Freedom from bias.

Impartible, im-par'ti-bl, a. দেয়; প্রদানবোগ্য; জ্ঞাপনীয়; জবিভাল্য; Capable of being imparted. n=impartibility.

Impassable, im-paśa-bl, a. অপনা; ছুৰ্গন; আনতি-ক্ষা; Unpassable; inaccessible. n=impassablity. impassableness. Syn:—Impervious, impenetrable, impermeable pathless.

Impassible, im-pade-bl, a. [F. from l.. i., and patiri, passus, to suffer ] সভীজির, স্বয়ংবের শুণীত ; Incapable of suffering. n=impassibilty, impassibleness. Syn:—Impassive, insensible insusceptible, unimpressible, callous.

Impassionate, im-pashun-নt, a. অভ্যন্ত মোহিড ৰা উত্তেজিত ; বোধশৃত্ত ; ভাৰত্তিত ; Strongly affected ; destitute of passion or feeling ;—v. f. অভ্যন্ত মোহিত বা উত্তেজিত ক ; To affect strongly.

Impassioned, im-pashund, a. উত্তেদিত; খতাও খোহিত; Actuated or agitated by passion; animated; excited. Syn:—Passionate, vehement, fervid, intense, vivid, glowing.

Impassive, im-pasiv, a. কেল অনুভল করিতে অকম; স্থাছ:বের অতীড; Insensible of suffering. n≖impassiveness. ad⇒impassively.

Impationce, im-pashe-ens, n. আসহিত্যা; আধী-ৰতা; Want of patience; hastiness. Syn:— Restlessness, disquietude, fretfulness; passionate, cagerness, vehemence of desire.

Impatient, im-pashe-ent, a. অসহিত্ ; জ্বীৰ, Restless; wanting in patience; fretful, n= impatience. ad=impatiently. Syn.—Unquiet, restless, fretful; hasty, precipitate, impetuous, vchement, eager; intolerant; unsubmissive, rebellious. [of enduring.

Impatient of—সভ করিতে অকম; Not capable Impawn, im-pawn, v. t. বন্ধক-দে; প্রতিভূষরণ গচ্ছিত রাখা; Pawn; deposit, as security.

Impeach, im-pech, v. t. [F. empscher, to prevent, hinder] নিলা-ক; অভিযুক্ত-ক; Accuse by public authority; arraign; indict; to charge with a crime — অবিধান-ক, কলকাবোপ-ক; Bring into question; call in question. Syn — Accuse, irraign, criminate, indict, censure, denounce; challenge.

Impeachable, im-preha-bl, e নিলাই; কলহা-রোপদোগা, Churgeable with crime; accusable. Impeacher, n. অভিবোগকাবী, One who impeaches.

Impeachment, im-pechment, n. অভিযোগ; অপ-বাদ; Arrangement esp., of a public officer formal administration; accusation:—আব্যাদ; Calling in question as to purity of motives or rectitude of conduct Syn:—Accusation, arraignment, indictment. crimination; censure, blame, reproach, imputation.

(inpearl, im-perl, v. t. মুক্তা ছাৱা লোভিড-কু; মুক্তার স্থায-কু; To form into or deck with pearls; to form like pearls.

Impeccability, im-pek-a-bile-te, n. পাপ্ততা; Exemption from sin. Syn:—Impeccancy, sinlessness, innocence, purity.

Impeccablo, im-peka-bl, a. [L. im. from in, not, and peccare, to err, to sin] family: Not liable to sin. n-impeccability, impeccancy. Syn:—Perfect, sinless, pure, incorrupt.

Impecunious, im-pe-ku'ni-us, a. [L. in, pecunia, money] ধনহান; নিখে, দরিন্তা, Poor. n=
impecuniosity.

Impede, im-ped, v. t. [L. impedire, lit. to entangle the feet ] नीपी-एए. To hinder, obstruct. Syn.—Retard, delay, clog, hamper, bar, block, Impediment, im-pede-ment, n. नीपी; व्याजन्म

[41; Hinderance; obstacle. Syn: -Obstruction, difficulty, bar, check.

Impediment in speech— चन्हें बोट्डाकोड़न :
A defect which prevents distinct utterance.

Impeditive, im-peditiv, a. वाश्वानक, Causing hinderance.

Impel, im-pel, v. f. [L. in, and pellere, to drive] ভাডনা-ছ: To drive:—উত্তেভিড-ছ: To urge forward:—কুৰুৰ্পে প্ৰযুক্ত-ছ: প্ৰবিভিড-ছ: To instigate; to incite to action. n=impeller. Syn:—Push, press on; move, induce, persuade, incite, influence, actuate.

Impellent, im-pelent, a. ভাওনাকম, উত্তেলকম; Having the quality of driving on:—n. উত্তেলক শক্তি; A power that impels.

ampend, im-pend, v.i. [1. im, for in, and pendere, to hang] ৰুবাৰ, আসন্ত্ৰ- Hang over, be imminent:—ভন্ন দেখাৰ; To threaten. Syn:—Hover, threaten, be imminent.

Impendent, Impending, im-pending, a. আনন্ত ; নারিছিড ; Hanging over ; ready to act or happen ; imminent. Syn :—Threatening, menacing, imminent, near at hand.

impenetrable, im-penē-tra-bl, a. অভেগ; That cannot be penetrated —ভাববিহান; That cannot be penetrated:—অন্তন্ধান: Unimpressible. n=impenetrability. ad=impenetrably. Syn:—Impervious, impermeable, impassable; undiscernible, dark, obscure.

(mpenitence, im-pene-tens, n. অৰ্ডাপণ্ডতা, কাঠিছ; Hardness of heart or mind. Syn:— Obduracy, hard-heartedness, impenitency.

mpenitent, im-pene-tent, a. [L. in, not, and poenstens, penitent] অনুযুত্ত ; অনুযুত্ত নি, Not penitent; hardened:—n. যে বাজি অনুতাপ কৰে লা. মৃদ্ পাণাচারী; One who does not repent a hardened sinner. admimpenitently. n=impenitence. Syn:—Obdurate, not contrite, hardened, reprobate.

(mpennate, im-penat, Impennous, im-penus, a. পৃক্ৰিইন ; পক্ষইন ; Wingless , short winged. [mperative, im-per'at-iv, a. [L. amperativus—impero, to command ] অমুজা-বোধক , প্ৰভূষ-ব্যাপ্তক , অব্যাক্তির , অবস্তাক্তির , Authoritative , obligatory. ad≡imperatively. Syn:—Commanding, peremptory; binding.

Imperceptible, im-per-sep'te-bl, a. ছর্পোধা; অনুপান ; ক্য , Insensible , minute. n=imperceptibleness, imperceptiblity, ad=imperceptibly. Syn .—Invisible, incognizable, impalpable; inaudible; fine, faint, shadowy.

Imperfect, im-perfekt, a. অসপুৰ্ণ; অকটান; Not perfect or complete; defective. n=Imperfectness, imperfection. ad=imperfectly. Syn:—Unfinished, incomplete, defective, impaired, faulty, weak, sinful, frail, erroneous, fallible.

Imperfection, n. অসম্পূর্বা; অকানতা, Quality or condition of being imperfect. Syn:—Defect, want, deficiency, fault, incompleteness, insufficiency, blemish, strain, flaw; failing, weakness, frailty, foible, vice.

Imperforable, im-perfor-a-bi, a. नारक,

जाल्लग ; निक्ति , जारकना ; That cannot be bored through.

Imperforate, im-perforate, Imperforated, im-per-fo-rat-ed, a. অবিদ্ধ; দিন্দুত্ত: Having no opening. n=imperforation.

Imperial, im-pc're-al. a [L imperium, so-vereignty] বাজনীয় , সমাট সম্মান , Of or belonging to an empire or emperor; sovereign; royal; শ্রেষ্ঠ , সর্মান্তেই; Supreme:—স. শক্ট বিশেষের বহি:ত আসন, An outside seat on a diligence. ad—imperially. Syn:—Sovereign, kingly, regal.

Imperialism, im-peri-al-izm, n. সমাটের প্রভূত বা থাচরণ; The power or authority of an empire.—The advocacy of Napoleon.

Importalist, im-pe'ri-al-ist, n. সম্ভাট সৈত্ত বা প্রচা সমাটের দলভূক্ত লোক; A subject or soldier of an emperor; advocate of imperial government.

Imperiality, im per-ri-ali-ti, ন. স্থাটেৰ ক্ষতা বা অধিকাৰ, Imperial power, right or privilege. Imperil, im-per'il, v. t. বিপদ্ধত-কু; বিপন্ন-কু, To endenger. Syn:—Ri-k, hazard, expose.

Imperious, im-pe're-us, a. উদ্ধৃত : দান্তিক :

Imperishable, im-per'ish-n-bl, a. অবিনয়ৰ; অষ্ম, চিৰ্যায়ী; Indestructive; everlasting; not subject to decay. n=imperishableness, imperishability, ad=imperishably. Syn:—Unfading, eternal, immortal, perpetual.

Impermeable, im-per'nte-a-bl, a [ L. in, and permeare, to pass through ] well a value impermeable; not permitting passage. n= impermeablity, impermeableness. ad=impermeably. Syn:—Impervious, impassable, imperviable.

Impermissible, im-per-mite-bl, a. Unallowable. Syn:—Insufferable, unlawful; objectionable, deniable.

Impersonal, im-per'sun-al, a. বাজিচণুক্ত; অপ্রথ-বাচক, Having no person; not having personality — n. কৌন তৃতীয় পুরুষের রূপবিশিষ্ট; That which wants personality; in Gram. a verb without personal subject. n=impersonality, adminipersonally.

Impersonate, im-per'sun-হা, v. t. মন্যালণ-ফু; ব্যক্তি বলিয়া বৰ্ণনা-ফু; To ascribe the qualities of a person to; to personify. n = impersonation. Syn —Personify, embody; act, personate, imitate, mimic.

Imperspicuous, a. অপরিছার; অপটি; অনিকি-ভাবক, Not clear, obscure, vague. n=imperspicuity

Impersuasible, a. বৃদ্ধিতকে অপ্রবর্তনীয় ; Not to be moved by persuasion or arguments,

Importible, a. অবিভালা ; Indivisible.

Importinence, im-per'te-nens, n. **জনিইডা :** গুইডা , Rudeness , impudence ; sauciness :—**অধান** গিৰতা , অধানদিক বা জাক্ষিণকের বিষয় , Irrelevance, Syn:—Irrelevancy; insolence, incivility, forwardness, pertness, assurance, presumption.
Impertinent, im-per'te-nent, a. অৱান্তিক;
আকি কিংকৰ; Irrelevant, trifling:—বৃষ্ট; অপিট;
Impudent; insolent. ad—impertinently. Syn:—
Inapplicable; rude, officious, intrusive, saucy, pert, uncivil.

Importurbable, im-per-turba-bl, a. [L. in, not, and perturbare, to disturb ] অপুনের বার, গান্ত: That cannot be disturbed or agitated, calm n=imperturbability. Syn:—Unmoved, undisturbed, sedate, composed, collected, cool, calm. quiet, tranquil.

Importurbation, im-per-tur-ba-shun, n. মনের স্থিতা, অব্যাক্ততা; Freedom from agitation of mind, calminess

Imporviable, im-pér'vi-a-bl, Impervious, im-per've-us, a. ব্ৰেল: Impenetrable; impassable; imperviable. ns = imperviableness, imperviablety, imperviousness, ad=imperviously. Impetigo, im-pe-ti'go n. [L. impeto, to attack] চৰ্কুবোৰ বিশেষ: A con'agious disease

Impetuosity, n. ভন্ন অবস্থা; Condition or quality of heing impetuous. Syn — Vehemence, violence, haste, precipitancy, force, fury.

Impotuous, im-petū-us, a eto. 31: (वर्षाच. 120. Furious, passionate; violent; hasty, nt = impetuousness, impetuousity, ad=impetuously. Syn —Forcible, precipitate, boisterous, rapid, furious, fierce, raging; ardent.

Impotus, impu-tus, n. [ L. in, and peto, to fall upon ] আক্ৰণ. An attack — তৎপৰতা; activity — বেগ . উত্তেজনা, Momentum.

Impinge, im-ping v.i. [L.in, against, and pango to strike] ধাকা-দে, আঘাত-ক; To strike or fall against; to dash against; to hit. n= impingement.

Impingent, a. নংপ্ৰা ; Striking against.

Improus, imperus, a. [Lin, not, and pius, pious] অধাতিক, গাণিষ্ঠ; ভাভিতীন; অপথিৱ, Not pious, wanting in veneration for God, wicked; profane. Syn:—Irreligious, ungodly, profane, irreverent, unholy, atherstical.

Impionences, Impioty, im-pie-te, n. [ L.
1mpietas, from impius, impious] অপন ; ইবৰের
অভি অভন্তি, Want of piety, irreverence towards
Cod. Syn:—Irreligion, unrightcousness, sinfulness, profaneness, ungodliness, profanity,
godlessness, atheism.

Impish, a. বল্ডাৰ; Fiendish; like amimp.
Implacable, im-plaka-bl, a. [ I.. im, not, and placabilis, placable] জনাতঃ; নিষ্কুৰ, অকমনীল; Unappeaseable, inexorable. ad=implacably, n. =implacableness, implacability. Syn:—Irreconcilable, unrelenting, unyielding, relentless, remorseless, cruel, merciless.

Implant, im-plant, v. 1. [L. in, and plantare, to plant] রোপৰ বা স্থাপন-ক ; To plant, graft; infuse; insert, sow. n=implantation (বোপৰ)!
Syn:—Ingraft, insert, fix, place; instil, inculcate.

[dict. n=impleader.

Implead, im-pled, v. i. अखिरयान-क ; Sue ; in-

Implement, implement, n. [L. implementum, from implementum, from implementum to fill up ] যন্ত্ৰ; অৱ; A tool or instrument of labour; utensil:—v. t. যন্ত্ৰ বা আন্ত দেৱলা; সংসাধন-কৃ; To provide with implements; to cause to be effected.

Impletion, im-ple'shun, n. পূৰ্বভা; পৰিপূৰ্ব; The state of being full; that which fills up a thing. Implex, impleks, a. [ L. in, into, and plecto, to twine ] বিভাছত, জটল; Entangled; infolded; complicated.

Implicate, imple-kat, v. t. [L. im for in, and plicare, to fold] ভড়িত-ড়: লিখ-ড়, To infold; to entangle: to involve. Syn:—Entangle, make participator in. [(some offence). Implicated in—(কান ছবলে ভড়িত: Involved in Implication, im-ple-káshun, n. িগুড়া, পেচ, Entanglement:—অসুমান Inference. Syn—Involution, intricacy; implied sense, tacit conclusion.

By implication—থকাবান্তে, অনুমানে; ক্লাইক্লের লিখিরা পড়িরা নহে, প্রকাবান্তবে বুঝিরা পণ্ডবা ঘাইকে পারে এই ভাবে; Not expressly; indirectly; not expressly and in direct terms but indirectly; tacitly; impliedly.

Implicative, impli-kā-tiv, a. विकास ; Tending to implicate. ad=implicatively.

Implicit, im-plisit, a. অসুমিত, উয় , Implied :— প্ৰথ : নিৰ্বাভিণৰ : Absolute : unconditional : relying entirely n=implicitness, ad=implicitly. Syn —Inferred, tacit . entire, unreserved, confident, unhesitating, firm.

Implore, im-plor', v. f. [f.. in, and florare, to cry aloud ] প্রার্থনা-ক; বাজ্ঞা-ক; ভিন্যা-ক, To pray; to beg, to ask earnestly. Syn —Beseech, supplicate, pray; entreat, solicit, cr.ive. Imploringly, im-ploi/ing-li, ad. কুডাখনিপ্ৰক, In an imploring or earnest manner.

Imply, im-pli', v. t. অন্তৰ্ত্ত-কৃ; To include — হচনা-কৃ; বুঝাহ; অৰ্থপ্ৰকাশ কৃ, To mean, to signify. Syn:—Involve, comprise, import, denote.

Impolicy, im-pole-se, n. অংগজিকতা, নৈক্ছিজা; অধিজতা; Quality of being impolitic. Syn:—Bad policy, inexpedience, imprudence, indiscretion. Impolite, im-pol-lit, a. মভদু, আসভা; Unpolitic. n≈impolitences ad -impolitely Syn.—Uncivil, rude, unmannerly, uncourteous, ungentlemanly. Impoliteness, n. হত্ততা, আসভাতা; Want of good manners. Syn.—Incivility, rudeness, unmannerliness.

Impolitic, im-polit-ik, a. অবিজ্ঞ; অবিবেচিভ; অবৌদ্ধিক, Wanting in policy, unwise, indiscreet. ad=impoliticly. Syn:—Incautious, imprudent, inexpedient.

Imponderable, im-pohder-a-bl, a. বাহা ওজন করা বাব না, ভৌনের অধিববীভূড; That cannot be weighed. ns=imponderableness, imponderability.

Imponderables, im-ponder-a-bls, n. pl. ভাৰ-বিহ্নীৰ বস্তু, প্ৰভাকভাৰপুক্ত ব্যৱহাত Bodies without sensible weight, as heat, light &c.

Imponderous, im-ponder-us, a. ভাববিহীৰ; ভাবশুক্ত, Without sensible weight, Import, im-port, v t [L in and portare, to bear] আৰম্ভিক, নইয়া-বা, Bring in from abroad, bear or convey — আৰ্ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; To signify, to imply.—চিন্তাৰ বিষয়ীভূত-কৃ, To concern, to interest — n. আম্পানি; That which is brought from abroad — আৰ্থ, Meaning.— আব্ভাৰতা, প্ৰযোজনীয়তা, Importance, consequence Syn—(v) Introduce, denote, imply, (n) Importation, purport, drift, gist, consequence weight

Importable, im-portabl, a আমণানি-বোগা, fhat may be imported or brought into a country.—অসহনীয়, অসমধ্নীয়, Not to be endured

Importance, im-poitans, n way, Condition or quality of being important. Syn —Consequence, weight, moment, value, concern, import, significance

Important, un portant, a. গুৰু, মহৎ, আবিপ্তক, আইলভিপাদক, Weighty, momentous; having a bearing on, significant ad=importantly. n=importance Syn —Significant, material, grave, serious, consequential

Importation, im-por-tashun,n আমদানী, রপ্তানি, The act of importing — আমদানি করা জ্বাদি, রপ্তানি মাল, The commodities imported

Importor, im porter, n. বিদেশ হইতে পণান্তব্য আনরনকাবী, বস্তানিকারক, One who imports goods

Importunate, im-portu-nāt, a বৰাইড, বেও, অভিযাতৰ, Troublesomely urgent, overpressing in request ad=importunately. n=importunacy, importunateness. Syn—Pressing, earnestly solicitous, pertinacious, clamorous, busy, teasing.

Importune, im-por-tuh, v f আগ্ৰহের সহিত অনুরোধ-কু, সাগ্রহে ৰাজ্ঞা কু, To press urgently, to beg earnestly, tease by asking, request ungently. Syn—Entreat, solicit, press, dun

Importunity, im-por-tuni-ti, n. नायह थार्थना . अनुरक्षार . Urgent request

mposable, a. স্থাপন বা ধাৰ্বা করিবাৰ বোধা . Capable of being imposed or lain on.

Impose, im-pūz, u.f. [L in, and ponere, to place] অত-কু, স্থাপন কু, To lay on —আদেশ কু, To enjoin or command —প্ৰভাৰণা-কু, প্ৰকলা কু, To cheat, to palm off —v. : অম জ্যান, Io mislead or deceive Syn —Set, fix, lay, place, prescribe, appoint, pass off

Impose on কর হাপন-ফ, Levy (a tax) — কান ভার হাডে চাপান, Lay on one (as a duty or obligation). [delude.

Impose on or upon—প্ৰতাৱণা-কু, Deceive, Imposing, im-pofing, a. সন্তমাৰণ্ডক, সন্থয়াৰক, ক্ৰড্ৰায়ক, চিন্তাৰণ্ডক, Commanding, adapted to impress forcibly. Syn —Impressive, striking, effective, dignified, grand.

Imposition, im-pō-zishun, n. [L. in, on, pono, to place] বিয়োগ, The act of imposing, lying on —ভার, কর, Charge; burden, tax — প্রত্যাধা, Deception —আবেশ, Command. Syn—Enjoring, imposing, oppression, charge,

injunction, levy, tax, delusion, deceit, fraud, imposture, cheat.

Impossibility, ন. অসাধ্যতা, Quality of being impossible, impracticability, infeasibility.

Impossible, im-pose-bl, a. [L. in, not, and possibilis, possible] আনত্তৰ, আনত্তৰ, আল্লাড, Absurd, what cannot be or be done, n=impossibility. Syn —Impracticable, unfeasible, unattainable, inc inceivable, highly improbable.

Impost, impost, n. [L in, on, and pono, to place] 34, 44. A tax laid on, a duty laid by government on goods imported into a country; this, custon. Syn—Tribute, toll, duty.

Imposthumate, im-postum-at, v. s. কোড়া-হ; To form an abscess, to gather —v. t. কোটক কবিয়া দেওখা, To affect with an abscess

Imposthumation, n. কোটক, কোটকজনন, The act of forming an abscess, an abscess

Imposthume, im-postum, n. [ Gr apo, away, histomi, to make to stand ] স্বোটন, স্কোটন, Absecss Syn —Uker, gathering, pustule.

Impostor, im-poster, n [L imponere, deceive] প্ৰভাৰক, A cheat, deceiver, pretender Syn — Rogue, charlatan, juggler.

Imposture, im-postur, n. 2017, Fraud, delusion Syn —Cheat, trick imposition, deception.

Impotence, impo tens, n হুর্মলতা, Want of strength or power. ১৮n — We ikness, feebleness, imbeculity, incapacity incompetence, inefficiency, inability

Impotent, impo-tent, a. [ I zn, and polens, potent ] ছাবল, ছানবল, জাল a Weak, imbecile, powerless —প্ৰচানৰ শক্তিবটান, প্ৰবৃত্তীন, Unable to beget without generative power ns-impotence, impotency ad-impotently Syn—Feeble powerles, unable, incompetent, imbecile, incapacitated disabled, helpless

Impound, im-pownd, v t খোৱাতে আটক কু, নীমাৰদ্ধ-কু, অধিকার করিয়া লওখা fo shut up or hold, as in a pound, re-train a thin limits; take possession of.

Impoundage, im pownবঁৰা স বৌষবাদি বৌদাড়ে আবন্ধকৰণ, I be act or improunding cattle.

Impoverish, im pover-ish, v t [L sn, and f. pawere, poor ] পৰিষ্ক-ক, নিৰ্ক-ক, To make poor — হুৰ্পেক-ক, অকুপ্ৰ-ক, To exhaust the strength, richness, or feithly. n=impoverishment (Act or state of being impoverished.) Syn—Beggar, make sterile

Impracticable, im-prakte ka-bl, a. আনাৰা, অসমৰা, একভরে, Inc ipable of being done, impossible, stubborn ns=impracticability, impracticableness. ad=impracticably Syn—Impossible, unitasible, unmanageable, unreasonable, impassable, insu mountable

Imprecate, impre-kāt, v t. [L im, and precars, to pray ] অভিশপ্ত-কৃ, অভিশাপ-কে, অবক্ত প্রাথনা-কৃ, To curse . obsecrate, pray or call for cuise. n = imprecation.

Imprecation, n weeth, Curse Syn - Malediction, malison, execution, anathema.

Imprecatory, impre-ka-tor-i, a. affestfas ; जनजनशासी ; Cursing ; maledictory.

Impregnable, im-pregna-bl, n. [ L. in, not, and prehendo, to take ] अन्त्य ; अत्वर ; अत्वर ; इर्जन ; Untakeable ; invincible. == Impregnability. ad=impregnably. Syn:-Inexpugnable, unassailable, immovable.

Impregnate, im-preg'nat, v. f. [ L. in, and prægnans, pregnant ] वर्षान् ; To fill with young :- अर्थव-कृ; To fertilise :- अपृक्षविष्ठ-कृ, এक नेपार्थ अन्न नेपार्थ म्कान्निछ-कृ ; To infuse particles of another substance into. n=impregnation. Syn :- Fecundate, get with child; imbue, infuse, saturate, tincture, fill with; fertilize.

Be impregnated or saturated with-পূর্ণ-হ ; Be soaked ; be filled with.

Impregnation. #. शर्छारशामन : अन्द्रविहेकद्रन . The act of impregnating; infusion.

Impress, im-pres, v. t. [ L. in, and premere, to press ] অন্বিত-কৃ; চাপ বারা চিহ্নিত-কৃ; To imprint ; to mark by pressure :--- मान निविष्ट-क , To inculcate :--বৰপূৰ্পক গত-কৃ . To seize for public service '--- n. চিক : মোহর ; ছাপ ; Mark ; stamp ; device :- মনের উপর কার্য্য; Impression or influence wrought on the mind :--প্রথম সংকরণ : Single edition: -Act of impressing for the public works. Syn :- (v) Engrave, stamp, indent; instil, infuse, inculcate. (n) Indentation, imprint, print; motto, scal.

Impress upon (one)—হৰ্ছে অভিড-কু; হুল্লভ করিয়া দেওছা; Fix deeply on one's mind.

Impress (one) with-काशाब क्याब शालिङ-कृ; Make one sensibly feel.

Impressible, im-prese-bl, a. অবুভবক্ষ, অহনীয়, Susceptible. n=impressibility, ed=impressibly. Syn :- Susceptive, sensitive.

Impression, im-preshun, n. was, Imprinting: marking - हिरू. Mark: - शास्त्र अक मान्द्रव ; পুরবের একবার মুদান্তন , An edition :—অস্ট্র বৃতি ; বিষাস, An indistinct notion, remembrance or belief. Syn: - Printing, stamping; dent, indentation, stamp, impress, brand; sensation, imfluence, effect; notion, idea, fancy, indistinct, remembrance.

Be under the impression—কাহারও মনে ধাবণা बाका : Be under the belief.

Make an impression on- शरह कहिल-इ : Become indelibly stamped on one's mind :-- विद्वार कांगाकत वा कलकांत्रक-क ; Produce a perceptible effect or influence on. [ impression.

Impressionable, a. अस्म-त्यांना ; Susceptible of Impressive, im-presiv, a. क्याबोरी ; िखाक्रक क्षत्रभागी ; नदीय ; Capable of making an impression on the mind; solemn. n=impressiveness. ad impressively. Syn :- Affecting, exciting, forcible, moving, stirring.

Impressment, im-presment, n. भवकाती कार्याव জন্ত লোককে বলপূর্বকে খৃত করণ; নৌগৈল্ডের জন্ত বল-পূৰ্বাৰ গ্ৰহণ : Seizing for public service.

Imprimatur, n. [ L. in, on, and premo, to press ] প্রকাষি মুমণের অসুমতি; A license to print a book &c.

Imprint, im-print, v. t. আছিড-ভূ; মুদ্রিড-ভূ; To print ; to stamp :- बान निविष्ट - क् ; To impress ; to fix in the mind :- n. www. That which is printed:— বছাদিতে সুদ্রিত গ্রন্থকাশকের নাম বা मुखरक्त नाम; What is printed on the title page of a book, esp. the name of printer or publisher. Syn: -(v) Engrave, print, fix indelibly.

Improvident

Imprison, im-prien, v. t. কাবাৰছ-ড় ; আৰম্ভ-ড় ; To shut up; to confine; to restrain. n=imprisonment. Syn: -Incarcerate, immure, shut

Imprisonment, n. কারাবাস ; অবরোধ . Confinement. Syn: -Incarceration, custody, durance. Improbable, im-proba-bl, a. অসম্ভব ; Unlikely. n = improbability.

Improbity, im-probe-te, n. [ L. in, and probitas, probity ] অন্তচিভা: অসাধুতা; Dishonesty. unlikelihood. Syn: - Unfairness, faithlessness, bad faith.

Impromptu. im-promp'tu, a. [L. in, and promtus, readiness] অচিন্তিতপুৰ্বা কৃত; তংপর; Done off hand -- ad. তৎপরভাবে; তৎকণাৎ; Readily:n অচিব্রিডপূর্বে রসিকভাব্যব্রক বাক্য বা প্রবন্ধ ; An off hand or extemporaneous composition.

Improper, im-prop'er, a. অসুচিত; অসুপর্ক; Not suitable: unfit: unbecoming: - 45%; বাস্ত: Incorrect; wrong. Syn:-Unadapted, unsuited, inapposite, inappropriate; unseemly, incedent; inaccurate, erroneous

impropriate, im-pro'pri-at, v. t. [ L. in, in, proprio, propriatus, to appropriate ] নিজের ব্যব-গুরে নিয়োগ-ক ; To appropriate to private use. n = impropriation ( আৰু আৰ্ করণ: The property impropriated ).

mpropriety, im-pro-pri'e-te, n. আৰুচিভ বাৰ-হার; অবোগাতা; অসুবোগিতা, Want of propriety or fitness. Syn .- Unsuitableness, inappropriateness; unseemliness, indecency, indecorum; inaccuracy, incorrectness; solecism.

lmprovable, im-proova-bl, a छेश्वर्शीव ; উन्नयनीव ; উন্নতিশীল; That may be improved. ns=improvability, improvableness. ad=improvably.

Improve, im-proov, v. t. [ Prefix in, and L. probare, to esteem as good ] উত্ততি-ক ; To make better :-- नरानाशन-कृ, To correct :-- नवावश्व-कृ; To employ to good purpose :- ए. रं. উञ्चल-इ ; To grow better :- উप्रेडि-कृ; वृद्धि-कृ; To make progress; to increase. n=improver. Syn :-- Amend. mend, better, meliorate, rectify; use, employ; advance; rise, be enhanced; reform.

Improve on or upon—কোৰ কিছুৰ উন্নতিসাধন-কু; Make useful additions or amendments to.

Improvement, im-procument, n. উর্ভি: উর্ভি-সাধন: Advancement or progress:-- বৃদ্ধি; Increase, addition :- [年春]; Instruction. Syn :-Melioration, amendment, correction, reformation; proficiency, advancement; good use of, Improvident, im-prove-dent, a. अपूत्रक्षी ; अन्ति-वामानी; Wanting foresight; thouhtless. n= improvidence. ad=inprovidently. Syn:-Inconsiderate, negligent, careless, heedless, reckless, imprudent, thoughtless, prodigal, shiftless. Improvingly, ad. \$\frac{1}{2} \text{to at the improving manner}

Improvisate, im-prov-sat, Improvise, impro-vez, v.t or i [L in and provisus, foreseen] না ভাবিবা হঠাৎ বচনা-ক To speak, compose or sign off-hand, extemporize. n=improvisation, improviser

Improvisation, n ৰা ভাৰিবা চিত্তিবা পদ্যাদি বিরচন ৰা বচিত পদ্যাদি, The act of improvising, that which is improvised

Improvisatore, im-pro-viz-a টোরে, n বে বাজি
লা ভাবিছা চিন্তিয়া পদ্যাদি বচনা বা আর্ডি কবে, A
person who composes and recites veises offhand pl=improvisatori

Imprudence, im-proo'dens n 4831 Audacity, want of prudence. Syn -inclution un-wariness indiscretion, rashness recklessness

Imprudent, im proo dent a [ L in, and prudens, piudent] ৰূপাৰ বিষয়নী অসাধাৰণ Wanting foresight or discretion, inclusious inconsiderate n imprudence Syr—Indiscrett, injudicious un divised, heedless, rash

Impudence, impū den, n গুটুৱা নত Shame k nes, insolence Syn—Effrontery, saucine, i audacity importanence pertures sudeness Impudent, ii apū dent, a | 1 ii and puden ash imed ] নিলজ্ঞ গুটু ছুবিনান প্রাণম উদ্ভিত Shimeless brazen faced bold rude, insolent n=impudence a l=impudently Syn—Audacious, bold-treed, immodest, forward, saucy impertanent, pert

Impuganable, i n-pūna bl, a অধীকাৰকাণ কোণ নিন্দ ঠ Capible of being impugned or called in quistion

Impugn, im pūn, v t [ I in and piznare to fight] v t কথা বা তৰ্ক ধাৰা আন্তমণ কু, fo attack by words or arguments — অধীবাৰ কু To call in question — প্ৰতিবাদ কু, To gainsay, n= impugner Syn — Contradict gainsay, resist contravene, oppose.

Impulse, impuls, Impulsion, impulsion, in pulsion, in buts in the act of driving on —শক্তি Force, comunicated —মনেব বেগ বা উপ্তেজনা ঝোক Sudden and unconsidered thought or mental purpose exciting to action

Impulsive, im-pulsiv, a ভাউনাক্ষ বিভাগনাক উত্তেজনকন, ক্ষণিক কণৰাৱী, Having the power of diving on, impelling moving forcible violent, rash, passionate — যানসিক ভাব খানা উত্তেজিত, হঠবাৰী, Actuated by mental impulse, hasty ad — impulsively. n impulsiveness Impunity, im puncte, n [I impunity with out punishment] মুক্তি, অব্যাহতি Exemption from injury of loss

With impunity— অবাধে, অসত হুইবা, নিরাপাদ, Without being subjected to punishment safely Impure, im-pur', a [ L. in, not, and purus pure ] অপবিজ, কুনুধিচ, অত্তম্ভ, Not pure unholy, defiled by sin — মিশিত, Mixed with other substance us—impurity, impureness ad=impurity Syn—Mixed, tinctured, foul feculent, tained, vitiated, corrupt, unhallow

ed, unholy, unchaste, lewd, obscene.
Impurity, Impureness, ম. অগ্রিক্তা, ছবি-

Mixture, adulteration, foulness, uncleaness pollution, coarseness, grossness, vulgarity, indecency, obscenity, smuttiness

Impurple, v. t নাৰ-ড়, To colour or tinge with purple, make red or reddish

Imputable, im-puta-bl, n আরোপনীয় , Atributable , ascribable. ns=imputableiless, imputableity. ad=imputably. Syn —Chargeable, referible

Imputation, im-pū táshun, n আবোপ, The act of imputing — নিলা, তিরস্থাব, Censure, reproach Syn — Ascription, attribution, charge, accusation, blame.

Imputative, im-pūra-tiv, a আবোপনীৰ আবোপা,
That may be imputed, ad=imputatively

Impute, im-pūt, v.t [L.in and putare, to reckon think] আয়োপ ক. Ascribe, attribute n=imputer Syn.—Assign to, icfer, consider as due

In, in, prep ভিতৰে, Within — মধ্যে বাপিছা, During — ছাবা By or through — ভিতৰে, Not outside of —ad. ভিতৰে, Within, not out, n ide into

'Be in for it—থাৰত হওৱা গিৰাছে আৰু িটান হ'লব ল' Be committed to a certain course — বলু ৰ শাস্ত্ৰত হৰ লাগুৱা Be prepared to go to the utmest —পাগুৱা বাইনৰ, Be going to have

Be in with a person—कांश्वर ट्रांड मार्थाया। वाका Be on friendly or familiar terms with one In a dilemma—विका सभाव वि. In a cit ration in which it is difficult to determine what course to pursue

In and in, a From animals of the same paren-In and out—একবার বাহিৰে একবাৰ ভিতৰে With n and without

In as much—বেংডু, Seeing that, because, In that—বেংডু, Because for the reason that The inns and outs—ভিতৰ বাহিব সমগ্ৰই Particulars, the secrets, the nooks and corners, the details

Inability, in-a bile to, n. পজিনীনতা, অক্ষর), স্পাবকতা, Incapacity, weakness. Syn — lmn tence deficiency, incompetency, disability,
i qualification

Laccessible, in ak গণ্ড bl, a ছুর্ধিপমা, ছুর্গম, Not to be reached unapproachable —ছুল্ড, Unattainable #r - inaccessibility, inaccessibleness ad=inaccessibly

Inaccuracy, in-akku ra-se, n. অম. Mistake. Syn —Incorrectness inexactness, fault, defect, error, blunder, inadvertence

Inaccurate, in-akku rat, a. ৰঙ্গা, ৰাসকা, Not accurate, erromous n=inaccuracy Syn:
—Inexact, incorrect, faulty, wrong, defective.

Inaction, in-akshun, n বিশাম, আলস্য, Idlenes,, rest.

Inactive, in aktiv a. অপস, পিজিয়া, Not active, idle, dull Sy i -- Sluggish, andolent, slothful, lazy, mert.

Inactivity, in-ak-tive-te, त. वत्राजा . बानमा . Idleness -- AUSI . Inertness Syn .-- Sluggishness, indolence, slothfulness,

Inadequacy, in-ade-kwa-se, n. walled . Defectiveness, insufficiency, incompetency, incapa-

Inadequate, in-ade-kwät, a. আপ্রাথ ; অপ্রচুষ , Insufficient. #s=inadequacy, inadequateness ad=inadequately. Syn -Unequal, incommensurate, disproportionate, partial defective, incomplement, incapable

Inadmissible, in-ad-mise-bl. a wate. Not allowable n=inadmissibility Syn -- Unallowable, improper, unreasonable, unqualified, incompetent

inadvertence, m-ad-vertens, Inadvertence, in-ad-verten-he, n. অনুষ্ঠান - তাছিলা নিয়াল Inadvertence, m-ad-vertens, Inadvert genic, oversight. Syn -Inattention leraness, heedlesaness, thoughtlesane servance, inconsiderateness, error elstate. hlunder.

Inadvertent, in-ad-vertent, a कम्पनारगंती, अना-142 Not attentive, carcless ad=inadvertently. Lyn -I lattentive, thoughtless, inconsiderate, unobservant negligent.

Inglienable, in-alyen-a-bl, a. হতাত্তবের অবোগা, 175 , Not capable of being transferred Svit -Not alienable, intran ferable, ent uled Inamorate, n. প্রথমাসক ব্যক্তি, One who is inamound or in love. pl = 1 1 imorati

Inano, in-an a मुख, शाल, वृद्धिविशेन, वाधशैन, hmpty, purpostless, void of sense or intelle-

Inanimate, in ancemat, a মৃত, নিজীব : काहजन. Lifeles; dead. n=manimation ( অতেত্ত , I ifelcosness ) Syn -- Inert, mactive, dull, spiritless. [ of animation , lifeleseness. Inanimation, n. পদানতা, নিজীবতা, Want Inanition, in-a-nisliun, n পৃষ্ণতা, শৃষ্ণার্ভতা, Empliness,—মালাভাবে রাতি, অনাহারে শরীর কর, Exhaustion from want of food Syn -Lyhaustion, starvation, want of nutrition, manity, vacuity.

Inanity, in ane-te, n. প্রতা, প্রস্থান, Emptiness, - মুৰ্গতা, জ্ঞানহীনতা, Senseles rness, frivolity. Syn - Vanity, senselessness, frivolity. Inapplicable, in-ap'ple-ka-bl, a. অপ্রয়োলা: ष्यर्गाना , Not applicable , unsuitable 21 00 mapplicability. Syn -Unsuited, irrelevant. mapt, mappropriate, mapposite.

Inapplication, in-ap-plik I spun n. अम्बिलि-গিড়া, অধ্নোধোগ; Want of application or atten-

in-ap'pō-zit, a. Inapposite, অসমত; অনুগরুক, Not suitable, unfit ad =inappositely. Syn -Unsuitable, irrelevant, inapplicable, impertinent

Inapprociable, in-ap-pic'shi a-bl, a. বাহার ख्य दिव कता वांय नां , व्यावांश , व्यनिर्द्ध मृता : That cannot be estimated or valued

Inapproachable, a m-ap-procha-bl, sin, অন্থিপমা , Inaccessible,

Inappropriate, inat, a. अनुभव्हः অনসভ , Unsuitab nappropulateness. ad=inappropriatek -Unfitting, improper

Inspt, in apt , বণটু, Not fit; unfit. n=Inaptitude তা; Unfitness )

Insptitude. — tūd, n. अनुभरवानिकां ;
Want of American structures, unreadiness
ableness : अर्थार केन्द्र केन्द्र केन्द्रियां किया विराध ,
A martine at ingrafting.

A merical at ingraiting. fnametato, m-ar-tik'd-lat, a আন্ট, আন্ট, Inational neuronal neurona ad=inarticulately med

ticulateness, Inarticulation, n. স্টোin an indistinctness of sounds in speaking Inartificial, in ar-te fish'e-al, a অভুতিম , সরণ . অৰপট, Not artificial, honest, simple ad =in artificially Syn -Natural, articss, unaffected In-as-much, ad বেছেডু, একণ অবস্থায়, Since, seeing that, such being the case.

Institution, in-at-tenshun, n. অস্বিধানতা, অমনোযোগ, উপেছা, অবহেলা; Heedlessness, neglect Syn -Inadvertence, thoughtlessness, neglect, carelessness, disregard, indiffcrence, absence of mind.

Inattentive, in-at-tentiv. a. অনবৃথিত অম (बार्याणी, अनाविष्ठे, Not attentive, careless, ad=inattentively. Syn -Heedless, regardless, thoughtless, negligent, remiss.

Inaudible, in-aude-bl, a. অফুট; হু:প্রারা, আনাত্রা, Incapable of being heard, indistinct. n=inaudibility ad=inaudibly. Syn -Noiseless, silent, low, still, mute.

Inaugural, in-aw'gur-al, a. अवम , अवमाप्रकेनिक , Pertaining to, done, or pronounced at an inauguration, first

Inaugurate, in-aw'gū-rāt, v. t. f L an, and augurari, to augur ] अडिसक-कृ, अंडिडा-कृ, Invest with office - बाउ-इ, To cause to begin. n=inauguration ( প্রতিষ্ঠা, অভিবেক ), inaugurator ( প্ৰতিষ্ঠাকাৰী ) Syn -Install, introduce with ceremonies, commence, begin.

Inauspicious, in-aw-spishe us, a. 465, ছুৰ্ভাগা . Unlucky ; ili-omened n=inauspiciousness. ad = manspiciously. Syn -Unpropitious. unfavourable, unpromising, dispromising, discouraging.

Inborn, inborn, a. सांशांविक महत्र , महत्रांड , Native, implanted by nature. Syn -Innate, inbred, natural, inherent, ingrained, congenital Inbreath, in brc'th, v. t. অবাস বারা সঞ্চারিত-কু To infuse by breathing into [ natural Inbred, inbred, a. প্রকৃতিদত্ত, বভাবজ, Innate; Inbreed, in-bred, v. t Gota Gentra-p., To breed or generate within .- a. बाजाविक, In-[ Peruvians. nate, natural Inca, n A king or royal prince of the ancient Incage, inkaf, Same as Encage

Incelculable, in-kalkū-la-bi, a अभानीत अन्ता, अमृ था , Unreckonable. ad = incalculably. Syn:—Incomputable, uncountable, countless, numberless.

Incandescence, z. বেডোৱাণ; A white heat. Incandescent.in-kan-des'ent, a. উকীতৃত: উত্তর্থ; ৰেভোন্তও; সমূত্ৰন; Glowing with white heat; becoming warm or hot. [ श्रष्ट : Enchantment. Incantation, in-kan-táshun, ন. ইত্ৰভাল; মত্ৰ : Incapable, in-ka'pa-bl, a. [ L. in, and capabilis, from capere, to take ] অক্ষ ; অপারক ; অসমর্থ ; অশ্ব ; অসুপ্ৰোমী ; Insufficient ; unable ; disqualified. n=incapability. ad=incapably. Syn. -Unfit, incompetent, weak, feeble, unqualified. Incapacious, in-ka-páshe-us, a. স্থীৰ্ : অল পরিস্ব : Narrow. Syn :-- Scant, not spacious. Incapacitate, v. t. কম হাচ্যত-কু; অসমর্থ-কু; অকম-; Disable; make incapable, unfit, disqualify. Incapacity, in-ka-pase-te. n. অসমৰ্তা : অধা-সর্ব্য: অপক্তা: অক্মতা; Inability; disqualification. Sym .- Incapability, incompetency, unfitness.

Incarcerato, in-kar'ser-না, v. t. [L. in, and carcer, a prison] কারাগারে বছ-কৃ; কারাক্র-কৃ; আবদ্ধ-কৃ; To imprison; to confine. n=incarceration (কারবাস; imprisonment) Syn.—Imprison, commit, shut up. [dye red. Incarnadine, v. t. বজবাৰ রিজত-কৃ; To Incarnate, in-kar'-nমা, v. t. (L. in, and cara, carnis, flesh) কারব পার্ণ-কৃ: মাংসে জড়িত-কৃ; To embody in flesh —v. t. মাংসাতিত-কৃ. To form flesh:—a. মুর্তিমণ্ ক্রীরখারী; দেইী: মা'সবিশিষ্ট; Invested with flesh. n=incarnation. Incarnation, in-kar-nম্বাshun, n. অবভার, কারী অহণ, আবিভাব; Act of clothing with or adding

Incarnative, in-kar'na-tiv, c. নুতৰ মাংলোৎ-

union; impersonation, exemplification.

flesh.

Syn: - Embodiment; hypostatical

Incase, in-kās', v. t. আধারছ-তু; আবরণ মধ্যপত-তু. To enclose; to put in a case. n=incasement. Incasement, n. আবরণে আবৃত ক্বণ; আবরণ; The act of inclosing with a casement; an inclosing substance.

Incautious, in-kaw'she-us, a. অহনোধানী;
আনাবদান , অনতহিত; অসভই; Careless, herdless, inattentive. n=incautiousness. ad=incautiously
Syn:—Indiscreet, inconsiderate, imprudent, impolitic, heedless, unwary, thoughtless, improvident.

Incautiousness, n. surchitain; syntamosi. Carelessness. Syn:—Unwariness, heedlessness, imprudence, inconsiderateness.

Incavation, in-ka-va'shun, n. [ L. incavare, to make follow] The act of making hollow. Syn:—Encavation, trench, hole, valley, depression. [ an incendiary. Incendiarism, n. গৃহদাহ; Act or practice of Incendiary, in-sen'de-ar-e, n. [L. incendium, a burning] গৃহদাহক; বে অন্তর সূহে আমিসকার করে; One who sets fire to a building &c. maliciously:—আনোলনকারী ব্যক্তি: An agilator. n=incendiarism. Syn:—Fire-raiser, political agustor. firebland.

Inconso, in-sens, v. t. [L. in, and canders, to glow] n. খুগ; খুগখুনাদির গছ; Burning perfume: -v.t. খুণ-লে; To perform with incense: - কুছ-কু; কোথোজীত-কু; রাগান; To inflame with anger. Syn: -Enrage, exasperate, infuriate, madden, provoke, anger, irritate.

Be incensed at—cete fages sife sines; Be highly enraged on account of

Incentive, in-sently, n. [L. in, and canere, to sing] a. উৎসাহকয়; উদ্যোজক; Inciting; encouraging:—n. কারণ, প্রবৃদ্ধি; অভিপ্রায়: Motive; cause, stimulus. Syn:—Spur, incitement, encouragement.

An incentive to—altitus colo facts eagle con; That which moves the mind or prompts to good or ill acts, a motive or inducement to.

Inception, in-sep'shun, n. [L. inceptio, from incipere, to begin] n. আরম্ভ : প্রারম্ভ : Commencement ; beginning. Syn :—Start, origin, rise ; inauguration, preface, prolude.

Incoptive, in-sep'tiv, a. আরম্ভনারক; প্রায়েকারী বা প্রায়েক্তক; Commencing or marking commencement.

Incortitude, in-sért'i-tūd, n. [L in, not, and certus, certain] জনিভয়তা; সন্দেহপুৰ্বতা; Uncertainty; doubtfulness.

Incessant, in-ses'ant, a [L. in, and cossure, to cease] অধিরাম, অপ্রতিত্ত : Unceasing, n=incessancy. ad=incessantly Syn:—Unceasing, uninterrupted, unintermitted, ceaseless, continual, constant, perpetual.

Incost, meest, m. [L. in, not, and castus, chaste] জগমা গমন; ব্যভিচার, নিরিক্ষ সম্পূর্তীয় দীপুক-বের আবৈধ সক্ষম, Sexual intercourse within the prohibited degrees of kindered. a = incestuous. Incostuous, in-sest'u-us, a. অগমাগামী; আবৈধ-সক্ষমাপবাধী, Guilty of incest. ad = incestuously. n=incestuousness.

Inch, insh, n. ইক; The twelfh of a foot — ৰঙি অন্ধ পহিষাণ; অভান দূৰত বা প্রিমাণ; A small distance or degree. [Containing inches. Inch, insh, Inched, insht, a. ইক্লিপিট; By inch meal, by inches—মন্তে আন্তে; Gradually; by slow degrees.

Every inch-नर्कारण. All over; in every respect, thoroughly; pre-emmently.

Inch by inch—অভি পদে; Every inch of it — অৱে অৱে . By slow degrees.

Within an inch of —ষতি নিকট ; Very near. Inchoate, in'-k'o-āt, a. [I.. inchoatus, to begin] আৰম্মান ; সদমাপ্ত ; Just begin ; incomplete.

Inchoation, in-ko-z'shun, n. व्यात्रप्र:
Beginning.

Inchostive, in-ko-ā't'iv, . . প্ৰাৰহণ্ডক;

Incidence, insi-dens, ল. বে দিকে কৌন পদাৰ্থ বা কিন্তু-বেৰা অন্ত কোন ভলের উপর পতিত হয় : যে দিকে বা যে ভাবে কোন বস্তু পতিত হয় : The manner or direction in which one body falls on or strikes another :— ঘটনা ; আক্ষিক ঘটনা : Accident

Incident, inse-dent, a. [ I.. incidens, from in, and cadere, a fall ] ষট্দাদ্দে উপন্ধিত ; দৈৰ্ঘট্টত ; ৰাক্ষিক; বভাৰত: নংকঃ; Failing upon, happening accidently; fortuitous; casual; occasional:
—বটনা; An event:—আসমিক কথা; অন্ত সাংগক্ষ কাৰ্য্য; An episide. Syn:—(n.) Circumstance, fact, adventure; episode, digression, subordinate action.

Inoident to—বাহা বভাবতঃ আৰুবলিক হয়; Naturally belonging to; appertaining to.

Incidental, in-se-dent'al, a. আক্ৰিক; আস্ত্ৰিক; সহসা উপস্থিত; নৈমিন্তিক; Occassional; accidental, causal — n. বৈৰ ঘটনা; An accident. ad=incidentally. n=incidentalness. Syn:—Fortuitous, contingent, occasional, adventitious, non-essential.

Incipient, in-sip'e-ent, a. [L. incipiens, incipers, to begin] অবিৰত ; অবিপ্ৰায় : Uninterrupted ; continual ;—প্রায়েশ্বরত ; Beginning. n = incipience ; incipiency. ad = incipiently. Syn:—Commencing, originating ; inceptive.

Incircle, Same as Encircle.

Incise, in-siz', v t. [L. in, into, and codo, to cut] কৰ্তন-ক ; To cut in or into with a sharp instrument :—পোলিড-ক ; কোগন-ক ; ডকণ-ক ;

Incision, in-sizh'un, n. ছেম্ ; ছেমন ; কোমন , কঠন : কঠন জন্ত থাত , A cut. Syn :—Gash, hack, notch

Incisive, in-sisiv, a [l.. incidere, from in, and caedere, to cut. kill] কটনসমৰ্থ, ছেগলক্ষ.
Cutting —ভীক্ষ, ধারাল, Sharp; acute:—ব্যক্তরী, ব্যক্ত্রণ; Sarcastie. Syn:—Sharp, biting, trenchant, severe, saturical.

Incisor, in-si'zor, ন. ছেন্দ্ৰস্থ ; সন্থাৰ দত্ত . Cutting tooth ; a fore teeth. a = incisory.

Incitation, in-si-ta'shun, ল. উৎসাহ; প্রবৃত্তি; উত্তেজন, উত্তেজন; Incentive.

Incite, in-sit', v. t. [L. in, and citare, to rouse] ह्याहिङ ह ; दिल्लिङ ह ; To encourage; to stir up, urge on administrally, n=inciter. Syn — Excite, instigate, goad, urge, rouse, provoke, prompt, animate, stimulate, stir up.

Incitement, n same as Incitation. Syn:— Motive, incentive, inducement, spur, stimulus, impluse, encouragement.

Incivility, in-se-vic-te, n. অভ্যতা; আসভাতা; 
Inclemency, n. বিঠুৰতা; নিৰ্দয়তা; Want of clemency. Syn:—Harshness, severity, cruelty, rigour, roughness, boisterousness, storminess.
Inclement, in-klement, a. বিশ্ব ; বিশ্ব ; কুট ব; বাডা-তেওঁ, বাডা-তেওিক, বাডা-তেও

Inclinable, in-kluna-bl, a. ন্মনীয়, প্রবণ; আবত, That may be inclined; leaning; tending. n=inclinableness.

Inclination, in-klin-2'shun, n. প্রবৃত্য: আনতি; ইন্ধা; অনুসাপ; Leaning; liking; disposition, desire:— चरनमन; चयन; (कंक; Act of inclining; leaning:— क्रें त्यां वा ज्यान चानकी त्यां ; The angle made by 2 lines or planes which meet or would meet if produced. Syn:—Slope, slant, bend; verging, bending, oblique direction; bent, bias, disposition, proneness, propensity, tendency, proclivity, aptitude; partiality, fondness, affection, wish, desire, liking.

To lean:—To deviate from a line towards an object:—বড-ছ, অবহিত-ছ; To be disposed:
—০. ৫. বড-ছ; To bend:—বড-ফ; প্ৰবিত-ফ; To dispose, to induce:—n. An ascent or descent, is on a road or railway. Syn:—Bend, slope, slant, diverge; stoop, bow, be disposed; dispose, bias; (n) grade, gradient.

Inclose, in-klof v. t. [L. in, clando, to shut]
আৰদ্ধ-কৃ; ৰেইল-কৃ; ৰেৱা; বেড়া দিয়া বিদিয়া কেলা;
To confine; to surround; to fence. Syn:—
Encircle, encompass, shut in; envelop, cover, wrap.

Inclosure, in-kloshur, n. বেটিড ছাৰ; A space fenced up:—বেরা ছাৰ; বেডা; Fencing.

nclude, in-klud, v. t. [L includere, from in, and claudere, to shut] ভূত-কৃ; অনুষ্ঠ-কৃ; বিষয়ত-কৃ; To comprise; embrace; contain. n=inclusion. Syn:—Inclose, take in, hold, contain, comprehend.

'nolude in—ৰস্তৰ্গত-কৃ; Take in. [including. nelusion, n. ধারণ, অন্তর্নিবেশ, The act of nolusive, in-kloo'siv, Inclosing, a. স্বেভ; বেইনকারী, অন্তর্নিবেশী, Comprehending the stated limit. ad=inclusively, Syn:—Encircling, embracing, comprehending all, including each.

Incognisable, in-kog niz-a-bl, Incognisable, in-końiz-a-bl, a. অজ্ঞের; অপরিজের; That can not be known or distinguished.

Incognito, in-kog'ni-to, a. [ L. in, not, and cognitus, known ] প্ৰছেন : ছম্বেনী ; অজাড ; Disguised : unknown :—ad ভাষাৰ : ছম্বেনী : অজাড ; Disguised : unknown :—ad ভাষাৰ : ছম্বেনী : ব্ছানিডভাবে ; In disguise : under an assumed title. Incoherence, in-kō-hōi'ens, n. সংযোগাভাব : মানালাভাব : মান

Incoherent, in-kö-hör'ent, a. অসংলগ্ন ; শিখিল ; Unconnected, loose:—অসম্বন্ধ; অসমজন্য ; Incongruous. ad=incoherently. Syn:—Detached ; inconsistent, illogical.

Incombustible, in-kom-busti-bl, a. আগছ; আগংনীয়; Incapable of being consumed by fire; unburnable. ns =incombustibility, incombustibleness. ad =incombustibly.

Income, inkum, n. बाब, कब; Revenue; gain; profit. Syn:—Receipts, rents.

Incommensurable, in-kom-mensur-Ebl, a. জারিবের; Having no common measure of standard of comparison. ad = incommensurably. Syn.—Disproportionate, enequal, inadequate, insufficient.

Incommensurate, in-kom-mensur-at, a. जनम-

গরিবেছ, অসমান, Having no common measure
—অসমান, Unequal,—অভূপবোদী, Inadequate
ad=incommensurately.

Incommode, in-kom-mod, t f [L 1n, not, and commodus, convenient] শীড়া-কে, কই-কে, বিশ্বক্ষ করা, উত্যক্ত-কু; To make inconvenient, to annoy, to molest. Syn—Inconvenience, disturb, annoy, trouble, embarrass, disquiet Incommodious, in-kom-mo'de us a অংক্ বিশ্বক্ষক, কেশ্কর; বিশ্বক্ষিকর, অনুপ্রোগী, অব্যব্ধর Inconvenient, annoying. ad=incommodiously.

monommodiousness Syn—Disadvantageous, troublesome, unmanageable cumbrous, cumbersome, awkward, unwieldy, unhandy

Incommunicable, in-kom-mu'ne ka-bl a অকথনীয়; অকথা, অগরিচালনীয়, গিনিমহাবোগা, That cannot be communicated or imparted to others, that cannot be exchanged. n=incommunicability, incommunicableness, adv=incommunicably. Syn—Inalienable, not transferable, inexpressible, unspeakable.

Incommunicative, in-kom mu'ni kā-tiv, a. অস্থিশনাজ্য , Not disposed to hold communion with — অসামাজিক , Unsocial ad=incommunicatively

Incommutable, a অধিনিয় হোগা, Not capable of being committed or exchanged n=incommutability, incommutableness ad=incommutabily. Incomparable, in komparable a অপুপ্ৰ, নিৰূপৰ, অভূপ, অভূপনীয়, Matchless ad=incomparably n=incomparableness Syn—Peerless, transcendant, paramount, unrivalled, unequalled

Incompatible, in-kom-pati-bl, a আসলত, বিশ্বত্ব, বিরোধী, Not consistent, inconsistent, contradictory —n p বে সকল দ্বৰ্য একত থাকিতে গাবে না, Things which cannot co-cxist n=incompatibility ad=incompatibly

Incompetence, in kompetens Incompeten cy, n অবোগ্যা, অহুপযুক্তা অপ্রাচ্ন Incorpacity unfitness, insufficiency Syn—Inability insufficiency, inadequacy, disqualification.

Incompetent, in kompt-tent, a. অকম অবেণঃ অপুপর্ক, অপুরাধ, Incapable, unit, in ufficient ad=incompetently Syn —Unable in adequate, insufficient, improper, disqualified, incapacitated.

Incomplete, in-kom plet a [L in, and complere to fill up ] a আনস্থা, Imperfect n=in comleteness, ad=incompletely Syn —Defective, deficient, unfinished, unaccomplished unexecuted, left undone,

Incompliant, in-kom pli-ant, Incompliable in-kom-pli'a-bl, a অভারোধাসুদাবে কাব্যকাণে আনিছু, Unyielding to request,—a অন্যনীৰ, Unyielding ad=incompliantly m=incompliance

Incomprehensible, in-kom-pre-hensi bl a হৰোধ, অবোধা, ধাৰণাশক্তিৰ অভীত, Inconcurable ns=incomprehensiblity, incomprehensiblencss, incomprehension ad=incomprehensibly

Incomprehensive, in kom-pre heisiv, a মুৰ্জেৰ, সম্বাধ, সীম্বিদ্ধ, Limited, not comprehensive. # = incomprehensiveness

Incompressible, in-com-presi-bl, a স্বাংশচ-নীয়, Not to be compressed into smaller bulk a=incompressibility.

Incomputable, in-com-puta-bl, a. অগণনীর, অগণ্য, অসংখ্য, Unreckonable.

Inconcervable, in kon-seva-bl, a অচিত্তনীয়, অবোধ্য , ধাৰণাপজিয় অভীত , Incomprehensible, n = inconcervableness ad=inconcervably

Inconclusive, in-kon kloos'iv, a অনিশান্তিকৰ, অধীনা'সক, বঙনীয়, Not settling a point in dispute ad=inconclusively n=inconclusiveness Incondensable, in kon-densabl, a অনুষ্ঠোনীয়, Not to be made more dense or compact n=incondensal slity.

Incongenial, a অমুপবোদী, অনুদ্রাপ: বিরপ,
Unsustable, unsympathetic n=incongeniality
Incongruity, in-kong-groue-te, n আনৈকা,
অসমতা, Unsuitabliness Syn —Inconsistency,
mpropriety, incompatibility, discrepancy, incoherence, absurd ty.

Incongruous, in kong'grobous, a [ L in, and congruers, to agree ] আৰম্ভ, আনসভ, Inconsistent, unsuitable n = incongruity ad=incongruously. Syn —Unsuited inappropriate infit, improper, incoherent discrepart absurd.

Inconsequent, a উপস্থিত প্রতাব হইতে অনস্থেষ,
স্থালনাস্ত্রের নিয়মহিলক, Not following from the
premises, illogical n=inconsequence

Inconsequential, a উপায়ত প্ৰস্থা হটনে ৰাগা অসুমান কৰা য ব না, গুৰুত্তীন, অ চিকিৎকর Not regularly following from the premi es, of little importance ad=inconsequentially

Inconsiderable, in-kon-sider-i bl, a [ I in and considerare to consider] a আৱা, মুচ নগণা, যংসামান্ত জগলা Unimportant, little of no consequence n=inconsiderably Syn—Trivial insignificant, petty, minor immitteral Inconsiderate, in-kon-sider at a জালিব্ছক আনন্দোণী, অনবহিত, হঠকাৰী, I houghtle sinattentive, heedless n=inconsiderately syn—inconsiderateled less, negligent, improvident careless, imprudent, indiscreet, incautious, injudicious, i ish hasty

Inconsiderateness, n অনিশ্চকতা অমনো-যোগীতা, ষ্ঠকাবিতা Though'essness innitientiveness, heedlissness Syn—Carelessness, thoughtlessness, inadvertence, inattention, imprudence

nconsistent, in-kon-sistent, a [L sn, not, and consistere, to stand together] অসমত, প্রশাব বিবোধী, অসালগ্ন, বিকল্প, অসমন্ত্রস্থা, Irre-concilable, incongruous, contradictory ns—inconsistence, inconsistency ad—inconsistently Syn—In compatible, unsuitable, discordant, contrary, repugnant, inconstant, variable, changeable.

Inconsolable, in-kon-solable, a অপ্ৰবোধনীয়, আসাধানীয়, Not to be comforted, ad=inconsolably.

Inconspicuous, a আৰু Hardy Jiscernble.
ad—inconspicuously n=inconspicuousness
Inconstant, in-konstant, a চক্ৰ ক্ৰিক, পরি-

Inconstant, in-konstant, a চৰ্দ্য কৰিক, পরিকর্তনীয়, পরিবর্তনশীল, কাহর্ণ্য, ক্ষিয় Fickle, subject to change n=inconstancy (চঞ্চলতা Ficklenes ) ad=inconstantly Sjn —Changeable
variable, wavering, vacillating, mutable, volatic, unstable, capticious.

Inconsummable, in-kon-sūma-bl a অক্ল , অনিশ্ব অবিনাণী That cannot be wasted Incontestable, in kon testa bl a অধ্ননীয়, ধ্বিবাদনীয় নিঃসন্দেহ অব্ছা ধ্বীকাৰ্যা, অস্ক্র করিবার আযোগা, আম্মিবাদী, Incontrovert ble indisputable Syn—Irrefragable, unden ab'c, inque tionab'e indubitable

recontinence, n বাভিচার Uncharity
Incontinent, in kentinent, a অনিত্তিকর
ত লত্তির শিপুণার কামুক ফুক্তির, Unchart little n-incontinence incontinency
Incontinently, at অন্তর্গান কার্ডির ক্তিব্রাধিন বিশ্বাধিন আন্তর্গানিকর বিশ্বাধিন বিশ্বা

Throatiollable, in-kontr<sup>-1</sup> thi a अनुमनीय . Note to link is at = nocentrollar y
to controver to ho, in kontrover to link is to to a fill at the controllar of the state of t

12 Ontonience in knotneen Inconvonient v, ik) is the interest of the inconvolution of the inc

Incorventible, in hon vertible a অপৰিবৰ্তনীয The tennet leads for remonvertibility Inconvincible, in-hon vin i ble a আফিলেন্থ-পাদনায় Not capable of conviction ad=inconvincibly

Incorporate into or with-as sal; Unite with

Incorporation, in-kor-po-raishum, n. সংবাদ ,
সন্মিনন , Union of different ingredients in one
mass — সন্মিত , সন্তা , সনাজ The formation of a
legal or positical body by the union of individuals a corporation an association.

Incorporeal u lor চিটেম a অপরীয়ী, অভেডিক, আধারিক Spiritual, immaterial ad =incorporeally Syn —Immaterial unsubstantial bodiese

Incorrect, in kor-rekt a অনুদ্ধ দোৰসুক্ত দোৰসুক্ত নোৰসুক্ত কোন্ত্ৰ, আম if Not accurate faults n=incorrectness al incorrectly Sun—Inaccurate, incorrect erioneous fase untrue wiong immoral faulty ungran matical

Incorrigible, in korigib a আন শাধনীৰ আন শেধনীশ্বাস দূলিত, ছুক্ত Lad beyond correction or reform n=incorrigibleness incorri bity a f=icori gibly

Incorrodable, in kan নিটো ৫ কাৰ ছইবাৰ ৰ-দ বাদাত মণি প্ৰাভ পাদির সা Not corrodable or able to be ruited

Incorrupt, in ka ipt a ভাৰা, ভাৰ ভাৰু ন িৰাভ সং জ আ বংক্চ বাৰা বিংহত 'and pure one t above the influence of bride (বান ১ ু ১

Incorrupt Ao, i - or upttl a আৰু লৌৰাই নাছ আৰক্ষিক সিংলা proble of denv — সুংগ ৰ আৰ চিকি কুল্টো বিলা oly j 'id up ight ad ict the ico no len s

Incorruption, , , se one less The state of the recorrupt

Incor uptnose, n িকল্পণ অন্যয় সাংস্ পতিত) Flest te of exception from corrupion or decay pur ty comind

Incressate, in kis t ব \* | I \*\* into crosso, t nake tick] সুৰ্গাত কু চি nase thick s সুৰ্বা সুক্ত চি l cone thick or thick r — a সুক্ত পুৰ্ণ স্থাত Make thick of that the kence to vire the flower

Therassative, a ত তত — নক, I hickenin, — সু ল কাপুল I hat which has the power to the con

Incredible, in kredi bla অবিষয়নীৰ, অবিষায়, অংক্ষেয Unbelievable imppossible to be believed n-incredibility ad=incredibly
Incredulity, in-krē-dū'ie te n. সন্ধিছতা, অবি-

মারতা; Indisposition to believe. Syn:—Unbelief, disbelief, distrust, scepticism.

Incredulous, in-kredū-lus, a. অবিধাসী, সন্দিশ্ধ; Hard of belief. ad=incredulously. n=incredulity.

Increment, inkre-ment, n. অন্ন বৃদ্ধি . Small increase:—বৃদ্ধি ; Growth ; matter added — প্রিবর্জনশীস কাশির চর্মবৃদ্ধি ; The finite increase of a variable quantity:—অধীলকার বিশেষ ; An adding of particulars without climax.

Increscent, in-kresent, a. বৰ্ধননীল; বৰ্ধমান; Growing; increasing.

Incrimmate, Same as Criminate.

Incrust, in-krust, v. t. কঠিন আবৰণ ছাবা আচ্ছা-দিত-কু; কঠিনাবরণে আবৃত-কু; Cover with a crust or hard coat. n=incrustation. Syn:—Coat overlay. Incrustation, n. কঠিন আবরণ, কঠিনাবরণে আচ্ছা-দুন; The act of incrusting.

Incubate, in-ku-bat, v. t. [ L. in, upon. cubo, to lie down ] ডা-দে; ভিনে ডা দেওয়া, To sit on eggs to hatch them. n=incubation.

Incubation, n. তাপ প্রদানার্থ ডিম্নোপনি উপবেশন . The act of sitting on eegs to hatch young — রোগের স্তর্গাত ও পরিণতিব মধাবর্ত্তীকাল।

Incubator, u. কুজিৰ ভাগসঞ্চাল ছাবা অওক্টন হয়; A machine by means of which eggs are hatched by artificial heat.

Incubus, inku-bus, n. হংছয়; বেশকৰ বল্প .
Nightmare:—কেশকৰ বা বৃদ্ধিন্তংশজনক শক্তি বা প্ৰভাৱ:
Any oppressive or stupefying influence. p:=
incubuses, incubi.

Inculcate, in-kuľkāt, v. t. [ L. in. and carcare, to tread ] উপাদেশ দে: পুনঃ পুনঃ উচ্চি ছাবা মনোমধ্যে সংকার কবিয়া-দে; শিক্ষা-দে. To unpress on the mind; to enforce by frequent admovation; to teach. n=inculcation, inculcator. S; n:— Impress, enforce, infuse, instil, implant, ingratit. Inculpable, in-kuľpabl, a. নির্দেশ্য: অনিকাশ্য,

विष्वद ; Blameless. ad=inculpably.

Inculpate, in-kulpat, v. t. [ L. in, and culpa, fault ] নিন্দা-কৃ; অপবাধী-কৃ; দোৱাবোগ-কৃ; দোৱাবোগ-কৃ; দোৱাবোগ-কৃ; দোৱাবোগ-কৃ: To criminate; to impute guilt to; to censure. n=inculpation. Syn:—Charge, impeach, censure Inculpatory, in-kulpa-tor-i, a. নিন্দনীয়, দোৱাবোগৰানী; Imparating blame; criminatory.

Incumbency, in-kumben-si, n. কাৰ্যভাব , প্ৰে ছিডি; পদাধিকাৰ; The holding of an office :--ভাৰ; A weight:--বাধ্যভা; An obligation :--ধর্ম-বাৰকীয় ইণ্ডি; An ecclesiastical benefice.

During his incumbency—তাহার অধিকাৰ

Incumbent, in-kumbent. a. [L. incumbo, incubo, to he upon ] উপৰিস্থিত, লহমান; অবলম্বিত, Lying upon :— অবশু কর্নীয়, অবশু কর্না; অপবিহার্যা; Indispensable, obligatory ,—n. ধন্মার্থে বৃত্তিভোগী বা অক্ত পদাভিষ্টিক, ধর্ম্মান্ত্রীয় বৃত্তিধারী, One who holds a benefice or any office. adminimpently.

Incumbent on—কোন কিছুর উপৰ ভব করিবা . Resting upon, being supported by :—অবগু কৰ্ম্বা , Obligatory on.

Incumber, Same as Encumber.

Incunabula, n. pl. মুবাছন-কৌশন-উদ্বাদকালে প্রথম মুদ্রিত প্রসমূহ; Rooks printed during the carly period of the ait, before the year 1500. Incur, in-kur', v. t [L. incurrere, to run into] অবীন-ভ; সংঘটন-ভূ; ভাৰাকান্ত-ভূ; To became liable to; to bring on; to contract. Syn:—Run the risk of, contract.

Incurable, a. অপ্রতিবিধেয়; অসাধ্য: **অচিকিংসা**; Capable of being cured; not curable. ns=incurableness, incurability. ad=incurably. Syn:—Irremediable, remediless, irrecoverable irretievable, hopelessly bad.

Incursion, in-kur'shun, n. আক্ষণ; A hostile inroad or attack, raid; foray. Syn:—Invasion, truption, raid

Incursivo, in-kur'siv, a. আক্রমণকারী; বৈরী; আক্রমণস্কোন্ত; Making attack; hostile; pertainting to an incursion.

Incurvate, in-kur'vāt, [ L. in, and curvus, bent ] v. t. राज-कृ; To curve; to bend:—a. राज; Curved inward or upword n= incurvation.

Indebted, in-deted, [L. in. and debitus, due] a কাৰ্যস্ত, শল্প. Bring in debt:—বাণিড;
Obliged, n=indebtedness. Syn:—Owing, beholden.

Beindebted to (one) for—কাচাৰণ নিকট কিছু পাজ্যা: Receive something from a person or through the agency or clinit of another:— কাহাৰণ্ড নিকট কোন শিব্যেৰ লক্ষা ক্ষা হওয়া; Be under obligation to one for something.

Indecency, in-dr'sen-se, n. wfazet; Want of decency S n - Indelicacy, immodesty, impurity, obscenity, impropriety, indecorum.

Indocent, in-divisent, if [Lin, not, and decent, fit] 图题, 域中有; Not decent; oftensive to mode-ty or decency. n=indecency. ad=in-decently, Syn:—Indecency, indelicate, unseemly, immodest, impute, unchaste, obscene, fithy.

Indecision. in-de-sizhun, n লখুচিন্ততা; অন্থিন ধনস্কতা, অধ্যবস্থিত চিত্ৰতা; মান্ত্ৰিক দৃচভাৱ অসঙাধ; দল্পেছ; Want of decision; hesitation; fickleness. Syn:—Irresolution, chilly-shallying, hesitation, inconstancy, wavering.

Indecisive, m-de si'iv, a. জনিভিড, সলিগ্ধ; দোল্যেয়ান, Not deceive; dout that n= indecisiveness. ad=indecisively. Syn:—Inconclusive; undecided, uncertain, undetermined, wavering, hesitating, irresolute.

Indeclinable, in-de-klin'a-bl, a. অনিপাদ্য, বিভক্তি থাবা অপথিবভূনীয় ; Not declinable or varied by inflexion. ad = indeclinably.

Indeclinable compound : वनगोष्ठाद । Indeclinable word—वद य अस ।

Indecomposable, 'm-de-kom-pōz'a-bl, a. অবিশেষণাৰ : দুচসম্বন্ধ , Not decomposable.

Indecorous, in-de-ko'rus, a [L. in, and decus, decoris, honour] অপুচিত , অবিনীত ; অভ্য ; ভয়তা বিশ্বন্ধ , অভ্যোচিত ; বিশুটার বিশ্বন্ধ ; Unbecoming ; improper : violating good mannets. ad=in-decorously. Syn:— 'nagemly, indecent, rude, coars., impolite, uncivil.

Indecerum, in-de kö rum, n অবিনয়, অভয় বাবহার, অপিটডা, অভয়তা, Indecency Syn — Impropriety, rudeness, incivility, grossness, unpoliteness

Indeed, in-ded, ad বাত্তবিক, প্রকৃতরূপে, সভ্য, ব্যার্থ, বস্তুত্ত, in truth, in fact in reality Syn —Really, truly, certainly, positively

Indefatigable, in dt fate gu bl ি in, not de down, fatigo, to tire] অনুষ্ঠ অণিতান্ত, আশান্ত, অধ্যাক্ত দিনা Universitad uniemitting in effort persevering n-indefatigableness ad = indefatigable Syn —Untiling assiduous

indefinition by Syn —Untiling residuous

Indefensible, in dt frze-bl a [F from defaire to undo] অপভনীত, অনুধ অপনাতে In cipalle of being defeated or made veid m=indefensiblity a l=ind fensibly Syn —Interversible uniterable interversible

Indefectable, a ক্রেমিন নিদোৰ অভান্ত, Not hable to defect, unfalog

Indofensible, in de fens'e bl, a আরক্ষীয় আন্দানী Not to be defended al≈indefen sily Sn — Unional le unjist fiable inexcus il la uni wirant ibl., censurabl

Indefinable, in len i 12-ti a হণৰ দীমাৰ স্কালি শ্লাবাশনা অনুষ্ঠ Cethnable a'ma detrably

Indefinite, indfinit a জন্তিত স্থিতি,
Nigrei of certain not linted ed n
df ly i=indefir to Syn Urlimite!
ur of uncertain indetermic luf nit
e nied vague, doubtiil equivocal unsettle
ed l

Indulable, is let the a Lemma and he come capable of teme descripted with a particle at a descripted out nondibits alouded by Syn —Inductive the reflectable ingrained.

Indolocacy, it ich ki ও ল আপিট্ডা পূটা এটু এক প কিল্পান Rudencs wint ci refinement it ist or minner

Indolecate, in del let a lette and de cate le a che, che per per le lette a lette and de cate le a che en comment le cate le c

 out by indenture or contract — মুনাৰাৰে আৰু চ্ছেলৰ প্ৰাৰণ্ড বাৰণ্ড বাৰণ

Indontation, n মুদ্দল্যে অণুভেগের প্রায়ণ কাৰ বাধা পাল ভিজ A cut in the margin of paper or other things Syn —Notch, prg, dent, dint, depression dimple

Indonture, in dentifr, n নিবস পত্ত , লিখিত চুক্তি পৰ চুক্তি, Ceremant contract -- v t নিরম্ পদ দীবা আবন্ধ ক lo bind by indentures -र राष्ट्री To indent ে বিটো To indent [ of dependence. adopendence, n বাবীনা , কাম্যা Ab ence Independent, n de p ndent, a यादीन, यड्ड. স্বৰণাৰী, অ্যুনিভৰ, নিৰ্ণক্ষ Frec not depend ut, not ulordinite —n প্রশীয় ধর্মসন্তাদায় বিশোষৰ স্বভাৱ বাধী A convregationist ad = and pendently no independence, independency Syn -Unrelated unconnected unrestricted, t er self du eting, absolute, unconstrained, l 11 irre pectic of [to separate from ndopendent of কাৰীৰ পৃথক Not subject idopen lently of - ath sir! Apart from ndescribable, in J' Irib i bl a অনিস্চনীয় ाप • क आ १-१ That cannot be described. Sin -I was es ble unu teral le mestable Indestruct ble, in de strukt bl, a अन्। । স্বিধা \ntd ticvalle. 1=n1 structibility id in he ucilly Sin -It prishable, indecompa which

indotorminablo, in de ter mina bl, a. অধি পচত ভাৰতা কৰিছা N t to be ascertin doi fied au- lite minally.

'nd Morminate, in-di turrir-di a জ্বানিভিত, এনাং সভ আন্নিঃ Urccian Syr —Indefinic not pre isc undeter i icd.

Indotormination, in d term n ishun, n.
ক্ষাতাৰ (মনা) দাশ্যণৰ অবস্থা স্থায়,
মানৰ চঞ্চাতা A viveing state of the mind,
want of fixed determine to a

Indetermined, in it is mind a জান্দিত, জান্দিই, কৰা in tited

Indox, in d ! n !! r lice to show] প্রস্থাক, I! it which p its cut sl who it minifests
—স্পের Pill of contents of a book
— যদিব বাপ P rating han i —গণিকালিয় শক্তিগ চামক চিক্ত In Mith the exponent of a power — ফেলি !! The fore inger —v t To provide with or place in an index pl=indexes, indice s Syn — (n) Pointer, hand, fore-inger, exponent

Indiaman, দ বৃহৎ জাচাল A large ship in the East India trade — ভাতবৰ্ষৰ সহিত বাণিজাৰত স্থানং অৰ্থনে সিংক কৰিবগতি, A large ship employed in trade with India

Indian, indian a ভারত্ববীয়, ভারতীয়, আনেবিবার অদিমনিবাসী সম্বন্ধায়, Belonging to the
India Last or West or to the alorigines of
An ence — গ ভারতবাসী A native of India —
কাম্মিকিয়ার আদিমনিবাসী, One of the aboriginal

inhabitants of America.

Indian corn, n. জনার ; জুটা ; Maize.

Indian ink, n. ছাণাৰ কালি; ৰমান কালি; Ink for printing. [Caoutchouc. India rubber, Indian rubber, n. বৰাৰ; Indicate, inde-kāt, v. t. [L. in, and dicare, to proclaim] হচলা-ক; অকাশ-ক; বেদল-ক; To show; to point out. Syn:—Denote, betoken, designate, signify, discover, manifest.

Indicative, a. প্ৰকাশক; স্চক; প্ৰদৰ্শক; বিজ্ঞাপক; Showing; pointing out; giving intimation of: —in Gram. applied to the mood of the verb which affirms or denies. ad—indicatively.

Indication, in-de-kā'shun, n. নিগণন; চিট্ট;
লক্ষণ; প্রদর্শন; প্রদর্শক; Mark; token; symptom;
that which indicates. Syn:—Sign; manifestation, index, note, explanation.

Indicator, in-di-kn-tor, n. বয়বিশেষ; Instrument for ascertaining the pressure of steam.
a=indicatory.

Indicatory, a. প্রকাশক ; প্রদর্শক ; Showing.

Indiet, in-dit, v. t. [L. indicere, indictum, to proclaim] অভিযোগ-তৃ; জুরীয় বিচারে অপরাধ ছিল-তৃ: Impeach; to charge with a crime formally or in writing, esp. by a grand jury. Syn:—Accuse, arraign, impeach; summon for trial.

Indictable, in-dika-bl a. অভিযোগার্ছ ; অভি-যোজনীয় ; Liable to be indicted.

Indiction, n. কন্সটাটাইন কর্ত্ব প্রবর্ত্তিত পঞ্চদশ্বর্ধ চক্র; A cycle of lifteen years, instituted by Constantine the Great.

Indictment, in-ditment, n. অভিযোগ; লিখিভ অভিযোগ-পত্ত; Act of indicting or state of heing indicted; a formal charge of a grand jury; written accusation; accusation. Syn:—Impeachment, allegation.

Indifference, in-differens, n. উল্লা; উপেজা;
Apathy :—বগ্রহা, Neutrality — মগ্রহাংশ;
Passableness; mediocrity. Syn:—Carelessness, negligence, unconcern, disregard, apathy, insensibility, impartiality, disinterestedness; unimportance, insignificance, triviality.

Indifferent, in-different, a. উদাসীন ; স্বার্থপুত্ত ; নিরপেজ ; Apathetic ; unconcerned ; disinterested :—ম্বাত্ত , Neutral :—ম্বাত্ত , ম্বাত্ত প্র ; Of a middle quality. n=indifference, indifferency. Syn:—Impartial, unbiased, disinterested ; unmoved, unconcerned, all the same ; tolerable, middling, ordinary, so-so. [ of ; inattentive to. Indifferent to—কোন বিষয়ে উদাসা; Regardless Indifferently, ad. উদাসীনহাবে; ম্বা্সক্রপে; নির-পেক্টাব; In an indifferent manner; tolerably; impartially.

Indifferntism, ন. ওদাসীক্ত; নিংস্পাৰ্কতা; State of indifference; unconcern.

Indigence, in'de-jens, n. দারিক্রা; নিংখতা; অধীতা্ব; Poverty; penury. Syn:—Penury, destitution, need, pauperism.

Indigenous, in-difen-us, a. [ L. in, and gignere, to beget ] অন্তেমজ ; বংশকাত ; দেশীর ; Native ; not exotic.

Indigent, in'de-jent, a. महिल ; मीन ; कीरिकाहीन ;

Poor; needy. Syn:—Straitened, necessitous, distressed.

Indigested, in-di-jes'ted, a. অৱীৰ্; Not digested:—বিশ্থলা পূৰ্বক বিশ্বন্ধ; অনুষ্ঠিত; Not methodised; unarranged.

Indigestible, in-di-jest'i-bl, a. অপাচা; অপচনীয়; ছপাচা; অনীৰ্ণ; Not casily digested, ad—indigestibly.

Indigestion, in-de-jest'yun, n. মলাগ্নি; স্বন্ধীৰ্ণা; অপাক; Want of digestion. Syn:—Dyspepsia, difficult digestion.

Indignant, in-dig'nant, a. [L. in, not, dignus, worthy] কুদ্ধ; কুপিড; Affected with anger and disdain. ad=indignantly. Syn:—Exasperated, wrathfu', angry, provoked, incensed, wroth.

Indignation, in-dig-náshun, n. জোধ; অবজা-মিল্লিড জোধ; বিৰেষ; Anger mixed with contempt. Syn:—Ire, wrath, fury, cage, exasperation.

Indignity, in-dig'ne-te, n. অপ্যান; অষ্ড অবজা; Contumely insult. Syn:—Affront, injury, contumely, outrage, slight, disrespect, dishonour, abuse.

Indigo, in'di-go, a. [ L. indicus, Indian ] নীল; নালরভ্; A dye plant; deep blue.

Indirect, in-de-rekt', a. বস্তু , পাৰ্যক : Not direct :
—আনং : আন্তুল : Not straightforward or honest.
n=indirectness. ad indirectly. Syn :—Oblique,
circuitous, crooked round about ; collateral,
inferential : unfair, dishonest.

Indiscernible, in-dis-sern'e-bl, a. অসুগ্ৰ; অপ্তাক; অজ্ঞো; Not perceptible. ad=indiscernibly. Syn — Invisible, imperceptible, undiscernible, indistinguishable. [ rable. Indiscoverable, a. আন্থিকাৰীয়; Not discove-

Indiscoverable, a. আনাৰ্কলাল; Not discoverindiscreet, in-dis-kret', a. [ L. in, and discretus.] আব্বেচিক: অয়েজিক; Imprudent injudicious. n=indiscreetness. ad=indiscreetly. Syn.—Inconsiderate, foolish, reckless, rash, hasty; incautious, heedless.

Indiscretion, in-dis-kreshun, n. অবিবেচনা; হকাৰিতা; অবিষ্যাকারিতা; অনভিজ্ঞতা; Rashness; an indiscreet act. Syn:—Imprudence, inconsiderateness, tecklessness; mistake, error.

Indiscriminate, in-dis-krinfin-at, a. এলো-মেলো; আনেকারা: বিশুখল; Undistinguishable; confused; promiscuous. ad=indiscriminately.
Syn:—Mixed, mingled.

Indispensable, in-dis-pensi-bl, a. অভাবেতক; বিভান্ত আবেতক; Absolutely necessary. n=in-dispensableness. ad=indispensably.

Indispensable to—ৰত্যাবগুক; Absolutely necessary to.

Indispose, in-dis-poź, v. t. অবোগ্য-কৃ; অনিজ্য উৎপানন-কৃ; To render unfit or unsuited. Syn:— Disorder slightly; disincline, render averse. Indisposed, in-dis-pozd, a. আনিজু; বিসক; প্রস্তিপ্রন্ন:—Averse; disinclined:—কিন্তিৎ অথক; Slightly disordered in health. n=indisposedness. Indisposition, in-dis-po-zishun, n. অনিজ্য; প্রস্তিপ্ত; Disinclination:—অন অনুক্তা; Slight illness, Syn:—Aversion, unwillingness, dislike;

sickness, disorder, ailment,

Indisputable, in-dis put-a-bi, a. নির্কিবাদ; ব্রাথিত; নিজৰ; অপ্রতিবাদ-বোল; Undeniable; certain; unquestionable. n=indisputableness. ad=indisputably. Syn:—Incontestable, unquestionable, incontrovertible irrefragable, indubitable.

Indissoluble, in-dis'sol-U-bl, a. [I.. in, not, dis, apart, and solvere, to loose] অবিবাজা; অবজ্যা; অবজ্যোলা; কিন্তুবালা; কিন

Indistinguishable, in-dis-ting gwish-a-bl, a. অপরিচেলা; অবিভেলা; Not distinguishable. ad = indistinguishably.

Indito, in-dit, v. t বচনা-কু; নেখা; To compose, to write. ns=inditer, inditement. Syn:--Dictate; compose, write, pen.

Individual, in-de-vidu al, a. [L. in, not, and dividuus, divisible] বিশেষ; এক; অবিভাগা; অবিভাগা; অবিভাগা; বিশেষ; এক ; অবিভাগা; অবিভাগা; এক কিব বাজি, অছিভীয় বাজি; একটি জীয় বা প্রবা; A single person, animal, plant or thinny Syn—Separate, one, personal, singular, chistoctive, special, peculiar, characteristic.

Individualiso, in-di-vida-al-iz, v. t. বিশেষ-কৃ; এবটি বাছিষা লওয়া, প্রভেদ-কৃ; To particularise; mark with individual features. n=individualication.

Individualism, m-di-vidu-al-izm, n. বাজিৰ, বাজিণ বাৰ্থের প্রতি দৃষ্টি, The state of regard to andividual interests instead of society at large. Individuality, in-di-vid-u-alit-i, n. বাজিণত ভাব, পাৰ্থকা; বাত্তা; Distinctive character; individual or separate existence.

Individuate, in-di-vidu-at, v. t. পৃথক-ক; অদিতীয়-ক; To make single. n=individuation. Indivisible, in-de-viz'ibl, a. অবিভালা; Undividuble:—n. ক্ষেত্ৰম গণিতরাশি; An indefinitely small quantity. n=indivisibleness ad=indivisibly. Indocile, in-do'sil, a. অশিক্ষিব; অদ্যা; Unteachable; intractable. n=indocility.

Indoctrine, in-doktrin, v. t. [L. in. into, doctrino, doctrine] সংস্থাৰ কবিয়া কেবয়া; শিক্ষা-মে;
To imbue with a doctrine; to instruct; teach.
n=indoctrination.

Indolence, indo-lens, n. [l. in, and dolere to feel pain] আবসা; অবসতা; Ilabitual idleness; indisposition to labour. Syn:—Laziness, sluggishness, sloth, inactivity, inertness.

Indolent, indo-lent, n. [L. in, not, doleo, to suffer pain] অবস ; Lazy ; slothful. n=indolence ad=indolently. Syn :—ldle, sluggish, listless, inert.

Indomitable, in-domit-a-bl, a. [L. in, not, domo, to tame] অপন্য; অবাদ্য; Not to be subdued; untamable. ad=indomitably. Syn:—Untamable, invincible, unconquerable, un-yielding.

Indorse, in-dors, v. t. [L. in, and dorsum, the back] পুঠে দত্তথত-কৃ; পৃঠদেশে লিবিয়া দেওৱা; Write upon the back; transfer a bill:—অনুমোদন কৃ; To sanction. n—indorser. Syn:—Superscribe; sanction, approve, confirm, ratify.

Indorsee, in-dor-se', n. হণ্ডী প্রভৃতির পূঠে বারার নামে বরাত লিখিয়া দেওবা হয়; The person to whom a bill &c. is assigned by indorsement.

Indorsement, in-dorsment, n. হুৱী প্রভৃতির প্রদেশে লিখন বা লিখিত বরাত; প্রে দত্তথত; The act
of writing on the back of a bill &c. in order
to transfer it; that which is written on a bill:
—সাবান্ত করণ; অনুমোদন; Sanction or support
given to any thing. [Certain: not doubtful.
Indubious, indu'bi-us, a. নিশ্চিত; অসান্দির;
Indubitablo, in-dubit-a-bl, a. [L. in, not,
dubito, to doubt] নিশ্চিত; অবধারিত; অসান্ত
অসন্দির; Unquestionable; certain. a = indubitableness. ad = indubitably. Syn:—Incontrovertible, incontestable, indisputable, undeniable, irrefragable.

Induce, in-duś, v. t. [L. in, and ducere, to lead] প্রত-কৃ. প্রণতিত-কৃ: To prevail on; to persuade:—উৎপাদন-কৃ; To cause. n=inducer. Syn:—Influence. actuate, prompt. move, instigate, urge, impcl, incite, press; effect, produce; exhibit. introduce.

Inducement, m-dūśment, n. প্রোচন; প্রবর্তনা; প্রস্কর; Temptation. Syn:—Motive, consideration, cause, reason, incitement, incentive. Inducible, a. প্রস্থানার; অনুমেয়; Capable of being induced.

Induct, in-dukt, ৩. t. সম্বানীত বা সম্পৃথিত-তৃ;
ধশ্ববাজকীয় বৃজ্যাদির অধিকারী-কৃ; To bring in, as to
a benefice or office, introduce; instal. n=
inductor.

Inductile, a অভ'ন্তৰ; Capable of being drawn out into wire or threads. n=inductility.

Induction, in-dutchun, n. অব্যান; পদ বিশেষে
শ্বাপন, যাভকীয় বৃত্তি প্রদ:ন; The act or process of
reasoning from particulars to generals. a=
inductional. Syn:—Introduction, installation,
inauguration, institution, conclusion, inference;
inductive method.

Inductive, in-duktiv, a. প্ৰবৰ্ত ; অনুমানজনক ; নিৰমানুমান্তনক : Leading to inferences ; reasoning from particulars to generals. ad—inductively.

Indue, in-dū', v. f. [L. induo, induere, to put on | গরিধান-কু; ভূষিত-কু; ষোগান; প্রদান-কু; To invest or clothe with; to furnish; to supply. n=inducement. Syn:—Endow, supply with, endue; clothe, invest.

Indulge, in-dulf, v. t. জুই-কু; প্ৰশ্নৰ-দে; অসু-মতি-দে; সংযত না করা; To graufy, cherish, foster; to yield, to allow: -v. t. আপনাকে চলিতে দেওৱা; বশীস্ত-হ, আনত-হ, To give one-elf up to; to practise a forbidden or questionable act without restraint. n=indulger. Syn:—Concede, allow, permit; harbour, yield to, favour, humour, spoil, pamper.

Indulge in—কুজিয়া বা অসং বিষয়ে আসক হওৱা;
Give oneself up to (some evil course):—বাহা
ভাল নহে এমন বিষয়ে রত থাকা; Give free course to.
Indulgence, in-duljens, n. প্রসাদ; Favour
granted:—আসক্তি; Gratification:—কমা; প্রস্তম
দান; Forbearance of restraint or control; permission:—পাপ হইতে কমা; পাপের জন্ত দও কমা;
Remission of temporil punishment for sins,
supposed to save the sinner from purgatory.
Syn:—Humouring, pampering; favour,
liberality, lenity, kindness, tenderness, absolution, remission, pardon.

Indulgent, in-duljent, n. [L. in, towards, and dulcis, sweet] অপুৰুল: কমাশাল: প্ৰসন্ত : প্ৰস্তাতা: অকটোৱ; Compliant; kind; not severe; humouring; not severe. ad=indulgently. Syn:—Yielding, gratifying, favouring, lenient, forbearing, liberal, tender, mild, favourable.

Indurate, indu-rat, v. t. [L. in, in, duro, to harden—durus, hard] কলিনত; To harden; to deprive of sensibility:—v. i. কলিনত; To grow to hard; to harden:—a কলিনত; Hardened m=induration. Syn:—Render unfeeling, make obdurate.

Induration, n. কাঠিখ. Act of hardening or process of growing hard:—কাঠিখ; Stiffness, want of pliancy.

Indusial, a. প্রস্তরীকৃত-কীটাও গঠিত: Composed Industrial, in-du-tri-al, a শিল্পচাত জ্বাণি প্রস্তুত করণে নিযুক্ত: শ্রমদান্তান্ত; শ্রমদা; Employed in manufacture... (dustrial pursuits.

Industrialism, n. আগাসবাগ . Devotion to in-Industrious, in-dustre-us, a. পরিপ্রনী ; কর্মী ; কর্মী ল আগাসবাগী : Diligent : laborious. ad = industriously. Syn:—Assiduous, active, steady, busy, sedulous.

Industry, indus-tri, n. পরিভাষ ভাষণীলতা; অধ্যবস্থা; Habitual diligence; assiduity.

Indwelling, indwelling, a. ভিতরণাদী, মধান্বিত Dwelling within:—n. ভিতরে বাদ; মধ্যে বাদ, Residence within or in the heart or soul; interior abode.

Inebriate, in-C'bre-At, v. t. [L. in. and ebrio, to make drunk—ebrius, drunk] মাডাল-কু; মন্ত-কু, To intoxicate.—[ক্ষ-কু; উত্তেজিত-কু; To make furious or frantic to animate.

Inebriation, in-ড-bri-ন'shun, Inebrity, in-cbri'e-ti, n. মাডলামি, সুরামন্ততা; Intoxication; drunkenness. [published. Inedited, a. অম্বিত ; অপ্রচায়িত; Not edited; un-Ineffable, in-ef'a-bl, a. [i.. in, not, effor, to speak, to utter] অকথনীয়: অকথা, অনিষ্কানীয়;

to speak, to utter | অকথনায় : অকথা . আনহাচনায় ; Unspeakable. ad=inestably. n=inestableness. Syn:--Unutterable, indescribable. Inestaceable, in-ef-হিsa-bl, a. যাহা মুছিয়া কেলা

ৰাম ৰা ; জনোচা ; জনগৰেষ , Not capable of being nubbed out. ad=ineffaceably

Inoffective, in-cl-lektiv, a. निक्न ; व्यक्तिव्य ;

অক্সরাদ; Inefficient; useless. ad = ineffectively Syn:—Inefficacious, fruitless, weak, inoperative, futile.

Inessectual, in-ef-sektu-al, a. निक्न ; Fruitless. ad=inessectually, n=inessectualness.

Inefficacious, in-ef-fi-kā'shus, a. নিকল: বাৰ্থ, আকাজিক কলদানাক্ষম; Not having power to produce an effect. ad = inefficaciously.

Inefficacy, in-el'fi-ka-si, n. নির্প্তবস্তা নিক্তর); ফলদানে অক্ষতা; Want of power to produce an effect.

Inefficient, in-ef-fishe-ent, a. কাৰ্থাক্ষ ; আৰু ; effecting nothing :—আৰুক ; আৰুক : Not expert; incapable. n=inefficiency. (বিক্লাডা); ad=inefficiently. Syn:—Inefficacious, incompetent, unfit, incapable, feeble, impotent, weak.

Inelegance, in-cle-gans, Inelegancy, inele-gan-si, n. অবাৰণা; সৌৰ্থাণ্ডভা; চাৰ্চিক্-হীনতা; Want of beauty or polish.

Inelegant, in-cle-gant, a. অহন্দর: সৌন্ধান্ত; চাক্িকাহীন; অনুবন্ধত; Not elegant. ad - in-clegantly.

Ineligible, in-eli-ji-bl, a. নিৰ্মাচনেৰ অৱপৰ্জ ; জনিকাচনীয় ; Not eligible. n=ineligibility. ad=ineligibly. | not persuasi

Ineloquent, a. অবাকপটু, অপ্রবন্ধ , Not fluent ; Inept, in-ept', a. [L. in, not, and aptus, fit] অদক; অনোধ্য : অপ্রপরোধী , নির্থক , Not apt or fit ad=ineptly, n=ineptitude. Syn:—Unfit, unsuitable, improper, inappropriate; foolish, silly, nonsensical.

Ineptitude, in-cpte-tūd, n. অনুপারতা; The quality of being mept Syn:—Unfitness, unsuitableness; foolishness, non-ense.

Inequality, in-r-kwole-te, n. অসমতা: ভিন্নতা; বৈদমা; Want of equality: dissimilarity:—
অন্যোগতে!, অন্ধুপ্যোগিত!, Incompetency:—বন্ধুবতা;
Unevenness Syn:—Disparity, difference diversity. [ অস্তাঃপ্ৰ: Not just; unjust. Inequitable, in-ckwi-ta-bl, a. স্তাঃবান নহে; Ineradicable, a. অন্তুলনীয়; Not capable of being rooted out. ad—incradicably.

Inort, in-cit, [L. in, not, and ars, artis, art]
জড়; নিজিয়, নিশান; মন্তুর, নিশেষ্ট; Inactive; slow; unable to move itself, sluggish:—জকম; Powerless. n=inertness. ad=inertly. Syn:—Lifeless, dead; dull, torpid, sluggish, slothful, idle, lazy.

Inertia, in-ći'shi-a, n. জড়তা; বে গুণে কোন বন্ধ নমভাবে থাকে; জড়ত্ব; নিশ্চেষ্টতা; Inactivity; property of continuing in the same state of motion or rest. [essential or necessary.

Inessential, in-cs-schishal, a. অবাৰ্থক; Not Inestimable, in-cstim-a-bl, a. অব্লা; বহৰুবা; Priceless; invaluable; incalculable. ad—inestimably.

Inevitable, in-evit-a-bl, a. [L. in, not, evitabilis, avoidable—evito, to avoid] অপার্থারে; অসম ; Unavoidable ; শেহেistable ; necessary. n -mevitable.ness. ad = inevitably.

Inexact, in-rgz-akt, a. অটক; অবপার্থ; অনির্ভুল; Not exact; incorrect n=inexactness. Inexcusable, in-eks-kūźa-bl, a. अक्रमनीय; अप्रार्क्षनीय; अग्रगीनीय; Not instifiable; unpardonable. n=inexcusableness. ad=inexcusably. Syn: —Indefensible, unjustifiable.

Inexhausted, in-egz-hawsted, a. আক্রান্ত ; অনিঃ-শেষিত ; অব্যয়িত ; Not exhausted ; not spent.

Inexhaustible, in-egz-hawsti-bl, a. অকর;
আনিংশ্বেকীয়; Unfailing; not to be exhausted or
spent. n=inexhaustiblity. ad=inexhaustibly.

Inexorable, in-eksor-a-bl, a. [L.in, not, and ex, and oro, to entreat, from os, oris, the mouth] নিৰ্দিষ; কঠিন; অসমুমেষ; অপরিবর্ধনশীল; Unyielding; unrelenting; unalterable; unchangeable. n=inexorableness, inexorability. ad=inexorably. Syn:—Implacable, merciless, pitiless.

Inexpedient, in-eks-pē'de-ent, a. অস্বিধাজনক; অবৌক্তিক, অবোগা; অস্পবোগী; Inconvenient; unfit. n=inexpedience, inexpediency. ad=inexpediently. Syn:—Unadvisable, undesirable, improper, disadvantageous. ∫ ses.

Inexpensive, a. ব্যর্থনাথ; Of slight expen-Inexperience, in-eks-pe're-ens, n. ব্যক্তিভা; ভূরোগশিতাভাব; Want of experience. Syn:— Ignorance, unfamiliarity, rawness, greenness.

Inexperienced, in-cks-pē'ri-enst, a. অন্ডিজ ; অপটু ; অনভ্যস্ত ; Unskilled ; unpractised.

Inexpert, in-eks-pert, a. অনিপুৰ; অপটু; Unskilled; unskilful. n=inexpertness.

Inexpiable, in-eks'pi-a-bl, a. আমার্কনীয়; প্রাথ-কিবাড়ীত; Unatonable; admitting of no atonement. n=inexpiableness. ad=inexpiably.

Inexplicable, in-eks'ph-ka-bl, a. অব্যাধ্যানীয়; অবাধ্যায়, ব্যাধ্যাতীত; ছুৰ্কোধা; Unexplainable, unintelligible. n=inexplicability; inexplicableness. ad=inexplicably. [Not clear. Inexplicit, in-eks-phs'it, a. অপষ্ট; অবিশ্যু, Inexpressible, in-eks-pres'e-bl, a. অপিন্টনীয়; অব্বাধ্যায় ক্ষেত্ৰীয়; অব্বাধ্যায় অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্যায় অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্যায় অব্বাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্বাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্য অব্যাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্যাধ্য অব্যাধ্য

Inexpressive, in-eks-pres'iv. a আলাই; আন্থ-ধাৰণাৰ . Not expressive or significant. n=inexpressiveness.

Inextinguishable, in-eks-ting'guish-a-bl, [L. in, and extinguere, to put out ] a. অনি-র্বাপনীয়, Unquenchable; indestructible. ad = inextinguishably.

Inextricable, in-eks'tti-ka-bl, a. অংশাচনীয়:
অনুযোচনীয়; Not to be disentangled, ad=inextricably.

fnfallible, in-fal'e-bl, a. আনাতঃ নিকিতঃ; অকাট্য; Not liable to error; uncring, certain. ad=infallibly. n=infallibility. Syn:—Certain, sure, unfailing, trustworthy.

Infamous, in'fa-mus, a. [L. in, and fama, report] অগ্ৰণভাজন; অপ্ৰণতী; গাপী; ছবিত, অভিহিন্তঃ; অপ্ৰান্তনৰ ; নামজাগ ছই, Disgraceful; publicly brandad with a crime; notoriously vile. ad—infamously. Syn:—Disreputable, shameful, ignominious, base, scandalous, notoriously, vile, odious, detestable,

Infamy, in'ia-mi, a. অপ্ৰণ; প্ৰকান্ত অপ্ৰাণ; অকীৰ্ত্তি; অধ্যাতি; ক্ৰ্যাতি; অব্যাতি; অধ্যাতি; ক্ৰ্যাতি; ক্

Infancy, in'fan-se, n. শিশু অবস্থা; নাবালক; শৈশ্ব; নাবালক; Childhood;—প্ৰথমাবস্থা; The beginning of any thing. Syn:—Babyhood; nonage, minority; beginning, commencement, first stage.

Infant, infant, n. [ L. in, not, and fani, to speak ] শিশু; নাবালক; Babe; person under age;—a. শিশু সহজীয়, শৈশুৰ; কোমল; Belonging to infants or to infancy; intended for infants.

Infanta, n. উত্তৰাধিকাৰিণ ভিত্ৰ স্পেন ও পৰ্ত্বগালের ৰাজাৰ অপন্ন কন্থা; Any daughter of kings of Spain and Portugal, except the heiress-apparent. Infanto, in-fa 'tz, n. উক্ত বাছাৰ অপন প্ৰা

Infanticide, in-fant'i-sīd, n. [L. infans, infa t, and caedo, to kill ] পিছ হতা বা হতাকারী i
Child murder or murderer. a=infanticidal.

Infantile, in'fant-il, Infantine, in'-fant-in, a. বালকসম্বন্ধীয়, শৈশব; Pertaining to infancy or to an infant. Syn:—Childish, young, tender, immature, childlike.

Infantry, in'fant-ri, n. [It. infante, fante, a child, servant, a foot-soldier] প্ৰাতিক দৈয়; .
Foot-soldiers.

Infatuate, in-fat'u-āt, v. t. [L. in, and fatuus] মোহিত-কৃ; হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ; জানহীন-কৃ; নির্কোদ-কৃ; মৃথ-কৃ; To make foolish, to stupefy; to inspire with an extravagant or foolish passion. a=infatuated (foolish); n=infatuation. Syn:—Besot, stupefy, stultify, craze; mislead, delude. Infatuate, a. জানহীন; হতবৃদ্ধি; Infatuated; foolish.

Infect, in-fekt', v. t. [L. in, and facere, to make] দ্বিভ-ক; দ'কামিত-ক; বিবাজ-ক; Taint; communicate disease, corrupt. Syn:—Poison, vitiate, pollute, defile, contaminate, affect, corrupt.

Infection, in-fek'shun, n. সংক্ৰমণ; সংক্ৰামক বোগ; দ্বিতকালক; Act or process of infecting; that which taints, poisons, vitiates, pollutes, defiles. Syn:—Contagion, infecting influence, contamination, taint, pest, poison.

Infectious, in-fek'she-us, Infective, in-fek'tiv, a. সাংকাদিক; সংকাদক; দ্বিতক্রণক্ষ; Corrupting; apt to spread. n=infectiousness. ad=infectiously. Syn:—Contagious, catching, pestilential, pestilerous, contaminating, corrupting, defiling, polluting.

Infelicitious, in-fe-lis'i-tus, a. অহণী; অভাগ্য; অমুধ্যুনক; Unhappy; not feheitous.

Infelicity, in-fc-lis'i-ti, n. অহথ; রেণ; ছর্বাগা; অবাসুক্লা; Unhappiness; misery; misfortune; unfavourableness.

Infer, in-fer', v. t. [ L. in, and ferre, to carry ] অসুমান-কু; সিদ্ধান্ত-কু; To deduce; to guess; to imply. Syn:—Gather, draw from, conclude, consider probable.

Infer from—কোন পূর্বাপ্তসক হইতে অনুমান-কৃ; অনুভব দারা কোন সিদ্ধান্তে উপনীত হওয়া; Derive or arrive at a conclusion from. Inferable, in-fer'a-bi, Inferible, in-fer'i-bi, a. অসুষের; আসুষানিক; That may be deduced; inferential.

Inference, in'fer-ens. শ. অসুমান; সিছাত; উপপত্তি; ক্স ; Corollary ; conclusion ; deduction. Inferential, infer-enshal, a. অসুমানগোগা ; অবুমানসিছ ; Deduced or deducible. ad=inferentially.

Inferior, in-fe're-er, a. [L. inferus, below] কুত্ব ; নিয়ত্ত্ব ; নিয়ত্ত্ব ; নেগং ; Lower ; subordinate ; secondary :—n. অপেকাত্ত নীচ লোক ; নিয়পদন্থ ব্যক্তি ; One in a lower rank. Syn :—(a) Underneath ; subsidiary ; poor, indifferent.

Inferior to (one) in—কোন বিশরে কাহারও অপেকা নিকৃষ্ট; Below one in rank, value or excellence. Inferiority, in-fe-ri-or'i-ti, ন. কুম্বড়; নিকৃষ্টতা; নিম্বড়া; A lower position in any respect.

Informal, in-fer'nal, a. [F. from L. infernus. that which lies beneath] নারকীয়; নরকস্থা; পৈশাচিক; Devilish; hellish. Syn:—Tartarean, Stygian, satanic, diabolical, fiendish, malicious Infortile, in-fer'til, a. উবর; অনুর্বরা; Not productive; unfruitful, n=infertility.

Infortility, ৪. উন্বতা; অনুস্রতা; Unproductive ess; barrenness, unfruitfulness, sterility Infest, in-lest, v. t. [L. infestus. hostile] উত্তাক্তর; বিরক্ত-কৃ: কিউ-কৃ; তথরাণ-কৃ; কেল দেওয়া. To disturb; trouble greatly; harass:—গমনাগ্রনক্ত; Haunt. Syn:—Annoy, pester, tease. plague, molest.

Infidel, infe-del, a. [ L. in, not, fidel is, faithful—fides, faith ] বাজিক, অধিবাসী; পৌতলিক; Unbelieving; sceptical; heathen:—n. বাজিক; আবিবাসী সোক; Unbeliever, Syn:—Unbeliever, sceptic, free-thinker, atheist.

Infidelity, in-fo-defe-te. n. নাৰিকতা; অবিধান বিশাসহীনতা; Unbelievingness; unbelief — বিশাসথাতক; ছুক্তিমাদি থাৱ; বিবাহ-নিয়মের বিক্লপ্লাচরণ, Unfaithfulness, especially to the marriage contract:—বিশাসথাতকতা; Treachery. Syn:— Scepticism; faithlessness, unfaithfulness.

Infilter, v. ছাঁকিয়া লণ্ড , To filter or sift on.
Infiltrate, in-filtrat, v. t. জিজ নারা প্রবেশ-কৃ
To filter in, or through the pores, n=infiltration.

Infiltration, n. হিদের ভিতর দিয়া প্রবেশনান্ত বা ভাহার প্রদানী; The act or process of infiltrating. Infinite, infinite, a. [L. in, and finitus, ppr of finire, to bound] অসীম; অনন্ত: E diess, boundless:—n. ইবন; অনন্তদেন, The Almighty; the Infinite Being or God. ad—infinitely. Syn—(a) Immeasurable, illimitable, interminable, limitless, unbounded, immense, enormous, vast, stupendous.

Infinitesimal, in-fin-it-eze-mal, a. অভি কৃত্ৰ; অপৰিষেদ্ৰ কৃত্ৰ; I finitely small:—n. অপৰিষেদ্ৰ কৃত্ৰবাশি; An infinitely small quantity. ad=infinitesimally. Syn:—Inappreciable, microscopic, atomic.

Infinitive, n.-finit-iv, a. অসীম; অসংযত; অসমা-পিকা কিমা, Unlimited; not restricted; the mood of the verb which expresses the idea without limitation to person or number. ad=infinitively.

Infinitude, in-fihi-tūd, n. অসীমভা; অনীমভা; অনস্তত্য; অগণ্যসংখ্যা; Immensity; boundlessness. Infinity, ih-fihi-ti, n. অসীমভা; অনস্তত্য; অসীমভা; Unlimited extent or number.

Infirm, in-ferm, a. [L. in, and firmus stable] হুপল; ক্ষা; ছীনবল; অহছ; সামৰ্থাছীন; জীপনবা; Feeble; weak; irresolute; imbecile. Syn:—Debilitated, sickly, enfeebled, failing; decrepit, lame; imbecile.

Infirmary, in-fermar-i, ন. ছুৰ্বলাশ্ৰম; চিকিৎসালয়; কথাবাস; Hospital for the infirm.

Infirmity, in-ferme-te, n. দৌৰ্জণ্য; মুৰ্কলতা; দোৰ; ক্ৰটি; সামৰ্থাহীনতা; Defect; failing; imbecility; weakness. Syn:—Debility, feebleness, decay, decrepitude; disease, malady, failing, fault, foible, defect, imperfection.

Infix, in-fik', v. t. [ L. in, and figere, to fix ] পোডা; প্রোথিত-তৃ; Fix in; drive or fasten in:
—কম্ব-তৃ; দৃঢ়সংবা্য-তৃ; To implant or fix, as principle thoughts, instruction. Syn:—Insert, inoculate, introduce, set, place.

Inflame, in-flam, v. t. [I. in, and flamare, to flame] প্রানেত-ক; To cause to burn, to set on fire:—ইব্রেজিড-ক; বিভিড-ক; To excite, to exasperate; to increase:—v. i. উত্তর-ড; ক্লেক্র-ড; To become hot and painful:—ক্লেড; To become angry. Syn:—Kindle, heat, ignite; provoke, fire, incense, enrage, anger, rouse, madden, infu iate.

Inflammable, in-flama-bl, a দাংনশীৰ ; দংনীয় ; দ'জ ; প্ৰজনীয় ; Capable of being set on fire ; combustible ad =inflammably. n=inflamma-bility Syn:—Ea ily kindled; quick, irascitle, cholene, passionate.

Inflammation, in-flam-র'shun, n. প্রদৃত্তি, জ্বল ; গ্রহণ ; প্রকোপ ; Red swelling, heat of a part of a body with prin and swelling:—ভয়ানক উত্তেজনা; Violent excitement.

Inflammatory, in-flama-tor-e, a প্ৰদায়ধনক; গদাহেংপাদক; প্ৰকাৰনী : Tending to inflame:
—উত্তেজক, Exciting; seditious. Syn:—Inflaming, fiery

Inflate, in-flat, v. t [I. in, and flare, to blow] बागूपूर्व-क ; क्लोड-क ; To swell with air, to puff up. n=i flation. ad = inflatingly. Syn:—Distend, expand, blow up, enlarge, increase; clate.

Inflation, in-flu'shun, n. क्लेंड; Act of inflating. Syn:—Distension; expansion; puffness, swelling; increase, enlargement; mental elation, vanity, conceit.

Inflatus, in-flatus, n. প্রচাদেশ; অন্তবে বাহু প্রেরণ; A power or breathing into; inspiration.

Infloct, in-flekt, v.t. [L. in, and flectere, to bend] নত-তৃ; To bend; turn:—কাপ ড়; পদের অসভাগ ক্ষপান্তরিত-তৃ; To vary the terminations; to decline:—(ধ্রের) পরিবর্ত্তিত-তৃ; To modulate, as the voice. n=inflection. Syn:—Bow curve; decline, conjugate; modulate.

Inflection, n. ধাড় বা শব্দ সাধন; আনতি; প্ৰচ্যুতি; বন্ধের প্রিবর্তন; Declension, conjugation. a= inflectional. Syn:—Bend, bow, curve, flexure, crook; variation, modulation; diffraction, Inflective, in-flektiv, a. एक कर्यक्य ; शरिवर्डब-विष : Having the power of bending.

Inflexed, in-flekst, s. আনত ; সত ; বক ; বকীছুও ; Bent ; turned.

Inflexible, in-flek;e-bl, a. অবন্ধীয়; অসম;
দুদ্দদম; অপথিবর্জন্ম; Unyielding; unbending;
unbendable. সঃ—inflexibility, inflexibleness.
ad—inflexibly. Syn:—Rigid, stiff; stubborn,
firm, resolute, persevering, unchangeable.

Inflexion, Same as Inflection. [or fold. Inflexure, in-fickfür, n. জাড়; আনতি; A bend Inflict, in-flikt, v. t. [ L. in, and fligere, to strike] আমোন ; আমোন ; To lay or send on; to impose, as a punishment; cause to bear, suffer, apply; impose. n = inflection.

Inflict on or upon—ফথবিধান-কু; Impose punishment:—কোন কিছু কবিয়া কাহাকে কট্ট দেওয়া; Trouble one with.

Infliction, দ. আবোগ বা প্রবোগ ; The act of inflicting or imposing :—বিহিত সত ; The punishment applied.
[ able to inflict.

Inflictive, in-fliktiv, a. প্রয়োগকম; Tending or Inflorescence, in-flor-enens, n [L. infloresce, to begin to blossom] পুলিভাবছা; পুলবিকাশ প্রণালী: Flowering; unfolding of blossoms.

Influence, influence, n. [L. in, into, and fluo, to flow] প্রিচানকম শক্তি; প্রিচানক শক্তি; প্রিচানক শক্তি; প্রিচানক শক্তি; Impulsive or directing power:—কমতা; প্রভাব; প্রভুত্ত; Authority; power:—প্রতিষ্ঠা; Distinction:—v. t. প্রিচালিভ-কৃ: বিচলিভ-কৃ: To affect; to move; to direct:—প্রবৃত্তকৃ; To induce:—শাসন-কৃ; To control. Syn:—(n.) Sway, authority, control, agency. (v) Lead, control, sway, bias, impel, instigate, persuade, incite, rouse, work on.

Influential, in-flu-enshe-al, c. প্রতিষ্ঠাপন ; ক্ষতাশালী : প্রভূতকারী ; ক্ষতাবিত্তারী ; Having influence or power over. ad≕influentially. Syn: —Potent, forcible, powerful, controlling, guiding, leading.

Influenza, in-floo-enza, প্ল. সংক্ৰামক কটকর ক্লেমান্ত্র বিশেব ; ব্যাপক দক্ষি ; Epidemic catarrh.

Influx, influks, n. [L. influere, influxum, to flow in] অৱৰ্থাত ; স্থার ; আগম ; Act of flowing in ; infusion :—ফল ; Crowd. Syn :—Infusion, intromission, introduction.

Infold, in-fold, v. t. আনুচ-কু; জড়ান; To wrap or wrap up; inwrap:—গরিবেটড-কু; আলিজন-ফু; To involve; to embrace.

Inform, in-form, v. t. জাত-ড়; জাগৰ-ড়; বলা;
To acquaint; to impart knowledge to; to tell:
—স্মাৰ-ড়; উজীবিত-ড়; To animate:—v. i. স্থাদেল; To give intelligence or information. Syn:
—Inspire, quicken; apprise, teach, instruct, enlighten; make known, tell, communicate.

Inform against (one)—কাহারও বিরুদ্ধে গোরেকা-গিনিক; Give intelligence of a breach of law made by. [Acquaint one with.

Inform (one) of—কোন বিষয় কাঁহাকে অবগত-ফু; Informal, in-formal, a. আবৈং; বিশ্বাল; অনিয়-মিড; বিকৃতাকায়; Not in form; irregular. #= informality. ad=informally.

Informant, in-formant, s. sq ; विकाशक ; काशक ;

শংবাদশ্ভা ; One who informs or gives intelli-

Information, in-form-áshun, ল. বিজ্ঞাপন; Act of informing:—বার্ডা; সংবাদ; News:—জান; Knowledge:—বিচারাশনে আনীত অভিবাদ; An accusation exhibited to a court. Syn:—Intelligence, tidings, notice, advice; charge, accusation. Informer, in-former, n. নিবেদক; পোনেশা; One who informs or gives intelligence; a spy. Syn:—Informant; accuser, complainer.

Infraction, in-frak'shun, n. [L. in, and frango, fractus, to break] ভাষাৰ ( সভাৰ ; Breach ; violation. Syn:—Infringement, breaking , nonfulfilment, transgression.

Infrangible, in-fran'ji-bl, a. অভয়া; অভয়নীয়; Incapable of bring broken:—মনজনীয়; অব্য-মজিপালা; Not to be violated.

nfrequent, in-fre'kwent, c. বিরস; ছুণ্ট:
আনাবারণ; Rare; uncommon. cd-infrequently.
n=infrequency.

Infringe, in-fring, v. t. [L. in, and frangers, to break] লজন ফ; আহতিপালন-ফু; To violate, to transgress; to break. n=infringement (পজন; Violation.) Syn:—Disobey; encroach on, trench upon.

Infringement, n. ভন; কৰন; অপ্ৰতিশানন; Breach; violation; non-fulfilment.

Infuriate, in-fu're-at, v. t. [L. in, and furiare, to enrage] কুড-ড়; কিন্ত-ড়; To enrage; madden:—a. কিন্ত; Enraged; mad. Syn:—Exasperate, incense.

Infuse, in-বিট, v. t. [L. in, and fundere, to pour] টানা; টালিয়া দেওৱা; Pour in:—প্ৰিষ্ট করান; জন্পবেশিত-কু; To instil; to inspire with:—মনে চোঘান; জলীয় ক্রেয় সিক্ত-কু; To steep in liquor without boiling. n=infusion. Syn:—(v.) Steep, soak, macerate; implant, ingraft, inspire, introduce, inculcate.

infuse into—কাহাৰ মনে কোন ভাব বা গুণ প্ৰবিষ্ট কবান; Put into; inspire one with:—মিশান; Pour or mix as a liquid.

Infusible, c. স্পারণীয়; অনুষ্ণীয়; Capable of being dissolved.

Infusion, n. অবুরবেশ; জনসেড; Act of infusing. Syn:—Instillation, introduction, suggestion, inspiration; steeping, maceration; steeped liquor.

Infusoria, n. হল কটি; Larvæ of worms; microspic animalcules. e=infusorial, infusory. Ingathering, ingath-er-ing, n. সংগ্ৰহ; শস্য-সংগ্ৰহ; কসন্দল; Gathering in; harvest.

Ingenious, in-jene-us, a. [L. ingenium, natural capacity] প্রবীণ; শিল্পী; উদ্ভাবনক্ষ; প্রভিতান্দশ্ম; উদ্ভাবনক্ষ; প্রভিতান্দশ্ম; উদ্ভাবনপ্য; বৃদ্ধিকৌশলময়; Inventive; clever; dexterous; witty. ad=ingeniously. Syn:—Gifted, able, shrewd, contriving, skilful, ready, apt.

Ingenuity, in-je-nu'e-te, n. কৌশন; প্রতিভা, উদ্ধান বনশক্তি; Dexterity; skill. Syn:—Inventiveness, ingeniousness, ability, skill, cleverness, aptitude, faculty, capacity, knack, gift, genius. Ingenuous, in-jenu-us, a. সরব; অকণ্ট; উদাধঃ

Ingenuous, in-jenu-us, a. সরল; অকপচ; ভ্লার; স্থায়; Frank; open; artiess, honorable. maingenuousness. admingenuously. Syn:
Noble, generous; unreserved, plain; sincere, candid, fair,

Inglorious, in-glore-us, a. [L. in, and gloria, glory] অবপৰী; অসমান্ত্ৰনক; লক্ষাক্র; Not glorious; shameful. n=ingloriousness. ad=ingloriously. Syn:—Undistinguished, unknown, obscure, mean, low; disgraceful, ignominious, infamous.

Ingot, in got, n. ধাতুৰ পিও ; ধনিক ধাতুপিও ; A small mass or wedge of unwrought metal.

Ingraft, in-graft, v. i. কলম-কু; এক গাছের ডাল জপর গাছে সংলগ্ন করিয়া কলম-কু; To insert the sprig of one tree into the stock of another .— ভূচবন্ধ-কু; ভূচসংলগ্ন-কু; To fix deeply. n=ingraftment. Syn:—Graft; inplant, infix, instil, infuse, inculcate.

Ingraftment, n. কলম করণ ; গাঁহের কলম , ছোট ভাল ; The thing ingrafted , a scion.

Ingrain, in-grafi, v. t. রঙ্-কৃ, আদিম অবস্থা বঙ্-কৃ, Dye in the raw state:—পুচবদ্ধ-কৃ, পৃচকণে সংলগ্ধ-কৃ; To infix deeply.

Ingrate, ingrat, a অনুষ্ঠ ক্ষু ; Unthankful Ingratiate, in-gra'shu-at, v. t. [L. in, into, and gratia favour] অভেব কুণা লাভ-কু; অভেব অসু- প্রভাজন-হ; Put in favour; recommend to kindness.

Ingratiate (onescli) with ক্ষিয়ৰ অপুন্যভাৱন হলা; Gain the favour or good graces of (a person).

Ingratitude, in-graic-tud, n. অৰ্ডজাতা কুম্বা ; Unthankfulness; want of gratitude Syn:—Ungratefulness, thankfulness.

Ingredient, in-grede-ent, n. [L. ingrediers, ppr. of ingredi, to enter] উপাদাৰ, মোলৰ পদাৰ্থ, Component part of a compound body, material; element.

Ingress, ingres, n. প্রবেশ ; প্রবেশাধিকার ; প্রবেশ ক্ষরিবার ক্ষমতা, অধিকার বা উপায় , Entrance ; power, liberty or means of entrance or access. Syn .— Entry, entrance, access.

Inguinal, ing'gwin-al, a. [L. inguen, inguinis, the grain] ক্তৰা সংকীয়; Belonging to the grain.

Ingulf, in-gulf', v. t. খুণাজলে আদ-ক; দম্পূৰ্ণ আদ-ক, উপনাগৰে নিকেপ-কু, To swallow up in or as in a vast deep, gulf or whill pool; to cast into a gulf:—অভিভূত-কু; To overwhelm:—আদ-কু, To swallow up. n=ingulfment.

Ingurgitate, in-gur'gi-tat, v. t. [ L. in, into, and gurges, a gulf ] আন-ক ; উপরিকের ভার আন-ক .

To swallow up greechly, as in a gulf ; to ingulf. Inhabit, in-habit, v. t. [L. in, and habitare, to dwell] বাস-ক ; অধিকার-ক ; To dwell in ; abide ; to occupy. Syn:—Tenant, possess, live in, reside.

[ may be inhabited.

Inhabitable, in habit-a bl. a. বাসবোগা: That Inhabitant, in-habit ant, n. অধিবাসী; নিবামী; A resident; dweller. Syn:—Occupant, tenant, residenter; citizen.

Thickly inhabited—अनाकीर्।

Inhalation, n. बाब्रकाव करवा काकर्व , The act of | Unfriendly ; hostile. Syn :- Adverse, ill-disposed,

drawing into the lungs, as air, or fumes.

Inhale, in-hal, v. t. [L. in, and halo, to breathe] ৰায়ুকোৰ মধ্যে আকৰ্ষণ করা: নিবাস টাবা;

To draw into the lungs; inspire; breathe in. n
=inhalation.

[A respirator.

—inhalation. [A respirator. Inhaler, n. যে নিখাস টানে; One who inhales:—Inharmonious, in-har-mō'ne-us, a. বিষয়; ভালসম্পুত্ত; ক্ষতিষ্টু; ক্ষত্ৰাব্য; Harsh; discordant, n=inharmoniousness. ad=inharmoniously. Syn:—Unmusical, discordant, unmelodious; incongruous, inconsistent, disagrecable. Inhere, in-hēr', v. i. [L. in, and hoereo, to stick] পুচরপে বাকা; বুচসম্ম বা সংলগ্ধ হবরা; To remain firm in, to exist inseparably in something else.

Inhorence, in-her'ens, Inherency, in-her'ensi, ম. বৃচমালপ্লার ; অভ বস্তাত বর্তমানতা ; A sticking fast ; existence in something.

Inherent, in-hēr'ent, a. বাডাবিক; Innate:—
দুদ্দান্য: Sticking fast. n=inherence, inherency.
ad=inherently. Syn:—Inborn, native, inbred, indwelling, natural. [rally pertaining to.
Inherent in—অপুরুষ্ট; আন্তর্জান্ত; Innate in, naturalnherit, in-hæ'it, v.t. [F. heriter, from L. haeres, herr] উত্তরাধিকার্মত্বে উপার্জন-কৃ: উত্তরাধিকার্মত্বে উপার্জন-কৃ: উত্তরাধিকার বিশ্বে রাজ্য-কৃ: বিশ্বরাধ্যার ভিপার্জন-কৃ: উত্তরাধিকার বিশ্বরাধ্যার বিশ্বরাধ্যার ভিপার্জন-কৃ: উত্তরাধিকার বিশ্বরাধ্যার বিশ্বরাধ্যার ভিপার্জন-কৃ: বিশ্বরাধান কৃ: বিশ্বরাধান কৃ: বিশ্বরাধান কৃ: তিলাভাগ্যার বিশ্বরাধান কি: herritance, possession or property; come into possession of.

Inheritable, Same as Heritable.

Inheritance, in-her'it-ans, n. পৈতৃক বিষয়; Heritage, patrimony:—উত্তরাধিকানী, প্রাণুক্ত হুইতে প্রাপ্ত নশান্তি; Heirship, birth-right.

Inheritor, in-her'nt-or, n, উত্তরাধিকারী; An heir. fen=inheritress, inheritrix. [heiress. Inheritress, n. উত্তরাধিকারিগী; An Inhibit, in-hibit, v. t. [L. in, not, and habers, to have ] দ্যন্তু; বিধারণ-তু; সংযত-তু; To restrain; prohibit, check. Syn:—Hinder, prevent, bar, debar, stop; forbid, interdict, disallow. Inhibition, in-he-bishun, n. নিবেষ; নিবুজি;

nniotation, in-he-pishun, n. निरम् ; निर्मेष ; निर्मेष ; निर्मेष ; निर्मेष ; निर्मेष ; Prohibition ; embargo. Syn:—Restraint, prohibition, embargo, interdiction, disallowance.

[Prohibitory.

Inhibitory, in-hibit-or-i, a. নিবেষক ; নিবেষস্থক , Inhospitable, in-ho'pit-a-bl, a. আভিথাবিদ্ধ , অনাতিবের ; অভিথিবংকার পরামুখ ; Not hospitable. ad—inhospitably. n—inhospitableness.

Inhospitality, in-hos-pi-tali-ti, n. আডিখাবিষ্পতা; অলাভিবেশতা; Want of hospitality.
Inhuman, in-hu'man, a. নির্দান; ক্ষমন্ত ; Cruel; uncompassionate; unfeeling. ad = inhumanly.
Inhumanity, in-hū-mañi-ti, ম. নির্দান ; নির্দান যা, Cruelty.

[ সমাহিত ক্ষমণ; Interment.
Inhumation, in-hū-ma'shun, n. প্রোবিত বা
Inhume, in-hūm, v. t. [ L. in, and humare, to
cover with earth] স্থিকা ভিতরে প্রোবিত-কৃ;
সমাহিত-কৃ; সমাধি-কে; To inter; to bury;
entomb. n=inhumation. (সমাধি; Burial)
Inimical, in-imik-al, a. [I.. in, not and amicus
friendly ] অসম ; বৈশ্বভাকাণর; বিবেশী; বিবেশী,

antagonistic, repugnant, pernicious, hurtful. Inimitable, in-imit-a-bl. a. [L. in, and initabilis] অভ্যুৎকৃষ্ট; অপুপম ; অনপুকরণীর : That cannot be imitated; surpassingly excellent; incomparable. Syn:-Transcendant, perfect, incomparable, matchless, unequalled, unmatched.

Iniquitous, in-ikwit-us, a. পাক ; অধুৰ ; ছট ; ৰন্তাৰা; প্ৰভাৱ; Wicked; unjust. ad = iniquitously. Syn :- Sinful, depraved, immoral, vicious, flagitious, unrighteous, nefarious, criminal.

Iniquity, in-ikwe-te, n. [ L. iniquitas, from iniquus, unjust ] পাপ; অধার্শ্বিকতা; সোব: Wickedness; injustice; a crime. Syn .- Inlustice, unrighteousness, evil doing, sin, crime, olfence.

Initial, in-ishe-al, a. [L in, into, eo, itum, to ৫০] প্রথম ; আদিম ; সর্কাপ্রথম ; Of or pertaining to the beginning; first; incipient; commencing: --n. 呵呵啉頭; The first letter of a word:v. t. बारबड़ कांगुक्द लावा; To put the initials of one's name to.

Initiate, in-ishe-at, v. t. wire- ; To To begin --- সুলভাব শিক্ষা দেওয়া ; উপদেশ-দে ; দীক্ষিত-. To instruct in the rudiments or principles: \_প্রবৃ-ক্ To admit; to introduce into a society :-- ए. i. व्यथम आवष्ठ-क ; To perform the first rite or act .- a. व्यादक, नृत्रन; व्यनहास; Begun; fresh; unpractised. Syn :- (v) Commence, introduce, inaugurate, indoctrinate.

Initiate one into the mysteries of-সাবাবণের অপরিজ্ঞাত কোন বিষয়ে দীক্ষিত-ভু; Instruct one in some subject not generally known.

Initiation, in-ish-i-5'shun, n. with; Beginning :-- भोका ; Admission into any secret :fem , Full instruction.

Initiative, in-ishi-a-tiv, a. 4148754; 4148-25 €; Serving to initiate, introductory; initistory:-n. रूजभाड , श्रादेष्ठमुठक भगरक्म ; An introductory step or movement.

Take the initiative—অন্তের অরে আরত-তু; পা দেশান : Take the first step , lead the way.

Initiatory, in-ishe-a-tor-e, a. প্রাবস্তিক; প্রাবস্ত-7 . Tending to initiate; introductory:-n. প্ৰথম কুলাৰ ; Introductory tite. Syn :- (a) Inceptive; initiative; introductory, preliminary.

Inject, m-jekt, v. t. [ L. in, and jacere, to throw ] निट्मल-कृ; अक्रिश-कृ; निष्कारी-त्म; To cast on; to throw into; dart in; introduce. n = miection.

Injection, n. প্রকেপ , বেছের কোন কালে অনুপ্রবিষ্ট कृतन छन्य: The act of injecting or throwing into; a liquid medicine injected into any part of the body.

Injudicial, in-joo-disī-al, a. বিধিবিকৃষ ; আইন-বিৰুদ্ধ; অবৈশ, Non judicial; not according to law forms.

Injudicious, in-joo-dishe-us, a. विहानविदीन ; व्यविद्यानिक, विद्यवनानुक ; Void of judgment ; inconsiderate; imprudent. n=injudiciousness. ad=injudiciously. Syn :- Incautious, rash, hasty, indiscrect, imprudent, unwise; illjudged, ill-advised, impolitic, inexpedient,

Injunction, in-jungkshun, n. [L. injunctio, from injungere, to join into] with ; with ; नितम ; षश्का ; An order :—উপদেশ ; अनुद्राय ; 🐧 precept; exhortation — কিছু মা করিতে আমেশ; বিচারাল্যের নিষেধাক্তাপত্ত ; A writ of prohibition granted by a court of equity. Syn:-Command, mandate; urgent advice, exhortation.

Injure, injour, v. t. [L. in, not, and jus, juris. law] অহিত-কু; অপকাব-কু; ক্তি-কু; নষ্ট-কু; বিরক্ত-ক ; To wrong , to damage ; to annoy. Syn:-Hurt, abuse, maltreat, impair, mar, disfigure, deform ; weaken, deteriorate.

Injurious, in-joor'e-us, a. [L. in, not, and jus, juris, right, law, justice] সতিভন্ক বা কাবক : অহিতকর; অস্তায়; অবশস্কৰ, Unjust; wrongful; mischievous, hurtful. Syn:-Iniquitous; detrimental, damaging, pernicious; baneful, mischievous; disadvantageous, ruinous, destructive, detractory, slanderous.

Injury, injoor-e, n. কতি; অহিচ; অনিষ্ট : Wrong : mischief; annoyance. Syn:-Injustice; hurt, damage, detriment, harm, prejudice.

Injustice, in-justis, n. अमात्र, अवितात, अमाराहत ; দোৰ; অকৃচিত কাৰ্ণা; Wrong, iniquity, unjust deed. Syn -Iniquity, unfairness, unlawfulness; grievance, foul play.

Ink, n मनी: दानी. Fluid for writing and printing -- ए. रं. काशी धाना भाग-तम , काशी शाशान ; To mark with ink , to blacken.

Inkholder, ingkhold-er, Inkstand, ingkstand, n. দোষাত; মদীপাত, মন্তাধাৰ, Vessel for holding ink.

Inkhorn, ingkhorn, n মসাধাৰ; দোৱাত, A portable case for ink &c :- a. विमाधिमानी : Pedantic.

Inking-table, n. एाणिनात मगर करन काली মাধাইবাৰ মেল . A flat surface used for supplying the inking roller with ink during the process of printing. াকল; Roller for printer's ink. Ink or inking roller, " र्हालयांव अभय काली निवाद Inkling, ingkling, n. ইঞ্জিত, সংক্রত; সংবাদ জাপৰ, Hint; mem mon. Sen -Faint wish, desire, faint whi per, hint, suggestion, intimation, faint idea, rounn, conception.

Inky, ingki a कृक्ष्वर्ग, अभीवृर्ग; मनीवर, Consisting of or re-embling ink , black. m=inkness. Inlace, v. জৰি শাৰ' ভূমিত-কু, To work in a lace.

to lace.

Inlaid-pa p of hilav.

Inland, miland, a. সমুদ্দ চইতে দূরবারী : সাগর হইতে স্থাৰতী দেশমধান ; Remote from the sea interior:--(मनक: प्रमायसा প্রিচালিত বা উৎপন: Carried on or produced within a country :-দেশীর ; দেশবিশেষে আবদ্ধ ; Confined to a country : native : - n. দেশেৰ অভান্তৰ ; দেখের মধ্যভাগ ; The interior part of a country.

Inlander, in-land-cr, n. দেশমধ্যে বাসকারী: One who lives inland; dweller in the land.

Inlay, inla', v. t. 465-4; Veneer; variegate with inserted materials : - n. খচিত করিবাম উপwan, Pieces of pearls &c. for inlaying, n=inlaying, inlayer,

Iniet, iniet, ম. প্ৰবেশ-পৰ ; প্ৰবেশ স্থাৰ ; Entrance :
—ৰাড়ি ; স্থা উপসাগৰ ; Creek or bay. Syn :—
Passage ; small bay, recess, bight, cove.

Inly, ihli, a. আভ্যৱনিক; তথ্য; গোণনীন; Inward; secret:—ad. অভ্যৱনে; তথ্ডাবে; In the heart; secretiv.

Inmate, inmat, n. [L. innatus, from in, and natus, born] সহবাসী; One who lives in the same apartment or house with another:—
চিকিৎসালয়ে স্থাত ব্যক্তি; One received into a hospital. Syn:—Natural, inherent, indwelling, inmanent.

Inmost-See under Innermost.

Inn, in n.পাছাবাস; পৃথিক'শ্ৰম; সরাই; আবাস:
Public house; hotel; a lodging:—v. t. ছান-বে;
To lodge,

Inn of court, প. লণ্ডন নগরের আইন শিকালর; College for barristers in London or Dublin; a college of students of law.

Innate, innat, a. [ L. in, nascor, to be born ] বহাৰৰ, ৰত:প্ৰস্ত ; ৰাষ্ট্ৰিক ; Inborn ; natural ; inherent. n=innateness. ad=innately.

Innavigable, in-av'i-ga-bl, a. জাহাজের বারা জান্য; Impassal le by ships. ad⇒innavigably. Inner, in'er, a. অধিকভার মধ্যাত; আভাত্তিক; Further in; interior.

Innermost, in'er-möst, Inmost, in'most, s. অধিকতন অবণিহিত; অবনিস্চ; Most remote from the outward part.

Innervation, in-ēr-va'shun, ম. গৈণিক শক্তি; Special activity inherent in the nervous structure; nervous activity.

Innerva, in-érv, v. t. বল বা লৈশিক শক্তি প্ৰদান-কু; To give force or nervous energy.

Innholder, Inn-keeper, in'kep-er, n. পাছ-নিবাদের অধিকারী, পাছনালাধিকারী; সরাইওয়ালা; One who holds or keeps an inn.

Inning, in-ing, n. শভদাত্তেই; The ingathering of grain:—ক্রিকেট খেলার পালা; Turn for using the bat in cricket;—pl. Lands recovered from the sea.

Innocence, in'nō-sens, Innocency, n. নিৰ্দোৰিতা; নিৰপৰাধিতা; সাধুতা; পবিত্ৰতা; Harmlessness; blamelessness; purity; integrity. Syn:— Innocuousness, inoffensiveness; sinlessness; integrity, rectitude, uprightness; simplicity, ignorance.

Innocent, inno-sent, a. [L. in, not and noreo, to hurt] নিৰ্দোৱী; নিজাৰী; নিজাৰ; নিরীহ; নিরীহ; নিরোৱ; Inoffensive; blameless; pure:—n. নির্দোৱী বাজি: নিরীহ বাজি: One free from harm or fault. ad—innocently. Syn:—Innoxious, guiltless, spotless, fauitless, guileless, immaculate, unblamable, sinless, pure. [Devoid of. Innocent of—নির্দোৱী; Not guiley of:—হীজ; Innocents, in-nok'd-us, a. [L. innocens, from in, and nocere, to hurt] নির্দোৱী; নিরীহ; জনপ্রারী; Harmless. n—innocuousness. ad—innocuously. Syn:—Safe, innoxious, uninjurious, innocent.

Innovate, in'o-vat, v. t. [ 1. in, and novus, new ] न्डन-कृ; न'वाद-कृ; मृजन निवय ख्वा: शब्दे क्वियां

পরিবর্তিত-ফু; To introduce something new :— ». i পরিবর্তন-ফু; নৃতন প্রবা প্রবর্তন-ফু; নৃতন বিষয় প্রচলিত-ফু; To introduce novelties; to make changes. n=innovator, innovation.

Innovation, in-nō-va'shun, ম. পরিবর্তন; সংখ্যাণ; Change; alteration.

Innovator, n. নৃতৰ প্ৰথা প্ৰবৰ্তন ; সংখ্যাৰক ; One who introduces something new.

Innoxious, in-nolishe-us, a. নিৰ্দেশী; Free from mischievous qualities. ad = innoxiously. Syn :-Harmless, innocent, inosfensive, uninjurious.

Innuendo, in-u-eńdō, n. {L. in, and nuo, to nod] অপ্ৰত্যক ইজিড; গরোকভাবে ইজিড; গরোক উল্লেখ; Oblique hint; insmuation; remote allussion.

Innumerable, in-numera-a-bl, a. আগংগ; আগণা; Countless. ad=innumerably. n=innumerableness, Syn:—Numberless, unnumbered.

Innutrition, n. পোৰণাভাৰ; Want of nutrition; failure of nourishment.

Innutritious, a. অপৃইকর; Not nutritious; without nourishment. [ যোগী; Heedless. Inobaervant, in-ob-zervant, a. অনবহিত, অননো-Inobtrusive, in-ob-tröö'sıv, a. যে বা যাহা অন-বিকার-প্রবেশী নহে; Not obtrusive. n⇒inobtrusiveness. ad=inobtrusively.

Inoculate, in-oku-lat, v. t. [L. in, and oculare, to furmsh with eyes] সাছের কলম-কু; To engraft:—টাকা-দে; To communicate disease by inserting matter in the skin:—মনে নিবেশিত-কু; To instil itnto the mind:—v. i. কলম-কু; To propagate by budding:—টাকা-দে; To practise inoculation. n=inoculation. Syn:—Bud; ingraft, infect with virus, vaccinate; imbue with, instil into, indoctrinate with.

Inoculation, n. চীকা কেবন; The communicating of disease by inserting infectious matter in the skin.

[ Smelless; scentless.

Inoderous, in-ō'dur-us, a. গ্ৰাবহীন; নিৰ্গন্ধ; inoffensive, in-of-fensiv, a. [ L. in, and offendere, offensum, to offend] অনপ্ৰাৱী; অপৰাৱী; নিৰীহ: Harmless. n=inoffensiveness. ad=inoffensively. Syn:—Not mischievous, unoffending, innocuous, innocent.

Inofficial, in-of-fishal, a. উপৰ্ক্ত কৰ্মচাৰী হুটজে অনাগত; বধাৰীতি ক্ষত(স্চচ্চ আকাৰহীন; বে-স্বকাৰী; Not proceeding from the proper officer; without the usual forms of authority. ad=inofficially.

Inoperative, in-oper-a-tiv, a. নিকল; বিকলঃ অকার্থাকারী; অকলপ্রদ; Not working; producing no effect.

Inopportune, in-op'-por-tuh, a. অপ্রারকাল; অস্থায়িক; Unseasonable in time. ad—inopportunely.

Inorculate, o. f. সংসৰ্থ হারা সংযুক্ত করা বা হওয়া; স্থিতিত করা বা হওয়া; To unite by mouths or ducts, as two vessels in an animal body; to blend. n=inorculation.

Inordinate, in-or'din-at, a. আগরিখিত ;
আত্তিক ; Immoderate. n = inordinateness. ad=
inordinately. Syn:—Irregular, disorderly, extravagant, excessive.

Inordination, in-or-di-na'shun, n. [474]

নিষমচাতি ; অনিয়মিডাচার : Irregularity ; disorder. Inorganic, in-or-gahik, a. আথপীয় ; জীবন ও ইন্তিয়ানি বিরহিত ; Not having living forms. adminorganically.

Inorganised, a. Same as Inorganic.

Inquest, inkwest, n. অবেণণ ; অব্সন্ধান ; Search ; inquiry :—বিচারার্থ অব্সন্ধান ; হঠাং মুভ্যুর কারণ অব্সন্ধানার্থ নিবৃক্ত কুরি ; Judicial inquiry ; jury to inquire into sudden or violent death. Syn:—Inquisition, investigation ; coroner's jury.

Inquietitude, in-kwiet-ud, ন. উৰো; চিম্বা; শারীরিক বা মানসিক অহম্বতা; অহম ; Want of rest of body or mind.

Inquire, in-kwir', v. i. [ L. in, and quoerere, to seck ] অপুসন্ধান-কৃ; প্ৰশ্ন জিজাসা-কৃ; To search after or for; to ask a question; to make an investigation:—v. f. তৰ্-কৃ; জিজাসা-কৃ; To ask about. n=inquirer. Syn:—Question, interrogate; make investigation; seek after.

Inquire after—কাহারও কুলন বিজ্ঞানা-কু; Make inquiries about (generally, one's health.)
Inquire for—ধোলা; সন্ধান-কু; Seek.

Inquire into-অনুসন্ধান বা তদারক-কৃ; Examine into; investigate.

Inquire of—কাহাকে জিজাসা-কু; Ask a person. Inquirer, n. অবসকাতা; One who inquires. Inquiring, in-kwiifing. a. অবসকিংক, অবসকারী,

ৰিজান ; Given to inquiry. ad = inquiringly.
Inquiry, in-kwir'e, n. অব্যক্তি ( কিজাসা ; প্ৰত্ন ; Investigation , search ; scrutiny ; a question.

Syn:—Interrogation, interrogatory, question, query, exploration, study, research.

Inquisition, in-kwe-zishun, n. অসুস্কান;
অবেণ ; Investigation ; judicial inquiry —
কিচায়াৰ্থ অসুস্কান ; পাণ্ড খননাৰ্থ ছাপিত বিচায়ান্ত ;
Judicial inquiry ; a papal tribunal for examination and punishing heretics. a=inquisitional.

Syn —Inquest, examination. [inquiry]

Inquisitional, a. অনুস্থানকারী; Making Inquisitivo, in-kwi2it-iv, a. অনুস্থিৎই; জিজাহ; কৌতুহনী; Apt to ask questions; prying curious. n=inquisitiveness. ad=inquisitively Syn:—Inquiring, curious, prying, scrutinizing

Inquisitor, in-kwi2i-tur, n. অসুস্থানকারী; One who enquires; esp. one whose official duty is to inquire and examine:—ক্তবিধানাৰ্থ বিচানালয়ের বিচারক; A member of the court of inquisition. a=inquisitorial. ad=inquisitorially.

Inrail, v. t. विश बादा विहेन-कृ; To inclose or surround with rails.

Inroad, n. ińröd, n. আক্ৰণ; আক্সিক আক্ৰণ; বলপূৰ্বক গ্ৰহণ; Attack; a sudden or desultory invasion; encroachment. Syn:—Irruption, incursion, raid, foray; infringement.

Insalubrious, in-sa-lu'bre-us, a. [L. in, and salus, health, soundness] satisfes: Unwholesome, unhealty. n=insalubrity.

Insane, in-san, a. [L. in, and sanus, sound, whole] উন্নপ্ত; সপ্য অজ; Mad; utterly unwise. ad —insanely. Syn:—Crazy, distracted, delirious, demented, franțic, raying, deranged, lunatic.

Insanity, in-safe-te, n. Euje; fago; rigo; Madness. Syn:—Lunacy, madness, derangement, alienation, aberration, mania, delirium, frenzy, monomania, dementía.

Insatiable, in-sa'she-a-bl, a. [ L. in, not, and satiare, to satiate ] অভি লোডী; অভোৰণীয়; অভোৰণীয়; অভিকৃষ্ণ; That cannot be satisfied; very greedy. ns=insatiableness, insatiability. ad=insatiably. Syn:—Ravenous, voracious, unappeasable, unquenchable.

Inscribe, in-skrib, v. t. [L. in, and scribere, to write] উপৰে লিখা; To write on; address to:—গভীররণে অভিত-কৃ; কোণিত-কৃ; To imprint deeply, to engrave:—একটা কেন্দের মধ্যে অন্ত একটা কেন্দ্র অভন-কৃ; In Geometry to draw one figure within another:—উৎসর্ব করা; To commend by a short address less formal than dedication. n=inscriber. Syn:—Write, engrave, imprint, impress; address, dedicate to.

Inscribe to—কোন এই কাহারও বাবে উৎনৰ্থ-ড়; Dedicate some work to a person.

Inscription, in-skrip'shun, n. শিরোধান; উপাধি; Addressing, writing; title; address:—কাহার মানে প্রস্থের উৎসর্গ; Dedication of a book to a person:—Any thing engraved on a solid substance for preservation of public inspection.

Inscriptive, in-skrip'tiv, a. কোদিত লেখন বিশিষ্ট বা তজা গীয়; Bearing inscription.

Inscrutable, in-skröö'ta-bl, a. [ L. in, and scrutari, to search ] মুর্জের : মুর্কোষ : মুর্লোষ : মুর্লোষ : Inexplicable; unsearchable. ns inscrutability, inscrutableness. ad—inscrutably. Svn:—Undiscoverable, hidden, mysterious.

Insect, insekt, n. [L. in, into, and seco, to cut] কীট; পতস, A small animal:—ছতি কুছ বন্ত:—Any thing small or contemptible:—a. কীটবং; পতস্বং; Like an insect:—কুছ; নীট; Small, mean.

Insectile, a. পতৰ্পকৃতি; Having the nature of Insection, a. ছেগন; কৰ্তন; A cutting in; incision. Insectivorous, in-sek-tivor-us, a. [L. insectum, and voro, to devour] কীট্ডুক্, গতৰুত্ক; পতৰ্ভানী; Devouring or living on insects.

Insecure, in-se-kūr', a. [ L. in, and securus ] বিশ্বসূত্ৰ, Not sale. n = insecurity. ad=insecurely. Syn :—Unguarded, unprotected, unsafe, exposed, dangerous, hazardous, perilous, uninsured; uncertain, not confident.

Insecurity, n. বিশ্বসমূলতা; Want of security, Syn:—Uncertainty; danger, hazard, peril.

Insensate, in-sensat, a. [L. in, not, sensus, feeling] মূৰ্; অবোধ . বোধশভিংল; আনহাল; নিৰ্মোধ . Stupid , dull; thoughtless. Syn;—Foolish, unfeeling, stolid, insensible, senseless.: nsensibility, n. মূৰ্থতা; বোধশভিংলৰতা; আৰু হীনতা; Want of sensibility or the power of feeling or perceiving. Syn:—Dulness, numbness, lethargy, torpor, apathy, indifference.

Insensible, in-sense-bl, a. অণুভৰণজি বৃদ্ধি; বোধপুত্ত ; বিচারস্ট ; অচেডন ; Not having feeling ; callous ; unconscious :— সংজ্ঞাপুত্ত ; Imperceptible by the senses :— স্ক্রিউভাবে অধ্যার ; Progressing by imperceptible degrees, gradual ad=insensibly n=insensibility Syn —Imperceivable, gradual, torpid, senseless, unfecting, hard-hearted, indifferent, dull stupid unsuceptible Insensible to—বোল বিষয় ব্যাধাৰ শক্তিয়ন, সংভাপুত Destitude of the power of perceiving. Insentient, in sensh ent, a আচতন, বোধশুত, Not having perception

Inseparable, in-sep'ar-a-bl, a. অবিশ্বৌজা, অবিজ্ঞো, অবিজ্ঞো, অবিজেলা, অবিজ্ঞোনি Not separable or ible to be separated ns=inseparableness, inseparablity ad=inseparably Syn —Indissoluble, indivisible, always united

Insert, in-sert o t [L in and sero, sertum to join] সন্থিবেলিড-ফ্, অন্তঃপ্ৰবিষ্ট কু, সন্থিবিষ্ট কু Set or place in among, put in n-insertion Syn --Place in, thrust in introduce among Insertion, n সন্থিবেল The act of inserting Insensosial, a বুক্দাখন উপবেশনেপান্যা কদ বিশিষ্ট Having feet suitable for perching on trees. Inseverable, in sever a bl a অবিষ্ট্যে, অবি ভালা, অবিজ্ঞো Chat cannot be severed Insheathe, o কোৰম্বাগত কু To cover or hide in a sheath

Inshore, in shor' al উপবাল, Near the shore Inshrine, Same as Fishine [ing.i Insideation, n মধোণ্ড বলগ The act of dip Inside, in sid n মধাণা ল' তাল আৰু বা Il side of part within—a মধান্ত মধানত অহ তা দিক Being within interior—alver fip মড়তারে ভিতরে In the interior of fl মহত্ত বছাপ্রমাণ িতিয়ে Insideous, in side us, a. [L insideous in sideous 
Insight, in sit n প্ৰাৰ্থনিক চিৰাৰ প্ৰাৰ্থ Through knowledge or lill power faute observation Sin—In pater is the pection, penetration descriment

Insignia, in signia n pl [I in, and signum a maik পদচিক পৰিচয় চিক্ Badges of clice of honour marks by which any thing i distinguished

Insignificant, in signific kant a স্বৰ্থ স্বামান্ত আৰ্থিংকর তুল্ল Trifling not significant, unimportant instancial insignificance insignificancy ad—insignificantly Syn—inmatcrial inconsiderable, unimportant, trivial mean to temptible

Insignificative, in significative a অৰ্ণুড় বাহু চিক্ ধাৰা অপ্ৰকাশক Not significative or ex pressed by external signs

Insincere, in sin-scr a ৰপটা প্ৰভাৱক প্ৰবৃষ্ঠ মনাল, অবিধানা Not sincere untruthful deceitful, hypocritical n=insincerity ad=in sincerely Syn —Dissembling hollow decer tive, disingenuous, dishonest, pictended, false, futiless, unfuthful

Insincerity, & settel, Want of sincerity

Syn — Dissimulation, deceitfulness, duplicity, disingenuousness dishonesty, unfairness Iusinuate, in-sinu-হা, v t [ I গা, and গালাঃ, the bosom ] আন্ধে আন্ধে প্ৰেৰণ কু খীৰে দীৰে অংশাইক কু, Introduce gently gain on the affections — v গ অব্যহ্পাত্ৰ , খীৰে খীৰে প্ৰিট-হ, To ingratiate one self, to enter gently n=minimuator Syn—Ingratiate, advance artfully, instil, in use, inculcate, hint, suggest, intimate, allude to

nsinuating, in-sinu-হt-ing, a আন্ধে বিয়াৰ

ভাষন হ Insensibly winning confidence — খাবে খাবে প্রবেশকারী, অন্ধান্তনারে বিধানলাতে সমর্থ, Tenling to enter gently ad—insinuatingly
Insinuation, in-sin ট a'shun n. ইকিত.
সক্তে A hint — অবুন্নহভাজন, Ingratizing
Insinuative, in-sin ট a-tiv a অন্ধে আরে প্রবেশ
কারী Insinuating using insinua ion
Insipid, in sip id a [I in and sapidus,
savoury বিবাদ নীয়ন বিবাদ Tisteless — নিম্নত,
তেডোকি Dull wanting spirit rs—insipidness
insipicity Syn — Vanid flat flavourless

spiritless unanimated lifeless characteriess Insipidness, Insipidity, n বাদহীনতা, নিজ

ভঙা নীবসভা Want of taste dullness Insist, in sist v: [L in and si tive to tind] ভেল কৃ Rest upon persist in dwell upon urge press n=insistment insistence Insist upon—কে নিবলৰ ভিল করা Piess or uige with exincetness—কোন বিবল করিনেই ইন্টার না ববিশে ছাতিব না এইভাবে ভিল কৃ Relige to give way without—ভিল কাবা কোন বিবল বর্বা Dwell upon a mitter as being very important

'nsnaro, in snar, vi. কাদে দেলা পাণবন্ধ-ক বিজ দিংক To entrap, to entangle Syn —Decoy all ne invess to involve

nsobriety, in so brieti n পানাসন্তি, হ্রা ম,া Intemperance diunkenness

isolate, in' so lit, v i [ L in and so! the | dirs ato | To expose to the rais of the un n=msolation [ conductor nsolator, in sulfit-ur n বিভিন্নাবক, A non Insolence, in so lens, n 497031 কচত Contempouousness Syn -Impudence assump tion offensiveness sauciness pertness rudeness Insolont, in so lent a প্ৰগণ্ড উদ্ভাৱ, কা Hall ty and contemptuous, insulting, rude, saucy n=insolence ad=insolently Syn -Overbearing, domineering, arrogant abusive con emptuous, audacious, pert, impertinent Lof solidity weakness i npudent Insolidity, " निविन्डी, अनृष्ठा जोरूना, Want Insoluble, in-solubl a आजवनात्र, Not capa ble of being dissolved - अवाधान वा व्यवाधानीत. अञ्जी शिना , इत्काप Not to be explained was insolubility, insolubleness

Insolvable, in-solva-bl, a অব্যাধ্যের, Not to be explained Syn —Insoluble, inexplicable.
Insolvent, in-solvent, a [ L in, and solvens ] ৰণ প্রিলোগে অব্য Not able to pay one's debts bankrupt —n ৰণ পরিলোগে অব্য ব্যক্তি, One who is not able to pay his debts, n=insel-

vency ( 44 (नोंबल अक्षमत) ; Bankruptcy. ) Insomnia, in-sommi-a, n. [L. insomnis, sicepless ] अभिन्ता ; Siceplessness. a = insomsuch a degree nious. Insomuch, ad. agent : aget of fate; So; to

Inspect, in-spekt, v. t. [L. in, into, and specio, to look or see ] প্ৰীক্ষা-ভূ; প্ৰিদৰ্শন-ভূ; ভদ্বাবধান-F: Superintend; examine. Syn:-Investigate, scrutinize, search into, overhaul; oversee, overlook, supervise.

Inspection, in-spekshun, n. প্ৰীকা; অবেকণ, পরিদর্শন: তত্তাসুসন্ধান; Superintendence; carcful examination. Syn:-Examination, investigation, scrutiny; oversight.

Inspector, in-spekter, n: প্ৰীক্ষ ; প্ৰিদশক , ভৰাবধাৰক: An examiner; a superintendent. n = inspectorship, Syn :- Censor, visitor, over-[ office of an inspector seer, supervisor. Inspectorship, n. পরিদর্শকের পদ বা কাবা; The Inspirable, in-spira-bl, c. বিখদনীয়; Able to be inspired or inhaled.

Inspiration, in-spe-রে'shea, v. বাস্মহণ, 'n halation :- স্পীর প্রত্যাদেশ; অসুপ্রাণন; নিখান দৈৰণতি : Divine prompting, Syn :- Breathing breath; afflatus, spiritual direction.

Inspiratory, in-spir'ı tor-:, a. বাসস্বলীয নিখাস অংশ-সংক্রান্ত , Belonging to or aiding in piration or inhalation.

Inspire, in-spir', v. i. [L. in, and spirare to breathe) বাৰু কোষসংখ্য আকৰ্ষণ-কু; প্ৰভাবেশক-কু অৰুপ্ৰাণিত-কু; To breathe into; to infuse int the mind; to instruct by divine influence .v. i. খাসগ্রহণ-ক , নিথাস গ্রহণ-ক , To breath Syn :- Inhale, breathe; instil; animate, en liven, inspirit.

Inspire (one) with-কাহাৰত চিত্তে কোন বিশে ভাব প্রবিপ্ত করাইয়া উত্তেজিত করা : Animate one with

Inspirit, in-spir'it, v. t. উৎসাহ-দে ; উজীবিত-ক উত্তেমিত-কু; প্রোৎসাহিত ক: To invigorate, to encourage. Syn: - Enliven, invigorate, exhi larate, animate, cheer, encourage.

Inspissate, v. t. জাৰি ভাগ ৰাপাৰাৰে উডাইবা 利臣-事; To thicken by evaporating moisture n = inspissation.

Instability, in-sta-bile-te, n. অভিৰতা; আধৈৰ্যা; চাকলা : পরিবর্ত্তনশীলতা ; Want of firmness ; fickleness; inconstancy; mutability. Syn .-- Unsteadiness, changeableness, wavering.

Install, in-stawl, v. t. পদাভিবিক্ত-কু; অভিবেক-কু जानन का To set in a seat, give a place to. instate in an office, rank, or order with cere monics. Syn :- Induct, introduce, inaugurate. Installation, in-stal-a'shun n. অভিবেক . প্ৰতিষ্ঠা; পদাভিবিক্ত কৰণ . The act of installing of placing in an office with ceremonies.

Instalment, in-stawlment, n. দেয় টাকার কিন্তি , किश्वितनीय धक धक किश्वित होका ; Portion of a sum to be paid at different times, part payment. Syn :-- Installation ; partial payment.

Instance, instans, n. Griens; Example :-ৰটনা ; সময় ; প্ৰাৰ্থনা ; Occasion ; occurrence ; soli- | Instinct, instingki, n. ৰাভাবিক প্ৰবৃত্তি বা ক্ষমতা ;

citation :- v. t. Brigge-Cy: To mention, as an example or case in point, Syn:-(n) Urgency. application, prompting, importunity, entreaty, request, instigation, incitement : exemplification, illustration; time, occurrence.

At one's instance, At the instance of-काहाव वित्यव वार्थनाय ; काहाव आत्मनाषुमारव ; At the urgent solicitation of one under the orders of. ( example. **डिमारतन चक्न**: For instance—141: 'nstant, instant, a. [L. in, upon, sto, to stand] ৰীঘ: সত্ৰ; Pressing; urgent; immediate; quick :- वर्डमाम ; हिन्छ ; Present, current as the

month -- n. वर्डमानकन : मुहर्डकान ; वर्डमान मारमज একদিন; The present moment of time, any moment or point of time; a day of the current month. ad=instantly. Syn:-(a) Importunate. carnest, solicitous; now passing.

In an instant-45 3400. In a moment.

Lustantaneous, a. অধিনাৰে কৃত , কণমাত্ৰে সম্পাদন ; কণিক, তৎকণাৎ সমুপন্থিত; তৎপৰ; Done in an instant; momentary, occurring or acting at once, very speedily. ad=instantaneously. Instanter, ad. তৎকণ (৭; অবিলয়ে; সাজহে: Immediately; earnestly.

Instantly, instant-le, ad. তথনি ; মুহুর্ডমধ্যে : ক্ৰ-কাৰে, অভিনতঃ immediately; importunately: on the instant.

Instate, in-stit, o. t. ছাপন-কু, ছাপিত-কু; পদান্তি-何要 事, To put in a state or place, to install. Instoad, adv পরিবর্তে; In the place of.

Instead of (in its or one's stead)-পরিবর্তে: In place of :--न व्हेए। बन: ; Far from.

Instop. instep. n. मानवनायत छेनविजान : चांछांव পারেৰ প্রাছার: The prominent upper side of the human foot, in horses, the part of the hind leg reaching from the ham to the pasture join. Instigate, inste-gat, v. t. [L. in. and stig, to p ick উৎসাহ দে ; উর্বেজিত-কু , প্রণোদিত-কু ; প্রসূত্র কু ; To urge on ; to set on ; to incite. n = insligation. Syn :- Stimulate, spur, incite, impel, animate, influence, incoulage, actuate. provoke.

nstigation, in'ste-ga'shun, n. कुकाई छेरमार: প্রণোদন : উত্তেজন . Act of instigating. Syn :-Incitement, argency, importunity, prompting, influence, solicitation, temptation, impulse.

At the instigation of-काशावत छेटबनाव; Being impelled or urged (to some evil course) প্রবর্ত্তক : One who instigates. Instigator, m'sti-gat-ur, n. কুম্প্রী; কুকর্মে Install, in-stil, v t. [ L. in, and stillare, to drop ] বিন্দু বিন্দু করিয়া ঢাসা; অলে অলে এবেশ कदान ; To pour in by drops ; to infuse slowly or by degrees. ns=instillation, instilment ( विन्तृ विन्तृ कविया मकावन ; शीरब धीरव धाविष्ठ कवन ) Syn .- Infuse, insinuate, introduce, implant, ingraft, inculcate.

Instill into-काशबंद किएक कान कार वा क्षा व्यविष्ठ করান; Inspire one with; put into:-- বিশান; Pour or mix as a liquid.

ব্যুদ্ধ আৰু; Natural desire, aptitude or\_faculty:
—a. উদ্বেখিত; প্রণোগিত; অপুণাণিত; Moved; animated; excited. Syn:—(n.) Natural impulse, intuition, spontaneous prompting.

Instinctive, in-stingktiv, a. বাভাবিৰ; বভঃ সংবাৰ সিত্ত; বভঃপ্ৰবৃত্ত; Involuntary; done by instinct. ad—instinctively. Syn:—Natural, spontaneous, involuntary.

Institute, inste-tūt, v. i. [L. in, and statuere, to set] ছাপন-ক; বাজিচা-ক; To establish; found:
—আয়ৰ-ক; To commence:— শিক্ষা-দে; Instruct; to educate:—নিয়োগ-ক; To appoint:—n. উপদেশ; Maxim; precept:—আচন্ডিত বাৰছা; দিলীকত নিলম, Maxim; precept:—আচন্ডিত বাৰছা; দিলীকত নিলম; A literary and philosophical society:—pl. নাহিতা; A book of elements or principles; esp. a work containing the principles of jurisprudence. Syn:—(v) Appoint, originate, settle, fin, enact, ordain, begin. (n) Dogma, tenet; scientific body. principle; (pl) treatise, commentary.
Tratituliat. \*\* calina বিষয়াবনিত্ব প্রশেষ্টা: A

Institulist, n. মৌলিক নির্মাবলির প্রপেতা; A writer of institutes.

Institution, in-ste-tū'shun, ম. হাপন; আডিঠা;
Establishment, foundation:—সভা; সমিতি, A
society:—নিয়ন-প্রশালী; A system of principles
or rules:—বিধি; Enactment as—institutional;
institutionary. (সভা সংক্রান্ত, মৌলিক; আধ্যিক)
Syn:—Establishing, founding: investment,
investiture; organized society.

Institutive, a. ছাগৰ; ছাগৰকম; প্ৰতিঠানাপেক, Tending to institute; depending on institution. Instruct, in-strukt, v. t. (L. in, and struc, to pile up) পিকিত-কু; পিকা বেডমা; Teach:—জাত-কু; জাপন-কু; Inform:—জাবেপ-কু; জহুজা-কু; Order, command. n=instructor. fem=instructress. Syn:—Indoctrinate, enlighten, educate; guide, direct; enjoin, advise, acquaint.

Instructible, in-struktı-bl, c. শিশ্বাবোগ্য , শিক্ষীয় : Capable of being instructed.

Instructor, or, in-strukter, n. 何本本; A teacher. Syn:—Preceptor, tutor, pedagogue, schoolmaster.

Instruction, in-strukshun, n. পিকা; উপদেশ , জাৰ দাৰ, Teaching :—সংবাদ ; জাপন ; Information :—জনুজা ; জাদেশ ; শাসন , Command. Syn : —Education, direction, indoctrination, advice, a council, mandate, order.

Instructive, in-struktiv, a. জানপুৰ্, উপ্ৰেশ-ৰঙ ; উপ্ৰেশপুৰ্ব, বিকাশন ; Conveying knowledge, containing instruction. n=instructiveness. ad = instructively.

Instrument, in-strödment, ল. যত্ত্ব; আত্ত্ব; Implement; tool:—বাদাৰত্ত্ব; Musical apparatus — বিলৰ; Writing, deed:—উপাত্ত; সাধৰ অকপ ব্যক্তি বা বন্ধ; An agent, means. Sym:—Utensil; medium; document, charter, record, muniment. Instrumental, in-stroo-ment'al, a. সাধৰ; লাবৰস্থলীত্ত্ব; সাহায়কাৰী, Contributory; helpful:—বাদ্যবস্থলীত্ত্ব; বাদ্যবস্থলীত্ত্ব, Belonging to or produced by musical instrument. ad—instrumently.

[ Help or assist in. Be instrumental in—ব্যক্তি সহায়তা-ত্ত্ব;

Instrumental osse-wateray

Instrumentalist,in-stroo-mental-ist,ল. বাধ্যক বাংক; One who plays on a musical instrument. Instrumentality, in-stroo-ment-al'o-te, ল. বাংক; বিষয়ত্ব বা কৰ্ড ; Agency. Syn:—Mediation, intervention, subordinate means.

Instrumentation, \*. नावन ; विश्व ; वांनावत्र वांनाव ;
Means, agency ; the act of paying upon musical instruments.

Insubjection, a. 4495; 44155; Want of subjection or obedience; disobedience.

Insubordinate, in-sub-or'din-at, a. আবাধ্য;
অবস: Disobedient. n∞insubordination.

Insufferable, in-suffer-a-bl, a. আনত ; ছানত ; খুণা ; Unbearable. ad = insufferably. Syn :—Insupportable, unsudurable, intolerable.

Insufficiency, n. ব্যবহা; Want of sufficiency. Syn:—Deficiency, madequateness, dearth; inability, incapacity, incompetency, lack, defect.

Insufficient, in-suf-fishe-ent, a. [ L. in, not, and sufficiens, ppr. of sufficere, to suffice) অলুৱ; অপৰাত ; Deficient:— অক্ষ; অসমৰ্থ ; Incapable; unfit. n=insufficiency. ad=insufficiently. Syn:—Inadequate, incommensurate, unequal; incompetent.

Insular, in'st-lar, a. [L. insual, an island] বৈণ; বীপদৰ্শীয়, Belonging to an island. n=insularty. ad=insularly.

Insulate, in'su-lat, v. t. পৃথক-ছ; বিজয় স্থান নাথা; To detach so as to have no communication with any thing else; to separate by a nonconductor. n=insulation; insularity ( শ্বীপ্ৰাৰ; the state of being insular.)

Insult, insult, v. t. [ L. insultus, from insiline, to leap upon ] অপমান-কু: গালাগালি দেওবা. Treat with insolence; affront:—v. ে উছত ভাবে ব্যবহার-কু: To behave with insolent triumph—n. অপমান, গালাগালি; অবমাননা; Affront, contumely. Syn:—(v)Abuse, outrage, provoke.(n)Indignity, outrage, abuse, provocation.

Insultingly, ad. अन्याननार्डक्डार ; In an insulting or insolent manner.

Insuperable, in-su'per-a bl. c. প্ৰেয়; অৰ্জা, অন্তিকুমা; Insurmountable; unconquerable, n=nsuperability. ad = insuperably.

Insupportable, in-sup-porta-bl, a. [L. in, and portare, to carry] অসহ ; হুৰ্নাহ ; অসম্বনীয় ; Unbearable ; unendurable. ad = insupportably. n = insupportableness. Syn :—Insufferable, intolerable.

Insuppressible, in-sup-presi-bl, a. গোপৰ করিবার নহে, জগোপনার্হ; জগোপনীর; জদস্য; ছর্ব্বরু, Not to be suppressed or concealed.

Insurable, in-shoor'a-bl, a. বিনাবোদা; That may be insured against loss or danger.

Insurance, in-shoor'ans, n. বিমা; বিমাৰসাণ, বিমান কন্ত বলটি; Security for loss, assurance: the premium for the same; security.

Insure, in-shoor', v. t. নিভিড-কু; নিরাপদ-কু; Make sure or secure;—বিমা-কু; Secure against a contingent loss;—v. i. বিমান ব্যবসার-কু; To un-

derwrite: to practise making insurance. Lucurer, in-shoor'er, m. finites; One who in-[ 544 ; Insurrection ; rebellion. SHIPES. Insurgency, in-sur'jen-si, a. विद्याद ; विक्ची-Insurgent, in-sur'jent, [L. in, upon, and

surgo, to rise ] विद्धारी , विक्काणात्री ; Rising in rebellion :— म. विद्याही : A rebel. Syn :— Re-

bel, mutineer, rioter, revolter.

Insurmountable, a. व्यविक्या : व्यव्यः ; व्यव्या . Incapable of being surmounted or overcome; that cannot be overcome; unconquerable. ad= insurmountably. Syn: - Insuperable, ovecome. Insurrection, in-sur-rekshun, n. বাজ-বিজোই : বিক্রাচরণ; A seditious rising; rebellion. a=insurrectional, insurrectionary. Syn :- Sedition, revolt, riot, mutiny, emeute.

Insurrectionary, a. बाबदाही ; Pertaining or suitable to insurrection; rebellious; seditious. Insurrectionist, n. বিরোছী ; One who favours

or takes part in, an insurrection.

Insusceptible, in-sus-sep'te-bl, a. [ i.. in, and suscipere, to undergo] অসুভব শক্তিহীৰ; इनवहरीन ; अविवननीय ; Not capable of feeling or being affected. n = insusceptibility. Syn:-Incapable of, insusceptive, unimpressible, insensitive.

Intact, in-takt, e. [ L. in, not, and tactus, pp. of tangere, to touch ] অবিকল ; অভত , অপুষ্ট , Syn :- Undefiled, Uninjured; untouched.

undamaged, unhurt, scathless, left complete. Intactible, a. অপুর ; Not preceptible by touch. Intangible, in-tanje-bl, a. যাহা পার্শেরিবের গ্রাহ मतः : न्यर्गिक्षत्राञीष : बन्युष्ठ : न्यर्न दादा व्यवप्रवयीत , Not perceptible by touch. ns=intangibleness, intangibility. ad intangibly. Syn:-Impalpable, immaterial, unsubstantial, unreal, shadowy, vague.

Integer, inte-jer, n. [L. in, not, and tango, to touch ] পুৰ্বাল ; পূৰ্ব সংখ্যা ; অথক রাশি ; The whole; a whole number.

Integral, inte-gral, a. ममूनय ; अपूरे ; मन्पूर्य ; व्यविश्व : Not fractional :- त. पूर्व मःशा : व्यव ज्ञानि; The whole, made of parts. ad=integrally. Syn:—(a) Complete, entire, whole, not fractional.

Integrant, in'te-grant, a. পুণাক্কাৰক; Contributing to make up a whole.

Integrate, inte-grat, v. t. সম্পূর্ণ-কু: একীভূড-কু; পুৰৱায় মৃত্ন-কু; To make entire; to form one whole; to renew. =integration.

Integrity, in-teg're-te, n. ভারপৰতা; সাৰ্তা; সারলা; পবিজ্ঞতা ; Uprightness ; honesty ; purity : — অবততা; পুতা; Wholeness. Syn: - Entireness, completeness; probity, virtue, rectitude, moral soundness, goodness.

Integument, in-teg'll-ment, n. [ L. integumentum, from integere, to cover ] जाक्रांपन ; चक ; हर्च ; Covering ; a covering which invests the body as the skin or a membrane that invests a particular part. s=integumentary. Syn:-Skin, membrane, envelope.

Intellest, intel-lekt, n. [ L. inter, between,

lego, to choose ] वृद्धि ; मत्नावृद्धि ; त्रथा ; नव ; विर्ह्णा Tie; Understanding; the thinking principle; the power to judge and comprehend. Syn :-Mind, reason, judgment, sense, brains.

Intellection, n. cate; etael; ergee; Apprehension, perception.

Intellective, in-tel-lektive, a. বৃদ্ধিৰ-পদ্ধ ; বৃদ্ধি-भागी ; वृक्तिमान् ; वृक्ति बादा উৎপাদিত ; Having power to understand; produced by the understanding. Intellectual, in-tel-lekt'ū-al, a. বৃদ্ধিবৃত্তিসংক্রাম্ভ : वृद्धि बात्रा मन्नाविछ ; वृद्धिमान ; मानिविक ; Belonging to or performed by the mind; mental. Syn: -- Intelligent, rational; ideal, metaphysical, psychical.

Intellectualism, ল- বোৰণজি-সংক্ৰান্ত মত ; বৃদ্ধি-বৃত্তির অবুদীলন ; The system of doctrines concerning the intellect, culture of the intellect.

Intellectualist, n. तोश्यक्ति मादमस्य वो खान-মূল বলিলা বাহার বিবাস; One who overrates the human i ntellect.

Intelligence, in-telle-jens, n. বৃদ্ধি; বোৰণজি : বোধ ; জ্ঞান , মানসিক শক্তি ; Intellect ; act of knowing :- नमाठाव . भःवाष : News :- एवरहानी ; A spiritual being. emintelligential. Syn :- Instruction, advice, notice, information, knowledge, notification, tidings, report, rumour.

Intelligence office-A place where information may be obtained, esp. respecting servants to be hired.

Intelligencer, n. সংবাদৰাহী ; One who or that which sounds or conveys information.

Intelligent, in-tel'i-jent, a. বৃদ্ধিষান ; বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট ; বিজ ; অভিজ ; Knowing ; endowed with a good intellect :-- वृक्षिमान ; कोननी ; Well-informed , sensible; skilful. ad = intelligently.

Intelligible, in-telle-je-bl, a. পাই ; বোদসমা ; মুশাই; বিশাদ, Understandable; clear. ad=intelligibly. n=intelligibleness, intelligibility. Syn .—Comprehensible, perspicuous, plain, obvious, distinct.

Intemperance, in-temper-ans, স. অসংব্য . অমিতাচার; অমিতপান; অপবিমিত ফুরাপানাভ্যাস; Want of temperance; excess, habitual indulgence in spirituous liquors. Syn :- Immoderation; excessive drinking, intoxication, inebriation.

Intemperate, in-temper-রা, c. অনিভাচারী ; অভি পানাসক, অপরিধিত হ্বাপারী, Not temperate: -কুছ . ইন্দ্রিগপরবর্শ ; অসংহতেন্দ্রিয় ; Passionate. Syn:-Immoderate, excessive, inordinate, ungovernable, drunken, incbriated.

Intend, in-tend, v. t. [ L. in, and tendere, to stretch ] मनश्-कृ ; मः कझ-कृ ; खिळ्यात-कृ ; Contemplate, meditate, purpose. Syn :- Contrive. plan, scheme, determine, design, mean, purpose, aim at. office of an intendant. Intendancy, n. ज्वावनावत्कत्र भगवा कार्या ; The Intendant, in-tendant, n. অধ্যক্ষ ; ভল্পিব্ৰক : Superintendent, mayor.

Intended, in-tended, a. সকলিত; অভিপ্ৰেড: বান্সন্ত , Betrothed ; purposed .-- n. বান্সন্ত প্ৰবৃদ্ধী व। विवाहां , One betrothed; an affianced lover, Intensative, a निवन . Exerting force, intensifying

Intense, in-tens, a [L. intensus, tight] বাকুল.
Analous — মনোবোন্ধ, Attentive — বভার, Deep
— প্রবাচ, Closedly strained — অভি কঠোব, Very
severe n=intenseness, intensity ad=
intensely Syn — Stretched, drawn close
strict severe excessive, extreme ardent, keen
forcible, energetic, vehement carnest

Intensify, in-tensi ii, v t বৃদ্ধি-কু অধিক উল কু, গাড়তর কু, To make intense or more intense —v.: বৃদ্ধিত-হ, অধিকতর প্রবশ-হ, প্রগাড় হওয়া To become more intense.

Intensity, in-tense-te, n. 241651, State of being stretched or strained Syn --Intenseness closeness, strictness, severity excess, vehimence, extremity, violence, vigour, strength energy, force, ardour, earnestness.

Intensive, a বিকৃত, বৰ্ধনশীল, Stretched, ad mitting of increase of degree—অবিবাদ বলবৰ্ধক, Unremitted, serving to give force ad mittensively. nomintensiveness

Intent, in tent a একাগ্রণিত্ত অভিনিবিট্ট , বাপ্র
নিবিশ্বনা দুচ্ সংঘালিত , Attentive , cager , fixed
clo cly — গ অভিপ্রায় , বর্গ উলেগু , নহল , A
design , meaning , end , aim ad=intently
n=intentress Syn — (a) Close, fixed carnest,
resolutely bent (n) Intention, meaning view,
drift, object, end aim [ cagerly busy in
Be intent upon—এবার্ত্রান্ত কিছু কবা Be
To all intents and purposes—ন্দাংল ,
স্ক্রিব্রে , ক্রিডার্থ In all senses, practically
Intention, in-tenshun, n অভিপ্রায় সংকর,
Design purpose—বাক্রান , Deep ardour of
mind , intentness Syn —Aim end, view
meaning, drift

Intentional, in tenshun-al a অভিপ্ৰত সাভি প্ৰায় সন্ধান্ত Done Ly intention or design intended, designed al=intentionally Syr — Purposed, contemplated, premeditated studied Intentioned, a অভিনেত Meant de inned Inter, in ter', v f iL in and terra, the earth স্বাহিত-ক, To bury n=interment ( স্বাধি burial). Syn —Inhume, intomb, inurn

Interaction, in-ter-akshun, n পারপারিক কার্য্য Mutual action.

Intercalary, Intercalar, a অপৰ নমূহৰ মধা সন্ধিৰ্বশিক, inserted in the midst of others

Intercalate, in ter'kal at, v t [L inter, between, calo, to call] পঞ্জিকাৰ একদিন সন্নিৰ্ভিত কু. সন্নিৰ্ভিত কু. সানিৰ্ভিত কু. সানিৰ্ভিত কু. মানিৰ্ভিত কু. মা

Intercede, in ter-sed, v t [L inter between and cedere, to pass] মধ্যতা কু, কাহারও পক্ষমণ্ড কু, Plead in favor of one, mediate a=intercedant (mediant) Syn —Interpose, a, intrate, plead for, advocate

Intercede for—মধ্য হ ইবা কাহার পকে কিছু প্রাখণ কু, Mediate and plead for

Intercedent, a বধাৰতী পক্ষমৰ্থন, Going be tween, pleading for ad = intercedently [cells Intercedlular, a, ছিত্ৰম্বাহিত, I ying between

Intercossion, in-ter-session, n ম্বৃত্ত ,
ম্বাম্ডিড , প্ৰসম্পন ; Mediation a - intercessional. Syn - Interposition, intervention, advocacy, prayer, solicitation.

Intercessional, a. মধাৰতা বা পক্ষমৰ্থন সম্বিত , Containing intercession or pleading for others Intercessor, in-ter-seser, n মধাৰ, পক্ষমৰ্থন , One who pleads for another , mediator amintercessorial Syn —Advocate, pleader

Intercossory, in-ter-sesar-i, a. AUTONT, Interceding

Intercept, in-ter-sept, v t [L inter, between, and capere, to take] titl (v, nscint, v, nt (114-\$. Cut off, to interrupt communication with n=interception, interceptor, intercepter a=interceptive Syn —Seize on the way, obstruct, preclude

Interchange, in-ter chang, n বিনিষয় Change of one thing for another mutual exchange —
া t আগান প্রগান ক, বিনিষয় ক, To exchange —
υ s পর্যায়ক্ষমে ই, To change mutually, to succeed alternately Syn —Bandy, reciprocate, alternate

Interchangeable, in-ter-chinja bl. a পিৰিমন-ধোষা, Exchangeable —পথ্যায়ক্মে উপস্থিত, Following alternately ad-interchangeably. n=interchangeableness interchangeability

Intercipient, in ter-sipi-ent, a গভিবোৰক, Intercepting —» গভিবোৰক বস্তু বা ব্যক্তি অন্তবায়, He who or that which intercepts

Interclude, in-ter klood v t [L inter, between claude, to shut] পতিরোধ-কু, রোধ-কু, ভ্ৰম-কু To intercept to cut off meanter clusion

ntercolonial, in-ter kol-ত'ni-al, a বিভিন্ন উপ-নিবেশসমূহৰ সম্বন্ধ-স'জাৱ Pertrining to the r lation existing between colonies

ntercommune, v t পরশার কথাবার্তা কথা তি commune between or together

rntercommunicable, in ter kom ūńi-ka bl, এ প্রশার জ্ঞাননীয় , Capable of being communicated between or mutually

Intercommunicate, in-ter-kom আন-kāt v t.
প্ৰশাৰ কথাবাৰ্ত্তী কহা প্ৰশাৰ চিত্তী পত্ৰ লেখালিখি কু,
To communicate mutually n=intercommunication

Intercommunion, in ter kom-unyun, n.
প্ৰশাৰ কংগাপকখন বা মিলন Mutual communion

Intercommunity, in ter kom-থানা-চা দ প্ৰশার জ্ঞাপন বা সংলাপ , Reciprocal intercourse , mutual communication

Intercostal, in-ter-kostal, a পঞ্জৰ মধ্যবন্ত্ৰী, গুল্লৰ মধ্যস্থিত Lying between the ribs

Intercourse, inter-kors, n পঝ কোবালিৰ, Communication, correspondence by letter, communion — সম্পূৰ্ক, সংস্থাৰ, সংস্থা, Connection by dealings Syn — Correspondence communion, connection, commerce, familiarity, intimacy, acquaintance

Intercurrent, m-tér-kur'ent, a ব্যাগানী; ব্যাবৃত্তী, intervening m=intercurrence. Interdependence, in-tér-de pendens, #. পৰপৰ নিৰ্ভৰ; Mutual dependence of parts one on another.

Interdiot, in-ter-dikt, v. t. [L. inter, between, and dicere, to say] দিবারণ-ক; নিবেৰ-ক; To forbid :— আলাপ রোধ-ক; To forbid communion:
— দেবেৰ; Prohibition:— নিবেৰস্চক আবেল; নিবেৰজা; A prohibition of religious rites. Syn:—(v.) Prohibition, inhabition, disallow, prevent, debar. (n.) Prohibition, inhabition, disallowance.

Interdictive, in-ter-diktiv, Interdictory, in-ter-diktor-i, a. Aceve; faceveixe; faceveixe; faceveixe; faceveixe; faceveixe; Prohibitory.

Interest, inter-est, v.f. মন আকুট-ৰু; মনোবোণী-ৰু; প্রাথে উন্তেজিত-কু; To excite concern in behalf of another; engage the affections; affect:—
n. অর্থ. Concern:—আপর; Regard:—আপ; share; participation:—হিড, মুবিধা; লাভ; Good; advantage:—বেছ; Affection:—ইফ; Premium for the use of money:—বৃদ্ধি; Any increase:—বিশিষ্ট মনোবোগ; বিশেষ মনোবোগ; Special attention:—The persons interested in any particular business or measure, taken collectively, as the manufacturing interest. Syn:—(v) Concern, move, engage, enlist. (n) Sympathy, regard; benefit, profit, influence, authority; selfishness.

In the intersts of—কাহাৰত বা কোৰ বিষয়ের হিডাপে; For the benefit of.

Make interest—জোগাও-ক; সহি ফুণারিস করান।
Take an interest in—কোন বিষয়ের কথা শুনিতে
বা কছিলে আমোদ বোধ করা, Take a delight in
talking or peering about:—কোন বিষয়ে আমোদ বোধ করা; Feel pleasure in attending to—
কাহাবত মহলে আনন্দিত হুডরা; কাহারত হিন্ত চেটা
করা; Feel pleasure at one's welfare; endeavour to advance one's interests.

Interested, interested, a. প্ৰপাতী; Partial -—ব্যগ্ৰহণ; Looking to one's interest; selfish. ad—interestedly. Syn:—Affected, moved, excited; biased, predisposed, prejudiced.

Be interested in—কোন বিষয়ে ইট থাকা; Have a care, concern, or regard for:—কাহাৰ মন্ত্ৰণ কুৰী হত্তা, Be pleased at the welfare of:—কিছুব জন্ত আগ্ৰহ থাকা; Be solicitous about.

Interesting, inter-esting, a. আক্ৰণ্ডাৱী: চিন্তাক্ৰি; ভাবোদীপক; Engaging the attention or regard. ad=interestingly.

Interfere, in-ter-fer'. v. i. [L. inter, between, and ferire, to strike] হতকেপ-ক; মধাৰতী-হ; Intermeddle; interpose:—বিরোধী-হ; প্রতিক্ল-হ; To clash:—সংস্ট-হ; To come in collision. n= interferer, interference. Syn:—Intervene; collide, conflict. [বিষয়ে হতকেপ করা: Take a part in. Interfere (or Meddle) in (a matter)—বেষ Interfere (or Meddle) with (a person or a matter)—বাধা বেজরা; Oppose:—বিহু করিতে বা দেকা; Not to allow:—পর্কল বিরোধী হত্যা; Clasp with, stand in the way of.

Interference, in-ter-fer'ens, n. হতকেপ; Act or state of interfering; interposition:—বিয়োধ; Collision; clashing.

Interfluent, in-terfluorent, Interfluore, in-terfluore, c. [L. inter, between, and fluo, to flow] অনুৰ্বাহী; মধ্যে বহুমান; Flowing between. Interfoliaceous, a. প্ৰস্থাহিত; Situated between leaves.

Interfused, in-ter-inzd. a. [L. inter, between, and fundo, to pour] মধ্যে সঞ্চায়িত, Poured or spread between.

Interfusion, in-ter-fu'zhun, n. মধ্যে স্কার; A pouring or spreading between.

Interim, inter-im, n. মধাকাল; মধাবতী কাল; The meantime; time intervening.

Interior, in-ter'e-re, a আভাত্তিকি; মধ্যতিত; Internal; inner,—opposed to Exterior; superficial:—কেশমধ্যই; Inland:—n. অভাত্তব; মধ্যভাগ; Inside:—কেশমধ্য; কেশেব মধ্যত্ত্ত্ত্ত্ ; The inland part of a country. ad =interiorly. Syn:—(a) Inward, inside.

Interjaconcy, in-ter-ja'sen-si, n. ম্বাৰ্জিভা; ম্বাৰজীয়াৰ; A lying between; a space or region between others.

Interjacent, in-ter-ja'sent, a. [L. inter, between, and jaceo, to lie] মধ্যবৰী; মধ্যস্থিত; Lying between. n=interjacency. Syn:—Intervening, interposed, intermediate.

Interject, in-ter-jekt, v. t. (L. inter, between, jacio, to throw] মধ্যে নিকেপ-কু; সন্নিবিষ্ট-কু; To throw in between; to insert:—v. i. মধ্যবর্ত্তী-কু, To throw one's self between.

Interjection, lin-ter-jekshun, n. ব্যায়ে নিকেণ; Intervention:—ভাবপ্রকাশক শব্ধ; ইর্থিব্যয়াদি স্চক্ শব্ধ; Exclamation of emotion a≔interjectional. Interiunction, in-ter-jungkshun, n. যোগ; ব্যায়:

Int**erjunction,** in-ter-jungkshun, #. যোগ ; স্থা যোগ ; Junction or joining between.

Interknit, in-ter-nit, v. t. একত্র সেলাই-কু, বৃত্তবাপে সংযুক্ত-কু; To knit together; to unite closely. Interlace, in-ter-las, v. t. মধ্যে প্রবেশিত-কু; এক পদার্থের মধ্যে অন্ত পদার্থ সম্বন্ধ-কু; To put one thing within another:—মিলিড-কু; To intermix. n=interlacement. Syn:—Cross, reticulate, inter-

twine, interweave. Interlard, in-ter-lard, v. t. স্ণিনিত-ড়, To mix in, as fat with lean:—মিশ্ৰণ ছাৱা ভিত্ৰ ধুপ্ৰাক্তান্ত-ড়, To diversify by mixture.

Interlay, in-terlá, v. t. মধ্যে রাধা; মধ্যে স্থাপন-কু;
To lay among or between. [leaf inserted.
Interleaf, n. পুতকের মধ্যে সাদা কাগত, A blank
Interleave, in-ter-lev, v. t. পুতকের মধ্যে সাদা
কাগত-দে, প্রস্থাব্যে অলিখিত পত্ত সাহিবিষ্ট-কু; To insert
blank leaves in a book.

Interline, in-ter-lin, v. t. त्यांत प्रया प्रया तथा ; धुर लड्डिय प्रया लया ; To write between lines.

Interlinear, in-ter-line-ar, a. ছই পছডির মধ্যে লিখিত; পছজিবনের মধ্যে লিখিত; Written between lines already written. n=interlineation.

Interlineation, in-ter-lin-ea'shun, n. পহ্জি পর্বাহে বা পহ্জিম্বের মধ্যে দেখন বা নিধিন্ত বিষয়; The act of interlining; that which is interlined. Interlink, in-ter-lingk, v. t. পৃথ্যে পৃথ্যে যোগ-ফু; পৃথ্যিত-ফু; To connect by uniting links.

Interlocation, in-ter-lo-ka'shun, n, atty द्रापन:
Interposition, placing between.

Interlocution, in-tel-lo-kū'shun, n. [L. inter, between, and loquor, locutus, to speak] ভূড়ায় লিপান্তির পূর্ববর্ত্তা ভিতির আবেশ; An intermediate decree before final decision:—কংশাপ্ৰধন; Dialogue; conference.

Interlocutor, in-ter-lokin-tur, n. কথোপকথন-কারী; Diologist:—চুড়ান্ত নিশান্তির পূর্বে মধ্যবর্তী আলেশ; An intermediate decree before final decision. a=interlocutory.

Interlope, in-ter-lop', v. i. [I., inter, between, and Dut. loopen, to run] v. t. বিনা বাইনেব্ৰে ব্যন্তি-বৃত্ত : To traffic without a proper license:
— স্বিভাৱে হতকেপ-তৃ: To intrude into any matter in which one has no fair concern.

Interloper, n. অৰ্থা প্ৰচৰ্ত্তাকাৰী; One who interlopes; one who interferes officiously.

Interlude, in-ter-lood, n. [L. snter, between, ludus, play] নাটক বিশেবেৰ অৱসমতে মধ্যে বা ছুই থানি নাটকের মধ্যে কুলু নাট্যাভিনয়, বিশ্বস্থ, গভাভিনয়; মধ্য আৰু; A theatrical entertainment between acts of a play or between the play and after piece.

Interluner, in-ter-তিল্লেন, Interlunery, in-ter-তিল্লেন-i, a. অমাৰ্যা সম্ভীয়, অমাৰ্যা ক্লীন, Belonging to the time when the moon is invisible.

Intermerriage, n. পরিবর্ড বিবাই , অসবর্ণ বিবাই ; Marriage between several members of two families or between different castes.

Intermarry, in-ter-mar'ı, v. i. পরিবর্জে বিবাহ-কু; অসবর্ণ বিবাহ-কু; To marry reciprocally. n= intermarriage.

Intermeddle, in-ter-medl, v. f. অকামৰণে হত-কেণ্-কৃ; To interpose or interfere improperly. n=intermeddler.

Intermedial, in-ter-me'di-al, Intermediate, in-ter-mede-at, a. 4000 . Intervening, interjacent, interposed. ad=intermediately.

Intermedium, in-ter-mc'di-um, n. মধ্যবর্তী হয়; An intervening agent or instrument.

Interment, in-ter'ment, n. সমাধি , সমাধিত করণ , Burial. Syn .—Sepulture, inhumation.

Intermigration, in-ter-mi-grashin, n. টগ-নিবেশ ভাপন বিনিমন্ত , Reciprocal migration.

Interminable, in-ter'min-a-bl, Interminate, in-ter'min-at, a. [l. in, not, and terminus, a boundary] অবস্ত : অসীম , Boundless, endless, n = interminableless. Syn :—Limitless, illimitable, immeasurable, infinite, unbounded, unlimited.

Interminglo, in-ter-ming'gl, v. t. or v i. fম্মিত-ড়; মিনিত-ড়, To mingle or mix together. Syn:—Intermix, commingle, blend.

Intermission, in-ter-mishun, n. বিরাষ, বিবার;
মধ্যকী অবসাশ কান, Interval; pause, time
between the paroxyems of a disease. Syn:—
Remission, suspension, suspense, stoppage,
interruption; stop, rest.

Intermissive, a. সময়ে সময়ে উপস্থিত ; সবিবাৰ ; Coming at intervals.

Intermit, in-ter-mit, v t. [L. inter, between, and mittere, to send] নিরস্ত-স্থ , বিরস্ত-স্থ ; কিছুকাল ক্ষিত-স্থ , To cause to cease for a time ; to in-

terrupt. Syn:-Suspend, discontinue, stop, leave off.

Intermittent, in-ter-mifent, c. সবিষয়; Ceasing at intervals, as a fever :-- ম. বে পীড়া মধ্যে মধ্যে ইয়; An intermittent disease. ad = intermittingly. Intermittent fever—পাৰ্যাৰ ৷

Intermix, in-ter-miks, v. t. বিভিত্ত-তৃ; To mix together; intermingle:—v. i. বিভিত্ত-তৃ; To be mixed together; be intermingled. Syn:—Commingle, blend.

Intermixture, n. বিশ্বপ সভূত বিশ্বভ বস্তু ; বিশ্বিত বস্তু ; A mass formed by mixture ; something intermixed. Between worlds,

Intermundane, in-ter-mundan, a. বোদান্তর্নতী, Intermural, in-ter-mural, a. বাটায়ান্তর্নতী; Lving between walls.

Intermusoular, in-ter-muskti-lar, a. পেৰিশ্য-গড, Between the muscles.

Intermutation, in ter-mu-tashun, n. বিনিমন; Mutual change; interchange.

Internal, in-ter'nal, a. আত্তরিক; আভ্যত্তরিক; Inward, interior:—ব্দেশীয়; দেশীয়; পারিবারিক; Pertaining to its own affairs or interest—said of a country, domestic, as opposed to foreign. ad—internally. Syn:—Interior, inner; domestic; intrinsic, real.

International, in-ter-nashun-al, a. ভিছু জাতি মথৰীয় ; আন্তৰ্গতিক ; Pertaining to the relations between nations. ad = internationally.

Internecine, in-ter-nc'sin, a. (L. inter, between, and necare, to kill) সাজাতিক; আণনাশক; মারাক্সক; Deadly. Syn:—Fatal, mortal.

Internuncio, in-ter-nunshi-ö, n. [L. inter, between, and nuncius, a messenger] মুড; পোনের প্রতিনিধি; Messenger between two parties; the Pope's envoy at republics and small courts.

Interoceanic, in-ter-উ-she-anik, a. সহাসমূলাত্ত-বঁড়ী , Between oceans.

Intercoular, in-ter-oku-lar, a. জফিবরের মধ্য-ব্যা: Between the eyes.

Interossesi, Interosseus, a. আছিবনের মধ্য-ভিড . Situated between bones.

Interpellate, v.t. [L. inter, between, and pello, to drive] ৰয়ী বা অন্ত লাকবৰ্মচায়ীকে প্ৰয়-ড়; জিন্তাসা ড়; To question (a minister or executive officer) in explanation of his action; to question.

Interpollation, in-ter-pel-13'shun, ধা প্ৰৰ; চন্তকেপ; সামহ অবুমাহ; বাধায়বাদের মধ্যে উপাপ্তিই প্ৰায়; A summons; citation; interruption, interposition, intercession. [ the petals. Interpolalary, a. খলস্বাহিত; Situated between Interplanetary, in-ter-planetar-i, a. বাংখ-বর্তী; Between the planets.

Interplodge, in-ter-ple', v. t. প্রতিভূ বিনিয়-ভূ To give and take a pledge.

Interpolate, in-ter po-lat, v. t. [L. inter between, and police, to polish] বাক্ষেক হ আধান কৰে স্থানিক ক : পাৰ্থিত ক : To insert unfairly, as a spurious word or passage in a book or manuscript. n=interpolation (প্ৰকেণ : বাকিব ভাগ).

Syn :—Foist in ; introduce surreptitiously.

Interposal, in-ter-pofal, Interposition, in-ter-po-zishun, s. ব্যাবহিতা; A coming between:—ব্যাহতা; Meditation; intervention; interpellation; intercession.

Interpose, in-ter-por', v. i. [L. inter, between, and powers, to place] খ্যাব্তা-হ; খ্যাহ-হ; হতকেণ্হ; To come between; to mediate; to intercede; to interfere:—v. t. খ্যো হাগান-ছ; প্ৰকিশ্হ; বাছাব্যাবাধির প্রধান-ছ; To place between; to thrust in; to offer, as aid. n=interposer.

Syn:—Introduce, insert, intrude; intervene, interfere; mediate, arbitrate.

Interposition, #. হতকেপ ; ম্বার্ডিডা ; ম্বাছডা ; ম্ব্যে হাপিড বন্ধ ; Intervention ; mediation ; anything interposed.

Interpret, in-ter'pret, v. t. [L. interpres, interpreter] আখ্যা-কৃ; অনুবাদ-কৃ; Expound; translate; explain the meaning of. Syn:—Elucidate, unfold, define, make out, decipher. render, construe, translate.

Interpretable, in-ter'-pre-ta-bl, e. বাব্যাবোদ্য ; অব্যাদ্যাধ্য ; Capable of interpretation.

Interpretation, in-ter-pret-2'shun, ন. আৰ্;
আৰ্বাৰ, অইনাৰ; Explanation, meaning:
version; translation. Syn:—Exposition, elucidation; rendering, construction, version,
signification, sense.

Interpretative, in-ter'pre-ta-tiv, a. ব্যাধ্যা-ধোগা; ব্যাধাগুৰ্গ; অস্বাদ বাৰা সংগৃহীত ; অসুবাদবিশিষ্ট ; Designed or fitted to explain; collected or known by interpretation. ad=interpretatively. Interpreter, in-ter'pret-er, স. ব্যাব্যাকারী; অসুবাদকারী, অসুবাদক; অর্থাফানক; An expositor; a translator, an expounder.

Interregnum, in-ter-reg'num, n. [L. inter, between, and regnum. rule] বে সময়ে সিংহাসন শৃত্ত হয়, দুই যাজছের মধ্যবন্তী অবকাশকাল; The time between the cessation of one and the establishment of another government.

Interrex, inter-reks, n. [L. inter, between, rex, a king] বাজপ্রতিনিধি বা আছি; A magistrate that rules during an interregnum; regent.

Interrogate, in-ter'rō-gāt, v. t. [L. inter, between, and rogare, to ask] লগ-ফু; জিলানা-ফু; জ্বন্ত্রান্-ফু; To question formally; to examine by asking questions; enquire:—v. i. বাৰ জিলানা-ফু; জহুসভান-ফু; To ask questions; to inquire. n≕interrogator (প্রকারী)। Syn:—Catechise, question, ask.

Interrogation, in-ter-ro-ga'shun, n. প্ৰশ্ন; বিজ্ঞাবা; Questions put:—প্ৰশ্ন চিক্ ; প্ৰশ্নত্ব চিক্ ; A point, mark, or sign (?) thus indicating that the sentence preceding it is a question. Syn:—Questioning; inquiry; question, interrogatory.
Interrogative, in-ter-rog'a-tiv, a. প্ৰশাৰ্ক, প্ৰশাৰ্ক কৰাৰ্ক ; Denoting a question:—n. প্ৰশ্ভ কৰা বা a sking a question.

Interrogatory, in-ter-rog'a-tor-i, n. প্ৰয়; বিজ্ঞান ; A question or inquiry :—a. প্ৰয়াৰ্ক; অবস্থাক ; Expressing a question.

Interrupt, in-ter-rupt, v. t. [L. inter, between,

and \*\*mpere\*, to break] वाना-तः ; वावाज-तः ; विज्ञाव-तः ;

Interruptedly, in-ter-rup'ted-li, ad. বিরাম সহকারে; বাধা দিয়া; With interruptions.

Interruption, in-ter-rup'shun, n. প্রতিবৰ্জ ; বাবা ; বিশ্ব বা বাঘাত উৎপাদৰ, বিশ্বম ; Hindrance ; cessation. Syn:—Intervention, interposition ; intermission, suspension ; pause ; obstruction, obstacle, impediment, stop.

Interruptive, in-ter-rup'tiv, a. প্রতিবৃদ্ধক; বিশ্বনক; বাধানক; Tending to interrupt. ad=interruptively.

Intersoribe, in-ter-skrib', v. t. [L. inter, bteween, scrsbo, to write] মধ্যে মধ্যে কোণা; To write between. [Dividing into parts; crossing. Intersecant, in-ter-se'kant, a. ছেমনবারী; Intersect, in-ter-sck', v. t. [L. inter, between, and seco, sectum, to cut ] মধ্যমেন কু; মধ্যে কাটা; বিভক্ত-কু, To cut into or between; to divide into parts;—v. i. প্রশার হেন্ড; প্রশার মিনিত-হ; To cut into one another, meet, and cross each other. n=intersection.

Intersection, in-ter-sek'shun, n. ছেদ; ছেনৰ; ছই বেখা বা তলের ছেদবিন্দু বা ছেদ বেখা; The act of intersecting; the point or line in which two lines or two planes cut each other.

Intersperse, in-ter-spers, v. t. [ L. inter, between, and spargere, to scatter] বিকাৰ-কু; ইড-ডেচ বিশ্বিত-কু; To scatter here and there among other things; interland. n—interspersion.

Intersteller, Interstellary, a. সৌরলোকা-তীত; লক্ত ম্বাগত; Situated beyond the solar system of among the stars; in the intervals between the stars.

Interstice, in-ter'stis, n. [ L. inter, between, and sisters, to stand ] স্বায়ল; স্বাৰতী পৃত্যান; Space between small interventing space. a= interstitial. Syn:—Interval, interspace, chink. Interstratified, a. অভাত পদাৰ্থন মধ্যে ভানীতৃত; Stratified between other bodies.

Intertexture, n. विकित स्वकादार स्वापे अन्य वहन ; The state of being interwoven.

Intertropical,a. অনুনান্ত বৃত্তব্যের মধ্যবর্তী; Situated between the tropics.

Intertwine, in-ter-twin, v. i. পাকাইরা বিবিত-কু; একত জড়ান, To twist together,—v.i. পাক লাগিরা একত্রিত-হ, বিজড়িত-হ; To be twisted together; to become involved. ad=intertwiningly. Syn:—Interlace, interweave.

Intertwist, in-ter-twist, v. t. পাৰাইয়া বোলিজ-ক; একত ছটাৰ; To twist together. ad-intertwisting.

Interval, in'ter-val, n. [L. inter, between, and vallum, a wall] মধ্যতা কাল বা হাব; ছই হৰেৰ মধ্যতা অবকাল; Time or distance between. Syn:—Intermediate space, interspace; season, period, term, spell.

At intervals—বংগু মধ্যে; সবলে সম্বন্ধ ; At times:—বাৰুম ; At periods intervening between one event and another:—মধ্যে মধ্যে; বারুমার ব্যায়মার ; Here and there ; at distances long or short from each other.

Intervene, in-ter-ven, v. i. [ L. inter, between and venire, to come ] ব্যাবহা-হ; ব্যাহ-হ; Come or be between; mediate; interpose:—v. t. বিভিন্ন-ই; To separate. Syn:—Interrupt, interfere; happen, occur.

Intervention, in-ter-ven'shun, ল. ম্বাছতা; ম্বান্তিতা; হতকেণ; Mediation; interposition. Syn:—Interference: agency.

Interview, in'ter-vii, n. পরশার কবি ; সাকাং; সাকাংকার ; পরামর্ণ ; Meeting ; meeting for conference ; parley :—a. i. সাকাং-ক ; To have an interview.

Interweave, in-ter-wev, v. t. সংক্ষতিত কু; একত্ত ব্যৱ-কু; To weave together:—সংযুক্ত-কু; বিভিত-কু; To connect closely. Syn:—Interwine, interlace; intermix, intermingle.

Intestacy, in-testa-si, n. আইন অধ্যায়ী উইল না করিয়া বৃদ্ধা; The state of one dying without having made a valid will.

Intestate, in-testat, a. [ I.. in, not, and testor, to make a will ] উইল না করিয়া মৃত . Dying without making a will:—n. বে উইল না করিয়া মত বজি: A person who dies without a will. n=intestacy

Intestinal, in-testin-al, a. ANTITALS, Pertaining to the intestines.

Intestine, in-testin, a. [ L. intus, within, on the side ] বদেশীয়; আভ্যন্তাকি; অভ্যন্তার , Domestic, not foreign; internal:—applied usually to what is evil:—n. (usually in the plural) অনু, নাড়ীভূডি; Bowels; guts. Syn:—Inward, interior Inthral, in-thrawl, v. t. দাসছাবীন-কু; বনীত্ত-কু; প্রবাধন-কু; প্রবাধন-কু; ত enslave; shackle.

Tathralment, in-thrawlment, a. নাৰকাৰ; দাসত ;
Act of inthralling or enslaving , slavery.

Intimacy, inti-ma-si, n. ঘনিটডা; আছ্মীয়তা; বন্ধুতা; বন্ধুড় ; Close familiarity ; friendship

Intimate, inte-māt, a. [ L. intimus, from intus, within ] বিশৃচ; পাঢ়; হাগবিচিত; Familiar; close in friendship:—n. অন্তর্গ বন্ধু; নহচয়; A familiar friend or an associate:—v. t. ইপিড-ফু; নজেড-ফু; হাডিড-ফু; জাপন-ফু; Insinuate; hint. ad—intimately. Syn:—(a) Near, close, friendly; conversant with. (n) Associate, companion, helpmate, comrade, crony. (v) Allude to; impart, communicate, announce, tell, declare.

Intimation, in-te-ma'shun, n. ইপিড; Hint, indication:—নবাদ, ভাপন; Information. Syn:—Suggestion, declaration; notice, warning.

Intimidate, in-timid-at, v. t. [ L. intimidare, to frighten ] সরাসিত-কৃ; তা প্রদর্শন-কৃ; তাপ্রান্য-কৃ; Overawe; dispirit; to inspire with fear. n=in-timidation (ভা প্রদর্শন)! Syn:—Dishearten, dispirit, daunt, frighten, terrify, alarm, threaten. Into, in'-too, prep. মধ্য; ভিতরে; অভাতরে, To the inside of, withm.

Intolerable, in-toler-a-bl, s. [L. in, and tolerars, to bear] "THE; Unbearable.

n=intolerableness. ad=intolerably. Syn:—
Insufferable, unendurable, insupportable.

Intolerance, Intoleration, প. অবৈদ্য: অসহিষ্ঠা; অকষতা; Impatience:—অসুদাৰতা; বৌড়ামি; Want of toleration; bigotry.

Intolerant, in-toler-ant, g. অসহন্দীল; অসহিক্; Not tolerant; impatient:—নিগ্ৰহকারী: নিবাডিন-ভারী: Persecuting:—n. নিগ্ৰহকাৰী বাজি: গোঁড়া; অসহিক্ৰাজি: One opposed to toleration. n= intolerance, intoleration. ad=intolerantly.

Intomb, in-toom, v. s. (1) -(2); To bury; inter, inhume.

Intone, in-tōn', v. i. এক প্ৰকাৰ কৰে কথা কলা; শল-কু; To give forth a low protracted sound; to ulter a sound:—-v.t. পান-কু; ফুর করিয়া জাবৃত্তি-কু; To chant.

Intonate, in'ton-fit, ৩. ে ত্র-কু; সজীত পদ উৎ-পাদন-কু; শক-কু; To sound the notes of a musical scale; to modulate the voice, to sound forth.

Intonation, in-ton-a'shun, n. [L. in, and tonare, to sound ] হয়; ব্যৱস্থ, Modulation of the voice. Syn:—Accentuation, cadence.

Intersion, in-ter'shun, n. জড়াৰ; বনীভাৰ; A twisting, winding or bending.

Intoxicate, in-tokic-kat, v. t. মদ বিহাল-কৃ,
মাতাল-কৃ; উন্মৱ-কৃ; To make drunk — ইরানিত-কৃ. To excite to a kind of delirium — a.
উরানিত; উত্তেখিত ; Over excited as with joy,
grief. Syn — (v) Inebriate, fuddle, make tipsy,
make delirious.

Intoxication, in-toks-e-kā'shun, n. মন্তর্য; হ্রামন্তর্য; মাডলামি; Drunkenness.—উল্লাদ, অভিশন্ত উত্তেজনা; High excitement or elation. Syn:—Inebriation, inebriety; infatuation, excitement, exhibitation.

Intractability, in-trakt-a-bife-te, n. অবাধ্যতা, অধ্যাত্তা, অধ্যাত্তা, Quality of being ungovernable Syn:
—Obstinacy, perverseness, indocility, stubboriness, obduracy.

Intractable, in-trakta-bl, a. তুৰ্বাছ, ছুৰ্বৰ্ ; আবা ; জনমা, অধাসনীয় . Ungovernable ; unmanageable. n=intractableness, intractability. ad=intractably Syn:—Perverse, obstinate, cross, unmanageable, unruly, headstrong. Intramural, a. প্রাচীয় ম্যাবাছ; Within the walls,

Intransitive, in-transi-tiv, a. অবর্থক; কর্পুণ্য আবর; Expressing a meaning which does not pass over to an object. ad=intransitively.

as of a city.

Intransmissible, in-trans-mist-bl, a. অপ্রের-তর্য, অপ্রিচালনীয়; That cannot be transmitted. Intransmutable, in-trans-mūt'a-bl, a. অপ্রি-বর্তনীয়; That cannot be changed. ad = intransmutability.

Intrant, intrant, a. [L. intro, to enter] বৰ্ণ-কারী; তেগক; Entering; penetrating:—ব্ৰেণ্ড; One who enters, particularly on some public duty

Intronch, in-trensh, v t. পৰিখাদি বাৰা পৰিবেটত-কু, গড়বন্দি-কু; গৰ্ড-কু, Make a trench; fortify [ 559 ]

with a ditch; to furrow :-- ত. চ. জাত্ৰৰণ-তু; বল-পূৰ্বক বাৰণ বা বাংশ-তু; To encroach; invade.

Intrenchment, in-trensh'ment, n. পরিধা; গড়, A trench; a ditch and parapet for defence:— আক্ষণ; An encroachment. Syn:—Moat, rampart; infringement, encroachment.

Intrepid, in-trep'id, a. নির্ভয়; ভয়পুস্ত; দাহনী; Undaunted; brave, fearless; daring n=intrepidity. Syn:—Bold, undaunted; dauntless, doughty, daring.

Intropidity, in-tre-pide-te, a. বিত্তিকা; সাহসিক্তা; Fearless bravery; undaunted bravery. Syn:—Courage, heroism, fortitude, gallantry, valour.

Intrioscy, intre-kā-se, n. জটলতা; Entanglement. Syn:—Perplexity, complication, complexity, involution, obscurity, difficulty.

Intricate, intre-kat, a [L. in, and tricari, to make hinderances] কৰি; বিজডিড; Entangled, involved; perplexed. n=intricacy; intricatences. ad=intricately. Syn:—Perplexed, complicated, obscure, difficult.

antrigue, in-treg', n বড্বপ্ন ; চক্ৰান্ত ; Secret plot or scheme :—নাটকালির গলপুত্র ; The plot of a poem or romance :—কবৈশ , গুপ্তপ্ন ; Amour , secret illicit love :—v. t. বড্বশ্ন-কু ; চক্রান্ত কু . To form intrigues :—গোপনে অথব প্রথম-কু , To carry on illicit love. Syn:—(n.) Cabal, plot, conspiracy, machination, artifice, wile, finesse, ruse , manoeuvre. (v) Scheme, cabal, plot.

Intriguer, in-treg'er, n. वज्यक्रवादी; ठक्कांद्रकादी, One who intrigues.

Intrinsic, in-trińsik, Intrinsical, in-trińsikal, a. [L. intra, within, and secus, side] আভা-ভবিক; বাভাবিক, বভাবজ; Inward; inherent— বণাৰ্ব; প্ৰকৃত, Genuine. ad—intrinsically. n= intrinsicality. Syn:—Internal, inborn, native, natural, true, real, essential.

Introduce, in-tro-du's, v. t [ L. intro, within and ducere, to lead ] উপত্তিত-কৃ. লইবা বাওয়া, ধাৰেশ করান, To lead in, to bring in, conduct or usher in:—ক্সাচ-কৃ; গোচব-কৃ; পবিচিত-কৃ; পবিচিত ক্রিয়া পেওয়া; To make known—আরত-কৃ; স্চনা-কৃ. To commence; to begin, to preface:—প্রচলিত-কৃ; To bring into practice Syn:—Conduct, usher in, bring acquainted, present; import, produce.

Introduce into—ভিতরে প্রবিষ্ট করান; Insert in, put into :—প্রবৃত্তি কৰা; Bring into use in :— ভিত্তের লইয়া যাওয়া; Conduct one to.

Introduce (one) to—আলাপ পরিচর করিরা বেজা; Make one known to another.

Introduction, in-trō-dukshun, n. আবন্ধ; Beginning:—প্রিচর করান; পরিচব করিয়া দেওন; গোচর-কবণ; Act of making persons known to each other:—মুখবন্ধ; গ্রন্থের ভূমিকা; Preface:—I.eading in —উপক্ষণিকা, উপক্রমণিকা গ্রন্থ Rudiments. Syn:—Ushering in, presentation; proem, prelude, prologue, preamble.

Letter of introduction—পরিচয়-পত্র। Introductive, in-tro-duktiv, a. জ্ঞাপক, পরি-চারক; Serving to introduce. Introductory, in-tro-duktor-e, a. প্ৰবৃষ; প্ৰায়ন্তক; ভূমিকাৰক্লপ; Prefatory; preparatory; preliminary:—আপক; পরিচায়ক; Serving to introduce. ad—introductorily. Syn:—Previous, i itiative, precursory, proemial.

Intromission, n. অব্পেরণ; অভের তবে বা বিবরে হলকেপ; Sending within, intermeddling with another's effect.

Intromit, in-tro-mit, v. t. [L. intro, within, mitto, missum, to send] অনুপ্রের-কু; গ্রহণ করিতে দেবলা; To send within; to admit, to allow to enter.

Introspect, v. t. অস্তর দেখা , Look within.

Introspection, in-tro-spekshun, n. অন্তর্গনিষ; আনস্থানীকা; Sight of the inside or interior, self examination. a=introspective.

Introvert, in-tro-vert, v. t. [L. intro, within, and verto, to turn] ভিতর দিকে ৰক্ত-কু; ভিতর দিকে ফিয়ান; To turn inwards.

Intrude, in-trood, v. s. [L. in, and truders, to thrust] বিৰা আহ্বানে উপস্থিত-হ; অৰাহুডভাবে প্ৰবেশ-কৃ. To enter uncalled or uninvited, to thrust into:—v. t প্ৰবেশিত-কৃ; অৰ্থিভাৱ প্ৰবেশ-কৃ; বলপ্ৰ্ক্ত অন্তঃপ্ৰিই-কৃ; To thrust in or cause to enter without right or welcome, to obtrude, encroach; infringe, trespass. n=intruder. Syn.—Force into, interich, interfere, enter uninvited.

Intrude into—অধিকার না থাকিলেও কোন বিবন্ধে হলকেপ করা; Enter into without right:—বলপূৰ্ব্বক প্রবেশ-কৃ; Force oneself into (some subject or place).

Intrudo upon—বিনা আহ্বানে বা অসুমতিতে কাহারও নিকট আসা (বিবজ্জিক হব এউডাব); Come without permission; thrust oneself upon another in an abrupt and unwelcome manner.

Intruder, n. অনাহত ব্যক্তি; আগস্তক; One who enters without asking or leave.

Intrusion, in-truo'shun, n. বিনা জাহানে আগমন; জনাহ্ৰত প্ৰবেশ; Entering into a place without welcome or invitation.—জনধিকাৰ প্ৰবেশ; বল-পূৰ্বক গ্ৰহণ বা আক্ৰমণ; Encroachment.

Intrusive, in-troo'sive, a. বিনা অনুসভিতে উপন্তিত, জনাত্ৰভাবে প্ৰবেশকাৰী, Tending or apt to intrude; entering without welcome or right, ad=intrusively. n=intrusiveness.

Intrust, in-trust, v. t. ভাষাপ্ৰ-কৃ; বিশাস্থাক সূত্ৰ বা অপ্ৰ-কৃ; To deliver in, trust, confide to the care of commit, consign.

Intuitive, in-tu'it-iv, a. সহত জান থাবা উপলয়; সহজ জানে অনুভূত; সরল পবিদ্যান জাত; Seen by the mind without argument or testimony; received or known by simple inspection. ad—intuitively. Syn:—Knowing directly, perceived at once; immediate, full, distinct, certain.

Intumescence, in-tu-mesens, w. [L. in, and tumes, to swell] কীডি; কৃতি; উহাও; A swelling; a tumid state.

Intwine, in-twin, e. একা অভিত-তৃ: Twine around or together. [Twist together. Intwist, in-twist, v. পাক-খা; একল অভিত-তৃ: Inumbrate, in-umbrat, v. t. [L. in, and umbro, to shade—umbra, a shadow] ছায়াইডি-সু: To shade.

Inundate, in-undate, v. f. [ L. in, and undare, to rise in waves ] অনানিত-ছ; Flood; overflow with water. n=inundation. Syn:—Deluge, drown, overflow, overwhelm, submerge.

Inundation, in-un-da'shun, म. क्लक्षीयन ; पर्छा ; A flood, an overflowing. Syn :-- Deluge, rush ; cataclysm.

Inure, in-ur', v. t. অভাত-কু; কটিন-কু; To accustom; to habituate to harden;—v. i বাৰহাৰে আনা; উপকাৰে লাগা; To come into use; to serve to the use of. n=inurement. Syn:—Train, familiarize.

Inure one to—কোন কটকর বিষয়ে অভাত কয়া; Habituate one to something that is difficult or troublesome.

Inurn, in-urh. a. f. নমাহিত-কু; পোৰ দেওৱা; চিডা-ভমাধারে বাধা; To intomb; to put in an urn; to fur. Inutility, in-ū-tile-te, n. অসুগ্ৰোগিডা; অসুগ-কাবিডা; অব্যবহাৰ্থ্যতা; Uselessness; unprofitableness; fruitlessness.

Invade, in-v2d, v. t. [L. invadere, from in, and vadere, to go] আঠনা-কু; Attack; encroach upon:—ক্ৰন-কু; Violate. n=invader. Syn:—Assail, assault; infringe, violate.

Invador, n. আক্রমণকারী; One who invades or attacks:—অন্থিকারে প্রবেশকারী; An encroacher; an intruder.

Invalid, in-valid, a. [1. in, and natidus]
অগ্নাণিক; অকাণ্যকর; বাচিব; অগ্নাফ; Not valid
or strong; void; null:—ছর্কাল; ছুর্কানার;
ছীবল; কর্ম; পীড়েড; Infirm; sick:—n. বোগী,
কয় লোক; যুদ্ধ আহত সৈন্ত, A sickly person; a
disabled soldier:—n.t. যুদ্ধ আহত সৈন্ত্রনিগর
ভালিবাব নাম লিখা; কয় সৈনিন্দানির ভালিবাভূত-কৃ,
To enrol on the list of invalids in the military
or naval service;—কর্ম-কৃ; To render invalid or
affect with desease. Syn:—(a) Weak, worthless; void, null; sick, feeble.

Invalidate, in-valid-āt, ৩. t. অকর্ণা-কু; অসার বা নিকল-কু; ছুৰ্মল-কু, ব্যৰ্থ-কু; To render invalid; to weaken. #=invalidity, invalidation. Syn:-Nullify, make void, overthrow.

Invalidity, n. অসারত; নিজ্বতা; Want of cogency; want of force.

Invaluable, in-valu-a-bl, a. अवना; Priceless. ad=invaluably. Syn:—Inestimable, very costly, very precious.

Invariable, in-váre-a-bl, a. [L. in, and varius, changeable] অপ্নিবর্তনীয়; নিরত একরণ, Unalterable, n=invariableness, Syn:—Constant, immutable, unchangeable, always uniform Invasion, in-vazhun, n. আনুষ্ণ; আৰুল্ল, Attack, an uncursion:—অন্ধিকার অবেশ; ব্লপুর্বৃক্

গাৰ; An encroachment; a raid; infringement:—সভাৰ; Violation. Syn:—Assault, aggression, irruption, inroad; raid, foray; encroachment.

Invasive, in-vasiv, a. আক্রমণনীল; আক্রমণনারী; হতকেপকারী; Aggressive; hostile.

Invective, in-vektiv, m. ভংগৰা; নিকা; বিকার; বাৰোজি; Abuse; reproach; satire:—s. নিকাৰারী; বিকাশক; Railing; abusive; satirical. Syn:—(n) Railing, obloquy, vituperation; philippic, sarcasm.

Inveigh, in-vá, v. i. [ L. in, and vehere, to carry] গালাগালি দেওৱা; নিজা-কু: তিরজার-কু; To attack with words, to revile. Syn:—Denounce, reprobate, censure, reproach, declaim against.
Inveigh against—খ্য নিলা কছা বা গালি দেওৱা; Attack bitterly with reproaches.

Inveigle, in-ve'gl, v. i. প্রসাধিত-রু; কুকর্মে প্রস্থিতি-রু; To entice, seduce, wheedle. n=inveiglement. Syn:—Allure, ensnare, entrap, mislead. [Enticement; enticing.

Inveiglement, in-vergl-ment, n. প্রণোভন;
Invent, in-vent, v. t. [L. inventre, to find ]
উভাবন-কৃ; আনিভাব-কৃ, উভাবিত-কৃ, বচনা-কৃ; স্ট-কৃ,
নির্মা-কৃ; আন-কৃ; দিখা ভজনা-কৃ; Contrive;
create; to frame; to forge; devise something
not known before. n = invention. Syn:—Find
out, design, fabricate, originate, forge.

Invention, in-venshun, n. আৰিকাৰ; কটি; উদ্ভাবন, Act of finding out or producing something new:—প্ৰভাৱণা; A deceit:—উদ্ভাবনশন্তি; The faculty of inventing. Syn:—Contrivance, fabrication, device, plan, design; discovery; deceit, fiction, forgery.

Inventive, in-ventive, a. Butana : Butanacena; Able to invent; quick at contrivance. n=inventiveness. ad=inventively. Syn:—Skilful, creative, ingenuous.

Inventor, Inventer, in-ventur, n. আবিধারক; উত্তাবনকা; One who invents or finds out something new. fem=inventress.

Inventory, inven-tor-e, n. তালিকা; Catalogue of goods:—v. t. তালিকা-কু, To make a catologue of. Syn:—(n) Register, roll, schedule.

Inverse, in-vers, a. বিপরীত; বিপর্যন্ত; উনী; Inverted; opposite; contrary. ad≕inversely. Inversion, in-ver'shun. স. বাতিক্রম; বিপরাম; বিপরীভভাব, Change of order or position.

Invert, in-vert, v. t. [ L. sn, and vertere, to turn ] উণ্টা-কু; বিপ্ৰায়-কু; বিপ্ৰায়-কু; বিপ্ৰায়-কু; To turn upside down or last first; to reverse; to revise. Syn:—Upset, subvert, owrturn, overset.

Invertebral, Invertebrate, a. বেল্লণ্ডীন; Destitute of a vertebral column or backbone. Invertebrate, n. বেল্লণ্ডীন জীব; An animal

destitute of a skull and vertebral column.

Invertedly, in-verted-li, ad. বিপৰ্যান্ত বা বিপরীতভাবে . In a reversed or contrary manner.

Invest, in-vest, v. t. [L. in, and vestire, to clothe] সন্ধিত-কু; কাণড় পরা, To dress; to clothe:—-অর্থ-কু, প্রদান-কু; বেংলা, To endow; to confer or give: ক্লাকে ছাণন-কু, প্রাতিধিক্ত-কু.

To instal: — ভূবিত-কু; To adorn: — অবক্তৰ-কু; To besiege: — বাণিজাদি বিবরে ধন প্রবাণ-কু; টাকা বাটান; To lay out money on:—বেইন-কু; To surround:—কুক্-কু; To block up:—v. i. To make an investment. Syn:—Array, robe, drape; endue; grace, bedeck; inclose, surround, blockade. [business for making a profit. Invest in—চাকা ধাটান; Lay out money in Invest (one) with—কোনকণ সন্মান দেওৱা; Adorn one with:—কোনকণ সন্মান দেওৱা; Clothe one with some authority or office.

Investigable, in-vesti-ga-bl, a. অৰুসন্ধান্যোগ্য;
অৰুসন্ধেয়; Able to be investigated.

Investigate, in-veste-gat, v. t. [L. in, and nestigare, to track] অনুস্থান-কু; অনুস্থা-কু; সত search out; to pursue. Syn:—Inquire into, examine, scrutinize, test, criticise; explore.

Investigation, in-ves-te-gashun, n. অৰুসকান; অবেৰণ; Enquiry; examination:—গ্ৰেৰণা; অধ্য-বন, Research; study.

Investigative, in-vesti-ga-tiv, Investigatory, in-vesti-ga-tor-i, a. অব্সকানেজু; অব্সকারী, Promoting or given to investigation

Investigator, in-vesti-ga-tur, n. जन्मकानकादी; जन्मकानकादी, Enquirer; examiner.

Investiture, in-vesti-tūr, n. অভিবেক; প্রতিষ্ঠা; অধিকারী করণ, Installing in office.

Investment, in-vestment, n অর্থরোগ; অর্থের বিনিয়োগ; Laying out money on:—আক্রমণ, অবরোধ; বোধ; Siege:—সন্ধিত করণ; The act of investing:—পরিচ্ছেন, A vestment. Syn:—Vestment, garment, clothing, besieging, surrounding, blockading; money laid out.

Inveterate, in-veter-at, a. [L. inveterare, to render old] বছৰুৰ, দৃত্যুৰ; Deep-rooted:— প্ৰব; Violent. ns=inveterateness, inveteracy. ad=inveterately. Syn:—Obstinate, confirmed, ingrained, habitual.

Inveterationess, Inveteracy, n. থাটানত হেড় দৃঢতা; Figuress produced by long use or continuance.

Invidious, in-vide-us, a. [ L. invidiosus, from invidia, envy ] বাছনীয়; Enviable; desirable—হেবপ্রবর্জ ; অহ্যাজনক; ইর্না-উলীপক; মুণাজনক; l.ikely to incear ill will, hateful; offensive; odious. n=invidiousness. ad=invidiously.

Invigorate, in-vig'or-at, v. f. [L. in, and vigor, force] মৃত্-ক; বলপালী-ক; স্বল-ক; অস্থাপিত-ক; To strengthen; to animate n=in-vigoration. Syn:—Brace, harden, nerve.

Invincible, in-vinse-bl, a. (L. in, and vincere, of conquer) অন্তিক্ষা; অনেয়; মুর্কের; Insuperable; unconquerable. n=invincibleness, invincibility. ad=invincibly. Syn:—Indomitable, impregnable; insuperable; insurmountable.

Inviolable, in-vi'o-la-ble, a. অনতিক্ষনীয়; অবজ্ঞা; অবজ্ঞনীয়; That cannot be violated. n= inviolability. ad=inviolably. Syn:—Sacred, holy; obligatory, unalterable.

Inviolate, in-vi'o-lat, a. [ L. in, not, violatus, pp. of violars, to violate ] অকত; অসুবিত; অব্যক্তিত; Unhurt; unbroken. Syn:—Uninjured,

unprofaned, unpolluted, wirgin, intact, undefiled.

Invisible, in-vize-bl, a. [L. in, and visere, videre, to see] wyn; That cannot be seen. ns=invisibility, invisibleness. ad=invisibly. Syn:—Imperceptible, unperceivable, indiscernible, unseen.

Invitation, in-ve-tāshun, n. নিমন্ত্ৰণ; আহ্বান; নিনতি; অনুৰোধ; The act of inviting; asking, solicitation Syn:—Bidding, call, summons.

Invite, in-vit', ভ. t. নিমন্ত্রণ-কৃ, To ask to a place of entertainment:—প্রবৃত্তকৃ; আকৃষ্ট-কৃ, প্রেলাভিড-কৃ; To persuade; to allure:—ক্যিলা-কৃ; To ask:—আনেল-কৃ; আজা-কৃ, To summon; to bid:—আকর্ষণ-কৃ; To attract:—v. :. নিমন্ত্রণ-কৃ; To ask in invitation. n=inviter. Syn:—Solicit, call; attract, entice.

Invitor, n. আর্থনাকারী: One who invites.

Invitingly, in-vering-li, ad. প্রলোভনের ভাবে; প্রকৃত্ব করিয়া, In an inviting or alluring manner. Invocate, invo-kāt, v. f. প্রার্থনা-কু; বাজ্ঞা-কু; Call upon with solemnity; to implore. n=in-vocation.

Invocation, in-vo-ká-hun, শ. প্রার্থনা; প্রার্থনার বীতি, আহ্মান; Act of addressing in prayer; a call or summons. Syn:—Supplication, entreaty, petition, orison.

Invoice, invois, n. শ্লা সহিত জ্বাদির তালিকা; মালের চালান, Writing sent with goods showing the particulars and prices — v. i. তালিকা প্রস্তুত্ত ড়; চালান তৈয়াব-ফু; To make an invoice cf; to insert in a priced list.

Invoke, in-vok, v. i. [ L. in. on, voco, to call ] প্রাধ্না-কৃ; সামুন্তে বাজ্ঞা-কৃ; বন্দা-কৃ; Call upon solemnly; to address in prayer:—সাহায্য প্রাধ্না করা; সাহায্য ভিন্দা করা; To implore assistance. Syn:—Supplicate, beseech, conjure, appeal to, adjure.

Involuntary, in-volun-tar-e, a. [L. in, and woluntus, will] অনিজুক; ইজাবিদ্ধ; অনভিত্ৰেত; Not voluntary or willing; not chosen. n=in-voluntariness. ad=involuntarily. Syn:—Compulsory, reluctant; instructive, automatic, spontaneous, off-hand.

Involution, in-vo-lu'shun, n. বিক্ৰড়িত করণ; বিক্ৰড়িত ভাব; The action of involving; state of being entangled:—বাভাবেশ; Act or process of raising a quantity to any given power.

Involve, in-volv, v. t. [ L. involvere, to roll about, wrap up ] ৰড়াৰ; অটাৰ; সমাবৃত-কু; To roll up; enwrap; envelop:—বিধান্দ বিলড়িত-কু; To entangle; to implicate:—বিপ্রেখ-কু বা বাব্য-কু, To overwhelm; embarass:—অভর্ড-কু বা To comprise; to include; to contain. Syn:—Envelop; include, imply, embrace; complicate, make difficult; connect, unite, mingle, blend; twine, interlace, interweave.

Involve (one) in—কোন বিপাকে জড়িত-ছ ; Entangle one in some difficulty or danger :—কোন কিছুতে আছাত্ত-ছ ; Envelop completely in :—Embarrass one by debt :—আছিড ; Mingle confusedly with.

Involvement, n. विकास : विकासिक कार : The act of involving : state of being involved.

Invulnerable, in-vulner-a-bl, a. অভেয়; আবাতের
আবায়; That cannot be wounded. ns=invulnerability. invulnerableness. ad=invulnerably.
Inward, inward, a. [A. S. in and ward, direction] বাস্ত্রনিক; আভান্তনিক; মানসিক; মানিই: Inside;
internal; interior, inner, intimate.—ad. মুখ্যে;
Towards the inside:—মুন্নামুখ্য; Into the mind:
—n. pl. অন্ত; The intestines.

Inwardly, ad. ব্যাডারে; অন্তরে, In the inner parts; in the heart:—গোপনে; কেন্দ্রাভিমুৰে, Privately; toward the centre.

Inweave, in-wev', v. t. বুনানৰ ছাবা একজ-তৃ; একজে বয়ন-তৃ; To entwine:—বিজড়িত-তৃ, জড়িত-ডু; জটিল-তৃ; To complicate.

Inwrap, in-rap', v.t. সমারত-কৃ, জারত-কৃ; Wrap up:—নারপ্রত-কৃ; বিজ্ঞতি-কৃ, To involve in difficulty or perplexity, to perplex. Syn:— Infold, envelop, encase, cover.

Inwreathe, in-reth, v. t. माला बाबा (उड्डन-कृ; To surround with a wreath.

Inwrought, in-rawt, c. ফাৰুকাৰ্যা শোভিত , চিত্ৰ দ্বাৰা অনম্বত্ত , Wroughed or worked in or among other things , adorned with figures

Iodate, i'o-dat, স. বাদাদনিক মিত্ৰতা বিশেষ . A combination of iodic acid with a base.

Iodide, i'o-did, n. রাসায়নিক মিপ্রণ বিশেষ ; A combination of sodine with a simple body.

Iodine, i'o-din, n. [Gr. con, a violet, and eidos, form] মৌলিক পুদাৰ্থ বিশেষ; A chemical element a=iodic.

Iolite, i'o-lit, n. [Gr. ion, a violet, and lithos, a stone] বছ মদি বিশেষ, A transparent mineral.

Ionic, i-ońik, a. প্ৰীনের অন্তর্গত আইসনিগা সংক্রান্ত: Relating to Ionia in Greece:—এক প্রকার খণতি বিদ্যাহতক; Relating to an order of Greek architecture.

Iota, i-ō'ta, n. জবু; বিজু; সামান্ত পরিবাণ; Tittle.
jot. Syn:—Bit, particle, grain, atom, scrap. whit
Ipecacuanha, ip-e-kak-U-aia. n. লতা বিশেষ;
ভৈষ্যা লড়া A plant:—ৰমনৰামৰ উষণ: Emetic.
Irascible, i-rase-bl, a. [L irascs, to be angry]
ভোষ্ণীল; কোপনৰভাব: ষিট্ৰিটে; Easily provoked;
readily angered; irritable. n=irascibility. ad=
irascibly. Syn:—Irritable, hasty, hot, passionate, choleric.

Irato, গিলা, a. [L. iratus, angry] কোণীল; কা; কুছ; Angry, enraged. Syn:—Incensed, inflamed, irritated, wrathful, exasperated.

Ire, ir, n. জোধ; কোপ; Anger; rage. Syn — Wrath, choler, indignation, passion, exasperation.

Ireful, ir'fool, a. क्लांबनील ; क्लांबन्न् ; विराहे। . Angry ; resentful. ad = irefully.

Iridescent, Irisated, c. বামব্যর স্থার বাবিশিষ্ট ; Having colour like the rainbow, #=irisdescence.

Iris, i'ris, n. ইত্ৰাস; Rainbow; Goddess of the rainnbow or the rainbow itself:—চকুর পুত্রনির চতুদ্দিকর রঞ্জিত বৃদ্ধ; Prismatic circle round the pupil of the eye, pl≕irishes,

Irish, i'rish, a. আন্নৰ্গত সংক্ৰান্ত; আন্নৰ্গতনাত; Relating to or produced in Ireland:—n. আন্নৰ্গ-তেন ভাষা; Language of the Irish, a species of Celtic:—pl. আন্নৰ্গতনানী; The native inhabitants of Ireland.

Iritis, i-ri'tis. n. জনি-বোলকের প্রদাহ ; An inflammation of the iris of the eye.

Irk, erk, v. t. কাছ-ক; কট-ফে; বিৰক্ষ ক; To weary; to trouble: to distress;—used impersonally.

Irksome, crisum, a. রাজিজনক; ফেশ্কর; ছাব্জনক; বিরজিকর; Tedious; unpleasant. n=
irksomeness. ad=irksomely. Syn:—Wearisome,
tircsome; troublesome, burdensome, annoying.
Iron, i'ron, n. লৌহ; A metal:—লৌহার; লৌহযয়; An iron implement:—শুল্জি: Strength:—pl.
লৌহশুখন; Fetters:—a. লৌহনির্মিত; Made of
iron:—কটিন; জনমনীর; জনমন্ত; আভেলা; কটোর;
Inflexible; hard, stern:—ছুভেলা; Impenetrable:
—দুচকার; Robust:—জুমলুল, Rude:—দুচসংলগ্ন;
Fast-holding:—v. t. ইবিনিক; ইরী-ক; To
smooth with a hot iron:—শুখলাবছ-ক; To
fetter; to shackle.

Iron-age, n. The last of the four ages, being that of enforced toil; the last of the three pre-historic ages.

Iron-bound, i'urn-bound, a. লৌহবেটিড; লৌহবদ্ধ : বন্ধুর ; Encircled with iron ; rugged.

Iron-elad, i'urn-klad, c. বোই ছায়া আছানিত, নোইাইড ; Covered or protected with iron:—n.
বুজভাহাত ; লৌহাইড অৰ্থপোত, A war-vessel having the parts above water plated with iron.

Iron-filings, # (बोरहर्व , Filings of iron.

Iron-founder, i'urn-founder, n. লোহ ৰে ছাঁচে চাৰে, লোহ চাৰাইকাৰ, One who casts iron.

Iron-foundry, jurn foundri, n. ৰোহার কারধানা; লৌহ চালাই করিবাৰ কারধানা; Place where iron is castings are made.

Iron-gray, i'orn-gra, a. प्नत्वर्ग; Of a gray colour — n प्नवनर्ग. Gray colour.

Iron-handed, 'urn-handed, a দৃচহত্ত : Having hands hard as iron. [ কটিনছাল ; Cruel. Iron-hearted, 'urn-harded, a. নিধুর ; নিৰ্দির ;

Iron-master, i'urn-makter, n. নৌহ-প্রস্তুতকারী, . নৌহণগাগাক . Manufacturer of raw and bar iron. Iron-monger, i'urn-mung-ger, a. নৌহকার, নৌহণগা-বাৰসায়ী ; Dealer in iron.

Iron-mongery, 'unn-mung-ger-i,n. লোহনিৰ্শিত বস্তুনিচয়; লোহনিৰ্শিত অব্যন্তাত; Miscellaneous articles in iron.

Iron-mould, i'urn-mold, n. কৌহের দাস, কৌহ মরিচার সংল্পান হেডু আর্ত্রবন্ধে উৎপক্ত দাস; Mark on linen from Iron rust.

Iron-pan, n. কটাই ; Frying pan.

Iron-rule, ম. কটিন শাসন; Harsh and stern government.

Iron-side, n. বলিষ্ঠ লোক; Strong man; curaissicr; one of Cromwell's cavalry.

Iron-smith, n. জৌহৰার; কৰ্মবার, কাষার; A blacksmith, a worker in iron.

Iron-ware, i'urn-war, ন. লোহছাও; লোহ ব্যাহাত; Wares or goods of iron. Iron-wood, n. লোহৰং ৰুছ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ; Applied to the timber of various trees on account of their hardness.

Iron-work, i'urn-wurk, n. লোহার কারধানা; Place for melting iron:—লোহজন্য, Anything made of iron.

Irons in the fire—মনোবাগ দিবার বিষয়; Matters requiring attention.

The iron enters into his soul—ৰতাত বাতনা অনুভাৰ- ক্ ; The anguish or annoyance is felt most keenly.

Too many irons in the fire—একেবারে অনৈক-বিকেমন; Too many objects requiring attention at one time.

Ironical, i-rohik-al, a. ৰাজহচক; বাজহুৰ্ব; লেবপুৰ্ব; Satirical; sacastic. ad = ironically.

Irony, Yurn-i, a. [Gr. eiron, a dissemblereiro, to talk ] লৌহনিমিত; লৌহনদুদ; কটিন; Resembling iron; hard:—n. বাস; ঠাটা; নেব; Satire; a delicate sarcasm.

Irradiance, ir-ra'di-ans, Irradiancy, ir-ra'di-ans, n. আড়া; কিরণজ্টা বিকাল; Emissions of rays of light:—দীটি: উন্ধাল; Lustre; splendour. [Shedding beams of light. Irradiant, irradiant, a. দীবিমাল; কিবণবিকালী; Irradiate, in-ra'de-at, n. f. [L. in, and radius, ray] উজ্লা-কৃ; আলো-কৃ; দীবি ধাবা অলয়ত-কৃ; To dut rays upon; to adorn with light:—জ্ঞান-কৃ; To illuminate the understanding:—v. i. কিবলু বিকাশ-কৃ; দীবি পাওয়া; To emit rays; to shine:
—a. প্রভাগারা অলয়ত, Adorned with lustre. Syn:
—Brighten, shine upon, illuminate, enlighten.

Irradiation, ir-ra-di-a'shun, n. উজ্লভা; উজ্লা; Brightness.—জানালোক, Intellectual light.
Irrational, ii-iashun-al, a. [i.. in, and rationalis, from ratio, reason] বিবেৰহীন; বিচারণাজিপুত্ত,
Voic of reason:—কংখাজিক, অসম্পত্ত; Absurd; unicasonable. ad-irrationally, n=irrationality,
Syn:—Brutish, brute; foolish, preposterous, silly, unwise, injudicious.

Irreclaimable, ir-re-klania-bl, a. অংশাগু; আশোধনীয় ; অসংশোধনীয় ; অপ্রতিব্যার, That cannot be reformed, incorrigible. ad=irreclaimably. Irreconcilable, ir-rek-on-sila-bl, a. পুনম্বিনের অংগাগু; অপুনম্বিননীয়; That cannot be reconciled; inplacable:—অসম্ব্ৰুষ্ণ; আস্বত; Inconsistent. n=irreconcilableless. ad=irreconcilably. Syn:—Unappeasable; incompatible, incongruous.

Irrecoverable, ir-rē-kuver-a-bl, a. অৰ্ভ্ৰণীয়; অপুন্তভ্ৰণীয়; অসংশোধনীয়; Irretrievable. n=nrecoverableness. ad≈irrecoverably. Syn:—Irreparable, irremediable, incurable.

Irredeemable, ir-re-dēm'a-bl, a. অৰ্থন কৰি ; Not redeemable; not subject to be paid at the nominal value. n=irredeemableness, irredeemability. ad=irredeemably.

Irreducible, ir-re-duśi-bl, a. অপরিবর্জনীয়; Not to be reduced. n=irreducibleness, ad=irreducibly.

Irrefagable, ir-refra-ga-bl, a. [L. in, and refragari, tiom frangere, to break] अविद्या

स्वकतीय ; अवित्रशाविक ; Unanswerable. n=irrefragability, irrefragableness. ad=irrefragably. Syn:—Irresistibly cogent, incontrovertible, indisputable, incontestable, indubitable, irrefutable.

Irrefutable, ir-re-fu-t'a-bl, a. অধ্ভ ; অধ্ভনীর ; That cannot be refuted. admirrefutably. Irregular, ir-reg'u-ler, a. [L. in, and regula, rule, order] अनित्रभिक ; अवाङादिक ; अदिव ; विनुधन ; Not regular ; unnatural ; unsystematic : abnormal:-In grammar, departing from the ordinary form in respect to the inflectional terminations :- অবধারীতি ; ছষ্ট , ব্যভিচারী ; Immethodical; vicious:--n. অনিয়মিত দৈনিক; A soldier not in regular service. nairregularity. ad=irregularly. Syn :- Erratic. devious, eccentric, anomalous, unsymmetrical; immethodical, uncertain, unpunctual, capricious, desultory, variable; disorderly, wild, immoderate, intemperate, inordinate,

Irregularity, ir-reg-u-lar'e-te, n. বিশ্ববা); আনিম্বিতা; রীভি-ব্যতিক্ষ; ছুটারবা; State of being irregular; vice. Syn:—Aberration, abnormity, anomaly; uncertainty, capriciousness, variableness, fitfulness, unsteadiness: impropriety, indecorum, laxity, vice.

Irrelative, ir-rela-tiv, a. অপাসকিক, অসম্ভ ; অসপ্ত , Unconnected. ad — irrelatively.

Irrelevant, ir-rele-vant, a. অপাদিক; আন্তঃ;
Not relevant. n=irrelevancy. ad=irrelevently.
Syn:—Inapplicable, inappropriate, impertinent.
[ religion.

Irreligion, ir-re-lifun, n, অধ্য ; Want of Irreligious, ir-re-life-us, a. আবার্থিক ; Ungodly. n=rreligiousness. ad = irreligiously. Syn .— Impious, profane, wicked.

Irremediable, ir-re-me'de-a-bl, a. অপ্রতিকার্য; অচিকিৎসা; অপ্রতিবিধেয়; Incurable. n=irremediableness. ad=irremediably. Syn:--Irretrie vable, irreparable, remediless.

Irremissible, ir-re-misi-bl, a. অক্সাবোগ্য , আন্তিন্নিয় ; Not to be forgiven. #≕rremissibleness.

Irremovable, ir-re-moov'a-bl, a. মৃচ; মৃচ্যালয় : যাবঃ: Not removable; steadfast. n=irremovability, irremovableness. ad=irremovably.

Irreparable, ir-rep'ar-a-bl, a. অপ্রতিকার);
অতীকারাশকা; অপ্রতিক্রণীয়; অপুনক্ষণীয়; Nos capable of being recovered. n=irreparableness.
ad=irreparably. Syn:—Irretrievable, irrecoverable, irremediable.

Irrepealable, a. বাহা ৰাজ হইবার নাই; Not capable of being repealed or annulled. ad=irrepealably.
Irreprehensible, ir-rep-re-hensi-bl, a. আনিন্দ্ৰনীয়; অনিন্দ্য; অনবৃদ্য; Blameless; faultless. ad=irreprehensibly. n=irreprehensibleness.

Irrepressible, c. was; Not to be restrained.

ad = irrepressibly.

Irreproachable, ir-re-procha-bl, a. আৰিক্ৰীয় ; আনিকা; ভাষপৰ ; বিজেৰ ; Upright ; innocent. admirreproachably. [provably. m≕rreprovableness. Irreprovable, a. বিশ্বুষ্ ; Blamgless. ad ≕irre-

Irresistable, ir-re-zisti-bl, a. अनिवांश ; श्रीवांव ; Not to be opposed with success. ad -irresistibly. n=irresistibleness, irresistibility.

Irresistance, n. নির্কিলোধে ব্যতা খীকার; Want of resistance; passive submission.

Irresolute, ir-re2o-lūt, a. অন্থিরচিন্ত; আবাৰহিত
চিন্ত; শিখিল প্রতিক্স; Not resolute or firm in
purpose; fickle. ad—irresolutely. Syn:—
Vacillating, undecided, undetermined, unsettled, unstable, unsteady.

Irresolution, ir-ref-o-lushun, Irresoluteness, ir-refo-lut-nes, n. অভিনটিভতা; অবাৰ্ডিভিডা; Fickleness; hesitation.

Irrespective, ir-re-spektiv, a. নি:সবদ্ধ; আনব্যনীয় ; নিরপেক ; উলাসীন ; Not having regard to. ad = irrespectively.

Irresponsible, ir-re-sponsi-bl. a. দাবিত্পুত ; দারী বহে ; Not answerable. n=irresponsibility. ad=irresponsibly.

Irretrievable, ir-re-trev'a-bl, a. অথানিমাবেৰ;
অসংশোধা; অপুনরন্ত্রীয়: Not to be recovered or
repaired; irreparable. n=irretrievableness.
ad=irretrievably.

Irreverence, ir-reverens, n. অভক্তি; অপ্ৰায় ; অস্থান: Disregard; absence of reverence or veneration.

Irreverent, in-rever-ent, a. অন্ত ; ভজিশৃত্য ; অনুদাসমূত ; Not reverent. ad=irreverently. Irreversible, ir-re-ver-e-bl, a. অপ্রিবর্ধনীয় ; অধ্য ; That cannot be reversed ; unchangeable. ad=irreversibly. n=irreversibleness. Syn:—Irrevocable, irrepealable, immutable.

Irrevocable, a. অপৰিধৰীয়; That cannot be recalled. ad=irrevocably. n=irrevocableness.

Irrigate, ir-re-gat, v. t. [L. in and rigare, to water] কেন্তে জল-দে. সিন্ত-কৃ, আর্ত্র-কৃ, জনস্চন-কু; To water land, to moisten. Syn:—Wet, flood.

Irrigation, ir-i-gishun, n. জলসেচন, প্ৰণালী ধাৰা জল-সিঞ্চন; ভূমাদিতে জলসেচন; Act of watering lands artificially. [moist.

Irrigous, ir-rig-u-us, a. আর্ড্র; জনসিক্ত; Wet; Irrision, ir-rizhun, n. [L. in, against, rideo, risum, to laugh] উপহাস; The act of laughing at another.

Trritability, ir-i-ta-bili-ti, খ. কোণীলডা; উত্তেজনীয়ভা; The quality of being easily irritated.

Irritable, ir'rit-a-bl, a. ক্লোধন; কোধনী ন; কোপন-ৰভাব; Easily provoked. n=irritability; irritableness. ad=irritably. Syn:—Irascible, excitable, hot, passionate, fretful, testy, choleric, splenetic, fiery.

Irritant, it'i-tant, a. উত্তেজনীল ; Irritating :-স. উত্তেজক ; That which causes irritation.

Irritate, ir'rit-at, v. t. [L. irritare, from in and ira, wrath] কোগাহিত-ক; কুত-ক; রাগাইনা-দে; উন্তেজিত-ক; To provoke; to worry; tease. Syn:
—Inflame; exasperate, enrage, anger, fret, offend, annoy, vex.

Irritation, ir-rit-a'shun, n. কোগোদীপন; উদ্ভেজন; কোগ, Anger; excitement:—জালা, A vitiated state of sensation or acion. Syn:—Provocation, exasperation, resentment, indignation, choler; inflammation.

Irritative, ir'i-tat-iv, Irritatory, ir'i-ta-tor-i, a. উত্তেজক : কোগোদীপক : উত্তেজনমনিত : Tending to excite : exciting.

Irruption, ir-rup'shun, n. [L. irruptio, from irrumpers, to break in] fastat; Breaking in; bursting in:—2312 at a sudden invasion; incursion. Syn:—Inburst, inroad.

Irruptive, ir-ruptiv, a. সহসা আক্রমণকারী; Rushing suddenly in or upon. ad≕irruptively.

Is, v. হয়; আছে; Third person sing. pres of Be. Isagon, i'sa-gon, n. [Gr. isos, equal, and gonia, an angle] সমানকোৰী কেন্দ্ৰ; Figure with equal angles.

Ischiadic, Ischiatic, isk-i-afik, a. [Gr. is-chion, the hip-joint] নিতৰদেশ-সংকাৰ; Pertaining to the region of the hip.

Isinglass, i'zing-glas, n. [Dut. huisen, a kind of sturgeon, blas, a bladder] মধ্যেয়ৰ আৰু হটাত প্ৰস্তুত এক প্ৰকার শিরীৰ; A gelatine prepared from the air bladders of sturgeon.

Islam, iźlam, Islamism, iźlam-izm, n. [Ar. islam-salama, to submit to God] মহম্মীর ধর্ম; Mahomedanism. a=islamitic. [religion. Islamism, n. মহম্মীৰ ধর্ম; The Mahomedan Island, i'land, n. বীপ; হবৃহৎ ভাসমান অভণিও; Land surround by water; a large floating mass:—v. t. বেইল-কু; বীপ-, To cause to became an island as by surrounding with water; to surround; to insulate. [island. Islander, i'land-ér, n. বীপবাদী; Dweller in an Islo, il, n. বীপ; An island.

Islet, i'let, n. কুদ্রবীপ ; A little isle.

Isocheimal, Isocheimenal, a. [Gr. isos, equal, cheima, winter] গড়গড়ভায় তুলারূপ লৈত্য-প্রভাব বিশিষ্ট; Having the same mean winter temperature.

Isochromatic, a. [Gr. isos, equal, chroma, colour] একবৰ্ণ; Having the same colour.

Isochronal, Isochronous, a. ডুল্যকালীয়; সমকালীন . Of equal time.

Isochronism, i-sokron-izm, #. সম্বালীনতা ; The quality of being done in equal times.

Isolate, iso-lat, n. t. [l. insula, an island] বিভিন্ন অবস্থান রাণা; পৃথক কু; To place in a detached situation; to insulate. n = isolation. Syn:—Separate, segregate, detach, disconnect, dissociate.

Isometric, Isometrical, a. [Gr. isos, equal, metron, measure] সমপ্রিমাণ; Having equality of measure.

Isonomy, i-soho-mi, n. [Gr. isos, equal, nomos, law] তুলাধিকার; Equal law, rights, or privileges.
Isoscolos, i-sośe-lez, a. [Gr. isos, equal, skelos, a leg] সম-ছিপন: Having two equal legs:
—সমান ছিডুজনিশিষ্ট; সমহিবাহ; ln geom. having two equal sides, as a triangle.

Isotheral, a. [Gr. isos, equal, theros, summer] গড়ে জুলালপ প্ৰীৰ্থিপিষ্ট ; Having the same mean summer temperature, Isothermal, a. [Gr. isos, equal, therms, heat] ভুলা পরিমাণ তাপবিশিষ্ট ; Having an equal degree

Isotonio, i-so-tonik, a. [Gr. isos, equal, and tonos, tone] म्यवद् ; Having equal tones.

Israelite, ifra-el-it, #. बिल्पी ; A Jew. a - isra-[ taining to the Jews. elitic, israelitish. Israelitio, Israelitish, a. रेहमी बाजीय ; Per-Issue, ishon, v. i. [F. eiser, eissir, to go out] ব্ৰহিণত-হ : নিৰ্গত-হ ; To come out ; to proceed ; flow :—উংগন-হ ; To be produced :—পৰিণত-হ শেষ-কু; To end; to terminate: -- v. t. অপণ-কু, স্মৰ্গণ-ক ; To deliver :--প্ৰচাৰ-ক , To publish :--क्षनमभारक श्राप्ति छ-कृ ; To put into circulation :--# नि:मत्रण ; विश्: वावार : Flow, egress :-क्ल : Result :-- नशानमञ्जि ; Progeny ; children : —छेरशङ्क रखनां , Produce; profits:—वाना . প্রচলন ; সংখ্যা Publication, as of a book. edition:-মীমাংসার্থ বিষয়খটিত বা আইনঘটিত বিষয় ৰিশেষ, বিচাৰ্য্য বিষয়; A single material point or fact depending in the suit, which, being affirmed on the one side and denied in the other is presented for determination :- कृत्वम কোটক , An ulcer produced artificially. Syn :--(v) Emanate, proceed, arise, spring, originate; follow, ensue, end, terminate, result, put forth, send out, distribute, circulate. (n) Fut, outlet, sending out, delivery, publication; event, consequence, end, offspring.

A point at issue—বে বিষয়ে বাদাপুৰাদ চলিতেছে; বিচাৰ্য্য বিষয় ; A point in dispute.

At issue-कानका कावशाय, In debate; in a state of disagreement; at variance

Bo at issue with-কোন বিস্থাদিত বিষয়ে অনৈক্য-E, Disagree with one on some disputed point Join 18800-বিপরীত পক অবলম্ব-কু, Take opposite sides in a suit of debate. Childless Issueless, ishoo-les, a সম্ভতিবিধীন, নিঃসন্তান: Isthmus, istmus, # विक्य ; A narrow neck of land connecting two larger portions of lands It, pron. ইহা; উহা; The thing spoken of or referred to.

Italian, 1-talyan, Italic, i-talik, a. thini-(मनीत : इंडोनीम:कांच : Of or relating to Italy or its people .- n. केंग्रेनियों : A native of Italy : -ইটালীভাবা : The language of Italy.

Italianise, i-talyan-iz, ৩. t. ইটালীবাসীর স্থাব ৰাৰহার-ফু; To make Italian .- v. i. ইটালীভাবা প্রয়োগ-ক , To play the Italian ; to speak Italian. Italic180, i-tali-siz, v. t. বাকা অকরে স্কিত-ক. To print in Italics.

Italics, i-taliks, n. pl. सकत वित्यव , এक शकांत्र दीका

ব্দর; A kind of types which slope to the right. Itoh, ich, n. (थात्र; शीव्छ); क्ष्यूवन; क्ष्यू; Disease of the skin: - निष्ठ दिवृत्तिकते अधिनाय; A constant irritating desire :- v. i. চুবকরা; To have an uneasy, irritating sensation in the skin:—অত্যন্ত ইচ্ছা-কু; নিয়ত বিরক্তিকর অভিলাব-F, Long; to have a constant testing desire. Itchy, ichi, a. कथ्यनमः आह ; कथ्विभिष्ठ ; Pertaining to or aff-cted with itch.

Item, i'tem, ad. Wise, Also; at the same time: -n. বতন্ত্ৰ দ্ৰব্য ; বিবন্ধ ; দকা ; A separate article or particle :-- v. t. দকা-কু; স্মৰণীয়-কু, To make a note of.

Iterate, iter-at, v. t. পুনক্তি-ক: প্রকৃত্তের-ক: ৰিতীয়বায়-ক ; To repeat, to do a second time. n=iteration.

Iteration, it'er-ब-shun, अ. भूनक्षि ; भूनक्रह्म ; পুন:করণ , Repetition. [ Repeating. Iterative, iter-at-iv, a. शुनक्त्झकावी : शुन:काती : Ithuriel's spear—त्य बहुर बाजा त्वान किছू अवानिक इव , Detecting or discovering spear.

Itinorant, i-tiner-ant, a. [L stinerans, from iter, itineris] অমণনীল, Travelling :-- n. অমণ-काबी, श्राहेक, श्रव्याहाइक; One who travels from place to place, wanderer. n=itineracy; itinerancy ad=itinerantly Syn:-(a) Wandering, roving, roaming, nomadic, vagrant

Itinorary, i-tin'ér-ar-ı, a. ভ্রমণ্মীল, ভ্রমণ্কারী: অমণকাৰে কৃত , Travelling , donc on a journey : —n ভাষণ-বৃত্তান্ত, পথিব দিগের পথজ্ঞ,পক পুরুক; A book of travels, a guide-book for travellers. Ithuriel's spear—বে বল্লন ছাবা কোন কিছু প্ৰকাশিত

हर ; Detecting or discovering spear.

Itinorato, i-tin'er-at, v. t. [ L. iter, itineris,eo, stum, to go ] ज्ञान कविशा विकान; To travel from the place to place, particularly for the purpose of preaching or lecturing. Its, poss. from Bota; Gota; The possessive Jtself, it-sell, n. हेरा चयर , छहारे वा छहारकरे . देशहे व। इंश्रुक्ट्रे , Reciprocal pronoun of it.

Ivied, Ivyed, i'vid, Ivy-mantled, i'vima i'tld, a আইভী-বভাবৃত , Overgrown or covered with ivv.

Ivory, i'vo-ri, n. इडिएस , अझनस ; White hard substances composing the tusks of the elephant: —a. গছদম্ভ নিশ্মিত ; হন্তিদম্ভ নিশ্মিত বা ভৎসদৃশ : Made of or resembling ivory.

Ivory-black, i'vo-ri-blak, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ কুক্ৰৰ্ চূৰ ; A black powder. [ plant. Ivy, i'vi, n. চিরহবিত লভা বিশেষ . A paravitical Ivy-mantled, a. আইজী লতাবৃত, Overgrown or mantled with ivy.

J-ইংরাজী বর্ণমালার জ্ঞার আক্ষর বা বর্ণ, The 10th letter of the English alphabet.

Jabber, jaber, v. i. জনা-তৃ; বুবা গন-তৃ, To chatter; to babble:—ক্ত আপট্ট কথা কচা; To talk rapidly and indistinctly:—v. t. অপট্ট ভাবে কছা; To utter indistinctly:—n. ক্ত অপট্ট কথা; Rapid, indistinct speaking. n=jabberer. Syn: Prate, gabble.

Jecent, a. লব্মান ; Lying at length.

Jacinth, ja'sinth, n. মূল্যবান মণি বিশেষ ; গাঢ় নীৰলোহিত বৰ্ণ ; A precious stone ; a dark-purble colour

Jack, jak, n. জন নামেৰ অপজংশ , A nick name or diminutive of John:—নাৰিক ; A sailor :—ছেপলা , ছোড়া ; A saucy or paltry fellow .—জুতা খুলিবাৰ বস্তু ; Instrument to pull off boots:—ভারী বস্তু উত্তোত্তন করিবার বস্তু ; Machine for raising heavy weights:—পত বিশেষের পু: জাতি ; গর্মত ; The male of the ass, hare &c :—বৃক্ষ বিশেষ ; A tree :—বৃদ্ধিল ; The fruit :—বর্ষ ; A coat of mail :— অবিশ্বের প্রকৃতি বৃষ্ক কাকাৰ গতাবা ; A small flag hoisted from the bowsprit of a ship :—কাটাল গাছ , A large tree of the East Indies.

A good jack makes a good jill—ভাল কামী হইলে ভাল ব্ৰী হয়; A good husband makes a good wife. [ অন্তিবিদ্যুক্ত ; Immediately

Before you can say Jack Robinson— Every jack shall have his jill—Every man may find a wife if he likes.

Jack-a-dandy—কুলবাৰু; A little, foppish, impertinent fellow.

Jack-a-droams—খলদ লোক; A man of inac-Jack-at-all trades, A jack of all trades—গলবাহাই; বে ব্যক্তি সকল বিষয়েই কিছু কিছু ভানে, কিছু কোনটা ভালকণ জানে না; One who can turn his hand to any kind of business, but excels in nothing.

Jake-at-a pinch—A person who receives unexpected calls to do anything.

Jack in office—ৰে বাজি ক্ষতা পাইলা কৰ্ত্ত কৰাছ; বে ব্যক্তি কৰ্ত্তৰ পাইবা পৰ্য কৰে; One who assumes authority on acount of his office; a person who presumes on the autority with which he is invested.

Jack with a lantern—বালেয় ; Ignis fatuus.
Union Jack—The national flag of great
Britain and Ireland. [ kindlof dog.
Jackal, jak'awl, n. পুৰাৰ, A wild gregorious
Jackanapos, jak'a-naps, n. বাৰৱ; A monkey:
—বেশভ্বাপ্রিয় লোক; কুল ব্যক্তি; A coxcomb:—
বাগন্ত ব্যক্তি; An impudent fellow.

Jack-ass, jakas, n. বিষেট মূর্ব ; A block-head ; a dolt . — পু: প্রস্ত , The male of the ass. Jackboots, jak'boots, n. p'. বড় বুট জুড়া; আৰু গণ্যৰ আছাদক পাছকা; Horseman's boot; large boots reaching above the knee, serving to protect the leg. [crow. Jackdaw, jak'daw, n. দাঁডকাক; A species of

Jacket, jak'et, n. ছোট ভামা বিশেষ; অক্রাথা বিশেষ; A short coat. a=jacketed.

Jacketed, jak'e-ted, a. জ্যাকেট্-পরিহিত; Wea-ring a jacket.

Jack-ketch, n. salv. A hangman.

Jack-pudding, n. sits; A merry andrew; buffoon.

Jack-screw, jak'skroo, n. খকভার এব্য তুলিবার যন্ত্র A screw for raising heavy weights.

Jack-straw, n. অধাৰ মাত্ৰ; A servile dependent; a man of straw.

Jacobin, jak'o-bin, ক. পুৰোচিত: সন্নাসী বিশেব; A dominican fruir:--জন্মী বাচবিদ্যেই; One of the Society of Revolutionists in France, so called from their meeting in a Jacobin Club:--কপোত বিশেব; A hooded pigeon -- বিশ্লোকোম্পিক বজা; A demagogue. ক্ষ্যু cobinic, jacobinical.

Jacobinneal, a. কৰাৰী বাচাবিলোহী সংকাৰ, ৰাজ-বিজ্ঞাহতিয়া, Pertaining to the revolutionists of France; holding revolutionary principles

Jacobinism, jak'o-bin-izm, n. কৰাৰী বালবিয়োহী-বিবের মত, The principles of the jacobins or French revolutionists.

Jacobite, jak'o-bit. n. ই'লডের বালা ২ব জেনস ও জনীয় বংশ বল ব অসপত লোক , Follower of James Il and his supporters:—a. জ্ঞাকবাটট সংক্রান্ত ; Of or belonging to the Jacobites. a—jacobitical. n—jacobitism.

Jacob's-ladder, ja'kobs-lad'er, n. দড়িৰ মই,
দান্তৰ সিন্ধি, A tope ladder with wooden steps:
—ইন্তিম বিশেষ; A garden plant with large blue
flowers. [দত্ত, Vain boasting; vaunting.
Jactitation, n. চকলতা; Restlessness:—বুলা
Jade, jad, n. ভেলোহীন বোড়া; লাভ অব; অকর্মান
ভেনিক, A horse of no spirit; a tired horse;
a worthless nag:—মুহারা; বেলা; Mussy; a bad
woman .—v. t. সাভ-ছ; আভ-ছ; হররাণ-ছ; To
ture; to harass:—v. i. সাভ-ছ; বেলাweary; to lose spirit. Syn:—(a) Hack;
wench, quean, slut, slattern. (v) Fatigue, weary,
knock up, fag, exhaust.

Jag, n. বাঁজ; বন্ধ উন্নতি; A notch; a ragged protuberance — v. t. বাঁজ কাটা; To indent; notch. a=jagged. n=jaggedness.

Jagged, jag'ed, a. बीज कांडी; बब्ब बांत; Having notches or teeth; rough-edged. ad=jaggedly. n=jaggedness. Syn:—Notched, serrated, indented; uneven, broken, rough.

Jaggy, jag'i, s. বাজ কাটা; দাঁত বসান: বনুৱ; Set with teeth; uneven; notched.

Jaguar, jag-war', त. आत्मित्रकारमीत वांश विरमव : An American tiger.

Jah, ja, ল. জিহোবা ; ঈবর ; Jehovah.

Jail, n. কাৰাগাৰ; A prison. See gaol. [jail. Jail-bird, n. কাৰাথানী; One who has been to Jail-fever, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ অৱ; A fever of the typhoid character, generated in jails and crowded place.

Jalap, jalap, n. বিষেচক মূল বিশেষ; The root of a Mexican plant used in powder as Cathartic.

Jam, jam, v. t. মৃত্যাপে পেবৰ-কু; চাপা; To press; crowd; squeeze; to wedge in:—n. মোরবা; A conserve fruit boiled with sugar.

Jamb, jam, n. চৌকাঠের বাজু; Side-piece or post of a door, window or fireplace.

Jangle, jang'l, ভ. i. বাগ্ছ্ৰ-ড়; বচদা-ড়; To wrangle or quarrel:—ভ. i. কৰ্ণকণে শব্দ করান: শ্রুতিকটু শব্দ করান; To cause to sound harshly:
—দ ক্ৰেশ শব্দ; শ্রুতিকটু শব্দ; Discordant sound:
—িব্ৰাণ; বাগ্ৰিডভা; গ্রুতিগাল; Contention. n= jangler, jangling.

Janitor, jani-tor, n. [L. janua, a door]
আৱপান; দৌবারিক; A porter; a door-keeper.
fem=janitrix.

Janizery, jani-zar-i, Janiserry, jani-sar-i, n. [Turk, yeni, new, and askars, a soldier] ত্ৰম গুলাভক নৈত বিশেষ; A soldier of the old Turkish foot guards amjanizarian.

Janty, janti, a. আড্ডম্মার ; Showy ; airy. January, janū-ar-i, n. [L. janus, the sun-good] ইংরাজি প্রথম মাদ ; First month.

Japan, ja-pań, v.t. বাণিশ করা; Varnish:— কাল ও চক্চকে করা; To black and gloss:—я. বাণিশ; নং করা কাল; Varnish; figured work.

Jar. j.ir. v. t. [Ger. kerran, to chatter] বিশাদ-ত ;
অসমপ্রস-ছ; To clash; to quarrel:—v. i. কলিডফু; To shake; cause to tremble:—n. কর্কণ পক,
A harsh sound:—বিশাদ, Discord:—সুগ্রম পাত্র:
A large earthen vessel:—গবিশাদ বিশেষ; A
measure. ad=jarringly. Syn.—(v) Interfere,
contend, jangle, wrangle, oppose, disagree; jolt.
(n.) Harsh noise, collision, agitation, jolt; discord, disagreement, variance.

উল্লাফ্টিক ব্যাপ ক্রেল ; Prove exceedingly disagreeable to one's feelings :—কোন কিছুর প্রতিবন্ধক হর্মা ; Interfere with.

Jar upon one's ears—কৰ্ম শব্দের মৃত কাণে লালে; Sound, harsh to one's ears.

On the Jar or Ajar—অন্ধ থোৱা; Partly open.
Jargon, jargun, n. অৰ্থীন বাক্য; বিশ্বাল কলবব,
থলাপ; অপভাষা; Confused talk; slang;
gabble; gibberish.
Jargonelle, jar-go-nel, n. এক আডীর পেরারা;
Jasmine, jasmin, Jessamino, jeśa-min, a.
মন্ত্রিকা বা বালভী জাডীয় পুশা বিশেষ; নানাপ্রকার মুল
গাছের বাম; A genus of plants.

Jasper, jasper, n. बाजू ; मि विराग्य ; वङ्ग्ला श्रास्त्र ; A mineral ; a precious stone. a = jasperated.

Jaundice, jandis, #. পাণুরোগ; নেবা; A disease

characterised by a yellowness of the eyes, skin, &c. caused by the bile. a = jaundiced.

Jaundiced, jandist, a. পাও বোগে কয়: আত্ত-নংকার বিশিষ্ট; Affected with jaundice; prejudiced. Syn:—Bilious; prejudiced, biased, prepossessed.

Jaunt, jant, v.i. অস্থ-ক: Ramble; trip:—স.
অস্থ ; An excursion; a ramble. e=jaunting
(strolling.) Syn:—(n.) Ramble, trip, tour.

Jaunty, iante, a. বাফাড্ৰদ্বশ্বিদ্ধ; Showy; dashing.
n=jaunti ress. ad=jauntily. Syn:—Airy, finical,
gay, gairish.
[ spear.
Javelin, javlin, n. বড়শা; বন্ন ; বৰ্বা; Short

Jaw, paw, ps. chisis; Bone of the mouth:
— চোগালের জায় বস্তু: Anything resembling a jaw:
— গালি; Loud talk; abuse:—pl. মুধ; Mouth:—
v. i. অর্পনা-কু; To scold:—v. t. To abuse by scolding.

Jawbone, jaw'bon, n. চোরালের ৰে হাড়ে বাঁত বাকে; The bones of the jaw containing the teeth.

Jaw-fall, faw'fawl, n. চোষালের পতন; A falling of the jaw:—উদাম ভক্ষ, আলা লোপ; Depression of spirits. [ chattering bird.

Jay, ja, Jaypie, n. ৰীৰ্ক্ষ গ্ৰীবিশেষ; A Jealous, jelus, a. [Gr. selos, emulation] সন্দিৱ; কোনা কিছা; জিলা বিজ্ঞান কৰা বিশেষ্ট্ৰ কোনা কৰা বিজ্ঞান কৰ

Be jealous of—সমকক ব্যক্তির বিকেই হওয়া; Be apprehensive about the motives or proceedings of a rival:—কিছু নই না হয় এই আকাঞ্চা হওৱা; Be afraid of losing, suspiciously watchful of.

Iean, jan, n. ভিন কাপড়; A twilled cotton cloth. loon, jen, v. i. [Ger. schers, sport, jest] বিজ্ঞপ্ত ; ব'ল-ড়; To treat with derision; to make sport of:—v. i. বাল-ড়; ঠাটা-ড়; বিজ্ঞপ-ড়; To scoff; to decide; to make a mock of:—n. পরিহান; বিজ্ঞপ; ঠাটা; তীর বাল; A biting jest; mockery; railing remark. ad=jeeringly. Syn:—(n.) Sneer, flout, gibe, mock.

Johovah, je-hō'va, n. ইম্ব; Jewish name for Jejune, je-jōōń, a. [L. jejunus, abstaining from food, hungry] ফুণিড; Hungry:—তম; উন্ম; Dry; barren:—অসার, নীরস; Void of interest; unprofitable. n=jejuneness. ad=jejunely.

Jejunum, n. ক্ষতন পরের প্রধান ; The first part of the smaller intestine, so called because generally found empty after ceath. [ of jelly. Jellied, jelid, a. মোনমান বলের মত ; In the state Jelly, jeli, n. আটাবং ভরল লগাও আটাল রবা ; মোনমান নোনমান ; মোনমান বল ; A ge atmous substance ; gums &c. ; juice of fruits or meat boiled with sugar to a stiffened consistence a jellied.

Jolly-fish, jeli-fish, n. 4451 (444; Medusa; acaleph.

Jennet, Gennet, jehet, n. পোন-বেণীয় ক্ষৰায় কাব; A small Spanish horse. [early apple. Jenneting, n. এক জাতীয় আপেল; A species of Jenny, jehi, n. হতা কাটা ব্য বিশেষ; A spinning machine. Jeopard, jep'ard, Jeopardise, jep'ard-iz, v. t. গ্ৰণ্যাত-ড়; বিগয়-ড়: Hazard; endanger. Sym:
—Risk, peril, endanger.

Jeopardous, jep'ard-us, c. বিপদ্ধনক; বিপন্ন: সম্ভাগন্ত; Exposed to danger or loss; hazar-

dous. ad = jeopardously.

Jeopardy, jep-arde, n. স্কট; বিগদ; Hazard; danger. Syn:—Peril, risk. [beast. Jerboa, jer'bō-a, n. জ্ব বিশেষ; A four-footed Jeremiad, jer-e-mi'ad, Jeremiade, n. পোৰ-ছাৰস্চক গল; ছাৰসূৰ্ব উপজান; A tale of grief; a doleful story.

Jeremy Diddler, n. জ্বাচোর; A swindler.
Jerk, jerk, v. i. সভর নিজেপ-কৃ, হেঁচকাইয়া টানা; হেঁচ্কা টানা; To throw with a quick effort, to give a sudden pull:—n. হেঁচ্কা, আকম্মিক লক; হেঁচ্কা টান; A jolt; a short sudden movement, a sudden spring. Syn:—(n.) Pull suddenly, twitch, thrust, throw; beat, drub.

Jerked-beef, n. ew (nixinge), Beef cut into thin pieces and dried in the sun.

Jerkin, jerkin, n. অসরাধা; ফডুবা; A jacket. Jersey, jer'zi, n. উত্তম পশমেৰ ফেটা, পৰিছত পশম, Fine yain of wool, combed wool. [ plant Jeruselem Artichoke, n. লভা বিশেষ: A

Jeruselem Artichoke, n. লভা বিশেষ: A Jess, jes, n. বাজপকার পারেৰ কিতা , Strap of leather for a hawk's foot. a= jessed.

Jossamine, jesa-min, See Jasmine.

Josse, jeśi, n. গ্ৰীষ্টাৰ উপাসনা মন্দিৰে ব্ৰক্ত স্বৃহৎ বৰ্ত্তিকাৰায়; A large branched candle stick used in churches.

Jest, jest, n [O. Eng. gest, deed, tale] পৰিছণ ; বাক, বিজ্ঞপ ; Joke, sport ; fun —উপহাসাক্ষণ ; পৰিহাসাক্ষণ ; Object of laughter :—৩. ঃ বিজ্ঞপ-কু; পৰিহাস-কু, কৌতুক-কু. To make jest or inerriment. ad — jestingly. Syn:—(n) Witticism, quip (v) sport, joke.

Jest at-বিজপ-ক ; Take jestingly of.

In jest—তানানা করিছা, ভ'নাসাজলে; For mere sport and diversion, not in truth and reality.

Jester, jester, n. ভাড়; পবিচাসকারী; One who jests, a buffoon. Syn:—Joker, wag, humourist; fool, clown, mountebank, merry-andrew.

Jesuit, jezu-it, n. বাজক বিশেষ, One of a monastic order :—শঠ; ধূৰ্ত লোক; A crasty person; an intriguer. a=jesuitical, jesuitic. ad=jesuitically.

Jesuitism, jezu-it-izm, n. জেক্ট্রিপের আচার-প্রাণী; প্রতা; বক্ষা, The principles and practices of the Jesuists; cunning; deceit.

Jesus, je zus, n. [Heb. jehoshma, help of Jehovah, the saviour—yasha, to save ] মুখ্যুজাতির আৰক্ষা বীত ; The saviour of mankind.

Jot, jet, কং. প্রস্তার বিশেষ; বোর কুক্বর্ণ কটিল থনিজ পদার্থ; A mineral very compact and black:— কলোজ্যা; উবে; A spout of water; a spouting stream:—v. t. প্রবাহিত-কু; শ্রোচাকারে বহির্গত-কু; To spout forth; emit in a stream or spout:—v.s. নির্গত-হু; বাহির-হু; বহির্গত-হু; To emit in a stream. Jet-black, jetblak, s. বোর কুকু; গাড় কুক্বর্ণ; The deepest black colour.

Jetsam, Jetson, Jettison, গ. ভাষ্টের ভার

ক্মাইবার বস্তু বিশ্বতালে ভাহা হুইডে ব্রথানি ইছাপুর্বাক্ত কলে নিকেণ; এরপে নিজিপ্ত কলম্বপ্ত ব্রথানি; The voluntary throwing of goods overboat in a case of great peril to lighten a vessel; the goods so thrown away which remain under water.

Jetty, jeti, n. জেট ; A projecting pier :—a. জেট নিশ্বিত ; কুকাৰ্ব ; Made of jet, black as jet. n= jettiness. { jewish. fsm=jewess.

Jew, joo, n. ইহলী; A Hebrew or Israelite. a= Jewel, joo'el, n. যদি; Precious stone:—আগদের বস্তু; Anything highly valued:—v. t. মদি হারা সজ্জিত কু; অলক্ড-কু; To deck with jewels; to fit with a jewel. Syn:—Gem; brilliant.

Jewoller, jooel-er, n. জহরী; শণিকার; One who deals in jewels.

Jewelry, jতট'el-ri. Jewellery, jতট'el-ri. ». সর্বপ্রকাব অলকার ; Jewels in general.

Jewish, jou'ish, a terfaish; Pertaining to the jews. ad=jewishly. n=jewishness.

Jowry, juo'ri, n. জ্ডিয়া: ইত্লীদিগের বাসভূমি; Judea; a street of London in which the Jews live. Jow's eye, n. কলিত অৰ্থ; Imaginary treasure. Jew's harp, 1002-bin, n. বাচায়ত্ব বিশেষ: A

Jew's harp, jooz-haip, n. বাৰ্য্য বিশেষ; A small musical instrument.

Jib, jib, n ৰাহাতের বিকোণাকার পাইন; Large triangular sail in front of a ship:—v.i. পাইন বদলান, To shift a boom sail from one side of the mast to the other:—v.i. ইতন্তঃ চালিত-হ, স্কালিত-হ; To move restively.

Jib-boom, n. A spur run out in the bowspirit. Jibe, n. fবজ্ব; Sneer; taunt:—v. t. বিজ্ব-ক; To sneer. See gibe.

Jiffy, n. ngs , A moment ; an instant.

Jig, jig, n. নৃত্য বিশেষ; Light dance:—এক শ্ৰহণৰ ত্ব, A quick, lively tune:—৩. ঃ. নৃত্য-কু, To skip about, to dance a jig.

Jilt, pilt, n. বিপ্রদান্তকা, ছিনাল; ছিনাল বীলোক; Coquette; a flirt, a woman who encourages a lover and then disappoints him:—v. f. ছিনালি-কু; To coquette, to deceive in love;—v : ছিনালি-কু, To act as a pilt; to play the jilt. Jingle, ping'gl, n. শংকর মিল, ফন্ অনু অনু শক্; A correspondence of sounds; a rattling sound:—v f. অনু অনু শক্-কু; To make a jingling sound:—সহসা আগত করা; খোচা মার; to strike or stab suddenly:—v. f. জন জন জন শক্-কু; To sound with jingle. Syn:—Clink, tingle.

Job, n. কুছ বা নীচ কথা; সামাজ টিকা কাছ; Piece of work:—বাৰ্থপুক্ত কথা; বাৰ্থসাধনোজেৰে কৃত্তকথা; Something set on foot for private or unfair objects — v. r. পুগুৱা বা টিকা হিনাবে কাজ-কৃ; ভাজা-কৃ; সালালি-কৃ; To work at jobs; to hire by the job or period of use and service; to do by separated portions or lots; to buy and sell as a broker.

A job's comforter—মৌৰিক বন্ধু; A false friend; one who under pretence of sympathy really annoys.

To do a job for one—বৰ-কৃ; To kill one.
Jobber, jober, n. সামাজ ব্যবসায়ী; বে ব্যক্তি কালাকের
ভার ক্রেবিক্র করে; Wholesale dealer in stocks;
one who purchases goods from importers and

sells to retailers; petty, low intriguer; one who buys and sells, as a broker.

Jobbery, jober-i, ন. আন্ত্পার; Unfair means employed to procure some private end.

Jobbing office—A printing office where small jobs are undertaken.

Jookey, jok'i, ন. বোড়নৌড়ের বোড়নওয়ার; আৰ বাবনারী; One who rides a horse in a race; dealer in horses:—প্রভারক; One who cheats in trade:—v. f. প্রভারণা-ক; To cheat:—v. i. To play the jockey.

Jockeyism, Jockeyship, त. चक्चि चारतीय ; The art or practice of a jockey.

JOGOBO, jū-kōś, a. [L. jocosus, from jocus, joke] র্নিক; বহুসাধির প্রকৃত্ন; Waggish; witty; sportive; merry. nedocoseness. ad=jocosely. Syn:—Jocular, facetious, pleasant, waggish.

Jocular, jok'ū-lar, a. [L. jocus, a joke] ছাস্য-কর; হাস্যভনক; হাস্যরমনর; রহস্যবির; Humorous; droll; laughable. ad=jocularly. n=jocularity. Jocund, jokund, a. প্রকৃষ; উৎকৃষ; প্রকৃষ্ঠিত; Merry; pleasant; cheerful. ad=jocundly. n=jocundity.

Jog, jog, n. ধাৰা; টবং কলা; Push; slight shake:

—v. t. কলুই বা হাত ধারা ধাৰা-দে; ঠেলা; To push with the elbow or hand:—v: ৰাত্তে আতে বাওলা; ধীৰে গাৰে গাৰল-কু; To move by small shocks; to travel slowly. Syn —(n) Notch, dent, indentation [excite the memory to action

Jog the memory—সরণশক্তি উত্তেভিত-কু; To Joggle, jog'l, v. t. ধাৰা খাৰা; ঈবং কলিশত করা,

To jostle: to shake slightly:—কলিশত-হু; To shake.

[jogging trot sogtrot, jog-trot, n. ধীৰে ধীৰে পাচহারণ; A slow

John Bull, n ইংৰাক্স . An Englishman. John Dory, n মংবা বিশেষ . A sea-fish.

Johnsonian, a Like Dr Johnson, long worded Join, join, v t. সংযুক্ত-কু; সম্প্র-কু; সম্প্রিনিত-কু; To unite; to add or annex into; to associate—v.i. সংযুক্ত-ছ; একত্র-ছ; সন্নিকৃত্ত-ছ, To be connected with; to unite (with). Syn:—Attach, append, connect, couple, combine, conjoin, link, cement; grow to, adhere, associate, confederate, league. Joiner, joiner, n স্বাধ্য, A carpenter; a mechanic, who does the wood work in building

Joinery, joiner-i, n. প্রধরের বৃত্তি: প্রধরে কার্য়; প্রধরের বাবসার; Art or work of a joiner. Join hands—একজ-ছ; Unite, associate with.

Joint, joint, n সদি, Articulation:—কলা, Hinge:—কলি: গাইট; Knot.—দেগাই, A scam:
—Limb or part of an animal cut:—a দিশিত, সমিলিত: সংযুক্ত: সমবেত: Joined; combined, united:—মাধারণ: মংশুক্ত: Held in common:—v. t. সংযুক্ত: কি মিল-ফু; সদিতে সদিতে ছেলনফ্: To unite by joints; to fit closely; to cut or divide into joints:—v. t. সম্পূৰ্ণ মিল-ফু; To fit perfectly. Syn:—(n) Juncture, union; scam, commissure; internode, (a.) combined, concerted.

Out of joint, a. विज्ञान: विश्वाच: हात्वाचवात्वाच ; Disordered; thrown into confusion; full of disturbance.

Jointly, ad. সন্ধিনিতভাবে একবোৰে; একত্তে; in a joint manner; unitedly; together.

Joint-stock, n. নশিলিত মূলখন; Capital of a company.

Joint-stock company, n. Company in shares. Joint tenancy, n. Tenure by unity of title. Joint tenant, n. One who holds in joint tenancy.

Jointress, jointres, Jointuress, jointures, n. পতিৰ মৃত্যুৰ পৰ উপভোগ্য স্থীধনপ্ৰাপ্ত বুমৰী; A woman holding jointure.

Sointure, join'ur, n. স্থীখন; পতির মৃত্যুর পর পরীপ উপভোগ্য স্থাখন; Estate settled on a wife, which she is to enjoy after her husband's death:— ০. গ্রেমীর অবর্ত্তমানে স্থার ভোগের জন্ত সম্পত্তি ধান-মৃ; পতির মৃত্যুর পরে গছার প্রাণ্য স্থাখন নির্দারণ করিয়া নেওরা; To settle a jointure upon.

Joist, joist, ল. আড়কাঠা; কড়িকাট; Timbers to which the boards of a floor or the laths of a ceiling are nailed:— s. f. আড়কাঠা সংলগ্ন-ড়; To fit with joists.

Joke, jōk, n. ভাষাসা; রহস্য ; বসিক্তা ; Jest ; fun :
—হাস্যোদ্দীপক কার্যা বা বাকা ; Anything said or done
to excite a laugh :—v. t. কোডুক-ফু ; বসিক্তা-ফু ;
ভাষাসা-কু ; To banter ; to make merry :—v. i. উপহাসান্দ্ৰ-হু ; To jest ; to be merry ; to sport Syn:
—(n) Quip, quirk, a witticism, sally, sport.

A practical joke—কথায় তামাদা নছে, কিছু কাজে; কাজে তামাদা করা; A joke played on a person sometimes to his injury or annoyance; a joke the fun of which consists in something done.

In joke—পরিহাসজ্জে; In jest; not in earnest.
Joker, jöker, n. পরিহাসকারী; One who jests.

Joking apart—তামানা না করিয়া; Speaking seriously. ` { joking manner. Jokingly, jöking-li, ad. পরিহাসকলে; In a

Jokingly, jöking-li, ad. পরিহাসজ্জা; In a Jole, jöl, m. পঞ্জাল; গগুদেশ; Jowl; the jaw, the cheek.

Jollification, jol-i-fi-ka'shun, a. কোলাইল্মর পানভোকবোৎস; Noisy festivity and merriment.

Jolly, jolle, a. [F. joli, jolif, joyful, merry]
অনুত্র; অনুত্রচিত্ত; সবলকার, ব্লিষ্ট; Gay; plump;
robust. ns=jolity; joliness. ad=jollily. Syn:—
Jovial, joyous, gladsome, mithful, merry,
sportive, funny. h indsome, stout, lusty.

Jolly-boat, joh-bot. n. কেলিনোকা; জাহালসংলগ্ন ভোট নৌকা; A sma'l hoat belonging to a ship.

Jolt, jölt, v. f. সহলা থাকা লে; To shake with sudden jerks:—v. i. ধাকা লাগা; To shake with short, abrupt risings and fallings as a carriage moving on rough ground;—n. ধাকা; A sudden jerk.

Jolt head, n. ame. A block head.

Joltingly, ad. সংসাধানা লাগিয়া কম্পিতভাবে; In a poling manner.

Jonathan, n. The United states.

Brother Jonathan, n. An American.

A joseph—ৰে ৰাজ্যিক প্ৰস্তুৰ করা বাব না; One not to be reduced from his continence by the severest temptation.

Joss-stick, n. বৃপ বিশেষ: A stick of gum burned by the Chinese as incense to their gods.

Joetle, jośl. v. t. [F. jouster, from jouste, a tilt] বাৰা মানা; To strike against; to drive against:—v. i. বাৰা বাৰা; To hustle, shove about, elbow:—n. বাৰা; An encounter or shock. Syn:—(v.) Joggle, push, thrust, jog, jolt.

Jot, jot, n. [G. ioia, the name of the letter i] বিৰু অভ্যন্ত পরিমাণ; Tittle; iota:—সমান্ত বিশেবের কাগাবলীর বিবরণ: The transactions of any society:—p. f. সংকেপে চুকিয়া লক্ষা; To make notes; to set down briefly. Syn:—(n) Whit, grain, scrap, mite, particle, atom, bit, morsel, fraction.

Jot down-টোকা; লেখা; Note down.

Jotting, joting, n. শ্বরণার্থ কুত্ত লিপি; স্থারক-বিপি; A memorandum.

Journal, jur'nal, n. [I. diunnus, helonging to the day] হৈনিক হিসাব বই; দৈনিকিন; দৈনিক বিবৰণ; Daily record; diary:—দৈনিক সংবাদ-পত্ৰ; A daily newspaper; a magazine. Syn:—Daily register; daily paper, newspaper, periodical.

Journalism, jur'nal-izm, n. সম্পাদকতা.
স্বোদপত্ত-পরিচালন; The profession of con-

নংবাদণাত্ত-পরিচালন ; The profession of conducting newspapers ; the editing or writing for journals.

Journalist, jur'nal-ist, n. মুলাদক; সংবাদগ্ৰ-প্ৰিচাদক; Writer of a journal or diary; conductor or contributor to a public journal.

Journalistic, jur-nal-istik, a. সঞ্জাদকতাসম্বদীয়, সন্দাদকতাসকোন্ত; Pertaining to newspapers or to journalism.

Journey, jur'ne, n. [F. journe'e, a day] অসৰ, প্ৰিটৰ; Any travel; travelling; tour; excursion:—v. i. অসৰ-ক; To travel. Syn:—(n) Tour, trip, expedition, pilgrimage.

Journeyman, jur'nı-man, n. মজুর ; ঠিকা লোক , Any hired workman.

Joust, joust, n. [ L. justa, nigh to ] আৰু পুৰে কুজিৰ বৃদ্ধ; Tilt; tournament; a mack encounter on horseback:—v. i. অবগুটে কুজিন হুছে ব্যাপুত ছ; To engage in a mack fight on horseback:—অবারেছণে কুজিন ব্ৰ-কু: To run in the tilt. Jovial, jū've-al, a. প্রম্ম ; উৎপুত্ম; আনন্দিত : Joyous; gay; merry. n=joviality, jovialness. adjovially. Syn:—Airy, jolly, convival.

Jowl, jöl, n. গণ; গণদেশ: The jaw or cheek.

Cheek by jowl—মুণামুণি; Side by side, in such close confabulation as almost to have their faces touch.

Ioy, joy, n. [F. joie, L. gaudium, joy] আনম: উল্লাম; আহ্লাম; Mirth; gladness:—ক্ষেত্ৰ কাৰণ, The cause of happiness:—v. i. আনমিত হ: আনাদিত-হ; উল্লাম ক্ৰামানিক হ; To rejoice; to be glad; to exult. Syn:—(n) Pleasure, delight, happiness, felicity, transport, ecstasy, rapture, bliss; merriment, hilarity, gaicty; festivity.

Joyful, joy'fool, a. হট ; সহট ; উৎমুল্ল ; আনন্দিত : Very merry ; happy. n=joyfulness (অভান্ত আহ্লাদ) ! ad=joyfully. Syn:—Very glad, gay, exulting, joyous, merry, happy.

loyless, joy'les, a. निज्ञानम ; Not giving joy. n=joylessness. ad=joylessly.

Joyous, joy'us, a, similies; seegg; Glad. adminyously. n=joyousness. Syn:—Merry, lively, blithe, gleeful, gay, mirthful, sportive, festive, happy, blissful, charming, delightful.

Jubilant, jöö'be-lant, a. [L. jubilans, ppr. of jubilane, to shout] অধ্যানকারী; বিজয়ন্ত্রীত পারক; আনন্দানিকারী; Rejoicing; triumphant, uttering songs of joy. Syn:—Shouting with joy, triumphing, exulting.

Jubilate, joo-bi-la'te, দ. ইষ্টাবের প্রবর্তী ভূতীর রবিবাবেব খুটার উৎসব বিশেষ: The 3rd Sunday after Easter.

Jubilation, job-bi-la'shun, n. মহক্ৰি; বিজয়ো-হাস প্ৰচাৱ; আন্সক্ষ্ৰি প্ৰকাশ; The declaration of triumph.

Jubileo, jöö'bi-lö, প্ল. ইছলীলিগছ লাস্থ্যোচন-উৎসব্যুক্ত প্রতি পঞ্চাপন বৎসর; মহোৎসব; The year of release among the Jews every filtieth year; any season of great public joy and festivity. Judaic, jöö-da'ık, Judaical, jöö-da'ık-al, a ছছলী-সম্প্রতি : Pertaming to the Jews, administrativ

সংকীৰ; Pertaining to the lews. ad = judaically. Judaiso, jūū'da-iz, v. i. ইংলীধর্মের অনুষ্ঠান-কৃ; To conform to or practice Judaism."

Judaism, jou'da-izm, n. ইছদীনিবের ধর্ম : ইছদী ধর্মনত : The religion of the Jews. [ of courtesy. A judas kiss—ছননাপুৰ্ব জনতা : A deceitful act Judasn, ifio-de'an, a. ইছদী কোনালাল . Belonging to Judea :—n. ইছদী : A nation of Judea. Judge, juj. n. L judicare, from jus. law or right | বিচাৰপতি : কিচাৰক . One who decides ;

an arbitrator — প্ৰবেশন ; The Supreme Being ,—
লোকজ্পাভিক্ত. One having knowledge; expert —
চা ক্ষাৰ কৰ্পন্ত নাল সংঘ্যান্ত ; The title of 7th book
of the Old Testament :— ত. . বিচান-কৃ ; To decide :— বিচেন-কৃ ; প্ৰতেশ-কৃ ; Distinguish ,— ত. t.
বিচান-কৃ , পৰিছ কৃ , To sentence :— অভি নিজা-কৃ ;
To censure severely :— বিহেচনা-কৃ , To consider.
Syn :— (n) Magistrate, justice ; arbitrator, umpire, refere, critic, connoisseur. (v) Conclude , doom ; regard, esteem, reckon, account,
believe, hold, suppose ; estimate, appreciate,
rate [Form an opinion of.

Judge of—কোন বিষয় ধা কাহাৰ সৰকে মত দ্বিৰ করা; Judgeship, inj'ship, n. বিচারপতির পদ বা কার্যা; The office of a judge.

Judgment, jui'ment, n. বিচায় : Act of judging :—
দথাজা . Sentence :—দশ্ত . Condemnation ; doom :
—বিশেষ্ট্র : কটি . Notion ; taste :—বিচায়পজি ;
মত ; The reason ; opinion :—সতা নির্মাণ বিষয়্পত ভুলনা ; The comparing of ideas, to ascertain truth. Syn :—Discernment. discrimination, understanding, intelligence, penetration, shrwdness, sagacity, wisdom, sense; determination, decision, conclusion, opinion, estimate; award, decree, verdict, doom.

Judgmont-day, juj'ment-da, n. fefig ffin; Day of doom.

Judgment-hall, n. ধর্মভা ; বিচারস্ভা।

Judgment-seat, juj'ment-set, n. বিচারপতিষ আসন; বিচারসেন; Seat of a judge. Syn:—Court, tribunal, bar, bench. [ be judged or tried. Judicable, juo'di-ka-bl, a. বিচাধা; That may Judicative, joo'di-ka-tiv, a. विशेषक्ष, Having power to judge.

Judicatory, joo'di kā-tor-i, a. বিচারণভিদৰ্শীর .
বিচারবিধারক, Belonging to a judge, dispensing justice:—n. ধর্মাধিকরণ, বিচার বিভবণ, A tribunal. Judicature, joo'di-kā-tūr, n. ধর্মাধিকরণ, বিচারালয়, A tribunal:—অধিকার, আদালভের এলেকা, Jurisdiction,—বিচারশক্তি বা ভংগ্রণালী, Power of dispensing justice.

Judnoial, 200-dishal, a. বিচাৰপতি বা বিচাৰালয় সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to a judge or court .—বাজ-বিদি যাবা প্ৰতিষ্ঠিত , Established by stature ad-

judicially.

Judicial department, % বিচার বিভাগ।
Judiciary, 100-dishi-ar-i, % বিচারপভিগণ,
বিচারকসভাগার, Body of judge —a. দত্তপ্রদানকাবী,
বিচার মত প্রকাশক, Passing judgment or sentence:—বিচারালয়-সম্মীর, Pertaining to courts of justice.

Judiorous, joo-dishe-us, a. জানী, সুবিজ্ঞ, সমূৰ-দুৰ্গী, Discreet, prudent. n=judiciousness ad=judiciously Syn—Rational wise, skilful, discerning, sagreous, sensible, discreet, well-judged, well-advised

Jug, jug, n তণপাত্ৰ, কুলা, কলস, Pitcher — v t নিছ ক, lo boil or stew as in a jug — জগ্ জগ্ শক্ত-ক, To utter the sound jug.

Juggle, jugl, v t. [L jucular, to jest jucus, a jest ] ভেকা দেখান, প্রতারণা-কু, To amuse by sleight of hand, to practise artifice or imposture — n. ভেকা, প্রতারণা, An imposture

Juggler, jugʻler, n. বাচীকৰ উজ্বালিক, ভোজ-বাজীকর, One who performs tricks by sleight of hand, a trikish fellow.

Jugglery, jug ler-i, n. ইপ্ৰজান, ভেকি ভোজবাছী Legerdemain, trickery.

Jugular, 100'gū-lar, a. L jugulum, the collar-bone] ত্ৰীবা সম্বন্ধীয়, ক্যান্থি সংগ্ৰন্থ Belonging to the collar bone which j ins the neck and shoulders —n. ত্ৰীবা ধ্যনী, ক্যান্ধি, A vein in the neck.

Junes, 100%, \* [L jus, broth gravy] ৰস . Sap of vegetables — কাৰ, বোৰ, The fluid part of animal bodies. a=juicy. a=juiceless Syn — Sap, fluid. [n=juiciness.

Juicy, 10051, a. সরস, Abounding with juice Jujaboe, n. কুল, An oriental fruit allied to the plum.

Jujube, 1551 150b, n. ঋষবিশেষ . A pecies of shiubs — মিঠাই বিশেষ , An expectorant made of sugar and gum.

Julep, Julap, n [Pers. gul, rose and ab, water] স্থিত পানীৰ বিশেষ, A pleasant liquid

Julian, joōlyan, a. জুশিরাস সিজব সংস্থান্ত বা ভংসভূত, Relating to the old account of time established by Julius Cæsar.

St Julian-Patron saint of travellers

July, 105-li, n. ই রাজী সপ্তম মাদ, The seventh month.

Jumble, jumbl, v f [F. combler, to heap ut]
अत्नादम्या कवित्रा विशिष्ठ-कृ, विनुधनकात्व विशिष्ठ-कृ,

To mix confusedly — v ঃ এলোমেলোভাবে বিজিত্ত হ , আলোড়িত-ছ , To be mixed together confusedly , to be agitated — n. এলোমেলোভাবে মিপ্ৰাণ , A confused mixture Syn — Throw together, confound confuse, disorder.

Jumblingly, jumbling-li, ad. विन्धनकारन, in a confused manner

Jump, jump, v গ লক্-দে, উল্লেখন-ফু, লাকাইরা চলা, To leap, spring, bound —v গ লক্ষ দিরা অতিক্রম-ফু, লাবাইবা পার-হু, To skip over, pass over cagerly or hashiy —n লক, উল্লেখন, A bound, skip Syn — n) Skip, hop, vault, caper.

Jump from the frying pan into the fire
—এক বিপদ এডাটবা আন এব বিপদে পড়া, lo extricate one's self from an evil or a difficulty
by falling into a woise one

Jump to a conclusion—অনুসন্ধান না কৰিছা
নিৰ্ভাচ-কু, To infer hastily without investigation
or proof
[Agree with one's fancy.
Jump with one's fancy—মতে সন্মতি প্ৰদান কৰা,
Junction, jungkshun, n [L jungere, to join]
যোগ, সংখাগ, দিলন, L'inion, joining—সক্ষয়
সন্ধিকণ সন্ধিত্বান, Place or point of union Syn:
—Combination, coalition, connection, linking,
coup'ing juncture, place of meeting

Juncture, jungktur, n সকটকাৰ, সন্ধিকৰ, A critical time Syn — Joint, junction, conjuncture, crisis, emergency

June, তিতা, n ইংব'ল বঠ মাল, The sixth month. Jungle, jung gl, n [Sans. Jangala, desert] জরণা, জলা, Thicket of canes a=jungly Junior, job'ne-er, a [L junenis, young] কৰিষ্ঠ;

Junior, joo ne-er, a [L junents, young] কাৰণ্ড; Younger than another —n. অনুজ, ব্যংক্ৰিণ্ড লোক, One who is so, minor, one under age. ns—juniority, juniorship

Juniority, Juniorship, ল বরংকনিট্ডা, কনিটড়া, The state of being junior [ A shrubbery. Juniper, গেটালা-per, ল লড়া বিশেষ, জনা বিশেষ; Junk, jungk, ল চীনানলীয় পোড, Chinese vestal —কাতি, প্রাতন দ্বি Pieces of old cable:
—লবণাক্ত গোমাংস, ওক লবাক্তি মাংস, Salt beef; haid salted meat

Junket, jung ket n [L juncus, a rush] মিট্টার, বিঠাই, Sweet neat — ভপ্ত ভোল, A stolen entertra ment — চ ং কপ্ত ভোল খাওখা, To feast in secret — চ t ভোল বেওখা, To feast

Junta, junta n স্পোনদেশীয় মহাসভা, Spanish council — দশ্মিলিত সম'জ, A body of men united. Junto, junto n গুলাভা, দল, চক্রাভানী সম্বাজ, A cabil or faction. pl—juntos

Jupiter, jöb'pi-ter, ne রোধান্দের কেব্যাজ, The chief cod mong the Romans, the supreme god of the Romans— এই বিশেষ, বৃহস্তি এই, A planet, Juridical, jöö ridik-al, a [L jus. juris, law, and lico, to declare] বিচারালয়ে ব্যবহৃত, বিচারশতি সম্ভাষ, বিশারক স্ভাষ, Pertaining to a judge; used in courts of Justice ad=juridically.

Jurisconsul, 100-ris-końsul, n [L rus, juris, law, and consulo, to consult] ব্যবহারশালকুশল ব্যক্তি, আইন স্থাক প্রামণনাতা, A lawyer, who gives opinion on cases put to him, a Jurist.

Jurisdiction, joo-ris-dikshun, n. বিশিশত প্রতুষ্ণ বিচারালয়ের অধিকার; এলাকা; Legal authority; district of a court. a jurisdictional. Jurisprudence, joo-ris-proodens, n. [L. jus. juris, law, and prudentia, knowledge] ব্যবহার তত্ব; রাজবিধি বিজ্ঞান; আইন; Science of law.

Jurist, joo'rist, n. ( I.. jus, juris, law ] বাৰহাৰ-শাস্ত্ৰ ব্যক্তি; আইন বিবন্ধে অভিজ বৃদ্ধি: One who is versed in the science of law, especially the Roman or civil law; civilian. Syn:—Lawyer, civilian, jurisconsult, counsellor.

Juror, ico'rur, Juryman, ico'ri-man, n. fabiaid ficeilaio enioquea mason: One who serves on a lury.

dury, joo'ri, n. [L. furo, to swear] रिकादार्थ निर्धा-किंठ लाक्ष्म , A body of men judging a case.

Jurymast, n. আহাতেৰ ভগ্ন মান্তবেৰ খান প্ৰণাৰ্থ নিশ্বিত অহাত্তী ঘান্তৰ; A temporary mast erected in a ship to supply the place of one lost or destroyed.

Jury-rudder, দ. ভাষ্টেৰ অস্থা কৰ্, A temporary rudder instead of one lost.

Paok a Jury—কেনে ক্-ছভিসন্ধি সিন্ধির জল্প কাতত জন জুবিকে জন্তান্ধ কৰিছা একদল জুবি জোটান ; Bring together a body of jurors unfairly and fraudulently for the attainment of some unjust end Just, just, a. [L. justus, from jus, right, law] স্থাবনান ; সাধু, Upright; honest:—ক্তিক; নিম্মত, Exact, proper; regular:—বাৰ্মিক; সভ্যাবনান; ব্যক্তিক ; Righteous; true:—ad. ক্তিক; ক্তিকল্প. Accurately:—প্ৰাব; Almost; barely:—n. কৃত্তিম বৃদ্যুদ্ধ: A tilt. Syn:—(a) Lawful, right: true, correct; equitable, rightful, legal; accurate regular, complete, due, suntible, descrived, merited; good, virtuous, blameless, pure, honourable, importial.

Just as—দেই, বে দাঙ; Exactly at the moment that:—ত্তিক বেমন; Exactly in the manner that. Just as the twig is bent, the tree is inclind—মন্ত্ৰা বাল্যভালে বেমন পিকা পান, তেমনি ভাষার চরিত্র হয়; The character of the man is determined by the training he receives in childhood. Just no—এখন, At the present time:—এইমানে:
A moment ago.

Justice, justis, n. [L. justitia, from justus, just] স্থাপ্ৰতা; Impartiality:—সাধুতা; Integrity, honesty:—সাধ্ৰতার; কও; Retribution, punishment:—শিতাৰক; বিভাৱপতি; A judge; a magistrate. n=justiceship. Syn:—Equity, law, rectitude, impartiality, fairness, right, justness. Do justice—আইনামুখানী স্থান্য বিভার-কৃ; Administer justice according to the law.

Do justice to—টিক করিয়া বলা; To give credit if for one's deserts:—ভাল করিয়া আছার-কু; To eat

heartily:—বে স্ব্যাতির উপযুক্ত তাহার স্ব্যাতি-তৃ; Treat one justly:—Speak justly of one:—render to every one his due—give we the praise one merits.

In justice to—আপনাতে সমৰ্থন কৰিবাৰ কৰা; বে কোচ আয়োপিত হইয়াছে বা হইতে পাৱে তাহা হইতে মুক্ত কৰিবাৰ অভিপ্ৰাৱে; With a view to vindicate oneself.

Justiceship, justis-ship, त. विहानस्व पर वा गर्वाचा : The office or dignity of a justice.

Justiciar, jus-tishi-ar, Justiciary, jus-tishi-ari, n প্রধান বিচারপতি; প্রধান বিচারপ ; A chiefjustice Justifiable, juste-fi-a-bl, a. সমর্থনযোগা ; সমর্থনীয় . Defensible ; excusable , windicable n=justifiableness. ad=justifiably.

Justification, jus-te-fe-kā'shun, ল. ছল; জৰোৰ; Excuse:—দৌৰ হইতে মুক্তি; ৰোৰ পজন; Absolution: —অ স্থাক সমৰ্থন; Vindication. Syn: —Defence, exoneration, exculpation, remission of sin. Justificative, justi-fi-ka-tev, Justificatory,

Justificative, justi-fi-ka-tov, Justificatory,
justi-fi-ka-tor-i, a. স্মৰ্শক্ষ ; Having power to
justify.
Justifler, justi-fier, n. সম্পূৰ্কায়ী ; প্ৰসম্পূৰ্ক ; One

ubilier, justi-lier, n. সম্বনকারা ; পালস্বাবক ; One who defend: —পাপ হৈছে মুক্তকারা ; কামী ; Absolver. Justify, juste-fi, v. t. [L. justus, just, and facere, to make । ভাষা বলিৱা পলস্মধন-কু; ভাষসত এমাণ-কু, ঠিক প্রমাণ-দে, To vindicate; to prove on show to be just:—পাপ হইতে মুক্ত-কু; দোক্ষালন-কু; To free from sin by pardon; to absolve syn:—Defend, maintain, warrant, encuse, acquit, absolve.

Justly, justh, ad. স্থাবনজ্জনাল ; ব্যাব্যক্ষণে ; দাধুচাব স্থিত , টিক্সপে ; ব্যবান্ ব্লিয়া ; in a just manner , equitably ; uprightly ; accurately ; by right.

Justness, justnes, n স্থাৰপুৰতা; বাধাৰ্যা; উচিতা. Quality of being just Syn:—Justice, equity equitableness, right, fairness, exactness, accuracy, propriety, reasonableness.

Jut, jut, ৩. া. সন্থাৰের দিকে লম্বমান-হ; বহিঃপ্রক্তন্ত্ উল্লন্ড; To shoot forward; to project beyond the main body.

Jute, jout, n. পাট; কোটা; The fibre of an Indian plant, used in the manufacture of coarse bags, coarse carpets.

Jutty, n. A pier or mole ; jetty.

Juvenescent, juo-ven-cient, a. [L. juvenesce, to grow young] থোৰনপ্ৰাপ্ত; বালোচিত; ব্ৰবোচিত; Becoming young. n=juvenescence.

Juvenile, joo've-nil, a. [L. juvenilis, juvenis, young] পিৰবং ; বাল্কোডিড ; বাল্কোড ; Young ; puerile ; youthful; childish. n=juvenility (কৌনাবাৰত্ব) ; Youthfulness) ; juveniteness.
Juxtaposition, juks-ta-po-aishun, n. বৈৰ্চী ;

Jumtaposition, juks-ta-po-aisnum, m. বেৰ্চা;
নাৱিৰ; নাৱিৰা, নিৰটে স্থাপৰ বা ছিভি; Contiguity,
a placing or being placed in nearness or configuity.
Sym:—Proximity, close contact.

E. देश्वांकि वर्गयांनांत्र अकावन वर्ग वा सकत ; The 11th letter of the English alphabet. Kefir, kaf'ir, Keffir, Kaffie, n. [Ar. kafir, unbeliever] चाक्रिकाइ प्रकित-भूकारत्वत स्थितामी , One of the great Bantu race, occupying Africa Kail, Kale, kal, n. कनिनाक वित्नद , A cabbage. Kaiser, n. সমাট ; An emperor. Kaleidoscope, ka-li'de-skūp, n. [Gr kalos, beautiful, eidos, form, and skopeo, to see] [7 ব্যার বারা নানা রঙ দেখা বার; দৃষ্টিসভার বস্ত্র বিলোন: याहा मत्या स्वनः था रूप्पत वर्ष । मूर्ति पृष्ठे हत ; An optical instrument in which we see an endless variety of beautiful colours and forms. Kalendar, Kalenda, Same as calendar, [ native to North America. Calends. Kalmis, n. লতা বিশ্ব . An evergreen shrub. Kangaroo, kang-gar-নিট, n কেবাৰ , আইুলিয়াৰ পত बिट्नेब : An Australian herbivorous quadruped । Kedge, kej, n. 東京 中京京, A small anchor - ! v. t. काहाक कियान ; काहाक पूत्रान , Bring a vessels ! up or down a river, to warp, as a ship. Kodger, kejer, n. এক প্রকার ছোট বঙ্গর , A kedge Keel, kel, n. জাচাঞ্জ ; অবচ্চ-বিস্তৃত তপ পোত বিশেষ. Ship, flat bottomed barge --জাহাজের ভলা: Bottom of a ship:—et or 1. (बोकां ठानान; জাহাজ লইরা প্যনাপ্যন-কু, To plough with a keel to navigate --काशास्त्रत्र जनामम ऐर्क्षापक कितान, To turn keel upwards. Keelage, kel'3j, n वस्त्रक काशास्त्र ७६ , Dues for a keel or ship in port, ship tax Kooled, keld, a. জাহাজের তলাকার , কৃত্ত পৃষ্ঠ , Keelshaped; having a prominence on the back Keelhaul, kelhawl, v. : অবস্তন লোকের প্রতি নিগ্ৰহ-কু , To treat a subordinate in a galling manner. Keen, ken, a. তীক্ষ, তীক্ষার , ধারাল . Sharp — তীব , Severe; acrimonious :-- 可对; Eager:-- 同年 1 -- 同日本 1 . হৰবৃদ্ধি; ভীশবৃদ্ধি; Shrewd; penetrating n= keenness. ad = keenly. Syn -Acute; piercing; ardent, vehement, zealous, bitter, poignant, caustic, quick, shrewd, discerning. Keenness, kennes, n. তীক্তা ; Quality of being keen. Syn :- Eagerness, vehemence, sharpness, asperity, acuteness. Keep, kep, v. t. 可子; To take care of --वषा-इ ; To maintain :-- (कान व्यवश्वात त्रांशा : To

cause to remain in a given position, situation, or condition:—4134-7; To retain, to hold:—

রকা-ছ : To guard : to protect '—অভ্যাস-ক , To practise :—রকা-ক , to preserve —বধাবিধি পালম-ছ ;

Celebrate, solemonize . - उचावशान-क . To conduct.

manage :-- १. शंका ; अवश वित्यत थांका ; To remain, continue :-- नः नश्च हडेवा शंका , To adhere .

— হাহী-হ ; To last, to endure :— ল. বুকৰ ; Hold . - The dungeon of a castle, a stronghold s — সুগমধাস মৃদ্ আংশ ; The securest and strongest part of a castle n=keeper. Syn:--(v) Detain, cuntinue; reserve, withhold, restrain; fulfil, observe, obey, commemorate, honour; sustain, support, feed, tend, dwell, abide, stry. (n) Care, guardianship, custody, confinement, castle, donjon, maintenance, board, food, fodder [ maintain in operation. Keep a going-bieff; Continue going; to Keep a jealous eye on-স্পিশ্বছাৰে দেখা; To watch suspiciously. [ Watch carefully for. Keep a sharp look out for —বন্ধ করিয়া দেবী, Keep a stiff upper lip-ক্ৰমাগত একপ্ৰেমি প্ৰকাশ- To manifest persistent obstinacy. Keep a vigil—উৎনব করিরা রাত্তি কটোন: Spend the night in festivities. Keep alive—লাগকৰ রাধা , অকুর রাধা ; Keep unextinguished, keep in a state of action. Keep aloof-নিৰুত থাকা ; Refram from. Keep an eye upon—(प्रव) ; Watch. Keep at arm's longth—ৰূমে বাৰা; Keep at a distance. f a distance. Keep away-নিবৃত্ত থাকা ; Remain absent or at Keep back-- निवृत्त , Withhold ; refrain. Keep body and soul together—জীবিত থাকা विकिश थोका , Keep alive , keep from starving. Keep books-হিনাৰ রাধা, To record mercantile transactions. [ এড়ান , To avoid. Keep clear of-पुक-कृ, To keep free from :-Keep company with-न न न - म . Associate with ; to frequent the society of .-- विवाद है फूक-F. To give or receive attention with a view to marriage. Keep down-দমন করিবা রাধা: Prevent from rising, hold in subjection; restrain. Keep from—িব্যত্ত-ই , Abstain ; forbcar. Keep good or bad hours— मयद व विनदः শরন-কু, To retire early or late. Keep hold-वारा ; Retain. Keep house-Maintain a family estate:-শ্যাগেড-হ ; To be confined. Keep in-प्रान-क ; Conceal, restrain. Koep in check-- भगन-क ; Control. Koep in countenance—লব্জিত বা হইডে দেওৱা : To keep assured; to make one feel at ease. Keep late hours-অধিক রাত্রি জাগরণ-জ ; Be habitually late in retiring to rest at night. Keep off-पृत बाथा ; निवाबन-कृ ; पृत्व थोका ; Not to admit ; hinder , keep at a distance :-- निकार আনিতে মা দেওলা; Prevent from coming

upon one.

Keep on — অগ্ৰগর-ই; Go forward; to proceed, to continue to advance.

Reep on a stretch—বৰাসাধা একজনকে চেটা ক্রান; Make one exert one's power to the utmost.

Keep on terms—পরিচিত-হ ; Be familiar.

Keep on view—সমূধে রাধা ; No: to lose sight of. [bed through illness.

Keep one's bed—ব্যাশালী হ্লল; To remain in Keep one's footing—হান বকা-ক, Maintain one's position.

Keep one's head above water—মাধা তুলিবা থাকা; Keep oneself from sinking — ( দেনদাৰ না হুইয়া) বোগে বাগে প্ৰাণ্যকা-কু; Make both ends meet, avoid bankruptcy.

Reep one's own counsel—নিজের অভিপ্রাব পোপন-ক; To hold one's purpose &c, as a secret. Keep one's powder dry—প্রস্তুত হইমা থাকা: To take precautions, to be in readiness.

Keep one's word—প্রতিজ্ঞা পালন-স্কৃ; Keep one's promise. { one to be correct in conduct

Keep one straight—কাহাকে টিক রাধা ; Cause Keep open house—Have much company coming and going.

Keep out—বাহিনে রাধা, প্রবেশ কবিতে না দেওরা. Exclude; prevent from affecting one — দখল করিতে না দেওরা, Prevent from obtaining possession

Keep page with, Keep up with—পিছু পড়িয়া না বাৰ, নমান নমান যাওবা: To keep up with, go i hand in hand with, be proportionate to, not to be behind:—Go as fast as:—ক্ৰমন: উত্তিক্, To progress gradually.

Keep school—বিদ্যালয়ে শিকা-দে, To teach a school as a preceptor. [compaign

Keep the field— যুদ্ধ জাৰ না-কু; Continue the Keep the peace— পাৰি বলা-কু; To refigure from disturbing the order of society.

Keep the pot boiling—পরিবাবেৰ আহার বোগান. Keep the family supplied with provisions.

Keep the wolf from the door — অৱৰ ই নিৰাৱৰ-ক; Ward off starvation; keep out hunger or poverty; keep from starvation

Keep to — नाजिया थाका ; ना छाड़ा ; मक्र ना छाड़ा , जक्र-ब्रिट्स ना गंध्या , Adhere to ; confine oneself to.

Keep to oneself—প্ৰকাশ দা-কু, গোণন-কু, পেটার কথা পেটো রাথা, To refrain from telling others, to keep secret, not disclose to others.

Keep under- अवन-कृ ; Oppress ; subdue.

Keep up—সমান ভাবে চালান; বজায় রাখা, লমিয়া না যাওয়া; Maintain, preserve; uphold; remain unsubdued.—রাত্রি জালা বা জালাইয়া রাখা, Keep awake.—কমিতে না কেবরা; Prevent from falling:—শব্যাগত না হওরা; Not to be confined to bed.

Keep up one's spirit—নাংস বন্ধ ; To maintain one's courage and cheerfulness.

Keep up with—পিছু পঢ়িয়া বা ঘায়; Keep pace with one. [tive or vigilant. Koep watch—সতর্ক-ক: নাবধান-ক, To be atten-Keeper, kন্p'er, n. বুকক; পানক; One who keeps:—কারাগার-বুকক, Jailor. Syn — Defender, preserver, guardian, tutor, governor, custodian,

Keeper of the Great Seal, Lord Keeper— A high government officer.

Keeper of the Privy Seal, Lord Privy Seal-Keeper of the King's private Seal.

Keepership, kep'er-ship, n. রক্ষ বা তথাব্ধার্থের প্র : Office of a keeper.

Keeping, keping, n. বছ; রকা; Care:—হরের নিব; Harmony:—সমাসুপাত, Proportion. Syn:— Charge, goardianship, custody; maintenance, support; conformity, congruity, consistency.

Be in keeping with—মিল ধাকা; Be in harmony with; be in aggreement with; be consistent with; agreeing. [one's charge or custody. In one a keeping—কাহাৰত কেনার বা হাতে; In Keepsake, kep'sak, n. অবণাৰ্থপত্ত ক্যা; প্রাক্তনিকর্পন কর্প প্রসত্ত উপহার; Gift in token of remembrance—any thing given to be kept for the shake of the giver.

Keg, keg, n. কুড় গিলা; Small cask; small Kolp, kelp, n. কাৰ বিশেষ; Calcined ashes of sea-weed, an alkaline.

Kolpio, kolpy, kel'pi, n. অথাৰার কলিত অনপুত, An inaginary spirit of the waters in the form of a horse.

Kon, ken. v. i. জানা , দূর হইতে দেখিবা চিনিতে পারা ; Know; see and recognise at a distance:—n. গোচর , দৃষ্টি , জ্ঞানের দীমা ; View ; sight ; reach of knowledge or sight ; congnisance.

Kendal-green, kendal-gren, n. বন্ধ নিশেষ;
Green cloth made at Kendal in Westmoreland.
Kennel, kenel, n. [L. canis, a dog] কুৰ্বেষ
ন্স, A pack of hounds;—কুক্ৰাগাৱ; কুক্ৰণালা;
\ house for dogs.—শূপালাগির জনা: The hole of a
ir \ or other beasts:—নক্ষাপ মন হাল; A haunt:
প্যংপালী, The water-course of a street, a
suiter:—ফ. t. কুক্ৰণালাগ য়কিড-কু. To keep in a
.eunel—ক. i. কুক্ৰেড মন কান-ক; To lodge, lie,
liwell—as a dog or hog.

Kopt-Past tense & past participle of keep.

Korchief, ker'chif, n. [Fr. converir. to cover, nef, the head ] ক্ষাল, ভোৱালে. A square piece i cloth used by women to cover the head:—
্পুক্ৰিবৰ বিশেষ; Woman's head or neck dress.
Corn, Korne, kern, n. আন্তাতের প্ৰাতিক সৈত;
An hish foot-soldier.

Kornel, kernel, n. भना ; (बाना तो छुरवन मधानंड भना , A little grain or seed; anything including in a husk or shell :- - fin; Core; inside of a nutshell .-- ফলের বীজ , কেণী; The seed of a pulpy fount; - मशारान ; मशाकान , Nucleus , central part of anything. [ or resembling, kernels. Kornelly, kerhel-i, a. नीत्रवर ; नीत्रवर ; Full of Kerosine, Kerosene, ker'o-sen, n. [Gr. keros, wax] अक्शकांत पनिस्र टेडन ; टेडन विरम्य : A hydrocarbon illuminating oil distilled from petroleum. Kersey, ker'zi, n. वांडा अनमी कांशह ; A coarse woolen cloth. [twilled cloth of the finest wools Kerseymere, kér-zi-mér, #. ক্ল পদমী ব্য ; A Kestrel, kestrel, n. কুত্ৰ জাতীয় বালপকী; A small species of falcon.

Ketch, kech, n. বিষায়ন অবি বিশেষ; Heavy two j mast ship,—ৰস্থান; Hangman. Kettle, ketl, n 转肢; Iron pot with a spout... A pretty kettle of fish—A bad job.

Kettledrum, kell-drum. n. দামামা : ভেরী ; I.arge metal drum :—চাপামি-মপ্রদায় ; a tea-party.

Key, kē, n. কৃষ্ণিকা; চাবি; Instrument for opening a lock:—বাংগা; অৰ্ণুকক; What solves a difficulty; explanation:—বাংগ্ৰেম অনুষ্ঠানক আ ; Part of a musical instrument struck by the fingers. Syn:—Guide, explanation, solution; translation; tonic, key-note.

A key to—বাহাৰ ছাৱা কোন ভণ্ড বা কঠিন বিষয় জানা ঘাইতে পাৱে, Something that enables one to get an insight into (a secret or anything difficult).

In a key—কোনৰূপ প্ৰে, In a certain tone:—
গোনৰূপ স্বৰে গাওৱা; In a certain strain.

Power of the key-Power of excluding from or admitting into Paradise-claimed by the Pope in his character of St. Peter's successors

Keyhole, kt'hol, n. চাবির প্রবেশের ছিন্ত , চাবির ছিন্ত : A hole in a lock for a key.

Keynote, ke'nūt, n. প্রধান কর , ম্যোলিকগং , The fundamental note of a piece of music.

Keystone, kt ston, n বিলামের মধা প্রবর , সন্ধান প্রস্তর . The middle stone of an arch

Khan, khan, n. বা , শাসৰক্ষা Governor, lord, prince, n-khanate.

Khanato, khan-at, n খা সাহেবের মধিকার Territory of a khan, the dominion or jurisdiction of a khan [ The little of the ruler of Egypt Khedive, khediv, n মিলর দেশের শাসনকর্তার উপাধি, Kiek, kiek, v f. [ W ciciaw, from cic, foot ] পদাধাত-কু, To hit with the foot —v. i. স্কোবে 'দিক্লেপ-কু, সবলে পদ্শোক্ত্ কুন তার প্রকাশ-কু, Mannfeet opposition —n, আধি, পদাধাত, A blow with the foot. Syn:—Calcitrate, spurn, retelections, result, result, result, and considered 
Kick out--(तम्बन-कृ , Eject.

Kick the beam— ওজনে কম হইবা উপরে উঠা, লগ্যু-তর বলিবা গ্ৰ্যু-ছ; To rise as the lighter scale of a balance does—hence, to be found wanting in weight; to have less comparative value.

Rick the bucket -4st , To die.

Kick up, n. (ξΨής ; Λ riot

Kick up a dust—গোলনাল কু; আকি কিংকৰ তৰ্ক বিতৰ্ক-কু; To make a bustle or ado, to make a fuss, carry on a valueless or uscless di cussion Kickshaw, kikshaw, n. কৌতুকজনক ভোজন পাত্ৰ; অনুত বস্তু, Something fantastical, a fainty dish Kid, kid, n. ছাগ্ৰহণ, ছাগ্ৰহানা; Young of a goat:—ছাগ্ৰাবকের চৰ্মা, ছাগ্ৰাবকের দ্বানা, Leather, made of kid skin, a glove of kid leather — v f. or i. ছাগ্ৰাব প্ৰাৰ-কু; To bring forth a kid.

[small kid.

Kidling, kid'ling, n. ছাগশাৰক: ছাগশিও; A Kidnap, kidnap, v t. [Eng kid, child, and nap, to seize] সমুধ্য হরণ-ক; Steal children or men. n=kidnapper (চোৰ) Syn:—Abduct, steal away, run away with.

Ridney, kidni, n. মুত্রমন্তি: One of two flattened glands on either side of the loins, which secretes the urine.

Kidneybean, \*\*. নিৰ; A sort of bean shaped like a kidney.

Kilderkin, kilder-kin, n. কুম নিগা; পৰিমাণ বিশেষ ; Small barrel ; 18 gallons.

Kill, kil, v t. [O. Eng. quellen, A. S. cwelian, to torment] 호텔-후, 작-후; Slay; to put to death. n=killer Syn:—Murder, assassinate, butcher, destroy, slay, slaughter; quell, calm, still.

Kill off—辆:甲-季, Exterpate.

Kill time – দসর বাপন-কৃ; কাশ্বাপন-কৃ; To busy oneself with something, which occupies the attention, so as to make the time pass pleasantly or without tediousness.

Kill two birds with one stone—এক উদানে ছুই কাৰ্য্য-কু; এক ডিলে ছুই পাথী যাৱা; To accomplish two objects at the same time or by one effort.

Kiln, kil, 22 পোষাৰ বা ভাটা; চুক্লী: পাজা, A large furnace or oven for calcining, vitrifying, burning or drying anything:—ইটের পাজা, A pile of brick for burning or hardening.

Kilndry, kıl-dri, ৩ t. পাঁলাতে ওছ-কু, পোঁলাৰ বা ভাটতে ওছ-কু, To dry in a kiln.

Kilogram, kilo-gram, Kilogramma, n. পরিনাণ বিশেষ, করাসী গুজন পরিনাণ বিশেষ; A measure of weight—1000 grams=2,67951 pounds troy or 2,20485, pounds avoirdupois.

Kilometre, kilo-mē-ti, n. করানী দৈর্ঘ পরিনাগ বিশেষ, French measure of length being 1000 metres or nearly & of a mile.

Kilt, kilt, n. পান্তামা বিশেষ ; পৰিচছদ বিশেষ ; Highlander's petucoat.

Kimbo, a 33 . Crooked , arched ; bent.

Kin, kin, n [A. S cyn, G. genes, birth] গৌৱ;
কুইব, জাতি, Relations; relatives:—সমন ; কুইবম;
গোটাই, Relationship, afflinity—a একজাতীয়; Of
the same nature or kind, akin Syn:—Consanguinity, kindered relation, kinsfolk, connection.
Kith and kin—কুইব, Relations and kinsfolk.

Kith and kin to—काडी लाडी, Related to;

Of kin—Allied, related by birth or marriage. Kind, kind, n. বংশ, জাতি, Race, genus:—
প্রকাব, প্রবালী, Sort, manner:—বভাব, প্রকৃতি;
Nature —a. দুলালু, সদ্ব, সমবেদনাযুক্ত, Benevolent;
mild, gentle n=kindness (দুলা, সেই) + Syn:—
(n) Family, breed, species, set, class, quality, character, style. (a) Obliging, congenial, sympathetic, benign, bounteous, beneficent, gracious, propitious, generous, indulgent, tender, humane, compassionate, good, lenient, clement, bland, friendly, amicable, affectionate, loving.
In kind—টাকার পরিবর্তে কোন করা দিলা; In pro-

In kind—টাকার পরিবর্ধে কোন দ্রব্য দিরা; In produce or some kind of commodity and not in money —টাকার নহে. Not in money:—বে কটিার নাপ নেই কটিাব শোধ, Like for like, in similar way. Kindergarden, n. A school for young children, where play is combined with study and especial attention is paid to object teaching.

Kind-hearted, a. नगरक्ष्य ; नतान् ; Having kindness of nature, sympathetic.

Kindle, kindl. v. t অগ্নিসংযুক্ত-কৃ; আঞ্চ-দে; প্রজ্ব-লিত কৃ, Set on fire; to light:—উত্তেলিত-কৃ: डिजिन-म : To provoke ; to inflame, as the passions; তে: আৰু লাগা; অগ্নিস্লেল্ল-ছ; To take fire:--উৰ্বেজিড-ছ; To be roused; to grow warm or animated. Syn :- Light, ignite, rouse, excite, stimulate, fire, enrage, exasperate; be excited, grow warm.

Kindliness, kindle-nes. अ. त्रवाता ; Quality of being kindly. Syn:-Benignity, benevolence, gentleness, affection, amiability, compassion, sympathy.

Kindly, kind'le, a. शश्रीवर ; Natural -- यहां डि ; काजीत ; Kindred ;--- नगत ; अनुबह्नृक्षक : Benevolent. n=kindness; kindliness. Syn:-Sympathetic, congenial; gracious, favourable, mild, gentle.

Kindness, kindness, n. গরা ; অপুকল্যা ; Benovolence; good will; generosity. Syn:-Grace, compassion, humanity, indulgence, clemency, mildness, gentleness, goodness, generosity, affection, tenderness, amiability, fellow-feeling, good will, benevolence, hospitality.

Kindred, kindred, n. গোষ্ঠা; কুট্ৰ জাতি; Relatives :-- कांडि छाव ; Relationship :-- शतिवाबवर्ग ; Families :-- व बाठीय : Related :-- এकबाडीय ; Con genial. Syn :- (n) Consanguinity, affinity, relations, kinsfolk, kinsmen.

Rine, kin, n. গোসমুচ , p?. of cow.

Kinematics, n. [Gr kineo, to move ] 13% পতিবিজ্ঞান; The science of pure motion without reference to force. a=kinematical.

Kinotics-গতি ও তংকারণ বিজ্ঞান : The science of motion viewed with reverence to its causes. n= kinetical.

King, king, n. sist; Monarch, sovereign:-ভাষের সাংহৰ · A card having the picture of a king :-- দাবাপেলার বাদা; The most important piece in chess :- v. t नामा त्यात्रान , To supply with a king; make royal. fem=queen. Syn:-Supreme ruler, chief, head.

King of beast-河下, Lion.

King of metals-वर्ग, Gold King of terrors-मृङ्ग : Death.

King of the forest-The oak.

The king can do no wrong-A sovereign is not responsible for the acts of his minister

Kingerab, n. कर्कें विश्व ; The largest of the crab genus.

Kingeraft, king'hraft, n भागन(को नव ; भागनमीडि ; Craft of kings; the act of governing.

Kingcup, n. উদ্ভিদ विद्याव ; The buttercup or unright meadow crowfoot.

Kingdom, king'dum, n. ब्रांकक : बाका : बाहे . The territory of a king '- শ্ৰেণীবিভাগ; Division : Government :- व्यत्मन ; नामनाधीन व्यत्मन ; Region. Syn: -- Sovereignty, supremacy, rule, monarchy, reign, dynasty; realm, empire, state, nation; region, territory, domain; division, King-fisher, king'fish-er, n. यद्शावक ; नाइ রাহা; A bird; the haleyon.

King-killer, n. atmant; Regicide.

Kinglet, king let, n. 東東東南 ; A little or pretty king :-- नावी विष्त्र ; The golden-crested wren.

Kingly, king'le, a. যালকীয় ; রাজেটিভ ; বহান ; Royal; noble :- adv. state we; With an air of royalty. n=kingliness. Syn:-Regal, monarchical, sovereign, imperial; splendid, august, majestic, magnificent.

King's bench, king bensh, m. dein festates ; High court of law; the highest court of common law in England :- পেওয়ানি তেল ; Debtor's prison. King's English-[49% ইংরাজি ভাষা : Correct or current language of good speakers; pure English.

King's-evidence, त. त्वान चनदात्वत नाहावा-কারীকে সাক্ষী খুলে গ্রহণ ; রাজসাক্ষী ; An accomplice accepted as witness; a criminal allowed to become a witness against an accomplice.

King's-evil, kingt-E'vl. n. none; Scrofula. King-ship, n. রাজার প্র; State, office or dignity of a king, royalty.

Kinsfolk, kinflok, n. कृत्य; आठिवर्त ; People related to one another; relations; kindred, relatives, kinsmen.

Kinsman, kinzman, n. sifs ; por, Cousin ; relative, relation fem=kinswoman.

Kinswoman, n. Biffes 3 . A female relation. Kipper, kip'er, n. लोगे एक मरमा ; Dried and salted salmon: -v. t. ( मरनाानि ) एक नवनाक করিয়া রাখা, To cure or preserve, as a salmon. Kirk, kerk, n. कड़ेल अब निक्का; উপामना-मिनद.

Church in Scotland.

Kirtle, kei'll, n. পाकामा ; शायता ; वहि:भवित्रक विद्नात ; Outer petti-coat , gown , short jacket ; mantle, cloak.

Kiss, kis, v. 1 万年一事; Salute with the lips :-ত t. চুথন-কু, আদর-কু; Salute by touching with the lips, to treat with fondness :- n. 544. Kisses. defcated.

Kiss the ground-অবনত-ছ; Be humbled or Kit, kit, n [D. kil, a large bottle] विडाननावक ; Kitten - বহ বোডল, ভোট টৰ; Large bottle. a small tub .- কুল বেহালা; A small fiddle; a small violin :-- अक-शांज : Milk pail :-- महन पढ : Churn :- A small fish tube :- छेशकान ; Outfit : -- रेमरक्चन निर्देशिका ; Soldier-knap sack :--টাকাক'ড; Property and connections, Syn :-Kid, tub, pail; knapsack; outfit, equipment. Kit cat club-A club formed in 1688 by the

leading whigs of the day.

Kitchen, kichen, n 京新平村町, Cooking place: -- রন্ধনপাত্র; পাকপাত্র বিশেষ; Cooking utensil.

Kitchen-garden, kichen-gar'den, n. MIGT वाशान ; जतकात्री वाशान ; Garden for vegetable.

Kitchen-maid, kich'en-mad, अ. वसन्यानाव मात्री বা পরিচারিকা; Kitchen helper.

Kite, kit, n. fee; A rapacious bird of the hawk ; kind :-- 東际 ; Boy's play thing for flying - नृक वाकि: वर्षम् लोक: A rapacious man: - v. t. वृद्धि कहान: To fly a kite: - वर्ष সংগ্রহ-কু; To raise money or sustain one's credit by the use of fictitious mercantile paper.

Kitten, kirn, n. বিভাবেশ ছালা; বিভাবলিও ; A young cat :-- ए. र. विद्धारमंत्र मावक समय-कृ To bring forth young as a cat,

Kieptomania, n. [Gr. klepto, to steal, and mania, madness] অপ্তাৰ পাৰ্থি ; বোৰ বিশেষ, A mania for stealing a morbid impulse to secrete things

Knab, nab, v f. रष्ट दोदा (दा), दा।, To seize with the teath, to lay hold of. Syn.—Bite, nibble, catch, seize, apprihend

Knack, nak, n [Ger knacken, to break] বৌৰল, বৈপুৰা, চাতুৰা, গৰুতা, Dexterity, a nice trick —বেলনা, ক্ৰাড়নক, Toy Syn.—Plaything, gimerack, bauble, trick, feat,

Knacker, naker, n A naker of toys &c —বে ৰাজি বৃহ বোড়া নারিয়া বৃহ্বের বাদ্যার্থ ভাহার নাংস বিজয় করে, A dealer in old horses and dog's meat

Knag, nag, n. কাটের গ্রন্থি, Knot in wood, peg Knaggy, nag'i, a গাইটবিশিষ্ট, গ্রন্থিল, অসমান বন্ধা, Knotty, rugged

বৰুৱ, Knotty, rugged Knap, nap, n পাইট, A protuberance, knob or button —v t সপৰে আখাত বা জল-ক, To snap or break with a snapping noise

Knapsack, nap'sak, n পৃথিক ও দৈক্তগিলের ব্যাচকা Soldiers partmanteau carried on the back a case for food &c, borne by soldiers and travellers—খাদাস্থালী, A provision sack

Knave, niv n [A S cnapa, a young min, a toguc] কুবাটোর, প্রভাবক ক্ষমাধু, ধুবাকা Roque will un — ভাগের গোলাম A playing card marked with the figures of a servant so dier a=knavish. Syn — A rascal cheat, deceiful fellow, Jack Knavory, naver e, n শঠতা, ক্ষমাধ্যা, Dis

honesty, petty villainy, trickery, friid
Knavish, nivish, a প্ৰক্ৰ, ধুৰ্ব, আনাধু Frau
dulent, villainous, like a knave ai =
knivishly Syn —Dishonest, tricky roguish
Knoad, ned v f মধ্যা ধাৰা ও ঠানা, Work flour
into dough n=kneader

Kneading-trough, neding trul, अ. व्यवस्थ (कटें), A trough for kneading

Knee, nc. n 有可, 制度, 有限方面, The joint of the jeg with the thigh

Fall on ones knees, Go down on ones knees, Bow ones knee to —ইটিলেটে ব্লা, kneel down (generally, to beg some intour)
—ৰত হওৱা, Submit to

Knee cap, a হাট্ৰ চাকি, Kneepan. Knee-crooking, a. ৰীট, Obsequious

Kneed, a আমুবিশিষ্ট, Having knees. [move on Broken kneed, a. নড়িতে অশক্ত, Unable to Knee-deep, a. নামু পৰ্যায় পভীর, As deep as the knees [ upwards to the knees

Knee high — ৰাত্ত পৰ্যন্ত উচ্চ , Rising or reaching Kneel, লভা, ত ঃ ইাটু সাড়িয়া উপৰিৱ হ , ৰাত্ত পাতিয়া বৃদ্ধ , Bend the knee , rest on the knee

Kneepan, n হাটুৰ চাকি, Round bone in the knee.
Knee-tribute, n কাছ পাতিয়া নমকাৰ, সাইকে
অনিপাতপ্ৰতি পূলা, Obersance with the knee,
adoration or reverence shown by prostration of
bending the knee

Knew, nt. Past tense of know

Knickerbookers, n pl ভাতু পৰ্যন্ত চিন্দু ভাষা, Loose trousers gathered in at the knee, trousers ending at the knee, worn by sportsmen, young boys

Knick-knack, nik'-nak, n (बलान) , नावांक छवा , बोड़नक A trific or toy , gew gaw.

Knife, nif, n ছুনিকা, ছুনী, ক্রাণকা, ছোরা; A cutting instrument having a blade with a sharp edge and handdle

Knife edge, n তুলাৰভাদির অবলঘন তীক্ষার ইশাভ বৰ, A sharp piece of steel like a knife's edg serving as the axis of a calance, &c.

Knife-grinder, ম বে ছার শন দের, One who sharpens knives [for sharpening knives Knife-sharpener, ম ছবি শন দিবার বন্ধ Tool Knight, nit ম ভূত্য, An attendant, a follower—জবাদাহী দৈয়, Soldier on horse back —জবা বাহী ভন্তলাক, Centicmen serving on horse-back —উপাধি বিশেষ, A title of nobility above esquire—বোদ্ধা, সন্ত্ৰ পুৰুব, মল্ল, A chai ipio 1, a man at-arms—বোচক দানা বেলার বেলার বিদ্যা ক horse she id — ম নেইট্ উপাধি পৃথিত বু নাইট্ বু.

To create a knight. a=knightly (pertaining or becoming a linght) ad=knightly

Knight of the blade—ব্ৰাচ্ছিৰ ৰোক, Bullies Knight of the carper—Same as calputkinghts [thecary or Din gist

Knight of the Pestle—ইব্ৰ-প্ৰস্তুতকারী, Apo-Knight of the Post—A man in the pill ry Knight of the Road—দল্য, A highway man Knight of the Shire—ই-লব্ৰে প্ৰদৰ্শবিশ্লনে ভ্ৰম্ভ মহাসভাৱ সভা লা প্ৰতিনিধি, In England, a member of parliament for a county

Knights of the whip—খৰট চাৰ্ক, Coachmen Knight bachelors—Person who are simply I nights but belong to no order

Knights Bannerets-Knights created on the field of battle

Knight-errant, nit-er'ant, n अग्वाकारी दोत्र. विश्वकारी दोत्र, A wandering knight neeknighterrantry [ing knight.

Knight-errantry, n Practice of a wander-Knighthood, nithood, n নাইট সম্মাণ , নাইট-্মানু, The order or fraternity of knights

Knight-marshal, n ই'লভের রাজপরিবারের কর্ম-চারী, An officer of the British 103 al household Knight-service, n নাইটের ভূমিবৃত্তি, A tenure by a knight on condition of military service

Enit, nit t t বরন-কৃ, গ্রন্থিতে পরিণত কৃ, নেলাই কৃ,

To form into a knot or into knots, to tie —
সংযুক্ত কৃ, Unite closely — আক্ষিত-কৃ, বৃদ্ধিত-কৃ,
Contract — গ ব্যব-কৃ, নেলাই-কৃ, এক্ত নাংলাই-কৃ,
To interweate with needles, to grow together,
\*\*\* — knitter. Syn — Fasten, interloop, connect.

Knit the brows— আক্ষিত কৃ, Contract the
brow into wrinkles.

Knitting, niling, n. সেলাই, বরন, The work of a knitter:—নিম্মিলন, Union; junction.

Knives—pl. of knife. Knoh, nob, n. गोर्डें , कीडि , बाव , वर्डन , Boss ; protuberance. a=knobbed. Syn:—Bunch, hunch, stud. [ ness. Knobby, nob'i, s. প্রস্থিপ, Knotty. n=knobbi-Knock, nok. v. i. আবাড-কৃ; খুবি মারা; খারে আবাড-কৃ; To strike against; to strike a blow; to rap:—v. t. আবাড-কৃ; বাকা মারা; To strike; to drive against .—n. আবাড; ধাকা; খারে আবাড; A stroke with something heavy; a rap. Syn:—Clap, smite, hit, thurnp, slap.

Knock about— বুৰে বুরে বেড়ান; Wander about ( without any definite aim ).

Knock at the door or gate—দরকার ঘা মারা,
Beat at a door for admittance:—সহাযতা প্রার্থনা-কৃ;
Apply for help:—দ্বাহে উপন্তিত; Be so very near.
Knock down—আঘাত করিরা তুতলনারী-কৃ, নট-কৃ;
Strike down; prostrate by blows; fell:—As-

sign to a bidder by a blow or knock :—n. ঘাই।
আখাত ক্রিতে স্ক্র, What is strong enough to knock down.

Knock-down argument—यर्थ पृत्ति ; An overpowering, unanswerable argument.

Knock in (or on) the head—ৰবংক আঘাত করিবা সংহাৰ-কু; Kill by a blow on the head:— নষ্ট-কু, Destory —ৰাৰ্থ-কু; To frustrate.

Knook off —আখাত খারা জালিখা ফেলা; বিরত-হ; Force off by beating; stop; to leave off.

Brock on the head—মাধাৰ আঘাত কবিলা সংহাৰ করা, Kill by a blow on the head:—একেবাৰে নই করা; Destroy completely:—সম্পূৰ্ণকপে বাৰী কৰা; Entirely frustrate.

Knock out—আগত বারা বাহির করিয়া কেলা; Dash out; force out of the socket by blows.

Knock under—ৰ্পাক্ত-ৰ; To yield; to submit. Knock up—অবসত্ত ; ক্ষম্ক ক; Fatigue, fatigue so as to render one unable to do more:— আগরিত-ক; To awaken by knocking.

Knocker, nokér, n. बारतत कड़ा ; आयांच कड बात-সংবাহ कड़ा ; The hammer of a door.

Knock-kneed, a. ব্যৱায়; ছৰ্বা; Having knees that knock or touch in walking; weak.

Knoll, nol, ন. কুল পাহাড ; গিনিশুল ; A hillock, a small elevation of earth ; the top of a hill.-

Knop, nop, n. अति ; यूक्त ; A knob ; a bud.

Knot, not, n. এছি; গাঁইট, Complication of a cord; tie —সংযোগ; বছন; A bond of union:— বিপুল; A difficulty:—সমন্ত ; ৰছন; A cluster; circle:—সাইট; Protuberance as of a bough in wood:—অসম প্ৰা; A wading bird:—ক্ষাড্ৰুপ; Epaulet;—v. গ. গাঁইট-ড়; এছিবছা-ড়; সংযুক্ত-ড়; কুলবছা-ড়; To form a knot; to unite closely:—v. গ. গাঁইট বাবা, এছি-ড়; To form knots or joints Knot-grass, n. বাব্ডুপ; প্ৰ ; বাবড়া গাছ; A common weed, so called from the joints of its stem. Knotty, noti, a. এছিল; বিৱামল; Full of knots:—আইল; বছুল; ক্টিল; Intricate; difficult, neknottiness.

Knotty point—কটিন বিষয়; A point or subject which is difficult or intricate.

Knout, nowt, n. সনিয়ায় প্রচলিত কলা; A kind of Know, no, v. t. জানা; জানিতে পায়া; To be informed of; to be acquainted with — জাভ্য-তঃ, চিনিতে পায়া; আনুমোদন-কু; To be acquainted with;

to recognise, to approve:—শ্বীসহ্বাস-ফু; To have sexual intercourse:—খ. i. জাড-ফু; To have knowledge, take cognisance. n=knowableness. Be known to—কাহাৰও বিদিত-ফু; কাহাৰও পাৰ্চিত-ফু; Be acquainted with; be familiar to onc.

Know of—কোন ব্যক্তি বা পদাৰ্থের বিষয় জানা; Have knowledge of. [ to be.

Know one for — অমুক বলিয়া জানা; Know one Know one's mind — অহিবতিত্ব না-হ, To be decided and positive in character; not to be a resolute and wavering.

Know on which side one's bread is buttered—আপনাৰ হবিধা বুঝা; To understand what is for one's interest.

Know what one is about—বিবেচনাপুৰ্বক কান্ত্য-ক ; To act with understanding and judgmet.

Know what's is what—विष्कृत-इ, To be wise, shrewd.

Make known to—প্ৰকাশ-কু; Disclose:—জাত-কু, কাহাকে জাপিত করা বা কানাম; Inform; tell or proclaim to.

Knowable, a (अव: Capable of being known. Knowing, no'ing, a. प्ड: युक्सिन: Cunning: intelligent:—कांड. Conscious ad=knowingly. Syn:—Learned, instructed, skilful, competent qualified; shrewd, astute, discerning, acute.

Knowledge, nolej, n. জান; State of knowing:—বিদ্যা; Learning:—কৌশল, কাধ্যনৈপুণা; Skill; practical skill:—সংবাদ; Information, notice. Syn:—Apprehension, comprehension.

Knowledge is power—জানই বৃদ ; One who knows much has much influence.

Knuckle, nukl, ন. অসুনিসন্ধি; অসুনিপ্রত্থি; Finger joint:—গোবং ও শ্কর শাবকের আত্মন্ধি; The knee-joint of a calf or pig:—৩.১. অসুনি নত-কৃ; To bend the fingers:—বনীভূত-কৃ, বক্ততা বা প্রাজ্ঞ বীকার-কৃ, To yield:—৮ ৫. গাঁটা বারা; To bend or strike with the knuckle.

Knur, Knurr, Knurl, n. বাৰি; A contorted knot in wood, nodule; protuberane:—বিট্ৰিটে বোৰ; A cross grained fellow.

Knurly, nurie, a. affan; Full of knots. Syn:
--Knotty, gnarled, knaggy.

Kobold, kö-bold, n. Same as Goblin.

Kopeck, ko'pek, त. क्वीत कांत्र तूना वित्तव ; A Russian com worth about two-third of a cent ; \$d.

Koran, koʻran, n. [Ar. quran, reading] খোদাদ; মুনলমান শাৰ্মায়; Mahommedan book of faith.

Roumiss, n. A fermented or distilled intoxicating liquor made from mare's or camel's milk. Krakon, kra'ken, n. क्षिष्ठ वृष्णाकात्र जायूक्तिक कीय ; A fabled sea-animal of enormous size.

Kreatin, Kreese-See Creatin, crease.

Kyanise, ki'an-iz, ত. t. কাঠের পচন নিবারণ-ক ; To preserve wood from decay by subjecting it to a solution of corrosive sublimate.

Kyrie, kir'i-ë, n. [Gr. kyrios, God ] देवत ; O l.ord:—प्रिकारनेत क्षयन कथा ; The first word of all masses.

Kythe, kith, क.ई. वाहांब-क् ; To declare :--- , . हेन । इंड-इ , (नवा-वा ; To appear ; to shew one s self. L-ऐ:बांकि वर्गाणांव पांच वर्ग वक्त ; The 12th letter of the English alphabet.

La, la, inter. দেব ; দেব ; Look ; see ; behold. Labarum, laba-rum. n. লোবার স্বণ-পতাকা বিশেব ;

A Roman military standard.

Label, lábel, n. চিন্তুট; চিকিট; Narrow slip for writing a name:—উইলেন ফোডণান; A paper annexed to a will, as a codicil:—v. t. চিন্তুট দে; চিকিট নাবা; To affix a label to.

Labellum, la-belum, s. [L. labium, a lip]

Labial, la'bi-al, a. [L. labium, a lip] 時刊 司 : Pertaining or belonging to the lips:—昭訂; Uttered principally with the lips:—n. 明刊: A letter pronounced with the lips. ad—labially. Labiodental, a. 可能打; Pronounced by the co-operation of the lips and teeth.

Laboratory, n. [L. labor, work] রুসায়নবিং পরি-তের কারধানা; বৈজ্ঞানিক পরীকার হান; বুজ্জোপকরণ-নির্দাণপালা; কারধানা, Chemist's work shop, pharmacy; a chemist's work-room; a place where scientific experiments are carried on; a place for the manufacture of arms and war-material; a place where any things is prepared for use. Laborious, la-bū're-us, n. [L. labor, work] ভাষমাধ্য, Requiring labour:—পরিক্রমা; Industrious:—ক্রানির্জ; Devoted to labour:—রানির্জ; Toilsome; wearisome. ad=laborious-ness. laboriously. Syn:—Tiresome, arduous, onerous, tatiguing, difficult, diligent, assiduous, indetaugable.

Labour, láber, n. প্রিএম ; শ্রম ; উন্থাম ; Toil, exertion —শ্রমকর কর্ম , শ্রমসাধ্য কর্ম ; Drudgery : —প্রমন্ত বেরনা , Travail ; the pangs of child-birth : —ক্ষে ; Pains :—ক্রব্য ; Duty : —০ t. প্রিশ্রম-কু ; কাজ কু ; To toil, to work :—ক্র প্রীকার-কু ; To take pains :—প্রমন্ত বেরনা পাওবা , To be in travail :—

v. t. উন্থাম মহকারে সম্পার-কু ; To work at ; to finish or prosecute with effort :—বীবে কীবে চলা ; To move slowly. Syn :—(n.) Effort, industry, pains, painstaking ; work, task, undertaking, travail, parturition, childbirth. (v.) Strive, e ' wour, drudge ; be afflicted, suffer ; travail, be in labour ; pitch, roll heavily.

A division of labour—শ্ৰমবিভাগ; Division of work among several persons, each having some particular portion.

A labour of love—খুনির নওদা ; বাহা সক্ করিছা করা বায় ; A work undertaken spontaneously without expectation of reward.

In labour -- MAR (494 (48; Undergoing the pangs of child-birth,

Labour of love ব্যাধ ব্যন্ত কার্য ; Service performed from affection or fondness and not for pay or profit.

Labour pains—अमर (वनना ।

Labour under—কেণ ভোগ-কৃ; Suffer:—কোনৰণ অপ্ৰিথাৰ কাৰ্য্য-কৃ; Do one's work under hard or grievous conditions.

Laboured, ill'burd, a. আৰু খাৰা স্পাধিত ; কটকুত ; Bearing marks of constraint or effort in execution or style.

Labourer, labur-er, n. बक्ब ; श्राकी व ; Work-Labouring oar, n. The oar which requires the most strength or exertion or on which most depends.

Laburnum, n. আন পর্কতের পুপর্ক বিশেষ : A small tree with beautiful yellow flowers, a native of the Alps.

Labyrinth, labe-rinth, n. পোলৰ বাঁৰা; বিষয় সম্পা; A maze; a place full of inextricable windings:—কৰ্বাভাৱন ছিন্ত; The cavities of the internal ear. Syn:—Entanglement, intricacy, perplexity.

Labyrinthian, lab-e-rinth'e-an, Labyrinthine, lab-i-rinthin, a. পে-বিশিষ্ট; Winding:
—কটল; Intricate:—ব্দ্বিসংশকারী; Perplexing.
Syn:—Mazy, confused, winding.

Labyrinthiform, a. পোলকবাধীৰ আকারবিশিষ্ট ; ৰটল; Having the form of a labyrinth; intricate. Lac, lak, n. লক: 100,000 rupees — শাৰা; লাকা; A gum; a resinous substance.

Lace, las, n. আরি ; জিতা ; Ornamental fabric of thin linen or cotton thread:—v t. জরির কিতা লাগাল; জরি লাগাল; To fasten with a lace, to adorn with a lace. Syn:—(v) Tie, attach; deck with lace, fringe; beat, lash.

Lacerable, a. (ল্পা; Capable of being lacerated.
Lacerate, lacerate, v. t [ L. lacero, to tear ]
বিশী-কু; ভিন-কু, ভিন-কু; To tear; to rend; to
wound. n=Laceration (বিশারণ; The rent or
breach made by tearing.) Syn:—Sever, mangle;
wound, afflict.

Laceration, laser-a'shun, n. বিদাৰণ; ছেচল; কাটা; প্ৰেদ : The rent or breach made by tearing. Lacerative, laser-a-tiv, a. বিদাৰণক্ষ; তেচনক্ষ, ডেনক্ষ, ডেনক্ষ, প্ৰেদক্ষ : Having power to tear. [gence. Lache, Laches, n. pl. আনাব্যানতা : Negli-Lachrymal, lakri-mal, a. [L. lachryma, a tear] a. অঞ্চ-নিমারক; অঞ্চবাহী; Secreting or conveying tears.

Lachrymary, iskri-mar-i, a. 利率; Containing tears.

Lachrymation, n. 4241; Sheedding tears.

Lachrymatory, n. প্ৰকালে মৃতের সহিত সমাহিত অঞ্জিম্পূৰ্ল পাত ; A vessel anciently interred with a deceased persons, symbolising the tears shed for his loss.

Lachrymose, lakri-mos, a. অসপূৰ্ব ; অসম্ভাৰক ; সাক্ষ ; Full of tears ; generating or shedding tears. ad-lachrymosely.

Lacing, n. বৰ্ণনাৰ ; A cord used in fastening. Lack, lak, n. [Sw. lacka, to fail] অভাব ; হীৰতা ; Want; destitution:—v. t. and v. i. অভাব-হ; অভাবনহ; To be in want. Syn:—(v) Want, be deficient, be poor in; be wanting; fail.

Lack-a-daisical, lak-a-dázi-kal, a. ভাৰুক; ভাৰণবাৰণ; Affectedly pen-ive; sentimental.

Lack-a-day, lak-a-dd, int হাব; Alas ' the day. Lack-all—বাহার এক কপদ্দিও নাই; One who has nothing. [ understanding

Lacke-Drain, n. নিকোষ; Fool; one deficient in Lacker, Lacquer, laker, n. বাৰিশ; Varnish for metals:—মিধ্যা আহ্বর; False show:—v. t বাৰিশ-কু; To varnish. n=lacquerer.

Lackey, lake, n. নাম; নামান্ত ভ্রা; পরিচারক; A menial servani; a servile attendant — v. t and v i. ভ্রোর ছার নেবা-কৃ, পরিচারা-কৃ; To pay servile attendance. Syn:—(n) A footman, eriand-boy, footboy.

Lack-lustra, a. উজ্জাতাবিহীন, Wanting bright-Laconic, la-kohik, Laconical, la-kohik-al, a. [Gr. Laken, a Laconian] লগু. নাজের, Buef; concise; puthy:—n সাক্ষিপ্ত বচন; A concise, sententious method of speaking. ad=laconically. Syn:—(a) Short, sententious, terse, curt.

Laconism, lakon-izm. Laconioism, lakonisizm, n. সংকিপ্ত বাকা; সংকিপ্ত ভাষা: A concise style; a short, puby phrase.

Lactation, lak-tম'shun, n তুজাল ; তুজাল কাল, The act of giving milk; the period of suckling. Lacteal, lak-te-al, a. [L. lac, lactis, milk) তুজনক্ষীয় ; তুজনক্ষীয় ; তুজনক্ষীয় ; তুজনক্ষীয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় লাখিয় ক্ষাৰ্থীয় বহু বিশেষ; One of the absorbent vessels of the intestines, which convey the chyle to the thoracic ducts.

Lactoscont, lak-te-ent, a. [L. Incresco, to tuen to milk] 多項付付 ( 東京 Producing milk or white juice; milky. n=lacto-cence.

Lactic, laktik, a. ছ্পান্থনীয়; ছ্পান্টোন্ত; Pertaining to milk; obtained from sour milk or whey Lactic Acid—ছামাণের অয়বিশেষ; An acid obtaining from milk.

Lactiferous, lak-tiffer-us, a. [L. lac, milk, and fero, to bear ] Kratening or producing milk.

Lactometer, n. ছ্ৰপ্ৰীকার বন্ধ বিশেষ; An instmment for ascertaining the milk.

Lacuna, n. শাক ; ছিত্ৰ ; A gap, a hiatus.

Lacustral, Lacustrine, a. [L. lacus, a lake] Engine Pertaining to lakes.

Lad, lad. n. বালক; ছেলে; ছোকরা; A boy; a youth.

Ladanum, lad'a-num. n. निर्शात विश्नव, A gum Laddor, lad'er, n. अविद्वाहती, त्रिष्ठ, शहे, आहा- ছিনী; Flight of steps for climbing:--ক্ৰেছিভি; A gradual rise.

Lade, lad, v. t. [A. S. hlodan, to load] ধোৰাই-ৰু; To load:—নিৰ্গত-ৰু; অন্তৰ্গত বা বহিৰ্গত-ৰু; To let off water; to throw in or out. Syn:
—Heap on, freight. [প্ৰশীভিড; Oppressed.
Laden, lading, a. ভারাকাস্ত: Loaded:—উৎশীভিড;
Lading, lading, n. বোবাই; বোঝাই দাল; ভার;
Load; cargo; freight; burden.

Ladle, ladi, n. হাড়া; বড় চাষচ; তরল ক্রবা নিকাশন ব্য ; A large spoon for lading or dipping out liquid from a vessel.

Lady, láde, দ. গৃহৰুৱাঁ; ৰুৱাঁ; The mistress of a house:—ত্ত্ৰী; পদ্মী; সৃহিন্দী; Wife:—ভদ্ৰবংশীয়া ত্ত্ৰী: সন্ত্ৰান্তবংশীয়া ত্ত্ৰী: A woman of refined manners, gentle woman. Syn:—Mistress, matron; spouse. A lady in the case—ত্ত্ৰীলোৰবটিত ব্যাপার; A lady concerned in the matter.

Lady of life—পাণেখনা; প্রিয়ত্যা। [insect. Lady-bird, ládi-bérd., n. কট ; পতল বিশেষ; An Ladychpel, ládi-chap'el, n. কুমারী নেরীয় নামে উৎস্পীকৃত ধর্মান্দির; A chapel dedicated to the virgin Mary.

Ladyday, ládi-da, n. খুৱার একটা উৎসব দিন; The 25th of March, the day of the Annunciation of Virgin Mary.

Ladyforn, n. বিজ্ঞাতীৰ ক্ষমৰ উল্লি বিশেষ: One of the prettiest varieties of British forms.

Ladylike, la'di-lik, a অধ্য; ভর ; শিষ্ট ; শোষণ ; Like a lady in manners ; soft , delicate.

Lady-love, la'dı-luv, n. প্রেরদী; প্রণারিনী; Sweetheart.

Ladyship, ládi-ship, ন. ভদ্ৰণহিনাৰ উপাৰি; The title of a lady.

Lag, lag, a. দীর্থসন্ত্রী; মন্থবগতি; অধিক বিলম্বিত; প্ৰভাগগামী, Slow; tardy; siuggish; long delayed coming, behind:—n. অদ্বিন প্রান্ত; The fag end: —v. t. আন্তে চলা; মন্থবগতিতে চলা; পশ্চাতে পড়া, To move or walk slowly, to loiter. Syn:—(v) Linger, saunter, stay, behin'd, fall off.

Laggard, lagʻard, a. মনগতি; মছরগতি; পাছাং-গামী; Slow; sluggish; backward. Syn:— Tardy, dilatory, loitering, late.

Laggard, Lagger, lag'er, n. দীৰ্দ্দী ব্যক্তি; A losterer, an idler. [lagging manner. Laggingly, ad. মছরগতিতে বা বিলম্ব করিয়া; In a Lagoon, la-goon, Lagune, n. অগভীর হুদ বাহাতে সমুদ্দের জল প্রবেশ করে; অগভীর জলাশর; A shallow lake or pond into which the sea flows.

Laic, Laical, la'ik, a. [G. laikos, from laos, the people ] পুরোহিত ভিত্র লোক সংক্রান্ত ; বে বা বাহা বাজকীয় বাহ ; Not clerical. Syn:—Lay, secular. Laid, pa. t. and pa. p. of lay.

Be laid up—পীড়িত ইইলা শ্লাগত-হ; Be confined to bed by illness; be unwell.

Lain, pa. p. of lie, to rest.

Lair, Iar, n. [Ger. lagar, from legen, to lay ] বৰপত্য বাসস্থান; বৰপত্য আবাসভ্য!; Wild beast's coach; the retreat of a wild beast. Syn:— Couch, den.

Laity, A'i-u. n. পুরোহিত ভিন্ন নাবারণ লোক; The people apart from the clergy.

Lake, lak, n. মুৰ্ণ; A large body of water surrounded by land:—সাড় বাব বহ; A deep red color.

Lakelet, Iskiet, \*\*. \*\*TET; A small lake.

Lake School (the)—The school of poetry introduced by the Lake poets, Wordsworth, Coloridge and Southey, who resided in the Lake district of Cumberland and Westmoreland.

Lakh, n. বৃদ্ধ; Term used for 100,000. [lakes. Laky, laki, a. বুৰসকোৰ; Pertaining to a lake or Lama, n. পণ্ড বিশেষ; An animal.

Lama, la'ma, n. [Tib. llama, spiritual teacher or lord] বৌদ্ধপের প্রোছিত; High priest of Tibet; a Buddhist priest. [of Tibet. Grand or Delai lama—The Buddhist pontiff Lamb, lam, n. মেবশাবক; Young sheep:—নির্দোবী লোক, নিরাই লোক; One innocent and gentle as lamb:—v. i. মেবশাবক প্রস্ব-ভূ, To bring forth young, as a sheep.

Lambof God-Jesus.

Lambent, lambent, a. [L. lambo, to like, lambens, ppr. of lambere, to like] মুহুলানী; কীডাপর;উপর দিয়া ক্লডামানা; উপরে কীডনান . চকল; Touching lightly; playing about, gliding over; playing on the surface; flickering. Syn:—Gliding over, twinkling.

Lambkin, lamkin, n. त्यवभावक ; A little lamb-Lamb-like, lamlik, a. मृष्ट् ; दिनञ्ज ; Gentic.

Lame, হিলা, a. বঞ্চ , বোড়া ; Crippled ; holbling :
—অসব্যোষজনক; অপূৰ্ব ; আনস্প্ৰ : Unsatisfactory ,
imperfect :—v. t. বঞ্জ-কৃ ; খোড়া-কৃ ; To make
lame , to cripple :—অসপ্ৰ-কৃ ; অপ্ৰ-কৃ ; To
render imperfect ; unsound. n=lameness. Svn :
—(a) Disabled, halt, defective ; weak, poor,
feeble, insufficient. (v) Disable.

Lame excuse or apology, n. বৃধা ওজর: An excuse or apology which is not good or sufficient Lameness, lamines, n. অসম্পূর্বতা; বছতা; The condition of being lame. Syn:—Crippleness, haltness; disability, weakness, imperfection.

Lament, la-ment, v. i. বিলাপ-কৃ; বেদ-কৃ; To wail; to mourn :--v. i. বিলাপ-কৃ; ছু:খ্যকাশ-কৃ.
To mourn for; to deplore:--n. বিলাপ.
বেলোকি; বেদ; Sorrow expressed in cries:-শোক্ষ্চক কাৰ্য, বিলাপকবিতা; An elegy, mournful ballad. Syn:--(v) Grieve, moan, complain; bemoan, deplore, bewail. (n) Wailing,
moaning, plaint, complaint; dirge, funereal
song, coronach.

Lamentable, lament-a-bl. a. ছংগপূৰ্ণ; লোকাৰ্ছ; লোকাৰ্ছ; বেগপনীয়; বিলপনীয়; কলপাৰ্ছ; Sad; despicable; pitiful:--দীন; Miserable, low, poor. ad=lamentably. Syn:--Sorrowful, wailing; pitiful; mean, low, poor.

Lamentation, lam-ent-ত্ৰ'shun, ন. বিদাপ; Walling:--বেদোজি; হু:থপ্ৰকাশ; Sorrow, grief, mourning:--pl. শুঠীর ধর্মপুরাণে প্রস্থ বিশেষ; A book of Jeremiah, so called from its contents.

Lamontingly ad. বিলাপন্তকারে; With lamentation.

Lamina, lami-na, n. আবরণ ; পুদ্র তর বা বিল্লী ; Thin layer or coat lying over another :- প্রা,

ণাড়া; Blade of a leaf. pl=laminæ. a=laminable. Laminable, c. Capable of being formed into thin plates.

Laminar, lami-nar, a. প্রথম : প্রামার : ক্র খন্মম ; Consisting of or resembling thin plates. Laminate, lami-nat, Laminated, lami-nated, a. খন্বিশিষ্ট ; Consisting of layers, one over another.

Lamination, n. 西西京[中京 百名可 电区 方面]; The arrangement of stratified rocks in thin layers.

Laminiferous, lamin-if'er-us, s. [L. lamina,

and fero, a bear ] जनम ; Consisting of lamina or layers. [lame, hobbling.

Lamish, Iāmish, a. ইবং ধন্ন বা পদু; A little Lammas, lamas, n. [A.S. hlaf, loaf, and maesse, feast] ১লা আগষ্ট তাৰিখের কলভোজনোৎসৰ; The 1st day of August.

Lamp, lamp, n. প্রদীপ; দীপ; দালোক; Implement for holding a light, a light of any kind.

Small of the lamp—शाह अवाहत्त्व हिरू बात्रा-कृ Bear marks of great study.

Lamp-black, lamp'-black, n. কজল; দীপধ্যোৎ-পন্ন কৃষ্ণৰ পদাৰ্থ; A paint; a fine soot formed of the smoke of pitch &c.

Lamp-lighter, n. गोश-अञ्चानक , त जाता जाता ; One who or that which lights a lamp.

Lampoon, lampoon, n. [F. lampon, a drinking song] বিজ্ঞপ . জবস্ত ; তির্মার . Personal satire; low censure: -৩ f. ব্যক্তিগঠ জিলা-ক ; ঠাটা-ক ; বিজ্ঞা-ক ; to libel, defame Syn:—(n) Libel, calumny, pasquinade, squib. (v) Slander, calumniate, satirize.

Lampooner, lam-pooher. n. বিজ্ঞপৰাকা বেৰক -বিজ্ঞপৰাৱী; বাজকাৰী; নিশাকাৰী; One who writes a lampoon or abuses with personal satire.

Lampoonry, lam-poonin, ম. বিক্ৰপ ; বিভিন্ন ব্যক্তি-গত বান্ধ ; Written personal abuse or satire.

Lamprey, lampre, n. [ 1.. lambo, to lick, and petra, rock ] বাইন মংস্যা বিশেষ . A kind of eet.

Lance, lans, n. বড়ণা; বল্লম; Spear, lancet:—
সৈক্ত; Soldier:—v. t. বল্লম দাবা বিদ্ধ-কৃ; To pierce
with a lance:—বেলকার দাবা অন্ত-কৃ: ছুরি দিয়া চেরা;
To open with a lancet:—নিকেপ-কৃ: অন্ত-কৃ;
To throw in the manner of a lance. Syn:—
(v) Thrust, stab, cut into; throw, project,
dart, launch.

[ contend with.

Break a lance—বৃদ্ধ-কৃ, বিবাদ-কৃ; Fight with; Lance-corporal, n. যে দৈদিক সর্কনিরপদস্থ দেনানীৰ প্রতিনিধিত করে; A private doing the duties of a corporal.

Lance-knight—পদাতিক দৈয় ; A foot-soldier. Lanceolate, Lanceolated, a. বল্লমাকার ; পুৰার ; Having the form of a lance-head ;

tapering toward the outer extremity.

Lancer, lanser, n. বল্লখারী; One who carries a lance:—pl. ৰুড়া বিশেষ; A kind of dance.

Lancet, lanset, n. (वनकात : चनाका : क्लिकान-विकास अब : A surgeon's instrument.

Lanch, länsh, v. f. নিকেশ-ফু; To throw as a lance, dart:—বল্লম বারা বিদ্ধ-ফু; To pierce with a lance. See launch.

Land, land, n. ছল: ভূমি; Earth: ground, soil:
—হাকেম্ব; A district:—হাম্ম সংশক্তি; ভূমি, Real
estate:—ভাতি; A nation or people:—দেশ;
A country:—v. t. অবভাবিত-ফু, জলে ছাপন ফু; To
set on land or on shore; disembark:—v. t.
অবভ্যম-ফু; ভীলে উপস্থিত-ফু; To go on shore;
disembark; embark. Syn:—(n.) Region, tract.
Land of bondage—Egypt, where the Jews
were bondsmen to the Pharohs.

Land of cakes—Scotland, famous for its meal cakes.

Land of promise—Canan, which was promised by God to Abraham :—Australia.

Land of stars and stripes—The United States of America.

Make the land—সমূত হইতে অমি কেবিতে পাৰয়।; Discover the land from the sea as the ship approaches.

Bandau, landau, m. বান বিশেষ; গাড়ী বিশেষ; Carriage or coach with a top which may be opened, and thrown back.

Land-breeze, landbrez, u. ভূ-বাৰু; বে বাবু জমি হইতে সমুদ্ৰ দিকে প্ৰবাহিত হয়; ছব হইতে সাগরাভিমুখী বাৰু-প্ৰবাহ; Wind blowing from the land.

Landorab, landkrab, n ছনকট, A crustacean. Land-fall, n অধিকারীয় মৃত্যুতে অকসাৎ বিষয় আন্তি; A sudden transference of property in land by the death of its owner.

Land-flood, landflud, n 481, Inundation.

Land-force, landfors, n. তুল দেন্দল, A military force serving on land, as distinguished from naval force [ভদ্ৰাক ; A German earl Landgrave, landgrav, n. ক্র্মান্দেশীয় স্থাত্ত Land-graviste, land-gravi-at, n. ল্যাব্যেত্তর অধিকৃত ভূতার বা অধিকার , The territory of a land grave.

[ The wife of a land-grave tendgravine, landgra-ven, n. ল্ ব্যাত-প্রত্থি Landholder, landhold-ব্যা, অধিকার, ভূবারী , জ্ব্যাবিকারী, Proprietor of a land

Landing, landing ন. অবতরণ, Disembarking
— অবতরণ করিবার লোপান; অবতরণ কান, A place
for disembarking:—ঘটি; অবতবণ কান, A place
for getting on shore:—চৌতারা; I he level part
of a staircase between the flights of steps — 
আহাজের নাল নানান সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to the
unloading of a vessel's cargo.

Landing-net, n. nens effects win, A small hoop net to secure fish.

Landing-place, n. 적电离中 東河、A landing.

Land Jobber, ন. ভূমি কেতা বা বিকেতা, One who buys and sells lands, as a business:—ভূমি ব্যবস্থা ; Speculator in land

Land-lady, landla-di, n ভ্ৰামিনী, ভূমাাধিকানিনী, A woman land-holder —সৱাই-কলী; পাহনিধাস-খামিনী; সন্ত্ৰিবালী; ৰাড়ীওয়ালা; Mistress of an inn; mistress of a lodging-house

Land-loapers—Persons, who fly from the country for crimes or debt.

Landlock, landlok, v. t. ভূমি বারা বেইড-কু; ছল-বেইড-কু, To enclose by land.

Landloper, n বাবাৰর; A variationd or vagrant.
Landlo!d, langlord, n. ভূমানা, কবিশার, Owner

of a land '—जबारबब कर्डा ; नवारेखबाना ; काजीवबाना ; Inn keeper. Syn :—Owner, proprietor ; innholder, host.

Landlordism, s. The policy of landlords.

Land-lubber, স. ঘুল্যাসী ( আন্তাপ্ত্ৰ ); Among seamen, applied in ridicule or contempt to persons who pass their lives on land; a landsman, a term of contempt used by sailors:—
নলপৰে বোৱা কৰে বা; Landloper; one who lives on land—so called among sea-men.

Landman, landman, Landsman, landsman, n. খুলবাদী, নাবিকভার আনভিন্ন ব্যক্তি; A man who lives or serves on land—opposed to seaman.

Landmark, landmark, ল. ভূৰির নীয়া বিশ্পন ;
ভূমির নীমা-চিহ্ন ; হলনিক্পন ; Boundary mark or
guide for ships at sea :—কোন ছালিভ চিহ্ন ; Any
fixed and known object or prominent feature
of a locality :—বিখ্যাত ইভিহানিক ঘটনা ; A
striking, historical event. [high way.

Land-pirate, n ভাৰাইড; One who robs on the Landral, landral, n. পৰী বিশেষ; The crake or corn crake, so named from its cry

Landscape, landskap, n. ভুতাগ দুখ ; বেশের দুখ , Scene, the aspect of a country .—ন্দ্রা ; পেশের চিত্র, A picture representing the aspect of a country.

Landscape gardening—डेशान निर्दाण (कोणण.) The act of laying out gardens.

Landslide, Landslip, landslip, n. পর্মভচ্যত ভূমিক. প্রভাদি ছইতে বিচ্যুত ভূমক, Poition of land which has slidden bodily down

Land-ateward, landstu'ard, n. ক্ষিণ্ডের নারেব;
One who has charge of lands. [ land.
Land-tax, land-taks, n. ভূমিৰ কয়, A tax upon
Land-waiter, n. কাহাজেব বাল নামানৰ ভ্ৰাব্যালক,
A custom-house officer who waits or attends on
the landing of goods.

Landward, la ndward, ad বুলাভিমুখ; Towards the land — a বুলাভিমুখন, সাগ্ৰহুল ইইন্ডে বুৰবঙী; Lying toward the land; away from the seacoast.—মান্য, Rural [a narrow street. Lane, lan, n. গলি; স্বাণ পথ; A narrow passage; Language, langgwaj, n. [L. lingua, the tongue] অভিনত ভাষা, ভাষা; Human speech, speech — ব্ৰণ ভাষা, Dialect:— প্ৰ মচনাম ধায়া; বিভাগ প্ৰাণ নি Diction.—ভাষ আহলাৰ প্ৰতি: Any manner of expressing thoughts. Syn.—Tongue, idiom; style, phraseology.

Languid, lang'gwid, a. [L. languere, to be faint] चनन ; निरुष ; हीनरम ; कीन , Siuggish , spiritless; weak ; feeble, enhausted , faint , without animation. n=languidness. ad=languidly. Syn:—Sickly, pining, feeble; heavy, dull, manumate, listless, torpid.

Languidness, langgwid-ness, #. অবসহতা;
কীৰতা; নিজেলতা; Faintness, feebleness Syn:
—-l.assitude, languor, heaviness, slowness,
dulness, hatlestness.

Languish, lang gwish, v. i. [L. langue, to be weak] ज्ञान-ए, जनगड-ए; कीन-ए; किएक-ए; कीन-ए, पिरक्त-ए; कीन-ए, किएक-ए; to dose strength.—n. Tender look or appearance, n=

languishment. Syn :- (v) Wither, fade, faint, decline, sink.

Languishingly, ad. মুর্জনমণে; কীৰভাবে; নিবেশমণে; কোনগভাবে; In a lanuishing, weak, dull, or tender manner.

Languishment, ম. কর ; দৌর্বলা; বৃষ্টর কোবলতা; The act or state of languishing; softness of look. Languor, lang gwer, ম. মারি; অবস্থতা, তেলো-ইবিতা; কীপতা; Duliness; lassitude; feeblness. Syn:—Weakness, faintness, weariness, heaviness; listlessness, ennui.

Laniary, a ছেৰক; Lacernting or teasing. Laniferous, Lanigerous, a: [L. lana, wool, and fero, to bear] প্ৰথম্বায়ী; পান্ধ উৎপাদী; Woolbearing.

I.ank, langk, a. [Ger. schlank, slender ] কীণ,
ফুণ, অবনত; Loose or lax, thin and slender,
drooping. n=lankness. ad = lankly. Syn:—
Lean, slim, meagre, scraggy, gaunt, attenuated
I.ansquenet, n. [Gr. land, country, and
knecht, a soldier] অবন পদাতি; A German
foot-soldier:- ভানবেলা বিশেষ, A game at cards.
I.antern, lantern, n. [Gr. lampo, to give
hight] কঠন; A case for a light:—v. t. কঠন বালা
ফুলুড্ড-ফু; To furnish with a lantern.

Lauyard, Laniard n. ৰাহাজেয় বড়ি বিশেষ . A short piece of rope. [different to religion Laodicean, n. বে ব্যক্তি ধর্মবিষয়ে উদাসীৰ ; One in-Lap, lap, v. f. or v. া. বেছৰ-কু ; জিলা খাবা চটি ; To lick up with the tongue —উপরে বেপৰ-কু ; To overlap :—উপরে রাখা ; To lay on —কড়াৰ , To wrap:—n. অঞ্চল ; Flap of agarment :—উলা ; Fold —কড়াৰ ; কোল . Part from the waist to the kness, when sitting. Syn:—(v) Fold, turn over ; wrap, twist round ; lay over, cover ; lick, lick up.

Lapdog, n. কোড় কুবুল ; A small dog in the lap. Lapel, n. কোটের উপরিকাশের ক্ষবান অংশ ; The part of the breast of a coat which folds over like a lap. a—lapelled. [as the lap will hold. Lapidescent, a. [L. lapidesco, to become stone] বাধার পরিবর্তনীল ; Becoming stone. n= lapidescence.

Lepidiary, lap'i-dar-i, n. [L. lapis, lapidis, a stone] বছৰ্ণা প্ৰথম-বেগ্ৰুক, জহুৰি; মণিব্যবদায়ী; One who cuts precious stone; dealer in precious stones:— এ প্ৰস্থোপন সংক্ৰান্ত, Pertaining to the cutting of stones.

Lepidity, lapidi-fi, v. t. v. i. [L. lapis, a stone, and facio, to make] পাৰ্য পাৰিণত কয়া বা ব্ৰয়া;
To form to stone; to turn into stone. n=lapidification.
Lapper, n. বে অবদেহন করে; বে ভাল করে; One Lappet, lap'et, n. অকল; স্বসান ব্যবহায়, Part of a garment, &c. hanging loose; a flap.

Lapse, laps, v. s. [L. laps is, from labi, to fall]
আৰ্ছিড-হ; বীলে বীলে চলিবা বাওৱা; To flow;
alide; slip; to pass by degree:—লনে পভিত-হ;
To err:—অভিভাবভাবির অনবধানতার অন্ত অধিকারীর
আন্ত বাওৱা; To pass from one proprietor to
another by the neglect or failure of some one;

ান্ত্ৰ-ই; To become yoid:—ম. বড়ি ; ইনিজ, motion:—প্ৰব; Fall:—চ্ডি; খলন; ফট; Failing; slight fault:—কৰ্মাখলন; Transfer of right by neglect of the holder; a failing in duty. Syn:—(n) Smooth course; fall, decline, declension, descent; slip, fault, error, failing; apostasy. (v) Glide; fall from virtue, fail in duty, apostatise. [passing away of time. Lapse of time—ক্ষাতিস্বন, The gradual Lep-wing, n. চিডি, ব্লচন প্ৰী বিশেষ; A bird which flaps its wings in a rapid and peculiar manner, a wading bird.

Lar, lar, n. १६८९२७।, A household deity regarded as the soul of a deceased ancester. pl=lares.

Larboard, lar'bord, n. কাৰাজের বাৰণাৰ ; The left hand side of a ship looking from the stern :—a. বাৰণাৰ্থ সংস্লাভ , Pertaining to the port.

Larconist, lar'sen-ist, n. হোৰ, অপহাৰত, Thief. Larcony, lar'sen-e, n. [ L. latro, a robber ] চৌৰা, চুৰি; অপহাৰ ; Theft. Syn:—Stealing, pilfering, petty robbery.

Larch, larch, n. 3 T facer ; A tree.

Lard, lard, n. চৰ্জি; শ্ৰনের বনা, Melted swine's fat:—v.f. চর্জি-বে, Togrease:—বেটা-কু; ছুলকার-কু, To fatten:—বিভিড-কু, To mix with anything. Lardsceous, lard-á-shus, a. চর্জিবং; চর্জিব্জ; বেশবর; Of or like lard.

Larder, lard'er, s. six sinis; six sinis; A room where meat is kept; pantry.

Larderer, n. One in charge of the larder.

Lardy, lard'i, a. চৰ্কিপুৰ্ব, বদাৰৰ, Full of lard.
Large, larj, a. অপত, বিকৃত; Wide, extensive (said of surface or area) —প্ৰবাধ্ব, প্ৰচুৰ, বহুল;
Abundant, plentiful (of quantity) —কৃষ্ণাকাৰ;বৃহ্বকাৰ; বড়; Numberous, populous, bulky,
huge (of size):—ফ্ৰীৰ্ব; দীৰ্ব; Diffuse, long,
tull (of language, style):—উলাৰ, Liberal; comprehensive (of the mind):—স্বাশন্ব; মহুং; Generous, noble (of the heart) ad = largely. n=
largeness. Syn:—Big, immense, ample, broad,
spacious, full, copious, capacious.

A gentle man at large—বাধীন ব্যক্তি (কোন কাৰকৰ্ম নাই); One who has given up or is without any serious occupation.

At large - वांबीनकारत; खनारप; सरकह; Without restraint or confinement: - न न्यू बिंदर्ग; वांबादरग Diffuse; to the full extent; the whole or all the, in the mass; fully.

Be at large—আৰম্ভ অবস্থা হইতে সুক্ত হৰুৱা; স্বাধীন ভাবে বেধানে সেধানে বাৰুৱা; Be at liberty; be going about without restraint.

Large-acred, a. Having large estates.

Large-handed, e. ৰংগ্ৰুজ; Having large hands —লোভা; Rapacious, voracious.

Large-hearted, larj'-hart'ed, a. वतात्र ; नवान्द्र ; डवाजरुज ; Munificent ; liberal.

Large-minded, a. উপায় ; Of a liberal mind.
Largeness, lari'nes, n. ধীৰ্মতা ; বৃহৎ আকার ; Bigness ; bulk. Syn:—Magnitude ; wideness, extensiveness, breadth, comprehensiveness ; greatness, vastness ; liberality, generosity,

Largess, larjes, n. vin; Bosin; A present; a donation. Syn: Gift, bounty, grant.

Lariet, lar'i-at, n. sindang aus; A lasso.

Lark, lark, n. চাতৰ; A song-bird:—ভাষানা; ক্ৰীড়া ; কোডুৰ; A frelic; a game:—v. t. চাতৰ বয়া; To catch larks:—ক্ৰীড়া-কু; To frelic.

Larkspur, त. युगनाइ वित्नव ; A plant with showy flowers.

Larum, 2. বিশ্বজাপক স্কেড পৰা; Alarm; a noise giving notice of danger.

Larva, larva, s. আভোগত কটি; কটিজীবনের আগ্যা-বস্থা; Second stage of an insect; a caterpillar; grub. a=larval. pl=larvae.

Laryngites, lar-in-ji'tes, ন. কঠথনাই; Inflammation of the larynx.

Laryngoscope, n. [Gr. larynz, the throat, and skopeo, to behold ] কঠ পরীকার দর্গণ বয় ; A kind of reflecting mirror.

Larynz, laringks, n. कंत्रांती : वाय्तांतीत छेड्डान : The upper part of the windpipe ; throat. s= laryngeal, laryngean.

Lascar, laskar, দ. থালাদি; ভারতবর্ষী নাবিক; জয়র; A Hindoo seaman employed in European vesels.

Lascivous, las-sive-us, a. [L. lascivus, wanton] a. কাষাডুল; কামুক, ললাট; কাষোকীপক; Leud; lustful. n=lascivousness (লালাট); lust) ad=lascivously. Syn:—Wanton, sensual, libidinous, unchaste, licentious, prurient.

Lash, lash, ন. ৰণা; চাবুৰের দড়ি; চণ্মবজ্ম; The thong of a whip; a whip:—কণাবাড; Stroke with a whip:—তীর প্রত্যুক্তর; কিন্ধুণ; তীর পরিহান; Retort; a stroke of satire:—v. t. বেলাবাড-কৃ; Retort; a stroke of satire important to whip:—বিশা-কৃ; তিরবার-কৃ; কিন্ধুণ-কৃ; To censure severely; to satirise:—v. i. বেলাবাড-কৃ; কণাবাড-কৃ; To play the whip:—তীবণারণে আক্রমণ-কৃ; বালোজি-কৃ; To attack severely; to satirise. Syn.—(v) Flog, scourge, beat; lampoon; bind, tie together. Lash into fury—কোবাজ-কৃ; বালে জিলকে দেবতা. কিন্ধুণ-কৃ; ডোলগাড়-কৃ; To madden; to cause to rage; render furious.

Lasher, lasher, n. বেৰাখতৰারী; কণাখাতৰারী, One who whips:—A piece of rope for binding one thing to another.

Lashing, lashing, n. क्यापाठ; तक; त्यवदक; A whipping with a lash; a chastisement; a rope for making anything fast.

Less, las, n. বালিকা; চুকরী; A girl. Syn:—Girl, damsel, maiden, lassie.

Lassitude, lase-tud, n. [L. lassitude, from lassus, faint, weary] ক্লাড়; ক্লাড়া; অবসরতা; Weariness; weakness; languor. Syn:—Prostration, faintness; weariness, dulness, heaviness, ennui.

Lasso, laso, n. হান কড়ি; A rope or long leather thong with a running noose for catching wild animals:—v. t. উক্ত কড়ি হারা হয়।; To capture with the lasso. pl=lassos.

Last, last, a. আছ ; আছিব ; Final .—পূৰ্জ ; Preceding :—চরব ; আডাছ অসম্ভব ; Utmost ; most unlikely :—সর্বাধেব ; সর্বাপদাধরী ; Latest ; com-

ming after all the others :—s. শেষ; The end:—
ভ্তার করা; ভ্তার হাঁচ; A footshaped block on
which boot or shoes are formed :—v. i. মা পামা;
হামা-হ; পাফা; To continue :—v. i. অ্তার করমায়
সাফ চড়ান; To fit with a last ad=last, lastly.
Syn:—(a) Hindmost, latest; closing, ultimate;
highest, extreme, most likely; lowest, meanest. (v) Abide, remain, hold out.

At last—অবশেষ; At the end; finally, ultimately. Be on one's last logs—আৰ টে'ছে বা; বাৰ বাৰ ইয়াছে; Be in a tottering or sinking cotdition. Breathe one's last—ব্যা; To die; to expire.

Last but not least—সকলের শেবে বাট, কিছু সেই কছ বে সামান্ত বা অগ্রান্ত ভারা নহে; Last in order, but not on that account the least in importance. To stick to one's last—নিজের ব্যবসার বা হাড়া; To abide by one's proper business.

To the last—শেষ পর্যন্ত ; জাজীয়ন ; Till the last moment : to the end of one's life.

Would be the last man—(জগনে বাহা করে তাহা করিতে পারে তাহা) নিজে কোনকমেই না করা; Would himself upon no account do a thing, though others might.

Lasting, lasting, a. via; Durable; permanent. Syn:—Long-standing, continuing, enduring, undecaying, perpetual, unending.

Lastingly, ad. স্থানিকণে; In a enduring manner. Last-resort—শেষ উপায়; Ultimate means of relief.

Latch, lach, n. হডকা; আৰ্থল; বিল; Door catch:

—v. t. আৰ্থলবন্ধ-কৃ; হড়কা দিলা বন্ধ-কৃ; To fasten with a latch.

Latchet, lacket, n. ৰুতার ফিডা; The string, thong, or fastening of a shoe or sandal.

Latchkey, n. আলিবোচৰ-কৃঞ্চিকা; A key to raise the latch of a door.

Late, lat. n. [ A S. lat. Icel. late. late.) বিজ্ ৰাগত : ৰীৰ : চিত্ৰকাৰী : Long delayed ; tarday — গৰিণত : ৰীৰ্থসত্তী : f'ar advanced :—মৃত : আজিড : Deceased : departed :—মৃতপূৰ্ণ্ণ : অনতিপূৰ্ণ . পূৰ্ব-তন : Not long part :—সূৰ্কতন : পদ্যুত : কৰ্ম ভইতে অবসত : Out of office. ad = lately . late ( সম্মৃতি : recently ), n = lateness. Syn :—Slow, delayed ; recent

Better late than never—বিভাছ বা হওয়া অপেকা বিসৰে হওয়া ভাল : মূলে না পাওয়া অপেকা সৌৰে পাওয়া ভাল : বেই মামায় চেয়ে কানা মামা ভাল : It is -better to have something that is desirable evn at a late period than not to have it at all.

Of late—সন্তাতি; ইনানী; ; Lately.

Sooner or later—অন্য কিংবা কিছুদিন পরে; At some indefinite future time.

The late 70; No longer living : - 9074; No longer holding the appointment of.

Too late—উচিত স্বলের পরে; অতি বিলম্বে; উপৰুক্ত স্বল্প অতীত হইরা বেলে; বৰন কোন কাজে নাগিবে লা তথন; Not in due time; of little use; the proper time being past, after the proper time. [triangular sail. Lateln, a. জিকোণাকার পাইলে ব্যবহৃত ; Applied to a Latency, latten-si, n. পোপনীরতা; অবকার; অপ্রতা; The state of being latent; hiddenness, obscurity. Lateness, ম. বিলম্বিডা; সীৰ্ত্তিভা; The state of being late. Latent. Istent. s. ( L. latere, to lie hid ) লোগ-

Latent, latent, s. [L. laters, to lie hid] কোণনীয়; খৰা; বুড়ায়িড; Concealed; hidden. ad =
latently. Syn:—Secret, invisible, occult.
Latent heat, n. Heat insensible to the touch
or thermometer.

Later on-ois for me; Some time after.

Lateral, lateral, a. [ L. latus, tateris. a side ] একণাৰ্থছ; পাৰ্থক; পাৰ্থক:কাছ; পাৰ্থভিছ্ণীন, Belonging to the side. ad=laterally.

Lateritious, c. [L. later, lateris, a brick]

At the latest—বড় জোর এও বিলৰ হবে, তাহার পর কংনই নয় ; Not later than, not beyond

Lath, lath, n. কাৰ্টের বাড়া, পাডলা তন্তা; A thin narrow board or strip of wood to support tiles, covering plastering:—v. t. বাডার বারা আর্ড-কু, To cover with laths.

Lathe, lath, n. বন্ধ বিশেষ : জমি ; The machine.
Lather, lath'er, ম. সাবানের কেনা , ঘর্মজনিত কেন ;
Foam of soap and water ; froth from sweat :—
v গ সাবানের কেনা মাধান , To spread over with lather —v. i. কেনাযুক-হ ; কেনিক-হ ; To become frothy ; to form a foam with water and soap.
Latin, latin, a. [L. Latium, the district in which Rome was built] লাটিন তাবা বা বোৰকলাতি সংক্রান্ত , Pertaining to Latin or to the Latins or Romans —লাটিন ভাবাহ লিখিত বা ক্ষিত , Written or spoken in Latin:—n. লাটিন ভাবা; আট্নান বোষক কাতির তাবা ; The language of the ancient Romans.

Dog Latin-Bad Latin.

Latin race—The nations of Western Europe, whose languages are closely allied to Latin, as the Italians and French

Low Latin-A corrupt Latin largely interspersed with foreign words; corrupt Latin.

The Latin church—The Western or church of Rome in contradiction to the Greek or Eastern Church. [Latin words.]

Latinise, latin-iz, v. i. লাটিন পদ্ধ ব্যবহার ক: Use Latinism, latin-izm, n. লাটিন ভাষার রীতি বা ভাষ . লাটিন ভাষা পদ্ধতি : Latin idiom.

Latinist, latin-ist, n. नाहिन ভাবাঞ ; नाहिन ভাবা বিশারন ; One skilled in Latin.

Latinity, n. নাটন ভাষার বিজ্জতা; নাটন ভাষা বা ডাহার' রচনা-পদ্ধতি; Purity of Latin style; the Latin tongue, style or idiom.

Latish, ত্ৰ'tish, a. ইবং বিদ্যুক্ত; Somewhat late.
Latitude, late-tud, n. [L. latitude, from latus, broad, wide] বিকৃতি; Width, breadth:—বিবৃত্
রেখা ইইতে বৃষ্ণ; অফ বেখা; The distance from the equator north or south or from the ecliptic—কর্মের বিকৃতি; অর্থের বিকার; Extent of signification:—বিশ্বিকা; Laxity, freedom am latitudinal. Syn:—Room, space; extent, range, scope; liberty, indulgence, free play.

Latitudinal, a. जकाश्वर-मःजात : जकाश्वराजिन्त्रीत ; in the direction of latitude.

Latitudinarian, lat-i-tud-i-na'ri-an, s. क्वांव है। जनात ; पश्चमदाक देशात्र मकावनकी , Lax in religious

opinions, free; liberal:—n. স্থাপিত পর্যাত অবীকর্মা; অবাধ চিত্তক; One who indulges in laxity of opinion; one who departs from orthodoxy. nealatitudinarianism.

Latitudinous, lat-i-tud-nus, a. মৃহৎ ; স্বিযুক্ত / Having large extent ; vast.

Latrine, latrin, n. [L. lavo, to wash] ৰলম্ব ত্যাগের হান ; পাইখানা ; A privy or water-closet. Latten, lat'en, n. চিনের চাগর ; চিনম্ভিত লোছ-চাগর ; Sheet tin ; tunned iron-plate.

Latter, later, a. প্ৰভাৱের; পরবর্ত্তী; Coming or existing after:—আধুনিক; বর্ত্তথান; Modern; recent:—প্ৰচাহজ ; পরে উল্লিখিত, Mentioned the last of two. Syn:—Lately past, last, latest.

Latterly, later-li, ad. পরবর্তী সমযে; সম্প্রতি; Inlatter time, of late.

Lattice, latis, n. জাকরি; A net work of crossed bars, called also lattice work:—s. t. জাকরি নংলয়-কৃ, To furnish with a lattice.

Laud, lawd, v. t. [ L. laus, laudss, praise ] আশ্নোকু; গুণকার্ডনকু; To praise. n=lauder. Syn:—Extrol, celebrate, magnify, glorify.

Laud to the skies—ৰগে তোলা, Praise highly. Laudablo, lawde-bl, a. প্ৰশংসাৰ, প্ৰশংসনীয়; সাধনীয়; Praiseworthy, commendable. ad= laudably. n=laudableness.

Laudanum, lauda-num, ন. আছিলের আরক; অছিকেন ঘটিত উবৰ; Preparation of opium; tincture of opium.

Laugh at—উপহান-কৃ; Ridicule; deride — পৰ্
হয় এবং বেশ টের পাওয়া যায় এনন ভাবে হাস্য-কৃ;
Indulge in laughter. [laugh secretly.
Laugh in one's sleeve—পোপান হাস্য-কৃ; To
Laugh off—হেসে উডাইনা পেওয়া. Laugh so as to
imply that the matter is of little interest;
dismiss with a laugh.

Laugh out of the other corner or side of the mouth— क्या- ; To weep, to be made to feel vexation or disappointment, esp., after exhibiting exultation.

Laugh to scorn—বিক্লপ-ড়; Treat with mockery; deride:—বুৰ মুচ্চে হাসা, এমন ভাবে হাসা বে উপহাসত ব্যক্তি ভাহা জানিতে না পাৱে; Laugh at a person, not openly but a secret:—বুণা একাশ পার এমন ভাবে হাস্য-ড়ু, উপহাস-ড়ু; Treat with contempt and scorn, deride.

Laughable, lafa-bi, a. হাস্কর; হাস্কেক; হাস্যেক্ষিপক; Ludicrous. ad=laughably, n= laughableness. Syn:—Droll, ridioglous, mirthful, comical, droll, funny.

Laughing-gas, laffing-gas, ম. হান্যোদীপৰ বাপা; হানাজনৰ বাপা, A gas which excites laughter, called nitrous oxide. Laughing-stock, lafing-stok, # হাস্যাম্পদ , A butt an object of ridicule

Be the laughing-stock of - उंश्हामान्यम इंड्या , Be the object of ridicule to

No laughing matter—হাসি তামাসার বিষয় নহে (অকতর ব্যাপার), No joke but a very serious affair. Laughingly, lafing-li, ad প্রকৃত্তাবে, সহাসা-बम्दन , In a merry way ; with laughter.

Laughter, n. श्राकाती, One who laughs

Laughter, laf'ter, n. हाना ; हात्माव नक , Act or noise of laughing. Syn:-Laughing, laugh. cachinnation.

Launch, Lunch, lansh, v t [ Fr lance, a lance ] জলে ভাসাইয়া-দে, ভাসমান-কৃ, Cause to slide into the water :- (2339-\$; To send forth -ए. i सामगान-इ. To go forth, as a ship in water - विद्याविक वर्गना-कृ, वागवाहना-कृ, To expatiate in language -n. পোডাদি ভাল ভাদান, First floating of a ship - TES (A) 41 . Large boat. Syn - (v) Cast dait, huil, let fly; slide into water, send forth, despatch, plunge into, expatiate, enlarge, descant, dilate.

Launch forth or out--বিস্তারিত বণনা-কু, Expatiate - व वनाव-कृ . Speculate.

Launch into-तिका काल कालान, Set a versel affoat — কিছু কবিতে আবস্ত-কু Begin making -( बन्नालरप ) ध्यत्रप-कृ , Despatch to

Launched into eternity-\$319 55 5691, क्रांति-तन . To be killed suddenly , hanged

Launder, lawhder, n. दांकी क शक् अमार. ধুটবার পাতা , A trough used in washing ore

Launderer, n. CITI . One who was hes clothe Laundress, lawheres, n (airia), as of , [ Washing place Washer-woman.

Laundry, lawndry, n (प्राणान कान्य न) , रहकालय , Laureste. law're-it, v t orte 5'4' (\*) 95-年, To crown with leurch - oning in \$ 3 \$. To confer a digree apin -1 (7 2 8610 भावा (भारिक वस . लवाज-मूद्र ७७० र क , Oic uno 15 so crowned - sister In- In - laure see o. court poet -a. caffes. Deckel or invested with a laurei.

Poet laureate-दाः कति, An one, et the royal household originally retained to comme odes for the king's birthday and other state occasions

Lauresteship, levic-At-ship, n जाटकदित अप. Office of a laure atc.

Laureation, law-re-5 shire Entlegere विक्रवन, The act of laur ating a conferring a decree.

Laurel, lawich, n M res. The bay-true used in ancient times for making honorary wreaths. Laurolled, law'reld, a ল্বাল-ম;ল্য-ভূষিত, Crowned with laurel.

Lava, la'va, n [li lava, a stream] আয়ের পর্বাত इटर निर्गे खर भार्थ, आरध्यनिनिम्मु निःखार, Molten matter from volcanoes.

Lavatory, lava-tor-1, n (याभाव कांद्रशाना , Washing-place - भावन भावा द्ववर्ग निकानन द्वान , A place where gold is got by washing -a. (4)3, Washing. Lave, lav, v. t 河产亦, 南河-泰; (中5-泰; To bathe, to wash Syn - In the, purify, cleanse,

Lavender, laven-der, n. 27 4 4 4 4 4 4 An aromatic plant

Laver, la'ver, n. दृश्द श्रकांगन शांख : श्रानार्थ क्रमाख : A large vessel for washing.

Lavish, lavish, v. f. 蜗어(1) - - - - - - To scatter with profusion; to expend profusely; to waste -- a. অপবিমিতবারী: অপবারী: অমিতবারী: Produgal, wasterful, extravagant - अन्भ ; অসংবত, Wild; unrestrained. ad=lavishly. Syn -- (a) Extravagant, profuse, immoderate, excessive, uniestrained

Lavish on or upon, Be lavish of—त्कान किंडू টেলে দেওবা . Bestow upon one with profusion Lavishment, lavish-ment, Lavishness. lavish-ness, n. অপচয, অপব্যয়িতা, অবিভব্যয়িতা, Profusion, prodigality.

Law, law, n. [ A S. lah, from leegan, to lay ] नियम , विवि . काहम , A tule .-- विवि : Statute --শ্বতিশাল্প , ব্যবহার-সংহিতা , Jurisprudence .-রাছাদেশ, রাজবিদি, Edict of a government -মুসাব অনুশাসন গ্রন্থ , খুষ্টার ধর্পুরাণ , প্রাচীন বিভি , The Jewish or Mosaic code distinguished from the go pel, hence, the Old Testament Syn -Edict, regulation, command, order, decree, enactment, ordinance, act, precept, commandment, formula, principle, form, code, litigation legil science

Canon law—Ecclesiastical law Coromonial law—মুগা লাবা আপিত ধর্মপুর্তি The fit a and a remore a instituted by Moses Civil law- #95 fe fi f The written laws which regulate the ordinary rights and duties eimu.

Commercial law - or from fife; The laws that reculate the intercourse between merchants of the English race and trides.

Common law-राजि । The unwaiten law Caminal law-rafary The laws of trial to regulate the nature and punishment of crime at and pasons or property.

Club law - हर कहा, Covernment by violun e or by the use of arms, anarchy

Give law to, Make ones will the law-क्राप्तत हरण व्यामा (15) प्रत्यम खाहाई क्ष , Command, rule, be absolute

Go to law-আৰম্মণ-মু, Litigate -- আদাৰতে राउया व्याक्तन्य आध्य न १दा , Seek legal redress for ome wrong, refer a dispute to judicial decision

International law or law of nations -The law which regulates intercourse between nations

Law makers must not be law-breakers-বিধি প্রণেতাদিখের বিধি শুক্ত করা অনুচিত : Those who make the laws ought especially to keep them

Law of the Modes and Persians - walk-नर्दनीय विधि , यात्रा भविवर्तन रहेवात नहर ; छीत्पद প্রতিজ্ঞা , হাকিম ফেরে ভ রুকুম ফেরে না . A law which cannot be changed, unalterable law

Moral law-नीडिविश्रक नियम; The laws which lay down to men their duties to God and • to each other-applied particularly to ten Commandments,

Mosais or Jewish law—The law given by Moses contained in the first five books of the old Testamant scriptures

Municipal law—Nivis fife, The ordinary law of a country, regulating the conduct and affairs of its people.

One's word is law— দৰ্জনজা হওবা, অৰ্থাৎ বাহা বলেন ভাহাই হয়, One's orders are obeyed as strictly as if they were the law, one is supreme Physical laws or laws of nature—ভোতিক নিব্য, The properties, actions, tendencies &c, impressed by the creator on animals vegetables and matter generally in all their varied conditions and forms

Statute law-্রিপিবছ বিধি A law or rule cnacted by the legislative powers recorded in writing

Take the law into one's own hands— आहेन आनिए नी कीन्द्रा निक हां के महीत्व के Usurp the functions of a court of junce, in flict junishment on one with it going to law The law—2 निवन निषि The books of the Lower haling as a copposed to the Post t

Lewful, lim to la friendes विशिक्ष कार्य मण्ड रिष्ट्रार्थ कप Richtis कार्यक प्रश्नि Complete a lambers ad limbells Sin -legis lamber red constitution lamb richt almand, fermi the just proper

Lawgiver, lim iver n वान्याभव, यहन्दर्ध, Alegislator lawmaker

Lawless, law les a আ ধা আইনবিকল্প lliceal —
fe'ৰৰ ব বহাৰ আৰোগা l'incestrained n=lawless
n so Sin — I nauthor red unwarranted
wild reckles self willed rebelliont, disorderly
Law monger, law'mung yer n সামান্ত র চন
ম চন্দ্র বাল্লী, Low dealer in law a smatt rer
a taw

Lawyer, liw sut n Taka receipt A

Lawyer, liw yer, n a terra real One
who is versed in or who pine es liw Syn —

Attorney, counsellor, solution burnster ad
vocate

Lawn, lawn, স বন্ধান আনালত ছান মাঠ la cpen space between woods with প্ৰায়ন্ত — বা বি চতুংগাধিক ত্বাধৃত ভূমি গৃহস্লিটত ভূম্মন ভূম্ম A snooth space of cround covered with hort grass, generally around a hour — সক্ষ বস্থা ধেনাৰ, A sort of fine linear or cambric

Lawn-tenns, lawn-tenns, n এক একার ? বেলা. A kind of tennis generally played on an open lawn

Lawny, a সন্ধাৰ হাৰ চি Made of lawn Lawny, a সন্ধাৰ হাৰ চি Made of lawn Law, lake, a [L lazus, loose] কোনল লিখিল, নৈতিক বল্টান, অনুচ, Soft, loose, slack — লিখিল, নৈতিক বল্টান, Not strict in discipline or moral — Having too frequent alivine discharges — লালাট, Licentious — কোনী, Loose in the bowels n=laxation ad=laxly Syn — Relax, not tense, flabby, solt, not firm, miss, not strict, latitudinarian, dissolute, immoral

Laxation, ন শিখিলী করণ , শৈখিলা , The state জ bung loose or stackened. Lexative, lakśa-tiv, a নেচৰ, Purgative —n. নেচৰ ইবা, A laxative medicine n-laxativeness

Laxness, laks-nes, Laxity, laks-te, n [ L. laxitas, from laxus, loose, slack ] পিছিলতা, পৈছিল, State or quality of being lax—সংযোগ তাব, Want of exactness Syn—Looseness, slackness, remissions, vagueness, dissoluteness, licentiousness

Lay-Past tense of lie, To lay one self down Lay, la, v t [ A S lergan, causative form of ligan to be ] শায়িত-কৃ স্থাপন কু, রাখা , To cause to he, put down, place or set down - 95409 হাপন-কৃ, Establish firmly —ভূমিশাঘী কৃ, Beat down prostrate — धारीयक किया जाना, मानाज, I o place in order, set in order, arrange regularly -233-7, To make ready, provide — বিষ্ঠ কু, lo spread on a surface — শাস্ত-কু, প্ৰশ•িত কু To calm, to appease, allay পণ ক, বাজি বাধা To deposit (a wiger), to waser stake -श्रमव-कू, छेरशामन-कू Bring forth and deposit (eggs), produce (as eggs) -धाराय-कृ, lo apply, to put —कन्न निकालिक-कृ, As (35 (a tax) impose (a burden, suffering or punishment) - आह्नात्र क To charge (origin of, re ponsibility for) - निम्हन-कृ, Enjoin (a duty) — পরিত কু, To present — চ ঃ ডিম্ব প্ৰাৰ ৰ To produce eggs -- n শ্ৰেণী, স্থৰ, That which lies or is laid row, stratum, laver -गान, गीठ गीडिकांदा Song a lytic or narrative poem  $S_1 n - (v)$  Set down deposit, put over, set, plant found, put on impute ascribe, impose, asses, tax settle prepare, contrive, devise, scheme, bet wager, depress sirk, allege state (n) Wager, bet ballad, carol, ditty

Ley about -বলপুন্তক আঘাত কু Strike with vigor Lay about one—চাবিদিকে শক্ত ক আঘাত কু, ১৮০৯ ০ throw the arms on all sides — [away Lay aside or apart—পরিচাল-কু বর্জন-কু, Put Lay asleep —]মুপান্দ অনস্থিত কু I ull Lay at—কুণান্দ কুতে চপু কু I ule avour to strike Lay at the door of—আবাপ কু Impute

Lay a wager - a a of I vabet
Lay bare - a confirmation of the conf

Lay baro — খুলোবলা অকাশৰা বা দেৱবা অকাশ-কু, Reveal unfill, show clearly disclose Lay before—পোৰে মানা Present to view.

Lay blame upon— निका-कृ, Blame

Lay by -7# \$ Reserve for future use, save.

Lay claim to -7177 Claim

Lay damages—Histore viles viewi, State the amount of damages

Lay damages at—না,লনে দাবি বা ধেনাৰতৰ পত্নি-মাণ দেৱলা State the money-value of damages

Lay down (as a rule) — নিৰ্দেশ করিবা বেওছা; Presembe (as a rule) — ত্যাগ-কৃ, Resign; relinquish, give up

Lay oggs—ভিৰ পাড়া , Produce eggs.

Lay heads together- अकरत नतामन-इ, Consult together

Lay hold of yo. F , Seize.

Lay in—সকল কৰিলা বাখা; Store up; treasure.
Lay in for—প্ৰভাৰ-কৃ; Make overtures for.
Lay on—প্ৰভাৰ-কৃ; প্ৰবোগ-কৃ, Beat; apply with
force—খোৰ ধৰিলা বালি কেওৱা; Criticise:—কল

বসান ; Fix pipes to supply.
Lay oneself open to—কোন কিছুর ভারন হওৱা ;

কোন কিছুর আশাদ বা অধীন-ছ; Expose or subject oneself to.

Lay oneself out—বিশেষ চেষ্টা-কৃ, উপায়-কৃ; Make special exertions; strive earnestly.

Lay one's hand on one's heart and say—
প্রত: বলা; Say honestly, conscientiously and sincerely.

Lay one's hands on—ৰ্ড-কৃ , Seize. Lay one's hand upon—পো ; Find.

Lay on thick—God (West ; Bestow liberally.

Lay open—অৰাজ্যণিত-কৃ; Make bare, uncover Lay or put together—পরামর্থ-কৃ; Consult together.

Lay out—বাব-কৃ: Expend money :—বিক্তান-কৃ: Plan; dispose in order :—সকল-কৃ; To purpose .—টাকা খাটান, Invest money :—গোছান, Arrange.

Lay over—উপবে বিকৃত-কৃ; Spread over. Lay siege to—আক্রমণ-কৃ, Besiege.

Lay stress upon—(कांत्र-कृ, (क्य-कृ, Urge.

Lay the axe to the root of निम्मूर्गताल नहे-क . Thoroughly destroy.

Lay the foundation of wise-; Begin the preparation, take the first steps.

Lay to—ৰাবোপ-কু; সোৎসাহে অবৃত-হ, Impute; apply with vigour.

Lay together—একত্ৰিড-কৃ; ক্মা-কৃ, Collect.
Lay to heart—মনে কটু পাওৱা; কিছু মনে-কৃ; অসুভব

করা; Feel deeply, to permit to effect greatly; take to heart:—মনে মনে বিশেষ বিবেচনা-কৃ, Consider seriously and intently.

Lay to one's secount—আরোপ-কু; কারণবর্ষণ নির্দেশ-কু; Attribute to.

Lay under—বশীভূত-হ; অধীন-ক , Be subject to Lay under contribution—সকলকেই কিছু কিছু দিতে বাধ্য-ক ; Make people pay or contribute.

Lay under restraint—944-3. Sestiam.

Lsy up—সক্র-কু, সক্ষ ক্রিয়া হালা, Store, reserve for future use; store:—শ্ব্যাগত-কু; Confine to bed.

Lay up against a rainy day—বিপদ নিবারণ অস্ত টাকা সঞ্চর-ক ; Save money in anticipation of a time of sickness or misfortune.

Lay wait for—ৰাক্ষৰ করণাৰ্থ স্কাইয়া থাকা; Lie in ambush for. [ destroy.

Lay waste অনশৃত্য-কু; নই বা উলাড-কু; Desolate, Lay, a. নাধারণ সোকসম্বনীয়, Pertaining to the laity or people as distinct from the members of a learned profession; not clerical.

Lay, Ia, Laik, Ia'ik, Laical, Ia'ik-al, a. [Gr laos, the people] জনসাধারণ সংসাত ; বে বা বাহা বাজ্জীয় নছে ; Pertaining to the people, not clerical.
Layer, Ia'er, n. বন্ধ ; বৰক ; A bed or stratum, bed:—মূল ; A shoot laid up for propagation.
Layering, Ia'er-ing, n. কাৰসংলয় গল্লৰ আোৰিড কৰিয়া অনুবোধনাকৰ, A propagation by layers.

Lay-figure, la'fig'ur, n. 本語 項籍; Doll used by artists for modelling.

Layman, iz'man, n. বিষয়ী লোক ; ব্যবদায় বিশেৰে অনভিন্ন ব্যক্তি , A non-professional man.

Lazar, n. 東京田清 ; Leper.

Lazaret, laža-ret, Lazaretto, laz-a-reto, গ.
চিকিংসালয়; ফুটাল্ম; A public hospital for diseased persons.

Lezar-house, la'zar-hows, n. চিৰিৎসালs; কুটাবাৰ . A hospital for the reception of diseased persons; a hospital for quarantine.

Lazarists, n. A body of missionaries, founded by St. Vincent de Paul and so termed from the priory of St. Lazarus, which was their new quarters.

[বং; Full of sores; leprous.
Lazar-like, lazar-lik, a. কুট্রোগরত, কুট্রোগ্রিLazaroni, laz-a-ro'ni, n. সেইসের অসম ডিকাজীবী
নীচ্ছোপীর লোক; The lowest classes in Naples, who live an idle out-cast life

Lazarus, n. Sera, Any poor beggar.

Laziness, la'ze-nes, ম. আসম্য ; The state or quality of being lazy. Lazy, la'ze, a [L. lazus, loose] আমবিষ্ণ , জলস .

Lazy, ia ze, a L. lazus, loose] আম্বিষ্ধ , জলস , Slothful — কারিজনক ; Tedious. n = laziness ad=lazily. Syn :—Idle, inert, mactive, supine, torpid , slow, slack, sluggish

Los, Loy, lo, n. চারণ : প্রচারণার্থ মাঠ , ভূপকেজ . Grass land ; pasturage.

Load, দ. নীমা, মীনক, A metal; plummet for sounding — লেভ, ছাপিবার জন্ত সঞ্জিত পঙ্জিসমূহ বিচ্ছিত্র করিবার নীমের পাত্র, A thin plate of type-metal separating lines in printing — pl. নীমের পাতের ছাদ . A flat roof covered with lead-sheets — v. t. নীমা ছারা আচ্ছাদন-কু, To cover of fit with lead:— ছাপিবার জন্ত সঞ্জিত পঙ্জিসমূহ লেড বসাইবা বিচ্ছিত্র-কু, To separate lines in printing with leads.

Lead, led. v. t. शब सनीत , शबक्षप्रनित-क , शतिकालन-क , To guide , to direct to conduct . - আरम्ब-क , To command — बार्ड तमन-क ; बार्ड गांसी इस्त्री ; To precede - - আকাণ-কু, ললোভিত কু; To draw; to allure, to entice — অতিবাহিত-কু, To pass, spend —वांभन कड़ांत्र , To cause to pass or spend ·—v. : অত্রে গমন কবিয়া পথ প্রদর্শন-কু; অপ্রগামী হটরা প্য দেশান, To go before and show the way :--উৎপাদন-কু; To tend :- প্রবৃত্তি প্রকাশ-কু; ক্ষমতা বিভার-কু, To put a tendency; to exercise dominion :--- স. অপ্রশাষিতা ; অপ্রবর্ত্তিতা , First place . precedence :--পরিচালন , নেড্ড ; Direction , guidance. Syn .- (v) Direct, escort, go before, head; govern; influence, induce, persuade, prevail on; tend to, conduce, serve, contribute. Lead a cat and dog life नक्षण विवाप-कः To be in the habit of quarrelling.

Lead a pretty dance—কাহাকেও করে কেলা;
Bring one to trouble. [induce to evil.
Lead astray—বিপাগানী-ক; পাবল্ট-ক, Mislead;
Lead by the nose—নাকে গড়ি দিলা টালিলা লইবা
বাবলা, বে ধিকে ইচছা লইবা বাবলা; Lead blindly;
drag one as a bear by his ring—cause one to
follow another's direction blindly. [into captivity.
Lead captive—গলী করিবা লইবা ব্রিরা, To carry

Lead off or out—আবস্ত-কৃ; ছক্ত-কৃ; Begin. Lead one to the altar—বিবাহ-কৃ; কোন ব্যশীকে বিবাহ-কৃ; Marry one; marry a lady.

Lead the way - नव (पवादेश बदेश वादता; To show the way; act as, as a guide; go before and show the way.

Lead to—লইয়া বাঁষ ; Take to :—কোৰ কল হওৱা ; Be followed by (as a consequence.)

Take the lead—বেড়ৰ গ্ৰহণ-ক; সর্বাচন বাবনা; কোন কার্ব্যে আরব্যতি-হ; Be foremost; act as the leader; take the foremost place; take the most prominent part.

Leaded, a. Fitted with or set in lead.

Leaden, ledn, a. সীসা নির্দিত ; Made of lead :—
নিবেজ ; নিশ্চেষ্ট ; জড়বং ; Heavy ; dull.

Leaden-headed, a. निरंपण ; Dull.

Leaden-hearted, a. निहंत ; Unfeeling.

Loaden-heeled, a. মুক্সভি ; Slow.

Leaden-pencil, n. An instrument for drawing, made of black lead or plumbago.

Leader, leder, n. প্ৰপ্ৰদৰ্শক, অগ্ৰপানী; Guide; conductor:—মুখ্য প্ৰবন্ধ; প্ৰধান প্ৰবন্ধ; The leading article in a newspaper:—নলপতি, নেডা; অধিনায়ক; The chief of a party:—বজ্ৰের প্ৰধান চক; The principal wheel in any machinery. Syn:— Director; chief, commander, head, principal.

Leader of armies—দেনাবায়ক, Commander.
Leadership, টেder-ship, n. নায়কছ; নেতৃত্ব, অধিনায়ক্ত্ব, The state, condition or office of a leader
Leading, টেding, a. প্ৰধান; মুখা; Guiding;
chief; first. n=guidance. Syn:—Governing,
ruling, principal, most important, most influential, highest.

Leading question—Searce 44; One to suggest the kind of answer.

Leading-strings, leding-strings, n. pl.
লিভ বে রজ্জু অবশ্যন করিয়া হাঁটতে লিখে; হাঁটতে
লিখিবার সময় লিভাদিনের অবল্যন রজ্জু, পরের অধীন
হত্যা; Strings for supporting children, when
trying to walk; under the guidance or control
of another:—পর্বশে, In a state of absolute
dependence.

Be in leading-strings-পরবশ-হ, Be in a state of dependence or under the control of others.
Lead-pencil, led-pensil, n. দীসের পেন্সিল;

লেড্ পেন্সিল, A pencil or instrument for drawing, or making lines, made of blacklead.

Lead-poisoning, led-poi'zn-ing, n. দৈছিক
বয়নহো নীন প্ৰবেশ বাবা প্ৰাণৰৰ; A poisoning by the
absorption and differsion of lead in the system.
Leaf, lef, n. পত্ৰ; গাছেৰ পাতা; Green blade of
plants:—আছেৰ ছুই পুঠা; Two pages of a book:
—ক্পাটেৰ বা আনালাৰ বাইল; Side of a door or
window:—সোনাৰ পাত, Thin plate of gold:—
w. f. পত্ৰ বাহিৰ-কু; পত্ৰোক্ষত-কু; To shoot out or
produce leaves.

Take a leaf out of one's book—কাহাকে
আন্ধর্ণ করা; বিষয় বিশেৰে কাহারও দৃষ্টাত অনুকরণকু; Imitate one in certain particulars; make another one's model; do what another has done.
Turn over a new leaf—নুজন জীবন আব্দ্রুক বৃ;
To reform an evil habit, to began a new

course of life:—চাল্চলন পরিবর্তন কবা; অনুরূপ চলা; Begin a different mode of life; change one's conduct or course of procedure.

Leafage, leffaj, n. গ্ৰাম্থ, গ্ৰেছছ; Foliage. Leaf-breaker—গোৱ; Thief. [ leaves. Leafless, leffles, a. গ্ৰাইন; গ্ৰামুখ্য; Destitute of Leaflet, lefflet, n. মূল প্ৰা; A little leaf.

Leafy, left, a. न्यूनम ; Full of leaves. n=leafiness.

League, leg, n. [F. ligue, L. ligure, to bind] প্রায় বেড় কোল ; Nearly three miles:—সভি; বছল; একন ইনক ; A compact confederacy; a bond:—

v. চ. সভি- কু; সন্মিলিড-ই; To form a league; to unite for mutual interest. Syn:—Alliance, confederacy, coalition, combination, compact, union.

Be in league with—কোন (ছুই) অভীই সিভিন্ন জন্ম বাইত বোগ দেওবা, Be in alliance with another (generally, for a bad purpose.)

A sea-league—প্রার ৩২ নাইল; It contains 32 English miles nearly.

Leaguer, leg'er, n. निविद् ; A camp.

Loak, lek, n. [A. S. hlecc, leaky] ছিন্ত ; তরলপদার্থের গমনাগমন উপযোগী ছিন্ত , Hole letting water in and out:—দোব ; A flaw:—v. i. তরল পদার্থ প্রবিষ্ট বা বহিপত-হ, To let water in and out. Syn:—(n) Crack, crevice, chink, hole.

Leak out—বাহির-কৃ, Let out; ooze out:
—প্রকাশিত হইনা পড়া; বেড়িরে পড়া; Find publicity in a clandestine manner; become public in a clandestine or irregular way.

To spring a leak—ছিত্ৰ-ই; জন ঢোকা; To open or crack so as to let in water; to commence leaking, let in water through a crack or hole (used of ships.)

Loakage, ডিkaj, দ. ছিদ্ৰ দিয়া বডটুকু তৰল পদাৰ্থ প্ৰবিষ্ট বা নিৰ্গত হয়; That which enters or escapes by leaking — নিৰ্গত হইয়া বডটা অপচন হয় তাহান ধরাট; ছিদ্ৰ দিয়া নিঃসারণ জন্ম বাহা বাদ দেওয়া হয়; An allowance for leaking.

Loaky, leki, a. किज्ञमत ; निक्ज , Letting any liquid in or out. n = leakmess. f attached. Leal, a. विकामी ; Faithful. Syn :- Loyal, true, Loan, len, a. कृत, भाष्मशीन; यमशीन; Thin; wanting flesh :- 2. 2. बदने इंडर्ड ; (हना ; हिना न দে; আনত হওয়া; To incline towards :--নত-হ; To incline in opinion, conform in conduct :-আ্তাবন্ধরূপ অবলয়ন-কু; To depend for support :--v. t. न्ड क्रान ; To cause to lean ; incline :-- n. ৰদাহীৰ মাংস; The muscular part of flesh without fat. ad = leanly, n = leanness. Syn: -(a) Slender, spare, meagre, lank; skinny, gaunt, emaciated; barren, jejume; scanty, poor. (v) Recline, bear, rest, repose, confide, depend, tend, lead to.

Lean against—হেলাৰ দেখল ; Bend from a vertical position resting the back on (something).
Lean on a broken reed—আলা বছিল উপৰ ভৱ

দিরা, Depend for support upon something that has no strength of its own.

Lean on or upon— টেট হইরা ভর করা; Bend the body forward for supporting oneself on :— আনার্থকণ অবল্যন-কু, Rest on for support, Lean to—কোন দিকে কো , Incline to the side of Have a leaning to—কোন দিকে ৰোক বা টান বাকা , Have a predilection or liking for

Leanness, lenness, n. কৃপড়া, l'hinness, meagreness, emptiness, poverty [ understanding Lean-witted, a আৰু বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট, Having little Leap, হিচ, ফ ঃ [A S hleapan, to leap] আৰু-মে, উল্লেখন-ফ . আক্রানা-ফ , To jump, spring upward or forward, to move with bound, —ফ গ উল্লেখন ফ , লাকাইলা পার-হ , To pass over by leaping, to spring or bound over — দ বাৰ্নান , Bound — পারিবর্জন , Sudden transition Sun — Vault, bound, skip, hop, dance of joy

Leap from the scabbard— শ্ৰানি থাপ হইতে লাপিনে উঠা, অৰ্থাৎ আগ্ৰহের সহিত লডাই কথা Bound from the sheath readily, implying readiness or eagerness to fight

Take a leap in the dark-প্রিণাম না ভাবিত ছুলাইনিক কর্ম-কৃ, Do a hizardous thing without any idea of what may result in

Leap-frog, lep-frog n উলক্ষন কৌডা বিশেষ A play among boys, in which one stoops down and another leaps over him

Leap-year lip-yei, n প্রাণক চতুর্থ বয় করি কর বে কংসর ক্রিকাণ তিওও, Every i u th year i ir of yeo day

Learn, tern, e f [A S Learnian illed to Learn, to teach, শিকা ক জান জান কু To acquire new knowledge or ideas of —v : জ্ঞান উপাজন-কু, শিকা-কু, জ্ঞাত ক, To gun knowledge, to improve by example, to receive information Syn—Attain gather, clean, collect, understand know be informed hair

Learn by heart—Atte-\$, Learn so as to repeat.

Learn off hand—availa frais Learn at Learn off hand—availa frais

Learned derined, a প্ৰতিত জ্ঞান্সপায়, দিবত |
বিশ্বান নিপুণ, Versed in literature and scence
literate, skilful Syn — Knoving well in
formed, experienced skilled lettered deco
read, crudite, scholarly [ who learns a pur]
Loarner, element, n শিষ্য, ছাত্ৰ শিক্ষি One
Learning, lerhing, n জান, নিদ্যা, প্ৰতিত,
Knowledge, scholarship, erudition Syn —
Literature, lore, letters

Lease, 18s, n [hr lass er to let, hence reinquish] ভোড, জোডকমাৰ বিলি, পাটা, Ho'din, of land or house for a term of years at a rent, tenure — ৩. t পাটা-দে, ভোতজমা বিলি-ফু, To let for a term of years

Lease-hold, ভিনিতীd, a পাট্টাপ্রাপ্ত Held by lease —n. জোড, জোডছমি, Property held by lease

Leash, lesh, n. ধেৰ্ম ৰ জ, গাৰী ও ফুৰুব বাঁধা দড়ি, Leather thoug to hold dogs or bird, — u t ৰাজা, বন্ধ-কু, To hold by a lash, to bind

Leasing, टिशाल, n [A S leas, false, loose] फिला क्लो , Falschood, lies.

Least, lest a অভান্ধ, কন্নতম, Smallest—ad আগবে, কিছুই, অভান্ধ পরিমাণে, In the smallest degree Syn—(a) Feeblest, lowest, meanest, last, most diministry.

At least, At the least - ৰত্ত:, At Any rate; to say no more, if no more [degree In the least - মুলেই, কিছুমান, In the smallest To say the least - মত্ত: সকল কথা না বলিলেও, Saying as little as can be said or as ought to be said, speaking mildly, not to say all that might he said.

Leather, lether, n চর্দা, পৰিকৃত কাব্যোপবোগী চর্দ্া, Flie prepared skin of an animal —a চন্দ্রবৰ, চন্দ্রবিশিষ্ট কটন; Of or like Lather, tough v t বেক্সৰ আঘাত কু, To whip, to thrash

Nothing like leather—aid enjace was aca, Self interest blinds the eyes

Loathor bag - ভিত্তি ৷ [prepares leather Leather-dresser, দ চৰ্দ্দশ্যক, One who Leather-factor—শ্বাৰস্থী, Dealer in leather Leathern, lettern, a. শ্বাৰ্শ্ভি, চম্ম্বিভিত্ত, চম্ম্বৰ Made or consisting of leather

Leathorn-faced, a Weather beaten

Leather-wright, " \* 本河 A tanner

Leathery, lether i a base, sp Resembling leather, tough

Leave, lev र ६ পৰিভাগ के, श्रेणन-के To forik to abinder, dipart from — मानभाव नि त्रां-के To bequente — श्रेणिक त्र To uff to to remain — मनभाव के 15 trust — भावना के, Reject — के ने के 15 refer — 1 विवेह के, साज्यक्त , To disset to era e m समुक्ति , Petmission — विनाद महामन, नि कि true (11 — भनक सम्भा , Liberty grante 1 Syn — (v) Desert, iclinquich let alone, let be, primit allow, commit conign, refer, dimise cease desist from go depart remove decamp retire, ce se stop (v) Allowance li ense, withdra will dipart ne allow, poolly

Leave alone of the party of the modesting or modeling with one. If form a declar Leave off — 어울이 하는 보다 하는 사람이 아름다는 다음 그는 아름다는 다음 그래 나는 나는 나는 나는 나는 아름다는 다음 그래 나는 나는 나는 아름다는 다음 그래 나는 나는 아름다는 나는 아름다는 다음 그래요?

Loave one in the litreh—সহাট ত বা লাভবা, অনহাৰ বা ছুম্পাত্র অনহাৰ হোলৱা বাও i, Leave in a teriorin state or without telp—kerve one in nharrassed or helpless attacker

Leave one to one s fate - বৰ্ণতে বালা আছে হ,চাই মুক্ এইভাবে ৰাহাৰে পৰিত্য সূচ, Think no m re of one, take no more care of one but use i one to undergo what fate ordiains

Leave out-ছ'ডিবা দে, Omit

Leave no stone unturned — কিছু বাকি না রাধা,
- কপ্ত সাংনার্থ ত পুর সাধ্য চেন্তা-কু, Do eve ything
that can be done, to use all practical meanto effect an object | name

Leave one s mark—Leave behind a famous Loave out in the cold—ভাজীলা ক, Neglict leave uninhabited [—হাকাল Lose. Take leave of—বিদাবগৃহণ-ক, Bud fartwell to Leaved, level, a. প্ৰাণ্ডিং, নগৰ, প্ৰাণ্ডিং, Furnished with leaves, having a leaf, or made with leaves or folds.

Legven, levn, n. [F. levain, from lever, to raise ] ব্যাৰ, গাঁজ-উৎপাদক মিল্লণ, বামি, A portion

of fermenting dough; yeast:—ৰাহা পরিবর্ত্তন
ঘটাঃ; পরিবর্ত্তনজনক বস্তু, Any thing which makes
a general change:—v. f. গাঁজান; ঘৃষিত-কু; কলুবিত-কু; To excite fermentation in; to taint.

Leaves, levz, n pl. of leaf.

Leavings, levingz, n. pl. অবশিষ্টাংশ; অবশেষ; উচ্ছিষ্ট; Things left; relics; refuse.

Leoher, lech'ér, n. ৰম্পুট; A leud man :-- v.t. কামগুৰি চয়িতাৰ্থ-কু, To indulge lust.

Locherous, lecher-us, a. কামানজ; কামোনীপক; Lustful; leud. ns=Lecherousness, lechery. ad=leacherously. Syn:—Lascivious, wanton, salacious, concupiscent.

Lectorn, Lecturn, n গিজাব গুটার ধর্মায় পাঠের আধার (জেম); A reading-desk in churches from which the Scripture lessons are read.

Leotion, leksun, n. [L. lectum, to read] পাঠ; হত লিখিত বা মুদ্রিত প্রস্তের পাঠের ভিত্রতা; প্রস্তীয় ভলনা-লয়ে পঠিত ধর্মান্তাংশ. A reading; a variety in a manuscript or book; a portion of Scripture I read in divine service.

Lectionary, n ৰোমান কাাধলিক ভলনাপ্ৰয়, The Roman Catholic service-book

Lector, lck'tor, n পাঠক; ধর্মান্থ পাঠক, A reader; a reader of Scripture

Lecture, lek'tur. n { L. lectura, from legere. to read ! n বক্ষা, A set discourse:—হিবখার. A formal roproof:—n f বক্ষা বাবা উপদেশ-দে. প্রান্ধ বাবা শিক্ষা-দে. To instruct by discourse:— ভ্রেমা-কু, বিসম্বানকু, To reprove:—n. i বক্ষা-কু, প্রান্ধ পাঠ-কু, To give a lecture or lectures Syn:—(n) Reprimand, sermon, address, pre-lection, lesson

Read one a lecture—ভংগনা-ক. Administer a found reproof to one, reprove one.

Leaturer, lek'tar-èt, n. বলা , প্ৰান্ধ-পাঠক . One who gives lecture, a professor — দুগ্দেষ্ট', A pre whet in a church who assists the fector or curate.

Lectureship, n. 4 381 at 380 regists 818. The office | Led., pa and p p. of led. to show the way.

Be led away by—সম্ক্রেপে নীত বা চালিত ইংলা, Be completely swayed or misled by.

Ledge, lej, n [A. S. leger, from liegan, to he ] স্বাদি বাৰিবাৰ ডাক, A shelf on which to lay articles.—উন্নতাৰ, উত্তত তলভবক, Raised edge, ridge — সাৰি, A row:—ত্ত্ব, A layer:—
টেট কচি, A small moulding, a=ledgy Syn:—
Projection, shelf, small moulding, ridge of rocks.

Ledger, lej'ei, n. খতিয়ান, খতেন বহি, An account book.

[ledges.
Lodgy, lej'i, a শৈকস্বক্ষন; Abounding in
Loo, le, n. বানুপ্রবাহের অভিমুখীন ভাগ; বাবু সঞ্চার
ইইন্ডে রক্ষিত স্থান; বে দিকে বাবু বহে; A place detended from the wind; that quarter towards which
the wind blows.

Leeside, the loeside of a ship—আগতের বে গার্থ বায়ু হুটান্ত ব্যক্তিত; The sheltered side of a ship; the side or part not exposed to the wind. Leech, iech, n. অনোকা; জোক; Worm that sucks blood; a blood-sucking worm:—চিক্তিক Physician :—উকীল ; Lawyer :—v. i. জৌৰ বসাইরী বস্তু মোকণ-কৃ ; To bleed by means of leeches. Leecheraft—মারোগ্য কৌশল ; Healing art.

Leech-house, n. हिक्शिना ; Hospital.

Leek, lek. n. পৰাত্ব; পেজ; A kind of onion:— ওয়েন্দর জাতীর চিহু; The national emblem of Wales.

Learingly, ad. অপাস্গৃষ্টতে, With a leering look. Lear, হৈ, v. i. আড় চোকে দেখা; অপাসগৃষ্ট-কু; Look obliquely; look askance:—n. আড্নরন; অপাকে দেশন, An oblique look.

Lees, Icz, n. pl. মল , উচ্ছিঃ , জনানি ; শিট্টি , Sediments , dregs , refuse.

Thore are less to every wine— অতি উৎকৃষ্ট বস্তা কোন বোৰ আছে; The best things have some defect. [to the lee-side of a ship.

Lee-shore—বাবুড়াড়িড বাবু; The shore opposite Leet, let, n. ফট্লভের কার্বানিশেবের মনোনীত পদ-প্রার্থিণের তালিকা; A selected list of candidates for an office in Scotland.

Leeward, ad. বাব্ৰ অভিমূখীনদিগাভিমূখে; Toward the lee;—a বাব্ৰ অভিমূখীন ভাগ সংক্ৰান্ত কা তদভিমুখীন; In the direction of the lee.

Looway, n জাহাজেব প্রকৃষ গতিপথ হইতে বায়ুপ্রবাহের অভিন্থান নিকে যতন্ব চালিত হয়. The wity or distance a ship is driven to leeward of her true course

Left, p. t. and p. p of leave.

Left, leit, n. বাম , বামপাৰ্যস্থ ; Not righ :—n. বাষ-দিক , বামপাৰ ; The side opposite to that of the right.

Left to onesolf—একাকী বা অন্ত কৰ্তৃক পৰিত্যক ২ গুয়াতে, নিজেশ ইচ্ছামত চলিতে যাওয়া; Left alone; permitted to follow one's own desire; —আপনার ইচ্ছামত কথ্য করিতে-জে; To be permitted to follow one's own opinions or desires.

Loft-handed, left-hand'ed, a. জাটা: নেলা; নেটা, U-mg the left hand.—কুম্সিত, Awkward: —ফু ভাগা, Unlucky, malicious

Loft-handed marriage—An irregular and not perfectly valid marriage

Loft-handedness, Left-handiness, n. কুং-সিত্ত ভাব , Awkwardness.

Loft-witted, a निर्देश , Dull

Log, leg. n. পদ; Lumb for walking:—আলম্ম, পাশা; Support. a=legged (পদবিশিষ্ট; having legs).

Be on one's last legs—মৃতপ্ৰায়-ছ; Be about to collapse, be near to ruin or death.

Be on one's logs—বজুতা কৰিবাৰ জন্ম দীড়ান, Stand to speak, stand in order to speak:—বল পাইবা ধাড়া হুববা; Regain stength so as to be able to stand.

To take leg-bail (slang)—প্ৰায়ন-কৃ; To ab-cond or run away. [Having no support. Without a leg to stand upon—বৰ্ণমন্থ : Liegacy, leg'a-se, n. [L. legace, to bequeath] মুগুৰানে মন্ত স্পাত্তি; Bequest. Syn:—Bequeathment, devise.

Legacy-hunter, leg'a-si-hunt'er, n. বে ব্যক্তি উইল্ জন্মারে সম্পত্তি প্রান্তির জবেবণে ভোবামোদ করিয়া বুরিয়া বেড়ার ; One who strives to get legacies, Zegal, ie'gal, a. [L. legalis, from lex, legis, law] বিবি সম্বায়; আইন সম্বায়; Pertaining to law:—বৈধ, বিবিসম্ভ: Lawful:—আইন বারা গঠিত বা অনুবোদিত; Created or permitted by law. n= legality. ad=legally. Syn:—Constitutional. legitimate, authorized.

Legalise, le'galiz, v. f. ব্যবস্থান্থায়ী-কৃ, বিদিসিক্ কু; অনুবোদন-কু; To authorise; to sanction. Syn:—Legitimate, make legal.

Legate, leg'at, n. [L. legatus, from legure, to send with a commission] পোপের দৃত, পোপের প্রতিবিধি, Deputy; Pope's ambassador. a=legatine Syn:—Envy, representative, delegate, nuncio Legatee, leg-a-té, n. উত্তবাধিকারী; উইলে করিয়া বাহাকে দাল করা বার; One to whom a legacy [ office of a legate Legateship, leg'at-ship, n. বাজ্যতের প্রথ: The

Legateship, leg'at-ship, n. বাজ্পুতের পদ; The Legation, le-gáshun, n. পৌতা, পুতা, Embassy, deputation:—পুত; Envoy. [ to, a legate Legative, a. বাজ্পুত সপাৰীয় ; Of, or pertaining Legator, n. One who bequeathes a legacy. Legbail, n. প্ৰায়ৰ, Flight.

Legend, lej'end, n [ L. legendus, to be read ] পৌরাণিক কথা ; পোরাণিক উপাধ্যান , জনপ্রান্তি ; Tale , a marvellous or romantic story from early times :—বর্ষের উপৰ অভিত রোক , Inscription or

motto, as on a coat of arms. Syn: -Romantic story, ancient tale, incredible narrative, fable, myth, fiction; motto, inscription.

Legendary, lej'end-ar-e, n. পৌরাণিক উপাধ্যান, পৌরাণিক কথাপূর্ণ ক্ষম. A book of legends:—a পৌরাণিক; অমুত; কামনিক, Consisting of or like legends; exaggerated; extravagant; romantic, fabulous. Syn:—Fictitious, mythical

Legerdemain, lej-er-de-man, n. ভোৰবাৰি : ইজনান ; Jugglery :—হতকৌনন ; Sleight-of-hand Legging, leg'ing, n. পদাবৰৰ , A cover for the

Legible, lej'e-bl, a. [L. legibilis, from legere, to read] আই; পাইসাঘা; সুবোষা, Clear and distinct, clear of being understord ns=legibleness, legibility. ad=legibly. Syn:—Readable, decipherable, discoverable, clear, distinct, plain.

Legion, le'jun, n. [ L. legio, from legere, to gather ] সৈয়নল, বোড্ডল; A body of Roman soldiers, a military force:—আনেক সংখ্যা, বৃহ-সংখ্যা, A great number. Syn:—Army, host: multitude, myriad. [ insituted by Napoleon Legion of honour—A French order of merit, Their number is legion—ভাষাকের অংখ্যার সীমা বাই; They are innumerable, their number is large.

Legionary, le'jun-ar-i, a. সৈত্তসৰ্কীৰ; দেনায়ল-সংকাৰ, Consisting of a legion or legions:—বহু-সংবাৰ; Containing a great number:—n. জনৈক নৈনিক, A soldier of a legion.

Legislate, lj'is-lät, v.i. [L. lex, legis, law, and fero, latum, to hear ] আইন-ফ; ব্যবহা-ফ; আইন
বিধিৰজ-ফু; To make laws. n=legislation, (ব্যবহা বিধান)।

Legislative, lej'is-la-tiv, a. ৰাৰ্যাপৰ ; বিধি-বাৰ্যাপৰ সংকাৰ ; Pertaining to legislation. Legislator, icjis-lat-cr, n. আইনকর্তা; বিশিব্যক্ষণের : A law-giver. fem—legislatress.
Legislature, lefis-lat-ur, n. ব্যবস্থাপক সমাজ;
Body which makes laws. [skilled in law.
Legist, lefist, n. আইনজ: ব্যবস্থাপানিক: Ope

Legist, le'jist, n. আইনজ; ব্যবহাণারাভিজ; One Legitimacy, le-jit'i-ma-si, n. বৈৰকা; বিধিসিছতা; Legality:—হজনতা; হজাতত্ব; Lawfulness of birth:—অভ্নিমতা; বাধার্য; Genuineness:— ব্যার্থতা; বথাবিধি সিদ্ধান্ত; Regular deduction.

Legitimate, হি-jit'e-mat, a. বিধিবৰ; Lawful:

তরস্কাত; ব্জাত, Lawfully begotton: — অকৃত্রিম,
আসল; বগার্থ; ব্যবহার ছারা সিদ্ধ; Genuine;
real: — ভার-শারাকুবারী; Following by logical or
natural sequence: — ত. বৈশ-কৃ: জাইন সক্ত-কৃ:
To make lawful: — বর্ণপালি সভাবের ছফ্ উপপায়ীক
সভাবকে ছার-কৃ: To give the rights of a legitimate child to an illegitimate one. ad=legitimately. Syn:—Legal; not spurious, acknowledged, authorized.

Legitimate wife—ধর্ণদী।

Legitimation, le-jit-i-ma'shun, n. रेनण्डा সম্পাদন; হ্ৰানের বহুদান; The act of rendering legitimate, particularly of conferring the privileges of lawful birth.

Legitimist, le-jiti-mist, n. বৈশক্ষভাসমৰ্ক ; বৈশ-ক্ষভাৱ প্ৰথেখিক ; One who supports legitimate authority :—In France, an adherent of the Bourbons deposed in 1830, partisan of absolutism.

Logless, leg'les, a. পদারীন; Destitute of legs.
Leg-lock, n. প্ৰান; Fetter. [ veller.
Leg-stretcher, n. অম্পনারী: Pedestrian; tra-Legume, leg'um, Logumen, le-gūmen, n.
[ L. lego, to gather ] ভাটা, কলাই; ছইভাগে বিজক বীজকোৰ; A seed-vessel of two valves. pl = legumens; legumina, a=leguminous.

Loguminous, le-gū'mın-us, a. বীলকোবসুক্তঃ ভূটীবারী; কলাই সময়িত, Consisting of pulse.

Leisure, le'shūr, n [L. lscere, to be permitted]
অবলাপ; কাৰ্য হইতে নিবৃত্তি; অবসরকার, Freedom
from business; unoccupied time:—a. অব্যাপৃত,
Unoccupied. Syn:—Vacation, opportunity,
convenience, ease, quiet, retirement, spare time.
At leisure—অবকাশক্ষয়ে; Slowly and leisurely;
conveniently:—অবকাশক্ষয়ে; Free from occupation.

Leisurely, le'zhōōr-ki, a. অবহিত; মহন : গীর ; মন্দ , Slow ; deliberate :—ad, আবে আবে ; বীরে গীরে ; In a leisurely manner. [heart. Leman, le'man, a. অন্ত্রী বা অন্ত্রিনী; Sweet Lemma, lema, a. [Gr. lambano, to receive] প্রবৃত্তী কোন অভিজ্ঞান অমাণ সৌক্র্যার্থ অভিস্থন অভিজ্ঞা; Assumption to facilitate demonstration.

Lemming, #. डेडन देवूदवारनेत अक्काडीत वृदिक; A species of rat in northern Europe.

Lomon, lemun, n. পেৰু; An acid fruit :--পেৰু পাছ; The tree that bears lemons.

Lemonade, lem-un-হd, n. সরবৎ; পানীর বিবেষ; লেমনেড্; A drink made of lemon-juice, water, and sugar.

Lemur, le'mur, n. [L. lemur, a ghost] यान्य विष्ण ; A kind of monkey in Madagascar. Lend, lend, ত. f. ক্ৰ-ৰে; বাৰ কেলা; To give for a short time something to be returned:—কে; বাৰ-ড়; To afford or grant:—ভাড়া-ৰে; To let for compensation. n=lender. Syn:—Advance, loan; give, present, furnish, supply, confer, impart.

Lend oneself to—কোন ক্ৰিবৰে কাহাৰও সাহায্য-‡: Countenance; aid a person in (something bad):—বোগ-দে; Join.

Lond one's name to—ছোন কিছুতে দাম দেওৱা; Allow one's name to be used in —নিজের নাম দিয়া অপুযোগন-ত্ব; Sanction with one's name.

Length, length, n. দৈগ্য; দীৰ্থভা; Extent or reach from end to end:—দীৰ্থকালিছিভি, Long continuance:—পুঝাৰুপুঝা; Detail.

At length—অবশ্যে, At last; at the end; after a long perced.—স্বিত্তর ক্ষিণা, In detail, without abbreviation.

Great lengths—বাড়াবাড়ি; A hazardous extent or effort. [ throughout.

Length and breadth—চাবিদকে, All over; The length and breadth of the land— দেশের সকলে, চারিদিকে, The whole extent of the country

Lie at full length, Fall at full length— ডবং পাঠত হওবা, পটাৰ হইবা পোৱা বা পঢ়া, Lie p.ostinte, be stretched, fall flat.

Longthon, lengthin, ৩ t. দীৰ্থ-ত্ব; টানিয়া লছা-ত্ব.
To make long or longer, to draw out, te prolong —v. r. দীৰ্থ-ত্ব, দীৰ্থত্ব-ত্ব; To grow longer. Syn —Stretch, elongate, produce; protract extend, spin out.

Lengthwise, lengthwiz, ad, লখালখি, In the direction of the lengti

Lengthy, lengthe, a বুল্ব , ন্মা, Rather long, lengthened n=lengthmese ad=lengthily. Syn:
- Prolix, tedious, long-drawn, not bucf

Leniency, le'ne-en-se, n. 明]; 家有李明, Lenity. Syn:—Clemency, mildness, gentleness, mercy, forbearance, tenderness.

Lenient, ic ne-ent, n. [L. lenire, to soften]
দালু; সদ্য; Mild; merciful:—n. কোনসভাস্থিক
উপৰ বা ব্ৰহ্ম; A medicine that soften n=leniency. Syn:—Clement, gentle, tender, forbearing;
soothing, assuasive.

Lenitive, lefut-iv, a. উপ্পমকারী; শান্তকারক; উপপমকানক, স্থানজনক; নেচক; Mutigating; soothing; palliative; laxative:—n. বস্ত্রণানিবারক ঔবধ বা আলেণ; মুছ বিরেচক; A medicine or an application for easing pain; a mild purgative.

Lonity, lefte-te, Lonionoy, n. {L. lenitas, from lenis, soft, mild] \*\*\*|; Mildness; gentleness; clemency. Syn:—Kindness, tenderness, softness, humanity, mercy.

Lone, lenz, n. [L. lens, lentis, the lentil] #2-

Lent, lent, n. s. বিৰৱাণী উপৰালোৎসৰ; চল্লিশ দিৰের উপৰাস; A forty-day fast of the churches of Rome and England. a = lenten.

Lenten, lenten, s. লেউ-সংকান্ত; লেউ ব্ৰহন্ত; পৰি-শিক, Pertaining to, or used in, lent; sparing. Lenticular, len-tiku-lar, Lentiform, lenti-

form, a. [ L lens, a lentil ] कार्रविषष्ट ; अव्यास्त्र , Shaped like lens. ad-lenticularly.

Lentil, lehtil, n. [ L. lens, lentis, the lentil मञ्ज : मञ्ज काङ ; A kind of pulse ; a plant.

Lentisk, lentisk, n. [L. lentus, sticky] was facus; The mastic tree. [viscid.

Lentous, lentus, a. আঠান; চট্চটে; Sticky, Leo, lc'o, n. সিংহরাশি; The fifth sign of the zodiac. Leonine, lco'-nın, a. সিংহৰণ; সিংহসবজীয়; সিংহ সদৃশ; Of or like a lion.

Leopard, lep'ard, n. [Gr. leon, lion, pardos, pard] हिंडोबांच . A cat-like beast, a carnivorous animal of the feline kind, with a spotted skin. Leper, lep'er, n. [Gr. lepos, a scale] कृष्टेदाविजय (लाड ; कृष्टेदाविजय )

Lepidoptera, n. pl. চতু:পক্ৰিছি কীট; Insect having four wings. as-lepidopteral, lepidopterous

Leporine, lep'o-rin, a. ( f.. lepus, leporis, the hare ) ললক-স'কান্ত; ব্রগোসসম্ভীয়; ললকসমূল; Pertaining to, or resembling, the hare.

Lepra, Leprosy, lep'ro-si, n. कृत्रदांग ; Loath-

Leprous, lep'ins, a. কুঠরোগবিশিষ্ট ; কুঠরোগাকান্ত ; Affected with leprosy. a≃leprously. næle-্নান্য-ness

Losion, ic'rnun. n [ L. laedo, laesum, to hurt ] আবাত ; কঙ, An injury or wound.

Less, les, a. কুলতর; অলচর, Comparative of little; smaller; diminished —ad. তত নতে; অলতর পরিমানে, Not so much; in a lower degree: —n. কুলুত্ব পান; A smaller portion:—নিকৃত্ত ভন, The interior or younger. Syn:—(a) More diminutive, more insignificant, inferior, lower.

None the less, Not the less—সেই কারণে ধে একট্ও কম ভাগা নকে; Not on that account in a less degree.

Lessoo, les-se', #. জোতজনির পাট্টাদাব ; জোতদার : ()ne to whom a lease is granted.

Losson, leśn, ৩. t. নাৰ-কু; স্থান-কু; অবন্যিত-কু;
To make less, weaken, ahate, lower, degrade:
—৩. i. নান-হু; ক্ষতর বা অল্পত্র-হু; To become
le-s. Syn:—Diminish, decrease, reduce, abate,
abridge, contract, narrow, curtail, retrench;
weaken, impair; be reduced, sink, shrink,
dwindle. [inferior.

Lesser, leśćr, a. ক্ষতন; নিক্টতন; Smaller; Lesson, leśn, n. [L. lego, to gather, to read] শিকা, Instruction:—ছাত্রের পাঠ; Task:—উপাৰেণ; A precept or doctrine:—কঠোন শিকা, ভংগলা; Severe lecture; reproof. Syn:—Pupil's task, exercise, rebuke, formal censure

Learn a lesson—শিকা পাওৱা ; ঠেকে শেখা ; Gain some knowledge by personal experience.

Take a lesson from one—কাহায়ও নিকটে পাঠ
জবা , Become with advantage the pupil of one.
Lessor, lesor, n. বে ব্যক্তি ছোডজনিয় পাঠা দেয়;
One who grants a lease. | fear that not.
Lest, lest, conj. পাতে , বেৰ বা ; এই আনহায়; For
Let, let, ত f অসুমতি-কু; দাও; To allow; to
permit, suffer:—ভাডা-দে, ইজারা-দে; To grant
to a tenant or hirer, to lease.—অভিরোধ-কু;

ৰাধা-লে: To prevent; to hinder:--ল. বাধা; প্ৰতিবন্ধ; বিলম; Hindrance; obstruction; delay. Syn:--(n) Obstacle, impediment.

Be let out to—डाड़ा (मरना ; Be hired by.

Let alone—हांडिया (वतना ; जान कना . Forbear molesting or meddling with.

Let down—নামান; অবন্যিত-কৃ; উপৰ ছইতে নীচে নামাইবা কেওবা. To permit to sink or fall lower; lower (forth with widence

Let drive or fly—বলপূৰ্কক নিকেপ-কু, To send Let in or into—ভিত্তরে প্রবেশ করিতে পেওয়া; Admit, allow to enter.

Let loose—মুক-কু, বছন প্ৰিয়া দেওবা; আবদ্ধ অবস্থা হইতে মুক্ত করিবা ছাডিবা দেওবা, Let at large, set at large, set free from restraint.

Let loose on —কুকুরের মত নেলাইলা দেওবা , দৌবাল্পা করিতে দেওবা , Suffer to f ill upon.

Let off—ছাডিবা-বে, Suffer to go free from some penalty .—বন্ধ বা বাদ্ধি ছোড়া. Discharge a fire-arm — মুক্ত কু; Release (from an engagement or penalty)

Let one into—Admit one into (a secret) — অবগত ক , কোন ওপ্ত কথার ভিতৰ প্রাথশ কবিতে দেওবা Make one acquainted with.

Let out—ব্লে-মে . To extend or loosen as a rope on the tops of a garment —ভান-ম , To lease .
—ছাডিয়া-মে , Suffer to escape.

Let pass -- any . Neglect.

Let slip—ছাডিগা দেপ্থা, হাউতে তেপণা, আক্রমণার্থে ছেন্তে দেওখা; To suffer to pass insensibly or negligently; set in motion with a view to fall upon. Let the cat out of the bag—গোপনীয় বিষয় আকাশ-কৃ; To tell a secret

To let blood—বক্ত মোকণ কু, বক্ত চোৰা, To cause blood to flow (from a vein), to bleed Without let or hindrance—বিনা বাধাৰ, Without impediment

Lethal, le'thal, a [ L. lethalis, from lethum, death ] প্ৰাণনাশক, সাহ্বাতিক; মারাক্ষক, Fatal, deadly, mortal; destructive.

Lethargie, le-thar'jik, Lethargical, lethar'jik-al, a. খলস ; নিকেট ; নিমানু ; Dull ; sleepy ad = lethargically.

Lothargy, lethar-je, n [ Gr. lethargia, drow-sy, (orgetfulne-s ] আনসা, তপ্ৰা, ভতঃ ; অঘাতা-বিক নিত্ৰাবুটা; নিশ্টেডা, Drowsiness, stupor; dullness, Syn:—Morbid, torpor, dulness, in-action.

Lethe, le'the, n. [Gr. lethe, forgetfulness]
বিশ্বতি নথী: বিশ্বতি সাগর, River of death or oblivion, a river of the lower world, whose waters caused a total forgetfulness of the past:
- বিশ্বতি; Forgetfulness.

Lethean, le-the an, a. विश्वित्वनक ; Oblivious ; inducing forgetfulness.

Letherous, a. alfaire, Mortal.

Lethiferous, le-thiferous, a. [L. lethum, death, and fero, to bear] সাবায়ক; বাজাতিক; আপনাশক, Bearing death, deadly.
Letter, leter, n. অকর; বৰ্ণ, Alphabetic charac-

Letter, leter, ন. জকর ; বৰ্ণ . Alphabetic character :—নিপি ; পত্ৰ ; পত্ৰিকা , Epistle :—বাকোর জর্ম ; আক্রিক অর্থ , Yerbal expression ; literal meaning , exact signification:—ছাগিবার অকর; A printing type :—pl. বিবা!; Learning:—p. t. অকর অধিককৃ; অকব ব্যক্তি-কৃ; To stamp letters upon; to impress letters. Syn:—Note, missive.

A man of letters—পৃথিত ; A learned man. Letter of attorney—ওক্তিত্নাৰা ; Authority to act for another.

Letter of credit—Letter to a merchant requesting to make an advance to the bearer.

Letter of license—Permission to a debtor to carry on his business unmolested.

Letter of marque—A commission given to a private ship by government to make reprisals on the ships of another states; hence, the ship thus commissioned.

The letter of the law—শৰাৰ্থ; আইনে বাহা লেখা আছে তাহা, আইনাম্বান্তী; The exact wording of the law, the strict import of the words in which the law is expressed.

To the letter—অবিকল: ঠিক: একচুলও ভলাং নহে: Literally and strictly; exactly, minutely

Letterod, leterd, a. কৃত্যবিদা, শিক্ষিত, বিছান; Educated; versed in literature — অক্ষাবিশিষ্ট; Marked with letters. Syn — Learned, well read, bookish. literary; docquetted, stamped. Letter-founder, leter-founder, n. ছাপিবার অক্ষ ঢালাইকার; Type-caster.

Lottering, leter-ing, n আকর মুলাকণ, মুক্তিত আকৰ্মমূত, The act of impressing letters; the letters impressed.

Letters-patent, leter-patent, n. বিশেষ ফৰিকাৰ পত্ৰ, মহি নোচৰ কৰা ৰাজ্যক লিখন, কোন কবিকাৰ ভোগ কৰিবাৰ কমত্ৰ-পত্ৰ, Royal grant, patent; open sheets of parchment sealed and signed by one in authority granting power to some one to do some act, or enjoy some privilege, a writing by which a person is authorised to enjoy some privilege.

Letter-press, leter-pres, n. জন্দের ভাগা মুজা-জিত জন্দন্ত বা বিষয়, Letters impressed or matter printed from type, as distinguished from engraving.

Letter-writer, n পত্ৰ-লেখৰ; Writer of letters:—পত্ৰ লিখিতে শিকা দিবাৰ পুত্ৰক; Book for teaching how to write letters:—Coppying machine [গতা বিশেষ; A plant. Lettuce, letis, n. [L. lac, milk] উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ. Levant, le-vant, n [L. levare, to raise] প্ৰান্ধানৰ বিশু, প্ৰদিক; The point where the sun rises; the East:—ত্ৰয়াসাগ্ৰেৰ প্ৰদিক্ত উপকৃন; The eastern part of the Mediterranean:—v. i. ভতাৰে প্ৰায়ন-ভু; Abscond, decamp mysteriously.

Levant, levant, a. প্রাণিকেশীয়, প্রকাশীয়; Eastern. Levanter, le-vanter, n. এবল প্রবায়; A strong easterly wind in the levant wind.

Leventine, le-vantin, a. ব্ৰুপেৰ; বেডাট সংক্ৰাৰ, Belonging to the levant; eastern: n. A native of levant.

Levee, leve, ন. আসককাণের প্রাতঃসমিতি ; দ্ববার A morning assembly of visitors , an assembly received by a sovereign or other great personage, Levee day, \* watta fee. The day in which visitors are received by a sovereign.

Level, level, ন. সমন্তল, সমন্ত্রি; Even surface

সমতা; সাধারণ উচ্চতা, Equality; usual elevation —উচ্চতা; Customary height.—লক্ষ্যারেশা; The line of direction:—ব্যু বিশেষ . Theodolite — ফ t. সমার-কু, সমতল বা সমোচ্চ-কু, To make horizontal, to make even flat, or smooth:

—কুল্য-কু, স্থান কু, To make equal, to make even:
—লক্ষ্য-কু, স্থান-কু, To make aim — a. সম্ভল, অব্যুব, স্থোলাকুলা, For make aim — a. সম্ভল, পদ বা ম্বালাকুলা, Equal in rank or degree Syn:

—(a) Even, flat, plain, horizontal, smooth; fluth; on a par, equal. (v) Smooth, rare, demolish, aim, direct, point, adapt, suit, fit, proportion.

Be on a level with—সমান কাৰিণিট-হ, Be on an equality with, accord with [direct against Level at—লকা-হ, কাহারও প্রতি লক্ষ্য-হু, Aim at Level down—সমান-হু; Smoothe.

Leveller, level-er, n nacopaisi, naconaise, One who levels -- naise , One who advocates universal equality

Levellors, n A political party in the time of Charles I, who wanted all men to be placed on a level with respect to their eligibility to office

Levelling, level-ing, ল সমতাদাৰৰ, ভূপ্টেৰ ভিন্ন ভিন্ন কানেৰ সমতাৰ ভাৰতমা নিৰূপৰ-প্ৰণানী, The reduction of uneven surfaces to a level, the process of finding the differences in level between different points on the surface of the earth

Levelness, level-nes, n সমতা, The state of being level, even or equal

Lever, it'ver, n [L levo, to raise] ভাৰ উল্লোচন করিবার যন্ত্র, ভারেণ্ডলন দত , দতবন্ত্র, Bar for raising a weight

Leverage, তি দলৈ নি স কৰ্মন্ত ছারা লাভ কৰা কৰা কামন কামা, Action of a lever the mechanical by power guned by the use of the lever

Lioveret, lever-et n [L lepus leparis, n hitte | \*\* 神本-백日本, 如本 वरत्रव वयक भनक, A young

Loviable, kvi-a ble, a কর বসাহবার যোগা, ধার্বা করিয়া আছায় করিলার যোগা বা সাধা That may be kvied, fit or able to be assessed

Leviathan, le-vi'a-than, দ প্ৰকাণ জনসম্ভ বিশেষ .
A fabulous monster, a large sea-animal — কোন প্ৰকাণাকৃতি বস্তু , Anything of huge size — 

a জাত বুহুৎ , Monstrously large

Levigate, kivigit, v t { L levis, smooth } পারিছত-ক, চূর্ব-ক, গুলা-ক, Smoothe, grind to small powder n= levigation

Levitation, lev i-रा shun, n [L. levis, light] वस् कर्न , Act of making light.

Levite, levit, n প্ৰেছিড, নেভাৰ কৰ্মন, One of the priestly tribe of Levi a son of Jacob. as = levitic, levitical ad=levitically.

Levitical degrees—Degrees of relationship named in Leviticus, within which marriage is forbidden.

Leviticus, leviti-kus n খুৱার ধর্মপুরাণের প্রস্থ বিশেষ, The third book of the old Testament.

Levity, leve-te, n [ L levilar, from levis, hight m weight ] মতুলা, চপলতা, চপলতা, চপলতা, Lightness, unsteadiness — লব্ডিছালা, অবিবেহিতা, ব্যাছিমান, Lightness of temper or conduct, thoughtlessness; disposition to trifle; vanity Syn — Buoyancy; inconstancy, fickleness, volatility, flightness, frivolity.

Levy, leve, v. t. [L. levo, to raise ] কর সংগ্রহ-র , Assess; collect tax , raise army — n. জোক , Distraint:—ব্যক্তর অন্ত সৈতা সংগ্রহ , Raising men for the army , men so raised — করনির্বারণ , Assessment — প্রাপ্ত ক্ষমতাস্থানে সংগ্রহ , The act of collecting by authority Syn — (v) Raise, muster , gather, collect, exact

Levy in mass, n. A requisition of all able bodied men for military service

Levy war—আক্রমণের জন্ত অনু এইণ-কৃ, কন্ধ আরক্ত কৃ, আক্রমণ-কৃ, To take arms for attack, to begin war to attack

Lewd, lūd a ছুক্ৰিক, কামুক, কলট এই, ক্ৰুবিভ অপৰিক, Wicked, lustful; licentious, profligate, unchaste, debauched, impure n= lewdness ad=lewdly Syn —Libidinous, sensual, impure, lecherous, incontinent, profligate, dissolute, lascipious

Lewdness, lūdnes, ল লশানিতা, নাইডা, The unlawful indulgence of lust Syn — Lasciviousness, impurity, unchastity, debauchery, lechery, licentiousness.

Lexicographer, leks-i kog'ta-fer দ অভিধান লেখক . শক্ষাৰ-সহলক , Writer of lexicogra phy a=lexicographic.

Lexicography, leks-i-kog'ra-fi, n [Gr lexicon, a dictionary, and grapho, to write ] অভিধান সকলন করণ, শব্দাকাৰ সকলন বা হৰণা, The art of writing a dictionary. a = lexicographic lexicographic il

Lexicologist, leks i-knlo-jist, n শক্বিজ্ঞান্বিং , One skilled in lexicology

Lexicology, leks-i-koto in m [Gr lesis and togos a discourt or treatise] 可有行動可, That branch of philology which treats of the proper signification of words the science of words

Lexicon, ichse-kon, n [ Gr lexis, a word ]
খাৰকোৰ কোৰ, জাওবাৰ Dictionary a=lexical.
Syn —Vocabulary Libsary, word-book

Loy, lt, n (年至 夏) 京年, A meadow, pasturige —Alkaline witter

Leydon jar, n A glass jar so costed inside and outside that it may be charged with electricity a ability, li-1-bile-te, n मांचर प्रितेष । भांचर प्रितेष । अविन्द्रां अर्थान्द्रां अर्थान्द्रां । Iaw or justice Syn —Responsibility, accountability, obligation, exposedness, tendency

Inable, ha-bl, a [I ligare, to bind] বাগা, mid, Answerable, obliged, responsible—আধীৰ, প্ৰবৰ, Subject, exposed to tending. n=hability.
Syn —Accountable, bound, amenable, responsible; obnoxious [the power of.]

Be liable to—কোন ভিছুৰ জ্বীন ২ওগা, Be under Liable to death—ম্বৰ্ণীন।

Liable to be punished-retting :

Inaison, le'o-zong, \* [L liques, to bind] সংবাগ, সংবাগৰদ্ধ, প্ৰথম, A union, or bond of uni n, intimacy

Libr, li'ar, স মিখাবালী, One who utters falsehood Libation, li-bā'shun, n [Gr. leibo to pour] বেবান্দেশে মলা বা ভরল প্রবা প্রদান, ভর্গণ, পিতৃশোক উদ্দেশে কল বা মলা নিবেলন, The pouring of wine or other liquid in honour of some deity, pouring wine in honour of a god or hero

Libel, libel n [L libellus a little book]
প্ৰনিন্দা নিন্দাৰ্যক , বিশেষপূৰ্য কুংসা প্ৰচাৰ , Lampoon , malicious publication , satire , calumny
ত গ প্রনিন্দা-কু , কুংসা কু ব্যক্ত কু , To defame ,
to satirise to lampoon

Labeller, l'bel-er, » প্ৰনিশাকাৰী, কুংসাকাৰক One who defames by libels

Libellous, libel-us, a নিৰাপ্ৰ কুৎসাবিশিষ্ট , Defamatory ad=libellously

Laboral, liberal a fL laborales, from labor, free] তা তালেছিত Free by birth, refined befitting a gentleman —সর্ব Open hearted, candid —উলাৰ "জননা, Cathonic generous —দালাল বদান্ত, Bountitul —গ্ৰুষ্ Profuse — বুজ hree —বাজালাল লগ্ৰেক কিন্তাৰ অব্বল Friendly to great fre dom in the form of administration of government —ইম্বাৰ মি t bound by orthodox or e triblished tenets in p it all or religious philosophy —তাৰিক নাই Not strict or literal —স্বাৰ, General —কিম্বাল Extensive ad=iberally Syn —Murifi entenlarged, not b goted catholic tolerant highmaded open caidid large tull un tinted plentiful copious ample protuse

Laboral arts— Reals [str] Such as depend more on exertion of the mind than on labour of the hand, as grammer rhetor of painting sculpture, archi ecture musi

Liberalise, liber al iz, t গ মনপ্ৰক \* দুল্ল ৰা মাজেভ মত কু বিপাল ক, To mike h ril to enlarge, free from narrow views or prejudice, to enlarge.

Liberalism, liber-al-izm, ল কার্থীনতা রাজনীত বাধ্যুমেলাজ উদারতী, প্রিয়তা, The para its of a liberal in politics or religion, fundaess of freedom

Liberalist, n Advocate of liberal principles Liberality, liberale te, n উন্বতা স্বৰ্থন Cathol city, generosity, largeness of mind candour —ব্যাস্থতা, Munificence — দান দান- শিবতা A gift — নিরপেতা, Impactivity Syn—Beneficence, benevolence, bountifulnes, charity, present, donation, benefaction, giatuity, magnanimity, candour, impartiality, toleration, catholicity

Liberate, liber at, v t [L liberare from liber free] ছাডিয়া দেবৰা, মৃক কু, Set free, release from restraint. n=liberation. Syn—Deliver, discharge, free manumit, emancipate, disentirall [One who liberates of free Liberator, liber-itor, n মৃত্যুৰণী মৃত্তিৰাতা, Libertine, liber-itor, n [I libertines, liber, free] ৰুপাট, জানবন্ধ বোৰ, Debauchee, a rake

কৰিক, কামানক, অসংবত, Unrestrained, licentious. Sym —Freedman, rake, voluptuary, profilgate

Libertinism, lib'ér-tin-izm, n. ৰাশ্টা, ৰেছা চাব, কামুকভা, Lewdness, debauchery.

Liberty, liber-te, n [L. libertas, from liber, frue] বাধীনতা Freedom — অধুসতি, Permission leave — অধিকার, Privilege — অধিকার, Breach of decorum — অবাহতি, Exemption Syn — Independence, licence, leave, franchise, immunity, exemption

Be at liberty—যাধীন ধাকা , নিজের ইচ্ছামন্ত কাজ করিতে পারা , Be free , be unrestrained

Liberty of conscience—ধশ্ববিদ্ধা স্থানীৰ মন্ত The liberty to follow what one's own conscience dictates

Laberty of the press - यूपांवरङ वांधीनलां , Free dom to print or publish anything without legal control and interference

Set at liberty—মুক করিয়া বে, কারাবস্থা হইতে মুক্ত কু, Set free from confinement

Take liborties—বিনয় অভিত্রম কু, আমর্থানার কথ বা কাজ করা তামাসা করা Io neglect the laws of propriety or courtesy, to treat without cue mony, use language or do things in an improperly familiar way

Take the liberty of - সাহদ কৰিয়া বলা বা বরা Make bold is or do something that is not exactly proper

Inbidinous, ic-bidin us a [1 libidinous from libi?] desire] 可可能 有情事, lustful level liserous, unchiste, n=libidinousness ad libidinously Sin—Impure, sensual, licentious lecherou silacious

Libra, libra n তুলবালি A sign of the rodiac Librarian, lib in an, n [L librarius i tian riber of to ks] পুজকালাৰৰ আলক পুজুৰা লাগকৈ Keep rofa library n - librariuship Libianianship, n পুরুষ্পারের অধ্যান্তর প্র

Library, I fran n [ I liber a book] প্ৰথ সাগত ৰ গাই গায়ন কাল A collections of book প্ৰশালাৰ প্ৰকালন A rown or building contimuga ো tion of books

Labrate, li bu at থ ধনতুল কু, তুল কু To ba lince to po c — ত গ্লম্পুৰ To be posed — ই ব জাম নোলা To move as a balance n libration

Libration, n ডুলন তুলামান, ছবং খোলন, Ba lincing, a state of equipoise, a slight swing ing motion

Libratory, libra-tor-i, a সমাস গতিশীল, তুলাই স্থাব পোইলমান Moving like a balance Libretto, li-brcto, n [ L liber, a brisk ] শীতি-নাট্যালির শক্ষাব, A book containing the words of an opera or other musical composition

Lice, lis, n Plural of louse

License, li'sens, n [ L licentia, from licere, to be permitted ] অপুষ্ঠি, Permission leave — বেচ্ছাচাবিতা, খাধীনতার অপবাৰ্হায়, Excess or abuse of libetry —প্রজ্ঞানা, অপুষ্ঠি-প্র, The document by which authority is conferred — v. f. প্রত্যালা-দে; অপুষ্ঠি-দে; To grant license to:—অপুষ্ঠি-দে; ক্ষড়া-দে; To authorise; permit. Syn:—(n) Leave, liberty, privilege, immunity; warrant, permit; laxity. (v) Warrant, make legal; allow, suffer, tolerate.

Licensor, It'sens-èr, গ. নাইদেল দাতা ; অসুমতি দাতা , Granter of licenses :—নাটক-পরীকক ; Examiner of play ; Censor of the press.

Licentiate, li-senshi-at, n. লাইলেকপ্ৰাপ্ত লোক; ব্যবসায় বিদেশৰ পৰিচালনে ক্ষতাপ্ৰাপ্ত বাঁজি; One who has a license to exercise a profession.

Licentious, li-sehshe-us, a. नार्ड ; नार्ड ; Dissolute ; loose ; given to sensual indulgence. m=licentiousness. ad=licentiously. Syn:—Uncurbed, uncontrolled, unruly, ungovernable, lax; sensual, impure, unchaste, lascivious, immoral, profligate.

Lichen, li'ken, a. मडा वित्मव ; A plant of the moss tribe .—हर्मारवाम वित्मव , Erruption on the skin, a contamous eruption

Lichgate, n গিজাস'লয় স্নাধিকেন্ত্রে প্রাথাৰ রাণি-বার আন্থানবিশিষ্ট ভোবণ . A churchyard gate with a porch to rest the bict under. [corpse Lichwake, n. শ্বপ্রতিষ্ঠা; The watch over a Lick, lik, v. t. চটো; আলেহন-ক; To lap; to cover with the tongue; to pass the tongue over —্ৰেডাখাড-ক, To strike repeatedly for punishment; flog, beat, whip. n=licker.

Syn:—Flog, beat, whip, thrush, slap, spank. Lick the dust— \$ 37-5, To be slain, to perish in battle.

Lick up-din- ; Devour entirely.

Lickerish, a. ভোজনবিলাদী, আবাদন বা উপছোগার্থ ৰাজ , Damty , cager to taste or enjoy.

Lickspittle, n. অভি নীচ ভোষামোদকাৰী গশগ্ৰহ, ভোষামোদকাৰী; An abject, servile dependent, servile flutterer [root is used in medicine. Licorice, Liquorice, n ভট্টমধু. A plant, its Lictor, liktor, n. প্ৰাচীন বোনীৰ মাডিইটের অনুসৰ, সুৰুষ, Romai, bendle, an officer who attended the Roman magistrate, with the chaigns of office

Lid, lid, n. আ্বরণ; ঢাকনী, Cover —চকুৰ আবৰণ, আন্ধিপত্ৰ, চকুৰ পাসা; Evelid, the cover of the eye. Lie, li, n বিষণ কথা, নিগা; Criminal fulsehead; untruth; any intentional violation of truth;— ৩ : মিখ্যা বৰা; মিখ্যা কথা কহা; To tell hes; to make a false representation. Syn:—Falsehood, fiction, deception, fabrication, fib

A lie hath no fact—বিধা কিছুব সাহাব্য ভিন্ন দাঁড়াইতে পাৰে না , Because it cannot stand alone. Give the lie to—কোন অপবাদ নিধা প্ৰমাণ-ক , Prove an imputation to be false:—নিধাবাদী বলা ; Charge one with falsehood.

Tell a lie—বিখা কথা কছা; Utter a falsehood.
Lie, li, v. i. শ্রন-কু; প্ৰান থাকা; থাকা; To rest
length-wise; to lean; to rest; to sleep — অবক্তি-ছ; To be situated — বাস-কু; To lodge:—
আবিভাৱে থাকা; To belong, pertain:— নিশোধত-কু;
Weigh; to press on:— আইন অনুসারে সম্প্রীয় হওয়া,
To be sustainable in law. Syn:—Recline,
couch, be prostrate, rest, repose, remain, be

placed, be situated; consist in, pertain to; be sustainable. [To be imputable to one. Lie at any one's door—কাচার প্রতি আবোপ-ড়; Lie at one's door—আবোপ-ড়; To be attributable to one [হলা Depend upon. Lie at one's money—কোন কিছুর সম্পূর্ণ অধীন Lie at the heart—বাছিত বজ্ব-ছ; To be an object of desire:—বনোনিবিষ্ট-ছ; To be fixed in mind. Lie down—পরন-ড়; Lay the body on the ground; go to rest; lie side by side.

Lie hard or heavy—উংগীড়িত-কৃ; Oppress.

Lie in—হান্ব-কৃ; To be in child-bed; bring forth young:—ভিতর ৰাকা; অন্তৰ্গত-হ, Consist of; be comprised in.

Lie in a nut-shell—নাকোণ বৰ্ণনীৰ কলা; এক কণায় বাক করা বাইতে পারে; To be capable of brief statement; to admit of easy determination, may be expersed in a few words.

Lie in one—কাহারও সাধ্য-ই; To be in the power of. [pediment Lie in the way—বাধা স্বৰণ-ই; To be an im-Lie in wait—আক্রমণ কবিবাৰ অন্ত আপেকা কবিবাৰ বাকা, ওৎ কবিবা বাকা; To watch for an opportunity to attack or seize; he concealled with a view to surprise or seize an enemy.

Lie on any one's head—কাহাৰ প্ৰতি আবোপ-কু; কাহাৰত শিৰে পড়া; To be imputable to any one. Lie on hand—অবাবহাৰা ইউশা কাহাৰত অধিকাৰে থাকা, To remain in possession without occasion for use

Lie on one's hand—অবিকীত খ'কা। Remain unsold:—ব্লাফিকৰ-ছ, To be technus.

Lie on or upon-পালনীয়-হ; To be a matter of obligation or duty. [ cupied. Lie on the hands-হাতে থাকা; Remain unoc-

Lie on the head—আবোপ-কৃ, Be imputed. Lie or be at the root of—কাৰণ হওবা; To be the toundation or source of, to cause.

Lie or hang heavy on one's mind—মৰ ভারস্কাপ ধাৰা; ননে কই পাওয়া, Lie like a burden on one's mind, cause pain to one.

Lie over—স্থাত হ, Remain over, to be deffered to some inture occasion.

Lie to—To have progress checked, as a ship. Lie under—উৎপীত্ত-হ, To suffer, to be oppressed by.

Lie under arms— মুদ্ধন কন্ত প্ৰস্ত ইইনা পাকা; To be in a state prepared for immediate action. Lief, াল, ad. ইচ্ছাপ্ৰকি নাজাৰে, Willingly; now chiefly used in the phrase, I had as lief gladly:—a প্ৰিণ; Loved, dear.

As lief—বত শীঘ ; As soon.

Liege, ic], a. আনন; প্ৰস্কু; জাবগীৰ দাড়া. Bound by a feudal fenure under a superior; dependent; subject — বিৰম্ভ; Faithful — n. আধানস্থ লোক, আনীন ব্যক্তি, A vastal:—প্ৰস্কু; Superior, lord; sovereign; one who has lieges.

Liege-man, n. প্ৰজা; A vassal; a subject.
Lien, li'en, n [ L. ligo, to bind ] আৰছ বিষয়
দ্বলে রাধিবাৰ অধিকার; আন্তের সম্পতি দবলে রাধিবার
অধিকাব, Right to detain property until a debt
is paid.

Lieu, lu. n. [L. locus, place] शान; वश्न ; পরিবর্ত ; Place ; stead.

In lieu of—কোন কিছুৰ পৰিবৰ্কে; Instead of. Lieutenancy, lef-tehan-si, গ. প্ৰতিনিধি কৰ্মচানীৰ পদ বা কাৰ্য্য; প্ৰতিনিধি কৰ্মচানীৰ্গ; Office or com-

mission of a lieutenant.

Lieutenant, lef-tehant, n. [Fr. lieu, a place, and tenant, holding—tenir, to hold ] প্রতিনিধিকশ্ব-চারী; কাণ্ডেলের বা নৌ-সেনাদলে অধ্যক্ষের অব্যবহিত নিরণ্ডত্ব সেধানী; One next to a captain.

Lord Lieutenant—In countries, an officer appointed by Parliament to call out for training the militia:—The chief executive officer of Ireland.

[n=licutenant-generalship.

Lieutenant-general—One next to a general. Lieutenant-governor, n. ছোট বাট; One

next to a governor.

Life, lif, n. জাবন; প্রাণ; সজীবন); জীবনতাল; The state of living; vitality; animate existence; the period of life:—নৈতিক জাচন্তৰ; Moral conduct:
—উৎসাহ; Animation; vivacity; energy:—জীবনচন্তিত, Biography; narrative of a life:—ভালবাসান্তক কথা; Word of endearment:—সজীব জন্তঃ; A living being:—বাস করিবার দ্বীতি; Manner of living:—সামাজিক জববা; Social state —প্রাণী জ্বাপং; System of animal nature:—বর্গান্ত হণ, Heavenly felicity:—জীবনী শক্তি; A quickening principle (in a moral sense):—প্রিয় বস্তু; Darling:—মানবের কাবাবলী; Human affairs.

A matter of life and death —জীবন-নরণের ব্যাপার : A matter involving the risk of the liss of life :—আহি জন্মতর ব্যাপার : A very serious

matter.

A stuggle for life and death—প্রাণের নিষিত্ত ক্য় ; A struggle which ends either in victory or destruction; a desperate struggle for existence.

For life—আজীবন: বডদিন জীবিত থাকিবে; During the period of one's existence; for the whole period of one's life; as long as one should live. For one's life, On one's life—বাদ স্বীৰ জীবন ৰুকা কহিছে চাছ; If one wants to save one's life, at the risk of forfeiting one's life.

Give life to—পুনজীবিত-কু. Animate.

Hover between life and death—মৰণ বাঁচন সংশার একপ কাবস্থার থাকা; Lie in a precurious state.

Lead a life, Live a life—(কোনরপে) জীবনবাণন-কু, Live in a certain manner.

Not for one's life—কোন রকমেই নহে; Not by any means in one's power, even if one were to give one's life.

One's whole life is a lie—হাচার সমস্ত ভীবন সভা ও স্তারবিশ্বর আচরণেই হাপিত হয়; One has been a hypocrite all his life, one has never in all one's life acted honestly and truthfully.

Sell life dearly—প্ৰাণ্যৰ লড়।, Not to yield without fighting hard, suffer deleat or death after a desperate fight.

Taken or drawn from life-ভীবন্ধ বাজি বা বন্ধ দেখিবা চিক্তিড; Drawn from the living original. The life and soul—ৰূল; The chief elements; the root:—জীৰনীশক্তি; মূলাৰাৱ; The leader, the moving or animating spirit.

Through life, All one's life—বর্গাবর;
আজীবন: During the whole period of one's life.
To the life—টক; অধিকল: টক কীবিভাবছায়
বেমন মেইরনে; Exactly, exactly representing
the original so as closely to resemble the
living person or original.

Life is awest—সকলেই বাঁচিতে চাহে; Every one wishes to live. [ life. Life annuity, n. বাৰিক জীবনবৃত্তি; Pension for Life-assurance, lif-ash-shōor'ans, n. জীবন-

বিষা ; Life Insurance.

Life-blood, n. প্রাণবারণোপর্ক রক্ত; That necessary for life; vital blood.

Life-boat, lifböt, n. আছাত ভারিলে জীবন রক্ষার্থ নৌকা বিশেষ; জনমগুলিবের উদ্ধার তরগী; জীবনতরী; Buoyant boat to be used at shipwrecks.

Life-buoy, n. জীবন-বয়া; A buoy thrown overboard to any one drowning.

Life-consuming, a. প্ৰাণৰাৰক ; Wasting life. Life-drop, n. কৃথিয় বিৰু ; Vital drop.

Life-estate, līi'-es-মে', n. জীবন ; জীবন সন্থ ; ভোগ কবা সম্পৃত্তি , Interest for the term of life.

Life-everlasting. n. অনস্ত জাবন; Enternal life. Life-framer, n ঈশর; The Almighty.

Life-giving, a. की रनअन ; উ देखक , Imparting life, invig rating.

Life-guard, lif-çard, n. জীবন-রক্ষর: দেহরক্ষণ গ্রহরী; রাজা বা উচ্চপদেব ব্যক্তিব রক্ষী; Bodyguard a guard of a prince or other dignitary.
Life-hold, lif'hold, Life-land, lif'land, n.
জীবনমুক্তের জোত জ্বা; Land held by lease for life.

Lifo-Insurance, n. sha far farl; sharice faster of me. Pisare by the paid at death; a contract by which a sum of money is insured to be paid at the close of a person's life.

Life-interest, n. জীবন-সত ; Life estate.

Life-loss, lifles, a. মৃড; Dead:—নিজে ; নারন, নিশাস: Spiritless; destitute of vigour; insipid:—নত্বগতি; Sluggish. ad=lifelessly, n=hiclessness Syn:—Defunct, inanimate; soulless, inert, inactive, unanimated; frigid, pointless, flat; tasteless.

Lifelessness, liftles-nes, n. নিবেছতা; Destitution of life, vigour, and spirit. Syn:—Inactivity, inertness, dulness, sluggishness.

Life-like, a. ঠক; দজীবের স্থায়; Like a living person; resembling life. [Through life. Life-long, liflong, a. আজীবন; আজীবনহায়ী; Life-office, n. Life assurance office.

Life-preserver, lif-pre-zérver, ল. আগ্নি বাহ বা মজন হইতে বজা পাইবার বস্ত্র বিশেষ: An appa ratus for preserving lives in cases of fire or ship-wreck.

Life rent, hif rent, n. আজীবনকাল দেৱ কর; A rent that continues for life; rent for the term of life. Life time, n. জীবিতাবছা; The time that life continues, duration of life.

Lift, lift, v. t. [A. S. hlifian, to be high ]

ভাষোণন-কৃ; ভোলা; Raise, elevate, upheave; bring up to a higher place; upraise:—উন্নত-কৃ; উন্নয়িত-কৃ; To exalt, improve in fortune, estimation, rank:—ক্যত-কৃ; To cause to swell (with pride), clate:—হন্ত-কৃ; To steal:—লহ্যা চলিরা বাংলা; To take and carry away:—v. i. ভার্নে ভারে; উন্নোলন ইইকে ভেটা-কৃ; To rise, to try to raise; be raised, seem to rise:—n. উত্তোলন ইকে ভারেলিভ করিতে ক্টবে; Thing to be raised:
ভারোলিভ করিতে ক্টবে; Thing to be raised:
ভারোলিভ করিতে সাহাব্য দান; উত্তোলন সহার; Assistance in lifting; that which assists to lift:—
উত্তোলন করিবার বন্ধ; An elevator:—উন্নতি: Rise, promotion, degree of elevation.

Give one a lift—পড়িতে ছুলে দেওৱা : Take one into a carriage.

Lift up the face—বদুসভাবে দৰ্শন-ক: সানকে দেখা; Look to with confidence, cheerfulness and comfort.

Lift up the head—আজাদিত-কৃ: আনন্দিত-হ: Shop lifter—চোর : A thief

Lifting jack —উত্তোলন কৰিবাৰ বন্ধ বা ফল: Apparatus for lifting.

Ingament, lig'a-ment, n. [ L. ligamentum, from ligars, to bind ] বন্ধনী; বন্ধনা; A bandage; band, ligature:—ক'লেপড়াৰ বিন্তা, A membrance connecting the movable bones as=ligamental, ligamentous.

Ligemental, lig-a-mental, Ligamentous, lig-a-mentus, a. न त्यांकक , मत्यांकक (बह्नीवर , Composing or resembling a ligament.

Zigation, h-ga'shun, स. वक्कन; मरस्यान . The state of being bound.

Ligature, lig'a-tūr, n. বছনী; ক্ষড়াদিব বছন-বন্ধ; A bandage:—সজীত-বন্ধ সংঘোষক বেধা; A line connecting musical notes.

Light, lit, n. wirely; That agent or force in nature which illuminates objects and renders them visible :-- উজ্জন পদার্থ : That which shines or is brilliant :- मिन ; Day :-- आत्मात्कत कांत्र ; খাহা আলোকিত করে; That which furnishes or is source of light; that which gives light as the sun :-- वाहात्र मधा निर्मा जात्नाक श्रादन करत्र ; जात्नाक वारन-नव: The medium through which light is admitted; an aperture for admitting light:-सौरन : Life :-- िरखंद भारतांकि जान : The illuminated part of a picture :-- দিবালোক; মানসিক दा बाशाखिक बारनाक ; Mental and spiritual illumination --- জানালোক; বিদ্যাজ্যোতি:; Enlightment :- প্ৰভাৰ ; Dawn of day :- প্ৰচাৰ ; প্ৰকাৰ ; Publicity: - ফুৰের সমন; সৌভাগা: A time of prosperity or happiness; prosperity:--破神; Knowledge :--প্ৰায় মুখ ; Open view :-- আপুথাই ; Favour :-- शांखनामा वास्ति : विशांख लाक ; A conspicuous person:—স্বান্তি; The power of vision :- a. चालांकविनिष्टे ; উच्चन ; Not dark ; bright; clear: - হাকা; লবু; Not heavy:-চালाक: Nimble :-- नामाक : Slight : trifling :--চৰুল; Unsteady; fickle:—গাচ নয়; Not intense :-- वानूकायत ; Sandy :-- अनुह ; निधिन : Loose :- क्रुकेबिक; Unchaste :- चारमामिका ; अनुस ; Amusing, gay:-- v. t. जारना-रन; To kindle;

ignite, flame :-- अवनिज-क ; कानिया-तर ; To set fire to:-- बालांक विनिष्ठ-कृ; To furnish with light :-- v. i. वना ; अविष्ठ-र ; To settle, rest :--चव उद्गर्न-कृ; नांगा ; To come to by chance. ad= lightly, n=lightness. Syn:-(n) Luminous rays, radiance, luminosity, phosphorescence gleam, scintillation, flash; sunrise, dawn, daybreak, daylight; candle, lamp, taper, lighthouse; insight, knowledge, instruction, understanding; interpretation, illustration, explanation; window, pane; aspect, point of view. (a) Buoyant, volatile, not dense; imponderous, not burdensome, portable; easy, not difficult: porous, spongy, loose, sandy; small, inconsiderable; flimsy, unsubstantial; frivolous, unsteady; white, whitish. (v) Illuminate, lighten, irradiate; happen, fall on, find; alight. According to one's light—कानान्मारङ ; According to one's knowledge :-- নিষের বৃদ্ধিত বেমন আইসে: According to the knowledge or conviction one has.

Bear the light—প্রকাশিত করিবার বোগ্য-ই: মাধারণ সরক্ষে প্রকাশ করিবার বোগ্য হওয়া; Can be made public.

Bring to light — প্ৰকাশ-ৰু; Reveal; উচ্চেশ্য-By the light of— অক্তন্ত হৈছে আন বা আলোক পাওখা বাব ভাষাই অবলখন কয়; Availing oneself of the light or knowledge furnished by.

Come to light—একাশিত হওৱা; Be discovered or revealed.

In the light of—বেন; As. [ to alight. Light down or from—বব্দর্শ-কু; To descend; Light gains make a heavy purse—Small profits and quick return is the best way of gaining wealth.

Light of knowledge—জাৰ প্ৰদীপ।

Light of the countenance—अनुज् : अनाम ; Favour ; smile.

Light up—প্ৰজ্ঞানিত-কু: Kindle:—উৎসাহিত-কু; উজ্জ্ব-কু; স্থানভাব ধূর-কু; Animate; cheer up:— ব্যাখ্যা-কু; পরিকৃট বা পরিকার-কু; Elucidate.

Light upon—পতিত-হ; হঠাৎ প্রাপ্ত-হ; হঠাৎ প্রাপ্ত-হ; হঠাৎ প্রাপ্ত-হ; হঠাৎ প্রাপ্ত-হ; হঠাৎ প্রাপ্ত-হ হঠাৎ করা; Come to by chance; to happen to find; discover to chance.

Make light of—অবাহ-ক; কিছুই নয় মনে করা; To consider as of no account; to treat with indifference; treat anything as of little or no consequence.

See the light—জন্মহণ-ড়; নাড়গর্ড হইতে ভ্রিষ্ট হ'বয়া, Be born:—একাশিড-হ; Be made public; come out.

Strike a light—আলো আলা; Light a candle or lamp:—চকৰ্কি ব্যিয়া বা দিয়াশলাই দিয়া আৰধ বাহিন্-কু; Produce a light by means of a flint and steel or a match.

Throw or shed light upon—ব্ৰাইনা-দে; Make more clear; to explain:—দীতি এদান-দৃ; বিকশিত-দৃ; Dispel the darkness hanging over—make clear to the mind, give a knowledge of, enable one to understand.

Light-brain, n. बिर्लाप; A booby; a simpleton. Lighten, life, v. t. [ A. S. leoktan, lyhtan, to shine ] সম্ভার-ড়: ছাডা-ড়: To make lighter :-রম্ম-ড়: To cheer, exhilarate :--ত. i. আনোডিডছ: মারি পাওয়া: হ্রাস-ছ: To shine like light; to
flash; to become less dark:--(কুপম্ভ-ড়: To
free from trouble. Syn:--Shine, flash, grow
lighter, brighten; enlighten, illuminate, irradiate; ease, make lighter, alleviate.

Lighter, liter, n. অবাৰ্ড বড় নৌকা; One who or that which lightens; a barge used in lightening or unloading ships, also in loading them. n-lighterman.

Lighterage, liter-zj, n. লাইটার বৌকা ছারা জাহাজের বাল নামাইবার ভাড়া বা মাল নামান; A price paid for unloading ships by lighters; the act of thus unloading.

Light-fingered, lit-find'gerd, a. অপংরণ করিত নিপুণ; অপহরণগরায়ণ; Thievish; dexterous in stealing. [Thieves

Light-fingered gentlemen—চোর দকল ; Light-footed, a. ফুড ; ছবিডণ্ড , কীপ্রগ'ড ; Nimble . quick of foot

Light-headed, in'-hed'ed, a. চঞ্চল . অবিৰেকী; ভিত্তাপুত্ত চঞ্চলম্ভিছ: Thoughtless; headless; unsteady.

Light-hearted, lif-hārfed, a. প্রস্কুর প্রকর্তিত্ত নিক্ষেণ্ড ; উৎকুল্ল ; Cheerful ; free from anxiety.
ad=light-heartedly, n=light-heartedness.

Light-heeled, a. क्लामो , Numble

Light-horse, lit-hors, n. অগুরু-অর্শব্রে সন্ধিত অহায়েছী দেনাদল; Light-armed cavalry.

Light-house, lithows, ন. সমূদ্ৰপথ-দৰ্শক আলোক-পৃষ্ ; A house or tower with a light at the top to guide mainers at night.

Light-infantry, lit'-infant-re, গ অগুক-রয়শয়ে সক্তিত পদাভিদল , Infantry lightly armed.

Light-keeper, n. আলোক-গৃহ রক্ষাকারী. One in charge of a light-house

Light-legged, a জতগামী. Nimble. [slightly. Lightly, ad. উজ্জলরপে; আতে আতে; Brightly. Sit lightly on—আহের মধ্যে গণ্য না ২ওরা; Be slighted or not thought much of.

Light-minded, lit-minded, a. চক্ৰচিত্ত : চক্ৰন্যা : অধিবকা ; Not considerate. [animals. Lights, lits, n. pl. জান্তৰ বাৰ্কোৰ ; The lunes of Lightsome, litsum, a. অকুল ; Gay :— লচুকিত্ত ; Airy, cheering, n.— lightsomeness. Lightness, lit'nes, n. নতুতা ; Want of weight Syn :— Volatility, instability, inconstancy, unsteadiness, levity, giddiness, flightness, animess, gayety, liveliness, sprightliness, briskness, swiftness, nimbleness. [thunder

Lightning, litning, n. 1950; Flash attending Struck with lightning—1960;

Lightning-conductor—ভড়িৎ-সঞ্চালক।

Lightning-proof, a. বছনিবারক; Safe from lightning.

Lightning-rod, litning-rod, n. বছবারক শলাকা; গৃহাদি বিহাৎপাত হইতে রক্ষা করিবার ধাতুমর শলাকা; A metallic rod to protect buildings from lightning. Lign-aloes, lin-aloz, Lignaloes, lig-naloz, ম. অন্তর্ক কাঠ, Alces-wood.

Ligneous, lig'nc-us, s, [L. lignum, wood]

কাৰ্চ নিৰ্দিত; কাৰ্চনর; কাৰ্চনং; Made of wood; woody; wooden.

Ligniferous, lig-nifer-us, a. [L. lignum, wood, and fero, to bear] with the producing wood.

Lignify, lig'ni-fi, v. t. [L. lignum, wood, facio, to make] কাঠে প্ৰিণ্ড-ক; To turn into wood; to convert into wood:—v. i. কাঠ-ছ; কাঠণত-ছ; To become wood or woody. n=lignification.

Lignine, lig'nin, ন. বিশ্বছ কভিডয়; Pure woody Lignite, lig'nit, ন. কভিচিত্ৰিপিট মুদলার; Mineral coal retaining the texture of wood. a lignitic. Lignum-vitae, lig'num-ve'ta, ন. দকিণ আবে-বিকার দুচকাট বুকবিশেষ; A south American tree with every hard wood.

Ligule, lig'ul. n. [L. lingua, a tongue] ভূপপজের বিস্তৃতাংশ, পুশ্রেশবের চর্মরজ্বৎ দল; The flat part of the leaf of a grass; a strap-shaped petal in certain flowers. [ci us stone.

Ligure, lig'ür, n. ব্ছম্লা প্ৰস্তর বিশেষ; A p.e. Like, lik, a [Ge. leik, body, kind, form] স্বান; জুলা, সদৃশ; Similar:—সম্বতঃ; সম্বত্পর, Probable.—স সাদৃস; An exact resemblance:—আভিক্তি প্রস্তির, A liking:—ad. সম্বতঃ, ভুলাকপে, Probably, in a like manner; likely. Syn.—(a) Correspondent, similar, resembling, analogous, allied, paralled, likely, probable.

Like, lik, v. f. পছল-কৃ, অনুমোদন-কৃ; মনোনীত্ত-কৃ; উপভোগ-কৃ; To approve; to prefer; to enjoy . v. 1. সন্তই-ড়; To be pleased, to choose. Syn:— Love, approve. choose, relish, esteem, fancy.

And the like—এই প্ৰকাৰ আৰও, Things of a similar character. [Had nearly, come near. Had like to have—প্ৰায় (ধাৰ ধাৰ) হুইবাভিল; In all likelihood -গুৰ সম্ভবতঃ; In all probability; most probably.

Likes and dislikes—অপুরাগ এবং বিরাগ, Preferences and antipathies.

Likely, likli, a. সম্ভব , বিশাসবোগা; Probable; creditable; having or giving reason to believe:
—আনন্দ্রায়ক, মনোচন; ক্ষী; Pleasing; handsome.—ad. সম্ভবপন; Probably. n=likelihood, likeliness.

Liken, lik'n, v. t. তুলনা কু; সায়ত অগণন-কু; To compare; to represent as similar; compare with.

Likeness, liknes, n. সাপুত্ত; Resemblance:—
ছবি: চিত্ৰ, আলেখা; প্ৰতিষ্ট্ৰি; Portrait; picture; effigy. Syn:—Similarity, parallel, similitude; counterpart, semblance, from; representation, effigy, image. [Produce a likeness or image. Take a likeness—ছবি আৰা বা চেহাৱা ডোলা-Likewise, lik'wiz, adv. অপিচ; আৰও; অধিকত্ব; Also; morcover; too.

Liking, liking, n. অভিকৃতি; আজাদ; সংস্কাৰ; প্ৰকৃত্ব; অবস্থা; Inclination; satisfaction; pleasure; condition. [Have a fancy for, like. Have a liking for—পৰুষ বা মনোমত হওৱা; To one's liking—তিক পৰুষ্পতি; ক্ৰিক মনেত্ব মত; Exactly as one wishes it to be, exactly suiting one's taste. Lilac, triak, st. wife west weste; A pretty flowering shrub.

Talliaceous, lil-i-ম'shus, a. প্রকাতীয়; পর্বং; Pertaining to or like lilies. [ lilies.

Lilied, lilid, a. পদ-শোভিড; Embellished with Liliput, n. क्षिड रीश्रामी ; An imaginary island

of dwarfs. s=liliputian.

Lilliputian, lil-i-pu'shian, n. কুর্ফার বা বামনাকার লোক ; A person of small size ; a dwarf :-- a. পৰ্কা-काद : कुलकात : वागन : Of diminutive body and narrow size; of small size; dwarfish.

Talt, lilt, v. i. কিপ্ৰতা সহকারে কাজ-কু; স্টটিত্তে গান चा (बना करा; To do anything dexterously or quickly ; to song or play mertily :- n. अयून्डी-सनक नेष्ठ वा एक : A cheerful song or air.

Lily, lili, n. निन्नी ; পছ ; A flower :-- Emblem of France :--পদাৰ্গাড়; A bulbous plant. a= lilied ( পদ্মবিশিষ্ট ; Having lilies ).

Lily of the Vally-পন্মজাতীর এক প্রকার কুল, A well-known and much-loved flower of the tily genus.

Lily handed, a. 9453; White handed.

Lily white-White as the petals of a lily.

Limb, lim, n. প্রতাস , অস ; Joint or part of an animal body; arm or leg --ভরদাধা; বৃদ্দের শাধা, Branch of a tree :-- প্রান্তভাগ ; ধাব ; Edge ; border :--- খ. হ. অঙ্গবিশিষ্ট-কু; প্রতাঙ্গ বা শাধা সংযোজিত-কু; To supply with limbs :—অক্থীন-কু , প্ৰতাস বা শাখা বিভিন্ন-কু; To tear off the limbs; to dismember. Syn -(n) Member, arm, leg; branch, bough. Limb of the law, Limb of the devil-बाह्य हेकील , An unmannerly lawyer.

Limber, limber, a. नमनीय ; वश ; Pliant , easily bent; flexible :- v. t. নমনীয়-কু; To cause to become limber :-- সংযোজিত-কু, To attach to the limbers as a gun:-n. कामात्नव गांडीत त्य चारण আৰু সংযোগিত হয়; That part of a guncarriage consisting of two wheels and a shaft to which the horses are attached.

Limbo, limbo, Limbus, limbus, n. नराकर बाद्य : नदरकां भाषायकी धरमण ; Frontier of hell, a region on the borders of hell :- नज़क : Place where the souls of christains are lodged till doomsday:-কারাগার; অবরোধ স্থান; Prison; a place of confinement.

Lime, lim, अ. तिवृत नीह ; A tree :-- तिवृ . कचीव , A fruit ailied to the lemon :—পাৰী ধরিবার আটা ; Bird-lime :-- Ff; Calcareous matter; the white caustic substance obtained from limstone, &cc. : —w. f. জ্মটি-জু; সংযুক্ত-জু; To cover with lime; to smear with lime ; to cement :-- आदन आवक-क ; शीनवक्ष-कू ; कीटन टक्ता ; To insnare.

Lime-juice, lim-jus, n. ल्यून वानक, The acid juce of the lime.

Limekiln, limkil, n. চুণ পোডাইবার পাজা, চুণের will , A kiln or furnace for burning lime.

Lime-stone, n. চুৰেৰ পাৰৰ; বুলি:; Carbonate of

Lime-tree, n. ইয়োরোপীর বৃক্ধিশেব; The laidentree with heaat-shaped leaves.

Lime-twig, lim-twig, n. পাথী ধরিবার আটা नानान कांच ; A twig smeared with bird-lime,

Lime-water, a. চুপ্র মুখ ; Water impregnated with lime.

Limit, limit, n. [ L. limus, transverse ] effe : সীমা ; A boundary :--- মন্ত ; Utmost extent :-- নমন ; Restrain :---मीया , Restriction :--- ए. र. मीमांवब-इ ; To bound, circumscribe:— ममन-कृ; नःवज्यः To restrain. Syn:—(n) Bound, border, confine, marches, precincts; end, termination, stop; restraint, hinderance, obstruction. (\*) Confine, define, restrict.

Limit to-त्रीमा निर्फन कविशा (मध्या ; Set to limit : -কিছু ভিতরে থাকা, তার বাহিবে না যাওয়া; Come to. Limitable, limit-a-bl, a. भीमावह कन्न (वाना ; मीमा-বন্ধ কর্মীয় ; পমা ; That may be bounded or restrained.

Limitary, a. मीमांख शांशिक ; भीमांख माना चारक ; Placed at the limit; confined within limits.

Limitation, lim-it-Z'shun, n. मीभावशांत्रन : मीभावक করণ; That act of bounding or restraining :-মিবাদ; ভাষাদির কাল, Restriction; restraint.

Limited, limit-ed, a. महीर्ग ; निद्धांत्रिक , मामान : निष्यांथीन ; Narrow ; restricted. n=limitedness. ad=limitedly.

Limited liability, a. Liability restricted to the value of the shares which are horded in a joint stock company.

Limitless, limit-les, a. অদীয়; বিশাল; অনন্ত; Boundless, immense; infinite. Syn: -- Unbounded, illimitable, unlimited.

Limn, lim, v. t. folas-ş ; foa-ş ; Draw , paint. Limner, limner, n. frang; A portrait-painter, Limous, linius, a. अहि।युक्त; आहान; कर्भभमा; Slimy; gluey; muddy.

Limp, limp, a. [Ger. lam, lame] नमनीय. शीन-वन , l'lexil le ; weak :-- ७. i. नगरन विज्ञ - इ ; प्रेषिया रेहिं। To halt; to walk lamely; hobble -n. গমনে বিরতি ; খুঁডিয়া চলার কাষ্য ; খোঁড়ান ; A halt ; act of limping.

Limpet, n. পৰুক বিশেষ ; A small shell-fish.

Limpid, limpid, a. [G. lampein, to shine] প্ৰজ্ , নিৰ্মাল ; বিশুদ্ধ ; Transparent , clear ; pure. Clear, pellucid, lucid, translucent.

Limpingly, hoping-li, ad. বোডাইতে বোডাইতে; In a limping manner. [ nous ; viscous. Limy, limi, a. वाहीयुक्त ; बाहीन ; Sticky gluti-Linch-pin, linsh'pin, n. গাড়িব চাকার বিল; A pin used to prevent the wheel of a carriage from sliding off the axle.

Linden, linden, n. कृक विश्व ; A kind of tree. Line, lin, n. [ L. linea, a linen thread, from linum, flax | বেখা; Longitudinal extension, having length without breadth or thickness : —সুদ্ধ সূত্ৰ ; পুতা , A slender strong cord , rope : —मावि ; পर्क , ध्वनी ; A row ; a rank :-- कविज ; भग भड़िक ; A verse - এक हैरकत वाक्ष्मारम : The 12th of an inch :- अमडा नजा , नजा , Outline :--সৈক্তবেণী ; Row of soldiers :—উপদেশ . Direction : -- ব্যবসায , বৃত্তি ; Occupation :-- নিয়মিত পদাতি সেনাদল; পদাতিক সৈন্ত; The regular infantry-of an army; infantry:-- #15; Trench .- Railway course:-- विवृव द्भिषा; Equator:-- शक्षिकात;

Family: -- विषय जन्म : A mark or lineament : - कार्याध्यमानी ; Course of conduct, thought, occupation, or policy directed towards an object :-भीयां ; Limit :-- वाजां ; खनानी ; Method ; course : --- শব ; Lint ; flax :-- কুন্তুলিপি ; কুন্তু পত্ৰ ; A short letter or note :-- বিশ্বাস ; Department :-- বংশ ; Ancestry or descendants of a given person :-খ. ঠ. ভিডর আছোদিত-কু; ভিডর দিকে কিছু দিরা সমা-38-3; To place in a line; to cover on the inside with linen :-- तकार्थ (किছुत) शार्थ दाथा ; To place along by the side of for guarding :- cota কিছু বোগ করিয়া স্বল-জু; To strengthen by additional works or men :-- v. i. রেপাবত-ক ; To mark or cover with lines :— অভ্যন্তর ভাগে আবৃত-কু ; Cover on the inside: —পঙ্কি পছকি পাঠ-কু; To read or repeat line by line :- রক্ষার জন্ত পার্বে রাখা; To place along the side of for defence. pl=lines (fortifications, boundaries). Syn:-(n) Stroke, streak; straight direction, parallel direction; row, rank; succession, series; lineage, race, family; occupation, employment, pursuit calling; equator; equinoctial; note, short letter. a verse in poetry; twelfth of an inch.

A hard and fast line—বাঁখা নিয়ম; যে সীমা প্রভেদ বা নিয়ম অভিক্রম করিবার যো নাই; A limit or line of demarkation that can not be crossed—a strict distinction, a strict injunction that cannot be violated.

[ nces; unfortunate fate or lot. Hard lines—ফুর্লাগা; Distressing circumsta-Line of battle—মৈশ্ব-বিস্তান; The disposition of

an army. [conduct. Line of conduct-vial; also: Course of On the line—At the right height—said of pic-

tures, as hung at Exhibition. Ship of the line—ৰুম জাহাজ, A vessel of war carrying seventy-four guns or more.

Lineage, line-aj, n. [L. linea, line] কুল; বংশাবলী; জাতি; বংশ: Race; family; descent. Syn.—Progeny, off-pring, descendants, house, geneology, birth, ancestry.

Lineal, line-al, a. বংশীয়; একবংশসমূত , Descended in a direct line from an ancestor :—বেখাময়; বৈশিক; Composed of lines. ad=lineally.

Lineally, adv. বংশাসূক্রমে; In a direct line.

Lineament, line-a-ment, দ. [F. from L. linea. line] মুখাবয়ৰ, আকৃতি : Feature ; line, trait. Linear, line-ar, a. রেখাময় ; রেখাবিশিষ্ট ; সরল ; Consisting of lines ; straight. ad=linearly.

Lineation, lin-e-ashun, n. Same as Delineation.

Linemen, n. Men employed on a railway.

Linen, linen, n. [L. linum, flax ] পাঠ বা শংগর বয়; স্তী কাপড়; অন্তঃপরিচ্ছণ; Cloth made of flax; under part of dress:—a. পাট বা শোণ বিশ্বিত; স্তী কাপড়ের সদৃশ; Made of flax; resembling linen cloth.

Liner, n. নিরম্বত গ্রমাগ্যনকারী জাহাল; A vessel belonging to a regular series of packets.

Ling, ling, n. স্বিভিক মংস্য ; A marine fish :-ভুল বিশেষ ; Heather.

Linger, ling ger, v. i.. A. S. lengra, compasative of lang, long ] दिनप-३; कान्य-३; केट-

च्छ:- इ शिया-इ ; To loiter ; to hesitate. Syn :--Lag, tarry, stop, idle, dawdle.

Lingering, ling'ger-ing, a. বিলম্পনী; চির্কারী; দীর্ঘলহায়ী; Protracted; slow; tardy:—দীর্ঘ-কালহিডি; A remaining long.

Linguadental, ling-gua-den-tal, a. জিলাকডা: জিলা ও দত্ত খাবা উচ্চারিত; Uttered by the joint use of the tongue and teeth:—n. জিলাকডা শব্দ : জিলা ও দত্ত খাবা উচ্চারিত শব্দ; A sound thus produced.

Lingua Franca, n. The commercial language of the Levant—Compound of French, Italian, Arabic &c.

Lingual, ling'gwal, a. [L. lingua, the tongue] জিলাসংকাত; জিলা সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the tongue:—n. জিলামূলীয় বৰ্গ; জিলা ভারা উচ্চারিত বৰ্গ; A letter pronounced mainly by the tongue. ad=lingually. [in language.

Linguist, ling gwist, n. ভাষাবিদ্; One skilled Linguistic, ling-gwistik, Linguistical, ling-gwistik-al, a. ভাষা সম্বভীয়, বিভিন্ন ভাষা ও ভাছাদের ঐক্য বিষয়ক; Relating to linguistics or to the affinities of language.

Linguistics, ling-gwistiks, n. sing. कांचाविकान ; The science of languages.

Liniment, lifi-ment, n. [ L. lino, to besmear ]
পাতলা মলম প্ৰলেপ; Ointment: balsam.

Lining, lining, n. রেণা দারা চিন্নিত করণ; রেণাদন Act of drawing lines upon or marking with lines:—আত্তর; অন্তর; স্প্রাব; আত্তত্তীণ আবরণ; The covering of the inner surface of anything.

Link, lingk, n. শুঝল; শিকলের কড়া; A ring of a chain:—যোগ; Connection:—সংযোজক প্রথাও Anything connecting:—উকা; মশাল; Torch:—v.z. শুঝল কালা সংযুক্তক; To connect as by a link:
—সম্বন্ধ শ্রেণীত স্থিলিত-ক; To unite in a series:
—সম্বন্ধ শুলীত স্থিলিত-ক; To unite in a series:
—সম্বন্ধ শুলীত স্থালিত-ক; To unite in a series:
—সম্বন্ধ শুলীত স্থালিত-ক; To unite in a series:
সংযুক্ত-হ; To be connected. Syn:—(n) Bond, tie, connective, copula, vinculum. (v) Bind, tie, join, conjoin, fasten.

A link is a chain—বেটুকু হইলে সমত পুরণ হয়; An intermediate part which supplies an omission and serves to complete the whole,

Connecting link--বন্ধৰ-সূত্ৰ।

Link-boy, lingKboy, গ. বে বালক মশাল লইয়া প্লিকদিগকে প্ৰথমদশন করে; A boy who carries a link or torch to light travellers.

Links, n. pl. এক প্রকার বল্ খেলার উপযোগী ভূষিণত বিশেষ; A stretch flat ground on which game of golf is played.

Linnaen, Linnean, n. Pertaining to Linnœus, the celebrated Sweedish botanist or to his system. [পকী বিশেষ; A song bird. Linnet, linet, n. [L. Linum, flax] n. শ্বৰ

Linoleum, lin-o'le um, n. [ L. linum, flax, and olum, oil ] সুহতবে পাতিবার কাপড় বিশেষ: A kind of floor-cloth.

Linseed, liń্sēd, Lintseed, lintsēd, s. মদিনা; ভিনি , Lint or flax seed.

Linseedoake, lińsēd-kāk. n. যদিনার খোল; যসী-নার খইল; The cake remaining when the oil is pressed out of flax-seed, Inseedon - বিনায় তৈল; A yellow oil obtained from the seed of the flax plant.

Linsey-wolsey, linze-woolze, ন. স্তা ও পণৰ 'মিশ্ৰিড বন্ধ; Stuff of linen and woolen mixed:—a স্তা ও পণন নিৰ্মিত; পণন ও কাৰ্পান ধানা প্ৰস্তত; Made of linen and woolen:—নীচ; Of unsuitable part; vile; mean.

Linstock, linstök, n. কামাৰে আঙুন শিবাৰ লছ অজ্বিড প্লাকাবাহী দও; A staff to hold a lighted match for firing cannon.

Lint, lint, n. মলমের বন্ত ; ক্ষত স্থানে প্রবাধ করিবার অন্ত নুরম কাপড়; Soft-flaxen sustance, linen scraped for sores.

Lintel, lintel, n. চৌকাটের উপরিস্থ কাঁচ, থাবপিত্রী -Horizontal beam over a door or window-

Lion, Irun, n. সিংহ, A large and fierce fourfooted beast:—সিংহরাশি; A sign of the zodiac. —কৌভূহলোদীপক বয়; An object of interest and currosity. fem=lioness.

Lion-hearted, l'un-hārted, a. সিংহের সাহসবিশিষ্ট, সিংহেৰ জ্ঞান সাহসী; Having the heart or courage of a lion. [hunts lions or curiosities. Lion-hunter—ৰে সিংহ শিকাৰ কৰে; One who Lionise, l'un-iz, ৩. t. শ্ৰেষ্ট বোৰে সম্মান-কৃ, কৌতুলনোদ্দীপক বস্তুর জ্ঞাব ব্যৱহাৰ-কৃ; To treat as-a

lion or object of interest.

Lion-mettled, a. সাহদিক, Brave as a lion

Lion's share, The lion's share of—প্রাথ
সমস্কট, The whole or undue share, a dispropor-

tionately large share, all or nearly all.

Lip, hp, n. আৰম্ভ ওঠ, Outer part of the mouth.
— আৰু; The edge of anything:—v. t. চুৰৰ বু;
কৰা কহা; To touch with the hps, kiss; to speak.

Syn —(n) Edge, border, brim.

Becape from one's lips—হঠাৎ মূধ থেকে বেড়িয়ে পড়া; Fall from one's lips accidentally or unintentionally.

[ Be lettered by.

Fall from one's lips—মুখ খেকে বাহিন হত্যা, Lip devotion, n. কপট পুজা Devotion of the lip and not of the heart.

Lip good, a. ৰণ্ট হিত্তৈখা; Good in talk without plactice. | sentiments.

Lip labour—ভাববিজ্ঞীন বাকা; Words without Lipped, lipt. a. অংরোঠবিশিষ্ট; সমূরত বা গোলাকার প্রাপ্তবিশিষ্ট; Having a raised or rounded edge re-embling the lip.
[without practice. Lip wisdom, n. জনার বিজ্ঞতা; Wise talk

Liquation, li-kwa'shun, n. [L. lique, liquatum, to melt] जावन ; जावन हिं ; The state of being melted.

Liquefaction, lik-we-fakshun, n. जोवन वो जावन व्यक्ति; Act or operation of melting or dissolving. Syn:—Melting, thawing, dissolution, colliquation, fusion.

Liquefy, likwe-fi, v. t. [L. liquere, to be liquid, and facere, to make] जन-इ; उन्न-इ; To make liquid; to dissolve; colliquate, fuse:

v. i. जन-इ; उन्न-इ; To became liquid, n= liquefaction.

Liquescent, li-kwesent, a. [ L. liquesco, to come liquid ] ত্ৰবৃত্ব গুণবিশিষ্ট : ত্ৰবৃশীক , Becoming liquid ; inclined to melt ; melting, n=

liquescency (মুক্তীরত্ব) । [spirit; a cordial-Liquer, lik-ér', n. সুক্তি কুবাছ ব্যা; A flavered Liquid, likwid, a. [L. liquidus, from liquere, to be liquid] ক্রব; ওরল; নরন; Fluid; soft; sm oth:—নির্মান; বছে; Clear; transparent: n. ভরল পদার্থ, ক্রব ক্রব; A flowing substance:— নহন্দ উচ্চারিভ বর্গ; A letter having a smooth flowing sound. n=liquidity, liquidness. Syn:— Flowing; mellifluous, sweet, dulcet, soft and clear.

Liquidate, likwid-At, v. t. [L. liquidare, from liquidus, liquid, clear] পরিশোধ-তু পরিকার-ক: কেউলিয়া সম্পত্তির গোলবোগ মিটান: To pay off; to clear off; to arrange or wind up the affairs of a bankrupt estate. n=liquidation. Syn:—Adjust, settle; discharge.

Liquidation, lik-wi-da'shun, n. টাকাকভিষ হিসাব পরিকার করণ; দেওলিয়া সম্পত্তির পোলবোগ ঘিটাল; The cleating up of money affire, the adjustment of the affairs of a bankrupt estate. Liquidator, lik-wi-dat'or, n. পরিপোধকাবী, হিসাবাদি পরিকারবাকল; He who or that which settles and adjusts.

Liquor, Irker, n. [L. liquere, to be liquid ] তব্ৰপণাৰ্থ; স্বা; মন্ত, উত্তেশক স্বৰা, Strong drink. Syn:—Liquid, fluid, decoction; solution, tincture; spirituous fluid, alcoholic liquid, drink, beer, spirits, wine.

Liquorice, likur-is, n. [Gr. glykys, sweet, and rhisa, root] बहेम्यू; A plant; prepared juice of the plant.

Libp, lip, v i. আগাই কথা কগা, আধ আধ কথা কথা; To speak with a defective utterance; to draw like a child; to utter imperfectly:—v. t. অকৃট ব্যৱে বলা; অক্ট উচ্চারণ-কৃ; To pronounce with a lisp:—n. আধ আধ কথা; অক্টোচ্চারণ; লক্ট উচ্চারণ অধ্যান; The act of habit of lisping.

Lisping, a. অক্টোজাৰী; Pronouncing with a lisp:—n. অক্ট কংল; The act of speaking with a lisp ad=li pingly.

List, list, n [A. S. list, a list of cloth, Ger. lista, border] কাপড়েব কালি; কাপড়েব প্রান্ধ, জাচন; A strip of cloth; a border of cloth—তালিকা; Roll, register; catalogue.—প্রান্ধ, বান্ধ; কিলানা, Border, edge :—pl. রুস্তুনি; Enclosed ground for tournaments:—বন্ধুন্ধ বেটিড ভ্রুবণ; The ground inclosed for a combat:—v.t. বেলাই-কৃ; To sew together as strips of cloth:—তালিকাভূক-কৃ; Enlist; enrol; register in a list:—ব্রুবি বেটিড করা. To enclose for contest:—v. i. ইজ্ব-কৃ; ইজ্কক; প্রক্রান্ধ, বিলাকাভ্রুবন্ধ; সংক্রান্ধ, বিলাকাভ্রুবন্ধ; To hearken; to choose; to like or please:—ফর্মে তোলা; ভালিকাভ্রুবন্ধ; To enlist — ব্যুবন্ধ; To hearken; to listen. ১৮৫:—Selvage, strip; row, line, limit, boundary, border, fillet, annulet, listel; roll, catalogue, register, inventory, schedule.

List, v. t. or v. i. dim. Of listen.

Civil list, n. Expenses of civil officers of government.

Enter the lists—र्ष अवृत- ; विवार अवृत- ; } Engage in combat ; engage in contest. List of names—नागावनी ।

Listen, liśn, v. t. মনোবোগ-ড়; প্রবণ-ড়; To attend to; to hear:—v. i. প্রবণ-ড়; মনোবোগ-ড়; কর্নান্ত-ড়; To hearken; to give ear; to obey:—Syn:—Hear, give ear; heed, observe, obey.

Insten to মনোবোগগুৰ্নক ত্ৰা; Hear with attention. [hearkens.

Listenor, liśn-ér, n. এবণকর্তা ; শ্রোতা ; One who Listful, a. মনেংগেনী ; Heedful ; careful.

Listless, list'les, a. অমনোখোগী; অনবহিত; আনাবিষ্ট; Careless; heedless; inattentive:—
ইচ্ছাপুত্ত; উদাসীন; Having no desire; uninterested:—নিজ্ঞিয়; অলম; Weary; indolent. n = listlessness. ad = listlessly. Syn:—Thoughtless, inattentive, indifferent, vacant, languid, supine, indolent.

Listlessness, n. অমনেবেণিতা; The state of being listless. Syn:—Inattention, heedlessness, carelessness; languidness, indolence, supineness, torpidity. [ alight.

Idt, p. p. of Light, to lighten, and Light to Litany, lit'a-ni, n. প্রার্থনা; এথিনাপদ্ধতি; A form of supplication in public worship.

Literal, literal, a. [L. leteralis, from litera, a letter] অবিকল; প্রকৃত; অলকার ব্যক্তিত; সরল; Word for word; following the exact words or letters; not figurative; plain. n=literalness, ad=literally. Syn:—Real, exact, verbal, word for word.

Literary, liter-ar-e, a. [L. literarious, from litera, a letter] সাহিত্য-বিৰয়ক; সাহিত্যয়টিত; বিষান; Belonging to letters or literature; learned. Syn:—Erudite, scholarly, bookish, skilled in learning.

Literary labours—গ্ৰন্থাদি প্ৰণ্যন।

Literate, lit-er-nt, a. পণ্ডিচ; শিক্ষিড; বিছান; Learned; versed in letters; literary:—n. প্ৰিড; শিক্ষিত অধ্য উপাধিপ্ৰাপ্ত নৰ এনৰ ব্যক্তি; One educated but not having taken a university degree; a literary man.

Literateur, n. সাহিত্যাসুরাপী; পণ্ডিড, One versed in literature; a literary man.

Literati, lit-er-হ'ti, n. pl. বিশংসমাজ; Men of letters, the learned.

Literator, lit-ér-a'tor, গ. বৰ্ণিক্ক, পঠিশালার শিক্ক; বিধানু; A petty school-master; a learned man.

Literature, lifer-a-tūr, n. নাহিতা; The whole body of literary productions:—বিদা; জ্ঞান; Learning. Syn:—Lore, erudition, learning, belles-lettres.

Light literature—উপসাস; Works of fiction.
Literature Polite—Literary works of elegance and taste. [erudition. pl=literati.
Literatus, n. প্ডিড; A learned man; man of Lith, n. স্থিব। অস; বিভাগ; অংশ; A joint or limb; a division.

Lithe, lith, n. অল; Limb; joint:—a. ন্মনীয়;
সহজে ব্যানীয়; Flexible; easily bent:—তংগর;
Active. n:—litheness. Syn.—(a) Pliant, limber,
supple. [ble; nimble. n:—lithesomeness.
Lithesome, lith'sum, a. ন্মনীয়; Supple, flexi-

Lithic, a. अंडजनव्योग ; Consisting of or pertaining to the stone in the bladder ; uric.

Lithograph, litho-graf, n. [Gr. lithos, a stone, and grapho, to write] পাধরের উপর লেখা ভূলিয়া, ছাপা; প্রস্তরাধন হইতে কাগতে ছাপা; A print from drawing on stone:—৩. t. পাধরে লিখিয়া ভাষা হইতে কাগতে ছাপ লওয়া; প্রভরে অভিত-তৃ; To trace on stone. a=lithographic.

Lithographer, lith-og'ra-fer, %. বে ব্যক্তি প্রবাহে বিশিষা তাহা হইতে ছাপ এছণ করে; One who practises lithography.

Lithographic, lith-o-grafik, Lithographical, lith-o-grafik-al, a. পাধরে নিধিরা ডাহা হতে ছাপ বইবার কৌলন-সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to lithography. ad = lithographically.

Lithography, lith-ograf-i, n. পাধরের উপর কোষা তুলিয়া ছাপা; পাধরে লিখিয়া তাহা হইতে ছাপ লইবার কৌশন বা বিদ্যা; The art of engraving on stone and printing there from. [One skilled in lithology. Lithologist, lith-ofo-jist, n. প্রস্তব্যক্ত পভিত; Lithology, lith-ofo-ji, n. [Gr. lithos, a stone, and logos, discourse] প্রস্তর বিবরণ; প্রস্তর-

ডায়; Natural history of stone. a=lithological.
Lithophyte, htho-fit, n. [Gr. lithos, stone, and phyton, plant] দৃগত: প্রবয় ও উদ্ভিদ্ এতমুভ্য রূপে প্রতীয়মান জান্তব পদার্থ; An animal production apparently both stone and plant, as coral.

Lithotomist, lith-oro-mist, n. অগ্নীয়ছেদক; One who practises lithotomy.

Lithotomy, lith-ofo-mi, n. অখীরছেদন; অশীরছেদ ; The operation of cutting for stone in the bladder. n=lithotomist.

Lithotripsy, Lithotrity, n. [Gr. lithos, stone, and tribo, to grind] অথারতস; The operation of breaking a stone in the bladder.
Lithotriptist, n. অথারতস্পাট্ট; One skilled in

hthotripsy.

Litigable, lit'i-ga-bl, a. আইন অসুদারে বিচার্য ; Such as may be contested in law.

Litigant, ht'i-gant, a. মোকনমার রত ; Engaged in lawsuit :—n. মোকনমাকারী ; A person engaged in a law-suit.

Litigate, lit'i-gnt, v. t. [L. litis, a strife and ago, to do] মোকক্ষা-কু; আইন অনুসারে বিবাদহানীয় করা; To contest in law:—v. i. মোকক্ষা-কু; To carry on a law-suit. n⇒litigation.

Liftigation, lit-e-ga'shun, n. [L. lis, litis, strife at law, and agere, to make ] ( ) Act of carrying on a process at law. Syn:—Legal process, lawsuit; disputing, contending, verbal strife.

Litigious, le-tife-us, n. [L. litigiosus, from litigium, dispute, quarrel] মোককাালিয়; বিবাদা-ধীন; Inclined to engage in law-suits; contentious; subject to contention. n=litigiousness, ad=litigiously. Syn:—Quarrelsome, disputatious.

Litotes, lit'o-tez, n. [Gr. litotes, simplicity litos, plain ] অবভার বিশেষ; A rhetorical figure. Litre, le'tr, n. করানী তরবজবোর পরিমাণ বিশেষ; A French liquid measure, equal to 176 English pints. Litter, lit'er, n. [ F. litiere, from, L. lectus, bed ] সমকালভাভ ভারর শাবকসমূহ; ছোট পশুর नारकपन; Young produced at a birth by animals: a brood of small brutes: --পত্ৰ ভূণণব্যা; অন্তর বিছানা; Bed for beasts: - বিকিপ্ত সামান্ত প্রব্যস্থাত ; A scattered mass of objects, particularly of little value :-- ছড়াৰ পড়; Scattered straw :- इत्ला ; खक्रान ; Mass of rubbish :--শিবিকা; বান বিশেষ; A vehicle with a bed for carrying about :--বিশ্বনতা ; A condition of disorder or confusion —v. t. (ছোট পশুৰ শাবৰ ) প্ৰস্ব-কু; To give birth to (said of small animals) :--ছড়ান ; ইতৰতঃ বিকিপ্ত-কু ; To scatter carelessly about :—ভূপৰবাদ সন্ধিত-ভূ ; To supply cattle with beds :-- v. i. প্রস্ব-কু; To produce a litter or broad. Syn:—(n.) Couch; bedding of straw; brood, mess, confusion.

Little, lit'l, a. কুট্ৰ; হোট . Small:—আল্ল; Not much or many:—বীচ; Mean:—সামান্ত; অপ্ৰবল; Brief; slight:—n. সামান্ত ছাল্ল; কিঞ্ছিৎ; Small space or quantity:—ad. অন্ধিক; আলু; অত্যল পরিমাণে; Not much. n.=littleness. Syn:—(a) Minute, diminutive, tiny, pigmy, short; scanty, inconsiderable, slender, feeble, weak, trivial, paltry, mean, selfish, narrow, contemptible. [degree; for a short time. A little—আলু আলু, অলুক্ষেণ্ড আলু, By a small

A little bird says—কোন বাজি বলে ( তাহার নাম মা বলা ); Some one who shall remain nameless, says.

Little by little, By little and little—जन्म क्ल, बाल बाल, Gradually; by small degrees. Little go, n. Intermediate examination at a university.

Little pitchers have long ears—Children hear what is said when you little think it.

Little strokes fell great oaks—সামান্ত চেপ্তাৰ মহৎ কাৰ্য্য হইতে পাৰে, Great things may be done by many small efforts.

Lot a little—ৰঙাৰ; অবল; Not in a very small degree; very much.

Littleness, lit'l-nes, n. 电影; The state or quality of being little. Syn:—Smallness, slightness; inconsiderableness, insignificance; meanness, paltriness, shabbiness.

Littoral, lit'or-al, a. সম্মতীর সম্মীর; সাগর-সংক্রান্ত: সাগরতীরস্থ; Belonging to the sea-shore: n.—তীরভূমি; The strip of land along the shore. Liturgios, litur'jiks, n. নির্মাণত উপাসনাপদ্ধতি সম্মীয় মৃত; The doctrine or theory of liturgies. Liturgiest, lit'ur-jist, n. স্বোজ্ঞালাবিং; নির্মাণত জিলাকান্তিক ক্ষাপ্রাক্তর বা স্বেক্ত্রী: One skilled

Liturgist, lit'ur-jist, n. ভোজমালাবিং; নিরূপিত উপাসনাগছতির পৃষ্ঠপোষক বা তদবলবী; One skilled in liturgy.

Liturgy, lit'ur-ji, স. খুটীয় ভ্ৰমালয় বিশেষের নির্মাণত উপাসনা-পছতি; ভোত্র পছতি, ভোত্র মানা; The form of service or established ritual of a church; formulary of public devotion, a= liturgic, liturgical.

Live, liv, v. i. জীবিত থাকা; বাঁচিয়া থাকা; টিকা; To have life; to exist; to last:—বাস-কু; To dwell:—জীবনধারণ-কু;পুট-হওয়া; To feed; subsist; be nourished or supported:—v. i. ব্যৱ-কু, আভি-

বাহিত-কৃ; To spend:—(কোন কিছু) অনুসারে চলা ঃ
(কোন কিছুর) অনুসারে কার্য্য-কৃ; To act in conformity with. n=liver. Syn:—Breathe, subsist, be alive; remain, continue, endure; abide, reside; feed, be nourished; be supported, obtain, livelihood; enjoy life, be happy, fare; lead, pass.

Live, liv, a. জীবিড; সজীব; Alive; having life:
— প্রমুল; চালাক; Lively; active:— ব্লক্ত; সমুজ্জ;
Burning; vivid. Syn:—Animate, quick, not dead; not extinguished, burning; active, earnest, vivid, glowing.

Live above one's means—আৰু অপেকা ব্যস্থ অধিক-কু; Spend more than one's income.

Live slone—একাকী খাকা; Be solitary; keep house by one's self.

Live by—কোন ব্যবসা বা কার্যোর ছারা জীবিকা আচরণ-ক; Earn one's livelihood by (some means).

Live by one's wits—কৌশল ক্রিয়া জীবিকা নির্কাহ-ক; Live after the fashion of one, who, with more versatility than solidity, lives on expedients; carn one's livelihood by means of literary labours.

Live down—ভাল জীবন দেধাইছা দমন-কু; লোকের উণহাস বা নিন্দা শুভিক্রম করিছা জীবিত থাকা; Put down by one's manner of living; live so as to subdue or refute. [ of dissipation.

Live fast—লম্পটভাবে জীবনবাপন-কু; Lead a life Live from hand to mouth—দিন আনে দিন বাবে দিন বাব; Live precariously without provision for the future, obtain food and other necessaries as want requires without having an abundant previous supply.

Live on or upon—কোন ব্ৰণ্ড ক্ষণ কৰিলা জীবনধানণ; Feed; subsist on; maintain oneself by eating:—(কোন কিছুর ছারা) জীবিকা নির্বাহ-তৃ; Be supported by.

Live out one's day-cots etal; Continue to live. [married.

Live single—অবিবাহিত থাকা; Not to be Live up to—কোন নিৰম অনুসাৰে চলা; Conform the life and conduct to; to make the life consistent with.

Live up to one's means—সমত আৰু ব্যুত্ত কৰা; Spend all that one earns. [Cohabit with. Live with—वान-कृ; Lodge with:—जीमार्ग्य-कृ; Live feathers—Feathers which have been plucked from the living fowl.

Livelihood, livin-hod, n. জীবিকানির্মাহের উপায়; জীবিকা, Maintenance; means of living.

Liveliness, livie-nes, n. সজীবতা; Quality or state of being lively or animated. Syn:—Gayety, animation, spirit, vivacity, briskness, spright-liness, smartness, activity.

Livelong, liviong, a. ছাত্তিকর, বহুক্পছারী; দীর্ঘারী; That continues long; wearisome; living or lasting long,

Lively, livic, a. তেজৰী; Vigorous; sprightly; nimble; living; animated:—প্ৰবন্ধ; সমূহক; Spirited; strong; vivid:—ed. তংগৰভাৱে; সতেজ; Briskly; vigorously, n=liveliness,

Syn: —Quick, smart, alert, prompt, blithe, gleeful, jocund, vivacious, gay, light, airy; expressive, forcible, energetic, spirited, vivid, glowing; brisk, effervescent.

Liver, liver, n. বৃহৎ; An organ of the body. Fast liver—সপট; Spendthrift; a libertine. Liver-colour, a. Dark-red.

Liver-grown, liver-gron, n. বহিত বৃহং; Having a swelled or overgrown liver.

Liveried, liver-id, a. विष्यवन्तिक्ष्यांती ; Having or wearing a livery.

Liverwort, n. रेन्यांन विरमंद ; Iceland-moss.

Livery, liver-i, n. সম্প্রদান; The formal delivery of possession:—ভূত্যবর্গের একনগ পোষাক; The uniform worn by servants:—সম্ভাত ভদ্রনোকের পরিজ্ঞেল; The garb worn by officers or citizens of high rank:—বিশেষ পরিজ্ঞেল; Any characteris ic dress.

Livery coat, n. Coat of a servant.

Liveryman, liver-i-man, n. লণ্ডন নগরের বিশেষ অধিকার্থাপ্ত লোক; Freeman of London holding a higher rank.

Livery-servant, n. One wearing a livery.

Livery-stable, liver-i-stabl, n. বে আন্তাবলে বোডা রাখিরা নিরমিত হারে তাহাদের আহারাদি দেওবা হব; Stable where horses are kept or let out for hire. Lives, livz, n. pl. of life.

Livestock, hvsstok, n. গোমেবাদি; কুবিতে নিছোজিত বা ভদৰে পালিত পতদল; Living animals; those necessary for the stocking of a farm.

Livid, livid, a. নীল-কৃষ : আঘাত থাবা বিবৰ্ণ ; কাল-পিরা পড়া ; Black and blue ; discoloured, as by a blow. n=lividness, lividity.

Living, living, a. জীবন্ত; সজীব; জীবিড; Having life:—চালাক; সতেজ; Active; lively:—বংমান; Running or flowing:—n. জীবিকা; জীবনোপার; Means of subsistence:—সম্পত্তি; A property:— পুরোহিতের বা ধর্মবাককের বৃত্তি; The benifice of clergyman. Syn:—(a) Existing, animated, alive, not dead, vigorous; life-giving, quickening; fresh flowing, (n) Support, livelhood; benefice, cure; course of life, mode of life.

The living-ৰীবিত লোক; Those alive.

Living rock—The rock in its native or original location. [old French coin.

Livre, le'vr, n. পুরাকালীৰ করানী বুলা বিশেষ; An Lixivium, liks-ivi-um, n. কাঠের কার বিশ্রিত জল; Water impregnated with alkaline salts imbibed from wood ashes.

[A reptile.

Lizard, liźard, n. টক্টকী; বিব্রিটা বিশেষ;

Liama, láma, n. দক্ষণ আমেরিকারানী উট্ট বিশেষ;
South American camel.

Liano, lano, n. দক্ষিণ আমেরিকার উত্তরাংশের বিতীর্ণ সম্ভল ক্ষেত্র ; One of the prairies in the northern part of South America. pl = Llanos.

Lloyd's, n. लखन नगरतत्र এक चारानंत्र नांग ; A part of the Royal Exchange in London.

Lo, lo, int. 四寸; See; behold; look.

Losch, Loche, loch, n. এক প্রকার ছোট নদী-বংসা ; A small river-fish.

Load, Iod, n. कान ; ताका ; A burden :--काशास्त्रन मान ; ताकारे मान ; Freight ; cargo :--ताबारे ; অতিহিক্ত ভার : A weight or encumbrance :—वाहां मनत्व जिडे करत ; That which oppresses the mind ; —কেশকর বিবয় ; That which burdens or grieves : — পরিষাপ বিশেষ ; A measure :—v. t. বোঝাই-ফু ; To burden encumber :—বকুৰ ঠানা ; বকুক ভরা ; To charge (as a gun) :—বহুব পরিমাণে লাল-ফু ; অতি-রিক্ত পরিমাণে অসাল-ফু ; To bestow in abundance :—বহুব করান ; Cause to bear :—আতিরিক্ত অব্যহাপাল-ফু ; To put on overmuch. Syn :—(n) Lading, charge, pressure, incubus, heap, dead, weight (v) Lade, freight ; oppress, burden, weighdown. Load with—চেলে বেবরা ; Give in profusion ; shower upon one :—ভারাকার্য-ফু ; Burden with. Loading, তির্নার, n. বোঝাই ; বোঝাই মাল ; A

Loading, löding, n. বোৰাই; বোৰাই বাল; A cargo or lading; a charge. [ding stat.
Load-star, n. ধ্ৰতার|; The pole star; guiLoad-stone, n চুৰক প্ৰৱন; Magnet.

Loaf, তি, গ. পাউকটি; চিনির রানি; চিনির জাল; Any thick lump or mass; large cake of bread, a mass of suger:—হ. :. আলস্যে কেপ্ৰ-কৃ; কাল-ক্ষ-কৃ. To spend time idle; to lounge; to loiter: —হ. f. আলস্যে সময় কাটায়; আলস্যে অপবায়-কৃ; To pass in idleness; to waste lazily. n=loafer.

Losfer, n. वृथा खमनकाती ; Idler ; vagrant.

Loaf-sugar, loi'-shoog'ar, n. মোচাকারে সজ্জিত পরিস্কৃত চিনির স্থপ; Refined sugar formed into a loaf or cone.

Loam, তিলা, ন. সারমাটি; বালুকা ও গলিত জল্পত ও উডিল্ পদার্থ মিলিত পদিব সৃত্তিকা; Naturally mixed sand and clay; a mudy soil of clay, sand, and decayed animal and vegetable matter:— ৩.৫. সারমাটি দিয়া আছেলেন-ডু, উক্ত মাটি হারা আবৃত-ডু; To cover with loam.

Loamy, তিৰ্মা, a. সারমাটিপূর্ণ; পৰিল সুত্তিকামর; Consisting of or resembling the nature of or like loam.

Loan, lon, n. কণদান; ফ্লের জক্ত টাকা কৰ্জ; Anything lent; mony lent on interest:—বাবহার করিবার অকুমতি; Permission to use:—n. f. ধার দেওয়া; To lend. [with the public.

Loan office — Office for negotiating state loans Loath, loth, a. [A. S. ladh, hostile, odious] অনিজুক; অপ্ৰবৃত্ত; Unwilling; reluctant; disliking; backward. ad=loathly. n= loathness.

Loathe, loth, v. t. অতিশন মুণা-কু; To dislike; greatly hate; abhor; detest; abominate; nauseate.

Loathful, lothfool a. যুণাপুৰ্; যুণাজনক; Exciting loathing or disgust; disgusting; disinclined; indisposed.

Loathing, löthing, n. অভিশয় স্থা; Abhorrance; extreme disgust:—a. মুণাকারী; Hating. ad-loathingly. Syn:—Detestation, abomination, horror, hatred.

Loathsome, lothsum, a. স্থান্তৰ ; স্থাত ; স্থাত . Detestable ; odious. n = loathsomeness. ad= loathsomely. Syn:—Disgusting, sickening, offensive, repulsive, revolting; hateful, abominable.

Loaves, lovz, n. pl. of Loaf.

The loaves and fishes—(बाँही (बजरब कर्य : The emoluments of office; personal emolument, Lob. lob, n. निर्द्धांथ निक्कित लाक ; पून ए कांग्री वस ; A dull, sluggish person; something thick and heavy :-- v. t. बनमकार शक्तिक (मजना : To let fall heavily and lazily.

Lobate, lob'at, Lobated, Lobed, lobd, s. ভাগ ভাগ করা : Consisting of lobes.

Lobby, lob'i, e. यदाव मनुत्यत वानाम : এकाधिक अक्नार्केव माधारण व्यवनभथ ; छाडे चत्रमानाम वा विक्रstat : Entrance hall ; outer room or passage ; a small hall or waiting-reom :--বাবহাপক সভার দালানের সেই অংশ বাহা কোন পরকারি কার্য্যে ব্যবহৃত इत्र ना ; That part of a hall of legislation not appropriated to the official use of the assembly. Lobbyist, Lobyman, n. One who frequents a legislative lobby, to influence legislation :v. t. To solicit members of a legislative body with a view to influence their votes.

Lobe, lob, n. ceta win; কর্ণের নিয়ভাগ; Any division or a rounded form; the lower part of the ear ;-- কুসকুস মতিক প্রভৃতির ভাগ ; A division of the lungs, brain &c :-পজের ভাগ ; A division of a leaf. = lobuler.

Lobelia, n. লভা বিশেষ ; A genus of plants. Loblet, löb'iet, Lobule, iob'ul, n. পরের ছোট ন্ধার : A small lobe.

Lobster, lob'ster, n. চিন্নডি মাছ; গল্লা চিন্নড়ী; A crustacean : a shell-fish with large claws.

Lobster's Pound--कांबाबाब ; A prison.

Lobworm, lobwurm, n. বাছ ধরিবার টোপরুপে বাব-হুত এক প্ৰকাৰ বড় কীট ; A large worm used as bait. Local, lo'kal, a. [L. locus. a place] 对问题: ब्राएमिक ; Relating to a place ; limited to a place, confined to a spot. ad=locally.

Localise, lo'kal-iz, v. t. कान निकिष्ठ ছात्र नि-বেশিত-কু; নিশিষ্ট হানে স্থাপিত-কু; To put into a definite place, n.-localisation.

Locality, lo-kale-te, n. श्रान; श्रापन, Place, district :--সংস্থিতি; অবস্থান; Situation; position. Locate, lo kat, v. t. [ L. locare, from locus. place ] হাপিত-কু; অবস্থান বিশেষে স্থাপন-কু; To place; to set in a particular position; to designate the place of. Syn :- Establish, fix, settle. Location, ठि-ka'shun, n. मानन ; Situation :-शासना वा ভाडा विकि . A leasing on rent.

Locative, lo'ka-tiv, a. अभागाम ; शामीविक्त पुष्टक ; (gram) indicating place.

Loch, loch, अ. बनानव ; इव : मानवनांचा , A lake ; arm of the ses; a bay.

Lock, lok, n. कृत्भ ; छाना ; Instrument used to fasten doors, &c: -- रेन्यूरकत तक्षक एतः That part of a gun by which it is discharged :-- (478%; अन्यम त्याका ; Tuft of hair ; flock of wool :--ज्ञीर् अवश्य शांत ; Any narrow confined place ; prison :- कुणित नमस्त चौक्छाहेता धता ; A grapple in wrestling :- ৰপাটের কল; কপাট-কল; Enclosure in a canal to confine water and allow barges to pass from one level to another :- ण. t. ठोवि-मा ; ভানাৰজ-ৰু; To fasten with a lock :--বন্ধ-ৰু, To confine ; restrain :-- পাচ আলিখন- ; To embrace closely :- v. i. वृहसाम वद-इ ; वृह जवद-इ ; To become fast; to unite closely. Syn:—(v) Shut up, close fast ; inclose, embrace, encircle.

Dead lock-A complication or counter action of things producing an entire stoppage.

Lock out-वाव रक कतियां धारण कतिएक मा एक्सा; Shut out.

Lock out-A suspension of work on the part of employers-corresponding to strike on the part of the employed.

Lock the stable door after the horse is stolen—চোর পালালে বৃদ্ধি বাড়ে; To begin to guard against a danger or provide for an emergency, when it is too late.

Under lock and key-চাবि निश वस : চাविजाना वन, Shut up with locks, securely locked up :-मात्र वक्ष कतिया वा शांभरन ; With closed doors in secret.

Lockage, lok'aj, n. थालब क्लाउ-क्लब डेनामान ; Materials for locks in a canal :- Amount of elevation and descent made by the locks :-কণাট-কলের ভিতর দিরা ঘাইবার জক্ত দের মাওল: Toll paid for passing through the lock of a canal.

Locker, loker, n. त्वताक ; धानवाती ; निमृक ; छाता वक कत्रा योहेट्ड शाद्य अक्रथ वक्षणान ; A drawer ; what locks; a close place that may be locked. Not a shot in the locker-पर्शना : Among

sailors, a familiar phrase for being without money.

Locket, n. ছোট তালা ; কুন্ত তালা ; A small lock : - आरही; Catch; spring to fasten a necklace &c: -পদক বিশেষ ; কুদ্র বর্ণকোষ যাহা অলক্ষার বরূপ ধারণ क्त ह्य ; A little ornamental case of gold or silver worn as an ornament contraining a lock of hair miniature &c.

Lock-jaw, lok jaw, Locked-jaw, lokt-jaw, n. শশুপ্তকার; দাতকপাটি; A contraction of the muscles of the jaw by which its motion is suspended; a variety of tetanus.

Lock-keeper, n. शांतद नक्-तकक ; One who keeps or attends the locks of a canal.

Lock ram, n. এক প্রকার মোটা প্রতী কাপড় ; A kind of coarse linen.

Lock-smith, loksmith, n. তালা-নির্মাণকারী; ভালাৰ কারিকর ; One who makes locks.

Lock-stitch, n. এक প্रकात मिनाई; A short of stitch formed by the locking of two threads [ of confinement ; police-cell. together. Lock-up, lockup, n. कातानीत ; शंकडबाना ; Place

Locomotion, lo-ko-mo'shun, #. গভিশক্তি: স্করণ-

\* Power of motion.

Locomotive, lo-ko-motiv, a. [L. locus, a place, and moveo, to move] ইতশ্বত: নপারি; Running by inward machinery, moving from place to place :-- म. मक्त्र-महाद रहा : (तनशीष्टित कन ; A locomotive machine; a railway engine. n=loco-Divided internally into cells. motivity. Loculous, a. ज्ञान्त्रतप्त हाउँ हाउँ भव्य विककः

A locum tenens—काशबंध हिस्क वर्गन, व अवस्थित অস্ত একজনের কর্ম করে; A tempory substitute.

Locus, lo'kus, n. via; A place:-- affice ज्ञकृत्व विक् बाता अविक वक् दिया वा दिया बाता केश्लाविक with traced by a point which varies its position,

Tocust, lo'kust, s. 14414; A devouring insect; a migratory winged insect, highly destructive to vegetation :-- বুন্ধ বিশেষ ; করেক কাডীর हेडिएम बाब ; A name of several plants and trees. Lode, lod, n. আৰম্ভিক ৰাজ-প্ৰবাহিকা , A regular vein or course, whether metallic or not; a metallic course or vein. [ the pole-star. Lodestar, n. sasial; The star that guides;

Lodge, loj, n. [Ger. laube, arbour, bower, from laub, foliage ] কুল গৃহ; বিহারকেজ: Small house ; cottage ; cot :— मरतात्रात्मत कृतित ; वातशात्मत श्रह ; Cottage at a park-gate, the shed of a gate-keeper ; porter's room :--নিভ্ত বাসন্থান ; A retreat :- इंग्रज वा ठाहान अविदियन हान : A local branch of a secret association as of the Free masons &c., or the place in which they assemble:-v. t. ছাপন-कृ, अहात्री जानाम अमान-कृ; To place; to put; to furnish with a tempory habitation :- जुनाती-कृ ; To lay flat, as grain :-চাৰিয়া রাখা ; To cover :--আত্রার-দে ; To harbour : –মুনোনিবিষ্ট-কু; To fix in the heart, mind or memory:--ए. ं. वांग-कृ; व्यवज्ञान-कृ; व्यवज्ञिन्कृ; То reside; to rest; to stay; to dwell for a time. a = lodgeable. Syn :- Den, lair, haunt; secret society, association; assemblage, collection.

Lodge an information—अভियोग-क ; Make a complaint.

Lodger, lojer, n. ধাবাদী : ভাড়াটীয়া ; বে ব্যক্তি অল সমরের মান্ত কোন হানে বাস করে; One who abides for a time; tenant of part of a house.

Lodging, lojing, n. आवात ; अशाही वातशान. আৰ্ছিভি গৃহ; Residing; settling; harbour; apartment. Syn :- Harbour, cover, protection, habitation, abode, dwelling house.

Lodgment, lojinent, n. वाम कब्रव; वमिक ; ष्यश्री ৰাসভাৰ প্ৰদান বা বাস; Act or state of being lodged :--বাসহান; A lodging house :-- প্রির ভাবে অবহিত জবাসমষ্ট ; Accumulation of something remaining at rest.

Loft, loft, n. উচ্চতা ; উপরিস্থ কুঠবী ; উপরতলার ঘব ; Elevation; elevated story:—গিৰ্জার মঞ্ ; গালারি . Gallery in a hall or church.

Hay-loft, #. ज्नेकांडे ।

Lofty, lofte, a. [ Ger. luftig, lofty, A S. loften high ] छेक ; High , tall :-- महर ; आंख वनानी ; পৰিত; Haughty, stately; majestic. n=loftiness ad=loftly. Syn:—Towering, evalted, sublime, dignified, stately, arrogant, proud.

Log, log, n. 東西 本地中, 本社 時時; Beam or billet of wood. a bulky piece of wood :-- जाशास्त्र পতি মাপ : জাহাজের গতি-পরিমাপক-রজ্জ্ব-সংলগ্ন কাঠথত . Instrument to measure the rate of ship's motion through the water .--জাহাজের গতিনিরূপক পুস্তক: Journal of a ship's progress &c.; log-book :---खबन सरवाद देहनी शत्रिमांन विरम्ब ; Hebrew liquid measure f or f of a pint :-- v. t. বুল ক্তিখন অন্তত क्यां , To cut and get out logs.

Logarithm, log'a-rithm, n. [ Gr. logos, ratio, arithmos, number ] निष्दि श्रीनिक व पिक्टि छेन्नीड कतिए जनद अकृष्टि निमिष्ठे तानित नमान इत ; The exponent of the power to which a given number

must be raised to produce the number. as=logarithmic, logarithmical.

Logarithmic, Logarithmical, a. ननाविष्य সংক্ৰান্ত বা তংগৰন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to, or consisting of logarithm. ad=logarithmically.

Logboard, n. काशास्त्र शिवान निविवात करा; A board on which the log-reckoning is kept.

Log-book, log'book, #. আহাজের পতিনিক্লপক পুত্তক ; Ship's journal.

Log-cabin, log'kab'in, Log-house, log'hows, Loghut, log'hut, n. कृष्टीत ; कांद्रेत कांपता वा चत्र ; Cabin or house made of logs.

Logged or Water logged-Disabled from motion or action by water, as a ship.

Logger-head, log'er-hed, n. নির্কোণ; বোকা; कुलवृद्ध ; Dolt ; a dunce ; a blockhead :-pl. বিবাদ; বিত্তা; Quarrel, dispute. a=loggerheaded.

To be at loggerheads, To come or go to or fall to loggerheads—বিবাদ-কু; স্বপড়া-কু; Fall out ; quarrel.

Logic, loj'k, n. [Gr. logos, speech, reason] স্থায়শার : Art or laws of reasoning.

Logical, loj'ik-al, a. স্থারশারদম্বীর: Pertaining to logic :—ক্ষারপান্তসকত ; ক্যারপান্তারধাবী ; According to the rules of logic :--স্থায়শাস্ত্রজ , স্থারশাস্ত্রে নিপুণ, Skilled in Ingic:--বিভেদকারী; Discriminating. ad=logically.

Logician, lo-jish'an, a. নৈয়ায়িক , স্থায়শাস্ত্ৰক পণ্ডিত : One skilled in logic.

Logistic, Logistical, a. [Gr. logisomai, to calculate] शहर ; (math.) Made on the scale of calculate.

Logistics, n. sing. বাছিক পাটীগণিত ; A system of arithmetic, in which the numbers are expressed in a scale of sixty.

Logline, log'lin, n. জাহারের গতিমান রজা; কল माना मिं ; The line fastened to the log, and properly marked for ascertaining the speed of a vessel.

Log-man, n. (र लाक कार्डवर काटि; कार्डविश ; One who cuts timber and gets it to the mill : one who hews timber.

Logography, lo-gog'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. logos, word, and grapho, to write] বন্ধার কথা লিখিবার दोिछ ; এक अकात छाणिवात अनाली ; The art of taking down the words of a speaker; printing with a character for each word; a method of printing with whole words cast in a single type.

Logomachy, lo-goma ki, n [ Gr. logos, word, mache, fight ] बाग्यूफ ; बाग्विङ् । (कान क्या लहेंग्रा विवान ; War of words.

Log-reel, n. A reel for the log-line.

Log-spun, a. ज्ञांदिक्स ; Tedious, extended to great length.

Log-wood, n. এক একার লোহিত্বর্ণ কাঠ ; রঙ্ করি-বার লাল কাঠ; A wood of a deep red colour, much used in dyeing; a red heavy wood much used in dyeing.

Loin, loin, n. ভোজনার্ছ ছেদিত পশুপুর ; The back of a beast cut for food:-pl. क्षाम ; का कृतित्र ; The reins or the lower part of back,

Gird up your loins-क्षांत्र कांग्र वांक। Loiter, loi'ter, v. i. विमय-क : (मनी-क : चांगाज काम्प्रकण-कृ ; To delay ; to linger ; to spend time idly. smioiterer ( কালকেপকারী )। Loll, lot, v. i. व्ह्यान-त्य ; ब्यादास्य भवन-कृ ; ब्यान-

ভাবে গুটুরা বাকা ; Lean idly ; to lounge ; to lie at ease :--- वृत स्ट्रेंटिं बुलिश भड़ा ; To hang out from the mouth :- v. t. जिल्लानि वाहित-क ; To thrust

out, as the tongue.

Lollard, lolard, n. ইংল্ডের উই क्रिक्त अनुहत वी निवा : Follower of Wyckliffe :-- कर्यानिव शृक्षकालीन সংকারকদলের অক্ততম: One of a sect of early re-[ Lollard. formers in Germany.

Lollardism, n. लानाएंद मूड : Principles of Lombard, n. नप्राधीयात्री; Native of Lombardy :--पर्वात ; त्यक्ता ; Goldsmith :--कृष्टिशा ; महोबन ; Banker , money-lender ; pawn-broker. Lombard fever—बान्या ; Laziness.

Lombard street, n. नक्त्व बाला वित्नव ; Street of the banks or money market in London.

Lone, lon, a. (中海河; এ本本; এ本1年); Solitary; alone : retired :- অধিবাহিত : Unmarried. n= loneliness.

Loneliness, lonle-nes, n. নিৰ্কন্তা; Condition of being lonely Syn :- Solitude, retirement, seclusion, solitariness, isolation.

Lonely, lonie, a. এकाकी ; এकक ; मिलवित्रहिछ ; निर्वहन ; Sequestered from company or neighbours. Syn: - Solitary, lone, alone; lonesome, retired, unfrequented, secluded, dreary, lonesome.

Lonesome, lońsum, a. सन्देश ; निर्क्तन ; Solitary ; dismal. n = lonesomeness, ad = lonesomely. Long, long, a. शोर्ष ; शोर्ष शुवा ; Extended ; not short ; having length :-- भीर्यकानगानी ; Continued through a considerable time:-- वित्रक्षिका शीर्थ; Tedious :-- प्रमृद्ध ; विजी ; Far-reaching :-- ad. मीर्थकान : जारनकेनुत्र भर्याच : To a great length : throughout :--- v. i. আ 3) 读 ই 顾 - 李; "커턴 - 李; To desire earnestly :-- शासन न्यूका-इ : To have an eager appetite. ad=longingly. Syn := (a)Protracted, produced, lengthy, prolonged; farreaching; slow, dilatory, tardy, imgering. (v) Wish for, hanker after, crave, lust after, pine for, yearn for.

A long pull, A strong pull, A pull altogether—সমবেত চেষ্টা ; একজিত চেষ্টা ; A united, vigorous and continued effort.

As long as--वांतर ; यङक्य भवास ।

As long as one lives—शांवकीयन ; वरुपिन वीहित्य । Ere long—ৰচিবে: শীছ।

Happy as the day is long-नित्रविष्ट्त स्थी ; नर्सपोरे रूपी ; Perfectly happy.

In the long run- जनतात ; जल्ड ; त्नेल ; At last ultimately; in the end; eventually; ultimately. Long after—रहिम शरत ; ज्ञानकिम शरत ।

Long ago, a. वर्शन शृद्ध ; चलक निन जाल ; A long time since.

Long for-त्कान विवास अलाख देश्हा-कृ, Wish for eagerly. [ Wealth ; riches. Lous purse, Heavy purse-44; 44;

Long sin co- वहविन शूर्य ; A long time ago. Make a long face-नृष जूरन शहा ; मूच हान-क ;

Wear a sad dejected countenance.

The long and short of it—ৰোট কৰা; আসক क्य ; The summary ; a brief statement ; the most important point :- The matter viewed in its most important aspects.

Long-armed, a. 中旬有 : Having long arms. Long-boat, long'bot, n. ভাছাতে সংলগ্ন দীৰ্ঘতৰ নৌক|; The largest boat belonging to a ship.

Long-bow. n. 图 : Brw for shooting.

Long-cloth, n. মৃত্যার কাপড়; মুত্রবন্ধ ; Cotton. Long dozen, n. > ; One more than a dozen : 13. Long-drawn, a. विक्ड ; Extended to a great

[ forbearing for a long while. Long-enduring, a. महिक् ; मक्नीन ; Lasting long ; Longeval, longeval, Longevous, lon-je'vus, a. [L. longus, long, and ævum, age ] मी बायू-

বিশিষ্ট; প্রাচীন; Long lived; of great age Longevity, lon-jevi-ti, n. मीपीयू ; वृक्ष वद्यन ;

Long life; old age.

Long-headed, a. कानी; छोक्नवृद्धि; Wise; having fore-thought and sagacity. [ grave ; death. Long Home-नमाधिश्वान ; श्रीतश्वान ; मुक्रा ; The Long hundred, n. > ?: ; 120.

Longimanous, ion-jima-nus, a. [ L. longus, long, and manus, a hand ] शीर्षवाइ ; शीर्षक्क ; Long-handed. I ances.

Longimetry, n. प्रमुप्तिमान : Measuring dist-Longing, long'ing, n. 可对; Desire; a craving. Syn .- Yearning, aspiration, hankering, itching, earnest desire, wistful eye.

Longish, long'ish, a. देवनीर्च ; Somewhat long. Longitude, lońji-tūd, n. 內有; Length:-ভাগিমা; স্থাগিমান্তর; Distance of a place east or west of a given meridian :- আরন্মধ্যস্থ বিৰূপক হইতে অংশান্তর: Distance in degrees from the vernal equinox, on the ecliptic. a = longitudinal. Longitudinal, lon-ji-tudi-nal, a. रेप्पा वा श्रीविशासन महास ; पीर्वकार विकड ; Pertaining to length or longitude; extending lengthwise. ad= f of length. longitudinally.

Longitudinally, ad. लक्षानिक ; In the direction Long-lasting-চিরন্থারী; Permanent.

Long-legger, n. कूढ्द वित्तव ; A grey hound. Long-lived, a. आयुषान ; वित्रश्लीत ; नीर्वश्लीती ; Living or lasting long.

Long-liver, n. (प वहकाम कोविज बादक; One who The measure of length. lives a long while. Long-measure, long'mezh'ur, n. দৈৰ্ঘাপরিমাণ; Long-primer, long-primer, n. ছাপার অক্ষ বিশেষ : এক প্ৰকার ছাপিবার হবপ ; A kind of type. Longrun, long'run, n. मध्य घटेनोथवां ; চत्रमकांन ; The whole course of events; the ultimate result. Long-shoreman, long'shor-man, n. 朝東懷明 मान বোঝাই করিবার ও নামাইবার মুটে; One of a class of labourers employed about wharfs esp., in loading and unloading vessels.

Long-sighted, long'sit'ed, a. vaye; valves श्रमार्थ मर्गनक्म ; Able to see at a long distance :-বিচক্ষণ; তীক্ষবৃদ্ধি; Sagacious. # long sightedness ( प्रमुष्टि ) ।

Long-spun, a. Carried to an excessive length. Long-stop, म. जीरक्ट् (बनाब व जीडक डेंद्रेरक्ट्रे কিপারের পশ্চান্ডে দীড়াইরা বলের গতিরোধ করে; One who stands behind wicket-keeper and stops balls sent a long distance. [offence. Long-sufferance, ন. নহিক্ডা; Patience of Long-suffering, long-suffering, a. নহিক্; দীর্ঘন্ডিয়; Enduring long:—z. নহিক্ডা; Patience; long endurance.

Long-tongued, a. पोर्विक्स : Babbling.

Long-waist, n. (পচুঁক; গৃছ; One who eats much.

[ breathed; tedious.

Long-winded, a. প্ৰতিষ্ঠিক : বিক্তিক : Long

Long-winded, a. भीर्यशनवृक्तः विवक्तिकतः Long Long-wise, ad. नेषानायः Lengthwise.

Loo, loo, n. এক প্ৰকাষ তাদ খেলা; A game at cards:—v. f. ল্-খেলায় হারাইরা দেভরা; To beat in the game of loo.

Looby, n. ছুলবৃদ্ধি; নির্কোধ বাক্তি; মূর্থ ; Dolt. Loof, louf, n. জাহাজের বক্রাফার সম্মধদেশের পশাস্তাগ ;

The after-part of a ship's brow.

Look, look, v i. [ Ger. luoken, allied to Skr. lok, to see ] দুইপাত-কু; To direct the eye towards an object so as to see it :- ( ) In the imperative. see, behold :-- गरनानिरवन-क , भरना-त्यात्र-त्य ; To direct the attention to : consider : ---আশা কবিয়া অপেকা-ক: আশা-ক: To wait for expectantly: to expect:-- ধীমাংসা-কু; To penctrate; solve, as a mystery: — মতর্ক-ছ; লকা-কু; To direct the gaze in all directions; be circumspect ; watch :- अनुमक्तान-कृ ; To seek ; search :- পরীকা- ह ; Examine :- বোধ-হ ; দেখান ; Appear, seem :-- नगुशीन-र ; To face front :-v. t. চাহিরা দমন-কু; দৃষ্টি বারা অভিভূত-কু; To influence by looks or presence :-- চাহিয়া অকাশ-ক; ष्टि बादा প্ৰকাশ-क ; To express by a look --n. मुंबाकृष्डि ; मुंबावत्रव ; Cast of countenance ; air of the face :-- पृष्ठ ; पर्यन , पृष्टि ; The act of looking or seeing; view; glance:—আকৃতি; চেহাবা, Aspect. m=looker-on. Syn:—(v) Behold, observe; contemplate, think on, mind, consider, take care. heed; front, face, be directed to; appear; seem. (n) Gaze; air, complexion, mien.

Look a gift-horse in the mouth-quan অসুগ্রহ স্বরূপ পাওবা পিরাছে তাহার দোবলা বিচার করা : Examine the quality or value of what is obtained as a gift. [one नडर् ; Be vigilant. Look about, Look around, Look about Look about-চভূদিকে দেখা ; Look on all sides. Look after-मत्नारपान-क : To attend to :--रष्ट-इ : (प्रवास्त्र) ; Take care of :-- अपूनकान-क : चरवर्ग-कृ ; Search ; seek :--चाना-कृ ; To expect. Look after one's own interest—আপনাৰ স্বিধার দিকে দৃষ্টি রাখা ; Attend to what will profit [ horror or fright. or benefit the person. Look aghast- छात्र विक्रान-इ : To stupified with Look at-明常的一事; Gaze at; direct one's eyes to see:-- अप्रमहान-ङ ; (प्रथा ; Examine ; view : investigate.

Look before you leap—নাক দিবার পূর্বে দেবিও, না দেবিয়া কোন কিছু করিও না; Do not make any venture or take any risk without previous scrutiny.

Look black—জনুদী-কৃ; To frown. [confused. Look blank—বিহলে-ই; Appear astonished or Look blue—বিরাপ হওয়ার বত কেবাৰ; কিকেব্য-বিষ্কৃ-হ; Seem disappointed; appear so puzzled as not to know what to say. [angrily. Look daggers—অক্টা-ফ়; To look fiercely or Look down on or upon—ঘূণা-ফু; উপেকা-ফু; অবজানৃষ্ট নিক্ষেণ-ফু; To regard with contempt; to despise:—বেখান হইতে নীচের কোন পদার্থ কেবিজে পার্যা যাব এমন উচ্চে থাকা; Command a distinct view of something lying below.

Look for—আশা-কৃ; প্রতীক্ষা-কৃ; Expect; wait expectantly to:—অসুসন্ধাৰ-কৃ; পাইবার চেষ্টা-কৃ; Seek.

Look for a needle in a hay mow—इस्ड सर्व निर्ह-र ; To engage in a hopeless search.

Look forth or forward, Look forward to—প্ৰতীকা-কু; আশা-কু; To anticipate; expect; await.

Look in—আইন; আনা; To visit; call; come in.

Look in the face—নাহনপূৰ্বক নাজাং-ড়; Face
or meet with boldness.

Look into —ভন্ন তর কবিষা দেখা; ভাল করিয়া দেখা; ভাল করিয়া ভিতৰ পথ্যস্ত দেখা; To examine closely; inspect closely.

Look not a gift-horse in the mouth—ৰে দ্ৰব্য ভিন্দা বৰূপ পাওবা গিবাছে ভাষাৰ দোষণা বিচাৰ ৰা করা; ভিন্দার চাপ কালে আব আকাড়া. Examine not the quality or value of what is obtained as a gift; do not examine a present too closely or critically. Look on, Look upon—দশকের স্থাব দেখা; Be a merc idle spectator:—বিবেচনা-কু, কোন ভাবে দেখা; গণ্য-কু; বোধ-কু; Regard; think.

Look on one as, Look upon one in the light of—ৰাহাকে বা কোন বস্তাক (কোন কিছুর) সভ বিকেনা বা গায়-কু; Regard one (or something) as. Look on the bright or sunny side—আৰত্ত ; আয়াহিত হ; To have a cheerful and hopeful spirit.

[ To be discouraged.

Look on the dark side—নিৱাশ-হ; হতাৰ-হ; Look out—অমুসন্ধান-কৃ; To search; seek:— মনোনীত-কৃ; নিকাচন-কৃ; Choose; select:—সভক-ডার সহিত শক্ষা-কৃ; To be on the watch.

Look out for—बानी-ङ ; अपूनकान-ङ , उद्गान करा ; To expect ; scrk.

Look over—বিশেষ করিয়া অনুসন্ধান-কু; To try one by one; examine carefully; scrutinise:—কোন কাগন্ধপত্ৰ বা বই পরীক্ষা বা পাঠ-কু; Read:—পড়া তৈযায় করা; Prepare a lesson.

Look red—লক্ষা পাৰৱা , To blush. [enquire. Look round—ৰসুসন্ধান-কু ; To search ; seek ; Look sharp—সত্ৰক থাকা ; উনিয়ার হওয়া ; Be very careful ; to exercise foresight :—সব্ধ হইছা কাৰ্য্য হাসিল-কু , Act quickly or promptly.

Look through—পথ্যবেশন-কু; ভিতর পৰাস্থ প্রবেশ করিয়া মতলব বৃত্তিতে পারা; অক্তরল পর্বান্ত বোদিতে বা বৃত্তিতে পারা; To penetrate into; see or understand perfectly; penetrate with the eye or understanding.

Look to—বিদু গাইবার প্রভালা-কু; Resort to with confidence or expectation of receiving something; to fix hopes on:—বছ-কু; মৰোণোগ-কু; To take care of; attend to:—(কাহারও উপর) বিভান-কু; Depend on.

Look to one for—কাহাৰত নিকট কোন কিছু পাইবাৰ বজাবা-ডু; Expect to receive from.

Look up—ভাল হুইবার উপক্রম দেখা বাইতেছে : বৃদ্ধি বা উন্নতি হুইবে এমন গতিক দেখা ; Show a tendency to improve :—কোন ব্যবসা মাধা খাড়া দেওমা ; উঠা ; The prospects are brighter.

Look up to—সন্ধান-কু: Respect:—সাহাব্যের আলা-কু: অনবরে সাহাব্যের অভ্যালার কাহারও মুপগানে চাওয়া; Expect help from one in need:—উচ্চদিকে দৃষ্টপাত কু: Raise one's eye to something high:—কাহারও মৃত্ত পদ্য-কু; Regard one as.

Look with an evil eye—কাহারও বিষন্ত্রন পড়া; Regard one with jealousy or ill-feeling ( as being the source of some evil ).

Looker, n. (य मार्थ ; प्रश्नकादी ; One who looks. Looker-on, n. प्रश्नक ; A mere spectator.

Looking, looking, n. দৰ্শন; অধ্যেণ; Seeing; search or searching.

Looking-glass, IDOM age glass, n. দৰ্শণ; আমনা; Look-out, lookout, n. অব্ছিত প্রিদর্শন; পর্যবেকণ .

A careful looking out or watching for; observation:—পন্যবেক্ষণ করিবার স্থান; মন্থত প্রবেক্ষণ স্থান; An elevated place from which to observe:
—পন্যবেক্ষণকারী; One engaged in watching.

Be on the look-out for—সাবহিত হইবা প্রতীক্ষা
কু; কাহারও বা কিছুর সন্ধানে থাকা, Be carefully looking for.

[ business or concern

One's look-out—কাহারও নিজের কাফ; One's

Loom, তিতাল, ল. ঠাত, তত্ত্ব; Machine for weaving cloth:—ক্ষান্ত : The indistinct appearance of anything as land whose outline only is visible:—ক্যান্তের বাট; The handle of an oar:—খ.ত ব্যক্তি স্পেন্ত : Appear at a distance:—খেত্ত আহতি মপেকা অধিক বভ দেখাৰ; প্রকৃত আহতি মপেকা বৃহত্তব প্রতিমান-ত; To appear larger than the real size:—মামান-ত; To rise and to be imminent:—চক্রবানের উপরে দেশন দেওয়া; To shine or appear above the horizon.

Looming, তিতাning, n. মর্যাচিকা: মৃগতুকা; Murage. Loon, তিতা, n. বদমাইন; বজ্জাত; নীচ লোক; Rogue; rascal; a mean fellow:—অন্চর পক্ষী বিশেষ; A web-footed acquatic bird.

Loope, তিত্ৰ চুল প্ৰতিষ্ঠান : Double or fold of a cord; noose :—ছিন্ধ: Loop-hole :—কালবেৰ ভাঁজ; An ornamental doubling in fringes :—পলাঘন পথ ; A means of escape :—ভ. ৫. কাস-দে; কাস দিয়া আটকান খা অলক্ত-কৃ: To fasten or ornament with loops.
Looper, তিত্বভূদ, ম. ভাট বিশেষ; The larva of certain moths.

Loop-hole, তিউp'höl n. ছুপেৰ প্ৰাণীয়ন্থ কুছ ছিন্ত ;
আংলায় ভ্যাপাৰ্থ ছিন্ত ; A small hole in a wall for firing though :—পৰায়ন পথ ; পলাইবার পথ ; Shift ; chance of escape. a — loop-holed. { of railway. Loop-line, n. লুপ্লাইন ; Double alternate line Loose, তিওঁচ, v. t. বন্ধন মুক্ত-কু; বন্ধন মোচন-কু; খোলা ; Untie ; unbind ; free from any fastening — মুক্ত-কু; ছাড়িয়া দেওৱা ; Set free; release :— বালিছ বালেন ভার হুইতে মুক্ত-কু; Release from anything obligatory or burdensome; absolve, remit:— শিধিন-কু; Relax:—v. f. জাহাল খোলা; জাহাল ছাড়িয়া বালা-কু; To set sail; to leave a port or harbour:—... অবন্ধ; শিধিল; Unbound; not com-

pact ; untied :-- चनाविष्ठे ; Unattentive :-- चनःवक ; Unrestrained :-- खनरक्य ; Not confined :-- माथिए हरे(ड बुक ; बुक ; Free from obligation ; disengaged :-- कमराजूर्ग वस ; Not crowded or compact :—সংক্রিও বছে ; Not concise :—ট্রিক নয় ; Not precise ; not exact :—কড়া নহে ; অবৃঢ় ; Not strict ; not rigid :-- अन्यक ; Unconnected :- (छएड्रांकी ; উपदावरपुक ; Having loose bowels :-- जम्म ह ; कुक-রিত্র; অসতী; Dissolute; wanton; licentious; unchaste. n = looseness. ad = loosely. Syn : -(v) Unfasten, undo ; disconnect, disengage, detach ; liberate; absolve, remit, relieve. (a) Unsewed: slack, relaxed, not tight, movable; disenthralled, at liberty, rambling, straggling; not concise, diffuse, vague, indefinite; lax, not costive; dissolute, immoral.

Loose, v. t. শিথিস করা; To make loose:—মল কৃষ্টতা দূর করা; To remove costiveness from:— শাসন হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To free from restraint.

Give a loose to—ব্যস্ত-কু; Give vent to :—ৰস্-যত-কু; ছাড়িয়া দেওয়া; Indulge freely in.

Let loose the blood hounds of war. Set in motion the destructive forces of war.

To break loose—অবরোধ হুইডে প্রাধন-কু; To escape from confinement. [at liberty. To let loose—মুক্ত-কু; ছাড়িলা বেছলা; To set Loosen, loośn, v. t. অন্বক্ত-কু; To make loose:
—ক্তন যোচন-কু; To relax anything tied:—
লিখিন-কু; To make less dense:—v. i. লিখিল-কু; To become less light. Syn:—Unbind, untie, slacken, relax, release; unloose; make lax, remove costiveness.

Loot, তিটা, n. লুঠ; লুঠন; Plunder; the act of plundering:—v. t. or i. লুঠ-ফু; লুঠন-ফু; To plunder.

Lop, lop, v. t. [ D. lubben, to cut ] ছেদ্ৰ-কু; ছাডিয়া ফেলা; কাডিয়া কেলা; অতিবিক্ত অংশ কাডিয়া ছোট-কু; Cut off; cut of the top of extreme parts of; to shorten:—v. i. নিম্নে লখ্মান-চ; আনন্ত্-চ; To hang downward; be dependent:—n. বাহা কাডিয়া কেলা হয়; ছাটা খাছের ভালপালা; What is cut off: twigs and branches of trees cut off. Syn:—(v) Prune; dock, crop, shorten, curtail; drop, let fall; be pendent, droop.

Loquacious, lö-kwashe-us, a. [L. loquax, loquacis, talkative] কথাপিয়; জনপথিয়; Talkative; noisy. n= loquaciousness, loquacity (talkativeness). ad = loquaciously. Syn:—Garrulous, chatty, conversable.

Loquacity, তি-kwase-te, n. বাক্ষিয়তা; The habit or practice of talking continually. Syn:—Talkativeness, garrulity, babling, gabbling.

Lord, lord, ন. প্রত্ন; Master:—শাসনকরা; Ruler:
—খামী; Husband:—ডিউক বা মার্ক্সের পুত্র; A
peer; son of a duke or marquis:—পরমেশর;
The Supreme Being; God, Jehovah:—উক্তম
ব্যক্তি; Superior:—পার্কেসের সভ্য প্রধান বর্ষবাকক:
A bishop, if a member of parliament:—v. t.
আধিপত্য-কৃ; অভিযাত্যনে উন্নত-কৃ; To play the
Lord; to domineer; to raise to the peerage.
Syn:—Superior, governor, king.

Lord it over-47/470-7; Domineer; rule

with despotic sway :—বেন অধিণতির ভার চলা; To command the prospect of; play the lord over. Lord of misrule—One formerly chosen to preside over the sports and revels of a family

during the Christmas holiday.

Our Lord—Jesus Christ. [province. Lord Deputy, ম. বাসনকা; Governor of a Lord-High steward, n. Presiding officer of the court of peers. [peals.

Lord Justice, n. withing as ; Judge of ap-Lord Lieutenant, n. Vicercy of Ireland; Chief Military Magistrate of a shire.

Lord Mayor—Mayor of London, Dublin, or York. [in office Lord Mayor elect—Mayor elected but not Lord Mayor's day, n. The day on which the Lord Mayor of London is elected; oth November. Formerly it was celebrated in a grand ostentations manner. [Lord Mayor's day. Lord-Mayor's show, n. Grand procession on Lord's Day, n. বিলাম দিল; ম্বিবার; Sabbath of the Christians and Jews; Sunday; the first day of the week.

Lord's supper, n. প্রতির শেব ভোল, প্রভূব ভোল; The sacrament of the communion, instituted at Christ's last supper, the holy communion; Christian Eucharist.

Lordling, lawrdling, n. সামার অভিন্নাত, সন্ত'না অভিন্নাত; কুম প্রভূ; A little lord; a would-be lord.

Lordly, lordle, a. মহৎ; আভিকাত; Noble, majestic; dignified:—পর্বিতঃ পৌংবায়ক; Haughtv, proud, imperious. n≈lordliness. ad=lordly. Syn:—Lofty, magnificent, overbearing, tyrannical, despotic, domineering.

Lordship, lordship, n. আভিছাতা, State or quality of being a lord:—প্ৰভূষ; কমতা . আধিপতা . Dominion; power; authority:—অভিজাতের অধিকার; The territory belonging to a lord—ধমরা উপাধি; A title given to a lord. Syn—Rule, command, government, domination, feudal estate, manor.

Lore, টিr. n. [ A. S. lar, from laeran, to teach ]
শিকা; উপদেশ, বিদ্যা, Learning; doctrine. Syn
—Erudition, letters, scholarship, knowledge, learning.

Lorica, lo-ri'ka, n. [ L. lorum, a thong ] প্রা-কালীন রোমকাশনের চর্মনির্মিন্ত উৰস্কাণ: Currass of leather set with metal plates; cuirass made of thongs.

Loricate, lor'i-kat, v. t. উৰৱাণে বজিছ-কু: To furnish with a coat of mail:—গড় থারা যডিড-কু: To plate or coat over. n=lorication.

Lorication, lor'i-kā'-hun, n. আবরণ প্রদান : A coating or crusting over, as with plates of mail. Loriot, তি'ri-ut, n. পকা বিশেষ : The oriole.

Lorn, lorn, a. কৃতিগ্ৰন্ত ; পৰিত্যক্ত ; নিংসক ; Lost , forlorn ; lonely.

Loory, lor'i, n. চারিচাকার বেরণুক্ত নালগাড়ী; A four-wheeled wagon without sides.

Lory, löri, n. 영春制 司 의 本 四 司 司 李 李 李 李 李 李 · A small bird allied to the parrot.

Lose, 1002, ৩. t. বোরান; হারাম; Not to win; forfeit:—বকিড-হ; Be deprived of:—বকাছানে বা বিবরে হাগন-ফ; Mislay:—নই-ফ; আগায়ন-ফ; Waste:—না পাররা; হারাইরা কেনা; Miss:—হত-বৃদ্ধি-ক; কিংকর্তাবিস্চ-ফ; Bewilder:—নই-ফু; বিম্বত্তক; Ruin; destroy:—কর সভ-ফ; Suffer waste:—০. i. ক্তিগ্রত্ত, ব — losable. n — loser. Syn:—Let fall, let slip, mislay, drop, wander from; squander, misspend; be bereaved of; fail, decline.

Lose battle-- পরাঞ্চিত- ए; হারিরা খাওরা।

Lose caste—জাভ খোবান; জাভন্তই-ছ; To be cast from one's hereditary social position; to lose rank.

Lose friends—বন্ধু বিয়োগ-হ।

Lose ground-পিছ পড়া ; Recede ; fall behind : -কভি নহ-কু; To suffer gradual loss or disadvantage. [discraged: to grow timid. Lose heart-इंडान-इं: निवान-इं: To become Lose life-थान विस्तान-इ. क्षेत्रन महे इ । जिल्ल-ए । Lose one's consciousness—চেডনাশুস্ত-হ; জান-Lose one's head—প্ৰাণ্ড হওবা , Be executed : —মুপু যুরে যাওবা; বৃদ্ধির ছিরতানা থাকা, Lose the [ To fail in love. power of judging calmly. Lose one's heart—প্রেমান্তরক-হ: প্রেমে পড়া: Lose one's kingdom—বাস্থাৰই-হঃ রাষাচাত-হ। Lose one's self—হতবুদ্ধি-হ; কিংক ব্ৰাবিষ্ট্ৰ-হ; Be bewildered. I come angry. Lose one's temper—क्य-३. दानांविष्ठ-३: Be-Lose one's wits-कि:कर्डनाविष्ठ-इ, इटवृद्धि-इ, মোহপ্রাপ্ত-হ; বৃদ্ধিতীন-হ, জ্ঞানশৃস্ত হ; To lose one's mental faculties, to suffer momentary lapse of intellectual forethought and composure.

Lose sight of—না দেখা, Not to see :—ভূনিয়া বাৰ্যা, Forget; neglect. [chain of. Lose the thread of—খেই ধারান; Lose the Lose time—কালকেপ-কু; সময় নতু-কু;

Losing, loozing, a. কঠিকর; অপচয়জনক; Causing loss. ad=losingly. [table enterprise. A losing game—আগভ্যনক কাৰ্য্য; An unprofi-Loss, los. n. [A. S. los. loss, losing ] কয়; অপচয়; হানি; Waste:—নাল; কঠি: Destruction; injury — যাহা লই হয়; That which is lost:—পতল; নিফলতা; Fall:—পরাজয়; পরাজয়; Defeat:—হারাল; The act of losing. Syn:—Privation, deprivation, bereavement, forfeiture, failure to win; squandering; detriment, damage; destruction, overthrow.

At a loss for—walks: cala famo walks. In

At a loss for—অভাবে; কোন কিছুর অভাবে; In Be at a loss—হতবৃদ্ধি-হ; দিশাহারা হওয়া; কিংকর্রাবিষ্ট হওয়া; Be in difficulty; be puzzled; be unable to determine.

[ হতবৃদ্ধি-হ | Be at a loss what to do—কিংক্রিডেম্মন

Be at a loss what to do—কিংকর্ত্ব্যবিষ্কৃ-হ; Make good a loss—কভিপ্রণ-কৃ।

Lost, lost, a. অন্থিকত ; অধিকারআই : হারাব ; No longer possessed ; missing ; missed :—বিজ্ঞ ; বিনাশপ্রাপ্ত ; নই ; অপবায়িত ; Squandered ; ruined ; wasted ; thrown away :—অবৃক্ত ; Not visible :—বেষকৃত্ত , Hardened beyond sensibility or recovery ; insensible :—বিজ্ঞিয় ; Parted with. Sym : Forfcited ; ruined, destroyed ; bewildered, con

fused, benighted; abstracted; absent, dreamy; deprayed, corrupt, abandoned; reprobate, hardened, graceless; dead.

Give up for lost—হতাপ-হ; নিরাপ-হ। Lost in thought—চিভাময়; ভাষনাত্রত।

Lost in wonder—रचत्रि ; छाव् नात्रा ; Bewildered ; greatly surprised.

Lost to নান হলা; Destitute of; insensible to.
Lost to shame—নিৰ্কন্ধ; বজাহান; Shameless.
Lost to virtue—ললাট; মুক্তবিত্ত; ক্তবিত্ত; Dissolute; ruined in character. [thrown away on Lost upon—বাৰ্থ হলা; Without effect on; Lot, lot, n. [A. S. hlot, lot] ভাগা; আৰুই; বৈব; Pate; fortune; destiny; one's fate in the future; chance:—আল; ভাগা; Part; share:—আমিল সম্বা; Quantity or large number:—v.f. আর্বানিষ্টে; বড্ডা বড্ডা আলে বিভক্তক; To allot; to separate into lots. Syn:—(n) Doom, destiny, allotment, chance, fortune, hap, hazard; portion, parcel, division; number, quantity, piece of land.

Casting of lots—ছটিকাপাত।

To cast lots – পত্তি ধেলা; To use or throw a dice or to employ other means of chance in order to determine an event.

To draw lots- সুৰী বেলা; To determine a matter by drawing one from two or more things marked with symbols agreed upon, but which are concealed from the drawer while f taxes according to ability drawing. To pay scot and lot -কমতাসুদারে-তে. To pay Loth, loth a Same as Loath. [ debauchee A gay lothario - বৃশ্যুট ; A gay libertine ; a Lotion, lo'shun, n. [ L. lavo, lolum, to wash ] ক্ষত স্থানাদিতে লেপন করিবার বারক; A wash; a fluid for external application to a wound or bruise. Lottery, loter-i. n. হার্ত্ত: ভাগ্যাপুসারে পুরস্কার বিত্ৰণ সৃষ্টি থেলা ; A distribution of prizes by lot or chance; a game of chance.

Lotus, lotus, Lote, lot, Lotos, lotos, ল. পন্ম : কমল : পদ্মিনী : মিশবেদ্ধ জনগন্ম : A genus of leguminous plants , the water-lily of Egypt :—উভিদ্ শ্ৰেণী বিশেষ : A genus of leguminous plants.

Blue lotus—डेश्नन ; नीननच ।

Film of the lotus—মুণাল। Red lotus—কোকনদ; বস্তুপন্ম।

Stalk of the lotus—পথের নাল ; পথের ভাঁটা। White lotus—পুণরীক : বেডদল।

Lotus-eater, lō'tus-হt'er, স. স্থাপ্রিয় নোক ; আমোদ-ব্রিয় ব্যক্তি : One gives himself up to pleasureseeking :—পদাদ ; An eater of the lotus.

Loud, loud, a. উচ্চৰয়বিশিষ্ট ; উচ্চনাৰী, উচ্চণৰ্কায়ী : Ceালাহন্তৰায়ী ; Powerful in sound ; clamorous ; noisy. ad=loudly. n=loudness. Syn:—Sounding, sonorous, deafening, stunning, stentorian ; clamorous, vociferous, obstreperous ; blustering, vehement ; strong, glaring.

With a loud voice—ইচ্চংখরে। [of lock. Lough, loch, n. বলাগয় ; A lake ; the Irish form Louis-d'ar, তিচ'e-dor', n. প্ৰকাটণ কয়নী ব্ৰথ মুহা বিশেষ ; A French gold coin.

Louige, lounj, v. i. विज्ञान-कृ भवनकारन कांग्रीन ;

Lour, ন. অন্তৰ্গার ; জাধার ; Cloudiness ; gloominess :— চ. ঠ. জুবুটী-কু ; জুডজি-কু ; To look gloomy or stormy ; to frown.

Louse, lows, n. উৎকুণ : উকুন ; A small insect :

— v. f. উত্ব খ্ৰ-কু; To clean from lice. pl —
lice (lis). [with lice. n=lousiness.
Lousy, lowfi, a. উকুৰ খাবা পাৰিপূৰ্ণ ; Swarming
Lout, lowt, n. চাৰা; ইডার গোক; A clown;
bumpkin.

Loutish, lowtish, a. ally; Clownish, awkward and clumsy. n = loutishness, ad-loutishly. Louver, Louvre, 100'ver, n. williams win-সংলয় গৰাক বিশেষ; An opening in the roof serving for a skylight. [ Worthy of love; amiable. Lovable, luva-bl, a. (क्यांन्स ; क्यनीय ; शिह ; Love, luv. n. [A. S. lufian, Skr. lubh, to desire] ভালবাসা : বেছ ; ब्लीडि ; Affection ; fondness :-- मना ; Kindness; benevolence:—প্রিয় ব্যক্তি: প্রবর্গার: The object of affection : darling :- ही वा शृहरवड़ প্রতি প্রগাঢ় অসুরাগ; Devoted attachment to one of the opposite sex :- \* The god of love; Cupid :-- v. t. ভালবাসা; বেছ-কু; To be fond of; to regard with affection; to have strong affection for :-- आनिक्छ- ह ; To delight in :-- ए. रं. मञ्जे- ह ; आनन्दराय- क ; आनक्त- ह ; अनंदर পড়া; To delight; to take pleasure; to be in love. Syn: -(n.) Strong liking, warm admiration, regard for, passion for, courtship; amity, friendship; benevolence, charity; lover, sweet-heart. (v) Like, be enamoured.

Amorous love-কাৰ, মধন।

Be in love with—প্রেমাসুরক্ত-ই; প্রেমে পড়া; Fall in love with —ভালবাসা; Be very fond of. For love or money—টাকা বা প্রেম কিছুতেই; For any consideration whatever.

Love is blind—গ্ৰেম অৰ । [fondness for. Love for or of—অসুরাগ; ভাগবাসা; Affection or Love-bird, luvberd, n. গুৰুৱাডীৰ পৰী বিশেষ; A small bird of the parrot kind, extremely devoted to its mate. [of love.

Love-broker, n. ঘটক; Negotiator in matters Love-charm-প্ৰেম উত্তেজনক মন্ত্ৰ; A supposed charm by which love is excited.

Love-cracked, a. প্রেমারত : প্রেমার।

Love-day, n. বিবাদজ্ঞন দিবস ; বিবাদ নিটবান দিন ; Day for the amicable settlement of differences.

Lover, luver, n. নারক; প্রেমিক; প্রণয়ী বা প্রণয়িনী; মিড ; One who is in love with another; a friend. Love-favour—Something to be worn as a token of love.

Love-feast, ন. বৰ্মোংসৰ; A delicious festival held by some religious denominations.

Love-knot, luvnot, n. বোৰছছি; বেণর নিদৰ্শন ছয়প কটল এছি; An intricate knot used as a token of love.

Love-laboured, n. Laboured through leve.

Love-lass, huvias, m. (ध्वतनी ; ध्वतिनी ; A sweet-heart.

Love-letter, n. প্ৰায়গ্ৰ ; A letter of courtship. Love-lock, luvick, n. আক্ৰিছিড কেণ্ডছ ; ৰুল্গী ; A lock or curl of hair hanging at the ear.

Love-Iorn, luvlorn, a. অণ্যুপাত্র কর্তৃক পরিত্যক্ত ; Forsaken by one's love,

Lovely, luvie, a. कमनीय : ब्रोडियनक ; स्यां क्षां बाह्यांक्यां ; Amiable ; pleasing ; delightful ; charming. n=loveliness. Syn :—Enchanting, winning, graceful, beautiful, handsome, admirable, adorable.

Love-making-্ৰেৰ প্ৰাৰ্থনা ; Courtship.

Love-monger, n. One who deals in affairs of love. 

| for the sake of love.

Love-match, ন. প্রেম প্রণোদিত বিবাহ; Marriage Love-portion—প্রেমোরেজক উবৰ; A compound draught administered to excite feelings of love. Love-shaft, ন. মৰনের শব; Cupid's arrow.

Lovesome, a. প্রিয় ; Lovely.

Love-stricken—मननभत्रवन : कामभत्रवन ।

Love-suit, #. প্রেমশিকা; Courtship.

Love-token—শ্ৰেমচিক; Present in token of love. Love-siok, luvsik, a. কামার্ড; প্রণান পাঁডিড; Languishing for love; sick with amorous desire. n=Love-sickness ( কামেডা; languishing and amorous desire).

Loving, luving, a. মিন্ত ; প্রীভিপূর্ণ ; মেননন্ত ; প্রেমনন , Dear ; affectionate ; fond :—প্রেম-প্রকাশক ; প্রবৃত্ত নাজক ; Expressing love. ad = lovingly. n = lovingness. Syn:—Attached, affectionate, fond, devoted, kind, tender.

Loving-kindness, luving-kindnes, n. দ্যা; হেছ; স্বেহ বছ; অহকপা; অধ্যহ; Tenderness; mercy; favour.

Low, 15, ৩. i. গলর ভার গাঁ গাঁ শব্দ করা : হাধারব-কু : To bellow as a cow; to make the loud noise of oxen.

Low, lo, a. নির ; অনুস্ত ; Not high :— অধ্য ; নীচ ;
Mean ; base — চক্রবাল সন্থিতিত ; Near the horizon:
— অপভীর ; Shallow :— সরল ; নালাসিপে ; Plain :—
সতা ; Cheap ; not dear :— মৃদ্ধ ; Not loud ; soft :
— বিষয় ; ভয়োদায় ; Depressed ; sad :— কল ; কল্ল
মুন্য ; Moderate, cheap ; not intense ; reasonable:
— বিষয় ; Humble :— ad. নিমে ; নীচে ; Not aloft :— অনুস্তব্য ; মুকুরর ; Not loudly ; gently :
— নীচভাবে ; Meantle :— কল্লম্লো ; Cheaply :—
বিষয় বিষয়ে নিকটে ; Near the equator. n =
lowness. Syn :— (a) Sunk, deep, subsided ;
short, small, stunted ; not sharp or shrill,
grave, base ; not luxurious, simple, plain ;
dejected, degraded, object, unworthy ; lowly,
feeble, poor, humble, vulgar.

Low-bell, n. পকী ধরিবার জাল; Net with a bell to catch birds at night. [Meanly born. Low-born, a. নীচ বংশোৱৰ; নীচ কুলোৱৰ; Low church, n. Dissenters who conform to the church of England to profit by its revenues.

Low Dutch or L. German—The language spoken in the Lowlands or northern parts of Germany.

Lower, lo'er, v. t. [Ger lauern, to lurk]

অবন্যিত-ছ; ন্যিত-ছ বা নামান; To let down; to bring low; sink:—নীচ-ছ; To abuse; humble:—ন্যন-ড়; হাস-ড়; Diminish; decrease:—ए. i. হাসছ; To decrease; to grow less:—আগমানিত বা নিম্নগ্ৰম্ভ, To degrade:—বেষাজ্য-ছ; To be gloomy:—ক্ট্য-ড়; To frown:—গভিত-ছ; মানছ; To fall, sink. Syn:—Bring down, depress, humiliating, reduce, bate, abate; grow dark, look gloomy, threaten a storm; look sullen, glower.

Lowering, low'er-ing, a. বিষৰ্ভাব্যুক্ত; Looking sullen:—মেঘাক্তর; জবুটাপূর্ণ; Appearing dark and threatening:—জবৰতকায়ক; অপমাৰক্য; Letting down; sinking; degrading:—n. নিমে আনমন; জবৰমন; The act of bringing low or reducing. Lowermost, lo'er-most, a. নিমভূমি; Lowest.

Lowing, lo'ing, n. शक्त कांद्र भी भी अस ; हासावद ; Bellowing or cry of cattle :—a. हासावतकांद्री ; Bellowing, or making the loud noise of men.

Low-land, lo'land, n. নিয়ত্ব, A low country; marsh, land low with respect to the neighbouring land.

[A native of low lands.

Low-landers, lo'land-ers, n. নিয়ত্মির অধিবাসী;

Low-lands, n. pl. The English district in Scotland.

Low-life-निविद्य (लांटकत्र कीवन ; द्वःशी कीवन ; Life among the poorer classes of a country.

Lowly, টি'le, a. নষ, বিনীত; মুনীব; Humble; mild; meek; modest:—নীচ; Mean. n=lowliness. Syn:—Low, not high, meek, gentle, submissive; modest, unpretending, plain, simple; servile, mean.

Lowness of spirit- अवनान : Dejection.

Low-prossure—Employing of exerting n low degree of pressure, said of steam and steam-engines.

Low-spirited, lo'spir'it-ed, a. নিজেজ; বিষয়, উদায়তম্ব ; ভয়োৎসাহ ; Not lively ; sad ; dejected. n=low-spiritedness.

Low Sunday, n. The sunday after Easter.

Low thoughted, a. नोठ क्लियुक ; Having the thoughts directed to low pursuits.

Low-water, lo-waw'ter, n. ভাটার সময়ে জলের নীমা; The lowest point of the ebb-tide:—ভাটা; Ebb-tide.

Loyal, loy'al, a. [L. legalis, from lex, legis, law] রাজভক্ত; Faithful to one's sovercign; faithful to the common-wealth:—বিৰাসী; বাঘা; বাঘা; বাঘা; বাঘা; বাঘা; True to a lover. n=Loyalty. ad = loyally. Syn:—Attached, faithful, constant, not perfidious, not treacherous.

Loyalist, loy'al-ist, গ. বাৰ্ডক ব্যক্তি; বাৰ্ডক বোক, One who is faithful to the old country in the American war; one who is faithful.

Loyalty, loy'al-te, n. রাজভক্তি; অনুরাস; বাধ্যতা; Obediency. Syn:—Allegiance, fealty, fidelity. Lozengo, lożenj, n. সমচত্ত্র; বিষম কোণী সমচত্ত্র কোর; A rhombus; an oblique-angled equilateral parallelogram:—সজনচুস; এক প্রকার বিঠাই; A small cake of preserved fruit or medicine. Lubber, suber, Lubbard, lubard, n. পুন্বুরি বিষ্টি অনুস লোক ; প্রায় চাবা ; An awkward clumsy fellow, esp., one unskilled in seamanship; clown. a=lubberly.

Lubberly, a. क्यांकांत्र ; Clumsy.

Lubricate, loo'bri-kat, v.t. [L. lubricus, slippery] চৌহন-কু; স্বান-কু; পিজ্জিন-কু; To make smooth or slippery. n=lubrication, lubricator, lubricant.

Lubricity, তিত-brisi-ti, n. পিছিলতা; অবন্ধতা; লাশট্য; কামুকতা; Slipperiness; smoothness; lewdness.
[ when full-grown.

Luce, 100s, n. স্পূৰ্ব দ্বিপ্তার পাইৰ মাছ; A pike Lucent, 100'sent, a. [L. luceo, to shine] সাজ্যসাম ; উজ্জা; Bright; shining.

Lucerne, loo-serń, n. উত্তিপু বিশেষ ; A wellknown fodder-plant.

Lucid, lu'sid, a. [L. lucidus, from lux, lucis, light] উত্তল; Resplendent, bright:—বড; নিৰ্মাল; বিশাল; Transparent; pure; clear:— বিশাল, Distinct; intelligible; perspicuous. n= lucidness, lucidity. ad=lucidly. Syn:—Luminous, radiant, beaming, effulgent; limpid, diaphonous; obvious; sane, sober, sound.

Lucid interval—উন্নাদ বা অজ্ঞান অবস্থার সময়ে সময়ে যে চৈড্রন্থ হয়; An interval of reason, enjoyed by an insane person between the fits of insanity: an interval of consciousness enjoyed by one bereft of reason.

Lucifer, loo'si-fer, n. [ L. lucis, light, fero, to bring ] গুৰুতাবা; গুৰুতাৱারণী গুৰুপ্তই; Planet Venus as the morning star:—দিয়ালনাই; দীপল্লাকা; A match:—সম্ভান; Satan.

Proud as lucifor— মতান্ত গলিত , Very proud. Lucina, n. গটালো ; The goddess of child-birth. Luck, luk, n. অপুর, ভাগা , সোভাগা ; Fortune; good fortune :— পৈব ; Chance; accident. Syn: —Hazard, fate; success.

A run of luck—উরতিকাল; হুপড়ভা; ছু বা কু পড়ভা; A course of good fortune; a succession of chances, favourable or unfavourable:— ঘটনাপ্রবাহ, A course of events.

Luckless, lukles, n. ফুর্লান্ন; Unhappy, unpropitious. n=lucklessness. Syn:
—Unfortunate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

Lucky, luke, a. ভাগাৰান; সৌভাগাৰালী; Fortunate; having good luck:—७७; ७७। नती; Auspicious. n=luckiness. ad=luckily. Syn:—Successful, prosperous; propitious, favourable. Lucrative, lukra-tiv, a. [L. lucrari, to gain] नाडकान : नाडका ; नाडकान ; Profitable; gainful. ad=lucratively. Syn:—Remunerative, paying.

Lucre, 100'ker, n. [L. lucrum, gain] ats; Profit; gain; advantage; money-gain.

Lucubrate, löö'kū-brāt, v. i. রাজিতে অধারন-কু; রজনীতে কাজ বা অধারন-কু; Study by candle-light; to work or study at night. n -- lucubration.

 tation, speculation, cogitation; composition, writing, essay.

Lucubratory, াতচ'ku-bra-tor-i, a. বাতির খালোতে লিখিভ ; দীপাদোকে রচিভ ; Composed by candle-light.

Luculent, 166'kū-lent, a. নিৰ্মল; পরিভার; বছ; ফুলাই; Lucid; clear; transparent; evident.

মেটোলত us, lu'de-krus, a. [L. ludicrus, from ludus, play] হাসাক্ষ; হাসোমিপক; পরিহাসবালক; হাসাক্ষক; হাসোমিপক; পরিহাসবালক; হাসাক্ষক; Laughable; burlesque; ridiculous; sportive; comic. ad=ludicrouslys, n=ludicrousness. Syn:—Farcical, funny, droll. Luff, luf, n. প্রায় বাব্য সভিপথে জাহাল পরিচালন; আহালের বজাহার অর্লেনের সভাত্তাল; Sailing close to the wind; fore part of a sail; weather gauge:—v. i. বাতাসমূব-ফ; বাব্য অভিমূপে জাহাল কিবাল; Keep close to the wind; to turn a ship toward the wind.

Lug, v. t. টানা; To drag; to hull; to pull viclently:—হেঁচডাইবা টানিয়া সইবা যাক্যা; আভ ৰঙ্কেটানা; To pull with difficulty:—n. ভার; Anything drawn or carried with difficulty; a weight.

Luggage, n. ভারি বোৰা; গাঁটরি: মোট; Anything cumbrous carried about baggage; the trunks and other baggage of a traveller.

Lugger, n. कूछ बोका वित्नव; A small vessel carrying two or three masts.

Lug-sail, lug'sail, n. এক প্রকার সমচতুকোৰ পাইৰ;
A square sail hanging obliquely from the mast.
Lugubrious, iôo-goò'bre-us, a. [L. lugubris, from lugere, to mourn] ছংবজনক; শোকার্ত্ত; ছংবার্ত্ত;
বিবাদমর; Mournful; sorrowful. ad = lugubriously. Syn:—Scrious, sad, gloomy, melancholy, doleful, sombre.

Lugworm, n. এক প্রকার কোঁচো; A sluggish worm.

Luke-warm, lūkwarm. a. [ A. S. wlaec, warm, remiss ] ইবছ্ক : Moderately worm; tepid:— মৰোৎসাহ: উৎসাহনুক্ত : উদাসীন; Not zealous. == lukewarmness, (উদাসীক্ত : ইবছ্কতা); ad=lukewarmly. Syn:—Indifferent, not ardent, cool.

Lull, lul, v. f. সাজনা-ক; শাজ-ক; প্ৰশ্নিত-ক; To quiet; put to rest; compose; soothe:—v. f. শাজহ; প্ৰশ্নিত-হ; To become calm; to subside:—
ж. উপপৰের সময়; শান্তির সময়; A season of quiet.
Syn:—(v) Still, tranquillize, calm; abate, cease.
Lull to sleep—ব্য পাড়ান।

Lullaby, iula-bī, n. বালকদিগকে সান্ধনা করিবার শীত: বালকদিগকে ঘূম পাড়াইবার শীত; A song to still babes.

Lumbago, lum-ba'gō, v. [ L. lumbus, a loin ] কটিপেশের বাত, বেদলা; A rheumatic pain in the loins.

Lumbar, lumbar, Lumbal, lumbal, a. ক্ট্রিব্-নীয়; কটিবেশীয়; কটিবহিছিড; Relating to the loins; pertaining to, or near the loins.

Lumber, lumber, n. [A. S. leoma, utensit]
কাৰ: A pledge or pawn:—ভার: Anything
cumbrous:—ভাৰপ্ৰা এবা; অহাৰ্যকর বলিয়া বাহা
পরিত্যক হয়: Thing thrown as useless:—ভঙ্গা:
বে কাট করাত বারা কাটা হয়; Timber sawed or

Lumbering, a. অকর্ম্য ক্রে পূর্বভারী; বিশ্যনভাবে হাপক; Filling with lumber; putting in disorder:—বীরে নকারী; Moving heavily.

Lumber-room, त्र. अन्त्रकात्री जिनिन वाधिरात श्रान , Place for useless goods.

Luminary, loo min-ar-i, n. [ L. lumen, luminis, light ] त्याजिक ; Any body that gives light, especially one of the heavenly bodies :— निक्य ; बानस्वाजि निकाशज ; Enlightener ; one who instructs mankind :—त्वान विषयत्र विनय गांगावाज्य ; One who illustrates any subject.

Luminiferous, 100-min-ifer-us, a. [L. luminis, light, fero, to carry ] आलाक्यांशे ; Transmitting light.

Luminous, lū'min-us, a. [L. luminosus, from lumen, light] উজ্জন, আংলাকিড, Bright; radiant; shining:—পত্তিধাৰ, হুপাই; Clear; lucid.
ns=Luminousness, luminosity (উজ্জাতা); ad=luminously. Syn:—Vivid; perspicuous, obvious; illuminated.

Lummer's hole—A lazy, cowardly way of doing what is appointed.

Lamp, lump, n. পিড; সমসমাই; যোট; Mass; the whole together; the gross:—v. t. থোকে বনা; নোটের উপন বনা; To throw into a confused mass; to take in the gross.

In a lump, In the lump—মেটে; সর্বসাকলো; Collectively, in the gross.

Lumper, ন. জাহাৰের মাল বোঝাই করিবার ও নামাইবার মুটে, A labourer employed in the loading or unloading of ships. [ A sea-fish. Lump-fish, lump'fish, ন. সামুদ্রিক মংসা বিশেষ; Lumping, lump'ing, a. ভারী; মোটা, Heavy, bulky.

Lumpish, lump'ish, a. ভারি; পিও; ङङ्दर, पूर्व; Heavy; gross; dull; stupid. ad=lumpishly. n=lumpishness.

Lumpy, lump'i, a. Press; Press; Full of lumps. Lunacy, Iti'na-se, n. [L. luna, the moon] Sain; Press; signol, Madness; insanity. Syn:—Derangement, craziness, mania, mental aberration.

Lunar, তিত্ৰ্নিল, Lunary, তিত্ৰ্নিল-i, a. [ L. luna, the moon) চন্দ্ৰশ্বীয়; চান্ত্ৰ; চন্দ্ৰবং চন্দ্ৰ-বৃদ্ধি ; Belonging to the moon; pertaining to the moon; caused by the moon.

Lunar caustic, n. Nitrate of silver.

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The lunar dynasty—চদ্ৰবংশ।

Lunar, n. 53; Moon.

Tunate, iconat, Lunated, iconat-ed, a. আছ-চলাস্চি; আছিলাখার, Crescent shaped; having the form of the half-moon.

Lunatio, lu'na-iik, a. উন্নত: কিন্ত: Affected with lunacy:—n. পাগদ; উন্নত: A madman.

Sym:—(#) Maniac, insane person.
Lunatic asylum—কিও নিধান: গাখনা বাজান t
Lunation, 100n-R'shun, #. চালুবান; The time
between two revolutions of the moon: a lunar
monht.

Lunch, lunch, Luncheon, lunshun, a. প্রাত্তনভোষণ ও এবান ভোজনের ম্বাব্তী অলপান ; A slight repast between breakfast and dinner :—v. i. জনপান-ড়; জলবোগ-ড়; To take a lunch.

Lune, loon, n. websiteld and; Anything in the shape of a half-moon.

Lunette, loo-net, স. বিজিল্প বঞ্জ; A detached bastion:—জালোক প্ৰবেশাৰ্থ সূত্ৰ ছাত্ৰেল ছিল্ল; An aperature in a concave ceiling to admit light:— পক্টে যড়ির কাচাব্রণ; A watch-crystal.

Lung, lung, n. क्ष्मकृत ; वाद्रकांव ; Breathing organ. ad=lunged.

Lungo, lunj, ন. আৰ্থিক বাত ; A sudden thrust:

ত:. আৰ্থিক বাত-দে , To give a sudden thrust.

Lungwort, lung wurt, ন. উবৰি বিশেব : বুজকাতে
উৎপদ্ম দৈবাৰ ; An herb with purple flowers ; a
lichen that grows on tree trunks.

Luperoal—উৎসৰ বিশেষ, A festival held by the Roman on the 15th February in honour of Lupercus, the god of festivity.

Lupine, 100 pin, n. क्नताह वित्य , A kind of flowering pulse; a leguminous plant.

Lupine, loop'in, a. [L. lupiss, a wolf) awae; Wolfish; like a wolf.

Lupus, n हभारतात्र विरमेर : Skin-disease.

Lurch, lurch, n. কটাং একদিকে লাহাল হেলা; সহলা ভাহাজের কাত্, A sudden roll of the ship to one side; side twist, upset:—v. 1. সহলা কাত্ হলা, এক পার্বে হেলা; To roll suddenly to one side over: —ভত্ করিলা থাকা; ভত্তভাবে থাকা; To watch, to steal, to he in ambush or secret; to lurk.

Leave in the lurch—সভটে পড়া, বিপুৰে বা বিঃ-স্থায় অবস্থায় ভাগি-ড়, Leave in a difficult situa tion or without help.

Lurcher, lurcher, ন. চোর; বে ব্যক্তি ওক্ করিলা থাকে, One who turches; a poacher; one who his in wait:—শিকারী কুকুর, A dog for game.

Lure, lur. ম. প্রলোভন , Any enticement ; decoy .—v. t. প্রকৃত্ত প্রণোভিড-কু , To entice. Syn.—(n) Allurement, batt, temptation.

Lurid, धिर'ति, a. श्वित ज्ञान ; श्वीय विवर्ष , भीर्ष ; विवर्ध ; Ghastly pale ; wan ; gloomy. Syn :--Dismal, murky, lowering, toreatening.

Lurk, lurk, v. s. श्रवं र , श्रवं श्रवं व्यविष्ठि के ; १९ क्रिया बारक : To be concealed ; To lie in wait. Syn:—Hide, skulk, keep out of sight.

Lurking, lurking, a. বোপনীয়; অপ্রভাবে অবহিত;
অক্স; Lying hid; keeping out of sight.

মান্তৰ্বাচন, lushe-us, a. [Eng. lush, juicy]
ক্ৰাল; ব্ৰুল: Delicious; sweet; delightful:—
ক্ৰালন, অনুচিত বিলফিকল; Fulsome, as flattery
n—lusciously. Syn:—Honeyed, savoury, palatable.
Lush, lush, a. নহল; Rich and juicy, said of
Lust, lust, n. কানপ্ৰতি; কাল; Carnal appetite
concupiscence:—ক্ৰাড; কিলা; কানপ্ৰ; Longing desire; eagerness to pussess:—v. i. কান্ত্ৰ-

अव्यादम देखां-पृ ; जिन्यू-इ ; To desire eagerly :-কাৰাৰজ-হ; কাৰএবৃত্তি চৰিভাৰ্থ কৰিবাৰ ইচ্ছা-কু: To have carnal desire :-- অসং কাৰণা-কু; To have depraved desires. Syn:-(n) Cupidity, craving, hankering; carnal desire, inordinate affection, sensuality, lasciviousness, pruriency, lechery. Luster, lustér, Lustrum, lustrum, n. [L. luo, to wash ] পাঁচ বংগরকাল; The space of five

years; a period of 5 years.

Lustful, lustfool, a. कामूक ; कामवर्षन ; कामानक ; कारबाक्षीत्रक ; Inciting to lust ; sensual :— लांकी ; লোভন্ত; Having lust. n=lustfulness. ad= lustfully. Syn: -Concupiscent, craving, hankering; fleshly, carnal; libidinous, lewd, lascivious, prurient, rampant, licentious, unchaste.

Lustiness, luste-ness, n. Strength or stoutness of body. Syn: -- Robustness, sturdiness, hardihood. Lustral, lustral, a. लायक ; विलायनमः कांछ ; विला-वनार्च वारक्ष ; Relating to or used in purification. Lustration, lus-trashun, n. [ L. lustro, to purify ] প্জোপহার বারা পাপকালন; পোধন করণ; ভিছি; বিশোধন; A purification by sacrifice; the act of purifying.

Lustre, luster, n. [ L. lucere, to shine ) 色彩可, উজ্বতা ; প্রতা : Brightness ; splendour :--খাতি ; रन : Renown ; distinction :--वाफ़ मीभाषात्र ; प्रत्राण-शिवि ; भाषांगान ; Chandelier ; a candlestick ornamented with pendants or cut glass. Syn :-Brilliancy, radiance, resplendence, refulgence; celebrity, eclat, glory, eminence.

Shed a lustre upon— अनकात चक्र १- इ ; Raise to distinction; confer honour on.

Lustreless, luster-les a. প্রভাইন ; নিপ্সত ; Des-[ kind of glossy silk cloth. titute of lustre. Lustring, lustring, n. চিক্ৰ পটবত্ত বিশেষ: A Lustrous, lustriis, a. উक्त ; मीविमान ; अलाविनिष्टे : ৰোগিক ; Bright ; shining ; luminous.

Lusty, luste, a. विकि ; पृष्काय , वनमानी ; ऋक्काय ; Stout ; bulky ; 'vigorous : healthful. melustiness, lustihood. ad=lustily. Syn:-Large, robust, vigorous, brawny, muscular; hearty, jocund.

Lutanist, n. रीनारांपक , Player on the lute. Lutarious, lootári-us, a. कर्षमवर ; कर्षमीत ; Like, or belonging to mud.

Lute, 150t, n. दीना; A stringed instrument of music :-- मुखिका ; A clay :-- ए. र. मुखिका बाजा जानुज-इ ; To coat or cement with clay. #= luter, lutist, lutation.

Lute, loot, Luting, louring, w. Maile Mikaia খা লাচ্ হইতে রকা করিবার কর্মনাকার বস্তু বিশেব ; A composition like clay for making vessels airtight, or protecting them when exposed to fire. Luter, loover, Lutist, िटिएंडt, म. ब्रे-वानक ; वीना বাদ্যভারী ; A player on a lute.

Lutostring, n. बीपाबदात छात्र : डेव्यम (त्रणम ; The string of a lute; a lustrous silk.

Latheren, loo'ither-an, a. মীট্র বর্ণসংখ্যারক সভার वा स्थीप प्रकारनची गरकास ; Pertaining to Luther: --- अवारतम अपूर्ण वा निया ; A follower of Luther. w=Lutheranism.

Lutheranism, n. न्यास्त्र वर्षक ; The doctrines of Luther.

Luxate, luksat, v. t. 可管到電子; To dislocate; to put out of joint :-- इतिहाल-इ ; To displace. n=luxation. [ A dislocation, Luxation, luks-áshun. n. স্বিচ্ছি; স্বাস্ট্রাড়; Luxuriance, luks-u're-ans, n. word 36; Exuberance. Syn: -Rank, growth, abundance, excess, profusion.

Luxuriant, luks-u're-ant, a. वहन व। अल्डाब वर्ध-মান ; অভিবৰ্ধন ; Exuberant in growth ; overabundant. ns=luxuriance, luxuriancy. ad=luxuriantly. Syn: - Superabundant, plentiful, plenteous.

Luxuriste, luks-u're-at, v. i. वहन विक-इ : To grow exuberantly :--অভিশন্ন স্থভোগ-কু; বিলাসিভার महिन की रनवा भन-क ; To live luxuriously :-- मानत्व বাহল্য বৰ্ণন-কু; To expatiate with delight. Syn :---Flourish; revel, wanton, indulge in.

Luxurious, lug-zu'ri-ous, a. विनामिश्रा ; विनामी ; ভোগরত; বিলাসক্ষনিত; Given to luxury; voluptuous; softening by pleasure. n=luxuriousness. ad = luxuriously.

Luxury, lukśū-re, n. [L. luxuria, from luxus, excess] হথাদা ; ভৃষিদাধক স্থবা ; A dainty ; delicacy : -- বিলাসিতা; Splendour of living; voluptuousness, effeminacy; free indulgence in rich diet or costly dress or equipage. Syn :- Epicurism. sensuality, lasciviousness; pleasure, gratification; treat.

Lycanthropy, n. [Gr. lykos, a wolf, and anthropos, a man ] উत्राप द्वांग ; A form of

Lycoum, li-séum, n. नाहिजानशंक ; विनानश्च ; वस्का ৰাৱা উপদেশ দিবার জাগার; School of Aristotle; literary institution, grammar school.

Lydian, a. 35; 31; Soft; effeminate.

Lyo, li, n. কার বিভিত ক্ব : A mixture of ashes and water.

Lying, li'ing. a. अवश्वि ; Recumbent :-- विशा-বাদী; Telling lies:—n. বিখ্যা; Falsehood:-মিখ্যা কথনের অভ্যাস; The habit of telling lies. ad=lyingly.

Lying in, n. and; Child-bearing.

Lying-in-chamber—স্ভিকাপ্র।

Lymph, limi, n. वर्गशैन नंदीत्तव वन वित्नव: खन : A colourless fluid in animal bodies; water.

Lymphatic, lim-fatik, a. तनवारी : तनवारा : Pertaining to lymph; containing to lymph:-n. बनवाशे नव ; A vessel which conveys the lymph. Lynch, linch, v. t. विठात ना कतिशा वत-त्व ; आहेन

মত বিচার লা করিয়া দভিত-কু; To judge and punish without the forms of law, as by a mob. Lynch-law, n. नावातन वास्ति बांता अहात : Sum-

mary punishment without legal trial by private unauthorized persons. Lynx, lingks, a. वस विज्ञान विरम्ब : A small wild

animal of cat-kind noted for its sharp sight. Lynx-eyed, lingks-id, a. एम्सनी: खीक्स्टर Sharp-sighted.

Lyre, lir, n. वीनी ; बोनावत ; A musical instrument like the harp:--वक्जनका वित्वव : Lyra. one of the northern constellations.

Lyre-bird, lir'bird, n. অট্রেলিরা দেশীর পকী বিশেব ; An Australian bird.

Lyric, lir'ik, Lyrical, lir'ik-al, a. বীণাবোগে বান করিবার উপবৃক্ত; Played in the lyre, fitted to be sung to the lyre —ত্ত্তবকাকারে লিখিত, Written in stanzas:—ক্তির ব্যক্তিগত ভাবএধান, রন্প্রধান;

Said of poetry which expresses the individual emotions of the poet:—n. ৰিডৰাগ্-ৰচৰ ; That composes lyrics.

Lyrio, lir'ik, #. গীভিকাব্য ; গীভিকবিতা ; A poem suited for singing or music; a lyric poem (chiefly in plural)

Lyrist, lir'st, #. बीभावान्य ; A player on the harp.

## M

M-ইংরাজী বর্ণনালার জবোদশ বর্ণ বা অকব ; The 13th letter of the English alphabet.

মিএ, ম. মাতা; যা, জননী. Mother (an abbieviation of mamma), a child's title for mother

Mab, mab, n. भरोत्पर वाड्यो ; भरीदानी , The queen of the fairies.

Macadam, n. খোলা; প্রভারণত, Powder gra-Macadamise, mak-adam-ir, v t বাজাব খোলা-দে; ছোট ভোট প্রভারণত থাবা আবৃত- ফু, To cover, as a road, with small broken stones, so as to form a smooth, hard surface. n = macadamisation. Macanco, n. বালব; A monkey

Macaroni, mak-a-rō'ni, ল. মন্ত্ৰাৰ পিট্ৰক, পিট্ৰক বিশেষ; Paste of flour, an article of food made of wheat-flour in long slender tubes — দিশ্ৰণ, বিভিন্ন ক্ৰেয়ৰ সংনিত্ৰাণ, A medicy — বোকা, ফুল্ফান্ A fool, a fop.—কলনাম্যামী অসাধান্ত্ৰণ বস্তু, Something fanciful and extravagant

Macaronio, mak-a-rohik, a. হাসোদীপক, Burlesque:—সামান্ত, অসাব, Tuffing —গৰিত, Affected:—n. বিভিন্ন মনোর মিল্লণ বা নিত্তিত ভুল, A jumble; a macaronic composition

Macaroom, n. বাদানেৰ পিতৃক, ব'দানের বিকৃত্ত, Cake made chiefly of almonds and sugar, a sweet biscuit:—কুল বাবু. Coxcomb

Macassar oil, ma-ka'ar-oil, n. কেশৰ ৰৈ তৈল , স্বাদ্ধি তৈল ; An oil much used for promoting the growth of the hair, exported from Muassar.

Macaw, ma-kaw, n. আমেরিকার কাকাতুরা, An American parrot.

Mace, mās, n. বাই, আলানৌ া; A heavy staff used as an energy of authority; a staff with an ornamental head — গদ ; A club — লৈনী, A spice, the second coat of the nutmeg.

Macor, māśer, n দত্যৰ , আশাৰ্মেটা-বাহক ; A mace-bearer ; a court officer.

Macerate, masér-āt. v t. [L. macero, to steep] ভিতাইয়া নরম-কু, To soften by steeping as in a fluid. n=maceration Syn:—Mortify, waste, wear away, steep, soak, soften, digest Maceration, mas-ér-ā'shun, n. ভিজাইয়া রাখিয়া

बन्न कर्ग , The act of softening by stepping.

Machiavelian, mak-i-a-velyan, a. রাজনী-ভিজা; চড়ব, বুর্ত্ত, বিবাসবাতক; Pertaining to Machiavel, an Italian writer or to his supposed principles; politically cunning, craity, perfidious:—n. ইডাগার প্রসিদ্ধ বাজনীতিবিশাবদ স্যাকি- যাজিলেৰ অনুকাৰী, One who imitates Machiavel.
n = machiai climism

Machiavelianism, দ চতুহতা, Political cunning and artifice intended to layour arbitrary power. Machinal, maki-nal, a ব্যৱস্থানির, Pertaining to machines

Machinate, maki-nat, v t অভিস্কি-ফু; মতলৰ আটা, To contrive; to form a plot or scheme. n=machination.

Machination, n. কৌলল উদ্ভাবন, অভিসন্ধি, কুমন্ত্ৰণা, কুটসন্ধ্য; Act of scheming, usually in secret and with an evil interest Sin —Plot, conspiracy, intrigue cibal, stratagem, device, scheme.

Machinator, maki-nā-tur, ন. অভিস্থিকারী; সম্বণাৰণনী, One who machinates.

Machine, mī-shīn, v [ G. mechane, from mechas, means ] কাৰ, মন্ত্ৰ, An engine a tool. Machinery, ma-নাটোলন, n. যন্ত্ৰসূত্ৰ, মন্ত্ৰপাৰীৰ : Machines in general, works of a machine — যান্ত্ৰ কাৰ; যত্ৰের কালচালন কালস্যত্ব; Working parts of a machine — য গোৱা কাৰে। কাল্যের কৰি রিকিত কর, Means by which anything is kept in action esp, sup mitural means by which the action of a fictitious work is carried on and brought to a catastrophe.

Machinist, ma-shehist, n বছনিৰ্দ্ধানা; বছপৰি-চালনাগিতে কৃপ্তিত , A constructor of machines; one versed in machinery [A sea-fish. Mackerel, mak's-el, n. সামুদ্ধিক মংসা বিশেষ; Mackintosh, mak'in-tosh, n. ওয়াটারক্রক কাপড়ের বহিববিশ্ব ; A water-proof coat.

Macrocosm, marro-kozm, n. বিশ, বাছাও;
গৃথিবী, The universe, opposed to Microcosm,
—the little world constituted by man.

Macula, makū-la, গ দাৰ, ন কৰছ, A spot, as on the skin, or on the surface of the sun. pl = maculæ.

[ To spot, to stain.

Maculate, maku-lat, v. t. দাগবুজ-কু, কদভিত-কু; Maculation, n [L. macula, a spot] কদভিত ক্ৰণ, দাগ; The act of spotting; a spot.

Mad, mad, a. [Ger. matt, weak] বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি;
পাগল, কিন্তঃ; Insane; crazy:—কৃদ্ধঃ উডেজিড;
কোগোনীতঃ; Furious with anger; enraged;
angry.—কিন্তভাৱনিতঃ; Proceeding from or indicating madness or fury. n=madness. ad-madly.
Syn:—Lunatic, frenzied, delirious, distracted;
infatuated, frantic, incensed raging, violent.

Drive one mad.—গাগল-ড়; পেণাইয়া ভোলা; Make one mad, infuriate one.

Go mad --পাগল-হ; বৃদ্ধিগুদ্ধি হীৰ-হ; Become mad. Go mad with --রাগাদি কোন প্রবন মনের বেগে উন্নত-হ; Become mad through or out of.

Run mad-পাগन-इ ; Become mad.

Bun mad after—পাগৰের ভার কোন কিছুব পজাৎ পকাৎ বাধ্যা; Pursue an object conceiving a violent passion for it.

Medam, madam, Medame, n. দেবী; ভল্ল দ্বীলোক; সভাত বহিলা; সভাত রম্পার নিষ্ট সংবাদন পদ; A lady; a courteous form of address to a lady. Madoap, madkap, n. উত্তরভূতি হঠকারী ব্যক্তি; কিন্তু লোক; কোপনবভাব ব্যক্তি; A wild, rash, hotheaded person.

Madden, madn. v. t. কিপ্ত-কৃ: উন্নত-কৃ: কেপাইলা তোলা: To make mad:—কৃদ্ধ-কৃ: রাগাইলা দেওলা, To enrage:—v. i. কিপ্ত-কৃ: কিপ্তেম ভার কার্য-কৃ: To become mad: to act as if mad. Syn:— Craze; inflame, influriate, enrage, exasperate. Maddened with wine—পাবোন্মত্ত: [plant. Madder, mader, n. নতা বিশেষ: উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ: A Made, mad, pa.t. and pa. p. of make. a. একড; নিৰ্মিত, Prepared.

Be s made man — নাসুৰ হইয়া বাবদা : বার আরের চিছা করিতে হইবে না, এই চাব ; Become what a man ought to be—one's success in life is ensured :— সম্পন্ন অবস্থা-হ; Be well off.

Be made of—কোন উপাদানে গঠিত বা নিৰ্দ্ধিত; Be formed of; consist of:—Be made of (a certain) metal or stuff —কাহার প্রকৃতি কোনকণ উপাদানে গঠিত হবা; প্রকৃতির পরিচর পেরমা; Be of a certain nature or character.

Be made up of —ৰে বে উপক্ষৰে সংগঠিত ; Consist in :—Be composed of , consist of

Made up, a. 2135; Prepared . concocted.

Madeira, ma-de'ra, n. মদ্য বিশেষ : A rich wine. Mademoiselle, mad-mwa-ze'i, n. বুমারী , অল-বল্লা রমণীর শিষ্ট সংখাধন পদ ; Miss.

Mad-house, madhows, n. বাড়ুলাজম; পাণনা গারক; কিপ্রাগার; An asylum fir the insane; a house for mad persons.

Madman, madman, n. কিন্ত লোক, পাগল; One who is mad; a lunatic. Syn:—Insane person, maniac.

Madness, madnes, n. fn 包含; Condition of being mad. Syn:—Insanity, distraction, derangement, delirium, craziness, lunacy, mania, aberration, alienation, monomania; frenzy, rage, fury.

Madonna, Madona, ma-dona, n. ক্ৰানী নেনীর আলেনা; Picture of the virgin Mary; virgina Mary. [of coral; the common coral. Madrepore, madre-por, n. বাবাল বিশেষ; Kind Madrigal, madri-gal, n. নীত বা কবিড়া বিশেষ; A pastoral song; light airy song; a short poem. Madwort, n. উদ্ধি বিশেষ; A plant.

Maelstrom, maistrom, n. নরওরের উপকূল সন্তিহিত প্রসিদ্ধ আবর্ত্ত ; A celebrated whirl pool of the coast of Norway.

Magazine, mag-a-zēn, n. जानात्र; जानात्रम्हः Store bouse: -- नदानात्र स्वानात्रः स्वानानत्रनात्रात्रः, Powder store or room; military store:—পরিকা;
Periodical; pamphlet:—কাহাতের বারস-বন্ধ; The
gunpowder-room in a ship. Syn:—Warehouse,
entrepot. [করিবাছে; A reformed prostitute.
Magdalon, mag'da-len, n. বে বেখা চরিত্র কালোকর
Magenda, n. বহু বিশেব; A light-red color.

Maggot, mag'ut, n. [A. S. madha, earthworm] কটিত; কটি; Grub; worm:—বেনাল; Whim; fancy, caprice. Syn:—Crotchet, vagary, freak. [When the fancy takes us. When the maggot bites—বৰ্ব বেনাল উপয় হয়; Maggoty, a. কটিভেম্ব; বেনালী; Full of maggots. Magi, maji, n. পাচ্য ক্ৰিপ্ৰ; প্ৰাচ্য প্ৰিভম্বলী; Parsee priests; wise men of the cast.

Magian, mā'ji-an, a. পারস্য প্রোচিত বঙলীসংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to the Magi:—n. পারস্য প্রোচিত্যথলীর অক্তম; One of the Magi: n=magianism.

Magianism, n. পারদা প্রোহিড্দিপের ধর্মত; The philosophy or doctrines of the Magi.

Magio, majik, n. ইপ্ৰভাল; ভোৰবিলা; বাহ; Witchcraft, enchantment: sorcery; necromancy; black art.

Magic, majik, Magical, majik-al, a. একালিক; Done by magic, used in magic. ad = magically. Magic lantern, n. একবালিক আলোকাৰা; An optical instrument which produces striking effects by throwing a magnified image of a picture painted on a screen.

Magic wand—ৰাত্ৰৰেছ বট ; A wand used by a magician to perform magical feats.

Magician, ma-jishe-an, n. राइक्ब; वेश्वकालिक; One skilled in magic; wizard. Syn:—Enchanter, necromancer, conjurer, sorcerer.

Magisterial, maj-is-te'te-al, a. [L. magister, a master] প্রকৃষ্ণর গ্রহ্রাগ্য; প্রকৃষ্ণরক; উদ্ধত: পর্কিত; Pertaining or appropriate to a magistrate or master; authoritative; imperious; proud; stately; despotic, dogmatic. ad—magisterially. n= magisterialness. Syn:— August, pompous, dignified, commanding, lordly, domineering, arrogant.

Magistracy, majis-tra-si, n. শাদনকর্ত্তার পদ বা মধ্যালা; Office or dignity of a magistrate:— শাদনকর্ত্তাপ: বিচারকলন; Body of magistrates.

Magistrate, majis-trat, n. মাজিটেট ; শাসনকরা ; বিংারপ্তি ; শাস্তিরক্ক : A person clothed with powers executive or judicial ; a justice of the peace ; a public civil officer. a=magistratic.

Magna charta, n. ই রাজদিসের বছাবিকার বিষয়ক সংগ্রহান সনন্দপত্র; The Great Charter obtained from King John, A. D. 1215; a declaration of English rights

Magnanimity, mag-na-nime-te, স. মহন্ ; মহ্-মূহ্বতা, উপাৰতা; Greatness of mind; highmindedness; elevation or dignity of soul; generosity; disinterestedness.

Magnanimous, mag-nahe-mus, a. [ L. magnus, great, and animus, mind ] মহাপ্র; মহানু; মহাপুডাব : উর্ভ্যনাঃ : উপার : বার্পরভাহীন ; Great of mind; generous ; unselfish. Syn:—Noble, honourable, chivalrous, unselfish, disinterested, liberal. Magnate, mag'nāt, n. [ L. magnus, great ] केश्वराचेत्र लोक; कंग्रलाक; बदद राकि; दनी लोक; A noble; a man of rank or wealth.

**Magnosia**, mag-ne'shi-a, n. মৃত্তিকা বিশেষ ; A white almost insoluble, alkaline earth.

Magnesian, এ. যাগ্ৰিদিয়াস্কোত ; Belonging to magnesia.

Magnesium, mag-në'shi-um, ন. বাহা ইইডে ন্যাগ্নিসিয়া অস্ত হয়; The metallic base of

magnesia. [loadstone. Magnet, magnet, m. ह्यक ; सहकार ; The Magnetic, magnetik, Magnetical, magnetik-al, a. ह्यकार ; ह्यक्यों ; सार्वक ; स्वत्राव ; स्वत्राव ; सार्वक ; स्वत्राव ; सार्वक ; सार

Magnetiser, mag'net-īz-er, n. চুৰ্বৰ্ণসংক্ৰামক : One who or that which imparts magnetism.

Magnetism, mag'net-12m, n চৌৰকণাৰ; চুম্বৰ পৰ্ম; আৰক্ষণ, আৰক্ষণানিত , The cause of the attractive power of the magnet , attraction; the science which treats of the properties of the magnet.

[ One skilled in magnetism Magnetist, mag'net-ist, n. চৌম্কণাৰত পতিত;
Magnific, mag-nifik, Magnified, magnificd, a. [ L. magnus, great, and facto, to do ] মহুম; মহান; আঁকান; Great; splendid,

Magnificant, n. एडाव ; क्यांची त्यंचेत्र त्रीन : A song of the Virgin Mary, the inspired Hymn of the Blessed Virgin Mary.

grand; illustrious; noble.

Magnificonce, mag-nil'e-scus, a. অতি শোড়া, ঐবর্ত্তা, জ্বাকজমক, Grandeur, splendour, gorgeousness, pomp.

Magnificent, mag-nife-sent, a. মহং; আচ্ছৰ-আকাৰ ; জাকাল; ঐবৰ্ণালী, Grand, noble, pompous; exibiting grandeur; splendid n= manificence, ad=magnificently. Syn:—Gorgeous, brilliant, imposing, stately, superb.

Magnify, mag'ne-ii, v. t. [ L. magnus, great, and facere, to make ] আভিনিজ বৰ্ণনা-কৃ, প্ৰাণনা-কৃ, বৃহৎ-কৃ; বৃহৎ-কৃ; অভিবন্ধিত-কৃ; To make great enlarge, amplify; extol — v. s. To increase the apparent dimension of objects. Syn:—Exaggerate, augment; praise, exalt, elevate, celebrate, glorify.

Magniloquent, mag-nito-kwent, a. [ 1.. mag-nus, great, and loque, to speak ] প্ৰসূত্ত; দান্তিক, শক্ষান্ত্ৰয় ; Bombastic, boasting. n=magniloquence ( শক্ষান্ত্ৰয়ক ; অনুপ্ৰাস্পূৰ্ব ; Big speaking ; boasting.) ; ad=magniloquently. Syn:—Tumid, turgid, high-flown, stilted, inflated.

Magnitude, mag'ne-tūd, n. [L. magnitulo, from magnus, great] বৃহখ, মহড়, বিকৃতি; Greatness; largeness; size; extent — ৬কড়; Importance. Syn — Bulk, volume; grandeur, duantity.

Magnolia, mag-noli-a, স অদুভ বুদ বিশেব, A tree having large fragrant flowers, Magnum, ». বোডল বিশেষ; A bettle holding two quarts. [London. Magog, ». One of the giants of the city of Magpio, mag'pi, ». পঞ্চী বিশেষ; A chattering and mischievous bird.

Mahogany, ma-hog'a-ni, n. কাট বিশেষ; আমেরিকার বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; Cabinet wood; a tree of tropical America.

Mahomedan, Mahometan, ন. ব্ৰদ্যান; Follower of Mahomed:—এ. ব্ৰদ্যান নথবীয়; Pertaining to Mahomed or to his religion. See Mohammedan [ of Mahomed. Mahomedanism, ন. বহুস্থান ; The religion Mahomedanism, ৮. f. ব্ৰদ্যান ; Convert to Mahomedanism.

Maid, mad, n. কুমারী; অবিবাহিতা রদনী; Virgin; an unmarried girl:—দানী; পরিচারিকা; A maid-servant, a female servant. Syn:—Maiden, girl, lass, damsel. [assist generally. Maid of all work, n দানী, Servant bound to

Maid of all work, গ দাসী, Servant bound to Maid of honour—নাণীৰ পরিচারিকা বা স্থী; A female attendant of a queen or royal princess. Maiden, madn, n. কুমারী; অবিবাহিতা বয়ণী, A

maid —An instrument formerly used in Scotland for beheading criminals .—কাপড় থোত করিবার বস্ত্র , A machine for washing linen:—a. অনুসম্ভার বৃদ্ধী সংক্রান্ত , কুমারী সম্বন্ধীর ; Pertaining to a virgin —বিভদ্ধ ; অভিনৰ , আন্তব্যক্ত ; প্রথম , অকুস্থিত ; Pure, fresh ; new ; unused , first , unpolluted Syn:—(a) Virgin, chaste, undefiled, unused.

Fiesh one's maiden sword—প্ৰথম সভাইছে প্ৰত্ত-ছ; Use one's sword (begin to fight) for the first time. [ tried or condemned to death. Maiden-assise, n. An assize where no one is Maiden-asssy, n প্ৰথম চেই! . A first trial.

Maiden-hair, n. হদর্শন উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ; A species of fern

Maidonhood, mādn-hood, Maidenhood, mādn-hed, n ক্যারীভাব; কৌমার্য, চ্রিত্রের নিছ-লছড়া, নুডনছ, Virginity, purity, freshness Maiden knight, n যে দৈনিক-পুরুষ যুদ্ধ দেখে নাই,

অসমরহণী . A kunght who has not seen service.
Maidonly, madn-li, a ধীয়প্রকৃতি, লজ্ঞাণীলা , Becoming a maiden , gentle , modest. #=mai-

Maiden name-विवादक शुर्व्स नाय : The family name , the surname before marriage.

denliness

Maiden speech, n अवस बक्जा; The first speech of a new member in a public body.

Maid-servant, n. कामी; পরিচারিকা; Woman servant

Mail, mal, n. বৰ্ণ্ন, সাজোৱা; কবচ; Defensive armour, coat of steel network, armour generally.—দহাকে প্ৰদন্ত কব; Tribute paid to free-booters —ধলি. A bag; portmanteau:—চিট্ট পাড়াদি লইবার ভাকধারেব ধলি; Post office bag for letters —ভাকগাড়ি, ভাকবাহী লোক; ভাকহনকরা.
The person or carriage carrying letters:—n.f. বর্ণ্নে সজ্জিত-কু, বর্ণ্ন পবিধান-কু, To clothe in mail; to arm defensively.—ভাকে গাটান, To send by mail, to post.

Medi coach, अ. श्रह्म नाड़ि; A coach that conveys a mail.

Maim, mam, n. [L. mancus, deficient ] 平包; जनहीनम् ; Privation of a limb ; injury :-- ए. f. विक्लाभ-कृ ; अवशीन-कृ ; To lame ; mutilate ; mangle; cripple; disable. [ state of being maimed. Maimedness, mamed-nes, n. বিৰুষ্কিতা; The Main, man, n. [ A. S. magen, from magan, to be able ] वन ; चिक् ; Strength ; might :-- (कांत्र ; The ocean :- महारम ; Violence :—ৰহাসমুদ্ৰ ; Mainland ; continent :-- वड़ नन ; Great pipe :--ल्यान चरन ; The chief part ; the whole : - a. क्षशंन ; ब्रुश ; Chief ; principal :-- वनवान ; Strong ; powerful :--श्रवान ; आश्रवा ; First in importance ; leading. ad=mainly (প্রধানত: ; Chiefly, greatly). Sym:—(n) Force; bulk, mass; great sea; continent, mainland; chief pipe, great conduit. (a) Cardinal, capital.

For the main, In the main—প্ৰধাৰত: ; মূলত: ; প্ৰায়ই ; Mainly ; for the most part ; to a great degree.

Main-dock, mandek, n. জাহাজের প্রধানতল (পাটা-তন); The principal deck of a ship.

Main-fast, a. वनवान : Powerful.

Mainhold, n. अशान वन ; Main strength.

Mainland, manland, n. মহাদেশ; A continent; the larger land. [ mast.

Mainmast, n. গ্ৰহাৰ মান্তৰ; Chief mast; middle Mainsail, n. প্ৰধান পাইল; Sail of the mainmast. Mainspring, n. নিদান; Chief spring; chief fountain; cause.

Mainstay, n. The stay extending from the foot of the foremast to the main top:—প্রথান আবআবন ; Main-support; principal; dependence.

Maintain, men-tan, v.t. [F. main, hand, and L. tenere, to hold ] ধারণ-ড়; অধিকারভুজ রাধা; To hold by hand; to keep possession of:—লকা-ড়; To keep, to defend:—অবস্থা বিশেষে রকা-ড়; To keep in any particular state:—চালান; To carry on:—ধারণ-ড়; প্রণ-ড়; To keep up; to make good:—ভরণপোবণ-ড়; পোবণ-ড়; To support:—তর্ক ধারা সমর্থন-ড়; বুলি বারা পোবলভা-ড়; To support by argument:—v.i, সমর্থন-ড়; বলা; স্করপো বলা; To affirm, as a position; to assert. Syn:—Sustain, uphold, preserve; vindicate; justify; continue, carry on; provide for, supply with; assert, aver, contend.

Maintainable, men-tāna-bl, a. রক্ষীয়; পৌষ্ণীয়; সম্ব্রীয়; Able to be maintained, supported or defended. [who maintains; supporter. Maintainer, n. ভর্ডা; রক্ষাকর্ডা; পোষ্ণকর্ডা; One Maintenance, mainten-ans, n. বাব! Holding:
—ভর্বপোষ্ণা; Support:—সমর্থন; Defence; vindication:—আনাজ্যান ; ভর্বপোষ্ণায়া; Means of support:—বুকুল; Protection. Syn:—Justification; sustenance, food, victuals, provisions, livelihood; allowance, aliment. [main-mast. Maintop, n. এবাৰ মান্তবের অগ্রভাগ; Top of the Main-yard, n. Vard of the main mast.

Maise, maz, ম. জনার ; জুটা ; Indian corn.

**Majestio,** ma-jeśtik, a. রাজবোগ্য ; উলার ; বহুৎ ; মুহামু ; অভুয়েত , Princely ; possessing majesty ;

lofty; stately; sublime. Syst:—August, grand, imposing, imperial, regal, royal, dignified, elevated.

Majesty, maj'es-te, n. [L. majestas, magnus, great] মহন্ব : মহিৰা : বৰ্বাালা ; উচ্চচালচলৰ : Dignity : grandeur ; elevation of mannar — সাকণদৰ্শ : রাজা বা রাজীর সম্মানস্চক উপাধি : A title of kings and other sovereigns :—উচ্চ অনের বাক্যবারাণ বাণালী : Loftiness of style. Syn :—Stateliness, augustness.

Her Majesty—नरात्राकी ; (स्वी ; क्षत्रकी । His Majesty—परात्राका ; क्षत्रवात्र ; (स्व । Your Majesty—एव ; बालन् ; मराचन् ।

Majolica, n. চিত্রিত মুংপাত বিশেষ ; A kind of painted earthen ware.

Major, ma'jur, a. অধিকতর; বৃহত্তর; অত্যাবক্তক; ত্তুত্তর; Greater; more important:—n. সেনানি বিশেব; Field-officer above a captain:—বন্ধাধ্য লোক; প্রাপ্তবন্ধ (সাবালক) লোক; Person of a full age:—প্রাপক; First proposition of a syllogism.

Majorate, mā'jur-āt, Majorahip, mā'jurship, n. মেত্রের পদ বা কার্য; The office or rank of major; majority.

Major-domo, ma'jur-do'me, n. [L. major, greater, and domus, a house ] বাটার প্রধান ভয়াব-ধারক; বেওয়ান; প্রধান মন্ত্রী; House steward; chief minister.

Major-general, ma'jur-jeneral, n. সেবা বিশেষ; An officer next to a lieutenant general in some armies.

Majority, ma-jor'e-te, a. [ L. majoritas, from major, greater ] অধিকাংশ; অধিক সংখ্যা; The greater number:—পূৰ্ বয়স; প্ৰাপ্তবয়স্তা; সাধা-লক্ষ; Full age:—মেলমের পদ বা কাৰ্য্য; The office or rank of major. Syn:—Plurality, more than half; manhood.

To attain majority--- नतः शांश-ए।

Make, mak, v. t. मृश्व-कृ; श्रीम-कृ; Create; to cause to exist ; to frame :-- প্রস্তুত-কু ; বিশ্বাপ-কু ; Form :--- উৎপাদন-कृ ; উৎপन्न-कृ ; Produce :-- निर्साह-कृ ; अन्योगम-कृ ; मःमापम-कृ ; Perform ; execute ; do :-- वाश-क ; Force, constrain ; compel :--উপনীত-হ; উপস্থিত-হ; Reach :—উপাৰ্জন-ক; প্ৰাপ্ত-इ ; Gain :--- धश्रठ-कृ ; Prepare :-- अववृत्तिवाद आव-कन-इ: To bring into any state or condition :-সংঘটন-কু, To occasion :--পরিশত-কু; To turn :---ছাপন-কু; প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু; Establish :--প্রস্তুত-কু; Prepare :--নিশ্চর-কু : নিরূপণ-কু ; Ascertain :--নিজেক-কু; Appoint :---রচনা-কু; Compose :--- খ. ঠ. গখন-কু -To tend, proceed; to move :--সহারতা-ক; সাহার্য-事; To contribute: have effect :-- 事事; To increase ; augment ; accrue :-- ॥ शहन ; चांकृष्ठि चांकात ; Form or shape, as parts, ingredients or materials; structure; texture. Syn:-Frame. fashion, fabricate, construct; effect; constitute, compose; enact, ordain, appoint; acquire, secure; represent, show; tend to conduce. contribute, operate.

Make a cat's paw of—একজনের মাধা ধাইরা নিজের কার্যা উদ্ধান-ক; পরের অপুপকার করিয়া নিজের কার্যা সমাধা-ক; Make a dupe or tool of another. Make a clean breast of नागूर्र वीकांत-इ ; To confess fully.

Make account-Mai-7; Reckon.

Make account of—বিবেচনা-ড়; জাব-ড়; Esteem.

Make a clean sweep—একবাৰে নই-ড়; To
move or destroy entirely.

Make a conscience of or a matter of conscience—বিবেকের আবেশাসুসারে কাঘা-ক ; বিবেকের মত কর্ম-ক ; To act according to the dictates of conscience, or to scruple to act contrary to its dictates.

make a fool of—হাস্যালাদ-ড়; ঘুণালাদ-ড়; To cause to appear ridiculous.

Make a fortune---শৃক্তি করিয়া লভয়া; বড় নাছ্য-ক; Become wealthy.

Make after—পিছু পিছু বাংলা ; Follow ; go after.

Make a man of—মাসুৰ-কু; Develop manly qualities.

Make a man of one—ৰাধুৰেৰ মত কৰিবা ডে'লা, কোৰেকণে থাইডে পানিবে এমন অবস্থায় ডোগা, Raise one from an inferior position into an independent and prosperous condition so as to enable him to act in a manly way.

Make amends—কভিপ্রণ-কু, Make good.

Make a mess of it—বিচুদ্ধি পাকটিয়া কেলা; ভাল ক্রিয়া ক্রিডে না পারা . To bungle ; to treat ankwardly; to manage clumsily ; to create confusion or embarrassment and make matters worse.

Make a mountain of a mole hill—তিনকে ভাল প্ৰমাণ-ক ; To magnify trifles ; to exaggerate difficulties or obstacles.

Make a name for oneself—नात्र कना, Acquire fame or distinction.

Make an appointment—নাকাতের নধ্ব ও ডান নিরপা-ড়; Make an arrangement for a meeting.

Make an ass of one's self—মূৰ্ণৰ স্থায় কাৰ্য্-ক; নিৰ্কোণের মত কাৰ্য্য-ক; Act in a foolish or stupid manner.

Make a remark—মন্তব্য প্রকাপ-কৃ; (কোন নিবর) টোকা; Make a casual observation or comment. Make as if —ভাপ-কৃ; ছল-কৃ; Pretend.

Make assurance doubly sure-নিক্ৰ-র, ক্ল-র; To render as certain as possible; to increase certainty or conviction.

Make at--বেৰে ধাৰিত-ই; Rush at.

Make a virtue of necessity—To do, as graciously, as possible, something one is compelled to do.

Make away-- (नोडान , Run off.

Make away with — বিনাল-কৃ; সংহায়-কৃ, ৰষ্ট-কৃ;
Destroy; kill: — গোপনে তকাং কৃ; Take away
surreptitiously: — নিনা অনুমতিতে আত্মনাং-কৃ;
Transfer or appropriate to oneself without
authority.

Make believe—ভাগ; কেবল ছললা; প্ৰান্ত্ৰণা, Sham; a mere pretence:—v. ভাগ-ড়; ডল-ড়; To pretend. { liberty. Make bold—সাহস-ড়; Presume; venture; take Make both ends meet—আমন্ত্ৰের সমতা স্বত্থা-ড়; কাম্য লাইট্ডেইন এমন ক্ষিয়া চলা; Preserve a

balance between income and expenditure so that the latter may not exceed the former; keep out of debt or insolvency.

Make by—উণাৰ্জন-কু; লাভ-কু; Gain through.' Make choice of—গছল-কু; To cho se.

Make common cause - नद्दल्यिक ; Unite against a common enemy.

Make eyes at—চোক ঠারা : Ogle at.

Make for — অভিমুখে বাজা- ফু; কোন দিব লক্ষ্য করিয়া বাবয়া; কোন দিকে যাবয়া; Proceed towards; move towards; rush or direct one's course towards, attempt. [without ceremony. Make free with—বিনা সকোতে ব্যবহার-ফু; Treat Make game of—ভামানা-ফু; বিজ্ঞপ-ফু; আভারণা-ফু; চাতুরী-ফু, To hoav, to impose on one's credibility. Make good—ক্তিপুর্ব-কু; To compensate;—To maintain; defend.

Make head against —জব-ড়; Overcome. Make head way—সূতকাৰ্ব্য-ছ; সকল-ছ; To progress, to succeed

Make light of—অগাগ-কৃ , তুজ্জান-কৃ ; ভূণজান-কৃ ;

Make love—প্ৰণয়াকাজ্যা-কৃ; Court:—জানন্দের সহিত ভোজাদি-কু, Feast with mirth:—কোন বিষয় লইঘা কৌতুক বা আমোদ-কু; Amuse oneself, indulge in joking and laughter

Make merit of—কোন কিছুৰ দৰণ বাহাছৰি লভয়া ; Take the credit of , take or claim credit for.

Make merry - 53-5; Re jovial

Make mouths at - মুগভঙ্গী-কৃ; ভেন্সান; Distort the mouth; make fices at.

Make much of—অভান্ত বা স্থানয়-কু; Treat with fondness; treat one with great esteem or attention:—কাহাৰ বিষয় বাডাইখা বলা; Speak a good deal in praise of one:—জাক-কু; Look upon as of great value —অভাকি-কু; Exaggerate.

Make neither head nor tail of—ব্ৰিচে লা পালা: To be unable to understand.

Make no difference— অভিন্ত ; To be a matter of indifference [have no doubt. Make no doubt—সন্দেহ না-কু; নিংসন্দেহ-কু · To Make no secret of—প্ৰকাশভাবে বলা , To declare openly. [no effect.

Make nothing for—কাগাকাৰী লা-হ; To have Make nothing of—নানাস্ত জান করা; Trifle:— মাথাসূত্ কিছুট বুৰিতে লা পারা, Understand nothing ahout:—বুৰিতে না পারা, Not to understand.

Make one's mark, Make a mark—গাতি লাভ-কু; Distinguish oneself.

Make of —বৃদ্ধিত পার), To understand by:—
উৎপন্ন-ছ; ফললাড-জ, To produce from; to effect:
—িব্যেচনা-জ, To consider:—জান বা গণবা-জ;
To esteem.

[ away.

Make off—প্ৰায়ন-কু; স্বিয়া পড়া; Escape; run Make one's blood boil—কুছ-কু; বাগাৰিজ-কু; To provoke one. [কু; To terrify greatly. Make one's hair stand on end—অভিনয় জীতMake or create a sensation—হনুক ক্যা বা
ছত্ত্ব লাগা; Make a noise by exciting the seelings or interest of others.

Make out-প্রমাণ-কু; সাব্যস্ত-কু; প্রতিগানন-ডু; To prove; establish:—কানিডে পার]; উপসন্ধি-জু; ৰিজ্ঞাপ-ছ; পৰিকালনৰে ব্যিতে পানা; To make a clear understanding of; learn; discover; understand clearly:— অভত-ড়; Prepare; make ready:—সংখ্যাৰ-ড়; To furnish:— কৃতকাৰ্য-ছ; সক্স-ছ; To succeed.

Make or mar—হয় উত্ততি বা হয় সৰ্কনাণ-কু; ২য় পুৰ ভাল বা হয় পুৰ মৰ-হ; Raise or ruin; cause one to thrive or fail.

Make over —হভাত্তৰ-কু; অভেব হতে অৰ্থ-কু; To transfer (the title of); convey; transfer something absolutely to another. [account. Make political capital—স্বিধা-কু; Turn to Make sail—Increase the quantity of sail.

Make short work of or with—সংক্ষো-তৃ;
Do rapidly or in a short time; make brief:—
গংহাৰ-তৃ; লাই-তৃ; Make away with. [certain.
Make sure of—গিত্য-তৃ; Secure; consider as
Make the most of—বত্ত্ব হইতে পাবে লাভ কৰিব।
লাৱা; কিছু হইতে লাভ কৰিব। লাৱা; Derive the
greatest possible advantage or benefit from.

Make the mouth water ইচ্ছা উৎপাৰৰ-কৃ, আভিলাৰ-কৃ, To cause desire or longing.

Make to-বাওয়া বা আইনা, Go or come to.

Make too much of—পুৰ ভালবাদা, To overestimate; to be too fond of.

Make two bits of a cherry—ৰল করিয়- কৃ; Do anything in parts and not thoroughly or at one stroke.

শ্রমিক up—সংগঠিত-কু; Constitute; form; compose; consist:—জভাব পুরণ-কু; কতিপ্রণ-কু; পোবাইলা লওগা; Compensate; make good:— মিটাল; Reconcile:—বংশাবস্ত-কু; Settle, adjust.—হিদাব প্রস্তা-কু; Supply (what is wanting):— সংগ্রহ-কু; জড় ভরিয়া এক্ত্র-কু, To collect into a sum; collect into a mass:—বিবাদ মিটাল, Reconcile or compose a quarrel or a breach:— প্রস্তা-কু; Manufacture.

Make up for—কৃতিপুৰণ-কৃ; পোৰাইলা দেওৱা বা লঙ্কা; Compensate for.

Make up into—কোন কিছুৰ আকার পরিবর্ত্তিত-তু, কোন কিছু ছইতে তৈয়ার-তৃ: Form into; turn into. Make up matters—বিবাদ ভল্লন-তৃ; ঝগড়া মেটান. Settle differences with; be reconciled.

Make up one's mind--সংৰদ্ধ-কৃ; কোন বিষয়ে মনংছিন-কৃ; Determine; decide.

Make up one's mind to—কোন কিছু সফ করিতে পাঁকুত বা অন্তত থাকা; Decide to abide by; be prepared to suffer.

শ্ৰী৯ke up to—উপন্থিত-হ; সমীপন্থ-হ: Approach:
—নিকটে বাধ্যা; Go up to .—পরিচিত হইনার চেষ্টা-ফু; Seek the acquaintance of:—সন্মান-ফু; Pay
court to:—বন্ধুবং-ই, Become friendly.

Make weter-ध्याव-कृ ; Void urine.

Make with-- अक्षड- इ ; अका- इ ; Concur.

Make up with, Make up matters with— বিবাদ অসম-কু; Settle differences for; be reconciled to.

Make way—অৱসৰ-হ; To make progress; advance:—পথ পরিকার-ক; To open a passage; clear the way.

Know what to make up—এ স্থকে কি করা বাইতে পাৰে ভাহা বুৰিতে না পারা, Not know how to consider or view a thing; not to well understand a thing. [breeder. Make-bate, n. বিবাদ উৎপাদনকারী; Quarrell-Maker, maker, n. নির্বাধকারী; নির্বাভা; One who makes:—স্টেক্ডা; বিধাতা; ন্তা; বিশ্বস্থা; The creator; God. Syn:—Framer, builder, constructor, fabricator, manufacturer; composer, author; writer, poet.

Make-shift, makshift, n. কোনল; ফিকিন; A temporary expedient that which serves a shift. Make-up, n. সমুখান; The whole, distinguished from the parts composing it:—সমন; General composition or structure; get up:—বেকপ্ৰ; Arranging of type into pages, with proper head lines &c.

Make-weight, makwat, n. পাশাৰ; ভার পুরণার্থ জুনাবন্ধে প্রদান কুনাবন্ধে প্রদান কুনাবন্ধে প্রদান কুনাবন্ধে প্রদান কুনাবন্ধে প্রদান কুনাবন্ধি কিন্তু ক্রান্ধি ক্রান্ধি ক্রান্ধি ক্রান্ধিক ক্

Go to the making of—বে সমন্ত উপাদান কোৰ কিছুৰ পক্ষে নিভান্ত আৰগুৰু; Be required to form or constitute.

Malachite, mala-kit, n. ভার বিশেষ; ধনিজ ক্রবা বিশেষ; Green carbonate of copper found in Siberia, Cornwall &c.

Maladjustment, mal-ad-justment, n. বিশ্বল; অহচিত লাবহাপন; Bad management; wrong adjustment.

Maladministration, mal-ad-min-is-trashun, n. কুশাসৰ ; কুণবিচালৰ ; Bad management, especially of public affairs.

Malady, mala-de, n. পিড়া; ব্যাথি; মোগ; Illness; disease. Syn:—Distemper, ailment, disorder, complaint, indisposition.

Maiapert, maia-pert, a. চক্ষ; প্রস্তুত্ব; গুই; Saucy; forward; impudent. ad=malapertly. n=malapertness.

Malaria, ma-la'ri-a, n. দ্বিত বালা: Miasma; the noxious exhalation of marshy districts, producing fever &c. as=malarious, malarial.

Malconformation, mal-kon-for-máshun, n. অসম্পূর্বতা; অবামজনা; Imperfection or disproportion of parts:--কল্যভার; Ill-form.

Malcontent, Malecontent, malkon-tent, ম.
রাজনোহী; One dissatisfied with a government;
—আসম্ভই ব্যক্তি; One who is discontented:—a.
আসম্ভই (Discontented:—রাজনামনের প্রতি কই: Dissatisfied with the government. n=malcontentedness.

[ tisfied with the government.
Malcontented, a. অসমুষ্ট; Discontented; dissa-

maicontented; a. প্ৰবৃদ্ধ লাতীয়; Misle, mai, a. পূৰ্ব লাতীয়; পু: লাতীয়; Masculine; ne; not feminine; bearing stamens:—ж. পূৰ্ব-লাতীয় জীব, লন্ধ বা উদ্ভিদ্ধ; নয়; One of the male sex; a he-animal; a stamen-bearing plant.

Malediction, mal-e-dikshun, n. [L. male, badly, dico, dictus, to speak] শাগ; অভিশাগ; অবস্থ প্রার্থনা, Curse, imprecation, execution; malison, Malefactor, male-fak-ter, n. [L. male, evil, and facere, to do] অপরাধী; কৃত্যকারী; A criminal; convict; an evil-doer. Syn:—Evildoer, offender, delinquent, criminal, culprit, felon, convict. Balevolenos, ma-levo-lens, n. activisistel; Bvil disposition toward another. Syn:—Illwill, personal hatred, malignity, maliciousness, malice, rancour.

Malevolent, ma-levo-lent, a. [L. male, ill, and volens, willing] ইব্যাপরায়ণ; হিলোগর; বিষয়ে। Malicious; envious. ad-malevolently. n=ma-levolence. Syn:—Evil-minded, spiteful, malignant, rancorous.

Malformation, a. বিবৃত্তি ; ক্লাকার ; বিশৃথাল পঠন ; irregular or anomalous formation.

Malice, malis, n. [L. malitia, from malus, bad] বেৰ; অপকারেছা; অহিতেছা; ইছাৰুত অনিষ্ট; আ-will; spite; deliberate mischief. Syn:—Malevolence, maliciousness, rancour, malignity, windictiveness, hate.

Malicious, ma-lishe-us, a. ধেৰণরবৰ ; বিধেৰণরা-বা ; হিষেক ; ধেৰণনিত ; Spiteful. n = maliciousness. ad=maliciously. Syn :—Ill-disposed, evil-minded, mischievous, envious, resentful, rancorous.

Malign, ma-lin, w. f. নিশা-ক ; অণবাদ-ক ; ক্ণো-ক ;
To defame; to speak evil of; to euvy; to
harm:—a. বেৰণগ্ৰশ; বিষেষ্টা; ব্যতিকূল, Malicious;
unfavorable. n=maligner. ad=malingly.
Syn:—(v) Injure; traduce, vilify, calumniate,
slander, traduce.

Malignancy, malig'nan-si, ন. বেষ ; হিংলা ; অক্তবা ; Deep-rooted spite ; malice.

Malignant, ma-lig'nant, a. ব্যেপরবর্গ ; হিংসাপর ; Spiteful; hurtful; malicious. n=malignancy. ad=malignantly. Syn:—Malevolent, malign, malicious, mischievous, bitterly hostile; unpropitious, ill-omened; virulent, dangerous, heinous.

Maligner, ma-lig'ner, v. i. काँवा এডाইবার जভ नैहात जान-इ; कर्तवा कार्या निवशत्रार्थ नीहात जान-इ; Feign illness to avoid duty.

Malignity, ma-ligne-te, n. বেৰ; ধাৰণ বিৰেব; Virulence; extreme malevolence:—অপকারিতা; মারাছকতা; Deadly quality. Syn:—Malice, maliciousness, ransour, spite, ill-will, malignancy, animosity; virulence, fatality.

Malison, malizn, ম. অভিসম্পাভ ; অভিশাপ ; Malediction ; curse.

Mall, mawi, ন. মূল্যৱ; নীৰ্ছ কাঠ মূল্যৱ; A large wooden beetle or hammer:—ছারাবৃত সমতল পাদ্দারণ ছাব; A level, shaded walk; a public walk:—p. f. মূল্যবাধাত-ভূ; চূৰ্ব-ভূ; To beat with something heavy; to bruise.

Mallard, malard, n. पदान ; पष्ट इरन ; A drake ; wild duck.

Malleable, male-a-bi, a. বাতন্ত্ ; মুক্ৰাবাত বারা প্রাম্পীর ; That may be beaten out by hammerring. ns=malleableness, malleability.

Malleate, male-at, v. t. মুলাবাৰাত-ড়; মুলাবাৰাত বারা প্রসাবিত-ড়; To hammer; to extend by hammering. n=malleation.

Mallet, malet, s. কাট মুলার; A wooden hammer, used especially for driving a chisel.

Mallow, maio, Mallowa, maioz, n. कृष विरमंद ; देखिए विरमंद ; A plant.

Malmaey, māmze, s. अक्कांकीत दोका; A sort of grape :---वित्रा; बना; A strong and sweet wine.

BEAlpractice, mal-praitis, n. অবং আচাল বা আচৰণ: কুৰাৰ্থ: ভাল বা নীডিবিক্স কাৰ্য: অচনিত নিলমের বিক্সাচৰণ; হু:শীলড়া; Evil practice; illegal or immoral conduct; esp. professional misconduct of a physician.

Malster, mawitster, n বৰ প্ৰছক বাহাৰ ব্যবসায়; বৰ প্ৰভাৱনায়ী; One who makes malt; one whose occupation is to make malt.

Malt, mawlt, n. ব্ৰ; Preparation of barley:—
v. t. ব্ৰচ্ব প্ৰস্ত-ক; To make into malt:—v. i.
বৰ্চ্ব প্ৰস্ত-হ; To become malt:—s. ব্ৰন্থবোৰে
প্ৰস্ত ; Containing, or made with malt.

Maltreat, mal-tret, v. t. কুৰ্বহার-ভূ; অস্বাচরণ-ভু; নিজয় ব্যবহার-ভূ; To treat ill; abuse. \*\*—maltreatment. Syn:—Abuse, use ill, hurt, injure. Malversation, mal-ver-săshun, \*\*. ক্ৰ্বহার: অভারণাপূর্ব চাতুরী; সরকারী ধন অপহরণ; Evil conduct; corruption or extortion in office; flaudulent tricks; peculation.

Mamaluke, Mameluke, n. One of a military force in Egypt of Circassian slaves, massacred in 1811.

Mamma, mam-ma', n. पा; भाडा : Mother.

Memmal, mamal, n. বস্পায়ী জীব, An animal that suckles its young. pl=mammals.

Mammalia, mam-ma'si-a, n. তপ্তপানী জীবনেৰী-সন্হ; অন্তপানী জীব সমুদ্দ ; That whole class of mammals. a=mamalian.

Mammalogy, mam-malo-ji, স. বয়পারী বীৰ-লাম ; The science which relates to mammals.

Mammary, a. তন্যথনীয়; Pertaining to the breasts or mammæ.

Mammifer, mami-fer, n. [ L. mamma, breast, and fero, to bear ] তান্তিনিট অভ ; তান্ত্ৰী কীব ; An animal having breasts or paps. a= mammiferous.

Mammillary, mam-ifar-i, a. [L. mamma, breast] তন্দ্ৰকীয়; তন্ত্ৰিয়ক; তন্ত্ৰিয়ক; Pertaining to or resembling the paps.

Mammillated, a. কৃষ্ণ ত্ৰাগ্ৰবিশিষ্ট ; ভ্ৰাগ্ৰহ ক্ষ্ণ গোলকবিশিষ্ট ; Having small nipples or little globes like nipples.

Mammon, mamun, n. [ L. mammona, riches ]
ধন; ধনদেবতা; কুবের; Riches; the god of riches.
Mammonist, mamun-ist, Mammonite,
mamun-it, n. বিষয়কীট; অর্থনেবক; বোর সাংসারিক;
One devoted to mammon or riches; a
worldling.

Mammoth, mamuth, n. হবীজাতীয় কৰ বিশেষ; Mastodon; huge beast; an extinct species of elephant:—a. বৃহৎ; অভি একাড; Gigantic; very large.

প্রক্রিকা, man, ল. মনুবা; মানুবা; নর; Human being:
—ননুবালাভি; মানুবলাভি; Mankind; human race:—বর্গ্রাপ্ত পুরুব; Adult male; a grownup male:—দান; পুরুব অনুচর; A male attendant; servant:—বামী; Husband:—দানা বেলাম বুঁটি; A piece used in playing chess:—০. গ্লাক সমব্যাহকৃ; লোকবনে সক্লিভ-কৃ; To supply with men:—
কৃ-কৃ; বলিভ-কৃ; সম্ব্যা-কৃ; To strengthen or fortify. pl —men. Syn:—(n) Person, individual, body, somebody, personage, soul, living soul,

enter tomo une ; male; wales ; place in chess. (pl.) hands, crew.

A man of business—বিনি বিষয়কর্মে নিযুক্ত ম man engaged in any business or trade.

A man of few words—অন্ত কথাৰ লোক ; বিনি বেৰী কথা কৰেন না ; A man who does not talk much. A man of his word—এক কথাৰ লোক : বিনি কথা বেলাশ কৰেন না ; A man who acts up to his promise. A man of letters—শভিত ; A learned man.

A man of the world—পাকা বিষয়ী লোক; A man keenly attentive to his own interest:—
খ্ৰ চতুৰ; A sharp fellow:—সংস্কারী; One devoted to this life and its enjoyments.

As one man - লকলেই এক থোগে ; All together ; with an accord ; unanimously.

Man and boy-বাৰাকাৰ হইতে এ পৰ্যন্ত : From youth upwards.

Man for man, Man to man—এক পক্ষের একজন আন্ত গক্ষের একজনের দহিত ভূলনা করিলে; One man against another. [Man of rare excellence. Man in a thousand—ক্ষেত ব্যক্তি; আকাশকুম্মনত আনক শলাৰ্থ; A fictitious person; a nameless and unknown person (purely fictitious and imaginary.)

Man of bolial—ছই লোক ; Any wicked man. Man of blood—Any man of violence.

Man of mark—বিধাত ব্যক্তি; প্রসিদ্ধ লোক; A distinguished person.

Man of straw—আসার লোক; দাহার কোন মুরোদ মাই; Puppet; one who has no character or influence; one worth nothing.

Man of war--- লগগোত , যুদ্ধ-ভাষাত ; Ship of war or of the line :--বোধা ; Fighting man.

Play the man—নাহসপূৰ্জক কাং-কু, Act manfully.
To a man—নকৰেই, একজনত বাৰ আহ; One and all without any exception

Manaolo, maha-kl, n. [1. manicula, dim of manicu, handcuff] হাওক্তি, Hand-cuff:—v. f হাওক্তি-দে; বন্ধ-কু; ক্তা-কু; To put manacles on; to fasten. Syn:—(n) Shackle, fetter, gyve, chain. (v) Handcuff, shackle, fetter, te, restrain, confine.

Manage, mańaj, v. t. [F. menager, to keep horse] নিকাহ-ক; শাসন-ক; To administer:— চালান: পরিচালন-ক; To direct, conduct; control— শিকা দেওৱা; To train, as a horse— শান-ক; Handle:—v. i. কাটানিকাই-ক. বিষক্ষ দালান; To conduct affairs. n=manager. Syn:—Regulate, govern, administer, superintend, rule, guide; wield, handle; influence, bring about, effect, husband, economize; manoeuvre, concert; act for, do for.

Manageable, mahāj-a-bl, a. শাসনযোগা : পরিচাকনীয় : দমনীয় : Governable. n=manageableness.
Management, mahāj-ment, n. নিকাহ : পরিচালয় :
Act of managing :—শাসন : Administration :—
কৌলা ; সকৌণল আচরণ ; Skilful treatment. Syn :
—Conduct. direction, guidance : control, charge, superintendence, care ; contrivance, cunning, practice ; tact.

Manager, mańaj cr. n. 可切率; One who

managea. Sys .- Conductor, director, over seer, comptroller, superintendent.

Manatee, man-a-te', ल, बनाइ को विराद ; An aquatic animal. [child. Manchild, mańchild, ल. रोजब , ब्रुट्-चिन्न ; A male Mandamus, ल. A writ issued by a superior court to some inferior tribunal, corporation, or person exercising public authority, commanding the performance of some especial duty.

Mandarin, ল. চীনদেশের শাসনক্রী; চীন-রাজকর্ম-চারী; Chinese governor; a European name for a Chinese official.

Mandatary, manda-tar-i, Mandatory, manda-tor-i, ন. বাহাকে কোন আফেশ বা ভার দেওলা বাত; আফিট ব্যক্তি; One to whom a mandate is given.

Mandate, mandat, n. [ L. manus, the hand, and do, to give ] আবেল, চকুম; Order, command. Syn:—Edict, charge, precept, injunction, commission, warrant.

Mandatory, mahda-tor-i, a. আজাসুচক; আবেশ-সূচক; Containing a command; preceptive: directive. [jaw. a=mandibular. Mandible, man-di-bl, m. হয়; চোৱাল; The

Mandibular, man-dibū-lar, a. চোয়ালস্কোন্ত; Relating to the jaw. [A narcotic plant. Mandrake, mandrāk, ল. লভা বিশেষ; উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ; Mandrel, ল. ক্ষেত্ৰ ভাষা; The revolving shank to which turners fix their work in the lathe.

Mandrill, ন. এক জাতীয় বানয়; A large kmd of baboon. [ on the neck of some quadrupeds. Mane, man, ন. কেশা; The long hair growing Man-cater, ন. বসুবাতুক; বাকন; Cannibal.

Manoge, man-3zh, ন. অথারোধণ শিক্ষার জানত ; অংচানৰ-কৌশন ; অথশিকা ; A riding-school ; horsemanship. [spirits of the departed. Manos, ন. p'. পিতৃলোক ; Aucestors ; defied

Manes, n. p!. পিত্ৰোত ; Ancestors ; defied Man Friday, n. ভ্ডা ; A servant that does everything.

Manful, manifoll, a. সাহাসক; Bold; courageous; showing manly spirit. n manfulness, ad manfully. Syn:—Brave, courageous, noble, daring, heroic, stout, strong, vigorous.

Manganesse, mang-ga-nēž, ম. বাড় বিশেষ ; A metal. a=manganessen.

Mange, m.inj, ন. প্রাদির খোদ পাঁচড়া; গৃহ্পালিত পত্তর পাত্তকভূ, Scab in cattle or beasts.

Mangel-wurzel, n. উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ . A plant of the bect kind.

Manger, m mjer, n. পথাদির আতার করিবার পাত্র; গবাদির ডোজনপাত্র; গানলা; ভাবা; An eating trough for horses and cattle.

Mangle, mang'gl. v. f. [L. mancus. infirm] দেন-কৃ. কর্জন-কৃ: চিন্ত-কৃ: To cut piece-meal; hack; to tear in cutting:—কাপড ইয়ী-কৃ; To smooth with a mangle; to calender:—n. বন্ধ প্রিমাজনী: কাপডের ইয়ী; Rolling press for smoothing linen. n=mangler. Syn:—(v) Lacerate, tear, rend.

Mango, mango, n. wis; The fruit of the mango tree of the East Indies,

Mango-fish, n. Equa viv 1

Mangrove, mangrov, स. युक्ष दिल्प ; A tree. Mangy, manji, s. व्यवसूत्र ; श्रीवस्थ्यत ; Scabby. स = manginess.

Manhood, manhood, ম. থোৰৰ; Puberty:—
ব্যৱস্থা; Human nature; the state of being a
man:—পৌৰৰ; Manliness; manly quality:—
সাহসিকতা; Bravery. Syn:—Virility; full age,
maturity; manly quality, courage, bravery,
manlihood; firmness, resolution.

Mania, ma'ne-a, n. [G. mainesthai, to rage] কিবল; উনাদ; উন্নতা; প্ৰবদ ইজা, Madness; insanity. Syn:—Aberration, frenzy, dementia, monomania.

Maniac, ma'ni-ak, a. কিন্ত ; Mad :—n. পাগল ; বোর উম্বস্ত লোক ; A madman ; one raving. a= maniacal.

Manifest, mane-fest, a. আই; বিশ্ব ; ফুলাই:
Evident; clear; apparent; obvious:—v. t.
আকাৰ-কু; বিশ্ব-কু; To show plainly; to reveal,
to declare:—n. বোকাই মালের তালিকা; আহাজের
আলের তালিকা; Invoice of a cargo. Syn:—(a)
Open, evident, conspicuous, plain, distinct,
patent, glaring. (v) Exhibit, display. declare,
evince, express, expose, set forth

Manifest (or Evident) to—ফট প্রতীব্যান; Evident or plain to.

Manifestable, Manifestible, a. লাই প্রথানীয় ; Capable of being manifested.

Manifestation, man-c-fest-a'shun, ল প্ৰকাশ; প্ৰচাৰ; প্ৰদৰ্শন; আবিভাব; Display; revelation; expression; exhibition.

Manifesto, man-i-festo, দ. রাজার উদ্বেশ্বর প্রকাষ্ঠ বোষণান্দ্র ; Public declaration of the intention of a sovereign or state proclamation.

Manifold, manc-তিd, a. অনেক সংখ্যক; বছল; বিবিধ; নানাবিধ; বছপ্ৰকাম; Many in number; various in kind; in kind; complicated; multiplied:—v.t. ভাত-কৃ; To double or fold in many complications or thickness. Syn:—Numerous; various, diverse.

Manikin, mahi-kin, n. বামন; A dwarf:—
বাৰবদেহের বিভিন্ন আপের আদর্শ; A paste board
model, exhibiting the different parts and organs
of the human body.

Manilla, a. Of or pertaining to Manilla, the capital of the Phillipine islands:— স চুকট বিশেষ;
A kind of cheroot or cigar made at Manilla

Maniple, mani-pl, n. এক ষ্ট ; দপজন দৈজেৰ কল ; Handful; body of ten soldiers :—বোমীয় সেনাদল ; A company of soldiers in the Roman army. σ=manipular.

Manipulate, ma-nip'ul-lat, ত. t. হ্ৰডাল্না-ড়; হ্ৰহাৱা কাৰ্য-ড়; Handle; work with the hand:
—ত. i. হ্ৰডাল্না-ড়; To use the hands, especially in scientific experiments. n=manipulation.

Manipulation, n. হতচালৰা; লম্বতা; দক্তান্থ-কারে হতচালৰ; Dexterity; use of the hands, in a skilful manner.

Manipulative, Manipulatory, a. ব্যৱস্থা ধারা সাধিত ; Performed by manipulation.

Manipulator—रव पात्र। क्रांत्रचात्रक ; One who works with the hand.

Menitou, n. Pitylei; The name given by the American Indians to their spirits or gods.

Mankind, man-kind, n. agains ; alassife; The race of men. Syn:—Man, men, society, human race, humanity.

Manliness, mahle-nes, अ. नाइनिक्डा; कुछा; The quality of being manly. Sys:—Boldness, courage, firmness, independence.

Manly, manile, a. নাহাসক; মহান; Brave; bold; dignified; noble. Syn:—Firm, stout, daring, courageous, undaunted, fearless; heroic, manful.

Manna, mańa, n. অবৃত বিশেষ; The food supplied to the Israelites in the wilderness of Arabia.

Manner, maner, n. [ L. manus, the hand ]
নীতি; ধারা; Method; fashion:—কাব্যান ধাৰা;
Mode of action:—নাচান; আচন্দা; Habit; custom:—প্রকান; Sort, kind; style:—pl. বাবহাৰ;
আচন্দা, পিটুটান; ভ্ৰমণ; Morals; behaviour;
politeness Syn:—Style, cast, mode; practice; degree, extent; behaviour, carriage, deportment.

[ As is usual with one.

After one's manners—বেষৰ কাহারও হইরা থাকে ; Bad manners—খুৱাচার ৷

Good manners—मन्द्रित

In a manner—একৰ্ক ; To a certain degree ; in a way ; some what ; in a centain sense ; to a certain extent :—কোনুৱৰ ভাবে ; In a way.

Mannerism, manerizm, n. बहुव ; विराय बाह्य ; दिल्प बाह्य ; Sameness or peculiarity of manners. n-mannerist.

Mannerist, manerist, s. वित्यं वांत्रवात्र ; One addicted to mannerism.

Mannerly, mańer-li, a. ভয়; লিট; Civil; polite:—ad. ভয়ভাবে; লিটভাবে; Respectfully. n= mannerliness.

Manœuvre, man-òó'vr, m. [F. from main, hand, and ocuvre, work ] কৌলল; সনৈপুণা পরি-চালন; Dexterous management; stratagem:—v. f. কৌশনের সহিত নির্কাহ-ফু, নৈপুণাসহকারে পরি-চালন-ফু; To manage with art; to perform a manœuvre. Syn:—(n) Artful, design, artifice, contrivance, trick, ruse, finesse.

Manor, mahor, n. [ L. maneo, to stay ] ভুষ্যাধি-কার : ভ্ৰমিদারী ; বত লোকের অধিকার ; Lords of an estate ; estate having lordly rights.

Manor-house, manor-hows, Manor-seat, manor-set, n. ভৰিদাৰের বাসধানার বধাৰ সৃহ; The house or seat belonging to a manor.

Manorial, ma-no'ri-al, a. ক্ৰিণাৱের থাসখামার স'লাড ; Pertaining to a manor.

Manse, mans, n. বৰ্ণবাৰকের বাসবাটী; বাটী; Scotch parsonage; the residence of a clergyman; house and land.

Man's estate—সাবাসকাৰয়ায়; Age of manhood. Mansion, manshun, n. [L. mansio, habitation] বাটা; বড় সকৰেৰ বাটা; Abode; dwelling house; a manor-house. Syn:—Residence, seat, palace.

Mansion-house, manshun-hows, n. আটালিকা; নৰ্ড বেয়রের সরকারী বাড়ী; House in which one resides; the official residence of the Lord Mayor of London. [Killing a man

Man-elaughter, mańslaw-tér, n. नदरका। : Man-elayer, mań-siz-ér, n. नदरकानादी ; नद-दाक्क ; One who slays a man.

Man-stealer or thief, s. यक्षा-इत्यंकांदी; One who steals and sells men.

Mantel, mantl, s. signatural sis, The ornamental work over a fire place in front of the chimney, esp, a narrow shelf above a fire-place (Also mantal-piece, mantel-shelf)

Mantelet, त. जीलांदन (कांडो , A small cloak for women. See mantlet.

Mantle, mantle, ল চিলা বড় জানা, আবরণ, Cloak; aloose outer garment, a covering — v t আছোলব-ছ: আবৃত-ছ, To cover with a mantle:—
কুথাবিত-ছ; পোগৰ-ছ, To hide, to disguise —
v.i. (বিশ্বত-ছ, To expand or spread (like a mantle):— কো নিৰ্গত-ছ, ফেনিল-ছ, To forth, ferment (Also) mantle-shelf Syn — (n) Cover, covering, mantlepiece (१) Cloak, overspread, cover, expand, be suffused, flush, cifcrvesce, foam, froth, cream.

One's mantle falls upon—একজনের গুণ আর একজনে বর্জান, একই কাজে নিযুক্ত, One's virtue are inherited by another; one's work is taken up by another.

Mantlet, mantlet, Mantelet, mantel-et, n বীনোকের ছোট বাদা ; A small cloak for women. Mantling, n বৰ্মাদি পরিচ্ছদের প্রতিষ্ঠি প্রদর্শন ,

The representation of a mantle,

Mantua, mahtua, n. স্থালোকের পৰিচ্ছণ; স্থা-পৰি চ্ছণ, A lady's gown:—স্থালোকেন পরিচ্ছণ বিশ্বাতা, স্থা-পরিচ্ছণ-রচ্বিতা, Maker of ladies dress. nemantua-maker.

Manual, manual, a [L manus, the hand]
হতকৃত, হত্তসাধিত, করচালিত, Done, made or performed by the hand —n. উপক্ষণিকা, পুতিকা,
সাকিত এছ, কুল এছ, A hand book —কাধ্লিকদিপের উপাসনারছ, Catholic service book

Manufactory, man-u-fakt'or-৷, দ নিৱশাসা, কারখানা; Building or place where manufacture is carried on

Manufacture, man-ti iktūr, v t. [L. manus, the hand, and facere, to make ] পিল্লিগা থাৱা নিৰ্মাণ-ক, (ক্ৰব্যাণি) প্ৰস্তুত বা বচনা ক, To make by hand or with art to work (materials) into forms of use '—ν ঃ. ল'বাকায়ে বাণ্ড থাকা: To be occupied in manufacture —n নিৰ্মাণ; ক্ৰৱাণিয় প্ৰস্তুত-প্ৰথানী, The process of manufacturing —পিল্লেখা, বচিত ক্ৰবা, Any thing manufactured. a=manufactural Syn —(n) Make, fabricate, produce, construct, form, forge. (n) Production, fabrication, manufactured product

Manufacturer, man-u-faktur-er, n निही काविश्व ; कविछा , One who manufactures

Manumission, man-u-misliun, n मानव-माइन , The act of freeing from slavery

Manumit, man-u-mit', v. f [L manus, the hand, and mittere, to send off ] দাসত মুক্ত কু; দাসত মুক্ত কু; দাসত মুক্ত কু;

slavery; to free, as a slave. n=manumission.

Syn:—Free, liberate, emancipate.

Manure, man-ur', v. f (অনিতে) নাব-বে; To enrich with any fertilising substance:—s. (অমির) নাব, Dung, a fertilising substance. n=manurer.

Manuring, man-dring, n. त्या नांव करांत ; A dressing or spread of manure on land.

Manuscript, man-u-skript, a. [ L. manus, the hand, and scribo, to write] হুবলিখিত. Written by the hand:—n হুবলিখি, হুবলিখিত কাম্ম; Paper written by the hand. [ to man. Man-worship, n. মহুবা-পূলা, Undue reverence Manx, manks, n. ম্যান্থীপের ভাষা, The language of Isle of Man —a. ম্যান্থীপ বা ভুম্বিন্যীপ্ৰ সংক্ষাৰ, Pertaining to the Isle of Man or its inhabitants.

Many, mene, c. জৰিক, বছদংখাক, আনেক, Numerous, not few:—n অধিক লোক; বছদংখা।, জনতা, A multitude, many persons, bulk of the people, crowd. Syn:—(a) Multiplied, frequent, manifold, various, divers, sundry. Maori, n. One of the aboriginal inhabitants of

New Zealand and of their language

Map, map, n মানচিত্ৰ; ভূচিত্ৰ; বগোলচিত্ৰ; Chart, picture of the earth:—v t. মানচিত্ৰ-কু; চিত্ৰান্ধিড-কু, বিশনরূপে বর্ণন-কু, To draw geographically; to plan, to describe vividly; mark out.

Maple, mapl, ন. কৃকবিশেব; A tree, a wood.
Mar, mar, v. t. নষ্ট-কৃ, কত-কৃ, কতি-কৃ, বিকলাস্কৃ, To blot, to injure, to damage, to impair; to disfigure.—n কতি, অনিষ্ট; Blot; injury; hurt Syn:—(v) Maim, ruin, hurt, harm, impair, deface, spoil, blot, stain

Maranatha, n. অভিশাপস্তক কথা, শাপস্তক বাক্তা, The Lord comes, a word of cursing

Marasmus, n. কুশতা , কীশতা , Emaciation , a wasting of flesh

Maraud, ma rawd, চ s. লুঠ-জু, Rove as a freebooter — লুঠনাবেবৰে জন্ম-জু, Rove in quest of plunder

Marauder, ma-rawder, n নুম্কারী Plunderer:

—নুঠনাবেবৰে অন্প্ৰমানী ক্ষা, A rover in quest of booty or plunder Syn —Freebooter, moss-trooper, robber, pillager, filibuster.

Maravedi, দ শেৰেৰ তাৰ্যা, The smallest copper coin of Spain.

Marble, mār'bi. n. মার্কেল পাধর; Fine timestone highly polished — মার্কেল পাধর; Fine time. A hittle ball used by children in play — a. মার্কেল পাধরের হারা নিষিত, কটিন; Made of marble; hard, insensible.— v. i. মার্কেল হারা রুকু . To stain or vein like marble; to variegate in colour n=marbler. [hearted. Marble-hearted, a নির্দিব, নির্দ্তর; Hard-Marble constant, a হির . Firm as marble. Marbly, mar'bli, ai মার্কেলেব ভার প্রকারে, in the manner of marble

Marcescent, mar-seient, a [ L. marceo, to fade ] মানহুলাক , Withering , decaying.
March, march, n. ইংরাজী বংসারে ভূতীয় মাস , The third month of the year .—ৰভিনাত সুৰুত্ব;

The distance passed over:—বাঝা; নিয়মিত
অগ্রগতি; সৈন্তগতের চলন; Regulated walk; regular advance; journey of soldiers:—প্রান্ত;
সীনা; Border; confine (used chiefly in plural):
— u. ; গুলুক্তাব গমন-ক; ব্যানিয়মে বা গাড়ীরচাবে
প্রান্তন্ন, To move in order, as soldiers; to
walk in a grave and stately manner:— u. i
সৈপ্তের স্থাব শেলীবন্ধনাপে চালিত-ক; ব্যানিয়মে প্রান্তন্ন
ক; To cause to march; to move in order.

Marching regiment-One on service.

Marchioness, mār'shuñ-es, n. fem. of Mar quis. মার্ইদ-পত্নী, Stately lady.

Mare, mar, n. ঘোটকী; The female of the horse. Mare's nest, n. ঘোটাৰ ডিঘ; Discovery of something having no existence.

Margo, marj, n. প্রান্ত ; কিনার , Edge , brink.
Margin, mar'jin, n ধাব , প্রান্ত , Border ; an edge :—প্রকার-পৃথিব অলিখিত পাস্ত . The blank edge on the page of a book. Syn —Rim, brink, brim, verge, skirt. limit, confine ; 100m, space, latitude.

Marginal, mar'gin-al, ে ধাৰ্যাত্ত, আন্ততিত ; Pertaining to the margin , placed in the margin ad=marginally.

Marginste, mar'un-at, Marginsted, mar'un-at-ed, a. ধারবিশিষ্ট : প্রায়তিশিষ্ট , Having a margin Margravo, mar'grav, n. Count of the marches—কর্মান অভিনাত বিশেষ, German nobleman ci the rank of an English Marquis. fem—Margravine (mar'gra-vēn)

Marigold, mar'i-gold, n. ইছিন্ বিশেষ, A plant
—সীদা কুল; A yellow flower.

Marino, ma-rch, a [ L marinue, from more, the sea ] সামূদিক, সাণ্যসন্তিতিত্ব, Belonging to the sea or navy: done at sea, naval —n সামূদিক বাপোৱ; Sea affairs, naval affairs — ব্যক্তাহাল সমূহ, Navy —(পাত-সভা, নৌ-সৈনিক, Sea-soldier. Syn —(a) Oceanic, pelaire, heptunian, naval, nautical, maritime.

Mariner, mar'e-ner, n. नारिक: Seaman. Syn --Sailor, navigator, a calt.

Mariolatry, n কুণারী ফেরীর উপাদনা, The worship of the Virgin Mary.

Marital, marie-tal, a. [L. marital: from maritus, a married man] স্বাধীসম্পতি: প্রিন্থ জাহ: Belonging to a husband; pertaming to a husband. Syn:—Matrimonial, conjugal, connubial.

Maritime, mar'e-tim, a. fl. maritimus, from mare, the sca]সামুদ্ধিক; Marine; naval; nautical Marjoram, mar'jo-ram, n. এক প্রকার স্থাপ্ত মদবার বাছ, বঙা বিশেষ; A plant.

Mark, mark, n. দৃশ্যান চিক; A visible sign:—চিক, লফণ, Badge —খ্যাতি; Distinction:—ৰাজ্যই চিফ; Cross or emblem to signify a name:—লক্ষ: Butt or point aimed at — প্রমাণ, Proof.—নিগর্পন; A trace:—লক্ষ্ণ; Characteristic:—v. t. চিক্তি-ক; লাগ-দে; অভিত-ক; তি make a mark on; to stamp; to impress with a sign:—বেখা; লক্ষ্য-ক, মনোনোগ-ক; Notice the marks of note; observe; regard; give heed to:—v. s. বিশেষ মনোনোগ-দে; জিলাক্ষ্য

शका-कः To note; to take particular notice. Syn:—(n) Impression, stamp, brand, print, meision, dint; trace, foot-print, vestige, track; sign, note, token, symbol, index; proof; indication, evidence, symptom; target; consequence, eminence, inotice, regard. (v) Brand; notice, regard, note, heed, show, evince, indicate, betoken, denote, characterize.

Mark, n libs weight, 1s. 4d. Germany 18s. 4d. England.

A man of mark-বিশাত লোক; A distingui-hed person. [one's standard. Below the mark—আগবের নিয়ে; Inferior to Beside the mark—অসংলয়; Not to the point.

Be up to the mark—সমান-হ; Be equal to the standard of quality expected:—বতদুৰ আনা আবদক তাহ' অবস্থ থাকা; টিক যাতা হওয়া উচ্চিত হোটা হওয়া ( one up to the required standard of skill or excillence, possess the knowledge or power requisite, possess the quality expected. Mark one out—বাহুদক নিজ্লা-কু, Point one on!, destine one,

Overshoot the mark—দীমা অভিনয় করিয়া হারণ, Pass or go be youd the proper limit.

Wide of the mark—সতা হইতে ধ্রে; আসন বিশেষে নিকট নিষাও নাড়, Remote from the truth certonrous, incorrect far away from the point or truth [dard.

Within the mark—Within the proper stan-Markor, mark er, n (बलाव दिमान दिस्कावी; One who marks the score at games, as billiards.

Markot, market, n [L. mercari, to trade]
বালার; হাট, A public place for buying and
sclling নদৰ, Rate, value; price:—বিশ্বেধ্বিকাৰ স্থাবিধা, Opportunity of sale:—২০ ১.
কালাৰ কু, ক্ষবিক্যান্ক; Io deal in market, to buy
and scll. Syn —(n) Place for traffic, mark
composition; market house, market-place; sale.
Marketablo, market-a-bl, a. বিক্যবোগ্য, Saleable n=marketableness

Market-orosa, murket-kros, দ্ল. বাজারে গোবিত ্তুল : Cross set up where a market is held.

Market-day, n হাটের দিন; Day in which a market is held. [for raising vegetables. Market-garden, n. শাক্ষান্তিব বাগান; Garden Market-town, market-town, n. বানার ব্যাস্থার অধিকার পার বাবে A town having the privileges of holding a public market.

Marking-ink, mirking-ingk, n. কাপড় চিছ ব্ৰিণা কৰি, বন্ধ চিজিত কৰিবাৰ অমোচ্য মদি; Indelible ink for marking clothes.

Markeman, mark'man, n. লক্যভেগী; অপ্রাপ্ত লক্ষ্য-েন্দ্রা; One who shoots well

Marl, mitl, n সারমটি মৃত্তিকা; A fat or rich carth or clay often used as manure:—v. t. মৃত্তিকা দ্বাবা স্থান্তালন-কৃ; নারমটি দেবসা; To cover or manure with marl. মিনি তুলা; Like marl. Marlacoous, marl-a'shus, a. মৃত্তিকাবং; নার-Marlino, mar'lin, n. দড়ি; কাছি ভুটাইবার ভৌট পড়ি, A kind of small line for binding round a rope:—v t. ভোট ভঙ়ি দিয়া কাছি ভুটাইন To wind round with marline.

Marlinespike, mar'lin-spik, s পাছিব বেই পুলিবার ব্যু বিশেব; An iron tool, like a spike, for separating the strands of a roce

Marlite, mar'lit, n. এক প্রকার সারমটি : Variety of marl. a=marlitic. [ing in marl Marly, mar'li, a. সারম্ভিকাবং; মৃভিকাব্য Abound-Marmalade, mar'ma-lad, n মোরমা বিশেষ, Sugared confection of oranges &cc

Mermoraceous, mar-mo-ra'shus, a [L. marmor, marble] মার্কেল প্রস্তুর সংক্রান্ত বা জ্ঞুমধূৰ,
Pertaining to, or like, marble

Marmoreal, mar-mo're-al, Marmorean, mar-mo're-an, a. মাৰ্কেস সম্বন্ধীয় ; মাৰ্কেলসংকাত ; মাৰ্কেল নিৰ্দ্ধিত , Pertaining to or like marble , made of, or having the qualities of marble

Marmoset, marmo-zet, n কুজ বানর বিশেষ . A small variety of American monkey

Marmot, mar mot, n পাক্ষত্য দ্বিক , সিরি মুনিক , Mountain mouse.

Maroon, ma-rooh, n. প্লাভৰ ফীড্যান; Run away negro slave — n. t জনপুন্ত হানে নামাইয়া দেবা, নিৰ্দ্ধন বাংশ রাধা; To put ashore on a desolate island:—a. আপিন্ত লোহিড, Brownish, crimson like the chestnut

**Mar-plot,** n One who frustrates a scheme by officious interference.

Marque, mark. 2. শক্তের নিকট হইতে সীমান্ত প্রদেশ দিরা গমনের অনুমতি; Letters authorising reprisals on enemy's shipping —শক্তের নিকট হইতে অনুমতি-প্রাপ্ত বৰ্ণশোভ . A ship commissioned for making reprisals.

[ A large field tent

Marquee, mar-ko', n বুচদাকার সমর-শিবির, Marques, mar'-kwes, Marquis, mar'kwis, n আভিজাতাস্চক পদ বিশেষ. Title next under a duke fem=marchioness.

Marquisate, mar'kwis-āt, क. मार्क्डिएाइ भव-मंगाचा ; Dignity of marquis

Marriage, mar'rij, n. { F marier, to marry } বিবাহ; পরিণয়, Wedding, wedlock, match; the union of a man and woman as husband and wife. Syn:—Nuptials, espousals

Marriagoable, mar'ij-a-bl, a. নিসৰ-যোগা। বিবাহের যোগা; Capable of union n mu riageableness. [tract of marriage

Marriage-articlos, n. pl. বিবাহের চুচ্জি; Con-Marriage-bed.—বিবাহের অবস্থা; State of marriage. [One rung at wedding. Marriage-bell, n বিবাহকালীন ঘণ্টা; শধ্যমনি.

marriage-boll, দ বিবাহকালা যতা: শন্ধনান,
Marriage-certificate, দ বিবাহের সাইজিকেট:
বিবাহের নিদর্শনপত্ত: Register of marriage.

Marriage-gift, क (योजूका

Marriage-licence, n. বিবাহের মন্ত্রমন্তিপত্ত ; Permission to celebrate a lawful marriage at an unusual time or place.

Marriage-portion, n. लोजूक ; Fortune given to a woman on her marriage.

Marriage-string-भक्तपण्य ।

Be married to—কাহারও সহিত বিবাহ কওল।
Marrow, mar'ro, n. মজা; The soft, fatty
substance in bones :—সারাংশ; Pith; the essence
or best part. a=marrowy Syn:—Bssence,
eream, gist.

Marrow-bone, mar'5-bon, n. मकाशंत्र राष्ट्र; मकाश्रि, A bone containing marrow :—pl. श्रीह्रं The bone of the knee : knees.

Marrow fats, n. মটর , A pea

Marrowish, mar'o-ish, a. म्ह्यांश्वीव ; क्यांत ; Of the nature of marrow ; resembling marrow.

Marry, mar'i, v t. विवाह-कः; পরিপানপতে আবছ-ছ
Wed; take for husband or wife:—विवाह-एः;
To cause to marry:—v : विवाह-कः; विवाहिणहः To enter the married state; to take a
husband or wife. [Obtain wealth by marriage.
Marry a fortune—विवाह कतिशं धनलाकःकः
Marry into—cकान वःभ वा भित्रवाहक काहार विवाहकः; Marry some one belonging to (a certain
family)

Marry (one) to—কাহানও সচিত্ৰ বিবাহ দেওৱা।
Mars, mārz. \* যুদ্ধ-দেবতা; বুগপ্তঃ ; Roman Thor,
the god of war , one of the planets.

Marsala, mar'sa-la, n মদ্য বিশেষ, A kind of light wine resembling sherry. [moiass, bog. Marsh, marsh, n. জলাতুনি, বিল, Swamp, ten, Marshal, mar'shal, n. সেনাপতি, সেনাথাক, A thick officer of arms; the highest multary officer — ए ত, A herald: a harbinger: — ম master of ceremonics: — পুলিসের প্রান্ধ কর্মচারী, Chick officer of police — A sheriff of the United states — ৮ ট প্রেথক, কু. (পুতর ভার) সইছা গাজা, To arrange in order, to dispose in order, to lead as a herald. Syn:—(v) Rank; range, dispose, array, draw up, set in order.

Marshal of the Kings or Queen's Bench ---Keeper of the prison.

Marshaller, mar'shal-er, n. (अनैनक्कात्रक : One who arranges or disposes in order

Marshalship, mār'shal-ship, n. মারভানের পাদ। Office of a marshal.

Mersh-mallaw, marsh-malo, জ. জলাভূম্যাবিতে হাত উদ্ধিদ বিশেষ : A species of mallow common in meadows and marshes

Marshy, márshe, a. ভলাপর নিশিষ্ট , Swampy — ভলাভূমি সদৃশ ; জলামর , Wet , lenny ; boggy. n=marshiness.

Mar-sport, " One who spoils sport.

Marsupial, mar-sti'pi-al, a. [Gr marsupion, a pouch ] লাবকবংনস্থলী বিশিষ্ট; লাবকবাহী; Carrying young in a pouch — n. লাবকবাহী জীব; কৈছপ জীব; A marsupial animal. [Market. Mart, mart, n. বাজার; হাট; ক্ষমবিক্স হাব; Martello, mar-telo, n তীর (সাসরকৃস) সক্ষণাৰ্থ বিশ্বিত লোবাকার মুর্গ; A circular fort erected to protect a const

Marton, mir'ten, s. বেঁজি বিশেষ : একজাতীয় সাংসাদী নতুব : A destructive kind of weasel valued for its fur.

Mar-text, n निर्दिश्व वर्षश्रकांत्रक ; One who spoils text : a blundering or ignorant preacher.

Martial, mar'shal, a. [L. martialis, from Mars, the god of war] বৃদ্ধপ্রিয় . গুলবিবনত; সামত্রিত : বাহনিত : Belonging to war; warlike; military; brave; heroic. ad = martially.

Martial law, e. আইন বিশেষ; An arbitrary kind of law extending to matters of civil as wall as of criminal jurisdiction, and proclaimed only in time of war, insurrection, rebellion or emergency.

Martial music-নগৰালা।

Martin, mar'tin, Martinet, mar'tin-et, n.

Martinet, mar'tin-et, n. উপদেষ্টা; কটিৰ শাসৰ-কৰ্ডা; কটিৰ শিকাশাসনবাদী; A strict disciplinarian.

Martingal, mar'tin-gal, Martingle, mar'tingl, \*\*. পেটা; বোড়ার কোমবপেটা ও মতকসংলগ্ন গেটা; A strap from the nose-band to the girth:
——বাহাজের কও বিশেষ; A short spar under the bowsprit.

Martinmas, mar'tin-mas, ন সেণ্ট মাটিনের উদ্দেশ উৎস্ব বিশেষ; The feast of St. Martin arth November. [the bird.

Martiet, martiet, n পকা বিশেষ, Martin, Martyr, marter, n. ব্দতার্থ ত্যক্তপ্রাণ; জীবনোৎ-শর্মী; বে জাজুবিধানের জন্ত জীবন বিদর্জন করে; One who suffers death for his belief:—p. t. ধর্মার্থ ব্ডাা-কৃ; কাহাকেও তাহার জাজুবিধানের জন্ত ব্ধ-কৃ; To put to death for one's belief, torment, torture.

A martyr to disease—পিড়ারৰ ব্যক্তি; One who suffers much from disease.

Martyrdom, mär'ter-dum, n. সভোর কন্ত জীবন উৎসৰ্গ ; চুদ্ প্রভারীর জীবন বিসর্জন বা নিপ্রহভোগ ; The death or sufferings of a martyr.

Martyrologist, n. সত্যের বস্ত মৃতের ইতিহাস লেখক; A historian of martyrs.

Martyrology, mar-ter-olo-ji, n. নাটারদিগের ইতিহাস; সভার জন্ত মৃতের ইতিহাস; A history of martyrs; register of martyrs:—মাটারদর্শ্বসম্ ; A discourse on martyrdom. n=martyrologist.

Myrvel, mar'vel, n. [L. mirari, to wonder]
আৰুত ব্যবহার; অনৌকিক ব্যাপার. Wonder; miracle; a prodigy:—v. f. আকণ্যাবিত-হ; বিশ্বরাপার-হ,
To be struck with surprise or admiration; to
wonder. Syn:—(n) Prodigy, portent, miracle,
phenomenon; admiration, astonishment, amazement.

Marvellous, már'vel-us, c. বিষয়কৰ , আছুত .
Astonishing; wonderful; improbable. n=
marvellousness. ad=marvellously. Syn —
Strange, portentous, miraculous, amazing ,
improbable, incredible, preternatural. [gold
Marybud, mā'ri-bud, n. পুলাবুক বিশেষ; MariMasculine, maškū-lin, a. [L. masculus, mas.
male] বাহনিক; বনবান; বুকুলার; Manly, strong ,
robust; bold:—গু-ৰাতীয়; Of the male sex.
ad=masculinely. n=masculineness. Syn:—
Male, virile; powerful; brave.

Masculine gender-17 1771

Mash, v. f. মিজিড-কু; পেৰণ-কু, মজন-কু; Mix into a mass with water; mix malt and water; bruise:—n. বিলণ ; একল পেৰিড জ্বা সম্প্ৰেল মিজা ; A mixture; a mixture of ingredients beaten together.

[ সমূল ; Of the nature of a mass. Mashy, maski, a. বিলণ কাৰ্ড; পেৰিড মিলা পিছ Mask, mask, Masque, n. মুবল; Cover for the face; visor:—ভাণ; ছব; Pretext; pretence; subte fuge:—উৎসৰ বিশেষ; সময় সকলেন চন্ত্ৰেৰ

ৰামণ ক্ষিয়া আনোগলবোগ; যুক্সবায়ী অভিনেতানিকের
নাট্যাভিনয়; A masquerade; revel; a fentive
entertainment in which the company wears
masks; a dramatic performance in which the
actors must appear masked:—•• . মুখন প্রা;
যুক্স বায়া আয়ুত-তৃ; To cover the face with a
mask:—কোপন-তৃ; নৃত্যায়ত-তৃ; To disguise; to
hide:—•• . . ছমবেশ আনোগলনোকে বোগ পেলা;
To join in a mask or masquerade:—হমবেশবায়ণতৃ; To be disguised in any way:—আনশিত-তৃ;
আনোকে মন্ত-তৃ; To revel. Syn:—(n) Disguise;
cloak; screen, evasion, shift.

Masker, masker, n. रुवारवन्यांत्री ; वृषम्यांत्री ; One who wears a masks.

Mason, ma'sn, n. রাজ্যিরী; হুপ্তি; A builder in bricks or stone; a freemason.

Masonio, ma-sońik, a. হাপত্য-বিষয়ক ৷ Relating to freemasonry.

Masonry, ma'sn-ri, স রাজের কর্ম; স্থাপতা; The work of a mason; the art of building in stone:
—ক্ষ্ বিশেষ : Freemasonry.

Masque, mask, n. ছয়াম্বন; মুখন; Mask; cover for the face; masquerade.

Masquerade, mask-ér-ād, ল. প্রবোদার্থ বিভিত্ত ছ্যুবেশিগন; আনোদপ্রবোদার্থ মুখনবারী জনসমূহ; Entertainment where the company is masked; an assembly of persons wearing masks:—ছল; চন্দ্রবেশ; Disguise:—৩. ১. মুখন পরিয়া গোগন-ক; ছ্যুবেশ বারশ করান; গোগন-ক; To conseal with a mask: to disguise; cover; hide:—৩. ১. চ্যুবেশ বারশ-ক; চ্যুবেশে বাওয়া; To revel to be masked; to go in disguise.

Masquerader, mask-ér-Zdér, n. ग्रमशंती; इस्तर्ग : इस्तरमधारी One wearing a mask; one disguised

Mass, mas, n পিe, Lump — কুণ; পুঞ্ ; Heap, a collective body — কিবং পৰিমাণ ; A quantity :— জড়পিছ ; A lump of matter :— অধান আংল ; Principal part :— জনসম্বায় , A multitude :— মাকৃতি ; Bulk, size — ধর্মমন্তার পূজা প্রকরণ ; A religious service :— গ পিছাকাৰ-কু, একন্সিড-কু; পুণ করা ; To form into a mass : to assemble. Syn :— (n) Collection . magnitude, dimension ; assemblage, congeries , whole, aggregate, totality, main body, great mumber. (v) The people, the lower classes.

[ as a whole. In the mass—নোটে, সোটেনাটে; Collectively;

In the mass—নোডে , মোচেনাডে ; Collectively ; Mass education—নিয়শিকা।

Mass meeting, n. वह (बांक्स नमवीत ; वह (बांक्स महा ; Large assemblage.

Massivo, masiv. a साहि , वह ; वृष्णांका ; सह ; स्वरुवान : Bulky ; weighty n=massiveness, ad= massive, Syn —Compacted ; heavy,ponderous, Massy, masi, a स्वरुवात ; Massive : n=mas sueness.

Mast, mast, n. बादन; A long piece of timber

to support sails of a ship:—2418; Nut of beach, oak; acorns; chestnut:—e. s. नायन म्हला-इ; To furnish with a mast.

Master, master, n. a要; A lord:—何季季; Teacher :---विनोदम ; One who controls :-- विकारी ; A owner :- বেডা; Leader :- নিয়োগকর্ডা; An employer :-- विश्वविद्यानाहात छेलापि वित्नव ; A degree in universities :--वानिका-(भारत्व व्याक वा नावक : Commander of a marchent vessel :-- Chief :--Employed as title of respectful address, also, familiarly to an inferior or a boy :-- जराक. শাসৰ : Governor, ruler, director :-- কোন কাৰ্ব্যে বা विशाद मिशून वाक्ति: काम विवस श्रमिशून वाक्ति: One highly skilled in any thing :- v. t. wa-y; wise-কু To subdue ; to overcome :—বেট-হ ; বাংপয়-হ , ৰক্তা লাভ-মু; Excel; be skilful; to execute with skill :- a. any; antis; Chief; principal. Syn:-(n) Director, manager, head, principal; owner, possessor, proprietor; instructor, tutor, preceptor, school-master; commander, captain: proficient, adept, skilled hand. (v) Conquer, overpower, overcome; acquire, learn thoroughly.

Be master of one's situation— ক্ৰিয়াজনক সান অধিকার করা; Have the vantage ground against an opponent.

Be master of the situation— যাহার সমকক ৰাই;
Be without a rival; have none to contest the supremacy:—কমতারাধান, বাহা বলিবে তাহাই হাইবে; Be in power; have sway. [chancery.

Master in chancery, n. Inferior judge in Master of arts—বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের এম এ উপাধি;
Higher degree of Arts in a university.

Master of ceremonies—উৎসবের কর্চা বা বাংলঃ
An officer who superintends the forms to be observed by the company or attendants, on a public occasion.

Master of dialectics—ভর্কবাচপতি।

Master of family—কুলপতি :

Master of fence—ভরবারি চালাইতে নিপুণ, অসি-চালনে কক ; One skilled in the art of fencing.

Master of hounds—কুকুর-প্রভূ, Gentleman who keeps and hunts a pack of hounds.

Master of one's self—আজ্ঞান'ৰমী; জিডেজিয় . সংবৰী; Self possessed; able to control one's feeling and passions. (officer of artillery. Master of ordinance—দৈলাখাৰ; A chief Master of the horse—ফৰ-ত্ৰাব্ধাৰ , One who has chief charge of the horses in a large household.

Master of the house-hold—12-461. One of the chief managing officers of the royal house-hold.

Master of the mint—to writers were; Chief Mester of the revels—One chosen to direct sports. [cery,

Master of the Rolls—Second Judge in chan-To be master of—ৰতি নিপুণ-ছ, ত্ৰৰ-ছ; To be highly skilled in, to have eminence or authority.

[ nism.
Masterbation, s. চৰ-বৈষৱ , S. [-abuse orna-

Masterbation, मः रच-रेगपून , S. f-abuse orna-Masterful, s. जरवाती , तमाणी , Overbearing.

Master-hand, master-hand, s. निर्म पुरि: One very skill; a person eminently skilled.

Master-jest—প্ৰধান তামানা ; ভেঠ ভামানা ।

Master-key, master-ke, n. মূল চাৰি; আমান চাৰি; Key that opens many locks;—আনেক কটিল বিষয় মীমাংলার লাধারণ প্র ; A general clue to lead out many difficulties; a main clue.

Masterless, master-les, a. প্ৰতৃথিৱীৰ; অৰ্থীকৃত বানিশৃত; Without an owner :—অশাসিত; অবারাত; Ungoverned; unsubdued.

Masterly, master-le, a. বিচৰণ; স্বিপুণ; অছাৰকুট্ট; Skilful; excellent:—ad. স্বিপুণ ছাবৈ;
With the skill of a master. Syn:—Rinished,
artistic, consummate; skilled, expert, adroit;
imperious, domineering. [minant intellect.
Master-mind, n. কেট বৃদ্ধি; ভাল বৃদ্ধি; PredoMaster-pioce, master-pes, n. সংকাৰ্ক্ট কাৰ্য্যবিপুণা; বিশেষ বৈপুণাবায়ক কাৰ্য্য; কাৰ্য ভাল বৃদ্ধি;
বিস্থা; বিশেষ বৈপুণাবায়ক কাৰ্য্য; কাৰ্য ভাল বৃদ্ধি; উৰ্ক্টি

manship; chief excellence; best production.
Mastership, master-ship, n. অতুই; আগায়;
ভাষা, Rule; dominion; superiority.

Master's mate —নৌগানকের স্কারী অব্যক্ষ ; Assistant in navigation.

Mester-spirit-- 519年; Guiding spirit.

Master-stroke, master-strok, n. উৎকৃষ্ট কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন : চড়ান্ত কাৰ্য্য : Capital performance.

Master-work, n. উৎকৃষ্ট রচনা; Master-piece.
Mastery, n. প্রভুগ; বানিষ; Dominion; supremacy:—জর; Victory:—উৎকৃষ্টতা; প্রেটভা; Eminence; superiority:—প্রেটচর ক্ষরতা বা বৈশুদোর
নাধন; The attainment of superior power or
skill. Syn:—Superiority, pre-eminence, as-

cendancy, upper hand, dominion, rule, sway, command; eminent, skill, dexterity, proficiency, acquirement, attainment.

Mastic, Mastich, mastik, n. বৃশ্ধ বিশেষ, The lentisk-tree :—নিৰ্বাদ; আটা; Gum of the tree:
—দিমেক, অনেণ বিশেষ; A cement for plastering walls.

Masticate, maste-kāt, v. i. খন্তবারা চূর্ব-তৃ ; চর্বান তু ; To grind with the teeth , chew. n=mastication. a=masticable. Syn:—Manducate, munch.

Mesticatory, masti-ka-tor-i, a. চৰ্কণ্যোগা; চৰ্কা; চৰ্কাণকাৰী, Adapted for chewing; chewing:—n. লালা বৃদ্ধির নিমিন্ত চৰ্কা উষধ; A substance to be chewed to increase the saliva.

Mastiff, masuf, n. বৃহৎ জাতীয় কুকুর; A large variety of dog. (of the nipple. Mastitia, n. অনের বোঁটার প্রদাহ; Inflammation Mastoid, a. অনের বোঁটাসক্ষীয়; নাইবের বেঁটা-

সংস্থান্ত : Re-embling the nipple or the beast.
Mastodon, ন. বাছাৰ ; Fossil elephant.
Mat, mat, ন. বাছাৰ ; A texture of flags, rushes
&c.:—Anything growing thickly or closely
into waving :—পাপোৰ ; A texture of rope-yarn:
—ত. গে বাছাৰ বাৰা আৰ্ড-কৃ. বাছাৰ বুবা ; বিৰাজ্য-কৃ;

To cover with mats; to interweave; to entangle:—s. i. To become interwoven.

Matadore, mara-dor, n. [Sp. mater, to kill] शास्त्र ; वृत्रास वृत-शास्त्र , One who kills ; the man appointed to kill the bull in bull-fights. Metoh, mach, s. विद्यानवार ; रीभनवारा ; A lucifer a combustible substance used for containing, conveying or communicating fire: - 可以 (याने ; नमक्य ; व्यक्तियो ; One equal to another ; an equal; one able to cope with another:-বিবাছ: Wedding marriage: - ক্রীড়া; Game: —বিবাদ; Contest:—বিবাহলভা; One to be gained in marriage: - v. i. সমাৰ আছুতি-হ; खनाकांत्रविष्ट-र ; To be of the same make, size &c. :- विवाह-क : To be united in marriage :e. t. मनान-ह ; मनकक-इ ; मगरवात्री-ह ; ब्राटिवची हहेटड পক্ষ-হ; অভিযোগী-কু; উপযোগী-কু; To be equal to; to be able to compete with; to rival successfuly; to find or equal to; to adapt :-रिवाह-(र: To marry; to give in marriage. Syn:-(n) Mate, companion; competition. (v) Equal, rival; sort, suit; mate; pit against; contend equaliv.

A match for—কাহারও সহিত তুলা বল; Equal to another in strength or ability; able to cope with another.

Be more than a match for—লারীরিক বলে বা বোল ভবে অন্তর্ম অপেলা শ্রেট ছবরা; Be superior to another in strength or other quality. [to it. To match—মানানসহি ছবং!; To be suitable Matchless, machies, a. অতুল; Unequalled; having no equal. n=matchlessness. ad=matchlessly. Syn:—Unrivalled, unparalleled, incomparable, peerless, consummate.

Matchlock, machlok, n. দীপৰালাকাবিদিই এক ধাৰাৰ বন্ধক ও ভাষাৰ বন্ধক ঘৰ; the lock of a musket containing a match for firing it; a musket so fired; gun fired by a match. [marriage. Match-maker, n. ঘটক; One who contrives a Match-making—ঘটকেৰ কাৰ্যা।

Mate, mat, n. [ Icel, mati, equal, companion ]
পৰী; সহচৰ; An associate; a comrade; a
companion:—সমকক; An equal:—খানী কিংবা
ৰী; Husband or wife: —জীবজন্তন স্তীপুদ্দেৰ অন্ততন্ত্ৰ; A bird or animal which has paired with
another of opposite sex:—ভাগান্তন মালিন নাশিল্লপোতেন বিতীয় অধ্যক্ষ; সহকানী ক্ষাচানী In a
merchantship the second in command; an
assistant:—v. t. সনকক হওয়া: খেড়ে পেন্তন্ত্ৰ; বিবৃহিকু; To match; to marry, to pair. [ checkmate
Mate, mat, n. and v. t. in chess, same as
Mateless, matles, a. সকীবিহান: সনীবিহাত.
Without mate or companion; having no mate.

Without mate or companion; having no mate.

Material, ma-te're-al, a. [L. materialis, from materia, matter] ভোটিক; প্রাকৃতিক. Composed of matter:—প্রধান; লাকীরিক, সমার; মারন্তক; Important; physical; essential; substantial:—গারীরিক; স্বনাধান্ত্রিক; Corporeal, not spiritual:—n. esp. in pl. উপাদান, That of which anything is to be made. ad=materially, n=materialness, materiality. Syn:—(a) Corporeal, bodily; important, weighty, momentous, vital. (n.) Substance, stuff, body.

Materialise, v. t. পদাৰ্থে পরিণত-কু; জড়রপে গণ্য-কু; জড়তাবনন-কু; ভৌতিক-কু; Reduce to matter; render material; occupy with material interests. Materialism, ma-téri-al-ism, a. প্ৰভা ; The doctrine of materialists:—Belief that the universe is self-existent and that the functions of life, thought &c., arise out of the modifications of matter:—বিষয়াস্থিত; Devotion to the material nature and wants.

Materialist, ন. জড়বাণী; One who holds the doctrine of materialism.

Materialistic, ma-te'ri-al-istik, Materialistical, ma-te'ri-al-istik-al, a. জড়বাদ সম্পান; · Pertaining to materialism:—জড়বাদিগণ সংকাত; Pertaining to materialists.

Maternal, ma-ter'nal, a. [L. maternus, from mater, mother] মাতৃৰং; মাতৃৰং; Motherly; pertaining to a mother. ad=maternally.

Maternity, ma-ter'ni-ti, n. নাত্য; The state, character, or relation of a mother.

Methematic, math-e-matik, Mathematical, math-e-matik-al, a. অধ্যান্ত সম্বন্ধীন ; গণিত্যান্ত সম্বন্ধীন ; Pertaining or done by mathematics: — খুব টিক ; Very accurate. ad = mathematically.

Mathematician, math-e-matishan, n. আছ-শাবজ্ঞ; গণিতশাত্রবিশারদ; One versed in mathematics.

Mathematics, math-e-matiks, n. sing.
অধনাত্র : গণিতনাত্র : The science of quantity to which belong arithmetic, geometry &c.

Matin, matin, a. প্রভাতিক, প্রভাস্থনীয়; Pertaining to, or used in, the morning:—n. pl. প্রভাগ্রাইন প্রভাতিক উপাদনা; Morning prayers: or service:—রেমান কাথ্লিকদিপের প্রথম উপাদনা কাল; The first canonical hours of prayer in the Roman Catholic Church.

Matrice, ma'tris, n. 75; Womb.

Matricide, matri-sid, n. [ L. mater, mother, caedo, to kill ] মাতুহতা ; The murder of one's mother :—মাতুহাতক; মাতুহতাকারী; Motherslayer; a murderer of his mother. a = matricidal.

Matriculate, matriku-lat, v. t. [L. matricula, a register] বিসালয়াদির সভালেক্তিক-কু; ছাত্ররূপে বিশ্বনিদালয়ে প্রবেশ-কু, কলেজে প্রবেশ-কু; Admit to member-ship by enrolling one's name in a register; enter a University by being enrolled as a student enrol as a member of a college &e:—n. সমান্ত্রিশাবের সভালেক্তিক লোক; One who is admitted to membership in a society. n=matriculation (প্রবেশিকা পরীকা)! Matrimonial, mat-re-monal, a. বৈবাহিক; Relating to or derived from marriage; nuptial. ad=matrimonially. Syn:—Connubial, conjugal, sponsal

Matrimony, matre-mun-e, n. विवाह: Marriage; wedlock, union of man and woman as husband and wife.

Metrix, ma'triks, n. [L. mater, mother]
নায়; গঠ; Womb:—হাচ; The cavity in which
anything is tormed; a mould:—খনিলগর্ভনয়
পদার্থ, Substances in which minerals are found:
—মুসবর্ণ; The five simple colors (black, white,
blue, red, yellow.) pl=matrices.

Matron, ma'trun, n. [L. mater, mother] গৃহিণা, প্রোড়া; চিকিৎসালয়ের ভর্বাবাহিকা; Mother

of a family; female superintendent (in a hospital) — পালিতব্যকা বিবাহিতা সংগী, An elderly married woman, an elderly lady.

Matronage, ma'trun-aj, Matronhood, ma'trun-hood, \*\* মৌচাৰ ক্ষৰতা, মৌচা মহিলাৰ ভাৰ; State of a matron —সমগ্ৰ ফৌচামহিলা সম্মান The collective body of matrons.

Matronal, matrun-al, a. মাতৃবং , মাতৃক , গভীর , Motherly : grave.

Matronise, ma'ttum-ic ত f প্রোটামহিলাবং-কৃ.
To render matronly —রক্ষাত্রীরূপে কোন মহিলার
সাহাব্য-কৃ, To attend a lady to public places
as protector,

Matronly, a প্রোচ়া , মাতৃবৎ , Becoming or belonging to a matron , elderly —গস্ত র , Sedate Matter, mater, n. 9wif , Material , substance body --বিষয়, ব্যাপাব, Subject - অনিন্দিষ্ট পরিমাণ Indefinite amount — সার , Essence — বিষয় আর্ব , Affair , thing — অর্ব Concern — অর্থ क्षांब्रामनीव विषय , Import , importance , const quence -कांत्रन , रहरू , Inducing cause or occasion; cause of a thing —পুক, পুর, Pus purulent discharge —v t. আবশ্ৰত-১, প্ৰছোজনীয় ষ, অন্তীত-ষ্, To be of unportance import signify — 旁寄 判申明-季, To form puss Syn —(1) Stuff, raw material, topic que tion, business event, me dent, trouble carse of distress significance, moment (1) Miturate suppui ite A matter of life and death - भेवन मदापन ব্যাপার, মরপ্রতিম ব্যাপার, A matter that my lics the risk of loss of life (thugs are

As the matter stands — তেওঁনান অবস্থা As For that matter— ৰত্ব আদি জানি I on ought I know

For the matter of that – তা ধৰিতে গোলে, So far as that is concerned.

In matter little, No matter—ভাতে কিছু এচে বায় বা lt is of little or no consequence

In the matter of — কোন কিছু সম্বাদ্ধ Regarding Matter in hand — মানোচা বিষয়, The subject of work which occupies us

Matter of choice - नकटला विवस , That which one may choose or refuse. [following

Matter of courses—Something naturally Matter of courtesy—তহতাৰ বিষয়, I hat which is courteous, what pertains to good breeding

Matter-of-faot, mater-ov-fakt, a টিব ক্ৰিছ বিছীন, প্ৰকৃত, প্ৰকৃত কথাৰ পূৰ্ণ, কেবল প্ৰকৃত কথা থাকিবে, নীবদ, গুকতা, Adhering to the matter of fact, adhering to facts, treating only of facts, prosaic, precise, dry —সামান্ত (বাহাতে অধিক বুদ্ধি থাটাইতে হয় না), Commonplace —কাজনিক নহে, বাহা প্ৰকৃত ভাচাই মানিবা (চলা), Not turning aside from absolute realities, not giving way to fancies — দ ব্যাৰ্থতা, Reality — ম্বাৰ্থ ঘটনা. Verity fact.

Matter of surprise—আভবোর বিষয়, Subject of surprise, thing to be surprised at

Matter of taste- किंग निवय , Point of nice perception of excellence of any kind

Mend matters—অবস্থা ভাল করা , কোন কিছু ভাল অবস্থায় দীড় কবাইবার চেন্তা করিয়া সফল হওয়া , Mend

Minco matters—( সজা বা অন্ত সংকাচৰণত: ) সজ্জ গোপন ক , Suppress the truth (out of delicacy) : —অর্থ্যেক ভাপিয়া অর্থ্যেক প্রকাশ ক , Express half and suppress half

The matter of fact is— একড কথা বা ব্যাপার এই; What is the matter—ব্যাপারটা কি, হইরাছে কি; What is the trouble or difficulty? what misohief has happened?

What is the matter with—ভোষার কিবো তাহার কি হুইবাছে, What mischief has happened to? Matting, mating গ মাছুর সমুদ্য, Mats collectively—মাছুব ভাষা আছোলন Covering with mats—মাছুৱেৰ উপাদান, Materials for mats—মাহুৰের ভাষা বুনন, A mat-like texture

Mattock, matuk n (कांगानि এक श्रकांत्र कूगान, Pick are with the broad ends

Mattress, matres, n কটিৰ বিছাৰা পোৰক, গুলী, Hud be i stufted with wool, horse-hair &c. Maturate, maturat, v t [ L maturus ripe ]

পরিপক্ত প্রাণিষ্ট-ক To make mature, to p omote the sunpuration of — v ঃ. পুরুত্, To suppur ite perfectly. n=maturation

Maturative, mi u-rāt-iv, a প্রজনক, Ripen-im. —in med promotive suppuration —n প্রকলক ওবে A remedy promiting suppuration Maturo, natūr. a. [L maturus, ripe] পারপর পক Ripe:—প্রকল, সম্পূর্গ বৃদ্ধিপার, Of full time or age full-grown —পরিশার, Completely worked out—vt পরিশাক-ক, To ripen.—পূর্ব-কু পর্বাক-কু To bring to perfection—v. : প্রশান-ই To become ripe—(মা হর্মা; To become due, as a bill n=matureness, ad=maturely Syn—(a) Perfect, completed, prepared, ready, well-digested (v) Develop fully, prepare carefully, digest thoroughly, perfect

Maturoscent, mat-u-resent, a [ L maturesco, to become ripe ] প্ৰায় পরিশত, শচ্চিক্ল, Approaching maturity

Maturity, ma-tur'c-te, n পরিপ্রতা, Ripeness
—দেয় হল, A becoming due Syn —Full
growth full age

Matutinal, mit ti-ti'nal, Matutine, matutin, a প্ৰাচঃকালদম্বনীয়, বাভাতিক, Early

Maudlin, mawdlin, a মাতাল. Drunk — নিকোৰ, মুৰ্থ, Stupid, silly —নিকোৰ কলনাপ্ৰিয়, Sickly sentimental. [In spite of

Mauger, Maugre, maw'ger, a pre. How. Maul, mawl n Same as Mail.

Maul-stick, m iwistik, n ডিজাছনকালে হস্ত স্থির বাধিবার জন্ত চিজাকবদিলের বাবছাত যষ্ট্র, Painter's stick to keep the hand steady in working

Maunder, n অনৱোৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু, খুত খুঁত-কু, To mutter, to grumble

Maundy thursday, mawhdi-thur2da, \*.
গ্রীপ্তের মৃত্যু-অরণেৎসব-সপ্তাহের বৃহস্তিবার , Thursday
before Good Friday.

Mausolean, a সমাধিতত ঘটিত, ক্বর্লছকীয়, কীৰ্ত্তিক ঘটিত, Pertaining to a mausoleum, monumental. Mausoloum, ৯. ক্বর; সমাধিকত; কীন্তিতত; Magnificent tomb or monument. a=mausolean. Mauvo, mawv, ৯. হব্দর দীললোহিত রঙ্; A beautiful purple dye. [thrush.

Mavis, ma'vis, n. গায়ক পকী বিশেষ: The son.:-Maw, maw, n. পথাদির পাকস্থলী: প্রথম পাকস্থলী: The stomach of a beast; the craw in birds.

Mawk, n. Maggot.

Mawkish, mawkish, a. ছুণাভনক; সকাব্যন্নক; সুণাভনক; Loathsome, disgusting; squeamish. nauseous. n=mawkishness ad=mawkishly.
Syn:—Insipid. flat, state, vapid

Mawworm, maw'wurm, n. কৃমি কটি , উদর কটি ; An intestinal worm ; the thread-worm.

Maxilla, n. कोवान ; Jaw-bone.

Maxillar, maksil-ar, Maxillary, maksil-ar-i. ভ. ভোগৰ স্থানীয় , চোগৰ সংক্ৰান্ত , Pertaining to the jaw-bone.

Maxim, maksim, n. পুত্ৰ; অবধাৰিত মত; বচন, প্ৰাম বাক্য; Leading truth, established principle; axiom; proverb. Syn:—Aphorism, apothegm, adage, saying.

Maxim monger, n. বচন-ব্যবসায়ী; ৰাক্যবাগীন.
One who deals in maxims.

Maximum, maksi-mum, a সংক্ষান্ধ, The series :-- n. সন্ধাণেক অধিক সংখ্যা, প্ৰিয়াণ .
উল্লেখ্য (The greatest number, quantity or degree. pl=maxima.

May, ma, v. i. হইতে পারে; সম্ভবপর: দৈনাৎ বটিবা উঠা, To be free to act, to be possible. be

by chance.

May, mā, n. ই'রাজী বংস্বের পঞ্চল মান; The fifth month of the year:—বংস্বের প্রথম ভাগ; Early part of the year:—বোদন; Youth —হীপের প্রথমাপ; The early part of life —কটন ফুল, The flower of the hawthorn —হ i. পূজাসংগ্রেড়; ক্টক কুল স্পান্ত Gather flowers on May morning; gather May-flower.

May-apple, n. ফল বিশেষ; The yellowish pulpy fruit of the podophyllum.

May-day, mádā, n. মেনামের প্রথম দিব; The first May-flower, máflow'er, n. এক প্রকার কটক কৃত্ত;
The flower that appears; the hawthorn which blooms in May

May-fly, máfli. n. সরকানজীনী সক্ষিকা; পতুর বিশেষ. An ephemeral fly which appears in May.

May-game, n. পেলা বিশেষ, Game fit for May-day. Ist or other day of May freshness May-morn, n. মে মানেব প্রায়:কাল: Morning of Mayor, muur, n. [L. magnus, great] নগরাধাক; নগরের প্রধান মাজিটেট ; Chief magistrate of a town or borough. fem=mayoress.

Mayorality, maur-al-ti, Mayorahip, maurship, n. মেধ্যের পদ; The office of a Mayor.

Mayoress, n. মেনরের পদ্মী; The wife of a mayor.

May-pole, mápol, n. ১লা মে তারিখে চাবিদিকে
মুরিবা মৃত্য করিবার মিনিত প্রোধিত দীর্ঘ দক; Pole to
dance round in May.

May-Queen, mákwön, n. ১লা নে তারিখে বে রমণীকে বাণী নাজান হয়; A young woman crowned queen with flowers at the celebration of May-day, Maso, maz. n. বৃহ ; গোলকবাঁবা ; Labyrinth :—
বিজ্ঞান্তি ; কিংকর্তব্যবিষ্কৃত্ব ; গোলকাল ; Confusion of thought ; perplexity ; intricacy :— ৮. ই. ইডবুছি-ছু ; বিজ্ঞান্তি-ছু ; কিংকর্ত্তব্যবিদ্ধ-ছু ; To confound with intricacy ; to bewilder ; to confuse; to amaze. Masurks, n. পোলভবেশীয় নৃত্য ভ বাদ্য ; A Polish druce, or its accompanying music.

Masy, maže, a. 事情可; 東情可; Labyrinthine; intricate; perplexing. ad-mazily, n=maziness.

Syn: - Confused; confusing.

Me, me, pro আমাকে . The objective case of I. Mead, med. n. মধু ও জল মিজিড পেয় ক্রবা ; মধুর পানীর বিশেষ ; A termented liquor made of honey and water :—মবদান ; Meadow.

Meadow, medo, Mead, med, n. তৃণাক্ষানিত ভূমি; তৃণকেত্ৰ; যাসভূমি; তৃণকেলগুচার; A rich pasture-ground. a=meadowy.

Meadowy, medő-i, a তৃণ্মৰ ভূগতবিশিষ্ট; Pertaining to, like or consisting of, meadow.

Meagre, Meager, me'ger, a. কুণ; হীৰবল; Thin; lean; destitute of strength:—জগ্ৰহুর; অৱ; Scanty; insufficient:—নিংব; অভাবেজ, Poor:—অপুন্ধব; Barren. n=meagreness, meagerness. ad=meagrely. Syn:—Lank; gaunt, starved, hungry, poor; tame, feeble, jejume.

Meagreness, me ger-nes, n. কুণতা; অৱতা; Quality of being meagre. Syn:—Leanness, want of flesh. poorness, barrenness, cantiness. Moal, mলা, n ভোজন; এককালে ভুক্ত আহাব্য, Food caten at one time; a portion of food taken at one time:—ম্বন', ল্লাচুৰ্ : Flower of corn. prain ground to powder.

Mealy, mell. a মরণার স্থায়, স্পাদুর্গার; Like meal; be sprinkled as with meal; soft, smooth, n=mealiness.

Mealy-mouthed, meli-mowthd, a. मुद्रकारी ; सन्तर्भारत सन्दर्भ कार्या विद्याद व्यानिस्तर , Smooth-tongued ; soft of speech; unwilling to state the truth in { u and time for eating meals. plain terms. Moal-time, n टिग्न्च (का ; व्यक्तादाव ममत , The Mean, min, a नीइक्टाइन या निव्ययह , Low in birth or rank .-- नीठ , अध्य : निकृष्ठ , अवक , Base . humble : sordid .- मशा : Middle :- मशावली : मशा-िम . Intervening , moderate - न. मधायन ; मबाबिन् : The middle point -pl. আম, বৈতৰ; সংশ্ৰি. Income , resources ; estate -- नावन ; वन्न ; Instrument:-- v. f অভিপ্রাদ-রু; মন্ধর-কু; To intend; to purpose :—" চনা-কু , To indicate :— আর্থ প্রকাশ-क ; To denote, signify -- v. i. यत-क ; वर्ष शका ; To have in the mind; to have meaning. ad meanly. n-meanness. Syn:—(a) Ignoble, plebeian, ordinary, common, vulgar; abject, wretched, degraded, degenerate, vile, servile, menial, grovelling; dishonourable, disgraceful, shameful; penurious, niggardly; small, little, insignificant, paltry. (n) Medium, middle state, mediocrity; average, intermediate value, instrument, method, way, means. (pl) Resources, property, revenue, income. Design; imply, import, express.

A means to an end—্ষোৰ উপোত্ত সাধ্যমন উপায় ; A means to effect some object. By all means—অবস্তই ; Certainly ; without fail.
By eny means—বে কোন প্রকারে , In any way.
By means fair or foul—বেষল তেমন কবিয়া ,
সন্থানেই হউক বা অসমুণারেই হউক ; By means honest or dishonest. [having recourse to By means of—(কোন উপায় ) অবসন্দ করিয়া , By By no means, By no manner of means—কোন মতেই বহু ; বিক্যাই নহু ; In no way ; not-at-all.

Meander, me-ander, m. কৃটিলগতি; বলগতি; অটিলতা; A winding course; maze; perplexity — v t. বজগমন-ক; To run in windings; to wind about:—v. i. বজভাবে প্রবাহিত-হ; জটিল-হ; To flow or run in a winding course; to be intricate.

Mondoring, me-ahder-ing, a কৃটলগানী, Winding in a course:—n. কুটলগতি, A winding couse.

Meaning, mening, n. আৰ্ : মর্ম ; Signification ; explaination ; sense :— অভিপ্রায় : সহল্প , Intention , purpose .—a. অর্থপ্রকাশক : বোধক ; Significant ad — meaningly. Syn:—Intent, design, purpose, aim, object ; sense, interpretation , import, purport, significance.

Meaningless, mening-les, a. অর্ণুস্থ , Having

Mannoss, meines, n. বিশ্বস্থা; Lowness — কুপেনা; Niegardliness, Syn —Smilliness, little-ress, scantiness, poorness, poverty, vileness, baseness, illiberality, penuriousness, sordidness, Mean-spirited—ৰূত্ৰমা।

Meant, pt. and p. p. of Mean.

Mean time-while—ইচিমধ্যে, ইত্যবসরে, In the intervening time, during the interval.

Mosslos, me'zle, n. Em; Disease with small red spots upon the skin.

Measly, me'zh, Measled, me'zld, a সামবোগ-লাম, হামরোগে আজার, Infected with measles of eruptions.

Moasurable, mezhur-a-bl. a. প্রিমেন, প্রিন্দ্রণ্দ্রা, That may be measured —প্রিমিত, মধ্বিষ, Moderate:—জন, অন প্রিমাণ; সামাস্ত প্রস্ব, In small quantity or extent Syn:—Mensurable, computable, temperate.

Messure, mezhur, n. [ [. mensura, from metiri, mensus, to measure ] প্ৰিয়াণ; নিশ্বাবিত পরিমাণ; Standard; a stated quantity --বিশ্বতি; আয়তন; Size, extent:-- যদ্ধারা কোন কিছুর বিচার হয় ; মাণনিরূপণ প্রণালী ; A rule by which anything is adjusted or judge :-- সাধনোপায় ; উদ্দেশ্য সাধনেব উপায়; Proportion; means to an end - পুত্ৰ বিশেষ : তাল ; লয় ; A grave ; solemn style of dance ; musical time :—মিতাচাৰ ; পরিমিতি ; Moderation :—তর ; Strata ; bed :—ডম্ম , Metre · —pl. উপার ; Expedients :-- v. t. পরিমাণ-কু ; To ascertain the dimensions of :-- বিস্থাস-কৃ, পরি-ষিত্ত-কু; To adjust :-- চিহ্নিত-কু; To work out : --विकाश-कु ; वर्णेन कतियां (मध्यां , To allot , mite :-v. i. পরিমাণবিশিষ্ট-হ; সমত্ল্য বা একরাণ-হ; To be of a certain extent; to be equal or uniform. Syn: -(n) Rule, gauge; quantity, degree; limit, due bounds, rhythm, foot, verse, tune; plan, scheme, proposition, proposal, bill. (\*) Estimate, value, appraise, gauge; adjust, preportion; distritute.

Beyond measure—অভিযাতা ; পরিমাণের অধিক। Fill or fill up the measure of—কোৰ কিছুৱ পূৰ্বাতা-হ ; Render complete.

In measure—পরিমিত।

Lineal or long measure—ৱেখাদ্বৰ পৰিমাণক;
The measure of lines or distance. [contend.
Measure grounds—বিবাদ-ক; বাগড়া-কু; To
Measure eneself with or against—বিবাদ বা
বৃদ্ধ-কু; Contend with. [বাঙ্যা; Fall prone.
Measure one's length—মটান্ হুইলা পড়িরা
Measure one's strength—একাখ্যকণ বিবাদ-কু;
Come into open conflict:—কাছাব্ছ বক কুং-কু;
Judge of one's strength.—কাছাব্ছ বচিত্র বিহারে
অব্তঃ-কু; Enter into a controversy:—প্রতিযোগিতা
অব্তঃ-কু; Pit oneself against.

Square measure—The measure of the superficial area of surfaces in square units as inches, feet &c.

Take the measure of—মাপ লগুৰা; Compute th dimensions of :—কডটা আবতন বা কডটা পজি নিৰূপণ-কৃ. Form an idea of the capacity or powers of —কুং-কৃ. Form an idea of :—সমন্ত সমাজকাৰ ব্ৰিডে পাৰা; Judge fully of.

To take measure—উপার অবশ্বন-কু।

Moasured, mazhard, a. দমান . তুলা ; একৰণ ; Equal , undorm — দৃঢ় , ছিৱ ; Steady :—সীমা-বিশিষ্ট , বিনিষ্ট , Restricted.

Measuroless, mezhār-les, a. জানীম ; জপবিষয়ে; Without measure; limitless. Svn —Boundless, vast, immense, infinite, immeasurable.

Measurement, mezhur-ment, n. মাপ: The act of measuring —প্রথমাণ: প্রমিতি; Area.

Mont, met, দ থাদাদ্রনা, প্রাণা, Victuals, food:
—ম্বান, ভেন্মান, Animal food Syn:—Viands, provisions, aliment, nouri himent, fare,
provender, flesh for food

Most offering, mit-offering, n. थीन कांब : देनदिवस्त्र(ध्यार्थ , Offering of food, esp. of flour with salt and oil.

Meat-pie, n Pie of meat; mince pie.

Mest-test, " Tb: Appetite.

Meaty, ব মাণ্যবন্ধ : Fleshy.

Mochanic, me-k-nńik, Mochanical, me-ka-ńik-al, a ষত্রবিষ্ণক , যদ্রস্থলীয় ; বল্লবিজ্ঞান সম্বন্ধীয় ; Relating to machinery or mechanics :—ব্যক্ত ; যদ্ম ধাবা কৃত , Done by a machine :—বিদ্ধী ; Belonging to artisans .—দৈহীকবলে কাৰ্য্যকালী ; Acting by physical power :—কেবল অভ্যানের বনে সাধিত , Done mercly by force of habit :—বীত ; Vulgar. ad = mechanically.

Mochanic, me-kańik, n. কারিকর; বিল্লী, An aitisan; artificer; craftsman.

Mechanician, mek-an-ishan, Mechanist, mekan-ist, n. বিজ্ঞানবিং পণ্ডিত; কারিগর; কল্-নিশাতা; ব্যনিশাতা: One skilled in mechanics; workmen: machine maker.

Mechanics, me-kańiks, n. বলবিজ্ঞান ; বছবিজ্ঞান শক্তি নিৰ্ণায়ক বিদ্যা ; The science of forces and powers of machinery. Mechanics Institute কারিগরাধণের বিদ্যালয়, শিল্পী বিদ্যালয় Institution for the instruction of working men

Mechanism, mekan-ızm, গ কলেৰ গঠৰ, বস্ত নিৰ্দ্বাপ The construction of a machine

Modal, medal, n প্ৰাতৰ মুক্তা, Ancient coin — প্ৰতিষ্ঠা মুক্তা, গদক বিশেষ, Coin struck in memory of a person or event —পারিভোষিক মুক্তা, স্থানের পুরস্কার A reward of merit a = medallic

Medallio, me-dalik, a পুরস্কার পদক সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to medals

Medallion, me-daljun, # বৃহৎ পদক ঈবহুনত গোলাকার প্রতিম্থি Large medal the representation of a medal in painting a bassrelief of a circular form

Medalist, Medalist, medal-ist n পদক্ষাত্ত ব্যক্তি, বেডলপ্ৰাপ্ত ব'লি Prize min one who has gained a medal —পদক কোদক An engraver of medals

Meddle, medle ে : {D mid'! means}
হবকেপ-কু ক'জ থাকা Interfere act officiously
have to do interpose intermedelle. I in
Meddle in—কেনি বিদান ইকাম্প-কু Take a pi
Meddle with—প্ৰশাব বিদান ক Circh with
stand in the wiv of — ব জন বে ন সম্পূৰ্ব না
এমন বিষয়ে ইস্তাম্প কু Tile a part in (s means)
thing which does not natically con ern one)
Meddler, medler in অন্ধ্ৰাণ ক্ৰী লেকিক
ক্ৰিবিহাৰ চক্ৰা ক হ হস্পেক্ত মান One who is a
feres with matters in which is his no concert
a busy body

Meddlesome, redisum a कर्मध्वादार्छ । प Given to medding officiously intrusive i meddlesomence Syn —Interferin ii er meddling pragmatical

Mediate between-Large stell #, gales!

Mediation, me di istur n নধ্যুকা নদ্বাহিছ আন্তৰ্গনিধিক অনুনৰ, The act of interpos y entreaty for another act of mediating Syn—Interposition, intervention, intercession, ubitration

Mediatise, me'di a-iz, v f বাৰ্ত্ক-ক To innex as a smaller stite to a large neighbouring one —ৰ হাৰেও মধ্যেত্ৰী বাণিবা সম্পূৰ্ণ স্থীন-ক Fo make mediately dependent

Mediator, mediater म महामाजी, महाक One who interpo es between parties at variance

Syn —Intercessor, advocate, propitiator, arbitrator [mediator.]
Mediatorship, n ম্বাৰ্ডীয় কাৰ্যা Office of a Mediatorial, me-di-a-torial, a ম্বায় স্ব্লীয় তালি e ad—mediato ially [plant Medic, medik, n উদ্ভিদ্ধ বিশেষ, A leguminous Medicablo, medi-ka-bl, a আয়োগানীয়, চিকিৎসা, চিকিৎসানাৰ Capable of being cured, admitted to being healed curable

Medical, medi-kal, a. চিকিৎসাবিদ্যা বিষয়ক . ভেষ্ম আব্দ্যাকারী Pertaining to the art of healing diseases relating to medicine, containing that which heals ad=medically

Medicament, medi ka-ment, n. উবৰ, ভোৰা, উবৰ প্ৰবেশ A medicine or anything used for healing a healing application

Medicaster, n হাতুদিবা, Quack
Medicate, medi-kilt v t উৰ্থ দে উৰ্থ প্ৰবেশ-কৃ
চিকিৎসা ক To treat with medicine to tincture
with inything medicinal n=medication

Medication, med ikishun n des active.
The use or application of medicine

Modicativo, med ki tis a আবোদাৰারী, লগত কিচাক Tending to heal curing

Medicinal, me-disin-al, a अवसम्बद्धीय , हिन्दिर-गुलारा \* Pertaining to medicine ad= ा l nally

Medicino, medicin n [L medicus, 2 phi u 11] (च्यक देव Drug remedy — freeprint Art of healing a-micutinal Syn—Ply u no trum healing art, therapeutics Medicino man—मार्चिय पश्चित, Indian man, quick a sor erer i doctor

Modieval, Mediaeval, me-di-ēval, a [ f m is middle and oerem an age ] and car R lating to the middle ages

Medievalist, Mediaevalist, n সংকানীয় শংসাৰ ( One sursed in the history of the

Modiocre, mc-de öker a [I mediecres f m medies middle] সামায় সংগ্ৰিৰ, মাৰাত্রি
Middline medierate indifferent ordinary
commonplace—n দ্যোক ক্ষতাবিশিষ্ট লোক, A
present f moderate abilities

Modiocrity, me diocriti, গ্ৰথম অবস্থা, সংশিব সমস্ত মধ্যিধ পারিম I. A middle state or o dit in a moderate degree or rate

Meditate, meditate of ois থান-কৃ, প্ৰগাঢ় গিল স্থিত বিশেল কু To cognitic, to think i to consider deliberately —সংকল কৃ, প্রি-কৃ সংলামণা আন্দালন কু To intend, pur pe plan Syn —Muse think, ruminate, contemplate consider study scheme, devise. Moditatod, ব সংক্ষিত Planned

Moditation, med-e-tashun, n and, an fort.

Deep thought serious contemplation Syn—
Reflection cognitation, rumination, musing, pondering

Meditative, meditat-iv, a ধানপর, চিম্বালির, চিম্বালীয় Given to meditation, expressing disign n=meditativeness, ad=meditatively Mediterranean, med-ter-rane-an, Mediterraneous, med-ter-rane-us, a [L medius, middle, and terra, earth, land] পৃথিবীর মধ্যতিত, কুভাগের মধ্যতি , Situated in the middle of the earth — ভূমি ধায়া বেছিড, আভান্তরিক , সাধর ক্ষতিত গুরুবর্তী , Sorrounded by land , inland.

Medium, me'di-um, n. মধা, Middle, mean —
ন্যাবৰ্ডী ছান বা পৰিমাণ, The middle place or
degree — নাধনোগায় বা খন্ত, নাধনবার, উপান,
Channel, vehicle, instrumentality of communication, agency of transmission — ন্যাপুত্ৰ,
A person through whom the action of another
body is said to be manifested and transmitted
pl=mediums, media
[tree a fru!

Mediar, mediar, n বৃক্ষ বিশেষ, কল বিশেষ, A Mediay, medie, n [ I. miscere, to mix ] বিশ্বল কপে দিনিত শিও, বানা ক্রের দিন্ত্রণ A composition which consists of several different ingredients, a mingled and confused mass. Syn Mixture, miscellancy, jumble, hodge-podge farrago, confused mass.

Medula, n we Marrow, pith

Medullar, me-dular, Medullary, me-dular।

a [ l medulla, marrow । মন্ত্রাবার্শন্ত, মন্ত্রবা
মন্ত্রাব্র, Marrow).

Mood, med, n. जाड़ी, शुनकान भाविन्ड'विक. बान Hire, that which is bestowed for merit icward gift Syn —Recompense, remune

Meed man or wright—অর্থণবৰণ ভূতা Hireling Meek mik a. [let] minkr mild soft j বিৰয় মৃত্যু বিনীত বশাসুগ Gentle mild, sub missis yielding n=meekness ad=meekly syr Soft pacific, unassuming, humble, sub missise, modest

Moet, mit a उल्बंड , উচিড উপযোগী Fitting

Mooknoss, mixnes n নম্ভা Mildness of temper syn —Hitmility submissiveness resignation submis in modesty gentleness Moorschom, mer shawn n ধাতু বিশেষ , খেই মৃত্তিকা, A fine white clay a mineral

Moot, met গ / সাক্ষ্ড, To come tace to face — সাক্ষ্ড সমুখীন-ই To encounter fall in with — প্ৰাপ্ত হ প্ৰচন্ত To find receive, light on — গ ৷ প্ৰক্ৰ-ছ To come together, assemble, assemble together — সাক্ষ্য হওৱা, সমুখীন-ই, To have an encounter — প্ৰক্ৰিড ছ ৷ Collect — মিলিড ছ, সম্মিলিড ছ Agree, harmonise — n. স্মিলন A meeting as of huntsmen Syn — (n) Confront come in contact converge join, unite, fulfil, comply with congregate

Moet one on one sown ground—আত বাচা করে তাহা কথিয়া তাহার সমান-ছ Be on a footing of equality with another by imitating him in every respect

Meet with—কোৰ কিছু পাছৱা, Get, find Meet half way—উভয় পক হইতে কিছু হাডিয়া-দে. সমান দৃষ্ণ হইতে অগ্নসং-হ, Make mutual concessions, approach from an equal distance

Meeting, meting, n नमात्रम , Coming together - नका ; मुख्यिनम , सम्बद्धां , An assembly , an in-

terview. Syn -- Conference, company, and tory, confluence, union.

Meeting-house, mëting-hows, স. ভ্ৰমণান্ত্ৰ, উপাসনাগৰ, A place of public worship in England, a dissenter's congregation —সভাপৃত, A house where people meet [mammal Megatherium, স. অধ্যাপুত কর, A fossil Megrim, লাইলাল, লাইলাল, লাইলাল, ম whim, freak, humour.

Metasts, mi o'sis, n. বাকণালয়ার বিশেষ, A species of hyperbole representing a thing as less than it really is

Melancholic, mcl'in kol-ik, a হংশ্বনক, হতাশ , বিবাদএক , বিবল্ল , হু:পিত , Dejected , given to melancholy , mournful.

Melancholy, melan-kol-e, n [G. melas, black, and cholos, gall, bile] ছুংগ, বিশ্বছা, অন্যাগ, Depression of spirits, dejection—a হতাশ, বিশ্বল, ছুংগজনক, Depressed in spirits, gloomy Syn—(n) Gloominess, sadness, moodiness delectulness vipours, hypochonin (a) Sad d spirited, low-spirited, unhappy, cisconsolate heavy doleful, gloomy, dismal, columntous distressing afflictive

Meliorate, mc'h or at, t f [L melior i etter ] উল্লুক, জাল কৃ, To make better to improve — r ভাল-হ, উল্ভুছ, To grow i etter n=melioration

Melioration, গ ক্ষতিবিধান, উন্নতি The act of making better, improvement

Mellay, mela n বিশুধন সোলমান; Confusion. Molliferous, mel if er-us, a [ L. mel, honey, and fero, to produce] মধু উৎশাসক, মধুত্ৰক, Producing honey

Mellifluent, mel-floo-ent, Mellifluous, mel if'lu-us a to flow | किंग महत्त्र व्यया महत्त्र क्षाव , Flowing with honey or sweetness sweet, sweetly flowing smooth n=mellifluence admulately syn —Smooth, dulate euphonisus

Mollow, mcli a কোলৰ পৰু, পরিপৰ, Soft, ripe mature — এরা, Well broken, as soil — মক্টীন লাই কোনাৰ পিছিল, as soil — মক্টীন লাই কোনাৰ Not hard, coarse, or rough to the senses soft to the touch — কোনাৰ. Soft, rich delicate—said of sound, colour, flavour — মত Genal, jovial, with liquor, slightly intoxicated — ৮ পরিপক্ত, To mature — পক্তা বা বহনে কোনাৰ কু To soften by ripeness or age — ৮. গামিপক্ত, কোনাৰ হু, To be matured to become soft n = mellowness Syn — (a) Perfect, full, fullflavoured, mellifluous well-toned jovial, half tipsy, jolly. Mellowness, n কোনাতা, পরিপক্তা, পক্তা, Softness, maturity

Mellowy, melő-ı, a. मदय, टिजन्क, एक्सान, Soft oily, unctuous.

Melodious, mc-lo'de-us, a হুলাবা, হুৰৰ, তাৰ-লয়ৰুম্ব Harmonious, musical n=melodiousness ad=melodiously Syn —Dulcet, concordant, tuneful Melodise, v t স্থাৰ-কু, To make melodious Melo-drama, melo-drama, Melodrame, melo-drama, Melodrame, melo-dram, n [Gr melos a song and drama a drama] গীভি নাটক, উদ্দীপক গীভিনাট্য বিশেষ, Play with songs, music, or pantomine a= melodramatic

Melody, melo de, n. [Gr melon, a song and ode, a lay | चर मिल लग, खर, मजीड Sweetness of sound, music, air, tune song n=melodist [ Overstrained sensational Melodramatic, 4. অতির্লিড <u>ঔংস্থাকীপক</u> Melodramatiat, mel-o-drama-tist n গীতি লাটক প্রণেতা, গীতি লাটক রচরিতা One who is skilled in melodramas or who prepares them Melon, melun, # [Gr melen an apple ] Th. তর্মুজ, ফুটি পাছ তব্মুজগাছ A plant and fruit Melt, melt, v t अरोपूर कृ अर कृ उरन कृ ी० dissolve, soften liquity — : ৷ প্ৰীপুত ছ To dissolve —আর হ বিগ'লত হ ভয়সাইস হ To become tender or mild to be discouraged Melting, " छन्न र अप कदन (कामल व' प्रिक्त कर्न) The act of dissolving the act of softening ad = melt ngly

Member, member n we gray Link 11' of a whole well, Claus - Antend Ar One of the p sons compoing a society Size-Vital organization part point of constituent and ponent subordinate part branch division hand follow a social

Member of congress, n কেটাৰ সহ'ব সহ One of the house of Representatives in the United States

Member of Parliament, দ মহাদ্যার সভ Representative in the Imper il Parliament Membered, a ব্যৱস্থা Having limbs

Membership, m mbers ip : মডেট পদ সভাষ, State of teneral member —সভ সম্ব স্থায়, Collective body of members a communits

Membrane, membran , ভাৰাৰ তাৰ বিলী
the thin extended cellula is see or ski a
membraneous membranou membraneous
Membraneous, Membranous, Membra
naceous, a প্রিক্তি, সিলীবং, Consisting of

Membraneous, Membranous, Membra naceous, a ধিবনিয়, বিলীবং, Consisting of or like a membrane

Momento, m<sup>2</sup>-mento, n. [L memimisse to remember l প্ৰবাৰ্থ চিচ্ন পৃত্তি-ইকীপৰ সম্পত্ত A signestion or notice to awaken memory memorial hint reminder remembrancer souvenir pl-memento

Memoir, me nivit n f I memoria memory সাক্ষিপ্ত জীবনী হতিব্ৰ Biographical sketch, statement —সমাজ কোৰার কালিবনী The pro ceedings of a society Syn —Record, register purnal biography auto lingrapsy

Memorabilla, " মধ্য ঘটনা Things remarkable and worthy of rememb ance or record Memorable, membra-a-bl, a সম্প্ৰ সম্প্ৰাস্থ্য

Me norable, mem স-a-bl, a শ্বৰণৰ প্ৰবাহাণা, পিৰ তে প্ৰদিশ্ধ Remarkable ad-memorably vn —Signal distinguished, extraordinary, famous notable

Memorandum, mem cr-andum, n magga

পুৰ্জিণি, সমনীয় বিষয়, A note to assist the memory plamemorandums, memoranda Memorial, me mo're-al, a স্বাৰ্থ, স্ভিক্তিত.
Bringing to memory, contained in memory — n স্ভিচিত কীৰ্ত্তিত, সৰ্প চিত্তু, Something to keep n remembrance, a monument — আংব্ৰুল প্ৰ; Sta ement and pe ition of facts Syn — (a) Melento monument record souvenir, address, potition [ To petition by memorial.

Memorialise, me-mo'ri al-iz, v ধ আবৈদনত্ত্ব, Memorialist, me-mo'ri-al-ist, ন. আবৈদ্ধ । ব আবেদন করে One who writes, signs, or presents a memorial

Memory, memore, n [L memoria, from remor, mindful] মুডিল্ডি, হামাণ্ডি, The reulty of the mind by which it retains the nowledge of previous thoughts or events, cas — মুডি মুবৰ Remembrance, recolcution, reminiscence, memorial Syn—Commemorative record fame renown, celebrity.

Men, n সমুখ্যৰ pl of man

Menace, mehrs v t ভীতিপ্রদর্শন হ , ভীত-ছ , To nreaten to inspire with apprehension — স ভার , ভারসক্ষান ভীতিপ্রদর্শন A threat or threatening

Monacing, a 3 44 Threatening

Menage, n াহৰাৰ , House-keeping , domestic ciono ny — শতুশালা A menagerie — প্ৰতিকা Tra ing of an mals, as of horse

Monagorie, Monagory, men-Ezhe-ri, n. গাণ্ডাত পঞ্জাল A collection of wild animils a place for keeping wild animals

Menagogue, n Medicine to forward the flow of the mones

Mend, mend v t [L emendare from menda,
rpst blemish ৷ দুলোগন-র সংবার দু আল-দু
রুক্ বি repair to correct to improve—
া মুন্ত-র সংস্ক To grow better n=
nunder mendin a=mendable. S, n — Patch,
cfir retouch, in prove better, emend, amend,
ccitiy reform re tore, hasten, quicken

Mond one s pace— ফুড গম্ব- কু, Go faster Mondacious, men-dáshe us a [ L mendax ) ng ] প্রক্লা-রত মিখা , Given to deception , tilse ly ng n=mendacity ad=medaciously. Syn — Untruthful, deceptive, failacous,

Mondacity, men-dase-te n 明初到 , 红神明, Disposition to lie, lyingness Syn —Lying dicceit, untruth, falsehood, lie, deceitfulness Mondicancy, mendi kan-si, n. 同时间 , swi 南京新司 Beghary

Mendicant, mrhde-kant, n [L mendico, to beg ] ভিক্ৰ. Beggar — ব্যোমাৰ ক্যাথনিকদিবের ভদসপ্রদারের অভ্যতম, One of the begging fraterity of the Roman Catholic Church — ত ভিকালবী, দরিত্র, ভিকোপজীবী, Poor to beggary, begging, practising beggary Syn — Pauper, indigent person [life of a beggary]

Mendicity, men-disé-ti, # ভিছ্ক-নীৰন, The Mendicity society, #: কামিন্তাৰিবালক সভা; Society to stop begging

Menial, me'ne-al, a. कारमह, क्रिनिकचीह : Be-

longing to a retinue of servants; servile; low: -नीह कांक्कांत्री ; Performing servile office :--नीह : Low: mean:--- ম. নীচ চাকর; দান; ভুতা A domestic servant :-- नीह लांक ; मीहश्रकृष्टित लांक . A person of servile disposition. Syn:-(a) Domestic, attendent, dependent, servile, base, sorry, vile, abject. (#) Lackey, flunkey, underling, footman, valet.

Moningitie, n. [Gr. meninggos, a membrane ] बिक बिही ब अन्द ; Inflammation of the membranes of the brain.

Meniver, meni-ver, Minever, Miniver, minver. n. मकुलकां श्री सं वित्यंत : कड़त लाम : A beast; its fur, which is white with specks of black. িমাসিক; Monthly

Mensel, mensal, a. [L. menses, a month] Menses, mehsez, n pl. মানিক বজনাব; স্থী-বড়: The monthly discharge from the womb. [ menses catamenia.

Monstrua, menstron-a. n pi. ची-चढ़ , बळ: ; The Menstrual, menstrou-al, a. মাদিক : ৰভুম ড . क्रमण : Lasting a month , pert uning to the menses. বিশ্বেৰ অধীন : Subject to monthly flowing Menstruant, menstron-ant, a sprai, aust-Menstruate. menstroo-at, v f. woarb-s, ब्रह्मश्राव-इ., To discharge the menses. n=

Bathing after menetruation-45314 Menstruous, a. तकपता , नडामचलीत , Having, or

pertaining to, menses

menstruation

Menetrum, mehstron-um, n. ging apid; A solvent or dissolving substance, --- pl. 43. Menstrua (the menses).

Mensurable, mensu ra-bl, a. [ I.. mensura, to measure ] Mains, Measurable n=mensurability. I tuning to measure

Monsural, mensural, a. পরিষ্ণ স্থানীয় Pei-Monsuration, mens-पा-र्त-तिकात, म श्रीवमान . यांभ , भवियान कन . The art of measuring ; the result of measuring. Syn :- Measure nent , survey, surveying.

Montal, mental, a [ 1.. mens, mentis, the mind ] माननिक : कृष्टिनृतिविषयक . Relating to the mind, intellectual. ai = mentally Syn .-Rational, ideal, spritual, subjective, metaphysical, psychical, psychological putation Mental arithmetic-esta ; Off-hand com Mental reservation - मान पान ताल तालन , Mental qualification; the withholding or failing to disclose something that affects a statement

Mention, menshan, n. [ L. mentio, from meminisse, to remember ] বর্ণ , উল্লেখ , ইঞ্জিত ; A brief notice or remark, hint, recital; naming :- ए. रे. डेरमर-कृ; मध्करन दना, नाय-कृ, To notice briefly; to remark, to name. Syn: -(a.) Aliusion, hint, observation, suggestion, declaration, announcement (v) Allude to, refer to. name, cite, report, notice, communicate, impart, declare f mentioned. Mentionable, a. केरवनरगाना . That can be Mentor, mentor, a Bouves; fam-fang Bo-(VE); A faithful friend of Ulysses, He was regarded as the wisest man of his time; wise counsellor or tutor. a-metorial.

Menu, n. ভোগনার্থ প্রস্তুত ক্রব্যরাতের তাগিকা . List of things composing a repast.

Mephistophelesn, n. ব্যস্তা : পর্মীকাতর : সন্মিশ্ব-मना : विश्ववत्म : Cynical : sceptical, malicious.

Mophitic, me-filik, a. विवमद् ; पूर्णकरूक ; विकाइ ; Offensive to the smell. Syn :- Foul, fetid, noi ome, poisonous, noxious, pestilential, malarious, miasmatic,

Mephitic, Mephitical. a. प्रश्न : अभिष्टेक्त : বোগজনক; Noxious; pestilential

Mephitis, Mephitism, n. ছৰ্গন বাস বিশেব; A foul, pestilential exhalation.

Mercantile, mer'kan-til, a. [ ]. mercari, to traffic | वानिकामचन्नीय ; वानिकामरकान्त्र , Commercial. Syn :- Trading ; interchangeable, marketable. of country.

Mercantile service-The mercantile marine Mercantile world—বাণিকো নিযক্ত লোকসময়: The whole body or class of persons engaged in mercantile.

Morconary, mer'sc-nar-e, a. [ L. merces, wages, reward | অর্থানাড়ী ; লোলপ : বেডনার্থী ; Hired for money, actuated by the hope of reward; greedy of gun, sold or done for money :-n. টিকা লোক , বেতনাৰ্গী সেক্ত , One who is hired ; a soldier bired into foreign service Syn := (a)Hired, hireling, venal, sordid, base, avaricious, covetous, grasping, griping.

From moreonary motives - কাৰ্ব্ৰত:। Mercer, mer'ier, n. अह्नमृदानमात्री : (दर्मम-भूमम কাপদ পিকেলা, One who deals in silks and wooden clathes. [ The goods of a mercer. Mercery, mer'sersi, म दानप्तव व पिका वा न्यास्ता : Merchandiso, merchan-dis, n. [F murchand a meichant 1 affest, Commerce, trade 一句中正打 、 Goods。 commodities Syn :-Traffic ; wares

Morchant, mer'chant, n IL mercans, merciri, to trade ' निक, प्रश्चन, Trader -a. विकित्रकृतीह , वाजिताक्षात्व . Pertuning to trade I but for market. or merchandise Merchantable, mérichant-a-bl. a विक्रयराजा: Morchant captain - পোত বলিক . Master of a trading slop

Merchantman, n বাণিজ্ঞাপাত, A tradingship fi = merchantmen

Morchant-prince - মহা বৰিক , Great merchant. Merchant ship -বাণিজ্যপোত; Trading ship. Merchant-tailor -A tailor who keeps and sells materials for the garments made by him. Merciful, mer'se-fool, a. मरालू, मनत्र ; कुनामत्र ; ক্ষাপ্রায়ণ , কুপালু , Compassionate ; tender ; hu-

mane, disposed to pity and spare. n=mercifulness ad=mercifully. Syn -- Pitiful, grarious, kind, mild, clement, benignant.

Merciless, mer'se-les, a निर्देश, निर्मा ; निर्मा ; काउँम क्षत्र ; Unfeeling ; hard-hearted ; unsparing ; cruel. ad=mercilessly. n=mercilessness. Syn -- Unmerciful, ruthful, pitiless, severe, barbarous.

Morourial, mér-ku'ri-al, a. পাৰাযুক, পাৰধবিশিষ্ট; পাৰব্যস; Containing or consisting of mercury: — क्या, क्या, खर्गन, ख्या, Sprightly, fickle, active, full of fire or vigour.

Merourialise, mér-kuri-al-iz, v. t. পারদবিশিষ্ট-কু, পারদব্জ-কু, To make mercurial, to affect with mercury, to impregnate with mercury.

Moroury, mer'kū-rī, n, [L merx, mercis, merchandise] পাৰ্থ, Quicksilver —ৰ্বপ্ৰ, The planet nearest the sun:—দেবদুড; দেবভাদের দুড, The messenger of the gods; god of cloquence, and trade and of lawyers, cheats and thieves—দুড, ন্বোদ্বাহক; A messenger —ন্বাদ্বাৰ, A news-paper.

Mercy, mer'se, n. [L. misericordia, pity] ক্ষা-ধাৰ্ডি; কুপা, অনুক্ষা, দ্বা, Kindness to an offender, willingness to spare, forgiving disposition, pardon; clemency, tendernes Syn—Leniency, mildness, compassion, pity, charity, grace, favour, kindness, forgiveness

Be at the mercy of, Lie at one's mercy— স্পূৰ্কণে অন্তেহ অব্যহাৰীৰ-হ, Be wholly in the power of.

Mercy-seat, n ইববেৰ সিংহাসন, Throne of God Mercy-stroke, n. সাংবাতিক আঘাত, Death-blow Mere, mer, n. জলাশ্ব, A pool or lake - দ্বামা, A boundary — a বিভন্ধ, তম্ব, বেবলয়ত্তা, এক্সতে, Unmixed, pure, only this and nothing elsc alone, absolute, bare almerely Syn — (a) Entire, bare, simple

Merely, mèr'li, ad. কেবলমাত্র, একমাত্র, কেবল একমাত্র উপারে, Purely, simply, only, soicly. Merestead, প্লোডন্মির দীনার মধাপ্ত ভ্রুতা

Merestead, n জোতভাষির দীমার মধাণত দুটাগ . The land within the boundaries of a firm Meretricious, merestrishe us, a [L mere-

tricis, a harlot, mereo, to earn ] বৃথ্যবন্ধ ধান আক্ষণকারী, আডবন্ধ , অভিনেত্ত , অভিনেত্ত , Alturing ty false show, gaudy, false, showy —কল্মান্ত্ৰিক, Lustful. n=meretriciousnes ad=meretriciously Syn —Unchaste, decettul spurious, sham, tawdry, flashy [s. duck Morgansor, n হ'ল বিশেব, A diving land or the statement of the stateme

Morgo, merj, v. t. ডুবাইবা-বে, কর্নান্ত ব ব ন, To sink, to immerse, immerge, to cau e to be swallowed up — v ঃ. ডুবিয়া-বা, lo be swallowed. Syn — Submerge plunge dip, be lost Mergo in—কোন কিছুর অন্তর্গত বা সামিল হউরা ত চাব স্থিত মিশিয়া বাওয়া, Sink in, be blended with, be lost in.

Meridian, mē-rīde-an, n [ I.. medius, mīddle, dies, day ] মধ্যাক্ষাল, মধ্যাক্ষ, Mīdday — মধ্যাক্ষাল রেখা; Great circle drawn through the poles and at right angles to the line or equator—চরমদীনা, The highest point, as of success, climax —a. মধ্যাক্ষ্যকরীয়, মাধ্যাক্ষিক, Pertaining to mīdday — নর্বোচ্চ, চরমদীনার উর্নিত, Raised to the highest point. Syn.—(n) Noon, noontide, summit, culmination, acme

Meridional, me-ridi-un-al, a দাফিণ্য, দাফিণ্য মুখ, দাফিণাফ, Southern, having a southern aspect. n=meridionality

Meridionally, ad. भवानिन-स्वयोक्षिकृत्य ; In the

direction of the meridian.

Merino, me-re'no, ম. একৰাতীয় ভেড়া; মেৰ বিশেব;
Fine wooled sheep, a variety of very fine wool—ভেডার লোম, মেরিমো পশমের কাপড়; A fabric of
merino wool — a. মেরিমো মেব বা তাহার লোম সম্বর্জীয়,
Belonging to the merino sheep or their wool.

Merit, mer'it, n. [L meritum, from merere, to deserve] ত্বৰ, বোগাড়া, মুলা; Worth, meed, reward, desert, value — v t. বোগাড়, প্ৰভাৱ প্ৰাণ্ডি বছ লাড-ছ, To deserve, earn, be entitled, be worthy of, to have a right to claim as reward Syn:—(n) Goodness, excellence, worthiness, credit, claim, right.

**Meritorious**, mer-i-to<sup>r</sup>n-us, a. পুরকারের বোগ্য, প্রশংসনীয়, সন্মানার্ছ, Deserving of reward, honour or praise. n=meritoriousness ad=meritoriously [Scotch silver coin

Mork, merk, n ফটলতের পৃষ্কালীন মুদা, An old Morle, merl, n পকী বিশেষ, The black-bild. Morlin, mer'lin, n. কুছ বালপকী, A little hawk —বাহুকর, Wizard

Mormaid, mer'mcd, n কলিত মংসানারী, কলিত সামুদ্রিক ভীব বিশেষ Sca woman, a fabled ma rine animal having the upper part like that of woman and the lower like a fish

Morriment, mér's ment, Morriness, mér'i ne n অ নক, উন্নাদ, উচ্চ'নক Muth, bilanty Syn — Frolic, glee, joility, jocularity, sportive ness, liveliness

Morry, mer'e, a হন্ত , দানল , উৎস্ক , প্রক্র , জনুর্বাদ্য , Gay , sprightly , lively , cheerful — হাসকের , হাসকেলক , Cau ing mirth ad - merrily Syn —Bliche, blithe ome airy, vivacious, gleeful, joyous, mirthful, jocund , sportive, jolly, ficetious, funny

Merry-andrew, mér'i andiতত ন. হাঁচ, A buifoon, zany quack doctor's fool

Merry-making, mer'i-m'ising, z छे९म्ब, स्रोजन्म'रम्ब A festival, a meeting for muth

Morry-moeting, n (ets , least,

Morry-thought, n কডিবেই ক বিশেষ , A kind of play.

[ Immersion.

Mersion, n মজন , Act of merging Same as

Mescoms, me-semf, v smp. আনার বোধ হয়, it seens to me [plant Mescombryanthemum, n উদ্ধি বিশেষ, A

Mesembryanthemum, n ভাষণ বিশেষ, A Mesh, mesh, n ভাষের বৰ, কালের ব্লানি, The opening between the cords of a net, net-work.

ত. i. জাল দিয়া ধবা, আলে-ধৃ. কালে কোনা, Fo catch in a net a=meshy, Inetwork.

Meshy, a ভাবের আকারে গঠিত. Formed like Mesmeric, mef-mer'ik, Mesmerical, mef-mer'-ik-al, a. বৈশ্বতব্-শৰ্মীর, Of or relating to mesmerism.

Mosmoriso, mcźmer-iz, v t হজালন ৰাম বিবল-কু, অস্তের শরীর বিবল-কু, To induce an extraordinary state of the nervous system in which the actor controls the actions of the subject. no, mesmerism.

Mosmeriem, n. 144484; One who mesmerisc.
Mosne, e. 441481; Middle; intermediate.

প্রতিষ্ঠ , mes, m. [ L. mensa. a table ] থাবা; একবাৰে গৃথিবেশিত ভোজাবন্ধ; Dish; meal for a certain number; a quantity of food served up at one time:—বিজ্ঞা; বিশ্বান-বিজ্ঞা; বিশ্বানা; Hotch-potch; a medley; disorder:—একত্রে ভোজনকারী ব্যক্তিগা; বে সকল লোক একত্রে ভোজনকরে; Set of persons eating together; set who eat together:—v. f. ভোজাবক প্রদান-কৃ; To supply with a mess:—v. f. একত্রে আহার-কৃ; বক্তে ভোজনক; To take meals together; to eat in company. Syn:—(n) Company; mixture, miscellany, medley, mixed mass; difficulty, perplexity, confusion.

Message, me'aj, n. [ L. missur, 'sent ] আপেশ , সন্দেশ ; সংবাদ ; বাঠা . An errand; an official communication. Syn .—Communication, intemation, notice, missive.

Mossenger, mesen-jer, भः गर्डावर : पृष्ठ ; The bearer of a message ; a forerunner — नाक्ति ; An officer who executes summonses. Syn:— Emissary, express, courier, carrier; harbinger, herald, procursor.

Mossentery, me'en-ter-i, n. [Gr. mesos, middle, enteron, intestines] অম্বরি; Membrane fastening the bowels to the backbone. e= me-senteric.

Mossiah, mes-sī'a, Mossias, mes-sī'as, ম. ষ্টাইৰ বাম ; Christ, n=messiahship.

Messianic, u খুটার; Relating to the Messiah Messmato, mesmat, u. সহতোটা; Companion in a mess; one who eats at the same table

Mestee, mes-te'. n. ৰেড গুকের মৈধুনোৎপন্ত সন্থান . The off-pring of a white person and a quadroom

Mostino, Mostizo, n. [L. misceo, to mix] শেন e আমেরিকার নৈধুনভাত সম্ভান; The child of Spaniard and a native American.

Mot, pa. t. and pa. p. of Meet.

Meet, met, a. উপৰুক্ত; উচিত ; উপবোগী; Fitting; qualified; adapted ad-meetly, n=meetness. Syn:—(a) Fit, suitable, proper; convenient, appropriate, congenial. [metacarpus

Metacarpal, a ব্যতনস'কাৰ . Pertaining to the Metacarpus, n. করতল . The part of the hand between the wrist and the fingers.

Metachronism, n. কালনির্কেশ এম; An err committed in chronology by placing an event after its real time. [coal, price of measurement. Metage, n. মুলকাদমান; মানমুল্য, Measurement of

Metage, n. মুৰস্বাদ্যান; মান্যুল্য , Measurement of Metal, metal, n. ধাড়, ভালা পাগর , Simple mineral; broken stone. a = metallic

Metallic, a. পাতৰ; পাতুৰর; Pertaining to or consisting of metal.

Metalliferous, met-al-if'ér-us, a. বাডুনর্ড, বাডুন্বর্ড), বাডুন্বারী; Producing or yielding metals.

Metalliform, me-tali-form, a. ধাতাকার : ধাত্বৎ ; Having the form of metals.

Metalline, metal-in, a. বাতুৰর , বাতুৰিপিট ; বাতৰ . Consisting of or impregnated with metal. Metallise, metal-iz, v. t. বাতুতে প্রকৃত-কু; বাতুতে প্রিপ্ত-কু; To form into metals, n=metallisation.

Motallist, n. metal-ist, n. वाकुकश्चनात ; वाकुविव ; Worker in metals.

Motalloid, metal-oid, n. [Gr. metallon, a metal, and eidos, form ] ধাৰাকাৰ গৰাৰ্থ; অবাতৰ মাহ পদাৰ্থ; Substance like a metal, as sulphur &c., calcium &c

Motalloid, Metalloidal, a. গাতুসৰুণ; অগাতৰ লাতুপৰাৰ্থসমূহ সৰক্ষীৰ; Like metal; pertaining to the metalloids. [Pertaining to metallurgy. Metallurgic, a. গাতু পরিভারকরণ বিলাসক্ষীয়; Metallurgist, metal-ur-jist, n. গাতু পরিভারক; Onewho works metals; one skilled in metallurgy. Metallurgy, metal-ur-ji, n [Gr. metallon, a metal, and ergon, work ] গাতু পরিভারক বিলা; গাতু পরিভার কৌশন; The art of working or melting metals. a=metallurgic.

Metamorphio, met-a-mor'fik, s. পরিবর্জনীল; Subject to change; pertaining to the changes of rocks since their original deposition. n= metamorphism.

Metamorphoric words—Words slightly altered and made current again.

Metamorphism, ল পরিবর্তনীলতা; The state or quality of being metamorphic.

Metamorphose, met-a-morios, v. f. জ্পান্তঃ-কু, পরিবাট-কু; To change shape or form; transform. Syn:—Transfigure, transmute.

Metamorphosis, met-a-mor-fo-sis, n. স্থাছৰ আকাৰ বা গঠন পৰিবৰ্তন; Transformation; change of shape or form. plametamorphoses.

Metaphor, meta-fer. n. [ G. metaphora, from metapherein, to transfer ] উপৰা; লপৰ অভয়ায়; উপৰিতি. A short similitude; simile, a word suggesting similitude without a formal expression of comparison, image.

Metaphorio, met-a-for'ik, Metaphorical, met-a-for'i-kal, a. কণক; জণক অলকায়নুক, আলকানিক, Not literal; figurative. ad-emetaphorically. Metaphrase, meta-fraz, n [ Gr. meta, denoting change, and phrase, to speak] অনিকল অনুবাৰ; আক্রিক অনুবাৰ; Translation from one language into another, word for word.

Metaphrast, n. আক্রিক অপুবাদকারক; One who translates word for word.

Metaphysical, met-a-fizik-al, a. মূলাবিজ্ঞাদ্দ সম্বভীয়, বৰ্ণনশাৱসম্বভীয়, Abstract; pertaining to metaphysics. Syn:—Mental, intellectual, psychological, general, ideal, unreal.

Metaphysician, met-a-fi-zishan, n. মনোবিজ্ঞান-বিশাবদ; কাৰ্ণনিক. One versed in metaphysics.

Motaphysios, met-a-fifiks, n. sing. [Gr. meta, after, and physics, nature ] म्रानिकान : म्यानिकान : The science of mind. Syn:—Ontology, psychology, mental philosophy.

Motatareal, a. প্ৰারভাগ স্থভীয় ; Belonging to the metatarsus.

Metatarsus, n. [Gr. meta, beyond, tarsas, the flat of the foot] THIS; The part of the foot between the ankle and the toes.

Metathesis, n. শ্বালফার বিশেব; A figure by which the letters or syllables of a word are transposed.

Metayer, n. আগ-জোকণার; A farmer holding land on condition of yielding a half, or other fixed proportion, of the produce to the proprietor. Meto, met, ৩. ৫. পরিষাণ-মৃ. To measure —n. সীমা, পরিষাণ; Measure; boundary, limit Syn.—(n) Apportion, divide, distribute, allot.

Metempsychosis, me-temp-si-kö'sis, n [Gr meta, expressing change, and en, in psyche soul] দেয়ান্তর শাসন, পুনাজার, মৃত্যুর পব আছার শেহ। স্থার প্রান্তি, The transmigration of soul after death into some other body pi=metempsychoses

Meteor, meteor, n est, Falling star, fiery body or ball in the sky. a = meteoric

Meteoric, a. উদাস্থলীয় , উদাস্থ , উদাস্থ : Pertaining to, consisting of, or proceeding from a meteor.

Meteorologist, me-te-or-olo-pist a বায়বিজ্ঞানবিৎ, বায়বিজ্ঞানবিদ্ পাঁতত , One skilled in meteorology. Meteorology, me-te-or-olo-gi, n বায়বিজ্ঞান .
The science which treats of the atmosphere and its phenomena a = meteorological, meteorologic. Meter, meter, n পাঁৱমাণক বস্তু , গাসে-মানবত্ত An instrument for measuring gas.

Meter, Metre, m<sup>-</sup>/er, n চৰা: Rhythm, verse — কৰাৰ লৈছিল প্ৰিয়াৰ, A French measure of length equal to narrly 30 37 inches

Meteorolito, mr-te-or o-lit. Meteorite, গ উদায় প্ৰস্তঃ, উদাপিত A meteoric stone

Metheglin, n नासी मंदीक, A fermented liquor made from honey mead

Methinks, me-thingks impers হ আমি বিকেচনা । করি, আমার নাথ হয় it secons to me. I think pa t=methought

Method, method n [G meta, after, and hodos, way] প্রশাস, ধারা প্রশাস, System regularity, order, classification —প্রভার, পর্য চি. রীতি; Manner, rule —স্কা, Ariangument Syn —Orderly dispriction, classification, way, manner, mode, process, course mean

Methodic, me-thodik, Methodical, methodical, a. প্রণালী-সম্ভৱ রীতি অমুদারী ব্যাধীতি প্রপাণী কর্মণালীত বা ঘ্যাধীত বা ঘ্যা

Methodise, methadiz, v. t সৃষ্থালা-কৃ, প্ৰণালী-সম্ভ-কৃ, সজ্জি-কৃ, To reduce to method Syn —Arrange, regulate, put in order, systematize Methodism, method-izm, n. মেখডিয়ালগের ফাটার প্রতি, The principles and practices of the Methodists

Methodist, method-ist, n প্রস্তুধর্মসম্প্রদার বিশেষের।
লোক, ধর্মবার্থা বধারীতি আনুভানিক, One of a sect ।
of Christians founded by John Wesley. a= ।
methodistic.

Mothodistic, Methodistical, a. বেণ্ডিইনিংগর ভূন্য , Resembling the Methodists. ad = methodistically.

Methought-See methinks.

Metonymic, Metonymical, a. স্টেলিখি-আবহারকণে এবক . Used by of metonymy admetonymically.

Motonymy, me-tońi-mi, n. [Gr. meta, expressing change, and onoma, a name] বাবা-সহার বিশেষ, সক্ষা; A trope in which one word is put for another. a=metonymic, metonymical. Metric, metrik. Metrical, metrik-al, a. ছংলাবিশিষ্ট, ছংলাব্য ; হুলাস্ব্ৰীয় ; Consisting of verses, pertaining to metre. ad—metrically. Motric system.—French decimal system.

Motrology, me-trolo-gi, n. [Gr. metron, mr. cure, and logos, discourse] পরিষাণ-বিকান, পাৰ্বাণ বিদ্যা, The science of weights and nectures

Metronome, metro-nom, n. [Gr. metron, measure, nemo, to distribute ] ডাল-মান-বছ, সৰৱ নিকপক বয়. An instrument which measures musical time

Motronomy, me-'roho-nu, n সময় নিরপক বছ, বছ ছাবা ত'া-মান Measurement of time by a metronome

Metropolis, mr-trop'o-lis, n. [ G. meter, mother, and polis city ] বাজধানী, The chief city, capital of a country a=metropolises.

Metropolitan, met-ro-polit-an, a. রাজধানী সম্প্রীয় , Belonging to a metropolis :—প্রধান গির্জা সংক্রান্ত Pertaining to the mother church —প্রধান ধর্ম দক, প্রদেশ বিশেষের প্রধান বিশপ্, The bishop who presides over the other bishops of a province

Mottle, mctl. n উৎসাহ , সাচস , ভেজৰিতা , ভেজ ,
উপাদান , Spirit , spirithliness , courage , ardo if , element , material. Syn :—File, norve,
life pluck

Of great mettlo-महण्डाकरी।

Put one on one's mottle—Bigles-, Place one in trying circ irritances and rouse him to do his best, to sur one up, rouse one's spuit; irente one to use one's best efforts, inspirit or a man'r'e one

Mottled, met d Mettlesome, metl-sum, a. তেডাল প্ৰস্কাৰ II ch-spirited, ardent. Sym:
—Courageou first livers, brisk, sprightly.
Mew, min বিশালন ডাক, The cry of a cat:
—বাজ, Hiwa —লজপানি বিপ্ৰাৰ, Cage for hawks:
—সামুজিৰ পানী বিলাল, Sea-lowl, gull —আৰম্বাৰা;
A stable —অন্যোধ সান, A place of confinement —ল ব ভাগ জ, নিকেপ জ, To shed or cast —পিলাৰে আগৰাজ জ, To confine, as in a cage:
—দেৱ পালাৰ আগৰাজ জ, To shed or cast, to cast the feathers, to moult —িবড়ালোৰ মত মিউ মিউ পাল-কু To cry as a cat

Miasm, mi'arm, Miasma, mī-afma, n. [Gr. miaino, to stain] দৃষিত নাপ বিশেষ, হানিকারক নাপ, Pestilence of pestilential substance floating in the air pl=miasms, miasmata. am miasmal, miasmatic [taining miasma. Miasmat, Miasmatic, a দ্বিত বাপারুক্ত; Con-

Miasmal, Miasmatto, a দ্বিত বালয়ুক্ত; Con-Mica, mika, n [L. mua, a crumb] দ্বিলা প্ৰাধ বিশেষ, অত্ৰ. A mineral casily split into extreme thin flexible, plates more or less transparent and used like glass, Tak a = micaceous. Mico, mis, n ম্বিক্পণ; Plural of mouse

Michaelmas, mikel-mas, n. Cene feres . (ne

মাইকেলের কোল ; The feast of St. Michael, celebrated on Sept. 29. [great quantity. Mickle, c. অধিক ; Much :—n. অধিক পরিষাণ ; A Many a little makes a mickle—বংশব লাঠি একেয় বোঝা ; অল আন করিয়া জড় ক্রিলে ক্রমে অনেক ক্রমা গাঁড়ার ; পাঁচকুলে সাজি ; Many small things or amount put together make a large quantity or amount in time.

Microcosm, mi'kro-korm, ন. কুম্ন জাবং ; কুম্ন পুৰিবী ; বসুবা ; সমুদান আদৰ্শভূত মান্য , A little world ; man supposed to be an epitome of the universe or great word. a=microcosmic, microcosmical,

Micrography, mī-krogʻra-fi, n [ Gr mikros, little, grapho, to write ] অতি ক্ষুত্র বত্তর বিবরণ, অতি ক্ষুত্র পদার্থবিশেষের বৃত্তান্ত; The description of micro-copic objects.

Micrometer, mi'-krome-ter, n [Gr mikos, little, metron, measure] আতি কৃষ্ণ দূরত পরিমাণক বন্ধ: অতি ক্ষা দূরত পরিমাণ বন্ধ: An instrument for measuring very small distance. a=micrometrical.

Microphone, mi'kto-তিন, n. [Gr mikros, little, and phone, sound | আঁত স্থান লক তাব্ৰ-বয়, An instrument tendering the telephone which tenders the faintest sound, distinctly audible

Microscope, mikro-skop n [Gr mikros, httle, and skepeo, to look at ] অসুৰীক্ষণ বস্থা, An optical instrument for viewing small objects a-microscopic, microscopical.

Microscopic, Microscopical, a. অনুকীলণ সম্বাদ , অনুকীলণ করে দ্রন্তা . Pertaining to a microscope, visible only by the aid of a microscope

Microscopist, mi'kro->kop-ist, n অনুবীকণ বছৰিছ; অধুবীকণ ব্যৱহাৰোগৰুক্ত বাজি: One skilled in the use of the microscope

Microscopy, n. অধুবীকৰ ব্যৱহাৰ: The use of the microscope [extremes; middle Mid, mid, a. মধান্তিত; মধানতী, Situated between Midas, n. A foolish king of Phrygia, whose ears Apolo changed into those of an ass

Mides oared, a. বৃদ্ধিহীন; Without discretion or judgment.

Mid-day, mid-da, # মধাক ; Noon -- a. মাধাজিক। Midden, n. ভমরাশি ; প্রীবস্প ; A heap of ashes or dung.

Middle, midl, a. মধ্য : মধ্যত , মধ্যতি ; মধ্যবজী ; Intermediate ; intervening :—n মধ্যত্বান , মধ্যবিদ্ধ বা অংশ ; Midst ; central portion ; the middle point or part. Syn :—(a) Mean, medial, mid. (n) Centre, waist. [period of life. Middle-aged—শ্রোদ, Being about the middle Middle-Ages—বোমের অবঃপতন ও ইন্দোপের অন্ত্যাত্বান নি period from the decline of the Roman Empire in the 5th century to the revival of letters in Europe at the end of the 15th century.

Middle-man, n. প্রতিনিধি: An agent between two parties:—লালাল ; আয়লভের মধ্য বভাবিকারী আবা; A broker; esp. in Ireland, one who rents land of proprietors in large tracts and lets it in portions to the peasantry.

Middle-passage—আফ্রিকা ও পশ্চিমভারতীর বীপ-পুরের মধ্যবতী আট্লান্টিক মহাসাগরাংশ, The part of the Atlantic ocean between Africa and the West Indies.

Middling, midling, a. मशाव , मशावि ; नानावि ; Of middle rank, state, size or quality ; mediocre, moderate. Syn:—Ordinary, average, indifferent, tolerable, well enough.

Midge, n. গতত্ব বিশেষ , A very delicate fly.

Midland, midland, n. মধ্যদেশীয় অভ্যন্তবৰ্থী; সাগৰ-তাৰ চইতে প্ৰস্থিত; Inland, distant from the coast. Midnight, midnit, n. ছুই প্ৰচৰ দাজি; মধ্যদাজি: Twelve o'clock at night.—a মধ্যদাজিকালীৰ; ধ্যাৱতিমিৱাৰ্ত, Being at mid-night; dark as midnight

Midrib, n. পত্ৰমের , পত্ৰের ভাঁটা , The continuation of the leaf-talk to the point of a leaf.

Midriff, midrif, n পেনী নিশেষ; The diaphragm. Midship, a পোতৰগাহনছিড; Being in the middle of a ship. ad = midships.

Midshipman, midship-man, n. জাহাজের কর্মচারী: রপপোডের কর্মচারী: Naval cadet or officer whose rank is in the middle between the common seamen and the superior officers.

Midst, n. मराजन, भरा, The middle:—ad. भर्या, मराजान; In the middle. Syn:—(n) Centre; thick, throng

In the midst of—মাথে, মধ্যে, চতুদিকে বেটিত; Among, amid, surrounded by:—মভিত্ত হইবা; চতুদিকে বেটত হইবাও, Overwhelmed by; though surrounded by.

Midsummer, midsum-êr, ল: প্রীয়কালের মধাকাল, প্রীয়কানীয় অবনাস্ত সীমা, The middle of summer, about the 21st of June.

Midus, " One whose touch turns every thing to gold, a bad judge of music.

Midway, midwa, n আছিলৰ, স্থাপৰ, Half way; the middle of the passage—a স্থাপদ্ধিত; Being in the middle of the way.—ad. অছপাৰ; স্থাপ্যে, Half way

Midwife, midwif, " (a); A woman who assists others in child-birth f/=midwives.

Midwifery, midwif-i, n. stallay), stalla aff; Art of practice of a mid-wife or accoucheur pobstettics.

Midwinter, n কতকালের মধাতার; The middle of winter about the 21 December.

Mien, men, n ং/হৰ আনুতি; চেহাবা; মুধাবন্তবা, নিজ, Look; external appearance, countenance; manner, bearing. Syn:—Aspect, air, demeanour, deportment, carriage. {cesentment. Miff, a. দামান্ত কোৰ, A slight degree of Might, mit, fa t. of may.

Might, mit, n শক্তি; ক্ষতা; বন, সামৰ্থা: Power; ability; strength; energy of feeling. Syn:—Capacity, prowess, valour, energy.

Mith might and main—সাধানসাৰে; With utmost strength, with all one's power or energy:—বড জোৰ আছে ডড জোৰে; With the utmost strength one has. [ness, excellency, Mightiness, n. কমতা; মহত, Power; great—Mighty, mile, a. শক্তিমান; কমতাশানী; বল্পানী;

Migration, n. দেশান্তরে বাইয়া বাস ; A change of abode from one country to another.

Migratory, migra-tor-e, a. व्यनकारी; वसकीत; बाबाबद्ध; Wandering; roving. Syn:—Shifting, nomadic. | the emperor of Japan.

Mikedo, n. জাপানের বাদসংহের পদ: The title of Milch, milch, a. ছছনতা; কৌমন; Yielding milk—said only of beasts; soft; tender.

Mild, mild, a. (कामल; सृद्द; कतालू; कीव; नाख; Kind; meek; not sharp; mellow; calm; soft. m=mildness, ad=mildly. Syn:—Bland, element, merciful, indulgent; gentle, soothing, pleasant, calm, tranquil; mollifying, demulcent; lenitive, assuasive.

Mildew, mildu, n. উভিদের বোগ বিশেষ: Disease in plants or vegetable substances:—v. উক্ত রোগান্দান্ত-কৃ; To taint with mildew.

Mildness, n. কোষ্ণতা , ধীরতা ; সূত্রা ; Tenderness, clemency, softness, gentleness, tomperateness. [yards

Mile, mil, n. আয় অছকোল; ৩৭২ ছাড়; 1,60 Mileage, milii, n মাইল অনুসারে ভাড়া; Rate of fare per mile:—যত মাইল দীৰ্ঘ; Length in miles Milepost, Milestone, n. প্রতি মাইলে চিছ পোড়া পাৰর; মাইল নিদ্দান ভয়; A post or stone set to

পাৰর; মাইস নিদৰ্শন ওও; A post or stone set to mark the distance of a mile. [ yarrow Milfoil, milfoil, n. লতা বিশেব; The herb; Miliaria, n. চৰ্মবোগ বিশেব; Eruptive disease.

Miliary, milyar-i, a. মিলেট বীজ সনুল ; মিলেট-বীজ-সনুল ব্ৰস্ত : Like or accompanied with an cruption like millet seeds.

Militant, mili-tant, a. মুম্বত ; লামানীল ; বিষয়মান ; Fighting ; engaged in warfare ; combating ; serving as a soldier ; belligerent. n=militancy ( মুদ্ধ ; warfare ). [ earth.

Church militant, n. Christian church on Militarism, militarizm, n. সামৰিক অবয়া, A military state or condition, reliance on military force in administering Government; a military system:—ৰাজিবিক বুৰ্নামিকা; An excess of the military spirit.

Military, mile-tar-e, a. [L. militaris, miles, a soldier] দাদরিক; দোনিক; মুদ্ধপ্রির; Pertaining to war; warlike, soldierly:—n. দৈয় , দোনাদন; Soldiery; the army. Syn:—(a) Martial, soldier-like.

Militate, mile-tat, v. i. विरक्षशि-इ; विकक्ष-इ; विवस-इ; विवस-इ; To contend; to stand opposed to; to fight. Syn:—Conflict with, be opposed to, operate against.

Militia, mi-lisha, n. নাধ্যিক সৈতা; ব্ৰেণে কাট করিবার জন্ত অনিষ্ধিত নেনাদল; Citizens trained to arms for war and not as a standing army.

Militia-man, mi'-lisha-man, দ. সৈম্ভ ; বিলিশা-সৈম্ভদ্গের অন্তর্ভুক্ত সৈদিক ; A soldier in the militia force.

Milk, milk, n. ছছ; উছিছ খেতৰদ: A white fluid secreted by female mammals for the nourishment of their young; a white-like juice of some nuts or plants:—v. t. ছম্ব বেছন ক; ছম্ব টানিয়া লকা; ছম্ব হেজা; To draw milk from; to supply with milk; to press milk from:—সোগনে বাহিন্দ, To draw the substance, contents &c., from, esp. surreptiteously, as to milk a telegram—to use information designed for others. n=milker. Milk and water—ছম্বল; মাণ; Weak; lacking in force, energy &c.

The milk of human kindness—কোমল অন্তঃকরণ: কোমল হল্ম: Softness of heart.

Milker, n. ৰে বা ঘাহা লোহন করে; One who or that which milks:—ছম্বতী গাড়ী; ছম্বতী জন্ত, An animal giving milk.

Milk-fever, milk-fe'ver, n. তক মুধ্যনিত অর; স্তিকাল্বর, Puerperal fever; a fever which accompanies the secretion of milk after bearing.

Milk-gago, n. হুদ্ধ-পরিদাপক বৃদ্ধ ; Lactometer. Milk-livered, a. ভীক্ষ ; Cowardly.

Milkmaid, milkmad, n. গোগী; গোরালিনী; গোগিকা; A woman who milks or sells milk; a dairy-maid

Milkpail, n. লোহন-পাত্র; ছব ছুইবার কেঁছে। Milk-sickness, n. গো-নিজা, Cattle-disease.

Milksop, milksop. n. ছুছে ভিন্নান বাট্ট হছাসিক কটাংও; A piece of bread sopped in milk:— ছুক্লটিও লোক; ভীফ ফাপুক্ৰ: An effeminate feeble-minded man. [ of a child or cott. Milk-tooth, n. ছুলে দাঁড; ফটি দাঁড: First tooth Milk-troe, milk-tre, n. বুক বিশেষ: ইছুপাদপ, A tree yielding a milk-like nourishing juice, as the cow tree of South America.

Milk-woman, n. গোয়ানিনী; গোপিকা; One who sells milk; a dairy-maid.

Milky, milki, a. হজনৰ, হজনুৰ, হজনুৱী; Having the qualities of milk; full of milk; yielding milk:—নৱম; কোনল; বীর; Soft; gentle. n= mi kiness (কোমলড়া; softness.) ad=milkily.

Milkyway, milk'i-wā, n. ছারাপথ; Belt of stars in the heavens; galaxy.

Mill, mil, n. র্ডাড়া; পেবৰ বৃদ্ধ; কল; A machine for grinding:—v. t. চ্প-কু; পেবৰ-কু; To grind:
—স্থাকিড-কু, To stamp, as coin. Syn:—(v)
Comminute; coin, stamp, forge; full.

Bring grist to one's mill—first wird; Be profitable to one; be a source of profit to one; add to one's income or profits.

Mill-cog, n. জাভার গাঁত; পেৰণ্যস্ত-চফের গাঁভ; The tooth of a wheel.

Mill-dam, mildam, Millpond, milpond, m. পেৰণম্য-পরিচালনোপথাকী জলাপম বা বাঁম; A dam to obstract watercourse and raise the water to a height sufficient to turn a mill-wheel.

Millonarian, a. मस्त्रवर्तशानी ; Lasting a thou-

sand years :---ম. বিধাসগরাধ্য ব্যক্তি; One who believes in the millennium. n=millenarjanism, millenarism.

Millenery, mile-nar-i, a [L mille, a thousand] সহল ; নহল নংখাৰ ; Consisting of a thousand :—ম. নহল বংগার ; সহলবর্ধ ; A thousand years. Millennial, mil-lehi-al, a. সহল বর্ণীয় , Pertaining to the millennium.

Millennialist, ম. সংশ্ৰবহীত বিধাসপদায়ৰ সোক;
One who believes in the millennium.

Millennianism, Millenniarism, ন. পৃথিবীতে বয়: বৃদ্ধের সহত্রবর্ষাণী বাৰত্বালে বিধাস, Belief in the millennium.

Millonnium, mil-lehi-um, n. [L mille, a thousand, annus, a year] সহত্ৰবৰ্ধ, পৃথিবীতে বয় খুৱৈৰ সহত্ৰবৰ্ধনাপী ৰাজ্যকাল; 1000 years, expected reign of Jesus on Earth, something that will never come or at a most distant time

Milleped, n. বহুপদ কীট বিশেষ, An insect. pl=
millepedes.
[ attends a corn-mill
Miller miller at worden মাধ্যমেন স্থানিক

Miller, milér, n প্রাপেবণ-মন্ত্রাক One who A joe miller—পঢ়া ভাষাসা ; A state jest

Miller's-thumb, milérz-thum, n কুল মংসা বিশেষ, A small fish.

Millesimal, a. সহস্রাপে বিজ্ঞ . Consisting of a thousand parts. ad = millesimally.

Millet, milet, n [L. mille, a thousand] पान , बान, जीवात्र ; A plant, its grain, a grass yielding grain used for food

Milliard, n. नडरकाण . A thousand millions

Milliner, milin-er, n স্তালেকের ট্লী প্রস্তাকারী . স্তালোকের মন্তব্যবস্থ নির্মাতা ও বিশ্বতা , One who makes woman's head dress , bonnet &c

Millinery, milin-ér-i, u বন্ধ , প্রিক্তন, মিলিনারেব নির্শ্বিত বা বিফ্রীত জ্বয়ন্তাত The articles made or sold by milliners

Milling, n শেষণ্যন্ত মধা দিয়া পরিচালন, বস্ত্র খেত অপানী, The act of passing through a mill; the

million, milyun, n [L mille a thousand]
wলাক, অন্থা, loooooo ; a very great number

Millionsire, milyun-মা, ল. জ্পালকপতি, জোৰ-পতি, কু.বয়, One worth a million of money or enormously rich.

Millionary, milyun-ar-i. ৫ দশলক সম্বন্ধীয়, বৈষ্ঠিক, দশলক প্ৰিমিড, Pertaining to or consisting of millions.

Millionth, a. The ten hundred thousandth

Mill-race, milris, স পেৰণৰপ্ৰপ্ৰিচানক কলপ্ৰাই বা বে বানে উচা প্ৰবাচিত চৰ, The current of water that turns a mill-wheel or the canal in which it runs.

Mill-stone, milstön, ল. পদা চূৰ্ণ কৰিবাৰ প্ৰভৱ .
শদ্য-পেৰণ প্ৰভৱ ; Round stone for grinding corn.
Hang or weigh like a mill-stone round
one's neck—ব্ৰে পাথবেৰ মত চাপিয়া থাকা ; বড়ই
ক্ষমৰ কৰো . Oppress one's mind as with a very

Millatone-grit, n. बीखांत डेलपुक बचत वित्ता ; A hard gritty standstone suitable for millstones.

heavy load.

Milt, milt, त. त्रीही, चर्च, शून्दना-वीच, The sploen, the soft, white spermatic glands of the

male fish; sperm of the male fish:—v. t. সভাল হইবাৰ উপৰ্জ-ছ, To impregnate, as the spawn of the female fish.

Miltor, n. Teach, A male fish.

Mill-wright, mil-rit, n. জাড়াকল-বিশ্বাপকারী; পেষণ্যন্ত্র নির্দ্ধান্তা; One who constructs the work of a mill

Mime, স অনুত ঘটনা-খদনী প্রহ্মন; প্রস্কুপ প্রহ্মদের
অভিনেতা; A kind of farce, in which real characters were represented, an actor in such a farce.
Mimetic, mi-metik, Mimetical, mi-metik-al,
a. [Gr. mimos, an imitator] অনুস্কুপ্ৰকারী; অনুক্রপ্পট; Apt to imitate

Mimio, mimik, Mimiosl, mimik-al, a. অনুকর্ণ বিষ, অনুকরণপ্রতু; Imitative, apt to copy; inclined to copy.

Minnio, minik, ৮ ৫ পরিহাসার্থ অসুকরণ-কু; To imitate for sport — ৮ ভাড , অসকরণকারী; নীচ অসুকারী; A buffoon; a servile imitator

Mimicry, minisk-ri, n থাড়ারি, ওওড়া, Buffoonery [leguminous plants. Mimoss, n. লক্ষাবতী জাতীয় বাতা. A genus of Minaret, mina-ret, n মন্তিবেৰ চূড়া. A slender spire; a turret on a Mahommedan mosque, from which the people are summoned to prayer. Minatory, mina-tor-i, a [L. minatus, to

Minatory, mina-tor-1, a [L. minatus, to threaten] छाडमनेक, छीडियमनी, Threatening; menacing.

Minco, mins, o f থক থক-কু পুৰুৱাণে ছেগৰ-কু;
To cut into very small pieces, to chop fine:—
আতে আতে বলা; Speak little at a time; clip
words — r : আতে আতে চলা; ভঙ্গী কৰিবা ইটি! বা
কথা কহা, কোমলভাবে কথা কহা, To walk with sort
steps: to walk with affected nicety, to speak with
affectedly. Syn:—Hash, chop small, comminute, diminish, attenuate, palliate, extenuate;
affect delicacy [truth.

Mincematters—সতা বোপন-ড়: Suppress the Not to mince matters—শত্ত কৰা বলিলে।

Minced-meat, n বাংসগত, Meat cut very small. Minced-pie, minst-pi, Mince-pie, mins-pi, n. মাংসপতের মিঠাট; কম্মরূপে ছেনিত মাংসালির পিইক; Pie or pasty containing minced meat

Mincing, min-ing, a अमन्तर्भ-श्रमारी ; एकिमहकाद वादकाकात्री ना असगनीत . Not giving fully , speaking or walking with effected nicety ad-mincingly. Mind, mind # ##; The faculty of understanding; the rational faculty in man :-- মাৰাভাব : Sentiment , - অ'ঝ!, The entire spiritual nature :-वृद्धि 1 he understanding :-- अन्ति । व्यक्ति : मानम . हेव्हा ; Liking ; choice :- विचान ; चुि ; Belief, remembrance; memory -- नवज , जि-প্রায় . Intention :--মত ; Opinion :-- চ. t. মনোবোগ-কু; মান্ত-কু, প্রতিপালন-কু; স্মবণ-কু, To attend to; obey, notice, note, mark; regard; remember: \_v : विश्व श्व ; To intend. Syn :- (n) Soul, spirit, intellect, reason, brains, sense, judgment, thoughts; recollection; inclination, disposition, will, wish, liking. (7) Observe, watch; heed, obey.

Absence of mind-wasters, in attention to what is passing or present.

A turn of mind—সংবৰ পতি বা ভাব, A certain bent or disposition of mind. [ in mind. Bear it mind—সমৰ ৰাখা; Not to forget, keep Be of the same mind—একমত-ছ, ঐক্য-ছ, Bo of the same opinion.

Call to mind—সরণ-ড়; Remember. { to one. Cross one's mind—নৰে উদয়-ছ, যোগান, Occur Mind one's P's and Q's—যুবান-ছ; সতক-ছ, To be careful; to be circumspect. [Be careful Mind what you are about—সতৰ্ক-ছ, সাবধান-ছ, Mever mind—গ্ৰাফ্ কৰিছ না; বেৰে দাৰ, Do not heed; it is of no consequence.

Of one mind, Of the same mind—একসত:
Of the same opinion or inclination, unanimous
One's mind misgives one—আশহা বা উধ্যেপূৰ্ব-ছ. মনে সন্দেহ-ছ: One's mind is filled with
apprehension or uneasiness (about something)
Out of mind—শভ্যন্ত ।

Out of one's mind, Gone out of one's mind—বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি, Deranged in intellect. insinc Put one in mind of—খবৰ করান, মনে পড়াইবা বা করাইছা দেওবা, Remind one of.

To one's mind—কাহার মতে, কাহার চকে, In one's opinion; in one's view

Minded, minded, a. ইছুক্, সকলবৰ, কৃতসকল, Disposed; determined, n=mindness.

Mindful, mind'iool, a महन्यांकी, तकाकारी
Attentive, observant. n=mindfulness ad=
mindfully.

Mindless, mindles, a নির্কোষ, বৃদ্ধিবৃত্তিপুত্ত Stupid. Syn:—Unthuking regardless, heedless, forgetful, negligent, careless, neglectful Mine, min, a. pro আমার, Belonging to me, my Mine, min, n [ L minare, to drive i বনি, A pit in the earth from which stones and metals are dug — মুড়ক, ৰাজুন বারা বুলালি ভূমিলাং কবিবার আভিয়ামে ভরিমে ব্যাবিত্ত স্থাবিত্ত মুখ্য A nexcasion dug under a fortification to blow it up with ganpowder — বনের আকর: A rich source of wealth — ক. t. ধাড় নিকাশনার্থ বনন-কৃ, খনন-কৃ. To dig or form mines; to excavate, to burrow, sap undermine:— ক. t পোপনে কাম্য-কৃ. অন্ত উপাতে কাম-কৃ. To destory by secret means.

Miner, miner, n. ধ্ৰিখনক , ধ্ৰক . One who digs in a mine

Mineral, miner-al, n বাহু, বনিজ্পলার্থ Any substance containing a metal — a বাচৰ, খনিজ্পন, Relating to minerals, impregnated with minerals, as water.

Mineralise, minér-al-iz, v. f খাড়ুতে পরিণত-কৃ. খাড়ুমর-কৃ, খাড়ু সংবোগ-কৃ; To make into or combine with a mineral —v s. খাড়ু সংগ্রহ-কৃ; To collect minerals, n=mineralisation

Mineralist, miner-al-ist, a. ধাতুবিলাবিশাবদ, থান-জ্ঞ , One versed in or employed about minerals. Mineralogical, a. থানিকবিদ্যানস্থানি , Pertaining to mineralogy. ad=mineralogically.

Mineralogist. a. बन्धिविषानिष्, One versed in mineralogy

Mineralogy, min-ér-alo-p, त. पनिविश्वात , पाइविया , The art of describing and classifying minerals, a=mineralogical, Minerva—7340; The goddess of wisdom of the Greeks and Romans.

Minever, n. same as meniver.

Mingle, ming'gl, v. f. বিভিড-ফ্ ; বিশ্বধন-ফু ; ভাল-পাকান , To mix ; to confuse ; to unite into one mass:—v. t. মিভিড-ফ্ , মিলিড-ফ্ ; To be mixed or confused. n—mingler. Syn:—Blend, intermingle, compound ; confound, confuse.

Mingle (or mix) in—বিশা; Join:—কিছুতে বোগ দেশা; Take part in. [Associate with-Mingle (or mix) with—কাহারত বহিত বিশা; Miniature, mini-a-tur, ম. কুল চিন্তা; হব অভিকাশ; Very small likeness or picture:—a. কুল, কুল, হুব, Minute, on a small scale:—v. t. কুলতক বাংশ অভিকাশ প্রশান-কৃ. To represent on a small scale. In miniature—ভোটবাট রক্ষেত্র; On a small cale:—Smaller than the object represented. Minikin, mini-kin, n. প্রিক্পান, প্রির্থানি; Darling, favourite:—কুল আশ্পিন, A small sort

of pin —a কুজ, Small Minum, minim, n [L. minimus, the least] এক কোঁটা, বিৰু পৰিমাণ, A small measure, a single drop —সন্ধীত সংক্ষত শিশেষ, A note in music

Minimisl, v f হান কু, কৰু-কু, To diminish.
Minimum, mini-mum, n সকাল, সামান্ত বস্তু;
The least, a trifle — ... নুল সংখ্যা, সকাল, Small.
pl=minima [for ming or working mines
Mining, n ক্ৰম্ম বা পনিংনন বিষয়া, The art of
Minion, minyun, n [Ger, minne, love] ব্যক্তার
অপুরহাশেল, বন্ধ, চোহান্তিকার, A favourite,
especially of a prince, a flatterer — ফালিবার
অক্স বিশেষ, A small kind of prieting types,
Syn —(n) Duiling, pet, fawner, sycophant,

parasite, dependent, trencher triend. Minish, v. ব্রাব-কৃ. To diminish.

Ministor, mini-ter, n দ'ল. ভূতা, A servant:
— অধীন কৰ্ম-ক্রী, A subortinate:— প্রধান স্থিত,
রাজমন্ত্রী A high officer of state, counsellor —
দুত, An ambassador — ক্যোধা, প্রেছিত, ধর্মবাক্তক, Clergyman, priest - ৮ ট, সেবা কু, To
serve; to attend, as a servant — সাহাবা-কে;
To give help:— ৮ ৫ বাগান, প্রদান-কু; To furnish, afford, supply, administer Syn — (n)
Subordinate, administrator, executive officer;
envoy, delegate, parson, pastor. (n) Give,
contribute, attend, wait on, serve, officiate.

Minister to—কাহাৰ কট বা দ্বংৰে শান্তির কল্প বাছা অ'বজক ভাহা কর'; Do the needful for; contribute to:—পুরণ কবা, Supply .—কোম কিছুর শান্তির উপায়-কু, Offer relief to

Ministering angel—মন্বার সাহাব্যের জন্ত প্রেরিচ দৃষ্ঠ, Spirit sent by God to help men —-বিনি পরেব হিত্তত্তের বন্ধ, বিনি পরের ছংখনোচন বা সেবাক্তর্জন বার নিযুক্ত, One po-sessed of angelic goodness; one engaged in ministering to the needs of the afflicted

Ministorial, min-is-te'ri-al, a. মাৰস্কীনম্মীন ;
Pertaining to the office of a minister:—মাৰস্কীন
Clergical:—মানেম্বাকন; Executive:—নেশ্বন্যমীন
Clerical:—মানেম্বাকনার কর্মনারী; Acting under
authority ad=ministerially

Ministerialist, s. 4 anais , A supporter of

ministers or the government.

Ministrant, minis-trant, a. महत्रायी ; जारमात्र-वर्षी ; त्यावक ; Administering ; attendant.

Ministration, min-is-tráshun, n. কাৰ্যালপাণৰ; কৰিব্যকৰ্ম বাধন; The act of performing service: — নালমন্ত্ৰীয় পদ; বাৰকড়; The office or service of a minister:—বাৰকেয় পদ; Ecclesiastic function. Syn:—Ministry, agency, instrumentality.

Ministrative, minis-tra't-iv, a. नाहावाकातक ;
नाहावाकाती ; Serving to aid or assist.

Ministry, minis-tri, দ. কৰ্ম্ম; Ministration; agency:—সচিবড় : মন্ত্ৰীড় ; The office or duties of a minister:—প্রোহিতগণ ; যাজকসম্প্রদায়: প্রোহিত ; যাজকর্তি: The clergy; the ecclesiastical profession; the elergical profession:—সচিবসমূচ; মন্ত্রীবর্দ ; বাজের মন্ত্রিকল ; The body of ministers of state:—সেবা; Service.

Mink, mingk, n. 可要明 朝 司 報告 A carnivorous and fish-cating quadruped, allied to the weazel. [small fish

weazel. [small fish Minnow, mino, n. কুর মৎসা বিশেষ A very Minor, minor, a. ছোট : কুরতর ; Less ; smaller — নিয়তর ; Lower .—n. নাবালক ; অপ্রাপ্তবয়ক বাজি ; A person under age :—Second proposition or subject of a syllogism Syn:—(a) Junior, younger ; subordinate, petty. [can friar Minorite, minor-ut, n. মন্তাসী নিশেষ ; A fransis-Minority, mi-nor'e-te, n. নাবালক ; আপ্রাপ্তবহকতা; State of a minor . the state being under age .—অক সংখ্যা , কুন্ততর সংখ্যা : The smaller number, as of votes. Syn:—Nonage, pupilage.

Minotour, mino-tawr, n. নগদিহ; একাছ মানব অপ-বাছ বৃষ; A fabled monster, half-man and half-bull. Minstor, minster, n প্রধান ধুক্তালা , প্রধান গিছল; Convent - conventional church; cathedral church. [ বনসামী; Bard; harper, Minstrel, minstrel, n. বাদাকর; পায়ক, পীতবাদা-Minstrelsy, minstrel-si, n বাদা; Instrumental music:—পায়কগ্ল; পীতসমন্তি, The collective body of ministrels; a body songs

Mint, mint, n ট'কেলাল; The place for making money:—উদ্বাৰন কৰিবাৰ স্থান, যে স্থানে কিছু প্ৰস্তুত হয়; A place for invention, fabrication or production.—প্ৰাচুৰ্বা ভাৰায়; Unlimited supply.—v. t. মুখা প্ৰস্তুত-কু; To coin (as money):—গঠন-কু; উদ্ধাৰন-কু, To invent; forge, fabricate, fashion.

Mintage, mintaj, n. মুদ্রিত জ্বা, That which is coined:— মুদ্রিত করিবান খবং । মুদ্রা প্রস্তুত করিবান মান্তন, Charge for coining; the duty paid for coining.

Minter, minter, প. মুড়া-প্ৰত্তত্ত্ত্তি; মুড়াকারক , One who coms :--ৰাবিদাৰক , উভাৰক ; An inventor.

Mintman, n. বৃহা-প্রতক্রী; One skilled in coining or in coins; a coiner. [of mint. Mint-master—ট কিবালের অধ্যক্ষ; Chief officer Minuend, min-u-ent, n. [L. minuo, to lesson] পুরণীয় সংখ্যা বিশেষ; বিয়োজ্যরাশি; The number to be lessened by subtraction.

Minuet, mińu-et, ল. বৃত্য বিশেষ; A stately, regular dance; a slow, graceful dance; a tune regulate such a dance.

Minus, minus, n. a. অপেকাৰত আন গৰিতেই বাৰিক চিল: কুমতন; নিয়োলা; Less, wanting,—the sign. Minute, mi-nut, a. [L. minutus, pp. of minuere, to lessen] অতি কুম্ন; Very small:—অতি কুমা; আতি আন : নগলা: নানালা; বিশিষ্ট; বৰ্ণাৰৰ; Very slender or little; of little consequence; slight; particular; exact:—n. ঘটায় ঘট ভানের এক ভাগ; ক্লা. আড়াই পল : ডামোeth part of an hour:—সংক্রিয় বর্ণনা; চুম্বকলিপি; Short sketch or note of proceedings:—v. t. সংক্রেপে লিবা; চুম্বক লিশিবজ্ব-কু: To make a brief jotting or note of any thing. n=minuteness, ad=minutely. Syn:—(a) Microscopic, diminutive, slight, tiny; exact, circumstantial, detailed.

Minute-book, mińit-book, n. চুৰক মন্তব্য লিপি-পুৰক ; A book containing short mnts.

Minuto-glass, minit-glas, n. দিনিট জাপক বালিয় ঘঢ়ি: A glass, the sound of which measures a minute in running.

Minute-gun, mińit-gun, n. ৰে কামান প্ৰতি মিনিটে ছাড়া হয়; মিনিটে মিনিটে ভোপধানি; A gun discharged every minute, as a signal of distress. Minute-hand, mińit-hand, n. মিনিট প্ৰদৰ্শি; মড়িব মিনিটের কাঁটা; The hand that points to the minutes on a clock or watch.

Minutely, ad. ভয় তর করিয়া; Particularly.
Minute-man--One enlisted for service whenever required to be ready to march at a moment's notice.

Minuteness, n. অতি কুত্রো; অতি ক্রতা; Extreme smallness or fineness. Syn:—Slenderness, exility, tenuity, exiguity; particularity, niceness, exactness.

Minutiao, mi-nū'shi-ট, n. কুদ্রতম বিবরণ ; স্কুতম ঘটনা , The smallest particulars or details.

Minx, mingks, " গুটা ব্ৰতী: চঞ্চলা বালিকা; A pert, winton girl:—কুৰুদ্দাৰকী, কুৰুদ্দ বিশেষ; aকুল ভাতীয় ভন্ত বিশেষ; A she-pupy; a lap-dog; a mink. [mines; subterraneous.

Miny, mini, a. ধনিষ; ভূপ্তত্ব; Abounding with Miocone, a. [Gr. meion, less, and kainos, recent] অপেকাকৃত আন অ'ধুনিক; Less recent, applied to the middle division of the tertiary strata.

Miraele, mir'a-kl, n. ি L. miraculum, from mirari, to winder ] অলৌকিক বাপার; অমুভকাও; অমানুসিক বাপার: আনৌকিক ঘটনা, A prodigy; a supernatural event; anything wonderful. Syn:
—Wonder, prodigy, marvel.

Miraclo-mongor, n. A dealer in miracle.

Miraolos-play, n Scripture play; a spectale or dramatic representation exhibiting the lives of the saints.

Miraculous, mir-akū-lus, a. আকর্মনন্ধ; অতুত , অত্যুক্ত ; আনাধ্যিক কাতুবা ; Of the nature of a mirade; very wonderful; performed supernaturally. ad=miraculously. n=miraculousness. Syn:—Supernatural, preternatural, extraordinary, unaccountable.

Mirage, mi-razh, n. মৃগভূকা : সরীচিকা , An optical illussion as of trees land or town far off.

Mire. mir, n. क्षत्र; १४; Deep mud :-- . f.

পুৰে নিবাৰ্ক ; কৰ্মন গ্ৰোথিত-ছ ; কৰ্ম-খেত-ছ ; To plunge and fix in mire ; to soil with mud : v. i. পুৰে গ্ৰোথিত-ছ ; To sink in mud.

Mirk, a. व्यक्तावयाः Dark; marky:—n. व्यक्तात्र, Darkness; gloom.

Mirky, a. weis; Dark; obscure.

Mirror, mir'er, n. [ L. mirari, to wonder ]
দৰ্শণ: আয়নি: A looking-glass:—আদৰ্শ, Pattern:
—দৰ্শণভূল্য চিকাৰ্থ বস্তু: Any polished substance
that reflects objects:—v. t. প্ৰতিবিধিত-কু;
প্ৰতিক্লিড-কু; To reflect, as in a mirror.

Mirth, merth, n. হৰ্ব; উদ্লাস, আমোগপ্ৰসোদ, আনন্দ; উচ্ছহাস্য; Merriment; pleasure; noisy gaiety; sport; laughter. Syn.—Joyousness, gladness, glee, hilarity, festivity, jollity, sport, fun.

Mirthful, merthfool, a হ্ৰাক্স, উলাসিত, আনজ; প্ৰস্তু; প্ৰায়ত : Merry; jovial; full of merriment. nemirthfulness, ad=mirthfully Syn:— Jocund, cheerful, jolly; playful, sportive, frolicsome.

Miry, mi'ri, a. পহিস . কর্মনারত ; কর্মনারত ; Abounding in mire , containing of mud; covered with mire. n=miriness

Misadventure, mis-ad-ventur, #. ছুৰ্ঘটনা; ছুৰ্ফাৰ; ছুৰ্ডাগা, Accident; disaster; ill-luck. Sym:—Mishap, mischance, misfortune, infelicity, disaster, calamity.

Misadvised, mis-ad-vizd, a. কুপরামর্ণ কারা চালিত . কুপকে চালিত ; অসমুপ্রিষ্ট ; Ill-advised , ill-directed Misalliance, mis-al lians, n. কুসকল ; অসুন্তি সকল ; Improper alliance , improper association. Misanthrope, misan-throp, Misanthropist, mis-anthro-pist, n. নৱকেবী ; মনুবা-বিকেবী, Haler of mankind.

Misanthropic, mis-an-throp'ik, Misanthropical, a. মর্বা আতি গুণাগর, Hating mankind; cynical; morose ad⇒misanthropically. (মুখ্য-বিবেষ; Hatred to mankind. Misanthropy, mis-anthropi, n মানব্ৰেষ, Misapply, mis-ap-pli', e. t অংশবংশ প্রায়েক্; অপ্রায়েক্-ক, To apply wrongly or to a wrong purpose. n=misapplication. Syn — Misemploy, abuse, pervert.

Misapprehend, mis-ap-pre-hend, v. t অন্তাৰ্থ এছণ-মু; ভূল বুঝা, To apprehend wrongly: to misunderstand. n=misapprehension (জন, অন্তাৰ্থ এছণ; Misconception; mistake).

Misbesome, mis-be-kum, v. t. অবে।গ্য-হ; অনুপ্রেগী-হ; To suit ill, not to befit or suit; not to become one. [fully begotten.

Misbegot, gotten, a. অবৈশ্বনে ভাত ; Ünlaw-Misbehave, mis-be-hনিগ, v. t. অভান আচনুগ-কু; অনং ব্যবহার-কু; To behave ill or improperly. n=misbehavious.

Misbehaviour, mis-be-havyer, n. मन्य आहत्त्व ;

त्र । पराव ; Improper, rude, or incivil behaviour ; ill conduct. Syn :—Misconduct, miscarriage, misdemeanour.

Misbelieve, mis-be-lev, v. i. আছাৰ বিধান-ড়; মিধা! বিধান-ড়; To believe wrongly or falsely. n=misbelief, misbeliever.

Misbeliever, গ. ডুল বিধাসকারী; উপবৰ্গ বিধাস-কারী; One who believes wrongly, one who holds a false religion.

Miscalculate, mis-kalku-lat, v. t. বিখ্যা পণনা-ফু: ভূপ গণনা-ফু, To calculate erroneously. n= miscalculation.

Miscall, mis-kawl, v. f. অপ্রকৃত নামে ভাকা; অবধা নামে আহ্বান-কু; গানি দেওৱা; To call by a wrong name, to abuse or revile.

Miscarriage, mis-kar'ij, n. প্রণাত, আবারে প্রাব; Abortion — অনুভ্রমাণ্ডা; আনগাচনাণ, Failure; ill-conduct. Syn:—Mishap, mischance; premature birth, misconduct, misbehaviour.

Miscarry, mis-kar'ı, ত. i. সমল বা হওৱা; অকুডকাৰ্যা-ক, To be unsucces-ful — অকালে প্ৰদৰ্ কু, গঠনাৰ-ক, To bring forth as young, prematurely, to abort.

Miscollaneous, mis-sel-la'ne-us, a. [L. miscellaneus, from miscere, to mix] মিলিত; বিবিধ, Mingled, consisting of several kinds, various. n=miscellaneousness, ad=miscellaneously. Syn:—Mixed, deversified, promiscuous [writer of miscellaness.]

Miscollanist, n. বিবিধ্বিব্যুক প্রবন্ধ-লেখক: A Miscollany, miścl-an-e, n. ভিন্ন টিল্ল প্রকারের মিল্লণ, A mixture of various kinds, medley—বিবিধ রচনা সংগ্রহ, বিবিধ জাতীয় প্রথম সংগ্রহ; Collection of writings on different subjects. মাল্লোভিনে জালাscellanist. Syn:—Mixture, diversity, variety, olio, melange, collection.

Mischance, mis-chans, n. ছভাগা; ছণ্টনা; হন্দুই, ছান্দ্ৰ; Ill-luck; ill-fortune, mishap; misfortune, calamity. Syn.—Misadventure, infelicity, disaster

Mischief, mischil, n. জনিষ্ট; জপকার , হানি; কভি; Harm, injury, damage; evil; loss. Syn:
—Hurt, detriment, ill-turn, prejudice; ill consequence, misfortune, trouble.

Mischiovous, mischev-us, a. অনিষ্ট্রনক ; অনিষ্ট-কর , ক্ষতিকর : ক্ষতিকারক : Injurious ; inclined to do mischief , prone to mischief. n = mischievousness, ad = mischievously.

Mischoose, mis-choose, v. f. অভায় নিৰ্মাচন-কু; To choose wrongly —v s. to make a wrong choice. Miscible, missi-bl, a. [L. misceo, to mix] নিৰ্মাণ : Capable of being mixed.

Misconcoive, mis-kon-হেণ্, v. t. জুল-কৃ; জুল বুৱা; ভুল ধাৰণা-কৃ; To misapprehand, to conceive; to mistake.—v i. ভুল ধাৰণা ধাৰা; আৰু ধাৰণা-কৃ; To understand. n=misconception. Syn:—Misunderstand, misjudge.

Misconception, n ভুল ধারণা ; ভুল করণ ; Erroneous conception. Syn:—Misapprehension, misunderstanding, mistake.

Misconduct, mis-końdukt, n. মুশ্চরিক; আস্থা-চরণ; অস্থাচার, Bad conduct, ill behaviour; misbehavious; misdemeanour:-ए. १. व्यवप्रश्वानः इ: क्षापश्चानः व्यवप्रश्वानः ; प्रत्यक्षानः ; To conduct badly; mismanage.

Misconstrue, mis-koństrób, र. i. जन्म जर्द उद्ग न नाम्या-कृ, समात्र जर्द-कृ; To interpret wrongly. ==misconstruction. Syn:--Mistranslate, misrender; misinterpret, misconceive.

Miscount, mis-kownt, थ. i. छून त्रवना-कृ; To count wrongly:-- छून त्रवना; बाह त्रवना ; A

wrong counting.

Miscreant, miskre-ant, अ. ह्वानाव ; वदावव , जवि-वात्री ; Wrong believer ; vile wretch ; an infidel. Sym:—Sceptic, unbeliever ; villain, scamp, vagabond, knave, rascal, ruffian, caitiff.

Misdate, mis-dat, n. ভুৰ ভারিব ; A wrong date :
——

গ. ভূৰ ভারিব-দে ; To date erroneously.

Mischood, mis-ded, n. কুকুৰ ; অকাৰ্য ; অসংকৰ্ম ; খোৰ ; অপস্থা ; An evil deed ; fault ; crime. Syn:—Misconduct, misdemeanour, offence, trespass, transgression.

Misdomosnour, mis-de-meher, n. অসণাচাৰ:
সুক্ষা; কুব্যবহার; সামাক্ত অপবাধ; Bad conduct;
a petty conduct; a petty crime. Syn:—Misbehaviour, misdeed, trespass, transgression.

Misdirect, mis-di-rekt', v. t. ভুল টিকানা-দে; অভায় প্রিচারণ-কু; To direct wrongly. n=misdirection. Misdo, misdoo', v. t. অভার-কু; অপরাধ-কু; To do wrong. n=misdoor.

Misdoubt, mis-dout, v. t. মিখা সন্দেহ বা আপকা করা; To be suspicious or apprehensive of Syn:—Suspect, mistrust, distrust.

Misemploy, mis-em-ploy', v. t. অভারপ্রক নিয়োপ-ড়: অপ্রয়োগ-ড়; বপ্রাবহার-ড়; To employ amiss: to misuse. n=misemployment.

Miser, mi'zer, n. [ L. miser, wretched, miserable ] ব্যক্ত ; কুপৰ ; ইতভাগা ; A niggard ; a wretch. Syn:—Churl, skinflint, screw, sordid fellow, low wretch.

Miserable, mizer-a-bl, a. অতি দীন; নিংম ; ছংমী :
হততাগ্য ; হংমী ; পোচনীয় ; অনুৰ্ক্ষ ; Very poor ,
mean ; worthless ; wretched ; despicable ; barren. n=miserableness, ad=miserably. Syn:—
Abject, forlorn, pitiable, wretched, sorrowful,
afflicted, melancholy, dejected; low, mean,
despicable, contemptible. f psalm.

Miserere, দ. গুটার এক পঞ্চাদং সন্থীত ; The 51st Miserly, mi'zer-le, c. কুপণ; অভিলোভী ; কুপণভাষ ; লম্ব্রেডা ; Parsimonious ; stingy ; avaricious ; niggardly , sordid. Syn:—Penurious, mean, beggarly, close-fisted.

Misery, mižer-e, n. [L. miseria, miser, wretched] 5:4; 5(新年 ; 東京 12刊; Distress; trouble; calamity; grief; extreme pain. Syn:
—Wretchedness, torture, agony, torment, anguish, sorrow, affliction, misfortune.

Misfortune, mis-for'tūn, ম. ছবে; তুর্বানা; ছবিনা; ছবিনাক; Ill-fortune; ill-luck; calamity.
Syn:—Mishap, mischance, misadventure, harm, disaster, stroke, blow, visitation; affliction, trouble, distress, adversity.

To my misfortune—पूर्वानागरः।

Misgive, mis-giv, v. f. निषक-इ ; नरणक्राणब-इ ;

বিধানহীৰ-কু; To fill with doubt; to fail. n=misgiving.

My heart misgives me—আমার অধ্যর সংশব Misgiving, n. সংশব; অবিধান; Mistrust, distrust. Misgotten, a. অভারত্তপ লাভ; Unjustly obtained. Misgovern, mis-guvern, v. i. কুশানৰ-কু; To govern ill. n=misgovernment (কুশানৰ)।

Misguide, mis-gid, v. t. অনে কইয়া বাৰয়া; অনে নীত-কু; To lead into error. n=misguidance. Mishap, mis-hap, n. ছুক্ৰে; ছুক্টনা; দৈবছুৰ্কিণাক; ছুমুন্ট: ছুৰ্ডায়া; Evil accident; ill-luck; misfortune. Syn:—Ill chance, calamity; mischance. Misimprove, mis-im-proov, v. t. অস্কৃতিপ্ৰামে একাৰ্যাক-কু; আপন্যক্যাক-কু; To fail to improve; to abuse; to misuse. n=misimprovement. Syn:— Misemploy; disregard, neglect.

Misinform, mis-in-form, v. t. আন্ত সংবাদ জ্ঞাপন-ফু; বিখ্যা সংবাদ-লে; To tell incorrectly. n=misinformation, misinformer.

Misinterpret, mis-in-ter'pret, v. t. ভূল অৰ্-কু;
To misconstrue; interpret wrongly. n=
misinterpretation; misinterpreter (ভূল ব্যাধা);
ভূল ব্যাধাকারী)! Syn:—Explain amiss, falsify,
distort, misrepresent; misunderstand, misconceive, mistake. [ join unfitly or improperly)
Misjoin, v.t. অবধাভাবে বা অনুপাযুক্তরূপে সংযুক্ত-কু; To
Misjoindor, n. অথকুত প্ৰেক্ত বা অভিবাগের হেড্
বাদের অভার সনাবেশ; An incorrect union of
parties or causes of action in a suit.

Misjugde, mis-ju], v. t. অথবা বিচার-কু; আছ বীমানো-কু; To judge wrongly:—v. i. বিচারে ভূল-কু; To err in judgment. n=misjudgment. Mislay, mis-la', v. t. অহানে রাখা; হারাইয়া কেলা;

To lay in a wrong place; to lose. Misload, mis-led, v. t. কুপধগামী-ফু; ক্ৰৰে কইয়া

বাৰলা; To lead into error; astray:—ভূল ক্রাইবা দেবলা; To cause to mistake. Syn:—Misguide, misconduct, beguile, deceive, delude.

Mismanage, mis-mańaj, v. t. মন্ত্রণে কর্ম নির্কাহ-কু; To manage or behave :—v. t. মন্ত্রণে চালায়; কুপরিচালন-কু; To manage ill; conduct ill; administer improperly. n=mismanagement.

Misname, mis-nam, v. t. অন্ত নামে ডাকা ; অবৰা নামে ডাকা , To call by the wrong name.

Misnomer, mis-nō-mēr, ন. অপ্ৰকৃত নাম; নিখাৰু নাম; A wrong name.

Misogamist, mis-og'a-mist, n. [Gr. miseo, to hate, and gamos, marriage] বিবাহ-বিৰেম্বী; বিবাহৰেম্বী; Hater of marriage. n=misogamy.

Miaogynist, mis-ofi-nist, n. [Gr. miseo, to hate, and gyne, a woman] त्रमी-एको; A woman-hater. n=misogyny.

Misplace, mis-plas, v. t. অস্থানে রাধা; To put in a wrong place:— অস্থাচিত পাত্রে স্থাপন-কু; To sent on an improper object. n=misplacement.

Misprint, mis-print, v. t. ভুল বৃত্তিভু; জঙ্ হাগা, To print wrong:—n. হাগার ভুল; A mistake in printing.

Misprise, mis-prif. v. t. [F. mes, wrong, and prendre, to take ] 可可一; (表面一章; 東亞一章; To slight or undervalue. Syn:—Misapprehend, mistake; undervalue, underrate, slight.

Misprision, mis-prizhun, n. অবহেলা ; উপেকা , অবলা ; Neglect ; oversight , contempt.

Mispronounce, mis-pro-nowns, v. t. অংছ উচ্চাৰণ-ড়; ভুল উচ্চাৰণ-ড়; To pronounce incorrectly. n=mispronunciation.

Mispronunciation, n. অৱস্থ বা অবধা উচ্চারণ: Wrong or improper pronunciation.

Misquotation, গ. ভূল উদ্বত ক্রণ; A wrong quotation. [উদ্বত-কৃ; To cite erroneously. Misquote, mis-kwōt, v. t. অভ্যন্তনে উদ্বত-কৃ, ভূল Misrockon, v. t. ভূল গণ্যা-কৃ; To reckon or compute wrongly. n=misreckoning.

Misrepresent, mis-rep-re-zent, v. t. অব্ধা ব্ৰথা-কু; To represent incorrectly n=misrepresentation. Syn:—Misstate, falsify, distort.

Misrulo, mis-ròòl, প. বিশ্বল; গোলবাল, বোলবোগ, অস্তায় শাসন; কুশাসন, D sorder; tumult; unjust dominion; unjust rule. Syn.— Misgoverument, maladministration, anarchy, confusion, tumult.

Miss, mis, n. কুমারী; অবিবাহিতা দ্বীলোকেৰ সংবাধন প্ৰ', An unmarried female; a tittle of address of an unmarried female:—অন্তৰ্কা বালিকা; A young gitl. pl=misses.

Miss, mis, v. f. লক্ষ্য কৰিছে না পাৱা; To fail to hit:—বাদ দেওলা; পরিভাগে-কু; To omit; pass by:—প্রাপ্ত না-ছ; প্রাপ্ত হটতে অসমর্থ-ছ; To fail to have:—অভাব বৃথিতে পারা; অভাব অনুভব-কু, To feel the want of:—v. z. লক্ষ্য ছাটাইলা-বা, To fail to hit:—অ্ল-কু; To mistake::—n প্রাপ্তি; ভূল; ক্ষতি; জভাব; Mistake; error, loss, want. Sym:—(v) Lose; leave out, forego; feel the loss of; fall short, fail, miscarry.

Missal, misal, n. উপাদনা বা প্রথনা পুরুক; The Roman Catholic mass-book. [singing bird Missel, Missel-bird, n. গায়ক পকী বিশেষ; A Missend, v. t. অনপ্রক পেরণ-কু, To send amiss. Misshape, mis-shāp', v. t. ক্লাক্বি-কু, To shape ill: — কুগ্ঠন-কু; To deform.

**Missile**, miśil, n. [ L. mitto, missum, to send, throw] কেপনীয় অন্ত: A weapon thrown by the hand; projectile:—a কেপনীয়; নিকেপ্যোগা; That may be thrown from the hand or any instrument. Missing, a. বাহা পাওয়া ঘাইতেছে না, বাহা হায়াহ্যা পিয়াছে; Lost, wanting.

Mission, mishun, n [L. missio, from mittere, to send] প্রেরণ, A sending:—দৌতা, Embassy.
—ধ্রেরিড জনসমূহ; নিবোজিত লোকদল, Persons sent to:—জীবনের উদ্দেশ্য; Purpose of life:—
আচারকদিণের সমিতি বা আনামহান; A station or association of missionaries. Syn:—Commission, charge, errand, business, duty, trust, office; delegation, embassy, legation; missionary station.

Missionary, mushun-ar-i, n. বর্ণপ্রচারক; কর্ম-প্রচারার্থ বোক; One sent upon a mission to propagate religion:—a. প্রচারসক্ষীর, বিশেষ কার্য্য-সাধনসক্ষীর; Pertaining to missions.

Missive, misiv, a. কেপণীয় ; নিকেপা ; নিকেপা ; নিকেপা কৈছেনত ; Intended to be thrown :— ». পত্ৰ ; That which is sent, as a letter ; letter.

Misspell, v. t. ভূল বানাৰ-ভু; অসুচিত বৰ্ণিভাৰ-ভু;

To spell wrong. { A wrong spelling. Misspelling, n. জুল বাৰাল; অনুটিত বৰ্ণবিভাল; Misspend, mis-spend', v. t. অণব্যৰ-কৃ; To waste; to squander. Syn:—Lavish, fritter away, misuse.

Misstate, mis-stat, v. f. মিধা বলা; অসন্ত বৰ্ণন-ছ; To state falsely; to falsify. n=misstatement. Mist, mist, n. মুন্বটিনা; Watery vapour in the atmosphere, log. a=misty. Syn:—Haze; obscurity, dinness.

Mistake, mis-tak, v.t ভূল-কু, ভূল বুঝা; To take one thing or person for another, to understand erroneously:—v া অনে প্তিত-কু; ভূল-কু; To err:—n. অম; আজি, An error. a=mistakable. Syn:—(v) Misunderstand, misapprehend, misconceive; blunder, be at fault. (n) Misconception, misunderstanding; blunder, oversight, trip, fault, slip.

Mistaken, mis-takn, a. কান্ত; In error; erroneous, incorrect.—মিখা, অপ্রকৃত, Wrong; false, ad=mistakenly. [ wrong in.

Be mistaken in—কোন বিবাৰ জুল বা অন-হ; Be Mister, mister, ম মহালব: বযাপ্রাপ্ত প্রবের শিষ্ট সন্মোধন পদ, Master, sir; a title of address to a adult male written Mr.

Misterm, mis-term, v. t. অগ্রন্তরূপে নান-দে; অবধা নানক্যণ-কৃ. To name erroneously, to denominate wrongly

Mistime, mis-tim, v f. সময়ের ভূস কৃ, অসতা সময় প্রদশন কৃ, To time wrongly. | wrong name. Mistitle, v. f অবধা নামে ভাকা, To call by a Mistletoe, Misletoe, Missetoe, mili-tō, n. লড়া বিশেষ, এক প্রকার প্রগাছা; A parasiucal ever green plant.

Mistranslate, v. f. ভূল অসুপাদ-কু; To translate erroneously n≃mistranslation..

Mistress, mistres, n ক্রা; গৃংগা; পিক্রিত্রী;
The female head of a family or school —
উপপন্থী; প্রতিপাশিত বেজা, A concubine — প্রিয়া
প্রশ্নিনী; A woman loved: — ন্রীমন্ত্রী; সংখাধনগণ;
A form of address, usually written Mrs.:—
নিশ্বা স্থানোক; A woman well-skilled in anything.

Mistrust, mis-trust, n. অবিষাস; Want of confidence:—v. t. অবিষাস-কু; সন্দেহ-কু, To doubt. Syn:—(v) Suspect, distrust, fear, apprehend. Mistrustful, mis-trustfool, a. অবিষাস্থ ; সন্দিশ্ধ, অবিষাসী; Pull of mistrust. n == mistrustfulness. ad == mistrustfully.

Misty, miste, a. কুংইনিকাৰ্য; অপষ্ট; Overspread with mist; attended by mist; dim; obscure. ademistily. n-mistiness. Syn:—Cloudy, vaporous, foggy.

Misunderstand, mis-un-der-stand, v. f. अक्षक उचार वृत्र व बाना : जून वृत्र ; बाद वर्ष-कृ ; To take in a wrong sense ; misconceive. Syn :---Misconceive, mistake, misapprehend.

Misunderstanding, mis-un-der-standing, n. অৰ্জন; আৰি কৰ্ব; ভূল; Misconception; mistake:—ক্ষেত্ৰ; মুড্ৰিলোপ, মড্ডেপ; Disagreement; difference, Syn:—Misapprehension slight quarrel. Misuss, mis-12, v. f. আন্তার ব্যবহার-কু; অপবাবহার-কু; কুব্যবহার-কু; To treat ill; to abuse; to misapply:—n. কুব্যবহার; অপব্যবহার; অনহুবেজে বিনিয়োগ; Improper use; employment to a bad purpose. Syn:—(v) Misemploy, misapply, pervert, profane, desecrate; waste, squander, fritter away, spend foolishly; maltreat, ill use. Mite, mit, n. অভি কুত্র পদার্থ; কপ্যকে; Anything very small:—অভি কুত্র কটি বিশেব; Very small insect:—কুত্র মুদ্রা বিশেব; Small coin.

Mitigable, miti-gabl, a. जपूक्तपेत ; धानवनीत ; That can be mitigated.

Mitigate, mite-gat, v. f. (L. mitigore, from, mitis, mild, soft) লয়-ক, উপলয়-ক, অপ্নিত-ক, ক্ৰম্ক: To soften; to lessen; to temper; to alleviate. Syn:—Assuage, allay, soothe, palliate, subduc, diminish, moderate, modify, abate, appease, pacify, mollify.

Mitigation, mit-e-ga'shun, ন দাবৰ: দাভি: প্ৰশমন; ভাস; দমন; Alleviation; abatement. Syn:—Moderation, relief.

Mitigative, miti-gāt-iv, a শান্তিদায়ক; প্রশানিত-কারী; Soothing; alleviating; tending to mitigate. [who or that which mitigates. Mitigator, n. অপ্নিতকারক, শান্তিকারক; One Mitrailleuse, n. বন্দুক বিশেষ; A breechloading gun [ing to, or recembling a mitre. Mitral, a. ৰাইটার সংক্ষাম, মাইটার সন্দা, Pertain-Mitre, Miter, miter, n. শিরক: A head-dres, or crown worn by archbishops and some about. —বাজকীয় পদ বা মধ্যাদা. Episcopial dignity:—ত. গ্রেষ্টার দিয়া ভ্রিত-কু; To adorn with a mitre —তে কোণে সংযুক্ত-কু, To unite at an angle of 45° a=mitral.

Mitten, n wein faces ; A kind of glove.

Mittimus, n. [I. mitto, to send] অপরাধীকে কাবাশারে প্রেরণার্থ নিদেশ-পত্র: এক আলানত চইতে অন্ত আদানতে দলিল পাঠাইবার আদেশ-পত্র. A warrant granted for sending to prison a party charged with a crime; a witt for removing records from one court to another. [insects Mity, miti, a. জুল্ল কীটনত; Full of mites or Mix, miks, v f. শিশ্রত-কৃ. শিল্পাত-কৃ. To mincle; associate —v. i শিশ্রত-হৃ: To become mixed, to be joined no mixer Sym —Commingle, compound, combine, amalgamate.

Mixture, mikstür, n. [L. mixture, from miscere, to mix] মিপ্রশ: A mingled mass:— সামারানক সংবাধ . A chemical composition. Syn:— Union, association, admixture, intermixture; medley, compound, olic, miscellany, variety.

Misson, min, n. [L. medius, the middle]
পলায়াগড়িত, সৰ্বপন্ধায়তী: Hindmost; nearest
the stern — আহাজের পশাতের পাইল; The hindmost of the fore-and-oft sails of a vessel.

Missen mast, n. জাহাজের পশ্চীদ্দিকত্ব মান্তল; The mast nearest the stern

Mizzle, v. i. গড়ি গুড়ি বৃদ্ধিশাত-হ: To rain in very fine drops —n. গুড়ি গুড়ি বৃদ্ধি, Fine rain.

Mnemonic, ne-mohik, Mnemonical, ne-mohik-al. a. [Gr. mnaomas, to remember] সুভিন্নক ; সুভিন্ন(ব ; Assisting the memory.

Mnemonics, no-motiks, n. স্বৃতিসহার শাস্ত্র; স্বৃতি-সাহাযাকারী বিদ্যা ; The art or science of assisting the memory.

Moan, mon, v.t. [A. S. maenan, to moan]
বিবাপ-কু; To lament, deplore —v.i. ক্ষৰ-কু;
বিবাপ-কু; To make a low sound of grief;
lament audibly —n. ক্ষৰ, বিবাপ; বেগেকি;
Audible expression of pain or sorrow; lamentation. Syn:—(n) Bemoan, grieve, mourn;
sigh, groan, make lamentation.

Most, mout, n. পরিধা; ছর্গ-পরিধা. Ditch round a castle :—v. t. পরিধা ধারা বেষ্ট্র-ফু; To surround with a moat.

Mob, mob, n. ইতর লোক: হালামাকারী লোক্ষল; Crowd. lower classes; riotous assembly:—
v. t. বহলোকে বিশুখনভাবে আক্রমণ-কু; বিশুখনভাবে দলবদ্ধ হইবা আক্রমণ-কু; To attack in a disorderly crowd; to harass tumultuously. Syn:—(n) Assemblage, multitude, mass, throng, populace, rabble, riff-raff, lower orders. [ cap. Mob, Mob-cap, n. টুলী বিশেষ; A kind of plain Mobile, mö'bil, a. পরিচালনীয়, বিচলনীয়; চলনীল; Moveable; capable of being moved or excited. n=mobility (moveableness)

Mobilise, mobilize, e. t. মুদ্ধ আহ্বান-কু; To call into active service, as troops. n=mobilisation. Mobility, n. বিচননীয়তা, Moveableness; the quality of being mobile.

Mob-law, n. বহু লোক ছারা প্রহার; Lynch law; law administered by the mob.

Mobocracy, n. ইউর সোকের প্রভূষ; The rule or ascendency of the mob

Moccasin, Mocassin, moka-sin, \* পাছৰা বিশেষ ; Deer skin-shoe.

Mock, mok, v. t. [G. mokes, scorner] উপহাস
কৃ. কৌডুক-কৃ; বাক-কৃ: Laugh at, deceive;
mimic:—v. z. বিজ্ঞপ-কৃ, To make sport in
contempt, or in jest; scoff, jeer; jibe:—n.

কৃত্তিৰ উপহাস, বিজ্ঞপ, বাক, Sneer, ridicule;
jibe, jeer:—a কৃত্তিৰ; [মিহা]. False. n=mocker,
ad=mockingly Syn.—(v) Ape, counterfeit,
take off, ridicule, sneer, taunt, insult, delude,
dupe, disappoint, balk

Mockery, moker-e, Mocking, moking, n. বিদ্রুপ, উপহাস, Dension, ridicule; scorn; scoffing — বুধা আড়ৰব, কৃত্ৰিম ভাব; Vain imitation; false show. Syn: — Jeering, scorning; sport; counterfeit, deception [the heroic. Mock-heroic, a বীৰ্থে অসুক্ষৰকায়ী; Mocking Mocking-bird, moking-bird, n পকী বিশেষ; শকাকুকায়ী গাৱৰ পকী; A thrush, a bird of North America which imitates the notes of other birds.

Modal, mi'dal, a. আকাৰ সম্মাণ; Relating to mode, not essence ad—modally, n=modality. Modalist, n. ক্ৰমেন মতন্ত বিনুষ্টিতে অবিধানী; One of a class who look upon the three persons of the Godhead as only modes of being, and not as distinct persons. [in form only. Modality, n. Quality of being modal or being Mode, mod, n [L. modus, measure] আকৃতি; Form:—ভৌল, Fashion:—আকাৰ; Variety;

manner of existing:—विषय; Rute:—वार्गयः।
ग्रह्मांकः; Custom:—वीर्णिः; Manner:—वार्ण्यः
That which exists only as a quality of substance. Syn:—Make; state, quality, affection, modification; style; method, plan, way; means, course, process.

Model, model, n. [L. modus, a measure]
আপুৰ্ব; ছাচ; প্ৰভিদ্ধপ: নকল; A pattern; mould;
standard; specimen:—৩. f. আদৃণানুসারে গঠন-ড়;
নকল-ড়; গঠন-ড়; To form after a model; to

shape:—w, i. asmi-\(\frac{\pi}{\pi}\); \(\pi\)-\(\pi\); \(\pi\) oractise modelling. \(\pi\)=modeller. \(Syn:=-(n)\) Gause; example, type, mould, design.

Modelling, model-ing, n. আদৰ্শ গঠন বা তৰিলা:
A branch of sculpture: the art of making a model of something.

Moderate, moder-at, v. t. [L. modys, a measure] जब्-कृ; नोलि-कृ; नोल-कृ; To mitigate; to pacify : to lessen :-- সংখ্য-ক ; To control :--ন্ধান্ত হইয়া মীমাংসা-ক : To decide as a moderator :-- নিয়মিত-কু; To regulate :-- নাতি প্রথব-কু; To make temperate:-- v. i. শাস্ত-ছ, নাতিপ্ৰথৰ-ই; To become less violent or intense:—সভা-পত্তিব কাৰ্যা-কৃ; To preside as a moderator —a मिठांठांदी: Temperate; sober:-यशाम ; मशाविष: Of middle rate: -পরিমিত, নাতিপ্রথম : Between extremes; not excessive or extreme; within the measure. n=moderateness. ad=moderately. Syn :- (v) Regulate, control, repress, subdue; allay, temper, qualify, abate, still, appease, pacify, quiet. (a) Limited, restrained; abstemious, frugal; equable, reasonable, judicious, cool, mild; mediocre, ordinary, cheap.

Moderation, mod-er-a'shun, n. লঘুকরণ, The act of moderating:—প্রিমিডতা; সংঘমন; দমন; বিদ্যাল্য বিদ্যালয় কালি ক্রিয়ালয় 
Moderator, moder-a-tor, n. সভাপতি: One who presides at a meeting, a president or chairman Modern, modern, a. আধুনিক; নৃতন. Recent; not ancient; new; novel:—n. আধুনিক লোক. One of modern times:—pl. আধুনিক জাতি: The nations after the Greeks and Romans, who are called the ancients. n=modernness, ad=modernly.

Modernise, modern-iz, v. i. আধ্নিক-কু: বৰ্জনান সময়ের উপৰোগী-কু; To make modern; to adapt to the present time. n=moderniser.

Modernism, modern-izm, n. আধুনিক বাগহার;
আধুনিক বিষয়; Modern practice; a thing of recent date. [ রাগী; An admirer of the moderns. Modernist, modern-ist, n. আধুনিক কাভির অপুModest, modest, a. [ L. modestus, from modus, measure ] কআগীল; Bashtul:—শিষ্ট; বিনীত; Not presumptuous; boastiul:—সভ্যান্ত ; সাংখী; বঅ; Chaste; virtuous:—বিভঙ্ক; সংখত; Pure and delicate; moderate. ad=modestly. Syn:—Reserved, unobtrusive, coy, diffident, humble, unassuming, becoming, pure-minded; moderate, not excessive, not extravagant.

Modesty, modest-e, ম. কিন্তঃ; কৰোণ কিন্তা; Absence of presumption; bashfulness; hamility:—অৱতা; Decency:—সভায়কতা; পৰিছল।; বিভাৱা; Chastity; purity:—সংবৰ; Moderation. Syn:—Coyness, shyness, meekness. Modioum, modi-kum, n. বংকিছং; সামাভ

পরিমাণ ; A small quantity , a little quantity.

Modification, ম. পরিবর্ত্তন ; পরিবর্ত্তি আকার বা
অবস্থা : The act of modifying ; changed shape

भवश ; The act of modifying ; changed shape or condition. Syn:—Alteration, variation, qualification, change ; mode, form, affection.

Modify, mode-fi, v. t. [ L. modus, and facers, to make ] পরিবর্ত্তন-ড়; পরিবর্তিড-ড়; রূপান্তর-ড়; সংবত-ড়; To change; to alter; to vary; to moderate. n=modification. ad=modifiable. Syn:—Shape, form; moderate, reduce, limit.

Modish, modish, a. বেশ্ছ্বালিয়; গুচালিত রীভাস্-বারী; Fashionable; according to mode. ad= modishly, n=modishness. Syn:—Fashionable, stylish, courtly, genteet.

Modist, mö'dist, n. বেৰছ্যান্তির লোক; আচলিড রীতির অসুগানী; Follower of fashion; one who follows the fashion.

Modiste, n. যে প্রচলিত প্রধান পরিজ্ঞা প্রক্রিজ করে; One who makes dresses according to the fashionable mode.

Modulate, modū-līt. v. t. [L. medulus, a small measure] স্থাৰ দিলাৰ, বিয়মিত-কু; To form sound to a certain key harmoniously; to regulate :—v. i. স্থান্ত প্ৰিক্তিৰ-কু; To pass from one key into another. n=modulation. Syn:—Attune, harmonize; inflect, vary in pitch.

Modulation, n. নিয়মিত করণ, নিয়মিত অবস্থা প্রান্তি; স্বেয় পরিবর্তন; The act of modulating; the changing of the keynote and the alteration of the original scale of music.

Modulator, n. স্বেরৰ পরিবর্তনসাধক, One who or that which modulates.

Module, n. আৰুণ; A model. [ of goat. Mohair, n. ছাগুলোম বিশেষ; The long silky hair Mohammedan. mo-hamed-an, a. মহম্মণীয়; Pertaining to Mohammed or to his religion:—
n. মহম্মন্ত্র্যাবিজ্ঞা; মূলকান; A follower of Mohammed, one who professes Mohammedanism.

Mohammedanise, mo-hamed-an-īz, v. ৫. মুদ্দদান-কু, নংখ্যানীয় ধর্মে গাঁকিন্ত-কু, To convert to Mohammedanism.

Mohammadanism, Mohammedism, क ब्रह्मलोग्न वर्ष ; The religion of Mohammed.

Mohur, mo'hur, n. মোহর; A gold coin; fifteen rupees. [coin of Portugal, valued at 27s. Moidore, moidor, n. পর্তুপালের মুখা বিশেষ; A gold Moiety, moie-ti, n. মন্ত্রিশ; One of two equal parts; half.

Moil, moil, v. t. [L. moliri, to struggle]
আপরিছার-ক; আপরিছাত-ক; To daub; to make
dirty —v. i. পরিআন-ক; To toil, labour;
drudge. Syn:—Make dirty, soil, defile.

Moire, n. जनगिक (तथम ; Watered silk.

Moist, moist, a. [L. musteus, belonging to new wine ] feet, wiff; Humid; damp;

alightly wet; dank. numoistness.

Moiston, moiśn, o. t. 明貞-享 ; 何呀-罗 ; To make slightly wet; to make damp.

Moisture, moistur, ৰ. আর্ক্ডা ; Moistness.

Molar, molar, n. [ L. mola, a mil-molo, to girnd ] हर्नापक्य : (श्वशक्य : त्शवक् ; Grinding : used for grinding :- n. हर्क्शक्य ; त्रवर्गम्य ; करन् [ Treacle. शैंड ; Grinder ; a grinding tooth. Molasses, mo-lasez, n. sing. ওড়; মতিভড়; Mole, moi, n. 如iba; 包a; A spot or knob on the skin :-- 421; Mound in the sea; a breakwater :-- कूटा ; अवन्दिक ; A small animal :--

v. t. 1€-; To burrow; excavate. Syn:—(n) Breakwater, jetty, pier.

Mole-cast, n. वन्तीक ; A mole-hill. Mole-oricket, n. की हे वित्यव ; An insect.

Molecular, e. आंपविक, Belonging to molecules. n = molecularity.

Molecular attraction—चागरिक क्लांकर्व : त्व শক্তিবারা জড়পদার্ঘের পরমাণু সকল পরস্পরকে আকরণ করে। Molecule, mole-kul, n. नशियांन : अन् . Atom , a very small particle. a=molecular.

Moleeyed, mol-id, a. কুদ্র চকুবিশিষ্ট; প্রায় আৰু . खन्न प्रदे : Having eyes like a mole, nearly blind; of imperfect sight, seeing imperfectly Mole-hill, moll-hil, n. वक्षीक ; बूंछा कढ़ंक छेर्डिक छ মৃত্তিকাতুপ , Earth thrown up by a mole :- ভোট পাহাত : A very small hill .— সামান্য বিশ্ব , Insignificant difficulty.

To make a mountain of a mole hill-ভিলক্তে তাল করা; To magnify trifles; to exaggerate difficulties or obstacles.

Mole-rat, त. मुक्किन कड ; A small rat-like [ silk cloth anımal. Mole-skin, n. নরৰ কাগড় বিশেষ; A kind of Molest. mo-lest, v. t [ L. molestus, troublesome ] বিরম্ভ-ড়; উত্তাক্ত-ড়, To disturb, annoy, render uneasv. n=molester, a=molestful Syn .- Incommode, inconvenience, vex, tease, irritate, worry, torment, bore, bother.

Molestation, mo-lest-Z'shun, त. देशीहन . বির্দ্ধি: Annoyance. Syn :- Disturbance, trouble, uneasiness, vexation.

Molestful, a. विदक्षिक्य ; Troublesome.

Mollient, molycut, a. त्रिक्काडी ; छेन्नमक : कांगन-काषक ; Softening ; assuaging.

Mollification, mol-i-fi-ka'shun, क. উপन्य : প্ৰশাসন : Mitigation.

Mollify, mole-fi, v t. [ L. mollis, soft, and facere to make ] শান্ত-কু; কোমন-কু, প্রশাসত-কু, स्थान क : मः पठ-क ; To soften ; assuage : soothe . pacify; calm. e-mollifiable, n-mollifier. Syn -Appease; mitigate, moderate, abate, relieve, temper.

Molluso, Mollusk, molusk, n. [ L. molluscus, softish-mollis, soft ] (क्षिणांच व्य: Animal having a soft body and no inner frame-work of bones. pl=molluscs, mollusks, mollusca.

Molluscan, Molluscous, a. (क्षिणोक क्ष স্থন্ধীৰ; Pertaining to molluscs.

Molluscan, s. (平河可译 孝孝 ; A moliusc.

Molooh, a. त् त्वकाद निक्षे देनी त्वका इत ; God

to whom bloody sacrifices were made: - Any influence which demands from us the sacrifice of what we hold most dear.

Molten, mölin, a. ধাতুষয় ; গণিত ধাতু দিৰ্বিভ ; Made of melted metal.

Mome, n निर्दर्शंथ लांक ; वृर्थ वाक्ति ; A dull, silent person; stupid fellow.

Moment, mo'ment, n. [ L. momentum, from movere, to move ] अिं नामाना नमम ; निरम् ; बूद्र ; An instant :--@PF ; Importance :-- 100 : Value :--- निक् ; यन ; Moving cause ; force :---গতির বা গতিশীল বস্তুর শক্তি ; Force of motion, or of a moving body. Syn: -Second, twinkling, trice; weight; gravity, consequence, significance, import.

Momentary, mo'ment-ar-i, a. 平行本; Done in a moment. ad=momentarily, n=momentariness. Momently, ed. এक मुहार्ड ; अंडिकर ; in a moment; every moment.

Momentous, mo-mentus, c. আবস্তুক; প্রয়োজনীয় : Important. ad = momentously, n=momentousness Syn :-- Weighty, significant, serious. Momentum, mo-mentum, ন. বেগ; গতিশীৰ বন্ধৰ বেগ-পৰিমাণ; The quantity of motion in a

body which is proportional to the mass multiplied by the velocity; impetus. pl=momenta. Momus, n. নিৰ দেবতা; The god of ridicule and

satire. [ monks. Monachal, a. महाभिमयकोत्र : Pertaining to Monachism, n. नद्यामीक्षोरन; The state of

monks, monastic life. Monad, monad, n. [Gr. monos, alone ] পরমাধু; कों हो पू विस्थित . An ultimate atom; one of the

simplest kind of animalcules. a=monadic. Monadio, Monadical, a. পরমাণু সদৃশ; কটিাণু-কাতীয়, Being or resembling a monad.

Monandrian, Monandrous, a. পুন্পকেশর বিশিষ্ট; Having but one stamen or male organ.

Monarch, monark, n. [G mones, alone, archos, chief ] दाखा ; मञ्जा , अधिकीत नामनक्खी ; A sovereign; sole ruler; emperor; king:-a. সৰ্বাজেষ্ট; প্ৰধান , Superior to others ; supreme. Syn :- Autocraft, despot ; queen, prince.

Monarchal, mon-arkal, a. बाबकी ; Pertaining to a monarch; regal.

Monarchic, mon-arkik, Monarchical. mon-arkik-al, a. बाजानवकीय ; बाजकीय , Relating to a monarch or monarchy, vested in a single ruler

Monarchical form of Government-Monarchise, mońark-iz, v. t. भानन-क ; बाएका পরিশত-কু, To convert into a monarchy:--- ৯ 💪 बाक्षांत्र मे अवश्वान-कू ; To play the king.

Monarchist, monark-ist, n. বাজার পক; বাজার शहेरशायक : An advocate of monarchy.

Monarchy, monark-i, त. ब्राङ्ड , A kingdom. Fifth monarchy men-Those who believed that the second coming of Christ was at hand, and that at his second coming he would establish the fifth universal monarchy. Monastery, monas-ter-e, n. [G. monastes, a solitary ] বয়ানীর ষঠ; বয়ানীর আলম ; An abbey; a convent. Syn .—Closster, nunnery, abbey, priory.

Monastic, mon-astik, म. नहारते . A monk.

Monastic, mon-astik Monastical, mon-astik-al, a ধৰ্মণানাসম্মান, মঠসম্মান, Pertaining to monks and nuns, conventual, reclause. ad — monastically (সহাসী আৰু; Monastic life Monasticism, mon-asti-sizm n সহাস্থৰ্ম, Monday, munda, n. মেনাম The and day of

Monday, munda, n. (भागवात्र, The 2nd day of the week [for going to school

Black Monday—विनागरः बाहेवाद पिरम Day Monetary, mune-tar-1, a টাকাসম্মীয়, আধিক. Relating to money or monied affairs, pecuniary

Money, mune, n होको, Coin, stamped metal used in commerce — वर्ष का, Wealth — स्वाप , Stock, capital pl = moies Syn — Paper currency, bank-notes, circulating medium, riches, cash

Money-broker, Money-changer, n होनाव मानान, A broker who deals in money or exchanges

Moneyed, Monied, munid a অর্থনান Having money — বনী, ধনশানী, Rela in money — অংথপূর্ব, আধিক, Consisting of money

Money-lender, n अन्त्यात Usaier.

Moneyless, munis-les, a অর্থপুর নিংঘ, কপ দিকশুনা, Destitute of money

Money-order, n होना প'त्रे हेवात ब'डि वा निष्य An order for a sum of money usued by a port office to which payment has been made and payable by another office

Monger, mung'eer, n बातमाची, निटयन A dealer, trader - v. र बादमा-कृ, बाह्म कृ

Mongrel, mung'grel, a সন্ধ ভামিৰ, স্কর, Of mixed breed —n সন্ধ্ৰভাতীয় ভত্ত, An animal of a mixed breed, hybrid

**Monition**, mo-nishun, n [I. monitio from moners, to warn] ইপদেশ, উপ্লেশপাৰ। সংবাদকা হতৰ বাৰা, বাবাদ. Admonition, instruction given I by way of caution, warning notice. Syn — Advice, counsel, information hint.

Monitive, monitive, a. ওপদেশপূর্ব , উপদেশপ্রত্ব , Conveying admonition

Monitor, mone-ter, n উপদেশক উপদেশ্ব। সূত্ৰ্ক কাৰক, Adviser, instructor, warner— উপশুক, ছাত্ৰ-শিক্ষক, A pupil, who assists a school-master as monitorial, nsmonitorship, fem-monitress Syn—Counsellor, mentor, overseer, pupil assistant

Monitorial, a উপদেৱানখনীয়, উপস্কল বারা অবা। পিত্ত, Pertaining to a monitor, taught by a monitor ad=monitorially.

Monitory, moni-tor-i, a উৰোধক, উপদেশক, উপদেশঅৰ, নতৰ্কানী, Giving admonition, warning.

Monk, mungk, n সন্ত্যাসী, A religious recluse. Monk-House, n সন্ত্যাসীৰ মঠ, Monastery.

Monkey, mungki, n. बानत , बानत . I ong tailed ape; baboon —बानडकाडी बानक , व्यवसाय क नाम .

Mischievous boy, a name of contempt. plan monkeys.

Monkish, mungkish, a সর্গাদীশব্দীর, সর্গদী-সৰ্গ , Pertaining to a monk , like a monk — মঠদব্দীর , Monastic

Monk s-hood, mungks-hood, n काँडे दिव, विवास देखाला विराध, Aconite

Monochord, mono'kord, n अक्डांब , अक्डांब वागवा One stringed musical instrument

Monochromatic, mon-o kro-matik, a এক বৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট . Of one colour only

Monocotyledon, n এক পারোৎপত্তিক . A plant with one seed lobe a-monocotyledonous Monocracy, n একয়ায়তম , Government by a

single person Monocrat, n রাভা , সমটি , Monarch.

Monoculer, mon-okii-lar, Monoculous, mon-okii-lus, a একচন্থবিশিষ্ট একাকি, With one eve only o

Monodactylous, a এক স্কৃতিবিশিষ্ট্ৰ, One toud Monodast, mono-dist, u হুং প্ৰকাশেব গান লেক , বিলাপকাৰ্য-শেষক , One with writes monodies

Monody, mono-di n 夏河宫南河南 布门, [1-1] 有" A mournful poem in which a si gly mourner expresses lamentation, a—monodical Monogamy, monogia-mi n [Gr m n), one gamo marriage] 如本 西村 (如何如此) with one woman only a marriage to one wife only i=monogamist (如本 [14] 24 \*\*\* upholder of mouezamy), a—monogamous

Monogram, mono-gram n (til miner, along gramma a letter বি এব, ছুই লা চ্চাৰণ্ড বা অকর সংঘ্যে চিহ্ন কিন্দু, A character or cipher composed of r s, or more letters microvosen, being an abbreviation of a name

Monograph, moho-graf r i G marcs, alone and graphs to write | কোন লাক বিধের বিধারণ বা প্রবজন I reatise on one subject only n=monographer.

Monographer, Monographist, n Alaisie-

Monographic, Monographical, a মনোগাক-স করে বিনা বাক চিম্মেক, Pert man, to a monograph drawn in lines without colour,

Monography, দ দিনা রক্তর চিত্র , বস্থা নপ্তা , A representation by hims only an outline driving Monogynian, Monogynous, a এক্যাত্র

গৰ্ভকেশৰ বিশিষ্ট , Having only one pi til Monolith, n একপ্ৰস্তৱ ধন্ত A pillar consisting

of a single stone a=monolithic, monolithal Monologue, mono-log, r ( Crt monos, alone, logas, speech ) বগত কথন, Soliloguy

Monomania, mon-o-mī'nia, n. [Gi monos, alone mania, madners] কোন এক বিষয়ে পাখালাৰি, কিন্ততঃ Madness confined to one subject

Monomaniae, mon-o-ma'ni-ak, a. এক বিবৰে কিন্ত, Affected with monomania – n. এক বিবৰে কিন্তু সোক, One affected with monomania.

Monome, Monomial, n calus all factors. A series of factors of single terms. am monomial.

Monophyllous, e. 44941; Having a leaf of but one piece.

Monopolise, mon-ep'o-liz, v. t. একচেটা-ৰ : একাৰ্ড-ক : Buy up so as to be the single seller; engross the whole of.

Monopoliser, mon-op'o-liz-er, Monopolist, mon-op'o-list, n. একচেটিয়া ব্যবদায়ী; একচেটিয়াকারী; One who monopolises.

Monopoly, mon-op'o-li, n [Gr. monos, alone, poleo, to sell] একচেটিয়া বাণিলা, সভাৰ্থ আয়ন্তভা ৰা অধিকায়; Exclusive possession or command of a thing or market. [only

Monospermous, a. একবীৰ, Having one seed Monostich, monos-stik, n. [Gr. monos, alone, stichos, verse] একলোকী কবিতা; A poem completed in one verse.

Monostrophic, mon-o-strofik, a. এক ছলে এবিড:
Having but one strophe. [one syllable
Monosyllabio, a. একগদালেবিলিট, Of words of
Monosyllable, mon-o-silla-bl, n. একপদ বিশিষ্ট
শব্য: A word of one syllable. a=monosyllabic.
Monotheism, mono-thē-izm, a. [Gr. monos,
alone, theos, God] একেব্ৰব্যা; Belief in the one God
Monotheist, mono-thē-ist, n. একেব্ৰব্যা; One
who believes that there is but one God. a=
monotheistic.

Monotone, moño-tōn, n. [ Gr. monos, alone, tonos, a tone ] সমস্থ , Sameness of sound, a single key or sound.

Monotonous, mon-ofon us. a ি. monos, alone, and tonos, time ] সমস্বর্গিল্প, এক ব্যেত্ত, সমস্বর্গেল্প, এক ব্যেত্ত, সমস্বর্গেল্প, আক ব্যেত্ত, Marked by du'l monotony, uttered in one unvarying tone a l=monotonously. Syn:—Unvaried, uniform, wanting inflection, dull, tiresome, wearisome.

Monotony, mon-oro-ne, n. স্মৰয়, অভিত্ৰয়, Dull uniformity of tone or sound:—এক থেফ ভাষ; বিৰ্ভিক্ষ একভাষ, liksome sameness, want of variety. Syn:—Sameness; dulness, tiresomeness, wearrsomeness.

Monseigneur, n. সরাস্ত বোকের স্থোধন পদ; My lord; your grace or highness.

Monsieur, n. ফ্ৰান্স ভদ্ৰতাস্থ্যক নৰোধনপদ; A tittle of civility in France. [A periodical wind. Monsoon, mon-sound, n মৌসুমি বাবু; সামন্ত্ৰক বাবু, Monster, monster, n. [L monstrum, show] বিকটাকার জন্তু, জবাভাবিক বন্তু; দাবব; A strange animal formed out of the common order anything horrible; a prodigy:—অত্যাহারী, A tyrant. Syn:—Prodigy, enormity, abnormity, deformity, fright, monstrosity; portent, marvel; ruffian, villain, brute, fiend, demon.

Monstrance, monstrans, n. উৎস্কৃতি পিটুক সমৰেত উপাসক্ষভনীকে প্ৰদৰ্শিত পাত্ৰ; The utensil in which the consecrated water is shown to the congregation.

Monstrosity, mon-strosisti, n. বিৰুষ্ ; বিকটছ, ভীৰণত ; অবাভাবিক বস্তু ; State or being monstrous ; an unnatural production.

Monstrous, monstrus, ৫. অবাধাৰিক; বিকটা-কৃতি; অকাও; Unnatural and misshapen; enormous:—ভয়াৰক; তীৰণ, Dreadful; horrible:—

Syn:—Abnormal, unnatural, deformed; huge, immense, vast; shocking; extraordinary, marvellous, prodigious.

Montanic, a. পার্বভীয় ; Mountainous.

Month, munth, n. মান; One of the twelfth part of the calendar year.

Monthly, munthli, a. যাসিক; Lasting a month; appearing once a month .—n. মাসিক পাৰিক]; A monthly magazine:—ad প্ৰতি মাসে একবাৰ; মাসে মানে, once a month; in every month.

Monument, monument, n. [L. monumentum, from monere, to remind] কীৰ্দ্ভিত্ত ; সুৰণ্ডত্ত ; স্থতিচিক্ক ; Memorial of the living or dead :—লিপি ; স্থতিলিপি , A record. Syn —Mausoleum, pillar, tombstone, memento, memorial, remembrancer.

Monumental, mon-u-mental, a. স্থতিক্ৰক ;

পারক; Serving as a monument; memorial. ad=monumentally.

Mood, mood, n. মাৰণিক কাব; মনের কাব; Temper of mind; temper; frame of mind:—ডোব; Anger; heat of temper:—প্রকার; ধারা; বীতি. Mode; fashion, manner,:—ধাতু রূপের রীতি, Manner of conjugation. Syn:—Humour, vein, disposition.

Moodiness, n. কোপ্ৰস্ভাব; Peevishness.

Moody, mōud'i, a. ছ:খিড; কুছ: ফোৰী; বিষশ্ধ; ধাৰণেয়ালী; Sad; angry; ill-humoured; gloomy, n=moodiness. ad=moodily.

Moon, moon, n. চন্ত্ৰ; উপৰ্বহ; The secondary planent of the earth; a satellite:—মাস; Month:
—চন্ত্ৰাকাৰ বহি:প্ৰাচীৰ; A crescent-formed outwork. Syn:—Secondary planet; crescent.

At the full of the moon—পূৰ্ণিৰার রাত্তি। The day of new moon—প্রতিপদ।

To cast beyond the moon—ৰদসত অহ্বাৰ-ক: To cast your thoughts or guesses beyond all reason.

To cry for the moon—ৰসতৰ বন্ত পাইবার নিষিত্ত ভিকা-কু; To crave to have what is wholly beyond one's reach.

To find an elephant in the moon—ৰসম্ভব জন্য প্ৰায়-ছ, Find a mare's nest.

To level at the moon—অত্যন্ত উচ্চাজিলাবী-হ;
অভি উচ্চাজ্যকী-হ, িn be very ambitious.

Moon-beam, möönbem, n. b要俸利; A ray of mounlight.

Moon-blind, a. 和神常; Dim-sighted.

Moon-calf, n. বিকটাকার জন্ব; A monster:—
নির্মোধ বালি A stupid fellw. [ the moon.
Mooney, a. চন্দ্রমধনীর; Pertaining to or like

Mooney, a. চন্দ্ৰবৃদ্ধি ; Pertaining to or like Moonish, moonish, a. চন্দ্ৰবং ; চক্তন ; পরিবর্তননীল ; Moonlike ; variable ; changeable.

Moonless, moonles, a. (जारबान्ड ; जारबारीन ; Destitute of moon-light.

Moon-light, moohlit, স. জোগমা; Light of the moon; night time:—a. জোগমান ; চলানোকে সংবৃতিত; Illuminated by the moon; occurring during moon-light.

Moonling, ন. বোকা; মূৰ্থ ; নিৰ্বোধ ; A simpleton.
Moonraker, ন. বোকা লোক ; নিৰ্বোধ ব্যক্তি ; A simpleton.

Moonshee, s. त्यांत्रवयान वद्यांत्रक ; यूजी ; A mohamomedan teacher of language.

Moonshine, moonshin, n. জোংলা; চন্দ্ৰালোক; Moonlight :—মরীচিকা ; অপ্রকৃত বস্তু ; কৃত্রিম আড্বর ; Show without substance; show without reality.

Moonstruck, moonstruk, a. 年日, Lunatic. Moor, mòor, अ. अनाकृषि ; विन ; Marsh, fen, bog,

swamp, morass; heath.

Moor, moor, v. f. काश्य नवत्र-कृ ; Secure a ship by anchor; confine a ship by cables:- v i. मृथ्न वा काहि रात्रा आवद-र; To be fastened by a cables or chains.

Moor, moor, n. উত্তর আফ্রিকার অধিবাসী মুসলমান; A native of north Africa; Mussulman.

Moorage, mooraj, n. नत्रत्र करियात होन, A place for mooring.

Moor-cock, Moor-fowl, Moor-game, n. क्ल-क्लूडे; The red grouse or heath cock found The waterhen in moor.

Moorhen, n. विन : Marshy land -- जन-कृक्ति . Mooring, mooting, n pl. नक्त किन्तिर इन ; बाराक बावक कविवाद द्यान वी जोश्कातिक अवद्या: A place for securing a ship by anchors; the place or condition of a ship moored :-- য আগজ আবিদ্ধ করণ : যাহা ছারা জাহার আবিদ্ধ করা হয় : The act of mooring; that which serves to moor a ship. Moorish, a 朝时; Marshy; boggy.

Moorish, moor'ish, Moory, moor'i,a िलमध् .. खनामत्र ; Marshy , boggy --- आक्रिकावामी मचकीत , Belonging to the Moors. [ land

Moorland, n. জলাভূমি . A tract of low mar-hy Moose, n. মুগ বিশেষ, The largest deer of

Moot, muot, v. i. তর্ক-কু; To plead on a supposed cause, to argue for practice: -v. t. वामानूबाम-क ; कर्कविडर्व-क ; To discuss ; to debate :-- a. व्यभेतातिक , वामानवामायाना , Unsettled , debatable. [ That can be discused.

Mootable, mootabl, a. বাংলাচ্য , বাদপ্রতিবাদযোগা ; Moot-case, moot-kas, Moot-point, mootpoint, n. विहादी विवन , अभीमा'भिक डक , A care, point, or question to be argued; a doubtful question, an unsettled question.

Moot-court, moot-kort, n. কল্পিড বোকদ্মা িচার কৰিবার আদালত ; বাদপ্রতিবাদ শিখিবার কৃত্রিম বিচারালয় বা স্থান ; A court or meeting for arguing feigned cases. [ who argues cases.

Mootman, n. বাদাশ্রাদকারী ছাত্র; A student Mop, mop, n. बीड्न, Piece of cloth &c, fastened to a handle - নুগভাৰ : A grimace, a wry mouth:-- v. t. बाह्न दावा পविद्यात-कृ; To rub or wipe with a mop :- मूलस्त्री-कृ; To grimace.

Mope, mop, v. s. নিষ্কে-ই; ভগ্নোৎসাহ-ই; নিস্তান্তv; To be silent and dispirited, to be dull or stupid :-- v. t निरंबन-कृ ; To make spirit less or stupid - .. प्र लाक ; A dull, stupid person :-भानम बाकि ; A drone. ad=mopingly.

Mope-eyed, Mopsiel, a की गृहे, Dim sighted. Mopish, mop'ish, a faces, au, faces; ভাগ্নাহসাহ , Dull ; spiritless. n=mopishness.

Moppet, n নেকডান পুঙলিকা; ছিল্লবন্ত্ৰনিৰ্দ্ধিত ক্ৰীড়া-পুর্গাস, A doll made of rags, a doll of rags

like a mon. f of blocks and gravel. Moraine, mo-ran, n. देनेल पर्वापित चत्र ; A line Moral, mor'al, a. [L. mos, moris, manner] নীভি সৰ্বনীয়; নৈডিক; Relating to morality; relating to the conduct of men :- 41 14 ; 44-সকত ; Virtuous :—সম্ভব ; সম্ভবপর ; Probable :--n. তাৎপৰ্যা, নৈতিক উপদেশ; Practical lesson taught by anything; practical application of a tale or fable -- n. pl. নীতি অসুষ্ঠান; নৈতিক আচাৰ, ব্যবহার; জাচরণ; নীতিশাল্প: The doctrine or practice of the duties of life; manners. conduct; ethics. Syn: -(a) Ethical; accountable, rational, responsible; just, upright, well-conducted, true, strict; circumstantial.

Moral certainty-আম্নিকরতা।

Moral character-- हिन्द ।

Moral courage--धर्यवृद्धि मःबुक्त यानद नाहम: Strength of mind which enables a man to do what is right.

Morale, mo-rai, a. निठिक वरहा , माननिक वरहा ; মানসিক ভাব; Moral condition, mental state (as of a body of men )

Moralise, mor'al-ız, v. t. विजिक छेएकरन धारतान-কু, নাতি সম্বন্ধে ব্যাখা-কু: To apply to a moral purpose; to explain in a moral sense -v : নাঁতি বিষয়ে বলা বা লিখা; নৈতিক মন্তব্য প্রকাশ-কু, To speak or write in moral subjects; to make moral reflections. n=morali-er.

Moralist, mor'al-ist, n নীতি-শিক্ষক; One who teaches the duties of life : -- নীতি অনুধানকারী; নেতিক আৰুটানিক; One who practises morality. Morality, mor ale-te, n. कर्डवानिवाक खान ; নৈতিকতা; Knowledge of the duties of man's lite, the quality of being moral :-- নীতিশার, Ethics --- ধর্ম ; ধর্মাচরণ , Virtue --- এক প্রকার রূপক ন'টক, নৈতিক উপদেশপূৰ্ণ নাটক বিশেষ: A kind of moral allegorical play. Syn: -- Moral philosophy, morals, goodness, uprightness. f manner. Morally, mor'al-i, ad देविककारन, In a moral

Morally responsible –ৰশ্বত: দায়ী। Moral-philosophy--नीडिएर्नन ।

Moral-sense-বিবেক; Power of moral judgment and feeling.

Morasa, mo-ras, n. बना , वित्त , Marsh, moor : wet ground. Syn .- Fen, bog, quagmire, swamp, slough.

Moravian, mo-ra'vi-an, a. भरत्रका आपन-সংক্রান্ত: वृष्टीन मन्त्रनावमच्चीत्र. Pertaining to Moravia or to the Moravians or united Brethren :-- म. बुडानवर्ष मच्चापांत्र ; A protestant religious sect.

Morbid, morbid, a. [L. morbidut, trom morbus, disease ] অবুছ , কুলু ; পীড়িত ; Diseased; sickly; not healthful. n=morbidness ( পীড়িতা-वडा), ad = morbidly. Syn :-- Sick, ailing, indisposed, diseased, un sound, unhealthy.

Morbifio, mor-bifik, a. [L. morbus, desease, and facto, to make] नीडांकांत्रक ; Causing disease. Mordacious, mor-da'shus, a. [ L. mordeo, to bite] विश्वकांबी, मः मन, Biting, given to biting:--विकाशासकः; वालवितः, वालपूर्वः, क्रिकाः Sarcastic ; severe.

Mordeoity, a. eveletes; eveletes; The quality of being mordacious.

Mordant, a. शर्मक : Biting into :—वार्गन शाहिक-श्रमाजी : Serving to fix colours :—n. সোনার পাত सामाहिक्षण आठि। ; A sticky matter to make goldleaf adhere.

More, mor, a. আরও অধিক : অধিকভর : অতিরিক্ত ; অপরাপর ; বৃহত্তর : Additional ; greater in amount ; other besides ; greater :—adv. অধিক পরিমাধে ; To a greater degree :—অধিকত্ত ; পুনরাধ ; আরও ; In addition : again ; longer :—n. অধিক পরিমাধ : অতিরিক্ত বস্তু : A greater thing.

Be no more—লোগ পাওৱা ; ইংগোৰ হইতে অপগত-হ ; Cease to exist. [ nual increase. More and more—উন্ধান্তৰ আৰও : With conti-More is meant than meets the ear—বাহা দেখা বা অনা বায় ডা ছাড়া অনেক বুৱায় ; More is implied than expressed, means a great deal more than what you see or hear.

More or less—হিছু কাই হটক বা কিছু বেশীই হটক ; Perhaps more, perhap, less:—অধিক বা অল পরিমাণে, In a greater or smaller degree.

No more—মৃত : Existing no longer ; departed ; deceased or destroyed —মার নতে, Not any longer :—তাহার অধিক নতে. Not in a greater degree :—মার কাজ নাই, Enough,—No greater quantity

The more—আৰক পরিবাবে, To a greater degree. The more, the more—ছত পরিবাবে নেই পরিবাবে, বৃত্তই ভত্তই: By how much more—by so much more. [woden stuft used for curtains. Moreon, moreto, n. শক্ত পশ্মী কাপড়, A stout Moreover, moreto've, ad অধিকত্ত, অপিচ. পুনন্দ ; আরও, এইডিয় Also, hesides further. Moreogque, moreto'k, a উত্তর আফ্রিকার অধিবানীকের প্রবাধীতে কৃত, Done alter the manner of the Moors.—n. এক প্রকাষ ক্ষরতার স্থান, A species of ornamentation, same as orabe-que.

Morganatic, mor-gan-atik, a. বামহত Left handed —-নীচজাতীয় স্থানোকের সহিত বিবাহিত, Married to a woman of lower rank.

Morganatio marriago—ৰে বিবাহে স্থী স্থানীৰ পদ স্বধিকাৰ করিতে পাৰে লা, A marriage in which the wife does not take the husband's rank.

Moribund, mor'i-bund, a. [L. morior, to die] মুডকল; মন মন; At the point of death, about to die, dying. [abounding with little holes. Moril, n. মেডন ছাডা, ছাক; A mushroon Morion, more-un, n. শিৱহাণ; An open helmet without visor or beaver; casque.

Morisco, Morisk, n. The Moorish language: - 951 विराध ; A moorish dance.

Mormon, mor'mon, স ইউলাইটেড ষ্টেটেৰ বনামব্যাত নুজন ষ্ট্টান সম্প্ৰবাহ বিশেষের লোক; One of a sect in the United states, founded by Joseph Smith, who invented a spurious scripture. n=mormonism. Mormon state—Utah.

Mormonism, n. মর্ম্বিংগর ধর্মত , The doctrines of the Mormons.

Morn, n. আতংশাল, এডাড : Morning ; the first part of the day :—a. আতংশালী খ, Pertaining to the morning.

Morning, morning, m. প্রাত্তকাল; প্রন্থাপ; The first part of the day or day-light till noon; am early part:—s. প্রতিকালীন: প্রতিকাল Pertaining to the morning:—প্রতিকাল Done in the morn; being in the morning. Syn:—(n) Dawn, daybreak, morn, sunrise; forenoon; spring time.

Morning-gift, n. প্রতিক; Gift made to a woman the morning alter marriage. [plant. Morning-glory, n. করা বিশেষ; A climbing Morning-land, n. প্রতিকালয়. [Venus. Morning-star, n. প্রতিকালয়]. The planet Morocoo, mo-rok-ko, n. ম্রোকো চাল্ডা; সুসর চিক্র চর; A fine kind of leather of goat or sheep skin, first brought from Morocco.

Morose, mō-1তঃ, a. [L. morosus, from mos, moris, manner] বিষাদ্যক , বিষয় , কঠিল : কন্ম ; কটোৱপ্রকৃতি ; কোণনবভাষ , Gloomy ; severe. n=moroseness, ad=morosely. Syn.—Sullen, gruff, austere, spienetic, crabbed, crusty, churlish, surly, ill-humoured, ill-natured.

Morpheus, morfus, n. यथ-प्यका, यवान्तिप्यका; The god of dreams.

Morphia, morfi-a, Morphine, morfin, त. आंक्टिनव मांड, अव्टिक्टनव माइटान, The narcotte principle of optum.

Morrice, moris, Morris, Morris-dance, n. नृहाति ( ) A dance in imitation of the Moors performed with castanets by a single person of a dance in imitation to the Moors

Morrow, mor'o, n. আগামী কলা, পর্যাধ্যক, অধ্যবিত্ত প্রাথিন: To-morrow, the day following the present; the next following day.

Morse, mors, s. निष्-(पार्टिक, The walrus, seahorse, the American elk.

Morsol, morsel, n. একখাস, টুকরা, আন পরিমাণ ' এক কামড়. A small piece of food a smal quantity; a mouthful. Syn:—B.te, mounta' piece, fragment, part, scrap.

Mort, n. [L. mors, death] শিকারের গুড়ু তে জনিত হয়; A note or tune sounded at the death of game.

Mortal, mor'tal, a. [L. mortalis, from moriri, to die ] ন্যা; মান ; Subject to death:—প্ৰাণহ ; মানান্তক; Rusing death, intal, deadly:—মাননীয়, Human:—সাংঘাতিক, Deadly in malice or purpose, inveterate.—মুতু দত্যোগ্য; Deserving death:—মামান্ত নহে, Not vental:—ভ্যানক; দাকৰ, প্ৰনা; Extreme; violent.—বিশক্তিকন্ন; Vexing; tormenting; tedious—n. A being subject to death:—ম্মুন্য, Main. ad mortally. Syn:—(a) Destined to die; frail; likely to kill, destructive, wearisome.

Mortal lot of people—बहरायाँ वासि ; A vast number of men.

Mortality, mor-tale-te, n. মৃত্যু , Death :— মৃত্যু -সংখ্যা ; মারি , মড়ক ; Frequency of death ; the number of deaths :—মানবজাতি . The human race. Syn :—Destruction, corruption , humanity.

Mortar, mor'tar, m. চুণ , চুণ বাণী ও জলের বিশ্বণ; Cement for joining bricks and stones; a cement of lime, sand and water:—ৰ্দা; ছাধাৰ-বিশ্বা, A vessel in which substances are pounded with a pestle —कामान विरम्ब , Short wide gun for throwing shells

Mortgage, moi'gৰা, n. বন্ধক, ধণকন্ত গড়িত সম্পত্তি, A pledge of lands or goods, a conveyance of property, as security for a debt, a pledge of land to a creditor till the loan is paid —v t বন্ধক-দে, To pledge a security for a debt n-mortgager (বন্ধকাড়া)!

Mortify, mort fire to make ] 可是写 lo death and fire to make ] 可是写 lo death and fire to make ] 可是写 lo death and fire to cause to die 一面下京有有 "一面 \*\* "一面 \*\* 1 bis sto sulvet ) — " et \*\* "一面 \*\* 1 bis sto sulvet ) — " et \*\* " 可是" " 可能 可以 " bis sto sulvet it \*\* " 可以 " 可以 " 可以 " 可以 " 可以 " 可以 death fire subdue shum confound abis death fire subdue shum subdue s

Mortifying, morti-li ng व यलन नहनक विद्वालिक Humiliating १८११ ए

Mortmain, mortmin : গ করান্তর করণ সমান্তর স্ক্রান্তিশান, Al chat on of lands to a corperation or religious body

Mortuary, moitu ur-i a ন্তেব্ৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ দুদ্দ মুত্তৰ সমাধিনস্থান Belonci to in barial of the dead — n সমাধ, সমাধিত্ৰ, A turni place, burial ground

Mosaic, mo zaik Mosaic work, mo in work, n ि निर्मय करना राज्य 11 ते work in which the effect of paints, i produced by piece et colored time work in Mosaic, mo-zaik a करना रिज्यू र र Relating to or composed of mosaic visited aa=mc aicily

Mosaic, भाग नवारे व मान्यकोत Pertainin to

Moschatel, n डाइन जिल्ला A plant [wine ]
Moselle, mo-/cl n जल (क्ला), French white
Moslom, mo/lem, n टिनि ।वान, A Mussulman ;
or Mahoriedan — a (साज्ञानानिकात नवकीय
Of or belonging to the Mahomedans

Mosque, mosk n मन्दिन, A Mahomedan place of worship

Mosquito, mos-k"to, n 3" F" , A large gnat, a biting gnat pi-m; quitoes

Mosquito-bar, Mosquito-net, n मनीत , A net or curt un ( exer a bed or in a window ) to exclude mosquitos.

Moss, mos, n শৈবাল, শেওলা, A family of cryptogamic plants, a lichen —v. t. শেওলা বিশিষ্ট-কু, শৈবালায়ত-কু, To cover with moss.

Moss-land, n শৈবাৰপূৰ্ণ জ্ঞা, Land abounding in moss or pot bogs [ variety of rose Moss-rose, mos-rose, n পোলাপ পূলা বিশেষ, A Moss-trooper, mos troop'er, n মহা বিশেষ Robber, one of the bandits that used to infest the border country between England and Scotland

Mossy, most, a শৈবালপুৰ্ণ, শৈবালমন্ন, Overgrown or abounding with moss n=mossiness Most, most a সন্ধাপকা আধক, অধিকতম, বছল, Greatest exceeding n number —ad সন্ধাপেকা অবিস শ্ব গণিয়ালে In the highest degree — স অধিক স্থা সুত্ৰম সহল পৰিমাণ, I he greate t number or quantity

For the most part—≅71

Make the most of ६० एत स्टेंड शांत नांड वी लाउड़ा विकास के बिट account

To the most of one sability — সংক্ষা ।

Mote, me' গ সুণু বিস্কৃতি কাৰ স্থাবি স

Moth, nett দ জ ব ই দিব বুল A mill n — দাণ্ট শা লা আৰক্তে That pl cats was a pilling gradually and

Moth out, m th-tt ল গ জেলাক কু, loprey uson, is a n heats a ument. Moth-outen, m th n a মুগ্ৰ ১, কীট-দুর, hacacretify mate

ा भ भाग नगमा A fem do Mother, : ' মতে —১ই', প্লোচা কমন্ Pin --Matin 75 7 4 H 10' a numery fr & 1 D vs or dime + as of vinegar ल रलाय अ अ Natural native -r 7 received by linh - Flasher মাতৃত্বকা Acting the part or have gathe part i impti ntn । (भाराभुभ प्र) The fall of as a son or ، ، فالم خ r tla attoccane bird dir ti Mother Carva the cast of fama, Storm Mother (01, 117, 1 75 1 Country from whetelis tiern ith

Mother spose, 1 11, A tury woman -

Motherhood, tetter had, त. माण्य अनतीय, The state et he a amother

Mother-in law, mutici in-law, n qui, merr, Wieso limit indemnther

Motherless, muther le a মাত্রীৰ, Without irrother d tue of a mother

Motherly, muther-k এ বা গ্ৰাণা, ৰাতৃক; জননী-ব নডিঃ, ে এল শেপুৰ্ব, Puent il , maternal , tend r n = motherliness

Mother of pearl, muther-ov-perl, n fagrag

internal layer of several kinds of shells, esp. oyster shells of the Indian Seas. **Mother-gueen, ». রাজ্যাতা** , Queen mother Mother-tongue, muther-tung, n. नाज्ञांच , आ विश्वा , One s own tongue, native language Mother's brother, স মাতৃল , নামা ! Mother's sister, n মাতৃহণা মাসী। Mother s son - यश नित्त , One s ownsell Mother wit, n খাভাৰিক বুদ্ধি, তীক্ষ বৃদ্ধি, Nalive wit a rendy reply Moth-hunter, moth-hunter n পদীবিশেষ. A little kind of swallow which hunts moths Mothy, moth, a প্তক্ষয় , কটিপুর্ব , খুণ্ময় , Full of moths Motion, mo'shun n. [ 1 . motio from movere motum, to move ] পতি ভলী, Movement ant — रहाइक कि , Power of motio । — कत्युन में नाइन Change of position - गानिमक धातुमन' Lucite ment of mind —ধহাৰ Proposal —v t ক্ষপু signs-f. fo make i ignific nt moveme t द्धावतंत्र है To prepare Sin -(r) China rinting pa are ulion impul prompting n tion project a project Of one sown motion - ক্ল প্ৰকাশ To put in motion \*\*\*\* # Motionless, mūshun la व वका विकस Without mo' on Syn - 1 'aid ing till grescent will to the Motive, m us, व सम्प्र क्लात Whit moves to action or to chorindi mint -क रूप (४२ Regeon र स्कृतिक संकारमण नुन्धद्व (nu ng motion has ar power to ma S. -Incentive in it ment pir imuli premote term cur conditation of m cer tivir a Pu por Motivo power -. \*\* \* \* The power tree, while kins on invibody or quantity : ratter puts icin crotim Motivity, n गांठ-एए नक मास किन्य्रान्तर The power of producing more in the quality of being influenced by millies Motloy, matte, n [ W : claw to change and line colour | elect of 17813 Disci shed diess of atomaiol - । नार्शन विन्त-वर्गमंत्री, नाना करन ग - Dva hat vin ? ted in colour compound of tire is pat Syn -(a) Spotted, pecked dippled mottle l beterogeneous Motely crowd-लि बण्यत 'क िमनद रे लिब MAS A hody of men dre sed in dre e of vi rious colou s fant miten Motor, mo'tor ল পতি স্কাশল, Ihu which Motor car—গাতি বিশেষ। [ motion Motory, mā tot-1, a मान प्रकार Giving Mottle, mod., ত ৰ নানাবৰে । অ বিভিত্ৰ-কু, Ic mark with spots of various colours Mottled, a 季氣, Marked with spots of differ ent colours Motto, moto n क्य मईकार्यक कर ताका वाक

A brief sentence put as a device or token

emblem pl=mottoes.

Mould, möld, n sit, aire, Model, pattern, cast -- वृद्धि, आकात्र, नजम बाहित कीह , Form , shape ; character —নবম স্থৃতিকা , উৰ্ব্ববা মাটি , Soil rich in derayed matter — शृति , Dust — उन्नामन , Com posing matter - \$15 (45, A minute pengus which grows on bidie in a dimp atmosphere. — গ ট ৰ্ডিব। বাংশ পুণ-৫ মৃ\_িবার্ড ক , lo cover with coil — शहेन कु ७ - ७ । Lo shape, to form ın a mould —ডল' ঠানা মানা, To knead — ছাতা পদাन , In cause to contract mould -ए :. ছাতাপড়া, ছাতাধ্বা, Iobecome mouldy n= moulder Syn -(n) I ashion mildew, mustinees, smut blight loam (v) Model, fashion cacve cast configure Cast in a mould-এक र्सवा यश स्वाब मृत क्रिक् der Shape (so nething) in a cordance with something else —কান বিশেষ ছাঁচে গতিত্ব, Form of a (certain) make Cast in the same mould--একট ছ'ণ নিৰ্দ্বিত এवर ना क ए कहार्वार्वान्त्र-इ , Be indentical in nature or character being moulded Mouldable, a ভা 5 চালিবাৰ বোগ্য , Capable of Moulder molder a i f Lng man'd, soft, earth ত্রম" - নী চ অহিত-হ lo waste away ciadually -518 . Lo cruiable to dust -v t 5' 4 To turn to dust Syn -Crumble decry, perish [ tectoral ornaments. Moulding, molding " \$15, Cieting, archi-Mouldwrap, n প্ৰদেশ , A mole. Mouldy, m di a gie noi, Occigrown with t 11 - nouldiness Moult, mil ৩ / চুব প্লাৰ শুক্ত প্ৰভূকি গ্ৰা MFI . N & Focist the hair, feathers, skin 1011 '1 15 &c -ए र हुए हारहा जात-क loca the tichii, skin &c), to shed Moulting, n hnr; পালক সাগ প্রাটিপ্রি Interpretable of moul ngot cat ing feith is skin &c. Miound, mid и if mone (eap) कृतिय Fr (0) 3 Art middlell or elevation of enth are link a nitifial mount -इन्दरके देन Dine bulwark, rampart, a bank of control thrown up for de-ーラップ A natural 1 olated hill a hallock or knc i - ' वश बाना त्यम कृ वश बांबा rs I lit to with a mound Sym -- (n) Hall halo k k l hap, tank Mount, n unt n [L mons maitis, moun tin 🤲 পদত শোভার্যপ্র বল A high In I mount un an ornament al mound - BBafa > p Me is or opportunity for mounting is, ther in dthe equipments for a horseman - 1 ১% শ-ন ≱. ভশবে ইঠা, To rise up --इश् त्रांच्य है lo get upon anything, get on h tack ack -4. 2 355 To be of great elevation मन्द्र Io amount or count up -- ए ! के पार्वान के To raise iloft - बारबाइन-कृ, To chmb -- अपनृत्ध आत्वारण करान अपनृत्ध शालन क ; To put on haise back - अब क्लांबान, Supply with horses - एडर शार्ष शा निया डिश्रातमन कृ , Bestride . ব্যাবৰভাবে সন্ধিও কু To set in fitting order -

বিছৰ ভগৰ স্থাৰ-ৰু, To put upon something.

Sys:—(v) Ascend. arise, uprise, tower, soar; scale, escalade; raise upon, set in, embellish, ornament; carry, furnish with.

Be mounted with—वीबान ; माना वा जला निया वीबान ; Be laid over with ( gold or silver ).

Mount Zion—वर्ग ; Heaven. [ sentinal. To mount guard—शहरीत कर्म-कृ : To act as a Mountable, mounta-bl, a. আह्राहर-पांत्र . आह्राहर-नांग ; That may be ascended.

Mountain, mowntan, n. পৰ্বাত, A high hill;— বৃহৎ বন্তু, কোন পৰাত বস্তু, Anything very large, —n. পৰ্বত্ৰসম্বাধীয়, পাৰ্শ্বতা; Of or relating to a mountain:—বৃহৎ; Vast

Mishomet shall come to the mountain— ছোট বড়ব নিৰুট অবগুই আসিবে, The less must come to the greater.

Makes mountain of a mole-hill — তিলকে তাল অবাশ-ক . Make great out of little difficulties.

Mountain in labour—वशास्त्र नपु किया. A mighty effort made for a small effect.

Mountain-ash, n. ক্রেন্ট্রন The rowan-tree Mountain-dow, n হ'বা নিশেব, Whisky. Mountaineer, পাচ্চ হ'লে-লৈ প্রতিবাদী, মীন লোক Inhalitant of the bills, n rustic.

Mountam-lime-atone, त. कोई अखबखब दिल्ल . A series of lime-ston strata

Mountainous, movette-us. a. পৰ্কতমন্ত্ৰ, পাৰ্ক জীব : Full of mount ান — বৃহৎ , প্ৰকাত , Huge Mountain-pass – পিবিংল্লা

Mountebank, mounte-bangk, n. [It. montare, to mount, নানা Janc), bench) হাত্তিরা, মুর্গ বৈদ্য আনার্থন, প্রতাশক . A quark doctor; a boastful presender charlitan Sun:—Empire, quack Mounting, n. অনুকার সাধন, The act of embleshing

Mourn, morn, n. s. বিনাপ-কৃ. ডাবিদ-চ. To grive, to be sorrew'ul —n t (বাংশ ভয়া বিলাপ-কৃ. চু.ব প্রকাশ-কৃ. To grieve for, bewail bemoan n=mourner Syn —Deplore, lament, sorrow.

Mournor, দ শেককাৰী, বিশাপনাদী, One who mourns—শে কছচক বৰ পরিধান কানো যে স্বেদ্ধ প্রাচে প্রাচে প্রাচিত অৱশ্যন করে; One who follows a funeral in the habit of mounting.

Mournfal, mornfool, a শোকস্টক, বেলপ্রকাশক, Expressing sorrow —লোকাবুল; শোকাবু; Full of sorrow —ছুঃশ্টনক, Causing sorrow namournfullness. a lamournfully Syn —Sad, sorrowful, grievous, afficting, distressing, deplorable, lugubrious, doleful, heavy

Mourning, murhing, n নিলাপ; পোক; Grief, corrow:—পাকসচক বস্তু, The dress worn by mour ners — বে'কজনক, পোকজনক, বিলাপনান; Lamenting; expressing grief, ad-mourningly.

Mouse, mows, n. নুগক, ইন্দুৰ; A little rodent:

-- খ. ধ্ৰিক বুড-কু; ইন্দুৰ ধৰা; To catch mice -চত্ৰভাগৰ অপেকা-কু; ধ্ৰিতানৰ প্ৰতীকা-কু; To watch
for silly. pl -- mice n -- mouser. [tches mouse
Mousor, n. বে বিয়াব ইন্দুৰ ধৰে. A cat that caMouso-ear, nowi-er, n উছিদ্ বিশেষ; A plant
Mouso-tail, n. বৰ্ষজীবী কুক্বিশেষ, A small annual plant.

Mousetrap, त. हेन्स कन ; A trap for catching mouse.

Moustache, mous-tash, n. Same as Mustache. Mouth, mouth, n. মূব; বনন; The opening in the face communicating with the wind pipe and gullet — মূব . Opening of a vessel, cave, hole, river &c.:—কবা কহিবাৰ বন্ধ: Instrument of speaking — এবাৰ বন্ধা; A principal speaker — মূবভন্না. Wry face; grimace — ফ . . উচ্চকাৰি-ফ ; ইন্ডে:বনে উচ্চারণ-ফু. To speak in a big or swelling manner. vociperate, rant — ফ . অপ্যান-ফু; Insult:—আন-ফ . ডক্মণ-ফু. To devous; to chew. Srn:—(n) Chaps, jaws; aperture, opening, orifice, entrance, inlet.

Down in the mouth, a. বিষয়: ছাৰিত: Cast down.

[ the face Make mouths—মূৰকটী-ফু: মূল ভেলচান. Distort One's mouth waters—(কোন বাল পাড়েল পেৰিয়া) মূৰে লাল পাড়: One feels a longing desire for something (generally, food) which is excessively tempting.

Stop the mouth—মূৰ বৰ-কৃ Put to silence Take the bread out of one's mouth—মৃ: ক্ আন কাড়িয়া লখ্যা; Deprive one of the means of subsistence.

Mouthed, a. মূণ্ডিক, Furnished with a mouth. Mouther, n লাভিক বসা. An affe ted speaker. Mouth-friend, n কলাই বন্ধু, A mere professing friend.

Mouthful, morth ool, n প্ৰান, অভ্যন, স্মান্ত পৃথি-মাণ; As much as the mouth contains at once, is much as fills the meight, a small quantity Mouth-honour, mowth-onur, n. ৰপ্ট ভয়তা, নোৰিক শিষ্ট্ৰা, Caulity without meetity.

Mouthless, monthles, a मृत्मुल, निक्ष, Wi-

Mouth-pioce, monthps, n বানার মূপ, স্থ নাণ, Part of a musical institument that touches the lips — বেবজি বভাজার মতামত প্রবাদ করে, মুধ-ক্রপ, মুধণার, One who speaks for others, a spokesman.

Movable, a চেৰাইন; That may move or be inoved — একানী, অস্থাৰৰ, Not fixed, changeable [and turniture. Movables, r. p. অস্থাৰৰ স্পাই, Personal goods

Move, mody, v t [L movee, to move ] চালিত-কু, স্থান পবিষষ্ঠন করান; স্কাবিত-কু; To cause to change place or position, to set in motion - विश्वविक . To affect (the mind, will or passions) —বাধাৰ-ৰু; Propose, offer :-- আন্ত্ৰ-क. Touch pathetically -কার্ণা প্রেপ্লানিত ক, To excite to action: -প্ৰবৃত্তি চ , উদ্দীপিত ক , উত্তেলিত-কু , To persuade ; to arouse , to excite : -ए. s. नहां , To have motion ; to go from one place to another :-- होडी ; शहदाम च्ला To walk : --ছান পরিবর্ত্তন-তু; ছানান্তরে যাওয়া; To change place or posture; to go from one place to another -- ABIA-F; To make a motion as in an assembly :-- ॥ अवन ; त्रकालन . A movement . the act of moving :-- (कोमन : Trick # mover. Syn :- (v) Impel. propel. pitch. shote. . 1 !!, change, alter, remove, actuate, persuade prompt, instigate, incite, induce, incline, influence, rouse, agitate; affect, impress, touch; go, proceed, march, progress; act, live; change residence, flit.

Move earth and heaven—ৰৰ্গ বৰ্ড আলোড়িত-কু; বৰ্গ বৰ্ড পাতাৰ এক-কু; বৰ্থাসাধ্য চেষ্টা-কু; Exert one's utmost; make a most powerful movement; use every possible effort.

Moving spirit - डेस्सानी शुक्त ; Principal or energetic pers in an enterprise.

Mow, no, n তুগের রালি; লাদের জুগ: Heap, as of cora, a pile of hay —v. t. তুগ রালিকৃত রাগা: লাম পুণাকারে রাখা; To lay hay or sheaves of grain to a heap:—কাতে বারা কর্ত্রন-কৃ; কাতে বাবা চেলন বৃ, To cut down with a scythe:—ব্রুম্বাল বাবে বাব-কৃ, বছল পরিমাণে কাতিয়া কেলা; To cut down in great numbers:—v. i. খাম কাতি; To cut grass.

Mowor, mu'er, n. বে খান কাতি; ভূপচ্ছেদক; One Mowing, n. কাতে খাবা চেলন , তেনিত ভূপ ভূমিখন.

The art of cutting down with a scythe; land from which grass is cut.

Much, much, a. অনেক; কছল পরিমাণ; প্রচুব; Great in quantity; great in number — অধিক কিন্তু সংবি, দীগ্রামী; Long in duration:—n অপ্রিক; কেন্দ্র পরিমাণ; A great quantity — অভুত কিন্তু , A wonderful thing —ad. অধিক পরিমাণ; ক্রুত্র পরিমাণে; To a great degree:—সর্বহাণ; পুন:পুন: দীকোন ব্যাপিয়া; Often; long —প্রায়; Almost:—বর্নু দিন: Syn:—(a) Abundant, plenteous, plentiful, copious, ample. (ad) Greatly, abundantly, far; frequently; nearly, almost, about.

[ quantity. As much —হাই; The samething, an equal

As much -হাছ; the samething, an equal As much as lies in one's power—বৰ্ণানাধা; As much as to say —তাহা বারা এই বলা বা ভাব একাল করা হব; Meaning thereby to say:—এ বনাও বা ও বলাও তা; Equivalent to saying.

Make much of—সন্মান-ক; Treat with great respect.

Much coin, much oare—যাৰ খনেক টাকা, ভার ৰড ভাৰনা; One who has a great deal of money has also a good deal of care.

Much cry and little wool—ব্লারত্তে লব্জিয়া। So much for—ও নবৰে এই ড, বা এই পর্যন্ত ; This is all that I have to say about.

So much so—এতপুৰ; To such a degree. Think much of one's self—আন্ধরাতা পরবৰ-হ; To be self-conceited.

This much, thus much—এডা; এই পর্যন্ত ; So much ; so far. [ n=mucidness. Mucid, mu'sid, a. আটাবুক ; আঠাব ; Slimy. Mucilage, mu'si-laj, n. আটাবুক পদাৰ্থ ; বাং বাছের আটা . Slimy substance like mucus ; gum ; a substance like mucus, found in certain vegetables.

Mucilaginous, mū'si-lajin-us, a. আটাবং; আঠাল; Slimy:—রসনিসালা; Secreting mucilage. Muck, muk, n. ভিজা গোবৰ; পুরীব; Dirt; dung; filth:—জযক্ত এব্য: কদ্ধা বস্তু; Something mean vile, or filthy:—v. t. গোববাদি থারা সার-দে; প্রী-্টাদি সার দেওয়া; To manure with muck; dung. Muckworn, n. গোবরে শোকা; A worm that lives in dung:—কুপণ; Miser.

Mucky, muki, a. मग्रलायुक्त ; ममल ; जनविकांत ; Nasty ; filthy. n=muckiness.

Muoous, mu'kus, a. [L. mucosus, from mucus, mucus] আটাবুক; আঠান; Slimy; viscous. Syn:—Ropy, gummy, glutinous, viscid, mucilaginous.

Mucous diarrhos—আমালয়। Mucous tissue—লৈখিক বিলী।

Mucus, mū'kus, n. ক্লেম্ , আম ; কক ; কেম্মা ; The shime fluid on all the interior canals of the body to moisten them ; the viscid fluid from the nose. Mud, mud, n. পক, কৰ্দম ; সৃত্তিকা ; Moist ; soft carth :—v. t. পক্লে গ্ৰেছিড-কু ; কৰ্দমে গ্ৰেছিড-কু ; To bury in mud :—ছোলা-কু ; গৰিল-কু ; To dirty; to muddy.

Muddle, mudl, v. t. ঘোলা-ক : আনিল-ক ; To make muddy or foul, as water :-- মাচাল-ক ; তবুদ্দি-ক ; To make half drunk ; to stupefy.

Muddy, mude, a. আনিল; পহিল, কর্মনাক্ত; খোলা; Foul with mud; containing mud; covered with mud; turbid:—নির্কোধ; হতবৃদ্ধি; Stupid: confused:—হ. t. কর্মনম্য-কৃ: আবিল-কৃ: To dirty:—নির্কোধ-কৃ: ভতবংকৃ, To render dull; make dull. ad=muddily, n=muddiness. Syn:—(a) Miry, luteous, impure, dirty, soiled, foul; dull, muddled, confused.

Muddy-headed, mudi-heded, a. जनन ; निर्दर्शा ; इस्ट्रिक ; Dull ; duggish.

Muezzin, ma-eźin, n. বে মোসলমান মোলা মস্বিদে থাকিতা উচ্চে:খরে উপাসনাকাল জ্ঞাপন করে; A Mohammed.in official, who announces the hours of prayer.

Muff, mui. n হস্তাহরণ বিশেষ: উপায়র হস্তাচ্ছাদ্রী; Soft cover of fur to wrap the hands in :— নির্কোধ লোক; A fool; a sly, stupid fellow.

Muffin, mul'in, n. কোমল পিষ্টক বিশেষ; A light spongy cake.

Muffin boy, n. A boy who sells muffin.

Muffle, muf'l, v. f. আচ্ছালন-কু, To wrap up; shroud:—গোণন-কু; Conceal —এমন করিরা আচ্ছাদন করা বে লব্দ প্রতন হয়; লব্দ প্রতিগোচর বা হয় এ ভাবে ভড়ান; To wrap up, so as to render sound dull:—চফু বাঁধিয়া দৃষ্টলক্তি হীল-কু; To bludfold. Syn:—Cover; disguise; deaden the sound of. [A cover that muffles the face, Muffler, muffler, n. মুধাবরণ; মুধাচ্ছাদনী; অব্ভঙ্গন, Mufti, n. ডুবমণেশের মোনবনান-বিধি ব্যাধ্যাক্যক

An official expounder of Mohammedan law f jug. in Turkey. Mus, mug, #. वनशांत : Barthen or metal cup or Muggy, mug'i, Muggish, mug'ish, a. कृष्ट्रिन-काम्ब ; बार्ड ; विश्वा ; boggy , close and damp. Mulatto, mu-lato, n. ইউনোপীযেৰ উল্লেকাফিব মৰ্ভক্ষাত সন্থান; বেতকৃঞ্-নৈখুনজাত সন্থান; The offspring of a white and black parents. fem = [ tree, a fruit. mulattress. Mulberry, mulber-i, n. कुंडवाह ; कुंडवन . A Mulberry-faced, a. Spotted like mulberry Mulberly nosed, a Having the note spotted Mulet, mulk, n. [ L. muleto, to fine ] अविशानी . अर्थक ; A fine of money ; a penalty .- ए ! [ sing a fine खर्शन क , To fine.

Mulctuary, mulktū-ar-i, a অৰ্নভকাৰী, Impo-Mule, mul, n. অৰতৰ, ৰচ্চৰ; Mongrel (offspring) of a horse and an ass - লেগগৈৰ বোক, একপ্ৰৱে বোক; Pig-he ided man; a stublion person: — পতা কাটা বস্তু, উকু বিশেষ, Spinming machine; an instrument for cetton-spinning Muleteer, mul-et-ci', n পচ্চৰ চাৰক; অৰত্য-চৰক, One who drives mules.

Mulish, malish, a হাতবাৰ, জ্বাহবৰৰ, Like a mule — এক প্ৰায় কৰিব প্ৰয় কৰিব প্ৰায় কৰিব প

Mullet, mulet, n. त्यांत्र नारा चरता. A gen. ६ ८ ।
Mullion, mulyun, n. इ.स.नात प्रवाद, जनकात्र
मध्यां चन्न, Upright bur dividing the lights of
a window:—v. t जनात्र यांचा काल-३, 10 sh.ipt |
into divisions by mullions

Multiangular, Mullangular, a रहाकान , बहरकान , Having many angle o coincis Multidinous, adi क्रेक, Many

Multifarious, multerl'i'e us, a 'L multumany, and varius, variou j apatha, see Manifold, various, having event decests administrationally. Syn —Multiform, divers, diversified.

Multiform, multi-form, a বচরণ, ক্ষেক্তি, Having many forms n=multiformity

Multilateral, multi-later-al, o. 4959 . Haring many sides

Multilineal, mul-ti-line-al, a. रहान्य: Having

Multinomial, a बानह नाम र्याक्षेत्र, Having main Multiped, multi-ped, n. 11. multus, many and fes, fedis, foot ] नश्नर काँहें; An insert having many feet.

खात्रानि, A number or quantity to be multiplied by another.

Multiplication, mul-te-ple-ka'shun, n. প্ৰা : ভাৰ . ভাৰ কবিষাৰ নিয়ম ; The number or quantity by which any given number or quantity is multiplied Syn —Multiplicity; repetition; reiteration, reproduction.

Multiplicative, multi-pli-kāt-iv, a. ভগ্ৰণীৰ; গুৰুক্ষ, Having the power to multiply.

Miltiplicator, multi-pli-kāt-ur, n. ofester;
The multiplier.

Multiplicity, mul-ti-plisi-ti, n. নানাবিৰ; বিবি-ধন্ন; বহন বা , বাহনা; A great number or variety. Multiplier, multi-pli-er, n. অৰপুৰুক; স্থাক; স্থাকরণি . The number or quantity by which another is multiplied

Multiply, multe-pl. v. t [L. multus, many, and fluare, to fold] 哪程本-專, 我表现代表事; To make manifold or many; to make more numerous - or 事, To perform the process of authorate multiplication -v. c. 역사 事; 利益多 下o therase. Sun:—Augment; repet, ret nat.

Multitudo, multe "nd, n f l, mm'ins. many ]
লকত ব, কেন্তু, Great many সাধানৰ লোক,
লোক ব, কেন্তু, কেন্তুৰ সমনায়, Throng, a
crowd populace; the common people. Syn —
Hit becom arms, every, concourse mob,
common alts, unigar.

Multitudinous, mul-ti-tici-nus, a. আৰু ; সভয় Guetting or harmy the appearance of n multitude manifold

Mum rum, a faya, dan; Silent -- n. fann ( Silent -- n. faya, A sort of strong ben -- art finance pri, Be silent.

Mumble, muriti, e. z ্ া বিং বৃ. আপাইডাৰে বলা :
She ik with the lips purity closed. speak indicative in the circumsters, gramble, speak marticular ' লে আৰু চিংলাৰ, ' ি তেওঁ কি বিংলা বাবিলা, ' তেওঁ কি বিংলা বাবিলা, আনশ্ৰে উচ্চাইণ-ই,
To urer indictionally in imperiectly:

\*\*\*\*\*\* বিংলা বি

Mumbler, mumblet, n or les les sea, ala en en el es low, indistinet voice.

Mumm, mum, v f ছল্লাক-কৃ: ছল্লাক্তৰ কৌছুৰ-কু; To mask; to frolic in disguist.

Mummor, mu fiet, n कश्चत्वा कींह; कश्चत्वा व्याप्त कांक्र कांक्र : A bulloon ; a masker.

Mummiery, munier i, n. মুখন ধারণপূর্ত্তক জীড়া কলণ, চন্ত্রাবল ধাবণ, কৌতুক করণ, Masking, lairical show, build onery; diversion.

Mummify, muchi-fi, n. t. মুগুলাপ্ত হারা মুক্তংহ ডাঙা ব্যিয়া বাধা; To make into a mummy; to embalm and dry as a mummy. n=mummification.

Mumming, n. চন্দ্ৰনৌ ভাতের অভিনয় . The sports of mummers —a. ভাতের অভিনয় ন.কান্ত ; Pertaining to the sports of mummers.

Mummy, mumi, n. নদনা ছারা রক্ষিত বৰ : পদৰ হচতে রক্ষিত বৰ ; Dead body dried and preserved; human body preserved by the Egyptian art of balming — v. t. গলন ছইতে রকা-৫, To embalm and dry, as a mummy. [soundly Beat to a mummy — উত্তম মুখ্যম প্রছার ক. Beat Mump, mump, v t মুখ বন্ধা রাখিয়া অববৌধ্য কাশে স্থানক-ক; অপষ্ট বন্ধা, To move the lips with the mouth almost closed — শীম চন্দা-ক, প্রকট্ প্রিয়া কাম্ডান, To chew quickly, to mibble — প্রচারণা কৃ, To cheat — v ঃ ডিকা-ক ভিত্তের ভাগ ফ, To play the beggar — বিভ্
বিভ্-ক, Mumble

Mumpor, mump'er, n Spa, A beggar.

Mumpish, mump'ish, a বিভেক্ত, বিভাক, বিভাক, বিভাক, বিভাক, বিশ্বতি, Silent, dull, sullen. ad -- mumpishly, n=mumpishness

Mumps, # কৰ্মুল প্ৰদাহ , গলাপুল , A swelling of the glands of the neck

Munch, munsh, v. t শক্ষাক চৰ্দ্ৰণ কু, To chew noisily or engerly — v i মুখ না ধুলিখা দৰ্শন-কু
To chew with closed lips, masticate, to chew without opening the mouth n=muncher

Muncher, त. पूर्व स् वृतिमा (य ६२४ व च व, On who munches

Mungoose, Mongoose, n ार्वत नवत An animal of India, which destroys snakes, small animal &c , a species of icrir umon

Mundano, muid 1, a | I. mundus, the world ] आर्थित कार्यांत्र I terre trial, worldly

Municipal, mu-nulpil, and I nunis efficial duties, and capie, to the limits of Relating to a city, corporation or state

Municipality, mūnis i piliti, ল নাগৰিব বিভাগ, বিশেষ অধিকাৰণ প্ৰভাৱ দ lown corpo a tion, a municipal district

Munificance, mū-nic-sent, a [ ] muneri, gift, and facere, to make কুল্টান্টা, বেড্ডা Bountifulness, lib cality Syn -- Bencheent bounteous, bountiful, generous, princely.

Munificent, ma-nli-scit, a দ্যাপু বদান্ত উদাৰ, Generous, bount ful ad-munificently Muniment, mu'ni ment, n ত' আলুবন্ধ, Fortification, stronghold defence - স্বাহ্য দলিভ পত্ৰ, A record desending a claim, title deeds.

Munition, mainishum n [L munitio from munitio, to fortify] Antique, to fortify] Antique, or for annoying an enemy, military stores of all kinds usually in pl — At. Fortress. Syn —Fortification, defence, ammunition

Munnion, muniyun, Same is Mulii in [deei. Muntjao, munijak, n হ'বৰ বিলেগ A species of Mural, mu'ral, a [L. murus, a wall] প্রাচীবস্থানীয়, প্রাচীব্যর, স্বলেয়ত, Relating to a wall, steep.

Mural crown, n ways. Crown given to him who first mounts a breach and plants a standard there

Murder, mur'det, n হতা , ইছাক্ত বরহতা , Slaying a human being with make, the act of killing a person intentionally and from makee —হ. t. ইছাপ্ৰক বরহতা ক হতা ক, বিলাই ক, To commit murder, to destroy, slay, to put an end to. Syn .—(n) Assassinate, massagre,

dispatch, kill.

Murder the king's English——

Talk

रणा. कुन हे बांबि कहा, Talk bad English Murder will out-जुन उठल बांबा यांब ना ; A murder cannot be kept concealed long

Murderer, mur'der-er, n. इडाकिजी, पांडक. Slayer, one who is guilty of murder. fem= murderess Syn —Assassin, cut-throat, bloodshedder, man-slayer

Murdorous, mui'dei-us, a হত্যাপবাৰী, শ্ৰীৰছা; হতাচিনক, হত্তবান, Guilty of, consisting in accompanied with, fond of or premeditating murder, bloody, blood-guilty, blood-thirsty— অসভ্য, নিজৰ নিত্ৰ, Savage, cruel—হত্তকাৰ; নিউৱ, Bloody, cruel a l=muiderously Syn:— hell, sanguinary, truculent

Mure, mur, v t. প্রাচীর বেষ্টিভ কু, To inclose in walls [shell-fish.

Murex, mū'reks, n শম্ব বিশেষ, A genus of Muratic, mū'reks, a [L muria, brine] লব্ধধ্ৰ, সৈৱৰ লশ্পংপন্ন, Obtained from seasilt hydrochloric

Muricate, muri-kat, Muricated, a. ভীক কণ্টকবিশিপ্ত Armed with harp points

Muriform, a প্ৰাটাৱেৰ ইয়ক মত Resembling the bucks in a will

Murky, mur's, a অংকাৰম থোৰ, অপাই, Dark; ch cu e gloony n=murkiness ad=murkily Murmur, mur'mur, n বল বল শব্দ, অপ্রিকৃষ্ট বিষয় ভাৰ বিব প্রকাশ, A low or grumbling cound, compliant — v বল কল শব্দ, কু compliant — raise প্রবাশ-ক To grumble; compliant n at urmur Syn — (r) Undertone, whisper, mutt r grumble humming, buzzing.

Murmurous, mui'n ur us, a कलकलन्यवृक्तः; Atten led with murmurs, murmuring

(\*) Hum drone, bu z, repine

Murrain, mut'an, r [ L mirror, to die ] no-

Muscadel, Muscadine, Muscat, Muscatel, n ডালে বিশেষ, তজাতীৰ মৰ, A spicy or upe wine multiform it

Muscle, must n = n sell. The fleshy parts of in anend by with it moves

Muscle, Mussel, n সামানক বিশুক, A marine hivalve sheli nish ( used for food )

Involuntary muscle ব্য পেশী, Muscle of organic ht a unscriped muscle

Voluntary musclo—ইছাৰ্যত পেনী. Muscle of animal lic or strictd muscles

Muscoid, a শেবা-বিং, Moss-like —n. উল্লেখ

Muscular, muskū-lar, a মানুপৰী নৰ্মীয় , Belonging to a muscle —বল্পান , বলিষ্ঠ , মুচ্মায় , মানুল , Stiong , brawny , vigorous n=muscularity ad—muscularity Syn —Sinewy, brawny robust, sturdy, lusty, athletic, powerful. Muscular Christiantity—বলেয় ব্য ; Christianty which braces a man to fight bravely and manfully.

Muse, muz, v : [F. muser, to trifle] নিচুছে আলোচনা-কু, To study in silence, প্ৰসাচ চিস্তা-ক

নতীয় চিছা-ছ: Think closely; maditate:—a.
বাল; অহুবাল; গতীয় চিছা; Deep thought; contemplation:—বাবাবিটালী বেবী; Goddess of
song; one the Greek nine goddesses of the
arts. n=muser. ad=musingly. Syn:—(v)
Reflect, cogitate, contemplate, ruminate. revolve, ponder, dream, brood, speculate.

Museum, mu-ze'um, n. চিত্ৰদালিকা, বাছৰর, Collection of curious objects in nature and art. Mush, n. বলসিদ্ধ ভূটা চুৰ্ব; Indian meal boiled in water.

Mush-room, mushroom, n. ছত্ৰক; বেলৰ ছাতা;
A fungus:—ৰাধুনিক বাবু; হঠাং বাবু; An upstart:
—a. অৱকণছাৱী; Pertaining to mush-room;
short-lived.

Music, mu'zik, ন. স্থাডবিলা; স্থাডবার; Science which treats of harmony:—হৰ্ম ; স্থাড; Melody or harmony:—গান ইচনা; A musical composition. Syn:—Melody, harmony, symphony. Discourse sweet or eloquent music—স্থাডের আলাপঢ়ারি-ফু; Chaunt:—ন্যুদ্ধ আওয়াজ বাছিন-ফু; Produce melody.

Instrumental music--वांचा ।

**Musical**, mū'zik-al, a. নসীত্ৰিখনীয়; সঙ্গীত্ৰিয়ক; Relating to music:—সঙ্গীত্ৰিয়; Fond of music:—নৰ্ম; হুলাবা; Melodious; sweet. n=musicalness. ad=musically. Syn:—Harmonical, dulcet, harmonious, tuneful.

Musician, mu-zishan, n. বাদ্যকর; সন্থাতবিদ্যানিপ্প ব্যক্তি; সন্ধাতপারবিশারদ, A performer of music, one skilled in music.

Musing, mufing, n. Meditation. Syn:—Contemplation, reflection, dreaming, brown study, abstraction, reverie.

Musk, musk, n. মুগৰাভি; কত্তার; A strong perfume, obtained from a bag behind the navel of the male musk-deer .—v. t. মুগৰাতি বার; স্থানি-কু; To perfume with musk.

Musk-deer, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ বন্ধ হৰিণ ; কলুৱিকা-মূগ , A deer that yields musk.

Musket, musket, n. বৰুক ; আংগ্ৰহ ব্য বিশেষ , The common hand-gun for the infantry.

Musketeer, mus-ket-टा', n. बस्क्यादी दिनिक , A soldier armed with a musket.

Musketoon, mus-ket-তেঁল, n. (हाँ वसून : A blunder-bass ; a short musket :-- वसून्यात्री

মেনিক; One armed with a short musket.

Musketry, musket-ri, n. বৰুক সন্দন্ত, Muskets
collectively:—মকেট্ পরিচালন, Practice with

muskets. [cious melon. Musk-melon, ন. ফুট বিশেষ; A species of deli-Musk-ox, ন. বৃশ্বৰাতীয় বস্তু বিশেষ, A small quadruped of the ox family.

Musk-rat, n. ব্ৰিক্জাতীয় জন্ধ বিশেষ; A rodent of the shrew family.

Musky, muski, a. वृत्रवाधिवानिक ; क्खांत्रवातिक ; Having the odour of musk. ad=muskily. n= muskiness. [ fine thin kind of cotton cloth. Muslin, muslin, n. युक्त कानीन वज्ञ विराव ; A Muslinet, muslin-et, n. कृत वज्ञ विराव ; A course kind of muslin.

Musquito-Same as Mosquito.

Mussel, See muscle. स. विष्य : A shell-fish. Mussulman, mussul-man, स. यूग्यवाम : Mohammedan. pl = mussulmans.

Must, v. i. ( or auxilliary ); বাধা হৰছা; অবস্থা; অবস্থা কৰিতে হৰছা; To be obliged; to be essential to the end proposed:—n. অপক আকা-সুৱা; A kind of wine,

Mustache, mus-tash, Mustachio, ন. আৰু; নৌদ: ছফ; The beard growing upon the upper lip. Mustachioed, a. ভুকারী, Having mustachios. Mustard, mustard, ন. স্বাল বুফ; A plant with a pungent taste:—স্বাল; রাই; The seed:— আচার; Condiment.

Muster, muster, v. t. [L. moustrars, to show]
সংগ্ৰহ-ড় ; সমবেত-ড় ; একজ-ড় ; To collect togather; to assemble:—v. t. একজ-ড় , সমবেত-ড় ;
Tobe gathered together, as troops:—n. সৈত-পরিদশন ; সৈত সংগ্ৰহ ; সেনানব্যার ; An assembly of troops ; review:—সমবেত ভ্রত ; Collected show.
Syn:—(v) Marshal, collect, rally, convene, gather, enrol; meet together, congregate, assemble.

Pass muster—চলে যাৰুলা; To pass inspection uncensured; pass without censure; pass without objection made or fault found; be approved of. [ হইলা আনা; Come in a large body. Muster strong—দলে অধিক হইলা আনা, মনে পুরু Muster up—নংগ্রুত-কু, Gather or summon up. Muster roll, muster-roll, n. সৈম্বনের নাম লিখিত কর্ম বা তালিকা; List of soldiers.

Muster-master, muster-master, n. দৈনিক-দিগের ও ভার্নের অরপরানির হিনাব-রক্ষক; One who keeps an account of the muster.

Musty, muste, a. ছাতা পড়া; ছাতা ধরা, অপরিকার; Spoiled by damp; sour, foul n=mustiness. ad=mustily. Syn:—Mouldy, fetid, stale.

Mutability, mu-ta-bile-te, n 可可; Quality of being subject to change, Syn .—Changeableness, inconstancy, instability; unsteadiness, fickleness, vacillation.

Mutable, mu'ta-bl, a. [ I.. mutabilis, from mutare, to change ] a. श्रिवर्डनशैन ; श्रीवर्वनीय ; 5中河: Changeable; variable, fickle. ns=mutability, mutableness, ad=mutably. Syn:--Alterable, unsteady, unsettled, wavering, irresolute. f alteration , variation. Mutation, mu-ta'shun, n. পরিবর্তন, Change; Muto, mut, a. मूक: वावा; मानी: वाक्ना छन्दीन; Dumb; silent; unpronounced:-- n. युक; (वावा: One who is dumb :-- भव वाजीत पुरू अञ्चलत . Dumb attendant of a funeral :-- व ग्रीह मुख्याह चारह তাহার সমুৰে দশুরমান ভূতা: অস্ত্রেটিকিয়ার অব্যবহিত পুর্কে নিযুক্ত হাতিহারী; One employed to stand before the door of a house in which there is a corpse :-- अवकार्श वर्ष : A consonant formed by a position of the vocal organs which stops the passage of the breath entirely, as p, b, d, g, k, t. n=mutness. Syn :- (a) Silent, speechless, voiceless, taciturn, still.

Mute, mit, n. পদা-বিচা; The dung of birds:-v. f. (পদাবি) ভাগি-কু; To cast off as feathers:-v. f. (পদাবি) স্বৰ্জাদ-কু; To dung, as birds,

Mutilate, mū'te-lāt, v t [L mutilus, maimed] প্ৰহীপ-কৃ. ছেগ্ৰ-কৃ. To maim, cut off a limb. n=mutilation, mutilator. Syn—Disable, cripple, disfigure

Mutilation, n. আংশ বিশেষ ছেগল, কোন জন্ম বা আংশের বিজেম্পনাধন, Department of a limb or essential part.

Mutineer, mii-tı-nटr', # दाकवित्यांशे , विद्वांशे . One guilty of mutiny

Mutinous, mu'te-nus, a রাজবিজোটী, বিদ্যোষ্টী.
Seditious n=mutinousness, ad=mutinously
Syn —Turbulent, unruly, in ubordinate,
factious, riotous, insurgent, rebellious.

Mutiny, mu'te ne, n [ h mutin, rebellious ]
বিজ্ঞাহ, বাকবিজ্ঞাহ, Insurrection sedition—
গোলমাল, গঙগোল, Tumult, strite—v c.
বিজ্ঞাহী-ই, বিজ্ঞোহ-কু, To revolt, to rise in aims
Syn:—(n) Insubordination, revolt, rebellion,
rising, riot.

Mutter, muter, তঃ অস্কুচনাৰ কংগ কংগ, অলগ কথা কয়। To utter words in a low voice — ত গ অলাইভাবে উচ্চারণ-কু, To utter indistrictly — দ আলাই উচ্চারণ, Repressed or obscu ne utterance. Syn —(n) Mumble, speak imperfectly, murmur, grumble [ sheep

Mutton, mutn, দ বেল-ফাংল The flesh of | Mutton-chop, mutn shop, দ ম্ব-মাংসের | টুক্বা, ছেন্ডিত মেব পঞ্জর'ছি A rib of mutton chop i ped from the loin

Mutual, mu'tū-al, a. I mu'tu, ir mutare, to change ] atterate wire Recorded namutuality, a i=mutuality Syn — Interchanged, common alternate, interchangeable, correlative.

Muzzle, muźl, n মুধ Mouth.— দশ্পন বিশ্ববাধ মুখবন্ধনী, A projecting for the mouth to prevent biting — কামানেৰ মুধ, The extreme end of a gun — v f মুখবন কু প্রতিবোধ কু. To put a muzzle on Syn — (n) Sneut, nozzle.

My, mi, poss a आवाद, Belonging to me

Mycology, mi kolo ji, n [Gr mykes, fungus, and logos, discourse ] যেতেৰ ছাডার বিষয়ণ, ছত্ত্ৰক বিজ্ঞান, The science treating of the fungior mushrooms.

Mynhoer, n. Sir, Mr —The ordinary title of address among the Dutch, hence, a Dutch man.

Myology, mi-olo-31, n মানবদেহের পেশী বৃত্তান্ত , A description of the muscles of the human body

Myope, mi'op, %. अवस्टितिनिष्ठे लोक, अन्यमर्गन-क्य बुद्धि; A short-sighted person.

Myopy, mi'o-pi, n [Gr myo, to close, and ops, the eye] अतमृष्टि, अमृतमर्गनमञ्ज्ञि, Short-sightedness

Myriad, mir'i-ad, গ গণ সহত্ৰ, অবৃত্ত, অগণিত সংখ্যা; Any immense number.

Myriapod, त. वहत्रश्चित्रक की । की प्रेशकाद कद । A worm-shaped articulate animal, having many jointed legs.

Myamidon, mir'mi-don, গ. অতাত গৈনিক পুরুষ; বে বাজি বিভিন্নতাবে আফেশ পালম করে; অসমসাহসিক দত্যা-ব্যাস্থ্য একসম; Rough soldier; one who rutlessly executes orders, a ruffian under a daring leader.

Myrrh, mer, n भक्त , स्थक्ति नियान विस्तृत An aromatic gum resin and incense

Myrtle, mer'tl, n মেদিশান্ত, চিরহ্রিৎ বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; A plant sacred to Verus, an evergreen shrub with beautiful and fragrant leaves.

Mysolf, mi-seli', pron कामि वर , वर कामार ; I myself, me in person

Mysterious, mis-tc'ie-us, a निमृष्ठ, स्थः; ख्रांश, Obscure, secret incomprehensible. n=mysteriousness, ad=mysteriously Syn—Occult, hidden, dark, mystic, cabalistic, eingmitical, abstruse, recondite, unicvealed, unexplained, unaccountable

Mystery, mister-t, n [G musterson, from musin, to shut the eyes] গৃত্তৰ, বুৰ্জেয় বিষয়; মহদা Something hidden, dark unexplained or above man's understanding, secret — আহ্বালিক | Enigma, puzzle, riddle——বাহদায়, Trade, calling——হয়শিল, Handicraft—pl. নাটক শিক্ষা A kind frude drama of a religious charact r

Mystery plays and miracle plays—A species of drimatic compositions, having characters and seems drawn from the Bible which were performed in the in ddle ages

Mystre, mist k Mystical, mistik-al, a [G. mit then belonging to secret rites] মৃত, গোলনাম, লিত্য থালনা, ১০০ লা ক্রান্ত্রাবিদ্ধানী মান্ত্রাবিদ্ধানী মান্ত্রাবিদ

Mvstic, n ধ্যুসন্তাপার বিশেবের অক্সতম, One who holds to mysticism

Mysticism, misti-sizm, গ মিট্টক সম্প্রদারের ধ্যমত জগতানের সংস্কানের প্রত্যক্ষ যোগ হইতে পারে এই মতে বিশ্বাস The doctrine of the mystics, who maintain that they have direct intercourse with the divine spirit —নিগুড্ডা, ছুজ্জেন্ড, Obscurity of doctrine.

Mystify, miste-fi, e t [G mustes, and L. facere, to make, গোপন-ড়, ছজেব বা নিগ্ত-ড়, To make obscure or secret, to involve in mystery n=mystification Syn—Perplex, confuse, pose, puzzle, confound, play upon.

Myth, mith n (भोबानियों क्या , डिशक्या , शह , A legend , fable fiction, allegory, parable.

Mythio, mithik, Mythical, mithik-al, a. পৌরাণিক, কার্নিক, Relating myths, fabulous, ad—mythically. Syn.—Imaginary, fictitious, fanciful

Mythologic, mith-o-logik, Mythologicsl, mith-o-logik-al, a. (शीवांविक, कांब्राविक, Fabulous. ad=mythologically.

Mythologist, mith-olo-just n. পৌরাণিক . প্রাণ্ড , প্রাণ-লেবক . One versed in, or who writes on, mythology.

Mythology, mith-olo-ji, n. প্ৰাণ , প্ৰাণবিজ্ঞান ; বেৰডাখ্যান , System of fables on religion ; the science of myths , a treatise on gods, angels, fairies &c. N-ইংৰাজি বৰ্ণনালায় চতুৰ্বল বৰ্ণ অকল ; The 14th letter of the English alphabet.

Nab, nab, v. f. অকমাং-বৃ; To catch suddenly. Syn:—Seize, lay hold of, clutch, grip, take; capture, arrest, apprehend.

Nabab, na'bob, n. নবাব: মোগলসমাটের প্রতিনিধি বাসনকর্ত্তা; East Indian prince or governor:— ধনবালী ব্যক্তি, ধনীলোক; Any man of great wealth:—প্রাচ্য ভূবতে প্রচ্ব ধনসঞ্জ করিয়া বদেশ-প্রত্যাপত ইব্রোপবাসী; A European who returns home from the East with immense wealth.

Nacre, na'kr, n ঝিবুক; Mother-of-pearl.

Nadir, na'dır, n. আবোৰিন্দু, The point or pole of the heavens under our feet.

From zenith down to the nadir—উচ্চত্য স্থাৰ ক্টতে নিম্নতম স্থান পৰ্যান্ত ; From the highest point of elevation to the lowest depth.

Bag, nag, n. টাটুবোড়া; A small saddle-horse pony:--- চ. বিষয়-- কু; ডান্ড-- কু; To tease; to scold; annoy.

Maiad, na yad, n. জলদেবতা; উৎস-দেবতা;
Water-nymp; nymph of fountains and streams
Nail, nal, n. নথ, The claw of a beast or bird:
—নথ; নথন, The horny scale growing at the
end of the human fingers or toes—পোবক.
A metal spike for fastening timbers:—স মুই
ইণি; A measure of length (2) inches)—v. t.
পোবক মানা, পোবৰ দিয়া আবছ-কু; To fasten
with nails.

Wall a lie—আই করিয়া মিধাা প্রকাশ করিয়া দেওলা, To show it to be a lie, so plainly as to stop its circulation.

Nail one's colors to the mast—স্চলতিজ-ভ্রম]; To take a decided stand in any matter; to express a determined purpose.

Nail up-witt- ; Fasten up.

On the nail—उरक्पार; नगर होनात; Immediately; on ready money.

To hit the nail on the head— এক কাৰে হাত-সে; To touch or seize the exact point.

Tooth and nail—प्यांनाय; जायावड ; With one's utmost power.

Mailer, naler, भः (भरतक-वारमात्री ; caकनिर्यान-वारमात्री ; One whose trade is to make nails.

Mailery, nalèr-i, n. পেরেডেম কারবানা; থেক নির্মাণনানা; Place where nails are made.

Maive, na'ev, e. সরল , অৰপট ; Artiss ; ingenuous ; frank. ed=naively. n=naivete.

Maivete, n. শ্রণতা; অবণ্টভা; Articiseness; simplicity.

Maked, naked, s. डेनक ; वर्ष ; Unclothed ; bare :--वर्गाव्छ ; Open ; plain ; artiess :--(क्वल ; Mere; simple:— নিরম্ভ: অঅপার্থীন; Weaponless; unarmed; defenceless. Syn:—Nude, uncovered, undraped; manifest, evident, undisguised, unconcealed; sheer; unarmed, unprotected, unprovided for.

Naked eye, —ধোলাচোধ; গুধু চক্কে, অৰ্থাৎ চক্ৰে চসমা বা প্ৰবীক্ষণ না লাগাইয়া; The eye alone, unaided by the telescope, microscope or the like; the eye without the help of instruments.

Naked sword —(খাগ ছইতে) খোলা ভরবারি; Sword unsheathed.

Namby pamby, a. ভাৰপ্ৰৰ; Weakly sentimental:—n. ভাৰপ্ৰতা, That which is weakly sentimental or affectedly pretty.

Name, nam, n নাম, সংস্ঞা; Designation:—
উপাধি, Title:—থাতি, বল, Fame, reputation.
— মৃতি; Memory:—বংল, জাতি, পরিবার; A race. family:—বংকি, A person:—v. t. নাম-ক; আধান্ত-ক; উল্লেখ-কু, To designate; to mention by name:—নিবোগ-কু, To nominate, to appoint. n=namer. Syn—(n) Appellation, denomination, epithet; houour, praise, distinction, renown, celebrity, eminence, reputation, character, credit, repute. (v) Denominate, style, term, entitle, christen, speak of, specify.

Another name for—একট পদাৰ্থ , নামান্তর মাত্র ; The same thing as, under a different name.

By name, Of the name of अपूर्व नाता. Named — काहांत्र आंग पवित्रों, Uttering the name of any one.

Go by the name of—কোন নামে লোকের নিকট বিদিত হওয়া; Be known or pass under the name of. In name—নামমাজ, Nominally, not in reality. In the name of—কাচার পাকে, কাচারত পক হইতে, On behalf of:—কোন কিছুর নামে বা ছলো; Clothed with the name or authority of:—কোন কিছুর প্রতি মৃত্তি রাখিয়া; Having regard to:—মোহাই দিয়া; By (implying adjunation).

In the name of Gods—দেবতাদের সাকী করিয়া।
Name one after—কাহাকে কোন ব্যক্তির নাম দেবরা:
Name one like another, give one the same name as.

Nameless, nāmies, a. নান্ত্র ; আনুদ্ধ ; Without a name; undistinguished. ad—namelessly. n=namelessnoss. [ is to say; to wit. Namely, nāmii, ad. অর্থাৎ, ব্যা; এই এই ; That Mamesake, nāmsāk, n. এই নাই · One who bears the same name as another.

Nankeen, nan-këh, ন. কাপড় বিশেষ ; কাপাস্থার ; A buff coloured cotton-cloth.

Map, nap, n. আন নিয়া; তলা; নাৰাভ নিয়া; A short sleep:—নৱন লোন; Down:—বল্লের উপন্তি- ভাৰত গোৰবৰ পৰাৰ্থ; উত্তিদের লোহবৎ কোমৰ আৰরণ;
The wooly substance of the surface of cloth; the downy covering of cloth:—॥ ं. विश्वय: ডক্লাভিড্ড-ছ; To take a short sleep; to see drowsy. a=nappy ( ডক্লানু; Drowsy ).

Nape, nap, n. ছাড়ের গাঁইট, গ্রীবা-সদ্ধি; Joint of the neck behind.

Mapea, n. ব্ৰদেবতা; Nymphs of the groves and valleys. [ table. Mapery, n. টেবিল আছোদন বস্তু , Linen for the Maphtha, nap'tha, n. তরল ধাতু হইতে উৎপন্ন আলকাভ্যা; থনিজ তৈল বিশেষ; Liquid bitumen; rock-oil. Maphthaline, n. বাসায়নিক পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ, A grayish-white, inflammable substance.

Mapkin, nap'kin, ম পাত্র-মার্জনী , গামছা ; তোরালে; ক্ষাল : Cloth to wipe the hands ; a little towel , handkerchief [ nap

Mapless, nap'les, a. ভীৰ্ , Threadbare , without Mapoleon, n. মুখা বিশেষ . A 20 frank piece — শ্ৰামধ্যাত ব্যক্তি , Napole in the Great — বভলোক , A great man. [Great

Mapoleonist, n. Supporter of Napoleon the Marcissus, nar-sisus, n বড়া বিশেষ; নানাজাতীয় পূপা বৃক্ষ; A bullbous plant, a genus of flowering plants.

Marcotic, nar-kotik. a [Gr narke, torpor]
নিমাজনক; নিমাজাবক . Causing drowsiness or sleep.—n নিমাজাবক উবধ , সংজ্ঞাপহাৰক উবধ : A medicine producing sleep or stupor ad = narcotically.

Nard, nard, n. ভগন্ধি লহা বিশেষ. An aromatic plant — প্ৰলেশ বিশেষ, মলম বিশেষ; An ointment prepared from it. a=nardine.

Nare, Nares, n নাগাবৰ, , Nostril.

Nariform, nat's form a L naris, nostril, and forma, form] নানিকাৰার, Formed like the nose Narrate, na-rat, v t. বৰ্ণনা-কু, বলা, To recite, to give an account of n-narration. Svn —Tell, rehearse, report, detail, repeat, relate. Narration, na-ra'shun, n. বৰ্ণনা; বৰ্ণিড বিষয়; ইতিহাস; Description; thing related, story. Syn:—Account, recital, rehearsal, relation, explanation, detail, narrative, tale.

Narrative, nar'a-tiv. a. ইতিহাস সম্বনীয় : दिवबन-काती ; উপক্লাসবৰ্ণী , কথক ; Pertaining to narration ; giving an account of any ocucirence; inclined to narration :-- n. व्याचान ; वर्गना . कवा , वनिष्ठ दिसन ; Story : a continued account of any oc-[rates. currence. Narrator, n বর্ণনাকারী; বর্ণরিভা; One who nar-Marrow, nár'o, a खद्रशरिमद्र; खन्नचा ; नदीर्ग ; Not wide ; of little breadth -- অসুদার ; বার্থপর ; Illiberal, contracted in mind .— 日本, Accurate: -- आवशान ; शप्नवान ; Careful ·-- अक्षीर्व ; Limited :-অনুমবর্ত্তী ; সন্থিহিত ; Within a narrow distance ; close :-- কুপুৰ; Parsimonious :-- ব্ৰুটপুৰ; Involving serious exposure:-Scrutinising:-n. (chiefly in the plural) অপ্ৰশন্ত পৰ ; অপ্ৰশন্ত প্ৰশালী ; A strait between two lands; a narrow channel: —v. t. স্কীৰ্ণ-ড়ু; সংক্ষেপ-ড়ু; স্কুচিড-ড়ু; To make narrow ; to contract , to confine :-- अक्रांब-कृ ; To make less liberal or more selfish : -v. i

नहीं न इ. To become narrow. ad=narrowly. n= narrowness Syn:—(a) Circumscribed, straitened; bigoted; niggardly, miserly, mean, selfish, close, near (v) Limit, restrict, cramp, straiten, confine.

Have a narrow escape—আর একটু হইলে বিপক্তে গতিত হইতে হইত; বত সাম্লে বাওয়া, আছার আছা বেঁচে বাওয়া; Escape at great risk, get out of some danger in which some great evil or death was imminent.

Narrow-bed, n नमावि ; Grave.

Narrow-minded, nar'o-minded. a सूक्यन ; नहीर्पमा ; Illiberal ; having contracted views. n=narrow-mindedness.

Narrowness, n কুত্ৰতা , Meanness :—স্কীৰ্ণতা ; Want of breadth :—পরিয়তা ; Poverty :—অমুগ্-রতা : Illiberality

Narwhal, nai'hwal, Narwal, nar'wal, n. তিমিজাতীৰ মৎস্য , সামুদ্রিক জন্ত বিশেষ; A sea-unicorn; a cetaceous mammal.

Nasal, nazal, a il. nasus, the nose] a নানাস্থ-কাৰ; অপুনানিক: Pertaining to the nose; affected by or sounded through the nose:—n. অপুনানিক শব্দ বা বৰ্ণ; A letter or sound uttered through the nose.

Masalise, v t. অপুনাদিক-কৃ. To render nasai, Nascent, nasent, a. [ L nascor, natus, to be boin ] ভাষমান: ব্যক্তিয় ভাৰনোত্মৰ, বৰ্জমান, উৎপদ্য-মান: Just being born, growing

Nastiness, naste-nes, n. কৰ্মান ; খণ্ডকা, The quality of being nasty Syn:—Filthiness, dirtiness, impurity, uncleanness, squalor, obscenity, ribaldry, smuttiness.

Nasturtium, n. কটু শাক বিশেষ, A kind of cress with a pungent taste.

Nasty, naste, a. ম্বলাবুক , অন্তন্ধ , কদ্বিত ; অপৰিকাৰ ; সমল ; Dirty , filthy , foul , disgusting , obscene n=nastiness. Syn —Impure, unclean, defiled , offensive, repulsive, nauseous ; indecent, indelicate, gross, obscene.

Matal, na'tal, a. জনসম্বন্ধীয়, স্বাচাৰিক; Pertaining to, accompanying or dating from; native.

Natation, n. [L. nato, to swim] সম্বন্ধ;
Swimming.

Natatory, a সন্তর্গকারী ভাসমান; Swimming. Nation, na'shun, n. [ L. natio, from nasci, natus, to be born ] জাতি; বহুনখো; A great body of people born of the same race, a race; a great number. Syn:—People, community, inhabitants, society at large, commonwealth, realm, state, body politic.

National, nashun-al, a জাতীৰ , ঘণীৰ ; সাধারণ ; খনেশতক ; Pertaining to a nation ; attached to one's own country ; public ; general. ad nationally, n=nationalness.

National convention—The assembly of deputies which assumed the government of France on the overthrow of the throne in 1792. It succeeded the National Assembly.

National-debt—aisis 44; Money borrowed from individuals for national purpose and due by a nation.

Mational-gallery, n. Gallery of paintings. Mational-guard—The militia of France. Mationalise, nashun-al-iz, n. t. জাতীয় শহবিশিষ্ট-কু; আতীয় ভাৰবিশিষ্ট-কু; To make national.

Nationalism, nashun-al izm, n. জাতিত , বংলাপুরাগ ; জাতীয় ভাব বা চরিত্র ; National idiom or practice , nationalness ; national attachment ; national character. n=nationalist.

Nationality, nashun-ali-ti, n. বজাতিপ্রিবতা -দেশতিমানিতা , Attachment to a nation .—জাতীয চবিত্র ; জাতিব ভাব ; National character.

Mative, na'tiv, a. দেশীৰ, দেশোংগল্প, Born in or within a country; not foreign .—সহজ, সহজ্ঞাত, অকৃত্রিৰ; বজাবজ; Original; born with one, no artificial:—n. দেশবাদী; আদিন অধিবাদী. One born in a place or country, original inhebitant. ad=natively, n=nativeress. Syn—(a) Natal; natural, cong. ntal, indigenous, intrinsic, genuine, real, martificial; vernacular, mother.

Nativity, na-tivi-ti, n জন : Birth : — হেন্দ্রের কাশ্বা হান বা রীতি , Time, place or manner of birth ভ্রমণিকিলা : কোষ্ট : A horoscope. [Jish The Nativity—নীটের ক্রমণিন : The birth-day of Natron, n. কার বিশেষ : A native carbonate of soda. [of toad. Natterjack, n. ভেক বিশেষ . A European species Nativo. a. প্রিকার পরিছের . Neatly fine : spruce

Natural, natū-ial, এ বাচাবিক, বভাৰত ; নৈস্পিক্ প্রাকৃতিক; According to nature, pertaining to or bestowed by nature :—স্বত , শাচাবিক, বভাশিক্ inborn; constitutional —স্কোমন, কোমন, বোমন, কোমন, বোমন, বিচার বারা বিবার্থীয়, Discoverable by reason—ক্ষুক্তিত নহে; Not farletched—স্বত্ন তাৰ বাব্য প্রাক্তির নহে; Natural gats, impulses of circumstances. admiturally, nematurally, some all Congental, natal, original, native not forced, essential, characteristic regular normal, not exceptional, legitimate, ordinary, usual.

Natural child, n. ভারত সন্থান; One not born in lawful actick.

Natural death, n. ভাতানিক স্কুল; Death in Natural history, n. প্রাকৃত উঠিয়ান, প্রাকৃতি ক্রিয়ার; প্রাণি বজান, Description of objects, geology, bottony, zoology &c.; the sciences that deal with the carth and all its productions.

Natural philosophy, n প্রার্থ বিজ্ঞান, প্রদাধ দুর্গন, The science of the physical properties of bodies.

Natural religion, n. ৰাভাবিক ধৰ্ম ; Religion so far as it is discoverable by reason.

Natural solection, গ নৈদৰ্গিক নিৰ্কাচন: A supposed operation of natural laws, analogous to designed selection in the breeding of plants and animals, resulting in the survival of the fittest.

Natural system, n. বাভাবিক অনুপঠন দেখিয়া খেণী বিভাগ : Classification according to natural organisation instead of by fanciful resemblances. Natural theology, n. আকৃতিক ব্যক্তিয়াৰ; ইয়ে বিবৰক সহজ্ জান; Religion of God and his works; the knowledge of God from his works by the light of nature and reason; the theological science which treats of God and his attributes by the aid of reason without revelation. [naturally to.

Natural to—কাহাবত বভাবিত্য: Belonging Naturalise, v i. তির দেশের জল বাবুর উপবৃদ্ধ-কৃ; তির দেশের জল বাবুর উপবৃদ্ধ-কৃ; তির দেশের উপবৃদ্ধ-কৃ; To acclamatise; to adapt to a different climate:—বিদেশীবকে বান্দিত্তিক ক্রেমির অধিকার বিশিষ্ট-কৃ; দেশজ জাবিকার-দে; দেশজাত প্রজার অধিকার বিশিষ্ট-কৃ; To invest with the privileges of natural-horn subjects, n=naturalisation.

Naturalism, natural-izm, n. বাভাবিকাৰো; প্রাকৃত অব্যা, Mere state of nature:—বাভাবিক ধর্ম, Religion of nature

Naturalist, natū-ral-ist. n. প্রাণীতথ্যিত; প্রাকৃত তথ্য . One who studies the natural history of animals.

Nature, গৰালে, n [L. natura, from natus, born] পট : ভত্ত কাং : বিষ , The visible creation ; the universe — পক্তি . The original cause ; first cause :— কাৰণ Kind ; sort :— ভাষ ; Substance , purport — পড়াব ; Natural disposition — ৰঙাব , চিবৰ , পড়াচ , ধৰা , Temper : character , mind , inherent q ialities :— প্ৰকৃতি ; The established order of things :— পাড়াব বিজ কিপোনালিকা ; Adaptation to truth :— ৰখাতা ; Nakeanch — পাজাব Species. Syn — World ; Incator , errence , quality , disposition, affection. Attend to or satisfy the call of nature—

নালর গা াপ-র ৷

Bad naturo - লগং প্রতি : ছব বার্তি : Natural

By naturo – কহাবত : , Naturall

Good noture -সবলমা; সভা প্রকৃতি: Natural good temper, enabling

In a state of nature—িলা , নিবছ ; Naked as when home, unclothed :—অসভা , আরণা অবভার বা দলন লগতে ক'লে . Rude ; ma natural or wild state.

Naught, nawt, n কিছুই নাড় ; Nothing :—a.
ফাৰু বংহর , নাগণ , তেই ; Worthless ; naughty :—
, কাং প্রিয়াণ্ড নাড , in no degree.

Set at naught-- पुनवर खान-क ; Despise.

Naughtiness, nawfe-nes, n sgift; Badness; mischet Syn.—Wickedness, perverseness, forwardness.

Naughty, naw"i, a. ছই , অনিটকারী ; বিকৃত বছাৰ ; Lad; wicked, perverse, mischievous. ল= naughtiness. nd=naughtily.

Nausoa, naw'20-a, n [G. nausia, from neus, ship] ব্যবহা; ব্যব; Any sickness of the stomach accompanied with a propensity to vonit.—বুলা; অসুতি; Loathing. Syn:—Seasickness, qualin, squeamishness; queasiness, disgust, aversi in, strong dislike.

Mauseate, naw'she-at, v. i. ব্যন্তেক-ছ; বিভ্ক-ত, To became squeamish:—মুণাবোৰ-ক; To feel disgust:—v. i. মুণা-ক, To loathe:—বিভ্ক কলো ত্যাগ-ক, To reject with disgust.

Mausoous, naw'she-us, a. চুণার্জনক ; ঘুণার্র ; Disgusting , loathsome .—ব্ৰন্তনক ; আকৃতিকর . Pro ducing nausea. admanauseously, n=nause-

Nautic, Meutical, naw'tik-al, a. মৌৰিবা মৰ্থীয়; নামুন্তিক; Naval; marine. ad=nautically. [মৌ-বটিড; Marine; nautical. Maval, nā'val, a. [L. navis, ship] সামুন্তিক, Nave, nāv, n. চক্ৰেম নাভি, Hubb, boss; centre of a wheel; the hub or piece of timber &c, in the centre of a wheel, through which the axle presses:—বর্মমন্বিরেম মধাতার, গির্জান মধ্যতার; The middle or main body of a church.

Navel, n. নাতা; সধাৰুল; The depression in the centre of the lower part of the abdomen; the extreme part of anything.

Navigable, navi-ga-bl, a নাব্য: জল্মান গমনো-প্ৰোণ্ট্য: That may be passed by ship or vessels n ~ navigableness, ad=navigably.

Navigate, nave-gat, v t. [ L. navis, ship, and agere, to move ] নোকা চালান: পোডযোগে অভিজ্ঞান্ত . To steer or manage a ship in sailing; to sail upon —v. i. জলপথে গ্ৰনক; আহ'লে গ্ৰনক, বৌলোগে বাঙলা; To sail in a ship; to sail. Syn:
—Sail, course, cruise, steer, direct

Navigation, nav-1-gishun, n. নৌকা চালাইবার কৌশল; নৌচালন-বিজ্ঞান; The art of managing a ship at sea-

Art of navigation—(ने -निमा !

Navigator, navi-gat-or, n পোতবাচক; নাবিক; নোবাত্রী, One who directs the course of a ship Navy, navi, n [I. navis, a ship] কাৰ্চালসমূচ; ত্ৰীসমূচ, Body or fleet of ships—বণতবিসমূচ, বৰ্ণোতসমন্তি, The ship force of a nation:—বণতবিস্থ নাবিকগণ, সম্প্র নে সেনাম্বল, The sailors belonging to the war ships of a nation.

The navy--ৰৌ-বিভাগ ৷

Nay, na, adv. না; কেবল উহাই নহে, No, not only so but more:—n অসমতি, অন্কি, Denial. Nazarono, n. ভাজেরেখ-নগববাসী, An inhabitant of Nazareth.

Nazarite, nafar-it, n. ত্রাচারী ইংলী: A Jew who vowed to lead from strong drink &c.

Nasaritism, nazar-it-izm, n ভাজাবাইটের প্রতিজ্ঞা ভ আচৰণ : The vow and practice of a Nazarite. Naze, nāz, n অন্তর্গ A he idlind of cape Neap, nēp, a. নিয় , অনুক্ত, Low —n মরা কোটাল, A neaptide, opposed to spring-tie. Neaped, nept, a ভবা কোটালের উদ্দীনার চডার

अरम्म : Left around by the tide.

Mesptide, n. মরা কোটাল. Lowest tide.
Mesr, ner. a. বিকটঃ; নিকট: অব্ব: Not fai distant; nigh; close:—প্রিম্ব; Dear —ঠিক, সরল; Direct:—বাদক্ট: কুপন. Stingy, close-fisted:—ad. নিকটে. অন্তিপুরে. At a little distance:—প্রায়; Almost —n. t. সরিহিত-হ; নিকটবর্ত্তা-হ: To approach; to come nearer—v.i. নিকটবর্ত্তা-হ: To draw near, approach Syn:—(a) Neighbouring, adjacent, contiguous, adjoining, proximate; imminent, impending, forthcoming, threatening; intimate, familiar, dear, close, direct, short, straight.

Near relation—নিকট সম্পূৰ্ণীয় লোক : One closely connected with us by birth or marriage.

Mearly, ner'li, ad. অনভিদ্রে, নিকটে; At rio great distance : closely :—বনিষ্টরূপে ; Intimately : —-প্রারক: ; Almost

Nearness, n. বৈকটা; ঘনিইডা; নিকটস্থয়; কাৰ্পণা; Closeness; intimacy; close alliance. Near-sighted, ner'-sired, a. প্রদর্শনক্ষ; অচ্য-দলী, Short-sighted. n=near-sightedness.

Neat, net, a. পরিছার; পবিজ্ঞর; পরিপাটী; Tidy:—
বিজ্ঞর. Pure: clean.—n. বাঁড, গান্তী; An ox or
cow ad=neatly, n=nentness. Syn:—(a) Cleanly, unsoiled, unstained, pure: nice, spruce,
trim, well-finished, well-fitting; chaste, simple;
handy, dexterous, adroit, precise, exact, net.
Neat-hord, net-herd, n. রাধাল, পোপাল; Keeper
of ox or cow.

Neatness, neines, n. বিশ্বন্ধতা; পৰিকার; Condition or quality of being neat. Syn:—Cleanliness, purity. tidiness, spruceness, trimness; finish, elegance, chasteness, simplicity. [a bird. Nob, n নালিকা, চকু; The nose: the beak of Nebula, nebil-la, n [Gr nephele, cloud, moist] নক্ষ্মন্ত্ৰ, নেভাবিকা, ছাত্তাপ্থ, Cluster of stars; dark spot; hazy appearance. p!= nebulæ, a=nebular [nebulæ. Nebulose, nebū-los, Nubulous, nebū-lus, a. নেতাক্ষ্য; নৈহাবিক; কুন্থেকিলাবং; নেহাৰার; Misty, cloudy, having the appearance of clouds, vague n=nebulosity.

Necessaries of life—অবাচ্চাদনাদি।

Necessary, ne'es-sar-e, a. অপ্ৰিচাৰ্য্য ; আবস্তৰ ; অবস্তৰ্থনী, Unavaidable, indispensable ; requisite—n প্ৰবেচিন্ত্ৰ দ্ৰব্য ; A requisite—used chiefly in the plural. ad = necessarily Syn —(a) Inevitable , requisite, essent al, needful, compulsory, involuntary.

Necessary for or to—ৰিছুৰ বা কাহারও পক্ষে আবগুৰ; Needful or requisite for

Necessitarian, ne-ses-si-tán-an, Necessarian, ne-ses-sán-an, a অদুট্টালী, অবজ্ঞভাবিত্বাদী; One who denies freedom of will, fatalist.

Necessitato, r t-cose-tat, v t. [ L. necessitare, necessitatum, to force ] আৰম্ভক-কৃ; To make indispensable —বাধা কৃ; To compel, to force, to oblige

Necessitious, ne-sisit-us, a. অতি দৰিজ; নিংৰ; ইন Very poor, very indigent; destitute. ad = neces nously, n = necessitousness.

Necessitude, ন. অগরিহান্য স্বন্ধ, Necessary connection or relation.

Mocossity, ne-scise-te, n. অব্ভয়াবিতা, 'অব্ভা ভাবিছ, I navo dableness .—আব্ভকতা; Requisiteness :— ক'ব্যতা, দাবিয়া; Indigence :— প্রশাসন, অভাব; Any thing necessary; need — ভাষ্ট্রবাতা; Fate, fatality. Syn:—Indispensableness, inevitableness; compulsion, destiny; need, needfulness, urgency, exigency, pressing want, requisite, requirement, essential.

Be under the necessity of—কোৰ কাৰ্য কল আনস্তক হওয়া; Find it necessary to do something. Make a virtue of necessity—বাহা কাহাকে বাধ্য হইবা করিতে হইবে. তাহা ভাব কাৰে অন্তেকু, To তা as graciously as possible something one is compelled to do:—কোন অবস্থা গড়িলা অনৱগতি সম্ভূত তাহা হইতে যে লাভ করিলা লাবলা বাইতে পারে, তাহাই করা বা স্থ করিলা বাবলা; Submit to circumstances and turn them to the best account; do or suffer that patiently which cannot well be avoided.

Mecessity has no law—আডুবে নিয়মা নাতি:
অভাত আৰক্তন হইলে ভাষাভাগ জান থাকে না, When a
person is in great necessity he is not very
scrupulous about the means he employs for
removing it.

মিesessity is the mother of invention—
কাল কৰিতে বাইলা কোল কিছুল অভাব বোধ হইলে. লোকে
ভাহাৰ উপাল উদ্ধানন কলিছা লল Inventions in
science or art are often the result of circumstances which lead a person, when he feels the
want of anything (in getting through his work)
to think about it and discover methods for
supplying it.

[ unavoidably

Of necessity—কাৰে কাতেই. Necessarily. Neok, nck, n. এবা. গলা, Part connecting the head with the trunk.—লবা সভীৰ্ আল ; দীয় অপ্ৰশন্ত আল ; A long narrow part.

Neck and crop—দল্গরূপে; Completely

Nock and heels—যাড়ে পাবে এক করিয়া . সম্পূর্ব-ক্ষপে: With the whole body, in a hasty and summary fashion; entirely.

Neck and neck—नमान नमान, द्वमादिम, Side by side; in close competition.

Neck of land—ৰহণত ভূমিণ্ড; Narrow strip of land. [desperate Neck or nothing—বিশ্বপ্ত; At great risk plant a foot on the neck of শ্ৰমনে র পা:

**Plant a flot of (#8**%); Keep in check, reduce to submission.

To turn by the neck-4603-0

Up to the neck-দল্পিকাপ, Completely. Neckband, Neckcloth, nekkloth, n. প্ৰা-

Meckbard, Meckerotti, nekklotn, n. नना-वबनो, जीवांवज्ञनो ; A piece of cloth worn on the neck by men. [a neck Mecked, nekt, a. जीवांनिनिष्ठ ; महोत्र , Having

Mecked, next, a. आवाशनाह; भटान, Having Meckerchief, neiter-cluf, n. शवायकरो, शनाह दीवा क्रमान ; A handkerchief for neck.

Mecklace, nekias, n हात्र; माना, तीलारकर कोमाना, String or chain of beads of precious stones for the neck [ defence for the neck Meckpiece, n. जनात्र कालकात्र; Ornament of Mecktie, nekti, n. जनार कालक, जीरारकनी, A tie or cloth for the neck

Meckverse, n. বাইবেলে নিখিত এক পঞ্চাণত্তম ধৰ্ম-সন্ধান্তের প্রথম রোক; The verse formerly read to entitle a party to the benefit of clergy, said to be the first of the 51st Psalm.

Mecrologic, Necrological, a. মৃত্যুর হিনাব স্বাধীয় : Pertaining to necrology.

mecrologist, nek-rolo-jist, গ সূত্যাখার ভালিকা কেকে; মৃত্যু-সংখার হিসাব-দাভা; Wilter of obituaries; one who gives an account of deaths.

Macrology, nek-rolo-gi, n. [Gr. nekros, death, and logos, a discourse] মুড়ানখার ভানিছা; মুডের হিলাব; A register of deaths, obi-

tuary. es=necrologic ; necrologicat. Meoromancer, nekro-man-sér, n. देखवानिक ; पाइका ; A sircerer : magician.

Neoromancy, ne'rū-man-se, n. [G. nebros, dead, and manteia, divination] ব্যৱস্থ; ইক্ষান; বাছবিলা; Enchantment; magic; witchcraft; sorcery; black art, as-necromantic, necromantical.

Necromantic, Necromantical, a ইক্ষানিত :
Performed by necromancy, admecromantically,
Necropolis, nek-rópol-is, n. [G. nekros,
dead, and polis, city] সমাধি-হাব : সমাধিকেয়;
গ্রেড্যোক : A cemetery : grave-yard; buryingground : church-yard.

Noctar, nektar, n. অনুত: The drink of the Gods:--সুৰাগ মৃথ্য, সুমুধুন পানীয়; A pleasant liquor; a delicious beverage.

Neotareal, nek-táre-al, Neotarean, nek-táre-an, a. অয়ত স্বত্তীয়, অমৃতস্ব; Pertaining to or resembling nectar :—স্বায়; স্বযুধ ; Delicious.

Nectared, nektard, a. अनुस्तृतं, अनुस्त्रम् ; अनूत्र ; Mingled or abounding with nectar.

Weotareous, nek-táre-us, a. অনুভবং; কুৰাছু; কুৰাড়ু; কুৰাড়ু;

Nectarine, nekta-rin, a. সমূতবং : মন্ত্রা বর্ম :
প্রিট্ট Sweet as nectar:—n জন বিশেষ : A
peach-like fruit.
Nectarous, nektar-us, a. সমূতের মত ক্ষিট্ট:
Nectary, nektar-u, n. পুশোর মন্ত্রা সত ক্ষিট্ট:
Nectary, nektar-u, n. পুশোর মন্ত্রা : Organ
that secretes honey, the honey gland of
a flower.

Need, गरंत, म वाराजन ; जानकरुत ; Necessity : —वड'त ; Want ·-- मारिजा , Poperty ·-- कांडन ; Reason or occasion -v. t. wete week; कारकर-३. To want, to require. n=needer. Syn:-(n) Exigency, argency, strait, extremity distress, destitution, penury, poverty, nd gence [ quiring attention. Crying needs-मकानई वाही हारह ; Things re-Stand in need of-sitting see; (and age প্রায়ন হওয়া, Require; be in want of:--काशांत्र महिष्य स्विश्व इंड्यो . Require the help of. Noodful, nedloul, a. आवज्य : अखावनीय : Nicessary , requisite :-- महिन्न , अकारश्रद : Indigent; needy ad = needfully, n=needfulness. Syn :- Needy ; requisite, essential, indispensable.

Needle, nedl, n. সচি, বুঁচ: A small, sharppointed steel instrument, with an eye for a thread; swinging instrument:—ৰলালের কাটা; Point of magnetic compass:—». i. To shoot into needle shaped crystals.

The magnetic needle-wiste water :

Needle-book, Needle-case, n. ব্যাদায়: বুৰ বাৰিবাৰ আগায়; A book or case to hold needles. Needle-gun, nedle-gun, n. এক আগায় বৰুষ; A gun or rife loaded at the brech with a cartudge, containing powder, exploded by the prick of a needle. [Money to buy needle. Needle-money, n. বুলি বলি কলিয়া কৰিয়া, Needless, nedles, a. আগায়ক; Unaccessery, sale

useless; not requisite...ad = needlessly. n = need-lessness.

্য় eccile-woman, nedl-woom-an, ন. জীবিদা লছ বে শ্রীনোক নেলাই করে; জীবন-বাবনানিনী; Seamstress. সাত্তব্যক্ত work, nedl-work, ন. হচিকৰ্ম; Embroidesing with the needle; the business of a seamstress. [servant.

Beedling, n. বাস : কৃতবাস : A slave : forced Reeds, nedz. ad. অবস্তই ; অনিবাৰ্য্য সংগ ; Of necessity ; indispensably.

Must needs—च्याहे ; Must necessarily.

Meedy, nedi, a. नि:च ; नीन ; निजाद निजाद । Very poor ; indigent. ad=needily. n=neediness.

Me'er, nar, ad. construction of never.

Mefarious, no-fit'ie-us, a. [ L. nefarius, from ne, not, and fas, law ] পাগিচ; অধ্যা; বিয়তিশ্ব ছই: Impious; villainous; wicked in the extreme. n=nefariousness. ad=nefariously.

Syn:—Iniquitous, detestable, hornble, dreadful, atrocious, monstrous, enormous, infamous, shameful, flagitious, flagrant, heinous.

Negation, nc-ga'shun, n. [L. negatio, from negare, to say no] অথীকার; নান্তিবাদ; অপলাপ; Denial; statement of what a thing is not or has not; disayowal; disclaimer.

Megative, neg'a-tiv. a. [L. nego, to deny]
আৰীকারণ্টক; অপলাপকারী. De iyinv. implying or
containing denial, negation or refusal:—Not
positive:—গ্ৰমকারী; নিবারণ্ট্রম; Having the
power of stopping or restnining:—আভাববোৰক;
Implying absence:—n আভাবপক; A position
by which something is de ied or torbidden:—
আধীকার বাকা; লা-শুটক পাড; A word that denies,
veto:—ত. t আপমান-ক; To disprove, to reject
by vote. ad=negatively. n=negativeness.

Neglect, neg-lek', ফ t. [L. nec, not, lego, to gather, pack up] উপেন্ধা-ড়; ডাছিলা-ড়; To omit; to slight; be careless; not to attend to —n উপেন্ধা; অবহেলা; Disregard, slight; omission.

Syn:—(v) Leave out, pretermit, slight, overlook, disregard. (n) Negligence, carelessness, failure, default; disrespect.

Megleotful, neg-lektfool, a. অনবাহত ; অনবাৰ ; অৱনোবোদী ; অনাধ্যকারী ; তাজিলাকাবী ; Careless ; inattentive ; treating with neglect or slight; slighting. ad-neglectfully. n=neglectfulness. Megligence, neg'le-jens, n অনবধানতা ; কর্বন্য কার্ব্যে উপেন্ধা ; তাজিলা ; শৈবিলা ; অবহেলা ; আনাব-ধানতা ; Habitual neglect ; carelessness ; heedlessness. Syn:—Inattention, heedlessness, disregard, remissness, thoughtlessness.

Megligent, neg'le-jent, a. [ L. negligere, to neglect ] a. অনবহিছ ; লিখিল ; অনবধাদ ; অবনোধানী , Careless ; inattentive. admnegligently. Syn :— Headless, neglectful, regardless, indifferent, remiss.

Megotiable, ne-go'shi-a-bi, a. হয়াতা করণবাদা;
পালতা কাৰ্য্যাল্য-নাম্য; That may be negotiated
transferable by assignment or indorsement to
another person. π → negotiability.

Megotiate, ne-goshe-At, v. i. [ L. negotium, businese] . Anfaren 18-8; cois off-F; Affig.

নজির নিষিত্ত কথাবার্ত্তা কহা; To transact business; to bargain; to hold intercourse for the purpose of mutual agreement:—v. t. পাইবার বলোবত-তৃ; বাবহা-তৃ; বিজ্ঞা-তৃ; বা arrange for by agreement; to pass, as a bill; to sell. n=negotiator. Syn —Treat with, deal with; treat for; put into circulation.

Negotiation, ne-gō-shi-z'shun, n. প্রশ্রের মধ্যে কার্য্য সাধন: সন্ধি সংখাসন; The treating with another on business; stipulation; conference. a⇒ negotiatory.

Negotiatory, a. প্রশার বিষয়বার্থা-সংক্রান্থ ক্রোপ-ক্ষন-স্থানীব; Of, or pertaining to, negotiation. Negro, ne grö, n. কালি, One of a race of black persons in Africa. fem = Negress. [ Tobacco. Negro-head, ne grö-hed, n. গুড় বাধান ভাষাৰ; Negro jail, n. Place for keeping Negroes for

Mogus, n. পানীর বিশেষ , A beverage.

Neigh, n5, v. i ছেবা রব-ক ; To utter the cry of a horse:—n. ছেবা রব ; The cry of a horse.

Neighbour, natur, n. [A. S. neah, near, gebur or bur, a farmer] প্রভিবেশী; প্রভিবাসী; One who lives near or in friendship:—v. i. প্রভিবেশী: স্ তি dwell near each other:—v. t. বিকট-ই; সালিভিড-ই; To be near to; to border on. Neighbourhood, na'ber-hood, n. প্রভিবেশীয়; প্রভিবেশীয় Quality or condition of being a neighbour vicinity; adjoining district; place near. Syn —Vicinage, proximity, propinquity, nearness; closeness.

Neighbouring, na'bur-ing, a. স্থীপ্ৰতী; সৃদ্ধিfes : Living near , being near.

Neighbourly, náber-le, a. নামানিক; অভিবেদ জনোচিত : বনুভানাপন্ন; Friendly; social; cultivating familiar intercourse. n=neighbourliness. admneighbourly. Syn:—Companionable, conversible, kind, genal, accessible.

Neither, no'ther, prom. নতে; ছইএর একও বছ Not either:—conj. নতে; Not either; nor.

Neither extenuate not set down aught in malice—খদি কোন দোৰ হইবা খাৰে, তাহা লবু না করা এবং বিবেবেৰ উপর কান কার্য চইবাছে তাহাও বা বলা—টক টক বলা ( বাডাইবাছ না কমাইরাও না ); Neither palliate any offence that has been committed not impute anything that has been done to any evil design—not to misreport or misrepresent what has occurred, to speak the real truth. Neither fish, flesh nor fowl—খনিভিড; Peculiar, indefinte, net easily classified or underestood.

Meither rhyme nor reason—উপৰেশ বা আমোড় কিছুবই লভ উপযুক্ত নহে , Neither sound nor sense ; fit neither for amusement nor instruction.

শ্ৰপ্তান্ত, neme-sis, n. [Gr. namo, to distribute] প্ৰতিহিংদা-বেৰী: বজের অধিটাত্রী বেৰী; ইমরের বোপ, বৈরনির্ব্যাতন: The goddess of vengeance; the goddess of justice and punishment; retributive justice or the righteous anger of God.

Meologio, Meological, ৫. বৰ বৰ প্ৰবেশকাৰীঃ বৰ পদ এবোগ স্থৰীয়; Employing new খণ্ডাইনঃ pertaining to neology. Meologise, ne-olo-jiz, v. ঃ ৰ্তন পদ সনাবিট-য় .
'To introduce new words. [new word or doctrine.
Meologism, ne-olo-jizm, n. ন্তন পদ বা মত : A.
Meologist, ne-olo-jist, n. ন্তন ধদ্মত প্ৰবৰ্তক .
ধ্যবিব্য়ে ন্তন মতের প্ৰবৰ্তক An inventer in theology.

Meology, ne-olo-ji. n. [Gr neos, new, and logos, word ] নৰশৰ বাৰহার, ভাষায় নৰপদেৱ সমাবেশ, New word, phrase or interpretation — ধন্ধবিৰ্থক নৰ ৰভ, New doctrines especially in theology. a=neologic

Neophyte, ne'o-fit, n. [ G. neophutos, properly newly planted ] কোৰ কাজে নুতন লোক, নবৰিবা; নবপুরোহিত; A novice, a new convert —a. Newly entered. Syn:—Proselyte, catechumen, pupil, beginner, tyro.

Neoplastic, a. নৃত্ৰ পঠিত, Newly formed Neo Platonist, n. Mystical philosopher of the school of Plotinus [recent, origin, modern. Neotric, Neotrictal, a আধুনিক, নৃত্ৰ, Of Nepenthe, Nepenthes. n ক্লেণ্ড তু.খনালক বৰণ, উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ, A drug to assuage p un and grief, a magic potion, the pitcher plant

Nephew, nel'u, n ভাইপো, ভালিবেৰ, The son of a brother or sister fem=niece

Nophralgia, ne-fra । । Nophralgy, ne-fra ।
ji, n [ Gr nesbroi, hi lness, and a / १००, pam ]
ৰুত্তপত্তিত বেশনা , মৃত্তপত্তির বেশনা । Pan in the i
kidneys

Nephrite, n কটন বনিত শিশ্য, A hard mineral Nephritic, ne-frick, Nephritical, ne-frick-al, a. মৃত্ত্রস্থিতিয়েও, মৃত্ত্রস্থিত্যতা, Affected with a disease of the kidneys.

Mophritio, n. মৃত্রেছিরোগনাপক ৪৭৭. A med.cine for the diseases of the kidneys

Nophritis, ne-fri'tes, n. মুত্রপন্থ প্রপাষ্ট , Inflamation of the kidneys.

Bepotism, nep'o-lum, n আ'কুপুরালি আছৌশ্লন্মর আ'র আপুরাই আফশ্ন, আ'কুপুরা শ' আ'ডি প্রভৃতির আডি (বাই, Undue preference of nephews or kinsmen, fayouritism to one's relations

**Repotiat,** n. আয়ীদের প্রতি অনুগ্রহপ্রদেশ ক , One who practises nepotism.

Meptune, nep'tun, n. জল-দেবতা সমুদ্ধ-দেবতা, The god of the sea :—এই, A large planet

**Meptunian**,nep-tu'ni-an, a সাগরীর , সংস্থাস্থানীর Pertaining to the sea .—জনগাতি ; Formed by water. [sea-nymph

Moreid, ne're-id, n. জন্দেৱা, Sea-elf or fairy, Norve, nerv, n সাৰু, An organ of sentation 'and motion — গৈছিক পত্তি , ঘৃত্ত'; সাহস , Physical force, strength, firmness, courage:—v. t ডেক্সী-কৃ, সৰ্ব-কৃ, To strengthen; to give strength; to give vig ur to. Syn:—(n) Sinew, tendon, power, force, fortitude, resolution, hardshold pluck

Merveloss, nervies, a সামুবিহীন; Without nerve:—শক্তিহান; শক্তিবিহীন, Without strength, destitute of strength.

উত্তেমন-প্ৰশমক উৰব; A medicine that soothes nervous excitement.

Nervous, nervus, a. ছার্বিশিষ্ট, ছার্সবন্ধীয় ; Having nerve ; relating to the nerves :—ব্লিষ্ট ; তেন্দ্রবা , পানীধারী , Sinewy ; strong ; vigorous :— হ্বাল , Weakly ; shaken by trifles n=nervousness. ad=nervously. Syn .— Nuscular ; robust , forcible, energetic , shaky, timid, timotous, hysterical.

Norvous, Norvose, ner-vos, Nerved, nerd.

a সমাস্ত্রবাল শিরাবিশিষ্ট , Having parallel fibres or veins

Nervous system—বাবুরাণ , বাবুবত : বাবুবতা ; The brain, spinal chord, and nerves collectively. Nervous tissue—বাবুষৰ বিলি

Mescience, ne hers, n [ l. ne, not, and scio, to know | জান্বিগ্ৰুছা : Want of knowledge.

Ness, nes, n. অপ্তবীপ , A promontory or small cape.

Nost, nest, n নীড়, কুলায়, পঞ্চীৰ বাসা; Bed of a bud for taying ex ... wum bed —বাসস্থান Abode —v. t নিড নিমান-কু, বাসা করিয়া ভ্রম্মে আক!. To build and occupy a nest —v. s To form a nest for. [ absurd.

A mare's nest -বোটার ডিম , Something grossly Feather one's nest -i-ছের বস্তু বাবার ব্যু স্থান কু, Make sufficient provision for oneself, lay by money

Foul one's own nost—অ'পনার অনিষ্ট আপনি করা , নি.ভন্ন পাছে এটা ন যাবা , অগাতি কেনা , Spoil one's own cause, bring discred t to one's own self

Nest-cock. এ বৈ কথন বাটী ছইতে অস্তত্ৰ বাম না ; One who has never been from home.

**Nester**, n A Grecian hero, famous for his eloque ice and wisodom

Neatle, ne.i. ৩.০ স্বস্থাজ্য পকীৰ নীড়ে থাকা; House, as in a nest, lik sung, as in a nest... ৩ ৫ ভাৰবাৰা, বালনপাৰন-কু, To cherish as a bird her young

Nestling, neshing, n. পক্ষীপাৰক; A young bird in the nest —a নৰস্কৃতি (জাত), Being in the est, newly hatched

Net, net, n আল, Texture of twine to snare fish, birds &c:—আল; Snare:—বিশ্ব; A difficulty —v. t. আল বুবান; To make into network:—পালবৰ-কৃ, আলে ধৰা; To catch with a net:—v: To form network. Syn.—(n) Trap, gin,toil.
Net, net, a বিশুদ্ধ, অবিনিম্ম, Pure; unadulterated:—ব্যৱচা বাদ; বাচি, Clear of all charges:
—v t. ব্যৱচা বাদে উৎপাদ-কৃ; বাচি লাভ উৎপাদন-কৃ;
To produce, as clear profit. [imfernal. Wether, nether, a. বিশেষ ; পাভান-বেশ্ব; Lower Nether Lands, n. Holland and Seignum.

Nethermost, nether-most, a विषय : Lowest. Mothinim, #.pl. निडाइट्रेबिश्व माहायाकात्री लोकवन, Men or servants given to the Levites to assist them. net-work Notting, netting, n with a win as , A piece of Nettle, netl, n [ A S netele, a poisonous plant ] বিছুটি , A stinging plant - v t বিরক্ত-ক , উত্তেতিত-কু, To fret, as a nettle does the skin, to sting, to irritate Syn -(v) Sting, provoke, fret, exasperate. Nottlerash, netl-rash, # আমবাত , বোগ বিশেষ

Skin eruption, a kind of fever f birds Mot-trap, n. পকী ধরিবার জান , Trap to catch Network, network, \* बांबकर्ष, खांदाव कांव वह, A piece of work or fabric formed like a net Neural, nu'ral, a [ Gr. neuron, a nerve ] श्रावनश्योत , श्राविक , Pertaining to the nerves. Neuralgia, nū-raljı-a, Neuralgy, nū-raljı, n [Gr neuron, nerve, algos, pain ] সায়ু-বেপনা,

Pain in the nerves a=neuralgic.

Neuralgic, nu taljik, a नायू-(यमना-मक्कीय , Per-[ writer on neurology training to neuralgia Neurologist, nu-rolo-jist, ল স্বাৰ্ত্য-বেশক A Nourology, nu-rolo-p, n [ G neuron, n rvlogos, science ] चांप-विना चांपू ठच् . The science of the nerves a=neuro'ogical

Neuroptora, nll-ropiter, n [Gt neuror nerve and ptera wings ] कींछ वित्नव Insec having four transparent wings a=neuropte

ral, neuropterous

Nourotic, nu-rofik, a স্বায়ুসম্মীর Relating or seated in the nerves -- ল আর্থিক রোগ, মণ বোদের উবৰ, A disease of the nerves, a medi cine useful for the disease of the nerves

Neurotomy, nu-rotom-1, n [ Gr neuron a nerve, and tome, cutting ] चावू-वावरक्ष , Ihe cutting or dissection of a nerve

Neuter, nu'ter, a [L ne not uter either নপু-সৰু , ক্লীবলিক , Neither masculine nor feminin -উদাসীৰ, অপস্পতি, Neutral -Having nei ther stamens nor pictils -n অপ্ৰপানী লোক विवास छेमात्रीन वाकि Neutral one taking no part in a contest - क्रेंच, न जू नक, One of neither sex, as a working bee

Neutral, nu'tral a [ I ne and uter eithe ] | খবাছ, Not of either side -- লাভি উত্তম বা কথম बाजि-डेखर-बाजि व्यस्त्र , डेलामीन Neither very good nor very bad, indifferent, unbiased - 87 क्रिकान . Having neither stamens nor pistils -#. ब्रशुष्ट् वाक्ति वा कांकि , A person or nation that takes no part in a contest ad = neutrally n=neutrality Sun -Neuter, on either side intermediate, indistinct

Mautralise. nutral u, o f नाम कृ, नहे कृ व्यक्तिन , To make neutral or mert, to de troy the effect of , to render indifferent nementraliser, neutralisation Syn -Counteract, cou terbalance, cou iterva l, make of no effect

Neutrality, n নিরপেকতা . State of being neutral, indifference — নিরপেক রাজ্য, A combination of neutral powers or states.

Never, never, ad. क्यन वस, क्यन वहर, Not

ever, at no time — विष्ट्रे गरह, In no degree; not in the lest.

Never feding-and

Never mind—গ্ৰাহ্ করিও লা, It is no matter; it is of no cosequence

Nover say die - निवान हरे व न , Never despair. Nevertheless, nev-er-the-les, ad विषठ , उथानि ; नत्त्व , Notwithstanding , in spite of that Syn : -However, at least, yet

New, nu, a नुडन नद, नतीन. Not old, novel. -ভাজা, Fresh — আধুনিক, নক, Modern — আবন-ভার, Unaccustomed , unfamiliar - नुजन , Recent — ৰভুত, Strange — প্ৰথমকুই, Cultivated for the first time — অদৃষ্টপূর্ম, অজ্ঞাতপূর্ম, Not before seen on known n = newness ad = newly. Syn -Recent, renovated, repaired, renewed, restored, unused to, unfamiliar with

New birth-नवक्रीवन , Regeneration Newcastle, " City in England a coal port Carry coals to Newcastle—তেলা মাণান তেল পেওয়া Do what is superfluous [ naved Newcomer, n 电有数 One who is newly Newel, nū'el n যে লছভাবে দঙারমান গুত্ত বেইন করিবা গোশাকার অধিবোহনীয় সোপানাবলী উথিত ২য়, The upright post about which the steps of a circul ir stair case wind [ States

New England, n. Northern States, United Newfangle, nu-lang'gl, c f नव-निवचन मनाद्वन করিয়া পরিবর্তিত-কৃ, To change by introducing novelties

Newfanglod, nu-fang'gld, a मद निश्चित्र, नव वित ह, नवच्चानी, Made new, newly made. marked by the affectation of novelty, fond of novelties n=newtangledness

New-fashioned, nu-fashund, a नवष्टिंड , अवना লচনিত , Lately come into fast ion

Newgate, n. কার'লার , Puson in London

Newgate bird, n वन्ते कावने Prisoner in Newgate treat, new. Newish, nuish a Wenderte So ewhat new. Nowland, n Land cie red aid cultivaled for the first time

Nows মার্ড সাল, গাব সাংখ্য নুত্র বিৰুদ্ধ Lidin's intelligence field account Sin -Information, als co

Newsboy, a ifboy Newsman, nufman, n. मावीन-अव िक प्रकामभाउ दिवय वा वर्णन करत . One who s r d livers newspapers

Newslotten, nu. 'et en, n न न न न न न निम ना Ma, A letter or printed sheet conveying news. Nows monger, nuz nung ger, n 4'31 25 44. न'बान के बिक न बान र उनावों One who carries about news one who spends much time in hearing and tilling news

Newspaper, nufpe-per, n Att na Printed jour i il oi gizette a paper printed and distitbuted periodically for one ila ing news &c

Newsroom, মার্মাতেm, দ্বাদ পাত্র পড়িবার পুত্ দাবান পত্ত বির পাঠাপাব . A soom for the reading of newspapers, magazines &c

Newsvender, Newsvendor, nuivender, গ সংবাদপত্ৰ-বিজেতা, A seller of newspapers

মৃতক্ষা, pūt, a. কুমাকার পিরপিটী; Small lizard. Mewtonian, nū'tōni-an, a. নিউটন সম্বনীয়; নিউটন কর্ত্বক আবিষ্কৃত; Belonging to Sir Isaac Newton or his philosophy.

New world-America and Australia.

New-year's-day, nu'yerz-da, গ. নবৰৰ্বের প্রথম বিব : The first day of the new year.

Next, nekst, a. নিকটছ; Nearest:—ad অনস্তর; পরে: আসর; পরবর্তী; অব্যবহিত পরে: Nearest or immediately after. [best after that. Next best—তার পর যেটা বা যিনি সংকাৎকৃষ্ট: The

Next door to-air ; Near to , almost.

Next to—ঠিক পরে বা ঠিক উপবে; Immediately after or over. [আসন্তব: Almost impossible.
Next to impossible—এক প্রকাব অসন্তব; প্রাথ কিছুই নয়; Almost nothing; very little [nection.
Nexus, neksus, n. বন্ধন; সৰক; Tie. con-Mib, nib, n. কলমেব মোচ; কেছ; Something small and pointed; a point; the point of a pen. the beak of a bird; bill; neb. a=nibbed (having a nib).

Mibble, nibl, ত t. ঠোকবান; একটু একটু করিবা কাকডান; To eat by little at a time:—v. r ঠোকর মারা; নিকা-কু; To bite; to find fault n. আন কামডান; A little bite. Syn.—Gnaw browse; catch at, carp.

Nice, nis, a. কোষণ; Fine; delicate — ক্টিকর, আনক্ষণ; Agreeable; delightful — ক্ষান্ত Delicious; dainty:—ফুলুর; Handsome — টুক, Exact, accurate:— ছুম্মান্য; Squeamish, fastidious:—ক্ষ্ম, Refined:—ক্ষ্মান্য; Requiring delicacy of treatment. n=niceness, adinicely. Syn:—Precise, minute, subtle; punctilious, difficult, exacting; savoury, palatable, pleasant, good.

Nice question—যে প্রস্ন সহকে সীমণসা করা বাব লা; One requiring exact discrimination or difficult to decide.

Miceness, nisnes, n. মনোহনত্ব; প্ৰকৰ্ত, দলিকা; Pleasantness; exactness, scrupulousnes, Micety, nise-te, n. কুলান, স্থানা, A delicary — মনোহারিত; Agreeableness:— নিম্মত্ত, Exact ness; accuracy:—স্কুড়া; Fineness, minuteness:—কুল্যানাতা, অভিনয় কুলাবনিতা; Fastidiousness:—কোমল পরিচালন; Delicare management:—কুল্যানাত্ত, Delicacy of perception Syn:—Precision; daintiness, squeamishness, dainty, delicacy, tid-bit.

Miche, nich, ন. কোল্লা; তাক, Hollow in a wall for a statue.

Niched, nicht, a. কোল্লায় হাপিট; Placed in a (St.) Nicholas—নাবিকলিগের দেবতা; Patron saint of sailors.

Clerks or knight of St. Nicholas—কে'ব.

Nick, nik, ন. হিনাবের চিহ্ন, থাক, A notch, reckoning:—উপযুক্ত মুহুর্ড; উপযুক্ত সময়; Exact point of time; a fortunate conjecture:—৩. গ্রাক্ত ক্টিয়, To cut in notches:—তিক সময়ে কাজ-কু.

| Nick, n. परडात ; शांच ; The devil.

In the nick of time— টিক স্বরে; বে স্বরে আবিজ্ঞক টিক সেই স্বর্গে; Just at the right time; at the exact point of time required; exactly at the right moment.

Nick, also old Nick-সংভান; The devil. Nickel, nikel, n. ধাতু বিশেষ: A metal.

Nicker, n. হিচ্ছেক হোল ; One who watches an opportunity to steal. [ এবা ; A trifle. Nioknack, niknak, n. সামাত বস্তু ; অধিকিংকর

Nicknackory, n. (कान) : Trifles ; toys.

Nickname, niknām, n. অবজা বা কৌতুৰ্জ্ঞক নাম, বাজ্পুচক নাম; A name given in contempt or sportive familiarity:—v. t. অবজাননৰ নাম-দে; দ্বা। ব' ব্যাস্থ্যক নাম-দে; To give a nickname to. Nicotian, ni-kō'shi-an, n. ভাষাক্ষমনীয়, ভাষাক ইটাত উৎপদ্ধ, Pertaining or derived from tobacco. Nicotin—Peculiar principle of tobacco.

Nicotine, niko-tin, n. বিষ বিশেষ; A poisonous liquid.

Nictate, v. i. চকু মিট্ মিট্-কু; To wink.

Nidification, nid i-fi-kashun, n. [L. nidus, a nest, facio, to make] নীড নির্মাণ; Building nests [The daughter of a brother or sister. Nieco, nos, n. ভাতেশাত্রী, আড্ডনরা; ভাগিনেরী; Niggard, nig'erd, n. কুগণ, বাবকুঠ; A miser — a কুগণ, Miserly, meanly coverious. Syn.—Skinflint, churl, curmudgeon, screw, scrimp.

Niggardly, nag erd-le. Niggard, nig'ard, a. তুপণ; বজাই, বংগ্রুঠ, কুপণবান, Miserly; penurious. n= niggardliness, ad = niggardly. Syn.—Saving, chary, sparing; sordid, parsimonious, mean, grasping, avaricious, greedy. Nigger, n. কাজ (অবজা প্রকাশ); A negro in contempt.

Nigh, ni, a. নিকটে; অনুব, স্নির্টট্ট; Near; not distant, not lar off. close —ad প্রায়; Near; almost —pre স্মিতিত, অনুবৰতী; Near to; not distant from Syn —a, Adjacent, contiguous, proximate, bordering on.

Night, nit, n বছৰী; Time of darkness; the time from sunset to sunuse ানৈতিক সক্ষাত্ৰ; হুণতা, Darkness; moral darkness, ignorance: —স্কুল, A state of adversity, death

At night, By night – রাজে ( দিনে করে ) ; In tho depth of night — গভীর রাজিতে, ছুই প্রহর কলনিতে

To-night —অল রচনী। Night-bird, গ বাত্তির পকী, A bird flying by Night-blindness—বাজাকতা।

Nighteap, nikap, n. (a ff ff at. Cap worn in bed at night: So night-dress, night-gown, night-shirt. soil.

Night-cart, n. মুবলার গাড়ি, Cart for the night Nighted, a. পথনাত, পথনাত ; Benighted.

Mightfall, nittawl, n. विवायमान ; निर्माणन ; मुख्यी-नृष ; शास्त्रव ; Close of day ; coming of night ; Nightfire, n. चारतम ; Fire at night ; ignis

fatuus. [প্ৰজঃ ; Lost at night. Night-foundered, a. রাজিতে প্ৰজাত ; রক্ষীতে Night-house, n. কুহাৰ ; Public house open at might ; a bad house. Mightinale, nitin-gal, n. বুল্বুল্; পঞ্চিবিশেষ; A song bird.

Mightjar, nītjar, Nightohur, nītchur, n. পদ্দিবিশেষ; A bird; the goat-sucker. [no night. Nightless, nītles, a. রজনীপুঞ্জ; নির্থিশ; Having Nightly, nītli, ad. প্রতি রজনী; প্রতি রাজিতে; Every night:—রজনীতে; রাজিতে; By night:—a. রাজিকালে সম্পাধিত; প্রতি নিশার কৃত; Done by night; done every night.

Mightman, গ. নিশা-সম্মাৰ্জ্যক ; মেধ্য় ; One who empties privies by night.

Night manure-मत्रला ; Night soil.

Nightmare, নাংলেইন, দ. বায়ুরোগ বিশেষ ; নিমাকালে বুৰ-চাপা রোগ ; Oppressive feeling in sleep.

Nightpiece, nitpes, n. রজনী-চিত্র; Painting to be seen best by candle-light:--রজনী-দৃত্য: নৈশ দৃশ্তের চিত্র; A piece of painting representing a light scene.

Night-shade, nitshad, n. রজনীর অফকার ; Darkness of the night :—লতা বিশেষ : বিষাক্ত উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ ; Belladonna. [ carried away by night. Nightsoil, n. বিষ্ঠা; মবলা; The contents of privies Night-walker, nit-wawker, n. বে বাজিতে কু আছিমজির আনা বেড়ায়; নিক্রাবে, নিশাচর ; One who walks in his sleep at night; one who walks about at night for bad purposes.

Nightward, nitward, c. ব্যাত্রিকে, Towards night:—রজনীয়ধ: Approaching toward night. Nightwatch, nitwoch, n. বাজিকে পাহারা; নৈশ-

প্রকৃত্তির ; Time of watch in the night.

Nigroscont, ni-greeent, a. [L. nigresco, to grow black] কুকাম্পন ; Growing black.

Mihilism, ni'hi-lizm, n. দাৰ্প্ৰটোৰ অবিধান: ক্ৰমন্ত্ৰিক নাজিকতা; Belief in nothing; extreme scepticism:— শ্ৰামত; শ্ৰাডা; Nothingness

Nihiliats, n. pl. কশিয়াৰ নামাজিক সম্প্ৰদায় বিশেষ: Those who profess nihilism.

Nil, nil, a. কিছুই নহে; ন-কিঞ্চিৎ; পুনা, Nothing. Nimble, nimbl, a. [A. S. nemol, numel, capable] দ্ৰুত; চালক; চঞ্চল; তংপর; কিপ্প: Light and quick in motion; active; swift. n=nimbleness ( চালাকী); ad=nimbly. Syn:— Agile, active, brisk, lively, alert, sprightly, prompt.

Nimbus, ninibus, n. বৰ্ণ-বেষ; The rain cloud. Niminipimini, n. কৃতিম সরপতা; Affected simplicity.

Nincompoop, গ. নিৰ্বোধ, বোকা : A silly fool, a simpleton. [ and one.

Nine, nin, a. and n. নব : নবম সংখ্যা, নম : Eight Nine day's wonder—অমকাল হাত্ৰী উভ্জেজনা : Something that causes great sensation or astonishment for a few days only.

Ninefold, nihfold, a. নবজৰ; Nine times repeated.

Nine-holes, nihholz, n. ক্রীড়া, বর্বেলা বিশেষ; Ninepins, nihpinz, n. ক্রীড়া বিশেষ; A game played with pins and a bowl. [a o ib ball. Nine-pounder, n. কামান বিশেষ; Gun carrying Nineteen, nihten, a. উনবিংশ, Nine and ten. Nineteenth, nihtenth, a. উনবিংশতি তম: 10 in order; ninth atter the tenth:—n. উনবিংশতি-সম্বর্গন : A nineteenth part.

Minetieth, ninti-eth, c. নৰভিতৰ; go in order:
—n. নৰভিতৰ অংশ; A ninetieth part.

Minety, nifiti, a. and n. ৰবভি; বৰ্কই; Nine times ten. [a simpleton.

Minny, nini, n. মুর্থ; নির্কোধ; বোকা; A fool; Winth, ninth, a. নবম; Next after the 8th:—
n. ম্বমাংশ; One of nine equal parts. [place.
Winthly, ad. নবম হানে (ফলায়); In the ninth
Wiobe, n. The daughter of the king of Thebes
who kept for the loss of her children till she
was turned into stone.

মানু, nip, v. t. থামচাল; চিন্টাইয়া থয়া; বিলাপ-ত্ব; নই-কু; হেঘন-কু; To catch or inclose and compress tightly between two surfaces or edges brought togather; to pinch; to destroy; to check the growth; cut off:—n. থামচাল; A pinch with the nails or teeth:—কুবার থারা বিলাপ; Destruction by frost:—বাতাথাত; A blast. ad=nippingly. Syn:—(v) Compress, squeeze, gripe; clip; blast, bite, destroy, ruin.

(n) Pinch, bite; small cut, bit; dram, sip.

(n) Pinch, bite; small cut, bit; dram, sip.

(n) Pinch, bite; small cut, bit; dram, sip.

(n) Pinch, pinch, sacra সমুখ্য স্কঃ: Forelooth

Nip in the bud—অকালে নষ্ট-কু; অনুবে নষ্ট-কু; Nipper, nip'er, n. অথের সন্মুখন্থ দস্ত: Foretooth of a horse:—বে বা বাহা চাপিয়া ধরে; He who, or that which, pips.

Nippers, n. দাড়াশি : Small pincers.

Nipple, nip'l, n. চুচুক; অনের বেটা; অনুৰঃ;
Teat; pap. [the Budhists.
Nirvana, n. মুক্তি; Enternal rest according to
Nit, nit, n. n. কটিডিঅ; মুজ কীটের অভ; The egg
of a louse or other insect. a=nitty.

Nitrate, nitrat. n. কার বিশেষ; A salt formed by the union of nitric acid with its base. a = nitrated ( combind with nitric acid ).

Nitrate of silvor, n. কাইজি, Lunar caustic. Nitrated, a. নাইডিক এসিডের সহিত মিলিড; Combined with nitric acid.

Nitro, ni'ter, n. ঘৰকাৰ: সোৱা; The nitre of potash, also called saltpetre.

Cubic nitro—কার বিশেষ : Nitrate of soda Nitric, ni'trik, a. যবকার সম্বন্ধীয় ; যবকার গর্জ ; Compounded of nitrogen and oxygen ; resem-

Nitric soid, n. यदकादिक आह ।

bling nitre.

Nitrify, ni'tri-fi, v. t. [ L. nitrum, Initre, and facio, to make ] বৰকাৰে পৰিণত কৰা বা হৰৱা; To convert into nitre:—v. i. To become nitre. n=nitrification. [ acid. Nitrite, ni'trit. n. কাৰ বিশেষ; A salt of nitrous

Nitrogen, ni'tro-jen, n. [Gr. nitron, and gemnao, to generate ] যবকারজাত বালা; যবকারজাল; A gas forming nearly four fiths of common air. a = nitrogenous.

Nitros, nitrūs. a. যবকার তুলা: যবকার-গর্ভ; Resembling or containing nitre.

Nitry, nitri, a. ঘৰকাৰজনক; Producing nitre. No, no, a. একজনও বা একটাও লয়; নয়; Not one; no one:—ad. না; নহে; The word of refusal or denial.—n. অধীকাৰ; Denial, vote in the negative:—One who votes in the negative. [ dead. Re no more—গুৱাহ; সুত্তহ, Cease to exist; be

No joke, अ धन्नवर निरम , Something important [ ous consequence and serious. No laughing matter—जामांगा नरह Of cert-Woschian, no akı an, a मात्रा मचकीय वा ७९-কালিক, Relating to Noach or to his time Mob, n क्लवाव् ध्वडंडब्र लांक A fop a superi or sort of person Nobility, no-bile-te, n Gwell *न्यव*्यम् क्लिना Rank dignity -महास त्नी अडिडाउ সম্প্ৰদাৰ কুলীন সম্প্ৰদাৰ , উচ্চ শ্ৰেণী Noblemen collec tively, the peerage —মহত্ত গৌৰৰ, গুলতা Great less eminence Syn - Grandeur no bleness elevation loftiness nobe birth, pa- [ trician rank . peerage, aristoriai)
Noble, nu bl. এ মৃহৎ প্রেট উদার উপযুক্ত দানু Gentlemanly, great, high in rank illustrious worthy, excellent generous free - n डेक्क नम्ब লোক অভিনাত, A peer -- স্থাৰ্থ মুদ্ৰা শিশ্বৰ 6- 9d sterling ad=nobly Syn -(a) Honou able, exalted, emment renowned grand maonini mous, patrician ar focratic titled stately splendid lofty sublime अप्रमाणका क्रिक्तिकारण Nobleman, noliman certar A peer one bore i commoner Nobleness, nc'bl noc : यह काम्प्रशामा नाप्त Dignity greatices worth grandour fv : -Magnanim to I ftiness, ex all nee nobility stateliness magnificence grandeur Nobody, nर 1 रेश १९ (दर्श भार , त्वर नव नवन wife No one a pers null round intance Noctambulist, ' দেল'নতে ব' নিজাৰ সময় বিডায় Sleep or right walke Nocturn, nokturn n I nox nochs nght रिम उशामन रिनम शुणा Reigious e ille at nift Nocturnal, act turnal a ff n tir alice from noctu by right, har e seren Ni tely -n had warrant my An in trament for of servations in the night admnocturnally Tra - Dark, gloomy tenebro e Nod. nod - : मश्राका न की क्र महत्त्वाल क faring Mote the head forward be dith head what nuck motion bow slittly be drawsy - s t बड़ कु बानड कू Tot c an or bend as the head -n first arm First ar and कित्रांपन Motion of the head a slight bow - ! Trans A command Syn -(2) Bow beck [ tuning to nod a be drowsy Model, nodii a व इमक्कीय अफ़िन्यकीय Pi Nodated, nod aled a গেঁট প্রস্থিল, সন্ধিসদ Kn tted [ of the head, the head Noddle, nodi » यहक, महाका शकाहान, Виск Noddy, no.li, a facety 44, Simpleton, idiot –সামুদ্রিক পশ্চিবিশেষ A sea fowl Node, nod, n wie are, A knob one of the two points at which the orbit of a planet intersects, the ecliptic - क'रवाज नजान, The plut of a peer in poetry Nodose, nodos, a disge sigm, Knotty Nodule, nodul, n 李玉 河e, A small lump Nozgin, nogin, n কুদ্র কারর পাত্র, কারের ছোট नाजे A small mig or wooden cup

Noise 1012, n [F. noise, strile] 44, 37, 515

निनांत अपि , Sound , loud sound , outery , din . া বোষণা-কু, জনশ্রতিতে প্রচার কু, To apread by rumour - : होश्यात क , अव-क : To so ind loud Syn -(n) Cry, clamour, clatter, tumult uproar. Makes noise-काम विवय नहेवा व्यवाय वा हालावा कु I alk much about, as being of great importance. Make a noise in the world-sife sie-F. সৰ্বত গাতি লাভ-কু, Attract great attention, attract attention everywhere Noiseless, noifles, o বিংশক, বিকর, Silent. n=noiselessness ad = noiselessly Noisome, noisum a [I nocere to hurt] यनिश्लादी जनकादी खदाश्रीकर वक्ठिका, पूर्वा; দুৰ্গন্দাৰ Injurious to health unwholesome; disgusting fitted novious m=noisomeness, at-noromely Syn -Hurtful mischievous invital cious, destructive offensive disgusting ferid Noisy, noite a अकरोतक श्वीत्राम्पूर्व (कालाइक भग, Clamarau turimient n=noisiness ad= naivily Syn -Busterous vociferous, obstreperous Nomad, nemad Nomade, n [G: nomes । १८। १। वंगान्त्र छ। शेव (नाक अपनेनेन ब्राबान बाहि Windering hip ierd or Turtar one of a tribe that wanders about in quest of game or of 13 tire Nomadic, no-madik a समनीन जानान खाडीत. প্ৰশাস নক্ষীণ অস্ভা Pastoral wander ing rud aderomalically Nomedic tribo-वावान्य मानि । Nomenclator, rumen klå tor n [ L romen, ınd cı' to co'l हे नाम माला भाग יתריו ב farare One who gives names to persons or thus fm-numenclatress Nomenciature, nomen klatur, n mit রামের হালি বিজ্ঞান বিশেষর অসাধারণ নাম , A list cinamics ruming term of an art or science Nominal, namital a IL nominalis, from n mιο ও ειπε μ লাম মাজ, নামীর, কন্মি, simes were are Belonging to a name, existing it name only not real or substantial Syn - Litular, tormal, professed ostensible, [ trine held by the nominalistor tended Nominaliam, अ निम्छ'न्डिन्टिन ये . The doc Mominalist, and a al ist, a माशायन महाजानमण्डत ा रुरुभ । रूपम भनार्थक माठे मिछलि स्वयन मायताज हर । कार मड 'दल्यो पार्ननिक मच्छानातत अक्षात्रक One who maintains that general conceptions or uriversals are names only Nominate, nomin it v t [ L nominare, from n men name | निष्ठांत्र कु , नाम कवित्रा खखाव-कु . To appoint, to propose for an office, propose n=nomination. Syn —Propose, by name de ignate present being nominated. Nomination, a. निर्मात , निर्माहन , The state of Nominative, nomin-3-tiv, a कर्बुकांद्रक नवकीय कर्डकार व्यापक Naming , applied to the case of the subject -n वर्षवातक The simple form

(or case) of a noun which may be the subject

of a verb.

Nominator, nomin-st-or, s. বিয়োগৰামী : মিৰ্কাচক : নামকায়ক : One who appoints.

Mominee, nom-in-হ', n. নিৰ্কাচিত ব্যক্তি; নিৰ্কাষিত ব্যক্তি; One nominated by another; one on whose life depends an annuity or base.

Monage, nonis, n. वशादवाक्डा, नारानक्ष Minority. a=nonaged.

Monagenerian, n. [L. nonagints, ninety]
ৰব্ভিব্ৰ্যুদ্ধ বোৰ ; One ninety years old.

Nonce, nons, n. এই উপলক্ষ্ণ; বৰ্তনাৰ সময় বা অভিযায়; The present occasion or purpose For the nonce—ভংকালে; আপাডভ:; ভৰনকার

মন্ত; On that one occasion, temporarily.
Nonchalance, ম. তাছীলা, উদাদীনতা, Indiff-

erence, coldness.

Non-commissioned, non-komishund, a.
ভাগুর নিশোর, Not having a commission, as an
officer in the army or navy.

Non-conductor, non-kon-duktor, n অপ্ৰবৃত্ত , অপ্ৰত্যাক পদাৰ্থ , A substance which does transmit another substance or fluid.

Monconforming, non-kon-forming, a. ea মহাবলহা, প্রচাবত প্রধানবলহা; Not conforming, especially to an established church

Monconformist, non-kon-formist, গ. ভিঃ মহাবলৰ লোক, Dissenter.

Nonconformity, non-kon-formi-ti, গ স্থানকা, অপ্নান, এচলিত প্রধানসকলন, Want of conformity. Non content, গ অভ্নতার 'না' ইডাবোর ম্ডলাডা, In house of Lords, one who gives a negative vote.

Non-descript, nonde-skript, a. [L non, not, and descriptus, described] অবণিত, নুকন, অহুত, Undescribed, novel, add —n. অবণিত বস্তু; A thing not described, something abnormal or hardly classifiable.

Mone, nun, a. কেছ নছে; একও নয়; বিন্দুমাত্রও নয়; Not any, not one, not the smallest part.

Nonentity, non-effecte, n. অসৰ, অৰ্ডিছ, অবিদ্যান্য বস্তু, Thing not existing Syn:—Non-existence, mility; nothing, nobody.

Nones, nonz, n. [ L. nonus, for novenus, ninth ] বোমীৰ পঞ্জিকাৰ দিন বিশেষ, In the Roman calendar, the ninth day before the ides.

Nonesuch, nunsuch, n. অভূব বস্তু , অসাধারণ স্তব্য , Something extraordinary.

Non-juring, non-joor'ing, a (L. nen, not, and juro, to swear ] বস্তভার শপৰ করে নাই এরূপ, Not swearing allegiance.

Mon-juror, non-joor'or, n ছংলান্তর রাজলন্তির আমূরতা করিতে লগধ করে নাই একগ লোক , Jacobite , one who would not swear to the Government of England, at the Revolution of 1688.

Mon-pareill, non-pa-rel, n. [Fr non. not, and pareil, equal] অতুলাতা, অতুল উৎকৰ্ব, Unparalled excellence — ছালিবার ক্ষু অকর; A small printing type:—এক কাতীর উৎকৃষ্ট কল, A rich sort of apple:—এ. অসুপম; অতুল, Without an equal, matchless.

Monplus, nothplus, n [ L. won, not, and plus, more ] সভটাবয়া; বিবয় সমলা ; Puzzle; state of embarassment; insuperable difficulty;—v. f.

ৰভৰ্ছি-ড় . To puzzle; confound. Syn:—(৩) Embarrass, pose.

Monsonso, nońsens, n. অনুৰ্ক বাকা; আনুক্ত বাকা; Unmeaning language; absurdity; trifles a=nonsensicat.

Nonsensical, a. অনর্থক; অর্থপুঞ্চ; নির্থক; জনজ্ভ; Absurd. ad = nonsensically. n = nonsensicalness. Nonsuit, n. নালিশ নামনুব; আদালভ ইইতে বোৰদ্দমা উঠাইয়া লভন, A withdrawl of a suit at law, either voluntarily or by the judgment of the court .—v. t. নালিশ নামনুব-ড়, To record that a plaintiff drops his suit

Moodle, nōō'di. n. নিৰ্কোণ ব্যক্তি; বোৰা নোৰ: A simpleton . blockhead , stupid person.

Nook, nook, n. কোণ; বিভূত ছান; Corner; angle, a recess.

Noon, noon, n. মধ্যক : Midday : twelve o'clock — চরমনীমা , উন্নতি , Height :— এ মাধ্যাহিক .

Noonday, nōōndā, n. ম্বাক; Noon, midday: a. মাধাকিক, Pertaining to mid-day; meridional. Nooning, n. ম্বাক সময়েব আনাম বা আহার, Repose at noon; a repast at noon.

Noontide, noontid, n. মধ্যাক, Midday :-a.
মাধ্যাকিক, Pertaining to noon; meridional.

Moose, nooz, n. পাঁল, দাঁন; A running knot; lasso —v. t. খানে বছ-স্থ বা-য়, To tie or catch in a noose.

Nor, nor, conj. নহে, Not:—'না' সুচক বাজ্যের বিত্তীয়া'ল বোধক অবায়পদ, A particle marking the second or subsequent part of a negative proposition.

Normal, normal, a [L. normalis, from norma, rule] নিয়মানুষ্টা নিয়মিত; Regular; according to rule, ordinary; analogical:—n. লয়, Perpendicular, ad=normally.

Mormal-school, ন. আদর্শ-বিদ্যালয়; For the training of teachers.

Norman, nor'man, n. নৰ্বাঞীর অবিবাসী: A native or inhabitant of Normandy:—a. নৰ্বাঞী প্ৰদেশ বা তাহ'ব অধিব'লীগৰ সম্বন্ধীয় , Pertaining to the Norman- or to Normandy.

Norse, nors. a প্রাণ্ডন-স্থাতিন্তিয়া-সংস্থান্ত ; Pertaining to ancient Scandanavia — n. আচীৰ-স্থাতিনেভিয়াৰ ভাষা . The language of ancient Scandanavia.

North, north, n ইয়ৰ্শনক, One of the four cardinal points of the housen:—a. উত্তর্গিকস্থ; Lying toward or situated at the north:—v. t. উত্তর্গিকে গ্ৰামনক, To turn or move towards the north. North-east, north-est, n. উত্তর-পূর্কাণক; ইমান কোন, পুন্ধান্তর কোন, স্কান কোন, চont between the north and east equidistant from each:—a. পুর্কান, উত্তর-পূর্কাণকেনীয়, Belonging to, or form the north-east.

North-casterly, north-লংগোন, a উত্তৰ-পূৰ্ব হইতে আগত, উত্তৰ-পূৰ্ব হইতে সমাগত; Coming from the north-east

North-eastern, north-Estern, s. উত্তরপুর্বাছত ; Being in the north-east, or in that direction. Worth-eastward, north-east ward, s. উত্তর-পূর্বা-ভিত্তবে, Fowards the north-east. Mortherly, norther-li, a. উত্যুদিকস্থ ; উত্তরাসত : Being toward the north; for the north:-ad. উদ্ভব্ন : উদ্ৰব্যভিষ্থে : উদ্ভব্ন হইডে , Toward or from the north.

Northern, northern, a. উত্তৰ্গিকয়; উত্তৰ্গ Being in the north :- n. উভরবাদী ; An inhabtant of the north.

Northernmost, northern-must. Northmost, c. উত্তর্গিকের চর্মসীমার অবৃত্তি, Situate at the point furthest north.

North-star, northstar, n. উত্তর মেক্-প্রদেশীর नक्छ ; The north polar-star

North-ward, North-wards, adv উত্তর্গিকে . উত্তরাভিমুখে ; Towards the north.

Northward, Northwardly, a. উত্তরভিমুখীন Being toward the north

North-west, n. উত্তর পশ্চিমদিক, বাব্ৰোণ, The point between the north and west:—উত্তর-প্ৰক্ৰিয়াগত . Pertaining to the north-west

North-west passage-The supposed existence of a passage for ships from the Atlantic ocean into the Pacific or the reverse, long sought for, and at last discovered by captain M'clure in 1851.

Morth-westerly, a. উত্তর-পশ্চিমাগত . From the north-west. the north-west North-western, a. Gen-Mena . Being in Norwegian, nor-wi'ji-an, a. নরওবে দেশস ক্রান্ত , Pertaining to Norway :- n. नत्रश्रात-राणवात्री ; A native of Norway.

Nose, noz. n. वानिका , आर्थनीक : The organ of smell:-जान; Scent: - डीक्नुकि, नुकि, Sagacity :-- v. t. সাণ-কু, আলাপ-কু : To smell -- অমাস্থ-क , नानागानि-तम , To oppose rudely to the face . to abuse - নাদিকা দিয়া উচ্চ'রণ-ক , To utter through the nose. | blindly

Lead by the nose—বৰ্ণ ইজুল কইয়া ব'ৰয়া . Lead Length of one's nose—यउन्द क्षाप (नथा यांत्र. As far as one can see at the first view

Poke one's nose into-- वर्गायकांग्रह्मां-कृ. शंड দেওয়া , Thrust oneself into , pry officiou ly into Put one's nose out of joint—এक्खनाक काश्यक खनग्र हरें एक विकास किया निष्क्र मिर्ट अनेय लोक करो , To supplant one in the affections of another

Running at the nose-मिक

Thurst one's nose in-सन्दिक्षकर्क कृ, To meddle impertinently.

To have one's nose on the grinding stone—উৎপীড়িত-ই, To be subject to exactions, to be oppressed, as by exactions.

Turn up one's nose-was dain-a: Show disdain , contemn .- नाव निष्ठकान ; Bend onc's look with nose upward (by way of contempt ) Under one's nose—চোকের উপরে; Before one's eyes, in immediate proximity

Nose-bag, nozbag, ন. অবের আহারের বলি, বোটকের দানা থাইবার থলি; A bag for a horse's nose, containing oats &c

Mose-bleeding, n. নাসিকা হইতে রক্তলাব; A bleeding at the nose.

Mosossy, গতাপুর, গ. কুর্ম-র্ডবক্ , পুলাভার ; ফুলের styl. Bunch of flowers, a boquet, a posy.

Noseleus, noties, a. faiffir ; Destitute of a nose. [ helmet.

Nosepiece, n. fiagitia wit; Part of a Nose-ring, n. Ring put through the nose.

Nosology, n. [Gr nosos, a disease, and logos, a discourse ] ব্যাধিতৰ; রোগ-বিজ্ঞান; The science of diseases, knowledge or description of disease a=nosological, n=nosologist ( (त) বিজ্ঞানবিৎ; one versed in nosology).

Mostralgia, त. पृर भगत्व यमगठी देखा ; Home-[ of the nose. sickness. Nostril, nostril, n নাসারজ, One of the holes Mostrum, nostrum, n. eccite, ne dee; A quack or patent medicine. for refusal. Not, not, ai 제 . A word of denial negation It is not for one—কাহাৰো পক্ষে উচিত বা উপবৃদ্ধ मरह , It is not becoming or proper on one's part. Not that but - এ कथा विन मा त्व , I do not say that -এমনে কৰা উচিত নছে বে, it is not to be supposed that

Notability, not-a-bili-ti, n প্রসিদ্ধ বস্তু বা বাজি. A notable person or thing -পদস্থ লোক, Man of rank or deputy convened by the king of France on an important occasion

Notable, nota-bl, a. [L. notabilis, from notare, to mark ] विशाह. अशिक, मामकानी. Remarkable; memorable, notorious, dis tinguished .- n. विशां उ राक्ति न वह . A person or thing worthy of note, ad = notably, n = notableness. Syn :- (a) Noticeable, plain, evident, extraordinary, unusual, rare striking, prominent

Notary, notar-i, n. मिलन मांत्रकारी (ब्राइकर्य-हांद्री ) , A public officer who certifies deeds of others writings a = notarial, ad=notarially

Notation, no tá hun, n I L noto, notatum, to mark ] किङ (क्ष्य , किङ् व) माक्ष्यामां , Noting or marking, a system of signs or symbols -म'क्लाप निश्न . जब निश्न . Signifying anything by marks, characters or signs, as Authmetic Algebra, Music

Notch, noch, ল থাক , হিছ An indentation hollow cut , a nick -v. t. शंक काही , To cut a hellow into

Note, not, n. [ L nota, from nos cere, notum. to know ] किङ , मरका , A mark or sign ; indication, symbol, a token --- यन . शार्ति . Reputation ; fame - শ্বতি-সহার ; শ্বতি সাহাব্যার্থ কর লিখন, Memorandum —কুড পত্ত, পত্তিকা; Short letter —ব্যাখা, দীকা, A short explanation; annotation :- 49-41414 . Acknowledgment of a debt :-- विका-नव , Promissary note :-- माहे , Bank note - MENTERIN . Notice; heed: - THE. Tune -- ऋरवत्र हिरू : ऋत्रतीषक हिरू ; Musical symbol - 44, Musical tone : - 444, Observation : —v t. বৰ্ণনা-কু, To observe, to remark:—লিধা; To record; write down: -- स्वार्यात्र-कृ; To attend to. Syn: -(n) Brief remark; minute, short letter, billet, character, distinction; bill, paper money. (v) Heed; designate; denote. Make a note of first west, Make a

memorandum.

Note down-বেখা , Make memorandum.
Take note of—ন্বোবোৰ-ছ , Pay heed to ,
notice.

Note-book,~ त. भद्रगार्थ भूखक ।

Noted, noted, a. বিশ্বাত, প্ৰদিদ্ধ, ক্পরিচিত;
নাম্ন্র্যা; Remarkable, celebrated, notorious,
well-known, eminent. n=notedness, Syn—
Distinguished, illustrious, conspicuous, famous.
Noteless, notles, a. অজাত, আর্লিন্ধ, Not attracting notice. [ব্যাথাকারক, An annotator
Noter, n. ফ্রন্ন্র্বার, One who observes—
Nothing, nuthing, n. অভাব, Nonentity—
ম্বিকিং, কিছুই নম, Not any thing, non-existence—
ডুফ্ বিষয়ে, Trifle—কুড, A cipher —ব্লাচীনতা,
No value—ad মুক্তিফিপি, কিছুৎ পরিমাণেও নর,
ক্রেক্টেই না, In no degree, not at all n=
nothingness Syn—Non-existence, nonentity,
nihitty, nothingness, nought, zero, c pher,
trifle, bagatelle

Come to nothing—নিকল হ। Have nothing for it but—উপাৰায়ৰ না থাকা

These is no other course left that To make nothing of जनन ना है।

Noteworthy, notwurth a সুন্পীয়, অবধান-বোগা, আসিছা, Worthy of rate or notice

Take notice of — দেশ টোকা, নজবে প্দা Observe and show that one has observed — | দোজপুৰৰ সংখ্যা বা আমাল আনা Pay heed or attention to

Moticeable, nitis-ৰ bl a দশন দেশে কক্ষ্য-নাথ অবধান যোগা, Worths of observation ad noticeably

Notification, noti fi káshun n. খোৰণা বিজ্ঞা প্ৰ The notice quen - খেল্পা পত্ৰ, বিজ্ঞাপৰ পত্ৰ, The paper containing the notice

Motafy, note-fi, v t [I. notus, known, and facere, to make] জাপন কু প্রচাধ-কু, সাংগাদ-লে
To declare, announce, proclaim Syn — Publish, inform, apprise, acquaint.

Notion, no'shun, n [L notio, from noscere notum, to know] মনেৰ ভাব অনুমান, ধারণা Conception, idea —মভ, সন্দ্ৰিদিত বিশাস, Opmon, belief a=notional Syn —Sentiment apprehension, view, impression, understanding, inclination, fancy

Notional, এ কাছনিক , কছনাপ্ৰিয় , Ideal , fanciful Notoriety no-tö-ri'e-te, n প্ৰকাশ , ছুৰ্নাম , সাধারণো জ্ঞান ; Publicity , public exposure , bad name Syn .—Repute , celebrity, name, note, vogue

Motorious, no-to re-us, a. [L. notare, to mark] অসংকর্থে প্রসিদ্ধ , সাধারণো পরিচিত , নামলাণা , Infamous ; noted n = notoriousness, ad = notoriously. Syn — Open, overt, patent, obvious ; remarkable, celebrated, famous, renowned, disreputable

Notwithstanding, not-with-standing, prep. সত্তেও, In spite of, despite —adv or conj. তথাপি, তথাচ, যে যাহা হউক; Nevertheless however.

Nought, nawt, n কিছু নতে. Not anything; nothing —ad কিবং পৰিমাণেও নয় In no degree. Set at nought—ছুণা কু, অবজা-কু, Despise; উডাইয়া বেওয়া, slight, disregard

Noun, nown, n. স'জা, বিশেষা পদ, (Gram)
The name of anything

Nourish, nur'ish, v t পালন-কু, ভবৰপোৰ্থ-কু;
To feed or bring up, to support —উৎসাহিত-কু,
উত্তেভিত কু, To encourage —পোৰ্থ-কু I o cheish —শিকা-দে, Fo educate n=nouriser a=
nourishable Syn —Nurture, foster, tend provide supply support encourage, comfort

Nourishable, a পাল্ন-যোগ্য , পাল্নীয় , পোৰণীয় , Able to be nour \ 1

Nourishing, a 2854, Nutritious.

Nourishment, nur'ish-ment, n আটাৰ ভক্ষা-কুল ভোটাৰো, Nutriment, food Syn —Food, sustanance aliment diet

Movel, novel a অভিনৰ, নুচন অন্ধাৰণ, অভুত, New unusual, strange —n. আবাাহিকা, উপকান; উপকৰা, A fictitious tale, a romance. Syn:— (a) Modern fresh, unusual, uncommon, rare.

Novelette, n কুদ্ৰ উপজাস . A small novel Novelist, novel ist, n. জাংগায়িকা কেণক , উপস্তা-ক্লিক A novel writer

Novelty, novel-ti n ন্তনত্ব, নবহ আছিনৰ বা আছুত্বস্থ Newness, anything new or strange November, no veni-ber, n নবেশ্ব মাস The tith month of the year

Novennial, no-venyal a L roten, nine, a inus, a year | व्यक्ति नवसवर्ष कृष्ठ Done every ninth year

Novice, novis n I গোলে new ] শিকাৰী বাজি কোন কাৰ দক্ষ নহৈ \ beginner, one new in any business— নাকেশ প্ৰবেশ কৰিয়াছে কিছু বছৰ কৰে নাজ One who has entered a convent numery \ but has not taken the yow—নবলীকিঙ শেক One newly received into the church Syn —Learner, tyro, neophyte, prohationer

Movitiato, no vishi-2-t, n অন্তেবাদিছ শিকাৰিতা, The state of being a novice — প্ৰথম শিকার কাল, শিকাৰ, I he period of being a novice — শিকা-মবিশ, শিকাৰী, A novice

Now, now, adv একণে, বৰ্ত্তমান সম্বে, At this moment, at the present time —tong কিছ, অতংশর স্তবাং, একণ ছইলে, But, after this; things being so —n. বৰ্ত্তমানকাল, The present time

[ intervals, frequently.

Every now and then—वसन ७ चन , At short Now and then—সমূহে সমূহে , कसन कथन , Occassionally , at intervals , at one time or another,

Mow [ 6
Mow—Mow—এক প্ৰৱে; বন্ধ স্ব্ৰে, পৰ্বায়ন্ত্ৰ,
At one time, at another time.

Mow (one thing) now (another)—কথৰ (এটা) কথন ওটা, একবার এদিকে একবার ওদিকে; At one time and at another time.

Now or never—এই শেব, এই ক্ৰোন, বাহা হব করিব। জব, ইহাব পর আর হইবে না, The present (is the only time either to do the thing or give it up altogether).

Now that—বেছে একৰে; Since now

Now-a-days, now'a-daz, ad একালে, আজিকাণি, In days now present, in this age

Moway, no'wz, Moways, no'wzz, ad. কোন মতে ববে, কোন রূপেই বহে, কোন ক্রমেই নহে, In no manner or degree

Nowhere, no hwar, ad কোন হলে মংহ, কুআণি নহে, In no place, not any where

Nowise, no'wiz, ad. কোন কাপই বা কোন মতেই নহে, কোন ক্ৰেইনহে In no degree, by no means Noxious, nokshe-us, a [L. noxa, hurt—noceo to hurt] আনিষ্টকৰ, কভিকর, অনিষ্টকনক, হিল্লে, Unwholesome, hurtful, corrupting to motals—বিনাপনাথক, বিষকে, Destructive poisonous al—noxiously n=noxiousness Syn—Harm ful, injurious, pernictious destructive baneful insalubrious, noisome pestilent, deadly, destructive, poisonous

Nossle, nożl, n. নাদাগ্ৰ খুডনি, প্ৰায়ভাশ The snout, the extremity of anything

Nucleated, a জাদান Having a nucleus Nucleus, nJ'kle-us a বীজ, জন্ম লাদ, Kernel —পুৰকেতুর পরীর পা ময়ক, Body or head of a comet. pl=nucle:

Nude, niid, a [ L nudus, naked ] बध डेनल . नृत्र , Naked , bare , void n=nudity Syn — Uncovered, undressed, expored

Nudge, nuj. n बाद्य र'का A gentle push - o. t बाद्य र'क' मार्ग , To push gently

Nudity, nutter দ লগতা Nakedness —pl লগ্ন অংশ , মালব্যুজির উলক ভাগ Naked parts, naked portions of the human figure

Nugatory, nd ga-tor-e a [I negatories from nugars, to trifle] निकल जिल्हा लाई निवार कार्य निवार, कार्य निवार कार्य निवार कार्य कार्य , प्रकार कार्य , प्रकार कार्य , प्रकार कार्य , ineffectual Syn — Trifling, tutile insignificant, inoperative, ineffectual

Nugget, nug'et, n পিড, ধাতুর তাল A mas especially of a precious metal, a lump, as of a metal

Nuisance, nt' ans, n. T. L. nocen, to huit উংপাত , বিরক্তিকর বিবয় অনিট্রকর বিবয় , Some thing noxious or offensive Syn —Offence, annoyance, plague, trouble pest

Null, nul, a [L. nullus, not any] নিজ্ঞ , বাৰ্থ অপ্ৰক্ষ , বাহিল , Void , invalid , nugatory , of no account , of no force , invalid [no validity Null and void—নিজ্ঞ , বাহিল , রুণ , Of Nullity, nule-fi, v t [i. nullus, none, and fizere, to make] নিজ্ঞান্ত অবাধ্যক্তিক, বাহিল-বৃ. To annul, to render void. n=nullification Syn—Abolish, abrogate, revoke, annul, repeal, make void, neutralize. Mullity, nuli-ti, ল বিশ্বনা, বিশ্বনা ; আবিং; থানতা , Nothingness ; any thing void or ao efficacy.

Numb, num, a বন্ধ, অবশ, আনাড়, Chilled, destitute of the power of sensation and motion, torpid, insensible, benumbed, motionless, paralyzed — v t. সামর্থিত-রু, অবশ-কু, আনাড়-কু, ি o make numb, to deaden, to stupefy, to make torpid n=numbness.

Mumber, number, n [L nemo, to distribute] সংখ্যা, একৰ, A single unit, a unit in counting:
—বচৰ, The difference in words to express singular or plural —বৰভা, Multitude, a collection of individuals —pi ছব্ব, Metre, verse—ভাব, Harmony:—A book of the Bible —v t. গণনা-ক, To count, to reckon—নোট-হ, সমন্ত্ৰীত হুৱা, To amount to —সংখ্যাক, সংখ্যাক বাকা দিক্তিক ক, To mark a number Syn —(n) Figure, numeral, digit many, crowd, throng (v) Ensumerate, calculate, reckon estimate, compute tell.

Number one—বাৰ বিজে (বিহা), One s self, one's onestlf, one s own personal interests

Number up—বোগ-ক Add together

Numberless, number-les, a অস্থা, আুগ্রিড,

Numerable, numerable, a नर्गनीय अन्नाया That may be counted at numerably. n=nun erableness, numerability

Numoral, na'mer al a. अइट्टबंधक अधानिकाति . Pertaining to or consisting of number — म आइ 1 figure used to express a number, as 1, 2 3 &c

Numerary, nū'mer-ari, a অৱস্থানীয়, সংখা-বিশেষ স্থানীয়, কল্ডি Belonging to a certum number [reckon how many, reckon Numerate nū'mer-ari i গণনাক foul), Numeration, nū-mei āshum স প্ৰনা স্থ কৰা, সাকাক্ষৰ, সাধা প্ৰনানী, The actor act of reciding or writing numbers

Numerator, numer-ator, n গ্ৰহ, স্থা<sup>\*</sup> শেষ বা The upper number of a sulgar fraction Numeric, numerick Numerical, numerick at, a ক্ৰান্ত্ৰ কৰা কিব্ৰুক, ভূবাসংখ্যক Be in number ad= in number ad= in number ad=

Numerous, numerous, a systa, agreet a fast B ing many, great in number, fie quent nanumarousness ad-numerously Syn-Many Is go in number, abundant

Numismatic, a [Gr nomisma, current coin nomizo, to use commonly] মুদ্ধাবা পদক সংক্ষিত্ত Pertaining to coins or medals

Numismatics, nu-mis-matiks, n বুলা বিজ্ঞান, পাদক বিজ্ঞান, The science of coins and medals a-numismatic [ versed in numismatology Numismatologist, n মুলা বিজ্ঞানবিদ্ , One Numismatology, nu-mis-ma-tologism.] (Gi numismatology, numisma-tologism) ক বুলা-বিজ্ঞান lhe science of coins and medals in relation to history n=numismatologist

Nummulite, numu-lit, ন মুমাবার প্রকরীপুত্র-পারক , A fossil shell resembling a coin. Mumskul, numskul, % বিৰোধ , বোকা ; A block-head. Mun, nun, % বক্ষচারিকী ; ডপবিনী ; Cloistered wo-

ম্বাম, nun, দ বন্ধচাৰিকী; ডগৰিনী; Cloistered woman:—কৃষ্ণ কপোত বিশেষ; A kind of small pigeon. Wunchion, দ. অগপান; A luncheon

Nunoiature, # পোপের নিকট হইতে স্বাগত হুতের প্ল: The office of a nuncio.

Munoio, nuńshe-ō, n. [ L. nuncius, a messenger ] পোপেৰ যুত্ত, A messenger ; Pope's envoy Syn:—Ambassador, envoy, legate ; the Pope's legate.

Muncupative, nun-kū'pa-tiv, Muncupatory, nun-kū'pa-tor-i, a. [L. nuncupare, to call by name] প্ৰকাশকারী; প্রচারকারী; Declaring publicly or solemnly — মৌধিক; অ-লিখিড; Oral, not written.

Munnery, nuner-e, n. মঠ; সরাসিনীদিগের আরম; A house for nuns. Syn —Convent, cloister, abbey.

Muptial, nup'she-al, a. [ L. nuptiass, mar] riage ] বৈবাহিক; পৰিণমঘটত, Belonging to weddings.

Ruptials, n. pl. বিবাহ; পরিপদ উৎসব; Marriage; wedding ceremony. Syn.—(n) Bridal, espousals, marriage ceremony

Wurso, nurs, n [L nutrio, to suckle] বাজী, Woman who cuckles an infant, not her own — রোগীর শুল্লবাধাবিথী, পরিচারিকা; One who has care of the sick — ফ t. বিশ্বিক-কু; To nourish — শুল্লবাকু; পরিশ্বা-কু; To tend:— মুখপান করান, To suckle — বলা-কু; To protect, cherish — স্বত্থে বিভ্বামে পরিচানন-কু, To manage with care and economy Syn — (v) Suckle, nurture, feed; foster, encourage, su cour, minage, husband. Mursory, nirsei-i, n খালী-পুন, শিশুনিগের আকোট, The place for nursing young children, an appartment — চাবাল-বাগান, A piece of ground where plants are reared

Mursery man—পুলোপজীবী।

Mursery tale, n. মিখ্যা গল, A fictitious or ex travagant or simple story such as amuses children.

Nureling, nuisling, n [93, An infant.

Nurture, nurtur, n. [ L nutrio, to nourish ]
बाहाब, बाहाब, Food, nourishment — निका,
Education; instruction — नानवनानन, Tender
care.— ए १. शृहे-कृ; (भावन-कृ; निका-एक; To nourish, to bring up, to educate. n=nurturer.
Syn — (v) Nurse, cherish, tend, train, educate,
school, rear, discipline, instruct.

Mut, nut, n. কুণারি, বাদায়, বারিকেল; Fruit or kernel of some trees and shrubs in a hard or soft shell .—v. t সমুল কল নংগ্ৰহ-কু; To gather nuts. A nut to crack—বাহা বাধান কা বার না, Something puzzling to be explained. Mutant, nu'tant, a. [ L. nuto, to nod ] সভানিয় আনত-সভক; Nodding; having the top bent downward.

Nutation, n. ৰত্তকশন, প্লের স্থাতিমুখতা; A nodding, the turning of flowers towards the sun. Nut-brown, nut-brown, a, পিরবর্থ; Brown like an old nut.

Nut-craker, nutkrak-er, প জাতি; Instrument for crackling nuts:—পকী বিশেষ; A bird.

Nuthatch, n পৰী বিশেষ, A small climbing bird. Nutmeg, nutmeg, n জাম্বল; The kernel of the fruit, an E. I tree, having an aromatic smell. Nutria, nutri-2, n. বেল বিশেষ, The fur.

Mutrient, nu'tri-ent, a. [ L. nutrio, to nourish ] शृष्टिकांची : शृष्टिनांचक : Nourshing :-- n. शृष्ट-कांवक , शृष्टिनांचन , Anything nourishing.

Mutrimental, a. পোৰণৰম্ম : পৃষ্টনাৰন , Nutritious. Mutrition, nu-trishun, n [L. nutritio, from nutrire, to nourish] পুট , পৃষ্টনাৰন ; Nourishment. Syn —Nourishing , food, nutriment, aliment.

Mutritious, Nutritive, nutritive, a. পুটকুর;
পুটনাধক, Nourishing, promoting growth adanutritiously, nutritively n=nutritiousness,
nutritiveness Syn—Nutrimental, strengthening, who esome

Nutshell, n. খুণারির খোদা, Shell of a nut.— অন পরিমাণ খান, A small space or compass,

Lie in a nutshell—at a on the, To be capable of brief statement,

Nuxvomica, n [L nux, a nut, and vomicus, from vomo, to vomit] বিৰাজ বুক্ৰিবেৰের ফল; The seed of an La t Indian tree.

Nuszle, v t. প্ৰবেৱ স্থায় নাসিকা হারা কুঁজিয়া বেড়ান; To poke about with the nose, like a swine.

Nyctalopia, Nyctalopy, n. frainsi cain facea, A desease of the eye.

Nyctalops, n. দিবাৰ, One affected with nyctalopia.

[ large antelope.

Nylghau, nilgaw, n. মূল বিশেষ, A kind of

Nymph, nimf, n বেণী বিশেষ, বনবেৰতা, বিন্যাহনি, Elf or fairy of the woods, meadows or waters. —ব্ৰতী বালিকা, কুমারী, A lovely young gul, a maiden. a=n) mphlike.

Nymph, mmi, Nympha, nimi'a, n. wyforz sir, The pupa or chrysalis of an insect, pl=nymphae (nimi'e).

Nymphean, Nymphical, a. নিক্সম্থীয়
Pertaming to nymphs. [of madness
Nympholepsy, n. এক প্রকার উন্নাদ, A species
Nymphomania, n. বীলোকের কামোয়াছ, Morb d
and uncontrollable sexual desire in woman,

O, 5, ইংবাজি বৰ্ণমালার পঞ্চল বৰ্ণ বা অজর; The 15th letter in the English alphabet — 1nt বিশ্বৰ বা বা চনাত্তক অব্যব , সম্বোধনত্তক বা শৌকছাখাদি প্রকাশক অব্যৱপদ . An exclamation of wonder, pain, grief &c.

Oaf, 6i, n. নির্শেষ শাসক, বোকা, অস্ত শিশুৰ হালে প্রাণ্য-কর্ত্ত্ব প্রিক্ত নির্শেষ শিশু A do't a blackhead, changeling, foolish child left by elves for a bright one. a=oafish ( নির্মোধ, Stypid, dull)

Oak, Dk n gm feren A tree

Oakapple, Jap I. n ওক পদস্থ কোৰল আৰ , A spongy excrescence on the leaves of the oak.
Oaken, তাল a ওক কাঠ নিশ্বিত, ওক্ষয়, Made of oak, consisting of oak

Oakling, n চাবা ওক বাছ, A young oak.

Oakum, তাবাল, n কিংনি, রক্তাদি বন্ধ করিবার
পুনাতন বন্ধু, Old rope, untuited and teased
into o ise hemp for calking the seams of ships

Oaky, a কান, Like oak, hard, firm

Oar, or, n. त्कर्ण केंग्र, Instrument for roving boats —ए क केंग्र केंग्रे To rov — क किंग्रकेंग्रे किंग्र निर्माण — किंग्रिकेंग्रे केंग्रे किंग्र निर्माण के ब्लावन किंग्रिकेंग्रे केंग्रे (ease rowing and lay oars in the boat [or from work Lie on one's oars—निर्माण R 'one oar To feather the oars—To ten then edgewise, as they move but to reput the stocke Oared, Ord, a क्षेत्र विर्माण किंग्रेस केंग्रिकेंग्रेस केंग्रिकेंग्र केंग्रिकेंग्रेस केंग्रिकेंग्र केंग्र केंग्रिकेंग्र केंग्र केंग्रिकेंग्र केंग्र क

Maraman, fireman i দ্বিনি কে বিনাড়, One Oasis, ত'a-is, n. মানেৰীপ, মুক্তু হৰ ম উপোৰ্জী.
A feithe spot in a sandy desert p! = oases.

Oat, তা স চই, A gran pl-oats
To have sown one's wild oats—চল্লাই
বন্ধান পরিভাগে ব, To leave off one's gay habits
and to become steady

To sow one's wild oats—ইলিম দেবা-কৃ, | কুকুৰ্বে ৰঙ থাকা, To indulge in loose habits or forbidden pleasure [ of oatmeal ]

Oatoake, n অট্টাৰ্ন বিশেষ, A cake made Oaton, a অট্ট্ৰে নিৰ্মিষ্ঠ, Made of oatmeal

Oatmeal, ōimēl, म वहरूर्व, Flour from oats. Oath, ōth, म नगर, Swearing pl=oaths

Administer an oath—बारेनान्याही न्य करान, Tender an oath

Oath of abjuration, n. An oath introduced after the Revolution of 1689 for the purpose of excluding the Stuart family from the throne Oath of allegiance, n. ৰে পথৰ মানা কৰা বাজান কৰা কৰা কৰা, The oath which binds the subject to awear allegiance to the sovereign.

Oath of supremacy—The oath which establishes the supremacy of the British sovereign over every other power, spiritual, or temporal in the realm

Oath-breaking, " नर्भ-इक , Perjury.

Obduracy, obdu ras-e, n পাবাৰ ক্ষরতা, করিব ক্ষতা, বিধ্যতা, এক-প্রথমি, Inflexible persistence in sin, stubborness. Syn — Obstinacy, doggedness persistency, impenitence.

Obdurate, obdu াম, a [L. obdurare, to harden] করিন, পাল'শ-কায় একটাম, Hard in heart, hardened in feelings, stubborn n-obdurateness, ad=obdurately Syn - Firm, unbending, unyielding, obstinate, inflexible, unfieling, insensible callous, impenitent, graceless reprobate

Obodiones, ত চহ'de ens, n আন্তাপ্ৰতিন, আন্দোৰ্থ বস্তিত।, কৰ্ত্তৰ প্ৰাৰ্থতা, I) infulness, compliance with what is required Syn—Compliance, yielding acquiescence, subservience, duty, respect [In compliance with

In obedience to ক্ৰব্ৰী ইইবা, আজাগুৰায়ী, Obedient, ন-be'du-ent a. আজাগুৰ, জ্ঞাগুৰৱী, ব্যু ক্রিণেরায়ণ Willing to obey dutiful ad=bediently Syn —Compliant, observant, regardful, subservient, submissive, respectful, deferential

Oboisance, ö-bisans, n [Fi obeir, to obey] প্রদিগাত , নমকাৰ অভিনাদন , A bow or act of reverence ence , an expression of reverence

Oboism, " नर्नेन्डा, Serpent worship.

Obolisk, ohelisk, ল চড়াছাৰ, উচ্চ ব্যৱহৃত কিলা, A quadrangular pyramid, a tall, foursided tapering pillar:—† (চন্দ্ৰ বিশেষ, A mark or note thus †

Obose, ö-bei, a [L. ob, and edo, esum, to eat] স্বৰ্গ , ৰাণ্যল , বেশ্বী , Fat. n=obeseness , obesity.

Obosity, ত-be'at-e, n. বেৰ্থিকা, মাণ্যবাহন্য; পুৰতা, Corpulence, abnormal fatness. Syn: ble-haness, fatness, corpulence, stoutness, pursaness

Obey, ত-bá, v. f [L ob, and audire, to hear]
নাত ক; আলেনিম্নাত্ত কাৰ্যা-ক, To submit to; \*
comply with, to yield to. n=obeyer. Syn:
Follow, observe, keep

Obeyingly, ad আনেশাস্থলী হয়া . Obediently. Obfusoate, v t. [L. ob, intensive, and fuscus, dark] তথােমানুক, হত্যুদ্ধিকু; To darken, to confuse. n=obfuscation.

Obit, o'bit n [ L ob. against, eo, to go ] ] ;
Death .- 40 | | Funeral ceremonies.

Obitual, a অন্তাই ক্লিয়া-ব্টিত, Pertaining to obits
Obituary, চ-bitu-ar-i, a মৃত্যুসম্বায়, মৃত্যুবিষয়ক,
Relating to the death of a person — ল. মৃত
ব্যক্তিবের ভালিকা, মৃত ব্যক্তির বিবরণ, A list of
deaths, an account of dead persons

Object, ob-jekt, v. s. [ L. ob, and jacere, to throw ] আপত্তি-কৃ, Oppose, contravene — v t বাবা বা আপত্তি উপস্থিত-কৃ, 1o offer in opposition. to oppose — n. পদাৰ্থ, বস্তু, অব্যা, An external thing — বিষয়, As opposed to subject — উদ্যোগ , End, motive — কৰ্ম্ম, কৰ্মপণ; In Grammar, that which follows a transitive verb n=objector Syn — (n) Mark, butt, aim, design, purpose, intent view, scope, drift

Object of love –প্ৰায়ভাজন।

Object of trust—বিধাসভূমি। [guments Object to—আপত্তি কৃ, Oppose by words or ar Object-glass, objekt-glas গ দূৰবীকণ বা অপুনীকণ ব্যন্তের যে কাচৰ্ভ দৰ্শনীয় প্ৰাৰ্থেব সন্ধিছত থাকে, The glass nearest the object and furthest from the eye

Objection, ob-jekshun, n আগত্তি, প্ৰতিষ্ণা I he act of objecting, argument against, ad verse argument Syn—Adverse reason, argriment against, doubt scruple, exception c ivi', demurrer আগত্তি কৃ. Object to Make an objection, Take objection to— Raiso or urge objection to—আগত্তি উপাপন কৃ। Take objection to—আগত্তি কৃ Object to Objectionable, ob-jekshun-a bl, a আগতি আনক আগতিবিষ্ণাগ, প্রিহ্বিগ্, I hat may b oljected

Objective, ob-jektiv, a ৰাফ্যন্ত সৰ্জীয় , বাফ্লন্থ ভিন্ত Being exterior to the mind not subjective —ক্পাকারকীয় , Pertaining to the case of the objective —n ক্পাকারক , In Grammar the case of the object ad =objectively

Objectiveness, Objectivity, স ৰাজ্যকৃতি তথ্য The state of being objective

Object lesson -A lesson in which object tea ching is employed

Objurgate, v t [ L ob, against, and jurgare, to quarrel ] ভিৰন্ধাৰ-কৃ, তৎগৰা-কৃ, To chide, to reprove.

Objurgation, n তিরকার Reproof, reprehen sion [proof]

Objurgatory, a. িব্ৰাবকাৰী, Expressing re-i Oblate, ob lit a উভপান্তসমতল, কমলালেব্ৰ আকাৰ বিশ্বস্থ, Plattened at the poles shaped like as an orange —িবেদিত, Conscerated, n=oblate-

Oblation, ob-14shun, n [ L offerse oblitum, to ofter] পুতা, হোম, নেবেদা দেবোদেত দত্তবস্তু, Offering; sacrifice

Obligation, ob-le-ga'shun, n. [I. ob and ligare, to bind ] ধর্মবন্ধন, কর্মা, বাধাড়া Binding moral power, duty, that which binds —সন্ধি, আনীকারণা , Contract, a bond with a penal for non-fulfilment —দায়িত্ব, Indebtedness Syn.—Responsibility, accountableness, bond of duty, engagement, agreement, debt of gratitude, favour.

To be under obligation—খণী-ছ; উপায়-ছ;
To be indebted [ বাজিকে বাজিক ছ;
To lay a person under obligation—কোন
Obligatory, obli-gন tor-i, a বাগাডাজনক, অবভ
কৰিবা; কৰিবা-বিবাহক, Binding, imposing duty;
bounden, compulsory n=obligatoriness, advobligatorily

Oblige, ö-blif, v. t. [L ob and ligare, to bind] বাধ্য-কৃ, অসুগ্ৰহলদন ৰামা বাধ্যিত-কৃ, To bind by a legal or moral tie, constrain, compel—
অসুগ্ৰহ-কৃ, সম্ভই কৃ, To do a favour to please.
Syn:—Coerce, necessitate, force, serve, benefit, accommodate gratify, bind obligate

Obligee, n বাহার নিকট অস্তে অসীকার বারা আবহ থাক The person to whom inother is bound

Obliging, উ-blifing a শ্বাপু, উপকারক, উপকার-শীল, প্রদায়, অপুরাহী, Disposed to oblige or confer fivours kind civil. ad=obligingly n= obligingness Syn—Complaisant, courteous, accommodating, considerate friendly

Obligor, n যে ব্যক্তি অপন্তর নিকট অস্টার্কার আবদ্ধ , I he person who binds himself to another.

Oblique, oblic a [ I. ob and liquis, bent ] বদ তথিৰ বুটিল, অসমান্তবাল, Slanting, not up with not traight not perpendicular not parillel — আসহ আসৰল, Not straitforword, underhind — সমস্তাৰন্থিত, Not direct in descent collateral ad=obliquely Syn — Inclined aslint in direct

Obliquenoss, obliquity, ob-likwi-ti, n বক্তা কুলৈ বাজীয়ক গভি, A slanting direction — ভাস্থি জম Error, wrong — অনিরম, অভাযাচরণ Irregularity

Obliterate, ob liver ম, v. t [L ob and litera, letter] লোপ কু দিশুন্ত কুম্পন্ন মুছিল কেলা To b'ot out to destory to tub out n=obliteration Syn —lifface expurre, cancel [অপলাবিত-কু! Obliterate from the memory—মনপণ হইতে Obliteration, n পোপ বিলোগ ক্য কাসনাধন, A botting or wearing out extinction

Oblivion, oblive-un u [ l ablivio from oblivisci, to friget] বিশ্বতি Forgetfulness. loss of temeral rance—সাধাৰণ ক্ষা, General purdon amnest, [ gotten so buried in oblivion—ভূলিয়া বাঙ্যা Be for-Oblivious, ob liv us a শুভিহৰ বিশ্বতিজ্ঞাক, lorgeful aleobliviously n=obliviousness Oblong, ollong n [ L ab over and longus,

Oblong, of long n [ L oh over and longus, long | আনে শব্ Lour-sided figure longer than broad my oblong figure —a দীৰ্ঘত্ৰত, আন্তঃ কৰিব, ৷ n\_cr thin broad

Obloquy of linkwe n [ l ob'og n, to speak is aimst ] विका , अवस्ता , Coissie calumny. Sin —Reproach odium contumely, gainsaying reviling, slander detriction, dishonour, displace shame infamy

Obnoxious, ob no she us, a [L ob, 214 no tius hurtful] অধীন Liable, subject — মুণ্; পুণালনক, নিনানীয়, গতিষ্ঠ, Offensive, hateful, blameworthy, unpopular. n=obnoxiousness. ad=cbnoxiously Syn --Exposed, reprehensible, blamewortey, odious, unpleasing.

Obnexious to-signe ( ) विशेष वा पूर्वात विवत ;
Offensive or odious to some affenta figure ; An

Obolus, n. बाडीन कूडा ७ धनन পরিবাণ বিশেষ ; An ancient weight and coin.

Obscene, ob-sen, ब- अजीव : अनविव : क्शनित ; चवीडिक्ब ; Lewd ; filthy ; indelicate ; unchaste ; disgusting. n=obscenity. ad=obscenely. Syn ...Indecent, unchaste, impure, immodest, licentious, ribald, gross, foul. [दिका ; Lewdness. Obsceneness, Obscenity, n. অনীনতা ; ৰণ-Obscurant, n. त अक्कातमः कतः ; तः तक्क काना-লোকের উহতি বোৰ করে; One who obscures; a writer who hinders the progress of enlightenment. n=obscurantism. [ obscuring. Obscuration, s. छवनास्त्रज ; The act of Obscure, ob-skur, e. चत्रकांत्रज ; चत्रकांत्रज ; Dark ; dusky ; gloomy :— অপ্রসিদ্ধ ; অজাত ; জন্ম ; Retired ; unknown :— মুর্কোষা ; অস্ট ; Not easily understand; not clear or legible :-माश्रास ; भीत ; Humble :-- ए. १. (प्रयोख्यत- कृ ; अवकात-बन-कृ : To darken :- बनाई-कृ : To make less plain. n = obscuration, ad = obscurely. Syn --(a) Shadowy, murky, dim, darksome, indistinct, defective; mean, low, undistinguished, inglorious, mysterious, recondite, uncertain, doubtful, obstruse difficult, illegible, unintelligible. (v) Cloud, shade, dim, conceal, eclipse. Obscurity, ob-skur'e-te, n. अक्कांत्र ; अक्कांत्र बहुडा ; Darkness :-- जलहेडा ; इस्सांश्रेख ; Unintelligibleness :- edeta ; Privacy ; hiddenness : shade : retirement, seclusion.

Obsequies, ob-sekwe-us, a. [ L. obsequium, compliance ] অব্যেতিকা; Funeral ceremonies. Syn:—Meanly submissive, deferential, cringing, sycophantic, servile.

Obsequious, ob-sc\*kwe-us, a. আন্তাকারী; জ্বেদাব্যক্তী; Meanly condescending; meanly complying; compliant to excess. n=ob-equiousness. ad=obsequiously. Syn.—Servile, sycophantic, cringing, deferential.

Observable, ob-zerva-bl, a. দৰ্শনবোগা; প্ৰিশক্ষণ-বোগা; Worthy of observation. ad=observably, n=observableness.

Observance, ob-zervans, n. প্রতিশালয়; বর্ষকর্ম অনুচান; Performance of religious ceremonies—মনোবোগ; অভিনিবেশ; Attention:—পরিলয়ণ, Act of observing with attention:—আচরণপ্রতি, Rule of practice. Syn:—Observation; celebration, performance; fulfilment, discharge, acquittal; ceremony, form, rite.

Observant, ob-zertant, a. মনোবাটী: অভিনিত্তি:
কল্ডাইী: Taking notice; adhering to; carefully attentive; mindful. Syn:—Watchful, heedful; obedient, submissive.

Observation, ob-zerin-chun, n. মনোবোগ;
অভিনিৰেশ; পৰ্ববেজন: নিরীকণ; Attention:—
ধর্মকিবার অসুষ্ঠান; মন্তব্য; Remark:—পালন; Performance of what prescribed; observance:—
পর্বনেজন; নৈস্কিক ঘটনার প্রতি সাভিনিবেশ লক্ষ্য; Act
of recognising and noting some fact or occurrence in nature. Syn:—Observance, cog-

nition; notice; comment, animadversion, note.

Observational, a. user-elle; reer-rates; Consisting of, or containing, observations or remarks.

Observator, ल. गर्वात्यस्य ; वस्त्रायोग्रय : A remarker.

Observatory, ob-zerva-tor-i, ন. বাদ-মনির; পর্যবেশনিকা; Place or building for looking out or observing the stars.

Observe, ob-zerv, v. t. (L. ob, and servare, to keep ) অবলোকন-কৃ; লক্য-কৃ; To see or behold with attention; to pay attention to; to keep in view:—মনোবোগ-দে; অবলান-কৃ; To notice:—পালন-কৃ; To celebrate; to keep; to obey:—সমালোচনা-কৃ; মন্তব্য প্রকাশ-কৃ; To remark:—v. s. মনোবোগ-দে; কাল্য রাবা; To attend; to remark. n=observer. Syn:—Note, watch, eye; heed, fulfil, perform, follow, comply with; celebrate, remember, solemnize; comment, say, make a remark.

The observed of all observors— বাঁহাৰ নিজে সকলের চকু বাঁচ, বিনি সকলের দৃষ্টি আকবণ করেন; The cynosure of all eyes, one who attracts the attention of all men.

Observer, n. 中有本: Spectator.

Observing, ob-perving, a. মনোযোগী; Attentive. ad=observingly. [duced by volcaroes. Obsidian, n. ক.চ বিশেষ; A kind of glass pro-Obsoloscent, ob-so-leient, a [ l. ob, and soleo, to be wont ] অপ্রচলিত হইয়া উনিয়াহে একণ; Going out of use.

Obsolete, ০০১০-টিং, a. পত ব্যবহার ; জড়ীত প্রনোগ ; অপ্রচণিত , অপ্রট ; Gone out of use . antiquated ; obscure. n=obsoleteness. Syn .—Ancient, old-fashioned, disused, neglected.

Obstacle, obsta-kl, n [L. obstaculum, from obstare, to stand against] বাধা, বিশ্ব : বাণ্ডাত্ত : প্রতিষয়ক, Obstruction; hinderance. Srn:— Impediment, interruption, barrier, stumbling-block, difficulty.

Obstetric, ob-stetrik, Obstetrical, ob-stetrik-al, a. [ I.. ob. before, and sta, to stand ]
ধানীবিদ্যানস্থান , ধানীবিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; Pertaining to
mul-wifery.

[ in obstetrics,
Obstetrician, n. ধানীবিদ্যা-বিশাবদ, One skilled
Obstetrics, ob-stetriks, n. ধানীবিদ্যা. The

science of mid-wifery.

Obstinacy, obste-nas-e, Obstinateness, obsti-nat-nes, n. একপুরেনি; অবিচন্দনীর দ্বিরচা; Stubbornness; excessive firmness. Syn:—Pertinacity, firmness, persistency, perverseness,

contumacy.

Obstinate, obste-nat, a. [ 1. ob, in the way of, sto, to stand ] अन्देख; इवंद्य; अवस्तीव: Stubborn; wrong headed; not yielding. admobstinately. Syn:—Immovable, firm, resolute, pertinacious, headstrong, dogged, refractory, perverse, contumacious.

Obstreperous, obstreper-us, a. [ L. chitrepere, to make a noise at ] খোলালালারী; পদ ব্যুদ, Clamorous; loud, noisy, ad=obstreperously. Syn: -- Uproarious, vociferous, boisterous.

Obstruct, ob-strukt, v.t. [ L. ob, and structe, to pile up ] (वार-कः; वर्ष-कः; To block up:—
वारा-दिः; वर्ष-कः; To hinder; to retard. Syn:—
Bar, barricade, clog, choke, impede, interrupt.
Obstruction, ob-strukshun, n. वारा; विषः
व्यक्तिकारः; Obstacle; impediment. Syn:—Embarrassment, bar, barrier, hinderance.

Obstructive, ob-struktiv, a. वावक ; वावकव ; वावकव ; वावकव ; discalar ; Hindering. ad=obstructively.

Obstruent, obstroo-ent. a. রোধকারী; প্রতিবাধক; বাধক; Blocking up; hindering:—n. ফেচান্তাররর বাভাবিক-মার্থ-রোধক; Anything that obstructs the natural passages in the body.

Obtain, ob-tāń, v.t. [L. ob, and tenere, to hold] উপাৰ্জন-কু; অৰ্জন-কু; লাভ-কু; পাওলা; To get; gain; win; earn; procure:—v.i. পাওলা; বিভ বা বিদ্যানন থাকা; সকল-ফু; To be established; to be prevalent; to subsist; to succeed. Syn:—Attain, acquire, procure, secure, achieve. Obtain or gain the ear—মুনোবোগ আক্ৰ্যান-কু. To induce one to listen; to get one's attention. Obtainable, ob-tāńa-bi, a. বাহা পাওঘা যায়; অৰ্জনীয়; কিন্দুনীয় That may be procured or acquired, capable of being obtained.

Obtrude, ob-trood, v. t. [ 1.. ob, and trudere to thrust ] বিনা প্রাথনায় প্রবেশ-কৃ, জনায়ত হইষা প্রেশ ক্রান; To thrust in upon when not wanted; to offer with unreasonable importunity:—v. i. উপর পড়া-হ; To thurst or be thrust upon; to intrude. n=obtrusion. Syn:—Foist in, press in; encroach, infringe, trespass,

Bbtrude on or upon—কেহ জানিতে চ'হে না স্থাপি নিজেব মতাদি তাহার ঘাড়ে চাপান; Force one's (opinions or remarks) upon (another with unrea onable importunity).

Obtrude oneself upon—কাহারও ইজার বিলক্ষে বা আহত না হইবাও ভাহার নিকট আসা; Come to a person (uninvited or against his will).

Obtruding, Obtrusion, n. ইচ্ছার বিরুদ্ধে প্রবেশ ; A thrusting in or up in against the will of.

Obtrusive, ob-troosiv, a. বৃষ্ট; Disposed to thrust oneself among others; bold. ad=obstrusively. Obtuse, ob-tus, a. ভোতা; নিজেজ; নিআভ; জড়; Not pointed; stupid; dull; unintelligent; stolid:— বুল (কোন); Greater than a right angle. n=obtuseness, ad=obtusely.

Obverse, n. বাধাৰ চিফাৰিত মুদ্ৰা-পৃত ; The face of a coin containing the head or principal symbol :—a. মুখ্ৰাগ অপেনা তলবেশ ক্ষতন ; Having the base narrower than the top. ad=obversely.

Obviato, obve-at. v. t. [ L. ob, against, and via, way ] নিধান-ক ; মুন-ক ; পরিহান-ক ; To remove, to prevent. n=obviation. Syn:—Pieclude, turn aside; provide against.

Obvious, obve-us, a. লাই; মুলাই; Manifest; evident:—অধীন; Liable; subject. ad=obviously. n=obviousness. Syn:—Visible, plain, clear, apparent, patent, palpable, distinct, explicit, open.

Obvolute, a. পর্যায়ক্তমে পরশার্ক বিকৃতি করিকে-পারে এ ভাবে সন্ধিত; Arranged so as alternately to overlap.

Occasion, ok-kúzhun, n. [L. occasio, from occidere, occasum, to fall down ] ব্ৰোগ; ক্ৰিখা; Opportunity:—নিবিত্ত; Incidental cause:—
ব্যাহাল : Need:—বটনা: Incident; occurrence:—
v.f. উৎপাদন-কু; কাৰে ব্যাহাণ, হুব্ৰু-কু; To cause; to influence. Syn:—(n) Occurrence, casualty, event; conjuncture, opening, room, time; exigency, necessity; cause, ground, reason.
Occasion for—প্ৰোধন; Necessity for.

On occasions—সমৰে সৰ্যে; Occasionally:—
আবস্তুক মৃত; When necessary. [an opportunity.
Take occasion—ইতাৰসমে কিছু কয় ; Seize
Occasional, ok-kázhun-al, a. সাময়িক; মধ্যে মধ্যে
লক্ষিত; ঘটনাক্ৰমে উপস্থিত; Occuring only at
times; causual. ad—occasionally. [The west.
Occidental, oksi-dent, n. প্ৰিম্ম; প্ৰভীতী;
Occidental, oksi-dent'al, a. প্ৰিম্মিক্স্থ; Western.
ad=occidentally.

Occipital, a. মন্তকের পশ্চারাপ সম্বন্ধীর; Pertaining to the back part of the head.

Occiput, o'si-put, n. [ I.. ob, against, capus, head] মন্তাকর পশ্চান্ত গি: The back part of the head or skull—opposed to simiput. a=reciputal.

Occult, ok-kult, a [ L. occultus, pp. of occulture, to cover up ] %7; 75; 4313; Hidden; occultures, ad=occultures, syn:—Invisible, unrevealed, latent; recondite, mysterious.

Occult sciences—গুণ্ড বিদ্যা; Magic, alchemy and astrology, so called because they were occult or hidden.

Occultation, ok-kul-trishun, n. ভ্ৰতাৰ;
লুক্থিন, Hiddenness; darkening of a planet by
another body. [করণ; Possession; tenancy.
Occupancy, o'cu-pan-si, n. অধিকার; অধিকারOccupant, o'cu-pant, n. অধিকারকারক; অধিকার;
One who has possession.

Occupation, ok-u-páshun, ন. ভোগ; অবিকার: Possession :- বৃত্তি ; Mode of livelihood : calling :--ব্যাপার : বাবনার : কাল : Business : employment. Syn: -Occupancy, holding, tenure, use, employment, trade, pursuit, an occupant. avocation. Occupier, n. बारगारी : अधिकारी ; A tradesman ; Occupy, okū-pī, v. t. [L. ob, and capio, to take ] অধিকারে রাথা, অধিকার-কু; To hold possession of; to possess :- 94-7, To cover or fill :--- নিযুক্ত কু; To employ :-- খ. i. অধিকার-কু; ৰাণিজ্য-কু; To hold possession ; to trade. Syn : -Possess, keep; use, cover, fill, take up; [ busied with. busy, engage. Occupy one's self with—गुप-र ; Be Occur, ok-kur', v. i. [ L. ob, and currere, to to run ] ब्यान म्यान म्यान प्रविष्ठ वात ; हेउवड: मृद्धे-र : To be found here and there :- नःषडिठ-इ; षटि : উপিছিত-ই; To happen; to take place; to appear :--মনোমধ্যে উপছিত-হ; মনে উদিত-হ; To

Occur to-नाराबंध गरन छेनब-इ ; Come to or prisc

come into the mind.

[ in one's mind.

Occurrance, ok-kur'ens, n. वहेन। वहेनां वहेनां कर्ष देनांब्रिं ; Incident ; occasional presentation Syn:—Event circumstance, fact, accident, casualty, adventure, affair.

Occurrent, a আক্ষিক; বাটনিক; Incidental; accidental:—n. আক্ষিক ঘটনা; An occurrence or incident.

Ocean, ড'shun, n. মহাবাগৰ; Great body of the sea:—s মহাবাগৰীয়; Pertaining to the great sea. Oceania, n. A division of the globe, comprehending the islands in the Pacific.

Oceanic, ত-she-ank, a. সমুদ্দদ্মীয়; সমুদ্ৰে প্ৰাপ্ত ; মহানাগরীয়; Pertaing to, found or formed in the ocean. [nivorous mammal. Ocelot, n. দাৰণ আবেৰিকাৰ বাাম বিশেষ; A car-Ochlooracy, ok-lokra-st, n. [Gr. ochlos, the mob, and kratos, rule] প্ৰজাত্ম A government by the populace. a=ochlocratic, ochlocratical, ad=ochlocratical, il-kra'shus, a. গৈৰিক্ষণ, Of an Ochre, Ocher, Uker, n. [G. ochros, paleyellow] পেৰিষাটি বিশেষ, গৈৰিক, A coloured

clay containing iron.
Ochreous, Ochry, a. গৈরিক্যন, গৈরিকগঠ,
গৈরিকগুল, Consisting of, containing, or resembling, other.

Octagon, o.ta-gon. n. [Gr. okta, eight, gonia, an angle ] অইচুল, আইচুল দামতানক ক্ষেত্ৰ, A plane figure of eight vides. a=octagonal.

Octahedron, ok-ta-he'dran, n. [Gr. okto. eight, and hedra, a base] সমাইপাই ঘনকেত্ৰ. অপ্তাই; Solid of 8 sides, each three cornered a=octahedral

Octangular, ok-tang'gular, a. মইকোপ্ৰিপিষ্ট , আইকোপ্ট , Having eight angles. [a circle Octant, n. বৃত্তের ক্ষেত্রপ , The eighth part of Octave, oktav. a. [L octo, cight] মহ. Consisting of eight—n কাইন , An eight.—কেনি উৎস্বের পর অইফ দিবস বা কাছে । The 8th day or 8 days after a festivil, including the festival:— আহমভাগ , The eighth.

Octavo, ok-tৰ্থত, a আটলেড , Having eight leaves to the sheet — n. আটলেড়া বায় , A book having eight leaves to the sheet , contracted 8 vo. pl=octavos.

[month of the year Charles a charles of the sheet . The tenth

October, ok-tö'ber, n. দ্বন মান; The tenth Octodecimo, ok-to des'i-mo, a [ L octo, eight and decem, ten ] আয়ার পেনী; Having cighteen leaves to the sheet, contracted 18 mo

Octogenarian, Octogenary, n. अभै s दर्गीय (लाक, A person eighty years of old.

Ostogenary, ok-toje 1-ar-1, a. [ L. oetogens, eighty each ] अने[548 तपक; Of eighty years of age.

Octopod, okto-pod, Octopus, okto-pus, u. [Gr. okto, eight, pous, pado., loot ] অপসাধিনিপ্ত আৰু An animal having eight feet or legs.

Octoroom, ok-to-room, n. मनान विश्व , The off-pring of a quadroon and a white person.

Octosyllabio, a. ৰাই দিলাবন্ধিলিই , Consisting of eight syllables.

Ocular, oxu-lar, a. [L. oculus, eye] pr

বেচিনে; চাৰুৰ ; প্ৰভাক ; Depending on or known by the eyes. ad = ocularly.

Oculist, oku-list, n. নেত্ৰােশ চিকিংসক; অকি-চিকিংসক; One skilled in cyc-discase.

Odslisque, n. তুব্দ-ক্লডাবের বাদী: A female slave in the harem of the Turkish Sultan.

Odd, od, a. [ W. od, singular ] বিষয়; বিৰোধ;
একাকী বা একাকিনী, Not even; not divisible
without a remainder — অপান্তণ; অনাবাৰণ;
অক্ত; Strange, peculiar; whimsical:—
বংদানাৰ; Trilling. n=oddness. Syn:—Uneven,
unmatched; supernumerary, redundant;
quaint, unusual, queer, eccentric, singular.

Odd-fellow, pullel-ত, n. বনামধ্যাত গুল্ক হিতচিকীৰ্ সমাজেৰ সভ্য: A member of a secret society, established for mutual aid and social enjoyment. Oddity, odi-ti, n. অভুত্ত অপন্যত্ ; অসাধামণ্ড;

Oddity, odi-ti, n. অটু জ্ব জপন্সৰ ; অসাৰাৱণৰ ; Strangeness ; unlikeness ; singularity :— অপরুণ ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু , A singular person or thing.

Odds, ods, n. আধিকা , Excess :—বৈষমা , প্ৰভেদ অৱৰ , Inequality — স্থাৰণা , প্ৰেচতা ; Advantage , superiority —বিবাদ , Dispute :—জৰপেব ; সামার খণ্ড ; Remnants.

At odds--नदणत सिराध ; At variance :-- त्कांत्र (कांत्र व्याप होन थांकिश ; नमान श्रीवध ना धांकिरत ? . Being at a disadvantage

Odds and ends—আনিপ্তাল; টুকৰা টাকলা, Scrapes; refuse, fragments, remains; that which is left, runnants, stray articles; bits -নানাপ্ৰকাৰ বিষয়, Miscellaneous subjects.

The odds are against one—অনুকৃত্য পক অংশকা অভিৰুদ্ধ পক অধিক, Piece are more against one than on the side of one, the chances are against one. [lyncal poen

Ode, ōd, n. গান, গীডকাগ, গাগা, A song; a Odious, ō'de-us, a [ L. advosus, from odium, hatred ] বুগার্থ, গুণিত, বিবৃক্তিক, বিতৃকাজনৰ, অলীভিক্ত, Offensice, hated, repulsive. n. odiousness, ad=od ously. Syn —Abominable, looth-ome, hatclul, detestable, disgusting invidious.

Odium, o'de-um, n. [Loti, odisse, to hate get, Hatted, invidiousness, offensive. Syn:—Abhorrence, detestation, antipathy, dishke; disapprobation, censure, condemnation; disgrace, dishonour, shame, obloquy.

To bear odium—পুণাখালন-হ, বলম্বাগী-হ।
Odometer, n. শ্ৰুমেৰ গতিমান বন্ধ বিশেষ; An instrument attached to the wheel of a carriage,
to measure the distance passed over, by marking the number of revolutions of the wheel.

Odontalgia, n. মৰণুৰ, Toothache.
Odontology, উ-don-tofo-ji, n. [Gr. odons, olontos, a tooth; and logos, science] মৰ্থিয়ৰ বিজ্ঞাৰ, The science which treats of the teeth.
Odoriferous, উ-dur-f-èr-us, a. [L. odor, odour, and fero, to bear] স্বাসিত, সুগতি; Fragnant, perfumed. adsociationally.
Odorous, উ'dur-us, a. [L. odorns, from odor colour] স্বাভি, স্বাভি, Sweet-smelling; fragrant

aromatic, perfumed nd=odotously. [scent dour, o'dur, n, 274, 75, P fume, small

Be in bad odour-विश्वन्ह; Be unp pular ; be disliked; be ill spoken of; be out of favour. Odourless, o'dur-les, a. निर्मक्ष ; नक्षविशैन : Without odour.

O'er, or, Contracted from over.

Oesophegus, n भावनानि ; Gulle ; esophagus.

Of, ov, prep. হইতে; From or out from :--সম্বন্ধ বোৰক; Belonging to; denoting relation: - হইতে. Out of :- क्ट्रेटड, Proceeding from :-- मार्था, Among :- সম্পদ্ধ ; Concerning.

A vessel of olay--সূম্বপাত্র।

Of course -- অবজ . In due order.

Of itself—আপনাআপনি : নিজে নিজে : Alone :-Without any one applying a force or impelling. Of late-- अधूना ; Lately.

Of old-शास ; Formerly.

Off, of, ad. मृत्व ; इडेटड : वाहित्व ; Noting separation or distance; from; away; away from:a. पूत्रवर्ती : पूत्रकम ; Furthest :-- prep. पूर्व ; वोविद्य ; Distant from :- int. पूत्र १७; हिना गाँउ ; Away ; depart.

Be off—চলিয়া যাওলা; Go away.

Come off-পলাখন-কু : Escape :--বটা : Take place. Got off-भनावन-कृ , Escape.

Go off-अश्वान-इ , To depart. [ poverty. Ill or badly off-widg; in a state of Off and on-মধ্য মধ্যে থাকিলা; থাকিলা ২; আসচে दारक : Now and then ; at intervals ; occasionally. Take off---विकल-कृ Mimic:—लहेवा बांबबा, Take away.

Well off-पनी ; In good circumstances.

Offal, offal, n টুডিলু, অকিঞ্চিক দুবা; পৰিভাক ম'লে : Refuse : anything worthless : waste meat Syn: -Garbage, carrion; rubbish, dregs.

Offence, of-fent, n. অপনাধ; লোব; পাপ; Crime; fault ; sin :- निवान , Displeasure ; resentment : — অপমাননা: অপমান : Affront, insult Syn :--Attack, assault: anger, wrath, indignation, umbrage; injury, injustice, wrong, insult, indignity, outrage, affront; misdeed, transgression, misdemeanour, trespass, delinquency. Take offence—দোৰ এইণ-কৃ।

Offend, of-fend, v. t. [ L. ob, against, fendo, to strike ] পীড়া-দে; অসম্ভট কু, ক্পিত-কু; To annoy ; to displease , to wound :- ए.i. विवक-र : अनवाय-क ; भान-क ; त्कारधत्र कांत्रण-श ; To transgress ; to sin, to take offence. Syn :- Affront, vex, irritate; shock, wound, pain, grieve; do [ sin against. wrong, err.

Offend against—निश्च উञ्चलन-कृ; Transgress, Offender. n. व्यमिष्ठेकात्रक ; व्यभवांथी ; भाभांगांदी ;

A criminal, a trespasser.

Offensive, of-fensiv, a. অগ্রীতিকর ; অসর্বোচকর : Displeasing; disagrecable:--পীড়াকর; অনিষ্টকর; Injurious :-- প্রথম আজমণকারী; Making the first attack :-- आक्रमनकारीय व्यवदान ; The posture of one who attacks. n=offensiveness, ad=offensively. Syn :- Offending, assailing, invading; distasteful; obnoxious, abhorrent, disgusting: impertinent, rude, saucy, insulting, insolent, [ attacking party. abusive, scurrilous. act on the offensive - - | | To be the

Assume the offensive—আক্রমণকারী হওৱা ; Be the aggressor.

Oriensive to the ear--- 3 34)

Offer, ofer, v. t. [ L ob, and ferre, to bear, bring ] প্ৰবাৰ-কু; To make a proposal to :-(5हा-कृ; To attempt : - छेणशत्र-(न ; त्वादात्वरन धनान-क ; To present in prayer or worship :--ৰিতে চাহা ; To propose to give :-- ৰাবহার-ক ; To make use of :- v. i. উপস্থিত ए ; निक्छेपर्खी- इ ; To present itself; to be at hand: -- অঙ্গীকার-কু; To volunteer ; to promise :—n. প্ৰস্তাৰ : A first advance; proposal:--বিবাহ প্রভাব; Wedding proposal:-প্রাবিত মূলা; Price bid:-- চেটা; Endeavour. Syn: -(v) Exhibit, tender, extend, show, hold out, proffer; furnish, give; propose, propound, bid; sacrifice, immolate. (N) Overture, tender, proffer, proposition, bid. Offer up - आज्ञांबना-कृ; Make a prayer so that

it may go up to heaven.

Offer violence, v. t. wifiq-7; To assault ; to assail with hostile intent :-- वना १क १त-क ; To commit rape.

Offerable, of'er-a-bl, a. প্রস্তাব্যোগ্য: উপস্থাপন-যোগা ; That may be offered ; capable of being offered.

Offering, of'er-ing, n. উপহার; বলি; Presentation; gift, sacrifice, oblation.

Offhand, of hand, ad. अविवास ; (कानजान दिशा ना क ब्रह्म ; ना कानिया हि खित्रा ; Promptly ; without hesitating, without study or preparation :- a. তাংক্ৰিক কৃত বা কখিত; Done or said on the spur of the moment.

Office, of is, n. [L. ob, and facere, to make or do] कर्भ , कांग ; Duty ; work ; business ; service, employnent — উপাদনা-পদ্ধতি; উপাদনা; প্জাপদ্ধতি; Act of worship; formulary of devotion:-कार्यानद्र ; कार्यात्रान ; A place of business :-- विरमद ৰাৰহার ; Peculiar use :—হিডকর বা অহিডকর কার্যা ; Act of good or ill :--pl. त्रक्षनणाना ; शृहवााशांत नमा-धानार्थ गुरुत विकित अरकां ; Kitchen &c ; the apart. ments of a house in which the domestics discharge their duties. Syn :- Employment, function, trust, commission, station, post, situation, place , bureau, counting-room.

[ who holds an office. Good office—উপকার। Office-bearer, of is-bar'er, n. कर्महाती : One Officer, of e-ser, n. कर्महान्नी; One who holds an office; one who performs some public office:v. t. क्बाहां दी वानाव ; त्वज्य-कृ : To furnish with officers; to command as officers. Syn:-Official, functionaly, magistrate.

Official, of-fishal, a. भय-भतिनायक ; अत्रकांबी ; कर्य-চারী কৃত : Done by virtue of an office or in the character of an officer, made by authority:-2. कर्यागत्री; अधीन तामकर्यागत्री; One who holds an office; a subordinate public officer. ad=officially Official assignee, n. Public assignee in ban [ wind up a joint stock company kruptcy. Official manager, s. Officer appointed to Officiate, of-fishi-at, v. i. প্রতিমিধিই কার্যা-ক ; প্রতিনিধিয়-য় ; To perform official duties for another,

Officinal, of-fisin-al, a. [ L. opus, work, and facio, to do la. (शकाननक्षीत : Belonging to & shop:--ভেষজা-গ্ৰন্থের ব্যবস্থাসুসায়ে গ্রন্থত করিয়া ব্যব-হারার্থে রক্তি ; Denoting an approved medicine. kept prepared by apothecaries.

Officious, of-fishe-us, a. অন্বিকারচারী; প্রসন্ত; Meddling; obtrusive; assuming. n=officiousness. ad = officiously. Sny : - Impertinent, meddlesome, busy, pragmatical; kind, obliging. Offing, offing, n. जीत हरेटल पृत्र मसूजलांग : कृत कहरक चत्रविक गठीय-जल मानवारण : The part of the sea which is at a good distance from the shore . a part of the sea with deep water off from the shore.

Offscouring, of'skowr-ing, a. উচ্ছিট; পরি-काक्षारण: आवर्काना: Refuse; anything vile or

despised.

Offset, of set, n. was ; Sprout, shoot of a plant : -ডুবারণে ছাপিড রাশি; A sum or value set off against another as an equivalent :- ए. र. जूना-मूना करन श्रान-कृ ; To place against as an equigrowing out of another. valent. Offshoot, of shoot, n. नाना , Off-set; anything Offspring, of spring, n. সম্ভাৰসকৃতি; বংশাবলী; A child or children. Syn :- Issue, progeny, descendants.

Oft. Often, of'n, ad. नर्सन ; श्वाश्वा: ; अपनक्यांत ; Frequently; many times :- a. প্ৰ:প্ৰ: কৃত , Frequent. n=oftenness. Syn:-Repeatedly, recurrently, not seldom.

Oftenness, of n-nes, n. लोन:पूर्ण ; Frequency. Oft times, oftimz, Often times, of n-timz, ad. मर्दम ; प्नः प्नः ; वावः वाव ; Frequently ; many

Ogee, ठ' हिं', n. बड़ी जिका-धर्माधन वित्नव ; Wave-like architectural moulding with the convex part upwards.

Ogham, og'ham, n. क्षांत्रीम व्यावर्तकरामी निरमंत्र निर्ण-কৌশল বিশেষ: A peculiar kind of writing in cipher, practised by the arcient Irish.

Ozle. 5'gl, v. t. क्टाक-क ; वशाक्ष है-क ; To look at with side-glances :- v.i. To practise ogling \_n. कठीक ; अभावनृष्टि ; आडुपृष्टि ; A side glance. n=ogler; ogling.

Ogre, o'ger, त. ब्राक्त ; कांबनिक वक्तानि शक्त ; A man-eating monster or giant of fairy tales. femmogress.

Ogreish, o'ger-ish, a. बाक्नश्रकृष्टि; बाक्नाकाव, Resembling an ogre in character or appearance. Oh, ठ, int. विश्वत, त्यांक वा वाठवानूहरू अवाध, Denoting surprise, sorrow, pain &c.

Oil, oil, n. 184; A greasy liquid :- v. t. 184 বেশ্ন-কু; তেলাক-কু; Smear with oil; anoint with oil.

As oil on the fire was white west wis. Like oil put on fire, something highly exciting or provoking.

Oil one's palms-पून् तरका ; Bribe one.

Pour oil into fire-une witte gu-ce; Make matters worse; highly excite.

Pour (or throw) oil on the troubled waters - नाम भड़ान : मांच-छ ; तम बाबान : To quiet a disturbed condition of affairs; to heal dissenssions; calm angry passions; pacify matters : concidiate parties.

Woll oiled, s. नव ; Mild ; easy.

Oil-bag, oilbag, अ. बीरागरक देवलाका . A bag or cyst in animals, containing oil.

Oil-oake, oilkak, n. (शान ; पहेन ; Refuse after oil is pressed from flax seed.

Oil-cloth, oilkloth, n. वज्र वित्वव ; Cloth covered with oil or paint; a painted floor-cloth.

Oil-colour, oil-kulur, n. ne malain an : ton শিখিত সৃষ্, A colouring substance mixed with oil. Oil-man, n. তেল-বিজেতা; কলু; One who deals [ Dealer in oil.

Oil-merchant, Oil-factor, म. देवन-विद्याचा ; Oil-mill, Oil-press, n. ভৈল-চক্ল , খানী।

Oil-lamp, a. शीन ; One lighted by oil.

Oil-nut, oil-nut, n. छेल्स व्यास्तिकांत्र डिल्मारणांनी क्ल वित्नव ; Butter-nut of North America.

Oil-painting, oil-panting, n. fes facet; com for, Painting done with oil-colours.

Oilskin, oil-skin, n. छत्र-(लशन एक बननिवादक नद ; Cloth rendered water-proof by oil.

Oily, oifi, a. टेडनमह ; टिनान ; टेडननर , Greasy ; like oil :-- बाका दुरकी ; Supple ; compliant. n= orbness.

Ointment, ointment, अ. बन्ध . अत्वत् : Greasy stuff for smearing sores .- সুগুলি সুবা ; A perfume. Old, öld, a कृष ; बाबाइफ ; Advanced in years ; fair in years , aged :- आठीन . Not new ; out of date :--পুরাতন ; Ancient :--বছকাল প্রচনিত , বছ-অভাত : ৰাগী : Long practised --- নিগুণ : অভিজ : Skilled; experienced -- शेषकालीन : liviered long : -- वर्डमानकारन व्यवहानिक ; Antiquated -- हो १ ; Wi त out : decayed :-- मन , नीह : Bad , mean n= oldness. Sym :- Elderly; pristing, original, primitive; antique, obsolete. [time long past. Of old-資本, Long ago, formerly - 內有本版 , in Old as the hills-- शाहीन . Very old

Old bachelor, n. অবিবাহিত পুৰুষ, Elderly unmarried man. [ arrived or settled some time. Old comer, Old chum, n One who has Old continent, w. Europe, Asia and Africa.

Olden, öldn, a Misla ; Meisa , Ancient ; old. Old fashioned, a. अधिनित ; Out of fashion ; of obsolete fashion.

Oldish, öldish, e. भेगर वाहीन : Somewhat old. Old maid, #. অবিবাহিতা কলা; Elderly unwelded maid.

Old nick, w. चरठात ; The evil one.

Old school -- थांगिन नाजानांत्र , A school or party belonging to a former time, or having the character, manner, or opinion appropriate to a former time.

Old style-देवातीय वाहीम नविकाशनम-अनामी: The mode of reckoning before 1752, according to the Julian calendar or year of 3651 days.

Old world, n. Europe or the old continent :a. উর্থিনীয় বছে; Like the old world; unprogressive.

Oleginous, 5-le-afin-us, a.[L. sleum, oil] (59all ! (sallal ! Otly ! suctivers uncleasinousness

Oleander, ত-le-ander, ল. বৰোহৰ স্থান্থ পুল বুক বিশেষ; ক্ষমী; An overgreen shrub. [ olive. Oleaster, ত-le-aster. m. বুক বিশেষ; The wild Oleiferous, ত-le-iffer-us, a. [ L. oleum, oil, and fero, to bear ] তৈলোৎপাৰী; Producing oil, as seeds.

Oleograph, 5'le-o-graf, n. [L. oleum, oil, and Gr. graphs, to draw] এক প্রকার ভৈত-চিত্র; A print in oil-colours to imitate an oil-painting.

Olfactory, ol-faktor-i, n. [ L. olso, to smell, facio, to do ] বছৰাইী; ত্রাগ্সম্মীয়; Pertaining to or used in smelling.

Oligarch, oli-gark, n. অৱসংখ্যক কভিগন্ন ৰাজ্য-শাসকের অকতৰ ; A member of an oligarchy.

Oligarchal, ol-i-gārkal, Oligarchical, ol-i-gārk-ik-al, a. ক্তিপন্ন লোক বারা রাজ্যপানৰ প্রণানী সক্ষীয়; দল সক্ষীয়; Pertaining to an oligarchy, chquish.

Oligarchy, ofi-gark-i, n. [Gr. oligos, few, arche, rule] কতিপ্ত কোক বারা লাসিত রাজ: অল-সংবাক বাজি বারা রাজশানন-প্রশালী; A state governed by a few; clique. [ley . miscellany. Olio, o'li-o, n. মিল্লাণ; বিভিন্ন ক্রবোর সমবার; Med-Olivaceous, ol-i-vā'shus, a. অনিভ্বৰ্ণ; অলিভের লার হর্ম্বর্ণ; Olive-green.

Olive, oliv, n. वृक्ष विद्नाव, উशांत्र कम e त्रह ; A tree, its fruit, its colour :—मांबित नकन ; माबि , Emblem of peace; peace.

Bear the olive—শাধিসংখাপৰ-মৃ , Act the part of a peace-maker. [ peace. Olive branch, w. Branch of Olive, emblem of Olive oil—অলপাই তৈল।

Olla-podrida, n. বালৰ বিশেষ, A favourite Spanish dish:—অসমলস্থিত্ৰণ বা বিবিধ ক্ৰব্যের সম্বায়, Any incongruous mixture or miscellaneous collection. [ of four years.

Olympiad, 5-limpi-ad, n. চারি বংসর; A period Olympian, 5-limpi-an, a. অলিপ্স পর্যন্ত সম্বায়ির. Relating to Olympus.

Olympio, 5-limpik, a. বালিপায়া নগর স্বজীয়; Denoting Greek games at Olympia, in honour of Jove.

Olympios, Olympio games, ন. অনিশিয়ান অণিটানের উদ্দেশে এতি চারি বংসর অস্তর অস্কৃতিত ক্রীড়োং-নব বিশেব: Games celebrated every four years at Olympia.

Olynthics, n. The orations of Demosthenes, inducing the Athenians to form an alliance with Olythus against Philip of Macedon.

Ombre, omber, m. [L. homo, a man ] since of first ; A game of cards usually played by three persons.

Omega, o'meg-a, \*\*. আৰু বৰ্ণনানার পেৰাক্ষর, The last letter of the Greek alphabet:—পেৰ; The end. [made chiefly of eggs. Omelet, Omelette, \*\*. ডিবের বঢ়া; A pancake Omen, o'men, \*\*. নিনিঅ; চিড্ : বনুব; A fore-taken, prognostic:—ভাৰী বটনাৰ লক্ষ্ম বা স্ক্ষা, Sign or indication of some future event. Syn:
—Presage, augury, portent; premonition, foreboding, warning.

Personad, D'mend, a. किल्पिनिट : जानी पंत्रनात शक्य

ৰা খচনাৰিশিষ্ট ; Containing omens.

Omer, o'mer, n. देहनीविश्वत्र পत्रियान दिल्पेय ; A Hebrew dry measure.

Ominous, omin-us, n. जनमन्त्रक ; जल्क ; जल्क मन्त्र ; Foreboding feel; inauspicious. n=ominousness. ad=ominously. Syn:—Portentous, threatening, foreboding, premonitory.

Omissible, 8-misi-bl. a. ভাগবোগা; वर्जनीय ; That may be omitted.

Omission, 5-mishun, n. ভূল; কৰিব কৰে অবলো বা কটা; The act of omitting; the neglect or failure to do something required. Syn:—Neglect, failure, default; oversight.

Omissive, 5-misiv, a. বৰ্জনীল; Leaving out. Omit, 5'mit, v. t. [ L. ob, and mittere, let go ] ভাগ-ক; বৰ্জন-ক; উপেন্ধা-ক; ছাড়িয়া-বা; To leave out; to neglect, to fail. Syn:—Not mention, overlook, miss, let slip, loose.

Omnibus, স. বাৰ বিৰেষ, সূত্ৰহ চানিচকৰিশিষ্ট ৰকট : A large four-wheeled vehicle for conveying passengers. pl=omnibuses.

Omnifarious, om-ni-fári-us, c. [L. omnis, all and various, various] সম্বন্ধি; Of all kinds. Omniferous, om-niféri-us, a. [L. omnis, all, fero, to bear] সম্বন্ধ, Bearing or producing all varieties or kinds.

Omniparient, Omniparous, a. [ L. omis, all, and parere, to produce ] मर्सवन्ती; Producing all things.

Omnipotence, Omnipotency, n. নর্মন্তিবছ; নর্মন্তিবজ; অসীসক্ষতা; Unlimited power; all powerfulness.

Omnipotent, om-nip'o-tent, a. সর্কাভিয়ান; Possessing unlimited power; all powerful: n. সর্কাভিয়ান ইবর; The Omnipotent God. ad = omnipotently.

Omnipresent, om-ni-present, a. नर्सरानि ; Present everywhere ; present in all places at the same time. n=Omnipresence.

Omniscient, om-nishent, a. [L. omnis, all, and soio, to know] সর্বজ্ঞ, সর্বদর্শী; All seeing; infinitely wise. n-omniscience (সর্বজ্ঞতা) ৷
ad=omnisciently.

Omnium-gatherum, n. বস্থ বা বান্তিসমূহের বিশ্বান বিশেষ; A miscellaneous collection of things or persons.

Omnivagant, a. নৰ্জন বিচমণীল; Wandering Omnivorous, om-nivor-us, a. [ L. omnis, all, and voro, to devour] সৰ্বজ্ব; আমিৰ-নিৰাহিৰ উম্বাৰিৰ বাদ্য-ভোৱী; All devouring; feeding on both animal and vegetable food.

Omphalic, a. [Gr. omphalos, the naval]

On, on, prep. উপরে; উপরিভাগে; Upon; above and in contact with:—নিকটে, সরিছিত, Near to; at:—পরে, Immediately after:—কড; প্রভি; অভিযুক্ত; Towards, for:—কবিকড; In addition to:—ad. উপরে; Above:—করে; অর্থান্তর; Forward:—int. চল; করসর হব, Go on; proceed.

Be on (one)—( কোন বোনে ) আকাৰ-হ ; Seise (as a disease) :—কাহাৰ বাড়ে পড়া ; Fall upon one. On a sudden—स्बंद ; सम्बाद , Suddenly. On and on—जिवनरे ; Continuously.

On fire—बननारहात्र ; In a state of burning :— ट्रायारहार ; In a rage or passion.

On high—উপরে; Above. [forward On, on চল চল (নিবৃত্ত হইও সা); Advance On the alert—সভকাৰছায়; সাবধানে; In a state of vigilance. [departing.

On the wing—উড়িতে উড়িতে. In flight, Onager, ona-jer, # [Gr. onos, ass, a gros, a field] মধা এপিরার বস্তু পর্যন্ত; The wild ass of Central Asia.

Onanism, n. इन्द्रेमच्न : Masturbation.

Once, wans, ad. একবার ; একবার নাত্র ; একবা ; At one time ; a single time , at a former time :—

π. একবাব ; One time. [ suddenly.

All at once—সহসা ; একবম ; Abruptly, quite

All at once—সহসা: একলম : Abruptly, quite
At once—কবিলবে; তদতেই; Immediately;
without delay:—বুগৰ্ব, এককালে উভয়; Both, at
the same time

For once—was: and . For a single time at least, as an exceptional case.

Once and again—वांत्रवांत :

unce for all—একবার চিরকালের নিষিত্ব, Once and only once; one for all time to come; once for all occasions

Once on a time, Once upon a time—পূৰ্বে, এক দ্বাৰ , বহু ৰাণ হইল, Formerly, at a period long past.

One, wun, a. এক, অণিভাজ: ; অবিভাজ, Single, und v.ded, entire:—দেই, The same:—n. একঃ; Unity:—pro. অনিভিত্ত বেল বাজি: A per on, speken of indefinitely Sun—(a) Individual, common, united.

- The concord.

At one—একমত হুইছা , In union , in agreement , Be at one with—একমত-ত্, Be in uniformity , he in union or agreement with

Have (something) one –প্ৰিম-ৰ , Wear. One and all—প্ৰতোক ব'লি , Every one

One and the same—সেই একই , সেইই , একই , Not all rent , ident cal , verily the same.

One another-Paris, U ed to denote a recipiocal or mutual relation.

One by one—बार बार , बक बक किया ; One at a time ; one after another , separately,

One way or another—কোন উপায় বারা. By some means [ Consult one's interests. Take care of number one—বাৰ্ণায় ক্ৰয়া, One-horse, a. এক অবের বারা চালিড, Drawn by a single horse—said of a vehicle.

Oneness, wuhnes, n. অধিতীয়; একছ, Single-ness; unity.

Onerary, oher-ar-i, a. [ I.. onus, oneris, a burden ] ভাৰৰছনোপৰাক ভাৰবিশিষ্ট, Fitted or intended for the carriage of burdens, computing a burden.

Onerous, oher-us, a. [L. onerosus, from enus, a load, burden ] মুধ্য , কোৰম : প্রভাবন : Burdensome ; oppressive. ad = onerously. Syn :— Toilsome, heavy, responsible, laborious, operose.

One-sided, wanted-cd, a, while a determined.

পৰণাতী ; Limited to one side ; partial. s = onesidedness.

One's self-The person speaking.

Ongoing, ongo-ing, n. वात्राठि, वांत-धनानी । वहना , A going forward ; procedure ; event.

On-hanger, n. अवीन इ (लांच ; One who attends or follows closely, as an idler; a lounger—more usually—Hanger on.

Onion, unyun, n. প্ৰাপু. প্রান্ত , A bulbus root. On-looker, n. কবিৰ , Spectator.

Only, 5hle, a. এক; একমাৱ; Single; alone; ad. (কবল, মাত্ৰ; Singly; merely; barely. Syn; —(ad) Solely, simply.

Onomatoposis, on-o-mat-o-pe'ya, n. [Gr. onoma,—atos, a name; poseo, to make] আকুট্ট পৰাত্ৰকাণে পৰ বাঠন; উন্নপে গঠিত পদ বা পদ প্ৰয়োগ; Use of a word or saying which has a like sound to the thing signified.

Onset, onset, n छोरा आंडमा ; ध्यादांग ; Violent attack, assault Syn —Charge, onslaught, assault, first brunt, storming.

Onslaught, onslaut, n. आजगा, अव्हाप; Onset, attack, assault

Ontologist, on-tolo-jist, n তত্ত্বিদ্যাবিৎ, প্ৰার্থ-বিজ্ঞানবিৎ, One versed in ontology

Ontology, on-talo-11, n [ Gr on, ontos being, and logos, discourse ] ভৰ্বিলা, প্লাণ্ডিলান . Science of being metaphysics a=ontologic, ontological, ad=ontologically.

Onus, n ভাব, Burden
Onward, ohward, Onwards, a.
বৰ্ণিত, বৰ্ণান, অন্তব্য নি মহগান, Advanced, advancing —ad অনে, সমুগনিক, অনাতিমুখ, In
advance; forward Syn —(ad) Progressively,
ahead.

Onychia, n নগ-কোণ-আগছ। [gem, an agate Onyx, on-iks, n যদি নিদেৱ, প্রবন্ধ নিদেৱ, A Oolite, ট'o-টা, n [Gr oon, an egg, and lithos, stone] প্রবন্ধ বিদেৱ, Limertone like roe of a fish. Ooze, ooz, n. কালা; প্রত্যাস্থা পালা; করিত-ত্, To flow gently, to percolate, as a liquid through pores:—v. f. চুমার, করণ করাম, To cause to flow or percolate; drop, distil, shed; exude, filter, strain

Oosy, তেটা, a কর্মনার , পরিশ , Miry ; slimy. Opacity, o-pasi-ti, n. জনজ্জা ; আনোকর্মনা ; Want of transparency, opaqueness, obscurity. Opah, n. মংল্য বিশেষ ; A large seafish.

Opal, ö-pal, n. वनि वित्नव , वहवृता अध्य ; A mineral gem that has rambow shifting tints.

Opalescent, a. অভান্তর চট্টে মুন্তানং জ্যোতিনিকানী, Reflecting a milky or pearly light from the interior. n=opalescence.

Opaque, ত-pak, a. আৰক্ত; ভ্ৰোৰৰ, ছানাৰৰ; Not transparent, dark; shady. ম-opaqueness.
Opaqueness, n. আৰক্ষ্যা; Want of transparency.

Ope, v. t. and v i. পোলা; In poetry, to open. Open, o'pen, a. উল্লেট্ড; উন্থ ; Not shut , un closed — কুপন : অবাধ : Free of access ; accesmble — কুপনিষ্ঠিত , কুপনিষ্ঠান , Free front trees : - जुवानिक ; Public :- जारन : व्यक्ति ; Frank, art-less ; candid :- व्यक्तिक : व्यक्तिश्व ; Unbalanoed; not settled :-- अवन्त्र ; Listening :-- मिनिडे ; Attentive :- 196141; Free to be discussed :-বেৰপুত্ত : জুবারাবন্ধ ; Unclouded ; not fosty :---Without desence :-- शंबी ; जनावृष्ठ ; Liable ; expoed :-- v. t. উक्षांतित-क ; डेब्स-क ; To make open ; to unclose :-- श्रवाय-कृ ; वृत्तित्ताहत्र-कृ ; To disclose, reveal ; bring to view : -- वाका-क ; To explain ; expound :- == ; To begin ; commence :v.i. উलाहिज-ए; উश्वल-ए; To be unclosed :-व्यादिकीय-इ ; To appear :- व्यादक-इ ; व्यादक-इ ; To begin. n = openness; opener. ad=openly. Syn: -(a) Unfolded, expanded, broad; unreserved, ingenuous; undisguished, unreserved, sincere, aitless ; plain, evident, apparent ; exposed, unprotected, undefended; unrestricted, clear, public; unsettled, undetermined; mild, not frosty. (v) Unbar, unlock, uncover, unseal, exhibit, interpret; pierce, lance, spread, expand. An open question—अनिकिर दिवस ; (य विश्वतंत्र बीबारमा दब मा : A point not settled by a decision. An opon secret, n. ७ श विषय गांश व्यकाण स्ट्रेगांक , एश विनम्न किन्न छोड्। अस्तरकेडे आस्म ; A secret which is suffered to coze out, a secret that has become known to many. Be open to - भव (बांगा) बांका, Be free to be used, not closed to :---দোবাদি ধরা বাইতে পারে বা আপত্তি ইত্যাদি চলিতে পারে; Be liable to an attack of any kind. Be open to an impression—कोन विवय महार बहुन अविष्ठे कतान दाप्त ; Be ready to receive ideas into the mind, be easily impressible. Be open to conviction—वृक्षहित वृत्त : B: ready to receive some truth. Lay open—五年四-子 1 [ pare the way for Opon a door to-HEW-F; Render easy; pre-Open sessme, #. टार्नामाहित वर्ष चन्नम , A charm which opens something that is closed . terprise. means of admission, passport. Open the ball-काशाबद-कृ ; To begin an en-Open the eye of, Open one's eyes to-(\*)4 विश्रात काशांत्र हकु कुरे हिंदा-त्य , To make one sec. understand, appreciate &c., to enlighten, to enable one to see or understand; to begin to perceive. Open the question—কোৰ বিষয়ের আলোচনা-কু; To commence the discussion of a subject, to bring it before the public. Open to criticism—नवात्वाहवादाना । Open to discussion--भारताहा। Receive one with open arms—বাহৰত প্ৰসাৰিত क्तिमा (कारन लक्डा ; Welcome one warm!y. Open up-अवान-इ ; To disclose , to lay open ; f a building to discover. Open air-sifes; Under the free sky; not in In the open sir-जनावृष्ठ कृति ; श्लीना वांत्रशाह ; Not under any shade, out of doors. Open-eyed, s. সত্ৰ ; Watchful.

Open-hearted, 5'pn-harted, e. नहन ; देशह ; ! raining to the eye.

Opening, o'pen-ing, n. fex; 可計; 項: A breach ; aperture ; gap, hole :-- sting ; wife ; Beginning ; drawn :-- अवन काविकाव ; First appearance : -- চেষ্টার উপাৰ; Chance for exertion. Syn :- Orifice, cleft, rent; commencement, initiation; opportunity, chance, vacancy. Open-mouthed, o'pn-mowthd, a. 34 (4)191; वाषिक-वनम ; Having the mouth open :-- लाजी : উদ্দিক : গোলমানকাবী , Greedy ; clamorous. Open ses-সমূলতীরের বাহিরে, The part of the sea away from the slore. Open sky, n. Sky with no intervening shelter. Open winter, n. मोशाबनुस्र मीड ; Winter free [ A musical drama. from frost. Opera, op'era, n. नांठेक वि: नव ; गीडि-नांठा ; बाजा ; Opera-bouffe, n शामानी १६ केडि-नांडा ; A comic opera. an opera. Opera-dancer, n मज़ ; A girl who dances in Opera-glass, op'er-a-glas, n swinte ques qu मृत्रशैक्ष, Small telescope for a theatre. Opera-house, n. बाहेग्यांना ; Theatre for operas. Operates op'er-It, v. i. [L. oberari, from opus, operis, work, labour ] 年初-事; 本版-事; To act; to influence - অন্তচিকিৎসা-কু; অন্ত-কু; Perform a surgical operation —v. t. কলোৎপাদন-ভু , সংঘটন-क , উৎপাদন-क . To effect ; to occasion ; to produce by agency. Syn :- Labour, work, have effect, have influence Operate on-কাহার বা কিছুব উপৰ কার্যা-কু; Act on -- यक्तिक्रमा-क : Perform some manual act on the body with instruments. Operatic, Operatical, a. গীতি-লাটসৰ্কীত, के इन'डे। जुना, Pertaining to, resembling, the opera. Operation, op-er-ashun, अ. क'र्वा ; कन , Action ; exertion .— छेशाद . Agency :- अविविद्या अव-প্রবোর ; Surgical performance :— দৈলের পতিছি : Motion of an army. Syn .- Force influence, effect, process, effort, action, manipulation; movement, motion, managure Operative, op'er-1-tiv, a. क'र्यकादी, कादीकड़: कतज्ञ ; Exerting force ; producing effects ; efficacious -- n. আমচীরি, মছুর; A labourer, a workman; a me-' anic. ad=operatively. Operator, op'er-a-tor, n क्षिकातक, कांशकाती: One who or that which produces an effect :-আন্ত্রচিকিংসক, আন্তাদি-প্রবোগকর্তা; One who performs a surgical operation. [ sical drama. Operetta, n. मृत्र गींठनांहा , A short, light mu-Operose, op'er-us, a. क्राहिक्य ; अमनाशा ; Requiring labour , labourious ; tedious. n = operoseness ad = operosely. trumpet. Ophicleide, n. वप्र वंशि वित्तव ; A large brass Ophidian, Ophidious, a. [Gr. ophis, a serpent ] স্প্রটিত : Pertaining to scrpents. Ophidian, of-idi-an, n. नर्नडाडीय अड: An animal of the snake family. Ophthalmia, of-thalmi-a, Ophthalmy, ofthal-mi, n. [Gr. ophthalmos, eye] 5年2时長; 明年-द्वार ; Inflammation of the eye. a=ophthalmic. Open-handed, o'pn-handed, a. मुक्क ; मानील . unty ; Generous ; liberal. [Frank ; generous. Ophthalmic, of-thalmik, e. व्यक्तिवसीय ; PerOphthalmoscope, n. চৰুত্ব অৱস্থেতাৰ পৰীকা কৰিবাৰ ব্য বিশেব; An instrument for examining the interior of the eye.

Opiate, o'pe-at, n. নিজাকারক উষধ; নিজাকাক উষধ; হৈছালাগন; Any medicine that produces sleep; causing rest:—a. নিজাকারক; নিজাকানক; হৈছাসাধক; Inducing sleep; causing rest. Syn:—
Narcotic, anodyne, sedative.

Opiated, 5'pi-āt-cd, a. নিডাকারক উবৰ স্বারা অভি-ভুড; নিডাকনক উবৰের সহিত্ত মিজিড; Affected by or containing opiates.

Opine, ö-piń, v. s. [ L. opinor, to think ] বিবে-চনা-কু; বোৰ-কু; অপুমান-কু; Think; judge; be of opinion; suppose. Syn:—Suppose, believe, conceive, presume.

Opinion, ö-pinyun,n. মড; ধাৰণা . বিবেচনা : বিমাস ; A conviction on probable evidence, judgment ; notion ; estimation. Syn:—Sentiment, persuation, idea. [Agree with one in opinion.

Be of one's opinion—কাহারও সহিত একমত-হ, One is of opinion—কাহারও মত এই; One thinks.

Win golden opinions—সকলের সমানভালন-হ; Opinionated, ত-pnyun-ated, a. একপ্তরে, ব্যত অভ্যাসক; অটল বিধাসী; Firmly adhering to one's own opinions.

Opinionative, ত-pińyun-At-iv, a. অস্টিডরূপে ব-মতে অস্বক ; আয়ুলামী ; একজনে ; বনতে অস্টিড মৃদ, Unduly attached to one's opinions ; stubborn ; conceited ; dogmatical. ad = opinionatively. n= opinionativeness.

Opinionist, ন. ব্যতে অনুরক্ত ব্যক্তি; One unduly attached to one's opinions.

Opium, ō'pi-um, n. [Gr. opos, sap] স্থাবিত্ব, আধিত ; The narcotic juice of the white poppy.

Opossum, o-posum, n. আমেরিকার জ্বর্তিশেষ; A marsupial four-footed beast; an American quadruped.

Oppidan, n. [L oppidum, a town] A student of Eton college, England, who boards in the town, not in the college.

Opponent, op-po'nent, a. বিণরীত , বিরোধী; প্রতিকৃত্য; Adverse; opposite:—n. প্রতিপক্ষ, বিরোধী; পক্র; বিপক্ষ; Adversery. Syn:—(n) Antagonist, foe, enemy, opposer, rival, competitor.

Opportunist, n. बरमा द्वित्र रावत्रांभक; A politician who waits for events before declaring his opinions.

Opportunity, op-por-tühete, ম. সুগোগ; অবসর। সুবিধা; Occasion; fit time or place. Syn:— Convenience, chance, fit opening.

Let slip an opportunity, Omit an opportunity, Miss an opportunity—wests effort created (state; Allow an opportunity to pass away.

Beige or embrace an opportunity—খুবাৰ গাইবা বোৰ কাৰ্য্য-ছ ; Avail oneself of an opportunity.

Opposable, op-p8fa-bl, a. বাভিয়োগ্য ; বাভিয়াখ-খোগ্য ; Capable of being opposed.

Oppose, op-poi, v. t. [L. opponere, oppositum, to oppose] বাধা-দে; প্রতিরোধ-ক; বিশ্বতে উপস্থিত-ক; To resist; to withstand; to check; to compete with; to set against:—v. i. আপত্তি-ক; To make objection. n=opposer. Syn:—Combat, resist, confront; contradict, deny, oppugn, contravene; obstruct, bar, hinder.

Dismetricatly opposed—সন্ধ বিণরীত : Directly opposite, like the two ends of a diameter. Opposed to—প্রতিকৃষ ; Against.

Opposite, op'-po-zit, a. [ L. ob, against, and pone, to place ] বিশ্বত্ব; বিপরীত , সমুখবর্ত্তী ; Adverse; contrary; standing in front :-- नामना-সামৰি ; In front of ; facing :--- ম. বিপক ; প্ৰতিপক ; An opponent. ad = oppositely. n=oppositeness. Syn: -(a) Facing, hostile, antagonistic, inimical; contradictory, repugnant, diverse, incongruous, inconsistent. [ rent in nature from. Opposite to-প্রকৃতিতে বিপরীত ; Entirely diffe-Opposition, op-po-zishun, n. বিপক্তা; প্রভিবোধ; Adverseness, hostility; resistance .—বাধা; বিশ্ব: Obstacle :--বিবোৰ ; প্রতিকুলতা ; প্রতিকুলাচরণ ; Repugnance; contrariety - विश्वकाल; वर्जभान बित्रल वी भागन अनीलीय विक्वकाली; The party that opposes the ministry or existing government:-জ্যোতিকগণের পরশার ১৮০ অংশাস্তুরে অবস্থিতি : The situation of heavenly bodies when 180 degrees apart. Syn:-Counteraction; diversity, inconsistency.

Oppress, op-pres, v. f [ 1. ob, and premere, to press] উৎপীতন-কৃ; অভাচান-কৃ, পীচন-কৃ, পীদা-দে; চাপিয়া ধৰা; To curse with a heavy burthen, severity or cruelty, constrain; overpower. Syn:—Overburden, overtask, overwhelm, crush, weigh down, persecute, maltreat, treat severely.

Oppression, op-preshun, n. অত্যাচায়; উৎপীজন; উপায়ৰ; Severity, cruelty; misery; hardship; injustice. Syn:—Misery, calamity, tyranny, persecution.

Oppressive, op-presiv, a. অভাটাৰী; স্থিয়ায়ৰ; লাকৰ; বাৰৰ; কুৰ; Unjustly severe, heavy; overpowering; tyrannical. ad=oppresively. ক= oppressiveness. Syn:—Cruel, unjust, exacting, inhuman; close, uncomfortable.

Oppressor, n. অত্যাচারী; প্রধানীত্ক; উৎদীত্ত; One who oppresses.

Opprobrious, op-probre-us, a. কুংনিত ; খুনিত ; নিকালনক : অখ্যাতিজনক ; Reproachful ; infamous ; despised. n=opprobriousness. ad=opprobriously. Syn:—Abusive, offensive, insulting, scurrilous ; rendered, hateful, shameful.

Opprobrium, op-probre-um, n. [ L. ob, and probrum, reproach ] অপযান; অগবদ; বিজ্যা; ডিছ্কাৰ; Di-grace; infamy. Syn:—Ignominy, obloquy, odium.

Oppugn, op-pan, v. f. [ L. ob, and pugnara

to fight ] খাখা-দে; আডিলোখ-ড্ব: To oppose; to resist. n=oppugner. Syn:—Controvert, contravene. [patroness of husbandry. Opps, n: ড্বি-দেবী: The goddess of plenty and Optative, op'ta-tiv, a. ইছাপ্তত ; ইছাপ্রভাশন : Expressing desire or wish:—n. In Gram. a mode of the verb exressing wish. ad = optatively. Optio, op'tik, Optioal, a. খুই-বিজ্ঞান সম্প্রীয় ; চামুন ; Relating to sight or optics. ad = optically. Optioian, op-tishan, n. আনোকবিদ্যা-বিপ্র বাজি ; দর্শনবিজ্ঞানবিং ; One skilled in optics:—আনোকব্য বিক্রেডা বা নির্মাডা ; চন্দা-বিক্রেডা ; Seller or maker of optical glasses or spectacles.

Optios, op'tiks, n. আলোক-বিজ্ঞান; The science of the nature and properties of light.

Optimism, op'tim-izm, n. [ L. optimus, best ]
সকলই সমলের বস্ত এই মত; 'সংসারে সকলই উৎকৃত্ত' এই
মত; The doctrine that everything in nature is
ordered for the best.

Optimist, op'tim-ist,n. সকলই মন্ত্ৰের জন্ধ এই মতাব্ৰহা; বাৰতীয় পৰাৰ্থ গুডোকেন্দ্ৰে ক্ট মতাব্ৰহা; One who holds that everything is ordered for the best Option, op'shun, n. [ L. optio, from optare, to choose ] অভিনতি; ইচছা; অভিনাব; Choice; preference; right of choice; election. a=optional. Optional, a. ইচছাৰীৰ; অভিনাবাৰীৰ; Depending on choice; left to one's choice. ad =optionally. Opulence, op'u-lens, n. হন; আৰ্ড; Riches; wealth.

Opulent, op'll-lent, a. [ L. opulens, from ops, opis, power, wealth ] ধনী : এবধাশালী ; সমুখ্যশালী ; ধনবান ; Wealthy. ad = opulently. Syn .—Rich, affluent, moneyed.

Opulent in words—বহল বাকা পূৰ্ব, Verbose. Or, or, conj. কিংবা, অপৰা, বা; Marking an alternative and some times opposition.

Oraclo, or'a-kl. n [L. oro, to speak—or, oris, the mouth] দৈববাৰী; Answer supposed to be given by a Greek or Roman God or by wonderful wisdom:—দৈববাৰী যান; The place where reponses were given, and the deities supposed to give them:—হবিজ ব্যক্তি; জানী লোক; One famed for wisdom:—অবাৰ মত; A wise sentence or decision of great authority:—pl. ক্ষরোজি; The revelations made to the prophets.

Oracular, or-aku-ler, a. বৈষ্ণাপীৰণিষ্ট ; Delivering oracles ; resembling oracles :—প্ৰামাণিক ; Authoratitive :—বৰ্ণ ; বৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট ; Obscure ; ambiguous :—বৃঢ়াবক ; Grave. ad=oracularly. n=oracularness. Syn :—Prophetic ; uttering oracles, dictatorial, dogmatical ; sage, wise, venerable ; doubtful, ambiguous.

Oral, 5'ral, a. [ L. os, oris, the mouth ] বাচনিক; califa; Uttered by the mouth; spoken. ad-orally. Syn:—Vocal, verbal; unwritten, traditional.

Orang, 5-rang', \*. বাদর বিশেষ: A kind of monkey resembling man, found chiefly in the forests of Malacca.

Orange, or'anj, n. क्वना (जवून नांछ ; A tree :--क्यना (जवू ; Its fruit :--- क्वना (जवून कांग्र वर्श-विभिष्ठ ; Orange-coloured. Orange girl (or boy or woman), अ. प्राणी लान् विद्वारण ; Seller of oranges.

Orangeman, oranj-man, n. প্রোটেটাই প্রথমের আচারাই আরলভের সমাজের সভ্য; A member of a secret society instituted in Ireland to uphold Protestantism.

Orange-musk, n. ফল বিশেব ; A species of pear.
Orangery, oranj-èr-i, n. ফললা লেকুল বাগাব ; A
plantain of orange-trees. [in Netherlands.
Orangist, n. Supporter of the house of Orange
Orang-outang, (ত্বাং উটাং) n. বনবাৰুৰ ; A
large monkey resembling man.

Oration, ö-ráshun, n. [L. oratio, from orare, to speak] অবাচ বকুতা; A public speech. Syn:—Harangue, address, discourse.

Orator, or'a-tor, n. বজা; বাঝি, A public speech. fem = oratrix, oratress.

Oratorical, or-a-tor'ik-al, Oratorial, or-atori-al, a. ৰাগ্মিতা সম্বন্ধীয়; বজা সম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to oratory or an orator. ad=oratorically.

Oratorio, or-a-tő'ri-ö, n. ৰৰ্মণাস্থনিবয়ক বাৰো ; উপাননা-স্থান ; A kind of musical drama usually founded on scripture ; a place of worship.

Oratory, or'a-tor-i, n. বজুতা; বারিতা; বারণচুতা; Eloquence:—জলভার; Rhetoric:—ভলনা-গৃহ; উপাননা-গৃহ; Room for prayer; an apartment or building for private worship.

Orb, orb, n. [L. orbis, a circle] মণল; বৃদ্ধ; A sphere; circle; disk:—চক্ৰ; A wheel:—চক্ৰ; The eye:—v. t. মণলাকার-ক্ল; বেইন-কৃল; To form into an orb; to surround. Syn:—(n.) Globe, ball; sphere, circle, orbit. [Circular. Orbed, orbd, a. পোলাকার; মণলাকার; বৃদ্ধাকার;

Orbioular, or-bikū-lar, a. গোল ; মণ্ডলাকার; বৃণ্ডাকার; Orbioular, or-bikū-lar, a. গোল; মণ্ডলাকার; গোলাকার; বৃণ্ডাকার, Spherical; round. ad=orbicularly. n=orbicularness.

Orbiculate, or-bikū-lāt, Orbiculated, orbikū-lāt-ed, a. গোলাকার ; In the form of an orb. n=orbiculation,

Orbit, or'-bit, n. [L. orbis, a ring or circle] গ্রহাণির পরিত্রমণ পথ কক; গ্রহ-কক; Line or path of a star in its course:—চকু-সকর; অফিকোটর; চকুর চর্ম্ম; Hollow of the eye; the skin surrounding the eye. a=orbital.

Orbital, a. 51144; Pertaining to an orbit.

Orchard, orchard, n. क्लब्र्क्ड छन्। न ; क्राना । वानाव ; A garden of fruit trees.

Orchestra, or'kes-tra, n. [Gr. orcheomai, to dance] রন্ধান্যের বাদ্যকর্থিগের ছান; নাট্যপালার মধ্যে পায়কদের ছান; The part of atheatre for the instrumental musicians:—ন্ত্রালয়ের বাদ্যক্ষণ ; পায়ক দল; The performers in an orchestra; the body of musical performers. a=orchestral.

Orchestral, a. রকালরের বাণ্যকরদিগের স্থানসক্ষীয় ; Pertaining to an orchestra. [ plant. Orchid, or'kid, n. ফুলগাছ বিশেষ ; A fragrant

Orchidaceous, a. কতিগন লাতীন পুলাকুলনাৰীন ;
Pertaining to a group of plants with beautiful fragrant flowers. [orchidaceous plants.
Orchis, n. করেক লাতীন কুনের গাছ; A genus of

Ordin, n. কংনক জাতার কুলের বাছ; A genus of Ordain, or-dań, v. t. [ L. ordo, order ] নির্বিত্তকু; নিয়োগ-কু, ব্যবস্থা-কু, To appoint; to regulate:

— नावक (व्यक्षिक-कृ: ननियन्त व्यक्षिक-कृ: To invest with ministerial functions; to set in an office. Syn:—Call, elect. destine, consecrate; arrange, institute, establish; decree, determine, enact, order, prescribe.

Ordeal, orde-al, n. অন্নি বা জল ছারা পরীকা; An ancient form of trial by lot, fire, water ac -- অতি কটোর পরীকা; Any severe trial or examination Order, or'der, म. विकास , सन्धना , পরিপাটী , 1) -position ; regular arrangement - निगम, शक्कि . Rule; method —ছাপিত নিরম, Established piocess :--উপৰুদ্ধ অবস্থা , Proper condition --আনেশ Command, direction :- (49, Rank, class -সমাজ ; A society of persons —ক্ৰম করিবার আদেশ . Direction for purchase —শাসনবিধি, Regulation : - বর্ষপ্রার : A religious fraternity .-देशकांनिक विकार , A scientific division of objects —pl. খুটার বাজক-সম্প্রদায় , পুরেণহিতবণ , The christian ministry; the priesthood —v f. বিশ্বাদ-কু. विश्वष्ठ-कृ ; To arrange, to dispose - श्वाटनन-कृ পৰিচাশন क , To command, to direct -- वाक रकत कर প্রেম্বান-কু; To receive into ranks of the ministry -পৰিচালৰ-কু, To conduct --- ঃ ঃ. অংদেশ প্ৰদান বু To give command Syn -- (n) Method, regularity, symmetry, fit condition, proper state regulation, prescription, canon, law , precept injunction, instruction, famili, tribe nank class, degree, grade (1) Systematize, adjust, manage conduct lead, bid enform, instruct Be in orders -পৌরহিতা কাথে নিযুক্ত হ , Be or- ! dained to the work of gospel ministry

By order of - 418 128 3179 FTF, Ac ording to the directions of, by command of

Call to order—সভাব নিবম জল হল্লাছে এই কলিলা সভাপত্তিক আজি-কু, সভাৱ কেল কালেল চা না নিবম বিকন্ধ কাৰ্য্য ক'রলে জ'হাকে নিবমান্যায়ী চ'লাছ আলিল কব' To call attention of the pre-iding office to a wild attention of parliamentary rules acquire on to observe the forms or procedure of an assembly.

[ d s pline

Keep order-नाष्ट्रिक्का-कृ, Preserve peace or In good order--- श्रुका ।

In order- গুকুত্ব, গাঁচাক, নোবন্ধ In a fit state
— স্থাবন্ধ করিল , ফগাইবা , Every hing in its proper place —পাৰে পাৰে , One after the other.

In order of -- Mid Mid ( arm eligates ), In regular succession in point of ( birth, rank, me it etc ).

In order that, In order to—এই অভিপারে বে. কোন কিছু করিবার জন্ত , For the purpose of , with the object that.

In regular order—वश्राक्ति ।

Orders in council —কার্ডারের অ'জা, Temporary rules or laws issued by the sovereign, by and with the advice of the Privy Council, to meet particular emergencies.

Order of battle—778-74814. The different arrangements made by an army either to attack or receive an enemy.

Out of order—লগ্ৰন্থ বিশ্বান কৰু বা সংল অব-স্থান নহে, Not in a healthy condition .—ট্ৰক না (চনা); Irregular .—বে নিজিল, Not in a work-

able condition.

Religious orders প্রশাসন্ত ; Societies established for religion.

Sailing orders—নৰ-ভাহাত চাৰনার আংগণ; The particular and final instructions given to ships of war.

Set one's house in order—ক্ষিত্র না হয় এনন ক্ষিমা সমত বংশাবত-কৃ; Be cautious so as to guard against evil.

Standing orders—In Parliament certain rules and regulations laid down for guidance.

Take orders—পৌৰ্ছিত বাৰদা অবস্থন-কু; Become a clergyman, enter the ministry of the church by being ordained.

The lower orders—ইতৰবৰ্গ।

The order of the day — প্রচলিত নিরম ; রেওয়াল ; A succession of business appointed for a specified day; the rule, the fashion — নাহাতে সকলেই মন্ত্র, What every one is striving after.

To order—আদেশ মত, According to one's direction or directions.

Ordering, or'der-ing, n বিস্থান, পরিচালন, Arrangement; management

Orderless, a দুখনাপুত্ত, নিশুখন, Disorderly, Orderly, orderle, a নিছমিত, Regular শবি-পানি, স্পানিগালিত, Well regulated — কর্ত্তনার্থা কলাৰ নিজ্ঞ, কর্ত্তনার্থা প্রস্তুত্ত, Being on duty — শান্ত, Well conditioned, quiet — ন. সেনাপতিন্ত্ত প্রস্তুত্ত কলাৰ নেল ক্ষান্ত কলাৰ কলাৰ ক্ষান্ত কলাৰ ক্য

Orderly book, n A book for every company, in which the sergeants write general and regimental orders

Orderly officer, n কথান ৈ The officer of the day, one who has charge of affects for the day. Ordinal, ordinal a ক্ৰময়োৰক, প্ৰধ্যাতক, প্ৰকঃ Slewing order or succession —n. কলবোৰকঃ সংখা, A number denoting order —বিধি প্ৰকঃ ক্ৰম্যান্তি এই, A ritual for ordination.

Ordinance, or'din-aus, n বিষ , নিক্পিত ধর্মাপুরার গান্ধ ড, A law, an establi hed rite. Syn — Decree, enactment, striute, edict; rite, obsertate, ceremont, sacrament.

Ordinary, or din-ar-e, a [ L. or linarius, from ordo, order] প্রচলিত নির্মাণত , নির্মাণত , বিহামত , Customary, regular , usual —সামান্ত , সাধারণ ; সাধারণ , তিলেল , Common inferior ; plain —n. পুরোহিত ; বাছক , An ecclesiastic judge , bishop:—Settle c l establish ment:—আহার ক্রিবার স্থান ; ভোজন প্রকার, Place for eating at a regular time and price ad=ordinarily Syn:—(a) Settled, habitual, wonted, usual, customary; mediocre, commonplace, plain, homely.

In ordinary—সর্বাই কারের কারে বিবৃত্ত ; Not in actual service, but laid up under the charge of officers ; in actual and constant service.

Ordinate, or'din-মা, এ. ব্যবহাণত , ছবিছিত ; বিদ্যানিত ; Regular , methodical :--- স. বল ঘোষা উচ্চ । বিদ্যানী তল্পায় সদস দেখা বিশেষ ; A straight

line in a curve terminated on both sides by the curve and bisected by the diameter. ad=ordinately.

Ordination, or-din-ashun, n. ধর্মণান নিজোগ;
The act of ordaining;—বাচনিত ক্রম; ধারা; Established order. Syn:—Institution, appointment, induction, consecration. [guns; artiflery.
Ordnance, ordnans, n. কামান; তোগ; Great
Ordnance office, n. Office for manging the artiflery and engineering. [filth; excrement.
Ordure, or'dur, n. বিটা; পুরীষ; মল, Dung;
Ore, তা, n. আকর; ধাতু, মৃত্তিকামিপ্রিত ধাড়; Mineral as it is in the earth; metal in its unreduced state.

Organ, or'gan, ল. বৃদ্ধ ; লাবন ; উপায় : An Instrument of action or motion ; means :—ইন্সির ; Natural instruement, as the tongue ; mrdium :— বাস্তবন্ধ বিশেষ ; A musical instrument with pipes, bellows and keys.

Organic, or-gańik, Organical, or-gańik-al, a. ইন্সিয়স্থলীয়, ইন্সিয়বিষয়ক; Relating to an organ:—ইন্সিয়স্থ ; ইন্সিয়বিষয়ক; Consisting of, containing or produced by the organs:—ৰান্তিক. Instrumental. ad=organically.

Organic bodies—Such bodies, as possess life and sensation

Organic disease— ৰ'িক পীছা, ৰে পীড়াৰ ইন্দ্ৰিকের গ্যুক্ত পৰিবৰ্ত্তীত যে The di ense in which the structure of an organ is evidently altered

Organic law—শাসন্থণাল , A law which concern the fundamental parts of the constitution of state, a constitution.

Organic remains, n. জন্ত বা উদ্ভিন্নের প্রত্তবীসূত আপিট অপে , Fossil remains of animals or regetable. [being airanged

Organisable, a স্থলা-বিশ্ব-সাধ্য; Capable of Organisation, or-gan-iz-dishun, n স্থলাবিধান, গাল; The state of being organised Syn:—Construction, constitution, organizing, forming, making; structure, form, organism

Organise, or'gan-iz, v.t. ইন্দ্রিনিট্-কৃ. To form with suitable organs; furnish with organs:
— এবড-কৃ; গঠন-কৃ; করনা-কৃ; Prepare; arrange; form; devise. n = oganisation.

Organism, or'gan-iem, n. यदान शहेन, वाह्यक शहेन : Organic structure.

organist, organist, n. অগান্ ব্রবাদক; One who plays on the organ.

Orgasm, ন. অপৰিনিত উত্তেজনা বা কাৰ্য্য ; Immoderate excitement or action.

Orgies, or'jiz, n. pl. রাজিকালীন আমোন; ভৈর্মব চক্র; নৈশ ক্রাগানোৎনব; Mad or midnight revels; noctural drunken rites or revelry.

Oriel, ö'ri-el, ল.বহি:প্ৰস্ত গৰাক বিশেষ; A window that juts out so as to form a small apartment. Orient, ö'ri-ent, a. [ L. orior, to rise ] উদীয়ন্ত্ৰ, Rising:—প্ৰাচা; Eastern:—উজ্বল; সমুজ্জল; Bright; shining:—n. প্ৰাচী; প্ৰতিক, The East.

Oriental, ত-ciental, a. প্রাচ্য ; প্রদেশীর ; Eastern .
— ভবল ; Shining, glittering :—Asiatic :—n.
প্রচ্যেশবাসী , A native of the east.

Orientalise, v. Make eastern.

Orientalism, ö-ri-ental-izm, n. আদিয়া বেৰের রীভি বা ব্যবহার ; আচ্যনীভি ; Eastern idiom ; oriental doctrine.

Orientalist, ö-ri-enfal-ist, n. প্রাচ্যদেশীর ভাষার অভিন্ন পণ্ডিত ; প্রাচ্যভাষাবিদ্ , One versed in the eastern language.

Orifice, or'c-fis, n [ L. os, oris, a mouth, and facere, to make ] ছিন্ত, মুখ; রজ; An opening; small hole. Syn:—Aperture, perforation, pore. Orifiamme, n. [ L. ourum, gold, and flamms, a flame ] ফালের প্রকালীন পতাকা বিশেষ; An ancient royal standard of France. [Marjoram. Origan, Origanun, n. স্পাদ্ধি মণলা বিশেষ; Origin, or'e-jin, n. [ L. oriri, to rise ] প্রকাষ্ট কোরি; আরম্ভ: The first beginning; first existence:—কারণ; হেন্ড; মৃল, Cause; source; derivation. Syn:—Commencement, rise, spring, derivation; root, foundation, occasion.

Original, o-rifin-al, a. মৌলিক; আচিম; প্রাথমিক; Primitive, first: first in order:—দুলাভূড, Primary —দুল, আনল: অনন্দিত; Not copied; not translated:—উদ্ভাবনকন; Inventive:—n. আদি; মূল, Origin; source:—দুশুগছ; প্রথম লিখি; First copy:—আদল, Arch type:—অনন্দিত ভাবা; An untranslated tongue. ad—originally. Syn:—(a) Plistine, primordial, initiatory; creative; peculiar, odd, eccentric.

Original sin—299 भाग; The first sin of Adam, namely his eating the fobidden fruit; either the imputation of Adam's sin to posterity or a natural corruption and tendency inherited from him.

Originality, o-rij-in-alit-i, n. মৌনিকছ; আদিছ; নুডনহ; অপূর্ব করনাপকি, উদ্ভাবনী পক্তি; The quality or state of being original, the quality of originating ideas.

[ Productive; primitive.

Originary, o-rifi-na-ri, a. উৎপাদনশীৰা; মৌলিক;
Originate, ত-rifin-at, v. t. স্ট-ক; স্ভৰ-ক; উৎপাদৰ-ক. To bring into existance; to create:
v. i. আবন্ধ-ক; উড়ত-হ; To begin; to have origin. n=originate: (উৎপাদক; উদ্ধাৰক) ৷ Syn:
Form, produce; commence; take existence,
arise, spring, proceed.

Originate in—সুৱপাত বা আরত-হ; Have origin in; arise from ( some source ).

Originate with—কোন ব্যক্তি কৰ্তৃক প্ৰথম উবাসিত-হ ; Come from one, in the first instance.

Origination, o-rifin-a-shun, त. ब्रा; जांबर; Origin, beginning; mode of production.

Oriole, or'i-ol, n. [L. ourum, gold] अभिदिश्य : The golden thrush with black wings.

Orion, e-ri'on, n. রাশ্চিক; লক্ষপুথ বিশেষ; A large and bright constellation.

Orison, or'i-zun, n. [ L. oro, to pray ] আৰ্বা; উপাসনা; A prayer.

Orlop, n. পোতের তর বিশেষ; The deck of a ship.
Ormolu, n. পিত্তৰ বিশেষ; A variety of brass.

Ornamont, or'na-ment, n. [L. ornamentum, from ornare, to adorn] আনহায়; তুবা; Embellishment; decoration; adornment:—নয়; Jewel:—নয়ার; Honour:—০.f. অনহত-মু; ভূমিত-মু; Po adorn; to decorate. Syn:—(v) Embellish, deck,

garnish, decorate; beautify; emblazon, illustrate.

Ornamented ground—ৰুক বাবা ফুলোভিড ভূমি Lands planted with trees and adorned with statues.

Ornamental, or-na-mental, a. শোভাবৰ্ছক শোভন, শোভাসপাদক, Serving to adorn or beautify. ad=ornamentally.

Ornamental shrub—শোভাৰ্ত্ত বভা, Shrub cultivated for ornament.

Ornanentation, or-na-men-tর-hun, n আৰু র ,
জ্ব , Decoration , embellishment.

Ornate, or'nāt, a. [L ornatus, pp. of ornare, to adorn] অবস্থত , ভূষিত ; বিচিত্ৰ , Decorated , picturesque , ornamented n=ornateness adornately Syn—Ornamented, decorated, embellished , high-wrought flowery, florid

Ornithological, a প্ৰিড হ'ব্ৰয়ক Pertaining to ornithology. ad = ornithologically

Ornithology, or-ni-tholo-ji, n. [Gr ornis ornithos, a bird, and logos, science ] পদিবজ্ঞান, পদিতভ্ ; The science of birds a -- ornithological Ornithologist, n. পদিতভ্বিং, One versed in ornithology

Ornithomancy, \* শাকুন বিশা, A species o divination by birds, their flight, etc

Ornithorhynchus, or-ni-tho-ring'kus স ভা বিশেষ, A mammal in Australia with a duck's bill Orography, or-og'ra-fi, n ' Gr oras, a mountain, and grapho, to describe ] গি'ল ব্যাস, A description of mountains amorographic, orographical.

Orphan, or fan, n [ Gr orphanos, bereaved জনাধা, মাত'লিছ্টান, পিতৃহীন বা মাতৃইন শিশু, Chiud bereft of father or mother or of both —a মাত্ত-শিস্ত্হীন, Bereft of parents

Orphan asylum—জনাপাশ্রম, জনাপানিবাস।
Orphanage, ortan-তা স জনাপ অবভা মাত পত্
তীন অবভা, The state of being an orphan —জন

श्चान , A house for orphans

Orphean, or-fe'an, a পৌৰাপিক কৰি আৰ্কিচস সম্পূজিল Pertaining to orpheus, a poet, who is to p esented as having had the power of moving the rocks by his music.

Orpheus, n ্ৰীক-গান্তক, A Greek mus cian who moved inanimate objects by the music of his lyre Orpiment, or piment, n. [L. ourum, gold and pigmentum, paint] n হ্যিতাল, Sulphuret of arsenic, a yellow paint

Orpin, n বাচ পীতবৰ্ণ, A deep gold or yellow colour.

[ coloured flowers
Orpine, n. কুলবাছ বিশেষ, A low plant with gold
Orpine, n. কুলবাছ বিশেষ, A low plant with gold

Orrory, দ প্রহাদির আকারাদি প্রদর্শন করিবার যন্ত্র বিশেষ, A piece of apparatus Orris, দ কুলগাছ বিশেষ, A species of iris

Orris, n কুলনাই বিশেষ, A species of iris
Ort, n সামান্ত কাৰ্যেক, পরিভাক্ত কাল, A fragment,
refuse

Orthodox, or'tho-doks, a [ Gr orthos, right, and doxa, opinion ) বৰ্ণপ্ৰায়ৰ, ধ্যমত দৃচনিধানী, আচলিত ধ্ৰন্থত, লাছবিধানী, Believing the genuine doctrine taught in scripture, bigoted, according to the received doctrine. ad=orthodoxiv

Orthodoxy, or'tho-doksi, ন. অধর্ষপরারণতা; বডের এডাডাডা, গেড়ামি, Sound or right catholic belief. Orthoepist, ন. শক্ষের বিভন্ন উচ্চারণবিদ্যাবিৎ; One reised in orthoppy.

Orthoepy, or-tho-e-pi, n. [Gr. orthos, right, and epos, a word] পদের বিশ্ব উচ্চারণ; The correct pronunciation of words. a=orthoepical.

Orthogon, n সমকোণী কেন্ত্ৰ; A figure with all its angles right angles.

Orthogonal, a আরভাকার ; সমকোণে , Rectanguar , at right angles.

Orthographer, or-thogra-fér, স. বৰ্ণযোজনবিৎ; বিপদ্ধ বৰ্ণবিস্থাসকারক; One who spells words correctly.

Orthographic, Orthographical, a वर्गविकान विनामवकीय विकास विकास । Pertaining or according to orthograpy, spelt correctly. ad-orthographically

Orthography, or-thog'ra-fi, n [Gr. orthos, right and grapho, to write] বিজ্ঞানশে শক্ষের বৰ্ণ-বিক্রান, বৰ্ণন্দ্ৰি The correct spelling of words. a = orthographic, orthographical [sects. Orthopters, n এক শ্রেশার কটি An order of in-Orthopterous, a অর্থপটারা শ্রেণীর কটিনস্কান , Pertaining to the orthoptero | bird Ortolan, n স্থাদা গ্রক্পকা বিশেষ, A singing Oryx, öriks n ভ প্রকার মূল বিশেষ, A variety of south Atrican anticlop.

Oscillation, n (बाजन . A swinging like a pendulum [inga Oscillatory, oal la tor-i a (बाल) प्रमान Swing-

Oscitant, a क्षतकारी, हमानु निकार, Yawing, gaping, crowsy, dull ad=iscitantly n=oscitancy

Oscitate, গ : কম্বন-কু To y iwn n=oscitation. Oscillant, ে সানম্প্রীল , Adhering closely.

Osculate, n t [L, osculum, a kiss] हुम्ब-कृ ;

Osculatory, a চুৰ্নসম্কীয় . Of or pertaining to ki sing [ used in marking baskets. Osior, o'zhi er, n লড়া নিজ্য . The water-willow Osiored, a লড়ামুগ ড প্ৰেয়াৰ লড়াৰ আছ , Made of or like osior, adorned with osiors

Osmium, n ধ্নরবর্ণ ধাতু বিশেষ, A grey-coloured met al. [coarse linen, Osnabury, n মদীনা বন্ধ বিশেষ, A species of Osprey, Ospray, ospra, n মদান জাতীর পকী, A is hing each to shawk [Fruitless efforts, Heaping ossa upon Pelion—বৃধা চেপ্তা, Osseous, ose-us. a [L os, ossis, bone] জাতিব্য, আহিবং, Composed of or resembling bones; boney

Ossicle, ośi-kl, n 東重 可管, A small bone.

Obbiterous, os-sifer-us, a { L. os, bone, fero, o bear } আয়ি উৎপায়ক , আহিলনক , আহিলক , Producing bone , containing bone.

Ossification, n আছিবং পদাৰ্থে পারিপতি; The change into a bony substance.

Oquifrage, osi-fraj, st. [ L. os. bone, and frange, to break ] ইবল্লিড বিশেষ; পৰিবিশেষ; The young of the sea-eagle; the bearded vulture.

OBBITY, csi-fi, v. t. [L. os, bone, facio, to make] আহিতে পরিপত-ক; অহিবৎ পদার্থে পরিপত-ক; To make into bone or into a bone-like substance:—v. i. অভিনয়-হ; অহিতে পরিপত-হ; To become bone or bony. n= ossification.

Ossivorous, a. [ L. os, bone, voro, to devour ]
স্থায়েন্দ্রী : Feeding on bones.

Ossuary, n. মৃত্যিগের অন্থিনকম স্থান; A place where the bones of the dead are deposited; a charnel-house.

Ostensible, os-tene-bl, a. [ L. ostendo, ostensum, to show ] প্রতীয়মান ; প্রথানীয় ; প্রাকার ; ব্যাকার ;
শাই ; Apparent ; manufest ad = ostensibly. n=
ostensibility. Syn := Exhibited, presented, professed, shown, declared, or avowed.

Ostensive, os-tensiv, a. প্রদর্শক: প্রদর্শন: প্রদর্শনশীল; Showing, exhibiting ad - ostensively.

Ostentation, os-ten-tashun, n. [I.. ostendo, to show] হাৰজনক, বাহাডবরপ্রশান; ইড; Ambitious display, boasting; outward show. Syn.—Parade, flourish; high pretension, vaunting, boasting

Obtentatious, os-ten-tashe-us, a. ৰাজাড্যবালিয়; আলাভ্যবালিয়; Fond of self-display; intended for display; showy; gaudy, boastful ad=o-tentatiously n=ostentatiousness Syn — Boastful, vaunting, pretentious, dashing, pompous [versit din osteology]

Osteologer, Osteologist, n. অভিচয়বিং, One Osteological, a. অভিচয় সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to osteology, ad=osteologically

Osteology, as te-clo-ii. n. ! Gr osteon, bone, and loger, science ] याष्ट्रक: याष्ट्रक्ति, The science of the bones. s=osteological.

Ostler, o'ler, n. व्यन्तान , Groom.

Ostlery, n. পাছनाला . Inn.

Ostracise, o'tra-sir, v.t. [Gr. ostraken, a potsheid] নিৰাসিত-কৃ. বহিছত-কৃ, সমাভচাত-কৃ. In ancient Greece, to banish by a people vote; to banish from society. n=ostracism.

Ostracism, ostra-sizm, त. निर्मानन ; Banishment by ostracising.

Ostrich, octuch, n. আফ্রিকার বৃহত্তম উট্ট পকী; The largest of birds, found in Africa, remarkable for its speed in running and prized for its feathers. Ostrich stomsohs—বে প'ক্যুনী সকল প্রকাব পাষ্য

জীৰ্ণ কৰে; Strong stomachs which will digest

Otacoustic, ot-a-kowstik, a. (Gr. akeuō, to hear) ক্রতিষ্টার; Assisting the sense of hearing. Otacoustic, Otacousticon, গ. ফ্রতিষ্টার-ব্য ; ্র্
An instrument to facilitate hearing.

Other, uther, a. and pro. অন্ত , ভিন্ন, আগন, আন ; অভিনিক্ত ; বিভীন ; Different ; additional ; second of two.

Bvery other day—একদিন অন্তন্ত, Each alter-Other than—নাতাত, Different from; besides. The other day—নেখিন; At a certain past not distant but indifinite; not long ago, Otherwise, uther-wiz, ad. অন্ত প্ৰকাৰে; ভিন্ন অকাৰে; অন্ত কারণে; অথবা; কিংবা; In another way; in a different manner; by other causes; in other respects.

Otiose, ত'shi-তs, a. [ L. otium, rest ] নিজিল; অন্যাপুত ; অসন , Uhemployed ; lazy.

Otitis, o-titis, n. [Gr. ous, vios, the ear ] 44-

Otoscope, n. কৰ্প থীকাৰ যন্ত্ৰ; An instrument for examining the car.

Otic, a. वर्गमकीय ; Pertaining to the ear.

Otorrhoca, n. कान बहेरित पुंक भए।

Ottor, over, n. डेविड़ान ; नवल विर्मंत ; A large kind of weatel living entirely on fish.

Otto, oro, Attar, atar, n. আচন্ত ; A fragrant oil obtained from certain flowers, especially the rose. Ottoman, oro-man, a. তুরক্ষ্যকীয় ; তুরক্ষানাল্য সহজীয় ; Pertaining to the Turkish empire :—

গ তুৰক ; A Turk — আসন বিশেষ ; A stuffed seat. Oubliette, n. কারাগৃহ বিশেষ ; A dungeon with an opening only at the top.

Ouch, owch, n. মণি বসাইবার গহর; A socket in which a precious stone is set.

Ought, awi, r. i পাৰা-হ, উণ্টিড-হ; আবশ্বক-হ; (A defective verh) to be bound in duty or moral obligation; to be under obligation; to be proper or necessary.

Ounce, owns, দ. ওজন পরিম'ণ বিশেষ; প্রায় আব হটাক পরিমাণ; The twelfth part of a pound of Troy; াঁল of a pound avoirdupois:—না'ল জাতীর অন্ধ বিশেষ, A teline carnivorous animal c! Asia, resembling the leopard.

Our, out, a and pro. आयांत्रत ; आयांत्रित ; अप-मीत ; Pertaining or belonging to us.

Ours, owrz, pron. আমাদের; Possessive of me.
Ousol, oo'zl, n. পায়ক পকী বিশেষ, Black bird, a
kind of thrush. [self (in the regal style).
Ourself, owr-self, pro. বহুং আমিবা আমাকে, MyOurselves, owr-selvz, pro. pl. বহুং আমরা বা
আমাদিশকে; We, not others; us.

Oust, oust, v t. [ F. ester, oter, to take awav ] বহিষ্ণত-ক ; ভাটাইয়া দেওৱা; To eject; expel; turn out. Syn :- Remove, dislodge; dispossess, [ Dispossession; ejection. disseize, evict. Ouster, owster, n. दम्बन ; अधिकांत्रहाङ कदन ; Out, out, ad. वाहिरव, Without; not in, not within :--বিদেশে, Abroad :-- প্রকাশিত অবস্থায়; প্রকাশিতভাবে. In a state of discovery :--সম্পূর্ণ-कृत्भ : Completely :---नाखि ; नाम वा करवब अवहा : In a state of exhaustion, extinction &c : — বধেক কাৰে; वादीनकारन . Freely :--- नवरन : वनपूर्वक ; Forcibly : —অনাৰ্ডভাৰে; Uncovered:—Not in office:— অন্ত্ৰিত অবস্থাৰ, Unsheltered :-- ছতবুদ্ধি হইলা ; At a loss :--int. দুর হও ; চলিয়া বাও ; Away ; be gone : —». কোণ ; A nook or corner :—বহিঃ মু বাভি বা रख . One who, or that which is without, especially one who is out of office : -- মুক্ত হান ; An open space:-- v. t. অধিকারচ্যত-কু; ভাড়াইরা-নে; To eject; to expel.

Be out—শেব-ছ; মুবান; Be at an end; be over:
—নিকাণ-ছ; Be extinguished, as light:—বেরিনে
আসা; বাটার বাহির হওয়া; Have come out.

In season and out of season—কালাকাৰ ৰা ভাবিয়া, সমবাসমৰ লা ভাবিয়া।

Out and out—গোড়া, Extreme going to extremes, thorough going —সম্পূৰ্মণ, Complete ly, thoroughly —সাক্ৰওবালায়, নিগুচ্বত্ব লাভ কবিবা, Without reservation.

Out at the heels or at elbows- হৃদ্ধানত। Ragged in reduced circumstances

Out of—বেণন বিছু হটত , কোন বি ু বছৰণ , From
—জন্ম Owing to —মধ্যে , Among in —বাহিৰ,
Beyond —ভিতৰ হইতে , From under —হীৰ

Not in

Out of character— অহান্ত লিখনে চনি বৰ সচিত্ লা মেৰা অসকত, অৰুপ-ক Inconsecut with one scharacter not in unison with other parts of one significant conduct unbic ming

Out of concert with—अन्दर शिक No longer pleased with, not having a fixourable opinion of

Out of countenan re 有電电,有電視表,Confunded at 1 hcd

Out of course tanger Out of erder

Out of court—আহনত্মাণিত নাল ১ h yadi cally just nable [tid of s lett Out of date—অপ্ততিক কে বেওয়াল i Ant qua Out of doors— চীৰ ক'ছিব।

Out of fashion— 30 to 1 [instantic.
Out of hand—off serve I thath
Out of harms wav—off; Sale from
harm, remove i from dan or

Out of joint - পিশুখন পে শনাল বিষ্ণাত অস্থিয়ত Confused as the transis out of just

Out of keeping—freq (MER 4, Not in harmoncy a , out nate

Out of kilter \*\*\*\* Out of regular order Out of mind % •4 \*\*\* \$3 !

Out of one s head- " Plan Delivi us

Out of one s time-fr कर Having hinched one s apprenticeship -ताइ तक, No lenger a miner.

Out of order—ব্যৱসালন বিপ্ৰক্ষা

Out of place—অস্ত্ৰাৰ কৰা, অংগনানিক দেশ কাশান্তি নতে Not in proper or usual place Out of pocket—পতিএক, Short of money

sustaining loss of of cith

Out of print - পৰকাৰি ছাপা নাই, জপাপ \
in the market or to be purel reed the copic printed having been disposed of

Out of repair—ৰস্পুত, In a state of dis repair,—applied to Luilding

Out of sesson—অকাল আসাম্থিক, আব্ধা-কালাগত Not in the proper season [unwell Out of sorts—অৱ অসত অসত, কথা Ading Out of temper—বিকৃ, বাগাধিক, In bad temper, irritated sullen, peculah

Out of the frying pan into the fire—
একটা বিপত্তি এচাৰতে পিয়া ত্ৰনাপকা অকুতৰ আব একটাতে পঢ়া, এক বিপদ্ধ ইলত এক তইয়া আৰু এক বিপত্তি পতিত্ত হওবা, Avoid one evil only to fall into a greater said of going from bad circumstances to worse [ধ্যক্তিৰ বিশ্বতা Out of the pale of—দীমার বাহিরে. Beyond the limits of [ আমন্তব , Quite impossible Out of the Question—মল্প্রিপে অসম্ভব , সম্পূর্ব Out of the woods—বিশাসমূস , Freed from dangers or difficulties

Out of sight, Out of mind—চকৰ বাহিৰ হইলে মনেব বাহিৰ হৰ, মাধুবেৰ কুটুম এনে গেলে, দৃষ্টিপথেদ্ধ বাহিৰে অদৃশু, The persons or the things that we do not et we soon forget frequent meetings and intercourse are essential to the keeping up of friend lip

Out of trum - अनुभूक Not properly prepared. Out of tune - र भा Hush discordant

Out upon you and out upon it—Away with you way with it—I hranes expressing dislike or contempt.

Out of uso—অগ্লত Not in employment
Out of way গংগা ব অপ্রপাধ বিপধ প্রিক A
way from the line at the ere প্রত্বিধা
cccentin —ভিল্ল Aside, apart — অপ্রবিধা
ভবক, In coherent
[ till cut the truth
Out with it অপ্রকাশ কৰা কৰা কৰা কৰে Confess or
Outact, out ikt লোক কৰা ক্লিয়াক কু,
To exceed in i

Outargue, cut-1 1 2 t FF Asies & Erally 1 To overcome in argument to excell in the u

Outbalance, out গিলে গ গুৰুত অধিক জ ভার বা কল আ - ম - leolein igh, teca লেলাল we siteret et

Outbeg, our ler र (क्षिण) अर्थनाम कडिक्य कृ

Outbad, a t ে বিগ ১৯ আল পক্ক কি মূল দিয়া ুক্ত থিক দৰ্গিল কু বি Ineffer a baker ুাং to tarps in the off rotation — ক্ল to cure co

Outbloom, o it to to the total a factor of a factor of the protection

Outbreak, or brisk ল বিশ্বেট টলাৰ Eruption, cultural relief to forth — পে'লমাল বিজ্ঞাত, Di tioun e Sn — Inflosion riot, affray, c fl l react pace

Outburst, n he'r Pige, Gege fenige, A bur ting, in explosion

Outcast, onthast a. পরিতাক্ত নির্বাসিত ,
সমাত চুত্র হাজে বাজি , কাল্যান কাল্য

Outcome, owtkum, n. कल, Issue, conse-Outcraft, owt-kraft, v t. मठठात्र मठिवन ३। Io exceed in cunning

Outcrop, owtkrop, n পৃথিবীয় উপন্থিতাৰে ভর্ বিশ্ববেদ্ধ উপস্থিতি The coming out of a stratum at the earth's surface

Outery, outkri, দ চীংকাৰ, আর্ত্রনান, ক্লেৰয়াজক উচ্চ দক A loud cry of distress or opposition clamour. Syn:—Scream, screech, yell, exclamation, clamour, noise, vociferation, hue and cry.

[ To surpass; to excel.

Outdo, owt-doo', v. t. আতিমন-কৃ; উৎকর লাভ-কৃ;

Outdoor, outdor, a. বাহিরে, গৃত-বহিংমু; প্রকাষ্ট আবে, In the open air; being without the house.

Outdoors, owtdorz, a. গৃহের বাহিরে; Out of the house; abroad.

Outer, owter, a. বহিংমু; External —opposed to Outermost, owter-most, a. সক্ষণেকা অধিক বহিংমু বা দূরবর্তী; সক্ষবহিংমু, Most or furthest out; most distant.

Outfit, owtfit, n. ज्ञानावनी; जञ्जानावन, प्रञ्जी; The articles or the expenses for fitting out, the means for an outfit; an equipment for a voyage. [who furnishes outfits. Outfitter, owtfitar, n नज्जा प्रवर्गाहकांत्रक, One

Outfitting, n. मक्द्री; An outfit.

Outflank, out flangk, v t. এক দেনাদলেব পাৰ্ছতাৰ প্ৰতিপ্ৰীয় দেনাদলেব পাৰ্ছাগ কডি দ্ব কৰিবা বিস্তৃত্ব কু, To extend the flank of one army beyond that of another. [bear by trowning,

Outfrown, গ. ধ জনজি থাবা লগতে ক. ি over-Out-general, out-griftin- d, ল চ. আনিলাম শেষ্ট-হ , দৈয়াখনতার অভিনেন, le outdo in generalship, to gain advanta cove, by superior skul Outgoing, outgoing, ল ব্যান্ত্রন, Act of going out.—ধ্বচা, ব্যা, Expenditure; outlay— প্রাথমীয়া, Expendents.

Outgrow, out-লোটা, ো প্রিক্তে অভিক্রম-কু; ইন্ধি বিবাৰ অস্তাক অভিক্রম-কু, To surpass in growth:— বভ বা বৃদ্ধ হইবা প্ৰিকাপ-কু, ভাউংহা ৬টা, Grow too great or too old for; to grow out of.

Out-Horod - as & fas the q-a; To overact or surplies the crurkly of herod.

Out-Herod Herod—সকলের উপৰে বাজ্যা সকলের চেয়ে এককাট সবেস, সকলকে ছাদান; "এ আবাব দাদাব বাবা" এচকাপ ভাব, Pas, beyond bounds, surpass all others (in some evil course), be more tyranical than Herod himself

Outhouse, outhows, n. বহিঃশালা , বাহির বাটা , A small building out ide a dwelling house.

Outlandish, out-landish, a. বেলেপ্ ক ; বিদেশীৰ .
Not native, foreign , strange — অসতা .
বৰ্জবেটিত ; Rustic, rude, vulgar, clownish.
Syn:—Exotic, alien , barbarous, clownish.

Outlast, owt last, v. t. স্থায়িক অভিক্ৰ-কু; To last longer than.

Outlaw, out law, n. মহা; A robber or bandit.
—বাৰ্থিম ৰাশ্ৰহাত লোক; One deprived of the protection of the law:—হ. t. থি বহিছ্ত ক; আইনেৰ ৰাশ্ৰম হউতে মহিকত-মু. To deprive of the benefit of law, to proscribe.

Outlewry, outline-rs, n. মাণ্যক কৰণ; Proccription:—মাংনিৰ আলম কটতে বিচুত্ত কৰণ; The act of putting a man out of the protection of the law.

Outlay, outla, n. बाब, बबड, Expenditure :-

Outlet, outlet, n. निर्शत लब, Exit, way out. egress, vent:—v. t. निर्शत-कृ, फांडिया (मध्यो , To let out; to set free.

Outline, out'lin, n. নদ্ধা; ধনতা চিত্ৰ; A sketch; a draft — বহিৰ্বেখা, The exterior line; the line which marks the outside of a figure:—n.t. বহিৰেখা আছিত-কৃ; নন্ধা-কৃ, ধনতা-কৃ, বৰ্ণনা-কৃ; To draw the exterior line of; to delineate; to sketch. Syn:—(n) Contour; delineation, plan.

Outline of a subject-पून कृत विरुद्ध ।

Outlive, out-liv, v t. অধিককাল বাঁচিয়া থাকা. দীৰ্ঘকাল লাখিত পাকা, Live beyond, to survive.

Outlook, out'look, n. পাচারা; Watch: — ৰুজ; Prospect '— দশনেৰ ডান, পানিশ্ন ডান, The place from which one looks out. Syn — Watch, sight, view, watch-tower.

Outlying, out'heing, a. দূৰত্বী, দূৰত ; সীমান্ত . Remote, on the frontier, Leing on the exterior. Oatmarch, v. t. জভগনৰে শতিজন-কু, Tomarch faster than.

Outmost, out'most, Same as outermost Outnumber, out-number, v. t. সংখ্যাতে অধিক-হ, সংখ্যাৰ অভিক্ৰম হু; To exceed in number.

Outpatient, out'pu-shent, n ইানপাডাপেৰ বাহিব-বাৰ রোগা; A patient who receives medical aid from a hospital, but lives outside of it.

Outport, out port, so. तांबतानी इटेंटड पृतक तक्कत , वांकित वक्कत . A port remote from the capital.

Outpost, outpost, n. ছ্বছ চৌৰি বা হ'ডি; সেৰা দৰেব ব'হিৰ আছে।, A station or post away from the main body of an army.

Outpour, out-por', v. t जीनरा त्क्ला, To pour out.—n. ज'लिया (मधन, Outpouring.

Output, n. বিশ্বাধিত সমৰ মধ্যে যে পরিমাণ পরিছত ৰাত চুলী হউত্ত লঙ্ হব, বা যে পরিমাণ স্বকার ধনি হইতে জ্ঞালিত হব, The quantity of metal produced by a smelting furnace, or of coal taken from a pit within a certain time.

Outrago, outraj, n [ L. ultragium, from ultra, bevond ] উপায়ব; অত্যাহাব, মহাবাতিক্ষ , Open volence, excessive abuse, warron abuse or mischief — v. t. অপ্যান-তু; অত্যাহাব-তু; To injure by violence, to insult — v. ম আচাহাব-তু, To commit an outrage. Syn—(n) Affront, insult, abuse, injury, oftence, indignity.

Outrageous, out-বোট-us, a. ৰাকণ; নিদাকণ, ভাৰণ, ভাৰণ, অভাচাৰী; Excessive; furious, violent; turbulent; enormous; atrocious, n=outrageousness, ad=outrageously. Syn—Raging, mid, frantic, wild, exorbitant, excessive, extravagant; monstrous, scandalous, flagitious.

Outro, 60'trā, a. [F. outrer, to exaggerate]
Being out of the common course or limits.

Syn — Extravagant, excessive inordinate,
grotesque, odd, queer.

Jutreach, out-rech, o. i. অভিসম-কু; চাড়াইয়া বাহৰা, To extend beyond ; to reach beyond.

Outride, out'-rid, ৩. t. জবাবোহণে অপেকায়ত শীয় গমন-কু, অবাবোহণে অভিক্র-কু, To ride faster than; to pass by riding:—পদশ্ববা স্থানিত-কু; Trample down.

Outrider, out'rid-er, n. অখারোহী অপুচর; শক্ত সহচৰ অখারোহী ভূতা, A servant on horseback who attends a carriage:—অবারোহণে প্রাটক; One who travels about on horseback.

Outright, out'rit, ad. অধিসংখ; ডংকণাং; সন্পূৰ্-মণে; Directly, immediately; at once; completely.

Outrival, out'rivel, ए. १. व्यक्ते ह ; डेश्वर्स नहाष्ट्रक-क : To surpass ; to surpass in excellence.

Outrun, out-run, e.t. জভগৰনে অন্তকে অভিজয়কু; দৌড়ে ছাড়াইয়া বাওবা; To surpass in running;
to leave behind in running:—ভেট-হ; To exceed.
Outrun the constable—দেনাদার-হ; Get
into debt:—সক্ষতির অভিরিক্ত ব্যব করা, Spend
beyond one's means.

Outset, ourset, n. wisw; A beginning. first entrance. Syn:—Commencement, opening, start.

At the outset-eight; At the beginning.

Outshine, outshin, ল ঠ. আপেকাচত অধিক দীখি-মান-ছ; প্ৰভা বিবাশ-ছ; To shine out or forth; to send forth lustre — ল কৈ উজ্জল কথবা বা উৎকাষ অভিক্ৰম-কু; To excel in lustre or excellence.

Outsido, out'sid, त. विकास ; रहिएक्स : The surface; the exterior; the outer side :—a. वहि.स : वाक : Exterior : external.

At the outside—threat; At the utmost (generally as to number).

Outsider, স বাহিলৰ লোক, অপর কান্দি, One not belonging to the concern, party &c., spoken of Outskirt, outskert, স. দৌমানা; প্রাকৃত্যাল সহবত্তনী; Border; suburb (often used in pl.) Syn:—Outpost, purly u, cryiron, precinct.

Outspoken, cur-cpc'ken a ज्वज , निक्किन्स्स , Cand d , frank or bold of speech.

Outspread, out-spred, হ া বিশ্ববিদ ক: বিশ্বত-ক; To spread out, 'o pre id over.

Outstand, v i. লগ্যান ঃ টলাত এইশা দীঘান,
Project outside the main body:—লহল প্রা,
To remain unpaid as dent —v.t. প্রতিবাধ-তা
Outstanding, out-stunding a. জনাবাধী,
লহনা, বাদী প্রা; স্পৌ্ধহ, Uncodected, remaining unpaid.

[ down, browbeat
Outstare, v. জনুটা কবা তম সেহান, To face
Outstretch, owf-strick v.f প্রশাব্ত-কু বিকৃতOutstretch, owf-strick v.f প্রশাব্ত-কু বিকৃত-

ক ; To spread out ; to stretch out , to extend.
Outstrip, out--trip', v. / প্ৰচ'তে কেকিব'-ব', চ'চ্চাকরা-বা , To outrun ; to leave beland. [fat
Outstrip the wind—আভি কাদ বাহ্যা ; Go very
Out Timon Timon—অভ্যন্ত নৰ্বাহ্যা-ভ,
Surpass Tunon in misanthropy.

Outturn, প. উংপাদিত দানতী বা নাল ৷ [surpass Outvie, out-vi', v. t. অভিজন-কু; To exceed, to Outvote, out'vii', v. t. ভোটেৰ সংশাদ অন্তাহ অভিক্ৰ-কু; অধিক ভোট বা মত দাবা প্ৰাভিত-কু; To defeat by a greater number of votes.

He was outvoted—ক্ষিকাৰ লোকেই ভীহার কিছে মত প্রবাশ করিংটিংকে।

Outward, out'werd, a. বাস ; বহিংস্ক ; External, exterior. Syn :—Outer, extrusic, entraneous, adventitious.

Outward, Outwards, ad. विशिक्तकः, विश्विष्टि-भूतः; Towards the exterior:—देवामीक वन्नवाहिन्। To a foreign post. Outward-bound, c. বহিরাভিন্থে বা বৈদেশিক বন্দরাভিন্থে গমনোণ্ড; Bound in an outward direction or to a foreign port. [ nally. Outwardly, out'ward'li, ad. বাজভাবে; Exter-

Outweigh, out-war, v. f. ওজনে অধিক-ছ; ভারে অভিক্রম-ক; To exceed in weight or influence.

Outwit, out-wit', v. t. কৌশল বা চত্রতা হারা অভিক্রম-ক; প্রতাবণা-ক; ঠকান; To defeat by superior ingenuity; overreach; cheat.

Outwork, outwurk, n. ছবের বহিভাগ; বহিংছ ছব ; Detatched fortification.

Oval, U'val, a. [ L. ovum, an egg ] ভিৰাকার; অধাকৃতি; Egg-shaped:—n. অধাকার; বৃত্তাভান; Egg-shaped figure; an ellipse.

Ovariotomy, n. [Fi. orarre, the ovary, and Gr. tome, cutting] প্ৰাণ্যস্থ কুণ্যাবছেল; The excision of a tumour from the ovary.

Ovarious, ত-vāri-us, a. ডিখনিপিট, ডিখনব, Consisting of eggs

Ovary, ত'vai-i, ল ডিছকোৰ; বীছকোৰ, প্রাণৰ, Organs containing the female ova. a = ovarian. Ovato, ō'vāt, Ovatod, ত'vāt-cd, a ভিষাবৃতি; ডিমাকার, Egg chaped.

Ovation, 5-vishun. n [L. ovo, ova'um, to shout, exult] Strigth, '45 thight, An expression of popular appliance, inferior military triumph.

[for baking bread]

Over, o'ver, prep গ্ৰা, Above; upon — আডাআ'ড, আডে"ডে, Across, athwart — মাধ্য; Through, throughput —ad উপৰে; আডাআ'দ ভাবে, আডেশ'ড়; Across, above — মাপুৰ্কিপ'ণ; Completely:—অধিক, অগিবিক ভাবে; Toomuch; to excess:—এক নি ইন্তান আড নিক: From side to side:—পোপ্তাৰ, এক দেশ হল্য বজ দেশে; From one country to another — আগিকে প্ৰিমিণ, অধিক; Above in microure, more than—ভিপ্তিক, অভিকাৰ; কতিও, Upper, beyond, past. Syn:—(pre) More than upwards of All is over with one—ফ্লাব্ৰা ভ্ৰহা; সকলাশ-

ক ; মরা , One is done for ( runned or dead )
Over and above—এডগ্রিকে , সংস্থায় , Beside ,

Over and above—destalae, त्रश्राह , Beside in addition to.

Over and again—আৰ এক বাব , Once more. Over and over, Over and over again—পুন: পুন: , উপযুগ্যির , Repeatedly.

Over and over again—প্ৰাপুন: ; Repeatedly. Over gain—প্ৰথম ; Once again.

Overact, ত-vei-akt, ৩. ৫. কার্য্য অতিক্ষ-কৃ. To act to excess:—৩. i. অতিহিক ভাবে অভিনৰ-কৃ; প্রেছেনাতিবিক কার্য্য-কৃ; To act more than is necessary.

Overalls, ö'ver-awiz, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ ছিলা পান্ধামা; A kind of loose trousers worn over all the other dress.

Overarch, ত. t. পিলান-ক : বিলানের স্থায় উপথে বিলয়িত-হ ; To cover with an arch, to hang over like an arch.

Ovorawe, ত-ver-aw', v. t. ভ্ৰম্মণনি-কু; Keep m awe —জীতি ধারা অভিজ্তত-কু; To restrain by fear. Syn:—Intimidate daunt, afftight, ow. Overbalance, 5'ver-balans, v. t. ওজ্বে কৌত-চ, অভিনিক্ত ভারী ইডরা; To preponderate; to weigh down.

Overbear, over-bar', v. s. উৎপীড়ন-কু; সমন-কু;

প্রাত্ত-ক ; To bear down by power, severity or pride ; to repress ; to oppress.

Overbearing, over-baring, a. निक्ड, अरहड ;

शास्त्र ; Haughty and dogmatical.

Overboard, D'ver-bord, জাহাল হটতে; ভাহাজের উপৰ হইতে; Out of a ship; from on board. Overburden, över-bur'dn, v. t. অভিনিক বোৰাই-

কু; অভিনিক্ত বোৰা চাপান , To load to excess.

Overbridge, n. নোহবর্দ্ধের ষ্টেশনে উভয় পার্বস্থ সঞ্চ সংবোধনার্থ নির্মিত উদ্ধ দেড়ু, খালের সাঁকো।

Overoust, ö-ver-kası', v. t. বেবাছর-রু, তনসারত-কু; To cloud, to darken — কোড় বেওছা. To sew over slightly .—a. বেবাছের। Syn.—(a) Clouded, darkened, obscured, gloomy.

Ovorcharge, ö-ver-charg, v t অধিক দাম লগুৱা,
To charge too much — অভিনিক্ত ভান চাপান.
To load with too heavy a charge — ল. অধিক
লন, অধিক মুলা; An excessive charge —
শ্ভিন্নিক্ত ভাব, An excessive load. Syn — (v)
Burlen, oppress, surcharge, overload, surfeit,
cloy, existerate, overstate.

Overcland, över kloud', ए. t. (मदान्य-कृ , Te overclat, to cover with clouds.

Overcoat, over-kit, n. উপৰকাৰ কোট (কামা), A cost worn over all the other clothing.

Overcoloured, a শহিবলিভ।

Overcome, o-ver kum, v t. 香野寺; 中有情苦雪寺, To conquer, to subtlue 一方 s. 行夢引き, I o be victorious. Syn.—Overpower, overthrow, defeat, vanquish, crush, best, surmount, rise above, prevail, conquer, gain the victory.

Overdo, তাৰা dec, ত t জনাধিক-কু, To do evermuch গ্রন্থ-কু, To latigue —হল্লাপ-কু ধিরস্ক-কু, To haraes:—অতিরিক্ত প'ব কু, To cook too much

Overdose, উত্তৰ-নেতিং, দ. উৰবেৰ অণি নিজ পৰিমাণ বা মাণ , An excessive dose .—৩. t. অভিনিক্ত পৰিমাণ উপৰ দেবন কৱাৰ , অভিনিক্ত মাত্ৰীয় ( উবৰ ) প্ৰবাদ-কু , To dose overmuch.

Ovordraw, ever-draw', v. f. জমার অধিক টাকা লওং!, জমাব অভিনিক্ত শহণ কু; To draw too much, to draw beyond one's credit — অতু জি-কু, অভি বৰ্ণন-কু, To exaggerate, to paint too highly.

Overdue, över-du', a. পরিশোধ-সময়ান্ডীত , Past the time of payment.

Overestimate, över-estim-at, p. t. অধিক আচ বয়া, অভিবিক্ত অসমান-ক; To estimate too highly — n. অভিনিক্ত অসমান, অভিশব্নিত আচ, An excessive estimate

Overflow, ত-ver flo, v. t. মাৰিড-ড়; বক্সাক্রান্ত-ড়; To flood, deluge:—লগ-ড়; To overwhelm: v া উপ্পিয়া গড়া; ছাপিয়া উঠা. To run over:— অধিক-ছ; To abound:—ন. জনপ্লাৰৰ, An inundation:—আধিক্য, Super-abundance. Syn:— (v) Overrun, spread over, inundate.

Overflowing, över-flo'ing, a. প্রচুর; Abundant:—n. আচুরা; বাহলা; Abundance; copiousness.

[ আর ব্যর বা; Fitted to excess.
Filled to overflowing—উপ্তে ক্র কর

Overgrow, över-gro', s. t. ত্ণাদি দারা আছাদিত-ক ; To cover with growth or herbage :--ছাণাইয়া ট্ঠা, To rise above :-- s. জভি বছিত-ছ ; To grow beyond the natural size.

Overhang, over-hang', v. t. বুলিয়া থাকা; উন্নত হট্যা ঝোনা; To project over; to impend: v. i. লখমান-হ, ক্ষিত s, To hang over.

Overhaul, over-hawl, v. t. উপরে টানিরা আনা;
To draw over:—পরীকার জন্ম উন্টান বা কিরান
বুবান; To turn for examination:—পরীকা-কু;
To examine:—জত্তবাবনে অভিক্রম-কু; To overtake
in a chase:—n. পরীকা, Examination:—জীপদক্ষার; Repair. [Aloft; above. in the zenith.
Overhead, över-hcr, v. t. ইণাং ক্রিয়া কেলা;
বৈষক্রমে অবন-কু; To hear by acculent, to hear
privately or by chance what was not meant to
be heard.

Overjoy, Ever-joy', v. t. উল্লাসিড-কৃ; অতিরিক্ত আহ্লাগিড-কৃ; To transport with gladnes-, to make excessively joyful:—n. অভিরিক্ত আনন্দ; অভ্যানাস; Joy to excess; transport.

Overlabour, över-låbur, v. t. অভান্ত তামে সম্পান-কৃ. আঙ্বিক আন বারা ব্যবাদ-কৃ; To labour to excess, to harass with toil.

Overland, a. बाइ' इन मिना हिन्साइ, Passing entirely or principally by land, as a route.
Overlap, v. t. উপৰে চাপিয়া পথা, উপরে কড়ান, To

Overlap, v. t. উপৰে চাপিয়া পদা, উপরে জন্ধন, To lap over.

Overlay, n t. or n. ৷ বিস্তৃত হট্টা নিদিষ্ট দীমার উপর প্রেম্ব হাব , বিস্তৃত-কু ; To extend so as to lie or rest upon , to spread over.

Overlay, över-id, v. t. উপরে স্থাপন-কৃ; উপরে বিক্তব-কৃ, Lay something or too much upon — মেযাক্সর কৃ, To cloud:—চ'পিয়' ম'বা, To smother.
Overloap, över-itp', v. t. রাফাট্যা পার হ. To be up over. [মিডিড কৃ, To mix too much with.
Overloaven, över-le'n, v. t. আডিকে প্রিয়াণ
Overlae, över-it', v. t. উপরে র'থা, সংনান-হ. To be over or upon. [outlive, to survive.
Overlae, över-it', v. t. অব্দ নিম বাচা, To
Overload, över-iöd', v. t. অব্দ নিম বাচা, ক্তিল্য গ'বাড়াস্থ-কৃ; To load or fill over much.

Overlook, ö-ver-look, v. t. উচ্চ স্থান ইইতে দেখা,
ভপর হইতে দশন-কু, To command a view of:—
প্যাবেক্ষণ-কু, পৰিদশন-কু, To inspect; to look
into ---দেখিয়া না দেখা, উপেক্ষা-কু, To pass by;
to de-regard --ক্মা-কু, মাৰ্জনা-কু; To pardon,
excuse; forgive. Syn ---Supervise, survey,
superintend, disregard, neglect, miss.

Overmatch, över-mach, o. t. জন-কৃ; পৰাভুত-কৃ; To be more than a match for; to conquer:— জ্যুভিবিক্ত বলগালী-কৃ. To be too powerful for ——n. প্ৰাভ্যুত্ত বলগালী-কৃ. To be too powerful for ——n. প্ৰভ্যুত্ত বলগালী-কৃ. To be too powerful for ——n.

Overnice, över-niś, ৫. অভিশন্ন ক্ষমণী; ছআনায়; Excensively nice; fastidious. [ To pass over. Overpass, över-pāś, v. t. অভিক্রম-কু; অগ্রাহ্ম-কু, Overpay, over-pā, v. t. পাওনা অপেকা বেন্দ-কে, অভিবিক্ত-দে, To pay too much, to pay more than is due. Overpower, 5-ver-pow'er, ৩, ৫. স্বভাতে অভিন্য-ই , ব্যান্ত -ই , To subdue , to vanquish. Syn :—Overbear, overcome, overwhelm, overthrow, conquer, crush.

Overplus, ö'vèr-plus, n ফাচিল. Surplus.
Overrate, över-rat', v.t অভিরিক্ত মূল্য নির্দাণ-কু,
অত্যন্ত স্থান প্রদান কু, To rate at too much.
Overreach, ত-ধ্বং-দেনে, v t প্রভাবিত-কু, ঠকান,
To cheat —সীমা অভিক্র ক্রিয়া থাবো, To reach
beyond. Syn —Outwit, circumsent, defriud
Override, v.t অভিবিক্ত চিট্রা মার্ভ কু, অন্যাণেশ্ব
বন্ধুর গমন-কু, To ride beyond the streagth of
the horse, to ride too far —শম্প্রিত কু, ব ভিল
ক্রিয়া বেভ্রা, To trample down, and hence to
set aside, to annul.

Override one's commission or powerপৰিতভাবে কমতা প্ৰয়োগ কৃ. To go beyond one s
power or authority, to use much arrogantly
Overrule, o ver rool, v. t বাতিন্-কৃ. প্ৰায় কৃ.
প্ৰজ্যাখা-কৃ. To supersede, to make void, to
reject — অসুশাসন কৃ. কত্ত্-কৃ. শাসন-কৃ. To control by superior authority Syn — Alter,
annul, revoke, rescind, govern, sway, control,
influence, direct

Overruling, a শাসনকারী, নিয় মক Excercising superior strength or power governing Overrun, তিপান-বিদ্যালয় কিন্তুল বিদ্যালয় কিন্তুল বিদ্য

Oversee, över-sc, o f পরিদর্শন-কু, তত্ম বধান-কু ভদারক কু, To superintend —পাঠ কু, To persua Overseer, över- ৫'টা, স. পরিদ্যাক, ত্রাধারক, A superintendent

Overset, över-১৫, ত. ৫. উট ইবা কেল , বিপর্য ত-কু, বিপ্তত-কু, To turn over, to upset, to over throw — ত উভিহিনা-বা, To be turned over.

Overshade, over-shad, v. t. sings ?, To cover with a shade.

Overshadow, över-shado, v t ৰকা ক, To shelter, to protect — আৰম্ভ দে, To cover with superior influence — ছামাত্ত-কু, To throw a shadow over.

Overshoot, över shīot, v t জকা অভিনয় ক লকা ছাড়াৰ, To shoot beyond the taract — অভান্ত সাজন-কু, To venture too far — দুভ বেৰ অভিনয়-কু, To pass swiftly over — v চ লক্ষ্য ছাড়াইছাৰ ৰছা, To fly beyond the mark

Oversight, o'ver-sit, n. उद्दादमंन, श्रादक्ष, Superintendence — उन, सद, Mistake, an overlooking ommission. Syn — Supervis on, inspection, direction, management, charge, surveillance, inadvertence, inattention, neglect error, omission, miss.

Oversloop, v t. নিৰ্দিষ্ট কালের অধিক নিজা যা,
মুনাহবা অতিক্ৰ-কু, To sleep beyond or by.

Overspread, over-spread, v t. ভপত্তে অসানিত বা নিকিল ১, Fo spread over, to scatter over. —v i. উপত্তে বিষয় ২, Fo be spread over. Overstate, över-stat', v. ঃ. অসুজি-কু; অতি-রলিত-কু, বাড়াইলা বলা; To exaggerate, n= overstatement (অভিবাদ);

Overstay, ০ নির্মাপত কালের অধিক দিন থাকা, সবস্থ অতিক্রম কবিরা থাকা, To stay longer than or beyond the limits of

Overstep, উver-step', ভঃ অতিব্যক্ত, শব্দ-কু, To step beyond to exceed

Overstock, över-stok, v t. অভি পূৰ্ব-কু, অভিনিক্ত মাজাৰ পূৰ্ব কু, To fill too much, to stock to excess

Overstrain, উপল strain, ত ে আতি বিকৃত করা, আহিলিক প্রদাবিত-১, দেগু কু, To strain to excess, to make too violent effort.

Overt, övert, a. প্ৰকাশিত, শাষ্ট্ৰ, প্ৰতীয়মৰি, প্ৰকাশ্ত Open to view, public, apparent, manufest patent

Overtake, över tik, চ ৫ বেদিয়া বা ৰাইয়া ৰয়া . নাগাৰ ৰয়া, To come up with, to come upon, to catch

Overtank, örer task ৫ + স্থাবিক ভাব দে , অভিন্তিভ ভক্তর কাংডোর অর্পণ কু, Io imp) c too heavy 3 [ ] lotin too heavily task on Overthrow, ত'ণ পাত ৩ / পরাভিড কু, পরা-ভূতকু অংশকু, lo defe it utterly to ruin নীত নিজেপ ফু ভিচায়কু lo throw over to turn up undown to und -- n नियम वानीमा िर्वक म्यूड व्यक्तिक मन्त्र Tine employed in overwork अमेहर अन Defen rum - निषfty, The state of being overthrown -ad बारकव निरंभड मध्य कांड न कांग्या। Syn 17) Overturn, ups t producte d moleli, destroy, ov reome disease wangs he beat conquer (r subversion pro-tration act action, demolun, dien fine

Overtime, উচ্চ দে, গ জড়িরিক সমৰ।

Overtop, True to the top of —CAS

\$ losurps, Fant, Inchesses

Overtrade, Over trad, र र मुस्यरनं विशिष्ट वानिक क्. I strid beyond capital.

Overture, Evert is n ANA Maid, I list proposal, omething official in consideration—

n t ANA EMASS A 1 lay an overture or
proposal before Syn—(n) Proposal, offici, insitat on, resolution, musical, prelude, orchestral
introduction.

Overturn, Tver turn, গ ৫ উটাইয়া দে, বিশ্বান্ত-কু, Iuin upside down, subvert —নাপ-কু, বিনয় কু, To overthrow, ruin Syn —Overset, subvert ruin destroy.

Overvalue, ö ver-vilu, का विशिष्ठ वृता निक्रणन-क, Io value exectively

Overweening, över-weing, a माडिक, गर्बिड, व्याहिकानी, Conceited, vin.

Overweigh, ত ver wi', v t ভারে অভিনয় ক .

To exceed in weight Syn -- Preponderate, overbalance, outbalance, outweigh

Overweight, o'ver-wat', n. woo law of a what is required by law or custom

Overwhelm, ö-ver-hwelm, v. t. ভালেলা কোৱা; Crush with some thing that covers or embrace the whole:—জনে নপুতু, জনে নিম্ফিড-ড়; To submerge; to immerse:—অভিছ্ চ-ড়; আজ্জ্ব-ড়; To overcome, to overpower, to subdue. Syn:— Overflow, drown; overthrow, overcome, subdue.

Overwhelmed with anxieties—িজাভিত্ত। Overwhelmed with sorrow—নোকাভিত্ত। Overwhelming, a. অতি ধাৰল; বিহলকারী; অবিবাধা; Overpowering or crushing with weight or numbers.

Overwise, o'ver-wif, a. জানাভিমানী; আচ বুজি; Wise over much or to affectation, too wise. ad=overwisely.

Overwork, o'ver-wurk, v. t. সাধাণীত অন-ক; আৰক কৰ্ম করান, রাজ-কু; To work beyond strength; to tue:—n. অভিবিক্ত পৰিলম, Excessive labour.

Overworn, উপল-অটার্ন, এ শীর্ণ; ক্লান্ত, Worn out; subdued by trial — ব্যবহার ঘাবা নত্ত; জার্গ; প্রা, Spoiled by use.

Overwrought, the electric and a निवाह : विशिष्ट अवस्थित Liboared to excess, worked all over-Oviforous, उपरिचा कार्रा क्यान, स्टूट, and fero, to be ए ] कार्यान्य क्रियारि, हेन्द्र beautha Oviform, रिपानियान, का उज्जादर, Having the form of an egg.

Oviparous, Deviptarius, a. [L. ovium, egg, and fari), to bring forth ] wer; forant, Bringing forth eggs.

Ovoid, ovoidal, a পিছকোৰ, Fog-shaped.
Ovum, n. 15ৰ, সানাৰ ছ'চ; An eng f'=ova.
Owe, ত. n. t. কল কাৰা, ধাৰা, কামা-হ; To be bound to pay, to be under oblightion, to be oblighed for Syn:—Re indebted to, be due, be oblighed to ascribe to, be imputed to.

Owe a grudgo—কাংগ্ৰহ প্ৰতি বিবেষ বা বৈৰ ভাব থাকা, To cherish ill will, spite or enmity, to bear malice. [ tertain a mean hatted

Owe one a spite—নিষেষ ভাব পোষণ-কু: To en-Owe to—কংহাৰৰ নিৰ্ট কোন বিষয়েষ দকণ কৰি হুৱখা, Be under obligation to one for something:— কিছু কলিতে বাধা থাকা; Be bound to pay or to perform.

Owing, 5'ing, a. (पर : Due · —बारवाभनीत : बारवाभा . कादनकरम निरमञ्ज : Ascrible to , imputable

Owing to - ভাহার কাবণ এই . হেডু; জ্ঞ : Caused by; on account of.

Own, on, v. f. 949-4, W(444-7; To possess:

— শীকার-ক; To acknowledge; to grant: a. অধিকার কুক; খার; থকাৰ; বিশেষ; Belonging to preuliar. Syn:—Have; recognize, confess, avow, admit.

Have one's own way, Eave it all one's own way—নিজের মতন্ব নাজিক চলা; বেলা ইচ্ছা করিতে পাবা; Act as one wishes ( there being no one to oppose ); be absolute.

Own to-.কাৰ কিছু বীকার-কৃ; Acknowledge; confess as being affected by.

Owner, তner, n. বানি; ব্যাধিকাবী; অধিকারী; মালিক; One who owns. n=ownership ( বস্তু; বামিত; অধিকার)। Syn:—Proprietor, possessor, holder

Owl. ( আটল ), n. পেচক ; পেঁচা ; A night bird.

Owlet, owlet, n. কুছ পেচক ; A little owl. Owlish, owlish, a. পেচকের স্থায় ; পেচক ডুলা -

Jwiish, ownen, a. পেচকের স্থায়; পেচক ড্লা -Like an owl, resembling an owl.

Ox, oks, n. बांछ, वतीवक ; वृष ; Bullock ; neat cattle p'=oxen, fem=cow.

Oxalio, a মবেল নামক উদ্ভিদ্ দৰ্মীয় বা তাহা হউতে ন্যাপ্ত: Pertroning to, or obtained from, sarrel. Oxalis, n 「Gr. oxys, acid] উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ: A

genus of plant. [meadows. Oxoyo, n. % for feret; A common plant in Oxoyo, objul. a. 3557 feret; Having large, even

Ox-cyod, child, a. ব্যৱশাদ; Having large eyes like the ex. [ the skin of exen.

Oxfly, n. কুল পত্ৰ বিশেষ, A fly batchet under Oxidation, Oxidisement, n কাৰ্য্য পৰিশ্ৰ

Oxidation, Oxidisement, দ কলিছে পৰিবৰ্ত কল্প বা কংগলিয়া; The operation or process of oxidising.

Oxide, okid, n. ৰাশ্যৰিক পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ; A compound of oxygen without the properties of acid, as the rust of iron ি being oxidised.

Oxidisable, a. অধিনে পৰিদ্যানিৰ Capable of Oxidisable, okid-iz, v. t. আছিছে পরিপত্তক; To convit into an oxide —v. i. ইত্বা, To become an oxide n=oxidiser. [tary gas.

Oxygen, okin-jen, n আন্তান ৰাশ; An element

Oxygen, ok/i-jen, n আয়জান বাশা; An elemen-Oxygenate, ok/i-jen-at, v. t. আয়ভাবের সহিত্ত বিভিত্ত-কৃ; To unite or cause to unite with oxygen. n = oxygen ation. [vinegar and honey. Oxynel, n. মৰু ও শিকাৰ মিলা; A mixture of Oxytone, a. আন্ধানত, Having an acute sound. Oyes, Oyes, o'yes, int ভ্ৰাভ্ৰ, Hear ye.

Oystor, oister, n. ওজি: বিদুক; শবুক বিশেষ; কল্পনি, A well-known bivaive shellfish.

Ozaena, ন. নাদিকাৰ থা. A fetid ulcer in the nose. Ozone, ত'ron, ন. খনীতৃত অন্নভান ; Oxygen in an active or highly electro-negative state.

P

P—ইংনাতি বৰ্ণনালাৰ বৰ্তনৰ জ্বলৰ ; The 16th letter of the English alphabet. [Pertaining to food. Pabular, pabu-lar, a. আহ্বেন্ত্ৰীয়, ৰাদ্যস্কায়, Pabulum, pabu-lum, n. বাদ্যক্ৰা; ভোজাৰত; Food; provender:—আলাৰি কাট; Fuel. Paca, n. মূৰিক বিশেষ; A small rodent mammal.

Paon, pas. n. [ L. pando, passus, to stretch. ]
পদক্ষেপ; পতি, A step; a stride:—আড়াই
বা ভিন ফুট, 2½ or 3 feet:—পতি; Gait:—
চলন বেগ; ফুডগমনের পরিমাণ; Degree of speed:
—বোডার ক্ষম. Two legs of a horse lifted upon
the same side:—v. f. সাপ-কু; পদক্ষেপ বারা

পরিবাধ-কৃ; To measure by steps:—প্রচালনা
শিক্ষা-কৃ; গতি নির্মিত-কৃ; To regutate the
motion of:—ভ. έ. আবে আবে চলা; কদমে চলা; To
walk slowly; to amble. n=pacer. [Slowly.
At a snail's pace—গীরে ধীবে; মহুরপতিতে;
Keep or hold pace with—পিছু পড়িয়া লা থাকা;
Keep up with; move as fast as.

Thorough paced, a. Complete in all respects; going all lengths.

Pacer, n. WT; An easy-paced horse.

Pacha, Pasha, pash-å, n. जुर्दरनीय बाबश्रस्थिति ; कृष्यरनीय भौतनकर्त ; A Turkish viceroy.

Pachalic, pashalic, #. পাণার অধিকার; Province of a Pacha.

Pachyderm, Pachydermata, n. যুগ চৰ্মাণীয় চতুশাৰ জন্ধ; যুগচন্মী; Thick skinned four-footed beast. a=pachydermatous.

Pacific, pa-sif'ik, a. [ L. paz, pacis, peace, and facere, to make ] পাত প্রশাস্ত ; বিস্পায়ত্ব ; Appeasing; mild; tranquil; peaceful:—n. অপায় মহাসাগর; The occan between Asia and America. ad—pacifically. Syn:—(a) Peacemaking, gentle, conciliatory; calm, quiet.

Pacification, pa-if-i-ka'shun, n. শান্তি-সংস্থাপন : সন্ধি হাগন : The act of making peace between parties at variance.

Pacificator, pa-sifi-kā-tor, Pacifier, pasifier, n. লাভিয়াপক; Peace-maker. a=pacificatory Pacificatory, s. লাভিকয়; Tending to make peace.

Pacify, pase-fi, v. t. [L. pax, pacis, peace, and facia, to make ] শাখ-কু; নাগ্না-কু; To appease; to soothe; to tranquilise. Syn —Conciliate, calm, still, quiet, allay, compose.

Paok, pak, n. গাঁইট; গাঁটৰি; গাঁট; Large bundle; bale:—বোৰা; A burden:—বুকুৰ দল, Set of hounds for hunting:—এক জোড়া তান, Set of playing cards:—বহুনগো; Any great number:—v. f. মোট বাণা, To bind and press together as for carriage:—কুকুৰ্ম কৰিবাৰ ক্ষয় আছি মনোনীত-কু; কুকুৰ্ম গাখনাৰ্থ লোক নিৰ্কাচন-কু; To select persons for a bad purpose:—v. s. গাঁটৰান্ত্ৰ; To form into packs:—ফুড প্ৰছান-কু, To depart in haste. n=packer. Syn:—(n) Packet, pacel, budget, package; load; collection, assemblage, assortment, gang, crew, set, lot, squad.

Package, pakai, n. গাঁটরি; গাঁইট; গাঁট; A bundle or bale:—নোট বাছিবার ভাড়া; গাঁটবলী করার মূল্য; A charge for packing goods; charge made for packing. [goods.

Packer, n. বে গাঁট বা মোট বাবে; One who packs Packet, paket, n. ছোট বোট; ছোট গাঁটিরি; ডাড়া; A small package:—ভাবের জাহাজ; Mail of letters; a despatch vessel:—ভাহাজ বিশেষ; A vessel plying regularly between two ports: v. i. ডাড়াবন্দী-তু; To make up into a parcel.

Packet boat, Packet ship—ভাকের বা বাঝীগণের কাষাল; Vessel for carrying letters and passengers at stated times.

Pack-horse, pakhors, n. ভারবাহী অব ; বোধা-বাহৰ অব ; হালার বোড়া ; A horse for carrying baggage. Packing, n. গাঁটবলী কলৰ বা ক্রিবার উপ্নয়ন ; The act of putting in packs; material for packing.

Packing-sheet, n. ব্যাদি মুড়িবার যোটা কাগড়;

A large coarse cloth for packing.

Packman, pakman, n. কেরিকরালা ; গাঁটরী-বাহক ; Pedler ; one who carries a pack.

Pack-saddle, pak-sadl, n. পাদান; Saddle for burdens. [Thread used in packing. Packthread, pakthred, n. বোৰা বাহিবায় বড়ি; Pact, pakt, n. চুক্তি; নিয়ন; A contract.

Paction, pakshun, n. চুকি; সবি; A contract; an agreement. Syn:—Bargain, covenant, league, bond, alliance, compact.

Pad, pad, ন. নরম জিন; কোমল পদি; A soft saddle; cushion:—কদমে চলন্দীল আম; Easy-paced horse:—পথসতা; মহা; Robber going on foot:—কোমল উপাদান নিপ্নিত লেখনসংগ্র আখার বিশেষ; A package of some soft material for writing upon:—ত. t. তুলা খারা ভরা; Stuff; to furnish with anything soft:—ক্ষন-কৃ; To trample:—ত. i. ভাকাইতি-কৃ; To rob on foot.

Padding, n. কোমল বদি নিশ্বাণ বা ভাহার প্রণাণী, The act or process of making a pad.

Paddle, padl, v. ৷ কলনীড়া কু: শৰ্প-কু; To heat water with the feet; to play in water, to finger:—v. t. কেপণি সঞ্চালনে অৱসর-কু, গাঁড় বাহিবা ঘার্যা, To move with an oar, to propel with paddle:—n. গাঁড়; নৌকাদত, A broad-ended oar; the blade of an oar.

Paddle your own cance—নিজের চরকায় কেন্দ্র দেওয়া, Mind your business.

Paddle-wheel, padl-hwel, n. পোতচাৰণ চক, A water wheel used in propeiling steam-vessels.

Paddock, paduk, n. ভেক; সেঙ্জ, A large ton l or frog:—কুন্ত বেটিড ছান; কুন্ত শশুটারণ কেন্দ্র, A small enclosure under pasture.

Paddock-stool, paduk-stööl, n. বেছের হাড়া, ছন্ত্রক; Mushroom; a toad-stool.

Padlock, padlok, n. ডালা, ব্লুগ; Lock with a link to pass through a staple or eye:—v t. কুলুণ-দে; ডালা দিয়া বন্ধ-কু; To lasten with a pad-lock.

Paddy, padi, n. sty; Rice in the husk.

Pasan, pc'an, n. জন্মান ; বিজ্ঞানাস প্রত ; A song of triumph.

Pagan, pa'gan, n. [ L. paganus, a countryman] পৌত্তিক, A heathen:—a. পৌত্তিক, Heathen. Syn:—Gentile, idolater.

Paganise, págan-iz, v. f. পৌত্তনিৰ-ক ; To convert to paganism , to render heathen.

Paganish, a. পৌত্ৰিক্ৰৰ্থীয় ; Heathenish. Paganism, pagan-izm, #. পৌত্ৰিক্তা ;

Heathenism.
Page, paj, n. বানক-ভূড়া; বানভূড়া; A boyservant in livery:—পুটা; পত্ৰ-পুটা; A leaf of a

book; one side of a book:—pl. লিখিড বিষয়; Writings:—v. t. প্ৰাছ-মু; প্ৰাছ-দে; To number the pages of.

Pageant, pajant, ন. এপৰী; সমাবোহ; মৃত; Public show or procession; showy exhibition; a grand show:—a. বাহাড়বর আহ; আড়বরপুর্ব; জাবাল; Showy; pompous. £ 705 ]

Pageantry, pajan-tri, n. वार्शाएवत ; कांकजनकांनी Tw; Ostentatious show; pompous exhibition [indicate the number of pages. or spectacle. Pagination, s. and; The figures used to Pagoda, pa-go'da, n. বেবমন্দির: দেবমুরি; East Indian or Chinese temple; an idol.

Paid, pad, pa. t. and pa. p. of pay.

Paidentice, n. [Gr. paideno, to teach] অধাপন!-বিজ্ঞান; The science or theory.

Pail, pal, n. कन्नाज ; दुक्तनाज : त्वंटड ; त्नाहनडांव ; Wooden or tin vessels for water, milk-pail.

Pain, pan, n. [ L. poena, punishment ] (Av 4); লৈকিক ব্রণা : Ache : bodily distress :- মন:কট : ৰানসিক কষ্ট; Anguish: -- দও; Penalty: -- pl. প্রস্ব-বেদনা; Labour; the threes of child-birth: -- v. t. कष्टे-रम ; क्रम-रम ; बाडमा-रम ; वाथिड-कृ ; To distress; to torment; to grieve. Syn: -(n)Pang, trouble, distress, agony, torture, torment; grief, affliction, sorrow, anxiety, care, bitterness. (v) Torture, rack, agonize, hurt, wound, disquiet, trouble, grieve, aggneve.

On pain of or under the pain of ward इडेरनडे म्ब अहे ; The penalty of disobedience being. Be at the pains, Take pains-कट वा एड সীকার করিয়া কোন কর্ম করা; Undergo labour, take trouble.

Painful, phálodi, a. क्ट्रेनारक ; क्ट्रेक्ब ; ग्रम्भारायक ; कष्टमाण ; Distressing ; difficult, ad=painfully, n=painfulness. Syn: -Tormenting, torturing, excruciating, afflictive, troublesome, degnevous; laborious, toilsome, tressing: arduous.

Painless, panles, a. কইণুক্ত; ফ্লেশ্ড়; Without pain; free from pain. n=painlessly, n= painlessness.

Pains-takor, pānžtāk-čr. n. सम्बेद वाडि , शर्यामे : One who takes pains or care; a labourious person. Pains-taking, pānžiak-ing, a. প্রেমী , কার্য-তংগর : কপ্তময় : Laborious , diligent :-- n. পরি-আম ; অধ্যবদার , আম : Labour ; diligent.

Paint, pant, v. e. 35-3; 383-3; 663-3; To represent by drawing with colours; to colour —वर्गना-कृ ; To ilescribe :—v. :. किळकावा-कृ ; किज-ক ; To practice painting : - মুখে বহু বেওয়া ; মুখ दक्षिक-कृ; To lay colours on the face; to colour the face:-n. 46; A colouring substance. Syn: -(v) Picture, depict, portray, delineate, represent, figure, sketch.

Painter, panter, n. fores; One skilled in paitning: -- নৌৰন্ধন কল, A rope used to fasten from handling lead poisons.

Painter's colic, n. baseces you (1941); Disease Painting, panting, n. foofagil; foo; Art of delineating colours; picture : -- वर्गन ; Vivid description in words.

Pair, par, n. (बाला ; यूनन , त्या , Couple ; brace ; two things similar, suitable to each other :-मन्नि A man and his wife :- ए. १. युक-कृ ; बुनविभवन-कृ; To join in couples, unite in couples :-- v. i. त्य-इ; यूगनकार मिनिज-इ, To be joined in couples.

To go off in a pair or pairs :--বিপরীত মতাবলবীর সহিত এরপ নিরম্বদ ছওরা যে, উভয়ের কেহই 🕊 📽 ষত প্ৰকাশ করিবে না; To make an arrangement with one of an opposite opinion by which the votes of both are withheld. [ birds couple. Pairing time, n. পর্কাদিদের স্বস্কাল; Time when Palace, palas, n. বাজপ্রানাদ; রাজবাটী; A royal house: —বিশাপের কাংনাবাদ; A bishop's official residence :--ৰটালিকা ; খাদাদ ; A house eminently splendid.

Paladin, pala-din, n. বিখাত বোদা; দিবিলয়ী वीत्र ; A distinguished champion ; an eminent person; a knight-errant.

Palacology, n. अक्टब मक्कीय अवस वा अव ; शूबा-कालीन विवत्रण ; A discourse or treatise on antiquities; archaeology, n = palaeologist.

Palacontology, n. ভূতলের প্রচীন उप: The science of the ancient life of the earth, or of its fossil remains : - মৃত্তিকা নিমন্ত পদাৰ্থ বিদ্যা ; Science of fossils. a=palaeontological. n=palaeontologist.

Palanquin, Palankeen, pal-an-ken, n. 4164; मृत्यान : A light covered carriage borne on men's shoulders.

Palatable, palat-a-bl. a. ত্ৰাছ : Agreeable to the taste . savoury. ad = palatably.

Palatal, palat-al, a. डाला; Uttered by aid of the palate: - তাৰু সম্মীয়: Pertaining to the palate: -n. एक्स नर् ; A letter pronounced by the aid of the palate.

Palate, palat, n. Eff. The roof of the mouth touched by the food :- जाजान ; जान ; Taste ; relish.

Tickle the palate-স্থাহ-কু।

Palatial, pi-lishi-al, a. ব'লকীয়; আড়ম্বশালী; Royal; magnificent. (Province of a palatine. Palatinate, pal-atin-at, n. পালাটনের অধিকার: Palatine, pala-tin, a. রাজকীৰ অণিকার বিশিষ্ট; Having royal privileges:--রালেটিত ক্ষতাপর, Possessing royal privileges:-n. রাজ ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট সম্ভাৱ ব্যক্তি; A noble invested with royal privileges :-- stat ; A subject of palatinate.

Palaver, pal a'ver, n. वृश कतना; तथा वाका; ভোষামোদ; Idle talk; flattery:-প্ৰকাশ সভা; (वंडि ; अक्षेत्र दामानुदान . A public conference.

Palo, pal, n. বেটা; শুভ; বেডা; বেটাত ছান , দীমা; বের; অদেশ; A narrow piece of wood used in fencing or enclosing; a pointed stake driven into the ground; an enclosure; limit; district: -- ए. र. वश्न-कृ ; (बाँडी बाज़ा (बज़ा ; To enclose with stakes; to encompass.

Palo, pal, a. পাতুवर्ग ; मनिन ; विवर्ग ; चीन : मन्त्र्यक . जन्दन : Wan ; of a faint lastre ; dim :- र. t. प्रतिन-इ ; विवर्ष-कृ ; To make pale :-- v. i. मिलन-इ . বিবর্ণ- ; To turn pale. n = paleness ( মলিকডা ); ad = palely. Syn:-White, whitish, pallid, sallow, faint.

English pale-The limits of territory around Dublin, within which the English could be said { वाहिटन , Beyond the limits of. Out of the pale of--गोगांत भरता नरह ; ( नवांस्वत ) Pair off - (बाढ़ वीचित्रा बाढ़वा : क्वाढ़ांव क्वाढ़ांव वाढवा ; Paleography, pa-ie-og'ca-fi, n. क्वाठीनकारणव দিশন পাঠ; Study of ancient writings and modes of writing.

Palestra, pa-lestra, n. [Gr. pale, wrestling] यात्राम विमानन : यहार्क विमानन ; A wrestling school. Palestrio, pa-lestrik, Palestrical, pa-lestrikal, a. रात्रिय नवकीत , महायुक्त मरकांच ; Pertaining to wrestling, [overcoat.

Paletot, pale-to, n. উপবের চিলা কোট : A loose Palette, palet, n. চিত্রকরের রহ বাধিবার পাত্র বা जानात ; Painter's board for holding colors.

Palfrey, paliri, n. কুম বোডা; সাধারণ আবোহণাৰ; A saddle-horse; a small horse for a lady.

Palimpsent, n. [Gr. palim, again, psectos, rubbed ] যে হন্তলিপি প্ৰথমবার মৃহিং। বিতীববার লিখিত etake; A manuscript which has been written upon twice, the first writing having been erased to make place for the second.

Palindrome, 12. (य हाक, शम, वा बाका वाम वा मिकन इरेनिक श्रेटि जुलाकरण পতि इ श्रे , A word, verse, or sentence that is the same when read backward or forward, as, deed, peep, madam.

Paling, paling, n. (बीडीब्डि; तब्हन; (बीडीब विछा , CAR; A fence of pales; an enclosure. [cantation. Palinote, n. शूल (धारगाव विश्वी छ धारगा , A re-Palisade, pal-1-sad, n. [L. pilus, a stake] ষ্টুচলো গোজের বেডা, কাঠগড়া; A fence of pointed stakes set firmly in the ground, sharpened stake driven into the ground, a fence formed of stakes :-- v. t. कांग्रजा- इ , कांग्रजा निया (चर्चा , বেইৰ-কু; To enclose, to surround with stakes. Palish, pa'-lish, a. withing; Somewhat wan, Pall, pawi, n. [ L palla, a mantle, a curtain ] পরিচ্ছৰ, অপরক্ণী, A clock of state, a mantle: -- শ্বাচ্ছাদন বয় . The cloth thrown over a coffin : --- ए. र. व्याक्तानन-कृ; To cover.

Pall, v. f. পরিভূপ্ত-ফু; নিজেজ-কু, ভগ্নোদাম-কু; বিস্থাদ-F; Make spiritless, make vapd, to coy; to depress: - v. i. विशाप-इ; निष्डज-इ; To become vapid; to become spiritless. sipid to. Pall upon - अक्टिका-इ ; विक्रश-इ . Bucome in-Palladium, pal-ladi-um, " भागाम नामक (परमूर्डि; Statue of Pallas : -- রক্ষার ভপাব; বকার্য , Charm for security or protection, defence -- वा कृ वित्नव, A rare metal. [ Greek name of Minerva. Pallas, n. সর্বতী; Athene or Minerva; The Pall-bearer, n. শ্বপরিস্থা-বাহক; One who attends the coffin at a funeral.

Pallet, palet, n. [ Fr. paille, straw ] नामान বিছালা ; বডের গলি ; A small or rude bed ; mattress of straw :-- ठिकक्टबब बढ़ बांचिकांत शाख : A palette : --- কুমোরের গঠন-বন্ধ ; The tool used by potters.

Palliam, s. A consecrated vestment worn by Pope and sent to patriarches, priests, metropolitans and sometimes to bishops.

Palliasse, n. [L. palea, chaff ] দীচে পাতিবার बर्ड्ड गाँव ; An under mattress of straw.

Palliate, pale-at, v. t. [ L. pallium, a clock ] লগু-কু; উপশন-কু; হ্রাস-কু; To excuse; to soften by favourable representation; to extenuate. Sym .- Cover, cloak, extenuate, excuse : allay. soothe, alleviate, mitigate, assuage.

होन्द्रम् ; Extenuation ; mitigation.

Pallistive, pali-s-tiv, a. Boosaff; Boosaf; गर्काती; शामकात्क; Mitigating; serving to extenuate.

Pallid, palid, a. মাল্ম ; পাধুবৰ্ণ ; স্মাণ ; Pale ; wan. Syn: -Ashy, colourless, cadaverous.

Pall-mall, pel-mei, n. देखिन द्यंत्र विरम्प ; ক্রীড়া বিশেষ; A game in driving a ball with a malt through an iron ring :-- সভবের রাভার ৰাম : A street in London.

Pallor, palor, n. fatfy; niesf; Paleness.

Palm, pam, n. 4434 ; etcs sta : The inner part of the hand :-তালছাতীৰ বৃক ; A branchless tree :---বিজবোল্লাস চিহ্ন; জৰচিক্ ; A token of titumph or victory :-- v. t. করতার পুরারিত-কু; হাতেৰ তলাৰ মধ্যে গোপন-কু; To conceal in the palm of the hand, to stroke with the palm of the hand .- প্রভারণা-ক ; প্রভাবিদ-ক ; To deceive ; to impose by fraud. [best ; be pre-eminent. Bear the paim —(अर्ड-इ. नर्लाअर्ड-इ : To be the Carry the palm - ज्यो-इ ; Become victorious. Dispute the palm—প্ৰাধান্তের জন্ত বিবাদ-কু; Contend for the prize or mistery.

Cive the palm to--(এইঃ খীকার-কু; Acknowledge a person or thing as superior to another. Palm on, Palm off upon one-कांकि किया চাৰাইখা দেওবা, Pass upon one artfully (like a juggler), impose fraudulently upon one.

To palm off-sistal add, To impose by fraid, to put off by unlan means.

Palmar, palmar, Palmary, palma-ri, a কারতালক; করতনতুলা বৈধ ধাবালয়, Pertaining to the palm, having the breadth of a palm.

Palmary, palma-11, n [ I. palma, a palm ] ক্ৰডৰ্বোগা, Worthy of the palm :— শ্ৰেষ্ঠ; Preeminent.

Palmate, palmat, Palmated, palmat-ed, a. ক্ৰড্ৰাকাৰ, বিপ্ৰপুৰ, Shaped like the palm of the hand, entirely webbed, as feet.

Palmer, pamer, n. 5/4/(3); A pilgrim icom the Holy land . - # 514 ; One who cheats.

Palmer-worm, pāmei-wuim, n. বে বে কাট বিশেষ ; A kind of hairv worm.

Palmotto, n. তাদভাতীয় ক্ষেক প্রকার বৃক্ষের নাম; A name for several far-trees.

Palm-house, n. তাশকাতীয় গাছের জন্ত কাচগৃহ; A glass house for raising palms.

Palmiped, a. निश्चलम , Web-footed :-- म. नचत्र-क्रम अकी ; A swimming bird.

Palmister, palmis-ter, s. 利有事; One who pretents to tell fortunes by the lines of the palm of the hand n=palmistry (সামুদ্রিক বিদ্যা) ৷

Palm-Sunday—श्रेष्ट्रीय উৎসবের অব্যবহিত পূর্ববর্তী बुविवांब : Sunday before Easter.

Palm-wine, #. তাড়ি; Toddy.

Palmy, pame, a. जानविनिष्टे, जाननावनात्री ; Bearing palms :- मम्ब ; विजयी ; Flourishing ; victorious. Syn:-Prosperous, fortunate, joyous.

Palmyra—তাল গাছ ৷ [ মুশাষ্টভা ; Obviousness. Palpability, Palpableness, त. अजेक्यांक्डां ; Palpable, palpa-bl, a. [ L. palpo, palpatus, Palliation, pal-i-áshun, n. উপ্ৰুষ্ণ; to tou h softly ] পাৰ্শির্মান ; প্ৰভাৱনাৰ ; কুলাই ; mit: Capable of being felt; perceptible by the touch; obvious; gross. n=palpability, palpableness. Syn:—Tactile, tangible, manifest, evident, plain, obvious, gross.

Palpitate, palpi-tat, v. i. ধুৰ ধুক্-কু; ব্লনিত-ত্; বন ধন আধাত-কু; To beat rapidly; to throb; flutter; pulsate.

Palpitation, pal-pi-táshun, ম. ব্ৰ মুক্, আখন; A disease of the heart, characterised by forcible pulsations.

Palsy, pawize, n. পকাষত; Paralysis:—v. t. পকাষতিপ্ৰত, ভ্ৰমণ-ড়; অবশ-ড়; To paralyse; benumb; deaden.

Palter, pawiter, e. i তুক্-কৃ; ডাছীলা-কৃ; চাডুরী-কৃ; শঠড়া-কৃ; To trifle; to dodge . to haggle; to shuffle, to equivocate. Syn:— Quibble, trifle, prevaricate.

Paltry, pawitre, n. [ Sw. palta, rag ] নীচ,
ভবত ; অফি কিংকর ; মুড , Mean ; vile ; worthless,
n=paltriness. ad=paltrily. Syn:— Contemptible,
pitiful, despicable, shabby, beggarly ; small,
little, trifling, trivial

Paludial, pal-u'dal, a. [ L. paludis, a marsh ] জনবৃদ্ধ ; জনাভূমিন্ত্ৰ ; Mathsy

Paludinous, a. জনসংশ্বীৰ; জলা-বিল সংক্ৰান্ত; Belonging to or produced in marshes.

Pampas, pampaz, n. pl দক্ষিণ আমেরিকাব প্রান্তব; Vast plains in South America

Pamper, pamper, v. t. [Ger. pampfen, to stuff] অতিরক্ত ভোচন করান, প্যাপ্ত প্রিমাণে আছার করান; To feed luxuriously, to feed to the full, to glut. n=pamperer Syn:—Gratify inordinately, sate, surfeit; indulge, cocker. [small book. Pamphlet, pamiflet, n প্রিকা, ক্যুপুরক, A Pamphleteer, pamiflet-লে', n প্রিকা-লেখক; A writer of pamphlet; a scribbler.

Pamphleteering, pam-flet-ering, n. পৃত্তিকা-লিখন; পৃথিকা-বচনা; The writing of pamphlets -—a. পৃথিকা-বচনগাল; Writing pumphlets.

Pan, pan, n. কটাত; A broad shellow vessel for domestic purpose — বৰ্ষৰ বন্ধক বন্ধক, Part of a fire-lock which holds the priming:— ব্যৱহাত্ত ; God of shepherds.

Panacea, pan-a-se'a. n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and akeomai, to heal] সর্কার্যাধিক উবৰ, সর্কার্যাধিক উবৰ; A remedy for all diseases; an univerval medicine. [sweat-meat

Panada, do, n. Bread boiled in water and Panoako, pańkāk, n. পিইক বিশেষ : ডিমের বালা ;
Thin cake of eggs, flour, sugar, and milk fried in a pan.

Pancreas, pankre-as, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and kreas, flesh ] উদয় মধ্যন্ত প্ৰিপাক-স্থায় বহু বিশেষ; A fleshy gland situated under and behind the stomach, secreting a saliva-like fluid which assists digestion. a-pancreatic ( পাৰ্ব ক্ষেত্ৰ হু বুখুৱার; pertaining to pancreas).

Pandoot, pandekt, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and dechomas, receive] বিজ্ঞানৰ ভাৰত বৃত্যন্ত বিষয়ক পুৰুত্ব; বিজ্ঞান বিশেবের লিখিত সমুবার প্রায়: A treatise on the whole of a science:—pl. মাজিও ব্যবস্থাকৰ্ণ কিশেব; Justinian code.

Pandemonium, pan-de-mo'ni-um, n. স্বৰ্থের সভাস্হ; শ্ৰেড-আসাহ; The hall of all the devils or evil spirits.

Pander, pander, n. ভেডুলা; কোটনা; স্বৰণ্ড; আন্তেম ইলিয় পৰিভূতি-নাগন-সভত্তক; A procurer; a pimp; one who procures for another the means of gratifying his passions:— v. t. কোটনাম-ক; To play the pander for:— v. i. কোটনাম-ক; ইলিয় পৰিভূতির সহায়তা-ক; To minister to the passions.

Pander to—অগরের অনং অনৃত্তি চরিভার্য করিবার
অন্ত উত্তরনাধক-হ; Act as agent in gratifying (the
passion of another). [vices of a pander.
Pandorage, n. কোটনানি; Employment or
Pandit, pundit, n. গভিড, A learned Brahmin.
Pandour, pindoor, n. অপ্তিনার সেনাগলের পদাভিক
সৈক, A Hungarian foot-soldier in the
Austrian service.

Pane, pan, n. চারিকোণা কাচ কলক; কাচের পরকলা, A plate of glass:—ৰতম খণ্ড; A district patch. Paned, a. ৰতম খণ্ড বা প্রকলাবিশিষ্ট; Composed of panes; variegated.

Panegyric, pańt-jir'ik, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and agyris, a gathering] বৃতি; প্রাংসা; Praise, an encomium; culogium, eulogy. a=panegyric, panegyrical. ad=panegyrically.

Panogyrise, pańe-jir-iz, v. t. প্রশাসা-কু, স্কৃতিবাদ-কু, To praise highly. n=panegyrist.

Panegyriat, n. অপাসাৰারী; স্থাতিপাঠক; Eulogist. Panel, Pannel, panel, n. কণাটের পেৰেল; কণাটের বোল, A piece of board inserted into a frame thicker than itself:—ক্বিকের কর্ম, ক্রিকের তালিকা, A schedule containing the names of persons summoned as jurors:—». f. প্যাকেল বিশিষ্ট-কৃ. To furnish with panels.

Panelling, n. পানেল কাজ, Panel-work.

Pang, n [A. S. pyngan, to prick ] কৰিব প্ৰবন্ধ ব্যা ; বিষয় কষ্ট , A momentary and violent pain. Syn:—Throe, twinge, gripe, agony, anguish, distress.

Panic, pańik, n. আংকল্পিক ভয় ; নিগাৰণ জীতি ; Extreme or sudden fright .—e. মতাত ; নিগাৰণ ; আংকল্পিক ; অনুলক . Extreme or sudden ; imaginary, groundless.

Panicle, n এক প্রকার শত পুশোলাম; পুন্দ বা বাজেব হুছে; বোবা, A form of inflorescence in which the cluster is irregularly branched; a tuft of flowers or seeds.

Panic-monger, n. One who creates panic.

Panic-struck, panik-struk, Panic-stricken, panik-striken, a. ভাগিইড, আক্সিক ভাতিক্ড; Seved with sudden fear; struck with a sudden fear.

Pannel, n. same as panel, আমা পলায়ৰ; A kind of rustic saddle:—বাৰণকীয় পাৰ্থনী; The stomach of a hawk.

Pannier, paiyèr, n. কচিন চুপড়ি; আৰোপনি কল নুনাদি বহনাৰ্থ বোডা; Bread-basket; a basket for carrying light produce on a horse.

Panoply, pano-pli, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and hopla, arms ] र्व. नींद्यांत्री ; त्यव्यांत्र ; त्रीव्यांत्री ; त्रिवांत्री ;

Panoplied, a. অন্তৰ্গত্ন সম্পূৰ্ণকাৰ নক্ষিত ; Completely armed.

Panorama, pan-o-ra'ma, n. [G. pan, all, and horama, a view] একল সমানিই বহুদুপূৰ্ণ হুণীৰ্ঘ চিন্ত; চিন্ত; দুল; A picture representing a number of scenes unrolled and made to pass before the spectator. a = panoramic.

Pansy, pońzi, n. লভা বিশেষ ; এক জাতীয় ভায়নেট্ . A species of violet, heart's ease.

Pant, pant, v. i. ইংগান, কটে বাস জাগ-কু; To breathe quickly; to gasp, to breathe in a laboured manner:—ৰজান্ত অভিনোধী-তৃ, অভাৱ ইংক্-ড্; To long for —u. t ফত নিবাস ভাগা-কৃ. Gasp out; breathe forth quickly —n ইংগানি . Rapid breathing; gasp; palpitation —মাকাকা; আলা; Longing. Syn:—(v.) Blow, puff. sigh, desire ardently, long, yearn.

Pantagraph, n. চিত্ৰ নকল কৰিবাৰ বছ বিশেষ, An instrume it for copying drawings, on the same or on a different scale.

Pantaloon, pan-ta-নিতন, ন. ভাড়, সং, A buffon:—pl. পাজামা; I rousers

Playing pantaloon—कृत्तं वह अवीत-ज , Playing second fiddle; being the cat's paw of another

Pantheism, panthe-izm, n. [Ci. pan, all. and theor, God ] প্রচ্চি লা সম্লাগ বিষ্ট ইবর একণ মত; বিবেশব বাদ, অবৈষ্ঠ বাদ. The doctrine that the whole universe is God a pantheistic, pantheistical.

Pantheist, pan-the-ist, গ আছত বালী, বিৰেশ্য বাদী; A believer in patheism.

Pantheologist, দ ধাৰতীয় ধামত ও দেবজান ব্ৰাধিত; One versed in puntheology

Pantheology, pan-the olo-ji, n [G pan all, theos, God, and logis, discourse i তেবন্দৰ জান: বাৰডীয় ধর্মনত ও দেবের জান. A system of divinity or knowledge embracing all the gode Pantheon, pantheon, n [G pan, all and theos, God] বোমনগ্ৰহ বেৰ্মন্ত্ৰ মূলন বাৰডাম দেবাছেলে উৎস্পীত মন্তিৰ, A temple লৈ বাৰতে to all the gods.—দেবাছত The whom of the gods of a sect.—জাতি বিশেষৰ জ্লাস্ত গ্ৰামণ্ড অবাৰত মুক্তি বুলায় কাৰ্য্য স্থান বাৰ বিষয় কাৰ্য্য স্থান কাৰ্য্য স্থান বাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য্য স্থান বাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য্য স্থান বাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য্য স্থান বাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য কাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য কাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য কাৰ্য কাৰ্য্য কাৰ্য কাৰ

Panther, panthér, n. 1531 जाप, फिज जाप, A pard; a spotted ferocious carnivorous animal. Pantomimio, Pantomimical, a Pertaining to pantomime.

Pantomime, panto-mim, n [ Gr pas, panios all, and mimos, an imitator ! কেবল আৰু ভঙ্গ খাবা আভিনৱ ; সভ্, পুতুল লাচ . A show or representation or an entertainment in dumb show — আৰুভন্নী খাবা যে মনোভাব বাকু করে . One who expresses his meaning by mute action — a আৰাক্ষেত্ৰতৈ ব্যক্তৰাৰী, Representing only in mute action. a=pantomimic, pantomimical. ad=pantomimically. [ভাষ, An actor in a pantomimist, pantomimist, n. বাৰা ক্ষাতির ভাষাৰ . An apartment or place for provision or for cleaning plate &c.

Pap, pap, n. वालरकत नतम काहातीत अवा, A soft

food for infants: — চুচুক ; খনাগ্ৰ ; খনের বোটা ; A nipple or treat :— খনোগ্ৰ খান ; The pulp of fruit. a—pappy ( নমন ; Soft ). [ spiritual father. Papa, pī-pā. n. গৈডা , Father :— দীকাজেল ; A Papacy, púpa-si, n. হোমীয় ধর্মাধাজের পদ ; Popedom :— পোনের পদ ; পোনের শানন ; The office and dignity of the Pope.

Papal, phpal, a. পোপস্থার; পোপস্থার; Belonging or relating to the Pope or to Popery;

popish. ad=papally.

Papaveraceous, pap-av-er-fishus, a. [ f., papaber, the poppy] গোডনিনিত ; গোডনভূপ; Of or like the poppy.

Paper, piper, n. কাগজ; A substance on which letters and figures are written or printed; writing substance; a single sheet, printed or written —মংকিন্ত রচনা, A brief essay:—কাগজ-মুদা; Paper-money:—কাজল; A document:—সংবাদপ্র, A newspaper.—কাজ; Money; a bill of exchange —বেভাল ঠাকিবার কাগজ, কাগজের পর্কা বাধানার, Paper-hanging:—a. কাগজ-নিনিত, কাগজপ্র, Made or consisting of paper:—v দ কাগজ লাগ্ন আনত দু, কাগজ নিনাত, কাগজপ্র, Made or consisting of paper:—v দ কাগজ লাগ্ন আনত দু, কাগজ নিনাত, কাগজপ্র, Made or consisting of paper.

Paper-credit, phici-kred-it, n. কা প্রিশোধ্য লিখিড জালীকার প্রত্যা আন্ত আদানপ্রনান ভাবা ব্যক্ত চালালীকার প্রত্যা সংগ্রহ আদানপ্রনান ভাবা ব্যক্ত চালালীকার প্রত্যা সংগ্রহ বিধান তিনাত কালালীকার প্রত্যা সংগ্রহ বিধান আনত চালালীকার প্রত্যা সংগ্রহ বিধান বিধান বিধান কালালীকার প্রত্যা সংগ্রহ বিধান 
Paper-currency, n লোট ছভি প্রভৃতি, Issue of bank notes and bills of exchange.

Paper-hanger, piner-hanger, n পদক্ষেত্ৰ, ca কাৰক বিষ্ণ পৃথভিত ধ হাজ্ঞান করে, One who hangs paper on the wills of cooms &c

Paper-hangings, paper-hangings, n পেওয়াল ছাজিলাৰ বাগজ, দেওখালে কুলাইলার কাণজ, Stained or printed popers for the wills of from,

Paper-money, páper-much, n es. (Alb. Agís. Pented and authorised papers issued by tranks and circulated in place of coin.

Paper-rood, n < 19 of first , the papers.

Paper-stainer, n. One who prepares paperhingings. Javing en loose papers.

h meings. [laying on loose papers. Paper-weight, n. কাৰ্ড-চাণা, Weight for Papilla, pi-pila, n কাৰ্ডেছ, ভিন্তা অস্থাতৰ অভিত্য অসংক্ৰ অসংক্ৰ, One of the minute elevations on the skin, especially on the upper curface of the tongue and on the tips of the fingers, and in which the nerves terminate. pl = papillæ.

Papillary, pap'il-ar i, Papillous, pap'il-us, a. অনর া'া সৰ্কীয় : চুচ্দ স্ব্ধীয় বা ডংস্থূল ; Perlaining to, or resembling the nipples or tre its —-মান্তম্ব, Covered with pimples, warty Papist, papists, n. ভোষাৰ ক্যাখনিক ; পোপের নিবা : A Roman C tholic a=papistic, papistical.

Papistic, pápist-ic, Papistical, pápistic-al, a. পোগের মত সম্বাহ; Pertaining to papecy. admpapistically.

Pappous, pap'us, Pappose, papoi, a. [ Gr pappos, down ] পথীর কোষল পালকবিশিষ্ট ; কোষল পক্ষৰ , Downy [ কুমু ব্ৰণম ; Full of pimples Papular, Papulous, a. [L. papula, a pumple] Papyrus, pa-pirus, n. এক প্রকার চারা পাছ বাহা
ইত্তৈ পুরাকালে লোকের ভাগল প্রকৃত করিত ; A reed
from which the ancients made a matrial for
writing upon :—পাশাইরদের উপরে নিখিত হবনিপি;
A manuscript written on papyrus, pl-papyri.
Par, par, n. [L. par, equal] সারস্লা; মুলোর সমতা;
Equal value; equality of nominal and market
value:—অবহা-সাম; Equality of condition.

Above per ব্যব ১০০ টাকার ফার্মল ১০০ টাকার অধিক মূলো বিভয় হয় : At a premium.

At par—স্বাৰ লৱে; বগৰ ১০০ টাকার কাগল ১০০ টাকার বিক্রম হয়; Neither at a discount nor at a premium; at 100, the original nominal price or value.

Below par-व्यव > • টोकांत कांगल 5 • টोकांत कम प्रता विकार हम ; At a discount. [with.

On a par with—नमञ्जा: अनते बात ; On a level Parable, par'a-bl, n. [Gr. para, beside, and bello, to throw ] नाम्ल अनर्गन ; A comparison:—क्या : नाम्ल ; Gगायनम्भ नम् : A fable or allegory conveying some moral lesson; a similitude.

Speak in parable— गम्बद्धान है अरमण-रम ; Use illustrations drawn from natural objects as vehicles of instruction.

Parabola, par-abo-la, n. (1919) (1913); Intersection of the surface of a cone by a plane parallel to one of its side. a parabolic, parabolical.

Parabolic, Parabolical, a. কেণ্ট কেন্দ্র স্বকীয় বা স্থাকার : Pertaming to, or resembling, a parabola. a=parabolically.

Parachuto, para-shoot, n. বোষ্ণাৰ ইত্ত নিৰিছে অবচনৰ কৰিবাৰ মন্ত বৃহৎ হত্ত নিৰ্দেশ, A contrivance in the form of an umbrella, for descending safely from a ballon.

Paraelete, par'a-klet, n. Main: One called to aid or support; the Holy Ghost. Syn:—Advocate, consoler, comforter, intercessor, the Holy Spirit.

Parada, pur-ad, n. [ L. paro, farateus, to prepare ] আড্রুর; স্বাবেল্ড; আড্রুর-গ্রন্থন; সৈরিকরামন্ত্র; Pompous display; pompous exhibition;
military display:— দৈনিক-প্রন্থানর কাল; The
place where military display is held:— v. t.
নোককে বেধান; আড্রুরে প্রাণ্নিক; আড্রুর-কৃ;
To show off— সাম্বিক নিব্যে সেপ্ত একক্র-কৃ; To
marshal in military order:— v. i. আড্রুর
বেদনার বৃবিধা বেডাল; লোককে বেধাইণ্ড ক্লে ইড্রুড:
গ্রন্থন-কৃ; To walk about for show:— সাম্বিক নিপ্তরে
গ্রিবিধি-কৃ; মহাসমারোহে স্বংল হাজা-কৃ; To pass
in military order; to march in procession.
Syn:—(n) Show, display, ostentation, procession, spectacle, pageant.

Make a parade of—নাক করা : বড়াই করা। Parade-ground, n. বৈনিক-এদশ্যের স্থান ; Place for military exercise.

Paradigm, para-dim, n. [Gr. para, beside, and deiknymi, to show ] পাত্ৰপের উদাহরণ; An example of the conjugation of a verb :—মুট্টাছ; পাংল; An example; a model.

Paradigmatic, Paradigmatical, a. উপায়ধ্ব-ক্ষম : উপায়ধ্ব-ক্ষমণ ; Consisting of, or resembling, paradigms. ad=paradigmatically. Peradise, par'a-dis, n. ৰগ ; পায়ৰ স্বৰ্য স্থান ; টগৰ উগান : Heaven; a place of bless; the garden of Eden. a=paradistical. [with rich plumage. Bird of paradise, n. স্বৰ্ড গলী বিশেষ; A bird Paradox, par'a-doks, n. [Gr. para, contrary to, and doxa, an opinion] বাচা অসভ্য বিদিয়া বোধ হয় বিন্তু বাবৰিক সভা: আচলিত সভেষ বিশেষ মত; Proposition seemingly absurd, yet true in fact; seeming contradiction; a tenet contrary to receive opinion. a=paradoxical.

Paradoxical, a. एउट: चनकर चन्छ नज ; Inclined to paradoxes. ad=paradoxically, n= paradoxicalness.

Paraffine, Paraffin, ন. কৃটকবং কুল পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ ; A white crystalline substance.

Paragogo, par-a-gō'jc, n. [ Gr. para, beyond, and ago, to lead ] একৰাত অকন বা গৰাংশের বোগ; The addition of a letter or syllable to the end of a word. amparagogic, paragogical.

Paragon, par'a-gon, n. डेस्करवंत आपर्ण ; डेशवान ; अजुरदृष्टे शर्गार्थ ; Perfect model ; a pattern ; something superlatively excellent.

Peregraph, par'a-graf, n. [G. paragraphe, marginal note, from para, beside, and graphein, to write ] square: states; set; Distinct part of a connected discourse; a short passage. a=paragraphic, paragraphical. Syn:—Clause, section, passage, subdivision; brief remark, short notice.

Paralopaia, par-a-lip'sis, [Gr. para, beside, and leipo, to leave ] আমেণ অলমাৰ: A rhetorical figure by which a thing is pretended to be omitted, while it is mentioned.

Parellax, par'a-laks, n. লক্ষ্য; পদাৰ্থ বিশেষকে
বিভিন্ন হান চইতে দৰ্শন ক্রিলে সেই পদাৰ্থে যে মুখ্যনান অবহান-পরিবর্তন শুড়ীত হয়; Change of place or aspect; difference between apparent and true place. a = parallactic, parallactical.

Parallel, par'al-lel, n. [C. para, beside, and allelon, of one another] সামন্ত্র সরল রেখা; Line equally distant throughout from another inc; a line always equidistant from another:
—নায়ত্ত, তুলনা; প্ররূপ; Resemblance; likeness, comparison:—অকরত বা অক্ষমান্তরাল. A line marking latitude:—a. সম্পূর; সমন্তরাল; সমগ্রহু Extended in the same direction, and equidistant in all parts:—মৃত্যু; তুলা; Being equal in many particulars:—v. f. সমান্তরালভাবে স্থাপানক, তুলাক; মৃত্যু:ক; মৃত্যু:ক; To make parallel; to compare; to correspond to. Syn:—(a) Equidistant; like, similar, resembling, analogous. A parallel to, Similar to—হিন সমান ব্যাপার; Something exactly resembling or correspond.

Something exactly resembling or corresponding to (another). (Purallel—সর্বাংশে সমান; Resembling in all essential particulars. Similar—অনেক বিবয়ে সমুশ; Resembling in many respects).

Parallelism, par'al-lel-izm, ন. স্বার্থতা; স্বার্থনা ; বায়ত ; তুলনা ; State of being parallel , resemblance ; comparison.

Paraliciogram, par-al-lelo-gram, m. [Grandiclos, parallel, gramma, a line] water

হৈছিক ক্ষেত্ৰ; সামত্যিক সমান্তহিক ক্ষেত্ৰ; A plane four sided figure, the opposite sides of which are parallel and equal.

Parallelopiped, Parallelopipedon, Parallelepiped, Parallelepipedon, n. [Gr. parallelos, parallel, and epipedom, a plane surface] বটু নাৰডনিক স্বাভ্য পাৰ্য ঘৰকেও ; A regular solid bounded by six plane parallel surfaces.

Paralogism, par-alo-gism, n. বাত সিদাত ;
অপত্ত সিদাত ; A conclusion unwarranted by
the premises.

Paralyse, para-liz, v. t. [Gr. para, derangement, and lyo, to loosen] পকাষ্ট্ৰত-ক; পকাষ্ট রোগানান্ত-কু; Strike with paralysis; benumb:—বিকল-কু; সংজাহীন-কু; কণ-কু; To make useless; to deaden, to exhaust. Syn:—Palsy, deaden, benumb, unnerve

Paralysis, par-alt-sis. n. [Gr. para, beside, and lyo, to loosen] প্ৰায়েত , অবশাসতা ; ইপ্ৰিয়-বৈৰুল্য; A loss of power of motion in one side or part of the body; palsy.

Paralytic, par-a-litik, a. পকাৰাভয়ত; পকাৰাভ বোগাকাত; Affected with or inclined to paralysis:—n. পকাৰাভ বেণী, পকাৰাভাৱত বোগী; One affected with paralysis.

Paramatta, par-a-mata, n তুলা ও পানম নিৰ্দিত কাপত বিশেষ, A fabric of worsted and cotton resembling merino in appearance

Paramount, par'a-mount. a. [F. par, and amout, upward] সর্বানের, প্রধান, Chief, of the highest value.—n. অধীনর; সর্বাধান বাজি: The chief. Syn:—Supreme, predominant, principal, pre-eminent.

[A lover of either sex. Paramour, par'a-mour, n. উপপ্তিবা উপপ্তি, সংগ্রামি, A Parapet, par'a-pet, n. উর্ভ্জ ব্য. প্রাণীর, A

Perapet, par'a-pet, n. উন্নত বপ্ত, প্রাণীন, A rampart breast high, a breast high wall on a bridge &c. a=parapetted (প্রাণীনবিশিষ্ট, Having a parapet).

Paraphernalia, par-a-ler-nah-a, n. ব্যাদি, আলহাবাদি; ব্যবস্থা; সালসজা; Appard, jewels &c., of a wife · ornaments of dress; equipage; trappings.

Paraphrase, par'a-fraz, n. [Gr. para, beside, and phrasis, a speaking ) শলান্তার অধ্যান শলান্তার বাধানাল, an explanation of a text or pussage —v t অনুবাদ-কু; বাবাদ-কু; বাবাদ-ক

Paraphrast, para-frast, n. বাধান্ত্রী, ব্যাধা কারক; অসুবাদক, One who paraphrases.

Paraphrastic, para-frastik, Paraphrastical, para-frastik-al, a. ব্যাব্যাকৃত ; পাই ব ব্যাকৃত ; বিবাহিত ; অব্যাকৃত ; Of the nature of a paraphrase ; clear and ample in explanation, free ; loose ; diffuse. ad=paraphrastically.

Parasite, par'a-sit, n. [G. parasitos, eating beside] প্ৰপাছা; বৃশ্বের উপরত্তাত কুম; Animal or plant living on the body or substance of an animal or plant living or dead:—a. প্রায়ভোগী; করে ব্লুব্র, চটুক্রে, One living at another's

expense by flattery to; sycopham. s=parasitism, a=parasitic, parasitical. Sys:—Sycopham, flatterer, toady, hanger on, trencher-friend.

Parasitic, Parasitical, a. গলন্ত্বং; ভোগাদাক কারা. উপজীবা. Fawning; living on other plants or animals. ad=parasitically.

Parasol, pai'a-sol, n. [L. paro, to prepare, and sol, solis the sun ] ছোট ছাড়া; Small umbrella for ladies; sunshade. [in part. Parboil, par'boil, v. f. আংশিক নিছ-ড়; To boil Parcel, par'sel, n. [L. pars, partis, a part set; কাট, তাড়া, A portion; a quantity; a package:—v. f. বিভিন্ন অংশে বিভাগ-ড়; বংগ বংগ বিভক্ত-ড়: To divide into portions:—a. and adv. আংশিক ভাবে; Part or half; in part.

Parch, parch, v. t. [ L. pararescere, to grow very dry ] গছ-কু; খলনিত-কু; To scorch:—v. i. গছ-ছ, To be scorched.—ছছ-ছ, নীর্দ-ছ; To be very dry Syn:—Roast, shrivel, dry, dry up. Parched, parcht, a মছ, বছ, বিজ্ঞ, Scorched; dry. ad=parchedly, n=parchedness.

Parchment, parch nent, n চৰ্ম: চৰ্মের কাৰ্য : The skin of a sheep or goat prepared for writing. Pard, pard, n [ Gr. pardes, the panther ] চিত্ৰা বাব, The leopard .—চিত্ৰিড পশু, Any spotted beast.

Pardon, par'don, v. t [L. per, through, dono, donare, to give] ক্ষা-কৃ, ৰাজ্কনা-কৃ, ি o forgive:—
n ক্ষা, মার্জনা, দণ্ড ১০০৪ মুক্তি বা অব্যাহতি, Forgiveness, remission of a penalty; absolution n=
pardoner. Syn:—(v) Remit, overlook, acquit, condone, excuse. (n) Remission, absolution, remittance, grave, mercy, amnesty.

I bog pardon—ভান ভানতে বা বুলিতে পান্তি নাই পুনৰাৰ বনুন . Plea e say again what you have said —মাণ কৰন আমান কুন কইয়াছে ; Excuse me (used when a person makes a mistake) — মাণ কলন, আগনি যাতা মান করিতেকেন ভাষা নাই, যাতা বালিতেকেন ভাষা কৰিছে গাবৈ না ; Excuse me (when a person contradict) what another affirms of means civilly to refuse to do anything).

Pardonable, par'-don-a bl, a. ক্যাবোগা , বাৰ্জ্ নীয় , মাজনাগোগা ; Excusable. ad=pardonably, n = pardonableness.

Pare, par, v. t. [ 1. pare, to prepare ] কর্ত্তন-কৃ;
ভালা, ছাউলা কেবা, ছুলিবা কেবা; To cut or shave off.
Paregorno, par-e-gor'ik, a. [ Gr. paregorno,
to soothe ] বেদনা-নিবারক; বন্ধনা-নিবারক; As-uaging pain — n. বেদনা-নিবারক উব্ধ , আছিনেব
আরক; A medicine that assuages pain; tineture of onium.

Parent, parent, n [L. parens, from parere, to bring forth] পিতা বা বাতা, অবক বা অননী: Finther or mother:—কারণ; Cause. Syn:—Producer, creator, author, origin, source.

Parontage, par'ent-az, n. 明明; 代刊; Descent; birth; extraction.

Parontal, pa-rent-al, e. মাতাপিত্নবৰীয় : পিতৃ-তুলা, বংনল : বেহময় ; নমেহ ; Pertaining to, or becoming, parents ; tender ; affectionate ; like a parent, ed=parentally. Parental affection—বাংস্পা i

Parenthesis, pa-refithe-sis, n. [Gr. para, beside, en. in, thesis, a placing ] পাই কৰাৰি সমিতি আভিনিক পদ বা বাব্য; A word, phrase, or sentence put in or inserted in another complete without it:—pl. () এই চিক্ বিশেষ; বন্ধনী; The marks () used to show this. a=parenthetical.

Parenthetic, Parenthetical, a. পাাবেডিনিন্-সকোত ; খননী সুমুখিত ; Pertaining or using parenthesis. ad∞parenthetically.

Parentless, a. ৰাড়াণিত্যুল; Without a parent. Parhelion, par-he'li-un, n. [ Ur. para, near, helios, the sun] প্রাবাহিত্যে স্বত্রে সমতে স্থানা (আছি:; A bright light, sometimes seen near the sun. pl=parhelia.

Pariah, par'i-a, n. মতি নীচ জাতি ; জাতিচ্যুত ব্যক্তি ; An hereditary outcast.

Parism, c. পারিদ দীপ সম্বাচ বা ভাষাতে প্রাপ্ত ; Pertaining to, or found in the island of Paros. Parietal, pa-n'et-al, [L. paries, parieties, a wall] প্রাচীয় সম্বাচ ; অন্ত তাম্বব আন্তান্তরীণ আব্রণ

हरेट बाह्मान ; Forming the sides or walls ; forming the side bones of the skull.

Paring, piring, n. ছাটা; কগণাৰ্গ তৃণভূষিৰ উপরিভাগ কর্ত্তন; The cutting off the surface of grass land for tillage.

Parish, parish, n [Gr para, beside, near, oik's, a dwelling ] য'ককের অধীনত্ব প্রচাল ; এক কিন্তান্ত্রন্ত পালী ; গ্রীষ বালকের অধীনত্ব নগাবর অংশ.
Ecclesiastial district under one township; a district under one pastor.—a. পারিল সংক্রান্ত ; প্রাক্তিম কর্ক বিব্যোজিত, Belonging or relating to a parish.

[responses

Parish-clerk—A lay man who leads the Parishoner, par-ishun-èr, n. এক গিঠাৱনত পল্লা-ৰিবানী; পাাৰিশ-সারিষ্ট লোক; One who belongs to or is connected with a parish.

Parity, par'e-te. n. [ L. paritas, from par, paris, equal ] সুদাতা, নমতা; মাধুত ; Equality; resemblance. Syn:—Close correspondence, analogy.

Park, park, n. বেড়া; An inclosure — ভোগৰানা; The space occupied by the artillery — মাঠ; বিহামকুনি; উদ্যান; A piece of ground inclosed for recreation:—n. t. বেছন-দু, একত নমবেড-ফু; To bring together in a body, to inclose.

Parlance, parlans, n [Ft. parler, to speak] ক্ষোপক্ষন; ক্ষোপক্ষনের বাজ্যের ধার], Conversation; idiom of common talk; phrase.

In common parlance—নাগাৰণ কথাৰ প্ৰণালী অবুলারে; In the usual form of speech.

Parley, păr'li, v i. [Fr. parler, to speak] কথাবাৰ্ত্তী কহা: শক্তর সভিত সভিত্ত কথাবাৰ্ত্তী কথাবাৰ্ত্তী; কথোকখন কু: To confer; to treat with an enemy —n. কথাবাৰ্ত্তী; কথোকখন; সভি: শক্তর সহিত কথাবাৰ্ত্তী: Talk, a conference with an enemy in war.

To beat a parley—To beat a drum or sound a trumpet in a particular way as a signal that a conference with the enemy is desired.

Hold a parley with—কোন किहरू कार्-कः; Give way to:—नक्शरूक गरिक (शक्ति नक्रकः) क्यां क्यां ; Confer with an enemy ( as to terms of peace ).

Parliament, par'li-ment, n. aging; agqi-ng; The general and supreme council of the nation in which alone is placed the legislative power; meeting for consultation.

Parliamentarian, pār-li-men-tārian, a. ইংলবের রাজা প্রথম চার্লদের বিপক্ষে পার্লিমেটের পক্তুক ; Adhering to the Parliament in opposition to Charles I —n. One who sided with the Parliament of England against Charles I, and his partisans,

Parliamentary, par-li-mentar-i, e. পাজিকেট-সংলাত : মহানতা সম্বন্ধীয় : Pertaining to Parliament :----মহানতা ছাবা বিধিবন্ধ, পালিকেট কৰ্তৃক ব্যব-হিত বা কৃত : Finacted or done by Parliament :----মহাসভাৰ নিতমান্ত্ৰামী : According to the rules and usages of Parliament.

Parlour, parlur, ল. Fr. parler, to speak ] বৈঠকবানা, সাধারণ বসিবার বর . An ordinary sitting room. [poetry. To climb Parnessus—কবিচা লেখা . To write

Parochial, par-c'ki-al, a. পরীস্থলীর; Of or relating to a parish ad=parochially.

Parochisliso, o t. পার্বিদ্যন্থ প্রিণ্ড-ক; To form into parishe. [paroly. Parodist, n. পারিডি-বেশফ; One who writes a Parody, parodi, n. [Gr. para, beside, ode, an ode or song ] পতা বিশোলঃ ভাব ও ভাবা হাজো-দ্মীপকভাবে প্রারভিত হলা কে বিশুচত কবিতা বিবেচিত হয়, উপায়ন, শালের ভিন্ন প্রহোগ ; A poetical pleasantry in which verses of a grave and serious nature on one subject are altered and applied to another by way of burlesque:—v. দ প্রেম্বরভিন্ন প্রারভিন্ন পরিভার্ম প্রারভিন্ন প্রারভিন

Parole, par-তা, n বন্দীয় অপ্টাকাব; সেঁকিক বাজা; নামবিক নকেন্ত পদ; The word of honour of a prisoner of war in return of indulgences or conditional freedom; the duly pass-word in camp or garrison:—a. বাচনিক; মৌবিক; Given by word mouth.

Paronomasia, par-o-no-māzhi-a, ন. বর্ণব্যক্ত; স্লেববাকা, A play upon words.

Paronychia, n. আস্কালাড়া; A whitlew or felon. Paronymo. par'o-um, n. এক প্রকৃতিষ্কক বা সম্যোজ্যক ভিত্তার্থক পদ; A word resembling another in signification.

Paronymous, a. [Gr. fara. beside, enoma, a name] এক অচ্ডিয়ুলক; Having the same derivation [of parrot. Paroquet, n. তক পকী নিশেষ; A small kind Paroxysm. par'oks-izm. n. [G. paroxunern, to sharpen] পীয়াৰ আহিল্য, কোহাবেল, আক্ৰিক প্ৰচন্দ্ৰ আহল, A fit of rage or passion. a recurring increase and exacerbation of a disease. and exacerbation of a disease.

Parquet, par-kå, m. নদালনের বাধাকর সান ক্টতে নজানুহ পদাল দনর স্কলন, The whole lower floor of a theatre from the orchestra to the dresscircle.

sudden violent action. a = paroxysmal.

Perquetry, parket-ri, n. [Fr. parquet, an inlaid floor ) বৃহতনাদ্রাখনার কাটের কোণিত সৃষ্টি কাকবার্য; Figured in laid wood-work for floors. Parr, par, n. শিশু স্থাপ্যন স্বত্ন; A young salmon. Parrieidal, par-ri-sidal, a. ব্যতাপিত্যাতী; Per-

taining to, or committing, parricide.

Parricide, par'ri-sid, n. { L. pater, patris, father, and caedo, to slay } মাতাপিত্যপ্তা; The murderer of a father or mother:—মাতাপিত্যতা, The murder of a parent. a=parricidal.

Parrot, par'ut, n. ভোডা পকী; অফলাতীর পকী; Talking-bird.

Parry, pari, v.f. [L. paro, to prepare, to keep off ] এড়ায়; আবাত ছইতে রজা-কৃ; নিবারণ-কৃ. To ward off; to fence; to turn aside.

Parse, pars, v. t. [ L. pars, a part of speech ]
পদ্দাধ্ন-কু; পদাধ্য-কু; To tell the parts of a
speech of a sentence and their relation. n =
parsing (পদ-নিৰ্দেশ, পদ-প্ৰিচ্ব);

Parace, par-se', n. পাৰ্নী; One of the Persian refugees driven out of their own country by the Mahomedans, now living in various parts of Bombay.

Parsimonious, par-se-mo'ne-us, a কুণণ; মিত-বারী; ব্যার্ক); অর্থনোড়ী, Frugal to excess; covetious; niggardly. ad—parsimoniously, n parsimoniousness. Syn:—Avaricious, miserly, penurious, close, saving.

Parsimony, par'si-mun-i, n [ I.. parco, to spare ] কৃপতা; বাৰক্ঠতা, কাৰ্পনা; Frugality, niggardlines, closeness. [ pot-herb. Parsley, pars'li, n. নতা বিশেষ, শাক বিশেষ, An Parsnip, pars'nip, Parsnop, n উট্টিল বিশেষ; কৰা বুল বিশেষ; An edible plant, with a carrot-like root.

Fair words butter no paranips—তবু নিষ্ট কবার পেট ভরে না ; শুধু কবার চিচে হিলে না।

Parson, par'son, n. পুরাড়িত; পাদবী; পুষ্টদ বাৰক; A clergyman; the incumbent of parish. Parson-ridden, a. পুরোছিত বালা উৎপীড়িত; Tyrannised by parsons.

Parsonage, par'sn aj, n. প্রাইতের বাসহান, The residence of the incumbent of a parish — পুরোহিতের বৃত্তি; Money paid for the support of a parson,

Part, part, n. wer; A portion :-- 40; wajew; A fraction :-- সভা , A member :-- আৰুপাতিক ভাগ; A proportional division :-- বংগ; Share : 一作事; 刊举, Side; party: -- 本村; Action --चार्च ; Interest ; concern :-- n. pl. खनमपूर ; (मश , ক্ষতা; Qualities, faculties, talents; abilities :-ৰেপ ; Regions ; districts :-- ফ. t. ভাগ কু , জাগ-কু . To separate into two or more pieces; to devide: —v. i. विकल-ए; विकिद-ए; To be separated. -- वानवाय-र: नुषय-र: To be torn asunder. Syn: -(n) Piece, division; organ, element, constituent, ingredient , lot, allotment ; charge, duty, office, business, function; faction, (v) Divide, sever, sunder, dismember, break, disunite, disjoin, detach, keep separate, apportion, allot, share, distribute. as it concerns me. For my part—आगात क्या विलय (गान : So far Por one's part—বাদ বত বানিতে চাৰ, জাৰা বহুঁলে এই বলি; So far as one is concerned; if one is to say what one thinks about the matter.

For the most part—with; Commonly; mostly, chiefly, mainly.

In good part—appire; wygon at ans wire; in a friendly manner; favourably.

In ill (or bad) part—অসম্ভ ভাবে; অধ্যক্ত ভাবে; অনসুক্ল হইয়া; With displeasure; unfavourably. [partly.

In part—ৰতৰটা; ৰংশতঃ; In some degree; On the part of one, On one's part— ৰাহাৰত পকে; On the side of one, so far as one is concerned.

Part and parcel—প্ৰধান আৰু; An essential portion:—কোন কিছু বছতে অভেন্য, What is inseparably bound up.

Part company- 144- ; To separate.

Part from—বিশায় এইণ-কু; কাহাৰও সহিত ছাড়াছাড়ি হু; Separate; bid farewell; take leave of one; be separated from one

Part in or into—বিভস্ত-ফু; Separate; divide.
Take in good part—কোন ৰক্ষাৰ কাল বা কথার
রাস না করিয়া অসুবুল বা বন্ধুসাবে প্রংশ-কু; Not to feel
vexed but take (something unpleasant) patiently or in a friendly spirit.

Take the part of কালাৰ প্ৰাৰ্থন-ৰূ, Take part with, side with, take the side of.

Part with—পবিত্যাগ-ৰূ, ছাড়া; Resign , quit , give up or loose. [ of words. Part of speech—পদপ্ৰেণ ; One of the classes

Part of speech—পশতের; One of the classes
Take part in—ক'লর কংহিত কোন কার্যোধোল
বেকা; Join others in.

Partake, par-tak, v. i. আৰ লংগা, ভাগ প্ৰথ-ক;
To take part with others; to participate:—
v. t. আৰ-ক; To share, n-partaker Syn:—
Participate in, receive a part.

Partake of —ৰাজৰ সহিত ভোৰ বা আবোদনাবাদে বোল দেৱলা, Take a share of (some entertainment) in common with others:—সমভাবাদান-ছ; Have something of the same nature with.

Partaker, n. Aleria, Bift, One who partakes, a sharer.

Partaking, n. আল প্রচন, অসপতিপ্রায়ে সন্থিবন; A sharing, a combination in an evil design.

Parterre, par-tar', n. amattet; A garden bed with walks between ornamental bed or plots.

Parthenon, n. সর্থতী যশিষ; Temple of Minerva at Athens.

Parthian arrow—A shalt aimed at an adversary while pretending to fly or avoid him.

Partial, pār'she-al, a. [L. pars, partis, a part] আপিক; Not total or entire; affecting a part only:—গৰণাতী; একেৰ প্ৰতি অপুনিত অপুনানী; Biassed towards one party; inclined to favour one party:—আধীৰ, Subordinate. Syn:—Limited, incomplete, imperfect, biased, prejudicial, warped, interested, unfair, one-sided Partial to—গৰণাতী; Inclined to favour or be on the side of.

Partiality, par-shi-alit-i, s. 14415; 4046

alls agins again; Bias towards one party; liking for one thing more than others.

Partiality for or to—কোন বিষয় বা বাজির প্রতি বিশেষ অনুরাগ ; পক্ষণাত ; Special fondness for Dantible সালাট ৷ সু সিমান্ত প্রত্ত করিব :

Partible, parti-bl, a. বিভালা; পুণক্ করনীর; Separable. n= partibility.

Participant, par-tisi-pant, a. आणी: जांगी; आप्तार्थारी; Sharing:—n. आप्तार्थारा; आप्तार्थारण: A partaker. ad = participantly.

Participate, par inase-par, v.i. [L. pars, a part, and capere, to take] sin s, and aspere; To have a share. neeparticipation (18889) i Syn:
—Partake, share, take part in.

Participial, a. বিশেষণ ও ক্রিলা উভপ্রকৃতিক পদ-জাতীর বা ভাগা হইতে সমুৎপদ্ধ; Formed from a participle. ad = participially,

Participle, parti-si-pl, n. [L. pars, part, and capio, to take ] বিশেষণ ও কিলা উভপ্ৰতিক পাল; বৃষয় পাল; A word partaking of the nature of both adjective and verb.

Particle, par'te-ki, n. [L. particula, diminutive of pars, partis, a part ] आप ; अवराध, अव : — Atom, molecule, grain, jot, tittle.

Particular, par-tiku-lar, a. বিশেষ, অসাধারণ; Special, singular — নিশিষ্ট: Definite — দ্বাধান, ক্ষা, Minute — বাকিগত, Individual — ক্ষানাণা, Nie in taste, punctifious — ক্রিক, Precise — স্পন্ত আলা, বতুত্ব বা কুত্র আলা, A distinct or minute part — হিশাব বিষয়, বিশেষ বইনা; A single point, a single in tance — lin pl) বিশেষ বিষয়, Details In particular— বিশেষকঃ: বতুত্তবাবে, Specially, distinctly.

Particularise, par-tiku-lar-iz, ए. १ प्रतिकार वर्ण . কুলকাপ নাম করা, To mention in detail :-- # = विश्व पहेमा देश्वय कृ, To mention single things. Particularity, par-tik-fi-lar'i-ti. n firmes. कन्नभावन दिनग . Minuteness of detail ; something peculiar or singular [ Distinctly , in detail Particularly, ad. विलयकाल , विलयक: , रूक्काल Parting, pirting, n fattin, angia; finia. Separation, departure, division —a প্রস্থারোম্ব : अशामाणा , निन'दवालीम , निमादकालीम १ नत ; Departing, separating, given at parting. Syn: -(n) Severing, breaking, rupture, disruption; division, detachment, leave taking, farewell At parting-विशेष कडेवाव मदव , काछावाछि वरेवाव RATE ; At the time of taking leave , at the time of separation.

Partisan, par'te-zan, n প্ৰভুক্ত লোক, নদাবন্ধী বাজি. An adherent to a party:—a. প্ৰীয়, প্ৰস্কুজ: Adherent to a party: n = partisanship. Nyn:—(n) Follower, supporter, backer, votary, staff, trunchenn, halberd. [the base, Partite, a. ভানসন্তিশা বিভক্ত, Divided nearly to Partition, par-teshun, n বিভাগ: Division; the state of being divided — হুই আহম মধ্যে আলি, ভাগ আলিয়, A wall between apartments; a division-wall:——p. t. আপ বিভাগ-ছ: To divide into shares:—আলিয় ছাত্ৰা বিভক্ত-ছ: To divide into parts by walls.

Partitive, par'ti-tiv, a. वर्धनीय ; विकासम ;

ৰটনকাৰী; Dividing; distributive:—n. শ্ৰম্থ বোৰক গদ; A word expressing a part or partition. ad=partively [A hen. Parlet, partlet, n. গদৰক বিশেষ; A rult:—কৃষ্টী; Partly, partle, ad. আ: শিককাণ; কিবৰ পৰিবাৰে; In part; in some degree.

Partner, pai (ner, n. অ'নীপার; আনী; A sharer:
—পতি বা পড়ী; স্থামী বা প্লী. A husband or wife;
—সহচর, An associate:—যে প্ৰথম বা ব্যনী অপবেৰ
মহিত সূত্ৰ্য কৰে; One who dances with another.
Syn:—Participator, colleague, coadjutor, confederate, companion, spouse.

Partnership, partner-ship, n. সমুৰ সম্পান; আপি; A contract between persons engaged in any business; the state of being a partner. Syn:—Union, connection, association, interest; company, firm, house.

Partook, p. t. of partake.

Partridge par'tri, n. টাটাৰ পকী; Bird of game. Partridge-wood, n. কাচ বিশেষ; A variegated tropical wood. [ sung in parts.

Part-song, n. বিভিন্ন জালে গীত গাল; A song Parturient, par-tū'ri-ent, a. [L. pario, to bring foith] প্রদ্বোল্গী, আন্তর্গন্ধন; আস্ত্রপ্রনী, Bringing or about to bring forth young.

Parturition, par-tu-rishun, n. अन्य कहान ; The act of bringing forth.

Party, par'te, n. খন; A faction:—খন; কৌন বিশেষ উল্লেখ্য দিনিত জনসমূহ; A set of people united for a particular purpose:—জনতা; An assembly —খন Side, cause:—আজি বিশেষ; A particular person:—সেন্দানন, A detatchment: —বাৰী বা প্ৰতিষ্ঠা, The plaintiff or defendant: —a. খন সম্পূৰ্ণ হিছিত্ত, বিভক্ত; Belonging to party and not to the whole; parted; divided. Syn:—(n) Clique, cabal, coterie, league, confederacy, alliunce; company, assembly, gathering, participant, sharer, partaker; lingart, plaintiff or defendant; individual, somebody.

Bo a party to—কোন মন কার্যো অন্তের সহিত থোগ-বে, Take a part with others in (generally, in some bed deed) —কোন কার্যো এক পক থাকা; Be interested in (an affair).

Party coloured. party-kulord, a. নানাবৰ্ণে স্থানত , বিভিন্ন মংশে বিভিন্নলৈ স্থানত ; Having divers colours.

Party-man, n. Fint onto; One holding viclent party principles; a factious man,

Party-spirit. n. नचान्त्रात्र, The spirit or animus that distinguishes a party.

Parvenu, par's e-noo, n. [L. per, quite to, penie to come] নুডন বড় নোক, হঠাৰ বাহু; An upstart, one who has lately become a gentleman or noble. [room over a church-porch. Parvis, n ভোৱনোগৰিষ বিনামনিয়: A school-Pabch, pask, n. পৰ্বা বিশেষ, উৎসৰ বিশেষ; The Jewish passover, Easter. a=paschal.

Paschal, a. পৰ্ক সম্বনীয় , উৎসব সম্বনীয় ; Pertaining to the passover or to Easter.

Pasha, Pacha, n. 1913 (1714 नागनप्रति विनादि ;
A tittle of Turkish officers,

Pashalio, n. পাশার অধিকার, The jurisdiction of a pasha. [বিশেষ; A plant of flowers. Pasque-flower, Pasquinade, paskwin, Pasquinade, paskwin, Ed, n. মেৰ; বিদ্ধান; A lampoon or satire: —v. t. মেৰ বা বিদ্ধান্ত; To lampoon or satire.

**Pashalio** 

Pess, pas, v i. [ L. passus, step ] চলা : বিচরণ-कः जम्ब-कः; To go; move; travel; walk:-चरशंका आंध-ह; To go from one estate to another:-- প্রচলিত-ত্: To become current:--पटें ; To occur , happen ; take place :- अवाहि ड-ष ; To flow through :- अपृत्त- ह ; To disappear : -बडिराहिक-र ; शड-र , To clapse as time :--छेर्णिकिड-इ ; To go unheeded or neglected :-পরিবর্ত্তিত-ছ ; To become changed :---মনোনীত-ছ ; To be approved ; to be regarded .- পाउड-इ. To fall, as by inheritance:—v. t অতিক্ৰম-কু. অভিবাহিত-কু, To go beyond, to go by or over: --বাপন-ভু; To spend:--মগ্রাহ্-ভু; উপেক্ষা-ভু, To omit; to disregard; to neglect:-(의청-₹; चिक्क - कृ: To surpass .- [ब्रिवक - कृ; कार्रेन - कृ; To enact :- হতাত্ত্ব-কু; To transfer - প্রচালত-कः To give currency to .— वज्रावीमन-कः बरनानीज-इ ; To approve .— धारा-इ ; To send : -- वहात्र-कृ; दला, To give forth, to utter:--অচৰিত-কৃ; To give circulation to: --বলপূৰ্বক खरिष्टे-क ; To thrust. Syn :- Be spent, clapse, vanish, disappear, die ; circulate ; be enacted . answer, be unheeded; transmit, deliver. cross; overstep; undergo, experience; exceed. surpass, excet.

Pass, pas, n. [L. passus, a step] স্কীৰ্ণ মণ্ড:
স্কীৰ্ণ পৰা, গিবিস্কট, A narrow way, a narrow defile.—অব্যাতি পৰা, A passport:—অব্যাতি পৰা, A passport:—অব্যাতি পৰা, Plass Syn.—Road, avenue, gorge, ravine, sale conduct, conjuncture, crisis, extreme case, lunge.

Bring to pass—সম্পন্ন-কৃ; সংঘটন-কৃ, Accomplish; cause to happen.

Come to pass - 7 455-2 , Happen.

Pass an opinion—ৰত প্ৰবাশ-কৃ. To express an opinion. [glen, cutting a mountain chain Mountain pass—গিরিস্কট, A defile or narrow Pass away—ভিরোহিত-হ, Disappear —ৰ্ত-কৃ, শহলোকসভ-হ; Die, depart from life:—নঃ-কৃ, To spend or waste

Pass by—নিকট দিলা বাধনা, Go near; pass over —উপোকা-ক; Overlook, disregard, take no notice of —কমা-ক, Forgive.—কটাই ই, অতিক্ৰ-ক, Pass away.

Pass current—আচলিত-হ, To circulate freely Pass for—কোন কিছু বলিবা চলিত-হ; Be received as, take the character of —কোন কিছু বলিৱা চলে বাৰুবা, Be regarded as —কোন কিছুব সমান চলিত-হ: Be current as, be equal in value to.

Pass from mouth to mouth—अविक-इ; To spread; to gain currency.

Pass in the mind—ৰৰে উদিত-হ; To be the subject of thought. [Be transferred. Pass into-প্ৰিক্তি-হ; Change:—হতাত্ৰিত-হ,

Pass master—ser view; To pass through an inspection without censure; to bear examination.

[ impose upon.

Pass off—বন্ধাহিত-ছ; Vanish:—প্রতামণা-ক; To Pass oneself off as—বোন কিছু বনিবা আপনাকে চানান, Impose upon people by pictending to be. Pass one's word—অসীকাৰ-ক; To promise; to piedge one's self.

Pass out—গ্রহান-ড় : Depart.

Pass over— দিপ্ৰা-ক, Overlook; disregard; neglect —পার হটবা বাওৱা; ছাডিবা বাওবা, Cross over; omit, let pass: —ক্ষা-ক; Forgive.

Pass sentence - Poiss - CF |

This may pass—হগ চলিতে পাৰে।

To let pass—ইণেকা কু।

Pass-book, pa'book, n. ছাত্ৰচিটা; পৌষ্ট আছিলেৰ নেছিলে বাছেব খাতা; A small book in which purchases on credit are entered.

Pass-check, n A ticket of admission to a place of amusement.

Pass-koy, pa'-key, n. একাৰিক ভালা খুলিবাৰ চাৰি, A key which opens a series of locks or commonly a latch-key.

Pass-note, n. A certificate from an employer that the bearer has legally left he last employment.

Pass-word, pas-word, p. তত্ত সভেত শব্দ; পঞ্জ-মিত্রের বিশেষক পদ, সমন্যেশ A word used as a signal by which a friend may be distinguished from a stranger and allowed to pass.

Passablo, pala-bl. a. চলনীয়, That may be passed.—প্রচলিত: Current:—বর্ষ: চলনসই; Tolerable:—গরিশন স্থলজ্ম That may bear ispection:—প্রচলিত: Accept the n=passableness, ad=passably Syn-Traversable, navigable, admis ible, moderate, pietty good, fair.

Passage, pair i, n গমন : Act of passing —
মহাজয়ন Death —পথ , রাজা , Way .— প্রবেশপথ , Entrance —গমনাপিকার , Right of passing :
—থিপন্থ ক্ষণ , Enactment —গানেগ ভাটা : Pare :
—পথান ; Journey —গটনা , Occurrence .—
প্রোধ এক শ্বল , প্রকাদির ক্র জাল , A single clause or part of a book. Syn .— Journey, course, road, route , hall, vestibule , incident, occurrence , clause, sentence, paragraph, extract.

Birds of passage—Migratory birds.
In passage—কথা প্ৰসঙ্গ ( ব্যৱহা ।
Passage money—চাহালদির ভাড়া ; যাতারাতের
Passage of arms—বাক্ত্র , A sharp dispute.
Passage to and fro—নাতারাত ।

Passenger, palen-jer, n वाजी ; श्रमकाती ; One who travells in some public conveyance.

Passer, paser, n. नवनकात्री; वाबी; One who

Passer-by, paser-by, n পথিক, পাৰ্কাৰী, One who passes near; one who passes by

Passerine, a চটৰ জাতীয়, Pertaining to the order of birds to which the sparrow belongs.

Passing, pasing, a. লেট, উংকৃষ্ট; Surpassing; eminent:—adv. অভিনয়; অভিনয় পাৰিষ্যানে; মান

ceedingly; surpassingly.

In passing—क्यां धनत्त्र , नीठ क्यांत्र नत्या , क्यांत्र क्यांत्र किंद्र रहां , By the way.

Passing fair—শতি হুলর , Admirably fair. Passing-bell, pasing-bel, n. मुजाकानीय पंछी ; সৃত্যর অব্যবহিত পরে নিনাধিত ঘণ্টা, A bell tolled at the hour of a person's death. [ tention. Passing-notice—সামান্ত মনোবোগ, Slight at-Passion, pashun, n [ L passio, from pais, passus, to suffer ] कहे: महिक्डा ; क्रमंत्कात्र , Suffering: - বাঢ় অপুরাব , প্রেম , Ardent love .-ৰোগ, Anger, wrath .- ছাপ, Guef -- প্ৰবল रेका, Zeal, ardour, eager desire - मानव উর্ত্তেম। , মনের প্রবন ভাব; Mental excitement, strong feeling or agitation of mind -3783 मुक्ता, Death of Christ -pl मध्नव छ,प , भानितक केटब्रमांत्र छान , त्रिश्तन , The emotions of the mind Sym .- Violence, vehemence, rapture, transport, excitement, pathos tender emotion, affection,

Cessic fondness of desire for [flower. Passion-flower, n পুল বিশেষ, A kind of Passion-flower, n পুল বিশেষ, A kind of Passionless, pashinn-les, a আকানী, বিনিধ্ব, Void of passion, not et ily excited to anger. Passion week, pashinn with n খুটাৰ ইটাৰ গাৰ্কেৰ আবাৰ হৈ প্ৰবাৰী সাহাই The wick before Easter Passionate, pashinn at a উৎবাৰী, প্ৰায় , গাচ, Fervent, etmest, intense — কোৰ্মীল, কোণ্যান্ধ্য, kasily moved to anger — মানুহ, Lustiul a lepassionately, nepassionateness

Syn -Irascible irritable, angry, hasty, fiery,

attachment, devotion, indignation, fury.

Passion for-त्कान विकाय चाउ। इ चन्नवात्र , Ex-

ardent, vchement, animated, enthusiastic, glowing, impulsive impetuous

Passivo, pasiv, a [L passions, from patipass is, to suffer] সতিক, ধৰি নিজ্ঞ, জহুতিবাৰী, Unresisting, not acting, patient, suffering — কর্মান্ত সূত্য , Expressing the suffering of an action n=passivity passiveness, ad—passively Syn—Enduring, submissive, quiescent inert inactive.

Passive obedience—Absolute obedience of subjects to a societization

Passivity, pa-ivi-ti, n নিকেট্টা Inactivity Passman, pasman n অন্তর্গত পরীকাষপরীকোত্তীর্গ লোক, One who gains increts an ordinary pass or degree at the Oxford examinations

Passover, pay-ত-16r, n. ইচদীদেব বাধিক পর্ক বিশেষ A Jewish fe tival, neu Easter

Passport, pishoit, n কোন দেশে অমৰ কৰিবার আলেশ-পত্ৰ, বিদেশে অমৰাথ অধুমতি-পত্ৰ, কতক, A written warrant granting permission to travel in a foreign country.

A passport to—ছাড়, যাজতে প্ৰাৰণ কাছের বা শাইবার স্থাবিধা কৰে , That which gives access to , that which enables one to grun

Past, past, pa p ভৃতকালীৰ, Of pass — a পত অভীত, সমাপিত, Crone by, clapsed — prep. মুনে, ৰাগালের বাহিরে Further than out of reach — একণে অপম, No longer capable of — বিকটিছিলা, By Sin — (a) Not present or future, ended, accomplished.

Be a thing of the past - प्राहेश (नशाद, जान

ৰাই, Have ceased to exist, have passed away.
That is past praying for—কাৰ্য হয়। বিষাহে,
এবন আনু কোন উপান নাই, The thing is done and
prayers will be of no avail now, there is no
remedy or help now [passed, esp time.
The past—গত কাৰ, অতীক কাৰ, That which has
Paste, past, n. ৰাটা, লেই, কাই, Soft sticky
substance, a cement of flour and water, flour
and water mixed for cooking—ত f আটা বার্য
(যাড়া, কাত বিয়া বোড়া, To fasten with paste.

Pasteboard, pastebord n পেই-বোর্ড, পিনুবোর্ড; A stiff board made of sheets of paper pasted together &c

Pastime, pastim, n. within annin, Amusement, recreation Syn —Entertainment, diversion, sport, play

Pastor, pastor, n [L pasco, to feed] ধাৰ্মাপ্ৰেশক, ধৰ্মাজক, A clergyman, minister; patson—্মেৰ্ণাজক, A shepherd.

PastorsI, pastur-al, a. আমা, Rustic relating to shepherds — আচাৰা দৰ্মীৰ, ৰাজকীয়, Clurcal — দ পোপ কাবা, নাধান কবিছা, A poem descriptive of shepherds:—মেৰণাক্ৰাৰ বা তাহাবেৰ জীবন সক্ষীৰ, Pertaining to shepherds or shepherd life — ৰাজকীয় পত্ৰ বা উপদেশ, A pastoral letter or address.

Pastorate, pastur হা, Pastorship, n. প্রো-হিতের পদ, বাজকের পদ বা অধিকার, The office of a pastor, the jurisdiction of a pastor

Pastorly, pastur-li, a. पांक्रका किंठ, Becoming a pastor.

Pastry, pistin. n পিটক, Food made of paste, as pics, puddings &ে —পিটবৰ্ণ বন্ধন বা কৌশল, I he act or ait of making articles of paste

Pastrycook, pistri kook, n পিছক-পাচক, শিহক-বিক্ৰেডা, One who cooks or sells pastry Pasturable, pastur-a-bl, a পড় চ'বপ্ৰোগ্য, Fit for pasture

Pasturage, pastur-a, n গোদারণ ভূমি, চারণ ভূমি, Grazing ground —চারণ ভূগ (x ass for feed Pasture, pastur n. প্ৰচারণ ভূগ বাদ, Grass

for grazing, food for cittle —চারণ কৃষি, Grazing ground ground covered with grass for grizing — ত ১ হাৰ, তুণ পাৰৰ কু, To feed on pasture, to supply with grass — ত ঃ চরা, তুণ ক্ষম-কু, To feed on pasture, to graze

Pasty, pis. n পিছক নিশেষ. A small pie of crust rased without a dish —a কাইছুলা, Like paste

Pat, pat স চপ্ট, মৃত্ আৰ্চ কিপ্ত আৰ্ডি . A light quick blow as with the hand or finger — চ ক চপ্টাৰ বাবে ৰাখি ক ৰাখি ত ক, lo tap — a. উপায় . Convenient . exactly suitable

Patch, puch v t তাৰি দে, কৰ্মাৰণে কীৰ্থ সংখ্যক কু, Io mend by swing on a piece, to repair clumsily — টুকরা লইবা হৈয়ার কু, Io make up of pieces — r ঙালি, A piece sewed or put on — ব্যক্ত কুৰি, A plot

Patch up —এক বকম করিল তালিকে; Mend in এন্য wav —তালিতুলি দিলা একবল থাটা কয়া, Mend wo as to present no delect apparently —একমণ্ ক্রিয়া থাড়া কু, Get up —তাড়াতাড়ি কবিমা-কু; ভাড়াভাড়ি ভিছু করিয়া কেনা; To make suddenly or hastily.

Patch-work, pachwurk, n. ডালির কান্ত; Work made up of pieces or patches of all kinds:— ক্রান্তে সম্পন্ন কার্য, ক্রান্তে সমাহিত কার্য; A thing patched up or clumsily executed.

Pate, pat, n. মডিছ; মাধার পুলি; The skull-pan; the crown of the head; the head.

Paten, paten, n. [ L. patina, a plate ] খুটোংসবে উৎকৃষ্ট কৃতি রাখিবার আধার: The plate for the consecrated broad in the Eucharist.

Patent, patent, a. [ L. patens, ppr of patere, to be open ] লাই; প্রতাক, প্রকান ; ক্রমান ; Plain; conspicuous, public, open :—বিশেবৰাণ রক্ষিত; প্রমানবিশ্ব, Protected by special privilege, as by letters patent; spreading.—n. বিশেবাধিকার পত্র; An official document, open but sealed at the foot, conferring a privilege:—ত. f. বিশেবাধিকার পত্র প্রদান কবা বা প্রায়ে হওবা, To grant or secure by a patent. Syn:—(a) evident, manifest, apparent, obvious.

Letters patent-প্ৰকাপ কালাকা প্ৰ!

Patent modicine—পাটেট উম্ ; Medicine sold, labelled with a government stamp.

Patent office, n. Government office for issuing patents.

Patent right—বিশেষ অধিকার; An exclusive right to the use of an invention conferred by government for a certain term of years.

Patent-rolls, n. The records or registers of Patent.

Patentable, patent-a-bl, a. বিশেষ অধিকায় পত্ৰ প্ৰদান বা প্ৰাণ্ডিৰ যোগা; Capable of being patented. Patentee, pa-tent-ए', n. বিশেষ অধিকায়প্ৰাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; One who holds a patent, one to whom a patent is granted.

Paternal, pa-ter'nal, n. [L. paternus, from pater, a father ] পৈতৃক; Pertaming to or derived from a father:—পিতৃত্বা; Fatherly:—পিতৃতিত Hereditory. ad—p. ternally

Paternity, pa-tér'ni-ti. n পিড়াই , জনকছ , পিড়াই কৰিকার বা সৰজ : Fatherhood ; fathership — মূণ , আদি , উৎভব ; উৎপত্তি ; Origination or authorship. Paternoster, pat-ér-nostér, n. ভৱৰা ; বৃষ্টের আখনা ; The Lord's prayer , Christ's piaye..

Paternoster Row, n. প্রনের একটা রাধাব নাম; A street in London, principally occupied by book-sellers.

Path, puth, n [Skr. patha, from path, to go]
রাষা; গাখ; বার্ম'. A way; truck, road.—ব্যবহার,
কাণ্য করিবার রীজি; Course of action or conduct
—উপদেশ; নৈচিক শাসন. Precepts, moral
Government. Syn:—Course, oute, passage,
avenue; track, footway.

Cross one's path—বাধা (প্রদা : Thwart one ; come in one's way so as to thwart one.

Pathetic, pa-thetik, n. [G pathetikos, from pathetin, to suffer ] কৰণ, ন্ধানালী; Affecting or moving the tender entrions; touching all=pathetically, n=patheticalness. Syn.—Affecting, moving; melting, tender, plaintive.

The pathetic—ক্ষেত্ৰ্যিক উন্থোধন বাৰ্ণ্য্যুত্তি ই:

পাচরণ; The style or manner fitted to excite passions, especially emotions.

Pathless, pathles, a. পথরবিত: প্ৰহীৰ; প্রতিক্ বিরহিত; Having no path; untrodden.

Pathologist, pa-tholo-jist, n. নিশাৰ শালভছবিং; রোগনিশালভিক্ত; One versed in pathology.

Pathology, pa-tholo-ji, n. [Gr. pathos, suffering, legos, discourse ] নিশান শান্ত; Science of diseases. a = pathologic, pathological (নিশান নম্মান্ত); ad = pathologically.

Pathos, páthos, n. করণা ; Passion ; deep feeling — প্রকৃত বা গভীরাপুত্তির পারসূচন ; The expression of strong or deep feeling.

Pathway, pathwa. n নোকজন বাডায়াডের রাডা; দক্ষণি পথ; অপ্রশন্ত পথ A foot-path, a way:— কর্মণছতি; দাংদাধিক নিয়ম, A course of life.

Patience, pashens, n. স্কিডা; অধ্যানীয়; Suffering without complaint; perseverance.

Pationce is bitter but its fruit is sweet — সবুৰে মেওৱা কলে।

Tore the patience of job—মতিসহিদু বাজিবৰ বিৰক্ত বোধ-ৰ , Exhaust the patience of Job himself (who was the type of patience).

Patient, páshe-ent, a. [L. patiene, ppr of pati, to sufter] সহিষ্, অন্ধোৰ, অধ্যানা ই Sustaining pain &c, without murmuring; not easily provoked, persevering —n. চিকিৎনাইৰ বাজি; A person under medical treatment ad=patiently. Syn:—(a) Submissive, resigned, unreplining, long-suffering; persevering, persistent, constant. [dumng.

Patient of —সভ করিতে সক্ষা, Capable of en-Patois, pat-was, n. গাহা ওয়া; হত্তর ভাষা; Dialect peculiar to the lower classes, a vulgar dialect.

Patriarch, pátri-árk, n. [ Gr patria, lineage —puter, a father, and arche, a beginning ] বংশাপুসনানুষ্যী পানিবাহিক শাসনক্ষা, কুলপাত, গোষ্টা প্রধান, Father or head or a family:—ধ্যাপ্ত , উপান্তন বুভিডেনী ধ্যানুষ্ঠ , A dignitary superior to an archbishop

Patriarchal, phittiatkal, Patriarchic, phitti-atkik, a কুলগাত সম্বন্ধীত, মহাধ্যক সম্বন্ধীত, Belonging or subject to a patriatch

Patriarchate, pā-tri-ārkāt, n. ধর্মাধানের পদ বা অধিকার; The office or jurisdiction of a Patriarch of church dignity.—পেট্নিটেকর বাদয়ান, The residence of a patriarch.

Patriarchism, pátri-ark-izm, n. বর্ষাধ্যক্ষর
নাসন; পারিব'রিক করার নাসন; Government by a
patriarch; the Government by the head of a
family.

The Patriarchs, n. A term applied to Abraham, Isac, Jacob and his twelve sons.

Patrician, pa-trishan, n. [L. pater, patris, a father ] সম্ভান্ত বাজি; ভালোক, Roman of old nobility; a nobleman:—a. সমান্ত; মহন, Pertaining to a patrician or noblemen; noble.

Patrimonial, pat-ri-mo'ni-al, c. পিছুলোক হয়: পান্ত; পূৰ্বপূৰ্ব চইতে উত্তৰাধিকায়ণতে সৰু; laburged from ancestors, cd = patrimonially. Petrimony, patri-mun-i, n. [ L. pater. patris, a father] रेणकृक-मणिति ; बेहबाधिकात् ; Right or estate inherited from one's fathers.

Patriot, patri-ot, n. [Gr. patrios, of one's father or fatherland ] (मण-शिंडवी ; ब्राम-शिंडवी ; ষাতভ্যির স্বেক : One who loves and serves his nation or native land.

Patriotic, pa-tri-otik, a. परम्पानुबक्तः परमण-হিভৈণী ; Loving one's country :—সাধারণের হিতকর ; Directed to the public welfare. ad=patriotically. Patriotiam, patri-ot-izm, n. चरनमानुत्रान ; चरनम-রোম ; ৰদেশহি: চৰিকা ; Love of one's country.

Patristic, Patristical, a. গৃষ্টধার্থর আনিপুকরণণ-সাকার : Pertaining to the ancient fathers of the Christian church.

Patrol, pa-trul, n. show; পাগৰা; Going the rounds in a watch :-- श्रहती ; श्रीवन्तर्गकाती श्रहती ; Watchman who goes his rounds, mounted police-man:--ত. i. (১)কি-মে, সেনানিবেসে পাহারা দিবাৰ অক্ত পুরিবা বেড়াল , To go the rounds in a camp or garrison: -- v. t. পানারা দিবার করু পরিত্রন্থ-কু, To pass round as a sentry.

Patron, patriin, n. [ L. pater, patris, a father ] अंडिल्गिक ; मुत्रिक : A protector , one who countenances:--ধর্মরার অধিকারী: One who has the gift and disposition of benefice. I the Pope Cardinal patron, n. The prime minister of Patron of learning-বিসোধনাতী ৷

Patron saint-In the Roman Catholic church, some saint as-u ned as a guardian either of

person or of a place.

Patronago, patrun-মj. n. সাহায্য; আৰুবুলা; The support of a patron; special support :-অভিভাবকত, Guardian hip - – ধর্বব্যাদি প্রদান করিব ব অধিকাৰ : The right of bestowing offices, privileges or church benefices.

Patroness, patrun-es, n fem of patron मुत्रक्तिनी। Patronise, pátrun-iz, v. t. দাহায়-কু , আরুক্রা-কু ; विश्वविद्युव बान-कः To support countenance. to assume the air of a patron to; to act as pairon to. n=patroniser. Syn :- Fayour,

Patronymic, pat-ro-nimik, a. [Gr. pater, father, and onoma, name ] গোৱক নাম; গৈতিক ন'ৰ ; The family name.

Patronymic, Patronymical, a. গৈত্ৰিৰ নাম হটতে ন্ম, Derived from the name of a father or ancester.

Patten, paten, n. ucea পাৰ্দেশ, থামের গোলা; The base of a pillar :-- চর্ম্বারকাকে আত্রতা ক্টতে উরত রাণিব'র জক্ত ভরিমত্ব কাগুণাতুকা বিশেব; A wooden clog mounted on an iron ring to raise the feet above water.

Patter, paier, v. i. ठएउए नब-कृ: हर्ने भेट नरब পতिड-5; To strike in quick succession, as hail.

Pattern, patern, n [F. patron, patron and pattern] नम्ता. आवन : मृहाप्त : A model, a sample, an example .-- v. f. नकत-कू , जाननं चत्रनfollowed. Syn :- Archetype, exemplar; original, precedent; specimen, instance; figure, shape, style.

Pattle, n. नाजन-पक ; A plough-staff. Patty, pati, n. क्त शिक्षे विराय ; A little pies :

–ৰা'দ-হুণ ; A pastry, Paucity, paw'sit-e, n. [ L. paucus, sew, little ]

भवाता ; नानका ; Fewness ; smallness of number or quantity. Syn :- Deficiency, exiguity. Paul Fry, n. वनिकात हर्काकारी: Meddling

busy body. to the Apostle Paul. Pauline, paw'lin, a. সাধক পল সহস্কীৰ ; Belonging Paunch, pansh, n. डेम्ब, बाह्यकृति; लाउँ; अधान भाकन्ती; The belly and it contents; the first and largest stomach of a ruminant :-- v. f. পেট / हता ; अब कि जिया वाहिव-कृ ; To piece or rip the belly of ; to exiscerate,

Pauper, paw per, n. গৰিব : দবিদ্ৰ লোক ; কালাল ; ভিশাজীৰী, One maintained in a work-house or at the public expense; a poor person.

Pauperise, paw'per-iz, v t. May-4, Mister উপনীত-ৰু, Te reduce to pauperism. n=pauperi-

Pauperism, paw per-izm, n. ना तजा, नविज्ञा; State of being pauper. Syn .- Poverty, indigence, penury, want, need, destitution, beggary, mendicancy.

Pause, pawz, n. [ O. pausis, from pausin, to cease } বিবৃত্তি; বিরাম; Stop; suspense:-বিরাম চিক্ত , A mark for cessation of the voice: -৩. ১. বিশ্বত-ছ ; To make a short stop. Syn :--(n) Stay, discontinuance, cessation, intermission, interval, respite, interruption, suspense, hesitation, point, cæsura.

Pausingly, pawzing-li, ad. मर्पा मर्पा विश्वक Farl; With pauses, by breaks.

Pave, pav, v. f. ইষ্টক বা অন্তর বদান : প্রভার বারা आक्रांबन-क : To lay or cover with brick or stone :-- প্রস্তুত্ত ; To prepare. n=paver, pavier. Pave the way for-পণ পবিধাৰ-কু, কোনও কিছুর ৰটনা সহজ-কু, Prepare the way for, to render possible or easy :-- কোন কিছুৰ লগু পৰ প্ৰত করা; Facilitate the introduction of.

Pavement, pavment, u. शाका वाला; भाका नात्नव (ACE : A paved causeway or floor

Pavillion, pa-vilvun, n তাবু, পটমতপ; শিবির; A tent , tent-like covering ; building with # dome ; a tent raised on posts :- र. ध छात्र योगान ; পটন্তপ बादा मञ्जिङ-कृ, To turnish with pavi-[ who pares. llions.

Papior, pivyur, n. त अवतानि विक्रत करत : One Paw, n. न्यानिय धारी; यानात्व न्य. The foot of Lea ts of prey --- ए. इ. थाया भाउा , अध्यम मृखिकांट वहन-क ; To draw the forefoot along the ground like a horse -v.t. व्यापन बाजा वर्श-कृ; To scrape with the forefoot :- 4141 4.31; To handle with the paws :-- অগ্রপদ দিবা চাঁচিয়া কেলা; To handle roughly .- column ; To flatter.

Pawed, pawd, a. arent ; Broad-footed. Pawk, n. ভোট জাতীৰ পদা চিট্টো . A small lobster.

Pawky, pawki, a. कृतित : पृष्ठ , Arch. ₹. To copy; serve as an example to be | Pawl, n অগলিকা বিশেষ; গাঁওওয়ানার চাকার অটিক; A short bar; a catch.

Pawn, pawn, # वस्त्र ; वस्त्र द्रांशी सिनित्र ; Something given as security for the repayment of money: -- जाव। (वजात (वाद्ध ; A common piece in chess :-- ग. र. वज्जन-(न ; To give in pledge.

Pawn-broker

Pawn-broker, pawibrök-er, n. বৰ্ষ-এইৰ-কারী; বৰ্ষ্যাতা (উত্তৰ্শ); One who lends small sums on pledge. Syn:—Gage, security. Pawner, pawher, n. বৰ্ষণাতা, বৰ্ষণাতী (প্ৰাৰ্থ); One who gives a pledge as security for money borrowed.

Pawwax, pakśwaks, প্ল. ক্ছণ; বড় বড় পথৰ কৃটি; The strong tendon in the neck of large quadrupeds,

Pay, pa. v. t. [F. paier, L. pacare, to pacify]
ৰণ পরিশোধ-কু; শোধা; To discharge as debt:—
প্রকার-কু; To reward:—আসকাতবা প্রভৃতি লেগনকু; To smear with tar, pitch &c. —সত দে;
শাতি-দে, To punish:—v. i. প্ৰকার-কু; কতিপ্রশ্কু; To recompense:—n. বেত্তন, মজুরি; Salary;
wages:—ভাড়া, Hire pt. p. p. paid. Syn:—(n)
Settle, liquidate. cash, fulfil. compensate,
requite, remunerate; revenge upon.

Be in the pay of—কাহাৰৰ টাকা বাৰজা (টক বেছন নতে কিন্ত বেছন প্ৰকণ), Receive money regularly from some one (not salary for any authorized or legitimate service, but for some service not exactly legitimate).

Full pay-- পुत्र। (दडन।

Pay back-প্রিশাব-ক ; Repay.

Pay court - 393 (44)4 ; To show civilities.

Pay dear for the whistle—To get any advantage at too great cost.

Pay dearly for—কোন কিছুর জন্ত ভ্রমতর দও ভোগ-কু; কেনে কার্য্যের জন্ত শান্তি পাওয়া; Pay a heavy penalty for.

Pay for—(কোন জিনিসের) দাম লংরা; মুনা-দে; ক্ষতিপুরণ-কু; Pay the price of (any purchased); make amends:—কোন মুক্তির ফল ভোগ-কু, পাপের প্রাকৃত্যকু; Atone for something by suffering some punishment; atone for-

Pay homage—সন্থান প্রদান-ক; To render respect; show reverence.

Pay into - कान शाल होका हमा (महन्।

Pay off—দেনা পরিবোধ-কু; Settle with and cet rid of . discharge (a debt):—পাৰনাগৰা বৃষ্টিয়া কিয় কথা হইতে জবাব-দে; Pay and discharge one - - প্রতিধান-কু; To requite:—প্রতিবোধ স্বত্য়; Take revenge upon.

Pay one back—ডাটে দোৰ দেৱলা; ডাটে দোৰা-বোপ-কু, Return a charge.

Pay one back in his own coin—ৰে কাঠার ৰাপ সেই কাঠার পোধ-ৰে; Return like for like, retaliate [to seek in marriage.

Pay one's addresses—প্ৰাৰ্জিন্ন, To court, Pay one's own or the same coin—প্ৰি-শৌষ বুওছা; To retort, to retaliate.

Pay one's respects—সাকাং-ক; To visit as a matter of ceremony or courtesy.

Pay one's score—হিনাবে ঘাঁহা দেনা হয় ভাগ দেৱসা, বে বয়চ লাগে ভাছা খাড়ে পড়া; Pay what one owes, bear the charges.

Pay one's way—নিজের খনচ চালান; জেনা না ক্রিমা নিজের খনচ চালান; Meet one's expenses; meet one liabilities without being in debt. Pay out—বিশ্বত দু হাড়া (বৰা, বৰু); To cause to run out, as rope. [according to ability. Pay scot and lot—স্বাধ্যান্ত কান্ত; Pay taxes Pay the debt of nature—ব্য়া; Die.

Pay the forfeit, Pay the penalty of—ৰণ ভোগ-ড়; কোন ছড়ভিন ৰঞ বন ভোগ-ড়; To suffer for; suffer the punishment incurred by (some misdeed).

Pay the paper—(नवा निवास-इ: क्नास्तान-इ: To settle the bill; to suffer the consequences especially of extravagant, unwise and foolish acts.

Pay the piper -- नमस बड़ा वा स्थाप्त वरन-इ ! Pay up-- नमस (नन) (नाब-इ : नमस नाबना (नाब) ;

Pay punctually or what is required; pay fully. Payable, pa'a-bl, a. तम ; कारम ; निवासनीय ; That ought to be paid.

Paybill, n. List of names and wages due to each.

Payclerk—বে বেডন দেৱ; One who pays wages. Payday—বেডন দিবাৰ দিবন; Day fixed for payments to be made.

Payee, pa-e', n পাওনাদার; অর্থের প্রহীড়া; One to whom money is to be paid.

Paymaster—বে বেতন দেব; বেতনদাতা কর্মচারী; বাদাতা; বেতনসাধ্য; An officer whose duty it is to pay wages.

Payment, pament, n. টাকা কেলা; আপান; প্ৰিৰোধ; The act of paying; that which is paid:—প্ৰচলন, প্ৰশান; Recompense; reward. Pay-office—বেশনে টাকা কেল; The office for the payment of the public money.

Paynim, Painim, n. পোড বিক . A pagan.

Pea, pe, n ৰটাঃ; কলাট; A plant and its seed.
p! = peas ( সংখ্যা ব্যাহতে ); pease ( সমষ্ট বা রাশি ব্যাহতে )।

Peace, pes, n. শান্তি, উৎপাত-নিবৃত্তি; A state of quiet; freedom from disturbance:—সন্তি; Freedom from war:—ব্ৰুভাব, বিৰুভা; Friendliness:—'খন, Harmony, concord:—বিজ্ঞান; Calm; rest.—নিব্ৰভা;, Silence:—int. ভূপ কয়; ঠাণা হও, বিৰু হও; Silence; hist. Syn:—(n) Repose, peacefulness, stillness; concord, amity; truce, armistice.

Bind one over to keep the peace—ৰ্চলেশায় আবদ্-কু; Oblige one to behave well under penalties in case of misbehaviour.

Breach of peace—শান্তি ভল। [ silent. Hold one's peace— চুণ-কৃ; শৌনাবল্যন-কৃ; Be Make one's peace—পুন্দিণ্ড-হ; To reconcile or become reconciled. [ enmity.

Make peace— স্থি-ফু; To put an end to war or Peaceable, pc/a-bl, a. শান্ত; পাত্তিবন্ধ; পাত্তিবন্ধ; আভিন্তন্ধ; (Quiet, tranquil n=peaceableness, ad = peaceably. Syn:—Peaceful, pacific, amicable, friendly; gentle, mild, serene, still, undisturbed.

Peaceful, peilool, a. পাৰিষয়; পাছ; নিষ্ট ; প্ৰপাছ; Quiet; tranquil; still; calm; serene. ad=peacefully (চুলে চুলে); n=peacefulness (ছিয় বা শাস্তুকার)। Syn:—Still, undisturbed, serene; mild, gentle, friendly, amicable.

Peacemaker, pāimāk-ēr, ন. মুগ্ৰ-নংখাগৰ; শান্তি-মংখাগৰ; One who makes or promotes peace by reconciling persons at variance.

Peaco-offering, peal-of'er-ing, n. মললাৰ্থ উৎসৰ্গ ;
ইছদিনিকাম ইম্বোলেন্ডে উৎস্কু নৈনেনা; বলি : Among
the Jews, an offering to God, either in devout
thankfulness for past or petition for future
mercies; satisfaction offered to an offended
person.

Peace-officer, pēsofis-er, n. শান্তি-বন্ধৰ-,
Justice of peace or constable; a police-officer.
Peace-party, pēs-par'ti, n. শান্তি প্ৰদানলখনকানী;
নাননৈতিক সভাদান; A political party advocating
the preservation of peace. [fruit. a=peachy.
Peach, pēch, n. পিচু বাচ ও ফল; A tree and its
Peach-coloured, a. পিচু ক্ৰেব ভান বৰ্ণনিশিষ্ট;
আ-ব্যাহিড; Of the colour of a peach blossom;
pale-red.

Peacook, pekok, n. 1913; He-hen; a large gallinaceous bird remarkable for the beauty of its plumage. fem=peahen.

Pea-hon, n. নমুবী; The female of the pea-cock.
Peak, pek, n. পক্ষেত্ৰত চুড়া; পিবন্ধ; অগ্ৰডাগ,
Sharp top of a bill; a point; the pointed end
of anything, a—peaked; peakish. [a point.
Peaked, pekt, a. ক্ৰাপ্ত. Pointed; ending in
Poskish, pekish, a. বিপন্ধবিদিই; Having peaks.
Pea-jacket, pe'-jaket, n. এক অকান বোটা পানী
কাকেই (ফানা); A coarse thick woolen jacket
worn by scamen.

Pebbled, Pebbly, a. জুম ভগলধ্যম, Full of Peocable, peka-bl, a. [ L. pecco, to sin ] পাপ-আৰ: পাপাৰা, Liable to sin. n=peccability.

Peal, pel, v. i. উজ্জ্বনি-ড়; শন্ত-ড়. To utter or give forth loud or solemn sounds:—v. t. শন্ত কৰিবা আক্রমণ-ড়; ধ্বনিত-ড়; ব'লান; To assail with noise; to celebrate:—n. ধ্বনি; বৃহ্যাল; নিনাল; উচ্চ শন্ত; A loud sound:—পরশার লয়বন্ধ ঘটাখেনী; The changes rung upon a set of bells. Pear.—See Paean.

Pear, par, n. বৃক বিশেষ; রসাল কল নিৰেষ; A tree. Pearl, perl, n. মুকা; মতি; রছ; মণি, Whitish gem; a shining gem, found in several shell-fish; something very precious: a jewel:—a. মণিনম্মীয়; মুকানিমিত; মৌকিক, Made of or pertaining to pearl:—n. t. মণি বাধা আল্মত-কু; মুকা বসান; To set or adorn with pearls.

Cast pearls before the swine—উল্বাৰ স্কা ছান ; Offer something valuable to one who is unable to appreciate it, cast away, waste.

Pearl-diver, n. One who seeks pearls beneath the sea. [ the eye.

Pearl-eyed, a. Having a white speck on Pearl-flahery, n. Where pearls, oysters lie. Pearl-flahing—সমূদ হাতে মুদ্ধা উল্লেখন ৷

A pearl necklace—ব্তির মালা।

Pearl-oyster, n. ওজি ; মৌজিৰ ওজি ; A bivalve from which pearls are obtained.

Pearly, perli, a. যৌজিক; মণিনন্ন; মণিনন্নীয়; বুজাবং, মুজাবর্জ; মুজাবর; Containing or resembling pearls:—বাছ; নির্মাণ; বিগুদ্ধ; Clear; transparent; pure, n=pearliness.

Peasant, pefant, n. [F. paysan, from L. pagus, the country ] কৃষ্ণ ; চাৰা ; A rustic :— s. প্রামা : বামা ; Rustic, rural. Syn :—Countryman, swain, hind.

Peasantry, pežant-ri, প. কৃষক্ষণ; চাৰাস্ক্ল; অফটাৰীসম্পাৰ; Rustics; labourers.

Peat, pet, n. বানের চাণ্ড়া; উদ্ভিদের পঢ়া পিকড়বিশিষ্ট স্বীৱকা; Turf in bogs; a turf cut for fuel. a= peaty.

Pebble, pcbl, n. বৃদ্ধি; ছোট পাধুর; বছ পরকলা; A small rounded stone; transparent and colour-less rock-crystal. a=pebbled.

Peccadillo, pek-a-dillo, n. [L. peccatum, a sin] লয় লোৰ; সামাপ্ত আপয়ান: A petty fault; a venial offence. pl = peccadillos.

Peccant, pekant, a. [L. peccans, ppr. of peccare, to sin] দোৱা; দোবৰারী; অপরাধী; ছই: Transgressing; guilty; corrupt; bad. næpeccancy, ad=peccantly. Syn:—Sinning, erring, guilty, criminal; morbid, not healthy, corrupting, malignant

Peccary, n. দৰিশ ঝামেরিকার প্ররাকার চতুপদ ভছ বিশেষ; A hog-like quadruped in South America.

Peck, pek, n. পরিবাপ বিশেষ; এক ব্লেলের চতুর্বাংশ; A dry measure, 2 gallons or ½ of a bushel:—
v. f. চকু বারা প্রহণ-ক; চকু বারা গুটিরা লওবা; To pick up with the beak:—পূন: পূন: আবাত-ক; চকু বারা ঠোকর মারা; To strike with repeated blows.

Pecker, pekér, n. বে ঠোকর মারে; কাঠটোকরা পাথী; A wood-pecker.

[to find fault.
Peckish, a. কুবিড; ছিলাবেনী; Hungry, disposed Peotinal, pektin-al, a. [L. pecter, pectinis, a comb] চিক্লী সব্দার; চিক্লী সমুল; Pertaining to or like a comb:—n. মুব্ড বিলেব; A fish with bones like the teeth of a comb.

Poctinate, pektin-at. Poctinated, pektinat-ed. a. চিক্ৰীৰ হাজেৰ ভাৱ : চিক্ৰীৰত সমূপ ; চিক্ৰীৰ সভ দীতেজালা ; Resembling the teeth of a comb. n=pectination, ad=pectinately.

Peotination, n. চিক্লীবন্ধ সাধুত; The state of being pectinated.

Pectoral, pektor-al, a. [L. pectus, pectoris, the breast ] বক্ষঃর নম্বনীয়; বক্ষঃ সংক্রায়; Relating to the chest — বক্ষায়নের জানা; A pectoral fin:—বক্ষোবাধান উবধ; A medicine for complaints of the chest.

Poculate, petu-lāt, v. t. [L. peculium, private property] হৰণ; রাজনোবছ ধন অপাইরণ-কৃ;
To steal; embezzle money; rob the public.
n=peculation (বাজনোবছ ধন অপাইরণ; কত এবা
হ্রণ); peculator ( তত এবা হ্রণবারী ) i Syn:—(n)
Misappropriate, purloin, steal.

Peculator, n. श्रांत्र व्यानहत्त्वाकां • One who embezzles public money.

Poculiar, pe-ku'le-ar, a. [L. peculium, private property] fares; untains; uniais; Appropriate; strange; particular; singular. n=peculiarity (fares; fares un; unia; Singularity). ad=peculiarly. Syn:—Private, personal, characteristic, special, specific; unusual, uncommon.

Poculiar to—त्वरण এই व्यास्त वा शक्तिक दार्था गाँव, षक विद्यास वा काशास्त्र तथा गाँव मां ; Belonging exclusively to.

Pecuniary, pe-kū'ni-ar-i, a. [L. pccunia, money] আৰ্থিক; অৰ্থসম্মান, Relating to money. ad=pecuniarily.

Pedagogio, ped-a-gojik, Pedagogical, ped-a-gojik-al, a. মিত-শিক্ষ স্থনীয়, Belonging to a teacher of children:—শিক্-স্থনীয়, Relating to teaching.

Pedagogios, ped-a-gojiks, Pedagogy, peda-goj-i, n. শিকা-বিজ্ঞান; অব্যাপনা-বিজ্ঞান; শিক্ষতা কাব্য; The science of teaching.

Pedagogue, peda-gog, n. [Gr pais, paidos, a boy, agogos, a leader] শিত্তদিগের শিক্ষ, বিদ্যাভিন্যানী; শুক মহাশন্ত ; A teacher of children, schoolmaster; pedant.

Pedal, pedal, a. [ L. pedis, the foot ] পদ নাক্রান্ত; পদ সম্বন্ধীয়, Belonging to foot:—n. বাদ্যবন্ধের বে আংশ পদ ভারা চালিত হয়; পা-দান; A lever or key of a piano or organ moved.

Pedant, pedant, n. পতিতাজিমানী; বিদ্যাভিনানী, বিদ্যাভিনানী; Self-conceited school-master; vain or awkward pretender to learning. a pedantic, pedantical.

Pedantic, Pedantical, a. পাছিলাভিমানী; পাছিতমত , Vainly displaying knowledge.

Pedantry, pedant-ri, n. পাতি সাহিত্যাৰ ; পাতিত্য-আৰপৰ ; A vain and useless display of knowledge.

Peddle, pedl, v. i. ফেরি করিলা বিজয়-কৃ: বিজয়ার্থ কেরি করিলা বেড়ান: To travel about with a bundle of goods for sale, to hawk — v. f. আর অর করিলা বিজ্ঞা-কৃ: পুচরা বিজয়-কৃ; To retail in very small quantities

Peddler, Pedler, Pedlar, pedler, n. কেরি-জ্বালা, One who carries goods about for sale in a box or pack; a hawker, a travelling trader

Peddlery, pedici-i, n. কেরি রবালার বাসনাত্র, The trade of a peddler —কেরি রবালার ভিনিসপত্র; কেরি-জ্বালার স্থান্তবা; The wares sold by a peddler.

Peddling, দ. কেরিওছালার ব্যবসায়, The trade of | a peddler.

Pedestal, pedes-tal, n. [L. pes. pedis, the foot, and It. stallo, a place] অৱস্থ , অন্তৰ প্ৰা-ক্ষেত্ৰ প্ৰাৰ্থ কৰিব। বিজ্ঞান কৰি

Pedestrianism, ন. প্রেল প্রন, পালচারণ; Travelling, walking.

Pedicel, pedi-sel. Pedicle, pedi-kl, n. [l. pes, pedis, the foot j কল বা প্ৰেৰ কুম, পুলাকুম, The little foot stalk by which a leaf or fruit is fixed on the tree.

Pedigree, pede-প্লেট, n. ক্ৰমী, বংশাবদী; বংশাব্-ক্ৰম, বংশপত্তিকা; Lineage, geneology. Syn.— Descent, register of ancestors.

Podiment, pedi-ment, গ ছাতের সমুধভাগে বাৰো-পৰিবিত্ত বিকে'গাকার গাঁথুনি; Triangular part over

an entablature, a-pedimental. [baptism. Pedobaptism, n. (বৃষ্টার্মে) বৈশ্ববীকা, Infant Pedobaptist, n. শৈৰ্ব-দীকাদুরামি, One who holds to infant baptism.

Pedometer, n. পাঁদচারণ-পুরত্মান বস্ত্র বিশেব: পাদ-ক্ষো-গণনার বস্ত্র: An instrument for indicating the number of steps. [ ধ্যে ; A flower-stalk. Peduncle, pe-dung'ki, n. ক্লের ডাঁটা, বে ছড়িতে ফুল Peel, v t. ডক্ বা বছল উন্মোচন-ফু: ছাল পোলা: থোলা ছাড়ান . To strip off the skin or bark; to bare .—গুঠন-ফু; To plunder:—v. i. খুলিরা আনা: To come off:—n. চর্ম; ডুক, বছল; ছাল; The skin, tind or bark. a=peeled.

Peel, n. কটওয়ালার কাটের হাতা বা শাবল: A baker's wooden shovel, a fire-shovel:— কুন্ত কুৰ্ব, A small fortress.

Pooler, n. অক্-ৰোচনকারী; One who peels:—
নুঠনকারী; A plunder:—Slang for Policeman.
Poop, pep, v. t. কুক্টনাবৰের ভার লভ-ক; চি চি
লখ-ক, ডাকা. To cry as a chicken; to chirp:
—উকি বারা, ক্টিন বৃষ্টি-কৃ To look through a
narrow space, to look slyly or closely:—প্রথম
লখা-দে, To begin to appear:—n. কুক্টনাবৰের
ভাক: চি চি লখ, The cry of a chicken, chirp —
উকি, A sly look —উদর হুইডে আরম্ভ, উদর, A
beginning to appear, first appearance.

At the peep of প্রার্থে, প্রথম স্থান ; At the first appearance

Peop of day—প্ৰকৃষ ; প্ৰক's, The first streak of light, early in the morning.

Pooper, pep'er, n. ক্টিৰ দৃষ্টি কেপক, কুকুটপাৰক; One who peeps; a chicken just breaking the shell.

Peephole, Peeping hole, n. কণাটো বে ছিছ দিহা উ'বি মারিলা দেখা বাল ভালা, A hole or small opening through which one may look without being discovered.

Peepul - অখৰ গাছ।

Peer, per, v: দৃষ্টপোচর-ফ, ফর্নন দেওরা , উপস্থিত ৮, To appear '—কুটল দৃষ্টিপাত-ফু, To look narrowly উ'কি মারা', To peep

Peor, pēt. n. [ L. par, paris, equal ] অভিকাত; বুনীন, লৰ্ড সভাব দত : A nobleman, a member of the house of Lords —সমক্ষ, সমত্ৰ্যা বাজি. An equal, a match —সদী; সহায়; A comrade, an associate feg=peeress.

Peerage, peria, n কুশীনের পল; অভিজাতা; The rank or dignity of a peer —কুলীন জনসমূত; অভিজাত সম্প্রদার; The body of peers.

Peorless, pēr'ies, a. জড়ল; অনুসৰীয় , অনুসৰ , Matchless ad = peerlessly, n=peerlessness. Syn —Unequalled, incomparable, superlative, unsurpassed

Peevieh, prvish, a. খিট্ছিটে; কোপন্তভাৰ, বিয়ক্তি জালক; Habitually fretful, easily annoyed n=peevishness (বিট্ছিটে ভাৰ); ad-speevishly (রাগত হয়।): Syn —Cross, ill-natured ill-tempered, testy, spleeny, irritable, waspish captious, discontented, petulant.

Pog, peg, n. (file; shop; (file); Wooden nai or pin .—w. f. (file sin see; shop first with a peg. a = pegged.

Bagged, pegd, a. कीवक बाबा मरवक ; कीवकविनिष्ठ ;

Fastened or furnished with pegs.

Postop, n. পিপ্ৰবিষয় ক্রীড়ানক বিশেষ; A child's plaything for spinning.

Pekoe, peko, n. হুপৰি কৃষ্ণ চা ; A scented black Pelagian, a. সামৃত্যিক ; Pertaining to the sea.

Pelagian, n. পেল্ৰিয়ন সন্থাসীর পিবা; A follower of Pelagius, a British monk.

Pelagianism, n. পেনেজিয়স-দীতি; The doctrines of Pelagius.

Pelargonium, n. নানা প্রকার কুলগাছ; A genus of beautiful flowering plants.

Polf, pelf, n. wa; an; Money, riches; love of money; generally in an ill sense.

Pelican, peli-kan, n. হলচৰ পকী বিশেষ; A large water-fowl. [পাচনেট; A roll of parchment. Pell, pel, n. [ L. pellis, a skin or hide ] পত্তৰ্ম. Pellet, pelet, n. [ L. pila, a ball to play with ] ভূদি; ছিটে; A little ball.

Pelleted, c. ছোট বৰ্ণ্যর ভাল ধারা আহত; Furnished with pellets, pelted, as with bullets. Pellicle, peli-kl, স পুদ্ধ চর্ম, পুদ্ধ চক; বিলী; Thin skm. c=pellicular.

Pellisse, pe-les, n. [L. pellis, a skin] ব্লীলোকের বেশমি পোবাক বিশেষ; মহিলাদিগের গটদারিক্ষদ বিশেষ: Furred robe; woman's silk cloak; a silk habit worn by ladies.

Pell-mell, a. (बाजबान : बनहुन : बानांसाला छात : With confusion hurry, and violence, promiscuously.

Polluoid, pei-lu'sid, a. [L. per, very, and lucidus, clear, bright] = [447, Transparent; clear, n=pellucidness, ad=pellucidly Syn:—Limpid, crystalline, not opaque.

Polt, pelt, ম. লোমনুক চর্ম, অগরিসত পত্তর্ম; A raw hide; an undressed hide:—বাংশকীর ছিত্র-ভিন্ন শিকার: The quarry or prey hawk, all torn.—নিকিন্ত বন্ধর অংবাত, A blow from something thrown:—v. t. কেলিয়া বাবা; নিকেপ-কু; To throw or cast.

Pelted to death—अवस्थार इंड ।

Polting, petring, n. অন্তরাধাত, তিল-ছোডা, An assault with anything.

Poltry, pelfri, n. লোগৰ করে চর্ম ; লোম . The skins of animals producing fur sturs.

Polvis, pcivis, a ব্যাল-গছর , ব্যার নির্দেশ, The bony cavity forming the lower part of the abdomen.

Pen, pen, n. কলম; নেখনী, Quill, instrument used for writing:—বৌধাট; A small inclosure; a coop:—v. f. বছ-ফৃ. বৌধাড়ে বছ-ফৃ: To shut up; to shut in a small inclosure.—নিখা; বিশেষ-ফু: To write.

Pen and Ink-লিপিড; In writing.

Ponal, pe'nal, a. [L. poenalis, from poena, punishment] শতবিবাৰক; শতবাৰীয়; লহাই; Pertaining to punishment; incurring punishment. adespenally. Syn:—Punitive, retributive; corrective. [ment of crimes. Penal-code—শতবিধিয় আইন; Code for punish-Penalty, penal-te, n. কভ; শাভিবিধান; অৰ্থত; শহিনাৰা; Personal or pecuniary punishment;

a fine; mulet. Syn: .- Forfeiture, amercument, penal retribution.

Penance, penans, n. আমণিত; পাগক্ষার্থ কৃত্ত-নাবা কার্য; Suffering; voluntary or unforced for sin; penitence.

Pence, pens, n. Plural of penny.

Penchant, pang'shang, ন. এবণ্ডা; আস্কি; অবৃতি; Inclination; bias; decided taste.

Pencase, Penholder, n. An article for holding a pen or nib when writing.

Pencil, pensil, n. তুলী: তুলিকা; সীসক-লেখনীঃ পেলিল; Black led or other instrument or brush for writing or drawing:—কিন্তুগানা; কিন্তুলাল; Collection of rays of light converging to a point:—চিত্ৰ বা অছন বিদান, The art of painting or drawing:—v. t. পেলিব বাবা লেখা; চিত্ৰ-কু; স্বা-কু; To write, sketch or mark with a pencil; to paint or draw; to delineate. a—penciled.

Pencilled, ন. পেলিল ছারা বিভিত্ত বা আছিত; Written or marked with a pencil:—কিরণোজন; বিভাগিত, Radiated.

Pencilling, n. fast at was fast; asi; The art of writing or sketching; a sketch.

Pencutter, n. কলৰ-প্ৰস্তুভকারী; One who makes pens:—কলম কাটিবার যন্ত্র; An instrument for making pens.

Pendant, pendant. n. [L. pendeo, to hang]
ল্বান আগ: ল্বান এবা; Something that
hangs:—কৰ্তৃত্য, মূল; কগিত্যা; An ear-ring:
—প্তাকা বিশেষ; A long narrow flag, worn at
the head of the principal mast of vessel of war;
streamer or pendant at the mast-head.

Pendence, Pendency, n. দোলায়মান বা দিনছান অবস্থা; অনিশান্তি; A hanging in suspense, the state of being undecided.

Pondent, peadent, a. [L. pendens. ppr. of pendere, to hang] লম্মান, বিস্থিত: বাষ্টিত: Hanging, projecting; suspended. Sym:—Suspended, drooping, pendulous, pensile.

Pending, punding, u. আনপার, নিরাবলম্ব ; মনিশা-বিত ; মুনজুবী , বিচারাধীন ; Remaining undocided ; not terminated .—prep. সম্বেদ মধ্যে ; ব্যাপিরা ; During.

Pending the trial—ales (साममन। विलक्षित है है।
Pendulous, pendulus, a. [L. pendulus, from pendulus, to hang | (सानाहतीत, नपताब; (सामुहासान, Swinging; hanging; suspended from above; pendulus-ness, pendulous-ness, pendulous-

Pendulum, pendulum, n. [L. pendulus, hanging] (wind, nigurial; Any weight so hing or suspended from a fixed point as to swing freely.

Ponetrable, pene-tra-bl, a. (पा; (पारीक्ष: fqrest): (क्ष्म), Capable of being pierced by another body:—पात्रपाचन; Capable of having the mind affect of n=penetrability.

Ponetrate, pene-trat, v. t. বিশ্ব-ক ; To pience into:—প্রবেশ-ক ; To entire:—সন্তিশ-ক ; বর্ষে আঘাত-ক ; To affect the feelings:—স্পাধানা ; বোধনা-ক ; To understand:—বাহিন-ক ; To find

erry. : To pass inwards. Syn :-- Pierce, bore, perforate; touch, affect; discern, comprehend. Penetrate into-fests stay-7; Make way into the interior of :-ভিতৰের কথা বুৱা; Comprehend the inner meaning of. [ with. Be penetrated with-जन्म ; Be pervaded Penetrating, pene-trat-ing, a. 374; Sharp:-रुत वृक्षि ; जीक वृक्षि : Discerning ; acute ; quick to understand :- विक्वांदी ; Piercing or entering. Penetration, pen-F trashun, n. 2777: The act of entering :-- হন্দ্ৰ বৃদ্ধি , তীকু বৃদ্ধি ; বৃদ্ধিব ভীকুড়া , বিচৰণতা, Acuteness; discernment, sagacity. Syn :- Insight, sagaciousness, sharpness, discrimination.

Penetrative, pene-trat-iv, a. প্রবেশনীন, ভেদ-কারী; প্রবেশপ্রবণ: Tending to penetrate.— বিচৰণ; তীক, স্ক; Sagacious:—মনৌমুক্কর; Affecting the mind.

Penguin, peh-gwin, Penquin, pehqwin, n. অবচর গকী বিশেষ; An aquatic bird in the southern hemisphere.

Peninsula, pen-ińsu-la, n. [ L. farne, almost, insula, an island ] প্রায়েখিল, উপথিপ ; A piece of fand nearly an island; a portion of land so surrounded by water as to be almost an island. Peninsular, pen-ińsu-lar, a. উপথিপ্যথার ; প্রায়েখিপ-সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to a peninsula:—
তথ্যস্থানী ; প্রায়েখিপ্রামী ; Inhabiting a peninsula:

Ponitones, peńe-tens, n. গাণের রম অবভাগ; অব্যোগে; Sorraw for sin. Syn:—Repentance, contrition, compunction, remorse.

Penitent, pene-tent, a. [ L. poenitens, pfr. of poenitere, to repent ] মনুতত্ত্ব; পাণের মন অনুতাপ-কারী; Contrite; repentant, sorry for sin:—
n. অনুতত্ত্ব ব্যক্তি; One grieved for sin; one underpenance. ad=penitently.

Penitential, pen-1-tenshal, a. অন্তাপজনিত. অন্তাপস্চক; অন্তাপন্তালক; Pertaining to or proceeding from penitence, pertaining to or expressive of penitence.—n. প্রাথকিত্যি এক. A book containing rules relating to penance ad-penitentially.

Penitential pasims—ৰকুতাপ্ৰকাৰক ভৱন; Psalms expressive of contrition.

Penitentiary, pen-i-tehshar-i, a. প্রাফ্ডির-বিবরক; প্রার্কিন্তর জান্ত: অব্তাপস্থান্ত: Penitential — ল. অব্তর্গ বাঞ্জি: প্রায়ক্তিরভারী. A penitent — প্রায়ক্তিন কবিনার সান. প্রায়ক্তির-কৃষি, A place for penance — কারাপার, অপরাবীদ্ধের সংশোধনাপার A house of correction for offenders. Penknife, pehnif, n. কলম কাট্টা ছুরি; A small knife for mending pens.

[ an author. Penman, penman, n. লেশক; গ্রহকার, A writer, Penmanship, pehman-ship, n. লিশিবার কৌশন, জ্পি-ক্ষেতি; Art of writing,

Pennant, penant, Pennon, penun, n. বৃত্ত প্রভাৱ , বাৰা ; A small flag ; a banner.

manner of writing

Broad penuant, n. A square flag of a Commodore carried at the masthead. Pennate, penst, Pennated, penst-ed, s. [L. penna, feather, wing] ভানাবৃত্ত; ভানাবিশিষ্ট; পক্ষিপিষ্ট; Winged.

Penniless, pen-i-les, a. কণ্ডকৰ্ড; করিড; নিংম; Without money; poor.

Pennon—See pennant.
Penny, peni, n. ইংলভীৰ ভাৰ মুদ্ৰা; আৰ মুই প্ৰদা;
A copper coin = মুদ্ৰ of a shiling; four farthings:
— আৰ্; টাকা, Money in general. pl=pennies
( Denoting the number of coins); penca (the amount of pennies in value).

Ponny-a-liner, pen-a-liner, n. বেডাপুৰ বেশক; A casual contributor to a newspaper, who furnishers matter at id. or ild. per line; a writer for pay.

Penny-father-Tyle : A miser.

Penny-royal, pen-i-roy-al, n. छोड्डिय विस्पेद ;
A species of atomatic plant.

Ponny-wooding, n. A wedding, where the guests contribute to the festival and the household outfit.

Penny-weight, pehrwat, n. ওলন পরিষাণ বিশেষ ; থেগ ; Twenty-four grains of troy weight.

Penny-wise, a मूरे ३११, Saving small sums at the hazard of larger.

Penny wise and penny foolish—বছ আটুনি ক্যাগোৰা; দৃষ্ট-কৃপা, Careful about small savings but careless about larger gains.

Ponnyworth. peńi-wurth, দ. প্ৰায় হই প্ৰদা মূল্যেৰ ছব: লাভজনৰ বাপোৰ; ক্ৰিয়াজনৰ স্থাপ ; A penny's worth of anything, a good bargain.

Pensile, pensil, a. [L. pendo, to hang]
লক্ষাৰ, দোহুল্যমাৰ; Hanging, suspended.

Pension, penshun, n. পেলেন, বুৰি, মানিক বা ক'বিক বুৰি. A stated allowance to a person in consideration for past services — n.t. পেলেন-দে; ব'ভাগৰ-ক, To grant a pension.

Ponsion off—completel feeth. Cause one to retire from service by the grant of a pension, discharge with a pension.

Pensionary, penshun-ar-i, a. বৃত্তিভাগী; বৃত্তি-ঘটিঃ, বৃত্তি-মুখ্পীয়, Receiving a pension; consisting of a pension — n. বৃত্তিভাগী বোৰ; One who receive, a pen ion.

Pensioner, penshun-er, দ. বৃত্তিৰাৰী লোক, গ্ৰহ্ম, One who receives a pension; a dependant.

Pensive, pensive, a চিত্তানীল, থানবছ ; Thoughtful with sadness, reflecting. n=pensiveness (খ্যানপ্ততা), ad=pensively. Syn—Thoughtiul, meditative, reflective, dieamy; sober, sad, melancholy.

Pont, pent, pa. p. of pen, with; Shut up.

Pontschord, penta-kord, n. [Gr. pente, five, chorde, string] প্ৰত্যীক বাণ্যত্ত, A musical instrument with five strings.

Pentagon, penta-gon. n. [Gr. pente, five, and gonta, angle] পক কোব: পক্ষ সামতালৰ কোৱা; A plane figure having five angles and five sides. a—pentagonal. [equal sides. Pentahedral, a. সমপ্ত পাৰ; Having five Pentahedron, pentahedron, n. [Gr. pente,

five, and hedra, seat, base ] সম প্ৰণাৰ খনকেন; A solid figure having five equal sides.

Pontameter, pen-tame-ter, n. { Gr. pente, five, and metron, a measure } E: वादिष्य ; नक्षणि (स्रोक ; A verse of five measures or feet:
—a. नक्षणी ; Having five feet.

Pentangular, pen-tang'gul-ar, a. প্ৰ বেশ-বিশিপ্ত; প্ৰকৃষ্ণি, Having five equal angles.

Pentarchy, pen-tar-ki, n. [Gr. pente, five, arche, rule] no sife six offer six; Government by five persons.

Pentatouch, penta-tilk, a. { Gr. pente, five, and tenchos, a book ] বৃষ্ণৰ প্ৰাৰ্থ প্ৰায় প্ৰায় ব্যায় প্ৰায় কৰা দিন first five books of the Old Testament. a= pentateuchal.

Pentateuchal, a. খুটবর্ত্ত-প্রাণের প্রথম প্রথম্ব সংস্থান্ত ; Pertaining to the Pentateuch.

Pentecost, penter-kost, n. ইছৰ দৈয় উৎসৰ, ইছমাদের প্ৰা : A solemn festival of the Jews celebrated on the 50th day after the feast of the Passover. ampentacostal. [Pentecost. Pentecostal, a. পেণ্টেক্ট সংক্রান্ত : Pertaining to Penthouse, n. penthows, n. বহিঃস্ক : বাসবাদীৰ সংস্কার কৃমির : A shed hanging out from a building.

Pent-roof, pent'rতেনি, স. কেবল একলি'ক ভালু ছাল , A roof with a slope on one side only.

Penult, pe-nult, Ponultima, pe-nulti-ma, n. [L. paene, almost, ultimus, last ] এখোৰ অধিৰ পদাৰ, The syllable last but one.

Penultimate, pe-nulti-mat. a. ইপাস্ত: একোণ অভিম. Last but one:—n. একোণ অভিন পদাংশ, The penult.

Penumbra, pe-numbra, n. [L. paene, almost. and umbra, shade] চন্দ্রগাদির গ্রহণকালীন অপ্ত্রাস. চন্দ্রাদির গ্রহণকালীন ক্ষণ ছায় , A partial shadow round the perfect shadow of an eclipse:—চিত্রের বে আলে ছায় ও আলোক মিশিচ জয়, The part of a picture where the shade blends with the light.

Penurious, pe-no're-us, a. [L. penuria, scarcity, want] वावक्षे . कृषी : कृषीवाची . Sordid : miserly : not liberal : not bountiful. s= penuriousness, ad=penuriously. Syn:—Avaricious, covetous, niggardly, parsimonious, griping, close-fisted, stingy

Ponury, penti-re, n [L. penuria, hunger] দরি-জা : দারিলা : নি:বহা , Poverty. Syn .—Want, indigence, beggary, destitution, privation.

Peon, pe'on, ম. পাদচারী; সহিস. পেযালা; ভূড্য, A footman; a pedestrian; a servant.

Poony, s. TT TE; A plant having beautiful flowers.

People, pč'pl, প. লোক; বাজি: দেশনানী লোক;
Persons generally; inhabitants:—জাতি; A
nation:—ইন্তঃলোকসমূহ, সাধাৰণ লোক: প্রজা; The
vulgar; the populace:—v. t. লোক বারা পূর্ব-কু;
ব্যবিষ্ণিক; To stock with people or inhabitants. planpeoples (জাতি; races; tribes). Syn:—
Tribe, race; population, folks, public, community, mob, masses.

Peoples, n. pl. wifenge; Races, tribes.

Pepper, pep'er, n. ব্রিচ বা উহার বৃক্ষ; A plant, and its seed:—». t. মরিচ ভিটাইরা-বে; ইনিচ সংযুক্ত-কু; To sprinkle with pepper.

Pepper-corn, pépér-korn, n. 对语言; The corn or berry of the pepper-plant:—可知 证明; Something of little value.

Peppermint, pep'er-mint, #. কটু গাছ বিশেষ; ভাষা হইতে পরিশত অবা; A species of aromatic pungent like pepper; a liquor distilled from the plant.

Peppery, pep'ér-i, a. গ্ৰম; কটু; Hot; pungent. Pepsene, pep'sin, n. [Gr. pepsis, digestion] গাৰ্চক ৰাসের উপাদান বিশেষ; One of the essential constituents of the gastric juice, used in the process of digestion.

Poptic, pep'tik, n. [Gr. pepto, to digest] প্ৰিপাৰ-লংকাৰ, প্ৰিপাৰ-নহাৰ; Relating to or promoting digestion.

Peradventure, per-ad-ventur, ad. বৈৰাৎ বোৰ হয়, দৈবাং, হইলেও হইভে পারে; By chance, perhaps.

Perambulate, per-ani-bui-at, e. t. [ L. per, through, and ambulo, to walk ] ভিডঃ বা উপর দিয়া বাঙহা; প্যল-ফু; To walk through or over, to pass through; to survey. n=perambulation.
Perambulation, n. ভিতর দিয়া প্রন: পরিবর্ণন;
A travelling survey

Perambulator, per-ambūl-āt-or, n. রাজা নাগ করা বয় বিশেষ . An instrument for measuring distances on roads .—ছেলের গাড়ি; শিতাদিগের কুল শকট : A low carriage for a child.

Perceivable, per-seva-bl, a. ইন্দ্রির-গোচর; Capable of being perceived. ad = perceivably. Perceiva, per-sev. v. t. [ L. per, and capere, to take, receive ! দৃষ্ট-কু; বৃধিতে গারা, To see, to discern, to understand:—ইন্দ্রির গারা কিবার-কু, ইন্দ্রির গারা ভানিতে গারা; অনুভব-কু; To get knowledge of by the bodily senses; to feel. n=perceiver. Syn:—Observe, note, descry, behold, discern, understand, know, comprehend, feel.

Porcentage, per-sen'aj, n. শত করা ছাড়; শত-করা ছাড়; Allowance given on a hundred; rate per cent. [of being perceptible. Perceptibility, n. অনুভ্ৰনীয়তা; The quality Perceptible, per-sep'te-bl. a. ইন্তিয়ালাটন; অনুভ্ৰনীয়, জাত্ৰা; বোৰগন্ম; That can be per ceived; that may be known; discernible. n = perceptibility. ad=perceptibly. Syn:—Visible, apparent, perceivable.

Perception, per-sep'shun. n. উপনত্তি; অনুভূতি;
অনুভা পত্তি . প্ৰভাক জান , অভিছ বেখি; The power,
act, or state of receiving knowledge of external things by impressions on the senses;
discernness; idea; notion, conception. Syn:—
Seeing, discernment, observation, sense, taste,
sensation; cognition, apprehension, understanding.

Perceptive, per-septive, a. अवस्त्रका ; स्त्रिका ; Having the power of perceiving or descerning. Perceptivity, per-sept-ivi-ti, n. अवस्त्रका ; स्त्रिकाह ; The quality of being perceptive. Perch, perch, ল. পকীর বাঁড; Pole; rod; roost for birds:—পরিবাণ বিশেষ; ধান গল: A measure of length of five yards and a half; the fortieth part of a rood:—মণ্ড বিশেষ; মণ্ড আভি বিশেষ; A voracious fresh water-fish; a genus of fishes:—৮. ৫. বাঁড়ে বলা; বাঁড়ের উপর বলা; To set or roost on a perch; to settle:—৮. ৫. বাঁড়ে বলা; বাঁড়ের উপর বাঁড়ের তলর a on a perch; বাঁড়ের উপর বাঁড়ের উপর বাঁড়ের উপর বাঁড়ের ভাগর বাঁড়ার বাঁড়ের ভাগর বাঁড়ের ভাগর বাঁড়ার বাড়ার 
Perchance, per-chans, ad. ঘটনাক্ষম ; বোৰ ইন ; বৈবাৰ ; ইইলেও ইইডে পাৰে ; By chance ; perhaps. Percher, percher, n. দ্ৰোগবেদী ; বুকোগবেদী প্ৰা, A bird that perches on trees.

Percipient, c. অনুভৰকারী, অনুভূতিসভি সভার, অনুভৰ করিতে সক্ষয়; Perceiving; having the faculty of perception:—n. অনুভৰকারী লোক; One who perceives.

Percolate, per'kō-lāt, v. f. or i. [ I., per, through, and colare, to strain ] siel. Misses; Te filter. n=percolation. Syn.—Filtrate, strain, transude, core

Percolation, n. পৰিক্ষতি, The act of filtering.
Percolator, per'ko-la-tor, n ছানিবাৰ পাত ; পরিক্ষতি-বন্ত , A filtering vessel; a filtering machine.
Percussion, per-kushin, n. [L. per,
thoroughly, and quatio, to shake ] ধাৰা, সজোৱে
নাম্বৰ্ণ; Collision the striking of one body:
ক্ষতি বিবরে শব্দের ধারণা, Impression of sound on
the ear.
[tonating cap
Percussion gun, n. Gun fired with a de-

Perdition, per-dish in, n 「L. perditio, from perdere, to lose ] 利利, 法证明, 统治; Ruin, utter destruction; eternal death; entire loss.
Peregrinate, per'e-grin-at, v. 1. 医利力, To

Percussive, per-kusiv, a. Attil . Striking

travel abroad: - first 447-\$; To live in a foreign country. n=peregrination.

against.

Peregrinative, n. পৰিজ্ঞণ; বিজেশে বাস; The act of travelling about; abode in foreign countries. [One who travels about. Peregrinator, per'e-grin-āt-or, n. অমণকারী, Peramptory, per'emp-tor-e, a. [L. per, entirely, and emo, to take] ব্লিভিড; বুডাগুৰত্ব; সুড়া, কল; Authoritative; dogmatical, dec..ive. m=peremptoriness. ad=peremptorily. Syn:—Absolute, positive, categorical, imperative, arbitrary.

Peronnial, per-enne-al, a. [L. per, through, and annus, year] বৰ্ণবাপী; বৰ্ণবামী, চিন্নবারী; বিভা, Lasting through the year or more than two years; perpetual, continuing:—n. A plant that lasts through the year or more than two years. ad = perennially. Syn:—(a) Enduring, permanent, uninterrupted, deathless, immortal Per favour of—(সামান্ত ভূড়া অপেনা উক্ত) কোন বোকের মানকং; Through (one who is above a menial servant).

Perfect, perfekt, a. [ L. perficere, to perform, finish ] সম্পূৰ্ব: পূৰ্বাষ : Complete, wholly finished .— বোৰপুত্ত ; নিজনত্ব ; বিশ্বভাৱিত , সম্ভাৱনীত Faultiess; possessing every moral excellence

—সপ্ৰিণ নিপুণ; Completely skilled or acquain ted:—গড; সমাপিকা; In grammar, expressing an act completed:—৩. ১. সপুণ্-ড়; নমাধা-ড়ং পেব-ড়; To finish; to complete. মঞ্চলনিতাতে. Syn:—Consummate; whele, entire; blameless, unblemished, immaculate.

Perfectible, per-fekti-bl, a. বাহা সম্পূৰ্ণ ভাষ ভাষ ;
পূৰ্ণান্ত কমন্ত্ৰীয় ; That may be made perfect. n=
perfectibility.

Perfection, per-fekshun, n. প্রাচা; Completeness; the state of being perfect:—শ্রেষ্ট কৌশন; Great skill:—উৎকা; Excellence:—কা; সন্মুর্বি আন; An endowment; a perfect quality or acquirement:—গ্রাকাটা; Acme. n-perfector. Syn:—Perfectness, maturity.

To perfection—সম্পূৰ্ণরূপ; কৌশল বারা; Perfectly:—অত্যন্তন; In the highest degree of excellence.

Perfectionist, per-fekshun-ist, দ্ব. ধর্মনীভিতে বা বাজনীভিতে ধ্যাচ অপুরাগী; An enthusiast in religion or politics. n=perfectionism

Perfective, per-fektiv. a. সম্প্ৰায়ী; প্ৰচানাথৰ-সমূল . Tending to make perfect. ad - perfectively.

Perfectly, perfekt-li, ad. সম্প্রিলে; টিক; প্রিলে বধাবৰভাবে; Completely; exactly. Perfectness, perfekt-nes, a. উৎকৃষ্টতা; পূর্ণতা;

हड्डम , छे९कन , Consummate excellence.

Perfidious, per-fide-us, a. বিধানখাতৰ ; অবিধানী Treacherous ; unfaithful. n = perfidiousness.

Perfidy, per'ic-de, n ( L. perfidus, faithless ) বিবাদ্যাত্ত্যা; Treachery. Syn:—Faithlessness, trenchery, disloyalty.

Perfoliate, per-foliate a [ L. per, through, folium, a leaf ] Between gamestage; Surrounding the stem at the base.

Porforate, pet'sō-rāt. n. t. [ L. per, through, and forare, to bore ] বিশ্ব-কৃ; ছিন্ত-কৃ; সজিন্ত-কৃ; ডেন্ত-কৃ; To pierce; to make a hole through; to bore though. n=perforation. Syn:—Penetrate, drill.

Perforation, n. (काम: कक्षत्र मधानक क्रिक: The act of borning or piercing through.

Perforator, perforation, ন. ভিত্ৰ করিবার বস্ত : বিদ্ধ করিবার বস্ত ; An instrument for perforating orbor ing.

Perforce, per-for', ad. বলপুৰ্বক: সবলে; থাবন-রূপে; By force; violently; of necessity.

Perform, per-form, v. t. [L. per, through, and fournir, to furnish] সম্পাদ্ধ, সমাধাদ্ধ; To carry out; to bring to completion; to achieve; to act:—v.i. আভিনয়-মৃ; To act a part —বন্ধ বাদন-মৃ; বাদিত-মৃ; To play, as on a musical instrument. Syn:—Execute, discharge, accomplish, do, transact, achieve, effect, complete; observe, fulfil, meet; enact, act, play.

Performable, per-forma-bl, a. স্পাস ; সাম ; Practicable : capable of being performed.

Performance, per-formans, n. সম্পাদন; The act of performance: --কাবা; কর্ম, Deed; action, any public act:—মানিদান; An exhibition.

Syn :- Completion, execution, accomplishment; work, act, exploit, feat.

Performer, per-former, ন. সম্পাদনকারী: কৌশন-প্রকৃতিক: অভিনয়কারী: অভিনেতা; One who performs, esp. One who makes a public exhibition of his skill; an actor.

Perfume, per'lum, n. [ L. per, thoroughly, and fumus, fume] হগৰ: সৌরভ; সুরভি এবা; হগৰি এবা; হগৰি এবা; Sweet odour; fragrance; scent; aroma:—v. t. স্বালিড-কৃ; সুগৰি-কৃ; To scent.
Perfumer, per-lumer, n. সুরবি এবা বিশ্বকারী;

च्यकि-विद्रका; One who or that which perfumes, one who trades in perfumes.

Perfumery, per-lumér-i, n. মুগৰি ক্ৰয়সমূহ; ক্ৰগৰি ক্ৰয় প্ৰস্তুত কৰণ; Perfumes in general; the act of

Perfunctory, per-fungktor-i, a. আনহায় কৃত; আননোবোগপূৰ্থক কৃত; ডাফ্টোলাসহকারে কৃত; ডুজ, Negligent; carelessly done; careless; slight. ad-perfunctorily. n-perfunctormess.

Perhapa, per-haps, ad. বোধ হয় : সম্বত্য : ইনেও মুটতে পাৰে : By chance : it may be ; possibly. Syn:—Perchance, peradventure. [or elf. Pori, pe'ri, n. পরী : An imaginary female fairy Pericardium, per-i-kardium, n. [Gr. peri, around. kardia, heart ] মুহ সেইজ ; সম্বত্য কোন্ত : Thin membrane surrounding the heart. a—pericardial, pericardian, pericardic.

Perioarp, per'i-karp, n [Gr. peri, around, and karpos, fiuit?] बीक्टकांव, A seed vessel. a=pericarpial.

Pericranium, per-i-krani-um. n. f Gr. peri, around, kranion, the skull and rest fast. The membrane that surrounds the cranium.

Porigos, per't-je, n ( Gr. peri, near, ge, the earth ) চন্দ্রন্তের সমাপেকা পৃথিধীর নিকটবরী ছল, চন্দ্রক্ষের হৈ বিক্ পৃথিধীর অভি নিকটবরী, The point of moon's orbit nearest the earth.

Perihelion, per-i-he'h-on, Perihelium, per-i-he'h-um, n. কোন এই বা ধ্যকেত্র ককেব যে বিস্থায়ের অভি সরিছিত, The point of the orbit of a planet or comet nearest to the sun;—opposed to Aphelion.

Peril, per'il, n. [F. L. periculum, from G. peiraein, to try ] বিপদ; আপদ; অপিট্রান্ত .

Danger .—v. t. বিপদম্ভ-ফ; To expose to danger; to endanger. Syn:—(n) Risk. hazard, jeopardy, venture; insecurity, exposedness.

At one's peril—করিবে বিপদ কটিবে; With risk or danger to one.

Perilous, per'il-us, a. বিপদম্বন; বিপদস্কন, বিপদস্কন, বিপদস্কন, Dangerous; hazardous; risky.

n = perilousness, ad = perilously.

Perimeter, per-infe-ter. n. [Gr. peri, around, metron, measure] সামতলিক ক্ষেত্ৰৰ সীমাত্তক হেখা বা বেখাসমূহের সমষ্টি. Boundary or length of a plane figure; the sum of all the sides of a plane figure.

Perimetrical, per-im-etri-kal, a. সামতলিক ক্ষেত্ৰৰ বহিংছ নীমান পৰিমাণ-সংক্ৰাম্ভ; Pertaining to the perimeter.

Period, perc-ud, n. [G. periodos, a going

round] সময়; Time:—আছ; End:—প্ৰজেই; A full stop [.]:—সম্পূৰ্থা; Complete sentence:—কাল্ডফ; বংসর পর্যায়; Cycle; series of years:—পরিসমাধি; Conclusion. Syn:—Date, age, era, epoch; duration, continuance; bound, end, conclusion; termination; stop.

Periodic, pē-ri-odik, Periodical, pē-riodik-al, a. সাময়িক; পর্যায়ক্রমে সংঘটননীল; Lasting or happening at periods. ad=periodically.

Periodical, pe-ri-odik-al, n, সামদ্বিক প্রিকা; সামদ্বিক পর ; A magazine or other publication which appears in parts at regular periods.

Periodicalist, Periodical, pe-ri-od'ik-al, n. নাময়িক পঞ্জিকা লেখক; One who writes in a periodical.

Periodicity, pē-ri-o-disit-i, त. সাব্যিক व्यवद्या ; সাব্যিকভ ; State of being periodical.

Periosteum, n. wir-city; A fibrous skin covering the bones.

Peripatetio, per-i-pa-tesik, a. [Gr. peri, about, paleo, to walk] প্ৰতিট্নেত কৰি বিজ্ঞান সংক্ৰান্ত:
Pertaining to the philosophy of Aristotle, who is supposed to have given his instructions, while walking in the Lyceum at Athens:—n. প্ৰতিট্নেত বিজ্ঞা; A follower of Aristotle; itinerant preacher.

Periphery, per-iffer-i, n. [Gr. peri, around, phero, to carry] পরিধি; বৃদ্ধ বা অপর বক্তরৈথিক ক্ষেত্রের পরিধি; The circumference of a circle or any figure.

Poriphrase, peri-fraz. Poriphrasis, perifra-sis, n. [G. peri, round, about, and phrasis, a speaking ] বাৰাবাহনা; কৰাৰ পাঁচ; Circumfocution; speaking in a round about way. v. t. or s=periphrase (to use circumlocution).

Periphrastic, per-i-frastik, Periphrastical, per-i-frastik-al, a. বাৰাবাহনাৰুক; অভাবতক অধিক বাকো আকানিত; Containing or expressed by periphrasis or circumlocution. ad=periphrastically.

Perish. per'ish, v. i. গতার্-চ; করপার্থ-চ, নট-চ, বিনালপ্রাপ্ত-চ, মরিহা-বা; To die; to come to nothing; to waste away; to decay; to lose life:—v. f. কীণ-কৃ; নট কৃ; To cause to decay; to destroy. Syn:—Decease; wither.

Perishable, perish-a-bl, a. ন্যৱ; মান্ত্রন জ্যোনীয়; That may perish or decay; subject to speedy decay; liable to perish. n=perishableness. ad=perishably. Syn:—Destructible, decaying; frail, mortal, dying.

Peristyle, peri-stil, n. [Gr. peri, around, styles, a column] we cake the : A building with columns in the inside court; place surrounded with columns.

Peritoneum, n. Svalvas : A membrane investing the whole internal surface of the abdomen and the viscera contained in it.

Poriwig, per'i-wig, n. পরচুলা; কৃত্রিদ কেণ , A small wig; a peruke:—e.t. পরচুলা পরায়; To dress with a periwig. [ eatable sea-snail. Poriwinkle, per'i-wingk-l, n. শবুক বিশেষ; An

Perjure, pér'joor, w. t. [L. per, away, and juro, to swear ] মিখা শাগ-ফ; To swear ialsely (followed by a reciprocal pronoun). n=perjurer. Perjurer, ম. মিখা-শাগৰ্কার; One given to perjury, pér'jur-i, n. মিখা খাগ্য; False Perk, pérk, a. গরিকার গরিক্ষা; Smart, trim:—w.t. প্রিকার গরিক্ষা-ফ; To make trum or smart:

POPE, perk, 4. পারকার পারকার; Smart, trim:— ৩. t. পরিকার পরিক্ষা-কৃ; To make trim or smart: —০ t. ভাল করিবা মন্তক উন্নত-কৃ; To hold up the head with affected smartness.

Permanence, permanence, Permanency, permanency, permanence in the same state; duration.

Permanent, per'ma-nent, a. [L permanens, ppr. of permanere, to last] খাৰী; Durable; lasting. Syn:—Abiding, fixed, enduring, perpetual, constant.

Permanent settlement—চিব্ছাফী বন্দোবত।
Permeable, per'me-a-bl, a. ভেদা; পরিচালক,
That may be permeated; penetrable. ad =
permeably, n = permeability.

Pormeate, per'me-at, n. t. [L. per. through, mea, to go ] ভিডম দিলা আবেশ-ক, পঠ দিলা প্ৰনৰ ক;
To pass through the pores of; to penetiate and pass through n=permeation

Permissible, per-misc-bl, a. অনুনোদনীয় . অনু-জ্বো, অনুনন্ত , Allowable ad=permissibly. Syn . Sufterable, admissible, lawful, legitimate.

Permission, per-mishin, n. আদেব, আজা, অসুমতি, Liberty granted, allowance. Syn.— Leave, liberty, license, consent, permit.

Pormissive, per-musiv, a অপুনোদনকারী, বাকৃত, বাক, Granting permussion or liberty, allowing, granted.

Pormit, per-mit, v. t. [ I. permittere, permit]
আদেশ-কৃ, অপুমতি-কৃ, অপুজা-কৃ, মধ্য-কৃ; Io
allow, to give leave to — n অপুমতি, পণান্তব্য
খানাথানিত কৰণাৰ্থ অপুজা, Permission. Syn—
(v) Let, suffer, tolerate, license, sanction, authorize, warrant.

Permutable, per-milia-bl, a [L. per, through, muto, to change] পরিষ্কনীয় . বিনিম্ব-বোগা, That may be changed, one for another n=permutableness, ad=permutably.

Permutation, per-mu-trishun, n. গণিত সৰ্কীয় বস্তু বা বৰ্ণমালাৰ অসুলোম বিলোম সন্থিবেশ , অৱপাশ , পরিবর্ত্তন , বিনিময় , Exchanging arrangement in all possible orders.

Pernicious, per-nishe-us, a. [L. pernicies, destruction] মাজাতিক; অপকাৰক, অপকারী, অবিষ্টকর, Noxious, hurtful, destructive, highly injurious. n=perniciousness, adperniciously. Syn:—Rumous, deadly, noxious, mischievous, deleterious.

Peroration, per-o-rishun, n. (L. per, through, and oro, to speak) বকুতার শেষ . বকুতার উপসংহার ভাগ ; Close and summary of an oration.

Perpendicular, per-pen-diku-lar, a. [L. per, through, and pendo, to weigh] ৰস্ভাবে উচ্চ; টিক বাড়া; লব; লবভাবে কৰ্ছিত; Exactly upright, at right angle to a given line of surface.—n. লখ : লঘ বেখা বা সমতল . A perpen-

dicular line or plane. ad = perpendicularly. Perpendicularity, n. ay; The state of being perpendicular.

Perpetrate, per'pe-trat, v. f. [L. per, thoroughly, and patio, to perform ] স্পাদ্ৰ-ক: ( আনং কর্ম) সম্পাদ্ৰ-ক: ক্রেক্-ক. To execute: to commit (generally in a bad sense). n=perpetrator.

Perpetrate a joke—খননত বিদ্ধান্ত : To be guilty of jesting at an unseasonable time

To perpetrate the remembrance of a thing — চিরস্ববীৰ-ড়।

Perpetration, per-pe-trashun, n. ছুৰ্থনাৰ ; সম্পাদন ; The act of committing a crime , the thing perpetrated.

Perpetual, per-petu-al, a. চিন্নছায়ী, অবিরঙ: বিত্তা; অবস্ত , Never-ceasing; not temporary; everlasting. ad=perpetually. Syn:—Constant, endless, eternal, never-failing, perennial, continual, continuous, lasting uncersing

Perpetuate, per-petu না, ল দ চিনহানী-ফু, বিশ্বতি ইউত নমা-ফু, To make perpetual; to preserve from extinction on obligion n=perpetuation.

Perpetuation, n. নিডা প্-পিধান , বিশ্বতি হইতে সংগ্ৰহণ, The act of preserving from oblivion

Perpotuity, per-per-u'i-ti, প. বিভাছা, অবি-চিন্তুলভা, অবিনয়ন্তা, চিন্তুাবিছ অনস্তম, Continuity, endies, duration, duration for an indefinite period of time

Perplex, per-pleks, v. t. [I. perplexus, entangled ] হ'লবুদ্ধি-কু, সন্দিহাৰ কু, বিশ্বস্থ কু, বিশ্বস্থ-কু; To puzzle, to embarass, to terse, to confuse Syn:—Involve, entangle, complicate, bewilder, contuse, distract. [doubtful

Perplexing, a. জটি , বিরক্তিকর . Intricate; Perplexity, per plekir ti, n উৰেণ , গোনবোগ , ভটিবড়া, সংশ্য , চতবুদ্ধিছা , সম্পেহ , কি কর্ত্তবাবিষ্টা , Embai is-ment of mind; doubt , intricatly.

Perquisite, per'kwi zit, n [L per, thoroughly, and quaero, to ask] উপরিলাভ তপরি পাওনা, দল্পনি, Extra allowance or fee beyond ordinary salary. [pears.

Perry, n. মুক্ত বিশেষ . The formented juice of Persocute, per কৈkut, v f { L per, through, and seque, to follow } উত্তান্ত-ক , বিশাতন-ক ; নিশাতন-ক ; কেন্দ্রীড় ক , নিশাতন-ক , ক্ষাণ ক , উৎপীড়ন-ক ; উৎপীড়িত-ক , To haras , to annoy or punish especially for religious or political opinions. n=persecutor. Syn:—Oppress, afflict, molest, worry.

Porsecution, per-se-kū'shun, n. বিশ্বহ ; নিৰ্বাহৰ ; নিপীড়ন , The state of being persecuted.

Perseverance, per-se-ver'ans, n. আগ্ৰমান্ত; কলাত্তকভা, Steadiness, rigid constancy, persistence. S, n:—Indefatigableness, continuance, steadfastness, constancy.

Persevere, per-se-ver', v s. [L. per, through, and severus, strict] আছিনিবেশ-কু; আধাৰসায়ী-হ; বৃত্বপূল-হ; To persist, to hold on, be constant; to pursue anything steadily. ad=perseveringly. Syn.—Continue, proceed.

upright, at right angle to a given line of Persevere in—উগ্লেখন হুইলেও অধাৰনাটের সহিত surface.—n. লম্ব ; লম্ব রেখা বা স্মতল , A perpendice (কোন স্ব) কার্য্যে কালা , Continue steadily and

firmly in (generally, something that is good inspite of discouragements).

Persifiage, n. চাণলা বা বাজোজিপুৰ্ব কথোপকথন;
Frivolous or bantering talk. [পারকভাষা ।
Persian, a. পারদিক; পারজ;—n. পারজবানী;
Persiat, per-sist, v.i. [L. per, through, and sistere, to stand] অ ববত বছৰান হইনা কাৰ্য-কৃ;
ভাবক কাৰ্য্যে অবিচলিত থাকা; অধ্যবসায়ী-হ; To keep steady or steadfast; to persevere; to continue rigidly in any course, ad—persistingly.

Syn:—Remain, endure, last.

Persist in—(কোন মৰা বিষয়ে) নাছেড়বাৰা-ছ; Continue in (some course that is bad, implying greater obstinacy than persevere).

Persistence, per-sistens, Persistency, persisten-ci, n. অধিয়ত চেষ্টা; অধ্যবসায়; ঐকান্তিকতা, অধিনাত উল্যোগ; Perseverance; obstinacy; constancy, duration.

Persistent, per-sistent, a. গৃঢ়; বছৰীৰ; বছৰত . Tenacious; fixed; unmovable, ad=persistently.

Person, per'sun, n. [L. persona—per, through, and sonare, to sound] পুৰুষ, লোক, বাজি: বজীৰ মন্ত্ৰা, A human being; an individual; a hving soul—প্ৰীয়. Body:—ক্ষণ; Form; character. Syn:—Man, party, one, somebody; bodily substance

In person—ৰখং; অৰ্থাং প্ৰতিমিদি দিয়া নহে, বয়ং উপস্থিত করিয়া, By one's sell, personally; not by substitute, not by representative.

In the person of—অন্কতে। The first person—উত্তৰ পূক্ৰ। The second person—মধ্য পূক্ৰ। The third person—ত্তীৰ পূক্ৰ। To one's person—সমকে।

Personable, per'sun-a-bl, c. হুপর; হুরুপ; প্রিয়-দর্শন; দিব্যাক; Of good appearance, graceful.

Personage, per'sun-aj, n. বিখ্যাত লোক; সংগ্ৰন্থ বাজি: বাজাবয়ৰ; An individual of eminence; exterior appearance.

Personal, per'sun-al, a. ব্যক্তিগড়; নাছবিক; Individual:—দৈহিক; শাবীবিক; Bodily.—ব্যক্তি সম্বায়, Belonging to person:—ব্যংকৃত; Done in person:—নিকা, কৰাই, আপনাই, Own, peculiar:—আহাবর, Moveable, as, personal property:—বৈহাক্ষর-পুন্ধ-ব্যেক, Denoting the grammatical person. Syn:—Peculiar, individual, private, corporeal, exterior, material, physical.

Personal estate—আয়াৰ সপ্তি; Personal property; every species of property except real estate—that is, lands and house.

Personal indentity, n. আহার একা , আহিব আন ; Our sameness of being at every stage of life of which consciousness gives us the evidence.

Personal pronoun—I, we, প্ৰভৃতি সৰ্কনাম শক।
Personal representative, ম. মৃত ব্যক্তির
সম্পতির কার্যন্দী; The executors or administrators of a person deceased.

Personal rights—নিক বহাধিকার।

Personality, per-sun-ali-u, n. পৌরবের হাব:

persuasibleness, persuasibility.

বাজিত; পৃথক আছতা; That which constitutes a person; individuality:—ব্যক্তি বিশেষের নিশা; ব্যক্তিগত নম্ভবা; Offensive individual reflection; abuse; a personal remark.

Personally, per-sun-al-li, ad. ব্যক্তিগভভাবে; Individually:—ৰয়: নিজে: বয়ং উপস্থিত থাকিয়া; In person; by bodily presence.

Personalty, n. সকল প্রকার অস্থাবর সম্পৃত্তি; All sorts of movable property.

Personate, per'sun হা, v. t. অপর রূপ গারণ-কু; ছত্ত্ব-বেশ গরা; জাল-কু; ভাগ-কু; To assume the character of; to disguise; to counterfeit; to feigm. \*\*
personator, personation. Syn\*—Represent, play.
Personify, per-sohifi, v. t. চেডন্ড বৰ্গ আ্রোপ-কু; মানবধর্মের আ্রোপ-কু; আচেডন পদার্থ চেডন প্রান্থাপ-কু; To ascribe to any thing the qualities of a person; to represent as a rational being. \*\*
\*\*personification ( সন্তুবা ধর্মারোপ ) ।

Perspective, per-spektir. n. [L. ১০০, through, and specio, to lock] মুন্ত; পরিকেশ: A view; vista:—চিতাকন বিদ্যা; চিত্র করিবার কোলন: The art of drawing objects mathematically:—মুক্ত কিত্র: A picture in perspective:—এ. মুনাব্যারী: মুন্তসন্মীয়: Pertaining or according to perspective.

Perspectively, ad. লেব্লেক্টাভ্ নিম্নাস্নারে; According to the rules of perspective.

Perspicacious, per-spi-kashus, a. [L. perspicio, to see through] ভাক দৃষ্ট ; Quick sighted:
—তীকবৃত্তি ; Of clear or acute understanding.
ad—perspicaciously, n—perspicaciousness.

Perspicacity, n. তীক দৃষ্টিতা; দৃষ্টির তীকতা; তীক-বৃদ্ধিতা; বোগশন্তির তীকতা: Acuteness of slight; the state of being acute in discerning; acuteness of understanding.

Perspicuity, per-spe-ku'e-te, n. শাইচা; হগমতা বিশ্যতা; পরিষ্ট্ডা; আঞ্বতা; Clearness; freedom from obscurity or ambiguity. Syn: —Perspicuousness, intelligibility, plainness, distinctness, transparency, translucency.

Perspiouous, per-spikū-us, a. [L. perspicuus, from perspicere, to look through ] বাছ; হৰাই; লাই; বিশাল; ফুট; হৰাই; That may be seen through; clear to the understanding; plain. r=perspicuousness, ad=perspicuously (বিশালয়েণ)! Syn:—Distinct, lucid, intelligible, transparent.

[ মুল (বেল . Sweat. Perspiration, per-spirator-i, a. মুলিবেরৰা; Porspiratory, per-spirator-i, a. মুলিবেরৰা;

Porspiratory, per-spir'ator-i, a. পর্কারক; পর্বজনক; পর্বস্থানি; Pertaining to, or causing, perspiration.

Perspire, per-spir', v. t. [L. perspirare, to breathe through] ঘৰ্ষ ভাগ-ড়; ঘৰ্ম নিৰ্গত-ছ; ঘৰ্মান্ত-ড়: ঘামা, To sweat.

Persuade, per-swad, v. t. [L. ber, through, and suadere, to advise] আনাচিত-সু, অব্ভিড-সু; To prevail on , to induce; to exhort; to entice:
—স্বস্থ : Move. n=persuader. Syn:—Induce, influence, allure, actuate; convince.

Persuasible, per-swasi-bl, c. অবর্থনীয় ; অংশবিদ্ধ ষ্ট্রার বোগা . Capable of being persuaded. সক্ persuasibleness, persuasibility. Persuasion, per-swazhun, ন. প্ৰবৰ্তনা; কৰেচনা; Inducement:—বৃদ্ধ বিবাস; ধর্ম; মত; Faith; creed; belief; settled opinion:—এক মতাবদ্ধী বর্মসংখাদার; A seat or party adhering to a creed. Syn:—Influence, motive, reason; conviction.

Persuasive, per-swasiv, s. প্ৰবৃত্তিকৰ ; অবৰ্ত্তৰ ; কাৰ্য্তৰ ; কা

Pert, pert, a. [ W. perc, from percu, to trim ]
বুট; আগবড়; আপিট; নিনজ; Forward; saucy,
bold; impertinent; smart. ad=pertly. n=pertness. Syn:—Lively, forward, bold, saucy,
flippant, impertinent, impudent.

Pertain, per-tān, v. i. [L. per, through, and tenere, to hold] অধিকারে থাকা; সম্পর্ক রাখা; সম্প্র-ছ; তৎসম্পর্কার-ছ; To belong; to relate to. Syn:—Appertain, regard, concern; behoove, befit.

Portinacious, per-te-náshe-us, a. [ L. per, through, and tenax, tenacious ] দ্বিপ্রতিজ্ঞ; দ্বিস্বত্ত ; বির্থতিজ্ঞ; ক্রেন্ড্রার ; লাংছাড্রারা; এফরার; Resolute; determined; obstinate; stubborn. n=pertinaciousness, ad=pertinaciously. Syn:—Steadfast; inflexible.

Pertinacity, pér-ti-nasi-ti, ন. হিরাহ্বছতা; হিরপ্রতিক্সা; একর্টারমি; জেন; Obstinacy.

Pertinence, pertinency, pertinency, pertinence, ছেণ্ডালেলতা, ছেণ্ডালেলতা; বোগ্ডা; বোগ্ডা; বোগ্ডা; Appositness; suitableness; fitness.

Pertinent, per'te-nent, a. উপযুক্ত; বোগ্য; বোগ-কিছ; Fitting; appropriate; relevant; to have relation. ad=pertinently ( সঙ্গৰাণ ): Syn:— Apposite, suitable, fit, proper, applicable.

Perturb, per-turb, v. t. [ L. per, through, and turbare, to shake ] আলোড়িত-ড়; বিচলিড-ড়; বিশ্বন-ড়; অধির-ড়; To agitate; disturb; to disquit; to disorder. Syn:—Unsettle, confuse, discompose, vex.

Perturbation, per-tur-báshun, n. ব্যাকুলতা; কোড; উবেগ; চাঞ্চল্য; অলাভি: Disquiet of mind. Peruke, per'ook, n. [L. pilus, hair] পাইচুলা; A periwig. [reading; examination. Perusal, per-uial, n. পাঠ; পাঠল; পাঠাল; Study; Perusa, per-uia, n. পাঠ:ক; পাড়া; পাঠাল-ক; To read with attention; examine.

Peruvian, per-তে'vian, a. পের স্থানীর; Pertaining to Peru in South America:—n. পের-বেশবাসী; A native of Peru.

Peruvian bark, n. Cinchona.

Pervade, per-vad, v. t. [ L. per, through, and vadere, to go ] বাধ ড়; অহমবেশ ড়; সমাবিই-ছ; To spread all over; to extend through the whole; to pass through; to affect entirely. Syn:—Penetrate, diffuse, permeate; fill, be diffused, overspread.

All pervading-সর্বাণী।

Perveding spirit—The spirit or feeling which characterises one's conduct.

Pervasive, a. wygraw-aray; why ; Tending to pervade.

Perverse, per-vers, a. 「L. perversus, turned the wrong way] বিপৰসামী, উৎপৰ্যামী; বিপৰে চামিত; উন্থাসিগামী; Turned aside:—বিবৃদ্ধিকর; কোধৰ; Vexatious, cross:—একভ্রে; অব্যা; Stubborn; intractable. n=perverseness (ভারেইডা); perversity (অপিইডা); ad=perversely. Syn:—Distorted, bad, forward, cross, wayward, unmanageable, petulant, peevish.

Perversion, per-ver'shun, n. विश्वाद : विश्वाद গমন ; সভাচাতি : ক্যায়বিবর্ত্তন ; অশিষ্টাচার ; একওঁলেমী ; অপপ্রযোগ; A diverting from the true path; a turning from truth or propriety; misapplication. বিহামি ; State of being perverse. Perversity, m. अक्ट्रामि ; क्षांत्रवहेला ; हुडेका ; Pervert, per-vert, v. t. | L. per, through, and vertere, to turn ] प्रठाखहे-कृ ; विव्यक्ति-कृ ; क्नूबिछ-কু; দূবিত-কু; বিপথগামী-হ; কুকর্পে প্রবৃত্ত-কু; To corrupt, to change from the truth or right path; lead astry; to entice to evil: -n. निगम-গামী বাক্তি; বে ব্যক্তি উৎকৃষ্ট বধর্ম ত্যাগ করিয়া নিকুষ্ট পরধর্ম গ্রহণ করে: One who has turned away from a right way to that which is wrong. n=perverter. Syn:-(v) Distort, falsify, misrepresent; convert, proselytize.

Pervertible, a. বিপথগামী-করণসাধ্য; Capable of being perverted.

Porvious, per've-us, a. [L. per, through, and via, a way] অপুপ্রবেশনীয়; প্রবেশ্ন : বেয়; ভেমনীয়; Penetrable; permeable, affording a way or passage through; n - perviousness (স্ক্রিক্তা); ad = perviousness.

Possimist, pesi-mist, n. [L. pessimus, worst]
সকল বিষয় অসকশেষই জন্ধ এই মতাবস্থী: থাবতীয় বস্ত অসকলাৰ্থ স্ট হইরাছে এরপ অপুযোগকারী; বিখনিশা; A general granbler; one who complains of everything as being for the worst;—oppossed to optimist. n=pesimism (বিখনিশুক)!

Post, pest, n. [L. pestis, a contagious disease] মহামারী; মড়ক; মাবাস্থক বিষয় বা বস্তু; A plague; a fatal epidemic disease; anything destructive. Syn:—Pestilence, infection; taint, bane; infliction, nuisance, annoyance.

Pester, pester, v. t. क्रिडे-क् ; क्डे-प् ; विवय-क् ; To annoy ; to vex ; to disturb.

Pest-house, n. সংকাষক রোগাত্তবিপের ইাদ পাতাল; A hospital for persons infected with any contagious disease.

Pestiferous, pest-if'er-us, a. [L. pestis, a contagious disease, and fero, to bear] বায়নাশক; সাংঘাতিক; সংকাৰক; Bearing pescilence. pestilent; infectious, contagious. adm pestiferously.

Pestilence, pest'i-lens, ম. ব্ৰৱাদী নাজানৰ বাস;
নড়ক; নাৰী; Any contagious deadly disease.
Pestilent, pest'i-lent, a. অপৰায়ক; কতিবায়ক;
অতি মুট; Hurtful to health and life; mischievous; corrupt; troublesome. ad-pestilently.
Pestilential, pest i-lenshal, a. সংস্থানক; বায়াকক; বিনাশকেক; নাপত; Producing pestilence; destructive. ad-pestilentially.

Postie, peil, u. [L. pistum, to pound ] উন্নৰ্থনৰ কণ্ড; হাৰল দিখা; ঘোটনা; মূৰল; An instrument for pounding anything in a morter:—৩. গ্ৰেমাল-দিখাৰ উচা-হ; বোটনা খাৰা চূৰ্য-হ; To pound or break with a pestle.

Pet, pet, ন. বর্ড; বিরণ্ডার : A favourite :-শ্বোধা কর : Any animal tame and fondled :-বিরভি : কবং ক্ষতাব : A fit of peevishness ;
slight passion :---ত. f. আগর-ক : To fondle.

Petal, pet'al, n. প্ৰদল ; প্ৰের গাগড়ি ; A flowerleaf. a=petalous,

Petalsid, pet'al-aid, a. পুলাগুলের ভার আকার-বিশিষ্ট ; Having the form of a petal.

Petaled, pet'ald, Petalous, pet'al-us, a.
ফলবিলিট্ট : সমল, Having petals

Petaline, pet'al-in, a গুলের গাণতি সম্বার; পুল-বুল স্থুন, Pertaining to, or resembling, a petal. Petard, pe-tard, n. [Fr. peter, to crack] আধ্যায়, বুৰুৱ; An engine of war used to break down gates, barriers &c, by explosion. Hoist on his petard, Hoist with his own petard—আপ্রার কালে গড়া; Caught in his own trap.

Peter-pence, pc'ter-pens, n. প্রাচীন ইংবাদ জাতির নিষ্ট পোপের প্রাপ্য বার্থিক ক্য বিশেষ; An annual tax of a silver penny formerly paid by the English to the Pope.

Petrole, pet'i-5i, n. [L. pes, pedis, a foot]
TIGHT (Tible, Mage; A leaf-stalk.

Petition, pe-tishun, n. [L. petitio, from petere, to beg, ask] দ্যবাদ, আবেদন, আবিনা, A request; a supplication, an entreaty, a prayer — গ প্রাথনা-কৃ, আবেদন-কৃ, অপুনৰ-কৃ, To solicit, to supplicate. Syn:—Solicitation, suit; address, application, appeal, memorial

Petitionary, pe-tishun-ar-i, a. আবেদনকারী; অনুসরস্চক Supplicatory.

Petitioner, pe-tishun-er, n. আবেদনকারী; দ্ব-ধান্তকারী, আর্থনাকারী; আবেদক, One who presents a petition or prayer. [Entreaty, solicitation Petitioning, pe-tishun-ing, n. অসুনন; জাবেদন, Petre—Same as saltpetre.

Petrean, pe-tre'an, a. [Gr. petra, a rock] প্রসম্বার; Pertaining to rock or stone.

Petrofaction, দ পাণানীকরণ; প্রস্তরকপে পরিণাম; প্রস্তাকারে পরিণতি; প্রস্তরীভূত পদার্থ, The act or process of changing into stone.

Petrefactive, pet-ri-fakt'-ıv, Petrific, pe-trif'ık, a. arailasaya; Having the power to convert into stone.

Petrel, n. সামুদ্রিক পকী বিশেষ ; An ocean bird.

Petroscont, pe-tresent, a. প্রভরীপূড়; প্রভরাকাবে পরিবর্তনান; Growing into or becoming stone. n=petroscence.

Petrify, pet'n-fi, v. t. [1. petra, a rock, facio, w make] প্রকরীভূত-তৃ, প্রকরে গৰিবত-তৃ, To convert into stone, to make callous or obdurate.—বিষয়াগন্ত, To fix in dumb amazement:—v. i. প্রকরীভূত-তৃ; প্রকরের ভাব করিন-তৃ; To become stone or hard like stone. n=petrifaction.

Petroleum, pe-trole-um, a. [ L. petra, rock,

and oleum, oil] শিলা তৈল; গাৰিব তৈল; আছম নিংশত ভৱল পদাৰ্থ; Rock oil; a brown hquid oil. Petrous, pe-trus, a. প্ৰছৰ্বৎ কৃত্ৰিন; প্ৰছম্মন; পাবাপসমূল; Like stone; hard; stony.

Petted, pet'ed, a. লালিড; সোহাগ্ৰাপ্ত; আফুড; Indulged; fondled

Petticoat, pet'i-köt, গ. স্থালোকের বাববা; ছোট বাবা, A loose under garment worn by females; a little coat. a=petticoated.

Petticoat government—ক্রীশাসন, স্থীলোকের যারা চালিত শাসন ; Female rule

Pettifogger, pet'i-fog-er, n. সাধান্ত উৰিল; বাবে উৰিল; A lawyer who practises in petty or paltry cases; a petty lawyer.

Pottish, pet'-ish, a. বিরক্তিকর, বিট্রিটে; রাগী, জোবন; Peevish, fretful.

Petty, pet'e, a. সাৰাত ; কুল্ল ; নক্টা ; নিক্ট , তুজ ; Small ; little , inconsiderable ; contemptible , inferior. n=pettiness, ad = pettily. Syn:—Trifling, diminutive, trivial, unimportant, frivolous, slight ; inferior. [Wearing a petticoated, a. ছোট জাষা বা ঘাৰৱা পরিহিত ; Petty-coated, a. ছোট জাষা বা ঘাৰৱা পরিহিত ; atmifer ; Disreputable tricks ; quibbles.

Pettyfogging, n. নীমাছ ওকালতি, অভি নীচ কৰ্ম. নীচ কৰ্মকারী; প্রভাবক, The practice of a pettyfogger; mean tricks, quibbles, paltry.

Petulance, petū-lans, Petulancy, pet-ū-lan-si, ন. ধৃষ্টভা, আনিইভা, প্রস্কৃততা, Forward-ness, sausiness; impudence:—বিয়ক্তি, উক্থানতা, Peevishness; wantonness.

Petulant, pet'ū-lant, a. [L. peto, to fall upon] গৃষ্ট, প্ৰপন্ত . Forward ; impudent — পিট্'বটে, সহলা রাগী , বিবস্তা ; Peevish. ad=petutantly. (চটিয়া ; উন্নভাবে ) । Syn — Querulous, captious, cavilling, irritable, ill-humoured, cross, fretful. Pew, pū, n. পৃষ্টিৰ ধৰ্মানতে পৰিবেটিত আসন, An inclosed seat in a church. a=pewy.

Pewit, pëwit, Pewet, pëwet, n. পদী বিশেব . চিটিভ , The lapwing.

Powter, pū'ter, n এক প্ৰকাৰ কৰা; An alloy of lead and tin or lead and zinc:—কৰা নিৰ্দিত পাত্ৰ; Versels made of pewter —a. পতানিৰ্দ্ধিত, Made of pewter. [ do one's work.

To soour the pewter—আপনার কার্য-কু; To Pewterer, pu'ter-er, n. দ্বার কারীকর; কাসারী; One who works in pewter

Powtery, a ব্যাস্থ্যীয় , Belonging to pewter.

Phaeton, fae-tun, n. খোলা চালি চাৰায় পাডী
বিশেষ, কেটিন গাড়ী; A kind of open pleasure
carriage on four wheels:—পকী বিশেষ, The
tropic bird.

Phalanges, fa-lanjez, n. pl. অনুনির ক্র অভিন্যুত্ব; The small bones of the fingers and toes.

Phalanx, falangks, n. নৈত্ত্বেলী; পডাদি নৈতের
চতুদোৰ বৃহে; খনসন্থিতিই নৈতের দল, A line of battle, a square battalion of heavy armed troops formed in ranks and in files close and deep; any compact body of men.

Phanerogamous, a. পৃথক পৃথক পুৰেশৰ ও গঠকেশৰ সময়িত পূজাধারী, Having visible flowers, containing distinct stamens and pistils, Phantasm, fan'azm, n. [Gr. phaino, to bring to light; phao, to shine ] অপচায়, কামনিক ধুত বা বৃত্তি; বয়; করনা; ভূত ; A fancied vision ; a spectre; a phantom. plaphantasms, phantasmata.

Phantasmagoria, fan-taz-ma-gō-na, ন.
ছানাবাদি; উত্তৰাদিক আলোকাগায়; A magic lantern with slides by which figures are magnified on a wall or screen and made to appear as if in motion. [ tasy.

Phantastic, Phantasy—See Fantastic, Fan-Phantom, fantom, n. অপছায়া; মৃত; A spectre; a fancied vision, an airy spirit.

Pharisaio, far-e-saik, Pharisaical, far-e-saik-al, a. কারিনীলিপের স্থান বা সমূল, Pertaining or resembling the Pharisees:—কণ্টা, ধর্ম-জাই; Hypocritical. ad=pharisaically n=pharisaicalness. Syn:—Formal, sanctimonious.

Pharissism, lar't-গ্ৰ-izm, Pharissesism, far'i-st-izm, n. আবিধী নীতি, কপট্ডা, ধরম্বাজিতা, The practice and opinions as of the Pharisses strict observance of outward forms in religion without the spirit of it, hypocrisy in religion.

Pharisee, par'i-ত, n. ভন্তব্যাক বিজয়ী বাই সম্প্রদান বিশেষ, A well-known Jewish sect, noted for their strict observance of the law, and of the traditions of the elders and pictender to superior sanctity.

Pharmaceutic, far-ma-sūt'ic. Pharmaceutical, far-ma-sūt'ik-al, a. উৰৰ প্ৰছত করিবাৰ কৌনল সম্ভীয়, উৰ্থ প্ৰছতক্রণ বিল্যাসম্ভীয়; Pertaining to the knowledge or art of pharmacy ad=pharmaceutically.

Pharmacoutics, far-ma-sūt'ıks, n. উৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুত করণ বিদ্যা; উৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুত করিবার বিজ্ঞান; The science of preparing medicines.

Pharmacoutist, lar-ma-sut'ist, n. উব্ধ-প্রস্তুত-কারী; উব্ধ প্রস্তুত ক্রণক্ষম লোক; One who practises pharmacy; an apothecary.

Pharmacopoia, fai-ma-ko-pe'ya, n. [Gr pharmakon, medicine, posso, to make] তথ প্রত্ত-কর্মের এই, Book of directions for preparing drugs.

Pharmacy, far'ma-si, n. [Gr. pharmakon, a drug] ত্ৰৰ অন্তত কৰিবাৰ বিদ্যা, উৰ্থানৰ, The art or practice of preparing and mixing medicines. Pharos, fa'ros, n. সমুখ্তীৱন্ত আলোকগৃহ; বাৰিক-ছিনের কর বীপন্ত , A light-house.

Pharynx, farinks, n. প্ৰনাৰী; The cavity forming the upper part of the gullet

Phase, faz, n. 47. Appearance which any thing manifests. pl=phases.

The phase of the moon—চল্ডের চারা।

Phonsant, feiant, n. ফুলর পকীবিশেব , A beautiful bird of game.

Phessentry, fezant-ri, n. কেলাট পদীর ভর বেটিত হাব; An enclosure for keeping pheasants. Phonix, ičniks, Phoonix, n. করিত পদী; কার্ব-নিক পদী বিশেষ; A fabulous bird believed to burn itself and arise from its own ashes.

Phonomonal, fen-orden-al, a. দৃত সম্পীয়; আকাষ্ণত, অভুড ; অপুর্ক ; Pertaining to a phenomenon or appearance; very extraordinary.

ad = phenomenally.

Phonomonon, fen-orden-on, ন. [Gr. phaino, to shew] দুপ্ত: বৃষ্টির বিবরীস্ত বন্ধ: অপুর্বা বৃদ্ধ: অপুর্বার বৃদ্ধ: মানুর্বার বিশ্বনিক বিশ্য

Phial, fi'al, n. বিদি, A small glass vessel or bottle:—v. t. বিশি বা বোডলে রাবা; To put or keep in a phial.

Philander, fi-lander, v. i. [Gr. philo, to love, and andros, a man] (अमानाग-कृ, एक्नानी-कृ; Make love; coquet, flat.

Philanthropic, fil-an-throp'ik, Philanthropical, fil-an-throp'ik-al, a বিশ্বপ্রমিক, হিতৈত্তী; মঙ্গলকাৰী; Benevolent; loving mankind; exhibiting philanthropy. ad=philanthropically.

Philanthropist, fil-anthro-pist, ল পোৰ-হিত্তৰী, বিৰয়োগৰ, One who loves and wishes to serve mankind.

Philanthropy, fil-anthro-pi, n. [ Gr. phi'os, loving, and anti-ropes, a man ] মনুধা হিংকৰণা, নমুখাত, বিশ্বশ্ৰেষ, Love of mankind, universal good will.

Philhermonic, fil-har-monik, a [G. philos, loving, and harmonia] স্বতিষ্ ; সকীতিখিব , Loving harmony or music.

Philippic, fil-ip'ik, ম ছিলিপের বিক্তে ভিনম্বিনেস্থ বজ্ঞা; তীরপূর্ব নিজা; কুৎসাপূর্ব বজ্ঞা, An oration of Demosthenes against Philip of Macedon; a discourse full of invective.

Philippine, v. t. গালি-জে, Utter invective:--কিলিপের পকাবলখন-কু, Side with Philip

Philistine, মিজ-lin, n. স্পিঞ্-বিচীন লোক, অপিকিত ব্যক্তি; কুমাশ্র লোক, সম্বীৰ্ণমা ব্যক্তি. Man without liberal culture, a narrow-minded man. pl = philistinism.

Philistinism— ধর্ম ওদ্দীয় ; A cynical indifference and supercitions sneering at religion.

Philologist, fil-ologist, n. ভাষাতত্ত্তি, ভাষা বিজ্ঞানবিং; One versed in philology.

Philology, fil-olo-ji, n. [Gr. philos, loving, and logos, discourse] ভাষাত্ৰ; ভাষাৰিজ্ঞান, পৰ্ক্ষিণা, Knowledge of languages, the science of languages a=philologic, philological ( ভাষাত্ৰ স্বভাষ ); ad=philologically.

Philomath, n. [Gr. philos, loving, and manthano, to learn ] ছাত্ৰ, বিদ্যাৰ্থী; A scholar. a=philomathic, philomathical.

Philomel, filo-mel, Philomela, fil-o-me'la, n. নাইটিকেল নামক পকী; The nightingale.

Philosopher, fil-aso-fer, n (Gr philos, a lover, sophos, wise) দাৰ্শনিক, দ্ৰ্শন বিজ্ঞানবিং; জ্ঞানবিত্যু, One versed in or devoted to philosophy.

Philosopher's stone—শূৰ্ মণি; পরেশ পাৰন্ন; A stone fancied to turn base metals into gold: —বৰণান্তের উপায়; The way to wealth.

Philosophic, fil-o-sofik, Philosophical, fil-o-sofik-al, a. দৰ্শনস্থীয় ; দাৰ্শনিষ ; Belonging or according to philosophy স্পাস্থ ; Rational; wise:—ছিন্ন; বেশাস্থ, Calm. admiphilosophically.

Philosophise, fil-ośo-fis, v.i. বিভার-কু; দার্শনিবেশ্য ভাষ বিচার-কু; ভারণায়সভার-কু; To act the philosopher; to reason; to moralise.

Philosophism, fil-oso-fizm, n. বৰাৰ্ক বিচাৰণা;
The practice of sophistry. n-philosophist,
amphilosophistic.

Philosophy, fil-ado-fi, n. [ Gr. philos, loving, sophia, wisdom ] বিজ্ঞান; দশনশাস্থ; The knowledge of the causes of all phenomena.

Mental philosophy—यत्नविकान।

Matural philosophy-- गरार्थनिकान ।

Philtor, Philtre, filter, n. কামোকীপক ওবৰ; প্রেমোকীপক বেছিমন্ত্র; A charm or spell to excite love; a love-potion.

Phlebotomy, fle-bot'o-mi, n. [Gr phlebos, a vein, and fomos, a cutting] \$500744; \$5 2144. Act of letting out blood; blood-letting

Phiegm, flem, v. (C. phiegma, a flame, phie gein, to burn ] প্রেমা, কক, The thick matter discharged in coughing — চিলামি: অনস্তা, জন্তা, বৈদানীক; Dullness; slugershness, indifference. Syn — Mucus; coldness.

Phiogratio, fleg-matik, Phiogratical, fleg-matik-al, a. স্থোজনক; ক্ষোযুক্ত, Abounding in phiogram—িধকে : চিমা, জড়; অনাসক, আল, Dull, cold, sluggish, ad=phiogratically.

Syn —Heavy, indifferent, apathetic.

Phlogiston, n. অনুভূত কেল, দাল বন্ধ অগ্নিগৰ্ভ;
The imaginary principle of hre. a-phlogistic
(ভংকেন্দ্ৰ সৰ্থীয়)।
[ plant,

Phlox, n. পুলবুক, A well known flowering Phooine, a. নীলভাতীয় জনজন্ত সমন্ত্ৰীৰ, Pertaining to the seal tribe. [moon.

Phoebe, n. চন্ত্ৰ; Diana, the Goddess of the Phoebus, n. বৰা; বৰানৰ; The sun; Apollo. Phoenix—Same as Phonix.

Phonetic, fo-net'ık, Phonetical, fo-net'ıkal, a. [Gr. phone, a sound] খনবিব্যক, শক বা ব্যু স্বাধীৰ: Vocal; pertaining or according to

al, u. [Gr. phone, a sound] খববিষ্ণ , শক বা খব স্থ্যীয় ; Vocal ; pertaining or according to the sound of the voice. Phonetics, fo-nit'iks, u. খব বিজ্ঞান , শক্ৰিজান ,

The science of sounds, esp, of the human voice, phonology.

Phonics, fohik, a. পাক্ৰিয়ক, ব্রুপ্রতীয়, Per-Phonics, fohiks, n. ব্ৰ-বিজ্ঞান, পান্ধিজ্ঞান, The science of sound; accoustics.

Phonogram, n. বিশেষ ধানির বা তৎপরিবর্তনের ন্যোতক বিখিত বর্ণ বা চিচ্চ; A written letter or mark indicating a particular sound.

Phonograph, fo'no-grai, n. [Gi. phone, sound, and grapho, to write] বে ব্যন্ত্রৰ সাহাবো বাৰা বা অন্ত শব্দ এহণ করিতে এবং ইচ্ছাপুসারে ভাহার প্রায়ান্তি করিতে পারা বায়, ক্ষত্ত-শব্দ-গেখক ব্যন্ত্র, মাজেভিক চিক্ল; A character or symbol; used in phonograpy.

Phonographer, io-nog'ra-fer, Phonographist, fo-nog'ra-fist, ন বিভিন্ন বৰ্ণ বিভিন্ন পৰ আগন কৌশনজ: One versed in phonography,

Phonographic, Phonographical, a. भक्-अक्ष्य, Représenting sounds.

Phonography, fo-nogra-fi, n. हिल् बावा नेक् अकान कविवाद विका, द्वर्वानकाकिका विका; मारक-

ভিন্দালেপ-লিপি-কৌশল; The art of expressing sounds by characters or types. a—phonographic, phonographical. ad—phonographically.

Phonologist, a. শক্ষাকানবিং; One versed in phonology,

Phonology, fo-nolo-ji, n. [Gr. phone, sound, logos, discourse] অস্বিজ্ঞান; মৌলিক অস্বিজ্ঞান; মৌলিক অস্বিজ্ঞান; মিলিল অস্বিজ্ঞান; মিলিল অস্বিজ্ঞান; মিলিল অস্বিজ্ঞান; মিলিল অস্বিজ্ঞান; মিলিল অস্বিজ্ঞান; মিলিল অস্বিজ্ঞান বিশ্বান, Phonological ক্লম্বান স্থানিক স্থা

Phonotype, তি'no-tip, n. [Gr. phone, sound, typos, type] উভারিত জনিব পোতক ভিছ, A type or sign representing a sound.

Phonotype, fo-not'ip-i, n. ভিন্ন ভিন্ন অকরে লক বিজ্ঞান বিদা; The art of representing sounds by types or distinct characters.

Phosphate, n नवन वित्नव, A kind of salt.

Phosphoresce, fos-for-e', v. i. কৰ্কানের ছাব অককারে আবোক প্রকাশ-কু; To shine in the dark like phosphorus.

Phosphorescent, fos-for-esent, c. আম্বার্কার ব্যাব্দীর; Shining in the dark like phosphorus. n=phosphorescene.

Phosphoric, fos-for'ik, Phosphorous, fostoru., ৫ অস্থবাদ সম্মীয় ; তৎস্কৃশ বা ভত্তপত্ত, Pertaining to, resembling, or obtained from Phosphoris.

Phosphuret, n. অন্ত বাতুর সহিত ক্স্করানের বিল্লখ ; A combination of phosphorus with a metal.

Phosphuretted, a. কন্করানের সহিত দিবিত; Combined with phosphorus.

Photograph, coto-graf, n. চিত্ৰ বিশেষ, আলোক চিত্ৰ, A picture produced or obtained by photography:—v. t আলোক সাহায়ে চিত্ৰাক্ষ-কু।

Photographer, Photographist, n. আলোক-চিত্ৰ ব্যবদায়ী; আলোকচিত্ৰকূপন ব্যক্তি; One who practises, or is skilled in, photography.

Photographic, Photographical, a. আলোক চিত্ৰ বিদ্যা-বিবরক; আলোক চিত্ৰ-কৌপললক. Pertaining to or obtained by, photography ad photographically.

Photography, io-tog'raf-i, n. [Gr. photos, light, and grapho, to draw ] আনোক নেবা, আলোক ডিঅবিলা, আলোক নাহাবো চিআকন-বিলা; Daguerrotype, the art of drawing or producing pictured by light on chemically prepared surfaces.

Photometer, fo-tomet-er, n. [Gr. photos, light, and metron, a measure ] আলোক পরিবাপক বয়; আলোকদান বয়; An instrument for measuring the intensities of light.

Photophobis, to-to-তিbia, n. [Gr. photos, hight, phobos, fear ] আবোৰ জীতি; আনোৰাভহ রোপ; Dread of light.

Photophone, अ. विश्व (तथा महित्या पुरावस्य वीका (बाह्य-विष्य : An apparatus for transmuting acti-

culate speech, to a distance along a beam of light. Photosphere, ». আলোকবৃত্ত ; ত্থাসভলের জ্যোতি-

শ্বর পরিবৃত্তি ; A sphere of light.

Phrase, fraz, n. [ G. phrasis, from phrasein, to speak ] राकाः। । राकानमहि ; राका कथरनद भावा : A short pithy expression; a mode or form of speech :-- v. t. বাকো প্রকাশ-ভূ; আব্যাত-ভূ; To express in words; to style. Syn:-(n) Expression, term, idiom; diction, style, phraseology.

Phraseologic, Phraseological, a. वाका-কখনপদ্ধতি সম্বন্ধীর ; ক্ষুত্র বাক্য বা বাক্যাংশমন ; Consisting of phrases. ad = phraseologically.

Phraseology, fra-ze-olo-ji, n. [ Gr. phraseos, phrase, logos, science ] বাক্য রচনা ; বাক্যের রীতি ; ভাষার খারা; কথনের খারা; পদানলি; Peculiarities of diction; a collection of phrases. a-phraseologic, phraseological

Phrenologist, fren-olo-jist, n. बर्डिक विमार्थित ; ম্বিদ্ধ ভদ্ববিৎ; One who is versed in phrenology. Phrenology, fren-olo-ji, n. [Gr. phrenos, mind, and logos, science ] मचिक विना ; मंडिक The science of the functions of the brain and its different parts. umphrenological, adphrenologically.

Phthisic, tižik, Phthisical, tižik-al, a করকাশাকার: Pertaining or having phthicis.

Phthisical, tižik-al, a. कहकान मध्योत . कह-\* | Pertaining or having phthusis; breathing hard.

Phthisis, thi'sis, ( बाइनिम् ) n. [ Gr. phthio, to waste away ] 東京本門; Consumption of the lungs.

Phylactery, fi-lakter-i, s. 1981 करा विराण : Amulet against infection. a=phylacteric, phylacterical.

Phylloners, ন. কাট বিশেষ; A genus of insects. Physic, s. চিকিংসা কৌশল ; প্রবধ ; Medicine ; the art of healing :- ७. १. ७व४-१५ , हिक्श्मा-इ ; आवाम-事; To give medicine to; to cure.

Physical, fifik-al, a. [G. phusis, nature, from phuein, to bring forth ] शमार्थनिया विवयक ; ৰাভাবিক; প্ৰাকৃতিক; Pertaining to nature or natural objects:—ভোতিক; পারীবিক; বাফ, Bodily: corporeal; external. ad = physically ( (4)?-अपरक )। Syn:-Material, tangible, substantial. natural; medicinal, cathartic, purgative.

Physical exercise—শারীরিক বাায়াম; অসচালনা ৷ Physical Geography—প্রাকৃতিক ভূগোল ৷ Physical labour—কারিক পরিশ্রম।

Physician, fi-zishan, n. bfacya; Gea; tan; One who prescribes remedies for diseases.

Physicist, fizi-sist, n. लक्षार्यनर्गमाशाही ; लक्षार्थformifee; A student of nature, one versed in physical science.

Physics, fiziks, n. পদার্থ विमा ; The science which treats of the general properties of natural bodies; natural philosophy:-- (2018) বিজ্ঞান; শুৰণ-বিজ্ঞান; The science of medicine; the art of healing diseases :- 34; A medicine. Physics, filks, n. sing. apfe famin; an

বিজ্ঞান; পদাৰ্থ বিজ্ঞান; The science of the material system; natural philosophy.

Physiognomist, ». বে মুখের ভাব দেখিয়া বভাব বলিতে পারে; One skilled in physiognomy; one who tells fortunes by the face.

Physiognomy, fiz-i-og'no-mi, n. [ Gr. physis, nature, and gnonei, to know | wiyle (vian মনের ভাব নিরূপণ করিবার বিদ্যা; মুখমওলের রেখাপাত म्पित्रा चकाव निक्रभव विमा वा कोमने; The science or art of knowing a man's character from his features :-- भूरशत विराग छावसकी ; वृषमधल ; ৰাফাৰার; Particular expression of the countenance. a=physiognomic, physiognomical. ad = physiognomically, n = physiognomist.

Physiography, fiz-i-og'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. physis, nature, and grapho, to describe । वाक कवारक বিবরণ; পৃথিবীর বাহাকার সম্বন্ধীর বিজ্ঞান-শাল্প। প্রাকৃত বিজ্ঞানের উপক্রমণিকা; An introduction to the study of nature.

Physiology, fiz-i-olo-ji, n. [Gr. physis, nature, and logos, science ] भरीत विश्वन ; मात्रीत-স্থান-বিদাা : জীবজগতের শক্তি বিজ্ঞান , The science which treats of the functions of living beings. a = physiologic, physiological. ad = physiologically. n=physiologist.

Physique, fiz-čk, n. मनुरतात आङ्डिक वा नातीत्रिक श्रान ; The natural constitution, or physical structure of a person.

Phytology, fi-tolo-ji, n. [ Gr. phyton, a plant, and logos, science | star farm . The science of plants, botany. a=phytological, n=phytologist. Piacular, pi-akū-lar, n. প্রশমক; পাপছর; Expiatory; requiring expiation: - 4514 %, of the brain. Atrociously bad.

Piametor, n. রক্ত বহা নাড়ীবিশিষ্ট বিল্লি; Thin skin Pianissimo, ad. व्यक्ति शीरव शीरव ; Very softly.

Pianist, pi-a'nist, n. शिवान-वानक ; Pianoforte player.

Piano, pi-a'no, ad. शीख शीख ; Softly.

Piano, pi-ano, Pianoforte, pi-a'no'for'te, n. वाकावन्न विरागव ; निवारना ; A musical instrument. Piastro, pi-as'ter, n. (होशा मुझा वित्यद ; A silver

coin used in Turkey and other countries. Piazza, pi-aźa, n. বারাধা ; বারাধা বারা বেটিড

हरूक ब्राप्टा ; होमनी ; A square surrounded by buildings; portico:-A walk roofed in.

Pibroch, n. নাগরিক বাদ্য বিশেষ; The martial music.

Pios, n. ছাপিবার জকর বিশেষ ; A printing type. Pick, pik, v. t. दोक्तांग : To peck at :-- हम्म- ह ; बाए-कृ ; नःतर्-कृ ; नक्य-कृ ; To pluck ; to gather :--(अप-ङ् ; विश्व-ङ् ; To pierce :---शतानील-ङ् ; निर्काब्य-事; To choose; to select:-- 四年事; To separate :—উল্লাটন-কৃ; To open, as a lock :—আবেৰ-কৃ, অনুস্থান-কৃ; To seek, as a quarref :— जलहबून-कृ ; To steal :-- ७. रं. त्यावब्रात्य (कांव किङ्क-कृ ; To do anything nicely:—অন অন করিয়া ভোজন-ক; বাৰ বাৰে বাৰেলা; To eat by morsels:-n. जीव्यांत्र वतः ; म्हीयूचं व्यक्षः Any sharp pointed instrument :-- मरनानमन ; नक्ष ; Choice. Syn :--Glean; cull, hull; clean; steal, pilfer.

Pick & bone with any one-we-F, ferr-

हुः, क्षांत्र किছू बहेशं कोशंत्रक गरिठ कामकाकांत्रकि वा विवार-कृ; To wrangle, to dispute.

Pick acquaintance with wints; Make the acquaintance of.

[Find fault.]

the acquaintance of.
Pick a hole—দোৰ বাহিন-ক: ছিনাপ্রস্থান-ক:
Pick a hole in one's cost—পন-ছিনাপ্রস্থান
ক: Find fault with.
[with a false key.
Pick a lock—পর চাবি দিয়া বোলা; Open a lock
Pick and chose—ইছানত পদ্শ-ক: Select at will.

Pick and steal—Steal indiscriminately.

Piok a pocket—ৰেৰ হইডে চ্রি-ড়; ৰেৰ ইইডে ব্যাদি অগ্তরণ করা; Steal the contents of a pocket.

Pick a quarrel—পান পড়িয়া বগড়া-কু; ইচ্ছা করিয়া বগড়া বাধান; Get into a quarrel by seeking for it. Pick quarrel—বিবাদের কারণ অনুস্কান-কু; সারে পড়ে বগড়া-কু; Seek cause for quarrelling.

Pick at-विवक्त- है।

Pick-me-up, #. উত্তেশ্বৰ পানীর বা হয়।

Pick off—সক্ষ-ত ; Gather :—ব্যক্ত এক একটা ক্রিয়া প্রতি হারা পাড়া ; Take away by an unexpected movement, as the life of an enemy in sharp shooting ; kill.

Pick one's pocket—কাহারও গকেট বা কেব হইতে কিছু চ্নি-কৃ; Steal something from one's pocket. Pick out—প্তৰ-কৃ, বাছিল কওলা; Select; select from a number or quantity.

Pick to pieces, Pick pieces—নিশা-ৰ ; দোৰ ধৰা, Find fault with ; to decry.

Pick up—হঠাৎ জড়ক; Gather by chance or indiscriminately:—বৌধ কৰে সানিলা জাইসা; Improve slowly in health; improve in health by degrees:—ৰাইতে বাইতে মধ্য-কৃ; Acquire possession of, something as one moves along:—ধ্যান খেকে ধ্যান খেকে সংগ্ৰহ কনা; উপাৰ্জন-কৃ, Gather from here and there; obtain in a chance way; acquire by chance:—সম্প্ৰে সম্প্ৰে পড়িয়া বা এব গুৱ কাছে ডিনিয়া শিকা-কৃ; Acquire (some knowledge by casual study):—ক্জাইমা ক্ৰমা; Take up from the ground with the fingers.

Pick-axe, pikaks, n. কুঠার , বণিত্র : দারণার ; A picking tool used in digging ; digging tool pointed at the one end and broad at the other, used in excavating.

Picklock, piklok, n. ভালা খোলা কাট; চাবি ৰাভীত তাবা খুলিবার যন্ত্র; An instrument by which locks are opened without the key:—(চার, যে ইয়াপে তাবা খোলে; A person who picks locks.

Pick-pooket, pikpok-et, n. গাঁটৰাটা; প্ৰেট বাৰা চোৰ; One who cunningly steals from the pockets of another in a public way.

Pickthank, n. (ভাৰাবোদকারী; An officious person or parasite.

Picked, a. বাচাই; বনোবীত : চুনিবা লব্যা ; Carefully selected; as, picked men :—হচাত্ৰ; Point ed; sharp:—অগ্রত; Plundered:—চালাক; Smart.

Picket, piket, n. ব্যার বৃটি; তীকার দত; উার্র বৃটি; A sharp pointed stake, used in fortifications and encampments:—বাহরি সভিবেশ; A small outpost or guard :—ভাসবেলা বিশেষ : A game at cards :—ভ. ই. কুলান দও ছালা স্থানিক-কু; বুটি ছালা বেটিড-কু; To fortify enclose or fence with picket.

Pickle, pikl, v. f. লবণাজ-কু; লবণ-লিকা নাবাইবা নাবা; To preserve, or season with salt, vinegar:—n. লবণাজ জল; আচার বিশেব; কাহৰি; A liquid in which substances are preserved; substance picked:—অত্ৰকৰ অবস্থা; A disagreeable position.

Pick-wick, n. নতা দরের ছোট চুকট ৷

Pionic, piknik, n. চটুই আভি; বৰ-ভোকৰ: উদ্যানাদিতে ভোকৰ; An entertainment in the open air, at which each person contributes some article for the common table; an open air entertainment:—বিকৃট বিশেষ; A kind of small sweet biscuit:—v. i. বৰ ভোকৰে বাংলা; To go on a picnic..

Picquet-Same as picket.

Piotorial, a. চিত্ৰ সম্বন্ধীয় ; চিত্ৰ সম্বন্ধিত ; সচিত্ৰ ; Pertaining to pictures ; illustrated by pictures, ad-pictorially.

Picture, piktūr, n. [ L. pictura, from pingere, pictum, to paint ] চিঅ; ছবি; Painting; drawing; likeness; resemblance; image:—v.t. চিঅছ; চিত্ৰিত-ছ আছিত-ছ: To paint; to represent:
—্লাষ্টভাবে বৰিনা-ছ; To describe vividly. Syn:
—(n) Drawing, engraving, print; portrait, effigy, similitude, representation.

Picture-book, n. চিত্ৰ পুতক; ছবির বই; A book for children illustrated with picture.

Picture-frame, n. ছবিৰ ক্লো; The ornamental border or case made to contain a picture.

Picture gallery, n. [sumin]; Rooms set apart for the exhibition of picture.

Picture-liner, n. One who prepares and fixes the inner canvas of a picture.

Picturesque, pik-tūr-esk, a. [L. pictura, a picture] ক্ষর; ক্ষর্পন; রম্য; নরন-রম্ভন; Romantic; mild and beautiful:—বাভাবিক; অকুদ্রিম; Natural:—ক্ষাই; Vivid. n=picturesqueness. adpicturesquely.

Piddle, pidl, v. t. সাগান্ত কৰেৰ ব্যবসাস্থ ; ভুছ ভাজিল্য-ড়; To deal in trifles; to trifle:— প্ৰভাগ-ড়; মুডা; To urinate.

Pie, pi, n. প্ৰী বিশেষ; A magpie:—পিইক; মাংসপুৰিত পিঠা; Crust baked with something in it; a meat baked within a crust of prepared flour:—উপাসৰা পুতক; Roman Catholic service-book:—অক্স বিশেষ; প্ৰক্স কুপ; A type; a mass of printing types.

Piebald, pi'bowld, s. বছবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট ; বৰ্ণ বৈচিত্ৰপূৰ্ণ ; চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ ; Of various colours ; deversified in colours ; mottled :—মিজিড ; Mixed.

Piece, pes, n. বৰ; জাল; ট্ৰুলা; Part of anything; bit:—একটা মাজ বন্ধ; কৰা; A single article; an individual article:—এবৰ জালা; A literary or musical composition:—কামাল; বৃক্ত; A gun:—ফুলা; A coin:—বালি-দে; লোক; A person (slightingly):—v. t. ভালি-দে; লোক; বৃদ্ধ-দু; To patch; to mead by adding a piece:—v. i. সাম্প্র-হ; To join. n—piecer, Syn:—(n) Scrap

shred, portion, mouthful, morsel; writing, fire-arm, cannon.

Fall to pieces, Go to pieces—ৰe বৰ ইয়া বাবৰা বা গড়া; Be reduced to pieces; be destroyed.

Of a piece, Of a piece with—সনান; অসুনাণ; এক ভাষাপ্ত; Of the same sort; alike; similar to.

Of a piece with—সেই বৰুষ ; সমন্ত্ৰণ ।

Piece out—ভাগি-মে; Add to; extend or enlarge by the addition of one or more pieces.

Piece up विवाद कक्षत्र-कृ, Make up a quarrel for a time.

Tear to pieces, Break or out to pieces— 40 40-7; Reduce to pieces by tearing; reduce to pieces by breaking or cutting.

To fall to pieces—हम्मान-१ ; कृष्यम्बान-१। To give a piece of one's mind to—मानव क्यां बाल बला।

To pieces-To utter ruin.

Piece-goods, ন বন্ধাৰি পণান্তবা, Dry goods sold by drapers, as, cotton, longcloths. [whole. Pieceless, presles, a. সম্পূৰ্ণ, অবত, Entire; Piecement, presmel, a. এক; পুখৰ, অভিতায়, Single, made of parts!—ad. বহুৰতে; বহু বহু ক্ষণে; ক্ষৰ:; By pieces, gradually; in fragmants.

Piecer, n. a sin m; A factory hand who attends on farms and spindles to join broken threads.

Piecework, peswurk, n. বে কার্য থকে বকে সম্পন্ন হয়; থকে থকে কৃত কর্ম, Work done by job. Pied, pid, a. চিত্রবিচিত্র; বিবিধ বর্ণে চিত্রিত, দাসমুক্ত, Variegated, spotted.

Pier, per, n. উত্তরণমণ ; কেটি, A wharf; a jetty; a projecting wharf or landing place:— ভরজ বেগ নিবারণার্থ প্রস্তার নির্মিত বাধ: পোলা; A mass of stone work or a mole projecting into the sea for breaking the force of waves, a buttress:—বিশানের অবলখন; পিলা; A mass of stone-work for supporting an arch.

Pier-glass, per'glas, ন. পৰাক দৰ্পণ; বাচাহনের মধ্য বিলম্বিত দৰ্পণ; A mirror hanging between windows.

Pierce, pers, v. t. or i. বিষ-কু, ছিন্ত-কু; ভেল-কু, To penetrate, to bore:—বৰ্মনান-কু, বিদাৰ্থ-কু, বোহিত-কু; To touch or move deeply.—সংভ ভেল-কু, ভন্ত বিষয়ে প্ৰবেশ-কু, To dive into, as a secret or purpose. n=piercer. Syn:—Perforate, drill, affect, touch, move, thrill, strike.

Pierceable, persa-bl, a. त्वथा, टक्यनीय ; Capable of being pierced.

Piercing, a. প্ৰবেশকারী, Penetrating — বিদারক, বর্মভেদী; Affecting deeply — জীৱ, ভীক, Cutting; sharp; keen. ad = piercingly (মন্ত্রেক-পূর্বক)।

[muses.

Pierian, a. সৰ্বতী স্ব্ৰীয়, Pertaining to the Pierian apring—ব্যস্তী কুও।

Piet, n. কাকজাতীর পক্ষী , A magpie.

Pietism, piet-iem, n. ৰৰ্ণের বাজান্ত্রর ; এক প্রেন্থর বর্ণনীতি , Obstentations piety , the religion of the pietists Pletist, pi'et-ist, n. প্রথায় বর্ষানুষ্ঠারী; এক প্রেট্রন বর্ষান্ত্রানক; One of a sect of German religious reformers of the 17th century, characterised by great piety or practical religion; one who marked by strong devotional or religious feeling.

Piety, pi'e-te, n. [L. pietes, piety] ধর্মসাল্যা; ধার্মিকতা; ধর্মস্থানা; ইব্যক্তি, বাতাশিতার অতি ভঙ্কি; ব্যোপ্তান ; কর্মবানান, Reverance for the Delty, parents, or country; reverance towards God, affectionate reverence for parents, or country; sense of duty. Syn:—Religion, sanctity, heliness, veneration, devotion, godliness, grace.

Pig, pig, ম. প্ৰৱণাৰক; A young swine, male or female:—০. ৯ প্ৰৱণাৰক আসৰ-ড়; To bring forth pigs.

[ মঞ্চাল-headedness.

Pig headed a swing: Studied obstinate

Pig-headed, a. একট্রে; Stupielly obstinate. Pig-iron, pig-t'urn, a. অবিভ্রু নৌহণিভ; অপরি-হার দৌহণভ; Rough iron, in rough bars.

Pig-tail, pig'tāl, n. প্ৰৱশাৰকে পেজ; The tail of a pig; the pair of the head tied behind in the form of a pig's tail —ভাষকুট বিশেষ; ভাষাকেল জটা; A roll of twisted tobacco.

The pig-tail-The Chinese.

Pigeon, pifun, n. ৰণোড; পারাবড; A wellknown bird; the dove —নিক্লোধ বাজি. A simpleton.

Pigeon-breasted, a. 1835 145; With a raised Pigeon-English, n. The barbarous and childish dialect of English in use in Chinese ports, between the English and American merchants and native trade.

Pigeon-express, n. 41915 with ridle called.
Supply of intelligence by carrier pigeons.

Pigeon-fancier, u. One who keeps rare pigeons.

Pigeon-hearted, pigun-hart'ed, Pigeon-livered, a ভাষ: ভাষ্টা, কংশাক্ত, Timid, fearful; cowardly.

Pigeon-hole, pilun-hol, n. পাৰ্যাৰ খোপ . ৰংপাত বিষয়, Hole in a dovecoat; a hole for pigeons .—কাগজ বাণিবাৰ চিন্তা, ৰাগজপত্ৰ বাণিবাৰ কাষ্ট্ৰজাকোঠ, Small whole for papers, a division of a case for papers.

Pigeon-house, n. কপোন-গৃহ , Nove-coat.
Pigeon-livered, a নান কগ্ৰাল . Timid,
cowardly .—বিনয় , কোম্প্ৰভাব , Mild in temper ,
gentle.

Pigeonry, n. কণোহাগার . Dove-coat.

Piggory, pig'er-i, n. শুকরশানা; A place where pigs are kept. { vessel

Piggin, n. কোটা, কাঠপান, A small wooden Piggish, pig'i'h, a পুৰৱ-সৰ্থীয়; পুৰৱৰং, পুৰুদ্ধ সমুখ, Belonging to, relating to, or like pigs

Pigment, pig'ment, n. [1. pingo, to paint]
16, বে বছ ইউডে মূৰ্ প্ৰস্তুত হয়, Any substance for colouring paint. s—pigmental.

Pigmy, pig'me, n. Same as Pygmy, गावन, A dwarf. Syn:—Dwarfish, small, dyminutiye, inconsiderable.

Pike, pik, et. colepante aga : ati ; A fong lance ; a wespon consisting of a long wooden

shaft and spear-head; pitchfork:—वर्ष विश्व; A fresh-water fish. [a point; acuminated. Piked, piket, s. प्रांच; प्रांच; स्वाप् ; Ending in Pikeman, pikman, स. प्रांची; प्रवाप ; स्वाप है। Ending in man armed with a pike. [a pike at the end. Pike-staff, pikstaf, n. प्रांचन; A staff having Pilaster, pi-laster, n. [L. pila, a pillar] क्याप चर्; A square pillar set within a wall. a = pilastered.

Pilastered, pi-lasterd, a. ভিডিনালয় ভাষ্ট : Furnished with inserted pillars.

Pilohard, pilchärd, n. সামুদ্রিক মংস্ক বিশেষ; A herring like sea-fish.

Pile, pil, n. [ F. pile, L. pila, a ball, G. pilos, a ball, globe ] 相何; 智利; 本情; A heap; a roundish mass :- बुष्टावर बानाहेवात कांत्र : किला : Combustibles for burning, esp. dead bodies :- 24; कुर बोर्गिका ; स्थान्छ : An edifice ; a building :-लाशा-मानि : लालाकनिय नीमा : A heap of sht or shell :-- वज विरुप्त ; A form of battery :-- जण ; মুদ্রিকাথ্যোথিত কাইদত : A piece of timber pointed and driven into the earth for the support of a building, a bridge, on the lake :--কাপড়ের উপর-कांब (केंद्रग) ; कांग ; केंद्रा ; The nap on cloth :-- v. t. সংগ্ৰহ-তু; মন্ত-তু; রাশীকৃত-তু; তুপাকার-তু, To heap up ; to collect in a mass :- कानाव कानाव न्न-क ; To fill above the brim or top. Syn := (n)Accumulation, lot; building, structure; filament, thread, fibre; staple.

Pile, n. চুল ; Hair. Funeral pile—চিডা ।

Pile-driver, Pile-engine, a. wanta sière cuifes strain an faces; Machine for driving down piles.

Pileate, pile-ইt, Pileated, pile-ইt-ed, a. টুণিৰ আকাৰ্যবিশিষ্ট; Having the form of a cap or hat. Piles, pile, n. pl. [ L. pila, a ball ] অৰ্থ বোদ; Hæmorrhoids.

Pilfor, pilfer, ত. i. সামান্ত বস্তু চুরি-কৃ; অপহরণ-কৃ; To rob; to steal small things — ত. f. অপহরণ-কৃ; To steal by petty theft; to filch away. Syn .— Thieve, filch, purloin, cabbage.

Pilferer, n. cota; Thief.

Pilfering, n. artest; coifi; Petty theft.

Pilfery, pilter-i, n. नामां इति ; Pretty theft.

Pilgrim, pilgrim, n. [L. per, through, and ager, land] তার্থাতা পর্টক, পরিবাজক: One who travels on religious account; a traveller; one who travels to a distance to visit a holy palce. Syn:—Palmer; wanderer, wayfarer.

Pilgrimage, pilgrima-zi, n. Sivital; A journey to a shrine or other holy place.

Pill, pil, n. [L. pila, a ball] উপদেশ বড়ি; বছিলা; A little ball of medicine:—v. t. ছাল ভোলা; To strip bare:—ক্ষা-ক; To rob or plunder:—v. i. To be peeled off; to come off in flakes.

Swallow a pill—ভাগ লাগে না এবন কিছু নৃছ ক্ষিতে হওৱা ; উৰ্থ গেলা ; Have to go through or endure something unpalateable or disagreeable.

Pillage, pifaj, n. [F. piller, to plunder ] স্কা, ফুলাট; Plunder; spoil, especially taken from a enumy in war:—v. f. স্কা-য়; To plunder; to

spoil. s=pillager. Syn:—(s) Devastation, depredation, spoliation, rapine, robbery; booty, loot. (v) Sack.

Pillar, pilar, n. [L. pila, a pillar] पर; पात्र; पात्र; पात्र; Column. Syn:—Shalt, post; prop, support; foundation, basis; supporter, maintainer. Pillars of Heroules—Mountains at the straits of Gibralter.

Piller of state-win-www i

Running from pillar to post—Running from one thing to another, without any definite purpose.

Pillar-box, s. यात्र शिन्य: A box attach to a pillar in the streets for the mailing of letters.

Pillared, pilard, e. ব্যাবদ্ধিত; বহু বারা রন্দিত; ব্যাকৃতি; ব্যাকার; Supported by a pillar; having the form of a pillar.

Pillan, pil-law', ম. জুরছবিরের ভোজা বিশেব; পোলাও; Turkish dish.

Pillion, pilyun, ল. আবারোহীর পশ্চতে বীলোকের বিদিবার পদি; জিলের পদি; A cushion for a woman to ride on behind a horse-man; the cushion of a saddle.

Pillory, pilor-i, n. नांकि समानार्थ यह दिएनव ; Wooden machine in which offenders are fastened by the neck :—v. f. উठ यह दावा पर ध्यमन-मृ; To punish in a pillory.

Pillow, pilo, n. বার্লিস; উপাধান; A bag filled with feathers, down &c., for resting the head on; any cushion:—v. t. ডাকিয়ায় টেস-মে; To lay on for support.

Pillow-case, pilo-k2s, n. বালিনের বয়াড; A case or covering for a pillow.

Pillowy, pilo-i, a. Chiningon; nan; ceinn; Like a pillow; soft. [Hiary. n=pilosity. Pilose, pilos, Pilous. pilus, a. gange; coinn; Pilot, pilut, n. anis; wisherficing; One whose business it is to guide ships in and out of a harbour or channel; helmsman:—প্ৰৱেশ্ন; A guide:—v. t. আহাল পরিচালিত ক; প্ৰথমপূৰ্ণ ; To conduct as a pilot; to direct the course of, as a ship; to guide through dangers or difficulties. Syn:—(v) Steer, guide, conduct.

Pilotage, pulut-না, n. ভাষাত্ৰ পৰিচালন; The act of piloting:—পোতচালকের বেতন; পোতচালকের ধরচা; The fee or wages of pilots:—পোতচালকের পদ বা কার্যা, The duty or office of a pilot.

Pilot-cloth, n. মোটা শক্ত কাণ্ড বিশেষ ; A coarse stout kind of cloth for overcoats.

Pilot-fish, ম. মংক বিশেষ; A fish. [ pepper. Pimenta, Pimento, ম. মন্ত্রা বিশেষ; Jamaica Pimp, pimp, ম. কোটনা; কেডু হা; মনগৃত; A pander; a procurer:— ৮. ট. কোটনামি-কু; কেডু হা-পিরি-কু; To pander; to procure. [ plant. Pimpernel, Pimpinella, ম. উদ্বিদ্ বিশেষ; A Pimple, pimpl, ম. ক্র্কুডি; বব; A small swelling. [ pimples on the skin. Pimpled, Pimply, ম. ব্যবহুত বাধাই; Having Pin, ম. আলাপম; Short piece of wire for fastening articles together:— বিল; সৌল; কীজক; A peg:— ম্বিক্তিক্স বস্তু: Anything of little value:
— ০০. চ. ক্রিপ্তিক্স বস্তু: ব্যক্ত ; ব্যক্ত ; বিভাগনে ব্যক্ত ; ক্রিক্স ; ব্যক্ত ; বিভাগনে ব্যক্ত ; ব্য

with a pin; to fasten :- (वहेब-इ ; आवष-इ ; To inclose : to confine.

A rolling pin--(वनन ।

Pins and needles-Raffai ;

Pin one down-बारना विश्व शाबील वह क्या कहिएड ना (पक्षा ; In discussion to force one to keep to the point.

Pin one's faith upon another's sleeve-অপরের মতে মত-ছে; খানীন ভাবে চিন্তা না-ফু; (কোনও কিছুতে) বিৰাস স্থাপন-কৃ; To be slavishly dependent on another for one's opinions, not to be an independent thinker,

Pinafore, pina-for, n. বালকের পোবাক: শিক্তর विद्रात ; An apron for a child fastened before ; a tier.

Pinbasket, n. sieces selle : Basket for a boy : —বীলোকের শেষ সন্থান ; Woman's last child.

Pinesse, pinkas, Pincushion, pinkoosh-un, m. আবুশিন রাখিবার আধার . Case for holding pins. Pincers, pinserz, See pinchers.

Pinch, pinsh, v. t. [ F. pincer, from Ger. ffiteen, to pinch ] किन्ही काढ़ी ; To squeeze the flesh so as to give pain :- नेडा-ए ; To distress :-बुड़ी कड़िश वा कीक्ड़ारेडा बड़ा , To nip ; to gripe :— निरम्बन-कृ ; To squeeze :—o. :. क्ट्रेक्ट इंडडा ; To bear or press hard -- निश्चित बाबी-इ ; To live sparingly; to be thrifty; to spare -n. fiff, Squeeze with the fingers - उप्नीइन ; शहन : Oppression :- (वसना ; Pain :- बान्हां ; What is व्यवद्याः, वर्षास्थानस्य नित्रं (क्रम् ; Difficulty , pang , distress through want. Syn .- (v) Squeeze, nip, gripe, compress, straiten, distress, spare.

At a pinch, On a pinch-att; att sas; At a difficulty.

Ator on a pinch—शिक्त पहान, What at a ioss for something to do :—ৰাব্যুক মতে ; When necessary; in an emergency.

Know or feel where the shoe pinches-কোৰাৰ ব্যৰা বুৰিতে পাৰা; ভূগিয়া বোৰা কোৰায় করের with with, Have personal and practical experience of anything.

Where the shoe pinches—MICER CHIEVE बाजिरहाइ : What part of the feet is sourceed :-কোৰায় বাধা, বা গোল বাঁথে, বা ঠেকে, When the difficulty or puzzle is.

Pinched with cold-1316 Pinched with hunger-1916:

Pinched with want—অৰ্থাভাৰ লভ কিই : Pinch-penny, m. 499; One niggardly to-

wards his dependents.

Pinchback, pinsiibek, n. ভার ও স্থার নিবাণাংশর শাত ; An alloy of copper and zinc.

Pincher, n. व वाकि वा वह हिम्डेडिंड ब्ट्र वा कहे CVE; One who, or that which, pinches.

Pinchers, Pincers, s. stera: An instrument for seizing anything, esp nail; small tones.

Pinohing, c. CHIVIN ; Causing pain or distress :- Theirist : Acting as a pincher , geiping :—विनाणकात्री , Nipping - asia catal; Covetious.

Pinching poverty—হবেহ কারিয়া : Pinchingly, finshing-li, ad. wirthwart, In

a pinching way.

Pindario, pin-darik, n. Austen ; es diet ; An irregular ode in imitation of these of Pindar, the Greek poet :-- अ विकिश्वा-त्सवक পিভাবের লিপিকৌশলার্যারী; After the style and manner of Pindar.

Pinder, n. (बीयांड-बक्क ; A pound-keeper.

Pine, pin, s. (नवशंक कुक ; A tree.

Pine, pin, v. i. গুকাইয়া-বা ; কুল-ত ; স্থান-ত ; অরণ-E; To waste away; droop; languish; decline; flag ; wither ; decay :- v. t. लाम-इ : अनुरमाहमा-F: To grieve : to wear out.

Pine-apple, piń-ap'l, z. witita; Anana; a tropical plant, and its fruit.

Pinery, pinér-i, n. winish sinia; winiah an; A place where pine-apples are raised; a pineforest. [ for cattle.

Pinfold, pinfold, n. Meifen ceinis, A pound Pinhole, # স্চী-রস্কু ৷

Pinion, pihyun, n. [ L. ponne, feather, wing ] शक ; शांतक ; A feather ; quil :-- होका ; वृहद हज-अधिक कड़ कड़ : A small wheel with teeth playing into a large wheel -- staffe, Fetter for the arm -v t. नकरकन क ; To bind the wings of --लकरम्हण्य-कृ : To cut off the pinion :-- निर्देशीए। कविदा वीता . व्यावह-क . To confine by binding the arms, to restrain by binding. Syn:-(n) Confine, shackle, fetter, chain.

Pink, pingk, n. 2001 ferete; A flower: --- 9150 र्ब. A colour like that of the flower:--न्दरप्र बिट्नर , A fish :-- महा बिन्नर ; A plant -- महार-क्टेंडा ; Height of excellence :- क. र विश्व-क , अध for F : To stab , to pierce with small holes cut in small scollops or angles.

Pink-eyed, pingkid, a. 📆 festiffit: 🗫 . Having small eyes The acme Pink of perfection-wire: The beamdeal.

Pinking-iron. n. (कांड कांड्रडा कांत्रेवाड बड़ विध्वत . A cutting instrument, for scalloping the edges of ribbons

Pin-money, n व'मो क्ट्र्क अवस श्रीरमात्कत्र निक ब्राह्म ब्राह्म होका , क्षेत्र शटह ब्रह्महत्व क्ष्म होका , A wife's allowance for her personal expenses; a sum of money allowed to a wife for her private expenses.

Pinnace, pinas, a. क्य मोमा वित्नव; A small vessel navigated with oars and sails.

Pinnacle, pifia-kl, w. 74; Highest point -চুড়া; মনিবাদিৰ অপ্ৰভাগ; A turret or elevation above the main building; a slender tower:-v f कृष्टां क्रिया निर्दात-कृ ; To build with pinnacles Pinnate, pinat, a. [ L. pinna, a feather ] 441-क्रि : Shaped like a feather :- भएक शक्तिनिहे, Furnished with fins. ad = pinnately.

Pinner, piher, n. আবৃণিব প্রবঙ্কারী; A pinmaker - (4)sig-144; The pound-keeper.

Pin-point, pin-point, st. wissished wasts; The point of a pin .- Alais an , woletes teen ; A mere trifle

Pint, pint, (शारेक), अ. खत्रम शशार्वत्र शतिकान विकास .

Half a quart or 4 gills:—বার আউল , 12 ounces. Bintle, pihti, n. ছোট আল্পিল; A little pin:—বোহার বন্ধ আর্পল; A long iron bolt. [pine trees. Biny, pihi, a. বেৰণাক বৃক্পূৰ্ণ; Abounding with Pionear, pi-o-ner, n. পথ পরিধারক দৈনিক; A soldier or mechanic who clears the road for an army:—বেডা; অপ্রসামী বাদ্ধি, অপ্রপা; Settler who penetrates into the wilderness; one who goes before to prepare the way for another.—v. t. আরসামী ইবা পথ পরিধার-কু, To act as pioneer to. Pious, pi'us, a. বর্ষপরারণ; বার্ষিক; ক্ষরপ্রশেক; সাধু; Devout, religious; devoted, dutiful. ad—piously (অভিস্কৃত্তক; সাধুডাসহকারে)। Syn:—Godly, holy, righteous, saintly.

Pip, pip, n. পৰিনিগের রোগ বিলেব; A disease of fowls:—কলের বীজ; The seed of a fruit:—

ছানের কোঁটা ; A spot on cards.

Pipe, pip, n. বাৰী; বাৰী; A music instrument consisting of a long tube —নল, চোল , Any long cylindrical body; tube:—নল; Tube for conveying gas, water or sound:—ভামাক বাইনার মল; Tube for smoking tobacco —বড় শীপা; A cask containing 'wo hog-heads:—v.t. বাৰী বাকাৰ, To play on a pipe.—To call by means of a pipe, a on board ships:—v.t. নীব-দে, To whistle. n=piper.

Pipe-clay, pip'kla, দ. নল নির্দাণ করিবর শেত মুক্তিশা, A species of white clay used for making tobacco pipes, and carthen ware.

Piper, n. বাশীবাৰক; মানাইলার, Player on the pipe. [ এজিমার। As drink as a piper—অভিনয় মন্ত বা বে-To pay the piper—অবচা দালাল; খবচা বহন কু, খবাট বহন-কু. To pay the expense as at an entertainment, where the presence of a paid piper used to be deemed indispensable.

Piping, piping, a মুধ্ব কো, Weak, feede. suckly:—মাডার উত্তব, মুচর, Boiling het, as water.

Pipkin, pip'kin, n. কুতু দুংপার বিশেষ; ঠণ্ডি, A small earthen boiler. [tart apple.]
Pippin, pip'in, n. কয় আপেল বিশেষ, A kind of i
Piquanoy, n. ভারতা; Pungency, seventy

Piquant, pikant, a { F. piquer, to prick of the state of

Pique, pek, v. t. কোনোকীপ্ত-কু, কোন উপ্তেজিত-কু; To excite to anger —গর্জ-কু, আন্তর্নাবা-কু, বিরক্ত-কু; To pride or value; to offend —n বিরক্তি; রাগ; অসবোন; An offence taken, dislake:—বেন; Spite:—used reflexively:—বিন্ধা, Panctilio. Syn:—(n) Displeasure, irritation, grudge, spite, offence, umbrage.

Piquet—Same as Picket
Piquet, pi-ket, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ তাস কীড়া; A game
Piracy, pira-si, n. কলদস্যতা, জলে ডাকাইডি;
Robbery on the high seas — এককাৰেৰ বন্ধাৰিকার
বিষয়ক আইনলকান; বিনা অনুস্যতিতে অস্তেব নিধিত বিষয়
কালা; Infringement of the law of copyright.

Pirate, pi'rat, n. [L. pirata, G. peiran, to attempt] ক্ষাৰ্য; A sea-robber :— প্ৰকৃত্যা প্ৰয়-

বিবয়ৰ অৱণিহানক, One who steals or infringes a copy-right.—দহা জাহাল, An armed vessel, which plunders other vessels on the high seas:
—৩. f বিলা অধ্যতিতে এহণ-ক; আকল লেখা চুনি-ক;
To take without permission, as books or writing. Syn:—(n) Frecbooter, buccancer, corsair.
Piratical, pi-ratik-al, a. জন্মহা সৰ্জীয়; জন্মহাতা-ব্যবাদী, Pertaining to a pirate; practising piracy. ad = piratically

Pironette, pir-on-er, ম. নাচিতে নাচিতে পদাক্ৰির উপর ভর দিয়া আবর্ত্তন; A turning about on the toes in dancing —অংক চক্রাকারে পরিক্রমণ; The turning of a horse on the same ground:—ফ, পদাক্লির উপর ভর দিবা বোলা. To whirl, or turn about on the toes, as in dancing.

Piscatorial pis-ka-to'ri-al, Piscatory, piska-tor-i, a মংক্ত সম্বন্ধীয়, মংক্ত ধবিবার কৌশল সম্বন্ধীয়, Relating to fishes or fishing.

Piscos, putez n নংস্ত: The fishes: — বালিচজের ছালল ছানীত ব'লিচক্র, নীনরাশি, The twelfth sign of the zodiac

Pisciculture, pisi-kur-tūr, n মাছের চান, The artificial methods of rearing and nurture of fish.

[Belonging to a fish-pond.]
Piscinal, pisi-nal, a. [L. piscina, a fish-pond]
Piscine, pisin, a মংস্ত ন্যম্ম য, মংস্ত বিষয়ক;
মংস্ত পাৰপূৰ্ব প্ৰচ্ছিৰী স্থাৰীয়, Pertaining to fishes.
Piscivorous, pis-ivo-ru a. [L. piscis, fish, and aire, to devour] ম্প্তাভাটী, ম্প্তামী; ম্প্তাভ্র, মংস্তামি; ম্প্তাভ্র, মংস্তামি, pish, n অবজ্ঞাচন মান, ছি:; চো: An exclamation of contempt.

Pismire, piźmir, n. পিনীনিকা, The ant or emment.
Piss. pis, v s. মূত ভাগ-কু, To make water.
Pistachio, Pistacia, n. মূত্ৰ বৃদ্ধ ও তং খৰ বিশেষ, A smal' tree the nut of the tree

Pistil, pistil গ শভ্ৰেশৰ, কিল্লেখ, The seedbearing organ of a flower, the female organ in the centre of a flower

Pretrillaceous, a প্রকশ্বেণ্ডার. Growing on the pistil of a flower. [no stamens. Pretrillate, a দেওাকার. Having a pistil, and Pistilliforous, a পুৰোধ বিবহিত প্রকশবযুক্ত: Having a pist I without stamens

Pistol, p etol, n পিছল, হাত বন্ধ, A small firearm discharged by holding in the hand, a lead-gur — r r হাত বন্ধ ছে'ৱা; To shoot with a patol

Piatolo, p s-tūl, ম লেনালনীয় কৰ্মুকা বিশেষ : A Sp nish and Italian gold com about to st illings

Pistolet, pisto-let, n চেট হাম ক্ৰেক; A little Piston, piston, n. দ্বকল পড়তি বস্তুত্ত আৰু বিশেষ; চাল মুক্ত, A short solid cylinder, used in pumps & htting and moving up and down with another

Piston-rod, pistun-rod, n. পিটুল পরিচালক কণ্ড বিশ্ব A rod by which the piston is moved. Pit, pit, n গাটব গার্ড ; গালর , কুগ A large deep hole in the earth, a well — অভবাদার্শ প্রায়; নুর্ব ; ক্বর , An abyss ; the bottomiess pit; hell, the grave —বভ জন্ত ধরিবাই গলার, শীল, A hole used in a trap for wild beasts, whatever in snares or entraps —উলয়, পাকালয় গলার, The hollow of the stomach —নাটালালাৰ নিয়ত্য স্থান, বলালয় প্রাথন, The ground flour of a theatre where spectators asssemble —ধনি প্রবেশের স্বড়েল, The shaft of a mine —বসংভার দাগ, বসত্ত জনতের চিল্, Mark left by small-pox —বজ্পেন, বলা Hollow under the arm pit -৩ গ সুমুক্ত গর্ভে হিন্তিত কু, To mark with little hollows —বগালিয়া-দে, প্রতিশ্বভাতি বিনিয়োগ কু, To set in competition Syn—(n) Excassion, hollow, trench, cavity, dent, depression, dimple, gulf, abyss, parquet, partere

Pit against—বগ্ডা লাগাইবা দে, বিবাদ বীষাইরা-দে Set fighting as cocks or dogs in a pit

Pit one against another—সমকক হওবা, প্ৰভাৱ উৰুত্ব প্ৰেলা, Be ruals —িবারাধ বীধাইবা দেওবা, স্বপ্তা জালাইলা কেওবা, Set one against another in competition.

Pit-a pat, pi a pat ar ব্যক্ত করিয়া জনপিতের খন খন পদানসহকার With palpitation or quick

beating in a flutter

Pitch, pich, . t [A S piccan, to prick ] ানকেণ চু অভ্যেশ্প-কু To fling to throw, to hurl — খাপিত কু, সজ্জিত-কু দৃচরূপে আবদ্ধ-কু To fix or set in array, to fix firmly — প্রবাদা শুর বাঁথিবা-দে, To fix the tone — আশাল্ডাতবা দে পিচলিপ্ত-কু, To smear with pitch to cover over with pitch -ए । खर्डिछ-इ Cosettle - मेर्र अर নামা, To rise and fall -- ঠাৰু গাঁচা To encamp --অধোষ্থে পতিত ;, To fall headlong -- n. আপ काडवा मुटेडिया (व काउँ म वस मांखवा वाव मिठ, The solid thick black substance obtained by boiling down common tar - ज्या हेक्क हार भविनान Any pant or degree of elevation - 5 7 कान , क्य-Frant. Declivity, a descending slope degree ot slope -- ৰব্বেছৰ, A descent -- সভীত ৰাৱব উक्षत्राम . The height of a music il note - कुड़माइन वर निव्यवस्य राज्यान , The distance between the e n'res of two teeth Syn -(v) Cit, Ang launch, send, hurl plant, place, station settle plunge fall toss

Pitch in, Pitch into—আন্তন ড়: গালি-বে আছা কৰিলা দেওছা, টোল বলা, Attack abuse attack one vigorously either by actual blow or abusive language

Pitch of heroism—रीत्राचन अक (बर ।

Pitch one stent—Prepare to tarry or reside for a longer or shorter time

To pitch upon—লিবির স্থিবেশ বা ছাপন কৃ. To come suddenly down upon, to fix the choice

Pitched battle, a তুন্ধ বুদ্ধ বা কথান . A battle in which the hostile forces have firm or fixed position as distinguished from a skirmish

Pitch-dark, a আনুষ্টেরার স্থায় কুম্বর্ণ, Black

Patoblork, pichfork, n north Coina at Softle Incan alatin place faces. A farming instrument, pronged as a fork, for lifting and thowing hay or sheaves of grain —v t Use

pitch fork —সাহসপুর্বাক বিকেপ-ড়, To throw in boldly

Pitchpipe, pichpip n ৰাগ্ৰছের পুৰ বীৰিবার জন্ত বাণী বিশেষ, A small pipe to pitch the voice or tune with

Patcher, picher, n words faces wallis faces, an word, A vessel with a spout for holding water.

Pitchorplant, picher-plant, n. জীয়প্ৰধান কেনীয় লভা বিশেষ A tropical plant.

Pitchy, pichi a পিচের মত কাল, পিচ সংক্ষিত্ব;
Black like pitch smeared with pitch —
তস্পাক্ষর অক্কাৰ্মৰ, ভীৰণ, Dark, dismal

Piteous, p গৈ us a করণ, পোকচনক, Compasionate —কল্পান উদ্দিশক পোকচনক, অনুকলাপার, দ্বালু Mournful, miserable —নামান্ত, নীচ.
Pattry mean ad—piteously n=piteousness.
Syn —Mournful, corrowful, sad, pitiable; affecting, wretched miserable, paliry, mean, pitiful tender

Pitfall, pitfaul ল প্ৰাদি ধ্রিয়ার তপ্ত রন্ধ্র, চোরা পরি Covered pit to catch wild beasts

Pith, pith n [D pit pith kernel] বুজাৰির
নজা The marrow of plants — পজি , বল , ভেলবিড়া, সাবত'ৰ Pice, vigour, importance .
essence Sin — Heart, quintessence, substance g et kernel cream strength, energy, vigour weight moment, importance

The pith and marrow of—কোন বিবন্ধে দায় ভাগ, The stal or essent at part of any matter. Pithless, pithles : মন্ধাপুত সন্ধাবীন, পজিপুত সন্ধানীন নিরুক্ত Wanting pith force or energy Pithy, pithe a মন্ধাবিক সামাল, Full of pith —ভেকব, বলবান, উদামণীল, Forcile strong energetic, ad—pithly no pithiness. Syn—Nervous, terse, luconic, concise cententious

Pitiable, pife-a-bl, a কয়ান বোনা, মৰ্কাছনী, লোচা,
Descring pity affecting, lumentable—
ঘুণার্চ নিকৃত্তি, দীনটান হতভাগা, Contemptible,
despicable miserable wretched ad-pitiably
n-pitialicness byn—Sorrowful, lamen
tible mournful woful viretched miserable

Pitiful, pite fiol a notification, winder, winder, compassionate, tender — 1973, 1976, Sad, despicable, contemptible ad—pitifully, n—pitifulness Syn—Lender compassionate, miserable, sad, lamentable, contemptible despicable, pitry

Pitiloss, piti-les, a fate, fate, fittingers, Unsympathising, cruel, merculess, hard-hearted n=pitilessness ad-pitilessly.

Pitman, pitman, \* বে বাজি করাতির বার্তে বাজিয়া কর্ম করে One who works in a pit, esp in sawing timbers

Pitsaw, pirsaw, n বড় করাত A large saw for timber worked vertically by two men, one of whom stands in a per below.

Pittanoo, pitane, n. অভ্যন্ত আৰু বা পৰিবাদ, দিনপাতের নিমিত অভ্যান্তাদন . A very small portion or quantity —পরভাব বোচনার্থ কান ; A charity gift Pity, pite, n. নহাব্যুক্তি , প্রপ্রাক্তান্তা, ব্যা Sympathy :-- (इर्पन कांत्र : मधानवाक विवत : इर्प-अन्य विश्व : Subject of pity or grief : thing to be regretted :- w. f. नश्मुक्षि धकान-क ; To sympathise with; to feel pain or grief for. Syn:-(#) Compassion, mercy, commiseration, condolence, fellow-feeling. (v) Commiserate, compas-[ be regretted. sionate.

It is a pity-sites fees at; It is much to Take pity upon-काहात्र कहे (मधिवा प्रवान हउना : Have a tender feeling for (a person, excited by his distresses), compassionate one.

Pivot, pivut, s. MITT Will; A small peg or stake on which anything turns :- बिस्ट विन् : बाहात छेन्द्र अध्नक कम निर्देश क्तिएक: Turning point : that on which important results depend —সেবাদলের পার্বহিত বে সেবাকে অবলম্বন করিয়া সেবাদল মানারণে আবর্তন করে; The soldier at the flank upon which a company wheels.

Pivoting, त. वडानिट बारनंत्र कांग्र : Pivot-work in machines.

Pixy. Pixie, piksi, n. कुछ भूत्री ; A small fairy. Placable, pla'ka-bl, a. [ L. placo, to appease ] खनमनेष : मरश्रवनीत , कमानीत , कमी ; That may be appeased, relenting; forgiving. ad = placably, n=placability, placableness.

Placard, pla-kard, n. त्यावनी-अज ; निक्कांभन-अज , हेबाहात : A bill struck upon a wall as an advertisement; a written or printed paper posted in a public place :- v. f. #FIS Bic (चार्गा-क. To notify publicly.

Place, plas, n. TIT; Space in general .- TIT, Locality : situation :-- नगत , महत , A town :-বাসভাব, A residence.—পদ, পদবী; Rank: office :--वहन , Stead .-- शान , Room :-- बहानिका . Mansion .-- बावमाड ; Occupation ; calling :-श्रांत्रन, Court-yard:-- शृक्षरकड व्यव्यक्त्र ; A passage of a book :- অবাৰ্ড হান ; An open space : --নগরের ন্থাপত কলাক পথ , A broad way in a city: - v f. IMR-3; To put in any place or rank; set; establish: — নির্দারিত-কু; স্থাপন-কু; To settle; to invest :- 418-CF; To lend :withthe To ascribe. n=placer. Syn:-(n) Position, location, site, spot, village, city: rank, station, grade, condition; space, room, stead; mansion, abode, residence. (r) Station, lay, deposit, locate, fix, appoint, assign, arrange , invest.

Give place to--বীৰ্ড-ই; To make room or way ; to yield precedence :--একটার পরিবর্তে আর ब्राइंश-इ ; Be succeeded by ; give way to. [ of. In place of-পরিবর্ডে, কোন কিছুর ছলে; Instead In the first piece-swill i

In the next place-mit

Out of place-খানৰই; বেসিজিল; Not in the proper place : - অপুপর্ক ; বেখাণ , Misplaced :-বেলছ , Unbecoming ; unsuited to the occasion. Place out-Put into an employment; invest. Supply the place of-(कान कियुत पानीय-ए: Serve the same purpose as :- Title Title विमयांव विश्वकृत्यः Be fit to occupy another's

place. Be ranked with. Take one's place among—स्वाह महिल नेपा-इ ;

Take one's place among, Take a high place among—डेक (अवैष् कांश्वेस महिल भेग चवा : Be ranked with.

Take place- रहे ; Happen ; occur.

Take the place of ways significations द्यान मधन-इ ; काहांबर भग अह्ब-इ ; Occupy the place of.

To have place - হাৰ পাওয়া : To have a station, room or seat; to have existence.

Placeman, plasman, n. बालकीय कर्याची : One who has an office under a government; one who fills a public station; creature of patrenage. pl = placemen.

Place-monger, n. A trafficer in public employment and patronage.

Placenta, pla-senta, n. পর্চপরিত্রব ; কুল ; Afterbirth. a=placental, pl=placentæ.

Placental, a. পর্কপরিশ্রব সম্বন্ধীয় বা তদগর্ভ: Pertaining to, or having, a placenta :- n. 46-পরিত্রববিশিষ্ট ওপ্তজীবী; A mammal having a placenta.

Placid, plasid, a. [ L. placidus, from placere, to please ] শান্ত ; ধীর ; প্রশান্ত ; অক্তর ; Gentle ; peaceful; mild. n=placidity, placidness. Syn: -Pleased, contended, unruffled, serene, quiet, tranquil.

Plagiarise, platiar-iz, v. t. wer ent at বচনা ছইতে চাৰি-ক : To steal from the writings of others.

Plagiarism, pla'ji-ar-izm, n. apat pfa , (acea) ৰেখা চুৰি; The act or practice of plagiarising. Plagiarist, pla'ji-ar-iet, n. (4 तहना हति कतिल

নিজের বলিরা প্রচার করে; অস্তের লেখা চোর; One who plagiarises.

Plagiary, plaji-ar-i, n. [ L. plagium, manstealing | त जरसन साव दा तहना हुनि कविशा जाननाव বলিরা প্রচাব কবে: One who steals the thoughts or writings of others and gives them out as his own -- a. অভেব লেখা-চুরি-বাবদারী; Practising literary theft.

Plague, plag, n. [ L. plaga, a blow, stroke ] बडक: बहाबादि: विषय मानायक (तांग: मानीका: A pestilence; a deadly epidemic: --উপত্ৰৰ; দৈবন্ত্ৰ-र्सिशाच : रेननर्जिक विभन : कफेक : Any great calamity : any great natural evil :-- v. f. বোৰাজ-क ; शिक्षित-क , श्रद्धान क ; विवक्त-क ; To infest with disease or calamity; to harass; to trouble; to tease. Syn:-(n) Pest; calamity, affliction, trial, annoyance, vexation, torment, curse. (v) Distress, afflict, annoy, trouble, vex, torment, molest, harass.

Plague-mark, plag'mark, Plague-spot, plag-spot, न. बढ़रकब हिन्ह ; A mark or spot of pestilence or foul disease.

Plaice, plas, n. চ্যান্টা-মকে; লবণাত-লবচর বংক; A broad flat-fish; a salt-water fish.

Plaid. n. প্ৰমী বস্ত্ৰ বিশেষ ; A striped or Variegated woolen cloth, worn as an over-garment by the Scottish Highlanders. emplaided.

Plaided, a. উক্ত বন্ধ পরিছিড; Wearing plaids. Piein, plan, a. मब , मरउन ; मबण्डे ; Smooth ; even ; level :-- स्नाह ; नाह ; Clear ; evident :---

Visible — সাযু, Honest — সাদাসিদে, Artless — প্ৰকাশমান , Open , public — সৰল , অক-পট, Frank, candid, sincere — সামান্ত, আড্ডার-পুত্ত, অনুলম্ভত, Common, homely, simple — ওছ, কেবল, Merc — অর্থিত, র্প্লিত নহে, Not coloured or figured -n. সমতৰ ভূমি, প্ৰান্তৰ, Plain or level land and open field - युद्धातक A field of battle —ad সবৰভাবে, সুস্টকুৰণে, Honestly, distinctly a i=plainly, n=plainness Syn -(a) Even, flat, open, manifest obvious, certain, explicit, distinct, unambiruous, unadoined, unvainished , honest ingenuous downright , ordinary Plain-dealer, plan deller, n अवन लांक , महन इस्य समुद्रा. One who deals or speaks out his

mind frankly.

Plain-dealing, plan dt'ing, a. সাধু, অকপট. त्रवर . Honest , open candid - म त्रवन वारशेव ৰা ভাৰণ , স্বৰণা, অৰপটতা, Frank and candid speaking or acting succeity.

Plan-hearted, plan l i i d, a তর্গট , সরল . Sincere n=p un heurt li ces.

Plain-looking, a 可可可, Ordinary [dour Plain speaking, n. - 12 Canthes c in-4 23mg T 447-Plain-spoken, pun pe off , Speaking with rough since 1 y

Plaint, pant, a frei fra Bergiff 13-कान्भूव नाम . A sad 4010 - क = राग भन . अर्ट बालिले, वर्तना-शक्त, Witten tremint of a sut in a ce irt

Plaintiff, plantif, n বাদী অভিযাক, করিং দী. One who commences a suit against another a complainant

Plaintive, plantiv, a ছু.খপুর্ব , দুণ্লনক বিল প कार्द्री, हान्छि, Complaining mounted, sad ad = plaintively n = p nintiveness Syn -Sor rowful, doleful, melancholy wailing

Plain-work, plan-wuth, u জাতাৰ পজিত লট Plain needle-work, as distriguist al from emboider y

Plast, plat, n [G p'elfe a twisted rope string दिन इनाउ, क्वती . (वेंना A fold, a duble of a cloth a doubling - 2 " BIS-5 हुनाट कृ, To interweave -- तिनी वक्तन कृ, 1) braid - 45 95 \$, Io entangle Syn - (n)[or brids Braid, plat gither pucker Planter, n (4 see of old arm, One who puts Plan, plan, n [ 1. plan es flat, le vel | नम्र , A drawing , a design -- মভিন্দি , মতলৰ , অ'эalla, Scheme, project contrivance -v t. नका-क, To make a sketch of on a flat surface — व्यक्तिक कृ, मान मान यहन-कृ, To devise or scheme, to form in design n=planner Syn -(n) Delineation, plot, sketch, map, chart, contrivance, device system, method, proposal Planary, planar i, a नमठन क्या नम्बीय , Peitaining to a plane

Plane, plan, a স্থান, সমপুঠ, Even, plain, level —× সমান ভূমি , সমপ্ত ক্ষেত্র , A level surface -cirl, A joiner's or carpenter's tool -👽 f সমান-कृ, সমতল-कृ, To make level. पुरा 🖚 (a) Flat, smooth, plain.

Planer, " त्रश्हेकांत्रक वाकि वा वस ; One who or that which planes — ( ৰুদ্ৰাৰ্থকে ) কর্মার স্থায় অক্তর मकनत्क बमारिया मभडन कतिवात कांक्षेत्रक, लालमा ; A wooden block for forcing down the type in a form, and making the surface even.

Planet, planet, n. at, Wandering star, belonging to the solar system, a celestrial body which revolves round the sun.

Planetarium, n বে ব্রসাহাব্যে প্রহর্ণার পতি ও গা ৬পথ বৃথিতে পারা যায় , An astronomical machine showing the motions and orbits of the planets.

Pisnetsry, planet-ar-ı, a প্রকৃষ্ণীয় , Pertaining to the planets — এহ্ৰটিড , এহপুৰ্ৰ , Consisting of or produced by planets :-- आह्न काकावाधीन ; প্রহ্মকৃতিক, Under the dominion or influence of a planet - পবিভাষাগণ, অমণকারী, Erratic, revolving

Planotary system—(siffsweff i

Plane-tree, স বৃক্ষ বিশেষ, A fine tall tree.

Planet-striken, Planet-struck, a seles. এইপী ৭০ বিলয়শ জি-বিগৃহীত, Affected by the plancis

Planetoid, planet-oul, n [ Gr planetes, and ech i im i তপ্ৰাক . A very small planet, often cill d'an isteroid.

Planish - ' ধারুপ্রকাদি সম্ভল ও মত্ব কু, ি ১ render snoth and level, as a metallic surface by gerik pounding n=planisher

Planisphore, n IL pianus plane, and str iva, pneic] अश्वकर्तक अविक वृद्धममृत्य श्रांनिजि , A map exhibiting the circles of a opl to

Plank, planck, r (7) 561, A broad piece of sawed timer -v t sel and, To cover with plank

Planner, planer, n (व वालि नच्चा करव , मन्नाकात्री , One who forms a plan -- कबनाकारी, खडिमिन-कादी, A projector

Plant, ilant, n Gige bigiris, en Vegetable sapling, i shrub — শিক্ষর ৰ , A child - \*\* 1 전체리 계약 및 To set in the ground —স্থাপন-কু Lo establish —পে বিচ কু, Lo fix

রোপ্কাধা সম্পা T. To perform the act of planting -v f मन चानन क To set in the mind. Syn -(v) Set insert, settle, found, institute Plantain, plantan, अ कननी नुष्प , कनानाइ , वननी

क्ल ब्रश A tree its fruit

Plantation, plan-tishun, # नृक्यांडिका डेलाज आवान, Act of planting, place planted with trees or shrubs, land brought under cultivation — ৰুত্ৰ বৰ্ষান্ত , উপৰিবেশ A new colony or original settlement -- नारमिकांब कुछ मार्बारकात्र अञ्चर्ने अभिनावी, In the United States and West Indies, a large estate

Plante grade, plante-grad, a [ L. planta, the sole, and gradier, to walk ] প্ৰতল পাতিয়া अध्यनीम , Walking on the sole of the foot -n. ভন্তের ভার পা পাডিছা গমনকারী পণ্ড , An animal that walks on the sole of the foot, as the bear.

Planter, planter, अ. (बानवकाती, (ब्रानक; One who plants — त्कजवारी, उगानाविकांत्री. owner of a plantation.

Planting, w. caiPis au; Something planted:
—Sujia; A plantation.

Plash, plash, n. প্ৰমি ; কুত্ৰ জলাপন বা ভোগা; Pond; puddle:—জলোজান; A dash of water: —v. t. জনজীড়া-কু; জল ছিটাইনা দেওলা; To dabble in water; to speash; to splash.

Plashy, plashi, a. জনবর; Watery:—পুর জনাশবে পূর্ব; Abounding with puddles.

Plaster, plaster, n. [Gr. plasso, to mould, to fashion] চূণ, বালি ও জল বারা প্রস্তুত জমাট; চূণ-কাম; Composition of lime, water and sand for overlaying walls:—কাম; An external medical application spread on cloth:—v. f. চূণকাম-কু; বালিকাম-কু; To cover with plaster:—মনম বানা আামুত-কু; মলম দিরা চাকা; To cover with a plaster, as a wound:—a. গঠনবোগা-পদার্থ নির্দিত. Made of plaster. Sym:—(n) Mortar, cement, stucco. [plasters.

Plasterer, n. বে চুণ্কান করে; One who Plastering, plaster-ing, n. চুণ্কাম বা বালিকাম; প্রালেণ; Plaster

Plastic, plastik, a. [G. plastikov, from plastein, to form, mould] সঠনকন ; গাইনকারী: কাননক; দিবখালু power to give shape or form neplasticity. Syn:—Formative, soft, arvile, cacity moulded. [of being plastic. Plasticity, n. সঠনগোগাড়া; The state or quality Plat, n. ভূমিণ্ড, ভূম্ব, A piece of ground; plot. Platano, n. বুল বিশেষ, The plane-tree.

Plate, plat, n. ৰাতুনিশ্বিত চানহ; A thin or flat piece of metal:—বৰ্ণ বা ৰৌশা ভোতন পাত্ৰ, Household utensils in gold or silver:—বাদ; পাত্ৰ; কেকাৰ; A flat dish, vessel:—বোণিত প্ৰশুত ৰাতুন্ধত; কাছিত ৰাতুনক; An engraved plate of metal:—মুন্তিত চিত্ৰ; Any printed picture:—প্ৰশুত্ত বন্ধত; Something flat:—৮. ৫. পাতা নোডা, পাডৰাতু কিলা চাকা. পিট্টৱা পাত্ৰা পাত্ৰা পাত্ৰ; To overlay with a coating of plate or metal; to adorn with metal, to beat into thin pieces.

Plateau, pla-tō, n. উচ্চভূমি ; উপত্যকা ; সমতল ক্ষেত্ৰ , A table-land. p/=plateaux.

Plateglass, n. 5171 % fecan; A fine kind of glass, cast in thick plates.

Platform, platform, n. মাচান: উন্নত মঞ্ ; A raised level scatfolding:—এবনতাংগৰী ব্যক্তিদিশের মত শিবরণী ; A declaration of principles to which any body of men declare their adhesion:—কাছাৰ পাতিবার উচ্চ ভূমি ; An elevated floor for cannon.

Platina, platin-a, Platinum, platin-um, n. ধাতু বিলেব; A metal.

Plating, plating, n. গিন্টী; A thin coating of metal laid upon another metal.

Platitude, plat-i-tūd, n. অন্তিড়া; প্রশন্তভা; বিক্টেড়া, অন্যা উক্তি; অসার মন্তবা; Flatness; dullness; an empty or weak remark.

Platonic, pla-tońik, Platonical, pla-tońik-al, a. এইকগ্ৰিক মেটো বা ডণ্টম মত সম্ভান ; Pertaining to Plato, the Greek philosopher or to his philosopical opinion :—অবাসক ; আগোমিক ; Pure and unmixed with carnal desires; spiritual, administration of the platonically.

Platonic love, n. বৰ্ণার জেম; Wholly spiritual love.

Platonism, platon-izm, ম. মোটো বা ভাইৰ পিৰা-বিশেষ মত বা নীতি; The philosophical opinions of Plato. n=platonist. [ of Plato. Platonist, platonist n কেটাৰ পিয়া: A follower

Platonist, plato-nist, n সেটোর পিয় : A follower Platoon, pla-টেটা, n. পদাতি নৈতের কল : সৈত বিতাগ বিশেষ ; A part of a company of infantry; a subdivision of a company.

Platter, plater, n. ত্তাশন্ত আগতীয় বড় পাত্ৰ; A large flat shallow plate or dish.

Plaudit, plawd'it, n. [L. plaudo, to prai e] অশ্বা. অশ্বাবাদ; Applause, praise bestowed. Plauditory, plawd'it-or-i, a. অশ্বাকারী; অশ্বাবাদী; Applauding; commending.

Plausible, plawże-bl, a. [L. plaudo, to praise] সত্যবং প্রতীয়মান; বথার্থবং প্রতীয়মান; Seemingly right; apparently right; superficially pleasing, specious:—প্রশাসনীয়; অনুপ্রব্যোগ্য; লোকপ্রিয়; Fitted to gain favour or popular. ad=plausibly, n=plausibleness, plausibility.

Play, pla, v. i. জীড়া-কু : (খলা-কু ; To frolic ; sport , game .- ক্রীড়া-ছ; To trifle :-- বুলা খেলা; To gamble :-- क हिन्य-क ; To act in a theatre; to act a part upon the stage :-- প্রভারণা-ক ; To practice a trick :-ইতস্ত: দ্ঞালিত-হ ; To move irregularly:--रामायञ्च राष्ट्रान , To perform on a musical instrument :- अंडनग-मृ ; To represent a character :-- উপ্লাস-कृ ; Mock :-- १. मण्यामन-कृ ; To bring into action : -স্কালিড-কু; To put in motion:-- n. कीडां ; त्यता ; व्यात्मावदाराय ; Pastime ; sport; game :-- নাটক; A drama :-- ভুষা খেলা; Gambling :- কাৰ্য্যের স্থাধীনতা ; অসর : Freedom of action; liberty of acting; scope: --ব্ৰহার; Action ; use : - অভিনয় ; নাটক ; Dramatic show . dramatic composition :--গতি; Motion, movement. Syn:-(v) Frisk, toy, trifle, wanton; perform, act, represent, personate, engage. (n) Frolic; amusement, gambols, diversion. recreation, pastime; tragedy, gaming ; room, swing.

Call into play—श्वराज्यां-कृ; Call into action. Come into play—श्विष्ठाविष्ठ-इ; Be called into action.

Fair play—ৰণৰ বাৰহণৰ; Equitable and imparial treatment; uprightness of conduct.

Foul play—বদমাইনি; Treachery, dishonesty, Give play to—বেল প্রস্তুত্তি ছিল্ক-কৃ; Give room for action; afford scope to. [ be deceitful. Play a double game—কণ্টতা-কৃ; শঠতা-কৃ; To Play against—বিবাদ-কৃ; Contend with.

Play a part—লাট;শালাৰ অভিনৰ-কু; Act a part on the stage:—কোন উদ্দেশ্ত সাধনাৰ কোন ৰূপ ধাৰণ-কু; Assume a certain character for some purpose:—কোন বৃহৎ ব্যাপারে প্রধানরূপে কার্যা-কু; Take a part in and cut a figure:—কণ্টতা অবলবন-কু; Practise simulation or hypocricy, pretend to be that which one is not.

Play at—ফীড়া-কু; Engage in a game:—কোন ধেলা-কু; Play a game for diversion:—কোনজন নাজিলা ধেলা-কু; Amuse oneself by personating a certain character:—কোন কিছু কৰিব। নিজ্ঞে প্ৰয়োগ Phability, pli-a-bili-ti, Pliableness, pli'abl-ness, s. नमनीवका, Flexibility

Pliable, plia-bl, s. [F. from plier, to bend, to fold] ব্যব্দান, নমনীৰ, সহজে আবর্তনীয়; Supple, easily persuaded. n=pliableness, pliability. Syn:—Phant, flexible, supple, limber, ductile; vielding, manageable, compliant.

Pliant, pliant, a. नमनीय ; महक्ष्त्रमा , नमनील , Fexible, tractable. ad = pliantly. n=pliancy. Syn:—Flexile, lithe, limber, supple, ductile , yielding, manageable, docile, obsequious.

Plicate, plikat, Plicated, plikat-ed, a. [L. plico, to fold] ভাজবুক, কৃষ্ণিত, Folded, plaited.

Pliers, n. pl. গাড়ান্ম বিশেষ; A kind of pincers Plight, plit, n. [A S. pliht, danger, pledge ] প্রতিত্ব; বছক, A pledge; a security:— আবস্থা; সহটাপর দশা. Condition, dangerous condition:—আভিজ্ঞা, নিবোগ, Promi c., engagement:—υ. t লামিন-দে, বছক-দে, বছক বাপা, To give, as security — অসীকাৰ-কৃ, To give at a proof of good faith, to pledge, as, one s faith Syn—(n) Gage; etate, difficulty, perplexity. Plighted, s. অসীকৃত, Pledged, formally promised.

Father's plighted truth—পিড্সভা।

Plinth, plinth, n. [Gr. plinthos, a brick] অবৰুল, ভিৰিষ্ণ, অভাদিব ম্বাপ্তবেশত কটকালার অংশ, The lowest brick-shaped part of the base of a column or pedestal

Plod, plod. v f. অতি কটে অমণ-তৃ, অভন্তে পরিলম-কৃ. To travel labortously, to toil, to drudge —অবিচলিত-অগবেসায়ে সহকারে ক'র অধ্যানন-কৃ, To study heartly with steady difigence.

Plodder, plod er, n. নিষ্ণেধ অণ্ড পরিশ্রমী লোক অভীক বৃদ্ধি অণ্ড পরিশ্রমী ব্যক্তি, A dull, heavy, laborious man

Plodding, plod'ing, a প্ৰমণীল, পৰিপনী কিছ মছৰ, Laborious but slow — স প্ৰমণ নত' Slowness with steadiness and perseverince — প্ৰচিত্ৰিত প্ৰিপ্ৰম সংকৃত মছৰ গমন বা অধ ফন Slow movement or study with persevering industry ad—ploddingly.

Plot, plot, হ ভূমিৰও : আৰু ভূৰত . A small extent of ground —খ গ নঙ্গা-কৃ, পাকুলেখা রচনা কু, To make a plan of

Plot, plot, গ বছৰৰ কুমন্ত্ৰণা, Conspirary, stratagem, intrigue —পন্ধ বছক, নাট্যকানিশিভ আঝাৰিকান্ত্ৰ ঘটনাপন্নপ্ৰথা ধাবাৰ্ডিকভা, The chain of incidents in the story of a play — ভ ঃ ক্ছ বন্ধ-কু, To conspire, to scheme, to intrigue.— ভ ঃ আজিসন্ধি-কু, মন্ত্ৰণা-কু, To devise, to contieve. Syn - (গ) Stratigem, cabal, combination, machination (ভ) Contrive, concoct, hatch, frame, project.

Plotter, ploter, n বড়বছৰারী, মন্ত্রণকারী, A cons-Plough, plow, n লাজন, হল, ভূমিকর্বণ, চান, An instrument for turning up the soil, culture of the earth; tillage — v গ লাজন কারা ক্ষণ-কৃ, বলচালনা-কৃ; To turn up with the plough:—বিভার বিবা বছিলা-না, To run through in sailing — প্ৰকৃ মু, ছিল-কৃ; To divide, to tear, — v, গ, লাজন-কে, To labour with a plough:—বাধানকে অন্তন্ত ; To advance in spite of obstacles. n=plougher. Plough in—কৰ্মৰ কমিয়া আন্তামৰ ফু; কৰ্মৰ বাৰা ঢাকা; Cover by ploughing.

Plough up or out—নালৰ বারা উৎপটিব-ছ; Turn out of the ground by ploughing.

Ploughable, plow'-a-bi, a. witten; ; with ; Capable of being ploughed; arable.

Plough-boy, plow'boy, n. কৃষক-বালক; কৃষি-বালক, A boy who drives or guides horses in ploughing, a rustic boy.

Ploughman, plow'man, ন. কৃষক, কৃষিজীয়ী; কৃষি-বল, কঠোর পাংশ্রমী, A husbandman, a rustic; a hardy labourer.

Ploughshare, plow'shār, ম. নামব্যে কাল; The part of a plough which cuts the ground at the bottom of the furrow [bird.

Plover, pluver, n. পকী বিশেষ, বিশেষ, A kind of Pluck, pluk, n. [Gael pluc, a lump ] উৎপাটন, আক্ষণ, A single act of plucking — ক্ষম ক্ষম, বকুৎ ও কুন কুন, The heart, liver, and lungs of an animal — নাচন, তেজ, Courage, spirit — ৩ t. নামেড-কু, To gather — পকা উৎপাটন-কু, ছাড়াইছা কোনা, I o strip off feathers — কাড়িলা ক্ষমা; To snatch — আক্ষণ কু, To pull away — ক্ষেত্ৰ, To reject at an examination. ১৮n — (n) Resolution, intrepudity, hardshood, mettle, nerve

Pluck up—সাতস ইদ্ধার কু, Recover courage. Pluck up spirit—ভৱ ভাগি কর, সাতস বীষ্য Throw feat aside and regain confidence.

Plucked, a পরীকার অনুতীর্থ, Rejected in an examination —উপোটিত পক্ষা, অপকৃত্ত, Stripped of feathers robbed by sharpers.

Plucky, pluki, a मान्त्री, (डबरी, Having spirit or courage, r-pluckiness, ad - pluckily

Plug, plug, n ভিপি, A block or pegused to stop a hole, a stopple —v / ছিপি ছারা বছ-কু, Fo stop with a plug —বলপুরক ছিপি প্রবিট-≯; To drive plugs into

Plugging, में 'क्लिड डेमोनॉब', The material of which a plug or stoppie is made.

Plum, plum, n বৃল, A well-known stone-fruit. Hog plum জামদুৰ্ব

Plumage, pleomaj, দ প্ৰীয় পালৰ , প্ৰীয় প্ৰ-সম্বন্ধ , the whole feather of a bird

Plumb, plum, n f L plumbum, lead ] জন্ম নরনোরতি লাপন'ৰ ব্যবস্থাত রক্ষ্ণশিক কার বিশেষ A mass of lead or other material hung on a arring ind used to find whether any thing is upright or to sound depths — n t লাভাবে সংস্থাপিত-ক গভীরতা পরিমাণ ক, পরীকা-ক, To sounds the depths, to examine by tests, to adjust by a plumb-line —ad সরবোরত বা লাভাবে, in plumb direction, perpendicularly —a সরবোরত, লাভ, Perpendicularly

Plumbago, plum-bágo, n [L plum bum, lead ] দীনা, অন্নার ও নোহ মিশ্রিত খনিক পদার্থ জিলেব , A mineral , blacklead.

Plumboan, plumbe-an, Plumbeous, plumbe-us, a সীনাম্য, ভারাকার, জড়, বুর্ণী মির্কোণ, Consisting of or resembling lead; dull; beavy; stupid

Plumbery, plumber .. নীসক-কৰ্মকান্তের ব্যবসার ; The business of a plumber :—সীসা চালাই অত্-ভিত্ত কার্যানা ; The place where plumbing is carried.

Plazzbio, plumbik, a. দীনা নখৰীয় ; দীনা হইছে প্ৰাপ্ত : Pertaining to or obtained from lead.

Plumbing, pluming, n. নীলা চালিবাৰ কৌশল;
The art of casting and working in lead &cc.:—
নীনাৰ নল পাতিবা তাহার নবা দিবা জল চালাইবার কারবার; The business of arranging pipes and conducting water.

Plumbline, plum-lin, n. कान पछि; कान ; A line attached to a mass of lead, a plummet.

Plumeake, n. 1987; Cake containing plums, raisins or other fruits.

Plume, ploom, n. [L. plume, a small soft feather] পদ: পদায় পালক; Bird's feather:—
কাৰ্যাৰ-ৰূপ পৰিছিত পদ: A feather worn as an ornament:—সন্মান-চিক্; অৱপাতাকা: প্ৰতিযোগিতায় প্ৰভাৱ: Token of honour; prize of contest; prowess, stateliness:—শিবা; চূড়া; A crest:—
১. গদ্ধ বিশ্বাস-কৃ; To adjust the feathers of, as a bird:—পালক বংগাটন-কৃ; To adorn with plumes:—পালক উৎপাটন-কৃ; To strip off feathers:—ক্ৰিক্; বছাৱ-কৃ; বড়াই-কৃ; To pride; to boast:—স্লাবান বোৰ-কৃ; To value.

Plume oneself upon-কোন কিছু আছে বলিয়া জাক-কু; অবভার-কু; Boast of, pride oneself on.

Plumer, plumer, n. নীনাৰ কাণিকর . বে ব্যক্তি নীনার কাক করে; One who works in lead.

Plummet, plumet, ল. ওপন; প্রতীরতা-পরিবাপক ভাব বিশেষ: A weight of lead hung at a string for sounding depths; a plumb-line:—পেনজিল. A lead-pencil.

Plumose, ploomos. Plumous, ploomus, a. পদবিশিষ্ট, পদস্যপ ; Feathery ; plume-like.

Plump, plump, a. পুৰা; বাঁট; Downright, unreserved:—ক্টপুট; বোটা; ছুলকায়: Fat; massive — ত. i. হঠাৎ পতিত্ত-হ, হঠাৎ নিয়ন্ত্ৰিক্ত-হ, To fall like a lump; to fall suddenly; to sink suddenly:—v. t. অকমাৎ নিসন্ত্ৰিত-ফু; To cause to sink suddenly; to give in the lump or undivided; as a vote to one only:—adv. ৰপ্ করে পতিয়া; একেবারে, সহ্মা; With a sudden fall; suddenly; heavily. Syn:—(a) Round, full, well-conditioned, chubby, strapping, bouncing, fleshy; complete, full, direct, downright.

Plumper, plumper, n. একাদিক ব্যক্তিয় নির্বাচনব্যাপারে একের উদ্দেশে প্রথম মত; ইন্থা মতদাতা; A
wote given to one candidate only where the
woter has a right to vote for two or more:
--সম্পূর্ব বিশ্বা; A downright lie.

Plumpudding, n. निष्टम विराम ; कृत्मत आंतरित ; A pudding containing plums, raisins or other fruits.

Plum-pudding face—Face marked with purple pimples.

Plumule, n stres staning; The first bud, or gen mule of a young plant.

Plunder, plunder, n. ns ; ns ; ns ; ns sur; Pillage; spoil ; booty :—e. f. ns ; ns - pillage; To sack ; to rob ; to pillage. n — plunderer. Syn :

-(v) Despoil, rifle, strip, rob. (n) Booty, less, pillage, prey, spoil.

Plunderer, n. vaj ; A spoiler ; a robber.

Plungo, plunj, p. f. জনে অকুমাং নিজেন-ছু; To thrust or cast suddenly into water or other fluid :—নহনা বলপূৰ্থক প্ৰবিষ্ট-ছু; To force suddenly into:—শৃষ্টবৰ্মে গীকিড-কু; To baptise by immersion:—p. i. জনমন্ত্ৰ-কু; ড্ৰ-দে; To dive:—ক্ষতবেশে থাবিড-হু; To rush or throw one's self headlong, as a horse:—বেশে থাবিড-হু; প্ৰবন্ধেশ বিশ্বে পভিড-হু; To rush into any danger:—n. ব্ৰহ্ম শৃষ্টি বেশে প্ৰথম নি cof plunging:—অকুমা কৰেন্দ্ৰ ক্ষাম শৃতি বেশে প্ৰথম নি cof rushing headlong, as a horse. Syn:—(v) Dip, douse, submerge, sink, overwhelm; dive, pitch.

Plunge into—জনে ডোবা, ড্ব দেবল; Dive in water:—গুচুডমদেশে প্ৰবেশ-কু; কিছুতে ডোবা; Enter into the depths of:—বোচা বাবা; বাদরে দেবলা; Thrust into.

[ A diver.

Plunger, plunjer, n. অবগাহনকারী; নজনকারী; Plunging, plunjing, a. বেগে থাবমান; Rushing down headlong:—প্রবাদনেরে নিরাভিগামী; Pitching downward:—n. এতো বা তরল প্রবাদ নিমজন, অবগাহন; The putting or sinking under water or other fluid:—প্রবাদ করের আরোইকে ভূপাতিত করিবার চেষ্টা; The act of a horse trying to throw its rider.

Pluperfect, plos'per-fekt, a. প্রেক ; অউভ-ঘটনাব্যেক ; In Grammar, noting that an action happened before some period referred to.

Piural, ploo ral, a. [L. plus, pluris, more] বহুকনান্ত; একাধিক-বোৰক; Containing more than one:—n বহুকন; In Grammer, the number or form denoting more than one ad=plurally.

Pluralize, Pluralise, v. t. वहवठबाय-कृ ।

Pluralism, ploo'ral-ızm, n. একাৰিকড়; এককালে একাৰিক বাজকীয় বৃত্তির উপজ্ঞান. The holding of more than one ecclesiastical living.

Pluralist, ploo'ra-list, n. বৰ্গবিশেক বাৰক; A clergyman who holds more than one ecclesias-tical benefice.

Plurality, plu-rafe-te, n. একাধিক বাজকীয় বৃত্তিয় উপভোগ, The holding of more than one benefice:—-বৃত্ত ; অধিক সংখ্যা, A number greater than one, majority.

Plus, plus, n [ L. plus, more ] খন বা বোৰ চিক ;
The mark (+) prefixed to positive quantities as a sign of addition.

Plush, n. এক কাড়ীয় গোনল বয়, A species of Plutocracy, n. [ Gr. ploutos, wealth, kratos, strength ] খনাচাখিলের রাজ্যলাসন; Government by the wealthy.

Plutonian, Plutonie, a. বেডভূমি নম্মীয়; বুটPluvial, a. [ L. pluvia, rain ] বুটি নম্মীয়; বুট-

সর , সিষ্ণ ; আর্ম ; Rainy ; humid. Pluvious, ploo'vi-us, s. বৃষ্টবন্দ ; Rainy.

Ply, pli, v. t. ভাজ-ড়; To fold or cover over:—
অনুসর-ড়; প্রেণানিড-ড়, To urge, solicit importunely:—পরিশ্রন স্থকারে কার্বা-ড়; To practise or
perform with diligence:—v. i. অধ্যস্যার সম্ভাবে
কার্বা বিষ্কুত থাকা;—অভিচনিত ভাবে কার্বা-ড়, To
work at steadily:—মুই ক্ষরের মধ্যে সর্কার বাভারাত-

ক; To make regular passages between two ports:—ভাড়াডাড়ি থাওয়া; To go in haste:—খারুর প্রতিকৃষ্ণে গ্রন-ড়; To make way against the wind:—n. ডাল; বুক্ল; A fold; a plait:—গতি; অভিন্থ; Bent; direction. Syn:—(n) Press, strain, force, exercise, practise.

Ply a trade—কোন বাবসা চালান; To exercise or follow a trade.

Ply for hire—ভাড়া বাটা; Go from one place Ply for work—ভাড়া বাটা; Work for hire.

Ply one's heels—পৰায়ৰ-ড়, To exercise one's heels in running away.

Ply one's trade—নিজের ব্যবসা চালান; Follow one's profession; do one's business.

Ply one with—বাণ্ড রাবা; Keep one busy with:—ক্ষিক কোব বোডানি বেবান , Tempt one repeatedly with.

[ To keep flattering him.

Ply one with flattery—কাহানৰ ভোবানোৰ-ডু;

Ply one with wine—relief celon ar elegia;
Give repeated doses of wine.

Plymouth Brethern—A sect that protests against all sectarianism.

Pneumatic, nū-matik, Pneumatical, nū-matik-al, a. [G. pneuma,—atos, wind, air] বাব্যব; বাব্যব; বাব্যব; বাব্যব; বাব্যবায়, বাব্যবায়, বাব্যবায়, বাব্যবায়, ক্লিকেন্দ্ৰনাৰ ক্লিকেন্দ্ৰনান কলিন্দ্ৰনান কলিন্দ্ৰনান কলিনেন্দ্ৰনান কলিনেন্দ্ৰনান কলিনেন্দ্ৰ কলিনেন্দ্ৰনান কলিনেন্দ্ল

Pneumatics, nu-matiks, n. sing. বাহ্ৰিজ্ঞাৰ, The science which treats of air and other elastic fluids or gases.

Pneumatologist, nu-mat-olo-iist, n. বাব্বিজ্ঞান-বিং; অধ্যাস্থ-বিব্যাবিং. One versed in pneumatology.

Pneumatology, nū-mat-clo-ji, n. [Gr. pneuma, wind, spirit, and logos, science] অবাস্থ-শাত্র;
The science of air and other clastic fluids, the doctrine which treats of the spiritual substances.

Pneumonia, nū-mōni-a, n. [Gr. pneumon, the lungs ] কুৰ্ক্ৰের অধাহ; Inflammation of the lungs.

Pneumonic, nū-mohik, a. কুৰ্ক্ৰ্ সংজ্জীয়; Per-Poach, pōch, v. t. গোগৰে অগহরণ-কু, শিকারের প্ৰাণ্ড অগহরণ-কু, তি steal game; to plunder by stealth:—কৃতিত্ব জলে ডিন ভালিয়া পাক-কু; To dress eggs by breaking them into a vessel of boiling water:—v. s. চুনি ক্রিবার ক্স অক্তের অধিকানে ক্রেক্-কু; To intrude on another's grounds in order to steal game.

[ game.

Poscher, pocher, n. cota; One who steals Posching, n. cota, Trespass in pursuits of game; the occupation of a poacher.

Pock, pok, n. বসন্ত রোগের বণ; প্রসর্ভ বণ, Pustule from small pox or other disease.

Pocket, poket, n. আমার জেব; ছোট বলি, A little pouch or small bag in a garment:—v.f. জেবে বাবা; To put in the pocket:—ধুৰ্তভাপুৰ্বক কৰৱা, অপহরণ-ক; To take slily; to take stealthily:— সঞ্জ , To take without resenting it.

Be out of pocket—টাৰা বোলান; Be a loser (in money matters):—এত টাৰা ব্যৱ হট্যা গিয়াছে; Have expended (so much).

Pocket an affront, abuse - বিশ্ বাইরা কিল্

E(8-7; Receive an affront, abuse or insuft without resenting it.

Pocket an insult—অপৰাৰ সহ-কু; কিল বেৰে বিল চ্বি-কু; Receive an insult without resenting. Pocket up—Put out of sight without examination.

Pocket-book, poket-book, ন. জেবে ব্যবস্থা সূত্র প্রিকা: জেবে রাধিবার বাডা; Diary or memorandum book for the pocket.

Pocket-borough, n. Political place in the hands of a patron. [book. Pocket-edition, n. জুলাকার পুরুক; Small size Pocketful—As much as the pocket will hold. Pocket-money, poket-mun-i, n. সামান্ত ব্যক্তের জন্ত টাকা; নিজ ব্যক্ত, আবস্তুক বস্তু ব্যক্ত পুরু; Money for causal expenses.

Pocket-picking—কোৰ হুইডে আগ্ৰনা; Act of stealing from the pocket. [left by a pock. Pockmark, Pockpit, n. বাক্ষতিক: The mark Pod, pod, n. বাক্ষের আ্বাবন. শিন মটন অভ্যানির কাটা; The covering of the seed or seed-vessel of certain plants, as the pea or bean; seed-case:
—ত. া. পূর্ব কু আটা-গু, জার-হু, To fill, as a pod; to produce pods; to swell.

Poem, pō'em. n. কৰিডা, কাৰ্যা, পদ্যা; ছন্দোৰছ বচনা; A composition in verse

Poosy, pū'e-si, n. f Gr poiso, to do or make ] কবিতা, পদা, Poetry, poem.

Poet, n. বাৰু বৃদ্ধিলা, কৰি, The auther of a poem —কল্পনাল কলালী ব্যক্তি; One with a strong imagination. from-poeteso. [ state or city. Poet laurouto—রাজক্বি, Poet maintained by a The jewel of a poot—ক্বিরয়।

Poetester, pū'et-as-tér, n. कू-कवि; विदासनीय कवि, A writer of contemptible verses; a pitiful writer of vorses, a pitty poet.

Poetic, po-crik, Poetical, po-crik-al, a. কৰিবা সম্ভীয় : কৰিবাৰ্টিত : কন্মন্ত : Pertaining or sustable to poetry — ক্ৰোব্ছ : ক্ৰোব্ছ প্ৰকাশিত : Expressed in poetry — ক্ৰোৱিয় : Imaginative : —ক্ৰ্যালয়ত : Possessing the peculiar beauties of poetry.

Poetical justice—That ideal justice which poets exercise in making the good happy and the bad unsuccessful in their evil schemes.

Poetically, ad. কৰিছভাবে, in a poetic manner.

Poetics, po-eciks, n কৰিছাৰ স্বালোচনা; কাৰ্য
স্বালোচনা; কাৰ্যনীতি; The branch of criticism,
which relates to poetry, the doctrine of poetry.

Poetise, po'et-iz, v. ২. কৰিছা বেৰা; কৰিছা বচনাকু; To make verses; compose verses.

Poetry, poet-ri, n. কবিডা; কাব্য; গদ্য: ছন্দোন্যর বাক্য; Metrical composition:—নদীভাকারে প্রকটন; Utterance in song. [being poignant. Poignancy, n. ভীক্ষভা; ভীৱডা, The state of Poignant, poinfant, a. [F. poignant, from L. pungere, to prick] ভীক্ষ; Sarp; keen:—ভীৱ; কটু, Pungent:—বেংক; ভীক্ষ; Penetrating:—ভীৱ; নৰ্মপানী; নৰ্মজেনী, Acutely painful:—মানিক্য; বিকাশক্ষয়: Saturcal. neepoignancy, admipoignantly. Syn:—Severe, intense, pointed, pungent, caustic, biting.

Point, point, n. [ L. punctum, from pungere, to prick I care acre sharp and of a piercing instrument :- हम ; That which pricks or wounds :-- अकड़े कबना ; Lively turn of thought: -- गरनारवान चार्कन; That which awakens attention :- विन् ; Dot :- विन् ; Smallest possible space:--পুরিছে ; Full stop:-- মুহুর্ড ; Moment of time; instant :-- नाबाक वालाब ; A small affair :--একমান বস্তু; একটা বস্তু; A single thing :- को कि ; बाका कि ; Sting of an epigram ; that which stings, as the point of an epigram : -अवनि वाका ; A single assertion :- चारनांना 1948: The precise thing to be considered:-केशरतन : Example :-- चत्र ; Note ; tune :-- श्रम ; क्षत्र ; Degree : - अवहा ; Condition : - विटनव नक्ष्य ; বিশেষ : Peculiarity - অস্থরীপ : A small headland:-Mark of the decimal place; as 1: 18::pl. এক পৰ হইতে অন্ত পৰে শকট সঞ্চালিত করিবার বিভিন্ন-মুখীন লৌহবর্মাধুরের আকেগবোগা হান; The switch or railway track; the switch on a railway:e.i. তীস্থ-ৰু; স্কাগ্ৰ-ৰু; To sharpen :--লক্য-ৰু; To aim : -- श्रानारवात्र निरवण-क ; भन (म अया ; To direct one's attention :--वाका माशा (इस्टिक्स मिलान-कू; Punctuate, as a sentence :- o. t. अवृति निर्मन-कृ ; To direct the finger towards an object -- 18 बाजा निकाब द्ववाहेवा-त्व; To show game by looking, as a dog. Syn := (n) Stop, end, extremity, termination; spot, place, station, stage; state, condition; summit, top, apex; projection, cape; verge; aim, purpose, design; object; question, subject, theme; respect, trait; peculiarity; poignancy; edge; sting-(v) Level, direct; show, indicate, designate.

Point

Armed at all points--আপাৰ্যত্ত সন্ত্ৰত, Armed from head to foot.

At the point of death-मृत्विद्यां ; महमद ; On the verge of death; as near as can be to death. At the point of the bayonet or sword-ৰল এলোগ খাবা; আৰু সন্মুৰে ধরিয়া, তলোধার উঠাইয়া वा अवत्रवृक्ति कृतिहा ; By military force ; by compulsion. [ व्यवक्र'व , At this stage. At this point—এই খনে; At this part :—এই Being to the point-आप्रीक्क ।

Come to the point—মাসল কথায় আসা; Take up the main question. (Opposite of beat about

Gain one's point-केनित वस श्रांत-इ : त्व विवास লক্ষ্য থাকে তাহা হাসিল-কু; Get the thing aimed at. Give point to—ভীব-কু; বাহাতে একটু লাগে এমন করিয়া বলা: Make incisive —রংলার কবিবার জন্ম बाज़रिया बना ; Make ( anything ) striking by exaggerating it. িবেল ; As regards. In point of-नवरक वा विश्वतः, स्कान किंदू पतिएउ Make a point of-निषय-कु; काम निषय हजा; Make it a rule with oneself :- च्रिवनिक्त- क Decide :-- विकार ; Be sure to.

Nine points of the law-আইনের প্রধান বল : The greater chance of success in a suit at law. On the point of—बाद ; উष्ट ; अबूद ; About to:-- कतिव कतिन, स्व स्व এই वर्ष वृक्षात ; On the

Point at - 明明 亨; Aim at : - 明明 - 亨; To treat

with contempt :-- अकृती वाडा जिल्ला-क ; Porce upon notice, draw attention to (by the finger). Point in one's favour -কাহারও অধুক্লে কোৰ विवेद ; A circumstance that is favourable to one. Point of dispersion—विकिश्न-विक्

Pointing.

Point of honour—बाहांड উপর মান নির্ভন করে ; A matter which concerns one's self-respect or the esteem of others.

Point of view-- त्यांन क्ट्रेंट कान वस तथा वाद : Stand point; place from which any object is seen.

Point out-দেশান; প্ৰমাণ-কু; সম্ভেড ছাত্ৰা বা অকলী দিরা দেখাইরা দেওছা; Show; demonstrate; indicate :-- (नवारेश या व्यारेश (नवश) : Explain or indicate clearly.

Point or matter in dispute-flatfit fars : The point or matter which is disputed or con-

Point to-अनुनी बाजा त्यवान : Direct attention to (by the finger) :--পুরুষ্কর বেধান ; Foreshadow : -कान पिटक वांख्या ; Tend to.

Point to be solved-fatig fags: The thing to be explained or decided.

Point to or towards—निर्द्धन-कृ : Indicate Point under discussion—कारनाम विवस ।

Rallying point—বেবানে কোন দলত্ব বা মতত্ব বোক অমা হয় এবং উৎসাহ পায়; আড়ডা; The focus; the point of concentration, the place where people attached to a certain cause meet and find encouragement.

The turning point in or of one's career— (বে সমবে) কাছারও কপাল কেরে; The period in a man's life when there is to be a decided change when he is either to rise or to fall :- ( य प्रीनाह मक्न ) काशंत्र ३ कनाम (क्र , The circumstance that brings about a decided change in a person's [ successive hits. сагеет.

To mark or score a point-To note down To strain a point—টিৰ দীমা ৰভিত্ৰ-কু; To go beyond the proper limit; to exceed the bounds of strict propriety or of duty.

To the point-অসলোপাযোগী : অসলাত্ত্ৰ : Pertinent; apt, apposite, bearing directly upon the subject in hand.

Point-blank, point-blank, a. 📆 ; Direct , plain :-ad. नाष्ट्रेड: ; সরলভাবে , সাকাৎ ভাবে: Directly; plainly; expressly:-n. A white mark at which aim is taken.

Pointed, pointed, c. স্বার ; ভীকার ; ভীক ; Having a sharp point; sharp: - 313; Keen: - 134; প্রত্যক্ষ ; Direct :--ব্যক্তিগত ; Personal :--ক্লপ্রয় : Telling. ad = pointedly. n = pointedness. Syn: -Peaked : distinct, marked ; severe, poignant, epigrammatic.

Pointer, point-er, n. কুৰুৰ বিশেষ ; A dog trained to point out game :- गिर्मनक : अपनेक ; That which points :- बिडि कार्डी : Clock-hand.

Pointing, अ. महित्यन-त्योजन ; वित्राय-विक-महित्यन ; The art of making the divisions of a writing by points or marks ; punctuation :-- চৃপপুর্কি দিয়া कानवाकि करन ; The act of filling the crevices of a wall with mortar.

Pointless, pointles, s. (बीक) ; वाडीक ; Blunt ; obtuse :-- वृद्धिविहीय ; निर्देशिय ; Dull ; stupid.

Pointsman, 4. এক দৌহণৰ হইতে অভগবে শকট চাৰহিল্ল দিবাৰ ভাল বাহাৰ উপন্ন বাবে ; One who has charge of Railway switches.

Poise, poiz, e.f. [L. pendo, to hang, to weigh] স্বাৰ ভাষি-ক; স্বাৰ ভাষাপিই-ক; To balance in weight, to make of equal weight:

গ. ভাষ; তুলা ভাষ; বাটকারা; Balance; weight; that which balances.

Poison, poi'zn, ম. [L. potio, from potare, to drink] হ্বাহন; বিষ, পরল; Venom; anything infectious or malignant.—হাহা চরিত্রের বিশুছতা কৰ্ষিত করে; যাহাতে কৈতিক পরিত্রতা নই করে. That which taints or destroys moral purity or health:—v. t. বিষাক্ত-ক: বিষ প্রবাদে বৰ-ক: বিষয়ালাল করা; To infect or kill with poison:—
কর্ষিত-ক: মুবিত-ক: To corrupt:—তিজ-ক, অহুবী করা; To mar; to imbiter. স=poisoner. Syn:—
(\*\*) Virus; bane, pest, corruption, infection. (\*\*)
Taint, vitiate, contaminate, envenom.

Administer poison to- दिव बाब्बान ; Give poison with a view to kill.

Poison the ear--কাণভারি-কু।

Poisonous, poi'zn-us, a. বিষয় ; বিবাদ ; সাংঘাজিক ; Venomous ; full of venom , destructive. ad=poisonously, n = poisonousness.

Poke, pok. v. t. দীৰ্ঘ ৰায় খোচান; To search for with a long instrument.—লুভ ঘারা ভাঁডা নারা, To thrust at with home —ইম্মাইবা-দে, To stir (fire &c.):—v. : ছাড্ডান; To grope —n. খলি, ভাষার জেন; Bag; pouch; pocket:—খাড়া; A thrust.

Buy a pig in a poke—मा त्रिका किंदू क्य-कृ; To buy a thing without seeing it.

Poke about—ৰন্ধকাৰে হাডডান, See in the dark; grope.

Poke fun at উণ্যান-ড়: হালাপান-ড়, ঠাটা-ড়; Ridicule; to make fun of.

Poke fun at one-witte states; Make one a laughing stock.

Poker, poker, s. আন্ত উন্নাইবার লৌহ-শলাকা; An iron rod for poking or stirring the fire.

Polar, pollar, a. দেৱসৰ্মীয়; দেৱ সন্ত্ৰিত বা সন্ত্ৰিত; Pertaining to or situated near the poles:—চুৰকাকুট-দোহ-পলাকা-স্চিত দিক্ সম্কীয়; Pertaining to the magnetic poles.

Polar circle, n. বের চইতে ২০ ২৮ জন্ধান অন্তর্ পরিক্রিড জন্মনৃত্ত, One of two circles on the earth 23: 23' from the pole.

Polarisation, n. মেলর অভিনুধীকরণ; ভাডিতবছে বিশরীত প্রবাদ, A particular modification of rays of light, by the action of certain media or surfaces, so that they cannot be reflected or refracted again in certain direction.

Polarise, polar-iz, n কোন বস্তাক কোন বিশেষ ধর্মাকান্ত-কু; To give polarity to.

Polariser, n. বছগত বিশেষ ধর্মপাতা, That which gives polarity to.

Polarity, pō-lar'it-i, n. বেজৰ অভিনুৰতা; বেজ-ধানতা; বে অবছা বা ধান বানতে বস্তুত্ত বিপরীত লাখে শক্তি বৃহ হয়; A property in certain bodies by which they arrange themselves in certain direction or point as it were to given poles.

Pole, pol, m.(বছ ; ছুনেছ ; One of the extremeties of the axis of a sphere, especially of the earth:

— চুবকাৰি বছার বে ছুই বিশুকে আকর্ষণ বা বিকর্মণ শক্তি একথিত হয়, ভাহার পাছতাই ; One of the two ends of a magnet:—লীপ কার্চনত; A pale ; a long piece of wood:—বৃষ্ট ; A long staff:—লীপিবার বিশেষ ; A measure of length, 5½ yards:—নীপিবার বৃদ্ধবিশ্ব ; An instrument for measuring. Syn:—Suck, rod; thull, shaft; rood, perch. [ Poland. Pole, pol, m. পোলাভের অধিবানী; A native of North pole—সংকা

Poles of the heavens—পৃথিবীর উভয় বেজয় সৰস্ত্ৰ পাতে অবস্থিত নতোমতলের বিশ্বর; The two points in the heavens or the celestial sphere opposite to the poles of the earth.

South pole—হ্ৰেছ ৷ [her sails are furled. Under bare poles—Said of a ship when all Poleaxe, pol-aks, n. প্ৰত ; টাজি ; কুঠাছ ; Axe or hatchet with a long pole or handle.

Polecat, n. नक्ल बाठीत बढ़ : तक्-त्मक्ला ; कील . A kind of weasel.

Polemic, po-lemik, Polemical, po-lemik-al, n. [Gr polemos, war] ভক্সিয়; ভাৰিক; বাগায়-বাগসিয়; Given to disputing; controversial. ad=polemically.

Polemie, po-lemik, n. ভর্মসিক-বেশক; A controversialist —ভার্কিক, A disputant.

Polemics, n. pl বাদাপুৰাষ; বিভগ্ন; Contest or controversy — ধ্পানিবন্ধ বাদবিভগার ইতিহান; In theology, the history of ecclesiastical controvency.

Polenta, n [ L. polenta peeled barley ] offs fags. Pudding made of flour of maire.

Pole-star, pol-star, n stars; stass; The name of the star nearest to the north pole of the heavens.

Polico, po-les', n [Gr pelis, a city] প্ৰিন; শাৰিকক কৰ্চাবিকা, Regulation and government of a city or town; the body by which this is effected.

Police court—খানা-চালানি বোকনমার বিচারালয়। Police inspector —(খানার) দাবোগা। [stable. Policeman, ন. শান্তিরক্ষ; খানার দোক; Cons-Police officer—খানাস'লার কর্মচারী।

Police outpost—前海 :

Police station-পাৰা

Policy, poli-si, ম. অভিনায় : Plant : object :-পৰিণানগণিতা : বিচন্দণতা : চতুৰতা : শঠতা : Expediency : skill : prudence : cunning :--- নামনীতি :
বাজাপানৰ-অণালী : The art of governing a
nation :--- মৰ্থ অপানের অসীকার পত্র : বিমার চুকিপত্র ;
Certificate of a life, fire or other insurance.

Commercial policy—शानिया विश्व किया : Measures relating to the agriculture, manufacture, trade and commerce.

Domestic policy—Measures relating to the just administration of land and the well-being of the nation.

Foreign policy—The relations and dealings of the government with foreign powers.

Policy-holder, a. et tifes first fett-net we [ people. अशंदनक चक्रीकात्रपत बादक। Polish, polish, e. Relating to Poland or its Polish, polish, v. t. [L. polio, to make shine] পরিবায়-স্কু; পালিশ-সু; মহুণ ও চিত্বণ-সু; To make smooth and glossy by rubbing :-- ত্ৰাৰ ও গড়া-টু ; My; To make elegant and polite; to refine: -ए. इं. अपूर्व-ह ; इक्टरक-ह ; श्रीबक्टक-ह ; To become smooth, glossy :--- स. (बहा ; हांकडिका ; केंब्क्गका ; A smooth glossy surface produced by friction or rubbing :--উপরের কৃত্রিয় মৃহণতা; অবাভাবিক উল্ক-লভা; Artificial gloss:-শিক্তা; শিক্টাচার; Elegance of manners; refinement :--वक्शंबा व्यक्तिका हिर्भन हम : A substance used to impart a gloss. Syn: -( n ) Burnish, gloss, # = polisher. brighten, furnish; refine, civilize.

Polite, polit, a. [L. politus, pp. of polire, to polish ] का ; निष्टे ; कवा ; निष्टेशितवृक्त ; क्षीन ; विनीख ; Refined ; well-bred ; obliging ; courteous. ==politeness. ed=politely (विद्वेकार ; निर् वर )। Syn:-Accomplished, courteous, complaisant, urbane, civil, courtly, elegant, genteel. Polite learning—वार्किट विशा ।

Polite literature-Those branches of knowledge or instruction, apart from art and science which please the understanding.

Politeness, po-litnes, n.সভাতা; শিষ্টাচার; সৌকত : State or quality of being polite; civility. Sym: -Courtesy, refinement, urbanity, courteousness, affability, complaisance, gentility.

Politic, pole-tik, a. [G. politikas, belonging to the citizen or state, from polis, a city. ] 314-বৈতিক , ৱাৰ্নীতিজ , Skilled in political affairs :---विका: विकाप ; विविष्ठक ; इन्जूब ; Judicious ; wise ; prudent; discreet; cunning. ad=politicly, Syn :- Political, civil, civic; wise; provident, wary; artful, cunning, diplomatic.

Body politic-ন্যৰ বাৰাভয়; The whole machenery of Government.

Political, po-litik-al, a. शांकनीछि विषयक : भानम-अनानी मचकीत: Partaining to government:-ভাতিগত : জাতি সম্মীয় : Pertaining to nations :--नश्चादी; नार्वादन ; Connected with government ; public :-- n. Indian civil servant.

Political arithmetic-Political statistics. Political division—बाबकीय विकास ।

Political economiat--वर्गाप्तिर ।

Political economy—वर्गीडि विकान : वर्गाह : Science of national wealth.

Political rights—होवा नवशीर विकास ।

Political science—मोडिनांड।

Political world-That portion of society directly concerned with or interested in political affairs.

Politician, pol-i-tishan, त. बाबगीडिक ; One versed in politics :-- কুটবুদি; চতুর লোক; A man of artifice and cumning.

Politics, poli-tiks, #, sing, ज्ञांबनीडि ; The art of science of Government :-- बाजकार्य ; Political affairs : -- ৰাখনৈতিক ভাতুৰী; Political trickery.

Polity, poli-ti, n. त्राकानात्रव-क्षणानी ; त्राकटा ; Civil constitution.

Polks, polks, s. To first; A dance of Polish origin.

Poll, pol, n. यक्षक ; जांचां ; The head :-- मुखानक পশাভাগ ; Back of the head :—লোকেয় ভাগিকা ; वास्त्रिवार्जन स्थानिका ; List of persons ; register of heads :--- দালক ৰ্চারী-নিৰ্মাচক ব্ৰুদাতাবিদের নামেন্ত ভাৰিকা; The entry of the names of electors who vote for civil officers, such as Members of Parliament :- मक ध्यकान कतियात श्रापानी ; An act or process of voting :-- निकान्य-चान ; The place where the votes are taken :- विस्तृत्व ; Election : ---০. t. কাটা ; সাথা কাটিলা কেওৱা ; বুক্ষেত্ৰ ভাব ছাঁটিলা ৰেণা; To cut; to clip; to lop as the branch of trees :- काशंत्रक नाम छानिकाञ्च-कृ ; To take a list of persons or votes; collect and register votes: —নিৰ্বাচন খানে আন্মৰ-স্থু ; To bring to the poli as a voter. n=poller.

Poll, pol, n. ভোডা পকী: ভোডা পাৰীৰ আদরের নাম: A familiar name of a parrot :- (कृषि स विषविष्ठा-নরে যে সামান্ত উপাধি প্রাপ্ত হয় :

Pollack, Pollock, अ. मानुशिक वरण वित्यद ; A salt-water fish of the cod family.

Pollard, polard, n. ছিৱার कुक ; ভাল ছাঁটা বা মুড়া গাছ; A tree with its top cup off:—v. ভাল ছাঁটা; To lop the tops of trees. [ votes.

Poll clerk-One who receives and registers Pollen, polen, n. applies; path; Powder in the anther :-পরিকৃত বরণা ; Fine flour.

Poll-tax, politiks, n. यथा नन्यात वार्व बीलक्यः ব্যক্তিগত রাজকর ; জেজিছা ; A tax by the head.

Pollute, pol-lut, v. f. [ L. pol, towards, and luo, to wash ] मध्य-क ; क्नृविक-क ; क्ष-ছিত-কু; অপবিত্ৰ-কু; To soil; to taint; to defile; to corrupt . to abuse ; to profane. Syn :- Soil, vitiate, contaminate, deprave, debase; debauch, dishonour.

Pollution, pol-lu'shun, n. অপ্ৰিৱভা ; অবিভয়ভা ; ৰলিপড়া; Defilement; impurity; uncleanness. Sym:-Contamination, vitiation, taint, corruption, uncleanness.

Nocturnal pollution—बद्धाराह ; बद्रावर्गह (त्रञ:-পাত। I game.

Polo, #. चशाताश्य वनकीकृतिस्पर ; A military Polony, n. वर्षामद शास्त्रत एक गरिन विस्त्रत : A kind of dry sausage made of meat partly

Poltroon, pol-troch, n. কাপুরুব; ভীকু ব্যক্তি; A coward , a dastard :- a. मीठ , की क ; रहत : वृगार्ट ; Base, vile, contemptible. Sym:-( \*) Craven,

Poltroonery, pol-trooher-i, अ. कांशुक्यका :-ভীকুড়া; মানসিক নীচড়া; Cowardice; want of baseness of mind.

Polverine, n. [L. pulveris, dust] कांव निर्दार्शन-বোগী কাঠেৰ কাৰ বা ছাই; Calcinid ashes of a plant used in the manifacture of glass.

Polyandrian, a. [Gr. polys, many, andres, a man ] विश्नालाविक-मुरक्तिवा गमविक ; Having many or more than twenty stamens.

Polyandry, pol-i-andri, m. [ Gr. polys, many, andros. a husband ] वह मुझरबन्न महिन्न विवाह : वार्क-काजीन वह गाँउ अहम ; The having more than are [ 750 ]

husband at the same time; plurality of husbands.

Polyanth, Polyanthus, ম. [Gr. polys, many, anthos, a flower] বছপুপুরু বিশেষ; A kind of prim-rose bearing many flowers.

Polygamist, pol-ig'a-mist, গ. বহৰিবাহকারী; বছ-পত্নীক; বহণড়ী গ্রহণকারী; বহৰিবাহের পক্ষণাতী; One who practises or advocates polygamy.

Polygamy, n. [Cir. polys, many, and gamos, marriage] বহুপত্তী গ্ৰহণ, বহুবিবাহ; The condition of having more wives than one at the same time; plurality of wives. a=polygamous.

Polyglot, a. [Gr. polys, many, gloto, language]
বহুভাবাসবহিত; Containing many languages:—n.
বহু ভাষার লিখিত বাইবেল বিশেষ; A bible containing
the same subject in several languages.

Polygon, poli-gon, n. [Gr. polys, many, gonia, a corner] 有可能要求 ; A plane figure of many angles or with more than four. a=polygonal, polygonous.

Polyhedron, n. বছড়ৰ খনকো: A solid body with many sides. a=polyhedral, polyhedrous.

Polynomial, #. বছপদী বৈলিক কাই; An algebraic expression composed of many terms:—

a. বছপদী; Containing many terms.

Polypode, poli-pod, a. সহল পদবিশিষ্ট কৰ; বছপদ কৰ; An animal with many feet.

Polypus, poli-pus, Polype, polip. Polyp, n. [ Gr. polys, many, pous, foot] নাদারে'ন : কোটক ; A tumour in the nose :—বহণৰ ঋষ বিশেষ ; বহন্ত্ৰ বন্ধ বিশেষ ; Something that has many feet or roots. pl=polypes, po'ypi. a=polypous.

Polypus of the nose-नागरवान ।

Polypetalous, a. বৰণৰ; Having many petals.
Polysyllable, poli-sil-a-bl, n. বচ প্ৰাণ্যকুৰ্বেল; বহু প্ৰাংশ প্ৰথিত শব্দ; A word of many or more than three syllables. a—pollysyllabic, pollysyllabical.

[ hending may arts.

Polyteohnic, a. বছলিকবিদ্যা-সমন্থিত; Compre-Polytheism, poli-the-izm, n. বছদেবার্কনা; বছ-বেবার্কনা-নীতি; The doctrine of a plurality of gods. a=polytheistic, polytheistical.

Polytheist, poli-the-ist, ল. বছদেবার্চনকারী; বছদেবোপাসক; অনেকেববরাদী, One who believes in many gods; a believer in many god-

Pomace, ল. আপেৰের সার, The substance of apples.

Pomaceous, s. আপেলন'রতুলা; Like pomace.
Pomade, po-mād'. Pomatum, po-mā'tūm.

ক. সুপৰি ভৈলযুক্ত পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ; প্ৰযুক্তি ; Any greasy composition for dressing the hair.

Pomegranto, pom-gran-at, ম. ৰাড়িৰগাছ; ৰাডিৰ কৰ; A tree and its fruit.

Pommel, puniel, n. কোন বন্ধর বোলাকার উল্লভ ভাগ; উল্লভাবে; গাঁইট: Ball; knob:—ভর্বারির বাঁটের মাধার গাঁইট; The knob on a sword-blade:—জিনের সম্প্র ভাগের উল্লভাবে; The high part of a saddlebow—v. t. প্রভার-ভূ; আ্বান্ড করিয়া ভূ-ভূ; To beat; to beat roughly; to bruise by beating.

Pomona, त. यन-त्यवडा ; सून-त्यवडा ; The goddess of orchards and fruits.

Pomp, pamp', n. बांक्यत ; बांक्यत ; की ;

वृष्याय ; Pageantry ; grandeur ; splendour ; display ; ostentation ; s splendid ceremony. Syn:—Parade, display, pageant, pageantry ; stated, magnificence.

Pompey's Pillar—A pillar erected by Publius, Prefect of Egypt, in honour of the emperor Dioclitian to record the conquest of Alexandria. Pompous, pomp'us, a. আড্ডবপুৰ্ব; আড্ডবর্মিটিট্ট ; জাকাল; Grand; magnificent; dignified; stately; boastful. n=pompousness, pomposity. ad=pompously. Syn:—Splendid, superby, gorgeous, sumptuous, showy, august, stately, magisterial; inflated; bombastic; ostentatious. Pond, pond, n. প্রবিশ্ব; বন্ধ কলালয়; পুরুষ: A body of fresh-water shut in or dammed up; a pool of stagnant water.

Ponder, ponder, v. t. [L. ponderars, from pondus, a weight ] v. t. शान-कृ; त्रान त्रात आप्यान्त्रनः । त्रिवानकृ; त्रिवानकृ; त्रिवानकृ; त्रिवानकृ; त्रिवानकृ; किंद्यानकृ; To think over; to consider. n=ponderer. Syn:—Examine, contemplate, study, meditate, reflect, muse, cogitate, ruminate.

Ponder on or over—নিজের স্থকে কোন বিষয় দীৰ্ঘনাল চিল্লা-কু, Denotes a long-sustained meditation on what is of deep personal concern

Ponderable, ponder-a-bl, a. ভারনুক্ত : ভারবিশিষ্ট : ভার : Having sensible weight n-ponderability. Ponderous, ponder-us. a. ভারবা : ভারী : জভি ভার : Massive, very weighty : very heavy. nponderousness. Syn:—Bulky, massive, weighty. Ponderousness, Ponderosity, n. ভার : ভার : Heaviness, gravity.

Poniard, ponyard, n. ছুবিকা; ছোৱা; A sharp pointed instrument for stabbing, dagger; dirk, stiletto:—v. t. ছোৱা ছাবা ভূচিয়া যাৱা; ছোৱা ছাৱা আঘাত-কু; To stab with a piniard.

Pontage, n. [ L. pontis, a bridge ] সেতুর ৰাজল; সেতু সংখ্যাবার্থ প্রসত্ত কর: A toll paid on bridges; a duty paid for repairing bridges.

Pontiff, pohifi, त्र. अवान वश्रीकायो ; अवान वर्षेयासक ; त्याल ; The Pope.

Pontific, pon-tifik, Pontifical, pon-tifik-al, a. প্রধান ধর্মযাজকীয় ; পোপ সম্বন্ধীয় ; Of or belonging to a high-priest or the pope — আড়ম্বন্ধ ; জাবান ; Splendid ; magnificent :—বাক্ষীয় ক্লিল্লান্ত্ৰীয় প্ৰক্ বিশেষ ;— A book of ecclesiastical ceremonies.

Pontificals, n. নাৰক বিশাস কৰবা পোলের কৰক ভূবৰ, The dress of a priest, bishop or Pope. Pontificate, pon-tiffi-kat. n. পোপের পদ: পোপের মধ্যালা; পোপের পাসনকাল; The state and dignity or reign of a Pope.

Pontoon, pon-tōōh, n. [L. pont. bridge] নৌৰাম নেছু; A bridge of boats:—ভাসমান গোড বিশেষ; A portable floating vessel:—খনত নৌৰা বিশেষ; A lighter. [horse.

Pony, pōni, n. কুল বোটৰ ; টাটু বোড়া ; A small Poodle, pōo'di, n. কুল বোনৰ কুলুল বিশেষ ; A small dog with long silky curling white hair. Pooh, pōō, int. ছি: ; ইন্ ; ডাইডো; An exclama-

tion of contempt or disdain. Pooh Pooh, v.s. (পু.পু.) সম্ভাপুৰ্মক ক্ষান্ত ; चरका न व्याप-इ ; To put down summarily and contemptuously ; to take light of.

Pool, pool, s. ক্স কলাপত ; প্ততিই : ভোবা : A small body of water; a puddle :—বেলায় বাজিব পণ বাথিবাত্ব পাত্ৰ ; কুলাবেলায় বাহা বত্ৰ ; The receptacle for the stakes in certain games; the stakes played for.

Poop, poop, n. আহাজের পকান্তাগছিত সর্কোন্ত পাটা-ভব; A deck above the ordinary deck in the after-part of a ship:—n.t. আহাজের পকান্তাগ আহাজ বা ভয়-ড়; To strike the stern.

Poor, pôòr, a. দরিত্র; দীব; গরীব; ছ:বী; সন্পত্তিন্থা; Needy; indigent; without means:—
কুল; ছুর্কাল; Lean; weak:—দীব; বেচারা; লরার
বোগা; Wretched; pitiable:—সামান্ত; অকিনিংকর;
ছুল্ড; Low; paltry:—উনম্ব; অপুর্কাম; Barren;
sterile:—সৌম্পর্কাম; মুর্গালাহীন; Destitute of
fitness, beauty or dignity, nepoorness, ad—
poorly. Syn:—Moneyless, penniless; emaciated; mean, paltry; trifling; miserable;
unfruitful; unproductive.

A poor post-क्रिति।

Poor opportunities are better than none
—লাই মানার চেরে কানা মানা ভাল।

Poor-box, n. বে বান্ধে গরিস্থাগিনের জন্ত অর্থ সংগৃহীত হয়, Box to receive money for alms:—পরিস্থাণ; The poor.

Poor-house, poor-hows, n. বরিদ্র শালা; দরিদ্র নিবান; অভিথিনালা, নাবারণের বরতে যে বাস্তিতে দরিদ্র-দিপের ভরণপোষণ হয়; Work house; a house established at the public expense for the poor.

Poor-law, গ. বরিছবণের ভরণুণোবণার্ব বিছি; A law providing for the support of the poor.

Poorly, ad. নানাক্ষরণে; হীনভাবে; নিকৃইভাবে; With Intile or no success. n=poorlines (অহস্তা)। To be poorly off—নির্বন হওয়া।

TO DO DOOLTA OF -- 1444 \$48! I

Poorness, n. मतिप्रका ; गाँतिप्र : Indigence.

Poor-rate, poo-rat, w. रहिम्बर्ग्य खन्त्रावर्ग्य क्रे

Poor-spirited, pour-spirited, a. নীচ; ভীঞ; হীনসাহস; ভেজোহীৰ; Mean; cowardly, sepoorspiritedness.

Pop, pop, n. কটু কট্ শক্ত; পটাং, ছব, পট্ প্রকৃতি
শক্ষ; A sharp, quick sound or report:—v. i.
কট্ কট্ শক্ত-কৃ; পটাং বা ছব শক্ত-কৃ; To make a
sharp quick sound:—v. i. ক্রন্তবেগে অকলাং চেনেবে; To push suddenly:—সহসা পোচরীভূত-কৃ; To
hring suddenly to notice:—অকলাং একলান হইতে
অস্ত ছানে-বা; To move suddenly:—ad. হঠাং;
সহসা; অকলাং. Suddenly.

Pop at—গোনাৰ্থ-কৃ, Fire at. [for a while.
Pop in—আন্তৰ লাভ আৰু আবেশ-কৃ; Come in quickly
Pop off—হাাং অৰ্ভ-হ; সহনা অভাহত-হ; Disappear suddenly.
[while.
Pop out—ক্ৰেকান লাভ অহান-কৃ; Depart for a

Pop the question—शूक्ष कर्जुक त्कान नातीत्व विकास कर्जा व त ठाशांक विवाह क्षित्र प्राप्ति कि मा; विवाह क्षित्रांत्र क्षण व्यक्ति-कृ: Ask in marriage.

Pop up with bil : Rise suddenly.

Pop upon—sit nivit-; Meet by chance.
Pope, pop, n. [ L. papa, a father ] (niviting spin-

লিক বৰ্ষের প্রথান বাজক ; The Head of the Roman Catholic Church.

Popedom, ». পোপের পদ বা বর্গাদা বা অধিকার; The office, dignity or jurisdiction of the Pope-

Popery, pop'er-i, n. (state applies 44; The religion of which the Pope is the head.

Pop-gun, #. वामरकंत्र वस्क ; A child's gun.

Popin-jay, pop'in-ja, ন. গুৰুপুৰী; A parrot:— বিলাসপ্ৰিয় লোক; বিলাসী ব্যক্তি; ফুলবাৰু; A coxcomb; a fop.

Popish, pop'ish, e. পোগধর্ম সম্বরীয়; পোশকর্ত্ব শিক্ষিত; Pertaining or taught by the Pope.

Poplar, pop'lar, n. वृक् वित्वर ; A tall tree.

Poplin, n. বস্ত্র বিশেব; A textile fabric made of silk and worsted.

Popper, म. ( वकारे ) क्वांबरात्र (वांना ।

Poppy, pop'i, n. Munic; A plant from which opium is got.

Populace, pop'ū-lās, n. [L. populus, people]
নাধাৰা নোক; অননাধাৰণ; The common people;
the vulgar. Syn:—Mob, people, commonalty,
vulgar, mobility.

Popular, pop'u-lar, n. [L. popularis,—populus, people] সাধারণ নোকসবলীয়; সাধারণের; জনসাধারণ সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to or prevailing among the people:—জনপ্রিয়; লোকপ্রিয়; Pleasing to the people:—সংক্রেয়া; বোধাল্য; Easily comprehend:—সাধারণ; জপতুষ্ট; নিতৃষ্ট: Inferior; wulgar. ad—popularly. Syn:—Common, current, general, prevailing, favourite; easy, familiar, plain.

Popular discontent—প্রধানিধের অসভোব। Popular favour—লোকগ্রীত।

Popularise, pop'll-lar-iz, v. t. লোকপ্ৰিয়-ত্ব; সাধারণের উপথোকী-ত্ব; To make popular or suitable to the people.

Popularity, pop-ti-lar'i-ti, ন. লোকমিনতা;
নৰ্জননিমনতা; Quality or state of being popular
or pleasing to the people:—নীচতা; Vulgarity.
Populate, pop'ti-lat, v. t. লোকপূৰ্ব-কু; লোক ধাৰা
পৰিপূৰ্ব-কু; To people, to furnish with inhabitants.

Population, pop-U-la'shun, n. অনসংখা; প্রকানর্গ; অবিধানী-বংখা; The inhabitants of any place. [people of a country increase. Law of population, n. Law by which the Populous, pop'U-lus, a. ক্যাকাৰ্থ; অবপূৰ্ব; ক্যান্ত্ৰান্ত, Full of people. n=populousness, adpopulously.

[Fine painted pottery.

Porcelain, porsian, n. চীনেৰ বানন; চীনাবানন;

Porch, porch, n. বাৰেখা; চায়নি, খনিখা; ভোষণ; A portico; a stately or ornamental entrance way; a roof supported on pillars before a door. Porcine, porsin, a. [ L. porcus, a swine ] ব্যাহ স্বভাষ; Pertaining to swine.

Porcupine, por'kū-pin, n. { L. porcus, a pig, spins, a spine ] স্বাস ; A beast like hedgehog.
The quill of a porcupine—স্বাসৰ কাটা !

Pore, por, n. [ L. porus, G. poros, a passage, a pore] লোম্প : প্রস্তু: Small hare; minute hole in the skin for the perspiration. Syn:—Spiracle: interstice; aperture.

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Pore, e. i. ক্লোনিবেশপূৰ্ক গাঠ-ড়: ক্লোবোগপূৰ্ক গুটপাত-ড়: To study closely; to look with steady attention.

Pore over or upon ৰাষ্টাতে গড়; Read with close attention:— ৰাষ্টাতে গেড়া; See with close attention.

[ In the form of a pore.
Poriform, por'i-form, a. ছিয়াকার: ছিয়ারুলণ;
Pork, n. [ L. percus, a hog ] শ্বরের বাবে; The fiesh of swine:— শ্বর-শাবক; A pig.

Porosity, pō-ros'i-ti, s. লোমকুণমন্থ; সন্ধিন্তা; সাধ্যতা; Quality of being porous.

Porous, por us, a. ছিত্ৰয়; সন্ধিত্ৰ, লোককুপৰিশিষ্ট; Having pores. ad=porously.

Porphyrise, v. t. গর্কিরি নামক উৎকৃষ্ট প্রথমের অনু-রূপ-ক : To cause to resemble porphyry.

Porphyritic, Porphyraceous, c. Mafela

Porphyry, n. ces fices; A very hard rock. Porpoise, por'pus, Porpess, por'pes, n. [L. porcus, a hog, piscis, a fish] 1994; ficesis; Sea-hog; cetacean.

Porridge, n. খাল বিশেষ; হুগ বিশেষ; ঝোন; Food made by boiling flour in water.

Poort made by boung flour in water.
Porringer, por inger, n. পাত্ৰ বিশেষ; কটোৱা
বা বাটা; A small dish for porridge.

Port, port, n. পোডাপ্রম ; বন্দম ; Harbour ; haven:
—বাম ; A gate of an entrance:—নগ্য বিশেষ ,
A dark purple wine:—অভতনী ; চান ; Bearing ;
gesture:—জাহাজের বাম পার্ম ; A larboard or left
side of a ship:—নগণোতের কানান ছাড়িবার ছিল্ল ;
A port-hole:—v. f. জাহাজের বামপার্মে রামা ; To
put to the left side of a ship. Syn:—(n) Roadstead, anchorage; portal , embrasure; porthole; larboard , air, mien, carriage, demeanour,
behaviour, deportment.

Portable, porta-bl. c. [L. portabilis, from portare, to carry ] বহরীয় ; স্বাস্থ : আর্ডিভ্রু : That may be carried : capable of being carried. n=portableness. Syn:—Movable, light, handy.
Portage, portaj, n. বছৰ : Act of carrying ; carriage :—বছৰৰ্জা ; The price of carriage.

Portal, portal, n. दांब ; बारवनाच ; Any entrance, any passage way.

Portoullis, port-kulis, n. বে দয়লা ভোলা বা নামান বাইতে পালে; টানা দয়লা; কুৰ্গভোৱণের বাঁপ কণাট বিশেষ; Sliding door to close a door-way.

Porte, port, n. कृत्रक गांबाला; The Turkish government.

Portend, v. t. [L. pro, forth, and tendo, to stretch] খনিই স্চনা-ড়; ভাষী স্চনা-ড়; To betoken, to forebode; to presage. Syn:—Foreshow, foretoken, augur, pronsoticate, threaten. Portent, por'tent, n. খনখন; ফুনছন; পূৰ্ব লখন বায় ভাষী খনিই স্চনা, বাংডা-চিছ; An evil omen. Portentous, por-tentus, a. ভাষী খনখন দৰি, প্ৰভাগন বাংডা-চিছ; কিল্ডান্ডল; খণ্ডভাটন; ভাষী খনিইস্কন; Foreshadowing ill; eminous. ad=potentously.

Porter, porter, s. sistin; sistin; sisten; charge of a gate:—sisting; One who has charge of a gate:—sisting; One who carries burdens for hire:—sisting faces; A liquor. fog = porters, portress.

Porterage, porter-aj, w. windere with mine; Charge made by a porter.

Portfolio, port-folio, n. আনুষা কাৰ্যনাত্ৰ হাৰিবাৰ আবাৰ; A case to keep losse papers:—সচিবের গদ; মন্ত্ৰীর গদ; The office of a minister of state. Port-hole, port-hol, n. আহাবের কাবাৰ ব্য; আধোক

Port-Dole, port-hol, n. ৰাইবৈদ্ধ কৰিবি বৃদ্ধ; আলোক ও বাহুৰ প্ৰবাদমৰ ৰঙ্গ গোডপাৰ্থ হিন্দ; An opening in a ship's side for light and air or for pointing a gun through.

Portico, pōr'ti-kō, ম. বামাপা; টাবনী; An ormamental porch with columns before a gate-way; a porch. e=porticoed. pl=porticoes, porticos.

Porticoed, s. টাবনীবিশিষ্ট; Furnished with a portico.

Portion, por'shun, n. [L. portio, allied to pore, portis, a part] আলপত; বিভাগ; Part; an allotment; a divident:—শৈকুক ধন; উত্তর্থিপারস্থে প্রাপ্ত সম্পান্তির আলে; The part of an estate descending to an heir:—প্রীপন; বৌদুক; A wife's fortune:—v. f. আলে বিভাগন; আগন্ত; To divide into portions; to allot a share:—আলে, প্রাপনিন্ত; বৌদুক-বে; To furnish with a portion syn:—(n) Piece, bit; division, share, lot; parcel, quantity; divident. (v) Share, divide, parcel, allot, distribute; endow.

Portioned, a. Having a portion or endowment. Portioner, por'shun-ér, a. বউনভারী; অংশবউভ; One who assigns share.

Portionist, n. विशासन वित्तरिक वृतिशाती: One who has an academical allowance or portion.

Portionless, por shun-les, a. জংগপৃত্ত ; শৈত্ৰ-ধনপৃত্ত ; ত্ৰীধনৱহিত ; ধৌতুৰহীন ; Having no portion, dowry or property.

Portly, porfle, a. युगकांत्र (सांधे , उनत ; Bulky ; corpulent ; good-looking. n=portliness. Syn :— Stately, grand, dignified, majestic ; burly, stout, obese.

Portmanteau, port-mante, n. [F. porter, to carry, manteau, a mantle] পৰ্যাটনাৰ্থ বস্তাদির পেটরা বিশেষ; (পাটমেট; A bag for carrying apparel &c., on journey.

Portrait, pōr'trāt, n. মাৰব্যতিকৃতি; আলেন; চিত্ৰ; The likeness of a person:—বৰ্ণনা; Description in words.

Portrait-painter, n. frags; One whose occupation or profession is to paint portraits.

Portraiture, portrat-ur, n.চিত্ৰ-লিখন ; চিত্ৰাখনী ; চিত্ৰাখন ; বৰ্ণন ; The drawing or describing of portraits or describing in words.

Portray, por-tra, v.t. [L. pro, forth, and traho, to draw] চিত্ৰ-ড়; চিত্ৰিড-ড়; বলা-ড়; To paint:—ব্ৰা-ড়; To describe in words. \*= portrayer (চিত্ৰক্ৰ): Syn:—Draw, delineate, depict, figure, sketch; represent.

Pose, por. s. f. জাবাচ্যাকা-ড়; কুটপ্ৰকে হডবুৰি-ড়; To puzzle; to bring to a stand:—স্থাপিড-ড়; ব্যক্তি-ড়, To put:—বিশেষ ভাৰভঙ্গি ধাৰণ-ড়; To assume an attitute:—n. বিশেষ ভাৰ; ভাগী; A position; an attitude. Sym:—Perplex, embarrass, bewilder, confound, dumfounder, mystify.

Poser, poter, n. sils an ; stan; Pauls :-

Position, po-nishun, n. [L. paritio, from poners, positum, to put] करहात्र ; गरहिष्टि ; Situation :---मान : Place :-- चनका : State : condition :-- मिनि : Posture :- affect; Proposition; the ground taken in argument or a dispute :---সামাজিক পদ-क्यांना ; बानाजिक चवडा ; Place in society :-- लव ; statt : Post. Syn :- Place, attitude ; locality, post, station; thesis, assertion.

A man of position—বছাত বা পদ্ৰ বাজি ৷ To be in a false position—ৰূমিলে পড়া ; সৰ্ট चरहात रामा।

Positive, pežit-iv, a. [ L. pone, to place ] = ? Explicit; clear; clearly expressed: - 475; ववार्ष ; Real ; actual :- निक्त ; निक्ठ ; Certain :-কুত্ৰিকৰ; Fully assured :- বিশ্বংশক; Absolute : -চুড়াম্ব; Decisive:—অংশারী; অনতপোৰক; নিজ-वा नवर्गवांती ; Dogmatic :-- पृष् निक्त ; Confident :-- वनक्रमार्थका ; Opposed to relative :-ৰাকাং: Direct:—সাৰাত ; Simple:—n. বাচা बिन्छि इत्न वन वाद: That which may be affirmed :- अवशादिक दिवह ; That which is laid down :-- ज्याचेडा : याथाचा : Reality, ad=positively, ( निकासर ; चवन्न ) ; n = positiveness ( निकार) । Syn: -(a) Substantial, veritable, true, absolute, express, explicit, definite, categorical; sure, assured; peremptory, stubborn. िहरू शास्त्र ।

A positive quantity—বে বাশির পূর্বে + বোগ In positive words - TRITER

Positive proof-প্ৰভাক্ষাৰ প্ৰনাৰ i

The positive degree—বিশেষণালিৰ সকল ভাব। The positive Philosophy—অগত কলটে এবৰ্টিট रेक्क्रानिक प्रयंत ।

Positivism, pożit-iv-izm, अ. अञ्चलवीम : विवारिक দাৰ্শীৰৰ ৰম্টে উদ্ধাৰিত নিসৰ্গৰাদ . A system of philosophy, originated by Comte, a French philosopher, which ignoring all inquiry into causes, simply seeks to discover the laws of phenomena.

Positivist, polit-iv-ist, n. अकाकवारी : निमर्त्र-वारी. A believer in positivism.

Pussoss, poz-zes', v. f. व्यविकात-क ; व्यव-क ; व्य-₹%- # : Have as owner : hold as master : hold :---पिक्- ; To enter into an influence: - आंड-कु; क्रांत्र-कु; To mform:—वात्र-कु; To seize. Sym: -- Have, own, hold, occupy.

Be possessed by -- पूर्व भावता ; Be under the influence of (evil spirits).

Be possessed with—कान किंद्र शांत यन बालव रवशी; कान धरन हिसा वा मःचारत नहिन्द रवशी; Have one's mind filled with.

Possessed by a devil-- ভূতাবিই।

Possessed of-(कान किंद्र गणाव वा विनिष्ठे : Possessing or having.

Possession, por-zeshun, n. निवृष्ट कर्प; অধিকার; জোগ; The act of possessing :--সপাতি; Property :-- ভূতপ্ৰস্তা : ভূতাবিষ্টতা : ভূতাবিষ্ট আন্তৰ্ম : The state of being possessed as by an evil spirit :-- मार्थिक रख ; The thing possessed. Syn :- Ownership, proprietorship; occupancy, occupation, seizin, tenure.

Possession is nine points of the law-

বিবাৰের কলে কোন সম্পত্তি কাহায়ত বৰলে থাকিলে আইকে ভারারই বভা আফ করে; Actual possession of a disputed property confers almost full legal right

Take possession—\*\*\*\* ; Seize :-- 4\*\* inforce महमामित्यम-इ: Occupy one's mind entirely, by one subject of one's thoughts.

Possessive, poz-ześiv, a. অধিকারবোধক: অধিকার-75%; Pertaining to or denoting possession. ad = possessively.

Possessive case-Nyasias

Possessive pronoun—नवसराहक म्र्याम !

Possossor, poz-zes'or, n. नानी; व्यक्तिनी; कृषामो ; मानिक ; प्रवित्कात ; Owner ; proprietor ; occupant.

Possessory, poz-zes'or-i, a. অধিকার স্থানীয়; অধিকার দংগ্রাস্থ্য, Relating to a possessor or possession:--অধিকারবিশিষ্ট; অধিকারী; Having possession. or acid.

Posset, n. मनि वित्यव ; Milk curdled with wine Possibility, pos-i-bili-ti, #. नदारना : नदरभड विषय : मधारिक निषय , भकाला : The state of being possible; that which is possible; a contigency. Possible, pos'e-bl. a. [ L. possibilis, from

posce, to be able | महानीय , महाराष्ट्र ; मादा ; नदा ; বভাৰসকত ; That may be done ; not contrary to the nature of things; practicable. Syn:-Potential, likely, feasible.

Every possible case-- नर्स नचरनत : वडी रङ করা হাইতে পারে ভাহা।

If possible--সত্তব হইলে।

Post, post, n. [ L. postis, allied to ponere, positum, to place ] we; बाब ; ब्रि ; कांब्र ; An upright tumber in a building; pillar:- 1918 रान : पांड्डा : कि ; A fixed place, as a military station :--পদ ; An office :-- লিপিবাচক : ভাক-स्तक्त्र: Quick messenger; a letter-carrier:--ভাৰ ; Mail :-- v. f. सकात क्यांज हावा ; To fix on a post, i. e. in a public place :-- अक्षिक: श्रीशास्त्रक विन्यांकाकन-क : To hold up to public reproach :-छोक बरड दांबा ; जांकबरड़ रक्षत्रा ; To put in the post office; to deposit in the post-office:-बनियां अहात-कृ ; Proclaim as a coward :-- वास्त्रात ছাপ্ৰ-ক: To station:--ৰভিয়াৰ বহিতে ভোলা: To carry as an account from the journal to ledger; to transfer to the ledger:-প্র ধোরণ क : To send letters :- . i. डॉक व्यक्तित महिक वा उम्लिद्दान नथन-क : To travel with post horses or with speed :-- बर्टण. चिंड स्ट्रांचान ; स्ट्रांडिएड ; With great rapidity; with speed. Syn :-- (#) Pillar, column; stake; station, position, place; situation, berth; courier, letter-carrier.

At one's post-निरम्ब निर्मिष्ठ शांत ; At one's appointed or proper place.

By post-sk4 i

From pillar to post-tows: To and fro. Enight of the post—विशा नाक विशे (र बीरिकी शिकाह का ; One who gains his hving by false evidence; a sharper in general. Post up-हिनारवड पुष्ठरक खाना ; Enter in account Posted up-were; Made familiar with. Bide post-- शवनरन कतिए निरुक्त- ह ; राष्ट्रां किया क्षारहरू पृथ्य ; Be employed to carry despetches.

Run your head against a post--- कानवर्गन चार वर निर्द्धारण चार कार्य- इ ; Go to work headlessly and stupidly or as if you had no eyes.

Travel post-कारत्य कार्य-कः; त्रत्य प्रत्य त्यां वाही वाहित्र मध्य वार्य-कः; Travel with post-horses.

Postage, postaj, स. डाफ बालन ; Price for conveyance of letters.

Postal, postal, e. ভাৰণৰ সৰ্বীয় ; ভাৰবিভাগ স্থ-ভীয় ; Belonging to the post-office or mail-service Post-boy, postboy, e. অধানোহী বা প্ৰবাহৰ বালক ; A boy that rides with letters.

Postcard, s. (門灣哥城; A stamped card on which a message may be sent by post.

Post-chase, postshaz, ন. ভাৰণাড়ী; A carriage with four wheels for conveying travellers from one place to another.

Post-date, v. t. postdat, v. t. প্রভাবিশ-দে; প্রকৃত ভারিশের প্রকৃতী ভারিশ-দে. To date after real time. Post-day, n. ভাষ্টের শিব; Day when the mail comes in or goes out.

Post-diluvial, Post-diluvian, a. খুটবৰ্ম ক্সয়েক বহামাবনের উত্তরকানীন , প্রসংঘ্র উত্তরকালীন; Being or happening after the deluge.

Post-diluvian, n. महामान्तन शह बौदिल वास्ति ; One who lived after the deluge.

Posterior, pos-te're-or, a. পভাংকানীৰ; পভাং; উত্তৰ্গানীৰ; পরবর্ত্তী; পভারতী; Later; hind; hinder. n=posteriority. ad=posteriorly. Syn:— (a) Succeeding, subsequent; back, rear.

Posteriors, n. pl. জন্ম প্ৰভাৱিণ; জীবদেহের প্ৰভাৱিণিছ অংশসমূহ; The hinder part of an animal.

Posterity, pos-ter'e-te, n. ভাৰীবংশ , উন্তর্কানীয লোক; প্রপুক্ষণণ, জাভি; বংশ , Succeeding generation; a race. Syn:—Offspring, descendants, progeny.

Postern, postern, n. বিচুক্তির বার; ভর্তবার; ক্ষা বার: A private entrance; a small door:—a. গভাবতিত, বিভূকি; ভবা; Back; private.

Postax, post-fiks, ন. পাৰের অত্য নাযুক্তব ; প্রভার ; An affix :— ভ. t. পেৰ বোগ-ড় ; প্রভার বোগ-ড় ; To add to the end of another word.

Post free, d. Sienicoup.

Post-haste, post-hast, n. ছাৰের স্থায় সহর; ক্ষুত্রান্তি; Haste in travelling like that of a post:—ad. ক্ষুত্রান্ত; With haste or speed.

Post-horse, posthors, s. sites (step); A horse for conveying travellers for hire.

Posthumous, postu-mus, e. [L. posterus, coming alter] শিতাৰ স্কুল পাছ আড ; অছকাৰেৰ স্কুলৰ পাছ আকালিত ; Born after the death of either parent; published after the death of the author. ad-eposthumously ( স্কুলৰ পৰে ) :

Postil, postil, n. step nided hel; A marginal note in Roman Catholic Church; a homily read after the gospel:—v. t. nite hel con ; To make marginal notes.

Postillon, pos-tilyun, s. প্রচারক ; ক্ত ; সারবি ; One who guides post borse or horses in any carriage. Postman, pleiman, n. stretter, varier 1 . A. letter-carrier.

Post-mark, postmark, n. ভাৰতমে আহমে আৰ :
The mark or stamp of a post-office on a letter.
Postmaster, postmas-ter, n. ভাৰতম্ব অনুক :
ভাৰতম্বী : The manager of a post-office :-ভাৰ বোড়ার সরবয়াব্যায়ী : One who supplies post
horses.

Postmaster General—ভাৰবিভাগের প্রধান করি-চারী; The chief officer of the post-office department.

Post-meridian, a. wysffere; Being in the Post-mortem, a. [ L. post, after, and more, death ] मुखान प्रकारीय: मन्यासन ; After death.

Post-natal, a. [ l., post, after, natus, to be born ] सरमत गत्रकालीन ; सन्तासन ; After birth.

Post-nuptial, a. [ L. past, after, sumtum, to marry ] विवादन उन्दर्भनिन ; Being or happening after narriage.

Post-office, post-offis, n. state; An office for receiving and transmitting letters by post.

Post-paid. post-pad, s. बाहाइ डाक वायन त्यवहां क्रेक्सफ, Having the pastage paid, as a letter

Postpone, post-poh, n t [ L. post, after, and ponere, to place, put ] খ্ৰিড-টু; বিলখ-টু; To defer; to delay; adjourn.

Postponment, post-pohment, n- ছবিত জনৰ : ক্ষণিৰ বিলয় , Temporary delay.

Post-prancial, a. [L. port, after, prandium, a repast ] প্রধান ভোজনের পরকালীন ; After dinner. Postscript, postskript, n. [L post, after, and scribo, to write] পানত প্রকৃতি নিবন ; কোড়াম্ম ; প্রকৃতি আন্তর পর বাহা নিবিতে হয় (সাক্ষেপ P. S. নিবিতে হয়); A part added to a letter after the signature; an addition to a book after it is finished.

Post-town, post-town, n. ডাক্বর্ণিনিট প্রাব ; A town in which there is a post office.

Postulant, দ প্ৰকাৰী , A candidate.

Postulate, postu-lat, v. t. [L. postule, to demand—posco, to ask urgently] প্রমাণ বিবা জীকারকৃ, প্রমাণ ব্যক্তীক বীকার করিয়া দক্তা , (ব্যংশিক বিদিয়া)
বিরা লক্তা; To assume without proof ——n. ব্যক্তা
দিক্তা : বীকার বিবর; প্রমাণ বাভিরেক বীকৃত পক;
জামিতিক বীকৃত বিবর, A position assumed as self-evident; a self-evident; problem. Sym:—
(n) Supposition, hypothesis, assumption, theory.
Postulatory, c. বিবা প্রমাণ প্রক্রামী বা বৃহীক;
Assuming or assumed without proof.

Posture, postur, n. [ L. postura, from ponere, to place ] sia; Situation:— प्रापः ; क्या ; State; condition, attitude:— प्रापः । प्रापः । प्रापः ; Gesture:— व्यक्ति ; Disposition:— (प्राप्तायः । प्रापः 
Posture-master, s. One who teaches or practises artificial postures of the body.

Posy, po'zi, s. জোক, অধুনীরের বোষিত বাক্য; A motto, an inscription on a ring;—পুশাবদ্ধ; দুবের ভৌটা, A nosegay. A pot-companion-de contra tale :

A pot-herb—ধাল পাক।

Go to pot--- त्याकात शब्दा ; मान्याच हहेत्व वाका : Go to ruin-

Reep the pot boiling—মানাবারা বন্ধ না হর অর্থাৎ আব্যা হারসা চলিতে থাকে তাহারই উপবাসী অর্থাহর-কু; Earn just enough to maintain one's household:—মুখন-আবালী আনা; Know how to cook food properly:—অর্থাপোর্থার আবস্তক স্বায়াধি বোগান; Keep in comfort.

The pot calls the kettle black.—Said of a person who accuses another of facults committed by himself.

Potable, e. pō'tā-bl, a. [ L. poto, to drink ] পেয়; পানীয়; ভরগ: Drinkable; liquid:—n. জনীয়; ক্রবা; পেয় ক্রবা; Something drinkable. n—potableness.

Potash, potash, n. কার বিশেষ : কাইজনের কার ;

A powerful alkali obtained from the ashes of plants.

Nitrate of potash—বৰাকার। [broken pot. Potashed, ন. ভশ্বপাত্ত ; Fragment of a Potassium, ন. পটাবের ধাতবিক মূল ; The metallic base of potash.

Potation, po-táshun, n. [I. pote, to drink] জ্বেছ পরিষাণ ; পানীয় ; A drinking :--পান ; A draught. [potatoes

Potato, po-táto, n. win; An eatable root. pl=
Pot-boy, n. A boy who takes out pots from a
public house.
[large belly.

Pot-bellied, a. গৰোৰৰ; ভূঁডেল; Having a Pot-companion, pot-kom-panyun, a. পান গোন্ত সুন্ধৰ; মহাপান সহচৰ; Fellow-drinker.

Peteon, n.ৰাবৰ্গ হাণীৰ বাৰিবা বিশেষ; Irish whisky.
Petency, po'ten-se, n. শক্তি; ক্ষতা, বৰ, বীৰা,
The state of being potent; power. Syn:—
Strength, might, power, energy, sway, influence, authority, control.

Potent, po'tent, a. [ L. potens, ppr. of posse, to be able ] বলবান; বলিউ; ক্ষতপেত্ব; মহাপ্ৰভাবদানী; Strong; powerful. n—potency, potentness. ad—potently ( ব্যবস্থাবে) । Syn:—Mighty, puissant, able, efficient, forcible, efficacious, cogent, influential.

Potentate, po'ten-tat, n. নরপত্তি: রাষা; স্মাই; Potential, po-teńshal, a. ক্ষায়তাত্বেক; স্থাবনীয়; Efficacious:—সম্বাবনাত্তক; বাষাতাত্বেক; সম্বাবনীয় : Existing in possibility or obligation; possible; not in reality. n=potentiality ( প্ৰাভা ) । ad=potentially ( সম্বৰ্ষ: ) ।

Potentiate, v. t. कांग्रंकन-कृ; To render active. Pother, pother, स. प्रिकाणि; A cloud of dust:— क्यान्य, त्यानवाल, दोषाया; Bustle; stirs; confusion:—v. t. प्रिकान्य; क्या-कृ; To puzzle; to harms, to perplex; to tease:—v. i. (बाज्यान-कृ; To make a pother. Potherb, s. wiw; An herb.

Pothook, n. অধিয় উপর পারাধি বুলাইবার কীলক; A hook on which pots are hung over the fire: —হিবিবিজ লেখা; A scrawled letter.

Pot-house, pothows, n. efewing; An ale-house; a low drinking house.

Potion, po'shun, n. [ L. poto, to drink ] work
with; A liquid medicine.

Pot-luck, pofluk, ন. দৈবাং লয় ভোলা ; ভালা-লয় ভোলা সাম্যা ; ভোলার্থ বাহা কিছু খুটারা উঠে ; A familiar term for taking chance for what may be for dinner, without a formal invitation. Potmetal, ন. এক একার কাসা।

Pottage, potaj, n. বাজৰ বিশেষ; পুণ বিশেষ; A thick soup of meat and vegetables.

Potter, poter, n. क्षणंत ; One whose occupation is to make pots :—n.i. नानाक विषय बाध क्रेबा (वजाब ; To be busily engaged about trifles. n = potterer.

Pottery, poteri, স. বুংপালসবৃহ; মুগ্রপাল: Earthenware pots or vessels:—কুল্পারপালা; কুল্পারের কারবালা; A place where pots are manufactured. Pottle, potl, ম. ভরল অবোর পরিবাদ বিশেব; A measure of four points:—কুড়ি; কলের মুন্টি; A small basket for fruit. [ geous from drink. Pot-valiant, a. মুল্পান করিয়া সাহনী; Coura-Potwalloper, ম. ইংলাকের মুক্তাভা বিশেব; A voter in certain boroughs in England.

Pouch, powch, n. ছোট খলি; A small bag:—
নাবদেহত্ব থলি; কন্তব থলি; The bag or sack of an
animal:—v. t. থলিতে রাখা; বলির ভিতর রাখা; To
put into a pouch.

[ fowl.
Poult, polt, n. কৃষ্ট শাবক; Chicken; a little

Fourt, poit, n. কুড় শাৰ্ক; Unicken; a interest poulterer, n. কুড়ানির প্রতিপাদক; পঞ্চিত্যবদারী,
One who deals in fowls.

Poultice, pöltis, n. প্ৰ্টিন্ , প্ৰেলণ; Application for sores:—v. t. প্ৰ্টিন্-ৰে; প্ৰ্টিন্ লাগান; To dress with a poultice. [Domestic fowls. Poultry, pöltri, n. ক্ৰুটাৰি গ্ৰান্তি পৰী; Pounce, powns, n. লিকারী গন্ধীর বাবা; ক্ৰনিকা; The claw or talon of a bird of prey:—v. i. ছো বারা; কৌ মারিরা ধরা; সহসা বেকে বাবিভ-হ; To fall and seize with the claws; dart suddenly; fall suddenly.

Pound. x. ( भाइक ) वहरमंत्र : Weight of 12 oz troy or to oz avoirdupois :-- २ • निविद् मृत्वाद कृता ; A sovereign or 20s :-- भीशांड ; Pen for strayed cattle, an inclosure for strayed animals: --- v. f. (बीबाइड वर्ष-इ ; To shut up or confine as strayed animals :- [-] To pulverise ; to bruise -- आवाउ-इ ; To beat. #= pounder. Syn : -(v) Beat, bray; bruise, triturate. [agreement. Pound of flesh-The exact terms of the Poundage, powndzj. n. लीबाएड बावियांव छाछा : বৌরাড়ের মাহল; A charge or fee for stray cattle :-- effe नाकेटक (पत्र पूर्व ; Rate per pound sterling; a sum charged for each pound to f or beater. throw with force. Pounder, n. पूर्वन वड ; श्वानिविद्या ; व्यक्त ; A pestie Pound-foolish, c. vs 394; Neglecting the care of large sums in looking after small ones, Pour, por, v. i. attlev-p; pint; ficen-p.

To cause to flow; to send forth:—e. i. ব্যা; লিপড-হ; বহিপড-হ; To flow; to issue forth:— বেলে বাবিড-হ; To rush.

It never rains but it pours—প্ৰচুৰ পৰিমাণে আইলা; অধিকান্ত বৃষ্টিৰ ভাৰ আইলে; Whenever it rains, it rains in abundance; comes in profusion.

Pour oil on the troubled waters—fair

way; To quiet a disturbed condition of
affairs; to heal dissensions.

Pour out the visis of one's wrath—(Fit

Pour water on a drowned mouse—वहाँद क्षेत्र बीक्षत्र वा , कांक्षा वास्य शुरुवद हिंदि ।

Pourtray-Same as Portray.

Pout, powt, w.f. টোট কুলান; বিরক্তিভাব দেখান; To put or put out lips in contempt or displeasure; to look sulky; to protrude:—n. খিউখিটে ভাৰ, বিরক্তিভাব; বোবাবেশ; A fit of sullenness.

Pouter, ম. বে টোট কুলাব; One who pouts:--

Pouting, powting, n. 面有, 内管 東村; Childish sullenness.

Poutingly, ad. fastesta; In a sullen manner.
Poverty, pover-te, n [ I... paupertas. from pauper, poor ] well; within, within, Want, meanness; indigence:—(via; Defect. Syn.—Indigence, penury, beggary, necessity, pauperism, need, tack, scantiness, sparingness, meagreness, jejuneness.

Poverty-struck, Poverty-striker— অতি ব্যৱস্থা, তাসাহীন, Very destitute in means.

Powder, pow'der, ক. ভুঁড়া; সন্ম চূৰ্ব, Any substance in fine particles:—বাৰুষ, Gun-powder, — চুকাৰাইবাৰ ভূঁড়া, Hair-powder:—ত. ঃ চুকাৰ্ড-ছ; চুৰ্ব-ছ; To crumble into powder, to become powder:—ত. t. চুৰ্বাত্ত-ছ, ভূড়া-ক, To reduce to powder:—ত্বাত্ত-ছ, ত্ডা-ক, To reduce to powder:—ত্বাত্ত-ছ, ত্ডা-ক,

Powder and shot—Material for charging a gun for one shot —কোন কিছু আহিব কল ডেই; পরিকাম ও আৰ্থ ব্যৱ; The cost of obtaining any result.

Powdered, a চুণীকৃত . Reduced to powder :--Sprinkled with powder :--- নবণাক্ত , Salted

Powdery, pow'der-1, a. हर्नवर, अनवर, Recembling or sprinkled with powder :-- श्वानव , Dusty :-- हर्नवेद ; Friable.

Power, pow'er, n. [ pouvoir, from, L. prsse, to be able ] কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদনের কমতা; লাজি, Ability to act; ability to do something; capacity '—কর্ত্য, Agency:—লাদন; Sway —প্রভাব . Authority — বল ; লাজি; Strength:—কাৰ্যকৰণ শক্তি, কৰ চালাইনাৰ লাজি; Moving force of an engine:—বেগ, Momentum:—মালা, Soverei, :—বামক; Commonwealth or estate —েইসছবল; Military force—নীয়া; সানাৰ্য্য; Energy —মানসিক লাজি, Faculty of the mind:—সক্ৰ-ক্ষৰা; Magnifying strength:—লাখিজের লাজি ( খাত ); The product of the continued multiplication of a quantity by steelf any given number of times. Syn:—Might, force, strength, ability, competency, efficiency,

cogency, efficacy; faculty, gift, talent, todowment; rule, sway, control, authority, dominion, command, influence; ruler, governmen, monarch, potentate; host, troop, army.

As far it lies in one's power - रशना। ! Balance of power - रण नामा।

Horse power—An expression to denote the power of a steam engine—that is, how many horse's work it will accomplish

In power-- नमक ; In office.

Power of attorney—city aid; Authority to act for another

Superhuman power—ইপিৰ শক্তি ৷

The powers that be—गानवर्षा; वर्षण्य ; वर्षाः त्य शास वाणांच्यः वर्ष्य वार्ष्य ; The rulers for the time being; superhuman agents—those who for the time being are in power or hold high offices in state.

To be under the power of another—will To bring under one's power—wille-# 1

Powerful, pow'er-fool, a. বৰণাৰী; কৰতাৰা; কৰতাৰা; কৰতাৰা, Full of power; mighty, strong:—অধিক; Inten-e:—কলঅদ; কাৰ্যকা; কাৰ্যকা; Porcible; efficacious. ad=powerfully. n=powerfulness. Syn;—Potent, puissant, active, energetic; able-bodied, robust, vigorous; cogent, efficacious, valid.

Powerful argument—धारन वृक्ति ।

Powerless, pow'cr-les. a. মুকল, অকন; শক্তিনীন;
ক্মন্তাহীন আনমৰ্থ, Weak; impotent. ad -- power-lessly. n=powerlessness. [worked by steam.
Powerloom, n. ৰাণ্য বারা চালিত ভাগার ব্যঃ,
Printing press worked by steam.

Pox. poks, n. বসন্ত , বণ ; কেটিক , কট , Postules ; an eruptive disease.

Chicken Pox-नानि वम् ।

Small Pox - रेक्ट्रा वनस

Pow-wow, n बाइनत: Wizard:--मृजा वित्नत: An Indian dance ---बाइनिजी, Somery

Practicable, prokie-ka-bl. a. সাধা, বাৰহাৰা; মনুষ্কাৰ , I hat may be done; that may be used or followed —বাৰহাৰা , সকর ; Useful. adm practicably. n=practicability. Syn:—Possible, fraible, performable, attainable, achievable.

Practices, praktik-ai, a. ( ii. praktikos, fit for doing ) কালকৰ; কালোপদোৰী; That can be put in practice; not theoratical:—সিদ্ধ; বিভাগন এই U--ful —অভ্যাস সময়ীয়া, Relating to life and practice. n=practicalness. ad=practically (কালেড: ব্যৱস্থাত)। Syn:—Serviceable; experienced, skilled, proficient; trained, accomplished

Practical joke—কাৰ্য বালা কৃত পৰিবাল; কাৰ্যক্ত ভাষালা; কাৰেল ভাষালা; Joke done to personal unjury or annoyance; a trick played that hurts or tends to hurt the body.

Practical knowledge—ৰাজ্য বা ক্ষরায়িক আৰু; বে শভিজতা ক্ষত ক্ষরে বাভ করা বয় ৮ gravital man—wing one; One engaged in the exercise of his business.

Practice, praktis, n. [G. praksis, from prassisin, to do ] অভান ; প্ৰঃপুন; বাৰহান ; The habit of doing anything ; castomary use :—নশানন ; নামন ; Performance :—নগানী ; পছড়ি : Method :
—টিছবা; Medical treatment :—নামনি পরিচানার : Exercise of any profession :—নামেডিক নিয়ন ; বেমেলি নিয়ন ; A rule in Arithmetic :—আচান ; Custom. Syn :—Custom, habit, wont; use, usage ; exercise, application.

Bad practices - MARIERY !

Be out of practice—weith বা বাবা; Not to have practised any art or accomplishment for sometime.

In practice—wice; কাৰ্যান্ত: Practically; in Practise, praktis, v. গ্ৰ: প্ৰ:-কৃ: বিভা-কৃ: তি do habitually:—পত্তিচালন-কৃ: কোৰ ব্যৱসা চাৰাৰ; To exercise, as a profession:—ক্ষামন-কৃ: To perform:—ব্যৱসা-কৃ: To use or exercise:—v.i. অভাত্ত; To have or to form a habit:—ক্ষাৰ কাৰ্যান্কু; To exercise any employment or

profession :--কোলন-কু; চালাকি-কু; To try artifices. n = practiser. Syn :--Apply, pursue. Practise law —উকি'ল-কু; আইন বালনা কু।

Practise upon or on—মনের উপর কার্বা-ক ; কোন মনের ভাষ উন্ধীপিত-ক ; উদ্দিক-ক ; Work upon a man's feeling :—ফিকির কবি কবিয়া ভুলান ; Use artifices on.

To practise deception—প্ৰভাবণা-ক।
Practitioner, prak-ushun-er, n. ব্ৰকাৰী; One
who is engaged in the exercise of any profession, esp, medicine or law.

Legal practitioner—ग्रवशताकीय ; छेकील । Medical practitioner—र्वण , किक्श्नक ।

Preemunite, n. Birces tourfer with numerical willing, a wratten ring; viring follows by: The offence of introducing foreign authority into England; the writ grounded on such an offence; the penalty a-cribed for the offence.

Practor, pretor, n. শাসনকণ্ঠা; প্রাচীন রোমের বাজ-কণ্ঠারি বিশেষ, In ancient Rome, a civil officer next in rank to the consuls.

[সম্বন্ধীয়া

Praetorial, pre-tro'n-al, a. প্রটর-সংকার . বিচার Praetorian-Pertaining to Praetor , judicial.

Praetorian hands, guards or cohorts— In anc. Rome, house-hold troops; the bodyguards of the emperor of Rome.

Practorium, n. রোমার প্রটির বা প্রাকেশিক শাসন-করার আবাদ; The residence of the Romans practor.

Pragmatio, prag-mat'ık, Pragmatical, prag-mat'ık-al, a. অবধিকার চভাকারী; ফাজিল; চালাক; কুই; Meddling; impertmently busy or officious; officious; overactive; meddlesome. ad – pregmatically.

Pragmatic sanction, ন. মহাভাৰত্ব অনুবাৰিত ইলিই উক্তি বা অনুভা; A solemn order or decree of a sovereign promulgated by the advice of his council.

Prairie, prz'ri, n. [ L. pratum. a meadow ]
Michiaria full's grimpiles gla, guela ares als ;

In North America, an open and slightly-undulating grassy plain of vast extent.

Praise, praj, n. ধাৰ্না; বাৰ; বাৰ; Commendation; a glorifying :—e. t. ধাৰ্না; বাৰ-বৃ; বাৰ-বৃ; বিভিন্ন; বাৰ-বৃ; 
Praiseworthy, praiwur-thi, a. প্ৰথমনীয় ; প্রথম-সার্হ ; Commendable. ল=praiseworthiness.

Prance, prans, v. i. লখ-(দ; To bound gaily; as a horse:—সবেগে লফ দেবরা; To spring:— নাড়বৰে বোড়াম চড়িয়া বাবমা; To ride ostentestiously.

Prandial, n. [L. prandium, a repast] (State Relating to a repast.

Prank, prangk, v. t. শেভিড-ড়; To display or adorn showily:—n. কীড়া; কৌডুক; A sportive action; olay; frolic:—কৌশন; ডানাসা; A joke. Syn:—(n) Gambol, freak, trick.

To play prank—ফট নটাহ-তৃ; ভাষাসা-তৃ। Prankish, prangkish, a. জীড়াকৌতুক্ষর; Full of pranks.

Prate, prat, n. নিয়ৰ্থক কথা; Triffing talk:—w. f.
আন্থক কথা কচা; জননা-কু; আবল ভাৰল বকা; To
talk idly:—w. f. আন্থক কথা কচা; To speak
without meaning. Syn:—(v) Tattle, babble,
chatter, prattle, gossip. [who talks idly.
Prater, pratter, n. আন্থক বহুভাবী; আৰু ; One
Prating, a. বুখা কথনীয়, Talking idly or unmeaningly:—n. বুখা কথা, Idle talk.

Prattle, prafl, v. i. ব্যানা কু, নির্থক কথা কলা ; To talk much and idly :—n. বুখা বাক্য ; অনথক বচন ; Empty talk. [ Babbler.

Prattler, pratier, त. बजाद ; बाठात ; वर्षाती ; Prawn, prawn, त. ठिवड़ि बाह ; A small crustacean allied to the shrimp.

Praxis, n. অভ্যান : অনুশীণনাৰ্থ উপাইজা ; Practice ; an example for exercise.

Pray, pra, v. i. প্রাথনা-ড়: বাজ্ঞা-ড়: অপুনর-ড়: To entreat; to ask earnestly:—অব-ড়: ঈবরের নিকট প্রাথনা-ড়: আরাখনা-ড়: বেবছড়ি বারা অসুক্ল-ড়; To ask earnestly and reverently as in worship; to supplicate; to move by prayer. \* prayer. Syn:—Supplicate, beg, implore, beseech, petition, solicit, crave, adjure, invoke.

I pray-নিবেছন করি ওনিতে আজা হউক।

Prayer, práer, n. [L. precari, to pray]
enfan; 33, A solemn address to God:
Act of praying or of asking a favour. Syn:
Petition, supplication, entreaty, suit, request;
orison, devotions.

A prayer book--वार्वन-नुषक ।

Prayerful, prar'fool, a. পুৰাৰ বত ; আৰ্বাৰ্যভ ; উপানবাৰত ; Devotional ; given to prayer. ad prayerfully, n=prayerfulness.

Prayerless, praries, a. anting; entraling;
Not using prayer, ad-prayerlessly, weprayerlessness.

Bradilection for—(কাৰ দিকে টান্; A liking for. Bradispose, pre-dis-pois, v. t. পূৰ্বা হটতে অগৃতি অবান; পূৰ্বা হটতে ৰত বা অগৃতি কয়া; To incline beforehand. seepredisposition (অগৃতি, পূৰ্বা-অপকা)।

Predisposition, s. পূৰ্ম প্ৰদাস বা প্ৰবৃত্তি; Previously inclination or propensity.

Predominance, pre-domin-ans, Predomimancy, pre-domin-an-si, ল. অগ্রপাড়া ; ভোডা ; আধাড় : Superiority ; ascendency.

Predominant, pre-doman-ant, a. প্ৰথম; প্ৰথম; প্ৰথম; প্ৰথম; মান; প্ৰথম; Ruling; prevailing; ascendant. ad predominantly. Sym:—Prevailing, ruling. reigning, controlling.

Predominate, pre-domin-āt, v. t. প্রত্যুক্ত ; শাসৰ-ক ; To rule over :— a. d. প্রায়ুর্ভ্ত হ ; To be dominant over :— প্রেটজন হ ; বগবান-হ ; To be superior :—প্রবশন্ধ ; প্রচলিক-হ ; To prevail.

Pro-eminence, pre-emi-nens, n. আখাছ; কোতা; অবাণ্ডা; Superiority in excellence.

Pro-eminent, pre-emi-nent, a. [L. prae, before, and eminens, standing out] আগাৰ; আগাৰ; আগাৰ; আগাৰ; আগাৰ; আগাৰ; কোনা cut ; Distinguished above others; surpassing others. ad-preeminently.

Syn:—Superior, suprema, paramount, chief.

Pre-emption, pre-emshun, n. [ L. prac. hefore, emptio, a buying ] আছে পূৰ্ব কৰ কৰিবৰ অধিকাৰ; Right of purchasing before others.

Preen, . f. कहाँदेश नावान ; To dress up and arrange as birds do their feathers,

Pro-engage, pre-en-gaj, v. t. প্রেট নিয়েনিড-কু; পূর্ব হইডে অধিকৃত-হ; To engage beforchand. a pre-engagement (পূর্বা-নিয়োগ)।

Pro-establish, v. t. পূর্ম চন্টতে খাপিত বা প্রতিন্তিত-কু; To establish beforehand. n = pre-establishment.

Preexist, pre-egz-ist, ভ. i. পূৰ্বে বৰ্তমান থাকা . To exist beforehand. n = preexistence ( প্ৰধানখিতি )। Preexistent, pre-egz-istent, c. পূৰ্ব হইডে বৰ্তমান; Existing beforehand.

Preface, prefas, n. [L. praefatio—praefuri, to say beforehand] উপক্রমণিকা; মূৰবছ; ভূমিকা; অভাবনা; মানাবিদ্যালয় ক্ষাৰ্থা; মানাবিদ্যালয় ক্ষাৰ্থা, The introduction to a book:—v. i. ভূমিকা-কৃ; আভাবনা-কৃ; মূৰবজ-কৃ, To introduce by preliminary remarks. Syn.—(n) Introduction, preamble, proem, prelude, prologue,

Prefatory, prefa-tor-e, a. ভ্ৰিডা স'কাত ,
ব্ৰহ্ম-স্বভাৱ , Introductory. Syn —Prelimisary, processial, prebusive, precursory.

Prefect, pre'iekt, n. [ L. prae, over, faceo, to make, to place ] শাসনকৱা, আনিবাৰক; কৱা; A commander; a governor, especially of a province in France.

Profecture, Profectahip, ন. খাসন্কর্যার পদ বা অধিকার; The office or jurisdiction of a prefect.

Prader, preier', v. t. [L. prae, before, and forre, to bear or carry] পছল-ফু; বনোনীড-ফু, To choose, to select:—উন্নীড-ফু; To advance; to exait; to promote:—নিবেশন-ফু; To offer, to address:—বন্ধ কাল্য-ফু; ব্যাপকার্ক আল্ম-ফু; To esteer; above another —নিবেশন কিল্লিক ব্য

পোন্দ; To present for decision. Sym :-- Elect; present; raise, exalt.

Prefer a charge—শৃভিযোগ-ই ৷

Prefer a claim-wife-w !

Prefer to—এখনৰ বা এক বন্ধ আপোৰা বন্ধ ব্যক্তিক বা বিবন্ধ অধিক ভানবানা; Have a greater liking for (one person or thing) than (another); esteem one person or thing above another.

Profesable, prel'ér-a-bl, a. আপেলাকৃত ভাল ; অধিকভন্ন বাস্থনীয় ; আগন্ধীয় ; More desirable, more

excellent. ad—preferably, n—preferableness.
Preference, preferens, n. অভিনতি: অভুরার;
মনোনমন; Choice. liking; higher estimation.
a—preference. Syn:—Selection, predilection.
In preference to—ভিতুম চেয়ে ভাল মনে করিয়া;
As being in one's estimation more desirable or better than.

Proferential, a. স্বিশেষ আগর্ণীয় ; উচ্চতর সন্মান-শালী ; Having a preference.

Preferment, pre-lec'ment, n. প্ৰেচিডঃ শ্ৰেটডঃ প্ৰথমাণা : Promotion : superior place :—বৃত্তি ; An ecclesiastical benefice.

Profigurative, pre-fig'd-ra-tiv, s. পূৰ্ব প্ৰতিকৃতি বা সাদৃত্ৰ বাৰা প্ৰথমৰ , বসমৰাকী . Showing by previous figures, types or similatudes.

Profigure, pre-fig'ii. ত t প্ৰক প্ৰতিকৃতি বা নাম্প ৰাৱা প্ৰথম ক : লক্ষণ বা চিক্ ৰাৱা প্ৰেক প্ৰদেশ-ক : To suggest by previous representation or by type . to announce. n = prefigurement, prefiguration. Syn — Foreshadow, betoken, foreshow, signity, typity.

Profix, pre-fike', v. t. পুরুষ্ণ যোগ-কৃ. আদিতে সন্ধি-বিষ্ট-কৃ; পুরুষ্ণ নগু বা যুক্ত-কৃ; To fix or put before or at the beginning —n. উপসর্গ; উপপা ; A letter, syllable or word fixed or put at the beginning of another word.

Prognancy, preg'nan-si, n গছৰিয়া; অৱনেছা-বয়া. State of being pregnant or with young .— আন্ধাৰণ ব্যৱশাস্তি . Unusual capacity:—উপনিতা, Fertility. ad=pregnantly.

Prognant, preg'nant, a. [L. pras, before, and genere, to beget ] গঠনতী; Big with child — কল্যানী; Fruntial — অৰ্থাৰ্থ ; অৰ্থায়ক ; Full of sign he time :—পরিপূর্ব ; Teeming :—উত্থানকম ; Inventive .—মাধান্ত ; Promising. ad — pregnantly.

Prognant with—বিহুতে পরিপূর্ব ; Full of ; filled Prognant with colostial fire—পরীয় উৎসাহে গরিপূর্ব ; Full of heavenly enthusiasm.

Prehensible, pre-hensi-bl. a. বাহা যুত করা বাছ; ব্যার্থবোল; That may be seized or taken in the hand.

Prohensile, pre-hensi. a. [L. prehendo, to scize] গ্ৰহণোপবোৰী: ধাৰণক্ষ; ধাৰণাৰ: ধাৰণক্ষী; Seizing; grasping; udapted for seizing or holding.

[A seizing or taking hold.

Prehension, pre-henshun, ম. বৃত কৰণ ; ধাৰণ ; Pre-historie, pre'his-tor'ik, a. ইতিহাসের প্রক-কার্মান, Relating to a time before that treated of in history.

diess :--ৰন্ত নপেৰা সন্থান-ক ; অপেৰাকৃত ৰান্ধ-ক ; Projucteo, pro-juj, v. t. তদিবার পূৰ্বে বিচার-চু ; ্বিত esteers above another :---বিচারার্থ উপস্থিত বা ু সা তদিবা বিচার-কু ; তনিবার পূর্বেই দীবাংলা-কু ; To decide upon before hearing the whole case; to condemn unheard. n-prejudgment.

Projudicate, pro-joo di-kat, v. t. [ 1... ১৮৪৪, before, and judico, to judge ] বিচারেৰ পুর্কে বিপ্র
इ: মুবুল বা অনিচা বিচার নিশান্তি-ক: To prejudge; to judge beforehand:—v. i. পরীকা না করিছা বিচার-ক: To decide without examination. ক্ষ্ম্ম 
prejudication (বিচারের পুর্কে নির্বন্ধ)।

Projudicative, pre-joo'di-kat-iv, a. বা ওনিরা বিভার-নিশাবিদারী; Forming a judgment or opi-

nion before hand.

Prejudice, prejudis, n. [L. prae, before, and judicium, judgment] কুন্দ্রার; প্রপাত; টান; Unfair predilection for or against something; bias:—বিশেষ; Dislike:—বিশিঃ কতি; Injury; mischief; hurt:—পূর্বন্দ্রার; পূর্বারণ]; Opinion formed without due examination, prejudgment:—০. ি পূর্ব সংখ্যারর বন্দ্রত হওয়া; কুন্দ্রারাধিত কু, প্রপাতী কু; To prepossess; to bias the mind of —বিশ্বত-কু; To injure or hurt. Syn:—(n) Prejudgment, prepossession, predisposition, harm, detriment, disadvantage. (v) Predispose, bias, warp; injure, harm, damage, hart.

Projudice (one) against (another)—কাহবিৰ ৬ র চটা, বাচাৰেও আচ্চত্তক; Bias a man against (another by of mons formed without examination).

To the projudice of—কাচারত বা কোন কিছুর পক্ষে মনিষ্টকর; Injurious or determined to the interects of:—কাচারত বিকল্পে; Against one.

Projudiced, p. a. smale 181

Projudicial, pre-ju-dishil, a. এবিট্ৰার ; কচিকার, কচিচনাক ; অপৰাপক ; মনিহকাৰ ক ; প্রতিয়োধক , Disadvantageous ; injurious ; mi chievous ; tending to obstruct. admirrojudicially.

Projudicial to—(কাহারত চরিত্র, ইটু, বাছা বা জীন স্থকে) অনিট্রলক; Injurious to one's interest, character, health, or life.

Prolacy, prefa-si, n. প্ৰধান আচাৰ্যের প্র বা অধিকায়, প্রধান ধর্মাধ্যক্ষের পর বা নব্যালা, উচ্চ প্রেপ্তির বাচক সম্প্রদায়, Episcopacy, the order of hishops or the bishops collectively.

Prelate, prefit, a. [ L. pree, before, and lates, borne ] অধান বহাচাটো; উচ্চাত্ৰনীৰ বাকৰ, Bishop; a church dignitary. \*\*=prelateship.

Prolatic, pre-latik, Prolatical, pre-latik-al, a. প্রধান আচায় সংজীয়; ধর্মায়ক শাসন-সংক্ষায়; Pertaining to prelates or prelacy.

Prolatist, prolatist, n. প্রধান আচায়াত্ব সমর্থনকাবী; প্রেনেট্-লাসনের অনুরাগী; An upholder of prolacy. Proloct, pro-lekt, v. i. [L. prac, before, and lego, lectum, to read] প্রবন্ধ পাঠ-তু; বজ্তা-তু, To lecture; to read a discourse.

Prolection, n. সাধারণের সমকে পঠিও প্রবৃদ্ধ ; A discourse read in public.

Prelector, n. 2347134, 481. A lecturer. Prelibation, n. 741414. Foretaste.

Proliminary, pre-limin-ar-e, a. [L. prae, before, limen, limin:s, threshold, entrance] পূর্ব: প্রাথমিক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমিক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক: প্রাথমেক:

হচনা। ভূমিকা; পূর্ববর্ত্তী বিষয়; অপুত্রপিকা; Introduction. Syn:—Prefatory, precursive, prelusory; initiatory, previous, prior, precedent.

Prelude, prelud, n. [L. prae, before, and ludus, play] প্ৰভাবনা; অপ্ৰিম অভিনয়; A short piece of music before a longer piece:—ভ্ৰিণা; শৌরচন্তিকা; প্র লক্ষ্ণ; A preface; a forerunner:
— r. পূর্ব স্থনা-কু; পূর্ম প্রখাবনা-কু; নুষ্বখন-কু; To play before; to precede, as an introduction. Syn:—(n) Introduction, preliminary, prologue.
Prolusive, pre-lif'siv. a. প্রাধনাব্রগ; ভ্রিকা-ব্রগ; পূর্ম introductory; previous.

Premature, prema-tur, a. [L. pras, before, and maturus, ripe] আহানসহ; আনাম্ত্র ; আনাম্ত্র ; আনাম্ত্র ; আনাম্ত্র ; আনাম্ত্র ; unauthenticated, as a report neprematureness, prematurity, ad=prematurely. Syn:—Precocious, predeveloped, untimely, early.

Premoditate, pre-medi-tat, o. t. [ L. prae, before, meditor, to meditate ] পূর্মেই নিয়া-কৃ; পূর্মেই দিয়া করিয়া হিত্ত-কৃ; To design previously:
— v. i. পূর্ম হাতে ডিয়া-কৃ; To deliberate before hand. n=premeditation (পূমা-বয়না)।

Premoditated, a. পূৰ্ম সংক্ৰিছ; পূৰ্ম বিনীকৃত!
Premier, pieniyet, a. [L. primus, first]
ন্তুম; নাৰান প্ৰেছ; First, chief —n. বাক্ষয়ী;
বাৰান সচিব; The prime minister. n=permership.
Premise, pre-miz', v. t. পু.কই প্ৰধাৰ-ক; প্ৰৱাক; To make an introduction:—প্ৰবৃত্তী ভৰ্মবাবের কল্প প্ৰভিন্তা উপস্থিত-ক; To lay down propositions:—n. প্ৰভিন্তা; উপাইনৰ বা উপনৱ; ভক্বাবের কল্পন, A first or antecedent proposition;
one of the first two propositions of a syllogism
from which the conclusion drawn.

Premises, n. গৃহ ও ভংগালগ্ন ভুগানি; Building and its adjuncts.

Promium, preme-um, n. প্ৰকান; পারিচোধিক; A teward, a recompense; prize:—চোটা; ধরাট; A payment for a loan:—বিদা কৰণাৰ্থ এইবড়টাকা; Payment made for insurance:—ব্যবদান শিবিবার কয় অক্ত ক্ৰিণা; Bounty or incentive. Syn:— Bonus, boon.

At a premium—চণা দান: At a sum above the par value, obta nable at an increased value. Give a premium to—কোৰ বিষয় উৎসাহ বেওখা; Encourage.

Hold a premium - देश्त्राइ-ए ; Encourage.

Put a premium - দ্ব চড়াইছা-দে; Raise the value of; set on something a value higher than the real value.—গুলৰ বাড়াইছা প্ৰয়া, Encourage

Premonish, pre-monish, v. t. পুরু ইউটে সভর্ক-ক: ি urn beforehand n=premonition (পুন্-সংকাৰ) ৷

Promonitive, pre-monit-iv, Promonitory, pre-monit-or i, a. সঙ্কৰায়ী; প্ৰাচ্য-প্ৰদানক; Giving warning or notice beforehand. ad—premonitorily.

Premonitor, pre-monit-or, n. পূর্ব ইইন্ড সভর্ক-কারক; সভক্ষারী; One who or that which gives warning beforehand.

Pre-occupancy, pre-oku-pan si, n. attitus;

Pro-occupy महस्त्र गुर्ख कविकार करने वा काशत वन ; The act or the right of occupying beforehand.

Pre-occupy, pre-okt-pi, s. t. ness fin व्यक्तिकात : To take possession beforehand :--भूके व्हेर्ड अक भाष कर-क ; To prepossess. 🗫 pre-occupation ( वृक्तिविकांद )।

Pre-ordein, pre-or-dan, v. t. পূর্ব হইতে दिर-इ : পূৰ্ব হুইতে নিৰ্বায়িত-কু; To ordain or appoint beforehand. w = preordination.

Preparation, prep-ar-ashum, s. 455 434. भारताबन ; উरहात्रि ; शक्षक विवद्र ; The state of being prepared or got ready :—পুৰে স্কেপাৰত : Previous arrangement.

Preparative, pre-par'a-tiv, s. আংলালন : আয়ন্ত-काती: अक्षण कत्रत रा ३७८म अनुकन: उनवानीकाती: Having the power of preparing or making ready :-- n. बीहा टाइड करह ; That which prepares; preparation.

Preparatory, pre-par'a-tor-i, e. अवस्पाती : পূৰ্ববৰী; প্ৰাথমিক; Preparing for; previous. introductory.

Propare, pre-par', v. f. [ L. prae, before, and paro, to make ready ] প্ৰস্তুত কু; তৈবাৰি-কু. To make ready for use :—উপযুক্ত-কু; To fit for any purpose:—मिक्ड-क; To provide; to equip #=preparer. Sym :—Fit, adjust, adapt, qualify : equip, provide , arrange, order plan, form, make.

Prepared, pre-pard, a. des ; रेडवारि : Made ready; ready. m=oreparedness, ad=oreparedly Pre-paid, a. गुर्स वष्ट : प्रतत्व , वाहात्र मालन गुरह ह (484) ETTICE ; Paid before-hand.

Prepay, pre-pá, क. इ. अधित-(त ; अध्य अनाम-क ; To pay in advance. == prepayment (अध्यक्षत)। Pre-pense, pre-pens, a. পুরে বিবেচিত : পরেই চিক্তিত ; ইচ্ছাকৃত ; Premeditated ; intentional ; deliberate; aforethought. ad=prepensely.

Preponderant, pre-ponder-ant, a अधिककाडी, क्ष्मणात ; धारण ; क्षमण वा धारात त्मक्षेत्र , Outweighing; superior in weight, power or influence. ad=preponderantly n=preponderance. Preponderate, preponder-at v. t. [ L. prac. before pandero, to weigh ] 明年 明朝-李. 安頂 क्ट्रजन-हु ; बुंक्सि गड़ा ; To outweigh :-- अन्त-इ , To excred in power or influence. n=preponderation.

Preponderate over -- ever (4% sem; 4%); अरनका कांत्र अकडा कविक इंडडा ; Outweigh, exceed. Proposition, prep-o-zishim, n. [L. proc. before, pono, positum, to place or put ] Eggs. MATERIA. A word or parts of speech expressing the relation between objects and governing a case. emprepositional, admprepositionally.

Propossess, pre-poz-zes, e. t. भूम् अधिकान-क পৰপাতী-ৰু; To pre-occupy; to bias or prejudice. Be prepossessed in favour of—অৰুক্লটিৱ \*64]; Be favourably inclined towards.

Pro-possessing, pre-poz-zesing, a. समझ्याची : चन्द्रशामार्थक : विश्वावर्गकाती : Tending to propossess in one's favour; charming; attractive. Syn :- Engaging, taking, attractive, winning, captivating; fascinating; amiable.

Pre-possession, pre-poz-zeshun, n. সংখ্যার : শোষ : Pre-conceived opinion or impression; pre-occupation.

Pre-posterous, pre-poster-us, s. [L. pras, before, and posterus, coming after | ways; भगवर ; रिगडीज : खांड : मुङ् : Absurd : wrong : foolish; monstrous, n=pre-posterousness, ad= pre-posterously. Sym :---Irrational, ridiculous; reversed, inverted, perverted.

Prerogative, pre-rog'a-tiv, s. वित्य व्यक्तितः বিশেষ ক্ষমতা; The exclusive or peculiar privilege; right; immunity.

Presage, presaj, v. t. [ L. prac before, sagire. to perceive acutely ] পূর্ব পুচনা-ছ : পূর্ব নকণ लागर्गन-कृ ; खनिदार विषय वना ; To forebode ; to prophesy, to predict:--n. 电影物象 明明明; 刊前 লকণ ; পূর্বে পুচনা ; A foreboding , presentiment ; omen : prognostic. a=presageful n=presager. Syn: - (v) Predict, betoken, foretell; fore-[ Long sightedness. know, foresee. Presbyopia, pres-bi-ত'pi-a. ». স্বদশ্ব রোগ: Presbyter, prezbi-ter, n. वाक्रक ; आंहांवा : ( बृहीव नवाक ) खाठीन गांखि A priest or minister, a member of a preshytery.

Presbyterian, prez-bi-të i-an. Presbyterial. prer-bi-te'ri-al, a (अब-निहार-म'अव ; (अब-निहार মুট্ড: Pertaining to presbytery or calvinistic government.

Presbyterian, a ध्यक्तिरेश-भावताच्याची . One of a sect of christians, belonging to a church governed by presbytenes, a calvinist

Prosbyterianism, म. (धक्रविहार-नामनश्रमाती. The form of church government by Prebyterians.

Prosbytory, prez bi-ter-i, स. ध्यक्तिवि मृत्यवाद , A body or council of presbyters

Prescience, pre'shi-ens, n. ভাবি বোষ; পূৰ্ব-खान, ভाবि पर्गन, गुर्स पृष्टे, Fore-sight; foreke swledge.

Proscient, pre-shi-ent, a. [L. prae, before, tero, to know ] with minning; Knowing things beforehand.

Prescribe, pie-skrib, v. t. [ L. prae, before, scribers, to write ] विर्द्धन-इ ; विद्धावित-इ . To lay down for direction, to appoint :- विश्वाम- म : यावशा-कृ, To give directions for, as a remedy : -ए. i. बानका-क ; To give direction. m=prescriber. Syn:-Appoint, command, order, decree, dictate, direct, enjoin, impose.

Prescript, preskript, e. दावदिक : Directed . prescribed :- म. केन्द्रम् ; बावश्रान्य ; Direction , a prescription.

Prescriptible, a. बाबश्राकश्रादांचा : Proper to be prescribed for. # = prescriptibility.

Prescription, pre-skrip-shun, n. वायक्षित : देवस बावश्वा; A written direction of remedies for a disease; a recipe:—বহুকালের ভোগজনিত जरिकात ; किंद वावशासकीय जिल्लात ; A right acquired by immemorial use and enjoyment.

Prescriptive, pres-kriptly, a. हित्रवादशीय निषः नककारमञ्ज रकाशकामिक ; Consisting in, or acquired by, custom or immemorial use.

Prescriptive rigints—চিন্নগৃহতা দিছ অধিকান ৷
Prescrice, prefers, w. উপছিতি: বৰ্তমানতা ; সভা ;
State of being present :—অবদৰ ; দেবারা ; Mien ;
personal appearance :—শাস্তভাব ; ভংগরভা; Calmness ; readines«.

In presence—जायनिष्यात : यनपात ; In the room in which a prince or a great man receives company.

In the presence of—जारण : Before : face to Presence of mind—अवृष्यमानि : केपिया वृष्टि .

Quickness at expedients : undisturbed state of mind which enables one to speak or act without embarrassment in difficulties ; self-possession , a calm and collected state of mind which enables a person to speak or act in the midst of unexpected difficulties without disorder or embarassment.

Presence-chamber, Presence-room, গ.
ধৰ্ণন-শালা; ধৰণাৰ খব; বৈটকথানা; The room in which a great person receives company.

Present, prezent, a. বৰ্জনাৰ, Now existing :উপন্থিত ; হাজির ; In view .-- আলোচ্যনাৰ ; Now
under consideration :-- সৰ্বাধা প্ৰসূত্ৰ ; Ready at
hand :-- মানোবোগী ; Attentive :-- অবল্যিত , Immediate. Sym :-- Existing, at hand, nigh, immediate; instant, current.

Prosent, pic-lent, v. i. উপাহার-দে, সংগাদ-দে; To offer, to make a gift of — প্রশান-দু; To exhibit, to view; to show:—উপায়ত-দু, To set before:
—লক্ষ্-মু; To point, as a gun — প্রদান-দু, To give, to deliver:—বিবেচনা করিতে -দে; To lay before for consideration:—পরিচর করিতা-দে; To introduce:—ব্যান-দু; To make gifts — ক্ষিণা-দে; To give a benefice. s=presentable, n= presenter. Syn:—Bestow, grant, confer.

Prosont, pre-zent, n. উপচে'কন, দান . নতা . উপহার ; সভক্ষই ; A gift :--বর্ত্তমান সময় ; Present time. [present time, now.

At present—একবে; বৰ্তমান সময়ে. At the For the present—আপানত: উপত্তিত সময়ের কর.
For the time being. [ without delay.

In present—তৎকণাৎ; অনিজ্ঞা, At once; Present arms—সমানপ্রশ্বাৰ অৱশয় সমূৰে ধরা, To hold the arms out in token of respect, as if ready to deliver them up; salute militarily.

Present at - TWI-7; To make aim at .- To offer a bill for payment.

Present tense—( বাছৰৰে ) বৰ্ডবানকাল।
Presentable, a. আধানবোগা; দিবার উপবৃক্ত।
Presentation, prez-ent-fishun, n. ছাব; উপটোকন; Giving:—প্রতিক্রশ আদ্বন, Representation:—বাজকীয় বৃদ্ধিতে নিবৃদ্ধ কবিবার অধিকায়;
Giving a benefice; the right of presenting a 
clergyman. Syn:—Donation, bestowal; representation; exhibition; introduction.

A presentation copy—जन्म क्र्य व्यक्त वेनहात्र-नुक्ता

Presentee, n. বাৰকীয় বৃদ্ধিতে নিয়োজিত ব্যক্তি ; One presented to a benefice.

Presentiment, pro-senti-ment, त. पूर्वादाव : चार्यरे बरन बरन मरकात : कांबी धनकरनद गूर्वादाव : पूर्वा-वर्ष : पूर्वावाच , Previous notion ; a fore-boding ;

previous opinion; a convection of something unpleasant to happen.

Presentive, a. वर्ष व्यक्तिगरिक्त ।

Presently, ed. ভংকৰাং; ৰীয়; সহয়; অধিকাম ; Without delay; after a little.

Presentment, pre-zentment, n. via; Giving:
— अवर्षत : Exhibition:— बहिरदांत : Indictment :
accusation presented by a grand-jury:—
siagia : Behaviour:— अवर्षात् : Representation.
Preservation, prez-er-váshun, n. त्रक्ष : त्रका :
The act of pre-serving : the state of being preserved. Syn:—Conservation, maintenance,
protection; security, salety, salvation.

Preservative, pre-zerva-tiv, Preservatory, pre-zerva-tor-i, a. রক্ষাকার; বক্ষাকার; Tending to preserve:—n. রক্ষাকার; বাহা ব্যক্ত করে; বুকার নাবন; A preventive of injury or decay; that which preserves.

Praserva, pič-zerv, v. t. [L. prae, before, and servare, to preserve] রক্ষা-তৃ; বাচাব; To keep from injury; to secure, to defend:—
লবণাত্ত-তৃ; To season for preservation:—বই হৈতে না বেতরা; ক্ষত করহার রাখা; To maintain in a sound state:—কবিকৃত রাখা, To keep up, as appearances:—n. রক্ষিত বস্তু; বোবকা; That which is preserved, as fruit:—প্যাধি বাবিষার হান; A place for the protection of animals, as game &c. ==preserver(রক্ষণান্ত): Syn:—(v) Uphold, sustain, spare, protect, guard; conserve, keep sound.

Preside, pie-zid, v.i. (L. prae, before, sedee, to sit ] সভাপতির কার্য-কু, সভাহতে প্রধানের আসন অধিকার-কু; To act as chairman or alderman:— অধ্যক্ত, সভাপতি-হু, ভর্বধান-কু, To direct or govern, to superintend.

Presidency, prezidentsi, n অধ্যক্তা, সভাপতি; Superintendence:—প্রসেশ; Province.

President, preze-dent, n. সভাপতি; সভাবাৰ; A chairman, one who presides over a meeting —বিদান্ত্র অধ্যক্ত, The chief officer of a public institution &c — নংলাধিপতি, দেশ বা আভি বিশেবের নিকাচিত শাসনকর্তা, An officer elected to the supreme executive of a province or nation. n=president-ship (সভাপতিত্ব): Syn:—Moderator, chairman, superintendent, principal; governor, prefect, chief.

Vice-President—সহকারী সভাপতি।

Presidential, prez-i-denshal, a. সভাপতি সম্বনীয় ; Pert siming to a president.

Presiding doity—অধিনাত্ৰী বেবজা। [beforehand. Presignify, v. i. প্ৰাইতে স্চনা-কৃ; To signify Press, pies, v. i. [L. premers, pressum, to press] নিসভান; পেবৰ-কৃ; চাপ-দে; চাপা; To squeeze or crush:—ইডেনিড-কৃ; জেল-কৃ; To urge —আলিসন-কৃ, To hug:—গীডন-কৃ; To bear heavily on —ক্লেশ-দে; কই-দে; বাধা-দে; To distress —আগ্রহেব সহিত কমে নিষ্টি-কৃ; To inculcate with earnestness—বৰ্ণস্কৃত পোৰ বৃত্ত ক্রিয়া নিবৃত্ত-কৃ, To carry men off by violence to hecome soldiers or sailors; to impress:—v. i. জিড্-কৃ; To crowd; throng:—বোৰ-কৃ; ব্যক্ত ব্যক্ত ব্যক্ত বিশ্বকৃত্ত বিশ্বকৃ

importunity; to exert a strong influence:—
can mana = ; To go forward with violence:—
bith (went; nates at the car; To exert pressure; to
push with force. n = presser. Syn:—Compress, crush, squeeze, gripe; constrain, compel,
force; enjoin, urge, inculcate, enforce; impress;
bear heavily; push, rush, hasten.

Press, pres, n. পেৰণৰত্ব; চাপিবার বস্থ; An instrument for squeezing bodies: — মুহাবত্ত্ব; A printing machine; printing-press: — মুদ্রব-বাবসার; Art or business of printing and publishing: — বেলে অপ্নরব; The act of pressing forward: — ক্ষত্ত্বত্ত্ব্যান্তনী : Urgency: — সংবাসপত্ত্ব; Newspapers and their writers: — ক্ষত্ত্ব; ভিড়; Crowd: — নাবিক বৃত্ত ক্রণার্থ লোক্ষ্মন; Seizure of men for navy or army.

Liberty of the press—agraces without; The right of publishing books, pamphlets, newspapers without previous restraint or censorship.

Press forward—agra-e; Urge on, hasten.

Press into service—ছোর করিয়া কাজে লাগান: Force into service; make ( something ) serve some purpose. [ কাজের করাট।

Press of business—কাণ্যের ভিন্ন, কারোপরোগ; Press one hard—ভড়াত্ত অনুরোগ-কৃ; To earnestly urge or entreat one.

Press of sail—ছাহাজের বাসভীর পাঁটল: As much sail as the the state of wind can possibly permit. Press upon—ধাকা-লে: Push against:—আঁক্সন্ক; hvade: assail:—শীড়া-লে; Bear hardly on. The press—দেশনিবের সাহিত্য বা সংবাদশন্তমূল: The literature of a country, especially newspapers.

To be in the press – বন্ধ ৰ পকা বা মৃত্তিত-হ।
To be pressed for time—সম্ম অভাব-হ; Not
to have sufficient time; to be burried.

Press-gang, presigner, n. (ज'न-माडार्थ (स्मिष्ठ रिक्त ; त्नो-रिमन्टिक कारणात कक लाककन पतिवाद निमिष्ठ निर्णाकिक पत्रमन ; माजाधरात मन ; A detachment sent to seize men for the navy.

Pressing, presing, a. অভ্যান্তক জের , প্রোক্ত নীয় ; Urgent ; importunate ; forcible. ad=pressingly.

Press-man, presman. ল. মূহাকারী; মুদ্রাকারী; ছাপাওবালা; The printer who works at the press:
—সংবাদ প্রবেশক; Member of a press; newspaper-writer:—প্রেস্পার ক্লমুক্ত বাজি; One of a press-gang.

Press-money, presmuhi, n. वात्रनां; पानन; Earnest money:—Money given for impress-

Prossure, pressur, n. চাপ; পেনা; Pressing or being pressed; squeezing:—বেল; Impulse:—অভাচার: কেল; কই; ছংগ; Oppression; distress; straits:—ভার; Weight; gravitation:—ভারাক্রীরভা; Urgency:—নভট; Difficulties. Syn:—Squeezing, crushing, force; urgency, exigency, hurry.

Pressure from without নাসৰ-কর্মানবের উপৰ প্রধানবাধারণের মতের প্রভাব প্রত্যের; Exertion of public opinion on a government.

Pessure of business -कारवाद किए वा बढ़ाई।

Prostidigistation, Prestigistion, ম তথ-বোশন ; হাজের ভেনী ; Skill in legerdemain.

Prestidigitator, Prestigiator, स. (कावराजी-कत्र, One who practises legerdemain tricks.

Prestige, profiti, n. ইক্ষত; গৌরব; নাহান্তা; বাধান্তা; স্বানাতা; কুডকার্যাভান্ত্রতিপন্তি; Influence. Presto, ad. বটুগটু; ছুব: নাগলাণ; Quickly.

Presumable, prc-zuma-bl, a. অবুৰেষ; স্ত্য বলিয়া এইপীয়; বীকাৰ্য়; Such as may be presumed. ad=presumably (অসুমান করিয়া);

Presume, pre-zum. v. t. [ L. prae, before, and sumere, to take ] ধরিয়া লখ্যা; খীকার করিয়া লখ্যা; To take for granted; to assume:—কল্পনা-ফ; অনুমান-ফু; To suppose:—v. i. অনেই বিধান বা নাহস-ফু; To venture layond. Syn:—Believe, think, surmise, conjecture; venture, dare.

Presume on or upon—নাধন কৰিলা বড়বুৰ বাৰজা উচিত তাহাৰ অধিক বাৰজা; Venture too far.

Presuming, pre-zuming, a. বৃষ্ট : অব্চিত সাহসী; ছ:সাহসী; Venturing without permission; unreasonably bold. ad=presumingly.

Presumption, pre-zumshun, n. অভ্যান: Supposition:—অভ্যান সন্থাননা: Strong probability:—
প্রগন্ততা: দত্ত: মুইডা: Presumptuousness: arrogance; forward conduct:—অবভাষটিত আমাণাত্রসাবে
ঘটনা সভা বলিয়া বার্ণা; প্রমাণ বাটাত অস্মান: In
law, assumption of the truth of certain facts
from circumstancial evidence; inference. Syn:
—Opinion, conjecture, belief; forwardness,
assurance, arrogance, audacity.

The presumption is in his favour—এজপ অবস্থার বেরণ অভুমান হইতে পারে ভাহা ভাহার পক্ষে অভুত্ন:

Presumptive, pre-zump'tiv, a. আসুমানিক;
নম্ভাবা প্রবাদের উপর নিভিত্ত; সন্তাপনীত্ত; Grounded on probable evidence; indirect on circumstantial.
ad = presumptively.

Prosumtive evidence—আগুনানিক ধনাণ, অবস্থানিক (প্ৰেক্ত) প্ৰদাণ : Evidence derived from circumstances which usually attend a fact as distinct evidence or positive proof, circumstantial evidence.

Prosumptive heir, n. One who would inherit were things to remain in their present state, but whose succession may be put aside by the hirth of a near heir.

Presumptuous, pre-zump'tū-us, a. সাহতিক; সংঘট: Bild and confident; overconfident:— প্রান্ত; দাছিক: Wilful; audacious:—ছাঁড বিছামী: Full of presumption. n=presumptuousness. ad=presumptuously. Syn:—Over-confident, presuming, forward, arrogant; bold, rash, venturesome, foolhardy.

Presuppose, pre-sup-pot, v.t. পুরেই অসমান কু: বাকার করিয়া পরেয়া: To suppose before other things; assume. n=pre-upposition.

Protonce, pre-tens, n. En; eta; Pretext; encuse:—wifa; Claim; assumption. Syn:—Subterfuge, evasion, excuse; mask, colour; simulation, affectation.

Under pretence of, On pretence of—কোন ছল করিলা; কোন কিছুত্ত বাবদেশে; On the plea of. Protend, pre-tend, v. t. [L. prae, before, and tendere, to stretch] আন্ত: ছল-ক: To feign: to sham: to offer something unreal:—v. t. বাহি-ফ: বাংলা:-ফ: To put in a claim. n=pretender (বাহিবারক)! Syn:—Counterfeit, affect, simulate; aspire, claim.

Pretend, a. কৃতিন: ভাগালক; চাহিক; অসভা; Protender, n. বাহিকারক; ভালরাল; Imposter; ane who puts forth a claim to the throne:—Son of James II.

Protension, pre-tenshun, n. দাবি; Claim; demand:—দুবিৰ বাজভাব; ছল; ভাব; False appearance; fictitous show: pretext. Syn:—Assertion, show, pretence, assumption, profession; pertness, priggery, pretentiouness, conceit. [ লাভে কবিকার বা বাকা। To have no pretension to scholarship—Protentious, a. ভাবাৰ, বিবা বাবিপূৰ্ব; Full of pretence:—দুই: দাকিক; Arrogant.

Proterimperfect, pre-ter-im-perfekt, a. আনন্দৰ্শ-অভীত-প্ৰচল: Implying that an event was happening of a certain time

Proterit, preiei-it. Proterite, a. [ L. praeter, bevond, eo, ifum, to go ] গত, কঠাত; Noting the past tense:—n. ভূতনাৰ; কঠাতকাৰ; The pi-t tense.

Pretorition, r. wiferen. The state of being past: -- 557; a ferrer; A rhetorical figure.

Pretermission, n. ৰভিন্দৰ; জাৰ; The act of passing by, omission.

Protermit, pre-ter-mit, n e ছাছিলা-ৰে; অভিনা-কু. To omit; pass by neglect n=pretermission. Preternatural, pre-ter-natural, a. অবাছাৰিক, অসুঃ, আনাজ্ব, Extracidinary. ad-preternaturally. Syn.—Supernatural, miraculous, irregular, abnormal, anomalous, marvellous, strange, mexplicit le Proterpurfect, a. ভূতকালডক; Denoting the Proterpluporfect, a. শুংকালডক; Denoting the Proterpluporfect, a. শুংকালডক; Denoting the pluperfect tense.

Pretext, pic-tckst, n. হল, হল; ফুল; A pretence. Svn:—Semblance, colour, show, mask. Under pretext of—কোন হন কৰিছা; On the plea of.

Protor, n. বেংকের বাককর্মচারী; Roman magistrate next to the consul. a = pretorial.

Pretorian, n. The official residence of the Roman proconsul.

Prottily, preti-li, ad. কুলরক্লে ; মনোচরকলে ; গরি-জ্বকণে ; Pleasingly ; elegantly , neatly.

Pretty, prete, a. তক্ষ্ব, মনাহৰ; Beautiful; moderately handsome:—তচাৰ; প্রিপাটী; Neat; trim:—ত্ব্য জ্বছ আড্রবপুন: Beautiful without grandeur:—ক্ষতিকর; Tasteful:—বিবাদিতাপ্রির; (In contempt) foppish:—(বাসার্বা) তর্ত্তপ; (In contempt) fine:—ad. কডক পরিমাণে; কিছল পরিমাণে; মধ্যবিধ রূপে; Moderately; in some degree. Syn:—Handsome, elegant, comely; neat, trim, fine, tasteful; fair, moderate, tolerable.

Pratypify, v. t. श्रांक बावर् धावन-इ ; To exhibit previously in a type.

Prevail, pre-val, v. i. [ L. pras, before, and

valere, to be strong ] প্ৰবন্ধ; To be very powerful:—ৰবলাভ-কু; প্রাপ্ত-কু: প্রাপ্তি-কু: To overcome; to gain the advantage of:—কৃত্যাধী-ড়: To succeed:—বাধাৰানী-ড়: To have influence or effect:—প্রচলিত-ড়: চলিত থাকা; প্রাপ্তাধ-ড়: To be in force:—প্রস্তিত-কু: To persuade or induce. Syn:—Predominate, preponderate, prosper; obtain, rage.

Prevail over, Prevail against—প্ৰবাদ্ধ প্রাজ্য-কৃ. Predominate:—অধিকতর প্রবাদালী বা কাষ্যকারী ব; Be more powerful than; gain the advantance over.

Prevail with, on, or upon—প্ৰবৃত্ত-কু; লভয়ান; লয়িড-কু; প্ৰবৃত্তি-কু; Persuade.

Provailing, pre-valing, a. কার্যকারী: Efficacious:—চলিত; অতি প্রচলিত, সাধারণ; Most general:—প্রবল; ক্ষতাশালী: Having great power.

Syn:—Prevalent, predominant, controlling, preponderating, overruling, successful, general, current, usual, established.

Provalence, preval-ens, Provalency, prevalen-si, n. প্রাধান্ত; প্রাধান্ত; প্রাধান্ত); প্রাধান্ত); প্রাধান্ত); প্রাধান্ত); প্রাধান্ত।; Preponderance; superiority; predominance; influence; efficacy.

Prevalent, prevalent, a. বিষয়ী; Victorious —
দাধারণ; প্রচলিত; Most common:—প্রথম: Prevailing, ad = prevalently. Syn:—Prevailing,
predominant, governing, ascendant; compelling,
powerful, efficacious; received, established,
current, ordinary.

Prevaricate, pre-vare-kāt, v. i. [L. praevaricari, to walk crookedly] মিখা উত্তর-দে; সভাের অপন্যপ-ড়, ভাভান; সভা হহতে ইতস্তঃ-কৃ. To pervert; to shift about from side; to evade the truth, to quilble — শ্ল-কৃ; To shuffle. Syn :— Cavil, equivocate, dodge, palier.

Prevarication, pre-var-i-káchun, n. নিবা ক্ষন: বাক্ল; স্থাপলাল, ভাডাইডি, Quibbling. Prevaricator, n. স্থাপলাপনারী, A quibbler. Prevent, pre-vent, n t [ L. prae, before, venire, to come j বাধা-দে, নিবাৰ-কু; To hinder; to obviate; to thwart. Syn:—Impede, obstruct, stop, frustrate, avert, preclude, anticipate.

Prevent from-[423-5; 414] (464); Keep one back from (doing anything).

Preventable, a. প্রতিরোধা: বোৰনীয়; নিবাধা. Such as may be prevented or hindered. adv = preventably ( পূর্বে ): n = preventability.

Prevention, pie-venshun, n. বাবা; নিবোৰ; নিবাৰণ: Hinderance; obstruction. Syn:—Stoppage, interception, interruption.

Provontion is better than is cure—চিকিংনা হারা রোগ ইইতে স্কিণাত করা আপেকা রোগ বিবারণ করাহ ভাল।

Preventive, pre-ventiv, a. নিবাৰক; নিৰোকক; বাধানক; Tending to prevent or hinder; preservative:—n. নিবাৰক উৰধ; বাধান্তনক উৰধ; That which prevents; a preservative, antidote previously taken to prevent an attack of disease.

Proventive of debility—দৌর্জনানিবারক। Proventive of disease—রোপনিবারক। Previous, preve-us, a [ L. prav, before, sia, way ] प्रवर्णी ; प्रवंशानी ; बारतवात्त ; Going before ; preceding ; former ; prior. ad-previously.

m-previousness ( प्रवंशित ) ) Syn :—Antecedent, anterior, prior, foregoing, former, earlier.

Provious to—त्वा विद्युत पूर्ण ; Before.

Provision, त. पूर्वकृष्टि ; श्राकान ; Foresight ; foreknowledge. [ beforehand.

Prewarn, v. t. পূর্ক ছইন্তে সভর্ক-কু; To warn Prey, pra, a. বুঠ; ব্যক্তি ন্তবা; Booty; plunder; spoil; pillage; ravage:—নিকার: That which is or may be seized to be devoured:—v. া. বৃঠন-কু; বুঠ-কু; To plunder:—নিকার-কু; To seize and devour:—ক্ষমন: কর-কু; বীরে বীরে কর পাওরা; To waste (or impair) gradually.

Beast of Prey, Bird of prey—শিকারী কয়: হিলেকঃ: Animals that kill and feed other animals.

Prey on or upon—কাচার বাড়ের মানে বাজা; বোকা করা; ভান-কু; De-poil; rob:—কুড়িরা বাজা; Cause to waste or pine away gradually. Price, pris, ন. মূল্য, দাব; দর; পন; Cost; expense:—প্রহার; Reward:—উৎকর্ব; কিন্তুত্ত; Excellence:—গ. i. মূল্য নিরুপণ-কু; To set a value on. Syn:—(n) Expense, value, figure, worth, estimation; recompense.

At cost price—(क्या नार्य; आतन नार्य; ध्रिक मूरना । Every man has his price—(बाहक कर दृष्टिंग निर्देश प्रित्तिक होका धार्य नक्तरकह वस करा धार्य; Every man may be won over by gold if only you make it worth his while to accept it.

High-priced, a. अंडि क्तानान ।

Set a price on one's hosd—কাহাকে বৰ করিবাৰ জন্ম প্রকারের প্রাথান-কু; কাহারো পির বা গ্রহান কাচিত্র আনিবার করু প্রথার দিতে চাওয়া; Offer a reward for killing a person.

Price-current, n. মূল্যের তালিকা; মূল্যের কর্ম ; A list of market prices of goods.

Priceless, prišles, a. অবুলা; ব্ৰাহীন; Invaluable, inestimable; without value:—আক্সিংকয়; বংবাৰাক; Worthless.

Price list—ব্ৰোৰ ক€।

Prick, prik, n. বেবৰ; ডাফন; অছুল; স্চী; স্চার বয়; A puncture; a pointed instrument:—
অস্তান; Remorse:—হাজন; বিবন ক্লেন; Stinging pain:—হালে বিছ-ফু; ডাসন নারা; বোঁচা নারিয়া উন্তেজিক-ফু; To pierce; to spur:—ক্ট-পে; ক্লোন্সে; To pain:—বাডা-ফু; To erect. n=pricker.
Syn:—(n) Goad, point; thorn, spur; puncture, mark. (v) Puncture, perforate, terebrate, bore; spur, goad, incite, stimulate, drive; sting, wound, pain.

Prick up—কাণ পাড়া-কু; Raise up the ears.

Prick up one's ears—কাণ পাড়া করিয়া কনা;

Erect one's ears in order to listen attentively.

Pricker, priker, n. ভীকার বর; বেণনিকা; A sharp pointed instrument:—ক্বারোহী; A light-horseman.

Prickle, prikl, n. কটক; কাটা; A sharp-pointed projection growing from the bark of a plant.

Prickly, prikli, a. কটকল; কটকাৰ্ড; Full of prickles. n=prickliness.

Frickly-pear, n. এক কাটায় কটকল পাছ, A

The Prickly heat—will !

Pride, prid, ল. অহলার ; পর্য ; বেলাক ; Haughtiness; arrogance :—গৌরবাকক আমাদর ; Noble
self-esteem; dignity :—অবহার ; Ornament :—
অকহারের বন্ধ বা বিবর ; That of which one is
proud :—v. t. অহহার-ফু; ভ্রব-ফু; আব-ফু; To
take pride; to plume; to value, used reflexively.
Syn:—Self-respect, elevation; self-exaltation,
conceit, hautour, haughtiness, loftiness, arrogance, vain-glory; ornament, brightness,
splendour, glory.

Pride oneself upon or on—আপনাকে বড় জান-কু; কোন কিছুৰ কন্ত ভবর-ড়; কোন কিছুতে গৰিস্ত-ড়; To value oneself upon ; feel or manifest pride in.

Priest, prēst, ন. পুরোছিত; ধর্মবাজন; পাবরী; Clorgyman. fem=priestess.

Priest-oraft, prest-kraft, n. পুরোহিতের চাতুর্য ; কুটন বালকডা ; আর্থিক পৌরাহিতা ; Arts by which priests gain power ; religious fraud.

Priesthood, prosthood, n. প্রোহিড; বাজসকল; গৌরাহিড; বাজস্ভা; The priestly order; the office of a priest.

Priestly, prestli, a. न्राहिक नक्तीय, बाबरकः कन्यकः, न्राहिश्चित्र, बाबकोतः, Partaining to or resembling a priest.

Priestly caste—3: क्रावर्त :

Priest-ridden, prist-ridden, a. যাজকানিশীভিড; বাজকান যাত্ৰা উৎপীড়িত; পুৰোহি চ-দাসিত, পুৰোহি-ভাবিন; Controlled untirely by priests; governed by priests.

Brig, prig, n. অংকারী লোক, বনিত ব্যক্তি; Upstart; conceited fellow:—চোব; A thief. a priggish ( বুবা গনিত; অংকুড; upstart like ). n= priggery, prigism.

Prim, prim, a. [ L. primus, the first ] ট্রক;
ব্যার্থ; পরিপাটী; কিট্ডাট; Precise, affectedly
nice; formal, reat:—হ. t. পরিপাটীর সহিত সন্ধিতকৃ; ব্যাব্যভাবে বান-কৃ; To deck with great
nicety, to form with affected preciseness. ad =
primly, n=primness. Syn:—(a) Starched,
stiff, priggish.

Primacy, prima-si, n. প্রথান প্রোচ্চের পদ, প্রথান বর্ত্তাব্যক্ষে সদ; প্রথান আচাব্যের পর্যানা; The office or dignity of an archbishop.

Primedonna, n. বীতিৰাটাভিনরে অধাৰ বাদিকা; The first female singer in an opera.

Primage, printal, n. বাল বোৰাই করিবার বস্তু মাধিকে দেয় অভিনিক্ত বাজন; চাপানি বাল বস্তু রাধা হয় এইজন্ম সাধিকে বে কিছু বপ্লিন্ দেওবা ছউত ভাষা; A gratuity to the captain of a vessel for loading the goods. [First; original.

Primal, primal, a. আছিল; অবল; আছিছ; Primary, prima-re, a. L. primarius, from primus, the first ] আধনিক, আছিল; বুলীকুত. মৌলিক; Primitive; first; original:—বুলা; আধান; Chief, principal:—n. That which is highest in rank or importance. ad-primarily (আলো; আলো)! Sym:—(a) Primeval, pristine, radical, earliest, leading; lowest, elemental.

Primary cause—चापि कावन । [ and blue. Primary colours—खनान की, Red, yellow. Primary planets—(क्वम एवं)-व्यक्तकारी केन्द्रिय Those which revolve round the sun and not round another planet.

Primary qualities—strin et :

Primary qualities of bodies—অবিভালা ধর্ম;
Such qualities as are inseparable from them.
Primary rooks—All slaty and crystline
strata, and wholly destitute of organic remains.
Primary school—আধ্যিক পাঠগালা; অধ্য শিকা
পাঠশালা।

Primate, primate, s. cab view; and a active; An archbishop. seprimateship. [York. Primate of England—The archbishop of Canterbury.

Prime, prim, a. [ L. primus, first ] সর্বার্থন : প্রথম : উৎসুষ্ট : উদ্ধা ; First ; chief ; best ; excellent :—আছিন ; মৌলক ; Original :—উরপ ; Early ; blooming :—n. প্রস্থান ; The dawn :— বৌনন , The spring :—প্রান্থান ; আছিল ; The beginning :—স্কোন্থান আছিল ; The beginning :—স্কোন্থান আছিল :—স্কোন্থান বিশ্বান 
In the prime of life—citansics, 524 auto; in the spring of hie; in the height of one's health, strength or beauty.

The prime mover—sate atte; The person originating or most prominently carrying on an enterprise.

Prime-minister, prim-minister, n. প্রধান সচিব; প্রধান সন্ত্রী; The first minister of a state. Prime-number, prim-number, n. মৌলিক সংখ্যা; Number which has no division.

Primer, primer, n. এখনপাঠা প্ৰক, পিতৰিকা; বৰ্ণাবিচয়; A first-reading book.

Primoval, pri-me'val, c. चानिय; बोनिक;

Priming, n. ANTIGHT THE ; The powder in the nipple of a fire-arm.

Primitive, primit-iv, a. { L. primitivus, from primus, the first ] আছিন; মৌলিক; Original:— পুরাতন; অবচলিত ব্যবহার; আচীন; Antiquated; old fashioned:—n.মৌলিক শব্দ; An original word or one not derived from another. ad—primitiveness. Syn:—(a) First, pristine, ancient, primeval, primordial, radical, antique. Primogenial, pri-mo-jeni-al, a. [ L. primus, first, and geno, genitus, to beget ] আদিন; বুলীকৃত; আযুবহারী; Primary, constituent.

Primogenitor, pri-mo-jehi-tor, n. আদি পুরুষ;
পূর্ব পুরুষ; A forefather:—অবক; The father.
Primogeniture. pri-mo-jehi-tile. a. comba-

Primogeniture, pri-mo-jehi-tür, n. custu; \*\*\*\* The state of being born first of the same parents:—custificity; The right of inheritance of the eldest son.

Primordial, pri-mor'di-at, a. [L. primo, first, and ardo, order] আদিব; সর্কাশব্য; প্রথম ইইডে বর্তমান; Fast in order; original; existing from

the beginning: --- william; First principle or element.

Primrose, primröz, n. বস্থু পুন্স বিশেষ; An early spring flower common in woods and meadows.

Prince, prins, n. [L. princeps, from primus, first, and capere, to take ] বাজুবাৰ; যাজুবাৰ; সাজুবাৰ; সাজুবাৰ; সাজুবাৰ; সাজুবাৰ; সাজুবাৰ; সাজুবাৰ; monarch:—উচ্চশ্যমন্ত্র্যাণানিনিট্ন লোক; One of the highest rank:—বেডা; নামক; স্থাৰ; The chief of any body of men. feg=princess.

Prince of darkness - 75514; Lucifer.

Prince of the blood—ৰাজাৰ নিকট কুট্ৰ; Near relation of a king.
Prince of the senate—ব্ৰহন সচিব; Eldest Prince of Wales, ম. ইংসংলয় ব্ৰৱাজ; Eldest son of the sovereign of England.
Prince Boyal—ৰাজায় ব্যোগ্ৰ: Eldest son of Princedom, prinsdum, ম. হিংলোৱ অধিকার, বাজায়, কুসপাত্তি বা গান; বৌৰস্বাজ্ঞ; The jurisdiction, estate, sovereignity, or rank of a prince.

Princely, prinsle, a. সালোচিত; ব্যথাপালী; তন-কাল; মহং; Becoming a prince; grand; august:
—্যালকীয়; Relating to a prince; royal; regal:
—ad. মালোচিডভাবে; In a prince-like manner. n=
princeliness. Syn:—Noble, stately; imperial;
magnificent, munificent, bounteous.

Princess, ন. সহাজী; রাণী; A queen :---হাজকুষায়ী; A king's daughter.

Princess royal, n. রাজার জোনকা; Eldest daughter of the king of England or of any king. Principal, prinse-pal, a. অধান; সর্বান্তেই; Highest in character, rank, authority, or importance; chiefest:—n. বিধানেরের আবাক; A head of a school:—আবাক লাইনেরের তাল which interest is paid:—স্বাবন স্থানি আবাল বার্নিরার্নির সাহাব্যকারী; The chief actor of a crime or an abettor:—ম্বান ক্রিটা বা ভাজা; A main beam or timber, ail— principally ( প্রধানতঃ, বিশেষতঃ) । Syn:—(a) Chief, first, main, leading, foremost, cardinal. Principality, prin-si-pali-ti, n. রাষ্ট্র, রাজতঃ

Principality, prin-si-pali-ti, স- বারু, বাৰণ; আধিপতা; The territory of a prince or the country which gives title to him.

Principle, prin-se-pl, ম. আদি; Source; origin:
—মৌলিক তথা; মূলতথ; A fundamental truth; a
law or doctrine from which others are derived:
—মৌলিক বজি; মনোবৃত্তি; An original faculty of
the mind:—মূল; বীজ; Element:—উপাদান; A
constituent part:—v. t. হিম্মত কু; উপদেশ অভিতকু; To establish in principles; to impress with
a tenet. Syn:—(n) Cause, spring; substratum, postulate, axiom, law; doctrine, tenet,
dogma, opinion, maxim, rule; motive, reason;
integrity, uprightness, rectitude, honesty,
wirtue, righteousness.

A man of bad principle—ছ্টাচায়ী লোক।
A man of no principle—খাব্দিত ব্যক্তি।
A man of principle—খাব্দিত লোক।
On principle—খিলের বা নিজের ফলছ্বিপের বিধানাস্থবারী; নিজের নিজর অস্থারে; Fundamentally, according to the tenent, opinion, or belief one holds.

Principle of gravitation-নাগাকধণিক নিয়ম : Prink, v. t. সন্ধিত কথা : সাজান : To dress up. Print, n. for; we; viv; A mark: - 44/84; হাপা; The impression of types in general:-অভিৰূপ; A copy :--বোদাই ; A cut, in wood or metal; an engraving: - मःवानगढ: A newspaper :-- আছিত বয় ; A printed cloth ; a fabrie figured with impressed figures :--- v. t. আছিত-কু ; চিহ্-কু; To mark by pressure :-- সুদ্রিত-কু; ছাপা-কু; মুদ্রান্ধিত-কু; To impress with types - প্রকাশ-ক; অচার-ক; To publish: -- v. i. ছাগার বাবদা-ক; ছাপা-ক ; To practise the art of printing :--পুত-কাদি ছাপান; To publish a book. Syn:-(v) Impress, imprint, engrave, stamp, mark, indent, trace.

Be out of print-ছাপা কৰাইবা বাওৱা: (মৃত্তিত পুতক ) নিংশেবিত চইরাছে; অপ্রাণ্য ইটবাছে; Applied to a book of which no more new copies are to be had for safe; be no longer ready for sale by the publisher (the copies printed having been [ published.

In print-241/45; Issued from the press; Print off-Fig; Work off on a press.

Printer, printer, n. मूक्त कांत्रों ; मृक्ताकत . One who prints, especially book, newspaper &c.

Printer's devil—ছাপাধানার শিক্ষা-ন্বীস; The newest apprentice-lad in the press-room.

Printer's ink-tinis The ; Preparation of oil and lamp black.

Printing, printing, u. छानाइ कर्च वा विशा कि:वा बावनांव ; बुशांकन , हांगा : The act, art or practice of printing.

Printing house- signal | [used by printers. Printing ink, a. Figit off; Ariah; The ink Printing-office, n. similatini ; A place where the printing of books, newspapers or general printing is carried on.

Printing-paper-ছাপাৰ কাগজ; The kind of of paper generally used in printed books or newspapers and the like.

## Printing press-THIST

Prior, prior, a. [ L. prior, former ; नकारही ; পুक् उन ; जाना ; Previous ; former . anterioi . coming before in time :—n. মঠাবাক, মঠের প্রধান মেহিছ; The head of a monastery. fen:=prioress. Syn :- (a) Antecedent, precedent, earlier, former, foregoing, anterior,

Priorate, pri'or-at, Priorahip, pri'or-ship, n. নঠাগ্ৰুতা; নেট্ৰের শাসন বা ক্ষা; The govern- Private apartments -- স্থঃপুৰ। ment or office of a prior.

Priority, pri-er'e-te, n. প্রাথমিকঃ; পুরাবর্ত্তি । শ্রপাতা; Preference; precedence; the state of being first in time, place or rank. Syn :- Anteriority, anteredence; precedence, pre-eminence, superiority.

Priory, pri'o-ie, n. মঠ; আপ্রম, A religious house, under a prior or prioress, and next below an abbey. Syn :- Convent, monastery, abbey, cloister.

Prism, prizm, n. [ Gr. prizo, to saw ] পাৰ্বার-विनिष्ट कार यन भवार्थ ; जिन-भवा कार : काटाव कवार : A solid, whose two ends are similar, equal, and | Privation, pri-vashun, n. 48; (44; Desti-

parallel plane figures and whose sides are parallelograms; solid glass with triangular ends.

Prismatio, priz-matik, Prismatical, prizmati-kal, a. काठवर वा मचलीय ; काठ कनम गाउँ ह ; Resembling or pertaining to a prism; formed by a prism. ad=prismatically.

Prismatic colours, ন. কলৰ কাচের ধারা বিলিষ্ট #6: The colours into which a ray of light is decomposed in passing through a prism :viz; the three primary colours, red, yellow, blue and the secondary tints arising from their intermixture-orange, green, violet, indigo.

The prismatic compass—বে বিকাশন আ বারা সমতল-জন্ত কোণ পরিমিত হয়।

Prismoid. n. श्रिक्तमत्र काकात्रविभिष्ठे भवार्थ वा क्ला : A body or figure in the form of a prisom.

Prison, puin, n. [ L. prehensio, a seizing ] कारागात : (कल ; विमानाता : Goal :- o. t. करमा-क ; কাবাৰদ্ধ- ; To confine ; to captivate. Syn :--(n) Dungeon, bridewell.

Cast into prison-वनी-क ; Imprison.

Prison-bird, n. वनी ; Prisoner.

Prisoner, przin-er, n. वस्त्री, करवनी; Captive; one confined or arrested in prison.

Pristine, pritin, a. আদিম, প্রাথমিক : Original ; former :-- भूबाउन ; आधीन ; भूखकालीन . Old . anci ent. Syn :- Original, first, primitive.

Prithee, ent. अधूनव क्ति; विनव क्ति; I prav thee.

Privacy, priva-sc. n. fasael; The state of being private :-- নিজন স্থান ; নিজত স্থান ; A private place, retreat; retirement:—গোপন; Secrecy. Syn :-- Solitude, seclusion, retreat; secrecy, concealment.

Private, privat. a. [ L. from privat, single ] चकीय : निरुद्ध : निमन : Peculiar to one's self :--निकंन, Secluded - एष : शामनीय ; Secret :-সাধারণের অক্তাড; অপ্রকাশ ; Not public :-বে-সরকারী; Not invested with public office:n. সাধারণ নৈমিক; A common soldier. adv= privately (গোপনে; নির্জনে)। n=privatences. Syn:-(a) Separate, retired, sequestered, solitary; peculiar, personal; privy, close, [ publicly : privately. contidential.

In private - 電話車打击: (明代4. Not openly or Private act or statute—অসাধারণ বিধি; In law, one which operates on a particular person or class of persons.

Private parts-MINICAN !

Private-way, n. মপরের ছবিব উপর বাটবাব व्यक्षिकातः अञ्च वाङ्गि छृत्रिव छुत्रत्व निश्च हुनाहन छ या अविश्वास्त्र का नकान ; Right of going over the land of another.

Woman's private property—क्षेत्र ।

Privateer, pri-va-ter, n. বিপক্ষের জাহান পুঠ कदिनात क्रम रामाएम शाय मनव त-मत्रकादी नुस्वकाम : An armed private ve-sel commissioned to seize and plunder an enemy's ships :-- v. 1. मुद्रे कतिनात क्षत्र ऐक काशास अभन-कृ; To cruise in a privateer : to fit out privateers.

Privative, priva-tiv, a. অভাবস্তৰ; অভাবজনৰ;
আভাবদ্দিভ; Consisting in the absence of something:—a. বাহা অভ কিছুৰ অসম্ভাবের উপর নির্ভর
আন; That which depends on the absence of something else:—অভাবস্তক উপস্গ; হানাৰ্থক
উপস্গ; নুকুৰ্থক; A prefix to a word which gives it a negative sense. ad-privately.

Privet, n. কৃষ্ণ বিশেষ ; An ornamental shrub.
Privilege, prive-lej, n. বিশেষ সুবিধা ; বিশেষ
অধিকায় ; বিশেষ ক্ষডা ; সহ ; A peculiar advantage ; a peculiar right ; prerogative :—v. t.
বিশেষ অধিকায় এবান-কৃ ; বৃত-কৃ ; অব্যাহতি-যে ; To
grant a privilege ; to exempt. Syn :—(n) Prerogative, advantage, favour, franchise, immunity, liberty.

Personal privileges—নারীরিক অধিকার ৷ Privileged, এ বিশেষ অধিকারপ্রাপ্ত ; ক্ষমতাপ্রাপ্ত ; Endowed with privileges.

Privileged communication—ৰে সংবাদ আইক অপর কাহারও নিকট প্রকাশ করিতে পাবে বা।

Privily, privi-li, ad. त्यानतः ; करकातः ; Secretly; privately.

Privity, privi-ti, \*. সম্বভিত্তৰ জান . Joint knowledge ; knowledge implying concurrence :

—pl. অৱহাত জনসমূহ ; Secret parts.

Privy, prive, a. গোগনীয়; ঋষ: সৃচ; Secret; private:—গোগনে ঋডিজ; বিদিড; জাতগায়; Secretly cognicant:—n. পৌচহান; পাইখানা; A place of retirement; a necessary house:—কাথাবিশেৰে বার্থসংস্ক লোক; A person having an interest in any action. Syn:—(a) Not open, clandestine; private, personal, peculiar.

To be privy to—ভিতর ভিতর থাকা। [ber. Privy-chember—The king's private cham-Privy-council, privi-kowń-sil, ম. বাৰসভা; স্তিৰ সভা; বাস আবাৰত; A private council of a sovereign to advise in the administration of government.

Privy-councillor, privi-kowńsil-or, a. বাৰ-সভাস্টিৰ; স্টিৰ-সভায় স্ভা; A member of the privy-council.

Privy-purse, privi-purs, n. রাজার ব্যার ব্যার ব্যার বাজার বাস ভর্বিল; The king's private purse.

Privy-sual or signet, privi-sel or signet, ল. সাৰস্থা: বাজাৰ বকীৰ হোচৰ, The seal used by or for the king in subordinate matters, or those which are not to pass the great seal.

Prize, priz. n. [F. pris, pp. of prendre, to take] প্ৰদান, পানিভাবিক; A reward; anything gained by competition—প্তিপোদাৰ বে টাকা প্ৰাপ্ত হৰৱা থান; প্তিতে লক্ষ্যন; Money drawn by a lottery ticket:—বল্পক গৃহীত আন; Anything taken from an enemy in war:—ব্দে গৃহীত জাহাল; বুকে লক্ষ্যাল : A captured vessel:— v t. জাহাল ভানক; আন ক্ষানক; To estimate highly; to value highly:—ব্লা হিছ-ফু; ব্য ক্ষো; To set a price on; to rate. Syn:— (w) Trophy, laurds, guerdon, reward; booty,

spoil, plunder; capture. (\*) Rate, appraise; appreciate, esteem, value, treasure.

A prize fight—गावित वय वा नहारे।

Prize-agent—Agent appointed to receive for the captors the value of prizes condemned in the prize courts.

Prize-book, n. Miscolates new; A book given as a reward of merit to the pupil of a school.

Prise-court, priz'-kört, n. বুৰে বৃত আহাৰ সম্মান বিচারাকর; A court having jurisdiction of all prizes made on the high seas; a court for deciding on ships or slaves captured.

Prize-fighter, priźsit-er, n. বর বোৰা; A black guard who sights publicly for money; a professed boxer who sights publicly for a prize. n=prize-fighting.

Priso-man -পারিভোধিক বাডকারী; বে বাজি পারিভোধিক প্রাপ্ত হইবাছে; The winner of a prize. Prize master or office—বে কর্মচারীর ক্ষীনে শব্দ হইতে বলপ্র্বাক গৃহীত দ্রাহান রাখা হয়; One put in command of a captured vessel.

Prise medal-পারিভোবিকের পদক :

Prize-money, priz-muńi, n. বৃত্তিভ অব্যের বৃত্তা বাহা জলবোদ্ধানিগকে বন্টুন করিয়া দেওয়া হব; জবলম্ব বন; বিজয়লম্ব ধনেব আল; A division of proceeds from a captured vessel &c., paid to the captors; a dividend of the money or proceeds from any prizes taken from an enemy.

Prize-ring—আৰভা; আৰড়া; বে বেটিড স্থানে বৰস্থ হয়; The ring or enclosure for a prize fight usually spoken of, as the ring.

Pro, পূন. উপনৰ্গ বিশেষ:—ন. পেশাদার ব্যক্তি; A professional:—ad. অপুকৃলে; বগকে; For.

Pro and con—বগকে ও বিপকে।

Probability, prob-a-bife-te, n. সন্থাবনা; সংব্য বিষয়; Chance; likelihood; appearance of truth, something probable. Syn:—Verisimilitude, likeliness, credibleness, likelihood, presumption.

In all probability—নিংস্বের ; Most probably. Probable, probabl, a. [L. probabilis, from probare, to try, prove] সম্ভবনার ; সম্ভবনার ; বাহা হউতে পারে ; Likely ad = probably. Syn:—Credible, reasonable, presumable.

Probably, ad. সম্বত: ; ছবত ; Very likely.

Probate, probat, n. [L. probatum, proved]
বাৰ্ণীকৃত ইচ্ছাপত্ৰের নকল; আনালতে ইচ্ছাপত্ৰের
বাৰ্ণ, The official copy of a will, with the
certificate of its having been proved; the official
proof of a will.

Probation, pro-báshun, ন. পরীকা; Trial:—
প্রীকাকাল; শিক্ষানবিশির সমব; Time of trial;
novitate.

In probation-পরীকারলে . পরীকার্ব ।

Probational, pro-báshun-al, Probationary, pro-báshun-ar-i, a. প্ৰীকা স্ব্ৰীয়; Relating to probation or trial:—প্রীকৃত্নীয়; Serving for probation.

Probationer, pro-báshun-cr, ন. পিকানবিশ; পরীকারতে নিযুক্ত ব্যক্তি; One who is on probation or trial; apprentice, n≠probationship. Probative, proba-tiv, Probatory, probator-i, a. গরীভাগাৰত; Serving for proof or trial:
—-বাৰাৰ সম্বাধি; Relating to proof.

Probe, prob, n. [ L. probare, to try ] কডাৰি
গরীকাৰ্থ প্ৰচাৰ; মচা a; An instrument for examining a wound:—s. f. প্ৰচাৰ দিয়া গরীকা-ড়;
To examine with or as with a probe:—স্পূৰ্ণাহে
গরীকা-ড়; তা ভাই করিয়া পেবা; To examine
thoroughly. Syn:—(n) Search, explore, sound.
Probity, probe-te, n. [ L. probitas, from
brobus, good ] সভাৱা; সাধুতা; সৌজাই; Honesty,
uprightness. Syn:—Rectitude, goodness,
righteousness, trustworthness, sincerity, veracity, truthfulness, equity, fairness.

Problem, problem, n. [G. problema, from proballein, to throw or lay before] নীমানোৰ প্ৰায়; ক্ষিল বিষয়; A matter difficult of solution or settlement, question; subject:—সম্পাধা প্ৰতিক্ৰা; A geometrical proposition in which something is required to be done. Sym:—Enigma, puzzle; moot point.

Problematio, pro-lem-atik, Problematical, prob-lem-atik-al, a. আনিভিড; অনিপিয়াল্লক, নৰেছন্তুক, Questionable; doubtful. Syn:—Uncertain, unsettled, disputable, dubjous,

Proboscis, pro-bosis, n. [Gr. pro, in front, bosko, to feed ] হতীয় তে ; ওড়; A elephant's trunk : snout.

Procedure, pro-sed'ur, n. কাৰ্য-কাৰ্যা; Process; progress:—ব্যবহার; আচরণ; Conduct. Syn:—Practice, management, course; act, transaction, action, deed, step, proceeding.

Proceed, pio-sed, v. i [ L. pro, forward, and cedere, to move ] অসমত্ব, To advance — উৎপত্ন-ছ; To arise, to be produced:—চলা; ক্ষাপত করিতে থাকা. To go on:—নিৰ্ভত্: To issue.—বোকস্বা চালান; To prosecute. Syn:—Progress, issue, emanate.

To proceed against—বিকলে অভিবোপ-ক।
Proceeding, pro-seding, n. কাৰ্যা; উপাৰ,
Action; transaction; operation; step:—কাৰ্য্যব্যালী; Procedure; progress. Syn:—Advance,
movement; measure, step, process, conduct.

Proceeds, prosects, n. pl. আর; Income; money arising out of a comercial transaction; rent:—উৎপত্তি; কল; মূল্য; Produce. Syn:—Produce, products, yield, receipts, returns.

Process, profes, \*\*. জমিৰগতি, প্রশান : ক্রোরতি; Advance; gradual progress, course —কার্য-প্রক্রিয়া; Operation:—মৌক্রমার আয়ুপুরিক কায়-প্রবাদী; Proceedings in a lawsuit:—আহিন উন্ন-ভাগে; A proceeding of a bone. Syn:—Course, procedure, proceeding, action, performance, step, measure, transaction; suit, trial, case.

In process—wife; In the condition of advance or accomplishment, begun but not completed.

In process of time—single; 'sees signa';
Process-server, n. college; Baileff.

Summary process—শ্ৰাসৰি বিচার।

Procession, pro-seshun, n. वांदा ; शबन ; Proceeding ; issuing forth :-- वर्गात्म अवस्त शबन , লোকমেণী; সন্থানেত্ব ; A train of persons in a formal march. a-processional. Syn:—March, advance; train, retinue, file, march, cavalcade. Procession:—n. বর্ণনাতিত ; Consting in a procession:—n. বর্ণনাতিত বিশেষ ; A book relating to processions of the Roman Cathotic Church.

Proclaim, pro-kian, v. t. [L. pro, before, and clamere, to cry out] হোৱাৰ: ক্, ন্দ্ৰা-ছ; প্ৰচায়-ছ; To announce officially; to publish; to call or cry out:—প্ৰদৰ্শন-ক; বাবাৰ; To show. Syn:—Announce, publish, promulgate, declare.

Proclaim on the house top-assa-7; To proclaim or make known to every one.

Proclamation, prok-la-mashun, ল. বোৰণাতা ; আচার ; ঘটনা ; সরকারী বিজ্ঞাপন ; ইবেছার ; Official notice given to the public. Syn:—Announcment, publication, promulgation ; declaration, edict, ordinance, decree, ban.

Proclivity, pro-klive-te, n. ( L. proclivitas, from proclivis, sloping, inclined] অবৃত্তি; অবৃত্তা; বিজ্ঞা, বাহারিক ইজা; তংগাড়া; Tendency; inclination; aptitude; readiness. Syn:—Propensity, proneness, disposition, bias, bent.

Proconsul, pro-końsul, n. আদেশিক শাসনকর্তা; The governor of a province. a=proconsular.

Proconsular, a. শাসনকৰ্তা সক্ষীয় বা ভাষায় শাসনা-বান: Pertaining to, or under the government of, a proconsul.

Proconsulate, pro-koństi-iżt, Proconsulship, n. pro-koństi-ship, n. পাসৰক্ষাৰ পদ; শাসৰক্ষাৰ কাষ্যকাৰ; The office or term of office of a proconsul.

Proorastinate, pro-kraste-nat, v t. [ L. pro, forward, and crastinus, of to-morrow ] বিলয়-তৃ; কালকেণ-তৃ; দেৱী-তৃ, To postpone; to differ; to put off:—v. s. বিলয়-তৃ; To delay. n=procrastinator. Syn:—Adjourn, defer, delay.

Procrastination, pro-kras-ti-náshun, n. বিলম্ব ; চিৰকারিতা : দীর্থকেডা : Dilatoriness.

Precreate, pro'kre-at, v t. [ L. pro, forth, and creare, to create ] উৎপাদন-তৃ: অম্ব-তে; To generate; to propagate. Syn:—Beget, engender, breed, produce.

Procreation, pro-kre-áshun, #. উৎপাৰণ; ক্ষম-ক্ৰিয়া, Generation; production.

Procreative, prokre-z-tiv, a. উৎপাদনকৰ; উৎ-পাদনকারী; উৎপাদনশীল, জননকম; Generative; productive. n = procreativeness.

Procreative power - अनव-पंकि।

Procreator, prokre-z-tor, n. পিডা; ভাৰত; ক্ষ্যাভা, A father,

Procrustean, pro-kruste-an, a. ব্যাপুৰ্বৰ আৰু বিশেষের অন্ত্ৰমণকারী; Reducing by violence to strict conformity to a measure or model.

Progruates, pro-kurstes, m. ation along ver is A highway man of ancient Greece, who laid his victims on his bed, stretching them if too short and cutting them shorter if too long.

Prontor, proktor, n. কাথাপাক, A manager for another:—আথাপিক বিবরের বিচারালরের বোকার; An attorney in an admirality or spiritual

Proctorial, a. अपूर्वाइक ; Magisterial.

Procumbent, a. বরাণায়িত; তুপাতিত; তুপানা; Trailing. [ প্রাণা; That may be procured. Procurable, pre-kiir'-a-bl, a. প্রাণনীয়, সংগ্রহণীয়; Procuration, n. সংগ্রহ; Procurement:—মতের বিষয়-কার্য পরিচালন; The management of another's affairs.

Procurator, prokur-a-tor, n. রোমের শাসনকর্তা; A governor of a province under the Roman emperors:—অভিনিধি; কার্যাধ্যক, Agent; one who manages another's affairs.

Procure, pro-kur', v. t. [ L. pro, for, and curare, to take care ] প্রাপ্ত-হ; উপাজন-কৃ; সংগ্রহ
ş; বাটাৰ; To obtain; to gain; to acquire.

n=procuratorship. Syn:—Get, win, earn, achieve, provide, furnish; contrive, compass.

Procurement, pro-kur'ment, n. আব্দ্ধৰ; সংগ্ৰহ;
প্রাপ্তি; কার্য স্থিচাকৰ; The act of procuring;

bringing; management.

Procurer, pro-kūr'ėr, n. কোটনা, প্রাণক; সংঘটক;
রমণ্ড ; A pimp, a pander fem—procuress.

Prodigal, prod'e-gal, a. [L. prodigus, from prodigere, to squander away] অপনানী, অমিত-নানী; অপচনী; Wasteful; lavish:—অপনিমিত;

Profuse:—n. অপচনী ব্যক্তি; উত্তন্ততে, A spendthrift; waster. ad—prodigally. Syn:—Profuse, lavish, reckless, immoderate; excessive.

Prodigality, n. অপবাৰ; অনিতব্যরিতা; Waste; extravagance; profusion.

Prodigious, pro-dije-us, a. [L. prodigiosus, from prodigium, a prodigy] আভাগালন ; অতাকৃত: বিস্তাৰণ ; Astonishing ; marvelous:—প্ৰকাণ ;
আভ বৃহৎ; Enormous ; monstrous. m=prodigiousness (বিশালতা) ৷ ad=prodigiously (আভগানণে,
আকুজানে) ৷ Syn:—Protentous, amazing, wonderful, extraordinary, marvellous; huge, enormous.

Prodicy, prod'e-je, n. [ L. prodigium, from prodicere, to foretell ] উৎপাত ; Portent :— অত্ত বাগাৰ ; ভাৰৰ ; অত্যাকৰ্ম্ম ঘটনা ; Wonder ; miracle ; marvel :—বৈত্য ; ধানৰ ; Monster.

A prodigy of learning—অনাধানণ প্ৰিত।
Prodigies of valour—অনাধানণ বীরছ; Uncommon deeds of bravery,

Produce, pro-dus', e t. [L. pre, forward, forth, and ducere, to lead ] উপায়ত-ফু; হাজিন-ফু; To bring forth; bear:—আগন-ফু; দেওবা; To yield:—
নক্ষেন-ফু; উৎপাগন-ফু; To cause:—বৃদ্ধি-ফু, To extend; to draw out. n—producer (উৎপাগন)
Syn:—Exhibit, show, offer; beget, procreate, engender, breed; make, originate, effect, create; furnish, give, afford, impart, render; extend, prolong; protract, lengthen.

Produce, prod's, n. কা; উংগতি; লাভ; That which is produced; product:—বায়: Proceeds.
Syn:—Fruit, returns, issue, production, result, effect, consequence.

Producible, pro-duśi-bl. a. উৎপাৰনীয়; বৰ্মনীয়; That may be generated, extended, or made. u == producibleness.

Product, prod'ukt, n. উংগছ জয়; Produce:
কলা; Composition:—কায়; কর্ম; Work;
effect:—(অংছ) খাৰুল; In arithmetic, the
result of numbers multiplied together. Syn:—
Yield, proceeds, returns; result, effect, production, fruit, performance.

Production, pro-duk'shun, n. উৎপাদন; The act of producing:—প্ৰদৰ্শন; Exhibition:—কল; উৎপাদ্ধ বাং উৎপাদ্ধ; Produce; product; fruit:—কর্ম; কাষা; Work.

Productive, pro-duktiv, a. উৎপাদৰ্শৰ; অযু; উৎপাদৰ; জনৰ্শন; উৎপাদৰ্শীল, Generative:— উৰ্বাৱ; Fertile:—ক্লোৎপাদৰ; ক্লাগায়ৰ; Efficient. ad—productively. n=poductiveness. Syn:— Fruitful, generative, prolific.

Proem, pro'em, n. [ L. pro, before, and vimos, a way ] कृषिका ; गूनवज्ञ ; A preface ; a prelude. [ tion ; pollution. a = proemial.Profenation, n. অপবিত্র করণ; দুৰণ; Desecra-Profine, pro-15h, a. [ L. profanus, without the temple ] अश्रवितः; अश्रुष्ठ , अश्रवित्र , अश्रव-निन्त् ; Unholy; impious; impure; blasphemous:-लोकिक. Seculer:--- १. अभविता-कः; अभवावश्रत-; To abuse anything sacred; to pollute; to debase. n=profaner, profaneness ( অপৰিৱতা ) 1 ad = profanely ( অপ্ৰিক্তাৰে )। Syn :--(n) Unsanctified, unconsecrated, temporal, unhallowed impure, polluted; sacrilegious, irreligious, wicked, godless, blasphemous; common, unclean, polluted; heatherish, idolatrous.

Profane history—The history of nations in general, called also civil history.

Profenity, pro-sahe-te, n. বৰে অলভা, অগবিধ ভাষ: Irreverence:—ইম্ব-নিম্পা, Profane language; blasphemy. Syn:—Impiety, profaneness. Profess, pro-sel, v. t. [ L. pro, before, and fateri, to own] প্রকালে বাজ-কৃ, মুক্তকে বীকার-কৃ. To avow publicly; to make open declaration of; to own freely.—ভাগ-কৃ; To pretend: —ক্ষতা প্রকাশ-কৃ. To proclaim one's skill in. Syn:—Acknowledge; confess, own, affirm, allege, declare.

[ সে ব

Profess a religion—কোন ধর্মাবলধী বলিরা পরিচয়-Profess friendship—আত্মীয়তা জানান। To profess medicine—চিকিৎসা বাবসায়-ছ।

Professed, pro-fest, a. মুক্তৰে অসাকৃত; প্ৰকাশিত; প্ৰকাক : Openly declared; avowed; acknowledged. ad=professedly (প্ৰকাশভাবে)।

Profession, pro-feshun, n. ব্যন্ত প্রকাশ; প্রকাশে প্রকাশে কার ; পাই অভিবাজি , Open declaration; the act of professing:—ব্যবসায় ; কর্ম ; পোলা; Trade; calling:—ব্যবসায় সভাগায় ; ব্যবসায় কোল ; The collective body of persons engaged in profession:—বিখাল; Religious belief:—পর্যবাজ বিশেবে প্রবেশ ; Entrance into a religious order. a = professional. Syn:—Acknowledgment; employment, vocation, occupation, business.

By profession—speaks: By occupation, according to the occupation which one follows.

Learned Profession.—Law, divinity, medicine, to which may be added that of a teacher or school master.

Professional, a. ব্ৰনায়-সৰ্বীয়; ব্ৰনায়ী। গেৰায়ার; Pertaining a profession — লাই বীকৃত, Avowed — দ. জীবিকাজনাৰ্থ ব্ৰনায় বিশেষবিদ্ধী, One who, unlike an amateur, follows any profession as a regular occupation. ad=professionally.

Professor, pro-fedor, n আয়াপক; আনৰ্য্য, নাৰ্চাৰ্য্য, নাৰ্চাৰ্য্য, Public teacher of a science or art; one who publicly teaches any branch of learning emprofessorial, n = professoriup.

Proffer, prof'er, v. t [ L. proferre, to bring forth ] আত্মাৰ-কু, দিতে চাঙা , To propose, to offer for acceptance, to make an offer of — স থাৰ-অসম , প্রভাব . An offer made , a proposal. n=profferer. Syn—(z) Propound

Proficience, pro-fish-cns, Proficiency, profishe-en-se, স ভন্নত, বাংশান্ত, সংখাৰ, Improvement in anything .—পারদ্বিতা, Adeptness Syn —Advancement, progress, skill, dexterity mastery, accomplishment

Proficient, pro fishe ent, a. বাংগল, বিচৰণ, সংখ্যালাপত্ৰ, Well-qualified, competent — ম বিচৰণ বাজি, পাবদশী লোক, গুড়াণ, One who has made advancement in any thing, an adopt Sym —(a) Skilled, skilful, versed, conversant, qualified, expert, trained, accomplished

Profile, profil, n. [L. pro, and filum a thread, outline] একরোখা চায়, এক পাৰে প্রদৰ্শত চিত্র, বাহাকার, The outline of any object the side-face — চ. গাৰ্থ ইতিত নকা-কু, To draw the outline of, to draw profile

Profit and loss – লাভ লোকসান।

Profit by—লাভ-কৃ, To make improvement by, to gain advantage by, derive advantage from —Avail onesolf of —Grow wiser by Profitable, profit-a-bl, a পাভজনক, কংগাপারক, Gainful, lucrative —উপজারী, মস্পাক্র হিতকর; Useful, advantageous, beneficial n profitableness. ad=profitably. Syn—Remunerative, beneficial, productive, serviceable Profiting, n লাভ বা উপকার, Gain or advantage

—উন্নতি বা পানপ্তি); Progress or proficiency **Profitions**, profit-les, a লাভণ্ড , লাভণিন , লাভণিন , লাভণিন , Without profit, gain or advantage. al—profitlessly, m=profitlessness

Profitgacy, profilegases, Profitgateness, profilegateness, n offolio, asol, wolfarel. A profitgate or vicious course of life.

Profligate, profle-gat, a. [L. profligatus, ppr. of profligare, to strike to the ground] লগাই; ফুডবিন, আই; Dissolute, prodigal — আসাধু. নিলজ, Extremely vicious:—n, লগাই বৃদ্ধি,

ছণৰিত্ব বৃত্তি , One leading a profligate life, ad=profligately. Sym:—(a) Corrupt, deprayed, vicious, wicked.

Profound, pro-found', c. [L. pro, before, forward, and fundas, the bottom ] বাটাৰ; আগাৰ; আগাৰ; Very deep:—আতি গাটাৰ; আগাছ; Intellectually deep.—বিশৃচ; গুড় হবজ; Abstruse, mysterious; occult:—বিনাত, স্থাবিজ; গাহম, Lowly; intense:

м. সম্ম, বহাসাগাৰ; The sea; ocean. Sym:—(c)
Fathomless, lowly, humble; learned, penetrating, sugacious, strong, intense, vivid; obscure.
Profound sleep—গাছ বিস্থা;

Profound sorrow—গাচ পোৰ :

Profoundly, ad. गडीतकार ; गडीतडार ; Deeply ; with deep concern.

Profoundness, pro-fownd'nes, Profundity, pro-fund'it-i, দ গভাৰতা, Depth of place — প্ৰায়তা, বাঢ়তা, Intellectual depth:—নিশৃহতা, Abstruseness

Profuse, pro-fus', a. মুক্ত ; অমিডবালী ; বাৰখিল ; অমু লাব , Produgal ; liberal to excess ; very liberal — প্ৰচুম (opious abundant, ad=profusely (ভূব', অভূজারভাপ্রক) ; Syn —Lavish, wasteful extravagant, diffuse, excessive, exubirant, overabounding, plentiful.

Profuseness, pro-fusnes, Profusion, profu'rhun, ল প্রাচ্যা, Rich, great abundance —
বুক্তব্যা, অমিডব্যবিহা, অপচ্যিতা, Extravagance,
prodiganty Syn —Profuseness, waste, excess,
exulus ince, copposisness.

Progenitor, pro-pent-or, nfL pro, before, and genitor, a parent ] পূৰ্ব পূৰ্ব, আদি পূৰ্ব; A forcialist in ancestor.

Progeny, profen-t, n. i L pro, and gignere, to beget ] মন্ত্ৰ স্থাত , সন্তাৰ প্ৰস্থা, Descendants, children —বংগ, Race Syn:—Offspring, race, issue, breed, stock, lineage.

Prognosis, prog-nū'sis, n. [Gr pro, before, gigi osko, to know] লক্ষণ দেখিলা বোগের জাবী আবদ্ধা নিরূপণ করিবার বিদ্যা, প্রজ্ঞান: রোগের পতি বা প্রিণাম নক্ষে অপুনান, The act or art of fore telling the course of a disease from the particular symptoms.

Prognostic, prog-nostik, a. প্ৰাহতৰ; ভাবি গুডাণ্ড কল্মচন, Foreshowing — শৰ্ম, Omen —ভাবি লক্ষ্য; পূৰ্ব হচনা, An indication. Prognosticate, prog-no tik-বা, ত গ ভাবিভভাবত হচনা-ক, ভবিষাৰ বলা, ভাবী ঘটনার জ্ঞাপন-কু, To forciell, to forcixula Syn —Foretoken, in token, presage, predict.

Prognostication, prog-nos-ti-kāshun, ল পূৰ্ক-লখণ, পূৰ্বনিধ্বন A foretaken, provious sign. Prognosticator, prog-nosti-kā-tor, n. বভাৱত লক্ষ্বিং, লক্ষ্য ছার্বাব্যিয়ন্ত ব্যক্তি, A weather prophe?

Program, program, Programme, programme, s. [Gr pro, before, and graphs, to write] সাধারণ কোম কাকেবার নির্মন্ত কাকেবার নির্মন

Progress, progress, n. [ L. progressus, from

progradi, to go forward ] ক্ষাণ; উন্নতি; উন্নতি; Improvement: —থানা; March; passage:—
বৃদ্ধি; Increase; growth:—প্ৰোধনি ; প্ৰাম ;
প্ৰাম্মৰ; প্ৰমৃতি; Advance:—পান্ধনিতা; Proficiency:—চন্দ্ৰ; Course:—পান্ধনিতা; A circuit:—
হ. i. প্ৰস্থান্ত; চন্দ্ৰতে থাকা; চনা; প্ৰশ্নে গমন-তৃ;
To go forward; to proceed:—উন্নতি-তৃ; To advance; to improve. Syn:—Advancement, proficiency; journey, circuit.

Progression, pro-greshun, n. কাৰ বৃদ্ধি; Regular and gradual advance:—অবগতি; গতি; অকে গম্প ; The act of moving forward; progress; course:—সংখ্যাপিৰ বিভাগিত বৃদ্ধি বা হান; লেটা-ব্যবহাৰ; Regular increase or decrease of numbers or magnitudes. a=progressional.

Arithmetical progression—সমাধ্য ভেটা। Geometrical progression—সমস্থ ভেটা।

Progressive, pro-gresive, a. উন্নতিপুল; অৱগানী। ক্ৰমণ বৃদ্ধিক; Advancing gradually; improving. ad = progressively, progressiveness.

Prohibit, pro-hibit, v. t. [ L. pro, before, forth, and habere, to have ] নিষেক্, নিৰাৱৰ-তৃ; প্রতিবাধ-তৃ, To forbid; to hinder, to check; to prevent. Syn:—Inhibit, disallow, interdict; debar, preclude.

Prohibited, a. निविद्य: Forbidded.

Prohibition, pro-he-bishun, n. নিৰেশ; নিৰামণ;
প্ৰতিবেশ; The act of forbidding or interdicting;
an interdict. Sym:—Interdiction, inhibition,
disallowance, prevention. [ of goods.
Prohibitionist, n. Advocate for exclusion
Prohibitive, pro-hibitive, Prohibitory,
pro-hibit-or-i, a. নিৰামণ; নিৰেশণ; নিৰেশণামী;
প্ৰতিবাৰণ : Forbidding.

Project, pro-jekt, v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and jacere, to throw ] নিকেপ-কৃ; বাড়ান, To throw out:—ৰহনা-কৃ; উদ্বাবন-কৃ, মনন্তন-কৃ; To devise; to plan:—অহন-কৃ, প্রদান-কৃ; To draw; to exhibit:—v. i. বহিণ্ড-হৃ; উপাত-হৃ; লখ্যান-হৃ; To shoot forward, to jut; to be prominent:—n. করনা, মতন্তন; অভিনান; কৌনাল; A scheme; a plan; contrivance. Syn:—(v) Throw, hurl, dart, contrive, scheme, purpose, design, delineate, bulge, protrude. (n) Purpose, contrivance, device, design,

Projectile, pro-jektil, a. আছিও; Projecting or throwing forward . impelling forward . impelled forward :— a. আছিও বছ, A body projected by force; esp. through the air.

Projection, pro-jekshun, ম. প্রকেশন: Act of projecting:—ৰমনা: মতনা, A plan, a design:—fsatura; fsat A representation of any object or a plan:—চন্দান্ত আন ; A part jutting out. Syn:—Propulsion, hurling; prominence, protuberance, bulge, process; planning, designing, contriving; delineation, map.

Projector, pro-jektor, n. করনাকানী; Schemer.
Prolate, prolate, a. [L. pro, forth, and fero,
to bear ] ৰস্বাধিক; বিশ্বত; Produced; extended.
Prolegomenon, n. মূৰ্থক; উপক্ষাপিক]; An introduction to a treatise. pl = prolegomena.

Prolepsis, ম. পূর্ব ব্যেব ; Anticipation :-- অসমায়

ferrer; A rhetorical figure. a proleptic, proleptical; ad=proleptically.

Proletarism, pro-le-tări-an, a. সাধাত ; বীত ;
ইতর ; অগন ; Plebian ; vulgar. [ class of people.
Proletarist, a. নিয়ত্য শ্রেণ্ডার (লাক ; The lowest
Prolifie, prō-lifik, Prolifical, pro-lifik-al,
a. [ L. proles, offspring, and facere, to make ]
ফল্বাল ; ফল্লেডা; ফল্লেডা, ফল্লেডার ইন্সাফ্ডা ; Fruitful ; productive. n=prolificness (ইন্সাফ্ডা ; fruitfulness). Syn:—Fertile, generative, teeming.
Prolix, pro-liks, a. [ L. prolixus, extended ]
নীৰ্থ ; বহুলাপক ; হ্যবিজ্ঞা; Tedious, lengthy ; long.
n=prolixity, prolixness, ad=prolixity. Syn:—
Diffuse, prolonged ; tiresome, wearisome.

Prolocutor, pro-luku-tor, n. [ L. pro, before, and locutus, to speak ] সভাপতি; The chairman of a convention.

Prologue, prolog, n. [G. prologein, to say beforehand] প্রভাষনা; প্রভাষন; সৌরচলিকা; A preface; the introductory poem before a play. Syn:—Prelude, proem.

Prolong, pro-long, v. t. [ L. pro, before, and longus, long ] বিলম্ভ; প্ৰবৃদ্ধিত কু; To continue; to postpone. Syn:—Extend, protract.

Prolongate, pro-lon'gat, v. t. বৃদ্ধিত্ব ; পাৰ্থত্ব ; বাৰ্থ্য লাখিত্ব ; বাৰ্থ্য স্থানিত ক ; To lengthen. n=prolongation.

Promenade, prom-e-nad', n. [L. pro, for-wards, and mino, to drive] বিহাৰ-ছাল; কেড়াইবাল পথ; বিহাৰ-ছাল; বাছালাৰ্থ ৰূপণ; A walk for amusement, show or exercise; a place for walking:—v.i. বিহাৰ-ছ; বাছালাৰ্থ অন্ধ-ছ; To work for amusement or exercise.

Promethean, pro-me-the-an, a. জীৰনগতি-জনীবেলন্ বেৰ-স্ফোড, ভীৰনগাত্তী; Pertaining to Prometheus, fabled in ancient mythology to have stolen fire from heaven.

Prometheus—Is said to have formed men of clay, to whom he gave life by means of fire stolen from heaven; at which Jupiter being offended sent Mercurry to bind him on mount Cocsus, and placed a vulture to torment him by continually preing on his liver.

Prominence, prome-nens, n. উচ্চতা; শইতা; উন্দেশ্ব; কতিতা; State of standing out from. Syn:—Projection, bulge, jutting; process; conspicuousness, distinction, celebrity.

Prominent, prome-nent, a. [L. prominens, ppr. of prominers, to jut out ] সমূত্ৰত: উপাত: উপাত: উপাত: উপাত: উপাত: উপাত: অসিত: পাত: Eminent; distinguished. মঞ্চাত-minence, prominency, adæprominently (স্বিশেষ্ট্রেণ); স্প্রাকাশিকভাবে)! Syn:—Protuberant, jutting, remarkable, emiment, foremost, forward.

Promiscuous, prō-miśkū-us, a. [L. pro, and miscere, to mix] বিভিত: বিশ্বাল: এপোনেলো; Mingled; confused; indiscriminate. n=promis-

miscere, to mix ] দিভিত; বিশ্বল; এবোনেলো; Mingled; confused; indiscriminate. n=promiscuousness (বিশ্বিতা; ব্যবসা-মাহিতা)। ad = promiscuously (অভেচপূৰ্কক, ব্যক্তি-বিকিশেৰে)। Syn: —Mingled, huddled, disordered.

Promise, promis, n. [ L. pro, forward, forth, and mittere, to send ] আলীবার; বাবার. এতিয়া; An engagement to do or to refrain from doing

something; a pledge:—আণা; আবানবাৰ);
আণাহন; Expectation; that which affords expectation; prospect:—v. t. আলাবাৰ-ড়; বীকাৰ-ড়; To make an engagement to do or not to do something:—আণা-দে; দিজে প্রতিফাত-ড়; To afford reason to expect; to furnish hopes; to assure; to engage; to bestow. n=promiser, promisor. Syn:—(n) Pledge, engagement, assurance, word. (v) Assure, engage, pledge, covenant.

A youth of promise—A promising youth; a youth from whom much is expected.

Promise one's self - প্ৰতিজ্ঞান্ত; বিব-তৃ; সম্পূৰ্ণ বিধান-তৃ; To be assured; to have strong confidence.

The plan promises to be successful— বোৰ হইডেছে বে কল্পনাটা সকল হইবে।

The promised land—যে স্থানে ঈশর এরাহিমের বংলোপ্রতির আলা দিরাছিলেন।

To fulfil a promise—অরীকার প্-ির । [promise-Promise-breach, n. অরীকার তন্ত্ব; Violation of Promise-crowned, a. Filled with promise.

Promising, a. जानावन, Afterding ground for hope or expectation.

Promissory, promis-or-i, a. অসীকারপূর্ণ; অসী-কার বা করার সম্বলিচ; প্রতিশ্রুতি বিশিষ্ট; Containing a promise or something to be done.

Promissory note—কোনও নিদিপ্ত সময়ে কোনও নিদিপ্ত টাকা দিবার অলীকার পজ; পং বিশেষ, A written promise to pay a certain sum at a certain time specified in consideration of value received by the promissor.

Promontory, promon-tor-i, n. [ L. pro, forward, and mons, montis, a mountain ] অন্তরীপ: A head-land or high cape.

Promote, pro-mot, v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and movere, to move ] উন্নত কৃ, বৰ্ধন-কৃ, উত্তেজিত-কৃ, উন্নত-কৃ; To advance; to further; to excite; to encourage; to exalt in position; to elevate. a=promotive. Syn:—Forward, further, aid; elevate, exalt, raise, prefer.

Promoter, n. উৎসাহী . সহাৰতাকারক . উৎসাহদাতা ; উদোগী . প্রবর্ত্তক ; One who promotes ; encourager.

Promotion, pro-mo'shun, n. উল্লয়ন; উল্লভি, বৰ্ধন, পদোল্লভি, অভ্যাদয়; Advancement; encouragement; preferment. Syn:—Furtherance; exaltation, elevation.

Prompt, promt, a. সহর; প্রস্তুত, ওৎপর; উদাত্ত; ক্রিঅনারী; Ready.—স্থানন্দরনক, প্রস্তুর, Acting with alacrity, cheerful. n=promptness (ক্রিঅনারিডা)। ad=promptly (তৎকণ্ডা; ষটিডা)। Syn:—Expeditious, apt, agile, alert, brisk, hasty, early, timely, punctual.

Prompt-book, s. The book used by the person who assists or prompts the player.
Prompter, n. বে বাজি কথা অৱৰ্থ কৰাইছা-বে; উন্ধ্যনাধক; উথোৰজ; স্থায়ক; One who prompts.
Prompting, a. ইনিজ; (বিশ্বতি কথা) বৰিছা
ব্যেৱা; The act of suggesting; that which is prompted or suggested.

Promptitude, promte-tud, n. উৎসভা; কিল্লকারিডা; তৎপরতা; কিল্লেডা; সংবতা; উদ্যোগ; Readiness; quickness of decision and action. Syn:
—Promptness, alacrity, activity, briskness.

Promulgate, pro-mulgat, e. t. আচার-কু: প্রকাশ-কু: থোবণা-কু: To publish; to proclaim. n—promulgator (প্রকাশক; প্রচারক) ৷ Syn:—Announce, declare, proclaim, spread, disseminate.

Promulgation, pro-mulgashun, n. মচার; বোবণা; প্রত্যাধান; Publication; open declaration Prone, pron, a. প্রবণ; উৎস্ক ; হেনিড; প্রবৃত্ত; Inclined; disposed:—আনড; নচ; Bending forward, bent; not erect:—আবোমুঝ; Lying with the face downward. n=proneness (প্রবৃত্তা, প্রবৃত্তা)। ad=pronely. Syn:—Tending, apt; sloping, inclining; prostrate, flat, recumbent. Be prone to—( ভাল নহে প্রম্নত্ত্ব) (কান দিকে কোক্ষ্যাধা; Be disposed to (something not good or desirable).

Prong, prong, n. তীন্ধার অয়; কাটা, A sharp pointed instrument; the spike of a fork.

Pronominal, pro-nominal, a. সকাৰাৰ সৰ্ভান্ন;
সকাৰাৰ বটিড; Belonging to or of the nature of a pronoun. [instead of a noun.
Pronoun, pronoun, n. সকাৰাৰ, A word used

Pronoun, pro'nown, n. নৰ্কনাৰ, A word used Pronounce, pro-nounce, v.t. উচ্চাৱণ-ক; To speak distinctly. to utter:—ব্যক্ত-ক; বস্ত্তা-ক; Deliver:—এচাৱ-ক, বনা; To declare. n=pro-nounce. a=pronounced (পাই; অসনিক)। Syn:—Articulate, speak, enunciate, express.

Pronounce sentence of death--প্রাণ্যক্তর আজা-বে :

Pronounceable, pro-nown'a-bl, a. উচ্চাৰণ বোগ্য, উচ্চাৰণ সাধ্য, Capable of being pronounced.

Pronouncing, pro-nownsing, a. উচ্চারণ-শিক্ষা দারক; উচ্চারণ-প্রদর্শক; Giving pronunciation.

Pronunciation, pro-nun-si-áshun, n. উচ্চারণ, উচ্চারণ প্রণালী; পাঠ-প্রণালী; Utterance; act or mode of pronuncing.

Proof, proof, n. [F. preuve, from epreuver, to try] প্ৰমাণ; Evidence:—পৰীকা; Trial, test:
—স্চুচা; Firmness:—সপ্ৰমাণ কৰণ, Experiment:
—হাগাৰ ভূল সংশোধন কৰিবাৰ জন্ম মুক্তিত গৱা; পৰীকা গৱা; Proof-sheet:—a. বাধা বিতে সক্ষয় প্ৰতিযোগক; Firm in resisting. Syn:—(n) Experiment, assay, ordeal; demonstration, attestation, testimony, evidence.

Fire-proof--- avia

He is proof against temptation—কৰোৰৰ ভাষাৰ চিত্তবিকাৰ উৎপাদন কৰিতে পাৰে ৰা :

In proof of—আগা বন্ধপ; As an evidence of.
Proof against, Proof to—উপহাস বিষয়াননিকে
বানি , Able to resist the power :— মুর্কেনা; Imperyious to,

Put to the proof-villed visit (vil; Test, try; prove the truth or genuineness of something by trial.

The burden of proof—কোন বিবন প্রমাণ করিবার কার: The obligation of proving a statement. This chest is proof against fire—আহলে এই সিশুকের বিষ্ণু করিতে পারে না, ইহা আরি-সিস্ক।

Water-proof-बनारहमा ।

Proof-house, n. House for trying guns or gunpowder. [evidence. Proofless, a. অধ্যানিক; Wanting sufficient Proof-sheet—শ্যাকা পত্ৰ; আৰ্থ বয়প ব্য-মৃত্যিত

Proof-sheet—পরান্ধা পত্র; আগন ধরণ ধর-মৃত্তিত কারন ; First impression for correction. Proof-spirit, n. পরীক্তি সুরা ; Half alcohol and

half water. (proving a doctrine.

Proof-text, n. A passage of scripture for

Prop, prop. v. f. টেকালা-কে; অবল্যৰ বাবা বাড়া
নাবা; বনিবা নাবা; To support; to sustain:—ক্ষাফু; To save from ruin:—n. বোটা; বৃটি; আবা;
অবল্যৰ ; A support; a stay; pole. Syn:—(v)

Stay, uphold, maintain, shore up. (n) Stay,
buttress, shore, strut, staff, pillar.

Propagands, n. বোম লগবের প্রতির বালক-সমাজ বিশেষ; কোন বিশেষ মত প্রচারের ব্যবহা, Institution for spreading Roman Catholicism; the revolutionary cabal.

Propagandism, prop-a-gandism, \*. মত আচার; কোন বিশেষ মতের প্রচার, The art or practice of propagating tenets or principle.

Propagandist, prop-a-gand'ist, n. 4505144;
One who devotes himself to propagandism.

Propagate, prop'a-gat, v. i. আন্-তৃ; উৎপাদন-তৃ,
উৎপান-তৃ; To produce:—বিভার-তৃ; আসায়িত-তৃ;
বিভারিত-তৃ; To spread; to extend; to diffuse:
— . i. উৎপান-তৃ; To be produced or multiplied:
— আন্-তৃ: To have young. m=propagator (উৎলামত; বংশবর্জত)। Syn:—Breed, generate, multiply, continue, increase; disseminate, promote.
Propagation, prop-a-gáshun, n. জনন; উৎপত্তি;
উৎপাদন; Reproduction:—বাচার; বিভার; আসারশ;
Extension; dissemination. Syn:—Production,
generation, breeding, multiplication, increase,
continuance; enlargement, diffusion.

Propel, pro-pel, v. t. [ L. pro forward, and pello, to drive] আন টেলিয়া-দে; চালিড-কু, আবাবিত-কু; অফিপ্ত-কু; To urge forward.

Propeller, pro-pel-er, n. আয়ের ভরীর চাকা; চাক্-চক্ ; পরিচাকক ; বাশীর ছাহাজ বাহার আবর্ত্তরে চালিত হয় : A screw for propelling a steam-boat. Propense, a. অবন ; অবৃদ্ধ ; Inclined ; disposed. ad=propensely.

Propensity, pro-pense-te, n. [L. pro, and pendere, to hang] বৃত্তি; প্ৰবৃত্তি; প্ৰবৃত্তি; বাতাৰিক প্ৰবৃত্তি; Inclination; disposition; natural tendency. Syn:—Bias, proclivity, proneness.

Lower propensities—निकृष्ट अवृत्ति नकत ।

Proper, prop'er, a. উপযুক্ত; উচিত; কৈ; সক্ত; Right; becoming:—বকীয়; নিজের; আগনার, One's own:—বিশেব; Peculiar:—বাভাবিক; Natural. adsuproperly (সম্পূর্ণে; টকরণে; fitly). \*\*\*—properness. Syn:—Fit, befitting, suitable, meet, seemly, decent, appropriate, legitimate.

just ; individual, particular, peculiar, special. A proper noun—sifes six :

Property, prop'er-te, n. বিষয়; সপান্ধি; An estate .—বিশেষ ধর্ম; A peculiar or essential quality:—বৰ্ম; Quality:—বৰ্ম; বামিছ: Ownership:—pl. অভিনেতাদিশ্যে আবিজ্ঞ ব্যবাধিত; Articles required by actors in a play. Sym:—Attribute; goods, possessions, riches, wealth.

Personal property—অভাবর সন্পত্তি।

Real property—चारव मण्डि।

Property man, n. One who has charge of play-house trappings. [estates and goods. Property tax, n. সপান্তির উপর কর; Tax on Propheos, professe, n. [G. propheteia, from prophems, to foretell] ভবিষয়েশ্য; A prediction:
িশিকা; Instruction. Syn:—A foretelling, prognostication, vaticination, divination.

Prophesy, profe-si, v. f. ভবিষাৎ বলা ; ভাবী বিষয় বলা ; To foretell ; to predict :—v. i. ভবিষাৎ বাক্য কহা ; To utter predictions :—বর্ষোপদেশ-দে ; ধর্ম-প্রচার-ভূ ; To preach.

Prophet, profet, n. stays : stays : one who prophesises : a foreteller. fem=prophetess.

Prophetic, pro-fetik, Prophetical, pro-fetikal, a. stays, | Foreseeing or foretelling events.

ad=prophetically. | valive.

Prophylactic, a. Matra ; Preventive; preser-Propinquity, pro-ping'kwe-te, n. [ L. propinquus, near, neighbouring ] (146); saffer ; Nearness; proximity; kindred. Syn:—Neighbourhood, proximity, vicinity; kindred, affinity. [ may be propitiated.

Propitiable, pro-pishi-a-bl, a. প্ৰনাশ; That Propitiate, pro-pishe-at, v. t. [ L. propitius, favourable] প্ৰস্ক-ক; To appease; to render favourable:—v i. প্ৰাকৃতিত্ব-ক; To atone; to make propitiation. n=propitiator. Syn:—Conciliate, reconcile.

Propitiation, pro-pish-i-Ashun, ন. ভূটা করণ; প্ৰশিক্ষ ; Act of propitiating ; reconciliation :— প্ৰাৰ্থিক ; Atonement.

Propitiatory, pro-pishi-a-tor-i, a. প্ৰসংকারী; প্রাথমিককারী; Having power to propitiate; expiatory:—n. ইহণীদিপের অনুবহাসন; The Jewish mercy-seat.

Propitious, pro-pishe-us, a. অসুকুল; আনত্ত ; আনত ; আনত ; Favourable, kind. n=propitiousness. ad=propitiously. Syn:—Benign, benevolent, friendly; auspicious, lucky, fortunate.

Proponent, pro-po nent, a. ( L. pro, forward, and pono, to place ] প্রভাবনারী; Proposing:—n. প্রবাবনারী; One who makes a proposal.

Proportion, pro-pūr'shun, n. [L. pro, in comporison, with, and portio, part, share] আৰু নোৱৰ; Symmetrical arrangement:—স্বাদ বা কি আৰু, Equal or just share:—স্বাদ, Relation, adaptation:—In math. the equality or similarity of ratios:—v. t. বিভাগ-ক; আৰ-ক; To adjust, to form symmetrically.

In proportion to—কোৰ কিছুৱ সহিত স্থান পরি-মাণে; বে পরিমাণে দেই পরিমাণে; Equal in amount or degree to. In proportion—cq affaira; According as; to the degree that.

Out of proportion to— क्षत्रकड शतिकाद करिक; Immensely great considering.

Proportionable, pro-por'shun-a-bl, a. স্বাস্থ-পাভৰ-সাধ্য; That may be proportioned. adproportionably.

Proportional, pro-por'shun-al, a. নৌচৰ সভাহ ; সহাস্থাতিক ; Relating to proportion :—আস্থাতিক বাপি ; In math. having the same or constant ratio. ad-proportionally. n=proportionality.

Proportionate, c. নামজ্ঞ-সন্পন্ন; নমাসুপাতিক; Proportional. cd-proportionately.

Proposal, pro-potal, n. etata; Anything proposed; offer. Syn:—Proposition, tender, overture.

Propose, prő-pöź. v. t. [ L. preponere, propositum, to put forth } evel - F; To offer for consideration :---ए. i. अभाष-कृ ; To make a proposal : —বিবাহ করিতে প্রভাব-কু; To offer one's self in marriage. Syn:-Propound, move, proffer, tender; purpose, intend, design. [ or purpose. To propose to oneself—মতলৰ-কু: To intend Proposition, prop-o-zishun, n. asia; Proposal, offer :- erfewi; Sentence in which something is affirmed :--প্রতিজ্ঞা; In rhetoric anything stated as a subject :- a. In mathematics, a statement in terms either of a truth to be demonstrated or of an operation to be performed. s=propositional. Syn:-Suggestion, overture, tender; position, thesis, statement. declaration.

Propositional, a. প্ৰভাব বা প্ৰতিজ্ঞাস্থ্যীয় ; প্ৰতিজ্ঞা-ৰন্ধ ; Considered as a proposition.

Propound, pro-pownd', v. t. [ L. pro, forth, and pono, to place ] প্রধান-কু; প্রদান-কু; প্রদান-কু; বিদ্যালয় কি propose or offer for consideration; to exhibit. == propounder.

Proprietor, pro-pri'etor, n. নহাদিকাৰী; অধিকারী, বানী; An owner. n=proprietorship. (অধিকার সহ)। feg = proprietress.

Proprietory, pro-prie-tor-i, a. অধিকার সম্বান্ত ; Belonging to an owner :--- স্থানী ; অধিকার ; An owner.

Proprietory right—ৰধিকারসভ ; ভূস্থিকার। Proprietoess, n. অধিকারিকী ; বামিনী ; Fem. of proprietor.

Propriety, prö-pri'ete, ন. উণ্যুক্তা; উচিডা; Fitness:—ৰবিশান ; সম্পত্তি ; Peculiar right or possession, property. Syn:—Correctness, accuracy, appropriateness, justness, reasonableness, decorum.

Propulsion, n. পরিচান্স , The act of propelling. Propulsive, a. পরিচান্ত্র ; Tending or having power to propel.

Prorogation, n. নাকেণ; Adjournment of parliament; postponement:—ন্যাকেণ্য; The act of proroguing.

Prorogue, pro-rōg', v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and rogo, to ask ] খাদেশ-ড়; খাদিধ-ড়; চণিড রাখা; To adjourn for some time, to prolong; to posipone,

Pros and cons—বাহুক্স এবং অভিন্য যুক্ত ; Arguments for or against :—বাভাগাত ; Advantages and disadvantages.

Prosaic, pro-za'ik, Prosaical, pro-zaik-al, a.
বয় সম্বান ; বয়বং ; Pertaining to prose ; like
prose :—নীৰদ ; Dull. ad=prosaically.

Proscenium, n. অভিনয়ন্দের সমুখভান; The front part of the stage.

Prosoribe, pro-skrib, s. t. [ L. pro, before, and scribere, to write ] বুড়াখ-(খ; To condomn to death:—ব্যুড়-ড়; নিবালিড-ড়; To banish:—নিবেশ-ড়; To reject; interdict; denounce:—বোবারোগ-ড়; To denounce. n=proscriber. Syn:
—Denounce, outlaw; exclude, prohibit; condemn, denounce.

Proscription, pro-skrip'shun, n. বাণ্যক কৰা; বিকাশন; The act of dooming to death; outlawry:—সম্পূৰ্ণ প্ৰিভাগে; Utter rejection. Syn: —Banishment; condemnation; denunciation; interdiction, exclusion, prohibition.

Proscriptive, pro-skrip'tiv, c. নির্মাণৰ বা পরিজ্ঞাণ ঘটিত অথবা ভংসম্বিত ; Pertaining to or consisting in, proscription ; prescribing.

Prosaist, ». গল-লেপক ; A writer of prose.

Prose, proz, n. [ L. pro, forward, verto, versum; to turn ] नग; All words not in verse: a. नगनत; नवन; नीतन; Not poetical; plain; dull:—p. t. नग (नग, नग तकन)-कृ: To write prose:—— बमन चार कथा कहा वा (नग गहाउड लोक वित्रक हत; वित्रक कत्रकारण (नग) वा बना; To speak or write tediously.

Prosecute, prośd-kūt, v. t. [L. pro, forward, and sequi, to follow ] অনুসরণ-কৃ. To follow up; continue:—অভিযোগ-কৃ. To pursue by law:—
v. i. অভিযোগ-কৃ; বোকন্দা চালাল; To carry on a legal prosecution. Syn.—Continue, pursue, persist in, arraign.

Prosecution, pros-e-kü'shun, ল. অসুসর্ব;
অনুচান, Pursuit:—অভিবোগ, মোক্সমা; A civil or criminal suit.

Prosecutor, prośe-kūt-or, n. অভিযোজা; অসু-সম্পানার; One who carries on a criminal suit. fem=prosecutrix. [মতাবনলা; Convert. Proselyte, prośe-lit, n. ব্যস্তাগী; অভ বর্ষ Proselytise, prośe-lit-iź, v. t. অভ ধর্মবিবাই-ড়; To make proselytes; to convert. n=proselytism.

Proselytism, prose-lit-izm, a. ভিন্ন বৰ্ষ বা মতাবন্দী করণ; The act of making converts.

Prosodial, Prosodical, a. ছম্পায় সম্ভীয়; ছম্পায়াস্বামী; Pertaining to prosody. adprosodically.

Prosodian, pros-ö'dian, Prosodiat, prośodiet, n. ছলণাৱাভিক্ক; ছলনাবন গতিত; One skilled in prosody.

Prosody, proso-di, n. [Gr. pros, to, and ode, a song ] ছলবাৰৰ ; ছলাৰাছ ; Laws of accent, quantity, rhythm &c. as = prosodial, prosodical.

Prosopoposia, pros-o-po-pe'ya, ম. অভেচন পদাৰ্থে চেডন ধৰাবোপ ; সমানোভি অসমায় , Personification. Prospect, prospekt, n. [ L. prospectus, from prospicers, to look forward ] क्य ; A view ; a scene :— क्षेट्रत्राध्य कारण ; A field of view :— आणा ; Anticipation ; expectation :— v. t. व्यवपन् ; To search for. Syn:—(n) Survey ; show, display, vision, perspective, landscape, scene ; presumption, promise, hope.

Prospecting, n. বৰ্ণাদি আকরের অবেবং স্থান বিশেবে অবেবং; The act of searching a district for gold or silver mines.

Prospection, n. ভাৰী অভাবের জন্ত সংখ্যান কয়ণ; The act of looking forward for future wants.

Prospective, pro-spektiv, a. ভবিষাং সম্বীয়; Relative to the future:—প্রগর্ক, গুরুলনী; Acting with foresight, circumspect. ad = prospectively. Prospectus, pro-spektus, n. অষ্টান প্র; A programme of arrangements.

Prosper, prosper, v. t. হ্যা-ড়; To make fortunate or happy:—v. i. সকল-ছ, কৃতকাৰ্য-ছ, সমূদ্ধিশালী-ছ; শ্বীবৃদ্ধি-ছ, To succeed; to be successful; to thrive; to flourish.

Prosperity, pros-per'i-ti, n. অভূদেশ; সমৃতি, সাকলা, সৌভাগা, Success; good fortune: -- ভীনতি; Advancement.

Mad with prosperity—ঐবর্ণানত।

Prosperous, prosper-us, a. [L. prosperus, answering to hope] অৰুক্ল; Favourable:—
নয়জনা ন , প্ৰায়ুক্ত; Flourishing:—নকল; Successful. Syn:—Thriving, fortunate, lucky, favourable, auspicious, propitious.

Prostitute, prostitut, n. (L. pro, before, statuo, to place ] বেখা; মৰ্থ লোভে ছ্ছাৰ্য্যন্ত লোভ ; Strumpet ; courtesan ; a base hireling :—v. t. বেখা বৃত্তিতে কোন শ্বীলোককে অপৰ কৰা ; আৰ্থ লোভে ছুশ্চিত্ৰ-কু ; To sell or let out for hire wrongfully or upon vile terms ; to sell to leudness :—a. বেখা বৃত্তিতে হত ; অকান্তে ব্যভিচান্ত্ৰি ; Openly devoted to leudness.

Prostitution, pros-ti-tū'shun, ন. বেখাবৃত্তি; Common leudness of a female:—বেখাঞ্চীবন; The life of a leud woman:—নীচবৃত্তিতা; অপব্যবহার, The being devoted to infamous purposes.

Prostitutor, n. যে আপনাকে বা অপরকে নীচকার্য্য নিয়েজিত করে; One who prostitutes either himself or another.

Prostrate, prottrat, a. [L. pro, before, and sternere, to throw down] ভূমিতে পতিত; পরান, ভক্তিতার প্রশত; Lying at length; lying at mercy:—v.t. ভূমিনাং-ক; শায়িত-ক; To throw forward on the ground; to lay flat:—ফ্রেন-ক; বিশত-ক; বান-ক; বিনাপ-ক; বিশত-ক; বান-ক; বিলাপ-ক; বিলাপ-ক; বিলাপ-ক; বিলাপ-ক; বিভাগিন, destroy. Syn:—Overturn, level, demolish, ruin.

Prostration, pros-tráshun, n. ভ্ৰিমাৎ করণ; লায়িত করণ; Act of throwing down or laying flat:—সম্পূৰ্ণ কিছুল; সম্পূৰ্ণ বলহীনতা; Complete loss of strength:—উদ্যানত ; নিরালা; Dejection:—সাইকি প্রণান; ভক্তিবে প্রণতি; Act of falling down in adoration. Syn:—Overthrow, destruction, demolition, depression, exhaustion.

Prosy, proži, a. নীরস; বিরক্তিবর; Dull and tedious in discourse or writing:—গড়াবং; Like prose. neprosiness.

Protean, prote-an, a. বহুৰণী; Assuming different shapes like Proteus, the sca-god, fabled to have the power of assuming variety of forms.

Protect, pro-tek!, v. t. [L. pro, and tegers, to cover] ৰজা-ড়; আজিড-ড়; To defend; to shelter; to shield. Syn:—Guard, preserve, save, secure.

Protection, pro-tekshun, n. রকা; রকা; পালার; Preservation; refuge; defence:—বকাকারী; That which protects:—ছাড় চিট্ট; Pass port. Syn:—Guard, shelter, refuge, security, safety. Protectionist, pro-tekshun-ist, n. বিধিব্যকার ধারা বাণিকা রকাব পৃষ্ঠপোষক; One who favours the protection of trade by law.

Protective, pro-tektiv, n. বকাকারী; আত্রবাতী; Affording protection; sheltering.

Protector, pro-tektor, n. বক্ক; অভিভাবক; One who protects from injury or oppression; a guardian:—বাৰপ্ৰতিনিধি; A regent. fem=pro-tectress, protectrix. n=protectorship.

Lord protector, n. A title applied to Oliver Cromwell during the period of his government of Great Britain and Ireland.

Protectoral, protektor-al, Protectorial, pro-tek-turial, a ব্ৰহ্ম বা বাচপ্ৰতিনিধি সম্বাধীয় ;
Pertaining to a protector or regent.

Protectorate, pro-tektor-রা, n. বালপ্রতিনিধি শাসন; উপরিজন ব্যক্তির প্রভূত; The government by a protector.

Protege, pro-ta-zhá, n. [Fr. proteger, to protect] ছাত্ৰ; আজিত ব্যক্তি; প্রণাগত ব্যক্তি; নাবালক; A pupil; a ward. fem = protegec.
Protein, n. অৱসার; অৱস্ক; Albumen.

Protest, piū-test, v. i. [ L. pro, before, and testari, to te-tify] সাই প্রকাশ-কু; প্রতিবাদ-কু; স্বৰ্কা-মুমকে বলা, To declare openly; remonstrate:—v. f. প্রতিবাদ-কু; দাকী ইইডে আহান-কু; To make a solemn declaration:—To note, as a Bill of Exchange from nonacceptance or non-payment:—n. সাই প্রতিবাদ, নিধিত অন্পর্যতি; A solemn declaration:—The attestation by a notory public of an unpaid or unaccepted bill. n=protester. Syn:—(v) Affirm, asseverate, assert, aver, attest, testify, declare, profess.

Enter one's protest against—অতি গড়ীরভাবে আপত্তি-ছ়; মূবে বা লিখিয়া অসমতি প্রকাশ-ছ়; Solemnly object to.

Protest against—প্ৰকাশকণে (অধিকাংশ ছবে বিধিয়া) আপত্তিক; Object to something in a public or formed manner, generally in writing. Under protest—অসমতি প্ৰকাশ প্ৰকাশ, Making a declaration denying the justice of some cause or demand.

Protestant, protest-tant, n. রোম্যান কাখনিক-ক্লিকের বিক্রবাদী ব্টান; One who protests against the Church of Rome:—a. প্রতিবাদকারী; বিক্রব-বাদী; Pertaining to the faith of those who protest against the Church of Rome.

Prostestantism, profes-tant-izm, ন. রোবীর ধর্মের বিরোধী ধর্মমত ; The Protestant religion. Protestation, prot-es-táshun, ন. প্রতিষ্ঠিত, প্রতিষ্ঠিত প্রকাশ ; A solemn protest ; remonstrating :-- शक ममर्थन विरम् क कवडाव्या : A declaration in pleading.

Protocol, proto-kol, n. [ Gr. protos, first, and kolla, glue ] आपि लाया , मनिराज यम् ; मुमायिन ; The first copy of a document.

Protomartyr, n. यह वित्यवह नमर्थनार्थ धावन ( The first who suffers in any cause.

Protophyte, n. বৰ্জনিয়খেণীর উদ্ভিদ্; The lowest

order of plants.

Protoplasm, n. सीरानइ चडीय छिखि ; क्षेत्रनिक : A coating of matter deposited on the inside of the cells of the cellular tissue, from which the cell nuclei are formed.

Prototype, pro'to-tip, s. আদর্গ; আসল, মুল; नमुनां ; An examplar ; a pattern.

Protozoan, n. नर्स निम्नां की तम्यूर्व अपन्य ; One of the lowest order of animals.

Protosoio, a. জীব্যুণ সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to the protozoans.

Protract, pro-trakt, v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and trahere, to draw ] [479-3; To prolong, delay. n=protraction. Syn :- Continue, extend. Protracted struggle-मीर्यशायी विवान ।

Protractor, n. नीर्यकान श्राप्तिकशन ; विनम ; वारक-914; The act of prolonging; the delaying of the termination of a thing.

Protractive, pro-traktly, a. বিশ্বকারী, ব্যাক্ত-পক; Delaying; prolonging.

Protraction, n. কোণ-পৰিমাপক বছৰিপেৰ; A mathematical instrument for laying down angles :--বিশ্বকারক , ব্যাকেপ্ক ; One who protracts.

Protrude, pro-trood', v. t. [ L. pro, forth, and trudere, to thrust ] বাহির-কৃ, বহিনত-কৃ; To thrust forwards; to drive along, to put out :v. i. ৰহিৰ্গত-হ; বাহির-হ; To be thrust forward. n-protrusion ( বহিৰ্গমন ; নিৰ্গম )। Syn:-Shoot, project, bulge. f being protruded.

Protrusion, n. বহিৰ্গমন ; নিৰ্গম ; The state of Protrusivo, a. বহিগামী; সমুখনিকে বিভাভক বা পরিচালক ; Thrusting or impelling forward.

Protuberance, pro-tuber-ans, n. উলাতাংশ; ৰাৰ; গও; A prominence; a tumour. Svn:-Projection, knob, lump, swelling, excrescence.

Protuberant, pro-tuber-ant, a. কীত, উলাত Swelling; prominent. ud=protuberantly.

Protuberate, pro-tuber-at, v. i. [ L pro, forward, and tuber, a swelling ] স্বীত-হ; উপাত-₹, To swell or bulge out.

Proud, proud, a. जश्हुक; जश्काती; शक्षिक. Haughty; arrogant :-- সাহসিক; Daring :-মহৎ; সমারোহবিশিষ্ট; বাফাডম্বরপ্রিয়; আডম্বরশালী, Grand; ostentatious. ad=proudly ( গৰিতভাবে; जर्बातपूर्वक )। Syn:-Conceited, vain, supercilious, elated, boastful, arrogant, imperious, presumptuous; lofty, splendid, magnificent.

Be proud of, Pride oneself on—(कान किहुएड গৰিত-হ ; Feel or manifest pride in.

Proud-flesh, prowd'-flesh, n. আছিন; কডে কাংসবৃদ্ধি, A growth or excrescence of flesh in a wound.

Proudish, a. কিছু গৰিত ; Somewhat proud.

Provable, proova-bl, a. প্রমাণবোগা; প্রাথাণাঃ প্রমেয়; প্রক্রিপাণা; That may be proved. ad= provably, n=provableness.

Prove, prody, v. t. [ L. probare, to try, prove ] পরীকা-ভ ; To test :—প্রমাণ-ভ ; To try by experi-ment ; to verify :—প্রতিপাদন-ভ ; To establish : —স্মু-কু; ভোপ-কু; To suffer; experience:—৩. f. পরীক্ষা-क ; To make trial :-- धर्मानिज-इ ; इंडब्रा ; To turn out; to become: -পরে অদর্শিত-হ; পরে অকাশিত-ই; To be shewn afterwards. n=prover. Syn: - Examine, assay; evince, show, demonstrate, justify, manifest, confirm.

Provender, proven-der, n. প্ৰাণিয় ভকা ওক ख्यांकि : साव : Fodder : dry food for beasts as hay or corn.

Proverb, proverb, n. [ L. pro, and verbum, a word ] (इंशांति ; श्रवांश्वांका ; श्राह्मिका ; Common saying; a byword; maxim. Syn:—Aphorism, apothegm, adage, saw, byword.

Pass into a proverb—লোক প্রনিদ্ধ-ছ; Become proverbial; be current as a proverb; become a by-word.

To a proverb---সে বিষয় এত প্রসিদ্ধ যে তাঙ: স্কলেই জানে; So as to be universally acknowledged or spoken of as such.

Proverbial, pro-verbi-il, a লোক্প্ৰসিদ্ধ, নৰ্মজন-ক্ষিত ; Widely spoken of ; universally spoken of; common as a proverb. ad - proverbially.

Provide, pro-vid', v t. L. pro, before, and videre, to see ] প্রস্তুত করিরা রাণা, যোগান, পুরু হাতে সংগ্রহ-ক ; To prepare, to supply, to procure beforehand: -v. i. স্ববরাহ-কু, To procure supplies :-- উপार व्यवन्यन-इ ; To take mea sures :- श्र कृष्टि-कृ ; To stipulate previously. Syn :- Arrange, get, collect, furnish, cater.

Provide against-কোন বিপদ হটতে রক্ষা পাইবাব क्षम्र উপার অবশ্বন-कृ, কোন অনিষ্ট না ঘটে পূৰ্বাং⇒ ভারার উপাব কবিরা রাখা; Take measures beforehand for counteracting or escapaing any evil.

Provide for –পূর্ব হইতে সতর্ব-হ; To take care beforehand: --বোগান: Supply --কোন কিছুর উপাय-कृ ; Take steps for :--कोरिका निर्वाद्य উপाय कतिया (मञ्जा ; Supply one with the means of earning livelihood:—কোন কিছুব ব্যবস্থা-কু, Meet. Provide with - ভবিষাতে আবগাক হইতে পারে এমন জিনিস যোগাড় করিবা দেওবা, Procure beforehand for future use ( implying care or calculation ).

Provided that, conj. বদি; এই সর্বে বে; On condition, on the condition that; upon these terms.

Providence, provi-dens, n. সমনোচিত আরোজন; Timely preparation :- মিতব্যবিতা ; Frugality :-পরিণামদর্শিতা ; পুরদর্শিতা , Foresight :--বিধাতার भवारतकन ; अवरत्रत्र भित्रभावनिका । विश्वान ; The foresight and care of God over all his creatures :-বিধান্তা : God.

Provident, prove-dent, a. পরিপানদর্শী; Providing for the future ; prudent :-- गडर्क ; Careful ; cautious :- विडवारी ; Economical. Syn :-Forecasting, cautious, discreet, considerate, prudent, frugal, thrifty.

Providential, prov-i-defishal, a.

দৈৰকুত্ত: ক্ৰাৰ্কিক; Effected by, or proceeding from divine providence. ad-providentially.

Province, provins, n. [L. pro, before, and wincers, to conquer] আমেল; বাজ্যের আলো; A portion of an empire:—কাল; A region:—কাল্বা কর্ম; কার্য; Any business or duty:—আলা বিভাগ; A department of knowledge:—বাল্যার:

One business or calling:—এলেকা; বান্কিলার;
The proper sphere. Syn:—Department, section; colony, dependency; business, function, duty, part, post, charge.

Provincial, pro-vinshal, a. আদেশিক; প্রনেষ্টর; Relating to a province:—গামা; অসভা; Rude, unpolished:—n. আদেশীয় লোক; গ্রামা লোক; An inhabitant of a province or country district. ad=provincially.

Provincialism, pro-vinshal-ism, n. ভাষায় প্রাদেশিক বিভিন্নতা; কণিত ভাষার বিশেষত ; A mode of speech peculiar to a province or country district; a peculiarity of dialect.

Provision, pro-vickun, n. নির্ম ; Stipulations ; conditions :—বন্দোবস ; Preparation :—pl. বাদা সংগ্ৰন্থ ; সভার . A store of food. Syn :—Preparation, arrangement ; food, supplies, victuals, stock, store, hoard, fund ; proviso, clause.

Provisional, pro-vishun-al, a. জ্জাকানীন; সাম-বিক: জন্বাধি; বিভূকান্দ্ৰ জন্ত ব্যবস্থিত; Temporary; conditional. ad=provisionable (জাপাততঃ)।

Provisional government—Temporary government during a revolution.

Provisional registration—Conditional registration of a company.

Provision-dealer, n. পোকানগার; মৃশি; A grocer or shop-keeper who retails articles of food of daily use.

Proviso, pro-vi'rō, n. আবোজন; The act of providing:—সর্ভ্ ; নিবম; করার; Terms settled:—
কপাব, Measures tiken beforehand. pl=provisos.
Provisor, n সৰববাই কারক, One who provides.
Provisory, pro-vi'zoi-i, a. নিবমবজ; Conditional:—সাম্বিক; ক্ষারায়া, Temporary.

Provocation, prov-ত-káshun, n. রাগের কারণ, কোগোপীপন, উত্তেজনা; Act of provoking, that which provokes. Syn:—Incitement, stimulant, annoyance, grievance, vexation, insult.

Provocative, pro-voka-tiv, c. Esign. धरदेवक; Tending to provoke or excite:-n. উত্তেজক; Any thing which provokes; stimulant. Provoke, pro-vok, v.t. [ L. pro, forth, and vocare, to call ] affis-a; To irritate; to make angry :- উত্তেজিত-कृ, উদ্দীপিত-कृ; To excite :-विवस-कृ, To offend:—( मन्दर्भ ) बास्तान-कृ; To challenge. ad=provokingly. Syn:-Incite, stimulate, awake, exasperate, offend, incense, anger, vex. [ 本章; Exciting anger. Provoking, a. त्कारपाणीलक ; त्वारपाणीलक . विवक्ति Provost, proviust, n. क्ट्रेसर अवान मास्त्रिक्क ; याक्षक वित्नव ; शतिमर्नक ; The head of a Scotch town, college, chapter or other body. n-provostship ( প্রভাষ্টের পদ )।

Lord Provost—मालिएड्रेटिन छेनावि विस्त्र ; The style of the chief magistrates of Edinburgh &c.

Provost-marshal, n. নৈত্ৰদিনৰ আদৰ্শালৰ নিৰ্থিবাৰ ভাৰপাপ্ত কৰ্মচাৰী; শান্তিবন্ধক; A military officer who preserves discipline:—বন্দিনের ভ্ৰাবারক নৌ-কর্মচারী; A naval officer who has charge of prisoners. 
The forepart of a ship. Prow, prow, n. ভার্ত্রের অগ্রভাগ; পোচাগ্রভাগ; Prowess, prow'cs, r. [L. probus, good, excellent] পরাকুম; বিকুম, বীর্ঘা; পৌকুম; নাকুম; Bravery, especially in valour. Syn:—Intrepidity, heroism, courage, gallantry.

Prowl, prowl, v. i শিকার বা লুঠনের আবেশার্থ
আন্ত-ত্ব: To rove in search of prey or plunder.
Proximate, prokse-māt, a. [1. proximatus,
pp. of proximare, to come near] অব্যবহিত;
সারিহিত: আসর; Next, immediately preceding or
following; near; immediate, direct, ad = proximately (প্রায়; নিকট নিকট): Syn:—Nearest,
closest.

Proximate cause—সমীপণত কারণ. That which immediately preceds and produces the effect; opposed to remote or mediate.

Proximity, proks-imit-i, n. দৈকটা; সামিগ; Immediate nearness. [ the next (month). Proximo, proksi'-mo, n. প্ৰবৃত্তী মানাস্থৰ্গত; In Proxy, prokse, n, প্ৰতিনিধি; প্ৰতিনিধিত; One who acts for another. Syn:—Agent, substitute, representative, depury.

Prude, prood, n কুলিম লক্ষ্যনীলা রমনী; A woman of affected modesty.

Prudence, proo'dens, n. পরিণামণ্শিতা, বিজ্ঞা; Wisdom applied to practice caution. Syn:— Providence, considerateness, judiciousness, discretion, circumspection, judgment.

Prudent, proo'dent, a. बिरवक, खांछ; लिल्लीमानी; नावबान: निरामक; Discreet, circumspect:— भिडवापी; Frugal. Syn —Cautious, wary, considerate, judicious provident; careful, frugal.

Prudential, proo-denshal, a. পৰিণামৰণী; বার্থিক; Proceeding from or discated by prudence. ad=prudentially (বিষেচনাপূৰ্যক)।

Prudery, proode:-i, n. কৃত্রিম লজাপীলড়া; Manners of a prude, affected modesty.

Prudish, prood'ish, a. কৃত্রিম ক্রমণীল ; Affectedly modest or reserved. ad - prudishly.

Prune, proon, n. গুড় ফল; কুল: A dried plum. Prune, proon, v. t. ছাটা; অভিনিক্ত আগ ভাগন-ছ; To cut off superfluous branch; to trim, to lop:
—v. i. জ্বিড-ক; To diess. n=pruner. Syn:—Clip, dock, trim.

Prunella, Prunello, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ প্ৰমী কাপ্ড; A smooth woolien stuff.

Prurience, Pruriency, n. গাৰণ উৎস্ক; বা লোপুসৰ, The state of being prurient.

Prurient, pido're-ent, a [L prurient, ppr. of prurier, to itch] লোলুগ, কামানুৱ; Itching; uneasy with desire. n=prurience. pruriency. Syn:—Longing, hankering, lustful, libidinous.
Pry, pri, v. .. উ কি মারা, To peep narrowly or

Pry, pri, v. i. ভাৰ নানা, To peep narrowly or officiously, to look into closely; peer:—
হন্দাবেশ-ক; To try to discover with curiosity; search. ad=pryingly.

Pry into another's secrets-fights pai-

কু, আন্তের প্রপ্ত বিবৰে অনুস্কান করা (অন্থিকাৰ চর্চা বুবার), Attempt to discover that which is inaccessible (officiously, curiously) [ sacred song Psalm, sam, n ভোত, ধর্মস্থাত, A hymn or The Psalms—খুৱার ধর্মপুরাণের তাম বিশেষ, One of the books of the old Testament.

Psalmist, samist, n. বৰ্ষীত-বেৰক, তোত-বচনিতা, Writer of the Psalms.

Psalmodic, Psalmodical, a. প্ৰতিগান সম্বাধি, Pertaining to psalmody.

Psalmodist, salmod-ist, n. স্থীর্ডন্থায়ী, অভি-গায়ক, A singer of psalms

Psalmody, samo-di, n ছাতিগান, ডচৰ, স্থীৰ্ডন,
The practice of singing psalms [book
Psaltor, sawiter, n খবমানা, জপমানা, Psalm
Psaltory, sawier-i, n বাদ্যয় বিশেষ, A strunged
instrument of the Jews

Pseudo, a বিখা laise

Pseudonym, sū'do nim, n কৃষিন নান, অপ্রকৃত নান, A ficticious name assumed as by an author (fictitious name Pseudonymous, a অপ্রকৃত নামধারী Bearing a Pshaw, shaw, n/ ি., ইন, বিক, An excla-

mation of contemp or cislik?
Psychical, aikk l a. आहा गरकीय, बीवांका

সক্ষীৰ, Pertining to the soul

Psychologic, Psychological, a মনতত্
স্থাতীয় Pertaining to pycholo v ad psychologically

Psychologist, si-koio-jist, n. মনোবিজ্ঞান হি
সনসমূদি গণিত One who tudies Psychology.
Psychology, sikology n মূদক্র, মনোবিজ্ঞান
The resence of the mind and its faculties
a=psychologic psychological

Ptarmigan, n ' n [aren , A species of bird Puberty, public n () रजारका পূণ্বয: ক্ৰম Ripe ige of men ind weine the age of full [ nrived at puberty development Pubesconce, n (4) नाला, The state of one Pubescent, a 93774 Arriving at pube ty Public, 1 iblik, a [ L f ib i iii from fopulus ન છ જ Not pivate or pcopl ] প্ৰাশিষ Common to all acci t -- मक्स्माथानम , राधानम — সৰ্কজন বিশিষ্ঠ, Generally known —n. জন-স্থাবিশ প্ৰজা The people at large subjects — মানবলাতি, The general body of mankind at publicly Syn -General common open.

For the public good—সাধাৰণেৰ হিতো কয়।
In public—সৰ্কামণে, জনসাধাৰণ সমুখে, Before
the public at large —প্ৰকাশ্যে, In open view,
not in secret

Regard for public opinion—নোক্ৰছা। Public affairs—বাছকায়।

Publican, pub lik-an, n. কর্সপ্রতকারী, কর সংগ্রাহক, A tax-collector —সরাহ রক্ক, হোটেশ-ব্যক, The keeper of a public-house —পৌতিব, One licensed to retail wine, bler &c.

Publication, pub-hk-2-hun, n প্রকাশ, প্রচার।
The act of publishing —প্রকাশিত প্রকাশিত, প্রচারিত
প্রকাশিত, A book or primphlet published.—
বোৰণা, A proclamation

Public-benefit मार्शनर्पन डेशकात ।

Public-credit—The reputation of or general confidence in the ability or readiness of a government to fulfil its pecuniary engagements. Public-education—বোৰণিকা।

Public-house, publik-hows, n. পৌতিকালর,
Ale-house — ব্যায়িত গৃহ, সাধাবণের পান ভোজনালর,
বা আমোগের স্থান, A house open to the public,
a house of public entertainment.

Publicist, publi-sist, n বিধি-ব্যবস্থা কেবক, সংবাদপত্তের লেবক, Writer on the public law, nature and nations.

Publicity, publish-ti, n প্রকাশন; সর্বাধন-জানগোচর, The state of being public, or open to the knowledge of all —প্রসিদ্ধি, প্রবাধি, Notoricty (প্রচার করিয়া দেওয়া।

To give publicity to—কোনত কিছু সাধারণো
Public opinion—নাধারণ মত , The prevailing
belief or feeling

Public road—নবকাৰী রাজ। Public salo—প্রকাশ বিষয়।

Public-spirited, publik-spirit-ed, a लिक हिडवड नवाइ डिवी Dictated by a regard to the public good ad=public-spiritedly n public spiritedness

Public works—দ্বৰারী পূর্বার্য, Works constructed by engineer for the public and at the public cost.

Publish, publ h, w. f প্রকাশ কু, প্রকাশিক কু To mike public to disclive to 100 call—প্রচাবিত কু প্রাণিক Fo put into circulation—জাপাইবা বাহিব কু, প্রকাশ কু কি কু বিনা বিশ্ববার্থ সমুশন্তিত কু, To print and that for sale—স্বাবাৰ সমাক প্রেৰণ-কু Fo send firth to the public — বোৰাৰণ ক্যা, Fo proclaim Sun Announce proclaim promulpate divulge, advertic declare issue Publishor, public her, n পুৰুব প্রকাশক, One who public her books—প্রকাশক, One

Puce, pis a আপাটো-নীৰ লোহিত বৰ্গ, পাটখিলা, Liownish puiple, cliiduk liowi colour

Puck, puk দ ছদ ছ , জ নপ্তবাৰী প্ৰেভান্ধা A goblin or mischierous spirit —বিখাত প্ৰী, A celebrated fairy

Pucker, puker, o.f ভাঁচ কু, কৃষ্টিত কু, চুন্ট কু, কোচান lo guther in fold to tumple, to wrinkle —n ভাঁচ চুন্চ A fold or wrinkle

Pudding, pooding, n first first equil forth,
A soft kind of food of flour milk eggs &c
Pudding faced, a Having a face which

from its roundness smoothness, and fatness, is suggestive of a pudding

Pudding headed, a 14 Stupid

Pudding-sleeve, n. The full sleeve of a chrical gown

Pudding-time, n আহাবেৰ সমৰ Time of dinner — ঠিক সমৰ, Very nick of time

Puddle, pudl, গ বৰ্দনমৰ জলপূৰ্ণ কল্প জলাপৰ, থানা, ডোবা, A small pool of muddy water — কদ্ম এবং বালিব মিলা, A mixture of clay and sand — গ ধোলা-কু, কৰ্দমমৰ কু, To make foul or muddy — গ আলোচন করিলা পাইল কু, কৰ্দমান্ত-কু, Io make a duty stir, to befoul. Puddler, n. বে চাৰাই বোহাকে পেটাই গোহাতে পৰিপত্ত কৰে; One who turns cast-iron into wrought-iron by puddling.

Puddling, n. চাৰাই লোহাকে গেটা লোহাৰ পৰিণত কৰিবাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া; The process of converting cast into bar or wrought iron. [generation. Pudenda, n. pl. The external organs of Puerile, pu'er-il, a. [L. puerillis, from puer, a boy ] বালোচিত: বাৰস্বত; Childish; boyish:— চকল, Silly:—আকিক্ৰিকৰ; ভূচত; Trifling. ad— puerilely. Syn:—Youthful, juvenile, weak, trifling, futile. [Childishness.

Puerility, pū-ėr-ili-ti, n. বালকড; ছেব্লামি: Puerperal, pū-ėr'pėr-al, a. [L. puer, a child, and pario, to bear ] অনৰ সম্বীয়; Relating to child-birth.

Puerperal fover—?ভিকা অর ; ঠুন্কা অব।

Puff, n. আক্ষিক শাস; ক্ৰেষ্ক; A sudden, forcible breath:—দ্যকা বাডাস; আক্ষিক বাবুলবাহ;
A sudden blast of wind, a gust or whill:—
অভিনিক্ত প্ৰশংসা, An exaggerated expression of
praise or commendation:—v. t. ক্ৰেকান-ছে;
বাডাস দিলা স্থানিক-কু; To drive with a puff, or
blast of wind:—বালু পাবা কীড-কু; To swell with
a wind:—অভিনিক্ত প্ৰশংসা-কু, To praise extravagantly or in exaggerated terms:—v. i. বানুতক্ষেত্ৰত হ; To blow in puffs or whiffs, swell with
ai:—বালু থাবা প্ৰ-কু, To fill with air —বাল কহণ
বেডান; To bustle about:—অবজ্ঞান ভাবে কুঁলেওলা,
To blow in contempt.

Puff away - কুৎকাৰ দিবা ইড়াইবা-দে; Blow away. Puff out - নিকাপ-ক; Blow out.

Puff up — ফাত্ত-হ, Swell up; swell with vanity.
The puff-adder—তিন হাত দীৰ্ঘ এক প্ৰকার
(স্টো নাণ। [extravagant praise.
Puffery, puffer-i, n. অতিরক্ত প্রশাসা; Puffing or

Puffin, n. সামুদ্রিক পৃক্ষি বিশেষ, A water-fowl.
Puffy, puff, a. ফীড; Puffed out with air;
swelled with air - দীর্ঘ শক্ষক; শক্ষাভ্যারপূর্ব;

swelled with air — দীৰ্ঘ শাৰয়ক ; শাকাড্যরপূৰ্ণ ; উল্লেখনিত , Bombastic ; tumid. Pug, pug, n বানর , A monkey :—কুকুব বিশেষ ;

A small kind of dog like a monkey:—ছঙি পুত্ৰ কাঠাৰ কয়; Any small animal (in familiarity of contempt). [ a=pug-faced ( বালবমুণা ); Pug-face, n. বালবৰৰ মুখ; A monkey-like face. Pugh, poo, int. ভি:; ছাা:; ইম্; তাইড; An expression of contempt or disdain.

Pugilism, pu'jil-izm, n. [ I. pugil, a boxer ]
মুনামুদ্রি করিবার কৌলল ; মুইমুদ্ধ , The art of boxing
or fighting with the fists. a = pugilistic.

Pugilist, pu'jil-ist, n. afterial; One who fights with his fists.

Pug-mill—কৰ্দসংখ্যৰ বৃদ্ধ : এক প্ৰকাৰ বালি কল।
Pugnacious, pug-nashe-us, a: [ L. pugnax,
from pugnare, to fight] বিনাদালৰ ; কলহাপ্ৰব;
কগাটিয়া; Combative; quarrelsome; disposed
to fight; contentious ad - pugnaciously. n =
pugnacity (কলহাপ্ৰয়ভা; বিবাদাল্যভা; বৃষ্ধা)।

Pug-nosed, a. 4171; Having a nose like a monkey's.

Puisne, pu'ni, a. পদে নিয় ; Inferior in rank :-শাবাস্থ ; কয় ; Petty , small.

Puisne judge or beron-water fesiants;
Judge under a chief justice.

Puissant, pū'is-ant, a. [ L. potens, from posse, to be able ] শক্তিমান; মনবান: গরাকান্ত: Strong; powerful. n=puissance ( শক্তি; পরাক্রম)। ad=puissantly. Syn:—Mighty, forcible, potent.

Puke, puk, v. f. উলিারণ-ক; বমন-ক; To spew; to vomit.

Pule, pul, v. s. কুকুটপাবকের ভার চীৎকার-কু; কিচ্ কিচ্ শক-কু; To cry like a chicken :—বালকবং রোদন-কু; শিশুর ভার খান খান-কু; To cry whimper or whine like a child. n = puler.

Pull, pool, v. t. আকৰ্ণ- ; বলপুৰ্বক টানা; To draw:—উংপাটন- কু; বিভিন্ত - কু; ভিন্ত - কু; শ্রেড়া; To pluck; to tear:—v. i. টানা, টান দেবলা; আকর্ণ- কু; To give a pull; to draw:—n. টান; আকর্ণ-; The act of pulling:—ভচাতড়ি, বিবাদ; A stunggle or contest:—উদাম; Effort. n=puller (আক্ষক)। Syn:—(v) Drag; haul, tug; gather; tear, rend.

A long pull, A strong pull, A pull altogether—A steady, energetic, and systematic co-operation.

Pull against-विवाप-क : Contend with.

Pull a lag faco- है। करिया शका

Pull a thing off — কোন কর নপাদনে নকল হওয়। Pull down—ভারিষা কেলা; Demolish:—ক্ষান্ত; Subvert:—নামান; প্রস্তুত্ব, Bring down; dethione.

Pull forth--वाहिय-कृ, Extract.

Pull in—ভিতরে টালা, টেলে রাখা; Draw in; be more careful about one's expenses.

Pull off-ভিদিব (ফলা; বিচ্ছিন-ছ; Tear away. Pull on-ভীনিশ পরা;

Pull oneself together—স্বাবাৰ প্রকৃতিস-হ।

Pull one through—কাহাকেও পোনও হাজামা হইতে উদ্ধাৰ-মু ।

Pull out—টানিখা বাহিন-কু; Draw out; extract. Pull the strings, Pull the wires—পোশনে কাষা-কু; ভিতৰে থাকেষা কলকাট নাদা; To operate by secrets means; intrigue, be or act as the leader though hidden.

Pull through—ৰতি ক'ই উভাৱ ইংয়া; Escape from (with great difficulty). [concert. Pull together—হিলাৰ মিশিয়া কাল-কু; Act in Pull to pieces—হিড়া; কড়া; Tea: —ক্ষ্মে-কু; Destroy.

Pull up—উৎপাটন-কু, নিৰ্পূল-কু; উপাডিলা কেলা; Tear up by the roots:—(পানাইবার জক্ত) খোড়ার লাগাম টানা; To draw the reins of (a horse):— খামান, Stop.

Pull woll with—কাহাৰ সহিত জাল বনাবনি হওৱা;
Act in harmony with one. [young hen.
Pullet poolet, n. ছানা কুকুটা, মুৰগীৰ ছানা; A
Pulley, pooli, n. কৃপি কল; Graved wheel moveable about an axis. pl=pulleys.

Pulmonary, pulmon-ar-i, a. [L. pulmo, pulmonis, a lung] কুন্তুন সম্ভীব , বানুকোৰ সংক্ৰান্ত ;
Pertaining to or affecting the lungs,

Pulmonic, pul-mohik, a. ফুস্ফ্স্ সম্বাদ্ধ ; কুস্ কুস্ সংক্ষান্ত ; Pertaining to oi affecting the lungs :—n. কুস্ কুস্ পীডাৰ উৰ্ধ , A medicine for disease of the lungs :-- ৰূপ পুন পীড়াকাৰ ব্যক্তি; One affected by disease of the lungs,

Pulp, pulp, s. नांग; मका; The fleshy part of bodies ; marrow : — বৃন্ধানির কোমল অংশ ; The soft part of plants or fruits:--কোমলপিও: A soft mass :-- v. i. শাসে পরিণত-কু; To reduce to pulp:--শাসপ্র-ভৃ; শাস বহির্গত-ভৃ; To deprive of pulp; to separate the pulp.

Pulpit, pool'pit, n. ধর্মহাচারকেব অক্ত উচ্চ আসৰ : कश्रकत क्षत्र छेक्क (वनी , Raised stand for preaching; a platform for speaking from; rostrum: -a. क्श्रक्त डेक्नामन मक्कीत ; Belonging to the pulpit. [ for preachers.

Mount the pulpit-Go up the raised desk The pulpit—वासकमप्र।

Pulpiteer, n. 四时有本; Preacher.

Pulpit-trumper—ধর্মহাধক, Violent preacher. Pulpous, pulp'us, a. শাসপুর, শাসাল. শক্তময়; নরম; Consisting of or resembling pulp; solt. n = pulpousness.

Pulpy, pulp'i, a. কোমল. भवम ; Like pulp ; soft :- মানেল ; Fleshy. n=pulpiness.

Pulsate, pulsat, v. : [ L. pulsare, pulsatum, to beat ] ধক ধক্-ছ; পান্তন কু, To throb; to beat, as the heart; palpitate.

Pulsatile, pulsat-il, a. আঘাত ছারা বাদিত; Played by beating, like a drum:— সম্মন ছারা क्रियानील ; Acting by pulsation.

Pulsatilla, n. भूष्म वित्नव , अवध वित्नव ।

Pulsation, pul-sáshun, n. পালৰ, নাড়ীৰ গতি: युक् शुक्ति ; A beating or throbbing ; a motion of the pulse, a vibration.

Pulsative, pulsa-tiv, Pulsatory, pulsa-tor-i, a. कम्भुमान , न्युमननीत , Beating , throbbing.

Pulse, puls, n. নাডী স্বাসন, হৃদ্পিও স্বাসন , নাডী, ধ্যনির গতি; The throbbing of the heart and the arteries :-- পান্সৰ ; কপাৰ , A beating ; a throb : —মটন শিম ইত্যাদি ; Grain or seed of pea, &c.

Feel one's pulse-নাড়ী দেখা; Feel with the hand the beating in one's pulse -কাহারও মন दिशा त्या ; Sound one's opinion or mind.

Pulseless, puls'ics, a. নাড়াহীন, প্ৰদাহীন , Having no pulsation, without pulse.

Pulverable, Pulverisable, a. [L. pulvis, pulveres, powder ] एन्द्रहर्त श्रविषमनीय; Such as may be pulverised or reduced to five powder. Pulverise, pulver-12, v. t. 如, 如, 如, 如, 如, 如, 如, F, Reduce to dust. napulverisation.

Pulvorous, a. धृनिभून ; धृनिमृत्न ; Consisting of, or like dust.

Puma, pu'ma, \* হি'ল নত্ত বিশেষ, A carnivorous mammal; the American lion.

Pumice, pu'mis, n. আগ্নেরগিরির কঠিন লগু প্রস্তুত্র faces, Hard stone, light enough to float on water. a = pumiceous.

Pummel-Same as pommel.

Pump, pump, n. अन फूनिवात कन : श्मकन : तामा : A machine for raising water and other fluids .-- পৃত্যকালে ব্যবহৃত কুতা, A shoe with a than sole used in dancing :- v. t. मभकन क्रिया जन थून!, नमकरन छेरखोनन-कृ; To raise with a pump: —কৌশ- করিয়া কোন সংবাদ বাহিব-ভু; প্রয়াদি দাবা কৌশলে টানিয়া হাহিয়-ড়; To draw out information by artful questions.

Pumpkin, pump'kin, Pumpion, pump'yun, n. বাউ; কছ; খবাবু; A well-known plant and its fruit.

Pun, pun, n. वार्थ वांका : क्षाव ; व्यावनताल केलाजिक ভিন্নাৰ্থ বোধক শব্দ , A play upon words similar in sound but different in meaning; quibble:-v. र. वार्थ ताका शावशात-क ; व्याखनकरंश केकांत्रिक विश्वाद বৌধক শব্দ প্রয়োগ-কু; To make puns ; to quibble ; to play upon words similar in sound but different in meaning.

Punch, punch, n. আবাড; বাড়া; A blow, a stroke, a thrust ; a push :-- यहा ; शानीय ; भन्नवर বিশেষ; A drink; a beverage of fine ingredients ( spirit, water, sugar, lemon-juice, spice ) :-পুত্ৰো বাঞ্চার; সং, ভাঁড; Bussioon of a puppet show :- हिन्न कतिवात यह ; त्वथनी ; A tool for making holes -- মুন্তাকিত কবিবার ছেনী; A tool for stamping -- ए t कि.स. कू, तिष्क कू, किनी पांचा कि.स করা বা ছাপা ; To pierce with something sharp; to perforate with a steel tool - ( महार ) श শেওবা ; ধাকা দেওবা . To strike or bit, especially on the hand, to poke.

Puncheon, punshun, n. [ I. pungo, to prick ] हिज कदिवार यञ्च ; लोहणती , त्यथन यञ्च , A steel tool for perforating metal plates -- বড় পিশা: A large cask, a liquid measure of 84 gallons.

Punchmello, Punch, n. 515, A baffoon. Punctate, Punctated, a. স্চীৰুৰ, ছুঁচাৰ, महिन्दा : Pointed : punctured.

Punctilio, pungk-tilyo, n. Figista; Nicety, a nice point in behaviour, exactness of forms.

Punctilious, pungk-tife-us, a. [ I. punctum, a point ] निष्ठं , वावहान वित्यात निषमाञ्चनर्जी , Very exact in behaviour, very nice in ceremony, exact or punctual to excess. n = punctiliousness. ad - punctiliously. Syn: -- Scrupulous, particular, formal, precise, nice, ceremonious. Punctual, pungktu al, a f L. punctum, a

point ] मान निक, Exact in keeping time and appointments :-- টিক , বধাবধ ; Accurate , minutely correct. ad = punctually (वश नगरव)। Syn :---Exact, precise, strict, accurate, prompt.

Punctualist, n. ষ্থানীতিশিষ্টাচার বা নিরমপালক ৰোক, A punctilious person.

Punctuality, pungk-tuali-ti, n. भवन-निश्ची . ७९-প্রা; The keeping of the exact time of an appointment.

Punctuate, pungatu-at, v. t fanta be tial চিহ্নিত কু, বিধানাৰ চিহ্নিত-কু, To point, to mark with points.

Punctuation, pungk-tu-ashun, n. fiain fix নিবেশ , বিরাম চিছ সন্নিবেশ . The art or art of dividing sentences by points or marks.

Puncture, pungktur, n. 東京 南京; Small point; pricking .-- v. t. 复重·事; 有事-事; (图7-事, To prick; to pierce with a sharp pointed instrument. Syn :- (v) Perforate, penetrate.

Pundit, n. 965; A learned man.

Pungent, punjent, a. [ L. pungere, to prick ] डेग्र, कह, बाल, Acrid to taste or smell:--

ভীৱ; ভীক; Keen; acute:—বিজ্ঞান্তৰ; ব্যক্তৰ; Keen; sarcastic. n=pungency (উন্তা; কটুড়া; Heat:—ভীনতা; Keenness). ad=pungently. (ভীনতাৰে)! Syn:—Pricking, piercing, sharp, penetrating, acrid, biting, stinging, stimulating, acute, poignant, distressing, severe.

Punio, a. কাৰ্থেজবাদী দৰ্মীয়; Pertaining to the Carthaginioans:—বিশাদ্যাতক; প্ৰভাৱক; Faithless; deceitful.

Punic faith—বিশাস্থাতকতা; Treachery.

Punic wars—কার্থেলবানীদিপের সহিত রোমানদিপের বে তিনবার যুক্ক হর।

Punish, punish, v. t. [L. punire, from poena, punishment] भावि-त्य; नावा-त्य; पक-त्य; To chastise. n=punisher. Syn:—Castigate, scourge, whip, lash, correct, discipline, chasten. Punishable, punish-a-bl, a. क्वनीय; That may be punished.

Punishment, punish-ment, n. we; wife; Loss or pain as the reward of crime. Syn:—Chastisement, correction, chastening, discipline, penalty.

Punitive, a. पश्विषात्रक : माखिनवकीत ।

Punksh, n. টানাপাখা; A large moveable fan.
Punster, puńster, n খাৰ্থনাত্য ব্যবহার করণে কুলল
বাজি; বিভিন্নার্থে পদপ্রবাদ্য কুশল ব্যক্তি; One who is
skilled in punning.

Punt, punt. n. নৌকার সেতু; A bridge of boats:
—প্রশন্ত তলাবিশিষ্ট নৌকা; খেবার নৌকা; নাল্ড;
A flat-bottomed boat —n. লগ্ম নাবিবা বাহির-কু.
To propel, as a boat, by pushing with a pole against the bottom of a river.

Puny, piińe, a. ক্য়; ছোট; Small:—ছুৰ্মল; ছীনবল; Weak; feeble. Syn:—Inferior, petty; pigmy, dwarfish, tiny, diminutive, undersized. Pup, pup, n কুৰুৰ-পাৰক, Dog's whelp; puppy:
—v. i. কুৰুৰ-পাৰক প্ৰস্ব-কৃ; To bring forth puppies, as a butch.

Pupa, pu'pa, Pupe, pup, n. ভটিৰা; পত্ৰভটি, Chrysalis. pl = pupae, pupes.

Pupil, pū'pil, n. [ L. pupus, boy, pupa, girl ] পিব্য: ছাত্ৰ; A scholar; a disciple:—কণীৰিকা; চকুৰ ডাৱা; The apple of the eye:—নাবাৰক, Ward. Syn:—Learner, tyro, student.

Pupilage, pu'pil-aj, n. লিব্য ; ছাত্ৰছ; লিভছ, The state of being a pupil; boyhood. Syn:— Minority, nonage, girlhood; wardship.

Pupillary, Pupilary, a. পিছা বা কণীনিকা সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to a pupil.

Puppet, pup'et, n. তারে চালিত প্রনিকা; প্তুল, A little doll moved by wires in a show:—সাক্ষী-নোপাল; One entirely under the control of another.

A puppet in the hands of—নাকীগোপাল, কীড়াপুরনিকা; A weak man completely under the guidance or control of ( another ).

Puppet-show, Puppet-play, n. প্তলোগান্ধি; পুজুল বুচি; A mock drama performed by puppets:

Puppy, pup'i, n. ক্র্য-শাবক; A whelf:—জহ্ছত ব্বক; দাজিক লোক; Young dandy; a meanconceited man,

Puppyism, n. অত্যন্ত আনুদ্ধাৰা; আহৰিকা; আজেছিক নীচতা বা অহৰান ; Entreme meanness or conceit. Pur, Purr, pur, v. t. (বিড়ানের ভান) বড় বড় শব্দ-কু; মিউ মিউ-কু; To utter a murmuring sound as a cat:—n. বিডালের শব্দ বা ডাক; বড় বড় শব্দ; The low murmuring sound of a cat.

Purblind, pur'blind, a. की पृष्टि; क्याहेपृष्टि; भन्तपृष्टि; Near-sighted; dim-sighted. n = purblindness.

Purchasable, pur-chase-a-bl, a. জনবোগ্য; ক্ষেত্ৰ; That may be purchased; capable of being purchased.

Purchase, purchas, v. t. [F. pourchasser, to seek eagerly] ক্ৰ-কৃ; কেলা; প্রিদ-কৃ; Buy; to bargain for:—অৰ্জন-কৃ; সংগ্রহ কৃ; To acquire:—
n. ক্রন্থ প্রিদ; Buying:—ঐত ক্রন্থ; ঐতি সম্পত্তি;
What is bought. a=purchaser (ক্রেডা)। Syn:—
Acquire, procure.

At ten years' purchase—বাধিক আবের দশকণ
Not to the worth a day's purchase—নাসর
বিপদগ্রক । [out in purchase, cost.
Purchase-money, n. বুলা; পণ; Money iaid
Pure, pur, a. অনিপ্রত; অবিমিল; Unmixed, unalloyed, unsoiled:—বিশুদ্ধ, শুদ্ধ; Clear, clean:—
সাধ্যদ্ধ, সক্ষবিত; পবিত্র; Spotless; chaste:—কেবল;
Mere:—বাট; Real. n—pureness (নির্মালতা;
পবিত্রতা; শুদ্ধতা); ad—purely (নির্মালতাবে)।
Syn:—Genume, unadulterated, real; un-

sullied, unstained, immaculate, undefiled, fair; true, virtuous, honest, innocent, guileless; modest; sheer, absolute.

Pure and simple—हांका; बीहि, Unadulterated; unmixed; real:—Without any qualifi-

cation; unconditionally.

Purgation, pur-gáshun, n. বিশোধন; বিবেচন;
দোৰকালন, Purging; the clearing from imputa-

tion of guilt.

Purgative, pur-ga-tiv, a. মেচক; ভেলক; বিক্ৰেচক; Having the power of evacuating the intestines; cathartic:—n. বিমেচন বৈষ্
A medicine that evacuates the intestiness; a cathartic.

[ to purgatory.

Purgatorial, a. প্রেডলোক সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining Purgatory, purga-tor-i, n. মৃত্যুর পরে বে ছালে মানবাত্মা পবিত্রীকৃত হব; যম লোক; প্রেড লোক; মৃত্যুর পর পাপীর পাপকালনের হান; A place or state in which souls are purified after death; hell. a purgatorial.

Purge, purj, v. t. [ L. purus, pure, and ago, to do or make ] আনত ভি-কু; মলাদি অপসারিত-কু; To evacuate, as the bowels:—পাপ হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To clear from guilt:—পাইছার-কু; To purify:—মৃদ্যু পবিদার-কু, To clarify, as liquors:—v. s. নির্মান-কু বিশোধিত-কু, To become pure by clarifying:—বাংক-বা; মন্ত্যাপ-কু; To have frequent evacuations. Syn:—Cleanse, clear, clean.

Purging, purjing, n. विराहण ; विष्यंथन ; रहण ; Act of cleansing or clearing :—विशाद ; अवदायद ; एडच ; পেট-वायांन ; Diarrhosa , looseness of bowels. [ इत्रथ ; The act of purifying. Purification, purifi-fi-kashun, n. स्थायन ; श्रीक् Purificatory, pur-if'i-ka-tor-i, a. পৰিত্ৰকাৰী, বিশোধনীৰ ; Tending to purify or cleanse

Purify, pur'e-si, v. t. [L. purus, pure, and facere, to make ] পৰিত্ৰ-কৃ; অপৰিত্ৰতা হইতে সৃক্ত-কৃ; To free from guilt or moral defilement —শোধিত-কৃ; নংৰাৱ-কৃ, আনা প্ৰয়োগ হইতে বিমুক্ত-কৃ, To free from impurities or barbarisms, as language:—বিকত্ৰ-কৃ, To make pure:—নিৰ্দোধ কৃ, To free from pollution —v. s. বিশুক্ত-কৃ, To became pure m=purifier (পৰিকাৰক; শোধক)। Syn —Cleanse, clear, lustrate, clarify; defecate.

Purism, pur'ism, n. বিগুদ্ধ চৰিত্ৰ বা ভাষা, Immaculate conduct or style —বিগুদ্ধ ভাষাপ্ৰয়োগ, Niceness in the use of words.

Purist, purist, n নাধুভাৰাপ্ৰিয়, হন্দর অবচ বিওদ্ধ শব্দ বিস্তানকারী লেবক; One who is excessively nice in the chice of words

Puritan, pur'i tan n এণিভাবেণেৰ সমৰে জাচার ও ৰপেঁর বিরোধী লোক; A dissenter in the time of Elizabeth — a পিউবিট্যান সম্বন্ধীয়, Putaining to the puritans

Purttanic, pur-i-tanik, Puritanical, puri-tanik-al, a গোলা, অতি নৈদিক, Rigid, exact Puritanism, pui'i-tan-izm, n এতিনৈতিকতা,

The notions or practice of Puritins

Purity, pūr'e-le, n. [ L. puritas, from purus, pure ] তদ্ধি, নিৰ্বাহতা, বিভদ্ধতা, Channess — নাৰীতা, Chastity. Syn —Clearness, genuineness, excellence; sincerity, innocence, virtue, honesty, integrity, modesty.

Purl, purl, n স্রোতের শব্দ , কুলকুল ধানি , Murmur of a stream —কালব , ফুণী. A lace, a waved fringe:—v t. ঝর ঝর শব্দপূর্ণক প্রবাহিত-ই, কুলবুল ধ্বনিতে গমন-কু, To flow with a murmuring sound —v.f ঝালর সংলগ্ধ-কু, ফুণী ছাবা শোভিত-কু, To decorate with a fringe.

Purlieu, pur'lū, n [ f. pur free, and lieu, place ] দীনা, বহিৰ্দেশ বা প্ৰান্তভাগ, The borders or environs of any place, environ, outskirt Syn—Borders, precincts, suburbs, environs.

Purloin, pur-loin, v t [F purloignier, to ietard] অপত্যা-ত, To steal n-purloinci ( অপ্তারক, হোর; thief). Syn —Filch, pifer.

Purple, pur pl. n বেজনে বহু, ধুনবর্গ, A very dark-red colour.—বেজনে বর্গের পোষাক, A purple dress or robe —সম্মানস্কর পোষাক, A robe of honor:—a. নীল-লোহিড, Red tinged with blood—রক্তবর্গ; Blood-red —v.t. বেজনে রহু কু, নীল লোহিড কু; To make purple

Born in the purple—ৰাজৰ পোৰুত; উচ্চ বংশোৰত; Born of a royal parents

Marry into the purple—রাজমহিবী হওয়া , সন্ধান্ত ব্যক্তিকে স্বামীতে গ্রহণ-কু।

Purport, pur'port, n. [F pour, for, and porter, to bear] অভিতার; Intention, design — অৰ্থ, সৰ্ম, Signification — তাংপৰ্যা, Drift:—v t অৰ্থ আন্তান ক, অভিতান ক, To mean Syn:—(n) Meaning, import, drift, tenor, bearing, sense, tendency, spirit, intent.

Purpose, pur pos, n. উদ্দেশ্ত , অভিনাৰ , Intention , design , aim :—v t. অভিনাৰ-ভূ , মানস-ভূ , Co intend .—v. s. মানস-ভূ ; অভিনাৰ-ভূ ; To have an intention. Syn -(n) View, end, design, resolution. (v) Design, mean.

Answer the purpose—বাহা আবস্তৰ ভালা বেলা ; Meet the requirements.

Be at cross purpose—মা জানিয়া পরশার বিপরীত দিকে বাওয়া বা বিপরীত কার্য্-কু; Act in such a way as to thwart each other—though wishing to act in concert.

For all practical purposes—ব্যৱ:; কাৰ্ব্য-কাৰিতা বিবেচনা করিলে; So far as it is capable of being turned to use.

For religious purposes—বৰ্ষাৰ্থ। For the purpose of—নিমিছ।

On purpose—অভিপাৱপূৰ্মক , ইচ্ছা কৰিয়া ; বৃদ্ধি-পৃক্ষক , Purposely , deliberately ; with previous design

On purpose to, For the purpose of—এই ভাভপ্ৰাণে বা উদ্দেশে যে; With the object of

Serve a purpose—বোৰও উদ্দেশ্ত সাধন-কু, Gain an end (প্ৰযোজন্যত , To the point To the purpose—উদ্দেশৰ উপবোধী, ঠিক ধাটা,

To no purpose—ভূপেনেৰ ভগৰোগা, ৪ৰ ৰাচা,
To no purpose—বৃথা, অনুৰ্থক, In vam, without any practical benefit.

[ Aimless.

Purposeless, pur'pos-les, a. উদ্বেশ্বহীন , বিকল , Purposely, pur'po -li, ad. অভিপ্ৰাবাস্থানে, ভানিবা গুনিবা , ইচ্ছা করিবা , মন্তব্দ আটিয়া , Intentionally

Purr, ৩ :. ঘড় ঘড় শক্ কু, To utter a low murmuring sound, as a cat — গ ঘড় ঘড় শক্ , The low murmuring sound.

Purse, purs, গ টাকাৰ খলি, গেছিয়া, Money big, a small big for money —টাকা, অৰ্থ, ধনাগার, কোষাণ র, A cum of money, a treasury — গ ধনিকে টাকা বাবা, থলিজাং কু, lo put into a puise — কুঞ্চিত-কু, To contract into folds.

Light (or empty) purse—শৃত্য ধৰি; ধৰিজতা ৯
দাবিদ্যা, অনটন , Poverty , wint of resources.

Long (or heavy) purse—वन; वर्ष, देवश, Wealth, riches.

Sword and purse—ৰাতীয় (দামরিক) শক্তি ও অর্থ , I he military power and wealth of a nation.

Purseful, a. একথলি (টাকা), As much as fills

Purse-proud, a. ধনগৰী, ধনমদে মন্ত, ঐখ্যা গৰিত, Insolent from wealth. n=purse-pride (ধনগৰ্ম, টাকাৰ অভ্যায়)।

Purser, purser, n জাহাজের বন্ধী, জাহাজের বাজারী, Naval officer having charge of money and stores n=purser-ship.

Purslane, Purslain, n. শাক বিশেষ ; A annual plant

Pursuance, pur-sū'ans, n. অসুধাৰন; অসুবর্জন, অপুসরণ, 'The act of pursuing or following — ফল, পরিণাম, Consequence.

In pursuance of অনুসারে, In accordance with, in fulfilment of.

Pursuant, a অনুসারী, অনুবারী; অনুবারী, Agree-Pursue, pur-sū', v.t. [L. pro, onwards, and requor, to follow] অনুবারন-ড়, পশ্চভাবন-ড়, অনুস্বার-ড়, To chase — আহবন-ড়; অনুস্বান-ড়, To seek.— চালাৰ, To continge.— অনুস্কান-ড়, To

imitate. napuraner (95/4/47) | Syn: -- Flunt, track; centinue, conduct; prosecute.

Pursue one's advantage—The followed up one's success; make use of the success gained.
Pursuit, pur-sut, ন. গাভাষান ; অনুসরণ; অনুবাৰণ; Chasing :—উপাৰ্জন-চেটা; পাইবার চেটা;
Endeavour to attain:—ব্যাপার; কান্য, ব্যবসার;
Occupation.

Pursuivant, pur'swi-vant, n. অনুচৰ; অনুগানী; A follower:—সাজস্ত; A state-messenger:— মতের অনুচর; An attendant on the heralds.

Pursy, purse, a. বোটা; ছুল ও বৰ্জ, Puffy; inflated (at and short. n=pursiness. Syn:—Inflated; swelled; corpulent, fleshy, fat, short-breathed, short-winded. [nes of an animal. Purtenance, n. জীবদেহের অনুসূত্; The intesti-Purulence, purco-lens, Purulency, purco-lensi, n. প্রোধ্যতি; প্রস্কর; পুজ; পুজ; The formation of pus or matter; pus.

Purulent, puroo-lent, a. भूतेर ; भूति कह ; Resembling pus. ad=purulently.

Purvey, pur-vá, e.t. थांगुक्या (यात्रीन ; मद्ययाह-कृ ; To provide with provisions ; supply :--- e.t. थांगुक्या क्द्र-कृ ; To buy provision :-- मः बर्-कृ , To provide.

Purveyance, pur-vaans, n. বাদায়ৰ; Provision:—সংবাহ; আমোজৰ; The act of purveying.
Purveyor, pur-vaor, n. মাজপরিবারের জন্ত বাদাদি
সংগ্রাহক কথাটাই; An officer who formerly exacted provisions for the use of the king's household:—স্বৰমাহকাৰক; One who provides victuals:—কোটনা; কোটক; বোগাড়িয়া; বমণ-মৃত; A procurer; a pump.

[ sore.

Pus, pus, s. 克斯; 克斯; CFW; The matter of a Pusey18m, s. Anglo-Catholic doctrines of Dr. Pusey. { Pusey.

Push sbout—স্বেশে ইউভত: অন্-কৃ; Knock Push slong—ক্রবেশে অর্থনর হওরা; Move forwards quickly.

Push saide—पूत्र-कृ; Drive away. Push away—नवाल पृत्रोक्छ-कृ, Force off. Push by—निक्ट विद्या-या; Move past.

Push down—গালা দিয়া নই-কৃ, টেলিয়া কেলা;
Overthrow by pushing.
Push forward—কতবেগে অপ্ৰস্ক-কৃ; Move quickPush in—ভিতৰে কবেশ-কু; Intrude; thrust in.

Push in—ভিতরে ধ্রেণ-কৃ; Intrude ; thrust in. Push off—অহান-কৃ; Thrust ofi ; depart.

Push on - महनत- ह ; क्लाबरन बांबन , Drive er urge forward ; hasten.

Push out or out of-(4444-7; Eject,

Push over—के होईब्रा-(न ; Upset. Push up—हेर्स्यानन-कृ ; Raise.

To be put to the push—পরীকা হলে বা বিশমে পতিত হওরা; দাবে ঠেকা।

Pushing, pooshing, a. উদায়নীল, উদ্যোগী; Enterprising, active; energetic:—সাহনী; সাহনিক; অন্যথকারচটোকারী; Bold, vigorous, forward.

Pusillanimous, pū-sil-aĥe-mus, a. [ L. pusillus, very little, and animus, spirit ] সাহস্থীন; ভীক ; নীচাৰর; Cowardly; mean-spirited. n= pusillanimousness, pusillanimity (ভীকতা)। ad=pusillanimously. Syn:—Dastardly, meanspirited, faint hearted, timid, weak, feeble.

Puse, poos, ম. বিভাগ ; বিভাবেৰ আগবেষ নাম ; A familiar name for a cat:—ব্ৰগোস; শলক ; A hare, so called by sportsmen.

Pussy, poosi, n. বিশ্ব বিদ্যাল ; A dim. of puss.
Pustular, Pustulous, a. বুল বাগল ; Covered
with pustules.
[ form into pustules.

Pustulate, pustulat, v. t. ব্ৰণে পরিণত ক; To Pustule, pustul, স. বৰ; ক্ষ বৰ; ক্ষড়; ভট; A small pimple containing pus. a—pustular. Put, poot, v. t. হাগন-ক; রাখা, To place; to set; to lay; to deposit:—সংস্কৃত-ক; To add:—বাখা-ক; To oblige:—উত্তেজিত-ক; To excite:—সংসা উপহিত-ক, কোন অবহার উপনীত-ক; To introduce suddenly; to bring into any state:—অভাব-ক; Offer; propose:—নিরোগ-ক; To supply:—v. i. বাহার চালিত-ক; পরিচালিত-ক; To turn; steer. Syn:—Set, locate, fix, establish, situate, commit; impose, enjoin, levy, inflict; present, state, oblige, force, contrain, urge.

Bo put to, Be put to it—করে পড়া; বাঁধা নাগা; Be placed in a difficulty; be perplexed.

Put about-- 5 कुर्षित्क पूता ; त्यतान ; छेषिश्च वा बाख-कृ ; Turn round :-- गमत्तन पिक गतिवर्छन-कृ।

Put a construction or interpretation on
—ভাল বা মুল্ল ভাবে ব্যাধ্যা করা বা প্রবৃণ-কু; Interpret
in a certain way.

Put a false construction on—টিৰ বুৰিছে না পাৰা; To interpret or explain wrongly; to misinterpret; to misunderstand.

Put a gold face upon—win with crein; To represent favourably; to cause to appear in a good light.

Put a ship into commission—To send it forth on public service after it has been laid up.
Put away—ডাগ-ড়; Discard; divorce.

Put an end to—cat-\$; Terminate:—as-\$;

Put back—বাবা-দে; বিসৰ-কু; কেলিরা রাধা; কিরিছা বাবরা, To hinder; to delay. [for future use. Put by—নকর করিরা রাধা, তুলে রাধা; Lay aside Put down—বন্ধ-কু; ক্ষম-কু, Suppress; repress; crush; check:—লেধা; Write down:—স্বাদ্ধিত-কু, Degrade.

Put forth—লগারিত ক ; লগারণ-ক ; Extend ;—
কর্তিত হ ; Shoot out or germinate, sent forth,
as a sprout :—ল্ডোগ-ক ; Exert, use :—ল্ডাত্ত ক ;
ল্কাণিত ক ; Publish ; issue :—ল্ডাত্ত ক ; Propose ;
Put forward—ল্ডাত্ত ক ; Propose :—ল্ডিড ক ;
ভিত্তিত ক ; To promote,

Put head together—পরপার বৃদ্ধি করিবা মন্ত্রণা-ক : [काष्ट्रा । Consult with one another. Put heads together-अकरत नहामर्न-क. मडनव Put in--সহিবিষ্ট-ক ; निर्विनिज-क ; Insert :-- मार्थिन-7; Place in due form before a court; file:-

क्लाब द्यारण-कृ : गोडाद्यां बहेश शास्त्रा : To enter a harbour.

Put in an appearance—উপস্থিত-হ : To appear ; to present one's self , to be seen.

Put in a word-नाक्यान (यदक এक्की कथा विका crew ; To say something in a general conversation; slip in a word :-- এकड़े। क्या रला , Say a word.

Put in a word for-क्शित हरेंद्र। की कान क्या वना ; Speak a word in favour of , recommend. Put in fear- खन्न अन्नि-क ।

Put in for--शंवि-क : थायी-ह : Claim

Put in force—wife-p , Enforce.

Put in hand-wise-F. Make a beginning.

Put in irons-statis-17. To apply manacles or handcuffs to a person.

Put in mind— यदन कहारेबा-त्य ; Remind.

Put in practice—কার্যে পরিশত-কু, ব্যবহারে আর্বী, Use, exercise.

Put in requisition-To render necessary.

Put it to one—काशांक अविकामा-कृ , वर्ला , Ask one Put off—টালনাটাল-কৃ, স্থপিত রাধা, বিবম-কৃ; Delay; postpone:—কিনারা হইতে ভাসিরা-বে, Embark, leave land; push from shore - 914-ভাগি-ক ; আবরণ ভাগি-ক : To lay aside (cloth) -अक विक हां किया क्रम विरक (बांबा : Turn aside :--काशांत (bहे। विकत-कृ; विकल भारतांत्रथ-कृ; Baffle, frustrate.

**Put on** (upon)—পরিধান ক ; Wear :—বারণ-ক ; ভাপ-ৰু; Assume; feign:—হাপন-ৰু, Impose:— জারোপ-ক ; Impute to.

পুৰুদ্ধি ও ভাল হইয়া চলিতে হইবে এইরণ আদেশ-কু; Require one to behave well, to put on probation or in a state of trial in which something important depends on good behaviour.

Put on one's guard—नडई-कृ; To warn; to caution; to render watchful.

Put on paper—কাগজে লেখা ; Commit to writing. Put one down for-কোন পদেৰ উপদক্ত বলিবা कार्शत्र व नाम निवित्रा नवरा ; Register one as being qualified for the office of .— চাদাৰ বহিতে কাহাৰও नाम निश्रित्र नक्षा वा एउदा, Take down one's name as willing to subscribe or pay.

Put one in the way of -( (कान वाह्नीव जवा) भारेबात भव मधारेबा मध्या ; Show one the way to (something desired).

Put one on his mettle—কাহারও সাহস উত্তেজিত-F; To arouse one's spirit or courage, to excite one. [one.

Put one out—চটাইবা দেববা : Offend or anger Put one out of conceit with-eight fast-ক : কাহারও বিরক্তি বা অসভোষ জন্মান ; Make one disgusted with.

Put one out of countenance—再编写-事; Make one ashamed :--- आवाहान नागारेना (नडरा ; Disconcert one; confound one.

Put one out of court—शेन-अड-ए : काना कतियां দেওরা ; Eclipse one :—বার আইনের আত্রর পাইডে পারেন না ; Deprive one of the right to further judicial hearing:-কাহার কথার জোব না থাকা; Disqualify one from speaking with authority.

Put one's hand into a hornest's nest-ভित्रकरनम् होरक क्षिड-रह ; To get into trouble by meddling.

Put one's self forward-To make one's self prominent in a bold or conceited manner.

Put one up--(कांन क्क्फ क्रिएंड कोशांक अवृष्ठ-इ ; [ supplant one. Instigate one.

Put one's nose out of joint—খানচাত-কু; To Put out-निर्वाणिङ-ङ् , निर्वाण-ङ् ; Extinguish :--श्रुप पांचीन, Place at interest :-- डाएरिया (पडवा ; ष्र-क , Eject --- वहरिष्ठ-इ ; To shoot a sprout :--উन्नंड-२; Emit.—अमारिङ-कृ, ध्यमान्नः, To stretch forth, to extend -- 1184-7: To pro-

trude, bring out:-প্রচার-কৃ; প্রকাশিত-কৃ; To publish --- वार्च-कृ; To disconcert -- (मधान, Show. Put out lights—ज्ञानना काहिना ज्ञाला (नरहा ।

Put out of humour-FT-F; To irritate; to make angry. [ ceal.

Put out of sight—(नानन-इ ; To hide ; to con-Put out one's eyes--কাহাকে নত্ত্ব- কু ; কাহাৰও চকু ৰাণা করিয়া দেওবা , Render one blind.

Put out of the way-- उकार-कृ; उकार क्रिब्रा-(मृ: Remove to a distance :-- त्यात त्यना ; Put to death.

Put strength —বল বাৰোগ-কু। Put through—河門第-季 |

Put over- 444-ct. To place in authority:-বিলম্ব-কু; ফেলিরা রাঞ্চা; মূলত্বি রাখা, উপেক্ষা-কু; To defer; postpone.

Put the beast foot foremost -- वर्षाताचा क्यो-इ. To do one's best or utmost; to use all possible dispatch.

Put the cart before the horse-To say or do in an inverted order. [ ¥ ; To begin. Put the hand to--र्टाक्श-क , हांड नांत्रान ; बाह्य-Put to-- नकत कविया जावा ; Lay by :-- वात-कृ ; Add together —বিপদগ্রন্ত-কু; Expose.

Put to a stand--भागन ; उन्न वांचा ; To stop; to arrest by difficulties or obstacles.

Put to bed—শাণিত-ক।

Put to death--ব্ৰ-কু , সংহার-কু ; হত্যা-কু , Kill. Put to flight-প্ৰাইতে বাধ্য-কু, Cause to flee; to force to escape

Put together--- একত-कृ ; यिनान ; Unite in a sum. Put to inconvenience—অস্বিগতে কেলা; To incommodate.

Put to it--नैहां-त्व ; नैहिड-क ; बंधे नानाव ; To press hard, to distress.

Put to press - ছাপাৰ, To cause to be printed. Put to (on) trial-পरोक्ष कहा। [ in disorder. Put to right—何明何. To arrange, as objects Put to rights—যথাক্ৰমে সঞ্জিত-কু! perse. Put to rout—প্ৰাভৰ ক, To defeat and dis-Put to sea - ममूज गांजा- f . Set sail.

Put to shame—লক্ষিত-মু; লক্ষার কেলা; To inflict shame on.

Put to the blush--লন্ধিত-ছ; ব্যব্তিত-ছ; To cause to be ashamed or confused.

Put to the proof-nils - Put to the test. Put to the rack - waste (To subject to [Slay. extreme torture; to torment. Put to the sword-नव-कृ; अववाति बांबी एठा।-कृ; Put to the vote—To submit to expression of [ to a test; to try. will by voting. Put to trial or on trial-প্ৰীক্-ৰ : To bring Put trust in--विश्वान-क । Put trust in a person—वियोग-क । Put two and two together—( বাহাতে বৃদ্ধিব পরিচর পার এমন ভাবে ) একটার সহিত আর একটার স্বোড়ডাড দিয়া কোন বিষয় ঠিক করা বা ভোন সিদ্ধান্তে উপনীত-হ; কোন সিদ্ধান্ত-কু: So to combine or connect things as to be able to form a correct conclusion. Put under the screw—कठिन भन्नीकांगीन-क : To subject to a servere trial. Put up -- त्रका-कृ ; To store : -- निकान : Post :--প্রকারে প্রভাব-ক ; To offer publicly :--ধামা ; Stop :- श्रष्टान : Pack :- जान कर्वा ; (तर्थ (मध्या , Lay aside - ভূলিয়া রাখা; Reposit for preservation :-- वाहित्व श्रांभन-क ; To expose :- अकारेबा রাধা; To set in order:—বাসা বঙরা; Take lodgings. I lodgings. Put up at, Put up in--वाना कविया थोका ; Take Put up for-Stand as a candidate. Put up to--(कांन किंकिन कलो (नवांन : Teach one a dodge or trick :-- :कान खन् निवास काशांक मध्या দিলা অবর্ত্তিড-ক ; Incite or instigate one ( to do something that is improper). Put up to-Gesses Put up to auction or sale-finity val: Offer publicly for sale at an auction --- कोश्रादक स्थान भरत नियुक्त कत्रियां ठीका लक्ष्यां : Accept money from persons appointed to officers. Put up with-সহ-ক ; অয়ানবদনে সহ-ক ; গাছে না ৰাৰা; Bear patiently submit to :--বাহা পাওৱা बाब जाहारे मञ्जू हरेया अहन-इ: Take without dissatisfaction. [ have difficulty. To be put to it—কষ্টে পদ্ৰে; হালামে পভিত-হ ; To Putative, pū'tā-tiv, a. [ L. putativus, from putare, to reckon ] 45 45; \$45; Supposed. reported. Sya: -- Commonly thought, reputed, deemed, reported. [ tion ; pretence. Put-off, n. ছব; বিসম্ব; Evasion, procrastina-Putrefection, pu-tre-fakshun, n. পচৰ ; ছুৰ্গন্ধতা ; প্ৰাৰ , Rottenness ; corruption. Putrefective, pu-tre-faktiv, a. ছৰ্গছোৎপাসক . त्रनमत्त्रीय: नहननीन: Pertaining to or causing putrefaction. n=putrefactiveness. Patrefy, patre-fi, v. t. [ L. putrete, to be rotten, and facere, to make ] বিকৃত-কু, গলিত-কু; ৰষ্ট-কু; To rotten; to corrupt :-- v. i. পালত-ছ; महे-इ ; To become putrid ; rot. Putrescent, pu-tresent, a. भारतभील ; भाना ; मालि-ৰুক্ত; Becoming putrid; pertaining to putrefac-tion. n=putrescence (পৰিত অবস্থা; পঢ়া ভাৰ)। Putrid, pu'trid, a. शनिक; विकृत : पूरिक ; भा ; क्रीच ; Rotten ; corrupt. n=putridity, putridness

carious, stinking.

Putty, pull, n. vib: ; 260 , will files : Glazier's

Pythian coment ; fine cement of lime :- v. t. 180 (41) জোড়া বা ভদারা পূর্ব-কৃ; To fix or fill up with putty. Puzzle, puz'l, v. t. विश्वक्ति-क ; क्लवृद्धि-क ; To perplex :- v. i इडन्दि-इ, To be bewildered :-ग. दियांनि ; व्याङ्गिका ; An enigma ; riddle :-কাপৰ; Perplexity. Syn — (v) Embarrass, conuse, confound, mystify, pose, bewilder. Puzzling, puz'ling, a. विश्वक्रिका; कृति ; Perplexing. ad = puzzlingly. Pysars, pigarg, n. क्यांत्र ; A species of an-Pygmean, a অতি কুম ; বামনাকাব ; Very small ; Pygmy, pig'mi, n. वायन ; Dwarf :- c. पर्स ; পটি; অভি কুত্ৰ, Dwarfish; diminutive. Pylorus, pi-lo'us, n. পाकहतीय निष्य माख , शांकानंत्र ও বুদদান্তর মধ্যে যে খার: Lower opening of the stomach. a=pyloric. Pyramid, pir'a-mid, n. एठाव वृद्द एक : गृहि-धन-( A solid figure standing on triangular square and ending in a point. Pyramidal, Pyramidio, Pyramidioal, a. স্চিথনকোকার; স্চার ভয়াকার, Having the form of a pyramid; tapering to a point. ad=pyramidally, pyramidically. Pyre, pir, n চিতা; ( শবদাহার্ব ) কাইছুপ; A pile of wood &c, to be set on fire at a funeral. Pyrites, n. অস্থান্ত গাড়ুর সহিত গলকের বিশ্রণ : A compound of sulphur with other metals. a= pyritic, pyritical. Pyrogenous, a. অগ্নিভাত : Produced by fire. Pyrologist, n. তাপশাহবিং পণ্ডিত; One versed in pyrology. Pyrology, n. Sinila-Ay, A treatise on heat. Pyrometer, अ. अधिमञ्जाभ भतिमान कतिनात वह वित्नव ; जाननान वज्र वित्नव ; An instrument for measuring the temperature of bodies under fierce heat. Pyrometry, s. ভাগমান নিৰূপণ বা তংকৌশল ; The act or art of measuring the temperature of bodies under fierce heat. a=pyrometric, pyrometrical. Pyrotechnic, Pyretechnical, c. वास्त्रवादी সম্বার: Pertaining to fireworks. Pyrotechnics, pir-o-tekniks, Pyrotechny, n. আত্তসবাদী প্রস্তুত করিবার বিদ্যা বা কোশন; The art of making fireworks. Pyrotechnist, piro'-tek-nist, #. वाजा-वाक्षेत्र ; One skilled in pyrotechnics. Pyrrhio, n नृजा दिल्द ; A military dance. Pyrrhonism, pirro-nism, त. नाविक्छ। नत्वह-वाष्ट्रिका : Scepticism ; universal doubt. [A sceptic. Pyrrhonist, pir'ro-nist, n. नाविक, मामहनारी; Pythagorean, pi-thag-o-re-an, a. निवारनोहान वी ভাহার দর্শনাত্র সম্বন্ধীর; Pertaining to Pythagorus, a celebrated Greek philosopher or to his philosophy :-- ম. পিখ্যাগোরাদের শিবা; A follower of [ trines of Pythrogoras. Pythogoras. Pythagorism, n. निवारिनात्रास्त्रत कड ; The doc-Pythian, pithi-an, a. अशाला एएरवर मन्त्रानार्च आलिम ( गुडिडा ; नहां बरहा )। Syn:—Decomposed, जीत्मन हार्विण केश्मरबद अकडमनहरू ; Noting one of the four national festivals of ancient Greece, cele-

brated in Longur of Apollo.

Python, s. অভাগর; অংগালো কর্ত্ক নিহত নাগ; বোড়া সাগ; A large snake; a rock-snake.

Pythoness, pithon-es, n. ডেল্ছি নশিনের দৈব-বাৰী-অচারিকা দেবানীন; মোহিনী; The priestess who are delivered oracle of Apollo at Pytho, the oldest name of Delphi, in Greece; a witch.

Pythonic, pi-thonik, a. ভবিষাৰিষয়ক; ভবিষ্য-বভূষের ভাপৰারী; আপক; Pretending to foretell future events like the Pythoness, prophetic.

Pythonism, pithon-izm, n. ভবিষয়ৰ্ কথন বিদ্যা; ভবিষয়ৰণীকথন বিদ্যা; The act of predicting events by divination. n-pythonist.

Pythonist, n. Tayer; A conjurer; a scotlesayer.

Pyx, piks, n. বে বামে বীতর বেহবলা কর বাদিত হয়; The box in which the host is kept:—ইবি-লালে বে বাজের ভিতর আদর্শ মুরা বাধা হয়; At the Mint, the box containing sample coins:—p. f. (মুলাদির) ওজন ও খাদ অভূতি পরীকা-ফু; To test the weight and fineness of, as the coin deposited in the pyx.

Trial of the pyx—টাকণাল হইতে বাহিন ক্রিবার পূর্বে মূলাসমূহের শেষ পরীকা; Final trial before coins are issued from the mint

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Q—ইরোজি বর্ণনালার সপ্তগণ বর্ণ আকর, The 17th letter in the English alphabet.

Quack, kwak, n. হংসেৰ ভাক বা শল; প্যাক প্যাক শল; The cry of a domestic duck:—কুবৈদা; অজ চিকিৎসক; হাড়ভিবা; A boastful pretender to skill which he does not possess, esp medical skill; a mountebank, an empiric:—গ. i. হুমের স্থার ভাকা; প্যাক প্যাক-কু; To cry like a duck:—অহকার-কু, বডাই-কু, ন্যাকে চীৎকার-কু, To boast:—কুবৈদ্যেব স্থাব চিকিৎসা-কু, To practise as a quack:—a. আনাতী; হাড়ু শে বিদ্যান-কোন্ত, Pertaining to quackery; used by quacks. Syn:—(n) Charlatan, impostor.

Quackery, kwaker-i, n. কুটি কিংলা; হাত্ডিলা-বিদ্ধি; হাত্ডিলা চিলিংলা; The boastful pretensions or practice of a quack, especially in medicine. Quacksalver, n. হাত্ডিলা বৈদ্য; A quack who

deals in salves &c.

Quadragesima, kwod-ra-jesi-ma, n. [L. quadraginta, forty] খ্ৰীষ্টানদিগের উপানপর্বের প্রেক্ চল্লিশ দিবস উপবাস; Lent or the forty days of fast before Easter.

Quardragesimal, a. লেটকাল সম্বন্ধীয় বা ডংকালে ব্যবস্তুত ; Belonging to, or used in, lent.

Quadrangle, kwodrang-gl, n. [L. quatour, four, and angulus, an angle ] চতুত্ব কেন্দ্র, and angles:— আটালিকা পরিকেটত আফন, অটালিকা কেন্দ্র চতুত্বাধ ভূপত; A square surrounded by buildings. a=quadrangular.

Quadrangular, a. চতুজাণ, চতুজোণী, চতুজ্ঞ; Having the form of a quadrangle. ad=quadrangularly.

Quadrant, kwodrant, n. উচ্চতা পৰিমাণক ব্য বিশেষ; An instrument for taking altitudes:— কুন্তের বা তৎপরিধির চতুর্বাংশ; In geometry, the fourth part of a circle or an area of go"; the quarter of a circle, e=quadrantal.

Quadrantal, c. বৃত্তের চতুর্বাংশ সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to a quadrant.

Quadrat, kwodrat, n. ছাগিবার অকর অণেকা কম উচ্চ নীনথত বিশেষ; A piece of type-metal cast. Quadrate, kwodrat, a. [L. quadro, to square] नवक्षुरविष ; हकूरविष ; Having four equal sides and four right angles:—সমততুর্তানে বিভার; চৌকদ, সমান চারি ভাগে বিভক্ত; Divisible into four equal parts —ঠিক; উপযুক্ত; উপযোগী; বধাষণ; Bulanced; exact, suited, fitted:—ক. সমততুর্ত্ত মেত্র; বগকেত্র; A square figure:—ক. i. ঐক্য-ছ; মিল-হ; To square or agree with, to correspond. Quadratio, kwod-ravik, a. ব্যক্তিত সম্মীণ, বপ্তক্তেত্ত ; Pertaining to, containing or denoting a square.

Quadratic equation, n. वर्गीय नवीक्श ; One involving the square of the unknown quantity. Quadrature, kwodra-tur, n. वर्गीक्श , A squaring :—(नदांखात्र क्लामान वर्गाक्क विज्ञोकश ; The finding of a square that shall have the same area as a given figure of some other shape.

Quadrennial, knod-renyal, n. [L. quatuor, four, annus, a year] byatis; byatis; Occurring once in four years.

Quadrilateral, kwod-ri-later-al, n. [L. quatuor, four, and latus, side] চডুর্জ কেন্দ্র; চড়ুর্ফার; চড়ুর্ফার; চড়ুর্ফার; চড়ুর্ফার; চড়ুর্ফার; চড়ুর্ফার; Consisting of four letters. [বিশেষ; A game at cards. Quadrille, ku-dril, n. মৃত্য বিশেষ; তাসবেশা Quadrillon, n. একেন্দ্র পূঠে বড়া শৃক্ত বসাইলে বড ব্য তংসংখ্যা, The number represented by a unit with 24 ciphers.

Quadrinominal, a. চারিপদবিশিষ্ট; Consisting of four terms:—n. চারিপদবিশিষ্ট রাশি; An expression of four terms.

Quadroon, kwod-roon, n. महत्र महाने दिल्ह ; वर्गनहत्र क्लिड ; Off-pring of white and mulatto ; one quarter blooded.

Quadruped, kwodroo-ped, n. [L. quatuor, four, and pes, pedis, a foot] हजुला कह , A four-footed animal:—a. हजुला , Quadrupeded.

Quadrupedal, a. চতুপান, Having four feet. Quadruple, kwod'roo-pl, a. চতুপ্ৰ; Fourfold: —n চতুপ্ৰ পরিমাণ বা সংখ্যা; Four times the quantity of a number:—v. t. চতুপ্ৰ-ক; To increase fourfold.

 swice: -e. f. swett; To make four fold; to double square. n = quadruplication.

Quall, kwaf, e. s. इक् इक् चतित्रा शांत-कृ; To drink in large draughts; to swallow in large draughts:—v. s. जायक शवित्राल शांत-कृ; To drink largely. s=quaffer.

Quaggs, kwag'a, n. গৰিণ আফ্রিকার চতুপাদ ৰাজ ; A hoofed quadruped of South Africa like the ass in form and the zebra in colour.

Quaggy, kwag'i, a. पणकरत ; त्रता ; किसा ; कार्ड ; Of the nature of quagmire ; boggy.

Quagmire, kwag'mīr, n. [O. E. quag, quagge, to shake, and mire] प्रवादन पृत्रि ; भिष्णपृत्रि ; Marsh ; soft yielding bog ; wet, boggy land. Syn:—Morass, fen, bog, swamp.

Quail, kwal, v. i. [A. S. cwelan, to die ] সাইস ইবি-ছ; তীত-ছ; পতিত-হ; To fall in spirit; to loose spirit. Syn:—Shrink, cower, blench, flinch, quake, tremble; crush, subdue; depress. Quail, kwal, n. পৃতিবিশেষ; A partiidge like gallinaceous bird.

Quail under-Cower.

Quaint, kwant, a. অৰুড; অপরণ; কিমাকার; Odd; singular; unusual. n=quaintness (অপ-রূপড়া)। ad=quaintly. Syn:—Ingenious, artful; curious, far-fetched, old-fashioned, fanciful.

Quake, kwāk, v. i. কলিত-হ; নীতে বা ভার কলিত-হ; To tremble, especially with cold or fear; to shake with fear, cold or emotion:—n. কলা; A shake. ad=quakingly. Syn:—Shudder, quiver. shiver.

Earthquake, #. कृषिकला !

Quaker, kwaker, n. श्रीश्वर्ण मध्यमात्र विस्तित्व अञ्चलमः, One of the society of Friends, a religious sect founded by George Fox. n= quakerism. [tenets of the quakes.

Quakeriam, ন. কেবিকার সম্পাদরের বর্ণামন্ত; The Qualification, kwol-e-fc-káshun, ন. তা; মর্বাদা; গুণাপা; A quality:—প্রিবর্ত্তন; Condition; restriction; modification:—ঘোগাতা; Fitness. Syn:—Capacity, fitness, suitableness, capability, endowment, accomplishment, modification, limitation, diminution, abatement, allowance.

Quaified, c. বোগ্য ; উপযুক্ত ; সমূচিত ; Fitted. Quality, kwole-fi, v. t. [ L. qualis, such, and facere, to make ] বোগা-ক ; উপযুক্ত-ক ; To fit ; to render capable or suitable :--পরিমিত-কু; নিয়মিত-কু; To modify; to limit; to soften :-- হাস-কু; To abate :-- नहीर्-- कु ; To restrict. n=qualifier. Syn : -Fit, equip, prepare, adopt, capacitate; restrict, restrain, abate, diminish, soften, moderate. Qualitative, kwoli-ta-tiv, a. 29 मुक्की ; Relating to quality:—বৌগিক পদার্থের উপাদানসমূহের একৃতি निर्मात्रक ; Determining the nature of components. Quality, kwole-te, n. [L. qualitas, from qualis, how or so constituted] 99; 44; Property; attribute: - 5 शिक ; Character : - পাদ ; Rank :-- मिक ; Power :-- উक्तवारम अन्न ; Superior birth. Syn: -Attribute, nature, condition, peculiarity; sort, kind, description, standing, station, gentry, nobility.

The quality—বড় লোক ; সমান্ত ব্যক্তি।

Qualm, kwam, s. [A. S. cwealss, death.] सम्प्रत्यमा ; मनशाम ; विरस्त्य स्वित्रका ; A scruple, as of conscience :—होद (सांत्रत स्वांत्रम ; होद मैहात स्वांत्रम ; A sudden attack of illness :— स्वांत्रका ; विवित्रत ; Nausea. Syn:—Misgiving ; queasiness ; throe, pang.

Qualmish, kwāmish, a. ব্যবেদ্ধুক; বিব্যাধু; বাৰাজ পাঁড়িত; Affected with qualm or a disposition to vomit or with slight sickness.

Quandary, n. सीलज ; मुक्त ; मक्डे ; A state of perplexity ; uncertainty ; a hard plight.

Quantitative, a. পরিমাণ বিষয়ক ; পরিমের ; Measurable by quantity.

An unknown quantity—ৰজাতরাশি।

In small quantities— प्राप्तः ।

Nagative quantity—क्या । Positive quantity—य।

Quantum, n. পদিমাণ; Quantity; amount.

Quarantine, kworan-ton, n. সংকামক পীডাপ্তজ্ঞান হইতে কোন বন্ধরে সমাগত জাহাজের পক্ষে তীরের সহিত ঘোগাযোগ নিবেধের নিদিষ্ট সময় : যে সময় পর্যাক্ত জাহাজের তীরে গমমাগমন নিবেধ ; Period during which an infected ship is not allowed to communicate freely with the shore :— v. t. বোগ-সংক্রমণ ভরে তীরের সহিত সংস্রহ নিবেধ-কু; To prohibit from intercourse from fear of infection.

Quarrel, kwor'rel, n. [L. querela, a complaint]
বিবাদ; কলছ; ৰপাড়া; বন্ধবিছেদ; An angry dispute; a petty fight; a breach of friendship:—
υ. i. বিবাদ-কু; কলছ-কু; বগাড়া-কু; To disagree; to dispute violently. n=quarreller. Syn:—(n)
Broil, squabble, affray, altercation, dispute, variance, disagreement, strife, contention.

Quarrel with one's bread and batter-काशंक कि बांबा; To find fault with one's means of livelihood and so endanger his support.

To pick a quarrel—বস্ড়া বাধান।

Quarrelsome, kwor'el-sum, s. कनहिंच ; विशेष-विष ; केंद्रव ; Disposed to quarrel. n-quarrelsomeness.

Quarry, kwori, n. लखरत चांकत ; लखत चिंत ; A stone or chalk-mine:—िम्बात ; भृगवांत्र कर ; Heap of game killed; game:—Prey of a hawk:—v. t. चिंत दहेर छेरडांत्र-कृ ; To dig or take from a quarry.

Quarryman, Quarrier, n. essata ans; A man who works in a quarry.

Quart, kwart, গু. পরিমাণ বিশেষ; প্রায় তিন পৌরা; Two pints:—ছুই পাইন্ট পরিমাণবিশিষ্ট পাত্র; A vessel containing two pints.

Quartan ague—क्ष्रे किन जन्द भाग वन । Quarter, kworter, n. i F. quartier, from L. guartus, the fourth ] रुष्णीत्म; मिक ; A fourth part :—सीत होण तम क्षम ; The fouth part of a cust or a ton :—सारम ; A region; district; locality :—ममनामित विकाम ; महरतन विकाम ; गांछ ; A division of a town :—এक पर्वात रुष्णीत्म ; The fourth part of an hour : तमामित्म ; Station at which officers and men are placed during a a battle :—pl. मना ; महमन क्षित्र मनन पावहात ; Mercy; mercy granted to a disabled antagonist :—v. f. हानि ममाम कारम विकास हः To divide into four equal parts :—आवार व्या ; वामा त्या ; To fournish with shelter :—v. f. वामामा व्या ; वामा वामा ; To lodge.

A quarter less—পৌন। [ ship.
At quarters—ফাহাজের উপরে; On board the
At close quarters—হাডাহাডি; নিকটানিকট।
Four quarters—Asia, Europe, Africa and

America. [lodging free of charge. Free quarters—বিনা ভাডায় বাসা; Place of From every quarter—চতুদ্দিক হইকে!

Give quarter to—(পক্র প্রতি) দলা প্রকাশ-ক, সংহার না-ক; Show mercy to (an enemy); forbear to kill.

Head quarter—দেনাগতি নিকেজন। One and a quarter—সভগা। Quarter of the sky—দিক।

Quarter one on—wistas site sas sirila; Throw the charge of supporting one on:— Billet on, as soldiers.

Quarter on or upon—Send soldiers to lodge with.

[ stoletto and a greaters in bettle—

To come to close quarters in battle— To give or show quarter—নক্ষী প্ৰতি ক্ষা বেখান; বিভিত্ত ব্যক্তিকে হত্যা না-কুঃ

To quarter arms—In heraldry to place the arms of other families in certain compartments of a shield, the family arms being placed in the first.

Quarter day, kworter-da, #. তিন মান কালের শেব দিন; বাকনা বা ভাভা দিবার দিন; The day of a quarter or when rent is due.

Quarter-dock, kwor'ter-dek. n. জাহাজের উপর ডলা : জাহাজের পদান্তাগন্থ উচ্চ পাটাডন ; Deck from the stern to the mizen or main mast ; the part of the upper deck of a ship aloft the main mast; officer's deck.

Quaterly, kworter-li, a. চতুৰ্ভাগবিশিষ্ট ; চতুৰ্বাংশ সম্বিত ; Consisting or containing a fourth part:— অৈমাসিক ; Recurring at each quarter of the year ; relating to a quarter :—n. অৈমাসিক পতা ; A periodical published every quarter of a year :—ad. তিম মাস অন্তর ; By quarters.

Quarter-master, kwor'ter-mas-ter, n. নৈজের নিবাস বন্দোবত করিবার কর্মচারী; রসলাধি বউনকারী নামরিক কর্মচারী বিশেষ; An officer for arranging the quarters of soldiers.

Quartern, n. शाहरणेत्र रुष्पीरचं - वक जिन ; The fourth of a pint ; a gill.

Quarternary, kwa-ternar-i, a. हजूर्च; हजूर्च नःवार ; Consisting of four; by fours:—n. हजूनःवा; The number four.

Quarternion, kwa-ter'ni-on, n. offa night;

रेज्यामी वित्वर : The number four ; a file of Jour [ loaf of 4 bs. soldiers. Quartern-loss, n. sife vibe water will; A Quarter-sessions, kworter-seshuns, m. pl. প্রতোক কাউন্টিভে অন্তভঃ ছুইজন বিচারকের জৈনানিক অবিবেশন ; ইংলঞ্চের প্রত্যেক জেলার ডিনমান বভর বে चांगांगछ वरत ; A general court held every three months by the justices of the court of peace of [ weapon of defence. each country. Quarter-staff. n. wingswid go nes; A long Quartette, Quartet, kwor-tet, n. offs with বিভক্ত স্বর্মাত্র বা বস্ত্রমাত্র লাহায্যে স্টিভ বিশেষ ; চৌপদী : A musical composition of four parts, each part performed by a single voice or instrument; a stanza of four lines.

Quarto, kwor'tō, a. চারি পৃষ্ঠা ; চারি পেজি ; Having the sheet folded into four leaves :—n. চারি পেজি পৃত্তক ; A book of a quarter size. pl—quarters. Quarts, kworts, n. ফটক বণি ; বানুকা-এতর ; A mineral composed of pure silica ; rock-crystal. a—quartzose ( composed of or like quartz ).

Quartzose, n. শিলা-ফটিক সমূপ; Like quartz.
Quash, kwosh, v. t. [ I.. guassare, to shake ]
গরাত-কূ; কান্ত-কূ; দমন-কু; To crush; to beat
down; to subdue or extinguish suddenly and
completely:—মহিত-কু; রগ-কু; বাতিল-কু; To
annual; to make void. Syn:—Repress, supress, extinguish; cancel. [ A tree, its bark.
Quassia, kwashia, n. বুক্ক বিশেষ; বুক্কের ছাল;
Quaternions, ম. গণিত শারীয় তক্ত বিশেষ; A kind
of method of mathematical investigation.

Quatrain, n. একান্তর-বিল চারিচজের লোক; চতুলাদ লোক; A stanza of four lines rhyming alternately.

Quaver, kwávér, v. i. কলিও হ; কলিওবরে গাৰ-কু; To shake; to sing or play with tremulous modulations:—n. ব্যক্তাৰ; A shape or rapid vibration of the voice.

Quay, ke, n. কাডাজ বোবাই কৰিবার বা মাল ডুলিরা লইবার ঘাট ; জেটি ; Wharf for the loading or unloading of vessels. [Wharfage.

Quayage, n. পোডা-ভাডা; नानगाटित माउन; Queasy, kw?zi, a. रमनश्चर ; रमत्नाहिश्च ; यम्तन्छ ; Inclined to vomit; causing nausea:—मूर्डाबर्मेत ; Squeamish; fastidious. ad=queasily, n=queasiness ( रमत्नार्थम ) ।

Queen, kwen, n. রাজরাণী; বহারাণী; রাজবহিনী; রাজ্ঞী; The wife of a king; a female sovereign:
—মন্চক্ষিত জীনক্ষিকা; The female of the hive:— ডজাতীবার মধ্যে প্রধানা; The chief of her kind:— (তাস বেলার) বিবি; ( দাবা বেলার) মন্ত্রী।

Crowned-queen সহিবী। [tournament. Queen of beauty, n. Presiding lady at a Queen of diamonds—খনী ক্লীলোক; Rich woman. [hive or swarm.

Queen-bee, n. নিরী নাচি; The fertile female of a Queen-consort, n. রাজগন্তী; পাটরাণী; রাজার সংধ্যিণী; The wife of a reigning king.

Queen-dowager, n. রাজার বিশ্বা পদ্মী; বৃত্ত রাজার পদ্মী; The widow of a king.

Queenly, kweńli, a. बांडीवर ; बांडीव डेन्यूड ; Lake a queen ; becoming or suitable to a queen. Queen-metal-#141 !

Queen-mother, kwen-muther, n. विका प्रापwint : The mother of reigning king.

Queen-regent, म. व बांखी चारिकांबरूत्व भागन कर्बन ; Queen, who is regent for her child.

Queen-regnant, #. (र बांडी चारिकांतरूट्य बांबा करइब ; Queen who reigns in her own right.

Queen's bench, n. हेश्वरण्ड नारवक आयोगण विर्तिय : One of the high courts of law in which the king formerly sat in person :- Chief debtor's prison. Queen's counsel-Barristers who been called to the bar, selected to be advocates for the crown.

Queen's evidence. n. In criminal proceedings the evidence given by an accomplice against

Queer, kwer, a. [Ger. queer, quer, cross] অপুর্বা ; অপুরুপ ; অছত : Odd : strange : singular. n=queerness (অপ্ৰপৃষ্); ad =queerly (অভুতরূপে)। Syn: Quaint, whimsical, curious, strange, unusual, extraordinary; fanciful, crotchety.

A queer fish-An eccentric person.

In queer street—নোগৰণাদিবশত: ছ:ছ হতল বা शंदक । Somewhat singular.

Queerish, kwer'ish, a. किश्र शतियात अइड ; Quell, kwel, v. t. ध्रमभिक-कृ; माच-कृ; To allay; to calm :--- एत्रव-कृ; To subdue; put down, quash; check. n=queller. Syn .- Calm, quiet, still; crush, overpower, suppress; repress, restrain, check, curb.

Quench, kwensh, v. f. 年新門-事: To put out:-To destroy :-- मन्त- मृ ; To check. Syn :-- Extinguish, stifle, repress, check, suppress; slake, cool.

Quenchable, kwensha-bl. a. निक्लाभनीय : श्यनीय : অশমনীয় ; That may be extinguished.

Quenobless, kwenshless, a. अनार ; अधननीय ; ৰণানা; That cannot be quenched: — ৰণ্মা; धारमनीय , Irrepressible.

Querimonious, kwer-i-monyus, a. and; অপুৰোগকারী; Discontented. n=querimoniousness. ad = querimoniously.

Quern, kwern, n. बांडा ; (প্ৰ-ৰূম ; A handmill for grinding grain.

Querulous, kwer'u-lus, a. [ L. querulus, from queri, to complain ] अमृद्धे ; अनुर्यानकारी : Discontented; murmuring. n-querulousness, ad= querulously. Syn: - Complaining, murmuring, fault-finding, dissatisfied, cross, peevish.

Query, kwe'ri, n. [L. quaero, to inquire] আমের চিক্ল; The mark of interrogation: - প্রস্ন; किकांगा ; A question ; an interrogatory :-- v. t. बिकार्गा-कृ; धव-कृ; To question :-- मासक्-कृ; To doubt of :-- ए. s. अत्र वा मत्यह-कू ; To question.

Quest, kwest, n. जन्मकान ; जात्वन ; Search.

In quest of-अन्त्रकारन , In search of.

Question, kwestyun, n. [ L. quaerere, quaesitum, to seek; dia; Act of asking; an interro-- gatory :--- नर्णव ; नर्णव ; Doubt :--- वानानृवान ; विवाद ; विक्रता ; Dispute .- अनुमन्तान ; आद्वत ; An enquiry :-- नारमांश विषय ; Subject of discussion :

-খ. s. বাগ-ভু; To ask question of :--খৰ. ই. मत्मर-कः; To doubt:--- अर्थ पात्रा भरीका-कः; To examine by questions :-- अविदान-क : To have no confidence in :-- প্রন্ত ; To ask question. স= questioner ( ध्वकांद्री )। Sym :-(n) Interrogation, examination, inquiry; query, proposition, subject, thesis, motion, controversy, debate. (v) Ask, interrogate, catechise, examine, inquire, investigate; controvert, dispute. A burning question-अमन्जन (कान विवन वाहांत्र সকলের ইষ্ট আছে এবং বাহা লইরা লোকে এক প্রকার মন্ত: excitement.

A subject of interest causing wide-spread A leading question—সাকীকে এলগ ভাবে

সওয়াল করা বাহাতে বেরুপ কবাব পাইলে নিজ পক্তের ভাল হয় সেইক্লগ জবাব বাহির হইতে পারে: A question that suggests its own answer; a question which is so put as to suggest to the witness the answer which he is desired to make.

An open question—বে বিবরের এবনও সিভান্ত বা ৰীমাঞা হৰ নাই।

A vexed question—ৰে বিষয় সহজে শীমাংসা হয় না : A question that is difficult of decision; a question that causes much wearisome discussion.

Beg the question—गांश धर्मा कहिएड एईएव छाहारे बोकांत्र कतियो नखत्रो ; Assume the point to be proved; take for granted that which is to be proved.

Call in question—जरणङ्क्।

In question--पाशंत विषय वना इटेरलाइ: উল्लिबिक (विषय ); In course of examination or discussion; referred to; that is the subject of present inquiry.

Out of question-जर्दन नाहित : निकार ।

Out of the question—সম্পূর্ণ অসন্তব; তাহার ড ৰুধাই নাই; এত হইতেই পাৰে না ; Quite impossible ; quite impracticable; not to be thought of at all. Put a question—बिखाना-कृ ; अत्र-कृ ; Ask.

Question at or in issue—बारनांश विवद ; The matter which is contested or disputed.

Without question or past question-নিক্য : নিংস্ভিদ্ধণে ; Undoubtedly.

Questionsble, kwestyun-a-bl, a. चनिक्छ: वास्त , Doubtful ; uncertain :-- मानक्तृत ; मानक-পূৰ্ব ; সংশ্যাৰিত ; Suspicious :--বিষদনীয় ; Disputable. Syn :- Equivocal, disputable, controvertible, debatable, problematical.

Questionary, a. oversely, Inquiring.

Questionist, kwestyun-ist, n. এরকারী; এরকরী; তৰাপুসন্ধারী; A questioner.

Questor, kwestor, #. वाहीन (बानबाद्याव नाबिट्डेंडे : কোন্। ব্যক্ত : A Roman magistrate, who had charge of the monetary affairs of the state; a treasurer. n=questorship. [ twist of pair.

Quoue, ku, n. श्वांकानीय शृंहरवे ; A tail-like Quibble, kwibl, n. वात्कात इन ; क्यांत्र यांवरनी ; ব্ৰেক্তি, সেব ; An evasion, a pun ; a petty conceit :- v. i. बारकाब इत-क ; To evade ; to pun. n=quibbler ( (अवकाती )।

Quick, kwik, c. नजीव ; जीवर ; Alive ; living :-তীক : Sharp , keen :- এবুল্ল ; Lively ; vigorous : —हर्ष ; Agile :—नेष ; क्छ ; बाबनवढ ; Speedly ; rapid; swift:—গর্ভবৃতী; With child:—ন. স্থীৰ জন্ধ বা বৃদ্ধ; A living animal or plant:—জীবিত লাগী; The living:—জনুতৃতি সুলার দেহাখো; The sensitive parts:—ad. শীল; আবিসাৰ; ক্রতবেল; Soon; without delay; rapidly:—n. ক্রা; Quickness; speed. ad—quickly. n=quickness. Syn:—(a) Active, brisk, alert, prompt, ready; fleet, expeditious; adroit, skilful, dexterous, clever; hasty, impetuous, passionate.

Out, sting, or touch to the quick—महान बावांड-कृ; वर्ष बावांड-कृ; वर्षांडड-कृ; Wound one in the most sensible parts; afflict or distress one deeply.

Piercing to the quick-अप्रक्रिश

Quick as lightning—বিদ্যুতের স্থায় ষ্টিং বা তংকৰাং।

Quick as throught—মতি পীয় ; Very quickly. Quick ear—Natural aptitude for distinguishing right notes from wrong.

Quick of hand-water

Quick with child-गर्वको; Pregnant.

To the quick-act; enter

With a quick pace-work

Quicken, kwikn, v. t. জীবত-কৃ; সজীব কৃ; প্ৰাণিত-কৃ; To vivily; to make alive:—তীক্ষ্ণ ; To sharpen:—প্ৰকৃত্নিত-কৃ; আনন্দিত-কৃ; To cheer:—ছবাধিত-কৃ; ছবা-ফৃ; ক্ষতগামী-কৃ; To hasten:—উড়েজিত-কৃ; To excite:—v. t. ক্ষত-বামী-হ। n=quickner. Syn:—Revive, resuscitate, reinvigorate, refresh; accelerate, expedite, despatch, speed; animate, stimulate.

Quickly, ad. স্ত্র; ভংকণাং; অবিস্তে; Soon; immediately.

Quickness, kwiknes, n. ७९११७); क्छारम, छोक्छ]; Rapidity of motion. Syn:—Speed, velocity, celerity, haste, expedition, despatch, swiftness, nimbleness, fleetness, agility, activity, briskaess,; liveliness, sagacity, shrewdness, penctration, keenness, sharpness, dexterity, adroitness, aptness, facility.

Quick-lime, kwiklim, n. कशिह्न ; नाशांति ह्न . Carbonate of lime without its carbonic acid.

Quick-sand, kwiksand, ন. চোরাবালি; Unsolia ground; losce sand abounding with:—বিশাস্থাতক বিষয়; Any thing treacherous.

Build on a quicksand—চোরা বালির উপৰ পৃত নির্মাণ-কু; অসন্তব বিবয়ের করনা-কু, ludulge in visions or dreams that are utterly impracticable.

Quick-spented, a. Acute of smell.

Quick-set, n. वृक् विराग ; A plant :-- a. मजीन कुक्-मिक ; Composed of living plants.

Quick-sighted, kwiksit-ed, a. छोत्रमृहे ; Keensighted ; sharp sighted :—छोत्रपृहि ; Quick in discomment.

Quick-silver, kwiksil-ver, n. পাৰদ; পাৰা, Mercury:— o. t. পাৰদ খাৰা আছাদিত-ফু; Cover with mercury, as a looking glass.

Quick-witted, a. উপছিত বৃদ্ধিবিদিট; প্রত্যুৎপরমতি; Having ready wit.

Quid, kwid, n. চৰিত ব্ৰয়; Something chewed: -- মুখে সন্দিত ভাষাক; A piece of tobacco kept in the mouth.

Quiddity, kwid-ti, ক স্মতা; আৰ্থ তই বা বাৰ্চাত্ৰ্য; A trifling nicety; a cavil; a captious question:—বিশ্বান; সার; The essence of anything.

Quidnune, kwidnungk, #. অনুসৰিংহ ব্যক্তি ; বৰ্জ-ভাৱা ব্যক্তি; One always on the look out for news. Quiesoence, kwišens, #. নিজকতা; হিমতা;

নিক্লভা; Silence; rest of mind.

Quiescent, kwi-esent, a. [१४]; निष्य ; silent. 
#=quiescence. ad=quiescently ( १४४७१८ ; quietly ). Syn:—Motionless, quiet, dormant ; mute, not sounded.

Quiet, kwi'et, a. cirile; বৃহিন; পাড; নন; Calm; at rest; tranquil; gentle; mild:—n. উপায়বপুত্ৰতা; নিমিম্বা; নিডৰতা; লাভি; Repose; rest; calm; stillness; peace:—n. t. হিন-ফ; নাজ্না-ফু; শাভ-ফু; To calm; to pacify; to lull; to suppress; to ally. ad—quietly (বিশ্ব হইনা)। Syn:—(n) Tranquility; silence; calmness.

At quiet—मोत्रव ; हिद्र ।

In Quiet—চুপে চুপে; স্থিয়ভাবে।

Quiet times-निक्तासक कान ।

Quietism, kwi'et-izm, ল. মানসিক লান্তি; বৈরাগ্য; উদানীক; Mental tranquillity; indisturbance:—
নীবারা ও পরমান্তার বোগই পরম ধর্ম এই মত; The doctrine that religion consists in repose of the mind and passive contemplation of the Doctrine transfer and passive contemplation of the Doctrine and passive contemplation of the Doctr

Quietist, n. মানদিক হৈৰ্যাদিই ধৰ্ম এই মতবাদী; One who believes in this doctrine.

Quietly, kwict-li, ad ছিব ইইলা, ছিরভাবে; শাস্ত-ভাবে, নিজকভাবে; Calmly, patiently; silently. Quietness, kwi'et-nes, Quietude, kwiet-lid, n. শাস্তি; বিশ্রাম; হৈব্য; নিডক্ডা; Repose; still-

ness; peace, silence. Quietus, kwi-e'tus, n. বিশাস; শান্তি; Rest; repose:—মৃত্যু; Death.—চুডান্ত নিশান্তি; A final settlement.

Quill, kwil, n. इरनानित्र श्रेष्ठ, भीनव ; The feather of a goose or other bird used as pen:—कन्म ; A pen:—कन्म द कीठी ; राज्य का ; The spine, as of a porcupine:—णत्र ; णरत्र कन्म ; A piece of reed; a reed-pen:—v.i. इन्हे-कृ ; To plant with small ridges like quills.

A quill driver, n. কেরপী; বেধক; A mere clerk.

[ of a clerk.

Quill-driving, n. কেরাণীসিরি; The occupation Quillet, n. হেত্বাদের কৌলল; তুল্ল বাগ্লান; A trick in argument; a petty quibble.

Quilt, n. লেণ, বেজাই, বানাপোৰ; The cover of a bed, a thick coverlet:—n. t. লেণ-কৃ; ভূপা ভরিষা আটা, To stitch together with soft or warm substance between.

Quinary, kwi'nar-i, a. ११०६ ; नीविष्ठीय नीविष्ठीय পূर्व . Consisting of or arranged in fives.

Quince, n. बाह क्ल वित्नव ; A fruit with an acid

Quinine, kwińin, n. क्रेनाहेन ; क्रेंदनन ; Vegetable alkali from cinchona.

Quinquagesims, a. ग्रान्य ; Fiftieth. Quinquangular, kwin-kweng'gu-lar. a. ११०-(कार्यविति ; १५ व्हार्थ ; Having five angles. Quinquental, kwin-kwenyal, a. [ L. quinque, five, and annus, a year ] नक्ष्यंतानी : नक्यांदिक ; नीहनाना ; Occurring one in five years; lasting five years.

Quinsy, kwińze, n. क्ष्रेनांबी-ध्वबाह : नवांब कछ ; অবৃহত্ত কণ্ঠতীতি; Inflamatory sore throat.

Quintal, kwintal, n. পরিমাণ বিশেষ; इन्दर ; Hundred weight; 100 lbs.

Quintessence, kwin-tesens, w. সারাংশ ; বিভদ সারভাগ : The pure essence of anything.

Quintillion, kwin-tilyun, n. अकरकत्र भूखं जिल्ल नुष्ठ बमाहेरन र नाशा हत्र छाहा ; Fifth power of a million.

Quintuple, kwints-pl, a. [ L. quintus, fifth, plice, to fold ] পদগুণিত; পাচৰণ: Five fold:v. t. नक्वनिष्ठ-क ; नीव्यन-क ; To make five fold.

Quip, kwip, n. निक्रम ; गिर्फी ; लीमाना ; Taunt ; a jibe : scoff :-- v. t. all- ; To taunt.

Quips and oranks-jests and conceits.

Quire, kwir, n. as frei ; 24 sheets of paper :-Old form of choir.

Quirk, kwerk, n. जागांड ; Quick stroke :-বিজ্ঞা; ঠাটা; Smart taunt; a quip: - বক্রোজি: क्तियात्र; वाकात्र इन ; Quibble :- इन ; Trick, decit; shift :--আন্থাতিমাৰ, A slight conceit.

Quirkish, a বিদ্রপায়ক; Consisting of quirks. Quit, kwit, v.t. 5714-7; To abandon; to leave 一(时中, To discharge; to repay:-- 15-5; মান্ত-ক ; রেহাই-ক . To replease from obligation , to absolve; acquit:--₹₹-₹; To stop:-a निर्मूल ; बावाहिज्ञाश ; मूक ; Set frec ; acquitted. Syn:—(v) Leave, vacate, relinquish, resign, surrender; settle, pay, liquidate; deliver, set free, clear.

Cry quits-পরস্থরের দেনাপাওনা সমস্ত পবিদার হইয়া faults; Acknowledge that one's account with (with you) another is clear and settled. To be quits-नगकक ३, भिलन-इ, To be even

To quit cost-435-(7)

To quit one's solf--ব্যবহার-কু, To behave.

To quit scores—হিনাৰ মিটান।

Quite, kwit, ad. मञ्जूर्वज्ञाल ; Completely, wholly, entirely :—অভীৰ . প্রাস্তঃ Very. Syn :-Totally, perfectly; considerably, largely.

Quit-rent, kwit-rent, n. मुख्त-द्राक्षत्र, गाहा अवस् হইলে আপুগতা হইতে অব্যাহতি হয়: Rent paid by the tenant of a free hold discharging him from any other rent.

Quittance, kwilans, n. निकृष्टि, वृत्युक्ति; कर्क হইতে অব্যাহতি ; খোলাসা , কারকত ; Discharge from a debt or obligation.

Quiver, kwiver, n. offi, A case for arrows.

Quiver, kwiver, v. i. [ D. quicker, vivid ] কম্পিত-হ; To tremble; to shiver:—n. কল্ব; A tremor. Syn: -Quake, vibrate, shudder.

Quivered, kwiverd, c. ভূণীরবিশিষ্ট; কোষাবৃতঃ Furnished with a quiver; sheathed.

Quivive, n. कहांगी होक्सिहाइड 'रक्अ' 'रक बांड' ইত্যাদি ভাক।

Quixotic, kwiks-oflk, a. 3431/74; Like Don Quixote, the hero of Cervantes; romantic to extravagance. ad=quixotically.

Quixotism, kwikiot-izm, n. তুৰকৃইকৃষ্টেৰ চেষ্টার चात्र छेरकडे कहा ; यजनव ; छःमाश्म ; Romantic and absurd notions, schemes or actions like those of Don Quixote.

Quis, kwiz, अ. टाइनिका; दिशानि; A riddle; a puzzle:-- অভুত লোক; An odd fellow:-- v. f. হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ; To puzzle:--উপহাস-কৃ; বান্ধ-কৃ; To make sport of.

Quoif, koif, n. ficials; BA ; A cap or hood: —v. t. গুৰী পরাৰ ; To dress with a quoif.

Quoin, koin, n. বহিংস্থ কোণ, An external angle:-কর্মা আটিবার তুলি; A wedge-like piece used to fasten the types in the forms.

Quoit, koit, n. নিকেপার্থ লৌহ নিশ্বিত জীডাচক ; A circular iron ring to be pitched at a fixed [ Former. object in play. Quondam, kwońdam, a. ভূতপুর্ম,

Quorum, kwo'rum, n. काधा मन्नानत्त्र निर्फिष्ट मछा-भरना : Sufficient number to hold a meeting and transact business.

Quota, kwo'ta, n. [ L. quotus, of what number —quot, how many | অংশ ; আৰুপাতিক অংশ ; The part or share assigned to each; a proportional [ quoted.

Quotable, kwota-bl, a. Ganga; That may be Quotation, kwo-tashun, n. উদ্ধার; প্রমাণার্থ উদ্ধত वहन ; क्षमानश्राम छाल्लभ ; Quoting ; a passage cited :-- वाकात क्य ; हिन्छ क्य ; Current price.

Quote, kwoi, v. t. वहन डेक्ड-कृ; भूनकि-कृ, To repeat the words of any one ; to cite :-- राजाव मत-(म ; शहलिङ म्राजा उद्माय-कृ ; To give the current price of.

Quoth, kwoth, v. f. विनातन ; विनाजित ; क्ष्य , কৃহিন; Say, says or said :-- Used only in the 1st and 3rd persons, in the present and past tenses, with the nominative always following it.

Quotidian, a. প্রাভাহিক; क्रेकारिक; प्रमाणन; Occuring daily ; teturning daily :-- n. रिपनिक পালা জর , প্রাতাহিক জর , একাহিক জব , A fever that returns daily, a kind of ague that returns daily. Quotient, kwoshent, n. [ L. quoties, how often] ভাগकत . Result of a division.

R-इश्जाबि वर्गभानाव बहानम वर्ग वा खक्त ; The 18th letter of English alphabet.

-B's, n. pl. निश्न शहन ও हिमाव ; Reading, (w) riting, and (a)rithmelic ( अहे मानांक निकाधानांक ) | Rabbet, n. बीच , बाविंग , A groove cut in the

The three R's are !- Reading, writing, and arith metic (the last word being pronounced as if the A were not there ).

edge of a plank so that another may fit into it:

— v. t. বাবিট বেৰো; বাৰ কাটা; To groove a
plank thus. [কাটে বে খোড় বেৰো হয় তাহা।

Rabbet-joint, ম. খাবিট লোড়; বাৰ কাট্যা কাটে

Rabbet-plane, ম. বাবা বোসকাপ।

Babbi, rabi, Babbin, rabin, n. ইছমি প্ৰিডের পদ ; ইছমিনের বর্মণারের পণ্ডিত মহান্য ; A Jewish title of a doctor or expounder of the law; lord. a—rabbinic, rabbinical.

Rabbinism, rabin-izm, n. ইट्लिएन वर्षमंड ; The doctrine or teaching of the rabbis.

**Rabbinist**, n. One who adheres to the Talmud and traditions of the rabbis.

Rabbit, rabit, n. খাৰ ; ধ্ৰগোস; A small fourfooted beast of the hare kind; a cony.

Babble, rabl, n. ইতর লোকসমূহ ; নিমন্ত্রেণীর লোকের জিড়; A mob, the lowest class of people :—n.t. ইতর লোক হারা অপমান কু; জনতা হারা প্রহার বা অপমান-কু; To mob; to insult by a mob.

Rabid, rabid, a. [L rabidus, from rabies, rage] প্রচণ; উৎকট, উমন্ত; কিন্ত; Furious; raging; mad. n=rabiduess (প্রচণ্ডা)। ad=rabidly (কিন্তানে)। Syn:—Infuriated, frantic, maniacal.

Babies, n. কুকুৰণুগালাদিৰ ক্ষিপ্তভা; A distemper, as that of dogs, from which hydrophobia is communicated.

Race, a. 明本新; Worthless.

Baccoon, Baccoon, ra-kooh, n. মাংদালি কছ-বিশেষ; A fur bearing quadruped of North America.

Bace, rās, n. বংশ; বৰ্ণ; কুল; Lineage; family:
—আডি; Nation, tribe:—বাজা; March; progress:—মদ্যাদির বিশেব গন্ধ বা ভেজ; Peculiar
flavour or strength as of wine:—দল; পণ্ডদল; A
herd:—প্রকার; শ্রেণী; A breed:—প্রবাত;
A rapid current:—ধাবনেব প্রতিষ্ণীতা; দৌড়;
Contest in running or speed:—পতি; নকার.
Progress; movement of any kind:—ত. i. ক্রভবেরে
বৌভান: To run swifty:—বাজি রাখিরা দৌড়ান;
বাজি রাখিরা বৌড়-কু; To contend in running.
Syn:—(n) Line, breed, offspring, progeny,
issue, generation; farmily, clan, people;
course, career: chase, pursuit; water-course,
mill-race.

[বৌভান।

To run a race—वानि वाधिया होणान ; এक होड Bace-ball, n. Ball held on a race day.

Race-eourse, raikors, n. দৌডের বৃত্তাকার পথ, বোডদৌডের রাভা; দৌডেচজ; A circular path on which laces are run.

Race-day, n. ঘোড়গোডের দিন; Day on which a race is held. [which a race is held.

Race-ground, n. ঘোড়গোড়ের মাঠ; Ground on Race-horse, rashors, n. ঘোড়গোড়ের ঘোড়া, ফ্রন্ড

পামী অৰ ; A horse bred for racing. Bacome, n. পুপাৰবৰ ; A flower in cluster.

Racemod, a. পৃশান্তবৰ বিশিষ্ট; Having a raceme Racer, হোৰ্ডা, n. খোডাদোড়েৰ খোড়া; A racehorse:—ধাৰক; One who races.

Back, rak, n. তাত্ৰ বেগনা; Extreme pain:— ব্যাপানিক ব্যাবিশেষ ; সম্পীড়ন ব্যা; Engine of torture; an instrument for extending or stretching:—দ্রব্য সাজাইবা মাবিবান বন্ধ বা আবান বিশেব ;
A framework on which articles are arranged :—
অবাদির ভোজনার্থ ডছ ত্থাদি দিবার বের ; A receptable for hay for feeding horses &c. :—সংসন্ধ-দত্ত
দত বিশেব ; A straight jar with teeth to work
with those of a wheel :—v. t. সম্পীড়ন বন্ধের উপর
রাধা ; To stretch on the rack or wheel :—বর্ষাবে ; শীড়ন-বে ; To torture ; to strain :—দিটা বা
দাইট ক্তৈ প্রক-কৃ ; To draw from the lees :—
v. i. শ্বে ভাসমান-হ ; To fly or float as broken
clouds. Syn :—Extend, force, wrest; torment,
agonize; distress, harass ; defecate, strain.

Be on the rack—অভান্থ বাতনাত্মত-হ; উৎকট পীজন সহা-ক; Be in extreme pain of body or mind:— কোন কিছু লইনা নাথা খামান; Be in a state of restless activity.

Go to rack and ruin—छेव्हित वांडम ; ছारतबान यांडम , विनद्र इंडम ; Perish or be destroyed.

Put to the rack—অভাত ব্ৰণা-দে; কটোৰ বীডা দেবৰা ৰা ৰাভনাৱত-কু, Subject to extreme tortur of body or pain of mind; to torment.

Rack and ruin-मन्त्र्न विनान : ছाরখাব।

Back one's brains or wits —গতনুর সাধা বৃদ্ধি
খাটান, বারপরনাই মাধা ঘামান; Strain them to the
uttermost without adequate result.

Backet, n. ক্রীড়াফ বিশেষ; Bat used at tennis:— গোলমাল; হৈ চৈ; A chattering noise:—ক্যু কাল; Small net:—ত্বার জ্বা; A snow-shoe:—n.t (ব্যাকেট) ছারা আঘাত-কু; To stike, as with a racket. a=racky (ব্ৰকাৰী; noisy).

Back-rent, rak-rent, n উচ্চ হারে নিদিঃ কর; আভি-রিক্ত রাজব; Extreme rent; rent raised to the utmost. [ sive rent.

Back-rented, a. Subject or liable to exces-Bacy, rase, a. তীত্ৰ; স্থান, ভেজান; Strong, flavoured; high:—টাটকা; তীত্ৰতারবিশিষ্ট; সভেজ রসমুক্ত; Seasoned; pungent. ad = racily. n= raciness. Syn:—Spicy, spirited, lively, smart, piquant, fresh, rich.

Raddle, v. f. বয়ন-কৃ; বোলা; Interweave:—n.
বৃহ্ণাথার প্রস্তুত বেড়া; A hedge formed by inter
weaving the branches of trees.

Badial, radi-al, a. জংগুৰং নিৰ্গমকারী; Shooting out like a ray or radius :--করাত্তি সম্বনীয়; Pertaining to the radius of the forearm.

Badiance, ráde-ans, Badiancy, rádi-an-si, n. উৰ্ভাত , উৰ্ভা ; প্ৰতা ; প্ৰতা ; Brilliancy, lustre ; splendour. Syn:—Splendour, glitter, glare, effulgence, resplendence.

Badiant, rade-ant, a. [L. radians, ppr. of radiare, to emit rays] সমূহন : প্রভাগালী ; উৰজ ;
Bright; shining:—n. বানার ; A straight line from a point about which it is conceived to revolve. ad=iadiantly. Syn:—(a) Lustrous, beaming, glittering, brilliant, splendid, effulgent, resplendent.

Radiata, n. बाज्यात ; Rayed animals.

Radiato, ráde-āt, v. t. [L. radiare, from radius, ray] বিভাপিত-কু; আসো বিভাপ-কু; Send out or proceed in rays:—v. t, বিভিন্নত-২ বিভাবিত-হ; To emit rays of light, Syn:—Shine, gleam, emanate,

Badistion, ru-di-áshun, #. विकिशन ; महन दावाजप বিস্থৃতি; The emission and diffusion of rays of light or heat.

Badistion of hest—ভাগ বিকীরণ।

Badical, rade-kal, a. [ L. radix, radicis, a root ] a. (योनिक ; आषिय ; Primitive, orininal :-প্ৰাৰুত , Fundamental ; real :--প্ৰকাতন্ত্ৰ-বাৰনৈতিক . In politics, altra liberal, democratic :-- ল. পাড়; A root :-- यून नम न। नर्ग, A primitive word or letter :-- প্রজাতম্ব-বাজনীতির পক্ষপান্তী লোক ; A democrat :- (वोशिक भगार्थन यून ; The base of a chemical compound. ad=radically ( মূলে; সম্পূৰ্ণmed); n-radicalness. Syn:-(n) Organic, constitutional, underived, innate; uncompounded, simple; thorough, complete, entire.

Radical curo--- त्रण्यूर्व व्यादांगा ।

The radical sign—গণিতের চিহ্ন বিশেষ।

Badicalism, tadi-kal-izm, n. প্রকাতম রাজনীতি অভারতিশান ব্যক্তিব মতামত ; The principle or spirit of a democrat.

Radicate, radi-kāt, v. f. पहनाल वस्त्रान कृ. To root; to plant deeply and firmly:-- s. कुइसारी वक्षण ; Deeply-rooted.

Radicle, n. कुझ मुल ; A little root.

Radish, radish, n. 441, An eatable root.

Radius, radi-us, n. वानिष ; वृत्त्व क्स इरेट পরিমি পধ্যক্ত যে সরল রেখা টানা যায়: A straight line drown from the centire of a circle to the ciruumference:--বাছর অন্তি বিশেষ. The exterior bone of the arm. pl=radii.

Badix, ra'diks, n. मृत ; मृत भन्न ; A root ; a primitive word:--गिंड दानानी विरम्दन मून, The base of a mathematical system.

Raff, n, 写对; 对何; Lumber.

Baffle, raffi, n. প্রিবেলা ; মূত-ক্রীড়া ; পাশা-ক্রীড়া ; Disposing of lottery and by dice, a game of lottery :-- v. i. সৃতিবেল - ; To engage in a raffle. Baft, raft, n. উড়ুগ; ভেলা; মাড, Logs fastened together to serve as a support on the water :-ण. t. (खना बाजा वहन-कृ ; To carry on or in a raft. Rafter, raiter, n. नज़भा; सन्ता; A support; a beam supporting the roof of a house.

Bafteman, raftsman, n. উড়প চাৰক; One who manages a raft floating down a river.

Bag, rag, n. होत्र रहर्प ; A fragment of cloth .-मोर्न रव ; हिन्न रव ; त्नक्छा ; कानि ; Worn out cloth '--pl. সামান্ত পরিচ্ছদ; Mean attire.

Ragamuffin, rag-a-mul'in, n. ইटन लोक. नीह वाकि; केहा लाक; Idle, worthless, ragged fellow; mean wretch; a mean paltry fellow.

Rage, rai, n. [L. rabies, fury] stre cate. রোব: মার ; ক্রোব; Uiolent anger ; fury :-- লালনা ; Violent passion; eagerness:—প্রকোপ: আবলা; Extrme violence :-- ब्रीडि ; Fashion: -v. t. বাগোন্ধ-২; ক্লোবোন্ধ-২; কুদ্দ-২; To be furious with anger :-- बडाड थाइडीव-१ ; श्रवन-१ ; To prevail latally, as a disease :— धरनकाल जाला छिड-र ; To be violently agitated, as the waves. Syn:-(v) Vehemence, violence, fury, passion, frenzy, ire; eagerness; vogue. (v) Storm, fret, chafe.

The fire of rage—crivian i Ragged, ragiged, a. हिन ; कीर्ग , शनित ; Torn or

rent into rags, worn into rags;—ব্ৰেড়া পথা; ছিন্ন শত্ৰ পৰিছিত ; Clad in rags :--কৰ্ম-পৃষ্ঠ ; আৰদ্ৰো-भाराज़ ; Having a rough edge. ad=raggedly. n=raggedness. Syn:-Tattered, rent, torn; uneven, jagged, rugged.

Ragged-school, n. त् रेवजनिक विशानित बढिज महात्नदा भाके करतः विद्या यानकपित्तत विद्यानद: School for street wanderers, school intended for the poor. [ millet.

Raggee, rag-ge', n. कृत्यां वित्नत ; A species of Baging, rajing, a. द्वांशांविक; मीनामान; क्षांक. Furious; impetuous. ad = ragingly ( @500000) ! Ragout, ra-goo', n. मारदनव वाधन विद्याव ; A highly seasoned dish. impure lime-stone. Bagstone, Bagg, #. अधन निर्मय; A kind of Hag-tag, n. नगरकत्र कि नीड वाकि; नगरकत कैंडा লোক ; The scum of population. Bagwort, n. আগাছা বিশেষ; A large coarse Raid, rad, n. [ A. S. rad, a riding ] abate आदिया ; A hostile or predatory invasion. n=raider ( আক্ৰমণকাৰী )। Syn .- Foray, inroad. Bail, ral, n. naifeal, naice ; (ae : A bar of wood or iron resting on posts :-- লোহনৰ ; One of the iron bars on which railway carriages run : --পিক্ বিশেষ ; A genus of birds :-- v. t. বেইন-ক : To enclose: - शानि वर्श-कृ; To abuse, reproach. revile :--ভিরম্বার-সূ , কলল-সু , To brawl. Syn :--(v) Bluster, scold; reproach, scoff.

By rail-त्वन भए : (बनशांकि क्विता : By railway. Rail at or against—विक्रण्यात निका कहा वा नानि-CV; Use insolent and reproachful language; scoff at.

Railing, raling, n. लोट्डव (वडा ; कांट्रेनडा ; फालक বেড়া; A fence of posts and rails:-পালি; ভিৰন্ধার : ঠাটা ; Abuse, reviling.

Baillery, rafer-i, ল. উপহাস ; বিদ্রাপ ; ঠাটা , Banter; good-humoured satire or irony.

Bail-road, rairod, Bailway, rai'wa, n. लोश-পথ; লৌহবর্দ্ম; রেলেব পথ; A road or way laid with iron rails on which carriages run.

Raimont, rament, n. পৰিছেদ; পোৰাক; ব্যা, Clothing in general; clothes. Syn:-Vestments, garments, dress, apparel, attire.

Bain, ran, n. at; Water from the clouds :-v. i. वृष्टि-इ ; वृष्टि भेड़ा ; कलविन्युव कांग्र शिंडिज-इ ; To fall from the clouds; to drop like rain:-v. f. वृष्टि वर्षण-कृ , To pour like rain.

It rains—বৃষ্ট হটতেছে।

Bain in torrents—प्रनगात वृष्टि পভिড-इ ; To rain with violent or rapid flow.

Bain or shine-Without regard to weather.

Bainbow, rahbo, n. ইপ্রবন্ধ, রামধনু; Iris; the brilliant coloured bow or arch seen when rain is falling opposite the sun.

Rain-fall, n. বৃষ্টিপাত ; বৰিত বারি।

Rain-gauge, rangaj, n. वृष्टि मानक रख : वृष्टिमान as; An instrument for measuring the quantity of rain that falls; measure of quantity of rain. Rain tight-So tight as to exclude rain.

Rain-water, n. वृद्दित क्या

Rainy, cani, a. ainei ; getem ; nain, wie ; Abounding with rain; showery.

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Against a rainy day-जनस्त्र जन ; As a [ জু:সমর। provision for bad times. A rainy day-- त्व नित्न व्यक्तित वर्दन रहः प्रक्तिः The rainy season-stime :

Baise, raz, v. t. উত্থাপন-কু; উত্তোলন-কু; তোলা ; To cause to rise; elevate; lift up; set up right: –বন্ধিত শক্তি-কু; সভেজ বা বলবৎ-কু; To increase the strength of :-- উৎপাদন-তু: To originate or produce :--উন্নত-কু; বৃদ্ধি-কু; To exalt :---পাডা-কু; নির্মাণ-ক ; To erect ; to make upright ; build :-উত্তেজিউ-কু; জাগান; চেডান; To excite; arouse: —জীবিত-কু; Bring into being :—ভূত নামান ; Call up ghosts:—আয়ন্ত-কৃ; Begin:—উচ্চ শব্-কৃ; Utter loudly:—কীড-কৃ; To cause to swell, as dough. Syn :- Uplift, hoist, heave ; construct ; elevate, advance, promote; augment; enhance, heighten, aggravate; awaken; collect, levy; obtain, get; produce, breed; institute. Raise a blockade-To remove or break up a blockade. [ स्याष्ट्रि-क्र । Raise & cheque-वतां ि हिरिट अकांनि वीछाइया

Raise a siege-अवरवारधन (5%) जान-कृ; अनरवाध कविया एथल कवियात উদাম ত্যাণ-क , Remove a be sieging army and abandon the attempt; relinguish an attempt to take a place by besieging it.

Raise money—টাকার যোগাড় বা টাকা সংগ্রহ-কু. Get together or obtain money.

Raise the devil—ভয়ানক উৎপাত-কু।

Baiso an army— সৈক্ত সংগ্রহ-কু।

Raise the wind-কোনও উপায়ে অর্থ সংগ্রহ-কু টাকার জোগাড়- ; Procure money; obtain the necessary funds. [grape. Raisin, razn, n. শুরু ফ্রাক্ষাকল; কিন্মিন: A dried Raj. n. বাজ্য: Kingdom. in Hindustan. Rajah, raja. n. राजा ; A native prince ; a king Raj-shuya, n. 4|5-74; A festival generally celebrated by the Hindu kings at the time of their coronation.

Bake, rak, v. t. [ Icel. rake, to scrape ] हाहिया কেলা; কাটা বন্ধ ছাবা জাচডাইয়া সংগ্ৰহ কু: জড-কু: To scrape with something toothed :-- টিকে স্বেকা; To smooth with a take :—কটে সংগ্রহ-ক ; To collect with difficulty :—পরিশ্রমপূর্বক অবুসদান-কু; अव्ययन-कृ ; To search deligently over :-- नवानिय ভাবে সোবাবৰ্ণ-কু: Fire into a ship in the direction of her length or decks :-- v. i. আচুচাইলা সন্ধান-কু; To scrape as with a rake:—(পাজ-কু. পুৰাহৰণে অহুসকান-ক ; To search minutely :---व्यवनारवरत्र हिन्दा दाख्या ; To pass with violence : –ভ্ৰমণ-কু; বেড়ান; To wander; ramble: – লাম্পট্য জীবন বাপন-ভূ; To lead a debauched life:--n. मछविनिष्टे वञ्च , विष्म ; An instrument with teeth for smoothing earth :--লম্পট ; ছুক্তবিত্ত লোক ; A libertine; a debuchee:—প্রবণ্ডা; হেলন; আনতি; The inclination of a mast from the perpendicular. Syn: -(v) Scour, ransack; search.

Rake up- 雪哨夜间 5-7; Cover with ashes:-পুঁচিয়া তোলা; খুঁচিয়া বাহির-কু; Bring up or revive as old quarrels and grievances : -- সূত্ৰৰ কৰিয়া বাহির-কু; Call to mind. [fligate; a debauchee. Rake-holl, rak hel, n. नजारे . ब्रहे लांक ; A pro-

Rencid Baking fire -A fire that passes through the whole length of the deck.

Rakish, a. লম্পট ; Debauched :-- সাধ্যমের আনতি ভাব্যক : Having a great inclination of the masts. ad = rakishly ( লাশ্টের মত )। n=rakishness.

Rally, rali, v. t. পুনরার শ্রেণীবদ্ধ-কু; পুনর্শ্বিলিত-ক: প্নৰ্কাৰ সংগ্ৰহ-কু; To collect and reduce to order; to reunite; to gather again :-- Garay-কু; বিজ্ঞাপ-কু; বাজ-জু; To banter, to ridicule:--v. i. সংগ্রহ-কু; পুনর্কার শ্রেণীবদ্ধ-ছ; To assemble, reunite ; come back in order :-- বল পুনঃপ্রাপ্ত-ছ ; To recover; gather strength. The rallying point-বেশানে কাৰ্যাৰ্থ সকলে সমবেত Bam, ram, n. মেৰ: ভেড়া; মেডা; A male sheep: --( Fag. ewc ) প্রাচীরাদি ভাঙ্গিবার টেকি কল বিশেষ; Battering ram :-- (भवत्रानि ; One of the signs of the zodiac :- v. t. 5171; 1171; 1171; 117-7; To

thrust by violence as ram; to force together; to drive down. Ramble, rambl, v. i. [Ger. rammeln, to turnble ] প্রাটন-কু; ইতন্তঃ অমণ-কু; To wander; rove:—এলোমেলো কথা কহা; To be desultory in discourse: -n. ইতস্তত বিচরণ; প্যাটন; A going

n=rambler ( ভাষণকারী )। a=rambling. Syn :-(n) Rove, roam, range, stroll, saunter, struggle. Rambling, a. अन्वनी ; व्याहनीत ; Wandering:--অনিয়নিত; Desultory.

from place to place; an irregular excursion.

Ramification, ram-e-fe-káshun, 12. **4191** অশাথা : প্রতিশাখা ; A branch :—শ্রেণী বিভাগ ; A division; a subdivision. Syn:-Forking, divarication; branch.

Ramify, rame-fi, v.t. [ L. ramus, a branch, and facerc, to make | শাখাৰ বিভক্ত-কু: To divide into branches --- v. i. শাখাৰ বিভক্ত-ই ; To shoot into branches. Syn: -(v) Branch, diva-[ scented. ricate ; separate, divide.

Rammish, Rammy, a. छीउनम ; Strong Ramose, Ramous, a णाशाविणिष्ठ ; Branchy.

Ramp, ramp, n. 可听; A leap; a bound:--v. t. লক্ষ-দে; লাকাইয়া উঠা; To leap, to bound.

Rampant, iamp'ant, a. লক্ষকারী; অনিবন্ধিত; ছুৰ্দাস্ত; অসংযত, প্ৰবল; Overleaping restraint; wild ; ferocious :-- পশ্চাৎ পদৰ্যের উপর দশুয়মান, Standing on the hind legs. a=rampancy, ad= rampantly. Syn:-Rank, luxuriant, exuberant, wanton; frisky, violent, vehement, impetuous, headstrong.

Rampart, rampart, n. [ F. rempart, remparer, to fortily] ছুগের চতুদ্দিকর প্রাচীর; ঘুর্গ প্রাচীর; গড়ের চারিদিকর মাটির চিপি; Broad wall or mould around a fortified place. Syn .- Bulwark, defence, fortification, fort.

Ram-rod, rairrod, n. वन्यूकोविएक वांत्रक नीविवांत्र শিক: গাদৰ-কাটি: A rod used in charging a gun. Ramstam, a. অতি ব্যস্ত; হঠকারী; Forward:-adv. ব্যক্তভাবে ; সহসা।

Ran-Past tense of run.

Rancid, ransid, a. [ L. rancidus, from rancere, to be rank ] ছুৰ্গন্ধ ; পৃতিগন্ধ ; জীবগৰা ; কটু : Having a putrid smell, as old oil; sour n. rancidness rancidity. ad=rancidly. Syn:-

Strong smelling, musty, fusty, tainted, reasty. Bancidness, Bancidity, ». তীয়গৰ; কটুগৰ; Sour scent.

Rancorous, rang'kur-us, a. বিষেষপূর্ব ; ক্রিণর-বল ; বিষেষ্টিভ ; হিসোপূর্ব ; Spiteful ; malicious. Syn :—Malignant, malevolent, implacable ; bitter, virulent.

Rancour, rang'kur, n. रहन् निर्देश; कर्या; विश्वा; An old grudge; spite; virulence; deepseated enmity. Syn:—Malignity, malice, ill-will; venom, virulence.

Bandom, rahdum. a. বিশ্বল; অনিয়নিত; অবিচারিত; কৈবাদিন; Done or uttered at hazard; left to chance:—n. অনিমিট্রগতি; লক্ষাহীনতা; Hazard; chance. Syn:—(n) Chance, fortuitous, casual. A random shot—বয়ক্ষাক্রনে নিক্ষিপ্ত শুলি।

At random—এনোনেলা; বৃদ্দান্তন; বৈবনৰ; পুস্তাবে; বৈবাৎ; Without settled aim or purpose; without any settled point of direction; wildly; at haphazard:—বেধান নেধান হইতে; Without any method or consideration.

Talk at random-- वत्तात्रका वका ।

Random shot—Shot discharged at random without any direct aim; a shot not aimed towards any particular object.

Rang, pa. p. of ring.

Rango, ranj, n. [F, ranger, from rang, a row] ্ৰেণী, পঙ্কি ; সাবি : A row, line --- (ৰেণী ; A class ; order :--বিচরণ ; ইডস্কত: ভ্রমণ ; পবিভ্রমণ ; A wandering:-- विवन : Compass, reach:-- मत्नन शान ক্ষতা; দৌড়; Natural or acquired power to comprehend knowledge; capacity of mind:-গোলান্ডলির পাল্লা : The horizontal distance to which a shot is carried '-- खमन मीमा ; निवनद्र ; Extent of excursion :- স্থাই চুল্লী বিশেষ, The long cooking-stove of a kitchen :-- v. i. শ্ৰেণীবৃদ্ধ-ছ: To be placed in order: —বদৃচ্ছাক্রমে অমণ-কু; अवात वम्य-कृ; To rove at large; to wonder about :-- v. t. विश्वान-कृ ; ध्यनीवक्क-कृ . To arrange ; to dispose in proper order; to set in a row :-ভাষা-কু, To rove or pass over Syn :--(n) Rank, tier; kind, sort; roving, excursion, scope sweep, extent, reach, amplitude, latitude. (v) Rank, class; roam, ramble; wander, expatiate, consort : lie, run.

Bange in order of battle—গুদ্ধাৰ্থ প্ৰেণীবদ্ধ-চ।
Range of a gun—As far as shot from the gun
will reach.

will reach.

Range of mountains —গর্কত-শ্রেণী; A stretch or line of mountains.

(গোচৰে ৷

Within the range—কোলং কিছুর দূরতা মধ্যে;

Ranger, দমাগুলৈ, দ. পর্যাচক; ব্রুগকারী, A rover:
—শিকারী কুকুর; A dog that heats the ground:—
ক্ষরণাপাল, অবণারকক কপ্রচাবী; An officer who superintendends a forest of park. 

Resembling a fog.

Ranine, a. [L. rana, a frog] ভেক সম্বন্ধীয়;

Rank, rangk, দ. শ্রেণী, সারি; গর্জান্ত, বি তেও বা বা লোভ:—ক্ষান;

শুলা; পফ; Place; position —উচ্চপাদ;

দ্বাহারিক উচ্চপাদ; High social position:—শ্রেণী.

Jlass , order :-- চ. t. সারি-কু , প্র্জিবশ্ব-কু ; To |

place in a line: - শ্লেপ্ৰন্থ হ; To class: - ব্যারীতি সন্ধিত হ; To dispose methodically: -- চ. i.
শ্লেপ্ৰত হ; To be placed in a rank; to be
ranged: -- পদ্বিশেষ প্রাপ্ত - হ; পদ্ম - হ; To have a
certain degree of elevation or distinction: -- a.
নাতি প্রচুর; মাতি বৃদ্ধিয়; মাতি বৃদ্ধিত; Exuberant,
rich; very fertile: -- কট্রন্থ; রুগম্বুড; Rancid:
-- তার বাস; High-tasted: -- উৎকট; সন্পূর্ণ;
Gross: -- বাতান্তিক; বুল; Excessive: ম= rankness (বলবড়া; উন্নতা); ad=rankly. Syn:-(n) Range; division, degree, grade; dignity,
nobility.

[or low condition.

Risen from the ranss—From mean origin To break the rank—गुल्डन-इ।

The rank and file—নামান্ত নৈত থক; সমগ্ৰ নিম শ্ৰেণীৰ দৈনিক; The whole body of common soldiers:—সামান্ত লোক; The ordinary mass of men; undistinguished ordinary mass of men.

The ranks নামান্ত নৈজনের ; নামান্ত নৈনিক্দিপের সম্প্রদায় : The order of common soldiers.

To take rank of—স্কলের অপ্রধান্ত; To enjoy precedence over; to have the right; to occupy a higher place.

Bankle, rangkl, v. i. अविक्छत्र- इ; धारण- इ; वारण- इ; वारण- इ; To be inflamed; rage, fester.

Rankle in one's bosom—ক্ষেত্ৰ-হ; কোন কইকৰ বাপার কাহারও মনে আগিয়া থাকা; Be a source of great irritation to one.

Bannee, n. sied; A native queen.

Ransack, ransak, v. t. ন্ঠ-ক; স্ঠন-ক; To plunder, to pilfer:—তন্ত্ৰ তন্ত্ৰ কৰিয়া অসুস্থাৰ-ক; অৱেগ-ক; To search thoroughly. Syn:— Pillage, rifle; rummage, explore, overhaul.

Bansom, ran'sum, n. বন্ধীর উদ্ধার মূল্য; নিক্কর; মোচন মূল্য; Price paid for redemption from captivity or punishment:—-বন্ধিত মোচন; বন্ধীর উদ্ধার; Release from captivity, punishment or ownership:—-v.t. চাকা দিয়া করেনী ব্যক্তিকে উদ্ধার-ক; (বন্ধীকৃত ব্যক্তিকে) মূক্ত-ফু; To redeem from captivity, punishment or ownership.

Ransomless, a. নিজ্জবন্ত ; Without ransom. Rant, rant, v. t. পাগলের ভাব বকা ; আগল্ভতা-কু ; To be noisy in words ; to bluster :— ম. অৰ্থীন বাক্য ; বড়াই , বাগাড়খব , Boisterous, empty declamation.

Ranter, ranter. n क्षांग्डबांक् वाक्ति, अनर्बक वह-खारी : A noisy talker. n=ranterizm.

Rantipole, a. জ্বাস্ত: Turbulent.

Ranty, ranti, a. গোলমানপ্রিয়; উচ্চরবকারী, Noisy; boisterous.

Ranunculus, n. উদ্ভিদ্ শ্ৰেণী বিশেষ; A genus of plants. pl=ranunculuses.

Rap, rap, v. (ঠাকৰ মারা; शांका মারা; To strike with a quick blow, to knock:—ধরিয়া লইবা বাবদা; অপহত-কু; To seize and carry off:—n. টোকৰ; থাকা; যা; A sharp blow; a knock:— বংকিকিং মূল্যের মুদা।

Not to care a rap—किहूमांव और नी-इ।

Not worth a rap--স্কিকিংকর।

Rap and rond—ৰা কিছু পাওলা বার তা এইশ-ক।
Rap out—জোবে বশা, সংসা উচ্চাৰণ-কু, Utter with
sudden violence.

Rapacious, ra-páshe-us, a. (L. rapere, to seize and carry off ] বলপুৰ্বাৰ গ্ৰহণকারী; লুঠনকারী; হিন্দ্রক; ছাতি পূল্ধ; লোলুপ; Given to plunder; raveneus; greedy. ad—rapaciously (বলপুৰ্বাক; হিন্দ্রভাবে)! n=rapaciousness. Syn:—Preying, raptorial; voracious, avaricious, grasping. Rapacity, ra-paśi-ti, n. বলপুৰ্বাক আপ্তর্বা; The act or practice of seizing by force; extortion:
—অভ্যাচার; পীড়ল; ছাতি লোভ; গৃহুভা; Excessive greediness.

Bape, rāp, n. বলাংকার; Violation of the chastity of a female:—হরণ; বলপূর্বাক ধারণ; Seizure by force:—মূল জাতীয় উদ্ভিদ; A plant.

Rape-cake, n. रहन; Cake or refuse, remaining after the oil has been expressed from the rape-seed. [from rape-seed.

Rape-oil, ন. রেপ্ বীজের তৈল; Oil expressed Rape-seed, ন. দ্বণ ; রাই।

Raphaeliam, n. র্যাক্যাএলের প্রবর্ধিত চিত্রনীতি। Raphaelite, n. র্যাক্যাএলের নীতির অনুচর।

Bapid, rap'id, a. ছবিত; শীত্ত; কেত্ত; কিন্তু, Very swift; speedy:—n. নদীৰ যে আংশ অধিকতৰ বেগে স্নোত প্ৰবাহিত হয়; প্ৰণাত; That part of a river where the current is more rapid than usual (gen. in pl.). ad=rapidly (ক্লভবেগে, সম্ভূত্ত); n=rapidness. Syn:—(a) Fast, fleet; expeditious, hurried.

Bapidity, ra-pidi-ti, n. ফততা; কিপ্ৰতা; হয়া; Swiftness; velocity.

Rapier, rapi-er, n. ভৱনাত্তি বিশেষ; কিত্তিচ; Bapine, rapin, n. নুঠন; দুটপাট; Plunder; violence:—v. t. নুঠন-ক; To plunder. Syn:—(n) Spoliation, pillage, depredation.

Rapparee, n. আয়ৰ্কীয় বস্তুপন্থা; A wild Irish plunderer.

Rappee, n. নত বিশেষ; A moist, coarse kind of snuff. [ knocker. Rapper, rap'er, n. বারে আবাডকারী; A door-Rapt, rapt, a. উল্লানিড; ভাবে গদান; Transported.

Baptorial, rap-to'ri-al, त. वनभूतंक इवनकाती; Saizing by violence, as a bird of prey.

Bapture, rap'tūr, n. [ L. rapere, raptum, to carry off ] উল্লান; মহানস; অভি হব, Tiansport; extreme delight; ecstasy. Syn:—Bliss, delight, exultation.

Bapturous, rap'tür-us, a. প্রমাজাণজনক; উন্নাদ-জনক; Ecstatic; transporting. ad - rapturously. Baro, rar, a. বিরল; ছর্লভ; জনাধারণ; জনামাভ; Uncommon; extraordinary; scare, excellent. ad-rarely (দৈবাৎ, কলাচিত)। n=rareness. Syn:—Unusual, infrequent, scare, singular, unique, exquisite; thin, subtile, porous.

Barefaction, rar-e-fak'shun, n. অঘনত, বিন্ননী-করণ; পাডলাভরণ; Expansion of acriform bodies. Barefy, rar'e-fi, v. t. [ L. rarus, rare, facio, factum, to make] পাডলা-কৃ, লঘু-ফু; To make rare, thin, or less dense:—v. i. পাডলা-ফু; লঘু-ফু; To become thin and porous.

Rarity, rar'e-te, n. विवन हा; विवन इ; वर्णक इ; वर्णक वस ; Thinness ; uncommonness ; anything valued for its scarcity. Syn: - Subtility, rareness , scarcity, in frequency, Bascal, raskal, n. [A. S. rascal, a worthless deer] ছবাছা; বুৰ্ট; পাৰি; বেডায়ক; পঠ; A knave; a villian; a mean fellow, a rogue. Syn:—Scoundrel, rogue, scamp, caitiff, vagabond.

[Dishonesty; fraud.

Bascality, ras-kal'i-ti, n. পেজৰি ; বৃৰ্বতা ; দঠতা ; Bascally, ras'kal-i, a. নীচ ; ইতর ; অবস ; অবস ; Vile : mean ; base ; worthless.

Base, rāz, v. t. [ L. rado, rasum, to scrape ]
মুচিয়া কেলা; ডুলিয়া কেলা; চাঁচিয়া কেলা; To efface;
to cancel:—ভূমিদাং-ড়; অংস-ড়; বিধাৰ-ড়; To
level with the ground; to demolish.

Bash, rash, a. हांकांग्नी; खरियरुक; खरिश्वाकांग्नी; त्रीमांत्र; Sudden; hasty; headstrong; reckless:
—n. हर्मदान दिन्देव; A slight eruption on the body. n=rashness. ad=rashly ( नहना; हांग्द्र) हे Syn:—(a) Headlong; foolhardy, headless, incautious, unwary, adventurous; thoughtless, careless, unguarded.

[ of bacon. Basher, rasher, n. नुकद सारम्बक; A thin slice

Rashners, n. ব্ৰুব্ৰ নাগেৰত ; A thin slice Rashness, n. হাকারিতা ; গোণারতামি ; Hastiness. Syn:—Precipitancy ; recklessness, tementy, foolhardiness ; inconsideration, indiscretion.

Basorial, ra-zō'ri-al, a. [L. rado, rasum, to scrape ] ঘট্ডগালী; ঘ্র্পানা পকী সম্বাচ্চ ; Belonging to an order of birds, which scrape the ground for their food, as the hen.

Basp, rasp, n. মোট উধা; A coarse file .—v. t.
মাটা উধা থারা ঘণ্ণ-ড়; To rub with a rasp. n = rasper.

Baspherry, rafber-i, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ কাঁটা পাছ ও ভাষাৰ কৰ; A kind of bramble and its fruit.

Basure, rázhūr, n. প্রমার্জন, মোচন: মার্জন; An erasure; obliteration.

Rat, rat, n. বৃথিক ; থেডে ইন্দুর ; বড ইন্দুর ; An animal of the mouse kind, but larger and more destructive .—দলড়াানী ; One who deserts his party :—v. i. যপক ডাগে করিয়া প্রতিপক্ষেব আগ্রয়-ছু; বিকের দল ছাড়া ; To desert one's post and join their opponents for gain or power, leave a falling party.

To smell a rat—নশেহ করিবা সতর্ক-ই; ভিত্তকে গ্রাম সংশহ-কু; To suspect something and be on the watch, to be on the watch from suspicion, as, a cat by the scent or noise of a rat.

Ratable, a. यूना निक्रणनीय ; क्तरांना क्तरपंतात्रा , क्क् गांत्त्र त्यात्रा ; Capable of being rated , tanable. n=ratability, ratableness. ad=ratably (हिनानक्क) । Ratafia, n. त्यां वित्तर ; A spirituous liquor.

Ratans, গ. ব্ৰা (ব্ৰৰ্ : A spiritious inquor.

Ratan, Battan, n. বেৰ , বেৰ , Small cane.

Bate, rāt, n. নিৰিপ্ত মূল্য : দব : Piice, value :—কৱ .

Tax:—গতি, Movement :—ফাহাফেৰ ভেণ্ণ : The class of a ship :—পবিমাণ : নিৰাপিত অংশ : A proportion : a ratio :—v. t. দর-দে : মূল্য হিন-কু : দাম কেলা : To fix rates :—গণনা-কু : To calculate :—বিচার-কু : To estimate :—অংশনা-কু : ভিনমান-কু :

To reprove : to scold , to chide .—v. i. পণনা-কু :
হার হিন-কু : To make an estimate :—কেণ্ডিক্ড-কু :

To be placed in a certain class. Syn :—(n)

Standard, degree : ratio : cost : worth, estimate, impost, assessment. (v) Appraise, estimate, reckon : chide, abuse.

At any rate-नाराहे रहेक ना (का ; At all events : --नारक: ; At least.

At a quick rate—क्षटरदार ।

At the rate of—शंत ; वहे शात ; According to the scale of ; in the proportion of.

Bate-payer, ratpa-ér, त. क्रमांज ; One who is assessed and pays a tax. [ times.

Bath, Bathe, s. আছলিক, সামন্ত্ৰিক; Barly; be-Bather, räther, s. বরং; বিশেষতঃ; More so than otherwise:—বিশং পরিসাধে; কিছু; Somewhat, as rather deaf.

Had rather—একটিৰ অপেলা আৰু একটি পছৰ-তু; ৰৱং এটা ভাল; Would sooner; would prefer to.

Bather than—ৰয় এটা ভবু ওটা ৰছে; কোন কিছু অপেকার; পছকে; More willingly (do this than that). [ৰ্থন; ছিয়ীকরণ; Confirmation. Batification, rat-i-fi-kávhun, n. অসুনোদন; সম-

Batify, rate-fi, v. t. [ L. ratum, firm, and facere, to make ] অনুযোগন-কু; To confirm; to approve:—মন্ত্ৰ-কু; বাহাল-কু; To sanction. Syn:
—Establish, sanction.

Ratio, ráshi-o, দ. হার ; অবুপাত ; The relation of one thing to another , proportion.

Batiocination, rash-i-os-i-náshun, n. [L. ratiocinor, to calculate ] অবরোহ; নিছাত্ত; বিভার; A deducing conclusions from premises.

Ration, rashun, n. দৈনিক কিপের দৈনিক আহার,
The rate of provisions distributted to a soldier
or sailor daily '—নিশিষ্ট পরিষাণ; An allowance.

Bational, rashun-al, c. বৃংগত্তিৰত; জানশন্তি-সন্মানু, বিজ্ঞা; প্ৰানী; Possessing reason; having reason:—বিবেক সম্মানু; বিবেকী, বৃদ্ধিসমূত; Relating or agreeable to reason. Syn:—Intellectual, mental; sane, sound, intelligent, sensible, wise, discreet, judicious, reasonable, fair, just.

Rational being—জানশক্তিসম্পন্ন জীব।

Bational conclusion—বৃত্তিসমূহ সিদ্ধার।
Bational horizon—বৈত্তিক চলুবার। হিন্

Bational quantity—মৌলিক চিক্ বিদা প্রকাশিত Bational treatment—মুক্তিসঙ্গত চিকিৎসা। Bationale, rash-1-0-nále, n. তেওবাদসম্ভিত

Bationale, rash-1-o-nale, n. তেতুবাদসম্বিত বিবরণ, যুক্তিপূর্ব বিবরণ; An account of the principles of some opinion, action, &c.

Bationalise, rashun-al-iz, v. t. विहात-कृ, वृक्ति-युक्त-कृ; To reason.

Bationalism, rashun-al-izm, n. হেড্ৰাণ, বৌদ্ধিক ৰণ্ধ; The religious system or doctrines of rationalist.

Rationalist, rashun-al-ist, n. (र्जूनामी ; वृक्तिनामी ; One guided in his opinions solely by reason.

Bationalistic, Rationalistical, a. যুক্তিবাদীয় ধর্মবিষয়ক কার্যাপছতি বা মত স্বন্ধীয় অববা ভদস্বায়ী; Pertaining to or in accordance with the principles of rationalism.

Bationality, rash-un-ali-ti, n. বিবেদিতা; বৌজিকতা, Reasonableness:—ব্যুৎপত্তিমন্তা; প্ৰজ্ঞা-ৰতা: Possession or due exercise of reason.

Batline, Batlin, n. নাজন বছন বজুৰ মধ্যে যে এটো দঢ়ি থাকে তাহা।

lattan, त. (बज ; (बज , A genus of palms. lattle, rath, v. i. धन धन भव-कृ ; वह यह भव-कृ ; व वस मच-कृ ; To clatter :---(आदि कथी कही ; वह

ৰচ্ কৰিবা বৰিতে থাকা; To speak eagerly and noisily; jabber:—৮. ই. বন্ বন্ খন্ খন খন কৰান। তুৰ্বা-কৃ; To cause to make a rattle or clatter; to stun with noise; to sold:—n. বন্ বন্ খন খন খন খন , A sharp noise; a clatter:—বড় বড়ানি; বিন্তুক কথা; Loud empty talk:—বেলনা; বুন্বুনি; A toy:—pl. ( মৃত্যুকানীন ) গলার ঘর্ষর খন।

Battle brained or headed, a. हक्न ; विश्व ; निर्दर्श ; बहडारी , Giddy ; noisy , unsteady.

Battle-snake, ratl-snak, n. আমেরিকাৰ একলাতীয় বিষয়ে নপ বিশেষ; A deadly American snake having a number of hard, bony rings loosely joined at the end of the tail, which makes a rattling noise.

Battling, n. वड़ वड़ भवा ।

Bavage, ravaj, v. t. প্র-কু; ল্টপটি-কু; লংগ-কু; ছারণার কু; To pillage; to destroy, to lay waste; to spoil:—n. নুঠ; লংগ; উচ্ছেন, Plunder; devastation; ruin. Syn:—(v) Despoil, plunder, sack, devastate, desolate, ruin.

Bavager, ravaj-er, n. ज्रंकाती ; ज्रंनकाती ; ज्रंक ; A plunderer.

Bave, rav, হ. i. বাতুদের মত প্রনাণ-রু; পাণল-তু; ভূল বকা, To be wild or raging, like a madman; to talk irrationally.

Bavel, ravel, v.t. শেলাই খোলা; খালুলায়িত-তৃ. To untwist; to unweave:—v.i. বিরথ গ্রন্থ- চুক্ হুইতে উল্লোচিত-তৃ; To be untwisted or unwoven.

Bavelin, ravlin, n. ছর্গের বহিবেট্ডর বিশেব; Work formed of two embankments meeting at a salient angle.

Baven, rāv'n, v. t. অভি লাগসার সহিত ভক্প-কৃ; বলপুর্বাক লাভ-কৃ, To devour greedily; to obtain by violence:—v. i. বলপুর্বাক শীকার-কৃ; To prey with rapacity:—গেটুক-হৃ, To be greedy:—n. গাড়কাক; A large black bird akin to the crow.—
দিকার, নুঠন; Prey; plunder:—a. কৃষ্টবর্ণ; Black, like a raven.

Bavenous, rav'n-us, a পেটুক; লোল্ণ; জতি কুধাৰ্ত্ত; Voracious, n=ravenousness. ad=ravenously. [ violence.

Bavin, v. f বলপূৰ্কক লাভ-কৃ; To obtain by Bavine, ra-vin, ». গভীব সহাৰ্থ গিরিসহট, পর্বত মধ্যকুন্তি পথ; A deep, narrow mountain pass; a gorge, to rape.

Baving, n. প্ৰদাপ; Delirium; frenzy; furious talking, as of mad man:—নিৰ্থক বাক; জৱনা, Absurd talk, nonsense:—a. প্ৰদাপকাৰী। ad=rayingly.

Bavish, ravish, v. t. বলাংকাৰ কু; To violate by force—আলাদে মন্ত্ৰ-কু; আলাদে আত্মধান-কু; To fill with ecstasy—v. t বলপূৰ্বক হৰণ-কু; To seize and carry away by violence. n=ravisher (লুঠেবা; বলকারী, denler) ৷ Syn:—Deflour, abuse; transport, enrapture, delight, enchant.

Revishing, a. বনোহর; অত্যাহ্যানজনক; Charming. Revishment, ravish-ment, n. অগহরণ, বলাৎকার; Abduction; rape:—হর্ষোঝাদ, অত্যাহ্মান. প্রমাহ্যাদ; Rapture.

Baw, raw, a. কাচা; অপন; Not cooked or dressed:—উসুক্ত; Bare:—অপন্যুদ্ধি, অনভিন্তা; Inexperienced; untried:—অধিপ্ৰা, অনিবিত ; Not

mixed :-- वर्गान ; Immature :- वर ; Sore :-चडाइड ; चान्तुर् ; Unfinished :— itel ; वार्क , ভিৰা ; অভি পাতন ; Piercingly damp or cold. \*\* rawness ( अनुका)। ad=rawly. Syn:-Uncooked, undressed, unmanufactured; naked, bare ; tender ; unripe, crude, immature ; unskilled, inexperienced, undisciplined, green.

Rawboned

Rawboned, rawboned, a. অছিলার; অভিকৃপ, With little flesh on the bones; gaunt.

Ray, ra, n. कित्र ; (कांकि ; त्रांत्र ; A line of light ; lustre :--জানালোক: Intellectual light:--বোধ-শক্তি ; Apprepension :—এক জাতীয় মংস্ত ; A class [ meden subject of Turkey. of fish.

Rayah, n. जुबकरांनी मृगतभान थला , A non-Maham-Raze, rāz, v. t. ভূমিদাৎ-कृ; To lay level with the ground; to overthrow; to postrate:-- विनष्टे-कृ, To destroy:—মুছিলা কেলা, To erase. Syn:— Demolish, prostrate, subvert, destroy.

Rasor, razor, n. जूब , A knife for shaving. Resor-strop, n. चूत्र भानाहेरात्र চर्चचक ; চायांहि ; A

strop for razors.

Ro, n. বিষয়, মুক্জমা; -- / fx. পুনঃ; বিক্লে, পশ্চাতে। Reach, rech, v. t. अमाविक-क ; विद्याद-क , To stretch; to extend:- क्ख अनावन कतिया छेभार्कन-কু; হাত বাড়াইয়া কোন কিছু পাওয়া বা স্পৰ্ন-কু, লাগাইল পাৰণা; To attain or obtain by stretching out the hand .- evis fis-p; To hand over :-পৌছাৰ . উপস্থিত-হ: To arrive at; to attain to :-উপাৰ্জন-কৃ; প্ৰাপ্ত-হ, To gain:---অভভূত-কৃ; To include:- v. i. विश्वविज-२. न्यनवार्थ अमात्रिज-२; To be extended so as to touch :-- হস্ত প্রসারণ-কু, হত বিভার-ক ; To stretch out the hand :--উপাঞ্জন-কু; লাভার্থ বৃত্ব-কু; To try to obtain :--বননের উপ-ক্ম-ক ; To make efforts to vomit :--n. বিস্তৃতি , প্রসার ; বিস্তার ; Extent :--বৃদ্ধি ; Penetration :--কৌশল ; Artifice ; contrivance .—দীমা , Limit :— ক্ষতা, শক্তি, Extent of force :—জল-প্রণালী; The straight course. a=reachable ( প্রাপ্তনা , আর্থা-बीन )! Syn :--(v) Touch; strike, hit, get.

Beyond reach-अनावह ; Inaccessible to , unattainable. [ অধাগ্মনসগোচর।

Beyond the reach of speech and mind-Reach after or at—পাইতে চেষ্টা-কু।

Reach one's ears-entity; To be told or com municated.

Within the reach of-व्यावरखंद मर्या ; निकारि । React, re-akt, v. t अछिकिया-क ; भूमवाक्रियक-क , To act again :-- প্রতিখাত-কু; প্রতিরোধ-কু; প্রস্পাবের উপর কাষ্য-কু, To return an impulse; to act mutually upon each other.

Beaction, ce-akshun, n. প্রতিক্রিবা; প্রতিবাত; Counteraction; reciprocal action:-- आर्यामण्डि, ष्परमाष : ( (त्रांगांतिक्टन ) उन्नि , Backward tendency from reform, revolution, or progress

Reactionary, re-akshun-ar-ı, a. প্রতিক্রিয়াপুচক, অতিক্রিনালনক, উন্নতি-প্রতিরোধক, Implying reaction Read, red, v. t. পাঠ-কু, অধ্যয়ন-কু; পড়া; To peruse; to study .-- বুঝা; বোধগন্য-কু; To comprehend :-- ग. रं. भार बांडाम-क् : भरून-ठकी-क् , भड़ा ; To practise much reading. f learned. Bead, a. পণ্ডিত . শিকিড ; বিধান ; Versed in books, Be well read in-(কোন বিষয়) পড়া খাকাতে ভাল- ক্ষণে জাৰা; ভালৱণ পাঠ হেতু সমাৰু অভিনা খাণা; Know (a subject ) well by reading.

Read a lecture or sermon-- जिन्हां To give a magisterial reprimand or a formal reproof.

Read a riddle---(र्वानी चाला ; नवळात्र वर्ष-कृ । Read between the lines—गृए वर्ष वाश्ति-इ ; **शृष्ट अर्थ अनुमान-कृ; ( अर्थ अश् करत वृत्रे। यात्र ना यानिता )** ভাল করিয়া পড়া ; অর্থ আচিয়া ছিব-ফু ; To go beyond the text or to conjecture an implied but unexpressed meaning; read carefully the meaning not being apparent on the surface; see a writer's concealed meaning.

Bead up--- मिरानिय अनुनी नन-क ।

Beadsble, reda-bl, a. নাঠা; পাঠোপবোদী; Worth reading. ad=readably, n=readableness.

Readdress, v. t. शूनजांत्र वना ; शूनफ व्यादनन-इ ; To address again.

Reader, reder, n. পाठक ; अभागनकांद्रक ; One who reads :-- প্ৰকাশ সংশোধক, One who reads or coirects proofs --- ধর্মান্দরে স্থাতিপাঠক; One who reads prayers in a church: -পাঠাপুত্তক; A reading book:-- श्रुक भारत वशायमार्थीन राक्ति; One studies in birds. reader.

Readership, n. शांतका नाम, The office of a

Readily, ad उरम्पार, Quickly. Readiness, rede-ness, n. প্রস্তৃতা; তংপরতা: স্থারতা, State or quality of being ready. Syn: -Promptness, promptitude, quickness, alacrity; aptness, expertness, facility, dexterity, knack, preparedness, ripeness; willingness Hold in readiness—वहुड श्राक्ष ; Keep ready. Reading, riding, n. 934. 915, weight, Persual; study of book; act of reading:-পুত্তকাদির ব্যাখ্যা, An interpretation of a law, text, passage or work :-- সাধারণ সমক্ষে আবৃত্তি, পাঠ; Public or formal recital :-- বিশা : Scholarship; learning -- a. পाठकांबी; পाठमखीब; Ad-

Reading-book, n. পাস্তুৰ্ক; A book of enercise in reading.

dicted to reading , studious of hooks.

Reading-room, reding room, n. नाउनाना , পাঠাগার; পাঠ-অকোষ্ঠ; A room with paper &c. resorted to for reading.

Re-adjourn, : E-ad-jurh, क. t. পুৰৱার ছগিত বা भूलकृती द्रांशां , To adjourn again.

Ro-adjust, re-ad-just, v. f. भूनतात्र कि-कृ, भून: সন্ধি 6-ক ; To adjust, settle or put in order again Re-admission, ार-ad-mishun, अ. भूनर्ज्य, পুনরার ভর্ত্তি; The act of admitting again.

Re-admit, rc-ad-mit, v. t পুনগ্ৰ-क ; পুনর।व ভৰ্ত্তি-কু; To admit again.

Beady, rede', a अञ्च ; मिक्क ; देशांब ; Prepared:—উৎস্ক, ইচ্চ্ক, Willing, cheerful — সম্পাত, উদাত, On the point of, about:-उ९भव ; किथहर , डिलानी , Quick, prompt --উপপ্তিত , নিকটছ; সবিহিত ; At hand , near -সমুপস্থিত; Present at hand — অনাবাসসাধা; সহজ, Easy :---কৌশনী; দক্ষ; প্রজ্ঞাৎপন্ন; Dexterous n=readiness, ad = readity ( তৎকশাৎ , ইচ্ছাপুৰ্বক ' Syn -- Active, lively, expeditious, speedy; Pt, skilful, expert; inclined, disposed; familiar, short, handy, near, convenient.

Make ready—nus-; mus-u; Prepare.

Ready for—(win futer us mus, Prepared for (what one is about to do).

Beady-made, a. गुर्स रहेल्ड श्रष्ट है रिजानि ; Prepared beforehand ; not made to order. { cash. Ready money--- नाम होना ; Money in hand ; Beady-reckoner, n. मनक्या यहे ; क्यम्बन ।

Beady-wit--- এড়াংগরমতি ; উপস্থিত বৃদ্ধি ।
Beagent, নে- এছানা, ন. পদার্থান্তরের বর্তমানতা উপস্থি
করিবার জন্ধ ব্যবহৃত প্রার্থ ; পরীক্ষা ; A substance
employed to detect the presence of other bodies;
a test.

Real, re'al, a. [ l. res, rei, a thing ] বাছৰিক; প্রকৃত্ত; স্বত্তা, অকুলিম ; আসল, Actually existing; true, genuine —কাজনিক নছে, Not imagmary: —স্থান, Pertaining to things fixed, permanent, as lands or houses; not personal:—n. তেলন্দেশীয় মুলা বিশেষ; ইছান এক পত্ত এক পত্তিভ: A Spanish coin. Syn —Actual, substantial, absolute, positive, veritable, authentic; intrinsic, essential, internal, heritable.

Real action—Action relating to property.

Real presence—Supposed individual presence of Almighty God in a bodily form in a bit of bread at the Christian communion.

Real property or estate—বাবৰ সম্পত্তি, Property in land, not goods or money.

Bealisable, Realizable, re'al-iz a-bl, a. সাধনীয়; আদেয়; আদায় যোগা, That may be realised.

Realisation, Realization, re-al-i-2áshun,
n সাধন, সমাধান, Accomplishment:—অমুভূতি,
ক্ৰেয়ে ধারণা, The act of feeling vividly.

Realise, Realize, re'al-ız, v. f. সাধন-তৃ, কার্থ্যে পরিপত-তৃ, To accomplish, to bring into act — ক্ষবজন-তৃ, কাৰ্যাৰ গাঁৱপা-তৃ; অনুভব-তৃ, To feel strongly:—ৰাদাৰ-তৃ, লাভ-তৃ, To obtain — স্থাবর সম্পত্তিতে পরিপত-তৃ, To convert into real property. Syn —Effect, complete, acquire, gain, get.

Bealism, re'al-izm, n পুৰ্বাৰ্ভ্ড বস্তুই সভাবাৰ, ইডাৰোৰ মড, Upholding that universals in logic are things, and not names.

Realist, re'-al-1st, n. যথাৰ্ট তথা বৰ্ণনাকারী; ৰ্ট কণডেয় বৃত্ত স্ভাবাৰী, One who holds the doctrine of realism.

Bealistic, a. জগং বা গোড়াদির খতত্ত সতা বীকার সম্বন্ধীয় ; Relating to the realists.

Beality, ক্টে-ale-te, n. সভ্যতা; বাহুবিৰতা। প্ৰকৃত , The state of being real:—সভ্য, প্ৰকৃত ঘটনা; Truth. Syn:—Fact, actuality, certainty. In reality—ব্যতঃ।

Beally, rc'al-li, ad. अङ्गुजिशक, रजुक:, यथार्थक:; राज्यिक; अङ्गुळेरे, Actually; in fact; in truth.

Realm, reim, n. [L. regalis, toyal] বাই, বাজা, দেশ; অধিকার, Kingdom, province, country.

Bealty, n. হাবর সম্পত্তি, হারী বত , Immobility of real property.

Ream, rem, n. कृष्टि निका कांत्रज्ञ, A quantity of paper consisting of 20 quires.

Reanimate, re-ani-mat, n. প্ৰক্ৰীবিড-কৃ; পূৰক্লোহিড-কৃ; To revive, to invigorate; to restore to life:—আজাহিড-কৃ, To cheer, gladden.
n=reanimation.

Reanse one's mouth—ছল কুচো-ছ।
Reap, rep, v. t. [A. S. repan, allied to reofian,
to seize] পত কৰ্তন-ছ; পতালি ছেবল-ছ; To cut
down, as grain:—ন্তেই-ছ; To gather:—প্রথম
বালা লাখ-ছ; To receive, as a reward:—v. t.
পত ছেবল-ছ; To cut grain &c:—গরিতারের কল লাভ
ছ; To receive the fruit of labour or works.
s=ceaper (পততেক্ত)! Syn:—Obtain, gain.
Reap a harvest—পরিতারের প্রথমবন্ধপ নাকাল
পারবা; Receive something as the fruit of one's
labour.

Resping-hook, n. with, Sickle.

Be-appear, re-ap-per', v. f. প্ৰরাণিভূত-ছ; কেছ আনা; To appear a second time.

Bear, rer, m. পালাছান ; পালাছিক ; The back or hundmost part — সৈজের পালাছান , রণভরীসবৃহেদ পুটভান ; The last part of an army or fleet.

Rear, cer, v. t. লাজনপানন-কু, To bring up —
লিকা বেৰৱা; To educate —উন্তোলিড-কু; ভোলা;
বাড়া-কু; To raise:—v. t. নির গা-কু; আবের আছ
পকাং পথে ভয় দিয়া বাড়ান; To rise on the hind
legs, as a horse. Syn:—Lift, elevate, erect,
construct, breed, raise; train.

Bring up the rear—সকলের পকাতে আইসা; সকলের বেবে আসা; Come behind (as a part of a possession). [lowing; behind in progress. In the rear—পকাতে; পকালেবে; Behind, fol-Rear-admiral, rer-admiral, n. রণভারার পকালাপিবিষয়ক ফুডীয় খেলীর কর্মচারী বিশেষ, An officer of the third rank, who commands the rear or last division of a fleet.

Rear-guard, rer'-gard, n. সেনাগদের পাকাবিগ-রক্ষ সৈত্তগণ, Troops which protect the rear of an army.

Bear-rank, rer'-rank, ন. সেন্তগতের পশ্চাবতী শ্লৌ; The hindermost lank of a body of troops Rear-ward, rer'wawrd, ন. সেন্তগতের পশ্চাতাগবলক সৈম্পাণ; The last troops.

Reason, rezun, n. বিবেক; বৃদ্ধি. প্রজা, বিচারশক্তি, The rational faculty — কারণ, উদ্দেশ্ব, ক্তে্
বাল; ক্তে্ন্ ; নিষিত্ত; Ground, motive; reasoning;
cause; purpose — প্রমাণ, Proof — বোগাড়া; নকতি;
Justice, propriety — ছল, Excuse — বস্তুর ব্যক্ত
ভান; Just view of things: — নির্দেশ্ব সৃত্তা, Absolute right or truth — বিচার, Argument — e. e.
ভর্ক-কৃ; বিচার-কৃ; To argue; to deduce inferences
from premises — e.t. পরীকা-কৃ; বিচার-কৃ; To examine or discuss — ভর্কে প্রাভ-কৃ; To persuade
by reasoning. Syn:—(n) Understanding,
judgment, intellect, sense, principle, consideration, account; object, design, purpose, aim;
reasonableness, wisdom, moderation, argument,
exposition, ratiocination, rationale.

By party of reason—দেইনপ বৃতি অনুসারে; By a similar process of reasoning. [count of. By reason of—কাডে, নপত:; নিবনন; On ac-In reason or in all reason—ভাষাস্থানে; ভাগাক, in justice, on rational grounds; looking at the matter in the most reasonable part. Reason for—কোন কিছুন কেছু; A thought or consideration offered in support of (an opinion or action).

Reason in a circle or argue in a circle— To use two or more unproved statements to prove each other.

S'ands to resson—এট স্থায়সকত বটে; ইহা বৃত্তি-সক্ত হওয়া; Is elearly reasonable.

Why reason, The reason why—কেন ইইনাছে; কেন; The cause of anything being done. Reasonable, re'zun-a-bl, a. বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট; বিবেক্নান; Rational:—ভাষদকত; বৃদ্ধিবৃদ্ধায়; কিব, Just; proper:—পরিমিত; ক্ষবিভিন্ত; Mederate; not excessive. n=reasonableness. ad=reasonable (ভাষদকতবংশ; উচিত মতে)। Syn:—Intelligent, sequitable, judicious, wise, enlightened, right, equitable, tolerable. [ment; argumentation. Reasoning, re'zun-ing, n. বিচার, তর্ক; Argu-By parity of reasoning—সেইবুল বৃদ্ধি অনুসারে, সমান বৃদ্ধির বলে; By a similar process of reasoning.

Beassemble, v. t. or v. i. পুনবাৰ একজিছ-কু বা-ছ, To assemble or collect again.

Bossert, v. t. प्नः ममध्य-कृ; प्नः উল্লেখ-कृ, To assert again; to maintain after cessation.

Reassurance, n. পুৰ্ণিকাত|; Repeated assurance.

Besssure, v. t. अक्षणांत-कृ विवान धानांत-कृ, To assure anew; to give confidence to.

Beave, rev, v. t. বলপূর্ব্দক হ্রণ-ড়; To take away by violence. pt. pp. reft. I baptise again. Rebaptise, v. ( औष्टेशार्य ) भूनवाय मोकिङ-कृ : To Bebate, re-bat, v. t. [ I. rc, back and batato, to beat ] बाब नहे-कृ : ट्रॉडा-कृ . To blunt :--वाब পেওছা; To deduct from. [ duction; discount. Rebatement, re-batment, n. वाम ; द्वाम ; De-Bebel, rebel, n. [ L. rebelles, making war again ] बाबद्धारी ; विद्धारी वाकि ; One who rebels :-- ए. रं. बाकटबार-क्र , विक्रक्वांठावी-रु , व्यवाधा-र . To renounce authority; to revolt; to resist lawful authority:--a. বিছোহী; অবাধা; Rebellious. Syn :- (n) Revolter, insurgent, revolu-[ চরণ , Revolt. Rebellion, re-belyun, n. ৰাজবিলোহ, বিলোহা-Bebellious, re-belyus, a. রাজন্রোহা , বিলোহকারী ;

Bebound, re-bownd, v. ৷ প্রতিঘাত- ঃ প্রতিশিত-হ; টিক্যাইবা পড়া. To be reverberated; to start back.—v t. প্রতিঘাত উৎপাদন-কু; প্রতিক্ষেপ-কু. To drive back; to reverberate:—n. প্রতিক্ষেপ, প্রতিঘাত; The act of rebounding.

विद्धारी ; Engaged in rebellion.

Rebuff, re-buf, n. প্রতিকেপ, প্রতিষাত; Sudden resistance; a beating back:—হঠাৎ প্রতিবাধ, বাধা; ধ্যক; ধ্যকান; Sudden check; unexpected refusal:—v. t. প্রতিঘাত-ক; To beat back:—প্রতিবাধ-ক; ব্যক-দে; প্রতীকার-ক; To check; to refuse. Syn:—(n) Repulse, discouragement. Rebuild, re-build, v. t. প্রনিশ্যিণ-ক; প্রবাধ গঠন-ক; Build again, repair; renew.

Bebuke, re-būk, v. t. [F. re, and boucher, to stop, bouche, the mouth] চিৰফার-ফু; ভর্গনা-ফু, To chide; to reprove; to chasten:—n, ভিরকার; ভর্গনা; পভ, শান্ধি; Reproof; reprimand:—ভিরকার বারা প্রতিনিবৃত্তি; Check by reproof.

Bob'18, n. किन बाजा नम धकान ; ह्यांनी विराव : Enig-

matical representation of a word by pictures of objects. pl=rebuses.

Rebut, re-but, v. f. প্রতিষাত-কু; পকাংপদ-কু; To drive back:—বৃদ্ধি বা প্রমাণ বারা প্রদেশ ; অন্যাণ-কু; To oppose by argument or proof: v. i. প্রভাৱন-দে; To return an answer.

Rebutter, re-bu'er, #. বাদীর প্রভারের উত্তর; প্রতিবাদীর উত্তরের উপর বাদীর প্রভারের; A plantiff's answer to a defendant's rejoinder.

Recalcitrant, re-kalsi-trant, a. [L. re, back, calcutro, to kick] বিষয়-প্রকাশক; প্রতিবাদকরী; বিরোধী; Expressing repugnance; showing opposition.

Recalcitrate, re-kaisi-trat, v. i. or v. i. পথা-থাত-কু, বিষয় বা বিজ্ঞা প্ৰকাশ-কু; To kick back; to express repugnance.

Bocall, re-kawi, v. t. পুনরাজান-কু; ডাকিরা কেরান,
To call back:—রহিড-কু; প্রত্যাবৃত্ত-কু; কিরাইরা
লক্ষা; Annul, revoke .—মরণ-কু; মনে-কু; To
remember:—n. রন; পুনরাজান; প্রত্যাহার; Act of
recalling or revoking; revocation. Syn:—(v)
Supersede, cancel; recollect; restore.

Becant, re-kant, o. t. প্ৰভাগাৰ-তৃ; To retract:

v. i. প্ৰকাণ্ডে প্ৰভিবাদ-তৃ; To revoke as a former declaration:—প্ৰভাগাৰ-তৃ, To unsay what has been said. n=recanter. Syn.—Recall, revoke, disayow, abjure.

Becantation, cc-kan-tashun, n. প্রত্যাপান : প্রতি-সংহার, প্রতাহার : পূব্দ উদ্ভিত্ন প্রতিবাদ ; A declaration contradicting a former one, retraction.

Becapitulate, re-ka-putu-lit, v. t. [L. re. again, and caput, the head] পুনরায় বানা-কৃ; পুন-কৃদ্ধি কৃ, সংক্ষেপ পুনরাবি-কৃ, Repeat the heads of what has already been stated; go over again briefly.

Recapitulation, n. স্পিয় উল্লেখ , সংকেপে পুন-ক্ষক্তি, A summary of main points

Recapitulatory, n. re-ka-pitu-la-tor-i, a. भूनक्रहारकोशे; Repeating again, containing recapitulation.

Becapture, v. t. প্রতিরহণ-কু; To retake:—n. প্রতিরহণ; The act of retaking;—প্রত্যাহত বস্তু; A prize retaken.

Recast, re-kast, v. f. পুনর্পার ছাঁচে চালা ; প্নাঠন-কু; To mould anew, to reconstruct :--প্নরাদ গানা-কু; To compute a second time.

Recede, re-sed, v. s. [ L. re, back and cedere, to go ] পিছে হটিখা-খা; ফিরিখা-খা; To fall back; to move back, to retreat:—নিরস্ত-হ, পানি উঠাইখা নুৱা; To withdraw a claim—v. t. প্রস্পন-কু; To cede back or yield to a former possessor. Syn—Retire, retrogade, withdraw, ebb.

He has proceded too far to recede—
তিনি এতদুর অগ্রনর হইবাছেন বে তাহার পক্ষে প্রতিনিত্ত
হওবা সন্তবপর নহে। [back from.
Recede from—কোন কিছু হইতে পিছান; Move
Beceipt, re-set, n. প্রাত্তি; আদান; Receiving:

— প্রাপ্তিবীকার পত্তা, রসিষ, Note of acknowledgment:—pl. আব ; Income :—». t. রসিষ-বে ; To give a receipt for.

Receipt book—इनिरम्ब वरे । Receipt stamp—क्षिम-विनिष्ठ । Beceivable, re-seva-bl. Becaptible, re-sep'ti-bl, এ আদেহ; পরিবহণীয়; আগ্য; That may be received.

Beceiva, re-sev, v. t. [ L. re, again and capere, to take ] পাওবা; এইব-কু; লওৱা; To accept; take, get:—ৰাতিখা-কু; সনাদর-কু; অভ্যর্থনা-কু; Entertain; welcome:—বীকার বা জুস্ক-কু; অব্যতি-দে; To admit:—সঞ্-কু; Bear. Syn:—Obtain, derive, acquire; admit, welcome; allow, tolerate, permit; believe, hold, embrace.

Beceived doctrine-चीकुछ वड ।

Becoiver, re-sever, n. এহাতা . গ্ৰাহক ; One who receives :—ৰাজাজি ; সম্পৃত্তির তত্ত্বাবধারক ; Cashier ; —চোরাই বস্ত গ্রহণকারী ; One who takes stolen goods knowing them to be stolen :—ব্ৰব্ৰেষ পাত্ৰ ; ৰাপাধাৰ ; Vessels of the air pump or for receiving products of an operation.

Beconsion, n. সমালোচনা; পুনরাশোচনা; Review:
—শোষিত সংমার; Critical revisal of a text.

Becont, resent, a. অভিনৰ; নবা; নুতন; New; fresh:—আধুনিক; Modern. ad=recently ( সপ্রতি; lately). n=recentness. Syn:—Late, latter, modern, novel.

Receiptacle, re-sep'ta-ki, n. আধার, পাত্র, ছানী; Receiver, reservoir, cistern:—পুপাৰ্ল; The basis of a flower.

Receptilibity, re-sep-ti-bifi-ti, n. এইবাৰাগাড়া, এইবাৰ চা, Capacity of receiving or of being received.

Recoption, re-sep'shun,'n. পৰিমহ , গ্ৰহণ ; Receiving —ৰভাৰ্থনা ; উপচাৰ ; অভাগত বাজিৰ আদৰ : Entertainment ; welcome :—ৰীকাৰ ; Admission Syn:—Acceptance, receipt, admission, levee.

Receptive, re-sep'tue, a. এহণকৰ; বাংনী; Having the quality of receiving or containing; able to take in. n=receptivity ( গ্ৰহণক ।!

Recess, কে-se', n. নিতৃতবান; Retreat, a retired place, place of retirement:—বিশ্রামণিন; Holidays — (কামোর) বিবাস বা বিশ্রাম; Remission of humaess:—কোলঙ্গ, কৃত-কোণ; ভাক; Nuchee:—প্রতিগ্রন; প্রতাপ্তর্বন; প্রতাপ্তর্বন; প্রতাপ্তর্বন; প্রতাপ্তর্বন; প্রতাপ্তর্বন; প্রতাপ্তর্বন; স্পামণাল; retirement:—নিতৃততা; নিভৃত অবস্থা; Seclusion. Syn:—Nook, noche; intermission, valation.

Recession, n. প্রভাপণ ; প্রতিনির্ভি ; A ceding or Recipe, resi-pe, n. উবদের বাবসাপত্র ; Medical prescription :— নম্বন কৰিবার ব্যবস্থা ; Prescription for cooking. pl. = resipes.

Recipient, re-sip'i-ent, n. প্রথাকার; প্রতীতা; One who receives; a receiver:—a. প্রাহী, Receiving.

Reciprocal, re-sip'ro-kal, a. প্ৰশান্ত ; অন্তান্ত , Mutual :—প্ৰশান অনুবৰ্তী ; Mutually interchangeable :—n. একককে কোনত বাশি দিয়া ভাগ কবিল ভাগকলে বে অহু হন ভাৱা ; The quotient arising from dividing unity by any quantity. Syn: —(a) Alternate, interchangeable ; correlative.

Beciprocal pronoun—बाजान्यक्तिक अस्याम,

Reciprocally, ad. नजनाद ; Mutually.

Beciprocate, re-sip'ro-kat, v. t. आशांत आशांन-क ; To give and receive mutually :-- विनिधः-क ; পরিবর্তন-ক ; To alternate, to interchange :--অভিলোধ-ক ; To requite.

Reciprocation, n. আলানপ্রদান; বিনিমন; পরি-বর্ত্তন; Interchange of acts; alternation.

Beciprocity, rec-i-proficli, n. বাণ্য বাৰক্তা; আণাত প্ৰতিঘাত; ক্ৰিয়া প্ৰতিক্ৰিয়া; Mutual obligation; action and reaction.

Recital, n. আবৃত্তি; পান; Act of reciting; rehearsal:—ব্ৰি! Narration Syn:—Recitation, repetition; description, detail, relation, account.

Recitation, res-i-tāshun, n. আবৃত্তি; Rehearsal:
—একাতে পাঠ; A public reading. a=recitative.

Beoitative, a. সদীতাবৃত্তি সম্বনীয়, Pertaining to
musical recitation:—n. আবৃত্তি জন্ত সদীত; A

piece of music for recitation.

Bocite, re-চাৰ, v. t. [ L. re, agaiu, and citare, to cite ] আবৃত্তি-কৃ. মুবস্থ বলা, To rchearse; to tell over; repeat by memory:—বৰ্ণনা-কৃ; To narrate. nereciter. Syn:—Narrate, relate, tell, recount, enumerate, describe, recapitulate, detail.

Book, rek, v. f. প্রাছ-কু; গণ্য-কু; To regard to care for.

Jeckloss, rekies, a. অবিবেকী; অনবহিত; অসাবথান, Heedless of consequences, careless, n=
recklessness (অসমনাহদিকতা), ad=recklessly,
(অসমনাহদিকবাণ, heedlessly). Syn:—Careless, mindless, thoughtless, indifferent, headstrong, incautious, imprudent, wild.

Rockling, n. চুৰ্মল পিত, A helpless babe :--a. ছুৰ্মল , কীণ ; Week.

Bockon, rekn, v. t. গণনা-কু; সংখ্যা-কু. To count:
—সগা-কু; To account:—মান্ত-কু; সম্মান-কু, বিবেচনা-কু; To esteem:—v. i. গণনা-কু; To calculate:— ক্সিন-কু; To settle:—দঙ্গ-দে; To pay a penalty:— হিসাবনিকাশ-কু. To make up accounts. n=reckoner ( গণনাবাৰী)। Syn:—Compute, number, enumerate. estimate, value, account, think, suppose, imagine.

Reckon for-मार्गे-१ ; सवान-मिकि-कृ।

Reckon on — গণনা-কু; নিৰ্ভৰ কু, আলা কু, Calculate or count upon ; rely upon ; expect confidently.

Reckon with—হিনাৰ নিটাৰ।

Beckon (or count) without one's host—
ভূল গণনা-কু, আপনাৰ গণনাৰ ভূল-কু; নিজেই দিক খেকে
দেখিলা একটা ঠিক-কু. বাহা মনে কৰা যায় ভাষা নহে
(গাছে কাটাল গোপে তেল এই ভাৰ); Be mistaken
in one's calculation; reckon from one's own
stand-point without considering what another's
standpoint might be.

Reckoning, rekning, n. হিনাব; Adjustment of accounts &c:—গণনা কৰিবাৰ কৌণ ন; The art of computating:—গণনা; An account of time:—জাহাত্তেৰ অবস্থান নিরূপণ, A calculation of the ship's position. Syn:—Computation, calculation, counting, charges, bill, score; esteem, account, estimation.

Call to reckoning-we-CV; Punish.

Beolaim, re-klam, v. t. [L. re, again, back, and clamare, to call or cry aloud ] সংশোধন-কু.
To call back from error; reform:—প্ৰকল্পা-কু;
To recover:—উল্পি-কু; To deliver:—v. i. চিংক্ষিক্তি To cry out, to exclaim:—সংখ্যা-কু;

To effect reformation. Syn: - Reform, regain, recover, restore.

Beolaim from—( কোন কু অবস্থা হইতে ) উদান-কু; Call back from ( a bad sourse ).

Beolaimable, re-klama-bi, a. পুনর্কার, সংশোধ-নীর; That may be reclaimed; reformed. ad = reclaimably.

Reclamation, rek-la-máshun, क. वार्षि ; Demand :—न्यरनीयन ; Reformation :—गुनक्षात ; Re-

Becline, rē-klīn, v. t. [L. re, again, back, and clinare, te lean] হেলান-দে; হেলিডে-দে; To lean on one side:—v. i. হেলান-দে; To lean:
—বিলাম-কু; To rest or repose. a=reclining (হেলিড, দমিড): Syn:—Bear, lie, couch, rest. Becluse, rē-klūś, a. নির্কান, নিংসক; সংসামতাাকী;

Becluse, rē-klūs, a. নিজন , নিংসৰ ; সংসারত্যাঝ ; Secluded ; retired , solitary :—n. উদাদীন ; সন্ত্যাসী ; A retired person ; a hermit. Syn :—(n) Anchoret, eremite, solitary.

Recongnisable, a. পরিজের, খীৰাৰ্য; Such as may be recognised or acknowledged.

Becognisance, re-kog'ni-zans, n. আলীকার; বীকার; Avowal:—চিহ্ন; A mark:—বা বীকাব; Recorded acknowledgment of a debt:—বুচ্-বোকা; ইকবার নামা; A legal obligation or bound to a magistrate to do something.

Recognise, rekog-niz, v t. [ I.. re, again, and cognoscere, to know] চিনিতে পালা, চিনা, To recover the knowledge of; to know again:—
বীকান ক; কবল-ক; To avow. Syn:—Confess, own, admit, allow, concede.

Becognition, rek-og-nishun, n. বীৰার, Avowal:—স্তির পুন্দীপন; পারণ; পুন্ধান; Renewed or revived knowledge, recollection. Syn:—Acknowledgment, confession, admission; recollection, remembrance.

Becoil, re-koil, ভ. t. পশ্চাপামন কু; পশ্চাৎ হাঁটা বা-বা; পশ্চাবৰ্ত্তী-হ, To start back, to fall back; to shrink from; to return:—n. পশ্চাপামন; A starting or springing back—প্ৰতিনিৰ্ভি; Rebound. Syn:—(v) Rebound, reverberate, react, resile; draw back, flinch.

Recoil from—ভবে কিছু হুইডে পিছাইবা পড়া; পরাবাধ হওৱা; Draw back from (something).

Recoil on —উটে নিজের বাডে আসিরা পড়া, Roll or fall back on.

Becollect, rek-ol-lekt, v. i. শ্বৰ-কু, To remember; recall to memory:—প্ৰকৃতিহ-হ; শাস্ত-হ; To cause to be collected or composed.

Recollection, rek-ol-lekshun, n. মৃতি; স্বৰণ, Remembrance; memory; reminiscence

Becomfort, v. f. পূনরাখন্ত-কু; नव বলে वनीशान-इ., To comfort again; to give new strength to.

Becommence, re-kom-mens, v. t. পুনরার জারজ-কু; পুনরাবছ-কু; Begin anew. n=recommencement. Becommend, rek-om-mend, v. t. ফুণারিস-কু, অসুরোব-কু; প্রশাসা-কু; ভাল বলিরা পরিচয় করিয়া-দে, To commend to another; to praise to another; to make acceptable:—প্রামণ-দে; To advisc. Syn:—Approve, praise, commend.

Bacommendable, rek-om-mendabl, a অংসার্ছ; Worthy of praise. Becommendation, rek-om-mend-fishun, s. অব্যোগ ; ক্পায়িব ; ভাৰীৰ্ত্তৰ ; Act of recommending ; commendation, praise, approbation.

Letter of recommendation—অব্রোগ পূর : Becommendatory, rek-om-mendá-tor-i, n. এখনোর্চ : ধার্কার্কারী ; That recommends ; commendatory.

Recommit, e. t. প্ৰরপ্-ড়; প্র: প্রেপ্-ড় To commit again; to send back to a committee. n=recommitment, recommittal.

Recompense, rekom-pens, v. f. পরিশোধ-কু; অভিদান-কু, প্রভার-কু; কতিপ্রণ-কু; To repay; to repuite; to reward; to compensate; to remunerate; reimburse; indemnify:—n. প্রভার; পরি-শোধ; অভিদান; কতিপ্রণ; Repayment; reward compensation; remuneration; amends; satisfaction, requital.

Recompose, re-kom-poz', v. f. পাৰ-কৃ; To soothe or quite:—পুনৰ্গঠন-কৃ; To form anew.

econcilable, a. পুনমিলনীয় ; সঙ্গত ; Capable being reconciled , consistent. Syn .—Aplasable, placable, forgiving , consistent.

poncile, rekon-sil, v. t. [L. re, again, back, and conciliare, to bring together] বৰুছে পুন: স্থাপিত-কৃ, পুনাপ্ৰতিত-কৃ; To restore to friendship or union; to conciliate:—ঐক্য-কৃ; সামগুলুকু, To make consistent:—মীমাংলা-কৃ; To adjust or settle:—শাস্ত-কৃ, To pacify, n=reconciler. Syn:—Reunite, propitiate.

Beconcile (one) to—বিবাদের পর প্রশ্নিক কবিবা দেওবা; Restore one to friendship with another (after estrangement):—অগতা কোন বিবয়ে সম্ভঃ থাকা; Make one samme to, as being unavoidable.

Beconcile with—একটাৰ সহিত আর একটার সামগ্রন্থ করা; Take (one thing) consistant with (another).

Reconciliation, rek-on-sil-i-áshun, Reconcilement, rekon-sil-ment, n. বৰুছে পুন:গাণন, প্ৰাথিকন, Renewal of friendship.—একী ধবা; নামজন্ত-বিধান; The bringing to agreement things at variance:—ধায়ণ্ডিক, Atonement.

Reconciliatory, a. প্ৰমিশন সাধক; Serving or tending to reconcile.

Becondite, rekon-dit, a. [L. reconditus, pp. of reconders, to conceal] সূচ; ছবেগাৰ; সভীৰ; ছবেগাৰ; সভীৰ; চুবেগাৰ; Secret; profound. Syn:—Deep, abstruse, occult, obscure, unfathomable.

Reconnoisance, re-końa-sans, স. পূর্বকাণ্য প্রিদর্শন; পর্যবেশণ; Survey; examination.

Reconnoitre, rek-on-noiter, v. t. প্ৰ্যুৰেক্ষ্-্ৰ, নিরীক্ষ্-কু; নিৰূপণ-কু; To survey, to examine,

Beconsider, rC-kon-sider, v. f. পুनर्शिकान-रू, भून: विरक्तन-रू; To review. ≈=reconsideration.

Beconstruct, re-kon-strukt, v. t. পুননির্পাণ-ড়; পুর: গঠন-ড়; To rebuild. n=reconstruction.

Reconvey, ত. t. পূৰ্ব স্থানীকে প্ৰত্যৰ্পন-কু; To transfer back to a former owner. n=reconveyance (সম্পত্তি কোণাণ্ডা ছাৱা ক্ষেত্ত দেওৰ - পূৰ্ম স্থানীকে প্ৰত্যৰ্পন)।

Record, re-kord, v. t. [L. recordari, to remember] (ज्या , जिलियक कु ; निवित्र त्राया , To register; cause to be remembered; to enrol:—#.
প্ৰিন; যাল্টীয় কাগল গৰাদি; দলিল; বভাবেল; দৰি;
A register; state paper:—জাবনী; Personal
history. Sym:—(w) Chronicle, enrol, note,
minute. (\*) Register, chronicle, note, minute,
memorandum; memorial, trace, vestige. (pl)
Annals, archives, muniments.

Beat or break the record—বাহা কথনত হয় নাই তাহাই হবলা বা করিতে পারা; Surpass others in any kind of performance; do what no one vet known has been able to do.

On recond — লিখিত থাকা; Recorded in history, preserved in writing.

Put on record—श्रवंशर्थ পৃত্তকে निशिवक कवा। Record a deed-- नवकादि पृष्ठक प्रतिलाद नकन दांश। Becorder, re-korder, n. त्नक ; One who registers :-- বিচারক বিলেষ; হাকিম; The chief iudicial officer in some town. [ recorder. Recordship, n. (त्रकार्डन भए ; The office of a Recount, re-kount, v. t. [ F. reconter, to relate ] বর্ণন-ক : বিব্ত-ক : To tell over : to relate ; to narrate ; to describe ; to detail :- পুনরার গণনা-7: To count again. Syn :- Relate, recite, rehearse, enumerate. [ good , indemnify. Recoup, re-koop, v. ক্তিপুৰণ-কৃ; To make Recourse, re-kors, n. [ 1. re, back, and curro, to run ] সাহায়ার্থে চেষ্টা , আশ্রয়; গতি; শরণ; A going to with a request, resort, application, as for help.

Have recourse to—অবলম্বন কু; Resort to —
কাহার আন্তর এহণ-কু, Seek the help of. [ হবরা।
Without recourse to—কোন্ত কিছুব পরণাগত না
Recover, re-kuver, v. t. [ L. re, back, and
capere, to take ] পুনরাম পাবো, পুনরাম লাভ-কু; To
regain —আবোগ্য-কু; To cure; receive to get
a gain, to win back:—পুরণ-কু; To make up
for:—v. i. আবোগ্য-ক; সুহ-হ; ভাল-ক, To regain
health. Syn:—Repossess, recuperate, retrieve,
restore, recruit, re-establish, rally.

Becoverable, re-kuvér-a-bl, a. প্রভাগ ; প্র:-প্রারেষ ; স্বারেগ্য : That may be recovered or regained.

Recovery, re-kuver-i, n. প্ৰকান্ত; প্ৰাঞাতি; The act of regaining anything lost:—আমোগা, বাস্তা লাভ: Restortion to health.

Recreancy, rekre-an-si, n. বৰ্ণুভাগি; Apostacy:—ভীকডা, কাপুক্ষড়; Cowardly spirit.

Recreant, rekre-ant. a. [ L. re, and credo, to believe ] ভীক; পৌৰবংশী ; অণিযাসী; বিবাসবাভক; Cowardly; false:—n. স্বৰ্গতাগী; An apostate; a renegade. Syn:—(a) Craven, dastardly, base; apostate, unfaithful, backsliding.

Becroste, rekre-at, v. t. [L. re, again, and creare, to create] পুনবাৰ স্ট-কু; পুন: স্ফল-কু; To create again or anew :—বিশাস করা; কার্যাক্ষম-কু; To refresh after toil:—আবোস-কু; To amuse:
— ে. বিশাস বা কীড়া-কু; To take recreation.

Syn:—Refresh, reanimate, enliven, gratify, amuse, entertain, cheer.

Recreation, rēk-rē-áshun, n. বিশাম; জিরেন; আমাদির পর বিরাম; Refreshment after toil, sorrow &cc.:—জামোদপ্রযোদ; ফ্রীড়া; Diversion;

sport :—স্বস্তী ; স্তল স্তী ; A creating again.
Sys :—Amusement, entertainment, pastime.
Becreative, a. আনোদলনক : আনাদলাক ; অনাদলে :

Amusing ; giving relief in weariness.

Becriminate, re-krim-in-at, v. t. প্রভাগবাদ-বে; উটে অভিবোধ-কু; To accuse in return:—v. i. অভিবোধার নামে সমূল অভিবোধ উপস্থিত-কু; To charge an accuser with the like crime.

Recrimination, re-krim-in-áshun, #. বাস্থানা ; অভি নোবানো ; A counter-charge ; a counteraccusation.

Recriminative, Recriminatory, a. প্ৰতি-পরিবাদক; প্রত্যভিযোগকারী; Retorting accusation or charges.

Becrudescence, Recrudescency, n. প্ৰধ-ৰ ; পুৰ: প্ৰাকাপ ; Fresh outbreak.

Becruit, re-kroot, w. t. [F. recruter, from recroitre, to grow again] আরোগ্য লাভ-কৃ; স্কৃ-ক; To recover in health; to gain health:—
নুতন সৈশ্ব সংগ্রহ করা; To enlist new soldiers:—
নুতন করিবা ত্রবাদি প্রাপ্ত-হ; To gain new supplies:
— w. t. সংখার-কৃ; সরবরাহ-কৃ; জভাব প্রণ-কৃ; To repair; to supply; to remedy lack or deficiency in:—নবসৈশ্ব সরববাহ-কৃ; To supply with recruits:— n. অভাব পূরণ; Supply of want:—
নবসংগৃহতি সৈশ্ব, A newly enlisted soldier.
n=1ecruiter (সংগ্রহক; আতৃক্তি), recruitment (সৈশ্ব সংগ্রহ করি।)।

Beat up for recruits—দৈল অসুস্কান করিব। Baw recruits—ৰশিকিত দৈল।

Rectangle, rekt-ang-gl, n. [ L. rectus, right, and angulus, an angle ] আৰতকেন, সম্বেণী চতুর্জ; A four-sided figure having only right angles. a=rectangular. [ angles.

Rectangled, a. সমকোনী; আনত; Having right Rectangular, a. সমকোনী; Right-angled.

Bectifiable, a. मार्गायनीय ; Capable of being rectified or set right.

Rectification, n. সংশোধন , সংখার ; The act of rectifying or setting right.

Rectifier, n. नःगापक ; One who corrects.

Rectified spirit—শোণিত হুৱা।

Rectify, rekte-si, v. i. [L. rectus, right, and facere, to make ] সংশোধন-ক; টিক-ক; ওছ-ক; তছ-ক; বিশোধি-ক, To correct; to adjust; to set right:—শোধন-ক; বিশোধি-ক, To refine by distillation. n=rectification. Syn:—Redress, amend, reform, improve, purify.

Rectillineal, rek-ti-lineal, Bectillinear, rek-ti-linear, e. नगरवश्चाविनिष्ठ; जवन द्वार्थ पहिंद; Bounded by straight lines; straight.

Beotitude, rekte-tūd, n. [L. rectitudo—rectus, right, straight ] সাধুতা; সাৰতা; Integrity. Syn :
— Justice, equity, righteousness, uprightness, honesty, virtue, goodness.

Rector, rektor, n. [L. rego, rectum, to rule]
বিদ্যাপয়ের প্রধান শিক্ক; The headmaster of a
public school:—মঠাগুক; প্রশাসার অধ্যক; The
head of a convent or religious house:—বৃথিভাই
বালক; Parson holding the great titles of a
parish. a=rectoral.

Rectoral, Rectorial, a. (तक्टेवन वश्कित ना

আবাস সংস্থান্ত; Pertaining to a rector or to a rectory.

[ office or rank of a rector. Rectorate, Rectorship, n. বেক্টরের পদ; The Rectory, rektor-i, n. ধর্মপালকের আলম; বেক্টরের অধিকার; The province or mansion of a rector. Rectum, n. অধোনেশ; শুক্সান; বলি; The terminal part of the large intestine.

Becumbent, re-kum-bent, a. [ L. re. back, cumbo, to lie down ] আৰু শহান; শয়িত; Lying back; leaning:—জনস; Idle. n=recumbence,

recumbency, ad=recumbently.

Becuperate, v. t. প্নলাভ-ক ; পুন: সবল-হ।

Becuperation, n. পুন:আভি ; পুনলাভ ; আবোগ্য ;

Recovery.

Recuperative, re-ku'pér-a-tiv, Recuperatory, re-ku'pér-a-tor-i, a. আরোগ্যকার ; আরোগ্যকাক ; Tending to recovery.

Recur, i e-kur', v. i. [ L. re, again, back, currere, to run ] পুনৰাগমন-ফু; পুনৰাম উপস্থিত-হু; To return, happen again:—পুনরাথ মনে আসা; To come back to the mind. Syn:—Resort, revert. Recur to—পুনরুখাপন-ফু, Return to:—পুনরায় মনে

পড়া ; Come again to mind.

Recurrent, re-kur'ent, a. সময়ে সময়ে প্ৰত্যাগমন-শীল, প্ৰবাবৰ্তক; Returning at intervals. n= recurrence (প্ৰত্যাবৰ্তন)।

Recurring, a. (शीन:श्रीनक ।

Recurvate, re-kur'vāt, v. f. পশ্চাদিকে বক্ত বা মৃত্যুকু; To curve or bend back.

Recusancy, re-kūžan-si, n. মছৰিভিন্নতা , (ধৰ্ম-বিৰয়ে ) অবাধাতা ; Non-conformity.

Red, red, a. বৃদ্ধবৰ্ণ; লোহিত; লাল. Of a colour like blood:—n. লাল বহু; বৃক্তবৰ্ণ; The colour of blood. n=redness ( বৃদ্ধিৰা ), ad=redly.

Red rag to a bull—খাহা পেশ্রে কেচ দটিখা আৰু হইবা যায় , Something specially irritates or provokes (as a bull at sight of red).

Bedact, v. সম্পাদন-কু, সজ্জিত-কু; To edit, to reduce to order. n=redaction (সজ্জিত করণ)।

Redan, ন. বিপাৰিক গড বিশেষ; গড়ের প্রাচীর বিশেষ; A field-work consisting of two faces; kind of rampart on advanced work.

Red ant, n. नान कृषि निंश्रा।

Red-book, redbook, n বে প্রকে সমন্ত সরকারী কর্মচারীর নাম থাকে; কোন্সানির কর্মচারিদের ভালিকা, A list of government employers.

Bed-breast, redbrest, n. জুত্ত গায়ক পক্ষিবিশেব , A song-bird. [ soldier. Bed coat, n. ইংরাজ সৈনিক পুরুষ ; An English Bed cross, n. সেওঁ জর্জের কুপ বা চেরা ; ইংরাজ-

দিগের জাতীয় চিহ্ন; The cross of St. George, emblem of the English.

Red-deor, red-der, n. মৃগ; The common stag. Redden, redn, v. t. রক্তবর্ণ-কু; বাল-কু; To make red:—v. i. বাল-ছ, রক্তবর্ণ-হু; To grow red;

to blush.

Beddish, redish, a. ইবং লাণ; ইণং রক্বর্ণ; Somewhat red; moderately red. n-reddishness.

Beddition, n. [L. reddo, to restore ] প্রস্পান ; ত্যান ; Restoration, surrender :—ব্যাব্যা ; অব্যাদ ; Explanation. [answer. Bedditive, a. উন্তন্ত্রিকার ; Conveying an

Beddle, n. जाताहिङ वंनिङ वित्नव; A soft clay iron ore of a reddish colour.

Bedeem, re-dem, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and emere, to buy ] পায়সুক-ফু; টাকা দিবা বৰিছ মুক-ফু; উলার-ফু; To ransom; to liberate from captivity by a price:—প্রকল্পার-ফু; প্রণ-ফু; To rescue:—প্রাকৃতিক ফু; To atone for:—সম্পাদন-ফু; আসীকার পালান-ফু; To perform, as a promise:—ব্লক উলাব-ফু; বোলানা-ফু, To recover, as a pledge:—প্রবাম কম-ফু; To buy back. Syn:—Repurchase, retrieve; free, deliver, liberate, save; compensate, discharge, fulfil.

Redeem a pledge—বৰ্ষ উদ্ধিন-কৃ! [বাবহার কৃ! Redeem the time—সময়ের বতদ্ব সম্ভব স্থিধাননক Redeemable, re-dema-bi, a. উদ্ধ্যায় সামিশোধনীয়; That may be redeemed. n=redemableness.

Bedoemer, re-dimér, n. উলায়কন্তা; One who redeems or ransoms —বিজ্ঞাই; Jesus Christ.

Bodoliver, n. প্ৰকলাৰ-কৃ; বিভাগবাৰ মুক্ত-কৃ; To deliver again; to liberate a second time. n= redeliverance. [second delivery or liberation.

Rodelivery, n. প্ৰভাগণ, প্ৰকলাৰ, মৃক্তি, A Redemption, re-deni-slun, n. উলাৱ, মৃক্তি; আবাহিডি; বাবাস; Release, ransom; re-cue - বিজ্ঞাই বাবা পাণীদিশের পৰিআণ; The deliverance of sinners from sin and misery by Christ — পুন: ক্র, Repurchase. Sun:—Repurcha c, liberation, delivery; recovery; performance.

Rodemptivo, a. मृत्यिम क्षा , Pertaining to redeem.

Redemptory, a. মৃতিদাধক: Serving to redeem Redented, re-dented, a. দপ্তবিশিষ্ট, বাঁজ কাঁচা.
Formed like the teeth of a saw; indented.

Red flag, n. বিজ্ঞাহচিত্ত, লাগ নিশান, বিপদেব চিচ্চ, The symbol of insurrection and terrorism.

Red hand, n. ब्रहाङ रह ; A bloody hand.

Bed hand, Bed-handed, a. त्यांपिडांक, त्रक-यांची : त्रक-इच . डाटडबाटड : In the very act, as it were with red or bloody hands.

Red heat, red-het, n. তাগলবিত গ্ৰন্থ ; Heat amounting to redness.

Red hot, a. ৰণয়, গন্গান; Heated to red colour, heated to redness.

Bedintograto, re-dinte-grat, v. t. [L. re, again, and integrare, to make whole ] পুৰুদ্ধাৰ-কু; নৰ নিৰ্মাণ-কু; To restore, make whole again; to renew. Syn:—Renovate, re-establish, reconstruct. [নিৰ্মাণ; Renovation.

Redintegration, n. প্ৰীকরণ; প্নৰ্থতাপাদন; নব Red-lead, n. চিলাদিতে বাবহৃত লাল রস্থ বিশেষ; A color used in painting.

Bedlaced jacket, n. বেলাখাত; A flogging.

Bed letter, n. লাক কালিতে লিখিত অকর; Mark
of a saint's day:—a. লোহিতাকরে চিহ্নিত; ভুডলকণ্ফুল; Marked by red letters; auspicious or
fortunate, as a day.

[ Holiday.

Red letter day, n. व्यवकान शिन; अविषिन;

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Bed man or skin, Bed Indian, স. আমেরি-কার আছিব নিবাসী; An American Indian.

Red ocher—বক্ত গৈরিক।

Redolent, redo-lent, a. [ L. redolens, ppr. of redolere, to emit a scent ] স্থাৰ; স্বাভিত; Sweet scented. n=redolence, redolency ( গোৰভ; fragrance). ad=redolently. Syn:—Odorous, aromatic, fragrant.

Redouble, re-dubl, v. f. বিধা-কৃ; To double again:—বিধা-কৃ; সভাস্থ বৃদ্ধি-কৃ; To increase greatly; to multiply:—v. i. মতি বৃদ্ধি-কৃ; To

become greatly increased.

Bedoubtable, re-dowta-bl, a. সাহসী; ভর্মন ; ভাম; ছুৰ্ছ্ছ ; Terrible to foes ; formidable ; valiant. Bedound, re-dound, v. i. [L. re, again, and undare, to surge] পুন: প্রেরিড-ছ; To be sent back:—কলপ্রস্-ছ; পরিণ্ড-ছ; To result; to conduce; bring about:—ছাপাইরা উঠা; অভিনিক্ত-ছ; To be in excess. Syn:—Contribute, tend.

Bedound to—ফল-ছ; Flow black as a consequence:—কাহারও পকে কোনদ্রগ লাভজনক-ই: Conduce to; result in:—কাহারও পকে কিছু লাভের হওয়া; Accrue to one. [work; outpost. Redout, re-dowt, n. ছুর্গ বিশেব; উপমূর্গ; Out-Bedraft, v. t. নুহন পাণ্ডলখা-কৃ: To draw anew:—n. বিহীয় পাণ্ডলিপি বা প্রভিলিপি; A second draft or copy.

Redraw, v. t. ছিতীর পাঞ্লেধ্য প্রস্ত-কৃ; To draw a second drait :—v. i. নৃতন ছণ্ডী-কৃ; To draw a new bill of exchange. [Extremely republican. Red republican, n. উৎকট বাধীনতাপ্রির বাকি; Redress, rউ-dres, v. t. প্রতিকার-কৃ; To set right; to remedy:—পূর্ণ-কৃ; To make amends; to compensate:—n. প্রতিকার; উপার; রক্ষা; ক্ষিণ্ডিশ, Relief; reparation; amends. Syn:—Repair, rectify, amend, relieve.

Bedressible, re-dreśi-bl, c. প্রতিকারকারীয় ; সংশোধ্য ; বিষোট্য ; That may be redressed.

Redressive, re-dresiv, a. প্রতিকারক; প্রতিকার-নাধক; Affording redress.

Red sand, Red lead, n. সিশ্ব।

Bed-shank, n. জলচর পাকিবিশেষ; A bird of simple family. [ of a reddish-black color. Bed-silver, n. অপরিকৃত রৌপা বিশেষ; A silver ore Bed-start, n. পাকিবিশেষ; A small singing bird. Bed-tape, red-tap', n. কাগন্ধ বান্ধিবার লাল হিতা; Tape for tying paper:—আহিসের কায়ণাকানন বা পত্তর; সেবেস্থার কায়ণ বা দীর্ঘস্যকা; Official forms, official formality:—a. সরকারী কার্যালয়ের বাহাড়েব্র ঘটিত; Pertaining to official formality.

Red-tapism, red-tap'izm, n. উৎকট আফিনের কায়দ; সরকারী কার্যানারের বাঞাম্ঞানের প্রতি প্রগাঢ় অনুরাগী; The system of routine in government and other public offices; a strict adherance to official formalities.

Bed tapist—সরকারী কার্যাস্থার বাহাসুঠানের প্রগাড় ক্রান্ত ; A strict adherent to official formalities. Reduce, re-duś, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and ducere, to lead ] নিয় অবস্থায় আনায়ন-ক ; To bring into a lower state :—হাস-ক ; দ্যান-ক ; ক্যান ; To lessen ; to diminish :—দমন-ক ; প্রাঞ্জ-ক ; To subdue; to conquer :—বিকাস-ক ; প্রাঞ্জ-ক ; To arrange, to order:— এক মুখ্যের সংখ্যা আগর বুলোর সংখ্যার পরিবর্তিত-ক ; ভাঙ্গা ; To change numbers from one denomination into another. Syn:—Restore, render, make, shape, convert, model ; diminish, decrease, abate, shorten, curtail, impair, depress, lower, weaken ; subject, subjugate, conquer ; impoverish, ruin.

Reduce to ashes—ভগীভূত-কু ৷

Beduce to ক্যাইরা বা নামাইরা আনা; Bring down to:—সংখা হাস-তু; Diminish in number:
—নিয়তর পদে নানান; ক্ষতাহান-তু; দাম ক্যান; Lower in rank, or power, or price:—কোনস্প হানাবহার আনা; Bring to an inferior state:—আবাত হারা বা ওড়া করিয়া আকারান্তরে আনা; Bring to a certain state by blows or by grinding:—স্ব্যা কি রাখিয়া নিয়তর টাকার আনা; Change from one denomination into another of the same value.

Reduce to poverty—पत्रित-कृ।

Reduce to powder - \* To bring to the condition of fine particles.

Reduce to practice—কাৰ্যো পৰিণত-কু। Reduce to order—প্ৰশাসীৰদ্ধ-কু।

Reduce to the ranks— सन्तर- क् ; To degrade, as a sergeant or corporal for misconduct to the station of a private soldier.

Reduce to writing—লিপিবন্ধ-কু। Reduced, a. নাম্বকত ; কৃণীকৃত ; চুণীকৃত ;

Reduced to a skeleton—অতি কুণ; ক্যাল-বিশিষ্ট : Much emaciated ; very lean.

Beducible, re-duśi-bl, a. পরিণমনীর; That may be reduced.

Reduction, re-dukshun, n. হ্রাস ; লব্ডুসরণ ; ধ্বী-ভরণ ; Diminution :—বিজয় ; জয় ; Subjugation :— প্রিবর্জন ; লব্ডুসরণ ; A rule for changing numbers or quantities from one denomination to another. Redundance, re-duńdans, Redundancy, reduńdan-si, n. কাধিকা ; কাডিব্যুকা ; Superfluity.

Redundant, re-dundant, a. অভিরিক্ত : অভাবিত ; ছাপাছাপি : Superfluous. ad = redundantly. Syn : —Excessive, overflowing, superabundant, exuberant ; diffuse.

Reduplicate, re-du'plik-at, v. t. বিগুণিত-কৃ; গুণ-কৃ; To double; to multiply; to repeat. n=reduplication (বিগুণীকরণ; বিরাহত্তি)।

Re-echo, ro-eko, v.t.পুন: প্রতিধানিত-কৃ; প্রতিধানি প্রতিশানিত-কৃ; To echo back:—v.t. পুন: প্রতিধানিত-কৃ; To resound:—n. প্রতিধানির প্রতিশান্ধ; The echo of an echo.

Reed, red, n. শর; নল; খাগড়া; A family of large grasses having jointed stems:—বেব; A cane:—নল; বেণু; Small pipe.

Reeded, reded, a. শর্বারা আছাদিত; বাণ ত্ণার; Covered with reeds. [Abounding with reeds. Reedy, red. a. শর্বুজ; নলময়; নলাছত্ত্ব; বাণ ত্ণারত; Reof, ref. n. সমূত্র নিকটছ বা তারিয়ত্ত্ব; বেল-লেক্ত্র; Sand bank; a range of rocks lying at or near the surface of the water:—গাইলের ওড়; A portion of a sail:—v. t. (গাইল) অন্ধ উন্থাটিড-ফু; To reduce the extent of, as a sail.

A coral reef —প্ৰবাল-বৈশ্ব ৷

Reefy, a. শেলভোগিয়া; Full of rocks.

Beek, rek, n. 村村; 東京 Vapour; smoke:-

थ. रं. गान्य विर्गठ-इ ; यूप केवनम-इ ; To emit smoke [ অপরিকার , Foul. or vapour ; to steam. [ আপরিকার , Foul. Beeky, reki, a. বালপূর্ব ; বুমমর ; Smoky :—মলিন, Rool, rel, n. চরকা ; नाहाई ; (एता ; Turning frame for winding thread :-- কটলভের বৃত্য বিশেষ; A scottish dance :- v. t. नाहारत एउनि ; हत्रकांत्र क्रहान : To wind up on a reel :- v. i. हेनमन-कृ, হেলাডুলা; To stagger :--ইডডড:-কু, এদিক ওদিক করিয়া বাওয়া ; To vacilate.

Reeky

Re-elect, v. t. প্ৰৱায় নিৰ্বাচৰ-ক : To elect again. n=re-election ( भूगनिकां हन )।

Re-eligible, c. पूर्व भए भूननिस्तीहा ; Capable of being re-elected to the same office. n=re-eligibility.

Re-embark, v. t. পোতে প্ৰৱাৱোগিত-ক : To put on board again. n=rc-embarkation. [ again. Re-embrace, v. t. পুনবালিঙ্গন-কু; To embrace Be-enact, v. t. or : भूनिक्षिवक-कृ; To exact again. n=re-enactment.

Beenforce, v. t. পুনৰ্বলবং-ক ; নৃতন সৈন্ত ছাবা ज्ञवन-क ; नृष्ठन राज वा रिमस्त्रात बाडा पृष्ठ-क ; To strengthen with new force or support.

Re-enforcement, n. অভিনিক্ত সৈম্ভ ; নবাগত সৈম্ভাদি . Additional force or assistance.

Re-enter, v. t. পুন: প্রবেশ=কৃ; To enter anew. n=re-entrance. a=re-entering ( অন্ত: প্ৰবিষ্ট )।

A re-entering angle—বচতুর ক্ষেত্রের আভাস্তরীণ কোণ निশেष • खडमुगी कांग ; An angle pointing towards.

Reentry, n. भून: धारम ; भूनताधिकाव ; An entering again; the resuming a possession.

Ro-establish, v. t. পুন: প্রভিষ্টত-ভূ; To establish again. n=re-establishment.

Reeve, n. नारवर वा जापून कर्मानी, A steward -v. t. ছিদ্ৰ দিয়া ৰজ্জু চালিড-কু, To pass the end of a rope through any hole.

Re-examine, v, t. পুন: পরীক্ষা-ক ; To examine again or anew. n=re-examination.

Re-export, v. t. धामनानी मान शन: त्रशानी-कृ, To export again which has been exported .- n. भूनद्राय यहांनी कद्रा माण; Any commodity re-exported. n = re-exportation.

Refection, re-fekshun, n [ L. re, again, facto, to make ] জলযোগ; জলপান; Refreshment, a meal or repast.

Refectory, re-fektor-i, n. ভোজনালা ; ভোজনা-स्य . Eating room ; refreshment room.

Refer, re-fer', v t. [ L. re, again, and ferre. to bear ] জিজাসার জন্ত পাঠান; বিচারাদির জন্ত প্রেবণ-ক : সোপদ-ক ; To direct for information --আরোপ-কু; To ascribe; to assign:—পবিশত-কু; To reduce :-- ০. ২. আশ্রয়-কু; নবন্ধ রাণা ; To have referance; to relate:—লক্য-কৃ; উল্লেখ-কৃ; To allude. Syn :- Deliver, commit, transfer; attribute, impute, assign; relate, belong, pertain; appeal, apply; advert.

Refer to-नीमांत्रार्थ काहात्र इत्त वर्णन-क ; Make over to another person or tribunal for decision:--কোন বিষয় আনিবার জন্ত অপরকে বরাত-দে; Direct a person to apply for information to. Beferable, refer-a-bl, Referrible, referibl, a. भारताणा ; विरवहा ; That may be referred.

Befere, ref-er-ए', #. यश्च ; नांनित्र ; विश्लास ; Arbitrator, umpire; arbiter; judge.

Reference, ref'er-ens, n, 玩詞 ; Allusion :-ম্পার্ডা ; Arbitration :-- বরাং ; Referring to another for character or credit :-- तपक ; नामक ; Relation :-- নিশান্তির জন্ত অর্থণ ; সোপর্দ্ধ ; A submitting for decision. Syn: -Intimation, hint: regard, respect; appeal.

A book of reference—শক্ষোব : অভিধান। With reference to, In reference to-मदरक ; In regard to, Refinary, re-finer-i, n. मरानांवन कतियांत शंव,

विष्णांबनानव ; A place for refining.

Befine, re-fin, v. t. विश्वष-कु; निर्मान-कु; अतिकांत-क ; To purify ; clarify :-- मःकात-क ; मःकृष-क . মাজিত-কৃ; To polish, make elegant:-- v. :. নিশ্বল-ই ; বিভদ্ধ-ই . To become fine or pure :-উৎকর্ব সম্পাদন-कृ; To improve in excellence in any kind. n=refiner. Syn:-Clarify, defecate, cultivate. [ Polished - 77; Nice. Refined, p a. বিশুদ্ধ; পরিদ্বত, Punfied — সভা, A man of refined taste—বিভদ্ধ কচিসভার বাজি। Refinement, re-finment, n. वित्यादन ; विकास ; The act of refining; purity - Pigibia; Poli shed manners; elegance:—চাতুগ্য; অতি স্মতা, Subtelty; an excessive nicety.

Refit, v. f. পুন: প্রস্তুত-কু; To prepare again -মেবামত-কু; জীৰ্থ সংস্থার-কু; To repair.

Reflect, 18-flekt, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and flectore, to bend or turn ] পশ্চাৎ নিকিপ্ত-কু, প্ৰতিবিশ্বিত-কু, প্ৰতিক্ষিত-কু; To throw back, or cause to return after striking upon any surface as light, to mirror :-- v i. প্রভারত : আলোক প্রতিকেপ-ক ; To be thrown back, as light, heat &c. -- विश्वा-क्र ; निष्किष्ठ काद्य विद्यवस्मा क्र ; क्षांता , To revolve in the mind; to consider attentively. to ponder:--নিস্পাবাদ-কু; নিস্পাভাজন-হ; লঙ্গা-দে. To cast reproach or censure. Syn -Return. mirror, consider, cogitate, meditate, contemplate think, ruminate.

Reflect credit or honour on-কাহার পকে সাঘ नीय-इ , अनःमनीय वां अनःमात्र विषय-इ ; Be creditable to Reflect on-ভাবা ; Think on :--কাহারও বা কোন किছत উপর দোব आहेगा, দোব দেওয়া; য়ানি-কু, Cast censure on , find fault with.

Reflected, a প্রভিক্ষিত ; প্রভিবিধিত।

Reflecting, a. विश्वामीन , Toughtlul :- शिक्नक , Throwing back light &c.

Reflection, re-flekshun, n. अधिकतन: अधिविष নিকেপ: The act of reflecting:—প্রতিবিদ: The image reflected :- कावना , हिन्दा ; Consideration, deliberation :- निका. जिन्हांत : Censule : reproach. Syn:-Reflecting; image; meditation, rumination, contemplation, cogitation, musing, thinking; reproach.

Reflective, re-flektiv, a. हिष्टांभीत ; विहादक्य ; Reflecting; reflexive. ad-reflectively. n=reflectiveness.

Reflective faculty-शिनकि ।

Reflector, re-flektor, n. पर्नन; व्यक्तिकतक; A mirror; any polished reflecting surface; that which reflects.

Beilex, refleks, c. প্রভিত্তিত ; প্রভিবিধিত ; প্রভাবিধিত ; প্রভাব হল ; Reflected ; bent back ; directed back :--- প্রভিবিধ ; প্রভিত্তিত ; Reflection.

Reflexible, re-fleksi-bi, Beflectible, re-flekti-bi, a. অভিনেশ্য ; অভিনেশীর ; That may be reflected or thrown back.

Beflexive, a. প্রভাবর্তিত ; প্রভিচননকম ; অতীত বৃদ্ধিত ; Reflective, turning back. ad=reflexively. Beflexive pronoun—বর্মবৃধ্ সর্ক্রাম । [ হ্র । Beflexive verb—বে ক্রিয়ার কর্তুগড় কর্মরূপে প্রভাবর্তিত Befluent, ref ঠিত-ent, a. [ L. re, back, and fluo, to flow ] পাকান্দিকে প্রবৃহ্মান, ভাটা পড়িডেছে ব্যব, Ebbing. \*=refluence, refluency.

Reflux, re'fluks, s. পশ্চাৎ অবাহ ; প্রতিমব , ডাটা ; Flowing back ; returning back ; ebb.

Refold, v. t. भूनबाब डांज-कृ , To flold again.

Beform, re-form, n. t. [L. re, again, formare, to form] পুন: সংকার-কৃ, সংগোধন-কৃ; সংকৃত-কৃ; ইন্ত-কৃ; উন্নত সংকার-কৃ; To form again; to amend; repair; correct; reclaim; improve; change from worse to better — n. সংকার; সংগোধন, উন্নতি; Amendment; improvement. Syn:—
(v) Reconstruct, remodel: regenerate, restore.
Political reform— নালনৈতিক সংক্রণ। [suffrage.
Reform bill—Bill for altering the electorial Reform or reformatory school—তক্ষ্প বন্ধ্ব
ক্ষার্থিকাশের সংগোধনার্থ বিধ্যালয়; A school esta-

blished by a state for the instruction and

reformation of juvenile offenders. Religious reform—ধর্ম সংস্করণ। Social reform—সমাজ সংস্করণ।

Reformation, ref-or-māshun, ন. সংকাৰ; সংশোধন; উন্নতি; সংকার; Amendment, improvement:—বোড়ল শতাবিতে ল্থাবের অস্ত্রিত ইউরোপীর বর্দান্ত্রে গরিবর্জন; The great religious change of the 16th century, when the Protestants separated from the Roman Catholic Church:—প্রতির ; The act of forming again. Syn:—Reform, correctness, rectification.

Beformative, re-forma-tiv, a. সংবাদক; সংখাৰ-ব্যবস্থ : Tending to bring on reform.

Beformatory, reformator-i, c. সংশোধক; সংকারক; Tending to produce reform:—n. অপ্রাপ্তবয়ন্ধ অপরাধীদিসের সংশোধনাকর; সংকার-গৃহ; An institution for the reformation of criminals, particularly young offenders.

Beformed, re-formd, a. নংকত , গরিবন্তিত ; নংশো-বিভ ; Amended ; improved ; changed :—Protestant. [ reforms.

Reformer, re-former, ন. সংখ্যক , One who Religious reformer—পর্যবৃত্তক ।

Refrect, re-frakt, v. t. [L. re, back, and fango, to break] বাভাবিক গভিন্ন বৈদকণ্য-কু; (গভি) ভক্-কু; প্রায়্ভ-কু; বীকান; To break the natural course or deviate from a direct line, as rays of light.

Befraction, % পরাবৃত্তি; বক্রীকরণ; বক্রীভাব; আলোক-যুশ্মির বিক পরিবর্তন; The change in the direction of a rays of light, heat, &c., when it enters a different medium.

Refractive, a. नवन गांधित गवांपर्धन पाँछ ; Pertaining to refraction. n=refractiveness.

Refractory, re-fraktor-e, a. चवावा; चवड; चवचा; बक्टरा, Unruly; obstinate; stubborn a perverse. ad=refractorily, n=refractoriness. Syn:—Contumacious, unruly, ungovernable.

Refrain, re-fran, v. t. [ L. re, back, fraenere, to curb ] খমন-ফু; নিবৃত্ত রাখা; খাসন-ফু; To rest; train, rein; hold back:—v. i. কান্ত-হু; কান্ত থাকা, বুবে থাকা; নিবৃত্ত থাকা; To forbear:—n. গানের গুলা; The burden of a song. n=ne-franment (নিবৃত্তি)। Syn:—Curb, govern; withhold, abstrain.

Befrain from—(কোন বিষয় হইতে) বিয়ত-ই; Hold back or keep oneself from.

Befrangible, a. সরল গতিপৰ হইতে বিচ্যুতকরণ-সাধ্য । n=refrangibility.

Refresh, rö-fresh, v. t. [L. refrigerare, to cool] পুৰ: সবল-কৃ; উৎসাহিত-কৃ; উডেজিড-কৃ; সভেজ-কৃ; আনশিত-কৃ; ড্ও-কৃ; শানলাখৰ-কৃ; To make fresh again; to enliven, to restore; to revive; to cool; to renew; to cheer; comfort; invigorate. Syn —Renovate, rescruit; reanimate.
To refresh the memory—সরণে আনৱন-কৃ।

Refreshing, c. শীতন; মধুর; আমাণহারক; আছি-নিবাৰক; Delightful; cool, sweet; fatigueremoving.

Befreehment, re-freshment, n. তৃত্তি; অমাণহৰণ , অমলাঘৰ , বিপ্ৰাম , The act of refreshing :—আহার ; থালা , জলবোগ , জলপানালি ; Food.

Beirigerant, re-injer-ant, a. নিৰ্কাৰী; প্ৰদাহ-নিবাৰক; Cooling; refreshing.—n. প্ৰদাহ বা ভাপনাশক উৰ্ব , That which cools.

Befrigerate, re-frijer-at, v. t [ L. re, and frigero, to cool ? নীডল-কৃ, ঠাখা-কৃ, To cool; to refresh. n=refrigeration ( তাপ-নান্তি )।

Befrigerative, re-fnjér-a-tiv, Befrigeratory, re-fnjér-a-tor-i, a. বিশ্বকারী, তাগহারক; Cooling, refreshing.

Befrigorator, n. জবা শীতল বাধিবাৰ বস্তু; বৰক-সিন্দুক, An apparatus for keeping articles cool; an ice-safe.

Refrigeratory, re-frijer-a-tor-i, n. ৰে পাতে কোন বস্তু নীড়ল হয়. A vessel or apparatus for cooling. Reft, pa. t. and pa. p of Reave.

Refuge, ref'üs. n. [L refuguum—refugere, to flee back] আত্ৰৰ; Shelter; protection:—আত্ৰৰ হাৰ, মঞ্চান্ন হাৰ, An asylum, retreat:—উপাৰ; মঞ্চান্ন উপায়, Resource, expedient. Syn:—Protection, safety, security, convert, hiding-place, harbour, sanctuary.

A house of refuge—অনাধাশ্রম।

Oities of refuge, n Cities among the Jews appointed as a safe retreat to any who unintentionally committed homicide.

House of refuge—অবাধানৰ, Charitable institution for the homeless or destitute.

Take refuge in—কোন ছানে (বিগলে) আত্রর প্র্বকু ; শরণ-ল, Go to (some place) for the purpose of protecting oneself from danger:—অবল্যন্ত ; আত্রর প্রব্ণ-কু ; Have recourse to.

Befugee, ref-u-je', n. আজিত ব্যক্তি: শরণাপন্ত ব্যক্তি: Political exile; one who flies for refuge to a foreign country. Befalgence, re-fuljene, Refulgency, re-fuljen-si, ন. উত্থলতা ; কীয়ে ; বেখা ; তেজ ; Brightness ; brilliance ; a flood of light.

Refulgent, re-fuljent, a. [L. refulgere, to flash back] डेव्चन ; नीश्चमान् ; व्यक्ताना ; ट्यानामा ; Emitting light; shining; brilliant. aderefulgently. Syn:—Radiant, splendid.

Befund, re-fund, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, fundere, to pour ] বিবিয়া-দে; প্রত্যাপা-কৃ. To repay; to return what has been taken; to restore. Syn:—Restore, re-imburse. [rejection. Refusel, re-futal, n. অনুমতি, অবীকার, Demal; Refuse, re-fut, v. t. [ L. recusare, to decline ] আবাৰার-কৃ; আরাফ্-কৃ; Reject, deny, as a request:—v. i. প্রত্যাধান-কৃ; রহণ না-কৃ, Not to accept:—অবীকার-কৃ, অসম্ভত-কৃ; Not to comply:—n. পরিত্যক্ত ব্যা; জলাল; আব্দানা: উচ্চিত্ত; Rubbish; dregs:—a. পরিত্যক্ত: অবিঞ্চিকর, Rejected; worthless. Syn:—(v) Decline, repudiate. (n) Sediment, scum, recrement. dross, trash, offal, sweepings, offscourangs.

Refutable, re-futa-bl, भक्तीव ; वशामव ; That may be refuted or disproved. n=refutability, ad=refutably.

Befutation, n. वंबन दा वंबम दार्शनी ; The act or process of refuting or disproving.

Refutatory, re-futa-tor-i, a. প্ৰন্থেয়া , প্ৰন্ কাৰী ; Tending to refute , refuting.

Refute, v. t. অপ্নয়াণ-কু; নিবারণ-কু; গণ্ডন-কু: To repel; to oppose, to disprove. n=refutation (প্ৰস; অপ্নয়াণ)।

Regain, re-gan, v. t. পুন: প্রান্ত-ছ; ক্রিরাইরা-পা,
To recover; to gain anew, re-obtain, retrieve
Regal, re'gal, a. (L. rex, a king—rego, to
rule) রাজকীয়; রাজোচিত; Kingly; royal. ad=
regally. (organ

Begal, Rigole, স. বাদ্য বন্ধ বিশেষ; A small Begale, re-gal, v. t. ত্য-কৃ. পরিত্ত-কৃ. চবিতার্থ- কৃ; To refresh; to gratify; to entertain sumptuously:—v. i. ভোলন-কৃ; To least:—n. আঁকাল ভোল; A regal or magnificent feast.

Bogaloment, \*\* आत्मान ; त्मना , कृषिमानन ; Entertainment ; refreshment.

Begalia, re-gáli-a, n. ( চামরাণি ) রাজচিক; The insignia of a king, the crown, seceptre &c:— तांबात वारिकांत्र; The rights and privileges of kings.

[Royalty; sovereignty.

kings.

[ Royalty; sovereignty.

Regality, re-gali-ti, ম. রাজত; রাজতীবতা;

Regard, দে-gaird, ফ. ৫ বিশেষ করিয়া দেখা; ষৃষ্ট-তৃ,
কটাক-তৃ, To observe; to notice particularly:
ন্যান-তৃ; To esteem:—বনোবাগ-তৃ; To heed,
to attend to :—বক্ষা-তৃ; To keep; to observe:—
वावश्त-তৃ: To treat:—বিবেচনা-তৃ, To consider:
—ম. মনোবোগ; ভৃষ্টি; বৃদ্ধ, Attention with interest:—দর্শন, লক্ষ্য; Observation:—ব্যদ্ধা; Respect; esteem:—pl. স্বান, Compliments:—
স্বান; ভালবাসা; Affection. ম=regarder. Syn:
—(v) Mark, watch, remark, contemplate,
mind; esteem, value, respect, admire; reckon,
deem, think, hold.

Have regard or respect for—viring and

In regard, to, With regard to, As regards—nuts; futs; matter; As to; in the matter of; concerning.

Regardful, re-gardiobi, a. बाबारवाने; विविविष्ठे , Heedful; attentive; mindful, observant, ad= regardfully.

Regardless, re-gardles, a. জমনোবাগী: উদাসীল; দিরপেক; Negligent; careless; heedless. adergardlessly, neregardlessness. Syn:—Indifferent, unconcerned, inattentive, unobservant, neglectful, unmindful. [boat-race, Regatta, re-gata, n. বৌকার বাচ; Sailing match Regelation, n. [L. re, again, gelatio, freezing] পুনরার ক্ষমাট বাবা ভারার ক্ষম্মাট, The act or process of freezing anew.

or process of treezing anew.
Begenoy, ce'jen-si, n. য়াল-প্রতিনিধির পদ, অধিকার
দ্বাপাদন; রাজ-প্রতিনিধিত্ব; The office, jurisdiction
or dominion of a regent:—রাজ-প্রতিনিধিবর্গ;
অপ্রাপ্তবন্দংবা অমুপত্তিত রাজার প্রতিনিধি হইরা বাঁহারা

बाक्कांग निकार करवन ; A body of men intrusted with vicarious government.

Regeneracy, Regenerateness, s. fews. The state of being regenerate.

Rogonorato, re-jeher-মt, v. t. [L. re, again, generare, to beget, create] প্ৰজ্ঞ-দে; প্ৰ: উৎগাদৰ-কৃ: প্ৰজীবিত-কৃ; To generate anew; to produce anew:—প্ৰকৃত্তি-কৃ; ইম্প্রেমিক-কৃ; To renew the heart and turn it to the love of God:
—a. প্ৰজীত, ধৰ্মসংখ্যাপন, Reproduced; renewed.
Syn:—Reproduce, revive, renovate; restore; convert, sanctify.

Regenerated, c. প্ৰজীবিত : Renewed.

Regeneration, re-jen-èr-áshun, n. প্ৰকৃষাৰ; অনুপোৰ; প্ৰথম, পুনা নংমাৰ: প্ৰকংপাদৰ; The act of regenerating; the state of being regenerated.

Regenerative, re-jehêr-āt-iv, a. পুনৰদার সম্বীয়; নবোংপন্তি-সংক্রায়; Pertaining to regeneration. ad=regeneratively.

Regent, rejent, a. [ L. rego, to rule ] শাসক; ণাসনকাৰী; Invested with vicarious authority; governing:—n রাক্পাতিনিধি; বালপ্রতিনিধি ক্ষতাপন্ন লোক; One invested with vicarious authority, one who rules for the sovereign.

Rogentship, re'jent-ship. n. বাজপ্রতিনিধিত্ব পদ; বাজপ্রতিনিধিত্ব , The office of regent.

Regioide, reft-sid, n. [L. regis, a king, cardo, to kill] বাৰহণা বা বাৰহণা; সাৰ্থতক; The murder of a king, a=regicidal (Pertaining to a regicide).

Begime, rz-zhēm, n. [ L. rego, to rule ] বাজা-নাসন প্রণালী; শাসন পদ্ধতি; Form of government; administration; system:—জীবন বাজা নিৰ্মাহ-প্রণালী, Mode of living.

Regimen, refi-men, n. নিৰ্মন্ত পানৰ; প্ৰাাদির ব্ৰহা; প্ৰাাপধ্যের নিষম; Rule of diet:—শ্বাদু-শাসন; কর্ত্তাধীন পদ; Government of one word by another, words governed.

Begiment, resi-ment, n. (नक्पन; भूकि) A body of soldiers commanded by a colonel.

Regimental, rej-i-mental, c. নৈয়ণৰ স্থানীৰ; প্ৰদান নামাৰ; Relating to a regiment. Regimentals, s. pl. সেনাবলের বেশ, সামরিক পরিক্ষা অন্ততি; The uniform of a regiment.

Begion, rejun, ন. আদেশ; দেশ; ভূচাগ; আকস; ভল্লটি; বিভাগ; A portion of land; country; quarter; province; district.

Bogistor, refis-ter, n. [L. regerere, regestum, to carry back] লিখিত বিবরণ; সরকারী থাতাগাত্র; লগুর; রেজিটারী বই; ডালিকা; Record; chronicle; catalogue; list; roll; schedule:—Registrar:—
ৰৱজান: A set of pipes on the organ:—জন্ম রেজিটারী; Birth-certificate:—ভিজনুধ্ব ঢাকন; Regulator of a chimney piece:—ভ દ. নিখিলা রাখা; থাতা বা বহিছে তোলা বা নেখা; ডালিকাতুজ-তু:

To record; to enter in a register-A registered letter—বে পত্ৰের শিরোনাম ডাক্ষরেব খাডার বিশেষরূপে নিষিত হয়।

Register the edicts of —ছিম্মান্ত না করিয়া তথাত বলা; চ্কুম বীকার বা অনুমোৰন-কু; Pass what a man in power dictates.

Register-ships—Ships permitted to trade in the ports of the Spanish West Indies.

Rogistrar, rejis-trar, n বে ধাতাপত্র কলা করে। দেরভাগার : বে ব্যক্তি তালিকা রাখে : One who keeps n record. n ⇒registrar-hip.

Registrarship, n. বেজিপ্টাবের পদ: The office of registrar.
[Act of registering Registration, rej-is-tif-hun, n. বেজিপ্টারীকবৰ, Registry, refis-tif, n. বে ছাবে বেজিপ্টার বাধা হয: বেজিপ্টার বাধিবার হান, Place where a register is kept:—লিপিবদ্ধ ঘটনাবলি; বেজিপ্টারীর অন্তর্গত লিধিত

বিষয় ; Facts recorded

Registry office, n. লখ্ম ভূল বেলিপ্তাৰী আফিস ;

Place for registering births, death &c.

Regius, a. बासकीय ; बासाव शाना निगूक ।

Rognancy, reg'nan-si, n. नामन ; बाज्य ; Reign. Rognant, reg'nant, a. [1. rego, to rule] नामनकारी ; बाज्यकारी ; बाज्यस्य व्यक्ति : Reigning ; exercising regal authority .—मार्कानीव व्यवज्ञ : Predominant.

Rogross, regress n. প্রভাবর্ত্তর, প্রভাবন্য . Return; a passage back — v. i প্রভাব্যন্ত, কিবা-বা, প্রেছান বা অবহান প্রতিগত-হ; To go back; to return to a former state or place n ~ regression. a=regressive. [ turning. Rogrossion, n. প্রভাবত্তন; The act of re-Rogrossive, a. প্রভাবত্তন্ত্রান; Returning.

Regret, re-gret, p. t আংকপ-কু; বেদ-কু; বিলাপ-কু, পরিভাপ-কু; To grieve at; to mourn for . to temember with sorrow — n. বেদ , ছ:ব , মনোনেনা; মনবাপ; অনুভাপ , Sorrow; grief; remoise Syn —Lamentation, repentance, penitence.

Regretable, a. अनुरमाहनीय।

Rogretful, a. ছ:ৰপূৰ্ব, ছাৰিড; Full of regret. ad=regretfully.

Regular, regulair, a. [L. regularis—regula, a rule] a. নিয়মিড; নিয়মাসুনত্ত্বী, ব্যবস্থাপাৰী; Agreeable to rule; established custom —সমান; ফাবিল্লণে ব্যবসাপিড; Uniform:—ক্রিক; Exact—কালাস্বত্ত্বী; Punctual:—সপ্র; Thorough:—ল. ব্যবসাপী; Monk:—ভাষী সৈক্ত; Soldier in the army. ad—regularly. Syn:—(a) Normal, orderly, methodical, systematic, just, ordinary, custo-

mary; periodic, state, steady, established, constant. [বোগে নিশার হয় : A regular verb—বে ফিগার অঠাতকাল d বা ed Regular troops—হারিবাগে বনিত নৈত্ৰণল; The troops of a permanent army.

Begularity, req-u-lar'ı-ti, ल. नित्रवर्षिडा ; निवर्गान्तर्षिडा ; निवर्गान्त्रा ; Conformity to rule :— निवर्ग ; ध्यानी ; तावद्यां , Method :—शंत्रावाहिक्छा ; गर्मान्डा ; ध्वकक्षणेडा : Uniformity in a course.

Regularly, ad. নিয়মিচকাপ; বিৰিপুৰ্ধক; বৰাৰিছি; কুমপুৰ্মক; Exactly; punctually.

Regulate, reg'u-lat. v. t [l.. regulars - regula, a rule ] নিষমানুসারে হিব-ফু; নিমমিত-ফু; To adjust by rule or method: — কুবন্ধোবন্ধ-ফু; কুবাৰখা-ফু; To put or keep in good order: — নিমমানীৰ-ফু; To subject to rules or restrictions. Syn — Dispose, methodize, arrange; direct, rule, govern.

To regulate a watch—টিক-ক; খডির গতি নির-Besulation, reg-u-láshun, n. ব্যবস্থিতি; সংবিধান; Act of regulating:—নির্মিতকরণ; ব্যবস্থাপন; State of being regulated:—ব্যবস্থা; নিরম; বিধি; Rule; precept; law. Syn:—Adjustment, arrangement, disposition, ordering; order.

• [ Tending to regulate.

Regulative, reg'u-la-tiv, a. নিরম্বরারী; নিবামক; Begulator, reg'u-la-tor, n. পাসক; নিবামক; ব্যবহাপক; One who or that which regulates — বড়িব গতি প্রিচাবক, ক্ষুদ্র প্রিং; A lever which regulates the motion of a watch — প্রতি-পরিচালক; গতি পরিচালন সাবন; Anything that regulates motion.

Rogulus, n. ৰাতু পলাইবার সময় মৃতির তলায় যে বিভদ্ধ Rohabilitate, p. t. বহুদে প্ৰনিবিষ্ট-ড়: পুনঃ প্ৰতিষ্ঠিচ-ড়ু, To reinstate.

Bohoarsel, re-hérial, n প্ৰবাৰ্তি , প্ৰকলেৰ ; পাঠ ; প্ৰতিবৰ ; মহালা : আকড়াই ; Recital , recital before public representation.

Rehearse, re-her's, v t. আবৃত্তি-ক . প্ৰরাষ্ট্রি-ক .
নহালা-দে ; আক্টাই-দে ; To repeat , recite previously to public exhibition :—বর্ণন-ক ; To relate.
n=rehearser. Syn :—Recapitulate ; detail, describs, tell, narrate, recount, relate.

Reign, ran, n. [L. regnum, from rev. regis, a king] বাক্লাকি, বাজক: শাসন, সামাজ্য; Royal authority, rule; dominion:—বাহুহোল; বাজা-শাসনকাল; Time of a king's government:—ধনক ক্ষমতা, Supreme power:—u.t. বাজ্যাসনক্ত, আবিপতা-ক, To rule; to exercise soverequity Syn —Royalty, sovereignty, rule, empire, kingdom, power, influence.

Reimburse, re-im-burs', n. [F. re, back, en, in, and bourse, purse] (%45-0%; 968-0%), Refund — \$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{

Beimbursement, ল পুন: প্ৰদান; Repayment.
Bein, rin, n. নাগাম; বন্ধা; Strap of a horse :—
থামান; পানন; Restraint:—০ t. নাগাম থামা কমনকু; To govern by a bridle:—৮মন কু; শাসন-কু; To govern, to restrain. Syn.—(n) Restrain, control, curb, check.

To give the reins to—আগুণা-বে; বাহা ইজা করিতে দেওরা; Allow full liberty to; indulge freely in:—সংৰক্ত না-কু; প্ৰভাৱ-দে; To leave unchecked.

To take the reins—শাসনকার্য হবে লওয়া।

Beindeer, rander, n. বলুগা হরিব; A ruminant
mamal of the deer kind.

Beinforce, re-in-fors, v. t. नवरत बनीबान-इ; সাহায় पादा बनरान-इ; श्राः ध्यन-इ; जारांत्र बनवर-इ; To enforce again; to strengthen with new force or support, esp., to strengthen an army or fort with additional troops.

Beinforcement, re-in-forsment, n. পুন: প্ৰবলী-করণ; পুন: বল বোজনা; Act of reinforcing:— অতিরিক্ত সৈক্তদল; নুতন সৈক্তাদির সমাবেশ; বলহৃদ্ধি; Additional force, tresh force.

**Beinless**, rāhles, a. অদ্যিত; অসংখত; Without restrain; unchecked.

Beins, ranz, n. pl. নৃত্যুলী; নুরাপর; কটিনেশ; Kidneys; loins — হৃদ্য; The heart.

Re-instate, rc-in-staut, v. t. পুনব্ধিকার-দে; পুনঃ
প্রস্তুকু; দখন-দে, To place in a former state.

Re-instatement, n. পুন: ছাপন , পুন: প্রতিষ্ঠা , Re-establishment.

Reinvost, ru-in-vest v. t.,পুন্বর্পণ-কু; পুনবভিষ্কে-কু, To invest again.

Roinvestment, त. भूनवर्भन ; भूनविष्यक ; A second or repeated investment.

**Reinvigorate**, v. t. পুন: সভেজ বা বলবান-ক ; পুন: বীধ্যবান-ক ; To reanimate. n=ieinvigoration.

Reissue, re-ishoo, v. t. প্ৰৱায় বাহিব-ফু, To issue agrin:—n. বিতীযবান বাহিন করণ, A second issue.

Reitorate, re-itér-nt, v. t. পুন: পুন: বলা ; পুন: পুন:-কু; To repeat again and again. u= reiterated (পুনকক ; পুন: ক্থিত), reiterative. n= reitteration (পুন: ক্থন ; পুনক্জি ; repetition).

Reject, re-jekt, v. t [ L. rr, back, and jacere, to throw] পরিত্যাগ-ফ, প্রত্যাপান-ফ; প্রাঞ্জ-ফ, নাকচ-ফু; To refuse, to renounce. n=rejection (প্রত্যাপান; পরিত্যাপ)। Syn:—Repel, discard, exclude, eject; decline, slight, despise.

Rejection, n. অগ্রাফকরণ; অবীকার, বর্জন; Refusal to grant.

Rejoice, re-jois, v. i. [Fr. re, again, iouir, to enjoy—joil, joy] আন্দিত-হ. জ্ঞাই-ই; উৎপুত্র-ই; To be glad; to exult, to feel joy, triumph —r. t. আনন্তি-ক; আফ্লাণিত-ক, To gladden. Syn:—Gladden, please, cheer, exhilarate, delight.

Bejoice in.—কোন বিবন্ধে আনোদ অসুভব-কু, Feel pleasure in.

RejoicinB, n. জানন্দ , আনন্দ প্রকাশ ; আনন্দোৎসব ; Gladdening ; expression of joy :— আনন্দের সময , Time of joyfulness. [ joy or exultation. Rejoicingly, ad. জানন্দ বা উল্লাস সহকারে ; With Rejoin, re-join, v. r. যুক্ত-কৃ ; পুনর্বোগ-কৃ ; পুনরিভিত্ক ; To join again ; to unite after separation :— অভ্যাত্তরে কহা ; To answer :—v. i উত্তর-দে ; To answer to a reply.

Bejoinder, re-joinder, n. প্ৰকল্পৰ ; প্ৰভাৱৰ ; An aswer to a reply :--প্ৰতিৰাদ ; জবাৰ ; The defendant's answer to a plaintiff.

Bejuvenescent, s. श्वः सोववरच गडिनक्येन ; Growing young again.

Bekindle, v. t. भूनः व्यवनिष्ठ-इ ; প्रकारक्षिण-इ ; To set on fire ; to arouse anew.

Relapse, re-laps, n. [ L. re, back, labor to slip] প্ৰাণ্ডন; copiesৰ; পাণ্টাৰ; Falling back; falling back into a former bad state:—e. t. প্ৰাণ্ডিত-হ; প্ৰচাৰ্থ-হ; To backslide, to sink or fall back.

Relapse into-পুনৱার পূর্বদশা প্রাপ্ত বা কোব বোৰ-বস্ত-ছ; Fall back into ( a former bad state ).

Relate, re-ini', v. f. বৰ্না-কৃ; To discribe; to tell, to narrate:—সৰ্ব ব্যক্ত কৃ; স্বৰ্ভ কৃ; To ally by connexion or kindred:—v. i. স্প্ৰতিত্ত স্ব্যাবিত্ত; স্ব্যাবিত্ত ; To refer; to pertain.. Syn:
—Rehearse, report, detail, recite, recount, respect, regard, concern.

Belate to—কোন বিষয় সংক্রান্ত-হ; Refer to; pertain to. [kindred or blood. Related, a. সম্বন্ধয়; Allied or connected by

Related, p. a. কণিত; সবজ। n=relatedness. Be related to—কাহারও সহিত সবজ গাকা; Be connected by blood or marriage with.

Relating, a. विवहक ।

Rolation, rc-lashun, n. वर्गना, Narration; recital : —ইতিহাস ; Narrative . — উল্লেখ ; Referance:-- मचक ; मन्पर्क ; छाडि ; कृद्व ; Connexion by birth or marriage; mutual connection:-সাদৃত্য; Resemblance. a-relational ( সম্বন্ধাচক ); n≕relationship (আত্মীয়তা; কুট্ৰিতা)। ১৮খ:— Recital; tale, detail, account, description, connection, mutual dependence; respect, regard, bearing; relationship, kindred; relative. In relation to—সক্ষো। [ relation or kindred. Relational, a. সম্পাৰ্ক , জাতি সম্পীয় ; Having Relative, refa-try, a. সাপেক, আপেকিক, Not absolute .—সম্প্ৰকাৰক; সম্প্ৰ প্ৰকাশক; Expressing relation ; ( Grammar ) :-- भवकीय , अवकर्क ; Respecting :- n. मथक ; मिश्र ; That which has relation to something else, a relation. ad=relatively ( আপেকিপ্রপে )।

A relative pronoun—who প্ৰভৃতি সৰ্কনাম শব্দ। Relative to—স্বাধ্য . Regarding. Relativity, n. আপেছিকতা; অপবিওছতা।

Relax, re-laks, v. f. [L. re, back, again, laxare, to loose] আলগা-কু; বিধিল-কু; To slacken; to loose:—কঠোরতা লাখ্য-কু; কোষল-কু; To make less severe or ngorous:—প্রফাল্লিড-কু; আমোধিত-কু; To divert:—কোঠ কাঠিত দূর-কু; To loosen as the bowels:—অবস্থ-কু; To make lanquid:—সম্ভশ্ব; To esere:—v.i. শিখিল-হু; ভিলা-হু; To become less severe. Syn:—Loosen; weaken, enfeeble, debilitate; lessen, diminish, reduce, abate; unbend, ease, recreate.

Relaxation, re-laks-áshun, n. শিখিলতা; শৈখিল্য; The act of relaxing; the state of being relaxed:—বিনোদন; Division, amusement:— আসকশৈথিল্য; Remission of application.

Relay, re-lá, n. অনুণাৰ্থ রাখা মধ্যে ৰোড়া ছাগ্ৰ; বদনী ৰোড়া ৰোগাৰ; A supply of horses to relieve others on a journey.

Release, re-les, v. t. eleta-p; 18-p; Te set

free; to discharge from; to relieve:—সম্
পরিতাপ-কৃ; কাবী ছাড়িলা-কে; To give up a right
to; to let go, as a legal claim:—n. মুক্তি;
বোচন; A setting free; discharge; acquittance:—সম্ভাপ; The giving up of a
right or claim. Syn:—(v) Free, loose, disengage, quit, discharge, acquit, absolve, exempt. (n) Liberation, freedom, deliverance,
discharge; exemption, exoneration, absolution, dispensation; acquittance, clearance.

Relogate, refe-gat, v. t. [L. re, away, lego, to send] নিৰ্বাদিত-ক; To banish; to exile:—
স্থীত্ত-ক; To consign. n=relegation.

Relent, re-lent, খ: নর্য-হ; মৃদ্-হ; কোমল-চ; To become more mild:—আর্ক্রিড-হ, নরার্জ-হ; To feel compassion; to soften in temper.

Relentless, re-len'iles, a. निषय ; निष्य ; क्रिय ; Merciless. ad-relentlessly. n=relentlessness.

Relevance, rele-vans, Belevancy, rele-vansi, n. সময়েচিত : প্রাসন্ধিকতা ; সম্প্রবিশিষ্টতা ; Pertinence ; applicability.

Relevant, rele-vant, a. [F. relevant, ppr. of relever, to raise again] অভাবায়ুক্তণ, প্রাসন্ধিক; Bearing upon or applying to the purpose; pertinent; related. ad=relevantly. Syn:—Pertinent, applicable, appropriate, apposite, apt, fit. [nent to; applicable to.

Relevant to—টিৰ গাঁটা; প্ৰসংসাপবাৰী; Perti-Reliable, re-li'a-bl, a. বিশাসবোগ্য; বিশ্বত, বিশ্বসাৰ ; That may be relied upon; worthy of credit n=reliablility, reliableness (বিশ্বতা)। ad=reliably. Syn:—Trustworthy, trusty, honest, true, creditable.

From a reliable source—বিশ্বসূত্র।

Beliance, re-li'ans, n. নির্ভরতা; নির্ভর ; বিবাস ; প্রত্যাব ; Trust ; confidence. a=reliant (বিধাস-কারী)। Syn:—Dependence ; hope.

Belie, relik n. [ L. relictum, to leave behind ] জনসাবশেষ; অবশিস্তাংশ; That which remains after the decay of the rest:—কীৰ্তিত ; স্বৰণ চিক; Memorial:—pl. মৃতাবশেষ; মৃত ব্যক্তির কেশদন্তাদি; Body or remains of saints.

Reliot, relikt, n. [L. relinquo, to leave behind] विश्व हो ; A widow.

Belief, re-lef', n. অপসারণ; উপশম; The removal of any evil; alleviation:—সাহায্য; সহাযত); Assistance; succour:—প্রতিকার; Remedy:—সমতল পৃষ্ট হুইতে প্রথম বা বাড়ু নির্মিত মুর্তির উন্নত অংশ; The projection of a figure from its ground. Syn:—Succour, help, aid, comfort; redress; prominence, relievo.

Bring into relief—শষ্ট করিয়া চিত্র করা বা লেখা; Bring into prominence.

Relieve, re-lev, v. t. [L. relevare, to lift up] উপাৰ-ক; প্লান-ক; লায়-ক; তাত্ত কাল or sorrow; to alleviate; to mitigate:—নাহায়-ক; To help:—আভিকার-ক; To redress:—উজার-ক; To deliver:—স্থানার সন্থিবেশ-ক; To set off by contrast. Syn:—Succour, aid, assist, support, sustain; lighten, ease, diminish, remedy, free; put in relief.

Believing officer, n. An officer under a

poor-law board, to whom paupers apply for assistance.

Believo, n. Same as relief, in fine arts.

Religion, re-lijun, n. [L. religio, from religior, to bind] ইম্মন্তি; ধর্ম; The performance of our duties of love and obedience towards God:—ইম্মন্তি!; প্রাণছতি; Piety:—ক্ষেড; ধর্মবিষাস; Any system of faith and worship. Syn:—Sanctity, reverence, holiness, religiousness, godliness, grace.

Natural religion—প্রাকৃতিক প্রমাণ্ডার্ছ বর্ম । Revealed religion—প্রসাদিট বর্ম ।

The religion of humanity—নাত্তিক ধর্ম বিশেষ : Beligionist, re-lijun-ist, n. ধর্মমতাবল্লী ; সৌড়া ; ধর্মাযুৱালী লোক ; One earnestly attached to a religion.

Beligious, re-lijus, a. ধাৰ্মিক; ধর্মনিট; ধর্মনারাক; পবিত্র; Godly; strict; bound by monastic views; pious. ad = religiously (ধর্মজ:); n=religiousness (ধার্ম্মিকজা; ধর্মনিটজা)। Syn:—Holy, devoux, devotional; conscientious, faithful, exact.
Religious founder—ধর্ম-অবর্ত্তক।

Relinquish, re-ling'kwish, v. t. [L. relinquere, to leave behind] পরিতাপ-ক; ছাড়িরা-পে; ইম্বা-ক, To abandon; to give up; to resign.
n=relinquishment. Syn:—Leave, quit, for-sake, desert; forbear, forego, surrender, yield, cede, abdicate, renounce, disclaim.

Relinquishment, ল. পরিত্যাপ ; পরিবার ; Abandonment.

Beliquary, reli-kwar-i, %. সাধ্দিদের সৃতদেহ রাখিবার বায় : A small chest or casket for holding relics :—হিসাব দিকাসে দেবদার ।

Belique, re-lek, s. क्रामावरनव ; A relic.

Relish, relish, v. t. [F. relecher, to lick or taste anew] রসাবাদ ভোগ-ড়; পরিভ্র-ছ; ভূর-ছ; তে like the taste of; to be pleased with; to taste or eat with pleasure:—v. s. হ্ববার-ছ; আমোন-বে; হ্বব-বে; To have an pleasing taste; to give pleasure:—n. হ্ববাদ; ভার; Taste; flavour:—হৈছা; Delight:—আত্তঃ ব্যুৱাদ; A sauce:—জ্বা; Liking; চাটনি; মনলা; A sauce:—জ্বা; Appetite. æ=relishable. Syn:—(v) Like, enjoy, appreciate; savour, smack. (n) Savour, gusto; appetite, fondness, partiality; quality, cast, touch, smack.

Reluctance, re-luktans, Beluctancy, re-luktan-si, n. অনিজ্যা; বিরাপ ; বিস্থা ; Unwilling-ness. Syn:—Repugnance, backwardness, disinclination, dislike.

Beluctant, rē-luktant, [ L. re, against, luctor, to struggle ] অনিজুক; বিরক: বিমুক; বিজুক; Unwilling; disinclined. ad=reluctantly ( অগতা); অনিজ্ঞাপুৰ্বক): Syn:—Averse, loth, disinclined, indisposed, backward.

Bely, re-li', v. i. निर्धन-कृ ; विश्वान-कृ ; Put trust in ; lean with confidence. Syn :—Trust, depend, confide, repose. [ full confidence in.

Rely on or upon—[ववान-वृ: Trust in; have Bernain, rē-māń, v. i. [L. re, again, back manere, to stay] पाका; जवनिष्ठ पाका; वाकि पाका; जववान-वृ. To stay; to be left behind; to continue bend; to last. Syn:—(n) Continue, rest, abide, last, endure, survive.

Remainder, re-mander, s. বাৰী; অবশিষ্ট ভাগ; বিবোগ-শেষ; That which remains; remnant; difference of two quantities; remnant of an estate. Syn:—Balance, rest, residue.

Remaining, a. অবশিষ্ট।

Remains, n. pl. শব; মৃতদেহ; A corpse:—মৃত্যু-কালে অমৃত্ত্তিত প্রছাদি; The literary productions of one dead.

Remand, remand, v. t. (L. re, back, and mando, to order ] পুনা খেরণ-কু, To send back:
——n. পুনা খেরণ ৷

Remark, re-mark, v. t. [F. re, again, marquer, to mark] দেখা; দুই-কৃ; লক্ষ্য-কৃ; To mark; to notice:—মন্তব্য প্রকাশ-কৃ, বলা; To express what one thinks or sees, to say —n. মন্তব্য মন্তব্যকা; Note; comment:—দৰ্শন; Observation:—ক্ষ্য; Notice. Syn:—(v) Notice, heed, regard; speak, comment, animadvert, observe (n) Annotation; notice, heed, regard. consideration; statement, assertion, declaration

Remarkable, re-marka-bl, a. বিবাত: প্রসিদ্ধ; Distinguished, famous — অমুত্ত: অসাবারণ: আক্সা, Strange; wonderful; extraordinary. n=remarkableness, ad=remarkably.

Romarkably, ad. স্বিশেষ; সাতিশা।

Remarkably easy—অণি সহজ।

Bemediable, re-me'di-a-bl, a. প্ৰতিকাৰক . ব্যৱস্থান নাগনবোগা; Curable. ad=remediably n=remediableness.

Remedial, a. প্রতিকার-দাবক; Tending to remove evil ad=remedially. [able, in effectual Remediless, a. অপ্রতিবিধেয়; নিজন, Irrepar-Bemedy, remede, n. [L. re, again, meders, to heal] বোল নিবাৰক শুষণ, An effective medicine; cure:—উপাব, প্রতীকার; Restorative; reparation:—v t. আরোপ্য-কু; আবাম-কু; To cure; to heal:—অনিই নিবাৰণ কু, প্রতিকার-কু; To repair some evil:—ক্সিপ্রা-কু, To repair some evil:—ক্সিপ্রা-কু, To repair, Syn:—(n) Antidote, specific, restorative, medicine, counteraction; relief, redress.

The remedy was worse than the disease— রোগ অপেকা প্রতিকাৰ অধিকতর অনিষ্টকর।

Bemember, re-member, v. t. { L. re, again, and memore, to call to mind } अत्रथ-कृ; अदन्कृ; 
Bemember one to—কাহাৰও নাম মনে কৰিবা পেওয়া; Recall one to the mind of another

Remembrance, re-membran-, n. সুরুণ; Recollection:—মুন্তি; স্মুরুণনিজ; Memory — সুরুণনিজ; সাবক বস্তু; Memorial. Syn:—Reminiscence; mind; token, momento, souvenir.

Romembrancer, re-membrans-er, n. পাৰ্ক বতঃ ভবোৰক, স্থৃতিচিক্ষঃ That which reminds, a memorial.

Bemind, re-mind, v. t. স্বৰণ কৰাইয়া-সে; স্মৃতি-গোচৰ-কু; To cause to remember, to put in mind of; to bring under the notice or consideration of.

[ Put one in mind of.

Bemind (one) of -- (क्लम विषद्र प्रदल कड़ाहिश-(प ;

Beminder, n. স্বারক; স্বরণার্থ লিখন। Beminiscence, rem-e-niśens, n. [ L. reminiscor, to recollect ] স্বৃতি; স্বরণ; পূর্বান্থতি; স্বৃতি

বিষয়; Recollection; remembrance; memory; the recurrence to the mind of the past.

Romise, v. t. [L. re, back, mitto, to send] ত্যাগ-ড়; To surrender:—n. ত্যাগ; Surrender. Romiss, re-mis, a. [L. remissus, ppr. of remitters, to relax] অম্বোবোগী; অসাবধান; অব্যতিত; বিধিন; আবগা; Negligent: careless; inattentive; slothful; slack. ad=remissly, n=remissness. Syn:—Dilatory, lax, negligent, careless, inattentive.

Bemissible, re-misi-bl. a. ক্যাবোগ্য ; ক্ষাবীয় ; That may be pardoned. n=remissibility.

Remission, re-mishun, n. क्या ; बार्कना ; दाहा है ; Pardon: --উপশম, কিঞিৎ বিরাম; ছান; Abatement; relaxation :-- 6141 (4144; The sending of money to a distance :- 4 FF; Release :-ষ্ঠাৰ ; Relinquishment. Syn :- Forgiveness, discharge, relaxation, diminution, removal; intermission, suspension, stoppage [Forgiving. Remissive, re-mi/iv, a. শ্মাণীল; ক্মাণর; Remit, re-mit. v. t. জাগ-কু; To give up; to resign — ক্ষা-কু; ৰাৰ্জনা-কু, To pardon, to forgive : —টাকা প্রেরণ-কু; Send money, transmit, as money: --- ০. ঃ. হ্রাস-হ, লগু-হ, কমা, To abate in force or in violence; to become moderated. n=remitter ( (अन्नक)। Syn ·--Return, restore, replace, relax, abate; absolve, forgive; surrender, resign; transmit, forward, send, clacken, decrease. mitting , surrender. Remmittal, re mital, n (2)14, 3119. A 1e-Remittance, re-mitans, n. টাকা প্রেরণ: প্রেবিচ है।का : The sending of money &... to a dis tance, the sum remitted.

Romittent, 10-mitent, a পন্ন নিবাম, আৰকালের জন্ম সুসাধিপিঃ, Increasing and abating after nately, a a disease.

Romittent fever—খন বিরামজ্ব , (সামাঞ্চ হান্যুক্তিযুক্ত ) একজব , বাতলোমক বিকার ।

Romnant, remnant, n. बनालंब; बाल, जब-लिक्षाल ; वाकी, नामान बंद: हेक्या हेक्बा ; क्टि-कांछ; Remainder; a fragment; a scrap. Syn:— Rest, remains, shred.

Remodel, re-modl, v. t. প্ন: निर्माण-कृ, প্নৰ্গঠন-কু, To model or fashion ancw.

Remonstrance, re-monstrans, n. আপন্তি, বাদাপুৰাদ, প্ৰতিবাদ, Expostulation, strong representation of reasons against an act.

Remonstrant, re-monstrant, a প্রভিবাদারক . প্রতিবাদসরক , Inclined to remonstrate :— দ . আপ্রিকারী ; আপ্রিকারক , প্রতিবাদক ; One who remonstrates.

Bemonstrate, re-monstrat, v. t. [L. re. again, and monstro, to point out] আপত্তিক প্রতিবাদ-কু. To expostulate; show strong reasons against a measure.

Remonstrate with (one) against—কাষাৰ কাষ্য সম্বন্ধে বোৰ আগন্তি- p; Urge upon one strong reasons against (any act).

Remorse, re-mors, n. [ L. remordere, remor-

sum, to bite back ] অৰুভাগ; বৰভাগ; বৰ্ণীড়া:
The gnawing pain or anguish of guilt; regref.
Syn:—Compunction, self-condemnation.

Remorseful, re-morsfool, a. অস্তাপপুর্ অসু-ভপ্ত : অসুতাপ্দর্ম ; Full of remorse. ad = remorsefully.

Remorseless, re-morsless, n. निर्म : निर्मा : Cruel. n=remorselessness, ad=remorselessly. Syn:--Unpitying, pitiless, relentless, unrelenting, implacable, merciless, ruthless, unmerciful, savage.

Remote, rē-mōt, a. [ L. remotus, pp. of remevere, to remove] দ্বৰত্বী; দ্বছ; Far; far away; distant:—আদি: আগমিক; Primary, as a cause:
—বিভিন্ন; অনংশন্ধ: Not agreeing; not related:
—নামাক; অন্যই; Slight. n=remoteness ( দ্ববিভিন্ন)! ad=remotely ( দ্বতরত্বপে)! Syn:—
Secluded, removed, foreign, alien; separate, unconnected; inconsiderable. [ anew.
Remould, v. গ্ৰাকি-ক; To mould or shape Remount, n. সজিত অপন্ন ঘোটক:—প্ৰভাৱেহণাৰ্থ
আবস্তক ন্ৰ্যান্ত; Things necessary for re-

mounting:—ত. t. or ত. t. পুৰৱারোহণ-তৃ; To mount again.
Removable, re-mööva-bl, a. ছাৰাছর করণ বোগা;
অপসার্থীয়; That may be removed. «=remo-

vability. ্, Bemoval, re-mabval, গ স্থানাম্ব করণ , অপসারণ ; The act of taking away :—স্থান পবিবর্ত্তন ; পথচাতি ; Displacing ; change of place ; dismissal. Sys : —Displacement, transference, relegation ; withdrawal, extraction, elimination , suppres-

sion, abatement; dismission, ejection. Remove, re-moov, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and movere, to move ] স্থানান্তর-ক ; অপদাধিত-ক ; मत्रोप ; प्रोज़ ड-कृ ; व्याप ठ-कृ ; To put from its place; to take away; to put away; to drive away , to displace; to withdraw :-- স্থান পৰিবৰ্ত্তন-ক, পদ্যুত-কৃ; To change place; to cause to change place :-- v. i श्वानाखर वाश्या; नदा; नजा; To go from one place to another :-- n. অপস্বণ ; व्यभन्न ; Removal :- श्रान शदिवर्डन ; Change of place; departure :-- प्राप्त ; प्राप्ति ।; Remoteness:-कर्च इटेंट विषात्र; Dismissal :-- भन ; ৰেণী; Step in gradation :-- দ্বতা; Distance :--ভোজাধার; A dish to be changed while the rest remain. Syn: -(v) Displace, dislodge; transler, relegate; withdraw, extract; banish, destroy, suppress; dismiss, eject, oust.

Removed, p. a. हानाञ्चरिङ; प्रवर्शी।
Remunerable, re-mu'nér-a-bl, a. প্রহাব বোগা,
लाखबनक, Worthy of being rewarded, fit to
be rewarded.

Remunerate, re-muner-at, v. t. প্ৰফাৰ-ৰু, বেচন-ৰে; পারিতোধিক-ৰে, ক্তিপুরণ-ৰু; To recompense; to reward. Syn:—Reward, requite, repay, reimburse, indemnify.

Remuneration, re-mun-cr-áshun, n. পুৰুষাই; পারিতোবিক; পরিপ্রমের মূল্য পরণ দান; প্রতিদান; বেতন; ক্ষাত্রপুর : Reward; recompense. Syn: —Repayment, reimbursement, indemnification, compensation; pay, salary, wages.

Remunerative, re-mu'nér-a-tiv, a. পাঙৰদক; Lucrative:—ৰসুরূপ কতিপুর্ণ আধারক; Yielding proper return.

Renaissance, Renascence, n. বিল্প বছৰ প্ৰকল্পীৰৰ বা প্ৰকলাৱ : প্ৰৱস্থানয় : A renewal. Benal, rCnal, a. কটি বা ব্যৱস্থা সম্ভাব : ব্যাশ্য বস্ত্ৰীয় : Pertaining to the loins or kidneys.

Benard, renard, Beynard, n. (वैकानानी; A fox, so called in fables and in poetry.

Renascent, a. [ L. re, again, and nascor, to be born ] পুনরভূলীয়মান; Rising into being again.

Bencounter, ren-kownter, Bencountre, ren-kounter, n. বিবাদ: ছবৰুছ; টোকাঠ্ছি; সংবৰ্ছ : Conflict; a sasual combat; a collision; clash:—
v. i. প্ৰশ্ব হন্দ্ৰ বা হাতাহাতি-কৃ৷ Syn:—(n) Clash, shock, combat, engagement, battle.

Bend, rend, v. t. विशेष-क ; त्कप-क , हिन्निया त्कणा ; To tear asunder ; to split. pt. pp. rent. Syn:— Burst, break, rupture, tear, sever, rive, lacerate, fracture, crack.

Rend the air—গগনভেদী শল-কু; চীৎকারে কাটিরে শেওয়া; Make a mighty sound.

Render into-ভाराश्वरत अनुराम-कृ; Translate into.

Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's—যাহার যাহা প্রাপ্ত তাহাকে তাহা দেওলা; Give every one what is due to him.

Render up—সনৰ্গণ-কু; দেওবা; Give on demand, surrender [ Version; translation.

Rendering, reńder-ing, n. অধ্যাদ; তরজমা;

Rendezvous, (রেনডেডু) reń-de-v০০, n. মিদিট্ট
স্থিতিক স্থান; Appointed place of meeting.

Bendible, a. বিচ্ছেল , Capable of being torn :— সম্পনীয় ; তাজা , Capable of being surrendered. Rending, a বিদাধক !

Bendition, n. নৰপণ, ত্যাপ; Act of rendering; surrender — সৰপণ, ব্যাপা; Translation, Syn;

surrender — সূৰ্বাদ, বাাধ্যা; Translation. Syn:
—Return, restitution; version.
Renegade, rene-gad, Renegado, rene-e-

gálo, n. [L. re, and nego, negatus, to deny] বৃধ্বিত্রাগী বৃক্তি, An apostate, a deserter:—
প্রতিত্ব, A deserter: Syn:—Recream: traitor; rebel; vagabond.

Benew, re-nu', v. t. ন্তন-কু; To make again; renovate: —পুনরারত্ত-কু; (বাতাদি) বদলান; পালটান; To begin: —পুনঃ সতেজ-কু; To invigorate: — v. i. নৃতন-কু; বনাকুত-কু; To be made new: —পুনরারত-কু; পুনরার লাক্ত-কু; To begin anew; to commence again. a=renowable. Syn: —Renovate, re-establish, refit, repair, recreate, revive; repeat, recommence; regenerate, transform.

Benewable, a. ছানাডর করণবোদ্য , ধবভূত করণীর ; Such as may be renewed.

Benewal, re-nu'al; n. পূৰ্ববীকরণ; নৃত্ব করণ; পূব: প্রান্তি; পূৰ্বজুখান; Renovation; regeneration; restoration.

Benewed vigour—ব্ৰীভূড ভেল।

Benitent, a. [L. re, against, and niti, to struggle] officials; Resisting pressure or its effect, n=renitence, renitency.

Bennet, reflet, n. গোৰংসের অন্তবিল্লী, বাহুরের আন্তঃ
The inner part of a call's stomach for cuiding milk:—বিশ্ব আগেল বিশেব; A sweet kind of apple.
Benounce, re-nouns, v. t. [L. re, and nunciars, to announce] অথীকাৰ-কু; পরিভাগে-কু; ভাগ-কু; To disown; to reject; to forsake; to cast off:—দাবী ভাগে-কু; To disclaim. Syn.—Repudiate, disclaim, disown, deny, decline, abandon, forsake; quit, forego, resign, relinquish, abdicate.

Benounce the world—সংসার ভাগিক ৷ Benouncement, re-nownsment, n. পরিভাগি; বছড়াগি; Disclaiming or rejecting.

Benovate, reho-vat, v. t. [ L. re, and novare, to make new ] ৰবীভত-ড়; বৃত্ত-ড়; To renew, to restore to the original state. n=renovation, renovator. Syn:—Recreate, revive, restore, reform, reconstitute, repair.

Renovation, n. नरीकत्र , नरकार श्रम: व्यक्ति ; Renewal; the state of being renewed.

Renown, re-nowh, n. [L. re, again, and nomen, name] বৃশ; ব্যাতি; প্রতিষ্ঠা; Celebrity; fame. Syn:—Fame, distinction, reputation, eminence, honour, glory.

Benowned, re-nownd, a. বিধাৰ; লক্ষ্যভিষ্ট; দশৰী; Famous; celebrated; illustrious; wonderful. Syn:—Famed, distinguished, noted, eminent.

Forehand rent—অতিম ভাড়া। [ be rented. Rentable, a. ভাড়ার উপবৃক্ত; ভাড়াটরা; That may Rental, rental, স. ধাজানার ভালিকা; খোকা বই, A rent-roll:—বাজনা, কর; Rent.

Rent-day, #. राजना चानातत निन !

Bent, pa. t. pa. p. of rend.

Benter, renter, দ. ভাড়াটিয়া; প্রসা; One who holds by paying rent for.

Bent-roll, rent-roll, n. शंकानात्र हिमार ; कर्फ ; A rental ; a schedule of rents , account of rents. Benumerate, v. t. প্ৰস্থানা-ক ; To recount.

Benunciation, re-nun-si-áshun, n. ড্যারকরণ, পরিহার; বহুলার; Disavowal; disowning; abandonment.

Be-open, v. t. পুনরার বোলা ; পুনক্ষাটিত-তু ; নৃতন করিলা ভোলা । [(পুনর্গাচন)। Beorganize, v. t. পুনর্গাচিত-তু । surreorganization

Repaid, pa. t. and pa. p. of Repay.

Repair, re-par', v. i. [L. re, again, and parers, to prepare] বাঙ্গা; গমন-কু; আলগ্ধ-কু; To go; to resort:—v. t. জীৰ্ সংজাগ্ধ-কু; বেগাসভ-কু; সংলোধন-কু; To restore after injury; to mend; to fill up anew:—কভিপ্ৰণ কু; To make amends for:—n. বাস্থান; মাবাস; A retreat or abode:—জীৰ্ণ সংখাগ্ধ, বেগামভ; কভিপ্ৰণ; Restoration after injury or decay; supply of loss. Syn:—(v) Mend, piece, patch, retouch; recover, retrieve. Thorough repair—খাড়া বেগামভ।

Bepairable, rep'ar-a-ble, a. সংখারকার বোগা; সংখ্যবন্ধ ; প্রতিবিধেষ ; That may be repaired. ad=repairably. Syn:—Restorable, recoverable. Bepairer, re-par'er, n. সংখারকারী, জীব-সংখ্যাক ; One who restores or amends.

Beparation, rep-ar-ashun, n. জীৰ্ সংখার; নৰ সংখার; Act of repairing:—কতিপুরণ; Amends; supply of loss. Syn:—Restoration, renewal, repair; redress, indemnification, satisfaction, compensation, atonoment.

Beparative, re-par'a-tiv, a সংখ্যারক ; Tending to repair or amend :—ক্তিপ্রক , Tending to make good.

Bepartee, rep-ar-te, n. [Fr. re, back, and parter, to set out ] স্নেৰণুক্ত প্ৰভূতির; উপস্থিত ও সরণ প্ৰভূতির; A smart, ready and witty t ply.

Bepass, v. t. or v. i. প্রত্যাগমন-ড়; প্রত্যাবর্তন-ড়, To pass again.

Repast, re-past, n. [L. re, and pastus, food, feeding] আহার এহণ; ভোজ, ভোজন, Act of taking food, a meal —ৰাদ্যক্তব্য আহার-নামনী.
The food taken; victuals.

Bepay, re-pa, v. t. প্ৰিলোধ-দে; প্রিলোধ-কৃ, প্রভিদান-কৃ; To pay back; to make return for:
—প্রভার-কৃ; To recompense. Syn:—Refund,
restore, return, compensate, remunerate, reimburse, reward, requite.

Bepayable, re-páa-bl, a. পরিশোধকরণ বোগা; পরিশোধনীয়; That is to be repaid.

Bepayment, re-pament, n. পরিশোধ; Act of repaying:—বে অর্থ বা বন্ধ পরিশোধ ক্ষরণার্থ দেওবা হয়; পুন: প্রনন্ত বা প্রতিশোধিত টাকা বা বন্ধ; The money or thing repaid.

Repeal, re-pei, v. t. বাভিল-ড়; রছ-ড়; প্রভাহারড়ু, খঙ্ক-ড়ু, To abrogate, to annul :—n. বাভিল;
খঙ্ক, রছ; প্রভাহার, Abrogation. Sym:—(v)
Abolish, revoke, rescind, cancel.

Repealable, re-pela-ble, a. প্ৰনাম ; প্ৰভাৱনাৰ -বদবোগ্য ; That may be repealed.

Bepealer, अ. त् तर करत , धाजादावादवी ; One who repeals , one who seeks a repeal.

Repeat, rc-per, v. t. [ L. re. again, and petere. to seek ] পুনৰ্কান বলা; অত্যক্তি-কৃ; মুখন বলা; To utter again, to rehearse:—পুনৰ্কান-কৃ; To do again. n=repitition. Syn:—Reiterate, iterate, reproduce, echo; rehearse, recapitulate, retate.

Repeated, p. a. প্ৰাকৃত ; প্ৰকৃত। Repeatedly, ad. বারবোর ; প্ৰাপ্নঃ; Over and over again; frequently.

Repeater, n. न्यान्य ; One who, or that which, repeats.

Beyed, re-pel, v. t. [L. re, back, and pellers; to drive ] निष्क मृ : अध्यान मृ : निष्यान मृ : अध्यान मृ : उत्यान मृ : अध्यान मृ : To act with opposing force. Syn:—Resist, oppose, withstand, confront, parry, rebuff; reject, refuse, decline.

Bopellent, re-pelent, a. নিবারণক্ষ ; নিরোবক ; নিবারক ; প্রতিতাড়ক ; Able or tending to repel.

Bepent, re-pent, v. i. [L. re, again, and posnitere, to make repent] অমৃতত্ত-ই; ছাম্বিত-ই;
To be penitent; to regret; to feel sorrow (of):

-ত. t. অমৃত্তাণ-ই; ছাম্ব বা খেন-ই; To remember with sorrow.

Renent of—কোন সভাপন আৰু অমৃত্তান ই: Feel

Repent of—কোৰ মুক্তির লাভ অমৃতত্ত-হ; Feel Repentance, re-pentans, n. অমৃতাণ; পরিতাণ; ধেব; Contrition for sin. Syn:—Penitence, contriteness, compunction, remorse.

Bepontant, re-pentant, c. অসুভৱ; পরিভৱ;
ফুৰিড, পরিভাপকারী; Sorry for past conduct.

Bepercussion, re-per-kushun, n. [L. re, again, back, percutere, to strike] প্রতিবাধ, প্রতিকেপা; Reverberation; act of driving back, relound. [প্রতিক্ষমিতক্ষিক; Reverberating.

Reporcussive, re-per-kusiv, a. প্রতিষ্টকারী; Reportory, rep'ér-tor-i, n. [L. re, again, and pario, to bring forth ] স্চিপ্ত ; নির্থাচ, A place where things are kept in an orderly manner so that they can be easily found, as the index of a book:—ভাপাই; A treasury.

Repetend, n দশনিক ভাগ্নাংশ বে সংবাদি পুনংপুন: আত্তি হয় ভাষা : ব্যা ; That part of a circulating

decimal which re-curs continually.

Repetition, n. প্ৰকৃতি ; প্ৰৱাৰ্তি ; Re-iteration :—পাঠ ; স্বৃত্তি ; Recuta ; rehearse.

Bepine, rē-piń, v. i. অসম্ভই-হ; বিম্তত-হ; হিংসা-কু; বেন-কু; To murmur; grumble, fret; envy. n=cpiner. ad=repiningly. Syn —Be discontented, complain, grumble, grieve.

Replace, re-plas, v. f. পুনর্কার রাধা; পুন: ছাপিড-ফ়; To put again:—ছান পুরণ-ফু; ছানাধিকার-ফু; (একের) পরিবর্তে (অহা) রাধা; To supply the place of; to take the place of; substitute:—প্রভ্যাপণ-ফু; পরিশোধ-ফু; To pay back. n=replacement (পুন:-ছাপন)। Syn:—Reinstate, re-establish; refund, repay, restore.

Replonish, re-pleńish, v. t. [ L. re, again, and plenus, full ] প্ৰ-কৃ; জহা; প্ৰ-কৃ; Supply; fill again; to complete. n=replenishment (পুন; স্থাপন): Syn:—Restock, refill, supply, furnish. Replete, re-pler, a. [L. re, again, pleo, to fill] পুৰ, প্ৰিপুৰিক; Full, completely filled.

Replete with- नित्र ; Full of.

Repletion, re-ple'shun, n. সমাক; পুৰা; Superabundant fullness. Syn:—Overfulness, satiety, glut, surfeit; plethora.

Beplevin, अ. প্ৰথাপ্তির নালিশ ; A personal action of replevying :-- ए. t. জানিন দিয়া প্ৰথাহণ- ক ; To replevy.

Replevy, v. t. बाबिन विश्वा शानान-कृ ।

Beplies, ন. বরুত চিত্রের অপুলিপি; একই চিত্রক্ষর্ত বুল চিত্রের অধুকৃতি।

Replicant, n. 333 7|3|; One who replies. Replication, n. 333; A reply.

Beply, re-oli v.s. [ I., replicare, to make a reply ] অভান্তর-ত্ব: জবাব-বে; To answer: -v. t. ভতরকাণ আমোন-ত্ব: To return for an answer: -w. অভানতর; জবাব; Return to an answer. Syn: -(v) Respond, rejoin. (n) Rejoinder, answer. In reply to—প্রভাবের; In answer to.

Beply to-প্রভারন্দে, Answer.

Report, re-port, v. t. [L. reportare, to bear back] मरवाप-(प ; वर्गना-कृ ; बृखांख कहा ; To inform ; relate :-- সংবাদ পজে খবর-দে ; To give information to a newspaper: - अहात- ह ; To ciculate publicly :-- विक्राक निरंत्रम-क ; To write down or take notes of :-- v. i. বিবৃতি-কু; To make a statement :-- ম. সংবাদ , Information ; relation ; description :--বিবরণী; কাণ্যবুভাল্ল; That which is reported; statement of facts :--বার্ছা; জনশতি : Rumour :—ক্রি; শব ; আ রয়ান ; Sound, noise :-यम ; शांडि , Fame -- ( pl ). त्यांकममात्र विवत्त ; An official statement. n=reporter. Syn:-(v) Announce, communicate, declare, promulgate, narrate, tell, mention; describe, detail. (n) Announcement, communication, declaration, narration; note, minute; explosion. [ সংবাদ-দে । Report one's self-হাজির আছি, এই বলিকা Reporter, n. मःबाम्बाडा ; वक्टा त्वक ; One who reports, especially for a newspaper.

Bepose, re-pōz', v. t. লান্ত-কৃ; বিআছ-কৃ; To cause to be quiet; to lay at rest; compose:—
ভারাপণ-কৃ, ছাপিড-কৃ; To entrust:—v. i. বিআম-কৃ;
নিজা-কৃ; To rest; to sleep:—বাকা; লাবিড-হ; To lie:—নিউর-কৃ; To rest in confidence:—n. বিআম; গতন, নিজা, A laying at rest; sleep:—
আলাম; গতন বিকা; লাভি, Quiet; rest of mind.
Syn:—(v) Lean on, confide in; recline, couch, slumber. (n) Slumber; relaxation, respite, ease, quietness, peace.

Repose confidence in—কাহাতে বিধান ছাপন-কু ৷
Reposit, re-potit, v. i. পজ্ছিত-কু , সম্পণ-কু ;
ছাপিত-কু ; To lodge, as for safety. [repositing.
Reposition, n. নিৰাপাৰে অবস্থানন ; The act of
Repository, re-pote-tor-e, n. ভাৰার ; কোর ;
That in which any thing is laid up; store-house.
Syn ;—Depository, reportory, magazine, depot, conservatory; store-house, emporium.

Bepossess, ে-poz-ześ, জ. t. পুনর্ছণল-কু; পুনর্ছি-কার-কু, To posses again.

Beprehend, rep-re-hend, v. t. পোবারোপ-তৃ; নিশা-তৃ; ভৎসনা-তৃ; ডিরন্ধার-তৃ; To blame; to reprove:—অনুবোগ-তৃ; To chide sharply. Syn: —Chide, rebuke, censure, reprimand.

Reprehensible, rep-re-heńsibl, a. নিকাৰ্ছ; ব্ৰ-ক্ৰিয়, তংগনীয়, Worthy of being blamed; censurable. ad=reprehensibly.

Beprehension, rep-re-heńshun, a. নিৰা; ভিৰমাৰ; লাজনা; Reproof, censure Syn:— Blazze, condemnation, rebuke, reprimand.

Reprehensive, rep-re-hensiv, a. ভংগৰাপূৰ্ব; তির্বারপূর্ব; Containing reproof.

Represent, rep-re-zent, v. t. वर्षना-इ ; To portray ; delineate :--वर्षना-इ ; To describe ; to set

To inform :—এতিনিধি-ঈ; ( काहांबर ) शांबीय-इ : To stand in the place of : ন্নের সমূবে উপস্থিত কয়া; To bring before the mind :-- अधिनव-क ; To personate ; to act the part of :-- প্রতিরূপ প্রদর্শন-কু; To exhibit the image of :-- চিহুরূপে প্রকাশ-ক ; To serve as a sign of. Syn :- Exhibit, show, express; depict; personate; stand for; take the part of.

Bepresentable, a. वर्गीत : Capable of being represented. Representation, rep-re-zent-áshun, n. वर्गना :

विवव ; Delineation ; statement ; description : আবেদন ; নিবেদন ; Information :--প্রতিরূপ ; প্রতি-गर्डि: Image: a picture: likeness. Syn:-Exhibition, show, personation, simulation, ac count, relation; portraiture, resemblance.

Theatrical representation—अधिना ; Dramatic performance.

Bepresentative, rep-re-zenta-tiv, a. প্রতিক্প-व्यक्तक; माम्अ-अपनेक; Shewing a likeness কাহারও ভানীর: প্রতিনিধিতে বর্তমান: প্রতিনিধিরূপী . Bearing the character or power of others .-কোন সম্প্রকার স্থানীয়; Presenting the full character of a class :-- n. প্রতিনিধি; One who stands for another; a deputy .—উত্তরাধিকারী; An heir. Syn:-(n) Agent, deputy, substitute, delegate, commissioner.

Repress, re-pres, v.t. प्रमन-क : निराज्य-क . To check; to restrain. Syn:-Subdue, suppress. overcome, overpower; quell, curb, control.

Repression, n. प्यन , नामन ; Restraint.

Repressive, a. লমনকারী, নিবাবণক্ষ, Able or tending to repress ad=repressively.

Beprieve, re-picv, v. t. বিবাম-দে, ক্ষণকাল বিভাম-দে; To give re-pite to .-- দণ্ডৰাৰ স্থাগত বাধা, To delay the punishment of .-- n. বিশ্ৰাম , অব কাশ, দৰবাকেণ; Delay in the execution of capital punishment, respite.

Reprimand, rep're-mand, n. ভীর অসুবোগ; ভংসনা; Severe reproof — v. i. ভিণস্কার-কু, ভংগনা-কু, অসুযোগ-কু, To chide; to reprove Syn: -(v) Reprehend, 1cbuke, severely censure, blame.

Reprint, re-print, v. t. পুন্মু क्रिक-क ; To print a new impression -- n. भूनर कि अह ; भून का का ; Another impression, a new impression

Reprisal, n. asintia, afermy as- . A seizing in refulation, any thing seized in retaliation. Reprise, v. t. ক্তিপ্রণ-কু, To recompense

Reproach, re-proch, v. t. निमा-कृ, सर्मना-कृ; To censure; to upbraid: -- n. তিবমাৰ, ভর্মনা, Censure :- क्लक , निका ; A disgrace Syn -(v) Blame, rebuke, condemn; revile, vilify, abuse. (n) Reproof, upbraiding, condemnation, reprehension, rebuke, remonstrance; disrepute, discredit, dishonour, scandal, approbrium, shame, infamy.

Reproschable, re-procha-bl, a. निनाई, Deserving teproach; approbrious. ad=:epreachably.

Beproschful, re-proch-icol, a. বিন্দাপুৰ্ , নিন্দিত ; Abusive; scurillous:—নিকাৰণক; লক্ষাকর,

नक्षाकनक ; Shameful ; disgraceful. 4d - roproachfully. Syn: - Condemnatory, upbraiding , vituperative, contumelious, offensive.

Reprobate, rep'ro-bat, a. পাপিষ্ঠ; পাণী; वर्षवाहै : Depraved; vile; lost to virtue; given over to sin:-n. পাপাতা; An abandoned or profigate person :- v. t. निमा-कु; (पांत-(प; To disapprove; to condemn; to censure. Sym:--(a) Rejected, disallowed, discarded, condemned, vitiated, corrupt, abandoned, hardened, profligate, castaway.

Reprobation, rep-ro-bashun, n. we; Condemnation, supposed abandonment of men to everlasting torment by the Almighty :-- "Tit, [ form anew. n=reproduction. Rejection. Reproduce, re-pro-dui, v t. প্ৰথচন-क , To Reproduction, n. शुनक्रश्यापन; The act of producing anew.

Reproductive, re-pro-duktiv. a. छेरशायनकावी পুনকংগাদী, l'ending to reproduce.

Reproof, reproof, n. निमा; जिस्कात; छर्मनी Consure; rebuke, reprehension Syn .- Admonition, chi ling, reprimand, reproach.

Reprovable, re-proova bl, a निकानीय ; निकाई, Deserving reproof, blame, censure. ad =reprovably. Syn: -- Blamable, blameworthy, censurable, reprehenable, culpable.

Roprove, re-proov. v. t [ 1., rc, off, probo, to try | विका-क , फर्निना-क , To condemn ; rebuke , chide, censure. n=reprover Syn :-- Reprehend, rebuke, blame, reprimand, admonish.

Reptation, n. ৰকেৰ উপায় তৰ দিবা প্ৰাৰ, Crawling. Reptatory. १ व व ३ अवर निया अध्यक्ष , Crecping. Roptile, ep'til, a. [ I., repo, to cicep ] thereis উপর ভর দিয়া পমন্থাৰ, Moving or crawling on the belly or by mems of very short legs -नौधानव , अधिनौठ , Low :-- n न्वीयम , An animal that moves or grawls on its belly or legs . -बोडान्य वाकि: A grovelling low person.

Reptile house, n. A house for keeping snakes Reptilian, " স্থাপুৰ স্থাম; Belonging to

Republic, re-publik, n প্রকাতর শাস্ব; নাধারণ-তম্ম ব্ৰাক্তা, Commonwealth, free government.

Republic of letters—পण्डिनर्ग ; निशानमण्गी ; The collective body of literary or learned men. Republican, re-publik-an, n. Afeise siffe, প্রজাতর শাসনের পক্ষপাচী; A democrat:--a. अञ्चाडक मक्कोष, मांवादन-उक्क, Agreeable to the principles of republic.

Republicanism, rc-publik-an-izm, अ. नांशांत्र ওপ্রনাতি, প্রছাতপ্রবাগ; Attachment to a republican form of government, the principles of republican government.

Republish, re-publish, v. t. পুন: প্রকাশ-কু, পুরু প্ৰাৰ- ক : To publish again or anew. n=republication.

Ropudiate, re-pu'de-at, v. t [ L. re. again, pudere, to be ashamed বিভাগন-ক; আলাক-কু; ভাগ-ক ; To reject ; to disclam , 10 cast away , to disavow. n=repudiator. Syn :- Renounce discard : divorce ; disown.

Bepudiation, re-pu-de-źshum, n. প্রত্যাপান;
খ্যান; Rejection; divorce. Syn:—Disavowal,
disclaiming; disowning; divorce. [ diates.
Repudiator, n. আগ্রেফারী; One who repuRepugnance, re-pugnancy,
re-pug-nan-si, n. অনুযোগ; বিবেশ; ক্ষিক্ছা; যুগা;
Aversion; resistance; reluctance. Syn:—
Contrariety, inconsistency, incongruity, incompatibility; unwillingness, dislike, antipathy,
hatred, hostility.

Bepugnance to—কোন বিষয়ে অভান্ত অনিছো।
Bepugnant, re-pugnant, a. [ L. re, again, pugnare, to fight] বিজোহী, বিষয়; বিগয়ীত;
অপ্রীতিকয়, Adverse; hostile; contrary, distasteful. ad-repugnantly. Syn:—Opposite, opposed, irreconcilable, incompatible, anta-

gonistic, inimical; offensive.
Repulse, re-puls, v. t. [ L. ke, back, and pellere, to drive ] তাড়াইবা-দে; বেদান, To repel; to beat off, to drive back:—n. প্রতিনির্ভি; প্রতিষাত; অপনারণ, The state of being repulsed or driven back; refusal. n=repulsion ( মুণা) i Svn:—(n) Reject, refuse. [ of being repelled Repulsion, n প্রভাবর্জন, প্রতিনির্ভি; The state Repulsive, re-pulsiv, a. অঞ্জীভিকর, অপ্রসর; মুণাজনক, Repelling; cold, forbidding; disgusting. ad—repulsively, n=repulsiveness. Syn:—Repullent; offensive, disagreeable, odious, loathome, nauseating, revolting.

Repurchage, v. t. পুন: ক্রম-কু, To buy again:
—n. পুন: ক্রম ; The act of buying again.

Roputable, rep'ut-a-bl, a. সন্তাৰ: প্ৰতিটাৰিত; Re-pectable; honourable. ad-reputably. n= reputableness. Syn:—Creditable, estimable, worthy, good.

Reputation, rep-dt-áshun, n. সম্ম ; প্রস্থা; মহাদা ; Estimation :—যশ ; পাতি ; নাম , Fame ; redit. Syn.—Repute, name, character, trem, honor, renown.

Roputo, re-put, n. [ L. re. again, puto, to reckon ] জগাতি, গাতি, গাতি, Reputation; estimate.—v. f. গণা-কু. মান্ত কু. To account; to estimate, to hold —গানা-কু. To reckon

Roputodly, re-put-ed-li, ad. নাধাৰ্ণমতে; নাধাবলের ধাৰণাৰ, in common repute or estimation.

Request, re-kwest, v. t. [L. requirere, requisitum, to ask for] অপুরোধ-কৃ; থার্থনা-কৃ; To
entreat; to ask for: to desire:—n. প্রার্থনা;
নিবেদন; অনুরোধ, Prayer, entreaty:—অভাব;
বারোকস; Want; a demand. Syn:—(v) Ask,
supplicate, petition. beg, solicit, beseech. (n)
Solicitation, petition, supplication, suit; demand, requisition.

At the request of— कारांबर अपूरतीय वा आर्थनांब ; At the earnest desire or solicitation of.

Be in request—কাটভি-হ; বড় গরকাব-হ; Be in demand; be wanted.

Requiem, n. মৃত ব্যক্তির আত্মার শত্মর্থ তব : মৃত ব্যক্তির সম্বন্ধে ত্থনীত বা মঙ্গল আর্থনা : A hymn sung for the rest of the soul of the dead ; rest ; peace : hymn for the dead. [manded. Requirable, a, বাওনার উপবৃক্ত , Fit to be deRequire, re-kwir', v. t. [L. re, again, back, and quaerere, to seek ] वार्षना-कृ; पांडना-कृ; To ask; to demand:—चांडक्क्इ; To need, call for. Syn:—(v) Claim, exact, insist on; want. Requirement, re-kwir'ment n. प्रकाद; पांचि. Claim; demand.

Requisite, rekwe-zit, a. আবয়ক; প্রয়োজনীয় . Needful; indispensable; necessary, essential : —n. অভাব; A need.

Bequisition, rek-wi-zishun, n. প্রার্থনা; পজ আহ্বান, লিখিত প্রার্থনা; Demand; a written request or invitation:—v. লাহ্যা-ফু; আহ্বান-ফু। Put in or into requisition—সম্বান বলিয়া চাহ্মা; Call for.

Requisitionsist, s. প্ৰাৰ্থনাকারী; One who makes a requisition.

Requital, re-kwital, n. প্রতিধান; প্রিলোগ; সুমার. Payment in return; retribution, recompense; reward. Syn — Compensation, remaneration, reward; retribution, retaliation

Requite, re-kwit, v. t. পরিশোধ-কু; প্রকার কে:
To repay; to pay in return; to recomp es Syn:—Reward, pay, remunerate, satisfy, recompense; retaliate, punish, avenge.

Borodos, n. আহিছানের পশ্চান্তাগ , দেওয়াল বা পরলা বিশেষ , A screen on wall behind the alter in a church.

Beremouse, ন. বাছড ; A bat.

Resale, n. পুৰবিক্ৰয় ; A second sale.

Besalute, v. f. পুন; অভ্যৰ্থনা-তৃ; To salute anew. Bescind, re-sind, v. i. [L. re, again, scinders, to cut] বহিজ-তৃ; বাল-তৃ, বাজিল-তৃ; To annul, to repeal; render null; reverse. n=rescission. Syn:—Revoke, recall, void, cancel, abrogate. [or repealing. a=rescissory. Bescission, n. বতন; রুণ; The act of annulling Bescribe, v. f. পুনব্দার বেবা; বাজুত্তরে বেবা; To write back. n=rescription.

Bescript, rr-skript, n, শাসৰ, ব্লাজাজা লিখিড উত্তৰ, An edict or decree.

Besoue, resku, v. t. মৃক্ত-ক ; উদ্ধাৰ-ক . আৰ-ক : বকা-ক , To deliver ; to hiberate — n. উদ্ধাৰ . মৃক্তি ; মোচৰ : Deliverance from violence or danger ; release n = rescuer (উদাৰকৰ্তা) | Syn :— (v) Free, save, redeem, release, extricate

Besearch, re-sérch, n. গৰেবণা; অপুনকান, তৰ্-পৰীকা; A careful research; scrutiny:—v. s. পূনকবেবণ-কৃ, To seek diligently.

Besell, v. t. পুনরায বিকয়-কু; To sell again.

Resemblance, re-zemblans, n. সাধুত ; অত্য ক্ষপতা ; Similarity ; similitude ; likenes · Syn — Analogy ; semblance, image, counterpart, portrait, fac-simile, representation.

Besemble, re-zemble, v. t. সম্প-ড়; অবুরূপ-ড়; To make like, to be like.

Resend, v t. পুন: (প্রবণ-কু।

Resent, re-zent, v. f. আফোশ-কৃ; কুছ-ছ; কাই-ছ; বাগ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; To be indignant; to think ill.

Resentful, re-zentfool, a. কোণৰ; কোণৰীল; কোণৰ; আকোশনীল; Full of resentment; wrathful. ad=resentfully.

Resentment, re-zeniment, n. water, caria.

নোৰ, প্ৰতিহিলো, Displeasure; anger; indignation; wrath.

Beservation, rez-ér-váshun, n. বোণৰ, অংশ-কাণ; সংৰক্ষণ, Keeping back, concealing — বাধা, Exception, restriction

Mental reservation—मत्न मत्न हानियां बोदन । Beserve, re-zerv, v t. [ L. re, again, servare, to keep ] ভবিবাতে বাবহারার্থ রাখা; ভুলিয়া দাখা, হাতে রাধা, জমা বাধা; To keep for future or other use , to retain : - नक्न- क , To except -n याहा जूनिया बाधा इस , मक्ष्य ; मिक्क अरा , That which is kept for future use .-- बाबराब मा कविया পশাস্থাগে রক্ষিড সৈত্ত , A part of an army or a fleet reserved to assist those engaged in action -वर्জन, Exception —यदाव छाव त्यांशन, कुकी छाव, Mental concealment - সাবধানতা, Caution -ৰাক্যে বা কাৰ্ব্যে সংব্য , সংলাপপরাত্মবন্তা , Absence of freedom in words or action. Syn -(v) Retain, hold, husband, withhold, keep back (n) Retention, reservation, constraint, restraint, backwardness, caution, shyness, bashfulness, [ ভাণাবর । coyness store, stock

In reserve—ভবিবাতে বাবহাবেৰ জন্ত রকিড স্থিত, Without reserve—একালে, মুক্কতে, Openly Reserved, তে হলেও, a লজ্জানীল, লাজুক, Shy — সংৰত, সংশাপ পৰাজুক, Cold, not free or frank—ভবিবাতে ব্যবহারাই রক্ষিত। a=reservedly n=reservedness Syn—Cautious, backward incommunicative, coy, modest

Beservoir, rez-êr-vwor', n কলাশর; ভর্নান, চৌবাক্তা হৌজ, Pond, cistern, tank.

Reset, re-set, v t পুন; ছাপিড-কু, পুন: বদান বা লাগান, To set again — (লপছত অব্যাদি) গ্ৰহণ করত: ল্কাইবা রাখা, To receive and hide, as stolen goods

Reside, re-zid, v. ৷ বাস-ড়, বসবাস-ড়, To dwell, to live Syn — Sojouin, abide, domiciliate, domicile, settle

Besidence, reze-dens, গ হিচি, The act of residing or of dwelling in a place, stay — বাস্ত্ৰি, আবাস, The place where one resides, an abode, habitation Syn—Domiciliation, inhabitancy, sojourn, home, domicile, mans on, dwelling, abode habitation

Residency, ল বাসজাৰ, ই বাজ লাভ প্ৰতিনিধিন জাবাস, Residence, the official dwelling of a govern ment officer in India

Besident, rezi dent, a. বাসকারী, অধিবাসী, বাদী, Residing or dwelling in a place for sometime— হ বাসকারী বাজি, অধিবাসী, One who resides— বিদেশার রাজ্পতিনিধি, A public minister at a foreign court [Having actual residence Besidential, rez-i-denshal, a. বাসী, বাসসবজীর, Besidential — n. বাহার কোনজন বাসহাৰ আছে, One who keeps a certain residence.

Besidual, a খবলিই , Remaining as residue Besiduary, re-zidu-ar-i, a. শেবাংশ সম্বন্ধীয় , অব-শিষ্টাংশ সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to the residue

Residuary Legates, n. One who takes all that remains of an estate after the payment of all other legacies.

Besidue, refe-du, n. [L. residuus, that is left behind ] चवरनंद ; दावि , चवनिष्ठ चान , The remainder. e=residual. Syn .—Rest, remnant, balance, surplus, residuum.

Besiduum, re-zidu-um, s. অবাদ্ধ ে অবনিষ্টালে . That which is left after any process of purification.

Besign, re-zifi, v i. [ L re, again, signare, to sign] পদ পরিজ্ঞাগ-ড়, ইবকা-দে; To give up, surrender .—জাগ-ড়, Relinquish, abandon — ক্ৰড়া-ড়, বহুতা বীকার-ড়, To yield a=resigned (বীভ্ড)। Syn —Cede, leave, forego, renounce, submit to, abdicate

Besign oneself to, Be resigned to আগতে বাহা আছে বা ইবরের মনে বাহা আছে এই ভাবিরা নিস্টেই হইরা থাকা, Calmly submit to.

Besignation, rez-ig-nashun, গ পরিত্যাগ, ইডকা, Relinquishment, abandonment —সম্পূর্ণ . ব্যাবারীতা Giving up, yielding —সম্পূর্ণ ইপর নির্ক্তি , Submission to the will of God:—মহিশুতা , Patience. Syn —Surrender, abandonment, renunciation, abdication; submission, acquiescence, endurance.

Resilience, Resilency, ন. প্রতিঘাতোৰ উল্লেখন, The act of springing back.

Resilient, a [L re, back, salso to leap ]
লাগোৰ, উৎপাচনীল, Springing back or it
bounding [substance which exides from treeResin, režin, n ধুনা, যজন, An inflammable
Besinous, režin-us, a ধুনাস্থা, Re-emblin
resin—ধুনাবিশিষ্ট, ধুনাময়, Having the qualite
of or resembling resin. ad ≈ resinously. n=
resinousness.

Resiny, refin-1, a খুনার মত , Like resun Resist, re-zist, v t [ L re again, sistere, t) stand ] বাধা দে, প্রতিবোধ ক , To oppose — v : বাধা দে, প্রতিবন্ধক-হ , To make opposition S; n —Withstand, confront, strive against, coun teract, hinder

Besistance, re zistans, n প্রতিবোধ, বাধ Opposition প্রতিবাচ, প্রতিবাচের শক্তি বা ক Striking, as of force. Syn —Rebuss, hinderance, check

Bosistible, re-zisti-bl a প্ৰতিবোধনীয় , প্ৰতিবোধা বাধাবোগা , That may be resisted n=resistibilit Bosistloss, re-zistles, a অপতিবোধনীয় , অপ্ৰতি গোধা আনিবাধা , মূৰ্ণিবাৰ , Incapable of being i sisted , irresistible. n=resistlessness, ad=ic sistlessly

Resolute, rezo-lut, a খিবনকা, দুচসকন দুচ্পতিজ, খিবনিশ্য , Determined , resolved আটল খিন , Firm , steady n=resoluteness a iresolutely (অটলভাবে)। Syn — Fixed, stead fast, persevering, unshaken, determined, firm bold, inflexible, unflinching.

 farances, constancy, courage, boldness; resolve, purpose, intention; dispension, termination; motion, declaration.

To move a resolution—একাৰ-সু ।

Resolvable, re-zolva-bl, a. जावक : विद्यवक्ष : Such as may be revolved or reduced to its elements. ad = resolvably.

Resolve, re-zolv, v. t. [ L. re, again, solvere, to loosen ] ক্ৰ-জু; বিষ্কু-জু; To dissolve; to melt :-- छेनामात्म भन्निगछ-क ; विद्मयन-क ; To separate into component parts; to analyse; to separate into parts :-- ( গঞ্ ) কৰা ; ব্যাখ্যা-ছ ; To solve , to explain :-- ছিন্ত ; মীমাসো-ছ ; To deeide .- क्लाइबा-त्म , वाचराइब-क ; To disperse, as a tumour :-- v. i. मनष्ट-कृ ; अख्यात-कृ ; To determine :-- विजिष्ट- ह ; To pass a resolution :-- ". व्यक्तिका ; महत्र ; Resolution ; fixed purpose. Sym : -Decompose; reduce, change; unrayel; disentangle; decide, conclude, purpose.

Resolve into-কোন অক্সে ভাগ বাহিন-ক ; Separate or find out the component parts of a sum: —গলিয়া-যা ; Melt into :—কিছুতে পরিণত-ই , Come ultimately to :--ভোট দিয়া কমিটি-কু; Form into a committee by vote or resolution.

Resolve on-श्विक्, Decide on, determine. Resolved, re-zolvd, a. কৃতসম্ম ; হ্রপ্রতিজ্ঞ , Fixed in purpose :- [4] Analysed. neresolved-[ প্রতিপাক ; Resounding. ness (মৃচ-প্রতিজ্ঞা) ৷ Resonance, reio-nans, n. व्यक्तिमा विकास Resonant, rez'o-nant, a [ L. resonans, ppr. of resonare, to resound ] প্রতিশ্বনিকারী; প্রতিশ্বনিক; প্ৰতি শৰ্মিম্ব , Returning sound ; echoing back ; resonading. Syn .- Echoing, sonorous, ringing. Resort, re-zort, v. s. F. ressortir, to go or come out again ] शंदश ; To go :- साञ्च न्दर्श ; खननपन-क : आयोग-क : To betake one's self ; to have recourse, to repair, to apply :-- n. 和平; Act of resorting :- नगाइन, नमनानगरनव इनि ; জালাৰ স্থান, A place much frequented; & hunt — উপায়; Resource:—আবার এছা; The act [ means. of resorting. Dernier or last resort—त्य उभाग : Ultimate Resort to—अनम्बन-कृ, Have recourse to:-यां क्यां . Go to visit.

The last resort—লেবের উপায় ; শেব আদালভ। Resound, re-zound, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and sonare, to sound ] প্ৰতিধানি-কু, To echo :বশ্বিস্থাৰ-কু, কীৰ্ত্তন-কু; To spread the fame of; to praise :-- v. i. প্রতিক্ষনিত-হ, To be echoed or sent back :-- डिक चच-कृ; डेकक्शि-कृ; To be much mentioned; to sound loudly. Syn:-Reverberate, re-echo, ring.

Resource, re-sors, n. [F. ressourdre, to spring up again ] উপাৰ; নতাবনা; Resort, means, remedy:--pl. বিভব; সঙ্গভি; উপায়, সংস্থান, Fortune; funds; means of raising money:—ব কোন উপান; Means of any kind.

=-resourceful (সংলব্ধি)। Sym:—Expedient, resort, contrivance, device, appliance, instrumentality. (pl) Funds, wealth, riches.

Having no other resource—ৰনতগতি হইলা! Last resource-- 544 7/5 |

Bespect, re-spekt, e. f. त्रशास-ज ; आवत-ज ; To honour; to esteem :--ज्ञान वांचा : जवच वांचा : To relate to :--- ননাৰ ; সমাধ্য ; পূজা ; Honour, regard :- সময় ; সশাৰ্ক ; Reference ; relation ;--পক্ষপাতিভা; Partiality:--pl. ज्ञांचितावस । Syn:-(v) Regard, revere, venerate, reverence, esteem; refer to, concern. (n) Relation; attention, consideration, estimation, esteem.

Resplendent

Command respect—(नारकत नवानकायन र : Win esteem by one's personal qualities.

In all respects, In every respects-ne-

Pay respects to-সন্মানপ্রদর্শন-ক: Show one's respect or esteem for another :--স্বস্থাৰ সাকাৎ-F; Meet one with courtesy.

With (in) respect to, In respect of-नवाक ; विवास ; As regards.

Respectability, n. মাসতা; মাননীয়তা; সন্মা-নাহতা; The state of being respectable.

Respectable, re-spekta-bl, a. यानवीत , यान . Honourable; worthy of respect:-- नामान ; Moderate, ordinary: — সম্ভাবিশিষ্ট; Of good quality:--নীচ বা মুণাই নম্ন , Not mean or despicable. surespectability, ad-respectably. Syn:-Reputable, estimable; decent, fair, ordinary, commonplace,

A respectable family—স্থাণ।

Bespectful, re-spekticol, a. विमीख; मञ्जनकांत्री; সন্থানসূচক; Full of respect, marked by civility. ad=respectfully ( निवन )। Syn :-- Delerential, dutiful, reverential, submissive, ceremonious, civil, polite.

Bespective, re-spektiv, a. च च : निज निज . আপন আপন; বিশেষ বিশেষ; সম্বনীয়; Own; relative ; particular.

Respectively, ad. ত্রমাররে , অবুক্রমে ।

Bespector, n. नचानकात्री : One who respects.

Be no respector of persons—ব্যক্তি বিশেষের পাতির লা-ক . Show no partiality for individuals ; make no distinction in tayour of individuals.

Respirability, n. নিখাসপ্রখাদ-বোগাতা; The quality of being respirable.

Respirable, re-spīr'a-bi, a. নিখাস প্রখাদের উপवृक्त Fit for respiration. | act of breething. Respiration, tes-pt-rashun, n. पान्यपान . The Respirator, res-pi-tá-tor, n. an einig nimer विश्वादक रुक्त जात्वव म्थाव्हांपनी यद्ध ; त्रांमकानि ; A network of fine wire for respiring or breathing through without injury. a=respiratory.

Respiratory, s. योनश्रयोत नचकीत ; Pertaining to respiration.

Respire, re-spir', v. i. [L. re, and spire, to breathe] গাসপ্রকাস-ক ; To breathe :-- বিজ্ঞাস-ক ; To take rest -v. t. यात जात-कृ, To breathe out. Bespite, respit, n. वित्रोम ; विवय ; व्यवकान ; Temporary cessation; pause, interval of rest; reprieve; stop; interval:-- आगय अगाद कि विलय , Replieve :-- o. f. विलय-क ; द्वतिक कवा ; প্রাণ্যত স্থাপ ; To give a respite to; to re-্বীতি ; লোভি: ; Brilliant lustre. prieve. Resplendence, Resplendency, n. 3445 . Resplendent, re-splendent, c. agrae : [ 832 ]

ज्यूक्ष ; श्रष्टांगर , Very bught, ad=resplendently ( সমুক্ষণভাবে )। Respond, re-spond, v. s [L. re, back, spondere, to promise ] জবাব-দে, উত্তর দে, To answer, to reply —উপযুক্ত-হ, অসুরুপ-হ, To suit - मिन शाका , To correspond to Bespond to-উত্তর-বে , Answer -- অবুরূপ কার্জ-F, Act in sympathy or conformity with -অনুরূপ ভাব প্রকাশ-কু, Reciprocate Respondent, re-spondent, n व्यक्तिवान-थंडनकादी . अंकिरामी, One who refutes objections —a. আশাসুৰূপ, That answers to expectation Response, re-spons, n উত্তৰ, কৰাৰ, A reply -- (प्रवृत्ति , An oracular answer , rejoinder In response to—এড়ান্তর। [ re ponsible for Responsibility, n wifig , wis . What one is On one's own responsibility—faces vice ৰৌক লইবা, Taking the responsibility or consequences of one's own acts on one s ownself Responsible, re sponse-bl, a शही, शायक, Answerable, accountable, amenable. n=responsibility ( मार )। ad = responsibly. Hold one responsible for—नात्री कर्ता, Regard one as answerable Responsible to (one), for (something)--(कान विवासन कह काशांत निक्र भागी, Liable to be called to account to a person for a thing Responsions, n. वज्ञारकां विश्वविद्यानरङ्क वादि পরীকা। Responsive, re-sponsiv a উভावकारी , मःवाणी , অবুরূপ , Answering , correspondent. Best, rest, # विश्वाम , विद्वाम Repose , cessation from motion — নিদ্ৰা , Sleep — পিবতা Quiet — বুড়া , Death —শাভি , Peace — বিশাম স্থান বকা इनि, A place of rest — व्यवनश्वन, Support, prop — व्यवनिष्ट ज्या , व्यवनिष्टां न , Remainder — Support for the spear when couched for the attick -इशि वाम्हान. A permanent habitation -ए : বিল্লাৰ-কু, জিরান, To repose, to take rest -अन्तरन कवित्रा थाका, lo lean -- निमा याञ्चा, Sleep — (क्षियां बांकां , Lie — निशन & Trust बाँएशिया बाका, To stand -- ए र अनास्त कू, विमान লে, lo quiet -- আধারের উপর স্থাপন কু lo place on a support Syn -(n) Pause, intermision stop, stay "lumber, quiet ease, quietness, stillness, tranquility, peacefulness re idie. balance, others (v) Stop, pause, desist, repose, relax, unbend sleep, slumber recline trust to rely on confide, acquirece be satisfied At rest-ভিন বা নিভিত , ভিনতাবাপৰ , Having no velocity with reference to the object on which the body stands Be at rest-निकृषिश-इ . Be at ease. Enter into rest-Die For the rest--অপরাপৰ সম্বন্ধে ! Rest on-কোন কিছুৰ উপর ভর করিয়া থাকা, Be supported by :-- नर्ड , Depend on, he on Rest with-काराजि शहा कान क्या शका, ক্ষতাধীন থাকা , Be in the power of one Set at rest— (भव कता, कृकित्य तर, Dispose of, settle, terminate

TO set at rest-- चित-इ, थानान ।

Restate, v f. MATAGRA-F! Bestaurant, res'to-rant, # जांबाय जांग . त्याय-নালর. A house for refreshment, an eating house Restitution, res-te-til'shun, n [ L. re, again, statuo, to make to stand ] ननः उद्याप . श्रीक-দাৰ, অভ্যৰ্পৰ, The act of restoring what was lost or taken away, release Syn -Restoration, return, indemnification, reparation, compensation, amends, requital. Rostive, restiv, a [L restare, to stay back] अक्लेख, इक्स , Obstinate — अश्रमत इटेल अनिकृक ; Unwilling to go forward n=restiveness, ad= restively Syn :- Stubborn, impatient, uneasy. Restless, rest less, a आहित, हक्त, Uneasy, continually moving -ৰণাত, ছবিনীত, Turbulent. n-restlessness. ad=restlessly ( # 34 ভাবে): Syn - Disturbed, disquieted, sleepless, tessing, unquiet, agitated, anxious, inconstant, roving wandering Restoration, res-to-tashun, n. প্ৰ: উদ্বাৰ, मगुर्शन . Recovery , revival — बहान अकानान Replacement Syn -- Resuscitation, replacement reinstatement, renewal, reconstruction, renovation redintegration, return restitution-The Restoration, দ ৬৩০ খুৱাৰে ছিতীয় চালস্ম প্ৰজ্ঞাগমন ও পিড্লি-ছাসান অধিবোচণ , I he re-establishment of the monarchy under Chailes II Bostorative, re stor'a-tiv, a वनकानक, वनवर्षक, Able or tending to restore especially to strength and vigour - म वनकातक छैवन, A medicine that restores ad-iestoratively Restore, া ১টেন', ৩ ট প্রার্থ কু, To give back -- नृष्ट्रम के भून मध्यात के कि जिन्न के Re pur -- আবোগা-ক, locure --পুর্বাবস্থার প্রত্যান্ত্রন F. To bring back to a former state -- a স্থাপিত ক To replace Syn -- Return, repay i replace, reinstate re-establish, renew, recover, revive, recruit heal Restore to—母写首4-事, Give back to Restrain, restrin v t [ I re again back. stringere to draw | क्मन-कृ, मध्यक कृ, नांबा ८१, In hinder, to check, to hold back, to repress - मीमारक क To limit Syn - Stop. curb, check suppress, subdue, prevent, debar, limit, confine restrict Restraint, re-strant v t न्रास्त्र, स्मन, सान, প্ৰধীনতা, Hinderance, want of liberty -- সীমা, Limitation - अधिकक अवद्या, अवद्याप, Confine ment Syn -Check curb, repression, suppres sion, prohibition, hinderance, prevention, restriction, confinement, durance. Bentrict, re-strikt, " t मीत्रायक-कृ, निषिद्धे कतित्रा নে, বিশেষ ক, To limit, to confine, to repress Syn -Bound, circumscribe Restrict to -- श्रीमा निष्म कवित्रा (मध्या , Set 3 limit to — কিছুৱ ভিত'ৰ খাৰা, Confine to Restriction, re strikshun, # (Arait, water, বিরোধ, বাধা, Confinement, restraint —সীমা. नीयांवक्त . Limitation

Without restriction-ग्राथकां निर्काल ।

Bostrictive, re-striktiv, a. ajfaffe, gige,

acres ; Having the power or tendency to restrict, ad - restrictively,

Result, .e-zuit, v. t. [ L. resultare, to spring ] क्रामानावक-इ ; উৎপत्त-इ ; পরিণত-इ ; To follow as consequence; to issue; to originate; to ensue: -- (नव-इ ; To terminate :--- अ. अदियोव ; (नव ; कव ; Consequence; effect; fruit:-- সিদ্ধান্ত; উপসংহার; Conclusion. Syn: -(v) Rise, arise, end, eventuate. (n) Inference; issue, event, decision, resolve.

Beault from—(कांव कांवन इवेटक देवनात-इ; Arise Resultin-त्यांव किहत्छ त्यद वा गर्वाविषठ-इ : Endien. Besultant, re-zultant, a. भिनाबारना ; नमनाइ-ৰনিত; Resulting from combination :-- #. শ্ৰণ্ম-হানিত বল , সংহতবল ; In physics, a force compounded of two or more forces.

Resumable, re-zuma-bl, a. प्रश्नित ; That may be taken up again.

Resume, re-20m, v. t. [ L. re, again, sumere, to take ] প্ৰথংগ- । To take back :- পুনর্বার-भारत-क . To begin again after interruption :n. সংক্রির বিবরণ, An abridgment; a summary; a summing up. Syn:-Renew, recommence. Resumption, re-zump'shun, n. অভ্যাহার ; পুৰার্থ-34, The act of resuming or taking back again. Resurgent, a. [ L. re, again, surgo, to rise ] প্রকথাননীল . Rising again, as from the dead.

Resurrection, rez-ur-rekshun, n. मर्गाव स्टेटड প্ৰকথাৰ, মুভোখাৰ; The rising again from the dead; the future life.

Resuscitate, re-suse-tat, v. f. [ L. re, again, susciture, to raise, rouse ] शूनका विछ-कृ ; शूनकांव ननीय-कृ. To revive ; to revivify ; to reproduce : -v. i. मजीव-इ ; वैंडिया क्षेत्रा व किंग ; To revive ; to come to life again; to awaken. Syn:-Reanimate quicken.

Resuscitation, re-sus-i-tashun, n. পুৰ: महोदडा : पुनक्रकोदन : पुनक्षान : The act of coviving from a state of apparent death.

Rosuscitative, re-susi-tat-iv, a. প্ৰজীবিত করিতে সমর্থ: Tending to resuscitate, reanimating; reviving.

Retail, re-tal, v. t. F. re. again, tailler, to cut ] बुध्वा विकश-कृ : श्रेत्रां छन परत्र (वहा ; To deal out in small portions, to sell at second-hand: —n. পুচৰা বিজ্ঞন্ন; The sale of goods in small quantities.

Rotailor, n. बुटना विक्रकात्री : शाहरकत्ता

Retain, re-tan, v. t. [ L. re, again, tenere, to hold, keep ] बाबा ; बनिया बाबा ; To keep, to continue, to hold :-- निवृक्त-कृ; विक्रन निवा अधिक-कृ; To engage, hire; to employ by a fee paid; to keep in pay. Syn :- Reserve, detain, withhold; engage, hire. [ be retained. Retainable, re-tana-bl, a. वक्लीय ; That may Retainer, re-tahér, n. अशेवह वाक्टि: बक्लाकांत्री: শসুভার; পক্ষীর ব্যক্তি: A dependant; a follower:---উकिन निर्प्रारमत ठोका ; तकान्ता ; Retaining fee.

Retainers of the law-Servants maintained by the court.

Retainment, ৯. ৰক্ণ : নিয়েগ ৷ [ again.

Betaliate, re-tale-R. v. s. L. re, again, telis, like ] প্রতিশোধ লওরা ; প্রতিহিংসা কু ; দাদ তোলা , To repay :--- v. i. हेनवृक्त व्यक्तिनीव-त्य ; To return like for like. Syn :- Requite, revenge.

Betaliation, re-tal-e-ashum, n. व्यक्तिनाव ; रेपन-मापन ; Requital ; retribution. Syn :-- Requital, reprisal, retribution, revenge.

Betaliative, re-tali-a-tiv, Betalistory, retali-a-tor-i, a. व्यक्तिनावन्त्रक ; व्यक्तिनावनवर्ष ; Returning like for like.

Betard, re-tard, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, tardus, slow ] वाश-(प ; রোধ-कृ ; প্রতিবন্ধ-कृ ; To keep back; to hinder --- निगय-क ; निगयित-क ; To delay. Syn :- Impede, clog, obstruct, detain; procrastinate, defer.

Retardation, re-tar-dashun, n. शांतिनक : नाल : सामा ; Hindrance ; obstacle :-- विमय , Delay. Retarded, p. a. বিলম্বিড; বাধিড; বিরম্ভ।

Retch, rech, v. i. व्यन कतिवात रुद्री-कृ, छेकि ভোলা : दिनिक टाना ; To try to vomit :- बाक्किड ৰা প্ৰসায়িত-ক। To strain,

Retching, #. डेकि ; देहिक ।

Retention, re-tenshun, n. तका; तका कहा; Act or power of retaining :-- শ্বতি; ধারণাপজি; Memory:--রোব; 'বাটব; Restraint:--বিশ্বা. Custody.

Retentive, re-tentiv, a. पात्रक्य ; Having power to retain. n=retentiveness, ad-retentively. Syn: -Tenacious, griping; close, reticent.

Retentive memory—ধারণারতী বৃদ্ধি।

Retiary, a. [ L. rete. a net ] जानदर ; कानदुक ' Net like; provided with a net.

Roticonco, reli-sens, Boticoncy, reli-sen-si. n. योनस्थि , जुक्केश्चाव ; Silence ; reserve in speech; concealment by silence.

Beticent, refe-sent, a. [ L. re, again, facere to be silent ] নৌৰ : ভুক্ত Very silent ; reserved. Syn: - Taciturn, still.

Roticular, re-tiku-lar, a. कानवर; कानाकात्र; Having the form of net work.

Reticulate, re-hku-lat, Reticulated, retiku-lated, a. बानवर ; कानाकाव ; Netted ; having the form of a net. nereticulation ( 朝河平省)!

Reticull, reti-kūl, Reticle, reti-kl, n. श्रीलांदिक कार्ड पनि : वाशि : A little bag to be carried in the hand.

Retiform, reli-form, a. sistem; Having the form or structure of a net.

Retina, reti-na. n. ছাথাণট; অকিবোলকের প্ৰভাৰতী খিল্লী: The innermost coating of the eye, resembling a fine net-work of optic nerves. a=retinal.

Retinue, reti-nu, n. श्रीकनवर्ष ; अपूरुवर्ष ; श्रीव-वस्त्रव , A suite ; attendant.

Retire, re-tir', v. i. [ F. re, again, tirer, to draw ] भन्तामगमन-क ; इक्रिया-या ; कर्षजार्ग-क ; To re treat; to recede; to draw back :- w. t. auta-কু; উঠাইবা-ল; অবস্ব-দে; অপ্সত-কু; To withdraw; to cause to retire. Syn:-Leave, depart, remove, retrocede.

Retire from the world—সংগাৰ পরিভাগে-ছ। Betake, v. t. পুনাহণ-ড়; উদান-ড়: To take Retired, a, কর্ম হট্ডে অব্যত; প্রাঞ্জনতঃ কর্ম- নিবাৰ ; বায় ; Private ; secret :--নিব্ত , নিবাৰ ; Secluded.

Retirement, re-tir'ment, ম. অবসর এইণ; অপ-সরণ; The act of retiring or withdrawing from society or public life:—নির্কানতা; নির্কান হান; শুখতা; Solitude; privacy. Syn:—Withdrawal; retreat, seclusion.

Betiring, a. नवानीन; Reserved, not forward.
Betort, re-tort, v. t. [ L. re, back, torqueo, to
twist ] প্রভাগবাদ-দে; গুড়াবাইড-কু; To throw
back; to return:—ব্জ-কু; বাকান; To bend or
curve back:—v. t. প্রভাগবাদ-দে; প্রভাগন-ক;
To return; to make a sharp reply:—n. প্রভাগবাদ; প্রভাগর; A censure or incivility returned;
a witty answer:—ব্জনালীবিলিট্ট ব্রুব্র, A vessel
used in distillation, properly a spiral tube.

Betort upon—উन्टि होन (नवत् ; कर्ड् दो कर्पन बदाद-(न ; Return an argument or a charge, make a severe reply.

Betouch, re-tuch, v. t. প্ৰকাৰ তুলি ছাৰা সংশোধন-কু, তুলি ছাৰা প্ৰ: পৰ্ব বা সমূজ্য-কু: To improve by new touches:—n. প্ৰ:পৰ্ব: The re-application of the artist's hand to a work.

Betrace, rē-traś, v. t. প্ৰক্ষেশ বা অনুস্থান-তৃ; পজাদিকে টানা বা বঙৰা; প্ৰভাৱস্বধ-তৃ; To conduct back by the same course; to trace back.

Retract, re-trakt, v. t. बाजावान-कृ ; कोहेन-क ; To recall, to recant, to disavow. n=retractation. Syn:—Revoke, disavow; abjure.

Betractible, re-trakti-bl, Retractile, re-traktil, a. बाजाशान वाजा, अरुविं, अरुविनीत , That may be retracted or drawn back, as claws.

Betraction, re-trakshun, a. অভ্যাহর , প্রভ্যাথান ; সংভ্যা : Recantation.

Betractive, re-traktiv, a. প্রভাইরণে ভংগর; প্রভাগান করিতে উপযুক্ত, Able or ready to retract. ad—retractively. [retranslation.

Ro-translate, v. t. মূল ভাষার প্রকর্মান জ । n=
Retreat, rē-trēt, n. [ F. retrasta, to withdraw]
প্রভাবর্তন ; পকালামন , Retreating ; withdrawal :
—গ্রহান , গমন . Departure ; retirement :—নিরাপদ
হান ; আগ্রহান ; ভওছান ; The place to which
one retires ; a place of security .—শবণ ; আগ্রহ ;
A shelter ; refuge .—v. i. পকালামন-কু , সিরা
বাওবা ; পলারন-কু ; To draw back , to withdraw ; to retire :—আগ্রহানে গমন-কু , To retire
to a place of shelter or security . Syn:—(n)
Withdrawal ; retirement, privacy, seclusion ;
solitude, asylum, haunt, resort, den.

Beatreating, a. অবনত ; Depressed, as reatreating forehead.

Betronoh, re-trensh, v. t. [ F. re, again, trancher, to cut ] কৰ্তন-কৃ; ছাটা; লগু-কৃ, হ্রাস-কৃ; To cut down; to curtail; to lesson —v t. মিডবালী-কৃ; পরিষিত ব্যৱ-কৃ; To economise. Syn:—Cut off, pare away, dimunish, decrease.

Betrenchment, re-trenshment, n. কৰ্ত্ৰ,
নানীকরণ; লব্করণ; বার সংকেণ. A cutting off;
the act of lessening. Syn:—Curtailment,
diminution, reduction. [ pay back.
Retribute, v. t. পুৰ: প্রথান-রু, প্রতিশাধ-রু; To
Betribution, ret-ri-bushun, n. [ L, re, back,

tribuo, to give ] পরিশোগ; প্রধান ; প্রতিধান ; প্রথার বা পাছি ; Repayment ; requital ; reward or punishment. [ paying ; rewarding. Betributive, a. প্রতিশোধান্তক ; প্রতিশাবারী ; Re-Betrievable, re-tre-va-bl, a. উদ্ধারবারা ; প্রস্কর্মীয় ; That may be recovered. adsertiveably.

Betrieve, re-triv, v. t. [ F. retrouver, to find again ] উषात्र- इं क्लिश्ति जाना ; প्রশ-ङ् ; To recover, restore ; recall ; make up for :—न्यात्र- इं ; Repair, n—retrieval. Syn :—Regain, repair. Betriever, re-tre'er, n. वैकाती क्कूब दिल्प ; A kind of dog that pick up game.

Betrocede, v. i. [ L. retro, back, cedo, to go ] বাজিগন-ক; To go back:—v. t. প্রভাগণ-ক; Grant or give back. [ A giving back. Betrocession, n. প্রাবর্জন; প্রভাগণ; প্রভাগণ; প্রভাগেও; Betrograde, re-trō-grad, a. [ L. retro, backward, gradior, to go ] প্রভাগাম; বিপরীত; ভিণা, Going backward; contrary:—v. 1. প্রভাগনন-ক: To go backwards. n = -dation.

BetroBression, re-tro-greshun, n. পকালামৰ; A going backward:—স্থাৰ হাম; A decline in excellence. a=retrogressive, ad =-gressively.

Retropulsive, a. [ L. retro, back, pello, to drive ] निष्काढ़क, अधिनिवर्धक, Repelling.

Retrospect, re'tiō-spekt, n. [L. retro, back, specio, to look ] গতবিষয়ের পর্যালোচনা, গতামুখনন, A contemplation of the past. Syn:—Review, resurvey, re-examination.

Betrospection, n. অভীক বিবয়ে দৃষ্টি, The act of looking back on the past. a retrospective, ad retrospectively.

Betrospective, a. অতীতকাল সম্বন্ধীর, অতীত দশী, অতীত বিশ্ব শটিভ; Looking back, refering to the past.

Beturn, re-turn, v.i. [F. re, again, back. tourner, to turn] প্রত্যাগমন ক; কিরিবা আসা, Io come back:—উত্তর-কে; প্রত্যাগমন ক; কিরিবা আসা, Io come back:—উত্তর-কে; প্রত্যাগম-কৃ, প্রত্যাগম-কৃ; To give back, to repay—n. প্রত্যাগমন; Coming back.—প্রত্যাগমন; প্রবাধন Giving back; restitution:—প্রত্যাস্তর; A reply—লাভালাভ; কল; Produce, piofit;—প্রথার, Regutal:—Election:—সরকারী বিবরণ. বিনাবগর, Official report:—pl. এক রক্ম নরম তামাক, A light tobacco. Syn:—(v) Revert, recurrestore, remit; refund, requite, recompense. report, render.

By return of post—কেন্ত্ৰ ডাকে; By the first post that leaves after the receipt of the letter Be returned to—সভ্য বলিয়া নিৰ্বাহিত-হ, Be elected a member of.

In return—কেনত; বনলে; প্রতিশোধ কলেণ; Ry way of repayment; in requital, in retaliation In return for—বিনিম্নে, প্রতিশোধ করণ; কোন কিছু পুন্ব করণ; পরিবর্তে; By way of compensation for, as a compensation for (a benefit or injury).

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one's senses.

Return to one's first love—To go back from other pursuits to that which first engrossed the attention.

Return the compliment—বিনিয়ন ক : To make return for a favourable act ; reciprocate. Returnable, re-turna-bl, c. প্রত্যপ্রিয় : প্রতি-রেয়নীয় : That may be returned or restored.

Beunion, re-unyun, n. প্ৰতিলম; প্ৰ:সমাগম; মিঅসম্বিলন; A union after separation; an assembly of friends:—v. i. প্ৰশিলিড-ছ; To be united again.

Beunite, re-u-nīt, v. t. পুদর্শ্বিত-কৃ; To unite after separation; to join after variance:—v. i. পুনর্শ্বিত-কৃ; To join again.

Royes1, re-vel, v. t. 空本門-亨; 可等-亨; 查15-亨, To make known; to disclose. Sym:—Divulge, unveil, uncover, open, discover, impart, communicate, publish, show.

Beveille, n. প্ৰাত্যকালে দৈছদিগের জাগরিত করিবার জন্তু ছেরী বা তুরী বাদন; The sound of the dium or bugle at day-break to awaken soldiers.

Revel, revel, v. i. [D. revele, to rave] আমোদ আমোদ-কু; পানভোজনোৎস-কু; To feast in a riotous manner:—n. বিলাস উৎসব; আমোদ প্রমোগ; Riotous feast, carousal. n=reveller. Syn:— (v) Carouse, tipple, riot; wanton, indulge in.

Revelation, n প্ৰকাশ, প্ৰচাৰ, Revealing; disclosing: — দ্বৰ প্ৰকৃতিক সজা; প্ৰত্যাদেশ: The revealing of divine truth; that which is revealed by God to man:—বাইবেৰের শেষ গ্ৰন্থ; The last book of the new Testament.

Revelry, revel-ri, n. কোনাহলপূৰ্ণ আমোদ; পানোহ-নব; ধ্ৰণাম; Riotious festivity; noisy festivity. Rovenge, re-veni, v. t. প্রতিহিংমা-ক; বৈবনাধন-ক; দাদভোলা; To avenge; to retaliate. to punish in return; to return an injury; vindicate; requite:—n. প্রতিহিংমা, প্রতীকান, Retaliation. n=revenger.

Bevengeful, re-venjiobl, a. बाठिहरमा-भवायण ; (बह्रो ; Full of revenge; vindictive; maliciousad=revengefully. Syn:—Vengeful, resentful. Revengement, n. बाठिहरमा, Revenge.

Revenue, revenu, n. [F. revenir, to return] পাৰৱা, আয়, Income; the receipts or rents from any source:—বাৰুব; কয়; The income of a state. Syn:—Profits, proceeds, receipts.

Beverberate, re-verber-at, v. t. [ L. re, again, verberare, to lash ] প্রতিকোন্ড; To send back as sound:—প্রতিপানিত-ড়; To echo:—v. i. প্রতিপানিত-ড়; To echo; to resound. n=reverberation. a=reverberatory.

Reverberation, n. অভিকান; অভিকোশ । Reverberative, Reverberatory, a. অভি-কেশৰারী; অভিকাক; আন্যোলক; Ruturning or driving back.

Bevere, re-ver', v. t. [ L. re, again, vereri, to lear ] সম্বান-ড়, অছা-ড়; To venerate. Syn:—Adore, reverence.

Reverence, rever-ens, ন. সন্থান; ভঞ্জি; প্ৰছা; নব্যানা; Respectful awe; veneration; honour:— ভয়তা; A bow; courtesy:—বাৰক্ষনের উপাবি; A title of the clergy:—s.f. সন্থানপূর্বক ব্যবহার-কৃ.

ভিড-ক; বাদা-ক; To regard; to venerate.

Syn:—(n) Adoration, homage; obcisance.

In rovorence—ধনাধিকারী সরিবে উত্তরাধিকারী বাবে

বে সম্পতি ভাজের আধা জনাভাচ: Which one cu-

বে সম্পতি লাজের আশা করা বার; Which one expects as heir on the death of the present proprietor.

Boverend, rever-end, a. প্রা; মাননীর: সন্থানীর; প্রনীয়; ভক্তিভারন: অভাপদ; প্রন্নের; Worthy of reverence:---n. যাজক্রনের উপাধি; A title given to the clergy.

Beverent, rev-ér-ent, a. ভৱিষান; বিনীভ; বণীভূত; নৱ; সমানকাৰী; Expressing reverence; respectful; humble, submissive. ad = reverently.

Bevorential, rev-ér-enshal, a. কিটিচ: বিদান : ভাকত্যক , ভাকিন্দাক ; মধ্যাবাস্থ্যক ; বনিচুড ; Proceeding from reverence ; respectful; submissive. ad = reverentially.

Beverie, Revery, rever-i, n. বরণা; বিশ্ববা বাদ ; অসংলগ্ন চিস্তা: সাতপাচ তাবা; Deep musing; wandering thought; a loose train of thought.

Beversal, re-versal, n. উণ্টান; উলট্পানট; The act of reversing; an overthowing:—পরিবর্জন; Change:—পথন; রন; Annulling.

Reverse, re-vers, v, t. [ L. re, again, vertere, to turn ] উণ্টা-কু; বিপগ্যন্ত-কু; To place in the opposite direction; to turn back:—সম্প্ৰিমাণ পৰিবৰ্ত্তিত-কু; To change wholly:—বধন-কু; মদ কু; To annul; to make void:—n. বিপৰ্থতিত আছ ; পুঠ, The opposite; the back:—প্ৰিম্ভিন; বিপদ্ধ ছুৰ্ঘটনা; Change; misfortude:—s. বিপ্ৰাত: বিপন্তত:
(ত) Invert, overturn, overthrow, subvert, over set; repeal, revoke.

A reverse of fortune—গৈবহুৰ্বিপাক।

Reversible, re-verse-bl. a. উণ্টা ৰয়পীৰ; পৰিবৰ্তন সাধ্য; Capable of being reversed. Syn:— Evchangeable, counterchangeable; alterable, revocable.

Reversion, re-ver'shun, n. প্রত্যাগমন; প্রত্যাবর্ত্তন Reverting:—ভাবী উত্তরাধিকারীতে আগমন; Returning to the former owner:—ভাবী উত্তরাধিকার, শেষাধিকার; The right to an estate or money after the death of the present owner.

Reversionary, re-ver'shun-ar-i, c. হ্ৰমে প্ৰাপ্-নীয়; ভাগী অভ্যিশিষ্ট। Relating to a reversion; to be enjoyed in succession. স্প্ৰতেশ্যাক্ত (ভাই, উন্তৰ্গাধিকাৰী)।

Reversionary heir—ভাবী অধিকারী।

Revert, rē-vert, v. i. [L. re, back, verto, te turn] প্রভাব্ত-কৃ; किताईया-त्म, To reverse; te turn back:—v. i. कित्रिया आमा; क्तिया वावया। পূর্বেমা বা তারে উত্তরাধিকারীনিগের হতে প্রভাগত-হ: To fall back; to return to the original heir... Syn:—Return, recur, refer to. [turn to. Revert to—পূন্যাত আদা; কোন দিকে বাগরা; Re-Reverted, a. প্রভাব্ত ; বিপর্যাত।

Revertible, re-verti-bl. a. ধিরিবার উপা্ক ; প্রভাবর্তনীয় : Such as may revert or be reverted. Revery—See reverie.

Revest, v. t. श्नः काकांतिष्ठ-कृ : श्नः क्यालागाः कृ । Beview, स्ट-४प्पे', त. श्रांत्यका : श्रीवर्णक ; श्रूव পরীকা; Inspection; se-examination: —পুনবিচার; Reconsideration: —সমানোচনা; A careful or ertitical examination; a critique: —সমানোচনাদি সম্বিক সংবাদপত্র; সমানোচন বিক্রা; এই সমানোচন; A periodical with criticism of books: —v. ৫. পুন: বিবেচনা-কৃ; প্রবিক্রান-কৃ; To reconsider: —পরীকা-কৃ; To examine carefully:—পরিদর্শন-কৃ; পর্যবেক্ষণ-কৃ; সার্বান্ধনান কৃ; সার্বান্ধনান কৃয়ানান ক্যান্ধনান কৃয়ানান ক্যান্ধনান ক্রান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্যান্ধনান ক্রান্ধনান ক্রান্ধন

Reviewal, s. नमात्नाहना ; A critique.

Beviewer, re-vu'er, n. স্মালোচক; পর্যাবেশক; পরিকৃথিক; One who reviews; an inspector.

Revile, ce-vil, v. i. ভিরকার-কৃ; নিকা-কৃ; ভংগনা-কৃ; গালাগানি-দে; অপ্যশ-কৃ; To reproach; to calumniate. n=reviller. Syn:—Vilify, slander, defame, traducc, abuse.

Revindicate, v. t. श्वः नमर्थन-कः श्वः भावि-कः. To vindicate again ; to reclaim.

Bevisal, re-vi'zal, Rivision, re-vizhun, n. পৰিদৰ্শন : পূব: পৰীকা ; সংশোধন ; Re-examination : correction ; review.

Revise, re-viz, v. t. [L. re, again, videre, visum, to see] পুন: প্ৰীক্ষ-ড়; পুন: পাঠ-ড়; To re-examine and amend, to review, to re puruse :—n. পুন: পারীকা; পুন: আলোচনা, Re-examination; reconsider; review:—ছিত্তীযবাৰ সংশোধনাৰ্থ মুদ্ধিত পুজ; Second proof sheet. n=reviser.

The revised edition—সংশোধিত সংখ্যৰ।
The revised version—সংশোধিত হ্লপ বা আকার।
Bevising barrister—One who revises the
list of parliamentary voters.

Bevisional, Revisionary, a. পুন: আলোচনা সংকাৰ, Revising.

Bovisit, 2. शूनः माका १-कृ ; To visit again.

Bevival, re-vi'val, n. দ্বাজা লাভ : পুনক্ষীনন ; Recovery of consciousness ; recovery from languor :—ৰাখোনতভা ; পুন: উদ্দীপন ; New excitement for religion ; fanatism :—পুনর্ভিন্য ; Renewed performance. Syn :—Reanimation, revivification, resuscitation, quickening, awakening.

Revival of letters—বিদাপুশীলনেৰ পুনৰাৰত।
Revivalist, re-vival-ist, n. ধর্মের পুনক্ষানকারী;
One who promotes religious revival. n=
revivalism.

Bevive, তে-গেঁণ, ত. i. [ L. re, again, vivere, to live] জীবিত-২; বাঁচিধা উঠা; পুনগাবন বাজ-ক, To come to life:—সংজ্ঞা প্রান্ত হ; পুনগাব সভেজ-হ; To recover consciousness:—v. t. পুনঃ জীবিত-ক; To restore to life; to bring to life again:— তেতনা লাভ-ক; To bring to consciousness:— লাগতি-ক; উল্লোখিত-ক; To awaken; arouse; re-animate. Syn:—Revivify, resuscitate; quicken, rouse, restore, invigorate, refresh, cheer, comfort. Bevivify, v. t. পুনঃ জীবিত-ক; To reanimate; to

Bevivify, v. t. পুন: জীবিজ-কৃ; To reanimate; to cause to revive. n=revivification.

Reviving, 4. मृष्ठ मुक्तीनन ।

Bevocable, revo-ka-bl, a. বাজিল বোগ্য; প্রজাহর-পীয়; পথন বা রনবোগ্য; Capable of being revoked. n=revocableness, revocability. ad=revocably. Revocation, revo-káshun, n, প্রস্করণ;

पंचित करा ; Repeal ; reversal :--व्यक्तिप्रशंह ; A recalling.

Revoke, re-vok, v. f. বাজিল-ড্; ম্ব-ড্; উটাল; বিদাইয়া-ল; To repeal; to reverse:—v. i. (ডাল্বেবার) অস্তার পাশ-বে; To fail to follow suit at cards. Syn:—Rescind, countermand, amul, abrogate, cancel.

Bevolt, re-volt, v. t. [ L. re, back, volvere, to turn ] বিছোহী-ছ; To renounce allegiance:—
আঘাড ক; ঘা-দে; To shock:—ত. i. বিশ্বস্থ ইইবা প্রান-ফ; To turn away; to be grossly offended:—নাজবিদ্যোহী করান; To cause to rise in revolt:—যুগা-ফ; যুগাজনক-হ; ভকার ভোলা; To shock; to be offensive:—n. বিছোহ; Rebellion; insurrection. n=revolter. Syn:—( v ) Rebel, resist, mutiny, disgust, nauseate, offend. (n) Sedition, mutiny, rising, defection.

Revolting, re-volting, a. বীভংসজনৰ; স্থাজনৰ; স্থাজনৰ; স্থাজনৰ; বিরক্তিকৰ, Shocking; disgusting.

Bevolute, re-vol-ut, a. প্রান্তবক, Roll backward. Bevolution, rev-ol-u'shun, n. পরিজ্ঞাণ; জাব-র্জন; যুর্গন; The act of revolving; rotation:— আভান্তিক পরিসর্ভন, রাইবিপ্লব; রাজনিপ্লব; Extensive political change —বিজ্ঞোচ্ ; A revolt.

Bevolutionary, rev-ol-u'shun-ar-i, a. বাজ-বিদ্রোচ সম্বনীয় ; বাজবিল্লবন্ধর ; Pertaining or tending to a revolution in government.

Bevolutionise, rev-ol-ū'shun iz, v. f. পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু, বিশ্লানিত-কু, To bring about a revolution.

Revolutionist, rev-ol-U'shun-ist, n. রাজ্য-পরিব ১নকারী, রাইবিপ্লসকারী; One who favours or promotes a revolution.

Revolve, হে-volv, v. i. [L. re, back, volvere, to roll] কেন্দ্ৰের চহুদিকে পরিভ্রমণ-কৃ; আবর্ধন-কৃ; ঘুরা; To roll round on an axis; to move round a centre; to turn round:—চিন্তা-কৃ; মনে ভোলা-পাজা-কু; To consider; to reflect upon. Syn:—Whirl, rotate, wheel, gyrate, circulate; ponder, meditate. [with several charges.

Revolver, re-volver, n. शिवन वित्नव ; Pistol Revolving, a. वृशीमान ।

Rovulsion, re-vulshun, n. [ L. revellere, re-vulsum, to pull away ] সম্পূৰ্ণ পরিবৰ্জন; বিজ্ঞা; বিবাগ; তৃণা; Repugnance; disgust. Syn:—Withdrawal, re-action, transition; abhorrence. Revulsive, a বিজ্ঞান্তনক; Tending to revulsion. Reward, re-wawrd, n. প্রস্থার, Recompense, prize:—প্রতিশ্ব; Retribution:—প্রস্থার; The fruit of one' own labour:—v. t. প্রস্থার কু; ভাতবোগ-কু; To recompense:—শান্তি-বে; To punsh:—ক্তিপ্র-কু; To requite. Syn:—(n) Compensation, remuneration, pay, guerdon, bounty, premium; desert, requital, punishment; (v) repay, recompense, compensate, remunerate. Rewrite, v. t. প্রস্থার কেখা।

Reynard, n. (बेक्ट्यांनी ; Fox.

Rhapsodie, **Rhapsodical**, **ে আনহাত্তিৰ**, অসংলয় , Pertaining to rhapsody; unconnected. ad=rhapsodically.

Bhapsodise, rap'so-diz, v. t. আত্তিত্ব ; To route in the manner of a rhapsody :—v. i. অসংবয় ব্যক্ষাবনী আহাপ-কু . To utter rhapsodies.

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Bhapsodist, rap-so-dist, ল. অসংলয় লেবৰ বা গাবে; কৰক; One who composes verses extempore; one who speaks disconnectedly.

Bhapsody, rap'so-di, জ. প্ৰাণ-পাঠ; আনলেয় লেখা বা কৰোপকৰন; আনলেয় হচনা বা বাহিতান; Loose collection of songs or verses; disconnected composition. a=rhapsodic; rhapsodical (আনহায়িক)।

Bhenish, refish, a. शहिन नशी अवसीत ; Pertaining to the river Rhine.

Bhetoric, n. অপভার পাছ; বাগ্যিতা; The art of speaking with propriety, elegance, force and effect.

Bhotorioal, re-tor'ik-al, a. অত্যায় শায়বিব্যক; Pertaining to rhetoric; oratorical. ad = rhetorically.

Bhetorician, ret-o-rishan, n. আগভারিক পণ্ডিত; অবভার পারের অব্যাপক; One who teaches the art of rhetoric:—বজা; বাগা; Orator.

Bhoum, room, n. শ্লেখা; পিচ্টি; দিক্ৰি; কল ; সৰ্খি, কাল; Thin serous fluid from the mucous glands. e-rheumy.

Bheumatic, roo-matik, Rheumatical, roo-matik-al, a. বাতবোগালান্ত, বাতিক; Pertaining to or affected with rheumatism.

Bhoumatism, rooma-tizm, n. বাতরোগ; নাড্ছম্ব প্রদাহ; Painful disease of the joints, muscles. Bhoumy, a. মেমাপুর্ব, Full of rhoum.

Bhinocerous, ri-noser-os, n. nota; A large four-footed pachyderm.

Rhizome, n. मृनग्रीष्ट : लिखा ।

Bhododendron, rū-do-dehdron, ন. পুলা, বৃক্ষ বা লভা বিশেব; A plant; flowering shrub.

Rhomb, romb, Rhombus, rombus, n. সমবাহ বিষম চতুরত্র; সমবাহ অসমকোণা চতুভূজ কেতা; A figure having four equal sides but unequal angles.

Rhombic, rombik, a. অসমকোণী স্বচত্ত্র ক্রোকার, Shaped like a rhomb.

Bhomboid, romboid, n. অসমকোণী চতুৰ্ভ কেত্ৰেৰ কেবল বিপৰীত বাহৰম স্থান; Four sided figure with the opposite but not adjacent sides equal. a-rhomboidal ( মুবৈভেম স্থায় আবাববিশিষ্ট )!

Bhubarb, তেতাঁbarb, n. রেউচিনি লঙা বিশেব, বিরেচক উবধ; A plant, a catharic medicine. Bhumb, n. এখান দ্রাঘিনা; বৃত্ত, কম্পাসবদ্ধের বিভাগ। Bhumbline, n. যে রেখা সমস্ত ক্রাঘিনাকে একহ কোপে বিভাজিত করে।

Rhyme, rim, n. মিনাক্ষর কবিতা, কবিতা; The correspondence of sounds at the ends of verses, poetry; poem:—v. s. কবিতা বচনা-ভূ; শব্দে নিলা, To make rhymes or verse.

Meither rhyme nor reason—এও ৰহে উত ৰহে;
না মিল না অৰ্থ; প্ৰেয়ত চরণের মিলও নাই, অৰ্থও নাই;
Neither agreeing in sound nor sufficient sense:
—অকারণ; বাহার তাৎপর্বা সহঙ্গে বুঝা বাছ না; inexplicably, from no cause to be easily understood.

Without rhyme or reason—অকারণ, Witht sound or sense; without any cause,

Rimer, Rhymester, n. গদা-লেক; দায়াত কা কুকাৰ; One who makes rhymes. Rhym. rithm u চন্দ্ৰ আৰু ও কা কুকাৰ কিছ

Rh5 m, rithm, n. ছব ; তার ও লয় , ধ্বনির মিয়-মারণ আবৃত্তি ; Metre ; regular succession of

accents; harmonious flow of vocal sounds. ==
rhythmic; rhythmical.

Bhythmic, Bhythmical, a. इन मक्कीय; Pertaining to metre. ad=rhythmically.

Rib, rib, n. পঞ্জর , পাঁজবা ; পঞ্জাত্বি ; পার্বন্ধি ; Bone forming part of the thorax :—ছাদের কড়ি ; আড়-কাট ; Timber of a roof :—পোঁলিৰা ; Side timber or support of a ship :—পত্নী ; A wife :—n. i. গঞ্জাবন্ধ-কৃ ; To furnish or enclose with ribs :— উপাত বেৰাপাত হারা নির্মাণ-কৃ ; To form with rising lines.

[আলি রাখা !

To rib land—লাজন-পদ্ধতির মধ্যে মধ্যে মানেটি নাটার Bibald, ribald, a. নাচ; ইতর; অভজ, Low, base; mean; obscene:—আরীল; Filthy:—n. নাচ ব্যক্তি; অরীনভাবী ব্যক্তি; লশ্যুট ব্যক্তি; A leud fellow; a loose, low character.

Ribaldry, ribald-ri, n. ज्ञोनजा; नीह जार्च, ज्ञीन वाका; Obscenity; low and vulgar scurrity; filthiness.

Riband, Ribband, riband, Ribbon, ribon, n. বেশমি ফিডা; A fillet or strip of silk, a narrow thin strip:—v. t. রেশমি ফিডা ছারা অলড্ড-ড়; কিডা দিয়া সাজান: To adorn with ribbons.

The blue ribbon—সম্ভান্ত ব্যক্তিদিশের ত্রেপ্ট বিশেষ । To handle the ribbons—বাশ ধরা ; চালান ।

Bibbing, n. পঞ্চ বিস্তাস; An arrangement of ribs. Bibbonism, n. A secret association of Irish Celts for assassination. [ plant.

Rice, ris, n. ধাস , তথুৰ ; চাউৰ ; A grain of a Cooked rice—ভাত।

Rice given to the dead—পিও। Sunned rice—আতপ চাইল।

Rico-paper, n. (न उवर्तन कांगक वित्नन ।

Bich, rich, a. बनवान; অর্থানানী, ধনী; Wealthy, opulent.—বহুন্না, নুলাবান, Costly; valuable — প্রত্ন, বংগাই; Abundant; abounding:—উর্পন, কলপ্রদ, Fertile; fruntful:—উন্দুন, বোৰ; Bright, as a colour:—ক্ষমপুর; অতিমিষ্ট; ক্রপানত; Full of harmonious or sweet sounds:—ক্ষমন্ত্র; ন্যান্যান্ত্র, Full of beauty:—মনলাবৃত্ত; স্পানত বিধা প্রস্তান্তর; Highly seasoned:—সমন্ত্রভ্তঃ স্ক্রিন্তর; Full of agreeable or nutritive qualities. ad=richly. Syn.—Opulent, affluent; precious, superb, gorgeous, sumptuous, delicious, luscious, savory, generous; plentiful, copious; fruntful, productive, luxuriant.

Rich as Crosus — অভিধনী; Very rich (Crosus was an ancient king of Lydia famed for immense wealth).

Rich as Jew - अडाड धनवान ; Very rich.

Bich in or with—পরিপূর্ব; Full of (rick in implies the container; rich with=adorned plentifully with, পরিপূর্ব ও শোভিড)।

Bichos, uches, n. pl. খব; ইখ্যা; অৰ্ব , Wealth :আচ্বা ; প্ৰচুৰতা ; Plenty ; richness , abundance :
- উৰ্ব্বতা , Fruitfulness :-- মুলা ; মহাৰ্থতা ; Value ;
costliness :-- অলভাৱবাছলা ; Abundance of imagery :-- আচুৰবশালী গৃত্ত, Sumptuous appearance.
Syn :-- Opulence, affluence, wealthiness.

Richly, ad. अनुत পরিমাণে; অভিশয়।

Richness, n. এবর্য ; Wealth :-- প্রচুবতা ; Abundance .-- ত্র্বতা ; Fruitfulness :-- মুখ্য ; Value.

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Richness of soil-air [ heap, as of hay. Bick, अ. वांक वा क्वेत्राणि, क्व ; नाण ; A pilo ; a Bickets, rikets, n. pl. শিশুদিপের অভিবিকৃতি রোগ शित्म ; A disease of children characterised by great debility.

Bickety, riket-i, e. निवित्त निकः; वालात्रात्राज्ञांच ; Affected with rickets :--কীণস্কি; ছুৰ্বাল; Feeble in the joints; shaky; weak.

Bick-rack, n. বাকা কিতার স্বাসর বা পাইড।

Rick-stand n. श्रीमात्र भाग ।

Ricochet, n. ভূমির উপর লক্তন: Rebound along the ground :- ছिन-मिनि : The skipping of a flat-stone on the surface of water.

Bid, rid, v. f. মৃক্ত-কু: পরিব্রোণ-কু: বালাস-সু: To free; to deliver; to clear; to drive away.

To be rid of—पुक्त र । To get rid of—पुत्र कतित्रा-(४ : पुक्त-वृ : पुक्तिनांच-F; To drive away; to free from.

Biddance, ridans, n. मुक्ति ; উভার : Act of ridding or freeing; deliverance,

Riddle, ridl. n. হেঁয়ালি; গ্রহেলিকা; An enigma :-- চালুনি ; ঝাজবি ; চাকনি : Coarse sieve :--কুটপ্ৰৰ , A puzzling question :-- ০ f. বস্তু কাড়া : जैवक-क : To separate with a tiddle, as grain from chaff :—অৰ্থ ভাকা ; প্ৰাক্তিকার অৰ্থ-কু ; To solve or explain, as a riddle :-- ए. रं. । ६ श्रांशिक हर কৰা বলা; অস্থাই ভাষা প্ৰযোগ-ফু; To speak enigmatically.

Bide, rid, v. i. অবারোহণ-ত : আনিতে গামন-ক : গাড়ীতে-বা ; To go on horse-back or in a carriage or railway :-ভানিরা চলা ; To float :-- v. t. আবোহণ-ক: চড়া: To sit or rest on so as to be carried. :- n. अवारवाइन ; Riding :- अद्वारवाइरन প্ৰমন ; গাড়ীতে প্ৰমন , An excursion on horseback or in a vehicle:--অথাবোচৰ স্থান, অথ্যালচাৰ প্ৰ; Place or road for riding. pt=rid, pp=ridd\_n, rid. Ride and tie--অভেব সহিত প্রাণামে প্রিএম ও विशास करा ।

Bide at anchor-नज़ब का . . . To be anchored. Ride down—খোডার চড়িয়া ৭ · ৫-১।

Bide easy or hard-খ্ৰভাৰে বা ধোৰারিড অবভায় ভানমান হওবা।

Ride hard-নীয় অখারোহণ কবিধা-বা; Ride rapidly. Ride one's hobby or hobby horse—(क्विन প্রিয়কার্যা সম্পাদনে বা তদাশোচনার নিষ্ক্ত থাকা, কোন विवरप्र व्यवभा मत्नारपात्र-एन ; To be constantly setting off on one's favourite theme of discourse; give undue attention to something.

Ride out-অবাবোহণ করিয়া যাওয়া, যোড়ায় চঙিয়া वन्तरत्र वा बन्नी ; Go out for a tide.

Ride post—অতি শীম অধারোহণ করিয়া-য়া ; To ride rapidly with as little delay as possible.

Ride or sit bodkin-Sit closely wedged between two persons.

Ride rough shod—এমন কাৰ্য্য করা বাহাতে অপবেৰ ক্লেকর হইতে পারে, কাহাব উপর বর্ত্ব-কৃ; To pursue a course regardless of the pain or distress it may cause others, be overbeating.

To take a ride—অশারোহণ করিয়া-যা।

Bider, rider, n. वशासाही ; स्वाप्न अवाह ; One who rides; equestrian: - অম্চালক; One who manages a house :---মতিরিক পতে বা উপপত্ত চাত্র

বাস্ত পত্রে যোগ করিয়া দেওরা হয়; ক্রোড়গরু; Addition to a bill or document, when nearly complete. Bidge, rij. n. পশ্চাৎ পৃষ্ঠ ; পৃষ্ঠের উর্জনেশ ; The back

or top of the back :— অভারত পাহাড পর্কাত : Rough or sharp top of any thing like a back-bone পৰ্যন্ত-শ্ৰেণীঃ শৈল-শ্ৰেণী; Line of hills; a long range of hills :-- winty ; A long elevation of land :-- अप्रेका ; हार . Top of the roof rising to an angle:--লাসল-পদ্ধতি; আলি ; Ground thrown up by the plough:—v. t. আলিতে পরিণত-ভু; উন্নত শিরাল-কৃ; আফুঞ্িত-কৃ; To form into ridges; to wrinkle. [ Rising in ridges.

Ridgy, rui, a. वानिनःवृक्त ; वानित क्वांत्र नमूत्रक : Bidicule, ride-kul, n. ঠাটা, বিজ্ঞাণ; পরিহান; উপহাস ; Derision ; mockery, sarcasm ; satire ; burlesque :-- ত. ই. ঠাটা-কু, উপহাস-কু; পরিহাস-কু; বিজ্ঞপ-ক ; To laugh at ; to sneer at ; to deride ; to saturise, to mock. Syn :- (v) Deride, banter, rally, chaff, burlesque, satirize.

Ridiculous, re-diku-lus, c. উপহস্পীয়; উপহাস্ত; হাস্তলনক; হাস্তাম্পদ, পবিহাদবোগ্য; অপ্রাঞ্জ Deserving or exciting ridicule; contemptible and laughable, absurd. n=ridiculousness, ad-ridiculously ( হাজ্ঞ নকরপে )। Syn:-Ludicrous droll, grotesque, comical; preposterous. Riding, riding, a. अश्वादशहर्गाश्यकः चारतांश्येतः চড়িবার ; Used to ride or travel ; suitable for riding on, as a horse :--- अवशास्त्राहर कतिया गाउँगात রাতা; A road for riding on :--বাণিজ্ঞাকর-নিদ্ধারক কৰ্মতারী কৰ্ম্বক পশিদৃষ্ট প্রদেশ ; A district visited by an excise office: :—ইংকঞ্জে-শের বিভাগতরের অক্তম ; One of the three divisions of the county of York. [ Woman's riding dress.

Riding habit or skirt, n. অধানেহণেটিত বেশ. Riding-habit, Riding-skirt, n. wattalere জমাকালীন ত্ৰীগণ পৰিহিত পৰিভূম বিশেষ; The long garment worn by females when riding.

Riding master, n. অব্যোহণ-কৌশন শিক্ষক, Teacher of riding.

Riding school— अवारवाहन निका मिनात्र विमानग्र, School for teaching riding.

Rife, धा, n. अहूद; अहातर: अवन ; Common abundant; plentifil, abounding; prevailing n = rifeness, ad = rifely,

Rifle, rī'fl, v. t. १४१-क ; लूडिया-न ; To rob ; te carry off by force ; to plunder ; to strip :-- लें '1 भनायन-कृ , नृहे-कृ ; To snatch away :--शीन कांगी व्यगानी थनन-कृ; To groove:- n. वन्नूक विष्यव ; A musket -- pl. एक वन्त्ववाती देनिक पर्न । मन्द्रानीटा Syn: -(v) Rob, pillage, plunder: channel.

Rifle-man, n. तन्क्वशारी रिनिक; A man armed with a rifle; a sharp shooter.

Rif-raff, rif-raf, n. জशाल ; व्यावस्त्रना ; उठला . Rabble; refuse; sweepings :-- n. ইডর বোক, उंडालाक ; The rabble , the mob.

Rift, tift, n. ছিড; काँगे, काईह ; किछ ; Cleft ; a fissure . crack :-- ए. t. (क्ष-कृ ; क्षत्रा ; काड़ा ; काड़ा ; rive , to cleave :- ए. इ. (का-कू ; काणिबा-रा , किनी र्-₹; To split; to burst open. Syn :-(n) Crevice, chink, cranny, fracture.

A rift in the lute-of few পৰে প্ৰবন্ধ কৰা Big, ug, v. f. (भागाक भन्ना ; भन्निशान-क् ; To dress ; to clothe; to put on :— (রুলাবসি নিরা) সন্ধিত করা; পাটাল; ( New ) To fit with sails and tacking:— ক. জাহাজের বজু প্রভৃতি; Sails and tacking. Big, ম. কৌতুক; ভাষাসা; A sportive frolic; trick:—পর্বত-প্রেকী; A ridge.

Big up--पोहोन।

To rig the market — পর চডাব: আংশীবারি বাবসারে আংশ কিনিরা ভাষার পর চড়াব; Raise prices fictitiously—a term applied to a dishonest combination among a number of merchants to buy up so extensively any particular article or commodity as to be able to resell the same at greatly enchanced prices. [play a wanton trick. To run a rig—কেড্ডুক্-ফু; ভাষাসা-ফু; ফ্টি-ফু; To Bigadoon, স. কৃত্য; A brisk dance for a couple. Bigging, riging, ম. কাহাজের শাল অভৃতি; পড়ি-ফু; স্বান্সি; Tackle, cordage &c., of the masts and sails.

Right, rit, a. पश्चिव; wiहेन; Not left:-- माखा; সরল; বৰু; টিক; Straight; upright:---অভূত; ভাষা ; উচিত ; সত্য ; Proper ; reasonable :--উপযুক্ত ; বোরা; Fit :-- আসল ; বধার্য ; Real ; actual :-- সভা ; True ; correct :-- টিক ; Just :-- বাড়া ; Erect :-कोननी ; Most dexterous :- n. वावार्थ ; स्राप्त ; সভ্য ; Justice ; truth ; propriety :-- পর্ম ; Virtue : ---विश्वात : मफ ; मावि ; इक ; माउवा ; ]ust claim ; privilege :-- পশিণ শিক; Right side :--ad. ৰজ্-ভাবে ; সরলভাবে ; In a right or direct line :--ৰতান্ত , Very :--- ৩. f. নোজা-কু ; সংশোধন-কু ; To do justice to; to make right or straight. Syn:—(a) Direct; perpendicular, rightful; just, quitable, lawful; accurate, sound; suitable, seemly. (n) Rectitude, equity; goodnees, integrity, uprightness; truth, correctness; prerogative, immunity; legal claim.

Assort one's right -- নিজের সৰু রকা-ক; Maintain or defend one's own right by words or measures.

At right angles—সমকোণ করিয়া ( গুলামান )।
Be in the right—ভাস্থ নহে; ভুল না-হ; Be not
mistaken; be not wrong:—ঠিক-হ, Be correct.
Bill of rights—A declaration of Rights, especially as granted by William III. in 1688.

By right of, In right of—কোৰ সভ অনুসারে; By virtue of a title derived from.

Come or go right—ঠিক ঠাক হইরা আনা; Turn out happily as, matters will come right.

Go right—বেমন হওৱা উচিত তেমনি-হ; Go on as it should:—বেমপ ইচ্ছা কৰা যাব সেইমপ; Turn out as desired. [missed; be sent away. Go to the right about—চলিয়া-যা, Be dis-Of right—আইন অনুসারে; Justly; lawfully.

Bight and left (collog). চতুদিকে; এবোণাভাড়ি; In all directions; in both directions; on all sides:—ছহাতি; দোহেতো, All persons who come in the way.

Put to rights, Set to rights, set matters right—শোধনাইরা-দে; দোরত-কৃ; Put in good order; adjust.

Bight to- विकृत्त श्रांता जविकांत्र वा चत्र ; That to which one has a just claim.

Serve one right—इंकिंड अखिरन-त ; त्यान कर्ष

ডেম্নি ম্প-ই; Treat one as one deserves; punish one as one deserves.

Set one right—সংশোধন হ ; Correct one :-- জ্বে অপমান হইয়াছে তাহার প্রতিষ্ঠান হ ; Rehabilitate one, clear one's character.

Bight about, s. দক্ষিৰ পাৰ্য কিয়া সম্পূৰ্ণকা প্ৰড্যা-Bight a head—টিক সমূৰে; Directly before.

Bight along-क्यांग्छ , ना वाविता ।

Right angle—जनावां ।

Bight angled, a. नगरकाने।

Bight away-- उरम्पार ।

Bighteous, rityus, a. [A. S. riht, right, wis, way] द्वार्थ; आह ; क्ष्युक ; just; upright; merited:—वाधिक : न्यानिव ; नाव ; Virtuous. narighteousness, ad—righteously (नावधार) ! Syn:—Godly, holy, incorrupt; honest, equitable, rightful.

Righteousness, rityus-nes, n. নাৰ্ডা; পৰি-কড়া; স্থাচার; The quality of being righteous. Syn:—Uprightness, holiness, godliness, virtue; equity, rightfulness, integrity, honesty. Rightful, ritfool, a. ভাব; ভাৰসকড; অধিকার-

[3] Having right; according to justice. edrightfully, n=rightfulness. Syn:—Legitimate, lawful, true; honest, equitable, proper, reasonable, fair.

Right hand, n. पक्षि इस ।

Right-handed, a. Using the right hand habitually or more often than the left.

Right honorable—মহামান্ত। Right line—সরল রেখা।

Rightly, ad. क्वांबंड: ; व्यार्वंड: ।

Right-minded—সাধুননা; সরব; অকপট; প্রকৃ-্চিক, Well disposed; sane; honest,

Rightness, n. সরবাতা । [round. Right round—সম্পূর্ণরাং সোলাকার ; Completely Rigid, rifid, a. কঠোর ; শক্ত . দৃত ; Stiff — কটন ; ককম ; দারণ , Stern ; severc ; strict n=rigidness (কটনতা), ad=rigidly (কটনকগে)। Syn:—Unplant, unyielding, inflexible, exact, austere. Rigidity, n. কাঠিস, কঠোরতা; দৃচতা; Stiffness of manner. [talk; a long story. Rigmarole, n. অন্ত্ৰক কর ; উপাধ্যান ; Foolish Rigorous, rig'ur-us, a. কঠোর ; কঠন ; অভিশ্বিত ; দারণ ; Harsh; very sereve, accurate; relent-

less. ad=rigorously (বধাবিধি; ঠিক; কঠোরভাবে); n=rigorousness.

Bigour, rig'or, n. [L. rigere, to be stiff]
কটিনতা; কটোবতা; Stiffness; hardness; strictness; sternness:—উক্তা; Intensity; severity:

ness; sternness:—উত্তপা; Intensity; severity:
—শীতে কম্প; সকম্পন শৈতাপ্তিব, Convulsive; shuddering with cold. Syn:—Rigidness, inflexibility; austerity; exactness, inclemency.

Bill, ril, n. কৃত্ৰ নৰী; কৃত্ৰ প্ৰবাহ; প্ৰোচৰকী; A streamlet; a small brook:—v. i. প্ৰবাহিত-ছ; To flow in small streams.

Rim, im, n. উরত বেড়; शांत ; किनाता ; खांख ; A raised margin , a border , edge ; a brim :—v. f. काना वा शांत काना ; विख-त्म ; विश्वनक् , To put a rim to. Rime, rim, n. धन नीशव ; शियानी , शृश्चिकणा ; Hoarfrost ; frozen dew :—बरेंद्र क काता , A rung :—कार्डम , शिखा । a=rimy (frosty).

Bind, rind, त. रक्ष ; हात ; च्क् ; दाना ; हिन्दा ; Bark ; husk ; peel.

Binderpest, n. नवानित्र नः ज्ञायक (बान वित्वद ; A malignant and contagious disease.

Bing, ring, ম. চক্ৰ; মঙল; বৃত্ত; Circle:—

মন্ত্রীয়ক; আটো; A circular ornament of gold
for the finger:—মুল্ট্ম; A circular area for
races:—বৃত্তাকারে সমবেত জনমকলী; A circular
group of persons:—লল; A sound, esp. of
metals:—বটার লল; A chime of many bells:—

মুহুব্বোথিত লল; The sound of numerous voices:
—চ. বেট্ডল-ড়; বেট্টিড-ড়; To encircle:—নল্ত্রীয়ক

মারা সজ্জিত-ড়; বেট্টিড-ড়া; To fit with a ring;
—দিনালিড-ড়; বাজান; বালিড-ড়; To cause to
sound, as a metal:—চ. বাল্য-ড়; লল-ড়; বালা;
To sound, as a bell when struck; to tingle. pt=
rang, rung. pp=rung.

A ring dropper—ख्वात्तांत्र वित्यव ।

Gentlemen of the ring – মর্মেরা; Wrestlers. It has the true ring—It has intrinsic merit. A metaphor taken from the custom of judging genuine money by its ring or sound.

Bing in one's ears—কাৰে বেৰে ধাৰা; Continue to sound or vibrate in one's cars.

Ring in, or into, or out—ঘটা ৰাজহিয়া আনমন করা বা বিশাহ দেওখা; Celebrate arrival or departure by ringing. [about.

Ring the changes on —ৰ'বৰ বলা; Talk much Ring with—প্ৰতিশ্বিত-হ; চাৰিখিকে ব্যাপ্ত-হ; Be filled with (report), resound with.

The prize ring—বে চকেৰ মধ্যে মরের। কৃতি করে।
Ring-dove, ring'duv, n. কণেত বিশেষ; A pigeon.
Ring-finger, ring'-ling'er, n. অনামিকা; অসুনী;
Third finger of the left hand.

Third finger of the left hand.

Ring-leader, ring'lid-er, n. দলপতি; দলের
সকাৰ; মুর্ডদলের বেড়া; The leader of a riotous
body of persons; the head of a riotous body.

Ringlet, ring'let, n. কুল অৰুৱা . ছোট আংটী; Little rung:—কোকড়া চুল ; চুৰ কুণ্ডল; Curl of hair.

Bing-ousel, ring'-ততzl, n. গলিবিশ্ব; Thrush. Bing-straked, Bing-streaked, a. পোলাকার বেপারত পেছ, Having ring like lines on the body. Ring-worm, ring'wurm, n. দক্ষ; দাদ; Herpes. Bink, n. বৰ্মাছত কীড়াভূমি; The area where a race is run, or games are played.

Skating rink—ব্ৰাক্ত বা কাটের উপন্ন পৌড়িবার প্রীড়াক্তের; A place artificially prepared for skating. [ cleanse with clean water. Rinso, rins, v. t. জল দিলা প্রিকার-কু; বৌড-কু; To Rinso one's mouth—কুল্ডো-কু;

Biot, riot, v. t. টাংকাৰ-কু; To raise an uproar:
—মাতলামি-কু; উজ্ছখন-হু; অভাটার-কু; To revel
in:—ম. কোলাহল; গোলমাল; হালামা; দালা; Uproar; tumult:—নাধিভল; A disturbance of the
peace:—আভি ভোলন; কোলাহল সহকুত ভোলন;
গানোহনব; Excessive feasting; revelry:—বিলাদ;
বিলাদিতা; Luxury:—উজ্খল ব্যবহার; Wanton
conduct. Syn:—(ম) Row, commotion, fray.

Riot Act—Summons to disperse on pain of military force.

Bun riot—ৰণানিত ভাবে কাৰ্য্য-কৃ; To act or move without control or restraint.

To run riot—বা ইন্ধা ভাই-কু; প্রতি এবন-স্থ। Bioter, s. উদ্ধান ব্যক্তি; দাকাবার বোক।

Riotons, rī'ot-us, a. বিলোচী; রাজনোচী; Sআtious:—কোলাইলকারী; Tumultuous:—বিদাসী; ভোগাসক; উজ্খন; Luxurious; wanton. n=miotou-ness. ad=riotously (উজ্খনভাবে)। Syn:— Unruly, rebellious; licentious.

Bip, rip, v. t. ৰাট্যা বিভিন্ন- কৃ: ৰাড়া : চেয়া: Divide by cutting or tearing; to rend; to cut open:—n. ৰাটা : চিড় : A rent; a tear:—বাছের বৃড়ি : A fish-basket.

Bip up an old sore—প্রাণ কৰা বৃচিয়ে ভোলা; Revive an old quarrel or grievance.

To rip out - कड कड कतियां वर्गा वा वावसात ।

To rip up old grievances or sores— পূৰ্মের ক্লেশ স্থাব্দ : To recall them.

Biparian, rip-ári-an, a. নদীতীর স্বাধীর; Pertaining to a river-bank.

Bipe, rip, a. [ A. S. rip, harvest, ripan, to reap] প্রিপক; পাকা; Mature:—সম্পন্ধ; পবিণত, Finished:—বাবহারোপবানী; Fit for use:—পাকিম উঠা। n=ripeness (পকতা; পরিণতাবস্থা)। ad=ripely. Syn:—(a) Ready, full, mellow; complete.

Bipe for -- মত 5; প্ৰিপদ হ, কোন কিছুৰ টিক স্মৰ্ উপস্থিত, Ready for; be advanced to a state of fitness.

Bipon, rip'en, v. i পছ হ : পাকা ; To grow ripe :

-- v. t. পছ-কু, পাকান ; To make ripe :--পূৰ্ব-কু,
নৰ্মান ফুৰ্ব-কু; To bring to perfection.

Bipplo, rip'l, n কুল তবক; লহবী; হিলোল; A little wave:—v.t. ভবলিত-কৃ, To cause a ripple in; to cover with small waves:—v.i. ভবলিত-হ, হিলোলিত-হ, To curl on the surface, as running water.

Ripple. v. t. चाह शहेगा वाहित-क : चाहिएन : To strip flax :--- म काहजाइवात्र किम्मी ; A flax comb. Biso, riz, n. बारबाह्न ; डेवान ; The act of rising ; ascent :-- उक्क हुन ; The rising ground :-- मृत ; वानि : Origin :- नृति : कोडि : Increase :- छैन्नि . Advance :-- খবেৰ উন্নতি; Elevation of the voice:--- ग. इं. केंगे , केबान-इं ; ठला ; व्यादाहन-के , To get up from the ground; to ascend :-कंशित्रा डेडा ; To swell : —क्यान ; Grow :—डेबिड-१; To appear :- 174-17 . Spring up :- 4814159-2. দৃষ্ট হ; Come into sight:—আসিয়া পড়া; Come forth: -উত্তেজিত-হ; বিলোহী-ছ; Be excited:-वृद्धि भी; Increase, pt = rore, pp = risen. Syn:-(n) Steep, acclivity, elevation; spring, source; augmentation. (v) Arise, mount, get up, appear; revive, grow, increase, swell, enlarge. Give rise to - Bealga-F. Cause ; produce.

Tako riso from –কোৰ কিছু হইতে উৎপত্তি-ই; Issuc from.

Bise above—ৰতিহন-ক: Surmount:—কোন কিছুতে না দমা; Not to succumb to or yield to the influence of.

Bise against - বিজোহী-ছ: প্রতিকৃত্তে অভ্যথান-ছ: Take arms: -- ব্ৰেছ প্রার্থনা-ছ; Demand vengeance on.

Bise from the ranks—সামান্ত অবসা হইতে উন্নতি লাভ-কৃ, Rise to distinction from a low station. Bise in the world—উন্নতি লাভ-কৃ, To prosper. Bise to—ৰত উচ্চে উঠা; Attain a certain height:
—বাদ চড়ে ব্যৱহা; Increase in price:—বডটা
আৰম্ভৰ অভটা-ছ; Acquire the adequate measure
of:—কোন উচ্চ বিষয় বুলিতে পারা; Be so elevated
in mind as to make in.

Bise to one's feet—কাড়িরে উঠা; Stand of.
Bise up—উপাৰ-কৃ; Arise. [being visible.
Bisibility, n. হাজোপাণতা; The quality of
Bisible, rife-bl, e. [L. rifere, risum, to
laugh ] হাজনক, হাজোপাণক, কৌতুকাবহ; খানকলবক; Laughable; amusing. n—risibility, ed—
risibly. Syn:—Ludicrous, droll, comical,
funny, ridiculous.

Rising generation—ব্যা দল; Young men.
Risk, risk, n. বিশল; বুকি; দাল; আপদ; কঠি;
Hazard, danger; chance of loss or injury:—ত.
t. বিশলপত-হৃ, দাল্লুড-হ্. বিপাল্ল-ফু; To venture on;
to expose to haz rid. Syn:—(n) Peril, venture,
peopardy (v) Peril, endanger, peopard, chance.
At the risk of—কো বিশলেৰ আশহা থাকিলেও!

Run a risk—কোন বিগণ বাড়ে-তু, বিগণ সভাবনা জানিয়াও কোন কার্য্যে প্রবৃত্ত হ; Incur hazard; expose oneself to some danger.

Bisky, a. বিপজনক; বিপদের আপকাবিশিষ্ট, Hazardous; dangerous. [laughter.

Rissorial, a. হাজবটিচ; হাজজনক; Pertaining to Bissole, risol, n. ভাজিত মংদ্য বা মাংদ্য বিশেষ; A roll of fish or meat mineed and fried with bread crumbs and eggs.

Bite, rit, n. ৰথ অ'চাৰ, বৰ্ণনিধি; অহচাৰ; আচাৰ, A religious ceremony or usage. Syn:—Form, solematy, ceremonal, sacrament, ceremony, observance, ordinance.

Ritual, rifu al, a. শান্ত্ৰসিদ্ধ; অষ্ট্ৰানিক; Consisting of or prescribing, rites, ceremonial:—n. কিলা-পদ্ধতি, অষ্ট্ৰন পদ্ধতি; Manner of performing divine service:—ভংনৰদীয় পৃত্তক; A book of rites.

Bitualism, ritti-al-izm, #. ক্রিবা-পছড়ি; The system of ritual or prescribed forms of religion:—ক্রিবাস্থান; The observance of them:—ধর্মের বাছ অব্ধানে বিশাস; Confidence in mere rites or external ceremonics.

Bitualist, ritu-al-ist, n. দশক্ষান্ত ব্যক্তি, জিলা-পন্তিজ ; One skilled in or devoted to a ritual; a-ritualistic. [ing to the ritual. Ritualistic, c. বৰ্ষের বাফ অব্ধান্থটিত ; Pertain-

Ritualistic, s. বর্ণের বাঞ্চ অনুষ্ঠানন্তিত; Pertain-Rival, rival, n. অভিবোগী, আভিবনী, Competitor: s. বৈরী; প্রভিবোগিভাগরাবন, Being in competition: — s. t. অভিবোগিভা-ক, অভিপক্ষতা-ক, To compete together; to cmulate, to strive to equal or excel. Syn:—(n) Emulator, anagonist, opponent. (v) Oppose, compete; match, equal.

Rivalry, Rivalship, n. অভিবেদিক ; এতি-ব্যিতা ; Competition , emulation.

Rive, riv, v. t. विशेष-कृ, (रुख); To rend asunder; to split:—v. i. विशेष-कृ, (रुख) वांदण); To be split assunder. [ stream of water. River, river, n. वशी: व्याहिनो ; Large running

Rivers of blood—ब्ह्नका ; भाषिक त्यांच ! River-craft, n. क्यां तोका ; Small vessel. River-dragon, n. क्योद ; सह ; Crocodile. River-horse, n. निक्रवाहक ; Hippopotamus.

Bivet, rivet, s. (श्रांत वित्य ; ध्यंत ; कीवव ; A pin clinched at both ends :— o. f. (श्रंत कांत्र कींहिं) वा वावक - कृ ; To fasten with a rivet ; to fasten firmly :— कृष्-कृ ; कृष्यक - कृ ; To make firm or immoveable.

Bivulet, rivu-let, n. [ L. rivus, a stream ] पूर नगे: त्यु धवाह; A brook, streamlet; small river. Boach, röch, n. नश्च विष्नु ; A freshwater-fish of a silvery colour.

Boad, röd, n. [A. S. rad, a road, ridan, to ride] রাষা; রাজপথ, নার্য; An open way for passengers and traffic, highway:—স্কলোজনে অভিনান; A plundering excursion. Syn:—Way, pathway, thoroughfare, route, course; roadstead, anchorage.

Road, rod, Road-stead, rodsted, Boads, rodr, n. बाहारका नका कतियोत होन; A place where ships ride at anchor.

By road-त्रांखा निवा।

On the high road to—কোন কিছু পাইবার বছ উন্ধ; কোন ছানে পৌছিবার সহল পথে; in a fair way to attain.

Road to—কোন কিছু পাইবার উপায়, Means of

Road to—কোন কিছু পাইবাৰ উপায়; Means of Royal road to—সহজ উপায়; Easy way to.

To take road-413 441

To take the road — নুয়-কু; রাহাজনি-কু; To engage in robbery upon the high way.

Boad agent, n. দহা; ঠেকারিরা; A highway man. Boad metal—রাজার দিবাব ধোবা। [পার্বছিত। Boad-side, n. রাজার পার্ব; পার্বণধ:—a. রাজার Boadster, rödster, n. নসর করা জাতাল; Ship riding at anchor:—অনুশোপবোদী ঘোটক; A horse fitted for travelling. [way.

Boadway, rodwa, n. রাজা; গাড়ীর রাজা; High Boam, rom, v. i. ইতজ্ঞ: ; অন্ধ-কু; ঘ্বিথা বেড়ান; To rove about; to ramble:—v. t. অন্ধ-কু; অন্ধ ক্রিয়া অভিক্ষ-কু; To wander about. Syn:— Wander, rove, range, stroll, stray.

Boamer, römer, n. जनवंशी; A wanderer. Boan, a. ब्राइड ; विन्जि ; Of a mixed colour with a decided shade of red:—n. विभिन्न वर्ष ; A roan color:—चित्र (पाठेक ; A roan horse.

Boantree, n. बक वित्यव ।

Boar, roar, n. গৰ্জন, ছ্ৰান; The cry of a beast:
—চীৎকান; উচ্চণক; A full, loud sound; a shout; a loud cry.—ৰাজাণস্চক চীৎকান; আৰ্থনাদ; An outcry of mirth or of distress:—v. i. গৰ্জনক; গৌগোলনক; To cry, as a beast:—চীৎকানক; ন্ব-কু, To cry with a full, loud sound.

Set the table in a rear—সময় লোককে এক আমোণিত কয়া বে ভাহারা কেনে গড়িবে গড়ে; Cause loud laughter (among the guests at table).

To drive a roaring trade—ध्व वायनाव होबांव : To do a great business.

Boaring, roring, स. ११६६ , Act or sound of roaring .— मध्यत्र दोश वित्यव ।

Roast, rost, v. t. নাংস কাৰাৰ-কু; অন্তি উত্তাপে বৰু-সাইলা পাৰ-কু; To cook before the fire; to cook by exposure to heat:—ভালা; ভজিভ-ই; To parch:—ভাড়া উত্তথ-ই; To heat to excess:—

\*\*\*. কাৰাব ; কৰ্মান মাংস ; That which is roasted.

\*\*\*Bob, rob, ক. গ্ৰেকাৰ্ক্ক কাড়িয়া-ল; লুকন-ই; ইবৰ্ণ
\*\*\*\*; To plunder ; to steal:—ব্ভিড-ই; To deprive:—n. মধু মিশ্রিভ ইণক কলের রূম ; The juice of ripe fruit mixed with honey. n—robber. Syn:

—(v) Despoil, strip, pillage, defraud.

\*\*\*Rob (one) of—হন্ণ-ক ; Steal something from

Rob (one) of—ছন্নণ-ক ; Steal something from one :—বঞ্চিত-ক ; Deprive one of.

Rob Peter to pay Paul—একের আনিই কবিঘা অগবেৰ উপকার-কু; গরু বারিয়া কুতাদান-কু; একজনকে অধিত করিয়া আর একজনকে-দে; Withhold what is ' necessary in one direction to bestow it on another.

Mobber, n. মুব্য ; ভাৰাইভ ; One who robs. Bobbery, rober-t, n. ডাকাইভি ; সম্বাৰ্তি ; আনহ্ৰণ ; চুরি ; Theft; plundering. Syn:—Depredation, spoliation, despoliation, plunder, pillage; larceny.

Bobe, rob, n. প্ৰিছে ; পোৰাৰ ; A rich dress :— রাজ পোৰাৰ ; A gown of state :—v. t. বন্ধ বারা আন্টাণিত-কু, পোৰাৰ পরাৰ ; To dress ; to clothe : —সজ্জিত-কু ; To array.

Men of the long robe—বাজৰ; পাদরি; বিচার-পতি বা ব্যারিষ্টার; Priests, judges, barristers who wear robs. [বিশেষ; A singing bird. Bobin, Robin-redbreast, n. কুম বাৰক প্ৰী

Bobin Hood—বিখ্যাত দ্বা; A famous outlaw. Robust, rö-bust, a. [ L. robustus, oaken, hard] ব্যবাৰ; Strong; sturdy:—সভেন, জোৱাল; Sound:—কর্মণ; Rude. n=robustness, ad=

Sound: — Trong; Sturdy: — 1000; (1919); Sound: — Trong; Rude. n = robustness, ad = robustly. Syn: — Muscular, lusty, sinewy; hale, hearty, sound, vigorous; rough, rude.

Robustness, ro-bustnes, n. বনবতা; শতিশানতা; The quality of being robust. Syn:—Strength, soundness, sturdiness, vigour.

Boc, n. প্ৰিক্বিশ্ৰ; A bird. [worn by bishops. Rochet, n. পাইছেদ বিশেষ; A linen garment Bock, rok, n. পাইছে, শৈল; প্ৰথম; A large mass of stone:—হকানাখন; আগ্ৰয়; Defence:—বল, Stiength:—ভর্কু; টেকো; A distaff:—v. t. পোলাল; মোল-দে; To move backwards and forwards:—v. i. পোলাল-ফু; কল্পিড-ই; To totter. On the rocks—নিংম্ব; হিক্তেয়।

Split on a rook—সমুক্তগর্ভ শৈল-শিখরে লাগিরা চূর্ব-হ; Run upon a rock and be dashed to pieces:—বেল কোন বিষম এমে পড়া বাং।তে সমত আশায জলাঞ্চলি দিতে হয়; সর্কনাশের মূল-হ; Commit a fatal error which frustrates all one's hopes and desires. Book ahead, a. কাহারও পথে ক্টক; An obs-

tacle in one's ways; dangerous impediment in one's way. [with rocks. Bock-bound, a. eve wist (285; Hemmed in

Bock-crowned, a. Crowned with rocks. Bocker, roker, n. বে বোলায়; One who rocks the cradle:—বোলবায় বকু অবল্যন; The curving

support on which a cradle or chair rocks.

Bocket, roket, n. হাউট্বাজি; An artificial firework which is projected through the air.

Rocking, a. (लांगांवनांव। Rock-oil, m. Petroleum. Book-pigeon, rok-pijun, n. 40115 figer;
A pigeon inhabiting rocks.

Book-salt, roksawit, n. त्याव शवन ; निना अवन ; Salt in rock like masses.

Book-snake, n. বৃহণাকার পার্কানীর বোড়ানাপ।

Rock-work, n. বাডাবিক নিনাভূপের অনুকরণে
গাঁথনি; A masonary in imitation of natural masses of rock.

Rocky, roki, a. শিলাবর; শৈলমর; Full of rocks:
—শাকডীর; পর্কাডসম; Resembling a rock:
কঠিন; Hard; unfeeling, n=rockiness.

Roccoo, n. ছাপতা কাৰ্বো অসাধন বিশেব।

Rod, n. বৃষ্ট ; মণ্ড ; A slender stick ; a wand :— বেল ; A bundle of birch twigs for flogging children ; a cane :—১৯০ ফুট ; 16½ feet :—শাসন-মণ্ড ; মন্তার চিছ ; An emblem of power or authority : গ্রন্থ ; Authority :—মণ্ড ; শাসন ; Punishment :— অভ্যাচার ; উৎপীড়ন ; Oppression :—লাভি ; বংশ , Race ; family.

A fishing rod—িছপ্।

Rod of state-siere ; Sceptre.

Rule with a rod of iron—करिनकाल भागन-कृ, Rule oppressively.

Rode-past of Ride.

Rodent, তে'dent, n. তীৰণত কৰ; গৰৰ কৰ, Gnawing animals:—a. চৰ্পাকাৰী, Gnawing.

Rod-flahing, n. ছিপে মাছ ধবা।

Rodomontade, rod-ত-montad, n. বুণা দব, বুণা গৰ্ম; Vain boasting (A blustering hero in Orlando Furioso):—খ. i. বুণা গৰ্ম-কু; To boast, to bluster. [boaster

Rodomontadist, n. কৃথা দাভিক; A blustering Roo, rū, n. মংক্রের ডিব; The serm or spoon of fishes:—লাকুলহান হরিণ; ফুগীহবিণী; The femula deer. mas=hart.

Roe-buck, ro'buk, n. পাটলবর্ণের মুগী; A deer. Rogation, ro-gáshun, n. [L. rogo, to ask j প্রাথনা, অমুনয়; Supplication.

Regation days—গ্রীটে বর্গাহোহকসারক উৎসবেধ অব্যবহিত পূর্ববর্ত্তী তিন দিন; The three days immediately before the festival of Ascension, being days of special supplication.

Rogue, tog, n. প্রভারক; মুবাড্রা; পাজি; মুর্জনশঠ; Knave; thief; vagabond — বদমাইন লোক কৌডুক্বিয় ব; জি; A mischievous or frolicsome person:—ভববুবে; A vagrant (law). Syn:— Scamp, rascal, villain, caitiff, scoundrel, sharper, swindler.

Roguery, rog'ét-i, n. জুরাচুরি; প্রভারণা; পঠতা. Knavish tricks, fraud:—স্বন্ধাতি; বগুরাইনি, Waggery; mischievousness.

Roguiah, rög'ish, a. ব্যাচুৰি স্থয়ীয় ; প্রভারত, Knavish:—শঠ ; প্রত ; Waggish, mischievous. ad=roguishly. n=roguishness. Syn:— Vagrant, vagabond; fraudulent, dishonest, frolicsome. [To bluster.

Roister, क. i. ही९कांत-कृ: To bully:-- अवत-कृ: Roisterer, n. A turbulent fellow.

Bole, rol, n. n. নাটকে অভিনেতুগণের ব ব আগ; হতে গৃহীত কাধ্য; মহৎ কাৰ্য; The part performed by an actor in a drama, any conspicuous action or duty performed by any one. Boll, त्या, n. [ L. rote, a wheel ] जानर्तन : कीन : Act of rolling :-- কড়াৰ বস্ত ; Anything rolled :--শেষৰী : Roller :-- ছলিল ; A document :--ভালিকা ; Register :- कृष्टि ; कृष्टित छान , Bread ; a small loaf of bread :- অবিরাম চাকের শব্দ ; The continuing beating of a drum :-- 97; Character; office :-- ए. हे. त्यांको ; চोकांत्र छात्र त्यांत्रो ; To revolve; to turn like a wheel :- To be formed into a round mass :—অক্ষের উপর আবর্ত্তিত-হ: To revolve upon an axis :--আনোলিত-হ; সঞ্চালিত-হ; To move, as waves :- টলিতে পাৰা : To wallow :--ইডবত: চালিত-হ : To be tossed about : —বড়াইয়া-যা; দোলায়িত-ছ , To rock :—গড়গড় শব্দ-ছ ; চাকের শব্দ মত শব্দ-হ; To sound, as a drum beaten rapidly :-- v. t. (बाजान ; To cause to roll : -ভটান; অড়ান; To wrap round on itself: -চকের উপন্ন সঞ্চালিত-কু; বোবাৰ; To move upon wheels: -- চালিত-ক: To drive forward :-- চাপিরা সমতল-क ; श्लोगोकात्र वश्च बाता श्लियन-कृ ; To press with a roller:--জতহতে বাজান; To beat rapidly, as a drum -- विकासिक-कृ, व्यष्टेन-कृ, To enrap, encircle :—গড় গড় কবিয়া বলিয়া-বা ; মনে মনে ভোলাগাড়া-事 1 Syn:—(n) Volume, scroll; chronicle, record, annals, list, schedule, catalogue, inventory. (v) Wheel, trundle; rotate, gyrate, run, flow; rock, tumble; wallow, welter in.

Roll-call, n. বখন তালিকা-নিখিত নাম ভাকা হয় . নাম ধৰিবা হাজিয়া ভাকা , The calling over of a list of names, as in the army.

Roll in riches, Roll in wealth—অভাত ধনী-ছ; টাকার গাদাঘ ব্যিঘা থাকা , ধনকুগের-ছ . To be luxuriously rich; to be in affluent circumstances; to be very wealthy.

To call the roll—নাম ভাকা; ভালিকা-লিখিত নাম ভাকা; লাজিবা বহিছে নাম গাঠ-কু; To recite a list or register of the names of persons, as of school, college, or of any organised body of persons, to ascertain their presence or absence. To roll the eye—চকু যুবান।

Boller, ruler, n. ডলনা; পোলাকার কাঠ বা প্রভার; বোড়া: পেবণ-দত্ত; A cylindrical wood or stone:— ক্ষত্রক্ষী (বহাছির কালি); A bandage:—পক্ষিবিশেব; Bird:—pl. উত্তাল তরজ্মালা; Heavy waves.

Bollie, v. i. To move in a carcless swaggering manner with a frolicsome air.

Rollicking, n. দিল-দ্বিদ্ধা; আমোদিয়া; ভাষালা-বাজ ; Jovial.

Bolling, তো'ing, a. বুৰ্ণনাৰ; আমামাৰ; Moving on wheels:—চলিক্ চফোপরি হিড; ভটাইবার জন্ত থাবছত; Used in rolling.

▲ rolling stone gathers no mass—আবর্ত্ত-মান শিলাখণে শৈবাল থাকে না; অছিন্ন ব্যক্তির প্রতিষ্ঠা বা অর্থ সক্ষয় হর না।

Bolling-fire—শ্রেণীয় নৈনিক্দিশের অভি সহর ক্ষাহর বলুকে আহি প্রদান ; A charge of muskets by soldiers in a line, in quick succession. Bolling-look—বিলোলাই।

Bolling-pin, röling-pin, त. (वजून ; (वजून ; A cylindrical piece of wood for rolling paste.

Bolling-press, roling-pres, n. ৰাণ্ড ইডিনি কৰিবান পেৰণ-বন্ধ; A press of two cylinders for rolling or calendering cloth.

Bolling-stock, ro'ling-stok, n. নৌহবর্দ্ধের কাড়ি-বৰ্ষ; বেলগ্রেষ কল-নাড়া প্রভাৱে ভাগার; The stock of engines, carriages &c., of a Railway. Bolls, n. Court of the master of the rolls.

Master of the Rolls—The second Judge in chancery.

Bomaic, a. বাবনিক; গ্রীসদেশ স্বন্ধীয়; Relating to modern Greece, or its language:—π. আমুনিক গ্রীকভাবা; The modern Greek language; modern Greek, the language of the desendants of the castern Romans.

Roman, to man, a. কম নগর সম্বান ; রোমীয়; রোমনেশীয়; Pertaining to Rome or to the Romans:—রোমন কাথলিক ধর্ম সম্বান ; Pertaining to the Roman Catholic religion, papal:—সহৎ; Noble:—সাহসিক; Brave:—( ছাপার অহন মহকে) সোজা; Written in letters commonly used:—স. কমবাসী: রোমক; A native of Rome.

Roman candle, n. বৰ্ষণাৰ, A fire work in form of a candle, generally held in the hand.

Boman Catholic, a. এইধর্মবিভাগ বিশেব হুচক;
Denoting the religion of that of Christian church of which the Pope, Bishop of Rome, is the acknowledged chief or head:—n. এইর বর্ণের সম্প্রদার বিশেব; ইহাবা পোপেব কর্তৃত্ব মান্ত করেব, সভ্যাবশেব, A member of the Roman Catholic Church.

Roman catholism, n. The doctrines and practices of the Roman Catholic Church.

Romange, ro-mans, n. দ্দিণ ইউরোপে প্রচলিড বিশেব বিশেব ভাবা; Tongue of South France and those akin to it:—উপভাস; উপকর্ষা; আকর্যা ঘটনা; A wonderful tale; tale or work of fiction; novel; story; fable:—a. Belonging to the dialects, called Romance:—v. i. মিখা বলা; অভিবিক্ত ক্লপে গল্প-কৃ; To talk extravagantly; to telf romances. ক্লভাকাৰটো; গলকারী)!

Roman coment, n. মাৰ্ম্সলা; A mortar used in the surface-fronting of brick and other buildings to imitate stone, which art was brought from Italy.

Romanese, n. হঙ্গেরি দেশের ভাষা বিশেষ :

Romanesque, ro-man-esk, n. দৰিশ করাসী প্রেশের ভাগ; The dialect of Languedoc and other districts in the South of France:—a. অন্ত; Romantic

Bomanise, ro'man-ir, v. t. রোমান ক্যাধনিক ধর্মে ধ্রম্ভি-কু; To convert to the Roman Catholic religion:—v. t. রোমান ক্যাধানিক মন্ত বা বিচারের সহিত একমত হওমা; To conform to Roman Catholic opinions or practices.

Bomanism, ro'man-izm, n. রোধ্যান কাথনিক ধর্মনীতি; The tenets of the Roman Catholic Church. Bomanist, ro'man-ist, n. রোধ্যান ক্যাথনিক ধর্মান্বল্মী; A Roman Catholic.

Boman law —আইন বিশেষ, The name given to the laws founded on the laws and statutes of Rome and incorporated more or less into the laws of every country of Europe.

Roman nose—ৰিছু বৰু বাদিক!; A high curved nose similar to that of the Romans.

Roman order-in arch, the composite order.

Romany, ল. বাবাৰস্থানের ভাবা : বেগিবা ভাবা !
Romans, ল পাদাধিত পান , Epistle of St Paul
King of the Romans—Successor of the
emperor of Germany.

Bomantio, rö-mantık, a উপনাসিক, আন্তৰ্গা, বিচিত্ৰ, অসম্ভৰ; কাজনিক, অভুত কিজুত কিমাকার; Fictitious, extravagant, marvelous, fantastic, wild ad=romantically, n=romanticals Syn—Legendary, sentimental, chimerical, fanciful Romanticism, n. আচীন হইতে স্থাকালীন ভাষানীতি ঘটিত পরিবর্ত্তন: The change from a classical to a medieval style of literature

Boman white—বেডার, Purest white King of Bome—Eldest son of Napoleon.

Bome was not built in a day—বড় কাল এক দিনে সম্পন্ন হয় না , বৃহৎ বাগার একদিনে সম্পন্ন হয় না সবুরে বেওয়া কলে , Great deeds are not accomplished without a considerable interval of time , great result cannot be obtained in a short period

Bomish, römish, a. বোৰ বা বামান কাঞ্চালক সম্প্ৰদাব সম্বন্ধীয় Belonging to Rome or to the Roman Catholic Church

Bomp, romp ৩ : গোলমান কৰিব৷ খেলা-কু কাডাতে লন্স বলা-কু, To play nously to firsk about in play, to skip about in play — দ চৰুলা বালিকা, লক্ষ্মপ্ৰকাৰিণ নিল্কা বালিকা A girl fond of rough or boisterous play — মদুড়া কাডা, Rude field

Romping, n की पांकारी।

Bompish, romp'ish, a লক্ষ্যক মীড়াসক, বীড়া বিষ, I and of rude play n=rompishness, ad= rompishly

Rondeau, Rondo, rondo n অবোদশপন ক িতা বিশেষ, A little poem of verses, eight in one rhyme and five in mother.

Bood, তেতার, n জামার পরিমাণ বিশাল, প্রায় পনেব কাঠা, Quarter acro, the fourth part of an acro — কুলা, বেকাগ্রনাত ব'শুলী সা প্রাণ স হার হয় ভাহার প্রতিধৃতি, Crucilix, a cross

By the rood—By the cross, a form of wood formerly used in swearing

Rood loft, n Gall by on which the cross and rood was set to view

Roof, roof n ছাত, চাল, ছাত ছালী The cover of a house or building, arch of a vault —গৃত, A house or dwelling —হাৰু, টাৰৱা, I pper part of the mouth — ফ চে ছাত কু, lo cover with a roof — ৰুকা কু আগিবদান কু To shelter Roofing, roofing, n ছাল প্ৰস্তুত কৰণ, ছাল বা

চালের কাঠাম, The act of covering with a roof ছালের উপক্ৰণ, মালমননা, Materials for a roof — —ছাল, The roof itself

Boofless, rööi'les a ছাদ্বিচীৰ, Without a roof — আলবৰ্ক, Unsheltered.

Book, rook, n ইড়িকাক, A kind of crow — ঠক; প্ৰচাৰক, A cheat —পাগরী, Parson — সতর্ক খেলার বল, নৌকা. A castle —v t প্রভাৱণা কু, To cheat

Bookery, rooker-1, n বেগানে বাঁড়কাকেবা বানা করে, নীচাবান A place to which rooks resort to build their nest, as a wood &c. Boom, room, ল ফুঠরী, কোট, কামরা, An apartment; a chamber of a house:—অসধিকৃত ভূমি, অন্ধিকৃত হান বা বাবগা, Extent of place, space unoccupid — স্বন্ধর, অবকাশ, Freedom to act; scope — আসন, A seat — পরিবর্ত্ত, Stead — গুরুষাকৃ, To occupy a room; to lodge

Make room. –বানগা থালি কু, ছান বা পথ বেওবা, বাধা সকল দ্ব-কু, Open a space, way, or passage, to remove obstruction —(কোন কিছুব) ছান কৰিয়া লওয়া Find space —নিকের সম্পৃত্তি অস্তুকে দে (1100 one's own to another.

Boom and to spare—অন্ধিকৃত স্থান য'ৰই স্থান, More space than is needed, unoccupied room or space

Boom for-কোন কিছুর স্থান বা আবা (ধাকা). Possibility of entertrining —Possibility of making

Sick room—শেগীর ঘব।

To give (or loave) room—অপকত হ , সরিবা বাংবা, so withdraw to allow others to pass.

Roomful, a একখন ( লোক पि )।

Room-tree, " 44 4 6th Fig !

Roomy, roomi, a. বিশ্বত, বিশাল, প্ৰশাস, লখা-চৰতা Having ample i som wide, spacious —বদ Biz n=roomints ad=roomly

Roost, তেত্ৰ, প হা ব্ৰালে পক্ষিণেৰ বিভাষাৰ্থ দাঁড প্ৰীয় দাঁড A pole or perch, a support on which a tird rest it mith — শাৰিভ পকীয় কাঁক, ই াবি, পকায় দল A n mber of fowls resting torether — খ : দাঁণ্ড ব্যা বিভাষ কু নিজা যা, খাল to sit or sleep or retion a roost

An esculent root - মুবা ওলকোপি অকৃতি।

Be or he at the root of—coin factar an a;
Be the source of

Bulbous root—कम भून।

Cube root—भनपूल।

Go to the root of—বোৰ বিষয়ের বুল বা কাৰণ নিজেল বা বাহির করা, Trace the source or cause of anything [উন্লিড-কৃ, Destroy completely Make root-and-branch-work with—সন্ব Root and branch—সন্প্ৰিলে, আৰ্ল, স্বুলে; আগাগোড়া, Completely, thoroughly.

Root out—উন্নুক, উন্নিত-কৃ, জড় বারা, Extirpate, tear up by the root

Boot up— छेबून-इ, र्न मध्य जुनिया एकता , Dig up. Strike at the root of—ब्रन क्रीवालाड-इ, Eradicate.

Strike (or take) root—শিক্ত গাঁড়া , মুম্ভাবে বসা। Square root—বৰ্ণমূল।

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Take root—বৰ্ণ্-ই; Become planted or fixed:—ৰাণিত-ই; Be established:—বিবায়িত-ই, বিশ্বত-ই; To increase and spread. Take up by the root—উম্প-ক; নিশ্ল-ক,

Eradicate; extirpate.

Rooted, a. वस्या ; Firmly fixed.

Root-house, n. বুল ঝাৰিবার ঘর; মুল থারা নির্মিত সৃহ, A place for keeping roots; house made of roots. Rootless, c. মুল্বস্থ , Destitute of roots.

Boot-let, rootlet, n. ফুল ম্ল; সরু শিবড়; উপমূপ.
A little root; a radicle.

Root-stock, n. কল : গেঁডো।

Bope, rop, n. রজ্জু, বলি, দড়ি; কাছি, A thick twisted cord or line:—v. i. কাছিতে প্ৰিণত-ছ; To draw out or extend into a thread —v. i. দড়ি দিবা বাবা, দড়ি বাধিবা পুথক-কু।

A rope of sand—বালির বৃধ ; বাণির দভি ; A feeble union, a bond or tie which is easily broken.

Give one rope—কাহ'কেও জ' ্ধা দেওবা।

High ropes-आनन ; High spint

Upon the high ropes—মাত ৮ পত, অংশকা। With rope of halter round the nock— ফ্লিন কাৰ কাৰ্মাৰ কাৰ্মা, মান্ত মৃত্যুক্প নিশ্লপ্ত (হ্টম্), Being in imminent danger of being hanged.

Bope-dancer, Rope-ganger, ৫ বজুপরি নর্ভক, বজুব উপর নৃত্যকারী, দেশবান ওয়ালা, One who walks on a rope.

Rope-dancing, স. সভাবাতি।

Rope-ladder, u. बब्ब्द (नाशान ; परित मने ; Ladder made of ropes.

Rope-maker, n. বৃধ্ধকাৰ ৷ [A maker of ropes Roper, roper, n. ৰজ্-এজচকাৰী, বৃধ্ধনিয়াটা; Ropery, roper, n. দভি এজ চ বিশাৰ স্থান; ৰজ্ নিশ্বাৰ স্থান, A place where ropes are made.

Rope's and—শাসনাৰ্থ রক্ষণ ।

Rope-walk rūp'wawh, Ropery, n. মৃত্ৰ প্ৰস্তুত ক্ষিমাৰ হান; Place for making ropes — কছ নিমাৰালম; A long shed used for the manufacture of ropes.

Rope-yarn, n. দড়ি পাঞ্চীবাৰ স্থা. Yain tor Ropy, iop'e, a চট্চটে; আটাৰ, Adhesive, glutinous. n=ropiness, ad=ropily. Syn:—Stringy, viscous, ten icious.

Rorquel, n. তিনি বিশেষ , A genus of whales. Rosacoous, ro-zāshus, a. পুশাসম্কীয় , গোৰাপ জাতীয় , Pertaining to the rose family of plants. Rosarian, n. Bed or g urden of roses.

Rosary, io-zar-i, n জগনালা , অক্সত্ত , Stime of beads .—বেগানে গোদাপ কুটে; A bed of roses.

Rose, pt. Of rise.

Rose, rūz, n. গোলাগ পুপা বা বৃক্ষ: A plant and flower of many species; a rosette:—গোলাপের স্থায় বৰ্ধ; Pink, the color of the rose.

A bed of roses—হথেব শ্বা ; হথেব জীবন ; এ very comfortable situation ; an easy life.

China rose, n. ৰবা পুলা।
Red Rose—Badge of the House of Lancaster.
Under the rose—বোপনে; অলকাজ, একাল না পাব
এমৰ ভাবে, In secrecy, in strict confidence;
with secrecy.

Wars of the Roses—Wars between the houses of York and Lancaster.

White rose—Badge of the House of York. Roseal, টেহৈ-al, a. গোলাগ ডুকা; Like a rose. Bose-apple, n. গোলাগ-কাৰ।

Roseate, role-at, a. [ L. roseus-rosa, a rose ] গোলাপসূৰ্ণ; গোলাপবছল, Rosy, full of roses:-গোলাপী; লোহিড, Bluoning; ted; of a rose colour. Syn ---Ruddy, blushing, mantling.

Rose-bed, n. হুগ্ৰ্যা ; A bed of roses.

Rose-bud, n (शानात्भव कृष्ण !

Rose-colour, n. গোলাপী बहु।

Rose-coloured—এমন ফ্ৰন্থ মাহাতে লোক প্ৰভাৱিত ১ম ; Decentively fine. [ শেকার ব্যা ! Rose-engine, n. কাঠানিতে বেখা অভিত কানেৰ প্ৰক Rosemary, 102mar-i, Rosemarin, 107ma-16n, [ L. 10s, di w. mare, the sea ] ক্ষম বিশেষ; লভা বিশেষ, A শোমা I fragrant evergreen shrub, once used as an emblem of fidelity.

Bosotte, ro-zet, n. ফিঠা ছাবা দিকিত কুলিম গোলাৰ, An mutation of a rose by menns of a ribi on.

Roso-water, 152-waw'ter, n পোৰাপ তা, Scent d পোন d from roses:—a. কৃত্যিন লগাৰ, Sentimental. [window hke the leaves of a rose Rose-wandow, n, গোৰাপাৰাৰ প্ৰাক্ত, A curular Rose-wood, 152/wood, n বেপৰ ক্ষেত্ৰৰ গোৰাপান কৰাৰ দিবল if he wood of a Brazilian tree having a frag ance hke that of rose.

Rose-work--Articles made of tose wood.

Bostorucian, ৫. জর্মন দেশের তারিক ওর-সরা স্থকীয়, ৬ারেক।

Rosin, rožin, n. ধুনা . রজন , Resin from tarpentine . -- ৩. হ. রজন দিখা আবৃত-কু; To cover with rosin. [containing rosin.

Rosiny, rofin-i, a. বজনতলা, স্বজনপর্ক. Like or Roster. n প্রাথক্তমে কাথ্যকাসীদিপের ভালিকা, A list of persons liable of a military duty [beak Rostral, rostral, a চকু সমূল, Like a costrum or Rostral crown—A naval crown given to one who won a naval victo, being made of

gold decorated with busks or ships.

Rostrate, 105trat, Bostrated, 105trat-ed. c. চঞ্বিশিষ্ট্ৰ, Beaked. [ the form of a beak. Rostriform, a চকুৰ স্থান্ন আকানবিশিষ্ট, Having Rostrum, rostrum, n [L rodo, rosum, to gnaw ] नकीन हक ; The break of a bird. birds beak: -- ভারাত্রেব (চঞ্) অগ্রভাগ; Ship's beak, the head of a ship —বেদি, বন্ধতামঞ্চ, Orator's pulpit. Rosy, 10fc, a. शोमाणी , शोनारभन्न छोत्र सम्मन ; मरनी-হব, গোলাপ-শোভিড; Like a rose; blooming; blushing; charming; red, roseate n=i osiness Rot, rot. v. s. श्रांतिख-इ; महे-हः शृविश-ताः Te decay, to become decomposed; corrupt, putrefy: - v. t श्रीलंख-कृ ; श्रहा ; श्रहान ; श्रेशांन . To bring to corruption, to cause to be decomposed ; to make putrid :- n. পहन , शनन ; Decay ; putrefaction - স্থালুর রোপ বিশেষ, A disease of the polato:-শেবকাতির পীড়া বা রোগ; A tatal distemper incident in sheep.

All rot—বাছে কথা।

Bothry, ro-tar-i, a. [L. rota, a wheel] प्राक्त

Rotate, rotat, v. t. प्रीड-कृ; व्यापिड-कृ; To cause to revolve:—v. i. प्रीडमान-कृ; प्रा; जान गतिजन-कृ; To turn round like a wheel, to turn round an axis.

Rotation, প. বুৰ্ণন; চক্ৰবং গতি; ব্যান পৰিজ্ঞৰণ; Revolution; a turning round like a wheel.

By rotation-चार्नकृत्य ; श्वाधिकृत्य ।

Botstory, ro'ta-tor-i, a. যুণীয়নান; আবর্তনকারী; বুস্তাকারে পরিলাম্যমাণ; Turning round like a wheel; going in a circle.

Rote, rot, n. মৃথত্ব অভ্যাস ; পুনা প্রা আয়তি বা পাঠ ; Mere mechanical repetition :—৩০ ঃ. মৃথত্ব অভ্যাস-কু; Learn by rote.

By rote—কেবল মুখত ; By mere repetition, without the exercise of the understanding.

To learn by rote—মুখ্য করা; অর্থ না ব্রিরা পুনঃ পুনঃ আবৃত্তি হারা মুখ্ত-কু।

Rotten, rotn, a. পচা; গলিভ: প্তিগন্ধ : ছৰ্গন ; ঝাৰ্ণ Decayed; corrupt; putrefied; unsound:— বিশাস্থাতক, Treacherous. n=rotteness. Syn:— Carious, unsound. decetful, treacherous.

Rottennoss, n. ভীৰ্তা; গলিতাবস্থা।

Botten-stone, n. পাআদি মাজনার্থ প্রত্যমূর্ণ বিশেষ; A soft stone used in a state of powder for cleaning and polishing metals and glass.

Botund, ro-tund, a. পোन ; পোनाकात ; नन्त ; Round ; spherical ; entire. n-rotundness, ro-

tundity (বর্ষ্বভা)।

Botunda, ro-tunda, Botundo, ro-tundo, n. গোল ইমারং; গোল ঘর; A round building. [প্ডা i Rotundity, Rotundness, n. গোলাকারত : সম্পূ-Bouble, Ruble, n क्मश्रहिन्ड मूजा , श्राप्त २१० होका ; A silver coin of Russia. fligate ; a rake. Boue, roo'a, n. লম্পট; হুক্ৰিম লোক; A pro-Rouge, roozh, a. नान ; Ruhy ; red :- n. शांदन पिरांत्र अक टाकांत्र लाग तह ; A red paint used to colour the checks or lips .—v. t. नान १६-क ; To colour with rouge :- v. i. लाल बढ्-कू ; डेक्ट बर् बाना রঞ্জি-ক : To paint with rouge. f of cards. Rouge-et-noir, n. এক একার তাস খেলা ; A game Rough, ruf, a. वक्द ; सम्मान ; Not smooth ; uneven; not level; rugged; coarse:-- অম্পূৰ; আৰডোপাৰডো; Harsh to the touch:—অপ্যপ্ত; मिछि; Vague :- क्छांब; करिन, क्र्रे; Hush, severe; hard — অসভ্য , কল ; Rudc; uncivil; unpolished; sharp :—বাজাকুল; প্রচত , উরা; ঘটিকাসমূল, Stormy; tempestuous; boisterous; wild :- लामनिनिष्टे , Hairy :- %. खमडा नाडि , निनान-थित्र लोक ; बंगड़ांहियां त्राङ्क ; A rude swaggerei ; a coarse bully; a riotous, turbulent, fighting fellow:-- v. t. বন্ধ-কু; বিনীড-কু; ঘোটক বল-কু; To render rough; to break in a horse. ad = roughly. n = roughness. Syn := (a) Craggy, jagged; unhewn, unwrought, unfashioned, shapeless; uncut; shaggy, hirsute, bristly; unpolite, ungracious; blunt, bluff, brusque; violent; discordant, jarring.

A rough estimate (মাটাম্ট হিদাব; An estimate in general and not very extact.

A rough guess—নোটাষ্ট আন্দান ; A opinion or judgment given at random and in general rums without attempt at precision.

In the rough—বেদৰ আছে তেবনি; অণ্ডিছার অধ্ হার ; অন্ডেড ; In the original material ; in an unwrought condition ; unpolished.

Over rough and smoth—পর্বত ও উপত্যকার উপর দিয়া; Over the ground rough and smoth; over hill and valley.

Bough and ready—ৰাছা তথনি তথনি বা তড়িবড়ি ৰূপ্নে গরিণত করা বাইতে পারে; Capable of being promptly executed:—স্বাসন্ধি; Summary:— কটুকটে; তৎপন্ন; Brusque.

Bough and tumble—অবিচারিত , বেশদুক।

Bough diamond—আনংকৃত হীরক; প্রতিভা-সম্পন্ন লোক; বে ব্যক্তির বাহু কার্কপ্রের প্রভারবে সম্পন্ধ থাকে; A diamond uncut and unpolished; hence, a person of fine natural ability without cultivation.

Rough it--क्डेनक्-कृ, क्डनकृत की वनशानन-कृ, Submit to hardship, pursue a rough or rugged course of life.

Rough-east, v. t. এক্ষেটে- কু; আদরা-কু; To form in its first rudiments :— n. আদরা; মোটাম্ট নম্না; Rough-draught, n. পাড়াল্ডা, Rude sketch.

Bough-draw, v. t. মোট'ন্ট আকা, বুলভাবে আছি ত্ত-ফু; Sketch slightly; draw corrsely.

Rough-dry, v. t. हेन्रि ना कविया रूक-कृ।

Boughen, rul'n, v. t. বন্র-ক; অনস্থ-ক; কর্কণ-ক; To make rough:—v. s. বন্ধ্-হ, অনস্থ-হ; To become rough.

Bough-grained, c. অবিনীত; কর্মন ব্যবহারবিলিট !

Bough-hew, v. t. অপবিদানভাবে কটি ; আদরা-কৃ.

Cut out coarsely, give the first shape; hew
coarsely, n=rough hewer (যে নোটামুট খোদিত কৰে) ৷

Bough-hown—মোটামুট খোদিত, ব্রুব, অপারকাব,
অসম্পূর্ব; Rugged, unpolished.

Boughly, ad. অভ্যন্তাবে; কর্ম-কাপে, মোটাম্ট, Harshly; rudely; coarsely.

Roughly speaking—বোটাষ্ট বলিতে গেৰে। Roughness, স. অভয়তা; অসভ্যতা, উহতা; কাৰ্ক.

Harshness; severity.
Rough-rider, 1111'-rider, 21. अवनमनकारी; सन

বিৰেতা, অংশাসক; One who breaks horses. Roughscuff, p. অসভ্য ব্যক্তি; নীচ লোক, A coar c follow.

Bough-shod, a. দলাল; কণ্টকান্বিত জ্তাবিশিপ, Having the shoes armed with points:—ad অপারের ক্লে অপাঞ্চকারী; Regardless of pain or distress of others.

Bide rough-shod over—কাহাৰ উপৰ কণ্ড ক্লান, Be overbearing to; lord it over one বাৰ্থণ হইবা কৰ্ম-কৃ; Pursue a course selfishly, regardless of consequence,

Rough weather-Stormy weather.

Boulette, n. থেজের উপর কল্ক-ক্রীড়া বিশেব; A game of chance played with a ball on a circle. Bound, round, a গোল; গোলাকার; Circular-spherical, globular — সম্পূর্ণ; পূরা; পূর্ণ; Complete; full; whole:—বড়, Large, great — মুখ্য; স্মাল; Smooth:—সরল; Open; plan:—ক্রা; চকল; Busk:—ছির; নিশ্চর, Positive, bold:—ad. চারিদিকে; চড়ার্দিকে. Everywhete. on all sides.—গোলাকার্ক্রনে, পাক দিয়া, Circularly.

— ছ. বছল ; হল ; আবৃত্তি ; Globe ; circle :—পরিজরণ ; Tour ; circuit :—পর্বার ; Cycle ; succession :—আবর্জন ; Revolution :—বৃত্তাকারে মৃত্য ; A
round dance :—আরোক্শীর সোপান ; মইরের কোরা ;
Ladder ; step :—বৌদ পরিদর্শন ; পাভিরক্তকর জনপ ;
গান ; Song :—Survey by a guard or officer :—
হছ কারান নিক্ষেপ ; Volley :—prep. চতুদিকে ;
Around ; on every side of :—সক্রে ; About :—
ছ. f. বেইড-কৃ ; বেইন-কৃ ; To surround :—সমাধানকৃ ; To complete :—সম্পূর্ত ; To make full :—
ছ. f. ব্রাকেরা ; চতুদিকে-বা ; বৌদে-বা ; পরিজ্ঞান কৃ ;
To grow or become round or full. Syn :—(a)
Rotund, orbicular, cylindrical ; entire ; considerable ; plump ; chubby.

A good round sum—দোটা টাকা; A large sum. All round—চতুদিকে; চারিদিকে; In every direction:—সকলের নিকটে: To all parties:—সকলের সহিত; With all parties:—সকল বিবর; In all cases.

[ each man.

A round of catridges—One cartridge to A round robin—কোন লিখিড সর্বাত বা আজিতে পাবে পরে নীচে সহি করিলে প্রথম ব্যক্তির নাম ধরা পাড়িবে, এইজন্ত সকলে গোলাকাবে সহি করে; A written petition or memorial signed by names in a circular form, so that it may not be known who originated it.

At a round rate—নত্তর : নীয় ; Quickly.

Bring one round—কিরাটরা আনা ; ক্তৃত্ব ।

Bring up with a round turn—হঠাৎ থাবা ।

Go one's rounds—নিজেৰ এনাকার মধ্যে নিজের কালে ঘোৱা ; নৌদে বা হরা ; Go about one's beat to perform one's duties.

Go round—চারিদিকে ফিরে; Circulate among. Go the round of—পুন: পুন: পুন: বৃহেল; Go over repeatedly:—এফটন্নগ কাজে নিয়ত নিযুক্ত থাকা; Go through the same series of duties over and over again. [Circulate all over the world. Go the round of the world—পূথবীৰ নৰ্ব্য বোৱা; In round numbors—মোটানুট ধরিলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; স্কোনুট বিনলে; স্বাচনুট বিনলে; স্বাচনুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; মানুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলে; মোটানুট বিনলিয়ান বিনলিয়া

Round and round—17.3 freq; Repeatedly sound; over and over again.

Bound off—সমাধান-কৃ; শেষ-কৃ; Finish off. Run the round of—এক এক করিবা সর্বত্তে কেরা; এক এক করিয়া সব শেষ-কৃ; Pass through in succession.

To come round—হৈতৰ প্ৰাত্ত-হ; To revive. To get round—আরোগ্য লাভ-ক; To recover:— প্রতারণা-ক; ঠকান; To wheedle.

Round-about, rownda-bowt, a. বোরাল; বফ; স্বারল; Circuitous; encircling; indirect:—n. বিভেন্ন আরোহণার্থ ভূতবের সহিত সমান্তবালভাবে অবহিত বহু: A horizontal wheel on which children ride. In a round-about way—ব্যাইয়া বিরাইয়া; In an indirect or circuitous way. [ tive saying. Bound-affirmation—বিক্র বাঙ্কা; Bold, posi-Bound-dealing—সংকর; Plain, open dealing. Bound-of, n. বুড; A circle:—বুড়াক্রে ক্রিড আরিটা, A roun-delay.

Round-delay, n. अप क्षतात नेड स् म्हा; A song or dance in which parts are repeated.

Round-game—et cents seece cets ces ; A game in which many join.

Round-hand-त्नांना त्नांन शास्त्र होता

Round-head, n. श्रीहोन मच्छानाच वित्नदवद कार्च ; देनक्षिक वार्कि ; A Puritan.

Bound-house, roundhows, স. গোলাকার বাটী; A house of a round shape:—চৌকীলারের বন্দি-শালা; A constable's prison:—কাহাজের প্রকৌষ্ট বিশেব; In ships, a cabin or apartment on the after part of the quarter deck.

[ round.

Bounding, a. গোল; প্রায় গোল, Round, or nearly Boundish, rowndish, a. কিঞ্ছি গোল; প্রায় গোলাকার, Somewhat round; nearly round.

Roundly, rowndli, ad. গোলাকারে: In a round manner:—শাইড:; Plainly; openly:—সম্পূর্কে; Fully; completely:—মাহসপ্রক; নির্ভয়ে; Boldly: —ক্ষিত্রারে; Briskly.

Boundness, rowndness, n. বর্ত্তা; গোলাকারছ; The quality of being round:—বর্ত্তার ; Cylindrical form:—সইতা; Plainness:—পূর্বতা; মত্ত্ ব্য: Fullness:—সাহসিকতা; Boldness.

Round number—A number which ends in a cypher or that is divisible by ten; an approximate number.

Roundrobin, n. বহুলোকের গোলাকার সাক্ষর্ভ আবেদনপার; A petition with the name of petitioners signed in a circle. [sum.

Bound sum—ৰধিক মুদ্ৰা বা টাকা; Considerable
Bound table—কাৰ্থন দানক রাজা ও ঠাহার অনুচরবর্গ
যে গোলাকার নেজের চারিদিকে বসিতেন; The table
around which king Arthur and his knights sat.
Boup, n. নিলানে বিকর; A sale by auction:—v.
t. নিলানে বিকর-ক; To sell by auction.

Bouse, touz, v. t. জাগরিত-তৃ; জাগান; To raise up; to awaken; to arouse; উত্তেজিভ-তৃ; উত্থাপিত তৃ; To excite; to agitate:—v. i. জাগিয়া উঠা; জাগিয়ত-তৃ; To awake:—উত্তেজিভ-তৃ; To excite to action:—n. মন্যপানোবনৰ; A carousal. Syn:—Animate, kindle; agitate, surprise, startle; rise. Bout, rout, n. সাধাবৰ লোক; লোকের ভিড়; জনতা; A large party; mob; crowd; rabble:—বোকানা; কোলাহল; Noise, uproar:—প্রাজ্য; Defeat:—v. t. ভিন্নভিন্ন-তৃ; প্রাজ্য-তৃ; প্রাজ্য-তৃ; To defeat and disperse; to conquer. Syn:—(v) Discomfit, overpower, overthrow, scatter.

To put to rout-প্ৰালয় বারা লওভ-কু।

Route, root, n. গমন-পণ; রাজা; পণ; মার্গ; Course or way to be travelled; road; way; passage. Syn:—Road, track, course, march.

Routine, root-र्स, n. स्टब्स बाता; निज कर्यह बावशा; Course of duties; any regular course of action; a round of business.

Routine of duties - नि श कर्य।

Rove, röv, e.i. জমণ-কৃ; প্ৰাটন-কৃ; To wander over:—e.t. অমণ করিয়া অভিজ্য-কৃ; To wander over; to ramble. Syn:—Roam, ramble, stroll, wander, range.

Royer, röve:, ন. স্বা . A robber ; a pirate :অপ্কাৰা ; গড়াটক ; A wanderer :-- চক্ৰ ব্যক্তি ; An
inconsistent person.

Rover of the deep-wister: Ship. Bow. 10, n. (वर्ष); नाति ; A line; a rank ; persons or things in a line :-- কোলাহল; গৰগোল, चत्राचा : Disturbance : a noisy squabble.

Row, v. t. शैंछ होनिया नोका वाहा ; शेंछ विद्या र्छणा ; To drive by oars; to impell with an oar '-. . में के होना ; शिंख विज्ञा-मा ; To be moved by the oars :- n. क्लिन गिनिक-छन्नी-विश्व , An excursion in a rowing boat. f or ado

Kick up a row-(शानमान-क ; To make a bustle Rowan-tree, n. वुक वित्नव ; Mountain ash.

Bowdy, row'di, n. मुखा, वममाहेन लांक, लांक লোক, Blackguard; notous, turbulent fellow · -a. (गलनि; नशामि; रामाइनि; Rowdyism; black [ rowing what on horse's bits. guardism. Rowel. e. अवश्तीन महाश ज म वष्ट , A little oai in Rowen, n. शारमज विजीय दृष्टि ; Second growth of grass in a year.

Bower, » পোতবাহৰ, দানী. One who rows. Rowing, n नोका-वाहन, प्रशाक्षण। [Tit for tat Rowland for an Oliver-নেম্ব কর্ম তেমনি কল, Row-lock. n मोकाद शायवती मांड वादिकाहेवात बांक , A contrivance for supporting the oar in rowing Royal, roval, a बाङकीय ; बादकांष्टिक : बाजवर ; Regal: kingly -- (बाहारिशिष्ट, आहमत्रवानी, हेक्ना, Magnificent, splendd - मञ्जाह. मन्द, है। व , Noble, illustrious —n. বড আড়াৰ কাগল নিশেৰ; A kind of large paper - ভিপৰকাৰ ভোট পাইৰ বিশেষ, Highest sail of a ship: - প্রথম শ্রেণীর পদা-ভিক সৈত্ত ; Soldier of the first foot. Sin :- (n) Monarchical, imperial, kinglike, princely, august, majestic, superb

Royal Academy-The public school of art where annual exhibitions of paintings by higher artists are held. I by law for the king Royal fifth-A fifth part of the spoil set apart Rovalism, roy'al-izm n 315 5 6 , 315 13 419 . Attachment to the cause of a king instead of the people, adherence to kings

Royalist, roy'al-ist, n র'ক ত জ ব্যক্তি, বালপক'ব লম্বী: রাজাপুগত লোক; রাভত ব্রিক; An adherent to the cause of a king.

Royal road-সভল উপাৰ : A privileged or easy method --বান্তবন্ধ, বাদপথ।

Royal society, n হ'লতের প্রসিদ্ধ বৈজ্ঞানিক সভা वित्नव . English academy of science

Royalty, roy'al-te, n. ब्राइनर्फ , Kingship -wist . The person of a king or sovercign :-সাজাধিকার, Prerogative or privilege - শল্ব, বাজপৰ, Kingdom ---বাজপৰ চিক. An emblem of royalty —রাজ-দেলামি; বাছল বা কৰ . আণিধাবকের আপ্যাশ্ব , A tax or duty paid to the crown or other owner as on the produce of a mine Syn:-Kingcraft, sovereignty, domain.

Rub, rub, v. t. 44-事, To apply friction to; to move one body along the surface of another with pressure : - পরিশাব-ক ; To clean - মুছিয়া रक्तां, To erase; to wipe: - श्रूव घर्षन-कृ, धमछान, To touch hard; to fret .-- পानिम-कृ, वसन-कृ, To polish .—লেপন-কু; মালিস-কু, To smear o. i. परिक-र : पत्रफारेश हता , To move against by friction :-- पर्वटन कम्मशाय-इ; वित्रक्ष-इ, Frei, to

chafe :- n. पर्व . मर्पन : Rubbing : friction :-বাধা; সকট; Difficulty; obstruction:-বিদ্ৰুপ, A pinch. Syn:-(v) Scrape, grate, abrade, wipe, clean, scour.

Rub against--প্ৰাৰাগা ; Strike against.

Rub along-Get on in the best way possible.

Rub away-प्र-कृ, मृहिन्न त्यना, Remove by rubbing; continue rubbing.

Rub down-আচ্ডান, পরিকার-ক: Clean by subbing, as a horse.

Rub off - मृहिवा स्कृता, वर्षण या न्यर्गस वाभी छ-कृ, ম্পিমা ভোগা; Erase, take off (by friction or contact ).

Rub on or along-कान बकरन मिलिया खुलिया छला. काई माई हानान, Manage to get on somehow. Rub out-- मृहिंग (क्ला , Erase ; wipe out ; obliterate.

Rub through-সপার-ক ; Get through.

Rub up -- शांवशाय-कृ , मार्कित-कृ , উच्छत-कृ ; Polish , cle in - जानर द व , To refresh, as knowledge ; revise --কাষ্য করিবার অস্ত উত্তেলিত-কু, জাগরিত To rouse to action

There is the rub-এই ধানেই বত গোলবোগ: সেই ত মৃশ্বিপ , That is the p unt which causes trouble. Rubber, ruber, n. घठक, धर्मन भ्या , One who or that which rubs - म'द्रनी (बाहा छ्या . A coarse file .- छाम- केंडा वित्मव , Game at eards .- मान , ঘষণ প্ৰস্তৰ : Whelstone.

Indian rubber - इिंडिशानक निर्शाप विषय . वदाव ! Rubbish, rub'ish, n. Witseil, Geil, egia, माला. Waste mutter - निनर्क वाका, Nonsense. Syn -- Fragments, ruins, debiis, litter, lumber, dregs, ti i h.

Rubble, " পাঁথনিত বাবহাৰ অপরিয়ত প্রস্তুপ্র Rubblo, 100 bl, n क्नीवा (भनीव मूम् नित्नव , A Russian silver coin ibout 3, 3d

Rubescent, a Car send affects; Tending to a red color

Rubicon, n डेडे नि (म्राम क्या मही।

Cross the rubicon - পদন কোন কাছে প্ৰবৃত হওবা शांटी ट रेंड जाव शि॰ देवात (रा) नांहें 'I o adopt mensure from which it is not possible to re cde Rubicund, roo'be-kund, a [ L. rubicun lu from rusere, to the red | नान , त्यानानी , Ruddy n= subscundity. Sy n:—Plushed, reddi h, rox Ruby, roo'bi, n. [L ruber red] পদাৰাগ व off; A precious stone of a red colour - 11 बल्ज, Anything red .- कृष्ठ मुख्यांकव विद्नव।-/ विका , नाग ; Red :- v. t. नान-क . To make red Rubric, 107'brik, n. बादश , विश्व . निक्टि निवन Direction for the performance of the litu gy injurction .— গ্রেষ্ট্র প্রথম পুরু , The tittle pin of a book. [ ted -a. लालवर्श किन्छि । Rubricate, ए र. नांग मात्र त्य . To mark with Rub-stone, n भैलपांषत्र , A whetstone. Ruck, v. t 77 55-4, To winkle : -n. 119.

ets i [ of a ship

Rudder, ruder, n. हाईन ; कर्न , Steering bould Ruddy, tude, a नान , हेक्ड्राक ब्रह् ; Reddish , of a red color; sed like. n=ruddiness, ad-suddily Syn :- Florid, rub cund.

Rude, roud, a. অবিনীত , অশিষ্ট , অনুভা ; Uncivil,

impolite; barbarous:—বাৰা; Boorish; unpolished:—কৰ্ব; হুল; (বাটা; অপরিভূত; Harsh; rough; coarse; clumsy:—ক্ষাত্ত; Ignorant:—ইব; তীক; Violent. m=rudeness. Syn:—Rugged, uneven, unwrought; ill-formed, crude, unfashioned, artless: uncouth, vulgar, raw, unskifful, illiterate, impolite; saucy, impudent, insolent, churlish; harsh, inclement, severe, violent, tempestaous.

Rudely, ad. কর্মপ্রাবে; ভীরভাবে; Coarsely. Rudeness, n. অশিষ্ট্রতা; অস্থ্যতা; Incivility.

Rudiment, roode-ment, n. [L. rudimentum, from rudis, unwrought] স্তাপাত, আরত, উপজ্নিকা; মূলহত্ত্ব; স্বাভত্ত্ব; A first principle or element; beginning of any brinch of knowledge Syn:—Embryo, original. [বিদ্যানাগর। Rudiments of knowledge—জানাত্ত্ব, বোধোলব, Rudimental, rööd-e-mental, Rudimentary, rööd-mentar, বিদ্যানাগন লাগিন; আদি; আদিন; আপনিক; বৌশিক; First; initial.—n. ভৈত্ত্ত্বা ভিত্তিত্ব বিশেষ; Medicinal plant. Syn:—(a) Rudimentary, embryonic; elementary, primary.

Rue, ròo, n. ছাৰ; Sorrow: repentance:—v. t. ছাৰ-ক; বিৰাপ-ক. অব্তাপ-ক; To lament; to grieve for. Syn.—(v) Regret, repent of, grieve for, deplore.

Bueful, ròd'(not, a. শৌৰাচুৰ; খেলজনক; অৰু-ভশ্ব; Sorrewful, sid, pitcous, al=uctully, Syn: -Wolul, mournful, dismil, melancholy, hugubious.

Ruff, ruf, n. প্ৰবন্ধ গলাক বিশেষ ; Anything fitted; platted collar :—জনাচৰ পদিবিশেষ ; A bird :—
মংস্ক বিশেষ ; A fish .—স্কুল্বে :—০. f. বঙ্কে বঙ্ক না
দিবা ভূমণ-কু. To trump at whist instead of following suit. feg=reeve.

Bufflan, rus -an, n. ছৰ্পন্ত বা নিচুৰ বাজি; ৰুপ্য; ভাৰাইত, হুতাবোৰী; খুনিবা; গুলা, A boisterous, brutal tellow; a robber; a murderer: a. নিশ্ব : নিষ্ঠৰ, মুৰ্কুত্ত, Brutal; boisterous.

Ruffianism, ruf'i-an-ism, ম. দহাভা; ভাৰাইভি; মুক্তা, Practice of a ruffian; conduct of a ruffian.

Ruffianly, ruf'i-an-li, a. ভয়ানক, দহালাক্ল, Ruffia, ruf'i, v. f. ভাল-ক, ভয়ানক, দহালাক্ল, Ruffia, ruf'i, v. f. ভাল-ক, ভ্ৰত-কৃ; To fold; to wrinkle:—ব্যত-কৃ; আহিন-কৃ; এলোনেলো-কৃ; Agitate, discompose:—v. s. ভ্ৰতিভ-ক্; এলোনেলো-কৃ; বেলা-মেলো-ফ্; দোলাক্লান-কৃ; To grow rough; to flutter —আক্লান-কৃ; To swagger:—n. চুনট; কৌচ; Fold; plait; frill:—বোলমাল; আলোডন; Agitation; commotion —চাক্লে মৃত্ শক; A low beat of a dium. Syn:—(v) Pucker; disarrange, disorder; disturb. disquet.

Ruffled, a. बार्क्नड ; क्रा

Ruffler, n. ज्था पाडिक ; A bully.

Rufous, a. आलांहिङ ; Reddish.

Rug, rug, n. क्यन; Coarse rough woolen cloth:
—वाकर्ष ; होन ;—v. र. होना ।

Bugged, rug'ed, a. जननान ; जानराजांशांतराजा ; Uneven ; rough :—गटक ; जनन : ठक्क :—कर्डन : कह : नीजन : क्ष्म : Harsh ; rude :—वांची ; लांचान्छ ; Shaggy. n=ruggedness. ad=ruggedly. Syn : —Jagged, craggy ; crabbed, austere, wrinkled.

coarse, hard, severe; tumultuous, inclement, boisterous; inharmorious, grating.

Bugose, ròo'gos, Bugous, roo'gus, a. কোৰভান; কৃষিত ; Wrinkled; full of wrinkles.

Buin, ròo'in, n. [L. ruina—ruere, to fall with violence] নাল; ধাংন; উজেল; Destruction; overthrow:—pl. ধাংনাবশেষ; জ্ঞাবশেষ, Remains of buildings or cities:—o. t. নাল-কু; ধাংন-কু; উজেল-কু; To demolish; to destroy; to defeat:— ধার্ম-কু; নামার্ত-কু, To impovenish. Syn:—(n) Downfall, subversion, defect, perdition; mischief, bane, pest. (v) Overthrow, subveit, overwhelm; spoil, mar

He is a ruined man—তিনি সর্ববান্ত ইইবাছেন!
Ruinate, v. t. বিন্ত-কৃ! n=:unnation ( ক্র'স)!
Ruinous, rōo'in-us, a. বিনাশক, বিনাশক্ষক;
অনিপ্তকঃ উচ্ছেদকাবী; ক্ষমকঃ, সাংবাতিক; Decaved;
pernicious; fallen. Syn:—Dilapidated; wasteful, injurious, destructive, baneful.

Rule, rool, n. [ L. regula-regere, to keep straight ] শাসন; প্রভুষ; Reign, government; sway - विवि ; निवम ; दावश , बाहा ; Regulation, nrinciple , law ; precept , method --- প্রিমাণ ; A standard:-नुसना ; Order -- (वर्षा हानिवात वज्र . क्त . An instument in drawing Fines -- v. t. नामन-कृ, To reign; to govern :-- नमन-कृ: वनीकड-क, To regulate, check ; control -- बान्डा सोबा শ্বি-কু; নিৰ্মিত-কু, To establish by decision :-क्ल-कु; সোজা काँन होना , To mark with lines :v. s. विहाय-कू; बीबारना-कू, To decide; to exercise authority: --বাৰহা-ৰু, To lay down and settle :-- गाउँ काहान ; To stand or range, as prices. Syn: -(n) Control, authority, dominion, empire; canon, injunction; ruling, prescription, regulation; formula, test, criterion; principle, maxim; ruler. (v) Condict, led, direct; reign, command, do nincer; determine. A rule to show cause-कांत्र क्लाइंस नमर्श्या জন্ত আদালতের হতুম।

As a rule—আন্ত এইজপ হটবা থাকে; সাধারণত:; সচরাচর : Generally speaking in the main; usually. [practice.

As the rule—সাধাৰণ বিদি, As the general Make it a rule—কোন নিৰ্মণ চলা; Follow it as a rule of conduct.

[ national air.

Rule Britannia—ইরোজের জাতীয় গীত, English Rule of threo—( আছে) তৈবাশিক; জরিড-চতুর্ব; Proportion, where three numbers are given to find a fourth.

Bule of thumb--মেটিনোটি প্রণালী; মেটামুটি নিবম; মেটিমোটি ব্যবস্থা, Rough practical method; empiricism; rude process or operation.

Rule the roost-\*\*\*; To domineer; to take the lead.

Rule with a rod of from—গীডৰ-তৃ; উপত্ৰৰ-তৃ; কঠোৰ বাসন-তৃ; Govern tyrannically; tyrannise. Ruler, rooler, n বাসনকর্তা, বাজা, A sovereign; a governor:—কুল; বেশাসভ; An instument used in drawing lines.

Buling, rooling, e. প্রবল ; প্রভূত্কারী ; নির্মাষ্ট ; Predominant ; prevailing , governing ; chief :--n. আনাস্তাদির নিশিষ্ট সময় । Ruling passion—প্ৰবদ কৰের ভাব ; অতি প্ৰবণতা : বাভিক বোৰ; The feeling or passion which [ distilled from molasses. governs one. Rum. rum. n. मिना वित्यव, A kind of spirit Rumble, rumbl, v. i. अह खड़ नक-इ; तस्त्रक नक-; To make a low, heavy, continued sound: continued sound :—পাড়ীর পশ্চাতে বদিবার ভৃত্যদের स्राप्त : A seat for servants behind a carriage. Bumbling, rumbling, n. বিৰ্বোৰ; গড গড় বৰ ; স্কু প্ৰড শব্দ ; A low, heavy, continued sound. Rum-bud, #. व्याजितिक यहाशानवानिक नामिकानित (क्रिक्र) Bumen, n. त्रांत्रइक्षित्रत উপत्रकांत्र शांकद्वी ; The upper stomach of ruminating animals. Buminant, roo'mi-nant, a. রোমছক; পিলিভ চর্বপ্ৰারী; Chewing the cud:--- রে। রোমন্তক অভ. An animal that chews the cud, as the cow. Ruminate, roo'mın-at, v. i. বোগছন-ফু; खाँवत কাটা; To chew the cud --- চিস্তা-কু; ভাবা; To Syn:-Ponder, think, meditate: to muse. [ again and again over reflect, cogitate. Ruminate on-त्कांन विवय नियं किंछा-कृ ; Think Rumination, n. রোমছন: চর্মিত-চর্মণ; The act of chewing the cud :-- अतुगान ; िष्ठा ; Deliberate reflection. Rummage, runiaj, v. t. मित्रानेव अनुमनान-क ; To search narrowly by turning things over :-খ. i. তন্ন তন্ন করিবা অকুসকান-ফু; To search a place thoroughly:--- শন্সন্ধান; ত্রান; থোঁজ; A Fglass. careful search. Rummer, n. बृहद भीनभीज दिर्गद ; A drinking-Rumour, roo'mur, n. [L. rumor, a noise] জনশ্রন্তি; উড়ো থপব; জনরব, জনবাদ; A current hearsay ; a flying report :-- ৩. ঠ. জনরব স্বারা প্রকাশ-कृ; समन्न-कृ; बर्रेना-कृ; To report; to circulate by report. Syn:—(n) Talk, bruit, fame, news. Rumour is a afloat—बर्ट क्या बाहु । Rump, rump, n. (यक्रमध्य व्यवधान , निउष ; नाहां ; The end of the back-bone of an animal with the parts adjacent, the buttocks :-- বিবাডী মহাসভা বিশেষ ; The remnant of the long Parliament. Rumple, rumpl, v. t. (fibia ; कृषिक कृ, हुनके वा कं|ब-क ; To wrinkle ; to make uneven :- n. चील ; कुक्न ; (कांड ; A fold ; a wrinkle. Syn :-(2) Crease, crumple, suffle, pucker, corrugate. Run, run, v. i. शोडान, क्र ठावरण यां बर्बा; Step quickly; move swiftly:—পলারন-কু, সরিয়া পড়া; Flee, fly :-- विष् छ-ह ; To extend :-- धवाहिङ-ह , Flow ; त्रता ; Melt :-- विर्शंड-ह ; प्यादि शखा ; To discharge, as a sore :-- v. t. চালিড-কু; ধাবিত-কু; To cause to move swifty :-- বলে প্রকাশ-কু; বাকা-দে; To force forward; to push:—ত্তৰ-কু; পলাইয়া ঢালা; To fuse :- n. बांबन ; (बोडन ; The act of running : –পতি; Course ·—কুদ্ৰ প্ৰবাহ; Flow, a brook:-ক্ষত হইতে নিৰ্গযন বা নিঃসরণ ; Discharge from sore : - (कोड़ ; Extent, reach :- अहनन ; अहान ; Prevalence: - জলপথে অমণ; জলবাত্রা, Voyage:-জাহাজে অভিকাশ পুরস : Distance sailed —লোকের होरकांद्र : (कालाइन : Popular clamour :--होकांद्र सन्ध প্রাপিড়ি; Pressure as on a bank for payment: — यावापारिक शवलावा ; Continued series. Syn : - (v) Race, speed, hurry, hasten, scamper, rush; escape, retreat; glide, proceed; pass, elapse; spread, extend; continue, hold on; tend, incline; enter, pierce, penetrate; incur, determine; smuggle.

A run upon—কোন বাছে টাকার কম্ব কিছু বা কড়ো-হড়ি; An uncommon pressure (on a bank or treasury for payment ).

As things run—महत्रोहत त्वन रह ; (बाहिंग्हिं। Get the run upon—नेहिं। कृ।

Let go by the run—সমন্ত একেবারে কপাং করিবা কেবিবা কেবেল। [tion or sale. Have a run—চলন বা বিক্রম্নত; Have a circula-He that runs may read—চক্তিক কাব ক্ষেত্ৰেও ব্যক্তে পারা বাব; ভূইপাত বাব ব্যক্তে পারা; The most careless observer may see at once.

Home run—গৃহে বা পুৰ্বাহানে প্ৰত্যাবৰ্তন।

Run about—१७वछः वृद्धा, Go hither and thuther. [ Pursue

Bun after প্ৰভাৱনি-জ; অনুসরণ-জ; অনুধানন-জ; Bun against—ধাকালাগা, টোকাঠুকি-ছ; To strike against while in motion.

Bun against time—Run as rapidly as pose ble in order to ascertain the greatest distance that can be passed over in a given time.

Bun aground—बाराज हज़ात नागा ; हज़ात्र जाहिकान , Strand a ship.

Bun a mine—কৃতৃত্ব খোঁতে; Dig a mine — (বাৰুদ দিয়া নষ্ট করিবার উদ্দেশে) কৃতৃত্ব কাটা; Dig a pit under the earth and fill it with powder with a view to blowing up something.

Bun amuck—মনিরা হইবা বাহাকে সমুৰে গার মাধিত বানমান-ই; Run madly about attacking all ou meets; rush frantically attacking all that conv in the way:—রাগান হইবা আক্রমণ কৃ, Attack furiously.

Bun a race—(খোড়) দৌড়বালি পেলা; এক দে দ বৌডান, To run in a comparative trial of speed, contend in running (generally used of horserace):—প্ৰতিম্পী-হ; ছইয়ের মধ্যে প্ৰাডাম্বাড়ি বা রেণা বেশি চলা; Contend against:—(সং বা অসং ভাবে) জীবন বাগন-হ; Go through any given course, lead a certain kind of life.

Bun a rig—তামানা-কু. Have a frolic.

Bun a risk-বিপদে পতিত-ছ; To incur danger, to encounter hazard.

Bun at—ৰাজ্যণ কৃ; Attack. [bat Bun a tilt—অভিবোগিতা-কৃ; To attack; to com-Bun away—পলায়ন-কৃ; পলাইরা থাওয়া; Flee, cscape; bolt away.

Bun away with—( হরণ করিয়া ) লইরা বাংগা।
Carry off:—শীল অবলখন-ক ; Adopt hastily —
সুরাইরা-দে ; Drain —িবিবেচনা না কবিহা কোন ভাগ
ভারা নীড-হ ; Be carried away by (a foolish notion) :—উৎসর-বা ; Drag into ruin.

Bun counter to—ৰিপনীত-হ; To be contrary to, to be opposed to.

Bun down—লোড়াইয়া ডাড়া লিয়া ছাত্ত-কৃ; ছাত্ত-কৃ; Hunt, chase to exhaustion:—পদ্যাহাবৰ বাবা অবসম্ভ ক্ষড়: বৃত্ত ক্য়া; Chase to exhaustion and capture:—উপরে চাপিয়া ভ্রাইয়া কেবয়া; Cause to sink:—বিশা-কৃ; অপবাদ-কৃ; অপবস্থ-কৃ; Decry; traduce; censure:—কৰাৰ; ছাস-ফ; কীণ-ফ; Lower; reduce:—উণ্টাইরা-দা; Upset:—ধ্বংস-ফু; Crush; overthrow. [At last; ultimatey. In the long run—ধ্বংশবে; পরিশেবে; থাবেরে; Run down a coast—Sail along a coast. Run down a ship—ভাহাল জ্বাইয়া দেৱা;

Run down a ship will water (1981)

Bun for an office—(कांन পদের জন্ত প্রাথী-ছ । Run for one's life—कीवन वक्तां कविवांत्र सन्छ পৰায়ন कृ, Run in order to escape great danger.

Bun foul of—ধাৰা লাগা, Come into collision with. Bun hard—বিপদপ্ৰস্ত-কু; Put in danger:—প্ৰতি-ধ্বিতাৰ পীডিত-কু; অভিশন্ন জেদ-কু; বিজ্ঞা-কু।

Bun headlong—বেগে ধাবিত-ছ; To move rapidly and rashly:—বেগে প্রবৃত্ত হওবা; To engage in rashly or with undue haste.

Run high—অধিক-২: চডিয়া বা বাডিবা উঠা; Be intense, rage furiously.

Run in a groove—assits sai; To proceed after a fixed method, to be unvarying.

Run in one's head—কাহারও মনে বা মাধার থাকা। Run in or into—প্রবেশ-কু।

Run in the blood—উত্তৰণিকাৰক্ৰমে প্ৰাপ্ত-ছ; রক্ত দ্বিষ্ঠ বা বংশীয-ছ; To be hereditary, to belong to one by reason of his family relationship.

Run into danger—বিগলে পতিত-হ। [or debts. Run into debt—ৰণগ্ৰ-হ, To contract a debt Run into excess—(কোন বিবৰে) বাদ্যবাভি-কু. অভিনিক্ত বাঙ্কা; Go beyond the proper limits in anything

anything [বেডাল। Run mad after—কোনও কিছুব জন্ত পালন ইসা Run off—প্ৰায়ন কু; Flee:—তাড়াভাড়ি সাঙ্গ-কু; Finish hastily.

Run on—চলা, চলিতে থাকা, Go on; continue in — অবিশ্ৰাস কথা কহা; বলিতে থাকা; Talk incessantly about. [ মিলা।

Run on all fours—ছাত পাবে তর দিয়া চলা; টক Run one through—বোঁচা মাবিয়া একোঁড় ভকোঁড়-কু, Stab one with a spear or sword.

Run out—(সমৰ) শেব-ক; Expire; be at an end:—কান্ত হ, নতু হইবা বাব্যা বা বোপ পাৰৱা; Be wasted or exhausted, become wasted or extinct:—শেব-হ; Terminate.

Run over—(গাঁড়ি বা ঘোড়া যাড়ে) চালিয়া পড়া; Ride or drive over —শীন্ত পাঠ-কু বা বিবেচনা-কু; Consider or read quickly —চলুকিয়া পড়া, উৎলে পড়া; Overflow:—সংকেপে আন্তর্জান, ভানা ভানা গরীকা-কু; Recount or examine cursorily.

Bun rampart—অভিৰিক্ত পৰিমাণে বৃদ্ধি-হ, বাড়াবাড়ি-হ; Overgrow the usual bounds; become widespread.

Bun riot—ৰহণ্ বাড়িতে হয় বাঙিৰা উঠা; অভ্যন্ত বাঙিৰা উঠা; Go to excess, act or move without contest. Bun the chances—ৰুড়ি ঘাড়ে-কু।

Run the eye over—একবাৰ চক্ বুলাইবা চাৰয়া। Run the rig upon—ভাষাদা-কৃ; Play a sportive trick.

Bun through—( অপবার কবিয়া) উডাইয়া-দে; নষ্ট-ক ; Waste; squander:—নীত্র নীত্র সমত বলা, সভর গাঠ-ফ, Go through hastily; read quickly:— বাালিয়া থাকা; ব্যাপ্ত-ফ, Pervade:—বিশ্ব-ফু; Pierce as with a sword:—ভিতর দিয়া-বা, Pass through,

Run to—আগ্ৰৰ-ল ; Betake one's self to. Run together—এক্তিড-হ . Unite.

Bun to seed— অবাৰহাৰ্যা হওৱা; বীচে হওৱা; বীচিবে বাঙৰা, Become seedy:—বিঞ্জী-হ, নিজেল বা দড়ি দড়ি হওৱা; Berome old or worn out; become spiritless or miserable-looking.

Run up— দুদ্ধি-কৃ. বাঘ কবিবা ক্রমে ক্রমে হিসাব বাড়ান; Enlarge by additions, increase; swell or increase on account by additions:—এপিয়ে দেওয়া; Enable one to earn (through all the succes ive steps):—ভাড়াভাড়ি ভৈয়াৰ-কৃ, সম্বৰ ধাড়া-কৃ; Erect hastily:—ফাল্পা-ড; Become hable for.

Run upon-ৰাক আগা , ঠেকা ; Knock against ; strike upon :--Be in demand.

Bun wild—অসংবত-হ; 'I o he unrestrained; to be unreasonable; unlimited —বনে অসলে বেমন দৌড়িলা বেড়ার সেইরপে বেড়ান; Run about or roam as in a state of nature.

Run with--লাবিত-হ।

The run of people, The common run, The ordinary run—সাধাৰণ লোক, অপৰ সাধাৰণ; The generality of people; the ordinary kind.

The story or the rumour runs—লোকে এই বলে, The tale or rumour going round is.

With a run-sole; Asal !

Run of luck—लोकांग; A course of good fortune. [ A vagabond.

Bunagato, ল কংগ্রাকী; A renegade — প্ৰাত্ত ; Runaway, n. প্ৰাত্ত . A fugitive — a. প্ৰাত্ত ; Fugitive — প্ৰাত্ত্ত্বপৰ ; Fleeing from danger or restraint. [secretly from her home. Runaway match—Where the bride runs away

Rund, n. বনাতের পাইদ, মুদ্রি: [stream. Rundel, n. মৃত্ত, A circle — মেন্ট্রের); A small Rundle, n. মইদ্রের কোষা, কোটা সিডির ধাপ; Step of a ladder; a round of a ladder. [a=runic. Rune, roon, n. অকর বিশেষ, Runic character.

Rung, p. t. and pa. p. of Ring. Bung, n. त्रिंकित श्रंभ, Step of a ladder :--पृष्ट ;

দও , A heavy staff.

Bunic, a. টেউটনিক জাতি বা ভাষা সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertain-

ing to runes, or to their language.

Runlet, Runnel, n. কুদ্ৰ নদী; প্ৰোভৰতী; A
brook, a small stream.

Runnel, n. অতি কুদ্র সরিং ; A small brook.

Runner, runer, n. বাবক ় গোদা ; On who or what runs — আৰ ; ক্ষিপ্ৰথমনকাৰা ; Racer :— মৃত ; Messenger :— রজ্জু বিশেষ ; A rope.

Bunning, runing. a. পৌডের জন্ত বন্ধিত; Kept for the race:—বহবান; বেগবান; চলং; Flowing:
—সবল, গহজ; Easy:—ক্ৰমিক, Successive:—na.
দৌড, That which runs.—কত হইতে নি:সবণ; The discharge of a sore.

Make good one's running—সম্ভক-ই! [কু ৷
Make the running—দৌডেব প্ৰাৰম্ভে গতিব তেজ বৃদ্ধিRunning comentary—পড়িবার কালে মন্তব্য লিখন;
Reflection and remarks made in the course of reading

Running fight—বে বৃদ্ধে একলন প্ৰায়ন করে, আর একলন প্ৰভাৱে অনুধাবন-কৃ. প্ৰভাৱৈত প্ৰভাৱত প্ৰভাৱ-বিত পক্ষর সহিত বে যুদ্ধ কৰা হয়; A battle in which the party fleeing keeps up the fight. Bunning fire—क्योत्रक त्रांता वर्षन ; क्रयोत्रक चन्त्र-विश्व वर्षित् वर्षन ; A constant firing of arms.

Running horse—One that starts for the race. Running hunstman—A man in charge of the dogs while hunting the fox,

Buning knot—A kind of knot made to slip or draw easily, or a snare for catching rabbits. Bunning title—প্ৰকেন প্ৰতি পৃথাৰ নিবিত নাম: The title of a book continued from page to page on the upper margin.

Bupee, 100'pe', n. होंको ; (तोश्रेष्ठा ; An Indian silver coin usual worth about 2s.

Ruption, n. ভঙ্গ; বিষাব; A breaking; a breach. Rupture, ruptur. n. [L. ruptura, from rumpere, ruptum, to break ] ছিন্তু; ভেন্ন, Breach:—আ-বৃদ্ধি; Hernia:—মনোভঙ্গ, বিবাদ; অমিল; Dissension; breach of peace:—ভঙ্গ; বিষাবণ; The act of bursting:—v. t. ভেন্-ক; ভাঙ্গা; ক্ষা-কৃত্ত; To suffer to breach, to burst:—v. s. বিমাব-হ; To suffer to breach. Syn:—(n) Fracture, breach, break, disruption, dissolution; quarrel, altercation, contention, hostility.

The rupture of the spleen—সীহা-ফাটা।
Rural, röör'al, a. [L. ruralis, from rus, ruris,
the country] আয়া; পাড়াগেল; ভূমিক্ণৰ সম্মীয়;
Rustic, pastoral.

Buralise, roor'al-iz, e. t. প্ৰায়া-ক; পাড়াবেঁরে-ক; To render rural:—v. i. প্ৰায়া-ফ; পল্লীগ্ৰামে ঘাইয়া বাস-ফ; To become rural.

Ruralism, roo'ral-izm, n. जीत्राको ; बात्राकीयन . The state of being rural : rural-life.

Ruralist, त. नहीं अभवागी; One who leads a rural-life.

Buse, rooz, n. [F. reuser, rehuser, to shuffle] কৌনল; ছল; প্ৰবৃদ্ধা, Trick, fraud:—নুবদেশ; A turning. Syn:—Artifice, stratagem, wile, deception, manoeuvre, dodge.

Rush, rush, v. i. [A. S. hreesan, to rush] বোগ থাবিত-ই; বেগে অগ্নব-ই; To move forward violently, to enter rashly and hastily:—n.মহাবেগ; বেগে অগ্নগ্ৰন; A driving forward impetuously. Syn:—(v) Speed, career, dash, press, push.

Bush, rush, ল. তৃণ বিশেষ: মল-খাগড়া; খাদ, A plant; a grass: — অপদার্থ ক্রমা, তুক্ত বিষয়; Any thing worthless.

Rush-bottomed, a. Having a bottom made of Rush-light, n. ত্পালোক; ত্থ-মজার প্রস্তুত বাতি,
Taper with a rush wick.

Rushy, rushi, a. ত্থান, ত্পানিরিভ; Full of made
Rusk, n. পিটক বিশেষ; A cake.

Russet, ruset, n. প্রামা পৰিছেল; মোটা কাণত, A country dress:—a মোটা; প্রামা, Coarse, home spun, russic:—বালাটে; পাটনবর্ণ; Reddish brown. Russetting, Busset, n. আপেন কন; An apple.

Bussophobis, n. কুশ্ৰীতি ; কুশাতক ; Undue fear of Russia. [ of Russia. Bussophobist-One who holds undue fear Bust, rust, #. लाहात मतिहा : बलिम्डा ; कन्द ; Reddish crust of iron :-- আলভ ; Loss of power by inactivity :--উদ্ধিদ-বোগবিশেষ ; A parasitic fungus : —v. i. মরিচা পড়া ; মলিন-হ ; To become rusty :--कान महकारत या बानक बात्रा नहे-१; To impair by time and inactivity :-- v. t. মলাকড-কু; মরিচাযুক্ত-কু; To make rusty. Syn:-(n) Crust, dross; mould, ু পরিশ্রম করা ভাল । mildew, blight, must. Better rub than rust—ৰাত্ত অপেকা অভিনিত Rust in indolence—अनुप्तः; Lead an inactive life; become dull by inaction.

Rustic, rustik, a. আমা; Rural — অসভা; আছি; Rude: —আডম্বৰণ্ড; সামাভ; সরল; Simple; artless: — আনসকত; Unadorned: —কুংসিত, ছুল; Awkword: coarse. ad-rusucally.

Bustie, n. প্রায় ব্যক্তি, An inhabitant of the country, Syn :--Pleasant, husbandman, clown.

Busticate, rusti-kat, v. t. কিছু দিনেব জন্ত (বিদ্যালয় হুইতে) দ্বীভূত-কু; নগৰ হুইতে বহিন্দুত-কু; Banish for a time from a collage of town:—v. s. পল্লীগ্ৰামে বাস-কু, To live in the country. \*\*=:ustication ( ক্লেজে ছাত্ৰের প্রতি প্রদন্ত শান্তি বিশেষ )।

Busticity, rus-tisi-ti, n আমতা; The state of being rustic, rustic manners:—নরবতা; আড্বর শুক্তা; Simplicity:—অসভাতা, Rudeness.

Bustle, ruil, v. i. शहमाइ-इ., शम् शम् माम-इ: To make a noise, as of silk or straw:—n. मर्चड श्रुवि: शम् शम् माम, शम्श्रमति, A rustling.

Bustling, rushing, n. मध्य श्रामि , सद सद स्व ; A quick succession of small sounds, as of dry leaves or straw.

Busty, rusti, a. মরিচা ধরা; মরিচা গড়া; মনারত, Covered with rust:—নিজেজ, ভোডা; Dull. adrustly, n=rustness.

But, rut, n. চাকার ছাগ ; চকাছ : গর্ত্ত : Track left by a wheal:—শুসার ; সক্ষেত্র : The copulation of animals, as of sheep :—ত. f চাকের দাগ-কু; To form ruts in :—সক্ষ চেষ্টা-কু, সক্ষ-কু; To seek in copulation; to cover in copulation ত. কামুক্-ভ; দুৰ্বত্ত; স্ক্ষেক কন্তু ব্লেক্; To fust, said of animals.

Ruth, n एवा ; कल्पा ; क्या , Mercy ; tenderness. Ruthful, a. मगत्र , समूधश्योल , Merciful.

Buthless, roothles, a. নিচুম; নিশম; নিশ্ম; Cruel, without pity. n=ruthlessness. ua=ruthfully. Syn—Pitiless, merciless, unrelenting, inexorable, fell. Buttish, a. কামুক; Wanton.

Butty, a. বৰ্ণপূৰ্ণ, Full of ruts. (coarse corn. Bye, ri, n. গৰের মত পতা বিশেষ. A genus of Bye-grass, ri'gras, n. ড্ৰ'; মান; Coarse grass. Byot, ri'ut, n. প্ৰমা; মাইয়ত; কুম্ক; A Hindu cultivator; peasant.

B—ইংরাজি পর্বমালার উনবিংশতি বর্ণ বা অকর i The 19th letter of the English alphabet.

Sabaism-See Sabianism.

Sabbatarian, sab-a-tūri-an, n. বে বিভাষ দিবনৈৰ নিরম পালন করে; রবিবার-প্রতিপালক; A very strict observer of the sabbath:—a. বিশ্রাম দিন বা বিশ্রামদিন পালক নক্ষীয়; Pertaining to the Sabbath of to Sabbatarians, n=sabbatarianism.

Sabaoth, sa-baoth, n. দৈক্তৰলসমূহ; Armies. Sabbath, sabath, n. বিশ্ৰাম দিবদ; রবিবার; (বিহলীবতে শনিবার); The day of rest.

Sabbath-breaker, n. বে ব্যক্তি ববিবার বিলাম দিন বলিয়া প্রতিশালন করে না; One who profanes the sabbath.

Sabbath day's journey—A distance of nearly a mile, which the Jews were allowed to travel on the Sabbath.

Sabbatic, sab-atik, Sabbatical, sab-atikal, a. বিশান দিন সম্মীয়; প্ৰাচ-সম্মীয়; Pertaining to or re embling the Sabbath.

Sabbatioal year—প্রতি সংবর্গ ; Every seventh year, in which the Israelities did not till their fields or vine yards.

Sabianism, sábi-an-izm, Sabaism, sábaizm, n. আরব প্রভৃতি দেশের ধর্মবিশেষ ; চন্দ্রস্থাদির পূজা, The worship of the heavenly bodies, angels &c, as well as of the deity.

Bable, sibl, n. নকুল জাতীৰ কন্ত বিশেষ; Weasel like animal:—ইচার লোম বা পাম, its fur:— কুম্বর্গ; Black colour:—শোকস্পুচক পরিচ্ছদ; A funeral robe:—pl. মু:খ; শোক; Mourning; sadness:—a. নকুলবাডীয় জন্তব লোমজাত, Made of the fur of the sable:—কুম্বর্গ, Black, dark.

Sabre, Saber, n. থজা বিশেষ; আদি; A crooked sword:—p. f. ভরবায়ি থাবা আহত বা বৰ-কু; To wound or kill with a sabre.

Sabre-tache, n. 54(4)4; A leather case.

Sac, vak, n. ধনে, ভিভি; কোষ; A bag; pouch. Saccharine, a. লাক্ত্রিক, চিনিবিশিষ্ট, Pertaining to sugar:—স্থাষ্ট; Sweet.

Saccharometer, n. জনীয় দ্রব্যে পর্করা নিরূপক যন্ত্র ; An instrument for measuring.

Secordotal, sas-ér-dőtal, a. প্রেছিড সম্মীর; থাজনীর; প্রোছিড সংক্রান্ত; Priestly; belonging to priests. n=sacerdotalism.

Sacerdotal caste—পুরোহিত জাভি।

Sacordotalism, sas-er-dotal-izm, ন. প্রোহিডের ভাব , বালজের আবাা , পৌরহিত্ত ; The spirit or style of the priesthood.

Saohel, ল. ছোট খলি; A little sack. [chief. Saohem, ল. ছাইলায়ক বিশেষ; American Indian laok, sak, ল. [F. saccager, rob] খলে; বোৱা; বয়; Bag:—বাহিবের পোবাক; বাছ বয়; Loose upper robe:—ব্যু বিশেষ; Spanish wine:—ব্যু; স্কুৰ; Plunder; pillage:—v. f. ব্যোত বাখা;

খনেছাত-ক : বজাৰ-ক : To put into a sack : to bag :-- সুঠ-ক : লুঠন-ক : অপহনণ-ক : উৎসর-ক : To plunder : to ravage. a — sackful (খনে ভরা)।
Syn :-- (v) Pillage, rifle, waste, spoil, devastate.
To get the sack— ভাতিত বা অলাপ্যাত-হ।
To give the sack—কান্য হইতে বিশাস-দে, To dismiss from employment.

Sackarine, a. চিনিন্দরীৰ; Belonging to sugar. Sack-but, n. পিডলের শানাই, A kind of lyre. Sack-oloth, sakkloth, n. চটের কপেড; গুণ্চট; A cloth of which sacks are made:—প্ৰাকালীৰ

শৌকস্থাক পরিচছন : A kind of coarse cloth formerly worn in mourning or penance.

In seck-cloth and ashes—অনুতালেৰ বেলে; বিভৃতি ও কথল ধাৰণ কৰিবা; With the customary tokens of grief and penitence:—অনুতপ্ত হাগনে; In grief and repentance:—বঙ্ট অপমানেব বিবয় মনে কৰিবা, With a feeling of deep humiliation. Sacking, saking, n. খলে অন্তত ক্ৰিবাৰ কাণড়; চট; Cloth of which sacks are made.

Sacrament, sakra-ment, n. পুরীয় বর্ষের অষ্ঠান বিশেষ; প্রভূর ভোজ; Chief christian rite; eucharist; Lord's supper.

Bacramental, a. শ্বহীর ধর্ম ব্যবস্থা সম্বন্ধীয় ; Per taming to sacrament. ad=sacramentally.

Sacred, sákred, a. পৰিব ; প্ত ; Holy ; consecrated . religious :— খনস্থানীৰ ; Inviolable. n=sacrednes., ad = sacredly. Syn :—Divine, hallowed, devoted, consecrated ; pious, inviolable, venerable, sainted.

Sacred to—পৰিত্ৰ ছান ৰলিবা সন্থানেৰ উপৰ্স্ক ; Inviolable (as being sacred), entitled to the highest revicence.

To hold sacred—পৰিত্ৰ বিষেচনা কৰিবা।

Sacred Band—The Theban regiment of 300 young hoplites belonging to the best families of Thebes who were united with each other by ties of intimate friendship.

Sacred fire—আহুডাগি।

Secredly, ad. পাৰ্জভাবে; Holily.

Secrodness, n. পৰিত্ৰতা, অনজ্যনীৰতা, Holiness. Sacrifice, sakre-fiz, n. [L. racer, sacred, facto, to make] যাগ; হোম, বলিনান; Offering to a deity; the act of sacrificing —উংসৰ্গ, তাগে, Abandonment; giving up:—নাল; Destruction:
—v. f. বলি-দে; ধর্মাধে বৰ কু; উৎসৰ্গ-কু; To offer to the gods:—হত্যা-কু; মাল-কু; তাগে-কু; To destroy; to give up:—v. i. মেনোমেশে সাৰত্ৰী নিবেশন কু; ক্ষরোমেশে উৎসর্গ-কু; To make offerings to God. n=sacrificer (প্রক: বাজক)। Syn:—(v) Offer up, immolate; surrender, forego. (n) Immolation, offering, oblation; surrender.

At a sacrifice—কৃতি বীকার করিয়া। Horse sacrifice—ক্ষেত্রে। Imperial sacrifice—রাক্সর বন্ধ। Sacrifice at the altar of—কোন ভিছুব থাতিবে বিষয় বৰ্জন-কু, Forego or give up anything for the sake of.

Sacrifice of one's own self—আংসার্গ।
Sacrifice to—কোন কিছুর জন্ম নিজের প্রিয় বস্তু ডাগিব
কু Give up (something that is dear to one) for the sake of

Sacrificial, sak-ri fishal, a বজীব, বজ্ঞ সম্বনীব হৰনীব গোনাবাগ্য, উৎসগসাৰক, Relating to or consisting in sacrifice, performing sacrifice, employed in sacrifice.

Sacrificial vessel-ৰজগাত।

Sacriloge, sakri-lej, n পৰিত্ৰ বস্তুৰ অপন্ধবহীৰ; Profanation of a sacred place of thing — দেববাপহয়1, The breaking into the place of worship and stealing there form

Sacrilegious, sak-re-li'ie-us, a. অবণাকবনে জগবিত্তীকৃত, দেশদা 'ক্শণ পোৰে কল্যিত, অধর্ম, অগ-বিত্তা, Profane, violating sacred things, im pious n=sacrilegiousness, ad=sacrilegiously. Syn —Irreverent, deserrating

Sacrist, edkrist প ধর্মাপুরের প্রিচারক সিশেষ A sexton, a এনো tan [sexton Sacristan, n ধর্মান্দিরের চোষাধানার অধ্যক্ষ A Sacristan, n ধর্মান্দিরের চোষাধানার অধ্যক্ষ A

Sacristy, sakristi, n শ্বশ্নমন্দিবের দ্রব্যাগ ব বা ভোষাধানা , Vestry

Sacrum, n মেকনভের নিমন্থ ক'ছি বিলেষ, পৃষ্ঠ ব'লের নিমন্তাপে হিত অধি।

Sed, sad, a [A. S sad, werry ] পোরারুল, শোকার্ড, বিষয়, মনিল, মান Mournful, sorrowful, gloomy —পানি হল Wicked nau hty—পোনৌয়, Causing orrow ad=sadly n=sadness Syz—Sorrowful de pondin, depressed, checrle J, deject d d which t Joomy, dismal, lugubrious, grickous, afflictive, culamitous, deplorable, duk, dull heavy

Sadden, sadn, v t হ. ২ড় io make sad v : ছাপ্ত ই. To grow sid

Saddle, sad, n জিল, S ut put on a horse —

ग চ জিল বাগান জিল বাগা, ামিত ই ভাগ চাগাল,

To put a saddle on load, builder, encumber

A saidle roof পোচালা। [Lack
In the saddle—বেডোৱ ভগব (চড়া) On horse-

In the Baddle—(याजा ७७४ ( ००१) On to

Saddle with一に対をす, Burden with

To put the saddle on the right horse-मित्रीय निमा ह अहा मित्र अठि लोगे ग्राप्त हूं, To impute blame where it is really de cryed Well or firm in the saddle—कृष्टवार हिड़,

Firmly cated or settled

Saddle-bow, a ভিনেব ক অণ্ড'ণ। [of sad lics Saddler, sadler n জিননিখাতা, চিনক'র Maker Saddlery, sadler 1, n ভিন প্রস্তুত কবিবাব উপাদান, The material for saddles

Sad dog—ভাসাৰপ্ৰিত লোক A merry fellow a Sadducean, a বিৰুদ্ধ সম্প্ৰদায় বা ধৰ্মত সৰ্ধ্ব ব, Belonging to the sadduceus or to their doctrines Sadducee, ল প্ৰকালেৰ অভিন্য ব্যাস বিহ্না সম্প্ৰদায় বিশ্বৰ, One of a Jewish school or party who demed the resurrection of the body, the existence of spirits, and a future state

Badduoeeism, n. तिस्नीिंग्शत शतकाल अवोकान,

The tenets or opinions of the Sadducees, denial of the resurrection [fully, heavily Sadly, ad স্থাপিতভাবে, ক্ষমনে; প্তাপ , Sorrow-Sadness, n বিষয়তা, শোক, ছংখ, Serious gravity, grief, woful expression Syn—Sorrow, heaviness dejection, melancholy, dejectedness, gloominess, mournfulness

Safe, saf, a নির্কিষ্ণ, নিরাপদ, Free from danger secure, trusty — অনুধ্ , অকত দেহ, Uninjured, unharmed — n নিরাপদ হান , Place of safety — লোহার নিন্দুক, Iron-chest — বাদ্যাদি রাখিবার আন মারি, A chest for meats Syn —(a) Unendan geied, unhaimed, unscathed, unhurt, sound projected guarded, sure trust-worthy, reliable Safe and sound— বিবাদ, Perfectly safe and in good condition

Safe-bind, Safe find—বন্ধ করিয়া স্থ্যাদি রাখিলে সমরে গাঁওবা বায় Phings carefully kept will be found afe when wanted

Safe conduct, n ি সিছে গমনাৰ্থ অভ্যয়ান বা লাই চ গৰোহানা অভ্যপত্ৰ চ চ চিট্ট Free pass throu h an enemy s forces, warrant of security.

Safe-guard, sif paid n ৰকা Protection — প্ৰোধানা , অভয় পত্ৰ ভাগ চিটি , ৰকে A gun i warrant or pass-port to protect a tiveller —v ৰশা ক, Guard Syn —(n) Defence, convey escort, passport

Safely, al । निर्काष , निर्वाशक ।

Safoty, Safoness, n নিরাপদ, নির্কিয়তা, রহা Freedom fron danger or loss, protection স্ফুট কম্ম Close citoly [till Safety-fuse, n ন্য বিশেষ, A water-proof wov Safety-lamp, In lamp n তাৰ ভাগান প হুজন, A limps incounded by wire-gauze u i for cately in mine.

Safety match, n বিশালী দিখালাবাই।
Safety-valve, safti valv, n বাপা সৰ্থি, ব'প নি মিলে ধ ব বা পথা A vilve to facilitate the c cipe of sterin and prevent explosion —িনগমন Vent — নাগা বনা ববে, Sife-guard

Safflower, n বুস্ম কুল An annual flower Saffron, saj run, n. জাকধান কুমুন, Crocus a colouring sub tance prepared from its flower —a গাচ পীঙ্কৰ, Deep yellow

Sag, v t বসিষা যা দাবিবা যা To settle Sage, গঠনে এ উক্তি, বাব্য A tale, a saw, ১৭৬ ing —স্থাতিৰেভিয়া পেশীৰ কিম্মন্তী, A Scandanavian legend

Sagacious, sa-grishe-us, a [L sagax, from sagire to perceive quickly] উন্মুদ্ধ, স্মাণনি বিদ্যা, বৃদ্ধিনান, জানী চতুর, সত্তর্ক, Acute wise, shrewd, discerning —তীক মাণনজিবিলি Keen scented n —sagaciousness (চতুৰলা, বিশ্বার) । ad=sagaciously (চাতুব্যস্কারে) । Syn—Shrewd, sige judicious, intelligent, shalp-witted, longheaded

Sagacity, sa gase-te, n. বিচক্ষণতা; তীক্ষুছি হ্লাপন, চতুৰতা Acuteness of penetration, show with the same of penetration, show with the same of penetration, show ness, discernment wisdom, judiciousness Sage, saj a [ L. sagus, wise man ] প্রাক্ত, জ্ঞানী ক্ষুদ্ধিজ, বিবেচক, Wise, discriminating, pludent — হবিজ ব্যক্তি; জানী বোক; A wiseman:—উত্তিদ বিশেষ; A garden herb:— এগাচ দাৰ্শনিক গভিত; A grave philosopher. n=sageness (পাভিত্য; প্ৰাজ্ঞতা)। ad=sagely (বিজ্ঞতা সহকারে)। Syn:— Judicious, prudent; sagacious, sapient, intelligent, knowing, shrewd, acute.

Holy sage-विद ; मूनि ; उनवी।

Sagittal, sajit-al, a. [L. sagitta, an arrow]
শরন্থ্যায়; ভার-স্থূম; Pertaining to, or like an arrow.

Sagittarius, saj-i-tấri-us, n. ধসুবালি; লবনবালি; The Archer, one of the 12 signs of the zodiac. Sago, ságo, n সাভ; সাভ্যালা; A dry starch produced from the pith of several palms in the East India Islands &c., used for food.

Baid, p. t. and p. p. Of say:—p. a. ক্ষিত; উক্ত ৷
Sail, szl, n. পান, A sheet of canvas, &c. hoisted on the mast — জাহাজ; A ship:—জলপথে
লম্ম ; A trip or excursion in a vessel:—v. i.
পালভ্রে-বা; জলপথে-বাওয়া; জলবালা আরম্ভ-কৃ; To
be moved by sails; to set sails; to go by
water —v. t. আকাশমার্গে উড্ডীন-ই বা উড়া;—জলপথে
গমনাগমন-কৃ, (পোডানি) চাবান; To navigate.

Full sail-সকল পাল পুলিযা।

Loose sails—পাল ছাডিবা-দে! [of sail. Make sail—Extend an additional quantity Sail close to the wind—ভাৰ বা উচিত্যের নিকট নিকট-বা!

Set a sail—পাল বিভাৰ-কু; Expand or spread the Set sail—জনপথে ভ্ৰমণ-কু; Mike a voyage.

Sails under false colours—চলনা করিবার চেষ্টা-ক, Pretend to be what one is not; to try to deceive. [tent of sail. Shorten sail—পাল ক্যাট্যা-সে, Reduce the ex-Strike sail—হাহে পাল ক্যাট্যা সাক্ষানা : Lower

Strike sail - হঠাৎ পাল নানান, হারদানা ; Lower the sail suddenly Take the wind out of one's sails কোন

সুবিধায় বঞ্চিত-কু। [ spread. Under sail—পালভবে চালিত ; Having the sails Sailable, a. ভাচাড়ালিত পমা ; N wigable.

Sail-cloth, saikloth, n. পাল প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ কাপড়, কোম্প ; A strong cloth for sails.

Sailor, n. জলবাকী; জলবান, He who, or that which, sails. [sailing.

Sailing, n. পোতৰাহন : সমুদ্ৰ-বান . The act of A sailing boat—ৰে নোকা পালিভবে চলে। Sailing orders—Orders for sailing.

Sailor, sailor, n. নাবিক . মালা ; থালাসী ; Mariner, seaman, sea-farer, tar navigator.

seaman, sea-farer, tar, navigator.
Sail-yard, n. পালিকভ ৷ [ der-plant.
Sain-foin, n. ডভিছ বিশেষ . A leguminous fod-Saint, saint, ... [ L. sancio, to render sacred ]

গান্ধিক ব্যক্তি, কৰি, নাৰু; সিদ্ধ পুকৰ; A holy person, one eminent for piety and virtue:—রোমান কাাথনিক বৰ্ণোর মধ্যে গণনীর ব্যক্তি; One cannonised by the Roman Catholic Church.

A patron saint—অভিভাবক কাণ্ড।

Saint Andrew, n. Patron of Scotland.

Saint Andrew's cross, n. Flag of Scotland. Saint Andrew's day—30th November.

Saint Bratholomew's day, n. August 24th; slaughter of the Huguenots at Paris.

Saint Brice's day, n. Slaughter of the Danes in England.

Saint Cecilia-Patroness of Music.

Saint Denis, n. Patron of France and Portugal. Sainted, santed, a. পৰিঅ; নিছ; Made holy; sacred:—বগীৰ, বৰ্গত; Gone to heaven.

Saint George, n. Patron of England.

Saintly, a. সিছবং, সাধু, ছবিত্লা; বিষল; পৰিছে। Saintly, santle, Saintlike, santlik, a. প্ৰায়া জনোচিত, Like a saint. Syn:—Devout, religious, holy, godly, pious,

Saint Nicholas—Patron of children.

Saint Nichola's clerks—(tria; Thieves.
Saint Patric—A postle and patron of the Irish.
Saint Peter's church—The grand church at Rome.

Saint Simonian, n. A follower of Saint Simon, who recommended a community of interests as a cure for all social evils.

Saint Stephen—Patron of Hungury.

Saint Valentine, n. Patron of Lovers. Saint Valentine's day, n. 14th Febuary.

Saint Vitus' dance, n. Chorea.

Sako, sak, n. [ A. S. sacu, sac, strife ] উদ্ভেশ্ব; কামণ ; হেতু ; কাজ; বাতিষ ; Final cause ; purpose ; end , account; regard. Syn:—Reason; regard, respect, consideration.

For conscience' sake—বর্ণবৃদ্ধির অনুরোধ ; বর্ণ-মত বা বর্ণজ্ঞান বজাব বাধিবার নিমিন্ত ; With a view to maintain what one's conscience tells, to avoid acting against one's conscience.

For its own sake—কোন বিষয়ে আন্তরিক জনুবাগ বশতঃ; From a natural loving towords it, from a love of it [ to God.

For God's sake—দোষাই ইবরেব; Out of love For one's sake—কাষারও জন্ত; On one's account:—কাষাৰো ধাঁজিব; Out of regard to.

For the sake of—জতো : ধ'তিৰ, On account of:—লাভ বা ৰক্ষা কাৰিবাৰ নিষিত্ত; For the purpose of obtaining or securing. [Salutation; homage. Salaam, Salam, n. জেলাম; দোৰাম; ৰাম্বাৰ; Salacious, sal-ashe-us. a. [L. salaz. to leap] সংগ্ৰ কাৰ্ক; Lustful. Syn.—Lewd, lecherous, lascivious, wanton, prurient; exciting, stimu-

lating, voluptuous
Salad, salad, n. ক'চা শাকের চাটনি বা কট; কাচা
শাকের বালন; Raw herbs dressed with oil,
vinegar. [of soda and salt.

Salaeratus, n সোড়া ও লবণেৰ মিল্লণ . A mixture Salamander, sala-man-der, n. স্বীহপ; কুৰুলাৰ; A repule once supposed to be able to live in fire. Salamandrine, sal-a-mandrin, a. অধিকছ; Enduring fire.

Sal-anmoniae, n. বৰণ বিশেষ , A salt. Salaried, sala-rid, c. বেচনভূক্ ; বেচনগ্ৰী, বৈড-বিক ; Receiving a salary.

Salary, sala-re, n. বেডন; মাহিনা; মজুৰী; Wages, pay :—v. t. বেডন-দে, To pay salary. Syn:—Stipend, hire, allowance, remuneration.

Sale, sal, n. বিক্ৰম; Selling; the act of selling:
—বালার; Market:—নিলাম; Auction:—বাই;
ধাপ, আবল্লকতা Demand.

On sale, For sale-বিজয়াৰ্থ ছাপিত : Saleable, sala-bi, e. বিক্রের; বিক্রাবোগা; That may be sold; being in good demand. n = sale-[ who sells goods. ableness. ad - saleably. Salesman, saltman, n. विद्युका; विकामकाती; Qne Salic, salik, a. क्वारमय आहम-विरम्ध मरकांछ; Denoting a law as in France, by which males alone can inherit to the throne. Balicine, n. कत्र खेरन विरमय। Salient, sale-ent, a. [ L. saliens, ppr. of salire, to leap ] अथान ; न्नार्ट अकानमान ; मुना . Prominent ; chief; conspicious :-- লক্কারী; Bounding :--वहिर्गामी; Projecting outwardly. ad=saliently (প্রকাপ)। n=salience. Syn :--Projecting, jutting, in relief; striking, remarkable. Saliferous, a. [L. sal, salt, fero, to bear] नवर्गार्शानक : Producing salt. Salify, sali-fi, v. t. नवन-क ; To combine with an acid in order to make a salt. Baline, sálın, a. লবপাক ; লাবণিক : Consisting of or containing salt:--n. লবণোৎস ; ভৈৰজ্য-লবণ ; A salt spring. n=salineness. Salinometer, স. যদ্ৰবিশেষ। Saliva, sa-li'va, n. offel; Spittle. a = salival, salivary ( नाना-निःमात्रक : नानानारी )। Balivary glands--नाना-निःमादक अन्ती । Salivate, sali-vat, v. f. অতিধিক লালা উৎপাদন-কু: ৰাবাহাৰ করাৰ; To produce an unusual amount of saliva. Salivation, sal-i-váshun, n. অভিবিক্ত লালা নিৰ্গ-यन : लामा निःमत्रव ; An unnatural flow of saliva. Ballet, n. শিরস্তাণ বিশেষ ; A helmet রিসরক। Sallies of youth--যৌবনকালের আমোদপ্রমোদ বা

वक वित्नेव : A tree. n=sallowness. Bally, sale, n. हठां९ वहिर्गमन ; वहिर्धावन ; निर्गम : Bursting forth; excursion: -কলনা-রণিকতা প্রভ-ভির উচ্ছান; A flight of fancy, wit &c. :-- লগুড়া; ठाक्ला ; Levity :- ए. र. इंग्रेंद विश्वित-इ ; To rush out suddenly. Syn: -(n) Sortle; digression; frolic, escapade; jest, joke, quip, witticism.

Ballow, ১৯টি, a. পিকলবর্ণ বিশিষ্ট; ঈরৎ পীতবর্ণ;

ল্লান; মলিন; Of a pale, yellowish colour:--n.

Sally-port, sali-poit, n. সৈত্ত নির্গম-পথ; নির্গম-Tit: A port, a gate or passage by which a garrison may make a sally.

Salmagundi, sal-ma-gundi, n. খণ্ডিড সংস্ত-মাংসা-দির আচার বিশেষ; A mixture of chopped meat and seasoning; a medley.

Salmon, samun, n. 499 वित्न ; A fish.

Salmon-trout, n. মংস বিশেষ; A trout resembling the salmon, but smaller and thicker in proportion.

Saloon, sa-10তান, n. মুসজ্জিত প্রশান্ত কক্ষঃ নাচ-ঘর; পাৰ-অকোষ্ট; Spacious room; place of entertainment; hall of reception, place of refreshment: -- প্রধান কামরা ; A main cabin.

Baloop, sa-তিচৃ', n. পানীয় বিশেষ ; A beverage. Balsify, n. Bay वित्य ; A plant.

Salt, sawit, n. লবৰ ; কাৰ : Muriate of soda :-मनना ; Seasoning :—जावानन ; चान : Taste :—वृद्धि ; Wit : - वित्रको ; चारवान ; Merriment ; piquancy : -- रुष नांविक ; Old sailor :-- ८, जनगंख ; जनगंश्र .

Containing salt :- कर् ; जिक्क ; कीं ; कींड : Pungent :-- त्वनावांनी ; Tasting of salt :-- ए. t. जननाल-कु ; मृत्न बन्नान : To sprinkle or season with salt. ad =saltly. n=saltness. [4164]; Be maintained by. Est the salt of, Est one's salt-wising fare Old salt-- বৃদ্ধ নাবিক। [ good men. The salt of the earth-win (wire: Essentially True to one's selt—farces pieces win ferial : বিখাস্থাতক নহে ; নিমকহালাল ; প্রভুর অসুরক্ত ; Faithful to one's employer, not acting treacherously. Worth one's salt—বেডনের উপযুক্ত ।

Saltant, saltant, a. [L. salio, to leap] कांबी : नुडाकांबी : नवमान ; Leaping ; dancing.

Saltation, sal-tashun, n. 77; A leaping or jumping :- नामन ; Beating. [ of leaping. Saltatorial, a. উল্লেখন ; Having the power Saltatory, sal-ta-tor-i, a, नक्कांत्री ; नवनीप : Leaping; dancing. [ holding salt. Salt-cellar, n. जन्मारांत ; A small vessel for

Salter, sowiter, n. नवन-विद्युखा ; नवन-वास इकांत्रक : One who sells salt; maker of salt.

Salt-fish, n. লোনা মাছ।

Salt-gauge, n. नरनाक करनड निक्सान राष्ट्र : An instrument for testing the strength of saltwater. Saltire, Saltier, n. क्लिक् विद्युव ; An escutcheon in the form of an X.

Saltish, Salty, a. बद लाना : किकिश नवासि : Somewhat salt. [ of salt ; insipid. Saltless, a. আৰুনী; বৰণহীন; বিসাদ, Destitute Saltmarsh, n. प्रकृति वित्नव ; Grass-land. Saltpan, sawlipan, n. नवन क्छाइ वा शाह ; A pan for boiling salt.

Salt-petre, sawit-pc'ter, n. प्रभार, त्यारा, A salt consisting of nitric acid and potassa, nitre. Salt-pit, n. লবৰ ধনি; A pit where salt is obtained.

Salt-spring—কারী উৎস।

Salt-water--(लाना सन : अमा। salt is made. Salt-work, s. जनाव कांत्रपाना ; A place where Salubrious, sal-Tbre-us, a. [L. salubris, from salus, health] a. বাছাজনক , বাছাকর : Wholesome ; healthful; healthy; salutary. ad=salubriousy. n=salubriousness.

Salubrity, n. वाहाजनक ; बाहाकता ; Healthful-Balutary, salutare, a. Triffe; Healthy; wholesome :-- श्रिजनक ; উপकारी : উপকারক , Beneficial. n=salutariness. Syn:-Salubrious, healthful; useful, advantageous, profitable.

Salutation, sal-u-tashun, n. অভিবাদন : নমকাৰ ; खनान : Welcome : greeting :- कृथन ; Kiss. Syn : -Salute, address, obeisance, reverence, bow, courtesy; congratulation.

Salute, sal-ut, v. f. [ L. salutare, salus, health, safety] অভিবাদন-তু; অভার্থনা-তু; Welcome :-हचन-कृ ; To kiss : -- n. अखिनामन ; अखार्थना , Greeting :--সম্বানাৰ্থ তোপ; A discharge of cannon in honour of any one:-- ban; Kiss. Syn:--(v) Greet, hail, bow to, accost; kiss, honour.

In setute - नमकात वा अधिवानम कतिए ।

Salvable, c. [L. salvo, to save] উদ্ধাৰণীয়; Capable of being saved. ad-salvably, n= salvability, salvableness,

Selvage, salvaj, n. জাহাৰ ৰকা কৰণাৰ প্ৰভাৱ; উল্লুড ছবো খাল; Compensation for saving a ship &c., from wreck; the eargo and materials saved.

Salvation, sal-vāshun, n. বকা কৰণ; পৰিবাণ; Preservation; rescue:— মৃদ্ধি; মোক, উদ্ধান; বিভাব; The saving of man from eternal misery. Syn:—Deliverance, saving, rescue; safety, security.

Salvation Army—पृष्टि (कांब ।

Salve, sav, ন. মলম ; প্রবাপ ; Ointment :--माहाया: व्यक्तिकांत : A help : remedy :-- ए. ई. मनम-ৰে: প্ৰদেশ-ৰে ; Apply ountment to sores :-- এতী-কাৰ-ভূ ; To remedy :--ৰিয়ম্বলাদি হইতে বন্দা-ভূ । There is a salve for every sore-disparent রোগের উবৰ আছে ; There is a remedy for every evil. Salver, salver, n. (तकार , बान ; A tray ; a plate. Salvo, salvo, n. আনন্দ প্রকাশার্থ তোপ : চীংকার ধানি : Salute of artillery; salute with guns: -- 644; ঝা : বাজাৰ , Exception ; excuse. pl =salvos. Salvolatile. w. Volatile salt. reckoning. To stand Sam-To be made to pay the Uncle Sam-The United States Government. Samaritan, sa-mar'ı-tan, c. Pertaining to Samaria, a city in Palestine :-- n. मारमतीयी (मरनव अभिनात्री ; An inhabitant of Samaria :- महान ব্যক্তি; Kind person .- সামেরীয়া ভাষা; The language of Samaria.

A good samaritan—ৰাট ভয়বোৰ; A really kind hearted man who helps men in need or trouble.

Samboo, zambo, n. কৃষ্ণায় লাভি বিশেষ ; কাফ্রি। Same, sam, a. সেই , সমান , সম ; ডুলা ; একই, সম্প ; Identical , similar :—পূৰ্কোন্ত , Mentioned below. n=sameness.

All the same—একট কথা; তা হলেও; তথালি; Sameness, samnes, n. একড; সামা; অভিনত্ত; সাম্প , State of being the same; identity, near resemblance. Syn:—Oneness, uniformity, identicalness, correspondence, similarity.

Samite, n. 9543, Silk stuff.

Samphire, sam-fir, n. পাৰ্কত্য ঔষধি; লভা বিশেষ; An herb found chiefly on rocky cliffs near the sea, used in pickles and salads.

Sample, sample, n. [L. exemplum, example]
আপুৰ্ব; মুনা, A specimen: —উপাহৰণ; An example: —০ f. নমুনা-ল, To take samples of.
Syn.—(n) Example, illustration, exemplification, instance, pattern, sampler. [of work.
Sampler, sampler, n. ছাচ, নমুনা; A pattern
Sampon, n. চীনদেশীয় নৌকা, Chinese boat.

Sampson, n. অভি বৰণাৰ লোক; A man very strong.

Sanable, sańa-bl, a, [ L. sano, to heal ] সৃত্যু, আরোগ্যবোগ্য, প্রতিকাষ্য; Sound; curable, n = sanability.

Sanatary, Sanatory, saha-tor-e, a. [ L. sanare, to heal ] বায়কর, বায়-বিধাৰক; আরোগ্য-অবক, আরোগ্য; Conducive to heath. Syn:— Sanative, sanutary, curative, remedial, therapeutic, hygienic. [ Healing. n=sanativeness. Sanative, saha-tiv, a. আরোগ্যারক, আরোগ্যার

Sanatorium, Sanatarium, san-i-tati-wa, #. মাহ্যকর হান, জারোগ্যাহ্য হান; জারোগ্য বৃহ; A healthy station.

Sanctification, sangk-te-fe-káshun, ক. প্ৰিত্ত-ক্ষণ; প্তত্যণ; উৎসৰ্গ; Holiness, purification, consecration.

Sanctify, sangkte-fi, v. t. [ L. sanctus, holy, facere, to make ] প্ৰিত্ৰ-কৃ; পদ্-কৃ; To make sacied; consecrate:—গাগমুক্ত-কৃ; To free from sin. n=sanctification. Syn:—Hallow; purify.
Sanctiloquent, a. প্ৰিত্ৰ বিশ্বেশ্ব কৰ্ম; Speaking

of holy things.

Sanctimonious, sangkti-mo'ni-us, a. পৰিৱ;
পৃত; Holy, devout:—বৰ্ণনাজী; পৰিৱভাৱ ভাগৰুভ;

Affecting holiness. n=sanctimoniousness, ad=

sanctimoniously.

Sanctimony, n. পৰিজ্ঞতা; ওছতা; Holiness:--পৰিজ্ঞতার ভাব; Pretended sanctity.

Sanction, sangkshun, n. [L. sanctio,—sanctire, to fix unalterably] ধুড়ীকরণ; মধুর ; অপুরোদন; সমর্থন, Confirmation; ratification, support—
v. t. মধ্য-কৃ, অপুনোদন-কৃ; সমর্থন-কৃ; To authorise; to ratify; to countenance. Syn:—(n) Authorization, authority, countenance, support. (v) Ratify, confirm, warrant, allow, support.

Banctity, sangk'te-te, n. [ L. sanctitas,—sanctus, holy ] পৰিত্ৰতা; সাধ্তা; ক্ষড়া; Purity; godiness; holiness. Syn:—Piety, devotion, goodness, religiousness; sacredness, solemnity.
Appearance of sanctity—বাহ বা কৃত্রিম নিষ্ঠা; প্রকাষ কার্যান, sangk'tu-ar-e, n. ধ্যমনির; প্রবানম ; প্রকাষ কার্যান, sangk'tu-ar-e, n. ধ্যমনির; প্রবানম ; প্রকাষ কার্যান, sangk'tu-ar-e, n. ধ্যমনির; প্রকাষ কার্যান, sangk'tu-ar-e, n. ধ্যমনির; প্রকাষ কার্যান, sangk'tu-ar-e, n. ধ্যমনির; প্রকাষ কার্যান, 
To number the sands—লগত কাৰ্যে নিৰ্ভ-ছ: To undertake an endiess or impossible task. Sandal, sandal, n. কুড়া বিশেষ, চৰ্ম-পাছুকা; Shoe

tied with strings around the ankle; a loose slipper. [Wearing sandals. Sandalled, sandald c. সাভাৰ-পাছৰণাৰী;

Sandalled, sandald c. নাভাৰ-পাছৰাৰাৱ; Sandal-wood, n. চ-ৰ্ব eis, A well-known tree, an incense.

Sand-bag, n বালির থলে বা বস্থা; Bag of sand. Sand-bank, n. বাৰ্কাৰৰ ভচ, চড়া, Bank of sand. Sand-bath, n. উত্তপ্ত বাৰ্কাপূৰ্ণ পাল; A vessel filled with heated sand.

Sand-blind, a. चणहे-पृष्टि; वाका-नवतः Blind with gazing on the sands; purblind. n=sandblindness. [Drifting sand. Sand-drift, n. वांत्र् वांत्रा मक्लिक वांलि; नक्ल्पि;

Sanded, a. বালুবারত। [found under sand. Sandeal, sandel, n. বংড বিবেদ, A small eel Sanderling, n. পৰিবিশেষ, A small bird.

Senders, n. বজ্চলন। [ in a desert. Sand-flow, n. বাৰ্কার প্ৰবাহ : Flowing of sand Sand-glass, sandgles, n. বাৰ্কির বড়ি; Hour glass. Sand-heat, sandhet, n. উভত বালুকার ভাগ; The heat of warm sand.

Sand-hill, n. यानुका-देनन ; यानुकुन ।

Sandiver, n. The saline scum.

Sand-martin, sand-martin, n. গাৰণালিক; ভালচকু প্ৰা; Swallow.

Sand-paper, sand'-páper, n. বালিমিলিত কাগন্ধ; শিরীস কাগন্ধ; A paper covered on one side with a kind of sand for smoothing and polishing.

Sand-piper, sand'pi'per, n. জলচর পকী; A wading bird.

Sand-pillar, n. বালুকা-ভত।

Sand-pit, n. বালি খনন করিবার স্থান; Place for digging sand. [cemented sand. Sand-rook, n. বালুকা-শিলা; A rock made of Sand-stone, n. বালুকাময় প্রত্তর, বেলে পাণর, A soft porous kind of stone, stone made of con-

solidated sand.
Sand-storm, #. বাৰ্কা-মেড; A cloud of drifting sand.
[ of sand.

Sandy, sad'i, a. বালুকামৰ; বালিপূৰ্ব; Consisting Sandwich, n. ছই টুকবার কটি মধ্যত্বিত নাংসবত, মধ্যে মাংসবিশিষ্ট ছইবত কটি; Slice of meat between two slices of beat. [ লইয়া প্ৰে প্ৰে বেছে ।

Sandwich-man, n. বে সমূবৈ ও পশ্চাতে প্রচারণত Sane, san, a. হয়; প্রকৃতিয়; নির্ম্নল বৃদ্ধি; Healthy, sound in mind or body. ad—sanely (বিবেকীর মত)। n=saneness (মানসিক সম্বতা)। Syn:— Lucid, sober, underanged, sensible.

Sang, pa. t. Of sing.

Bangfroid, n. অধিবতা; Calmness:—উদাসীত।
Bangreal, n. The vessel from which Jusus
drank at the Last Suppor.

Sanguinary, sang'gwin-ar-e, a. [L. sanguis, blood] রক্তরাবী; খুনে, রক্তাক; রক্তমন্ত; রক্তপিণাস, Bloody; attended with much bloodshed; bloodthirsty:—নিচুর; Cruel. ad—sanguinarily, n=sanguinariness. Syn:—Murderous; savage, cruely truculent.

Sanguine, sang'gwin, a. আলাপুৰ্; আলাথাৰ; স্বভাৰি; Hopeful; full of hope:—সাচ়; লাল, Deep; red:—বাল; Ardent:—আৰত্ত, Confident. ad=sanguinely (ব্যক্তাৰে)। n=sanguineness (ব্যক্তা; বিষয়ে)। Syn:—Animated, lively, warm, confident, buoyant; crimson.

Sanguineous, sang-gwine-us, a. রক্তমর; শোণিত-সম্বানীর; রক্তপূর্ণ; Resembling or constituting blood; blood-red. [ blood

Sanguinivorous, a. ক্ষ্বিগায়ী; Subsisting upon Sanhedrim, sanhe-drim, n. ইছ্লীদ্গের প্রধান সভা; The highest council of the Jews. [ discharge. Sanies, n. পুঁলনিগ্নন; বা হইতে নিঃস্ত রস; Purulent Sanitary, sani-tar-i, a. স্বাস্থ্যত্ব; স্বাস্থ্যীয়; Hygienic; pertaining to promote health. n=

sanitatium ( সাহ্যপ্রদ হান )। Sanitation, ল. সাহ্য বিজ্ঞান, সাহ্য রকা; Hygiene. Sanity, sahi-ti, ল. মনের বা দেহেব হুমুকা; মৃতি;

Soundness of mind or body; saneness. Sans, pre. বিনা; Without.

Sansoulotle, म. शांकितांक : Ragamuffin : pretended , republican : - शिवरात्री (लाक ; A ragged fellow.

Sanskrit, sans'krit, n. \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\* The ancient language of the Hindoos.

Santonine, ল. কৃষিবাশক উবৰ বিশেষ ; A vegetable medicine. [religion of Japan. Santooism, ল. জাপানের প্রধান ধর্ম ; The chief

Santooism, n. জাণানের প্রধান ধান ; The chief Sap, sap, n. বুকের রস বা সার ; The vital juice of plants :—v. f. অধ্যধ্নদ-কু ; Undermine.

Sap the foundation—ক্ষাণ: ক্ষেন্ড; Destroy gradually.

Sapid, sap'id, a. [ L. sapio, to taste ] স্থায়; বায়; হরস : কচিকর ; Well tasted ; savoury.

Sapidity, Sapidness, n. হ্ৰান্ত); Savouriness. Sapience, n. বিচক্ষণতা; বিজ্ঞতা; জান, Wisdom, knowledge.

Sapient, sape-ent, a. [L. sapiens, ppr. of sapere, to have sense] বিচন্দ ; বিজ ; Discerning; wise; sagacious. Syn:—Wise, sage, shrewd, knowing.

Sapless, a. নীবস ; শুৰু ; Dry.

Sapling, sap'ling, n. চারা গাড়; A young tree. Sapodilla, n. কল বিশেষ, A fruit.

Saponaceous, sap-o-nন's-hus, Saponary, sap'o-na-ri, a. নাবানের মত; নাবান ডুলা; Soap-like; soapy. [ soap.

Saponify, v. t. সাবানে প্রিণত-কু; Convert into Sapor, n. জাখাদন; কচি; Relish; savour.

Sapper, n. হড়ক্ষায়ী, One who saps :— ছুৰ্গ-মংশ্বাৰক দৈয়া।

Sapphio, sal'ik, n. ক্রী-কবি তাকো সম্বন্ধীয় . ভাঁহার আবিষ্ণত ছল প্রশালী হুচক; Pertaining to Sappho, a Grecian poetess; denoting a kind of verse said to have been inverted by Sappho.

Sapphire, safer, n. নীলকান্ত মণি; A gem; a precious stone. a=sapphirme ( স্থাকাবার মণি নিশ্বিত বা তৎসদৃশ)।

Sappy, sap'ı, a. বসবুজ দেশস, বসাল ; Juicy :-তরুণ ; অল্পবল ; Young , weak. n=sappiness.

Sap-tube, sap'tūb, n. রূপ্ৰাহিকা; A tube conveys sap. [ammedan.

Saracen, n. মূলকানের নাৰারণ নাম; A Mah-Saracenic, Saracenical, a. Pertaining to the Saracens.

Sarcasm, sar'karm, n. ব্যঙ্গ; ব্যঙ্গাক্তি; বিজ্ঞণ; Biting speech; a bitter sneer; taunt.

Sarcastic, sar-kas'tik, Sarcastical, sar-kas'tik-al, a. ঠাটা; বাসপুত্তক, বিজ্ঞপায়ক; Bitterly satirical. ad—sarcastically.

Sarcophagous, sar-kol'a-gus, a. মাংসভুক্; মাংসভোজী; Feeding on flesh.

Sarcophagus, sar-koi'a-gus, n. প্রস্তর নির্মিত শ্বাধার, Stone-coffin. [ thin silk. Sarconet, n. মরাপ দিবার পট বস্ত্র বিশেষ : A fine

Sarconet, n. মন্ত্রাপ দিবার পট্ট বস্ত্র বিশেষ ; A fine A sardanapalus—ইন্ত্রিবপ্রতার লোক ; A luxurious, extravagant, self-willed tyrant ; Sardanapalus was the king of Ninevah and Assyria noted for luxury and voluptuousness.

Sardin, sar'din, n. সামুদ্রিক মংস্ত বিশেষ; A fish of the herring family:—প্রস্তার বিশেষ; A cornelian stone.

Sardonic, săr-dońik, a. অৱকৃত ; অবজাহচৰ ; কাচ : মদ্দীৰ ; গেতো ; Having a forced heartless laugh, Sardonio laugh-A convulsive passionate grin, the forced result of a certain disease. Bardonio smile-कृतिम शंक , कां शंक । Bardonyx, n. Fierrelle faces; A silicious stone. Sersa, sar'sa, Sarsaparilla, sar-sa-pa-ril'a, #. উद्दिष विष्य ; मालमा ; A plant, its root; a drug. Bash, sash, #. नानि ; जानानात्र काट्य (क्षय ; A case or frame for panes of glass :--करिंग्स ; Belt :-च. t. मात्रि-त्य : To furnish with sashes. flaurei. Sassafras, sasa-fras, n. कुछ कुक विरुद्ध ; A tree of | TJF; Great enemy of man. Sat. b. f. of Sit. Batan, satan, n. সমতাদ : The devil :-- মাদবের পরম Satanic, Satanical, ৫. সরতার স্থুপ; পৈশাচিক; Devilish. [ tion of Satan Satanophany. z. नवडान भवडात: An incarna-Satchel, sachel, त. कृष थनि ; পुरुकाणि दाथियात TIM; A little bag; a bag for books, papers, &c. Sate, sat, v. f. অভিপুরিত-কু; পরিভুষ্ট-কু; To glut. to satiate. Satellite, satel-lit, n. মোদাহেব: অমুচর; A subservient follower; an obsequious follower:-টপুরছ ; A small planet revolving round another ; one of the bodies, which revolve round some of the planets. Syn :- Moon, attendant, follower, dependant. { क्ष ; That may be satisted Batiable, sáshi-a-bl, a. পরিভবির যোগা; পবিতর্গ-Satiate, ১fishe-at, v. t. পবিত্ত্ত-কু; পরিভুষ্ট-কু; তি gratily fully; to satisfy; to glut. n=satiation. Syn :- Sate, gorge, overfill, surfeit, glut. Satioty, sa-ti'e-ti, n. পরিতোষ, পরিত্তি: বিভুকা; অভিভোজন ; পৰিপূৰ্ণতা , Surfeit. Satin, satin, n. রেশনী বস্ত্র; সাটিন; A thickly woven glossy silk. a=satiny. Satinet, sati-net, n. गाउना बक्त्यव नाहिम ; A thin species of satin. Satinjean, দ. পুরু কার্পাদ বস্তু। Satin-wood, n. শত হলর কাট বিশেব; A hard [ composed of satin ornamental wood. Satiny, satin-i, a. লাটিন সমুদ বা নিশ্বিত ; Like or Satire, satir, n. विक्रण ; উপহাস ; वाक्वाका , Ridicule ; lampoon; taunt; irony; severity of remark. Syn: - Sarcasm, invective, philippic diatribe. Satirio, sa-tir'ik, Satirical, sa-tir'ik-al, a. छन्डामुब्बक: विक्रभाषाक: श्रीनिकत: निमाकत: Sarcastic; abusive. ad=saturically. Syn:-Cutting poignant, censorious, bitter, reproachful. Satirise, satir-iz, v. t. Borin-p: আভি নিশা-ক: To expose by satire; to lampoon; to censure severiv. Batirist, salis-ist, #. বিজ্ঞপকারী; বাস কবিতা-বেবক ; One who satirises; one who writes satires. Batisfaction, sat-is-fak'shun, #. म्राह्म ; हेन्द्रांत নিবৃত্তি: পরিতোব; ভৃত্তি; ভৃত্তিসাধন: Gratification; comfort; that which satisfies :--ক্তিপুৰণ; পুৰণ; Amends : — বাসন্তিও ; Atonement : — সংশবদেশ : প্রকার: বিশ্বাস: Conviction: release from a state of doubt :- MISCHIN ; Payment. Syn :- Content, pleasure, contentment, enjoyment, ease, comfort : compensation ; remuneration, indemnification; discharge, [or liquidation of a debt. In satisfaction—পঞ্জিশাৰ স্বৰূপ; In discharge

Sauce নৰোব্যাহৰ: Satisfying; giving content:বৰোচিত: কতিপ্ৰধাৰী: কতিপ্ৰদ; Making amends or payment :-- आविष्ठिका ; आविष्ठिकाती ; Atoning :-- नः नंतरक्तक ; वाडायबनक ; Convincing. n=satisfactoriness, ad=satisfactorily. Be satisfied with-नजह-इ : Be pleased with ; be content with. To be satisfied—ভূৱ বা প্ৰীড-হ। Satisfy, satis-fi, v. t. [ L. sat, satis, enough, and facere, to make ] পরিভৃত্ত-কু; স্ত্তই-কু; To please fully:-প্ৰতাৰ জন্মান; নি:সন্দেহ-ভূ: সন্দেহ-चन्न, To convince, to free from doubt; to discharge :- v. i. ACETA-CA : To give content :-CTITY; To make payment. Syn :- Satiste, content, please, gratify, sate; recompense, compensate, remunerate, indemnity, atone; convince: fulfil, answer. Satisfy (one) of-কোন বিবৰে সম্বন্ধ সম্পেহভৱন-F; Free one from doubt or suspense in regard to :- প্রতীতি জন্মাইয়া দেওরা : Convince one of. Satrap, satrap, n. পার্দিক শাসনকর্তা; Persian viceroy. feg = satrapess. Satrapy, satrap-1, n. त्रांबाक्टव अधिकांत्र वा बांबा : The government of a Satrap. Saturable, satu-raebl, c. পরিপুরণ-যোগ্য: পরি-প্ৰণীয় : Such as may be saturated. Saturate, saru-rat, v. t. शत्रिशूर्व-कृ , लाविक क्यांव ; পৰিপুরিত-ক ; To fill fully ; to unite till no more can be received. #=saturation ( অপুৰেণৰ; [ be filled with. প্রচরতা )। Be saturated with-পরিপ্র-ই; Be soaked; The saturated spirit of camphor-ages f of the week. Saturday, satur-da, n. अनिवाद ; The last day Saturn, saturn, n. বোমান্দিপের দেবতা; The ancient Roman god :- শনিবাহ : শনৈবার , The tenth of the planets of the solar system. Saturnalia, sat-ur-nália, n. pl. শ্ৰির মহোৎসব, বীভংগ উৎসৰ , সাধাৰণ আমোদপ্ৰমোদ . The annual festival of Saturn; general frolic. Saturnalian, sat-ur-náli-an, a. প্রযোগপ্রিয় ; কীড়া-ভংগর ; ব্যভিচারাসক্ত ; Riotously merry ; dissolute. Saturnian, sa-turhi-an, a. ननिश्रहनपत्तीय : भौत्यदत्र ब्राह्मकानीन ; Pertaining to Saturn :-प्रशी ; प्रश्मव : Happy :-- नरन ; Simple :-- विश्व ; Pure :- Denoting the verse in which the oldest Latin poems were written. [ thing is venal. Saturnian days-Days of dulness, when every Saturnine, satur-nin, a. শ্নিগ্ৰন্থ; অঞ্চলঃ चनन , विद्य ; विवापअंख ; Born under the influence of the planet Saturn; gloomy; dull; morose; grave ; phlegmatic. Batyr, sater, n. me aggy & me ein age wies a = satvric.

Satisfactory, sat-is-fak'tor-i, a. न्राचीपक्षमक ;

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ত্ব; আৰবিশিষ্ট-ত্ব; To give a higher relish:— তীৰ বা কাচ তাৰা বাৰোগ-তৃ; অগণ্ড-তৃ; To treat with bitter or pert language; to be impudent.

Poor man's sauce—受利 !

To serve one with the same sauce—হাতি-ৰোধ দুৱৱা ; সমান শান্তি দিয়া প্ৰতিহিসো-তু ; To retaliate one injury with another.

What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the garden—এফলনের পক্ষে বাহা থাটে অস্তের পক্ষেত্র ভাহা থাটা উচিত; Both must be treated exactly alike.

Bauce-boat, n. চাটনি চানিবার পাত্র; A vessel with a lip for pouring out sauce. [ fellow. Sauce-box, n. বৃষ্ট লোক; A saucy impudent Saucer, saw'ser, n. সানকি বিশেষ; রেকাবী; The shallow plate for tea or coffee cup.

Saucepan, saws'pan, n. कड़ा ; ठाँहै ; A pan in which sauce or small things are boiled.

Sauciness, n. অণিষ্ঠা, অনিষয়; Qulity of being saucy. Syn:—Impudence, impertinence, insolence, pertness, rudences.

Saucy, saus'e, a. [ L. salsus, salt; sharp ] তীত্ৰ; তীক্ষ; কটু: Sharp; pungent:—পৃষ্ট; প্ৰগণ্ড; গৰ্কিড; ঠেটা, Pert; insolent, impudent. n = sauciness (অগড়াডা: বে-আন্বি)। ad = saucily (পৃষ্ট-ৰাক্ষ্য; তীত্ৰ ভাষাৰ)। Syn:—Impertinent, presumptuous, rude, forward, disrespectful.

Saul among the prophets—Applies to one who unexpectedly shines in a department not his own.

Baunter, santer, v. i. ইত্তত আৰণ-ভূ; টো টো ক্রিবা ব্বা; গড়িবাসি-ভূ; To wander about idly; to loiter:—n. অনণ: A sauntering:—বেডাইবার স্থান; A place for sauntering. Syn:—Linger, stroll, roam, ramble.

Saurian, saw'ri-an. n. টকটিক বিশেষ: Lizard:
—a. গোধা লাতীয়; টকটিকি সম্পীয়; Pertaining to,
or of the nature of, a saurian; lizard-like.

Sausage, n. মাংদের কাবাৰ বিশেব; An article of food.

[French wine. Sauterne, n. করাদি মনিরা বিশেব; A kind of Savage, savaj, n. [L. situaticus, belonging to a wood] বৰ্কর; অবভা; বভ; Wild; uncivilised:
—জীবৰ; ভবাৰক; Fierce:—কুর; নিটুর; পতবং; Cruel; brut.al:—n. অবভা লোক বৰ্কর লোক; A barbarian:—কুরবভাব মনুষ্য; নিটুর লোক; A brutal person. Syn:—Uncultivated, sylvan, rough; rude, brutish, ferocious, barbarous, pitiless, merciless, murderous.

Savagely, ad. অসভ্য বা নিটুর ভাবে।

Savagoness, Savagory, n. অন্তাতা; Wildness:—বর্জাতা; Barbarism:—কুরডা; Cruelty. Savannah, Savanna, sa-vaha, n. আমেরিকার প্রকাণ ভূপপূর্ণ ভূমি; One of the extensive meadows in the west of North America. [learning. Savant, n. পাতিত; বিখান বাজি: A man of Sava, sav. v. t. [ L. salvus, saved, safe ] রুজার ; বীচান ; উল্লার কু; সুজ-কু; আপ-কু; বি দেক্তাতা; to preserve:—কুলার্ক রাপা; দক্তন ; বিভার হু; বিচান ভূমিন কু; বিভার কু; বিভা

Bave one's bacon—আনিটু বৃহতে আগবাদে বুজা-কু: To preserve one's self from harm.

To save appearance—বাহিরের ঠাট গলাল রাধা; বাহিরের সহায় রকা-কু; To preserve a decent outside; to avoid exposure of anything disgraceful or embarassing.

Save-all, n. নব-ৰাচাট বান্ধি; অগচন নিবারণোগান:
A contrivance to save anything from being wasted.

[ kind of dried sausage.
Saveloy, n. কাবারের মুল্যানার চাটনি বিশেষ: A Saving, রহাগার, a. কুকাকারী; অনিইনিবারক: Preserving from wrong:—মিতবারী: Economising: economical:—মুক্তিসাবক: মুক্তিসাবক: Securing salvation:—n. পরিহার: Exception:—সফিত বন্ধ:
That which is saved:—pl. উপাৰ্জন: Earnings:—pre. conj. বাতিরেকে; ত্যাস ক্রিয়া। ad—savingly, n—savingness.

A saving clause—প্রতি-প্রস্থ

Saving one's presence—অগনান কা করিলা; Without disrespect to.

Savings-bank, n. নঞ্চিত খন পদ্ভিত-করণের স্থান বা গলি: A bank in which savings are deposited at interest.

Saviour, sāvycr, n. বলাকাবী; আণকরী; পরিআরা; One who saves from evil. Syn:—Deliverer, rescuer, preserver, protector, defender, guardian. The Saviour—বীতস্থই; Jesus Christ. [herb. Savory, n. লাক বিশেষ; An aromatic kitchen Savour, sāvur, n. [L. sapor—sapere, to taste] আমানন : মান-সম ; আগ; Taste; odour, scent:—প্রিপত্তি; Reputation:—n. f. বিশেষ আমানন থাকা; কোনও মান বা গ্রাবিশিষ্ট-ই; To have a particular taste or smell:—ন্যান-ই; তুল্য-ই; To be like. a!—savourly. n=savourmess. Syn:—(n) Flavour, relish, gout, smack; smell.

Savour of—কোন কিছুর গন্ধ থাকা; Smell of, partake of the nature of.

Savoury, sávur-e, a. আবাধননক; স্বাছ; Having savour or relish:—জানবারনক; মনোরম; Pleasant. ad = savourly. n=savouriness. Syn:—(n) Tasty, relishing, nice, palatable, piq iant, delicious.

Savoy, n. ৰূপি বিশেষ; A kind of cabbage. Saw, pa. t. of See.

Saw, saw, n. বরণতা; A toothed cutting tool:—চণ্ডত কথা; প্রশাদ বাক্য; A proverb; a saying:—v. t. করাত নিয়া চিবা বা কটো; করাক কু; To cut with a saw:—v. i. করাত চালাল; ক্যাড ব্যবহার-কু; করাত দিয়া ভিন্ন-হ; To use a saw; to be cut with a saw. Syn:—Sentence, maxim, aphorism, adage, apotherm.

Saw the air -- Move the hand up and down, Saw-bones, n. Surgeon's apprentice.

Saw-dust, n. করাতের গুড়া; Dust made by the action of a saw.

Saw-file, R. A file for sharpening a saw.

Saw-fish, n. নংস্ক বিশেষ; A fish closely allied to the shark. [ting timber, a mill for sawing. Saw-mill, n. করণত পৰিচালৰ যন্ত্ৰ; Mill for cut-Saw-pit, n. করাত খোলা; করাত করিখায় বৰ্ত্তঃ A pit over which wood is sawed.

Sawyer, saw'yêr, ल. कताबी; One who saws timber. BEXILTAGO, s. 44 wiels bley; A genus of plants.

Saxon, n. অর্থান বেশের উত্তবাংশবাসী পূর্বকালের জাতি विष्यत , देशाहा देशक अधिकाद कर्त्रहा छवाह कहान करत : One of a people who formerly dwelt in N. Germany, and who invaded and conquered England in the 5th and 6th centuries .- a. उराद्यत ভাষা বা দেশ नवकीत्र ; Pertaining to the Savons, or to their language. Saxon idiom. Saxonism, sakson-ızm, n. স্থাক্সন বাকপ্রণালী; 58y, 53, v. f. or v. i. and . कहा, निर्फाण-कृ, To speak, to state, to tell; to utter words; allege. ---(pt. pp. said) --- n क्षिड विषय ; महवा , वक्ष् हा , Somthing said, remark; speech. Syn -(v) Pronounce, announce, declare, affirm, assent. repeat, rehearse, recite.

It is said, They say-cale are . कविक कारक : People assert or maintain.

Not to say-- 內司書; Even

Say grace — छोजन्त भृत्यं वा भर्व नेवदाक वक्रवान-ल ; विचल्लिक व्यञ्ज्ञ श्रार्थनी-क . Render thanks to God before or after a moal, ask God's blessing, render thanks before meat.

Say nothing of-एम कथा ना धरित्व ह या ना विकास . चन क्यों पूर्व थोंक , Even if we do not take into account.

Say one's say, Have one's say-- বাহা বন-ৰার আছে ভাহা বলা , ১ iv all what one has to say Say over one's boads—आर्थना-कृ , भून: भून. वना . Repeat one's prayers

Bay or speak a good word for-wiste our इरे क्या बना . To speak favourably of , to re**co**mmend

That is to say - অর্থাৎ, In other words, namely. Saying, saine, n वन्न ; डेंक ; मृक्षेत्र ; अवाम वाका , An expression; a maxim. Syn .- Observation, remark, statement, declaration, adige, aphorism, apothogm, saw, proverb, by-word.

A popular saying—চলিত উক্তি , নৌকিক প্রবাদ। Scab, skab, n মামড়ী, খোলস, ছাল, Crust over a sore:--মেৰের সংক্রামক পীড়া , A contagious dissease of sheep: -- v t. মাসভী পদা।

Scabbard, skabard, n. অদিকোৰ, তরোবারের পাপ; The case in which the blade of a sword is kept : a sheath :-- . t. খাপে পুৱা : To put in a scabbard.

Scabbed, a. শহময় ; স্থাব রোগে পীড়িত , Diseased ∫ n=scabbiness. with the scab. Boabby, skabi, a. কছ; নামতী পড়া; Scabbed. Scaffold, skal'old, n. यांता : यक ; काता ; क्लिकांत , A temporary platform, temporary stage raised by the side of a building, for the workmen to stand upon; a stage for the execution of a eriminal :- v. t. मक विनिष्ट - क् , खांडी मः नध - कृ , To furnish with a scaffold, to sustain. Syn:—(n)Frame, framing; stage, platform, gallows, [ or put to death. Brought to the scaffold-Fift-G; Executed

Scaffolding, skafold-ing, #. ভারার উপকরণ, ভারা वीविनात नामश्री, Materials for scaffold :--wird: A frame of wood for supporting workmen while building .- The, A fame-work.

Scalable, skala-bl, e. নালোহণদাধ্য; Capable of being climbed.

Scald, skald, v. t. एक छडक नवार्द क्य-क ; बनुनाम ; পোড়ান , To burn with hot liquid :-- n. উক্ আৰ ৰামা বৰ হওন; পোড়া বা; A burn caused by hot liquid -কৰি বিশেষ; One of the ancient Scandanavian poets. [ enough to scald. Scalding-hot, c. এত পর্য বে বল্সাইবা দেল; Hot Scale, skil, n. [ L. scala, a ladder ] 714; মই , A ladder ·—দোপান-দ্ৰেণী ; Series of steps : -নমবিভক্ত পরিমাণ , পরিমাণ , A graduated measure: - नत्रशाम ; A series of all the tones (in music) -The order of a numeral system :-ৰত্ব; আটস, One of the small, thin plate on a fish : - va, A thin layer .- sa; Gradation :pl. দশুবন্তেব পাত্র , পাত্রা , তুলাদশু : ভৌনদাঁভি : নিজি : The dish of a balance; a balance - 4 mi-बानि, Libia, one of the signs of the Zodiac: —v t. আইন ছাড়াৰ; শৰ্থীন-কু, To clear of scales, to peal off in thin layers -মই লাগাইরা আরোহণ-কু, সোপান দিয়া চড়া, To ascend, to mount by ladder :- পরিমাণ- क . Measure . - v. i. আহম ছাড়া, ঝড়িখা পড়া, খুলিয়া আসা, To come off in thin layers Syn -(n) Layer, flake, lamina; balance, rule, measure, gamut, escalade. On a gigantic scale—শতিরিক পরিমাণে, in an

mordina e degree.

On a large scale—यिक शतियात ; To a large extent; in a large measure, exten-Sively.

On a magnificent scale—प्र कोकान ब्रद्धक । On a small scale - यह यह शहिशात. महीर्ग शहि-মালে, To a small extent, in a small measure. Soale of existences—এবিলেণীপরস্পরা: Progressive series or graduation of beings

Throw one's weight into the scale of-কাহারও পক্ষে নিজে। স্বমন্তা বা বল প্রবোগ-কু, Throw one's influence on the side of.

Scalo-beam, n তরাজ-দত।

Scaled, skaid, a শন্ধিশিষ্ট, Having scales.

Scaleno, ska-leń, n [ Gr skalenos, uneven 1 অসম-ত্রিবাধ , বিষম জল , Having three unequal sides —n বিষমবাৰ ত্ৰিভুজ , A scalene triangle Scaling ladder - উঠিবার সিঞ্জি, A ladder for scaling.

Scall. n বতোপবিস্থ শব্ধ, Scab.

Scallop, skalup, n. শাসুক বিশেব, শুক্তি বিশেব; A shell - (वान सरवात बोक्स वक्षा, A curving in the edge of anything :- " . t. आंतरन काहिया বৃত্তা-শাকাৰ ক ; কখুপুটে পাক-কু, To cut the edge into segments of circle.

Soalp, skulp, n. মন্তৰেৰ কেশবুক কৰ; The skin of the head on which the hair grows .- v. t. 45044 ত্ব তোলা , মাধার ত্ব্ছেদ-রু , To cut the scalp [ A small surgical knife. Scalpel, skalp'el, n. অগ্রচিকিৎদকের ক্ষুত্র ছবি:

Scalping kaife, w. A sharp knife used by the North American Indians in scalping their enemics.

Boaly, a পালসবিশিষ্ট; শকাবৃত , আইসবৃক ; Covered 🐐 with scales, like scales, mescaliness, Scamble, v. t. जरित-र , व्यविष्-र ।

Sommony, skenio-ni, এ वाषा दिल्ल ; टाउँडि श्रोह ; A plant.

Scamp, n. ব্যবানেন ; ইন্তর ; Rogue ; a vagabond :—n. f. অবয়পূর্তনক সম্পানন-ভূ।

Scamper, skamper, v. i. [L. ex. out of, compus, field] क्राइट्स (पोक्षाव; क्रोड्डि-इ; To run away with speed.

Boan, skan, ৩. ৫. স্মারণে পরীকা-কু; তার তার করিয়া ব্যরিষ্পন-কু; To examine carefully; to scrutinise:—চরণ ভাগ-কু; কবিতার যাত্রা বিশ্ব-কু; To measure, as verse.

Scandal, skahdal, n. নিলা; গ্লানি; প্রনায়; কুংসা; কলম্ব; অপবাদ; অব্যাতি; Approbrious censure; disgrace. Syn:—Dishonour, shame, infamy, disrepute, ignominy, approbrium; defamation, detraction, slander, calumny, backbiting.

Beandalise, skandal-iz, v. t. বননাৰ-কু: নিশা-কু: ভৰ্মনা-কু; অপ্যান-কু; To give offence to; to disgrace; to reproach; to shock the sense of what is right. Syn:—Offend, disgust, horrify; vilify, traduce, slander, libel, lampoon.

Boandalous, skan'dal-us, a. বজাকর; নিশিত; কুপোজনক; Defamatory. al - scandalously, n= scandalousness.

Scandinavion, n. স্বাধিনেভিন্নানানী; A native of Scandinavia. [ of scanning.

Scansion, n. ছম্মেনির্গর; মাজা-নির্দেশ; The act Scansorial, a. আরোহণকারী; Climbing.

Scant, c. অল ; প্রচুর ; বিরল ; Not full ; deficient :

— v. i. বঞ্জিত-কু; সন্ধাৰ্ণ-কু; ক্যান ; To traiten ;
to limit,

Scantiness, n. অসপুরা; বুজা; Quality or condition of being scanty. Syn:—Narrowness, deficiency, scarcity, insufficiency, inadequacy, meagreness, bareness.

Scantling, n. ধন্ড়া; A rough draft:—সামান্ত খণ্ড; কিছু পরিমাণ; A little piece; a certain portion.

Scanty, skante, a. অপুনুর; সামান্ত; আন ; Not copious or full; hardly sufficient; narrow; small. n=scantiness ( অপার্গা; আনতা)। Syn:—Insufficient, scant, deficient, short, slender, mcagre, poor, bare.

Scape, n. প্ৰায়ৰ; Escape; freak. [gallows. Scape-gallows, n. One who has escaped the Scape-goat, skap'got, n. উৎস্থাকৈ ছাগ; পাপ-ভারাকাছ ছাগ; বলি; বে প্রের দোবের জন্ম দুও পায়; অন্তেম কুডবোবের ক্লভোগী ব্যক্তি; A goat cursed as representing of the Jewish people; one who bears the faults of others.

Scape-grace, skap'gras, n. গাগী লোক; হতভাগ্য ব্যক্তি; ন্যাখন; Worthless or wicked fellow.

Scapuls, n. আশ কর্কান্তি; ক্লান্তি; The shoulder blade. [ing to the shoulder. Scapular, skap'u-lar, a. স্ক্রব্যার; Pertain-

Boar, skar, n. [ Dan. skar, a notch ] কাটা দাগ;
ক্ষতাত্ব; কডচিক; Mark of a wound; cicatrix;
seam:—সরবোরত তট বা দিরি: A precipitous
bank or rock:—». f. কাটা দাগ-দে; কত চিক্তে
করা; To mark with a scar:—». f. ক্তচিক্তেক্:

To become scarred.

Scaramouch, z. 515; A buffoon.

Boarce, :kais, a. anini ; fain ; gen ; Not plen

tiful; rare; uncommon:—ক্ষাচিত। প্ৰভ্ৰেটেভness, ad—scarcely. Syn:—Deficient, wanting;
rare, infrequent, uncommon, unusual: ্বাপ্টা;
Make one's self scarce—অবর্ণন করবা; নবিনা
Scarcely, ad ক্ষাচিত; আর না; আর ভ্রুপ্রেই।
Scarcity, skārśe-te, ম. আরড; স্থাণাতা;
র্ন্নভা; ক্ষাব; ঘন্টন; Deficiency; rareness.
Syn:—Lack, want; insufficiency, dearth; rarity.
Scare, skār, v. t. [ Icel. skirra, to drive away ]
ভর প্রাইলা ভাড়ান; ভর প্রবর্ণন কু; ভরচ্কিত-কু; To
drive away by frightening; to terrify suddenly.
Syn:—Frighten; affright, daunt, alarm.

Scare ap— डाड़ा निम्ना वाहित-कृ।

Scare-crow, skarkro, n. शकीनित्तत्र खत्रवानंक युर्वि; कांद्रनिक खत्र; दुवा नदा; Image to frighten

birds; a vain terror.

Scarf, skärf, ক. গলাবৰ; ক্লমাল; A loose sort of shawl; a light handkerchief for the neck; bandage for the arm:—কাটাফি কুড়িবার বান্ধ;—
ত. t. ছুইখানা ভক্তা সংযুক্ত-কু; To join two pieces of timber longitudingly.

Scarfakin, skāri'skin, n. বাছ থক্; বহিৰক্; The outer skin of animals.

Scarify, skar'i-lī, v. t. प्र वेष्ट कर्डन-कृ; बक्टलांकन-कृ; To let blood by slightly cutting the skin; to scratch. n=scarification ( বুজনোক্ষ অন্ত ক্ল আন কর্তন)।

Scarlatina, skär-la-te'na, n. স্ফোৰক জ্ব; Scarlet, skär'let, n. লোহিত্বৰ; লাল রছ; A bright-red colour; reddish compound of yellow and red:—a. লাল্যপ্র; Of the colour called scarlet.

Scarlot fever-হাম-অর বিশেষ ৷

Scarlet runner, n. নতা বিশেষ ; A plant.

Scarp, skarp, n. খানার গোন্তা বা ঢাল্; ছুৰ্গ-প্রাচীরের নিক্টত্ব পরীধা পার্থ; উপদর্গ; A perpendicular slope; inner slope of a ditch next a fortification.

Scarred, a. কভচিছে চিহ্নিত।

Scath, Scathe, skath, v. f. অনিষ্ট-ফু; ৰষ্ট-ফু; কতি-কু; কত-কু; To injure; to waste; te destroy;—n. কতি; অনিষ্ট: lnjury; damage; harma = Scathful (অনিষ্টকর)।

One doth the scath and another hath the scorn—उत्पाद পिडि त्रापंत घोरह ।

Scathless, skath'les, a. কচিণুত ; কতপুত্ত ; Without damage or injury. Syn :-- Unhurt, unscathed, uninjured, undamaged.

Scatter, skater, v. t. ইতৰত: নিকেপ-কু; বিভার-কু; ছড়াইবা কেলা; ছিটাব; To throw down loosely or thinly; disperse; dissipate; strew, sprinkle. Syn:—Strew, sprinkle, spread, diffusc, distribute, disseminate; squander, waste.

Scatter to the winds—ইডডত: বিকিড-কৃ; একেবাৰে নষ্ট-কৃ; Scatter abroad; utterly destroyed. Scavenger, skaven-jer, স. পাৰ্যৰ মনলা পরিকারক; সন্মার্জক; বেডুমা; ডাডুমার; One who cleanses the streets of a city.

A scavenger waggon—আবর্জনার গাড়ী। Scene, sen, n. [L. scene from G. skene, a stage] নাট্যক : রুক্ট্রি; Stage of a theatre: ুব্য : A sight, spectacle; show :—ব্টর্না- হলের প্রতিকৃতি; A picture of the place of an action:—কার্যাকেল ; ঘটনাছল; প্রকাশের ছান; Place of action, occurrence or exhibition:—কর্তাফ; The part of a play acted without change of place:—কৃত্ত; হুগার্ম চিল্লিড মুখ্যমাণ; View; a large painted view:—সর্ক্রমমে ভয়নক রাগাদি প্রকাশ; ভাব প্রকাশ; A display of passionate feeling between two or more persons:—ক্রম্পুনির চিল্ল; Fixed or moveable paintings of a theatre:—সম্প্রমাণ্ড প্রকাশির ঘটনাগরশার); A series of events connected and exhibited.

Behind the acenes, ad. দৃভগটের প্লাভে;—a. ভিতৰের বাাপার বিদিত।

Enact an make a scene—হালাৰা হজাং-ছ; (সকলের সমূৰে) একটা কাভকারবানা-ছ; Make an exhibition of passionate feeling before others.

Scenery, sen'er-i, n. দুজাবনী; দুজগটনসূহ; নাধারণ দুজ; Landscape; the scenes of a play; representation.

Scene-shifter, n. One who shifts or moves scenes:—Mechanical subordinate.

Scenic, sen'ik, a. দৃশুসম্বনীয়; দৃশুপটসম্বনীয়; Pertaining to scenery:—লাটাশালাসম্বনীয়; নাটকীয়; আহিনবিক; রঙ্গাশম্মটিত; Dramatic; theatrical.

Scenography, sc-nog'ra-fi, n. [Gr. skene, a cene, grapho, to delineate] চিত্ৰ কৰণ; চিত্ৰাখন কৌশল বা চিত্ৰ; The art of representing a scene or body in perspective a=scenographic, scenographical (চিত্রিড; Drawn in perspective).

Scent, sent, শ. গল; তুগল; Odour, smell; perfume:—আগশকি; আগেজিল; Power of smelling; sense of smell:—আগ ধারা অসুসরণ; Chase followed by the scent:—গতি পথ; মতুসরণ পথ; Course of pursuit:—০. ১ আগ পাৰুবা; হাণ-ল; হ্বাসি ১-ক; গাল প্র-ক, হ্বাল-ক; To smell; to discern by the sense of smell; to perfume. Syn:—(n) Fragrance, redolence, aroma, perfume.

Be off the scent—ঠিক বে পথে বাইলে ধরা বাস নে পথে না ব্যৱহা; Be on the wrong track.

Bo on the right scent—তিক সকাৰ পাওৱা। Be on the scent—সকাৰ পাঠ্যা ধবিবার জন্ত বসুসরণ-কু; সন্ধানে কেরা; Be on the track.

Put one on the wrong scent, Put or throw one of the scent—প্ৰ ভূবাইয়া-দে; Mislead or misdirect one.

We are not yet on the right scont—টিক মন্ধান না পাৰয়া; We have not yet got the clue. Sceptic, skep'tik. Sceptical, skep'tik-al, a. অবিহাসী; সন্দিশ্বচিত্ত; সংশহী; সন্দেহনাদী; সংশ্লাকুল; Doubting; doubting or denying the truth of revelation. ad=sceptically.

Scoptic, skep'tik, n. নাজিক; সংশয়বাদী লোক; One who is sceptical.

Scepticism, skep'ti-sizm, n. নাধিকতা; সংশ্যনাদ : আবিশাস ; Doubt or denial of the existence of God or the truth of revelation; tendency to doubt; doubt.

Sceptre, skep'ter, n. বাৰণe; Staff or baton of royalty or command:—বাৰণজি; বাৰাৰ কমতা; Royal power. [Bearing a sceptre. Scoptred, a. ক্ৰাৰী: বাৰণ্ড বা বাৰণজি ধাবা খু,বত; Schedule, sedul, n. [L. schedula, G. schede,

a tablet ] \*\* ; sifest ; sorting ; fast ; A list. inventory, catalogue; table :— \*\* t. sifest \*\* \*\* To place in a schedule or list. Sym:—(\*) Scroll, catalogue, register, record.

Scheme, a. यावर्गः याप्रहाः

Schematism, n. এইনক্তাদির সংবোধ :

Scheme, skēm, n. [L. schema, G. schema, shape] নলা; সুনাবিলা; Plan; draft:—নতলব; কলি; Plan:—মহণা; সকল; কলনা; Plot:—কলি-প্রায়; Purpose:—v. t. নলা-কৃ; অভিপাদক; অভিনাদক; বিভাগন-কৃ; মহলা-কৃ; মতলব-কৃ; সকল কৃ; To plan; to contrive:—v. i. উপায় উভাবন-কৃ; সকল কৃষ্টি-কৃ; To form a plan or scheme. m-schemer. Syn:—(n) System; device, machination, design, contrivance, intrigue; draft, outline; horoscope. (v) Project, design, devise, imagine, frame; intrigue, plot.

Schemeful, a. महलव-वांक ।

Scheming, skeming, a. बङ्ग्डकारी; क्यडकारी; क्षिकारी; कृष्टी; Intriguing.

Schiam, sizm, n. বিছেম ; ধর্মবিবনে মতভেম ; A division; a separation in a church occassioned by diversity of opinion. Syn:—Separation; disunion, discord.

Schismatic, siz-matik, Schismatical, siz-matik-al, a. মতভেদসম্বার ; মতাত্ত্র্যাহা ; Tending to or pertaking of the nature of schism. adschismatically.

Schismatic, siz-matik, n. ধর্মসম্প্রে ভিন্ন মতাৰ-লখী; One who separates from a church from difference of opinion. Syn:—Heretic, dissenter, seceder, nonconformist, sectarian.

Behist, shist, n. তর সম্পন্ন থানাল পদার্থ; দিলা বিশেব; Slate-rock. a — schistic, schistous, schistose (শিস্ট প্রায়র সমূপ)।

Scholar, skolar, n. ছাত্ৰ; পড়বা; আধাৰণাৰ্থী; A student; a learner; a pupil:—শিব্য, A disciple: —পণ্ডিড; বিধান ব্যক্তি; মনীবী; A man of learning: —বুৰিধানী ছাত্ৰ; Endowed collegian.

Scholarly, skolar-li, a. বিষক্ষানাটিড; ছাত্রবং; ছাত্রের উপবৃক্ত; পভিডোচিড; Like or becoming a scholar.

Scholarship, skolar-ship, n. বিদ্যা ; বিদ্যাৰতা; পাছিত্য; Learning:—ছাত্ৰবৃদ্ধি; Maintenance of a scholar; endowment of a scholar. Syn:—Erudition, lore, knowledge; exhibition, bursary. Scholastio, sko-latik, a. ণাড্ডসম্মীন; পতিত্রোগ্য; ছাত্র বা বিদ্যালয় সম্মীর; Pertining to or suiting a scholar or schools:—আডি মুম্ম; মুম্ম প্রক্রেমনায়; Pertaining to the schoolmen; excessively subtle:—n. যে ব্যক্তি মুম্মবৃশ্যের দাননিক্ সম্প্রদায়ের রীতিনীতির অমুম্ভন করে; One who adheres to the method or subtleties of the school of the middle ages.

Scholastic philosophy-44; Philosophy of the middle ages.

Scholasticism, দ. প্রাচীন পণ্ডিভগণের পদ্ধতি বা পদ্ধ। Scholiast, skoʻli-ast, দ. প্রাচীর ট্রাকার; ভাষাকর; A writer of scholia. [Pertammy to scholiascholiastic, skoʻli-ast'-ik.' দ. ভাষাকর সম্বন্ধীয়; Scholium, skoʻli-um, দ. টিকা, পার্থনিধিত ট্রিনা, ভাষা; প্রতিক্রার অন্তে মন্তব্য, An expla-

nation subjoined to a problem; a marginal note; an explanatory observation. pl-scholia, scholiums.

Bohool, skòòl, m. [G. schole, leisure, a school] বিদ্যালয়; পাঠনালা; A place of education; place for elementary teaching:—বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়; University:—শিকার অন্ত অনুশীলনী; Exercises for instruction:—শভিত সম্প্রদায়; A sect of teachers:
—ক.t. বিদ্যালয়ে শিকা-কে; To educate in a school:
—শকা-কে; বিনীত-ফু; দ্মন-কু; তিরকার-কু; To instruct; to admonish:—a. বিদ্যালয় বা শিকাসম্ভাৱ ।

Sym:—(m) Academy, seminary, institute, gymnasium; sect, class, denomination; disciples.

High school, m. উচ্চ-শ্রেণীর বিদ্যালয়।

Normal-school—ৰে বিদ্যান্তে শিক্ষদের শিক্ষা ৰেখা হয়; School for the training of teachers.

Primary school, n. নির্থাধীক পাঠশালা; School where children receive elementary instruction. [ Charge for teaching.

School-bill—বিদ্যালয়ের পাত্তের মাহিলা বা ধরচা; School-board or committee—বিদ্যালয় সমিতি; Board or committee for managing schools.

School-book, n. বিদ্যালরের পাঠ্যপুরক; A book used in schools.

School-boy, skool-boy, e. বিদ্যালয়ের বালক; ছাত্র; A boy taught in school. fe. - school-girl. School-dame, n. বিদ্যাল্যের শিক্ষিত্রী; The female teacher of a school.

School-day, n. বে দিবস বিদ্যালয় বন্ধ না থাকে; বিদ্যালয়ের পাঠের কাল; পাঠাবেখা; Day in which youths are sent to school.

School-fee, n. ফুলের মাহিনা; ছাত্রণত বেতন। School-fellow, School-mate, n. নহাধ্যামী; সভীৰ্ব; A fellow bred at the same school.

Behool-girl, n. ছাত্ৰা; Girl that attends schools. School-house, n. বিদ্যাদনিক; The building in which a school is held.

Schooling, skoo-ling, n. বিদ্যালয়ে শিকা; Instruction in a school:—তিরস্থার; ভংগনা; Reproof; reprimand:—বিদ্যালয়ের বেডন; ভ্জম-দক্ষিণা; Expense of teaching; compensation for instruction.

Government over-eer of school-school-Inspector, n. বিদ্যালয়ের ভন্নবিধারক; Bohool-man, skool'man, n. দর্শনশাস্ত্রবেতী; মধ্য-দানের দার্শনিক পভিত; Scholastic; one of the philosophers and divines of the middle-ages.

School-master, skuolmas-ter, n. শিক্ষা; গুর-মহাবয়; One who teaches in a school; a pedagogue. feg=school-mistress.

The school-master is abroad—বিদা একণে অধিক পরিমাণে প্রচারিত হয়মাছে, পিকা বিভার ভ্টতেছে; Education is now widely spread among the people; education is spreading all round.

School-mate, n. নহাগায়ী; School-fellow. School-mistress, n. শিক্ষিনী; A woman who teaches in a school.

School-room, n. भार्त-अरकार्छ।

Schooner, skoon'er, n. বি নান্তলের লাহাৰ; Twomasted vessel with fore-and-aft sails.

Boiatio, si-at'ik, Sciatical, si-at'ik-al, a. ব্যত্ত বোদ সম্বাদ : নি চন্দ্র পীক্ষাদাসক ; Pertaining to or affecting the hip, Sciation, sa-atik-a, n. [Gr. ischion, the hipjoint] (খোৰৰেল) বাতবোগ; নিতবেল বেদলা; A rheumatic affection of the hip-joints; hip-gout. Science, si'ens, s. [L. scio, to know] জান; Knowledge:—বিজ্ঞানশাস্ত্ৰ; Knowledge methodically arranged;—বিজ্ঞানিত সত্য; Truth ascertained.

Abstract or pure science, \*\*. The knowledge of laws causes, or powers, considered apart from all application.

Natural science, ন. প্ৰাৰ্থ বিজ্ঞান ; The know-ledge of causes, effects and laws of nature.

Practical science—ব্যবহারিক বিজ্ঞান ; Knowledge derived from experiment and the classification of particular facts.

The science—মুষ্ট অয়োগ।

Scientifio, si-en-tif'ik, Scientifical, si-en-tif'ik-al, a. [L. scientia, science, and facio, to
make] বৈজ্ঞানিক, বিজ্ঞানবিং; বিজ্ঞানাস্থানী; বিজ্ঞানসুমোদিত; According to or versed in sciene. a lescientifically.

Soientist, si'ent-ist, n. বৈজ্ঞানিক পণ্ডিত ; বিজ্ঞানবিৎ পণ্ডিত ; One versed in science ; a savant.

Scimitar, simi-tar, n. পদা; অদি; তরবারি; Sword. Scintillant, a. ধক্ষক্কারী; কিরণজ্টা-বিকাশী; Sparkling.

Scintillate, sintil-at, v. i. [l.. scintilla, a spark] জুলিক নিৰ্গত-কু, শ্বিকনিক্-কু; চক্মক্-কু; To give forth sparks; to sparkle, to emit sparks. n=scintillation (জল্পিজুনিক; মিটমিট্ কবিয়া কিয়প প্রকাশ।) Syn:—Twinkle, glisten, coruscate.

Sciolism, si'ol-izm, n. সামান্ত আন; আন বিদাা; Superficial knowledge; a smattering of knowledge.

Sciollist, si'ol-ist, n. বৈক্ষানিক ভক; পানবগাহী পাভিত; জ্ঞানেন ভাগকানী; A pretender to science, a smatterer.

Soion, si'on, n. [I.. scindere, to cut] শাখা, প্ৰশাখা; পর্ব, অনুধ; Small twig; a twig for grafting; shoot.—কুমাৰ; বংশৰম; বংশের মন্তাব; A young member of a family; a young descendant. Syn:—Shp, off-shoot. branch; child.

Seirrhous, skir'rus, a. কটিন ; ককট বোগ জনিত . Hardened, proceeding from scirrhus.

Scirrhus, skir'rus, n. বকংহলাণির কণ্ট হোগ; আৰু বিশেষ; Hardening of the gland.

Sciasors, sizurz, n. pl. হাচি; কর্রী: A cutting instrument consisting of two blades fastened by a pin at the middle.

Sclave, Sclavonian, Same as Slave, Slavenian.

Sclerotic, skle-rolik, a. কটন; শব্দ গোলকের বহিৰাবরণ্ড্ডক; Hard; noting the outer menbrane of the cye-ball:—n. চকু গোলকের বাঞ্ বিস্তা, The outer coat of the eye-ball.

Scobs, n. sing or pl. ভঁড়া বাহুনল; করাতের ভঁড়া।
Scoff, skoi, v. t. [Icel. skuppe, to laugh at ]
বিজ্ঞানক; উপহাস্ক; ঠাটা-ক; To laugh at; to
treat with scorn; to mock:—v. i. স্বা অবাধ-ক;
ক্ষো অবাশ-ক; To show contempt or scorn;
—n. উপহাস, বিজ্ঞান; A gibe, n=scoffer (বিজ্ঞান

. चांबी ; चरकांकांबर )। Sym :--(m) Sneer. gibe, jeer, scorn, deride, scout.

Boold, skold, v. i. অংসনা-ফু; ভিন্নভার কু; To chide rudely; to rail noisily:—n. অসভা বিবাধ- বিৰ স্থানোক; কটুভাবিদী স্থা; A rude, clamorous woman:—ভিন্নভার। n=scolder. Syn:—(v) Rate, censure, blame, chide, reprimand, abuse.

Sconce, skons, n. ক্সু দুৰ্গ; পড়; A small fort; a bulwork:—শিবল্লাগ; A headpiece:—ক্ষেলাগিনি; কোলাগনান গীণাগান; A hanging candlestick:—মতক; Head:—বৃদ্ধি; Judgment; sense:—বর্ণনী; Skull. Scoop, skoop, v. t. খনন-ফু: গভাবিশিষ্ট-ফু; To hollow out; to make hollow; to dig out:—উভোলন-ফু; বাহিন্ন করিলা কেলা; To lift up with something hollow:—হাতা দিলা খালি-ফু; To empty with a ladle:—n. কড় হাতা; A large ladle:—কাট দির্মিত কোণালী; নৌকার কল ভোলা কেটো; Wooden showel:—বনন; বর্ক; Scooping:—বাঘাত; Sweep; stroke:—ভাজানি ব্যা; A surgical instrument. Scooper, v. ধোদন ব্যা বিশেষ।

Scoop net, n. बुद्धा कांग; A net so formed as to sweep the bed of a river.

Scope, skop, n. [G. skopos, a mark] অবকাশ;
স্থানীমা; অবসর; Room or opportunity for free
outlook or aim:—ক্রাকেল; Space for action:
—অভিপ্রার; লকা; উপেজ; Aim; the object aimed
at; intention:—ইপর; Limit, compass. Syn:
—View, design, purpose, intention, drift, object, tendency; liberty, range, latitude, room,
opportunity.

Give scope to—কাৰ্য করিবার ক্রোগ-দে; কোন অবৃত্তি বা শক্তি গোনিতে-দে; Give one an opportunity to exhibit or exercise; give freedom to act. Scorbutic, skor-bū'tik, Scorbutical, skorbū'tik-al, a. চৰ্বে।গ্ৰহিত; Pertaining to, resembling or diseased with scurvy.

Sooroh, skorch, v. t. কৰং দৰ্ক-কৃ; ভাজা: খৰ্মা; To burn; to singe, to roast highly; to parch: —v. i. খল্মাইযা-বা; To be burn on the surface:—গুৰুক; To be dried up.

Scorching, a. न दकाती ; वनमानिया !

Score, \*. থাত্ব . হিসাব রাখিবার দাগ; A notch; a mark for keeping count:—এক কুটি; বিংশতি; The number twenty:—গণনা; অহ; গণনা-চিহু; A reckoning —হিসাব; Account, bill:—কাবণ; হেডু; Reason:—pl. অনেক; বিশুর:—v. f. থাঁজ ফটি; দাগ-দে; খাঁচড়-দে; To mark with notches or lines; to furrow. n=scorer.

A mark of ten score—ছুই শত গজ মূবে ছিত লকা ৷
On the score of—জন্ত ; হেড়ু ; On the ground
of ; by reason of.

Quit scores--দেশ পাওনা শোধ-কু; দেনা পাওনা নিটান ; হিমাব শোধ-বোধ-কু; To settle or balance accounts:--শোধ-দে; To give satisfaction.

Run in score—ৰণগ্ৰত-ই; Get into debt. Score down—নাগ ৰাটা; Mark down. Score off—ক্ষিত্ৰণ-ই, Compensate. Score out—মূছিবা কেনা; Expunge.

Score up-Charge , run up an account.

Bettle an old score—খুৱাণ বাব ডোলা; প্রাণ বেনা শোৰ-কু; Satisfy an old grudge: pay off an old debt,

Settle a score—দেবা পাৰনা <del>বোধ য় ; বোৰা পাৰনা</del> টিক-কু; Settle an account.

Short score—বে দেনা সহজে পরিশোধ করা বার ; A light debt or one easily discharged.

Sooria, skō'ria, n. ধাত্র মৃদ ; বাদ ; Dross. Scorial, n. pl. আখের গিরিসভূত ভল্ল ; Volcanic ashes.

Boorn, skorn, n. অবলা; অবলা; বুপা; উপরাল; Disdain; derision; extreme contempt:——
বুণার পাত্র; Object of contempt:——
হেমজান-কৃ: উপরাস-কৃ: To hold in extreme contempt; to disdain. Syn:—(n) Contamely, despite, mockery, sneer, slight, dishonour. (v)
Contemn, despise, slight, disregard, spurn.

Laugh to scorn বিজ্ঞান হ ; উপহাস-ছ ; আইছ মনে-ছ ; To make a mock of ; to deride.

Think Boorn—ডুফ্ মনে-কু ব্ণিত বিবেচনা-কু;
To disdain or despise. { who scorns.
Scorner, skorhér, n. বিক্ৰপকাৰী; বৃণাকাৰী; One
Scornful, skorhéod, a. অবজ্ঞান্তক; অবজানাৰী;
বৃণাস্তক; Full of contempt; contemptuous;
disdainful. ad=scornfully. n=scornfulnes.
Syn:—Contumelious, reproachful, derisive.

Scorpion, skor'pi-un, স বৃদ্ধিক; কাৰড়া বিছা; An insect with claws like the lobster:—বৃদ্ধিক-বাশি, Eighth sign of the rodiac.

Soot, skot, n. ফটলভ-দেশীয় ব্যক্তি; A native of Scotland.

Scotland.

Scot, skot, n. কর; অর্থাতঃ A tax; a fine:—
Scot and Lot—দেশা; কোনত কিছুম লক্ত বাগতা; Bearing the fair share of taxes; a tax formerly assessed according to the ability of the payer.

To pay one's scot—শ্রচার কলে-দে; To pay one's share of a common expense.

To pay scot and lot—সাধাৰত কর দান-তৃ। Scotch, skoch, Scottish, skofish, Scots, skots, a. কট্লত বা কটলতবাসী বা কট্লতের ভাষা সম্বায়; Pertaining to Scotland, its people or language.

Scotch, v. t. ঠেকো-দে; ভূজি দিবা বন্ধ; To prop; to support:—হড়া; অন্ন আবাত-কু; To cut or wound superficially:—n. তেকো, ভূজি; আটন। Scotchman, n. ক্টল বাদী; Native of Scotland. Scotch thistle, n. A thistle; emblem of Scotland.

Scoter, n. कुक इत्त ; A marine duck.

Scot-Iree, skotfre, a. নিৰ্দু ; দুও হুইটে নুজ্য আৰক্ত ; আনাহত ; Without payment ; untaxed ; without punishment , unburt ; safe.

Scotograph, n. না দেখিলা নিধিবার বন্ত ; An instrument for writing without seeing.

Scotoscope, n. বে বন্ধ সাহাব্যে অন্ধকারে বন্ধ সকল দেখিতে পারা বাম , An optical instrument.

Scotticism, skoti-sizm, #. कर्नकोग्र नाक्यनानी : A Scotch idiom.

Scoundrel, skoundrel, n. [Ger. schamkerl, shameless man ] পাষর; পাজি লোক, ছ্বাছা; বৰ্-মান; A rascal; knave; a villain. Syn:—Villain, vagabond, rogue.

Scoundrelism, skowádrel-izm, ». পেৰ্ছি ; নীচতা : নরাধ্যত্ব ; Rascality ; baseness. Scour, skour, ভ. ধ. পরিছার-স্কু , নাৰা ; বর্ণৰ-স্কু ; তি cleanse; to rub hard:—উপৰ বিধা ক্ৰম্ভ চলিৱা-বা;
বীন-বা; To pass quickly over:—পরিকার-কু; To clean by rubbing:—বেং দৌড়ান; To run swiftly:—ম. ভীব নোড; ব্যাদির উপরামর। ম—scourer. Syn:—Scrub, polish, furbish; rinse, purge; range, rake.

Securge, skurj, n. staces vie; state; and; A lash consisting of a strap; a whip:—we find us; wanter; An instrument of punishment:—with; we; Punishment:—v. f. and us; reading at all; To whip severely:—naccional reading at all and a severely:—sand with a view to correct. nescourger. Syn:—(n) Correction; pestilence, plague, pest.

Scourge of God.—Attila, king of the Huns.
Scourge of the human race.—A person
who inflicts great and wide spread suffering
on men.

Scout, skout, \*\*. চর; শুখচর; সন্ধানী লোক; A spy; person sent out to bring in tidings and observe the enemy &c.:—সন্ধান; ডল্লাস; A look-out:—অন্নকোর্ডের ভূডা; A college servant at Oxford:—v. t. বিজ্ঞপান; ঠাটা-ক; অগ্রাহ-ক; উপেকা-ক; To sneer at; to despise; to reject with disdain:—সন্ধান-ক; Observe closely.

Scout an idea—নিভাস্ত অৱদেৱ বলিয়া অগ্নাহ্য-কু।
Scowl, skowl, v. i. জুভদ্মী-কু; চোক রাহ্মান; মুখভারকু; To look sour or angry; to frown; to look
gloomy:—n. জুকুটা; জভক্মী; A look of sullenness.
Scrabble, v. i. মাটা আঁচড়ান; আঁচড় পাড়া; To
scratch; to scrawl.

Scrag, skrag, n. পাতলা বা কুঞ্চিত কোনও কিছু;
Anything thin, lean, or rough, a = scragged.

Soragged, skrag'ed, a. কৃশ ও অসমপুই; বন্ধ; Uneven; rugged. n=scraggedness.

Scraggy, skrag'e, a. আবড়ো থাবড়ো; অসমতল; ব্যুর; Lean and rough:—কুল; Lean. n=scragginess. Syn:—Jagged, rough, scragged, rugged, uneven; lean, bony, thin, skinny, gaunt.
Scramble, skram'bl, v. i. কড়াকাড়-কু; কোল কিছুর কল আকর সহিত কটাপটি-কু; হড়াইছি কু; To struggle to seize something before others; to catch at or strive for rudely:—হামাইছি-দে; To go on all fours:—n. প্রতিখ্যিতা; কাড়াকাছি, The act of scrambling.

Sorap, skrap, अ. सूत्र १०; विषेशि ; हैन्सी ; A small piece; fragment; an unconnected extract. Syn:—Bit, fraction, portion; crumb, morsel, bite, mouthful.

Borap-book, n. বে সাধা প্তকে সংবাদ পত্ৰ বা অপন্ন ত্ৰব্যে ভিট্ছট স্থাত হয়; A blank book for the preservation of short literary extracts and prints. Borape, skrāp, v. i. চাচা; ঘৰ্ণে ক্ষ-কৃ, ঘৰিয়া কোন, ছোলা; Take off the surface; rub the surface of; rub with a rough tool:—কুপ্বাল সহিত সক্ষ-কৃ; কাই সংগ্ৰহ-কৃ; To save penuriously: —v. i. কৰ্মণ প্ৰ-কৃ; ক্ষণ ভাবে ও সপকে ঘৰ্ণা-কৃ; Make a harsh noise; ক্ষণ ভাবে ও সপকে ঘৰ্ণা-কৃ; along:—n. সক্ষাবহা; বিপাক; হাকাৰ, সকট; A situation of difficulty or distress; perplexity. Syn:—(n) Abrade, grate, scratch; obliterate, erase; gather, collect. To get into a sernpe— {\*\*R\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\* To be placed in a difficult situation; to get into a great difficulty.

Scrape acquaintance—বাই ঘটে আলাপের চেটা— ফু: পরিচিড-হু ; Make acquaintance promiscuously. Scrape along—Get on in some way.

Scrape together— আৰু ব্যাহ স্পর-কৃ; To collect together by small gains.

Scrape out—क्वन-इ : Dig out by scraping.

Sorape up—রাইকৃত-কৃ; Scrape into a heap. Soraper, skrap'er, n. আচড়ের আঃ; প্রিবার বর; An instrument used for scraping:—কুপাৰ ব্যক্তি; A misering.

Soraping, skrap'ing, n. ব্ৰণ ; The act of scraping:—নম্বা ; বব ; টাচন ; Refuse ; dirt :—বাহা টাচিয়া কেবা হব ; Something scraped off.

Soratoh, skrach, e. t. তীক্ষ বস্তুর দায়া টাচিবা কেলা;
নবে জাঁচড়ান; To rub and tear the surface with
something pointed; to scrape with the nails:
— e. i. ধননাগিতে নগরাগির ব্যবহার-কৃ; To use the
nails or claws in tearing or digging:—n.
নগাবাত; আঁচড; হড; দাগ; A mark made by
scratching; slight wound:—পরীকা; পরধ; Test.
Bring to the scratch—সাহস পরীকা-কৃ; Bring
to the proof or test of courage.

Come to the scratch—কুডনিকয়-ই।

Come up to scratch—বিবাদ-কু; বপড়া-কু; To fight or prepare to fight; to come forward in the time of danger or difficulty.

Scratch against-Tear against.

Soratoh away—ছিড়ে কেলা; চিড়ে কেলা; Tear away. [roughly. Scratch down—নলা-কৃ; ধন্ডা-কৃ; Sketch

Scratch out—शृहिण (क्ला ; Erase; rub out.

Scratcher, skratcher, n. বে আঁচড়াব; One who or that which scratches:—বে আঁচডিরা আহার অবেষণ করে; কুর্টান্থি পক্ষী; A bird which scratches for food, as a cock.

Sorawl, skrawl, v. t. or v. i. ভাড়াভাড়ি লেখা; আচডাইয়া লেখা; To write irregularly or hastily; scribble:—n. মন্দ লিখন; অকুন্দর লিখন; ডাড়ভাড়ি করিয়া লিখন; Unskilful or inelegant writing; hasty writing.

Scream, skrēm, v. i. [A. S. hreman, to cry out ] চেঁচান; চীংকার-ড়; To cry out with a shrill voice; to shriek:—n. চীংকার স্কৃদি; A shrill, sudden cry; a shriek.

Soreoch, skrēch, v. i. পেচৰণৰ চীংৰাৰ-কু; কৰ্মণ শন্ত-কু; To utter a harsh, shrill and sudden cry:
—n. চীংৰার; কৰ্মণ শন্ত; পেঁচার মত শন্ত; A harsh, shrill and sudden cry; a shriek; cry like an owl. Screech-owl, skrēch-owl, n. এক একার পেঁচা; কাল পেঁচা; A kind of owl.

Screen, skren, n. বেইন; আব্যাধ; ব্যাব্যাধ; ব্যাব্যাধ; গ্রাব্যাধা; Something to shelter or exclude heat, light, or cold; curtain:—চাপুনি; Sieve:—Partition in churches or offices:—v. t. ক্যান্ড; To shelter; to conceal:—আব্যাব্যাধান্ত; To cover:—চাপুনি বিয়া চাপা; To pass through a coarse riddle. Syn:—(\*) Cover, hide, shroud, mask; shield, protect, defend, shelter.

Screw, n. cie, nices chias; son; A cylinder

of metal or wood grooved spirally; a screw-propeller:—চাগ; Pressure:—ফ্লথোর; কুপা; Usurer; miser:—পরীকা; A searching examination:—ত. ঠ. পেঁচ দিরা আটা; স্কুবারা ছাপান; To apply a screw to; to press with a screw:—আর্থ কারা উপ্পাদ্দনক; To oppress by extortion:—পীড়নক; পাক-দে; To squeeze:—বিকৃত-ক; Distort. A screw: ত০০০—বিশ্বনতা; আলুগা; কাক; সব বিভাব নহে; কোন কিছু বিগড়াইখা বাঙৰ; Something wrong; some fregularity, disorder or neglect.

A screwpine tree—কেবা গাছ ; কেতকী বৃক। An old screw—কূপণ সোক।

Put the screw on one—কাহাৰ প্ৰতি কঠোৰ বাব-হাৰ-ক: পেঁচ দিলা ক্ৰিয়া লওলা, Subject one to severe treatment.

Put under the screw—পীচন-ক ; পৌচ-দে।
Screw in—ভোৰ করিয়া প্রবেশ করান ; Force in by
turning or twisting. [ সাহস-ক ; Master courage.
Screw one's courage—কোন কাভ করিবার জন্ত
Screw one's courage to the sticking
place—দুচ্গতিজ বা সাহসী-হ ; To become resolute, determined, or courageous.

Screw out—পাক দিয়া বা নিম্নাচিনা হা বলপ্ৰকি বাহিৰ-কু; জোণ করিবা সংগ্রহ-কু; Press out; extort. Screw up—জাটিনা বন্ধ-কু; এটেনেটো আন কৰিনা রাখা; Fasten; to tighten:—কুফিড করিনা উপরে তোলা; Pinch up:—জোর করিনা কোন কিছু-কু, বন প্রবোগ-কু; Force by pressure:—বডদুর বাডিডে

পাৰে বাড়াৰ; Rack up; raise excessively high. Screw up courage—কোন কিছু কৰিবাৰ জন্ত সাহস-কু; নাহস বাধা; Master up courage.

To draw one's screw—বেতৰ পাওৱা।

Screw-driver, skroo'-driver, n. পেচ বনাইবার বছ ; বিষ্ঠ্ ; হির্দুং ; An instrument for turning screws. Screw-Jack, skroo'-jak, n. ভারি বস্তু উদ্ভোলন করি-বার বছ ; A machine for raising great weights ; see jackscrew.

Screw-nail, skröö'-nal, n. পাাচবিশিষ্ট প্ৰেক; কুণ; A nail in the form of a screw. [screws. Screw-press, n. A machine for pressing by Screw-propeller, skröö'-pro-peler, n. কুবারা হাজিত পোড; A stern vessel or steamer pro-

pelled by screws. Screw-steamer, skrco'-stemer, n. জু বাবা চালিড বাশীর পোড; A steamer propelled by a screw and not by paddles.

Sorew-wrench, n. জু যুরাইবার বন্ত বিশেষ; A. lever for turning screws.

Scribble, skriči, v. t. or v. i. ভাড়াভাড়ি বেখা; অব্যুপুৰ্থক বেখা; To write carelessly and hastily; to write much worthlessly; to scrawl. n= scribbler (আনুশ্বেশক)।

Soribe, skrib, n. [ L. scribe, from scribere, to write ] কেয়াৰ ; লিপিকর ; লেকক ; Writer ; clerk : কালাকৰ্মা ; Notary public :— আইন্দিকক ; Jewish teacher of the law. Syn :— Scrivener, penman, amanuensis, copyist ; secretary, notary.

Sorinamago, n. দাকা; মারামারি; হড়াছড়ি; A. akirmish; a general fight.

Blarimap, skrimp, ত. ঠ. নাংবত-কু; হ্রাস-কু; জতিকুত্র-কু; To make too small or short :—a. রুব; জন্মচুর;

Short, scanty. Syn: - Contract, shorten, curtail, limit, straiten, scant, stint, pinch.

Scrip, skrip, n এক টুক্রা লিখিত কাগল; নিৰিত্ত কাগল পড়; পত্ৰ, চিরকুট, কৰ্ম; A piece of paper containing writing:—হোট থলি; ক্ম থলিয়া; A small bag; a wallet. Syn:—Wallet, satchel. Script, skript, n.[ L. scribo, to write ] হুগাক্রের

Script, skript, n.[L. scribo, to write] হথাক্ষেত্র আসকরণে ছাপার হরণ; Type in the form of writing letters.

Scriptural, a. বাইবেল সৰ্ন্ধীৰ; Biblical. adm scripturally, n - scripturalness.

Scripture, skriptur, n. ধর্মপুত্ত ক , ধর্মপ্রস্ক ; বাই-বেল ; Sacred writings , the Bible :—pl. বাইবেলের বচন ; ধর্মপান্ত । a=scriptural.

Scrivener, skriven-er, n. নকলন্বিশ; A copyist:—চুক্তি বা দানপত্ত লেখক; A conveyancer:— দলিলপত্ত-লেখক; A writer — যে টাকা হলে পাটায়; মহাজন; Money-broker, usurer.

Scrofula, skrōf'ū-la, n. [L. scrofa, a sow] গণনালা বোগ; গলণভ; The king's evil; struma. a=scrofulous (উক্ত নোগে পীচিত)।

Scroll, skiöl, n. আবার্তিত কাগজ; গোল করিরা বাঁথা লেখা কাগজ; Roll of paper or parchment; roll of paper, anything rolled up:—নির্ঘট; তপসিল বাঁ ফর্ম; মুশ্বিদা; A schedule. Syn:—Schedule, list, inventory; flourish, paraph, volute

Scrotum, n. অধ্বোদ; মুছ, Double bag of the testicles. a—scrotal.

Tumour of the scrotum—(क्रिक ।

Scrub, skrub, n. মার্ক্ডনী: মুড়ো থাকুরা; Worn-out broom; worn-bush:—কুলু ঝোপ; Stunted bush; low under-wood:—কুপণ; নীচ বাজি: Niggard: —v. t. জোরে বর্বণ-কু, রগড়াইবা পরিকার-কু; নাকা; To rub hard —v. i. অভিশর পরিকার-কু, To work hard:—a. নীচ; হীন; Mean.

Scrubber, n. বৰ্ধকাৰী; সন্মাৰ্জনী; One who or that which scrubs; gas purifier.

Sorubby, skrubi, a. নীট; হীন; সামান্ত; Mean, worthless:—কুল, Small:—প্তিহচ-বৃদ্ধি; Of stunted growth:—পরিখামী ও কুপণৰভাব; Diligent and penurious.

Scruple, skröö'pi, n. [ L. scrupulus, a doubt ]
সন্দেহ; সন্দোচ; হিবা; Doubt; hesitation, difficulty:—মাটবিঙি পৰিমাণ; 20 grains; third of a
dram:—মাট কৃত্ৰ বস্তু; সামান্ত পৰিমাণ; Any thing
small; a very small quantity:—v. ε. সন্দোচ-কু;
বিচারে হিবা-কু; To doubt, to hesitate in deciding. Syn.—(n) Perplexity, qualm, misgiving.
Scrupulous, skröo'pū-lus, a. স-ক্ষ; সন্দেহপূৰ্ণ;
বস্তুটাকু; সাবধান ঠিক; Cautious, conscientious;
exact. ad = scrupulously (সাবধান, সবিশ্বধান) !
m=scrupulousness. Syn:—Strict, nice, punctilious, careful, precise.

Scrupulousness, skröö'pū-lus-ness, Scrupu-losity, skröö-pū-lośi-ti, দ. নকোচ, নকা; বিধা; ননিকাৰ্য, নংশাকীজভা; ধৰ্মভীতি; বধাবধৰ; Doubt-ness, niceness, preciseness. [minute search-Scrutineer, দ. স্নাক্ষায়নকারী; One who makes Scrutinise, skröö'te-niz, v. f. সমাক্ষায়নকাৰী; ভাগাৰ-কৃ: ভাগাৰ-কৃ: তাৰ-কৃ: বিভাগাৰ-কৃ: তাৰ-কৃ: বিভাগাৰ-কৃ: তাৰ-কৃ: বিভাগাৰ-কৃ: বিভাগাৰ-কি: বি

Sorutiniser, \*. অৰুস্থানকারী; পরীক্ষক; One who makes a minute search or enquiry.

Borutiny, skróð'te-ne, n. ব্যন্ত অনুস্থান: হুল্ল পরীকা; সমাক পরীকা; ডদারক; Search; close investigation; critical examination. Syn:— Examination, sifting, minute inquiry.

Berutoire, %. (लवन-(विकि : ३%ठत ।

Soud, skud, v. i. বেগে চলা; বাবুৰ সন্মুখে বেগে থাবিত-হ; To run before the wind in a gale; to run quickly:—v. t. ফ্রন্ডবেগ-বা; To pass over quickly:—n. বাবুৰ ধারা চালিড মেঘ; A thin cloud driven swiftly by wind:—বেগে থৌড়াব; ফ্রন্ড স্পর্ব; A rushing with precipitation; the act of moving quickly.

Scuffle, skuf'l, v. i. হাতাহাতি ক; নারিনারি-ফু; To strive or struggle with close grasp; to struggle closely; to fight confusedly:—n. ভুমুন বৰ্গড়া; হাতাহাতি; A confused quarrel; a struggle with close grappling.

Sculk-Same as skulk.

Soull, skul, n. ৰুড় কেণ্দি; ছোট দাঁড়; A short light oar:—হোট নৌকা; A small boat:—v. i. বাড়ে বহা; বিকে মারা; বোটে দিয়া বাহন; To impel by sculls. n=sculling.

Souller, skuler, n. কুম নৌকা; A boat rowed by two sculls, pulled by one man:—বে বাজি বেটে দিয়া নৌকা বাহে; One who sculls.

Soullery, skulér-i, n. ভৈজসগত্তানি বে ছালে বাধা হয়; রন্ধনপালা; পাকপালার পার্থ-প্রকাষ্ট : A place for dishes and other kitchen utensils : a backkitchen.

[ A servant for drudgery work.

Soullion, skulyun, n. বাসন-মালা চাকর : ভ্রা;

Soulptor, skulp'tor, n. ভালর : পিলী : বোদ-কারক :

One who carves images or figures. fem = sculptress.

[ Pertaining to sculptures.

Soulptural, s. বোদাই সম্মাল : ভালর-বিদ্যা সম্মাল :

Soulptural, s. বোদাই সম্মাল : কোদন-কর্ব .

Carving : the art of carving :—v. f. কোদন-কর্ব .

Catving : To curve. s=sculptural.

Soum, skum, n. গাৰ; কো; বীজনা; মাড়; Refuse that rises to the surface and is skimmed off; foam or froth; refuse:—v. t. কো ডুলা; গাৰ-ফাটা; গাৰ ডুলিবা প্ৰয়া; হাকিয়া কেলা; To take the scum from; to skin:—v. i. গাঁঝলা-হ; To form a scum. n—scummer.

Soum of society—সমালের অভি হীন লোক; The most restless and worthless part of society.

Scupper, skup'ér, m. জাহাজের পার্বে কুম নর্জনা; পোডতল হুইতে জল ঋপসারিত করিবার পোতপার্গন্থ ছিল; A hole in a ship's side to carry off water. Sourf, skurf, m. বৃস্কি; মরামান; Loose dry scab. a—scurfy. [ sembling scurf. m—scurfiness. Sourfy, a. বৃস্কিবিশিষ্ট; বৃস্কিজ্লা; Having or re-Sourrile, skur'ril, a. মনীবজাবা; গালিপুর্ব; ম্বাচা; আবস্ত; Using low or abusive language; coarse; indecent; low.

Scurrility, skur-rilit-i, এ. আলীব ; বিজ্ঞপ ; পরি-হাস ; আলীলভা ; ইডমাবি ; ভাড়াবি ; Low or obscene jesting ; vulgar abuse ; buffoonery.

Bourrilous, skur'ril-us, a. [L. scurra, 2 bulloon] अजीनकारी; अकड़ ; कर्ड ; जीर ; Using the

obscene language; indecent; vulgar; vile.
ad=scurrilously, n=scurrilousness. Syn:—
Opprobrious, reproachful, insulting, offensive, gross, vile, vulgar, foul.
Scurvily, a. বীচভাব; ব্যভাব; Basely; Scurviness, n. বীচভা; Meanness.

Sourvy, skur've, n. বোগ বিশেষ; কছু; কাউর; A disease accompanied with bleeding and general debility:—a. উক্ত বোগাকাক; Covered by scurf; affected with scurvy:—বীচ; হান; Vile; vulgar, n=scurviness. Syn:—(a) Scabbed, scurfy, scabby; mean, low, contemptible, despicable, paltry, worthless, sorry, pitiful.

Soutage. n. সাবাধানীৰ কয় বিশেষ; A contri-

Soutage, n. পুনাকালীৰ কর বিলেখ ; A. contribution or tax.

Scutcheon, n. চিডিড চর্ম ; চাল ; See escutcheon. A blot in one's scutcheon—সালা বায়পার কালি, বাম, কলম ; A stain on a man's good name Scutiferous, sku-til'er-us, a. [ L. scumtum. n shield, fero, to bear ] চর্মবারী ; Carrying shield. Scutiform, sku'ti-form, a. চর্মবার : Having the form of a shield.

Souttle, skuri, n. ৰাজ্য় ; ৰীকা ; কয়লার আধার .
A broad shallow basket ; a vessel for holding coals :—জাহানের বার বিশেষ ; জাহানের ফিল্ল ; Opening in a deck to admit light or water : - জ্বত্তবেল গলায়ন : A quick run :—v. f. জাহাজানির জলায় বা পার্থে ছিল্ল-কু ; To cut holes through any part of a ship :—ছিল্ল ক্ৰিয়া জাহার ভূগাইয়া-বে ; To sink a ship by cutting holes :—মছন্ন গলায়ন-কু, To run hastily : to hurry.

Avoiding Scylla he fell into Charybdis
— এক বিপদ এড়াইয়া আর এক বিপদে পড়া; Trying
to avoid one danger, he fell into another
equally fatal (Scylla was a rock between Italy
and Sicily, opposite Charybdis.)

Between Scylla and Charybdis-Between two difficulties.

To fall from Scylla into Charybdis—To fall out of the frying pan into fire.

Soymitar, n. ভরবারি; অসি ; See scimitar.

Scythe, sith, n. কাকে; বান কাটিবার বস্ত্র: A kind of sickle; an instrument with a large curved blade for mowing grass:—v. t. কাতে বিনা কাটা; To cut with a scythe; to mow.

Soythian, a. prop. কৃষ্ণ ও কালীয় দাগরের উত্তর-পূর্ব্ব বিধিলা নামক দেল সম্বত্তীর।

Bea, sē, n. সমুত্র ; দাগর ; The ocean ; any large expanse of water less than an ocean :— বৃহৎ হুত্ত ; A large lake :—হিল্লোল ; ভরজ ; Wave ; billow.

At sea—সমূদ্রে; সাগরের বকে; ছল ইইতে ছুরে;
Upon the ocean; on the ocean; away from
the land:—অনিশ্চিত; বলিতে না পারা; Uninformed; uncertain; unable to tell:—অক্লগাধার; কুল-কিনারা-বিহীন অবস্থার; In a vague;
uncertain condition so as not to see one's way.

Go to sea—নাৰিকের ব্যবসা ( নাৰিক-বৃদ্ধি ) অবস্থৰ-কু; ধানাসী-হু; Follow the occupation of a sailor; become a sailor. [ tipsy; half drunk. Half seas over—আৰ-মাতাল; আই মতু; Half Heavy sea—উত্তাল তর্গমর সমুদ্ধ; The sea when

the waves run high.

High-sees High-seas-Sas Aga; The open ocean, as being the common high way of nations. On the high seas - THUE; In the open sea. Put to sea - wiele (ett-(e; Put out to sea, set sail. See of troubles--বিপদ সাপৰ। To be at sea - अकृत त्रमुख शढ़ा ; कृत-किनाता क्षिएक मा शाहेग्रा विशव अवे-स । Sea-bank, sebangk, n. Altasi; The sea-[ sea. Sea-bathed, a. সমূত্রে দারা গোড ; Washed by the Sea-bathing, n. সমুদ্ৰ-খান ; Bathing in the sea. Sea-beach, n. সমূদ্রোপক্ল; Sea-coast. Sea-beaten, a. Dashed or worn by the waves. Bea-board, se'bord, n. সমূহত ; Sea-coast; the sea-shore:- . मभूटलांशकूलवर्खी ; मानवठीवर्ष ; Bordering upon the sea :-- ad. সাগৱাভিমুখ; Toward the sea. Sea-boat, se'-bot, n. তর্কাভিয়াত্রনক্ষ পোত: A vessel considered with reference to her power of maintaining herself in a heavy sea. Ses-born, n. সমুদ্রজাত : Born at sea. sea. Ses-borne, c. সমূত্রপথে আনীত; Wasted by the Ses-bounded, c. সমুদ্ৰ হারা সীমাবদ্ধ . Limited by [ ployed on ship-board. the sea. Sea-boy, n. নাহানেৰ বালক-ভুড়া; A boy em-Ses-breeze, sc'-brez, n. अमूध-बाबू; मानव इट्टेंड আগত বারপ্রবাহ : Soft wind from the sea. Sea-coast, se'kost, #. সমুজভট; বেলাভূমি; The [ -- नाविके ; Sailor. sea-shore. Sea-dog, n. मार्किक वड , Seal :-- होत्रव ; Shark : [ sea ; a sailor. Soa-elephant, n. अन-रखी। Ses-farer, se'far-er, n. नाविक : Traveller at Sea-faring, se'far-ing, a. काहांकी, नमूलगामी; नाविकवृद्धिशांत्री; नाविक-रावनांत्री; Going to sea or belonging to a seaman. Sea-fight, n. जनगुर्क ; Battle of ships. Sea-fowl, Sea-bird, n. त्रमुख्याती शकी; नामुजिक नाही: Birds that live in the sea. Sea-gage, se'gaj, n. জাংজ বে গভীরতা-পরিমাণ জ্বসন্ত্ৰ কৰে; The depth that a vessel sinks in [ Surrounded by the sea. Sos-girt, se'gert, a. मन्ब-त्वहिक; मानब-त्वहिक; Sea-girt isle. n. England, Soa-god, म. वक्रम-त्मव । Sea-going, se'-go'ing, a. मगूजगात्री ; मगूज विहत्र-श्रेष ; Sailing on the deep sea. Boa-groon, se'gren, a. ममूखवर रविष्यं ; मिक्कालव स्रोग मनुष , Green like the sea. Sea-gull, n. This 1 Sea-horror, n. 정당 1 Bea-horne, se'hors, n. সিনুখোটক ; The wairus ; the hippopotamus. [ cabbage. Bonkale, sekal, n. কপি-লাক বিলেব; A kind of

Ses king, se'king, n. लांहीन कनम्बापन वित्नदर्व

ৰেতা: One of the leaders of the early Scanda-

that which makes fast or secure :-- यहा कृ या

लाबाना करत ; That which ratifies or authenti-

navian piratical expeditions.

Seance cates :-- निकार्ता : मध्य : Assurance :-- नावितिक जन्नभोती कह वित्मव ; Sea-animal ; an aquatic carnivorous mammal :-- v. t. বোহর-কু; পালা বোহন-कृ; मिहब बाबा हिस्डि-कृ; To fasten with a seal; to set or affix a seal to; to mark with a stamp : — पृष्ठ-कः मध्य-कः नमर्थन-कः To confirm:---नित्रांभार द्राथा ; ७७ द्राथा ; To keep secure. Syn :---(v) Close, fasten, secure; ratify, sanction; authenticate, attest. Great seal--দশ্মিলিভ (বিটন) বাজ্যের রাজ-সোহর: The state seal of the United Kingdom. Privy seal-The personal seal of the sovereign. Seal the lips, Seal one's lips-quag- ; aq विका थाका ; क्या ना कहा , Prevent speaking or giving information; make one keep quiet; tie frender secure by sealing. one's tongue. Seal up—त्याहत करिया वद-कृ; To shut close; to Sea-language, se'-lang'gway, n. affaffigia বিশেষ ভাষা; The peculiar language or phraseology of sea-men. Sealed book--वाहा कानिवाद (वा नारे : Something that is kept close and cannot be known :-অহানিত ; Something quite unknown. Seal-engraving, रही-en-graving, त. (बाहब (बाहिबाद कोनंत : त्याहब त्काहन विना) ; The art of engraving seals. Sea-level, se'level, n. সমুদ্রের উপরিভাগ : সাগরভাল : The level or surface of the sea. Sealing-wax, scling-wake, n. পত বন্ধ করিবার ब्ब्ब बोला: त्यांट्य कविवाद बाला: ठीठ बाला: Wax for sealing letters &c. Sea-lion, n. कल-मिरह , मामूजिक कड विश्वत । Sonn, sem, n. [ A. S. seam, from seowian, to sew ] কাপতেৰ ছুই থাৰের বোড : সেলাইরের সন্ধি বা বোড IT: The line formed by the sewing together of two pieces, a line of union; the joining or two edges of cloth :-- পদা হব ; A thin layer or stratum :-- थ. र. मिनाई कविवा व्याप्त-पः, मिनाई-कः, To unite by a seam, to sew : -- দীবন রেণাণ্ডি-ক : To make a seam in. amseamy. Syn:-(n) Suture ; commissure, joint ; fissure, crevice ; stratum, vein, layer ; scar, cicatrix. Sesman, ee'man, n. नादिक ; बानामि ; बन-रेमनिक : Sailor; navigator. Seamanship, se'man-ship, n. त्नोका हानान विका : माविक विमा , Good management of a ship ; the art of working ship. Sea-mark, se'mark, n. आलांक निर्मान; नाविक-पिटांत अवश्रम्ब निवर्णन विभाषा अक्षा कि : A beacon; a conspicuous object on land seen from the sea. [ species of gull. Sea-mew, se'mu, #. সামুদ্রিক পক্ষিবিশেষ ; A Seamless, semies, a. আগাগোড়া বোনা; Woven throughout. Seamstress, semtress, n. বীলোকের ব্চীকর্ম क्रेंशकीविका: मुठीकर्चकाहिन मात्री; त्याप नव्यी; A Beal, sel, n. क्लिफिड भाज; नांबाहिक लाहत ; Stamp woman who sews. Seamy, semi, n. शैवनिवाविनिष्ठे ; Having a seam. engraved for yielding an impression :- भारत ; Bean, sen, n. वृद्ध स्रोत ; A drag-net ; seine. Official emblem of a state or corporation :-Seance, #. ममलिन् ; रेवर्डन ; व्यक्तमिक-वानीनिरम्ब যোহা ; মুক্তি লাকাণি ; Fastening for a letter ;

रेवर्डक ; A sitting ; a session, as of some public

body.

Bes-nymph, n. तिक्षवी।

Bea-piece, se pes, n. শন্তের চিত্র; সাগর বৃত্তের চিত্র; Painting or picture representing a scene at sea. Bea-port, se port, n. বন্দর; Port or harbour for sea-going ships:—সম্প্রতির্হ নগর; Port or town near such a harbour.

Bes-quake, n. জলক্ষা।

Sear, ser, v. t. ৰদ্ধ-কু; বৰ্দাৰ; গুছ-কু; বিৰণ-কু; To burn; to scorch; to wither; to cauterise; to dry up; to make callous:—কটিন-কু; To cender callous or insensible:—a, শীৰ্ণ; গুছ; বিৰণ; Dry; withered.

Sear and yellow leaf—attems of the; That period of life when the body begins to decay.
Sear up—To close by cauterising.

Search, serch, v. t. [ L. circure, to go about, seek ] অনুসন্ধান-কৃ; আরেবণ-কৃ; বৌজ-কৃ; To seek; to look round to find —পরীকা-কৃ; To examine: —পরিদর্শন-কৃ; To inspect:—আবিচার-কৃ; Explore:—পরীকা-কৃ; পরথ কৃ; To put to the test:—
অনুসাধান-কৃ; সন্ধান-কৃ; তত্ত্ব বিজ্ঞাসা-কৃ; To seek; to make inquiry:—n. অনুসন্ধান: অবেবণ; বৌজ; Inquiry; investigation:—পরীকা; Examination:
—ন্ধ্যান, অনুস্বণ; Pursuit. Syn:—(v) Scrutinize, investigate, pry, inquire. (n) Scrutiny, exploration, research, quest.

In search of—অৰুসন্ধাৰ্ম ; In quest of.

Right of search—Right claimed by a nation to authorise her naval commanders to examine the merchant-vessels of other nations in time of war.

Search into-প্রীক্ষা-কৃ . Examine into.

Soarch out—ৰপুসন্ধান বারা পাওয়া , ওঁজিয়া বাহির-কু; Find by seeking ; seek till found.

Bearcher, scichei, n. আঘেৰক; অনুসন্ধানকারী; পরীকক; A sceker, an inquirer, an examiner:— Custom-house officer:—A woman, who searches dead bodies.

Searching, serching, a. কর্সকানকরৌ; তরভয়কারী; স্ত্রদর্শী; Looking over clo-ely:—বিচক্ষণ; তীক; Penetrating; trying:—কঠোব; কঠিন, Severe: —স্ত্র; Minute:—n. অবেবণ। ad=searchingly (সবিশেষকপে)।

Soaroh-warrant, sércli-wor'ant, n. হে কুক্ৰ-নামার বলে লোকের বাটী থানা-ভল্লানি হয়, A legal warrant to search a house for stolen goods.

Sear-cloth, ser'-kloth, u. কত আনুত কৰিবাৰ কাপজ বিশেষ; A cloth to cover a sore; a plaster: u. r. ঐ কাপড় দিয়া আনুত করা বা বাধা; To cover or bind with sear-cloth.

Beared, a. দখনুত . Burned :—কটিন: Hardened.
Bea-room, চল্লেটটা, n. জাহান চড়ায় লাগিবার ভ্ৰণ্ড
হইয়া সমুদ্রবক্ষে বিচরণ করিবার প্রচুব স্থান: Ample
room or space at for a ship to drive about without danger of running ashore; open sea;
room for sailing.
[Pirate.
Bea-robber, serober, n. জনসন্থা; বোষেটিয়া;

Sea-robber, se'rober, n. জনগড়া ; বেধেটিয়া ; Sea-rover, n. জনগড়া ; Pirate. [ sea. Sea-roving, n. জনপথে অমণ ; Wandering on the

Half seas over—আৰ মাত্ৰাৰ ; Wandering on the Best seas over—আৰ মাত্ৰাৰ ; Half drunk. Sea-salt. se'salt. n. সেত্ৰৰ হাৰণ : Salt made

Sou-salt, se'salt, n. (1964 1974; Salt made trom sea-water by evaporation.

Sea-serpent, se'-per'pent, n. কাছনিক সৰ্কের আনি; প্ৰকাণ সৰ্গ; A fabulous sea-animal. [ Navy. Sea-service, n. Service at sea:—বৰ্ণোতসৰ্থ; Sea-shore, se'shor, n. সমূত্ৰত ; বেলাভূমি; A shore or coast of the sea; the land adjacent to the sea.

Sea-sick, se'sik, a. জাহাজের আন্দোলনে বমনোবেগ-বিশিষ্ট; Affected with nausea through the rolling of a vessel at sea.

Bos-sickness, n. काशास्त्र आत्नानगरनंत्रः वयता-বেগ; Nausca seizing people on going to sea. Sea-side, se'sid, n. मगुज्ञक ; मगुज्ज किनाता ; The shore of the sea; the land bordering on the sea. Season, se'zn, n. [ L. satio, a sowing, from severe, satum, to sow, plant ] \$5; One of the four principal divisions of the year :-- সময় ; কাল ; Any period of time:--কোন বিশেষ সময়; Any particular time :—উপৰ্ক্ত সময় ; সুযোগ ; Fit time ; opportunity :-- খ. f. ব্ৰাছ-কু; হ্ৰাৰ-কু; মননা-ৰে; To render palatable; to fit for the taste:-ৰাবহারোপযোগী-কু; ব্যবহারের জক্ম উপযোগী-কু; প্রস্তুত্ত-ৰু; To prepare for use:—( কোন কিছুতে ) অভাও-কু; To accustom .—প্ৰশ্মিড-কু, To moderate :— পরিপক্ষ ক ; To make mature ; to mature :— মিত্রিত-ক ; To mingle :—মার্ড-ক ; কোমলতব-ক ; To moderate: -- v. i পন্ধ-ছ; পরিপন্ধ-ছ; To become mature :---ৰভাত-হ; জৰবাৰু সহিষু-ছ; To be inured, to become adapted to a climate:-উপযোগী-হ ; To grow fit for use :-- ভঙ্ক ও শক্ত-ছ . To become dry and hard as timber. Syn: --(n) Period, time, conjuncture, occasion, opportunity, term, spell, interval. (v) Habituate, inure, harden; mature, prepare, temper, qualify. In due sosson—डेशररात्री; दशकारत; वशामगतः

At suitable times.
In soason--সম্বেচিত; তৎকালে; Timely.

In season and out of season—কালাকাৰ বিবেচনা না করিবা : সর্বনা ; প্রতিনিয়ত।

Out of soason—অসমতে ; ঠিক সমতে নতে ; সময় অত্যিত করিলা ; Inopportune , too late ; not in the proper time.

Season, (or temper) with—বভটা হুটলে ভাল হ্য কিছুব সহিত তভটা মিপ্রিড-কু; Mingle in duc proposition with:—কোন গুণোব গারা কাহারও সন্তোষকর-কু; Render agreeable by.

Seasonable, se'zn-a-bl, a. সমবোচিত; ঘণাসমমে আগত. Timely; opportune. ad = seasonably, n = seasonableness. Syn:—Fit, convenient, appropriate, suitable, apropo.

Seasoned, p. a. পরন মদলা বারা স্বাছ্তৃতঃ; পদ; পবিত্রু; পচান। [food. Seasoned food.—মসলাযুক্ত থাল্যসাহলী; .Spiced Soasoned timber—শুক্ত কাঠ; Dried timber. Seasoning, n. লবণ মসলাদি যাবাতে থালা ক্ষরাত

Seasoning, u. লবণ মনলাদি মাহাতে থানা ক্ৰান্ত করে; That which is added to food to give it a higher relish. [cussion of seasons.

Seasonless, a. ব্লাহিবৰ্ডন্ত, Without suc-Season ticket, n. A ticket or pass for travelling on a Railway at pleasure to a certain station named for an extended period.

Sont, set, n. [A. S. stot, set ] আদন: বেক. চৌকি: পিড়ে, জিন প্রভৃতি, Chair, bench:—স্থান, ৰাজ্যা; Station; site:—বাসন্থান, আবাস; Dwelling; abode; country house:—ক্ষডাৰ হল; আন্তঃ]: Post of authority, as member of a legis—lative or administrative body:—v. t. উপবেশিড-কৃ; আসনে উপবিই-কৃ; To place on a seat:—উপবেশন করান; To cause to sit down:—ভাশিত-কৃ; To establish:—হাশিড-কৃ; আসন নিদিন্ত করিবা-দে; To place in any situation. Syn:—(n) Settle, stool; place, situation; abode, residence, mansion; bottom, fundament, foundation, base.

Seat of authority—The place of government. Seated, a. আসীন; উপৰিষ্ট।

Boa-term, n. नाविक-छारा।

Sea-unicorn, se'-u'ni-korn, n. সামুদ্রিক বস্ত বিশেষ : The narwhal.

Sea-urchin, se'-ur'chin, नाव्जिक वह ; The seahedge hog.

Sea-voyage, n. সমুদ্রে অমণ; Journey by sea. Sea-ward, se'ward, ad. নাগৱাভিমুখে; সমুদ্রাভিমুখে; Towards or in the direction of the sea:—a. নমুদ্রাভিমুখীন, Toward the sea.

Sea-weed, se'wed, n, সমূত্ৰক উদ্ভিগ; A sea-plant. Sea-worthy, se'wurthi, a. সমূত্ৰ গমনোপত্ৰক; সমূত্ৰ-বাজোপথাকী; Fit to go to see; fit for the voyage by sea. n= sea-worthiness.

Sebesten, n. तुक वित्नव ও उरकत।

Secant, st'kant, a. ছেদক; বিধান বিভালক; Cutting; dividing into two parts,—n. যে দরল রেখা কোনও বক্র বেখাকে হই বা ততােধিক বিন্তুত ছেদন করে: ছেদিনী, অবজ্ঞেদক বেখা; A straight line drawn from the centre of a circle to one end of an arc, and produced till it meets the tangent to the other hand.

Secode, হল-চলে, v. i. [L. se, aside, cedere, to go, move] পৃথক-হ; সমাজ ছাচিয়া দুৰ্বতী-হ; কিন্তুমত প্রধা-কু; অপস্বা-কু; Separate one's self; to withdraw from fellowship; retire; draw off. Secoder, se হেবলৈ, n. যে ব্যক্তি অপস্ত চয; ভিন্ন মত প্রকাশনী; One who secodes:—ক্ত্লভেৰ প্রচালত ধর্মত ইতৈ বিজিল্লকাৰী; Dissenter from the Scotch church.

Secession, se-se-hun, n. মতান্তর অবলয়ন; অপস-বণ; সমাজ ত্যাগপ্তকে বহিগমন; Withdrawal; departure.

Seclude, se-klood, v. i. [L. se, apart, claudo, to shut] খতন্ত্ৰ-কু; খতন্ত্ৰ কবিবা আবদ্ধ-কু; নিৰ্জ্জনে রাধা; নমালাদি হইতে দুৰ্বধী-কু, To keep apart, to shut privately; shut out to withdraw into solitude.

Beclusion, se-klū'zhun, n. নিৰ্জ্ন বাস; নিৰ্ভূত বা বিষ্কু বাস; Retirement; solitude; priyacy. Syn: —Separation, withdrawment; secrecy-

Second, sek'und, a. বিতীয়, The ordinal of two:
—অপেকাকত চোট, নিয়পদত্ব; Next in dignity;
inferior:—৩. ঃ. সমর্থন-তৃ; অপুমোদন-তৃ; সাহায়-তৃ;
To help; to assist; to support; to follow; to
encourage:—এ. সাহায়কারী; পৃত্তপাবক; Promoter,
supporter:—ব্ৰব্যুক সহকারী; One who attends
another in a duel:—এক বিনিটের বাটভাগের এক ভাল;
foth part of a minute. Syn:—(n) Bucker, assistant; moment, instant, trice, juffy.

Play second fiddle— (34 Startia-\$; Act in a subordinate capacity; play a subordinate part.

Second to none—কাহাৰ আগকা ছোট নহে। কাহা-ৰণ্ড আগকা কৰ বা হীন নহে। Inferior to none. The second hand—কটাৰ বে কাটাৰ সেকেও স্থাতিত হয়। বোডকাটা।

To come off second best—হারিগ! আন্। Without a second—অতুন; অদ্বিতীয়। Secondarily, ad. দিতীয়ত: ; Secondly.

Secondary, sekund-ar-e, a. অপ্ৰান; বিতীক-হানহ; গৌণ, অধান; Inferior: subordinate; not primary; deputed —n. অপ্ৰধান লোক; অধ্যত্ত বাজি: A subordinate; adeputy:—প্ৰতিনিধি; A delegate or deputy. Syn:—(a) Second, secondrate, minor, unimportant.

Secondary-age—कृ-बलहत् यून ।

Sedonder, ekund-er, n. সাহায্যকারী ; পৃষ্ঠ-পোৰক ; One who supports.

Second-estate, n. House of Lords.

Second-hand, a. প্রাতন ; ভূতপুর্ক ; Not new or original ; what has been used before ;—n. প্রাধিকাবী হইতে প্রাপ্ত বস্তু ; Possession obtained from a previous owner. [ second place.
Secondly, sekund-li, adv. বিভানত: ; In the

Secondly, sekund-li, adv. বিভাৰত:; In the Second-rate, a. মাঝামাঝি; মধ্যম; Of the second size, rank, or value.

Second-sight, sekund-sit, গ. ভবিবাং দৃষ্ট ; দিবাচকু; দূরদর্শন ব্যক্তি ; Clairvoyance ; prophetic vision ; the power of seeing things future or distant.

Second-sighted, a. पिराहक्तिहे।

Second thought-প्निश्तित्वना ।

On second thoughts—পুনরার ভেবে দেখিরা; After thinking over the matter again.

Secrecy, গেঁkre-se, Secretness, n. সংখতি ; গোপন ; Concealment ; privacy :—নির্জন বাস ; নির্জনতা ; Retirement ; seclusion.

Beoret, sc'kret, a. [ L. secretus, pp. of secornere, to put apart ] গোপনীয়: বৃকাষিত; Hidden:
অনুষ্ট, Unseen:—নিৰ্কান; নিজ্ত; Sceluded; retired:—গোপনীয়: ভতঃ ; গৃচ; Private:—চিপা; Reserved:—n. ভফ বিষয়; বৃহস্ত; Something conccaled; anything unrevealed or unknown;
a mystery. Syn:—(e) Concealed, unknown,
obscure, recondite, latent, convert, unseen;
occult; sly, clande-tine, underhand.

An open secret—উব্ভিন্ন বহস্ত ।

In secret—গোপনে; অথকান্তে; Secretly, Make no secret of—গোপন না-কু; Not to conceal; not to keep back.

Secretarial, ৫. অমাত্য বা কাৰ্য্যসাদক, বা ভলীৰ কৰ্ব্য সৰ্কীয়। [ বৰ বা আদিস।
Secretariat, Secretariate, ৯. কাৰ্য্যাব্যক্ষের সেবেছা
Secretary, sekre-tar-1, ৯. কেণক; Writer :কাৰ্য্যাব্যক্ষ কৰ্মনিৰ্কাহক মভার সম্পাদক; Executive officer of a state, society, or office. a=secretarial (কৰ্ব্য সম্বন্ধীয়)।
A secretary of state—রাজ্যনাসন বিভাগ বিশেবের

A secretary of state—রাজ্যশানৰ বিভাগ বিভ Secretary-bird, n. সর্পনাগক পদ্ধিবিশেষ।

Secretary-ship, #. কাণাপকতা।

Secrete, se-krē', v. t. গোপন-কু: প্ৰাইলা রাখা; To hide; conceal:—বঙ্গ-কু; To seperate. Secretion, se-krē'shun, n. বিষ্ণাল; বিলেখণ; বিজ্ জন সম Separation of juices; that, which is

পত রস: Separation of juices; that, which is secreted; the matter secreted.

Secretly, ad, মোগনে; আনাতনারে; আনাতনে; Privately; inwardly. [ being secret. Secretness, n. গোগনীয়ভা; গৃঢ়ত্ব; The state of Secretory, se-krল্লানে, a. নস্মানী; বত্যীকানক; Performing the office of secretion.

Sect, sekt, n. ধর্মস্তাদার; খণ; Body of persons holding the same opinions in philosophy or religion.

Sectarian, sek-tári-an, a. সাম্মাণানিক; Pertaining to or peculiar to a sect:—সম্মাণানুক; সম্মাণানুক ; One of a sect.

Sectarianism, sek-tári-an-izm, n. সাম্প্রদাবি-কতা; সৌড়াবি ; Devotion to a sect.

Sectary, sektar-i, n. ভিন্নতাবলবী; বিশেষ মতা-বল্মী; Dissenter. [cut. Sectile, a. ছেগনীয়; কর্তনীয়; Capable of being Section, sekshun, n. [L. sectio, from secare, sectum, to cut off] ছেগল; খতর আংখা; বিভাগ: ভাগ; Division:—পরিছেদ; প্রকরণ, Portion:— কোন বল্লকে কাটিলে বেল্লপ দেখার ভাষাকার চিত্র; Representation of a building supposed to be cut through so as to show its interior:—একটা খনক্ষেত্র

through so as to show its interior:—একটা খনকের ও ওলের পরশার ছেবোৎপর তাল; The surface formed when a solid is cut by a plane. a—sectional (অংশ সম্বন্ধীয়; আংশিক, সাম্ম্বদায়িক)। ad—sectionally. Syn:—Fraction, piece; subdivision.

Conic section, n. তিতুজাবহিত ঘনকেত ছেলোংগর বক্ত রেখা।

Section of an Act—আইনেব ধারা। This section—ছেফিড পাতনা পাত। Sectionalism, ম. সম্মান্তিকতা।

Sector, sektur, n. বালাছিব-নধানতী বৃদ্যাল ; A part of a circle bounded by two radii and the intercepted arc :—গণিত বসু নিশেষ; বৃত্তপত ; বৃত্ত-জ্যেষ; Mathematical instrument:—Astronomical instrument.

Secular, sekū-lar, a. পাৰ্থিৰ , সাংসাৰিক ; ইছিক ; লৌকিক ; বৈৰ্থিক ; Worldly ; not ecclesiastical or monkish :— স. বাজকেত্ৰ লোক ; বিৰধী লোক ; A layman ; an ecclesiastic not bound by monastic rule. ad=secularly. Syn :— Temporal, civil, profane.

Secular games, n. In ancient Rome games celebrated once every 100 years.

Secularise, seku-lar-iz, v. t. সাংসারিক কার্যে নিৰ্ক-ক; সাংসারিক-ক; To make worldy; to convert from spiritual to common use.

Secularism, Secularity, sek-u-lar'i-ti, n.
নাংনারিকভা; নৌকিকভা; ইহিকভা; সাংনারিক বৃদ্ধি;
Worldliness.

Secularist, n. माःमंत्रिक वा रेवविक्रका।

Secundine, n. গর্তাকার; প্রাণাবরণ! [secured. Secureble, se-kur'a-bl, a. বন্ধনার, That may be Secure, se-kur'a. [L. securus, from se, for sine, without, and cura, care] বিশ্বাপন; বিশ্ববেশ; বিশেষ; Safe; easy in mind:—আসাবধান; Incautious:—বাভিন্ন ক্রমা; Confident:—বিভিন্ন; Certain:—v. t. বিশ্বনার; স্বাপার-কু; আর্থান-কু;

Becurely, ad. निर्कात ; निर्कात ; Safely.

Becurity, se-kur'e-te, n. বিদ্পাৰ্ক); আজা; বিশিষ্ক); Safety:—বকা; বকা; Defence; protection:—প্রভিড়; ভামিন; Surety:—বকা; Pledge:—বিক্ষক); Certainty:—আনব্যান্ক); Carelessness:—pl. বিদর্শন পঞ্জ; Bonds or certificates in evidence of debt or property. Syn:—Guard, shelter, protection, safeguard; safe-keeping, pawn, deposit; warrant, guarantee.

Sedan, se-dan, n. শিবিকা; গাকী বিশেষ; Portable coach, covered chair.

Sedate, se-dat, a. [ L. sedatus, pp. of sedare, to allay, calm ] শাত , অগাত ; ছিন্ন ; ধীন ; পত্নীন ; Quiet , calm ; serene ; serious. n=sedateness (হৈগ; ধীনতা)। ad=sedately (অশাতভাবে)। Syn:—Settled, composed, quiet, tranquil, still, staid, contemplative, sober, serious.

Sedative, seda-tiv, a. উপণ্যকারী; পান্তিকর; Moderating:—n. শান্তিকর উবণ; A remedy that allays in irritation or pain. Syn:—Soothing, tranquillizing, emollient, lenitive, balmy.

Sedentary, seden-tar-i, a. উপবেশনীল; জলন; কাথ্যবিষ্ধ, অচলিকু; নিশ্চৰ, Occupied in sitting; in active; sluggish. n-sedentariness. adsedentarily. [a court.

Bederunt, n. অধিবেশন ; বৈঠক ; A sitting, as of Sedge, sej, n. লভা বা খ'দ বিশেব ; Reed.

Sedged, a. সেছত্ৰ নিশ্বিত : Composed of sedge. Sedgy, a. সেজত্বিত : Owngrown with sedge.

Bediment, sede-mont, n. [ L. sedimentum, from sedere, to settle ] পলি; কাইট ; পিটা; ডলানি; গান; Dregs; refuse; loes. a = sedimentary (সাক্ত্রুত্ত, পিটনম্বান)। Syn:—Settlings, residuum, precipitate, grounds.

Sedition, sc-dishun, n. [L. seditio, from se, aside, and itio, a going] বাৰাবিটোই; Insurrection; conspiring against government; tumult:
—বাজাৰ প্ৰতি অন্যোৰ-উত্তেশনা; The stiring up discontent against government. Syn:—Riot, rebellion, revolt, mutiny.

[ sedition. Seditionary, n. বাৰাবিটোইকারী; Promoter of

Seditious, se-diviceus, a. রাজবিরোহসম্মীয় ; বিলোহজ্ঞম ; শাসম-বিরোধী . Pertaining to a sedition : 'ending to excite sedition :—হাজবে বিশু ; হাজানী ; বিশ্ববনারী ; Turbulent. ad = seditiously. n = seditiousness. Syn :—Riotous, mutinous, rebellious, factious, insurgent, incendiary.

Seduce, \হ-da', v. t. [L. se, aside, and ducere, to lead] কুপৰগানী কয় ; কুপৰে লইয়া-বা ; অসং পৰে লইয়া বাৰয়া ; বৰ্ষজা-কু ; To entice ; to lead astray ; to corrupt. n = seduceness. Syn:—Allure, tempt, attract, mislead, decoy, inveigle, corrupt, depraye.

Soducer, প. ছীলোকের ধর্মনাশক। Seducement, se-dusment, প. কলোভন; Allure-Seducible, a. মুখীন; Corruptible, Seduction, se-dukshun, প. ছীহৰণ ; ছীলোবেৰ পর্মনান ; The crime of fraudulently depriving a woman of her chastity :— মুদর্শে প্রযুদ্ধি বান ; প্রলো-ডব ; Enticement ; allurement.

Seductive, se-duktiv, a. atmerais: atmer; Tending to seduce or lead astray. ad=seductively. Sym:—Alluring, enticing, tempting, showy, specious.

Sedulous, sedulus, a. [ L. sedulus, from sedere, to sit ] পরিভ্রমী; অমপীল; Diligent; constant. ক্ষতেdulousness ( অম্পানতা )। ad=sedulously ( অমন্থারে )। Syn:—Assiduous, laborious, industrious, persevering unremitting.

See, se, n. পোপের অধিকার; ধর্মাধাকের আদন; Seat of the Pope or Bishop:—ধর্মাধাকের অধিকার; A diocese; the jurisdiction of a bishop.

Soe, sē, v. t. ফর্ন-কু; দেখা; Perceive by the eye; behold; look:—দৃষ্ট-কু; নাকাং-কু; Visit; call on:—বুখা; হিন-কু; To understand:—দর্শন-কু; Observe; discern:—অবলোকন; To witness:—v. t. ফর্ম-শান্তিবিশিষ্ট-হ; দর্শনকার্থ্য সম্পাদন-কু; To have the power of sight:—সংলাবেগী-হু: সাবধান-হু: To be attentive:—int. (প্রধু! Syn:—Behold, descry, view, spy; note, mark; discover; comprehend, understand.

Let me see—রোদো দেখি (ভেবে দেখি) : বৃথিয়া দেখি ; Wait a moment ; let me think about it.

See about, (after, for)—টগার অবস্থন-কু, তদা-ব্ৰ-কু, Take measures for; supervise.

See about a thing—বিবেচনা-কু: মনোনিবেশ-কু। See at a glance—সম্বর দেখা; Discover by mere look.

See fair play—স্বাবহার বাহাতে হয় তবিবরে দেবা; To secure just and equitable treatment.

See good—ভাল বিবেচনা-কু; Think good.

See how the land lies—অনুস্কান-কু, আবেৰ-কু; Make examination or inquiry; to reconnoitre. See into—অব্সকান-কু; Enquire into; ascertain what is going on within.

স্থান হৈ বুলাল বা কালাল ৪৩০ life—ছনিগলাতি কিলপ জিনিস ভাহা নিকে কেবা; সংসায় বে কি জিনিস ভাহা কেবা; Have actual experience of the hardships of life.

See off - প্রস্থানকালে সঙ্গে ঘাইরা বিষায় দেওরা।

See one of—কোৰ ছান হইতে কাহাকে বাইতে বেখা; Accompany one to a place of starting and wait with him till he departs.

See one to a place—কোন স্থানে কাহাকে পৌছান, To attend one to a place and see that he reaches it.

Bee one's way clear—নিজের শুখ পরিকার দেখা,

To perceive or discern that a course of action is right or best.

See out—আগগোড়া দেখা।

See service--শক্তৰ সহিত বিবাদ-কু; To come into actual conflict with the enemy.

\$00 stars-5 क्म महिया मून प्रथा।

Bee the light-अवाणिक ह ; To be published.

See the point—ৰৰ্থ ব্ৰিছে পাৰা, To discern the meaning; to comprehend the importance, force or application.

See through—ভিতর পর্বান্ত দেখিতে পাতরা; বেশ বুখিতে পারা: মাধাব্য-কু; Penetrate into; understand, comprehend.

See through and through—ভঃ ভঃ ক্রিয়া বেধা ; বেধিয়া ব্ৰিতে পারা ; Penetrate into or understand thoroughly.

See to — চৰাবধান-ড়; মনোবোর-ড়; বেৰা থবা ; Look after ; give heed ; take care of ; attend to.

See to it--- शांवराय-इ , मरनारवांश-इ ।

See with half an eye—সময় বৃত্তিত পারা; Discern or understand easily.

Seed, sed, n. বাজ; বাচ; মুল; Sperm; embryo; germ:—সভান সভতি; Offspring:—আদিকারণ; First principle; original:—বংশ; Descendants:
—ত. i. বীজ উৎপাদন-কৃ, বীজ প্রস্ব-কৃ; বীজ প্রস্ক-হ; To produce seed:—v. t. বীজ বপন-কৃ; To sow.

Run to sood--रोक धानवार निरंदक-इ।

Sow the seed of discord—বিবাদের বীজ-বপন-জু। Seed-bud, sedbud, n. কলের ভটি; বীজের খটি; The bud or germ of the seed.

Seedcake, n. পিটুক বিশেব; A sweet cake. Seeder, n. ধে বীজ বপৰ বা রোপণ করে; One who sows or plants seeds.

Seed-field, Seed-garden, n. বীজের ক্রে বা বাদান : A field or garden for raising seed.

Beed-grain—বীনাৰ্থ রক্ষিত শস্ত।

Seedling, sed'ling, n. বীচিন্ন চানা; বীলোৎপন্ন বৃক; A plant reared from the seed.

Seedlobe, sed'löb, n. বুকের পত্র : বীজ পত্র ; The lobe or leaf of a plant which nourishes the growing plant or seed.

Seed-oil, n. বীষের তৈল।

Seed-pearl, n. क्ष मूखा।

Seed-plot, n. वीवडना ।

Seedsman, sediman, n. বীজ-ব্যবসায়ী; বীজ-বর্ণন-কারী, A man who deals in seeds; a sower.

Soed-time, sed'tim, n. বণৰ বা বোপৰ করিবার কাল; বীজ বপনের ফাল; The season fit for sowing. Seed-vessel, n. বীজ-পুটক;

Seedy, sēd'i, a. बीजपूर्व; बीजपूर्व; Abounding with seed:—अवावहांवा; जीर्च; बैर्च; Worn out, shabby. ad=seedily, n=seediness.

Seedy toe—যোড়ার ধুরের রোগ বিপেষ।

Seeing, se'ing, n. খণন ; দৃষ্টি ; Sight ; vision : conj. বেছেডু ; ধণন ; Since.

Seek, sek, v. t. অবেণ-কৃ; বৌঞা; অনুস্থান-কৃ; To look for; to search for; to try to find:—প্রার্থনা-কৃ; বাজ্ঞা-কৃ; Solicit:—টেরা পাওরা; To try for:—v. i. অনুস্থান-কৃ; To make search or mujury:—টেরা-কৃ, To try; to attempt:—প্রার্থনা-কৃ; অনুস্থান-কৃ; To use solicitation. n=seeker ( অবেণ্ণার্থনা কৃ) । Syn:—Inquire; ask; try, endeavour, attempt, strive.

Seek a clue - কঠিন বিৰয়ের সন্ধান পাওয়া, To seek explanation or guidance in a difficult or perplexing matter.

Seek after-অনুসরণ-কু।

Seek for-পাইতে চেপ্তা-ক।

Seel, v. t. अब-कृ ; To render blind.

Seem, sem, v. s. বোধ-হ; প্রতীয়মান-হ; To appear like; to have a show or sumblance; appear; look.

It seems--तांथ श्रेटल्ट्ड ; लांटक बरन ।

Seeming, seming, a. আপাততঃ প্রভাগনান ; বাহ ; Apparent ; specious , ostensible :—n. আমৃতি ; আকার; সায়ত্ত; Appearance; semblance. ad = seemingly ( আপাডত: ; বাহত: )।

Seemly, serile, a. উপযুক্ত , উপবোধী; হালা; Suitable; becoming; decent. n = seemliness (উচিডা; মৌশুর্রা)। Syn: — Fit, proper, appropriate, congruous, meet, docorous; comely, fair.

Seen, ( ) p. p. of see.

Have seen service—নিজে (হাতে কলনে) বৃদ্ধ-ত্ব ; Have come into actual contact with the enemy. Have seen the world—ন্যানে বাসুৰ কিরপে চলে ভাহা বেশ করিয়া দেখা ও জানা ; সাংসায়িক জ্ঞানে পরিপক্ষ হবয়া ; Have had experience of how men conduct themselves in the ordinary affairs of life.

To be seen—দৃষ্ট বা প্রতীত-হ।

Seer, গ্ৰহং, n. ভবিষ্থা ; জাবীখনা ; A prophet :
ক্ৰি: Syn:--Predictor, foreteller, vaticinator.

See-saw, গ্ৰহ'saw, n. নাগ্ৰ দোলা ; দোলনা ; বাক্গণের কীড়ার্থে টেকিকল ; A play among children,
in which two seated at opposite ends of a
board supported in the middle move alternately up and down :--- v. দোলা ; To move backwards and forwards:--- দোলার্ডান ; দোলার্ডান ;

Moving up and down, moving to and fro.

Seethe, seth, v. t. দিছ-কৃ, পাক-কৃ; To boil:—
v. i. দিছ-কৃ; To be boiling. pt=seathed, pp=
seethed, sodden.

Segment, scg'ment, n. [L. segmentum, from secare, to cut] ৰাখ ; বভ , Section, portion, part:
—A part cut off from a figure by a line or plane:—বৃদ্ধাৰে, The part of a circle cut off by a chord.

Begment of a circle—বেগাছির বৃত্তাংশ। Segmental, ৫. পুসুকার।

Sogregate, seg're-gat, v. t. [ L. se, aside, gregare, to collect ] পৃথক-তৃ; বতন্ত্ৰ-তৃ; To separate; to set apart; dissociate; isolate. n=segregation (পুথক করণ; বিজেষ)।

Seignior, schyur, n. মহান্ধন; প্রভু; মহানা; সমান-স্থান পদবী, Lord; lord of a manor. a=seignorial The grand seignior—তুর্কের স্বাভান, The Sultan Turkey.

Seigniorage, n. বাজার প্রাপ্য অংশ ; রাজনান্ত। Seigniory, schyu:-ı, n. প্রভূত্ব ; Lordship.

Seine, Sein, ম. মংস্ত ধরিবার আল বিশেষ, A large net for catching fish.

Seismie, Seismal, a. ভূমিকপ সম্ভীয়; Pertaining to an earthquake.

Seismology, n. ভূমিকপ বিজ্ঞান; The science of Seisable, a. কোক করণীয়, That may be seized.

Seise, sez, u. t. গুত-কু, ধ্বা; To catch:—বল পূর্বাক অধিকান-কু, দখল-কু, To take possession.—
আক্ষণ-কু, To invade, attack; take hold of —
কুড-কু; পাক্ডান; বেধান-কু; To apprehend; to

মুড-কৃ; পাকড়ান; প্রেপ্তান-কৃ; To apprehend; to arrest:—মনে ধারণা-কৃ; To grasp. n=setzer, a=setzable. Syn —Grasp, clutch, snatch, take, capture; bind, fasten.

Beize up--পাতি এদানার্থ বন্ধন-তু।

Seize upon (on)—431; Hold on:—443463 444-4; Take possession of (by force).

Seinn, se'zun, n. ধৃত করণ; Seizing:—ব্ধল; অধিকার; Possession:—অধিকার বস্তু; The thing possessed. Seigure, se'zhōōr', ম. বৃত করণ; কোক করণ; বেজার; ববল; Act of seizing; capture:—আনিকৃত বস্ত;; Thing possessed; the thing seized:— ববল; Possession. [ প্রতিমূলি বেলিত থাকিত। Sekon, ম. পৌত্তনিক বন্দিরের বে কালে বেল্বনেবারণার Seldom, seldum, ad. কলাচ; কলাচিব; কৈবাব; Rarely; not often; infrequently.

Select committee—নিৰ্কাচিত উপস্থিতি।

Selective, a निकाहक।

Selection, se-lekshun, n. প্ৰকল; নিৰ্বাচন; The act of selecting; choice — মনোনীত বিষয়; নিৰ্বাচিত বস্তু; Things selected:—নিৰ্বাচিত প্ৰবৃদ্ধ ; A book containing select pieces.

Salenic, a. চাব্র , চব্রণটিড ; Lunar.

Selenium, n. উপপদ্ধক; An elementary substance allied to sulphur. [tion of the moon. Selenography, n. চন্দ্রগান্ত; A descripself, self, n. বয়ং; আপনি, নিজে; One's own person:—আপনার বার্থ; One's own interest:—(pl=Selves):—a. বিশেষ; নিজ; সেই; নিজের; Very particular; one's own.

To forget self—পৰোপকারার্থ আত্ম-বিশ্বত-ই।

Self-abasement, n. Humiliation from a sense of guilt, inferiority or shame. (tion; onanism. Self-abuse, self-a-bus, n. হত্তাসবুদ; Masturba-Self-acquired, a. বোণাৰ্জিত।

Self-aggrandisement, n. আন্নোরতি; Exaltation of one's own self.

Self-applause, n. নিৰ প্ৰশংসা; Applause of one's own self.

Self-born, self-born, a. বয়পু; Produced by Self-command, self-kom-and, Self-control, n. হৈয়া; দৰ-ভণ, আন্তৰ্মান ; Equanimity of mind; control of one's self.

Self-conceit, n. অহমার ; আধারাবা ; High opinion of one's own self. a=self-conceited ( অত্হারী ; Vain ).

[ own conscience.

Self-condemned, a. Condemned by one's Self-confidence, n. আত্মহায়; আপনায় ক্ষতায় উপয় বিশাস; Confidence in one's own judgment, abilities or strength.

Self-confident, c. আত্মধন্যী; Confident of one's own judgment or strength.

Self-conscious, a. আন্তজান্বিশিষ্ট ৷ সভ্তভা consciousness ( আন্তত্তীতি ) ৷

Self-contradiction, n. celler-fecale; The act of contradicting itself or themselves; a proposition of two terms, one of which contradicts the other [ self.

Self-control, n. আন্ধ-সংবদ; Control of one's Self-convicted, a. আপুনার কথায় আপনি বোবী-হ; Convicted by one's confession or consciousness.

Self-culture, n. আসোৎকৰ ৷

Self-deceit, Self-deception, n. जायप्रेमा ; Deception respecting one's self. Self-defence, self-de-fens, n. जायप्रमा ; वर्षत्रमा ;

[ 865 ] . The act of defending one'sself ; the defence of one's own person. Belf-denial, self-de-ni'al, স. জাগ বীষায়; জান্নwith: The forbearing to gratify one's own appetites or desires. Beif-denying, a. पापणाने । Self-dependence, স. স্বিল্যুদ্ Self-devoted, a. ৰেচ্ছাপ্ৰবৃত্ত; বহুং প্ৰবৃত্ত ; Devoted in person, or voluntarily. Belf-devotion, n. আরোৎসর্গ; Voluntary devotion of one's self to some thing hazardous. Self-esteem, n. wigira; The esteem or good opinion of one's self. Belf-evident, self-cvi-dent, a. মত:সিদ; বনং ৰভাক ; ব্যাৰাণ : Evident without proof ; commanding assent. Belf-examination--আন্ত-পরীকা। Self-existent, self-egx-istent, a. 444; GCAC; Existing by himself, independent of any other being. neself-existence. Self-government, ж. আছু-সাসন; স্বায়ন্ত শাসন; The government of one's self; self-control. Belf-help, n. আত্মনাহাব্য; Assistance of or by [ one's self. one's self. Self-knowledge, w. আৰক্তান, Knowledge of Belf-importance, selt-im-portans, n. আনু-भोजन : कांब्रहांचा ; कार्यभज्ञ ; Exaggerated estimate of one's own merit or interest; selfishness. Self-interest, self-in-ter-e.t, n. সাৰ্থ; আৰুছিড; Private interest. a=self-interested. Belfish, sell'ish, a. সার্থপর; আন্নন্তবি: Void of regard to others. n=selfishmess (সার্থপরতা)! ad-selfishly. Syn :- Egotistical, self-seeking, self-indulgent, mercenary, greedy. Self-love, n. আনুপ্রতি; আসাদর; বাসুরাগ; আনু-প্ৰেম ; সুধাস্থভিদাৰ ; The love of one's self ; desire of happiness. Belf-made, a. বরংসিছ। Selfmade man-- ए वाक्ति निस्त्र क्ष्ट्रीय बनी हरे-TILE; A man who has risen from poverty or obscurity to wealth, fame or power by his own Belf-possession, self-poz-reshun, n. देखी; ধীরতা ; মনের প্রশাস্ত ভাব ; আত্মাধিকার ; Calmness. delf-reliance, self-re-li'ans, n. আক্রনির্ভর; Relance on one's own power; a=self-reliant. Self-repreach, n. जायुनिका : खाञ्च-निरद्धः : The act of reproaching or condemning one's self. Self-respect, n. बाजुनवाला । Self-restraint, #. जाजगरपय , Belf-righteous, self-rifyus, a. पर्याखिमानी ; निस्त्रव विरवृह्मात्र वार्षिक ; Righteous in one's own estimation. ==self-righteousness. **Self-seme**, self'sām, a. অভিন্ন ; বরুপ ; ঠিক সেই ; कारे ; अवरे ; The very same. Belf-satisfaction, n. निराव मरहार । Self-sacrifice, n. সার্থত্যার ; আম্বনিগ্রহ : আম্বোৎ-कां; The act of yielding up one's own in-[ Selfish. terests, &c.

ceited; haughty. n=selfsufficiency ( আল্লাবা ) ৷ Bolf-willed, self'-wild, a. avita; (verteifi; Governed by one's own will; obstinate. Bell, sel, v. t. বিক্র-কু; বেচা; To dispose of in return for something paid as equivalent :- v. i. विकी-र ; To be sold. pt. and pp. - sold. Syn :-Vend, dispose of. Sell off—সমন্ত শিক্তর-কু; Dispose of all. Sell one's life dearly—অনেক প্রাণ লইয়া নিক আশ-দে; অনেক লোক মাবিধা নিজে মরা; To cause great loss to those who take one's life. Sell out-विकार-कृ; Put an end to one's interest by sale. Seller, n. विद्वार्थ ; विक्वकांत्रक ; विक्वी ; One who Seltzer, a. ধনিজ্ঞা-স্চক; Denoting a mineral [ of cloth :---কুলুপে জালি-সন্ধি। Selvage, Selvedge, n. কাপড়ের পাড়: A border Belves, selvz, pl. of self. Semaphore, n. সক্তে হারা দূরে সংবাদ জাপনের উপার। a = semaphoric, semaphorical. Semblance, semblans, n. [ F. sembler, to resemble ] সাদৃত্য ; অনুরূপ ; তুল্যভা ; আকার ; Likeness; appearance. Syn:-Seeming, resemblance, similitude ! show, figure, form. Semen, scimen, n. তক; বীৰ; Sperm; seed. Semi, a. च€; Half. Semiannual, a. বাধাৰিক ; Half yearly. Semibarbarian, a. 🐃 🐗 ; Half barbarous : —#. আহ্বাসভা বাভিন। [ পবিমাণে সভা। Semibarbarous, Semibarbaric, a. fass Semibreve, n. অধ্যাতাসম্পন্ন আলাপ বা কর ৷ Semicastrate, v. f. मूक्त अकांक (इसन-कृ; To deprive of one testicle. n=semicastration. Semicircle, n. বৃতার্ছ; অন্নতন ; Half of a circle. Semicircumference, n. আৰু পরিষি; Half of the circumference of a circle. Semicolon, n. চিন্ধ বিশেষ; Point thus (;). Semi-diameter, a. আৰ্ছ ব্যাস , ব্যাসাৰ্ছ ; Half of a diameter; a radius. Somidiurnal, c. wiffer; Pertaining to half Semifluid, a. অর্ছ-তরল ; Imperfectly fluid. Semilunar, a. প্ৰচন্ত্ৰাকাৰ। Seminal, semin-al, a. [L. seminalis, from semen, seminis, seed] वीसमयकीय : विकिक ; आणि ; মৌলিক ; Radical ; rudimental :- Being or like sperm. Syn :- Germinal, original. Seminal discharge—রেডারার। Seminary, semin-ar-e, n. [L. seminarius. belonging to seed] विनात्व ; इत : A place of education. Syn: -- School, academy, gymnasium, college; nursery. Somination, n. বপৰ; The act of sowing. Seminiferous, a. বীজ্বৰ ; Producing seed. Somipellucid, Semi-transparent, a. 45-शक्ता ; Half transparent. Semitik, a. বিহণী, আবন্ত প্ৰভৃতি লাভি সম্মীয়: Descended from Shem, including Hebrew, Arabic, Syriac. Somitone, n. অর্থর , তুনসাতা ৷ Somi-transparent, a. With Half transparent.

Soil-nuttoient, self-suf-fishent, a. बारिमानी ;

ৰাৰ্থপী :

Bolf-seeking, a. पार्वनद् ; पार्वति ;

Solf-alaughter, m. wiweeri ; Suicide.

Bami-vocal, a. नई पत्रर्ग न्याह ; Pertaining to a semivowel.

Bemivowel, s. जई पत्र ७ वई इन ( w d y ). Semnopitheous, #. স্বাসিয়ার বানর্বাভি।

Sempiternal, a. [ L. semper, always, eternus, eternal ] विवश्यो , भन्ड ; Everlasting ; of neverending duration. Syn :- Everlasting, endless, interminable, eternal, perpetual.

Sempster, Sempstress, ৰ. সীবন-ব্ৰসায়িশী; A woman who sews.

Senary, sehar-i, a. बहुन्तक; बहुमरथा; Containing six.

Senate, schat, त. बावका मुखा: विद्यविगानियात मुखा: Legislative or deliberative body.

Senate-house, n. विष-विशानगणिव मणांत्र । Senator, sena-tur, n. সচিব; সিনেটের সভা বা সাত ; Member of a senate; counsellor. n= senatorship.

Senstorial, sen-a-to'ri-al, a. महिप वा मछा मपबीह ; Pertaining to or becoming, a senate or senator. Bend, send, v. t. খেরণ-ড়; পাঠান; To transmit by another; to cause to go; to despatch :-थाक्तन-कृ ; एं एं। ; To cast :-- ए. इ. कांन मःवाह वा সংবাদবাহক প্ৰেরণ-ক ; To despatch a message or messenger. pt. and pp=sent, Syn .- Throw, hurl, fling, project, emit; forward; delegate, depute, bestow, grant, confer.

God send you well-देशद ভোষার ভাল করন। Bend about one's business- नियंत्र हर्कात তেল দিতে পাঠান অৰ্থাং দুরীভূত-কু; To dismiss unceremoniously.

Send away-(414-3; Despatch.

Bend for—আহ্বান-কৃ; Call; summon:—ভাকিয়া পাঠান: আসিতে অমুরোখ-ক ; Request one by passage to come :-- চাহিয়া পাঠান, Send some one to ask :- Require one by message to send.

Bend forth or out-- নিৰ্গত-কু, Emit ; spread :--উৎপাদন-কু; উল্গাড-কু; To produce.

Bend off-প্রেরণ-ক ; Dismiss ; despatch.

Send packing-77-7, Drive away; dismiss unceremoniously. ि हानाम ।

Bend something flying—কোনও কিছু বৌ ক্রিয়া Sent to coventry—খন্চাত-ৰু ৷

Sen word-474-(4; Inform by message.

Bendal, n. রেপনী; A thin silk.

Sender, n. (234)

Sonoschal, seneshal, n. अशुक् ; वर्षाती ; कुछा ; A steward. n=seneschalship.

Senile, se'nil, a. [ l. senilis, - senex, senis, an old man ] वार्षकामध्यीत ; खतात्रस ; Pertaining to old age; aged. n=senility ( वाक्ना; old age.) Syn :- Imbecile, doting.

Senior, senyur, a. ANN; Older in office; prior in age:--धार्मान ; वह ; Suporior :-- n. वरवारकां লোক; বরোজ্যেইতা; গুরুজন; One older than another; one prior in office, an aged person.

Beniority, se-ne-or'e-te, त. आहीनच ; (साइंच ; Quality or condition of being older. Syn:-Eldership, priority, superiority.

Senna, sena, n. সোনামুণী পাতা; A tree and its leaves; cathartic.

Bennight, n. नदार; नदनाद; A week.

Sensate, v. f. wave-y; To perceive by the sonses :- a. नत्रकृष्ठ ; Perceived.

Sensation, sen-sa'shun, m. [ L. sensus, sense ] ইক্রির-বোৰ; ইক্রিয়র্ডি; ইক্রিয়ন্ত আন; প্রত্যক্ষ আন; Perception by the senses :--- লমুভৰ ; উপদ্ধি ; অমু-ভূতি; Perception; knowledge :-- চৈডভ; সংজ্ঞা; Consciousness :-- शांड : উরেবনা ভাব : A state of excited feeling; a great impression. Syn:-Feeling, sense; impression; excitement, commotion.

Sensational, c. ইত্রির-বোধ সম্প্রীর ; Pertaining to sensation :— उर्क्रक्रकः Fitted to excite great interest.

Sensationalism, sen-sashun-al-izm, n. এত্যক্ জ্ঞানের একমাত্র মূল-এই দার্গনিক মত; The doctrine that our ideas originate solely in sensation and that there are no innate ideas.

Bensationalist, n. উক্ত বতবাধী ; A believer in sensationalism.

Sense, sens, n. 美國本; 在代表國本; A faculty by which objects are perceived; organ of preception :—উপল্কি : জান : বোগ : Perception : feeling :--चर्ष ; डाव ; Meaning :--वृद्धि : Discernment ; understanding :--বিচারশক্তি ; সকত কথা ; Reason :---मछ ; जिल्लाम ; Opinion :--विकाम ; बादना , Conviction: - 44; Import. Syn :- Sensibility, sensation; mind, intellect, judgment, sagacity, wisdom, wit; notion, apprehension, conception; signification, import, persuasion, consciousness. Bring one to one's senses—व्य व्यक्ति (पटवा: চৈত্ত উদয় করিয়া দেওৱা; Make one understand one's error or fault. [लिकिक कान।

Common sense—महत्रवृद्धिः ; मामाञ्ज वृद्धिः ; कोक्खानः, Frighten one out of one's senses (or wits) -ভর দেখাইয়া হতবুদ্ধি-কু; Frighten one so as to confound him.

In one sense—এक दक्त कविता बिद्राल: अक्डांप्य দেবিলে, এই অর্থে, Considering the matter from one point of view.

In one's senses—আৰ হাড়া বা চটলে; বুদ্ধিওদ্ধি बाक्छ ; क्षानशवा ना श्रेल ; तावानाव बाकित ; Possessed of reason and judgment, not having lost one's senses.

Moral sense—ধর্দ্ধ ; নীতিবৃদ্ধি , হিতাহিত আন। Out of one's senses— रिक्बर , Destitute of the usual powers of reasoning and judging; insane. The inner sense—we: 471 1

Sengeless, sensies, a. ज्ञान, जाउपन; Wanting sense; incapable of feeling, preception or judgment :-- निर्देश ; पृष्ठ ; Foolish. अञ्चलकारीटङाल्डङ. Syn: -- Inert, insensible, unfeeling, apathetic; unreasonable, silly, stupid, absurd, unwise.

Sensibility, sens-i-bili-te, #. ইব্রিয়গ্রাহ্ডা ; The quality of being sensible :-- অপুভৃতি , অপুভবশক্তি , সংজ্ঞা ; ডেডবাৰজি ; Feeling ; capacity of feeling ; actual feeling :-- शानाकाता; Susceptibility :--কোমলম্ব ; Delicacy.

ceptibility; delicacy.

Sousible, sense-bl, e. ইন্সিয়-আড়; ইন্সিয়িক; हेलिय-त्मीष्य ; Perceptible :-- व्यक्त वदा मक्य ; অনুকৃতিসভার : Capable of being perceived :---खानी ; बुदियान ; विक ; Intelligent ; sixewd :-- চৰ্ম ; সজত ; মৃতিন্ত ; Proper ; suitable :—
আমত ; Aware :—Liable to quick emotion :—
Convinced. 
#==ensibleness. 
ad==ensibly.

Syn :—Cognizable, visible, tangible ; cognizant, observant, aware, conscious ; judicious, reasonable, rational, sober, sound.

Sensible of—কোৰ বিষয় কংগত ; Aware of, conscious of.

To be sensible of—অপুতৰ-ক ; To perceive, to

Bensitive, sensiti-iv, a. অপুভৰণভিবিদিট্ট ; অত্যন্ত পারণকম ; Having sense or feeling ; highly susceptible :—সহকে অভিযুত্ত ; অভিযানী ; Easily affected :—সহকে পরিবর্তনীয় বা বিকাধ্য ; অমুস্ভিজাত ; Pertaining to or depending on sensation. n = sensitiveness (অভিযান ) : Syn :—Sentient, perceptive ; impressible, susceptible, tender, delicate, sprinking.

Sensitive to—সহলে অপুত্ৰৰ করা বা লাগা; Capable of receiving impressions, or of being affected by.

Sensitive plant—গজাবতী লভা; A plant, the leaves of which close when touched slightly.

Sensorial, a. জানেজিয়-সম্মীয়; Pertaining to the sensorium.

Sensorium, sen-sori-um, Sensory, sensori, ল. জাবেজিয়; সংখিদ্ধি; সন্তিদ্ধ; Seat or organ of sensation: brain.

Sensory, a. अव्चद-मक्त्रोत्र।

Sensory nerves—অরণ্ণী সাস্থতনী।

Sensuel, sensuel, a. [L. sensus, sense ] ইলিফ-প্রডম; ভোরবিশানী; কাম্ক. Voluptuous; lewd: —ইলিফ-দেবাস:ভাত . Carnal. ad—sensually. n= sensualness. Syn:—Fleshly, bodily, luxurious; licentious, dissolute.

Bensualise, senshoo-al-ir, v. f. ইব্রিন্ন স্থাতাগ বারা কল্বিড-কৃ; To debase by carnal gratification. Bensualism, senshoo-al-izm, ম. ইব্রিনাস্কি; ইব্রিন-সেবিদ্ব; Sensual indulgence:—প্রভাগনাদ, The doctrine that all our knowledge originates from the senses.

Sensualist, seńshöö-al-ist, n. ৰুপট; ইক্সিক প্ৰাসক্ত ব্যক্তি; A debauchee.

Sensuality, 2. ইন্দ্রির-পরারণতা; ভোগাসন্তি; কার্-কুড়া; Lewdness. [senses. Sensuous, a. ইন্দ্রির-ভোগা; Pertaining to the Sensuous objects—রপাণি ইন্দ্রিরভোগা বিষয়।

Bentence, sentens, n. মত, বিচার; Opinion:—
ক্থানা; A judgment pronounced on a criminal
by a court of judge:—বচন; বাকা, মীজিবাকা;
A maxim:—গদ; In gram. a number of words
containing a complete thought.—v. f. দথানা-দে;
গাডির ছবুন-দে; To condemn; to doom. Syn:—
(n) Decision; condemnation, doom; proposition, axiom.

A dark sentence-कृदेशका ।

Bentenced to—বোদালা গৰে কৰিড-ছ; Sentenced to undergo (some punishment).

Sentential, a. বাক্ৰটিড : Pertaining to a sentence. ad - sententially.

Bententious, sen-tenshe-us, a. নাৰপৰ ; অৰ্প্ৰ ; ব্ৰাড়বৰপূৰ্ব ; Short and pithy in expression ; bembastic, #=sententiousness. ad=sententiously. Syn: -Short, energetic, terse, laconic, compact, pointed, axiomatic.

Sentient, sensite-ent, a. ALDON; CONTROL ; CONTROL ; CONTROL ; Having the faculty of perception and sensation. Syn:—Perceiving, feeling; thinking, reflecting; sensitive.

Sentiment, sente-ment, n. [ L. sentire, to perceive, feel ] ষড়; সিছাছ; Opinion; judgment: —ভাবনিপ্ৰিড চিছা; নমবেদনা, কোমলভাব; Sensibility; feeling; tenderness:—বাধ্যনীতি; Maxim-Syn:—Emotion; notion, idea; saying; toast. Sentiment of love—শুৱার রস।

Bentimental, sen-te-mental, a. ভাৰপুৰ্; সন্মে আবেশবিশিষ্ট; স্থানক; ভোষপুৰ্গণণ ; Possessing sentiment; prone to sentiment; affectedly tender. ad—sentimentally. Syn:—Romantic, fanciful; impressible, tender.

Sentimentalism, sen-ti-mental-izm, Sentimentality, ম. ভাৰঘটিত চিন্তানীলতা; কৃত্ৰিৰ ভাৰুকতা; Affectation of fine feeling.

Sentimentalist, sen-ti-mental-ist, n. ভাবৃক; বাদক; ভাবপ্ৰধান ব্যক্তি; On who affects sentiment or fine feeling. [sentry; watchman; guard. Sentinel, sente-nel, n. একবী; বালী; চৌৰিবাল; A Sentry, sentri, n. আহৰী; বালী; বৈদিক-প্ৰহ্ৰী; Soldier on guard; watchman; sentinel.

Sentry-box, n. মহ্বীর আগ্রন্থত আছোদন; A box to shelter a sentry.

Sepal, n. পুলভাবের বেটুনগাত্র।

Separable, sep'ar-a-bl, a. বিভাগ ; বিজেগ ; বিজেপন্য . That may be separated or disjoined ; divisible. ad -- separably, n -- separableness.

Soparate, sep'ar-ইt, v. f. পৃথক-ক; বডত্ত-ক; বিভিত্ত-ক; To divide; to part; to sever:—v. i. পৃথক-হ: বিষ্কু-হ; বিভিত্ত-হ; To part; to become disunited. Syn:—Disconnect, disjoin.

Separated, a. ভিয়; বিভিন্ন; পৃথকস্ত ; বিভিন্ন; বিশ্বস্ক ; Divided ; distinct. ad=separately ( পত্ৰস্কাৰে)। Syn:—Disconnect, disjoin, disunite, sever, sunder; withdraw, remove, eliminate.

Separation, sep-ar-áshun, n. পাৰ্কা; বিধাৰোগ; বাজেগ; Disjoining; disunion:—বিজেগ; Divorce. Syn:—Disconnection, disjunction, severance, dissociation; divorce; isolation. [বিজেগ | Judicial separation—আগালভানিখিট ক্পাড়ী-Separatism, sep'ar-a-turm, n. ভিন্ন ব্যাব্যাক্য ; ব্যাব্যাক্য হৈতে বাডায়; The act of separating or withdrawing, especially from an established church. [ভাগি; A dissenter; Scotch deist. Separatist, sep'ar-a-tist, n. ভিন্ন মডাব্যাক্য ব্যাক্ত sepory, sc'poy, n. সিপাই।; বেশীন সৈত; A native soldier in Hindustan.

Sopt, sept, n. जांडि ; वरन ; A cian.

September, sep-tember, n. বংশরের ব্যব নাল; The ninth month of the year.

Septemary, sep'ten-ar-i, a. [ L. septem, seven ] স্বান্থাক; Consisting of seven:—স্বৰ্থাক; Lasting seven years.

Septennial, sep-tehyal, a, [ i. septun, seven, annus, a year ] স্বৰ্ধব্যাণ : সাধ্যাবিদ ; Lasting seven years; happening every seven years. ad—septennially

Baptic, sep'tik, a. [Gr. sepo, to make putrid] বাল-স্হার; পচনকন: পচাইবার শক্তিসম্পত্ত; Having power to promote putrefaction:—সপ্তম ক্রমবিশিষ্ট। Beptuagenarian, ম. সপ্ততিবৰ্ণক্ত ব্যক্তি; A person seventy years old.

Septuagenary, sep-tuajen-ar-i, a. স্থাভিথটিভ; Consisting of seventy:—সপ্ততিবৰীয়; Seventy years old:—n. সম্ভন্ন বৰ্ণ ব্যৱহা সোক; One 70 years old.

Beptuagesima, n. তৃতীয় কবিবার নিশেব, The third Sunday before Lent. [ by seventies Septuagesimal, a. নতিতক্তমে গণিত; Counted Septuagint, sep'tu-a-jint, n গ্রীক বাইবেল; The Greek version of the Old Testament.

Sepulcher, chre, sep'ul-ker, n. নমাধি. গৌর, ক্বর; Tomb:—v c. সমাধি-কৃ; a = sepulchral. Sepulchral, a. সমাধিত সহজীব; সমাধি সহজীব;

Monumental. Syn: -Funeral, mournful, gloomy, dismal: deep, grave, hollow.

Bepulture, sep'ul-tūr, n. [ l.. sejultura, from sepelire, sepultum, to bury ] সমাধি-বিশ্বা: Interment; burial:—গোৰ-পেওন; Inhumation:— ক্ষম; A grave. [ ness.

Sequacious, নমনীয় , স্বস্ত । n=sequacious-Bequacious, a. অনুগামী , অবংব , Attendant.

Bequelous, a. ব্যাধা, ব্যংগ, Attendam:
Bequel, গহ'kwel, n. [L. sequi, to follow] উত্তব
ভাগ; প্ৰভাগ; প্রিণিট, Succeeding part:—
পরিণাদ; কল; Result; ronsequence. Syn:—
Continuation; conclusion, termination, end,
denouement; issue, upshot.

In the sequel—শেষে, উত্তরভাগে।

Sequence, se'kwens, গ্ল. অন্তক্ষ; পর্যাক্ষম: Order of succession:—পরিণাম; ফলাফল . Consequence.

sequence. The sequence of tenses—ক্রিবাপদ সকলের প্র-Sequent, a. আমুক্রমিক, প্রবর্তী, Succeeding.

Sequester, বে-kweiter, ত t. সভ্য-কৃ. পৃথক-কৃ. (স্মাক) সাপ্তত-কৃ. To separate, to set apart; to withdraw from society—ত. t. মৃতপত্তির সাক্ষ ভাগি-কৃ. To renounce any concern with the estate of a dead husband. [cluded Sequestered, a. নিজ্জা; নিজ্জ; Retired; se-Sequestrate, se-kweitrat, v. t. বত্ত্য-কৃ; ববল বা ক্লোক-কৃ. To sequester.

Bequestration, sek-wes-trashun, n. প্ৰক ক্ষৰ, সমাজ চইটে অপস্থিত ; Act of sequestering ; taking away from the use of the owner for a time ; seclusion from society.

Sequestrator, sek-wes-trátor, n. যে জ্যন্তের স্পত্তি দীয় অধিকারে রাগে; One who sequesters another's property.

Sequin, sc'kwin, n. বিনিসের বর্ণমুখা বিশেষ; A gold Venetian coin of the 13th century; qs. 4d. Seraglio, se-ralyō, n. অন্তঃপুর; অন্যরম্ভন, অব-রোষ; A harem.

Berai, শ. স্বাই; A caravansary. [ vessel. Berang, ম. জাহাজের সাবেদ; The boatswain of a Beraph, ser'al, ম. স্পায় আধান মৃত; First class angel. pl=seraphs, seraphim.

Beraphic se-rafik, Seraphical, se-rafikal, a. স্থায় : পৰিবা : বিশ্বল : Angelic : pure : refined. Syn : -Heavenly : holy : blissful, tapturous, Serephine, #. बांग्रह्म वित्व । Sere, ए. एक-कृ ; To dry up.

Serenade, ser-e-nad, ম. আদিনী সভোষাৰে প্ৰথমিত আনায়ত ছানে নীতবাল; Nocturnal music in the open air; musical performance in the open air in the evening in honor of a lady:—v. t. নীত নায় বালা বালাৰ বা তুই-কু; To entertain with a serenade:—v. t. নিতাহালে সমীত-কু; To perform a serenade:—v. t. নিতাহালে সমীত-কু; To perform a serenade:—গরিহার; নেয়াদি বজ্জিত; Clear; unclouded, adserenely (হিৰভাবে) I Syn:—Fair, bright; undisturbed, quiet, placid, composed-Serenity, se-rene-te, ম. আভ; মহিনতা; Calmenes; peace —নিম্লতা; Clearness. Syn:—Clearness, fairness, brightness; quietness, tranquillity, sedateness, composure.

Sorf, seri, n. দান : ঐতদান ; Slave attached to an estate ; a feudal slave. Syn :—Bondman, vassal villain, dependent, drudge.

Serfdom, Serfage, n. vinv, viv; The condition of a serf.

Sorge, serj, n. পদমী বন্ধ বিশেষ; Coarse woolen. Sorgeancy, Sorgeantship, n. সর্ক্তের পদ; The office of a sergeant.

Sorgeant, Serjeant, sar'jent, n. সেনানী বিশেষ:
A non-commissioned officer next above a corporal:—হাওলদার , পুলিশের কর্মচারী; Officer of police, Bailiff —উচ্চ প্রেণ্ডার উকীল, A lawyer of the highest rank. n=sergeancy.

A sorgeant-at-arms—দখনেতা; পাতিরক্ত কর্ম-চারী; An officer who attends on the king, the lordhigh steward, &c. an officer of a legislative body for keeping order, &c.

Sergoant at law-- গেঠ উকীল, Lawyer next in rank to a judge. [ing a mayor or a sheriff. Sergeant at mace—Badliff or beadle attend-Sergeant major, sai'jent-ma-jur, n. লেট কাটের নিম্পান স্বানা, 'The highest non-commissioned officer who assists the adjutant; chief sergeant of a troop.

Serial, serial, a. ক্ৰমিক; আপুক্তমিক; Pertaining to or consisting of a series — ক্ৰমণ: অধ্যাধিত; Appearing in successive parts:—n. ক্ৰমণ: অধ্যাধিত; প্ৰকাদি, A work appearing in parts periodically. ad =serially (পন্ন প্ৰা, ক্ৰমণ্ডৰা)।

Serial numbers—জেল সংব্যা। [order. Serially, ad. ক্ষায়ুদারে, বগাক্সমে; In a regular Seriate, se'ri-না, a. ক্ষাৰ্মে সন্তিবেশিত। সেনুবদ্ধ: Arranged in scries. [order.

Seriatim, ad. পর পর ; ধারাবাহিকরপে; In regular Series, se're-ez, n. [ L. series—serere, sertum, to join together ] অপুক্রম ; ক্রম. শেলী ; ধারা ; পার-শ্বা; Connected succession; sequence; order.

Arithmetical series—সমান্তৰ শ্ৰেড়ী।

Rummation of a sories—(अही रावरांत्र ।

Seriocomic, Seriocomical, a. পাছ ও হায় রুগ বিভিত্ত; Partaking both of seriousness and comicality.

Serious, scre-us, a. গভীর : চিছালীল ; ধীর ; Solemn, grave, sober :—ভরু ; ভরুতর ; ভরামক ; Important :—বিপালমূল ; বিপাজনক ; Attended with danger, ad=seriously (প্রস্কৃত্য ; বভীরভাবে 1)

Sys: Thoughtful, earnest, devout, pious; momentous, weighty.

A serious matter-স্থীৰ বাপার ৷

Beriousness, se're-us-nes, ন. পাৰীয় ; Gravity ; solemnity :— ভাষতা ; Importance :— Earnestness :— বিপায় Danger.

Sermon, ser'mon, ম. বর্ণোগদেশ; বর্ণ বস্থুড়া; An ecclesiastical discourse; a discourse on a text of scripture.

Sermonise, ৩. : ধর্মোগনেশ-দে; বর্ম স্থান বজ্তা-কু; শিকা-দে; Deliver sermon; tutor. [ mons. Sermonist, n. ধর্মোগনেশ লেবক; Writer of ser-Serous, se'rus, a. পাতলা; জলীর; জলবং; Thin; watery:—বৈছিক।

Serous membrance—হৈছিক বিলী !

Serpent, ser'pent, n. [ L. serpo, to creep ] দৰ্গ; ভূজায় ; Snake :--কুর বোক , Malicious person.

Berpentine, ser'pent-ın, a. সৰ্গৰং; বক ; থাকা বাকা; Resembling a scrpent; winding; crooked; spiral:—খনিজ বিশেষ। Syn:—Meandering, tortuous, crooked, anfractuous.

Serrate, ser'rat, Serrated, ser'rat-ed, করাতের ভার কাটা কাটা; Notched like a saw. n=serration (বকাকারে গঠন)।

Berrature, n. করাতেব দাঁতের মত বাঁজ ; Notching like the teeth of a saw.

Serried, ser'rid, a. বছজনাকীৰ্ণ; একব্ৰিড; নিৰিড়; হৰ; Crowded; pressed together; close.

Borum, se'rum, n. রক্তের জনীয় ভাগ; রগানি; The thin fluid which separates from the blood when it coagulates:—ছক্ষের ফলীয় অংশ; তক্ত; ছানার ফল; The watery part of curdled milk; whey.

Bervant, servant, n. ভ্ডা; চাৰর; ক্রডিদান; A domestic; menial; slave. Syn.—Serf, drudge, slave, help, helper, dependent.

Servant of servant—wintywin; One debased to the lowest condition of servitude.

Your humble servant—কাপনার নিনীত ভূতা; এমান, এ কথীন; Myself (a rather polite way of referring to one's own self).

Serve, serv, v. t. [ L. servire, from servus, a servant or slave ] সেবা-ক; কণ্ণ-ক; To work for :-- गरबंडे-इ ; To suffice for :-- त्मरा-क ; जानू-পতা-কু; পরিচ্গা-কু; To wait upon at table:---(অক্টের পরিবর্ত্তে) কাজ-কু; To do duty for:---পরিবেশন-কু; যোগান : To supply with food :-- সম্ভন্ন-👣 ; To satisfy :---वावकात्र-कृ ; क्वादि-कृ ; To treat : -बाल्य नामन-इ: To obey:--तत्नावस-इ: To arrange :-- উপকাৰ-কু; To do good to; benefit : ---মান্ত-কু; পূজা-কু:--খ. i. কাধ্য-কু, কাৰ্ব্যে নিযুক্ত থাকা; To be employed; to discharge the duties of an office; to be a servant or slave :-- জপেকা-ক; To attend ; to wait :-- गरशहे-इ ; To be sufficient : -- डेशब्ड-इ ; To suit. Syn :-- Minister to, help, assist, succour; promote, advance, forward, benefit, subserve; suffice, ি আগে দেওরা। First come first served—বে আপে আইসে ভাহাৰে Serve an attachment or writ of attachment—ceta-#; To levy it on the person or

goods by scizure ; to srize. Berve an office—সামাজিক কৰ্ত্বৰ কৰ্ত্ব নিৰ্মাহ-ছু। Serve a purpose --উদেশ্ত সাধন-ফু। Serve a subposens—night wife-p: Present a writ to one summoning him to justice.

Serve a warrant—গৃতকরণের হত্য ভাষিল-কু। Serve a writ—সমূল ধরাল; আধালতের প্রভরাকা আরি-কু; To read it to the defendant or leave an atteststed copy in his usual place of abode.

Serve one's apprenticeship—To acquire the knowledge of a trade under the instruction of one skilled.

[ liste: require.

Serve one out—প্রতিশোধ লভগা বা দেওবা; Reta-Serve one's time—কোন ব্যবদায় শিকার বস্ত নির্দিষ্ট সময় কাটান; শিকানবীশির কাল কাটিরা অতীত-কৃ; To pass the usual and necessary time for learning a trade under a superior or master.

Servo one right—নে বেৰৰ ভেম্বি ভাহার উপায়-বাবহার-কু; উচিত্যত বাবহার-কু; Treat one as he deserves (usually in an ill sense),

Serve one same sauce—অভিনোধ-ল; To retaliate one injury with another.

Serve one's turn—বংশ্ট-হ; শীয় অভিটু হানিল-কু; নিম্নের মতল্ব নিছ-কু; প্রয়োজনমত কাল-কু; To be sufficient for; to meet one's convenience or purpose; serve one's purpose.

Serve out—ৰণ্টন কৰিয়া-দে; বাঁটিয়া-দে; Distribute; dcal:—নিৰ্দিষ্ট সমৰ প্ৰবিশ্ব কাৰ্য্য-কৃ; মিৰাণভৱ বাটা; To serve the full period of time agreed upon.

Serve up—পবিবেশন-ক ; থাকাদি ছারা দেবা-ক ; টেৰি-বের উপর ধরিয়া-দে ; Prepare and present in a dish ; place on the table.

Server, n. সেবৰ; One who serves:—হোট রেকারি বা বারকোষ; A salver.

Service, servis, n. কাৰ্য়; কৰ্ম; চাৰ্ম্ম; Duty of a servant; work; office:—দেবা; পরিচ্যা; A woking for another:—উপকার; Benefit:—ব্যক্ষার; Use:—দৈনিকের নিমিত্ত কর্ম; Public, naval or military duty:—প্রা; Exclesiastic office of devotion:—সম্পিত ভোজন বাসনাদি; Order of dishes at a table:—সাহায্য; Help:—ব্যক্ষিকরক স্ক্রীত; উপাসনাকানে ব্যবহারার্ম রিচিত্ত সাহাত; A musical composition for devotional purposes:—সম্মান্ত্রক ভিড; Profession of respect. Syn:—Labour, work; office, duty, employment; advantage, utility, avail; homage, marked repect.

At one's service—কাহারত অধীনে; কাহারত আজানুবর্ত্তী, At one's command:—ব্যবহারার্ক নিরোজিত; At one's disposal for one's use.

Do yeoman's service—অসময়ে বিশেষ ফাজে লাগা; Do good and faithful service:—বিশ্বত ভূড্যের স্থায় কাজ-কৃ; নিমকের চাকরের বন্ধ কাজ-কৃ; Be of great service.

Services ble, servis-a-bl, a. কাৰ্য্যক; বিভৱনক; উপকাৰী; Useful; advantageous; beneficial:—ক্ষুণ্য; কাৰ্যক্ষ; Fit for duty:—পরিত্রমী; Active; diligent. n—serviceableness. ad—serviceably.
Syn:—Helpful, profitable, advantageous, convenient, available; operative, diligent.

Service-book, n. ধৰ্মবিষয়ক পুডক; আৰ্থনা পুডক; Book of devotion; prayer-book.

Serviette, n. ডোয়ালে; A napkin for the table. Servile, servil, a. [ L. servilis, from servire, to serve] দানোচিড; হের; নীচ; হীন; অধীন; Slavish; cringing, meanly submissive, adm servilely (बीहबाद )। neservileness (होनडा; शांत्रपर गांकांत )। Sym :-- Dependent, menial; mean, fawning, obsequious.

Servility, serv-ife-te, n. नाम : नीठला : लावा-ৰেণ্ড; Slavery; obsequiosaness; mean submission :- अवीवण : A state of salvish dependance. Sys:-Bondage, slavishness, meanness, sycophancy.

Bervitor, sérvi-tor, n. कांग ; अनुहत्र ; त्रवक ; A servant; a follower or adherent, n=servitorship. Bervitude, serve-tud, n. [ L. servitudo, from service, to serve ] कांत्रक, त्यांनामी; Slavery. Syn :- Service, bondage, seridom, vassalage. Besame, n. ভিন শন্ত ; A plant and its seeds.

Open sessme--वानियांचा नाम वार्याक्वाहेन भड [ a foot and a half. Sesquipedalian, n. एड क्टे भोर ; Containing Gessible, a. खबुखक ; (बीठी ना नहेश गांश छन्गछ हत । Session, seshun, n. विश्वयम ; डेशायमन ; Sitting : ---জালানত বা সভার অধিবেশনের কান; বৈঠক; বিদ্যা-महदद वशानन नवकीत वर्ष ; Time during which an assembly continues its sittings; term tof a college or court. a-sessional.

Court of session—कोनास्त्र (एउग्रानी जानान्छ: The Supereme Civil court in Scotland.

Kirk or church sessions-The first and lowest court for government and discipline in Pesbyterian churches consisting of the minister and a body of elders.

Petty sessions-Meeting of two or three justices of the peace for the trail of petty offendders and enquiry into grave charges previous to sending the accused to the central or circular · court.

Quarter sessions-Quarterly meeting of the justices with fuller powers to try all sclonies and trespasses except capital offences.

Special sessions-Meeting of the justices to grant licenses, visit the prisoners.

Besspool -- See cesspool.

Sesterce, #. दास्त्र वांहीन मूजा : Roman ad.

Bet. set, v. f. शांत्र-इ ; तमान ; मित्रतन-कृ , To put , to place; to post:-- आवक-कृ; आद्योश-कृ; To fix :-- नश-क ; मःलश-क ; आहेकान ; To attach :-८वाण्य-कृ : То plant :—निर्द्भण-कृ ; निषिष्ठ-कृ ; То direct :- जनान : To curdle :-- वाना-(म : To obstruct :- अवश्वविद्नार वांचा ; To put in a condition :--বিভার-কু; To spread as sails :-- মুণোভিত-ক: To adorn with something fixed: — নেলাইলা-CY; To point, as a dog :- To fit to music .-ण. i. चड-या ; भारते यमा ; चडमित्र-इ ; To below the horizon; to go down :-- হান-হ; Decline :-- রোপিড-ह; To plant:--नानग्र-त्र; वृत्त-त्र: निकछ होनाम, To become fixed:--नीकात (मध्या) (मध्या); To point out game :-- প্রবৃত্ত-ই ; To apply one's self. Syn: - Seat, place, locate, pitch; settle, fix, establish, ground; determine, appoint, assign; stake, wager; regulate, adjust; stud, variegate; sharpen; replace; decline, sink; congeal; concrete; tend, flow.

Set, set, a. fex; fars; Fixed; determined:--মৃত্য Pirm:-- শিৰ্মানত , রীতিষত ; Regular estab- । Set foot in a place-- খোন ছানে পা বাড়ান।

lished formal :-- u. (गरे : अक्ट्रण स्ट्याद महरू : A number of things similar to or suited to each other: a collection of things of the same kind: --- PM : A number of person associated ; clique : —গতি; Direction:—অৱগাৰৰ; A decent below the horizon. ding further progress. Dead set, w. A fixed state or condition preclu-In set terms-fivi acs; in distinct and forcible language; in formulated expressions, Make a dead set at--(बारड कांडमन-इ: निर्मक गहकाद्व आक्रमन-कः किंदा जागाः Make a determined attack upon; make a determined onset upon.

Of set purpose—আপে মডলৰ আটলা; পূৰ্বকৃত नक्स धार्क ; पूर्वनक्स धार्क ; With a fixed determination.

Set about—আরত-দ; বর-দ; Begin; commence :-- निवृक्त- ह ; धावृक्त- ह ; Apply oneself to-

Set a dog on one-कृक्त लनारेबा-ए ।

Set against-airi-ce : Oppose.

Set a-going-- हानान, हानित्त (पद्म); Cause to beigin to move; put into working order.

Set an ( or in ) order—बावचां पूर्वक बाबा ; बल्बावक ক্রিয়া রাখা; Adjust or arrange; to reduce to [ for imitation. method.

Set an example-- देगाव्यापकाण-ए ; To be model Set apart—ৰতম কৰিয়া বাৰা; Reserve; separate for a particular purpose.

Set a price on one's head-ৰে কাহার সৰক ছেবন করিতে পারিবে, তাহাকে তিনি এত টাকা দিবেন; Offer a reward for killing a man.

Set aside-দঞ্চিত বাধা; Put in reserve :-- প্ৰৰ-कृ अप-कृ : अल्थी-कृ : Annul : -- नक्तम-कृ : जान-कृ : Omit ; reject :-- नग नाइ मर्या ना यहा ; श्रिमार ना यहा . Leave out of account.

Set sside a claim —দাবি স্থাস-ক।

Set a task-মত্ত্ৰকণ ছাত্ৰকে অভিবিক্ত পাঠ-দে; Im pose a supernumerary exercise on a student as a punishment. [ defy.

Set at deflance--- निश्मिक व्यात-कृ ; जूल-कृ ; ि Bet at ease--শাৰ-কু ; ত্রির-কু ; নিশিক-কু ; Quiet. Bot at naught—अश्रीय-कृ; जनवा-कृ; जुल-कृ; Despise; undervalue.

Bet a trap or snare-कीप शांडा ; कन शांडा ; To place it in a situation to catch prey.

Set at rest-413-7; Compose.

Set at (or to) work-कार्य निवृक्त कहा वो लोगोन । Bet before-अगृत्य উপত্মিত-कृ; बहिया (पटमा रा ৰেখাৰ: To exhibit; bring to view before:- To offer for choice.

Bet by-পুৰু য়াবা; স্থাৰ কু: Set apart; reject: —মাস্ত-ক , অছা-ক ; জাগর-ক ; Esteem ; value.

Set down - ভূমিতে স্থাপন-কু; Place on the ground: —গাড়ি চইতে নামান; Let out of a carriage:-निनिवद-कृ . निश्वथ-कृ . निविश द्वावा ; Enter in writting :-- নির্দারণ ক ; To ordain :-- ভিরন্ধার-ক ; To rebuke :-- বিশা-জ ; To censure, to humiliate.

Set down to-আরোপ-কু; Attribute or impute [ see ; to behold. something to. Set eyes on -- मर्गन-कृ : पृक्षेनाज-कृ ; मक्त-कृ ; To

Set fire to-अवनिठ-म , Kindle.

Bet foot on -- जनविष्ण- मृः Step on. Bot forti: -- वाणान- मृः वाणान- मृः विष्ण- मृः पर्यन- मृः व्यादेश- दः Manifest; exibit; describe; explain: -- नाजा- मृः Set out.

Bet forward—নাহাত্য-ফ; অবস্থন হ; উন্থচ-ফু; To begin to move on; to promote. [Liberate. Bet free—মুখ-ফু; বাধীনত; অবান-ফু; ছাড়িয়া-নে; Bet in—মানত-ফু; Begin:—ববো ছাগন-ফু; To put. Bet in motion—চালিবে দেখনা; চালিড-ফু; Be made to move:—এবার্ডিড-ফু; Start; originate:— আনি-ফু; Enforce:—বিয়োজিড-ফু; Employ.

ষ্টিকা ক্রমি- অবস্থত-কৃ; সন্ধিত-কৃ; Adorn; decorate:
—কুলাম্বারূপে স্থাপন-কৃ; কুলা-কৃ; Place against as an equivalent:—প্রান-কৃ; বাবা-কৃ; Depart; start:—বতম করিয়া রাবা; To assign a portion to a particular use:—ন্দিক শোভা সন্পাদন-কৃ; Show so advantage:—ভাব করিয়া সাধারণের পরিচিত করিয়া প্রত্যা; Recommend:—বিভিন্ন-কৃ; To separate from a whole.

Set little by—জুচ্ছ-ড়; বন্দোবন্ধ কৰিলা স্থাপা। Set light by—অবন্ধা-ড়: জুচ্ছ-ড়; To treat as of no importance; to slight; to despise.

Set off against - जूनावृता रुखा ; Place against as an equivalent.

Set on — উডिकिড-कृ; क्यार्थ थान्छ-कृ; উदिशा-ता; नावादेश-ता; नावादेश-ता; Instigate; incite:— निर्माकिड-कृ; निवृष-कृ; To employ:—नांक्यन-कृ; Attack.

Set one down as, Set one down for—
কাহাকে কিছু বলিয়া ভাষা বা অহা-কু; Consider one
as: take one to be.

Set one's cap (or for)—মনোবোগ বা প্রেম আৰু-বৰ করিবার চেট্টা-কৃ; কাহারও নজর বা অনুস্কা হব এমন চেট্টা-কৃ; Endeavour to catch the aftention or affection.

Set oneselfagainst—কাহারও বিপক্ষে দ্বার্যান-হ; অতিকৃশ-ক; To place one's self determinedly in opposition to; resist; oppose.

Set one's hand and seal to—To sign and seal as legal document; to certify; to attest.

Set one's heart on - 45/8 (25-5; Long for earnestly, to be very fond of.

Set on fire, Set fire to—ৰানাৰ ; ৰায় এবাৰ-ফু, আনাইয়া-ফে ; To put fire for the purpose of burning :—রিশু উত্তেখিত-ফু ; To inflame the passions.

Bet on foot--- वावस-कृ, एडना-कृ; अवस्थि-कृ; To put in motion; to start.

Set one's teeth-শাতে গাঁত লাগাৰ ৷

Set one's wits to work—কোৰ বিবনে চিছা-ই; Consider carefully; to think upon a matter.

Set out—প্রহান-কৃ. বাজা-কু; Depart; begin a journey:—স্বারত-কৃ, Begin:—প্রচার-কু; Publish:
—পোডিত-কু; অলক্ষত-কৃ, Adorn:—ক্ষণান ; প্রকাশ-কু; Show:—বিভারিতরূপে বর্ণনা-কু, To state at large, Set over—নিরোগ-কু, নিশ্বত-কু; To appoint over. Bet right—স্পোধন-কু; স্থারান; Correct.

Set sail—বৌৰা বা ৰাহাৰ পুলিয়া-দে; পাইল ডুলিয়া ' বাড়া-ড়; Sail; commence sailing; start on a woyage.

Set speech—একাজে বলিবার কভ বে বজ্জাকরে কাজক কয়া হয়; বরে কভত করিয়া পরে বজ্জাকয়া বায়; A'speech carefully prepared before it is

delivered in public :-- try earts uput; A formal or methodical speech.

Bet store to--मृतावान् विरवहना-कृ ।

Set the hand to—(कांत कार्य) निष्क-व ; Engage in ; to undertake. [or tranquillise the heart. Set the heart at rest—सम्बद्ध नाव-क ; To quiet set the Thames on fire—गर्नम वाह बांचा ; लांदिन कार्य नावित (पद्मा ; वाहि बाह-क : Distinguish oneself by something extraordinary.

Bet the river on fire—faults. F. To be highly successful or renowned in life; to do some great thing.

Set the table in a roar—নিষ্ট্রিড আছিপাকে অভান্ত হাসাম ; Cause loud laughing among the company at table.

Set the saddle on the right horse-Let those bear the blame that deserve it.

Set the teeth on edge—গত টোকেবা; To affect the teeth with a disgreeable sensation.

Set to— ৰায়ৰ-ভৃ: প্ৰবৃত্ত-ভৃ: Begin:—সংস্কৃত-ভৃ: সংলপ্ত-ভৃ: পোতা: নাগা: To attach to: affix.

Set together by the ears—विवाप वानदेश (पद्म); To cause to quarrel.

Set to music--व्यात बनान ; शहिबात त्वाना-कृ ; Prepare for singing ; sadapt words to notes.

Set to work-wise-y; Begin.

Bet up—উরোলন-ড়; উত্তত-ড়; বাড়া-ড়; Raise; put in power; erect:—ছাগন-ড়; হাডিভিড-ড়; Establish:—চীংকার করা; Utter loudly:—কার্য আরম্ভ ড়; কোন বাবনা হস্ত নুট; Begin business:—ফ্রেড-ড়; To restore to health:—Put forward:—নম্ভিনানী ড়; To make prosperous:—সাইবাজ-ড়; To profess openly:—স্টেপ্ডে ছাগন-ড়; To place in view. Set up for—আগনাকে ছাগন-ড়; কোনত কিছু বা ক্ছে ছালা ছালা ; To put one self forward as, to establish one self as:—কোনভাবে গণ্য-ছ; Pose কঃ; pass for.

[ফু; Pursue; chase.

Set upon—আম্ব-ম ; Attack ; assault :—ডাড়া-Set with—বসান ; পচিত ; Studded with.

To be at a dead set—বাধান্তৰ্ক বৰ ধাকা। Well-set—ক্ষিত্ৰ।

To be set on or upon—\$ 5788.5; To be fixed upon; to be determined upon.

To be not down—To be established in popular or general estimation.

Set-down—ভংগনা, হানতাকারক নিন্দা, A rebuke that quiets or silences; a rebuff.

Set-off, n. অবহার ; ভ্ৰণ ; Decoration :— ভূজ বাবি ; A counter-claim ; an equivalant ; off set : — পাণ্টি বেলা পাওলা ; A counter balance.

A set-off against—একদিকে বে ভাব কি মুক্ত পাকে, সেই ভাব কি মুক্ত ভাগ বাহা বারা কেটে বার ; Something that counterbalances or neutralizes.

Seton, n. ৰোডাৰ বালাকি বা বেপৰীৰ প্ৰভাৱ পলিন্তা; Twist of silk &c. drawn through the skin. Set-out, n. বাজাৰ বলোবত; বাসৰ আ বল্লাকি প্ৰকৰ্ণৰ:

---গোলমাল।

Set-tee, স. চোকী বা আস্থ বিশেষ ; A long seat. Setter, seter, স. শিকাৰী কুৰুৰ বিশেষ ; A dog which crouches when it sees the game :—হাপক ; One who adapts words to music.

Setting, seling, a. 44414); Falling below the

horizon:— ল. বোৰৰা; ছাগৰ; কোৰত ভিছু বনাৰ; The act of placing or fixing:— অভগমন; The act of sinking or appearing to sink below the herizon:—The direction of a current, or of a sea or wind:—ভিছি আলেপতে কঠিব করণ; The hardening of plaster.

Setting day—Day on which accounts are balanced and settled, as on the stock exchange. Setting dog, ম. বুবুর বিশেষ; A dog trained to crouch at the sight or scent of game.

Settle, setl, ভ. f. ছিন্ন-কু; To decide :—ছাপন-কু; To fix, to establish :— (स्वत्रुव-कृ ; To confirm : --- विणासि-इ ; मीमारमा-इ : क्रिक विश्वान-क ; To adjust, arrange :-- To quiet ; to compose :--ছিত-কুবা তলায় বদান ; জমান ; To cause to sink : --ব্যব্ধব্রিভ-কু ; To make sure :---ধতম-কু ; টিক-কু ; To finish :—ৰণ পরিশোধ-কু; শোধ-কু; Liquidate; to pay:--- छैशनिरवन शांत्रन-क ; छेशनिरवनिछ-क ; To colonise: -- খ : খিভিবা পঢ়া; নীচে পতিত-ছ: To fall to the bottom :—িহর-হ; স্থানী-ই; To become come fixed; to become stationary:-- दात्र-क ; To fix one's residence :--বৃদা; জনা; To cease from agitation:--শাৰ-ই; To grow calm or clear :--- निक-क ; रामांगालमा क्कान : शिमांव विक-क ; To adjust differences or recounts: -- π. (ব); मक ; A bench ; a platform :- भोगामा। Syn :-Ordain, appoint, confirm: determine: reconcile, regulate; pay; plant, found; calm, tranquillize; subside, sink, fall; rest, repose; dwell, reside, inhabit; account, reckon.

Settle a pension on one—বৃত্তিৰক্ষণ-দে;
Confer on one. [কু; To adjust differences.
Settle differences or dispute—বিবাদ ভ্ৰম্Settle down—শাস্ত-হ; Subside; to become
quiet:—Establish oneself; adopt a methodical life. [ Adopt the life of.
Settle down into—শাস্ত আনার আন্ত বনবান-কু;
Settle the question—কোন বিবন্ধ ব্যিন-কু; To
decide that which was before doubtful or
uncertain.

Settle to, (on or upon)—চিরকালের যত বৃত্তি-বন্ধপ কিছু দান-কু; বৃত্তিরূপে প্রদান-কু; Make an investment or apportionment for the benefit of some one.

Settled, a. হিরীকৃত ; অবধারিত ; আইল ; Fixed. Settled conviction—ছায়ী বিবাস ; Behef which cannot be easily shaken.

Bettled income—নিৰ্মিত আৰু।

Bettled weather-Clear and calm weather. Settlement, se'l-ment, ম. যাগৰ ; ছিৱীকরণ ; Estab-

ishment; the act of sitting: - বলোবড; বাৰছা; বিলি; Arrangement: --উপনিবেল; A colony newly settled: --রীমল; A dowry, jointure: --নিশাভি; Adjustment: --নীমাংনা; Liquidation. Syn: --Ordination; installation; payment; pacification, reconciliation; colonization.

Act of settlement—The Act of 12 and 13 William III. by which the crown was limited to Her present Majest's house or to the House of Orange.
[A colonist. Bottler, setler, n. উপনিবেশকারী; উপনিবেশিক; Betto, n. মুনামুলি; নানানারি; A fight at fisticuss. Seven, sevn, a. and m. 34; 318; Six and one.
Seven wonders of the world.—The Pyramids, the Colossus at Rhodes, the temple of Diana at Ephesus, the hanging gardens of Babylon, the Mausoleum erected by Artemosia, the statue of Jupiter Olympius and the Pharos or watch tower at Alexandria.

Seven-fold, sevn-fold, a. সপ্তপা; সাভ-হারা; সাত ভাল; সাত-কের; Multiplied seven times; increased to seven times:—ad. সাতভূপে; সাতবার! Seven-night, n. সাতবাত্ত্বাল; স্থাহ! [twenty. Seven-shooter, a. and n. সাতবৃত্তি; Seven times Seven-shooter, n. A pistol with seven barrels. Seventeen, sevn-ten, a. and n. স্থাপা; সভাৱ; Seven and ten, 17.

Seventeenth, sevn-tënth, a. and মু. স্থানৰ ; সভৰ্ই ; The seventh after the tenth.

Seventh, sevnth, a. সথম; সাতই; সথম ভাগ; Last of seven, next after the sixth:—n. সথম ভাগ; One of seven equal parts. ad—seventhly.

Seventieth, sevn-ti-eth, a. সপ্ততিতম ; The next after the sixty-ninth:—n. সপ্ততিতম ভাগ ; One of soventy equal parts.

Seventy, sevn-ti, a. and n. সপ্ততি ; সময় ; Seven Seven, sever, v. t. [L. separare, to separate] পৃথক-কু; ছিন্ত-কু ; কাট্টিলা কেলা ; To divide ; to cut apart ; to keep distinct ; to separate by cutting :
—v. 1. পৃথক-কু; ছিন্ত-কু; ভিন্ত-কু; To be rent asunder.

Syn:—Disjoin, disconnect, disunite, part, sunder, detach.

Several, sever-al, a. ভিন্ন , পৃথক ; স্বতন্ত , Distinct; separate ; different :—আনক , কতকভালি ; নানা ; Many ; parious :—আডাক ; Respective. adm severally ব্যক্তন্ত )। Syn :—Single, particular ; different, sundry, divers

Severally and jointly—অভ্যেক ও সকলে ৷
Severalty, n. বাতরা; A state of separation from the rest. [কবৰ, Separation; partition.
Severance, sever-ans, n. পার্থকা; বিভাগ; পৃথক Severa, se very a. শাল ; কঠিন; কঠোর; পার্যা; পার্যা; Serious; grave; austere; very strict; not mild;—তীক্ষ; Sharp:—বেশকর; Distressing:—এচঙ ; Inclement:—ব্যুক্ত, Difficult to be endured. ad severely (কঠোরবংগ; উত্তর্জাপ); nessevereness (আভিগ্য); কঠিনত)। সুস্ত:—Stern, rigorous, cruel, morose, rigid, hard, rough; exact; simple unadorned, chaste; caustic; satirical, keen, cutting; acute, extreme, intense, violent.

Severity, se-ver'e-te, n. কঠোৱতা; পাৰ্ব্য: দাৰ্কাড়; Gravity; rigour; harshness:—এচডতা; আভিন্য; আড়াছিকতা; Inclemency. Syn:—Sternness, rigour, austerity; strictness, exactness; simplicity, plainness; sharpness, keenness; violence, intensity, coldness.

Sow, sō, v. f. (স্লাই-ড়; To unite or fasten together with a needle and thread:—v. i. সেলাই-ড়; To practise sewing. pt. sewed. pp. sewen. n=sewer. [Refuse carried off by sewers. Sowago, su'āi, n. ন্দানার স্বলা; ন্দানার প্রাজ্ঞান্ত জলকাণ, su'ēr, n. ( বৃদ্ধিকা স্বধাহিত) জলকাণালী; ( ভূমিব নিবছ) নদানাল; An underground passage for draining off water and filth.

Sowerage, strer-si, n. শাধানদাখাবিদিট বৰ্ণানা;
. স্বৰ্গন্থ নালী; The system of sewers of a city;
drainage by sowers.

Sowing, 36'ing, n. Appleas with; Alta wis; The act of sewing; that which is sewed.

Sewing machine—शैकन पत्र ।

Sex, scks, n. নিজ; স্থী-পৃথৰ চিছ; The distinction of male and female.

The sex-shalls; Woman in general.

Sexagonarian, seks-a-ien-ári-an, গ্ল. বইবৰীয় লোক; ৬- ও ৭- বংসরেয় মধ্যবন্তী বয়সের গোক; A person who is 60 years old.

Bexagenery, n. seks-aj'en-ar-i, e. ব্টিন্থাস্চত ; Designating the number 60:—n. ব্টিব্ৰব্যক্ষ ব্যেক; Sexagenarian.

Sexagenima, seks-a-jesi-ma, ন. লেকের বিভীয় রবিবার; The second Sunday before Lent.

Sexagesimal, seks-a-jesimal, a. বইসংখ্যা সম্-জীল ; Sixtieth.

Sexennial, seks-chyal, a. বডবাৰিক; বডববিছায়ী; ছয় বংসর ব্যাপক বা ঘটিত; Lasting six years or happaning once in six years. ad—sexennially.

Sontant, sekstant, s. यह विराय ; बुरख्य वहारण ; Astronomical instrument.

Bexto, n. পুত্তকেব ছর পেক্টা আকার।

Sexton, sekstun, n. ধ্পালহের পরিচারক; সমাধি-ধননম্বারী বা ঘটা-বরলার; One who has charge of a church or graveyard.

Soxtonahip, sckstun-ship, \*. সেক্স্লের পদ; The office of a sexton.

Sextuple, a. বদ্ধণ; ছয়ঞাবিশিষ্ট; Sixfold; having six parts.

Sexual, seksu-al, a. দ্বীপুরুষ সম্মান ; উপস্থাটত ; Belonging to sex; pertaining to sex. #= sexuality (পুন্ধী ভিন্নতা)।

Sexual desire-- \* 14

Sexual intercourse—श्रीमःमर्भ।

The sexual selection—দাপতিক নিৰ্পাচন।

Shabby, shabe, a. বলিল; মবলা, কুংনিড; অবস্থ ;
অপকৃষ্ট ; Mean in dress or conduct ; low; poorlooking:—ছিন্ন ; জীৰ্ণ ; Ragged ; worn to rags.
n=shabbiness (জীৰ্ণতা; ছীনতা); ad=shabbily
(ছীনতাৰে; ক্ৰব্যভাবে): Syn:—Ragged, worn,
threadbare, faded ; mean, paltry, despicable,
beggarly, dirty, scurvy, unhandsome.

Shackle, shakl, v. t. পৃথালিত-কৃ; পৃথালাৰছ-কৃ; বেড়ি-মে; আৰম্ভ-কৃ; To fetter, to chain; to confine. Syn:—(v) Manacle; hamper, impede, embarrass. Shackles, n. pl. হাতকড়ি; পৃথাল; Fetters.

Shad, n. 409 बिल्म ; A fish.

Shaddook. n. ৰাভাৰী নেৰু; A tree and its fruit. Shade, shad, n. ছারা; Shadow:—ৰক্ষার; ডম:; ডিমির; Darkness; obscurity:—রিক্ডা; Coolness—গরদ; Screen:—ছারামর ছান; A shady place:—আলার; Shelter:—ভড়; প্রেডায়া; A ghost:—গরিবাণ; Degree:—সামাজ পরিবর্জন; A very minute change:—v. t. উত্থাপ নিবারণ-ভৃ; To screen from light or heat:—কাছ্যাতি-ভৃ; To cover with a screen:—কাছ্যাতি-ভৃ; To darken; to cover:—v. t. To act as a shade. Syn:—(n) Veil, curtain; obscurity, duskiness; ghost, spirit, apparition, phantom; colour, hue, tint,

stain; variety; difference. (v) Obscure, cloud, dim; screen, protect.

A shade, ed. এক ছোব ; এক খাঁচ।

Cast or throw into the shade স্থানিন ড়; ব্যানিন্মন্ত ড়; Eclipse:—কাণা করে-দে; Render dim-In the shade—চামাতে; In a spot not exposed to the sun :—সর্কনাধারণের: In obscurity.

Shade or degree of difference—কতি সামাস্ত কৰে ; A very slight difference or variation.

Shades, n. pl. মেডগণের মালয় ; মেডগোৰু ; Abode of ghosts.

Bhadow, shado, n. ছারা; বন্ধ বা বাজির ছারা;
Shade within defined limits:—অন্ধনার; Darkness:—জ্ড; Ghost:—সামান্ত সায়ত্ত; গৃচার্ভ প্রভিন্নপ ;
Faint representation; mystical representation:
—আগ্রঃ; রকিত স্থান; Shelter; shade:—অব্যক্তর
পদার্থ; Something only in appearance:—অব্যক্তর
Favour:—স্বচর; অস্টর; সঙ্গী, An inseparable
companion:—v. t. অন্ধনার-কৃ; মেবাব্ড-কৃ: ছাবা-কৃ;
To darken; to shade:—কিরং পরিমানে সায়ত্ত প্রকশ্ব-কৃ:—To represent faintly. n=shadowness.
Syn:—(n) Shade; obscurity, gloom; cover,
protection; phantom; image, adumbration,
representation, type.

Shadow forth—Represent dimly or mystically. Shadow of a doubt—কিঞ্চিয়াত সংক্রং সংক্রেয় জেলমাত্রঃ

Shadow of death—মৃত্যুর ছারা; The near and felt approach of death by a sick person; a dreadful darkness or trouble.

The shadow of a shado—ছারার ছারামাত্র ; কিছুই নয় , Absolutely nothing, worthless.

Shadowing, n. জালোকহীৰ করণ; Shading; gradation of light and colour.

Shadowy, a. ছারাভূরিষ্ট ; অপাকারনর ; অসার , Dark, obscure , unsubstantial.

Shady, shadi, a. ছালা-প্ৰধান; ছালাল; ক্ৰমিড; ছবিড; Having shade; being in shade; sheltered from light or heat. ad—shadily. n—shadiness.

On the shady side of—আরও অধিক; On the wrong side, i. e. more thin.

Shaft, shaft, n. ভীর; শর; শর; শর-কাভ; শরবট্ট; An arrow; a long part of an arrow:—তত্ত্বভাভ; Part of a column between the base and the capital; the body of a column or pillar:—গাভির বন; Pole of a carriage:—ত্ত্ত্বপন; বনির প্রবেশ গর্ভ; Pit of a mine; the entrance to a mine:—The stem of a feather:—গাড়ির চাকার আল; হাত্ত্ব; Large axle.

Shafted, shafted, a. FORTHE; TIONTHE; Having a shaft or handle.

Shag, shag, n. কোৰডা চুল; Rough wolly hair; coarse hair or nap; woolly hair:—বল্ল; A cloth:—পশ্বিবিশেষ; A bird:—ভাষাক বিশেষ; A kind of tobacco.

Shaggy, shag'i, a. লোমণঃ: লোমণুক্ত; With long hair; covered with rough hair or wool:--নন্ধনে; অসমান; উচ্চাবচ; বনুর, Rough; rugged. n=shagginess.

Shagreen, sha-gren, n. जनगंद्रकालिय कर्म दिल्लं ;
A kind of leather prepared from horse's, ass's, or camel's skin.

Shagreened, Shagreen, c. জাত্রীৰ নিৰ্দিত বা থাৰত; Made of or covered with shagreen. Shah, sha, n. [Pers. shah, a king] TINGS

बाजा ; The monarch of Persia.

Shake, shak, v. t. বাড়া-বে; কলিভ-কু; To make to tremble --- ৰান্দে|বিড-ছ; To agitate :--- বিচলিত-ক : অশ্বির-ক ; To cause to waver :--জীত-ক ; To make afraid :- v. i. किन्छ-इ ; क्रीना ; To tremble :-- (शांनांत्रभान-इ, विक्रांतिक-इ; To vibrate :-- n. ৰুপাৰ; ৰাড়া; Shaking:—হতপাৰ, Salute with the hand : - আবাত ; A concussion : - ছেম , ছিন্ত , A rent in timber : — ধুনন; ছুই ক্রের ক্রত পর্বার; A rapid alternation of two musical notes :-চুলি বিশেষ: A kind of military cap. pt=hank. pp=shaken. Syn .-(n) Convulse, shiver, quiver, quake, totter; trill.

Shake hands, Shake hands with- रूप वर्षन-ৰু, হত্তপৰ্ম হারা আনন্দ প্রকাশ-কু; হত্তপীড়ন-কু, To express pleasure or satisfaction at meeting or parting with a friend by shaking hands :--পুনর্শ্বলিত-ছ, To become reconciled, as friends. Shake off—बाडिया-रक्ता , कान वक्तन श्रेट बार्गनारक मुक्त-क ; Cast off; get rid of; throw of .-

পরিত্যাগ-কু, পরিহাব-কু; Discard, divest oneself of :-- हाड अडान ; Rid onesalf of ; avoid.

Shake off the yoke—স্বধীনতা ইইতে নিম্নেকে মুক্ত-7. To free oneself from the control of another. Shake one's faith or belief--বিশাস অপনান-ডু; To impair one's confidence.

Shake one's fist at-पृति बँठान ; Threaten to strike one with the fist.

Shake one's sides —বরুবের সহিত হাত-ক : আণের বহিত ইাসা . To laugh heartily.

Shake or tremble like an as pen leaf-41-ধর কৰিয়া কাঁপা , Tremble all over.

Shake the dust off one's feet—আর কিরিয়া না বলিয়া কোন স্থান বিষয়কভাবে ত্যাগ-কু।

Shake the elbow-পাৰা থেলা ৷

Shake the head, Shake one's head—অসম্ভি প্ৰকাপ-কু, যাড নাডিয়া 'দা' বলা কিংবা 'অভিমন্ত নহে' এই ভাৰ ব্যৱ-ৰূ. To express dissent, doubt or refusal; shake one's head meaning thereby to say-No: indicate disapproval.

Bhaker, n. कण्य माधन, बारमानक; One who, or that which, shakes or agitates.

Shakers-শ্ৰদভাগৰ বিশেষ ; A fanatical religious sect of North America, whose professors introduce into their devotional exercises jumping and singing.

Shakespeareanian, a দেলপিয়র বা তদীয় প্রভাবনী न्यकोर ; Pertaining to or in the style of Shakespeare. [ military cap.

Shako, shako, n. निवदान वित्नव ; A kind of Shaky, shaki, a. হৰ্মণ; ভয়, Feeble; un-steady: —চিডবিশিষ্ট; চিডবুর্ণ; Full of cracks or clefts :--कन्ममान , Shaking. n = shakeness.

Shale, n. মেটের মত অভর বা পাহড়ি, Crumbling kind of slate :—বোশা, ভাট , A husk, a pod. a=

Shall, v. i. auxillary. ভবিষ্ৎপুচৰ সহকারী ক্রিয়া : বো, বে, বা, Implying a duty or necessity. pt should.

Shalli, s. यह वित्य ; A swilled cloth.

Shallon, ». গণনী কাপড়; A light woolen stuff. Shallop, shalop, #. हुई शंखानत सिनि : तोकांविएय : A sort of large-schooner; rigged boat with two masts.

Shallot, shalot, a. প্ৰাৰু : পেঁবাল ; An onion. Shallow, shalo, a. wreld; 5614; Having little depth ; not deep :-- वृष्णी ; वहवृद्ध ; वह , Not profound; silly:—#. চড়া; পুলিব; A sand bank; shoal. Syn: -(a) Shoal; slight, simple, superfical, unprofound, empty, trifling, filmsy, trivial. (n) Flat, shelf. [ বিশোধ, Silly; foolish. Shallow-brained, shallo-brand, a. प्रापृत्ति; Shallowness, n. অগতীয়তা; তলশাস্তভা, মুচ্চী ৷ Shalt, and per, sing, of shall. [ lities of shale. Shaly, a. (नन-निनारची ; Partaking of the qua-Sham, sham, n. अठात्रमा ; एत ; माकि ; हानाकि , Pretence; imposture; fraud; trick :-- c. 475; মিপা , ক্রিত , কৃত্রিম ; Pretended ; feigned ; false ; mock :--- v. t. कांग-कृ ; अप्रकात-कृ ; कांकि-ता ; To pretend, to feign, to cheat, to ape :-- v. i. ভাণ-ভূ, ছল-ভু; To make false pretence. Syn: -(n) Delusion, feint, humbug, counterfeit. Sham Abraham - \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \tag{7} To pretend to

be sick.

Shamble, v. i. केशिया वा व्यवस्थि हमा; Walk awkwardly and unsteadily. e-shambling. Shambles, shamble, n. pl. क्यांट्रे बाबा , बारम

विक्य भान , Slaughter house , a flesh-market. Shame, sham, n. मन्न, नुका, A painful sensation excited by a consciousness of guilt, consci-

ous of fault :-- अश्वाह्म : Disgrace ; dishonour --मञ्जा. Modesty .-- v t. शिक्षाठ-कृ; नका-त्म : To make ashamed; to cause to blush .-- नभानि उ-ক; অপণ্য-ক. To disgrace, to cover with reproach. Syn .- (n) Abashment, humiliation. mortification; reproach, ignominy, dishonour, degradation.

Cry shame on- | | Reproach one with shameful conduct.

For shame—ভোষার ব্যৱহ হওয়া উচিত; বিক তোমাকে; You should be ashamed.

Put to shame---লব্দিত-কু , অপুৰুত-কু ; To cause to feel shame; to inflict shame on.

Shame-faced, shame-fast, a. नका निन ; प्रदर्शन ; লাক : Very bashful ; modest. ad - shamefacedly n = shame-facedness. (লজানীপ্তা ; Modesty). Sham-fight—মিখা বৃদ্ধ; Mock fight.

Shameful, shāmfóol, a. नकांक्त्र ; नकांक्त्र ; Full of shame; bringing shame or disgrace:-बहीन ; Indecent. ad=shamefully. n = shamefulness. Syn :- Disgraceful, infamous, dishonourable, degrading, scandalous, ignominious. Shamoloss, shamles, a. निर्वस ; नकारीन ; বেহারা; Immodest; unblushing:-- মুট্ট; Audan -shamelessness, ad-shamelessly. CIOUS. Syn: -- Impudent, brazen-faced, unblushing, depraved, graceless, abandoned, profligate. Shammy, shami, Shamoy, shamoy, n. 34 বিশেষ ; Chamois :-- হারিব চর্ম ; Skin of chamois. Shampoo, sham-poo, v. नकांत्र मध्य-कृ ; जाबाहरू

नाज प्रान्त , Rub the limbs &cc. in a warm bath :

— সাবাদে খোক ক ; To wash thoroughly with soap and water. n=shampooer.

Shamrook, shamrok, n. ত্রিপত লতা বিশেব; Clover:
—আরবলতের ব্যতীর চিচ্চ; Emblem of the Liish.

Shank, shangk, n. জব্বা, ঠাং; The leg:—
কথাছি: The lower joint of the leg:—নসবের ন্যাবন্ধ; ব্যান স্বীবাংশ; The long part of an instrument
as of an anchor between the ring and arms.

Ride shank's mare—ইটিয়া বাৰলা।

Shanty, n. কৃটার: কুড়ে বর; A mean hut or house :- v. t. कृतिस वात-क ; To inhabit a shanty. Shapable, a. গঠনবোধ্য ; That may be shaped. Shape, shap, v. t. शर्वन-कु; आकृष्ठि वा छोलविनिष्टे-कु, To fashion; to form; to mould or make into a particular form :--- ক্ষ্ট- কু; To create :-- নিরূপিত-क ; नित्रिक क ; To regulate ; to direct ; to adjust : -কল্পনা-কু; To conceive :—৩. ঠ. পটিড-ই; To take a shape :-- डेशरवांगी-इ: To suit :-- म. शर्रन; चाकृष्ठि : स्टोन ; वृद्धि ; Form ; figure :--हाँह . चापर्न ; Model; mould:--धकांब; Manner. Syn:--(ए) Form, frame, figure, model. (n) Configuration, fashion, outline, cut, build, cast, tournure; [prove another's appearance. pattern ; guise. Shape-smith, n. One who undertakes to im-To shape one's course-To plan and act; to adjust one's method of procedure.

To take shape—আকৃতিবিশিট-কু; কোলও বিশেষ আকাৰ ধাৰণ-কু; To become embodied; to begin to take a definite form.

Shapeless, a. কদাকার ; বিরূপ ; বে-ভৌল ; Destitute of shape ; wanting symmetry.

Shapely, shap'li, n. হৰৱ ; হুখাৰ ; Symmetrical; beautiful. n=shapeliness.

Shard, Sherd, n. (बानावृंति ; बानबाडांडा ।

Share, shar, n. আল ; ভাগ ; বধরা ; হিন্তা ; A part ; a portion; dividend; division; part of the capital of a joint stock company:—( লাকলের ) কাব বা কলক; Cutting blade of a plough:—v. f. আল-ভৃ; ভাগ-ভৃ; To divide; to partake with other:—v. f. বিভক-ভৃ; To have part; to receive a dividend. Syn:—(n) Lot, allowance, apportionment; dividend, contingent, quota. (v) Divide, distribute, allot, apportion; partake, participate-

Share in—কোন কিছুৰ অংশ গ্ৰহণ-কৃ; Bear (with another) a part of. [concerned. To go shares—অংশী-হ; অংশ-ল; To be equally Share-beam, ন. লালনের মুড়া; The part of a plough to which the share is attached. [dealer. Share-broker, ন. অংশ ক্রমিক্রের গালাল; A Share-holder, shar/hold-er, ন. অংশীলার; অংশী; One who holds or owns a share in a joint stock. Sharer, ন. অংশীলার; সরিক; ভানী; One who shares.

Shark, shārk, ন. হাসর; A large voracious seafish:—উকাল; Lawyer:—প্রকৃষ ; বৃত্তি ব্যক্তি; Sharper:—প্রভারণা; Fraud:—৩. ৩. সাবাভ চৌর্য্ শতি-কু; প্রভারণা-কু; Play the lawyer or petty thief; live by shifts.

Sharp, sharp, s. ধারাল ; ব্যহার ; Having a very thin edge :—ভাত্ব ; বাবৰ ; Keen, of quick perception :—ভার ; উর ; কাব ; Shrill ; severe ; harsh :

— বার্য : Eager : — পৃষ্ঠ : সকর্চ ; Watchful : — Thin :
— n. উপ্তথ্য ; Acute note. ad = sharply ( বার্ম্বার ;
কি )। n=sharpness. Syn :— (a) Keen, acute ;
penetrating, sagacious, shrewd, astute, clever,
witty ; biting, pungent, tart; caustic, sarcastic;
intense, painful, severe, distressing; nipping,
pinching; strong, violent.

Look sharp—স্বধান হও। [ ৰড়িবালি। Sharp practice—চালাকি করিয়া নিলের ক্ৰিবা-লাভ; Sharp-edgod—ধারাল; তীক।

Sharpen, sharp'n, v. t. তাক্ ক; To make sharp:
—ধাবাস-তৃ. ধার-বে: চোকান; To give a fine point
to:—তার-ক; To make pungent or painful:—
কটোন-ক; To render severe:—বাম, চকল বা তার-ক;
To make eager, active, or acute:—v. i. তাক্
e; To grow sharp.

Sharpen the wits-বৃদ্ধি ইছেনিত-কৃ; Arouse the mind to activity; to quicken the intellect.

Sharper, sharp'-er, n. শঠ: ধ্র্র ; প্রবঞ্চ : কুলা-টোর ; A swindler ; a trickster ; a cheat.

Sharply, ad. তীক্ষাণ ; Keenly.

Sharpness, н. তীক্ষ লা ; প্রাথব্য ; Keenness.

Sharp-pointed—ভীকার।

Sharp-set, sharp'-set, a. উৎহক; বার : প্রধঃ জোবুপ: Eager in appetite; keen; ravenous:—
ফুণিড; Hungry.

Sharp-sighted, sharp'-sited, a. বিচকণ; প্র-দশী; তীক্ষ্ট; ধীক্ষণ ; Shrewd; discerning.

Sharp-shooter, n. ভলিবাৰ; তির্বাদ; A skilled marksman.

Sharp-smelling-ভীরগন্ধ ; উপ্রপন্ধ ।

Sharp-witted, sharp'-wited, a. বিচক্ষৰ; তীক্ষ-বৃদ্ধি; Sagacious.

Shatter, shater, v. i. ৰঙ বংক ; চুৰ্ক ; To break at once into many pieces; to break up:—শত বা গোলমাল-কু; To disorder:—অংশ-কু, নপ্ত-কু; To impair:—v. i. ভারিয়া-বা; বঙ বঙ হুলয়া; To be broken into pieces.—n. তথ্য বঙ; A fragment. Syn:—(v) Shiver; disorder, derange.

Shatter-brain, n. চক্ৰ লোক; A careless and giddy person.

Shattery, a. বঙ্গপ্রব ; Brittle.

Shave, shav. e. t. মুখন-কু; কৌরি-ফু; কারান; To pare closely, to cut off with a razor:—v. i. উদ্যোচন-কু; To strip. [friar (in contempt). Shaveling, shaviling, n. সল্লাসী; A monk or Shaver, shave'r, n. নাপিড; কৌরকার; A barber:—পুর্ব: চতুর-ব্যবসায়ী; A sharp dealer:—পুঠনকারী; নুঠক; A plunderer:—চালাক; রুসিক;

Shaving, shaving, n. মুডল; কৌরবার্ট্য; The act of shaving.

[pl. বলা |
Shaw, n. উপৰন; A small wood; a thicket:—
Shawl, shawl, n. শাল, বীলোকের বাজ বল্ল; A cloth of wool or hair used by women as a wrapper:—v. শাল বাৰা আন্ত-কৃ; Te wrap in a shawl.

She, pro. তিনি; সেই; সে ( বীলোক); Used for women or females:—n. বীলোক, Woman. mas.—he, pl-they.

Sheaf, shel, n. works with; we; A bundle tied together as of corn; any bundle or collection:—v.t. with sin; To bind in sheaves:—v.s. with-s; To make sheaves, (pl-sheaves).

Sheafy, shell, a. 41541; 415455; Consisting of sheaves.

Sheel, Sheeling, n. শৈলকুদীর।

Sheal, v. t. খোষা ছাড়াৰ !

Bhear, shēr, v. t. কাচি বারা ছাটা; কাটা; To clip; to cut:—v. i. প্ৰৰ-ফু; To separate. n=shearer (কৰ্ডক; (ছদক)। pt=sheared, shore. pp=sheared, shorn.

Shearing, n. ছেম্ব : কর্ত্তম : [sheep. Shearing time—Time for clipping wool off Shearling, sher'ling, n. বে মেবেৰ লোম একবাৰমাত্ৰ ছাঁটা ইইরাছে : A sheep only once sheared.

Shears, sherz, n. pl. বড় কাচি; Large scissors. Sheath, sheth, n. খাপ; কোব; আবরণ; Case for any instrument; scabbard:—পত্ৰের পকাবরণ; Wing-case of an insect.

Sheathe, sheth, v. t. বাপে ভরা : বাপে রাধা ; To enclose in a case : to put into a scabbard.

Sheathe the sword—শান্তি স্থাপন-কৃ; যুদ্ধ পেব-কৃ; Make peace.

Sheathing, n. আবৰক-পাত্ৰ; জাহাজেৰ তৰদেশ আছো-দল; That which sheathes, especially the covering of ship's bottom.

Sheaves, n. কপিকলের চাকা; The wheel of the pully.

Shebeen, n. বেখানে মদ্যাদি গোপনে বিক্রীত হয় ৷

Shed, shed, v. t. ত্যাগ-তু; বতন্ত্ৰ-তু. To part, to separate:—ছড়াৰ; বিকীৰ্-তু; Scatter; throw out:
—ঢালা; বৰ্গ-তু; Pour out; spill; cast.—পতিড ইতে-দে; Let fall:—n. চালা; ক্ডেম্বর; শালা; A building with roof but open sides an outhouse; a hut. Syn:—(a) Effuse, diffuse, stread, cast. Cow-shed—গোশালা! [to destroy life. Shed blood—বঙ্কপাত-তু; Cause blood to flow;

Shed tears—ৰুজ বিসঞ্জন-কু।

Shedder, n. পাতকারী। Shedding, n. পাতৰ।

Sheen, shen, n. উজ্জ্লতা; প্রভা; Brightness; splett-dour:—a. উজ্জ্ল, চকচকে; Bright. a=sheeny (সুলব)।
Sheep, shep, n. মেৰ; ভেড়া, The well-known, wool-bearing animal:—বোকা, নির্দোধ লোক; A silly fellow (by way of contempt):—Clergyman's congregation.

Black-sheep—ছক্রিত্র বাজি: কুলাসার; One who has a bad reputation in a company of people. Sheep-bell, n. নেবের গলায় ঘটা; Bell tied to a sheep.

Sheep-cot, shep'kot, n. ভেড়ার বোরাড়; Sheep-fold; inclosure for sheep. [ care of sheep. Sheep-dog, n. মেবরজক কুকুন; Dog that takes Sheep-fold, Sheep-pen, n. মেবর বোরাড়; A fold or pen for sheep:—মেবরজ; A flock of sheep. Sheepish, a. মেবরং; Like sheep:—নালুক, নজানীল; ভাক; মুবচোরা; Bashful; foolishly diffident. n=sheepishness. ad=sheepishly.

Sheep-master, shep'mas-ter, ন. মেবের অভু; নেববামী; মেবপালক; Master or owner of sheep; a feeder of sheep.

Sheep-shearer, shep'sher-er, n. বেষের লোম কর্ত্তনারী; বেষ-লোমচেছদক; One who shears sheep.
Sheep-shearing, shep'sher-ing, n. বেষের বোষ
কর্ত্তনার কেন্দ্রনার, The shearing of sheep:---

নেৰ লোমজেনৰ কাল; কেবের গোৰ কর্মন নৰৰ; The time of shearing the sheep.

Sheep's cyo, n. ক্লান্ত্রত স্তৃক বৃষ্ট বা বজর; কটাকণাত; অব্যয়্ট; Wishful glance; diffident loving look.

Sheep's head, n. (4) (4) A silly fellow.

Sheep-skin, n. বেৰ-চর্ম।

Sheep-walk, shep'wawk, ন. বে ভূমিতে মেব চরে; মেব-চারণ; Sheep-pasture.

Sheepy, shep'i, a. বেৰসম্বনীয়; বেৰবং; Pertaining to, or resembling sheep.

Sheer, sheer, a. অমিল ; অনিলিভ; বছে; ডাহা; কেবল;
Pure, unmingled; dear; simple:—ad. পরিকারক্রপে, সম্পূর্ণরূপে; কেবলমান ; ক্রকোরে; Clear; quite;
at once. Syn:—Mere, bare, naked; perpendicular.
Sheer, sher, n. আহাজের বক্রতা; Bend or curve
of a ship's deck:—v. i. বিপথে বাধ্যা; বক্রতাবে
ক্রো; Deviate from the line of the proper
course; turn aside.
[ away.
Sheer off—বিপথে গিয়া মূরে পড়া; সরিয়া পড়া, Move

Sheer off—ৰিপথে বিধা দূরে পড়া; সারয়া পড়া , Move Sheer up—To turn and approach to a ship or a place in nearly a parallel direction.

Sheers, n. মান্তল ডুলিবার বন্ধ বিশেষ, See shears. Sheet, n. চাদর; বিছানাব চাদর; আধরণ; Large piece of cloth over a bed; cloth for a bed — কাগজেব-তা; Broad piece of paper:—পাল; পাইল; A sail:—কাগজেব বজ্জ; দড়ি; The rope fastened to sail to extend it to the wind:—v. f. চাদর ধারা আজোদন-তৃ; আবৃত-তৃ, To cover with or as with a sheet.

In sheets—Folded, but not bound, said of the printed pages of a book. [ the ground. Sheeted snow—Snow lying like a sleet on Sheet of metal—গাতুপাত্ৰ। [ water. Sheet of water—জ্লৱাশি, A broad expanse of To be three sheets in the wind—লেশাত্ৰ কডকটা ব্ৰ-হ।

Winding sheet-- नवाञ्चापन वस ।

Sheet-anchor, sher-ang'kor, n. জাচাজের বড় নকর; The largest anchor of a ship thrown out in extreme danger:—শেষ উপায়; নিশ্চিত উপায় বা অবল্যন; Last refuge; chief support.

Sheeting, sheding, m. বিহানার চাদর; চাদবেব কাপড়, Cloth for sheets.

Sheet-lightning, shet-lifning, n. বছ বিজ্ঞ বিজ্ঞালা; Lightning diffused over the sky, lightning appearance in sheets or having a broad appearance. [eminence; a lord. Sheik, shek, n. গাতনামা ব্যক্তি; প্রভূ; A man of Shekel, shekl, n. গিছদীদিশের ওজন ও মুলা বিশেব;

A Jewish weight and coin.

Sheldrake, n. হ'ল বিশেষ : A species of duck. Shelf, shelf, n. তাক : মাচা : শেল্ফ : Board for laying things on ; a board fixed on a wall — সমূলপর্ভন্থ শৈল : অলিমিয়িত পাহাড় : Rock under — সমূলের চড়া ; A sand-bank :— শুলিল ; A ledge. e=shelfy ( চড়া বা শৈল বিশিষ্ট ) ! p!=shelves. Lay on the shelf— অপ্রয়োজনীয় বোবে একনিকে কেলিবা রাখা !

Shell, shel. n. ছাল ; খোদা ; খাদুকের খোলা ; বিচক -শহ্ম . Husk ; a hard covering :—কালা গোখা . A bemb :—শ্বাধার . A coarse kind of coffin :— বাদ্যবস্ত্ৰ ; An instrument of music :-- v. t. খোলা ছাড়ান; বোলা ভালা; ছাল ভোলা; To remove the shell from ; to break off shell :—গোলা বর্ণ-ক ; গোলা নিকেপ-কু; To bombard:—v. s. গোলার মত খনিরা গড়া ; খোনা ত্যাগ-ৰু ; To fall off like a shell ; to cast the shelf or husk.

## Counch shell—≒₹ :

Oyster shell—sir | [money freely; to pay out. Shell out—अकांब्रद होना बाद-कृ; To expend To shell peas—बहेबछि हाजान। [ in plates. Shellac, Shellack, n. পাত গালা ; Melted lack Shell-fish, sheifish, n. শব্ ; বিবৃক ; শব্ক ; An aquatic animal with an external shell; mollusk with a hard covering; counch. [ing the shells. Shell-lime, n. বিশ্বকের চুর্ব ; Lime made by burn-Seell-proof, shelpool', a. গোলার আঘাত প্রতিরোধক বা সহু করণকম ; Able to resist bombs.

Shell-work, shelwurk, n. (बानांत कांत ; Work composed of or adorned with shells. Shelly, sheli, a. अध्यसः , व्यानामनः , व्याना याता দিখিত; Full or made of shells.

Shelter, shelter, n. [Nors, skyla, to protect] শরণ: আঅর; Refuge:—তাণ; রকা; Defence; protection :--রকান্তান: আত্মহান: Retreat :-রক্ষক ; আশ্রধদাতা ; অভিভাবক : A guardian ; that which protects :- v. t. बाधर-(ए : To cover :-বন্ধা-ক; To defend; to protect; to shield:--গোপন-ক ; লুকান ; To conceal :-- v. i. জাগ্র-ল ; জালার গ্রহণ-কু; To take shelter. Syn:—(n) Security; asylum, covert, haven.

Bholve, shelv, v. t. তাকের উপৰ রাখা; To place on a shelf :- একদিকে রাখা ; কেলিয়া রাখা ; ত্যাগ-ভু , To put aside :- v. i. हान्- ह ; गड़ानिया- ह ; To be sloping. n=shelving.

Shelving, a. कमनः छान् : अछानिता :-- ॥ छारकः উপর স্থাপন: The act of placing on a shelf. Shelvy, shelvi, a. ঢালু; পড়ানিছা; গড়েন; চড়াবিশিষ্ট:

with Full of shoals or shelvis, shallow.

Shemitic-See semite.

Shool, n. প্রেডবোক; The place of department. Shephered, shep'erd, n. মেৰণালক; বাধান; One who herds sheep : - कृषक , A swain : - वाक क . আচাষা ; ধ্যোপ্ৰেশক ; Λ pastor. fem=shepherdess. Sherbet, sherbet, n. [ Arab, sherbet, a drink ] विष्टेशानीह : शहबर : A drink.

Sherd. Shird, n. Style: A fragment.

Shoriff, sher'if, n. आहेन साति कतिवाद कर्यहानीदित्व ; স্থািক: The chief officer who executs the law.

Sheriffalty, Sheriffdom, Sheriffship, Sheriffry, n. निहरूत श्रम ; मिंदिक्व अधिकांत्र ; The officer or jurisdiction of a sheriff. [ strong wine. Sherry, sher'i, n. সেবের মদ্য বিশেষ; A Spanish Shew, sho, Same as show.

Shewbread, sho'bred, Same as showbread. Shibboloth, shibo-leth, n. माच्छनात्रिक नक ; माला বিশেষ লক্ষ্ ; The criterion or watch-word of a party.

Shield, sheld, n. off ; of ; Buckler :- Ff be ; कुनाएर्न पृथि; An escutcheon:---आध्यः दक्नाः Defence; protection :- त्रकावर्डा ; Protector ; guard :- v. i. तका-क : जाक्शान-क ; To protect ; to defend; to keep off.

Throw a shield over—রকা-কৃ ;আলার, দাল-কু ; নিজের আশ্রর গ্রহণ-কু; Protect ; take under one's protection; secure fron assault or injury.

Shield-bearer, n. हर्मबादी ; हाल-वननाद ।

Shieldless, sheldle,, a. ঢাল-বিহীৰ; Without a shield; destitute of a shield:--आञात-विशेष; রশ্বণ-বিহীন; Defenceless.

Shift, shift, v. t. পৰিবৰ্ত্তন-কু; বদলান; To change: –সরাইয়া-দে; To put out of the way; নবৰসনে সঞ্জিত-কু; To dress in fresh clothes:—v. i. বৰ্ণ-লাইয়া বেড়ান ; ইতস্ততঃ গমন-কু; চলা বা চলান ; To change about ; move :-- कान উत्मन्न नागनार्थ छैनान অবলম্বন-কু; To resort to experiments for some purpose :-- n. পরিবর্ত্তন ; বদল ; A change :-- शिक्ति : চালাকি; কৌশল: ছল; A contrivance; artifice:-উপার; শেব উপার; Expedient; means; last resource :-- द्वीत्नारकद्र श्रीवाक विलिय ; A chemise. n=shifter. Syn:-(v) Alter, transfer, displace, remove; veer, chop; manage, contrive.

Be put to shifts-ক্ৰিব্ৰটকিব কবিতে বাৰ্-হ: Be obliged to resort to decentful expedients.

Make shift—চালাইযা-ল; কনিতে পারা; উপার-কু; Manage; do or contrive with some difficulty.

Shift about--(नानायमान-इ ; To vacillate :-हार्तिपटक त्यांता ; To turn quite round.

Shift for oneself—জীবিকা নিৰ্মাহের উপায় অবেহণ-कृ : निक्ष्य भथ (मथा , श्रीय क्षीविका व्यर्कन-कृ ; Seck out one's own means of livelihood; see out means of safely in the best way one can.

Shift off—কোন ডপায় হারা বিলম্ব-ফু; দেরী-ফু; কেলিরা রাখা; To defer by some expedient.

Shift the scene—দৃশু পরিবর্তন-কু।

Shifting scenos of life—कोरत्वत्र मानादिव गर्डमा : Viccisitudes of life.

Shiftless, shiftles, n. নিরুপাব; উপায়-বিহীন; Destitute of expedients :—উপায়াভাব হেডু অকৃত-कांग ; अन्तर ; Unsuccessful for want of proper means. [ Fertile in expedients.

Shifty, a. डेशांव वा क्लोनन উद्धावनक्य ; हालाक, हकुत्र ; Shilalah, Shillalay, n, ও∓ গাছের চারা; An oak sapling; a cudgel.

Shilling, shiling, z. ইংলণ্ডীর রৌপ্য মুলা বিশেষ: 12d, an English silver coin.

Shiloh, n. fay; The Messiah.

Shilly-shally, n. মনের অহিরতা ; সন্দেহ : প্রংপচ্ছ ; Hesitation; toolish trifling; irresolution; -a. In an irresolute or undecided manner :-- v. i. প্র-পচ্ছ-কু।

To stand shilly shallying—हिन्निस बा-इ; Hang off and on; be irresolute or undecided.

Shimmer, v. t. বিকিমিকি করিয়া অলা; সামার আনো-দে; To gleam; to glisten: - স. বিকিমিক जाता, गांगांक जाता; A gleaming; glimmering. Shin, shin, n. शास्त्र निन ; कण्या ; दाँहेत निवह शास्त्र

সম্প্ৰাগ ; Fore part of the leg ; the large bone of the leg.

Shindy, shindi, n. গোলসাল; কোলাইল; An uproar; a row: -- v. বন (ধনা; A game at ball.

Shine, shīn, v. i. আলো দেওয়া; উদ্ধান-হ; দীবি ध्यमान-कृ; मीखिमान-ह; To give light; glitter; glisten:-- वृश्चित व्यापवा व्यापन-कृ ; (व्यक्र-कृ ; To be eminent :- n. एक्ना ; छक्ना ; हानहिना ; Brightness: splendour: - 15:1 [ Fair weather.

pt. pp. - shone. Syn: - (v) Radiate, beam,
gleam, glare, sparkle.

Make the face shine upon—बन्बर् पृष्टै-इ ; रुवमह इत्या

Take the shine out of—কাহাকে ছাড়িয়া-বে;
Outshine one:—অধিকতন উজ্জনতা বানা নিঅভ-ক;
Shingle, shing'el, n. ছাদের জন্ত পাতলা ততা.
Thin piece of timber used for covering the roof of houses:—v. t. ততা বিনা আছোদন-ক; To cover with shingles.

Single, a. বৃদ্ধি; Beach; gravel. a=shingly.
Shingle roof—ভক্তা বারা আহ্মাণিত ছান; Roof covered with thin boards.

Shingles, shing'glz, n. pl. চৰ্ম বোগ বিশেষ; চনা-কায় থক; An eruptive disease which spreads around the body like a belt or girdle, Herpes Zona.

Shingly, a. স্ডিব ; A bounding with gravel.
Shining, shihing, a. উজ্ব ; জনকাল ; তেলাল ; পাঁওশালী ; Bright; radiant :—বিবাত ; Distinguished— ল. উজ্জ্বা ; Brightness. Syn — Glistening, resplendent, effulgent, lustrous, brilliant, glittering, sparkling, splendid, illustrious.

Shining light—বিশাত ব্যক্তি; Men distinguished for piety and so an example to others.

Shintoism, n. ৰাপানেৰ ধৰ্ম :

Shiny, shihi, a. ভৰ্ষ, গীপ্তিমান্; গীপ্তিশালী; Bright; splendid:—অধনাৰ্ত; Unclouded.

Bhip, ship, n. জাহাজ; পোড; Any large see-going vessel:—v. t. জাহাজে হোলা; জাহাজে; বোধাই-কু.
To put on board a ship; to receive on board a ship:—বধাছানে স্থাপন-কু; To fix in its place—v. t. জাহাজেৰ কাৰ্বো নিৰ্ক-কু, জাহাজেৰ উপন বাৰলা.
To engage for service on a board-ship; to go aboard ship. n—shipper (ভাচাজেৰ অধিকানা, Sh.p-master; exporter of goods.)

Ship of the desert -32. Camel.

Ship one off—ৰাহাৰে ক্রিবা দেশান্তর করা, জলপথে শ্লেম-কু, Send away by water.

Take ship-काशस्य हिंद्री योजी-कृ ।

The ship of the line—বৃদ্ধ-কাহাজ; নানোচার; A large war-hip of 74 guns or more belonging to the royal navy.

Ship-board, ship'bord, n. জাহাজের বেজে; জাহা-জের পাটাতন, The board or deck of a ship. ad জাহাজের উপরে বা বব্যে. Upon or within a ship. On ship-board—ভাহাজের উপর।

Ship-boy, n. জাহাজের বালক ভূতা; A boy who serves on board a ship.

Ship-broker, ship'-broker, ন. জাগালের খালাল ; A broker who effects sales, &c. of ships.

Ship-building, n. ৰাহাজ-নিৰ্দাণ ৷

Ship-chandler, ship'-chandler, n. জাহাজের রজ্ পাইল প্রকৃতি বিক্লেডা; A dealer in cordage, canvas, sails &c. [ ded ship.

Ship-Tever, ন. কাহাকের ব্যঃ Fever in a crow-Shipful, a. কাহাকে বত ব্যঃ : এক কাহাক ; As much as a ship will hold. [ ship ; 424 tons of coal. Ship-load, ন. কাহাকের বোধাই . The cargo of a Ship-man, ship man, ন. নাবিক, A seaman; a sailor. pl=shipmen. Ship-master, ship'mas-ter, n. নাবিক; পোডা-থাক; A captain of a ship.

Shipmate, ship'mat, n. এক জাহাজের সলী; বে নাবিক অপ্তের সহিত এক জাহাজে কার্য্য করে; A companion in the same ship; a fellow-sailor.

Shipment, ship'ment, n. কাহাৰ বোধাই করণ; কাহাজে প্রেবণ বা চাপান, The act of putting on board a ship.

Ship-money, ship'muhi, ন. জাহাজ সর্বরাহের
পবিবর্ধে বাজসরকারে প্রবন্ধকর বিশেষ: পূর্বকালে ইংলপ্রের
বাজার রণপোত সংগ্রহার্থ সবদে সর্বাধ নির্দারিত কর;
Money raised at intervals in England for providing ships for the service of the king in time
of war.

Shipper, n. বে বাজি জাহাত কৰিয়া বাল চালান পেছ।
Shipping, ship'ing, n. জাহালসমূহ; পোতসমূহ;
Ships collectively.—জাহালের ভাড়া; জাহালের ভঙ্ক;
Tonnage:—a. জাহালসংক্রান্ত; Relating to ships.
Shipping articles—Articles of agreement between the captain and his scamen.

Take shipping-sixts witates, To embank.

Ship-shape, ad. নাবিকোটিত ভাবে; In a seamanlike manner — বৰাবীতি; উপবৃক্তক্লণে, According to usage, properly.

Ship's-husband, ship's-husband, n. ভাহাজের বামী; ভাহাজের স্থাবধানাথ পোচাধিকারীর প্রতিনিধি; The owner of a ship who manages its concerns in person; the owner's agent in the management of a ship

Ship-wreck, ship'rek, n. পোডভন; পোডভন ভন্নাবশেন, পোডম্বান, The wicek or destruction of a ship:—বিনাশ, নাশ, Ruin, destruction n t. সমূদ্ৰে বিনষ্ট-কু; পোডভচ-কু; পোডন্দান ধাৰা পীডিড-কু; To destroy on the sea, to cause to suffer wreck.

Make shipwreck of—яहे-ў : ж л-ў ;

Saip-wright, ship'nt, n ভাষাদ-নিত্রী, জাহাজের প্রথম : পোচনিশ্বাচা, Ship-carpente.

Ship-yard, ship'yaid, n. জালাজ নির্দাণ লান . বেবানে ভাষ্ট প্রস্তে বা নেরানত হব . Place for building ships. [ sion of country; a country. Shire, n. বিলাতেৰ জেলা বা চাকলা; প্রদেশ , Divishire-moto, n. প্রদেশীয় সভা; A meeting of the cutizens of a shire.

Shirk, sherk, v. t. জাগ-কু; পরিচার-কু; এচান; To avoid ; to get off or shrink away from —নীচ-ভাবে লাভ-কু, To obtain meanly.

Shirt, shert, n. কাৰিজ, Man's undergarment; a loose garment: —v. t. কাৰিজ পরা; To cover, as a loose garment with a shirt.

Shirting, sherring, n. কামিজের কাপড়; মটাবালার কাপড় Cloth fit for shirts.

Shittah, shi'a, Shittim, shi'tim, अ. यूनावान कांडे दिरचद ; A precious wood.

Shiver, shiver, v. t. বৰ ধৰ-ক ; ভালিয়া কেলা ; To shatter:—v. t. কম্পিত-ক ; বাবতে কাণান ; To cause to chake in the wind, as sails:—v. i. বৰ বৰ্ত হ'ল ভালিয়া-বা ; To break into pieces:—v. s. কম্পনান্হ ; কম্পিত-ছ . To shunder : to shake ; to quiver—n বৰ , টুবরা , চটা . A fragment , a splinter. Syn .—(v) Shatter, dismember, quake, tremble.

Shivery, shiver-i, a. ভলন্তৰ; Rasily falling into fragments:—কল্বান; Trembling:—শিবিদ্দেশে সংস্কু; Loosely cohering.

Shoal, shoil, n. ভিড়; লনডা; A throng; crowd:
—নাছের ক'কি; বংকের ক'কি; A great multitude
of fishes swimming together:—নদী বা নমুদ্রের বে
পানে জন্ন লন্ন, অপভীন ভান; A place where the
water of a river, sea or lake is not deep:—চড়া;
A sand-bank:—ত . গেলবন্ধ-হ; ক'ক বাদ্ধান্থ; To
crowd:—আগভীন-হ; To grow shallow:—চড়ার
উপরে জাসিয়া পড়া; To come upon shallows.

Shoaly, sholi, a. অগভীর; চড়াময়; Full of shallows; not deep; shallow. n=shoaliness.

Shoar, n. जरनपूर ; A prop.

Be shocked at—কো কিছু পেৰিয়া বা শুনিয়া আড়ুই
হ, Be struck with surprise or horror by hearing or seeing. [thick and bushy head of hair. Shock-headed, a. নিবিদ্দেশ-নতক; Having a Shocking, shoking, a. বৃণাজনক; বীতংস; ভানক; ভানক; টাল্ড string, highly offensive; repulsive. ad=shockingly. Syn:—Appalling terrifying; frightful, terrible; repulsive, revolting.

Shod, pt. and p. p. of shoe.

Shoddy, n. পুৰাতন প্ৰমা কাপড়ের সূতা এলাইরা লভ প্ৰমা, The wool of old woven fabrics.

Shoe, shoo, n. জুতা; উপানং; A covering for the foot:—নাল; Iron under a horse's foot:—গাছুকাদির আকারবিশিষ্ট বা তবুলা কাব্যকারী বস্তু: Any thing in form or use like a shoe:—v. t. নানবালা; নাল বাধা; জুতা পরান; পাছুকাবিত-কু; To fit with shoe; furnish with shoes; put shoes on:—ভলবেশ আবৃত-কু; To cover at the bottom, pt. pp—shod. pl=shoes.

Horse shoe, n. विद्धांत्र गांत ।

Shoe the wildmare—A play in which one represents the wild mare and runs about the rooms, while the players try to catch hold of him and put in shoes to his feet.

Stand in snother man's shos—আন্তর স্থান অধিকার-কু; Occupy the place or lay claim to the honours of another.

Shoe-black, shoo'blak, প. জুড়া-পরিকারক; জুড়ার কালী বেওলা মৃচি; One who blacks and cleans boots or shoes.

Shoe-horn, shoo'horn, n. জ্ডা প্রাইবার শৃষ; A curved piece of horn or metal used in facilitating the putting on of a shoe.

Shoemaker, shoo'-maker, শ. স্তা-প্রস্তকারী; সুচি; চপ্যায়; One who makes shoes and boots. Shoer, ল. বে জুড়া পরাইয়া-দে; বে নাল বাজাইয়া বেছ গ One who fits shoes to the feet. Shoe-string, ল. জুড়ার ফিড়া; পাছুকাবজনী । Shone, pt. t. of Shing.

Shook, pt. t. of Shake.

Shoot, shoot, v. t. वज्ञभूतिक निर्मण-कु ; जनतम निरमण-₮ ; To let fly with force ; to dart :-- भन्न वा वन्त्रक रहेरड (हाए) ; निरक्तन-कृ ; श्रीन-कृ ; To discharge from a bow or gun :--বিশ্ব-কৃ; জাহাত-কৃ; To strike with anything shot ; hit :-- উলাত-कु ; अबुद निर्शक इ: वाश्त्र-इ: To send forth new parts, as a plant ; to thurst forward :-- v. i. नवाणि जान-इ ; পর ও আগ্নের অন্ত নিকেপ-কু, To perform the act of shooting :- वहुबिछ-ए ; উन्नाड-ए ; वाहिब-ए : To germinate : -- শূন-বেগনা অসুভব-কু; To feel a quick lancinating pain : —তেনে ছোটা ; বেশে বাঙলা : To pass with quickness; to jut out :- n. निरमण ; কেপৰ; Act of shooting:—নৰপল্লৰ: শাখা পল্লৰ; shooter. Syn:—(v) Dart, hurl, propel; discharge, fire; emit, project; kill; bud, sprout. Shoot ahead of—শতিক্র করিয়া বাওয়া; ফ্রন্তবেশ चर्यमञ्-र ; अभितत वांख्या ; Outstrip ; surpass.

জনগর-ই; আগরে বাধরা; Outstrip; surpass. Shoot along—ফুড বাধরা; Move swiftly.

Shoot at—ভলি মারা ; Fire at.

Shoot by--निकड निया भगन-क ; Pass by.

Shoot forth—सङ्ग रहिर्ण छ- ; Bud, sprout.

Shoot made of the mark—ক্ষে প্রিড-হ; To be in error.

Shoot over—স্বর ধাররা ; Pass over quickly. To be shot of—নিৰ্মুক্ত বা বিবৃক্ত-হ।

Shooter, n. निरक्षक ; छनिकादक ; जीवनाज ।

Shooting, shödding, ন. শ্রত্যাগ; বন্দ্ ছোড়া; তার বা গুলি নিকেণ; বেধন; The act of discharging fire arms or an arrow:—তীর বেদনা অনুভব: আক্সিক কেশানুভব; Sensation of a quick pain:— লিকার; মুগরা; শিকার অভানে; Act or practice of killing game:—a. ফ্রেগানী; আঙ্

Shooting box, n. শিকারকারে ব্যবহার্থা পল্লীপ্রাবহু কুমু বাটী; A small house in the country for use in the shooting season. [he goes to shoot. Shooting cost—A coat worn by a man when

Shooting pain—old (बनन); श्रीक गुन्ना; Quick, sharp pain.
[A meteor.

Shooting-star, shooting-star, n. উৰা; দিবালি; Shop, shop, n. বিগলি; দোকান; কারিকরের কার্ব্য ছান; A place where any thing is sold; workplace:—v. i. জন্মকরণার্থ দোকানে-বা; হাট বাজার-ক; To visit shops for the purpose of buying.

To smell of the shop—कारादव रावनात बर्कि व्यष्टिकाद अकान-कृ।

To talk shop—ব্যস্থের কথা কহা ; To use phrases and manner of speech pecular to one's employment or profession.

Shop-keeper, n. বোকানবার : মুদী : Tradesman ; retailer. [ of buying steals goods. Shoplifter, n. চোর : One who under pretence Shoplifting, n. দোকান হাতে আহবণ : বোকান হাতে মাল চুরি : Stealing anything from a shop.

Shoppish, a. Having pettyhabits and thoughts. Shop-walker, shop/wawker, st. (पानारन बस्सा विस्ता निवास करता:

One who walks in a shop and sees the custo-[ serving in a shop. mers attended to. Shop-woman, n. বোকানের দানী; A woman Shore, shor, n. উপকৃল; সমুদ্রের তট, নদীর তীর; The coast or land bordering on a sea, lake, or river :-- अवनपन ; क्षेत्र ; क्ष्रां A prop ; a support :- v. t. (क्या-त्य ; द्वाद्या (पडा ; To prop ; to support. n=shorer.

On shore, Ashore—ভটে : ভীরে।

Shoreless, shur'les, a. তীর্বিহীন; অকল; অসীম; Having no coast or shore.

[ ; Be deprived of. Shorn, p. p. of shear. Shorn (or stripped ) of-কোন কিছু হইতে বাঞ্চ-Short, short, a. সংকিতা; Brief :—ছোট; থকা, হুস , অন্তিদীর্ঘ; Not long :-- অল্ল ; অপ্রচুর , কম ; Scanty : -- व्यथनेख ; प्रदीर्ग ; Narrow :-- नाने ; व्यथगोख , व्यञ्ज , —Insufficient :—ভঙ্গুর; B. ittle :—স্বাহিত; Near at hand :- ad. महना , होार , उरक्रगार , अब नमरब ; Not long, n=shortness. Syn:-Near, direct, straight; concise, compendious, summary, succinct, laconic, pithy, sententious; abrupt, blunt; limited, inadequate; lacking, wanting, destitute; buttle, friable, crisp.

At short notice-- यह नभार : बहुकातात भारा : नीय, স্থর; In a brief time; promptly.

Be short of-करिया आता; शंकि-इ; कान जवा बरबंद्रे ना बाका : Be scantily provided with :-- नीए থাকা ; Be below ; be under .—গৰাস্ত না উঠা ; Not coming up to.

Be short of cash---काशात व्यर्थन व्यन्ति इंदर्श । Come short, v. বিদ্যা অ'লা ; Fail.

Cut short--नः (अ भ-क ; हांडिया (हाउ-क ; महमा (नव वा ৰন্ধ-কু; Abridge. [ नान-१ ; Fail. Fall short-वृद्धाया-इ; धाराक्षन वा धाजानाय

In short—মন্ন কথায়; সংক্ষেপত:, সংক্ষেপে ব্যাতে বেৰে, in fine; to sum up in a few words.

Make short work of-নপ্ত-কু; ছালাম চকাইযা কেলা, Destroy. তাহাই, Nothing less than. Nothing short of - তার চেয়ে একচুত কম নহে, Run short-क्षिया आमा : क्म शड़ा , होनाड़ानि शहा , hall short; became scanty, be exhausted.

Short of-शांक-इ ; Scantily provided with :-ক্ষ, Less than:—ভাবে তাহার ভাব না ২ইবা, Not equal to in sense :-- এইটা ছাড়া ; Excepting, not going so far as. once

Stop short-এक्বाর थाया ; সহসা,थाया ; Stop at The long and short—मन्नाव, जारश्य क्या ; त्यांह কথা, The whole.

To be taken short—হঠাৎ বাহের পীড়া বোধ রু। Short-allowance--অবরোধানির সময় অন্ত রসদ। Short-clothes, n বালকাদির আঞ্চাপুলবিত ছোট ইজের। Shortcomming, short-kuming, n. কটা, বাৰতা, चन्द्रना ; Defective performance ; deficiency as to duty; failure in duty.

Short commons—ৰন্ধ আহাৰ; Small allowance of food; scanty fare.

Short cut, त. महत्र १४ ; माझा १४ ;—a. निक्टेंडर। Short-dated, short'dated, a. आह अञ्चलनमां अवन পাকিবে; Having little time to run.

Shorten, short'n, v. t. (定位-李, 李相, 明朝-李; ৰ্ম-ৰু; ফ্ৰাস-ৰু; To make short; to lessen; to deprive :-- ७, इ. मङ्किछ-इ ; मरकाठ-इ ; ब्रुष वा कम-इ , CENTE: To become short or shorter; to contract. Syn: -Abridge, curtail, abbreviate, retrench, lessen, diminish, reduce, deck.

Shorten sail-कि भारेन (भान) संग्रेश (क्ला; Contract the sail in order to lessen the speed of the vessel.

Short-hand, shorthand, s. म्हान्स विवि : म्हान्स লিখন ; Stenography ; Phonography.

Short-horn, n. कुछ भूत्र दूनरम् ला।

Short-lived, shortlivd, a. অচিরছারী; অনকাপ शारी ; अज़कीवी ; बज़ाव ; Living or lasting only for a short time; transient.

Shortly, ad. विवाद : नैष : Soon ; quickly :--সংক্ষেপে; Briefly.

Shortness, n. अशोर्का ; अग्रज : मरका ।

Shorts, n. pl. will; Coarse part of meal.

Short-shrift—তড়িবড়ি দওবিধান; Little time to repent, cut a small interval being allowed before the infliction of punishment.

Short-sight, n. अपूत्रश्नेत ; Myopia. a=shortsighted.

Short-sighted, a. अपूत्रमणी, कीर्यपृष्टि; अविष्ठकर : अवित्वको . Unable to see for ; imprudent , heed-

Short-tempered, a. অস্থিকু; অধীর ; রাণী !

Short-winded, short-winded, a. चीपवान ; उन्ड বাস, Short breathed; asthmatic; having a quech respiration.

Short-witted, a. अझवृद्धि ; मृए । Shot, pt. and pp. of shoot.

Shot, n. গুলিকরণ, The act of shooting : -- শুলি; ভীর, কেপণ্মর অস্ত্র; A missile:—গোলাবর্ষণ; শুলি নিকেপ, Flight of a missile or the distance passed by it:—ভীরনাজ; লকাডেদক; শিকাণী; वकारखनकाती; A marksman --- श्रगना; Reckoning :- इत्वा : भावा . Small globular masses of lead :-- थ. र. श्रांत गानिया त्वादाह-कृ , श्रांत गाना ; To load with shot. pl.-shot ( लानाकनि ), shots (যতবার ক্ষেপণ করা হয)।

Random shot-লকাপুন্ত গুলি-নিকেশ; Shot discharged without any fixed aim.

Shot free or proof, a. গুলি বারা অনাহত বা ৰকত . Not hurt by canon.

Grape shot, n. A number of shot so arranged as to resemble a bunch of grapes, formerly used to load guns.

Shot-gun, n. इटांका विदेशिलीय बन्दर ।

Should, shood, p. t. of shall.

Shoulder, shol'der, n. 本有; 神代, 对称; The joint connecting the arm or the foreleg to the body; the upper part of the back :-- v. t. কলে হাপন-কু; কৰে-কু; To take upon the shoulder :- কৰ বাৰা पाका-तप ; पाछ पिया दोना बाजा ; To push with the shoulder or violently.

Shrug the shoulder—( ৰুণাদি প্ৰকাশ কল্প ) ছই क्क (ठांना ; Draw up the shoulders ( by way of expressing dislike ).

Cold shoulder—ৰবজা: অনাদ্ৰ: উপেকা; Contempt.

Give the cold shoulder to, Turn the cold shoulder on--कारांबर अस्ति करका अकान-कृ Treat one coolly; show indifference to one.

Put one's shoulder to the wheel—বাৰ-দে;
To assist in bearing a burden or overcoming a difficulty:—বিকেট বা থাকিয়া কালে লাগা; কৰ্বব্য কাৰো; Commence working in earnest:—বাক্যবাহ বা ক্রিয়া করে লাগা; Take up a work (instead of merely criticising those who are doing it).

Bub shoulders with—ৰেশাৰেশি বা সংস্ৰব ৰাকা; Come in close contact with. ( একডাসহকারে। Shoulder to shoulder—একলে; পাশাপাশি হইনা; Shoulder-arms—( শান্তীদের ভার) বন্দুক বাড়ে-ক্; Bring a musket upright; place a musket on the shoulder in a particular manner.

Shoulder-belt, n. বৃদ্ধেশের পাটী; Belt passing over the shoulder.

Shoulder-blade, shōl'dér-blad, n. ক্লান্তি; কাঁধের হাড়; The broad, flat, blade-like bone of the shoulder.

Shoulder-knot, shol'der-not, n. কল-প্ৰন্থি; কলা-ভাৰ; A knot worn as an ornament on the shoulder.

Shout, showt, ন. উচ্চজনি: জয়জনি; চীৎকার; A loud and sudden outcry of joy, triumph or courage:—v. i. জয়জনি- কু; চীৎকার-কু; To utter a shout:—v. t. চীৎকার করিয়া উচ্চারণ-কু; To utter with a shout. n—shouter.

Shout at—আনশক্ষনি করা; হরবে-জে; চিক্কারী-জে।
Shove, shuv, ফ. t. ধাকা মাবা; টেলিয়া-জে; To
drive along; to push before one; to propel
with the hand:—n. ধাকা; টেলা; A push. Syn:
—Push, drive, impel, press, thrust.

Shove by-পরিহার-ফু; নিবারণ-ফু; Push away; to delay or reject.

Shovel, shuvi, n. नवा शंउन धराना (कानान ; क्यांन ; set; Scoop with a broad handle; a kind of spade:-- v. t. कुषान बादा डेटबानन-कु; क्लानान बाता दिक्य- ; To lift up and throw with a shovel :-ज्ञानिङ्ख-कृ ; षूर्णाकात्त्र मः अह-कृ ; To gather in great quantities, vel will hold. Shovelful, a. वंड कुक्कोरन श्रात : As much as a sho-Show, sho, v. t. [A. S. scawian, to look] अकान-क ; अपनेत-क ; To exhibit ; to present to view; to display:-- १४ (प्रवाहेश करेश गांडन : To guide:-काउ-कृ; To make known:-श्रमाप-कृ; मानुष-क ; Prove :-- निका-ए ; Teach :-- ए. i. एडि-বোচর-ছ; To become visible :-- দেখান; প্রতীরনান-ছ; To appear ; to look :-- #. टाइन्स ; Exhibition :--षापुषत ; व्यपनी ; Ostentation ; parade :-- पृष्ठ ; A sight; aspect :- ছল; Pretence :- ব্যক্তিকতা; Plausibility. pt=showed, pp=shown. Syn;-(v) Indicate; disclose, divulge, publish, explain; manifest, evince, demonstrate; conduct, usher. (n) Spectacle, representation, pomp, pageantry, display; semblance, likeness, appearance; pretext, colour.

Dumb show-76; Pantomine.

Make a show of—লোক দেখাৰ কিছু-কু; Parade; present an appearance of; make a pretence of. Show a bold front—নাহনপূৰ্বক বাধা-দে; Adopt an attitude of determined resistance. [fiee. Show a light pair of heels—প্ৰায়ৰ-কু; To Show cause—কাৰণ বিৰ্দেশ-কু!

Show fight—যুদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ ইক্ষা প্ৰকাশ- কু; Manifest a disposition to fight:—বগড়া-কু; Show a disposition to quarrel or resist. [ প্ৰচাৰ-কু; Proclaim. Show forth—থকাশ-কু; প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; Manifest:—Show off—প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; ( গুণপনা বা প্ৰদৰ্শ) (পৰাৰ: Exhibit ostentatiously; display:—গ্ৰণপনা প্ৰকাশ-কু; Cut a figure:—(গাঁক কৰিবাৰ গ্ৰাস্ত্ৰ) কোৰ কিছু লোককে দেখান; Make a vain display of something.

Show of hands—(সভার মত প্রভাগার্থ) কুছ উদ্বোলন; The raising of hands as a vote in a public meeting. [plausibility. Show of reason—Appearance of arguments;

Show one for money—Get money by making people see one.

Show one in or into—কাহাকে ব্যৱ কাইবা বাধৰা; কোন আগন্তক ব্যৱর ভিতর কাইবা বাধরা; Conduct one into (a room or house).

Show one's colour—নিজের মত দেখান; To make manifest one's principles or party.

Show one's face—Biffes-E; Appear; be present; be seen.

Show one's teeth-sq (veta : To threaten.

Show one the door—কোনও ব্যক্তিকে বারনেশ দেবাইয়া দিয়া ধুরীভূত-কু।

Show over—এত্যেক অংশ দেখাৰ: চারিদিকে কইরা দেখাৰ, Show every part of (a place).

Show the white feather—ex 4414-7; To show cowardice; to exhibit fear.

Show to advantage—ভাল ভাবে দেখান; Show in a favourable light; set off.

Show up—কিছু নইবা কাহাকে অপ্ৰতিভ বা ৰূপদত্ত-কু; হাপ্তালদ করিবাব জন্ত সন্মুখে ধরা; সত্তে নইবা উপক্ষে-বা; প্রকাশ-কু; Expose; disclose.

Show-bill, n. বৃহদকারে দিখিত বিজ্ঞাপন পাত্র; A large placard; a bill for advertising the price, merits, &c., of goods.

Show-bread, n. ধর্মনিকে ব্লিড বাদশ কটা; The twelve loaves of bread placed weekly in the sanctuary.

Show-case, n. বিক্রের ক্রবা প্রকানার্থ কাচের বাস ; A case with a glass cover, in which articles of value are exhibited for sale.

Show-end. n. বস্তাদির মুধপাত।

Shower, show'er, n. বৃষ্টি; বৃষ্টিপাত; পলনা; A fall of rain:—v. t. বৃষ্টি থাবা সিক্ত-কু; বৰ্ণ-কু; চালিলা-দে; To wet with rain; to pour down:—v. i. বৃষ্টি পড়া; To rain in showers.

Shower bath, n. স্থানাৰ্থ কৃতিম বৰ্ণৰ আ; An apparatus for pouring upon the body a shower of water.

Showerless, द. वर्षाशैन ।

Showery, show'er-i, a. বৃষ্টপূৰ্ণ; বহুবাৰ; বৰ্ণাৰু; গালাপাতী, বৃষ্টবহুল; Abounding with showers. Show-man, n. প্ৰদৰ্শক; One who exhibits a show. Show-room, n. বে গৃহে জ্বাদি প্ৰদৰ্শিত হয়; A room where a tradesman or manufacturer displays his goods. [in the fleet. Show-ship, n. সর্কোৎকৃত্ত লাভাক; The finest ship

Show-ship, ন. সর্কোৎকট থাতার; The finest ship Showy, sho'i, a. জাকাল; গোডন; অনকাল; Ostentatious; stately; gay, n—showiness, ad showily. **Shrupnel**, s. নীনকভলিপূৰ্ণ লোহপুটক; বোদ-গোলা : A shell filled with a quantity of musket-balls. Shred, shred, s. কানি ; বত ; টুক্রা ; A small

piece cut off; a narrow piece torn off; strip:—
৩. f. ৭৩ ৭৩-কৃ: কালি কালি কালিয়া কেঁড়া; To cut or
tear into shreds. Syn:—(n) Fragment, bit,
tag, tatter, scrap.

A thing of shreds and patches—Applied to a thing that is patched, unconnected or not original.

Shrew, shroo, \* কৰ্বাজয় স্ত্ৰীকোক; কোনলিয়া স্ত্ৰী; A brawling, troublesome woman, a termagant. Shrewd, shrood, a. বৃদ্ধিনান; চতুব; চালাক; বিচন্দা; সেয়ানা; Keen; of acute intellect; cunning; willy artful. n=shrewdness. ad=shrewdly. Syn:— Cunning, subtle, crafty, astude, arch; sharp, discerning, intelligent, sagacious, knowing.

Shrewdness, shroodnes, n. 5000; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100; 5100

Shrewish, shroo'ish, a. কোশলিয়া; ক্লহ্লিয়; ক্লেপাল্লিয়; Troublesome and peevish; clamorous. n=shrewishness, &d=shrewishly.

Shrew-mouse, shröb'mows, ন. ঠুলা; জন্ধ বিশেষ; A harmless little animal resembling the mouse, which burrows in the ground.

Bhriek, shrek, n. চীৎকার; ভট্টেরের : Piercing cry:--ত. i. হীৎকার-কু; উচ্চ শক্ত-কু; To scream ; utter a sharp shrill cry. [riffalty.

Bhrievalty, n. দরিকের পদ বা অধিকার; Sce she-Shrift, shuft, n. রোদান ক্যাথলিক স্তীন্তান কর্ত্ক প্রো-হিতের নিকট পাপ বীকার কবণ; প্রোহিতের নিকট পাপ বীকার; Confession made to a priest. [ bird. Shriko, shrik, n. শিকারী পক্ষী বিশেষ; Rapacious

Bhrike, shrik, n. বেশ্বর পকা বংশব ; kapacious Shrill, shrik, a. তীক ; তীব ; উব ; কব শ ; Piercing loud and clear; sharp; uttering an acute sound. n=shrillness, ad=shrilly. Syn:— Sharp, high-pitched.

Shrill-voiced, a. ভীরখন।

Shrimp, shrimp, n. চিক্ডি মাছ; Small crustacean:—( অবজ্ঞাৰ্কে) ধৰ্কা ব্যক্তি; বামন; A dwarf in contempt.

Shrine, shrin, n. পবিজ ছান; মন্দির; বেদী; A sacred place, temple; an altar:—v. f. মন্দিরে স্বাধা; To enshrine.

Shrink, shringk, ভ. i. কুৰিড-ছ; To contract spontaneously:—কোচকাৰ; ভটাৰ; সকুচিড-ছ; Shriwel:—( ভাষ ) অভ্যত্ত হ; To recoil, as from fear, disgust &c.:—v. t. আকুৰিড-ছ; সকুচিড-ছ; To cause to shrink or contract. pt = shrank, shrunk. pp = shrunk, shrunken. Syn:—Dwindle, wither; flinch, blench, withdraw,

Shrink from —প্ৰাশ্ব-হ; ভৱে কিছু হইতে পিছাইয়া পড়া; Draw back from.

Shrink into insignificance—ভটারে বাট হইয়া বাংবা; আর তিরোহিত-ই; Be reduced to almost nothing; almost disappear.

Shrink on—কোচনাইলা টক হবলা বা লাগা। Shrinkage, স. সংঘাচন ; কুকন ; মুল্য ছাস। Shrinking, ন. সংঘাচ। Shrive, shriv, v. t. (পাণ বীৰায়) প্ৰবণ্ড; পাণ হছৈছ মুখ-ছ; To hear at confession; to give absolution:—v. t. পাণ বীৰায় প্ৰব্-ফ; To receive confession ( said of a priest ). pheabrove, shrived; pp—shriven, shrived.

Shrivel, shrivel, v. f. or v. i. [lcel. shrift, a thing torn] ক্ৰিড-ছ বা-ফ: ভুবজ়াইয়া-বা বা-লে; কৌৰজান; To contract into wrinkles; to cause to contract.
Syn:—Parch, dry: shrink, wither, dwindle.

Shroff, n. বেনিবা; মহাজন।

Shroud, shrowd, ম. শ্ব আছোদন বন্ধ ; শ্বাছাদনী;
The dress of the dead; a winding sheet:—pl.
গালের দতি বা কাছি; মান্তল বাঁধিবার রশারলি; Large
side ropes upholding a mast:—v. t. শ্বাছাদন
বন্ধ ছারা আবৃত্ত-কু; To enclose in a shroud:—
আছোদন-কু; ঢাকা দেওরা; To cover:—গোপন-কু;
কুলারিত-কু; To hide:—বাশ্রব দান-কু; To shelter.
Shrove-twosday, ম. মান্তবেড্বেন্ডে নামক প্রদিনের প্রনিদ; The day before Ash-Wednesday.
Shrove-tide, shrov-tid, ম. পাপ বীকার করিবার
সনব; গাপ বীকার পর্বা; Time of confession.

Shrub, shrub, ন. শুন্ধ; পাচ্চা; A low dwarf tree:

—সরাপ; সরা; Wine:—চিনি ও দেবুর রস মিশাইরা এক
প্রকার পানীয়, Lemon-juice.

Shrubbery, shrub'er-e, n. গুরোলান; লভাসমূহ; গুলসমূহ; Collection of shrubs:—গুল-বাটিকা; A place where shrubs are planted.

Shrubby, shrub'i. a গুলময়; বভামর; বভার স্থার; Full of or resembling shrubs.

Shrug, shrwe, v. t. বন্ধ উত্তোলন-কৃ; কৃষ্ণিড-কৃ; শিহবিধা উঠা; To draw up; to contract (as the shoulders) —v. i. কান জোলা; বন্ধ উদ্যোলন-কৃ; To draw up the shoulders:—n. বন্ধ উদ্যোলন; বন্ধেৰ উৎক্ষেপ্ৰ; A drawing up of the shoulder.

Shrug the shoulders—ক্ষা তোলা; স্থল উত্তো-জন-কু; Draw up the shoulders.

Shrunk, pt. and pp of Shrink.

Shudder, shuder, v. i. ভবাদিৰশতঃ কলিত্ত ; পুর পর ক্রিবা কালা; To feel a thrill from aversion or dread; To shake with fears:—n. ভরাদি হেড্ কল্ম ; A trembling from fear or horror. Syn:— Tremble, quake, quiver, shiver.

Shudder from—ভরে কাপা; Shake with fear at. Shuffle, shufl, v. t. গোলমাল-ক; এলোকেলো-ক; বেডাল-ক; To change the position of; to confuse; to remove or introduce by purposed or artificial confusion:—v. i. তান ভানান; তেলান; তোনা; To change the order of cards in a pack:
—এড়ান; ছল-ক; চালাকি-ক; চাড়্মী-ক; To evade fair questions; to prevaricate, quibble, play tricks:—এনিক ওদিক-ক; To move the foot looseiy on the ground:—n. সালমাল; চাড়্মী; চালাকি; কোনল; Trick, evasion, artifice. Syn:—(v) Shift, intermix, disorder; equivocate, cavil, evade, sophisticate.

Shuffle off—ৰূত্ত-হ ; ঠেনিয়া ফেলা ; Get rid of. Shuffle off this mortal coil—নৱা ; Die.

Shuffle through—ভাড়াভাড়ি কাল-ক ; Go through perfunctorily.

Shuffle up-ভাড়াভাড়ি একৰে বিৰেপ-টু; Throw together in haste; to form in haste.

To shuffle and cut—ভাগ ভাগিরা কটিনি।

Bhuffier, #. প্রকৃষ ; One who prevaricates. Bhuffing, #. পোনমান : Confusion :—এনোমেনো চলন ; Irregular gait :—চাত্রি ; ছল ; Evasion ; trick :—a. ছলপ্রির ; Evasive.

Shun, shun, v. f. বৰ্জন-ক; পরিহার-ক; তাগ-ক; To avoid; to escape; to neglect. Syn:—Elude, evade, eschew.

Shunt, shunt, v. i. প্রধান রেল হইতে সরাব; পার্থবর্ত্তে চালিত-ফু; সবাইবা-দে; To turn off upon a siderail:—ন. পার্থে প্রেরণ; পার্থ-বর্ত্ম; Sliding from the main line of rails.

Bhut, shut, v.t. [A. S. scyttan, scittan, to shut or lock up] বন্ধ- ক ; বিমালিত ক ; বন্ধ- ক ; To close; to bar: — স্কৃতিত- ক , গুটান ; To contract, to close, as the fingers: — v.i. কন্ধ- ক ; কন্টান ; To be closed. pt. pp.— shut. Syn:
— Fasten, secure, inclose, confine, imprison; exclude, preclude.

Shut in-िंख्डां बावब-कृ; व्यक्-कृ; Confine.

Shut off---रिश्निकांच-कृ ।

Shut one out of or from—কাহাকে কোন কিছু হ'লে বঞ্চিত্ৰক; কাহাকে কিছু কবিছে বা জানিতে না দেওবা, Exclude or debar one from.

Shut one's cars to—প্ৰণ না-ফ; না ওনা; কাণ না দেওবা; Not to listen to.

Shut oneself up in—বাটাতে বা বৰে বছ ইইবা বাকা; নিৰ্দ্ধনে বাস-ক ; Keep oneself within doors, not to stir out of one's home or room; live in a retired secluded manner.

Shut one's eyes to —না বেখা; কোন বিষয়ে চকু বৃদ্ধিয়া থাকা; খোল থবন না লওয়া, Not to see; take no notice of:—মনোযোগ না-কু; Not to attend to. Shut out—প্রবেশ কবিতে না-কে; নিবারণ-কু; বাহিন কবিনা-কে, Exclude; prevent.

Shut the door against—113 क्य- कृ; भर रय- कृ; Close the doors so as to prevent one from coming in; preclude.

Shut the door upon—প্ৰবেশ কৰিতে না দেওৱা। Shut the gates of mercy—দরাপ্রকাশ না-কু।

Shut up — কৰ- ক . চূপ-ক ; Close up ; bar — কারা-কৰ-ক ; বৰ-ক ; আটক-ক ; বৰু করিবা রাখা ; Imprison ; confine :—বাধা-দে ; Obstruct.

Shut up shop—কান্ত বৰ-ক ; পাততাড়ি ঋটাৰ ; লোকাৰপাট্ বন্ধ-ক ; Close business.

Shutter, shu'er, n. খড়গড়ি; বিস্মিলি; পাৰি; A close cover for a window or aperture.

Shuttle, shutl, n. ভব্বারের মাতু; তুরী; An instrument used by weavers for shooting the cross threads.

Shuttle-cock, shull-kok, n. बीड़|-कम्क; वोडनक; A cock stuck with feathers and shot backwards and forwards with a battle-door.

Shy, shi, a. ভাক; Timid; fearful:—বাজুক; লজাপীল; মুবচোৱা; Bashful; coy:—নাবধান; নিপার; Cautious; suspicious:—v. f. ভরে চৰভিৱা ভাৱ; To start aside, as a horse from fear. comp—shyer. sup—shyest. ad—shyly, shily (প্ৰতিভাব; ভবে ভবে); n—shyness (বজ্ঞাপীলভা; ভাকতা); Syn:—(a) Reserved, modest, backward, shrinking; cautious, wary, suspicious.

Fight shy of-পরিত্যাপ-ত : পরিহার-ত : তলাতে বালিয়া গড়াই-ত্ব : Avaid : have nothing to do.

Sibilant, sibi-lant, a. [ L. sibilo, to hiss ] সকারধানিসপার ; হিস্ হিস্ শাকারী ; Making a hissing sound :—n. উত্থাৰ্গ ; A sibilant letter, as S. Sibilation, sib-i-lathum, n. চিন্ন চিন্ন শাকারী ; উন্নালীর : উন্নালীর :

Sibilation, sib-i-la'shun, #. হিন্ হিন্ শব্দ ; উন্নধানি ; A hissing sound.

Sibyl, sibil, দ. ডাইনী; ভবিষ্ডাবিদী; অনুষ্ঠানিনী; A witch; a pagan; prophetess. e-sibylline. Sibylline, a. ভবিষ্থানীসময়িত; Prophetical; prophetic.

Sibylline books—Certain prophetical books purched from a sibyl by Tarquin the Proud.

Sicilan, a. Of or relating to Sicily.

Sicilian vesper—The great massacre of the French in Sicily, A. D. 1282, on the eve of Easter Tuesday.

Be sick of -ক্লান্ত-হ ; কোন পীড়ার পীড়িত হয়; Be tired of ; be weary of.

Sick at heart অভিনয় উদ্বোগায়; Exceedingly anxious:—অভিনয় বিয়ক্ত; জালাভন; Sore mortified at heart:—হতান, Sad; depressed.

Sick-bed-রোগশবা ু রোগীব শব্যা।

Sicken, sikn, v. ঃ. পীডিচ-হ; To become sick:— বিশ্বজ-হ; To be disgusted:— মুর্বল-হ; To become weak:—v. t. বিশ্বজ-ফু; To disgust:—পীড়িড-ফু, To make sick.

Sick headache, n. বনলোবেশবিশিষ্ট শিরণ্টেল; Headache attended with disorder of the stomach and nausea.

Sickish, sikish, a. দামান্ত পীড়িত; Somewhat sick: —ব্যন্তারক; Nauscating. n=sickishness, ad=sickishly.

Sickle, sikl, n. कांडिया , क'रड ; Reaping hook. Sickleman, n. मञ्जकतनकाती ; Reaper.

Sick-list, n. পীডিডদিগের নামের তালিকা; Names of persons ailing.

Sickly, sikle, a. কয়; Unwell:—পীড়া-প্ৰবণ; বোগোংপাৰক; Producing disease:—মুখন ; কীণ; Weak; feeble:—অবাস্থাকর; Unhealthy. n=sickliness. Syn:—Diseased, alling, infirm, weakly, morbid, indisposed; feeble, pining, drooping, delicate, whining, piping.

Sickness, n. পাড়া : রোগ ; বাগি ; State of being sick or deseased. Syn:—Illness, disease, malady, disorder, distemper, ailment, indisposition, unhealthiness. [ment where one lies ill. Siok-room, n. পাড়ত ব্যক্তির ব্যা; The apart-Side, sid, n. বার পোড়া গার্বা; Margin; verge; edge; border of anything:—পার্ব ; A part of a thing which is long and broad:—ব্যর কৃতিবোচর আবে ; A part of a thing as seen by the eye:—বেল: ব্যবেশ; Region:—বাংশ: ভাগ; Part:—গার্ব; ব্যবেশ; Region:—বাংশ: ভাগ; Part:—বাংশ: ব্যবেশ; The part of an animal beta-

ween the hip and shoulder:—বুল; ব্ৰেপ্ৰায়;
Branch of a family; line of decent:—a. প্ৰেক;
বৰ; পাৰ্ছ; Lateral indirect:—v. i. প্ৰাবাৰ্থ-দ; পাৰ্ছ; To embrace the opinion or cause of one party against another. Syn:—
(n) Border; quarter; sect, interest.

Be on the safe side—গোলমাল বা ঘটে এমন অবস্থার থাকা; Place oneself in a position where one is from trouble or difficulty.

Bright or dark side— স্ বা ক্; ভাল বা মন্দ দিক; A hopeful or despondent view of circumstances; a favourable aspect as contrasted with an unfavourable one.

By the father's or mother's side—পিড্-গক্ষে বা মাড্গক্ষে; পিড্কুল বা মাড্কুল বরিলে; In a line of decent traced through one parent (mother or father).

By the side of—নিকটে; পালে; Close at hand; near to; beside:—এক শ্ৰেণতে; In the same class with; on the level with —কোন কিছুৰ সহিত ভুলনা করিলে; As compared or contrasted with.

Change sides—এক পক ছাডিরা অন্ত পক্ষে প্রবেশ-কু। Look only at one side of the shield— কোন বিবরের সব দিক না দেখা।

On the side of, On one's side—কাহাৰ গিৰে বা পকে; In support of; in favour of; on the part of, as regards one's cause.

On the wrong side of—অহীড; More than, above; past; beyond:—কোন উচ্চ ছানের অপর দিকে; On the further or other side of a declivity.

On the wrong side of thirty—Passed thirty. Pass from one side to another—এক পক ভাগ ক্ৰিয়া অন্ত পক অবল্যন-তু।

Side by side—114111111111111. Close together and abreast:—4463; In company with; in operation with; togother.

Side with—পদাবস্থন-কু; Join a faction; cooperate:—একবোগ-হু; Embrace the opinions of
one party in opposition to another; be on the
same side with.

same side with.

Take up a side, Take sides—পকাবন্ধন ফ;

Weak side—ছবলতা; Weakness.

Side-arms, sidarmz, n. pl. পার্যন্ত বন্ধ ; কটিসহিত্ব অৱশন্ত ; Weapons worn on the side.

Side-board, sidbord, ন. বাসন রাখিবার ডাক বা মেজ ; A table in a dining room.

Side-box, sīdboks, n. বলালরের পার্বন্থ আসন; নাট্যশালার পার্বন্ধী আসন; A box or seat at the side of a theatre.

Side cut, n. পার্বে আঘাত ; Indirect blow.

Sided, sided, a. পাখনমন্বিত ; Having a side.

Side-glance—বক্ত , অপাক দৃষ্টি।

Side-hint, n. Indirect hint.

Side-ling, sulling, a. চালু; ক্রমনিম ; Sloping. Sidelong, sidlong, ad. তিথাপ্তাবে; বক্তাবে;

সার্ব; Obliquety; laterally:—a. ব্রু; তির্বাঞ্চ; Oblique, not straight.

Side look, Side long look, ন. বন্দুই ; ক্ষণাক-দুই ; কাডচকের দেখা , Oblique glance.

Sidercal, si-de're-al, a. L. sidus, sideris, a star ] নাকলিক, নকলপ ; Starry, pertaining to

a star; measured by the apparent motion of the stars. [ জিল; Woman's saddle. Side-saddle, sid-sadl, n. অবপুঠে বীলোকের বনিবায় Side view—পাৰ্য দৃষ্টি; View on or from a side.

Side walk, n. The raised foot path of a street. Side-ways, sidwaz, Side-wise, sid-wiz. ad. পার্বের দিকে; পার্বে; Laterally:—এক পার্বে; এক দিকে; On one side:—আন্ডভাবে; Inclining.

Side wind, n. একদিকের বাতাদ; পার্থবায়ু; A wind blowing against the side:—পরোকে আক্ষম ; Indirect means.

Siding, sīding, n. প্রধান লোহবর্দ্ধের পার্বহ বে অবজিনীর বর্দ্ধের উপব শকট সকল সরাইলা রাধা হল ; A short line of rails the side of the main line for the purpose of traffic or shunting. [foremost. Sidle, v. i. আড়ভাবে গমন-কু; To move side-Siege, হলু, n. আফ্রনণ, সেম্বরুক্ক অবরোধ; বেইল; বেরাও; The investment of a place by an army; a sitting down with an army round or before a fortified place for the purpose of taking it by force.

Lay siege to—( নগরাদি ) অবরোধ-কু; Besiege.

Raise siege—অবরোধ পরিত্যাগ কু; To abandon
the attempt to take a fortified place by force,
from necessity or by compulsion.

Siege gun—A heavy gun for siege operation. Sienna, n. আণীত লোহিত ব্ৰন্ত; An orange-red pigment. [mountains. Sierra, n. পুলালু শৈলপ্ৰেণী; A saw-like ridge of Siesta, si-esta, n. আহানেৰ পৰ নিজা; মাধ্যাহিক বা শৈকালিক নিজা; Sleep after dinner, a midday nap.

Sieve, siv, n. চাণুনি; ঝাচনি; What silts.

Sift, sift, v. t. [A. S. siftaen, from sife, sieve]
চাণুনি থানা থাড়া, চানা; পুথক-কৃ. To separate by
means of a sieve:—স্ক্রণে অনুস্কান-কৃ; তব্ব ভব্ব
ক্রিয়া গ্রীকা-কৃ; To examine closely; to scrutinize n—sifter. Syn:—Bolt, scrutinize; in-

vestigate; search, canvass, discuss. To sift out—ইজিয়া বাহির-কু। Sifter, n. চালুনী; ছাক্নী।

Sifting enquiry—কলাবুনকান। Sigh, ११, ७. हे. দীৰ্ঘনিবাস আগ-কৃ. পোক বা কট্টের

Sigh, বা, ত. ট. দাখানখাস তাগি-কৃ. শোক বা কটের নিখাস কেলা; To inhale and respire with a deep, and audible breathing as in grief:—শোক-কৃ; ত্বংব-কৃ; To grieve:—ত. ৫. থেল-কৃ; দীৰ্ঘ নিখাস খারা প্রকাশ-কৃ; To express by sighs; to mourn over: —n. দীর্ঘ নিখাস; দীর্ঘধাস; A deep, audible respiration.

Heave a sigh, Fetch a sigh—গীণনিবাস তারিক; গীণ নিবাস টালা; Make a deep single respiration from grief, fatigue, &c. [Lament. Sigh for—ছ:গ-ফ; আনহপুৰ্বক ইচ্ছা প্ৰকাশ-ফ; Sight, sit, n. পৃষ্ট; দেশন, View; perceiving by the eye:—দৰ্শনপতি, চকু; The faculty of seeing; faculty of vision:—বিবেচনা; Judgment:—দৰ্শন: Spectacle:—দৃষ্টপথ, Space within vision:—দৃষ্ট; Eye:—পরীকা; Examination:—বক সংবাবা পরিনাপ:—v. t. দর্শন-ফ; দৃষ্ট-ফ; দেখিডে-পা; To catch sight of; to get sight of. Syn:—(n) Vision, seeing, perception, ken, cognizance; show, exhibition, pageant; inspection.

A sight of-कान्छ किड्न हानि वा काँड़ि ।

At Arst eight—পান গৃহিছে; প্রথম বেণিকেই; প্রথম ছনিকেই; On the first seeing; on first looking at a matter; on a superficial view; on the first consideration.

At sight or after sight—(विशामांव ; वृह्वमांवा ; On or after presentment for payment, said of commercial bills.

At the sight of-cyles!

Be in sight—দৃষ্টপৰে থাকা; দৃষ্টিপথবৰ্ত্তী-হ; দেপা
বাইতেছে; Be within view. [of, as land
Come in sight—দৃষ্টিপথবৰ্ত্তী-হ; Obtain a view
Know by sight—চকে দেখা; To have set eyes
on:—চাকুৰ মাত্ৰ থাকা; দেখিয়া জাত থাকা; Know
the look of a person. [—ভূলিবা বাধরা; Forget.
Lose sight of—মা দেখা; দৃষ্টিহারা-হ; Not to see:
Payable at sight—पोधित করিনেই দেম; Payable on presentation.

Out of sight—দৃষ্টির বাহিরে; তুপনার বাহিরে।
See a sight (or sights)—আশ্তর পদার্থ দেখা; See
curiosities:—নৃতনতর ও আশ্তর্যাকর কোম বস্তু দেখা;
See something that is new and remarkable.
Sight for—কোদ কিছুর জন্ত হংব-কৃ; Long earnestly for something with a heart full of grief for
not having it.

[ প্রদর্শন-কৃ।

Take a sight—অনুষ্ঠ হারা নাসিকা পার্ক করিয়া অবজা Take sight—অন্ধ্য , তাক-কৃ। [ sight. Bighted, sited, a. চকুমান; ষ্টবিশিষ্ট; Having

Long-sighted, a. प्रमृष्टि । Sightless, sitles, a. अस ; मृष्टिशेन ; Blind. n=

sightlessness, ad=sightlessly.
Sightly, si'(i, a. কুলর; সুদর্শন; Comely; pleasing to the sight. ক=sightliness. [ seeing sights to the sight-seer, n. আক্র্যা বস্তু দর্শনকারী; One given to Sight-seeing, si'-se'ing, n. মুতন মুখ্য দর্শনের উৎস্কা; Visiting places and looking at things of interest:—a. নৰ নৰ দুখ্য দর্শনোৎস্ক : Eager for

Bigil, त. पदथंड ; मिश्व ; Signature ; seal.

novelties or curiosities.

Sign, sin, n. চিক্ন; Token; mark — সংহত; ইপিত;
ইসারা : সংজ্ঞা; Signal:—নিদর্শন; প্রমাণ; Proof:
— ভরান্তত লকণ; নিমিন্ত; পূর্বলকণ; An omen:—
অনুত ঘটনা: A miracle:—রোগের লকণ; A symptom:—রাশি চিক্ন: মেব্যুবাদি রাশি; One of the twelve signs of the zodiac:—প্রকাশ বিজ্ঞাপন; A publicly displayed notice:—বাকর; Signature:—v. t. সহি-কৃ; বাকর-কৃ; To attach or affix a signature to:—চিক্ন খাবা আত-কৃ; চিক্তিত-কৃ; To represent or make known by a sign:—ইনারা-কৃ; :—v. i. নাম বাকর-কৃ;

Make a sign-- देगात्रा-कृ ; देविड-कृ ।

Make no sign—সাড়া শক্ষ না থাকা; নডন চডনের কোন সক্ষণ না শেখান; আন্ত কোন লক্ষণ দেখা থার না; Give no reply; not to appear to be possessed of life; not to move; show no sign of stirring; nothing more is observable about one, that is all that can be perceived.

Bign away—ৰাজ্য করিবা পরিত্যাগ-ফু; লেখা পড়া করিয়া-লে; Give up by signing.

Signs of the sodiac-simps

Bignal, sig'nal, n. চিহ্ন; সক্তেও; ইনাবা; Sign —বিহুৰ্পন; সক্ষ্প; চিহ্ন; Sign that gives notice;
token:—a.f. and a.s. নক্ষেত্ৰ মু. চিহ্ন বারা প্রাপন-

†; To communicate by signs:—a ৰাম্য; বিধান ; অনাধান ; ভাতন ; বিবাস ; Eminent ; remarkable ; notable. ad—signally, masignalling.
Syn:—Memorable, extraordinary, conspicuous.
Signal fire—A fire intended (or a signal.

#11ence

Signal gun—বিপদ-জ্ঞাপনকারী কামান; সক্ষেত্ত-কামান: Gun announcing danger.

Signal post (or staff)—A long pole upon which a flag or such like may be displayed for conveying signals.

Signalise, Signalize, signaliz, v. t. ব্যাতিশ্ব-কৃ: থাতি-কৃ; শ্ৰেদিছ-কৃ; To make eminent:— সংকত বারা জ্ঞাত-কৃ; To signal. n=signalist.

Signally, ad. विल्विकाल ; मन्म्बिल ।

Signal-man, n. ( लोइनाच व ) माकठ-कावक ।

Signatory, Singnatory, a. (ন্দ্রিপত্তে) বাক্রকারী। Signature, signa-tūr, n. বাকর; সহি; The name of a person written with his own hand:
—করম নির্দেশক সংখ্যা।

Sign-board, ন. নাম পীঠিকা; বিজ্ঞাপন কাঠকলক; যাহাতে দোকানাদিন নাম গড় বড় অকলে নিখিত থাকে; A board with a sign telling a man's occupation or articles for sale. [privy seal.

Signet, signet, w. त्यांच्य : बाल त्यांच्य : Seal ; Signet ring, w. नाम मृजांगुरू अनुनीयक : त्य अनुनीतक मात्यत्र मृजांच वा त्यांच्य चातक : Ring with a seal.

Significance, sig-nifé-kans, n. অৰ্ব : ভাৰ ; বাত ; আভিপ্ৰায় ; Meaning :—আবস্তবা : ভাৰ : Importance : moment. ad — significantly. Syn :—Force, weight, consideration; signification, import, purport, sense.

Significant, sig-nife-kant, a. অর্থান্য; আৰ্বিত: হেতুগর্ভ, গুচার্থ প্রকাশক: অভিপান-স্চক: স্থিpressive of meming; expressing something:—
ভক্ত: অকতন; Import; momentus. ad—significantly. Syn:—Denoting, expressing, indicative,
expressive, pregnant; momentous, weighty.
Signification, sig-ni-fi-ka'shun, n. অর্থ; Mean-

ing. [ing; expressive. Significative, a অধ্বিশিষ্ট; নাৰ্থক; Having mean-Bignify, sie'ne-fi, v. t. [L. signum, a sign, and facere, to make ] চিছ্ বারা জাত-কু; চিছ্ বারা লেখাল; প্রকাশ-কু; বেখাল ; Mean:—বলা; ব্যক্ত-কু; বিভাগেল:—এক্ল-কু; বানা; Mean:—বলা; ব্যক্ত-কু; To declare:—এক্ল-কু; Indicate. Syn:—Denote, be'oken, imply, intimate, purport, indicate; express, utter; import.

It does not signify—ইহাতে আসে বাব না। What does it signify—ইহাব মানে কি।

Sign-manual, sin-manual, n. বাৰ-বাৰত্ব; বাৰ দ্বপ্ত; Signature with one's own hand; the royal signature.

Signior, signor, schyur, n. बहानत ; बावू : अपूर ; An Italian tittle of address equivalent to Sir, Mr. fem=signora.

Sign-post, sinpost, n. Rest ve; ever; be-

Silence, silens, ল. নিজৰভা : চুগচাপ ; লাৰি ; বিৰভা ; Calmness ; stillness ; q tiet :—মৌন ; ভূলীভাব ; Muteness :—বিশ্বভি . বিশ্বৰণ ; Obtivion : —গোগন ; Secrecy :— . . . হিন-ক ; লাভ-ক ; চুগ-করাল , বাবাদ ; To still , to quiet :—নিজভ্ব-ক ; In silence—pe कविता ; जुकीय ।

Silence gives consent—মৌন সমতি লক্ষ্ণ: Since one says nothing it is to inferred that one agrees to what is proposed.

Vow of silence—त्योनवड ।

Silent, si'lent, a. নিজৰ; নীরব; নিজন্তর; ছির; Free from noise; speechless; still:—মৌলী; বাক্মত; Tacitum. [করিয়াও লাভের আলে পার। A silent partner—বে আলিনার কোনও কামা না Silently, ad. নিঃশব্দে; চুপে চুপে; উরেধ না কবিরা। Silex, si'leks, Silica, n. [L. silex, flint] চক্মকীর পাবর; আয়ি-এবর; Flint and its metallic base.

Bilhouette, sil-oo-et', n. কোনও বস্তুত্র কালী দিয়া লেপিড আদরা বা আদর্শ; A representation of a thing filled in with a black color.

Siliceous, Silicious, a. বাৰ্কায়ক; Pertaining to, containing, or resembling flint.

Silk, silk, n. রেশন; তস্ব; বেশনী কাপড়: পট্টবন্ধ; Fine thread of a caterpillar; cloth woven from it.

Take the silk—বাজউকিবের পদপ্রাপ্ত-হ।

Silk cotton, n. পিষ্ল গাছ : A tree.

Silken, silkn, a. রেশমি; Made of silk; dressed in silk:—রেশমের মত; Resembling silk:—কেমিল; Soft; delicate:—চিত্তণ; Glossy.

The silken tie—প্রতিক্র।

Silk gown, Silk gowns man—ব্লি-উবিশের পরিজ্য ; King's counsel ; barrister.

Silkmercer, silk-mer'ser, n. (इनक-वादनावी : A dealer in silks. [ turing silk.

Silk-mill, n. বেশমের কল; A mill for manufac-Silk-weaver, silk-weiger, n. বেশমি কাপড় বোনা ভাত্তি; A weaver of silk cloths.

Bilk-worm, silkwurm, n. ছালোকা; The caterpillar which produces silk.

Silky, silki, a. বেশমন্ত্ৰ্য়; Resembling silk:— কোমৰ; Soft; smooth:—চিক্ৰ; মহৰ; Glossy. n=silkness.

Sill, sil, n. গোণনাট; প্রদ-প্রতর, The lower horizontal frame of a window; the stone at the foot of a door.

[made of wine or cider.
Sillabub, n. খুবামিলিত সর বা দৃষ্টি; A beverage
Billy, sile, a. নির্দোবী; নির্দোব : Harmless:—সরব; Simple:—সূর্ব; নির্দোব : বোকা; Foolish; stupid:—নির্বজ্ঞ; জবিজ্ঞ; Impudent:—জসরত; জনস্তব; Ab-urd. n—silliness (মৃদ্ভা; বোকামি; Foolishness). ad—sillily (নির্দোধের মত);

**Silo, n.** ভূগৰ্ডর শন্তাগার; Underground store for keeping grain.

Silt, silt, n. পলি ধোনটে বাটি; Sediment:—v. f. কৰ্মন বাবা ক্লছ-কু; To obstruct with mud:—পলি বাবা পূৰ্ণ-কু; To fill with silt:—v. i. কৰ্মন বাবা ক্লছ-হু; To become shoked or obstructed with mud. Silurian, a. ভূতৰে ব্ৰিভ গুৱ বিশেষ সম্বাধা।

Silva, Sylva, silva, n. আবণ্য বৃক্ষাবলীর ইতি-সৃষ্ড; Natural history of forest:—ক্ষিতাসংগ্ৰহ; A collection of poems. Silvan, silvan, a. [ L. silva, a wood ] সাম্য; বস্ত ; বনবানী ; Relating to the woods ; woody. Silvan deity—বন্ধবতা ;

Silver, silver, ম. রজত; রোণা; কাণা; টাদি; A soft white precious metal:—রোণা মুলা; Coin made of siver:—জনবর্গ বন্ধ; Anything having the appearance of silver:—a. রোণালিরিত; মনজ-নির্মিত; Made of silver:—রোণাসর; রোণা সমুল; রজতবং; Resembling silver:—কল; White:—জন্তর; Bright:—বহুন্না; Precious:—কোনল; মনুর; Gentle:—n.t. বোণাগ্রত-কৃ; রোণা মতিত-কৃ; To cover with silver:—সালা চক্চকে-কৃ; উন্দেশ-কৃ; To make like silver:—সালা চক্চকে-কৃ; উন্দেশ-কৃ; To make smooth and bright:—জন্ত-কৃ; পলিত-কৃ; To make hoary.

To be born with a silver spoon in one's mouth—ধনী ইইলা জ্বাব ; ভাগাবানের খনে ক্ষত্রহ্ব-কু; To be born to a good fortune.

Silver-beater, n. বন্তপ্ত অস্ততকারী; Ohe who makes silver-leaf.

Silver-key—উংকাট ! [ing with silver. Silvering, n. বৌপা-মুহুব ; The operation of cov-Silver-leaf—রভত্যর , Silver in thin leaf.

Silverling, n. বৌপানুদা; A silver coin.

Silver lining—স্বৰ্থায় আলা; The prospect of better days.

Every cloud has a silver lining — ক্ৰম্ম মিত্ৰিত এই পৃথিনীতে কোন বিষয়ই নিবনচ্ছিত্ৰ কু ছয় না; Every evil in his has some redeeming good about it, nothing is wholly bad.

Silver-smith, silver-smith, n. রোপ্যকার ; নেক্রা ; One who works in silver.

Siver-tongued, a. मध्द वा मुडलावी, बाक्प्रहे।

Silver-ware, n. ৰপাৰ ভাৰ, ৰূপাৰ ভিনিসপত্ৰ; Acticle of silver. [ বাহিক দিন : Silver-wedding, n. বিবাহোত্ত পঞ্-বিশেতিত্ব Silvery, Silvern, a. বন্ধতবং; বৌপাসদৃশ, Resembling silver:—বৌগাসনে: Covered with

sembling silver:—রৌপার্যান্তর; Covered with silver:—ন্তর; White:—পরিকার; পরিকৃত; Clear:
—কোমণ, মুড্র; নরম, Soft.

Silver.

Silverise, v. t. রোপায়ণিড-কু; To cover with Simia, n. বানর বিশেষ; Monkey.

Simian, Simous, a. বাৰরংং; Monkey-like. Similar, sime-lar, a. সমাৰ; সদৃশ, তুলা; সৰ; ভক্ৰণ; Like, resembling; uniform. ad—similarly, n=similarity (সামৃত: তুলাডা; Likeness).

Syn:—Resembling, alike, corresponding. Simila, simi-le, n. নাযুক্ত; Similitude; resemblance; comparison:—উপনা, গুৱাক্ত; অনকান; A

comparison to illustrate anything.
Similitude, si-mile-tild, n. সায়ত্ত ; সাম ; Resemblance:—তুলনা ; উপমা ; Comparison ; simile:
—ক্লকাকার নীতিক্লা ; A parable. Syn:—Likeness, similarity, image, metaphot.

Simmer, sinder, v. i. আরে আরে সিদ্ধ-হ; আর আর ফুটা; সোঁ সোঁ-কৃ; Boil gently; boil with gentle hissing.

Simoniae, n. এই বাৰকীয় উচ্চতর পদ ক্রাবিক্ষরণ অপরাধে অগরাধী; One who practises simony. a= simonical (তলপরাধী)। [genuine. Simon pure—আসন; উচ্চ, Unadulterated p The real simon pure—আসন ব্যক্তি; আসন बोह्य । The real person ; the real man ( not one who falsely personates another ).

Simony, n. वर्षानसद बेळलन कत्रविका कार्यानदाव ; The crime of buying or selling ecclesiastical [ A dry hot wind. preferment. Bimoon, Bimoom, n. উষ্ বাবু; উত্তথ বাভাস; পু; Bimper, simper, w. i. apra eini.; किक किक ক্রিয়া হালা ; To smile in a silly affected manner : লঃ মুখং হান্ত ; মুখটাপে হাসি ; চাপা হাসি ; A silly or affect smile.

Bimple, simpl, a. (क्वन ; उन् ; Single ; mere :-महत्वः जनमङ्खः , निवतकावः नागनित्वः : Plain :- अमातिकः क्षकर्ग ; महन ; Artless ; undesigning ; frank : —मिद्रसीष ; Silly :—व्यविश्व ; व्यविश्विष्ठ ; Uncompounded ; not mixed :- भोगिक ; Elementary :-चकुतिय ; Unaffected :--(नामा ; পরিকার ; Clear :--ন্ত. অবিমিশ্ৰ বৃদ্ধ : ভেৰজ : উৰখি ; Single ingredient ; drug; medicinal herb. n = simpleness. Syn:-(a) Unmixed, unblended, uncombined; pure, bare; unadorned; single-minded, open, unsophisticated; credulous, foolish, unwise

Pure and simple—খাটা ; খাবা। Simple equation—महन ममोकरा । Simple-hearted, a. मननांचः कर्य ।

Simple-minded, a. नजनमनाः ।

Simpleness, n. महन्या; वक्षिणा; निक्षिणाः Simplicity, artlessness; folly.

Simpleton, simpl-tun, n. নির্কোণ ব্যক্তি; মূর্থ লোক; বোষাবাৰ : A foolish fellow.

Simplicity, sim-plisi-ti, n. महन्छ। ; Sincerity ; frankness :-- অমাধিকত ; Artlessness :-- শস্ত :-Clearness :-- অলমারশুক্তা ; সহজ্ব ; Plainness :--মুর্খ ভা : নিক্জিতা : Silliness ; folly.

Simplify, simpli-fi, v. t. [ L. sinplex, simple, facio, lo make ] नरुज-कू; भरत-कु; विनम-कु; То make plain. n=simplification ( मत्रनोकत्र )।

Simply, simpli, ad. (क्वनमाज ; (क्वन : Merely ; alone; only: —সহজে; সরলভাবে; Plainly.

Simular, n. इयार्थी ; One who pretends to be what he is not.

Simulate, simū-lat, v. t. [ L. simulare, from similis, like ] ৰপটতা-ক ; ভাগ-ক . Counterfeit ; pretend; feign:--ৰনুসরণ-কৃ; To imitate:--a. क्लि ; कुबिम ; Pretended. Syn :- (v) Pretend. act, affect.

Simulation, sim-u-láshun, n. কণ্টতা; ভাণ: কুত্রিমতা ; নিখ্যাচরণ ; Pretence ; hypocrisy. Simultaneity, n. যৌগপদা . সমকালভা।

Simultaneous, sim-ul-tāne-us, a. এकक्लिन : मनकानीन, Happening at the same time. ad= simultaneously (এককালে, দুৰ্গপং: at the same time) essimultaneousness. [ ধিক অজাত রাশি থাকে। Simultaneous equation--বে সমীকরণ মুগ্ম একা-Bin, sin, n. देवरत्रत्र निवय तज्यन : भाग ; बुक्छ ; कत्य ; weight; Transgression of the divine law; wickedness :- ७. १. भाग-कृ ; भाभाग्वन-कृ ; व्यवर्ष-कृ ; To commit sin; to do wrong; to offend. Sym: -(n) Crime, wrong, trespass, iniquity, unrighteunsness, ungodliness, evil.

Besetting sin-arts (Fig. Prevailing or preciominant vice; a vice which one is most prone to commit.

Original sin—প্ৰবন পাণ ; দৈতিক পাণ : ৰৌনিক পাপ: The native depravity of the human heart. Seven deadly sins—via, cata, cata, and भारमर्ग अहे म छ बहारमाव। [ tard plaster. Sinapiam, n. मर्नन-हर्लंब आमन ना भूनहिन् ; A mus-Bince, sins, ad. व्यवदाः उरशतः गूर्तः व्यवदः From the time that; past; ago :- prep. A পৰ্যন্ত হউতে; From the time of : after :-- conj. বেভেডু; কাৰণ; Because, considering, Long since-अत्मक किन ग्वि९।

Since then—55: 19/5!

Sincere, sin-sei', a. [ L. sincerus, sad, to be composed of sine, without, and cere, wax, as pure honey ] সাধু; অকপট, সরব; True; frank; honest :-- वानन ; वान ; वी है ; अकु ; Pure ; gunuine; real. Syn :-- Unmixed, unadulterated; true, ganuine, unvarnished, unaffected; upright, undissembling, honest.

Sincerely, ad. যথাৰ্থ; প্ৰকৃতপকে: অকণ্টভাবে; Sincerity, sin-ser'e-ti, n. अक्लिटेडां ; अब्लेडां ; अब्लेड পটা ; দাধুতা ; Honesty of mind ; frankness. Syn : -Uprightness, integrity, veracity, truthfulness.

[ Honestly.

Sincipital, n. মতকাপ্রদেশ ন্ৰন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the sinciput.

Sinciput, sinsi-put, n. [L. semi, half, caput; the head] बजरकत नमूल्डांग ; मछकांश्राम ; Fore part of the head.

Sine, n. লম ও কর্ণের অসুপাত ; শিক্সিনী ৷

Sinecure, sine-kur, n. [L. sine, without, cura, care ] विना পविज्ञात (वंडन आहि : विना याकान লম্বৃত্তি: An office with salary but without work. Sinecurist, sine-kūr-ist, n. কার্যাপুর বৈত্রিক পদধারী লোক; One who holds a sinecure.

Sinow, sihū, #. মাংসপেণী ; স্বাযু ; Muscle ; nerve ; ligament by which a joint is moved :--শক্তি; বৰ ; नागर्या ; Strength :- v. t. मारमालनीत होता रखन-क ; To unite as by sinews :- मृह-कृ ; मनन-कृ ; ननावान-事: To strengthen.

The sinews of war-blat; we : ea; क्षित; Everything which aids to carry on war; money; that which supplies strength.

Sinewy, sidue, Sinewed, a. মাংসপৌৰিশিষ্ট : मारनन ; Having sinews :-- रननान : (बातान : किन्दी : Strong; vigorous. Syn:-(a) Muscular, browny, nervous, vigorous.

Sinful, sinfool, a. পাপে বড: পাণী ; পাড়কী ; Full of sin; depraved; wicked:—ad. অপ্ৰিয় । #= sinfulness. ad=sinfully. Syn :- Iniquitous, criminal, unholy, unrighteous, ungodly, evil.

Sing, sing, v. t. 117-7; To utter sounds with musical modulation :--গদ্যে গান-ক ; কাৰ্ছন-ক ; To celebrate : chant :- v. i. nia nieni ; To utter sounds with musical inflections. pt=sang, sing. pp=sang.

Sing a song—গীত পাওয়া।

Sing out—চীংকারপৃন্ধক ডাকা; Call loudly.

Binging, a. शानकाती।

Singer, sing'er, n. योवक; शानकावी; One who sings.

Singing, n. 95; The act or art of singing. Singing class--गान निका तिरीत व्यक्ति या विकास: Class in which singing is taught.

Singing-master, singing-master, m. Asisisi; গান-শিক্ক; A master who teaches singing. Binge, sinj, v. t. উপदिकांत्र सक्ष-कु; बनुमान ; To burn the surface of ; to scorch :- n. वाङ् नाह ; ৰলগান; A burning of the surface; a slight burn. p-singing. Bingle, sing gl, a. बक्जे ; अक्षांब ; One only ; individual :--ৰভাঃ পৃথক; Separate :--একাকী; Alone :- অবিবাহিত ; অন্চ ; Unmarried :- অমি-ৰিভ ; Unmixed : — সরন ; সাধু ; Straightforward ; sincere: -- ত. t. পৃথক-কু; To separate: -- বাছিয়া मख्या; वाष्ट्रिया वाश्वित-कृ; वाष्ट्रा , To sciect from a number. #=singleness ( একাৰিছ ; সরণতা ) ; ad = singly ( अकाको ; अक अक कब्रिया ; Individually ). Syn:—(a) Sole; particular, solitary; uncompounded, pure; upright. A single combat—বস্বস্থ : একে একে লড়াই। Single out—বাছিবা বাহির-ক্ল; Choose out from among other; separate from others. Single blessedness—অবিবাহি চাবস্থা; Unmarried state. Single-handed, singl-handed, a. वकाकी ; একেলা; সহায়পুঞ্জ; Having only one hand; unassisted; unhelped. Single-hearted, sing'gl-harted, a. मनन; मद-নাত্ত:করণ ; অকপট ; Sincere ; without duplicity. Single man, n. অবিবাহিত বাক্তি: Bachelor. Single-minded, sing gl-minded, a. সং: একার-চিত্ত, একমনা: ; Upright :-- নিস্পাপ ; Guileless. Singleness, ন. অৰণ্টতা; সম্বল্ডা, Freedom from duplicity; sincerity. [ fighting Bingle stick, त. युद्धार पृष्ट ; Cudgel used in Single tree, Swingle tree, n. বরণিকা; বারিকা. The cross-piece of a carriage to which the traces of a harnessed horse are fixed. Singly, ad. একাকী; এক এক করিয়া; Individually : alone :-- मजनकारन : Honestly. Bing-song, n. টাৰাফৰ, কুংসিড বর; একবেরে হুর; Bad singing; adrowing tone. Singular, sing'gu-lar, a. [ L. singularis, from singulus, single ] একক; এক, বতম; Alone :--অধিতীয়; Single:—অপরপ; Remarkable:— बहुड , बान्दर्ग ; Strange ; odd :- बन्दर्ग , Rare :-অসীধারণ; কেমনতর; Extraordinary. Syn --Individual; particular, special; peculiar, exceptional, uncommon; queer. Singular number-47 767 Singular term—गुक्ति गांदक भूष । Singularity, sing-gū-lar'i-ti, n. अनाशांत्रक ; একাৰিছ; অপূৰ্কতা; অসামান্ততা; Uncommonness. oddness :--বিশেবৰ; অভুত্ত ; Peculiarity. Bingularly, ad. अगाधातनकाल , मवित्नव, वित्नवकाल , In a singular manner; peculiarly, Sinister, sinis-ter, a नान . Left :- पूर्वात्रायनक . Unluck :--অসকল ; অওড ; Inauspicious ←-অস্ৎ ; কুটাল; Dishonest:—মন্দ, ছুষ্ট, ছুবিত; Bad, evil. Syn :- Unlucky, unfortunate, disastrous, injurious; evil, bad, perverse, corrupt. Sinister motive—কু-ৰভিদ্দি ; ছুরভিদ্দি ।

Sinistral, sinis-tral, a. with; Reversed : per-

Sinistrous, sinis-trus, a. বাবদিগস্থ; বাদপাৰ্থয়;

verse. ad = sinistrally.

Being on the left side :—অবৃচিত ; অকাছ : অসম্ভ : বিশ্বগাদী; Wrong; absurd; perverse. Sink, singk, v. i. পতিত-হ: অবংপতিত-হ: To fall down; to fall to the bottom :-- ৰয়-ছ: অভ-বা: To fall below the surface :- 4/545-E; To be overwhelmed :- द्वांग-इ; स्टाउ-इ; To become less : — দ্বা ; অবসয়-হ ; To be depressed : — আছি ড-হ; To be impressed:—v. f. মধ্ব-ছ; ছুবাইয়া-দে; To cause to sink :-- वनन-कृ ; To dig :-- नहे-कृ ; लाग-क ; To degrade ; to ruin :-- नाग-क ; क्यांव ; To lessen :-- मृत्रा द्व-क ; त्नाव-क ; To suppress ; to lower in value :-- n. নদানা ; নালি ; পর্ব ; A drain to carry off dirty. pt = sank, sunk, pp=sunk, pa=sunken. Syn:-(v) Fall, subside, descend; penetrate, enter; decline, droop, decay, decrease; drop, lower, merge, submerge, ingulf, plunge; excavate; depress; destroy; suppress, conceal. Be sink in-কোনরণ অবস্থাপর থাকা; Implies state :--কোৰ কিছুতে ডুবিয়া থাকা; Be swallowed up or overwhelmend. One's heart sinks with one-কাহার মন দ্যিলা वादन।, One is depressed. [ well by digging. Sink a well – কুপ খনন-কু; বুরো খোঁড়া; Make a Sink in deep mire—মহাপক্ষে নিমগ্ন হ। Sink into—এক অবস্থা হইতে অবস্থান্তরে পড়া ; Implies motion from one state to another :- 4845. কোনকপে হীনাবভার পড়া , Fall into :--কমিরা আসা : money without profit. Dwindle into. Sink money—शिना नार होको गाय-कृ : Expend Sink or penetrate the mind-मानीमाश व्यवन-कत्। To make a strong and lasting impression. Sink or swim-জয়লাভ কলা বা পরাজিভ-হ; উঠা ৰি পড়া, Fall or win the victory; fail or succeed:--याहाई पट्टेंक ना (कन, एव किन वना इंडेक ना (कन : Whatever happens ; under any circumstances. Sink under-- रकान विषय पत्रा अञास अवस्थ इतेश भन्न . Fall or decline in strength by reason of. Sinking, v n. मक्दन । A sinking, n. A feeling of weakness from which dyspeptic people often suffer. Sinking fund—दन भित्रामासद वज रादिक वर्ष-সঞ্জ; A sum of money set apart usually at fixed intervals to the redemption of the debts of the government or of a corporation; appropriation for gradually paying off a debt. Sinking-hole, n. Thin; A sink. Sinloss, sinles, a. निशाभ ; भवित्र ; Free from sin, pure; herfect; innocent. ad=sinlessly, n=sinlessness. Syn:-Immaculate, faultless, unblemished. [ An offender or criminal. Sinner, n. शानी ; अश्राती : शांठकी वाक्ति ; सावी ; More sinned against than sinning-অপনের অপকার না করা : নিজেই ক্তিপ্রস্ত-ছ ; More the party wronged than the party wronging. Sin-offering, n. गालब आविष्ट बच उपार्व : পাৰ্যালন্ত : Expiation for sin : sacrifice for sin. Sinuate, sinu-at, v. i. [ L. sinuo, to bend ] বজ-হ; To bend m and out:-a. ভর্ষিভ্যাও; With a waved margin: - द ह Curved, # sinuation,

Binnous, sinus, c. [ L. sinusous, from sinus, a curve ] বৃদ্ধ; বুলাকার; Bending in and out; undulating; winding. nesinuousity, adminuously. Syn :—Winding. curved, crooked, flexnous, serpentine. [ bands and turns. Sinuous, n. হুবলিডড; বুজার বেলী; A series of Sinus, sinus, n. [ L, sinus, a curve ] ভাল; ক fold:—ক্সি: পর্য: (কভালির) লোব; মালারণ; কত-মালী; An opening; a cavity containing pus. Sip, sip, v. t. চুমুক-বে; বুকারুক বোলা; করে করে লাক-ক; To take small draughts; to draw into the

sip, sip, v. t. চুম্ক-বে; চুক্তুৰ নোৱা; অজে আৰু পাৰ-কু; To take small draughts; to draw into the mouth:—v. t. অল্পানার পাৰ-কু; To drink in small quantities:—n. চুম্কু; চোক; আলু আলু পান; A small draught taken with the lips.

Siphon, si'fun, n. रक्तन ; रक्तनोंगे रङ विस्ति ; Bent tube for drawing off liquids.

Sippet, n. THING THE ; A small sop.

Sir, ser, n. মহাপর; প্রস্কু; Word of respect used to a man:—সহাস্ত লোকের পদবী বিশেষ; The title of a knight or baronet.

Sire, sir, n. পেৰ, মহারাজ; Lord; word of respect in addressing a king or emperor:—লটা; An originator:—লনক; পিতা; ডাড; Father:—pl. পুৰুষ্কৰণ ; Ancestos:—n. f. প্ৰাৰ্ড্য; To beget, used of beasts.

Siron, si'ren, n. কৰি-কল্পিত কোজিকক্ষী কুইনিনী সন্থ-নারী; মুক্তান্ত্রিনী প্রানোক; Mermaid; enticing woman; three birds, with the face of virgins, on the southern coast of Stary, where with the swert voices, they enticed those that sailed by, and then killed them; alluring women:—a. মুক্তান্ত্রি; মনোমুক্তর; Fascinating.

Birius, n. অচাক্ষণ নকৰে বিশেষ; The Degstar. Sirloin, section, n. গকৰ ধাবনাৰ নাংল; ভক্ষাৰ্থ গৰুৰ শিৰ্ষান্তা; Loin of beef.

লিমন্বাড়া; Loin of beef. [ of surname. Birname, ser'nam, n. গৌত নাম; A corruption Birocoo, si-roko, n. উত্তও বায়ু বিশেব; উষ্ণ পায়ু; লু-বিশেব; A hot oppressive wind.

Sirrah, sèr'a, n. एरवः होरवः दाः, Sir, used in reproach or contempt.

Sirup, sirup, s. नेवर, शोक क्या क्रिय क्या, A solution of sugar in water, simple flavoured, or medicated; sugary liquid; sweet juice.

Siakin, siskin, ল. সায়ক পকী বিশেষ. A migratory singing bird, resembling the green canary. Sister, sister, n. ভাগনী; বোন, ভগা; A female born of the same parents:—লেট দাই, Head murse in bospital.

Half sister—বৈষাত্তের বা বৈপিত্ত ভলী।

Bisters of charity স্থানায়, Communities of nuns of various orders engaged in works of mercy.

Sister-hood, ন. ভগিনীড়; The state of being a sister:—ভগ্নীসভাদার; ভগিনীগণ; A society of

Sister-in-law, sister-in-law—ছালিকা বা ভাগী; ননদিনী বা ননদ, আড্বধুবা বা; A husband's or wife's sister; a brother's wife.

Sisterlike, sister-lik, Sisterly, sister-li, a. ভরীবং; Like sister:—দ্যালু, বেহনীন; Kind; affectionate. [Sisyphus; incessantly recurring. Sisyphean, a, স্বাধ্বাত; ক্ষাস্ত; Relating to

Sisyphus, n. The son of Æolus, King of Corinth, famous for his cunning, and robbories.

Bit, sit, v. i. উপবেশন-ছ; বিদলা থাকা; বলা; To rest up on the haunches:—বিশ্লান-ছ; To rest:—বাকা; বলা; To remain:—বিদ্ধে বলা; To perch:—বিদ্ধে তা-কে; ভিবে বলা; To broad:—সরবারী কার্ব্যে আগ্রত-ছ; To occupy a seat, especially officially:—বাবিত-ছ; বলা; To blow from a certain direction, as the wind:—v. t. হালা; বাবে হবলা বালাগা; বলাব; To seat. p. t. and p. p.—sat.

p⇒sitting.
Sit at one's feet—ভঙ্গর ভাষ মান্ত-তৃ: Worship one as a master:—কাহাকে ভঙ্গ বলিয়া খীকার-তৃ: উপলেশ পাইবার কন্ত ভাত-তৃ; শিত্য হওয়া; Learn or receive instruction from; be a disciple of.

Sit at table--बाहाबार्थ (मरतब शार्व रहा।

Sit before ও town—কোৰ বৰ্ণৰ আক্ৰম-কু; To besiege it.

Sit bodkin—ছইজনের মধ্যে পেৰিত হট্যা ৰসা।
Sit down—বসিয়া পড়া; উপবেশন-ফু; Sit on a
chair &c.; take one's sit; rest:—অবরোধ-ফু;
আরস্ত-ফু:—Begin a siege:—নিরস্ত-ফু:—ছির হইলা
ৰসা; Settle.

Sit down with—(কিছু) গ্ৰহণ সন্তই ৰাখিতে ৰাখ্য-ছ। Sit easily on—ভাল লাখা; Be satisfactory to. Sit easy on—ভাল লাভ বা মানাত; Suit so as to appear natural to.

Sit ogga-অভিধি হইরা অধিককাল অবস্থান-ক :

Sit for—কোন কোন স্থানের প্রতিনিধি হইয়া সভার বসা; প্রদেশের প্রতিনিধি-স্থ; পার্লিয়ামেন্ট সভার কোন প্রদেশের প্রতিনিধি শুরূপ সভ্য-স্থ; Represent a place; represent in parliament:—Attend an artist.

Sit for a portrait—এরণ দ্বির তাবে ব্লিয়া থাকা; বে চিত্রকর তাহার চিত্র আঁকিতে পারে; To assume for a limited time a proper position to allow one's portrait to be painted by an artist.

Sit ill or well on one—त्यानान व यानान इ : बा नावा वा नावा ; Not to suit or suit one ; not to become or become one.

Sit in judgment on—বিচার করিতে ব্যা: বিচার-কু; বিচারে ব্যা; Sit as a judge to pass judgment on; to assume judicial authority; to judge censoriously.

Sit lightly on—প্রো জোৰ বা থাবা; কম বৰ্ণন থাকা; Have slight hold on. [character. Sit loosely on—বৰ্ণন বৃদ্ধ না হৰ্ণনা; Be of a weak Sit on (or upon)—ডিমে তা-দে; Brood. [cision. Sit on the fonce—To be in a position of inde-Sit on thorns—কটু বা ব্যাপার অবস্থার থাকা; অস্থী-হ; To be uneasy.

Sit out—কোৰ কাৰ্য লা থাকা : Be without engagement :—সমত শেষ হওয়া পৰাত বসিয়া থাকা ; শেষ পৰাত বসিয়া থাকা , Keep seated until the end :— (কিছুকাল) বসিয়া কাটান ; Sit during.

Sit to—চিত্ৰকর চেহারা আঁকিবে বলিয়া তাহার সমূপে বসা;
Sit before an artist to have one's portrait painted.
Sit under a preacher—উপদেশকের কথা গুনিডে
উপবেশন-ক; To attend on the ministry of a particular preacher. [go to bed; keep awake.
Sit up—নিজা না বাধরা, জানিয়া বনিয়া থাকা; Not
Sito, sit, n. নংম্বিভি; আবম্বিভি; Situation: কুম্বিদ;
হন, বার্গা; Legal position.

The site of a house—বাৰ্ডৰি। Sith, ad. Men ; cater ; Ago ; since. Sitophobis, n. प्रशिद्ध प्रकृष्टि ; पश-त्वव । Mitter n. উপৰেশৰ : ছবি ভোলাইবার নিবিত্ত বে আজি Sitting, siting, w. Garage; The posture of being in a seat , state of resting on a seat :-- जानन; A seat :-- देवर्रक ; मजात अविदर्गन ; Meeting :--উপ্ৰেশনকাল; Time for which one sits:—ডিব क्टोडिबान सक उप्रशनि छेशरानन : A resting on eggs for hatching. Sitting room, #. रिकंक्यांमा ; विभिवाद यह वा द्यान । Situate, situ-at, Situated, situ-at-ed, s. ছাপিত , অবস্থিত ; অধিষ্ঠিত ; উপবিষ্ট , Placed ; seated:--Circumstanced:---वर्जभन; Residing. Situation, sit-u-ashun, #. অবলা ; পতিক ; Condition :-- बिर्वण ; श्रांत ; Location ; position :-- भेत ; डाक्ति ; कार्षा ; Post ; place ; office ; employment : -- आंशन ; Seat :- क्विक मणी ; Temporary state. Sym:-Locality, station, site, ground, spot; state, case, plight, predicament, berth Six, siks, a. or n. ET; 46 . Five and one. At sixes and seven-निन्धल ; नवहन दक्षी : in disorder; in confusion; disarranged. By हाइ 08-इन्डम कतिया ; Six at a time. Six-fold, sikstold, a. Free; Multiplied six siver coin. times; repeated six times Six-pence, sikspens, n. সিকির মন্ত বৌপা মুমা , A Six-penny, a. निकि वा क्षांव इत जाना मुलात । Six-20010, a. or n. 3415; 416 ! Bixteen, a. or w. (बाज़न ; खाल ; Six and ten. Sixteenth, sikitenth, a. (वांडम, वांडमारम ; वांन्हे ; Sixth after the tenth. Sixth, siksth, a. वर्ड ; इब्र्डे , The ordinal of six : 一元. এ字 本作 , The sixth part. [ place. Sixthly, sikithle, ad. 455: , 46413; In the sixth Bixtieth, siksti-eth, e. or n. वक्षेत्रम ; वहत्रमारण , The ordinal of sixty. [ times ten. Sixty, siksti, a. or n. वर्ष ; बाहि ; बाहि . Six Sizar, siżar, n. অবৈতনিক (বা বন বেতনেৰ ) ছাত্ৰ FICHT: Student of the lowest rank. Bisable, sizeable, a. বড় ; সুহ্দাকার : Large. Bizo, siz, n. जाराजन : जाकात ; পরিমাণ ; Extent of volume or superficies; bulk; magnitude;-বাশিস ; বাড় : আটা ; A varnish ; weak glue :-- υ. t. আকারাস্থারে সাজান; আর্ডন অপুসারে সাজান; To arrange according to size :--बाडा बाबान : माउ-CY; To besmear with glue; to cover with size. Syn: -(n) Bigness; largeness, greatness, extent, volume, dimensious; sizing. Sised, 🚣 चांकात वा चांत्रजन विश्वि । Sizy, c. নাইৰতুলা; Size-like:—আটাল; Glutinous. # - siziness. Skald. \*. कवि दिल्ला : Scandinavian poet. Minte, skat, n. बहुएम छन्द सन्धाराच वांचवार्च वां বেড়াইবার পাছকা বিশেষ: A kind of sandal or frame of wood with a steel ridge under it for moving on ice; a sliding shoe :-- बर्फ विराध ; A large flat fish :-- ७. i. खावून भाइका भनिता लोहान , To slide on skates. n=skater, skating. Bleen, Ekoon, n. (211); vatify first. A

dagger, a short sword.

Skein, skin, n. 引持了; Yold (中間可(利理: A knot or number of knots of thread or yara :-वस प्रावहत्त्रपतः। Skeleton, skele-tun, n. [ Gr. skeletos, dried, skello, to dry ] অস্থিপঞ্ল ; অন্থি নাঞাকার ; কন্ধার ; The bony structure or frame of the body :-मन्ना ; आन्त्रा ; General outline :- मिं कुम (मार्क : व्यक्तिकाविष्टे पाति: Thin man:-a. व्यक्तिवाद: वक (मार्ड । A skeleton key—বাঁষহীন চাবি ; পরচাবি বিশেষ। Reduced (or worn) to a skeleton-\*\* বিশিষ্ট : ক্ষ্মিচর্মসার । There is skeleton in every house-stell लारकत्र किंद्र को किंद्र के ब्राइ ; There is something to annoy and to be kept out of sight. Skeleton-key, skele-tun-ke, त. कृषिका वित्नव : Thin light key. Skeptic, n. সাংগারিক; অবিশাসী ব্যক্তি; পাবও, One who is sceptical :- @. मिक्सना । Skeptical, a. দশিক্ষতিত্ত; Doubting. n=skepti cism ( व्यविषाम ; मर्समान्य )। Skorry, n. शिनवा ; कुछ वीश ; A rocky isle. Sketch, sketch, n. शांबुरवशा; बन्ना; आमृता, সংক্রিক বিবরণ; Outline, first draft; rough plan .-- v. f. मक्मा-कृ; आपता-कृ; वाक्र तथा छोना . To make a rough draft of , to draw the outline of :-- अशान निमप्त छान वानमंत-कृ, To give the principal points of :-- ए. s. धनाडा नका-क ; To practise sketching. Syn -- (n) Drawing, delineation, design, plot, skeleton. Skotch-book, #. নকা পুঞ্চক ; যে পুঞ্চক দানাহান স্ত সমাজেৰ চিত্ৰাবলী সঞ্চলিত হয় ; A book formed of drawing paper used for sketching in ; a book for sketches or outlines. Sketoby, skechi, a. (करण वांहरत्था बांबा खड़िक; মুশভাবে চিত্রিত ; অসম্পূর্ণ ; Like a sketch or outline , incomplete. ad=sketchily, n=sketchiness. Skow. a. 43 5/4, Oblique :- ad. 43 5/14. Obliquely; awry. Skewer, sku'er, u. ( शांत्र कावाद कहिवाद ) (जांशांद শিক : টেকুরা ; A large pin of meat :-- v. t. উষ্ণ শিক ৰাবা সাৰজ-কু; To fasten with skewers. Skid, skid, 11. जाहाज त्रकार्य छरणार्थाहरू काववंत : A prece of timber hung against a ship's side to preserve it from injury :- 5154 fore : 5151 টানিবার শিকন; Chain to drag a wheel:--কীলক वा (भना निज्ञा कांग्रेक-क ; To check with a skid. Skiff, skif, n. ভিলি , সূত্ৰ নৌৰা ; A small light boat. Skilful, skilfool, a. निश्न; गर्हे; एक; स्नत; Expert; dexterous. n=skilfulness, ad=skilfully. Syn .- Skilled, practised, proficient, adept, masterly, adroit, clever. Skill, skil, n. [ A. S. scilian, scylan, to distinguish ] रेनपुना ; एकका ; शहेका ; क्लेनन ; Dexterity; ability; knowledge; experience:--v. i. वृदिष्ड भाता ; To understand. Syn:—(n) Skilfulness, adroitness, expertness, aptitude, cleverness, quickness, facility, knack, address, ingenuity. f skilful.

Bkilled, skild, a. হ্ৰক ; চতুর ; হ্ৰিপুৰ ; Expert :

Skilled in-त्वान विकास प्रेमका बांका अवर काराव

निर्व कार्या ७९५३ व भट्टे ; Having familiar know-

ledge of (anything) so as to be able to conduct it with readiness and dexterity.

Skillet, n. পাল বিৰেষ; A small metal vessel. Skillfully, ad. বৈশ্বাসহ্বাবে; Cleverly.

Skima skim, ত. ট. ছুক্তের সর তোলা; সর জুলিছা সাক্-ছু; বাল কচিন ; To take off by skimming; to clear off scum:—ভাসা ভাসা বা বেটাবাট পাঠ-ছু; To brush the surface of lightly:—ত. ট. আতে আতে উপর বিশ্বা-বা; উপর বিল্লা বেকে চলিলা-বা; To pass lightly; to glide along near the surface.

Skimmer, skim-er, n. মহন করিবার বয় , কাপা ; Utensil for skimming milk :—পৃষ্ট-পাঠক ৷

Skimmilk, skimmilk, #. ননিভোলা ছম্ব , বেলি; বে মুবের সূত্র ভূলিরা লঙ্কা হইরাছে; Milk from which the cream has been skimmed.

Skimmings, n. pl. 117; What is skimmed.

Skin, skin, ন. আৰু; চাৰজা; Covering of the flesh:—চাৰজা; চর্মঃ Hide:—বোনা; চাল, চর্মানী; মনক; ছাল খোলা; খোলা ছাড়ান; The bark or rind of plants:—হ. t. চর্মহীন-ক; ছাল ভোলা; To strip the skin from; to strip off, to peel:—
খ. i. চর্মায়জ-কু; চর্ম ধারা আকৃত-ক; To be covered with a skin:—চর্ম গলান।

Sell the skin before you have caught the hear—To count your chickens before they are hatched. [ sitive.

Thin skinned, a. অতি শীম চেতন . Unduly sen-To be all skin and bone—অহিচৰ্মনার-ছ।

To same one's skin—কত বা আহত না হইছা প্লায়ন-কৃ। (বাহিন-কৃ। To skin a flint--কৃপণ্ডা-কু; পিপ্ডে টিপে রস With a hole skin—মত্ত্ব প্রীরে।

Skin-deep, skindep, a. চর্মাত , তৃক্তেদী; ভাসা; অপভীয় ; Slight ; superficial.

Skin-flint, skihflint, n. কুপৰ; বয়স; A miser. Skinless, a. বিকৃত্, পাতলা ছাসবিশিষ্ট।

Skinny, skini, a. sta migs, bung; wie get,

Consisting of skin. Skip, skip, v. s. अन-त , नाकान ; हाड़िश नांधना ,

To leap; to pass over:—ত্যাগ-তৃ; To omit:—

v f লক্ষ্ (; To leap over:—n. লক্; লাক;
উল্লেখ্য (A leap; a bound. [out notice.

Skip over—হাড়িরা-বা; Omit, pass over withSkipper, n. বাবিক; বাণিলা পোতাধিকারী; A sailor;
the master of a merchant-yessel.

Skip jack, n. chte dig : Upstart.

Skipping rope, skiping-18p, n. তক দিবার মড়ি; উল্লেখন বজু; A small rope used in skipping; short cord for skipping over.

Skirmisher, sker'mish-er, ল. লয়ু যুদ্ধার্থ নিবৃদ্ধ বৈনিক; Soldier sent in loose order in advance of the army.

Skirt, skert, n. [A. S. scyrtan, to shorten] बाइ; नीया; बाद; किवाता; श्रीकाहण्य व त्याय छात्रत्र वाद; Border; margin; extreme part; loose part of a garment below the waist :— र. ं. बाद बादा; To be on the border; — र. ं. नीवावद- हे, बाइ विद्या

ৰা; ৰাজ্যুত-তু; To border. Syn:—(n) Flap; petticoat; rim, border, edge, margin. Sit upon one's akirts—ভাষ্যৰ বাড়ি ছিলা ক্য-

পের বতপ্য পাটা! [ঠাটা-ফু; Jeer-Bkit, ম. রেব; ভাষাসা; ঠাটা; Jeer; whim: --ফ. f. Skittish, skitish, a. চৰুল; অহিন; বেছাখানী; উদ্ধান; Fickle; wanton: --সহলে ভীড; ভীল; Easily frightened: --চছুন, Sly.

Skittle, n. Nine pin.

Skittles, skitlz, w. pl. বীড়া বিশেষ : একপ্রকার ভবি-ডাঙা খেবা , A game of nine pin.

Skulk, skulk, v. i. সুৰায়িত থাকা; সুৰাইৱা থাকা; ওত ক্ষিয়া থাকা; চুণে পলায়ন-কু; To sneak out of the way; to lurk, n—skulker.

Skull, skul, n. नावात बूजि; करताहै; कर्नद्र; The bony case of the brain: - नवक; शक्ति; Head: -- हिनि; A close fitting cap. [ A close-fitting cap. Skulloap, skulkap, n. (व हिनि नावात दिव नार्त्र; Skunk, skungk, n. वह निरम्ब; Weasel like beast. Skurry, n. Confused haste.

Hurry skurry, n. Impetuous haste.

Sky, ski, #. আকাণ; গগন; অন্তর্গান্ধ; নভৌষ্ঠল; The heavens; the apparent arch hanging over our heads:—বায়; Atmosphere:—শীত এইখানি-ভেগে আর্থন ভাব; অন্তবায়; Weather; climate:— ছায়া; Shadow:—বেষ; Cloud.

Laud or extol or praise to the ekies— অভাত প্ৰশংসা-কৃ; অভি প্ৰশংসা বারা আকাণে তুলিয়া-দে; Praise hightly. [shelter from the sky. Open sky—আবৃত স্থানৈ; With no covering or

Bkyblue, ski'bibo, a. নাল; গভার নালবৰ্গ, Blue like the sky; azure. [ শীয়; Like the sky; ethereal. Skyoy, ski', a. আকাশের মত নাল; নাতনিক; আকা-Sky-high--অভাচ্চ; Very high.

Sky-lark, ski'lark, n. চাতক পকী; ডাকই পকী; ডাক বাজ পকী; A lark. (Frolicking; playing tricks. Sky-larking, ski'lark-ing, n. জীড়া; উল্লেখন: Sky-light, ski'lit, n. ছাদ্বিত আলোকমাৰ্গ; ছাবের গ্ৰাক, আলোক বিবয়, Window placed in a roof.

Sky-rooket, ski'-rocket, ন. হাউই-বাৰী; Firework. Skysail, ski'szi, n. পাইন বিশেষ; The sail above the royal.

Sky-scraper, ski-skrap'er, ল. তিকোপাৰার পাল বিশেষ ; A sky-sail of triangular shape.

Bky-ward, ski'ward, ad. আকাশের দিকে; দভো-বেশাভিমুবে, Toward the sky.

Slab, slab, n. প্রতর বও ; A thin piece of marble :
—মর্থন প্রত্বের পাওলা বও ; কাঠের ছালট ; চক্বের
ছালট ; Outer plank of a log; a piece sawed
from a log.

Slabber, slaber, v. i. লাল পড়ে; লালে ভিজান; খুপু লাগান; ঢালিয়া কেলা; To let the saliva fall from mouth; to drive!:—n. নিচাৰন; লালা; খুখু; Saliva. n=slabberer.

Slack, slak, a. আনুগা; চিলা; নিৰিল; Loose; lax; not holding fast:—অলগ; গাবিল; বীর; টিনা; Remiss; slow:—v. d. or v. f. নিৰিণ্ড বা-ছু। গা=slackness (নিৰিল্ডা)। admislackly. Syn:— Relaxed, easy; backward, inactive, tardy.

Sinokon, slatin, v. i. চিলা-হ; অকৃতকাৰ্য-হ; শিবিণ-হ; To become less light; to be remiss; to fail or flag: —v. i. চিলা-ফ; Render alack; make slack:—শিখিল-ড়; স্বৰ-ড়; To relax — বুৰিত ৱাৰা; To put off Syn —Slack, abate, moderate, retard, loosen, rolax, lessen, diminish Slacken one's pace—অভি আবে আবে বাংলা, To proceed more slowly.

Slackly, cd. #4914

Slack water—লোমার বা ভাঁটার মধ্যে বনধনা।
Slag, slag, m. ৰাডুমল; ৰাডুৰ বাদ, The dross of
a metal; vitrified cinders. e-slaggy ( ৰাডুমলবিশিষ্ট )।

Blain, p. p. of slay.

জী৯ke, v. f. নিবৃত্ত ক্ ; শাত্ত কু ; ব্যু-কু , To quench ;
—নির্বাণ-কু ; To extinguish :—জলসহ নিজিত-কু ,
To mix with water — v. হ. নির্বাণ-ক্ , নির্তি-কু ;
ক্ নিবৃত্ত-কু ; To become extinct , to go out.

Blaked lime—er of , Lime reduced to powder by water thrown upon out.

Siam, siam, p. f. সৰলে আঘাত-ত্ব, বৰণাৎ করিবা বন্ধ-কু, বড়ায় করিবা কেলা; To bank; to shut with violence -- p. s. জোরে বন্ধ-ত্ব !-- n. বৰণাৎ করিবা বন্ধ; A violent shutting.

To slam to-नय क्तिरा रय-इ।

Blander, slander, n. অপবাদ, অব্যাতি, নিলা, কুলা, Calumny, defamation by words —v.t. অপবাদ-কু; নিলা-কু, গ্লানি-কু, To defame, to culumulate n=slanderer ( কুংসাকারক )। Syn —(n) Asperse, vilify, malign, traduce, lampoon

Slanderous, slandei-us, a আগবাৰপূৰ্ণ, মানিকৰ, কুংসাজনক; Defamatory, calumnious. ad --slanderously ( মানি কৰিবা ) । n=-slanderousness.

Slang, slang, n. प्राक्षाता, हेण्ड कारा, Low language

Sient, slant, a. ইডর, Low —বজ, চালু: গডেন,
Oblique —n চালু: গড়েন, ক্রমানর ভূমি, A slope —
o t. হেলা, খুঁকান, To turn in a sloping direction — o : খুঁকিয়া থাকা, গড়েন-ছ, ক্রমান্ম-ছ, To
slope.

[ (বক্তাবে, হেলাইবা) !
Sienting, n. চালু, হেলানিবা, বফ । ad—siantingly
Siently, Sientwise, ad. বিধানকাল , Obliquely
Siap, slap, n. চালড়, চচ, চলেটাখাত A blow with
the open hand — o t. চালড় মাবা, চড় মাবা, To
give a slap to —ad. হঠাং, প্রচিখবলে, বেশে, ন্রোবে,
ভ্রম্মন্ত ক্রিবা, খলাং ক্রিবা, Suddenly, violently

Slap-dash, slap'dash, ad একেবাবে, হঠাং, বণ ক্রিলা, All at once, in a careless way, preciptately—v. t. ভাডাতাড়ি ক্রিলা ব্রাণ।

Slash, slash, v. t. কটি , To cut — এনোমেনো কটি , ইনিনিং , To cut by striking violently and at randum , to make long cuts — v. গ মহনা প্ৰচক্ত ক্ষপে আঘাত-ক , To strike violently and at random with an edged instrument — v. প্ৰনোম্বান্য কটি ; কথা চিন্ন বা কন্ত , (কটিনিঃ) মাগ , A cut made at random.

[ Sarcastic

Sisshing, a. Cutting at random.—ব্যক্ষণী, Siste, siat, n. প্রকার বিশেব; A stone of a slaty structure—পাখরের পাঁটা, Plate of sione—
লিখিবার ফেট্; চালেব খোলা বিশেব. A piece of slate for roofining or for writing upon — v t. জেটের
আরা আছিন্দ্র-রু, খোলা দিয়া ছাওলা, To cover with slate n=slater.

To have a clate or tile loose—একটু পাৰ্কা হ, so be a little cracked. Slate pencil, slat-pensil, n. কেট্ শেলিন; কেট্

Slater, n. One who lays slates on buildings.
Slating, n. ever voters bir, bites being: A
covering of slates, materials for elating.

Blattern, slatern, s. অগরিক্তা নারী, অগরিক্তা খীলোক, বোলরা খ্রী; A slovenly woman; an untudy woman.

Slattornly, slatem-li, c. অপরিচার; অপরিচার; নোসরা, Dirty, slovenly.—ad অবড়ে, অপরিচার-ভাবে, Negligently; untidely.

Slaty, slati, a. त्रिकृता; त्रिकृत्यकीय, Resembling slate .— त्रिकृ क्षेत्रक; त्रिकृ वर्गी; blaving the nature or properties of slate

Slaughtor, slaw'ter, n. [ Icel. slattr, a blow, Go. stauhts, butchery ] ৰখ, খুন; জবাই, হত্যা; Kuling; massacre; carrage, butchery —n. t. হত্যা হু, ব্যক্ত, অবাই-ফু, To slay, to massacre. n=slaughterer ( খাতক, হত্যাকারক)। Syn —(n) Bloodshed, assassmation, manslaughter.

Slaughtor-house, slaw'ter-hows, গ ক্লাই খানা, হত্যা-গৃহ, জ্বাইধানা, House or place for killing cattle.

Slaughter-man, sinwiter-man ল. সহকারী ক্সাই, Butcher a assistant :—ক্সাই, One em ployed in killing animals.

Slaughterous, slaw'ter us, ৫ ইতাপরাধী ; হত্যাপ-বামণ, দ্বিমাণ্ড , Marderous , destructive

Slavo, slav, n. পূর্ণ ইউরোপবাসী বিভিন্ন জাতীয় লোক , Slavoman a=\lavic.

Siave, siav, স ক্রীডদাস, গরাধীৰ বাজি: One held in bondage by another, any one in bondage দাস, গোলাম: Drudge —দাসের ভাষ পরিশ্রমী. One who labours like a slave — আজম সম্পূর্ণ ইচ্ছামীন পোক, পরবদ্ধোক, One wholly under the will of another — ৮ ছাসের মত কার্য-কু, ক্রীডদাসের ভাষ গাটা, To labour like a slave, to drudge. Syn:—Bond-servant, bondman, vassal, dependent, serf, drudge

A slave to the senses—ইত্তিরগণের দাস . কামাণি রিপুর বশাস্তুদ ব্যক্তি , A slave to-one s passions.

Slave-born, c. খাস্কজাত, Born in slavery or of a slave. [ breeds slaves for sale Slave-breeder, n. বিৰুষ্থ দাস, One who Slave-catcher, n কীড্ডাস অসুসৰ্বভাৱী, One whose occupation is to pursue and capture run away slaves

Slave-coast, " Part of Africa.

Slave doalor, n. খাদ-বাৰসায়ী , Dealer in slaves , slave merchant.

Blave driver, n. বে দাসদিগতে তহাবদান করে . কলি ক.মা প্রদানকারী, One who superintends slaves when at work; a hard task master. [ owner Slave-holders, n. দাসেব মনিব বা প্রস্তু; Slave-Slave-morchant, n. দাস-ব্যবদারী, Slave-trader, merchant in the slave-trade

Slaver, slaver, n দাদ-ব্যবদানী, A slave-trader; slave merchant —দাদ ব্যবদানে নিযুক্ত বাংহার, দাদ বহনবারী পোত , দাদ আনবানিকারক ভাষার . A slave ship —লালা নিসেরণ, লালা , Saliva , saliva running from the mouth —৩.১ লালা নিসেত হ লালা নিশিত ইইতে দে, বুজু কেলা, To let the saliva run

out of the mouth :-- s. s. sim fires-y; TY বাধান ; To smear with saliva. Blave-ship, n. मान-वहमकादी बाहाद च लाए ;

A ship employed in carry-slaves.

Slave-state, n. 414-3147; One of the United States in which there are slaves.

Slave-trade, slav-trad, स. शांत-बाबनावी ; Desiing in slaves; the business of buying and selling slaves; buying slaves in Africa for America. Blave-trader, slavtrader, अ. शान-स्वनाती ; Trader in slaves ; slave-merchant.

Blavery, sizver-i, n. যাসত্ব; হাতবৃত্তি; অবীনতা; গোলামী; The state of slave; bendage; drud-[ कीविका केनार्कन करत । Sievey, s. मानी ; त्नविका ; त्व चानिका माछवृत्ति कतिया Blavish, slavish, a. गोरमाहिन ; गोमवर ; Servile :-नीह , हीन ; Mean ; base :-- পরিক্রবী ; Labourious. n=slavishness. adeslavishly. Syn:-Mexial, drudging; obsequious, cringing; fawning.

Slavonie, Solavonio, Slavonian, Sclavomisn, a. क्रांनकांकि या काशानत कारा बंधिक ; Of or belonging to the Slaves or their language.

Slay, sla, o. t. क्छा-कृ; वय-कृ; विमहे-कृ; To put to death, to kill; to destroy, n=slayer ( EVI)-कात्री; पारुक; क्छाकात्रक)। preslew. pp⇒slain. Syn: -- Murder, assassinate, slaughter, butcher. Sled, sled, Sledge, slej, n. बद्रारूत छैनद्र भमन ক্রিবার কুক্ত চক্রবিশিষ্ট আ চক্রহীন গাড়ী, খান ; A carriage for sliding upon snow; a sleigh. [mar. Sledge, n. বড় ভারি হাতুড়ি; A large heavy ham-Blook, a. नर्ग , हिंदग ; Smooth ; glossy :- (कामण ; Soft :- v. t. fort-7 | ad-sleekly. ausleckness (কোমলভা; চিরণভা)।

Sleep, slep, v. i. মুমান ; বিজা বারমা ; To slumber : ---অসাবধাৰ-হ; অসভৰ্ক-ধাৰা; To become unconscious :-- विद्याप-कृ ; नाख-रु ; त्रित-रु ; To take rest ; to rest : — অলস-ছ ; Be motionless or inactive :-भुष-इ; महानिजा-या; To be dead:-- म. निजा; पुन; বিখাম . Slumber , rest.

Doad sleep - থাব নিজা , কালনিজা ; মহানিজা। Go to aleep—নিজেজ হরে থাকা ; কোন কিছুব দাড়া ৰণ না থাকা ; Lie dormant or inactive :-- নিদ্ৰা-যা ; Take to bed in order to sleep.

Last sleep-yo; Death.

Not to sleep one wink-किहुमाज वृत्र ना इन्हरा; একবার চকুব পাতা না নোড়া; Have no sleep at all. Rock to aleep--শাস্ত-ङ ; पुनर्गाहान ; Southe,

Bleep a sleep--- वक सूत्र पूत्रान।

Sleep at one's post-কর্মে অবছেলা-ক: To be negligent in the discharge of one's duties.

Sleep away-वृगहियां काढीन। [ soundly. Bleep like a dog—नाए निजा वादवा, Sleep Bloop off--নিজা বাইরা বুর-কু; যুসিবে কোন কট कांग्रेहेबा-त्व; Dispel during sleep; remove the effects of anything by sleep.

Sleep one's last sleep-মরে বারবা : Die. Sleep over-কাৰ্ব্যেৰ সময় সুমান; Go to sleep while engaged.

Bleep upon-বিলাম-ছ; ভাবিলা ছিব্-ছ; Take time to think over; to rest upon.

Sleeper, slep'er, n. निजा यात-त्य ; निजान वातन बाहिन ; One who sleeps ; a lazy person :—(व कांड्रे

থাতৰ বা দৌহ বংগ্ৰন্থ উপৰ ৰেল পতিত হব ভাহা : 🗥 piece of timber or stone supporting a weight, rails &c.

The seven sleepers—কৃত্তৰণ বিশেষ (কৃত্তকৰ্ণের [43]); Seven youths who slept in a cave and did not awake till more than 200 years after ; lethergic and indolent men.

Sicepiness, n. Wil : Drowsiness.

Bleeping, a. निजिल ; निजाबनक।

A sleeping partner, n. (व वरनीमांत्र मुसदन (वह किस मिल कार्या करत मां, त्य कानीवात बात्केरबाटि मां, किन बाहारक नाष-मातनारमत्र छात्र नहेरछ हव ; A partner in a company who has invested money in the business but takes no active part in the management though participating in the profits and losses; one who supplies funds, but takes no active interest. [Medicine to cause sleep. Sleeping draught, त. निजाबनक गानीय देवर ; Sleeping room-114-75; Bed-room.

Sleepless, sicplies, c. আলত ; নিরাহীন ; Unable to sleep; without sleep. admsleeplessly. #sleeplessness.

Bleep-waking, n. निर्मायकात्र विष्यु : ब्रथारिन । Bleep-walker, siep'wawker, n. निजावकात त्व वास्ति रेजक्ट: नम्य क्टब ; निष्ठारहाद ध्यमनकाती ; A somnambullst.

Bleepy, slep'e, a. निखान् ; निखानन ; Drowsy :--নিখেল ; শিশিল ; Dull :-- নিদ্রাপ্রদ ; Causing sleep : सन्त ; Lazy. n=slecpinces. ad=sleepily. Syn: -Somnolent, heavy; sluggish.

Sleepy stories—বে গর শুনিতে শুনিতে বুম আইনে; Stories which cause sleep on account of their uninteresting.

Bloot, slit, m. निना-वृष्टि ; वदरणव वा व वा वद्रका बाहा ৰ্ষ্টৰ স্থিত পতিত হয়; Snow or hail mingled with rain :-- p. i. শিলাবৃষ্টি-ই ; To hail with rain mingl-[ sleet. n=sleetiness. ed. a=sleety. Sleety, sleti, a. नितानुहै बढ़िंड; Consisting of

Bleeve, siev, n. कामात चालिन; हाला; Part of a garment that covers the arms :- v. i. wife-বিশিষ্ট-ক ; To furnish with sleeves.

A sleeve button—হাতেৰ বোতাম।

Hang on or pin to the sleeves- at74 अशीन-इ ; To be or to make dependent on others : --গান্তীর্ণা রক্ষা করিবা পুকাইয়া হাস্ত-কু; Laugh privately or unperceived.

Laugh in the one's sleeve-appe stal; Wear one's heart upon one' sleeve-749-इ : खक्षि : To be artless, frank, warm-hearted, confiding.

Bleevless, a. জাত্তিন-হীন; Without sleeves.

Bleeveless errand—निवर्धक जाएन , Fruitless [ sledge.

Bleigh, n. বরষের উপর চালাইবার পাড়ী বিশেষ; See Bleight, slit, n. कोमन; ठाजुरा; मक्का; ठाजुरी; Dexterity; an artful trick; cunning.

Sleight of hand-ভেৰি; হ্ৰ-কৌশন, হতের ধৰ বা कत्रदर, Legerdemain ; jugglery.

Blender, slender, a. मक ६ नवा ; भाउना ; Thin and long; thin; narrow:--की ; क्न ; इस्त ; काहिन; Weak; feeble:-- अब; नामांड; Small. ad-slenderly (কীণভাবে, অনুপরিমাণে; Slightly.

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=slenderness ( দীবভা ; স্ববভা )। Syn :—Sline ; slight; little, inconsiderable; meagre, spare,

Bienth-hound, slotth-hownd, n. cq age stelle-नत्रगणूर्सक निकात व्यवन करत ; Blood-hound.

Blept, p. t. and pp. of Sleep.

Slow, p. t. of slay.

Blice, slis, o. f. (हाक्या कांडा ; बंध कतिहा कांडा ; णानि ; पूर्वा ; চোকर्ना ; भारत्य यठ वक ; A thin broad piece :-- गांडणां क्लानां इति ; A broad, thin knife.

Slicer, sliser, s. Efe fare; A broad thin knife: --- त वां वांश एक एक वरक (हरन करत ; One who, or that which, slices.

Blid, p. t. and p. p. of slide.

Slidden, p. p. of slide.

Slide, slid, v. i. अनिक-इ; इक्क्शिया-या; निश्चनिया-यो ; To glide; to slip; to pass along smoothy : -गिक-र ; To fall :-- v. t. रूफ्किश क्ला; ब्र्डारेश-ৰে , ধাৰেৰ ক্লাৰ ; To slip ; to thrust along :-- ল. হুগৰ পৰ ; A smooth passage :—হডকাৰি , A slide: : -- होन् नार्व ; नहानिया श्वान ; A smooth declivity. p. t. p. p=slid.

Blide-box, #. होना वास ।

Slider, slider, n. ए वा याहां श्रहांत्र ; वर्षात्र ए वर्ष পিছলাইরা বার; One who or that which slides; the part of an instrument or machine that slides. Slide-rail, n. त्रकृषिश लाहात १४। Bliding, ब. रजुकानियां ; रेजवर्डः नत्रमकार्यो :-- n. A sliding scale—शानुविदेश शदक वावश वा अव ; A variable tax upon grain according to its value or market price, now abolished. | side. Sliding door-Door that slides from side to Sliding rule—WAR 41; Mathematical instument or scale.

Slight, slit, a. वश्त्रायात ; जूक ; धवर ; Trifling ; of little value : - नष् ; स्मा ; Small ; slender :-इर्तन ; Weak : - समामाराणि ; समावणानी ; Careless ; negligent :-- শীমাসেভ ; Not decided :-- ে . চুছ-र : न्यार-र : न्यान-र : ठाळ्गा-र ; To neglect ; to disregard :- .. वरह्ना ; উरनका ; अवद ; अवदा ; Neglect. ad-slightly, slightingly. n=slightness. Syn: -(n) Little, unimportant, trivial, insignificant; frail, fragile; slim, thin; faint, transient; cursory, superficial. (\*) Overlook: disdain, scorn, scout.

To slight over—सन्दर्शन (रहिन्न) वांचना ; डेनन **छेशद मन्त्रा**हन-ङू । [(नागककान)। Slighting, a. जन्दनामाती। ad-slightingly Slightness, #. আছতা ; ছর্মনতা ; কোমনতা। [fully. Slily, ad. ठाकुरा महकारत ; कोनरल ; त्यानरन : Art-Sliness, Slyness, a. চাতুর্বা (

Slim, slim, a. जक ; मागांछ ; Thin ; slender ; slight :-- इसन ; ज्य ; कीय ; Weak. Syn :-- Nasrow, lank ; weak, unsubstantial.

Blime, slim, n. এটেল ঘাট; আটাল খালা; Glucy mire: - CFF; Viscous mud: - v. t. 44414-71 Blimy, slime, a. बंदिन बाहि यह वा पूर्व; कावाहिता; Like slime :-- ग्रेक्ट ; आशिष ; Glutinous. अन्तर्शाminess. Sys :- Muddy, miry; ropy, clammy. Sling, sling, n. किया ; अका निरम्भ कतिया वस ;

An instrument for throwing stones :- शिर्फ्ण ; Throw :--- महि ; Rope :--- मध एक प्रतिराज क्षक रह व्यामी ; इस व्यामी ; Bandage for a wounded arm : —০. f. বিলা বারা নিকেপ-কু; হোড়া; To throw with a sling; to cast :--(वानान ; जहेकान ; To hang loosely :- बच्च बांबा नश्यान-कृ ; Swing by means of a rope. Sys:-(v) Hurl, fling; hang, suspend; hoist, [ throws stones. Blinger, #. वायत-नित्मनकाती ; क्लिकात ; One who Slimk, slingk, क. रं. हुनि हुनि-वा : जुकारेबा नवाबन-🔻 ; To sneak ; steal away ; creep away :— 🕫 . f. वरम ; p. t. and p. p = slunk. Blip, slip, v. i. शिवनित्रां ना ; स्कृतिवां ना ; To slide ;

to glide :-- भनाइन-इ ; जिल्ला-पा ; To escape ; to slink:--安司-亨; To err:--s. f. 40-亨; 本省平-F; To cause to slide :-- (1) 174 sinia; To convey secretly :-- अवाहिष्ड-(प ; हास्त्रि)-(प : To let loose ; to let go :--नावा श्रेट जुवक क ; To part from the branch or stem :-- "To omit :a. निहन ; चनन : Act of slipping :- जन]; जुन ; हक ; An error; false step :--- नवासम ; An escape :---वृत्कत्र माथा ; (बँकछि ; क्लम , A twig :--थक ; हेक्सा ; চিল্ডা; A long narrow piece:—জাহাজ নিৰ্দাণাৰ্থ क्रमनिष् छ है : A sloping bank for ship-building Syn: -(v) Slink; trip, fall, err; loosen.

A slip of the pen-লিখিড ভুল; The error of writing something different from what was intended:-- (व पूनकी कंशर कनम क्रेटिक विज्ञित वात: A mistake unconsciously made by a writer. Give one the slip-- हणाहे-एक ; शनाबन-छ ; Run away :--প্ৰাইখা-বা ; Escape secretly.

Let slip—ছাড়িয়া বেওরা ৷

Let alip an opportunity—হৰোগ ছাভিল-বেঃ One's foot slips-পা পিছৰে ধাওৱা; One loses one's footing by careless walking. Blip a cable-(बाशास्त्र) काहि व निकन शांकिता-Slip away, v. नगरियां-पा : नगायन-कृ ; Escape. Slip in-तांगत बारम-कृ ; मारक मारक धारम कन्नान : हुकहिन्ना-त्य ; Sneak in.

Blip off—সহর হাড়িয়া-বে ; পুনিয়া কেলা। Slip off the hooks--- नता : वानजान-इ।

Slip of the tongue—বলিতে ভুল ; The error of saying one thing while intending to say another :-- (व कथाछ। इठाँ९ मूच दबदक दविदन्न गण्ड ; An unintentional error or fault by a speaker.

Slip on-সভার পরিবাল-ভু; Put on hastily. SHD out-(शांश्व शंवांश्व-क ; Sneak out.

Slip out of-- निकृत्म नानित्त बांदमा ; Pass out of the memory or mind :-- नता भए। . Move away [ disengage oneself from. Slip the coller (halter)—बिखाद क्ष-कृ, To Slip the lash -- वचनमूक- इ ; व्योनणा-भाग विष्ठ- इ ।

Slip though one's fingers, Ship from one's grasp--शंक कविता नेनाहन-कृ; शंक (पर् भिन्नता ननाहेंबा वांक्या ; किल वांक्या ; Escape from a person's grasp through carelessness. [ easily. Slip through—অনারানে স্পার-ক ; Get through Slip through the fingers-cities; as wal. To be lost; to escape insensibly.

There is many a slip between the cup and the Lip-मा भीतरित विश्वाम मारे, Every thing is uncertain until you possess it; one cannot be sure of a thing before it is actually in one's possession.

Slip-knot, slip'-not, ল. আল্লা দিৱা : নলানী নীইট ; বে এছি নজুৰ গাজে সন্নাইতে পানা বাব ; A knot easily united.

Slipper, alipér, স. চট জুড়া; A loose shoe easily slipped on:—ভিনা জাবা; A pinafore.

Slippered, slip/étd, s. চটকুতা-পরিছিড; Wearing slippers.

Blippery, slip'ér-e, e. পিছিল; ডেলা; পিছল; ড্ডনাবিলা; নবণ; Smooth:—অনিভিড; Uncertain; unstable. n=slipperiness. Syn >—Glib, glassy; perilous, unsteady, mutable, treacherous, shuffling. (বোলা; Not to be trusted. Slippery as an cel—বিমান-বোলা নবে: অবিধান-Blipphod, slip'shod, a. এড়ি লা ডুলিলা চটিল্ডার ভাল ভূডা প্রিয়াক্ষারী; চট-পরা; Shod with slippers; wearing shoes loose at the heels:—(বাবহার স্বর্থে) অনাবান; (বচনা স্বর্থে) অনাব; আলাবা; Carcless (in manner or style.)

Slit, slit, e.t. বালি-ক; বৰা কৰা কটি; চেয়া; কড়া; To cut lengthwise; to split; to rend; make a long cut in:—n. চিয়া; বৰ্ড; বাইট; A long cut; a narrow opening. p.t. and p. p—slit. Slive, v. i. আড়ি ছড়ি ক্রিয়া বড়া; আবতে সময় কটিব; To sneak

Sliver, v.f. চেরা; কাড়া; কালি-ফু:—দ. কালি; চির। Slobber, v.f. বরাব; টল্টল ক্রিয়া কেলা:—v.s. নালাখাব-হ।

Slobber over work—লনাবৰানে আনাড়ির মত Sloe, গঠ, ম. এক ৰাতীয় খব্দ , এক ৰাতীয় বহু মূল; Blackthorn; a smail sour wild plum-

Slogan, \* ফট্লাবের প্রাচান পার্কতা প্রদেশবানীদিশের সিংহনাদ: A war-cry among the ancient Highlanders of Scotland.

Sloop, sloop, n. কয় পোড বিশেষ ; Cutter-rigged vessel with one mast ; vessel of war less than a frigate.

Slop, slop, n. চনুকানি; জল বাহা মেনের উপর উপছিয়া পড়ে, অসাংখানবপতঃ চতুদ্দিকে বিদিশু জল; Water carelessly spilled:—pl. দামাক্ত সদা; দিজেক পানীর মুধ্য; Mean liquor or liquid food:—সমল জল; মধলা জল; Dirty water:—n. t. জলানি কেলিয়া মললা-কু. To soil by letting a liquid fall upon:—স্ট্র-কু; To spill.

Stop the standard-महाबार्ड लंडाको स्वाव ।

Stope, slop, দ: চাপু বালগা; বঢ়ানিলা স্থান; ক্ষানিলকৃমি, Declivity:—v: চাপু-কৃ; বড়ানে-কৃ; To slant;
to form with a slope or obliquely:—v. i. চাপু-কৃ;
To incline:—adv. ক্ষানিল ভাবে; In a sloping
manner.

Sloping, slop'ing, a. ক্ষমীন; চালু; গড়াদিরা; înclining or inclined from a horisontal or other right line. Syn:—Oblique, declivous, slanting. Sloppy, slop'i, a. ভিনা; আৰ্ড; কাল্টিরা; নালাবুড; Wet: muddy; plashly.

Slops, slops, n. pl. Gen Rear; viewil; Centil; 
Blot, slot, n. पात्र ; Bolt ; a broad, flat, wooden, bar :—स्वित्व अपिक् ; The track of a deer.

Bloth, sloth, n. [A. S. slowdh, from slow, slow]

ৰাস্থা; বাদ্ভ ; বড়ভা ; বুড়েরি ; চিনারি ; Ideness ; laziness ; sluggishness ; slowness :—বাবেরিকার কর বিশেষ ; A quadruped that lives on trees, so named from the exceeding slowness of its motion, when on the ground. Syn :—Inactivity, inaction; indolence.

Slothful, siothiool, a. কুড়ে; অলস; আলভপুর; Inactive; lazy. ad-slothiully. n-slothiulness. Syn:—Sluggish, lazy, indolent, idle.

Slouch, slowch, n. বজকাবন্যন; পরীরের আন্ত কোৰ ভাগ অবগতি; A hanging down loosel of the head or other part:—চাবা; অবদ্ধাং লোক; A clown:— ৩. t. বুলিয়া পঢ়া; বুলা; To hang down; to have a clownish look or gait:—৩. t. অবনামিড-মু; অমিড-মু; বেটি-মু; বোলন; বুকান; বিব্ধ-মু; To cause to hang down; to depress.

A slough het—নরন টোলাপড়া ট্রী।

Blough, slow, ম. পৰিল ছান; মহাপছ; ক্ৰমপূৰ্ণ গ্ৰন্থ; A soft bog or marsh; deep miry place or hole:
—ক্ষুক; নপেন বোলন; The cast-off skin of a serpent:—কভানির পচা মাংস; পচা মাংস; The part separate from a foul sore:—v.i. ধানা পড়া; পচিতে ধানা; To come away as a slough; to separate from the living part of the flesh in a sore; to fall off. a—sloughy.

Slough of despond—হডাৰ পদ; বৈদাত প্ৰদ; A state of utter despondency.

To slough off-शिक्षा वाहित-१।

Blonghy, slow'i, s. কর্মন্থ, কর্মন্থ; Full of sloughs; miry:—পুচা সাংস সমূল; Resembling slough.

Blovon, sluvn, », অপরিচ্ছর পরিচ্ছনবারী লোক ; শোকরা লোক , A man carelessly or dirtily dressed. fem—slut.

Slovenly, sluvn-le, a. বেশবিস্থানে উপেকাৰারী;
পরিজ্ছতার বাতি অনবহিত ; Negligent of dress or
neatness; careless of dress:—অপরিজ্জ ; নোকরা;
Untidy:—আনু থালু; কদর্যভাবে সম্পাদিত ; বিশূষাল;
Done in an untidy manner:—ad. অপরিজ্জ ভাবে t
n=slovenness (অপরিজ্জভা)। Syn:—(a) Untidy,
dowdy; loose, disorderly; perfunctory, careless.
Slow, slo, a. মন্তুর; মন্পর্কি; দীর্থন্ত্রী; Not quick
in motion; not swift; not haste; tardy:—বোৰা;
অবস্তুর; Dull:—বিশ্বী, Late:—অবস্তুত;
Not ready. ad=slowly. n=slowness. Syn:—
Moderate, deliberate, delatory, procrastnating,
inactive, stupid, tedious.

By slow degree--वाल वाल ; करन द्वारा ।

Slow-goach, n. কৰ্ম্য অবস ব্যক্তি; A coach or person that moves slow.

Slow digestion—जनाधि।

Slowly, ad. আতে আতে; মহর ভাবে; পঁলে: গাঁল: ৷ Slow motion, n. ধীয়ণতি; নলগতি; Moving slowly.

Slowness, n. মছরতা ; আগন্ত ; চিগামি ; বড়িবাসি । Slow-worm, এচ'wum, n. মনগানী কিছুলক ; কোচু ; The blind worm.

Slubber, v. i. অনসভাবে কর্ম সমাধা-ফু; To do a thing carelessly and superficially.

Sludge, #. क्यंव ; कांगां ; Mud ; soft mire.

Blug, slug, n. बतान वाकि ; A lazy fellow ; a drone ; sluggard :-- উद्दिबनहरू वाही नवुरू विराव ; A kind of Bluggard, slug ard, n. जनम गुडि ; कूछ लोके ; ldler ; a drone ; one fond of lying in bed.

Sluggish, slug'ish, a. খনন; জড়; Slow; tary; slothful:—ভিনা; Dull:—নত্ত্বাভি: ল=sluggishness (খালস্ত; নত্ত্বভা)। ad=sluggishly (নত্ত্বভাবে)। Syn:—Indolent, inert, inactive, stupid.

Bluios, sloos, n. জল অবেশ-নিকেব গৰ; সোডোৰার; জলপ্রণানীর কপাটিয়া কল; Flood-gate; water-gate:—বক্তা; Flood:—ভাষার; A source of supply:—v. t. প্রচ্বদ্ধশে জল-নিক্ত-ক; মাবিত-ক; To wet copiously. [low street or neighbourhood. Blum, n. নগরের প্রান্তবিত্ত কর্যা রাজা বা পাড়া, A Blumber, slumber, v. r. [A. S. slumerian, from sluma, slumber] v. t. আম নিম্মানা; মূলানা; জলদ ভাবে পালা; গাফিলি-হ; To sleep lightly; to be in a state of negligence or inactivity:—n. নিম্মা; ভলা; বিলাম; Light sleep; repose. n= slumberer. Syn:—Doze, snooze, nap; repose. Blumberous, slumber-us, a. নিমালু; ভলাক্মী; Sleepy.

Slump, ত. i. সহসা জল বা কৰ্মৰে পভিত বা মন্ত্ৰ; To fall or sink suddenly into water or mud: v. f. রাশি-কু; জড়-কু; To throw into a mass or hump.

Slung, p. t. and p. p. of sling.

Slunk, p. t. and p. p. of slink.

Blur, slur, e. t. কলভিড-কৃ; মনিন-কৃ; হাগ-কৃ; লাগা-দে, স্বিত-কৃ; To soil, to disgrare; to continuate; to sully:—উপহাস-কৃ; উপেকা-কৃ:—গান-কৃ বা বাদ্যবন্ধ বাদিড-কৃ; To sing or play in a smooth, gliding manner:—আতে আতে-লা; To pass over lightly:—বোপন-কৃ; To conceal:—n. কলড়; মানি; নিন্দা; A stain; blot, slight reproach; disgrace. Syn:—(\*) Stigma, seproach, slight mark,

Cast or throw a slut on—vivine sign (viv mixin-; ; Cast a repreach on; cast a slight imputation on one,

Slur over—নোৰ বড এবটা না ধৰা; To treat lightly, pass over lightly —হভৱাধা হইয়া কোন কর্ম-কৃ; এক রকম বেমন ডেমন করিবা কাল-কৃ; Do in a perfunctory or negligent way; do anything in a careless way.

[বাঙ্গা।

Slur over a difficulty—কটৰ বিষয় চাণা দিয়া Slush, n. তর্ল কথ্য ; Soft mud:—গলিড বয়ক; Melting snow. a=slushy.

Slut, slut, n. অগরিছ্যা প্রান্তোক; প্রেডমী; Dirty urtidy woman:—ক্কুরী; A female dog. mas—sloven.

Sluttish, slutish, a. আনু ধানু; মনিন; অপরিক্ষ ; Disorderly; dirty. ad=slutishly, n = slutishness. Siy, sli, a. চতুৰ; শঠ, ধুৰ্ত্ত; সিন্নানা; Cunning; artful; sneaking. n=slyness ( ধুৰ্ততা; চাতুৰ্বা)! Syn:—Crafty, subtile, wily, meanly, insidious, shrewd, arch.

On the sly--গোপন ভাবে; ল্কিনে চ্রিনে; la a secret manner; in a sly manner.

Slyly, Slily, ad. শঠতাপূৰ্বক : চতুরতাপূৰ্বক। Smack, smak, n. বাৰ; ভার, নাবাৰন; গৰ; Taste; flavour; tincture:—চণটাখাড; আঘাডের পাল, Slap:—বন খন আঘাড; A quick smart blow:—আল পরিবাণ; A small quantity:—চুম্বল; ওটপাল; Loud kiss with noise:—কাবালন বাকা; বাল বা পালবিশিষ্ট থাকা; To have a taste; to have a quality:—তীর পাল-হ; To crack, as a whip:—ক. t. বিজ্ঞেদ যারা পালিভ ক; আন্টোটন-কৃ!
—ৱেd. আন্টোটনপুক্র প্রেম্ক বিশ্বর কেন্দ্র বিশ্বর কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র বিশ্বর কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র কিন্দ্র বিশ্বর কিন্দ্র ক

Smack, n. পোত বিশেষ ; জেলে ডিলী ; A small vessel used chiefly in the coasting and fishing trade.

Bmall, smal, a. কুজ; হোট; অল; সামান্ত; অধিবিশ্বন্ধ; Little; no great; slender; minute;
petty:—নরম; কোমল; Soft; gentle:—n. বুল
ভাগ; পাতলা বা সম্ব আল; A small or narrow part.
n—smallness (কুডল); অলল) )৷ Syn:—(a) Diminutive, tiny, puny, mmute, molecular;
petty, trifling, trivial, insignificant; scanty, insufficient, inadequate; feeble, weak, faint,
slight; mean, sordid.

Great and small—ছোট বড় ( সকলেই)। In a small way—সামান্ত পুঁজি লইয়া।

Small-arms, n. pl. বৰ্ক পিতল প্ৰভৃতি কুল্ল আহে-হাল ; Muskets ; pistols.

Small-olothes, n. pl. কটিছেদ, কোমরের কাপড়; পান্ধানা; Bicoches. [ size.

Small-craft—কুত লাকান্ত; A vessel of a small Small-fry, n. চুনাপুটি; ভোট ছোট ছোট ছোলনেছে; Things insignificant (sometimes applied to children).

Small hand, n. covita ceit sin !

Smell hours— রাত্রি বিশ্রহণ গতে তিন চারিটা পর্যান্ত কাল; The time from midnight till 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning.

Small-pox, smawipoks, n. pl. বদন্ত রোগ; ইচ্ছা ব্ৰছ: Variola, a contagious, feverish desease. Goddess of small-pox-ीजनात्नवी । | gossip. Small-talk, n. গল; সামাত কথাবাতা, Prattle; Small-wares—কিডা কার প্রভৃতি সামাক্ত বুন্ট ক্রব্য। Smalt, n. 41554 facet ; Common glass meited. Smart, smart, n. wiei; रहना; कीड (रनमा ; Quick, stinging pain of body or mind:-v. i. 33 राष्ट्रपात्रकर-क ; काला-क ; काला ; To feel a smart :---श्रिक-इ; To be punished :- v. t. यश्रा-ता :- a. सम्पापात्रक : Causing a keen pain :-- छोक . छोत : 83; Sharp; pungent, pricking; keen; severe: - अब्रम : ब्रामिक ; Witty : - उँ प्राशी ; माउक : Lively ; vivacious :- 50%; 51% ; Clever; brisk --কাব্যতংশর; Efficient. n-smartness. Syn:-(a) Pungent, piercing, sharp, keen, pricking; quick, levely, active, ready, clever, witty, brisk, vivacious; showy, dashy, spruce.

Smart under, Smart from কোন কিছুৰ ব্যায় আগ্যান : Feel sharp pain of mind from being subjected to.

Smart money, n. আহত সৈঞ্চিনের অবর্থ প্রকার বা অর্থ; Money allowed to soldiers and sailors for wounds received.

Smartness, ম. সম্বতা; চালাভি; চত্রতা; Quality of being smart or pungent. Syn:—Pungency, poignancy, tartness, sharpness, acuteness, keenness, vigour; liveliness, briskness,

vivacity, wittiness; expertness, dexterity, cleverness; spruceness.

Smart-ticket, s. Certificate of a wound.

Smash, smash, v. t. বলপূৰ্বক চ্প-কৃ; পণ্ড পণ্ড-কৃ; To break in pieces with violence :--পিবিয়া क्ला . To crush :-- थ. ड. छक्-इ ; निवित्ता-चा :-- त्र. ख्य क्रा ; विम्हन ; (भवन : नान ; Crush ; the act of smashing:—ৰণ পরিশোধে অপঞ্চি; Bankruptcy. # = smasher.

Go to smash--भारत-इ ; महे- क ; To be destroyed. Smash-up, n. 87; A smashing accident or one in which something is broken with violence. Smatter, smater, v. i. wini wini win die ; अखारनत जात्र क्या क्या ; To talk superficially or ignorantly :-- n. ভাষা ভাষ ; पुत्र खान । n=smatterer ( अब्रकानी वास्ति)।

Smattering, smalering, m. wir wir; with कान ; A superficial knowledge.

Smear, smer, v. t. blat ein nun-; (लगन-इ ; To overspread with grease; to besmear; to daub :- क्लाइफ-क ; To soil :- n. कन्ड ; पान . ৰোপ। Syn:—(n) Blot, blotch, patch, daub.

Smell, smel, v. t. आजांग-म ; नामिका चात्रा चकु छव-छ ; To perceive by the noise :-- v. s. 319-7, 45-(7; To have odour; to effect the nose:-n. नव; बान; Odour ; scent ; fragrance ; perfume :- 31416 ; মাণেক্রির : The sense of smell.

Smell a rat-नात्मह-क ; To suspect strongly :--কোন গোল আছে বলিয়া সন্দেহ-কু; কোনও কিছু গলগ ব্ৰিতে পারা; দোৰ-ধু; Suspect that there is some mischief.

Smell of-कान किंद्रत नाम शक बाका : क्लान किंद्रत 75-€ : Exhibit indicatious of ( any character or quality ) :- कान किहुत गक-इ ; Have the smell of. Smell of the lamp-जबनीएं बंबर-र : Be piepared at night.

Smell out-( কোন ভব্ত বিষয় ) জাণ বা বৃদ্ধি ধারা টের পাওয়া; Find out by the scent or mental sagacity. To smell of the shop-To indicate too distinctly the profession or occupation.

Smelling-bottle, smeling-bott, m. 5378 341-পূৰ্ণ শিলি: পদ্ম রাখিবার বোডল : A bottle containing a smelling substance for stimulating the nose and reviving the spirits.

Smelling salts, n. बार्निसराड উरवक् इतः ; Volatile salts for exciting the nerves of the nose. Smelt, smelt, v. t. बाजू अव-कृ; भनाहेबा भविकात-कृ, To melt as ore :- n. भरमा विष्णव ; Sea-fish.

Smelter, n. 4194144; One who smelts copper or other ores.

Smeltery, smelter-i, अ. बाजू ननाईयोत्र कात्रवाना : গুলাইখানা ; A place for smelting.

Smelting, a. अरकात्री।

Smelting house, में. बाजू बनाहेवात्र कात्रबाना ; Place for melting metals. [ duck. Smow, smu, n. इरमञ्जालीय शक्तिवित्नव : A kind of Smile, smil, ত. ১. ঈষৎ হান্ত-কু; মুচকে হানা ; To laugh slightly:- अक्त- १; जाननिष्ठ- १; To look gay and joyous :-- छेरनका अवर्गन-क ; व्यवस्था अकान-事; Show or express slight contempt:--n. 新春 হানা : The act of smiling :- প্রকৃত্ব আকৃতি ; Gay appearance: - স্থাই, অসলভা , Favour.

Smile at-मृहाक मृहाक दीना ( अवकान्त्रक ), Laugh silent by (expressing slight contempt).

Smile on or upon—पूत्र मृहदक होत्रा-कृ ; Express amusement at seeing one :--কাছারত প্রতি প্রস্তু-ছ : Be propitious or favourable to one; favour one. Smiling, a. দ্মিত ; হাজবুক । ad = smilingly.

Smirch, smirch, v. t. ब्रिन-कृ : ब्रिक्-कृ : То soil; to cloud.

Smirk, smerk, v. t. कृतिम हामा-कृ; क्षांठे हामा-कृ; To smile affectedly; to look affectedly soft or kind -- n. कृतिम हाना ; An affected smile :-- s. পরিছয় : কিটকাট : Nice.

Smite, smit, v. t. ব্ৰ-কু; হত্যা-কু; To kill:---আবাত-কু; অহার-কু; To strike with the first; to beat :-- v. i. আঘাত-কু; আহত-হ, To strike. pt=smote, pp=smitten, smit. n=smiter. Syn: -Buffet; slay, destroy, blast; afflict, chasten. Bmith, smith, n. कर्चकात्र; त्व शकुष्ठि वहेवा शहेन कात ; Forger ; a worker in metals ; one who forges with the hammer.

Black-smith, n. कर्बकांत ।

Gold-smith, n. पर्वाद ।

Smithery, smither-i, s. कर्यकारवय कार्गानय रा গোৰাৰ; The workshop of a smith.

Smithy, smithi, क कर्यकारक शाकान ; कामाद्रणान ; The workshop of a smith.

Smitten, smitn, p. p. of smite.

Be smitten with—(বিছুতে) মোহিত-ই; Be charmed with :—( क्वांन ) রোগাকান্ত-ছ; Be afflicted with a disease. ि भगन-भरत सर्कादिङ वा विश्व। Smitten by love—মদনের বাণ বারা হত; কামৰুক্ক; Smock, ৯. খ্রীলোকের ভিতরের কাপড়; কুঠি; A [ shirt of coarse linen. woman's shift. Smock-frock. a. िका छात्र। वित्वर: A loose Smoke, smok, n. व्य ; भ्या , वाना ; The vapour from a burning body :-- o. i. ধ্মিত-ছ; ধ্ম নিগত-ছ : To emit smoke :—ভাষাক-খা ; খ্যপান-ফ ; To burn tobacco :—ভলিড-হ ; দখ-হ , To burn :— হোগ-ৰু; To rage:--v. t. ধুম ৰারা ওক-কু; To apply smoke to; to scent, dry, or medicate by ьmoke :—धुमाबिक-इ , ब्म लागान ; गरक वाहिब-ङ् , To use in smoking :-- बूमशीन-कृ ; बूमशीनार्व होना , To inhale the smoke of :—ধুসপান বারা দুরীকৃত করিতে (6計事: To try to expel by smoking.

End in smoke—पुत्र त्यव-इ ; क्लॅन-शं ; To become an utter failure :-- निम्नन वा नड्ड-इ; End in nothing.

On a smoke-খুমোলিবৰ করিতেছে বা পুডিতেছে এক্সপ: Smoking, or on fire. [ smoke. Smoke out-খুৰ ছারা বাহির-কু; Turn out by Smoked out of countenance-पुत्र बांबा क्या-कात-क ; Rendered ugly by the fumes of smoke, so disfigured as to be beyond recognition.

Smoker, smoker, n. তামাকের বৃদপানকারী, One who smokes tobacco .—ধুম ধাৰা বে গুকাইয়া লয় : One who dries by smoke f of smoke. Smokeless, a. धूमण्ड , धूमहीन ; निध्म ; Distitute Smoking, n. धूमभीन , धूरमानिभवन ।

Smoky, smoki, a धूनवर, शोनीय; धूनमकुन; Resembling or like smoke . —সধ্য ; সুমগরিপূর্ব ; ৰাপাপুৰ ; Full of smoke :- Emitting smoke. ad--mokily, n=smokiness.

Rmooth, smooth, a. সমান; অবৰ্ন; বৰ্ণ; তেলা;
Having an even surface; even; not rough:
— চিকা; Glossy:—নরন; কোনল; Mild:—সহল;
Easy:—রিক; Bland:—অসর; লাক:— লমাতিকত;
Unobstructed:—ত. গ্রেমান-কু; মত্ব-কু; Colsল-কু; To make even:—(কামল-কু; To soften:
— লাক-কু; অক্লেন-কু; To calm; to palliate; to ease. n=smoothness (কোমলতা; মক্পতা; বিক্তা)।
ad=smoothly (সহলে; আনামানে; বিক্তানে)।
Syn:—(n) Level, plain, flat, polished, sleek;
unruffled, equable; bland; soothing: casy,
fluent; flattering, deceptive. (v) Level, flatten;
ease; calm, allay, mollify.

Smooth the way—স্হল-কু; To make easy; to faciliate. [tical or be addless face. Smooth-faced, a. Having a smooth, hypocri-Smoothing iron, smooth/ing-i'urn, n. ইপিয়া কৰিবাৰ বা; ইন্তি, An instrument of iron for smoothing clothes.

Smooth-tongued, smooth-tungd, ৫. মুছৰাৰ; ভোৰণনীল; চাটুভাৰী, ভোৰাবোৰভাৰী; Speaking mildly or with adulation. flattering.

Smote, smot, p. t. of smite.

Smother, smuther, v. t. [O. Eng. smoor, to suffocate] যাস বন্ধ-কৃ, বাস কল্প করিবা বিনষ্ট-কৃ; নিয়াস বন্ধ-কৃ; To suffocate; to stifle:—v. t. যাসবন্ধ-ই; To be suffocated:—চিপিয়া কেলা; প্ৰাইয়া রাখা; To conceal:—ভমিয়া ক্ষিয়া গোড়া; To smoulder:—m. বাসবোৰকাৰী ধ্য; ঘনীত্ত ভাসমান ধ্বি; Smoke; suffocating dust; thick floating dust. Syn:—(v) Suffocate, choke, stifle; extinguish, suppress, conceal

Smoulder, smolder, e. i. বিভি বিকি পোড়া; গুৰে গুৰে পোড়া; ধুমাবিত-হ; ধোবান; To burn slowly or without vent:—ধ্যে মজিন-কু;

Smouldering, a. ব্যারিত ; ভিতরে ভিতরে দক্ষমান। Smudge, a. বাসরোধক ধ্ব ; সাঁলাল ; মরলা লাগ , v. i. রোকরা-ক।

Smug, a. পরিণাটী; পরিছের; Neat; spruce.

Smuggle, smug'i, v. t. বিনা তাক নিবিদ্ধ বাণিজ্য
ত্বৰা কাইবা-ৰা; তাক বা দিয়া আমণানি বা নতানি-কৃ; বেয়াচ্'ল আমণানি বত্তানি-কৃ; To carry goods without
paying the customs; to import or export
without paying the legal duty:—সোপনে গোণনে
গোহৰ-কৃ; To convey clandestinely. n=smuggling.
আআছুৱালৈ, smug'ler, n. বিনা তাক আমদানি বত্তানি
কারী; বে বাতি অবৈধ আমদানি বত্তানি করে; One
who smuggles:—তাক বা দিয়া এবা কাইবা বাইবার
গোত বা কাইবা; A vessel employed in smuggling.

Bmut, smut, n. ব্ৰের দাগ; মরণার দাগ; হেতো;
Spot of soot; spot of dirt:—পজের রোগ: Mildew; a disease of corn:—জনীল বাক্য; Obscene
language:—v. t. ধূলি বা বুল দারা কৃক্বর্ণ-কৃ; মণিনকৃ; To soil with smut; to blacken or tarnish:
—v. i. বুলে পরিশত-হ; বুল দাগা; To gather smut;
to be converted into smut.

Smutch, v. f. বুল লাগান; মলিন-কু; To blacken, as with root:—n. দাগ; মল; A strain.

Smutty, smuti, a. ব্ৰ বাৰা কলছিত; মনিৰ; ছেতো-পড়া; Stained with smut:—অন্নীৰ; Obscene. s=smuttiness, ad—smuttily. Snack, n. ৰংশ; ভাগ; A share; a slight;— ভাডাতাড়ি আৰ-পেটা আহায়; A hasty meal.

To go snaoks—বংশ বঙ্গা।

Snaffle, snuffl, s. বল্পা; বলীল; Bridle consisting of a slender mouth-bit:—v. f. বলীৰ বাৰা বন্ধ-কু; To bridle.

Snag, snag, ন. মুভিড পাৰা; মুদ্ৰ পাৰা; A short branch:—An abrupt projection:—গাইট; A knot:—উপাত গত; গত গাত; A tooth, specially one projecting beyond the rest. assnagged.

Snaggy, Snagged, a. অছিবহল; Full of snags:
—কোধৰ, চটা।

Snail, snail, n. শব্ক; পামুক; সেড়ি; A slimy crawling insect with a shell; a creeping mollusc:—অবস ব্যক্তি, Sluggish person.

At snails pace, At s snail's gallop — আভ আবে; অতি ধীরে ধীরে; Very slowly. [of serpent. Snake, snak, ম. সর্প: সাপ. নাগ; ভূষণ; A kind Snake in the grass, ম. ওয় প্রক; ভূমাছাদিত ভূমণ; A secret foc. [snake of its hole. Snake out—টানিখা বাহিন-ক; Drag or draw, as a Snake-bite—সর্প-দংশন;

Saske-catcher, n. সাপুড়ে, অহিতৃতিক।

Snake-gourd, n. গো-শিকা, চিচিকা।

Snake-root-সপের উষ্থি।

Snake-sacrifico-নুপ্ৰয় ৷

Snake-stone, n. বিষ-পাথব।

Snaky, snaki, a. দর্পন্ ; দর্পন্ ; Full of snakes :
—চক্র ; প্র ; শঠ ; Winding ; cunning ; deceitful.

Snap, snap, v. t. হঠাৎ ভঙ্গ-কু; মট্ করিয়া ভালা।
To break eliort or at once; to crack:—কট্ করিয়া
কাষ্ডান; হঠাং কামডান, ১ট কবিয়া-বু; To bite or
seize suddenly:—হুড়ী-(খ; মটকান; To pull a trigger:—v. i. হঠাং ভঙ্গ-হ, মট করিবা ভালিয়া-বা; To
break short:—কামডাইডে-বা; কামডাইবার চেট্রা-কৃ;
To try to bite.—রগুম-বরের বারেন প্রিলা কল কৃ;—
n. মহমা ক্ষনহার ভঙ্গ:—কামড, অসুনি কল টুনুকি;
জুড়ি;—উৎসাহ; Briskness; vigour; energy:—
কুড় আটো বা ভালা. A small catch or lock:—
গুড়া ভাটো বা ভালা. A small catch or sock:—
গুড়া ভাটো বা ভালা are; The act of snapping or the sound mide by it:—বঙ্গ টুকরা। n.—
Snapper (ভঙ্গকারক)। Syn:—(n) Bite, seize,
grip; crack.

Snap at—সত্ত কৰিছাৰ; Bite quickly at :-- আহ-পূৰ্বক গ্ৰহণ-কু; To accept eagerly,

Snap off-Bite off suddenly.

Snap one's fingers—ত্তি-(স: Treat with contempt; make a sound with the thumb and the middle finger.

Snap one's fingers at, Snap one's fingers in the face of — তুদ্দি দিয়া উডাইয়া-দে; অবজা আদৰ্শনক; অগ্নাত্ম-কৃ; অগ্নাত্ম-কৃ; অগ্নাত্ম-কৃ; Defy; express one's contempt for. Snap up—সভ্য গিলিয়া কেলা; Swallow quickly:— কটু বাক্য বলা; Treat with sharp words:—হঠাই বাধা-দে; Interrupt suddenly.

Snap-dragon — লতা বিশেষ; A plant: — বীড়া বিশেষ, A Christmas game. [ with a catch, Snap-look, n. এক প্রকাব তালা; A lock shutting Snappish, snap'ish, a. সংগৰ-কীল; সংগ্ৰকাৰক; Eager to bite; apt to snap:— মিটাটে; রাক; Sharp in reply; peevish, ad = snappishly, new snappishness.

To go snips—साम कडता ।

Snare, snar, s. বাঁদ; পাৰ, বাল; Anything by which one is entrapped; a noose:—v. t. বালে বাা; বাঁদে কো; পাৰ্যমুক্ত; To catch with a snare; to insnare; to trap:—প্ৰসূত্ত কু; To allure, s=snarer. a=snary. Syn:—(n) Net, springe, toil, noose, trap.

Lay a snare for—খাঁদ পাড়া; Lay a trap to catch one; form plans or take any steps with view to endanger one.

Snarl, snarl, n. কুক্বের স্থায় ডাক; কুছ ক্ক্বের পর্জন; Sharp growl of a dog:—কটা; জট; গোলবাল; কাঁপর; ন্বট; Entanglement; difficulty:—n. i. কুরের স্থায় শব-ফু; কুছ কুক্রের মত গর্জন-কু; কর্জন বাব্য কহা; To make a noise like a dog; to growl as a snurly dog:—n. t. জড়িড-ফু; জটিন-কু; To entangle. Syn:—(n) Gnarl, grumble, snap; complicate, embarrass.

Sparling, a. शब्दनकाती :-- v. अ. शब्दन ।

Snatch, snach, v.t. কাডিবা-ল; ছিনাইখা-ল; সহসা-গ;
To catch eagerly; to seize hastily:—v.i. ছিনিবা
লইয়া বাইবাৰ (চষ্টা-ফু; পাকডাইতে চেট্টা-ফু; To try to
seize histily:—n. কাডিয়া লওন; পাকডা-লক্ষণ; ধৃতকবণ; Hasty catch or seizing:—কপ্ৰয়ী মৃদ্ধা;
Short fit:—ক্ষত গমন; Hasty repast:—ট্কুরা;
বঙ; ছিটছাট; A small piece. Syn:—(v) Twitch,
pluck, pull; catch, grasp, gripe, clutch.

By snatches—খানিক খানিক কৰিয়া , By short fits : —মধ্যে মধ্যে ; For short periods.

Sneak, snek, v. i. গুড়িসড়ি মারিয়া বাওয়া বা আসা; চুপে চুপে পলাযন-কু; সরিয়া পড়া; To creep or steal away privately:—n. নীচ লোক; জীক ব্যক্তি; A mean service fellow. Syn:—(n) Slink, skulk, lurk; crouch, truckle, fawn.

Sneaking, a. নীচ; ইতৰ; পাৰি; Mcan:— গোপনকারী। ad = sneakingly.

Sneer, গাল, ত. i. [L. snort, to laugh loudly]
মূব দেট্কাল; নাক তুলিখা বা মূব দিট্কাইয়া অপ্রদা
প্রবলনক; হেরজান-ক; অবজা প্রকাশ-ক; To show
contempt by look or by turning up the nose;
jeer; to insinuate contempt:—n. মূব দেট্কাল;
গ্রাট্টা; উপহাস; অবজা; Jeer; contemptous grin; a
look of contempt; ridicule. n=sneerer (অবজাকারী)। Syn:—(v) Scoff, gibe, mock, scout.

Sneer at—নাক্ মুধ সিট্কাইণা অবজ্ঞা প্ৰকাশ-কু; Show contempt by turning up the nose or by a particular expression of the face.

Sneering, a. অবজা বা বিদ্ৰুপস্চক। ad = sneeringly (অবজ্ঞাপুৰ্বক)।

Sneeze, snez, v. i. to ; the; To omit air rapidly and audibly through the nose:—n. the; Act of sneezing; a sneezing.

Not to be sneezed at— ৰগ্ৰাছ কৰিবাৰ ৰহে।
Sneezing, n. হাঁচি; হাঁচক। [বা আঘাত।
Snick, v. t. অল কাটা বা আঘাত-কু:—n. অল কর্ত্তন
Sniff, snif, v. t. নিখানের সহিত টানা; নাস-টানা;
আৰ-পা; To draw in with the breath through the
nose:—v. t. নাস-বা: জোরে নিখান টানা; আৰ-পা;
Snuff; to scent.

Snip, snip, n. কৰ্তন; কটিন; A single cut as with scissors:—ছোট হাডুড়ি:—v. t. কাচি দিয়া কাটা; To cut off at once with the scissors:—কৰ্তন-ফু; ছাটা; কাটিয়া দেলা; ছাটিয়া কেলা; To cut off.

Snipe, snip, n. গদিবিশেষ; কালা-বোঁচা পাৰী;
A bird with a long bill:—নিকোঁষ গোক; A fool.
Snipe-nose, n. Long nose, like the bill of
the snipe. | dialogue:—s. Quick.
Suip-snap, n. উত্তর কাটাকটি; বাগ্যুছ; Smart
Snivel, snivl, n. নাসিকা ইইতে সাধি নিগ্নন; Run-

Snivel, snivi, so. নাসিকা হইতে সৃষ্টি নিৰ্ণাৰন; Running at the nose:—v.i. শিক্লি পড়া; নাকে বরা; শিক্লি নির্গত-হ; To run at the nose:—বালকের বত কালা, To cry, as a child. n = sniveller ( বাকে রোলনকারী)।

Sniveller, n. রেখা-নি:ত্তনী, One who prone to snivelling:—নামাত কারণে ক্রন্সনকারী; One who weeps for slight causes.

Snob, snob, n. জ্ঞাপুকারী ইতর সোক; নীচ লোক বে জ্ঞাবলিয়া পরিচিত ইউঠে চাহে, ফতো বাবু, A vulgar person, esp. one who apes gentility; affected puppy, an upstart:—চক্মকান; A journeyman; shoe-maker:—আন বেডন্ডাই) কারীকর।

Snoblish, n. কডোৰাবুৰ নত। ad=snoblishly. n= snoblishness ( কুল্লন্বাৰা; কডোৰাবুগিরি )।

Snood, n. কুনারীর কেশ-বন্ধনী কিন্তা; The fillet bind's a maiden's hair. [ অন্ধ নিদ্রা; A nap. Snooze, v. i. অন্ধ নিদ্রা-বা, যুমান; To dose:—n. Snore, snor, n. নানিকাঞ্ছনি; নাক ভাকা, A noisy breathing in sleep:—v. i. নিদ্রিভাবয়ায় নানিকাঞ্ছনি-ক; নাক ভাকান, To breathe roughly and hoarsely in sleep. n=snorer.

Snort, snort. v. i. ঘোড়ার মত নাকের শক্ষ কু; To force the air with violence and noise through the nose as horses:—n. ঘোটকবং নাসিকাশক। n= snorter.

Snot, n. নাকো পোঁটা; পিকনি; Muscus of the nose:—নীচ লোক; Mean person. a=snotty.

Snout, snowt, ম. পথাদির লখা নাক; পুঁতনি, গুণ্ড; গুড়; The long projecting nose of a beast, as of swine:—( অবজানে ) মাধুবের নাক।

Snow, sno, ন. তুৰাৰ; ব্যক (বাহা আকাশ হইতে পতিত হয়); Frozen watery vapour — ০. :. তুৰাৰ পড়া; বৰুৰ পড়া; To fall in snow:— ০. !. তুৰাৰ মত বিস্তুত-হ; To scatter like snow.

It anows—বরক পড়িতেছে।

Bnow-ball, n. বরকের ডেনা বা ভাল।

Snow-blindness, n. তুবাৰ প্ৰভাগাৰা ৰই দৃষ্টি; হিমা জভা; Blindness cause by the light reflection from snow. a=snow-blind (হিমাজ)।

Snow-bound #- ভুবাৰার্ভ ৷

Snow-capped, n. তুবার-মণ্ডিত ৷

Snow-drift, sno'drift, n. ৰায়ুভাড়িত ছুবারাৰি; A bank of snow driven together by the wind.

Snow-drop, sno drop, n. মূলবং বেডপুপ উভিদ বিশেষ; A bulbous rooted plant:—পুপা বিশেষ। Snow-flake, n. তুবান-কণিকা।

Snow-line, n. চিৰ ভ্ৰাৰ বেধা; The line upon a mountain marking the limit of perpetual snow.

Snow-plough, sno plow, ন. পথ বা বেলপথ ছইতে তুবাব পৰিকার করিবার লাকলার বস্ত্র ; A machine like a plough for clearing away the snow from road or railways.

Snow-shoe, snoshoo, n. বরকের উপর বেড়াইবার জুতা, তুবার পাছকা; Shoe for snow.

Snow-alip, sno'slip, n. ভুষার পাত ; (পর্বাত-পার্বে)

भूगान-भूजन ; Avalanche of snow ; a mass of snow which slips down a mountain's side.

Snow-white, c. ত্ৰাৰ-বৰল; সাৰা যেন বৰণ! Snowy, snoi, c. বৰকেৰ স্থায় গুৱ; White like snow:—পৰিৱ; নিৰ্মাণ; Pure; spotless:—ত্ৰাৰ-মন্ত্ৰ; Abounding or covering with snow.

Snow-white

Snub, snub, v. f. ডিব্ৰছাৰ-ড়; ধ্ৰহাৰ; দাবাৰ; To reprimand:—আগা আছিয়া-বে; ছাটিয়া কেলা; To break off the end of; to put down:—দ্মৰ-ড়; To check:—ন. কাষ্টের গাঁইট; Knot in wood:—ডিব্ৰার, ধ্যক; Check; reprimand. Syn:—(v) Nip, prune, dock; rebuke; humiliate.

Snub-nose, snubnoz, n. চাপটা নাক; বাঁণা নাক; A short or flat nose. e⇒snub-nosed (বাঁণা; ৰহ-নাসিক!)

Snuff, snuf, n. নত ; দাস : Powdered tobacco or other substance to be taken through the nose :—বাতির দীঘ ; The charred part of a candle-wick :—v. f. আছাণ-ল, গছে অনুভব-কু ; To draw into the nose; to smell :—বাতি কাটা ; বাতির দীঘ কাটিং।-দে, To crop off the snuff, as of a candle :—বিনত্ত-কু :—v. া. নত-ল; জোরে নাক দিয়া বাবু টানা ; নাকে টানিযা-ল; To snuff; to draw in air violently through the nose.

Snuff out-निर्वात-क ; विनष्ट क ; Extinguish.

Take snuff-नगा-ल ।

To snuff pepper—নিরস্ত-র। [ anger.
Took it in snuff—কোণ ন্ত্ৰাবে-ল; Took it in
Up to snuff—বিচৰণ; চতুৰ; Not likely to be imposed upon; acute; knowing.

Bnuff-box, snuf'-boks, n. बरमाइ कोंहो; बमा-पानी: A small box for snuff.

Snuffer, snuffer, n. pl. বাচিব পীৰ কটি৷ বস্ত . ভল-ভনাস; An instrument for cropping the charred top of a candle.

Snuffle, snufil, v. i. নাসিকা দিবা কটে নিয়াস কেলা; নাক দিয়া কোরে নিয়াস কেলা; To breathe hard through the nose:—নাকে কৰা কলা, To speak through the nose:—n. ভূল কবিয়া নাকি ক্রে কথা; নাকি-নক: An affected nasel twising:—বলে নিয়াস ভাগে।

Snuffles, n. Obstuction of the nose by mucus. Snuffy, snuff, a. নদ্য-দূবিত; নদ্য-কলন্বিত; Soiled with or smelling of, snuff.

Snug, snug, a. আবৃত এবং উঞ্চ : আটানোটা ও পরম ; Close and warm :—সহার্থ ; Closely pressed :— মোঝান ; পরিছদ সম্বন্ধে পরিষার :—স্কারিত ; Concealed :—কছেন্দ ; আরামজনক ; Neat and comfortable :—ক. i. পৌদ্যা আরামে থাকা বা বসা , To lie close. n=snugness ( ব্যক্তনতা ; আরামের অবহা ) ; Syn :—(a) Close, compact, comfortable.

Snugly, ad. यात्रात्म ; निकित्य !

So, sō, ad. এইকণ; ডড; এবড; এইজছ; In like manner; to such a degree; thus; therefore:— সেইরপ; তাম্প; এবড়ে; তবে; In that case; provided that; be it so:—conj. ডবে; অভনুব; ভাইডে;—inj. বন; খান।

And so on—ইজাদি। Be it so—এমত হউক।

Be it so-এমত হড়ক। It is so ?—সভা মাকি ?

Or so—via atelatic fag; (Joined with some number) or thereabouts (used of money or time).

So be it-ভানই ; তথাত।

So far ততনুর পর্যাপ্ত। [fects, or relates to. So far as concerns—So far as interests afso far forth—এত বেশী পরিমাপে; To such a degree; as far. [ বাই!

So far so good—ৰে টুকু খটিলাছে ভাছাতে আগতি So forth—এইৰণ আৰও , More of a like kind.

So long-ভাবংকাল।

So much—ভাবৎ পৰিমাণে।

So much as -- पडड़े अधिक ; However much.

So much so—এডটা; এছ জৰিছ; To such a degree, to that extent or degree so, used with that, coming after.

So much the better—আবে ভাল; Still better. So much the worse—আবে মন্দ্ৰ; Still worse.

So on — ইত্যাদি, সেইবণ অস্তান্ত নিবৰে; Etcetra; the same case is the case with all the rest:—এবং-বিৰ অন্ত বিবৰে: Further in the same manner.

So-so—মাঝামাঝি রকমের ; অমনি এক রকম ( বড় ভালও নহে, বড় মন্দও নহে ), Indifferently; moderately, tolerably well:—Indifferent.—Much as one was. So soon ৪৪—হইবামাত্র; Immediately at or after at event.

So that—এইজন্ত বে ; এই হইলেই ববেষ্ট হটল ; Provided that :—ভাছার কলে , ভাব কল এই বে ; The consequence of which is that.

So then—তৰ্ম্ব ; ডবে এখন ; জডএখ ; Therefore. The more so as—এইলস্থ আৰও বে ; More especially because ; an additional reason being.

So to speak—বলিতে গেলে একথা যদি দোষের না হয়; যদি এমন কথা বাবহাব করিলে কোন দোষ না হয়; If such language is fitting and strictly correct. if I may say so, if such an expression may be used.

Soak, sōk, v. t. [A. S. socian, to soak] ভিজাইমা রাধা; ভিজান; নিক-ড়; আর্ড-ড়, Wet thoroughly; to steep in a fluid; to drench:—টানিয়া-ল; লোব-ড়; To draw in by the pores:—v. i. নিক-ড়; To be steeped in fluid. n=soaker, soakage (লোবণ কর; লোবিত ব্যা)। a=soaking (আর্ডডারা) ১৮n:—Macerate, steep, wet.

Soap, sop, n. নাবান; A compound of oils or fats with exides, used in washing:—v. t. নাবান বানা (বাত বা পরিকার-কু; নাবান নাবান; To rub or wash with soap.

[ sian sock.

Soapstone, n. নরম প্রভার বিশেষ ; A soft magne-Soapy, sop'i, a. সাধানের মন্ত ; Like a soap ; resembling soap. n=soapiness.

Soar, sor, v. i. डेर्ड् डेस्सीन-इ ; डेरक डेस्। ; To fly aloft. Syn :---Mount, ascend, tower.

Bob, sob, v. i. বার্থ নিবাস ত্যাগ-কু; গভীর নিবাস কেলা; To sigh in a convulsive manner:—n. বার্থ নিবাস; Convulsive sigh.

Sober, a. so'ber, a. বিভাগরী; বিভগারী; পানাধি সম্বাদ্ধ নাবধান; Habitually temperate; not drunk; abstemious:—এলাড; লাড; Quiet; calm:—সংবৃত; অপ্রবৃত্ত; Not mad; not wild or passionate —নিয়নিত; Regular:—ধীর, দ্বিবৃত্তি; ৰভাৰ; Grave; sedate:—». t. মিৰণাটা-ৰু; যবজা হয়ত মুক্তি-ৰু; হিছ-ৰু; To make sober; to cure of intoxication:—». s. আৰম্ভ হ; হিছ-ই; To make sober. Syn:—(a) Abstinent, abstemious; moderate, collected, staid, dispassionate, calm, self-possessed, reasonable, cool; solemn. Bober down—হিছ-হ; অনুভিত্ত-হ; To become steady and serious in demeanour.

Soberly, ad. ধীরভাবে; ধিরভাবে; অন্ত্রনত চুইরা। Sober-minded, a. ধীর; শাস্ত্র: বিরচিত। Soberness, n. বিরভা; গাস্ত্রীগ্রা; Calmness. Sober reality—বিরাবহা; Serious fact or condition.

Bobbing, n. বিলাপ ; কৌপাৰি।

Sobriety, sub. e-te, n. বিভাগবিতা; বিভাগবি The state or habit of being sober; habitual soberness or temperance:—হিন্নতা; ধীনতা; গাড়ীগ্য; প্ৰশাস্থলীয়; Calmness; seriousness; grav->. Syn:—Abstinence, abstemiousness; moderation, regularity, steadiness; coolness, sedateness; seriousness, solemnity.

Sobriquet, sō-bri-kā, n. অবজাস্চক নাম; ক্রিড নাম; উপনাম; A nickname; an assumed name. Socago, n. ইংলভের জারগীর বিশেষ; A tenure of ands in England.

So-called—তথা-কণিত; ভন্মাৰ ব্যাত; That which called so but is not so in reality; called by such a name; so-named. [চন্ত্ৰ; Good fellowship. Sociability, n. সঙ্গলীলতা; সংসৰ্গ-এবণতা; স্বসহ-Sociable, তেঁsha-bl. a. সমান্ত্ৰিয়ৰ; সম্বাৰ্থিয় ; মিণ্ডব; স্বাৰ্ণিয়, Inclined to society; willing to associate; companionable; conversable:—n. সাড়ী বিশেষ। n-sociableness, ad—sociably.

Booial, so'she-al, a. [ L. socialis, from socius, a companion ] সমাজ-সম্মানি ; সামাজিক; Pertaining to society; relating to general interests of society:—মিগুক; আলামী, সভ্য; আমোসজিম; Sociable; convival. ad=socially, n=socialisms. Syn:—Civil, civic; companionable, conversible, familiar; festive, convival Social science, n. সমাজবিজ্ঞান; Sociology.

The social evil or vice—লাভাট্য; বেশ্বার্ডি; Libertinism; prostitution.

Socialise, so shal-īz, e. t. সামাজিক-কু; সামাজিক অবস্থার পরিণত-কু; To render social; to reduce to a social state.

Socialism, \*\*. 'সমাজে সকলেরই সমাল অধিকার' এই
মত ; সমাজ-সামালাগ ; A theory for regenerating
society by a more equal distribution of property, and especially by substituting the principle of association for that of competition ; reorganisation of society.

Socialist, n. 'সমাজে সকলের সমান অধিকার' এই মুডাবলন্ধী বাজি; An advocate of socialism. [social.
Sociality, n. সামাজিকডা; The quality of being
Society, so-sie-te, n. [L. societas, from
socius, a companion] সমাজ; সভা; Social union;
community:—সংসর্গ; সজ; Fellowship:—বর্গসম্প্রায়; A religious body. Syn:—Public;
association, partnership, company, corporation,
body, fraternity; intercourse, companionship.
;Society verses—সাধারণেয় বন্যোগ্রহণকারী কবিভা

ৰা পৰা; Verses for the amusement of politic society; the lightest kind of lyrical poetry. Socinian, so-sini-an, s. বাংগুৱের বেষভাধির অধীকারকারী; One who holds Jessus Christ to be a man and nothing more:—a. উদ্ভদ্যক্ষাৰ; Pertaining to Socieus.

Socinianism, so-sińi-an-izm, n. স্বিদ্দের ধর্ম-নীতি; The doctriness of Socinus.

Sociology, त. नवाज-विज्ञान ; यानव-नवाज्ञज्ञ ; The science which treats of human society. s = sociological.

Sock, sok, n. ছোট মোলা; A kind of half stocking:—অভিনেতাৰের পাছকা বিশেব; নটের জুতা; Shoe of ancient comedians:—মিলনাত্ত নাটক, Comedy. Socket, soket, n. খানাদানের বাতী-বরা; The hollow of a candle-stick:—চুলি; Short tube to hold any thing:—চকুগজ্বর; কোটর, গর্ভ; বোল; Receptacle of the eye:—নত্তের গর্ভ; Hollow of tooth. Socratic, so-krafik-al,

socratic, so-kratik, Socratical, so-kratik-al, a. সকেতিস্ সম্বন্ধীয় ; Belonging or pertaining to Socrates. ad=socratically.

Socratism, m. Philosophy of Socrates.

Socratist, n. সক্তেতিসের অনুচর; Follower of Socrates.

Sod, n. ঘাসের চাকচা; Turf; clod of grass:—
শাবল:—v. t. চাবড়া দিরা আচ্ছাদিড-কৃ; To cover
with rod:—a. চাবড়া ছারা নিশ্বিত; Made of sod,
Sod, p. t. of Seethe.

Soda, so'da, n. কার বিশেষ; Ovide of the metal sodium. [পানীয়; A drink. Soda-water, so'da-waw'ter, n. পানার্থ কার-কল;

Sodden, a. Fig.; Boiled. pre=seethe.

Soddy, sodi, a. খাসের চাবড়াবিশিষ্ট; Turfy; covered with sod. [soda. Sodium, so'di-um, n. খাড়ু বিশেষ; The base of Sodomite, sodom-it, n. সড্য-নিবাসী; An inhabitant of Sodom:—পুল্ম-স্বন্ধনাই; অবাভাবিক অভিস্যানকারী; One guilty of sodomy. a—sodomitical, ad=sodomitically.

Sodomy, sodom-i, n. অধাতাবিক প্ৰবে গণন অপরাধ , Unnatural crime ; unnatural copulation. Soever, ad. বা কেন হউক না ; বে কেন হউক না।

Sofa, n. গদিবুক চেবার; পর্বাহ ; A long stuffed couch : long soft easy seat.

Boft, eoft, a. অকটিন; নরম; ডলডলে; Not hard; not rough:—মৃদ্ধ; নরম, Mild:—শাস্ত; নয়; Gentle:—রেণ; ত্রীমভাব হুলড; Effeminate:—মৃদ্ধ; Easy:—মিঠা; নমুর; Sweet:—নমনীর; ষাত্সহ; Malleable:—মৃদ্ধাতি; Gentle in motion:—marefile: Free from salt, as water:—adv. মৃদ্ভাবে; আছোড : বারে থারে; Gently; quietly:—interj. চুপ; দ্বির হও; Be soft, hold; not so fast. n=softness (মৃদ্ভা, কোমলতা) । Syn:—(a) Impressible, susceptible, yielding, plastic, pliable, smooth, delicate, fine; weak, tender, gentle; simple, silly; quiet, easy, light; mellifluous.

Soften, soi'n, v. t. নরন-কু; কোমল-কু; To make soft or soiter:—লবু-কু; কা-কু; লাখব-কু; Pallicate:—v. i. কোমল-কু; গলা; কমা; To grow soft or soften. n=softener.

Soft goods—नवाणि। [ intellect. Soft-headed, a. शीन्दि; Having a weak Soft-hearted, a. पत्रक्रिय ; क्याया-स्था ; विनय . Having a tender heart ; meek.

Soft-money—ৰেটাৰি কাগনী টাকা, Paper money, as distinguished from coin.

Soft-sawder--(पांचारमान : Flattery.

Soft-water, n. विशेषका ; त्व करन मार्शानत त्वर्गा स्त्र । Soho, inj. शरह ; स्टा ।

Boil, soil, n. মৃত্তিকা; মাটা; ভূমি; Ground; earth:
—লেশ; Country:—মন; মননা; Dirt, stain,
dung:—গলি; সান; The mould on the surface
of the earth which furnishes nutriment of
plants:—ত. t. মননা-ভু; মনিন-ভু; To pollute; to
stain:—মান-দে, To manure.—ত. :. মন্তিত-ভু;
To tarnish. Syn:—(ত) Dirty, toul, defile, begrim, bemire, bespatter, besmeat, contaminate.
Native soil, n. জনভূমি:

Soil pipe—भरतत्र नम्।

Take soil-প্ৰে পিরা পড়া।

Soiree, swa'rā, n. সাধানবিধিত , নাধাক নতা : সাধ্যন সভা ; An evening party , a public meeting with refreshments,

Sojourn, so'jurn, v. i. অনুকালের রক্ত অবস্থান-তৃ; ধ্রামী-তৃ; To dwell for a time — n অনুকালের জক্ত অবস্থিতি; প্রবাদ, Temporary abode. n—sojourner (প্রবাদী)! Syn:—(n) Tarry, abide, stay, quarter, lodge, rest.

Bolace, solas, n. সাধ্যা, উপণাতি, প্রবেধ ; Comfort in distress, relief; consolation:—v. t. সাধ্যা-ক; পাত-ক; কইদ্য-ক: To console, to comfort in grief; to ally. Syn:—Encourage, enliven, assuage, alleviate.

Solar, solar, a. [L. sol, the sun ] त्यानक्षीय;

A solar month—সৌৰ মাস। Solar dynasty—প্ৰাৰংশ।

Solar eclipse-र्याधन्त ।

Solar-goose, n. সামুদ্রিক পদ্ধিবিশেষ; The garnet Solar year —সৌর বংসর; Year as me issued by the apparent motion of the sun in the heavens either astronomical or civil

The solar system, n. সৌৰজাৎ, The sun together with the group of celestial bodies, which held by its attraction, revolve around it.

Sold, pt. and pp. of sell.

Solder, sol'der, v. t. জনটি-কু: সংযুক্ত-কু, পাইন ছারা বোটা; ঝালা, সারা; To cement, to unite the surfaces of by the intervention of a fusible metal; to mend:—n. পাইন, ঝাবন, ঝান, A metallic cement.

Soldior, söliér, n. গৈছা , গৈমিক , হোদ্ধা , Fighting man in an army , one engaged in military service; warrior.

Cone the old soldier over one—কাহাকে Soldier-like, söl'jéi-lik, Soldierly, siiljér-li, a. সৈত্ৰৰং; দৈনিক মদুৰ, Like a soldier —সাহ্সিক, প্রাক্তৰণাকী; বীৰোচিত, Brave, martial.

Soldiership, söljér-ship, n. বুদ্ধসন্থাই নিপুৰ্জা, বণপাতিজ্য; বাৰ্থিক গুণপা!; Maiiial skill, military qualities.

Soldiery söljer-1, n. সৈক্তসমূহ , দৈনিক-দল . The body of military men ; soldiers collectively. Sole, söl, n. পারের তলা , পদতল; I he bottom of the foot; the underside of the foot:—সুভার কৰা;
The bottom of a shoe:—সাব্দিক কলে; A marine fish:—a. একলাল; একক; Only; single:—
অবিণাহিত; Unmarried:—v. i. কুডার কলা লাপাল;
To furnish with a sole. Sym:—(a) Individual;
alone, solitary, singular.

Solecism, sole-sizm, ন. বাাৰণৰ কুল; কাৰাৰ বাতি-দুইডা; অপ্যায়োগ; Using words in a wrong construction; a violation of the rules of syntax. Solecist, sole'-sist, ন. অসুচিত প্ৰথম্ভাৰ কৰ্মা; One who commits a solecism.

Solecistic, sole-sistic, Solecistical, a. অততঃ
আবিতাছ; অসমত ; Incorrect; incongruous. adm solecistically. [সম্প্রিণে; Only, alone; singly. Solely, solii, ad. কেবল; একমান; অনিজ্ঞীর ভাবে; Solemn, solem, a. পবিন্ধ; Holy; sacred:—ভত্তি-মান; ভত্তিভাবাপার; Devout:—ভরানত; Awful; গভার; তার: Affectedly grave:—বৈশ, স্বার্গ; Serious:—লব্দের নাম স্বালিত; Attended with an appeal of God. admissiblemily. nussolemness. Syn:—Formal, ritual, ceremonial, religious.

Solemn occasions—উৎসৰকাৰ। (সংবাৰো। Solemn procession—ভরতর কার্য সম্পাদনার্থ Solemn promise—ঈব্যের ঘোহাই দিয়া বা দশৰ ক্বিয়া যে প্রতিক্ষা করা হয়। [বিধিপূর্কক। Solemnly, ad. গান্ধীব্যভাবে , Gravely:—ব্যাবিধি; Solemness, n. গভীরতা , গৌরব; শুরুত।

Solomniso, solem-nii, v. t. ব্যাপার অসুচাৰ-ক ; বিবস্কক সম্পাদৰ-ক . To perform religiously; to celebrate — গ্রার-ক ; To render grave; to dignify. #=solemniser, solemnisation.

Solemnity, so-lemne-te, n. প্ৰান্তিয়া; বৰ্ণৰ : A religious ceremony ; ite :—গাঝাগ ; Gravity :— পবিত্ৰতা ; বৈণতা , Sacredness :—আড়ৰুর , বাছাড্ৰুর , বাছাড্ৰুর , ভিল্ক , Pomp :—ভিল্ক , Reverence. Syn :—Ceremonial , awlulness, sanctity, seriousness, impressiveness.

Solfa, ৩. ১. তান-ড়; সপ্তৰরে গান-ড়; To sing the notes of the gamut.

Solfoggio, n. বরসাধন, An exercise on the notes. Solicit, so-licit, v. t. প্রাথনাক; থাজা-ক; To petition, to try or seek; to obtain; to ask carnestly. Syn.—Beseech, request, crave, supplicate, entreat, beg, implore, importune; invite.

Solicitant, so-licit-ant, n প্রাধনাকারী; One who Solicitation, so-lic-rta'chun, n সাসুনৰ প্রাধনা; স্বিনয় প্রাথনা; ব্যক্তা; Earnest request, invitation. Solicitor, so-licit-or, n. উকাল বিশেষ, A lawyer; an attorney — প্রাধী; One who asks earnestly. Solicitor-general, n. ইংলবেৰ ব্যক্তীয় হিডীয় স্বৰ্কাৰ ক্ষিণারা; In England, the second law-officer of the crown.

Solicitous, so-lish-us, a অভাস্থ উল্লুক; অভ্যাতি-বাৰী, আৰা; Eager to obtain, very desirous; anvious, careful. ad=solicitously. Syn:—Concerned, earnest, apprehensive, uneasy.

Solicitude, so-lisi-tud, ম. আবহ; উদেশ; উদেশ; চিডা; Uneasiness of mind; anxiety; trouble. Solid, solid, a. ফটন; শক্ত; Compat; hard:— নিবেট; বাহা পুৰুষৰ্ভ নহ; Not hollow; full of matter.—বৃচ; Fum,—বৃষ, Sound.—ব্যাই; বৃহা; True :- will ; Weighty :- 44 ; Indi faute ceeform; Having longth, breadtn and thickness: tance. ad = solidly. ==solidness. Syn:-(a) Dense; strong, substantial, stable; valid.

Bolid contents--पर रन ।

Bolid matter—বৰ সন্তিবিট মুদ্রাকর; বে অক্ষর পছজিব ভিতৰে ভিতরে পেড নাই।

Solid square, n. A body of troops in the form of a square in which the ranks and files are equal.

Solidarity, n. नम-इवद्याप्तांत्राता ; नमपार्यका ; अक-প্ৰতা : Oneness of interests : fellowship.

Solidification, n. घनीकरण ; कविनीकरण ; The act of making solid or hard.

Solidity, so-lide-fi, v. t. [L. solidus, solid, and facio, to make] শক্ত-কু; কটিন-কু; ঘন-কু; To make solid ; to make compact :-- ए. i. कविन-इ ; घन-इ ; To grow solid; to harden. =solidification.

Solidity, solid'i-ti, n. কাঠিক; কঠিনডা; ঘনৰ; Solidness; hardness; density:- नक्डा; पृह्डा; Strength; firmness:—योक्तिका व बामानिका; ক্তা : Soundness :- বন্দল ; (In geometry) the solid content of a body.

Solidly, ad. पृष्डात ; यन कतिया ; Compactly. Solidness, ad. কাটিক ; দুচ্তা . Solidity ; density. Soliform, a. ব্যাসপুৰ; Resembling to sun.

Soliloguy, so-life-kwe, n, [L. solus, alone, and loqui, to speak ) বসত উদ্ভি; বসত বচন; আপনাপনি কথা ; A talking to oneself.

Soliped, n. [L. solus, alone, pes, pedis, a foot] অণ্ডিড পুর পশু; An animal whose hoof is unclo-[ To speak to one's self. ven. a = solipedous. Soliloguise, solilo-kwiz, v. i. আগনা আগনি কহা : Solitaire, n. নিংসঙ্গ ব্যক্তি : সন্ত্রাসী : One who lives alone ; a recluse :--একাকী কণ্ক-ক্ৰীড়া ; A game played by one person with a board and balls.

Solitary, sole-tar-c, a. [ L. solitarius, from solus, alone ] अवाको ; এकक ; मन्नोहोन ; Lonely :-পারতাক ; Left alone :- এক ; একমাত্র ; Single, one :-- निकृत ; निर्कान : कनपृष्ठ ; Retired :-- निर्कानवानी ; Living alone :- विवासमझ ; Gloomy :- n. निकृष्ठ-वानी ; नशानी ; One who lives alone ; a hermit. ad -solitarily. n=solitariness. Syn :- Lone ; secluded, sequestered; deserted, uninhabited; [ विद्रम मृड्रोख । sole, individual. Solitary instance—একটা মাত্র উদাহরণ: অভি

Bolitary vice — इंड-रेब्यून ।

Solitude, sole-tud, n. [ L. solitude, from solus, alone ] একাকী বাদ; নিদেশতা : A lonely life :--निर्धानका : क्वांकिए ; Loneliness :-- निर्धान हान ; नक्व-প্ৰাপ্তৰ ; মকভূমি ; A lonely place ; a desert. Syn:-Seclusion, retirement, isolation; wilderness, desert. of the gamut.

Solmisation, n. बर-मारन; A recital of the notes Solo, sō'lo, n. [L. solus, alone ] अक्सारनत चत्र : এক বর, বে পান একাকী সীত হয়; বে লয় একটা বয়ে উৎপাদিত হয়; A musical piece performed by a single voice or instrument. pl -solos.

Bolstice, sofstis, n. जन्नांच-विन् ; यथन पूर्वा अक्त वा कर्ति वा<sup>ली</sup>ए इन ; भारत गक्ति ; खाडि ; উद्धारित महावित्र मिन्गांत्र महाविद् The point in the

ecliptic when the sun is farthest from the equator and seems to stand still; mid-summer;

Summer solstice-क्की-त्रक्रांचि । Winter solstice-- भक्त-मः आहि।

Bolstitial, sol-sti-shal, a. agin-noulle : auniu-কালীন; Pertaining to, or happening at, a solstice especially at the north one.

Solubility, n. खननीत्र ; Susceptibility of being dissolved in a fluid.

Soluble, solu'-bl, a. याहा शनिहा वाच : अवसीह : Capable of being dissolved in a fluid. n-solubility ; solubleness ( ক্রবনীয়তা ; পলন্দীলতা ) ।

Solution, sol Wshun, n. [ I. solutio, from salvere, to loosen ] भूजन : क्रीकृत्र : The act of dissolving, especially a solid by a fluid :-- वाचा ; विदश्चि: Explanation :-- প্রতিজ্ঞা-সমাধান : প্রস্থা-মীমাংলা; Solving of a problem:--বিদ্নেবণ; ভঙ্গ; Act of separating the parts of any body; disruption : -- नत्यर निताय : नत्यर इश्वन : Removal of doubt. Syn :- Separation, discerption, disconnection; melting, liquefaction; resolution, disentanglement; answer, key.

Solvable, solva-bl, a. [ L. solvo, to dissolve ] नाशारगंग; ननारवन ने नेपारमा-त्यांना ; Capable of being solved; explained.

Solve, solv, v. t. कविया श्वित-क ; वाध्या-क ; वृक्षारेण-ल : नमाबान-क ; योगाः मा-क ; To clear up ; to explain: unfold. n=solver.

Solve a problem, a difficulty, a mystery or a quation--- नमलन्त्र ; (र्गानि क्षांत्र) ; बीबांशी-কু; পৰিকার করিয়া-দে; Clear up what is obscure or difficult to be understood :--অস্থিত প্ৰুম ক্ষিয়া বাহির-ক ; Work out a mathematical problem.

Solvency, solven-si, n. সমন্ত স্থান্য কণ-লোখনে ক্ষতা; Ability to pay all just debts :- অর্থ-প্রাচ্যা: খন-সম্পরতা : The state of being solvent. Solvent, solvent, a. जारक; जारनक्य; Having power to dissolve:--সমস্ত ৰণ পরিশোধনে সক্ষ ; Able to pay all debts :- " , जावक शरार्थ ; Anything that dissolves another.

Solvent condition—ৰক্ষ অবসা। Somatology, n. नरापश्-विकात : क्रष्ट्-विकात । Somber, a. (योत : अक्लोत्रमत : ठमनोक्ट : Dark : —বিষয়; শোকাস্থক, Dismal. n=somberness, ad=

somberly.

Sombre, somber, a. [ L. sub umbra, under shade ] নিশ্ৰভ; অপ্ৰসন্ত ; বিবয় ; বিবাদপ্ৰক : Dark : dusky; dull; gloomy; melancholy. n=sombreness. Syn: -Cloudy, shady, obscure, dismal; sad, mournful, lugubrious, funereal.

Some, sum, a. 434, fag. More or less; moderate :- কোৰও ; কোৰ কোৰ ; Certain :- অবেক ; বিশুর :---pro. কেহ কেহ; কতকণ্ডলি :--ad. কিরৎ পরি-মাণ ; কডকটা ; A little.

Some or one of these days- na; Hereafter; at some future time.

Somebody, sumbod-i, #. (कह; (कांबर वाकि; Some one; unknown person:—পাতৰামা লোক; A person of a consideration.

Some-how, sumhow, ad. (क्ष धकांत : क्क कतियां : In some way or other.

Son of Meptune—नारिक : Seaman.

কোৰৰ না কোৰৰ প্ৰকাৰে ; In one way or another.

Somersault, sumér-sawit, Somerset, sumérset, n. छईनाव नक्तन , बैड़ा डिन्दाकी ; डेन्टा डिन्दाको , Leap in which the heels are over head. Something, sumthing, n. (南河名 年夏; 年夏; क्डक चरन : A portion, an indefinite quantity : –ad. কিন্তুৎ পরিমাণ; কডকটা; একটু; În some degree. [ erent. Something else-with fee, Something diff-Sometime, sumtim, ad. এक नगरा ; अक्ता ; अक्-वाद , (कान क नवद ; Once ; at one time or other : ---c. পূৰ্বভন ; Past. [ the past. Bometime ago-किइकान शुर्ल ; At a time in Sometimes, sumtime, ad. मरश मरश ; क्थन क्थन ; নগর স্থির; Now and then; at one time; at times, an indeterminate quantity or degree. Somewhat, sumhwot, pro. वर्शकिकर, अक्षेत्र व्यनिषिष्ठे भविषां ; Something :-- adv. क्यारभित्रपार ; कडको ; In some degree. Somewhere, sumhwar, ad. কোনও ছানে; কোণ মা কোন ছানে, In one place or another. Bomewhere about-निकले ; In the vicinity. Somewhere or other--(कांबर ना (कांबर शांता) Somewhither, sumhwith-er, ad. (414 शान) ৰোপাও; To some place. Somnambulate, som-nambū-lāt, v. i. [ L. somnus, sleep, and ambulo, atum, to walk ] বিদ্রাবন্থার অমণ-কু, To walk in sleep. n=somnambulation. In sleep Somnambulio, a. নিদ্রাবস্থায় অমণশীল ; Walking Somnambulism, som-nambu-lizm, n. fati-ৰহার অনণ; ৰহাটন; The act or practice of walking in sleep. Bomnambulist, som-nambū-list, n. বিভিতা-বহুায় অসপকারী, নিজাচর, বপ্লাটনকারা, A sleepwalker. a = somnambulistic. Somniferous, som-nifér-us, a. [ L. somnus, sleep, and fero, to bring ] निकासनक, Bringing or causing sleep. Bomnific, a. निशासत्र , Causing sleep. Somniloquence, n. নিডিভাবহার অমণ, The act of walking in sleep. Somniloquist, n. निकासारी; One who talks in sleep. [ talk in sleep. Somniloquous, a. নিয়াকালে ভাষণপ্ৰবৃত্ত ; Apt to Somnolence, somnolency, somno-len-si, n. বিদ্রালুতা, বিদ্রাকর্ণ, Sleepiness, inclination to sleep, drowsiness. **Somnolent**, somno-lent, a. 同语可, Sleeply. inclined to sleep. Son, sun, n. পুত্ৰ; তনৰ, ছেলে, A male child :--pl. रामक , रामक , Descendant .-- वरन , निया , A disciple: - विश्वांत्रों, Native of a land; inhabitant. feg=daughter. Son of Apollo-ক্ৰি, গায়ক; Poet; musician. Son of Belial—পাপী লোক ; Wicked man. Son of Crispin-हच्चकांद्र ; Shoe-maker. Son of Esculapins of Galen - रेव्स , Medical man. [ Christ

Son of God-( वंडोन गडि ) प्रेशनत शब बीखबुड,

SOD Of Man-मन्दान्तरण व्यक्तीय वाक्युष्ट ।

Son of the morning—वन्। वी ; Traveller. Son of Woden or of Mars-law; Soldier. Son's daughter—(भोजी । Bon's son--(शोब। Sonata, so-na'ta, n. থারিক হার ; Tune for instrument only; a musical composition for one. Sonant, a. [L. sono, to sound] भक्षावश्व: শ্ৰেটোড়াবিড ; Sounding. Song, song, n. [ A. S. song, from singan, to sing ] পাৰ, পীত; That which is sung: -কবিতা; গাৰা; Poem; ballad; poetry:—ভুল্ভ বস্ত; A mere trifle. Syn: - Canticle, carol, canzonet, ditty, lay, strain, hymn. For a song-কিছুই না দিয়া বলিলেও হয় ; অতি কমে ; ष्मझ मूरना , मदा ; For a mere trifle ; very cheaply. Sing & song-114 1141; Utter melodious sounds with the voice. Song-bird, m. 內部, Thruch, bird that sings. Songster, song'ster, n. 利व本; One who sings; the bird that sings :- fem=(পকী সম্বন্ধে) songtress ( शादिका शिक्षी ), ( मनुषा मद्दल ) singer. Soniferous, a. नकायमान , Sounding. Son-in-law, sun-in-law, n. জামাতা; ভামাই. Daughter's husband, the husband of daughter. Bonless, a. অপুত্র , পুত্রহীন , Childless Sonnet, sonet, n. नाया, रुष्ट्रभनभनी कविष्टा ; A poem of fourteen lines .- ए. इ. कविका वहना क : िकाडी ; A composer of sonnets To compose. Sonneteer, son-et-টা', n চভূদিশপদী কবিচা বচৰা-Sonorous, 50-norus, a. श्रानिखनक : असकावी : উচ্চৈ:বারী, Giving loud sound when struck, highsounding --- मध्य ; Mclodious ; sweet -- आहे ; Clear. ad=sonorously, n=sonorousness Syn -Sounding, re onant, ringing. [ ter of a son. Sonship, suńskip. n. পুর . The state or charac-Soon, saon, ad. मज्ज, नीख, व्यविन्त्य, व्यक्तिशः ; In a short time; readily; before long, without delay; shortly; quickly. com=sooner, sup= soonest. Syn: Quick, promptly, presently, early: readily. As soon as, No sooner than--বে মুহর্ত্তে; বেই; বে ক্ৰেই, অমনি . As early as; the moment [क्रज़ कठिन। that, at the very time. It is sooner said than done—ৰলা সহজ কিয় Sooner or later—আণাবা কলা; আলি হটক আই দশ দিন পরেই হউক ; শীন্তই হউক বা কিছু বিলম্বেই হউক ; Within a short time or some time after, The sooner, the better—যত হয় ততই ভাল। Soot, soot, n. ৰ্ল, ভ্ৰা; ধুমোৰ কালী; The black powder condensed from smoke .- v. t. ৰূপ মাধান। Sooth, sooth, # সভ্য , বধার্ম ; Truth ; ccality a. সভা; মনোবম; True; pleasing. In sooth-সভাই ; নিক্ষাই ; Truly, indeed. Boothe, stoth, v. t. প্রশমিত-ফু, ভুষ্ট-ফু; মিষ্ট বাকে थुनि-कृ ; श्वि-कृ , भाष-कृ , श्रेश-कृ ; To please with soft words; soften, quiet; alleviate; graufy, mitigate. ad-soothingly. Syn:-Calm, compose, tranquillize, pacify, apppease, allay, assuage, mollify. Sooth-say, sooth-sa, v. :. खरियार यना : To foretell. n=soothsayer; soothsaying.

Sooth-sayer, #. रेन्स्स ; कविन्त्रका ; Fortuneteller; one who undertakes to foretell events. Syn: - Prognosticator, seer, prophet, diviner.

Sooth-saying, n. एकाएक कथन ; रुवियापतन ; रावि बंधेनात्र पूर्वानिष्ट्रण ; Prophecy : prediction.

Sooty, sooti, a. क्मपूर्व ; क्वविणिष्ट ; भागा ; क्कवर्व ; Producing, consisting of, or containing, or resembling soot. n=sootiness.

Sop, sop, n. সিক্ত কটা ; হুরাসিক্ত কটা ; হুর-কটা ; Anything dipped or steeped; wet bread:---করণার্থ অগত কোনও কিছু; Anything given to pacify :-- v. t. ख्रांतिख-कृ ; मग्रांतिख-कृ ; Soak in liquor ; to steep in liquor. a = soppy.

A sop to Cerebrus—উৎকোচ; বোভ খনপ কিছু ( (१९३१ ) ; वाशांट काशांक कुलान वा (क्षांगा (१९४१ याद ; A bribe to quiet a troublesome customer; something of little value given to quiet a troublesome man.

Sop in the pan—উৎকোচ; পুৰ; Bribe to soften an official :- Bread steeped in liquid given to a turnspit to encourage him to work.

Sophism, sof'izm, n. কুতর্ক ; কুটভর্ক-বিদ্যা : তর্কা-कान ; A specious fallacy ; appearance of truth without the reality; logical deception.

Sophist, sol'ist, n. [Gr. sophos, wise] लाहीन গ্রীসদেশের তার্কিক পণ্ডিত বিশেষ; One of a class of public teachers in Greece in the 5th century &c.:-- কুডকী; কুট তাকিক; তর্কণসিক; ভারিমুক্ত ডार्किक ; A captious or fallacious reasoner.

Sophistic, so-fistik, Sophistical, so-fistikal, a. কৃতৰ্কপূৰ্ণ; কৃটতৰ্ক-সম্বন্ধীয়; তাদৃশ তৰ্কাত্মক; Fallaciously subtle; pertaining to sophistry. ad=sophistically.

Sophisticate, so-fisti-kat, v. f. কোৰৰ বিছয় সহিত মিশ্রিত করিরা নষ্ট-কু; দ্বিভ-কু; বিকৃত-কু; To adulterate; to corrupt with something spurious; to render unsound by mixture. n = sophistication (বিকুতীকরণ)। a=50phisticated (বিকৃত, দ্বিত)। Sophistication, n. বিশ্ৰণ থাবা দ্বিতক্ষণ, The act of adulterating.

Sophistry, soffist-ri, n. কুতৰ্ক, তাকিকতা; ভাত্তি-गुक्त-छर्क ; Fallacious reasoning.

Soppomore, n. বিতীয় বাৰিক ছাত্ৰ।

Sophy, a. 河香; Soaked in liquid.

Soporiferous, sop-o-riffer-us, a. [ [. ] per, a heavy sleep, and ferre, to bring | निर्धाकद ; নিম্রাজনক ; নিম্রালু : Causing sleep ; sleepy. Syn : -Somniferous, narcotic, soporific, hypnotic.

Soporific, sop-or-ifik, a. निजासनक ; Making or causing sleep :- त. निर्मादत देव। Anything that [ sleep. causes sleep. Sopor, sopor, n. গভীর নিজা; গাঢ় নিজা; Deep

Sopranist, n. বে রমণী সর্বোচ্চহরে গান করে; A singer of soprano.

Soprano, n. অভি জিল বামা গলা; রুমণীকণ্ঠ-নির্গত নকোচৰর ; The highest female voice :-- সুর ; Air. pl = sopranos, soprant.

Sorcerer, sor'ser-1, n. वाक्का: अञ्चलानिक वाकि; A magician, an enchanter. feg=soceress.

Borcery, sor'ser-e, n. यात्र ; अखिलान ; (अठ विना ; ভোজবিদ্যা, Enchantment; magic. Syn :-- Witchcraft, necromancy, spell.

Sorder, n. क्रम ; यतना ; विश्वाद क्रम । Sordid, sor'did, a. इहे; नीह; शैन; Mean; base; vile:--বোজী; Meanly avaricious. পৰ sordidness ( नीइडा ; কুজানহত্ব )। ad - sordidly ( बीठ ठा पूर्वक )। Syn: - Foul, dirty, gross, degraded; covetous, niggardly, miserly, greedy. Bore, sor, n. কড; ধা; A wound; an ulcer:--मन्त्रात्वमना ; ष्ट्रांथ : Grief ; affliction :-- विष्य :-- व. व्यक्त ; Wounded :- क्टेबनक , (त्रनाव्य : शीड़ापांत्रक ; Painful; tender to the touch:—দারণ; অভাত কটিন: Intense, severe :—পর্কানহ ; প্রদাহারিত :—ad. অভাতঃ গন্তীরক্ষপে; Greatly; grievously. n=soreness ( (दक्न) ; राषो )। ad=sorely. Syn :-(a) Inflamed; severe; pained, hurt, grieved; grievous, afflictive, distressing.

A running sore—वीश कहे शिटाइ : कांद्री या बाहा আরোপ্য হয় নাই ; Some difficulty which continues

Sorely, sor'li, ad. दृ:बिज्जाद : व्यनीपावकतरन ; উগ্ৰভাবে; অত্যন্ত ; Grievously ; greatly.

Sore subject, a. क्हेपांदक विषय ; क्लाक्य विषय ; A topic which is painful to the mind.

Soritos, n. वार्वाराहिक श्राद्यांका विराद ।

Sorrel, a. পাটল, পাডাড; Of a reddish brown colour:—n. পাটলবর্ণ; A reddish brown colour: -চুকা পালং পাক: A plant of a sour taste allied to the dock.

Borrow, sor'o, m. ष्टार ; लांक ; क्हे ; मत्नारक्या : Grief; affliction; sadness: -- খ. i. হু:ৰ বোৰ-কু; থেদ-কু; অপুথী-হু; To grieve; to feel pain in mind. Syn:—(n) Mourning, distress, trouble; unhappiness, regret : calamity, adversity.

Borrowful, sor'o-fool, a. लाहनीय ; घू:बिक ; विवर्ध ; Sad; dejected. ad=sorrowfully. n=sorrowfulness. Syn: - Grieved, afflicted, mournful, disconsolate; distressing, lamentable, doleful, [ pressed by grief for some loss. baleful. Sorrow-striken, a. হ:ৰপূৰ্ব; Exceedingly de-Sorry, sor'e, a. [ A. S. sarig, sari, from sar,

sore ] দু:ৰিড; অনুধী; Grieved; melancholy; sad :-- হীন; কুন্ত ; জনন্ত ; অসার ; Poor ; worthless. n=sorriness. ad=sorrily. Syn:-Sorrowful; mournful, melancholy, dismal; pitiful, abject, wretched, mean, vile, shabby, paltry.

Sort, sort, n. [L. sors, sortis, a lot] वक्य ; धकांत्र ; শ্ৰেণী; Kind; class; species:—পদ; Order; rank: -প্রকার ; Manner :—v. t. শ্রেণীবদ্ধ-কু ; পৃথক-কু ; निस्तिहन-क , To separate into classes ; to select : -- v. i. নিলা ; মিলিড-ছ ; প্রেণীভুক্ত-ছ ; To associate : —উপযোগী-६, To suit. Syn:—(n) Nature, description, genus; way, degree. (v) Distribute, assort classify; consort, associate, traternize.

A sort of animals—এক খেণীর জন্ধ। Out of sorts-টিক অবস্থায় নছে; বিশুখল; Out of order -- वरुद ; भातीतिक छान नरह ; Unwell :-fage, Vexed.

To run up of sorts-কোনও অকর কৰ পড়া। Sorter, n. विश्वामकाती ; निर्माटक ; Airanger. Sortie, sor'te, n. अवस्य मिनिकमत्त्रव हो विश्विम ; জ্বকৃদ্ধ সাম ইইডে নিৰ্গাদৰ, A sally of troops; sally from a besieged place. f good, tolerable. 30-80, 50'-90, a. भीरावि तकरमत्र, क्लनगरे ; Middling Sons, ৩. i. অনসভাবে বলিয়া পড়া :—#. পছ । Sot, sot, #. বেসাখোঁয় , অভ্যন্ত মাভাল ; One stupefied by excessive drinking ; a habitual drunkard.

Soteriology, n. বাহা বিজ্ঞান; The science of preserving health;—বীতপুট বাহা পরিবাদ নীতি; The doctrine of salvation by Christ.

Sottish, solish, a. বিৰোধ; Foolish:—মত; মাতাল-বং; পানোমত; Stupid with drink, n=scottishness. ad=sotishly.

Sou, soo, n. করানি মুক্তাবিশেষ ; প্রায় ছই প্রসা ; French copper coin = 10th of a franc.

Soubrette, দ. পরিচারিকা; কানী; A female servant. [of tea. Souchong, ২০০-shong', দ. কা বিশেষ; A kind

Sough, (त्रक्), v. i. ती ती-कः To whistle as the wind:—n. ती ती मंगः A sighing of the wind:—जनवर A rumour.

Sought, sawt, pt. and pp. of seek.

Soul, soi, শ. আজা; জীবাধার; The seat of life; the rational and immortal spirit of man; — মনুবা; ব্যক্তি; A person; human being: — মুব; সার; সারভাগ, Essence; chief part: — নেতা; নাঘক; Leader, inspirer: — জীবনীশজ্ঞি; Vital principle: — সাহস, তেজ; বীধ্য; শজি: Energy; grandeur: — জীবন; শোণ; Life: — বৃদ্ধিবৃদ্ধি, Intellect: — চ. চ. আজাবিশিষ্ট-কু. Endow with soul. Syn: — (n) Mind, spirit; life; individual, man; ardour, courage, fervour, animation, vivacity.

Heart and soul—नकीष:कंदर ।

Universal soul—Manial

Souled, söld, a. ভাৰবিশিষ্ট ; সক্ষম ; Full of feeling ; instinct with feeling.

Soulless, solles, a. নীচ; আন্নাহীন, নিজীব; নিবীৰ্ণ্য, Without a soul; mean; spiritless.

Soul-stirring, a. উত্তেজ ; Exciting the feelings of the heart.

Sound, sound, s. मस; ध्वनि; इर ; धांडगांक; Noise:--শৃষ্ঠগৰ্ভ বা অৰ্থপৃক্ত শব্দ ; Empty or meaningless noise :— यत्र ; Tone :— मकीर्य मागत ; धार्याणी ; Narrow passage of water : strait :--পাতরি পরী-কাৰ পৰা বিশেষ ; A probe ; a surgical instrument to discover stone in the bladder : - মংক্রের পটক। ( ফুল ফুল ); The air-bladder of a fish :-- a. সমন্ত অগন্ত ; Whole :—নীরোগ ; হন্ত ; Healthy :—অভান্ত ; छिक: खावा; वथार्थ. Correct :—खात्री ; सक् ; Weighty : —वृष्ठ : विनष्ठ : Strong :—गडीत ; अभाष्ठ : Deep , profound :—निर्द्धांत्र : निर्द्ध : मन्पूर्व : Perfect :—अङ्-ডিছ: Sane:--অকড; Unhurt:--ভুল হইতে মুক্ত, रेक्द ; क्लिक ; Free from error ; orthodox :-- ad. বীচরণে ; Profoundly :—v. t. গভীরতা রিব-কু ; মাপা ; To measure the depth of :-- শ্বনিত-কু; শব্দিত-কু; To cause to make a voise: --বালান ; বাজাইরা ৰেখা:--পরীকা-ক ; To test ; to examine :--বোক্যা-ক, To celebrate, promulgate, publish: -v. i. 朝西京 পভীৰতা নিৰুপনাৰ্থ ওলন ঘড়িবাবহাৰ-কু. To use the line and fean in ascertaining the depth of water :-- नव-कृ, अनि-कृ; To make a noise :--अक्रांब-क : विश्वांब-क ; To spread. Syn :-(n) Report, resonance, din. (a) Uninjured, unimpaired, firm, strong; vigorous, hearty, hale; reasonable ; valid, true, solid, weighty; well-grounded, fixed; unbroken, profound; heavy, lusty. Bound a retreat—कृति वां एकी वांतरिता दक्षिण वांदरक जारतन-कृ, प्रशांति वांतर वांता वांतरित जांकी-(तृ; Order a retreat by the sound of the trumpet.

Sound as a bell-Quite sound.

Sound as roach—Quite sound. [warning. Sound the alarm— नंडर्- इ: नारवान- इ: Give Sound the depths of— कडवून निजाद जनाद (नवा: Examine the extent or degree of anything.

Sound the trumpet of one's praise—बिखब खन नित्र गांदवा।

Sound well-sfars win; Hear well.

The sound or sounding, n. The thin plate of wood or metal which increases the sound of a musical instrument.

Sounding, sownding, a. ধ্বনিষয়; প্ৰায়খন; Sonorous; making a noise:—কাঁপাল; Pompous: —n. প্রিমাণণ; The act of ascertaining the depth of water.

Sounding-line, ন. বাদর্ভ ্যেল বাণা কড়ি; A line having a plummet at the end, used in sounding.

Soundings, n. pl. সমুদ্রাদির তলম্পর্য ; নাগ্রের যে অংশে তলন জলম্পর্ণ করে; Parts of water where the bottom may be reached; any part of the ocean where a sounding-line will reach the bottom. { lent:—অতলম্পনী; Unbottomable. Soundless, a. শক্ষীন; নি:শক্ষ; Noiseless; si-Soundly, ad. উত্তৰমধ্যমন্ত্ৰণ; পুৰ!

Soundness, n. निर्फार अरहा ; अक्षेत्रा ।

Sound-rod, n. A rod to ascertain the depth of water in a ship's hold. [decoction seasoned. Soup, গতিচ, n. ক্ৰ; অকলা: হণ; Rich broth; a Sour, sour, a. অল; চক, পাটা, Having a pungent taste; acid; tart:—উল, কট্; চীর; কর্কণ; Harsh; bitter:—লগক; Unipe:—পিটাপটে; Peewish:—v. t. আলম্ক-কৃ; আল-কৃ; টকাইলা-দে; To make acid:—আহ্পা-কৃ; কল্প-কৃ, অপান্ত-কৃ; To make cross or peovish:—v. t. আল-কৃ, টক্লা-বা:
To become acid:—ফল-হ; বিট্বিটে-ক; To become peevish or crabbed. Syn:—(a) Acetous; crabbed, morose.

Sour grapes—অপ্রাণ্য বালরা স্থান্ত বন্ধ ; বে সকল বন্ধ অপ্রাথ বলিয়া অনান্ত হন্ধ ; Things despised or depreciated because they are unattainable by us. The grapes are sour—পাইবার বো নাই স্থভনাং বাছনীয় নহে ; The thing is not worth having ( because unattainable ).

Source, sors, n. आहि काइन; मून; উৎপত্তি ছান, यानि; Origin :--डेरन; बदना; A spring.

Source of income—আরের পথ।

Sourish, sowrish, a. ক্বং আয়, Somewhat sour. Sour-milk, n. পোল:

Sourness, n. আমহ ; কট্ডা ; উপ্রতা।

Sonse, sows, n. আচার বিশেষ, Pickle made with salt.—সবণ জল বা শিকামগ্ন মাংসাদি, Anything steeped in pickle:—লাল জলে বৃক্ষিত শুকরের কর্ণ পদাদি, The ears, feet &c., of swine pickled:—
w. t. শিকামগ্ন-কু; আচারে আর্গ্র-কু; জলসিজ-কু; To steep in pickle. তে plunge into water:—n. i. পাখার ক্লার ছো মাবা; হঠাৎ পতিত-ই; To fall suddenly:—n. পতম বা আক্রমণ।

South, sowth, n. निन्निक ; The direction to

the right of a person facing the east:-a. विक्शिक्ष: Lying towards the south :-- ad. क्षिपंक्रिक : क्ष्मिपंक्षिक स्ट्रेटिंड : Towards the south : ত. দক্ষিবিকে কেয়া ; To turn toward the south. Bouth-east, sowth-टर्ड, n. पक्ति- पूर्व , जशिका ; The direction equally distant from the southeast :-- a. विश्वाद नित्र ; Pertaining to southeast. South-easterly, sowth-Esterli South-eastern, sowth-Estern, a. निक्न-भूत ; अशिरकानीय ; spirits; Pertaining to, in the direction of, or coming from the south-east. Southerly, suther-li, Southern, suthern, a. स्किन्दिक मचकीय : प्रक्रिन्दिक्य ; प्रक्रित्त : प्रक्रिन्दिक स्ट्रेट আগত ; Pertaining to, situated in, or proceeding from, or towards the south. Southerner, n. দকিণে লোক।

Southernly, a. पिन (चेंना ; मिननां क्रियुत्व बारिक। Southernmost, a. নৰ্বাপেকা দক্তিণ, দকিণ্ডন; Furthest toward the south.

Southerwood, n. উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ। South sea, n. अणक महानाभन्न ।

Southward, a. विक्वविष्ट ; पिक्वविष्ट्यभाषी ; Toward the south. [ Toward the south. Southward, Southwards, ad. पिन्शानिम्राथ; South-west, sowth-west, n. श्रान्त्र ; निवद कींग ; The direction equally distant from the south and west :--a. নৈৰংকোপায় ; Pertaining to south-west.

Southwester, n. খটকা বিশেষ; নৈৰং অড়; A storm from the south-west.

South-westerly, South-western, a. 1449 কোণাভিত্ৰগামী; নৈৰংকোণাগত; Pertaining to, proceeding from or lying in, the direction of the south-west.

Souvenir, soovner, n. [L. sub, from, and vemio, venira, to come ] সায়ক; স্বতিচিক; স্মবণ-চিন্ধ, অভিজ্ঞান ; A remembrancer ; a keepsake

Sovereign, suver-in, a. প্রবল প্রতাপ ; মহাপরাকান্ত , आशाव ; शहन ; मुक्त ; Supreme in power ; chief , most effectual; utmost :-- ম. শাসনকৰা; নরপতি; সূত্রাট ; স্বাঞ্চ কিংবা রাণী ; A supreme ruler ; a prince or monarch: -- স্থপ্তা বিশেষ; A gold coin=20s. Syn: -(a) Regal, royal, imperial; principal, predominant, paramount; efficacious, controlling, effectual.

Sovereign state—A state which administers its own goverment and is not subject to another

Sovereinty, sover-in-ti, n. আবিপতা; একাণিণতা; প্ৰভূষ ; Authority ; supreme power :--রাজ্য ; Kingdom; dominion. [194; Metal. mas=boar. Sow, sow, n. वत्राही ; भूकती ; A female pig :-- वाकु-Sow. so, v. t. वर्गन-क ; व्याना ; To scatter (as seed) :-- প্রচার-জু ; To spread :-- ত. c. বীজ বপন-জু : Bu-v; To scatter seed. pt=sowed, pp=sowed, sown, n=sower (वशनकाती, वशा)।

As you sow, so you resp - (यमन वर्गन कतित्व, ভেমনই ছেদন করিবে।

Bow broad cast-ইত্তত: বিকেপ-ক: To sow by scattering at large from the hand not in rows :-- বিক্তি ক ; To spread widely. [বপন-ক ! Bow discord (or dissensions)—(अप-वीड Bow dragon's teeth-विवाद-वीक वर्गन-कः

Sow the seeds of - रोज रणम-क ; ऐर्शानम-क ; কিছুৰ ব্ৰপাত-হ; To cause to originate; lay the foundation of.

Sow the wind and reap the whirwind-আন্তন থাও আংরা হাগিবে; Behave wickedly and suffer a dreadful punishment.

Sow wild oats-नानारा-कः, Pass through a season of wild or thoughtless dissipation, as in youth :-- रेलिय मिवाय कानश्यन-इ : त्योवनकानस्त्रक ष्यस्था वारमान शरमान मरष्ठांग-कृ; Pass through a period of youthful extravagance and thoughtless dissipation; indulge in follies and pranks when young. [ upon the very thing. To get the right sow by the ear-To hit To take the wrong sow by the ear—अश्रुड লোককে ধুত-কু। [ cral water. Spa, spaw, n. পনিজ জলের উৎস ; A spring of min-

Space, spns, n. স্থান; স্ব ; Room ; area :--বিস্থৃতি: প্রচার; Extension in all directions:--অৱকাল; সময়; A short time; quantity of time: —দুবতা ; Distance between objects :--পদাৰ্থ সৰু-লের মধ্যবতী দূরতা ; বাবধান ; Interval between any two or more object :- v. t. মধ্যে মধ্যে বিশ্বাস-কু; To arrange intervals between. Syn :--(n) Extent, amplitude; capacity; distance, interval.

Infinite apace—অবস্তুদেশ ; সহাকাল। Extending through all space—দিশ্ৰাপী। Spacious, spáshe-us, a. বিস্তৃত; প্রশন্ত , Wide ; extensive ; roomy :--বিশাস ; লখা-চওড়া ; Vast in extent. n=spaciousness (বিস্তার; প্রশব্তা)। Syn: - Expansive, broad, ample, capacious. Spade, spad, n. কোদালি; থনিত্ৰ; A tool for

digging; shovel:--( তাদ খেলার) ইশ্বাবন :-- v. t. कृमान चावा अनन-इ ; To dig with a spade.

Call a spade a spade—अम्ड क्ला कहा; वर्गाक्ला বলা ; Call things by their right names.

Spaddle, n. মুদ্র কোদালি ; Small spade. Spadin, n. इन पूजा-नेव व बन्नती।

Spake, spak, n. Old past tense of speak.

Span, span, n. বিষভি , এক বিষণ ; অন্ধ-ছন্ত পৰি-মাণ; The space from thumb to little finger:-व्यवकाल ; A space of time :-- पूरे शिक्षा वी बोटनह गया-ৰভীর থিলানাদিব প্রসায় ; থিলান জা়া ; The chord line of an arch or the direct distance between its cyticmities:—বোডার জুড়ি:—v. t. বিযক্তি যারা পরিমাণ-ক ; To measure by spans ; to measure : ---বন্ধন-কু; শুৱালিত-কু; To fetter.

The span of life-जीवत्तव পविभित्र काल ; जाय:। Spandrel, n. थिलात्त्र डेश्रेद डेक्श्रेशार्दश जिल्लाकार

Spangle, spang'gl, n. চুম্কি; তাবা; রত্বৰভ , Bright shining piece of metal :- v. f. pafa বদাইলা শোভিত-তু; রত্বথও দারা হুশোভিত-তু; Το adorn or set with spangles :- ण. i. डेक्न-र; हक्षक्-कृ ; To glitter. [ native of Spain. Spaniard, spanyard, n. ल्यान्स्यान लाक; A Spaniel, spanyel, n. শিকারী কুকুর; বোৰণ কল क्रूब, Sporting dog:-(डावारमांगकाती लाक; नीह নেক ; A fawning obsequious person. Spanish, spanish, a. সেব্দেশীর; Of or pertaining to Span :- n, CMCTA WITH; The language

of Spain.

Spank, v. t. চংগটাবাত-কু; চড় বারা; চাণড় বারা; To slap:—v. c. ফত গমন-কু; বেগে গমন-কু; To move quickly. [ sail of a ship or bark. Spanker, spang'ker, ম. গাইল বিলেব; The after-Spanking, a. বেগে বাৰমান:—বৃহৎ; প্রবন। Spannew, a. সম্পূর্ণ নৃতন; নৃতন আনকোরা; A quite new.

Soar, spar, n. ধৰিজ প্ৰকাৰণ্ড বিশেষ:—মাজলাদি কাঠণণ্ড; দীৰ্ঘ কাঠণণ্ড; A long beam; a rafter:— মুনামূদি; A contention with the fists:—ত. চ মুনামূদি মারা; মুনামূদি করিবার উদ্দেশ্তে সমূধে তুই হল্পের মৃত্তির আকালন-কৃ; To box with the hands:—বিবাদ-কৃ; বাক্যুদ্ধ-কৃ; To dispute. n=sparrer.

Spare, ১par, v.t. প্ৰিমিত ক্লপে ব্যবহার-ভূ, প্রিমিত ব্যব-क ; To use frugally :--- ताव ना-क , प्रक्ष-क ; वीहान ; To save from any use :--ইচ্ছাপুৰ্বাক-দে, ত্যাগ-সু; होडियो-प : To part with willingly, to give :-जपत्र वावश्व-क ; To treat tenderly .-- निवादन-क ; To withhold from :- v. i. मिठवायी-इ, To be frugal: --বিরত-হ; স্বান্ত হ , To forbear .--করুণ-হ; কোমল-ই; To be tender :- কমা-কু; ক্ষমাপ্ৰ-ছ, To forgive, to forbear :--a. অপ্ৰচুৰ ; অন , Stanty ; not abu idant; little :- মিতগারী, I hrifty; frugal :--काश्व ; इन ; Lean — अञ्जितिक , डेवृष्ठ , Superfluous. ad=sparely ( পল মাত্রাৰ ) i n=spareness ( কুশভা )। Syn:—(v) Rescree, save, withhold, omit; allow, grant, afford. (a) Unplentiful, scarse; stinted, parsimonious, niggardly, chary; thin, meagre, lank, emaciated; supernumerally Enough and to spare-এচ্ৰ; More than sufficient; enough to satisfy one -43 with (9 ভাহা হইতে অপরকেও কিছু দেওখা বাইতে পারে; Adcquate not only to meet one's own wants but have some of it over and above which may be given to others. [ Be always busy.

Not have a moment to spare—সদা বাত থাকা; Spare money or time—( অন্ত্ৰিধা বা কভি জীকাৰ না কৰিবা) টাকা বা সূত্ৰৰ দেওবা।

Spare no pains—বৰ্ণাসাধা চেষ্টা-কু, বছ বা প্ৰমের ক্রটি না-কু; Do one's best; take all the pains one can. Spare one's solf—আগনাকে বন্ধা-কু।

Spare-rib, n. বল্ল নাংসৰ ককা প্ৰপাৰাত্বি, A piece of meat consisting of the ribs with spare or little flesh.

Sparing, sparing, a. আৰু, অপৰ্যাপ্ত, প্ৰিনিড; Scanty:—ক্ৰাপীল, দয়ালু; Forbearing:—মিড-বারী; Thrifty; frugal:—সক্ষী; Saving — সামান্ত, Scarce. ad = sparingly. n=sparingnes. Be sparing of—(কোন কিছু সক্ষে) অভি সাবধান ইইয়া চলা; কম ক্রিয়া দেওয়া, Be chary or parmopous of.

Not to be sparing of one's self—নিজ কর্তব্য-নাধনে সাধ্যমত চেপ্তা-কু; Strain every nerve to do one's duties.

Spark, spark, n. অপ্লিকণা; A small shining body or light:— স্থানত , কুল্কি; Particle of fire shot off from a buring body:—কুড় আৰ ; কণা; অকুর; A small portion:—ত্রেমিক; স্বাসিক যুবক; মাগর, A lover; a gallant; a beau.

Bot to have a spark of kindness in one-দরার লেশনাত্র দা বীকা; সাবাভ্যনাত্র দরা বা থাকা। Bparkie, sparki, n, সায়িক্শা, কুড় ফুলিক, কিন্কী, A little spark; a small particle of fire: ক্ৰাণ্ডা: এডা; Lustre: ত. . ক্ৰিক বিৰ্থভন্ ; বিশিত্ত হ'; বিৰ্ভিভন্ ; বিশিত্ত হ'; To emit spares: ত ক্ৰেড্ডা: To shine: তিব্লভন্ ; To glitter. Syn: — Scintillate, coruscate, twinkle, glisten, flash; efferesce. Sparkling, sparkling, a ব্লুব্ল: উৰ্বল; Brilliant; glittering: — উৰ্বল্ ; ভেৰ্বল; Lively. Sparrow, sparo, n. চড়াই; চটক ব্ৰল্ ; A small bird.

Sparrow-bill, sparo-bil, n. জুডাৰ কাঁটা; A Sparrow-hawk, n. ছোট বালপকী; A small hawk. Sparry, a. পার নামক ক্ষাটক বালিজ বা ডমুনা; Consisting of, or resembling spar.

Sparse, spars, a. বিরুদভাবে বিকিপ্ত ; বিরুদ ; জবি-

বিড়; গাতলা; Thinly scattered. n=sparseness (বিবলতা)। ad=sparcely (কাঁক কাঁক; বিরাষভাবে)। Spartan, spar'tan, a. বীসদেশের পাটানগর সম্বন্ধীয়: Of or pertaining to Sparta in Greece:—क्ट्रेमर ; Hardly:—নিতাক, সাহসী; অক্তোভয়; Pearless. Spasm, spazm, n. [ G. spasma, from spacin, to draw] পেশার সম্বোচ; বিল-ধ্যা; আন্দেগ; বেঁচুনি; হুঠাৎ আ্বেগ, An involuntary and morbid contraction of muscles, convulsion. Syn:—Twitch; fit. three. paroxysm.

Spasmodic, spa/-modik, Spasmodical, spaz-modik-al, s. সংস্থাচক, আফোপক, টান বিশিষ্ট, Convulsive.

Spasmodic, n. আকেপ-নিবারক উবধ; A medicine for removing spasm. [ spasms. Spasmology, n. আকেপ-ভত্ব, A discourse on Spat, spat, n. শব্দাদি কটিনাবৰ জীবেৰ শিশু, শব্বাদির ডিন, The spawn or young of a shellfish: young of oysters—pt. of "spit." to throw from the mouth.

Spathe, n. পুশ্नीर्वन्दक ; क्ष्य-मध्रती व्हर ।

Spatial, a. देमनिक ; दिनमञ्जीत ।

Spatter, v t. ভিটকান, ভিটা-দে, To throw out small wet splashes:—ছণীন-কু, কলঙ্কাখিত-কু; To defame.—বিকিপ্ত-কু, To scatter about:—v. s. ধুখু ফেলা।

Spatter-dashes, n. p? জন ও কর্মমরোমক পদাবরণ ৷
Spatula, spatula, Spattle, n. প্রবেশ পেরবার
ত্যু : মলমাদি লেপন ক্রিবার ছবি ; A broad kind of knule for spreading plasters.

Spavin, spavin, ম. ঘোটকেৰ সন্ধি-শোধ, আৰের প্রতি-ফ্রীতি, A swelling near the joints of a horse producing lamences. a-spavined (সন্ধি শোধ-শীচিত, Affected with spavin).

Spawi, spawi, n. নিঠাবন, অসাবধানভাপুৰ্কাক নিঞ্চিত্ত ধুৰ, Spittle thrown out carelessly:—কাঠ বা পাণ ধের চেলা; চোকালি '—ফ. i. পুরু ফেলা, নিঠাবন নিজেপকু, To spittle from mouth in a scattering form. Spawn, spawn, n. মংস্ত বা ডেকের ডিফ; মংস্তাদির ডিম; ছানা; The eggs of fish, or frogs, when ejected, offspring:—ফ. t. ডেক বা মংস্তের ভার প্রস্কর-কু; উৎপাদন-কু. To produce as fishes do their eggs, to bring forth:—ফ. i. ডিম ছাড়া; To issue, as offspring.

Spawner, spawher, n. nife new; nien ni The female fish from which the spawn is ejected. mas=uniter.

Speak, spek, v. s. वला , डेकि-इ , क्या कहा , To

say, to talk; to converse:— শ্ৰু ; To sound:

শ্ৰু উচ্চাৰ্-ড়; To utter words:— ড. : উচ্চাৰ্-ড়; ব্যাণ্ড-ড়; To pronounce; address:—
লখা-ড়; ব্যাণ্ড-ড়; To declare. Syn:—Articulate, enunciate; discourse, spout, harangue, declaim, chat confabulate; deliver.

Speak a Language—কোন ভাবাৰ কৰা কহা।
Speak a ship—বাহাৰের বাবিক্তে ভাকা বা আহাৰকু; To hail or speak to as commander or captain of one ship to another while their ships are
passing near each other at sea.

Speak for, Speak well for—অসুকুলে বলা;
ৰপকে বলা; Speak in favour.

Speak for itself—নিজের দোব বা তাণ বাজ-জ; Proclaim its own character:—তাহা বে কি তা নিজেই বাজ-ফ; সকলের দৃষ্টিগোচর-ছ; Make its own nature known or say what it is; to be visible to all.

Speak ill of—বিশা-তৃ; অধ্যাতি-তৃ; Censure. Speak in high terms, Speak highly of— কাহারত বিশেষ স্থাতি-তৃ; Praise one highly. Speak lightly of—অবস্থা ক্রিয়া বলা; ভুক্ত ক্রিয়া

Speak lightly of--জবজ্ঞা করিয়া বলা; তুল্ফ করিব বলা।

Speak much for, Say much for—কোৰ কিছ ভাল বলিখা বোধ-ই; Indicate much about.

Speak of—কোন বিষয় বা ব্যক্তি সম্বন্ধে বলা; কাহায়ও বা কোন বিষয় সম্বন্ধে বলা; ব্যক্ত-কু; উল্লেখ-কু; Talk about:—a. উল্লেখযোগ্য;

Speak one's mind—দরল-হ; দরলবলা:-হ; To be outspoken, frank, open.

Speak out, Speak up—পট করিয়া বলা; Say loudly —ভাল করিয়া মনের কথা বলা; খুলিয়া বলা; Say aloud freely what is in one's mind.

Speak the sense of—ৰয়েন মত বা মনোভাব কি তাহা ব্যক্ত-কু; Utter the sentiments or views of (others).

Speak to—কাহার সহিত কথা কহা; Talk with:— প্রমাণ-কু, Prove; prove the truth of by testimony:—সংবাধন-কু, Address:—কোন ইন্সিরের বিষয়ী-ভূত-হ; Court:—সভা বলিয়া দেখা; Certify.

Speak volumes—আনক কথা আৰু ইহাতে আনক ব্যক্ত করিতেছে; আনক কথা জানা বাইতেছে; বথেষ্ট সাক্য-বে, Convey much information; have weight, as an argument:—Be significant; say a good deal:—Furnish ample evidence.

Speak well for—এক্সা-কৃ; Be commendatory of:—ভাগ চিহু-ই; Be a favourable of.

Spoak well of—ৰাশ্যা-কৃ; ব্যাতি-কৃ; Praise. Epoak with—(কাহারও দহিত) কথাবার্তা কহা; ব্যব্যাবাপ-কৃ; Converse with.

Speaker, speker, ন. বে কথা কৰে; কথক. One who speaks:—বজা; বাস্কা; Orator:—সভাগতি; Chairman; the person who presides.

Spoaking, क रांक्याकात्रनकाती , कारणीत ; श्रव्यक्त यर :-- ११ कारणीति ।

Not to be on speaking terms with— কাহার সহিত বাক্যালাগ না-ফু, কাহারও সহিত অপ্রণ্য-হ; Cease to be friends with a person and to exchange words with him.

Properly speaking—বিশেব করিবা বলিতে হইলে; বল্তে গেলে; আনলটা বল্তে গেলে; Strictly speaking, in point of fact.

Speaking acquaintance—ning control! "
Speaking pire or tube—Tube for communicating to a distant room.

Speaking roughly—(nibials along, reference) account; not very accurate in small particulars.

Speaking trumpet, n. বে তুরী থারা থাসুবের বর জগদ-গরীর হইণা থাকে; মানব-কঠবর বুরে চাদহিবার বস্তু বিশেষ; An instrument used to intensify the human voice, so as to convey it to a great distance.

Spear, sper, n. বরুষ; বর্বা; মৃজ্কি; Lance:—ত. t. বর্বা বা বরুম বারা বিদ্ধ-কৃ; To pierce with a spear. To break a spear—কৃত্রিম বৃদ্ধ-কৃ. To fight is a tournament.

The spear side—পিতৃপঞ্চ। Spear-head, n. ব্ৰার ফলা।

Spear-man, sporman, n. वर्गवादी ; वज्ञमवादी ; A man armed with spear.

Spearmint, n. উত্তিল বিশেষ; A species of mint. Special, speshe-al, a. বিশেষ; অতম; Of a sort; particular distinctive:—অসাবারণ; Uncommon; peculiar:—n. বিশেষ ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু; রেল গাড়ী বিশেষ। ad=specially. Syn:—Appropriate, specific, individual; extraordinary, exceptional.

Special constable, n. প্লিশ-কৰ্মচারী বিশেষ; A citizen enrolled for an emergency.

Specialise, v. t. বিশেষক্ষপে অবসার-কু; To determine in a special manner. n=specialisation.

Specialist, n. বিষয় বিশেষে প্রযুক্ত ব্যক্তি; One who devotes to a special subject.

Speciality, spesh-i-aliti, n. বিশেষত্ব ; বিশেষ বৰ্ত্ত , বিশেষ কিছ বা গুল ; Peculiarity :—বিশেষ মনোবাদের বিষয় ; বিশেষ আলোচ্য বিবয় ; Special occupation or object of attention.

Specially, ad. वित्यवक्राय : वित्यव देखारण ।

Special jury, n. বিশেষ সভা; A jury consisting of persons of a certain superior station in society.

Special pleading, n. বাকচাত্রী; বিশেষ তর্ক -The specious but unsound statements of one whose object is victory and not truth; quibbling.

Special vertice, n. বিশেষ সিমান্ত: One stating the facts, but leaving the law to be determined by the judges.

Specialty, n. বিশেষ বিষয় ; বিশেষ বিষয় ; বৃদ্ধি পাত্র , বিশেষ বিদ্যা ; A special case or contract.

Specie, spe'shi, n. খৰ্ব ব বৌণা মুদ্ৰা; Gold and silver coin.

Species, spe'shez, n. sing, and fl. [L. specere, to look ] আভি, খেলী, A group of individuals or things much alike:—প্ৰদায়; স্বৰুষ, Kind, sort; variety; denomination.

Specific, spē-sif'ik, Specifical, a. [ L. species, a particular kind, and facere, to make ] আতার; বিশেষ জাতীর; Particularising; distinguishing:—বিশেষ; Definite:—বিশিষ্ট, টিক: বৰ্ষাঝ; অব্যূৰ্ব; Precise; infallible. ad—specifically (বিশেষ-স্থাণ; প্রকৃতি অমুসারে)! Syn:—(a) Particular, peculiar, especial, characteristic; precise.

Specific, n. faces quile feeine Gas ; faces ecei-

शंक देश ; है नकारी देश ; A remedy which exerts a special act in a particular disease; an infallible remedy.

Specific character—লাভীয় বৰ্ষণ। Specific differance—লাভীয় প্ৰভেগ।

Specific name—কাজীয় নাম।

Specific gravity, n. আপেনিক ওমত, আপৈনিক ভমতা; The ratio which the weight of any substance bears to the weight of an equal bulk of pure water; weight that belongs to an equal bulk of each body.

Specification, spes-i-fi-káshun, n. विरमंत्र निमर्भन ; निर्द्धन ; विरम्बद्धल कथन ; अविरमंत्र छेद्धमं ; A state-

ment of particulars.

Specify, spese-fi, v. t. [L. species, and facio, to make ] বিশেষ কৰিছা বিশেষ-ক; বিশেষ কৰিছা বিশেষ-ক; বিশেষ কৰিছা বৰ্ণা; বাৰ-ক; To mention particularly. Syn:—Designate, indicate; particularse, indicavidualize, define. [model, pattern. pl=specimens. Specimen, spece-men, n. আৰ্থা; বৰ্ণা; Sample; Specimen copy—আৰ্থ-বৰ্ণ।

Specimen pages—আদৰ্ প্ৰসমূহ।

Specious, spc she-us, a. দেখিতে সত্য কিন্ত বাছবিক নহে; বাজে বথাৰ্থ প্ৰতীয়মান, বস্তুত: নহে; আগাতস্থ্যর; Showy; plausible; apparently right:—সম্পুত্ত, চটকগার। ১৮॥:—Ostensible, colourable, aur.

Speciously, ad. জাপাতত: প্ৰায়ডাবে। Speciousness, n. জাপাতত্ৰমাতা, বাহু সৌশ্বয়। Species, v. t. or v. i. বিশেষ ব্যবহার-কৃ; বিশেষ

বিদ্যার্জনে নিযুক্ত-কু।

Specist, n. বে কোন বিশেষ বিলায় পারদর্শী।
Speck, spek, n. বাগ; চিন্ত, কলক; Spot, blemish:
—v. t. কলকিড-ক; বাগ-ক; চিন্তিড-ক; To spot; to
stain with spot. Syn —(n) Spot, stain, flaw,

blemish, defect, fault, blot, mote Speckle, spekl, n. কুছ চিহ্ন; ভোট দাগ, A little spot, mark or dash.—v.t কুছ দাগ দাবা অভিড-কু; কুছ চিহ্নে চিহ্নিড-কু, To mark with small spots.

Speckled, p. a. দাঝ, বিবৰ্ণ, চিক্ৰ্ড, বিচিত্ৰ ৷
Speckled, p. a. দাঝ, বিবৰ্ণ, চিক্ৰ্ড, বিচিত্ৰ ৷
Speckled, spekkakl, n. [L. speckaculum, from spectare, to look at ] দৃভ ; দৰ্শনীয় বাগোব : প্ৰদৰ্শনী;
A remarkable sight; show; exhibition:—pl.
চৰমা; Glasses to assist the sight. a—spectacled ( চৰমাধায়ী; wearing spectacles), spectacular ( প্ৰদৰ্শনবোগ্য) ৷ Syn.—(n) Pageant representation; gazingstock, cuiosity, wonder.

Spectator, spek-tater, n. দৰ্শক; বাইা, One who looks on; looker-on; beholder; observer; witness. feg-spectatress, spectatres.

Spectral, a. ভোভিক, পৈশাচিক; Ghostly.

Spectre, spekter, n. [ L. spectrum, an appearance ] ভূত , প্ৰেড ; পিশাচ , Phantom ; ghost. a= spectral. Syn :—Apparition, shade, spirit.

Spectro-200pe, n. আলোক দর্শন থারা বন্ধর প্রকৃতি পরীকার যন্ত্র, জ্যোতিকালোকের বিভিন্ন বর্ণ পরীকার যন্ত্র বিশেষ।

Spectrum, spectrum, n. দৃষ্ট পদাৰ্থ; বৰ্ণজ্ঞ; চন্দ্ৰ বুজিলে দৃষ্ট পদাৰ্থের বে মৃত্তি প্ৰতিকাত হয়; The image of something seen after closing the eyes:— আলোকের বিলিপ্ত বৰ্ণ; The colours of light separated by a prism; image of the sun through a prism. pl=spectia, Spectrum analysis—within faster !
Specular, speku-lar, a. 1994; afferer ; Having a smooth, reflecting surface.

Speculate, speku-lat, v. i. [L. speculari, speculatus, to spy out] চিছা-ড়; অপুবায়-ড়; সিছাত-ড়; বিচার-ড়; বিবেচনা-ড়; To consider; to meditate:—অবিক লাভার্থ ব্যবসা-ড়; মাল কিনিয়া বাধাই-ড়; To traffic for great profit. Syn:—Contemplate, cogitate; theorize.

Speculate on or upon—ভাল করিলা চিভা-কু;
Think attentively on:—(কোন বিবন্ন লইনা) কথাবাৰ্তা কহা; Dwell upon.

Speculation, spek-য-láshun, #. অসুখাৰ; কৰনা; বিবেচনা, Contemplation; mental view:— বিজ্ঞান; Theory:—অধিকম্ন্য বিক্রের আশার অ্যাধি ক্রম, The buying goods &c. in expectation of selling them at an advance. Syn:—Consideration, thought; hypothesis, conjecture.

Speculative, speku-lat-iv, a. অৰ্থানপ্ৰাৰণ; চিত্ৰা-নীল; Given to meditation or speculation:—কাল-নিক; মন্কেলিড; Theoretical; ideal:—ক্ৰিদান বাবসায়ে ৰড; Pertaining to speculation in business.

Speculator, क. कहनाकारी वास्ति , शांत दीवारेकाडी । Speculum, spekti-lum, क. वर्गन ; जानन ; जानना ; A reflector of polished metal , a mirror.

Sped, pt. pp. of speed.

Speech, spech, n. ভাষা; কথা, কথাবাৰ্থা; যাতা; Language:—বাৰ্ণাক্ত. The faculty of speaking; the power of speaking:—বক্তা; Oration: —ক্ষন, Mention. Syn:—Tongue, idiom, dialect, discourse, talk; harangue, address.

A spoech-day — বিদানের প্রকার প্রদানের দিন।
Speechless, specifies, a. বাক্শজিহান; নীরব;
বাক্রছিড; বোবা; নৌন; Deprived of the faculty
of speech.

Speech-maker, ল. বঞ্চাকাৰ; বঞ্চা; বালী!
Speed, sped, v.s. অরা-কৃ, বেগেগন-কৃ; To hasten;
to move quick:—কৃডকায়-কৃ; সকল-কৃ, To succeed:
—গমন-কৃ, To fare:— v. ডবাবিড-কৃ, নীল্ল মেরণ-কৃ,
To hasten:—নির্বাহ-কৃ; To execute:—নাহায়-কৃ,
To aid:—নৌভাগালীল-কৃ, কলবং-কৃ. To make prosperous:—বিনট-কৃ, উজ্জিন-কৃ:—n. বেগ ; কডভা; কডন্মন; নীল্লডা, Haste; quickness:—সিদ্ধি, কৃডকায়তা;
কার্যে উত্ততি; Success. pt. pp=sped. Syn:—(n)
Expedition, hurry, acceleration, rapidity, swiftness, celerity; despatch; prosperity. (v) Hurry;
prosper, thrive, fare; despatch, accelerate, expedite, urge, assist, help, favour.

At full speed —পুরো বেবে, In full motion; with the greatest speed —পুরো জোরে, Vigorously. Keep at the top of one's speed—ৰত লোৱে

Reop at the top of one's speed—ৰঙ জোৱে যাওয়া বাইতে পারে যাওয়া বা বাওয়ান, Go or make one go so fast as one is able to do so.

God speed you or good speed—জুমি কৃত্ৰাখ্য হণ্ড; May you have good success.

Speedy, spedi, a. ছবিত; ক্ত ; স্বৰ; Hasty; quick; nimble. n=speedincss. ad=speedily (ফ্তবেগ; স্বৰ)।

Spell, spel, n. [A. S. spell, spel, story, tale,. speech] কাকের পালা; পরিবর্ত্তে; বললি; A turn at work, turn of a work, — আর্কান ; A short pe-

riod :--বাছ; বাছ বিছিন্তি খব; Incantation; words of witching power :-- রোগের আক্রমণ কাল; Paroxysm :-- ७. रं. स्म अश्-क ; वहनिष्ठ कर्य-क ; To take another's place at work :--वानाम-क ; वर्गनरवान-क ; क्रिक अक्टब कार्य ; To tell, name, write or print the proper letters:—সত্ৰবলৈ বৰীভূত-কু: ৰাত্-কু: ▼▼ : To charm by reciting a form of words: to bewitch :-- ए. i. वानाव-कृ; To form words with the proper letters. n=speller ( वानानकाती : one who can spell, one skilled in spelling.) pt. pp .- spelt. Syn :- (n) Exorcism charm; witchery, fascination; term, period, interval, fit. Break the spell, Break the charm-City हरेंदे मूक-कृ; पून एकत्त्र-त्न ; Take off the charm ; dispel the delusion :-- मूच (कांठी ; स्थानकांव सूत्र-कृ ; Remove the restraint.

Cast a spell on—ৰোহিত-কু; Fascinate.
Throw a spell over—ৰোহিনীশকি বিভার-কু;
বাছ-কু; Bewitch.

Spell-bound, spel-bound, s. ব্যুক্ত; বৌহত; বোহিত; Arrested or locked up by spells or charms.

Spelling, spelling, n. বৰ্ণকৃত্বি বিদ্যা; Orthography: --বৰ্ণবিস্থান-প্ৰণালী: --পদের বৰ্ণবিস্থান; The act of naming the letters of words.

Spolling-book, n. বৰ্ণশিকা: বৰ্ণনিচন; বানান শিকার বই; A book for teaching to spell.

Spelling match—বাদানের বাজি; বাদানের বন্ধ : Spell-land, spell-land, n. বাছনতে মুখ দেশ; A land of spells or charms.

Spelt, n. 43 (404); A species of corn.

Spelter, spelter, n. vel; Zunc.

Spence, spens, n. ধাৰ্য-ভাষাৰ; A pantry. Spencer, spenser, n. কক্ক; অসমাধা জানা বিশেষ; A short over-jacket worn by men or women.

Spend, spend, v. t. বান-কু, নষ্ট-কু; উড়াইরা-লে;
To weigh or lay out; to consume; to waste:
—-ৰভিবাহিত-কু; কেপা-কু; বাগন-কু; To pass, as time:—v. i. বান-কু; বন্ধ-কু; To make expense, to be dissipated. n-spender. pt. pp-spense, disburse, expend; squander, dissipate, lavish; employ, dovote, bestow.

Spending, #. ब्रह ; वाप ।

Spending money—( নিজের ) হাত-ধরচ। Spendthrift, spendthrift, n. অপবারী ; কদ্মী-ছাড়া ; A prodigal.

Spent, pt. pp. of shend. [exhausted with. Be spent with—(কোন কিছুৰ অন্ত ) কাছ-হ; Bc Speral, sper'al, n. বৰ্ণাকান; Rounded or like sphere:—সপ্ৰ: সামজন্ত; Perfect; symmetrical. Sperm, sperm, n. কেড:; তক; জান্তৰ বীষা বা জীব; বংকো ডিব. Animal seed; spawn:—তেলাৰ জব্য; Spermaceti.

Spermaceti, sper-ma-se'ti, n. ভিমিন্ন ৰসা , ভিমিন্ন মন্ত্ৰকাত তেলাল ক্ৰয় ; A waxy matter obtained from the head of sperm-whale.

Spermatic, sper-matik, Spermatical, spermatik-al, a. ওজবিবৰক; ওজসবজীয়; Pertaining to or consisting of sperm or seed; seminal.

Spermatorrhess, শ. বৰ্ষদেব; ভক্ৰম; Flowing of seminal fluid. [obtained from the sperm-whale. Sperm-oil, sperm-oil, n. ভিনি বংকের ভেন; Oil

Sperm-whale, sperm-hwal, n. fold act form; A species of whale from which sperm or speamaceti is obtained.

Spew, spil, v. t. v. i. ব্যন্ত কু; To eject from the stomach; to vomit. Syn:—Disgorge, throw. Sphere, sfēr, n. বোলক, মুলন; চক; Globe:—কর্তা কর্ম; কাই্টেকর; Province; duty:—ক্ষ; ঘ্রা; Rank:—বৃত্ত; Centre. Syn:—Orb, ball; region, country; circuit, circle, compass, range; department, function, employment, capacity; standing, order.

Music of the sphere—মাচীনদিনের মতে এছবৰ্ণের এছসনিত শব্দের সামগ্রন্থ, The music supposed to result from the motion of the spheres.

Spheric, sfer'ik, Spherical, sfer'ik-al, a. নোলাৰার; মুবলাৰার, বৰ্ত্বাৰার; Like a sphere; round; globular; circular; orbicular; rotund. Sphericity, sper-isi-ti, ন. নোলছ; মুবলাৰারহ; Roundness.

Spherics, #. मधन-विद्या ; त्रीनांशांत्र ।

Sphinx, spingks, n. কাজনিক রাক্সী; নুনিংহ মুর্টে; A figure with a lion's body and man's head; a fabulous monster:—প্রহেলিকা; Enigma.

Spice, spis, n. এলাচ, মরিচ প্রভৃতি মন্না; গরম মননা; An aromatic:—মন পরিমাণ; A small quantity: —v. t. মননা-দে; To season with spice. Syn:— (n) Pepper; seasoning, flavouring; savour, relish, infusion, dash; grain, particle.

Spicery, spiser-i, n. মসলার আগার, মদলার ভাতার; A repositary of spices.

Spich and span - नण्डि बृड्व ; डीहेका ; जानकता ; Quite new, i. e. as now, as a spike just made and a chip just split.

Spick, n. cata ; Spike, nail.

Spicy, spisi, a. ফাৰি: Fragrant:—মনলাগাঃ; Abounding with spices:—উত্তঃ কটু; ভীত্তঃ; Pungent:—ভীত্ত; সভেল; Smart; pointed, gaudy. n=spiciness, ad=spicily.

Spidor, spi'der. n. উৰ্বান্ত ; মাক্তসা ; An animal remarkable for spining webs for taking its prey. Spider-brusher, n. গানী; চাৰ্ত্তান্ত ; House-maid. Spidor-catcher, n. গান্ধবিশেষ ; A bird.

Spider's web—ৰাক্ডসাই ভাল।

Spigot, spig'ut, n. কাঠের ছিপি বিশেষ; A peg used to stop a small hole.

Spike, spik, ন. শতের শীব . পুপাবলরী; An ear of corn:—কীনক; বোঁটা, বট্ট; A small pointed rod:—বড় প্রেক; A large nail:—v. f. গজান বারা পোডা; বড় প্রেক দিনা আঁটা; বোঁটা বারা; ছিন্তু ক্ল-কু; Fasten with spikes; to stop the vent of with a spike.

Put a spike in one's wheel—বার্থ-ক ; To say something of one which is calculated to injure him or prevent his success, to thwart.

Spikenard, spiknard, s. উট্টি বিশেষ ; A clant.

Spiky. spiki, s. छोड़ांड : (धक्यूक ; कीवकविनिष्ठ ; Having a sharp point; furnished with spikes. Bpill, spil, v. f. পাডিত-কু; নিক্ষেপ-কু; কেলিয়া-বে; To shed; to suffer to run out of a vessel :-কর-কু; To waste :--- : পভিড-হ; পভা; ছাপাইরা शिक्षियां-वा ; To be shed; to fall out ; to be allowed to fall, be lost, or wasted. Spill, Spile, ন. বুর কাঠের সৌজ; সরু পলা ; A small peg or pin to stop a hole : --পলিডা। Spin, spin, v. t. পাকাইয়া হুভার পরিণত-কু; ( হুভা ) कांही, कांहेना कांही; To draw out and twist into threads:--v. i. সভা কাটা; To perform the act of spinning :- खडीन ; शाक बाबता ; बुता ; To whirl. ==spinner, pt. pp==spun. Spin a yarn-নৱ-কু; Tell a tale :--গাঁৰাখুরি গর-F; Invent and tell a long story. Spin out-- विनाहेबा विनाहेबा वाहान, Draw out tediously; invent so as to extend to a great length; trotract; prolong to a tedious length. Spin out a discourse—शृंधि वाहान , अवद वाहान । Spinach, Spinage, spinzj, n. Glav বিশেষ, An eatable plant. f back-bone. Spinal, a. Ages needs; Pertaining to the Spinal column. n. (सङ्ग्रह. निवर्गेष्ठा । Spinal cord-पृष्ठेवः नीव मन्त्रा ; (महितक चात् । Spindle, spindl, ল. টেকুমার দও, তর্কু. টেকো; Pin used in spinning :- The fusee of a watch. Spindle-legged, a. সক্পদ বিশিষ্ট। Spindle side--মাতৃপর্ক। Spine, n. त्यक्षक ; निवर्गांड़ा ; शृष्टेवरण ; The backbone of an animal :- \*\*\* Thorn. a spinal. Spinet, n. वाश्रवन वित्वव : Keyed instrument. Spinning, a. কাটৰা; Used in spinning. Spinning jenny—স্তাকাটা ব্য , A machine for spinning wool or cotton. Spinning-wheel, spining-hwel, n. sael (4014; স্ভাৰটো আ ; A machine for spinning yarn or Spinose, Spinous, c. কউক্ষর ; Thorny. Spinster, spinster, n. অবিবাহিতা ব্যলিকা; चन्छ। ; An unmarried female :- (व नाही काइना कारहे, A female who spins. Spiny, spini, a. কটকপূর্ব; কটকবয়; Thorny :--महेबनक ; क्षित ; Troublesome ; perplexed. Spiracle, spir'ākl, n. রজু; রজু; বাস-রজু ; Any minute passage; pore; a breathing hole. Spiral, spiral, a. পেঁচাল; বক্র; Circularly involved; curved :- Winding like a screw :- n. ৰক রেখা ; A spiral line :--কু বন্ধ ; A screw. Spirally, ad. পেঁচালৰূপে; বলগভিত্তে; In a spiral form or direction. [ শিখা ; Steeple ; top. Spire, spir, n. ही हब ; व्यवस्त ; Curl ; twist :-- हुक़ ; Spirit, spirit, n. [L. spiritus, from spirare, to breathe] चूड ; त्यङ ; Ghost :-- निःशंग ; जोरम ; आंग ; Breath, life :-- সাहम ; खत्रमा ; উৎসাइ ; Courage ; enthusiasm :-- जीवनीनिक ; Animating principle : -मन ; बाजा ; Mind ; soul :-- श्रकृष्टि ; मिलाल , Temper: - অৰ্ব; তাংপৰ্যা; Real meaning: - প্ৰতিভা; Genius:—সদ ; হরা ; হরাসার ; Inflamable liquor ; alcohol :--বিশেষ তাৰ ; প্ৰধান তাৰ, Essential quality ; chief quality:--pl. ভন্ন হয়।; হয়াসায়; Ardent spirits:--প্রি; Liveliness:--- প্রবৃত্তা, তীক্তা; ি কু, To give a spiritual sense or meaning i---

উত্তেজনা ; Mental excitement :—v. f. केटब्रिक-कृत To take away secretly. Syn:-(n) Spectre, shade, phantom, sprite; disposition, mood; energy, mettle, earnestness; warmth, liveliness, animation; meaning, significance, intent; character, complexion, nature, quality. A man of spirit-তেৰ্থী লোক। Animal spirit-नवीव कांग वाक्टन (व क्रिंड हव : The liveliness that comes from health of body. Be in good spirit--वक्त ; Be cheerful. Be in high spirits—বতার আনন্দিত-হ : উন্নাসিত-হ Be highly delighted; be in a highly cheerful frame of mind. God is a spirit-- ইপর চৈতভ্রমাণ। Holy spirit-- পবিত পর্যাকা । f melancholy. Out of spirits—म्नान ; विश्व ; मित्रान्ण ; Gloomy ; Proof spirit—পরীক্ষিত হবা। Rectified spirit-খুৱা বিৰেড ; Proof-spirit made purer by further distillations. Spirit away-- जूनारेवा नरेवा-वा ; कृष्ठ छेड़ारेवा बहेबा-बा , Entice away ; kıdnap ; convey away secretly and rapidly as by spirit; put out of the rapidly and secretly. Spirit of wine-- হরাসার ; Alcohol. The spirit of writing—কোৰ বেখার মর্ম। To give up the spirit—गुड-ए . To die. Uncloan spirit-मज्जान; Devil. Spirited, spirit-ed, a. উৎদাহিত; দাহদী: তেজ্বী; 54; Animated; active; bold. ad = spiritedly. = spiritedness. Syn -- Lively, vivacious, energetic, ardent, active, courageous. Spirit lamp, n. হয় বারা প্রকৃতিক দীপ ; A lamp in which alcohol is used instead of oil. Spirit level, n. (मिन्नीन) आवकी बामान रह , A glass tube nearly filled with spirits of wine or distilled water, hermetically sealed. Spiritless, spirit-les, a निरंखक, नाहमहीन : निर्काव. मुड ; Dejected , dead , depressed. Syn .- Liteless, breathless; depressed, melancholy, desponding, torpid, apathetic, languid, dull, tame. Spirit-rapper-िश्नाठिमिक (माक, A spiritualist who possessed that spirits convey intelligence to him by raps. Spirit-rapping, n. The alleged manifestations of the presence of spirits by audible or visible signs; the belief in such. Spirit-stirring, a. 20344 . Exciting. Spiritual, spir'it-il-al, a. रुच ; Not material ; not gross :--আন্দাঘটিত ; অশ্বাৰী ; অসুর্ত্তি ; মানসিক ; Possessing the nature or qualities of a spiritual being, consisting of spirit, immaterial:-ধর্মবর্মীয় : ঐববিক , সাত্তিক , পবিজ ; Holy , divine : — ৰাখ্যান্ত্ৰিক, অপাৰ্থিক, পারমার্থিক, Not lay or temporal:-- পनित्व वस्त्रविषत्रक ; Relating to sacred things. Syn:-Immaterial, ghostly, mental, intellectual, ideal; pure, religious; eoclesiastic. Spiritual guide-- भीका अस्। Spiritual court, n. Ecclesiastical court. Spiritualise, spir'it-u-al-iz, v. t. প্ৰিত্ৰ-ক : विश्वन कः To make spiritual :-- जागाजिक वर्ष अन्त- হয়সাৰে শহিক-ফু; To extract spirit:—ৰাখ্যকিত-ভাষ বয়-ফু; To imbue with spirituality:—ৰাখিত-ফু; To refine,

Spiritualiam, spirit-u-al-izm, দ. আধ্যান্তিকতা; A being spiritual:—কুডবাৰ; বেডতৰ, ভ্তরবিদা; A belief in the communication of intelligence from the world of spirits:—ব্ৰহ্মবাদ; অব্যাহ্ববাদ; Belief that all which exists is spirit or soul.

Spiritualist, spirit-ম-al-ist, n. প্রেতাল্বাবাদী; ভূতবাদী; অবাদ্বাদী; ভূতাদির সহিত ক্ষোগক্ষনকারী; One who holds the doctrine of spiritualism.

Spirituality, spir-it-u-ali-ti, n. আধ্যানিকতা; নাধিকতা; প্ৰমাৰ্থ-নিষ্ঠা; অৱত্য ; The state of being spiritual; essence distinct from matter; immateriality.

Spiritually, ad. আবাদ্ধিক ভাবে; আদার সকৰে। Spirituous, spirit-U-us, a. হরাসার-কাবিশিপ্ত; মবিরাপুর্ণ; সাকক; তেজাল; Containing spirit; active; volatile.

Spirt, v. t. or v. s. नि:श्ख-कृ बा-र ; शांताराहिख-कृ বা-হ; To throw out; to flow out :-- n. কিন্কি; A jet. See spurt. { like a spire or a pyramid. Spiry, a. costa; Of a spiral form -Tapering Spit, spit, n. कावारवत्र निक : किंत्रका , नना ; An iron prong on which meat is roasted :-- निष्ठीयन , शृध् ; Saliva :-- v. f. শলাকাতে বিদ্ধ-ক ; To thrust a spit through; to pierce with a spit :-- মুপ হইতে ছুড়িয়া কেলা; To throw out from the mouth :-- খ. ঃ. পুখ কেলা; নিষ্ঠাবন কেলা; To throw out saliva from the [ grossly. mouth. pt=spat, spit. pp = spit. Spit upon (or on )—ৰপমান-ক ; পুৰ্-দে ; Insult Spit-box, Spittoon, spit-তেন, ন. পিৰ্থান : খুখু কেলা ভাবৰ : পিৰুদানী : A vessel for receiving spittle. Spite, spit, n. অসুয়া; আক্রোণ; ইধ্যা; Grudge, malice; lasting ill will:- विषय; त्वय, जान; Hatred :--- ए. र. मिक-कृ ; वित्रक्ट-कृ ; एवर कृ ; युगी-कृ ; То vex; to thwart; to hate. Syn:-(n) Pique, rancour, malevolence; opposition, defiance, contempt, despite.

In spite of—কোন কিছু সংস্ক : সে সংস্ক : তা সংস্ক : তথাপি ; অগ্ৰাফ কয়িয়া , Notwithstanding. [malice. Out of spite—বিবেশবণত: ; Out of grudge or Owe one spite—নাগ মনে-কু ৷

Spiteful, spitfool, c. ৰেটা; বিৰেক্ষারী; হিসোপর-বৰ; অহমাপুৰ্ব; Malignant; malicious; full of spite. n=spitefulness. ad=spitefully.

Spit-fire, #. কুছ লোক ; Angry person.

Spittoon-See spit-box.

Spittle, spitl, n. धूथु ; निक्केरन ; Saliva.

Splach, splash v. i. আবাত করিয়া লব প্রকেপ-কু; লব বা কাবা নইয়া ছিটকান; To dash about water or any liquid:—v. t. লব বা কাবা ছিটকান; লব বা কাবা ছড়ান; ভিলান; To spatter with water or mud. —n. ভবা বা কাবার ছিটা; Water or mud thrown on anything:—a. কন্সময়; বোলালবাবিশিষ্ট।

Splash-board, splashbord, ন. অবপুৰোধনিও কাৰা হুটতে বক্ষাসাধন পকটের অগ্রবর্তী কাজ্যনক; A board to keep those in a vehicle from being splashed by mud from the horse's heels.

Splashy, splashi, a. কর্মনার; সমল্পল্প্ ; Full of dirty water; wet and muddy.

Splatter-dash, n. (क्लिक्स :

Splay, spla, e. f খড়েৰ-কু; To slope or slant:--a. উন্টাৰ; উত্তাৰ, বিস্কৃত; Turned outward; spread. Splay-footed, a. উত্তাৰণাদ।

Splay-mouthed, a. কারিত মুধ ৷

Spleen, splen, n. [G. splen, the milt] দীবা; শীবে; A spongy gland of the body:—ক্ৰ্যা; বেৰ; কিনা: রাম; ক্রোম; Spite; ill-humour:—বিমৰ্থ; বিষয়তা; Melancholy. Syn:—Milt; anger, rancour, gall, animosity, grudge; despondency.

Spleeny, a. 黄素, Angry; peevish.

Splendent, a. डेब्बन ; हर्कादक , पिशायान ; Bright ; glossy ; shining.

Splendid, splendid, a. [ L. splendidus, from splendere, to shine ] উজ্জল, দীবিমান, Bright:—সমৃত, অমকাল; Magnificent:—বিবাত; প্রশিক্ত; Famous; illustrious:—বীবোচিড; Heroic. ad — splendidly (অমকালমণে)। n=splendidness (উজ্জ্জা)। Syn.—Shining, resplendent, effulgent; showy, sumptuous, gorgeous, brilliant; conspicuous, celebrated, glorious, grand, sublime. Splendour, splendur, n. প্রভা; দীবি; উজ্জ্জা; মোড়া; Brilliance:—জাক্তম্ক; চটক; বী; মৌবব; Pomp; magnificence.

Splenetic, splenet-ik, Splenetical, splen-net-ik-al, a. কৰ্কণ; বাকী; বিট্বিটে; Peevish; fretful:
—বিষয়; Melancholy. Syn:—Morose, gloomy, sullen; fretful, irritable, testy, petulant.

Splenetic, n. মীহা নোগাজাত ব্যক্তি; A person affected with spleen.

Splenic, splenik, a. দীহা সম্মান ; Pertaining to the spleen. [spleen.

Splenitis, n. প্লীহা-আগছ; Inflammation of the Splice, splis, v. t. এক গাছি ঘটিৰ ছই মুখ পিনা ব্যক্তীত সংযুক্ত-কু; যুক্ত-কু; To unite two ends of a rope by a particular manner of interweaving the strands; to join; interweave; join lengthways:—n. আভি, আভিচ; Union of two ends of ropes; joint by splicing.

Splint, splint, n. টুকৰা; চটা; চোকলা; A small piece of wood slit off.—বাড়; তথ্য আছি বস্থানে রাখিবার কন্ত বাড়; Thin piece of wood to keep a set bone in its place —v. f. বাড় দিয়া সংবদ্ধ-কু, To fasten with splints, as a broken bone.

Splinter, splunter, n. ট্ৰ্রা; চোকলা; সন্ধ চেলা; বুঁচি; A piece of wood or other substance split off:—v. t. and v. a. চেৰা; ট্ৰ্বা টুৰ্বা-কু; ফালি করিয়া কৰিবা ফাডা, To split into splices. a splintery (ধৰ ধৰ ধাবা নিশ্বিত বা তংগদৃশ)।

Split, split, v. t. চেয়া, কাড়া; চেল-ফু; To break lengthwise; to cleave lengthwise:—বিদীৰ্ণ-ফু; To tear asunder by violence, to rend:—বিশাল-ফু; To throw into discord:—বিভক্-ফু; To devide; to part asunder:—v. i. বিদীৰ্ণ-ফু; To put asunder:—কাটিবা-বা; কাটা; বিশ্বি-ফু; To be dashed to pieces:—n. কাটা; চিড; কাইট, A crack or rent lengthwise:—a. ভকু; ভিন্ন, Separated. pt. and pp=split. Syn:—(v) Cleave, rive, rend, splinter; divide, sunder, separate, part.

Split hairs—চুল চিনে বিচার-ক; চুল চিবিৰা ভাগ-ক; অতি কৃত্ম প্রভেদ-ক, Make distinctions of useless nicety.

Split on & rock-- अव-कृ , विक्ल-क् ,

স্কামি one's sides with laughter—হৈনে কোৰর চটান; ইানিয়া পাজর ভালা; Burst with laughter. Split one's vote—নিম্ম মতভান ভাগ করিয়া পৃথক পুৰক আবাহিন-দে।

Split pease—ভাষা মটর, অর্থাৎ মটব গাউল। Split the difference—বিবাদের বিবয় সমান ভাগ-কৃ। Split-tongued, a. সাপের ভায় জিহ্বাহম বিশিষ্ট। Splutter, v. i. ছিটকান; To scatter:—কথা কৰিবাৰ

সম্ব ৰুধু পড়া; To cject drops of saliva while speaking .— নিখিবার সম্ব কালী ছিটকান; To

scatter ink upon a paper.

Spoil, spoil, v. t. নুঠন-ড়, নুঠ-ড়, বলপ্ৰক এছণ-ড়, কাছিবা-ল; To plunder, to take by force: —নষ্ট-ড়; বিগলেটবা-ড়; To corrupt:—v. i. লুঠ-ড়; দহাতা-ড়, To practise robbery:—ছাস-ড়, নষ্ট-ড়; বিগলেট না আবাৰ-ছাৰ্থ্য-ছ; To decay; to become corrupt, to grow useless:—n. নুঠ; লুঠন; Plunder; pillage:—লুঠিত ত্ৰবা; Booty:—অপহনণ; দহাতা; Robbery.
Syn:—(n) Rapme, prey, loot. (v) Rob, pillage, disfigure, mar, injure, harm; vitiate, destroy.

A spoiled child—আছুৰ ছেলে; আছুৰে গোপাৰ;
A child injured by indulgence.

Spoiler, spoiler, n. ল্যুকারী; লুঠক; দম্যু, A plunderer:—নাশক;নত্তভারক; A corrupter.

Spoke, spok, pt. of speak.

Spoke, spok, n. চাকাৰ পাৰি, মইয়ের কোয়া; মইয়ের গাপ; চক্রের নাভি হউতেলোম পদান্ত বে দও থাকে; One of the bars from the nave to the rim of a wheel:—v. f. পাকিযুক্ত 7, To furnish with spoke.

Put a spoke in one's wheel—ছোন কৰ্মে বাধা-ৰে; বিকল-ক; বাৰ্থ-ক; নিকল-ক, Throw an impediment in one's way; thwait one.

Spoken, pp. of speak ( কথিত )।

Spoken language or tongue—প্রচলিত ভাষা, Living language; language as spoken and not as written.

Spokeshave, দ. চাকার পারি পরিদার করিবার বন্ধ . A showing-knife for dressing the spokes of wheels.

Spokesman, spōkśman, n. প্রতিনিধি বন্ধা , অন্তের মুখ পাত্র ; অপরের মুখবরূপ , অন্তের হুইবা বন্ধা ; প্রন্থ , One who speakes for another or tor others.

Spoliate, spoil-at, v. t. [L. spoisum, spoil]
স্থান-কৃ: প্ৰ-কৃ: To plunder; to pillage, to spoil

- v. i. স্ঠ-কৃ: প্ৰভা-কৃ: To practise plunder
or robbery; to commit robbery.

Spoliation, spū-li-áshun, n. न्ठं , न्ध्न ; अशहत , Robberv.

Spondee, দ. ছব্দ ; বি-শুরুণদ ; যে পদের উভয় অংশই নীর্ষ ; Foot of two long syllables. a=spondaic.

Bponge, spunj, n. পাল ; জলপোৰৰ সামুদ্ৰিক পৰাৰ্থ বিশেষ; Soft substance supposed to be made by polyps; the porous frame-work of an animal:—পৰাই; A parasite:—পোৱা:—ত. : পাল বাবা মুছিল! কোনা; পাল বাবা মুছিল! কোনা; পাল বাবা মুছিল! কোনা, To wipe out completely:—নই-কু; To destroy all trace of:—ত. : পোৰণ-কু; কুবিবা-ল, To suck in as a sponge:—খুণিত কোনা বাবা লাভ-কু, নীট চাতুবা বাবা লাভ-কু, নীট চাতুবা বাবা লাভ-কু, নীট চাতুবা বাবা লাভ-কু, নীট চাতুবা

Sponge off—निविध्य है; तांक है; Clean off. Sponge on (or upon)—Hang on or squeez out of others by mean arts.

Sponge out—সুহিয়া কেলা ; Wipe out.

Throw up the sponge— दिशा श्रीकार्य-इ.

Sponge-cake, spunjkäk, s. as astr (size) fries; with A kind of sweet cake, which is very light and spongy.

Sponger, spunjer, n. (व व्यव स्वयहाद करह ; One who uses a sponge :--वहरांग ; भगवर ; A hanger-on-Sponging-house, n. वन्नीवरमंद वरसांव नुद ;

Bumbailiffs lock-up for debtors.

Spongy, spunit. a. ছিত্ৰৰং, সন্ধিয়া; আৰ্থ্য ব লয় ; Resembling a sponge; porous ; wet and soft. কল sponguress. [marriage or betrothal; nuptial. Sponsel, sponisal, a. বিবাছসব্বীয়া; Relating to Sponsor, sponsus, to promise solemnly ] ধর্মপতা বা ধর্মমাতা; বিভান অভিযেককাশে ধর্মশিকার ভারত্রকালারী; God-father or God-mother:—অভিত্য; ভাষিদ; A surety. কল sponsor-ship (প্রভিত্তা)।

Sponsorial, spon-sori-al, a. বৰ্গ সভাপিতা সম্বনীৰ; প্ৰতিভূ সম্বনীৰ, Pertaining to a sponsor or sponsorship.

Spontaneity, spon-ta-ne"i-ti, দ. বজাপ্ৰজা; বজানস্ংগ্ৰহা; ৰাভাবিৰত্ব; অভিনাধ্ৰজা; The state

or quality of being spontoneus.

Spontaneous, spon-táne-us, a. [ L. spontaneus, from sponte, of free will ] বেক্ষাপ্রস্ত; বাঙাবিত ব্যাপ্রত; বেক্ষাপ্রক, অবস্থাপ্রত; ব্যাদিছ; Involuntary; acting or growing of itself; of one's will; natural. ad—spontaneously (আপনাপ্নি; ব্যা)। n=spontaneousness (ব্যাদিছা); ব্যাধ্যাপ্র ব্যাহি ): Syn —Uncompelled, unconstrained, free, willing, gratuitous.

Spontaneous combustion—Fire arising from internal chemical action.

Spontaneous generation—The production of the lowest forms of life without visible means. Spool, spool, n. স্ভার কাটিম; প্রস্থিপনাম্প্রী ব্যোপ্র ; A cane or reed for winding yarn upon; a hollow cylinder for winding yarn:—v. f. নিতিত জড়ান, কাটিমে জড়ান ; To wind on spools. Spoon, spools, n. চারচ: চারচ: পরা ; An small

Spoon, spoon, n. চাৰ্চ; চাৰ্চ; পৰা; An small domestic uttensil for supplying liquids.

To be born with a silver spoon in one's mouth--धनो इहेबा कवान ; धनोड यद कवान ; To be born to wealth or good fortune.

Spoon-bill, spতo'nbil, n. পশ্বিবিশেষ ; A wading bird. [ silly.

Spooney, a. নিৰ্দোণ; বোৰা; Weak-minded; Spoonful, spoonfool, n. আন পরিশাণ; এক চাকচ; এক পলা; As much as a spoon will hold; a small quantity of a liquid.

Spoor, n. মুগৰাকানীৰ পৰায়িত আধীৰ পথ-চিক; The track of an animal, especially of one pursued as game.

Sporadio, spo-radik, a. বিশিব; বিকৰি; Scattered:—(রোগ সবাব) এখানে নেবানে উংগত্ত; Attackiing a few at a time:—একমান; Single; (opposed to Epidemic). Spore, म. त्यु: एक वीव : One of the minute grains which serves as a seed.

Sporran, n. পুলি বিশেষ ; A leather pouch.

Sport, sport, v. i. [ D. boert, jest ] বেলা-কৃ;
বীড়া-কৃ; To play:—আনোদ-কৃ; কৌডুক-কৃ; To
frolic:—ভাষানা-কৃ; To trifle:—মুগরা-কৃ; To
practise the diversions of the field:—v. t.
আমোদিত-কৃ; প্রকৃত্নিত-কৃ; To amuse; to divert; to
make merry:—n. ক্রিড়া; Play:—গ্রেমাণ; আমোণ;
Mirth:—ক্রেড্ক; ভাষানা; Jest:—ফ্রীড়নক: বেলানা;
A toy:—স্বারা; Field sport:—ক্রীড়ানামনা; Anything for playing with. Syn:—(n) Diversion,
game, frolic; mock, mockery, jeer. (v) Romp,
wanton, gambol, frisk.

In sport—ভাৰাসাজ্লে; কৌতুক করিয়া; বাজির বেলা।
Make sport of—কাহাকে জীড়ার পুত্ল-কু; কাহাকে
কইয়া বাহা ইজ্ঞা ভাহাই করিতে পারা; Turn one into
a plaything; do with another as one please.

Sportful, sportfool, a. आंत्रावर्ण : आंत्रावर्धित ; आंत्रावित्रा ; Merry ; ludicrous ; full of jesting. n-sportfulness, ad=shortfully.

Sporting, sporting, ন. মুগরা; Pursuits of a sportsman:—a. কৌডুকাসক ; আনোদকারী; Relating to sport. ad — sportingly.

Sportive, a. আনোধকার); আবোধজনক; প্রস্তুল্ল; ক্রীড়াসক্ত, Merry; jocund: playful. ad = sportive-ly (ভাষাসা করিয়া; রক্ত করিয়া)। n=sportiveness. Sportsman, sportiman, n. লিকারী; বাাধ, মুগলাকারী; One who practises, or one who skilled in field sports.

Sportmanship, n. বৃগরা-কৌশল; The skill of sportsman.

Spot, spot, n. [ L. spat, a spot ] দাগ; চিহ্ন; A blot; round mark:—বাকাৰিক বৰ্ণসিন্ধান্ত ছান: A place discoloured:—সোধ; কলছ; A stain on character or reputation:—আছ ছান; বায়গা; অপরিসর ছান; A small place; locality; a small owtent of place:—v. t. বিবৰ্ণ-ছ; To discolour:—আল ছিটাইয়া চিহ্নিড-ছ; দাগ-ছ; To mark with drops of water:—কলছিড-ছ; দাগ-ছ; To stain; to taint; to tarnish. Syn:—(n) Stain, speck, blemish, taint, flaw, fault, site. (v) Mark, blot, taint, blemish; vaviegate, dapple.

Live upon the spot—অপুণয়িত লা-ছ; To reside; not to be an absentee.

Upon the spot-statte; Immediately.

Spotless, spotless, a. নিৰ্দাহ ; অবলাছত ; পৰিঅ ; নিৰ্মান ; Without a spot ; untainted ; pure. ad= spotlessly, n-spotlessness. Syn:—Unspotted, perfect, blameless, unblemished, immaculate, irreproachable.

Spotted, spoted, Spotty, spoti, a. চিজ্জুভ; চিজিড; চিজড়; গোগাড়ভ; Marked with spots.

Spotted fever—Typhus fever accompanied by a rush or eruption of red spots.

Spousal, spousal, a. বিবাহনখনীয় ; বৈবাহিক ; Matrimonial ; nuptial :—pl. বিবাহ ; Nuptials ; marriage. Syn :—Conjugal, converbial ; bridat. Spouse, spowz, n. [ L. spoudeo, to promise ] ধানী ও বী ; কুভোষাই বোক ; Wife or husband; a married person.

Spout, spowt, v. t. ननारि चात्रां मिर्नछ-स , To throw

eut as from a pipe :—विस्कर्ण क ; To throw out, as liquids :—खनर्जन वना ; शक्ति छ छारत कथा कथा ; का throw out words with affected gravity ; to mouth :—v. i. तरा वाहित-इ ; दराज विश्वक-इ ; होंगे ; To issue with violence, as from a pipe :—n. हिंक : नाजी ; नव : छक ; A tube ; a pipe ; a pipe conducting from a liquid.

Sprain, v. t. আন্ত মচ্কান; মোচড়ান; To overstrain the ligaments or muscles of a joint:—n. মোচড; মচ্কানি; An excessive strain of the muscles or ligaments of a joint.

Sprang, p. t. of spring.

Sprat, sprat, n. নান্দিক নংস্থ বিশেষ; A sea-fish.
To bait with a sprat to catch a mackerel—বেশীৰ লাভে নানান্ত-দে; To give a small thing under the hope of getting something much more valuable.

Sprawl, sprawl, v. t. হাত পা ছড়াইরা শরব-ড়; আব্থাবৃতাবে শরব-ড়; To lie with the limbs stretched at random or wide:—এলোবেলো বিভ্ত-হ: To spead ungracefully. n=sprawler.

Spray, spra, n. জলকণা; বাৰু বারা উৎকিত জলবিৰু; Sprinking foam of the sea or falling water:— বৃক্ষের শাধা; পারব; Twig of a tree; a small shout of a tree.

Spread, spred, n. বিস্থৃতি; বাজি; বিস্থান; Extent; compass; expansion of parts:—v. t. বিস্থান-তৃ; বিশ্বান তৃ; বিশ্বান তৃ ; বিশ্বান ব

Spread like wild fire—বাতিশয়রণে বিভারিত-হ; To spread like fire uncontrolled; to spread very rapidly.

To scatter abroad—ফড়ান; থাল্যাখি দিয়া সন্ধিত-কু। Spree, e. সানন্দ বিহার: A merry frolic:—যাতালের বুল; A drunken frolic.

Sprig, sprig, n. কুল শাৰা; বেঁকড়ি; A small shoot of twig; spray:—ছোকরা:—নাধাহীন প্রেক:—n.t. পল্লব দিয়া সাজান; To adorn with representations of twigs.

Spright, #. ভৃত ; ছালা ; A ghost ; a shade.

Sprightly, sprifle, a. সজীব; হাই; অবুল্ল; কিঞা; Lively; brisk; airy; spirit-like, spright-like. n=sprightliness. Syn:—Animated, vivacious, active, alert, airy, gay, merry, frolicsome.

Spring, spring, v. i. লক্ষ্-কে; To leap; to bound:—বেগে নিৰ্গত-হ; ছুটা; To proceed; to move hastily:—উৎপান-হ; উল্পান্ত বা উথিত-হ; আছু-নিত-হ; বাহিন-হ; To tise; to shoot forth:—v. t. ভাড়া দিবা বাহিন-ফ; To cause to spring up:—অমি দাবা উড়াইবা-কে; দটাবা; To explode:—উন্তোলন-ফ; To raise:—উৎপানন-ফ; উৎপান-ফ; To produce:—n. কক্ষ্-ল; A leap:—ব্যক্ত বড়; The vernal season:—উৎস; Fountain:—কার্ক; ব্জ; ভাক্স; Source:—হিডিয়াগক বড়; An elastic body:—বৌৰুল; Youth.—প্রান্ত; The dawn.

bt. pp = sprung. Syn :--(v) Jump, vault, caper ; arise, issue ; originate, flow, emanate. Mineral spring—সীতাকুও ; উক্থেংস ; Hot spring. Spring a fence---বেড়া ডিকাৰ ; Leap a fence. Spring a leak—ভিতর দিয়া বল প্রবেশ করিতে আরম্ভ-事; Let in water of a sudden; commence leaking. Spring a mine -- वांक्रम निवा উछाडेवा-त्म ; Fire it of a sudden :-- ভিতরে বাক্লদ দিয়া উডাইয়া দিবার নিমিত্ত क्ष्म धनन-क ; Dig a mine with a view to cause explosion :--তলে তলে নষ্ট-ৰূ ; কেহ জানিতে না পারে अमन छाटा काहाटक श्वरम कतिवात छेशांत्र अवनवन-इ. Take steps in secret with a view to surprise one or overwhelm one in ruin.

Spring at—লাফ দিয়া খাড়ে পড়িতে চেষ্টা-কু; Leap Γout. towards.

Spring forth—বেগে নিৰ্গত-হ; বেগে বাছিন-হ; Rush Spring from-কোন বংশ হইতে উম্কত-ই. Be descended from; be born of:-(কোৰ কিছু হইডে) উৎপদ্ধ-হ ; Arise out of , arise from.

[ Assault. Spring in—বেগে প্রবেশ-ক ; Rush in. Spring on-আক্রমণ-কৃ; লাক দিবা ঘাড়ে প্রভা; Spring out-বেনে বাহিব-কু; Rush out.

Spring out—সনুশে লক্ষ-পে; Leap suward. [ह। Spring to one's feet—হঠাৎ পাড়াইঘা উঠা বা পাড়া-Spring up—इत्र-इ ; Arise !- ३ छत्। ; Come into existence —লাফিয়া উঠা ; Jump up Irom a seat.

Spring up like a mushroom—श्री९ छेन्य वी हर्भन्न ; To appear suddenly and grow rapidly. Springal-प्त! ; A youth ; a stripling.

Spring-balance, \*. Elastic spring counterbalancing a value or levei.

Spring-book, spring'buk, n sfat वित्नव : An-Springe, sprinj, ম. কান; পান; A gin; a snare with a spring-noose : - o. t. कांत्र शांखिया-पु; To catch in a springe.

Springer. n. वक्तकांत्री ; One who springs :-ক্লু বিশেষ: A kind of dog: —নবোদ্ধিদ; A young [ being trodden on. plant.

Spring-gun, n. A gun going off on a spring Spring-head, spring'-hed, n. 997; A fountain or source; a river-head.

Springlet, n. কুল উৎস; কুল সরিং; A little spring; a small stream.

Spring-mattress—দমের গদি।

Spring-tide, spring'-tid,n. জোরার; ভরা কেটিল; Highest tide; a tide which rises higher than common tides, after new and full moon.

Spring-time—বসস্তকাল, Spring. Springy, spring'i, a. হিডিয়াপক; সট্কানিয়া, Elastic :- उदमग्र ; डेप्नपूर्व , Abounding with springs or fountains:--চতুর; কিপ্স; লযু; Nimble Sprinkle, spring'kl, ए t. फिड़ी-त्म ; किड़ीन ; विक् পাত-কু; হড়ান; To scatter in small drops:-व्यक्तिक-कृ; To baptise with a few drops of water:--- : অনুব্ৰিড-হ; তদুভডা-দে; ভিটাইখা পড়া; To scatter in drops :-- n. ছড়া; ভিটা, ভড়-ভা; A small quantity sprinkled. Syn :--(v) Scatter, strew; bedew.

Sprinkling, n. (शाक्त ; हेउएड: शाक्ति जन नित-শাণ; A small quantity sprinkled.

Sprit, n. কার্ত্তের পাইল অসারণের আড়কটি বিশেব; Small spar or pole,

Sprite, sprit, n. ভূড ; বেড ; ছারা ; বেডারা ; A shade : a spirit ; a ghost. Syn :-Soul, apparition, elf, fairy, demon, hobgoblin.

Sprout, sprout, v. i. अवृतिष्ठ-र ; त्रकान ; To shoot ; to bud:---n. चक्क; शहर ; मक्की ; A germ or young shoot:--pl. কপির ভরণ অভুর; Young shoots from old cabbages. Syn:-(v) Germinate, vegetate, pullulate.

Spruce, sproos, a. निविष्ट्य ; निविष्टि ; केंद्र-वात : Smart ; neat. n=spruceness. ad=sprucely.

Sprung, pt. and pt. p. of spring.

Spud, n. क्लांन वा श्रह वित्नव ; A narrow spade. Spume, spum, n. [L. squo, to spew] (44): गोंकना ; (क्य ; Foam ; froth ; scum :-- v. i. (क्या নিৰ্গত-হ; গাঁজলা ভাঙ্গা; কেণা উঠা; To throw up scum; to froth; to foam.

Spumous, spumus, Spumy, spumi, a. (44)-युक्त . रक्तिन ; रक्षामग्र ; नीसनाविनिष्ठ ; Frothy ; foamy. Spun, pt. and pt. p. of spin.

Spunk, spungk, n. 😘 দাহ কাঠ : বে কাঠে শীত অগ্নি ধবে; A piece of wood readily set on fire; touchwood : -- উৎসাই ; ডেক্স ; Mettle ; spirit.

Spunky, a. উৎসাধী; তেজনী; Spirited; brisk; fiery.

Spur, spur, n. [A. S. spura, a spur] wit-বোহীৰ জুতাৰ কাঁটা; An instrument with sharp points on horseman's heels for goading the horse:-- १४र: उत्र भाषा ; त्मन वाह ; Branch of a mountain:—উৎপতি; Something projecting:-উত্তেচনা ; Incitement ; stimulus :-- ০. f. কাটা নারা ; To urge on with spurs; to prick with spurs:-উৎमाञ्चिक् ; উर्छिक्डिक् ; To urge onward ; to instigate, to incite:-- १. १. (वर्ण बाविज-इ : क्रांड नमन-; To press forward; to travel in great haste. Syn: -(n) Prick, goad, incite, instigate, impel, drive, press, urge.

On or at the spur of the moment-safa; তৎকণাৎ ; উপস্থিত কেজে ; Immediately :—হঠাৎ মনের বেগে উত্তেজিত হট্যা; তদানীস্তন কালের মনের বেগে; Under the influence of a sudden impulse (without reflection).

Set spurs to-বোদো বেগে চাশাইবার নিমিক্ত জুতার পোঢ়ালি দিয়া আখাত-ক ; জুতাৰ কাটা দিয়া ভাড়না-ক : Prick the sids of (a horse) to drive it forward or hasten its pace.

Win one's spur-नित्त्वर क्यांचर प्रदीनि नोच-कृ; निक हिट्टी दोनी थांति नाह-कृ : To obtain position or fame by one's exertions to gain the rank of kinghthood :--উচ্চপদ বা ম্যালা লাভ-কু; Rose in rank or dignity:-- নিজের বৰ্বিক্রম দেখাইয়া খ্যাতি লাভ-কু; Signalize oneself by deeds of valour.

Spurge, spuij, n. উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ, Euphorbia. Spurious, spu're-us, a. कृतिम: नक्न: अथकृत: Not genuine; false; adulterate: -- 新河明; Not legitimate; illegitimate, n=spuriousness (事國-মতা)। ad=spuriously (অপ্রকৃতরূপে)। Syn:-Bastard; false, supposititious, fictitious, counterfeit, sham.

Spurn, spurn, v. t. পদায়াড-কু; পারে ঠেলা; ডুজ-क ; जुनी-क ; To kick ; to drive back, as with the foot ; to reject with disdain :- v. i. 11 (%15); জ্বকা অকাশ-কু; ভুছ-কু; 'To kick up the heels; to show disdain: -- m. पूर्वा; प्रतक्षा; Strivel; Disdain; rejection. Syn: -- (v) Repel, reject; scorn, despise, disdain.

Spurt, spurt, v. i. সম্বাদে হঠাৎ নিৰ্গত হয়; বিন্দৃতি
বিন্না বাহিত্ব-ছ; হনছর করিবণ পড়া; To gush out suddenly in a small stream:—v. t. হিন্তি দিরা বাহিত্বছ; সক্ষানে উল্লীব-ফু; To sprout or send out in a sudden stream, as water:—n. কিন্তি; সভেত্ববারা; A jet:—উল্লাম; হঠাৎ চেপ্তা; A sudden effort.
Sputter, sputer, v. i. ব্যু কেলা; লালা-বিন্দু বৰ্ণ-ফু;
To spit in small drops, as in rapid speaking:
—ক্ষাইক্ষণে বলা; ক্লত ক্ষাইক্ষণে কথা ক্লা, To speak hastily and indistinctly:—v. t. বেলে নিৰ্গত-ফু;
To throw out with haste and noise:—ক্ষত উচ্চাব্ৰ-ফু; ক্ষাইক্ষণে বলা; To utter hastily and indistinctly:—n. ব্ৰিত বিন্দু; Moist matter thrown out in small particles.

Spy, spi, n. গুড়চর; ছপ্তচর; গোযেন্দা; সন্ধানী লোক . Secret watcher or emissary . scout . — v. t. দেখা; দুরে দেখিতে পাওয়া; গোগনে সন্ধান-কু; ইচিয়া সন্ধান-কু; To see; to watch narrowly or secretly; to cspy:— v. i. প্ৰাক্তপে পরীকা-কু, To scrutinise.

Spy out—গোপৰে গরীকা-ড় ; To explore ; to view and examine secretly.

Spy-craft, n. চনবৃত্তি। [lescope. Spy-glass, spi'glas, n. কৃষ্ট ধূনবীণ; A small te-Spy-system, n. Employing government spies. Squab, c. মোটা; ধূল; Fat:—অজাতপক; Unfledged:—n. ধূল ব্যক্তি।

Squabble, skwobl, v. i. বিবাদ-কু; ছম্ব-কু; বিরোধ-কু; ফলহ-কু; To wrangle; to dispute; scuffle:—
n. সামান্ত বিরোধ; সামান্ত কলহ; A noisy petty
quarrel; a brawl. n=squabbles. Syn:—(v)
Struggle; dispute, quarrel, brawl, bicker.

Squad, skwod, n. रिनंदान क्ल ; कनवर निकार्य नगरवर जूस रिनामन ; क्दा क्ल ; A small party or set of soldiers.

Squadron, skwodrun, n. অখারোহী সৈম্ভদল; Two or more troops of cavalry; a body of cavalry: — বৃদ্ধ জাহাজের দল; রণভরীর বহর; Part of a fleet.

Squalid, skwolid, a. মনিন; নোকরা; সমল. Filthy; dirty; foul; unclean. n=squalidness (মনিনতা)। ad=squalidly.

Squall, skwawl, v. i. চীংকার-ফু; চীংকার কবিরা কলন-কু; To cry out violently:—n. চীংকার; চীংকারশক; A loud cry; a loud scream:—সম্কা বাভাস; প্রাকা বাভাস; A gust of wind. a=squally (বাৰ্থবাহ্মর; gusty).

Black squall—বে দমকা বাভাসের সময় আকাশে কাল Thick squall—করকা-পাত সহিত বঙ্গুট্টঃ

Squalor, n. ম্লিন্ডা, মৰ, Filthiness; dirtiness, foulness.

Squander, skwohder, v. t. [Ger. schwindan, to vanish] অপবাৰ-ড়; অভি বাৰ-ড়; To spend lavishly or profusely; to waste; to dissipate. n= squanderer (অপবানী)! Syn:—Expend, scatter, dissipate. lavish.

Square, skwar, a. সমচতুমন ; চতুংকাণ্ৰিলিট ; চারি-কোণা, Having four equal sides and angles :— সমকোণকারী ; Forming a right angle :—ভাষা ; টুক ; Exact :—সং ; Honest : fair :—n. সমচতুর্জ ; চৌকা জিনিস ; A square figure :—বে সৈকুম্বের

All square-টিক ঠাক ; All settled ; all right.

Hollow square, n. A body of infantry drawn up in the form of a square with a space in the centre for the officer, &c.

On the square—ভাগাবদাৰে; ভাগপুৰ্বক; In an open fair manner; honestly.

Square by —নিয়মানুমত স্থির-কু; Regulate; adjust. Square the circle—অনত্তব তেই|-কু; Attempt an impossibility.

Square with—লমান-হ; তুলাক্লণ-হ; To conform to; to agree or accord exactly with. [অবস্থান। Upon the square with—লোখবোৰ অবস্থান, সমান Square-built, a. বলিষ্ঠ; Well-fitted up; of a short stout make:—চারচৌকা; বাটসুক্তর।

Square measure—रन পরিমাণ।

Square number—र्ज ; Product of a number multiplied by itself.

Square root-( जरह ) वर्शमृत ।

Squash, n. কোমল পদার্থ; অপক নরম ক্রা; Anything soft or upripe;—v. t. বেডলান, ক্রেচা; To beat or press into pulp. a—squashy (মধ্যের মড; কাদাকাদা)।

Squat, skwot, v. i. থাৰ্ডিয়া বা আসনপিতি ইইয়া ৰসা; খাটুবালা হইবা বসা; চাপিয়া বসা; আসীন-হু; To sit down upon the hams or heels; cower; sit close to the ground:—a. খাটুবালা ভাবে আসীন; সুল। n=squatter.

Squaw, n. উত্তরামেরিকার আদিম অধিবাদীর স্ত্রীলোক ; In America, an Indian woman, especially a wife.

Squeak, skwek, v. t. চিটি শন্ত ; কিচমিচ-তৃ ; কোঁ কা-তৃ ; তীত্ৰ চীংকার-তৃ ; To utter a shrill, and usually short cry :—n. তীক্ষ কর্কশ শন্ত ; চিটি শন্ত ; কিচমিচ শন্ত ; কোঁ কা শন্ত ; A sudden, shrill cry. n=squeaken.

Squeal, skwel, v. i. গলা সম্ব করিয়া টাংকার-মৃ; চেচাইতে থাকা; To utter a shrill and prolonged cry:—গোবেন্দা-হ:—n. অবিরঙ চিচি শব্দ; অনবরত চীংকার; A shrill, sharp prolonged cry.

Squeamiah, skwēmish, a. ব্যন্নীল; আছেই যার গা ব্যন্নিদি করে, Sickish at stomach; having the stomach easily turned:—সহলে সম্ভ ইইবার নহে; গৃতপুতে; ছবোৰণীয়; Overnice. n—squeamishness (ছবোৰণীয়তা; আনভোগ)। ad=squeamishly (আনভ্রতাবে)। Syn:—Fastidious, dainty, scrupulous, difficult, punctilious.

ট্ৰক ; Exact :—সং ; Honest : fair :—দ. সমচতুর্ভা ; Squeeze, v. t. বছৰরের মধ্যে নিশোবণ-কু ; চাপা ; চৌকা জিনিষ ; A square figure :—বে নৈজনলের নিক্ষণ-কু ; মন্দন-ফু ; নিকাড়ান , নিশীড়ন-কু ; নীড়ন-কু ; To press between two bodies; to force through a small hole; to embrace closely:—চালান; To cause to pass:—v. i. টেলিনা-না; ভিড-কৃ; To press by pressing; to crowd:—n. निर्णायन; চালান; নিকান; নিকান, Compression between bodies. Syn:—(v) Compress, pinch, gripe, mip; embrace, hug.

Squeeze out—চালিনা বাহ্নিক; Force out by Squeeze through—Pass though by pressing.

Squib, skwib, n. পটকা; টোটা; Whizzing and cracking fire-work:—ব্যক্ত ব্যক্ত :—v. i. বাটা-কৃ; বিশ্বেক;

Squill, skwill, #. Bes faceta; A plant.

Squint, skwint, a. টেরা; Having the vision distorted:—v. i. আড়ে দেবা; আডে নজর-ফু; টেবা-হ,
To look obliquely:—v. t. বক্ত-ফু; আডে চালান;
To cause to squint:—n. বক্ত-ফুট; কুটিল-ফুট;
An oblique look.

Squint-eyed, a. देश ; रङ-पृष्टे ; Having eyes that squint :—वरुष्ट ; Malignant.

Squinting, n. টেরা-চাউনি।

Squire, n. शनरी बिल्म ; नित्राद्यंभीन महास गुर्कि ; महास गुरुत्र समूठत ; तातू । Sec esquire.

Squirrel, skwirl, n. কাষ্ট-মার্জ্জার; কাঠবিড়াল. Rodent animal.

Squirt, skwert, v. t. সক মল দিয়া নিৰ্গত-কৃ; পিচ-কাৰী দিয়া বাহিন-কৃ; সক-বাবে নিকেপ-কৃ, To eject in a stream from a narrow opening:—n. কৃত ক্ষতপানী প্ৰবাহ; A small, quick stream:—সক-বাবা পিচকাৰি বিশেষ; A syringe.

Stab, stab, v. t. [Ger. stab, a staff, stick ] সুলাপ্ত আৰু যায় বিছ-ক; বুচিয়া যায়। আয়াত-ক; To pierce with a sharp pointed weapon, to kill by the thrust of a pointed instrument; to wound:— নোপনে কভি-ক; To injure secretly or by falsehood or slander:—v. i. বিছ-ক; খোঁচা যায়। ঘাইল-ক; To give a stab or a mortal wound:—n. তীলাপ্ত আৰু যায়া আয়াভ; A wound with a pointed weapon: —গোপনে কৃত কভি; An injury given secretly. n=stabber (ভণ্ড মাডুক)। Syn:—(v) Pierce, transfix, gore, spear, wound, kill; thrust, feint. Stability, sta-bile-te, n. বৃঢ়তা; যায়িড; হিন্নতা; বিশ্বভা; Steadiness; firmness; immovability. Syn:—Stableness, fixedness, durability, permanence; constancy.

Stable, stabl, a. ছারা, Firm; lasting; durable:—দুরুজ; Fixed:—হির, জটল; অটল; অটলর; Constant:—৯. জখণালা; পশুদালা; জাতাবল; A building for horses and cattle:—v. t. জাতাবল বাখা; জাতাবলে বজ-কৃ, To put or keep in a stable:—v. i. জখণালার থাকা; লাতাবলে থাকা; To dwell in a stable. ad = stably, n = stableness. Syn:—(a) Fixed, established, enduring, immovable, lasting, permanent, abiding, strong; steady, steadfast, staunch.

Stabling, n. चावारत प्राप्त ; The act of keeping into a stable.

Stack, \* নাৰীকৃত বাদ বা বড়; বাদাৰির বৃহৎ তুপ; বড় পাবা; শক্ষের পালুই; A large pile of hay, &c.:— ব্যবিশ্নৰ দলন্দ : A number of chinneys standing together:—v. f. রাশীকৃত-কৃ; স্থুপাকার-কৃ;

পাদা-দে; পাদ্ই বাধা; To pile into a stack or stacks.

Stack of arms—ननीय-एकांच वन्द्रवाती। Stack-stand, n. गागांच गांग ; गान्द्र-बांग।

Stack-yard, stakyard, n. যাস রাথিবার গোলা-বাটী : খামার ; A yard for stacks.

Staddle, n. माहा ; क्य दुक ; हाजान।

Stadium, n. পরিবাণ বিশেষ; A Greek measure of length. pl=stadia.

Staff, staf, n. বই; লাট; Stick:—আবলৰ; Prop; support:—চরণ; লোক; কবিতা; Stanza:—(p/= staves.) কেন্তুৰত; বাতল; আসাদোটা; A flag staff:
—ক্ষতাস্ট্ৰক দত; Stick or ensign of authority:—
(p/...staffs.) সৈনিক-ক্ষিচারিগণ; সেরেজা; An establishment of officers acting together in an army; an establishment of officers in any undertaking.

Keep the staff in one's hand—আফিনার রাধা; দবল রাধা; To keep possession; to retain the right.

[ up office or possession.

Part with the staff—আফিনারে তাগে-জ; Give Put down one's staff in one place—

नाम-कृ; नम्छि-कृ. To take up one's residence. Staff of life—कीवन तकात छलाय; याशस्त्र कीवन तका

Stair of 1116—জাবন রকার ওপাব; বাহাতে জাবন প্রকা করে; জর, কটা, That which supports and pieserves life.

Staff of teachers—শিক্ষকাৰ্য।

Take up one's staff—বেড়াইতে বাহিন-ছ; Set out on one's travels.

Stag, stag, n. হবিণ; ওঁড়ে; খামড়া; The male deer:—বস্তু-মূগ; The sed-deer. feg=hind.

Stag-hound, stag'hownd, n. कुक्द वित्तव ; A hound employed in hunting duer.

Stage, stal, n. বৰু; রক্ষক; বক্ষল; A platform in a theatre; raised floor of a play-house.— বেখানে কোনও কিছু সাধারণো প্রদানত হয়; রক্ত্মি; Any place of exhibition or performance:— আভ্ডা; ভ্রন্থপথেব বিপ্রাম-স্থান; A place of rest on a journey or road:— দুই স্থানের মধ্যে বাবধান; The distance hetween places:— মবস্থা, উন্নতির পরিমাণ; Condition; state; the degree of process:— ডাকগাডি, Stage-coach.

Come upon the stage—প্ৰকাশভাবে উপন্থিত-ছ; অকাশ্ৰে আবিৰ্ভাব-ছ; To appear upon the scene of action, to figure in public life.

First stage of a disease—প্ৰিড়ার প্ৰথমাৰ্যা। Last stage—চরমাৰ্যা।

Stago-coach, stājköch, n. ডাকগাড়ি; ডাকের গাড়ি; A coach that runs regularly with passengers from stage to stage.

Stage-player, stājplā'ér, n. নট; রলমঞ্ অভিনতা; A player or actor on the stage. [be heard. Stage-whisper, n. A whisper loud enough to Stagger, stag'er, v. i. ছেলা; ছুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; টুলা; চুলান্ড, ; দোলায়িত-ছ; To reel, totter, begin to doubt, hesitate:—v. t. টুলান্; দোলায়িত-ছ; To cause to reel:—জ্যাদি ছারা অভিত্ত-ছ; ভ্রম্ক-ছ; ফ্লাড-ছ; To shock:—n. টুলটুলানি! [horse. Staggere, pl. ঘোটফাদির মুন্নী বোল; A desease of Staghount, n. কুকুর বিশেষ; A dog.

Staging, n. গাঁখুনী কাৰের নিষিত ভারা; A struc-

Stagnant, stag'nant, c. (देश: वद: व्यास्त्राचीय:

च्चवाहित्तः ; कलंकन-बहित्तः ; निक्तः ; Not flowing ; motionless :—निक्तः ; निक्तः ; निक्तः ; करः ; Not dull ; not brisk. Æstagnancy, ad—stagnanty. Sym:—Still, standing, inert, sluggish. Stagnate, stagnate, stagnate, रा. वस-२ ; वस-२ ; क्लाव्य-च्य-२ ; To cease to flow ; to cease to be brisk ; to be motionless.

Stagnation, stag-náshun, n. বছতা; অথবাই; হিরভা; নিশ্চলতা; The state of being stagnant; duliness.

Steid, stād, a. অনুষয়; গভীয়; Sober; grave:
—শাভ; ছিয়; Steady. ad=stadily, n=stadiness (গাভীয়; ছিয়তা): Syn:—Regular, composed, sedate, serious.

Stain, stan, v. t. [ W. vstaen, spread out, L. tingere, to dye] ব্যক্তিত-কৃ; বন্দে: To tinge; to colour; to dye:—কলভিত-কৃ; দ্বিত-কৃ; দানী-কৃ; To sully; to spot; to tarnish:—n. দান; চিক্ত; Discolouration; spot:—কলহ; নিকা; Taint of guilt:—ক্লা; Shame. Syn:—(n) Paint, tinge; blot, soil, pollute, taint; disgrace; dishonour. (n) Blot, spot, blemish, tarnish; disgrace, dishonour; contamination, taint. [ coloured: Stained-glass, n. ব্যক্ত কাচ; Glass variously

Stained-Kines, m. পারত বাত; Class value in Stainless, stāńics, a. বেদাগ; নিৰ্দোণ; অকলই; নিৰ্দেশ্য: Free from stain; spotless.

Stair, star', n. সিভি: নোপান; A single step:-pl. নোপান-শ্রেণী; A flight of steps.

Below stairs - नीटन जनाय; निवस्त; In the lower part of house,

Flight of stairs—সোপান-প্ৰসায়। { rooms. Up stairs—উপৰ তনায; উপৰে; In the higher Stair-case, star'kas, n. সোপান-শ্ৰেণ্ট; সিভিন্ন মন; A flight of stairs or steps.

Stake, stak, n. হুদ্ম কাইণত; গৌল; গৌটা; গুঁটি; Stick pointed at one end; post fixed to the ground with its end sharpened:—শুল; পূল্পত; A post for holding a victim:—বাজি; পণ: Any thing laid down as a wager:—প্ৰবিবাদাৰ্থ জীবন বিদৰ্জন; বাজি ক্ল ফুড়া; Martyrdom:—n. t. গৌল দাবা বিদ্ধ-জ; গুঁটি দিবা বলা-জ; To fasten or pierce with a stake:—পণ-জ; বাজি বাধা; To wager. Syn:—(n) Pale, picket; wager, bet; risk, venture, hazard.

A stake--সংশ্রাপম ; স্ট্টাপর।

At the stake—পোডাইয়া নাছিবার ছালে; বন্ধ ছামে;
At the burning place. [danger.
Be at stake—বায় বায় হওয়া; লহুটাপায়-হ; Be in
Stake on—কোন জনিশ্চিত ঘটনার উপার নির্ভন করিয়া
থিয়ন্ত্রা বিস্কান করিতে প্রস্তুত-হ; Put (something one values) to hazard on the result of (some contigency).

Stake out—শান-ক : চিক্তি-ক ; Mark or plot out. Stake-fellow—ধর্মার্থ মৃত্যুসংগর ; Fellow martyr. Stake-net—A net secured and outstretched by means of stakes.

Stalactite, #. পৰ্বাত ; লখিত চৌৰ্ণ স্থচী। Stalagmite, #. স্থচাঞ্চ চৌৰ্ণ-ভন্ত।

Stale, stal, a. প্রাতন; জীর্ণ: বালি: Old; not new; too long kept:—বিশাদ; Tasteless:— ব্যক্তিংকর; সামান্ত; Trite:—০. i. মূত্র ভাগি-তৃ; To make water, said of beasts:—০. i. বিশাদ-মূ;

Make tasteless. n=staleness ( ) is (

Stalk, n. বোটা; বৃত্ত; ডাটা; Stem of a plant:
—লেগনী-পককাত; The stem of a quill:—সন্ধূ
পানবিকেণ:—v. i. সন্ধূপ পানবিকেশ-ভূ; সক্ষেত্ৰ চলা;
To walk stilts or proudly:—v. t. গোপনে নিকট-আঁ
হ; পোপনে নিকটে আইনে; To approach secretly.

Deer stalking, n. The act of approaching deer wearily and steathily.

Stalking-horse, stawking-hors, \*\*. শিকারের
অনুসরণকাদে শিকারী বে বোটকের পান্ধান্ত সূত্রাক্তি
থাকে; Real or sham horse behind which a sportsman conceals himself:—হল; তাণ; Mask;
pretence.

Stallage, stawlaj, n. পশুশালার কর; হাট-চালার বাজনা; Rent paid for stalls.

Stall-feed, v. t. পণ্ডশালায় খাওয়াইরা মোটা-কু; To feed and fatten in a stable.

Stallion, stalyun, n. বোড়া; পালের বোড়া; A horse kept in the stall without being made to work:—ৰাইন্ত্ৰৰ বা ; A horse not castrated.

Stall-render, n. বে লোকানে বাইরা পুতক পড়ে; One who reads books at stall.

Stalwart, stalwert, a. [A. S. stelferhåh, a man of iron mood] সাহনী; বলিষ্ঠ; বলাৰ; বোয়াৰ; Bold; sturdy; stout; strong. ad=stawartly. n=stalwartness. Syn:—Redoubted, daring, intrepid; muscular, brawny, robust, strapping, brave.

Stamen, stamen, n. প্:-কেশর; পরাপ্ন-কেশর; Male apparatus of a flower. pl—stamina (শরীরের সারভাগ; প্রধান বলের হেড়ু; শক্তি; বল; the principal strength of anything); stamens (প্:-কেশর সক্ষমে); stamina (বল স্ব্যান্ত)।

Stammer, stanier, v.i. [A. S. stamer, one who stammers] তোতলা-হ; তো তো-ফু; বাধ বাধ কথা কথা; To falter in speaking; to hesitate in speaking, stutter; halt in one's speech:—n. ভোতলানি; অফুট উচ্চারণ; Hesitation in speech; defective utterance. n=stammerer (ভোতলা)!
Stammering, n. ভোতলানি; অফুট কথন!

Stamp, stamp, n. প্ৰাণাত; (প্ৰাণি ধারা) চাপুন;
The act of stamping; the noise made with the foot:—মুদ্ৰা; Instrument for making an impression:—বোহন; Impression; print:—মুদ্ৰিক-চিক; ছাপা; বোহন; Mark set on papers &c. paying tax:— আকার; ধরণ; গঠন; ভাঁচ; Make; form; cast:— ভাব; Character:—ভিকিট; ট্টাপ্প; ঘলিনাদি কামজ; A small piece of paper having certain figure impressed by government and sold to the public:—হাকুড়ি বিশেষ; A kind of hammer:—০. হ. বৃদ্ধান্বিভাগ-কৃ; বিশ্বান-কৃ; বিশান্ত-কৃ; To plant the foot

firmly down; to kick:— e. t. প্ৰশীভিত-তৃ; পথা-থাত-তৃ; To strike with the bottom of the foot: — নোহৰ-তৃ; বুলাজিত-তৃ; চিকিট লাগাব; To impress with some mark or figure; to imprint:— মুখা-তৃ; To coin. n=stamper. Syn:—(n) Die, seal; mark, impress, brand; cast, mould, form; complexion. (v) Mark, brand; coin, mint.

Bear the stamp of—কোন কিছুর শাই লক্ষ্ হত্তা বা প্ৰোন ; Be clear and certain indications of. It is of the right stamp—It has the stamp

of genuine merit.

Of high stamp—সহাভাব ৷

Stamp about—সৰ্থে চ্ৰা; শব্দ করিয়া চলা; Walk about with a great noise. [annihilate by force. Stamp out—উচ্ছেদ-কু, দমন-কু, Crush, eredicate; Stamp Act, স. ১৭৩৫ খু: নিশিষ্ট গুৰু সম্বন্ধীয় আইন বিশেষ; Law for imposing stamp duties.

Stamp duty, n. দ্বিলাদির কাগতে মুদ্রাহিত গুৰু বা মৃদ্য ; Tax on newspapers, bills, receipts &c.

Stampede, stam-ped, n. অবদলের ভরে জতবেঙ্গে প্রবাহন; A sudden fright and bolt of a herd of horses:—ভরজনিত প্রবাহন; Flight caused by panic:—v. i. সহসা ভরে প্রবাহন হরা বা ছত্রতল্প-ড়। Stamp-office, n. বেবানে টিকিট পাওয়া যায়; An office for the issuing of stamps.

Stanch, stánsh, v. t. ( রক্তাদির ) প্রবাহ বল-কু; রক্ত্রোখ-কু; বল-কু; সত stop the flowing of ( as blood ):—v. t. বহিতে কাস্ত-হ; To cease to flow:—a. আবিচলিক; Constant:—ছির; মৃচ্ ; শক্ত; দিলে:—বিষক্ত; বিবাসী; Trusty:—উৎসাহী; Zealous.
স — stanchness ( স্থিবতা; মৃচ্ডা )। ad—stanchly ( মৃচ্ডাবে; ছিরভাবে )। ১৮৮:—(a) Stopped, stayed; strong and tight; sound, stount, steady, unwavering, resolute.

Stanchion, stanshun, n. অবলম্ব ; খোঁটা ; ঠেকো ; চাড়া ; A prop ; a support.

Stand, stand, v. i. पंडातमान-ए ; फीलारेवा थाका , Be fixed in an upright position; be upon the feet: –এক ভাবে থাকা; Be stationary:--- ছাণিড-হ: बर्डिड-इ : Be situated or located :-- श्राशी-इ ; Be permanent :- অপ্ৰসাৰ লা ইওয়া; To cease to proeeed; to cease to move:--धामा; To halt:--ব্দেশ্ব-ৰু; Await:--বাস-ৰু; Abide:--সহিবা থাকা: जरू-कृ ; Endure :-- जेका-र ; Agree :-- भिन ३ ; To consist:--কাৰ্য্যের আর্থনা-কু; প্রার্থী ইইয়া দ্বীনান . To offer one's self as a candidate :-- নাগরের निविद्यम अवनान-क ; To hold a course at sea .-थ. र. महा ; मह-कृ , To endure ; to bear ; to suffici : --- शिल्डांप-कृ ; To withstand :-- मानिया हला ; To abide by :-- পাড়া-কু, পাড় করান; Cease to stand: —#. আড্ডা; Station :—বহা, A difficulty :—দভাৰ-बान व्यवद्याः दिखिः Standing ; halt .- वर्गकिपिश्व ৰেল ; মঞ্চ ; Platform :--বাধা ; প্ৰতিরোধ ; Act of resistance :- আটক ; Embrassment :- প্ৰাৰে বিয়তি ; A stop :- with ; Frame for flower ; frame for inkbottles. pt. and pp = stood. Syn: -(v) Remain. continue; stop, halt, pause; stay, persist; be; sustain, bear; resist, oppose. (n) Stop, stay. post, position; interruption, cessation, pause, standstill; table; stall, booth.

Be at a stand, Be at a stand-still -- गिराबार-र : विगठ-र, महादे गढ़ा ; Be unable to go on. Come to a stand—गिल्य-ए। [say. I will stand it out—I will persist in what I Make a stand—गत्न गणितापार्य पराज्ञान-ए :

Make a stand—বাবা দিবার বাত বভারমান-হ; Halt for the purpose of offering resistance to (an pursuing enemy); —প্ৰভাৱতী শত্ৰুকে ভাড়াইবার বাত রোক্ করিবার চেটা-ক; Endeavour to overcome; be in a stationary state owing to some difficulty:—এবাত বা পারা; সম্বটে পড়া; Be perplexed; be embarrassed.

Put to a stand—হতবৃদ্ধি-কু; কিংকজবাবিন্দু-কু;
To perplex; embarass. [about.
Stand about—চাহিদিকে গমনাগমন-কু; Loiter
Stand a chance—সম্ভব-হু; Have the possibility, likelihood. [date again.
Stand again—পুন: কার্ব্যের আব্-হু; Be a candiStand against—অভিরোধ-কু; বাবা দেওয়া, বিকল্পে
দ্বৈত্যান; Resist.

Stand aghast at—ভবে বিজ্ঞান্ত; ভবে জন্তসভূ বা আচ্থিত-হ; Be greatly amazed; be stupefied with sudden fright at.

Stand alone—বাধীন ভাবে ধাকা; Keep an independent position:—একাকী-হ; Be solitary.

Stand aloof, Stand aloof from—পুরে পাঁডান; Stand off.

Stand aside—asylts wolsula; Retire to one side. [Retire.

Stand back, Stand back from—প্রকাশ্যন র ; Stand between—রক্ষা-র ; Act as a shield:— মধ্যে গাড়ান, Occupy an intermediate place.

Stand by —কাছ ছাড়ান হওবা; সহাযতা-কু; সমর্থন-কু; রক্ষা-কু; Not to desert, support.—শুদ্ধ দীড়াইবা থাকা, নিকটে থাকা, নিকটবঠী থাকা; উপস্থিত থাকা; কিছু না করা; Be an idle spectator; be near; be present without taking part:—সন্মত-হ; রাজী-হ; To abide by; to agree.

Stand fast— দুচৰজ থাকা; দুচৰূপে স্থাপিত-হ; স্থি থাকা; Be fixed, to be unshaken or immovable Stand fire—গোলাভলিব ভয়ে না পলাইবা দীড়াইবা থাকা; অক্সকভাবে অগ্নিবর্ধণ সঞ্চ ; পোলা ব্যৱস্থা স্থাক্ Receive a volley without giving way; keep to one's place without being frightened by the shots and explosion going around.

Stand firmly on -সংলক্ষ্যতে , নিশ্চিত হ।
Stand for -প্রাণীত ; প্রতিনিধিত ; Be a candidate for :--ব্রিয়াবা; Hold or sail towards,
direct course towards :--সমর্থন কু, বন্ধাকু, প্রাণ্ডরেক, হৃ , বিধানের , side with.

Stand forth, Stand forward—সাম্নে উপস্থিত-হ; Be pronvinent; come forward.

Stand from-विद्या वाद्या ; Sail away.

Stand good—বিবাদ সত্ত্বেও বলবং পাকা, Remain valid notwithstanding contest.

Stand in-কাৰ করাৰ।

Stand in, Stand in for-Sail towards.

Stand in fear of-\$13-5; To be afraid.

Stand in need of—কোন কিছুর অভাবস্থ-ই।

Stand in one's light—কার্যারও উর্থান্তর প্রতিরোধ-কু: উন্নতির পথে দীড়ান।

Stand it—शंकित नी-शं; Maintain one's ground;, stoutly to endure. [Keep at a distance, [ Stand off—शृंत वांका; नृत्वकी पांका, क्वार पांका, 1 921 ]

Stand at the head-wist & . (work; To be . the leader. ∏ ; To be sponsor for it. Stand for a child-नागरकर वर्षाणिका वा वर्षभाका-Stand high-\$ secre- ; Be of high order. Stand in hand-डेंग्यांसे इ ; To be serviceable ; to be for one's advantage. Stand in need of help--नाहांचा आर्थना-इ। Stand in one's shoes—Way Tird-F. To be in some special position or circumstances of [ advantage. another. Stand in stead-श्विष्-इ ; To be of great Stand in the gap—কিছু কলা করিবার নিমিত নিৰেকে বিপদ্পত্ৰ- ; To expose one's self for the protection of something. Stand in the way of--- नाना-त्म: विकित्यक-क. To hinder; to prevent. Stand of arms-A musket with its usual appendage as a bayonet, &c. Stand off and on-(कान श्वानां अपूर्व विद्या-वा: र्फेशकरणत्र निकटि वांख्या जाना-कृ, Keep sailing near a place :-- विनय-इ , (पत्री क ; Stand shilly. Stand on-अक्ट भव अनुमदन-इ ; व्यवनिषठ निगण्डि-याथ हिमा चारा : Continue on the same course : -দভারমান-হ , Rest or remain upon. Stand on ceremony— शिक्षाणां अपूर्वन-क मानिहा छला , निषमणालय-क ; Be a strict observer of forms of civility, be precise about etiquette, be punctillious or exact in the observance of forms, customs, ceremonies &c. Stand on end--(ब्रामांकिङ-इ , बाजा-ह । Stand one in- 4151 नागान, To cost one. Stand one in good stead-( wiside ) with व्यामा , উপकारत व्यामा , कारत वा मतकारत लागा ; Avail one, be of great service or advantage one. Stand one's ground—খাৰিকৃত স্থান নকা-কৃ, श्रुविषा ना यां बता, निस्त्रत श्रान तका-कु, Maintain one's station, maintain one position. Stand one in little stead-विश्व कार्य ना ₹81 . Be of little service to one. Stand on one's legs—নিবের ক্ষতার উপর নিভর-\$, To support one's self, to trust to one's strength or effort without aid. Stand out-- जेकांड-१, मगूत्रज-१; विशांज-१, लाहे দেখিতে পাওয়া বায় বা বুঝিতে পারা বাষ এমন ভাবে বাহির হ্যা থাকা; Be conspicuous; be prominent .-অক্ত হইতে চিনিয়া লওয়া যায় এমন ভাবে থাকা. Stand conspicuously apart - नवमान-ए, वाश्वि इहरा शका , Project :-- मड मा-ह , প্রতিরোধ করিতে থাকা , Not to yield; not to give way. Stand out or out against-5719-3, Secode ---ৰত না-হ; অধীকার-কু; Oppose resolutely, tefuse to yield .--वश्या-वा , Sail from land Stand over - मृत्रुवि शाका, शिक्षा शाका, Be adjourned, remain in abeyance, be set aside for [ duty of a sentinal Stand sentry-পাহারা-দে, শাসীৰ কাব্য-ক , Do the Stand still-दिश्वाद शाका , Be at rest. Stand the test-निकद-भन्नीकांत्र छंखोर्न-इ, भवीकांव উত্তীৰ্-ছ: Bear up under the trial: -পরীকার ডথার-या ; Go through a trial successfully :- পदीकांव किया वा ता की : Wat to give way under a critical

Stand to-त्काव व्यक्तिका, केरकत वा वन वकात हाता : Remain fixed in (one's purpose or opinion): -पुष-ए: पुष्नक्क कविया-कः अवादमादी-ए: बाटकार्क्वाना हरेबा बाका : Persevere in : adhere to .-- नाम क : बोकांद्र-कृ ; बच्चथा श्रदेख मा (पश्चम : Abide by :---অবুসারে চলা , ঐক্য-ছ , মিল-ছ ; সঙ্গত-ছ ; To be consistent with. [ be consistent . to agree. Stand together-वेका-इ; मक्छ-इ , मिन-इ, To Stand to one's gun-winder etal, Persevere —बाधुत्रका वा अखिरहार कहिएक नेषान । Stand to reason-अवल-ह, पृक्षिपुक्त-इ. To be in accordance with reason; to be right or fitting. Stand to ses -- विद्या-वा . To sail from land. Stand treat-(कारक वता (पत्रम ; Pay the expenses of a feasting. Stand trial-পরীকার উত্তীর্ণ- , বাবং পরীক্ষিত না হয় তাবৎ জ্যাগ না-ক ; Sustain the trial of a cause. Stand under-- नक् ; नरा ; Undergo Stand up - क्लाबमान-इ; बाज़ा-इ; कालाहेबा छेंगा; বলিতে উঠা : Rise from sitting : — দল বাবা : Make [₹; Oppose, resist. a party. Stand up against -- नाश-त्म ; अधिकृत ना नितारी-Stand up for-ममर्थन क्षिएंड मैड्रान , क्यां-कृ ; Defend ; uphold ; be the champion :--বাহাতে সন্দা शांत्र छाहा कदिवाद वक अकुछ बाका . Be in favour of something so as to be ever ready to fight for it. Stand upon-प्रवासमान-इ . Stand on -- बिन-इ ; Insist :-- मृत्रात्रांन् विरवहना-कृ ; To interest ; to value : --আক্রমণ-ক : Attack --- পর্বা-ক : Take pride in. Stand up to-quette diel-(4; Oppose steadily. Stand with (or to) reason—केका-इ , व्हिन्द्र उ-इ ; भिल-इ ; Be consistent with. Take one's stand on-কিছুৰ উপৰ দীনান: Station oneself on —কোন কিছুর জোর পাটব বলিয়া তাহার উপর ৩র-ফু; কোন কিছুৰ উপর নির্ভর করিয়া शका , Rest on something for support ; take a position of resistance on the strength of To stand to a bargain—কোৰ কৰ্ম ত্যাপ না ক; To abide by it. Standard, standard, n. প্রাকা; কলা, স্পৃপতাকা. Flag; ensign of war -- निर्दारिक विवय (निरा-शांषि ); That which is fixed, as a rule -- नापर्न . নিরিখ; Criterion, rule or model --পরীকা, Test -- व निरमित्र, द्वितीक्छ, निश्निमिष्टे, Fixed, settled -- निवािक वा हारी मनाविभिष्ट : Having a fixed or permanent value :-- शामानिक , Legal --माशाबन: Usual. Syn -(n) Measure gauge, test, model, scale, upright, support, banner, pennon. Come up to one's standard—কাহারও মনের म्छ काल्यकाण इहाउ शाद अड एव छेंगे; Rise or reach to the point ( of excellence considered by [ तःशाय व्यक्तियां कुठा । one as a model ). Flock to one's standard -- 神神 43 年十 Join one's standard-যুদ্ধাৰ্থ কোন নেতাৰ বা व्यक्तिगरकद निष्ठ (यात त्र , Join a leader with a view to fight for him. Set (or raise) up a standard of rebellion —त्रोक्षविद्धारी-र , विद्यार-পठाका ७७औवमान-क ; To rebel, declare war against the roling authority. Set up one's standard—বিশান তুলিয়া ঘলছ বোক-गुन्तक युक्तार्थ काक्सान-कृ , Raise a leader's ensign of war inviting people to come and fight for him.

examination.

Standard of rebellion—বিরোহ-গডাকা। Standard-bearer, n. পতাকা-বহনকারী কর্মচারী। বৈজ্ঞবৃত্তিক: An officer who bears a standard.

Standing, standing, a. সভাসমান; থাড়া; Erect:
—স্থায়ী; Permanent:—অবহমান; ছণিড; বছ;
অপ্রবাহিত; চলাচণ্যহিত; Stagnant; not movable:
—হিন্ত; Fixed:—নির্ছাহিত; Settled:—প্রভিত্তিত;
Established:—ন. অভিড; স্থায়িত; Existence:—
অবহান; স্থিতি; Continuance:—পদ; ছান; সামানিক
পদ; Station; rank; position in a society:—
বভাব; Character. [প্রাতন উকিল।

A pleader of long standing—বহদিনের উকীল: Of long standing—বহ কালের; প্রাণ; Existing for a long time.

Standing-army, ম. হায়ী বেতনভোগী; রাজ্যরকার্থ হায়া বৈতনিক নৈজ; A permanent body of troops. Standing-colour, n. যে বহু ধুইয়া বায় না; That which does not wash out.

Standing crop or corn—অক্টিড শস্ত; কেত্ৰে কৰায়মান শস্ত: Crop not cut down.

Standing-dish, n. উপৰুষ্ক পাদ্যব্য ; Favourite dish : one regularly served.

Standing-joke, n. যে তামাসা অনবরত করা হয়; The joke which frequently repeated. [ nuisance. Standing-nuisance, n. হারী জয়াল; Permanent Standing-orders, n. হারী আইন; নিদিষ্ট বর্গবং আদেশ; Permanent regulations of a legislature. Standing-room, n. শৃড়িইবার হল; Space for

Standing-stigma, n. वित्रकृति क्लाइ ।

Standing-water-44 44; Stagnant water.

Standish, standish, n. কলমদান ; লেখনী ও মনীর আধার ; A standing dishor case for pen and ink. Stand-point, n. নিৰ্দিষ্ট হান ; গাঁড়াইয়া দেখিবার হল ; A fixed point or station. [ কান্তি ; A stop. Stand-still, standstil, n. স্থিরতা-বিভাম ; বৰ ;

Be at a standstill—वक थाका ; श्रीक थाका । Stand-up, a. ( जुरवायुक्ति जालात ) मनुस्य प्रकासन

হইয়া নম্পাদিত ; Manfully contested.

Stang, n. 78; (37); A pole.

Stanhope, n. ছই চাকার গাড়া বিশেষ : A coach. Stank, n. বাধ : A dam or mound to stop

Stank, n. বাণ; A dam or mound to stop
water:—পরিধা; A ditch.

Stannary, stahar-i, a. টিনের বনিসম্বনীর; টিনের কাণ্য সম্বনীর; Of or pertaining to tin mines or works:
—n. টিনের থনি: টিনের কান্ধ; A tin mine or works.
Stannic, stahik, a. টিন সম্বনীয়; টিন হইতে উৎপন্ন;
Pertaining to or procured from tin.

Stanza, stanza, n. 534; (#14; A number of poetical lines of verses regularly adjusted to each other.

Staple, stápl, ন. বেশের প্রধান উৎপত্ন ক্রয়; প্রধান পণ্যক্রয়; The principal production or commodity of a district or country:—পদ্ধ; আছার; প্রধান বাজায়; The chief mart:—আগত নাল; প্রধান উপাদান; Raw material; the principal element: —আগ; সুতা; The tread of textile, fabrics:— বিল-ম্যা; A loop of fron to hold a pin:—a. প্রতি-ক্তিত; নির্ভাবিত; প্রধান; চালত; Established in commerce; regularly produced or made for market. Staple product—প্রধান পণ্যক্রয়।

Stapler, stapler, n. बादमाबी; श्वाकीवी; A dealer.

Star, star, n. ভারকা; নক্ষ্ম ; ভারা : Heavenly body; one of the luminous bodies in the heavens, except the sun and moon :—উক্ষা প্ৰ-লশ্য় লোক; পদবী বা মৰ্যাদা সম্পন্ন ব্যক্তি; A person of brilliant or attractive qualities:—পদবী বা মৰ্যাদা স্চলাৰ্থ ভারকা চিক্ত; A representation of a star worn as a badge of rank or honour:—Decoration of knighthood:—\* লিখন বা মুম্বাক্তের চিক্ত্ বিলেব; Asterisk:—v. t. ভারকাণ্ডিত-কৃ; মুশোভিত-কৃ; চুম্কি বসান; To set with stars: to bespangle:—v. i. নক্ষ্মের ভার দীখিমান-হ; To shine as a star:—মনোবোগ আকর্ষণ-কৃ; To attract attention.

A (man's) good star-एक नक्द।

A star of the first magnitude—সর্কাণেশা উৎকৃষ্ট : বাহাতে সকলকে কাণা করিয়া দেয় : A person or thing that outshines all the rest.

Bless one's stars—ছাপনাৰে ছাপাৰাৰ মান-মু ৷
Falling (or shooting) star, n. নম্ব-পতন :
ভারকা-পাত ; A luminous meteor seen shooting athwart the sky, often in great numbers.

His star in the ascendant—ভাষার মুপাড়া; He is in luck's way.

Stars and stripes—আমেরিকায় মিলিত-রাজ্যের পতাকা-চিক্ত; Standard of the Americo-English. Star of India—উপাধি বিশেষ; An order of Knighthood instituted by Queen Victoria in 1861. [Partly blind.

Star-blind, c. কতক পরিষাণে আন; আন্দর্যনী; Star-board, stär'börd, n. জাহাজের দক্ষিণ পার্ব; The righthand side of a ship to one looking toward the bow :—a. জাহাজের দ্দিণ পার্বহ; Lying on the right side of a ship.

Starch, a. করিন; শব্দ : Stiff ; precise :--n. কাঠিছ ; বাহারতান : Stiffness, formality.

Starch, stärch, n. বেডনার; ফলাদির বেডাংশ; মাড;
A white glistering powder to stiffen cloth:—
w.t. নাড়-দে; মণ্ড বা কলপ দিয়া পক্ত-ফু; To stiffen with starch. n=starcher.

Star-chamber, n. বিলাভের ফৌজনারী আলালভ, ১৬৪১ অন্দে উঠিবা যায় ; An ancient criminal court in England, abolished in 1641.

Starched, starcht n. কটিন; শক্ত; Stiff; formal. ad=starchedly, n=starchedness. Syn:—Formal, punctilious, ceremonious.

Starehy, starchi, a. মাড়পূর্ণ; মধ্বং; মধ্বের মন্ত; Consisting of or resembling starch:—শক্ত; করিন; Stiff; precise.

Stere, sizir, v. i. একদৃষ্টে চাহিরা থাকা; কটনট করিবা তাকান; তাকাইয়া দেখা; To gaze earnestly; to look fixedly:—v. t. দৃষ্টি-কু; একদৃষ্টিতে দেখা; To look earnestly at:—n. একদৃষ্টি; ছিরদৃষ্টি; A fixed look.

Stare at—ৰাগদ্ধক স্থায় হা করিয়া ভাৰান; Look with fixed eyes at a person or object, as from wonder, stupidity, or impudence.

Stare (one) in the face—আই প্ৰতীয়মান-হ; স্পাঠ-হ; চকুৰ উপাই তপাকা; Be plainly visible before one's eyes.

Stare one out of countenance—কাহারও পানে এমন ভাবে ভাকান বে দে ব্যক্তি আর মুখ তুলিতে পারে না বা লক্ষিত হয়; Stare so as to confound one:— কটনট করিয়া ভাকাইয়া অপ্রতিভ-তু; Stare so as t abash one :-- চেকে কেলা ; মলিনপ্রাজ-রু ; Throw into the shade ; outshine.

Star-fish, star'fish, n. সাৰ্ত্তিক মংক্ত বিশেষ; A radiate; a marine animal.

Star-gazer, star'gazer, n. জ্যোভির্মেণ্ড ; জ্যোভিন্ বিক; নক্তম্পর্ক ; An astronomer; an astrologer. Stark, stark, a. সম্পূর্ব ; Absolute; gross; entire:—ad. সম্পূর্বিলে; একেবারে; Wholly; entirely; absolutely:—a. কঠিন; মক; Stiff; rigid: —ভোল; Strong:—কেবল; Mere:—নম; Naked. n=starkness, ad=starkly. Syn:—Sheer, simple, pure, bare.

Stark-naked—সম্পূর্ণ উলহ।

Star knowledge ( or lore or reading ), ক জ্যোতিৰ্বিদা ; Astronomy.

Star-light, n. नक्लारनाक ।

Starling, starling, n. প্ৰিক্তিৰে; A talking bud: --কীলক জেনী; A ring of piles.

Star-monger, n. জ্যোতির্বিৎ; Astrologer. [stars. Star-paved, a. নকত ছারা গঢ়িত; studded with Star-proof, a. Impervious to star-light.

Starrod, stard, a. নকত ধারা প্রশোভিত; নকতাকৃতি ধাবা শোভিত; Adorned or studded with stars.

Ill-starred, a. এহ-বৈশ্বব্যের বশতাপর; অওত নক্ষরের দৃষ্টযুক্ত।

Starry, stari, a. তারকা ধাবা হুপোভিত , তারকামণ ; Adorned or abounding with stars :—নক্তম্বটিত ; তাবকা হইতে উৎপন্ন ; নক্তমেভূত ; Consisting or proceeding from the stars :—নক্তমণ ; তারার মত উদ্দ্র , নক্তম্বণ উদ্দ্রল ; Like or shining like stars.

Start, start, v. t. अञ्चान-क ; हिंछा वी कृष्टियां-यो , To set out :-- महमा मशानिक-इ; हिकड-इ. To move suddenly:-- চমকিলা উঠা; সঙ্কুচি 5-ই; निश्विपा উঠা; चं। इत्क चेंडा ; To wince, to shrink :-- आवड-क ; To begin :--আপুগা-হ; To loosen :-- ০. f. আবস্ত-কু; To set on foot:--সহদা ব্যস্ত-কু; সহদা আলো-ডিড-কু; To disturb suddenly:--প্ৰবৰ্ত্তিত-ঞ্ ; চালक-क ; খোলা বা চালান ; To set in motion :-हा िवी--त्व ; To pour out :—शानि-कृ ; To empty : —ভोত-कृ; চৰিত-कृ; চমকাইযা-দে; To alarm: —n. हिकेडडात अञ्चान ; हमकानि ; हमकान , A sudden movement :-- जावज्ञ . Outset ; beginning : প্ৰথম পতি বা প্ৰবৃত্তি; The first motion. Syn: -(v) Flinch; depart, rouse, startle; evoke raise; [ Occassionally. begin, institute.

By fits and starts—सत्य भत्या; अभव अभव ; From start to finish—श्यम इन्टंड त्यय प्रीय ।

Get or have the start of—হত্তেব অতা আবত-কৃ; কাহারও পূর্বে আবত-কৃ; Begin before another:— একি কাজে) অভের অতা কাষ্য হাদিল-কৃ; Gain advantage over. [Enable one to begin life. Give one a start—প্রথম কর্মে প্রবৃত্ত কি শি দেওবা;

Start after-অনুগমন-কৃ; পশ্চাদ্ধাবন-কৃ; Pursuc. Start against -প্ৰতিষ্পী হইবা বিহুদ্ধে কৰ্ম-কৃ।

Start at—এডান-ড়; বাওবা; Set out.
Start for—(কাবোর) প্রাথী-ড়; Become a candidate for some place:—অভিমুখে বাজা-ড়; বাজা-ড়;
Make an expedition towards; set out with the aim of reaching a place.

Start game-Arouse some object of pursuit.

Start off, Start off from—वन्त्रार अञ्चल-कृ; Depart of a sudden.

Start to one's feet—খণ্ করে উঠে পড়া; Rise suddenly from one's seat.

Start up—হঠাৎ উঠিলা পড়া; বেবিলে পড়া; হঠাৎ স্থাটি-পথে আসা; Rise suddenly (from one's seat); bring into motion.

Start with—আবস্ত-কু; স্ক-কু; Begin.

Starting, n. elias; Beginning.

At starting—আগে; প্রার্থে; কর্মকার্য্যে প্রযুদ্ধ ইইবার কালে; At the outsets of one's career, when one begins life.

[ Point of departure. Starting-point, n. বে সান ইইতে গমন আগন্ত হয়; Starting-post, starting-post, n. বে সান ইইতে গৌত আগন্ত হয়; Place from which a race begins. Startle, startle, v. i. হঠাৎ তীত-হ; আকর্যান্তিত-হ; To feel sudden alarm; to excite by sudden alarm; —v. f. তীত-তৃ; চবিত-হ; আকর্যান্তিত-হৃ; To excite suddenly; to shock; to frighten:—w. আক্ষিত্ত ত্ব বা বিশ্বহ; তার বা বিশ্বহলিত অক্ষাৎ চমন; চমকানি; আতক; Sudden alarm or surprise. Syn:—(n) Start, fright, alarm, surprise, astonish.

Startle at—হঠাৎ কোন ভারের ব্যাপারে চম্কিলা বা শিহ্-বিলা উঠা; Move suddenly under the influence of sudden alarm or surprise.

Startling, a. स्त्रानक ; आउद्दल्यक ।

Startling news—বে দংবাদ গুনিলে বিশ্বিত হইতে হয়। Starvation, stár-váshun, n. অনাহারে প্রাণ্ড্যাগ; অনাহার; উপবাদ; অনাহার জক্ত শীর্ণডা; The act of starving; the state of being staved.

Starve, starv, v. i. অনাহারে নরা; অনশন-ভু; অভ্যন্ত ক্ষার্ত-হ; To die with hunger; to suffer extreme hunger:—v. t. অনাহারে মারা; ওকাইবা মারা; To kill with hunger; to destroy by want:—কমভানুত্ত-ভু; নিজেও-ভু; 
Starve out—কুমৰ: অবাহারে মরা বা মারা; Kill or perish with hunger gradually.

Starve to death—অনাহাবে মারা; Perish with starving; kill with starving. • [cold. Starve with cold—লতে মৃত্তু ; Perish with Starved, p. a. কুগাওঁ; পানাতাবে নিনর বা অবসত্ত্ব।

Starveling, starvling, a. কুণিত; নীৰ্ণ; কুল; प्रभाव ; होनपन ; Hungry , lean , weak :- n. अनशिद শার্ণ প্রাদি; A thin, weak, pining animal or plant. State, stat, n. [L. status, a standing] with; मुना ; Position ; condition :— ममृद्धि ; अवशा ; विভव ; Grandeur; splendour: - शका; Government; sovereignty :-- পদ ; मधामा ; Rank ; quality :--मन्ध्रमान ; द्वली ; A body of men :-- pl. (स्टनंत ব্যবস্থা সমাজ; The bodies constituting the legislature of a country :-- a. त्रीलगिक मचकीत ; Belonging to the state :-- লাগারণের ; Public --बाककीय: Royal:--आएपवनानी; कांकान; Ceremonial; pompous, magnificent:—v. t. বলা;
বৰ্ণনা-কু; বিষ্ঠ-কু; To express the particulars of; to tell, set forth, narrate. Syn :- (n) Situation, plight; predicament; commonwealth; parade, pomp, dignity. (v) Enumerate, specify, ex-

p) n, profound, recite.

In state—বস্তম মত; With due formality:—

মধ্যাদাসুকা জাকজনকে বা জানবাবের সহিত্ত; With all
the pomp befitting one.

Title in state—সনাধির পূর্বে মৃতদেহ সাধারণে দেপিবে বলিয়া রাজবেশে রাজগৃহে থাকা; Be kept for public observation before burial.

State ball—রাজগৃতে সৃত্য বিশেষ ; Ball at a palace. State barge—সরকারী বজরা বা নৌকা।

Btate carriage—রাজকীর গাড়ী।

State-craft, n. नामा-(कोमन।

Stato criminal—নাললোচেৰ নিমিত বলী: রাজ্যের বা রাজার বিকল্পাচরণ বশত: বলীকৃত বাজি: One charged with offences against the state.

Stated, stated, a. নিৰ্দিষ্ট, নির্মণিত; হিবীকৃত; ব্যাকালে ঘটিত; Settled; established, fixed; regular. ad ⇒ statedly.

State-house, stathows, n. বাজকীয়-বাবস্থাসমাজেব অধিবেশনাপয়; The house in which the legislative of a state holds its sessions.

State legislature—আমেবিকাৰ ব্যবস্থাপক; Legislature of the United States.

Stately, statle, a. জনকাল; মহান্, প্রতাপশালী; পৌরবাধিত, উচ্চ: Majestic. n=stateliness. Syn-Lofty, dignified, magnificent, august, formal, ceremonious, solemn, pompous.

Statement, গ্রেগালেলা, দ. বাজা; উক্তি, বিষৰণী; বিষয়ণ, বৰ্ণনা; বৰ্ণনা-পজ; A narrative, a recital. Syn:—Specification, enumeration, announcement, declaration, narration, relation, description, explanation, account, report.

State-monger, n. বান্ধনীতিজ্ঞ , Politician.

State-paper, statesper. n. বাজৰীয় পৰিলপত .
Document relating to affairs of state or commonwealth.

State-prisoner, n. ৰাজবিটোনেৰ নিমিত্ত বলী; A prisoner confined for offences against the state State-room, statroom, n. ৰাজপ্ৰাসাদেৰ দৰবাবসৃহ; ৰাজকীয় সৃহ; Magnificent room; a stately com in a palace or mansion:—জাহাজেৰ সজ্জিত প্ৰকোষ্ঠ; The principal room in a ship's cabin.

States general, n. Holland:—ওললাজ ব্যবস্থা-সভা : করাসী প্রতিনিধি-সভা , Legislature of Holland · —Old legislature of France.

Statesman, statéman. n. রাজনীতিজ্ঞ , A politician :—রাজবর্শ্বচারী ; বাজপুরুর ; One employed in public affairs. a=statesmanlike, statesmanly.

Statesman-like, statéman-lik, a. বাজনীতিজ্ঞব মন্ত. রাজনীতিকুলোচিত: বাজপুরুষোচিত. Like or becoming a statesman. [ নৈতিকতা , A policy. Statesmanship, n. নীতিকৌশল; রাজনীতি; রাজ-State-trial, n. রাজ্যেব বিরুদ্ধাচরণ লোকে অপরাধী ব্যক্তির বিচার; A trial for political offences.

Statio, Statical, ৫. নিশ্চন; গতিনুত্ত; Resting:
—চাপণুত্ত; তাৰ্কাংডুক; Acting by mere weight without motion.

Statics, n. স্থিতি বিজ্ঞান; বৈধান; বিজ্ঞান; বিজ্ঞান; বিজ্ঞান দিলেব বিজ্ঞান পিলেব : The branch of mechanics which treats of the properties of bodies when standing still or at rest. estatuc.

Station, stáshun, n. অবস্থিতির স্থান; আছড়া; The place where a person or thing stands:—পদ; Rank; office:—কর্ম্ম; Busition:—রেলগাড়িতে উটবার ও নামিবার হান; বাশ্যীর শকটের আছড়া; A halting or starting place in a railway:—জীবনের অবস্থা; দশা; Condition of life:—অবস্থা; State:—

নৈত্ৰ নিৰেল; The quarters of a regiment or the place where located:—পানা; কাড়ি; The place where the police force is assembled; post:—v. t. ছাগন-ক; রাখা; নিযুক্ত-ক; Place in a certain rank, to set, to post. Sym:—(n) Location, situation; employment, occupation, business; standing, condition, status; depot. (v) Locate, set, fix, post, establish.

Military station-- সৈম্ব-নিবাস।

Stationary, stanhun-ar-i, e. ছিন; আটল; Settled; fixed:—উন্নতনীল নহে; হ্রাসবৃদ্ধিরহিত; অনুমতি-নীল; Not progressing; not improving.

Stationer, stashun-er, ন. কাগৰ কলম কানী প্ৰভৃত্তি বিকেতা : Dealer in paper, pen, ink &c.

Stationery, stashun-er-i, ন. বিজেয় কাপন, কলম প্রভৃতি. The articles sold by a stationer :--এ. কাগতাদি বিজেতীয় ; Belonging to a stationer.

Station-house—খানা; কাড়ি; Police station :---

Station-master, n. लोर्ब्संड बाउडात अवान कर्न-हात्री : (हेनत्मव कर्त्वा । [politician.

Statist, n. রাজনীতি বিশীরদ; Statesman, a Statistic, Statistical, a. সামাজিক অবস্থানির বিবরণ সম্বজীব বা তৎসমন্তিত, Pertaining to, or containing, statifics ad statistically.

Statistician, n. সামান্তিক অবস্থানির সংগ্রহ বিদ্যাবিং পণ্ডিত ; One skilled in the science of statistics.

Statistics, sta-tistiks, n জনসাধারণের অবস্থা সংখ্যা আরবাবাদি সম্বাত্ত তথাবলী; রাজ্যের লোকসংখ্যা, সামাজিক অবস্থা ইতাদির বিষয়প, সংবাদ; A collection of facts and figures on the social state, length of life, population &c., of a country; the science which has to do with the collection and arrangement of statistics. a=statistic, statistical ( অনসাধাৰণেৰ অবস্থার বিৰবণ ঘটিত ) !

Stative, a. নিৰ্দিষ্ট নিবিৰ বা নেনানিবেশ সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to a fixed camp, or military quarters.
Statuary, statu-ar-1, n. মৃত্তি-নিৰ্মাণ বিদ্যা ; মৃত্তি বোদিবার বিদ্যা ; মৃত্তি নিৰ্মাণ কাৰ্যা ; The art of carving statues :—থতিমা-নিৰ্মাণকারী ; ভাকার ; প্রতিমান্যালী ; One who deals in statues.

Statue, statu. n. [L. statue, to cause to stand] মূৰ্ডি; প্ৰতিমা; সাদৃত্য; Carving of a living being; image:—v. t. মূৰ্ডি খোদিত-কৃ; মূৰ্ডি ছাণল-কৃ; To form a statue of; to place, as a statue.

Statuesque, stat-ū-esk, a. মূর্তিসমৃশ; প্রভিন্নবং; I.ikc a statue:—ছিন্ন:—n. প্রতিনান অন । [statue. Statuette, stat-ū-et, n. কৃত্র প্রতিনা; A small Stature, stat'ur, n. দেহের বাভাবিক উচ্চতা বা দীৰ্ভা; নৃত্তি; The natural height of an yanimal body. Short of stature—খাট খোট গঠন; হ্রম্ব-দেহ।

Status, status, n. অবয়া; পদ; সামাজিক মৰ্ব্যাদা; ভিতি: Condition; rank.

Statusquo, n. পূর্বাবহা; যুদ্ধ হইবার পূর্বের আবছা; বেমন ছিল তেমন ভাব; The state in which it was before the war.

Statutable, statute-a-bl, a. ব্যবহাসুসারী; রাজবিদি-বারাকৃত, Made by statute; according to statue. ad = statutably.

Statute, statut, n. [L. statutus, pp. of statuere, to set, ordain] विषि: शिष्टि व्यवसा: वाहेम : A

written law; a law expressly enacted by the legislature; an act of the legislature of a state. Syn:—Enactment, ordinance, regulation, edict. Statute book, n. বিদি পুত্তক; আইন বই; A book containing statutes or laws.

Statute of limitation, s. Law which assigns a certain time in which an action shall be brought or the claim be lost.

Statutory, 

। বিধিবদ্ধ ; বিধিবিহিত ; ব্যবছাদুৰায়ী ;
ব্যবছা বা আইন বায়া নিম্নপিত ; Depending on statute
for its authority; enacted by statute; established by statute.

[ রাজকর্মচারী ।

A statutory civilian—বড়া বিদি অনুসারে নিবৃক্ত

Staunch—See stanch. [Firm or steady in.

Staunch to—কৃদ্ধণে অবলখন করিয়া (থাকা ব্যায়);

Stave, stav, n. বৃষ্টি; Stafl:—স্ত্র কাঠ; শিপার কাঠ
বিশেষ; Thin narrow plank of a cask:—স্ত্রীতাংশ;
রোক; Verse of a psalm; a stanza:—v.t.ভেদ-কৃ,
চিত্র-কু, ধাকা-দে; ভিডরে এবেশ করান; To burst;
to push:—বিলম্ব-কু; To put off; to delay.

Stave off--নিবারণ-ড়; Obviate.

Stay, sta, v. i. [ D. stare, I., stage, to stand ] অবস্থান-কু; অব্দ্বিতি-কু; অলকালের অন্ত বাস-কু; To remain; to abide for any indefinite time:-ध्वाशका-कृ; विलय-कृ; To wait:--विदान-कृ; To क ; निवादन-क ; वाधा-(म ; बिजा जाथा ; To obstruct ; to detain :-- छिट्ना-त ; चांडा जावा ; To prop ; to support :-- वार्यका-क ; To delay :-- त्रका-क ; निरा-রণ-কু; To prevent :-- গ. অবস্থান ; অবস্থিতি ; স্থিতি ; Continuance in a place :- কিছুকালের নিমিত্ত বাস; Abode for a time :--বিরাম; Cessation of motion: - अवस्थान : टोकनां : Prop : support :--वांषां ; जांष ; ৰন্ধ : আটক ; Hindrance ; stop :—মান্তলের আব্রর্ভুত त्रक ; A rope employed to support a mast :-- pl. कक्रिका : ब्रीरनारक इ छेश:-वज्र विस्तव : A kind of inner waist-coat worn by females; bodice. pt. and pp=stayed. Syn:-(v) Stand still; sojourn, tarry, abide, dwell, lodge; wait, attend, linger, delay; stop, check, restrain, hinder; prop, support, unhold.

Stay at - অবছিতি-ক ; Abide ; sojourn-

Stay-at-home, s. গৃহপ্রিয়; জ্প্রবাদী; গৃহবাদ্ধিয়; Home-loving;—n. বে বিদেশে বাইতে নায়ান।

Stay away - অবৃপদ্তি থাকা; Keep away; absent one's self.

Stay for--- armai- - : fany- - : Await.

Stay in -- গৃহে থাকা ; Keep at home.

Stay out -- विहित्त शक ; Remain out.

Stay over-विजय-क् , (मनी-क् ; Be procrastinator.

Stay sail-विक्य वा निजाम मोकूक-कृ।

Stay up—নাগিনা বাকা; Kcep awake; set up.
Staying at home, n. বাড়ীতে অবস্থিতি: Keeping
too closely within doors.
[ সাহায্য ; Help.

Stead, sted, n. ছাৰ ; বাৰণা ; Place or room :— In one's stead, Inits stead—কাহাৰত পৰিবৰ্ধে ; In place of :—না হইয়া বয়ং ; Far from.

Stand (one ) in good stead—(কাহারও) কাজে জাসা বা উপকার-কু।

Steadfast, stedlast, a. पृत्यक ; पृत्र , कोल ; द्विन-नदह : दिन ; Standing fast ; firmly fixed ; firm ; constant ; resolute ; steady. n—steadfastness

(বৃহতা ; বিহত।)। ad = steadfastly ( বৃচনাল ; বিহ-ভাবে )। Svn :—Fixed, established ; staunch. Steadiness, n. ভটনতা ; বৃঢ়তা ; State of being

চাৰেপ্ৰায় ess, ন. অন্তৰ্যা; স্কৃতা; State of being steady. Syn:—Constancy, steadfastness, resolution.

Steady, stede, a. শ্বিকাৰে গুডার্যাব; লুচ; বিরী:
থার; অটল; অচল; Firm in standing; constant;
fixed:—পূচ্পরুল; শ্বিরবৃদ্ধি; Resolute:—n. t. বৃদ্ধু কু; হির-কু; To make or keep firm; to make steady. ad=steadily. Syn:—(a) Fixed, regular, undeviating, unremitted; staunch, steadfast, unwavering, persevering.

Steady-going, a. चित्र ; निर्छत्रत्याना ; Quiet.

Steak, stak, n. nativa alcas ee at total; A thick slice of beef, &c, for boiling.

Steal, stel, v. t. অপহরণ-ড়; চুরি-ড়; To take by theft; to purloin:—ক্রমণ: লাভ-ড়; নোপনে সন্দাদন-ড়; To gain or win by degrees or by gradual means:—v. i. অপহরণ-ড়; চৌধার্ভি-ড়; To practise theft:—রোপনে প্রেশ-ড়; সৌপনে সরিয়া পড়া; To slip in or away unperceived; to pass privily. pt=stole. pp=stolen. Syn:—Filch, pilfer, purloin, embezzle, peculate, thieve, rob.

Steal a march (০০)—গোগনে আগাইরা-বা ; জ্ঞাত-সারে জ্ঞার-হ।

Steal a march on (or upon)—আজাতসারে কোন কর্ম করিরা নিজেবঅভিপ্রার নিজ্-কৃ: কেই জানিতে
না পারে এমন ভাবে তলে তলে নিজের মতলব হাসিল-কৃ:
Gain an advantage over (another) unperceived:—চুপি চুপি আদিরা পাতা; Come upon one unperceived:—বিশক্পক না জানিতে পারে এমন ভাবে কোন কার্য্য করিয়া নিজের মতলব হাসিল-কৃ: Proceed secretly to gain an advantage over an opponent:—তলে তলে নিজের অম্কুল করিয়া আনা; Influence in one's favour in anticipation of any opposite influence.

Steal away-বোপনে পলানন-ড়; নুকাইলা পালান; Get off clandestinely; slip away unperceived.

Steal in (or out or off)—গোপনে দরিয়া বাৰয়া; বুকাইয়া পালান; Move clandestinely; slip away unperceived. [Enter imperceptively.

Steal into—গোপনে ঢোকা; অজাতসারে প্রবেশ-কৃ; Steal upon, Steal over—অজাতসারে আছে আছে আসা; কেহ না জানিতে পারে এমন ভাবে আছে আছে আইসা; Come imperceptibly upon.

Stealer, n. cold; Thief.

Stealing, n. টোয়; Theft; robbery; larceny.
Stealth, stelth, n. অপহৰণ; চৌয়; পোপনীয় কাৰ্য;
পোপনে সম্পাদন; The act of stealing; theft;
clandestine practice; a secret act.

By stealth—গোপনে : मुक्ति চুরিরে : Secretly so that others may not know.

Stealthy, stelthi, a. গোগৰে সম্পাদিত; **ভও**; অক্সাত; অথকাশিত, Done by stealth; unperceived; secret; sly; clandestine. ad—stealthily (ভণ্ডাবে)। স=stealthiness.

Steam, stem, স. বাপ; গ্রম কলের তাপ; Vapour of heated water:—ব্য; Fume:—ক্যাসা; Mist:—
v. f. বাপা বিগম-ক; বাপা উঠা; To rive or pass off in vapour; to move by steam:—v. f. তাপানে; বাপাক-ক; বাপো হাপন-ক; To expose to steam.

Steam-boat, Steam-ship, Steam-vessel—

বালীর পোত : বালীর তরি . A boat, ship, or vessel driven by steam-power.

Steam-boiler, n. ৰাপ-উৎপাদন্কারী পাত্র বা আবার ; Vessel to generate steam.

Steam-car, n. বাপীয় শকট।

Steam-engine, stemenjin, n. বালীৰ যত্ত্ত An engine acted on by the expansive force of steam, engine moved by steam.

Steamer, n. ৰালীয় পোড; কলেৰ জাহাজ; A vessel moved by steam.

Steam-packet, n. বালীয় গোড বিশেষ; A vessel propelled by steam, and running periodically between certain posts.

Steam-power, n. ৰান্দীৰ শক্তি; বান্দা-বল, The force of steam to produce results.

Steam-roller, n. পথে থোবা বা পাতর বসাইবার বাপা-তাড়িত চক্র বস্তুঃ [ steam, full of vapour. Steamy, stenti, a. বাপাপারপূর্ব, বাদামব; Full of Steatite, n. কোমল শিলা বিশেষ; A soft rock.

Steed, n. অৰ , রাজকীয় বা সামরিক অৰ , A horse for state or war :--ভেজাল অৰ ; Sputted horse.

Steel, stcl, n. ইপাত; সংস্কৃত লোই; Hardened and refined iron:—কাঠিক, Hardened:—ইপাত নিহিত্ত বন্ধ; উকা; Instrument made of steel; knifesharpener.—লোই-ঘটত উৰধ; A chalybeate medicine:—শন্ত্ৰ, Weapon:—v.t. কঠিন-তৃ; ধারে ইপাত নাগান; To edge with steel; to harden:—a. ইপাত নির্মিত; Made of steel.

Givo another a taste of one's steel— ভরোমালের ফিরুপ ধার তাহা দেখান, বৌচা মারিয়া হত্যা-কু, Make another feel the sharpness of one's sword; plunge one's sword into another's heart, stab one. [ affected by; insensible to.

Steeled against—লণুতৰ ক্ষিত অকন; Not True as steel—দৃচ অসুবাপবান; কিছুতেই ভালাইবার পিছাইবার নহে; Firm in adhering to one's promises:—Firm and steady in one's attachment.

Steel-hearted, c. करिनक्षम ; करिनममा ; Having the heart as hard as steel.

Stoel-pen, ». লোহ-লেখনী।

Steel-trap—ইপুর গরিবার কল। [Hard. Steely, a. ইপাত সন্শ; Like steel:—কটিন; দৃচ; Steel-yard, stilyard, n. তুবানত; তুলবম; A weighing machine, in which a single weight is moved along a graduated beam.

Stoop, step, a. [Ger. stippen, to steep] তুল;
পাতৃক, উন্নত; বাড়া; গড়ানে, Precipitous; abrupt:—n. উচ্চ হান; ভূড়; তুল শৈল; অত্যাচ্চ শূল;
A precipitous plane; a precipice:—সিভ জন্ম;
Something steeped or used in steeping:—v.
চুবান, To dip for a long time:—ললে সিভ-কু;
আর্ত্র-কু; ভিজান; To imbue, to soak in a liquid.
n=steepness ( তুলতা ) 1 ad = steeply. Syn:—(v)
Macerate, drench, imbrue, seethe, digest.

Steep in—ভিজান ; Soak in (a liquid):—কোন কিছুতে ভূবে পাকা ; Sink in ; immerse in.

Steeped in inquity-পাপে মধু।

Stoeped to the lips in—গৰাৰ গৰাৰ কোৰ কিছুতে ভবে থাকা; Deeply immersed in.

Steepen, v. i. সরলোয়ত-ত্; To become steep. Steeple, step'l, n. গিৰ্জাৰ চূড়া; বশিষের চূড়া; জ্ঞা-ভাগ; Spite; tower of a church.

Steeple-chase, step'l-chas, ». খোড়বৌড়ের বাজি; বেডাবাজি . Race from one point to another.

Steer, ster, n. আনবয়ক বৃষ; বলন; A young on:

-v. t. হাল হারা বাহিত-ক; চালিত-ক; চালান; To direct with the helm .—পৰ দেখান; To guide:

লাসন-ক, নিবপ্তিত-ক, To govern:—v.i. ভরী-কছা;
বহিষা-যা; To direct a ship in its course:

চালিত-ত; চলা. To move; to be directed.

Steer clear of—পরিত্যাগন্ত ; বে দিকে বিপদ আছে সে দিকে না বাৰমা ; Keep free from ; keep clear of , shun ; avoid.

Steerage, ster'aj, n. পরিমাণ; প্রচলন; The act of practice of steering:—চালন; নিকাছ; Direction; management:—জাহানের প্রভাগের বর; জাহানের পভাগের প নিকাল, An apartment in the ship for an inferior passengers. [ who steers a ship. Steersman, sterzman, n. নাখ; কণ্ণার; A man Stellar, stellar, Stellary, stellar-i, e. নাক্তিক; নক্ত্রশ্বনীর, ভারকারভিড; Starry.

A stollar mansion—ৰাখনী ভাৰী প্ৰভৃতি নকৰে। Stollato, stollit, Stollatod, stellited, c. নকৰে-বং: নকৰেন্দ্ৰ, ভাৰকাকায়; Like a star; radiated.

Stellular, stellular, a. ৰক্ষের স্থান পঠিত; Formed like stars:—পেথিতে কুম তারার মত; Having the form of little stars.

Stellulato, stell-at, a. নকজনং; Like a little Stem, stem, n. কাত, উড়ি; বৃস্ত; বৌটা; Stalk:
—শাথা; ভাল, Twig; branch:—বংশ, গরিবায়; A race or family:—পোতারভাগ লাহাজের গলুই, The prow of a ship.—v.t. নিবারণ-ফু; প্রতিরোধ-ফু; বিপরীত দিকে গমন-ফু; উলান-যা; To resist; to stop; to check, to oppose:—বৃস্তবীন-ফু, বৌটা ছাডান। Syn.—(n) Trunk, stock; peduncle, petiole, shoot, scion, prow, bow, beak.

From stom to stom—(পোচের) এই বার হইতে অপর বার পায়তঃ ি আেচের বিকল্পেনা, Resist; check, Stom tho tide, Stom the torrent—বাবা-দে; Stoneh, stensh, n. ছগভ; পুতিগদ; Bad odour, bad smell; stink,

Stenoil, stenoil, n. (উপরে বঙ্ লেপিরা রাধিবার জন্ত ) মধ্যে কটো বা কাব-কোর করা ধাড়পাত ; A piece of tin leather &c, pierced with a pattern over which a brush is moved:—v. t. কলক যারা ব্যক্তি বা অধিত-কু; To paint or paint by means of a stenoil.

Stenography, sten-og'ra-fi, n. [Gr. stenos, narrow, and grapho, to write] সাটে বেখা; সাকেতিক বিধন . Short hand. n - stenographer (চিক্লোগে সংকেণে বেখন)! a-stenographic, stenographical.

Stent, v. t. নিবারণ-ক; বন্ধ-ক; আটক-ক; To Stentor, n. সমুচ্চ কঠণরবিশিপ্ত হোমনবর্ণিত দৃত; A herald, mentioned by Homer, having a very loud voice.

Stentorian, sten-to'ri-an, a. উচ্চশৰকারী; অভি উচ্চ গভীব; Very loud or powerful like the voice of Stentor.

In a stentorian voice—ভাৰতর ; ভীননাদে। Step, step, n. পদক্ষেপ , পদবিকেপ ; এক পা ; Pace : —ক্ষ ; Gradation , degree :—নামান্ত ব্যবদান ; A small space :—আগতি ; Proceeding :—সোপান ; নইমের বাপ ; A stair round of a ladder :— পৰাত ; পৰচিক ; চিক ; Foot-print :—চলৰ-ভলী ; ছলিবার রীতি ; চলৰ ; Manner of walking :— কাৰ্য্য ব্যবহা ; Action ;—উপার ; Measure ; plan :— in pl. A portable flight of stairs :—v. i. চলা ; ইটি ; বীরে চলা ; To walk ; to walk slowly or gravely :—v. i. পদ্ধিৰেপ-ক ; পদকেপ-ক ; পা কেলা ; To set, as a foot :—pfs. অন্ত বিবাহ সম্বন্ধীয় ; শ্বং, 'বি' । Syn :—Tread ; grade ; advancement ; progression ; proceeding, action, act; means, expedient, method ; round, rundle.

A step in the right direction—টিক কাজ;
A judicious proceeding or measure.

At every step—প্রতিপ্রে; At every movement of the foot:—প্রে পরে; At every stage:—In every point or proceeding.

Step aside—সরিয়া-বা, দল চাড়িলা ভলাৎ-হ; Retire to a little distance. [ Carry the mind back. Step back—ফ্রিয়া; পুডাংগ্যন-ক; Return:—Step between—মধ্যবন্ধী হ, Interpose.

Step by step—পদে পদে; ক্রমশ:; By degrees; gradually:—ক্রমে ক্রমে, অন্ধ অন্ধ কবিবা; By a gradual and regular process. [distance Step down—অবতরণ দু, নামা, Descend a short Step into (or in)—অনক্রণের কন্ত প্রবেশ কু; স্থানাধিকার-কু; To enter for a short time —পদক্ষেপ-কু; Step (or slip or walk) into one's shoes—
অসুপামা-কু, উধুরাধিকারী-কু, কাহাবিও পদে পদস্থ হওবা; Succreed one.

Step on ( or upon )—Trend on.
Step out—ৰাছিবে-যা , T ike a long pace.
Step over—অল্ব-যা , সামান্ত দ্ব গমন-কৃ , Walk
a short distance , walk over by steps.

Step up—Go upstairs or short distance.
Take a false step—পুন-কু; অম-কু; To commit
a blunder.

Take a stop —পদৰিকেগ-কৃ, উপাব-কৃ; বন্দোবন্ত-কৃ, To make a movement in a given direction.

Tread in the steps of—(কাহারও) দৃহান্ত অনুসরণ-কু, Follow the example of.

Step-brother, step'-bruther, n. বৈদানের ভাই; বৈপৈত্রিক জাতা; উপজাতা; Son of a step father or mether; one who stands in the relation of a brother through the mairriage of a parent.

Step-child, Step-son, n. সপত্নী-পৃত্ৰ, দিজেৰ পৰ্তে ৰা উৰ্নে উৎপত্ন ৰছে এমৰ সম্ভান, One who stands in the relation of a child through the marriage of a parent.

Step-daughter, step'-daw'ter, n. সগন্ধী কৰা; উপকলা, One who stands in the relation of a daughter through the mainage of a parent

Step-father, step'-lather, n. উপপিছা, সভাত-ৰাণ, A mother's husband after one's father's death, one who stands in the relation of father through the marriage of one's mother.

Step-mother, step'muther, n. [ववाडा , न९ वा, Father's wife after one's mother's death; one who stands in the relation of mother through the marriage of the father.

Steppe, clep. n. অন্তর্গনা ভূমি; প্রান্তর বিশেষ; One of the vast plains untilled or bairen.

Step-sister, step-sister, n. বৈশাৰেৰ ভথ্নী; The daughter of a step father or mother.

Stepping stone—কোন কিছু লাভেল পথ বা উপায়:
A means of gaining (something):—প্ল-নিধান
প্রস্তুর; জল বা কর্মন হইতে উটিবার প্রথম প্রস্তুরনাও;
A raised stone to keep the feet above the water
or mud:—উন্তির উপায়; উন্নতির সোপাল; A means
of progress or further advancement.

Stereography, n. ঘন বন্ধর সমতল ভূমির উপর চিঞাছন বিলা; The art of delineating the forms of solids. Stereoscope, n. ঘে বন্ধের সাহান্ধে সমতল-ভঙ্গ চিঞাবলী ঘনবন্ধবং প্রতীযমান হয়, ঘনবীক্ষণ হয়; An optical instruement a=stereoscopic, stereoscopical. Stereotype, ster'eo-tip, n. অক্ষবাদির চালা ছাঁচ; ছাপার অক্ষম সাজাইং। মাসা চালিবা প্রস্তুতীকৃত ভাছার অক্ষম পাজাইং। মাসা চালিবা প্রস্তুতীকৃত ভাছার অক্ষমণ; অক্ষমণ লাভাইং। মাসার পাটা ছাঁচে ঢালা; ভক্ষমা মুখ্যিত-কৃ; To make a stereotype of; print with stereotyped, a. ছাঁচে ঢালা; Pertaining or done

Stereotyped, a. ছাতে ঢাকা; Pertaining or done Stereotyper, n. ছিন্নি e-রচক; One who makes stereotype plates.

Sterile, ster'il, a. [L. sterilis, allied to G. sterros, barren] অনুপৰ; বন্ধা, বীজা, বীজা; Barren; unfrutful. Syn:—Unproductive, unprohic, addie.

Sterility, ster-ili-ti, n. অনুর্মরতা ; বর্মতা ; অনুং-পাদকতা , Barreness ; unfruitfulness.

Sterling, sterling, n. বিলাজী মুখা; British money, English coin:—a. বিলাজী মুখা সম্বনীয়; Belonging to British money:—অকৃত্রিম; বিভদ্ধ; আসন; প্রকৃত, বাঁটি; Genuine, of excellent quality. Syn:—(a) Pure, sound, unadulterated, real, substantial.

Sterling ment—नीडि खन , वबार्व खन ।

Stern, stern, n. করিব ; কঠোব ; দারণ ; দৃচ ; পজ ; Harsh , tustere ; cruel ; rough ; severe — ছিব ; অপরিবর্তনীয় ; Steadfast. n = sternness. ad = sternly. Syn:—Forbidding, austere, rigid, rigorous, harsh, unrelenting, hard, cruel, fierce, dark, gloomy, threatening. [part of a vessel. Stern, n. জাহাজের বা বৌকার পশ্চালো; The hind-Sternly, ad. কটুভাবে; কর্কশভাবে, দৃঢ়ভাবে।

Sternmost, a. সকলের পকাৰতী; Furthest astern. Sternness, n. কটিনতা, কার্কল, কটুতা, The quality or state of being stein. Syn:—Severity, austerity, nigidity, nigour, harshness, inflexibility.

[ most timber of a ship.

Sternpost, n. কর্ণের কাইদত বিশেষ; The often-Sternum, n. বস: ছলেব অছি বা উপাছি; The breastbone a=sternal.

Sternutatory, sici-nu'ta-tor-i, a হাঁচিকারক; That causes sneezing, having the quality of excition to sneeze —n হাঁচিকারক ইব্ৰ, A substance that causes sneezing.

Stertorous, ster'to rus, a. नानानस्काती ; Snoring :—গভীৰ নিৰাস গ্ৰহণনীল। ad - stertorously.

Stethoscope, stetho-sko'p, n. [Gr. stethos, the breast, stopeo, to see ] কুস্কুসেব পীড়া পরীকা করিবার বন্ধ ; ৰক্ষঃস্থল পবীকাৰ বন্ধ বিশেষ : Instrument for studying the sounds and discases of the chest. a=stethoscopic, stethoscopical ( কংপারীকক বন্ধ স্বানীর)!

Stevedore, n. বে কাহার বোরাই ও বালাস করে; A person whose occupation is to load and unload vessel :---পরীকার্ব অভি পাঠ-কু। Stew, std, v. f. पृष् कारत निष-कृ; खब्र कारत शांक-इ; To boil slowly with little moisture :- v. i. To बाल जिइ-इ. To be boiled slowly and gently :n. सक्छि बारम ; मृद्ध छारण मिक्स बारम : Meat stewed :-বাৰাগার : Bathing house :--সমট ; Difficulty. [ই। To be in a stew--হালামে বা ঝখাটে পড়া , বাজসমত-Steward, stu'ard, n. কেওৱান, নারেব; কর্মাধাক . পাৰুণালাৰ পরিদর্শক : Manager ; an officer who has the management of the table :- कोड़ा ; प्लोड़ অভুতির তথাবধারক; A manager at races, games &c :-- পরিচারক ; ভাভারী ; ভতা ; Attendant in a steamer. fem - stewardess (গোত্ৰ ত্ৰী-পৰি-্রাজকর্মচারী। हांबिका । The Lord high steward-विमाण्डत मर्स्काळ Stewardship-(एडगरना न्य ; Management. Stich, n. कविलात भव्कि ; भागात हत्र । Stick, stik, n. वह ; मध्य ; नाति ; Staff ; walking cane :--পাছের সর ভাল ; A small branch cut off a tree :- इत्रथ मालाहेवात यत्र वित्यव ; An instrument in which types are composed in words: -v. t. खादन कहारियां-ल ; To thrust in:---नानियां-रम ; नध-इ: To cause to adhere, to attach :- विविश्र-म ; स्वीচाইबा नाता ; इतिका बाता विश्व-क , To pierce ; to stab:-न्यकांत्र (क्ला ; कारत (क्ला ; Puzzle ; embarrass :-- ग. रं. नानिया चाका , नग्न-इ ; To adhere; to hold to :--ধামা; To stop :-- সমুচিত-হ; इंडच्ड:-कृ; To hesitate :-- मृष्ट्रमणक-३ ; To adhere closely in affection. Syn: -(v) Transfix, stab, spear, gore; insert; attach, glue, cement, paste; cleave, cling. [ অতিক্রম-কু। Beat (or pierce) all to sticks-- नव्यक्तिन Cut one stick -- (मोप माता। Co to sticks and staves—নট-হ , গভিত-হ। Stick against--নাটা বারা লাগিরা থাকা . Glue to. Stick at-Hesitate at. Stick at nothing—কোন কিছু করিতে সংলাচ না-কু; Not hesitate to do anything; stoop to baseness or deception to reach one's end :- কিছু: ভই আট্-कात्र ना वी (गरु-भी ଓ नर्ट्, मकत श्राकांत्र कार्योहे ( क्रुक्य) ক্রিকে প্রত্ত থাকা; Be ready to do anything and everything (however base) to accomplish one's ends. placards. Stick bills-- अरहात माता , विकाशन माना , Affix Stick by-লেগে থাকা; না ছাড়া; দুঢ়ক্লণে ধরিয়া থাকা; नारहां खराचा इहेबा-इ ; Adhere to ; remain faithful. Stick in one's crop or gizzard-शाल नाना : वित्रक्ष-क ; To rankle in ene theart ; to annoy one. Stick in one's throat—গলার আট্ডিয়া থাকা: अनात्र आहेकिया-पा, Tabe spoken unwillingly or painfully; remain fixed in the throat:-- | হইতে ৰাহির হইতে না পারা: Cannot be uttered by one :---জনিচ্ছাপুৰ্বক কথিত-হ। Stick in the mud-कारांत्र जाहिक्या-वा ; Be fixed in the mud. [ ground on the bar. Stick on the bar-क्कांत्र आहेकांदेश-ना ; Run a Blick out-বাহিৰ হইয়া পড়া; ভিতর হইতে বাহির रहेश जाहेगा; वाफ़्रिका-एए ; Project (from within) ; be preminent. [ पंत्रिका पाका , Adhere to. Blick to-শ্ৰিভাগ লা-ড়; নেগে বাকা; না হাড়া,

Btick up-नानरिया-त्य ; (कान के ह वाबनाय) त्यत्य-CT; Affix; post. Stick up for-मृहत्राल काहाबढ नकारनवन कतिया थाका ; नक मध्यन-क ; Stand firmly by. Stick upon-नानिया पाना ; जान ना-कृ। Sticking plaster, n. ster ferra; An adhesive plaster for closing wounds or for covering a part. Stickle, v. i. अधित्रशांत अभक्ष समक-कः To pass from one side to another :--এক্টরে ইইরা কলছ-কু: To contend obstinately. Stickleback, n. 449 (acre : A river fish. Stickler, n. वसव्याद्व मगुष्ट : य मात्राक महेत्र विवास ৰৱে, An umpire in a duel. Sticky, stike, a. আটাবুক্ত; চট্চটে; আটাল; Tenacious; adhesive; glutinous. n=stickiness. Syn: -Adhesive, gluey, viscous, viscid. Stiff, stif, a. जनमा ; हर्गमनीत ; पूछ ; कटिन ; Not easily bent ; flexible :-- অতিায় ; কর্মণ , রুপা , Harsh ; rough :-- अक्ट्रंड : Obstinate :-- कृतिम : Affected; formal: - अगत्रन, Rather hard than soft. n=stiffness ( দৃচতা ; কটিনত। )। ad=stiffly ( नक করিরা; আড়ইভাবে)। Syn:--Rigid, unbending, inflexible; thick, inspissated, tenacious; stubborn, pertinacious; starched, punctilious; cramped, constrained, inclegant, Stiff as a poker—মতান্ত কটিন; Very stiff. Stiffen, stif'n, v. t. कठिन-कृ , मक्क-कृ , बालहे-कृ ; वावहारब चनज्ञन-ङ ; To make stiff :-- v. i. कड़िन-१ ; लक्क-१ ; To become stiff :-- প্ৰবৃ-ছ ; To become obstinate. Stiff hearted, a. अक्शंत ; Stuborn. Stiff-necked, stif'-nekt, a. अक्शुंद ; अनमनीत ; Obstinate; stubborn. Stifle, sti'fl, v. f. चांनरतांच-क् ; निचान (बांच-क् ; चानक्य किया नाता: To suffocate; to stop the breath; to choke: -- দমন-কু; To stop:--विकाशिज-क : To extinguish :-- गिया क्ला : To smother - नृकांविक बाथा : To conceal :- विनान-कृ ; To destroy. Syn :- Choke, smother, suppress, repress, deaden, extinguish, quench, destroy; muffle, silence, still. Stigma, stig'ma, n কল্ক; নিন্দা, অপবাদ; A mark of infamy; stain; disgrace: -ত ত লোহ ছায়া णहन-कि ; A brand. pl=stigmas, stigmata. Stigmate, n. আয়াত চিত্ৰমূহ; The marks of the wounds. Stigmatic, stig-marik, Stigmatical, stig-matik-al, a. अन्यानकनक ; कनकर्णाञ्च , मानी : Bearing disgrace; marked with a stigma; giving [ To brand with a stigma. reproach. Stigmatise, stigma-tiz, v. t. কলছিত-কু; দাগ্মী-কু. Stile, stil, n. शांठीत या त्या नव्यन कतियात मिछि; সোপাৰ-পদ্ধতি; A set of steps for climbing over a wall or fence :-- কুৰ্ব্য-খড়ির কাটা ( শছ ) ; The pun of a dial ( same as style ) :--কপাটের লখা গিকের कानि कार्डे। ি সাহায্য-কু। Help over a stile-প্ৰতিবৰ্ক অভিক্ৰম কৰিতে Stiletto, sti-leto, n. ছোরা; কুর ভরোরাল; A small dagger :-- v. t. हात्रा पांचा विष-क ; अब पांचा জাষাত-কু; To stab with a stiletto. pl=stilettoes. Still, stil, a. [ A. S. stillan, from stille, still ] नीवर ; निषय ; कृषोक्छ ; Silent :--नाष ; Quiet,

calm:—শ্বির; গতিইব ; লিক্স ; Without any motion; motionless:—ed. অরাপি ; এবনও ; এগর্ড ; As yet :—ভবাদি ; Nevertheless:—সর্কার ; সভত ; আরও ; Always; ever :—ভবার ; After that :—ল. বক বর ; ববের ভাটা ; An apparatus for distilling liquids:—conj. ভবাচ :—o. f. বির-কু ; ঠাও-কু; চুম্ম জার ; To quiet :—cচারার ; ক্রার ; To distill ; to cause to fall by drops:—মাছ-কু ; মিন্তু-কু ; To stop, as noise, motion, or sgitation. Sym:—(a) Hushed, mute, noiseless; tranquil, placid, serene, stilly; motionless, quiescent; stagnant. (v) Silence, hush, suppress, allay, tull, pacify, tranquillize, compose, quiet.

A stand still -প্তিপুরতা; Absence of motion; checked progress.

Stand still—নিবত হইবা থাকা; Remain quiet. Still and anon—পুন: পুন: ; মধ্যে মধ্যে।

Still as a mouse—Exceedingly quiet; suspiciously still.

Still-born, stifbawrn, e. বৃত্ত প্রস্ত ; বৃত্ত ভাত ; Dead when born ; abortive. [ ব্যস্থাৰ কৰী। The mother of still-born children—বৃত-Still less—আন্ত কৰা, Even less.

Still life, ল. ফলপুলাৰি নিৰ্মাণ প্ৰাৰ্থ্য চিত্ৰসন্থ; (চিত্ৰবিদ্যায়) আচেচন পদাৰ্থ; The class of pictures representing inanimate objects.

Still more-wise wife ; Much more.

Still-room, n. বাটার বে ব্যন্ত মদ্যাদি ব্যক্তি হয় ভাহা;
An apartment where liquors are kept.

Stilly, stili, a. পাত ; নীরব ; নিংশক , Still ; quiet ; calm :—ad. নিতৰভাবে ; ধীরে ধীরে ; Sılently ; gently. Stillt, stilt, n. পাদ-দও ; উচ্চ হইরা ইাটবার বও বিশেষ, বে দওছারে উপর পা রাধিরা অসম করা বার ; A support of wood with a rest for the foot used in walking :—v. t. পারদরের উপর পাড়া-কু ; উত্তত-দু ; জত্যারু-কু ; To raise on stilts , to elevate by unnatural means. a = stilted ( জত্যারুচ ; আচ্বরমুক্ত )। Stimulant, stimu-lant, c. উত্তেজক , উল্লেককারক ; Exciting action :—n. উত্তেজক উবধ ; A stimulating medicine.

Stimulate, stimu-lat, v. t. [L. stimulare. stimulatum, to prick or goad on ] উদ্ভেছিত-তৃ; উদ্ভেছ-তৃ; বৌচাৰ; অৰ্থ-তৃ; উৎসাহ-কে; To incite, to spur on; to excite; to animate; to instigate. Syn:—Encourage, impel, urge, instigate, arouse, whet, provoke.

Stimulation, त. উত্তেলনা ; উদ্দীপন।

Stimulative, stimulative, e. উত্তেজৰ; Tending to stimulate:—n. উত্তেজৰ অব্য; That which stimulates or excites.

Stimulus, stimū-lus, n. অর্ণ; ডাড়না; Goad:
—উত্তেজনা; উদীপন; Incitement:—উত্তেজক ঔবধ;
Stimulant. pl=stimuli.

Bting, sting, v. t. মংশন-কু; হল দিলা বিছ-কু; হল কুটান;
ব্যুপা-কু, To pain acutely; to pierce acutely:
—উন্তেলিড-কু: —ম. হল; গুলা; স্চী; The sharppointed weapon of some animals:—হল কোটান;
মংশন; The thrust of a sting into the flesh:—শেব
সোধে উল্লিখিড তীরোজি: The point in the last
verse of an epigram:—তীর বাতনাগারক বস্তু;
ক্ষেত্রভ; Anything that causes acute pain.
Syn:—(v) Prick, wound, hurt; pain, afflict.

Sting to the quick—ut and ever it Kacoly to hurt or irritate the feelings.

Take away the sting of—কাবাৰে কোৰ কিছুই ধুনৰ কই পাইতে না ক্ৰয়া; কাবাৰৰ মনঃকই নিবাৰৰ-ফু; Not to make one feel the pain or evils of. Stingings, ম. মীচনা: Meanness: —সম্মেতিয়া

Stinginess, ন. নীচতা; Meanness:—ব্যক্তিতা; Niggardliness.

Stinging, s. 83; (344; Piercing.

Stingy, etihje, a. ব্যর্ক); কুপৰ; Niggardly; meanly; avaricious:—জ্বাধ্বাবা; হবাৰ । ad stingily. Sym:—Mean, parsimonious, sparing. Stink, etingk, v. i. কুপন্ধ নিৰ্গত-হ; প্তিগন্ধ ত্যাপ-হ; To emit an offensive smell; to give out a strong offensive smell:—n. তার গন্ধ; মুপন; A disagreeable smell; a strench.

Stink in one's nostris—पुग्नियन-ए; कार्यावर भएक पुगान विवय-ए; Be hatciul to one; be odious to one. [ (स्थ्या ।

Stink in the nostrils of—হুৰ্গৰে নাক বালাইর। Stinking, এ হুৰ্গক্ষৰ।

Stink-pot, । চীন-ৰস্মা বে পাত্তে ছুৰ্বন্ধ এব্যাধি ভানাইনা পক্তের চাচালে নিক্ষেপ করে।

Stint, stint, v. f. অনু-ৰূ; ধৰ্ম-ৰূ; দীনাৰ্ভ-ৰূ; দমৰ-কু; আটক-ৰূ; To restrain; to limit:—n. সীমা; Limit; bound:—ধ্যন; Restraint:—আশ; Portion:—ধৰ্মতা; কমি; Shortness. Syn:—(v) Stop, bound, confine; pinch, straiten, distress.

Stinted, c. থকী হৃত ; পৰিবিত। Stinted growth—ধ ভিত্তত বৃদ্ধি। Stintless, c. অধারিত ; অন্যল।

Stipend, stipend, n. নিৰ্ধানিত বেডন; বৃদ্ধি; ভৃতি; ভাতা, Settled pay; salary; wages; allowance. Stipendiary, sti-pendi-ari, a. বেডনভূক; বেডনভোগী; বাইডোগী; Receiving stipend:—n. বেডনভূক ব্যকি; বৃহিডোগী ব্যক্তি; One who performs service for a salary.

Stipple, v. t. বিনু বাবা অভিড-কৃ:—n. বিনু বাবা Stipple, s. stipulate, stipulate

Stipulation, stip-U-lashun, n. সন্ধি; চুক্তি; করার; Contract. Syn: —Covenant, agreement, bargain.

Stipule, #. উপপত্ৰ ; পত্ৰপুৰ ।

Stir, star, v. t. উত্তেজিত-কু; বোচাইরা ভোলা; To rouse; to instigate:—আলোডিড-কু; বোলান; To agitate:—v. i. চলা; খানাখন-হ; নড়া; সরা; To move:—ডংগর-হ; To be active:—n. গোলমান; খানাখন; মানোলন; মানুমাt; bustle. Syn:—Raise, agitate, disturb, awaken, animate, stimulate, provoke.

Stir up-ভতে বিত-ক ; Greatly excite.

Stir up fire--- ৰাভণ উকাইয়া-দে।

Stir your stamps—চালাৰ-হ; Be active; step briskly; keep moving. [Exciting. Stirring, a. উত্তেজনাকারী; উত্তেজক; তৎপর; কর্মাঃ

Stirrup, stirup, n. शेरन तका, भाना ; A. iton hoop for a horseman's foot.

Stitch, stish, n. নেলাই; একটি যাত্ৰ কোড়; হয়ের টাক; A pass of a needle and thread:—ডীব বেগলা; বয়পা, An acute pain:—জ, f. নেলাই-মূ; ব্যৱৰ বাৰা চ'বা; কোড-দে; To sew or unite togather:—v. i. নেলাই-কু; To practice sewing. A stitch of work—কোৰ কান্য; The best amount of work; any work.

Stitch up-कूँ ि निया मोना वा क्लाफ-एन ।

Stitching, ». त्नलारे ; मीरम ।

Stitchwort, n. বৃক বিশেষ ; A genus of plants. Stithy, stithy, n. নেহাই ; An anvil :—কামারণালা ; Smith's shop.

Stive, v. t. পূৰ্ব-কৃ; পূৰিত-কৃ, To stuff. Stiver, n. মুদ্ৰা বিশেষ; Dutch coin, worth id.

Stoat, n. মুকুল বা বেজি বিশেষ; A kind of weasel. Stoccado, n. (ভ্ৰম্বারি খেলার) আঘাত, চোট, A slight fortification.

Stock, stok, n. [A.S. stoce, a stock] 資本等 কাও; ভাঁড়, The stem of a tree; stem . - সুলখন ; Capital :-- वश्न ; शाख . পৰিবার ; Lincage , ougin ; family :-- खन्न ; शाम ; Pillar , post .-- नित्रांष बाक्ति: मूनवृद्धि लाक ; A stupid person :- डाका ; Store :-- ब्रांककीय कर्ष :-- शक्तिगढ , श्वनमापि वार्षेका-ইহা পান্তি প্রদানার্থ সচ্ছিত্র কাংবঙ; ভূড্ং; An instrument in which the legs of criminals are confind -- शृहशानिङ बद्ध मरून :-- pl. कांडीर धन : The public funds :--অতিপ্রিয় উদ্যান পুষ্প বিশেষ ; A invourite garden flower : -v. t. wiels 79-7. বোগাৰ; To store; to fill; to supply, to furnish Syn: -(n) Stalk, trunk; block, log; post, handle, haft, neckcloth, cravat; race, parentage; funds; supply, provision; hoard, reserve. A joint stock company—কতকগুলি লোক একৰ ङ्डेवा वादमात्र अवृत् ; A trading company.

A stock phrase—বাধা গং ; বে কথা সর্বনাই বাবহাৰ কৰা যায় ; A phrase in constant use. [ জুবা, লি। Dead stock—নামলাদি কথা বন্ধ : বীজালি , অবিফ্রীড Live stock—গোমেবাদি পানিত কন্ধ , গৃতপালিত গত , গৃহপালিত জীবতন্ধ : Domestic animals used or taised on a farm; domestic animals kept and reared in a farm.

Paper stook—বে ছেঁড়া বস্তুদি ধারা কাগজ প্রস্তুত হয়।
Stock in trade—বিকেন্দ্র ধ্বা; বিকেন্দ্র মাল; Goodkept for sale (by a shopkeeper):—ব্যবস্থার
ক্রাবা ধ্যাদি, The fittings and appliances of a
workman:—অন্তর্গ্র; পূঁজানিটা; Usual weapons.
Take stock—ক্রাব্র ডালিকা প্রস্তুত্ত হু; মোজুন নালের
স্থান্ত্র-কু, কত মাল মজুত আছে তাহাব হিসাব কিন্তু,
Prepare an inventory of stock in goods on
hand; prepare an inventory of the goods which
a merchant has on hand:—মনে মনে প্রিয়া কত
ক্রিন্ত্র কো!; Compute with a view to determine
the sum total.

Take stock in—নির্ভর-কু।

Take stock of—কোনও নিচুর সম্বাদ সংবাদ সংগ্রহ-ড়। To stock cards—(তাস খেলার) ঠকাইবার কস্ত গুছাইবা তাস তাঁজা বা বাঁধা।

To stock up-ज़िना कना, निर्मन-इ!

Stook-aking, n. নাল পরীকা; বিক্রেম মালের স্থমার; Periodical examination of goods.

Stockade, stok-ad, n. [Ger. stock, a stick ]
মজৰুত পুঁচির বেডা; বড় পুঁচির বেডা ছাবা বেরা ছাব;
বন্ধ: পদান্ত বেডা; Fortification formed of ১takes;
breast-work formed of stakes:—v. t. বেডা দিনা
বেইন-কু; To surround or fortify with a stockade.

Stock-blind, a. नण्र चन्।

Stock-broker, stokbrök-er, n. কোন্দানি কাগৰের বালাল; A dealer in public funds.

Stook-dove, stokduv, n. কংশাত বিশেষ; A species of pigeon.

Stock-exchange, stok-eks-chani, n. কোন্দানির কাগল থবিদ বিশ্ববের ছান ; The place where stocks are bought and sold ; stock-market.

Stock-farmer, n. বে ব্যক্তি গোমেবালি উৎপত্ন করে।
Stock-fish, n. কড্ বংক্তের সাধারণ নাব; A general term for cod.

Stek-holder, stokhold-er, ন. কোন্দানির কাগরের অধিকারী; One who holds stocks in a public funds or in a company.

Stocking, stoking, n. মোলা; পাগাবরণ; A close fitting covering for the feet and leg.

Stock-jobber, n. যে ব্যক্তি লাভার্য কোন্সানিব কাগঞ কেনা বেচা করে।

Stock-jobbing, stok-jobing, ন. কোন্দানির কাগজেব ব্যবসায়, The act of dealing on stocks, a speculation in stocks.

Stock-list—কোশানির কাগলালির বাজার মুনোও ভালিকাঃ

Stock-market, n. গোহাটা; মেবালি বিক্ৰবের স্থান — কোম্পানির কাগজানির বাজাব; Stock-exchange.

Stock-still, stok-stil, a. জন্তান্ত ছিব; সম্পূৰ্ণ ছিব; নিজন; Sull as a post fixed.

Stoie, stö'ık, n. [Gr. stoa, a porch] দাৰ্শনিক জোনাৰ শিষা; যে বাজি স্বধান্থয়েৰ উদাসীন, বিষয়বিধাগী বাজি, সন্ন্যামী; দণ্ডী; A disciple of philosophei Zeno, one indulterent to plea ure or pain.

Stoie, এট'ık, Stoical, এট'ık-al, a. উদাসীন, বিষয়-বিষয়িপী; Indifferent. ad = stoically, n = stoicalness.

Stoicism, গাট'i-sirm, n. হণড়াৰে উদাসীস্ক , বৈরাগ; দশন ; সন্ত্ৰাস-বৃত্তি ; The doctrines of the stoics ; indifference to pleasing or pain ; insensibility , Stoke, v. i. ইম্মন মাণা উদ্মীপিত-কু, প্ৰস্থানিত-কু; Poke or rake a large fire, to stir, or tend a fire in furnaces. n=stoker.

Stole, pt. of steal. [garment. Stolen, stül, n. উত্তৰীৰ বস্ত্ৰ বিশেষ ; A long, loose Stolen, stülen, p. a. অপজত :—pp. of steal.

Stolen property—চোরাই মাল।

Stolid, stolid, a. निक्किष ; मूर्च ; निर्द्धाष ; मूछ , होशा , Heavy , dull ; stupid ; foolish. n=stolidity. Syn :—Obtuse, slow.

Stolidity, n. নিৰ্কৃতি, মুচতা; নিজিনতা; Dullness of intellect.

Stomach, দ. পাৰ্যুলী; পেট; উদর; Organ of digestion:—বৃত্কা; সুধা; Appetite:—আধানন; Relish:—ত. ১ সন্থ-ড়; To brook, to resent; to put up with. [ and not resent it.

Stomach an insult--কোৰ লা-কু; Swallow it Stomacher, stuma-cher, জ. বক্ত্ৰণ; তল-ত্ৰণ; তলাবৰণ; An ornament or support for the breast worn by women.

Stomachic, sto-makik, Stomachical, sto-makik-al, a. অধিবৰ্ধক ; আধ্যের ; কুবাজনক ; Strengthening or promoting the action of the stomach. Stomachic, n. অধ্যিক্ত উৰ্ব ; আধ্যের উৰ্ব ; A medicine that strengthens the stomach.

Stone, stön, ж. প্রকল্পর ; পাশ্ব ; পিলা ; Mass of rock; a hard mass of mineral matter; piece of rock for building: — হীরা; মণি; Gem; precious stone:-স্থাধিতঃ; গোরের উপরিছ প্রস্তর; Tombstone :— মূত্রাশরে সঞ্চিত প্রস্তরীভূত পদার্থসমূহ ; পাचुनी; अवती स्त्रीत ; A calculous concretion formed in the bladder; a concretion in the kidneys --- आत नाउ त्नत , A weight of 14 বীক্ৰকোৰ ; lbs:—ভিন্তি; Foundation:—আটি; বিটি; Hard case of a seed:—অকুভুডিরাহিডা; चट्टिंड ; Torpidness and insensibility :- v. t. व्यवत्र रमित्रा मात्रा ; शब्दायारङ वध-कृ ; To pelt with stones:-পাণর বাচিরা ফেলা; বিচি ছাড়াইয়া কেলা; च।ि शेन-क , To free from stone.

Lay the first stone—আবস্ত কু, স্কু-কু, Begin.
Leave no stone unturned—ঘণাদাধ্য চেষ্টা-কু,
শে কিছু উপায় হইতে পারে তাহা অব্যাহন-কু; যতদুর সাধ্য
চেষ্টা-কু; To spare no exertions to do everything that can be done.

## Meteoric stones—উকাপ্সর।

Philosopher's stone—গরশ পাগর: A substance, which it was supposed, could it be discovered, would change everything into gold, a pretended substance that was formerly supposed to have the property of converting everything into gold.

Roll the stone of Sisyphus—কোন গুৰুত্ব ভার (যে কাষ্যে বিপ্রাম ন'ই), De engaged in a ceaseless labourious work (like Sisyphus). Within a stone's throw (or cast)—একণত প্রস্তুব নিকেপ কবিলে যতমুরে প্রতিত হব তাহাব মধ্যে; চিল

ক্ষর । ৰক্ষে কাৰণে বঙ্গুরে পাচত হব তাহাব নৰো; ।চল ছুদ্নি বড়দ্ব বান্ধ ভাহারই মধ্যে, অর্থাৎ বড় দ্বে নছে; নিবটি, Within such a distance that a stone thrown by the hand may reach the object not very fat from.

Stone-age—A supposed prehistoric age of the world, when stone and bone were habitually used as the materials for weapons and tools; called also the flint age. [ stone. n=stone-blindness. Stone blind, a. একবাবে অব; সপ্পৰ্য ; Blind as Stone-chat, stone-chat, stone-chatter, stone-chatter, n. প্ৰিবিশেষ; A 'tvely little bird.

Stone-cold, a. প্রন্তব্বং শীতন; ঠাণ্ডা বেন পাধর; Cold is stone.

Stone-outter, stönkut-er, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি প্ৰস্তৱ কাটে; ভাৰুৰ, পাণৱ-কাটা মিল্লী; One who cuts stones; one whose occupation is to cut stones.

Stone-dead, a. সম্প্ৰাংগ মৃত ; Quite dead.

Stone-fruit, stön-hoot, n. জাটাবিশিষ্ট ফল; যে কৰে জাটা থাকে; A fruit whose seeds are inclosed in a stone or hard kernel.

Stone-hammer, n. পাণর জারিবার হাড়ডি; A hammer for breaking stones. [hearted. Stone-hearted, a. কটিনহুগ্য; কটিন-প্রাণ; Hard-Stone-horse, n. অছিন-নৃত্য ক্রনায়! [in stone. Stone-mason—রাজনিয়া; A mason who builds Stone-pit, n. প্রস্তরের থনি, প্রস্তরের আক্সা।

Stone's-cast, stoné-kast, Stone's-throw, stöné-thro, n. বৰণুৰ প্ৰন্তন নিকেপ করা বাইতে পারে; নিকিপ্ত প্ৰরাভিশান্ত পূৰ্ক; হাতের চেলা বভদুরে বায়; The distance to which a stone may be cast or thrown by the hand.

Stone-still, a. ৰপুৰ্বন্ধল বিশ্বন্ধ; Perfectly still. Stone's-throw, stone'-thro, n. হাতের চেলা বড়ায়ে বার; বড়ায়ুর প্রবন্ধ বিশ্বেশ করা বাইতে পারে; The distance to which a stone may be cast or thrown by the hand; a short distance.

Stone-ware, stonwar, n. মৃত্তিকার বাসন বিশেষ; A coarse kind of strong earthenware.

Stony, stöhi, ৫. প্রস্তর্বর ; প্রত্যবহ ; পাবাণ-নির্দ্ধিত ; Made of, abounding, or resembling stone :— শক্ত ; কটিন ; Hard ; solid :—নির্দায় ; নির্দ্ধ ; Pititess ; cruel , obdurate.

Stony-hearted, a. faga; Cruel; pitiless. Stood, pt. and pp. of stand.

Stook, n. ( শক্তকেরে ) বাব আটির গলা।

Stool, stool, n. কাঞানৰ; টুল; পীট; A seat without a back:—মলত্যাপ, কোটনোচন; পাড; ভেদ; Evacuation of the bowels; discharge from the bowels:—v. t. মলত্যাপ-কু; To evacuate.

Between two stools a person falls to the ground—ছই কাল করিতে গেলে কোনটা ভালরণ হয় না; ছই নৌকার পা দিলে ড্নিডে হয়; In pursuing two objects at once, one does not gain either.

Stool of repentance or guilty stool, n. Formerly, a seat on which persons found guilty of fornication or adultory were compelled to stand in view of the whole people for a certain number of sundays, and then to be rebuked by the minister.

Stoom, v. t. বৰণালী-ক; ঝান্ধাল-কু; To give strength; to make lively.

Stoop, sthop, v. i. শগার নত-ক; অবনত-হ; ইেট-হ, স্থোকা; To bend the body; to bend forward.
—হানতা বা বস্তুতা খীকার-ক; To yield:—প্রসন্তর্গ, নত্র-হ, To condescend:—v. t. নীচের দিকে নত হ; টেট-ফ, To cause to incline downward; to bow down:—ছোঁ মারিবা পড়া; Come down on the wing, as a bird of prey:—n. অবনতি; দেহ নমন.
হীনতা; The act of stooping; inclination forward:—নমতা; Condescension:—টো নারণ; A swoop. Syn:—Incline, swoop, descend; yield, submit, succumb; seend, deign, vouchsafe.

Stoop to -- नड-इ ; Submit to.

Stop, stop, v. t. বন্ধ-কৃ; ক্ষ-কৃ, To close up:
প্রতিবোধ-কৃ, বাধা-বে; To obstruct; to hinder:
—ক্ষপতি-কৃ; To impede:—দমন-কৃ; To restrain:—v. i. নিবৃত-কৃ; বন্ধ-কৃ; ধামা; To cease to go forward:—আনকাল ধাকা বা বাস-কৃ; To stay:—দেশ-কৃ; To be at an end:—n. বামা; বিশ্ব; প্রতিবন্ধক, পতিবামা; Obstruction; obstracle; linderance:—বিবাম; Pause, cessation:—বিবাম-চিকৃ; A mark of punctuation. Syn:—(v) Plug, close; obstruct, block, interrupt, stay; leave, cease; suspend, intermit, discontinue, halt, stand still; desist, forbear; tarry, stay, lodge; terminate, end. (n) Intermission, rest, check, interruption, obstacle, impediment; point, period.

Put a stop to—হপি 5-ক ; আর চলিতে বা বাড়িতে না দেওগা , বন্ধ ক , Prevent from proceeding further. Stop payment—দেউলিবা-ই ; To become embarassed or bankrupt in busine-s.

Stop short - এक्ट्रार वामा ; क्ट्रार याना , कान मा

wierl; Not to proceed any further. (to shame. Stop the mouth-१४१४-३; To silence; to put Stop up-avoice रक ह Fill up ; close.

Stop-cock, Stop-cork, #. ( क्लाब ) करनद यूर्व ; A short pipe in a cock &c. opened and stopped by a cock or key. [ porary expedient. Stop-gap, stop'-gap, #. क्यि त्रांधन , के लि । Tem-Stoppage, stop'si, अ. वादा ; अधिवद्य : निर्वादन ; An obstruction :-- বিভি ; Stay, rest.

Stopper, stop'er, n. fefe ; That which closes a vent or hole :-- रक्कांद्री ; One who stops :--w. t. दिनि नित्रा नवा-कः हेनात बाता स्था वा जानवा-कः To close or secure with a stopper. [ motion. Stopping train, s. One that stops at every Stopple, stop'l, s. Eff ; & fa ; A cork or plug : -ত. ঠ. ছিপি পিরা বন্ধ-কু, To close with a stopple. Storage, stor'sj, #. नक्द ; मराष्ट्र । श्रमावांड करें। ; Storing; the depositing in a store :- 19714; Place for storing :- अनीम कांग्री. The price charged or paid for keeping goods in a store. Storax, stor'si, n. শৈলের; ফুগলি বুনা বিশেব; A

fragrant resin.

Store, stor, n. [ A. S. stor, great ] मिन्छ सना ; Hoard:--প্রচুব পরিমাণ; প্রাচুখা; ব'ছলা, Abundance, plenty: -- नक्ष ; Stock accumulated :-समाय: Ware-house, a store-house - मी. बामा नामजी , नत्रवम , Supplies of provisions, ammunition &c. for an army or a ship :—v. t. সংগ্ৰহ-কু, স্কর-ক ; To collect ; to gather in quantities :---বোপান: To supply:--ভগমভাত কু; ভাভারত্বকু. To lay up in store; to hoard —ভুগানে বাৰা; To deposit or place in a warehouse. Syn. -(n) Stock, fund, abundance, accumulation, provision; magazine, depot, storehouse. (v) Collect, accumulate, replenish, garner, husband, save, reserve; furnish, provide, stock.

Be in store for — সঞ্চিত থাকা, মণ্ড থাকা; Be in reserve for one, that one is to joy, that awaits one In store-সঞ্চিত্ত প্রস্তান ক্রিবর্থ ; In reserve. Set store by-- জভাত মূলাবান মনে ক।

Store-house, stor'hows, n शुन्नात्र , लोना ; यनात्रात्र : Magazine ; a repository ; a treasury Store-keeper, n. wisia-ame; wisial; evin-সরকার: Officer having charge of stores

Storied, stored, a. शक्त कशिक, linving a history told or recited in history - 3/33 7. অসিদ্ধ: দুজাশোভিড; ঐতিহাসিক চিম ব'বা অপরত; Adorned with historical painting -- जनाविन्द्र ; ভনবিশিষ্ট; Having stages or floors reached by flights of stairs; having a storey or storeys.

Stork, #. मात्रम शकी ; carie . Crane. Storm, storm, n. ४५ ; वक्षानाङ , अपून्ती , A tempest:--(গাল্লাল ; বিজাট ; হাজামা ; চাপুল ব্যাপার : Tumult; commotion:—বলপুৰ্ব্দ তুণাৰ্ব্যব : Assault on a fortification :- v. 1. 45-3; वाजानि ৰল : To blow with violence —্রোগোরত-ই : কুছ-ष्ट; To be in a violent passion .- v. f. वनभूकिक পাক্ষ্-ক ; To assault ; to attack by open force. Syn -- (n) Gale, blast, gust, hurricane, tor-

nado; disturbance, agitation, commotion; adversity, calamity, attack, assault. (11) Rage A storm is browing—वह वें। के क्षेत्रह : The clouds are gathering and storm is imminent; difficulties or dangers or contentions is arising : -জনতর ব্যাপার ঘটবার উপক্রম ক্টরাছে: A great commotion or danger is about to befall.

Raise a storm-গোলবোগ-কু; Create a tumuit : -- হুলহুল পড়িয়া বাওয়া; Excite a violent commotion.

Take (or carry ) by storm —বৰপুৰ্বক আছমণ कतियां क्षण-कः; Take by a violent and open assault. [ in a fortification.

Storming party, m. Party to attck the breach Stormy, storme, a. वांड्रावून : वांड्रावन : किका-महत्र । बाङ्याबह्द । Agitated with furious winds ; tempestuous :—প্ৰবল ; আচত ; আচাৰ জোগদীল , Violent i passionate. Syn: -Boisterous, gusty, squally, blustering, rough.

Story, store, n. बनीक नात्र । A fictitious narrative :--ইতিহাস : ইতিবৃত্ত : ক'তিনী , History :---উপৰবা ; A tale :- মিখাা ; Falsehood :-- ( গুড়ের ) ভব , তরা; A floar ; the height of one floor in a building ascended by stairs ( storey इ इर ): o. f. वर्गना-इ. To describe. Syn:-Narration, relation, recital, narrative; fiction, fable, novel, falsehood, untruth; floor, loft.

A cook-and-bull story-- रानान कथा: श्रीक्रावित MR. A tedious and exaggerated story; a long, rambling story.

An old story—बाहीन काहिनी। Three storied house, A house of three stories- ज्डन पृह, डिनरडाना वाजी। [ and repeat it. Rake up an old story about one-Totall up

Tell a story-जानपत-क विका क्या कहा।

Storry-book, n. नव প्रक।

Storry-teller, n निहा (नोक : नात : मिधानांकी । Stout, stout, a. विनन्ने , बनवान : Strong , robist – ৰোটা ; স্থৰ , Corpulent — বিভয় , সাগনিক ; Intre-व्यक्तिक , Revolute :-- म. यमा विद्यान , A strong kind ##stoutness ( শ্রুড়া; স্ট্রিক চা); of bear. ad=stoutly ( मारमभू मिक ; मृष्ड'रन )। Sym :-- Losty, brawny, athleur, sturdy, stalwart; braul, valunt, bold, manly, firm; corpulent, poully plump, fat, obese.

Stout-built, Stout-made, a. विनेह : बलवान . Having a strong frame of body. Brive Stout-hearted, a. সাদ্দিক, নিভীক, অকুরোচ্য, Stove, stov. n. जेनान , हुन्ने ; Fire-place · - v t উद्ध-इ: भग्राम श्राम, अल-इ. To heat or kerp war n Stow, 45, ज. ट. मोकारण बाजा ; भाग विद्या बाजा . 🗓 🕫 arrange :-- ज्ञांभन-क ; To place .-- मक्क-क ; बावज পুৰুত বোৱাই-কু . To lay by. n=stowage (ব্যবস্থাপন . সালাইরা রাখিনার খব : সালাইবার মজুরী)।

Stowago, n. vifus sea; The state of being laid up. ি গাড়ীছে অবেশ-ক। Stow-2-way, n. व छाड़ा कांकि विवाद कछ मुकारेश Straddle, stradi, v. s. शा कीक कतिया शिफान ना গটা, ছই পা দাবা; To stand or walk with the legs far apart :-- v. t. (कान बक्का बक निरंक अरु ना অগর বিকে অপর পা ভাগন-কু: ছুই বিকে পা রাখিয়া বাঁড়ান বা নসা . To stand or sit astride of :-- #. পা কাক কৰিবা দাঁড়াৰ বা উপবেশৰ: The act of standing or sitting with legs apart.

Straggle, strag'i, o. i. देखका-ङ्ग ; वक्क्वानाय जमा-事; To wander about; to roam; to ramble:---बिक्सिन ह , Be scattered loosely ; be dispersed :---मर्था मर्था पढ़ी।

Street

Straggler, strag'ier, त. कश्यूदा ; नर्वान्नकादी ; व अभिक अपिक करत ; A wanderer ; vagabond :-- (र নৈনিক সৈক্তৰল হইতে ছটকাইনা পড়ে ; One who wanders from the regular line of march.

Straggling, n. ইতৰত: विकिद ; Raging loose ; standing apart :-- अवन्तिन ; Wandering ; roving. Straight, strat, a. [A. S. streht, pp. of streccan, to stretch] (त्रांका ; नज़न ; बक् ; Being in a right line ; direct :-- अवि ; विक ; नतन : Upright :-- ad. ভংকণাং ; Instatly :-- সোজা ; সরাসর ; টক ; Directly. Syn :- Short, rectilinear, undeviating; vertical, erect : just, fair, honourable, straightforward. A straight line—সরল রেখা।

Straighton, suain, v. t. সোबा-कु; नवन-कु; विक-# : To make straight.

To straighten one's face—হাতাদি বৰ-কৃ। Staight-forward, strat-for'ward, a. महन : मद ; Frank; honest; upright:—সোলাফ্লি; Going forward in a straight course. ad-straight-forw trilly. n=straight-forwardness. ( (त्रांबाद्धि) । Straightness, n. nany ; says | ad - straightly Straightway, stratwa, ad. उरक्नार; अविनास ;

I ninediately, without loss of time. Strain, stran, v. t. [ L. stringere, to draw or bind tight ] बल्ल्क्रंक चाकर्ष वा अनाइन-कृ: To draw with force : - क्षांब होना ; To stretch :- (नावि उ-कृ ; होका : जाला : To filter :---ववानांवा रहेडी-कृ : To exert to the outmost :- (भवन-कृ . To press ; to make tight -- (कांव कवित्र) शांश-के ; To constrain : -- অত্যন্ত টানিবা আঘাত-কু; To injure by overtasking ; to sprain .- v. i. अडान (१ हो-कृ ; इटेक्टे-कृ ; To make violent efforts:-- (अहाडेडा-श : त्याविक-इ, মেটেক্তা পড়া; To pass through a filter:--n অনুন্দ , ভয়নক মাহাস ; অতি চেষ্টা , Violent effort : —বেচিত, আঘাত: Injury caused by excessive errition :--অভিআৰ , উদ্দেশ্য ; পিৰৰ ; Tendency .--भे 3 : Song :-- क्वांत्र ७ कारवात हो : Manner of speech or action :--ধরণ; প্রকার: Style :-- সানের यर् , चूब ; A note :—ब्रांडि , डेप्पंडि , राम ; कून , Race ; stock. Syn: -(v) Stretch; force; wrench; exert; pervert; purify. [ style or vein. In a strain-কোনবৰ ভাবে; কোনবৰ ধরণে; In a Put a strain- via sieia, Put a burden upon. Strain a point-अक्ट्रे अनिक अनिक-कु; रायन त्रीडि ता शांता चारह हिक महेक्कर्ण कांदा मा-इ ; कांहि छ। १४-क ; ब्रिट्स कन्न ; Exceed the bounds of strict law or morality; go beyond the proper limit or extent, go a little beyond the letter of one's ins-

Strain at a gnat swallow a camel—firs গুরুত্ব দোব করিয়া পরের সামাক্ত দোব দটরা বাও থাকা : নিছে ৩রাডৰ যুক্ত করিয়া পার পাওয়া কিন্ত অভ্যের কুত সামান্ত গোৰ বইয়া গোলমাল-তু: Make much fuss about small offences, but commit offences of real magnitude; make difficulties about small insignificant matters.

tructions.

Strain courtesy — विद्वारात बका-कृ ; त्रोअस क्रि-क्ष- म ; To stand upon ceremony.

Strain every nerve—আশপণে চেটা-ছু; বৃত্তুর সাধ্য Gil-F; Exert one's strength to the utmost; make great exertions; exert all one's power to the utmost degree.

Strain one's eyes--वडाड डेबाम बाजा महे-क : ब्राज कान वस मिविट बहेरन विक्रम वक् छिरन मधा बाह मिहेक्टन (मर्था : हकू विकादिङ कविना (मर्बा : To harm by overexertion; overexert the eyes.

Strained, p. a. इर्सनीकृत : कृतिम ; क्हेक्बित । Strainer, suaner, n. बीखति ; हालूनि ; हीकनि ; চাপনি ; One who or that which strains ; a sieve. Straining, n. डे९कडे टामांबर ।

Strait, strat, a. नकोर्न ; खद्रान्छ : Narrow ; close : —क्टोब ; Rigorous :—नक्क ; कड़िन ; Difficult :— पनाना : कना ; Avaricious :- #. अपाना ; Narrow passage of water between two seas or oceans: -গিবিস্কট; A narrow pass in a mountain:--CFT; Distress, difficulty, ad = straitly, n = straitness. Syn: -(a) Close, tight; strict, rigorous. severe : distressful.

Be in a strait-- नमलाह लेखा : मक्टि लेखा : Be in a dilemma; be in a perplexity.

Be in straits—(कानकन करहे नड़ा ; Be in distress or difficulty.

Straiten, strain, v. t. महीर्थ-कृ; खश्चन्छ-कृ; To narrow ; to make strait :- नक्षिक-क : कता ; To contract; to make tense or tight. Syn:-Strentch, straighten; limit, narrow, confine; distress, pinch, embarrass.

Straitened circumstances—तनः होनोहोनि অবস্থা। অধ্যক্তিসা; Proverty, distress.

Strait-handed, a. 779; Niggardly.

Strait-jacket, n. शानालव कामा विध्य ।

Strait-laced, stratlast, a. कार्रेन ; कार्राव ; Stiff ; affectedly austere; strict in manners or morals; rigid in opinion. [ strictly.

Straitly, ad. नदीर्नताम : कार्टावकारव : Narrowly . Straitness. n. Wildel: Strictness:-CF4: ছৰণা ; Distress, difficulty.

Strand, n. সমুস্তট; নদীর বার; Beach; shore; river-side:-- ए. हे. कड़ांव लागा , मम्प्रहाद कीरत निवा आएकान: To drive or force on to a strand; to ground :- क. १ हराइ बाहेवा लाना ; To run aground. Strange, a. বিদেশীৰ : অগ্ৰিচিড , অক্সাত ; Foreign : —নুডন; New:—বহুড; অপরপ; Odd:—বিভিত্ত; द्यम्बादन ; Mai vellous ; unusual :- int. कि आंक्षा n = strangeness ( मृडनए ; व्यश्कर्गाठ! )। strangely ( আক্রা হহল )। Syn:-Alien, exotic, outlandish, novel, unusual, extraordinary, uncommon, wonderful, astonishing, marvellous, queer, eccentric, particular. [ **चिक-र** । Make one's self strange-অপরিচিতভাবে উপ-Strange to say—সাক্ষা কথা।

Stranger, stranjer, n. विषयीत लांक ; विषयी : A foreigner :-- আগত্তক ; অভিবি ; A visitor ; a new-comer; guest:-- मग्रीबहिन जोन; नकान वासि: One not known.

To be a stranger to-সম্পূৰ্ণ ৰনভিত্ত খাকা। Strangle, strang'ट्री, v. t. बानवक्ष कविया बाह्रा ; अला টিশিরা মারা : To choke : —চাশিরা ফেলা ; ছাপাইরা ताथा : प्रथम कर्ता ; To suppress. n=strangler. Syn :- Throffle, suffocate.

Strangulated, strang'u-lat-ed, a. ৰূখ ; চাপ থাৰা ক্য-স্কাৰৰ; Having the circulation stopped by compression; strangled.

Strangulation, strang-gui-láshun, n. বাস রোধ; নিবাস-বৰতা; বাসনালীর অকসাং অবরোব, The act of strangling; compression of the throat and partial suffocation in hysteries.

Strangury, strang'gū-ri, n. মৃত্ৰুছ: বিন্ বিন্
ক্লাব; Difficult possage of urine. n=strangurious.

Strap, strap, n. চৰ্ষের পেটা; নাপিডের চামাতি; A long narrow strip of leather; a strop:—v.f. চন্মের পেটাব বারা বারা; বন্ধ-কৃ; To beat or bind with a strap:—বিদিরা ভীক্ষবার-কৃ; To strop.

Strapping, a. বৰা ; ছেয়ান ; Tall :—হন্দর ; কৃষ্ণী ; Handsome.

Stratagem, strata-jem, n. [G. stratos, army, and egesthai, to lead ] মুছকোলন: Artifice of water; trick to outwit an opponent:—লক্ত্ৰে প্ৰভাৱণা; A plan for deceiving an enemy:—চালাহি; হল; Artifice. Syn:—Device, manoeuvre, dodge, ruse, wilc.

Strategic, stra-tefik, Strategical, stra-tefikal. a. বৃদ্ধকৌশল সৰ্থনীয় , সময়নীতি সৰ্থনীয় : কৌশনে উৎপাদিত; Pertaming to or effected by strategy. ad = strategically.

Strategic point—Any point or region in the theatre of warlike operations which affords to its possessor an advantage over his appointness. Strategist, strate-jist, n. যুদ্ধ প্ৰিচাপন বিদ্যাধিৎ; সময়বিং One skilled in strategy.

Strategy, strate-ji, n. স্মৰ্থিণা; সৈষ্ঠ পরিচালন বিশা; ব্ৰচাত্য ; Generalship; the art of conducting a compaign; the science of military

Strath, n. উপতাকা বিশেষ; A valley in Scotland. Stratification, n. উপযুগেৰি স্থা বিস্তান; The process of being arranged in layers.

Stratiform, strati-form, a. प्राकात ; Formed like a stratum.

Stratify, strati-fi, v. t. [ L. stratum, and face, to make ] আৰু বাবে ৰাখা. To form of Lip in strata or layers. n=stratification.

Stratum, stratum, n. [ L. stratum, to spread | out ] জন : মৃত্তিকান ভবক : Layer , bed. pl = strata
Stratus, n. তবাকারে সজ্জিত মেখনাবা , A form of cloud occurring in a horizontal layer.

Straw, straw, n. পড়, বিগাবি; ত্ব. The stalk of grain:—অকিকিংকৰ ক্ৰৱ, অপদাৰ্থ বস্তু; Anything worthless.

Care not a straw — কিছুই প্ৰাঞ্চ না-ক। In the straw — ( প্ৰদৰ্শনে ) আত্ন-গুলে স্থিত। Man of straw — বস্তাজ্ঞানিত তৃণনৰ মানবমুৱি; অনীক

Man of strew—ব্যক্তিগিত তৃণ্মৰ মানৰমূপ্তি; জনীক লোক; সাক্ষাবোণাল; অপলাৰ্ঘ লোক; A person of little or no means or substance.

Not worth a straw—ৰতি ব্ৰিণ্ডিকর।
The last straw on the camel's back—ৰ্ক-পাতি কৃটাৰ ভাৰত আৰু সহে না; বেটা চাপাইলে উট্ট গুইয়া পাছিলে. That which finally causes a catastrophe.
Throw atraws against the nind—বাহা অনিবাধা, তাহাৰ বিপক্ষে বৃদ্ধ-কৃ; To contend uselessiy and feebly against what is uresistible.

Strawberry, strawber-i, n. ৰুক বিশেষ; এক জাতীয় বিষ্টু কল ; A plant and its fruit.

Straw-leaf, n. ডিউনের চিছ! [or like straw-Strawy, straw'ı, a. তুপনিপিত্র; তুপনৃদ্দ, Made of Stray, stra, v. i. [F. estrayer, to stray] বিপাৰে গমন-কু; ইতৰতঃ অমণ-কু; To wander out of the way; to rove:—কওঁবাকৰ্প হুইতে বিচাত-হু; To deviate from duty or rectitude:—আম-কু, তুল-কু; Err:—n. ব্ধান্ত পভ (বে গৃহপালিত পভ বছান তাাগ করিয়াই তত্ততঃ অমণ করিয়া বেডাল্ল; A domestic animal that has strayed or is lost:—a. যুধনত্ত; কাম্যাল; ইতৰতঃ আম্মাল; Wandered. Syn:—(v) Swerve, ramble, roam.

Streek, strek, n. বিভিন্ন রতেব ভোরা; A long mark different in colour from the ground:—বেধা, A long, narrow stripe or line:—v. t. চিত্ৰ-কু, ভোৱা কাটা, To form streaks in, to mark with streaks; to stripe.

Streaky, streki, a. ভোৱা বিবা চিত্রবিচিত্র; Striped. Stream, strem, n. জনস্রোত; ধারা; প্রবাহ; Run ning water, current of water, air or light &c — নথী; River:—প্রবৃত্তি, Tendency:—r. i. প্রবৃত্তি হ; প্রোত বহা, To flow in a stream:—কিবণ রেখা-কারে বির্গত-ত, I. sue in rays.—v f. প্রবৃত্তিত কু i Syn:—Brook, rivulet, rill, course, flow, drift, tide, rush.

Against the stream—কোন বিভূম বিশ্বন্ধ; In Sail (swim or go) with the stream—ৰংগ্ৰহ শহিত গোড-দে; স্পোতে গা ডালান-দে; Move along with others in the same direction without making any effort to think or act for oneself.

Stream of events—ফটনা প্রোড।

Streamer, strinier, r. বাবুজৰে ভাগৰাৰ পাতাৰা; পাতা, Long floating flag or ribbon.:—ঝানোক প্ৰবাদ, A stream of light.

Streaming, a अवस्तान ।

Streamless, a. শ্রেণ্ডাইন। [stream. Streamlet, streamlet, n. কুদ্র নদী; A little Streamy, stremt, a. প্রবাহমান: ক্ষেতােম্বর . Abounding with stream; flowing in a stream Street, stret. n. [L. strata, a paved way ] নগবের বাবা; বাজগব; Paved way; a road in a city, public way in a town. Svn:—Road, way, highway, pathway, route, passage, course.

A street begger - প্ৰেৰ ভিৰানী। In the open streets - একাজ কাৰে। Street Arabs - Neglected and unruly bay.

who frequent the streets.

Street-walker, n. (39); Prostitute.

Strongth, strength, n. [A. S. strength, from strengt, strong ] বল, নামৰ্থ; শক্তি, কমন্তা; তেজ:
The quality of being strong. force. vigour—
দৃত্যা, কঠিনতা, হুঠেনতা; Solulity; toughness
ধাকনৰ নিবাৰৰ কবিবাৰ বল; Power to resist attack:
—দুৰ্গ, গড়; A fortification:—দুংকৰ্ব, উংকুত্ততা;
Excellence:—মাতিশবা; Intensity:—ক্তনাৰ তেজবিভা; ভাগাৰ গুলাভা. Vigour of style or expression:—নিবাপতা; নিবাপন অবস্থা, Security:
উজ্জ্বা; উল্লেখ্ডা; নিবাপন অবস্থা, Security:
Validity; justness. Syn:—Force, power, potency, might, puissance, robustness, stoutness, brawniness, lustness; firmness; tenacity;

fortitude, courage, resolution, spirit; cogency, efficacy; support, stay.

On the strength of—field affai; coine faga

On the strongth of—নির্ভন করিরা; কোনও কিছুর বলে; কোনও কিছুর উপর নির্ভন করিমা; in reliance; upon.

Strengthen, strengthen, v. t. বলিট-ক ; বলবং-ক ;
নবল-ক ; বলবজ-ক ; To make strong or stronger :
—ক্চ-ক ; পঞ্চ-ক ; To confirm —উৎসাহিত-ক ;
উর্জেজ-ক ; To encourage —ক্ষমতা বা ঘৃচতার
বিভিত্নভি-ক , To cause to increase in power or
security —v. t. বলবান-হ ; বলবং-ফ ; বলবজ-ফ .
To become stronger ; to grow stronger. Syn :
—Fortify, brace, harden, invigorate, animate,
intensity; establish, support.

Stronuous, strehu-us, a. ভেজৰী; Vigorous; eagerly pressing:—জাগ্ৰহায়িত; জেদবিদিট; বাই; উৎসুক; Ardent:—উদ্যোগী; Active:—নিভগ্ন, সাহসিক, Bold. n=strenuousness (বাজহা, উদ্যাস): ad =strenuously (একান্তৰূপে; বাজভাবে): Syn:—Zealous, ardent, earnest, energetic, vehement.

Stress, stres, n. ভার , চাগ ; Pressure , strain :— ভব্ব , Emphasis , accent .—আবস্ত্তকতা, Urgency ; importance , signincance —বল ; সম্ভ , Force.

Lay stress on—কোৰ বিৰুদ্ধের উপর জোৰ দিবা বলা; Press a point, so as to make it prominent; attach importance to.

Lay stress on a fact—ভক্ত বলিয়া নিৰ্ফেশ-ভূ । Stress of voice—ব্যায়ৰ অক্ত ।

বিবৰে বেৰ পাডয়া, Fully exercised, exerted or exercised to the utmost:—At work continuously Stretch a point—টিক বছর মত না চলা; একট এদিক ভাদক-কৃ, Go a little beyond rule, go a little beyond what is usual and right.

Btretch of imagination—ক্ষনার দৌড়; Flight of fancy; an exaggeration of statement.

Stretch on the bed of Procustes—এক বিশ্বৰ বারা সকল নিবের বিচার-ক ; To judge all cases by the same rule; to make all conform to the same standard.

Stretch out—শ্ব লখা করির। ( রাড ) টানা। Stretcher, n. নীড়িডাদি ব্যক্তিদিগকে খানাস্তর করণের

ৰাট; A frame for carrying the sick, wounded &c.:—কেপৰী চালকের পা বাধিবার কাঠ; A foot board for a rower.

প্তাদেশৰ, ströd, ত. f. বিকীৰ্ণ-ড় , ছড়ান ; To spread by scattering , to scatter loosely. pf=strewed, pp=strewa,

Stristed, a পুত্ৰ পুত্ৰ সমাভৱ নালি চিহ্নিত; Marked with small parallel channels.

Stricken, strikn, a. बार्ड; बीर्; Struck; smitten. pre=strike, pt=stroke.

Stricken in years, a. বয়েবৃদ্ধ , বয়নে জীৰ্ণ ; Advanced in years ; advanced or worn with age.

Strict, strikt, n. [ L. strictus, pp. of stringere, to draw tight ] স্বৃচ; টান-টান; Tight:—কটন; কটোন; Severe:—টিক; ধারা; প্রকৃচ; Exact; thoroughly accurate. n=strictness, ad=strictly (ফিকাপে) i Syn:—Precise; rigid, austere, stern, rigorous, harsh, stringent.

Strictly speaking—টিক কথায় বলিতে গেলে; In accuracy of language.

Strictness, n. addred; author, and all a Quality or condition of being strict. Syn:—Closeness, tightness; exactness; rigour, harshness, sternness.

Stricture, striktar, ন. সংকাচ; কুৰুৰ; অৱতাই; A morbid contraction of any passage of the body:—নিশা, ভংগৰা, প্ৰতিকৃত্ব স্বালোচৰা; Censure, critical criticism; remark.

Stricture of the urethra—ৰূত্ৰপ্ৰাৰ ৷

Stride, strid, n. দীর্ঘ পাদবিকেপ; A long step —
v. ২. দীর্ঘ পাদবিকেপে গমন-কু; লখা লখা পা কেলিয়া
চলা, To walk with long steps —v. t. এক পদে
চলা; To pass over at a step:—লভ্যন-কু।

Strident, a. [ L. strideo, to creak ] কৰ্মণ ; শতি-কটোৰ ; Harsh. [ stridulous.

Stridor, n. জডিকটোৰ শব্দ ; Harsh sound. a — Strife, strif, n. বিবাদ ; ধ্ব , Contest ; discord — কলহ , Quarrel. Syn :—Contention, conflict, quarrel, enmity.

Strake, strak, v. t. जारांख-कृ, बाहांब-कृ, माता ; Beat , hit with force , give a blow to .-- 4141-CF : To dash —মুবাধিত-কৃ, মুব্রিত-কৃ, To stamp; to coin — (পাল) নামান, To let down, as a sail --বাজান, To cause to sound —শান্তি-নে; To punish —ৰভিত্ত-কৃ, আত্ৰ-কৃ; To · affect strongly —ইংগ্ৰ-কৃ, To produce —v, i. জঙ গমন-কৃ , চলা , ভুটা , To pass quickly :-- আঘাত-क ; भाता . To hit :—পাহাডে বা চভার জালা . To run aground :--পতাকা নামান , ধাজা নামান ; To lower flag in token of respect or surrender:---ক; বালা , To sound by being struck .—কৰ্ম না করা, বেতনাদি বৃদ্ধির জন্ত ধর্মঘট করা, To quit work in order to secure higher wages or the redress of some grievances --- n. विख्न दुवित निमित्त अन्तिक : काल वक ; Act of striking for higher wages ; combination :— अत्यव दिश्वर्व ; Excellence of quality. Syn: -(n) Knock, smite, buffet, cast; imprint; thrust, force, drive, deal, inflict, give ; impress, affect , lower.

Be struck by lightning—বছাৰতে নই-ই; Be mjured or destroyed by lightning. (prise at. Be struck with—বোন কিছুতে আকৰ্য-ই; Be surstrike a balance—সমান-ই; তুসবা-ই; বৈদিয়ং কটি!, গড়-গড়তা-ই; To compare; equalise, ayerage.

Strike a bargain—চুক্তি বিশাস-কৃ; সংবা ছিয় করিয়া পাকা-কৃ; Effect an arrangement; conclude an agreement, make and ratify a bargain. Strike a blow, Strike a stroke—আবাত-ই: Make an attack :—আজ্বৰ-ই; নই ক্রিবার অভিপ্রায়ে আজ্বৰ-ই: Injury by an attack on.

Strike against—ৰাজা লাগা; Collide:—নৌজা বা আহালে চড়ার লাগিলে বেমৰ স্কটাপর হয়, সেইলগ স্কটাপর হওলা; ধাজা লাগা; Be stranded on:— Dash against.

Strike a jury-Impanel a jury.

Strike a light in-witten ate; Kindle.

Strike a note—অন্তরের কোল ভাব প্রভাপ-তৃ: Give utterance to a sentiment:—কোল স্থীত-বন্ধ বালান, কোনও নৃতন হুর বা ধুরা ভূনিয়া দেওয়া: Cause a musical instrument to sound.

Strike an account—হিনাৰ টিক-কু; হিনাবে ধৰা প্ৰচ মিল-কু; To balance an account.

Strike at—আঘাত-কৃ; আঘাত করিতে উদ্যাত-হৃ; তাক্
করিয়া নিকেপ-কৃ; Make a blow at; aim a blow at; to try to hit. { Eradicate, deal a blow to. Strike at the root of — কিছুৰ বৃংল কুটারাবাত-কৃ; Strike away—হানাববিত-কৃ; Remove. [down—আঘাত করিয়া কেলিয়া-লে; Knock Strike dumb—অবাক্ক; আক্রেয়া তুলীকুত-কৃ; ইত্রুদ্ধি-কৃ; To confound; to astonish.

Strike for—পাইবার চেটা-কু; বিশেষ চেটা-কু; উঠে পড়ে লাগা; Strike a blow for; attempt to gain; make a vigorous effort to gain.

Strike hands—witte enfar test; Become surety of for any one.

Strike hands with—হয় পৰ্ণ কৰিয়া সন্ধিক, ক্ষণীড়ন স্বাহা হুচ্যতা-ভূ ; ব্যক্তি-ভূ ; To make a compact or agreement by shaking hands.

Strike home—নাম আঘাত-দে; আতে ঘা-দে; টিক আছাত-মু; Deal an affective blow; go into one's heart; afflict one in the most vital part.

Strik in—হঠাৎ প্রবেশ-কু; দহনা ভিডরে প্রবেশ করা বা চলা; হঠাৎ আনিয়া কোন কথা বলা; Enter suddenly; come in suddenly; interpose:—আৰুপ্ত-কু; Disappear:—ব্যাঘাঠ-কে:

Strike into—ৰাবধান থেকে কিছু বলা; Suddenly interrupt; interpose:—জ্বাতেন-কৃ; Pierce:— প্রবেশ-কৃ; Go into:—হঠাৎ কিরিয়া জন্ত বিকে বাওয়া; Turn abruptly into.

Strike in with -- অবুরূপ-ছ; বিলিড-ছ; বেলা; Conform to, side with; fall in with.

Strike off—ৰ্জিত-ক: Print:—চেদ-ক: Separate by a blow; sever by a blow:—নাম কাছিলা-দে; Erase from a register:—কোণা; Write:—কাণ এক্দিক ক্টতে আন এক্দিকে কোনা; Turn suddenly to. Strike one all of a heap—ক্টাণ কোন কাণা কনিয়া কাহাকে আক্ট্যাণিত বা অপ্ৰতিত-ক: Take one by surprise:—বৃদ্ধ-ক: Fascinate one.

Strike one dead—ৰাণাত কৰিলা কেৰে কেলা; নিপাত-কু; Strike one so as to cause one's death. Strike one down—ৰাণাত কৰিলা কেৰে-কে; Strike one so as to throw one down:—নই-কু; Pull down and destroy:—ন্তার-কু; Destroy:—নত-কু, Humble:—অকর্মনা কৰিলা কেলা; Thoroughly disable one; prostrate completely.

Strike one's colours—बरानडा भोबाद-कः; दभै-भुड-इः Te surrender : to submit.

Strike one's fancy—(খাবাদেও) গ্রান্থ ; To please one. (বাৰ খাচিনা দেবা। Strike one's name of the rolls—ভর্গনখার Strike one's tent—ভেনা-ভাঙা উটাইনা অহাদ-ক। Strike on or upon, Strike the ground— চড়ান উপর আখিনা বাধনা; চড়ার কেবা; Be stranded upon.

Strike one with—rela legies one eleta; Strongly impress one with, surprise one:—বনে কোন প্রবাহন তাৰ উল্লেখ-ড়; মনে কোনও ভাবের উল্লেখন ড়; Excite in one (some strong emotion, as surprise).

Strike out—কাটিয়া-ৰে; ভূনিয়া কেনা; উঠাইয়া-ৰে; Erase; efface; remove from:—অকাশ-ক; আবিষার-ক; Bring to light:—উভাবন-ক; উভাবিত-ক; সহসা আবিষার বা বাহির-ক; Divise; invent:— ইকিয়া বাহির-ক:—বাজা-ক:—ইভডভ: অবণ-ক; Wander:—কাজে লাগা; Go to work.

Strike out a new path – নৃতৰ পথ আবিহাৰ-ৰু; নৃতৰ অণালী আবিহার-কু; Devise a new path; devise a new plan: — Discover a new path.

Strike root, Take root—Tiffs-E; VETN-E; Become rooted; become established; become firmly in the mind.

Strike sail—অৱস্থ না-হ; Cease to advance; make no further progress; take in sail.

Strike tensor into—ভা বাগাইছা-দে; Excite dread in the mind of one; frighten one.

Strike the coin (money or medal)—টাকা মুজিড-ক ; মেডেল তৈয়ায়-ক ; Coin money ; stamp money. [strongly.

Strike the eye—চন্দু আকৰ্ম-কু; To impress Strike the key-note—প্ৰথম বা প্ৰধান কন বাজাইয়া-দে; Sound the fundamental or first tone— আদিহত বা প্ৰধানী নিৰ্দেশ-কু; Enunciate the fundamental idea or principle of.

Strike up—স্কাত আৰ্ড-কৃ; পান গাইতে আৰত কৃ; Begin music; begin to sing; cause to sound: —বাজান; Be beaten.

Strike while the iron is hot—টিক সময়ে কাৰ্য-কু; To improve an opportunity; do things just at the right moment:—হয়েস উপায়ত হুইবেই নিজের কর্ম করিয়া লগুয়; Take advantage of an opportunity as it arises:—হয়েস হাড়িয়া না বেওলা; হবিষা পাইয়া ভাষা না হাড়া; Not to miss a favourable opportunity.

Strike work (go or be on strike)—পূৰ্বট-কু; সকলে একবোনে কৰ্ম ইওকা-কু; কাল বন্ধ-কু; Quit work in a body; refuse to work until the point is gained.

Strike blind--- WW-F

Striking, striking, a. হাৰথাটা; হাৰল-আৰ্থানী; অভিত্তিল্লক; Affecting:—আক্যা; বিচিত্ৰ; Surprising:—বিযোহক; চিতাকৰক; Forcible; impressive:—বথাবধ; টিক; শাই; Exact. ad—strikingly (পাইড:; আক্যানপো)। সভ্যানিমানুলভ্য

Striking distance, n. বে মুখতাৰ মধ্যে আখতে কৰা বায়: Distance at which the electric fluid will pass away with a shock. [or close likeness. Striking likeness, n. বিচিত্ত সামৃত্য: Surprising String, string, n. মন্ত্ৰ মৃতি; খব; A small rope; a small cord or a strip of anything for trying:— Tal A piece of thread :- [98] ; A ribbon :-का ; काव ; वावावतात्र कडी ; The cord of a musical matrument :--वा ; हिना :--(सवी ; वह ; हरा : हानि : A series of things :- चित्रा ; चात्र : धनमी ; A nerve : a tender :-- e. f. তার বড়াব ; তার পরাব : ছিলা পরাধ; To supply with strings :--একটা ( উপার ) পাতে কভার এইজন্ত আর একটা যোগান্ত করিয়া ब्रोपी : Have a second resource to fall back upon :- To make firm. Syn:-(n) Cord, thread, twine; row, file.

Heve two strings to one's bow--- वकी कार्य সমাধা কৰিবার জন্ধ ছুইটা উপায় অবলবন-কু; Have in readiness, two expedients for executing a project, or gaining a purpose. [ Having strings. Stringed, stringed, a. उद्युक्त : जादिक : जादिक : Stringency, n. weve biv : Severe pressure.

Stringent, strinjent, a. [ L. stringens, ppr. of stringere, to bind tight ] काठीह : कीन ; बाज़ी ; आक्षकाती ; Urgent ; strongly rigid ; severe ; binding. nestringency (খড়ি চাপ: কঠোরতা ; কাঠিছ : severe pressure; hardness), Syn :- Contracting, astringent; strict, severe, rigorous.

Stringy, string'i, a. म्खनह ; काइव ; कदनव ; FFFCF; Consisting of small threads; fibrous; viscid. #=stringiness ( ठड्डमर्ड )।

Strip, strip, s. हुक्बा ; एक . क्लि ; A long narrow piece ; stripe :--- र. विश्व-कृ ; क्षेत्रक-कृ ; नश्च-कृ ; To make naked , to make bare :-- ত্ৰ উলোচন-কু : ছাল তোলা ; To pecl :-- অপহরণ-ক : To plunder : —ভূলিরা কেলা :—বর্জিড-কু; বঞ্চিড-কু; To deprive : -- খ. গ. নপ্ল-হ; উলঙ্গ-জু; বিবশ্ব-জু; ভ্যাগ-জু; ছাড়া . To undress. Syn: -(n) Uncover, denude, kin, divest, bereave; plunder, pillage, sack, spoil.

Stripe, strip, n. विचित्र वर्शन तथा : क्वांता . शक्ति : A linear variation of colour; narrow line; strip of colour:--ক্ৰাঘাড; বেজ বা ঘোড়ার আঘাড. Lash >-v. t. 6614 win-F; To make stripes upon :-- 쿠케테핑-좆 ; To lash.

Striped, এ. দানাবর্ণের বেখাবৃক্ত; ভোরা-দেওয়া ; চিত্রিত : Having stripes of different colours.

Striped of-काम किंदू इहेरड विकिन्ह ; Be deprived of. িছিত বালক: A youth, a lad. Stripling, strip'ling, n. यूना ; यूनक ; रवोबरम छन-Strive, striv, v. i. (681-7; भदिवाब-7; To endeavour; to attempt; to make efforts; to try hard :-- रिवाय-कृ ; थांकिरशायिका-कृ ; बाह्याब्याह्य-कृ ; To struggle; to contend. pt-strove, pp-striven. Syn: -Labour, toil, try; contest, compete.

Stroke, strok, n. 41415; 41; coit; Blow; a knock :-- एकार चाक्चन : नहना चाक्चन : Sudden attack :---नरामान :--- खक्क के काम . व्यमानावन छहा : Masterly effort :- \[ \] ; \[ \] , Calamity :- \[ \] [ \] वांबा : बहिब मक ; Sound of a clock .- भागव : कन्मन :-- कांग्रे मान या कांग्रेख ; कनारगत होन ; ताथा ; A dash in writing :- o. t. हांड ब्लान ; शीरत शेरत हांड ৰুবাৰ; বদিয়া বহুণ-কু; To rub gently in one direction. Sym:-(n) Knock, thump; attack, shock; affliction, reverse; touch, dash.

A stroke of apoplexy- fintain; A sudden attack of apoplexy [ measure. A stroke of policy-wife; wife; A clever

A stroke of wit-area out; while, A sally of wit; a witty observation.

At one stroke. At a stroke-av tits: 44 भार ; By a single effort ; by a single decision ; by one effort, at once :-- 4 बारब ; By a single blow. Be struck with apoplexy or paralysis— যুদি বা পকাৰাত রোগাকান্ত-হ ; Be suddenly attacked by apoplexy or paralysis.

By a stroke of the pen-कशास अक बीहरक (बिटनेव क्लान कहे ना शहिषा); By a single word written (an absence of any great effort).

Give (or put) the finishing stroke to-চিত্ৰকাৰের শেব তাল-দে: Give the last touch to a picture which completes it :-- निर्वात आवात-क ; Do the last thing necessary to the completion of; give the last blow to.

Give the finishing stroke—চিত্ৰকরের শেব তলিcv : Give the last touch to a picture, which completes it :-- নিৰ্বাভ আঘাত-কু; Give the last blow to. Keep stroke—বুগণং ৰূপ ৰূপ করিবা জনে পড়া।

Stroke of grace-cts style. The finishing stroke that ends the life of a criminal executed by breaking on the wheel; in the judicial combats of mediævæi times, the stab given to put an end to the life of the vanguished.

The finishing stroke-त्वर व्यर्व ; मरावीवन ; নির্মান্ত প্রহার। aftermost rower. Strokesman, n. সৰ্কি পভাৰতী কেপদীবাহক : The Stroll, strol, ए i. भरावेन-क : शकियां विकास : अपन-F; To wander on foot; to ramble idly or leisurely:-n. পर्वाहेन ; नमजान जनन ; A leisurely walk: an idle, leisurely walk: a wandering on foot. n=stroller ( अभग्राम खमनकाती )। Sym :--(v) Rove, roam, range, stray, ramble.

Strong, strong, a. वनवान ; वनिष्ठ ; उक्की ; Stout : —হয়: Healthy:—ব্ৰুষ: Able : competent :--मृत , मक ; बकाता ; Firm ; resolute :-- राज ; ब्लाजर-বিশিষ্ট : Earnest :-- উর : Sharp, as smell ;-- পাচ : Deep, as colour :- मनकाती; Intoxicating :-ভেলান : ৰোগান : উন্ন : Forcibly :-- ক্সতিভিত : Well established. ad = strongly. Syn:-Robust, vigorous, powerful, hardy, muscular; capable, efficient, mighty; solid, compact; vivid, intense; violent, vehement; pungent, piquant; tough, tenacious; cogent, forcible; earnest, hearty, zealous, ardent, alcoholic,

Come it strong—बाडाइंश वना : Exaggerate it : -বাভাবাভি-ক ; Go too far. [ Very strong. Strong as a lion or as a horse-ways andia; Strong-bodied, a. वितर्ह ; Stout.

Strong conjugation—लावृत पत्रिवर्शन या स्थाप [ 513 ; Force ; violence. ৰারা বাতুরূপ-করণ। Strong-hand, strong hand, n. रत ; निक ; नका-Stronghold, strong'hold, n. ছুৰ্ব ; সুৰক্ষিত স্থাৰ ; A fortress; a fortified place.

Strongly, ad. कृत्राण ; ध्यवनकारव ; मवित्यवकार्य । Strong-minded, a. অটলমতি; স্থাতিজ ; Having a vigorous or determined mind.

Strong-point--वित्वर खन : मिरिनेट देव वो व्यक्तिकाद : Special excellence. িপাৰে না Strong-room, n. त पत वाह वा काद बारन कड़िएड Strong verb\_(4 [47] past tense seales we

श्वत कर पविवर्षण इव अवः past participles । भव en त्वाल इव ।

Strop, n. affices state; A strip of leather, for sharpening razors:—n. t. states at a to sharpen on a strop.

Strove, strov, pt. of stripe.

Strow, siro, n. Sec strew.

Struck, pt. and pp. of strike.

Struck all of a heap—आक्शांपिक र ; To be completely surprised ; to be astonished.

Struck with fear-अवविध 5।

Structure, struktur, n. L. structura, from structor, to join together ] নির্মাণ; গঠন; Construction; form:—আটানিকা; গুলাদি; সৌণ; A building; an edifice:—অক্তিকান; Manner of organisation. a=structural (গঠন বা নির্মাণ স্বৰ্ণীয়)। Syn:—Conformation, make, configuration; fabric, building, erection, pile.

Struggle, strug'i, v. i. [Gcr. strucheln, to scold] টেট্টা-ফু; To exert:—ব্যক্ত-ফু; To strive:
—বিবাদ-ফু. To contend:—ব্যরণা ডোগ-ফু, কট-ফু; আন-ফু; To be in agony or distress; to labour in pain:—n. বিবাদ; বুছ; Contest:—ব্যাদ্ধ উদান; Great effort.—ব্যথা; Agony:—ব্যাদ্ধ এব; Great labour. Syn.—(v) Endeavour, labour, toil, try hard; contest. (n) Endeavour, labour, exertion, pains; contention, strife, fight. [বিরোধ]

Struggle for existence—জীবন-সংখ্যাম ; দ্বীবন-Strum, p. t. অভিনয় শৰপূৰ্বক বাজান ( বীণাদি ) বাখন-কু : To play on, as a musical instrument, in a noisy way.

Strumpet, strumpet, n. বেস্তা; বারবণিডা; ধান্কী; ধান্কী; পিনিজা; A prostitute:—মবিবাসিনী; বৈরিজী; Like a strumpet; false; inconstant.

Strung, strung, pt. and pp. of strong.

Strut, strut, ত. i. সদৰ্শে পদক্ষেপ-কু; পৰিভিত্তাৰ চলা; অহনারে চলা; To walk in a pompous manner; to walk with affected dignity:— n. সদৰ্পে পদক্ষেপ; কৰিভিতাৰে চলন, An affected walk; proud step or walk.

Strychnia, strikni-a. Strychnine, striknin, m. বিষয়ক তেখন বিশেষ; A poisonous alkaloid obtained from the seeds of Nux-vonuca.

Stub, stub, n. গাছের ভড়ি কাটিবা নইলে বে অংশ নাটতে গ্রোধিত থাকে; বুকের মূল, গাছের গোড়া, The stump left after a tree is cut down;—কাঠথৰ, A log or stack:—নিজের বা নির্কোধ বালক; A dull or sluggish youth.—v. t. গোড়া উপভাইরা কেলা; To take the stubs or roots of from the ground: —নাই-কৃ; To destroy.

Stubbed, stubd, a. ব্যুত্ত ও বুল; বোটা; ভোঁতা, Short and thick; blunt; obtuse.

Stubble, stubl, n. শতাদির গোড়া; নাড়া; Stumps of corn left after the stalk is cut down.

Stubborn, stuborn, a. ৰবাধা; মুদ্ধান্ত, অননা; এক-ভানে; নাথাপান্তা; Obstinate; refractory; headstrong; hardy, persevering:—মূদ্ধেড; কোণা; Stiff. n=stuborness (অবাধ্যতা; এক-ইমেনি)। ad =stubbornly (অবাধ্যত্তাণ)) Syn:—Unbending, unyielding, intractable, contumacious, obdurate, heady. Stubborn fact— (व नहा वा केन। करोबा करोबा करा। बाह जा : A truth or occurrence that cannot be denied or disproved. [strong. Stubby, stubi, a. कुन : (बाँडो : Short, thick and Stucco, skuko, n. हुगवानि : हुगवानि क्षा : हुगवानि वित्य : A fine plaster used as a covering :—». f. हुग-वानि बनाम : हुग्वान-कृ : To face or overlay with stucco.

Stuck, pt. and pp. of stick.

Stuck up-4447 48 ; Purse-proud.

Stud, stud, n. বাধানোটা পেনেক; A nail with a large head:—ব্ৰট; An ornamented knob:—ব্ৰদানা; Place where horses are kept:—বোডাৰ; A button:—বোটা; Small post:—ব্ৰদান; পানেৰ ঘোটক ঘোটক সকল; Collection of breeding horses:—v. t. বুন্টা বদান; বেল বানা পোটককু: গুল বদান; To set with studs; to adorn with studs or knobs. Syn:—(n) Prop; knob, boss. Be studded with—বদান; বিচত-কু; Be adorned

Be studded with—বদান ; পচিত-কু; Be adorned with ornamental knobs .— নমান জ্ববীয় উপর জোন অপেকাকৃত উচ্চ প্রব্য বসাইয়া সজ্জিত-কু; Be set thickly with objects that appear prominently.

Studding sails—Narrow sails set at the edges of the square sails when the wind is light.

Student, student, n. ছাত্ৰ; পজুৱা; পিবা; A scholar; one who studies:—বিদ্যাপুরাণী বোক; পিকার্থী: A man devoted to books.

Student life-नर्जनना ।

Studentship, n. ছাত্রবৃত্তি ; ছাত্রব।

Stud-horse, studhors, n. পালেৰ ঘোৱা; A breeding horse, a stallion.

Studied, studid, a. বিশ্বান ; পাৰিভাপূৰ্ণ : Learned :
—স্থানিভিড : ফুডিক্টিড : পূৰ্বাক্তিত ; Premeditated.

Studio, stu'dio, n. লিকিব কাৰ্যান্ত ; চিত্ৰকল্পিক কাৰ্য্ন্ত ; The workshop of an artist. pl=studios. Studious, stu'de-us, a. অধ্যননীয়, পাঠাসক ; Given to study — সচেট, বছনীয় ; উৎস্ক , Eager, diligent :— চিম্বানীন ; Thoughtful. ad = studiously (ভাবিয়া চিত্তিয়া) i n=studiousness (পাঠাসু-মকি) i Syn:— Meditative, reflective, contemplative ; attentive , diligent, assiduous.

Study, stude, n. [ L. studium, from studere, to study ] चवारान : विन्यांकान . श्वकांनित्व मत्नांब-बिटान , Application of mind to books &c :-খাৰ, চিমা; অৰুধাৰ; Absorbed attention ---অধ্যয়নশালা; পাঠপ্ৰকোষ্ঠ; পাঠাগাৰ; A place devoted to study:-- नाम विकास . Any particular branch of learning :- v. t. 415-7; 44134-7; To con over :-- मानारवान महकारत्र किरवहना-कृ, To form and arrange by previous thought :- कानानित्तन-इ , To apply the mind to :- 可前啊- F, To examine closely: 一年町子事; Practise: 一中. i. 刊志-事. चाराव-इ ; To apply the mind to books :- त्कान विवास अनः गारवात्र-कु ; किन्ना-कु ; मरनानियन-कु ; To fix the mind closely upon a subject Syn:-(n) Diligence, research, investigation, meditation, thought, contemplation.

Brown study-शान , अञ्चनकडा ; Reverie.

Stuff, ন. বন্ধ : ক্ৰব ; That which fills any thing :
—উপাদান , আনল জিনিন ; Materials of which
anything is made :—বন্ধ ; গণনী কাপড় ; Textile
fabrics, cloth esp. when woolen :—গুৰুমাৰ্থী ; গুৰু-

ৰজা; কালাটি; Household furniture:—আৰ্থীৰ বাৰা; Nonsense; trash:—আকিন্তিবল প্ৰবা; Worthless matter:—০. গ্ৰপ্-কৃ; ভরা; গালা; নিবিলা পুরা; To fill up:—অসলাদি বাৰা প্-কৃ; To fill with seasoning, as a fowl:—সৃত জীবকে সজীবেল ভার বেবাইবাল কল ভাষার চর্ল প্-কৃ; To fill the skin of dead animal, so as to reproduce its living form:—০. গ্লেখাইনিত ভক্-কৃ; অভিভোজন-কৃ; To feed gluttonously.

Stuff down—ननात्र फिड्स ब्यदन कतात ; Cram down the throat. [something superfluous. Stuff in—ब्यदन कतात ; Cram in ; introduce Stuff out—विक-स ; Swell out. [thing. Stuff up—Obstruct by introducing some Stuffing, n. कानम ; नृतम :—बारम भारक मनना ।

Stultify, stulti-fi, v. t. [ L. stultus, foolish, facio, to make ] হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ. নিৰ্মোধ-কৃ; বোকা বানাইয়া-দে; To make a fool of; to prove as foolish. n=stultification (বৃদ্ধিনাণ, জানতংশ; বোকা বানান)।

Stultify oneself—এমন কিছু বলা বা ক্রা বালার ভল্ত লোকে থামবেলালি বলিয়া কাছাকে নিকা করে, To do or say something that could expose one to the charge of inconsistency.

Stumble, stumbl, v. i. বোচট লাগা; টোছর লাগিছা পড়া; To trip in walking; to strike against something:—ক্ষ-ভৃ; ভূল-ভৃ; To blunder; to slide in a error:—v. t. বোচট লাগান; ইেচট ধারনা; To cause to trip or stop:—হতবৃদ্ধি-ভৃ; To puzzle;—n. বোচট; উৎকেপ; A trip in walking or running;—কম; ভুন; A blunder.

Stumble upon—await atte-v; Find by chance or unexpectedly.

A stumbling block—পথে এমন কোন প্রতিবন্ধক বাহাতে পতিরোধ করে বা কার্যা সিদ্ধি করিতে দের না; প্রতিবন্ধক; বাধা; An obstacle in one's way that causes to fall into error.

Stumbling-stone, n. বে পাৎরের উপর কোন ব্যক্তি ইচিট বাঁটরা পড়ে; A block or stone over which one would be likely to stumble:—ব্রমের হেডু; A cause of error.

Stump, slump, ম. কৰ্ডিড-কাঞ্চ বৃক্ষুণ; কন্দ; বোড়া; The part of a tree left in the earth after the trunk is cut down:—ক্ষিকেট খেলার ভূমিতে থে তিনটা মণ্ড প্রোপিত হয়, তাহার একটা; One of the three rods forming a wicket in cricket:—কুটা হুডলদানি; Remainder of an amputated limb:—

v. t. আল ছেচন-কু; To cut off a part —মণ্ড-কন্দ্রক ক্রীড়াব প্রোপিত বৃদ্ধিতে আখাত করিয়া পাতিত-কু, To knock down or the stamps or wicket in cricket playing.

Stump about—ইডডড: অম্প-কৃ; Walk about. Stump up—শামিশাশ-কৃ; Pay up.

Take the stump--- नावात्त्वा वक्षा-इ ; चेष्

Stump-orator, stump-ora-tor, n. বজা; বে ব্যক্তি সাধারণা বজ্তা দিরা বেড়ার; One who harangues the populace from the stump of a tree or other platform.

Stump-speech, n. नक्ज ; An electionering speech ; a popular harangue.

Stun, stun, v. f. [Ger. stunen, to be aston-

Stung, pt. and pp. of sting.

Stunk, pt. and pp. of stink. [Astonishing. Stunning, a. বিজ্ঞানার; অপূর্য; আন্তর্গানন . Stunt, stunt, v. t. বৃদ্ধির ব্যাঘাত-কু; বাড়িতে না দেবলা; বৃদ্ধি নিবার্থ-কু; To hunder from growth: a=stunted ( থকাকুত )। [নেক্ডা । Stupe, v. t. নেক-দে;:—n. পরস অনে বা ঔববে ভিয়ান Stupefaction, stu-pi-fakshun, n. আফানতা;

আনৈতভ্য , সংজ্ঞাহীনতা ; বুদ্ধিরংশ ; Insensibility , stupidity. Stupefactive, stu-pi-faktiv, a. আন্তেভভানী ; নৈতভাশহাৰক ; Causing stupefaction or insen-

sibility.

Stupety, stupi-fi, v. t. [ L. stupeo, to be struck senseless, facio, to make ] বৃদ্ধিন্ট-ড়; ছভিড-ড়, অজ্ঞান-ড়: মুখ-ড়; ছডেডন-ড়; To make stupid; to deaden the perception; to deprive

of sensibility.

Stupendous, stu-pendus, a. বৃহং; প্রকাণ্ড; বিশাল; Large —বিশ্ববন্ধ; আন্তর্গ; অমুত; Wonderful, amazing. ad=stupendously (বিশালভাবে: আন্তর্গভাবে)। n=studendousness (বিশালভা; বিশ্বতা)। Syn:—Amazing, overwhelming,

astounding, gigantic.

Stupid, stupid, a. জড়বৃদ্ধি, জড়; Insensible; wanting sensibility:—বৃচ্ভার পরিচায়ক; ছুল; Deficient in understanding; very dull:—বিকোণ: বোকা; গবা, Foolish; silly. n=stupidity, stupidness (বোকানি, বৃঢ়ভা)। ad=stupidly (বৃঢ়ভাবে; বৃদ্ধের মত)। Syn:—Simple; senseless, doltish, sottish, dull, heavy, drowsy, torpid; uninteresting, flat, prosy.

Stupor, stu'por, n. [ L. from stupere,, to be struck senseless ] অচৈতত্ব . সংজ্ঞানিতা; অজ্ঞানিবয়া; Intellectual insensibility; suspension of sense:—হতবৃদ্ধিতা, বিশ্বলভিত্নতি; Excessive amazement or autonisment. Syn:—Numbness, lethargy, torpor, coma.

Sturdy, stur'de, a. मनन : यनने : धान ; Stout, hardy, robust :— वन्ने अ: इ ; Stubborn ; obstinate : — पृष्ट् व ; पृष्ट् , Firm :— किन ; कड़ा ; Strong n = sturdiness (वनवड़ा ; किन डा)। ad=sturdily (भ्रवल)। Syn :— Stiff, well set; robust, stalwart, brawny, muscular; bold, rugged, dogged. [A large cartilaginous sea-fish. Sturgeon, stur'jun, n. वृह्द स्थान भरक विराव;

Sturgeon, stur'jun, n. বৃহৎ ক্থান্য নংক বিশেষ; Stutter, stur'er, v. i. ভোতনামি-কু; ভো ভো-কু; To stammer:—n. ভোতনাম; Stammer.

Stutterer, stuter-er, ». ভোতলা; One who stutters.

Stuttering, stuter-ing, a. ভোতনা; বাৰিত-বাৰ্; Stammering:—n. ভোতদানি। ad=stutteringly. Sty, sti, n. অঞ্চনী; আজিনা; An inflamed tumour on the edge of the eyelid:—প্ৰৱেশ বৌদাড়; An enclosure or house for swine:—অপনিদান হান;

Dirty place :--वाकिशंव ग्रह ।

Stygian, आंग्रेनिका, a. (Gr. styges, to hate ) नावनीय : नयाक्य नही नवचीय : Pertaining to Styx, the river of Hell, over which departed souls were ferried ; hellish.

Cross the stygian forry—ৰ্ড-হ; Die. Stylar, n. ব্যা-ৰড়ির কাঁটা সন্দ্ৰীয়; Pertaining to the dial.

Style, stil, n. [ L. stylus, G. stulos, a pillor, a writing instrument ] उन्नी ; (म्पनी ; A pencil for writing on waxed tablets or copying paper, a tool for writing :—গর্ভবেশরের ওভারতি অংশ, The tapering portion of the pistol:- 4131. রীতি: Method, kind:--লিখিবার পছতি; Diction, manner of writing :-- उनापि , माका ; माम ; Title ; appelation :- v. t. वाशांड-क ; वाशां-त , नाम-त , हाक ; To give a title to in addressing ; denominate; designate. Syn:-(n) Pin, gnomon; diction, phraseology, expression; manner, method, cast, form, fashion; designation. (v) Call, name, designate, term, characterize. Flowery style জালছাবিক ভাষা , Rhetorical িছাপার অকর বিশেষ। The Now style—একদেশ প্রেপরী যে বধ সংখ্যার করেন , The Old style—तर नगरात आहीन दोहि , यू: भः ४० व्यक्त कृतियम मिलद त्य वर्ष अगुनाव बीठि राहित करतन, हाशात बक्त तिल्य।

Stylot, n. ছোট ছোৱা; A small dagger.
Stylish, a. রীতিপ্রির; জনবান, আডবনমির, চটকদার, Showy, fashionable, pretending to style:
—ভারেচিত; Genteel. ad=stylishly, n=stylish-

ness. Syn — Modish, polished, courtly. Styptic, stip'tik, a. বন্ধ-নিবাৰক, বন্ধবোধক; Astringent; stopping bleeding:—n. বন্ধবোধক উৰ্থ, An astringent.

Styx, n. বেডনদা; বৈতরদা, The fabled river Suasion, swaz'hun, n. [ L. suadeo, to persuade ] পরামূল; প্রবর্ধা; Advice, permission.

Suasive, swasiv, a. অধৃতিষ্টনক; প্ৰবৃত্ত ; Persuasive ad=suasively, n=suasiveness

Suave, a. মনোহয়, রমপীয়; Bland, pleasant, agreeable. ad = suavely, n=suavity.

Suavity, n. swave-te, n. [ L. suavitas, from suavis, sweet ] বিষ্টা; মাধ্যা; কোমনতা, Sweetness; mildness. Syn:—Agreeableness, softness, pleasantness, gentleness.

Survity of manners—বৰ্ষাচৰণ।
Sub, ppx. অধীন চা, নিম্বান্তিটা; অবান্ত্ৰতা।
Subscid, a. টাব, ঈবদয়, Moderately acid or
sour:—n. ইবদয় এবা। [knowledge.
Subsgitation, n. মতিজিয়া; সম্ভোগ; Carnal
Subsitern, subal-tern, a. বিমন্ত্ৰ; বিমণদন্ত্ৰ;
অধীন, Inferior; subordinate:—n. বিমণদন্ত্ৰদ্বি
চাবী বা দৈনিক; আবেদান; A subordinate.

Subalternate, sub-al-terhat, a. নিয়ত্ব, অধীন, অধান ; Subordinate.

Bubaquatio, Bubaqueous, a. জনতনত্ব; জনের অংক্তিড; নিয়ন্থ; Lying under water; under water.

Subarctio, a. সেক্সন্তিহিত; Belonging to a region just below the arctic. [astringent. Subastringent, a. ঈবং সংখ্যেত ; Somewhat Bub-class, n. অবাস্থ্য আই; অবর্ণত আই; Sub-committee, a. wright sifes : Middles ;

Sub-contract, n. अरीन पूकि : A contract under a previous one. n=sub-contractor.

Subdivide, sub-di-vid, v. t. विकास विवादक भूगर्तिकात-हः विश्वकिक्षः व्याखन विकान-हः To divide into smaller divisions; to divide again :-v. s. पून विकक्त-र . पश्च-र ; To be subdivided. \*\*\*\* subdivision (भूमिक्कान ; क्लान बर्क्मा , मुजकर कान) । Subduable, c. পৰাক্ষ-বোদা; That may be subdued. f duing. Subdual, sub-du'al, n. Majes; The act of sub-Subdue, subdu, v. t. [ L. sub, under, and ducere, to lead । शतालश-क ; शताल-क ; शताल-क ; বৃদ্ধিত-ৰু , To conquer ; to reduce under dominion : to bring under dominion :-- आई-म ; वहब-कृ ; कीन-कृ ; To melt, to soften :---नाय-कृ ; To tame. ==subduer, p. a=subdued ( नताबिंड )! a=subduable. Syn:-Overpower, overcome,

Subduing by charm-वनीकार।

subjugate.

Sub-editor, sub-edi-tur, n. महरूति मन्नाहक: Angesistant editor.

surmount, vanquish, overbear, crush, tame,

Subfamily, n, अबीनष्ट शतिवात वा वरन : करलद नांक ; A sub-ordinate family, a division of a family. Subgenus, sub-je'nus, n. Graifs; A sub-[ below. division of a genus. Subjacent, a. वार्यावहीं ; निवह ; व्यपीन ; Lying Subject, subjekt, a. [ 1.. sub, under, and jacio, to throw ] भन्नांशीन. Dependant ; under domimion of another .- वशीन ; वनीकृठ , वांवा , Liable, exposed; subordinate .—n. প্রভা; অধীন ব্যক্তি; One who owes allegiance to a commonwealth or prince -- প্ৰসৃত্ব ; বিষয় , A matter ; substance ; theme, topic -- वानत्क्रमार्थ मन वा उद्दान (कान बार्म : Dead body or part of a dead body intended for disection: 一河 , 河面: 平河 , 河南 ; In philosphy. the Ego as opposed to the non-Ego. :-- \*\*\*\*\*\*\* : अनुवाण ; (वानिवर्त ) कर्तृगम, वश्मवरक स्थानक किहू উक् इव, In Logic, that of which anything is predicated or denied :-- ए. f. अव-कृ, To subdue, enslave:--ম্পান-কৃ, বশীসূত্ত-কৃ; To expose or make liable to, to submit; to cause to undergo. Syn :- (a) Subordinate, subservient, tributary, submissive, obedient, inferior, obnoxious. (v) Subjugate, break, tame, quell, conquer : expose : submit, refer.

Subject to—ৰাহাৰও অধীন: Under one's subjection; under the power of. [mine. Subject to examination—পৰীকা-ড়; To exa-Subject to trial or test—পৰীকাৰীন-ড়; To cause to undergo test or experiment.

Subject matter, n. আলোচা বিষয়; বিৰয়; বিৰয়; শিৰ্চা বিষয়;

Subjection, sub-jekshun, ম. বৰ্ণনাৰ; বৰ্ণনিতা; the act of subduing:—আনানতা; বৰ্ণনিতা; পরানীনতা; The state of being subject to another. Subjective, sub-jektiv, a. খনীয় অনুভব নিত্ত; আব্যাহিক; মাননিক; আধ্যাহিক; Opposed to Objective. n—subjectivity (আধ্যাহিকতা)। ad-subjectively (আধ্যাহিকতাৰ)।

মিন্টাতাল, sub-joid, w. t. পকাৰ সংবাদক; বিজ পোনক; To annex, to affix; to append. Syn:— Suffix; attach, connect. [consideration. Sub-judice, c. বিভাষাধীন; Under judicial Subjugate, subjeb-gat, v. t. [L. sub, under, and jugum, a yoke ] অনুক; প্রালম-ক; অধীনফু-ক; বাধ্য-ক; বাধ্য-ক; To conquer. n=subjugation (বাধ্যাৰ; প্রালম); Syn:—Subdue; overcome, overpower.

Subjunctive, sub-jungitiv, a. আৰ্থান্তৰ; সংস্কু; Impyling doubt or condition; added to something. [বা কলবাবাচক দ্রিলা-বিভাজ। Subjunctive mood—(বানিয়বে) সভাবনা, সংলয় Sub-kingdom, ». অবাছর রাজা বা বিভাগ; A division of a kingdom; a subivision.

Sublease, ल. रव-देवांचा ; Lease by a tenant or lessee to another.

Sublet, sub-let, v. f. ভাড়া দ্বীয়া ভাড়া-দে; ধ্রপত্তন বা ব্য-ইয়ারা-দে; পেটাও ভাড়া-দে; To lease as a tenant to another; to underlease.

Sublicutenant, ম. নৰ্কনিৱস্থ নৈ নিৰ পুৰুষ;
The lowest commissioned officer in the army.
Sublimate, suble-mat, v. t. পরিকার-রু; শোধিতরু; নংকার-রু; উরত-রু; To refine; purify; exalt:
—েএ. পরিকৃত; সংস্কৃত। n=sublimation. Syn:—
Sublime; elevate.

Sublimate of mercury—রনকর্ম। Sublimation, n. পরিভরণ; সংভাম; উন্নয়ন; উদ্বোদ্ধন; Elevation; exaltation.

Sublime, sub-lim, a. অনুচেচ ; উন্নত ; মহাল ; স্থান .

High; lofty; majestic:—n. এক্ডিন মহিনা বা
গাছীয়; What is sublime:—v. t. উন্নত-কৃ; To
exalt, to dignify:—v. i. উন্নত-কৃ; মনিত্ত-কৃ; To
be sublimed or sublimated. Syn:—(a) Elevated,
exalted, noble, grand, great, dignified, stately,
magnificent, glorious. [manner; loftily.
Sublimely, ad. মহানভাবে; প্রম; In a sublime
Sublimity, sub-lime-te, n. মহন্ ; উভতা, গাছীবা;
উৎকব; Loftiness; clevation; grandeur; excellence. Syn:—Exaltation; grandeur, greatness,
majesty, stateliness.

Sublunar, sub-loohar, a. पृथिशेष्ट ; भार्षित ; हेर-लोक्षित ; Earthly ; beneath the moon.

Sublunary, subifi-nar-e, a. [L. sub, under, and luna, the moon ] চন্দ্ৰ-মতাৰ কংছে; পাৰ্থি; সাংসাধিক; Situated beneath the moon. Syn:—Terrestrial, earthly, mundane.

Submarine, sub-ma-rin, a. ममूबस्याह; मागब-फनह; Under the sea.

Submarine fire—वाष्ट्रवानन ; वाष्ट्रवाति ।

Submarine rock—मश्तिति।

Submarine telegraph—A telegraphic line laid under water, in order to connect stations which are separated by a river, strait, or other body of water.

Submerge, sub-merj. Submerse, sub-mers, v. t. [L. sub, under, mergo, to plunge] সুনে ব্যান্ত ; স্বান্ত ; To drown; to put under water; to plunge under water:—v. i. ব্যান্ত :

To plunge under water. n=submergence, submersion. Syn:—(v) Dip, sink; immerse, inundate, flood, overwhelm.

Submerged, Submersed, c. वनपद ; Being or growing under water.

Submersion, n. जिन्हान ; जनभावन ; Immersion ; flood. Syn :—Dipping, inundation.

Submission, sub-mishun, স. বছতা; ব্ৰব্ডিটা; আৰ্গড়া; বছুৰ্ছ; Subjection; obedience:—বিজ্ বিভিন্তা; আৰ্ড্যাগ; Resignation:—পোৰ বীকাছ; Confession of a fault. Syn:—Surrender, cession, yielding; compliance, acquiescence; meekness, lowliness, humility; endurance, sufferance, patience.

Submissive, sub-misiv, a. আফাবারী; বাধা;
অনুসতঃ বিনীত; নৱ; Yielding; obedient. ম—
submissiveness. ad—submissively (বিনীতভাবে)।
Syn:—Docile, compliant, obedient; resigned,
uncomplaining, patient, humble, meek, lowly.
Submit, sub-mit, v. t. [L. sub, under, and
mittere, to send] বিচারার পোল-ড়; নমর্পন-ড়: To
yield; to refer to the judgment of another:—
বস্তবা বাহার-ড়; ববিজ্ত-ড়; To surrender:—v. i.
আবার-ড়; ববিজ্ত-ড়; বেশ-ড়; To be subject. Syn:
—Resign, subject; commit, refer; succumb,
knuckle, stoop, bend; endure, tolerate; defer.
Submit to—বোৰ বিভ্তে বড়-ড; Yield to:—
কাহারত বিচারে স্বর্গ-ড়; Lay before or refer to
for judgment or decision.

Subnormal, a. शंकांतिक वालका मान।

Subordinate, sub-or'din-at, a. [L. sub, under, and ordinare, to put in place] অধীন; ওাবে: অপ্রধান: নির্পাণ্ড; নিকৃষ্ট; Dependent: lower: not chief:—n. অপ্রধান লোক: অধীনস্থ বাজি: ওাবেলার; An inferior:—v. f. বলে আন্তর্নক; অধীন-ফ; বলষ্ডা-ফু; To place in a lower order; to make subject, ad—subordinately. Syn:—(a) Inferior, subject, subservient, ancillary, minor, secondary.

Subordination, sub-or-din-ashun, n. অল-ধানতা; পদ বা নৰ্বাদায় নিকৃষ্ট; Inferiority of rank or dignity:—বক্ততা; অধীনতা; বশব্যতিতা; Subjection; servitude; subserviency.

Subpæna, subp-Ena, #. [ ... sub, under, and paena, punishment ] সণিবা; সাকীর ভ্রমণ-পূত্র; আবেশ-পূত্র; A writ to cause a witness to appear:—০. t. সণিবা-বে; সণিবা ধরাব; সাক্ষ্য-প্রকাশ আবেশ-কু; To serve with a writ of subpoena.

Subscribe, sub-skrib, v. t. [L. sub, under, and scribe, to write] নীচে খাক্স-কৃ; নাম ক্তৰ্-কৃ; সহি-কৃ; To sign one's name:—নাম খাক্স খারা বিতে থাকার-কৃ; চীধা-কে; Promise to pay or take:—নগুর-কৃ; খাকার-কৃ; To assent:—v. i. চীধা-কে; সম্ভ-কৃ; নাম খাক্স-কৃ; To engage or promise to pay or support.

Subscribe to—টাদা বিশার অধীকারে কোর কারতে নহী-ক; Set one's name to a paper as a promise to pay a certain sum:—বহুণ-ক; Accept:—বাধ পাকর করিয়া সভাতি দেওরা; To give one's consent to something written by signing one's name. Bubsoriber, म. नार्वाव-नवाधिक आहक ; बांव चांकत-कांत्री ।

Bubscription, sub-skrip'shun, ল. বাৰ্দ্ধ কৰণ; Act of subscribing:—বাৰ্দ্ধিত কাগৰ; A paper with signatures:—বাৰ্দ্ধ; সহি; Signature:— বাৰ্দ্ধ বাৰা সম্ভি; Consent by signature:—চীৰা; Contribution:—সংবাদ-প্ৰেম্ম মুন্দু; Sum subscribed. Syn:—Mark, attestation; donation, offering, aid, assistance.

Bubsection, ন. উপরিখাগ ; A subdivision.

Subsequent, subse-kwent, a. পদাৰ্থী; প্ৰবৰী; ভ্ৰম্বানীৰ; ভৰ্ভঃ; Following in train; posterior; succeeding; later. ad=subsequently (উত্তৰ-কালে; প্ৰে)। n=subsequence.

Subserve, sub-serv, v. t. [L. sub, and servire, to serve ] সাহাদ্য-ত্ন ; সহলারিজা-ত্ন ; অথানে সপান-ত্ন ; To help forward; to promote; to serve instrumentally. ad=subserviently. Syn:—Further, forward, help, minister to.

Subservience, sub-sérvi-ens, Subserviency, sub-sérvi-en-si, n. অধীনতা; অভীয় সাধনের উপ-বোদিতা; হীনাগুগড়া; Dependence; subjection.

Bubservient, sub-serve-ent, a. অধীন; সাহায্য করিতে উৎক্ষ; উত্তর-সাধক; Submissive; dependent; serving under; useful to. Syx:—Subject, inferior, subordinate, subsidiary, ancillary, instrumental.

Subservient to - পদানত ; Meanly submissive to :--কোন কিছুৱ আপেকা নীচু বলিয়া গণ্য-ছ; Be subordinate to.

Subside, sub-sid, v. i. [L. sub, under, and sidere, to sit down] নিমে ব্যিয়া-বা; অবংশতিত-হ; ভনাম পড়া; বিভান: To settle down; to tend downwards; to settle to the bottom:—ছিন-হ; লাভ-হ; Abide. n=sub-idence, sub-sidency (অংগতন; নিমজন; বিয়তা)। Syn:—Decrease, decline, diminish, lessen, abate, lull, ebb, intermit.

Subsidence, n. নায় হওম: নীতে পত্ৰ ; তলগদন; Act or process of subsiding or falling. Syn:— Settling, sinking; fall, diminution, decrease, abatement, ebb.

Subsidiary, sub-side-ar-e, a. সহকারী; অধীন; করন; Aiding; serving to help; auxilliary:—н. সহকারী বাঞ্চি; সাহায্যকারী; One who or that which aids; an assistant. Syn.—Assistant, subservient, co-operative.

Subsidise, subsi-diz, e. t. টাকা থারা নাহাব্য ক্রন-কু; অর্থ নাহাব্য-কু; To furnish with a subsidy; to purchase the assistance of.

Subsidy, subse-de, n. নাহাবা; সহকারিকা; আৰ্
নারা নাহাবা; কর; নিজ রাজাকে অর্থনান; Aid;
support; assistance; a grant; a sum of meney
paid by one state to another for assistance;
tribute. Syn:—Tax, contribution, support, aid.
Subsist, sub-sist, v. f. { L. sub, and sistere, to
stand ] পাকা; রহা; To exist:—জীবনারাক-ফু; To
have the means of living; to live:—হতরা; To
be:—v. f. শাবন-ফু; To maintain. Syn:—Be,
live; remain, continue; be supported.

Submist on.—(कांग किছू बाता बीवनवादण वा बीविका निकार-कु; Live upon, Bubsistence, sub-sistens, ল. আবহিতি; নৱা; বৰ্তনাৰতা; অবহাৰ; Existence; real being:— বাবিকা; বাবনোগাৱ; Livelihood; means of support. Syn:—Existence; inherence; sustenance, maintenance, living, food, victuals.

Subsistent, sub-sistent, a. मक्यान ; क्छि ; वर्ष-यान ; विकासन ; Having real being ; inherent.

Subsoil, subsoil, n. নীডের মাট : অভাতর ; Layer of earth under another :—a. ভূমির নিরস্থ ; ভূম্চার্থ-ছিড ; আভভোম ; Under the soil :—s. t. নীডের বাট্নি উঠাইবার নক্ত নাক্তন-বে।

Substance, substans, n. সায়; সায়জাগ; Essence; the essential part:—ন্ত্ৰণ; বন্ধ; Thing:—নাকৃতি অকৃতি; Form; matter:—সপ্তি; বিষয়; Property; estate; wealth:—ভাংপৰ্বা; Purport. Syn:—Body; being, reality; pith, gist; material, texture, stuff; means, estate.

In substance—অনুভগদে; Really; in reality:
—নদাংটা; It its essential import:—আনগটা;
Substantially.

The sum and substance of—কৌৰ কিছুৰ সাছ অংশ ; যোট কথা ; The purport or gist of.

Substantial, sub-stanshe-al, a, গ্রন্থ ড ; বার্ডবিক ; Actually existing ; real :—বনী ; ধনবান ; সম্পত্তি— দালী ; Moderately wealthy :—বিদ্ধেট ; Solid ; material :—পড় ; নবল ; Strong. ad=substantially (বন্তু চ: বেটিাষ্ট ) : n—substantiality. Syn :—Subsistent, actual true positive, strong, stout, massive, sound, firm.

Substantials, sub-stahshalz, n. pl. সাৰ জিনিন;
সাৰ ভাগ; Essential parts.

Bubstantiate, sub-stanshe-মং, ত. ৫. আমাৰ-কু; সর্মাণ-কু; সার্দ-কু; To prove; to confirm. n=substantiation (সহামাণ; অভিপাদন) ৷ Syn:—Verify, ratify, confirm, corroborate, make good.
Bubstantive, substan-tiv, এ. সম্বৰ্গচক; কাণীন; বাহৰিক; হানী; Expressive existence; real:—n.
বিশেষ্য; A noun. ad—substantively ( পাকাকণ) ৷
A noun substantive—স্বাধানক বিশেষ্য!

A substantive post—পাকা পদ। A substantive verb—সভাবাচৰ ডিলা।

Substitute, substetut, v. f. [L. sub, under, and statuere, to put] ছলাবিতজ-ড়; অন্ত পৰিবৰ্ধে ছাগন-ড়; বিনিয়-ড়; To put in the place of another; to exchange:—n. প্রতিষ্ঠ; বংলি; অক্সের্যানীয়; প্রতিনিধি; One who or that which is put in place of another. Syn:—Commute; interchange. [Put something in the place of. Substitute for—একটা ব্যালায় আৰু একটা ব্যাল; Substitution, sub-sti-tu'shun, n. অক্সের স্থানীয়; গারবর্গ্ড; মুর্জ্জা; Act of substituting. a—substitutional.

Substratum, sub-stratum, ন. আবার; ব্রর্থা; তল্পে: The substance in which qualities exist. Substructure, sub-struktur, ন. ভিডি; নীচের গাঁথবি: Foundation.

Subsume, v. f. व्यक्त-रू ।

Subtenant, n. খন-জনা; গেটাও জনা; A tenant who lives, or obtains a lease, of one who is also a tenant. [সম্বৰ্জ-ছ; To be opposite to. Subtend, sub-tend, v. t. বিপরীত-ছ; সম্বীৰ-ছ; Subterfuge, subter-fuj, n. f L. subterfugers,

to fice secretly ] ছব ; বাগবেশ ; কৌশল ; An artifice ; evasian ; trick ; shift ; artifice. Sys:— Excuse, quibble, shuffle, pretext, pretence.

Bubterranean, sub-ter-rane-an, Subterraneous, sub-ter-rane-us, n. তুম্বাত্ত : ভূপ্তের বিষ-বত্তী : ভূপ্তত্ত ; Being under the earth or ground. Bubterranean river—অভ্যাননিগ্ৰাহী নহী। Bubtile, subtil, a. স্কঃ পাতনা ; Fine; thin or rare : nice : delicate :—ভীক ; চতুর ; Cunning ;

rare; nice; delicate:—ভাক; চতুর; Cumning; shrewd. n=subtileness, subtility (তীক্ত); চতুরতা; ক্ষতা)। Syn:—Rare, light, airy, ethereal; slender, acute, actful, crafty.

Subtilise, subtil-iz, v. t. হল-ক; পাতলা-ক; To make thin or rare:—ছল কটো; To spin into niceties:—v. i. জতি হল প্রভেগ-ক; To make nice distinctions:—হল্পবৃদ্ধি-ক; To refine in argument.

Subtilty, subtil-ti, n. হ'লভা; বিষ্কৃতা; Fineness; rareness:—ভীক্ষতা; Extreme acuteness:
—কৌশন; পঠতা; Cunning.

Subtloty, sutl-te, n. চত্রভা; ব্রভা; চাতুর্য; লঠভা; Artiulness:—তীক্ষভা; হল্প বিচার; কৃটত্ব; অভিনয় স্থান্থিতা; Shrewdness; extreme acuteness. Syn:—Cunning, craftiness, shrewdness, sagacity.

Subtract, sub-trakt. v. t. [ L. sub, under, and trahere, to draw ] বিয়োগ-ড়; অন্তবিত্ত-ড়; বাজ-দে; ছীন-ড়; To take the rest away; to deduct, to take a smaller number from a larger. n=sub-traction. Syn:--(v) Withdraw remove, deduct, bate.

Subtraction, sub-trakshun, n. ব্যবস্থান; বিৰোধ; জমাধুৰত: The act of subtracting.

Subtractive, sub-traktiv, a. বিয়োজক; বিয়ো-জনকষ; Tending to subtract.

Subtrahend, subtra-hend, n. বিবেলা বালি; বে সংগা অপন সংগা হইতে বিষ্কু হয়; The sum or number to be subtracted.

Suburb, suburb, Suburbs, suburbs, n. [L. sub, near, and urbs, a city] সহরতলী; নগরের সরিকটছ ছাল, সহরের পাববর্তী কুদ্র পল্লী; The confines; the region which is near a city. Syn:—Precincts, purlieus, environs.

Suburban, sub-urban, c. উপন্যৱিক; সহরভদী অৱর্ণত বা সৰ্ভীয়; সহরভনীয়; Living in the suburbs.

Subvention, n. বাৰাত্ক্ৰা; দান; A government grant. v=subventize (সহকারী দান বারা সাহাবা-কু)।

Subversion, sub-ver'shun, n. বিপর্বাস; স্কুর্ স্মানত্ত, নাম; ক্ষান্ত; উচ্ছেদ; Entire overthrow; destruction; utter ruin. Syn:—Overturn, inversion; overthrow, demolition, destruction. Subversive, sub-ver-siv, a. নামক; বিনাশক; ক্ষান্ত্ৰাক; Tending to subvert.

Be subversive of—বিশ্বাদকারী-তঃ Tend to subvert; be fatal to.

Subvert, sub-vert, v. t. [ L. sub, under, and vertere to turn ] विश्वात-कृ ; मयुरनांश्गीरेन-कृ ; सार्य-क ; উष्टिश-क ; To overthrow ; to ruin : कृषिक-क ; To corrupt. Syn :- Overset, invert, overturn : destroy, demolish. [ titude. pl = succedanea. Succedaneum, n. প্রতিনিধি; অবুক্র; A subs-Succeed, suk-sed, v. t. [ L. sub, and cedere, to go] अपूर्वामी-कृ; अपूर्वत्र-कृ; अपूर्वमन-कृ; To follow; to take the place of :- v. i. mointal-হ; অপুগামী-হ; To follow:--কুতকার্যা-র: সফল-হ: To accomplish:--সমুদ্রশালী-হ; To prosper:--( প্রাদির ) পিড়সিংহাসনে অধিরোহণ-তু; To become heir. Syn :- Ensue ; thrive. Cessful in. Succeed in-( कान विवास ) कुछकावा-इ: Be suc-Succeed to-কোন কিছুর পরিবর্ত্তে তংপরে আইসা: Follow :-- এक सत्तव वत्रागांखत्र (कान जन्नाम नाह-इ: Come to or get (some title, rank, or estate) after another.

Success, suk-seś, n. নিছি; ইইনিছি; কুডফাণ্ডা; সফলতা; Favourable termination; good luck:— সফল টেপ্টা; The outcome of effort. Syn:—Issue, result; prosperity, victory, good-fortune.

Be crowned with success—সকল इ; Be regarded with success, terminate successfully.

Mothing succeeds like success—बर्लर सन

Successful, suk-sessooi, a. সিদ্ধ; স্কল; স্যুদ্ধশালী; সূতকারা; Resulating in success; prosperous:—ভাগারান; স্বা: Fortunate. ad = successfully (সকশভাবে; সিদ্ধকান ইইলা); n=successfulness (কৃতকারাতা; প্রকানতা)। Syn:—Happy,
fortunate, auspicious, lucky.

Successfully, ad. সকলভাবে; সিছকাৰ হইৱা!
Succession, suk-sehun, n. অনুগমন; বারাবাহ;
গর পব আগমন; Act of following after; act of
succeeding:—আমহুর্বা; Sequence:—উত্তরাধিকারী
বহু; পিত্রাধিক স্থান অধিকার করিবার বহু; Right to
succeed:—পরপার!; Series, order:—বংশাস্থকঃ;
A line of descendents. a=successional. 'Syn :
—Consecution; series, concatenation; lineage, race.
[ another.
In succession—পরে গরে; ক্রমার্ল; One after

In succession—পরে পরে; ক্যাবনে; One after Successional, a. বৰাক্ষিক; Existing in a regular order. a—successionally.

Successive, suk-sesiv, a. ক্রমিক: পর পর আগত: चामुक्षमिक : शादन्तिक : श्रद्रन्तिव : Following in succession or in order; consecutive. ad=successivly (পর পর , ক্রশ: ) । #=successiveness. Successor, suk-seior, n. উত্তরাধিকারী; প্রবর্তী লোক; One who succeeds; one who comes after. Succinct, suk-singkt, a. [ L. succinctus, pp. of succengere, to gird below ] সংক্রিয়; পিডিড; चन्ना का Brief; short; concise; compendious. ad -succinctly (সংক্ষিত্তরূপে; অল্ল কথার)। #=succinctness. Syn: -Brief, condensed, summary. Succour, sukur, v. t. সাহাধ্য-ক ; To assist ; to aid :- डिवान-कृ; डिलकान-कृ; To relieve :-- #. সাহায্য; সহায়তা; Aid; help:—উপকার; Relief: --pl. সাহাব্যকারী সৈত্ত। a=succourless (সাহাব্য-বিহীৰ )। Syn :-(v) Aid, help, support, cherish, befriend, comfort. (\*) Help, support.

Succulent, sukti-lent, a. न्नर्व ; न्नाव ; Full of

juice or moisture; juicy. ad-succulently. == succulence. '

Sucoumb, suk-kuni, e. i. [ L. sub, under, and cumbere, to lie ] व्यक्तिकः ; यम्डाश्व-र ; विद्या-रा ; weng- ; To yield; to sink under. Syn :- Submit, surrender, give in.

Succumb to—কোন বোৰে বরা; Die of:—কোন किहुद कार्य रमशैरनद कांच अधिकृत-र ; Be overpowered by ; yield to.

Such, such, a. बहेबान ; अयन ; केंग्रेन ; छात्रन ; कियन ; court: Of the like kind; the same: -- --Certain.

Such and such-अपूर अपूर ; और वहें ; क्लोनी क्शाना ; So and so ; referring to a person or a place of a certain kind (used when one does not wish to particularise things or persons ).

Such as it is-- (यसन चारह उत्पनिहे धतिरत , रामन चन्द्रीय चार्ड एक्सक्टे चन्द्रीएड , Poor, insignificant or feeble as it is.

Such being the case—state state, in the present state of affairs.

Buch is the case—हेश मडा ; It is true.

Such like-নেই প্রকার।

Suck, suk, v. t. 6011; (414-9; 1614-9; To draw in with the mouth :- उपनाम-क : To draw milk from the mouth :- आवर्ध-क ; होनिश-व ; To imbibe :-- ग. रं. चक्रशान-कृ: मूच पित्रा होना ; To draw the breast; to draw in .- n. धनकुक शान; हुन्क, The act of sucking :- 495%; 49; Milk drawn from the breast by the mouth. Syn: -Inhale, draw in, absorb.

Give suck-क्वड्ड शान क्वान , खन्न धानान-कृ। Suck down--- महाज 日本4- क , Swallow castly. Suck in-- होनिया मूलब किछब लक्ष्या ; भाषग-इ ; हृषिया-न ; Imbibe.

Suck out-ह्वित्रं वहित-कृ ।

Suck up-बूट्स होनिया-न , होनिया टाना : To draw [ for sucking. into the mouth. Sucker, n. क्षांवर : (नांव-वन ; What sucks ; pipe

Sucking, a. इद्धानीश :-- अ. उन्न बांडा नानन ।

A sucking bottle, n. लिखनित्यत इस गान कत्राहेवांत्र ৰোভল , মাড্টাৰ বা মাতা শীচিত হইলে বে সৰল কাচণাত্ৰে ভাছাকে ছব ৰাওয়ান হয় ভাছা ; A bottle for infants to suck instead of the teat.

Suckle, suki, v. t. उनवृक्ष शान-कृ, माई-कः; उन्नश्न कहान : To nurse at the breast.

Snokling, suckling, n. प्रकाशीया निक: फ्रायत काल . A young child or animal norsed at the breast. Sucrose, n. किनि ; नर्का ।

Buction, sukshun, n. (6)44. (4)44; রস আকর্ষণ; Act of drawing, as fluids, by exhusting the air Suction pump-(नावन-वष्ठ; व्यवज् ; Pump in which the water is raised into the vessel by atmospheric pressure.

Sudstory, धां'da-tor-i, a. त्यवनक ; वर्षकांत्रक , Sweating; perspiring: - n. प्रवित्रक-जानानात , A sweating-bath.

Budden, suden, a. আক্সিক; আচৰিত; হঠাং উপস্থিত বা ব্টিড; Unexpected; hasty; abrupt; happening without notice. n=suddenness, suddenty (बाक्तिकडा)। Syn:--Unanticipated. unusual, unlooked-for, quick, rapid, rash,

All of a sudden. All on a sudden - write: स्रो९ अक्राह्म ; Unexpectedly ; all at once.

On a sudden, Of a sudden - नर्गा ; Suddenly, sooner than was expected. [ pectedly. Suddenly, ed. site; nent; went; Unex-

On a suddenty--नर्ग ।

Sudorific, su-dor-ifik, a. [L. sudor, sweat, and facio, to make] (अम्बनकः अर्थकात्रकः Causing sweat :-- n. त्यमबनक छेप्प ; वर्षक्षिक छेप्प ; A medicine producing sweat.

Suds, sudz, n. pl. সাবাৰ মূল; কেণাবিশিষ্ট সাবাদের बन : Boiling water impregnated with soap.

To be in the suds—विनारक नाज़ ; लानरवरित्र পড়া; হাজানে পড়া; থইরে বন্ধনে পড়া; লাজা-বন্ধনে পড়া; To be in difficulty or turmoil.

Suo. su. v. t. [ F. suivre, L. sequi, to follow ] অভিযোগ-ৰু, To prosecute judicially; to gain by law :-- त्यांकक्या ज्रख्-कृ , बालिन-कृ ; खब्मद्रभ-कृ ; То lollow after :--প্রাথনা-কু; বাজ্ঞা-কু; To entreat :--D. 1. वालिम-कृ ; किरवाश-कृ ; कार्यमन-कृ , महचाक-कृ , make legal claim, to demand :-- #1441-7; entreat. Syn :- Follow up; petition, plead, supplicate. Take out.

Sue out-প্ৰাৰ্থনা কৰিবা ব্ৰহা; Pctition for and Suer, n. राक्कांकारी ; शांबी ।

Suet, su'et, n. कड़िन नमा : हिन्त ; The hard fat of an animal about the kidneys; solid fat. asucty ( वनामन , वनावर )।

Suffer, sufer, v. t. [ L. sub, under and ferre, to bear ] সহ-কু; ভোগ-কু; To undergo:--ব্-मोच-कृ; To endure:-- अनुवित-कृ; क्रिएंड (१९११; To permit :- = = = = : To feel -= = = = = = : শাবিভাগ-ক ; To sustain to loss. Syn :---Experience; support; tolerate, allow, admit, indulge.

Suffer from, Suffer under—शैन रहेन नहीं . Be injured by:-(कानक्य मात्रीतिक वा बानितिक क्टरजान-इ , Undergo pain of body or mind from being affected by; endure the evil of.

Sufferable, a. সহৰীয় ; Capable of being permitted. Syn: -Allowable, tolerable, endurable, permissible

Sufferance, sui'cr-ans, झ. नहन ; वहलोख ; कहेरिन महिस्डा ; Endurance · -- सनुम्बि , मण्डि , Toleration; permission. Sys:-Suffering, patience, long-suffering; allowance.

By sufferance-नाडे अपूर्विक्य नार ( बितर नाहे के जार), By a negative consent (by not being forbidden ).

Sufferer, n. (णाने ; नहिन् पालि ।

Suffering, sufer-ing, s. कहे; क्य ; व्यवा ; মুখেলোগ; আলা; Distress, loss or injury:—s. नहरकाने। Syn :--(n) Affliction, trouble, grievance, misery, hardship, want.

Suffice, suf-fié, v. i. [ L. sub, under, and facere, to make } बाबहे-ह ; अनुब-ह ; To be enough :-- क. f. क्य वा जूरे-इ ; To satisfy. Syn . -Be sufficient; content. f or sufficient for. Suffice for—त्कान किंद्रत गरक वर्षाहे-इ ; Bc enough Buffice it to say—वरे यनितनरे राया स्टेर्स ; हीर will be enough if we say. Sufficiency, sulf-fishe-en-ac, m. alpith The make of being sufficient: — ক্ষতা; বোৰাতা; Ability; capacity: — আত্মনাতা; আত্মনিতা; Conceit.

Sumojent, suf-fishe-ent, a. প্রাতঃ ব্যেষ্টঃ প্রেষ্টঃ উপৰ্কঃ ব্যেষ্টঃ Ample; enough; competent. ad-sufficiently (ব্যেষ্টঃ প্রাপ্তরূপে)।
Syn:—Full, satisfactory, qualified, fit, able.
Suffix, suffiks, n. [L. sub, under, after, and figo, to fix] প্রভাৱ: বিভক্তি; A particle or syllable added to the end of a word:—v. t.
প্রভাৱৰ্ক-কৃ: বিভক্তিব্যুক্ত-কৃ: বিভক্তার-কৃ: To add a

letter or syllable to a word. Suffocate, suf'ö-kät, v. t. [ L. sub, under, and fances, the throat ] বাসরোধ-তু; বাসকল্প করিয়া মারা; হাপাইরা মারা; To choke; to stifle; to

smother; to strangle.

Suffocation, suf-fo-káshun, n. बानाबाद; बानाबाद त्यू बुजु; The act of suffocating; the state of being suffocated.

Suffrage, sufraj, n. মত প্রকাশ; মত প্রকাশ করিবার ক্ষমতা; স্বতি, থীকার; সাক্ষ্য; প্রার্কা; A vote; right of voting for representatives in the legislature.

Suffuse, v. f. [L. sub, underneath, and fundo, fusum to pour] বাধ-ক; পৰিপ্-ক; পৰিপ্-ক; মে প্ৰিন্ত-ক; To fill; to overspread or cover, as with a fluid. n—suffusion (পুণতা; মিকতা);

Suffusion, sul-lu'zhun, n. সমাজ্ঞানন বা তংকিয়া; ব্যাপ্তি, পরিবাধি: The act or operation of suffering, that which is suffused.

Sugar, shoog'ar, ম. শর্করা; চিনি; A sweet substance from cane; beet, maple &c.:—v.t. চিনিতে প্রস্তুত্র চিনি মিপ্রিত-কু; মিপ্তুত্র মুধুর-কু; To season, sprinkle or mix with sugar, to enecten:
—ত্যেশাস-কু; To compliment; to flatter.

Sugar over—চিনি ৰারা আয়ত-কু; Cover with sugar :—ভোৰামোদ ধারা আন্ত-কু; To soften by flattery.

[ sugar.

Sugar-baker, n. চিনি-শোধনকারী; Refiner of Sugar-bakery, n. চিনি পরিকায় বা খোধন করিবার স্থান; Place for refining sugar.

Sugar-candy, n. বিছয়ি; Crystalised sugar. Sugar-cane, shoog ar-kan, r. ইক; আৰু; The cane or plant from which sugar is chiefly

Sugared, a. नव्यापा: मध्य : Sweetened.

obtained.

Sugared words—মিই কথা; Sweet flattering words.

[ refined sugar. Sugar-losf, n. চিনির তাল; Conical mass of Sugar mill—পতাপাছ; আক-মাড়া কল। [ meat. Sugar-plum, n. বিঠাই; কদমা, চিনির নাড়; A sweet Sugary, shoog'ar-i, a. পক্রাময়; মিই; চিনির মত; like sugar; sweetened with sugar:—চিনিবিল্ল, মিইব্ছ-বিল্ল; Fond of sugar.

Suggest, sug-jest, suj-est, v. t. [L. sub, under, and jerere, to bring] প্ৰনা-ছ; সংৰত-ড়; ইজিড-ছ; প্ৰতি-(ए; To hint; to intimate; to offer to the mind. Syn:—Allude to, insinuate, propose. Suggestion, sug-jestyun, n. ইজিড; স্বেড; প্ৰে; ব্ৰাৰ; বাৰাৰ; Hint; intimation; proposal, Syn:

-Hinting, intimation, allusion, insinuation, prompting, proposition.

At the suggestion of—wivide शिक्षण वा प्रवाद : Happy suggestion—win avid; Clever, fitting suggestion.

Suggestive, sug-jestiv, a. নতেপু; সায়ক; স্বাক; Containing a suggestion, intimation or hint. ad → suggestively. n ~ suggestiveness.

Suicidal, su-i-si'dal, a. ৰাম্বাডী; আম্বৰিমাস-কামী; আমহত্যাপাপে লিপ্ত; Pertaining to suicide . partaining of the crime of suicide.

Suicide, su'i-sid, n. [ L. sui, of himself, and caedo, to kill] আত্মহত্যা; পাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা

Suit, suit, n. [F. suite, from suivre, to follow] বোকন্দ্রা; নান্লা; An action at law:—আবেৰ্ল; Petition:—দেউ; লোড়া; শ্রেণ্ট; প্রাড়া; প্রেণ্ট; প্রাড়া; প্রেণ্ট; ম set; a series:—প্রথাকালা; বিবাহার্থ উপাসনা; Courtship:—ত. t. মন্তঃ-কু, To please:—উপ্যোগী-কু; To fit:—
ত. t. বিত্তা-কু; To agree:—উপ্যোগী-কু; To make proper:—থোগা-হু; To be fitted to. Syn:—(n) Request, entreaty, petition, prayer, application, supplication; wooing; prosecution, process, action, casos; suite. (o) Fit, adapt, fashion, accommodate, level, match; become, befit, comport, tally, correspond; content, answer.

Be suited for—কোন উদ্দেশ্যের উপদোগী-হ; Be adapted for (a certain purpose).

Bring a suit—অভিযোগ-কৃ; মোকদ্যমা কলু-কৃ।
Follow suit—অক্তের দৃষ্টান্তান্থামী-হ; দৃষ্টান্ত অনু-

FOLIOW BUILT—ৰংকৰ গৃহস্তোৰ্থামা-ই; মৃহত্তৰ অৰু-দৰণ-ক; Follow the example of:—(ভাস বেলায়) বঙ্গে বঙ্-ৰে।

Suit one's fancy—সম্ভূ-কৃ; To please one. Suit or fit to it—সম্পূৰ্কণ ঠিক-হ; Suit exactly; to answer perfectly.

Buit the action to the word—মভিনবকানে কথার সহিত হাব-ভাবের মিল রাধা, Adapt the gestures to the matter spoken or to the passion to be expressed:—কথায় বাহা বলা কাৰ্যে বা ভাবে তাই বেখান; Make one's deeds correspond to one's words or sentiments.

Suit to-মিৰ বাধা ; উপযোগী হ ; Adapt to ; make one thing proper or suitable to another.

Buitable, sūta-bl, a. উপযুক্ত; উপধােমী; বােমা,
Fitting; agreeable to; adequate. n=suitableness, suitability (উপবােমীতা; আনুক্স)। ad=suitably (উপবৃক্তকপে; fitty). Syn:—Proper,
becoming, accordant, correspondent, apposite,
competent, eligible.

Suite, swet, n. অণুচৰ্বৰ্গ; পারিবদ্বৰ্গ; A train of attendants; a retinue:—প্ৰস্ত: শ্ৰেণী, A series.

Syn —Retainers, followers, attendants; set, suit.
Suitor, চন্টাল, n. অভিযোগকারী; প্রাধী; আবেদক; বাচক; A petitioner.—প্রশাকাকারী; বিবাহার্থ নারীর উপসর্পণাকারী, A wooer; a lover.

Sulcato, sulkāt, Sulcatod, sulkāt-ed, a. বাঁজ কটো; নানীদার; নেবাল; Grooved. [sullen. Sulk, v. i. মনে মনে বাগ-কু; চটা; অথসর-ছ; To be Sulka, n.pl. মনে মনে বাগ করণ, চটাভাব; অথসরভা; A sulky mood or humour.

Be in the sulks—किंश शंका।

Bulky, sulki, a. appica; water; are are state

বিত: মুবভারী: Obstinate; silently sullen. ম= sulkiness ( মনে মনে মোবাবিষ্টতা; আত্মিত কটতা )। ad=sulkily ( কটভাবে; চটবা )।

Sullen, sulen, a. [L. solus, alone ] বিষয় ; অপ্র-সন্থ ; চটা ; কট ; Gloomy ; angry ; obstinate ; malignant :—বাধায় ; Dark ; dull. n=sullenness. Syn :—Sulky, cross, ill-natured, moody ; dismal, dark, lowering ; heavy, dull, sluggish. Sullenty. ad. বিশ্বভাবে : চটবা ; Angrily.

Sullenness, ম. চিত্তের অধ্যয়তা; স্টভাব; The state or quality of being sullen; ill-nature with silence. Syn:—Moroseness, gloominess, moodiness, intractableness, intractability, sulkiness.

Bully, sufe, v. t. কলছিত-কু, দোবাহিত-কু; মলিব-কু; To tarnish; to soil, to dirty:—v. i. কলছিত-ই; To be soiled:—n. ভাগ; কলছ; Spot; tarnish. Syn:—Stain, blemish, spot, tarnish, darken, spoil, disgrace, dishonour.

Sulphate, sulfat, n. পদক-আবক-বিশ্ব পাতৃ: A combination of sulphuric acid with a salifiable base.

Sulphate of copper—र्ख ; रूप।

Sulphate of iron—होत्रक्य। Sulphite, n. वयम वित्तय: A salt formed by a combination of sulphurous acid.

Sulphur, sulfur, n. 184 , Brimstone.

Bulphurate, p. t. গৰকেৰ সহিত মিজিত বা তংকিবা-ধীৰ-কু: To combine with or subject to the action of sulphur.

Sulphureous, sul-fu're-us, a. গৰুৰ্থটিত ; প্ৰক-বুক ; Consisting of, impregnated with, or having the qualities of sulphur.

Sulphuret, sulfu-ret, n. কার বা মৃত্তিকা বা ধাতব পদার্থের সহিত প্রকলের মিলাণ; A combination of sulpher with an alkali, earth or metal.

Sulphuretted, a. প্ৰক্ষর; গ্ৰুক্মিত্রিত; Having sulphur in combination.

Sulphuric, sul-fū'rik, a. গছककाठ ; शहरकाथ ; Pertzining to or obtained from sulphur.

Sulphuric scid—গৰুক-ছাবক।

Sulphurous, sulfar-us, a. প্রক্ষর; প্রকৃষ্ণ , Pertaining to, like or containing sulphur.

Sultan, sultan, n. তুর্কীর রাজা : তুর্ক-রাজের উপাধি , Turkish emperor. fem=sultana, sultaness. n= sultanship.

Sultana, sul-tána, Sultaness, sul-tánes, n. হলভাবের বী; ছুরস্থ-রাজী; The wife or queen of a sultan.

Sultanate, a. স্পতানের অধিকার বা রালা।

Bultry, sultre, a. ভনট; ভন্সা; অত্যুক; বড় গরম,
Very hot; burning and oppressive; close. n=
sultriness. Syn:—Burning, warm and damp.
Bum, sum, n. [L. summa, from summus,
highest] বোট; সমষ্ট; সাকল; বোগ; Aggregate; the amount of two or more things taken
together; the whole of anything:—কডক টাকা;
(অব্যিক) পরিমাণ; A quantity of moncy or
currency:—কড; পাটাগ্ডির প্র; A problem
in arthmetic:—সংকেণ; Summary:—কৃত্যু মুল
বিষয়; Chief points or thoughts when viewed
together:—পরাকাটা; Height; acme:—সারাকো;
বোট কবা; Substance:—p. f. সংগ্রহ-কু; বোগ-কু;

ৰক্ত-কু; To collect into one amount or whole:

—হিসাৰ-কু; সনষ্ট নিজপ্ৰ-কু; To count:—সংক্ত্যেকু; সংকেশে বলা; চুৰক-কু; To comprise in a few words. Syn:—(n) Amount, quantity, total, whole, totality; substance; completion; problem, question.

[—ৰক্ত ক্ৰা; Add up. Summarise; condense:
The sum and substance—সারাংশ; নেটি ক্ৰা; ভাংপা; The principal thoughts when viewed together; the amount; the gist.

Summarise, sumar-iz, v. t. সংকেপ-ড়; সংকেপে বলা; অলাকরে প্রকাশ-ড়; To present briefly; to comprise in a summary.

Summary, sumar-e, a. সংকিত্ত ; জরাকা : Brief ; short ; compendious ; done by a short method ; rapidly performed :—n. সংকেপ ; সংকিত্ত বিবরণ ; চুম্ব ; Abstract ; abridgment ; compendium. ad = summarily, (সংকিতাবে) : Syn :—(a) Short, succinct, concise. (n) Precis, epitome, digest, resume.

He has been summarily dismissed—কোন বিচায় না করিল তাচাকে কন্মচাত করা হটয়াছে।

Summary trial — সরাস্থি বিভাব। [aggregate. Summation, sum-ashun, n. সমষ্ট ; সমাধান ; An Summer, sumer, n. প্রীয়কাল : প্রীয়ক্ত ; The second and warment senson of the year —v. i. প্রীয়কাল আহিবহন-ক ; To pass the summer :—v. t. প্রীয়কাল ব্যাপিয়া চালাৰ ; To keep or carry through the summer.

Summer-friends, n. তথের সময়ের বন্ধুগণ ; সম্পং-কালীন বন্ধু ; Friends in prosperity .--- প্রথের পাবরা . Those who are friends only in prosperity and forsake you in adversity.

Summor-house, cumér-hows, n. উন্নানন্তি স্থীয়-কালীন আরাম-গৃড়; A house for summer residence. Summer rash —খামাচি; স্থীয়ন্ত্ৰণ।

Bumerset, n. फिन्नाको ; Somersault.

Summit, sumit, n. চুড়া , পুল ; অগ্নভাগ , উপৰিভাগ ; The highest point, utmost elevation ; the top : — অভাগিক পরিমাণ ; The highest degree. Syn : — Height ; apex, culmination, zenith.

Summon, sumun, v. t. [ L. sub, under, and monere, to warn ] ভলব-কু; (ক্ষভানহ) আহ্লান-কু; ভাকা; To call with authority; call by summons; bid; cite. n=summoner. Syn:—Convene, convoke, invite.

Summon up — সমস্থ বল একত্র-কু, মনের বল সংগ্রহ-কু; আবত্ত-কু, সংগ্রহ-কু; আদানতে হাজির হুইন্ডে আদেশ-কু; Call into action.

Summons, sum'unz, n. আহ্বাদ-পত্ৰ; প্ৰদ ; ক্ৰ্মনামা; আদানতে হাজির হইবার আদেশপত্ৰ, A warming
or call to appear especially in court; an
authoritative call. pl = summonses.

Sumptor, sumpiter, n. खान्नाहो आप ; A horse for carrying packs or burdens.

Sumptuary, sumptu-ar-i, a. বারসম্মীর; ব্যাদ বিদ্যাসক; Relating to, regulating expense.

Sumptuary 1ews-আহার-বিলাসালির নিমিত্ত অভ্যন্ত ব্যয়কুষণ নিবারণার্থ বিধি-ব্যবস্থা।

Sumptuous, sump'tū-us, a. [ L. sumptuosus, from sumptus, expense ] ব্যানাধা; বহুবা; বহুবা; বহুবা; বহুবা; বহুবা; স্থাবা; Costly:—ধাহাব; Splendid; magnificent, ad-

sumptuously ( यह पात्रपूर्वक ; कीकोनकाने )। #= sumptuousness (ব্যৱসাধ্যকা; পোজা)৷ Syn:--Expensive, dear, splendid, princely, gorgeous, superb. Sun, n. স্বা; ভাসু; দিবাৰর; The body which is the source of light and heat to our planetary system; middle body of the solar system :-প্রালোক : রৌর , Sun-shine :—প্রভাবান বন্ধ ; অভাব বিখ্যাত বস্তু : Any thing eminently conspicuous : -v. t. (बोद्ध छेख्थ-कृ ; (बोद्ध-त्म , बोद्ध खक-कृ : To expose to the sun or its wormth, to expose to [ the sun. the sun's rays. In the sun-calcu; Exposed to the rays of A kingdom on which the sun never sets -এড বড় রাজ্য বে স্থা উহার অস্তর্গত কোন না কোন ভাগে উদিত बाहिनई बाहिन , A kingdom so extensive that the sun is always to be found shining over some part of it or other. More worship the rising than 'he setting sun-More persons pay honour to ascendant than to fallen greatness. Ono's sun is set --সৌভাগ্য-স্থা মতমিত হইবাছে: One's good fortune is at an end. Sun of rightoousness-A title applied to lesus Christ as the great source of moral light and spiritual life. The rising sun—त्य पूर्य छेनत्र क्टेटलट. बीदात हाटड ক্ষমতা আসিতেকে, One who is just coming or rising into power. The setting sun—অক্তমিত স্থা: বাচার হাতে আর ক্ষমতা নাই ; One whose power is gone. To bask in the morning sun-বাৰাতণ त्मनन 🛊 , आह. त्योष त्मनन-क । To expose to the sun-calific ! Under the sun-পৃথিবীতে, ধৰতে; ছনিয়ার, In [ of the sun. the world. Sunbeam, sunbem, n. Tiffan, Tunfa; Ray Extract sunbeams from cucumbers-অসম্ভব চেষ্টা-কু; Atter opt ampossibilities. Sun-bird. n पत शकिवित्नव । [ sun-shine. Sun-blindness, n. Blindness from two bright Sun-blink, n. Blink or reflection from the sun. Sun-bright, a. উজ্জ ; হট । Sunburnt, Sunburned, a. ব্রাডর; ব্রাদম; Scorched by the sun; tanned, burned or discoloured by the sun. Sunday, sunda, n. मश्राह्य खध्म पिन: दिवाद: বিশ্রাম দিবস ; The first day of the week. A month of sundays—শনিশিষ্ট দীৰ্ঘক'ল। Sunday-clothes—উংকৃষ্ট কাপড়; Best clothes. Sunday-saint, #. दवि नायू! Sunday-school—विवरायन विमानन s School for teaching on sundays. Sunder, sunder, v. t. [ Ger. sonder, from sunder, apart ] चडा-कृ; विश्वल-कृ; विकाश-कृ, शुधक-F: To divide; to disunite in any manner, to part, to separate. Syn :- Part, break, separate, sever, disjoin, dissociate. In sunder, In asunder—404: ; 40 49 . Sun-dial, n. খ্ৰাৰজি ; ছালাৰজি ; An instrument to

show the time of the day by the sun's shadow,

Sundried, a. १४। १४ : (बोट्स ७६)

Sundries, a. pl. বিবিধ সামত্রী , ৫ ও এ পীচ ছিলালি Sundry, sundri, a. मानाशकार, विविध: अत्मक: More than one or two; seve-al, diverse. All and sundry-थरजार , मकल अकृत्व । Sundown, #. गरवात व्यवन्त्रमन ; गर्वाचि ; Sun-set. Sun-fish, a. 443 facts; A soft-fanned fish. Sun-flower, sunflow-er, n. पूर्वापूरी जुला दिएन : A plant. Sung, pt. and pp. of sing. [ फूरवा : वना )। Sunk, Sunken, pp. of sink. p. a = sink ( 77; Bun-glass, n. बार्जन-काह । Sun-less, a. स्त्रोत्रहोन, छावादर, अक्रकाबाल्ड्ड; Shaded: dark. I Light of the sun. Sun-light, n. प्रसात बालाक ; प्रशालाक ; त्यां ; Sun-month, n. February. Sunny, suite, a. प्यामक्कीय, स्मीय: Pertaining to the sun; resembling the sun:-(3) अबन রৌদ্রবহন ; বৌদ্রহাপিত ; স্বোদ্রাপে রক্ষিত ; Exposed to, coloured or warmed by the sun's rays :-উच्चन ; Bright. Syn :-Shining, clear, unclouded, warm, genial, pleasant; cheerful; joyous, happy. [ the sun. Sun-proof, a. Impervious to the influence of Sunrise, sunriz, Sunrising, sunriz-ing, n. সুধানিয়, অন্ধানিয় ; Time of the rising of the sun :--পুরুদিক , আচী ; The east. Sunset, sunset, Sun-setting, n. प्रांखकान ; त्रकावित, The time when the sun sets, the setting of the sun; evening :-- প कियनिक : The west. Sun-shade, n. পরদা , রৌড়নিবারক চাল। Sunshine, suńshin, n. সুর্যোব আলোক , পুর্বোপ্তাপ : রৌর, আতপ; উজ্জ্বতা; The light of the sun:--ভাপ; ইব্রাপ, Warmth. Sun-shine, Sun-shiny, a. मत्नोदम, Pleasant. -- স্বাদ্যোজন : Bright like the sun. Bask in sunshine—तोज পোरान: সৌভাগানালী ধাকা ; Enjoy prosperity :- কোনকণ কুথনভোগ-কু ; Enjoy the warmth or cheering influence of. To have been in the sunshine—পাৰে বস্তু বা ্ আনন্দপূর্ণ। विस्वत रहेश बाका । Sun-shiny, a अलागव; ज्ञान ; प्राकित्रपारिक : Sun-stroke, suńströk, n. আতপতাপন্ননিত পীড়া : মুদ্দিগন্ধি; রোদ লাগা, A nervous disease produced by the rays of the sun. Sun-struck, a. (बीजांश्य : मिनार्थि पात्रा जाव्याख । Sun-ward, sunward, a. र्शाविम्स ; Toward \*he sun. Sup. sup, v. i. चन्न चन्न शान-कृ; हुमूक-ca; To take into the mouth with the lips, as a liquid; to slip :-- ত : রাত্রিকালীন ভোজন-কু; To eat the evening meal :- n. हमूक ; छोक ; A slip. Sup with Pluto--- नत्रा, यानत्र अधिष-ह ; Die. Super, pfx. উপরি ; অতি ; অতীত। Superabound, su-per-ab-ownd, v. i. 44414-হ; অত্যধিক-হ, অভি প্রচুর-ছ; To be more than sufficient or enough. (অচুৰতা। Superabundance, n. वाण्यितः वादिकाः विक Superabundant, sü-pér-ah-undant, c. 465-বিক্ত , বহল ; অতি প্ৰচুৰ , অপখাধি , Being more than enough, copious. Superadd, v. t. আরও বোগ-ড়ু; বোনের উপর বোর- কু, In add over and above, n=superaddition. Superannuate, sū-pér-ahū-āt, v. t. [L. super, above, and annus, a year ] ব্যবহেত্ অবসর দে; বাছকাহেতু অকর্ষণা-কু; বাছকা ধারা অবোগ্য-কু; To impair or disqualify by old age; to pension off as beyond service. n=superannuation (বাছকা; অবস্বতা; decrepitude).

Superannuated, a. 34; west; Disqualified by age for active service, old.

Superb, ১০-peib, a. কাৰাৰ; Magnificent:—
মহং : প্ৰকাশ ; জনকাৰ ; Grand ; stately , elegant:
——চনংকাৰ ; অভাংকুই ; Excellent. ad=superbly
(উৎকুইনণে, জীকালভাবে); n = superbness.

Supercargo, su-per-kargo, n. জাহাজেৰ মালাদির ভবাৰধায়ক কথাচাৰী: মাল-বিক্রেডা, An officer or person managing the trading operations of a ship.

Superciliary, a. জনবনীয়; জনেবৰ উৰ্জ বিড; Situated or being above the eye-brow.

Supercilious, sū-per-sie-us, a. [ L. superciliosus, from supercilium, eyebrow ] অহ্যত .
প্রিত, পূর্ব [ Disdainful, dictational ; haughty, overbearing. n=superciliousness (অংমিকা; গর্ম, arrogance). ad=superciliously (প্রিতিভাবে) | Svu — Haughty, contemptuous, sneering, arrogant, insolent.

Supereminent, sū-pėi-enii-nent, a. সার্কাংকুই. সংস্থাতন Eminent beyond others. ad=supereminently n=supereminence.

Suporexcellent, sū-pėr-eksel-lent, a প্ৰসাংস্থ , অফু-স্থ , Excellent in an uncommon degree; excellent above others. n — superexcellence.

Superficial, sū-per-fishe-al, a. বাজ, বহিন্ন, উপর উপর, Being or lying on the surface — জ্বাড়ীৰ, ভাস'ভাগ, সামাজ, Shillow, slight, ad = superficially (বাজত:, বাহিৰে)। n=superficiality
Syn:—Imperfect, smattering, external, externo, outer.

Superficies, su-per-sishtz, n. পৃষ্টদেশ; বহিনিক, উপস্থিতল; The upper surface, the exterior part or face of a thing.

Superfine, su'per-fin, a. অত্যন্তন, নৰ্বোৎকৃত্ত, Fine above others; unusually fine; exceedingly fine. n=superfinences.

Superfluity, sū-per flū'e-te, n. আধিকা, অতি-মিকতা, প্রাচ্যা; The state of being superfluous, superabundance, Syn:—Superabundance, ex-cess, redundancy.

Superfluous, ১০-perfluous, a. জাত্তবিক ; অধিক , অত্যবিক , অনাব্যক , More than enough , excessive; useless, unnecessary. ad=superfluously ( অত্যিক্তকপে ) । n = superfluousness. Syn :—Excessive, superabundant, exuberant, redundant ; needless, unnecessary.

Superhuman, su-per-human, a. जानोकिक, व्योव; व्यामूयिक; रिम्व; Divine.

Superhuman power—দৈশশক্তি ; ঐবর্যা। Superimpose, n. (কোন কিছুর) উপরে স্থাপিত-

superimpose, সং ( পোন (কছুর ) ভুন্ত কু . To lay above.

Superincumbent, su-pér-in-kum-bent, a. suffifes; sur Lying upon something else; lying above.

Superinduce, su-pēr-in-dus, e. !. ক্রোক-ফু; To superadd:—কটাইরা-কে; উপফাল-ফু; কোনক কিছুর উপর আনিবা কেবা; To bring in, or upon, as an addition to something.

Superintend, sil-per-in-tend, v. t. उपादवान-प्र; शरिवर्णन-इ; त्वर्थाचना-इ; To have the charge of; to supervise; to caution. Syn:—Overlook, oversee, control, direct, manage, supervise.

Superintendence, su-per-in-tendens, ল. তথাব-ধান; পবিদৰ্শন; Management; oversight; direction. Syn:—Supervision, inspection, control; care, guidance, government.

Superintendent, su-per-in-tendent, ন. অধ্যক; প্ৰিদৰ্শক; তথাবধায়ক; Overseer; manager:—a. ভৰাবধায়ক; Overseering. Syn:—Inspector, director, master, conductor.

Superior, sū-pe're-or, a. [L. superior, comparative of superus, being above ] শ্ৰেষ্ঠ ; উচ্চতর ; আৰ্থকতর ; উংকৃইতর ; উপরের ; Surpassing others ; higher in rank or office:—n. উপরিতন কর্মচারী . প্রাধান ব্যক্তি, প্রেষ্ঠ বোক; গুক্তন ; মঠের অধ্যক্ষ ; The chief of colleges. Syn:—(a) Higher, upper , noble, surpassing ; predominant, prevailing. Be superior to—কোন বিহু দ্বাবা চানিত বা অভিত্ত

Be superior to—(ৰাণ (বছু বাবা চান্তিৰ বা আৰম্ভ না হওয়া ; Not to be afficted or influenced by. Bo superior to (one) in—(ৰান বংশ বা অশংক

Bo superior to (one) in—কৌন দ্বৰে বা অপকেন নীয় বিষয়ে গ্ৰেচতা খাকা, Go beyond another in good qualities or laudable deeds.

Superior planets, n. The planets at a greater distance from the sun than the earth as Mars, Jupiter, Salurn, Uranus and Neptune. Superiority, su-per-re-or'e-te, n (273).

elisis . et. essi : Pre-eminence . exelisis . et. essi : Pre-eminence . exullent . adv intage. Syn —Pre-dominancy, ascendancy, excellence.

Superlative, su-perlativ, a. স্ক্ৰেট; উচ্চতৰ; জ্বিত প্ৰদান . Surpassing all others .—n. বাকৰণে অনেকের মধ্যে একের আতিশ্যাবাহক : (In Gr.) the superlative degree of adjective. ad —superlatively. Syn:—Supreme, highest, greatest.

Supornal, su per'nal, a न्याद, देवप ; Celestial, being in a higher place.

Supernatural, sī-per-natī-ral, a. অভি আৰু-ভিক, অনোভিক; বহুড, অত্যান্ত্য, Miraculous; spiritual; preternatural. ad-supernaturally.

The supernatural—अङ्ग्लित बाठीठ विवह; बालोकिक मेमार्थ।

Supernaturalism, su-per-natural-ism, n. আপৌরবেয়ৰ বাদ; জগতে বৈশক্তিয় কর্ত্ব আছে, ইডাকার মত, The doctrine of a divine agency, in the muscles recorded in the Bible.

Supornumorary, su-per-numer-ar-i, a. অতি-বিক্ত; বিষ্ণানিত সংখ্যাব অধিক; বেনী; Exceeding the number stated, prescribed, necessary or useless:—n. নিনিপ্ত সংখ্যাব অভিনিক্ত ব্যক্তি আ বস্তু; A person or thing beyond the number stated or regulated. Suporogate, v. t. কৰ্ব্যাভিবিক্ত কৰ্ম-কৃ; Do more Suporogation, su-per-crogashun, n. ক্ৰ্যাভি-বিক্ত কৰ্ম সংখ্যক Performing more than duty requires. Superogetory, a. पर्वगाविष्ट कृष्ठ ; अभिन्छ बन्गाविष्ठ ।

Superpose, su-per-poź, v. ఓ ছাগন-ড়; To place upon; to lay upon;— (ক্ষেত্ৰতংক) একটা ক্ষেত্ৰের উপর ভংগন অপর একটা ক্ষেত্র আরোপ-ড়। গ= superposition (একটার উপর আর একটা হাপন; আরোপন)।

Super-royal, c. (কাগন সৰ্কে ) বড় আছা ; ২২× Supersoribe, su-per-skrib, v. t. [ L. super, over, scribo, to write ] পুঠে লেখা বা খোলা ; উপরে বহিন্দিকে নাম লিখা ; দিরোনাম দেখা ; To write over ; to address on the top outside the cover.

Superscription, n. ট্ৰকাৰা লিবল; বিরোনায়া; পৃট-বিশ্ব; Address; that which is written above. Supersede, su-per-sed, v. t. [ L. supersedere, to sit above ] ছালচাত-তৃ; ( কাহারও ) পদে অভিবিত-তৃ; অনাবস্তক-তৃ; To come in the place of; set above or over; set aside; do away with; to displace:—রহিত বা বাতিল করিয়া-দে; To set aside. Syn:—Suspend, overrule, annul; displace, replace, supplant.

Supersession, n. বাহিতা; ৰড়িক্ৰম:—ছানাধিকার; পরিবর্ত্ত; Replacement. [ তৎক্ষেল। In supersession of —কোনৰ কিছুর ছানে; (ভুনিয়া) Police supersion—মাদানত কর্তৃক আধিষ্ট হইবা

পুলিস কোনও অপরাধীর উপর যে ঘৃষ্টি রাবে। Superstition, su-per-stishun, n- অযৌক্তিক বর্দ্ধ বিহাস; অসাক্ষক বিহাস; কুসংকার; অলিক ধর্ম; উপধর্ম;

গোড়াম ; False religion ; the worship of false gods ; over easy belief.

Superstitious, su-per-sti-lius, a. কুসংকারাক্তক; ভ্রমবিষাসী: আজ ; কুসংকারসম্পন্ন ; কুসংকারাকিত্ত , অযৌজ্ঞিক বর্ত্তসম্পন্ন ; Showing or given to superstition. ad—superstitiously.

Superstratum, n. উপরিতর : উদ্ভব তর ৷

Superstructure, sū-pēr-struktur, n. বাফ রচনা , উপরের গাঁথনি ; ভিত্তি-ভূমিব উপর নিশ্বিত বাটী ; ভবন ; The building erected on a foundation ; anything raised on a basis.

Supervene, su-per-veh, v. i. [ L. super, above, and venio, to come ] ৰটা; To take place; to occur:—ৰভিন্নিভাবে উপস্থিত-হ; আদিয়া পড়া; To come upon as something additional. n=supervention ( সৰ্বাটন );

Supervisal, su-per-vival, Supervision, super-vishun, n. ভবাৰণান; পরিবর্ণন; ভবারক; Inspection; control; superintendence. Syn:— Oversee, inspect.

Supervise, su-per-viź, v. t. [L. super, over, and visere, to look at ] প্রিপ্শন-ড়; তথ্যক-ড়; To superintend; to look over; to inspect. Syn:—Oversee, inspect.

Supervisor, sū-per-viz'or, n. ভবাৰণাৰকারী; পরিদর্শক; Overseer; inspector; superintendent. Supine, sū-pih, a. পৃঠে শহান; উথানকারী; চিৎপাত হ্যা শহিত; Lying on the back; lying with the face upwards:—জনবহিত; ভত্তবং জনস; Indelent; listless; negligent. n=supineness ( শ্বিতাবয়া; আলভ); ad = supinely ( অনুসভাব)। Syn:
—Sluggish, lazy; inert, torpid, languid, dull, listless, careless.

Supper, sup'er. n. दिन-खान्त ; शाविकामीन

ভোৰন; সামাকে ভোজন; A meal taken at the close of the day.

The Lord's supper, n. The Eucharist.

Supperless, sup'ér-les, a. বৈশ ভোজন-বিরহিত; Without supper.

Supplant, sup-plant, v. t. [L. sub, under, plante, the sole of the foot ] সরাইয়া বসা; এক জনকে হানচ্যত করিয়া সেই হান অধিকার-কু; আন্তর হান অধিকার-কু; To displace by stratagem; to take the place of:—ভত্তাবে নুলোৎপাটন-কু; To undermine. n=supplanter.

Supple, supl, a. নমনীয়; কোষল; লরম; Pliant; easily bent:—ভোষাবোদকারী; Fawning:—ভ. t. কোষল-কৃ; বশীভূত-কৃ; নমনশীল-কৃ; To make soft; to make pliant:—ভ. t. নমনশীল-কৃ; নরম-কৃ; To become supple. n=suppleness. Syn:—(a) Limber, lithe; yielding, compliant, submissive, obsequious.

Supple jack—A flexible kind of walking case, made from a plant of South America.

Supplement, sup'le-ment, n. [L. supplementum, from supplere, to fill up) আতিরক্ত কোনও কিছু; পরিশিষ্ট; বোড়পাত্র; An addition to anything; appendix:—হ. f. কবোগ-ড়; বোগ দিয়া প্রণ-ড়; To add to; to fill up by additions. a=supplemental, supplementary (অভিনিক্ত: উপনি: নৃত্তা-প্রক; বৌগিক; additional). Syn:—Postscript, codicil, continuation; counterpart, correlative.

Suppleness, n. 355 |

Suppliant, sup'le-ant, a. [F. supplier, to entreat] বাচক; প্রাথনাকারী; Entreating; supplicating:—n. আবেদনকারী; A humble petitioner. Syn:—(a) Suing, begging, beseeching, imploring, precatory.

Supplicant, sup'li-kant, a. বিনীতভাবে প্রার্থনাকারী; বাচক; অনুন্যকাবক; Asking submissively; entreating:—n. যে হীনভাবে অসুগ্রহ প্রার্থনা করে; One who supplicates. ad=supplicantly.

Supplicate, sup'le-kāt, v. t. or i. [L. supplicare, from supplex, kneeling down] আখন-ছ; অসুন্ত ; ভিন্তা-ছ; To entreat earnestly; humble; beseech; seek by earnest prayer; beg earnestly for; crave; pray. Syn:—Implore. importune, solicit.

Bupplication, sup-le-káshun, n. পাৰ্থনা; বাজা; জিকা; Earnest prayer or humble petition; entreaty. Syn:—Solicitation, craving, petition, request, invocation, prayer, orison, devotions.

Supplicatory, sup'li-ka-tor-i, a. পাৰ্থায়ক; Containing entreaty; humble; submissive.

Supply, sup-pli, v.t. [L. sub, under, and plere, to fill ] প্ৰণ-ক; পূৰ্ব-ক; To fill up:—ঘোগান; সন-বরাং-ক. বেওয়া; To provide; give something wanted:—n. অভাব পূৰণ; সরবরাং; The act of supplying; relief of want:—ভাভার; সভার; Store:—শ্রেরিড সৈত্ত বা পাণানি; Amount of good or money provided (used generally in pl). Syn:—(v) Minister, replenish, stock, store; give, grant, afford, contribute, yield, furnish. Supply and demand—সরবরাহ ও আয়োজন।

Supply (something) to (one)—বাং। বাই ভাই)
বোগান, Give to one what one has not.

Support, sup-port, w. t. [ L. sub, under, and portare, to carry ] vist- ; win ver- ; To bear up :-- अक्र-क : Endure : sustain :-- अवन्तिवन-क : প্রজিপানন-ক ; চালান ; To nourish : maintain :--माश्राचा-क : महात्रजा-क ; To countenance ; sid :--ক্তিপুর্ণ-কু; পৃষ্ঠপোষণ-কু; সঞ্চমাণ-কু; সাব্দ-কু; To make good :-- প্রতিনিধিছ-ক ; To represent :-क्षा-क ; To defend :-- क्षेत्र-ता ; To prop :-- अ. खब्नुरभावन , ब्रक्न ; Nourishment ; maintenance ; that which maintains :- खरलपन : द्रेप्त : आधार ; Prop :-- माहावा : ममर्थन : Aid : help. Syn :-- (v) Uphold; brace; cherish; held, befriend, back, patronize, further, forward, advocate, perform, play: undergo, bear; accompany, attend; confirm, substantiate, corroborate. (n) Pillar, stay, shore, brace; basis, foundation, subsirtence, sustenance; succour; assistance, coundenance, patronage, favour.

In support of—সগকে; অসুক্লে; সমর্থনার্থ; In defence of :—প্রতিশোষক; In confirmation of.

Supportable, sup-portabl, a. অবনখনীর, রক্ষীং; Capable of being supported:—সহনীয়, Endurable:—আভিপালা; কর্ত্তবা; সম্বনীয়; Capable of being maintained. ad - supportably.

Supportor, sup-porter, n. সৰ্থনকাৰী; পৃঠপোৰক, সহবোৰী; অপুৰতী; A defender, an adherent: -প্ৰতিপালক; পালক; সক্ষ, ধানক, One who supports or maintains.

Supposable, sup-pola-bl, a. অৰ্থের , অব্ভবনীয় ; That may be supposed or imagined.

Suppose, sup-poil, v. l. অসমান-ক , কল্পনা-ক , মনে-ক ; To deem ; guess , think ; imagine :— ভৰ্কে বীকার-ক ; To presume. n=supposer. Syn : Presume, conceive ; believe, judge, considview, regard, conjecture, imply, assume.

Supposed. p. a. viso; Imagined.

Supposition, sup-poz-ishun, n. জনুমান, কমনা, জানাত্ত্ব; Assumption, inference. Syn:—Conjecture, surmise, guess, presumption, postulate, hypothesis.

Suppositional, a. কালনিক, আপুনাণিক। Supposititious, sup-poz-e-tishe-us, a. [L supponese, suppositum, to put in the place of ] কৃত্ৰিক; নকণ, কালনিক, Spurious; not genuine, false, counterfeit. ad—supposititiously.

Suppository, ম. (রক্ত নিবারণ কল্প) গুঞ্গারে প্রদণ্ড ঠুসি বা আটক।

Suppress, sup-pre's, v. i. [L. sub, under and premere, to press] দমৰ-কৃ, নিবারণ-কৃ; চাগিয়া রাখা; To keep in, to stop; to overpower; put down:—গোপন-কৃ, To conceal. n=suppressor. a=suppressive (গোপনকাৰী, দমনকারী)।
Syn:—Crush, overthrow, overwhelm, stifle, mother, repress, restrain, check.

Suppression, sup-preshin, n. গমন; নিবারণ; রোগ করণ, Putting down, stoppage; restraint.
—লোগন; Concealment:—বোগ, Omission.

Suppressive, sup-prefiv. a. ৰমনকারী; পোণন-কারী, ৰমনপ্রবণ: Tending to suppres; subduing; concealing.

Suppurate, sup'd-rat, v. i. ग्रांश्याच्य-कृ ; भीका : To gather pus , to grow to pus. n=suppuration ( गठन ; गांकन ; पूप )।

Suppurative, sup'll-rât-iv, s. ग्र-व्यक ; Tending to suppurate ; promoting suppuration :-- s. द देवर ग्र वेदरा वेदरा ग्र वेदरा ग्र वेदरा ग्र वेदरा ग्र वेदरा ग्र वेदरा

Supra, pfz. 3714; 341

Supracostal, a. প্রারের উপরিভিত ৷

Supramundane, a. न्यातः ज्यानः ज्यापितः Celestrial: being above the world.

Supremacy, su-prema-si, s. antis; wifers; (ses); Highest authority; highest power.

Oath of Supremacy—বৰ্ষস্বত পোণায় আবিপত্তা
অধীকায় করিলা বাজায় প্রাধান্ত বীকারায়ক প্রপত্ত An
oath maintaining the royal prerogative in matters ecclesiastical as well as in things temporary.
Supreme, su-prem, a. [ L. supremus, superlative of superus, that is above ) সর্বোদ্ধ ; প্রধান
্বেট ; পরন ; Greatest ; most excellent ; highest ;
chief :—নির্ভিশ্ব ; অভিপত্তি ; ড্ডাক্ত ; Utmost.
Syn :—Principal, predominant, prevailing.

The Supreme—ইবর ! [ highest degree. Supremely, ad. অভ্যন্ত : নির্ভিশন : প্রম ; In the Surbase, n. ভ্রমনের উপ্রয় কাশিসাধি !

Surcesse, v. i. কাছ-হ; নিবৃত্ত-হ; পেৰ-হ; Come to an end; to cease:—v. t. নিবৃত্ত-কু; To cause to cease:—n. নিবৃত্তি; Cessation.

Surocat, e. অপানের জালা . বাফ পরিক্ষণ ; An over-Surd, e. মৌলিক ; করলবাটিত ; Involving surds :— বে রাণি করণীচিক বাড়ীত প্রকাশ হর না . A quantity which has no root.

Sure, shoor, a. নিজয়, নিজিয়, Certain; unfailing:—নিবিয়; আগগণুত্ত; Sale —বিখাসবোগা; সম্পেহণুত্ত; Confident; beyond doubt:—মৃচ; Strong:—ad. নিজয়রূপ; Certainly. Syn.—Positive, assured, convinced; secure, sale, permanent, firm, stable, steady, trustworthy; infallible, unfailing.

I am sure-वानि निकत सानि।

Make assurence doubly sure—বাহা নিশ্চিত আছে ভাষাকে আরও নিশ্চিত-কু; Make what is sure more certain:—বতনুর সাবধান হটতে হয় হবয়; Take every possible precaution:—কোন্ত্রণ অসীকার করিয়া আবও বিখাস ক্রান; Render one more confident by a promise.

Make sure of—নিভয়-তৃ: নিভয় গাংখা বাইবে এইন্নণ
ঠিক-তৃ; অনুভবাৰ্থা না ইইতে হয়; Make certain; to
avoid the possibility of failure:—কেই হাত বেকে
এড়াইতে না পান্নে এনন করিয়া হাতে আনা; Secure so
as to render escape impossible; to secure so
that no failure may take place. [operation.
Sure and certain—অবার্থ; Most certain in its
Sure as a gun—ইনিভিডরপে। [vely certain.
Sure as fate or as death—নিভয়ই; PositiSure enough—নভাই; Quite truly.

To be sure—বিশ্চাই তার আর সম্পেচ্ছ কি; বিংস্থিত্ব-রূপে; Certainly; without doubt; certainly. Sure-footed, s. Not liable to stumble or fall, Burely, ad. विकासता ; विकित्स ; Certainly. Sureness, n. Aresti :

Suretiship, a. ecen vilke were diget : The obligation of a person to answer for another.

To stand surety-वानीय-इ।

Surety, shoor'te, n. विकास : विविद्य : Certainty:-প্ৰতিভূ; আৰীৰ; The state of being sure : security against loss or damage ; one who becomes bound for another. ==suretyship. Syn: -- Indubitableness; safety, security; pledge, guarantee, bail : bondsman.

Surf, surf, n. নহনী; বেলা-ভূমিতে ভর সমুত্রতরত : সমুদ্রের কো; কল্লোল; ভীরে পভিত সমুদ্র-ডেউ; The foam made by the dashing of waves; the swell of the sea. a=surfy ( महतीपूर्व ) i

Surface, sur'iss, n. डेनब्रिकान ; नृष्ठे ; वर्दिकान ; পান; The exterior part of anything :-ভল; वाक्षाकाव ; A magnitude that has length and breath without thickness :-- . १. नवडन-इ।

Plane surface—সমতৰ ; সমপুঠ।

Surfeit, surfit, v. t. অপরিণিক আহার-কু; অতি ভোজন বা পান-কু; পলাই পলার করান: To fill to satiety and disgust; to feed to excess:-n. অতি ভোষৰ : অতি পান : আহারের গুরুতা : Excess in eating and drinking. Syn:-(v) Satiate, glut, gorge, cloy, pall.

Surfeiting, sur'fit-ing, n. অভি-ভোৰণ; Gluttony. Surfy, a. Sange !

Surge, surj, n. काह्मान : छदक ; बीठि ; बढ़ छाडे ; Billow; a large wave :- o. i. वृश्व-ह; क्लेड-ह; To swell; to rise high:- v. t. ( पछि ) महमा षांत्रा ; वात्रा-त्य । [ high waves.

Surge-beaten, a. তরত ধারা তাড়িত ; Beaten by Surgent, a. উग्हीतमान : वहमान : Swelling ; rising. Surgeon, surjun, n. चत्र-विक्शिक; कडापि चाराशाकात्री, A practitioner of surgery.

Surgeon General, n. Chief Surgeon of a fleet or army. [ Chief surgeon of a regiment. Surgeon Major, s. रेमजनिकारपद बञ्च-क्रिक्टिन : Surgeoncy, sur'jun-si, n. जन्न-हिक्टिन्द्राह्म अप ; अञ्च- विकिद्मारक कार्या ; The office or employment of a surgeon in the naval or military service.

Burgery, surjer-i, n. अञ्चितिकश्माः मजीवास्कृत 14411; The art or act of curing injuries by hand :- अश्व-िक्शिनात्र ; अयु-िक्शिरमद्भा (मानाम : A place for surgical operations.

Surgical, sur'jik-al, c. অস্ত্রচিকিৎসা সম্ভীয় ; অস্ত্র-विषा नवकोब ; Belonging to surgery ; done by means of surgery. ad - surgically.

Surgy, suifi, a. ভরত্মর ; ভরত্ত্বিভ : Billowy. Surloin, m. Preferable form of sirloin.

Burly, surle, c. केशबङ्गि ; (त्रावनतवन ; व्यवहार ; श्रानदेशन ; Snarling ; morose ; uncivil ; cross and rude. n=suriness, ad=surlily. Syn :- Ill-natured, sour, crabbed, rough, gruff, harsh.

**Surmise**, sur-miz', s. t. 气要利气-泵;和闭-泵; আখাল-ৰ ; To apprehend ; to suppose ; guess : —जरबर-ङ् ; To suspect :—ж. अरबर् ; Suspicion : —অসুবান; আনাল; Conjecture. Syn :--(v) Conjecture, suppose, presume, guess. (\*) Guess, supposition.

Burmount, sur-mount, e. f. F. sur, over

monter, to mount ] Biss withige-w: Bis 151: To overtop; mount above :—পতিন্তৰ-ভূ; সাধ-ভূ; व्यव-कृ ; To get over ; surpass ; overcome. Sym : -Vanquish, subdue, conquer; surpass, exceed. Surmountable, sur-mown(a-bl, a. चिक्रमनीय ; 🗱

वस्तीत ; (अत : That may be surmounted ; capable of being overcome.

Surname, surnam, n. (1) वाप : क्य गांव : পদবী : গৈত্ৰিক নাম : A name over and above the baptismal or Christian name; the family name, class or distinguishing name :-- v. t. কুলবাৰ यदिशों छांका : कोनिक नाम-त्म : वश्त्यत्र अम्बी दा नाम यदिशो ড়াকা : To call by a surname.

Surpass, sur-pas, v. t. F. sur, over, and passer, to pass ] (वर्ष-इ : चित्रक्य-इ : बाह्यि हैं। : To exceed; to excel; to go beyond in anything. Syn :- Outdo, outstrip, transcend.

Burpassing. a. पठिनवित : चलापिक । Surpassingly, ad. বিশক্ষণ ; অত্যধিকরূপে !

Surpassable, sur-pasa-bl, a. विख्यानीय ; That may be surpassed or excelled; capable of being excelled.

Surplice, surplis, n. পুরোচিতের পরিচন্দ ; বালকীয় एक वृश्क्तिंग वित्नक : White outer garment of a priest or singer. a-surpliced (wearing a surplice ).

Surplus, sur'plus, n. উবর্ত অর্থ ; বেশীর ভাগ ; অভি-রিক্ত অংশ; Overplus; excess beyond what is required :- a. डेवल : क्षांकनाविक : कांकिन : नाबा-বশিষ্ট। Syn --- Overplus, excess, remainder, residue, balance [ overplus.

Surplusage, sur'plus-aj, & wiscow : Excess ; Surprise, sur-priz', n. বিশ্বর ; আকর্বা ; Wonder ; amazement :-- वाकिष्यक वाक्यन ; कोश वानमन ; A sudden attack; the act of coming upon or taking unawares :-- v. t. चार्रावित-कृ, विश्वशानव-कृ; To strike with wonder; to astonish :- 3/19 WIS-19-কু; হঠাৎ আসিরা পড়া; To come upon suddenly ? fall upon suddenly; take unawares. Syn :--(\*) Amaze, startle, alarm.

Be surprised at-আন্তৰ্গ হওয়া বা ভাক লাগা; Be struck or impressed with amazement at seeing or hearing anything.

Take one by surprise—হঠাৎ আক্ৰমণ-কু; এমৰ-ভাবে হঠাৎ আসিবা পড়া বে তাহাতে লোকের ধাঁদা নারে: Come upon one unwares -- र जन्दि- ; To confuse ; to perplex :--হঠাৎ কোৰ কাণ্য করিয়া কাহারও ধাদা লাগাইবা-সে: Astonish one by anything sudden or unexpected.

Surprising, sur-prizing, a. बार्क्सबनक ; बहुड ; विश्वतकतः समाधातनः Wonderful; unexpected; extraordinary; astonishing. ad=surprisingly. Surrender, sur-render, v. f. मवर्गन-क ; वर्गन-क ;

ভাগ-ক ; ছাডিবা-দে ; To deliver over ; to render over ; to resign :--- १. ई. नद्रन- म ; ज्ञांजनवर्गन- कु : Te give up oneself to another :-- #. সমর্গণ ; আর্গণ ; ত্যাৰ : Delivery :- অপতি ; Submission. Syn :-(v) Cede, relinquish, resign, abandon, forego, abdicate; capitulate succumb strike.

Surrender at discretion—नण्यक्रण नंत्रक राष ममर्गन-क ; विमा मर्स्ड वा क्यांत काक्मनर्गन-क ; Surrender unconditionally.

Surreptitions, sur-rep-tishus, a. বেশিবে কৃত, বোশবে কৃত্যাধিত, নোগৰীয় , Done by stealth, stealthy admireptitiously (গোগৰীয় ভাবে, ছলপুৰ্জক): Syn:—Stealthy, furtive, fraudulent, underhanded, clandestine.

Surrogate, sur'ro-gat, ল. প্রতিনিধি; পুরোহিত, উপাধ্যক, Ecclesiastical deputy, a substitute,

a delegate.

Surround, sur-round, v t. বেইন-ফু, পরিবৃত-ফু পরিবেইন-ফু, বেয়া, বেড়-দে, To encompass, to go round about, to inclose on all sides. Syn— Encircle, environ, invest, besiege.

Surrounded, a বেট্টভ , বলরিত।

Burrounding, a boffas -n (484)

Surroundings, ». বাহা বেইন করে, আবুসলিক ঘটনা .
চতু:পার্থছ বস্তু, বিষয় বা ব্যাপারসমূহ , Things which surround, external or attending circumstances Surtout, sur-too', » পুরুষের বহিবাস বিশেষ , A

close-bodied frock-coat.

Surveillance, sur-velyans, n তথাবধারণ প্রিক্শন, নজর, পর্যবেশণ, Inspection, constant inspection of the police, supervision, watch

To be under the surveillance of - वृहिन्दर्य बाका , नवदनकी बाका ।

Survey, sur-vá, v. f [F surveour from sur over, and veour, L videre, to see] মনোবোগপুন্ধৰ মৰ্থন-কু, বিশেষ কৰিবা দেখা, দৃষ্ট কু, To see over to look over, inspect —পরিমাণ কু, অবিপ-কু, To measure and estimate, as laid —পরীশা-কু, To examine —n নিরীশণ, স্বিশেষ দৃষ্টি, An attentive view —পরীশা, Examination —ক্রেমাণ, ক্রিণ The measuring of land or of a country Syn—(v) Overlook, view, observe, sciutinize (n) Sight, prospect inspection mensuration

Surveying, n কেত্রমাণৰ দিলা , জরিপ।
Surveyor, sur-সর্ত্রতা, n প্রিদর্শক , জন রককারী
ভর্বধারক ; An oversect , one placed to super
intend others —কেত্র-দাণকারী , প্রিমাণক , আমিন
A medsurer of land n=surveyorship

Survival, sur-vival, n. আন্তর মৃত্যুর পব জীপন ধারণ, A living after the death of another an outliving [ অধিক উপবাসী তাহাদের ব'শ-রকা। The survival of the fittest—বাহার সর্কাণেশা Survive, v ধ অতিক্রম কবি । কীবিত খাকা কাহাবে মৃত্যুর পব বাচিয়া ধাকা, To live longer than to outlive —v 1. ক'হার মৃত্যুর পর বাচিয়া ধাকা ছাভাইয়া বাঁচা, ভীবিত খাকা, To remain alive (after the death of another)

Survivor, sur-vivor, n বে ব্যক্তি অক্সকে অভিক্রম করিয়া বাঁচিয়া থাকে, এক জনের মৃত্যুর পর বে বাঁচিয়া থাকে, অপেকাকৃত দীর্ঘজীবা, One who lives after another

Buscoptibility, sus-sep-ti-bili-ti, n অপুত্ৰ-ক্ষত্, প্ৰণ্শতাতা, প্ৰণ্ডা, Sensibility, capability Buscoptible, sus sep'te-bl, a [ I. suscipere, to take up ] অপুভবক্ষ, প্ৰণ্কা, প্ৰণ্ডা-বিশিষ্ট 'Impressible, capable of admitting, capable of receiving any thing Syn —Susceptive, sensitive, excitable, tender

Susceptible of (or to)—সহজে অপুতৰ কৰা বা লাগা, Capable of receiving impressions, or of being easily affected by. Susceptive, sus-sep'tiv, s. এইণকাইা ; এইণকাই: অবন, Capable of admitting or receiving ; readily admitting ===susceptiveness, susceptivity.

Suspect, sus-pekt, v. f. [L. sub, under, and specere, to look] সম্পেছ কু, To conjecture; to doubt — অবিধান-কু, To mistrust: — দোৰী বিবেচনা-কু, To imagine to be guilty. Syn — Surmise, guess, doubt, distrust. Suspect (one) of— কেব কোন কোব করিয়াছে বা কাহার কোন দোৰ আহে বিদ্যা সম্পেছ-কু, Imagine one to be guilty of

Suspected, a সন্দিশ্ব , সন্দেহিত।

Suspend, sus pend, v t. মুনান, লট্কান, টাফান;
Make to hang by anything, to hang.—বিলম্বন,
বন্ধ কু, To delay, to stay —বিভাগনের কয় কর্মচাড-ফু, কিছুকানের কয় অগপত কু, Cause to cease
for a time, debar for a time from office or
duty —বিশ্বত-ফু, To debar Syn —Hang,
ling, interrupt, stop, discontinue intermit,
stay, postpone, withhold, debar

Be suspended in mid sir—খাগ কাৰ্কৰ্ম ক'তে বিচুত হ . Be debarred from the exercise of its legitimate functions

Suspend in a swing—শিকার বুলান।

To suspend payments—ৰণ প্রিপোধে অক্স হ . দেউলিয়া হ , দেনা দেওয়া বন্ধ-কু , To become bankrupt

Suspense, sus-pens, স অনিক্রসা, অনিক্রিবরা, সম্পের বিধা, সম্পের্কনিত উৎকঠা, Indecision, uncertainty. Sy: —Anxicty solicitude, misgiving, apprehension, intermission, cessation, respite, rest pause

Be in suspense—কি হটা তাহা ভানিতে না পারা ৷ নাশ্যাধিত আছার থাকা অমীয়া দিত-চ , সাল্যাপন্ত ইটবা থাকা , Be in a state of uncertainty

Keep one in suspense—কাহাকে সংশ্রাপন্ন অব-স্থায় রাধা Keep one in uncertainty

Suspense account —कांश क्यां पत्रहा

Suspension, sus penshun, স প্রশ্বন ঝুলান;
Act of suspending —িনবৃত্তি, Interruption, cessation —িবন্ধ, Delay —িকুছালের বস্ত অপনারণ, কিছুগিনের কস্ত কম্মাতি, Temporary privation of office or privilege —সর্ভান্থনার, প্রভান্ধণ, A conditional withholding — (অলম্বারে) আভান্ধার Syn —Hanging, intermission, postponement. Suspension bridge, a ক্ষিত পুল, Bridge in which the road way is slung by chains, rods, ropes &c. [জ্যু বুক্-দিরোধ, A short truce.

Suspension of arms—কণ্ডায়ী সন্ধি, কণ্কালের Suspensory, sus-pen-or-i, a সবিভকারী, লোহল্ডানান, Hanging —সন্দেহজনক, সন্দেহপূর্ব, Doubtful — এক্সাণেকী, Depending —ন. কত্ৰজনাৰ্ব ব্যাদিৰ কালি, A bandage

Suspicion, sus-pishun, ল. অবিধান, Mistrust —সলেহ, (ধাকা, Doubt —সালহ, Jealousy — লবুমান, Evidence —প্রমাণ বিনা অবুমান, The imagining of something without proof Syn — Surmise, conjecture, guess, supposition, distrust, misgrving

Be above suspicion—কোন কুংনা কৰিছে না পাগৈ এমনতর হওয়া, Be beyond the reach of calumny, To be above suspicion—নকেহ-নানার অইড ১ Buspicious, sus-pishe-us, a. সম্পেহলারী, সম্পেহ প্রচন্ধ; Showing suspicion; indicating fear:— সন্দির; সম্পেহলবন; সম্পেরায়িড; Liable to suspicion; doubtful. সক্রেডpiciousness (সন্দির্ভা); ad=suspiciously (সম্পেহপুর্বান): Syn:—Jealous, distrustful, mistrustful; questionable.

Bustain, sus-tań, v. t. [L. sub, under, and tenere, to hold] বৃহৰ-ভূ: To bear:—পাতৰ হুইতে রকা-ভূ, বার্থ-ভূ: To uphold:—সভ্-ভূ, সহা, To suffer:—জীবিত রাধা; To relieve.—প্রতিপালন-ভূ: পুই-ভূ: To maintain; to nourish:—প্রাণ-ভূ: To prove:—জনুমোরল-ভূ: স্বর্ণ-ভূ: To sanction:—বিল্প-ভূ: To prolong. Syn:—Support, uphold; preserve, nourish, aid, comfort; endure, suffer, undergo, approve, confirm, establish, justify.

Sustain a defeat (an injury or a loss)— ধোনজপ ক্ষি সৃষ্-কু; Suffer a loss:—ক্তিগ্ৰভ-ই; শাহীরিক আ্বাত্তরাপ্ত-হ; Suffer in injury bodily or mental:—বৃদ্ধে প্রালিত-ই; Suffer a defeat.

Sustainable, sus-taña-bl, a. পালনীয় ; রক্ষীয় ; That may be sustained. [ পরিয়কিত। Sustained, p. a. সমান ; একলপ , Uniform :— Sustainer, n. পরিয়ক্ক , পালক। ne—sustainment (পালন ; পরিয়ক্ক )।

Sustenance, suiten-ans, n. ভরণণোবণ; অতিপালণ, রক্ষণ . Maintenance; support, subsistence:—
আহারের এবা, বাদা সামনী; উপলীবিকা; Provisions, food, victuals.

[ maintenance, support, star critical Support.

Sustentation, ল. বৰণ, ধাৰণ; পোৰণ, Support, Sutarnalia, n. Festivals in honor of Saturn, the father of Jupiter.

Sutler, su'lèi, জ. সৈত্তদিগের থাণ্ডাইবা, মণা প্রভৃতি বিকেতা; A person who follows an army and sells provisions, drink &c., to soldiers.

Sutling, a. সৈনিক-পিবিরের খাদ্য বিক্রেডা সম্বন্ধীয়; Belonging to sutlers.

Suttee, n. সহমরণ; সহস্তা লী. The sacrifice of a burning widow. { a suture. Sutural, suffur-al, a. সীৰৰ-সম্ভাষ; Relating to Suture, suffur, n. মাধার ধুলিয় ভোড়; সেলাইনের সান্ধ; The seam uniting the bones of the skull; the uniting of the parts of a wound by stitching. Sutured, suffurd, a. বোড়ময়; Having or united by sutures.

Suserain, ১০০'ze-rān, প. ভূষামী ; ভ্ৰেষ্ঠ প্ৰভূ ; অধি-বাল , বালা ; A feudal lord , a superior lord.

Suscrainty, ১০০ ze-ran-ti, n. আদিপতা; রাজত্ব, রাজত্ব, রাজত্ব, নাজা . The dominion or authority of a suzerain:
—্যাজকাতা; রাজ-আদাভ ; Paramount authority.
Swab, swob, n. সমাজনী: হাজনী: লাকা বিশেষ:

Swab, swob, n. সম্বাৰ্জনী; ৰাজ্বী; ভাডা বিশেষ; তুলিকা বিশেষ, Mop for clearing; a brush:—v. t. সম্বাৰ্জনী বাবা পৰিকাৰ-ক; ধোৱা ও বোছা; সাক-ক;, To clean or dry with a swab.

Swabber, swober, n. মার্ক্সনকারী; সম্মার্ক্সন্ত ; One who cleans:—পোডের অধন্তন কর্মচারী বিশেষ; An officer whose business is to see that the ship is kept clean.

Swaddle, swodl, v. t. সদ্যোজাত শিক্তকে কাপড়ে জড়ান ; বছাব্ড-কু ; To bind tightly with clothes, as an infant :—n. শিক্তর গাঁত্রের ; A cloth.

Swaddling-band, swedling-band, Swaddl-

ingoloth, swodling-kloth, #. ম্বলাড সভানের আজ্ঞান বর ; বাবাদি : ভাকড়া-চোকড়া ; Cloth formerly used for swaddling an infant.

Bwagger, swag'er, v. i. नर्ज-कृ; क्हांह-कृ; To brag; to boast noisily; to bully:—ceनिज्ञो क्रिक्रिक्ष कर्जा न क्यां:—n. नर्जः; क्हांबे; कर्जान; नर्जान श्राप्त कर्जान; नर्जान; Boastfulness; insolence of manner. n=swaggerer ( गांकिक लाक; नर्जानोत्रों)। Syn:—(v) Bluster, vapour.

Swain, swan, n. গল্পীবাদী ব্ৰক; প্ৰাৰ্ ব্ৰা; কৃষক; চাৰা; A peasant:—পদ্মীদিবাদী থেইকে লোক; A country gallant or lover. Syn:—Hind, countryman, rustic, lover.

Swallow, swolo, v. f. আন-কৃ; প্লাথ:কবণ-কৃ; গেলা; ভক্প-কৃ; To receive through the gullet into the stomach:—উদৰহ-কৃ, এহণ-কৃ; To take into the stomach:—খান-কৃ; To absorb:—পরীকা না করিলা (বা বিনা পরীকার) গ্রহণ-কৃ; To take in without examination:—বর্ত্ত-কৃ; To engage completely:—আধিকার-কৃ; To occupy:—n. পাকিবিশেষ; বাবৃহু পকী; চাতক আত্তির পকী. A migratory bird. Syn:—(v) Engulf, destroy, devour, consume, exhaust. [sorded in; be engrossed by. Be swallowed ap in—বহু বা বৃদ্ধ বাকা; Be abone swallow does not make a summer— একটা বটনা দেখিয়া একটা সাধারণ নির্মাবিদ্ধেকরা বাহনা ।

Swallow the bait—কাহাৰ বাবা প্ৰতাহিত-হ : প্ৰলোভৰে প্ৰতাহিত-হ , ডোক গোৱা : To be the dupe of another ; be deluded by some tempting object. [ exhaust or consume.

Swallow up—প্রাস-ক ; Enguli :—Appropriate ; Swam, pt. of swim.

Swamp, swomp, n. জলা; জনাভূমি; বাদা; বিল; Marsh, land wet and spongy:—v. t. ডুবান; নিমগ্র-কৃ, আগ্লুত-কৃ; To sink in:—উণ্টাইয়া-দে; অল বানা প্ৰ-কৃ, বিশ্বঅ-কৃ; To overset or cause to fill with water as a boat Syn:—(n) Bog, fen.

Swampy, swomp'i, a. জলা; জনাট্রা; পছিন; Wet and spongy; boggy. [watei-fowl. Swan, swon, n. বৃহৎ ছবে, মরাল; A long neck Swan goose—বালহবে।

Swan quill-(बाँडी गानस्कत कन्द ।

Swap, v. f. বংগ-ক ; বিনিময়-ক :-- v. f. আগত-হ ; পতিত-হ ; উড়া :-- ad. ফতবেগে।

প্রজ্ঞান , swawid, গ. ভূপাছানিত ভূমি; ভূপাছার ভূপৃষ্ঠ; বানের চাবড়াব্জ ভূমিতন , Green turf:—ত. গ্র. বানের চাবড়া বিসা আহানিত-কু; চাবড়া নিয়া আবৃত-কু; To cover with sward. a—swarded, swardy ( ভূপমন্ত্রি সমারত)।

জwarm, swawrm, n. পতলাদির পাল; বধ্বকিকার বাক, বৌলাছির বাঁক; A cluster of insects, especially of honey bees:—বহুদংখাক ব্যক্তির বল; খল; A great number; a multitude, throng:—p. s. বাঁকে বাঁকে উড়িলা-বা; খলবছ হুইলা উপস্থিত-হু; To gather as bees:—অমা-হ; বক্তিত-হ; To throng together:—বহুদংখাল অস্ব-কু; To breed multitudes. Syn:—(n) Crowd, multitude, mass, flock, teoop, drove, herd, horde, shoal, army. Swarm like locusts or like bees—অস্ত

वादर-र ; To be very numerous. [ with. Swarm with—वादिएकर ; Be thronged or filled Swart, c. कांव ; वेदद कुकर्ग ; Swarthy. Bwarthy, swawthe, e. कृष्ण ; कांचर्ग ; विन्त ; नांचर ; Dark ; tawny ; dusky ; black ; of a dark hue or complexion :—कृष्ण ; Dark-skinned. edmawarthily, n=swarthiness ( मिन्डा )।
Swash, n. जन्म नम ; Dashing or loud noise

Swash, ল. ৰাণ্ডন বৰ; Dashing or loud noise of falling water.

[ a swaggerer.

Swash-buckler, n. বগৰাইস, পাজি; A ruffian;

Swath, swawth, n. কটোবাস; কটো বাসের নারি;

A bandage; band; fillet.

Swathe, swath, e. f. পট দিলা জড়ান; পট বাঁণা; To bind with a band or bandage:—n, পট; বন্ধ-বন্ধনী; A bandage.

Sway, swi, v. t. শাসন-কু; নির্মিত-কু; To rule, to govern:—আন্দোলিত-কু; To sweep, to swing:
—হত দারা আবর্তন-কু; জালা; ব্রান, To influence:
—এক দিকে নত-কু; কোনা; To incline to one side:—v. i. নত-হ, কো; To incline:—আন্দোলিত-হ; To swing:—শাসন-কু; To govern:—ভারী-হ; To swing:—শাসন-কু; To govern:—ভারী-হ; To have weight or influence:—n. শাসন মে৷
Rule, government:—কমডা; কর্ত্ত্ত; প্রত্ত্ত্ত; Influence; authority:—আন্দোলন; আব্রুল, ভালব,
Swing:—আত্ত স্কালনের সীমা; Sweep. Syn:—(v)
Wield, wave, bend, turn, persuade; direct, lean. (n) Dominion, control, command, empire, preponderance, ascendancy.

Boar sway—গ্লাল-কু।

Sway on-- खद शिशन : अध्यत्र-१।

Under the sway of—শাসনাধীনে , কৰ্মানীৰে। Sweal, ৩. ঠ. (বাজী) গলিয়া পড়া, To melt :— ৩. ঠ. বৰ্ম-ক্ৰ।

Bwear, swar, v. i বর্মাকী করিবা বলা, To take an oath solemnly:—ঈবরের নান বুধা এইব-কু, To take the name of God in vain —শপথ-কু, দিব-কু; হলপ-কু; To affirm, calling God to witness:—শপথ করিবা সাক্য-কে; শপথ ক'ন্যা বলা, To give evidence on oath:—শভিশাপ-দে. To curse:—v. t. শপথ-কু: To utter, calling God to witness—শপথ করেবা; হলপ করান; To administer an oath:—শপথ করিবা আকাশ-কু; শপথ করিবা বলা; To declare on oath. pt. and pp=sworn. n=swearer. Syn:—Declare solemnly, affilm, depose, deprove, testify; curse, blaspheme.

Swear allegiance (fealty or fidelity)—
শপ্ৰ-কু; শপ্ৰ ক্তিয়া বাৰছন্তি বীকার-কু; Take an
oath of being true or faithful to.

Swear at one—কাহাকে অভিসম্পাত-কু; কাহাকে আগ-বে; Curse a man.

Swear by one কাহারত কথার সরা বাঁচা; কাহাকে কতিশন বিধান-মু; Trust one implicitly as an authority, be an admiring follower of.

Swear like a trooper—To be very profane. Swear off—পরিভাগ-ৰু; জাগ-ৰু; Renounce in a formal manner.

Sweer to—পূপৰ কৰিয়া কোন কিছু বলিতে পানা; Declare (on oath) something to be beyond doubt:—কোন কিছু কৰিব বলিয়া আপনাকে প্ৰতিক্ষায় আপন-কু; Bind oneself by oath to observe.

Sweezer, क. ननवकारी ४

Sweeping, n. 474 |

Sweat, n. 414; 44; (47; The moisture from the

skin:—ছতি আৰু; গৰিপ্ৰক; Drudgery; labour; toil:—ছ. গ্ৰহ্মান ; শৰ্ম বিগ্ৰুড-ছ়; To give out sweat or moisture:—বেষকাপ বিশীনিড-ছু, To exude.—গরিখন-ছু; To toil:—ছ. গ্ৰহ্মান বিগ্ৰুড-ছু; বাৰা; To give out, as sweat:—গাইব বিবা কোড়া:—খতিঅব-ছু, To cause to sweat:—পাইব বিবা কোড়া:—খতিঅব-ছু, To toil.

By the sweat of the brow—মাখান খান পাৰে কেলিয়া।

[ bleed; fleece him sweat coin—মুদ্ধা সকল খবন কবিয়া ভাছা ইইতে কবিবাপ্যানিক হক্ষ চুল বাহিন-ছু; To subtract part of the gold or silver by friction.

Sweat down—ফীণ-ছ; Reduce by sweating. Sweat of one's brow—প্রিত্তম; মেহনত; Labour; toil. With (or in ) the sweat of one's brow—

কটিন পরিশ্রম বারা, By hard bodily labour.—কটিন মানসিক পরিশ্রম বারা, By excessive mental labour. Sweating cloth, n. গামছা, ভোমালে; Napkin. Sweating room—পরীকা সৃহ; Examination room. [epidemic Sweating sickness, n. সংকামক মোগ, An Sweaty, swell, a. বর্গময়; বর্গাল; বর্গমুক; Consisting of sweat, moist with sweat:—আভি শ্রময়নক, পরিশ্রমী; Laborious. n=weatiness. [Sweeden, Swede, swed, n. ক্ইডেন দেশ সব্বামী; Persuning to Sweeden.—ডলেশ্ব ভাবা; The language of Sweeden.

Sweep, swep, v. f. मार्कन-कृ , बाह्र-त्म , शविकान-कृ . To brush, to rul over with a broom, to clean :--বলপূর্বাক লইয়া-যা , Carry along or off by force :-- श्र'म-कृ, अकावारङ दिनहे-कृ; To destroy. to carry off at a strike -- वाशांत्र मिया लहेशा-या . To carry with pomp -- आशंड-कृ. To strike with a long stroke -টানিয়া গ্রহ্মা-বা; To drag over :-- উপৰ निया क्रान्ड तर्ग-था , अनिक्रम-क् ; To pass rapidly over --- খ. ৷ পরিকার-কু; :--- শীন্ত পমন-কু, धार्रेश हमा , नमार्शिश्मक-वा ; To pass swiftly with force and with a long reach .- n. 415 (444; Act of sweeping - 415 | A Chimney-sweeper -- बाबाट्ड मीमा ; Extent of a stroke . compass of a stroke:--বক্ত ব্যার পতিপিক্, Direction of a curve — वर्मनार्थ कन्द्रम व्यापर्धन — व्यापर्धन ; वज्राता । pt. and pp=swept. Syn -- Remove, clear away . touch, graze; pass over, traverse; over-whelm. Make a clean aweep of -- नहे- क ; नाम कहिना ৰেলা, পুরস্থ-কু, Destroy, exturpate thoroughly. Sweep along (or by )-Carry with a pomp or with a swinging or trailing motion.

Sweep off, sweep away—বাঁটনা কইনা-বা.
সংহার-কৃ, Carry off, destroy completely:—
কোন চিকু না থাকে এমন করিয়া নষ্ট-কৃ, Take away
all trace of. [sweeps, chimney-sweeper.
Sweepar, ম. সমাজ্ঞক, বাডুলার; Who or what
Sweeping, a. সম্পূর্ণ: Whole; complete:—সাবারুণ; General:—পরিকারকারী: সাক্কারী, বক্যাপক।
To deal sweeping blows—To make long
slashing strokes.

Bweepings, swepings. n. pl. वशान ; आव्ह्यां ; वृष्ट्यां ; Refuse ; dirt ; rubbish. Sweep-net, s. die ain fires : Not that takes in a great compass.

Sweep-stakes, n. चूहा (पनाव बिठ वर्ष वा अवा : The whole money or other things staked or won at a horse race, or in gaming; those who ( বাহির করে। win all the stakes. Bweep-washer, n. বে অপাল ধুইয়া ভাষা হইতে ৰাভু Swoot, swet, a. विद्व : वाष्ट्र : विविद्व : विविद्व : Plessing to the taste; tasteful, pleasant: -- হৰ্মান্ট ; रूडां ; स्त्रीच ; Fragrant :- स्वत्रविनिष्ठ ; युक्षांवा ; হললিত : Melodious :-- হলর : হণ্ণন : Beautiful : — ग्रेडिका : छाला ; Fresh :— जनगणक ; Not salt :-मञ , अनम्बीही ; जमादिक ; Mild ; obliging :-- n. बबुत्र क्षत्र ; मिडे खवा ; A sweet substance :-- जानत-कृष्ण नव: A term of endowment:--pl. विशे সামগ্রী: মিষ্টারমাত্র: Sweetmeats. n=sweetness, ad=sweetly. Syn :-(a) Sugary, saccharine, luscious : redolent : soft, harmonious, dulcet ; fair, lovely; delightful, aggreeable, charming. gentle, winning; affectionate, tender. [ pleases. At one's sweet with - हेम्बानुनान ; As one To be sweet upon--ব্যৱসাপের ভাব প্রকাশ-স : ভালবাসা; To be affectionate towards; to be

attached to ; to be making love. Sweet-apple, #. আতা ; নোনা।

Sweet-brier, suit-biler, n. হুগদি গোলাপ পুশ বিশেষ: A thorny shrub of rose

Sweeten, swein, v t. মিষ্ট-কু , স্বাদ-কু ; To make sweet :- नदम-क ; To make mild .- निर्द्धाव-क ; To make pure. n = sweetener.

Sweetening, swifn-ing, n. যাহা কিছু স্নধ্ব করে. That which sweetens.

Sweet-heart, sweihart, n. প্রণায়ী, প্রণায়িনী; প্রিয हासि : A lover or mistress.

Sweetish, sweetish, a. बहा बिहे : किक्टि बिहेशन . Somewhat sweet to the taste. n =sweetishness. Sweetly, ad. [4] ste ; In a sweet manner.

Swootmeat, sweimet, n. विशेष्ट : भर्कदावुक बीहा ; Confections made wholly of sugar.

Sweetness, n. নধুৰতা ; নিইতা , Gratefulness to the taste; agreeableness,

Sweet oil, त. वनशाहितक (उन)

Sweet-pess, swet-pe, n. মটর বিশেব; A pes cultivated for its fragrance and beauty.

Sweet-potato, swer-po-tito, n. जान वित्नव: भर्कशक्य भागु ; An catable fruit.

Sweet-scented, c. হ্ৰাসিড ; Fragrant.

Bweet tooth—দিইপ্রিমতা।

Sweet-wash, ভ. t. হ্বাসিড-কু।

Sweet will-अङ्गिति वा त्यहान ।

Sweet-William, n. 999 वित्तव : A flower. Swell, swei, ত. i উলাত-ই; To buige out :--- মীত-হ : ফাঁপিরা উঠা ; To expound :--বৃদ্ধিত-হ : বড-ফ ; बाडा ; To grow large :- कीड-इ ; क्लिब्रा डेंग्र ; To rise into waves :-- উल्लामिष-१ ; बरङ्ग्छ वा वर्षिष-१ ; क्षा-इ : To become elated, arrogant, or angry : ---( বরাশিতে ) উচ্চতর-হ; To be bombastic :---গা कतांडेका हुला : To strut :-- क्यांन : To dilate :--थे. र. बृद्धि-कु: मीशान ; की छ-कु: To increase the size of; fill up:--- Two Goods-#; To increase the sound of :-- n. 南信; 引信; Swelling; increase :- शक्ति ; छत्रम ; एडि , A wave :- मरकार्वा :

पांक्ताक: (जीता त्याक: A showy porson; क dandy :- चरत्रत्र चारिका ; Increase in sound :-ৰড়েৰ পৰ সাগলোপি; The waves or fluctuation of the sea, especially after a storm. Syn:-(v) Dilate, expand, extend; increase, enlarge, augment; rise, heave; bulge, protuberate; strut, fume; enhance, heighten, aggravate.

Ground swell-The heavy swelling and surging of the sea after a storm or as indicating an advancing storm.

Swell mob, n. A gang of well dressed thieves. Swell the ranks of - रमपृष्ठिक ; मरबा वृद्धिक ; Increase the number of.

Swell the tide of-(कान कियान का शहे-के; Support ; reinforce.

Swelling, sweling, n. খীড়ি; মুলা; বৃদ্ধি; Protuberance; tumour :-- [373 6034; A rising of passion.

Swelling of the body-(414)

Swelter, swelter, v. i. Ewith fet-e: affestig-হ; উত্তাপে হততৈ ভল-ছ; গরৰে মৃতথার-ছ; To be overcome or faint with heat.

Swept, pt. and pp. of sweep.

Swerve, swerv. v. i. [ D. swerven, to rove ] लब्दन-कृ : विभधनामी-इ ; नित्रम बह्य्यंत्र-ह ; To deviate ; to depart from rule, duty or custom :--वानड-इ ; Incline. Syn :- Diverge, divaricate; bend, incline, trend.

Swerve from—(कांव উप्तक, दाविका, वा कहता इहेट अभिकृति ; Depart from (purpose, resolution

Swift, swift, a. [ A. S. swifan, to move quickly ] ক্রতণতি; বেগবান; ব্রিড; স্বর; Moving quickly; fleet : rapid; speedy; ready :n. ক্রতগানী কৃত্র পদিবিশেব; A swiftly flying bird of the swallow tribe. pt=swelled, pp=swelled, swollen. Syn:-(a) Quick, fast, expeditious; ready, prompt, eager; sudden, instantaneous. Swift footed or swift of foot, a. 4574; Nimble; fleet of foot.

Swiftly, ad. wordt ; Rapidly ; readily.

Swiftness, swiftnes, n. সংযতা; বেগ; কিল্লভা; ক্তা; ক্তগতি: Quickness; speed. Syn:--Quickness, celenty, velocity, rapidity, fleet-[ To gulp. ness, expedition.

Swig, v. t. एक एक क्रिज़ (मेग); अजिल्लांक-कृ; Swill, swil, v. t. or v. i. अधिक शाब-क : To drink greedily or largely :--(बोड-कृ ; कीछ-कृ :-- त बगा-দির অধিক মাত্রা : A large draught of liquor.

Swim, swim, ए. इं. महत्रा-क ; बरन छानमान-इ ; करन ভাগা ; To float ; to move on or in water :-- বহুগ-ছ ; To abound :-- वृत्डि-इ ; वृतीत्रवात-इ ; To be dizzy : — আর্ড-কু; সিজ-ই; To be drenched:—». f. সাত-বাৰ ; সম্ভৱণ দাবা অতিক্ৰম-কু ; To make to swim or float; to pass by swimming :-- n. AVA4; The act of swimming :-- ৰংকেৰ পটকা : The air-bladder of a fish. pt=swam, swum, pp. swum. p= swimming.

Swim with the stream—হোডে ভাসিয়া-বা: সাধারণ মতে গা ভাসান-দে; চলিত মতে মত দেওলা; To conform to the popular opinion.

Swimmer, swinter, n. nunfeint; One who

swims :- जिस्तिन सन्तर शकी ; A web-footed aquatic bird.

Swimming, ম. সম্বৰণ ; সাঁথার ; The act of swimming :--- পিরোমুর্গন ; বাধাযুরা রোগ ; Dizziness. Swimmingly, swiming-ly, ad. সিম্বনাম ব্ইনা ;

ज्ञांक्लाज्ञर्कारत ; Successfully :- का : Rapidly :--ज्ञरुक ; क्लांकारज ; क्लांका ; क्लांका ; Smoothly.

Bwindle, swindl, v. t. প্রভারণা-ড়; প্রবদনা-ড়; পুলচুরী-ড়; To cheat :-- n. প্রভারণা; বদক; The act of swindling; the act of defrauding.

Swindler, swindler, n. প্রভাবক ; বাই ; আনুষ্ঠা ; A cheat ; rogue ; one who defrauds others. Syn:—Sharper, defrauder, impostor. Swine, swin, n. sing and pl. শ্বর ; শ্বরভাতি.

A pig, pigs collectively. com. gend. mas=boar. fem=sow.

Cast pearls before the swine—(वर्ग) वास मुखा Swine-herd, n. मुक्त होलक वां वकका

Bwing, swing, v. i. দোহলাবান-ই; বোলাইমান-ই, বোলা; এদিক ছবিক নড়া; To sway to and iro; to wave to and fro in the air; to vibrate:—ইনি-বা: To be hanged:—v. t. আবর্তন-ক; বোলান; বুৱান; To cause to wave or vibrate; to move to and fro:—n. বোলন; নড়ান; নাড়া: The act of swinging; motion to and iro; a waving motion:—বোলা; বোলানা; The compass of a swinging body:—বৈষ গড়ি: বাধীন গড়ি. Free course pt. pp—swung. p=swinging. Syn:—(n) Usculate, wave; hang, dangle; be hanged.

Give full swing—এতার-দে : অবাধে চলিতে-দে। Have full swing—অবাধে চলিতে পাওয়া।

In full awing—প্রোপ্রি চলিতেছে; সম্পূর্ণ চলিতঃ-বহার; in full progress:—পুরো বাজ বা মত ; কার্থো বাজ; In the hurry and bustle of:—পুবা দপ্তর কাজ চলেছে; Busily working:—চুডান্ত সীমার; In unrestrained enjoyment; at the height.

Swing a door - দরকা বোনান। [ আনা । Swing round the circle- পুরা এক চক বৃনিকা Swinge, e. t. অভাত অধার-কু; কনাবাত-কু; To beat soundly; to thrash. [ by swinging

Swing bridge, n. A bridge that may be moved Swinge-bucker, n. A rake; a roisterer.

Swinging, a. que; etale, Huge.

Swinging festival-भूतव वाजा।

Swingle, o. t. পাট বা শণ ঠেজান; বাড়া; To clean, as flax, by beating:—গাড়ের আগা চাটা. To beat off the tops:—n. পাটেয় ঠেমা, A wooden instrument.

Swingle tree, ». গাড়ীয় গে পাড়কাঠে জোডবদী লাগাৰ হয়; The bar of a carriage to which the traces are fastened.

Swinish, a. হেৰ; পাৰ্শৰ; Gross; brutal:—পুৰুষ | নমুল ; পুৰুষৰ ; Like swine , hoggish.

Swirl, v. t. or v. s. আবর্তন-ড়; খুবা; To whirl .-n. আবর্ত, পাক; A whirling motion.

#wish, v. t. चुदावेश नच-क ; यन्तन् कदिया चुदान :-n. त्या (या नच , A sound of quick movement.

Swise, swis, a. স্টবৰ্ণত দেখ্য , Of or pertaining to Switzerland:—n. স্টবনত্যানী; A native of Switzerland.

Switch, swich, n. नवबीत गांवी ; कांग्रे नवबीत जान ; A small flexible twig :-- जांत्रा लोक्सर्डन (तम ;

লৌহবর্দ্ধে টাবা বেল; A moveable rall :—( মুবন্ধি ) প্রচুলা :—০. f. ছড়ি বিলা আখাত-ছু ; ছিপটা বালা ; To strike with a small twig :—মেলাছনে হিলাব ; To transfer from one line to another by a switch. Switzers, n. Guards attendant on kings.

Swivel, swift, n. আটো; আকড়া বা বলর বাহা কোবও কিছুতে এক্ষণভাবে আবদ্ধ থাকে বে পাদ দিলে ঘূরিতে পারে; A ring or link that turns round on a pin or neck:—কুলু কামান বিশেব; A small cannon turning on a swivel.

Swollen, swaln, pp. of swell.

Swoon, swoon, v. i. অন্তান-হ; বৃদ্ধিত-হ, To faint:—n. বৃহ্ছা; মটেডায় : A fainting-fit; the act of swooning.

Swoop, swoop, v. t. ছোঁ যারিয়া ধরা; ধান্টা যায়া; উডিয়া-ধু; পাকড়ান; To fall on and seize as a hawk his pray; to catch while on the swing; to catch up and carry off:—v. i. ছোঁ যায়া: To descend with a swing:—n. ছোঁ; বান্টা; উড়িয়া পাতন; A falling on and seizing as a bird on its prey. Syn:—(v) Pounce upon, clutch, catch up; bear down, descend, stoop; sweep by.

At one fell swoop—এক নিঠুৱ আগাড়ে; এক দাকণ পতনে ; At one cruel blow.

Swop, v.t বিনিময়-কু; বদলান; To exchange:-
л. বিনিমন; An exchange.

Sword, তিনে, দ. ভাৰবাৰি; অনি ; বানা , তানায়াৰ, An offensive weapon, cut and thrust weapon: —মুদ্ধ ; বিগাছ, War - নুদ্ধ চিন্ত; ক্ষমতাৰ চিন্তু, The emblem of war; sign of authority:—বিচাৰ, Justice. Syn — Falchion, scimitar, rapier, cutlass, sabre, claymore.

Atswords drawn—খলানত ; কটাকাট সম্মানিশিষ্ট। At swords points—কটোকাট অবস্থান , পর্যশার বং করিতে টলাত।

At the point of the sword—বলপ্ৰতঃ বোৰ করিল।; By compulsion; by military force.

Cross swords with—গুছ-কু, লড়াই-কু; Fight. Draw the sword—বুছ আরম্ভ করা; ভরবারি বিভাগিত কু; Begin war. [tend.

Messure sword—বগড়া-কু; বিবাদ-কু, To con-Put to the sword—ভৱোৱাল বারা হত্যা-কু; ব্ৰ-কু; শিৱশ্বে-ক, To slay with the sword.

Sheathe the sword — विशेष त्यर है, विशेष निवर्ष है; Put an end to war.— बालब डिडेड उद्योख्यान (बाज़), Put the sword into the scabbard.

Sword of Damocles—মানত্ত বিশাস : Evil foreboded or dreaded — উ চান বাড়ি ( বাহাতে সমাই সন-জিত করিলা বাবে) : মাধান উপন বাড়া বুসান ; Some great danger or evil with which one is threatened.

Turn swords into ploughshare—ৰুত্ব বেষ-কু: লড়াই সমাধা-কু; Put an end to war.

Your tongue is a double edged sword— এক মূৰে মুট কৰা কলা; You first say one thing and then the other.

Sword-arm, w. निक्त इप : Right arm.

Sword-bayonet, sord-baon-et, n. ভর্বারিক আকার্যবিশিষ্ট দক্ষিন; A bayonet sharpened somewhat like a sword and used as one.

Sword-belt, n. অসি বুলাইবার কটবন্ধ ; কোন্যবন্ধ ; -Belt for suspending a sword.

Sword-blade, n. उत्रवादित क्या वा वाका।

Sword-cane, Sword-stick, c. আনিগৰ্ভ বই ; A cane or stick containing a sword. Sword-cutler, n. অসি-নির্দাবকারী; One who [ dancing with swords. make swords. Sword-dance, n. उत्रवाति (वना ; Playing and Sword-fight, n. অসিযুদ্ধ; Fight with swords. Sword-fighter, n. অসি-বোদা . মল ; Gladiator. Sword-fish, n. অসিচকু মংখ ; A large fish. Sword of state, m. A sword before a [ Combat of gladiators. magistrate. Sword-play, n. छत्रवीति-वृद्ध ; खत्नात्रीत धना ; Sword-player, n. मह ; उत्रांति-कोएक ; Gladiator; fencer. [ sword. Sword-sheath, n. 电闭电话; Scabbord for a Swordsman, sördźman, n. অসি প্রয়োগে সুনিপুণ वाक्षि ; छद्रवादि बादा वृत्य निश्न वाक्षि ; A man skilled in the use of the sword; a fencer:-- 44414131 বোদা। #=swordmanship ( অনিবৃদ্ধের কৌশন )। Sword-stick, n. অসিবৃক্ত ছড়ি; Walking stick in [ the sword. which a sword is concealed. Sword-thrust, n. ভর্বারির আবাত, Stab with Swore, pt. of swear. Sworn, p. p. of swear. ि भौरमभद्रत्य अक श्रोकः। Be sworn friends-- मन्भून्त्रक वस्त्रनात्न सावक्र-इ : Be sworn of—महाजूक-क , महाध्येतीवृक र अहा ; Be admitted as a member of. Sworn-enemy—ভৱানৰ বা প্ৰকাভ শক্ত, Violent or declared foe. Sworn-friend-श्राप्तक्, कोरनमन्द्र अविका वा সমপ্ৰাৰ ব্যক্তি; Close or intimate friend. Sybarite, sibar-it, n ইন্দ্রির হুপ-প্রাণী ; Inhal itant of Sybaria; womanly, voluptuary; epicure; one devoted to luxury. Sycamine, n. कुक विराग ; The mulberry tree. Sycamore, sik'a-mor, n. ডুমুর বৃক্ষ ; A fig tree. Sycophancy, siko-fan-se, Sycophantism, siko-lant-izm, #. খোসামোদ : ভোষামোদ : নীচভা . Obsequiousness, flattery, servility. Syn:-Fawning; clinging. Sycophant, siko-fant, n. ভোগামোদকারী; চাটু-কার, মোসাছেব; A mean flatterer. Syn -Parasite, fawner, toady, hanger on. Speophartic, Sycophantical, Sycophantiah, a. csialculand; Parasitic. Syllabicate, sil-lab'i-kat, v. t. একাৰিক পদাংশে পটিত বা বিভালিত-কু; To form into syllables. Syllabilify, o. t. উচ্চাধ্য ক্ষুত্ৰ অংশে বিভক্ত-কু; To form into syllables, n=syllabilification. Syllable, sila-bl, n. এককালে উচ্চাৱিত প্লাংল: नामत्र वक्ना छेळांचा वक वक्ती काम, वदांखत धानि; चुत्र भाषा वा भाषा ; A several letters taken together so as to form one sound. a=syllabic, syllabical ( এক বা একাধিক প্লাংশঘটিত )। Syllabub, n. হ্ৰ বা সর মিখিত মদা : Sillabub. Syllabus, sila-bus, n. নাকেপ ; চুম্বক , শীর্ব-সংগ্রহ ; An abstract :—সংকিল্পাৰ ; Compendium. Syn : - Epitome, summary, digest, synopsis. Syllogise, silo-jiz, v. t. युक्ति-क् ; উमार्बनीमि चात्रा

সিদ্ধান্ত বা তৰ্ক-কু; To reason by syllogism.

· Syllogism, silo-jism, ন. বৃক্তি; আবয়বী বাকা:

डेलाइतन, डेलबर्स & विमनन এই व्यवस्थात्त्र अकटा

न्यस्त्र . The logical form of every argument,

consisting of three propositions, of which the last follows of need from the other two. Syllogistic, sil-o-jiktik, Syllogistient, Syllogistical, sil-o-jistik-al, c. वृक्ति नवसीय ; वृक्ति ৰাক্য সম্বৰীয় ; Pertaining to a syllogism :-- মুক্তি वांकांकांत्र ; In the form of a syllogism. Sylph, silf, n. भन्नी ; एक्स्यांनी विस्तव ; A fairy. Sylphid, silfid, ন. কুল পরী; A little sylph. Sylvan, a. वज्र ; कांत्रग , Rural. Symbol, simbol, n. প্রতিরূপ; বৃত্তি; Representation : — চিক্ল ; নিয়ৰ্শন ; অকর ; সম্বেড ; A visible sign, token; emblem:--पश्च ; A religious creed. Syn: - Emblem, figure, type. Symbolic, sim-bolk, Symbolical, sim-bolik-al, a. हिस् बांडा खानक; Representing by signs -- निवर्गन वक्षा : अञ्जिलक : Emblematic :-ৰাক্রিক ; সাঙ্কেতিক ; Figurative ; typical. Syn : -Representative; significant; emblematical. Symbolically, ad. চিহুৰণে; সাক্ষেতিকরণে। Symbolics, त्र. निवर्णन-विद्या। [ symbols. Symboliar, Symbolist, n. One who uses Symbolise, Symbolize, v. t. সম্প-ছ ; অনুরূপ্-হ; সক্ষেত্রে মনোভাব-কু; To represent by symbols. Symbolism, simbol-izm, n. be at fire vigt ম্বৰণ-নিৰ্দেশ; চিহ্ন ছাৱা জ্ঞাপন; Representation by symbols :--প্রতিরূপ ; চিহ্নাবলী ; চিহ্নাবাটি ; A system of symbols:—f5₹প্রাোগ; Use of symbols:— The science of symbols or creeds. Symmetrical, a. নম পরিমিত; বর্ণামন্ড ব্যবস্থিত; মুড়োল ; অম্বিস্থাস সম্পন্ন ; Harmonious ; even. ad= symmetrically. [ make symmetrical. Symmetrise, sime-triz, v. t. मोइनन नव-कृ ; To Symmetry, simmetre, n. [G. sun, together, and metron, measure ] जन-विश्वान ; जन मोईर ; Likeness of one part with another; due proportion; harmony. Syn:-Shapeliness. Sympathetic, sım-pa-theti'k, Sympathetical, sim-pa-thetik-al, a. সহাৰর; সহাৰুভাবী; সম-হুধছুঃৰ; দুরালু; Kind; loving; sympathising; sympathize, compassionate. Sympathise, simpa-thīz, v. t. সহারভৃতি-ক : সমবেদনা অপুত্ৰ-কু; To feel with or for another. Sympathised with—কাহারও সহিত সমভাবাণয় বা সহাত্ত্তি হ , Be affected by feelings similar to those of another. Sympathizing, a. সহাস্তৰপৰাৰণ। Sympathy, simpa-the, n. वड़ा ; अव्यक्ता ; Compassion ; pity , condolence ; tenderness :-- नराइ-ভূতি; সনবেদনা; Fellow-feeling. Syn:--Commiseration, agreement, harmony, correspondence. affinity; union, concert. Sympathy for—কাহাৰও সহিত সহাসুভূতি ; Fellowfeeling for :- विन ; Correspondence or agreement in. Sympathy with—কাহারও সহিত সমভাবাপর; A feeling corresponding to :--কাহার মুধ্যে মুখিক ই ; Symphonious, sim-বি'ni-us, a. কুমুরবৃক্ষ; সময় : चत्रमायश्रक्तिणिष्ठे ; Harmonious ; accordant. Symphonist, simfo-nist, n. একাডানিক নদীক-রচন্ধিতা : A composer of symphonics.

Symphony, similo-ni, म, यानि नो नाजव विन ;

ষয়; একজাৰত); Unision; consonance or harmony of sound. [ A merry feast; a banquet, Symposium, sim-po'si-um, n. উৎসব; পান-সভা; Symptom, simp'tum, n. বোগাৰিব উপসৰ্গ; বোগেৰ লক্ষ্য; That which imdicates disease:—স্ক্রমণ; তিছ, Token, sign. Syn:—Mark; note.

Symptomatic, Symptomatical, a. লক্ষ্তিক; লাক্ষিক, লক্ষ্যান্ত্ৰীয় Pertaining to symptoms; indicating the existence of something else.

Synaeresis, স. মুই বরের একর উদ্ধারণ; The pronouncing of vowels together.

Synagogue, sina-gog, n. [Gr. syn, together, ago, to lead] n. ফ্রিছনীকের ধর্মনন্দির বা অর্চন স্থান; A jewish place of worship; congregation of Jews for worship.

Synchronal, sing'kro-nal, Synchronous. sing'kro-nus, a. ব্যক্তি বৃদ্ধিত ; সমকালস্কুত ; Simultaneous ; lasting for the sometime.

Synchronal, n. That which happens at or belongs to the same time with something else. Syncopate, v. t. বৰ্ণ ছুলিয়া সংক্ষিত্ত-কৃ, To cut short to contract, as a word by taking away

letters from the middle.

Synchronise, ए. ः কালেব মিল-ছ,; সমকালীন-ছ।
Synchronism, ১ing'kro-nizm, ন. সমকালীনছ;
সমকালীনভা; একাধিক ঘটনার বুগণং সংঘটন, বোগণদা,
rime.

Mynchronistic, e. সম্কানীন।

Syncope, sing'ko-pe, গ. স'কিন্ত বাকা; পদের মধ্য ইইতে ব্ৰাদির উতোলন; Omitting letters in the middle of a word (as don't):—মুৰ্জ্বা, Fainting, swooning.

Byndic, sindik, a. বিচারক, রাজকর্মচারী বিশেষ; Magistrate:—উকীল; An advocate: —মিউনিসিগাল কর্মচারী, Municipal officer.—প্রতিনিধি; অধ্যক; Assurance.

Syndicate, sindik-হা, ল. (বিষ বিদ্যালয়াদিয়) আধাক স্ভা, কোন কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন জন্ত নিবৃক্ত সভা, বাবসায়িগণের সভা, A council or body of syndics, the office of a sindic.

Bynecdoche, sin-ekdo-ke, অবস্থার বিশেষ , সক্ষা , A figure of speech by which the whole is put for a part or a part for the whole. a=synecdochical (বাকালিকার্যটক) i

Synod, sinod, n. সভা, ৰপ্ৰজাদির মীনাসো সভা, Council; an ecclesiastical council to consult on matters of religion. ad synodic; synodical Synodic, Synodical, a. বাজক সভা সম্বান,

হাজ্ব-সমিভিক্ত; Done in a synod.

Synova, n. হৈহিক পদাৰ্থ। Synovial membrane—হৈহিক বিল্লি।

Synonym, sino-nim, n [Gr syn, with, onoma, a name] প্রতিশব্ধ : সমনাম ; সনার্থনক , প্রতিশব্ধ , প্রায়া, সংক্ষিত্ত বিবয়ণ ; A word having the same meaning with another. a=synonymous.

Synonymize, v. t. সমাৰ্থ লক বারা টাকা-ক।
Synonymous, sin-one-mus, a. [G. sunonumos, from sun, with, together, and onoma,
name] সমাৰ্থক; ভুলাগ্ৰেথক; Expressing the
same idea. ad=synonymously. Syn;—Equivalent, imerchangeable, identical.

Synonymous with—ছুই এব, উজাই এবার্-বোৰৰ; Conveying the same idea with; the same thing as.

Synonymy, sin-ohi-mi, ন. বাৰাগভাৰ বিশেব ; A rhetorical figure by which synonymous words are used :—বৰাব্যাচৰত্ব ; The quality of being synonymous.

Synopsis, sin-op'sis, n. [G. sun, together, and opsis, a sight] সংকিত বিষয় ; সার-সংক্রছ, সংক্ষেপ; সহলিত মুক্ত; সংক্ষিপ্তসায়; Abridgment; a view of the whole together. a=synoptical, synoptic ( মুক্তবিধানত; সংক্ষিত্ত; মুক্ত)। গ্রা=synopses. Syn:—Conspectus, compendium, epitome, abstract, syllabus.

Syntax, sintaks, n. বছ বিভাগ; পদ বোজনা; বাক্য বিভাগ প্ৰকৰণ, পদ বোজনা; Proper arrangement of words in a sentence or phrase. amyntactic. syntactical (পদাধ্য-ৰ্টিড, পদবিভাগের নিয়ৰ সম্ব্যায়)!

Synthesis, sikthe-sis, ম. স্বৰায় , সংবোভ ; সংশ্লেষৰ , একত্ৰ বিস্তাস ; A making a whole out of parts , putting together ; re-uniting of parts . এ synthetic, synthetical ( সমাবেশক ; সাংবোগিক ) ; Synthesize, ৩. সংবোগ-কু , একত্ৰ ভত-কু ।

Synoptio, Synoptical, a. সংকিপ্তসাই; Affording a general view of the whole. ad=synoptically.

Syntactic, Syntactical, a. বাকাবিস্থান সৰ্কীয় : Pertaining to syntax.

Syphilis, sif'i-hs, n. গ্ৰীয় পীড়া, উপদংশ : An infectious venereal disease. a=syphilitic (উপ-দংশাকাস্ত ) ৷

Syphon, Syren, See siphon, siren.

Syringe, siring, n. পিচৰারী, An instrument consisting of a tube, and a piston by which liquids are sucked up and ejected — v. t. পিচৰারী দে, পিচৰারী বারা বৌত বা আকেপ-তু, To inject or clean with a syringe.

Syrup-See Strup.

System, sistem, n. প্ৰতি ; সুখলা ; প্ৰণালী ; নীতি ; Regular method ; anything formed of parts place together :—বাৰছা ; হ্ৰমেশ্বত , An assemblage of objects according to some law or end , orderly arrangement :—বাৰং ; বিষয়ভাভ ; The universe. Syn :—A whole ; body, plan, theory, scheme , order, rule, regularity.

System of government—त्रांबानांत्रव धर्गाती। The solar system—सोत्रवत्रः।

Systematic, sis-tem-atik, Systematical, sis-te-matik-al, a. বীতিস্কত; প্ৰণালী-বন্ধ; প্ৰণালী-বন্ধ; বাবহাৰিত, স্বাবহিত; Methodical; formed or done according to system. Syn:—Methodical, orderly, regular.

Systematically, ad. বাৰছাপুৰ্কত ; এণানীপুৰ্কত ; Systematise, sistem-a-tiz, v. t. এণানীৰছ-ত্তু; শুখলা-তু, হ্ৰমেলাৰছ-ডু; বাৰছাছিত-ডু; To reduce to cystem. n=sistematiser.

Bystole, sistole, n. [Gr. syn, together, stelle, to place ] ক্পিডের সংক্ষা বা প্ৰাংশের সংক্ষো; A contraction of the heart for expelling the blood and carrying on the circulation; the shartening of a long syllable.

T-ইংরাজী বর্ণনালার বিংশতিত্য অক্ষর বা বর্ণ ; The twentieth letter of the English alphabet. Marked with a +- नानी ( त्यम (ठात )। To a :-- डिक ; मन्पूर्वजारंग ; Exactly. T-iron, n. लोह निर्मिष्ठ वत्रभा वित्नव । Tabard, tabard, n. अन्त्रांश वित्नव: नकीत्वत গোৰাক : Herald's coat. Tabbinet, n. পট্টবন্ধ বিশেব ; A kind of tabby. Tabby. n. রেশদী কাপড় বিশেষ: A silk cloth:-विद्धान ; Cat :--वांडी वित्नव ; A woman :-- a. विद्धित ; हिजविहिता; मामा वर्गपुक्त ; Diversfied in colour :v. তর্প স্থান প্রতীয়মান-ছ ; To cause to look wavy. Tabernacle, taber-na-ki, n. বাৰা ; Temporary dwelling :-- छेशांत्रना मन्दित : अक्रमालव ; A place of worship ; a temple : -পৰিত্ৰ স্থান ; A secred place : -होत : शहेमक्ष : जोच : Tent : -- ग्रह्मध्य ; A great festival of the Jews :- সাৰ্ববেহ; The human body :- ए. बं. बान-क : To enshrine :- किन्द्रकारनत ৰকু থাকা; To abide for a time. Syn:--(n) Pavilion : temple, church; chapel, meeting-house. The feast of Tabernacles—স্থাহ্বাদী বিহ্দী-[ disease ; emaciated. দিগের পর্ব্ব বিশেষ। Tabid, tabid, a. জীৰ্; কীৰ; ক্লয়; Wasted by Tablature, tabla-tür, n. প্রাচীরে উপর আলেখা : দেওয়াল-পুঠে চিত্ৰান্তৰ ; Painting on walls ; a painting on a wall or ceiling :- कि ; हिंद ; Picture ; painting in general. Table, tabl., n. [L. tabula, board, tablet] টোবল; মেল; A smoth flat board on legs:--সংকেপ; A synopsis :—ভালিকা; Catalogue :--সংক্ষিপ্ত বিবৰণ : A condensed statement :-- লিখিবাৰ (48, A surface on which something is written: -- ক্লক : Inscription : -- নিষ্ট-পত্ৰ ; স্চীপত্ৰ ; Index : table: - v. t. মেৰে স্থাপন-ক ; To lay on the table : —ভালিকা-কু; কোন কিছুৰ বিচাৰ খণিত-কু; To make into a table. Syn :- (n) Tablet, slab; board, stand; food, fare, provision, diet; list, catalogue, schedule, index. A geneological table--ক্রিবামা। An arithmetical table—নামতা। At table-चाहारतत नगरत ; चहिरात नगरत ; At the time of eating :-- छिविलात हात्रिक्टि बसुवासव लहेत्रा शाहेटक दिनका काशांदनब बदश ; In the company assemble round a table for the purpose of dining. Lay on the table—সভাদিপের সম্বভিক্তমে আপাতভঃ [ কোনও প্রভাব নুলতবি রাখা। ৰিচার স্থানিত রাখা। Order a bill to lie on the table—आहेराइ Round table—बादद मानक दालांद श्रीलाकांत्र (मर्ख : The knighthood instituted by king Arthur. Table of contents—স্চীপৰ; A summary or index of the matter treated in a book. Twelve tables-Laws of the Romans.

The Lord's table—The sacrament of the Lord.

To turn the tables—Try Dilly or To

change the condition or fortune of contending parties. Tableau, n চিত্ৰ; ছবি ; A picture. pt-tableaus. Table-book, n. नामठा ও ওজনাদি বিবয়ক পুত্তক। Table-cloth, n. টেবিলের চাবর; A covering of linen for a table. Table-d'hote, n. अकड़े मृत्वा निर्मिष्ठे नगरवत धारख বহুলনের ভোল : A meal for several persons at the same hour and fixed prices. Table-land, tabl-land, n. উচ্চত্ৰি; অধিতাকা; A plateau, elevated plain with steep edges Table-money, n. मानविक क्यांगाविशालय (वर्जनीरुविक्क ৰুদ্ধি (ভাতা)। Table service, ল. পাৰপাত্ৰ: Vessels and utensils intended for eating and drinking. Table spoon, n. বড় চামচ: বুহুৎ চাম্চে; One of the larger spoons at the table. Table talk, tabl-tawk, n. খোস পর, আহারের সময়ে গম্পুল্ব : Talk at meals ; familiar conversation at meals. Tablet, tablet, ম. কুন্ত মেজ; A small table or flat surface :-- সামৰ-পৃত্তিকা; A small pocket memorandum-book:—কুম্ব খোদিত পীটিকা; Small tomb stone:-- 本司本; Something flat on which to write paint &c. :- शिष्टक ; वड़ा । Table turning—প্রেডাছা হারা নের সহালন : The art or power of turning tables without the application of mechanical force. Taboo, Tabu, n. वर्षविषयक नित्वध : चार्न-नित्वध : নিবারণ: Religious interdict or prohibition: - তt. नित्वश-क ; माना-क ; To put under an interdict. Tabour, Tabor, tabor, n. कुछ छका वित्नव ; मृतक ; नाशका वा (छोन : A small drum :- v. i. युनक वोसान : Te play on a tabor :-शीत शीत यन यन वासान ; To [ A small drum. strike lightly and often. Tabouret, Tabret, Tatoret, n. ভোট ডোল : Tabular, tabu-lar, a. शाक शाक ; Arranged in a table or schedule :--প্রশাস্তল ; সমচ্তরণ্ড : মেক্সের মুদ্ত সমন্তল: Having a flat surface: -- কলকাকার: Having the form of plates. Syn :- Flat, plane : laminated, lamellar, foliated, scaly; classified, arranged. Tabularize, v. t. नठावकी-कृ ; उक्तिनवनी-कृ । Tabulate, tabu-lat, v. t. A: Tayl-F; To reduce to synopsis :--- নির্যন্তি-ক ; সংক্ষিত্ত-ক ; তলপ্রনন্ত করিয়া সংগঠিত-কু; To shape with a flat surface. Tabulation, n. নির্ঘট করণ : সংকেপণ I Tache, n. 朝季時; A fastening. Tacit, tasit, a. [ L. facifus, from facere, to be silent ] चराक ; स्रोनमञ्ज ; जूकोकूछ ; Implied, but not expressed by words; silent; conveyed in silence. ed-tacitly (cala vial): Syn:-Inferred, understood; secret, quiet, still, taciturn. Taciturn, tase-turn, a. (बीबी , वकावक: बीबव : कह-

जाने : Habitually silent : habitually reserved :

reserved in speech. Syn :- Reticent, uncommunicative, mute, dumb, close.

Taciturnity, tas-i-turni-ti, %. सोन : सोनिछा . नोत्रक : Reserve in speaking ; habitual silence. Tack, tak, n. पढ़ि; बच्हु; छन; A rope:-- विन ; ना (नातक ; केंगि ; A small nail with a broadhead :--পাটা : A lease :--- আহাজের গতি : A course of a ship :-- ए. हं. अश्लब्ध-कु ; यब-कु : व्यक्ति ; हाका ; To fasten; to attach:- v. i. बांशास्त्र गांड পরিবর্তন-क : विदान ; To change the course of a ship by shifting the position of the sails. Syn:-(n) Attach, append, affix, tag; nail.

Taokle, taki, n. 43; waife; Apparatus; tools, weapons:-क्षिकन, A pulley: - ब्रक्, बनाइनी; Rigging; ropes of a ship :-- বোডার সাজ; Harness:—v. t. বরা; পাৰ্ডান; সাফীইয়া-য়; To seize; lay hold of. Syn:—(n) Pulley; gear; furniture. (v) Grasp, clutch, hook, take, cap-

ture ; harness.

Fishing tackley—मध्य धतियोव यद

Tackling, n. ভাবুকের সজা; Furniture of the masts :- 43; Instruments.

Tracksman-Miliwia ; Lessee.

Tact, takt, n. [ L. tactus, from tangere, to touch ] কৌশল ; নিপুণতা ; দকতা ; বিচক্ষণতা ; ক্ষতা ; Peculiar skill; nice perception :--পাৰ; আঘাত; Power of appreciating. Syn:-Adroitness, dexterity, judgment, management, address.

Tactile, taktıl, a. अनित्य ; That may be touched or felt.

Tactile sense--পর্শক্তির।

Tactic, taktik, Tactical, tak-tik-al, c. 35-कालीन बाइ-ब्रह्मानि कोनल नवकीय, Pertaining to tactics.

Tactics, taktiks, n. sing বৃদ্ধ-কৌশল; বৃাহ রচনা-ৰোশল : The science of warlike movements ; strategy :--কাৰ্যপ্ৰশালী ; Method or way of proceeding.

Tactician, tak-tisfian, n. যুদ্ধৰূপৰ ব্যক্তি: ব্যহ इहना-कृतन वास्त्रिः; स्थक वावशायकः; One skilled in tactics. f Touch; the act of touching. Taction, takshun, n. পর্ণ; ছোওয়া, পাণন; Tactual, a. পাৰ্নপ্ৰিয় ঘটিত বা তত্ত্বপন্ত: Pertaining to, or derived from, the sense of touch.

Tadpole, tadpol, n. बाबाही; (बबाही; A young frog or toad.

Taol, n. होनामान मुका विलय ।

Taffeta, tafe-ta, Taffety, tafe-ti, n. क्रि, তাৰতা ; বৃণছায়া ; A fine glossy silk stuff having a wavy lustre.

Taffrail, tafrai, Tafferel, taffer-el, n. खाहात्मत्र नन्छ। डारशत छेद्दिमन वा छाशत त्वहेन ; Curved work or rail round a ship's stern.

Tag, tag, n. জরির বা ফিডার অরভাগ ; রক্ষারত্ ধাতবাত্ৰ; লোমাজি; A metallic point at the end of a string :-- किकिक्क उत्ता : Something mean : অন্ত বন্ধ সংগগ্ধ কৃত বন্ধ ; Any small thing attached to another:--- t. नः(वाज-कु; नश-कु; क्रिक्के बाहा : To join : to tack.

Tag after-Follow closely.

Tag-end, n. (44814) f rabble. Tag-rag, tag'rag, n. रेडब लोक ; बीह लोक ; The

Tagrag and bobtail-Ter (WIT: Low class

Tail, tzi, n. 可持可; The end of the back-bone of an animal, having vertebrae of an anmal:-पुष्ट ; Hind feathers of a bird :-- अकुड न न ; Body of slavish followers :- উত্তরাধিকারী বিশেষের আও ভূদপান্তি: An estate limited to certain hairs :-- v. t. (नज शतिहा होना : To pull by the tail. Syn:-(n) End, extremity, fag-end; skirt : flap. [ উন্নতি-কু।

Keep the tall in the water- करियान ह : Make neither head not tail of-(4)46 444 মাধামুও কিছুই ঠিকানা করিতে না পারা।

The tail of a gale-4: FR ( 44 8 19 )

Turn tail--লেজ শুটাইলা পলাইলা-বা ৷

Tailed, a. লেজবিশিষ্ট ; সপুত্ছ।

Tail-less, e. नाजुनहीन ।

Tailor, talur, n. rael; Altavisa : One who makes clothes :-- ए. रं. एउड़ीव कांबा-क ; To work as a tailor. fem - tailoress.

Tailor bird, n. शक्तिवित्यव : मत्रजी-शाबी : A bird that constructs nests by stitching together leaves of plants. [ ness of a tailor. Tailoring, talur-ing, n. ঘরনী-গিরি , The busi-Tail-piece, taipes, n. 956-ng जान : जलारक :

Appendage; a piece at the end; engraving at

the end of a chapter &c.

Taint, tant, n. (नाव : Infection --- वनक : मान : ৰব , Stain; spot; blemish , soil :-- v. t. কস্বিত-কু; দ্বিত-কু; বিবাজ-কু; To infect : to stain ----ब्रिक - क , विवर्ग-क ; मिलन-क ; Scent :-- थ. i. पविछ-इ : शिक्ता-वा ; To be corrupted. a = tainted ( पृति 5 ) ; taintless (নির্দোষ , নিম্মল) । ad = taintlessly (নির্দ্দল-配引): Syn:—(v) Imbuc, impregnate, contaminate, defile, pollute, corrupt, disease, vitiate, poison; sully, tarnish, blot. (n) Tincture, tinge, infection, corruption, contamination, defilement; flaw, defect.

Take, tak, v. t. 의원-종, 적용함: To lay hold of: to get hold of :- \$5-\$; 431; To catch; seise :-- প্রহণ-ক ; Receive ; to accept :-- অমুমণ্ডি-प्पः Allow:--वाहिया-नः शत्नानीठ-कः, शहस कतिश नखत्रो ; Choose :--- धारांग-कृ, वावकात्र-कृ ; To use :---बुबिएज शीह्रो ; युवी ; मरम-कृ ; विरवहनो-कृ ; To unders-tand :--বিমোহিত-কু; বশীকৃত-কু; To captivate :---বন্দী-কু; আক্রমণ-কু; To capture:--সম্মত-হু; সম্মতি প্রদান-কু; To agree to:—(কোন কিছুতে) অভিভূত-क ; To become affected with :- (कार प्रवन-क ; Scize :-- बात्रजाबीन-इ , बांधकात्रक्क-इ ; To get into one's possession:—কড়িয়া-ল; হরণ-ক:—বাদ-দে; वाहित्र-क ; नवान :--- नश-क :--- छेनत्रष्ट-क :--- पत्र : Catch : -- v. i. कार्राकाती-इ; मक्त-इ; To have effect :---मुद्धे-इ., To please :---कामन शांखना ; To gain reception :- - व्यवस्थ-कृ; लांगा ; बजा ; बजा ; To have recourse to :-- वातावन-इ ; Be needful. pp= took, pp=taken. pp=taking. Syn:-Seize, grasp, gripe, clutch; entrap, ensuare; delight, attract, allure, interest, engage, charm; suppose, consider : select, espouse ; admit, adopt, assume ; use, employ, occupy; require, need; inhale, imbibe, swallow; draw, delineate.

Take about--ग्रेश-च ; Carry about.

I take is—আনার সংখ্যার এই ; আনার ধারণা এই ; আনি বিবেচনা করি ; I suppose ; It is my impression. Take a course—কোন গথ অসুগ্রথ-কু ; To pursue a path:—কোন বিকে বাংলা ; Go in a

direction.

Take a cursory view of—जाजाजाड़ि कतिया (पथा ; वित्यव कतिया ना (पथा ; To see hastily ; to

examine superficially.

Take advantage of—হঠাৎ আক্ৰমণ-তৃ; To catch
by surprise:—কোন কিছু হইতে কোনত্ৰপে লাভ-কৃ;
কোনৰ কিছুল ক্ৰিগা-ল; To make use of favourable
state of things against another; to profit by.

Take a fancy to—পছন্দ-কৃ; মনেনীক-কৃ; Take a

liking to.

Take a favourable turn—ভাল দিকে-বা; To improve by change; to change for.

Take after—অপ্ৰয়ণ-ড়; Learn to follow:---নদ্ৰ হ ; Resemble.

Take aim — তাগ্-কু; লক্ষ্য-কু, Direct the eye ( or weapon ) to a particular object.

Take sir-arifis-7: To be divulged.

Take amiss, Take it ill—কুছ-হ: Regard as wrong or improper; to resent:—বিশ্বজ-হ; Be offended:—কুছাবে-ব; Take anything in a wrong sense.

Tako amiss—অপমানজনক বোধ-কু; অক্তায় বলিয়া বিবেচনা-কু।

Take a leaf out of one's book—কাচাকে আদৰ্শবরণ-কু; অন্তের কাষ্যপ্রণালী দেখিরা তাহার অপুসরণ-কু; Make a person one's model.

Take arms—বৃদ্ধ আবস্ত-কৃ; অপ্তগ্ৰহণ-কৃ; Begin war. Take a turn—পরিবর্ত্তি-কৃ; To change :—সামাস্ত বেড়ান; Take a brief walk.

Take a walk-(बढ़ान ; To walk.

Take away-- বঞ্চিত-কু; হরণ-কু; লওরা; Deprive of:--ছানাস্তরে লইয়া বা; সরাইয়া কেলা; Remove.

Take away from—হাস-কু; লাঘৰ-কু; Diminish; reduce.

[ নিধাস কেলা; Rest.

Take breath—বিজ্ঞান-কৃ; দম লওয়া; হাঁপ ছাড়া; Take care—সাৰ্থান-হ; সতৰ্ক-হ; Be cautious; take heed.

Take care of, Take care about—ভৰাবান-কু; Superintend:—প্ৰাৰ্থ-কু; Be solicitous for.

Take counsel—পরাদর্শ-কৃ; To consult others. Take credit for—কোনত কিছুর বস্তু।

Take down—নীচে নামান; নামান; Lower; bring down:—নিখিবা লওৱা; লেখা; Note down:—নত-কু; অবন্যিত-কু; Humble:—উপরে উঠা; (রাসে) কাহারও উপরে উঠা; Remove from above; make a boy loss his place (in a class):—গ্রাস-কু; Swallow:—ভিকলা-কু; ভর্তস্না-কু; Reprimand.

Take effect—कांशकाती- हः कांशकत- हः, करनागातक-हः, वनवप-इः, Have the intended effect.

Take effect from - alfa-z; Come into operation from.

Take fire—( আছৰ লাগিয়া) ছলিয়া উঠা; আছৰ লাগা; Become ignited:—রাগে ছলিয়া উঠা; Become inflamed with anger:—উদ্বীপিত-হ; Become highly excited.

Take the air—বাৰু সেবৰ করিবার নিষিদ্ধ গমৰ-কু; Make an excursion in the open air.

Take a famoy or liking to-- পर्ण- मृ।

Take from—इान-इ ; Subtract :—विक-इ ; Deprive of.

Take to heart—क्ट्रेरांष-इ , Be affected by.
Take heart—गारंग वांषा ; आवल-इ ; प्रविद्या नां वांड्या ; Gain confidence.

Take heart to-( কোন বিষয়ে ) মনোযোগ-কু।

Take heed--সাবধান-ই; সতর্ক-ই; Be cautious: take care. [পাকড়াব; Seize.

Take hold, Take hold of—আক্ৰমণ-কু; ধৰা; Take for granted—সভ্য বলিলা মানিলা জহলা; Assume to be true, without positively knowing. Take French leave—না বলিলা চলিলা-বা; না বলিলা অস্থান-কু, Leave without notice.

Take fright—ভীত-হ; ভর পান্ধা; Become

frightened.

Take in good part—রাগ না-ক ; বিরক্ত না হওয়া;
কুম না হওয়া; To receive without anger; not to
be offended by:—ভাল ভাবে লওয়া। [to regard.
Take into account—বিবেচনা-ক . To consider;
Take into consideration—বিবেচনা-ক ; নেতেনা-ক ; নেতেনা-ক ; নেতেনা-ক ; নিতেনা-ক নাতেনা-ক নাতেন

Take in tow-ৰভিৰ সাহায্যে জলমধ্য দিয়া টানিয়া-যা; জলের মধ্য দিয়া দড়ি ধারা টানিয়া-যা; Drag through the water by means of a rope.

Take in, v. ব্ৰিডে পানা; Comprehend:—(কোন কিছুর) অন্তর্ভ-কৃ. অন্তর্গত-ছ; Comprise:—বেনা; প্রতারণা-কু; ঠকান; গ্রহণ-কু।

Take in vain— 341 366134-7!

Take in hand—নশাদনার্থ হাতেল; কোন কার্যোর ভার লভ্যা ও চেষ্টা-কু; Undertake; attempt; seize and deal with.

Take kindly to—ভাল লাগা , মনের সহিত ভালবাসা ; অনুরন্ধ-হ ; Take anything with a good will ; take heartily ; be well disposed of friendly to.

Take it ill—मन्तर्भाव नदर्ग ।

Take leave—বিদাৰ প্রহণ-কু; Bid farewell.

Take notice of—বোঁজ ধ্বর-ল; তর বওয়া; প্রণি-ধান-কু; Pay heed to.

Take one for—এক জনকে অন্ত কেই বলিয়া নান-কৃ;
Misapprehend one, mistake one; believe one to
be (some one else) —কোন ক্রাকে অন্ত বিছু ননেকৃ; Believe something to be (something else).

Take one on—কালে চোকান; Admit one into
service:—কালে নিজে-কৃ; Employ. [ nity.
Take oath—লগথ-কৃ; হলগ-কৃ; Swear with solemTake off—অপ্তত-কৃ. খুলিয়া কোনা; ভুলিয়া-ল; Remove:—কালিয়া কোনা, নাল-কৃ; নই-কৃ; Cut off;
destroy:—To call away from, to withdraw:—
কিছুর উপর ইইন্ডে ডুলিয়া-ল; Remove from the

destroy:—To call away from, to withdraw:—
কিছুর উপর ইইন্ডে ডুলিখা-ল; Remove from the tops of anything:—ছাপ তোলা; Print off.—
ধরিদ-ক; Purchase:—বক্তাবে কাহাবত নকন-ক;
Mimick:—ছবি তোলা; Reproduce:—অলুকরণ-ক;
Copy.

Take on—বনে বনে ভমরান; Fret; pine:—আফো-কু; ছুংপ্রকাশ-কু; Give way to guef. [ ভূজ-হ। Take orders—আদেশ গ্রহণ-কু; হতুম-ল; বানক গ্রেণী Take off from—ছাস-কু; Lessen.

Take one's chance—ভাগা পরীকা-হ; To try one's luck; leave the result to the course of events

Take one at one's word-কাহারত কথার বিশাস-কু; একজন বাহা বলে তাহাই তাহার মনোগত বলিছা বিৰাস-কু , কোনও ব্যক্তি বাহা বলিয়াছে ভাহাতেই ভাহাকে পাড়িরা কেনা, To believe implicity what one says, and to act upon it - अक्षन योश वल छोरांत উপর নির্ভব করিবা ভবসুরূপ কর্ম-ক্ষু, Accept one's statement as true and act accordingly Take out-ছানার রিত-কৃ, Remove --গুখর কৃ, ভূলিরা কেলা, স্বান, অপনীত-কু, To reparate Take out a license or patent—ল'ইসেল ল , কোন দ্ববা নিৰ্ম্বাণকতা ছাড়া অপবে নিৰ্ম্বাণ কবিষা বেচিতে भातित मा এই मर्प्य त्रांकांव निकंत्र निवंत भवता , Procure [ अपनेन के। for oneself a license or patent Take on airs—মাখা তুলিয়া অভযার-কৃ, ঔষত্য Take one to task -- কাহাকে ভংগনা কু . Rebuke or reprimand one

Take one's life in one's hand—প্ৰাণ কাতে কৰিয়া থাকা, Live in constant dread of losing one's life, be in imminent danger of losing one's life.

Take its rise—উংগর হ , জন্মান , Originate
Take measures—উপাধ ব্যৱস্থান- কু প্রপাধ প্রেম্বা
To provide means , to use the proper means
Take off the edge—হোৱা-কু , Make blunt —
ব্যান-কু , প্রশ্মিত-কু , Lessen , mitigate

Take one's choice—পছল-কু মনোনীত-কু, To select, to choose

Take one's departure—বিদার লগনা বিদান বাংণ কু, To depart. [To flee Take one's flight—পলাবন কু; পলাইলা-না, Take one's own course—কন্তামত কাৰ্য্-কু, বন্ধুজ্যুক্ৰণ কৰ্ম-কু, বেচ্ছামত চলা, To follow one's own will.

Take one's word for—বিশাস কু, প্রত্যাব-কু, Believe, because of one's testimony.

Take one's trust—অপরের কর্বার বিবাস ক আন্তর বংকো প্রত্যাব-কু, To believe a truth, or to trust a person because of the testimony of another

Take pains—বৃদ্ধ কু, বৃদুপ্ৰিক কোন কৰ্ম কু, To do anything carefully and laboriously

do anything carefully and laboriously

Take precedence—ৰৱগাৰী-ই, অৱস্ক-ই, To
go before in importance or rank.

Take pride in—কোনৰ কিছুস জন্ত আজ্ঞান না গৌৰৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু। [ unite with Take part, Takepart in—সংগ নবসা, Share Take part, with—বোগ-নে, মুক্ত-ছ।

Take rank of—হোঠ-ছ, প্রথান-ছ, To have the right of higher place, to enjoy precedence over Take place—ঘট, Happen, occur

Take the rail—রেল লিখা গমন-কু, Go by railway Take sides—পকাবলম্বন কু, এক পক্ষে বোগ-দে, Join one of two different parties,

Take stock—কত নালগত মজুত ভাছে ভাছার হিদাবকু, (মালাদির) কর্ম-কু, স্থার-কু, Ascertain the amount of stock. [begin Take the first step—স্ক-কু, আরম্ভ-কু, To Take the field—বৃদ্ধ আরম্ভ-কু, Begin a campaign [plant

Take root ক্ষাৰ্ব হ, Live and grow as a Take the lead ব্যাল-হ, জেট-হ, To guide, to be prominent or first.

Take to—প্ৰযুক্ত হ' আবল্ধন-ডু, Betake oneself to —বোন বিশ্বতে বন্ধে নিযুক্ত-ছ; লাগা ; Apply oneself to —কাহানৰ প্ৰতি অনুনক্ত-ছ, ভালবানা ; Like; be attached to, be friend of. [faring life. Take to the sea—নাবিক-ছ, Adopt a sea-Take to heart—ক্লোবোৰ-ডু, আঁতে ল; ভানহা ক্লোব ব্যাধিত-ছ, Be affected by

Take thought—ভাবা . উবিশ্ব-হ। Take to wife—বিবাহ-ক , Marry.

Take the ground—লমি লান-কৃ, জমি কামড়িবা-ডু, Touch the ground, be fixed to the ground

Take a thing ill—সক্ না-ক্, Not to endure it.
Take the bull by the horns—বাড়ের শিত্ত-ষ্,
কোনৰ চক্ত কাৰা উপস্থিত হইলে সাহসপ্লক তাহা
এইণ-ক্, সাহস করিয়া বিপদের সন্মান বাবেয়া, Fice
some danger boldly and thereby weaken its
force, meet a danger or difficulty manfully,
take a decisive step

Take the edge of—কোৰ ভিছুৰ তীৰ্ম হান-ফু ক্ষতা ক্ষাইঘা-দে. Abate the force or intensity of (desire), weaken the force or point of (11 argument)—Diminish the keenness of (appetite)

Take the world easy—বাহা সণজেই জ'স তাহাতেই সন্ধ্য, Be contented with whitever one gets

Take the pledge—মদাদি পান কৰিব না বলিয়া লিবিয়া এতিক্সা করা, lo make a written promise that one will not drink intoxic iting liquids

Take the trouble—কটু লওখা, কঃপ্ৰেৰ কু, lo exert enceelf, to bear the pains.

Take time, Take up time—नमप्र नामित्व , Consume time congress time

Take time by the forelock— সুভা ভাগ না-কু, হবেগে না ছাড়া Not to let slip in opportunity [ ফা.শেy.

Take umbrage—কৃষ্ণ হ. রাগান্তির-র , Become Take up—বাসা লব্যা , I ix one's residence or quarters in —কোন হান হহ'ত তুপে লব্বণ , I ift up —কোন বিষয় লহ্যা আন্দোলন ক , Adopt with a view to discuss or settle —কোন কথাবাত্তা কহিছে ক্রক্তন থানিবে গেইখান খেকে সেই বিষয় লহ্যা কথা করা ধেই-র , Begin where another Jeaves off, continue —কাহারত সময় লক্ষ্যা , সময় অতিবাহিত্ত হ Occupy —উরোলন ক , Lift —টাকা ধার্বল , Borrow money —আবস্ত ক , Begin —আস-ক , Englos — তিপনার ক , ভপনা-ক , Reprimand — সুরলী হ , Patronise —নিযুক্ত-ক , Occupy — আন্তর্গাত হ , যোগ লে Comprise —ক্রথ-ক , Pay and receive — অবলম্বন-ক , সংগ্রহ-ক , Adopt , follow. Take up again — প্রনার আব্রত-ক , Resume.

Take up with—ভূই-হ, কোন কিছুতে সন্তই থাকা; সন্তই-হ, Be contented with—জনুবাগ দেখান, Show a liking for.—ভাব থাকা; Be friendly with—বাস কৃ, Lodge, dwell—আহণ-কৃ, Adopt: সভ্য-কৃ, Take on one's self.

Take upon oneself, Take one's self—
আপনার বাড়ে বোন ভার এইণ-ড়, আপনার বাড়ে নতা ;
Undertake. [come public.
Take wind—বকাণিত-ছ, Become known, beTake ill—বিভিত-ছ, Be attacked with some illness. [fault with, object to.
Take exception against—আপন্তি-ড়, Find

Take the name of God in vain—ৰুখা ভগৰাৰের নাৰ-কু; অনৰ্থক ঈখনের নাম-কু; Use the name of God with profaneness or levity.

Take to drinking—বেৰী মদ ধাইতে অভাগ-কৃ; মণ্য পাৰ করিতে অভাগ-কু; To form the habit of excessive use of intoxicating liquor.

Take to task—ভৰ্মৰা-ভু; ভিৰন্ধাৰ-ভু; To reprimand; to reprove.

Take to the heels—প্ৰায়ন-কু; To flee.

Take turns—প্ৰায়ৰ্থেই; To succeed on another in due time; to alternate.

Take up one's quarters at—বাদা-কু; To stay at, to take lodging at.

Take up the gauntlet—বুদাৰ্থ আহান বীকার-তৃ; বৃদ্ধ করিতে রাজী-ই; Accept the challenge; accept the defiance.

Take wing—উড়িবা বাররা; উড়া; Depart, fly. Take a new (or fresh) lease of life— আবোগ্য-হ; To recover; to return to health.

Take credit to one's self— অপবের অপুরাহ লাখনা-ফু, To claim for one's self the credit or honour of.

Take the law into one's own hands— নিজের হাতে আইন-ল; নিজিট্ট শাসনক্ষার অপেকা না ক্ষিণা নিজেই শান্তি-দে; 'To take upon one's self the execution of a law.

Take the will for the deed.—To be satisfied with the wish to do a thing, when the doing of it has not been accomplished.

Take up the cross—কট বহন-ক; কটোপ-কু; To submit to troubles, sacrifice one's will to the will of God. [ কু, Resume.

Take up the throad of—বেই-রু, প্ররায় আবস্ত-Take captive—বন্ধী-কু; করেদ-কু; Make prisoner. Take horse—অবারেইণ ক্রিয়া-বা; বোড়ায় চ্ডিয়া-বা, Set out to ride on horse-back.

Take in dudgeon—কোধ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ, বাগ দেখান; To show resentment.

Take one's stand—দহাবনান হ; বাড়ান; To adopt a principle or position.

Take the offensive—প্রথমে আক্রমণ-কু; To be the attacking party. [ begin.

Take the initiative—আরত-ক; স্বৰ-ক; To Take the roins—শাসনগ্ৰ-ক; Assume the Government or guidance.

Take to the road—গ্ৰাৰ্ত্তি-কৃ; ভাৰাইতি-কৃ; To engage in robbery upon the high ways.

Take liberty (or liberties) — বিনয় অভিক্রমকু; সাধীন-কু; To treat without ceremoney; to
neglect the laws of propriety or courtesy.

Take it qooly—ছির-ড়, সুন্থির-ড়; To be calm, to deliberate. [ away.

Take one self off —প্ৰয়ান-কু; চলিয়া বাওবা; Go Take the wind out of one's sails—প্ৰচাৰণা-কু; ঠকান; Circumvent; to gain the advantage over by aits.

Take the world easy—সম্ভ হইবা থাকা; To be contented with whatever the world affords.

Take the fault to his own door—স্থাপনাকে ্নিস্থা-কু, নিজেকে দোবা-কু; Blame h.mself.

Be taken in the fact, Caught in the fact— श्रेट श्रेट बड़ा बड़ा । Be detected in the very act of committing a crime.

Be taken abaok-শ্ৰম্কিয়া বাংলা; ক্তজ্ব-ছ; বাবড়িয়া-বা। [deceived or gulled.

Be taken in—বাহারিত-ছ; ঠকা; Be cheated; be Be taken up—বেহার-ছ; Be arrested.

Be taken with-मञ्जे ; Be pleased with.

Taker, n. अहरू ; अहरकारी : त्य शाक्छा ३ कता ।

Taking, taking, a. বৃদ্ধনায়ী; চিডাকৰ্থক; ক্ষৰগাতী; Alluring; captivating; attracting—n. মুক্ত কৱণ; পাৰ্ডাৰ; Seizure; excitement:—মুনঃকট্ট; Distress of mind. ad=takingly.

Taking all things togother—ৰেটের উপর; On the whole; all reasons being considered.

Taking one thing with another—җ; On an average.

Tale, talk, n. অত্ৰ; বজ্ বাড় বিপেষ; A magnesian mineral. a=talcky, talcose, talcous (অত্ৰয়; অত্ৰস্থ )।

Tale, tal, n. [A. S. talu, from telian, tellan, to tell] গল ; উপস্থাস ; কথা . A narrative, a fable ; story :—সংখ্যা ; গণনা ; হিসাৰ ; Number ; enumeration. Syn :—Fable, legend ; relation, apologue, novel, romance ; account, reckoning.

Tell a tale—বাহা হয় একটা কিছু বানাইবা বলা; Invent anything one pleases and give it foith :— কিছু বলা; কোন কিছু বিশুত-কু; Tell something.

Tell its own tale—'ৰ ঘটণাহে তাহা পাই বুৱা বাইতেছে; Require no explanation as showing clearly what has happened. [one's story.
Tell one's tale—বিজেব কাহিনী বুৱা, Narrate

Tell one's tale—ানজেৰ কাইনা বলা, Narrate Tell tales—গাল্গল-কৃ: Tell mischievous stories calculated to affect one's character.

Tell tales out of school—যাহা ব্যক্ত করা কর্ত্তব্য নহে এমন গুপু কথা ব্যক্ত-কু; Make matters public which should be kept secret.

Tell the tale— কি ছুৰ্মণা ঘটবাছে তাহা বলা; Give an account of what has occurred.

Thereby hangs a tale—ভার দৰে সংস্ট একটা কণা আছে; There is a story or incident closely connected with that.

Tale-bearer, tal-bai'er, n. সংবাদবাতা; সন্দেহ-বাহক; প্রথাহক; Who maliciously tells tales; one who communicates information.

Tale-bearing, tal-bar'ing, e. আধানকথনীল; গলে; Given to tell tales; babbling:—n. গৃচ্ বিব্যন্থ প্ৰকাশ; The act of telling secrets; officious or thoughtless information given about others that may creat ill-will.

Talent, talent, n. বিশেষ ক্ষমতা; Natural giff; special gift or endowment:—বাভাষিক বুদ্ধি; গুণ; Ficulty:—বিশেষ দকতা; Special aptitude:
— অৰ্থ প্ৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A sum of money. Syn:—
Genius, ability, faculty, capacity, powers, aptitude, parts, knack, forte.

Talented, talent-ed, a. প্রতিভাগালী : কুলাবুদ্ধি ; জুলী ; Having talent :--ধীশজিসপর ; ক্ষী ; Possessing mental gifts.

Tale-teller, n. স্থেশ-বাহক; গলবাহক; কলক; গলে; One who relates stories

Talisman, talis-man, s. কৰৰ; মাছলি; ডাক্সিক চক্ৰ বিশেষ: Amulet; magical stone, figure &c. to ward off evil:—বাছ; তব; তুক; A charm, Talismanie, tal-is-mahik, a. Azzeifes ; ags ; Magical :- 495 AVAIR : Pertaining to a talisman :-- ए. १. क्या ; रहा ।

Talk, tawk, v. i. [Ger. talken, to speak ] क्वी कहा : क्यांवाडी करा : वछ वछ कहिन्ना वका ; To speak familiarly : to prattle ; to prate : to reason :- #. करपानकथन, क्यांचार्का; अन्तर्वाष्ट्रां; Chit; familiar converse ; prattle ; conversation. Sys :-- Colloquy, discourse, chat, dialogue; report, rumour, bruit.

Talk a person over-walk; Wheedle one: --करशांशकथन शांता काहारक श्रांशनात मिरक श्रांना ; Persuade one to come over to one's side. [ boast. Talk big-36 at set; (all ast; To brag; to Talk of-ক্রা-ক ; উল্লেখ-কু , To relate.

Talk of the town—মিখা গল ; গালগল ; Gossip. Talk one mad-ৰাক পাগল-ক !

Talk oneself out of breath-- সভাৱ কথা কহা। To talk much; to exhaust oneself by talking. Talk over-তর্ক বিতর্ক-ক ; Discuss in conversation; to talk about, to deliberate upon; confer or reason with a person :- কথাবাৰ্ডা বারা কাহার 9 मङ कियान . Induce a person to change his opimon by talking with him :- काहोर के जुलान , Wheedle one.

Tall talk, Talking big-बूरवत्र मानहे : नवातीज well, Boastful and exaggerated language.

Talk to-अवादर्ग-(म : व्यव्याग-इ : To advise : exhart.

Talkativo, tawka-tiv, a. नदक्षिय ; नाजन ; निवया ; बहुआही Prating : garrulous : given to much talking. ad = talkatively, n=talkativeness. Syn --Garrulous, loquacious; chatty, conversible.

Talker, n. গাল . গলকাবক; কথক; One who talks. Tall, tawl, a. 36; High; lofty:-- 司引; 671; ডক ; দীৰ্ষ ; Long :--সাচ্চি ; Bold. n=taliness.

Tallness, n. मोर्डा छक्त । शापार ; Highness. Tallow, talo, n. sia ; 471 ; Fat :- v. t. sia মাধান; বদান্ত-ক : To grease with tallow.

Tallow candle-চর্মির বাতী।

Tallow chandler, n. চর্মি-বিক্রেডা; বে চর্মির वाडो शक्ष वा विक्रम करव ; Candle dealer.

Tally, tale, n. [ F. taille, from tailler, to cut ] बाक वाहि: बाक वहि: हाउ किंग्रे : A tick marked to keep account; a stick notched to match another :- त्यां हा :- शंत्र वा शेख :- ए. दे. डेलयक-क : मिल-T: To suit; to correspond. Syn:-(n) Score, reckoning; match, mate, counterpart. (v) Match, correspond, harmonize, agree, coincide. Tally-ho, tali-ho, int. निकातीत माइक नम वित्नव : The huntsman's cry betokening that a fox has gone away.

Tally-man, n. হিদাবকারী; One who keeps accounts :-- विकश्वावक ; One sells goods to be repaid by weekly instalments.

Tally-shop, n. व लाकात श्रीवनगातक गरिक दिगांव बाषा इत : छोरनाव रणांकान : A shop where goods are sold to be paid by instalments; the seller having one account book which tallies with the buyer's.

Talmud, talmud, अ. विद्वीनित्त्रत वर्त्वनांत : The body of the Hebrew laws :- विद्योगित भूतान ; A

book of Hebrew tradition, autalmudic, talmudical. [বা পা; The claw of a bird of pray Talon, taion, n. emig eint: femial emis nes Tamable, tama-bi, a. भारा ; सम्लोब ; रक्ष ; That may be tamed; capable of being tamed.

Temerind, tama-rind, n. উতুদ শাছ; উতুদ; A leguminous tree; its fruit.

Tamariak, n. বাউবাছ; A genus of shrubs.

Tambour, tamboor, n. ceis sie; A kind of small flat drum :-- बहुनी वित्नव ; त्त्रनात्वत्र वृक्तिष्ठांका 93; A circular frame, for embroidering upon: —v. f. বৃট ভোলা; To embroider on a tambour. Tambourine, tam-boo-rin, n. 514; 319192 वित्नव ; श्रामी ; Sieve like dium ; a shallow drum. Tame, (2m, a. গ্ৰহণালিড : পোৰিড : পালিড : গোৰা : গা-বেঁদা ; Domesticated ; not wild :-- নিজের ; বরা ; নিস্ৰভ ; শান্ত ; Spiritless :--বিনীত ; Gentle :--ক. t. গৃহপালিত-কু; পোৰ মানাৰ; To domesticate:--সভা-क ; भाष-क ; To reclaim ; to civilise ; to make gentle :- TT-F; To subdue. n=tamer. Syn :-(a) Mild, tractable, docile, subdued, crushed, mrek, flat, vapid. (r) Subdue, conquer, repress. Tumely, ad. महस्त , निकड़ि ना कतिया। [ यांत्र ना । Tameless, a. अ(शावनीय; गाहात्क त्यांव मानाव Tameness, n. শাস্তভাৰ , বনীভূতৰ।

Tamer. n. त वाकि वन करत ; One who tames.

Taming, n. वनीकत्रव

Tamper, tamper, v. i. शंड-(भ : इसक्थ-म : नाष्ट्रांकासा-कृ, श्रीपत्न अवृतिकताण काम-कृ; To meddle; try little experiments; to practise secretly:--বিবৃত-ক : প্ৰীক্ষা-ক : অৰ-দে )

Tamper with—वड़ कांद्रश छात्राहेनाय छही-कृ: Practice secretly on ; intrigue with -- नहे कृषित्रह या ठेकाहेगाव जांकशार इसाम्मन-क. Meddle with. with a view to injure or deceive.

Tamperer, n. श्डाक्लकांबी ; अवनी वानशंतकांदी । Tan, ton, v. t. 64 268-4; कर नाशांडेबा कामान প্রস্কৃত্ব সংখ্যার-কৃ, To convert skins into leather: --ভাষ্ণ-কৃ; To make tawny; to make brown :-- হ. গেকস বৰ্ণ-ছ ; To become tanned : -n. es gras sia; Bark of oak :- se einisete लक गारक्य काल; क्रांत्वत बहुव क्य; Bark burised and broken for tanning : - टाइ र्ग, A yellowishbrown color.

Tan-coloured, a. পিবৰ (

Tandem, tandem, n. anderstill at-celeni: Driving two horses one before the other :- ad. আগে পিছে করিয়া; অরপক'রাগে; Applied to the position of horses harnessed singly one before the other instead of abreast.

Tang, tang, n. আখাদন; Relish:--ভীর আখাদ चेत्र जात . A strong and offensive taste :-- देवांब . Twang.

Tangency, n. প্ৰায়; A contact or touching :- प्रतित द जान दीर्टित विकत बादक : The part of a knife which is inserted in the handle.

Tangent, n. (व महल दिशो दुरुष्क व्यर्थ करत किन्द কর্তন করে না; ক্রান্তা; A straight line which touches a circle; but does not cut it. .tangential ( कार्न क्लावर ; कार्न (वर्धा-नवबीय )। Fly off at a tangent - I'o be excited or hasty

in action.

Tangibility, n. পৰিয়তা; The quality of being tangible.

Tangible, tanje-bl, a. আনীয়; আন্ধানা: আৰু আয়া অনুভ্ৰমীয়; That may be touched or felt; perceptible by the touch; perceptible to the touch; palpable:—বাধ্যিক; Real. n=tangibility, tangibleness. ad=tangibly. Syn:—Palpable, perceptible, tactile; substantial, material, real, positive, solid.

Tangle, tang'gi, ন. গাঁইট; স্বা-অছি; আট; An intricate knot:—v. t. অড়িড-ফু; জড়ান; পেচ-পে; বাদে কেলা; To entangle; to unite or knit together confusedly; to ensnare:—আক্ল-ফু; To embarass. Syn:—(n) Interweave, interlock, intertwist, mat; complicate; ensnare, entrap.
Tangled, a. ভটন; গাইটপড়া; অড়িড।

Tank, tangk, n. প্ৰাণী; জনাশম; জনাধার চত্ছ; A large basin; large cistern for water; a reservoir of water, pond.

Tankard, tangkard, n. বড় পানপাত্ত; চাকনকাৰ
ৰটী; ট্ৰনী ৰটী; Large covered jug; a drinkingvessel with a cover. [ who tans.
Tanner, taner, n. চৰ্মন্থোৱক বৃচি, চৰ্মকাৰ; One
Tannery, taner-i, n. চামড়া প্ৰস্তুত ক্ৰিবাৰ কাৰৰানা; বেগানে চৰ্মন্থোৱ হ্ব; A place for tanning.
Tannic, tanik, a. চ্ণিত ব্যান সম্পূৰ্কীয় বা ডমুৎপন্ধ;
Of or derived from tan.

Tannin, tanin, n. বুক্ছালের কাখ; কবা উদ্ভিজনার-বিশেষ; Tanning principle of oak bark &c., an astrigent vegetable su-tance.

Tansy, tahri, n. লতা বিশেষ ; A bitter plant :-পিটুক বিশেষ ; A cake.

Tantalise, tanta-liz, n. t. নিরাপ-কু; বিভ্রমা-কু; বিজ্ঞান-কু; বিজ

Tentalization, n. আশা দিয়া বিভ্ৰনা বা নিয়াশ-Tentamount, tanta-mount, a. সমান; তৎপরি-নিত; সমকল; তুলামূলা; Equivalent; equal in value. Syn:—Equipollent, synonymous.

Tantamount to—ভাৎপর্যে একই ; Equivalent to. Tan-yard, n. य थान চामडा लहेश दाथा हव : A place where the tanning of skins is carried on. Tap, tap, v. t. আম আবিতি-কৃ; আবে পাৰ্ব-কৃ; মুহুপাৰ্থ-কু; To strike lightly; to touch gently:-জল বাহির করিবার জন্ত বিদ্ধা কু, ছিত্র করিয়া বাহির-কু; To pierce so as to let out a fluid .— मन्त्राणि निःगांत्रगार्थ ( शिशांत्र ) हिस-कृ ; To open a cask and draw off liquor :-- v. i. সামাক আখাত-ক ; To give a gentle blow:—n. সামাস্ত আবাত; ঠোকর: পাৰড়া . A gentle blow or touch :—র জু ; হিন্ত ; न्त ; हुनी : A hole or pipe through which liquor is drawn :-- हिनि ; निरमन्न हिज्ञत्वाधक ; क्षेत्र ; A plug to stop a hole or cask :-- শৌভিকালয় ; A place where liquor is drawn. Syn :- (v) Rap, knock ; broach, pierce; extract.

Tope, n. থিতে; বিভা; A narrow fillet or band.
Tape-line, n. মানিবার কিডা; অরিপের কিডা; A
painted tape used by engineers in measuring.
Taper, táper, n. মোনবাডা; A small waxcandle
or light:—কুম বীণ;—কুমণ: কুমানুডাগ;— ছ. i.

কৰণ: হন্ত: কৰে গৰ-ছ: To become gradually smaller toward one end:—০. এ হলাও-ছ: কৰে গৰ-ড়: বা কৰাৰ: ক্ৰাণ্ড ক্ৰেন্ড : কৰে ক্ৰাণ্ড ক্ৰেন্ড নাম ক্ৰেন্ড : ক্ৰেন্ড ক্ৰেন্ড নাম ক্ৰেন্ড : ক্ৰেন্ড ক্ৰেন্ড নাম ক্ৰেন্ড :—
(a) Conical, pyramidical.

Tape-ret, n. मारबंद काइन ; नान किला ।

Tapering, a. जमन: तक , कमन: एमीकांकननड ; Growing gradually thinner. ad=taperingly.

Tapestry, tap'es-tri, n. স্টিকাধাবিশিট বন্ধ ; হাডে ভোলা বিবিৰ চিত্ৰবিশিষ্ট পৰদা ; ব্টীদাৰ ভিৰক্তিমী ; A kind of woven cloth for lining walls, beads : v. t. ভাদুৰ প্ৰদা বাৰা শোভিত-ক্ ; To order with tapestry.

Tape-worm, tap'wurm, n. An intestinal worm. Tapicola, n. ভক্ জ্বা বিশেষ; Farinaceous food from cassova.

Tapir, tápir, n. ছুলচর ছোট ওঁড়বিশিট লছ বিশেষ : A thick-skinned hoofed quadruped, resembling the hog but having a short proboscis like the rhinoceros,

Tapis, n. নেজের চান্র; Table cover or tapistry.
On the tapis—বিচার্য বা উপস্থিত বিবরে; বিচার্য; বিবেচ; বিবেচনাছলে স্থাপিত; Under discussion or consideration, under consideration.

Tap-room, tap'ioum, Tap-house, tap-house, n. শৌহিকালয়; উড়িয় গোকান; A room where liquor is served from the tap or cask.

Tap-root, n. গ্ৰধান মূল; মূল লিকড়; A root of a plant which penetrates the earth directly downward to a considerably depth without dividing. Tapster, tap'ster, n. শুড়ি; লিপা হইতে মন্ত্রাবক; One who draws off liquor; a publican. Tar, tar, n. আল্কাতারা; তার; Liquid pitch; substance of a dark color:—মাল্লা; নাবিক; A scaman, a sailor:—v. t. আল্কাতারা মাধান; আল্কাতারা লাবান; To smear with tar. [বুঁংকুতে বানান। To tar and feather a person—কাহাকেও হৌনলTarantula, tar-ahtu-la, n. বিবনর বৃহৎ মাকড্লা; তালার বিবনর মাকড্লা; উর্নাত; A large poisonous spider.

Taraxacum, tar-akśa-kum, n. ( উৰহাৰ্থ ব্যৰ্ভ ) এক একার উদ্ভিক্ত মূল; The root of the dandeleon, used in medicine.

Tardily, ad. মন্ত্রভাবে; দেরিভে; Slowly.

Tardiness, tar'de-nes, n. দীৰ্ঘ্যভা; চিরকারিভা; Quality of being tardy. Syn:—Slowness, lateness, dilatoriness, procrastination.

Tardy, tar'de, a. [L. tardus, slow] a. গীৰ্ষ্টী;
মন্ত্ৰ, চিন্তনানী; বিলম্পিত; চিলা; Sluggish; dilatory; late. n=tardiness. ad=tardily. Syn:—Slow, slack, dilatory, procrastinating.

Tare, tar, n. वश्च छेडिम ; वनहात्रा ; पानानि ; A weed ; a plant :—निशी-पनि अकृतित नेपाद कोलकता सामानि कर्जा-तान ; बताहि ; An allowance for weight of a cask or bag &c.

Target, tar'get, n. ক্ষ চাল; A small buckler :-লক্ষ্য করিবার চিহু; শ্রব্য; টাল্মারি; A mark to fire at.
Targeteer, tar-get-er', n. চাল্মারী; চর্ম্মারী বোদ্ধা;
One armed with a target.

Tariff, tarif, n. মানুলের তালিকা; গুক্রে তক্সিজ; দিন্দিই মূল্যের গুলিকা, Table of charges; a list of duties. Tarn, স. পর্যভাষ্য হোট হুছ ; A small lake among the mountains.

Tarnish, tar'nish, ত. চ. ক্লভিড-কু; নিপ্ৰভ-কু; আনুজ্বল-কু; To soil; to stain; to diminish the lustre of:—ত. i. নিজেল-ছ; নিপ্ৰভ-ছ; কল্পিড-ছ; বুড় বিগড়ে-ছা; To become dull; to lustre. Syn:—Dim, darken, obscure, spot, taint, blemish.

Tarpaulin, tar-paw'lın, Tarpauling, tarpaw'ling, n. ডেব্ণল্; ত্রিপল , ক্যাবিদ ; A tarıed cover of coarse canvas :—নাবিদ , মালা।

Tarry, tar'e, a. আল্কাভাবার মত , তারমর ; তারবং ; Covered or like tar :--- t. পশ্চাতে থাকা , To stay behind --- দেরি-কু , বিলম্ব-কু ; অপেকা কু ; To delay , to loiter. Syn :---Abide, lodge, dwell, sojourn ; linger, delay, wait.

Tart, tart, a. আন ; টক ; Sharp to the taste, sour :—ভীক ; ভীত্ৰ ; কৰ্মল ; Sharp, severe :—n. কলের মিঠাই ; ক্লুরি বা কচুবি বিশেব . A kind of pie containing fiuit, jelly or conserve. Syn :—(a) Acidulous, sour, acid; bitter, pungent, biting, harsh, testy, snappish. [religion.

Tartaffe, n. কণ্টা; Hypocritical pretender in Tartan, tar'tan, n. বজিন ভোৱা কাটা প্ৰমী বন্ধ বিশেষ, Woolen cloth checked with various colours.

Tartar, tartar, n. পিণাৰ গাতে লগ্ন স্থাকটি, স্থা-গৰ্ভ পিণাৰ গাতে জাত লবণ বিশেষ, A salt, which forms on the sides of cask, containing wine:— গাডেৰ পাণাৰ; A concretion which sometimes forms on the teeth:—ভাতাৰ দেশীৰ বাজি; তীৰ বভাব লোক, A natives of Tartar, an irritable person.

Catch & Tartar—ৰলিট লোকেৰ সহিত কপড়া করিয়া বিপন্নত, কাঁটাগাকে গা চুলকান, Encounter a person who proves too strong for the assailant.

The tartar of the teeth—নত প্ৰথম, পত-নৰ্কন। Tartarous, tar'-tare-us, Tartaroous, tar'tar-us, a. টাটাৰ ষ্টিড বা তংগদ্ধ, Consisting of or resembling tartar.

Tartarie, tar-tar'ık, a সরা-নালোৎপর, টাটার দশ্প-ক্যুর, Pertaining to or obtuined from, tartar.

Tartarus, tarta-rus, n ন্বৰ, Hell —নর্কের ব্যাবে পাণীদেব দণ্ডবিধান করা হব, The place of publishment in Hades, the lower world. a= tartareous (নাব্ৰীয়)।

Tartish, tart.sh, a. नागांड चन्न ; क्रेयर छीउ ; Somewhat tart.

Tartly, ad. डोक्डार्ट ; क्रब्स्टार्ट ; Sharply.

Tartness, tartnes, #. আনতা; Sourness; acidity
—তীৱতা; Keeness. Syn.—Sharpness, acerbity,
pungency, harshness; keenness, poignancy,
asperity.

Task, task, ন. কাথ্যের ভার : অন্ত কর্ত্ত নিজিপ্ত বা আৰম্ভ কাথ্য . Business or duty imposed by another; a set amount of work .—কাজ , আন ; Work , drudgery :—পাঠ ; Leason to be studied : —ত. t. কার্থ্য ভাব-দে ; বাজে কাজ চাপাল ; To impose a task upon ; to oppress with severe work. Syn .—(n) Labour, toil ; employment, occupation , undertaking, enterprise ; lesson, exercise. Take to task—তির্কার-কৃ; ভাবনা-কৃ; Reprove. Task-master, task-master, n. কার্য-নির্মেশক; কাৰ্যে তত্ববাহক : বে কাল বাঁচে বা বাছে চাগায় ; One whose duty is to assign tasks ; one who superintends work.

Task-work, w. Work imposed as a task.

Tassel, tasel, n. রেশনী বালা; বেশনের খোপনা; খোবা; A bunch of silk; hanging bunch of silk:

-ত. t. খোপনা ছিলা খোভিড-ড়; To adorn with tassels. a=tasselled.

Tastable, a. হ্ৰাদ ; Relishing.

Taste, tast, v. t. খাদ-ল; আখাদন-ফু: আনুভব-ফু; আবগত-ফু; To try or perceive by the touch of the tongue; relish, feel:—v. i. চাকা; আনুভত-ফু; To try by the mouth:—n. আবাদন: Tasting:—আখাদ; বাদ: বাদ; ভার; Flavour, relish:—বেনিয়া; রানা; The sense of tasting:—ফুচি, পছল; অনুরাগ; আনুজি: Laking:—বিচারশক্তি: Intellectual discernment. Syn:—(n) Savour, gusto, gout; dash, infusion, tincture, sprinkling, fondness, partiality; discernment, judgment, perception, sensibility.

A matter of taste—কৃচিব বিষয়; A matter depending on one's personal fancy or liking.

A taste for অপুরাগ, A turn for : -- রসমতা,
Power of appreciating.

Bad teste-ৰুক্তি।

Good taste-श्वाहि ।

In good or bad taste—বাহা সাধারণের ভাল বা মন্স লাগে. In accordance with good use or style or the reverse.

Man of taste—হর্ত্তবিশিষ্ট লোক। Tastos diffor—ভিন্ন কচিদম্পন্ন লোক।

Taste of—কেষন জিনিস তাহা টের পাওবা; Experience, have perception of. [liking, I ked by one. To one's taste—মনেব মত; প্তশাহি, To one's Tasteful, tāst'iool, a. হ্ৰাছ, কাচন্ত্ৰ, কাচ্যত্ত (রাচ্ক, Savoury; having a high relish, iclishing. ad — tastefully (হুলার, কাচ্যত্ত হিলা)। n=tastefulness (বাছতা; কাচ্যক্তৰ)। Syn—Toothsome, palatable, elegant, refined.

Tasteless, tastles, a. चांग्होन , विचाप , भान्ति . Insipid. n=tastelessness, ad=tastelessly.

Taster, n. चार्चापक ; চ।धनपांत्र ।

Tasty, tasti, a. ব্ৰাণপূৰ্ণ, কচিসকত; ব্ৰচিসম্পন্ন, Full of taste, having a good taste.

Tatter, tatér, n. নেকড়া ; কালি , ছেঁড়া কাগড় ; A rag :--- v. f. ছিন্ত ক , টুক্রা টুক্রা-ক ; চিরিয়া কেলা ; To rend in pieces. [ ment.

In tatters—In rags or loose pieces, as a gar-Tattered, a. বৰ্জনিত ; ভিন্ন , চেডা।

Tattle, tail, n. জনৰ্থক গল , বাজে গল ; Idle talk or chat; babble :—০. i. জলনা-কু; ব্ধা কথা কথা ; বড বড় করিয়া বলা ; ব্ধা বকা , To talk idly ; to prate. Syn :—(v) Prattle, babble, chatter, gossip, bl ib. Tattler, n. জনৰ্থক গলকায়ী ; বহুভাষী ; ললনাকায়ী ; গলে লোক ; Babbler.

Tattoo, tat-too, n. চাকের বাদ্য, চডা-রর; ব ব ছাবে আনরবার্থ ডুরীর বন্ধ; A beat of drum giving notice to soldiers to repair to their quarters; call to quarters:—ভিভি; বেহ-বেগা; Figure made by pricking the skin and rubbing colour in:—v. t. ভিভি-বে; উভি প্রা; To maik indelibly, as the skin, with figures by pricking in colouring matter. Taught, pt. and pp. of teach.

Taunt, tawnt, n. ঠাটা; বিজ্ঞাণ; উপহান; Insulting words; scoff; jibe; ridicule; jeer:—v. t. ঠাটা-ড়: বিজ্ঞাণ-ড়; To scoff; to jeer at. n=taunter (বিজ্ঞাণানী); a=taunting (বিজ্ঞাণানত); ad=tauntingly (বিজ্ঞাণানতিয়া Syn:—(v) Upadid, twit, flout, mock, deride, ridicule, revile. Taurine, taw'rin, a. ব্ৰন্থনীয়; ব্ৰব্ডিড; Relating to a bull.

Taurus, taw'rus, n. [L. taurus, a bull] ব্যৱাশি; বে রাশিতে লোট নানে প্রেল ভোগ হয়; The bull, the second signs of the zodiac.

Taut, a. অণিথিলভাবে আকর্ষিত; Tightly drawn.

Tautalogise, taw-tolo-jiz, v. t. প্ৰকৃতি-কৃ; To repeat the same thing or similar words. a= tautologist.

Tautology, taw-tofo-je, n. [ G. tautos, the same, and logos, speech ] একই বিৰবেৰ শৰাক্তরে পুনক্তি , অনুলাগ , পুনক্তি ; Needless repetition of the same words or the same meaning in different words. a=tautologic, tautological ( প্ৰ-কৃত্তিক ; পুনক্তিবিশিষ্ট ; সমাৰ্থক )। ad=tautologically Syn:—Pleonasm, iteration, redundancy, verbosity.

Tavern, tavern, n. পাছপুহ; সরাই; মদাণালা; ভাডিখানা; An inn ; house for sale of wines.

Taw, taw, n. t. বেডচৰ্দ্ম গ্ৰন্থত-কু; ( চৰ্দ্ম) সংকাৰ-কু.
To diess leather to make it white; dress and prepare as slain into white leather:—n. বেলাই-বার বড উটো বা মার্কেল; A large marble to be played with.
[ক্পো: n=tardiness.
Tawdrily, ad. ৰাজ-চাকচিকা কৰ্মনপ্ৰকি; জমকাবTawdry, taw'dre, a. চউকলাৰ, জমকাব; পোডাযুক্ত; জমবাব; Showy without taste, gaudily dressed.
Syn:—Gaudy, flashy, tinsel.

Tawny, taw'm, a. পিজল; কপিনবৰ্গ; ভাৰ্ত্ত্বৰ্গ; পী চৰ্গ; Of yellowish brown colour. n=tawniness.

Tax, taks, n. [L. taxare, to value] প্ৰক; রাজন;
বর . টেস্কো; Import levied by government; a
rate imposed on property or persons for the
benefit of the state; tribute:—ভার; অনুপাদের
কাষ্যভার, Burden; a burdensome duty:—নিলা;
Blame:—v. t. কর বসা; গুল প্রদানে ছারী-কৃ; To
levy taxes, to impose a tax on:—ভারগ্রুক-কৃ;
নিলা-কৃ; (দাবী-কৃ; To accuse; to blame, to lay a
burden upon. Syn:—(n) Impost, contribution,
duty, toll, rate, assessment. exaction; demand,
charge, requisition. (v) Charge, censure; rate,
assess.

[(one) with.

Tax (one) with—কোনরপ অপবাদ দেওয়া . Charge Taxable, tak's-bl. a. করবোগ্য ; কর নির্দারণীয় ; Capable of being or liable to be taxed.

Taxation, taks-á-hun, n. कत निज्ञभ्य ; कत ज्ञानन ; हिम्दन जानाव ; The act of taxing.

Tax-gatherer—কর-সংগ্রাহক ; Collector of taxes. Tax-payer, ন. করণাতা ।

Tea, n. চা; A plant; the leaves of a shrub:—
চা-নিম জন; An infusion of the leaves in boiling water.

Tea-cannister, n. 51 silvels els; Box for keeping tea intended for regular use.

Teach, tech, o. f. शृद्धा ; (नवान ; निका-त्व : छेन्त्वन-

যে; Instruct; impart knowledge of:— . . . শিক্ততা-ত্ : শিক্ততার কার্য-ক্ : To practise giving instruction. pt. and pp=taught. Syn:—Communicate, impart, inculcate, instil, preach; inform, educate, train, school, tutor, discipline; direct, guide, counsel, advise, admonish.

Teach one's grand mother to suck eggs— অনাৰভক কোন কৰ্ম-কৃ; To do something superfluous.

Teach the new idea how to shoot—উর্জি-কলে শিকা-দে, Teach it how to grew or make progress.

Teachable, techa-bi, a. শিক্ষনীয়; বস্তু; Apt or willing to learn :—দপ্ৰেয়া . Capable of being taught. n=teachableness (শিক্ষনীয়তা)।

Teacher, techer, n. শিক্ষ ; অধাপক ; আচার্যা ; উপদেশক ; Instructor ; one who teaches ; school-master ; one who teaches or instructs. Syn:—Tutor, professor, preacher.

Teaching, teching, n. বিকাদান , অব্যাপনা ; উপ-বেশ ; Act or business of instructing. Syn :--Education, instruction, breeding, training.

Tea-cup, n. চা পান করিবার পাত্র; চাব পেরালা; A vessel from which an infusion of tea is drunk.
Toak, tek, n. সেগুণ বৃক্ষ; A timber tree.

Tea-kettle, n. চা সিদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ হানী বা পাতা।
Teal, ান, নালি হান; A web-footed water-fowl.
Team, tem, n. চলত লত্তৰ দল; প্তদল; ছই বা
তেতাধিক বৃধ বা অব; Two or more horses, oxen
or other animals harnessed to the same vehicle:

— नव ; পক্ষ, সম্প্রদায।
Teamster, të mistër, n. (বোদ্ধিত অধাদির) বাহক;
দাবক; One who drives a team. driver.

Tea-pot, n. চা প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবৰ পাত্ৰ; চা-দান; The kettle or pot having a handle and a spout in which tea is infused.

A tempest in a tea-pot—গোলানে তুকান। Tea-plant, n. চা গাছ।

Tear, ter, n. অঞ্চৰিৰু; চকের জল; Water from the eyes:—তদাকাৰ বস্তু; Something like a tear. Tear, tar, v. t. বিদীৰ্ক, বিবাৰৰ-কু, ছিল্ল-কু; বাড়া; ভেন-কু; To separate by violence, to rend; shatter, to lacerate:—v. i. বেলে থাবিড-ছ; পাগলের মত ছুটবা বেড়ান; To move or act with violence:—উন্নত্তৰৎ প্রবাপ-কু; To rave:—n. বিশারৰ; কাড়ন; কাড়া; A rent. Syn:—Rend, sever, sunder, split, lacerate, claw, mangle.

Crocodile tears—যার কারা; কুন্মির ছংখ; Pretended sorrow; false or affected tears; hypocritical tears or sorrow.

Shed tears—চক্ষের জল কেলা; Weep.
Tear off—ছিডিলা কেলা; উপডিলা কেলা; To strip.
Tear out—ৰলপুৰ্কক টাৰা; উৎপাটিত-তৃ; Pull or
draw out by violence.

Tear piece meal—हेक्ता हेक्ता-इ: वर्धव-इ: To tear into fragments by pieces.

Tear up-ভाकिता (एवा ; जुनिता (रुवा ; Rip up-

Tears of joy—আনকাজ।

Wear and tear—गुपशास्त्रनित कत्र ।

Tearful, terfool, a. অকপ্ ; সাঞ্ ; Abounding with or shedding tears; weeping. ad-stearfully.
n=tearfulness.

Tearloss, ter'les, c. অজহীন; অজপুত্ত; নিয়ক; Without tears.

Tesse, tez, v. t. [A. S. taesan, to tease] বিষশ্ কু; বালাজন কু; উত্তাজ-কু; To vex; to harass or annoy:—বাচড়াইয়া নাক-কু; To comb:—বাল ডোলা; Raise a nap. Syn:—Plague, torment, chagrin, irritate, disturb, provoke, tantalize.

Tea-set, Tea-service—চা-পানের পাত্রসমূহের এক প্রস্তু: চা থাইবার সমূহর সরস্ত্রাম ; A complete set of articles for the tea-table.

Tea-spoonful, n. চার চামচের এক মাপ।

**Tea-spoon**—চার চাষচ; চা পান করিবার ক্ষুত চাষ্চে; A small spoon for stirring the sugar which sweetens the tea. [Nipple.

Test, tet, n. चरनद रहीते ; चनाओ ; कहत देति ; Tes-table, n. हा शास्त्र सक वा हिन्दिन ।

Teazle, Teasel, হেটা, ন. ওকড়া বা কঁটাগাছ; উদ্ধিদ বিশেষ; A plant:—v. t. ওকড়া দিয়া আঁশ ভোলা; ভদারা কেনো তোলা; To raise a nap on with the tease.

Technic, teknik. Technical, teknik-al, n.
ব্যবিদ্যাসংকাত , পারিভাবিক; নিয়বিদ্যা সম্বান্ত ; বৈজ্ঞা-নিক; ব্যবসা-সম্বান্ত ; Pertaining to art, handicraft, mechanics or a particular profession,

Technical education—[শরণিকা।

Technicality, n. পারিভাবিকয়; ব্যবিদ্যা সংক্রান্ত বিষয়; The state or quality of being technical.

Technics, tekniks, n. পরিভাষা; শিলবিদ্যা . কলা; Technical terms or objects; the doctrine of arts in general.

Technology, tek-nolo-ji, n. শিক্তপন্থ ; শিক্তবিষ্ক পুত্ৰক ; Treatise on the arts:—ক্লাগ্ৰন্থ ব্যক্ত পারিভাবিক শব্দের ব্যাবাা ; পরিভাবা ; An explanation of technical terms. a=technological (শিক্ত শাব্দ সম্বায় )। n=technologist (শিক্তশাব্দে পণ্ডিড)।

Techy, a. ৰাষী; খিইখিটে; Peevish.

Ted, ted, v. t. তৃণাধি শুক করিবাব লক্ত ভূডান; যান
শুকাইবার লক্ত ছড়াইয়া-দে; To spread out grass for
drying:

Te Deum, n. ধর্মন্ত্রীত; ঈশ্বর-ভ্রেড বিশেব; Hymn
Tedious, tউ'de-us, n. রাজিজনক; সেন্দানক;
ক্টকর; বির্ভিকর; Tiresome; wearisome; irksome. ad=tediously (ক্লেকারকর্মেণ)। n=tediousness (ক্লেকারক্য্য)। Syn:—Wearisome, dreary,
prosy, prolix; sluggish, slow, protracted.

Tedium, te'di-um, n. ক্লান্তি, বিরক্তিবোধ; ক্লোন্ডভা; আজি, Wearisomeness; irksomeness.
Teem, tem, v. i. [A. S. tyman, teman, to produce ] গৰ্ভবতী-হ; Be pregnant:—কলমাৰ্--ফ;
Be fruitful:—পরিপূর্ণ-হ, ব্যেষ্ট-হ, To be full or prolific:—প্রস্ক-হ; বিরান; To bring forth:—লাভঙ পাছু বারা পূর্ণ-ফ; মুচি হইতে ঢালা। Syn:—Bear, produce; conceive; be prolific, abound, be full.

[ with.

Teem with—বিভাৰ পাকা; Be full of; abound Teemful. a. গৰিনী:—পৰিপূৰ্ব।

Teeming, teming, a. वहका ध्यतकाती; Prolific. Syn:-Pregnant, fruitful; full, fraught, replete, abundant, swarming, numerous.

Teemless, e. क्यां ; अपूर्शांक ।

Teens, tenz, n. pl. ১৩ वर्गत हरेए छन्दिए वर्ष भ्रहाप्त वहन ; Between 13 and 19 years old.

In one's teens—নাবালকাবছা; নাবালকাবছা বৃদ্ধে
নাই এমন বৰসেৱ (কাল্ডের ছে'ড়া); Under age.
Out of one's teens—নাবালকাবছা পার হুইলে;
Past a nou-age.
[বংসারের মধ্যে থাকা;
To be in one's teens—নাবালক থাকা; উলিপ
Teeth, n. pl. of tooth; ব্যৱস্থায়

Armed to the teeth-Amid Add !

By the skin of one's teeth नवड (बाहोड़ा ; Having nothing or next to nothing :—वडि वास्त्र वड ; Very narrowly. [fully.

Cast in the teeth—বিজা-কু; Retort repreach-Cut one's teeth—বিজয় হাঁড উঠা; Put forth one's teeth.

Fling (throw or east) in one's teeth—ন্বের উপরে কিছু বলিরা কাহাকে অপদস্থ ও অঞ্জিঞ্ছু; Taunt or insult one with (something).

In spite of the teeth—বাধা সম্বেভ; তয় প্রদর্শন সম্বেভ; Notwithstanding threats expressed; in defiance of opposition.

In the teeth—বাধা সত্ত্ব ; In direct apposition.

In the teeth of— কোন বাবা বিশ্ব সমূৰে থাকিতেও, Directly against; in the face of; in direct apposition to.

Set the teeth on edge—গাঁত সিড দিড-কু; Affect the teeth with a disagreeable sensation:—রাগ-ছ; Irritate one extremely.

Show the tooth—ভীত-কু; জন দেখান; গাঁও বাহিন-কু; Threaten:—বিরোধাচনণ অক্ত বাহির হইলা আসা, Come forward to show a hostile attitude. Teething, n. শিশুর দক্ষোকান; মুধ্যে গাঁত উঠন।

Toototaler, n. যে বাজি কোন প্ৰকাৰ নামক স্বৰ্থা ব্যৱহাৰ ক্ষ্যে না : মানক পানীয় পরিবৰ্জনকারী : One pledged to entire abstinence from intoxicating drinks.

Teetotalism, n. मनानित्र मण्यूर्न भविरक्षन ।

Testotum, n. বাণকের ক্রীড়া-কন্ক বিশেষ ; লান্তিম। Tegument, teg'u-ment, n. [ L. tego, to cover ] আবরণ ; আছোদন ; An integument:—চর্মা; ছাল ; ড্ক; The external covering.

Tolegram, n. নাছেতিক নংবাৰ; ভাড়িত-বাৰ্ত্তা; A mcs-age sent by telegraph.

Telegraph, n. সক্ষেত্ৰ বাবা দূরে সংবাদ প্রেরণের উপায় বা কল; Electrical or other instrument or apparatus for conveying intelligence to a distance:—p. f. ভাবে বা সক্ষেত্ৰ সংবাদ প্রেরণ-কৃ; To convey or announce by telegraph. a telegraphic.

Electric telegraph, n. তাডিত বার্থাবহ।

Telegraphic, a. ডাড়িডবার্রাব্য সম্বনীয় : সান্ধেতিক ; ডড়িং বারা প্রেরিড ; Pertaining to, or communicated by telegraph.

Telegraphist, te-leg'ra-fist, n. বে তাড়িত বার্তাবহ বন্ধ নইমা কাজ করে; One who works a telegraph. Telegraphy, tel-eg'ra-fi, n. তাড়িত বিজ্ঞান; তাড়িত বার্ত্তাবহন সক্ষীয় বিজ্ঞান; The science or art of constructing telegraphs.

Teleology, n. উদেশুবিবা; বে শাল্লে স্টার উদ্দেশ্ত কারণ নির্মাণত হয়; The science of the final cause of things. a—teleological, ad =teleologically. Telephone, tele-fon, n. গুরুকখন বয়; বে বয় বারা

Telephone, tele-fon, n. দূরকণন বয় ; বে বন্ধ বারা উচ্চায়িত পক দূরে ব্যেরিত হয় ; An instrument for reproducing sound at a distance by the aid of electricity. Telescope, tele-skop, s. मृत्रवीद: मृत्रवीका ; An optical instrument for seeing objects at a distance. a=telescopic, telescopical (पूत्रवीन नवकीत)। Tall, tel, v. f. पता ; कहा ; To utter ; to speak : मर्गा-इ : अरु अरु कृतिश मर्गा-इ : To count : to number :--वानान ; क्यांष-कृ ; To inform :--विना-F; Utter in detail; relate; recount, narrate: --नरपान-त्न ; Report in form :--नापा-क ; To explain :-- डाइबान ; निकड कु ; To discern :--भारतन-ङ्गः To order:--- हे. कांग्रकाती-हः करनार-भागन-इ ; To have effect :-- नःवान-(न ; To make report. pt. and pp=told. Syn:-Reckon; express, state, mention; communicate, impart, reveal, disclose, inform, acquaint; repeat, rehearse, recite, narrate; make out, distinguish. Tell after-भूनकात्र वना ; Repeat. Tell again-প्नक्तांत्र बना ; Recount. Tell against—কাহার বিরুদ্ধে-বা ; প্রতিকৃলে-বা ; প্রতি-कल शिक्षान : Have effect against ; go against. Tell by-त्वांन किছू व्हेट विठाव-कृ ; Judge from. Tell for-काहांत्र अनुकृत्व वना ; काहांत्र नगरक वना ; Count in favour of. { quire no explanation. Tell its own tale—शांशा बारडक करत ना : Re-Tell of--জাত-কু; উল্লেখ-কু; বর্ণনা-কু; Inform. Tell off-पन व्हेटड पृथक कवित्रा कांन कार्या शांति ; Detach :-- পৃথক করিয়া আওড়ান, Utter or recite in detail :-- বলা ; To give utterance to :-- পাৰা-F. Count or divide as a number of men for a [ referring to memory. particular duty. Tell off hand-spairs and; Relate without Tell on or upon--हानिसनक-इ: निवास कड़े-(प: चाडा कहे (पश्या वा नहे-ज़ ; कब-ज़ ; Injure : produce a markedly injurious effect on; have effect upon , injure.

Tell over—বৰ্ণনা-ক ; Reckon or count over.
Tell tales—অভারণ বলা ; অনর্থক করা ; To communicate information officiously.

Tell tales out of school—वर्ष विदय अकान-कृ ; Betray secrets.

Toll to one's face, or one's teeth—মুখের সাম্বে বলা : Tell in direct open opposition.

Tell well—कांशकांश-इ ; Have a good effect. Tellas, n. The earth personified.

Teller, teler, m. কৰক; প্ৰশাকায়ী; One who counts; one who enumerates; a clerk who receives and pays money.

A fortune-teller, त्र. गर्गक ; गर्गनाकाती : [ tive. Telling, a. क्लश्रक ; करनार्थाक ; क्षप्रश्रोही ; Effectell-tale, tel-tal, त्र. जगरत गृक्ष क्षात्र त्रहेनांकाती ; द वाक्ति जगरत क्षर विवय क्षात्र व्यक्षन-कृ ; गर्गक्रात्र ; गर्गक ; गरा ; गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा ; गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा ; गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा हिंद । प्राप्त : गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा हिंद । प्राप्त : गरा हिंदि । प्राप : गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा हिंदि । प्राप्त : गरा हिंदि । प्राप

Telluric, tel-turik, a. পৃথিৱ সৰ্ভাৱ : পার্থিব ; ভৌৰ : Partaining to or proceeding from the earth. [metal.

earn.
Tollurium, tei-lu'ri-um, n. উপগাড় বিশেষ; A
Tomerity, te-mer'i-ti, n. [L. temere, by
chance] বৌলারভামি; অবিযুক্তনারিভা: উত্তা;
Rashness; heedlessness:—ফুলাহল; অসমবাহন;
Unreasonable contempt for danger.

Temper, temper, n. [L. temperare, from tempus, time] देवर्ग; देवर्ग; प्रदेश स्वाप्त स्वाप्त है। स्वत्र

বিরভা; Calmness; moderation:—শারীরিক বা यानिमिक व्यवद्या ; The state of body :--- बरमब अन्नय ; क्लापाणि ; Passion :--विकित्र खर्गत्र यथानविभारन निकान ; বিক্লম্ভ শ্বৰেষ বৰোচিত মিশ্ৰৰ; Due mixture of contrary qualities:—ৰভাৰ; বেজাল; প্ৰকৃতি; Constitution of mind :-- থাছাদির ক্টিন্ডা; The state of a metal, as to its hardness :-- v. t. মিশ্রিত-কু; উপবৃক্ত মাঝায় মিশ্রিত-তু; To mingle in due proposition; to mix so that one qualifies the other :—मिणाँदेत्रा ध्यकावास्त्र-कृ ; स्वशास्त्र-कृ ; To modify by mixture :--নর্ম-কু; কোমল-কু; প্রশ্যিত-इ; To moderate; to soften; to calm:--प्या-পরিমাণে কটিন-কু; To bring to a proper degree of hardness : -- উপৰ্জ-কু। Syn :-- (n) Temperament, disposition, constitution; frame, mood; composure; anger, passion, heat, irritability. (v) Qualify; adapt, adjust, accommodate; mollify, assuage, moderate, restrain.

Be out of temper—মেলাল গ্ৰন-হ; মেলাজ বিশ্ডাইলা-বা; Be in a passion or irritation; lose equanimity of mind.

In a fit of temper—sices viels;

Lose temper—বৈধ্য হারান।

Show temper নাগ থকাপ-কু; রাগ বা বিরক্তিভাব একাশ-কু; Manifest irritation.

Temperament, tempér-a-ment, n. একৃতি; বভাব; Disposition:—ৰাভ্যৱর অকৃতি; Internal constitution:—শিক্তাদি খাড়।

Bilious temperament—গৈতিক গাড়।

Mervous temperament—বাহৰিৰ বাড়; বার্থাৰ বাড়।

Phlegmatic (or lymphatic) temperaTemperance, temper-ans, n. বিভাচার; সংববিভাচার; পানভোজনাধির সংবম; Moderation; abstinence from intoxicating drinks. Syn:—
Sobriety, soberness, self-control; calmness,
sedateness; chasteness, continence; abstinence.
Temperance society, n. মদাধি পান-বিবারবী
মন্তাবা সমান; Fellowship of parties pledged to
abstain from spirits.

Temperate, temper-at, a. সম; পরিমিত; মধ্যমরূপ; মাধারি; নাতি শীতোক; Moderate in degree:
শীতন; Cool:—ধার; হির; ঠাণা; শাস্ত; Calm:—
নংবত; মিতাচারী; Sober; abstemious; continent.
ad—temperately (শাস্তভাবে)। n=temperateness
(সমতা; ছিরতা; মিতব্যবহার)। Syn:—Sober,
frugal; chaste; calm, dispassionate; mild.

Temperate sone—সমস্তল।

Tempered, a. কোনও অনুতিস্পান্ত : —পাইন দেওরা ৷
Temperature, tem-per-a-tur, n. নীতনতা ওতিকভার পরিয়াণ : নীতাতপের অবহা বা পরিয়াণ : ভাগমান :
Degree of heat and cold :—অকৃতির অবহা ; বাজাবিক্তাব : Constitution.

High temperature—पठाउ देवांग।

Tempest, tempest, n. বড; বাড়া; পুৰার; Violent storm:—সংগোদ; হালাখা; Any violent commotion. Syn:—Gale, squall, hurricane, tornado; agitation, perturbation, tumult, excitement, outbreak.

Tempest in a teapot—সাধাত বিষয় কাইছা কাইছা গোলবোদ; সোলাদে ফুলান; Much fuss about স trifle; violent agitation about a trifling matter. Tempestuons, tem-pest-॥ ॥, ৫. ৰাজাক্ল; বটকাৰ্ল; বটিকাম্ম; Stormy:—তুমুল; প্ৰচেও; হালাবিদ্না; Turbulent. n = tempestuousness. ad=tempestuously. Syn:—Windy, gusty, blustering,
poisterous; violent, tumultuous.

Templar, templar, #. বৰ্ণবোদ্ধা বিশেষ; One of ... religious military order; knight of the temple of Jerusalem:—উকীল; আইনপাস ছাত্ৰ; বাবস্থা বিদ্যাধ্যাধী ছাত্ৰ; Lawyers or students living in the temple; a student of law living in the temple London.

Temple, templ, n. মন্দির; দেবালর; পিজা; A place of worship in honour of some God; an edifice erected to a deity — লখন নগরের ব্যহার শাস্ত্র বা আইনের বিদ্যালয়খ্ব; In London, two inns of Court:—রগ; কপালের পার্থর; The flat side of the forehead.

Temporal, tempo-ral, a. পার্থিব : ইছিক ; জনিত্য ; Worldly:—কণালসম্বনীব ; Pertaining to the temples of the head. Syn:—Mundane, terrestrial, secular ; finite, transient, flecting, temporary. Temporal bone—করোটীর পার্ব ও অবঃপ্রদেশস্থিত মুন্তি।

Temporality, n. সাংগারিক ৰাভাগাভ, What pertains to temporal welfare:—pl. বালকগণের আব, দেবান্তব ভূমির আর; Revenues of an ecclesiastic preceeding from lands, tithes, and like.

Tomporary, tempor-ar-ı, a. কৰ্ণকাল্যায়ী; কৰ্ণ-যায়ী, ক্ৰিক, অহায়ী, অচিব্যায়ী; Transient. ad= temporarily. n=temporariness. ad=temporarily ( অঞ্কালেৰ বস্তু : fleeting ).

Temporise, tempor-iz, v. i. অবদ্বা বৃথিবা বাৰহাক; To yield to circumstances:—সমন্নাল্যাধী-হ;
সমলোচিত ব্যবহার-ক; To be a time-server:—বিলম্বক; To delay. n=temporizer ( সমন্ত্রেরী ব্যক্তি )।
Tempt, tempt, v. t. প্রীকা-ক; To test; to put
to trial:—প্রক্তন্ত্র; কুপ্রক্তি-কে; প্রলোভিত-ক; To
entice; to seduce; lure. Syn:—Try, prove;
entice, allure, attract, decoy, seduce, invergle;
incite, instigate, provoke; incline, dispose.
Tempt. God-ভিত্তর কোষে স্কান্ত্রি Provoke the

Tempt God.—ইবরের কোপে পড়া; Provoke the anger of God.

Temptation, tem-tāshun, ম. প্রশোধন ; নৰ্কার্থ্য প্রবর্ধনা ; পাপানজি ; The act of tempting enticement to evil :—পরীকা ; Trial. Syn :—Allurement ; bribe, bait, lure, decoy, trial. [ সংবৰ্ণ-সু | Resist or withstand temptation—পোড Tempter, temter, ম. স্কভান ; কুল্লবুড়িব উল্লেক ; One who tempts the devil. fem=temptress.

Tempting, tenting, a. आनावनकात्री ; विराहित . आनावनकात ; चार्क्क , Adapted to tempt or entice ; attractive adetemptingly.

Ten, ten, a. ঘৰৰ, খৰ, Twice five:—n. ঘৰ সংবা , ঘৰটা ; A figure denoting ten unites.

Ten to one—প্ৰ অনন্তৰ, একালুগাতে কথবায়; Most unlikely:—বিক্তঃ; Undoubtedly. [ কথাকুলি। The ten commandment—কথাকেল; কৰ জাজা; The upper ten or the upper ten thousand—কুলীৰ-সন্তাদায়, Aristocracy.

Tenable, tena-bl. a. ধাৰ্য; ধৰ্বা; ক্ষণীয়, ক্ষণিতব্য; অধ্যনীয়; Capable of being held or retained; capable of being kept defended, Tenacious, te-nāthe-us, a. [ L. tenax, tenacis, from tenere, to hold ] চট্চটে; চট্চটিয়া; আটাল; Glutinous; adhesive:—ছিরপ্রতিষ্ণ; নাডোচবান্দা; Perfinacious:—ৰাষ্ণাকৰ; Retentive:—একভ্তির; Stubborn:—নব্যাধীৰ; Apt to stick, matenaciousness (বিশ্বাধাতিশ্ব)। adatenaciously ( বাডোচবান্দা ইয়া; বিশ্বাভিশ্ব-সহকারে)। Syn:—Adhesive, sticky, viscous; obstinate, stubborn.

Be tenacious of হাড়িতে অনিভুক-ই, Cling fist to; be willing to quit.

Tenacity, te-nase-te, n. সংলগ্নীলভা; অভ্যাগৰ্থিভা; Glutinousness, the state of being tenacious:— হিরপ্রভিক্তা; অভ্যনীরভা; করিনভা; Pertinacity:— ধারণাপজি; Retentiveness. Syn:—Tenaciousness; adhesiveness, cohesiveness, toughness; stubbornness, obstinacy.

Tenancy, tenan-si, ন. রার্ডি সম্ব; ভাড়া; লমা: ভাড়াটিরা বারণা বা বাটি; A tenure; temporary holding of land or property.

Tenant, tenant, n. আলা; লাইবত; ভাড়াটবা: বানধারী: One who holds or possesses land or house under another; farmer dweller:—w. i. আলা বন্ধপে অধিকার-কু; ভাড়া বঙ্গা; To hold as a tenant.

A tenant at will-styll and

Tenantable, tenant-a-bl, a. বাসবোগ্য: ভোত-বোগ্য: Fit to be tenanted.

Tonantless, tenant-les, a. প্ৰদা-বিহীন; পালি, অন্থিকুত; Without a tenant; unoccupied.

Tenantry, tehant-ri, n. প্রজাবর্গ, প্রজাবর্গ; ব্যাইবত দকল; The body of tenants. [ fish. Tonoh, tensh, n. new वित्नव ; A fresh water Tend, tend, v. f. रष्ट-म : मरनारगान-क : (मधारुना-क : To hold or take care of :---রকার্থ সঙ্গে-বা; সঙ্গী-হ; To attend on; to accompany .— হেপালাত ক; बका-क ; To guard :- v. i. कान मिरक श्रमन-क ; कान नित्क हमा वा बूंका; To move in a certain direction :-- সাহায্য-কু; সহায়তা-কু; To contribute : --- উপার यहाप कांश-क: माधना कल-क: **উ**পার ह: To be directed to any purpose :-- नका-कृ ; To aim. Syn -- Watch, guard, keep, protect, nurse, manage; wait, serve, attend; incline, [ towards. lean, verge; conduce, lead to. Tend to-वाहराब त्यांक वा ठान वाका : Move or go Tendency, tenden-se, ম. অভিপ্ৰায় ; ঝোঁই ; প্রবৃত্তি; পতিঅবশতা; Inclination; drift:--লকা; Aim. Syn :- Leaning, determination, proneness, proclivity, bias, liability, course.

Tender, tender, a. [F. tendre, to stretch]
বৃদ্ধ; নরন; কোমল; ক্রুমার; Soft; delicate:
দুর্মল; Weak; feeble:—দরাল; দরালি গুণবিশিষ্ট;
কোনলাস্থাকরণ; ক্ষানীল; Compassionate, kind:
—লের; Dear:—সদন; পর্মুংধ কাজর; Pitiful:—
ক্ষর্মন; Young:—নত্র; শান্ত; Midd:—ম্প্রতীল;
Scrupulous:—দরাদির উত্তেককারী; কম্পালনক;
দরার্ম্ম; Pathetic:—রীবং:—ফ্রুমার্মন :—ক্ষ্মিল্মন্
দরার্ম্ম; Pathetic:—রীবং:—ফ্রুমার্মন :—ক্ষ্মিল্মন্
দরার্ম্ম; Pathetic:—রীবং:—ফ্রুমার্মন :—ক্ষ্মিল্মন্
দরার্ম্ম; Pathetic বিশ্বর; দিবার কালাব; শার্মা কালাব্যক্রাবিত হল; The thing offered:—ক্ষ্মু কালাল;
বোগানদার বান; A small vessel that attends a larger with stores:—Carriage with fuel water &c. attached to a locomotive:—v. f. প্রবান-ক্

লিতে চাজা; সন্ধিৰ্ঘাৰ্থ উপস্থিত-ড়; To offer for acceptance; present for acceptance:—সন্থান-ড়; To esteem; regard.ad—tenderly. n=tenderness. Syn:—(a) Frail; infantile; sensitive, susceptible; humane, merciful, pitiful; affecting, touching; painful, disagreeable. (v) Offer, present, prefer, propose.

Legal tender—बहिनाच्यात्री (एव ६ अस्त्रीत सूत्रा ।

Tender for—Bid for a contract.

Tender one's resignation—কৰ্মতাগ-ক; Resign by giving the proper notice.

Tender-hearted, tender-harted, a. কোমলান্ত:
করণবিশিষ্ট; কোমলজনর; ধরালু; দরালাল; Full of
feeling. [tifully; kindly.
Tenderly, ad, সেহপূৰ্বক; সদসভাবে; সভপণে; PiTender-mercies—দরা; Compassion:—নিচুমভা;
Cruelty (ironical).

Tenderness, tender-nes, n. কোমসভা; State or quality of being tender:—বেহনীলভা; দমাৰ্ভা; Kudness:—অপুথহ; Mercy. Syn:—Delicacy, softness; weakness, feebleness; soreness, sensitiveness; pity, clemency, humanity; carefulness, caution.

Tendinous, c. निवान ; Sinewy.

Tendon, tendon, n. শিবা, পেৰী-বন্ধ; A sinew. Tendril, tendoil, n. নতা-তদ্ধ, পুৱা, A slender spiral shoot of a climbing plant:—a. অধিরোহী, আলিক্সনীল, Clasping or climbing.

Tenebrous, tene-brus, a. তমসাচ্ছন্ন , তিমিরাচ্ছন্ন ; অক্কার্মন ; Dark ; gloomy.

Tenement, tenc-ment, n. ৰাস্থাটা; বসত্ৰাটা. ভ্ৰাস্ব, ৰাসাথাড়া; A dwelling or habitation or part of it. a=tenemental.

A tenement house—বে বাটা ভাডাটিরাদিগের জন্ত সূত্র কুত্র অংশে বিভক্ত হয়।

Tenesmus, n. (48; A constant desire to go to stool without straining, but no discharge.

Tonet, tenet, n. [L. tenet, he holds] ন.
নত্ত্য বলিবা অবলম্বিত মত; প্রামণ্ ; বিধাস; ব্যবস্থা;
Dogma, punciple; opinion:—Any opinion, or
doctrine, which a person maintains as true.
Syn:—Doctrine, belief, maxim, creed.

Tenfold, tenfold, a. বৰ্ণগ্ৰ; Ten times more.
Tennis, n. tens, n. ক্ৰিড়া বিৰেণ; টেৰিল বেলা,
A game in which a ball is driven by a tacket.
Tenon, n. কাঠেব আল, ইহা খাঁৱে গভাইলা একথণ্ড কটি
অপন থাকে জোড়া যাল; A projection at the end of a piece of wood inserted into a cavity called a mortise of another, to unite two together:—v.
t. আল ক্রিলা বা বাঁজিলা জোড়া; To fit with tenons.
Tenor, tenor, n. [ L. tenor, from tenere, to hold ] অভিযান; ভাংপর্য; অর্থ; ভাব; গ্রন; Purport, drift:—মাধ্যক্ষ পুক্রের উচ্চন্তর; Highest kind of adult males voice. Syn:—Course, way, manner, fashion, tone, tendency, character; meaning, intent, sense, spirit, gist.

Tense, tens, n. কালখুচক ফ্রিমাণণ; কালবাচক বিভক্তি; কাল; The form of a verb by which time is expressed.

Tense, a. বিভারিত : কথা ; কড়া : আপিখিল . Stretched . strained to stiffness ; not flax :—শন্ত ; বৃঢ় ; ক্লি ; Rigid. n=tenseness, tensity. ad=tensely.

Tensile, teńsil, Tensible, teńsi-bi, a. প্ৰসাৰ-বীয় : প্ৰসাৰ্থা : বাহা টানিয়া বাড়ান বাইন্তে পায়ে : Capable of being stretched.

Tension, teńshun, n. প্রদারণ; বিভান : টান টান অবস্থা; The act of stretching:—উল্লাভ; প্রয়াস; প্রবল চেষ্টা; মানসিক চেষ্টা; Effort.

A tension bridge—গ্ৰুকাকৃতি টানা প্ৰ। Tensity, n. কৃত্ৰিয় ; Tenseness,

Tensor, tensor, n. প্রদারণীক মাংসাপী; A murcle that stretches; a muscle that tightens apart.

Tent, tent, ন. তাষ্; তাব্; পটাবাস; A portable lodge of canvas:—পলিতা; A plug or roll of lint used to dilate a wound or opening in the flesh:—৩. t. তাষ্ বারা আছোনন-ক; To cover with tents:—পলিতা বারা পরীক্ষা-ক বা ধোলা রাধা; To probe; to keep open with a tent.

Pitch a tent—তাঁবু খড়িল; Fix a camp firmly in the ground. [Remove a tent; depart. Strike a tent—তাঁবু উঠাইবা লওয়া; চলিয়া বাওয়া: Tentacle, n. বুঁড়া; ৰীটানির আকর্ষা; A feeler; a thread like organ of certain insects for feeling or motion. a=tentacular.

Tentative, a. গরীকাম্লক; পরীকাহনীর, Experimental. [of experiment. Tentatively, ad. পরীকার্থ; পরীকান্থলে; By way Tented, tenred, a. ভাব্ হারা আফাদিত; পটদত্তবন্দাবুত; Covered with tents.

Tenter, n. বন্ধ অসারণের জাকড়া; A machine for stretching cloth on by hookes.

Tenter-hook, ». বক্ত কাটা বিশেষ।

Be on the tenter-hook—সটাৰ হইলা থাকা; বিপদপ্ৰত বা তুৰ্তাবৰামত-২; Be on the stretch; be in suspense or anxiety. [place. Tenthly, ad. লশ কৰাল; দশৰত:; In the tenth

Tenthy, aa. वन वर्षाः, वनवरः, in the tenth Tenth, n. प्रवारतः, Tithe :—a. प्रवा ; The last of ten; next in order after the ninth. ad = tenthly. Tent-maker, n. डांव्-शह अवाही।

Tent-peg, n. छात्र (वेटि)।

Tenuity, tehū-te, n [L. tenuitas, from tenuis, thin] স্বাত ; তহুতা ; কীণতা ; বিৰলতা ; Rarity ; thinness; stenderness. Syn:—Fineness, exility, rareness, subtility.

Tenuous, a. হৃদ্ধ; পাতলা; Thin.

Tonure, tenur, n. জোত, জনা; Holding:—হোগ-দথন; ভোগাধিকার। [king luke-warm. Tepefaction, n. ঈবং উক করণ; The act of ma-Topefy, tep'e-si, v. t. ঈবং উক-কৃ; কিছু গরন-কৃ To make warm. n=tepefaction.

Topid, a. কুখন কুখন বরম; ঈবং উক; Lukewarm; moderately warm. n=tepidness, tepidity ( ইবং ক্রেম)

Teraphim, n. গৃহ-দেবতাগণ; Household deties. Teratology, n. অভ্ত প্রায়ব বিজ্ঞান। a=teratologic.

Terce, têrs, n. Same as Tierce. Terebene, n. ভার্পিণ তৈল কিশেব।

Terebinth, ter'c-binth, n. তাৰ্ণিণ বৃক্ষ; The terpent-tree.

Terebrate, v. t. ছিল-কৃ; Perforate. [worm. Teredo, n. কাঠ কীট: কাঠতেদী কীট; The ship-Tergiversation, ter-ju-ver-sáshun, n. বাৰহুল; ছল; হাৰ বাৰ্য প্ৰয়োগ; চপলতা, A shift; a shifting; an evasion; fickleness of conduct. Term, term, n. निकिष्ठ नगर ; निक्रणिक कोन ; Any limited period :-- अवि ; नीवा ; त्यव ; अब ; Limit ; abound:--नक्षरावद भशावती व्यवस्थ कान : Time of a course of lectures or teaching :--বে সময়ে আগাৰত খোলা থাকে; The time during which the courts of law are open :--शक्तां विवाद किविद पिन ; Certain days on which rent is paid: - 14; चन: That by which a thought is expressed; a word or impression :—ভর্কের এক অংশ: Part of a syllogism :--(বীষগণিতে) রাশির অংশ; A member of an algebraical compound quantity: -नीम ; Boundary :-- pl. नितम ; कतात ; नर्ख ; Conditions :-- নিরূপিত মূল্য ; Stipulated price :-s. t. नाम-कृ; क्षांचाा-त्म; नाम त्मल्या; वना; Designate; call; name. Syn; -(n) Confine, border; time, season, period; word, expression, name. (\*) Denominate, call, style, entitle.

Be on good or bad terms with—কাহারৎ সহিত সঙ্কাব বা অসভাব থাকা; Be at peace with or not at peace with.

Be on terms of friendship—বৰুষের ভাবে অব-Bring to terms—মিট্নাট করান; সম্বভ বা বলবর্ত্তী হুন্তে বাধ্য-কু; Cause to come to an agreement.

Come to terms—মিট্মাট্-কু; ল্বে বনা; Come to an agreement:—সন্ধি স্থাপন-কু; বিবাদ মিটান; Make peace.

Couched in terms—ক্ষায় প্ৰকাশিত; ছাব্যুক্ত ক্ষায় বাড়; Expressed in language; stated in some kind of language.

In no measured terms—বা মুখে আনে তাই বলিয়া, in strong language; in immeasurably strong and vehement language.

Keep on good terms with—2178 3141; Maintain friendship with.

Keep terms—কোন নিশিষ্ট কালের অন্ত কালেকে হাজিয়া-দে; Attend the lectures given in a college or university for a certain period.

Keep terms with—কোন কিছুর সহিত মিল রাখিলা চলা; Act in conformity with.

Make one's own terms—নিজে প্রবণ বলিয়া নিজে বে সর্ভে সিট্নাট্ করিতে রাজি তাহা বলা; Dictate the conditions under one would make peace or grant respite. [ ment.

Make terms—মিট্মাট্-কু; To come to an agrec-On equal terms—স্থান স্মানের মন্ত; As an equal:—তিক মন্ত কাহার ভার; On a footing of equality with; in exactly the same manner as: —With equal chances of success. (ship.

On friendly terms—বন্তভাবে; সভাবে; Friend-Termagant, n. ধাৰলা রমট্ট; উল্লেখা নারী; কল্ড্-ধিৰা নাটু; A brawling woman:—A boistcrous woman; a shrew:—a. ধাৰলা; উল্লেখা; Boistcrous; howling. n=termagancy (turbulence).

Terminable, termin-a-bl, a. বাহার পের ইইতে পারে: অন্ত করণীর; সমাপনীর; That may bound or lunit.

Terminal, termin-al, a. অতঃ অভিন; অভেছিড; Pertaining to or forming the end or extremity. Syn:—Limiting, bounding; final, ultimate,

Torminate, termin-Et, v. t. সীমাৰ্ছ-ফু; সীমা-ছু; বন্ধ-ফু; To bound; to set the boundary:—লেছ-ফু; নমাণ্য-ফু, সম্পূৰ্ণ-ফু, To end, to finish:—v. t.

CAN-E; To end:—AN-E; To close. Sym:— Limit; conclude, close, complete, finish.

Termination, term-in-2shun, ন. পেৰ কৰণ ; The act of ending:—নীৰা ; Limit:—পেৰ ; অভ ; পেৰ ভাগ ; End :—কন ; Result. a=teminational ( নীক্ষ দ্বাৰীয় বা নীৰাপ্তৰ)। Syn :—Ending, completion ; bound, period ; conclusion, issue.

Terminative, terminate or determine; absolute.

Terminology, ter-min-olo-ji, Termonology, n. পরিভাবা ; Discourse or treatise on terms :---নামাণি ; সংজ্ঞা-প্রকরণ ; Nomenclature.

Terminus, ter-min-us, n. পেব; অন্ত: সীমা;
The end; boundary:—লৌহবর্দ্ধের অন্ত বা আদি;
নৌহবর্দ্ধের সীমা; One of the extreme points of
a railway:—অনপের পেব; End of a journey:—
মনুব্যের উত্তর্গানের প্রতিরূপ। pl-termini.

Tern, n. werts vimferes; A sca-lowl.

Ternary, ter-nar-i, a. বিত্তা, আছক, Threefold; proceeding by threes; consisting of threes:— গ. তিৰ ৩৭; তিৰ সংখ্যা; বিসংখ্যা; The number three.

Tarnate, ter'nমt, a. বিশুণ; বিশ্বনিত ; ব্যাবর্তিত ; Three-fold or arranged in threes.

Terrs, n. यहां ; পृथियो ।

Terrs-albs, n. (१७ वृहिका विस्पेष ।

Terrace, ter'as, n. সমত্ৰ চাৰ; Flat roof:— বাটীৰ বেণী বা উচ্চ চিবি; Any raised flat place:— গৃহ্যেণী:—সাজা:—ত. t. চিবি বা চাণবিশিপ্ত কু, To form into a terrace. [ clay.

Terra-cotta, ter'a-kot'a, গ. দ্ব মৃত্ৰি ; Baked Terra firms, গ. কটিন জমী ; তক্সা ভালা ; ওছ জমী ; Solid earth ; main land ; continent.

Terra incognito, n. অজানিত দেশ , অস্তাত স্থান ; অনাবিস্কৃত দেশ ; Unknown land.

Terraqueous, ter-fikwe-us, a. [ I.. terra, earth, aqua, water ] জনস্বাস, স্ব ও এন সপায়; Consisting of land and water.

Terreen, ter-en, n. A largedish or vessel for holding soup at table; less common form of tureen.

[ earthly, terrestrial.

Torrone, ter-eh, a. পাৰ্থিৰ, মুডিকাম্য; Eurthy; Terrestrial, ter-estre-al, a. [ L. terrestris, from terra, the cauth ] পাৰ্থিৰ, ভূচৱ, ইছিক; সামান্ত্ৰিক; Pertaining to the earth:—n. পৃথিৱী নামী; An inhabitant of the earth. Syn:—(a) Sublunary, mundanc, worldly.

Torrible, ter'e-bl, a. ভরানক; ভীনণ; ভরাবছ; Extreme awful; horrible; dreadful:--আন্তডিক। n≃terribleness (ভীবপুডা; dread, horror). ad:terribly (ভর্তম্মণে; আচার)। Syn:--Terrific fearful, frightful, horrible, shocking.

Terrior, ter'i-er, n. चूज कूज़ विर्न्त ; Small dog that pursues animals to their burrow.

Terrific, ter-rifik, a. खदानक: डोवन, खद्रवद्र; Terrible; dreadful.

Torrify, ter'e-fi, v. t. জীত-তৃ; পৰিত-তৃ; জন্ত অন্ধ্ৰ-তৃ; To frighten greatly; to alarm; to shock with fear. Syn:—Dismay, scare, horrify, appal, daunt, intimidate.

Terretorial, a. TIME-MENT, Pertaining to a

territory: -- बाह्यि ; बाबा नवकीय ; Limited to a district. ad -- territorially.

Territory, ter'e-tor-e, n. [ L. territorium, from terra, the earth ] মাজ; মাজম; বিষয় খুনিমৰ; Domain under sovereignty:—আংকার; মূল্ম; The entire of land around or belonging to a city or state; district; province.

Terror, ter'ur, n. [ L. terror, from terrers, to frighten ] জন নাস; আপথা; Dread; extreme fear; alarm; fright:—ভানে কাৰণ; ভানে বাৰ: Cause of fright. Syn:—Consternation, dismay, horror; intimidation, terrorism.

King of terrors—वृष्टा ; वन , Death.

Strike terror into-15-7; Frighten.

The reign of terror—করানী দেশীর রাজবির্থবের বে সময়ে জীব হনন হইয়াছিল এবং প্রবন ব্যক্তিগলের জভাচারে বে সমরে লোকে সশক্তিত হইয়াছিল; The period during the French Revolution when executions were most numerous and the people were kept in the greatest fear by the arbitrary acts of the rulers; A name used to designate the bloodiest period of the French revolution, from about October 7793 to July 1794. বে অহাচারে লোককে সশক্তিত করিয়া ভোলে; Dispotism that strikes terror into people.

Terrorism, ter'ur-izm, ন. ভয়মদৰ্শন; ভয়ের অবহা;
A state of terror:—ভয় ছারা নান্দ; Government by terror.

Terror-smitten, Terror-struck, Terrorstricken, a. ভয়ভিত্ত; শহাহত; ভয়বিহাৰ, Overwhelmed with terror.

Terse, ters, a. [L. tersus, pp. of tergere, to rub] ক্ষরণ দিখিত; Clearly written:—পরিছের; Neat:—সংক্রিণ্ড; বেশ ছাঁটাছোঁটা; অলপদাবিশিষ্ট; Concise with smoothness or elegance. n—terseness (সংকেশ)। ad=tersely (সংকেশে)৷ Syn:—Brief, short, compact, succinct, condensed, pithy, sententious.

Tertian, ter'shi-an, a. ছুই দিন অন্তর, আহিক; Occuring every third day:—n. আহিক অ্র, বে অর ছুই দিন অন্তর আনে; A fever or disease with paroxysm every third day.

Tertiary, a. তৃতীয়; তৃতীয় ভরতুক ; Third; belonging to the 3rd class. Tertiary period—ভক্তপানীগণের উৎপত্তির প্রথম Tessellate, tescl-ब्रा, v. t. हफुक्लापाकात-कृ ; होपूक्री-ক ; বুপরিকটি ; To form into squares or lay with checkered work. n=tessellation (চৌধৰী করণ; कोशुकी कार्या)। a=tessellated (कोशुकी बाबा किखबिकिख)। Tost, test, n. [ F. tet, test, test, trial ] नाम ; পরীকা; Trial; examination:—প্রমাণ: বড়ারা পরীকা क्षा हर ; Criterion ; standard ; proof :- विरंड ; I)istinction:—খাতু পরীক্ষা করিবার পাত্র; কটিপাণর; Cupel for trying metal:—ৰাভু গৰাইৰা গ্ৰীকা क्रिवाब शाख , शृष्ठि ; A pot in which metals are melted for trial and refinement :--বিশেষ গুণ :--विहात :-- ७. १. भत्रीका-कु; भत्रथ कतिका त्वर्था; वास्राहेश्रा न्द्रा ; To examine ; to put to proof :— कुनना-इ : Compare with a standard :- विश्वष-कृ ; त्वीवन-कृ ; Refine. Syn: -(n) Proof, experiment, ordeal. · A crucial test-চুড়াৰ পরীকা; বাহা ধারা কৌৰ

विवन्न शिक्ता क्षाना वात्र . A decisive test.

Put to the test—গৰীকা-তু: পৰীকাৰ কেলা ; Testable, testa-bl, a. বালপতের বারা বের; ইকাপক বারা ব্যাসর; Capable of being given by will. Testaceous, tes-táshus, a. শক্ত বোলাবিশিষ্ট; বৃদ্ আব্যাব্যুক্ত; Having a hard shell; consisting of a hard shell.

Testament, testa-ment, n. ইজাগন ; A will; a written will:—নীটাৰ ধৰ্মগ্ৰহের ভাগ; বাইবেলের অন্তত্য অংশ; One of the two general division of the bible.

The new testament—বাইবেলের উত্তর ভাগ।
The old testament—বাইবেলের পূর্ব ভাগ।
Testamentary, a. উইল্সবন্ধীয়; ইচ্ছাপ্তন্যব্দীয়;
উইল ধ্যা প্রস্তুত্ত; Belonging to a will; done by will.
[ing made and left a will.
Testate, testat, a. ইচ্ছাপ্ত ধ্যা কুত্যবহা; Haverestator, tes-tátor, a. বে ব্যক্তি উইল (ইচ্ছাপ্ত)
ক্ষিয়া ব্যে; One who leaves a will. femetestatrix.

Tester, tester, n. বিছানার চন্দ্রাওপ ; Top covering of a bed :—বাটের চাবোরা ; A canopy :—করানীর নাবেক নিকি ; A six pence.

Testicle, testi-kl, Testes, n. অভাকাৰ; বিচি; আড়বিচি, মুড; One of the glands that secretoe the seminal fluid in males. a=testiculate; testiculated (অভাকার; shaped like a testicle). Testify, teste-fi, v. i. [L. testis, a witness, and facere to make] সাকা-হ; প্রত: নির্দেশ-হ বা বলা; To bear witness, to make a solemn declaration:—প্রতিবাদ-হ; To protest:—v. t. সাকা-দে; To bear witness:—শাধ করিবা বলা; To affirm or declare solemnly on oath:—সাক্য দিয়া প্রমাণ-হ; To attest. Syn —Depose, declare, affirm, depone, witness; attest.

Testify to-अभाग-कृ ; Prove.

Testimonial tes-ti-mo'ni-al, a. অমাণ্টত ; Containing testimony :—n. অশংসা-পত্ৰ ; অমাণ-পত্ৰ ; A certificate of character.

Testimony, teste-mo-ne, a. প্ৰমাণ; সাজা; A proof by witness; a solemn affirmation; evidence given:—কথন বা নিৰ্দেশ; Declaration. Syn:—Deposition, witness-bearing, attestation, confirmation, corroboration, witness; proof.

Test-tube, n. রাসাধনিক পরীকাব নল বিশেষ।
Tosty, teste, a. বিট্বিটে, বেঁকী; উপ্রপ্রকৃতি, কোষন;
রাগী; চটা, Fretful; petulant; peevish; casily
irritated. n=testiness (উপ্রকাব)। Syn:—Petulant, querulous, captious, hasty, irritable.

Tetanus, teta-nus, n. বসুইছার; ব্যাধি বিশেষ; Spasm of the voluntary muscles:—বাঁচকপান; চোরাল্বল; Lock-jaw. a=tetanic.

Tote-a-tote, n. বিৰৱভাবে কথাবাৰ্তা; রহস্তালাণ; একলে ছই ব্যক্তির কথোপকথন; Interview; close conversation:—ad. কানে কানে; মুখোমুখী হইনা।
Tether, tether, n. পণ্ডৰক্তন রক্ত্বা শুখন; A rope or chain for tying a beast:—v. t. রক্ত্ থারা বক্তাকু, শুখন থারা বক্তাকু; To fasten with a tether:—
নিশিন্ত সীবার মধ্যে সংযক্ত করিয়া রাখা; To restrain within certain limits. [limit of one's resource. Be at the end of one's tether—Reach the Tetra, pfx. চারি; চতুর।
Tetragon, tetra-gon, n. চতুগোণাকার; চতুগো

ক্ষেত্ৰ; A figure having four angles. a ... tetragonal ( চুডুকোৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ সৰক্ষীয়; চাহিকোপবিশিষ্ট)। Tetrahedron, tet-ra-he'dron, n. চাবিটা অভুজ বাহার চতুপার্ব এরপ খনক্ষেত্র; A solid figure enclosed

by four triangles. a=tetrahedral ( চতু नार्व ;

bound by four triangles ).

Tetrameter, n. ( পাষা ) প্ৰচতুষ্ট্ৰবিশিষ্ট পৃহ্জি।
Tetrarch, tetrark, n. প্ৰদেশ বিশেষের চতুৰ্বাংশের
শাসনকর্ত্তী; In the ancient Roman empire, the
ruler of the fourth part of a province, a subordinate prince.

Tetrarchate, te-trar'at, n. আদৰের চতুৰ্থাৰে; The fourth part of a province.

Tetrasyllable, tetra-sil-a-bl, n. চারি পদবিশিষ্ট পাল; চারি পদাংশের বাক্য; A word consisting of four syllables. a=tetrasyllabic (চাৰি পদাংশ-বিশিষ্ট)।

Tetter, n. কছুরোগ; খোদ পেঁচড়া; A popular name for several cutaneous deseases.

Touton, n. क्षांत्रीम खाउँ। विरागव ।

Toutonic, tu-tonik, a. লগুণবেশের জাতী সম্বন্ধীয় .
Germanic; belonging to Teutons:—n. টিউটন
ভাষা; The language of the Teutons. [বিশেষ ।
The toutonic language—আহা ভাষার শাশা
Text, tekst, n. যুল বচন : ( বাহা অবলম্বন কবিব) টাকা
রচিত হব ); The original words of an author; the substance of a book :—বাইবেলের বাহা বিশেষ; A passage of scripture. Syn:—Body, true version; subject, theme; verse, passage, sentence.
Text-book, tekst-book, n. ছাত্র্যিবের পাঠা পৃত্তক ,
A book containing the leading principles of a science:—বিভাবেরর পাঠাপুত্তক; A school-book.
Text-hand, tekst-hand, n. বড় অকরে লিখন;
( লিখনে ) বড় অকরে ; Large hand in writing.

Textile, tekstil, a. ডডুৰিন্নিড; বোনা; বয়নোংগন্ধ; বন্ধৰ স্বন্ধীয়; Weaveable; capable of being woven; woven.

Textual, tekstu-al, a. মূলবন্ধনার ; মূলে লিখিত ; নৌলিক ; মূলাভিজ ; Pertaining to, or contained in the text; serving for a text. ad = textually ( মূলাকুলারে ; মূলবন্ধন বিষয়ে )।

Textualist, tekstu-al-ist, n. মুণা বাকাণ্ডরানী; বাইবেলের বুলবাকাকথনপটু বালি; One ready in quoting texts or skilled in scripture.

Texture, tekstur, n. ব্ৰলি; ব্ৰল; বিশ্বাণ; সংস্থান; বস্ত্ৰ বা আল; Act of weaving; a web; manner of weaving. Syn:—Fabric; structure, make, tissue, constitution.

[A silver coin, 3s.
Thaler, n. বৌগানুত্ৰা বিশেব; আন বাং (নম সিকা),
Thallium, n. সীসৰং থাড় বিশেব। [comparison.
Than, than, conj, অপেকা; চেন্নে; ইইডে; Used in
Thane, than, n. সম্পান্ত্ৰক উপাৰি; সমন্ত্ৰক পৰান
A person of rank.

[of a thane
Thanedom, n. The jurisdiction or property
Thank, thangk, v. t. ব্যৱাদ দে; ক্তঞ্জভান প্ৰধান
কৃ; To express gratitude to for a favour or
kindness:—n. ব্যৱাদ; ক্তঞ্জভা শীকার; Expres-

sion of gratitude.
Thank god— ইপৰের কুপান; It is a fortunate circumstance for which one ought to be thankful to God.
[ sider oneself fortune.
Thank one's stars—ততমহ বলিয়া হৰ-কু, Con-

Thanks to—ward; (wire for stage; withte wanter of segate; Owing to; on that account; it is a fortunate circumstances for which one ought to be thankful to, or for which one is indebted to.

Thank you—ৰশুবাদ করি।

Thankful, thangkiool. a. কৃতন্ত ; Grateful. nethankfulners (কৃতন্ত ); ad=thankfully (কৃতজতাসংকারে)। [হারাম ; Unthankful.
Thankless, thangkiess, a. কৃতন্ত ; অকৃতন্ত ; বেষকThanke-giver, thangkigiv-er, n. ব্যবাদকারী;
ব্যবাদ্যাত ; কৃতন্ত বাজি ; One who gives thanks.
Thanks-giving, thangkigiving, n. ব্যবাদ
বাল ; কৃতন্ত া-হাকাশ ; Rendering thanks for favour or mercies :—প্রার দিন ; A day set apart for public prayer :—ব্যক্তি ; A public acknowledgment of divine goodness.

Thanks-offering, thangk-offering, n. কৃতজ্ঞতাসূচক উপহার; কৃতজ্ঞতা প্রদর্শনার্থ বৈবেদ্য বা বলী; An offering made to as an expression of thanks. Thank-worthy, thangkwur-thi, a. ব্যুবাদের উপবৃক্ত; ব্যুবাদার্থ; Worthy of or deserving thanks. That, that, Relative pronoun, equivalent to who, which. বে: বিলি; বাছা ! Demons. pro. referred to before. ভাহা ভা; ঐ; সেই; উহা; Not this; but the other, former; more distant:—
conj. বেহেডু; ঐই হেডু বে; এই নিবিত্ত বে; জন্ত; Because, for; inorder that.

All that—সেই মত সমত। In order that—এই উদ্দেশ্যে বে। In that—কারণ; এই বেডু বে। That is to say—অৰ্থিং।

Thatch, thach, n. চাল ছাওবাৰ খড়; ছাউনি চাল; ছান্তব; A covering of straw, rushes &c.; straw &c. used to cover roof:—v. t. খড় দিয়া আছাদন-কু; ছাওবা; To cover with straw, reeds &c.

Thatcher, n. বরাষী ; বাডুই।

Thatching, thacking, জ. ছাউনির উপাদান; বত প্রভৃতি থারা আছোদন, Materials for thatch, the act of covering with thatch.

Thaumaturgy, n. ইত্ৰঞ্জাল; বাছৰিয়া; অনুত কাষ্য সম্পাদন; The art of working wonders or miracles.

Thaw, thaw, v. f. দ্ৰব-তৃ; গলাব; To melt as ice; to make or become fluid:—v. i. দ্ৰব-তৃ; গলিৱা যাওয়া; To melt:—n. গলব; দ্ৰবণ: Melting of snow or ice. Syn:—(v) Dissolve, liquefy.
The, the, n. ব., নেই: এই; Definite article, used to denote a particular person or thing:—ad.

বে পরিমাণে দেই পরিমাণে ; ৰছ ভত। All the more—দেই বন্ধ আরও।

Theatre, the a-ter, Theater, n. নাটাশালা; ছলালর, রলভূমি; লাট-বর; Play-house; an edifice in which dramatic performances are exhibited; stall:—কার্যাকেন; রলভূমি; Scene of performance:—বক্তা-বৃহ; Lecture-room. Syn:—Arena, scene, field, stage.

Theatric, the-afrik, Theatrical, the-afrik-al, a. नांग्रेजाना नवचीत ; तवानस नवचीत ; बांग्रेजोत ; Belonging to theatre ; relating to actors :—Calculated for display :—बांग्यदावर्गी ; Pompousad-theatrically. Syn :—Dramatic, scenic, histrionic; showy, pompous, ceremonious, artificial, unreal, affected.
Theatricals, the atrik-alz, n. pl. নাট্য-কীড়া;
প্ৰভিনন: বাটকাভিনন; সংগ্ৰ বাবা; Dramatic per-

আছিলর : বাটকাজিনর ; সংগর বাজা ; Dramatic performances. [ ভোকে। Thee, the, pron. objective of Thou. ভোমাকে ;

Thes, thet, pron. objective of Thou. বোৰাকে; Thest, theft, অপ্তরণ; চৌৰ্ব; চুরি; The act of thieving:—অপ্তত বস্তু; Thing stolon.

Their, thar, pron. a. sicra; sictea; scicra;
Of or belong to them.

Theirs, tharz, poss. of they.

Theism, theism, n. আছিকতা; অধৈতবাদ; একেমরবাদ; Belief in one Almighty God; belief in
the existence of God. a—theistic (একেমরবাদ
স্থানীয়):

[a God.

Theist, the ist, n. আছিক; One who believes in Theistic, the istik. Theistical, the istik-al, a. আছিক বা আছিক সৰজীয়: Belonging to theism; according to the doctrines of theists; believing in theism.

Them, them, pron. pl. objective of they;
Theme, them, n. বিষয়; প্ৰদাস; রচনার বা বক্তার
বিষয়; A subject on which a person writes or
speaks:—তর্কার্ব উপ,স্ত বিষয়; A subject proposed for discussion. Syn:—Topic, text, thesis;
essay, dissertation, composition.

Thomis, n. जायापन ; Goddess of justice.

Themselves, them-selvé, pro. p'. of Himself, herself and itself. তাহারা আপনাআপনি; তাহারা অরং। Then, then, ad. ডলা; তংকালে; তথন; At that time:—আইলাছে; Immediately:—তংপৰে; পানে; Afterwards:—আর এক সমত্রে; প্রবার, At another time:—আত্রন; তথ্য; Therefore:—conj. অতঃপর; তাহা হইলে; তথে; একাপ হলে; In that case; in consequence; therefore:—a. তৎকালবত্তী, Existing at that time.

Now and then—মধ্যে মধ্যে : বখন তথম। Since then—তদৰ্শি ; তথা প্ৰভৃতি।

Then and there—ডবৰ এবং তথায় ; On the spot and at that time :—সেই কেনেই ; তবনই ; Forthwith. Till then—ডংগর্বান্ত ; বতকৰ না সেই সময় আসে !

Thongo, thens, ad. তথা হইতে; সেই সময় হইতে; সেখান থেকে; তথৰবি; ডক্কস্ত; From that place or time, for that reason.

Thenceforth, thensforth, ad. সেই সময় হইডে; তৎকাল হইডে; From that time.

Thenseforward, ad. उन। अकृति : तिहे नमत्र हहेएड चादक कहिता ; From that time onward.

Theocracy, the-okra-si, স. ইণর শাসৰ; ইণৰ কর্ত্ব রাজ্য শাসন; Government of a state by the immediate direction of God.

Theocratic, Theocratical, c. বাজক বা ইবর কর্মক শাসন স্বভীয়।

Theodicy, n. ইবরের দানদ এবং পূর্বতা ও আন্থায় অব্যন্ত প্রতিপাদক শাস্ত্র; A justification of God's dealings with man.

Theodolite, the-odo-lit, ল. পরিমাপক বছ ; কোণ নাপিবার বছ ; An instrument for measuring angles. Theogonist, the-og'o-nist, ল. পরমার্থ-বিদ্যা-ক্ষেক ; A writer on Theogony.

Theogony, त. त्वरकांगरात्र केंश्यविष्य कार्य ; त्वरका-त्रात्र स्क्री-क्ष्य ; Genealogy of Gods. Theologian, the-o-lo ji-an, n. ক্ৰয়জ্য আলো-চনাকার); উলোপ্টো; A professor of divinity. Theologic, Theological, n. ব্যত্নবৃদ্ধীয়; Pertaining to divinity.

Theologise, the-olo-jiz, v. t. কব্যুক বিষয়করাই পরিণত-ক ; To render theological :—v. t. বর্ণুকু-বিদের মত বিচার-ক । [ থাজি ; A theologian. Theologist, the-olo-jist, n. বর্ণুকুব্বিং ; ধর্মান্ত্র-বিদা : ক্রাবিদা : ক্রাবিদ

against the Cooks.
Theomanoy, n. ভবিষ্ কথন; Sooth-saying by Theomania, n. ভবিষ্ কথন; Sooth-saying by Theorem, the o-rem, n. (গণিতে) সম্পাদ্য প্রতিষ্ঠা; বে প্রতিষ্ঠা সপ্রমাণ করিতে হয়; উপপাদ্য; A position to be proved:—ভত্ম; বিধি; A speculative truth. Theoretic, the o-retik Theoretical, the o-retik-al, a. কলনাস্থক; উপপাত্তিক; আনুষানিক; অনুষান্ত্ৰক; কালনিক; বাচনিক; Not practical; pertaining to theory; speculative. ad—theoretically (কলনাপুক্ত্ম)। Syn:—Hypothetical, conjectural.

Theorise, the o-riz, v. i. কলনা-কু; নজন্বি-কু; বিচার-কু; To form a theory; to speculate; to form opinions solely by theories. n=theoriser. Theorist, the o-rist, n. চিন্তারত লোক; অবিচানশৃত্য কলনাথিয় বাজি; কলনাথার; One given to theory and speculation:—মত-প্রকাশক; বাদী;

Theory, the o-re, n. করনা; চিস্তা; অনুমান; Speculation (as opposed to practise):—বিজ্ঞান; Science:—মত; Doctrine:—ব্যাগ্যা; বিবৃত্তি; বিচার; Exposition. Syn:—Hypothesis, assumption, conjectu e; plan, system, philosophy; explanation, reason, rationale.

In theory—নত সধ্যে ; In one's principles:—
তাৎপৰ্য্য বা যুক্তি ধরিতে গেলে ; From a speculative
point of view:—ভুনিতে, বৰ্ডনে, বাবে ( কাজে বহে ) ;
In its prin iples.

[ theosophy.
Theosophist, n. ব্ৰহ্মজানীবিং ; One skilled in
Theosophy, the-o-o-fi, n. ব্ৰহ্মজান ; বিৰ্জ্ঞান ;

ভাষ্ট্রবিদ্যা; Divine inspiration or illumination. Therspentic, ther-a-pu'tik, Therspentical, a. [G. therspene, to peal] আরোগোপনাই; বোগোপন নৰভার . বোগনানক; নীড়ালাভিকর; Pertaining to the healing art; curative.

Therapouties, ther-a-pu'tiks, n. sing. রোগ চিকিৎসা-বিগ্যা: ভেষ্ণা-বিজ্ঞান : আরোগ্য-বিজ্ঞান : That part of medicine which respects the treatment and cure of disease.

There, that, ad. তথার; সেধানে; সেই ছানে; ভত্র; এ; সে সবন্ধে; সে বিবরে; In that place.

Here and there—মধ্য মধ্য ; এধানে নেধানে ;
Thereabouts, Thereabout, thar-a-bowt, ad.
নেই অঞ্জে; Near that place :—নেই বিষয় স্বৰ্থে ;
নেই পরিমাণের কাছাকাছি ; কমবেনী ; Concerning that
matter ; near that number, degree or quantity.
There-after, ad. তথ্পরে; তপুসারে ; After, or
according to, that.

[ site.
There-against, ad. বিপরীত ; Against or oppo-

There-at, that-at, ed. was; Sietts; Suis; There against, at that occurrence; on that

Thereby, thar-bi', ad. তথারা ; তাহা বারা ; তবেড় ; By means of that, in consequence of that.

Thereby hangs a tale-A story or an inci-

dent is closely connected with that.

Therefore, ther-fur, edv. and conj. 545; সেই কারণে; অভএব ; For that, for this, for this reason; consequently. f From that. Therefrom, thar-from, ad. ভাষা হইতে; সেই হইতে . Therein, thar-if, ad. जाहारड; त्मरेशात : त्मरे-कारन : In that : in that place ; in that time.

Thereinto, ad. Into that.

Thereof, thar-of, ad. ভাষার ; ইহার ; ভাষা হইতে . [ ভাছার উপর ; On that. ভিৰিষয়ে: Of that. Thereon, Thereupon, ad. তাহাতে, তছপৰি: Thereout, ad. Out of that.

Thereto, that too', Thereunto, thar-untoo, ad. छष्डियूर्व ; डाइएड : To that.

There-upon, ad. sixies, Upon that: -- = 44-Immediately.

Therewith, Therewithal, ad. उरनइ : उर्दाइ সহিত , ভাছাতে ; তহাতীত : With that , with this.

Thormal, ther mal, Thermic, a. [Gr. therme, heat-thero, to heat] উত্তাপ সম্বনীয়; তাপ সম্বনীয়, Pertaining to heat .- नत्रम, डिक, Warm

Thermo-dynamics, n. [Gr therme, heat, and dynamis, force] তাপ-दिकान. The science which treats of heat as a mechanical.

Thermo-electricity, n. stora siliss; Electricity developed by the action of heat.

Thermometer, ther-mome-ter, n [Gr. therme, heat, and metron, a measure ] n. जानमान-43. An instrument for measuring heat or temperature.

Thermometric, Thermometrical, a. 319417 বন্ধ ৰাৱা হিরীকৃত ; তাপমানবন্ধ নৰক্ষণীয় , Pertaining to, or made with, a thermometer, ad=thermometri-

Thermo-pile, thermo-pil, n. ভাপমানরূপে বাবরত ভাগের ভাত্তিত বৃদ্ধ: A thermo-electric battery used as therometer.

Thesaurus, the-sawrus, n. (कांद ; कांद (कांद ; मक (काव ; बृहर अधिवान काव ; A treasury or repository, especially of knowledge; a lexicon, cyclopaedia; a dictionary.

These, ther, demon. pro. pl. of this. এই সৰস। Thosis, the sis, n. বিষয়, অসম, প্রবন্ধ: Subject for a scholastic exercise; theme; to pic .-পুর-পক : তর্কার্থ প্রভাবিত বিষয় ; A position advanced for argument. pl-theses.

Thourgy, theur-ji, n. ইক্ৰমান; বাছবিদ্যা; Magic :-- ভাত্তিक किया । a=theurgic, theurgical.

Thow, thu, n. बारमालनी , निक ; रत , (used chiefly in pl) Sinews; muscle; strength. [ मुक्न । They, per. pron. plu. of he, she, it. Sigial . (3 They say-crite ate :

Thick, thik, a. বন, পুৰ; নোটা; Dense; not thin: - कर्ममन्द्र; व्यक्तिः व्यवित्रः व्यवित्रः, Muddy; misty ; dirty :-- निष्डक, Dull :-- नाकपूर्व ; क्यांकीर्व , Growded . - निविष् ; Compact :-- विकि ; Closely

set; close:--মুদ্ :---ব্ৰম্ম ; স্থামিটিড :---ব্ৰেষ্ট : सहब ; Abundant :--वश्रीद ; बाह्र ; Deep :-- विद्वाह । Solid :-- निवं : Frequent :-- ad, पन : पनकारन : Closely:—সর্বাদা: Frequently:—সভীরতার অনেক पूत्र गर्वाष्ट ; To a great depth :--- अ- वनारण ; पनडम অংশ ; গভীয় ভাগ ; Thickest part :---বোপ ; Thicket. Sym:—(a) Broad, squat, bulky; inspissated; turbid; misty, foggy; compact, numerous, dull, slow; indistinct, inarticulate.

Thisvish

Bo thick with-विश्व स्वाडा श्रांका : विश्व पनिकं বা অন্তরসভাবে থাকা: Be on intimate terms with: -পরিপূর্ণ ধাকা : তথা : Be filled with.

Come thick upon one—ইপর্যুপরি আনা ; Come upon one in quick succession.

In the thick of-ছুমূল সংগ্রামকালে; বে সময়ে ছুমুল যুদ্ধ চলে: When a war rages furiously:--(লিখিডে) অত্যন্ত বাজ: Deeply engaged in (writing) :-- मःश्रामत्मध्यव (व पूर्त कृपून काक ठरन ; खिरहव गएन, शकीब अध्यान ; When a conflict or battle [ under all circumstance .. rages furiously. Thick and thin- ज़रून अवस्ति ; Thorough . Thick as hall—司河河南京 罗河 可; Following in quick succession.

Thick as three in a bed-Very thick.

Thick with - 91863; Intimate.

Through thick and thin- as all allawi; मकन धकात्र विश्व वा विभागत त्रशा निशा ; ममच अञ्चलकात व ভিতর দিয়া, Through all obstacles.

Thicken, thikn, v. t. ব্ৰীভুত কু; পাঢ়-কু; To make thick; to make close: - To strengthen . -- v. i. धन-इ ; To become thick :-- अवकात-इ : To become obscure :-- नहीं न- इ : To grow quick or animated :- वनाकीर्-इ ; To crowd .-- हाशिहा नहां , To press.

Thicket, thiket, त. वनवत्रम ; करेवी , त्यांग ; A collection of trees or shrubs closely set; close বিশ্ববৃদ্ধি লোক . wood.

Thick head, Thick skull, n. बिर्फाए शक. Thick-headed, thick-heded, a. সুৰবৃত্তি; মুৰ্গ. निर्दिश , Stupid. [ thick

Thickish, a. इवर हुन वा निरक्षांव: Somewhat Thickly, ad. निविद्धांत , यनकारव ; यनकारा ।

Thickness, n. पन्य , পাঢ়তা ; বেশ।

Thick-set, a. पन-(जानिक; Closely planted:-ধর্ম ও খুল , মোটা ; Having a short, thick body :--n. पन (वंडा )

Thick-skin, #. যেটাসুট লোক ; অসাড়-গোছের ব্যক্তি। Thick-skinned, a. অসাড় , নিবভিষান।

Thick-skulled, a. नुर्व ; त्वाका ; Dull, stupid. Thief, thef, n. (514; वर्गावक; उपद ; One who steals, one who unlawfully takes the property of another. Syn: -Robber, pilferer, plunderer, [ to practise theft. pick-pocket.

Thieve, thev, v. i. जगरूवन-क ; চूबि-क ; To steal ; Thievery, thever-i, n. cold; cois-fari ; 49-ह्र्य ; ह्यो ; The practice of stealing ; theft.

Thieving, n. chique : Thievish, thevish, a. চৌধাসক ; চৌর্ব্যে হত ; হাত-টান; নোপনে কাৰ্বাকারী; Given to stealing:--ধুর্ব ; Sly :-- অত্তবিত ; গোপনীয় ; Acting by stealth. n=thievishness (時間電); ad=thievishly

( होरबब वर्ष )।

Thigh, thi, u. Secre; See; The thick fleshy portion of the leg from the knee to the trunk. To smite hip and thigh—গশুৰ্ববে পরাত-তৃ। Thigh-bone, n. Cafe: Thigh-deep - By Min : As high as the hips. Thimble, thimbl, a. अनुक्रीमा ; ज्याहिएक अञ আধ্ৰের টোপুর: Metal cover for the finger used [स्क्रीनन । in sewing. Thimble-rig, s. कुद्ध श्रीख्याया श्रीत श्रूकांदेवांत शास्त्रत Thin, thin, a. नम : Not thick :- अनिविष . अवन ; Not dense :-- वित्रव ; Rare :-- পাতना ; Not close : —ৰপুষ্ট ; Not full or wellgrown :-- কণ ; সক ; क्रुक्त ; Not fat ; slim ; lean :- नामांक ; Slight : –কুড় ; Small :—কুন্ম ; Fine :—ad. পাতনা পাতনা ; অনিবিভরণে; Not thickly or closely:--v. t. পাতना-इ ; इन-इ ; To make thin :-- १. i. পাডना-₹; To become thin. admthinly, #=thinness. Syn:-(a) Slim, slender, meagre, gaunt; subtile, dilute; scanty, sparse; slight, flimsy; small, insufficient. Thin out-Grow thin towards the end.

Thine, thin, pron. (Sixis; Wirds; Belonging to thee; thy.

Thing, thing, n. আচেতন পথাৰ্ছ; বন্ধ; কৰা, নামন্ত্ৰী; জিনিস; বিৰম্ধ; Material; matter:—Individual of undetermined gender:—Person in contempt:—অটনা; বাগাৰ; Event:—আল, Part:—pl. বন্ধাদি আসবাৰ; জিনিসগন্ত্ৰ। Syn:—Being, substance, body, object; inanimate substance, lump; article, commodity; occurrence; deed, action; portion, something.

Think, thingk, v. i. (वरवहना-क : कावा : त्वाव-क ; बरन-इ; To consider; to exercise the mind; to have ideas:--মভিপ্রাব-কু; মতল্ব-কু; সহর-ক ; To purpose ; to design :-- v. t. कहना- इ ; To imagine; to entertain an idea of '- fabia . . To judge :-- वियान-कृ : अलाब-कृ ; वित्वनमा-कृ : To believe or consider. n=thinker ( विश्वामीन वाकि )। a-thinkable (क्श्रनीय ; हिस्तीय )। pt and fpthought. Syn :- Cogitate, reflect, ponder, contemplate, deliberate, reason; conclude, determine; conceive; regard, hold, esteem, reckon. Think about-1717-7; Meditate. Sciously. Think aloud-Utter one's thought uncon-Think for oneself--नित्यव विवयं नित्य कार्या ; আপনার বিষয় আপনি ভাবিয়া ছিয়-জু; Think about what concerns oneself instead of being guided by the opinions of others. [ harshly. Think hard of-fassette fasia-s: Judge Think highly of--डेक गरबब बनिया विरवहना-कः वर्ष्णा यति-छ।

Think long—হুদীর্ঘ ধনে-ড়; কোন কিছু পাইবার নিমিত্ত ব্যাপ্তভাবে চিত্তা-ড়।

Think much—গভীৰভাবে চিন্তা-তৃ; Think deeply.
Think much of—গদাল-তৃ; Esteem highly:—
কাহাৰত বিশেষ অনুমাণ-তৃ; Hold in high estimation:—ভক্তম কি বিশেষ কাজেম বলিমা বৰে-তৃ; Attach much importance to.

Think no more—বিশ্বত-হ; Forget; overlook.
Think on—অভিনিবেশপুৰ্বক চিছা-হ; Reflect attentively on.

Think of-will, Employ the mind in; con-

sider :— हेविश्वतिष्य- ह ; Be anxious about :— मान-ह ; भवन- ह ; Call to mind :— बरव ७ - ह ; Entertain the idea of :— बरव वहन । ह ; Meditate. Think scorn— बरवा- ह ; Disdain.

Think well of সন্মান ক; তাল বলিয়া থাতির-ই; Hold in esteem.

Thinking, n. ভাবনা: চিস্তা ; Meditating. Thinly, ad. পাতনা-ভাবে ; Not closely.

Thinness, n. প্ৰভা; কুণভা; বিৰুপভা; Slenderness. Syn:—Slimness, fineness; tenuity, rareness, fluidity; paucity, sparseness.

Thinnish, a. অন্তিপুদ্ম ; Somewhat thin.

Thin-skinned, a. Having a thin skin:— বোশনবভাব; অভিনানী; রাষী; Unduly sensitive; irritable.

Third, therd, a. ভূডীয়, ভেনরা; দেকো; Three in order; the last of three:—n. ভূডীয়াৰে; One of three equal parts. ad=thirdly (ভূডীয়তঃ; ভূডীয় বাবে, ডুডীয় গ্ৰায়; In the third).

Third estate, n. বিশাতে সাধারণ লোকসকল; The commons, the Lords temporal and spiritual, being the other state.

Third person—(বাাৰয়ণে) প্ৰথম পুৰুষ — ভূতীয় বাজিং Thirst, therst, s. শিপাসা; ত্ৰা; গাবেছা; Feeling of want of drink; great desire for drink: — বাাৰ্বতা, বাৰসা; বোড . Eagerness; eager desire after anything:—v. i. ভূকাত্ৰ-হ; শিপা-সার্ড-হ; To feel thirst:—বাাৰ্স-হ, বাব্লতাবে লিপ্-হ, To desire vehemently. Syn:—(n) Dryness, drought, parchedness, aiddity; desire, longing, craving.

Parched with thirst—পিশাসার আছুল। Blake (or quench) one's thirst—কোন এবল ইচ্ছা পরিভূপ-কু; Graufy one's earnest desire:— শিশাসা শান্তি-কু।

Thirst for—বাৰল ইছা-ই; Long eagerly for.
Thirsty, therste, a. ভুকাড়র; লিপানার , ভ্ক'র; লিপান ; Suffering from thirst:—ভক; নীৰল;
Dry; parched:—লালাছিত, ব্যাকুলভাবে লিলা;
Vehemently desiring —নলা পানে বত্ত, Given to drinking. n=thirstiness (ভুকাড়বহু)। ad=thirstly (ভ্ৰিভভাবে)। Syn—Moistureless; longing, craving, eager, greedy. [Ten and three.
Thirtheonth, ther'ten, a. and n. আনোলল : ১৬ (ভব);
Thirtheonth, ther'tenth, n. and a. আনোলনের পুরক; ভেরই; The ordinal of thirteen.

Thirtieth, thir'ti-cth, a. বিশেষৰ; Thirty in order; the last of thirty:—ছিল ভাগের এক ভাগ; বিশাংশ; A thirtieth part. [ times ten. Thirty, ther'ti, n and a. ৩., বিশা; বিশেষ; Three Thirty years' war—A series of wars carried on between the Protestant and Roman Catholic leagues in Germany during the first half of the 17th century.

This, this, dem. pr. or adj. ইহা; উপন্নিছিত বিষয় বা বয়; এই; এ; Denoting a person or thing near, just mentioned or about to be mentioned. pt ==

This and that—বটা বটা; ব ব ডা; Many other things; many little things of a troublesome character.

This day-वश ; वाकि ।

This day fortnight—অন্য হইন্তে এক পক; A fortnight from to-day. [ from to-day. This day week—অন্য হইতে এক নতাত্ত; A week This night—আন্ত নাতে।

Thistle, this, ন. লতা বিশেষ; কটোগাছ বিশেষ; A prickly plant:—Emblem of Scotland. e= thistly (কউক বুক্সভাকীৰ্); overgrown with thistles). Thither, thither, e. সেধানে ভথার; To that place:—ভজ্জ, কলে; To that end or result:— অগর; সুরবর্তী।

Hither and thither—अवात (नवात ।

Thitherward, thither-ward, ad. সেদিকে; সেই দিকে; Toward that place.

Thole, Thowl, n. চeকীলক; দাঁড জাটকাইবার গৌজ; A pin in the side of a boat to keep the oar in place.

Thong, thong, n. চর্থ-বন্ধনী; তদ্মা; চামডার সক কালি; A strip of leather, a thin leather strap. Thorax, tho raks, n. বন্ধাস্থের; Breast; the chest; the portion of the body between the neck and the abdomen. a=thoracic ( বকংখুল স্ক্রীব)। Thorn, thorn, n. কটকবৃক; কাটাগাছ, A prickly tree:—কাটা, A spine:—বন্ধাগাৰক বন্ধ, Anything troublesome. Syn:—Spine, prickle; trouble, plague, torment, annoyance.

Be a thorn in one's side (or in the flesh of)—কাহাৰত ক'টক বৰূপ-হ, Be troublesome to, be a great difficulty or impediment to; be a source of annovance to.

Thorn in the side—কইবাৰ বস্তু, Any thing troublesome; an annoyance; a vexation. [fruit. Thorn-apple, n. মুত্ৰা গাছ বা কল; A tree, its Thorn-back, n. মংগু বিশেষ; A fish. [thorn. Thornless, a. অক্টক; কটকবং, Prickly; full of thorns:—কেশ্লাৰক; ব্যাণায়ক; কেশ্লৱ; troublesome; harassing. Syn:—Spiny, briery; pricking, pointed, sharp, vexatious.

Thorough, thur'ö, a. নজাৰ্ ; পুরা ; Complete ; perfect ; entire. Syn :—Spiny, briery ; pricking, pointed, sharp ; vexatious.

Thorough-bred, thur'ö-bied, a. সম্পূৰ্ণ শিকিত; পূৰ্ণ শিকিত; Completely instructed; thoroughly bred:—ক্ষুত্ৰ, সাহসিক; নিৰ্কোষ।

Thoroughfare, thur'o-far, n. সর্বনাধারণের প্রথ্ সাধারণের গমৰ পথ; সরাসর বাঝা . A passage for going through; street of much traffic; a public way. [the whole distance or journey. Thoroughfare ticket—A fare or ticket for Thorough-going, thur'o-go'ing, a. সম্পূর্ণ; বিভাশ্ব; Going all lengths:—পারগামী; Going to the end. [বিশিষ্ট।

Thorough-lighted, a. কৰু কৰু গৰলা জানালা Thoroughly, ad. নশ্ৰাক্ষণ ; নমাক্ ; Fully.

Thoroughness, n. मण्डला ; वि:एपरजा ।
Thorough-paced, thur'5-past, a. मर्का

Thorough-paced, thur'o-past, a. নর্বাংশে পূর্ব; নপুর্ব; কুডবার্ব্য; Perfectly paced; thoroughly trained; complete.

Thorp, n. কুত্ৰ প্ৰাথ; কুত্ৰ পদ্দী, Small village; a hamlet. [ ও সকল। Those, thoz, pron. pl. of that. উহারা; সে সকল; Thou, thow, pron. তুনি; ছুই; আপনি (প্ৰাণু) Though, tho, conf. afte; anyly; anylosse; Admitting; allowing; even if; notwithstanding.

As though—त्वन ; As if.

Thought, thawt, n. [A. S. thoht, from thencan, to think] খনন . Act of thinking:—চিডা;
বিবেচনা; Consideration; reflection:—খ্যান;
Meditation:—খডিপ্রায়: Intention:—খনোভাব;
খনের ভাব, Idea; notion:—খড; খডিয়ড: Opinion:—কলনা; Fancy:—বিচার; Judgment:—
উবেপ; ভাবনা; Care, solicitude:—স্বর; Design:—চিডিড বিবয়; Thought. Syn:—Reflection, contemplation, cogitation; conception,
imagination; conclusion; deliberation; design,
purpose, intention.

Thought, pt. and pp. of think.

A thought better—অন একট ভাল।

With one glance of thought—At the twinkle of thought.

Thoughtful, thawifool, a. চিন্তাৰীল: ভাব্ক; Full of thought; contemplative:—অভিনিবিষ্ট; মনোযোগী; Attentive; careful:—ভাবিত; চিন্তাৰ্ক; ডিন্তাৰ্ক, Green to thinking; anxious:—পভাবিত চিন্তাৰ্কক, Serious thought. n=thoughtfulne-4 (চিন্তাৰীকতা)। ad=thoughtfully (বিবেচনাপূৰ্কক)। Syn:—Contemplative, reflective, meditative, speculative, serious, studious; mindful, considerate, deliberate, wary, circumspect.

Thoughtless, thawles, a. অসাবধান; অসাবধানী; অনবধান; Carcless, negligent, inattentive:—
নিশ্চিত্ত; চিন্তানুক্ত; Without thought or care:—
নিশ্চেত্ত; চিন্তানুক্ত; Without thought or care:—
নিশ্চেত্ত। কিন্তানুক্ত; Without thought or care:—
নিশ্চেত্ত। কিন্তানুক্ত; Without thought or care:—
নিশ্চেত্ত। কিন্তানুক্ত। ad=thoughtlessly (মূর্থের মত.
নিশ্চিত্ত। এবংলানুক্ত। এবংলানুক্ত। কিন্তান্ত। কিন্তান্

Thousand and one—অসংব্য ; হাজাৰ হাজার .
Innumerable. [thousand.
Thousand-fold, a সহস্ত হল ; Multiplied by a Thousandth, thow/zandth, a. সহস্তত্ত্বস , এক সহস্তাশে, The last of a thousand or of any great number:—a. সহস্তাশের একাংল ; A thousand part.
Thowel, Thowl, n. ফত-কীলক ; নৌকার দীড় অটিকাইবার সৌজ; Thole; a pin in the side of a boat to keep the oars in place.

Thrall, thrawl, n. গাস ; ক্রান্তগাস ; পরাধীন বাজি ;
Slave; a bondman — নাসত ; Thraldom; servitude :—v. t. গাস-কু; গাসতে আবজ-কু, To enslave. Syn:—Serf, vassal; bondage, slavery.
Thraldom, Thralldom, thrawidum, n. পরাবান্তা; গাসত ; Slavery; bondage.

Thrash, thrash, v. t. ৰাড়া; ( ৰাজাদি ) আছডাইনা বাহিন-ড়; ভাজিনা বাহিন-ড়; ( শতাদি ) মৰ্জন করা বা মাড়া; To beat out grain from:—পূব প্রহান-ড়; To beat soundly:—v. i. শতা মৰ্জন-ড় ৷ Syn:— Thresh; drub, beat, flog, bruise, maul. Thrasher, n. বে ব্যক্তি কর্মন করে বা বদারা ( গঞানি ) পর্মিত হয় :—হাকর বিশেষ।

Thrashing, ম. শত ৰাজ়া; খাড়া; বৰ্জন; The act of beating out grain from the straw:—আছা গ্ৰহার; উত্তমন্থাৰ বাহার: A sound beating or drubbing. Thrashing floor, thrashing-flor, ম. পানার: শত বাড়িবার হান; A floor on which grain is thrashed. Thread, thred, ম. হ্বল; হৃতা; ভব্ত; A very thin twist of any substance drawn out; a very small line for twisting; a filament of any sibrous substance; a filament of any fibrous substance; a fine line of yearn — সোণা ক্লার ভার; A fine line of gold or silver:—ম. t. (ছুচে) হৃত্য প্রান; To pass a thread through the eye of (as a needle):—হাবেশ-ছ; পাড়ার-ছ; To pass or pierce through, as a narrow way.

Air threads—স্বীমকালে যে উর্ণা বাতারে উচিরা বেড়াব। A thread of destiny—যাধার উপর ভাগ্য নির্ভর কবে; That on which destiny depends.

The thread of life-জীবন-সূত্ৰ।

Throadbare, thredbar, u. সূত্ৰমাজনিনিট্ট: আপে-হীন, জীৰ্ব; Worn to the naked thread; worn out:--প্ৰাভন; পচা; Hackneyed.

Thread-worn, n. সভাৰ মত জিমি।

Thready, thre li, a. কুরমণ; ভদ্কর; কুরবং; কুতার স্থায় . Like thread; slender.

Throat, thret, n. বিভীবিকা: ভব-প্রদর্শন: ধ্যকানি: Menace; denunciation. a=threatful (ডর্জনারক)। Throaten, thretn, v. t. ভব প্রদর্শন-কৃ. বিভীবিকা প্রদর্শন-কৃ; ডর্জন-কৃ: To terrify by menaces; to menace:—v. i. আশ্বা ক্যান, ভয় দেখান; To use threats. Syn:—Denounce; portend, presage, forcbode; frighten, terrify; impend, be imminent.

Threaton (one) with—কোন কিচর তব দেখান; Hold out to one the fear of (some injury).

To be threatened—ভৰ্কিত-ই।

Throatoning, threin-ing, a. ভরপ্রপ্ক; ভর্পুর্পকারী; Menneing; indicating a menace:—
আার; আপরালক; Imminent. ad=threateningly.
Threatening letter—বে পত্তে ভয় প্রদর্শন করা হয়।
Threo, thre, a. and n. ভিন; ভিনটা; Two and one.
Three-fold, threiold, a. ভিন ভগ; বিক্পিড; তিনভাল, Thrice repeated; consisting of three.
Three-pence, n. ইংরাজি রোপায়ুলা বিশেষ; প্রায় ভিন আনা।

Three-penny, a. তিন আনা মূল্যের ; অনিঞ্চিংকর । Three-ply, a. (হুত্রাদি সম্বন্ধে) নিজণ : তিন ভালবিনিষ্ট ; Elating three folds. [ ভাগেব তিন ভাগ প্রিমিত । Three-quarter, a. ৬• ×২৫ ইঞ্চি প্রিমিত ; চারি Three-sided, a. ভিডুল ; তিগার্ধিক ।

Three-score, thrc'skor, n. বাটি; ভিনকৃতি; Sixty. Thronody, threho-di, n. [Gr. thenos, a lament, and ode, a song] ছংবহুত গান; বিলাপ-গাড়ি; A song of lamentation.

Throsh, v. t. 和時间; See thrash.

Threshold, threshold, n. খারের গোৰবাট ; আবেশ-প্র ; খার, The door-still ; entrance ; door:— আরম্ভ ; প্রায়ন্ত ; The point of entering or begining. Syn:—B.ginning, outset.

Threw, three, pt. of throw.

Thrice, thris, ad. ভিৰ খণ; প্ৰ: প্ৰ:; Three times: - অত্যক্ত, Very.

Thrift, thrift, ম. বিভবায়; বায়াদি-বিবৰে সাগধাৰতা; স্থিত থব; Economy; frugality; a thriving state; economical management; increase of wealth:—উন্নতি; Success:—বৃদ্ধি; Growth, as of a plant. a=thrifty. Syn:—Gain, profit, success; good husbandry, parsimony, saving.

Thriftless, a. অনিতবায়ী; উড়ানিয়া; Extravagant. ad - thriftlessly. n - thriftlessness.

Thrifty, thrifte, a. প্রিমিতব্যবী; মিতব্যরী; Economical; frugal:—বৃদ্ধিশীল; Thriving, ad=thriftily ( মিতব্যরপূর্বক)। n=thriftiness ( বিতব্যরিতা)। Syn:—Frugal, sparing, saving, careful, prudent, provident; prosperous.

Thrill, thril, v. t. বিদ্ধান্ত , ক্ষুৱিড-ড়; ছিড্ৰ-ড়: To pierce, to bore ;—কলাবিড-ড়; হন্কল বোধ করার; To affect strongly :—v. i. রোমাঞ্চিত-হ; ক্ষুডি-ছ; লিহ্রিরা উঠা; To cause a tinling shivering sensation to run through the body:—n. রোমাঞ্চ; পুলক; অরভরালি; A thrilling sensation.

Thrilling, thriling, a. লোমহনক; হংকপাৰারী; Piercing; causing to thrill; feeling a tingling shivering through the system. ad=thrillingly, v=thrillingness.

Thrive, thriv, v. i. [ Icel. thrif, good success ]
সমূদশালী-হ; প্রীযুক্ত-হ; উন্নতিলাভ-হ; To prosper;
to flourish:—ব্ভিত-হ; বভিত্-হ; বাড়া, উন্নত-ই; To
grow. pt—throve, thrived. pt—thriven, thrived.
Syn:—Succeed, flourish, increase, advance,
Thriving, a. সমূদশালী; Prosperous.

Throat, thröt, n. কঠ; টুটি, প্ৰদেশ; The forepart of the neck; fauces:—প্ৰবেশ-পথ; An entrance. a=throaty (গঞ্জীয়)।

To cut one's own throat—আপনার গলা আপনি কটো ; নিজেব অনিষ্ট নিজেই-কু।

Up to the throat—আৰঠ।

Throb, throb, v. s. শাৰ্মন-ৰূ; কলিজ-ছ; বড় বড়-কু; বুক্ বুক্-কু; To beat or palpitate, as the heart .—n. শাৰ্ম , কল্পন; ধ্ব্ধুক্নি; বড়-বড়; A beat or strong palpitation.

Throbbing pain, n. দণ্দণাৰি; কট্কটাৰি; A pain which is caused or augmented by the pulsation of arteries.

Throe, thrö, n. অভিশ্য ক্লেশ; বেগনা; দাৰূপ বস্ত্ৰণা; Agony; extreme pain; anguish; pang:—
প্ৰস্ব-বেগনা, গভ্যান্তনা; The pains of child birth:—কাঠ-ভেগক যন্ত্ৰ বিশেষ:—v. i. দাৰূপ বন্ত্ৰণা ডোগ-ড়, To be in agony. Syn:—(n) Pain; fit, spasm, paroxysm.

In the thross of—কোন কিছুৰ দৰণ বেগ পাৰহা (গ্ৰহমণ্ড কাৰ কইভোগ); Undergoing the labour caused by . undergoing the suffering brought on by (used in pain in child-birth).

Throne, thron, n. বাস্থ-সিংগাসন; বাজ-ডক্তা; A chair of a king or prince:—রাজনীয় ক্ষডা; রাজনিক্ত; Sovereign power or dignity:—v. f. সিংহাসনে প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু; রাজসিংহাসনে প্রতিষ্ঠেক-কু; To place on a royal seat:—উরীত-কু; To exalt.

Throng, throng, n. ভীড়; ওনতা. লোকের সমাগর; লোকারণা; A crowd; a great multitude; multitude passing against each other:—v. t. জনতা-কু, ভিড়-কু; To pass as crowd:—পরিপূর্ণ কু:—n. i. विद-द ; अक्रीविक-इ ; To crowd tagether. Syn :— (n) Concourse, press, host.

Throstle, throsi, ল. পদিবিশেষ ; The song-thrush.
Throttle, throtl. ল. পদ্দালী : বাদ্দলী ৰঠ ; The
wind-pipe ; larynx :—৩. ৫. রম্বাদ-কৃ ; বাদ্দম্ব-কৃ ;
গলা টিপিলা-বৃ ; To choke :—৩. ১. বাদ্দম্ব-কৃ ; To
breathe hard.

Through, thros, prep. ভেদ কৰিয়া; কুঁড়িলা; এপিক হইতে বস্তু দিকে; বরাবর ভিতর দিলা; From end to end of; from side to side of:—কোন কিছু বারা; বারা, কর্ডুক; By means of; in consequence of:— মধ্য; Among:—a. আদি হইতে অন্ত পর্বান্ত প্রসামনকারী: সমল পর্ব বা দুরভার অন্ত:—ad. এক সীমা হইতে বারা করাভ্ত: এক পার্ব হইতে অপর পার্ব পর্বান্ত: দিকে one end or side to the other:—আব্যোশান্ত; এবন পর্বান্ত সমল ; দিকে beginning to the end or purpose to end.

Carry through -- निर्लार्- क ; Accomplish.

Fall through, Drop through—পরিত্যত-ই; বিকল-ই; To be given up as a project or plan; to be abandoned. [ as a scheme.

Go through — সম্পন্ন ক ; Prosecute to the end. Go through fire and water — ৰাষ্ট্ৰতে পুড়িভে বন আৰু জনেই মগ্ন হইতে বন, সমগ্ৰই, কৰিভে প্ৰস্তত-ই ; Undergo all risks ; do anything.

Through all, All through—আগাগোড়া; পূৰ্বা-পয়; From the beginning to the end of.

Through and through—সমাক্ৰণে বিশ্ব ; এ কোঁড় ও কোঁড় , বিশেষ করিবা , Pierced wholly from one side to the other ; from one end to the other :—আগাগোড়া ; Thoroughly :—তহ তম কৰিয়া Very minutely.

Through fire and water—সমত বিপাদৰ মধ্য দিয়া; সংগ্ৰেকাৰ বিয়েৰ মধ্য দিয়া; Through many and severe obstacle; or danger.

Through good and through evil report
— স্বাতি অব্যাতি কিছুর দিকে জকেপ না করিবা; লোকে
ভান্ট বল্ক আর মুক্ত বল্ক তাসা গ্রাহ্ন না করিবা;
Without caring much for the good or bad name
one gets.

Through life-चावकीयन ।

Through the medium—ৰারা. By means of. Through thick and thin—সমত বাধা অভিকমকু; Through whatever may be in the way; through all obstacles:—বিপদাপ বাহাই থাকুক বা কেন কিছুই না মানিরা; Not being hindered by any obstacles or difficulties, whatever may be in the way. [ মধ্যে না থানিয়া দূরবহা ছানান্তরে কমন করে। Through train—বে গাড়ী এক বারগা হইতে ছাভিয়া স্কাবে; সক্ষেত্ৰাভাবে; মানুৰ্বহেণ্ডালিয়া; In every part of.

Throve, throv, p. t. of thrive.

Throw, thro, v. t. [A. S. thrawan, to throw]
নিকেপ-কৃ; হোড়া; Cast; fling in any way:—
বলপ্ৰ্যক নিকেপ-কৃ; To hurl:—জটান; To twist;
to wind:—চিংপাত করিয়া কেলা; উপটিয়া-কে; To
prostrate in wrestling:—আহানিত-কৃ; পরিধান-কৃ;
To put on carelessly:—অসাবধানতাপ্র্যক রাখা;
To lay carelessly or in haste:—ফত প্রেরণকৃ, বোচন-কৃ; ছাড়িয়া কেলা; ফেড উচ্চারণ কৃ:—». i.

নিকিন্ত ; কেশ্ব-ক ; To cast or huri :— আদ নিকেশ-ক ; To cast dice :— ». কেশ্ব ; নিকেশ ; The act of throwing :— শালা-কেশ্ব ; অক নিকেশ ; A cast of dice :— শালাকের বুবভা ; বভবুব পর্বাহু কোন কার নিকিন্ত হয় ; The distance to which any thing is thrown :— অবন উলাম ; A violent effort. «—thrower (নিকেশক) । pt—threw, pp—thrown. Syn:—(\*\*) Project, propel, send, toss, pitch; spread, put; overturn, prostrate.

Throw shout—रेटच्छः विकित द्वम् ; To scatter:—ह्यो कविमा रागा : राज्यादेश रागा ।

Throw away—वयरका कतिता हातान; छाव्हिना कतिता त्यातान; द्वताव हातान; Lose by neglect or folly: —व्यात्त्वकृ; Reject:—वृषा वात्र-कृ; व्यापात्र-कृ; वृषा त्काप-कृ; Waste:—वृषा विशय दक्ता; Jeopardise for nothing.

Throw back—অধীকার-কৃ: কেরড-কে: To refuse:
—অধান-কৃ: অপ্রবোজনীয় বোবে ত্যাগ-কৃ: Reject:
—অবৈ উত্তর-কে: To retort:—প্রতিকেপ-কৃ: প্রতিক্লিত-কৃ:

Throw by—অবাবহার্বা বনিরা রাখিয়া-কে: Lay aside
Throw cold water on—নিক্লমান্তিত-কৃ: (কোল বিবরে কাহার ও) উৎসাই ভঙ্গ-কৃ: !Discourage: deterfrom.

Throw down—केफेरिय!-त्व : रिनर्शय-वृ : बहे-वृ : विवहे-कृ : To overturn : to destroy :—व्यवसङ-कृ : To depress.

Throw down the gauntlet—ব্যাবে ৰাজাৰ-ড়; বৃদ্ধে লয় ভাৰা, Challenge; provoke to the combat; dely.

Throw dust in the eyes—চক্ষে ধ্না-কে; অভা-ৰণা-কু; ঠকাৰ; Impose one, deceive.

Throw dust or mud at -क्ट्या-कृ।

Throw in—অন্তনিহিত-কু; বাৰা; অঞ্জেব নিকট গজিত বাৰা; Put in; deposit with others:—প্ৰদান-কু:— বেৰে প্ৰবেশ কবান; To add something to the regular payment.

Throw into—কোন অবস্থার কোলা; কোনসাণ মুন্তবাথার কোলা; Cause to fall into (a certain state, generally bad):—অসুবাদ-কু; Translate into: —কোন আকারে বিভি করান; Put into (a certain) shape:—অব্যোগ বা নিকেপ-কু; Employ in; infuse into.

[ to excel; to be superior to. Throw into the shade—ক্ষেত্ৰত; To surpass;

Throw into the shade—case; to surpass; Throw (or shed) light upon—quisti-q; To explain; to make more clear.

Throw off—ৰহিছত-তৃ; Expel:—ছাড়!, পরিত্যাপ-কৃ; ড্যাপ-কৃ; Discard, cast aside:—জুবে কেলা; Put away:—বেড়ে কেলা; Shake off:—শিকার করিতে-বা; Start for a haunt.

Throw off the mask or disguise—হ্যুবেশ জাগ-ড়; Take off that which disguises or conceals:—প্ৰত্ব অভিনাম গোণন লা কৰিবা প্ৰকাশ কৰিবা ক্ষো; Make no secret of one's real intentions; —প্ৰকাশ-ড়; To disclose; remove whatever disguises or conceals.

[ফু; Tranquillise. Throw off the scent—প্ৰভাৱণা-ড়; বিকাশ-ড়; কৈবা; To mislead; to divert from the course of pursuit; to deceive.

Throw on - ( कोडोब ) बोल होगीब ; Cast on ; impute to ; saddle one with.

ই'hrow one over—বোক্ষাত হাবাইছা বেতা; Cast one (in a lawsuit):—কাহাকে ভ্যাগ-ড়; Abandon one; give one up.

Throw (or cast) one ever board—সর্কাং
#; ৰাহাল হইছে ৰলে ফেলিরা-ফে; Throw one out
of the ship:—এক পালে ঠেলিরা ফেলা; ফেলিরা ফেলা;
Shelve aside. [সহসা পরিত-হ; To lie down.
Throw one's self down—সর্ব-ফ; শুইরা পড়া;
Throw oneself into—বন দিয়া লাগা; (ফোন
কালে) বন চালিরা বিরা লাগা; Enter hearity into
Throw oneself on, Throw one's self upon—উপায়ান্তর্হীন (নাচার) ইইরা কাহারক অনুরহের
ত্র্পর নির্ভন-ফ; আপনাকে অন্তেহ্ব হলার উপর নিকেপ-ফ;
নিরূপার হইরা অন্তের অনুরহের উপর অন
দেশার হইরা আজের অনুরহের উপর অন-ফ; Resign
oneself to the favour, elemency or power of:

শুইরা পড়া; Lie down; repose upon.

Throw open—প্লিয়া ৰাখা; উপাটিত-তু; কৰ্মায় বা পথ প্ৰে-দে; To remove obstruction to entrance; to make free of access; make accessible; open.

Throw out—অগাছ-কু; পান না-ফু; Reject:—
নিৰ্গত-কু; নিঃসায়িত-কু; To eject:—বহিত্বত-কু; To expel:—এভাব-কু; ব্যক্ত বা উল্লেখ-কু; প্ৰকাশ-কু; Propose; put forth; mention:—বলা; To speak.
Throw out a gear—এলোবেলো ক্রিয়া-দে; গোলনাস করিয়া-দে; Throw into disorder. [a hint. Throw out a hint—ইসিতে বলা; ইসাবা-কু; Give Throw out a limit, suggestion or conjecture—ইসিতে বলা বা আলাক করিয়া বলা; Offer a hint, suggestion or conjecture.

Throw out feelers—শুঁৱা বাহির করিৱা ভাবগতিক
বুবা, অপরের মত জানিবার জন্ত কোন কিছু বলা বা করা;
কোন বিধ্যে অন্তের মতের ভাব বুঝিবার নিমিত গুণ্ডভাবে কোন
প্রভাব করিৱা পাঠান; নাড়িবা চাড়িবা দেখা; To say or
do something inorder to ascertain the views of
others; put forth proposals or plans in a convert way with a view to sound the opinions of
others in regard to some contemplated measure.
Throw over—পরিতাগি-ক; ছাড়িবা-দে; ভাগ-ক;
Abandon. [ject; dismiss; to discard.
Throw overboard—ক্ষবাৰ-দে, পরিভাগি-ক; ReThrow stones—অপরের দেখি বরা।

Throw the great cast—নৰ্কাৰ পণ কৰিয়া কোনৰ কাজে নাগা।

Throw the handkerchief—পদ্ধীকে এহণ কৰিবাৰ Throw to the dogs—অকৰ্মণাবোৰে কেলিয়া-দে।
Throw up the sponge—বিবাদ ভাগি-ক: কালা

Throw up the sponge-বিবাদ ত্যাগ-কৃ; ৰগড়া প্ৰিডাগ-কৃ; Abandon the struggle; submit.

Throw up--কৰ্মত্যাগ-ক ; কৰ্ম ইতকা-ক ; ছাড়িয়া-দে ; Resign :--উদ্গীৰ্ণ-ক ; বমন-ক ; বমি-ক ; Vomit :---অকস্মাৎ কোন লাম উপস্থিত হইলে তাড়াতাড়ি করিয়া কিছু বিশ্বাণ-ক ; মন্ত্ৰ নিৰ্মাণ-ক ; Hastily erect for a tempotary purpose.

Be thrown away on—নিক্ল-হ; বুধা হইরা-ধা; কাহারও প্রতি বুধা প্রযুক্ত-হ; Be of no avail to; fail to produce any effect on; make no impression on.

[ফু; Have to depend on.

Be thrown on—কাহার বা কোন কিছুর উপর নির্ভ্র
Be thrown on one's own resources—নিজের

উপর নির্ভর করিতে বাধা-হ; ঘকীর স্থানের উপর নির্ভর

করিরা চলিত্রে বাধা-হ; বিজে বেমন পারে তেমনই করিতে

বাধা হ; Be obliged to shift for oneself; be ob-

liged to make the best of the means at one's disposal.

Be thrown together, Be thrown in the society of the state 
Thrown on one's beam ends—त्न छेनांव बरनवन क्विएंड नांवा-इ ; To be driven to one's last shift.

Thrum, thrum, s. স্বাস্থ ; উভিনের স্ভার দ্বী; কাপড়ের কুলি; The end of weaver's thread:— মোটা স্ভা; Coarse yearn:—মুক্তুর আপুলারিত অব: —চ. s. বুবা; To weave; to knit; to fringe:— এক বেরে বরণে বাজাব; To play rudely or monotonously on an instrument. a—thrummy.

Thrummy, এ. হডার দশী বারা নির্দ্মিত বা তবং; Made of, or like, thrums.

Thrush, thrush, n. প্ৰিবিশ্ব ; A small singingbird:—বেটিকের পাৰ্শোষ ; An inflammatory and suppurating affection in the feet of horse :— ৰূপৰ যা ; Small ulcers on the mouth.

Thrust, thrust, v. t. [Icel. thrista, to force] বলপূৰ্মক ভাড়িভ-ছু; সজোৱে ধাড়া-দে; ঠোলা-দে; চাড়া; গালা; To push or drive with force:—v. i. স্ক্ৰাপ্ত অন্ত ধানা আক্ৰমণ-ছু; To attack with a pointed weapon:—disj-দে; To make a push:—ঠেলিয়া ঢোকা; চাপ ধানা অবিট-ছ; To squeeze in:—অন্থকাবে অবেশ-ড়; অনাত্ৰত-বা; Intrude:—n. লোবে ধাড়া; A violent push:—বোচা; আবাড; A stab:—আক্ৰমণ; An assault.

A home thrust, n. মর্মে আঘাত; আতে বা; সময়ে আঘাত: An effective blow; an expression which wounds one in a vital part:—An unexpected rebuke administered to a person, drawn from his own statements, arguments or conduct.

Thrust eside—এক বাবে রাধা; Put violently aside.

Thrust at—ৰ্চিয়া দায়িতে চেট্টা-কু; Try to stab. Thrust away—প্ৰত্যাধ্যাৰ-কু; ঠেনিয়া কেবা; Reject. Thrust in—প্ৰবিট-কু; ঢোকাৰ; Divide in.

Thrust into—পোঁজা; Put into :—ভতে পেজা; বিশিপ্ত কু; Throw into :—বিদিয়ে-দে; Plunge into. Thrust off—গাড়া বিহিন-কু; Push away.

Thrust on—উত্তেজিড-ড়; Impel:—বাড়ে কেলিছা-ড়ে; Force upon; offer without solicitation.

Thrust one's self to—বিনা আকানে প্রবেশ-কৃ; জোরে ভিত্তরে গিলা প্রবেশ-কৃ; To obtrude; to enter where one is not invited or not welcome.

Thrust out--বলপুর্বক বহিছত-তৃ; উৎকিপ্ত-চৃ; নিজ্ঞান্ত-তৃ; Expel violently.

Thrust one's nose into—ৰকাম ব্যক্তে-ড়;
অব্ধ হাত-দে: To intermeddle; to interfere in
a meddlesome manner. [stab.

Thrust through—विक-कृ ; वृंतिता बाता ; Pierce ; Thrust together—बन्दब बनाउ-कृ ।

Thud, n. ब्रावान जय : 'वन्' कड़ियां नंडन नेया।

Thug, n. রাহাজাব ; পাছ-হস্তা : ঠগ ; One of a class of professional robbers and assassins.

Thuggee, n. পাছ্যজা; ঠন্ট-দৌরাক্স; The practice of the thugs.

Thule, त. नृषिवीत आंखळात ।

Ultimate thule—পৃথিবীর শেষ পর্বাস্তঃ বাহার পত্তে জার হাত্তবের বাস নাই; The end of the world. Thumb, thum, n. বৃদ্ধাৰ্থ; বুড়ো আছুল: The short thick finger, opposite to the other fingers:—এক ইনি: An inch:—৩. চ. আনাড়িব ভাত হাড-বে: হাড লাগাইবা লোকরা বা থলিব-কু, বুড়া আছুলের দাগ লাগান. To handle awkwardly; to soil with the thumb or fingers:—বুড়ো আছুল ইণিরা-বু:—৩. চ. অসুলি বাবা আর্থ-কু; To finger.

By rule of thumb—অণিকিত ভাবে; In a rude, unskilful manner, not by education or imparted skill:—ৰোটাষ্ট হিসাবে; ছুল প্ৰনায়।

Under the thumb at—वर्ष्ण अवर्गन-इ।

Thumbless, a. अकुरीन।

Thumb-mark--वृद्धा आवृत्तव हिन वा मात्र ।

Thumb-sorew, thumb-kins, n. কেশ নিবাৰ বন্ধ ; জপরাৰ থীকার করাইবার জন্ত অনুষ্ঠ-পর্কা পেৰণকারী বন্ধ বিশেষ; An old instrument of torture for compressing or squeezing the thumbs, much used in Scotland, during the tyrannical times of the 17th century.

Thump, thump, n. ভাকী বস্তুৰ আঘাতেৰ পৰা; আৰমাৎ ভাৱী বস্তুৱ প্তনেৰ পৰা, গাইচ; ঠোকাঃ; The
sound made by the sudden fall of a heavy
body; a heavy blow:—v. t. বা মারা; ভারী বস্তু
ধাৰা আঘাত-কু; ধাৰ্ডা মাৰা . ঠোকাঃ To beat with
something heavy —v. z. সশ্ৰে প্তিত-হ; প্ৰক
আবাতসহকাৰে প্তিত-হ; To strike or fall with a
heavy blow.

Thunder, thunder, n. মেছ-সজ্জন, বছ্নধনি, বছের পক; The deep sound following a flash of lightning; noise made after an explosion of lightning:—ভীমনাদ, উচ্চ শক; উচ্চ নিনাদ, Any loud noise:—অভিস্পাত; ভীতি প্রপনি বাকা; An alarming denunciation:—v. i. বছ্লধনি-ফু; বছের মত শক্ত; To make thunder, to sound as thunder:—v. i. বছের ধ্বনিতে নির্ঘোধিত-ফু; উচ্চ ধ্বনিতে প্রকাশ-ফু; To emit with noise:—অভিস্পাত আকাশ-ফু; ভীতি প্রশান বাকা উচ্চারণ-ফু; To publish a denuciation. n=thunderer, a=thundery, thunderous.

God of thunder - 支班 !

Thunder-bolt, thunder-bolt, n আপনি, ৰাজ, কুলিল; বজ্ঞ; A shaft of lightning —অভিসম্পাত, Eclesiastical denuciation:—বজ্ঞ কুলা ভয়ন্তর বস্তু:— নিভীক বীর; A daring or irresistible hero

Thunder-clap, n. বল্পনি, বল্প নিখোৰ; বল্লাখাত, Explosion of thunder.

Thunder-cloud, n. ভড়িংপূৰ্ব মেছ; A dark cloud, which produces lightning and thunder. Thunderer, n. বস্ত্ৰপতিক; বস্ত্ৰজ্নি-কাৰক; Jupiter:—Times Newspapers.

Thundering, a. क्यांवडांवी।

Thunder-proof-Sale against thunder.

Thunde-rshower—Sudden and heavy rain during thunder. [ with thunder.

Thunder-storm—বস্তাঘাত সহিত বড়বৃট্ট; A storm Thunder-struck, thunder-struk, a. বস্তাহত; Struck by lightning:—বিশ্বধাপন্ন; চমৎকৃত, বিশ্বিত, অবানকৃত; Struck dumb by something startling and surprising; astonished; struck dumb.

Thurible, n ব্ৰাচী; বুগাৰ; A censer of metal for burning frankincense. [ries the thurible. Thurifer, n. ধ্ৰাচীৰ্ত্য, The server who car-

Thursday, thurida, n. সপ্তাহের প্ৰদৰ্শন ; বুইপাতি বার ; The fifth day of the week.

Thus, thus, ad. এইরণে; এবংড ; এই প্রকারে; In this manner ; to this degree ; so.

It is one self that one is thus and thus
—ব্ৰহ্ণবাদি সমস্কই নিজেৱ মানসিক প্ৰকৃতির উপায় নিজন
কৰে; One's success or failure, one's happiness or misery depends entirely on one's own strength of character or will.

Thus for-a जांदर ; এजमूत नशास ।

Thwack, thwak, v. t. [A. S. thaccian, to touch gently ] প্রায়-ছ; ঠোকা; পেটা, মারা. To beat; to thrash:—n. আবাত, ঠোকন; পেটন, A smart blow with something blunt and heavy; a heavy blow. Syn:—(v) Bang, thrash, thump, belabour, strike.

Thwart, thwawrt, v. t. প্রতিষদ্ধক-দে; বাখা দে; বাখাড-কৃ; To defeat; to oppose; to cross, to hinder by an obstacle --n. গাঁডিগিগের ব্যাবার আসন; Rower's seat.—a আডাআচি; Being crosswise, transverse:—ad. অনুপ্রবৃত্ত; বাডে; Athwart. Syn:—(v) Traverse, cross; oppose, contravene, frustrate, defeat.

Thy, thi, pro. a. মহাপয়ের, তোমাব; Of or belonging to thee pl=your. [plant. a=thymy. Thyme, tim, n. হুগন্ধি লঙা বিশেষ; An aromatic Thymy, timi, a. হুবঙি, Fragrant.—টাইন্ ডাইন্ বছল; Abounding with thyme.

Thyself, thi-self, n. pro thou or thee in person. তুমি কাৰ, , তুমি আপনি বা নিজে; Used for emphasis.

Tiere, ti-fra, n. টোপৰ, টুপি, A head-dress —
মুক্ট. কিন্নীট; ড'জ, Diadem :—পোপেৰ কিণ্ট;
The Pope's triple crown. a = tiared.

Tibia, tibi-a, n. কৰার আছি বিশেব, পাৰের বৃহৎ
আছি, Larger of the two bones of the lower leg,
the shin bone.—(ব্যু বিশেষ; বাঁশী। এ-- tibial
(মঞাছি সম্মীয়; বাঁশী সম্মীয়)।

Tie, n. পেনী-পান, পেনাদিনের আফোপ, A convulsive motion of certain muscles, especially of the face.

Tie-douloureux, tik-doo-loo-roo, n. আফ্রানাল ; মুথের পারবার্যি ; সালু বোগ ; Neuralgia in the face. Tick, n. টিক টিক শব্দ . টিক টিক শব্দ . বিহিন্ত টুক্ টুক্ শব্দ . Tickling :—চিক :—কটি ; কুকুরালিব বাবের নাছ ; An insect :—সদির খোল · ভোষকের খোল : Bed cover :—নালার সন্ত্রম ; ধার , কছা . Crecht ; trust :—v. ś. ঘড়ির মত শব্দ -কৃ ; টিক্ টিক্ শব্দ -কৃ , আছে আছাত-কৃ , To beat as watch :—v. ś. চিক্ত-কৃ , কারে-দে, To mark.

Buy on tick--धात क्यो।

Tick off—( বারে ) দাগ দেওবা ; একে একে পরীকা-তৃ। To tick a thing off—কলন দিয়া দাগ-কু; To mark an item with the touch of a pen.

To take a thing on tick—To have it jotted down or marked on the score instead of paying. Ticken, Ticking, n. cuttan cuts with the Cloth for head-ticks.

Ticket, tiket, a. টিকিট, বিদর্শনপত্র; কুর কাগলংও; Marked card; a token of any right or debt: v. t. টিকিট-বে, বিযুগ লাগান, To mark by a thicket. Monthly ticket—এক নাগের টিকিট। Ticket-of-leave-क्रावेशक व्यव (क्लाक्ट्स व्यव ক্রিবার অপুষ্ঠি-পত্র; দভাধীন অপরাধীর সচ্চরিত্রতার बन मिल्ला : A license to be at large, granted to a convict for good conduct.

What is the thicket - कि कहा वाह ?

Tickle, tikl, v. t. शृहश्कि-त्य ; क्षूबूबू-त्य ; क्षूबू कुब-ल ; To cause to laugh from slight touching :- তোবানোদ-क : अडहे-क : To please by slight gratification :-- ০. i. হড় হড় খৰু অমুভব-ৰু ; হুছুইড়ি বোণ-ক: To have a creeping tingling sensation. Syn: -Titillate; please, amuse, gratify.

Tickle-brain, n. বেননা ; Toy that please :-চ্ছল লোক; One who is fickle.

Tickle death—হাসিরে মাবা।

Ticklish, tiklish, a. যে ব্যক্তির সহলে কৃত কৃত বোধ হয ; যাহাতে সহজে কাতুরবৃত্র লাগে , Easily tickled ; easily affected; difficult to be touched:-cult ; nice, critical.

Tick-tack, n. हेक हेक भग।

Tidal, tidal, a. জোবার ভাটা সম্বন্ধীয় : জোবার-ভাটা বিশিষ্ট; Belonging to tides; pertaining to tides. A tidal river—বে নদীতে জোবাৰ ভাটা থেলে।

Tidbit, Titbit, ७. बीमाजाराव कांग्लारम ।

Tide, tid n. জোশৰ ভাটা ; বেৰা ; The regular flux and reflux of the sea; rising and falling of the sea : - সময়, Time; season : - গতি, Course :- প্রবাহ ; প্রোক . Stream ; current :-v. i. হোষাৰ ভাটা চলা ; ভাটাৰ চানিত কু ; To work in or out with the tide of a river, to pour a tide or flood :-- v. t. প্রবাহের দ্বিত ভাড়িত-কু; To drive with the stream. Syn - (n) Flow, ebb.

Tide over--বিপদ অভিক্রম-কু; Surmount difficulties:-- विशव कां हिंदा-(प ; विशव कां हिंद्रा छेठा ; Pass a critical period.

Take the tide at the flood—কোন হবিধা বা হ্যোগ পাইবা লাভ-কৃ ; Take advantage of an opportunity when it occurs.

Work double tides—ছিনরাত্র উত্তর পণেই চল; हर मित्नत्र कांक हांत्र नितन-कू।

Tide-gauge, n. বেলামান মন্ত্র; জোবার ভাটা পরিমাণ নিৰ্ণয়ের যয়; An instrument for registering the state of tide continuously.

Tideless. a. জোগাৰ-ভাটা ছীৰ : Having no tide. Tide-mill, tid-mil, ম. জোৱার ভাটাৰ চালিত বয়; A mill moved by tide water or for clearing out tide water. ship.

Tidesman-Custom house officer posted aboard Tide-table, n. জোয়ার ভাটাব নির্ঘট-পত্ত।

Tide-waiter, tid-water, n. उद न: आहर कर्याहों बिट्न ; Custom officer to watch the landing of goods; an officer who watches the arrival of vessels, to secure the payment of duties.

Tide-way, tidwa, n. (बाबादात बन व्यवन कतिवाह In The channel in which the tide sets.

Tidings, tidingz, n. pl. [ A. S. tidan, to happen ] সংবাদ, খবর; স্বাচার, বার্ত্তা; News; intelligence. Syn :- Information, word.

Bad tidings-क्नभागत । Good tidings--ক্সমাচার।

Tidy, tide, a. পরিপার্টী; হুনজিত; Neat; in good

order :- 12. कोकिंद (गनान : कोकिंद (पदार्कान : A. cover for chairs &c. :-- v. t. পরিপাটা-ক ; পরিছের-ক : To make neat. n=tideness (পারিপাটা ; স্বৰ্থে-বন্ত); ad=tidily ( সুচাকুরপে )।

Tie, tī, v. f. বন্ধন-কু; বাঁপা: To fasten with a cord ; to bind :-- वृक्त-कृ ; मरवृक्त-कृ ; To unite ; to constrain: --वीविज-कृ; वीबा-कृ: चाहिक-कृ; To oblige: --ए. इ. ममक्ल-इ: --ए. वसन ; दसनो ; अहि ; A knot; a bond:—সমসংখ্য; An equality in numbers, as of votes. Syn :- (v) Secure, attach ; knit, interlace, knot ; join, connect, link.

Result (or end) in a tio-ৰিশাচনকাৰে প্ৰতি-বোণিগণেৰ প্ৰাপ্ত সন্মতি সংখ্যা সমান হওয়া। [ বিশ্লাৰ-কু 1 Ride and tie-अस्त्रत महित भगावकाम भविज्ञम । Tie down-এমন করিয়া বান্ধা যে উটিতে না পারে: र्वंथियां बांचा ; উঠিতে ना प्रथम ; Fasten to prevent from rising. f restraint.

Tie the hands-ছাত বাৰা: To lay under Tie the nuptial knot-বিবাহ-বে; Join in Restrain : confine. maniage.

Tio up -- व्यावक-क ; वक-क ; Fasten :-- प्रमन-क ; Be tied to one's upon strings—औहन पत्रिया বেডান , স্তালোকের বণাভূত হইয়া চলা; বৈশ-হ; Be constantly in the company of (women); be subject to the control of ( a lady ).

Tongue-tied, a. यत्नव क्था श्रुविशा विचिष्ठ अभावन ; Unable to speak freely.

Tior, ter, 12. मानि; (यंगी; 4 row :-- बाश्रांबंद (खंगी: Row of ships in a harbour :-- वक्तकांद्री ; क्क्रनी :--বাপকের জার্যা।

Tierce, ters, n. 何州; A cask containing one third of a pipie, i. e. 42 gallons :- ভানের বিভি: A sequence of three cards of the same suit :-অসি-ক্রীড়াবৃদ্ধে খোঁচা , A thrust in fencing.

Tierce-major, n. টেকাবড় বিভি।

Tie-rod, n. होना निक ।

Tiff, ". দামান্ত ক্রোব; রাগ; বগড়া; Slight anger: -- स्त्रांत अवयोजा : এक हुनुक मन : स्वां : मनः : Small draught of liquor :- v. t. ৰগড়া-কু; রাপাৰিত-কু। Tiffin, tif'in, n. कल-थानात्र; मशांट्य कलभान;

Luncheon; a lunch between breakfast and

Tigor, ti'ger, n. गांव ; वाष ; A fierce and rapacious animal of the cat kind :--司本书: Bloodthirsty monster. fem = tigress.

Royal tigor, n. त्केंदर। बांच।

Tigor cub, n. बांध-भावक ; वार्षत्र स्रोती ।

Tigerish, Tigrish, a. बाखिद ; निवेत ; खडानक ; Like tiger in disposition.

Tight, tit. a. টানটান, क्यां ; बांछा ; बांछान ; Close : firmly held together . compact :— অশিখিক : শক্ত : Not slack; not loose '-- 李对4; Saving: -- 可提言: পরিপাটা। Syn:-Fast; stretched, tense; not leaky.

Pighton, tita, a. t. কৰা; আঁটা; কৰিয়া টাৰা; To make tight; straiten. [ कारन ; Closely. Thightly, ad. नंडकाल : कर्माक्ति छारव : वांडिंग-Tightness, n. बाहाबाहि ; क्याक्ति ; Closeness. Tike, n. क्कूब ; A dog -- शांजाशीत लाक ; A rustic. Tilbury, n. भक्डे वित्यत ; A kind of gig. Tile, n. টালি ; বোলা : বাণরা ; A plate of baked

clay used for covering roofs, floors &c. :- . t.

• টালি দাবা আফ্রাণিত-কু; To cover with tiles. #=
tiler.

Tilary, tilér-i, क्र. ठीनि निर्दाणभाना ; ठीनि धाउठ कत्रिपात कात्रथाना ; ठीनि (थाना ; A place where tiles are made.

Tiling, tiling, n. দর্বপ্রকার টালি; Tiles in general.
Till, til, prep. গরাড; বাবং; বে প্রাত্ত লা; To the time of :—ad. পর্যন্ত; ব্যবহি লা; To the time when; to the degree that:—n. পোকালের টাকা রাখিবার বাল; বালের গেবে; A money box in a shop:—v. f. কর্ব-ক; লাক্সন-দে; চলা; To cultivate; to plough and prepare for seed.

Till now apple ; a size; To the present time. [time.

Till then—নে পৰ্বান্ত; তংকাল পৰ্বান্ত; To that Tillable, a. কৃষিবোগা; Arable, cultivable.

Tillago, tilaj, n. চাস; কৃথিকাৰ্য্য; কৰ্ণ; Husbandry; act of tilling:—ক্ষিত কৃষি; A place tilled.
Syn:—Cultivation, culture, farming; agriculture.

Tiller, n চাৰা: কৃষক: Husbandman:—ৰাজাদি হেদৰ ক্ৰিলে গোড়া হইতে প্ৰথাহ যে কেঁক্ডি নিৰ্মত হয় ভাহা:—ৰৌকাদিয় কৰ্ণনয় বত: চালের বাঁট. The handle or bar by which a rudder is moved.

Tiller-rope, n. राहेन-कांद्रि वीविवाद होना मुखी। Tilt, tilt, n. গাড়ীর আবরণ বস্তু; The canvas covering of a cart or wagon :—তাৰু; তাৰু; Tent : -- ठीरनाता ; व्यानवन ; Awning :-- क्रीडाव्य विरमन ; অবারোহীর মন্নবৃদ্ধ ; Tournament :—বোঁচা ; আঘাত ; Thrust :-- काहर : (बांक : Inclination forward :-छ. i. अविविद्ध प्रेंब! आवष्ठ-इ; To fall on the side; to I can: -- आक्रमपार्थ छन्नामि नहेग्रा शविछ-इ. ৰভুসা সৃইয়া যুদ্ধ-কু; To thrust or fight with a lance :--- v. t. আতপ নিবারণ বন্ধ বারা আরত-ক ; To cover with an awning :--বড়সা নিকেণ-কু; বড়সা হোড়া : To point or thrust as a lance :-- হেলাৰ : काइए-क ; अक्षांत्र पतिता क्रिक्ट-क ; To slant, to incline.; to raise one end of :-- হাতুড়ি দিলা পিটা. To forge with a tilt-hummer. Syn := (n)Canopy; pass, lounge; encounter, joust; slant, slope, inclination, cant.

Full tilt—मामादा ।

Tilt up-वन्त्रार वज्ञ्हार हेश्यन्त्र-ह ।

Pilting, n. कीए।-वृद्ध ।

Tilth, n. চাস; কৰ্বণ; ক্ৰিড ভূমি; ক্ৰিডাবছা; Cultivation; tilled land.

Tilt-hummer, tilt-hamier, n. वड़ मूलव ; Large hammer lifted by wheel.

Timber, timbér, n. বুকের কাও; ভড়ি; Trunk of a tree:—বে কাঠ পৃহাদি নির্মাণে ব্যবহৃত হয়; চক্র; কড়িকাঠ; Wood for building purposes:—v. t. কড়িকাঠাদি বারা বজ্জিত-ফু; To furnish with timber or beams.

Seasoned timber—Timber so thoroughly dried that all the sap and natural juices are gone out of it.

Timber-yard, স. কাঠের গোলা ৷

Timbre, त. कर्रभनित द्रव ; राजव स्व ।

Timbrel, timbrel, n. চাৰ; ভেরী বা ধ্রণী বিশেষ; Drum; a musical instrument.

Time, tim, ন. সময় ; Particular part of duration :
—কান , Season :—অবসম ; ক্ৰোন ; Opportunity :—

ভীবনকাল; জীবিভকাল; The duration of one's life:
— বৃত্যুর সময়: Period of death:— পুন: পুন: পারতি
বা বোগ; Addition of a thing to itself:— প্রসম্কাল: প্রস্ব-বেগনার সময়: Hour of travail:— ভাল;
Musical measure:— উপযুক্ত কাল; নিশিষ্ট কাল;
Allotted period; proper time:— ইংলীবন ও ইংলাল; Existence of any period:— ০. চ. টক সমরে
ফু: সমরোচিড-ফু: ব্যোচিড সমরে-ফু: To do at the proper season:— নিয়মিড-ফু: সময় নিশিষ্ট-ফু: সময়
সম্বন্ধে নিয়মিড-ফু: To regulate, as to time:— ভাল-বিশিই-ফু: ভালমানবৃক্ত-ফু: To measure as in music:
— ০. চ. সময় কলা-ফু: ভাল বেলয়া; ভাল হাখা; To keep or beat time. Syn:—(n) Term, interval, spell; period, age; era; occasion; section, division.

A time ball—টিক মধ্যাত সময়ে বে কলুক নীচে পতিত At a time—এক এক বায়; এক এক বায়ে; At each time, on each occasion.

At one time, At another time—এক সম্ভৱ Now, আর এক সমবে; Now. [along with it. At the same time—আনত; সেই সজেসালে; Also; At times—মবো নাবো; সমতে সমতে; কংকৰ ক্ষমৰ ; মাছে মাৰে; At distant intervals; now and then Bide one's time—সুসমন আদিবে বলিয়া প্রতীক্ষা ক্ষমা ধাৰা; Wait for a favourable opportunity. By that time—ততক্বে, Not later than that time; about that time,

By the time—সেই সময়ে কিংবা ভাহার কিছু পূর্বে; বে সময় বরাবয়; At or a little before the time.

By this time—4374; 43774; Now (now that so much time has passed).

For a time—ধানিককপের জন্ত ; কিরংকালের জন্ত ; For a short time ; for a while.

For a very long time—शीर्वकातक निमित्त ।

For the time being—ৰাণাডঃ; একণে, ডঙ্কেলের উপৰিত সমণের মত; ডংকালের জন্ত . For the present; during the time that is passing, temporarily, for the moment. [ s x s ]

Four times four—চারি সারিতে; চারি ভবিত চারি,

From time immemoral—বহুকাৰ হইডে; সুৰণা-ভীত কাল হইডে; From a time longer than is remembered.

From time out of mind, From time immemorial—ৰঙি পূৰ্বকাল হইডে; মহণাডীড কাল হইডে: From time immemorial.

From time to time—কথন কথন; মধ্যে মধ্যে; সময়ে সময়ে, Occasionally; now and then.

Have a bad ( or hard ) time of it—( কিছু-খাল ) কটে খাটাৰ; Not to fare well, be miseraable during a certain period.

In course of time, In process of time— কাৰ্যমে; কাৰে; As time goes on.

In no time—ভংকণাৎ : তথ্যি ; Quickly.

In the fulness of time—পূৰ্বল উপছিত হইলে; বধাসবলে; সময় পূৰ্ব হইলে; চারি পোছা হইলে; When the time is ripe for anything; when the fit time has come. [during the interval.

In the mean time—ইতিমধ্যে; Meanwhile; In time—উপৰ্ক সময়ে; বধা সময়ে; উপযুক্তকালে; In good season; sufficiently early:—কাল্যমে; In course of time.

Kill time-- मनत नहे-क ; मनत वृत्ती सात-क ; त्यांन त्रक्य

क्तिका नका कांत्रिका त्रवता : Waste time : Spend one's time anyhow. Lose ne time—किञ्चमाञ्ज विजय मा-कृ: खरक्नार कान

काम कतिया (कना : काम विमय मा क्या ; Make no [ वावहात-छ । Make time-- অবকাপ-ড়: কোনও কর্ম করিতে সময় Move ( or run or go ) against time-45 % সম্ভব কোনও নিশিষ্ট পথ অতিক্রম করা, কিংবা বভদুর সম্ভব कान विनिद्धेकारम भयत-कृ ; To move or run as rapidly as possible in order to ascertain the greatest attainable speed.

Once upon a time-अक्षा; अक त्रस्त ; At a certain time long ago.

Out of one's time-नातानक व्हेटन ; Having reached the period of majority.

Seise time by the fore lock-সুবোগ না পলায় এই বয় তকে তকে থাকা; Be on the alert for any favourable opportunity.

Spare time--কাকাল ; Leisure hours. [কার্য-কু ! Take time by the forelock-first al-s: Ava The time being-30atta; The present time. Time after time-প্ৰ: প্ৰ:, বাৰংবার; Many [ frequently. times; repeatedly.

Time and again—मर्सनाहे: भून: भून:; Very Timo enough —উপযুক্ত সময়ে; যথাসময়ে; সকাল नकान ; यशाकारन ; Early-enough ; in good season . sufficiently.

Time gone by -গতকাল; গত নময়; Past time. Time is up-নিশিষ্ট সময় গত হইয়াছে; ঠিক সময় আসিয়াছে; The allotted time has just expired; the appointed time has come.

Time of day—দিবসের সমযোচিত অভিবাদন।

Time of life - नवन ; वद: अभ ; Age.

Time on one's hands-Unemployed time.

Time out of mind, From time immeroris!--মতি পূৰ্বকাল হইতে; পাৰণ হল না এমন কোন कान रहेरन ; Longer than can be remembered . from of old. [ Circumstances are different. Times are changed-- नमायव পরিবর্তন চইরাছে; Time to sparo-বিশাস কাল; Time not occunicd: leisure. There was a time.

Time was -এক সমর ছিল; এমন এক কাল ছিল; Time was when-এমন একদিন ছিল বৰ্ণন।

Time well spent –সময় ভালরপে মতিবাহিত-কু: Time profitably and successfully employed. Time-honoured, tim-onurd, a. প্রাতন ব্লিরা

মাননীয়; বছকাল ধরিবা সম্মানিত; প্রাচীন হেতু সম্পূল্য; Venerable on account of antiquity.

Time-keeper, tim-kep'er, n. ৰচিকা; ৰড়ি; Clock or watch that keeps time :--বে কারিকর লোকের शक्ति निर्द ; One who keeps the time of workmen, Timeless, a. অবস্ত : অপের :

Timely, timic, e. मगरबाशवूक ; दशामगरब উৎপत्त ; বধাকালে ঘটিত বা আগত; Seasonable; being a good time :-- ail. वर्षामगदः । चारभः नीजः Early: soon. n=timeliness. Syn :- Opportune, carly. Timeous, timus, a. সামরিক ; वशाकालीव : In good time ; seasonable.

Timeously, ad. वशाकीरन ; In good time. Timepiece, tim-pes, n. বটকা; বড়ি; A clock. Time-sanctioned, a. वहकारनद वावशंत पाता হ্মপুমোদিক।

Timeserver, tim-server, अ. अयव-व्यवी वृक्तिः नवद-मिवक ; कानापूर्वर्शी : (बानात्वाकात्री : One who serves or obsequiously adopts his opinions to the times.

Timeserving, a. नीह ; वधन त्यम छर्चन (छत्रम बाद-शांतकाती ; Meanly acomodating ; servile ; mean. Time-table, tim-tabl, n. স্ময়ের ভালিকা; স্বরের নির্থন্ট ; Time-bill.

Time-worn, a. জরাজীর্ণ ; কালফীর্ণ ; পুরাতন ; কান बीर्न : Decayed by time ; worn in course of time; old.

**Timid,** timid, a. ভীক ; ভাতনাদে ; ভীত ; শহিত : होममाहम ; Faint-hearted ; fearful. n=timidne-s (ভীক্তা; আশহা); ad=timidly (ভারে ভারে; ভীরার No): Syn: -Fearful, timorous, cowardly, pusillanimous; shrinking, retiring, diffident. Timidity, ti-midi-ti, n. ভীরতা ; ভর ; Want of

courage ; faint heartedness. Timorous, timor-us, a. ভার ; লভাবুক ; ভবনীল ; Timid : fearful. n=timorousness (ভর্নীবভা):

ad = timorously.

Tin, tin. n. টিন ; রাক্স : টিনের কানেব্রা ; A metal :--v. t. हिन बारा बाल्हापिछ-कृ ; हिन बाजा मिछल-कृ ; Cover or overlay with tin-[ colour ; colouring. Tinctorial, a. বঙ্গকোত ; বৰ্ণপ্ৰদ ; Relating to Tincture, tingktur, n. तक्; वर्ग; Slight tinge, a tinge of colour; shade of colour:--जातक; ৰজ্ব সারাংশ নিশ্রিত হ্বাদি ; Extract of finer parts ; a spirituous solution of any substance :- v. t. রঙ্-ফু; বঞ্জিত-ফু; To tinge; to colour:—মিলিছ-F; To embrue; to mix with any other thing foreign. Syn :- (n) Tint, shade, grain; flavour, taste, smack; infusion, admixture, seasoning sprinkling, alcoholic solution.

Tinder, tinder, n. महत्व हेक्न ; आ ए महनीय वस्त ; हरूमकित ल्लाहा त्नावा वा ग्रहा : Any thing used for kindling fire from a spark.

Tinder-box, n. চক্মকির বানা।

Tine, tin, n. कंत्रित बाता ; केत्रित में छ ; नुप ; The tooth or spike of a fork or harrow. antined. Tined, tind, a. লগ্নদণ্ডক ; Furnished with spikes. Tin-foil, tinfoil, n. Beng পাতमा পাত : Tin reduced to a thin foil; tin in thin leaves.

Tinge, tinj, v. t. किथिश दक्षिष्ठ-कृः ब्रह्-एवः ब्रह्-कृः To colour slightly; stain :- 河西西- ; To mix with something :- n. वर्ग ; वह ; Colour ; stain : —वान ; Taste. Syn :—(v) Dye tincture, tint ; imbue, impress, infuse, impregnate. (n) Tincture, dye, taint. [ bued in some degree with. Be tinged with—কোন কিছুর আঁচ থাকা ; Be im-Tinglo, ting'gl, v. i. हुन हुन गम अव्छव-कृ ; वन् थन्-कृ; कत्र कत्र-कृ; जीड शास्त्रनी (वीध-कृ; To feel a thrilling sensation, as in hearing a shrill sound; to feel a sharp, thrilling pain :- n. हून हून नम ; Sharp, vibratory, thilling or pricking feeling. Make the ears tingle—কোৰ উত্তেখিত-কু; Ex-

cite one's anger.

Tink, v. i. हेन हेन वा हुन हुन अस-कृ ।

Tinker, tingker, n. की नादि ; त नि छना दिव वानम মেরামত করে: Mender of brass pans:-- v. t. মেরামত-কু; পাইন বা খাইল-দে।

Tinkle, tingki, a. i. हून हून नक-ए ; रेर रेर नच-इ ;

To clink; to make small, sharp sounds; jingle:—v. t. টুৰ টুন পৰ-ফ; ঠন ঠন পৰ-ফ; ঠং ঠং পৰু করান, To cause to make quick, sharp cound:—n. টুৰ টুৰ পৰা; কিছিনী পৰা; ঠং ঠং পৰা; A sharp clinking sound.

Tinkling, म. हेन्हेनि ।

Tin-man, n. Bleig miffen !

Tinsel, tinsel, n. উত্ব বাতুর পাত : করিবার কাপড : Kind of shining metallic plate or cloth; a stuff for ornamental dresses consisting of cloth:-जाकाव्यान रक्षः (क्यानात रक्षः क्षकि क्रिक्त क्षेत्रक अन्त Gaudy decoration, anything showy; shining trifle; something showy, but of little value; anything having a false lustre :- a, (agiria; ब्यक्शन ; अक्थर ; Gaudy , superficial .-- v. t. টিন্সেল বারা সজ্জিত-ভূ; To adorn with tinsel; to make gaudy, to make glittering. in tin. Tinsmith, n. Bicia visava, One who works Tint, tint, n. वर्ग ; वह ; जाका ; वर्शन जाका ; Colour , dye, shade of colour:--v. t. ইবং রঞ্জিত-কু; আভাৰিত-ভু; To give a slight colouring to. Syn: -(n) Tinge, hue, shade, grain.

Tintinnabulation, n. पड़ीव है; है; भन ; The tinking sound of bells.

Tiny, ti'ne, অতি ক্য , ছোট , Very small. competiner, sup=timest. Syn .—Little, puny, wee, diminutive, lilliputian.

Tip, tip, n. অগ্রভাগ; পৃন্ধান্ত-দেশ. The point of anything small.—অগ্ন; আগা, The end:—জন্ আগান্ত .—ইনানা; ইজিত, চিশ্নি :—v. f. আগা-কৃ; আগান্ত :—ইনানা; ইজিত, চিশ্নি :—v. f. আগা-কৃ; আগান্ত চিন্তু, অগ্রভাগ হন্ধা আছাদিত-কৃ; To form a point to; to put a point on; to cover the tip or end of :—v. f. Fall on or forward one side. Syn:—(n) Tap; top, cap, incline, cant; lower, drop; tilt, lean, slant.

On the tip of one's tongue— শ্বিতে উৰাত। Tip out—( মৰ এভৃতি ) চালা; গড়াৰ।

Tip over—উদ্টে কেলা।

Tip the wink ( slang )—ইছিড-কৃ ; চোৰ ইপানা ইনানা-কৃ ; To intimate to another by means of a wink.

Tip up-এক প্ৰাপ্ত ব্যৱস্থা কন্তকটা উণ্টাইয়া কেশা। Tip-cat, n. বালকদিশের ভার-শুলি বেলা।

Tippet, n. এবিজ্যান ; উত্তরীয় বস্ত্র বিশেষ ; কুলের স্তা ; A narrow covering for the neck.

Tipple, up'l, v : জন্ম পরিমাণে মন্য পান-কু; To drink strong liquors often; to drink in small quantities — v f. অভিতিক পরিমাণে পান-কু; প্র: প্রায় বাওলা; সর্বাণা একটু একটু মন্য পান-কু; To drink, as strong liquors, to excess:— n. পের মন্য । n=tippler (মন্যারী);

Tippling house, ন. বৰের বোকান; ওঁড়িবানা: Public house; a shop where intoxicating liquors are retailed to be drunk on the premises.

Tipstaff, n. লোবার কডা লাগান লাটি, A staff tipped with metal —স্বিকের পেরালা; চৌকিলার; A constable. বিলয়া দেব।

Tipator, n. বে বোডবোড় বাজিতে কোন বোড়া জিভিবে Tipsy, tip'si, a. হ্বাপানে অন্ত উন্নত ; মাভাল : আফ-নাভাল ; Intoxicated ; drunk :—উদ্টব্ ; Reeling. n=tipsiness, ad=tipsily.

Tip-tos, tip'to, n. शीरवत वृद्धानुर्दित अर्थ ; शीरानुर्दित

শ্বরতাগ ; The tip or end of the toe :---a. অসুঠেছ উপর তর দিরা কথারবান ; আলগোচ ; নিঃশক ।

On tip-toe—বিংশকে; Noiselessly:—ব্যান ইইনা; In eager expectation; eagerly:—ভিনি খেনো; Standing on the end of the toe.

On the tip-toe of expectation—On the state of being awake or alive to anything.

Tiptoe mirth--विजयिक वास्त्रात ।

To be (or stand) on tip-toe—মূৰিরে থাকা;
অভান্ধ আবহারিত হইৱা থাকা।

Tirade, ti-rad, n. নিলাবাছ; অগবাছ; নিলা; কুংসা-পূৰ্ব অভ্না; A strain of censure or invective; declamation; censure.

Tire, tir, n. [A. S. teorian, to weary ] পরিজ্জ;
Apparel:—মন্তবাৰরণ, উজীব; টোপর; Head
dress:—শিশুর জামা বিশেব; পোবাক; Attire:—
চক্রেনী; চাকার হাল; Band or hoop of a wheel:
—v. t. কান্ত-কৃ. To weary:—ভূবিত-কৃ: To dress
—v. s. শিরক্ত-বৃ: To vex:—লান্ত-হৃ: কান্ত-হৃ: ক্র্মান্তবৃ. To become weary; to be fatigued. Syn :—
(৩) Ratigue, jade, harass, bore; fag. [exhaust
Tire out—আভাভ কান্ত-কৃ: হ্রমান কৃ: Utterly
Tired, titd, a. কান্ত: লান্ত, Wearted; fatigued.
Be tired of—কোন কিছুর দক্ষণ সহিষ্কৃতা-হৃ: Have
one's patience exhausted by.

Be tired with- श्राव-इ ; Be fatigued with.

Tiresome, tir'sum, a. কাছিকৰ; কাছিজনক; কাছিজনক; বিবজিজনক; Fatiguing, tedious; fitted or tending to tire. n=tiresomeness, ad-tiresomely. Syn:—Exhausting, laborious, arduous; wearisome, irksome.

Tire woman, n. Milliner; dresser.

Tissue, tishu, n. কিংবাণ; জরির কাজকরা রেশনী কাগড়, Cloth interwoven with gold or silver or with figured colours:—জাদ; পুরু; পেদী.—দৈহিক উপাদান; The anatomical elements of which organs are composed:—মালা, জাল:—৮, t. বুনট-কু; বুনান; চিত্রবিচিত্র-কু; To interweave; to variegate. Syn:—(n) Fabric; web, texture, structure, series, combination.

Tissue paper—অতি পাতনা কাগল , বুভির কাগল। Tit, n. অতি কৃত বত্ত ; বড়; Any very small

thing — শত্ৰ ঘোড়া :—পশ্বিবশেষ।
Tit for tat, n চিণটা মানিলে পাটকোট বৈতে হব :
ঠিক প্ৰতিকল : ইটেয় বদলে পাটকো ; কঠিন বদলে
কঠি : ভামানান বদলে তামানা : বেমন কৰ্ম ডেমনি কল :
Exact retaliation ; like for like. [giants.
Titan, titan n. দৈড়া ; দানৰ বিশেষ ; One of the
Titant, Titanic, ti-tańik, a. দানবিক ; আপ্রিক ;
Relating the Titans, giants of mythology :—
বৃহৎ ; প্রকাশ্বনার : ভাষণ : Enormous in size or
strength. [A choice little piece.
Tit-bit, Tid-bit, n. খাব্য প্রবাহ্যতার প্রাণা আরের হলমাণে , A tenth part ; the tenth of the produce
of land paid to the clergy :—জন্ম পরিবাশ :—

v. f. আহের দ্বাধাপ পর্যন্ত কর নির্বারণ-ক : To tax to a tenth :—v. s. দ্বাধাপ-কে : To pay tithes. Tither, tither, n. দ্বাধ্প-সংগ্রহকারী : বালকবৃত্তিকর সংগ্রহক : One who collects tithes.

Tithing, n. ভালন্দিশের সমরে দশ-বর পৃহত্তর পারী; ইহারা আপন বেশের শান্তিরকার কম্ম রাজার নিক্ট কবাব-

शिक्ति किंकि: Part of a township or hundred containing ten free men. Tithing man, s. cartal; The officer of a town;

a police officer; under-constable.

Titillate, tifil-lat, v. f. मुख्यकि-ता ; यहबूकि कारी ; क्कूकु-त्व ; काकूकु-त्व ; To tickie.

Titillation, tit-il-lashun, #. \*|vqpvq : 25-হড়ি; The act of titillating :-- সুৰ্কর অনুভৃতি; A pleasure sensation. a small bird. Tit-lark, titlark, n. निक्वित्व ; Singing bird ; Title, ti'tl, n. Gelf ; nuim affen eraft ; An inscription put over or at the beginning of something serving as a name :- সংজা: নাম; আবা; Name :--ৰড : অধিকার ; Right :--উপাধি ; Rank : —নাম পত্ৰ ; Title page :-- v. t. আখ্যাত-কু ; অভিযা-可要 ▼ ; To name. Syn :--(n) Appellation, designation, denomination, epithet, cognomen.

Bastard title-श्वत्का माकिश म्ब-गढ । Titled, a. Beileftfes, Beifetial; epaia, Hav-

Title-deeds, ti'tl-dede, m. दांगित प्रतिन : क्यांविकांत সম্ভীয় দ্বিদ মতাবেজ; Deeds on which a man holds his property; documents that proves just right to exclusive possession.

Title-page, titl-pai, n. नाम भव . भूडरकद नामांकिङ প্রথম পত্র: প্রস্তের নামপরিদাবক প্রা : The first page of a book containing its name or title, nominal. Titling, titling, n. Mafacra, The hedge-[ bird. pl=titmice. sparrow. Titmouse, titmows, n. 43 9 किविटनंब . A little Titter, tifer, v. s. यूप ठालिया ठाफ्र-कु; विन थिल

করিরা হাসা; To laugh with the tongue striking against the teeth --- ম. মুখ চাপিছা ছাত্ত: সংযত হাত : A restrained laugh. Tittle, titl, n. वाडि वहराख ; कुद्धाः ; विक्याख ,

অপুমাত্র ; লেশ ; একর্ডি , An iota , a small particle. Syn .- Jot, atom, grain, whit, bit.

Tittle-tattle, till-tarl, n. Avii नव: नव-नार्था: বাজে কথা ; Idle talk ; trifling talk.

Titular, titu-lar, a উপাধি সম্মীর : Belonging to titles -- मात्र भाज . नारम ; कारक नरह ; Nominal ; existing in name only, having the title without the duties of an office; in title only, and not in possession or substance.

Titular king, n. बांब बांखा . One having [ a tittle. the name of king only. Titu-lary, a. शनवीमःकान्छ : नामान्तर ; Consisting To, 100, prep. नित्क ; अधिगृत्थ . शान ; शिंख ; In the direction of :- (5; Opposed to from .- 416-প্রায়ে, In order to —ভূলনার: অনুরূপ, মত: In comparison to :-পর্যন্ত , As far as :- অনুসারে ; In accordance with :—ইন্ফিনিটর চি₹, Sign of शित्र मात्र । the infinitive mood.

A husband to her mind-मतनद मठ वामी ; Fight to the better end-বেৰ পৰ্যন্ত লড়া; Fight to the last extremety.

Hand to hand-हांडाहाडि ।

It is ten to one- qu चनका ; Most unlikely :-ৰটিবার খুব সম্ভাবনা ; What is most probable is :--'নি:সন্সেই: There is almost no doubt about it :-এক্ৰিকে দশশুণ সম্ভাবনা, অন্তৰিকে একগুণ; কিংলা এক-দিকে এক গুণ অন্তদিকে দৰ্শগুণ, There are ten

chances for and only one against it, or ten chances against and only one for it.

Take to wife--- Hilly dee-e

To a certain degree, To a certain extent -कंडक निवर्गान : किकिए निविधारन : Somewhat.

To a hair-डिक विठांत कतियां : श्वांत विठांव कतियां : With the nicest discrimination. [Considerably. To a large extent—कविक পরিবাদে . वह পরিবাদে : To all appearance—435: Apparently. To all intents and puppose—नाउरिक : अङ् डहे ; Really ; practically. [without exception. To a man — সকলেই ; প্রভ্যেকেই : Every one : all To and fro-रेडवड:. अतिक अतिक, मनूर्य अ পকাতে: Backwards and forwards. [ rately. To a nicety - क्रिक्: वर्गार्वज्ञाल : Exactly : accu-

To a turn—টক ; টিক্রপে ; Perfectly ; exactly. To blame-নিন্দার্হ; অপবাদার ; Blamable.

To boot-wise; Over and above.

To come—ভावी , ভবিবাৎ ; Future.

To degree—অত্যস্ত , অভিশয় : Exceedingly : to an extreme. unsuccesfully.

To no purpose—नेश ; अनर्थन . Unavailingly ; To one's cost-difer city: Causing much cost to one i. w. having had to make great sacrifices.

To one's disappoint or vexation—নৈরাণ বা वित्रक्षित कांत्रन-इ; Causing disappointment or vexation to one.

To one's face—মুখের দান্দে ; Directly to one. To one's hand or hands-203; Already prepared; in readiness.

To one's heart's content—नानव नारव: बानव আনন্দে: সাধ মিটাইরা: To one's entire satisfaction fully; until one is fully satisfied.

To one's honour or credit-- नर्का वा लोबत्तव কারণ-হ; Causing or bringing honour to one.

To one's injury or ruin—কাহারও পক্ষে কভিকর वा मस्तारण कांत्रण-ह ; Causing injury or ruin to one.

To one's knowledge—নিষ্কের জ্ঞানাপুদারে ; আপ-नाव कानाव्याद्य ; To the extent of one's knowledge.

To one's mind-বেছানত . আপনার ইচ্ছানত . According to one's satisfaction, ideas or wish. To one's satisfaction—আহ্লাদের বিবর-ছ: Causing satisfaction to one.

To one's surprise—আক্ৰাৰ্য বিষয়-ছ . Causing [ terror to one. one surprise To one's terrors—ভবের কারণ-ছ. Causing To perfection-जन्मूर्वक्रत्भ : बड़िंग छात्र (य डाहारक मक्तांत्रपुष्पय बनिया गंगा कवा चांडेट शांव. Perfectly; so well as to show that perfection has been atments; into parts. tened.

To pieces—টুকরা টুক্রা; খণ খণ : Into frag-কাৰ্য্যতঃ ; কোৰ কাৰণ বৰ্ণতঃ ; To some purpose-With effect : successfully.

To that effect—বেই সর্বেব : Meaning the same ; to that effect or general extent.

To the best of one's abilities—ग्यामा; সাধাৰত ; As well as one is able.

To the best of one's knowledge-4544 (4 with . So far as one knows.

To the best of one's recollection—বৃত্যু পুৰণ হা; So far as one can recollect.

To the contrary—বিণরীতে: To an opposite purpose; to an opposite fact.

To the end of time—নৰ্মণ; ব্যা; Always; so long as time shall last. [one's face. To the face—নমুখে; মুখের টগর; Directly to To the full—নম্প্রিণ; Wholly; entirely.

To the last—শেৰ পথৰ; Till the last moment; to the end of one's life.

To the letter — দাৰণ ভাবে; ঠিক; আক্ৰাব্যক্তে; এক চুলত তলাৎ নহে; কিছুমাত্ৰ উপোকা লা কৰিয়া; Strictly; exactly.

To the life—টিক যেন জীবিত এই ভাব রাখিরা; টিক;
আবিকল; So as closely to resemble the living
person. [Accurately; on time precisely.
To the minute—টিক সময়ে; টিক নিন্দিইকালে;
To the teeth—মুখ্যে স্থায় উপন; Directly
to one's face; in open opposition. [degree.
To the utmost—আভাত; অভিশ্য, In the highest
To wit—আভাহ; Namely; that is to say.

Toad, tod, n. ভেক; কটুকটে বেভ, An anphibious reptile ; frog. sycophant. Toad-ester, todet-er, n. बीठ : ठाड़ेकांब , A mean Toad-school, n. (ৰাজে ছাড়া ; A poisonous kind [ room. of mushroom. Toad-stool, n বেছেব ছাতি, ছত্ৰক, A musk-To-ady, todi, n. নীচ; চাটুকর; A mean sycophant :-- v. t. ভোৰামোৰ-কু; To fawn as a syco-[ আর্গত্য ; The practice of a toady. Tondyism, todi-izm, n. (3) बारमान ; (बानामूल, Toast, tust, v. t. वाश्यन (मेंका ; यन्नान ; भद्रम कृ , To dry and scorch at the fire :- ( काश्राब ) কল্যাণে মদ্যপান-ক ; To drink to the health of :-একতে विनिधा मन्तिम পানের সমণ नश्चानार्थ नाय-कृ:--n. (मैंक) कृति ; अनुमान गांडेकृति , Bread toasted :-- (व बाक्ति कन्नार्य बनाबान करत , यादात्र मुखानार्थ जात्मरकृत अकार महाशान इव : The name of any person or thing whose health is drunk.

Toaster, n. যে বা বাহা অল্পানে দল্প করে; One who, or that which, toasts.

Toastmaster, n. প্রকারটোড় বার্গানাখ্যক;
The aunounce and director of toasts at public dinners.
[ cotic plant, nicotiana.
Tobacco, tō-bako, n. ডামাক; ভাষকুট; A nar-Tobacconist, to-bako-nist, n. ডামাক-বিজেডা; ভাষক ব্যব্যাণী; One who deals in or manufac-

Tobacco-pipe, to-bako-pip, n. 河; 葵村; A pipe used for smoking tobacco.

tures tobacco.

Toboggan, n. বান বিশেষ; A kind of sled:— উক্ত বানবোৰে গড়াইলা আসা; To slide down on a toboggan.

Tocsin, toksin, n. বিশ্বজ্ঞাপক ঘণ্টা বা ভাহার শব্দ, অসলবহৃচক ঘণ্টা বা ভাহার ধ্বনি, An alarm-bell, or the ringing of it.

Today, too-da, n. 平町; 叫西; This day.

Toddle, v. i. শিশুর স্থায় ক্ষীণ্পণে ইটি ; To walk with short steps, as a child.

Toddy, n. ভাড়ি; ভালের গঢ়ান রস; The fermented juice of palm.

Too, to, n. भगात्र्वि , भारत्रत नायुग , Pinger of the

foot :—প্ৰশ্বেদ অৱতাৰ; The forepart of an animal's hoof. a=toed (প্ৰাস্থিনিট; having toes).
Turn up the toes—মূত-ই; Die.

Toffee, Toffy, \*\*. নিটার বিশেষ ; A sweet-meat.
Toga, টে'ga, \*\*. প্রাচীন রোমানদিগের পাত্রবয় ; পারের
ক্ষাল ; The mantle or outer garment of Roman
civilians. a=togated, toged ( অকাজ্ঞাননী-পরিছিড .
Dressed in a gown ).

Together, too-gether, ad. একাজে; নিলিয়া; এক সঙ্গে; In company; into union; in concert.

Lay heads together—প্রামণ্- কৃ; Consult with.

Together with—কোন কিছুব সহিত নিলিয়া একল :

Toil, toil, n. আল; কাল; বাহনা; Net; snare:

পরিক্ষম; কটসক্ত কাম; মেহনং: Labour; labour with fatigue:—v. i. পরিক্ষম- কৃ; কটপ্র্কাক কাম- কৃ; (মহন্ত- কৃ; To labour; to work hard. Syn:—(n)

Work, exertion, task, travail, pains, drudgery; trap. (v) Strive, drudge, moil.

Toiler, n. পরিঅমকারী; One who toils.

Toilot, Toilette, toilet, n. বেশভূবা করিবার নেজ; পরিচ্ছদ পৰিবাব নেজ; A dressing table:—পবিধান করিবার এশালী; Act of dressing:—বেশ; পরিচ্ছদ; Attire.

Make one's toilet—দক্ষিত হওয়া ; বেশস্থা-স্থা। Toilet glass—ৰে আলি বেশবিস্কাদের মেজের উপর থাকে।

Toilet service—বেশ-ঘবের বাসন। Toilet table—বেশের কস্ত নেজ।

Toilsome, toilsum, n. প্রাক্তিকর , প্রমন্ত্রক, Laborious; weariness. ad etoilsomely, n etoilsomeness. Syn:—Fatiguing, wearisome, painful, onerous.

Tokay, তে-ka, n. বল বিশেষ; A rich Hungarian Tokon, tökn, n. চিক, নিকলন; Sign, mark:—
বন্ধা, Symbol:—বন্ধাৰের চিক; সাবক কোনও বস্ত;
Memorial of friendship:—ভভাতত লক্ষা; Omen
Syn:—Symbol, badge, type, prognostic, presage; memorial, souvenir; note, indication,
manifestation.

By the same token—আরও ; তবাচ ; অপরক। More by token—একৃতপকে ; আরও।

Token money—ৰে মূজার ৰূলা দেই ধাতুর মূল্যাপেক। অনেক বেলা।

Told, told, pt. or pp. of tell.

Tolerable, toler-a-bl. a. মধ্যম ; মাধারি ; মধ্য নছে , চলনসই : Not excellent , moderately good or agreeable :—সহনীব ; Endurable ; capable of being borne or endured. ad=tolerably (মাধা-মাধিকাণ) ; n=tolerableness (মধামবণডা) । Syn :— Supportable, bearable, sufferable, endurable , passable, ordinary, middling.

Tolorance, toler-ans, n. স্কুতা ৩৭; সহ করণ: সহন; সহিন্তা; The endurance of offensive persons or opinions.

Tolerant, toler-ant, a. স্ক্ৰীয়; স্থ্যান ; স্থিত্য উপায়; প্ৰসাম্ভ ; Enduring ; indulgent ; favouring toleration.

Tolorate, toler-at, v. f. [ L. tollo, to bear ]
সক্তৃ: To bear; suffer to be; endure: — অত্যতি
দে; নিবাৰণ না-তৃ: প্ৰাৰ-দে; Allow by not hindering. Syn:—Allow, permit, admit, receive, endure, abide, brook Toleration, tol-er-ইshun, ম. জি মতের অনুদোৰৰ;
বাতৰিকত বিষয়ত চলিতে কেন্দ্ৰৰ; বিৰন্ধ বৰ্ষের প্রতি পোলাভাব; The allowance of what is not approved;
liberty given to hold and express political
or religious opinions freely; liberty to teach
religious opinions different from those of the
established church:—সহিজ্ঞা; সভাতা; প্রথম প্রথম;
Sufferance; the act of tolerating. Sym:—
Endurance, suffering; permission, allowance, license; liberality, catholicity.

Toll, tōl, n. 电车; 阳电河; A tax or duty on goods or passengers using a road, bridge, market, fair &c. :-- पड़ी स्वि , The sound of a bell when tolling: -- v. i. বতার স্থার প্র-ই; घर्केनि धनिक-इ: बाबा ; To sound, as a bell :--बाङ्ग-(प , To pay toll :-- v. f. चना वाजाब ; चनापि ক্ষিত-ভু; To cause to sound, as a bell:—ঘটা বাজাইরা আহ্বান-কু: বডি টিপিরা বিজ্ঞাপিত-কু: To strike, or signal by striking. Syn:-(n) Custom, duty, impost, tribute, rate, assessment, exaction, demand. [ death or departure. Toll the knell-191-7:414-CV: Announce the Toll-bar, tolbar, n. পথে মান্তল আলারের জন্ত বেড়া ৰা ফটৰ ; A moveable bar across a road &c. to stop passengers liable to toll.

Poll-bridgo, talbrij, n. ৰে সেডু দিয়া বাইতে হইলে তব্দ দিতে হয়; বে সেডু অভিক্ৰমন লক্ত মাতল দিতে হয়; A bridge where toll is paid for passing it.

Toll broth, n. कांबानांव : Prison :— खकवान : Custom-house.

Toll-gate, তৌৰুষ্টা, গ. ৰে কটকে মাধুল দিতে হয় , মাধুল আলায়েৰ কটক ; A gate where toil is taken. Toll-gatherer, গ. মাহুল-সংগ্ৰহক।

Tollhouse, tölhows, n. মাসুল-সংগ্রাহক; শুক্ স এখান্য; মাসুলম্ম ; The house of toll-collector.

Tomahawk, toma-hawk, n. আমেরিকাবানীর বুডার বিশেষ; কুঠার, টালী; A war-hatchet of the American indians; indian hatchet: —v. t. বুঠার বারা কাটী, কুঠার বারা বৰ্-কৃ; To cut or kill with a tomahawk.

Tomato, to-ma'to, n. বিলাতি বেছল বিশেষ; A Tomb, tööm, n. [G. tumbos, a tomb] সমাধি; বোর, ক্বর; Grave:—সমাধি-ছভ; সুর্ণ্ধ ভভ; Tomb stone; monument over a grave. Syn:—Schulchre; vault, catacomb, crypt.

Tomboy, c. উচ্ছ্ধল ফীড়াণীল বালক; A wild romping boy.

Tombstone, töömstön, n. সমাধি-শিলা; পোরের উপর প্রথব, কববের উপর নামান্তি প্রথব, Stone erected over the dead.

Tom-cat, tomkat, n. विज्ञान ; करना वा क्रां (वज्ञान ; A full grown he-cat. fem=tib-cat.

Tome, tom, n. বৃহৎ প্রস্থাও প্রস্ক; A volume of a large work; a book. [A great feel. Tomfool, tomfool, n. ভাড়; Buffoon:—হ্যাব্ধ; Tomfoolery, tomfooling, n. ভাড়ানি, হাজ্যর আচরণ; হ্যাব্ধিতা; Buffoonery; foolish trifling; ridiculous behaviour.

Tomorrow, too-mor'ত, n. কলা; আগামী কাল; . The next day; the day after the present: u.lv. কাৰ্কে; On the morrow.

The day after to-morrow-934: !

Tomtit, toritit, st. The tit-mouse.
Ton, st. oit 24 sist up and :--- aistisfier site

aons मः वाद २१ जालाम मृत्र कमन :---काइसकात्मद्र मारस इ॰ परमुक्ते मान :---विक बाजा ; बद्दण ; मृद्य :---लीजियाण विरुप्त ; 20 Cwt. or 2240 lbs.

Tone, ton, m. অৱ ; আফ ; Voice ; the character of a sound :—হয় ; Modification of voice :—রীজি ; Character ; style :—মান্সিক অবস্থা ; মনের আব ; Mood ; state of mind :—সরীরের সাস্থা ; মেনের আব ; মেনের আব ; মেনের আব ; মেনের মান্যার ; মেনের মান্যার ; মিনালায় of the body :—চিলের বর্ণনামান্ত ; Harmony of the colours of a painting :
—উচ্চারণ ; Accent :—w. t. উচ্চারণ-ফ ; মনুদ্ধ-ফ ;
To utter with an affected tone ; to intone. a—toned. Syn :—(n) Note ; accent, intonention, modulation, emphasis ; strength, force, tension, elasticity ; frame, temper ; style, manner ; tenor, drift.

Give a tone to—ভালর গিকে হার ছেরাল; কোনও বিশেষ ভারাক্রান্ত বা অবয়াগর-কু; Raise to a healthy condition:—কোন বিশেষ ধরণে গাঁড় করাল; Impart its peculiar character to a thing.

Tone down--হান-হ; লোর কমিয়া আনা; নবম করিয়া আনা; স্বর নামাইরা-দে; Weaken; diminish the force of; soften; moderate; relax:--বর্ণের চাক্চিক্য ক্যান।

Tone up—হার চড়াইরা-দে ; বসবান-রু ; শাই-রু । Toned, a. স্বর্জ ; বরবিশিষ্ট ; Having a tone. Toned paper, n. বে কাগজের রঙ্ কিছু মনিন করা হয় ।

Toned paper, n. বে কাগরের রঙ্ কেছু মানৰ করা হয়।
Tongs, n. pl. চিন্টা, সাঁডানী; বেডী; A domestic
instrument to lay hold of things.

Tongue, tung, n. জিলা; বুননা; জিল; The muscular organ of speech, swallowing or tasting:
—বাক্ৰড়; Power of speech:—বাক; ভাবা;
Speech; language:—বাদাৰ্বাদ; Discourse:—
অন্তরীপ; A point of land. Syn:—Idiom, dialect;
talk, discourse.

Give tongue—বলা; চীংকার-কৃ; মুখ খোলা; Utter.

Have a tongue in one's head—বজা-ই; Be eloquent. [উন্যত-ই, বিবেৰ আগান রাখা।

Have on the tip of the tongue—বলিতে

Hold the tongue—বখা কহিব না; চুপ করিয়া
খাক, Be silent. [—মৌনী-ই; Be tacitum.

Keep one's tongue between one's teeth

Mother tongue—মাড্ভাষা; Native language.

Oily tongue—Flattering tongue.

Ones tongue cleaves to the roof of one's mouth—কাহারত কথা আট্কাইরা বাওরা; কথা জড়িয়ে আ্বা; One is unable to speak.

Blip of the tongue—কৰা কহিছে জুল; Mistake in speaking [করিল; বিজ্ঞপূর্কক : With the tongue in the cheek—উপহান Tongued, a. জিহাবিশিষ্ট; Having a tongue.

Tongue-doughty, a. কথার সাহসী; Valiant in words. [less; mute; having no tengue. Tongue-less, a. নিৰ্কাৰ, মুক; কিবাৰুড়; Speech-Tongue-tie, n. কোনৰ শিকাৰ কিবাৰ কথেছিকৰে কে চৰ্ম্যকনী দেখা বাব।

Trongue-tied, a. খাণ্যকাৰে মৰে কথা বলিতে আগাৰগ : মুখৰৰ খাকা : Unable to speak freely :— বছৰিল : অধাক : উচ্চাৰণশক্তিটাৰ , Having an impediment as if the tongue were tied.

Be tongue-tied with - क्या ना नता, Be rendered speechless by. Tonio, tonik, a. বলবৰ্ণক ; বলকানক ; প্ৰকাৰক : Giving strength :—বলস্থানি ; Relating to sounds :—n. বলকানক উৰব ; পৃষ্টকানক উৰব ; Medicine which gives tone and vigour.

Tonicity, ন. মাংসপেশীর সাভাবিক সচীন ভাব।
To-night, too-nit. ন. এই রাত্রি; অনা রলনী; আৰ রাত্রি বা রাত্রে; This night:—ad. আৰু রাত্রে; On the night.

Tonnage, tuńন, n. আহাদে বডটা বোৱাই কাজত পাৰা বাব; আহাদেৰ বোৱাই; The weight of goods carried in a ship; the cubical content of a ship:—আহাদেৰ নিৰ্মায়িত গুড; A duty on ships, estimated per ton.

Tonsil, ন. গললেক গ্রন্থিবিশেষ ; গলার বৃত্তপুড়ি ; গলার বিটি ; One of the two glands at the root of the tongue so named from its shape ; one of two glands in the throat. [ ble of being clipped. Tonsile, tońsil, a. বাহা ছাটা বাইতে পাৰে ; Capa-Tonsilitis, ন. গলগ্রন্থির প্রদাহ ; গলার বীটি আঞ্চান ; Inflammation of the tonsils.

Tonsure, tonshoor, n. নত্তৰ-মূভন; চূড়া-করণ সংকার বিশেষ; The act of clipping the hair; shaving the crown of the head. ক্লোচনালেও (মৃতিত্ত, নেড়া)। Tontine, n. এক প্রকার জীবন-বিনা; A kind of life-annuity increasing as the subscribers die.— Way of raising money or holding property in which the income is divided among the members yearly, and the property goes to the last survivor.

Too, töö, ad. আরও; অত্যধিক; বতদুর উচিড ভরণেক। অধিক; এত যে গারে না; Over; more than enough; likewise; over much:—conj. আরও।

Have too many irons in the fire—চেয় কাজ থাকা; Have too many occupations.

To be too many—জন্ত বলবান-হ. To be too powerful, to be superior.

Too late—অভান্ত দেরী; অভিশন্ন বিলম্ন।

Too many by half—বিষণ, Twice the number. Too much of a good thing—ভাল ক্ৰমা অধিক থাকা, More of a good thing than is for the present agreeable.

Took, pt. of take.

Tool, tool, n. বয় : সাধন : Instrument for working with ; instrument used by workmen :—
আন্তেৰ অধীন ব্যক্তি ; আপ্ৰাধীন ব্যক্তি ; A person whom another uses as an instrument.

Be a tool in the hands of—সম্পূৰ্ণ পৰাধীনত;
আপরের উদ্দেশ্ত নাগনের বন্ধবন্ধণ-ত; কাহারও হাতে বন্ধ্রনাত, কাহারও হাতে পেলানার বন্ধণ-ত; Be completely under the influence of; a person used as an instrument to serve the purposes of another; one completely under the sway or influence of.

Toot, v. i. श्रनिष्ठ-र :-- v. t. वालान।

'Tooth, tooth, n. দাঁড; মন্ত; One of the small bones in the jaws for chewing and biting:
—কটি; আবাদন; Taste:—ডালু; Palate:—কটি!; Prong:—করাডের দাঁড; One of the projections on a saw or wheel:—মন্তাদাৰ বস্তু: Anything tooth like:—v. t. নপ্রনিত্তি-কৃ; To furnish with teeth:—বাজ কটি!; দাঁত কটি!; To cut into teeth. pl=teeth.

A sweet tooth— দিই ক্লো পুদা।
Tooth and nail—বৰাসাবা; বিজেন সমত বল ক্রোব করিয়া: উঠে পড়ে তালিয়া; আচড়কান্ত করিয়া; বাজ-সমত হইলা; With one's utmost power; by all possible means of attack or defence; in right earnest.

[ Pain in the teeth.

Toothache, তেনেরিং, স. বত্ত্ব; গাঁডের বেগনা; Tooth-brush, স. গাঁডনালা বুকুব; গাঁডন-কৃচি। Toothed, তেনিd, এ. গত্তবিশিষ্ট; সবত্তক; দ্বী; Having teeth.

Toothed wheel—ৰে চাৰার পরিবিতে গাঁডের মড কটা কটা থাকে। [ing no teeth. Toothless, c. দত্তবিহীন; কোরলা; অবত্তক; Hav-Tooth-pick, tööthpik, n. বাত বৃত্তিবার বহু; বড়কে; গাঁডের বোঁচা; An instrument for picking out anything in the teeth.

Tooth-powder, n. বন্তমজন , মিনি; মাজন। Tooth-some, tööthsum, a. সুবাদু; কৃচিবর; Palatable; grateful to the taste.

Top, top, n. কোন বন্ধন নৰ্কোজভাগ; The highest part of anything:—উপরিভাগ; চূড়া; আরা; আগা; মবক; নাগা; পুল; Summit; the upper end or surface:—সংকাজ গদ; The highest place or rank:—লাটিন: লাট্ট; জীড়াব বন্ধ; A child's toy —n. t. উপরে আছোলন-সু. To cover on the top:—সকলকে অভিজ্ঞন করিলা উঠা; তেওঁ-ছ, To surpass:—ইটা; আগা চাটিলা বেকবা; To take off the top of:—n. i. উচ্চ হুইবা উঠা; নাগা খাড়া কবিবা উঠা; প্রবাদ্ধ : To rise. Syn:—(n) Apex, culmination; surface, head, crown.

At the top of one's voice—ইচ্ছাখৰে ; ৰত উচ্ছোখৰে হইতে পাৱে ; As loudly as possible.

At the top of one's speed—অভান্ত বেণে; যত ক্ৰ'ত কাছে, At the fastest speed one's capable of; as fast as one can go. [ নীৰ্মানে অবস্থিত । At the top of the tree—অভাচ্চ গলে অভিজ 5; Fool the top of one's bent—( যতন্ব পাৰা যায়) প্ৰচাৰণা-ছ, নাগাসত ঠকান; Fool as much । possible. [ চিফি হউতে পাৰেৰ আছুল প্ৰাধ । From top to toe—মাধা হউতে পা প্ৰাধ : মাধান Top of the ladder—নৰ্মোজ গদ; Hughest runk To the top of one's best—বঙ্গুৰ বায়; প্ৰাণ্ডবে । To top of —মটকা মারা, স্মাত্ত-ছ ।

Topas, topas, n. ধ্ৰাবাৰ প্ৰায় , পোৰবাল ; পীৰ-ম্বি: A precious stone having brilliant shades of colour.

Top-dressing, top'-dresing, 2. জ্বীৰ উপরিভাবে সাম্ব নিকেপ, জ্বীৰ উপর সার-বিনিবেশ; Laying manure on the surface of land.

Tope, top, n. বংজ বিশেষ; A fish of the shark family:—উপৰন: ৰাগান; Garden —সমাধি-ভূপ; বৌদ্ধমন্দির বিশেষ; A monument erected over a Budhist relic — ত. i. আভিবিক্ত মদ্যপান-কৃ; অভিশ্য স্থাপান-কৃ; বিশেষ স্থাপান-কৃ; বিশেষ স্থাপান-কৃ; মতিল স্থাপান-কৃ; মতিল স্থাপান-কৃ, To drink hard.

Toper, toper, n. মাতাল; অভিপায়ী; A sot; A

Toper, to per, क. बाजान : आज्ञाना : क्राज्या : क्राज्य

Top-gallant, c. একোণ-উচ্চতন মান্তলাংশত ; Situated above the topmost and below the royal mast.

Topheavy, top'-hevi, a. বাধানারী; Having the top or upper part too heavy for the lower.
Topic, top'ik, ম. ভংকর বিষয় , প্রসত্ত , ইপ্রকৃত ; আক-

34 fats: Any subject of discourse or argument; a matter. Syn:—Theme, thesis, question, matter, point.

Topical, top'ik-al, s. ছানীয় ; Local :--বিষয় সম্ব-দ্বীয় ; Pertaining to a subject or subjects,

Topically, ad. 214 41 विषय वित्तव जवास ; With reference to a particular place or topic,

Topmast, top'mast, n. বিতীয় বারুল; অপর্কের বিতীয়াংশ; The second mast or that which is next above the lower mast.

Topmost, top'möst, র. সর্বোচ্চ ; উচ্চতম ; শিরছে ; Highest ; uppermost.

Topographer, to-pograf-er, n. স্থানবিষয়ণে নিপুণ বা পভিড, One skilled in topography.

Topographic, top-o-grafik, Topographical, top-o-grafik-al, a. ছানের বিষয়ণ সক্ষীয় ; কোন ছানের বৃত্তান্ত বৃত্তিত ; Pertaining to topography.

Topography, to-pograf-i, n. [Gr. topos, a place, grapho, to describe] স্থানের বিবরণ; স্থান বিশেবের বৃস্তান্ত . The art of describing places.

Topple, topl, v. t. উচ্চ হউতে নিম্নে নিকেপ-ফু; পাতিত-কু, হড়মুড় কবিবা কেলা, To throw down from the top — v. i. নিম্নে নিকিপ্ত-হ; হম্ডি বহিনা পড়া; মুব প্ৰড়ে পড়া; হোচট বেবে পড়া; To fall down; to fall forward; to tumble down.

Topsail, top'sal, n. উৰ্তন পাইল বিশেষ; Sail across the topmast.

Topsyturvy, top'si-turvi, ad. উণ্টা করিৱা; উট্টা-ভাবে; বিপ্রান্ত করিয়া, Bottom upwards, with the head downwards.

Tor. n. প্ৰায় ; উচ্চ সন্মান্ত লৈল : Rock.

Torch, torch, स. स्थान ; उद्या : A large candle or flambeau, blazing brand carried in the hand the sword.

Light the toroh of war—বৃত্তানত-কৃ: Draw Torch-bearer, n. নদাল-হত বাজি , উদা-হত লোক। Torch-light, n. নদানের আনোক।

Tore, tor, pt. of tear.

Torment, torment, n বরণা; কট, পীড়া; Extreme pain either of body or mind; torture; anguish:—v. t. বাণিড-কু; বরণা-দে: কট-দে: পীডন-কু: To distress; to turture; afflict:—দিগ-কু: বিৰক্ত-কু: Syn:—(n) Agony, rack, pang, throe, distress (v) Torture, rack, agonize; tease, worry, plague, trouble, annoy, persecute.

Tormenting, a वज्ञानांक ; कहेनाक ; Distressing ; afflicting. [menting manner.
Tormentingly, ad. वज्ञानांककारण ; In a for-

Tormentor, tor-mentor, n. বে ব্যক্তি বন্ধবা বেব; বাহা কইপ্ৰদান কৰে; One who or that which torments a torturer.

Torn, torn, p. p. of tear.

Tornado, tor-nádo, n. গ্ৰহণ খুণী বাৰু; খুৰ্ বাডাগ; প্ৰবন্ধ বাড়াগ; A violent hurricane. pl = tornadoes.
Torpedo, tor-pedo, n. [ L. forpeo, to be stiff ]
ভডিছেভিনশ্য বংক্ত; An electrical fish; crampfish:—ফাছাছ ভোগে উড়াইলা বিবাৰ বন্ধ; নদীমুখোণিতে নিক্তিত আলোভ কুটানক; A submarine machine to blow up ships:—বাজি বিশেষ।

Torpescent, tor-pesent, a. কৰণা অংশাস হইতেছে একণ; Becoming torpid or numb. n=torpescence. Torpid, tor'pid, a. বড়; বড়বং; অবণ; অবাড়; পাৰাহিত ; Numbed :—নির্কোষ ; স্থানুদ্ধি ; Slaggish. ad—torpidly. n=torpidness ( বড়তা ; আন্তর্ভা ) । Syn :—Lethargic, dull, s'upid, inactive.

Torpidity, tor-pidi-ti, Torpitude, tor-pi-tud, ল. জড় চা; খনাড়ভা; পৰ্বহীনভা; Numbness; dullness; stupidity.

Torpor, tor'por, n. পতিপজিতীনতা; নিজিছতা; জড়ডা; জড়ড়; Loss of motion or of the power of motion. Syn:—Numbness, inactivity, inertness, dulness, laziness, sluggishness.

Torque, tork ( টৰ্ক ), n. সোনার হোলো; বর্ণহার; A necklace of gold wires twisted together.

Torrefy, tor'e-fi, v. t. [L. torreo, to dry, facio. to make] আই বালা গমানু . গমানু : বালা : বন্দান : To scorch; to parch. n=torrefaction (গছন : গজন) !
Torrent, tor'ent, n. বোড : এবাছ : বালা : A strong current . a rushing stream : a running stream : Torrid, tor'id, a. [L. torridus, from torrere, to parch] উত্ত : আছাছ : গছ : Burning or parching violently hot; dried with heat. Syn:
—Parched, scorched : parching, scorching.

The Torrid zone – श्रीप्रयुक्त ।

Torsion, tor'shun, n. পাক; আকুকন; জড়ান; বোচন; Twisting; the act of turning; wretching by sudden force.

Torso, n. মন্তব-হতপদাদিশুল প্রতিমূর্ত্তি; The trunk of a statue without head or limbs.

Tortile, tor'til, a. পাৰান; ক্ৰমীকৃত; মোচড়-দেৱলা, Twisted, coiled; wreathed. [ with a shell. Tortoise, tor'tis, \*\*. কছপ ; কাছিম; A reptile Tortoise shell, tor'tis-shell, \*\*. কছপের থোনা; কুম্ব-পুঠ; The shell of a species of turtle.

Tortuose, tor'tu-ös, a. পাৰাৰ ; ৰোচডা ; আৰু-ফিড ; Twisted ; winding.

Tortuous, tor'tu-us, a. বফ; পাৰান; ব্ৰিড; কোৰজান, পোচান, Winding:—প্ৰভাৰণাণীন; অসৱন, কুটন, Deceitful. n=tortuosity (কুটনভা)। ad=tortuously. Syn:—Twisted, wreathed, circuitous, sinuous; crooked, indirect.

Torture, tor'tur, n. বছৰা; কট, পীজৰ; Extreme pain of body or mind; anguish ot body or mind; excruciating pain:—বছৰালা; Pain inflected either as a punishment or to extort a confession:—v.t. বছৰা-বে; ইছন-ফু; হন্ধাণ-ফু; To put to torture; to harass; to annoy; to vex, to keep on the stretch. Syn:—(n) Anguish, agony, torment, rack. (v) Rack, excruciate, agonize, torment, distress.

Tory, n. বিতিশীল বাজি , ইংবান্ধ মাধানৈতিক মুক্ষণীল সম্প্রদায়ের লোক; Name of an English party opposed to reform, conservative member. n= toryism ( মিডিনীল সম্প্রদায়ের কার্য্য বা মন্ত )।

Toss, tos, v. t. হৰখাৰা উৎকিপ্ত-কৃ, হঠাৎ ভোলা; ধুৰাইলা নিকেপ-কৃ; Throw up suddenly with the hand, to throw upward:—ভোলাগাড়া-কৃ; আন্দোলিড কৃ; To agitate:—v. i. নিকিপ্ত-কৃ; আন্দোলিড-চৃ; To be tossed:—ক্ষিত্ৰ-কৃ; To tumble; to fling:—n. উচ্চে নিকেপ; উৎকেপ; বছক উল্লোভন ; A throwing upward; a raising and falling upwards; a throwing up of the head. Syn:—(p) Pitch, cast, hurl; agitate, shake, rock; tumble, roll; writhe.

Toss for—गंग (क्ला । Toss off—ीत्र गंग-इ । Toss up--मैत्रारमात्र बंद पूजा देशकित-इ Tossing, #. वारणान्य : विद्यालन : Tost, a. A form of tossed :-- p, p, of toss. Tot, #. क्ष वस ; रीट्रेल । Total, 10'tal, a সমর : সম্পূর্ণ : পুরা : ভাবং : Complete; whole; full; undivided; not divided:-#. माडे : माडे : The whole ; the entire amount. Syn: -(a) Whole, entire, complete, integral. Totallity, to tali-ti, n. সমষ্ট : মোট ; সম্পূর্ণতা ; সমন্তটা : The whole sum ; the entire amount. Totally, total-le, ad. সন্প্রিপে; Fully; completely; in a total manner. Syn :- Wholly, [ a bird. entirely. Totem, n. প্ৰপক্ষাদির চিত্র: A picture, as of Totter, toter, v. t. बद बद कदिश कीला : कब्लिख-र : हैनमन-इ : हैना ; To shake as if about to fall ; to shake; to stagger; to be unsteady. n=totterer. Syn: -Rock, oscillate, tremble, stagger, reel. Tottering, a. कन्नमान ; चनानामुव ; Shaking. Toucan, n. निकवित्नव ; A genus of birds. Touch, tuch, v. t. জোবা; পর্ব-কু; To take hold of ; to come in contact with --- अनुसर- इ : त्रीरह লাগা : To perceive by the sense of feeling :---আশু-হ ; পৌছান ; To reach :--স্ক্রিড-কু ; রেখা পাত-—ज्ञवीकृत-कृ, बार्ज-कृ; भगान , नवम-कृ, To move ; to melt :- र. इ. मरनश्च-इ: मरन्ष्ट्र-इ, मधु-इ, To be in contact :-- नामान कारन तना , जेयर केट्सन-क : To speak of anything slightly :-- n. नार् . The act of touching: - কর্ণেন্ডির; কর্ণণক্তি, Sense of feeling :- সামান্ত পরিমাণ : A little :- পরীকা : Test as of gold by a stone - জুনিব বেখা; Single act of a pencil &c. on a picture: - गरनाकाव. ভাবোदाक ; An emotion or affection. Syn :--(v) Hit, strike, graze; meet, be contiguous; arrive at ; sketch, mark slightly, handle, feel, meddle with, interfere with ; affect, impress; concern. regard; relate to. Be in touch with-( नगाई (मणारमनिव गवन) महोज्ञ कि वो विनिष्ठी बोको : मः मुद्दे बोको . Be in sympathy with (from constant intercourse and association). [ माम्लुहे बहेदा श्राका । Kee > touch with (or of) - मण्ड इडेया बाका . Loss touch with, Be out of touch with —न'खनहीन-इ ; Be out of sympathy with. Touch and go -- वन (पॅनिया निकामन : हुँहे हुँहे करिया बाधन, Within the smallest possible point of happening. Touch at-त्वांन शांत अवकानत कड़ (तोकांति) লাগান; কর্মণ ভক্ত কোন ছানে অবস্থিতি-কু; ধানা; দাসা; Stop at while passing by water; come to (a place while passing); come or go to without staying. Touch of shame—সঞ্চার লেখ :

Touch off-- 幸福 電信報-事 , To sketch hastily :-

priming.

ছোটা; To discharge by applying fire to the

Touch on ( or upon )—नेवर উল্লেখ कहा ; কোন विवय होंडा ; Mention or allude to slightly.

Touch one off—कुंद केंद्रोहेब्र|-ए।

Touch one on a tender point—re fees State कतित्व काशंत्रक थार्थ वानित्व अनव दिवह फेर्झ्य-इ: বেখানে বেছনা সেইখানে ছাত দেওৱা; ঘাছা স্পূৰ্ণ করিলে কট পাছ ভাষা পাৰ্ব-ক ; Strike one in the most vulnerable part, excite some tender emotion in one by alluding to something about which one is peculiarly sensitive. [ Afflict one deeply. Touch one to the quick-art with 5-7; Touch up-नामां भतिवर्डन बाता त्यान हिन निर्द्धाव-ক: কোন কিছু বারা অলুগোটব-কু; হাত লাগাইবা কৰে ক্ৰে সংকাৰ-কু; Improve by slight stroken or corrections; to repair; improve one's beauty by something :- किছ किছ शतिवर्शन कविया किन लगांव किंव (मांबच वा उर्केड-क Alter by slight emendations or touches. Touch-hole, touchhol, n. क्यूक-वत् ; त्रधूक-वत् ; Hole through which the fire is conveyed to the powder in a gun. Touchiness, tuche-nes, n. ain; ceta; The quality of being touchy. Syn :- Peevishness, irritability, irascibility. Touching, tucking, a. हिस्तानक; बार्ककाडी; মৰ্কল্যক ; Affecting ; moving ; pathetic ; melting ; tender ·- pre. मया , मन्नार्क ; Concerning . with respect to; relating to. Touch needle-वर्ग अवर स्त्रोणा भरीका करिनाव कृती: निकार मानावि बाहाई कवियात निमित्त वर्गकृती. A small bar or needle of gold for testing gold and silver. Touch-stone, tuchston, n. ক্ট্ৰ-পাতৰ: পৰীকাৰ ইপার, Stone to test gold and silver, any te t. Touch-wood, tuchwood, n. লাক কতমাৰা কাঠ: र कांड अधिनार्व बनिहा छेठं ; Decayed wood used as tinder. Touchy, tuche, a. সাৰী; চটা; দোৰৰ, Apt to take fire. Syn:-Irascible, irritable, peevish, petulant. Tough, tuf, a. घाडतक ; कुटर्डमा : मृत् : कर्रेन : मका : च्हेन, Not easily broken; firm; stiff, strong —আটাৰ; ৰাটাবুক ; ৰদা , Sticky ; tenaciou . कहेत्रहिक् , कहेनड ; Able to endure hard-hip इब्ल । n=toughness. ad=toughly (महजारा)। Syn :- Hardy; adhesive; hard, leathery, ic fractory, stubborn; difficult, severe. Toughen, tul'n, v. f. or v. i. वहिन-कू वा-इ , पुछ-कू न। इ : To make or grow tough. Toughish, a. विवर कविन : Somewhat tough. Toughness, tufness, n. 1751; The quality of being tough; a firm adhesion of parts. Syn: -- Viscosity, clamminess, glutinousness, tenacity, adhesiveness. Tour, toor, n. [G. tornes, a circle ] পরিজ্ञমণ . खन्न : नदाष्ट्रन , A going round ; a journey in a circuit, a prolonged journey; a ramble :-- v. s. समन-क ; नगाडेन-क , To make a tour. Syn:-(n) Excursion, trip, expedition, pilgrimage. Tourist, toor'ist, n. भशाउक: अमनकाती: शति-[ mineral. ata本, One who makes a tour. Tourmaline, n. धनिल दिल्ला ; A beautiful Pournament, töbr'na-ment, n. कृतिन वृद्ध ; कीजाय : महरूप : A mock-fight with lances, arms &c.

Tourney, s. that us; single; A mack fight. Tourniquet, tourni-ket, s., A bandage to check the flow of blood from wounds.

Tout, ক. ৰোগৰে ৰোড়কোড়ের বালি অসুস্থানকারী:

—৩. ১ বালির ৰোড়ার পজিনামর্থা অসুস্থান-র:—৩. ১.
ববের বোরাড়-ড়; To seek for customers.

Touter, s. বোধাড়িলা; বালাল; আড়বাট; A tout. Tow, t5, v. t. খুণ টানিলা চালিড-কু; ঝাহাজ বা নৌকা টাবা; খুণ টাবা; To pull as a boat or ship, through the water by means of a rope:—n. পাটেল অব্দ্ধ খাগ; Coarse part of a flax:—খুণ; ইচ্ছা। Syn:— (v) Draw, haul, drag.

Take in tow—ভণ টাবিলা চালাব ; হাতে বা আক্রনে । Towage, টে'লা, ২. ৩৭ টাবার মন্ত্রি ; ওণ টাবার মূল্য ; Money for towing ; charge for towing.

Toward, to ard, Towards, to ards, prop. शिष : बहिन्दर : बहि : नारन : In the direction of ; with a tendency to :—ad. बाह्य ; काहावाहि बाह्य ; Nearly ; in a state of preparation; near.

Toward, to'ward, s. क्षा ; कश्य ; कर्या ; कर्या । Apt ; ready to do. (to learn.

Towardly, a. कर्ष वो निका कतिएक क्षाक्ष ; Ready Tow-boat, to'bot. s. (व तोका कि विदा अञ्च अञ्च लोका डीएव ; A boat that is used for towing other vessels.

Towel, tow'el, n. পাৰ-বাৰ্ডনী; ভোৱালে; পানহা; থাড়ন; A cloth for wiping the hands and face. Towelling, tow'el-ing, n. ভোৱালের খাণড়; Cloth in towels.

Tower, tow'er, n. উচ্চ আনাদ; বিৰ্কা; A lofty round or square building:—কেলা; মূৰ্ণ; A fortress; a citadel:—e. é. উচ্চ হুইৱা উঠা; পুডে উঠা; উত্তত্ত্ব; To rise into the air; to be lofty.

A tower of strength—আলা; কাৰেছ; উপ-কাৰেছ; A protection; a defender; a strong or mighty support greatly serviceable.

The tower of London—গ্ৰন নগরের পূর্মভাগছ সরকারি গৃহাদি। [towers. Towered, a. ছুর্গবিশিষ্ট ; উন্নত আমাহবিশিষ্ট ; Having Towering, tow'er-ing, a. উচ্চ ; অভ্যান্ড ; Very high ; elevated :—বাবন ; Violent. Syn :—Lofty,

Lowery, tower-i, a. 500; \$50 ; Lofty.

Towline, to'lin, n. নৌৰা টামিবাৰ ৩৭, খণ্টাৰা বড়ি; A line used in towing.

E'own, town, n. সর্ভ ; লগভ ; পুর ; A place larger than a village, not a city :— অধিবাদীসমূহ ; ভাৰ inhabitants of a town :—s. বাগ্ডিক ।

en sport town—sign :

surpassing; extreme, violent.

wn-clerk, towhklark, त. महरबब हिमानबण्ड बर्गावी: A clerk who keeps the town records. own-council, त. नागविकारन व्यक्तिविकार्गम्ब ! Public arier; one who make proclamation in a town. own-hall, towh-hawl, त. व विशेष्य नागविकाय स्वक हरेंगा बक्जारि मोबाब कांग्र निकाह करब; A hill hall transacting the business of a town. n-house, towhhows, त. नगब-गिनिका; व विशेष व वक्जारिकाद; Town hall:—नगबिका कुर; we in town, in opposition to one in the country. ns-folk, Towns-people, त. महरबब लोक; क्या; नगबपानीगबुद; The people of a town. Township, township, ল. ৰাগনিক বিভাই বা ধাৰণ; The corporation of a town; the territory or district of a town.

Towns-man, towniman, n. वर्तववानी ; नहरत्रव भाष : भौतवन ; An inhabitant or fellow-inhabitant of a town. [Common talk of a town. Town-talk, towntawk, n. सन्तव ; वाशांत्र नेत्र ; Toxicology, toks-i-kolo-ji, n. वि-निकांत्र : विद-विवास विशा ; Science which treats of poisons. a=toxicological, n=toxicologist (विवासवाविव क्षांत्र )।

Toy, toy, n. [ D. tooi, ornament ] জ্বাড় এব্য ; কীড়নড়; বেলালা ; A child's plaything :—আকি কিছ বন্ধ ; সামান্ত বিষয় ; ডুচ্ছ জিনিল ; A trifle ; a matter of no importance :—কেলী ; জানোড় ; ভাষালা ; Sport :—v. i. বিহান - ; কেলী-কু ; কোলা-কু ; আনোড়-কু ; To trifle ; to dally with. Syn :—(n) Bauble, bagatelle, gimerack, kickshaw. (v) Play, wanton, frolic, sport.

Toy-cart, n. (4 निरांत्र शिक्ष ।

Toyish, toy'ish, a. ভাড়ালির; কেলীগরারণ; ক্ষ; Playful ; trifling wanton.

Toy-shop, n. (बनाबाद (बांकाव)

Trace, tras, n. হেলাৰ বিছুৱ উপর দিয়া বাইলে বে দাৰ পাছে ডাহা; চিছ; বাব; নিবৰ্ণন; A tract left by drawing along; a mark left by anything passing; vestige:—প্ৰাছ; গাছচিছ; Foot-print:—বেডিয়েট নয়া; A sketch:—স্কান:—pl. অবস্থান ব্যৱনী; বোড; The straps by which a vehicle is drawn by horses:—p. t. গ্ৰুচিছ বাবা অনুস্থা-ভ; গ্ৰুচিছ বাবা অনুস্থা-ভ; গ্ৰুচিছ বাবা অনুস্থা-ভ; গিছু বাভাল; To follow with exactnes:—নয়া টানা; To sketch:—নয়া-ভ; অভিড-ভ; বুলান; To sketch. a—traceable. Syn:—(n) Track, trail, wake; vestige, sign, token, record, memorial; impression, delineation. (v) Follow, track, trail; delineate, draw.
Trace back—Follow by backward steps.

Trace to লগতিছ ব্যৱধান্ত স্বৰ্থ কৰত: কাহাকে বাহিৰ-কু: Find one out by following footmarks:— কোন বিবাহৰ বুল নিৰ্কেশ-কু; Ascribe to, as the source. Traceable, a. অপুনৰণ বাবা প্ৰাৰ্থনা: অনুনৰ্পেই; Capable of being traced. n=traceableness.

Tracery, trase'r-1, n. প্রথমের উপর কার্কর্ম ; প্রাক্তের অগ্রহিত স্থিত্য পাঁধনীর কাম ; Gertain ornamental stone-work.

Traches, n. पानवानी ; कर्छ ; कर्छवानी ; The wind pipe. a=trachesl. p!=traches.

Tracheotomy, n. पात्रनामी वा कार्डत (इक्न : The operation of making an opening into the trachea. Tracing, trasing, a. cathigh ant; Rough drawing:--কোন ছবির উপর পাতলা কাগল বাবিয়া ভাহার নকল করণ ; बहन ; The act of copying by marking on thin paper the lines of pattern [ paper for copying. placed beneath. Tracing paper, n. नकत क्तिवात नक कालक ; Thin Track, trak, n. [F. trace, track of horses] हिन , श्राप्त ; A mark left :-- প्रवृत्तिक ; Foot-print ; -- होचा ; भेड़ा ; A beaten path ; course :- क. इ. পদ্চিক্রারা অভ্নরণ-ভূ; পদ্যাকারম-ভূ; শিছু লগুরা; To follow by marks or footsteps ; to tow. Sym : -(n) Footstep, trail, trace; road, path, way. Make tracks—क्षेत्र भनावर-ङ ।

Off the track--- পৰোৎকাৰ।

On one's track---( ধরিবার বা আক্রমণ করিবার জন্ত ) কাহান্ত পাকাৎ ধারমান , In pursuit of one to attack or catch.

Trackless, trakles, a. প্ৰচিত্ৰিইল; প্ৰপ্ন; Without footstep or paths; marked by no footsteps. Syn:—Untrodden, unfrequented, wild, pathless. [path.

Track-road, n. ৩৭-টাৰার বাবা; A towering-Tract, trakt, n. [ L. tractus, from trakere, to draw] প্রেৰ; অকল; ভ্তার; Region; district; a piece of land: —পৃথিকা; কুলু পুত্তক, A short treatise:—ধারাবাহিক অভিড; Continued duration:—পূর্বতা; Length. Syn —Quarter; plot, patch; pamphiel, essay, treatise.

Tractable, trakfa-bl, a. নত্ত; শাসনীত; বজ, Docile; submissive; manageable:—সাধ্য; Feasible. ns=tractableness, tractability.

Tractableness, Tractability, n. वण्डा; नमनीत्रका; Docility; manageableness.

Tractarian, s. One of the writers of the Oxford tracts in favour of Pusuevism.

Tractile, teaktil, a. প্ৰসাৰণীৰ, বাহা বাডাইতে পারা বান্ধ; টানিরা বৰ্ছনীৰ; Such as may be drawn out. Traction, n. আৰ্থণ; টান. The act of drawing. Tractive, traktiv, a. আৰ্থী; লম্বাৰারা; That draws serving to pull.

Tractor, n. আক্ষ্ম সাধন; That which draws.
Trade, trād, n. [F. traite, conveyance of corn] ক্রবিক্র; বাণিলা; ব্যবসাধ, Buying and selling; commerce; traffic:—কার্যা; তেলাব্তি; মহাজনী; Occupation:—v.i. ক্রর বিক্রম-কু; বিনিম্ন বা বিক্রম-কু; বাণিলা-কু; To buy and sell:—v. t. বাণিলা-কু; To traffic with. Syn:—(n) Barter, dealing; calling, avocation, employment. (v) Barter, exchange, buy, sell, traffic. [bustness. Drive a trade—কোন ব্যবসা চালান; Carry on a Free trade—আমান বাণিলা; জানব্যাত বাণিলা; বাণিলা; বাণিলা; বাণিলা; trade without undue restrictions.

The Jack of all trades—দশক্ষাণিত ব্যক্তি; বে সকল কাম একটু একটু কানে।

The trade - ব্ৰেনাদারগণ ; A body of men engaged in the same occupation.

Two of a trade-প্ৰতিৰ্কী ; Rivals.

Trade-mark, a. ব্যবসায়িগণের ব ব চিছ; A distinguishing mark or devise warranting goods for sale as the manufacture of any firm.

Trade-pice, n. পাইকারী ব্রা

Trader, trader, n. वर्षक ; वाबनाती ; वाबनातात ; Merchant. Syn :--Trafficker, dealer.

Trades-man, traditman, n. গোকান্দাব; বাদ্ক; Shop-keeper; a mechanic. feg=trades-woman. Trades-union, tradit-unyun, n. বাদিক্পদেৱ একতা; বাদকানীদিশের মধ্যে একতা; বাদক-মিলনী, A union among men of the same trade to maintain their rights; combination of mechanics respecting wages.

Trade-wind, tradwind, n. वाषिका-वाय; A wind in and near the torrid zone, so called because of great service to trade.

Tradition, tra-dishun, n. [L. traditio, from tradere, to transmit] কিংবৰতি; জনজাতি; পৰজাতীন সভ প্ৰবাদ : বছৰাবের প্ৰবা; The oral delivery of opinion or practices to posterity. Sym:—Transfer, delivery; oral report.

Traditional, tra-dishun-al, Traditionery, tra-dishun-ari, a. প্ৰকাৰণিড; স্নোড. Delivered by tradition. ad straditionally, traditionarily. Traditionalism, n. প্ৰকাৰণিড এখাৰ প্ৰতি অসুৰাণ! Traditionalist, tra-dishun-al-ist, n. অন্তাতিবাদী; কিংবদল্লীৰ অসুৰাণী; One who adheres to tradition. Traduce, tra-dus, v. t. [L. trans, across, duco, to lead] অপ্ৰাদ-ক: ছ্ৰ্পান-ক: বিলা-ক: অণাডি-ক: To calumniate; to defame. n= traducer. Syn:—Vilify, slander, disparage, detract, depreciate, decry.

Traducement, n. द्यांबादान : निव्यायान ; क्रमा । Traducer, tra-duser, n. व्यवानक : क्रमावात्री । Defamer : calumniator, slanderer, detractor.

Traffic, traf'ik, n. ব্যবসায়; বাণিজা; Commerce; trade:—নাল বা বাত্ৰীর বাভারাত; চালান, The business done upon a railway:—v. i. ব্যবসা-কু; বাণিজা-কু. To trade meanly:—v. f. বিনিয়ন-কু; দ্ববাদি ক্ববিক্য-কু; বো বা কেনা; To exchange; to buy and sell ware. Syn:—(n) Trade, dealing, truck, intercourse. (v) Deal, bargain.
Trafficor, n. বণিক; A trader.

Tragodian, tra-ji'dı-ın, n শোক প্রধান নাটকের জভিদেতা, বিধোণাত নাটকের জভিদরকারী, An actor of tragedy, a tragic actor:—শোকাস্তক নাটক-প্রণোধান কিছু—tragodienne.

Tragody, trafe-de, n. বিষোগান্ত নাটক; শোকাৰক নাটক; শোকপ্ৰধান নাটক; Drama of elevated language and melancholy catastrophe; a species of drama in which the issue is sad:— প্ৰটনা, প্ৰকাৰক ঘটনা, শোকাৰত ব্যাপান, Any futal and mournful events. Syn:—Calamity, catastrophe, disaster, misfortune,

Tragic, trafik, Tragical, trafik-al, a. মু:ধ-জনক; বিবাদমণ; করণা প্রধান; শোকাবত; হৃদমবিদারক; লোমহন্দ, তর্মার, Sorrowful; fatal, mournful, calamitous. nætragicalness. ad=tragically (শোকাবহন্দে)।

Tragic-comedy, traji-kome-di, n. হৰ্ণ বিবাদাৰৰ নাটক , Drama of mixed tragedy and comedy. a=tragic-comical, tragic-comic. ad=tragic-comically.

Trail, v. f. ভূমির উপর দিয়া টানিয়া লকা।; (হচডিয়া লইনা-যা; To draw along the ground:— ( ঘানাদি ) মাড়াইরা পাতিত-কু:—পদচিত ধরিয়া শিকার-কু, To hunt by tracking:—v. i. লখা করিয়া টানা; To be drawn out in length:—লভাইয়া-যা বা উঠা; To run or climb, as a plant:—n. লেভুড়. লেজের ভাষা লখা ফোনও কিছু; Anything drawn out in length:—গদ্ধ; বক্ত ভাষা গাল গদ্ধ; Scent left by an animal:—বন্ধবাৰ ইড়ি প্য:—গদচিত; Track followed by the hunter. Syn:—(v) Track draw, drag.

Train, tran, v. t. টানা; To drag along:— প্রলোভিড-কু; To allure:—শিকা-দে; To educate:
—মুণাসিড-কু; বিনীড-কু; নিমন্তিড-কু; To discipline:—জন্মান; ব্দিড-কু; To cause to grow properly :-- मनूराहक शांत्राम अर: बनाक शोड़ निका-T: To prepare men or horses for athletic exercise :-- महत्क मिक्छ कतिश राम बाना ; रनीमूछ-इ ; To tame for use, as animals :- n. 476371; অবুচরবর্গ ; A retinue :--ব্যবস্থা : পদ্ধতি ; প্রক্রিয়া : Process :- বেৰী; A series succession :- ইড়স-बिश्च सङ्ग-(वश ; A line of gunpowder to fire a charge :-- ৰাগৱাৰ পশ্চান্তাগ : জাচন ; The part of a dress which trails behind the wearer :- প্ৰায় नुष्क ; The tail of a bird :-- कोनन ; कीन ; Artifice: lure:--লোচ শটকমালা: লোহবর্মছিত গাড়ী-শেশ ; A continuous line of carriages on a railroad. n=trainer. Syn:-(v) Drag, haul, trail; instruct, school deill, exercise; nucture, breed; accustom, habituate, inure. (n) Trail; suite, attendants; method, process, course.

Bring in its train—সঙ্গে আনরন-কৃ।

Fire the train—বাক্তে অগ্নি-নে; Ignite a line of gunpowder:—উত্তেজিড-কু; উদ্দীণিত-কু; Excite; inflame.

In train—কোন উদ্যেশ্ত সাধনের উপযুক্ত অবস্থায়, In a condition calculated to serve a certain purpose. In the train of—পকাৎ; পিছু পিছু, Fullowing close to; following one close behind, after.

Lay a train—প্ৰস্তুত্ৰ; হৈছাৰ কু; Prepare.

Lay the train for—কান্তৰ লাগিবে-সে. Lay a
line of gunpowder to lead fire to a charge;

prepare the way to.

Train (one) in—coin विश्व विश्व - Habituate one

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Train (one) in—কোল বিশ্ববৈ শিক চ-হ ; Ruucne Train to—বিশা ছাবা জন্তাত-কু, Habituate one to, by practice.

Train up — শিক্তিক; Educate; bring up.
Train-band, n. অবৈডনিক দৈও বিশেষ, অন্ত্ৰন্থানে শিক্তিজনসমূহ; A band of men trained to bear atms.

Train-bearer, trań-bai'et, n. বে আন্তৰ পৰিছ্-ৰেষ ভূপ্তিভাংশ ধৰিষা লইষা বাম, One who holds up a train as of the robe of a great officer of tute or of a lady of rank.

Trained, a. শিকিত ; বিনীত . Tamed. Trainer, n. শিকাদাতা , শিকক , Instructor.

Training, n. শিকা; অভাগ।

Train-oil, train-oil, n. ভিমি নংকো তৈল , Oil extracted from the fat of whiles by boiling.

Trait, trat, n বিশেষ লক্ষণ, বিশেষ গুণ; A distinguishing feature; characteristic:—পূৰ্ণ, অৱন; (জুলিক) চীন, A stroke; a taunch. Syn:—Touch, mark, line; lineament, feature, characteristic, peculiarity.

Traitor, trator, n. বিশাস্থাড়ক; বাজনোই; অকৃতজ ব্যক্তি; One guilty of treason; a deceiver. fcm=traitress. Syn:—Betrayer, deserter, renegade, apostate, rebel.

Traitorous, trator-us, a. রাজনোহী; বিধানধাতক; আকৃত্য ; Guilty of treason; perfidious; guilty of betrayed or disloyalty. ad - traitorously (বিধান্ধাতকভাপুর্কক)। Syn:—Treacherous, perfidious, faithless, false; treasonable.

Traitress, n. fem. of traitor.

Trajectory, n. धहानि वा উर्वान्छ भनार्थ निर्मिष्ट निर्मारक स्थान हरेना एर वक भएन स्वयन करत छात्रा; The Curve which a body describes in space, as a planet in its orbit, or a stone thrown upward obliquely in the air.

Tram, n. ठाति ठाकांत नकडे वित्नव : Waggon. Tam-car, n. लोश्वर्त्त ठालिङ माडी वित्नव ।

Trammel, tramel, n. নংজানি ধরিবার জাল; A net u.ed in fowling an fishing:—বাংক পতি শিবাইবার জন্ত পুথল; Shackles for making a horse amble:—Anything that confines:—(অপিয় ) উপয় পারাধি বুধাইবাব কোংকাক্লি; আটো:—v.t. আটক-কু; আবক্দ ; বংক-কু; To confine, to shackle. Syn:—(n) Shackle, fetter, clog, impediment, bond, chain.
(v) Fetter, hamper, clog, restrain, hinder.

Tramontane, a. विदश्तिक ; Foreign :-- अनुका ; Barbarous.

Tramp, tramp', v. t. পদপীভিড-কৃ; মাড়ান; পদ-ব্ৰন্ধে চলা; To tread under foot:—v. i. ইচি ; পদব্ৰন্ধে অমণ-কৃ; To tread with force and rapidity:—n. পদব্ৰন্ধে অমণ ; A foot journey:—ব্ৰমণ-কারী; টো টো করিয়া যে অমণ করে; A vagiant; a stroiler.

Trample, v. t. মৰ্দন-তু; পদতলে দলিত-তু, পদ-দলিত-তু; To tread under foot .— মুণা-তু; অবজা-কু; অবমাননা-কু; To treat with pride; to insult: —v. i. অবজাপুৰ্বাৰু গমন-তু; সজোবে পা কেলিয়া চলা; To tread in contempt.

Trample on-- श निया सना; खराना धार्मन-इ: freat with contempt. [ regard. Trample under foot—পদত্তৰে খনন-কু; Dis-Tram-road, Tram-way, n. लोहरक वित्वव ; भक्छेक्टि अनारात्म अभनत्यात्रा वर्ष वित्नव ; A road or way for trams or waggons to run away casily , a road or way prepared for carriages or waggons to run along easily. [ Ecstasy ; catalepsy. Trance, trans, n. ন্ৰোহন; মোহ, অচৈতভ; Tranquil, trankwil, a. শাভ ; হছির ; এশাভ ; Peaceful, quiet; calm. n=tranquility. Syn: -Undisturbed, still, screne, unruffled, placid. Tranquillise, trankwil-iz, v. t. 中间子子; শান্ত-কু; দ্বি-কু, To make tranquil; to, make calm. Syn .-Quiet, still, compose, soothe, appease, cal n, pacify.

Tranquillity, tran-kwife-te, Tranquilness, n. নিকপদ্ৰৰ , শান্তি , হৈব্য , হিবতা ; Calm or peaceful state; quietness. Syn :- Quiet, calm, stillness, peace, calmness, serenity, placidity. Transact, trans-akt, v. t. [ L. trans, across, and agere, to lead | निर्काष्ट-क ; मन्नापन-क ; To carry on; to manage; to do; to perform :-v. i. পরিচালন-ডু , চালান ; To manage ; to conduct. Transaction, trans-akshun, n. निकार, मन्नापन: काश मिकीह. Management of an affair :-कार्श; ब्राभात . Affair. Syn :- Performance, management, negotiation, accomplishment; action, process; proceeding, procedure, act, occurrence, event. जिल्लांपिक कार्काव अकालिक विवयन । Transactions of a society—কোন সভাকৰ্তক Trans-Alpino, trans-alp'in, a. जानन अनिरंदर অপর পার্বস্থ; Beyond the Alps from Rome.

Transatlantic, a. আট্নালিক প্রপায়ত: Beyond the Atlantic Ocean.

Transcend, tran-send, v. t. [ L. trans, beyond, and scanders, to climb ] Willy; (4); হ; অভিনয় ভরিগ উঠা; To aurmount; to rise above; to surpass; to exceed. Syn:—Excel, outgo, outstrip; transgress, overstep.

Transcendent, tran-sendent, a. অভ্যুৎকাই; সংকাৰেই; আনাজিক; Very excellent; surpassing others, super-eminent. Syn — Surpassing, consummate, unequalled, unrivalled, peerless. Transcendental, a. অভ্যুত্তন; Super-eminent: — অসাই; Vague.

Transcendentalism, n. Transcendental ph losophy. n=transcendentalist.

Transcribe, tran-skrib, v. t. প্রতিনিপি-ড়; মঞ্জডু . To copy. n=transcriber ( ন্রুনবীস )।

Transcript, transkript, n. ন্তল, প্রতিলিণি; A written copy. [ লিণি; A copy. Transcription, tran-skrip'shun, n ন্তল; প্রতি-Transcript, n. নির্দান অভ্যন্তরম্ব আনে বিশেষ, One of the wings of a church.

Transfer, trans-fer', w. t. [L. trans, across, and ferre, to bear] ছানাখন-কৃ: হডাছন-কৃ: To carry, to convey from one place to another; to deliver or pass from one to another, to remove, to transport:—... হড়াছন করণ, চডাছন, বানাখন; Conveyance to another:—ছবি ডোলা, The act of transferring. Syn—(v) Transport, transmit, forward; remove, translate;

alienate, consign, deliver, devolve.

A transfer-certificate—ৰে নিৰ্দৰ্শনপত্ৰ কইয়া এক
ছলের ছাত্ৰ শুষ্ট হলে ভতি হয়।

Transfer paper— শত দেওয়া কাগন বিশেব।
Transferable, trans-fer'a-bi, Transferrible, trans-fer'i-bi, a. হতাত্ত্ব কর্নীয়; ছাবাত্ত্ব বা হতাত্ত্ব (বাসা; Such as may be transferred or conveyed from one place or person to

another. #s-transferability, transferribility.

Transferee, n. বাহার নিকট কোনও কিছু হবাস্তর করা হব; The person to whom a thing is transferred. Transference, transferrens, n. হানাত্তর করব; হয়ত্তব, হানাত্তর করব; The act of transferring or conveying from one person or place to another; :—বভিবিদি; Passage from one place to another.

Transfigure, trans-fig'ili, क. t. [L. trans, across, and figurare, to form ] ক্লপাছৰ-টু; আকাৰ পৰিবৰ্ধন-টু; To change the figure or form of; to transform, to metamorphose, n=transfiguration (কণাছৰ; ইন্টেৰ কণ পৰিবৰ্ধন)। Syn:—Transmute, transform.

Transfix, trans-fiks, v. t. একোড অকোড বিছ-কৃ, ভেক-কৃ; To pierce through. n=transfixion (বেৰন, বিভাৰতা) ৷ Syn :—Transmute, transform.

Transform, trans-form, p. t. আকৃতি পরিবর্তনড়; লণাড্য-ড়; ভিরলণ-ড়; To change the shape
of:--স. আড়তি পরিবর্তন; লণাড্যীভরণ; বিভার,
Transformation; change of form or substance.
Transfuse, trans-ful, w t. এক পাত্র বইতে আড
পাত্রে চালা; পালাড্য-ড়; অভর্ত-ড়; To pour out
into another vessel; to cause to pass from one
to another vessel; to cause to pass from one
to another. w=-transfusion ( চালা; বিকেশণ )।
Transgress, trans-grei, w. t [ L. trans, across, and gradt, to pass ] আডিজ্য-ড়; আহাড-ড়;
অল-ডু; লক্ষ্য-ড়, আগ্রাণ-ড়, To pass over; to go

beyond; to violate; to overstop; to break: ক. i. মণসাধী-ই; পাপ-ফ; To sin; to offend by violating a law. Syn:—Pass, exceed, overstep, trespass; infringe, contravene, disobey.

Transgression, trans-greshun, s. পাণ; অপ-য়াব; বোব; বিধি গ্ৰমণ; অভিন্য ; কৰ ; পাৰ্য ; Violation of law or command; fault; offence; crime; sin. Syn:—Infringement, breach, offence, trespass, misdemeanour, misdeed.

Transgressor, trans-gresor, n. পানী; আজা-বজাবদারী; অপরাধী, Sinner. Syn:—Offender, malefactor.

Transient, transhe-ent, a. [ L. srens, across, and ire, to go ] অপ্যায় : অতিময়ায় : কণিক : Fleeting : not lasting. n—transientness, ed=transiently (অৱকাদের অভ )৷ Syn:—Transitory, ephemeral, brief, momentary, evanescent, temporary.

Transit, transit, a. বাবের চালাব; Conveyance; a passing over, passage of goods through a country:—স্কার; গতি; পৰ :—স্বর্গার উপর দিরা অবের গতি; বহাদির সন্তব্যেধা-কভিত্রন: The passage of heavenly body over the sun's disk.

Transit duty—চালানি মাওল। Transit instrument—ৰে বন্ধে এহানিত্ব স্বৰুদেই

दिवा विजिन हुई रह ; हुन्नतीक्न विलय ।

Transition, tran-sizhun, n. প্ৰিবৰ্তন ; অবস্থাৰৰঅবৃত্তি ; Passage from one place or state to
another; change. a=transitional ( অবস্থাৰর
অবৃত্তি স্বন্ধীয় )

Transitional, a. পরিবর্ত্তন-সম্বৃত্তি ; Containing
Transitive, transit-tiv, a. পরিবর্ত্তন-স্বৃত্তিক লাক্রিন্
Having the power of passing:—সক্রিক ; কর্মার্ক্তস্বামী; in gram. Denoting a verb which has
an object n=transitiveness, ad = transitively.

A transitive verb—নৰ্কৰ জিয়।
Transitory, transe-tores, a. কাৰ্যী; কৰিব;
অনিডা; Transient; fleeting; speedily vanquishing. n=transitorness, ad=transitorily
(ক্ৰিক্ট্ৰে): Syn:—Fleeting, flying, evanescent, short-lived, momentary; short, brief,
hasty, imperiect.

Translate, trans-lit, e. f. अनुवार-इ: उर्धवा इ: To render into another language:—श्वाहिक-इ: अवश्वितिक-इ: To transport; to remove from one place to another. n=translator (अनु-वाह्म)। Syn:—Remove, transfer; construe, interpret.

Translate into-( we sitt) water ; Render into ( another language ).

Translate to—খানাছবিত-ছ; Remove from one place to (another). [into another language. Translated, c. অনুষ্টি ; ভাষাছবিত ; Rendered Translation, trans-lashun, n. অব্যাদ : ভাষাভ্যিত ক্ষণ ; The rendering into another language; the act of turning or version :—খানাছবিত্য ক্ষণ , আনিহাইণ ; The removal to another place. Syn:—Removal, transference; rendering, construction, interpretation, version.

Transliterate, v. t. অকরাছয়িত-ডু, ভিত্ত কাতীয় বর্ণমানার প্রকাশ-ডু; Express by means of different characters. n extransliteration ( অকরায়কী কুরণ )। Translations, trans-150'sont, a. বিশ্ বাছ; বসা কাষ্টের ভার কথাকির বাছ; Admitting light, but not transparent:—শরিকার; Clear. sestranslucence, translucency. ad—translucently ( বাছকারে)।

Bransmarine, trans-ma-rīn, a. সমুদ্রপারহিত ; Across or beyond the sea.

Transmigrate, transmi-grat, v. i. একছান বা কেছ ষ্টাতে অন্ধ হানে বা কেছে বাওৱা; কেছাছত্ত গৰন-ড়; অবস্থান্ত প্ৰাত-ড; To pass into another body or state.

Transmigration, trans-mi-grashun, n. (एহা-ছৰ-বাছি; বেহাছর পাৰ ; প্ৰায়ছি; বোণি-আনৰ ; অবছাছর আছি; The passage of the soul after death into another body; change of state:— বেশাছরে ব্যাল, The passing of persons from one state to another. a—transmigratory ( স্থানাত্ত্ব বা বেহাছর আভিনীল)!

Transmissible, trans-misi-bl, a. স্থানাত্তর কর-বির ; অবস্থার করবীর ; That may be transmitted or passed from one to another. n=transmissibility.

Transmission, trans-mishun, Transmital, trans-misal, n. ধোৰণ ; ছাৰাছৰ কৰণ ; চাৰাল ; The sending from one place or person to another ; passage through.

[ মণ বা সকাৰণ ; Hereditary transmission—বংশপৰন্যায় সংকাৰণ বিষয় সংকাৰ, trans-mit, v. t. [ L. trans, across, and mitters, to send ] পাঠাৰ ; ধোৰণ-ফু; চাৰাল-ফু; To pass on ; to send or convey across to another person or place. n—transmitter. Syn:—Remit, forward, dispatch; carry, bear, transfer, convey.

Transmutation, trans-mut-ashun, ল. পরি-ধর্বন; স্বপান্তর; অবহাতর প্রাতি; Alterations; a changing into a different form.

Transmute, trans-mut, v. t. { L. trans, over, mute, to change } পরিবর্তিত-তৃ; পরিবর্তন-তৃ; পরিবর্তন-তৃ; পরিবর্তন-তৃ; মণাত্তর-তৃ; বিকৃত-তৃ; To change from one form or substance into another. a—transmutable (পরিবর্তনীয়; পরিবর্তনাহ!)

Transom, n. বানাবার বাড়বাট; The crossbar of a window.

Transom-window, n. আড়কটি হারা হিবাচে বিভক্ত জাৰালা; A window divided into two parts by a transom.

Transparency, trans-par'en-se, ন. পছড়া; নিৰ্মান , The quality of being transparent; clearness. Syn:—Limpidness, lucidity, translucency.

Transparent, trans-parent, a. कह ; किन्छ ; That may be seen through ; pellucid ; clear. x-transparentness. Syn:—Diaphanous, translucent, crystalline, bright, limpid, lucid.

Transparently, ad. पक्कार ; विश्वनार ; Clearly. Transpierce, trans-pērze, v. f. विश्व-कृ ; रक्क-कृ ; To permeate ; to penetrate.

Transpiration, ন. বালাকারে উপাব; বৰ্ বিয়া বিনেরব; The act or process of passing through the skin.

Transpire, trans-pir', v.t. [L. trans, through, and spirare, to breathe] নোমকূপ বৃইতে নিৰ্বন্ত বা বিংলাছিত-কু; To emit through the pores of the

Transplant, trans-plant, e. c. জুনিয়া অন্ত ছাবে বোপা-কু; এক ছান হইতে অন্ত ছাবে হোপা-কু; প্রজি-রোপিডকু; নাড়িয়া পোডা; To remove and plant in a new place:—ছানাছরিড-কু; Remove. « transplantation (নাড়িয়া ছাগন; রোপা); tarnsplanter (রোপাকারী; রোপাক)।

Transport, trans-port, v. t. [ L. trans, across, and porture, to carry ] शानास्तत नरेता वांस्ता : अक शान श्रेटक अकवा नरेशा-या ; ध्यत्र-कृ ; हालान-कृ : To carry from one place or country to another ; to remove :- निकानिक-क ; To banish :--আহ্লাদে মন্ত-কু: ছংৰম্বাদি বাবা অভিভত-কু: To put in ecstacy; to carry away by violence of pas-वश्न ; श्रांनास्त्र ध्यत्र ; हानान ; Conveyance : carriage from one place to another :- উল্লাস ; মোহ : Ecstacy:-- रेन्छ वा यूच-मान्जी ध्यद्गपार्व बाहाब : (व ৰাহাৰে দেনাদি স্থানান্তবিত হয়; A vessel for conveyance; the conveyance of soldiers, warlike stores. Syn: -(v) Convey, bear, waft; entrance, ravish, delight, enrapture. (n) Passion. rapture, bliss, enravishment.

Be transported to—ৰীপান্তরিত-ত; Be banished, as a criminal.

Transportable, a. ছানাস্থরে খেলা বা বছন-বোগ্য:
Such as may be carried across.

Transportation, trans-por-tashun, n. নিৰ্বা-সন; Removal; banishment:--- বীগাছৰ-প্ৰেপ্নৰ; Conveyance.

Transporting, c. অত্যন্ত আনশ্রনক ; মনোবাছন ; Transposal, n. ছান বা অসুক্ষের পরিবর্তন ; A change of place or order.

Transpose, trans-pol. v. t. বিনিমন-কু; বনল-ফু; একের ছানে অস্তাকে রাখা; ছান পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু; To interchange; to substitute one for the other of:
—এক বার হইতে অস্তাবারে লইয়া-বা;

Transposition, গ. শংশঃ বিনিষয়: স্থাৰ বা ক্ৰম শ্রিবর্জন : বিশ্রায় . A change of words for words. Transprint, v. t. To print out of place.

Trans-ship, v. ে এক বাহাৰ হইতে অপস ৰাহাৰে দেওৱা : To transfer to another slip.

Trans-shipment, n. জাহালাপ্তরে প্রদান বা নরব ; Transubstantiste, tran-sub-stan-shi-At, o. t. বভাবান্তর-কু; ভিন্ন পদাবে পরিবর্ত্তি-কু; To change to another substance.
[পরিবত-কু;

Transubstantiate, v. t. পুটেন বল ও মানে Transubstantiation, n. ( বোনীন ধর্ম এবং মধ্য ) পুটেন বজ ও মানে পন্নিবৰ্জন; The Roman Catholic doctrine that the bread and wine in the eucharist are changed into Christ's body and blood.

Transverse, trans-veri, a. [ L. trans, across, verto, versum, to turn ] cost; any; ante figs; Lying across. adatransversal (costonic); antes figs.

Trap, trap, n. कांव ; Snare :— नवानि विश्वास कव ; जान , An instrument for snaring animasi ;— শকট; নোগান বিশেষ:—কৰ্মী; কৌশল; চাডুৱী; A stratagem:—শৈলা বিশেষ; A kind of igneous rocks:—v. t. কলে ব্য়া; কাঁম ব্যায় বৃত-কৃ; কাঁলে কেলা. To catch in a trap; ensnare:—কল্ডত-কৃ; ক্বিড-কৃ, সন্মিত-কৃ; To ernament, to adorn with gay clothes. Syn:—(n) Gin, trapan; pitfall, ambush. (v) Insnare, entrap, trapan. Be caught in one's own trap (or toils)—
আগলাৰ কালে কড়িড-কৃ; Be entangled in the snare which one has set for another.

Set ( or lay ) a trap—কাঁদ পাড়া; কাহাৰে বিপদে কেলিবার নিমিত্ত কোন মতলৰ খাটান, Form a plan or plot to entangle one or to throw one into danger.

To understand trap—हजूब इउदा !

Trapan, v. t. कांति (क्ला , राज (क्ला ; To insnare :-- n. हाजूरी ; A stratagem

Trap-door, trap'-dor, n. োর বার : চোরা ছরার : ছাব বা মেবেব ছার , পাইবানাব ববলা , A door in a floor or roof opening and shutting like the catch of a trap , sided door.

Trapezisorm, a. विषय-वाह हजूर्श्वाकाव ; Having the form of a trapezc.

Trapezium, trapezium, Trapeze, tra-pēz,

m. বাারানেব দোলনা , বোল দণ্ড; A swing used in gymnastics —কজির জন্মি বিশেষ, One of the wrist bones:—বে চতুর্জের কোণ ও তুই বাতই সমাধারার, A four-sided figure, having the opposituated parallel.

Trapezoid, trap'e-zoid, n. বে চতুক্তের ছই বাধনাত্র স্বায়বাল, A plane four-sided figure having two of its opposite sides are parallel. a=trapezoidal.

Trappings, trapings, n pl. জাৰান পোৰাৰ, Gay clothes:—অনহার, ভ্ৰণ, Ornaments— অবাদির সজ্ঞা বা ভ্ৰণ, Ornament put on horses. Syn:—Decorations, accountements, equipments, paraphernalia, housings

Trash, trash, n [G. drusen, dregs ] ছাটা.
মুড়ান; To crop, to lop; to strip of leaves — n
আধান, ছিব্ভ, আৰক্ষা; ভুছ জব্য, Refuse Syn
—(n) Dross, rubbish, trumpery, stuff, nonsense [Worthless, rejected
Trashy, trashi, a. অকিফিংকর; অসাব, বাচিন,

Trashy, trashi, a. অকিঞ্ছিৎকর; অসাধ . বাতিল, Trass, n. যুক্তিকা বিশেষ, A volcanic carth

Travail, traval, গ. পৰিশ্ৰম, অত্যন্ত নেশ্ৰত, Toil; labour with pain:—প্ৰসৰ বেদলা, Labour in childbirth:—v. i. হ্যৱাণ্-ক; To harass— প্ৰসৰ বেদলা পাওয়া, To be in labour; to suffer the pangs of childbirth.

Trave, trav, n. ছাই ঘোটার লাল বীধাইবের জন্ত কাঠ-গড়া, A beam, wooden frame to confine unruly horses.

Travel, travel, v. i. পৰ্টিন-ক ; অমণ-ক ; গৰন-ক , To pass, to move ; to make journey , to journey :—v. t. পৰ্টিন-ক ; গমন-ক , অভিন্ন ক , To journey over :—n. অনণ ; প্ৰটিন , Journey —pl. অমণ বুৱাৰ , An account of a journey . yn :—(n) Wandering, migration, pilgumage , excursion, tour, expedition, trip.

Travelled gentleman—(द ভদ্রণোক সনেক দেশ পথ্যটন করিয়াছেন। Traveller, travel-er, अ. नविष्यः, नविष्यः, नविष्यः, One who travels ; a way-farer.

Travelling, v. n. स्वय ; প্ৰাটৰ ।

Travelling expenses—প্ৰ-বৃত্ত , পাৰেছ ; Travel-post—ক্ষরেগ ক্ষর-কৃ ; To travel rapidly by frequent changes of horses.

Traversable, a. অবাকাল, অভিতৰ্থীয় , Such as may be denied.

Traverse, travers, n. বাহা আছে থাকে; Anything laid or built across; something that obstructs:—মোড; A turn:—বাধা; প্রতিবন্ধক:—প্রতিপাকের কথা অথাকার; (Law) denial:—v. t. আড়ের দিকে কাটিয়া-মা, গার-হ, অতিক্রম-কু, To cross; to pass over, to travel:—কোন পার্বে হিরান:—অবীকার-কু, To deny:—v. t. গতির প্রতিবন্ধকতা-চর্য-কু, To oppose a movement, as in fencing —a. এটো, আড়ে হাপিড; অপুপ্রস্থানী; Turned or lying across:—ad. আড়াআড়ি; Across Syn —(v) Thwart, obstruct, travel over. Traverse-table, n. মঞ্ বিশেষ; A platform for shitting carriages to another rails.

Travesty, traves-te, n. [I travester, to disguise] উপ্থাসন্ত্ৰক অভিনয়, কোনও রচনার হাজ্ঞনক অনুকরণ, A parody, chicature, a burlesque representation of the serious—v. t. হাজ্ঞান্দ-কু, উপহাল্পদ-কু, To paiody, to turn into burlesque—a. উপহাসান্দ ছন্মবেশ্বারী, Disguised so as to be rediculous.

Trawl, trawl, v t জাল দিয়া মংস্ত-দৃ; To fish by dragging a net behind a vessel —n. মংস্ত ধৰিবাৰ দীঘ সূজ , A trawl net.

Trawler, trawler. n বে বাজি নাৰে মংক বরে:

—মংক্ত ধরিবার নোকা, A fishing vessel used in trawling.

[ salver.

Tray, tr, n বার্কার, থাবা, দিন্তের গেবে, A Treacherous, trecher-us, a. বিবাস্থাতক, আনিবাল, ঠড্ডা, Futhless, like a traitor:—পিজল; Shppery, not allording him footing. n=treacherousness (বাগাবাজি, ঠড্ডা): Syn—I raitorous, disloyal, treasonable, perindious, false, deceiful, insidious, plotting. [Faithlessly. Treacherously, ad. কৃত্ত্য গান্তকার, শঠাপুর্বক; Treachery, trechere, n. [t. tricherie, trickery] বিশাস্থাতকতা, অভারণা, শঠা দেনি Faithlessness, violation of allegiance of faith. Syn.—Pentidiousness, perfidy, disloyalty, treason.
Treacle, tit'kl, n. বোলা বা কোত্রা ভড়; চিটা বা মৃত্তিক, The viscid syrup which is diamed

Tread, tred, v. : চলা, পদবিকেপ-কু; To walk:

—v. t পদাপ্ৰ-কু, পদদলিত কু, মাডাইবা বা, To pass
with the foot, to set the loot — অবজ্ঞাপুৰ্কক
দলিত কু, খেতপ্ৰি, To trample in contempt.—ж.
পদবিকেপ, মৰ্দ্ৰি, চলন।

from sugar.

Tread close upon -সঙ্গে সংস্থা বাজনা, Follow closely, succeed quickly.

Troad of - অনুক বিষয়ক হ Have for its subject :
-কোন বিষয়ে কিছু লেখা বা বলা ; Speak about.

Troad on a man's corus—আহত কু, উত্তাক কা Troad (one) to—অপথের বভাব সহলে মণের ক্যা খুলিয়া বলা, State one's opinion of another's character with disagreeable frankness.—আগ- tain one with ( drink or food ).

Trend out-পদ ৰাৱা সাড়াৰ; পালে মাড়াইছা নি:লাfas-∓; Press or beat out with the feet.

Tread the stage—मरहेत कांग-कृ।

Tread up on the heels, Tread upon the foot steps of-- পিছু বাৰয়া ; সঙ্গে বাৰয়া ; অসুসর্ণ-কু ; Follow close upon.

Treadle, Treddle, a. (कानक रामद्र था-मान ; The part of a machine which is moved by the foot. Treadle machine, n. বে ৰূপ পারের ছারা চালিত

Tread-mill, n. (व करनंत्र होको करत्रपीडा भारत मोछी-ইয়া চালিত করে: A mill worked by treading or stepping, used chiefly as an instrument of prison discipline.

Treason, tre'zn, n. बांबर्साइ ; कुरुवरा ; Disloyalty; treachery, traitorousness.

High tresson—বাজ্যের প্রতিক্পতাচরণ।

Tressonable, tre'zn-a-bl, a. बाकविद्याह मण्लीय : বাৰছোগাৰুক; Pertaining to treason; consisting of or involving treason. ad=treasonably. n= treasonableness. Syn:-Treacherous, traitorous, di loyal.

Treasure, trezhur, n. [G. thesauros, a store laid up] मिक पन: वर्ष; मःगृहील अवश्: Wealth accumulated; riches:一色诗句; Abundance :- वहन्त्रा अवा : मृतावान वस : Anything much valued :-- o. t. मः अर्-कृ ; मक्त्र-कृ ; To hoard up ; to collect for future :-- अठाख भूगावीन खान-F; To value greatly. Syn :- (n) Stock, store, reserve; jewel, idol, darling. (\*) Accumulate, hoard, save, garner : value, idolize.

Tressure up -ৰছ করিবা ভূলিবা বাধা; Kecp with a care, as a treasure.

Treasure up in memory- बाब ; Keep in memory for future enjoyment or use.

Treasurer, trezhil-ér, n. क्यांगाम ; उद्वित्यांव ; One who has charge of collected funds.

Teasure-house, n. ध्यांशांत्र ।

Treasure ships—ৰৰ্ণ ও ৰৌপাৰাহী জাহাল ; Ships carrying gold and silver.

Treasure-trove, trezhur-trov, n. ce bista मामिक शाउदा राद नां ; ७७ वन ; निवि ; Money found in the earth of which the owner is not known.

Treasury, trezhur-i, n. aiscola ; uninia : uimifo থানা; A place for keeping treasure; department of a government which has charge of public finances :-- শব্দ কোৰ :-- জানপূৰ্ণ পুত্তক।

Treat, tret, v. t. बाहबन-कृ; बावहाब-कृ; Behave to; act ; use :-कान विवास बना , कान मचाक लावा ; विवा-हना-कृ ; अब्गीनन-कृ , To discourse on :— (सास-एव ; সেবা-क ; चोरांत कतान ; चन्नार्थमा-क ; To entertain with food or drink :-- চিকিৎসা-ক; To manage in the application of remedies :- v. i. (414 | 44(4 बना वा त्नथा ; त्कान विश्वत्वत्व काल्नाहना-कृ ; To handle a subject in writing or speaking :--সন্ধির প্রস্থাব-কু; সন্ধি-কু; বোগাবোগ-কু; To negotiate:--ভোজ-(v: To give an entertainment :- n. (vis: An entertainment :—बावहांत्र ; चांहत्रव । Syn :—(७) Use; entertain, feast; manage; negotiate.

Trust with (one)—( वार्गाङ मीमारमा वा अवडा

मिक अ गएक ) क्यांवांची करा ; Negotiate with one; make and receive proposals for adjusting differences with one.

Treatise, tretiz, n. এবছ ; পুত্ৰক ; এই ; A formal essay. Syn :- Paper, disquisition, dissertation. Treatment, tretment, n. जाहबन : वानहांब : Behaviour ; conduct :-- हिन्दिशा ; Medical conduct of a case ; way of applying remedies to :--বের্ড ; Entertainment : -- वर्ग ; विवृष्टि ; Description :--পরিচালন ; Management.

Treaty, trete, n. मिस : निस्य-श्व ; Agreement ; negotiation. Syn :--(n) Contract, covenant, convention concordat.

Treble, trebl. a. জিলা; তেলাৰা; Three-fold :-n. উচ্চ কর; জিল কুর; The highest of the four principal parts in the musical scale :- 317 :v.t. তিন শুণ-কু; ত্রিগুণিভ-কু; To make three times as much:-- v. i. তিৰ ধৰ-ছ; To become threefold. ad=trebly (জিন্তুণিচরূপে): Syn:—(a) Triple; acute, sharp; alto.

Troddle, n. বন্ধের বে অংশ পদ ছাবা চালিত হব : The part of a loom, which is moved by the foot.

Tree, tre, n. ৰুক; পাছ; পাৰণ; Vegetable production of woody growth and with a stem; a plant :- कार्रक : Wood.

At the top of the tree—नर्त्तीक नीरह। The tree of knowledge—আনবৃক।

To be up a tree—সহটাপর থাকা।

Troonaril, n. लाशास एका चाहिनात कार्फन चीन ; A long wooden pin used in fastening the planks of a ship to the timbers.

Trofoil, tre'foil, n. Conalamis on ; Cona Gist; A three-leaved plant.

Trollis, trelis, n. minfs : bitts (45); onivites ৰাল; A structure of cross-barred or latticework; frame of cross barred work.

Trellised, trelist, a. জাদ্বিবিশিষ্ট বা তদাকাৰে গঠিত; Having a trellis, or formed as a trellis.

Tremble, trembl, v. i. [ L. tremo, to shake ] किंग्ड-इ; कांशा : To shiver; shake as with fear. n=trembler. Syn:-Quake, quiver, shudder; totter, rock, oscillate; quaver.

Tremble in the balance—অবিভিত-ছ; অবি-শ্ভিতাবহার থাকা ; To be undecided, uncertain. Trembling, a. বেপনান; কলানান; Shaking.

ad = tremblingly.

Tremendous, tre-mendus, a. Guine; Gies; দাৰণ; Dreadful; violent. ad-tremendously (अप्रातककार): n=tremendousness (धीवनद: 明明時 ) 1 Syn: - Terrible, trightful, terrific, horrible, awful, appalling, fearful, formidable. Tromor, tremor, n. কপ্ৰ; কাপুৰি; A trembling; a quivering.

Tremulous, treniu-lus, at [ L. tremere, to tremble ] শহিত : ৰুপ্ৰান ; Affected with fears ; shaking, trembling; quivering. \*=tremulousness, ad = tremulously ( \* [ ] 598 [ ] Syn !-Shivering, trembling, vibratory.

Trench, trensh, v. t. श्वा कांडो : वांनी कांडा ; To dig a ditch; cut a ditch :-- धनन-क ; काँगे ; To dig deeply :-- अ. भत्रीथा ; थांक : बांना ; वर्षवा ; खूजी ; A ditch : a fosse. Syn :- Most ; drain, sewer. Trench on or upon—wors where wiset ;

Trenchant, trenshant, a. छोत्र ; छोक् ; Severe ; sharp :—स. वर्डनकारी ; (क्षक् । adatrenchantly (छोतकार ; कर्डनकार ) । Syn :—Cutting, unsparing, sarcastic.

Trencher, trensher, s. গরিধা-বনক; বে বাড বনন-মৃ; One who cuts trenches:—বড় বামবেব, কেটুলা; A large wooden plate:—বাড়ার; ভোজন-মুব্য; Food:—বেল; Table. [eater.

Trencher-man, n. ডক্ৰ ; A feeder ; a great Trencher-mate, trencher friend or fly— প্রায়ভোজী ; বে পরের ধাইরা বেড়ার ; A table-companion ; parasite.

Trencher-plough, trensh-plow, s. লাফল বিশেব; গভীয়বৰ্বী লাফল; A plough for turning up the land more deeply than usual:—o. f. ভদ্বিৰ ক্ৰি-কু; To plough with a trench-plough.

Trend, trend, v. i. [ Dan. trend, round ] উন্থ-ই : কো ; কুল ; To tend ; to run in a certain direction, the line being a curve :—n. উন্থতা , ধাৰণভা ; বৌক ; Tendency. Syn :—(v) Stretch, sweep, bend, incline, tend.

Council of trent—A famous council of the Roman Catholic Church, assembled by Paul III in 1546, and continued in twenty-five sessions under Julius III and Pius IV and until its close in 1563.

Trental, n. An officer for the dead in the Roman Catholic service, consisting of thirty masses for thirty days after the party's death.

Erepan, tre-pan, n. কপাল বা করোটা ছিত্র করিবার
আন্ত বিশেষ; তিরপুণ: Round saw for boring the
skull:—w. f. তিরপুণ বারা ছিত্র-কৃ, করাত বারা কেবনকু; To bore with trepan:—কানে কেলা; প্রতারপাকু; To ensuare.

Trephine, n. আধুনিক ট্রেণান; The modern trepan:—v. t. ডদারা ছিত্র-কৃ, To perforate with the trephine.

Trepidation, trep-id-ashun, n কল, কাপনি; জীভি: আস: শহা: An involuntary trembling; a state of terror or alarm. Syn:—Shaking, quivering, agitation, disturbance, flutter, perturbation, excitement, tremor.

Trespass, trespas, v. i. আন্থিকার প্রবেশ-কু; সীমা অভিক্রম-কু; ভূমিন্তে জোর করিয়া প্রবেশ-কু; To intrude, to pass over a limit; to make unlawful entrance on another's ground:—অপরাধ-কু; পাণ-কু: To sin:—ম. পাণ: পোন; ক্রেট: Transgression of law:—অপথিকার প্রবেশ; অবৈধ প্রবেশ; Unlawful entrance on another's ground. Syn:— (v) Transgress, encroach, infringe, intrude, trench; offend. (n) Offence, transgression, misdemeanour, misdeed; infringement, encroachment, invasion.

Trespass (or trench) on—আবিদার বাবেন-ড়, Encroach upon; enter unlawfully upon another's land:—বিৰক্তিকর বোৰ হয় এডবুর বাবরা; Go too far so as to exaust.

Trespasser, দেও্দুন্ত-লে, গ. অন্যক্ষির প্রবেশকারী; One who commits a trespass:—পাণী, Sinner, Syn:—Offender, transgressor.

Trespass-offering, trespas-offer-ing, ম. পাণ-কালবাৰ্থ উৎসৰ্গ ; An offering in explation of a sin. Tress, tres, ম. কেশ্ডেছ ; চুৰ্ণ কুৰল ; ক্লাণ ; A lock of hair ; a ringlet. a=tressed ( কুণিত কুৰল বিশেষ ; curled ).

Treatle, Treasel, s. airis devi et etal; The frame of a table.

Trestle-work, n. (तपुर्व !

Trot, s. ब्रिज्योद्धर धारेश (बाव कहा बहार ; इनका ; An allowance to purchasers, for waste or refuse matter.

Trews, s. pl. ইজের বা পা লাবা। [be tried. Triable, a. বিচারাধীন ; বিচার্যা; প্রীক্ষীর ; Fit to Triad, triad, s. তিনের একীভাব ; নিত্পাসা ; নিযুৰ্ভি ; The union of three.

Trial, trial, জ. পরীকা; পরধ; Examination; test:—কেট্রা; Attempt:—আদালত প্রভৃতির বিভার; Judicial examination:—কট্ট: কেপ; মুংখ; Suffering; calamity:—গ্রহাত্তব; Temptation. Sym:—Testing, experiment; experience; endeavour, effort, essay; criterion, ordeal, proof; temptation, trouble, affliction, grief; case, cause, action, suit.

Bring to trial—ceta weare affect fapialata will; Bring up an accused person before a competent tribunal for the purpose of determining whether he is guilty or not.

On trial—नतीकार्थ।

Under trial—विनंदांशीन ।

Triangle, triang-gl, #. বিভূষ; বিকোণ ক্ষেত্ৰ; A plane figure having three angles and three sides. a-triangled (বিকোণ, ডিন কোণা)।

Equilateral triangle—সম-বাহ जिल्ला। Isosceles triangle—সম-বিবাহ जिल्ला।

Scalene triangle—विवय-वाह जिल्ला

Triangular, triang'gü-lar, a. জিৰোণ্ৰিশিষ্ট : ভিন ৰোণা ; Having three angles.

Triangulate, v t. ত্রিভুলাকার কু. ত্রিভুলে বিভক্ত কু; To survey by means of a series of triangles. Trias, n. বিভীয়-বারের আচীনতম ক্ষবক।

Tribe, trib, n. কাভি, বংশ; বর্ণ; পোতা; কুল; ক্রেন্টা; A large family; race; class; a division of a people. a=tribal ( কুলল; বংশীল; সোনীল); Syn:—Clan; order, division.

Tribrach, s. প্ৰে ধনিত্ৰৰ-বিশিষ্ট পদ ; A poetic foot of three short syllables.

Tribulation, trib-U-lashum, n. [L. tribulars, to thrash] কো ; বাংকা, সন্থাণ; অনুধ, Severe affliction; distress. Syn:—Suffering, trouble, misery, woe.

Tribunal, tri-bunal, », বিচায়ালয়; আছালত; বিচায়কের আনন; Judgment-seat; the seat of a judge, justice.

Tribune, tribun, ম. বোষাবাদেশৰ বিভাৰকৰ্মা বিশেষ; A magistrate chosen by the Roman phebeians to defend their rights:—বজ্জা-মঞ্চ; The raised platform from which speeches were delivered.

Tributary, tribū-tār-e, a. করণ; Paying tribute; contributing:—অধীন; নিকৃষ্ট; Subject:— ল. করণাতা; করণ বালা, সামত; One who pays tribute:—উপন্নী; করণন্নী; Inferior branch of a river; affluent. Syn:—(a) Subject, subordinate, inferior.

Tribute, tribut, n. [ L. tribuere, tribulum, to bestow ] কৰ: বালৰ; বালৰ; প্ৰাজনা; প্ৰতিকান; Tax; a personal contribution. Syn:—Impost, duty, charge; grant, offering.

Trice, tris, n. আয়কা; মুহর্ত ; অভায়কাল ; An instant ; a very short time ; moment.

In a trice—নিষিকাৰো; অভি আলকাল নৰো; in a very short time; in less than a second.

Triconnial, tri-senyal, a. জিল বাৰিক; জিল বংসরে সকট্নশীল: Occuring once in every thirty years. [A space of three centuries. Tricontenary, a. জিলভালি; ভিন শত বংসর কাল; Trichina, n. শরীরণত ক্ষম জিলি বিশেষ; A parasitic worm. platrichinae.

Trick, trik, n. [F. tricher, to trick] কৌশল; চালাৰি; ডেকি; ভাষানা; কন্ত: An artifice; any fraud; stratagem:—বিশেষ রীতি; বিশেষ অভ্যান; A particular habit or manner:—v. t. প্রভাবণা-কৃ: কাঁকি-দে; To deceive; to cheat:—সজ্জিত-কৃ: To dress:—v. t. প্রভাবণা পূর্কক জীবন নির্কাছ-কৃ: To live by deception. Syn:—(n) Wile, traud, cheat, contrivance, deception, imposture, delusion, imposition; sleight, juggle, freak, antic, vagary; habit, practice. (v) Drip, drop, dribble.

Trick out—Dress gaily; adorn fantastically.
Tricker, n. কৌলনকারী; কাঁকিলাব; One who cheats. [Artifice; stratagem; imposition.
Trickery, triker-i, n. কৌলল; প্রবোগ; ঢালাকি;
Trickish, trikish, a. প্রবঞ্চন, প্রচারণাক্সক, পঠ;
ইই: Artful in making bargains; given to tricks.
Tricklo, triki, v. t. কোঁটা কোঁটা পড়া; বিলুপাত-ই;
বার; To flow in a small stream.

Trickster, n. 2404. One who cheats.

Tricky, trike, a. প্রবাদক; প্রভারণাত্মক; Given to tricks. practising deception. Syn:—Trickish, knavish, deceptive.

Tricolor, Tricolour, trikul-ur, n. করাসী জাতীয় জিবৰ্গ-পতাকা; The national banner of France. a= tricoloured (জিবৰ)। [cipede with three wheels. Tricyclo, n. তিন চাকার পা-গাড়ী বিশেষ; A velo-Trident, trident, n. জিপুল; টেড়া; Three pronged spear or sceptre of Noptune:—a. জিপুল; Having three teeth.

Triennial, tri-chyal, c. জৈবাৰিক; জিববছায়ী; Happening every three years; containing three years. ad=triennially (ভিন বংসর অস্তর)।

Triennial act—An act of William and Mary, providing that no parliament should act longer than three years.

Trifle, trifl, ন. কুছ বিষয়; তুচ্ছ নামজী; Any thing of light value:—আন বিষয়; A paltry thing:
—ক. i. ডাজিলা ভাবে বলা বা-কু; বা ইছো ভাই বলা বা-কু; To act or talk lightly:—v. t. নই-কু; To waste. Syn:—(n) Bauble, toy, bagatelle, gewgaw, kickshaw, rush, straw, bubble, (v) Toy, play, dally, wanton, fribble.

Trifle with—অনস্থান-ক ; To treat without respect or seriousness :—আহাত-ক ; তুক-ক ; To disregard wantonly or neglect. [who trifles.
Trider, স. চপ্ৰভাবে কাৰ্যকানী ; কুক্ৰানী ; One

Trivial. ad-trifling, a. ve; niniv; where :
Trivial. ad-triflingly. Syn:—Petty, slight,
unimportant, insignificant, worthless, inconsiderable, frivolous, silly.

Triform, a. ত্ৰ-ৰাকাৰ; Having a triple form, Trig, a. প্ৰিপূৰ্ব; Full.

Trigger, trig'er, n. वन्या हिन्दा ; इन्-कीनक ; A catch by which a gun is fired.

Trislyph, n. ইমারতি কালে মাতাড়ির জিনীতা বিশেষ : A three-grooved tablet.

Trigonometry, trig-o-nome-tri, %. ক্রিকোপ-মিডি ; গণিড শান্ত বিশেষ ; Measuring of triangles. a=trigonometrical (ক্রিকোপ-মিডি সম্বন্ধীয)।

Tribedral, a. জিনম্বাছ; Having three equal sides.

Trihedron, n. সম-ত্রিপার্থিক ক্ষেত্র; A figure having three equal sides.

Trilateral, tri-later-al, a. ত্রিভুলাকার ঘটত; তিবাহক; Having three sides; three-sided.

Trilingual, tri-ling'gwal, a. তিন তাৰা সৰ্বভীয়; তৈতাখিক; ভাৰাত্ৰয়; Consisting of three languages.

[ three letters.

Triliteral, a. আক্র ; ত্রিক্ষিক ; Consisting of Trill, tril, ৮. i. কম্পিড ; কাপা ; To quiver : —সর্বারায় পভিড হ ; কোটা কেটা পড়া :—৮. t. কম্পিড বরে উচ্চারণ-ড় ; To utter with a tremulous emotion :—n. বরের কম্পন ; কম্পন ; A quiver or tremulous vibration.

Trillion, trilyun, n. শত পৰাৰ্ছ; Million twice by Trilobate, a বিশ্বভিত; বিপ্ৰান্তিক; বি dramas. Trilogy, n. বিশ্বভ-শেষ নাটক; A series of three Triloliate, a. বিশ্বক; Three-leaved.

Trim, trim, a. পৰিপাটী; স্মাজত; গরিষ্ঠ; Nice; neat: — টিকটাক; Firm; tight: — n. পৰিছেল; মজা; বেশ্বুবা; Dress: — জনকার; Ornaments: — জবস্থা; বাবস্থা; Condition: — v. f. সাজ্জত-ক; পরিষ্ঠত-ক; To dress; to deck; to make neat: — ফটো; কাটা; ক্রি-ক; Clip: — v. i. পোলারমান-হ; To fluctuate. ad = trimly. n = trimness. Syn: — (a) Compact, snug, tidy, cleanly; spruce, smart, finical. (v) Adjust, arrange; embellish, decorate; lop; sheer, dock, curtail.

Trim a lamp-অনীপ নাজান; Make it ready for use by supplying oil and clipping the wick.

Trim off—Lop off excrescences.

Trim the sails -পাইন বিনান-তৃ; To adjust the sails in the most advantageous manner.

Trim up-इंडिं! Clip; lop:-डिक बांचा; हैक कतिवा शरांग; कृषिठ-कृ; Put in order.

Trimeter, trime-ter, n. (পদ্যে) জিমালা বা বিশন্ধ বিশিষ্ট পৰ্কি; A poetical division of verse consisting of three measures.

Trimmer, trimer, ন. বে ব্যক্তি মুইনজেয় কোন পৰু অবলম্বন করে না; One who fluctuates between parties, temporizer:—কালাপুবৰ্তী; সমন্ত্ৰদেবী ব্যক্তি; A time-server:—সঞ্জাকারী; ব্যৱসাধক।

Trimming, triming, n. नव्या ; अवावष्टिक विश्वका ; वञ्ज क्षत्रावन ; Trapping.

Trinitarianism, अ. वेचावव देवपृष्टिकणांचार : The tenets of Trinitarians.

Trinity, trihi-ti, n. lav ; qila बर्प केबरत्त्र लिए-कांत ; 'बाक्ट किन कित्तर अक' बरे बतासक सरहा ; The union of three in one God-head.

Trinity-Sunday, अ. ब्हीत डेश्मव वित्यायत्र प्रविवात ; The Sunday next after whit sunday.

Trinket, tringket, n. অগভার; ক্ষ ত্বণ: A small ornament, toy or jewel:—মানাস্ত জিনিদ; A thing of little value.

Trinomial, tri-no mi-al, n. (বীলগণিতে) জিপদ বানী; জিপদাপ্তৰ লাগী, Quantity having three names or terms:—a. জিলজোবিশিষ্ট; Consisting of three terms.

Trio, n. বিলিভ ভিনৰন; বাজিনার; A set of three:—ভিনটা একনে; A composition for three performers.

Trip, trip, v. i. अवत अमनिक्किन-कृ: श्रेष हर्ना ; To move with quick light steps :- श्रम्बनिक-ए; श्रा किया गढ़ा : इ ठड़े-शांख्या : To stumble and fall :--खय-कु; जूल-कु; म्लाब-कु; व्यक्तकार्या-इ; To err; to fail :-- ग रे. शक्चिनिल-क ; शो क्याहेश-ए ; To cause to stumble by striking the feet :—উণ্টাইয়া কেলা ; To overthrow by taking away support -बड-क : बरा , To catch '-n. मच्द्र श्रमनिक्षण ; Light short step :-- অন অমণ ; বাজা ; An excursion :--ভুল; ভ্ৰৰ, চুক, A false step; a mistake --- কুন্তির পেচ : কেলিবার কারণা . A catch by which an antagonist is thrown Syn: -(v) Skip, hop; stumble, fall; mistake, err. (n) Skip, hop; ramble, tour, jaunt, slip, stumble; failure, error, blunder. To dance.

Trip it on the last fantastic toe—নৃত্য-ক ; Tripartite, trip'ar-tit, a. অংশক্ররে বিভক্ত ; তিন ভাগে বিভক্ত ; তিবভিত , Divided into three parts -—তিন অনের নথ্যে সম্পাধিত , Made between three parties.

Tripartition, trip-ar-ti'shun, n. তিন ভাগে বিভাগ ; তিন ভাগে ভাগ ; Division into three parts. Tripo, trip, n. আতুড়ি ; আছ , ভুঁড়ি ; The entrails. Tripodal, trip'e-dal, a. ত্রিপাদ ; ত্রিপদ্বিশিষ্ট ; Having three feet.

Tripotalous, a. জিগল; Having three petals. Triphthong, » জিগল-সমাবেশ; এককালীন উচ্চাৰ্থ তিন্দী বন্ধবৰ্ণ বিশিষ্ট পদাংশ; ডিল বৰ্ধের একজ মিগল; A union of three vowels forming on sound.

Triple, trip'l, a. ভিনগুণ: চিন কের; ডেছাবা; Three-fold:—v. t. ভিনগুণ-কু; বিশুণিত-কু; To treble. ad=triply.

A triple star—তিনটা নকজেৰ একজ সমাবেশ।
Triplet, trip'let, n. জিগদী লোক; তিন পঙ্জিৰ একজ
কিলন; Three lines rhyming together:—একদা
প্ৰপ্ৰত সন্থানজন।
[ n. তৃতীয় অসুনিশি বা নকন।
Triplicate, a. তেহারা; জিঙ্গিত: Three fold:—
Triplicity, n. জৈঙগা, জিঙ্গিত অবহা।

Tripod, tripod, #. বিপন্নী; তে-পানা; টেপাই, A three legged stool. [ ব্যৱস্থা।
The tripod of life—শবিদ, বৃশ্বুস ও কংপিও এই
Tripos, tripos, #. বেশ্বিক বিশ্ববদান্ত্যের প্রীকা;
A university examination for honours at Cambridge. [ ভাষার শেব পরীকা;
Olassical tripos examination—রীক ও লাইন

Tripos paper—গণিত-পাত্তে পরীকোতীর্ণনণ্যে বাবের মুক্তিত ভালিকা।

Tripper, n. नर्डक ; बावक । [dance. Tripping, n. नर्डक वित्यव ; A light kind of Catch a man tripping—काश्राद अन वा त्यांव कवित्यक । [light quick step. Tripplingly, ad. श्रिष्ठ ; क्ष्वकार ; With a Triptote, n. त्य वित्यवा भन्न त्यांव किन काश्रदक वावक वृत्र ; A noun having three cases only.

Triptych, n. লিখিবাৰ একথকার কলক বিশেষ; A writing table in three parts.

Trireme, tri'rem (টুইবীৰ্), n. ভিন নাৰি গাড়-বিশিষ্ট আহাৰ; A vessel with three banks or rows of oars.

Trisect, tri-sekt, v. t. তিন ভাগে বিভন্ত-ভু; তিন সমান অংশে থতিত-ভু, To cut or divide into three equal parts. n=trisection ( তিন অংশে বিভাগ )। Trisyllable, tris-sila-bl, n. বে শব্দে তিনটা পদাশে বাকে তাহা; তিন পদাশেশুক্ত বাক্য; A word of three syllables. as=trisyllabical, trisyllabic ( ত্ৰিপদাশে বিশিষ্ট ) :

Trite, trit, a. প্রাতন; জীপ, নাবার , নাবারণ, নদা ব্যবহৃত; Worn out by use, common; hackneyed:—বানি; পর্যাবিত, Stale, ad=tritely ( নাবা-রণ ভাবে ); n=triteness ( নাবারণত)। Syn:— Stale, commonplace, threadbare.

Triton, tri'ton, n. সমূদ্ৰেৰ দেবতা ; উপদেবতা বিশেষ ; নেপ্চুপের শধ্বাদক ; A marine demi-god ; a seagod ; one of the trumpeters of Neptune.

Triturate, tritu-rat, v. t. প্ৰক্ৰপে চ্ৰ-ক ; ওচা-ক , বৰণ বা পেৰণ-ক . To rub or ground to a fine powder. n=trituration ( চ্ৰ'ব ); a=triturable ( প্ৰক্ৰপে চ্ৰ'বীর ) ; Syn :—Bruise, pound, beat, pulverize.

Triumph, tri'umi, n. উৎসব বিশেষ, মৃদ্ধ, Solemn procession in honour of a victorious general: show:—বিজয়; জরজয়কার; Victory:—কোনত কার্যো নফলভার রূপ্ত আনক বা হর্ষ: বিজয়োৎসব-ফু; উল্লেখ্য ভিসেব-ফু; আনক প্রকাশ-ফু; To celebrate a victory with pomp; to rejoice for success:—জরী-ফু; স্থানাড-ফু; To obtain victory:—সোভাগ্যালী-ফু; উরভিদালী-ফু, To be prosperous. Syn:—(n) Conquest, achievement; ovation, exultation. (v) Exult, rejoice, prevail, succeed, flourish. In triumph—ভক্ষা শারিষা; উল্লালে!

Triumph over— ন্যুবাভ-ফু; Obtain the victory over; insult a person upon an advantage gained:—শ্ৰেষ্ঠ-ছ; Be superior to:—ৰ্ভিক্ৰম করিবা উঠা; Surmount.

Triumphal, tri-umf'al, e. জনস্থান ; জনস্চন ; বিজনস্চন ; Pertaining to triumph, used in celebrating victory, indicating a triumph.

Triumphal arch—সন্তোৰ; Magnificent structure erected to adorn a triumph and perpetuate the memory of an event.

Triumphant, tri-umfant, a. बही; बहर्ड्; बानवादानाव ; बहाहानव्क , Victorious. ad — triumphantly ( বহা-সবাহোহে ; बहाहानन्दनाद )। Syn:—Successful; exultant, elated, boastful. Church triumphant—The Church in heaven enjoying a state of triumph.

Triumvir, tri-univir, n. sipsested sistems of three men in office; one of three men in the same office or government. platiumviri.

Triumvirate, tri-univi-rat, প্ৰ. জিলন পানৰ; ব্যক্তিক্ৰেন্ত বিনিত বাৰা পানৰ বা তৎকান; Government of three men.

Triune, a. anine; Being three in one.

Trivet, trivet, m. co-visi faces; Three-legged iron frame.

Trivial, trive-al, a. [F. from L. trivialis, common ] বাৰায়; বৰণা; তুক্ত; অধিকিংকর; Trifling; worthless; paltry. n='rivialness; triviality ( কৃষ্ডা; তুক্ত পৰাৰ্থ); ad=trivially. Syn:—
Common, ordinary, vulgar; inconsiderable, petty, small, unimportant, immaterial, insignificant.

Trivium, ন. ত্রিবিলা; (ব্যাকরণ, অলকার ও স্থায় শান্ত)। Triweekly, ৫. সপ্তানে তিনবার প্রকাশিত বা ঘটিত: —ন. সপ্তাহে তিনবার প্রকাশিত সংবাদগত।

Trocar, Trochar, r. স্চী বিশেষ।

Trochee, tro'ke, n. কৰিডা; ছল বিশেব; ছাংশক পদ বিশেব; A foot of first long and the second short syllable. as—trochaic, trochaical (উক্তপদ্বিশিষ্ট)।

Trod, Trodden, pt. and pp of tread.

Troglodyte, n. छशावामी कमें मन्दा ।

Trojan, revijan, a. আচীৰ টুন-নগর সম্ভীন; Pertaining to ancient Troy:—ন. তন্ত্ৰপৰ-ৰাদী, An inhabitant of Troy:—বৃদ্ধ সৈন্ত; আচীৰ সৈনিক; An old soldier.

Troll, trol, v. t. গড়ান; গড়াইবা-দে; বুরান; পাক-দে;
To move circularly; to make to roll round:—
পরে গরে গাওবা; To sing the parts of in succession:—কইলের ছিপ দিয়া মাছ-ব; To fish with a rod of which the line runs on a wheel:—v. i. গড়াইবা-বা; বুবিবা বেড়ান; To roll; to run about:—
ж. গান; A song:—আবর্তন; A round. n—troller.
Trolley, Trolly, n. তেবা-গাড়ী t

Trollop, trolup, n. নোলরা দ্বীনোক; পেডনী; আনং-বত-বদনা রমণী; A strolling, loitering woman; a woman loosely dressed; slattern; slut.

Trombone, n. বাদাযন্ত বিশেষ; শিক্ষা বা সাৰাই; A musical instrument of the trumpet kind.

Troop, tröop, n. জনডা; সম্প্রদার; দল; A collection of people; a company:—pl. দৈয়গণ; দেনা; কোজ; Soldiers taken collectively; an army:—
অধারোহাঁ দৈজ; A small body of cavalry:—n. i.
To gather in numbers; to march in a company or in haste. Syn:—Crowd, assemblage, multitude, company, band, gang, crew, squad.

Trooper, troop'er, n. অখারোহী সৈনিক; A private cavalry soldier.

Troop-ship, \*. দৈত্ত-প্ৰেৰণাৰ্থ জাহাজ; A transport.
Trope, trop, s. [Gr. trepe, to turn] ক্লাক; এক
শ্বান্থৰ অনহাৰ; A word used figuratively; a
figure of speech; metaphor.

Trophied, a. জনচিত্তে ভূৰিক; বিজন্তিকে শোভিড; Adorned with trophies.

Trophy, tröfi, n. ex-few; Monument of victory; a memorial of a victory; sport of war, as monument of victory.

Tropic, trop'ik, n. Trait qu; One of the two circles paralled to the equator, between which the sun's yearly path in the heavens is contained.

Tropic, trop'ik, Tropical, trop'ik-al, a. বীখ-বংল মকোছ: Pertaining to the tropics; being within the tropics. ad=tropically.

Topical, tropik-al, a. { G. tropikos, from trapein, to turn } \*\*\*; Figurative; metaphorical; not literal:—Belonging to the tropics.

Tropical, a. আল্কানিক; Figurative. ad=
tropically. [ মকব্জান্তি; Hot climates.
Tropica, n. pl. ত্রীমুগ্রান দেশ; ত্রীমুগ্রনক; কণ্ট ও
Tropology, n. বাক্যানকাবে ভাব প্রকাশ; A figurative mode of speech. a=tropological ( বাক্যানকার বারা প্রচিত বা পরিবর্তিত );

Trot, trot, v. : কৰ্ষে চলা; লালাইরা চলা; ভাডাভাডি দৌডান; To walk or move fast: to run:—v. t. ক্যমে থাকিড ক্বা বা চালান; 'To ride at a trot: n অবেব ক্ষম; বোটকের গতি; ক্রত চলন; The pace of a hors: or other quadruped between a walk and canter. n=trotter (ক্রতগামী অবাদি)।

Troth, troth, n. विश्वाम ; मछा , প্রতিক্রা ; वोक्नाम : Faith ; fidelity.' Syn :- Belief ; veracity.

Plighted troth—অধ্ৰনীৰ অভিজ্ঞা; প্ৰদন্তা ৰাক্। Troubadour, tröbba-door, n. ফ্রান্সদেশেৰ কৰি। One of a school of poets from the 11th to the 13th century chiefly in France.

Trouble, trubl, ন. কট ; কেন ; ছংব , অহব ; উপরব ; বিরক্তি ; Disturbance ; sorrow ; misfortune , vexation :—v. t. কট কু ; বাত-কৃ , বিরক্তি কৃ ; Disturb , perplex ; grieve , vex :—আলোভিড-কৃ ; To agitate. Syn :—(n) Affliction, distress, suffering, calamity, adversity, misery ; annoyance, inconvenience, embarrassment, perplexity , plague, torment. (v) Disorder, derange ; distress, afflict, harass, annoy, tease.

Take the trouble—কং খীকার-কৃ, Be at pains. Trouble one's self—বিরক-ক্, কোন কিছু লইবা ব্যস্ত-ক্; To be solicitious for; to be annoyed or perplexed or disturbed by.

Trouble oneself about—কোন বিষয় কইয়া আপনি বাস্ত হওয়া বা কট্ট পাওয়া; Make oneself uneasy about (some matter).

Trouble one's head about—কোন বিষয় কইয়া বাধা ঘাদান; Puzzle one's head by thinking over some intricate question.

Troublesome, trubl-sum, a. বিৰক্ষিকৰ ; হংশ-জনক ; কেন্স্কনক ; গীড়ালাছক ; Vexatious ; causing trouble ; importunate. Syn:—Uneasy, perplexing, harassing, annoying, disgusting, irksome, afflictive, burdensome, tiresome.

Tronblons, trublus, a. কেণ্ণু ; ইংবৃণ্ ; উৎকঠা-জনক ; Full of troubles or disorder. Syn:— Agitated, tumultuous ; afflictive, troublesome. Trough, trof, a. বারকোব ; Long tray:—জল-গাল্ল ; কাঠাবাল ; A long vessel for water :— গলোনালী বিশেব ; A long narrow channel. [বোল । The trough of the sea—ছইটা নাগনতবলের ক্যাহিত Trounce, v. i. অভাত আহার-কু; নালা-বে; To beat severely.

Troupe, (টুণ্), p. বালাৰ গল ; বাটা নালালা; A Trousers, trow'zerz, n. pl. চিলা গাজায়া , ইজের ; Man's loose garment covering each leg; pantaloons.

Trousseau, (টুনো) n. নবোঢ়াৰ লঘু বসৰ ভূষণ ; The equipment of a bride's outfit. pl-trousseaux.

Trout, trowt, n. মংস্ক বিশেষ; A fresh-water.
Trover, n. কুডাইবা পাওৱা বা অন্তর্গত প্রকাত পরক্রেক্ত ধ্বল; The gaining possession of any goods.
[believe; to think
Trow, trō, v. i. বিষাস-কু, অনুমান-কু; বোধ-কু. To
Trowel, trowel, n. কবিক; রাজনিল্লীর বন্ত, ধনিজ
বিশেষ; A tool used in spreading morter and in gardening.
[আতাত ভোষামোদ-কু।
Lay on with a trowel—কবিক বিষা চারান:—

Lay on with a trowel— क्षिक क्षित्र कार्बान :--Trowsers—See Trousers.

Troy, troy. Troy-weight, troy-wat, n. বৰ্ণদির ভৌলমান; ওজন বিশেব, The weight used by goldsmith and jewliers.

Truent, tröb'ant, n. অলস বেযাড়া ছেলে; বরাটে ভেলে, বে ছেলে বিদ্যালবে না বাইরা পনাইবা বেডাব; An idler; a boy who idly or without excuse, stays away from school—a. প্রাতক; অলস; Loitering; idle.

To play truent—বিদ্যালৰ হউতে পদাইরা বেডান।
Truce, tròos, n. কণিক বিবতি, বিরাম; অলমণের
জন্ত শান্তি; সন্ধি প্রকাব; A temporary peace or cessation of hostilities, Syn:—Armistice, short rest, intermission, cessation.

## A flag of truce—বেড প্রাকা।

Truck, truk, v t. বিনিম্ব-কু; বদল-কু; To barter; to exchange .—v. t বিনিম্বা ব্যবদা-কু; To truffic by exchange:—n বিনিম্ব , প্ৰিবৰ্ত্তন; বদ্দ , ব্যবদাৰ; কাৰবাৰ; Exchange of goods, barter — লকট, (বেলের) মালেব গাড়ি, A cart.

Truckago, trukaj, n. বিনিম্ন কায়, জ্বা বিনিম্ন . The practice of battering goods —বেলপ্তমে শকটে গুরু ভার বহনের ভায়া, Charge for conveyance on a truck.

Truckle, trukl, v. i. [Ges. truggeln, to flatter] অত্যের সম্পূর্ণ পাঞ্চত-হ, অধীন-হ; নীচভাবে কাধ্যকু, To yield meanly, to act with servility:—n.
ভোট চাকা; A small wheel, a caster. Syn —(v)
Submit, cringe, crouch, knuckle.

Truckle-bod, trukl-bed, n. চাকাৰাৰ নিচু ধাট, A low bed that runs on wheels.

Truck-system, n. এমিচনিগেব বেতন টাকাৰ দা দিবা থিনিসে নিবাৰ বীতি বা ব্যবস্থা, মন্ত্ৰনিগকে আৰ্থেন বননে এবো ভাষাদেব পাবিশ্ৰনিক দিবার রীতি; The practice of paying workmen in goods instead of money.

Truculont, tròö'kū-lent, a. নিঠুল . কুব ; নিৰ্দ্দণ, Cruel; savage; barbarous:—ভব্ডল; ভীবণ; দিনেহে; ferocious. m=truculence (অনভাতা, কুবতা); ad=truculently (অনভাতাবে; কুবতাবে)! Sym:—Fell, barbarous, ruthless, bloodhirsty. Trudge, truj, v. i. আবে আবে চলা, কটে গমন-কু, লাভ বইলা চলা; To travel with labour; to walk snowly on foot; to walk with labour.

True, trob, a. সভা; প্রকৃত ; বধার্য ; Not false ; agreeing with fact .—বিষভ ; বিষাসী ; Faithful ; trusty :—ভিক ; সভাবিষ্ঠ ; নির্মণ ; Right ; exact ;

Be true to oneself.—নিজ বিখাসাসুসারে কার্য-কঃ বভাবাসুরূপ কার্য-কঃ Be faithful to one's convictions, act conformably to :—কৃচুত্রপে কার্যক পক্ষ বা কোন নীতি অবস্থন-কু; Be faithful to.

वा कोन नाडि चवनचन-कू; Be taithful to. Out of true--हिनानिज्ञो . डिक् बोडो नरह ।

True to nature—vieifa. Natural.

True to one's words—সভাসন্ধ ; বে কৰা সেই কাজকৰণনীল। [steadlastness. True blue, a সং ; Of inflexible honesty and True-born, a স্কাড।

True-bred, a. द्रिक्ड ; सामन।

True-hearted, a. বিষাদী; দরল; অকপট; দাধু, Faithful.

True-love, n. প্রেমিক; One truly loved or True-love knot, n. Knot of so many interwoven lines that it is haid to unite it.

True-ponny, n. সং সেক ; Honest fellow.

True-souled, a. সৰৰ ; Sincere.

Truffle, n. मृडिकांव अगुख्यकांठ छत्तक वित्तव ; A roundish underground fungus used in cookery. a=truffled.

Truism, troo'izm, দ ৰভাদিদ্ধ সভা; A plain or self-c vident truth — নিঃদ-দহ বাক; An undoubted truth; a self evident. Syn:—Commonplace, platitude
[strumpet.
Trull, দ. বছা নাবা. বেছা; পুংকৰী, A drab; a
Truly, ad ষ্যাৰ্থকপে, ট্ৰুক, ঠিকচাক; যুখাব্যভাবে, বাঙ্বিক, kyactiy, justly:—বিশ্বভাবে, Faithfully, sincerely—সাধুভাবে, Honestly.

Trump, trump, n. ত্বী; A trumpet — ত্ৰপ; (তান খেলাৰ কে). A winning card; the card that wins —ভাল লোক, বেল লোক. A good fellow:
— n. ডুকল পাৰা, To play a trump card — n. t. ত্ৰন কৰিবা লগো, To play a trump card upon.
To hold trumps—(বছ খাকাম) হাত ভাল-হ; দৌভাগ্যনাৰ থাকা।

To put to one's trumps—বৰ্ণানাৰা চেষ্টা-ক ।
To reduce to the trumps—To reduce to
the last expedient or the utmost exertion of
power [ উপন্তি-ক ; To devise, to fabricate.
Trump up—ৰ্জাড-ক ; উত্তাবন-ক , গড়া; নালাইবা
Trump-card—ত্বাপ সৰ্বোৎক্ষ উদান ; The card
that wins ; winning card, the successful venture or effect; the best effort.

Hold the trump-card—কোন বিশেষ কনতা হাতে থাকা. Have some great power in one's hands. Play one's trump-card—অয়ানা বিলক্ষণ আছে এমনতন উপায় হাতে থাকা (বে তানে বাজি জেতা বান তাই বাহিন-কু); পাকা চাব চাবা: প্ৰবাত্ত হাতা; Employ measures having the best chance of success.

Trumpery, trump'er-e, প. বাবে কৰা; Boastful or empty talk:—বিধা; Falsehood:— তুক্ত পৰাৰ্থ; Trifles:— প্ৰভাৱৰা; প্ৰবক্ষৰা; Deception:— তুক্ত বিষয়; Worthless but showy master:—a, আনাই; कुड ; उन्होतिहा ; Worthless ; deceitful ; paltry. Syn :—(n) Trash, rubbish, nonsense.

Trumpet, trump'et, দ. জুরী; নিজা; বণ্ডুজ; A wind instrument of music:—প্রণাসালারক; One who praises:—v. t. বাচার-কু; To publish:—বাদারাক-কু; প্রণামান-কু; To sound the praises of:—জুরী হারা হোবান্; রণ্ডুজ বাজান; স্থানিত-কু; To proclaim by sound of trumpet.

A speaking trumpet—मूच चेक्कानिक नम डिटेक्टनन कविवान सक्त नुकदर यह दिल्ला ।

Blow one's own trumpet—নিৰের ৩৭ দিৰে গাঙ্গা, আপনার প্রশংসা আপনিই-ড়; Speak boastfully of one's own deeds.

Flourish of trumpets - wiggs; Ostentatious and noisy display of one's importance.

Trumpeter, trump'et-er, ন. ডুরীবাদক; Blower of a trumpet:—প্রশাসারী; প্রচারক: Praiser; one who denounces:—কপোত্তবং পদ্ধিবিশেব; A kind of pigeon.

[ fish.

Trumpet-fish, n. নাৰ্জিক মংস্ত বিশেষ ; A sea-Trumpet-flower, n. গুডুবা কুল।

Trumpet-shaped, a. शुप्रेश स्नाकात ।

Trumpet-tongued, trumpet-tungd, a. উচ্চ-শব্দিশিষ্ট; উচ্চেন্নৰ, ভীমনাৰী; উচ্চবৰ্চ; Having a tongue or voice loud as a trumpet.

Truncate, v. f. কর্ত্ন-কৃ. কটা: ছাটা; To cut off, to lop, to maim:—a. বে পাতাৰ ধার কটি। কটি।। n = trancation.

Truncheon, trunshun, n. আসানোটা : মুবল ; ফও ; বই : কৃত্ত লঙ্কত, Ashort staff, cudgel; genaral's baton —v t. বই প্রভার-কৃ ; To beat with a truncheon; to cudgel. Syn.—(n) Cudgel, club, baton, partisan.

Trundle, trundl, n চাকা; A little wheel; a track — পাণ কৰা. A round body — o f চাকাৰ উপৰ গড়েটিলা চালান, To roll, as on wheels:— v : চাকাৰ উপৰ গড়াইবা-বা; To roll.

Trundle-bed, trundl-bed, n. চড়োপ বহু শ্যা; A bed moving on low wheels; a truckle-bed. Trunk, trungk, n. গাছের উড়ি, বৃক্কাণ্ড; The steam of a tree:—অক্থান শব্য, ইবাদিশুভ শরীর; মড়, The body of an animal apact from the limbs.—ইবিভাগ; উড়; The proboscis of an elephant—অক্ষের কাণ্ড; The shaft of a column:—ক্ষানল, Hollow shaft:—ডেরেল, পেটবা; A chest for clothes:—ক্ষান্ত প্রধান ভাগ; The main body of anything:—a প্রধান; Main; central, chief. Syn:—Stem, stalk; body; proboscis, snout; chest, box, portmanteau.

Headless trunk-करका

Trunked, e. कार्डाविन हे, Having a trunk.

Trunk-hose, n. शा-काम वित्यव : Large breeches. Trunk-line, trungk-lin, n. लोहबर्पात्र अवान शव ; Main line of a railway or canal.

Trunnion, দ. গাড়ির উপরে লাগাইবার নিবিত্ত কামানের কীলক ; A knob projecting on each side of a gun, and serving to support it on the carriage.

Truss, trus, n. অনুবৃদ্ধি রোগে ব্যবহৃত বছনী; Bandage used in cases of hernia:—আটি, বানের বোলা; বোট; রানি; A bundle of hay; a bundle:—e.i.
বুচরণে আবছ-কৃ; বাজা; বছন-কৃ; To bound up; to
Pack close:—পটি বাজা; Te jumish with a truss.

Truss up-विदेशी कतिया दीर्थ ।

Trust, trust, n. প্রভার : বিবাস ; Confidence ; belief :--विचान ; निर्कत , Faith :--धात ; खरिवाटक श्रीम हिर्द और जानात्र मान महत्रहाह; Credit on promise of payment :--আশা ; ভয়না ; Hope :-- জিলা ; ভত क्षरा ; जगरतत्र विराप्त जशक्का ; Something committed to one's faith :-- शांतिष : eta ; Charge :--বিশাসভূমি, Ground of reliance :--- ৩. ১. বিশাস-সুঃ To believe:—हाडनांटड (वहां ; शांत विक्रय-कृ ; To sell upon credit :--ভত্ত-কু; কাৰ্যভাৱ-সে; To commit to the care of :--প্ৰভাৱ-কু; নিৰ্ভন্ন ; To place trust in :-- आणा-क ; Expect :-- ए. i. निर्धत-क ; বিষাস-কু; Rely upon :--a. গজিত; স্তৰ; Held in trust. n=truster. Syn:-(n) Credence, assurance, expectation; charge, deposit; commission, duty; credit, tick. (v) Depend on; be confident, be credulous.

Hold in trust for—কোন লোকেব হিভার্বে কোন সংশতি নিজের হাঠে রাধা: গচ্ছিত সংশতি বকা-কু; কোন লোকের হিভার্থে কোন কমতা ধারণ-কু; Have in one's keeping for the benefit of another; be entrusted with or stand possessed of some power in behalf of another.

Take on trust—বিনা পরীকার বিষাস-কৃ; Believe without examination; accept as true without proof.
[নির্ক্তন্ত ; Rely on.

Trust in —বিধান-কু; প্রত্যাব-কু; Confide in :— Trust to —বিভিন্ন কু; Rely on :—কাহারও হাতে অপ্য-কু, Entrust to.

Trust to a broken read — निवर्षक जानी-इ ; Rely upon that which is weak and deceptive ; to expect vainly. [to chance.

Trust to the chapter of accidents—Trust Trust deed—বে দৰিলে কোনও সম্পত্তি অঞ্চের তথাব-ধানে বাথা হব।

Trustee, trus-te', n. আছি; বাহাব হলে কোন সম্পত্তি জন্ত করা হব; বাহাব কাচে বিবাসপূর্কক কোন বনসম্পত্তি গচ্চিত বাধা হব, গচ্ছিত সম্পত্তিব তত্ত্বাবধাবক; নিম্মাদার স্থাসকারী, One to whom the management of a property is committed.

Trustful, trusticol, a. विवामत्वाम ; विवास ; Worthy of trust — विवास , विवासकारी ; Faithful. Trustless, a. अविवस ; Faithless.

Trust-worthy, trustwur-thi, a. विदानायांत्र ; विदाल : विदानकालन ; विदल . Worthy of trust or confidence.

Trusty, truste, a. সং: সাধু, বিধানী; বিধানের উপযুক্ত; Honest; faithful; trustworthy; reliable:—বলবান; মৃচ; Strong, firm. n=trustiness. Truth, trooth, n. ভব্য; সভ্য; বাধার্য; সভ্যভা; Fact; conformity to fact or reality:—বিশ্বভা; Fidelity:—সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; পভ্যবাদিভা; পদ্যহায়ে;—সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; পদ্যহায়ে;—সভ্যবাদিভা; return y, principle, law, axiom; truthfulness, honesty, veracity, sincerity, integrity; faithfulness, fidelity, constancy, exactness, accuracy, precision.

In truth—ৰাত্ৰিক ; প্ৰভূতপকে ; বস্তুত ; In reality ; in fact. [ ৰাত্ৰিক , In reality ; certainly. Of a truth , For a truth—নি:নবেই ; বিভাই ; To do truth—ইবরের ৰাত্তা গাঁলন-কু ।

 আৰুত কথা বলিতে হইলে; If what is really the case is to be mentioned.
Truthful, troothiool, a. সভাবাৰী; সভাবিষ; সভাপুৰ্ব; বৰাৰ্থ; Conformable to truth:—বিধানবোগা; Reliable. ad—truthfully (সভাবাৰপূৰ্কক); n=

truthfulness (সভাবাশিতা)। Syn:—Correct, true, accurate; veracious, honest, candid, sincere, reliable, trustworthy.

Truthless, troothies, a. নতাহীৰ; Destitute of truth. Syn:—False, untrue; unreliable, un-

trustworthy, unveracious, lying.

Try, tri, v. t. চেটা-কৃ; To attempt:—পরীকা-কৃ; প্রাণ-কৃ; To examine; to test:—অনুভব-কৃ; To experience:—বিচার-কৃ; To examine, as a judge:
—বিভছ-কৃ; বির্লাক্ ; পরিভার-কৃ; To purify:—
আনোভিড-কৃ; To tempt:—বীবাংনা-কৃ; হিব-কৃ; To decide:—নীড্ড-কৃ; To strain:—v. i. চেটা করা; চেটা করিয়া দেখা; ব্যু-কৃ; To endeavour; to make an effort. Syn:—Endeavour, strive, struggle, labour, aim; test, prove.

Try back--- शिंडू शांतिश चन्नमान-ङ् ।

Try conclusions with—কাহারও সহিত পাহড়া-পাহড়ি করিয়া দেখা।

Try it on-क्लपुत इत (हो) कतियो (मधी।

Try on-कड़ी-क ; भारत एत कि मा भतिता (मथा।

Try one's hand—চেইা-ফু; হাভ লাগাইরা দেবা; Attempt.

Try one's luck (fortune or chance)—
আৰুই পরীকা-কু; আৰুই ঝোনে কিনা দেখা; ভাষা পৰীকা
ক্ষিয়া দেখা; Attempt something the issue of
which is particularly uncertain; see if fortune
will favour one. [ eyes.

Try the eyes to—To over exert or strain the Trying, triing, a. পরীকাকারী; Adopted to try; examining:—কটোর: কঠন; Searching; severe:—ইকর; কোনামক; Painful. Syn:—Testing, proving; afflicting, grievous, distressing, hard. Trysail, n. পাইল বিশেষ; A fore-and-aft sail.

Tryst, n. নিলবার কথা, বিলনার্থ সন্থেত ছান; An appointment to meet; appointed place of meeting.

[নিমিত্ত সন্ধেত-ছানে জনেক্র-ছানে জনেকা-ড়।

Bide tryst—কাহারত সহিত্ত নির্দিন্ত সন্থেত নিনিত্ত সম্বাত ভাষা।

Trysting, n. নির্দেশ; সন্থেত। সিন্নবেত ভ্রম তাহা।

A trysting day—পূর্কনিনিত্ত বে দিনে সন্ধেতভানে

Tear, car, n. ক্রমিয়ার স্বাটের উপাধি; Czar.

Tsetse, n. দকিৰ আফ্ৰিকাছ মফিকা বিশেষ; An African fly.

Tub, tub, n. চৰ; কোটা; কেটুৰা; বান্ধ; Half cork of wood or large pail; an open wooden vessel; small cork. a—tubby.

A tale of a tub-বাৰে গ্ৰা

Tube, tūb, n. নল; চুজী; চোজ; Pipe:—প্ৰণালী; থাল; A canal:—v. f. চোজ বদান; মলবিশিই-ফু; Furnish with tube.

Tuber, tu'ber, n. कथ ; বোটা নিকড় ; মূল ; আলু ; A knob in roots ; a fleshy rounded, underground root, as the potato. a=tuberous, tuberose ( মূল-বিশিষ্ট ; মূলকথ )।

Turescle, turber-kl, s. এণ বিশেষ ; ভোটক ; A pimple ; small hard tumour ; disease destructive of the lungs. a-tubercled, tubercular (বাৰিশিট ; বাজিক বোগৰুক) !

Tuberculosis, m. शंक्रिक वर्ग-गारि; कून दून,शं विकासिक कारदान ; राजा ।

Tube-well, n. বৰ্ণ ৷ [ tubes. Tubing, n. কোৰ নিৰ্বাণ ; The act of making Tubular, tub'ular, a. বৰাকৃতি ; Having the form of a tube or pipe :—বৰাকাৰ ; বৰাক্ক ; Consisting of a tube or pipe.

Tubulated, Tubulous, a. ব্যু চোলবিশিট্ট : Furnished with a small tube. [ pipe.

Tubule, tubal, ল. কুম নল; A small tube or Tuck, tuk, ল. কামার ভাল; পোবাকের ভাল; A horizontal sewed fold in a garment:—বন জাল:
—হণাণা:—ত. t. ভাল-কু; বড়ান; To fold under:—ভান; ভড়ান; To gather up:—ভারত-কু; To inclose by pushing the clothes closely around.

Tucker, n. স্বীলোকের বুকের কাপড়; A cloth for covering the bosom of women.

Truck-net, n. (Elt vin 1

Tuck-shop, n. usaia (vivid )

Tuesday, धार्यका, म. बक्तवाब , The third day of the week.

Tuff, n. সভিত্য শিলাষাত্ৰ; Any soft or porous Tuft, tuft, n. কেণ্ডজ: Knob, bunch, a lock of hair, feathers &c.:—বাস বা পুলের গুলু: তবক; গুলু: গোৱা; বোৱা; বাড়, Cluster of grass &c.. a dense head of flowers:—n.t. গোছা-ক; বোবা দিলা সাবাৰ; ববকে ববকে ভাগ-ক, To separate into tufts, to adorn with tufts. Syn:—(n) Knot, bunch, cluster, clump; crest, plume.

Tusted, a. शुक्तिक ; ब्हेनमात्र (पावाविनिष्ट ; कोछ वेश्य ।
Tust-hunter, tust'-hunter, n. बक्रालादकत्र महत्त्र ;
(यानारमानकात्रो ; One who runs after men of title, parasite, a mean hanger-on of the great.
Tug, tug, v. t. होता ; To drag along ; to pull with effort:—v. t. बन्त्यूक्क व्याक्व्य-कृ ; मन्दान होता ; (कांदब होता ; To pull with effort:—n. व्याक्व्य ; मनदान होता ; A strong pull :—वान्त्रीव-कवि वित्य ; A steam vessel. Syn:—(v) Drag, haul, pull : labour, struggle, strive.

Tug of war—সময়স্থট ; কোন কালের করিনভাগ ; দড়ি-টানাটানি ; রজ্জু-আকর্থণ ; The harassing toils, the dangers, and the expenditure attending warfare.

Tug-boat, n. जाकर्ववार्य वान्तीत्र लोका ।

Tuition, tu'ish-un, n. দিকা; অধ্যাপন; উপৰেণ; Teaching:—ৰক্ষীবেক্ষণ। a-tuitionary. Syn:— Instruction, education, discipline, training.

Instruction, education, discipline, training.
Tulip, tulip, n. जूस वृक्त वित्तव ; A bulbous
plant :— कृत्रव जून्न वित्तव ; A beautiful flower.
Tulip-shell, n. नव वित्तव । [ net or lace.

Tulle, n. রেশবের হক্ষ করি বা কাল; A kind of silk Tumble, tumbl, v. i. গড়াইরা-বা; গড়াব; To roll:—পতিত-তৃ; To fall or knock suddenly to the ground:—কল স্কাল্ব-কৃ, To twist the body, as a mounte-bank:—v. i. নিকেল:-কৃ; To throw about while examining over:—ক পতন; A বিলা: কটাইনা কেলা; উলটপালট-কৃ; To turn over:—n. পতন; A fall: কটাইরা পড়ন, The act of trumbling. Syn:
—(v) Fall; toss, heave, pitch; precipitate; rumple, disturb, derange.

Tumble-down, a. পতবোদ্ধ ; कते । Tumble-dung, n, करद (लोक) वित्यव । Tumbler, tumbler, m. বে বাজি ক্টাইবা পড়ে; One who tumbles:—বাৰীকর; Juggler:—বাণীড; লোটৰ পাৰৱা; A domestic pigeon:—পাৰণাক; A large drinking-glass.

Tumbrel, Tumbril, n. ডিন চাকার গাড়ি বিশেষ; A three wheeled cart; a dog-cart:— সুড়ি বিশেষ। Tumefaction, n. স্বীতি; সুলা; স্বোটক; A swelling; a tumour.

Tumefy, th'me-fi, e. t. কীত-কৃ; কুলান; To raise into a tumour; to cause to swell:—v. i. কীত-হ; কানা; কুলা; To swell. n=tumefaction.
Tumid, th'mid, a. [ L. tumidus, from tumere, to swell] কীত; বড়িত; উচ্চ; অননাল; লকাচৰড়া; Inflated; falsely sublime; bombastic. n=tumidness, timidity (কীতা; কীতাৰ্য]) I ad=tumidly (কীকালাবে): Syn:—Swelled, swollen, enlarged, distended, protuberant; turgid,

pompous; swelling.
Tumor, Tumour, tū'mor, n. কেটিক; কোড়া;
আব; Morbid swelling:—কীডাবছা;
Tump, n. কুম পৰ্বত; ছোট বৈল, Hillock.

Tumular, a. प्रशास्त्र ; Formed in a heap.

Tumulous, a. शांत्रकृष ; Full of hillocks.
Tumult, tu'mult, n. (शांतरवार्ष ; त्यांत्रवार ; दांकाय ;
Upidar; bustle; riot; wild commotion:—
त्यांतरवार ; क्ष्मकृष ; Violent agitation with confusion of sounds. Sym :—Ferment, disturbance, turbulence, confusion, noise, uproar;
outbreak, brawl, fray, melee.

Tumultuary, Tumultuous, tū-multū-us, a. त्वानाहनपूर्व ; मुचनात्रहिन्छ ; शत्रामापूर्व ; स्नकृत , Disorderly; agitated; unquiet; noisy. n= tumultuousness, ad-tumultuously. Syn:-Turbulent, violent, boisterous, riotous ; disturbed, confused, restless, uneasy. Tumulus, n. नवारित উপরিশ্বিত মৃত্তিকাতৃণ : A Tur, tun, n. वह निना ; A large cask :-- निवान বিশেষ ; আৰু ১৯ মৃণ ; A measure 2 pipes, 4 hogsheads :-- v. t. পিণাতে রাখা ; To put into casks. Tune, tun, s. 44; Sound :- 24; att : Air :-मन्दर्भ दिवडा :-- स्पन ; मिन , धेकाडान , Series of musical notes with unity of key note; harmony :- v. t. स्टान वीथा ; स्त्रविनिष्ठे-क ; स्त्र विनाम , To cause to produce the proper sounds :- v. i. ञ्च मिन-इ: To form one sound to another. Syn:-(n) Melody, strain, movement: harmony, concord.

Change one's tune- रूप (क्यांन ।

Play & tune—ৰোন স্থ বাজান ; Produce melody of a certain kind from an instrument.

To the tune of—একুৰে; ৰোটে; Amounting to. Tuner, tuner, sc. বে হয় মিল কয়ে বা বাবে; One who tunes or adjusts musical instruments.

Tuneful, tuhiool, a. কুৰৱ; ক্ষিষ্ট ধ্বনিবিশিষ্ট; Melodious; musical.

Tuneless, tunies, a. হ্ৰব্ৰবিহীন; ব্ৰহ্মন; বেহুদ্ধ; Without tune or melody.

Tungston, n. 47 civin vial vie; A very heavy metal.

· Tunio, tu'nik, s. রোনানিবের পরিক্ষ ; লামা বিশেষ ; অকরাথা ; আবরণ ; পর্যা , A Roman garment. Tunicate, Tunicated, s. বৃত্তার ; প্রাঞ্ত

প্ৰণা ধাৰা আছাৰিত; Covered with a tunic or with layers. [of long robe. Tunicle, tu'ni-kl, n. পাৰ্ প্রিছেম্ব বিশেষ: A kind Tuning, n. ইপাড-বিশ্বিত শাৰাম্যবিশিষ্ট কটিl; A steel two-pronged instrument.

Tuning-fork, tu'ning-fork, \*\*. A steel two pronged instrument, designed when set in vibration to give a musical sound of a certain

pitch.

Tunnel, tunel, n. পাহাড়ের ভিতর দিয়া কটি। পথ; নব্যাদির নিমন্থ বড়কপথ; কড়কপথ; Underground passage cut through a hill or a river:— কুলেল; নত; A funnel:—ত. ১ অধ্যধনন-ড়; স্বয়স কটি।

Tunny, n. নাৰ্ডিক মংক বিশেষ; A very large sea-fish.

Tup, n. (44 ; (44) ; A ram.

Tup-man, n. নেৰপালক : [বাজি। Turanian, a. ভুৱাণী; আনাহা:—n. ভুৱাণী আজীয় Turban, turban, n. মুন্নমানদিপের উকাব; পাণড়ী; টুণী, Turkish headdress. a=turbaned (পাণড়ী-দার)।

Turbary, \*. बनत्तव अधिकांव ; शांति बनत्तव हांव ; The right of digging peat ; a place where peat is dur.

Turbid, tur'bid, a. आदिन; मधना; गणिन; पोना; पानां।; पानांविद्यं; Muddy; thick. n=turbidness, turbidity ( आदिनका; नमलका); ad=turbidly ( अभिक्षिक्तान्ति)। Syn:--Foul, dreggy.

Turbine, Turbinated, a. बावहिंठ : (नेन्यांत्र ) Turbot, turbot, n. शांत्रवातीश यस्त्र विस्पत् ; A

large flat fish.

Turbulence, turbulens, Turbulency, turbulence, turbulence, turbulence, turbulence, turbulence, turbulence, n. (कान्यत ; कार्याव ; दावावा 
Tureen, n. খোরা; হপ-পাত : A large tablevessel for holding soup.

Turf, turf, n. पार्तन होवड़ा ; Sod ; sward :— (पांडू-एपोरक बाठ ; Race-ground :— (पांड्रपोड ; Horseracing :— v. t. होवड़ा विद्या वायुक्त ; To cover with sod. Syn :—Clod ; peat ; race-ground.

Cut the first turf—আর্থ-ড় ; Begin. The turf—বোড়বৌড়ের বাঠ ; বোডবৌড় !

Turfy, a. शंदनंत हावडानूर्व ; शंनातृष्ठ ; Full of turf. Turgent, tur'jent, a. कोष्ठ ; कृता ; Inflated :— नकाद्यत्वत्व ; Bombastic.

Turgescence, Turgescency, ক. কীভি-থাৰণতা; কীভি; Swelling:—বসার বড় বড় কথা; পদাড়বর; Pomposity; bombast.

Turgescent, tur-jesent, a. कीछ; कांत्रवान ' Growing big : swelling.

 चगात वड़ वड़ क्यांच्छ ; Bombastic, n=turgidness, turgidity (कोळळा ; श्वाड़ब्द ) ; ad=turgidiy (कोळळाट )।

Turk, turk, त. कृतकार नीत लाक; कृतकार नात अवि-वाती; A native of Turkey. a—turkish.

Turkey, turki, prop. n. কুরক রাজা; তুরক বেশ; Empire of the Turks:—com. n. কুরুট বিশেষ; শক্ষিবিশেষ; A large gallinaceous fowl.

Turkey-red, turki-red, n. nin as; A fine durable red dye. [ kind of oilstone. Turkey-stone, turki-ston, n. awa faces; A Turkish, c. पूरवानम नवसीत ; कुर्क नवसीत ; Relating to Turkey or to the Turks:-n. 🍑 wid ; अनुमानि wid ; Relating to Turkey or to [ hot-air bath. the Turks. Turkish-bath, अ. शानाशांत वित्वव : A kind of Turmeric, tur'mer-ik, n. say ; Indian suffrom. Turmoil, tur'moil, n. গোলমাল , সংক্ষেত ; कहेका পরিশ্রম ; হুলপুল ; হাজাম ; Tumult ; agitation , disturbance :- e. t. रिवक क ; To worry ; to harass : -- v. i. मः (कांचिक-इ ; To be in commotion. Syn: -Confusion, disturbance commotion, uproar, bustle, hurry.

Turn, turn, v. t. [A. S. turnan, tyruan, to turn ] (बाजान , बुजान ; क्रिजान ; शाक-त्म ; To cause to revolve:—केन्डोइश-ए ; छन्डोन ; शान्डोन ; To reverse :-- ऋशीखा-क ; शतिवर्श्वन-क . To convert :--चाकात्र (जलता ; कोन-कृ ; To shape :-- नागर।त्र-कृ ; नागान ; To apply :--कृतिता नाहित-कृ ; To form in a lathe :- ण. i. बावर्डिजे-ह ; वृश्यान-ह ; च्वा ; क्ता , To whirl round; to revolve:-- निर्कत-कृ: To depend :-ভিন্ন গতি বঙ্গা; To take a different direction or tendency:-- পরিবর্ত্তিত-ছ: To be changed :--পৰ্বাৰণিত-ছ ; শেষ-ছ ; To terminate :--नांचा (चात्रा : नकक चंत्रिता गांच्या : To become giddy : —हेक्डि बंदब ; व्रिप्ति वादबा ; To become inclined in the other direction :- n. व्यावर्ड ; व्यावर्डन , খুৰ্বন ; পাক ; Act of turning ; revolution :-- নুচন পতি: New direction or tendency -- পরিবর্ত্তন ; Change : - আকৃতি ; Form ; cast : - স্থবিধা , সুযোগ ; Opportunity: -Act of kindness or malice:-বাঁক , বঙ্কপথ ; Bend :—প্ৰবণতা ; ভাৰ :—একট্ৰমণ :— निर्मिष्ट मभव :-- भशाब ; भागा :-- উপकाब । Syn :--(2) Rotate, spin; bend, incline, deflect, deviate; mould; change, alter, transform; render, translate; apply, direct. (n) Rotation, round, bout; deviation, deflexion, curvature, sweep, twist, turning, twirl; variation, alteration, vicissitude; occasion, chance, conjuncture; fashion, manner, shape, set; action, deed, good office; aptitude, forte, knack, gift.

At every turn—ৰে দিকে কেয়া বায়; In every direction; in which ever direction one turns:—
অভিগৰে; At every step —নকল দিকে; বে দিকে পোৰায়; In every one of its phases:—( পাৰো) আভি বাকে; At every bend of the road.

Be turned of—এত বছর পার হইরা গিরাচে এমন বলসে; কোনও বরস উত্তীর্থ বা পার হইরা বাওয়া; Be 'advanced to an age beyond; be past a certain age.

By turns-পর্বায়ক্তবে; পালা বুরে কিন্তে আইলা; Alternately; one after another.

In one's turn—rial wiface; When one's time comes (in order of succession).

In turn, In turns—পর পর; পর্বায়রতা; In due order of succession :—উটে ; In ceturn.

The tide is on the turn—ঘটনা-অবাহ পরিবর্জ ইতিছেছে; নৰজ যাপায় উন্টাইনা বাইকেছে; Affairs are taking a contrary course:—কোন কিছুত্ব মোত অভা দিকে বাইতেছে; The current (of something) is changing:—The tide has ceased to flow and is on the point of ebbing:—The course of events is changing.

To a turn—ST : Exactly.

To take turns—একজনাম ছানে আৰু একজন আইনে;
To take the place of one another alternately.
Turn about—মূৰ কেৱান; অন্তন্ধিক মূৰ-তৃ; Move the face to another quarter.

Turn again-ক্রিরা আসা।

Turn against--বিরুদ্ধে দীভ করান ; বিরুদ্ধে বিরিরা ধিড়ান। [পড়া ; চলিযা বাওখা। Turn aside--নিবারণ-কৃ: Avert :-- বিবান ; সবিযা Turn away -- কর্মচাত-কৃ: ভাড়াইবা দেওরা, Dismiss:--পথান্তরে-বা: কিরান ; Deviate.

Turn back—म्रोक्ड-कृ ; क्रिडोह्:-(न ; প্রতিপ্রদান-কৃ ) Turn down—উ-টান | ভাজ-কৃ ; দেওবা । Turn in—( রাজে ) শহন-কৃ ; Go to bed :—মেড়া ,

Turn in for—ৰবাহিত-কৃ; Put up for.
Turn inside out, Turn wrongside out—
(জানার) ভিতৰদিক বাহিব-কৃ. Bring the inside of a
germent outside —উল্টিয়া প্ৰেটিয়া হেলা. Throw

topsy-turvy :—উন্টিয় (ফলা : Reverse.

Turn into—পরিবর্তন-কু; বললাইটা অঞ্চ আকার বাবৰ
করান : Changer into —ভাষান্তব-কু; Translate
into :—তাড়াইটা বাহিন-কু, Drive one into.

Turn off—অন্তাদিক ক্রাইযা-দে; Change; divert; change the subject of :—পণান্তরে কেরা; Deviate from a course; deflect .—দল ছাড়া হওবা; পণান্তরে বাওরা; Desert :—লিবিরা ফেলা; Compose; accomplish:—দূরীভূত-ভূ; বিবরান্তরে প্রেবণ-ভূ; নন্দা-দন-ভূ; বন্ধ-ভূ, অপ্রদিকে বাঁকিয়া বাওয়া।

Turn on or upon—উল্টিখা অক্টের ঘাড়ে কেনা;
Retoit on; throw back on one — কাজমণ-ফু;
Attack; fall upon:—নিভর-ফু; Hinge upon;
rest on, depend on:—সংযুক্ত-ফু; Is related to;
is connected with:—কোন দিকে কেরা; Be directed to —পলাইরা বাইকে বাইকে আক্রমণ করিবার নিমিত্ত
ব্বেক্টান: Turn round suddenly (in the course
of flight) with a view to attack.

Turn out—বাহিন করিয়া-দে; ভাডাইনা-দে; Expel; expel from a house:—উৎপদ্ধ-কু; কলে কাঁডান; বাটনা আইনা; Prove in the result:—বটা; Happen:—বাহিন-কু; বাহিন ইইনা আনা, Come out.—কেন্দ্ৰে, Let loose:—কৰ্দ্যুত-কু; Dismiss from an office:—উত্তর্গন, Produce by labour or teaching:—কোন বিদ্যালয় ইইন্ডে পান করিবা বেরোন; Be passed by a school or collage.

Turn over—পাত উন্টান; Open and examine one leaf after another of a book:—হাডডান; Ransack:—অৰ্থাদি নাড়াচালা-ক; Do business to the amount of :—হস্বান্তঃ-ক; গড়াগড়ি-দে।

Turn round—আৰ্থাৰণ-কৃ; কিরিণা ইড়ান ৷
Turn to—আত্মর অবস্থন-কৃ; Have recourse to :—
আক্স-কৃ: Set to work :—অভিনুধী-কৃ; Be directed

to :—কাহারও বা কোন দিকে কেরা; Turn one's face towards :—সহায়তার কান্ত কাহারও পানে চাওয়া; সাহা-বার্থ প্রতীকা করিয়া থাকা; Look forward to for help:—আন্ত বিষয় অবলম্বন-কু; Change ones course to :—বাহিন-কু; Light upon; find.

Do a good turn—সময়সত কোন উপকার-ক ; Do some opportune service.

Give a turn to--तान विद्युत गणि विदारेता-ल ; क्लान विद्युत ज्ञत विदारेता-ल ; Change the course or tone of

Have a turn for—কোন বিবন্ধ পিৰিবান বা কোন কাম ক্ষিবান ইচ্ছা, যন্ত চক্ষতা থাকা; Have an aptitude for :—কোন বিবন্ধে আখাদ এইপের পক্তি থাকা; Have a taste for.

One good turn deserves another—উপ-কারীর প্রত্যপ্ৰার করা কর্তন্য; An act of kindness done to a person ought to be repaid by him by some good service.

On the turn—অভাণিকে; কিনিবার মূবে। [ कन्छ।
Serve one's turn—নিবের কাল হাসিল করিবার
Take a turn—কোন হানে বুরে কিনের বেড়ান; এদিক
ভণিক করিবা বেড়ান, Take a walk to and fro:—
কোন দিকে যাওৱা: এক দিক হইতে অন্ত দিকে পরিবর্তনহু: Change in a certain direction.

Take turn-शाना नश्जा ; शरत शरत साता।

Take turns—কোন কাছের জন্ত একজনের ছানে আর একজন আসা (পাছারা বছবের মত); Take each other's place alternately (in doing anything).

To s turn-টিক কৰিয়া ; টিক ঘতবাৰ আবৰ্ত্তন আবশ্ৰস্ক ভাহা কৰিয়া ।

Turn a cat in the pan—ৰণৰ ও বৰণৰ পৰিত্যাৰ-ক; To make a sudden change of one's party in politics or religion, for the sake of being in the ascendant.

Turn a cold shoulder to — স্বজা প্ৰণ্ৰ-কৃ; উপাসীন্য প্ৰণ্ৰ-কৃ; কেন্ত্ৰ কিছুতে গা না-কৃ; Show marked neglect.

Turn a corner—নহটাবহা কটিবলৈ উঠা; কোণ বেডিয়া বাজা; Pass the critical stage (of some disease).

[ To refuse to hear.

Turn a deaf ear to — শ্ৰৰণ না-কু; কৰ্ণাত না-কু; Turn adrift—ভাড়াইনা-কে; ছাড়িনা-কে; To set floating at random; to send away to take one's chances.

Turn and twist—电影 (香港)-京; To be uneasy; to make desparate efforts.

Turn an honest penny—সংগৰে থাকিয়া किছু টাকা উপায়-ক ; Make a little money by trade or other honest means.

Turn a penny—সাবাজ ব্যবসায় ধারা টাকা উপার্জন-কু; কিছু উপার্জন-কু; ব্যবসায়াদি সহুপারে বু-গরসা রোজসার-কু; Gain money by trade however small the amount; to make a small profit, or a small sum of money; earn a little money.

Turn in the back upon—भनावन-इ ; To forsake. [meditate.

Turn in the mind—চিত্তা-কৃ; To ponder or Turn night into day—খড়াৰ বৃদ্ধু; Take the utmost pains.

Turn of life—श्रीत्मारकत बद्धाः निदृष्टित बद्धमः । Turn on—चाविक-कः, धूमित्राः त्मकताः—निर्कत-कः; উত্তর-কেঃ আক্রমণ-কः। Turn one round one's finger, Turn around one's finger—পুতুৰের ভার বেলান; বে দিকে ইচছা খুরান; আচ্চে কড়াইছা পাক-দে; বা ইছা ভাই করান; বুটোর ভিতর রাখা; Manage one easily; make a person do whatever one pleases.

Turn one's coat— অগর পাকে গমন-তৃ: বিপক্ষ-পক্ষ অবল্যন-তৃ: বিজের মত বা দল পরিত্যাগ-তৃ; ভোল ক্রোম; Change sides; go over to the opposite party; change one's opinion or party.

Turn one's hand to—নিৰ্কাহ-কু; কোনৰ কাজে হলকেপ-কু; হাত লাখান; To perform; to exe-

Turn one's head—বৃদ্ধিবংশ-কৃ; কাহারও মুখ বৃদ্ধে বাওৱা; মাডাইবা-বে; Make one giddy; over-throw one's reason or judgment. [prosper. Turn out well—সমৃদ্ধিনালী-কৃ; To succeed; to Turn over a new leaf—কৃ-জভান পরিভাগ-কৃ; সুত্র ভাবে জীবন আরম্ভ-কৃ; Begin a fresh or new course of life; to reform an evil habit.

Turn over in one's mind—কোন বিষয় লইবা মনে হোলাপাড়া-কু; ভাষা; Revolve in one's mind; ponder or meditate upon.

Turn over in the mind—কোনও বিষয় লইয়া মনে মনে (ভালাপাড়া-কু)

Turn round—কিন্তিয়া গাঁড়ান: বিগরীত পদ বা মত অবলখন-তৃ; Veer round; change one's opinion or party. [round and attack.

Turn round on—ফিনে গাড়াইবা আক্রমণ-কু; Veer Turn tail—কেন্ত তুলে পালাম; নেন্ত শুটাইবা প্লারম-কু; Retreat ingominiously: fice.

Turn the back—পৃষ্ঠ অপূৰ্ণন কু; প্লায়ন কু। Turn the back upon—পৰিত্যাগ-কু; ফুণা প্ৰদৰ্শন পূৰ্পাক চলিয়া যাওয়া; অগ্নাঞ্চ-কু; To forsakc.

Turn the corner—সভীবহা অভিক্রম কবিলা ভালর দিকে যাওয়া।

Turn the die ( or dice )—ভাগা দিরাইয়া দেওয়া। Turn the edge ( or point ) of—ধার পড়াইবা দে: ভোডা-কু; Make dull.

Turn the enemy's flank—বিপাকের পাচাতে বা পার্বে স্থান অধিকার-ফ ; To pass round and take a position behind it, or upon the side of it.

Turn the head (or brain )-- হত্ত্তি-ড়; ব্ভিআই-ড়; ব্ভ ব্ৰাইলা দেওলা; To make giddy; to be bewildered.

Turn the scale (or balance)-4+ Fig-T: Make the balance incline to one side: to give superiority in success :-- शांबाद्यव मम्ला बहे-क : Change the state of the balance :-- পांडा ভারি-কু; একদিক ভারি করিয়া আর এক দিককে হাঙ্কা-কু; স্ক্রিয় এক পকে মীমাংসা-চু: এক পক্ষকে প্রবল করিয়া অস্ত পক্ষকে খাট-ক ; Give one side or party the preponderance over another. [ Sicken\_ Turn the stomach--वम्प्तम् क-कृ; वम्प्ताविश्व-कृ: Turn the tables-কাৰাৰ প্ৰতা উপ্টাইৱা-বে; Reverse success or superiority : --বে অবছার ছিল जारा छेन्हेंद्रिहा (पट्डा : इसीन शक अनन-इ : Reverse the original position of players in a game; reverse the position of two contending parties. Turn the tables on one-कारोबर भागा वा পুড়তা উন্টাইয়া-বে: Overthrow and gain an advantage over one; turn things against one;-विद्रावी-ह ; Oppose onc.

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Turn the tide, Turn the tide against— গতি কিয়াৰ , যাহা এক দিকে বাইতেছিল তাহা অন্ত বিকে কিয়াৰ , Change the course of affairs, events &c

Turn to account —কাজে লাগান, স্বিধান্তন-ছ; উপকারী ই , To make of use in some way.

Turn to profit (or advantage) — স্বিধাননৰ ক্রিয়া লভ্যা; লাভজনক কু, স্থবিধাননক হু, উপকারী-হু, To make profitable.

Turn turtle—डेन्डोडेब्रा बाडबा।

Turn up—বটা, Occur —হঠাৎ উপস্থিত-হ, বাহির
হীয়া পঢ়া, প্রকাশ হ; Appear suddenly —উবোলন
হু, উপরে ভোলা, Raise —উপবদিকে কেরান, Bend
upwards —ইডিয়া উঠান, সেটকান —হঠাৎ দেখা
দেখা, Make one's appearance (after seeming to
be lost) —বাহিব হুটিয়া পড়া, Come to light —
স্থান হাতে আদিরা পড়া, Come in one's way, or
happen unexpectedly —ধুঁতে কেলা, Throw up
by digging.

Turn up one's nose at —নানিকা কৃঞ্জন- ফু, অবজা- ফু, Disdum to treat with contempt.

Turn upside down—উটাইখা ফেলা, উদ্টিয়া ফেলা, Reverse turn the upper part downward —উল্টে পাল্টেদে, উন্ট পালট কু, উপরেষ পিঠনীতে ফেলা, I brow into utter confusion, put into complete disaid i.

Turn-coat, turnki' n দে নিজ পদা শত পৰি ভাগ কৰিবা ৰম্ভ পদে ব ব , অবাবসিভচিত্ত ৰাজি , ৰপটা ৰপক ভাগী, One who abundons his party or punciples Syn —Renegade, apostate, deserter, recreant.

Turner, turner, n आंश्री, कूलकांत्र मित्री, One who turns, as in a lathe.

Turnery, turner-1, तः क्ष्याः निर्माप वस रा कोनल, frade or wire-of a turner — अभूपेहे, A strike — बहिबान, शांवश्य गांविताहा।

Turning, turning, n श्व. त्वां। पृति. A bend, winding — मन्त्र भ्व ६० च श्व. Devia tion from the proper course — वृत्रदङ्ग निर्मान- त्वांगल. Furning point, n श्वांगल, व व्यांत्र हैयंत्र

Turning point, n মানাপ্ৰ, যে বনার উনর কোনর গিঘের মীন পা নিভার ববে তারা, Phat which decide a matter —সাংকলা, A reraye and critical period
Turnip, turn p, n সালগান, ওলবলি A bul-Turnkoy, turnke, n প্রভাৱ, যার হতে জেলের চালি পাক, A warder, an assistant jailor —পাত ভোলা চাবি, One who turns the keys in a

Turn-out, n নালসজা An equipage [A cake Turnover, n উটাইয়া পতন —পিইক বিশেষ, Turnpike, rurnpik, n মাহল আগায়েৰ কটক, A gate put on a road-way to levy toll

Turnpike man, n. যে ব্যক্তি বাস্তার কটকে মাত্রল মাদায় করে।

Turn-pike road, turnpik-rod, n. বঢ় রাখা বাহাতে নামুল-ফটৰ বাকে, A road on which turnpikes or toll-gates are established.

A turn-screw-পেট-খাটা যাঃ

Turnsole, n. কুলগাছ বিশেষ, স্থাসুখী, A plant so called because its flowers turn towards the sun. Turn-apit, turnspit, গ ভূতা; কাৰাবকারী, নাৰান্ত কাব্যে নিৰ্ক্ত ব্যক্তি; A person engaged in some memal occupation — কুৰুৱ; A variety of dog. Turn-stile, turnstil, ন. প্ৰাণিৱ গতিরোধক; চেরার মত প্ৰের আটক, A frame in a foot path which prevents the passage of cattle.

Turn-table, n. द्वरणंत्र नाष्ट्री क्तिवितात्र भक् । See traversetable.

Turpentine, tur'pen-tin, n. ভার্গি নির্বাস,
The resinous juice from pine like trees.

The oil of turpentine—তাশিণ তৈল।

Turpitude, tur pe-tūd, n [ L. turpitudo, from turpis, foul ] ছুইড়া, অইচায়িতা, নীচড়া, জয়ন্ত নীতি বা ব্যবহার, Extreme wickedness, inherent baseness Syn — Vileness, depravity, wickedness Turquoise, n. ধনিক পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ, A bluishgreen mineral.

Turret, tur'et, अ हुन । क्य दुक्य ; A small slender tower , a little tower

Turreted, a অৱ গুৰোজনিশিষ্ট, Furnished with turret. —সূচ্চ, নাল, Formed like a turret. Turret-ship, n ব্ৰণপাত বিশেষ, A ship of war

Turtlo, tur ti Turtlo-dove, turtli-duy, n.
খুনু, পাৰাবত বিশেষ, A precon [tortoise
Turtle, tur'tl, n সনুদ্দৰ কচনুপ, কাজিম, A scaTuscan, turkin, a ট্ৰানি সৰ্মীয় প্ৰাচীনতৰ স্থাপত্য
বিশেষসূচক, Belonging to Tuscany denoting of
der of architecture

Tush, tush, int চুপ, ধান, ছি:, Pshawi be silent { un eleph unt Tusk, tusk, n দত্তী ছবিদস্ত, The long tooth of Tusked, Tuskoy, a হবিদস্তবিশিষ্ট, দত্তন, Having tusks.

Tussle, n হুচমুডি, পাছড়াপাছড়ি; A struggle —
v: হুডমুডি-কু। [or twigs.
Tussock, n খানের গুড়, পল্লব, A tust of grassTut, tut, int হি:, চুগ, ধান, An exclamation of check or rebuke, be still

Tutolage, tū'tel-ম, n [L tutela, protection] আভিভাৰকতা, রক্ষাবেকা, State of being under a guardi in, quardianship, byn —Guradianship, pro cetion, wardship, dependence.

Tutolar, tu'te-lar, Tutolary, tu'te-lar ।, a [1 tutela, to guard] त्रवह, वयग्दिक्षकारी, आक्रांवह, Protecting.

Tutolary deity-> द्वेष्ट्रवर्त ।

Tutor, ill'tor, n শিক্ষক, উপদেশক, গুৰু · Teacher — বক্ষক, অভিভাবক — v t শিক্ষা দে, শিবাইয়া-দে, To instruct feg = tutoress Syn — (n) Guardian, governor, preceptor, instructor

Tutorage, tu'tor মা, n শিক্ষ, শিক্ষা, অধ্যাপনা, The authority of a teacher, education as by a tutor — অভিভাবকতা; Guardianship.

Tutor-ship, n. শিক্ষরে পদ বা কবি। Tutorual, tu-to'rı-al, a শিক্ষপক্ষীয়, শিক্ষের, Belonging to or exercised by a tutor.

Twaddle, tuodl, n অনুৰ্থক গল, বাজে কথা, Old womanly nonsense, gabble; silly talk — v : নিৰ্বোদেশ কাৰ কথা কহা, বড় বড় কৰিবা বকা, To talk in a silly manner. n=twaddler (যে অনুৰ্থক বকে)। Twain, twan, n. ब्रहे ; Two. In twain—ब्रहे काल : विषय ।

Twang, twang, n. ট্রার শব্য; Sound of an arrow:—নাকি হার; অপুনাসিক হার; A nasal tone of voice:—v. f. ট্রারখনি-ছ; ট্রার শব্য-ছ; To make to sound with a twing:—v. f. ট্রার-বে।

\*Twas, twoz, n. A contraction of it was.

Twoak, twek, v. f. পেৰণ-ফু; ধাৰচা; চিনটী কাটা; To squeeze between the thumb:— কেকান; To twitch; to pull:—n. চিনটী; থেক টান; A sharp pinch.

Twoed, n. এক একার টেরচা-বুনন কাপড়; A kind of cloth.

Twoedle, v. t. ইবং পৰ্ব-কু; To handle lightly:
—মানোভৰ দেখাৰ: To allure.

Twoozers, tweferz, n. pl. চিমটা; দোৱা; Nippers; small pincers for pulling out hairs:—
অৱেৰ বান্ধ।

Twelfth, a. sive; The last of twelve:—n. sirefixe; One of twelve equal parts.

Twolfth-cake, n. A cake given to friend or visitors on the festival of the twelfth night, oth June.

Twolfth day (or tide), n. বড় দিনের পরস্থা খাগৰার্গ পর্বা; The twellth day after Christmas. Twolfth-night, n. The evening of the epiphany, a church festival.

Twolve, twelv, n. হাৰণ বাৰ; The number next after cleven:—হাৰণ; Ten and two. a= twelfth. [A year.

Twolve-month, n. বার মাস; সংবৎসর, বংসব;
Twontieth, twenti-eth, a. বিংশভিতম; The last
of twenty:—n. বিশাপের একাংশ; বিংশাংশ; One
of twenty equal parts.

Twenty, twehti, a. বিংশতি; কুড়ি; Twice ten; nincteen and one:—n. বিংশতি; The number next following nincteen. a=twentieth.

Twice, twis, ad. দ্বিজা , বিজাতিকপে; ছইবার; Doubly; once and again, two times.

Twice born, a. दिन।

Twice told tale, n. চলিত কথা; A tale that is often repeated.

[ খেলা কুঃ
Twiddle, v. i. or t. মৃত্তপূৰ্ণ-কু, নাডা:—খোষান:—
Twig, twig, a. ডাল; পানুব; ক্ষুদ্ধ শাখা; কেঁকড়ি;
A small shoot:—v. t. অৰ্থ ব্যায়; চৌৰসভাবে দেখা।
Syn:—(n) Shoot, spray, sprig.

The twig-याद्यक्त्र वरि ।

Twiggy, a. শুর প্রবার; Abounding with shoots.

Twilight, twilit, n. অনিশিত দুৱা; An uncertain view:—গৌধুলি সময়; প্রদেশকাল; উবা; The faint light before sunrise and after sunset:—a. গোধুলি বা প্রদোষ সম্বায়; অশেষ্ট; Of twilight obscure. Syn:—Shaded, obscure, dim, dusky. Twilight superstition—Superstition connected with the hour of twilight.

Twill, twil, v. i. টেরচা-ব্বা; Weave in ribs:-n. টেরচা বুনৰ কাপড়; Cloth so woven.

Twin, twin, n. ব্যলের একটা সপ্তান; ব্যল; One of two children born at the same time:—a. ব্যল; সমরূপ; Being one of two born at a birth:— ৩. i. বুলা আন্ব-কু; ব্যল্জনেশ প্রচ্প-কু; To be born at

the same birth; bring forth two. Syn:—(v) Wind about, surround, embrace, entwine, wreathe.

The Twins—নিধুনবাৰী। Twin-born, a. বৃদ্ধসভি।

Twine, twin, v. t. পাকান; পাক-দে; অড়ান: To twist together; to wind, as two threads together:—v. i. অভিত-ছ; বাকিয়া-বা; বেডিবা উঠা; To unite closely:—n. ত্তলি; পাকান দড়ী; A twist; twisted thread; string.

Twinge, twing, v. t. চিমট কাটা; সহসা বিছ-ত ;
To cause to wince; to twitch; to pinch; tweak:—v. i. চাঙাং ব্যুপা-লে; হঠাং চিডিক করিয়া কই-লে; বেদনামুক্তন-কু; To feel a short sharp pain:—n. থামচি; চিমটি; A twitch; a pinch:—বেদনা; কন্কনানি; A sudden, sharp pain.

Twinkle, twingkl, v. i. ভিক্ষিক-ছ়; চক্ষক-ছ;
To sparkle:—চক্ষের পলক পড়া; চলু মিট্ মিট্-ছ,
পলক কেলা; To open and shut the eyes rapidly:
—কশিভ-হ; Quiver:—n. চক্ষের পলক. Quick
motion of the eyes:—চক্ষক, বিভিমিতি, মিট্লিটারি; Short sparkle. Syn:—Blink, wink;
scintillate, corruscate, glisten.

Twinkling, twingkling, n. প্ৰক-মাত্ৰ: নিমিৰ; Act of that which twinkles. Syn:—Sparkling, scintillation, glistening; instant, second, moment, jilly.

In the twinkling of an eye—চক্ষেব প্ৰকে; এক প্ৰকে; এক নিমিয়ে; চকুৰ পাতা কেবিতে না ফেলিতে; In less than no time.

Twirl, v. t. वृशिक-कृ; वृज्ञान; शांक-त्म; To tuin round rapidly:—v. 1. पृश्यान-कृ, दन् वन् कविषा पृता; To turn round rapidly:—n. अन्त आविष्या पृत्या; वृत्य-शांक; A whirl, a rapid circular motion; a quick turn.

Twist, twist, v. t. পাক-দে; পেঁচ লাগান; পাকান; জড়ান; To twine. to cause to writhe or interweave, to form into a thread:—বদ অৰ্থ কু; Distort:—v. i. পাক দিয়া এক্ত্ৰিড-হ; পাক লাগা; জড়াইয়া-মা, To be united by winding — ম. পাকান দুড়া; A cord; a single thread:—পাক; পেঁচ; বেচিড; আক্সন, Contortion:—তামাকের পাকান ভেটি লাকা; A little roll of tobacco. Syn:—
(n) Contort, writhe, complicate, wind, encircle, wreathe; wrest, distort.

Twisted, a. शांक (पडरा ; त्रिंहान ।

Twit, twit, v. t. ভর্ননা-কৃ; To reproach; to upbraid:—ঠাপা-কৃ; ব্যক্ত-কৃ; To taunt.—পোৰ দেখাইণা ভিনন্ধান-কৃ। Syn:—Blame, taunt.

Twitch, twich, v. t. হেচ্ছিবা টানা; ছিনাইবা-আ;
হঠাৎ ছিড়িবা-ব, To pull with a sudden jerk; to
pluck; to snatch; to contract spasmodically:
—n. হেচ্ছা টান; হঠাৎ টান; পেশী-সম্বোচন; A sudden, quick pull; a quick contraction of the
muscles. Syn:—(n) Jerk; spasm.

Twitter, twiter, ফ. i. কিচিব বিচিব শব্দ-কু; কিচ-বিচ-কু; খিল খিল কৰিবা হানা; To make a charping tremulous noise like a bird:—বাব্দ কল্প বোধ-কু; উত্তেজিত-হ; To have a slight trembling of the nerves:—n. কিচিন্ন নিচিন শব্দ; A tremulous broken sound:—বাবুসমূহেন নামান্ত কল্পন; A slight trembling of the nerves.

Twittering, s. कन्यनि ; The sound of twittering :-- কিকিং উত্তেজনা ; Nervous excitement. Twittingly, ad. Garisona; In a twitting manner. Two, too, a. 夏 ; One and one :— n. 夏 , 代, २ ; The sum of one and one. [ Retaliation. Game at which two can play—হারণোণ; In two---विषा ; इहे काल वा परक। Kill two birds with one stone - \* \* \*\*\* ছুই কাজ-কু; Accomplish two objects at the same [ Fast ; starve. time or by one effort. Make two bites of a Cherry—waiting qivi, One or two—इहे बक। Two and a half—बाज़ाई, २} । Two of a trade-প্রতিশ্লী; Rivals. Two strings to one's bow—কোৰ অভিপ্ৰায় निष क्रिवाद क्ष इंडेने छेशाय ; Two expedients for executing a project or gaining a purpose. Two-edged, a. कुछ जित्क शातान ; इहे जीव विभिष्ठ ; विश्व ; Having two cdees :- ad. विश्ववहार । Two-fold, क्विटीयोर्व, ब. विश्वन ; विश्वनित्र , ब्लाहोत्रो , बूरे रुख, Double. ( बुह्द ; भक्ट । Two-handed, a. दिवत , डेंडब इन्ड पांत्रो गावशंड , Two-pence, a. मूला तिर्मय : आत्र d. नमान । Tyburn, n. Formerly a place of execution in London. Kings of tyburn—新君村, Public executioners. Tyburn's triple tree-A gallows. Tycoon, ti-koon, n. कामात्मद दोका ; कामात्मद दोद्धा-পাৰি; The political sovereign of Japan. [চাকৰ। Tympan, n. व्याप्रनीत्क वाद्यावस : मूलावस्त्र हक्षीव्छ Tympanitia, n. कर्लिट्ट्ब अमाह; कान-लाका, Inflammation of the membrane of the ear. Tympanum, timpan-um, n. কর্ণাটছ; কর্ণমণ্য ক্রাডার্যা, The membrane which separates the external from the internal car, the middle cavity of the ear separated by a membrance from the external passage. a -tympanic, tympanical ( পটहरू , ঢाকের মত )। [ कांशा , उपरत्न नायू-प्रकात । Tympany, Tympanites, n. উপৰ-ফারি; পেট Type, tip, n. ছাপার হবণ: मुसंकत: Punting ietter :-- वानर्न . नम्मा ; Model -- मृष्ठार ड कालि ड আকৃতি; Figure stamped on a com — মুদিত

চিছ, ছাপ; A mark struck:--লক্ষণ, নিদৰ্শন,

Sign; emblem:—প্ৰকাৰ; Kind; species — পুৰু পুচৰা, Foretoken. Syn:—Printing char-

acter, letter, symbol, figure, shadow, image,

adumbration; original, archetype, exemplar,

Type-setter, n. अक्श-विमानक। Type-writer, n. व वाह शांनात यह लावा इत ; व বাঞ্জি দেই যন্ত্ৰে লেখে। Type-writing, s. az visi fada i Typic, tip'ik, Typical, tip'ik-al, a. প্রতিরূপ ; আর্থাপ্রপা; Emblematical; model:—রূপ্য ; Metaphorical; emblematical:-Regular in attacks. ad-typically, n-typicalness. Syn:-Emblematic, figurative, symbolical. Typify, tip'e-fl, v. t. [ G. tupos, type, and L. facers, to make ] हिस् वा इवि बाह्रा अपूर्णन-कृ, अठि-क्रम चोडी प्रनीय : अञ्जल-क : To represent by an image; to exemplify; to prefigure. Syn:-Indicate, betoken, represent, foreshadow. Typographer, ti-poghaf-dr, अ. ছাপাকর : यूह्न-₹ ; A printer. [ यूडाकत-अमाम। A typographical mistake—ছानात जून; Typography, ti-pograf-1, n. Aufra-fani); The art of printing. as=typographic, typo-graphical ( मुजाकन-मक्कीय )। Typhoid, trioid, a. मानिभाजिक; Pertaining to or resembling typhus. Typhoid fever, Enteric fever—নারিপাতিক বিকার; অবিরাম জর। Typhoon, ti-िon, n. वृश् वाञान वृशी वाब ; बाह ; A violent hurricane, hat choking wind. Typhous, tifus, a. টাইছর অরন্যভার: Relating to typhus. Typhus, ti'lus, n. खन्नीकान , अमार खन निर्मय ; An exhausting fever. a=typhous. Typology, n. राज्यसम् बादनोडि ; The doctrine of scripture types. Tyrannic, ti-rank, Tyrannical, ti-rank al, Tyrannous, tir'an-us, a. अडाहांत्री; क्ल्मपाद, প্রসা-পীত্রক; Imperious, despotic, ad-tyrannically (অত্যাচারপুর্বক)। Syn .- Arbitrary ; cruel, severe, oppressive, grinding, inhuman. Tyrannise, tir'an-is, v. f. বেক্সিড ক্ষ্ডা প্রােগ-কু, অভ্যাচার-কু; অভ্যাচারী-হ; পীড়দ-কু; জুণুদ চু; To act the tyrant, to exercise despotic power. Syn: -Be despotic, domincer, lord over. Tyranny, tur'an-e, n. ওপত্রত, অভ্যাচার: অভ্যা-চারিতা; দৌরাক্স, বিচুর শানন, কঠোর শাসন; এঞা পীড়ন; নিষ্করতা; Absolute monarchy, cruelly administered; despotic exercise of power; oppression; cruelty. Syn:-Despotism, autocracy, absolutis n, dictatorship; iron rule. Tyrant, tir'ant, n. বেছাচার রাজা; অত্যাচারী লোক; হ্ৰায়া, পীড়ক; A despot; absolute monarch ruling oppressively or arbitrarily. Syn:-

Despot, autocrat; oppressor, persecutor.

of tyre.

novice. pl=tyros.

Tyrian, tiri-an, a. नान ; Purple :-- n. Native

Tyro, Tiro, tiro, n. [L. tire, a young recruit]

निकानिन , नुजन बड़ी ; अथम निकारी ; A 'beginner ;

U, ইংৰাজি বৰ্ণমালায় একবিংশ অকর বা ঘৰ্ব ; The 21st ) letter in the English alphabet.

Ubiquitous, c. সর্ব্যামী ; সর্ব্যা বর্ত্তমান ; Being every where : omnipresent.

Ubiquity, n-bikwe-te, n. [ L. ubique, every where ] সর্ব্ধন বিদ্যান্ত ; সর্বন্যাপিত ; Omnipresence.

Udal, udal, a. पांत्र ; Held independent :—n.

जनशेन তুসপান্তি ; Free-hold estate. [holder.

Udaller, n. অন্থীন তুসপান্তির অধিকারী ; A free
Udder, uder, n. গৰুর বাঁট ; পালান ; মোড় : The

breast of a female especially of a lower animal.

Ugh, inj. উ: , বিয়ক্তিপ্রকাশক অন্য ।

Ugly, ug'le, a. ক্যাকার; কংনিং; ক্রপ; Deformed:—ব্যার; Unpleasant —বৃণ্ডি; Hateful. n=ugliness. Syn:—Unsightly, plain, homely, ill-favoured; loathsome, hideous, horrid, shocking; cross, ill-natured.

Ugly customer—One who is difficult to deal with or manage.

Uhiar, n. रिनिक वित्यत , Kind of light cavalry, Ukase, u-kas, n. क्य-मञ्जादित व्यविक व्यक्ति । Proclamation of the Emperor of Russia; a Russian imperial decree.

Ulcer, ulser, n. [ L. ulcus, ulceris, a wound ] কড; নালী বা; নাড়ী-ব্ৰ1, Sore; sloughing score:— চন্নিত্ৰ বোৰ। Syn:—Imposthume, fester, gathering, boil, pustule.

Ulcerate, ulsér-at, v. i. (কতাদিব) বালী-ছ; কতে পরিণত-ছ; To be formed into an ulcer: v. t. নালী-খা বিশিষ্ট-ক; To affect with an ulcer. Ulceration, n. নালী হুলন; কত; বা; নালী-বা! Ulcerous, ulsér-us, a. কত; নাড়ীব্ৰণের বর্ণনাল্পা; গুচা খা-বিশিষ্ট; Having the nature of an ulcer. Ulna. ম. কলেণিব নিয়ন্ত্ৰ হুতের অধিক্ষয়ের একতর;

The larger bones of the forearm.
Ulster, n. श्री वा পুকৰের চিলা खांगा विल्य ।

On the 15th ult—नंड शासन ३०३ ठातिए। Ulterior, ultere-or, a. [L. ulter, that is

beyond ] Gaa; Succeeding:—9438; 9448;; 9448; 91514; 9448; Remoter; further; more distant; beyond.

Ulterior object—নিগৃঢ় উদ্দেশ্ত ! বিজ্ঞান । বিদেশ ।
Ultima, a. অতি দুববজী:—n. (বানকৰে) শব্দের
Ultimate, ulte-mat, a. [ L. ultimatus, last ]
চরম ; শেব ; অভিম ; Last ; final:—দুরতম ; Furthest:—অবিভাল্জা ; Incapable of further division.
Syn:—Furthest, extreme, eventual, conclusive.
Ultimate truth—মুল সভ্য ; বাহা ভালিয়া আমন্ত সহজ্ঞ
করিতে পারা বার মা ।

Ultimately, ad. পরিশেব ; অতে ; চরবে।
Ultimatum, ul-ti-mátum, n. শেব প্রভাব ; চরব
অধা ; Last offer ; final proposition ; last condi-

\*4!; Last offer; final proposition; last conditions offered before taking hostile measure.

pl=ultimata.

Ultimo, ulti-mo, s. পত নানে: In the last month:—n. গত নান; The last month:—সংকোশ ult নিখিত হয়।

Ultra, গুরু , স্বায় ; ফাট ; ফাড়া ; Beyond ; over:
—a. স্বায় ; উৎকট ; Extreme ; extravagant :—
n. উৎকট সভাবলয় । [fashionable, ultra fashionable, a. স্বভান্থ বিলালী ; Extremely Ultraism, n. উৎকট সভ ; আৰ্ল প্রিবর্তনের পোষ্ট্রা ; Extreme democratical principles.

Ultramontane, ul-tra-mohtan, a. পর্যভগারে আব্দ্নিত ; প্রত্যার প্রাথমিত ; Beyond the mountains :
—বিশেষীর ; Foreign :—আরম্ পর্যাত্মের অন্য পারস্থ ;
On that side of the Alps :—পোপ স্বালীয় , Popish :—সা. প্রত্যান্তি বালি বালি ; বিশেষী বাজি ;

Ultramontanism, ul-tra-montan-izm, ন. পোপের প্রাধান্য স্বন্ধে চরম মত; Extreme views, as to the Pope's rights.

Ultramontanist, n. विष्णीत लांक, Foreigner:
— लांलव आधान विषय हवस अञ्चलकी; Popist.

Ultramundane, e. পৃথিবী ছাড়া, জগতের বাছির; ভূলোকের বহিছুত; Being beyond the world.

Umbel, umbel, n. কুল বিশেষ; ছৱাপুলা; A kind of flower in which a number of stalks, each bearing a flower radiate from one centre.

Umbelio, um-bilik, Umbelical, um-bilik-al, a. নাভি-সৰকীয়; নাভি-দেশীয়; Pertaining to the navel. I ducing umbels.

Umbeliferions, a. ছত্ৰপুন্ধী; Bearing or pro-Umber, Umbre, n. পাটন বধু বিশেষ; A brown pigment:—ভেকভূক পক্ষিবিশেষ:—v. t. To tinge with umber:—a. পাটনবধীবশিষ্ট; বোৰ।

Umbilical cord—নাভি রক্ত্, যে নাড়ী খারা গর্ভহ শিশু কুলের সহিত সংযুক্ত থাকে; Navel string.

Umbilical region—नानि-ग्रातन ।

Umbra, n. अहांनिव त्यांव श्वांव हाया।

Umbrage, umbrāj, n. [I.. umbra, a shade]
বুক্লের ছালা; A screen of trees; shadow;
shade;:—আনভোষ; ভোষ; বিরক্তি; Offence.
Syn:—Shade; offence, resentment, displeasure, anger, pique, grudge.
[বোষ বহণ ক:
Take umbrage—ক্ৰ-ছ; বোষাবিই হ; বিষক্ত-হ;
Umbrageous, um-brā'jē-us, a. [L. umbraticus, from umbra, a shade] নিৰিড়; ছাৱাৰ্থন;
Shady:—ছাৱাৰ্য ; ছাৱাৰ্যটা; Forming or affording a shade. Syn:—Shading, shady, shaded:

obscure, indistinct.
Umbrella, um-brela, n. হব; হাডা; পাওপর;
A covered sliding frame carried in the hand as a screen to protect from rain or sunshine.

Umpire, umpir, n. मधात्र; नानिन ; ज्ञीत वाक्षि ; An arbitrator ; a third person to whose deci-

sion a question between parties is referred :v. t. वगुष्ट स्टेबा मीमारमा-स । Sym :-- Judge, arbitrator, referee, arbiter. Umpireship, #. সালিসি ; বধাছতা। Unable, un-abl, a. जनवर्ष: जनक: जनक: Not able; not having sufficient strength. Syn :-Incapable, powerless, impotent. Unabashed, pre. a. जनकिंड ; नक्सराय ना प्रिया ; Feeling no shame. Unabated, a. अअनंतिक ; वाहात द्वान देव नाहे ! Unaccented, s. चन्नार्च ; बाहा ब्लाम निमा केळातिक [ pleasing. इड्रेट्स ना : समस्कृतिक विक्रित । Unacceptable, a. अश्रहनीत ; अनुभारत ; Not Unaccountable, un-ak-kownta-bl, a. wish नरह ; साम्रिकनुना ; Not responsible :-- कूर्ब्बन ; Un-[ अमाशांत्रण ; Not used. explainable. Unaccustomed, a. অকৃতাভ্যাস ; অনভ্যস্ত ; অবিদিত ; Unacquainted, a. অন্তাত ; অপরিচিত। Unadorned, a. অভূবিত ; অনলম্বত। [ অমিলিভ। Unadulterate, Unadulterated, a. 415; Unadvised, un-ad-vizd, a. व्यविम्याकात्री ; व्यक्ति-সিছ; অসকত; Not prudent or not discreot; rash. ad = unadvisedly ( অবিবেচনপূৰ্ণক ) : Unaffected, e. সরল: অকপট ; Sincere :—সহজ , Natural :-- अन्त ; बरिक्ड ; बरिक्ड । Unsided, a. बशाह-माश्या:-ad. माश्या विना । Unalloyed, a. আমিথিত; Unmixed:--বিভদ্ধ; পাঁট ; Pure. Unalterable, c. অপরিবর্তনীয় : স্থির : Unchangeable. ad=unalterably, n=unalterableness. Unaltered, a. অপরিবর্তিত। Unambiguous, a. শৃষ্ট ; মার্থকম্বানীন। Unambitious, a. উচ্চাভিলাৰ প্ৰিশ্ৰা; Not aspiring. ad = unambitiously. n=un imbitiousness. Unamiable, a. बृहेशकृष्टि ; ध्रिती । Unanimity, u-na-nime-te, n. विकास ; विका-মততা; মতের মিল; State or quality of being unanimous; agreement in opinion. Syn :- Agreement, concord, concert, accord, unity. Unanimous, u-nahe-mus, a. [ L. unus, one, and animus, mind | একমত; একবাকা; একননা; Agreeing in opinion or will :- Done with the agreement of all. = unanimity ( वेकाडा , agreement.) ad = unanimously ( এक गठ रहेश ; अक्षात्का )। Syn:-Concordant, agreeing, harmonious. Unanswerable, a. योशंत डेउन नांडे; Not auswerable :—ৰথঙনীয় ; অগ্ৰন্তিবাচ্য ; Decisive. Unanswered, a. बाहात्र डेखत (मध्या इत नाहे ; Not replied :-- আৰ্থিড ; Not reluted. Inappalled, a. নিজাক; অণ্ডিড; নির্ভন্ন; Not Naunted :-- p. a. निर्द्धा

Unapproachable, c. वनशिंगमा ; इत्रह ; योशांत्र

Unapproved, a. बनबूरमानिक ; बन्नेहोंक ; Not ap-

Unapt, un-apt, s. আৰুপাৰ ; Not apt or fit :-Not ready to learn. Syn :-- Inappropriate,

unsuitable, irrelevant; unfit, unqualified, in-

Unarmed, n. नित्रव ; श्रवानि वाता अमस्ति ; Not

Unasked, a. अवार्षिङ; अवाहिङ; अनाहङ; Unso-

[ proved.

[ armed : —क्फॅक्शेम ।

निक्छे यांबद्रा ५५४।

competent; dull, slow.

heited ;-ed. Maife 361:4 1

Unassisted, a. महात्र हा-याजी ह ; विना माहारमा । Unassuming, un-as-stiming, e. विमीक ; न्य ; স্ণীল ; অনহয়ত ; Modest. Unattainable, c. অথাপা ; ছর্লচ ৷ Unauthentic, a. कृतिम ; जश्मानिक। Unauthorized, a. अनव्यकः, यारा निना आतिर দশ্পাদিত হন ; Depudiated. Unavailable, a. अथाना ; त्या ; अनर्द । Unavailing, un-a-valing, a. नित्र्वक ; जकार्या-कत्र ; वृथा ; निष्मण ; Useless. Unavoidable, a. व्यानवाद्या ; व्यवस्थादी ; Inevitable; necessary. ad=unavoidably; ( অনিবাৰ্থ-কপে ); n=unavoidableness ( অনিবার্থাতা )। Unaware, un-a-war', Unawares, un-a-warz', n. অকলাৎ ; হঠাৎ ; Unexpectedly ; suddenly. At unawares—श्री : वह्निक्तार । Unbar, un-bar', v. t. বোলা; হড়কা বোলা; বিল [ cate ; to stip. খোলা : To open. Unbark, v. t. ছাল ছাড়ান ; নিত্ত-কু , To decorti-Unbathed, a. অসিন্ত ; অহাত। Unbearable, a. অস্ঞ্, চু:স্ফ; Intolerable. ad=unbearably, n=unbearableness. Unbecoming, a. অপুপষ্ক ; অপুচেত , Unfit ; unsurtable:--वडफां िड, निमनीय; Improper. ad= unbecomingly, n-unbecomingness. Unbelief, un-be-lef, n. অবিখাদ ; অপ্রভার ; নাজি-ৰতা; নাজিক্য-বৃদ্ধি; Disbelief, incredulity. Syn: -Distrust, doubting, fice-thinking, scenticism, infidelity. Unboliever, un-be-lever, n. নাতিক; বিশাস্থীন गानि; An incredulous person, an infidel; a sceptic. Sym:--Infidel, disbeliever, thinker, deist, sceptic. [ tical. Unbelieving, un-be-leving, a. नाविक ; Scep-Unbend, un-bend, v. t. লোকা-ক ; সটান-ক ; ন্ব-ক . To make straight; to straighten :--নিধিল-কু; আপুগা-কু; To relax; to set at ease .-विद्याम-त्म ;-- बनमि ड-कृ , काा-तूक-कृ :- v. i. त्माब्ना-रू . বৈশাস-ক ৷ p. t. and p. p.=anbent. Syn:-Loose, loosen; untie, unfasten; straighten; remit; take recreation, divert, be amused. Unbending, un-bending, a. অনুদ্ৰ; কঠিন; কডা; দুঢ়প্রতিজ্ঞা; অটন ; Unyielding ; resolute . inflexible. Unbondingly, ad. मुख्याद ; किडूमां व वान् मा Unbias, un-bi'as, v. t. পদপাডিছ মুক্ত-কৃ. To iree from bias:--a. অপকপাতী; প্ৰপাতপুত্ৰ; নিরপেক। ad=unbiasly (নিরপেকভাবে); n=unbiasness ( নিরপেক্ষতা )। Unbiassed, a. অপকপাতী ; Impartial. Unbidden, a. অনাহত, অনিমন্তিত; Uninvited :-ad. वनाइ उकार । Unbind, un-bind, o.t. व्यानगुक्त-कृ; To loose; to untie :-- वृतिया-(म ; हाड़िश-(म ; To set frec. Syn :- Untie, unfasten ; unstrain, set free. Unblamable, a. व्यक्तित , व्यक्तित :- विर्द्धात ; Innocent. Unbleached, a. (पान ना त्यस्त्रा ; अर्थोठ। Unblemished, a. अव्हे ; निर्फाय ; निवृंक ; Unstained. Unblown, a. বারু ছারা অবন্দিক , জরাত।

Unblushing [ 1015 ] Unblushing, un-blushing, a. बिर्नाच ; नकारीन ; Uncharitable, a. अनुष्रंत ; नदीनित ; Not chari-বেহারা: Imprudent. Unbolt, un-bolt, v. t. श्लोना, व्यन्ति-कः; इसकी-বোলা ; To unbar :-- v. i. অকাপ-ছ ; To explain or unfold a matter. Unbolted, a. জনগ্ৰিড; অচাণিড; খুল। Unborn, a. অসুংশয়; অজাত; Not yet born:--ভাবী : ভবিবাং : Future. Unboam, un-booinm, v. f. মৰ পুৰে প্ৰকাশ-ড়; सामत्र कथा वाझ-कृ ; To tell or disclose freely. Unbought, a. बाङीह : दिनांग्रना बर्जिह । Unbound, un-bownd, c. निश्चिन; आनुत्रा; अवक ; Loose. Unbounded, un-bounded, c. धभीय; अन्छ; শ্পবিদিত; Boundless. Syn:--Interminable, unlimited; unrestrained; excessive. Unbraco, un-bras, v. t. निधिन-क ; To loose; to relax. Syn:-Loosen, remit; enervate, enfeeble. Unbred, a. অলাত : Unborn :—স্বিনীত : অসভা : অশিকিড; Not taught or trained. Unbridled, un-bridled, a. অসংব্ড; উক্লয়াল; রশিষ্ক , Unrestrained :—কামুক ; লশুটু ; Licenbarous. ticus. Unbridled passions—ছকার রিপ্রণ। Unbroached, a. খনুক ; অকুলাটিত। Unbroken, un-beika, a. ভগু , অংশ্ভিত : আক্টিড ; প্রবৰ্ণীভূত; অপ্রাঞ্জিত; Not broken or violated. Syn -- Round, full, complete, entire, undisturbed, sound, profound. Unbrotherly, a. ধাহা আভার পক্ষে অস্তিত। Unbuckle, un-bukl, e. t. शनवस च्निया-(प : To unfasten. Unbuilt, a. এখনও অগঠিত বা অনিৰ্দ্বিত। Unbuised, a. অকত ; অকুটিত। Unburden, un-bur'dn, Unburthen, bur'thn, v. f. 近域可可一季; To free the mind from any anxiety:-- छोत्रमुक-क ; श्रीनात-क । Unburned, Unburnt, a. 47%; Not burn. Unbutton, un-buton, v. t. বোডাম খোলা; To loose the buttons of. [ free from a cage. Uncago, unkaj. v. f. পিলন হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To set Uncalled-for, a. অপ্রার্থিত, ব্যুপ্রস্ত ; অভিনিক্ত ; Not required or needed; improper. Uncanny, a. महनीय ; खानंद-महून ; Dangerous : –আক্ষা ; ভৌতিক ; Mysterious. Uncared-for, a. অনামৃত; উপেকিত; অকৃত্বৰু; Not heeded. [ take out of a case. Uncase, un-kas, v. t. व्यावतन क्टेंट्ड वाहित-कृ ; To ব্দরঞ্জিত। Uncoasing, a. ক্রমাগত ; অবিরত ৷ Uncertain, un-ser'tan, a. খনিশ্চিত ; সন্ধিধ্ব : সংশল্প-পন : Not certain ; not positively known :-- চঞ্ল ; আহিব্যচিত্ত। Syn:--Ambiguous, equivocal, indistinct, indefinite; insecure, precarious, unreli-

able; not sure, not confident, doubtful, dubious;

Uncertainty, n. অভিনতা; অনিকরতা; Want of certainty; doubtfulness; dubiousness,

Unchain, un-chan, v. t. ping sets year:

ज्यानमुक्त-क ; शांकिता-(न ; To free from chains, or

[ Immutable.

irregular, unpunctual; capricious, fitful.

slavery.

table: - 44; ##; Harsh. ad-uncharitably (अन्यातकार्य); ==uncharitableness (हिस्स्ड मदीर्या ; व्यत्मेशर्ग )। Unchary, a. अविख्याती ; अमारवान । Unchaste, c. at; with; willy: Lewd. Unchastity, n. agsi; siesis; siesi; siesi; Lewdness. Unchecked, a. অবারিত ; অপ্রতিহত। Unohristian, a. খুরীর বর্ম-বিসহিত; Not Christian ; infidel. [ ]; To expel from a church. Unchurch, un-church, v. t. वर्षमक्ली श्हेटड विश्व ड-Uncial, a. बृह्द अका अवसीत : Pertaining to a certain style of letters :-- n. यावनिक दुश्कात ; An unicial letter. [ shaped. Unciform, a. बाक्डांब नांच बाकांबरिनिष्ठे; Hooked-Uncinate, a. arats; Hooked at the end. Uncivil, un-sivil, a. অসভা; অশিষ্ট; অবিনীত; Not civil or complaisant. ad=uncivilly ( ) हेडाव )। Syn:—Impolite, discourteous, r.da, unmannerly, ungracious, disrespectful. Uncivilised, a. অসভা; অণিক্ষিত; বর্ষর; Bar-Unclaimed, a. অ-সামিক; বে-দাবি; বাহার কেচ [ the clasp of. দাবি বা দাওয়া কবে নাই। Unclasp, v. f. बन्नन-चौकड़ा बृजिहा क्ला ; To loose Uncle, ung'kl, n. लिहा ; न्या : माजून ; निया ; त्याना : The brother of one's father or mother. Unclean, un-kleh, a. अश्विक ; अवक ; Foul :---[বিত্রভা }। यजिन : स्ट्राष्ट्र : Dirty. Uncleanly, a. অপবিত। ≈=uncleanliness ( অপ-Uncloanness, un-klehnes, n. অপবিত্রতা; মলি-ৰতা; Want of cleanness. Syn :- Dirtiness, foulness, filth; lewdness, incontinence. Uncloak, un-klok, v. t. अस्त्रत वश्तिवत्त मुक्त-कृ; To remove a cloak from. Unclog, v. t. कीलक-निर्मुङ-कृ; चूनिया (पंदर्श; To set at liberty. unclosed. Unclose, un-kloz, v. t. cetel : To open. a-Unclosed, un-klozd, a. मुक ; Open. Unclothe, un-kloth, v. t. विवत-कु; डेनक-कृ; To [ clothing. make naked; to strip. Unclothed, a. উলছ ; বিবন্ধ ; নশ্ম ; Divested of Uncock, v. f. (বনুকেব) বোডা নিচু-কু; বোড়া নামান; To let down the cock of, as a firearm. Uncoil, un-koil, p. t. ब्लाफ़ लोनी; लेंह लोनी; শিক্ষড়িত-কু; To unwind. Uncoloured, a. वाशांख बढ़ (मधवा रुत नारे; [ Not comely. Uncomely, a. बङ्गद : क्रिड ; क्बै ; बङ्गिड : Uncomfortable, a. बातांत्रपृत्र ; बदवी ; बनव्य ; Ill at ease, ad = uncomfortably, n=uncomfortableness. Uncommon, un-komun, a. অসাধারণ; অসাধার ; अनुद्धं ; आर्फ्ड्यं ; Not common ; strange ; not n=uncommonness. Syn :-- Rare, usual. scarce, infrequent, unwonted, unusual, un-[ Rarely. markable, strange. Uncommonly, ad. माधानवकाण मवित्ववकाण ; Uncompromising, c. নিৰ্বাছালন্ম-বৃক্ত; সন্ধি-विशास नाताल : Not agreeing to terms. Syn :--Unchangeable, a. अन्तिवर्डनीय : :-- विका : दिव : Obstinate, unyielding, intlexible.

Unconcern. a. feersel; delale : Statuel : Absence of anxiety. [ Not concerned. Unconcerned, a. विश्वानुक : উर्देशनुक : উर्देशनिक : Unconcernedly, ad. वक्तन ; निर्धावनात्र । Unconditional, un-kon-dishun-al, a. Ci-क्यांती : वांका क्यांत्रिय धरीन मद्द : अन्यव्हीन : Not limited or conditioned. ed-unconditionally ( (4-क्वारत ; সময় বা করির।)। Syn :-- Unrestricted, [ -- দপরিস্কর: युक्त । unlimited, unqualified. Unconditioned, a. अनिविष्ठ , Unconditional : Unconfirmed, a. অভূচীকৃত : অসমৰ্থিত। [বিসলুল ! Uncongenial, c. अनय-पद्धाव : विश्म अकृष्टिक ; Unconquerable, a. चान्त्र ; जनवारमप्र ; हर्ज्य ; Invincible. [from. Uncork, v. t. feff (4) of; To draw the cork Unconscionable, a. वृक्ति-(यक्ष ; विरक्षित विक्रम् , व्याविक्रम् ; व्याविक्रम् ; व्याविक्रम् ; Not conformed to conscience; unreasonable. ad-unconscionably, ==unconscionableness. Unconnected, a. অসংযুক্ত; অসমক ; অসংলগ্ন। Unconscious, a. अक्षान; तर्हन, बाहजन; Not conscious ; ignorant. ad = unconsciously (अञ्चाउ-সাবে); n=unconsciousness ( সংজ্ঞাহীনতা ) i Unconstitutional, a. वानश्मिक नरहः विवि-বিশহিত : অবৈশ : Contrary to the constitution. Uncontrollable, a. अरोश ; अव्या ; धारन ; Ungovernable. Uncouple, un-kup'l, v. t. १९३० ; To disjoin. Uncourteous, un-kurte-us, a. कक: खिनीड: अत्र , Rude, uncivil, unpolite. ad=uncourteously, n=uncourteousness. Uncouth, un-kooth, a. [ A. S. un, not, and cudh, known ] অপরিচিত; Unfamiliar:--অসহত; অঘত ; কুৎসিত ; Awkward :-- লছত , অপৰূপ , Odd ; strange. n=uncouthness ( अपन्यता ; अपन्यता )। Syn: -Unusual, strange, unseemly, boorish, clumsy, clownish, ungainly. Uncovenanted, a. हेन्स्योन : अनायानिष्ठ-पूर्व । Uncover, un-kuver, v. t. (时间, 宝戒语 - 平; নয়-কু; To lay open :-- সাই প্ৰকাশ-কু, To disclose-v. i. मधानार्थ हुनी चूनिया (कना। Syn:-Strip, lay bare, expose, disclose, discover. Unction, ungshun, n. व्यक्तिलान, रेडन मध्नन; Anounting :-- भन्म , Ointment :-- अनीष्ट्र स्टि ; ওল: তা ত ভব করিবাল ; Warmth of devotion. Extreme unction—(दामीद शर्भद सहिम टिनालाक अनुष्ठीन ; In the Roman Catholic Church, the rite of anointing with consecretated oil, administered to persons at the point of death, Lay a flattering unction to the soul-বুখা আপনাকে প্রভারিত-ভু; (কোন কিছু লইরা) মনে ৰৰে মাখা-ক ; Delude oneself with false hopes :--হবের বন্ন দেখিরা অন্তরাস্থাকে ভগু কু ; Soothe oneself with some pleasant fancy; flatter oneself with a pleasant belief. [ siness. Unctuosity, #. ভৈল্বয়তা; Oiliness; grea-Unctuous, ung'tu-us, a. हिस्बुक ; देवनाक ; मर्च : ভেলা; Greasy; oily. n=unctuousity, unctuousness, ad=untuously. Syn :- Fat, fatty; oily, olcaginous, adipose.

Uncultivated, a. অক্ষিত ; পভিত।

Uncurl, v. t. कूक्त स्हेटड मूक-कृ , To loose from

ringlet :-- v. i. :-- १७ १७-१; To fall from a curled state. Uncut, a. वक्तिंत, विकास Undated, a. ভाविषशेन : बाबाट छाविष व्यवहां एव मारे :-- जबनावमान ; Rising and falling in waves. ( निर्हात ) : n=undauntedness ( निर्ही करा)। Undeceive, v. s. बाह्य पृत-कृ ; तकू कृष्टेहिंबा-रा ; To free from deception or mistake. [ settled. Undecided, a. अमोमाः निष्ठः अनिक्रिणिडः, Not Undeclinable, a. याहांत क्रम कता यात मा ; अवात । Undefeced, a. অনুগায়রিত : অ-বিলুপ্ত। Undefended, a. অসমর্থিত ; অরক্ষিত । Undefined, a. अनिक्रिणेड : अनिक्रीडिंड : विनक्ष्य । Unde-in-law, n. 45402 of cars 403; The brother of a wife's or a husband's father. Undeniable, a. बकांता ; व्यवक्र बीकांशा ; व्यक्ति । Under, under, prep. निष्म ; नीत्र ; In a lower position than; beneath, below: -- उन ; उनकारन ; Less than :--वनवर्ती रहेना ; In subjection, in subordination, in liability :- অধীনে; তাঁৰে :-- সময় মধ্যে; কোনঃ অবস্থান . During the time of :-adv. निता ; Below :- छैन ; Less :- वतन ; खरीरन , In subjection - নিম অবস্থায় ; In a lower degree or condition :- a. निषष: निष ; निषवणी ; Lower . -অধীনস্থ ; নমিত ; Subject ; subordinate. (শ্ৰোত। An under current, n. दिश्दी ह क्रिक व्हमान अवः An under dose-वह बाउ!। Bring under - बरोदन साना। [ subjection. Go under -- निषम-इ। Keep under-अशील दांश ; उन्दर दांश ; Hold in To be under a cloud—मत्पदांशीन-इ, To be suspected; to be mistrusted. To be under the apprehension—ভীত-হ: To be apprehensive. Under age-नाराजक: पर्व बहरमद क्य: Not yet arrived at the period when one legally ceases to be under parents and guardians. Under arms - अवन्य मुख्य : मन्य रहेवा वृद्धार्थ প্ৰস্তুত ; বুদ্বাৰ্থ সৈনিক শ্ৰেণীভূক , Drawn up ready to use arms, as soldiers. [ ted ; interdicted. Under ban, a. कान किंदू कतिए निविष्क ; Prohibi-Under cover—रिकड; बाद्धाविक वा नुकाविक. Sheltered, protected. Under fire—माजन शिलन अधिन्यहः माजन अधि वर्रावत माना ; वृत्त थावृत शाक्ति। Exposed to an enemy's shot. Under lock and key-চাৰি निया क्य: Completcly shut. [ in full view. Under one's nose—3∓ नच्द ; In plain sight; Under one's seal-काराज नागांकिक ब्लाहत पिता हिक्कि ; Attested by one's scal. ্ চলিভাবসার। Under sail-भारेन बाबा गंनिङ: পাইলক্ষরে Under sentence—न्डांबीन ; क्लार्ट्स्व वनवर्ती ; Having sentence pronounced against. Under the auspices of-त्वांन वड़ :लांद्वत অপুরহে বা আপুকুলো; Through the influence of; under the patronage of. Under the breath-नृष्यत्व ; हूल हूल ; Under one's breath; very softly. Under the guise of friendship -- नक्रम जान

Under one's hand. Under one's hand-काहाबड महिव्छ ; Bearing অবহার। one's signature. Under one's signature—কাহাৰও নাম সাক্রিড Under the hand and seal of-wisted with a এবং নামান্তিত মোহর দিয়া চিহ্নিত; সহিও মোহরবুক্ত হইরা : Attested by the signature and seal of. Under the head - বেশভুক, In the class that includes. Under the les-To the leew and Under the mark—विक श्रीवसार्यव क्य । Under the mask-हन कविया , क्यारवरन । Under the mask, cloak or pretence of religion—ধর্মের ভান করিয়া. By pretending to be religious. Under the rose-catata; Privately, in secret. Under the scal of secrecy—গোপনে রাখিতে अझीकांब कांब्रिय, With the promise that it should [ the earth be kept secret. Under the sun-পৃথিকতে; In the world, on Under the thumb of-मण्यवाल भवाधीन, Servicely obedient, controlled by Under the wing of - wife, Under the cue or protection of. ( तकांग । Under water—ङला मधा। Underway (or weigh)-- प्रामागड, हा नडीanother.

Underbid, v t অভাপেশা নান ম'লা ভাবা, দব क्याहेब्रा डाका, अब भन्न रेका, lo bid less than Underbred, under bred, a. হীন শিকা বা পিট্টাচাৰ বিশিষ্ট . Of inferior breading or minners

Underclay, n Feet &4. A stratum of clay Underclothes, n. অৱকান , চণ্ণাব্ধ। Undercurrent. n খা-বোঠ, অস্থাই. A cur-

rent below the surface of water Underdone, a. यांश मण्लुर्व भिन्न इय नाई, अमगाद

Me. Done less than is requisite, insufficiently [ श्रीव्याग ।

Underdose, n. নান মাত্রা , পূর্ণ মাত্রা অপেকা কম Underdrain, n. ज्ञाक ह नातानानी , A drain below the surface of the ground

Underestimate, ण अकृड मृत्वात कम वित्वान-कृ: – ৪০ অবস্চিত মূল্য নিরূপণ।

Underfeed, v t. wis we we wister water, To feed with too little food. িধান বস্তঃ Undergarment, n. वाद्यक्तान . वाद्यवाद्यव निमन्त পरि-Undergird, क नित्स वक्त-कृ, To bind below.

Undergo, un-der-go, v. । मश्-कृ, महा, To endure or suffer, to bear up against .-- अशेन-इ. To be subjected to .—অপুভব-কু , ভোগ-কু ৷ Syn :— Bear, suffer, sustain, experience, endure.

Undergraduate, under-gradu-at, m. विष-विमा-লরের বে ছাত্র বিএ উপাধি প্রাপ্ত হয নাই; A student who has not taken his first degree.

Underground, under-ground, a. कृषिकाल्य অবংহ ; ভূমির নিরত্ব ; মাটার ভিতর ; Under the surface of the ground : subterranean.

Undergrowth, under-groth, अ. वस वृत्कन निम-ৰাত চাৰাগাছ : বুক্তবে উৎপন্ন কথাদি , Shrubs growing under trees.

Underhand, under-hand, ad. (नानान: वास्त्र-ভাবে ; শঠতাপুৰ্বাৰ . By secret means ; by fraud : -- अ. त्र ; स्थानबीच ; ७७ , Secret.

Underlay, un-der-la, v. t. face शानव-क : मीडि लेका-ल . To lay beneath Incath; to support. Underlie, v. नीर्ड बोको ; निमञ्-इ ; To he be-Underline, un-der-lin, v ' (कान भारत निशा कनि होना , नेटह (त्रश होना , निम-त्र्य-कृ , To draw a line below, as a word

Underling, under-ling, n. डीरवनांव ; अशेनक कर्द-हाती , अश्रीनत्र वाङि , An interior person or agent : —নীচ বাজি , A mean fellow

Underlying, a. নিমন্ত , তলান্তী।

Undermaster, n महकारी विक्क , महकारी शक । Undermentioned, a. निम्निविक, यादाव नाम गरब **উक्ट इ**हेगाइ ।

Undermine, un-der-min, v. t. अर: अन्त-क: গোডার হুড়ক কটা, To dig under, to destroy or fell what is above — গেপৰে নষ্ট-ক ; গোপৰে ক্ষতি-F. To mure by underhand means.

Undormost, under-most, a. sup fare, नक-নিমাবলী . Lowest.

Underneath, under-noth, ad बिराव, नीरह ; छान ; Below -pre. fara , Beneath

Underplot, under-plot, n. অভিসন্ধি , শুপু মন্ত্রণা ; ণুট প্রাম্প, Subordinate plot; a elandestime scheme -नाइत्क जानविक यहेनावनी । [Support. Underprop, un-der-prop', v t अवन्यन बाका; Underrate, under -rat, v. t. अहमूना-कृ, कमलदाब ফেন্ডৰা কু, ভুজুজাৰ কু, Depreciate, undervalue: — ১ িছ মূৰ্য তপেকা অন্মূল্য , A price less than the worth.

Undersecretary, n. जरीनांशक , निश्चत मणांनक । Undernot, n विभवे उरारी व्यय:-त्यांडः —v. t. पविषा ₹41, lo prop f ter passing below. Undershot, a. अष: अवार्ड हालिङ ; Moved by wa-Undersell, un-der-sel v অপরের অপেকার সন্থা भट्द विश्व र-कृ, कम भट्ड (रहा , To sell cheaper than. p. a = undi rsold-

Undersetter, त. खरतस्य , A prop or support. Undersign, under-sin, ৩ t বিষে নাম স্বাক্ষ্য-কু; To write one's name at the foot of.

The undersigned—निष्य चाक्रवकांत्री . र्णवक । Understand, un-der-stand, v t. gars aid; হাদবজম কু, প্রাণিধান-কু; বোধ-কু, Comprehend --জাত-কৃ, জানান , Bc informed :--উহ থাকা , To imply -v : sets-v, To be informed of. pp. pt = understood. Syn :- Recognise, know, perceive, discern, interpret, take, suppose; learn. Being informed of. heat.

Boing given to understand—ছাত হইবা: Give one to understand—कांशंबर कवांट अहे वया यात्र . Lead one to believe .- काशांक किছू बना . कानान , खांड-कु , Inform one.

Make one's self understood—काशाब अविधाब শাপ্ত করিয়া বুঝাইয়া দেওরা।

Understanding, un-der-standing, #. 114; ধীশক্তি , Intellect .—জান , বোগ , Knowledge :— ঠিক অমুভৰ . Exact comprehension :- মিনুন : Hermony : - নত , করার। Syn .- Intelligence, apprehension, perception, conception, notion. idea; mind, sense, reason, brains; agreement, accord.

Good understanding-7814 ! On the understanding-अहेबन क्यांगांडी इन्हांच ; और गरम कवित्रा ना कार्यिता ; और पूचिता ; On the condition.

To come to an understanding with— কাহানত সহিত কোনও বিষয় সম্বন্ধে সন্ধি-কৃ; যুক্তি-কৃ; বন্ধোৰত-কৃ।

Understate, under-stat, v. t. ক্ম কৰিবা বলা, স্তা অপেকা কম বৰ্ণনা-তৃ, To state or represent below the truth.

Undertake, un-dêr-tāk, e. t. নিজের বাড়েল; বীকার-কু; To take upon oneself:—চেট্রা-কু; To attempt:—অসীকার-কু; To accept:—হত্তে-ল; ভার-ল; To take in hand.—অনুভ-হ. To engage in. pt—undertook. p. p.—undertaken. Syn:—Engage in, embark in, enter upon; agree, stipulate, promise.

Undertaker, under-taker, n. নুদাকবান; One who manages funerals:—মুক্তিবাক, One who undertakes.

Undertaking, un-dér-tāking, n. কাৰ্য: কৰ্ম:
আনবাহনিক কাৰ্য, অসীকান্ত: Any business or project engaged in, enterprise. Syn:—Engagement, promise, effort, endeavour, attempt, adventure.

Undertenant, n. পেটাৰ প্ৰকা: কর্-প্ৰকা। Undertone, n. নিয় বয়: A low tone.

Undervalue, un-der-valu, v. t. সামান্য জান-ক;
কমমূল্যের বিবেচনা-কু; To esteem lightly:—তৃত্
জান-কু; To make below the real worth:—n. কম
কর; Low rate or price. n=undervaluation
(উচিতাপেকা অনুষ্যা নিষ্যারণ)। Syn:—(v) Underrate, misprize; depreciate, disestoem, despise.

Underwent, p. t. of un lergo.

Underwood, n. ওমানি; বৃশানির মধ্যন্থ বোপ; Coppice. [ পদন-কু। Underwork, v. t. আল লাভে সমান কাজ-কু; অধঃ Underwrite, un-der-rit, v. t. বিমা-কু; কচিপ্রথ করিতে আলীকার-কু; পাক্ষর-কু; To insure against loss at sea; to write under something else; to subscribe.

Uuderwriter, under-rit-er, n. বিমাকারক, বে বিমা করে; বিমাকারী; বাক্ষরকর্ত্তা; Insurer, one who insures; insurer of ships and cargoes.

Undeserved, a. অনুপন্ত ; অনুচিত ; অনুসত ; Failed to deserve. ad—undeservedly ( অসলতক্ষণ )।
Undeserving, a. অনুপ্ৰোগী ; অপাত : অনুধিকাৰী ।
Undesignedly (বিনা সভলবে) । n—undesignedneserving a. অনুধিকাৰী ল : অনুভিন্ত । মিলাবিলাকী ল : Not desirable.

Undestrable, a. অনুধিনী ল : অনিভিত , Not desirable.
Undetermind, a. অনিশী ল : অনিভিত , Not desirable.

Undetermind, a. আনশাত ; আনান্ডত , Not d Undeterred, a. অসম্ভুচিত ; অবাধিত।

Undevisting, a. व्यविहान इ ; Steady.

Undigested, a. জনীৰ্ণ; জপক; যাহা হলম হয় নাই; Indigested.
[Not dignified.
Undignified a. পৌৰুক্তিন্দ্ৰেক : প্ৰতিষ্ঠানাক্ত

Undignified, a. (श्रीत्रवशीन-सन्द ; अधिसी-नागक ; Undiminished, a. अकीय ; व्यवसीवृष्ठ ।

Undisciplined, a. অবিনীত; অপিনিড; Not disciplined:—নাৰীড়া। [ সরল; খোলাসা।
Undisguised, a. জনাক্ষাদিত; Open:—পাই;
Undismayed, a. অপৰিড, নিউন।

Undisputed, a. निर्काशा , अनापिक ।

Undistinguished, a. অচিছিত; অপ্রাণিত। Undistributed, a. অপ্রদায়িত; অব্যাণিত। Undisturbed, a. হছিয়; মির্কিয়; অন্যাণিত; Not disturbed.

Undivided, a. অবিভন্ত; অবঙিত; অবিভিন্ন; Not divited; continuous:—সমস্ত; আভ; গোটা, Whole.

Undo, un-dob', v. f. বন্ধন পুলা; আল্গা-কু; To untie; to unfasten:—সর্কনাশ-কু; নট-কু; Ruin; destroy:—রদ-কু, বাভিল-কু; উন্টিইন দেওয়া; To reverse; to annul. Syn:—Invalidate, frustrate; loose, untie, unfasten, disengage; disentangle; impoverish.

Undoing, un-doo'ing, n. विनान ; Ruin. Undone, p. a. नहे ; २७ ; अगन्नत ; Ruined.

Undoubted, un-douted a. সন্দেহনুত্ত ; নিংসনিক ; নিন্তিত্ত ; শ্বৰ : Not called in question. ad=undoubtedly (নিংসনিক্ষকণে) : Syn:—Indisputable, indubitable, unquestionable, incontestable.

Undress, v. t. উনস্ক-কৃ; বিবস্ত্র-কৃ. To strip:—v.
i. কাপজ ছাডিয়া কেলা:—n. শিথিল পৰিছেদ, আনুগা
পোৰাক; A loose dress. [Not proper.
Undue, a. অদের; Not due:—অস্ট্রিড; অবৈধ;
Undulate, undu-lat, v. t. তরসাবিত-কৃ; তবসবৎ
প্রবাহিত-হ; To move like wayes —শালিত-কৃ;
কম্পিত-কৃ; To cause to vibrate —v. r. কম্পিত-কৃ;
To wave; to vibrate. n—undulation.

Undulated, a. Esiste, Waving; rising and falling.

Undulation, un-dū-lāshun, n ভরকবং আন্দোলন, ভরকাবিত অবস্থা, A waving motion. Syn:— Fluctuation, vibration; wave, ripple, rimple. Undulatory, un-dū-la-tor-i, a. টেট বেনান;

তরঙ্গবং , উন্নতানত , Moving like waves.

Unduly, un-du'h, ad. অবধারণে , Improperly. Undutiful, a. অবাধ্য ; অবশ ; অমাক্তকারী ; কর্তব্য-বিগতিত।

Undying, a. মণিনখন : অনৰ . Immortal.

Unearth, un-érth', v. f. মাট গইতে তুলিয়া কেলা: পৰ্জ হইতে বাহির-কু; To drive out of the earth, to pull out of the earth; to disinter.

Uncerthly, a. ৰগীৰ; অপাৰ্থিৰ; Heavenly.

Uneasmoss, un-ti-nes, n. উৎকঠা, ব্যাকুলভা; Anxiety; disquict — ৰবাচ্ছাম্য, The condition of being uneasy.

Uneasy, un-ele, a. অন্ধির; উদ্বিধ্ন; বাদুল; Not easy; restless, disturbed n=uneasmess. Syn:—Restless, restive, unquiet, impatient, constrained, stiff, awkward.

Un-educated, a. অণিলিত ; যুৰ্ব : Not educated. Uneffaced, a. অবিমোচিত ; অবিলোগিত :

Unembarrassed, a. অক্তিত; আনিচলিত্তির; Not confused. [বেনায়; নিক্সা; Out of work. Unemployed, a. আনিযুক্ত; Not employed:—

Unenvisble, a. चापाना ; चवार्यनीत ।

Unequal, un-e'kwal, a. অসমান; বিষম, Not equal; not matched:—অবংশই; Insufficient. Syn:—Uneven, not alike, disproportionate, irregular; inferior, insufficient, inadequate.

Unequalled, a. অতুল; অসুপম; Unparalleled. Unequally, ad. বিষয়ভাবে; নুলাধিকল্পে; Not equally.

Unequivocal, un-e-kwivo-kal, a. बन्निक : Not of doubtful signification :--- ; Clear. Syn :--Plain, direct, clear, manifest, unambiguous. Unerring, n. विक्न ; समनुष्ठ ; Committing no mirtake :-- बिन्छ ; चराई ; Certain. ad = unerringly ( अवादकार )। [ even ; rough. Uneven, un-e'ven, a. अनुमान ; आवादाशावादा : Not Unexamined, a. অপরীক্ষিত ; অস্ট । Unexampled, ue-egz-ampid, a. अपूर्व : अक्पन : Having no example or similar case. Syn :-Unprecedented, unparalleled, unequalled, Unexceptionable, a. अनिमनीत ; अज़ालम ; Unobjectionable: good. ad = unexceptionably. n = unexceptionableness. Unexpected, a. আচ্বিত; অতর্কিত . Sudden. Unexpectedly, ad. edic, serie; Suddenly. Unexpectedness, n. অনপেকিডয় ৷ Unexpired, a. খনতীত ; Not expired. Unexplained, a. অবাখাত; Not explained. Unexplored, a. অপরীকিত; অনবেকিত। Unfaded, a. अहान , अविकक्ष ; Not faded. Unfading, a. fog-san ; Not fading. [failing. Unfailing, a. निन्दि, Sure :- अक्य ; Not Unfair, a. wals. Mais; Not honest :-- निवम. Unequal. ad=unfairly (অপ্তারকাপে)! n=unfairness ( অসাধতা ) i Unfaithful, a. অবিশব্ত , কুতজ্ঞ ; নিমক-হাবাম ; Perfidious. ad=unfaithfully (予多算多行外等); n= unfaithfullness ( কৃতমুঙা ) ৷ Unfaltering. a. আবচনিত : স্পষ্ট উচ্চাবিত। Unfashionable, a বে-দপ্তৰ; অপ্রচলিত। Unfasten, un-fasn, v. t. श्रुविश-त्व ; To untie :-আলুগা-কু To loose. f be sounded. Unfathomable, a. অতলপর্ণ; মগাধ; Too deep to Unfavourable, a. অন্যুক্ল , বিপঝাত , অওত , Not favourable, contrary. Unfooling, a. निर्भन्न ; निष्टेव ; Cruel :- क्रिन्झमग्र ; Insensible. f Sincere. Unfeigned, a. यथार्थ: अकृतिम . Real: -- अक्शह : Unfelt, a. अनक्ष , अकुशनका Unfotter, un-feter, ए. र. मूझ-कृ; चारीन-कृ; वक्त-मुक्त-क ; To set at liberty ; To unchain. Unfilial, a. অনভানোচিত; Unsuitable to a child. Unfinished, a. অসম্পূর্ণ, অসমাপ্ত ; Incomplete. Unfit, un-fit, a. অবুপাড় , জ্যোগা ; Unsuitable ; not fit :—v. t. জবুণাড় - ক ; To make unsuitable. n=unfitness ( অৰুপবুক্তা )। Syn :-- (a) Unsuitable, inappropriate, inapposite; unqualified, incompetent. [ unsettle. Unfix, un-fiks, v. t. अपूछ-कृ; श्रुतिया दक्ता; To Unfixed, a. व्यवक ; व्यक्ति ; विह्निक ; Not fixed. Unflagging, un-flagfing, a. अश्वन्त्रील; Not droping. Not feathered. Unfledged, a. অপরিগৰ; Unripe':--অধ্যতপক: Unflindhing, a. अमरकाठनील ; Unyielding. Unfold, un-fold, v. t. বিশ্বর-কু; উত্মীলিত-কু; Spread out ; disclose :-- वता ; अकान-कृ ; Tell. Syn :- Expand, unroll, exhibit, display, disclose, reveal, declare, divulge, develop, explain. Unforeseen, a. অণুইপুর্বা; অনপেকিড; Failed to Unforgiving, a. निर्मतः निर्मतः कमनियमः

Unformed, a. অগ্নিত ; অনিৰ্বিত ; Decomposed ; not formed Unfortunate, un-for'tū-nāt, a. হভভাগা ; অভাগা ; Not fortunate; unlucky. ad = unfortunately ( ছর্ভাগাবশত: )। Syn :-- Unsuccessful, unlucky, ill-starred, unhappy, disastrous, calamitous. Unfounded, a. ভিতিশুত ; অমূলক ; Baseless :--उषा ; Vain. f frequent. Unfrequent, a. विज्ञन ; वाहा मर्खना घटि ना ; în Unfrequented, a. यन्त्रामयान्य : Rarely visited. Unfrequently, ad. (भवाद ; कहिंद ; Hardly. Unfriended, a. वजुरीन ; Not be friended. Unfriendly, a. यनमुक्त ; रिक्क ; Not favorable. Unfruitful, a. वसा। ; निभना ; अवृद्धत ; Barren. Unfulfilled, a. অসম্পন্ন : Not fulfilled. Unfurl, un-furl, v. t. বিস্তার-কৃ; প্রসাবিত-কৃ; To unfold, to spread; to expand, to open. Ungainly, un-genti, a. क्याकाव ; कर्दा , Clumsy . awkward, uncouth :-- अरक । Ungonerous, a. अञ्चला : कृत्रवना ; Illiberal ; unkind. ad = ungenerously. Ungenial, a. यञाविकक ; প্রকৃতি-বিক্লম । Ungenteel, a. अन्त्र ; अन्त्र : Rude, ad = ungenteelly. | 存有: Harsh. Ungentle, a. थमला ; अक्रम ; Not gentle -- कर्कन ; Ungird, v. t. कहिनक (थाना , भिन भूनिया क्ला ; To loose from a girdle; to unbind. Ungodly, a. अशिक , भाव ; Sinful ; impious. n = ungodliness (नाडिक छा)। [खण्या ; खनाननीय। Ungovernable, a. व्यवस्थाः इवन्नः Unruly:--Ungraceful, a. क्ला, कमश्र ; Awkward. ad= ungracefully (क्नगुक्रिंग)। n=ungracefulness (क्ल्याच्)। Ungracious, a. निर्मय ; Wicked :-- कर्रम , Unpleasing. ad = ungraciously ( বিশ্বরূপে )। n= ungracionsness ( নির্মনতা )। Ungrammatical, a. वाक्रवेष्ट्र ; अमाप्। Ungrateful, a. 4558; 338; Not thankful for favours. ad sungratefully ( \$58510 )! #= ungratefulness (অকুচক্রনা)। Ungrudging, a. অকাতর। Unguarded, a Mafire ; Unprotected. In an unguarded moment—ফৰবহিত অবস্থার; हैंतियांव ना बाकाव खबखाय ; Incautiously ; when not on one's guard. Unguent, ung'gwent, n. भनम ; मोनिम , आला ; Ointment. Unguinous, a. loniy: Oily. Ungulate, a. খুরবিশিষ্ট ; Hooled. Unhair, v. f. কেশপুস্ত-কু; মুতন-কু; To deprive of Unhallowed, un-hatod, a. अनविज, अकि; Profane; wicked: -- অকুতোৎসূর্গ । Unhand, un-hand, v. t. वाहरख-(व ; जान-इ ; To let Unhandy, a অদক , অপটু ; Not dexterous. Unhappy, un-hap'e, a. অস্থী; হতভাগা; Not happy or fortunate. Syn :- Unfortunate, unlucky, disastrous, calamitous, hard, severe; distressed, afflicted, miserable, wretched. Unharmed, a. अकड, Not injured. Unharness, un-her'nes, v. t. मळाडूा उ-क ; व्याद्धा সাজ খোলা ; To take the harness off :-- সাল্য :-和新 事 . To disarm,

---Unheelthy Unhealthy, a. नेपांबनक , नग्न , Unwholesome. Unheard, c. 四季3, Not heard [dented, new Unheard-of, a অভ্তপ্রা; অঞ্তপ্রা, Unprece-Unheeded, a. উপেকিড, অবস্থাত; Disregarded. Unheedful, a. व्यन्तर्क. व्यानावांनी , Heedless. Unhelpful, a. अनपुक्व , माहायाकिम । Unhinge, un-hing', v. s. कका श्रेटिंड (बाना : विक-লিত-কু; To take from the hinges :-- নাকুল-কু, आपृत-क , वित्रनिज-क ; अहित-क , To render unstable I am quite unhinged-आमात्र मन ठकन इरेगार ; My equilibrium of mind is disturbed, my nerves are shaken. Unholy, a wrig; wre, Impious - wer, Not holy n=unholiness ( আসাধুতা )। f pected. Unhonoured, a. অসমাধিত। Unhoped-for, a. অনপেশ্বিত, আশাচীত, Unex-Unhorse, un-hors, v. t शायांत्र छेन्न इहे च विकृति-কু, অৰণ্ঠ হইনত পাতিত-কু, To throw off from a horse. Unhouse, un-how2, v. t. আগ হঠতে পূৰ-কৃ, 医有物-事, To drive from a house or shelter Unburt, p. a अकड, अनाइड, Uninjured. a= unhurtful ( অনপকাৰী )। Unicorn, u'm-korn, n. এक मुत्र्निक्टि कजिल कड बिटनव : A fabulous animal with one hoi i Uniform, U'ni-form, a [ L. unus, one, and forma form ] সমান , একরাণ , Or the same form invariable .- 4414, Having always the same form, manner or character 一种方, Consistent —» সমা বেশ , সৈনিকদেব সজ্জা , ভূসাক্ষক , A die-of the same kind with others, naval or military equipm t al=iniformly Sun -(1) Unviry ing, unchanged undersating, equable, regular, constant, consorant. द्राण्य , In the dress that is worr ! , ill persons belonging to a body by which they are distinguished from others. Uniformity, u-ni-formi-ti, मधा, धनकभडा न

क्रमहा, Uniformness, agreement in a pattern or rule sameness.

Act of uniformity-Act of law icquain. clergymen to abid by the 30 Articles

Unify, um-in, v. t [ I. unus oic, facio, to make ] এবীভূত-কু, এক-কু, To make into unit Uniliteral, u-m-hier-al, a [L, unus, onc, litera, a letter ] a এক অক্সবিশিষ্ট, একাক্ষর, Con sisting of one letter.

Unimpassioned, a दित, भेत। Unimpeachable, a ত্নিন্দ্ৰ'য় , Blameless Unimpeded, a অনিমিত; পাৰ্চার। [ portant U umportant, a. অপ্রোজনীয়, সামান্ত, Not im-Unimpressible, a অকোডণায়; উদাসীন। Uninhabitable, a वांग्मद वायांगा। Uninhabited, a. জনপুত্ত , বস্তিচান। Uninjured, a অনাহত, অকত, Unhurt.

Unintelligible, a. ang, acom. That may not be infringed.

Unintentional, a অনভিত্যেত। Uninteresting, a অপ্রতিকর বাচা চিতাকর্মক নতে। Uninterrupted, त व्यविष्ठ, व्यविष्ट्र , विद्यविष्ट्र । Uninvited, त अन इड अनियाप्ति ।

Union, Thyun, n. [ L. unio, from unus, one ] সংযোগ; সন্মিশন, Conjunction; a uniting :-- ক্রম); একডান; Concord; harmony:—স্থিবৰ হাল্য; Confederacy. Syn .- Junction, connection, coalition, combination; agreement, concert, unison, unity, alliance.

Universal

Union is strength—একতাই বল , একতাই শক্তি। The union-The legislative incorpopation of England and Scotland in AD. 1707 and of Ireland with both in AD 1800.

Union Jack, n মেটব্রিটন ও আনন্তনভের জাতীয় পতাকা, The national flag of Great Britain and Ireland.

Unique, u-nek, a. [F. L. unicus, from unus, one] অন্বিতীয় , অসুণাম ; একমাত্র , Being without an equal, single in any quality; unprecedented. Svn -Single, sole, solitary, unequalled, unmatched

Unison, d'ne-son, n. [L. unus, one, and sonus, a sound ] একভান , সমস্বৰ ; সমস্বদ্ধ ; Concord, harmony, agreement

In unison with—কোন কিছুর সহিত মিল. In har-Sounds mony with. Unisonance, n ব্ৰুমান , Accordance of

Unisonant, a नभवत्र , Reing in unison

Unit, I'nit, n. 44 , A single thing or person ; one, the least whole number Syn -Ace, ttem part, individual

Unitarian, u-ni ifri-in, n अत्यवनानी : जिमृति अश्रोदादगारी, On who denie the doctrine of unity and believes that the God of Christianity exists in one person, one who denies the doctrue of the Trinity

Unitarianism, w. The doctiones of unitarians Unitary, " 971871

Unite, a nil, र १ न प्रांत्र कृ. न दुक-कृ, To join, to combine - সঙ্গি 🗦 , lo form into a league or confede 1 y -v. 1 97'55 \$ . To become one. to join in in ict, Syn - Combine, connect, attach add, incorporate, embody, consolidate, blind merge, couple, conjoin associate, concur agree coalesce, le 19 16, confederate United, a মিলিচ, সংযুক্ত, এব এড, Joined

United Kingdom, n kas, was s with the . English Empire

United Provinces, n Confederacy of Holland. United States, n আমেরিকাৰ মিলিভ রাজা; Confederacy of North America [ gether. Unitedly, ad arts, Joinedly, in union, to-Unity, "i'ne-te, n [ L. unitas, from unus, one ] one; singleness - द्वत, विन, Concord, agree-

সাংযোগ , একা , একতা , Oneness , state of being ment; harmony. Syn .- Individuality; union; agreement, unanimity.

Univalve, a এক খোলক , Having one shell :-n অণ্ডিত খোলক ; A shell of one valve.

Universal, u-ne-versal, a. मार्स्टिशिक, मांबाबन, विश्वतांशी , विश्वनीय ; General , whole comprising all particulars. n=universality (विश्वजीन , मर्क-ব্যাপকতা ) , ad - universally (সর্কলোকে)। Syn :-All, unlimited, allreaching, entire, total, whole; catholic, ecumenical.

ad=unluckily ( চুর্ভাগাক্সে )।

Universal proposition—পক্তাবদেশিকা প্ৰতিজ্ঞা। Unmade, a. was; Uncreated; deprived to Universal religion—नार्काकोन वर्ष । Universalism, U-ni-ver'sal-ism, n. नार्ककनीन Unmake, un-mak, v. f. al-F : ww-F : To des-युक्तियां ; The doctrine or belief that all men troy; to ruin; undo. a=unmade. [ of being universal. Unman, un-mah, v. t. भूक्वच हानि-कु; रक्तीम-कु; will be saved. To deprive of the powers of a man; emascu-Universality, n. niev; The state or quality Universe. U'ni-vers, n. [ L. unus, one, verto, late :-- নিম্বৎসাহ-কু; হতাব-কু; Dishearten. Syn :-versum, to turn ] পৃথিৱী; যিখ, জগং; The whole Emasculate, effeminate, unnerve, debilitate; dishearten, discourage, deject. f trollable. creation; the world. University, u-ni-ver'si-ti, n. विश्वविद्यालक ; As-Unmanageable, a. अन्यनीतः, अवांशः, Uncon-Unmanly, un-manle, a. (शोक्यशीन : सूर्यन ; Unsemblage of colleges with an examining body. Univocal, u-nivo-kal, a. अकार्यक ; मनवत ; Havsuitable to a man. Syn :- Effeminate, womanly; ignoble, base, cowardly. ing unison of sounds. Unjust, un-just, e. weis ; আছি ; Not just ; Unmannerly, a. অসভ্য ; মণিষ্ট ; Uncivil. Unmarked, a. अहिङ्ड ; रवनात्र। contrary to right or law. ad = unjustly ( wate-কাৰে)। n=unjustness (অস্থায়তা)। Syn:-Unmarried, a. व्यविराहिक ; वान् । Unmask, un-mask, v. i. ছয়বেশ ত্যাগ-ক: সুধুদ Unlawful, unequitable, unfair, unrighteous, থোলা ; To take any disguise off ; to expose. wrong, wicked; fraudulent, dishonest. Unjustifiable, a. অকার। Unmeaning, un-mehing, a. अनर्क : निवर्षक : অর্থহীন; অসকত; Wanting meaning. Unkennel, un-kehel v. t. বাদগর্ভ ছইডে তাড়া-Unmeasured, a. चनविभित्र । हेबा-त्य , To drive from a hole. Unkind, o. অকরণ ; নির্দয় ; কঠিন ; Wanting in Unmeet. a. অপুচিত। श्चिरिय ) १ kindness ; cruel. n=unkindness ( নির্দর্ভা )। Unmerciful, a. निक्य । ad = unmercifuly ( निक्र-Unkindly, ad. निर्मग्रहार ; Cruelly :-- a. निर्मग्र Unmorrited, p. अपूर्णक ; Undeserved. Unkingly, ad. व्यशंकां हिंड , बाकांत्र करवांत्रा । Unmindful, a. व्यवस्थिती : Heedless. Unknowingly, ad. ना कानियां, অজ্ঞানপুৰাক। Unmixed, a. অমিশ্রিত ; বিশুদ্ধ : Pure. Unmolested, a. व्यवित्राम ; व्यविष्ठ । Unknown, a. অজ্ঞাত; অবিদিত। Unmoor, un-moor', v. t. নকর ভোলা; To loose Unknit, un-nit, v. f. (बाला ; दूनांड (बाला ; To from moorings or from an anchor :- v. i. open; to unweave. Unknot, v. t. मूक-कृ; To untie. श्लिम-सा। Unlace, un-lat, v. t. किडा त्यांना . To take off Unmounted, a. अनाकाः। Unmoved, a. अविध्वित ; উनामीन ! Unlade, un-lad, v. f. वाका भानाम-कू; मान भानि-कू, To take things from out of a vessel; to unload. Unmuffle, un-mui'l, v. t. मूथन श्वांना ; To take a Unlawful, a. (व-वाहेन. Illegal:—वोवव; Not muffling or covering from. permitted by law. ad = unlawfully ( অবৈধরূপে ) i Unmuzzle, v. মুগদ গোলা ; To remove a muzzle n=unlawfulness ( (व-वार्शन )। Unnamed, a. অনাধ্যাত ; অক্থিত। Unlearn, un-lern, v. t. विश्व छ-इ ; ভूनिया-चा ; To Unnatural, un-natū-ral, a. অখাভাবিক; কুত্রিম; forget what has been learned; to lose from Not natural. Syn:-Abnormal, anomalous, memory. irregular, monstrous, preternatural; forced, Unlearned, a. অপিৰিড , Not Icarned. strained, affected. [ necessarilly ( ]明 ); Unnecessary, a अनावद्यक : Needless. ad = un-Unloss, un-les, conj. विश ना ; if not , supposing that not :--বাতীত ; Except. Unnerve, un-nerv, v. t. ছধল-কু; কীণ-কু; শক্তি-Unlettered, c. অন্ত ; অনকর , Illiterate. हीन-क ; To weaken, deprive of strength. Unlicensed, a. অবসুমত, অসুমতি-পতা বারা অস-Unnoticed, a. অনপেকিত; অলকিত; অনাদ্ধ। Unnumbered, a. অগণিত। [(देवमाष्ट्रच्छ)। মর্থিত। Unobserved, a. অব্ঞিত ; অদৃষ্ট। Unlike, a. विमन्न ; विवम ; धामम । n=unlikeness Unlimited, un-limit-ed, a. অসীম; অপরিমিত; Unobstructed, a. খোলা; অযুক্ত; Open:-Unobstrusive, a. शृहेलाहीन ; मह्हिल । Having no bounds. Syn:—Boundless, infinite, unrestricted, absolute; undefined, indefinite. Unoccupied, a. अन्धिकृष ; मुख । Unload, un-lod, v. f. তাৰ হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To take Unoffending, a. निर्वोह . Harmless. Unofficial, a. (4-754) [ 1 the load from :-- বুজ- ভু; বোঝাই থালাস-ভু; To Unoften, ad. क्यांहिं ; Not often. discharge; to disburden. Unopen, v. t. আবদ হইতে ছাড়িয়া-দে; Set free Unlock, un-lok, p. t. ভালা খোলা; উল্লাটিড-কু; To unfasten what is locked; to open. from being penned up. Unopened, a. অবিকাশিত ; অফুটত। Unlooked-for, a. অনপেক্ষিত ; Unexpected. Unloose, un-loos, v. t. आन्ता-कृ ; निवित-कृ ; मूख-Unopposed, a. वनांविङ ; —ad. विना शक्तिक्य । Unostentatious, a. आंड्यब्रहोन ; Not showy. F: To make loose; to unfasten; to set free. Syn:-Untie, unbind, unfasten, unbuckle, Unpack, un-pak, v. t. (वाला ; वदा (वाला : To unchain. open. Unlovely, a. অগ্রীভিকর ; কুংনিড ; Not amiable. Unpaid, a. অবৈতনিক; যাহার মাণ্ডল দেওৱা হয় লাই ৷ Unlucky, a. ভাগাহীন; अल्ड; Unfortunate. Unpalatable, a. মত্বিকঃ : Distasteful.

Unpardonable, a. जमार्कनीय !

Unparalleled, un-par'al-leld, a. अपून ; अरि-Unremedied, a. অসুপশ্মিত। জীয়; Without a parallel or equal; unmatched. Unpeople, un-pc'pl, v. t. লোকপুর-ড় ; To de-ভাবে। prive of inhabitants. Unperceived, a. अपृष्ठे : अनमूकुठ :—ad. अनिक्ठ-Unperformed, a. অসম্পাদিত ; অনভিনীত। Unpin, un-pin, v. t. পিন ধোলা . To open what [ agreeable. is pinned. Unpleasant. a. वित्रक्षित्वनक : अशीजिकत ; Dis-Unploughed, a. 9-57) Unpolished, a. অমাৰ্কিন্ত . আবড়ো-থাবড়ো ; Deprived of polish :-- অসভা; অদূধিত। Unpoluted, a. অদৃষিত ; পৰিজ। Unpopular, a. সাধাবণের অপ্রিষ। Unpractical, a. अक्शाक्य ; Impractical. Unpractised. a. অনভাত : অনতিজ । Unprejudiced, a. পক্পাতপুস্ত , Impartial. Unprepared, a. 4283; Not prepared. Unpretending, un-pre-tend-ing, a. 司 , 司有 कादी . Modest. Unprincipled. a. ভাবাভাগ নিবেচনাপুত্ত, Unscrupulous :- অব্যবস্থিতমতি , চঞ্লচিত্র। Unprivileged, a. वनशिकार। Unproductive, a. अपूर्वर, Barren :-- अपूर् शास्त्र : Not bringing in any return Unprofessional, a. বে-পেশালার, ব্যবসাধ-বিপহিত। Unprofitable, a. খলাঙ্জনক ; বুখা। Unprolific, a. অধুর্বার, অবুংপাদক ; Barren. Unpropitious, a. অভত, অবহকুল; Inauspi-[ protected. CIOUS. Unprotected, a. অরকিড; অভিভাবকংীন; Not Unproved, a. অগ্রমাণকৃত। Unprovided, a अमिक , शनि, Unfurnished. Unprovoked, a. অবুভেলিট, অবাবণ ৷ Unpublished, a. অপ্রকাশিত , গুরু। Unpunctual, a. अनमग्रनिके। Unpunished, a. অপাসিড, অদভিত। Unqualified, a. অনুপযুক্ত , অবিচ্ছিন্ন; অবিশেষিত, Not having the requisite talents. Unqualified happiness--অবিভিন্ন সুণ । Unquenchable, a. वनिकांत्रभीय । [questionable. Unquestionable, a. अडर्कनीय; नि.मत्सर, Not Unquiet, a. अहिंव, गोक्न, Restless. Unravel, un-ravi, v. f. बड़ (बाना ; (बाना ; निवित-₹; To disentagle; to untwist; separate threads of cloth :-- वाशा-क. To explain .-- १४व-क : To separate: -- v. i. খোলা . To be disentangled. Unrosd, a. 4735, Not read or perused:-অধ্যতিত , অনক্ষর ; Illiterate. Unready, a. অপ্রস্তুত ; Not prepared -— সাধ ; Slow. Unreal, a. बराखर : बन्डा , Not real .—मान्नामन, থারত , Illusive. Unreasonable, un-re'zn-a-ble, a. Atilfer . व्यक्ति ; Irrational , not agreeable to reason : —ব্দরিষ্টি ; Immoderate. Syn :-- Irrational, absurd, preposterous, immoderate, exorbitant, inordinate. Unrecorded, a. खनिनिवड । Unredsemed, a. Not redeemed. Unreformed, a. watterifus; Not reformed. Unrelenting, a. निषेत्र ; किन ; Cruck, hard.

Unreliable, a. व्यविष्यवीत , Untrustworthy.

Unremitting, c. जनियान ; नियम : Incessant. Unrepaired, a. चनःकृष्ठ ; चनः मारिष्ठ । Unrepealed, a. याश वाजिन कता दम माउँ। Unrepresented, a. অপ্রতিনিহিত ; অবভিনীত। Unrequitted, a. अनिहरणांविड । Unresented, a. অপ্রতিহিংসিত ৷ Unreserved, c. অৰণট ; সরুব ; Open ; frank-Unrest, a. 4330 ; Gers! : Disquiet ; want of Unrestrained, a. जनमिंड : जनमिंड । Unrestricted, ৫. অবাধিত : অপ্ৰতিক্ষ ৷ Unretired, a. অপ্রতিপ্রেরিস্ত। Unrevenged, a. অপ্রতিহিংসিত। Unrevengeful, a. क्यांनीय : खळाडिशियांशवादन । Unrewarded, a. অনাদৃত . অপুৰকৃত। Unriddle, v. t. (देशांति कांत्रा ; मतल-क ; विनम-क ; To solve ; explain. Unrig, v. t. वनावित नुक-क ; To strip of rigging. Unrighteous, a. अमान ; Evil :- अशानिक ; Sinful. Unripe, a. जनक ; कांडा ; Not ripe. Unrivalled, a. অৰূপন ; অতুল ; Peerless ; having no rival. Unrobe, un-rob, v. t. উলম্-কু ; To undress. Unroll, un-rol, v. t. affanl-(v; To unfold; to untwist or uncoil, as what has been rolled up . - 四本門-子。 To display. Syn: - Open, unfold, evolve, develop, discover. Unroof, un-root', v. t. ছাত ভাঙ্গিবা (क्ला : To strip of the roof. [ drive from the roost. Unroost, v t. বাদা বা দাঁড় হইতে ডাড়াইয়া-দে; To Unroot, un-root, v. f. मून छ ९ भारिन-कृ; To tear up by the roots -- धडान वज त्याना . To open out. িশাস্ত ; Smooth. Unruffled, a. भवाउ ; Not agitated .- श्रवित ; Unruly, un-roofe, a. अवमा , अवामा , अवामा ; इहे . Ungovernable Syn .- Refractory, disobedient, insubordinate, wild, riotous, disorderly. Unsaddle, un-sadl, v. t. (पाड़ांद माज (पाला , To throw from the saddle. Unsafe, un-५%।', a. बानमज्ञक ; मक्टोनज्ञ ; Not safe or free from danger. ad=unsafely ( अनface) | Syn:-Insecure, dangerous, perilous, hazardous. Unsaleable, a. प्रविद्धार ; Not saleable. Unsanctified, a. ज्युष्ठ ; ज्युष्ट । Unsatiable, ৫. অতর্ণার, Insatiable. Unsatisfactory, a. वनत्त्राच्यनक । Unsavory, a. विवास ; चानहीन ; Not pleasing to the palate. [ retract ; recant. Unsay, uńst, v. t. क्षडांशांन-कृ; क्या शान्तान ; To Unscared, a. चनकि । [ injured. Unscathed, a. अवीर्ड ; अक्ड : Not harmed or Unschooled, a. অশিকিত; অশাদিত; Not taught. [fasten. Unscientific, a. व्यदेखानिक ! Unscrew, un-skroo, v. t (%) (4) To un-Unscrupulous, a. धर्षांधर्य वित्वहमानुष्क ; अनक्ष्रिक ; Unprincipled. Unsoal, un-sci, v. t. पांड्य पुनिया (क्या ; ब्याइय मृत-कृ, To open what is sealed. Unsearchable, un-scicha-bl, a. शुक्कत , श्रान्तिया ; खनिर्दम् , Mysterious.

Unseasonable, c. অসামন্ত্রিক : আকালিক ; lii-timed. Unsessoned, a. जगर ; जनकार ; जनकिस ; Ill-I deprive of a seat. timed. Unseat, un-set, v. f. নিরাসন-কৃ; আসনচ্যত-কৃ; To Unsectarian, a. अनाव्यमंत्रिक ; উनांत । Unseemly, a. অমুচিত : Unbecoming :-- নিশিত। Unseen, a. अपृष्ट : अमिक ; Not discovered. [ fit for service. Unselfish, a. farais Unserviceable, a. अकाशका: अवादशंगा: Not Unsettle, un-seti, v. t. अपूर-क ; विस्ति छ-क ; अधित-क ; To unfix :-- वानिनिष्ठ-कृ ; त्य-बत्वावच-कृ ; To make uncertain : to disturb :-- v. i. অনিন্ডিত-ই ; To become uncertain. Syn:-Displace, remove; disturb, discompose, confuse, disorder. Unsex, un-seks, v. t. স্লাভ্যন্তরে পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু; কোন-मঙ विद्युष्ठ-ङ् : (नोर्थाशैन-ङ ; To deprive of sex or of its qualities; to make unmanly or womanly. Unshackle, un-shakl, v. t. मूक-कृ ; चारीनजा-त्य ; [ Firm. To set free. Unshaken, a. अक्लिंड ; Unshaked :- दित ; बाँग ; Unshapely, a. क्यांकांत्र : क्यांन ; Deformed. Unsheathe, v. t. নিছাসিত-কু; বাপ হইতে বাহির-কু; To draw from the sheathc. f tected. Unsheltered, c. অনাঞ্জিত :— অরক্ষিত ; Unpro-Unship, un-ship', v. t. জাহাজ হইতে বাহির-কু, डेनान ; To take out of a ship or of its place. [ recoiling. Unshod, a. পाइकाहीन। Unshrinking, a. अन्तरकाहकाती ; अक्षित ; Not Unsight, a. ना (पश्चित्र) दक्ना; Done without sight; f Ugly; deformed. not seeing. Unsightly, un-sirli, a. कशाकात ; क्रिज ; कृक्ष , Unskilful, a. अनिभूग; अनक; Inexperienced; ignorant. n=unskilfulness ( অদকতা )! Unskilled, a. আশক্তি, বাজে; Ingorant. Unslaked, a. আনবর্ত্তি , অশার ; Unslacked. Unsociable, a. অন্লাপী , অসামাজিক ; Reserved. Unsoiled, a. निर्देश ; निर्देश । Unsold, a. অবিক্রীত ; যাহা বেচা হয় নাই। Unsolicited, a. অপ্রাণিত। Unsolved. a. অসমাহিত : অনিরূপিত। Unsought, a. अश्राहित । [ diseased. Unsound, a. দোৰষ্ক , পীড়িড; অহম ; Not sound; Unsown, a. बन्ध । Unsparing, a. मुख्य ; उपात्र ; Liberal ; profuse. ad=unsparingly ( अहतकार ; Freely ). [rable. Unspeakable, a. अवस्त्वा ; अनिव्यक्तीत्र ; Unutte-Unspent, a. অব্যক্তি। Unspoiled, a. অবিকৃত ; অবিগঠিত। Unspotted, a. निक्नक ; निक्ंड ; Free from stain. Unstable, a. अधित ; हक्त ; Wavering ; not firm. Unstaid, a. প্ৰাৰ্থিতস্না: ; অছিন ; Fickle. Unsteined, a. নিৰ্মন ; অকলক ৷ Unstamped, a. बाहा (माहद कर्ता नद ; माला । Unstanched, a. अनिवृद्ध । Unsteady, un-stede, a. जहिन ; हक्न ; Not steady ; not firm. ad = unsteadily ( अहित्रकार ) ; n=unsteadiness ( অহিরতা )। Syn :-- Reeling, tottering, oscillating; unsettled, inconstant; changeable, variable. Unstinted, a. অথবিত ; অবাণিত। Unstirred, a. विविश्वति ।

free from a stopper; open. Unstring, un-string, v. t. पछ या जात बालका-क रखशेन-क ; निधिन-क ; To take the string off: to relax; to loosen. Unstudied, a. अनशेष ; अधिष्यपूर्व ; Not studied ; unlaboured; unversed. Unsubstantial, a. অদার; অবাত্তবিক; কলিড; [ cessful; unlucky. Lacking in matter. Unsuccessful, a. अन्डकांका ; विक्त . Not suc-Unsuitable, a. অনুপথোগী; অবুচিত; Not fit. Unsuited, a. 37998; Not fitted. Unsullied, a. विभव : अक्लक्षिछ । Unsupported, a. অপ্রামাণিক ; অসমর্থিত ৷ Unsuspecting, a. সংশয়পুঞ্চ। Unsuspicious, a. অসংশরকারী ; বিভদ্ধ। Unswerving, a. अहेल ; श्वित्। Unsworn, a. was-well [ symmetry-Unsymmetrical, a. (4-(4)4; Wanting in Unsympathetic, a. নির্দান ; সহাস্থাতিবত । Unsystematic, a. (4-acettes) Untack. v. t. (4) To release. Untained, a. অবলম্বিত ; বিমৃল ; Pure. Untaken, a. অগৃহিত ; অন্ধিকৃত ৷ Untamable, व्य व्यापानीय : वानमा । Untame, a. আগাৰা ; অবনীভত। Untarnished, a. अनुविक ; निर्मात । Untasted, a. Mairifes: Not tasted. Untaught, a. अनिकिं ; बार्शिवक । Untensble, a. water ! Untenanted, a. अज्ञा चात्रा जनविक्छ : मुख । Unthankful, a. 4558; Ungrateful. Unthinking, a. विदाहीन ; अभावशान ; Not heedful; not-thinking. Unthoughtful, a. weige ! Unthread, un-thred, v. f. एठा (बाला ; एक बुनिया কেলা; To loose the threads. Unthrifty, a. अभवायो ; Wastful ; lavish. Untidy, a. অপবির্জন ; অপরিপটি : Slovenly. Untie, un-ti' v. t. (शाना ; अहि (मान्न-क् ; नीट्डे খোলা : To unbind ; to loosen ; to clear. Until, un-til, ad. conj. pre. वनवि ; পर्यास ; द्व পর্যন্ত না ; Till ; to the degree that. Untilled, a. অক্ষিত; পতিত। Untimely, a. अमामियक ; अकानमञ्जूक ; Ill-timed. Untiring, un-turing, a. অক্লান্ত; অবিভান্ত; Indefatigable; not becoming tired. ad=untiringly ( अञ्चासकारन )। Unto, untou, prep. (5; ets; Mia; To. Untold. a. অক্থিত : অসুক্ত Untouched, a. 呵呵한; 呵呵! Untoward, un-to'ard, a. কুংসিড; Awkward :--অবাধ্য; অশিষ্ট; উথ্ৰ; Perverse; refractory:--অনপু-कृत ; अनुकृत नरह ; अिकृत ; अर्थिशासनक ; Unfa vourable. [ indocite. Untrained, c. অশিকিড; অবিনীড; Not trained; Untravelled, a. भक्ड-वन् ; Not travelled. Untried, a. अन्बीकिन ; वाहांत्र वाहां इत नार ; Not tried. Untrimmed, a. अमृद्धिः ; अव्हितः ; आहि । Untrodden, a. अन्तानिक ; न्जन ; Not trodden. Untroubled, c. এপাছ; হিন; অনাবোড়িছ; Unstop, un-stop', v. t. fefe cetet ; cetet ; To Caim .- 474 !

Untrue Untrue, a. निया; व्यवजा; व्यवज्ञ ; व्यवभार्य, False :-- অবিখাসী ; Not faithful. Untrust. a. अविश्रामी : Distrust. Untruth, un-trobth', n. [44]; (476)61; A lie; falsehoood. a=untruthful. Syn :- Falschood, fabrication, story, fiction, deception. Untune, un-tuń, v. f. (वज्रह-कृ, To put out of Not tutored. tune; to disorder. Untutored, a. অপিঞ্চিত ; Untaught :-- অপুপদিষ্ট ; Untwine, un-twiń, Untwist, un-twist, v. t. পাক খোলা; To separate twisted threads, to open :- जमाधान-क ; To solve. Unused, a. चवावक्ड ; Not used ; unaccustomed. Unueual, un-Ufu-al, a. अमाधातम, वित्रम ; द्य-मञ्चत ; Rarely ). Syn:-Unwonted, unprecedented, uncommon, rare, singular; remarkable, strange, extraordinary. Unutterable, a. खराख्नरा; अनुकार्श, Not utterable ; unspeakable. Unvaried, a. anfieles : Invaried Unvarnished, a. अन्डिब्रिंड : मामानिएन . Not varnished. Unvarying, a. সমভাবাপর . একছণ ! Unveil, v. t व्यवक्षेत्र-कृ; व्यवोच्छा-कृ, To remove a veil from ; to uncover. Unwarlike, a. অসমরপ্রিব : Unwarned, a. अमहिन ह ; Not warned. change from warped state.

Unwarp, ত. ৰোচডান ভাৰ ইইতে পৰিবৃত্তিত করা, To change from warped state.

Unwarped, a. কুনংখার খারা অপুৰিত; 'Not warped, inpartial. [warranted. Unwarranted, a অবৃত্তিবৃত্ত, আনিভিত্ত, Not Unwary, a. অসাব্ধান, Unguarded; heedless, careless. [clean Unwashed, a. অবেতি, অপরিক্তর, Filthy, un-Unweshed, a. অকুণোৱা; আবিলোজিত; Not weaned Unweshed, a. অকুণোৱা; আবিলোজিত; Not tiring, in-

defatigable. [ woven. Unweave, v. t. বয়ন খোলা ; To undo whit is Unwell, a. অব্য , পীডিড ; Indisposed ; ailing , not well. [ welcome.

Unwelcome, a. অনুভাগত ; অপাৰ্থনীয় ; Not Unwept, a. আণাচিত ; Not mourned.

Unwholesome, a. অবাহাকর; রোগজনক। Unwieldy, a. ভারী; Ponderous, bulky.

Unwilling, a. জনিজুক; Not inclined. ad = unwillingly (জনিজ্যপূৰ্বক)!

Unwind, v. t. পাক খোলা, Loose what is wound; to wind off:—v. s. To be able to be unwound.

Unwise, a. युष् ; निर्द्शीष ; Foolish.

Unwittingly, ad. wasterits; Ignorantly.

Unwonted, un-wonted, a. অনভাস্ত , Not wonted:—অনাধারণ ; বিরল ৷ Syn :—Unaccustomed, unused; unusual, uncommon, rare.

Unworldly, a. আনাংসারিক; Spiritual, holy. Unworthy, a. আম্চিত; অব্যোগ্য; অনুসর্জ্ঞ; Not worthy, unbecoming.

Unwrap, un-rap', v. t. তাল খোলা; Open what is wrapped or folded. [to writing; verbal. Unwritten, c. বাল্ডিড; যৌডিড; Not reduced Unwristen law, n. বে বিধি ব্যবহার-পাত্রে পদ্ধ নিধিত হয় নাই, অধ্য বাহা বীকৃত হইয়া আনিতেতে; The common law or that law which has been established by usage.

Unyielding, a. अनज ; Unbending :--- नम ; कड़ा ; Stiff :-- अक द्वारा ; Obstinate.

Unyoke, un-yōk, v. t. বৃগমুক্ত-কৃ; গোপালা ছইছে মুক্ত-কৃ; খুলিয়া-কে; To loose from a yoke:— বিয়োগ-কৃ; To disjoin.

Up, up, ad. উপরে, উর্ছে; উচ্চে; Aloft; on high:
— ৰাড়া, Erect:—উব্বিড; Out of bed:—pre.
উপরে; উচ্চে; Not down:—a. উপরিস্থ, উর্ছেপ্রেরিড;
Going upward:—n. সৌভাগোর অবস্থা; উন্নতি;
অভ্যুদ্ম ; State of prosperity:—excl. উঠ, Arise.
Be up—বিছানা ইইটে ঠঠা; Be out of bed:—ভাগিয়া
ৰাকা; Be nwake —উত্তোৱিত-ছ; Be excited:—
বিল্লোন্ট-ছ, Rise in rebellion:—রাকার প্রিরপাত্ত-ছ;
Be high in fayour of the sovereign:—ক্রাইথাযা; Be over.

Be up and doing—बाल-इ; To be active and alert, to be busy — क्यामय योग्डि ना क्यां क्यां-क् ; खना हरेग ना थाकिंग जिंदे शए कान कार्या नांगी, Be actively employed so as not to miss the opportunity, be engaged something instead of being idle.

Bo up and doing—টাঠ পঢ়ে কাৰে নাগা। [in. Be up in—কোন বিলে মতি আকা, Be versed Be up in arms—বৃহাৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুত থাকা; Be in open warfare.

Bo up to anything—সৰ কৰিছে পাৰা।

Be up to mark—ংবশ অবস্থায়।

Bo well up in-কোন বিষয় ভালরণ জানা, কোন বিংয়ে ভালকণ বাংগ্রি থাকা, Be well versed in.

Be up to—সম্পূৰ্ণকাপ প্ৰস্তুত্ৰ থাকা, Be fully prepared, be quite ready for.—তত্ত্বে তত্ত্বে থাকা, কোন মুখ্য মতলবে থাকা; Be about or after — ঠিক সমান-ত, Be quite equal to —কোন কাষ্য কৰিবাৰ জন্ত কাবভাৰত্বত্ব কাৰ্যা, Be sufficiently compretent to perform —কোন বিষয় যতনুৱ কানা আৰক্তক ভাৱা কানা; Be sufficiently advanced in the knowledge of.

Blow up—ভোগে উড়াইবা-দে; To destroy by mining or from below:—তাত্ৰ ভংগনা-কু; To reprove sharply; to scold —ফীড-কু; To inflate, to distend.

Come up with—নাগাৰ ধরা ; Overtake.

Done up—কান্ত , আৰু ; Exhausted.

Grow up-পবিশব্ধ-ই ; Come to maturity.

It is all up with him, All is up with—
no era ezal finite; notari ezal
finite; it is all over with; he is lost.

The game is up—राक्षितार; (रहातार !

The time is up—সমৰ পত হইরাছে; প্রয় অতীত হইরাছে, The allotted time is past.

To be up to the elbows—সম্পূৰ্ণাৰে নিৰ্ভ: To be wholly occupied or absorbed.

Up to-প्रवृत्तः; Until:-- नमान गमानः; चन्नमः; Adequately to.

Up to date—जाबि गर्गास ।

Up to snuff—চতুর; Not likely to be imposed upon, knowing shrewd.

Up to the mark-मनान ; Equal to the mark.

The rebels are up. The rebels have risen against government.

The ups and downs of life-कीवानत एव Tit; The various changes of good and bad fortune, or the joys and sorrows of life.

Up and down-sette sette; ইভভভ:; এদিক effe ; Here and there.

Up a tree--श्ठ-मर्लप ।

Up in arms—vertes :

Ups and downs--श्विम कृतिन ; छेड्रीक व्यवस्थि ; আৰম্ভার বিপার্য : Alternate prosperity and adversity or rise and fall, reverses of fortune.

Up stresm—डेवान। [ mersed in. Up to one's lips—সম্পূর্ণ নিম্ম ; Wholly im-Up to this time-a Miv

What is up—िक म्लिटलाइ।

Upas, tras, n. বিবৰুক ; Poisonous tree.

Upbear, up-bar', v. t. dim colon ; die en . To bear up ; to raise aloft.

Upbraid, up-brad, v. t. [ A. S. upgebredan, to upbraid ] v. t. ভিনন্ধাৰ-কু; ভৰ্মনা-কু; To reproach; to reprove severely. Syn:-Blame, censure, condemn, chide, taunt.

Upcast, a. উৎ किए ; Thrown upward:-- n. नाइना ; A reproach :-- কেপ্ৰ ; A cast. [or lifting up. Upheaval, n. Becarri of Gestor; A heaving Upheave, up-hev, v. i. উদ্ভোগন-ডু; স্পীড-ডু; To heave or lift up; to raise. n=Upheaval (উट्डांगन)।

Uphill, up'hal, a. উর্বামী ; লৈলোর্ছে বাবিত ; Going upon hill ; ascending : - किन ; Difficult ; hard : -ad. শৈলোপরি।

Uphold, up-hold, v. f. मोश्या-क ; सका-क : यांद्र-कु ; ममर्थन-कृ ; To sustain ; to hold up, to defend ; to support. Syn :- Elevate, support, maintain, vindicate, justify.

Upholsterer, up-hoister-er, त. गुरुनका नद्रवहारatas. One who furnishes houses with beds &c. Upholstery, up-ho'lster-i, n. शृहमच्छाद मामञी ; Furniture &c. supplied by upholsterer.

Upland, up'land, a. एक ; डेकड्रानीत ; উद्रक , High in situation :-- উচ্চত্ৰি স্থনীয় ; Pertaining to uplands :-- ল. উরড ভূমি : উচ্চভূমি : ওছ স্থান , High land, as opposed to meadows; river side &c. Uplift, up-lift, v. f. 906 (5)el; To lift or raise

aloit :- - To elevate.

Upmost, a. sup. wyres ; Highest.

Upon, up-on, prep. केटक ; डेगरब ; डेगब ; On . not under: on the top :- नवरक ; अउदनवरक ; श्रिक ; Relating to.

Be upon a high horse- "F site sen ; Bear oneself loftily; be on one's dignity.

Upon my word—বাছবিক বলিভেছি। Upon the anvil—বিচার্য ; বিচারের বিষয় ; বিচারা-बोन ; Under discussion.

Upon this--हेराख। [ Higher. Upper, up'er, a. comp. Buss ; (4) 54 : Biss : The upper ten thousand—अवार्यन वर्षा वर्षाक ৰেই The highest class in society.

The upper world--- नर्ग ; नाव्यकन ।

Upperhand, up'er-hand, s. attiw; (with: Superiority.

Have the upperhand, Get the upperhand--- धवन-र ; अपूष-इ ; शाँखता अवन रहेता की : Prevail; have the ascendency or control.

Uppermost, a. 2504; Highest.

Uppermost in one's mind-are stel wife তোলাপাড়া করা বার; সকল চিস্তার উপরি থাকা; The chief subject of one's thought,

Upper story, n. উक्रजन ; The higher story of s house :-- 4 : Intellect.

Uppish, a. निकंड ; Proud.

Upright, up'rīt, a. डिक ज़ाला ; महन ; Straight up; in an erect position; perpendicular; erect: —সং ; অৰুণট , Honest ; just. Syn :—Vertical, erect; righteous, honourable, principled, conscientious.

Uprightness, up'rit-nes, n. जङ्गा ; महन्या ; Quality or condition of being upright. Syn :-Integrity, honesty, rectitude, probity.

Uprise, n. উন্নতি ; Rising :--- o. i. উचिত-इ।

Uproar, up'ror, n. मक्लान ; क्लानाइन ; हीश्कात : Noisy tumuit; bustle and clamour; great tumult. a=uproarious ( हाकाशिया )। Syn :- Disturbance, noise, clamour, turbulence, turmoil. brawl riot.

Uproot, up-root, v. मब्दलांश्यादेव-कु ; निर्द्त-कु ; छेन्। To tear up by the roots, to root up. Syn :- Eradicate, extirpate, weed.

Upset, up-set, v. t. छेन्डे|रेब|-त्य ; विश्वीख-कृ ; To turn upside down ; to overturn - - বাৰ্-কু , বাতিল-कु; To overthrow :- n. विश्वाति ; An overturn : —a. উন্নতভাবে হাপিত , Set up :—নিদিষ্ট : সর্কনির । Upshot, up'shot, #. अतिगाम ; त्यर क्या ; End ; final issue.

Upside, n. উপরিস্থাগ : The upper side.

Upside down -বিশ্বাৰ ভাবে; উণ্টাইরা; In complete disorder. [ toward an upper story. Upstairs, ad. উপরের ভালাব; লোডালাব. In or Upstart, up'start, n. आधुनिक शक्ति ; व्ठांद बांबू ; A parvenue; one who suddenly starts up to wealth or power:-- a. সহসা উন্নত ; Suddenly raised Upturn. v. t. छाई (कहान : To direct upward : to

Upward, up'ward, a. উद्वाडियुवीन ; केर्द ; Directed to a higher place.

Upward, Upwards, adv. & E : Towards a higher place:--আরও অধিক ; More than.

Urania, w. The Muse of astronomy.

Urban, ur'ban, a. (L. urbs, a city) नहन সম্বন্ধীয় , নাগরিক ; Belonging to a city.

Urbane, ur-bāń, a. সভ্য ; শিষ্ট , স্থীল ; ভব্য ; বন্ধ ; Civilised; refined; polite; courteous.

Urbanity, ur-bane-te, n. শিক্টভা; অহতা; ক্ৰ্ম-গতা ; সভাতা , শিষ্টাচার ; Refinement ; politeness ; civility or courtesy of manners. Sym :- Suavity, affability, courteousness, complaisance.

Urchin, urchin, n. कहरक वालक ; A child used iocosely :-- नवाक ; Hedgehog.

Ureter, U-re'ter, n. [Gr. ouron, urine ] 40-नहीं : The tube conveying the urine from the kidneys to the bladder.

Urothra, U-reithra, #. मृज्याप : क्षांत्रव वाद : Canal by which urine is voided,

Urge, urj, v. t. [ L. urgeo, to press, to drive ]
অহমোধ-য়; বলপূর্ণক বাবিত-য়; To press; to drive
onward; to solicit:—উৎসাহিত-য়; উদ্বেশিত-য়;
মেশ-য়; To incite, to provoke. Syn:—Push,
drive, impel; importune, entrest; animate,
instigate, stimulate, encourage.

Urge one to—काशांद कान विषय क्रिएड (अप-कृ; Press one to adopt.

Urge on one—কোৰ বিবন্ধে কাহাকে চাপিলা বৰা; অবস্ত কৰিবা এই ভাবে; Press (something) upon another's attention.

Urgency, ur'jen-si, n. আর্থা; আরহ; Earnest asking; earnest solicitation:—অতাবিত্তকতা; আমোলনীয়তা; Importunity; pressing necessity. Urgent, ur'jent, a. অমোলনীয়, অসমি; অতাবিত্তক ; বার; Pressing; earnest. ad = urgently. Syn:—Instant, cogent, vehement, importunate.

Urinal, u'rin-al, n. ব্ৰাধার; প্ৰসাবের ছান; প্ৰসাব করিবার পাত্র বা ছান; A vessel in which or place where urine may be discharged:—পরীকার্ব বে বোজনে বৃত্ত বাকিত থাকে. A bottle in which urine is kept for inspection. [Pertaining to or like urine. Urinary, u'rin-ar-i, a. প্রসাব নক্রীর, মৃত্যস্কুন; Urinate, v. f. প্রসাব-কু; মৃতা; Pass urine.

Urine, U'rin, म. बालाव ; बुद्ध ; Water which is secreted by the kidneys,

Urn, urn, n. [L. urns, a water-pot] জলপাত ; A vase for water :—জম রাধিবার পাত্র ; A vessel for depositing the ashes of the dead :—পোৰ ; স্বাধি । Ursa Major—বৃহৎ এক ; The Great Bear.

Ursine, a. জন্ত সমূপ; Of or resembling a bear.
Urticaria, n. আমবাং, আমবাং রোগ; Nettle rash.
Us, us, pron. pl. আমাদিগক; The objective case of we. [as may be used.
Usable, ufa-bl, a. ব্যবহারবোগ; প্রবোগ; Such

Useble, আৰি-bl, a. ব্যবহারবাস্যা, আবেছিয়; Such Usage, আহি, n. ব্যবহার, Treatment:—বভাস: বায়; রীতি; Practice; custom:—ওবাস!; Syn:—Use, prescription.

Use, যz, v. t. [L. uti, usus, to use] নিৰ্ভ-কৃ, ধানাস-কৃ; বাৰহার-কৃ; To put to some purpose; to employ:—বাবহার-কৃ; To treat:—v. i. আভাত-হ; Ti be accustomed:—n. ( us) ধানাপ; Application:—উপকারিতা; Utility:—এবা, রীতি; বারা; Custom:—যাবহার; Treatment:—প্রয়োজন; আবস্ত-কঙা; Need:—উপক; কল:—সুবিধা; Advantage, convenience:—অভানি; Practice. Syn:—(v) Occupy, engage, apply; practise; exercise, consume, exhaust; accustom, inure, habituate; (n) Handling, exercise, employment; usage.

Be in use—ব্যবন্ধত থাকা; প্রচলিত থাকা; Be used. Be of use—কার্যকর-হ, Be serviceable.

Be used to-cein fract were tien; Rendered familiar by practice.

Go out of use—चश्विष्ठ-इ ; Cesse to be used. In use—चित्र ; जनस्थ ; in employment. Make use of—जनस्थ-इ ; Employ, use.

Of no use—অবাধানয়; (বান কালের নর।
Of use—আলান্যার; Useful, profitable. [from.
Put to use—বাবহারে আনা; To derive service
Use (or exercise one's) own discretion—
আগনার বৃদ্ধি অসুবারী ভাষ্য-মু; To act freely according to one's judgment.

Use to—অভাৰ থাকা; Accustom; habituate.
Use up—নিঃশেব-দু; সুমাইনা-দে; Exhaust; to consume by using:—কিন্তুই বাদ না পেওৱা; Employ fully so as not to leave any part of it unused:—কাহাকে বাটাইয়া অকর্ষণা করিয়া কেলা; Exhaust so as to render one incapable of further exertion.
Used, p. s. ব্যক্ত; পরিকৃক; Accustomed; habituated.

Useful, ilsíóól, e. कांग्रका; छगकांबी; व्याह्मकांबा; मत्रकांबी; विक्रमा; Serviceable; beneficial; advantageous. ad—usefully (व्याह्मकांबास्त्र)। n= usefulness (कांबासकां)। Syn:—Advantageous, profitable, helpful, available, good.

Uselens, Usles, c. অনাৰক ; নির্থক ; অব্যহার্য ; অকর্মা ; Worthless ; having no use ; unavailing. Syn:—Fruitless, ineffectual, profitless, unserviceable, unbeneficial, unavailing.

Usher, ush'ér, ন্ন. আলালতেৰ ছারবাম; ছারণাল;
Door-keeper of a law court:—নিম্নত্ত শিক্ষ;
অথকন সংকারী; Under teacher or assistant:—
কৃত; Forerunner:—বে কর্মচারী অন্ত্যাসত ব্যক্তিকে সন্তে
লইরা ভিতরে উপস্থিত করেন; One who attends upon strangers, or guest to bring them in:—৮, i.
আনমন-ফু; অর্থবা-ফু; প্রবেশ ক্যান; সন্তে লইয়া অর্থে
ঘারমা, To introduce; to bring on to; to forerun.
Usher out—Attend on departure.

Usual, Uzhu-al, a. [L usus, use] সাধারণ; সচরাচন; বিশিষ্ট; Common. ad=usually (সচরাচন); Syn:—Customary, wonted, accustomed, habitual, regular, familiar, common, frequent, general.

Usufruct, O'za-frukt, গ. কলভোগ, কলভোগাৰিকার; Temporary use without property; liferent. a=usufructory (উপৰস্কভোগী)।

Usurer, u'zhōō-rér, ন. ব্ৰথোর, কুনীব্রীব; One who practises usury; a money-lender for interest.

Usureous, a. क्नीर्आही ; Practicing usury.

Usurp, ü-zurp', v. f. [ L. usus, use and rapio, to seize ] বলপুৰ্বাক দখল-কু, বিলা অধিকান্তে প্ৰছণ-কু; To seize without right. Syn:—Arrogate, assume, appropriate. [ and possession. Usurpation, n. বলপুৰ্বাক দখল, Unlawful seizure Usury, ū'zhōō-ri, n. [ L. usus, to use ] আন্ধা বুদ, অভিনিক কুদ; Exhorbitant interest; illegal interest.

Utensil, u-tensil, n. शांख; वड; वानव; Instrument or vessel for any use; an implement tool, chamber pot.

Uterine, u'ter-in, a. [L. sterus, the womb]
এক বাতার সর্ভে ভিন্ন শিভ্নাত; প্রভাগর স্থানীয় : কৈপিত্রের; Born of the same mother by having a
different father.

Uterine brother—বৈণিতৃক সহোধয়। Uterus, দ. করারু গর্ভ , গর্ভাশর ; The womb.

Utilise, u'til-is, v.t. ब्रव्हात्त्राश्रदोत्ते-वृ; ब्राह्मकोच-वृ; To put to profitable use; to render useful. n=utilisation.

Utilitatian, u-til-i-tari-an, n. हरवाने; स्वनाने; One who advocates the system of general utility or the greatest happiness of the greatest number; one who holds the doctrine of utilitarianism; benthamite:—a. ছিডবাৰী স্বৰীয়; Per-

Utilitarianism, U-til-i-tári-an-izm, अ. स्वर्गर ; हिरुराष ; The doctrine of the utilitarians.

Utility, u-tile-te, n. [ L. utilitas, from utilis, useful ] উপভার; উপভারিতা; ক্ৰিয়া; ব্যবহারতা; Usefulness. Syn:—Advantageousness, benefit, profit, avail, service.

Umost, ut-most, a. অভাত ; অভিণয় ; পরত্ব ; Extreme :—পেত্র ; চরত্ব ; Last :—সংক্ষিত ; Highest : —ব্যুত্বত্বী ; ত্রত্ব ; Furthest out :—n. চরব্বার্গ ; The greatest effort. Syn :—(a) Farthest, remotest, uttermost, greatest.

To the utmost of one's power—वर्धनांश । To try one's utmost—रङ्ग्रनांश एडो-ङ् ; नारा-बढ छडो-ङ् ।

Utopia, গ্ল. কজিত হংগৰ হাৰ ; বানরাজ্য ; Imaginary or visionary commonwealth or state of perfection.

Utopian, U-to'pe-an, a. কাছনিক ; কছিত ; কলনা-বাস্ত ; Imaginary ; ideal ; fanciful ; chimerical. Syn:—Ideal, visionary. Utterable, uter-a-bl, a. किहानके ; क्यनीय ; That may be expressed.

Utterance, uter-ans, n. উচারণ, বাৰ্যক্ষ, প্রকার প্রকার Expression; pronounciation; publication. Syn:—Speaking, delivery, elocution; issue.

Uttermost, uter-most, a. कृष्टा ; Extreme ; up-most :—n. প্রাকাষ্টা ; The greatest degree.

To the uttermost—4575; In the highest degree.

Uvula, u'vu-la, #. আব্জিড; Small protuberance hanging over the tongue. a=uvular.

Uxorious, ugz-o'ri-us, a. [ L. uzer, a wife ] বৈশ, বীন অভায় বশীভূত; বীপনানণ, Very fond of or submissive to wife; doing on a wife. n.— Uxoriousness (অভায় বীপনান্ধতা); ad—unoriously.

V

y—ইংরালি বর্ণনালার ছাবিংশ বর্ণ আক্ষন; The 22nd letter of the English alpabet :—( গণিতে ) পাঁচ; Five.

Vacancy, vákan-se, n. শ্ভা ; Emptiness; empty space:—অবকাশ; বিরাম, Leisure; a gap:
—শ্ভপদ; কর্ম বালি; A situation unoccupied.
Syn:—Vacuity, emptiness; chasm, gap, blank.
Vacant, vákant, a. [ L. vacare, to be empty ]
শুড়; বালি; বাকা; Empty:—বালি; অনবিত্ত ; Not occupied by an incumbent or possessor; unoccupied:—অব্যৱস্থ; অবকাশবৃক্ত; কর্মে জনিবৃক্ত;
Not occupied with study প্রবংশ বৃদ্ধ; চিন্তাশুড়; চিন্তাবিহীল; Thoughtless:—মুক্ত; বালীন;
Free. ad — vacantly ( বাকা বাকা) । Syn:—Void, unfilled, open; unoccupied, disengaged, at leisure; unthinking, idle.

Vacate, va-kনা, v. t. [ L. vaco, vaccatum, to be empty ] বালি-ক; শ্ৰু-ক; To quit possession of; to make vacant.

Vacation, va-káshun, ল. অবকাশ; বন্ধ; চুটি; Holiday:—বুদ করণ; অবকাশ; বিবাদ; A vacating or maing void or invalid.

Summer vacation—जीपांकान ।

Vaccinate, vaksit-āt, ফ. t. গোৰীজে টাকে-কে; To inoculate with the cowpox. n=vaccination (গোৰীজের হারা টাকা দেওম); vaccinator (গোৰীজের টাকাদার)!

Vaccine, vaksin, a. [ L. vacca, a cow ] পৰা; বো-বৰত সম্বায়; Pertaining to, or derived from cows.

Vaccine matter—Matter for vaccination.'
Vacillate, vail-lat, v. ं. हेन्यल-इ ; हेल्ल्ड:-इ ;
रगंत्राव्यान-इ ; विश्वन-इ : To waver ; to sway to
and fro ; to be unsteady. Syn :—Fluctuate,
stagger, rock, reel ; hesitate,

Vacillation, vas-il-lashun. n. ইডডত: করণ; আম্পোলন; অস্থিতান; চাঞ্চল; বিচলন; Fickleness; inconstancy. Syn:—Reeling, swaying, rocking, staggering; wavering, fluctuation, hesitation; unsteadiness.

Vacinia, n. গো-বদত।

Vacuity, va-kü'e-te, n. [L. vacuitas, from vacuus, empty] শৃত্ত ; পুত্তগর্ভতা ; পৃত্তহান : নৃত্ততা ; ধালি বারগা ; Void. Syn:—Emptiness, vacancy. inanity, inanition ; void, vacuum, empty space. Vacuous, vakū-us, a. পৃত্ত ; অপূর্ণ ; ধালি ; Uufilled ; void, empty.

Vacuum, vakū-um, n. শৃত্তবেশ ; আকাল ; Empty Vademeeum, n. নিতা-সহচর পুত্তক !

Vagabond, vag'a-bond, n. ভিক্ক; বাসছান জভাবে বে ব্যক্তি ইডৱত: জন্ম করে; তব্দুরে ব্যক্তি; জন্ম ব্যক্তি; A wandering, idle fellow:—a. জজাত নিবাম; ইডৱত: চালিভ; বুবা জমণকারী; ভব্দুরে, Unsettled; driven to and fro. Syn:—(n) Vagrant, wanderer, tramp, strolling beggar; rogue, scamp, rascal.

Vagary, va-gar'e, n. [L. vagari, to stroll about] খোৱাল; মাৰ্জি; চিন্তের অব; A wild freak; a whim. Syn:—Fancy, freak, caprice, prank, antic. [leading to the womb. Vagina, n. সম্বৰ-পথ; বোলি-ছাব; The canal

Vagrancy, vagran-si, n. बानशान कारत वृथा भंदा-हेन ; त्यकांत्र सम्प ; Life and habits of a vagrant, Vagrant, vagrant, a. कववृत्त ; तृश्नुक ; कमनकाती ; कव्य ; Unsettled:—n. कववृत्त (जाक ; त्यकांत्र त्याक ;

One who has no settled habitation; a vagabond. Syn:—(a) Strolling, roaming, roving, nomadic. (n) Wanderer, beggar.

Vague, vag, a. আনিভিত; অনিশিষ্ট; Uncertain:
—আছিব; অপাষ্ট; Unsetttled; flying, ad-raguely

( আইমাৰ্শ ); n=vagueness ( আইড) ) i Syn :--Undetermined, indefinite, indistinct, loose, lax. Vagueness, n. অনিশ্ভিতা; আইডা; The quality or condition of being vague. Syn :--Looseness, indefiniteness, ambiguousness, uncertainty.

Vail, val, v. t. অধীনতার নিধর্ণন অধনত করা; To lower in token of inferiority:—ব্যতাপয়-হ; To yield:—n. আগন্তক কর্তৃক প্রয়ন্ত প্রভার প্রভার; Money given to servants.

Vain, van, a. নিকল; বুখা; অনৰ্ক; Fruitless; unreal:—অভিমানী; বাজিক; আগ্ননাখী; বৰ্ণিত; Conceited; showy. ad—vainly (বুখা); Sym:—Unreal, dreamy, shadowy, unsubstantial; unavailing, useless; worthless, unsatisfied, empty; light, inconstant; conceited, inflated, proud, estentatious.

[ tually.

In vain—বুবা; অবর্থক; To no purpose; ineffec-Vain-glory, van-glo'ri, n. বিখা বড়াই; প্তপ্রক; আসুপরিষা; বড়; Self pride; pride above desert; empty pride or boasting. a vain-glorious; (boastful; গ্রিড); n=vain-gloriousness (দাভিক্তা)। Valance, n. বাসর; Having drapery for a bed: —ত. f. বাসর বাসা স্বোভিত-তৃ; To decorate with

Vale, vel, n. [ L. vallis, a vale ] উপত্যকা; নিছভূমি; A valley; a tract of low-land between hills or mountains. [ is so full of sorrow. Vale of tears—ছু:বৰ্ণ বলং; This world which Valediction, val-E-dikshun, n. [ L. valedicere, valedictum, to say farewell ] বিশাসকালীৰ ভঙ্কাৰনা; ভঙ বিশাস; A farewell; a bidding farewell. a=valedictory ( বিশাসকে ; বিজয়াসকা; Farewell ). Syn:—Leave-taking, adieu, goodbye. [ power of an element. Valency, n. আগবিক বোল-শক্তি; The combining Valentine, valen-tin, n. অগমিনী; অগমি; আমান্তিকা; প্রেম্বাজিণ; Sweet-heart choosen or love

letter sent on St. Valentine's day, 14th Feb.
Valerian, n. বৈষয় উদিদ বিশেষ; The plant allhead. [ servant; a waiting servant.
Valet, valet, n. ভুডা; চাকয়; দাস; বানসায়া; A
Valet-chambre, n. One who attends to a
gentlemen's dressing room.

Valetudinarian, val-e-tūd-in-ār'e-an, Valetudinary, val-e-tū'din-ar-i, a. হয়; পীড়েড; মুৰ্বা; অব্য: Sickly; weak:—n. চিয়বোৰী; Person of ill health. Syn:—(a) Weakly, sickly, feeble, infirm, delicate.

Valetudinarianism, ». ছুৰ্জনতা; চিয়কুছাতা; কীণ খায়; Weak health.

Valhalla, val-halla, n. বৰ্গ: ( কাজিনেভিয়াৰ মতে ) বুজে হত বীরণিগের বাসার্থ কর্মীয় ভবন: In Scandanawain myth ology, the place of immortality for the souls of heroes slain in battle.

Valiant, valyant, a. সাহসিক; নিজীক; বীরোচিত; Brave; intrepid in danger; heroic. ad=valiantly ( সাহসপূর্বক); #=valiantness (নিজীকতা)। Sym:—Courageous, gallant, valorous, redoubtable; stout, puissant.

Valid, valid, a. वनवर ; नवर्षनीय ; युष् ; क्षक् ; Strong ; efficacious ; legal ; rightful. n=validity ( वनवर्षा ) ; ad=validly (वनवर्षाण) ! Syn :-

Efficient, powerful, cogent, sound, weighty, just, good, logical, conclusive.

Validity, va-lide-te, ম. বৰ্ষৰ; মুচ্ডা; Legal strength; state or quality of being valid:— বাষ্টা; বৈষ্টা; Justness. Syn:—Strength, force, justness, soundness, cogency.

Valise, n. বছ-কোব; পথিকেয় চৰ্ম-পেটক; Portmanteau; bag.

Valley, vale, n. উণতাকা; প্রতিম্বাস্থ নিম্ন সম্ভল ভূমি; অন্তর্জন; Low land between hills or mountains. Syn:—Vale, dale, dell, dingle, hollow, bottom.

Valour, Valor, valur, n. সাংস: পৌৱা: বিতী-কডা; বিজ্ঞা; Courage; intrepidity; bravery. Syn:—Heroism, prowess, gallantry, boldness, fearlessness.

Valourous, Valorons, valur-us, a. নাহনিক; নিতীক; Courageous; intrepid. ad-valorously. Syn:—Stout, bold, brave, gallant, fearless, heroic.

Valuable, valu-a-bl, a. নহার্থ্য; নুল্যবান্; দানী;
Costly; precious:—নাজার্ড; Deserving esteem:
—উত্তম; উপাধেন্য। Syn:—Precious, estimable,
worthy. [a contract purchased or other act.
Valuable consideration—An equivalent for
Valuation, val-ū-áshua, n. ন্ল্য নিছারণ; ব্লা
বিছেল; নিছারিত ন্ল্য; নিজাপত ন্ল্য; বাচাই; The
act of setting a price; appraisement; estimated worth.
[appraisor.

Valuator, valu-at-ur, n. ব্ল্যা-নিষ্টাগণানী; An Value, valu, n. [F. valoir, pp. valu, to be worth] ব্ল্য়; দান; Worth; price:—আৰক্ষা; উপদায়িতা; Importance; efficacy:—v. t. ব্ল্যাবান্ জান্-ফ; To estimate the worth of:—বাজ-ফ; To esteem. Syn:—(v) Compute, rate, appraise, estimate, account; esteem, regard, prize, treasure; (n) utility; cost, rate.

Exchangeable value—বাধার ধর।

Value received—অৰ্থাদি বাহা আও হইনা হাতৰত লিবিয়া দেওয়া বায়।

Velued, a. मदाविष ; आवत ; Esteemed.

Valueless, এ. বৃদ্য বা বোগ্যতা হান; Of no value. or worth.

Valve, n. [ L. valvae, a folding-door ] কণাট; ষাৱ; বাইল; Folding door:—একদিক আটা ঢাকনী; Lid or cover to open in one direction and shut in the other. a=valved, valvular ( একদিক -আটা; বাবসাবিশিষ্ট)।

Vamp, vamp, n. জুডার উপরের চামড়া; The upper leather of a shoe:—n. t. নৃতন চর্দ্ম বিরামড-কু; ভালি-জে; To repair with a new vamp; mend; to patch old with new.

Vampire, vampir, n. বন্ধশোৰক পিণাচ; বেডাল; বাহড় বিশেষ; Evil elf that sucks the blood of sleepers; a blood sucker; a blood-sucking bat: —বলপুৰ্বক অৰ্থ-এহণকাৰী; অৰ্থ-পোৰক; পীড়নকাৰী ব্যক্তি; Extortioner.

Van, van, n. [L. ab, from, by, and ante, before] দৈন্ত-মূৰ; চৰ্-মূৰ; দৈন্তগলের অবভাগ; The front of an army or a fleet:—মাগটাৰা বাব ঝিৰেৰ; পণ্য-লক্ট; A large covered waggon.

In the van of-मजनाम ; नकानव भारत ; Octupy-

Vandal, \*. জাতি বিশেষ; প্ৰথ পতাৰীতে বাহাৰী বোদ-বগৰ সুঠন কৰিবাছিল; One of the North Germanic tribes akin to the English, who sacked Rome in the 5th Century:—অনভালোক; A barbarian:—ক্ষেকাৰী; শিক্ষব্য-নইকাৰী; Destroyer; one hostile to arts:—a. অসভা; চোৱাড়; Barbarous; rude.

Vandalism, vandal-ism, s. নিৰ্মণ ; অসভাতা ; Ferocious cruelty ; barbarity :—বৰবাৰ, বিবেশ বিশাৰ ; Barbarous destruction of works of art or literature.

Wane, van, n. বায়ু বারা বৃণিত কলক; বায়ুনিয়ণক বত্ত বিশেষ; A weather-cock:---গতাকা; Flag.

Vanguard, vangard, a. चंद्रशंभी लिए ; त्रवान्त ; Front body, the first line.

Vanilla, n. আমেরিকার উদ্ভিদ বিশেব।

Vanish, vahish, v. i. অনুষ্ঠ হ অৱহিত-হ; লোপ-হ; অভ্যান-হ; বিনষ্ট-হ ; To disappear ; to pass away ; to be lost. Syn:—Fade, melt, dissolve. Vanish into air—উপে বাৰুৱা ; Disappear from view.

Vanity, vahe-te, n. [ L. vanitas, from vanus, empty, vain ] অহলার; আনুসরিদা; অহমিলা; বেমাল; Empty pride; conceit:—জীলজনক; আড়বর; Ostentation:—অনিনিয়তা; Uncertainty:—নির্থক আমোদ; Empty pleasure:—অৱঃ-পুরুল; অনারতা, Emptiness. Syn:—Emptiness, unsubstantialness, worthlessness, inanity, unreality; conceit, self-sufficiency, egotism.

Vanity-fair-was; The world.

Vanquish, vangkwish, v. t. পরাধ-কৃ; পরাধিত-কৃ;

অহ-কৃ; To overcome; to conquer:—তকে পরাধকৃ; To compute. n=vanquisher (victor;

কেডা); a=vanquishable (বিজেডা)! Syn:—(v)

Surmount, master, rout, discomfit, quell.

Vantage, vantāj, n. লাভ ; প্রাণাভ ; ক্রিণা ; Gain ; advantage ; superiority. [tion for action. Vantage ground, n. অগ্রছমি ; Superior posi-Vapid, vap'id, a. নিজাব ; নীয়স ; বনহীল ; বিশাল ; বিষয় ; নিজেল ; Spiritless ; stale ; flat ; tastless; insipid. n=vapidity. ad=vapidly (নিজেলভাবে) ; Syn:—Dead, insipid, flavourless, tame, dull.

Vapidness, n. নীরসভা; দিল্লীবভা; State or quality of being vapid. Syn:—Flatness, deadness, dulness, tameness, insipidity.

Vaporise, vapor-iz, v. t. বালে পরিণত-কৃ: To convert into vapour :—ফ.ব. বালাকার হইবা নির্গত-কৃ: উপে-বা: To pass off in vapour; evaporate: —বর্জ-কৃ: To bag. n=vaporisation.

Vaporous, a. ৰাশাৰার ; কীড ; অসভা ; অসার ; Full of vapour ; unreal ; vain.

Vapour, Vapor, vapur, n. वाल ; डाल ; ब्व ; Steam ; gas :—वृषा वाक ; क्वन ; Vain imagination :—pl. Hypochondria :—v. s. वालाकार डेड्रिया-चा ; वाला विर्यक-स् ; To evaporate ; to escape in vapour : to give out vapour :—रक-इ ; व्यक्षाय-वृः व्यक्षि-कृ ; To boast ; to brag :—v. s. वालाकार ड्रिट्या-चा : Syn :—(x) Fume, exhalation, smoke, mist, fog, rack ; phantom, fantasy, whim, vagary ; (pl) sploen, melancholy, blues. Vapourer, vapurer, n. visie; 34; veriar; & hoaster.

Vapourish, a. stores; Full of vapour. Sys:

Splenetic, peevish, humoursome, hysterical.

Vapoury, vapure, a. stores, stores. Rull of

Vapoury, vapur-e, a. बाजापूर्व ; बाजाबह ; Pull of vapour :--विहेबिट ; क्लाट्यांबी ; Peevish.

Variable, vare-a-bl, a. [ P. L. variabilis, from varius, various. ] পরিবর্তনীন; অনির্মিত : পরি-বর্তনীয়; Changeable; liable to change:—আছিয়; চকা; Inconstant; unsteady; fickle. Syn:—Mutable, shifting; wavering.

Variableness, n. পরিবর্ধনীয়তা; Susceptibility of change. Syn:—Unsteadiness, changeableness, inconstancy, fickleness.

Variance, vâre-ans, n. প্রিবর্জন; Change; alteration:—ভেল; খনৈক; খনিক; বিবাদ; বিরোধ; Difference; disaggreement; dispute. Syn:— Disagreement, dissension, discord, jarring; variation, discrepancy, inconsistency.

At variance with—বিশান ; Opposed to :--খনৈৰ্য বা অধিব ; Not agreeing with ; not consistent with. [ A variety.

Variant, a. বিশ্বিস্ক; Different:—n. বিবিশ্ব অকার; Variation, va-re-áshun, n. প্রিবর্তন; ভাষাভার; ব্যভিক্রম; A change. Syn:—Muration, alteration, modification; deviation, departure, diversity, discrepancy, difference,

Varicocele, s. A varicose enlargement of the spermatic veins.

Varioose, var'i-köz, Varioous, var'i-kus, e. কাত : ব্যক্তি : উচ্চ : Permanently dilated or enlarged, as a vein.

Varicosity, n. नितापित कीएटा।

Variety, va-ri'e-te, m. वहरिषय ; देवकशा ; व्याख्य ; देववज्ञ ; Diversity ; difference :—व्यकाद ; वक्य ; A kind, sort. Syn :—Multiformity, multiplicity. Variogated. a. চিত্ৰবিচিত : वानावर्ष त्राख्य ।

Variocella, #. शान दमस ; Chicken pox.

Variola, त. ইচ্ছার বসর ; Small pox.

Variorum, va-ri-o'rum, a. নানা টানা সমন্বিক সংক্ৰণ; Containing notes of various commentators.
Various, váro-us, a. নানাবিব; বিবিধ; বিভিন্ন; Different; diversified:—ৰনেক; কডিপন্ন; Several. ad-variously (বাবার্ণে) ৷ Syn:—Diverse, several, manifold, sundry, numerous; changeable, mutable, uncertain; variegated.

Variet, variet, n. फूछा; बोठ गाँछ ; A page; a low fellow; attendant:—भावि लाग ; Scoundrel; a rascal.

Varnish, vār'nish, ল. বাণিন; চাক্চিকা করিবার অনুলেশন ব্রা; Glossy coating; gloss:—লমু করণ, Palliation:—ফ. চ. চাক্চিকা-কু; To give a fair appearance to:—বাণিন লাগান; বাণিন-ফু; To cover with varnish:—লমু-কু; Palliate. Syn:— (v) Lacquer, japan; glaze, polish, garnish, gild, gloss, Vary, vare, v. t. [ L. variare, from varius, various] বংগাব; To alter:—পালবর্তন-ভূ; লগাবরভূ; To change the aspect of:—নামাবিধ-ভূ; চিত্রবিভিন্ন-ভূ; To diversify:—v. i. পরিবর্তিত-ভূ; অভবিখ-ভূ; To alter; to be altered in any manner:
—ভিন্ন-ভূ; বিভিন্ন-ভূ; To disagree; to differ:—
ক্রমণ: ব্রাস্ত্রি পাররা:—অবিল-ভূ। a=varied (বিভিন্ন)।
Syn:—Modify, transform, metamorphose; variegate; be different, differ; deviate, depart; alternate.

Vascular, vaskū-lar, e. মলপূর্ব ; শিরা সম্মীয় ; শিরাত্মক ; Full of vessels, animal or vegetable bodies. n=vascularity.

Wase, vaz, n. কারকার্যনিষ্টি পাজ; অসমুত পাজ; An ornamental vessei.

Vaseline, n. গীডাভ অনুদেশন ত্রব্য বিশেব :

Wassal, vasal, n. প্রার্থ : অধীন ছ লোক;
অনুগত বাজি, থান; A subject; tenant; a dependant; retainer. Syn:—Feudatory; subject; servant, bondman, serf, slave.

Vassalage, vasal-মা, ন. দাসত; অধীনতা; অধীনত , State of being a vassal. Syn :--Subjection, dependence, servitude.

Vast, vast, m. বৃহৎ; প্রকাত; বিজাব; বিশাল, Very large; of great extent, immelise, spacious:
— n. বৃহত্ত্বি; অসীন দেশ বিতার, Empty waste.
Syn:—(a) Enormous, huge, mighty, colossal, gigantic, prodigious, astonishing.
A man of vast learning—প্রকাভ বা অবিচীয়
Vastly, ad. অচ্যন্ত ; বিতার; অনেক; Very greatly, to a vast extent.
[Immensity; largeness, Vastness, n. বিপ্লভা; বিশালভা; বৃহত্ত; আধিকা;
Vat, vat, a. পাল; বৃহত্ত্বভ; হোল; চোৰাচ্চা, Large vessel or cistern tube, especially one for holding liquors; a large tube.

Vatican, va'i-kan, n. পোপের প্রানাদ; পোপের শাসন বা অধিকার; Pope's palace and court at Rome, the papal authority.

The thunders of the vatican—The anathems of the Pope.

Vaticinate, vat-isi-nat, v.'t. [ L. vaticinor, atus, to prophesy ] ভবিষয়ৎ কহা; ভবিষয়াণী বলা; To prophesy, to predict. n=vaticination.

Waticination, va-tis-in-dshun, n. ভবিশ্যবাদী; ভাবিক্ৰন; Prediction. Syn:—Prophecy, divination, prognostication, augusy.

Vaudevilie, n. বিদ্রুগান্থক গান; A satirical song. Vault, vawlt, n. বিলান করা ছাদ; বিলানবৃক্ত ছাদ; An arched roof:—বোটকের লক্ষ; The bound of a horse:—কমাগত বিলান; Continual arch.— মৃত্তিকা নিমন্ত আকোঠ; মৃত্তিকার নিমন্তিত ভাগার গৃহ; A হুতিবার:—কবর; Repository for the dead:—লক্ষ; Leap:—v. f. বিলান-কৃ; To arch, to cover with an arch; to form a vault:—v. i. লাক দিয়া পারছ; লক্ষ প্রদান-কৃ; লাকান; To leap; to bound. Syn:—(n) Cell, cavity; tomb, crypt, catacomb; leap, bound, jump; (v) Bound, jump, spring.

[Sky.

Sky.
The vault of heaven—নভোষণল; খাকাণ;
Vaulted, vawifed, a. খিলানমুক; খিলানথালা;
Arched.
[ One who leaps.
Vaulter, sawifer, s. কক্ষম্পানখালী; উল্লেখ্যয়ালী;

Vaunt, vawnt, v. i. नफ़ार-कृ; नर्त-कृ; नर्ता-कृ; To talk with vain ostentation; to boast:—v. s. नर्त-कृ; नफ़ार-कृ; To boast of; to make a vain display of; to bag of:—n. नर्ता; नफ़ारे; न्याप-प्रतिमा; न्याप्टी; Boast. n=vaunter (नर्त्तकांते)) Vaunting, s. न्याप्टीची । ad=vauntingly (नर्दा-प्रतिम)। [flesh of a calf. Veal, vc!, s. (नायन बारन; नाहुतक बारन; The Vector, s. (निर्द) होना वाने, नथा—जक्रम तथा। Veda, ve'da, n. तम; Name of the Hindu scrip-

ture. pl=vedas. [sentry. Vedette, ve-det, n. অবারোহী নাড়ী; A mounted Veer, ver, v. i. পরিবর্জিত-হ; ফিক পরিবর্জন-ফু; কিরা; বুরা; To change the direction, as the wind; to direct to a different course; to turn. Syn:—Shift, come round.

Vegetable, Vegitable, veje-ta-bl, n. উদ্ধি ; A plant or tree :—pl. পাৰসন্ধি ; গাছগাছডা :—a. উদ্দিন প্ৰকৃতিবিশিষ্ট : বৃষ্ণতভাদিন ধর্মবিশিষ্ট ; উদ্ভিজ্ঞ ; Like vegetable ; belonging to plants. Vegetable life—উদ্ভিজ্ঞীবন ।

Vegetable marrow—बनाव् बाजीव कन वित्नव ; The fruit of a species of gourd.

Vegetal, a. উভিদ; উভিদ্যায়ী; উভিদ্যায়ভিক; Of the nature of a vegetable.

Vegetarian, vej-e-tárı-an, n. শাকারভোকী; বে বাজি মাংস পরিত্যাপ করিয়া উত্তিলাদির দারা প্রাণ রকা করে; One who holds that vegetables are the only proper food for man —a. শাকারতোলন-সম্বরীয়; Pertaining to vegetarianism.

Vogetarianism, त. नांकात्रतात , नांकात-त्वावन , The theory and practice of a vegetarian.

Vegetate, vejc-tat, v. i. [L. vegetare, vegetatum, to enliven] (ইড়িদের স্থায়) উৎপদ্ধ-হ; বহিত্ত ; অহুনিড-হ; To grow as plants; to germinate, to sprout:—কেবল বৃদ্ধি পাৰণা; কেবল আহান বনিমা বহিত্ত , To do nothing but eat and grow:—বুধা সময় কটোল; To lead an idle unthinking life. Syn:—Shoot; grow.

Vogetation, vej-e-táshun, n. বৃদ্ধি; (বৃদ্ধৰ) নৰ্ধন, উদ্ভিদের বৰ্ধনীলতা; The process; growing, germination; vegetable growth:—উদ্ভিদ; গাছ-গাছড়া; Plants in general.

Vogetative, veje-tat-iv, a. (উদ্ভিশ্বে স্থার) বর্জন শীল, বৃদ্ধিশীল, বর্জনান; উৎপাদনক্ষম; Growing (as plants), producing growth in plants.

Vehemence, ve'he-mens, n. এচডা; উরভা; ভারতা; এববভা; Violence:—উংলাহ, উৎকট আবেগ, Eagerness; great ardour; fervour. Syn:— Impetuosity; force, might, intensity; heat, fervency, passion.

Vehoment, ve'he-ment, n. আচও ; আৰল ; ভীত্ৰ ; Violent , furious ; passionate :—ব্যক্ত ; উৎসাহী ; উৎকট ; Very eager or urgent. Syn':—Impetuous, passionate, hot ; ardent, zealous, strong, intense, forcible, powerful, vigorous.

Vehemently, ad. তীৰ্ভাবে; প্ৰচণন্ধে ; Violently. Vehicle, veii-kl, ম. বাল; পকট; গাড়ী অভৃতি; Carriage; a means of conveyance:—তব্ৰেম অকুণাল; A substance in which a medicine is taken :
—বার, Medium. a=vehicular ( ব্ৰেম্বার ) ং

উঠা, খবা, ন. [L. তথালে, a sail, curtain] অবআঠন : বোনটা; Cloth used to hide or shelter the face:—বাৰণা; Curtain:—হ্মবেশ; A disguise:
—আহানন; আব্যান, Cover:—তাণ; ছল; P/etext:—ত. f. অবভান বারা আবৃত-ফু; অবভাঠত-ফু; To 
cover with a veil; to throw a veil over:—
আহানন-ফু; আহানিত-ফু; আব্যাত-ফু; To cover:—
বোলান-ফু; আহানিত-ফু; আব্যাত-ফু; To cover:—
বোলান-ফু; ব্যাহিত-ফু; চাকা; To conceal; to hide.
Syn:—(n) Screen, curtain, shade; mask, 
cloak, blind, disguise. (v) Screen, cover, hide, 
disguise, mask.

[বেলাবা!

Beyond the veil—saratage: গাঁৱনীয় অতি-

Beyond the veil—প্রলোক্সড; পৃথিবীর অভি-Draw saids the veil—অকাশ-ক; Disclose.

Draw (drop or throw) a veil over—কিছুৰ বাৰা চাৰা-বে; আফ্লান-কু; Disguise something by:—বোৰ চাৰা-বে; Conceal from public view. Take the veil—সৱাদিনী-হ; বিবাহ না করিয়া ধর্বা-আনে অবেশ-কু; চিরকৌষার বঙ্গ জরা; Retire from the world; enter a cloister and become a nun. Veiled, a. আবৃত; ভঠিত।

Veldt, n. আফ্রিকার ভূণভূবি।

Vein, van, n. শিরা; রক্তবদা নাড়ী; Elastic tube for the blood, a blood-vessel:—রেখা; রঙ্গ; A streak:—কাক; বক্তব; A fissure or cavity:—
মানসিক ভাব বা চিভার প্রবাহ; মনের গতি; Tendency; turn of mind; humour; peculiar temper; a train of thoughts:—ক্তেক্ত শিরা, Tube for sap:—গ. ৫. বেখা ছারা অভিড-ড়; শিরাবিশিষ্ট-ড়; To mark with streaks; to form veins in. Syn:—
(n) Rib, nerve; seam, lode; stripe, train, bent, mood, humour; faculty, talent, turn.

Veiny, Veinous, a. নিয়াবর বা বেধানর; নিয়াবিত, Having veins or streaks.

Voinule, n. एम निज्ञा

Veliferous, a. পাইनवाही ; Carrying sails.

Vellicate, v. t. or i. বোচড়ান; যোচড়-দে। == vellication ( যোচড়) ;

Vellum, velum, n. নিধনার্থ প্রস্তুত সৌবংস চর্মবিশেব ; A finer kind of parchment of calf skin.

Velocipede, a. ফুডগামী পা-গাড়ী বিশেব; A light carriage for one person moved with a treddle.

Velocity, vé-lose-te, n. [ L. velocitas, from velox, swift ] বেগ; গতির ফুডডা বা হার; শীঘগতি;
শীঘড়া; Swiftness; speed; quickness of motion.

Syn:—Celerity, rapidity, fleetness.

Velvet, velvet, m. মধ্যল; রেশ্যী বন্ধ বিশেব ; A kind of stuff with a soft nap :—কোৰল বস্তু ; Something very soft :—a. মধ্যলের ভার কোষল; পুরুষার ; Soft like velvet :—মধ্যলের মৃত্ত কার্পান বস্তু ; Imitation

velvet; cotton velvet.

Velveting, त. वर्गतात शिवित ; Velvet goods. Velvety, velvet-i, a. नदम ; (क्षिम ; Soft.

Venal, ve'nal, a. [L. venalis, from aenus, sale] বেডনবাই); বৈডনিক; বেডনাৰী; অৰ্থ বারা ক্ষেত্র; Mercenary; to be bought for money:—প্ৰী; বিজ্ঞা; Ready to be sold. Syn:—Vendible; hireling, sordid.

Venality, ve-nali-ti, n. অর্থনীত : অর্থন্য : বেতন্ত্রাহিতা ; পেবাদার ; Prostitution of talents or services for roward.

Vend, vend, v. t. विकार ; (वहां ; Sell ; give for

money; offer for sale:—n. [444; Sale. Syn: —Dispose, retail, hawk.

Vendee, n. क्यां , प्रतिमनात्र ; Buyer.

Vender, Vendor, त्र. विद्वा ; Seller.

Vendible, vendi-bl, a. उत्तरपाग ; विद्युष ; भी ; Marketable ; to be sold ; saleable.

Veneer, ve-ner', e. t. ৰাঠাণিৰ পাতলা পাত বিশ্বা মোড়া ; To overlay or plate with another wood : — n. ৰাঠাণিৰ পাতলা পাত ; Thin slice of fine wood laid on inferior wood with glue.

Vencering, n. মূলাবান কাঠের গাড ছিলা নীচের কাঠ বড়িত-কৃ; The act of overlaying an inferior wood with thin leaves of a more valuable kind. Vendetta, n. কৌলক-প্রতিহিংদা; কুলকোৰ।

Venerable, vener-a-bl, a. পুর; ছড়িভালন; প্যাননীর; ধ্রন্থের; Worthy of reverence or homour:—বৃদ্ধ; Aged:—পবিত্ত; Rendered sacred. n=venerableness (পুৰনীয়তা)। Syn:—Reverend, grave, sage, wise, oracular; awful, dreadful.

Venerate, veher-at, v. f. প্ৰা-কৃ; অছা-কৃ; বাছ-কৃ; ভক্তি-কৃ; স্থাদ্য-কৃ; To reverence; to revere; to worship; regard with respect and honour; treat with awe of great respect. Syn:—Revere, adore, worship.

Veneration, ven-er-ashun, w. পুলা; বাং । ভাজ: সমাননা; সমাদার; The highest degree of respect and reverence; respect mingled with awe; awe. Syn:—Reverence, respect, awe, dread; adoration, worship.

Venereal, ve-nor'i-al, a. উপদশে সম্বনীয় ; উপদশে-ঘটিত ; Relating or pertaining to syphilis.

Venereal disease—উপদংশ।

Venery, veher-i, n. বাতজিরা; স্থী-সংসর্ব; Sexual intercourse. [Blood-letting.

Venesection, ve-ne-sekshun, n. বছৰোকৰ; Venetian, ve-ne'shan, n. ভিনিন দেশবাসী ও ভিনি-নের ভাবা; Native or inhabitant of Venice: a. ভিনিন নগর সম্মীয়, Relating of Venice.

Venetian-blind, ». বড়বড়ির পাবি; A blind for windows. [glass on each side.

Venetian-door, n. Door lighted by panes of Vengeance, venjans, n. অভিদোধ; আডিংগা; ধাড় ; ধাড়িং ; ketribution. Syn:—Avengement; retaliation, revenge.

Breathe vengeance—শাদান; প্ৰভিহিংনা কৰিবাৰ প্ৰভিক্ষা-কৃ; Utter words expressive of a determination to take vengeance.

Take ( or wreak ) vengeance—প্রতিহিনা-ইতি চরিতার্থ-কু, দাদ ডোলা; Inflict punishment in retahation, have one's revenge.

Vow vengeance— नांग जुलिय विनन्न। भन्न इ ; Be determined to take vengeance.

With a vengeance—তেজ; উংকটরণে; সভাত;
চুটিরে; With great violence; with excessive vehemence; excessively:—উংগরীকে; Of a most
vehement character.

Vengeful, venjiool, a. প্রতিহিনো-পরারণ : বৈরসাধন-তংগর ; দাদ তুলিবার ইচ্ছাবিশিষ্ট ; Vindictive ; covengeful ; retributive.

Venial, vene-al, a. [F. veniel, from L. venia, forgiveness ] बाक्नीय; क्या ; Excusable; par-

Venison, veniszon, s. বুগৰালৈ; বৃদ্ধি-বালে; Meet Venom, venum, s. বিব ; গরণ; Poison; virus: —বেব ; হিলো; Spite; malignity; malice.

Venomous, venum-us, a. [L. venenum, poison] বিৰয়ক; বিবাক; বিৰয়ক; Poisonous:— বেবী; অবিট্রুকর; Mischievous; spiteful. am venomously (বিৰয়ক্ত্প); nmvenomousness (বিৰয়ক্ত্)! Syn:—Noxious, baneful; malignant, malicious.

Wenous, গল্পাঙ্গ, ত. শিলা সম্বন্ধীয়; শিলাসন্দোড়; শিলাসন্দিড়; Pertaining to or contained in veins.

Went, vent, ল. ছিল; মুড়; Hole; opening:—বিলেন্ধণ; নিৰ্মানন ; Discharge; escape:—পণ; Passage:—নিৰ্মান-পণ; মুড়; Touch-hole:—অবশণ; Publication:—সম্ভ:—ত. চ. নিৰ্মান-ভঃ বহিন্ধত-ভঃ বাছিল-ডঃ; To let out:—বাজ-ভঃ প্ৰকাশ-ভঃ; To publish:—উল্লানি-ডঃ স্পা:—(n) Opening, aperture; emission, escape, passage, outlet; utterance; sale, market; (v) Emit; publish, sell.

Give vent to—ব্ৰাণ-ডঃ ননের ভাব ব্ৰাণা করিয়া কেলা; Let out; pour forth; give expression

to (some feeling ). Take vent—একাৰ-ই।

Vent one's spleen—বালবাড়া; বনেৰ আখন বাহিন-ফু; বোৰ প্ৰকাশ-ফু; Pour forth one's spite or anger.

Ventage, গ্ন. বাব্-নি:সরপের কুম্র পথ (হথা বীনীর ভিন্ন)। Ventey, গ্ন. পারীরিক বরের আধার স্থান:—গর্ভাগর; তলপেট।

Ventilate, vente-lat, v.f. বাডাস-কু; বারু সঞ্চারিডকু; বাডাস দিরা পরিকার-কু; To fan with wind; to refresh with wind:—আলোচনা-কু; সমানোচনা
ক্রিডে-দে; To expose to examination and discussion:—অক্লি-কু, আচার-কু; To make public.
Syn:—Air; winnow, fan; sift, discuss, canvas.
Ventilation, ven-ti-láshun, n. বারু সঞ্চালন, বারুর স্বনাধ্যমন; Pree exposure to air; supply of air:—অক্লিড আলোচনা; সমালোচনার্ভিস্থানন, Public discussion, public exposure.

Wentilator, venti-lat-ur, প. বাৰু প্ৰবেশ করিবার মল; বে বত্ত থারা দূৰিত বারু নিঃদায়িত হইয়া প্রিত্র বারু সঞ্চায়িত হয়; Air-pipe; a contrivance for introducing fiesh air.

Ventral, ventral, a. [L. venter, the belly] छेन्त्र अवसीत : छेनदात्र निक्षेत्र ; Belonging to the belly. Ventricle, ventri-kl, n. क्वार ; स्वश्रक्षं : स्वार् व्यवस्त्र मूख हिन्न ; A small cavity in an animal.

Ventriloquise, ven-trilo-kwiz, v. f. উদ্যাভাষ্ট্র ইতে কথা কয়; To practise ventriloquism.

Ventriloquism, ven-trilo-kuizm, Ventriloquy, ven-trilo-kwi, त्र. श्रीकृत्रां ; त्र्य हार्शिश्च त्राक्-कर्मत्र सकाम किन्त ; The act or art of speaking in such a manner that the voice seems to come from a distance or from some other person.

Ventriloquist, ven-trifo-kwist, n. গ্ৰহুবাৰী; বে বাজি ভাৰুবভাবে কৰা কহিছে গান্তে; One who practises ventriloquism. Venture, ventur, स. नांहिक्य कांग्रं ; Undertaking of chance or danger:—नक ; क्विना वार्षः ; Risk; hazard:—देव ; अवृष्ठे ; Luck:—ए. ई. नक है। ला-क ; नांहिक्य कांग्रं (अवन-क ; विभागत्व-क ; To risk; to expose to hazard:—ए. ई. नांहिन्य ; To dare; to bave the courage to do. Syn:—(n) Jeopardy, peril; hap, luck, contingency; adventure, stake; (v) Adventure, presume; hazard, jeopardize.

At a venture—হর ও হইতে গারে এই আনাল; One the mere chance of:—লাগে তীর না লাগে জুত্ এই তাবে; Without much consideration:—না ভাবিলা বেখানে হর এক বারগার; At random:—নাহনে ভর করিলা; চহব হল না নেবিরা; না ভাবিলা চিছিলা; বহুচ্ছা-ফ্রেন্স; Without seeing the issue; without much consideration, suddenly. [করিলে কিছু মিলে বা : Mothing venture, nothing have—নাহন বা Venture et, on, (or) upon—নাহনে ভর করিলা কার্যে প্রবৃত্ত-হ; কোন কার্যে প্রবৃত্ত হাতে নাহন করা; যান আনার উপার নির্ভ্ত করিলা নাহনপূর্বাক করা; মান আনার উপার নির্ভ্ত করিলা নাহনপূর্বাক করা লাবা; To attempt without any certainty of success; engage in (something) on mere hope—নাহন করিলা কিছু-তু; Venture to do:—কপাল বুকিলা অপ্র-তু; Risk something on.

Venture out --সাহস করিয়া বহিৰ্মন্ত-ই; Take the risk of going out.

Venture to say--वित्र शहन-कृ ।

Venturer, n. नार्नकाती ।

Venturesome, ventur-sum, a. সাহসিক; ছুলোছ-সিক; শকাহীন; Adventurous; rash; brave; daring. Syn:—Venturous, bold, intrepid, enterprising, presumptuous.

Venturous, a. সাংগিক; বির্দ্ধর; Venturesome. ad = venturously. n=venturousness.

Venue, n. रण: বে হানে অপরাধাদি ঘটে; বে সানে নালিন রজু হয়; The place where an action is laid. To lay a venue—কোধায় বিচার হইবে ভাহা নিৰ্দেশ-কঃ

Venus, ve'nus, n. প্রেমদেবী; ব্যক্তি-দেবী; The goddess of love:—সৌশ্বা, Beauty:—গুরুষহ; গুরু-ডারা; The second planet:—শুখ বিশেষ।

Venus de-Medici, n. বাতিমূৰ্ত্তি বিশেষ; A statue; the type of womanly beauty.

Veracious, ve-ráshe-us, a. সভ্যবাৰী; সভ্যবিষ্ঠ; Truthful:—সভ্য; প্ৰকৃত; বৰ্গৰ ; True. ad—veraciously ( ব্যাৰ্থমণে )। Syn:—Credible, reliable, honest.

Veracity, ve-rase-te, n. সভাবিটভা; সভাবাহিতা; সভাবিটা; Habitual truthfulness:—সভা; Truth. Syn:—Credibility, honesty; consistency, accuracy.

Veranda, Verendah, ve-randa, s. বাবেখা, বাবাখা; বাবিখা; A kind of open portico attached to a house.

Verb, verb, n. पांडू ; ক্লিয়াণায় ; A word expressing, being, doing or bearing. [ গতি ব্যায় । Active verb—বে ক্লিয়ায় থায়া কোন থাকার কান্য বা Auxiliary verb—সহকারী ক্লিয়া।

Impersonal verb--- (र किया (करण व्यवस प्रश्रास वस सहस्र व्यवस्त हत।

Intransitive verb—ৰক্ষিক নিৰা ৷

Mouster verb-- (व क्षित्र)त बांबा (क्रमणवाध विकि बूबांव ।

Transitive verb -- नकर्षक क्रिया ।

Verbal, verbal, a. [L. verbalis, from verbum, a word ] ধাড়ুল ; Derived directly from a verb —বাচনিক; পাখিক ; ক্ষিত ; পদ বৃষ্টিত ; Oral , spoken :—পদাব্দিক ; Literal :—আক্ষিক ; Word for word. Syn:—Unwritten, parole ; word for word.

Verbal noun—কিলা হইতে দিশার বিশেষ।
Verbaline, e. f. ক্রিয়াপতে পরিবর্ত্তিত-মু; To convert into a verb.

Verbalism, দ. কথিত বাকা; মুৰ্বন কথা; মৌধিক বাকা; Something expressed verbally or orally. Verbally, ad. মূৰে; মূৰের কথায়; বাকে গজে।

Verbatim, adv. পদাপুণৰ ; টক সেই কথায় ; Word for word :— মুধের কথায় ; Orally.

Verbena, ver-be'na, n. উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ ; A plant. Verbiage, verbi-3j, m. বাক্য বাক্ষ্য ; বাগাড়বৰ , প্ৰাপ্তভা ; Wordiness ; verbosity , abundance of words.

Verbose, ver-bo4, a. [ L. verbosus, from verbum, a word ] বাগ্ৰহল; বহ অথবুজ; Wordy, prolix; diffuse, ad=verbosely (বহ অথ এখোল করত: ) i

Verbosity, n. বাগৰিতার; বাগানুবর; Prolixity. Verdancy, ver'dan-se, n. Quality or condition of being verdant. Syn:—Greenness, viridity; rawness, inexperience

Verdant, ver'dant, a [L. viridis, green] চরিং; ছরিখণিবিশিষ্ট; Green:—চারা; Fresh:—বর্জনান; মাজ্যু, Growing; flourishing: —অক্স. Ignorant. n=verdancy. ad=verdantly. Syn:—Flourishing, fresh; inexperienced, ignorant, raw.

Verdict, ver'dikt, n. [ L. vers, truly, and dictum, said] জুরীর উত্তর বা মত, জুরীর হাছ; প্রকাশিত মত; বিচার-নিজ্যন্তি, Decision; judgement of a jury; opinion pronounced. Syn:—Judgment, finding.

Vordigris, vėl'di-gris, ন. ভায়ৰল; পিতলের কলত্ব; ভাষাৰ ব্যৱহা Blue green rust of brass &c.; a paint.

Vordure, vérdür, n. ছবিছা; সবুজ বৰ্ণ, নৰ ভূণ-প্ৰাদি; সবুজ খাস; Gruenness; freshness of vegetation.

Verge, verj, n. সীমা; প্রান্ত: ধার: কিনাবা; Border, brink; edge:—শাসনাধিকাবহুচক দণ্ড; যাই . A rod:—অধিকার; Extent of jurisdiction:—পাথিই; বুছ:—v. f. কুঁকা; হেলা; নত-ফ; To bend, to incline; to slop:—কিনাবাব থাকা; কোন কিছুব কাছাকাছি থাকা; To border upon. Syn:—(n) Rim, brim, margin, brink; spindle; mace. (v) Lean, slope; approach, approximate.

On the verge of—আভি নিকটে; কিনারার; On the brink of:—খারে; Bordering on:—কোন কিছুর উপক্ষম, About to give way to. [ about to die. On the verge of death—মরিবার উপক্রম; Be On the verge of ruin—পতনোমুধ।

Verge on—কোন কিছুর কাছাকাছি-ই; Border on. Verge to—কোন কিছুর কাছাকাছি-ই; Tend to, approach to.

Vorger, verj-er, n. एक्पत ; क्ष्मती ; क्षानी-त्रकात ; One who carries a wand :—Church beedle. Verifiable, s. अवर्धनीत ; Capable of being proyed.

Verification, ver-e-fe-kashun, ন. স্থানা ; ব্যাণ অভিপাদন ; Act of verifying or proving to be true. Syn:—Confirmation, authentication, attestation.

Verify, ver'eff, v. t. [L. verus, true, and facere, to make] সভাপ্ৰদাপ-ক ; সাব্যস্থ-ক ; বৃদ্-ক ; ব্যার্থ প্রতিনামিন-ক ; To prove to be true or correct ; establish ; confirm. a=verifiable. n=verification. Syn:—Authenticate, attest; corroborate, substantiate.

Verily, ver'e-le, ad. নিকর; বাধ্বিক; সভাসভাই; অক্তই; in truth; in fact. Syn:—Really, truly, veritably, certainly, positively.

Verisimilar, ver-i-simi-lar, a. मध्य ; म्छाप्र-थछोग्रनान ; म्छापनीय ; Probable , likely.

Verisimilitude, ver-i-sim-ili-tud, n. ব্যাব্না; সভ্য-সাম্ভ ; Likelihood ; probability.

Veritable, ver'it-a-bl, a. [L. veritas, truth] বাধবিক; প্রকৃত ; ঠিক; সতা ; Real; true; actual. ad-veritably. Sym:—True, genuine, certain, positive, absolute.

Verity, ver'e-te, n. [L. veritas, from verus, true] সত্য; সত্যতা; বাণার্থা; Truth; reality. Syn:—Certainty, truthfulness; positive fact.

Verjuice, ver'joos, স. অৱৰস ; অপক ভাষাদি কলেৰ অৱৰস , Sour juice of unripe grapes, apples :—A kind of vineger from it. (in pipes.

Vormialli, n. মহদাৰ জাটা; Paste of wheat flour Vermicelli, n. পাদ্যজ্ব বিশেষ; সেমাই; The stift paste or dough of fine wheat flour made into small thread-like rolls.

Vermicular, ver-mikū-lar, a. কটিনদৃশ; কৃমিবং; কটি-বাতির শুরে; Pertaining to or like worm.

Vermiculate, v. t. কীটের সতির স্থায় কাককার্থা-কৃ; To inlay like wormtracks :--a. কৃষিব আকার-বিশিপ্ত ; কুমিবং ; Like worm.

Vermiculation, n. ক্মিবং সংবৰ; কটিকপুক Vermiculo, n. কুম কীট A little worm.

Vermiculous, a. কৃনিপূৰ্ণ ; কৃনিসদৃশ।

Vermiform, ver'mi-form, a. কটিবার , কটির পত্তির স্থার ; Having the form of a worm.

Vermifuge, ver'mi-fiij. n. কামনাশৰ উবৰ; কৃমি-নিসোরৰ ক্ৰা; Anthelmentic.

Vermilion, vét'milyun, n. নিস্ব; A scarlet colouring substance obtained from sulphur and mercury: —লালবঃ; Any beautiful red colour: —v. t লালবঙ্ক; নিস্বে বছ্-ক; 'To dye vermilion; to colour a delicate red.

Vermin, ver'min, n. পোকামাকড়; কীটপতল; উন্পুর মাছি ছাবপোকা প্রভৃতি; A noxious animal; worm. a=verminous ( কীটজনক )।

Vermivorous, ver-mivor-us, n. ৰীউভুক্; কৃষি-ভুক; কীটাৰ; Devouring worms.

Vernacular, ver-nakū-lar, a. [L. vernaculus, from verna, a slave born in his master's house] বন্ধোৰ; নিজনেশে প্ৰচলিত; Native. of one's own country; belonging to the country of one's birth:—n. ৰাত্ভাৰা; দেশীৰ ভাৰা; চলিত ভাৰা; Native or common dialect. Syn:—(a) Indigenous; mother, vulgar.

Vernal, ver'nal, a. [L. ver, spring] বন্ধকানীন; বাসন্তিক বসভস্থনীয়; Belonging to the spring

-বৌৰৰ সম্বাীয় ; Blooming ; belonging to youth. The vernal equinox—বসন্তকাল; বৰ্ণ প্ৰা বিৰুবরেখা অভিক্রম করে ও দিবাগান্ত সমান হয়। Vernation, ». মুকুলাভাররে প্রেবিস্থান প্রণাদী ; The disposition of leaves with the bud.

Vernier, #. সচল সুন্ম মাদ বা গল বিশেষ; Measure of intervals between graduated scales.

Versatile, ver'sa-til, a. [L. versatilis, from versare, to turn ] हक्त ; शतिवर्तनीय ; नर्सक्क ; नर्स-শান্তে কুশল; Changeable; unsteady; unstable; skilful. Syn :- Variable ; unsteady, fickle,

Versatility, Versatileness, त. नर्काक्टा ; সর্ববিষয়ে পারদর্শিতা বা কুশলতা , Changeableness ; the faculty of turning easily to new tasks or subjects.

Verue, vers, n. চরণ ; পঞ্জি ; A line of poetry ; metrical line:-ন্নোৰ, Stanza:-কৰিডা; পদা; Poetry:--( वाहेरवरत ) श्रीतरक्षात्र এक এक घरन, (In Bible) A short division of any composition. Blank verse—অমিতাকরের পদা।

Verse-monger, n. भग-त्नथर ( व्यवकार्य )।

Versed, verst, a. [ L. versaius, pp. of versari, to turn about frequently ] দক; জাত; বিদিত; পাৰিত: Throughly acquainted - কুলল; নিপুৰ Skilled. Syn: - Practised, conversant, accomplished, proficient, clever.

Be versed in-কোন বিবরে অভিজ্ঞ থাকা : কোন विरुद्ध भारतभी भाका . Be familiarly acquainted with :- क्षाम विषय निश्न ; Be well skilled in.

Versicle, n. মুদ্ৰ কবিভাৱৰক , A little verse.

Versify, versi-fi, v. s. कविजा बहुना-क ; भाग बहुना-7; To make verses; to turn into verse. n= versifier (পদ্য লেখক); n=versification (লোক व्रक्ता ; इत्य भम-विकाम )।

Version, ver'shun, n. [ L. versio, from vertere, to turn ] ভাবান্তর; অনুবাদ ; Translation ; the act of translating :- दर्गना ; विवत्न ; Statement ; account. Syn :- Rendering, interpretation ; lection, reading, exercise.

Verst, n. কণীয় মাইল ; A Rusian mile.

Versus, pre. वनाय ; विक्राक्त ( वानी-श्राठिवानीत भाष्यव ৰব্যে ব্যবহৃত এবং সংক্ষেণে ৩**ঃ লিখিত হব** )।

Vertebra, vérte-bra, n. কলের ; কলেরকা ; মেক-মতের অভিযাত ; Joint of the back bone. a=vertebrai ( মেরণভা ; কপের সম্বন্ধীয় ) ; pl = vertebrae.

Vertebral column—शहेरान ; त्यक्तक । Vertebrata, n. pl. (यह-पड़ी जीवनपूर ।

Vertebrate, verte-brat, n. (बङ्गको और ; An animal having an internal skeleton with a

backbone. Vertebrated, a. বেলুকভবিশিষ্ট ; Having a back-Vertex, verteks, n. [ L. vertex, or vortex, that on which any thing turns ] অর : আগা : সর্কোচ্চ :

ह्या ; विद ; Top ; summit. Syn:—Crown ; zenith. Vertical, vertik-al, a. बाज़ ; ताबा : डेब्डन ; Perpendicular. ad - vertically ( টাৰ্ছাবোৰাবে লম্-यान ब्हेब्रा )। Syn:---Upright, plumb.

Vertical angle—অিজুকের ভূমির বিশরীত কোণ। Vertical circle—(य बुख मबरकाई । शारनाथः किन् স্পর্ণ করিয়া অবস্থিত।

Vertiginous, ver-tifin-us, a. [ L. vertigo, giddiness ] Turning round ; effected with vertigo.

Sys:-Whirling, rotary, revolving; giddy, dizzy. [ diness ; dizziness. Vertigo, ver-ti'go, #. याचा युनेन : यूनि तान ; Gid-

Wertu, n. लिविक উरकृष्टेखा ; Virtu (वेच ।

Verve, verv, n. क्यानात উल्लেखना ; खेरताह ; आंधेर ; অনুরাপ; Nervous energy in the composition or performance of artistic works. Sym:-Force, spirit, fire, enthusiasm, rapture, animation.

Vervet, n. व्यक्तिकारम्मीत वामन विराम ।

Very, ver'e, a. [ F. vrai, L. verus, true ] महा; Real ; true :-- প্রকৃত ; টিক ; বাত্তবিক ; Actual :--चलाड; Emphatic; in a great degree:-ad. অত্যন্ত; অভিশন্ধ; In a great degree. Sym:—(a) Real; same, self same.

Very likely—वृत मञ्जत।

Verp many--वस्त्रःशाक।

Vesical. a. मजाकार मच्चीय ।

Vesicant, Vesicantory, अ. क्लाकाका प्रवा: Blistering substance.

Vesicate, ০. f. কোকা-কু; হুকের উপর কোকা ভোলা; Raise little blisters. n=vesication ( কোনা উরো-লন ); a = vesicatory (কোন্ধানারক )।

Vosicle, veśc-kl, n. [ L. vesicula, diminutive of visica, a bladder ] কোনা; কুন্ত জলপূৰ্ণ কোৰ; Blister : - वायू (काव ; Little air-bladder : - (काव . THE; Small membraneous cavity. a vesiculous , vesicular ( কোন্ধা বা কোন সৰন্ধীর )। Syn :--Cyst, cell, bladder.

Vesper, vesper, n. সন্ধার তারা : সেঁকো ওকতারা : The evening star; Venus :- pl. मन्ताकालीन पूजा या छेपानना ; Evening service :- a. नकाकिना

Vessel, vesel, n. পান-পাত্র; পাত্র; Cask for holding liquids; a utensil:-बाशबानि; Ship or boat .- नन ; भिन्ना ; A tube.

The weaken vessel—व्यवना नाती :—नातित्र डांछ । Vessel of honour-A person whose name is to be remembered with honour.

Vest, ve.t, n. [ L. vestis, a garment ] अवनावा : পৰিচ্ছদ , A dress : garment :--ছাতকাটা জামা বা ফুড্ৰা; জামা, Waist-coat:-- v. f. কাপ্ড প্ৰাৰ; ভ্ৰিত-কু; সন্দিত-কু; To clothe; to dress:-- কৰ-7. To invest. Syn :- (n) Vesture, robe.

Vest in-টাকা পাটাन ; Invest in :- कार्रातल रूख শ্বত-কৃ; Place in the hands of --পুরুষাপুরুষে আইনা ; Come to by succession :--কাপড় পরাব ; Clothe in :-- नवन-त्य ; नवत्य जाना ; Put in [ clothe with. possession; confer on. Vest with—সন্ধিত-কৃ; ভূবিত-কৃ; Furnish or Vesta, vesta, n. The Roman goddess of health or fire; the goddess of the flocks and herd. Her temple contained a sacred fire, tended by Virgins and never permitted to go out. pl=

Vestal, vestal, n. Virgin nun consecrated to Vesta :- a. পবিত্র; मछी; विश्वष्यकांव; Of or belonging to Vesta: chaste; pure.

vestas.

Vested, a. राजी ; Not liable to be set aside ; having a fixed right.

Vested rights (or interests )— व मर्बन व्यक्ति কারী আছে এবং বাছা চলিরা আসিতেছে; নিন্দিট্ট, ছিব वा कारबाव वच , Rights which are not in a state of contingency, existing and fixed rights.

Vestibule, veste-bul, n. (पर्वाह); वारवरा ; The porch :--वानाव ; ववरावाव ; Hall :--वर्गव क्य विषव ; A small bony cavity forming part of the ear. Syn :--Portico ; lobby ; ante-room.

Vestige, vestij, #. পাটাছ; Footstep:—ছিং; বিশ্বন ; Trace; remains of something. Syn:—Footprint, trace, indication, sign, token; remnant, residue, remainder.

Vestment, vostment, n. পরিজ্ঞ; পোবাক; আছা-ঘন বন্ধ; A garment; a long outer robe:— প্রোহিতের পরিজ্ঞ; বালকের পোবাক; Priest's robes.

Vestry, vestri, n. বর্মনীনরের বে ব্যার পবিত্র ব্যাধি রন্ধিত হয়; ভলনাগরে পরিচ্ছদ রাধিবার গৃহ; A room appendant to a church for keeping vestments &c., and for robbing the priests:—হাদীয় বল্পনি-নকা; Body of assembled parishioners.

Vesture, vestur, n. [F. veture, dress] বন্ধ ; পৰিক্ষ ; পোষাক ; A garment ; dress :—আবরণ , Covering. Syn >—Robe, apparel, habit, vestment, clothing, attire, costume, raiment.

Vesuvian, n দীপলনাকা বিলেব ; A kind of match. Vetch, n. কলাই মুগ অভূতি লান্য বিলেব , A genus of plant.

Veteran, veter-an, a. নিপুণ, পাকা; কক, Experienced:—n. বৃদ্ধ দৈনিক; প্ৰবীণ সৈকা, Old soldier ----স্কৃতিক বাজি, Experienced man.

Veterinarian, vct-er-ın-র'i-an, n. পশু-চিকিৎসক : অব-স্বাদিষ্ বৈদ্য , One skilled in the diseases of domestic animals.

Veterinary, veter-in-ar-i, a. পণ্ড চিকিৎসা সখদ্বীর . গৃহপালিত জন্তর চিকিৎসা স্থদ্ধীয় . Pertaining to the art of healing cattle-diseases.

Veto, ve'to, n. বারণ, নিবেষ; Any authoritative prohibition; power in a chief magistrate of stopping the enactment of law —v. t মত না-দে, প্রবেশ-কু; বারণ-কু, অন্তব্য-কু; To reject by a vote; to forbid; to withold assent to. pl=vetoes.

Put a vato on—আইন বিধিবদ্ধ হইতে না-দে; কোন আইন বিধিবদ্ধ হইতে না দেৱবা. To reject a bill that has been passed; negative a bill that has passed other branches of the legislature:— নিবেৰ-কু; Prohibit authoritatively.

Vax, veks, v. t. [ L. vexare, to shake ] বিয়ন্ত ক ডাজ-ক ; বেলার-ক ; To tease; harass ; to ment, fret; mortify; trouble. Syn.—Torment, plague, harass, worry, provoke, irritate, offend, distress, afflict; weary, pester, bother; disturb, agitate, disquiet.

Vexation, veks-ashun, n. বির্ভি ; আলা ; বর্ণা ; A teasing annoyance; state of being disturbed. Syn:—Irritation, chagrin, displeasure, mortification, grief, sorrow, distress; torment, plague, annoyance, bother.

Vexations, veks-ashe-us, a. বিবঞ্জিক ; সেশ-ধাৰত ; ধ্যাপূৰ্ণ : Teasing ; causing vexation ; distressing. ad = vexatiously (বিবঞ্জিক লেখে )। Syn :—Provoking, irritating, harassing, annoying, teasing, troublesome, painful.

Vexatious suit-्य (बाक्यमा इत्रतान कतियात निनिष्ठ कामान दह ।

Vexed, vekst, a. বিষয় ; আভ ভর্ষিত ; Distarbed ; agitated. Syn :--Troubled, irritated, provoked, annoyed ; disputed, contested.

Vexed question—(ব বিষয় সূহজে দীনাংসিও ইন না; বে বিষয়ে ভৰ্কবিত্তৰ্ক হৃষ্যাছে ভাহা; A question difficult of decision and causing much discussion. Via, pro. পৰ বিষা হইয়া; By way of.

Viaduot, vi'a-duct, n. নেড়; শোল; Bridge. Vial, vi'al, n. শিশ; কাচপাল, Small bottle, phual.

Vials of wrath—(ज्यां) व्या Vengeance, the execution of wrath on the underserving.

Viand, vi'and, u. बाज ; (काजाबा ; Food, (usually in pl) क्रेबाजाबा . Articles for food.

Viaticum, n. পাধের; প্রেব সম্বন; Provisions to a journey:—বৈতরণি; প্রামন্তিত্ত, The communion given to the dying.

Vibrate, vi'brat, v. i. আন্দোলিড-ছ; দোলারমান-ছ; ছেলা; দোলা; To swing, to tremble; to move:—৩. f. আন্দোলিড-ছ; কন্দানান-ছ; আন পান্চাং দোলাল; To cause to shake; to move to and fro, or from side to side; to affect with vibratory motion. Syn.—Oscillate, sway, fluctuate Vibration, w.-bráshun, n. (দালান; কন্দান; আন্দোলন; Moving, the state of being vibrated, single oscillation.

Vibratory, vibra-tor-i, a. কলাব্ড , কলাবং; আলোলনজনক ; Consisting in vibration ; causing vibrations ; swinging ; causing to vibrate.

Vicar, vikar, n প্রতিনিধি; A deputy:—উপাটার্থা, প্রী পুৰোছিত, যাভক বিশেষ; The priest who supplies the place of the rector; the priest of a parish; the parish-priest receiving the small tithes. n=vicarship (প্রায়ম্বর্থাপনেশক); fem=vicaress.

Vicarage, vikar-aj, n. উপাচার্যের বৃত্তি, উপাচার্যের বাসস্থান বা বাটা; The benefice or residence of a vicar. [ing to a vicar.

Vicarial, vi-kári-al, a. উগাচার্থা-সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertain-Vicariate, vi-kári মা. a. দত্ত ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট ; প্রতিনিহিত ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট ; প্রতিনিহিত ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট ; প্রতিনিহিত ক্ষমতা ; প্রতিনিহিত ক্ষমতা . Delegated power.

Vicarious, vi-kâte-us, a. প্রতিনিধি সম্বন্ধীয় প্রতিনিধি সম্বন্ধীয় প্রতিনিধি ক্ষমতা হার্ভিছে লাভিছিল ; প্রতিনিধি ক্ষমতা formed or suffered in place of or for the sake of another; pertaining to a substituted or deputy. ad = vicariously. Syn:—Deputed, commissioned; substituted.

Vice, vis, n. অধর্ম, পাপ; Depravity:—(গাব; বুঁড, A fault or failing, spot; blemish:—বাভিচার; অনাচার, An immoral habit:—Fault of the old moralities:—পাক স্বাভানী; Iron screw tool to hold things fast when filled:—pre. মুলে; পাল; In the place of. Syn:—(n) Defect, imperfection; crime, un, iniquity, wickedness, immorality, evil. Vice-admiral, vis-admiral, n. বৌ-নেনার বিভীয় অধ্যক্ষ, Officer next under an admiral.

Vice-admiralty, #. ভাইন্ এড্ৰিরেলের পদ ; jurisdiction of a vice-admiral.

Vice-chanceller, vis-chaner-or, n. বিশ্বিষ্যা-ব্যয়ে উপাধ্য : One acting for or next in rank to a chanceller. Vicegerency, n. অভিনিধিছ; The office or deputed power of a vice-gerent.

V100-man, n. 本有平1 !

Vicennial. n. বিংশভিবর্থ সাধী। মভাগতি। Vice-president, n. বিতীয় সভাপতি: সহভারী Viceregal, n. बांकश्राकिनिष मच्चीत : Pertaining to a vicerovalty.

Vice regent, vis-re'jent, a. সুশাভিবিদ্ধ . Having delegated power :-- ম. প্রতিনিধি . One acting in place of a superior , lieutenant. n=vice-regency ( विजिनिश्च )।

Viceroy, vicey, n [ I. vice, in the place of, and rex, king ] বাজপ্রতিনিখি; Governor of a kingdom, one who rules in place of a king. e-viceregal ( दाकदाडिनिधि मचकीय )।

Vice-royalty, vis-roy'al-tı, Vıceroy-ahip, visroy-ship, n. राजशिकिनिधिय शत वा अधिकांत. The office or jurisdiction of a viceroy

Vice versa-- দিপ্ৰীত প্ৰদিয়াবলে; বৰ্ণক্ৰমে, পান্টা-ভাবে, The reverse takes place, contrarywise Vicinage, visin-মা, n. নিৰ্টব্ৰী স্থান; Neighbourhood , place near.

Vicinity, ve-sine-te n निक्ता ; मात्रीभा ; मात्रिधा , Nearness -- जिंदडेन डी श्रान, श्रादा, Neighbouthood Syn .- Propinquity proximity, vicinage In the vicinity of-fare

Victous, vishus, a sproje of Deprived. corrup' - gx Fault a = riciously ( 98817) n-viciousness (5)31)1 Syn -Defective imperfective, faulty foul, unlie ifthy, wicked, depraved, bad, in moral so ful, debased, degraded, abandoned, profigute, contrary, unruly, refractory

Viciousness, vi his-ness, n. চুটুড়া, পাপিঞ্চা, Corruptness of moral principles or practice Syn -Balness, wickedness, immorality, profligacy

Vicissitude, ve-sike-tad, n. f L. vicissitudo, from mitts, chance | অবস্থা বা ভাণা প্রিস্ত্রন, কাম্মক গমৰাগমৰ : Change, revolution Syn -Alternation, interchange, mutation, variation

Victim, viktim, n [ I wetima, a beast of sacrifice | नज , प्रवर्शन निकड शक्तवह : A living being offered as a secritice; offering -v t विन-दन, Sacrifice. Sun -(n) Sacrifice, sufferer, dupe, guil

Fall a victim to-7 5. Be destroyed by. Victimise, Viklim-iz, v. t मः डाव-क , विनष्टे-क , To make a victim of , to destroy - asigil-&; To cheat.

Victor, viktor, n [ L, from vincere, victum, to vanquish] কেলা, বিস্বী, A winner; one who conquers in wir. fem=victress. Syn -Vanquisher, gainer ि विस्थित ।

Victoria, n. রো-শনদিপের দেবতা বিশেষ;--পাড়ী Victorious, vik-10're-us, a. कृत्री ; कदव्क , विकार-न्हक ; Relating to victory , having overcome an enemy; winning, triumphant. ad = victoriously. Syn .- Conquering, vanquishing, successful.

Victory, viktii-re, n. सब , विक्रम ; त्रिक्स . A con-

gained. Syn .- Conquest, triumph, success ; mastery, superiority.

Viotual, vitl, v. t. जारांत्र (वाशाय : बाहाहवा जारतांजन क्षिय।-(म ; To supply with victuals or food ; to store with provisions

Victuals, vitlz, n. pl. बीहा; बोह्यद्वरा, बनदः পোরাক; Food; meat. Syn :-- Viands, provisions, bread.

f as of accounts &cc. Vide, v. দৰ্শন কৰ , দেব। Vidimus, n (হিসাবাদির) প্রীকা, An inspection, V10, vi, v. i. विश्विनी-इ. Contend for superiority, rival Syn .- Strive, contest, compete.

V10 with-काम विवस व्यक्तन (तस्य ट्रांड स्ट्रेगान राज्जा-7, Contend with a man in order to surpass hum.

View, रच. n. [ F. vue, from voir, to see ] पर्नम ; मृष्टि , Sight -- मृष्टिय (मोछ , Reach of sight :-- मृष्ट , Landscape - मेड , Opinion :- अविधान ; De-<ाgn --- । प्रर्गन-क , (प्रथा ; खरालांकन-क ; To see ,</p> to behold , to inspect n=viewer ( श्रांक )। Syn : -(n) Survey, examination, inspection, scene, prospect, vista, perspective; sketch, picture; aim, intention, purpose, end, judgment, impression, scattiment, notion, belief (v) Behold, eye, survey, scan, explore, contemplate, inspect, examine consider, regard, ponder

Be in view—দৃষ্টপথে ধাকা।

Command a view of-বেধান হইতে বেল দেখা বাব এমন স্থান থাকা, Be in a situation from which omething may be early seen.

Enter into one's views -কাহারও মত অবলখন-त्. कोशेन 3 मिश्वाख अवलन्त् कृ, Accept the view held Ly one, share in the views held by one. Field of view-The whole extent seen.

Have in view-মনে মনে ( কোন শিবরেব প্রতি ) লক্ষ্য भारत . Have in one's mind some object, aim or decton

Koop in view—(কোন বিষয় বা উদ্দেশ্যৰ প্ৰক্ৰি) लम्प ब्राह्म , Keep in one's mind some object, a m or design

In a point of view, viewed in this or that light-अभक मिक इटाउ ए शिल, अमूक विवय श्रिम विदाय क्रिट्म. Viewed or considered in a light or aspect, from considerations of a Judgment or opinion. ch tracter.

In one's view -- কাহাৰও মতে বা চকে. In one's In view of-কোন বিছব উদ্দেশ্যে ঘটিবে ব্রিষা . ছইবে कार्गिक्यां . In anticipation of , having in view.

Point of view, n. (व निक इटेंड (प्रथा यांव ; The direction from which a thing is seen.

Take a bird's-eye view of—উড্ডীয়মান পৰীৰ মত উপর উপ্র দেখা, উপর উপর দেখা; ভাসা ভাসা দেখা; Take a superficial view of; take a glancs of something without entering into details.

With a view to-- এই উদ্দেশ্যে বে . कोन উদ্দেশ্যে : For the purpose of , with the object of effecting. Viewless, vu'les, a. अपूछ ; अपूर्वनीय ; Invisible. Syn:-Imperceptible, impalapable, indiscer-

Vigil, viji!, ন. কাণরণ , নিত্রাত্যাপ . Watch watchfulness, watching, forbearance of sleep: quering, success in any contest; a battle, --- of mind of of religious exercises :—উৎসবের পূর্ববর্তী রাজ ; উৎসব বা উপবাসের পূর্বের সন্মানাল ; The eve before a feast or fast day.

Vigilance, vijil-ans, n. জাগবিতাবয়া; সতৰ্কতা; Wakefulness; watchfulness; circumspection. Vigilant, vijil-ant, a. [ L. vigilare, to watch ] সত্তৰ্ক; সাৰ্থাৰ; জাগরক; Watchful; circumspect; wakeful. ad—vigilantly (সাৰ্থানে); Syn:— Wakeful, cautious, careful.

Vignette, n. পুলাদির চিত্র; কুত্র ছবি বা বন্ধা; A running ornament of vine leaves.

Vigorous, vig'or-us, a. (ভলখী; বলবান; সতেজ; Strong; energetic. ad - vigorously ( প্রবদর্গণ; কোরে); n-vigorousness ( বলবন্ধ।; শক্তিশালিতা)। Syn: --Powerful, forcible, intense; energetic, efficient, effective, impetuous, pushing, pressing, enterprising, active, healthy, robust, sound, hardy, flourishing, thriving; spirited, nervous, piquant, racy, impassioned.

Vigour, vig'or, n. { L. vigor, from vigere, to be strong } শক্তি; বীৰ্যা; ভেজৰিতা; কাৰ্যাকর বল ; ভেজ:; Active strength; energy. Syn:—Power, force, might, efficacy; health, soundness, robustness; liveliness, raciness, piquancy. [prate. Viking, n. সমুদ-দহা, বোবেটে; Scandinavian Vilo, vil, a. নী 5; কাৰ্য ; ত্বালি ; পাপিট ; তুই; Mean; base, low; wicked. n=vileness. Syn:—Abject, ignoble, despicable, sordid, bad, sinful, impure, vicious, abandoned; worthless

Vilenoss, vilness, n. নীচতা; অবস্থতা, The quality of being vile. Syn:—Baseness, meaness, foulness; despicableness, worthlessness, sinfulness, wickedness, turpitude, knavery.

Vilify, viles, v.t. [1. vilis, vile, and face re, to make] নিশা-কু; ঋণ্যখ-কু, দ্বৰ্নাম-কু; To defame; to traduce. ns—viliser ( নিশাবাদ ) : Syn:—(n) Revile, abuse, traduce, slander, calumniate, decry. [seat or residence. Villa, vila, n. প্রামা বার্টা; বাগান-বান্তা, A country Village, vila], n. প্রামান যুখ্য, গা, Collection of houses in the country less than a town.

Villager, vilageer, n. আমবাদী, পাডাগেঁরে লোক; Inhabitant of a village.

Villain, vilan, n. हार्च ; A clownish person .— ছরাস্থা লোক ; ছজ্জ ; বদমান , ছবাস্থা ; পাজি , A deliberate scoundrel , a rascal :—कृठा ; A servant. Syn :—Serf ; togue, knave, scamp, profligate, scoundrel, miscieant, cattiff.

Villainous, vilan-us, a. পাণিও; নীচ; ছবান্ত; অব্য; Depraved. ad --villainously. Syn:--Base, mean, vile, knavish, wicked, depraved, infamous, nefarious, outrageous.

Villainy, viln-i, n. পাপ; নীচতা; ছইতা; হর্জ্-স্থভা; নইদি; Extrme depravity; an atrocious crime; roguery.

Villanage, n. দাস্ত :—চাকরান প্রকার অধিকার।
Villein, n. বিশ্বত কৃষিক্ষেত্রের ভূত্য; A serf attached
to a villa or farm.

Vinaigratte, n. অৰ্থ বা রৌগা নির্থিত গন্ধ-গোটকা; A small box for holding aromatic vinegar used as a smelling-bottle.

Vincible, vinsi-bl. a. नेबारबंब ; (कठवा ; Capable

Vinculum, ving'ku-lum, #. वक्ती ; वक्ती त्रवी ; Bond of union ; connecting mark.

Vindicable, vindi-ka-bi, a. नवर्ग्यात्राः ; नवर्गीयः ; Such as may be vindicated or defended.

Vindicate, vinde-kat, v. t. সমর্থন-কু; রক্ষা-কু; বজার-কু; প্রমাণ-কু; To defend; to justify:—বজ-পূর্বক সমর্থন-কু; To maintain by force. Sym:— Uphold, support, assert, claim.

Vindication, vin-de-káshun, ন. স্বৰ্ধ ; রক্ষ ; support :—বাধাৰ্থ্য প্ৰতিপাদৰ ; Justification. Syn: —Defence, plea, excuse, apology ; advocacy, maintenance, assertion.

Vindicative, vin-dika-tiv, a. সমর্থনকারী; সমর্থন শ্বীল; Tending to vindicate.

Vindicatory, vindi-ka-tor-i, a. সমর্থনকারী; সমর্থনন্দ্রল; Tending to vindicate.

Vindictive, vin-diktiv, a. প্রতিষ্টিংসা-পরায়ণ; বৈরকারী; বৈরসাধন-তৎপর; Revengeful. ad vindictively ( জাডকোধ হইয়া ); n—vindictiveness ( বৈরসাধন-তৎপরতা ) ৷ Syn:—Revengeful, unforgiving, unrelenting, implacable, resentful, spiteful. • | who trims vines.

Vindresser, vin-dreder, n. আকা-কৃষি; One Vine, vin, n. আকাবতা; আকুর গাছ; A climbing plant yielding grapes; the plant from which wine is made.

Vinegar, vine-gar, n. মিৰা; An acid liquor got from fermented and vinous liquors :—a. টক । Vinery, viner-i, n. আফালতা উৎপাদনাৰ্থে বন্ন বিশেষ; A hot-house for rearing vines.

Vineyard, vinyard, n. জাকাকেত্র; আকুবের কেত; আকৃবের উদ্যান; A plantation of grape-vines.

Vinous, vinus, a. মন্যসম্বীর; মনিরা সনৃশ; Pertaining to or having the qualities of wine.

Vintage, vintaj, n. ডাকা-সংগ্রহকান; ডাকা সংগ্রহ করিবার সময়; The time of gathering grapes:— ডাক-মদিরা, Grapes of wine so obtained.

Vintner, vintner, n. ভুড়ি, মদাব্যবদারী; স্থা-বিক্রেডা; A dealer in wines, a wine-seller. Viny, a. ফাফালডা সমাচ্ছত্ত।

Viol, vi'ol, n. बीवा; (वयाना; Three or six strainged musical instrument; large violin.

Violable, a লজ্জনীয়; ভশ্লনীয়; Such as may be injured or broken.

Violate, vi'ö-lat, v. f. লজ্ব-কু; উন্নজ্জন-কু; জ্প-বিজ-কু; To transgress:—বলাৎকার-কু: কু-ব্যবছার-কু; To ravish. ne-violator (গজ্জনকারী)। Syn:— Invade, infringe; disturb, interrupt; profane, desecrate, pollute; debauch, deflower.

Violation, vi-ö-låshun, n. লজন; ভস; Infringement; transgression:—বলাংকার; Rape. Syn:—Non-observance, profanation; desertation; ravishment.

Violence, vi'ū-lens, n. উন্নতা; প্ৰবন্ধতা; প্ৰচন্ধতা; Vehemence:—বল, Force:—বলাংকার; বলপ্রয়োগ; অত্যাচাব, Rape; outrage:—বাজ্মব; Attack; assault:—বলিষ্ট; Injury. Svn:—Impetuosity, boisterousness; passion, fury, rage, fierceness, oppression, outrage, injustice; acuteness, severity, intensity. By violence—বন্ধবাৰ বাবা। To do violence on—কান্তৰ-মু; হভা-মু। To do violence to—বাবাত-মু; হভা-মু।

Violet, vi'o-let, প. লভা বিশেষ; পুলা বিশেষ; A plant of many species, with its flower:—নীল লোছিড; A mixed colour, variety of purple:—a. বভাভ; নীল; বুৰল; Of the colour of the violent. Violent, vi'o-lent, a. প্ৰবল: প্ৰচণ্ড; Vehement; furious:—বোৰণবৰশ; উঠ্ব; Passionate:—অবাজাবিক; অভান্ন; Unnatural; forced. ad-violently (কুল্পুক্ৰ; প্ৰচণ্ডমেণ্ড)। Syn:—Boisterous, turbulent, impetuous, flerce; passionate, fiery, raging, ungovernable; unlawful; acute, severe, poignant, intense.

Violent death— वननाड मुक्त ; Unnatural death. Violin, n. नागनज वित्नच ; स्वनाना ; A fiddle ; viol. Violiat, vi'ol-ist, n. नीनानाच ; त्वज्ञानाच ; A player on the viol or on the violin.

Violoncellist, n. (वहानावाक ; A player on the violoncello. [ment.

Violoncello, n. বেচালা বিশেষ; Musical instru-Viper, vi'per, n. বিষয়ে সৰ্গ; A snake whose bite is poisonous; a poisonous raptile.—অভি নীচ লোক; বিষাস্থাতক; খল, Any base, malicious person.

Nourish a viper in one's bosom—ছুৰ কৰা দিয়া সাপ পোৰা; Affectionately rear up one who turns and attacks.

Viperous, vip'er-us, a. হিলেক, বিষয়ৰ ; ৰারাক্ত ; বিষয়ক ; বিষয়ক ; বিষয়ক ; Having the qualities of a viper. Syn .— Malignant, venomous, malevolent, rancorous, spiteful.

Virago, ve-rágō, ন. [L. viragn, from vir, a man] বৃদ্ধকারিণ নারী, রী বোদ্ধা, A female warrior:—কন্দ্রেরা বী; উন্নচলা, A termagant.—প্রব সদৃশা বী; A man-like woman. Syn:—Vixen, scold, shrew.

Virgin, ver'-iin, n. [L. virgo, from virere, to be green.] কুমারী; অনুচা স্ত্রী; A maid :—কডারাণি, Sign in the zodiac :—a. কৌমার; Maidenly .— বিশুদ্ধ; গুদ্ধ; সান্ধী, সত্রী; Pure: fresh, chaste. Syn:—(n) Maiden; damsel, girl. (a) Undcfiled, modest; fresh, new, unused.

Virgin born—्यात्रो नहय ; Born of maid. Virgin Mary—Mother of Jesus Christ. Virgin Queen—Elizabeth.

Virgin soil, n. অক্ষিত ভূমি , অকত জমি , Untilled land. [ cal instrument. Virginal, n. বাদাৰত্ব বিশেষ , An old keyed musi-

Virginity, vér-jihi-ti, n. (क्षेत्रांत्रं ; क्रक्त्वार्त्रः ; क्रांत्रीष् , The state of being virgin ; maidenhood. Virgo, vér'go, n. क्षात्रांति ; The virgin in the zodiac.

Virid, a. হরিং; Green. [greenness. Viridity, vi-ridi-ti, n. হরিংছ; Verdure; Virile, vér'il, a. [L. virilis, from ver, a man] পুরুষভাতি সম্বায়; পৌরুষ্টিক; উৎপাদনীল; Masculine; manly; belonging to a man or to the male sex. Syn:—(a) Vigorous, nervous; procreative.

Virility, vir-ifi-ty, त. शून्य ; Manhood ;--

Virtus ver-100, n. कांचा निवादि दिवरस पहलांच ; A. love of the fine arts.

Virtual, ver'tu-al, [L. virtualis, from virtue, strength] কলোপোলনাড় সভায়; ফলতঃ বট ; বিভ বাছতঃ নয়; Being in essence or effect, not in fact. ad=virtually ( কাডঃ; কাব্যুতঃ)। Syn:—Potential, implied, constructive, indirect.

Virtue, ver'tu, \*\*.[L. sirtus, strength] পর্ব;
প্রা; Moral goodness; right principle:—পঞ্জি;
বন; Power; force:—সতীয়; Female chastity:
—স্বায়া; Purity:—বা; স্বাৰ, Efficacy; excellence. a=virtual. Syn:—Strength, force, potency; excellence, morality, uprightness, worth, goodness; purity, chastity.

By virtue of, In virtue of—ceta fera ava; By reason of; through the force of; by the authority of.

Make a virtue of necessity—Do a very disagreeable thing as a duty because you must do it.

Virtuose, vir-too-ö'zo, n. শিল্প বিৰক্ষে কক ব্যক্তি; কল্মবান বা শিল্পবিশানত পণ্ডিত; গুলী ব্যক্তি, One skilled in the fine arts, in antiquities, curiosities and the like. pi-virtuosi.

Virtuous, vei'tū-us, a. বার্দ্ধিক: ধর্মনীল; সং; সাধু, পবিঅ; সভী; Blameless, righteous; chaste (of a woman). ad=virtuously (বার্দ্ধিকভাবে); n= virtuousness (সাধুডা; বার্দ্ধিকভা): Syn:—Just, upright, good, moral; pure.

Virulence, vir'ti-lens, n. কটুডা; উরভা; বিশ্বভা, তীরতা; শতি তীশুড়া; Bitterness; sharpnesss. Syn.—Poisonousness, venomousness; malignancy, rancour, acrimony.

Virulent, vir'il-lent, a. বিষয়, বিষয়; Extremely poisonous .—কিন্ত; Maddened :—উন্ন; ভীক; বেৰপ্রায়ণ, শত্রুভাগরায়ণ; Spiteful; bitter in enmity. ad = virulently (ভীত্রভাবে): Syn:—Venomous, malignant, acrimonious, rancorous, bitter.

Virus, virus, n. বিষ; শৰ্শকাষক বিষ; Poison; poisonous matter.

Vis, त. यत , वीश , भक्ति ।

Visage, vižāj, n. [F. from L. visus, a look]
ম্বের আকাৰ, আন্ত, মুখ, মুখনী, The face at the
look. a = visaged. Syn.—Countenance, appearance.

Viscors, n. সন্থ্ৰতী বস্তু বা বাজি:—edo. সুৰোষ্থী Viscors, vésér-a, n. pl. দেহাভান্তরত্ব আৰু; The inner parts of animals:—আন্ত্ৰ; বাড়িইড়ি; The entrails.

Viscoral, a. অসমূহ সৰ্থীয় ; Pertaining to the Visoid, visid, a. আটাবৃক্ত ; চট্চটে ; শিক্ষিল ; আটাবৃ ; Sticky ; glutinous ; tenancious. » – viscidity (চট্চটিয়া ভাব )। Syn :—Sticking, adhering, glutinous, adhesive.

Viscount, viskount. \*. ইংলভের সমান্ত ব্যক্তির উপাধি; English peer next above a baron. feg= viscountess.

Viscous, vikus, a. voteb. wibin; wibiqw; Adhesive, sticky. Sym:—Glutinous, clammy, tenacious, ropy.

Viscus, n. visitat crise as 1 pl-viscors.

Visibility, त. मुख्यानका ; मृहित्यात्रक्य ; वर्णनीयका ; The state or quality of being visible.

Visible, vize-bl, a. হুশাই ; Obvious :-- বৃত্তমান ; हमूत्राष्ट्र पृष्टिपाइन : Perceptible ; capable of being seen. n-visibility. Syn: - Discernible. apparent, manifest, evident, patent, clear, conspicuous.

Vision, vishun, त. पृष्टे ; प्रश्नि ; Sight ; actual sight :-- होत्री ; पूछ ; An apparition :-- काइनिक रख ; यथ ; क्षिष्ठ विश्व ; Anything imaginary ; something seen in a dream :-- मर्ननगढ़िक ; हजू-রিজিয়: The sense of seeing :-- এশিক অভ্যাদেশ: A divine revelation. Syn :- Seeing; ghost, spectre, phanton : dream ; delusion.

Visionary, vizhun-ar-e, a. व्यवहर ; काइनिक ; ৰসভা; imaginary; not real:-- অমাৰ্ক! n=visibleness (শাইচা , চপুরাছত): admirisibly (চপু-व्यक्तिए । Syn: -Imaginative, romantic. dreamy, fanciful; fantastical, baseless, shadowy, unreal, ideal, chimerical,

Visit, v. f. निश वां चानिश नाकार-क : To go or come to see :-- দেখিতে যাওয়া বা আসা ; To call on or at :-- (मणांधनां-कृ ; जमात्रक-कृ , भतिमर्गन-कृ ; To inspect :- v. i. নাকাৎ- জ : নাকাৎ করণার্থে বাওয়া : To be in the habit of seeing or meeting each other :-- त्र. नाकार ; प्रवीमार्च नमन ; Act of visiting ; a call:-- हिक्शिएक प्रश्नी; Attendance of a physician.

Pay a visit to-नाकार-कः लिस्टि गान्या वा जाना : Come to see for a short period.

Visit at-Keep up familiarity with.

Visit of ceremony-Formal visit.

Visit one's sins upon another-species অপরাধে আরি একজনের ৮৩-কু: একের পাপে অপরকে শাবি-দে, একজনের প্রায়ণ্ডিত আর একজনকে দিরা করান; Chastise one for offence committed by another. Visit one with -- नाहि-त ; Punish one with ; inflict on one.

Visit the sins on--काशंत्र वज्र पक-त्य: To punish for ; to cause to suffer. [ Chastise. Visit with, in, (on, or upon)-78-(7; Visiting, v. n. वर्गन , माकारकात ।

A visiting book-ৰে পুৰুষে সাকাৎ কর্মীয় অন্তি-দিগের নাম লিখিত থাকে।

Visiting card—বে চিনকুটে সাকাংকারাধীর নাম লিখিত খাৰে : Card with address.

Visiting physician—পরিদর্শক চিকিৎসক: A physician, who visits the hospital at certain times, and is not constant in attendance.

Visitant, vizi-tant, s. बड़ानंड गुड़ि : माकार-कांबक : One who goes to see another ; one who is a guest in the house of another.

Visitation. viz-i-tashun, अ. श्रीहर्णन : मन्तर्न : ভগারক; Official or ecclesiastical inspection; examination by authority :-- প্রভিদান ; দও ; অভি-कन : रेनवप्रकिशाक ; रेनव चन्नु वह वा निज्ञह ; Retribu-

Visitations of providence—গৈৰ ছৰ্মনা ;

Visitor, vizit-ur, n. সন্দৰ্শক; সাকাংকারক; অভ্যাপত বাকি: One who inspects or examines: a ---

Visitorial, a. niwie neelle ; niwie wine ; Be-

longing to a visitor, or one who inspects or examines.

Visor, vitur, n. वृषांवत्रन : बूबहाना : श्रुवत : A mask; perforated part of a helmets a=vivored ( ज्ञार्यमधाती ; मुध्म-भन्ना )।

Visored, vizurd, a. मुध्मभित्रिष्ठ : Masked.

Vista, vista, n. [It vista, sight, view ] छेडा-नार्वीवड वृक्टलित नवा निता वृक्ष ; वीवी ; वीविका : উভয়পাৰে শ্ৰেপীবন্ধ বৃক্ষাদি ; An avenue ; a view or prospect through an avenue.

Visual, vizhu-al, a. वृष्टिनवसीय ; हाकून ; वर्गानिवय সংক্রান্ত ; Pertaining to sight ; used for seeing.

Vital, vital, a. [ I.. vitalis, from vita, life ] बीवनवाशित मरकार : बीवनाशाहक : खानशाहनक : सीवन-गातक; जीवनतकक; मजीव; Being the seat of life; belonging to life; pertaining of life; supporting life; containing life; contributing to life :-- वडारिक्य : Essential. ad = vitally ( অত্যাবস্থকাশে )। Syn :--Living, life-giving ; necessary, indispensable.

The vital part—সর্বাদ। Vital air-প্রাণবার ।

्र राभाव ।

Vital functions—थांव बाजरवानत्वानी मात्रीतिक Vital importance—অভিশয় শুকুতা।

Vital powers-- बीवनीमिक ।

Vital principle-প্রাণবাবু।

Vitalise, vi'tal-iz, v. t. जीविज-क : जीविवनक-क ; To make vital or alive; to give life to.

Vitality, vi-tale-te, n. धानमृत ; कीवनीमिक ; मधीवला: मझीवल: खीरनवन: The principal or power of life; animation. Syn:-Life, animation, vital power.

Vitals, vitalz, n. bl. बीवागढ़त माहात्म : खीवनवड : বৰ্ম্বাৰ , Parts essential to life.

To eat into the vitals of—দৌপরা করিবা কেলা। Vitiate, vishe-at, v. t. ছুর্মল-ভু; বাভিল-ভু; To render defective or faulty :-- पृथि छ-क ; नहे-क ; ধারাপ-ক : কল্বিড-কু ; To taint ; impair ; corrupt. Syn:-Impair, deteriorate, spoil, deprave, defile, pollute, contaminate.

Vitiation, n. मृतिङ कद्रव . विश्वपान . अनकाद ; Act of vitiating, or state of being vitiated Syn :-Deterioration, debasement, degradation, corruption, perversion, pollution.

Vitroous, vitri-us, a [ L. vitrum, glass ] कांहबर, कांहमत , कांहमपूर्ण ; Glassy ; pertaining to glass.

Vitreous electricity, n. Positive electricity or that which is excited by rubbing a glass body. Vitreous humours, n. The transparent structure, occupying the centre of the eveball. being the largest of the transparent media of the eye.

Vitrescent, vi-tresent, a. [ I.. vitrum, glass ; কাচে পরিপতিশীল; Tending to become glass. ne vitrescence.

Vitrie, a. কাচবং : কাচবল্মী : Glassy.

Vitrics, n. काठ-मिर्चान अनानी।

Vitrify, vitri-fi, v. t. [ L. vitrum, glass, and facio, to make ] with Minds ; To make into glass; to convert into glass:—তএ. কাতে পৰিণক-ই; To become glass, #= vitrifaction, a=vitrifiable.

Vitrifaction, n. কাতে পছিণত করণ বা তংগোলী; The act or process of vitrifying, or converting into glass.

Vitrifiable, a. কাচে পরিশ্যনীয় ; Converted into Vitriol, vitri-ol, n. বাড়য় বিক্তাবছা বিশেষ ; ডুভিয়া ইড্যাদি ; A solube sulphate of a metal. a= vitriolic.

Blue vitriol—জুভিয়া।

Green vitriol-easte 1

White vitriol-शैवाक्य।

Vituperate, vi-tu'-per-না, v. f. ভিরকার-কু; ভংগনা-কু; নিশা-কু; দোব প্রহণ-কু; To censure; to upbraid, to rate; to find fault with. Syn:— Scold, revile, rate, rail at

Vituperation, vi-tū-per-áshun, ল. নিলা; ভর্ণ-ননা; তিবসার; অপবাদ; Abuse; blame; censure; rebuke; reprimand; railing.

Vituperative, vi-tū'per-a-tīv, a. নিৰাপূৰ্ণ, ভৰ্মনাস্চক; নিৰাজক; নিৰাসময়িত; Containing vituparation or censure.

Vituperator, a. लावजाही ; निकाकावक ।

Vivacious, vi-vashe-us, a. [L vivax, from wivere, to live] সভীব; জীবস্ত, উল্লাসিড; ছাই. উৎকুল্ল; Active; sportive, brisk; hively; gay. ad - vivaciously (সজীবভাবে)। Syn. -- Sprightly, animated, spirited, gay, merry, jocund, light-hearted.

Vivacity, vi-vase-te, n সঞ্জীৰচা; চকলতা; উৎকুল্লভা, প্ৰসন্থতা; Antmation, liveliness, sprightliness of temper. Syn:—Briskness, quickness,
energy, spirit, smartness, gayety. [ক্ষাৰ;
Vivavoce, a. মোৰিক; বাচনিক, Oral:—ad মুল্ল
Vivid, vivid, a. [L. viio, to live] জীবিতবং;
জীবত্ত; বিচিত্ৰ; Lively; sprightly.—গাঢ়; উজ্জ্বল,
Bright:—সভেজ; Strong. ad=vividly (পাইনিপে,
ভজ্লভাবে)। Syn:—Vigorous, quick, active,
strong; animated, clear, lucid, bright, striking
Vividness, n. উজ্জ্বভা; পাইডা, The quality of
being vivid. Syn:—Life, strength, sprightliness, brilliancy, resplendence, radiance.

Vivify, vive-fi, v. f. সজীব-কৃ, সতেজ-কৃ, To endue with life. n=vivification (তাপন্দি; তি নপ্রতিষ্ঠা) ৷ Syn:—Vitalise, animate, quicken, arouse, awaken.

Viviparous, vi vip'a-rus, a. [L. vivus, alive, parso, to produce] হ রাষ্ট্র, সজীব সন্থান প্রদানবারী, Producting young alive.

Vivisection, viv-i-sekshun, n. [L. wivis, alive, seco, to cut ] সভীব জন্তব অসচ্ছেদ, জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; কাল্যান, A shefox:—বিট্ৰিটে দ্বীলোক; বাঘিনী নামী; কসংগ্ৰিষা দ্বীলোক; A cross ill-tempered woman.

Viz, ad. অর্থাৎ , Namely (videlicet শক্ষের ন্যকেপ) ৷ Vizard, vizard, n. মুখন ; See vicor.

Visior, vizyer, n. [Ar. wester, wosier, a porter] बाकमञ्जी ; डेलीब ; An oriental minister or councellor or state

Vocable, vo'ka-bl, n. [ L. voco, to call ] পদ; নাম; সংখ্যা; A word; a name.

Vocabulary, vo-kabu-lár-e, n. [L. vocabulum, a wo.d] ,শৰকোৰ; অভিধান; শৰ্কাৰ্থ-প্ৰকাশিকা; Dictionary. Sys :-- Word-book; glossary · lexicon.

Vocabulist, m. क्वांकांत्र :

Vocal, vo'kal, a. [L. vox, vocis, a voice ] বর-সম্বনীর; ব্রবৃক্ত; বাচিক; উচ্চারিত; শলিত: মৌবিক; Relating to or having a voice. ad-vocally (বাচনিকরণে)।

The vocal cord—ৰাক্তরী।

The vocal organ-41943 !

Vocalisation, n. বরসম্বিত বা প্ৰিত করণ; The act of vocalising.

Vocalise, vu'kal-ir, v. t. পদৰ্ক-কৃ, পরে পরিণড কৃ: কঠ ধারা উচ্চাবিত-কৃ: To make vocal; to form into voice. n= vocalisation.

Vocalist, vo'kal-ist, n. नाइक ; A singer.

Vocation, vo-káshun, n. ব্যবসায়; উপবােগী কাগ্য; Calling; profession; occupation:—আহ্বান; A call. Syn:—Trade, profession, occupation, employment, business, pursuit, office, n ission; call, summons, citation.

Vocative, a. नत्यायत विश्वः, मत्यायत वातकः, Used in calling:—n. मत्यायनकात्रकः, मत्यायनगयः, The case of a word when the purson cr thing is addressed.

Vociforate, তে-siler-নt, ত i. [ L vol, vocis, voice, and ferre, to bear ] চীংকার-কু, চেচান; সোরগোল-কু; To cry out with a loud voice, to bawl:—v. t. চীংকার শব্দুপ্রক উচ্চার-কু, To utter with a loud voice. Syn:—Bellow, bawl, ioai, clamour, shout; rant, mouth.

Vociferation, vo-sit-er-1-hun, n. টংকারন্ধনি; উচ্চ শন, A violent outcry, a loud outcry Syn.
—Exclamation, clamour, bawling, bellowing, mouthing.

Vociforous, vo-silér-us, a. চীংকারকানী; গোল-মাল-কু, Making a loud outery; noisy. ad= vociforously (উচ্চেংর)।

Vogue, ১তুর, n. পদ্ধতি; নাবছাব , প্রথা; চলন , Temporary fashion of mode , practice. Syn:— Way, custom, use, usage ; fishion, repute.

Be in vogue—চণ্ডি-হ, চলিত-চ; রেজনাজ-জ, চলিত প্রাণ, Be in general use, be in fashion, be prevalent.

Voice, vois, n শল, কঠবর; ধানি; বাক্য; রব; Sound of speech as made by breath; audible noise uttered by the mouth:—ভাষা; Language: —মত; Vote.—মত প্রকাশ; মতামত, Opinion expressed —থাগেশ:—(ব্যাক্ব'ৰ) মান; Mode of inflecting the verb:—ফ. t. সুর নিবান, উচ্চারণ-ড়; To regulate the tone. Syn:—(n) Utterance, words, expression, tone, suffrage

At the top of one's voice—উচ্চে:বরে, ভারবরে; বঙদুর সত্তব্ ভারবারে; A- loudly as possible. Stentorian voice—ভাষনাদ; A very loud voice The active voice—কর্তবাচা।

The passive voice—ৰৰ্থাচ্য।

With one voice— वस्तिका; Unanimously. Voiceful, a. श्रानितृकः। [voice or vote Voiceless, a नीवन , त्राका त्रा कत्रकः, Having no Void, void, a [L miduns, d-prived of] मुखः,

বালি : Empty ; wanting ; vacant :— নির্থক ; ব্ধা , নিক্ল ; বাজিল ; Null ; invalid ; being without :—

भन्तिकृतः Unoccupied; not occupied :-- चनाव : Unsubstantial :-- n. पृष्ठदान ; जानान ; गुष्ठ ; An empty space ; vacuum :-- ए. t. जात्र-क ; निर्मेष-ৰু ; To quiet ; to discharge :-- নিরৰ্থক-কু ; ৰাভিল-কু; To render of no effect :-- পৃক্ত-কু; থালি-কু; To make empty; to empty. Syn: - (v) Emit, discharge, pass; annul, mullify. (a) Unfilled; free, clear, destitute of ; wanting, unfurnished, of no effect. unsupplied; nugatory. To make void—বাজিল-কু; অগ্রাহ্ন-কু; To render Voidable, voida-bi, a. পরিত্যালা ; বিকল-করণোপ-বোগী; অকাব্যকর হইবার উপবৃক্ত; That may be evacuated; such as may be voided or evacuated. Voidance, voidans, n. तक्थन ; म्बीकदन ; म्ककदन ; Ejection; the state of being void.

Voidness, n. শুক্তা।

Volant, vo'land, a. [L. volo, to fly ] a. চঞ্চ ; চলাক, ক্ৰত ; সম্বন্ধ ; Nimble :—উড্ডীয়ননি ; Flying. Volatile, vola-til, a. উন্ধান্ধ ; উড্ডীয়ননি ; বাহা সহজে উবিয়া বা উদ্দিশ্ব বার ; ৰাম্পাবং, Apt to waste away or fly off by evaporation; flying :—চঞ্চল; পানিবর্ত্তবানি ; চলচ্চিত্ত ; Fickle; flighy —ক্ত ; City n=volatileness; volatility. Syn:—Vaporizible, evaporable; airy, gay, lively, sprightly, giddy, inconstant. [ness, sprightliness. Volatileness, Volatility n. চাঞ্চল; Fickle-Volatilisation, n. বাম্পে পরিব্যত্তি প্রবন্ধ কর্ম; The act or process of rendering volatile.

Volatilise, vola til-iz, v. t বাংশে পরিণত কৃ, উবারী-কৃ, সংকে ভঙাইবা দে; To cause to evaporate r = volatisation.

Volcanie, a. আয়েশগিরি সম্বন্ধীর ; অগ্নাৎপাত সক্রোভ ; Pertaming to, or effected by a volcano.

Volcano, vol-káno, n. [I. vulcanus, the god of fire] বায়েবপ্ৰত, জাহেবগিৰি, Burning mountain, a mount iin from which smoke, flame, lava, &c. are thrown. a=volcanic. pl=volcanoes.

Volcanic bomb—আগ্নেছনির ২ইডে উৎক্রিপ্ত ওপ্ত Volcanic rock—অগ্নিদ্ধ প্রথম ।

Vole, n. ইন্দুরবৎ জন্ত বিশেব।

Volition, vö-lishun, n. [L. volitio, from volo, veile, to will] ইছাপজি; প্রবৃত্তি; সম্বন্ধ; মনন; Act or power of willing, choosing, determining or purpose. a=volitional (ইছা সম্বন্ধীয়): Syn:
—Will, choice, preference, determination, purpose.

Volley, voli, n. [L. vole, to fly] গোলাবৃষ্টি, ভীর নিক্ষেপ; শল্প বর্ষণ; বহুসংখ্যক শুলির বুগবং নিক্ষেপ, A flight of arrows; the discharge of shot by a battalion; a flight of missiles. pl = volleys.

Volt, volt, n. লক ; হঠাং জাবৰ্ত্তন ; বক্ৰণমন , বোটকেয় চফ্ৰাকায় বৃতি বিশেষ ; A bound ; a sudden leap ; a gait of two treads made by a horse going sideways round a centre.

Voltaio, vol-táik, a. ভন্ট সম্মীয় ; Pertaining to or originated by Volta, an Italian.

Voltaic battery—An apparatus consisting of a series of pairs of plates of different metals, immersed in a fluid, usually diluted sulphuric acid, and connected by wares for the development of electricity. Voltais electricity, n. The phenomena resulting from the evolution of a current of electricity for chemical action.

Voltaism, volta-izm, n. ৱালাগনিত্ব প্ৰক্ৰিয়া হার' উংগর তড়িং; Galvanism as modified by Volta a branch of the science, which treats of the form of electricity produced by chemical agents. Volubility, n. আবর্তনীয়তা; বাক্ণাটুড়া; Fluency of speech.

Voluble, voluble, a [L. volubilis, from volvere, volutum] पूर्वासान; ফতথানী; আবর্ত্তনীল; Apt to roll or move easily; having quick motion; easily turning:—বাক্পটু; ফতভানী; বাচাল; Nimble of speech; glib, of rapid sheech; fluent. n=volubility (বাচালতা)। Syn:—Glib, loquacious.

Volume, volum, n. [L. volumen, a thing rolled or wound up ] গ্ৰহণত; প্ৰকাদির পত; Roll; scroll:—আয়াত্তন; আকার; অব্বব; মনকল; Compass; dimensions:—প্ৰক; গ্ৰন্থ; A book:—পূৰ্ব্যর; Fullness of voice:—আৰ্কুক স্থান; Space occupied. Syn:—Convolution, turn, fold; tome; dimensions, bulk, size, mass, amplitude, capac ty.

A work in four volumes—চাবিগতে সন্পূৰ্ এছ।
To speak volumes—ইচাতে জনেক ব্যক্ত করিছেতঃ:
উত্তম সাক্ষ্য প্রধান-ভূ; স্বস্ট্রপে অর্থ জ্ঞানন-ভূ, Convey much information; to have weight, as an argument.

Volume of smoke-प्रशानि ।

Volumed, a. वृहणांतज्य ; Of volume or bulk.

Voluminous, vo-lū-mi-nus, a. অনেক গ্ৰন্থিতিষ্ট ; বহু ভাল বিশিষ্ট ; Having volume or many volumes ; having written much, as an author : —বড ; বৃহণাকার ; Bulky.

Voluntary, volun-tar-e, e. বেক্টাপ্রত ; কাটালে to the free will :—ইক্টাপ্রপর , অভিনেত ; সহল ; Willing :—বাধীন ; Free :—n. বে ব্যক্তি বাধীনভাবে কোন কার্য্য করে ; One who does anything of his own free will :—A dissenter ; one who objects to the union of church and state :—বাদ্য বিশেব ; Piece of music played at will. advoluntarily (বেক্টাপ্রত )। Syn:—(a) Spontaneous, unconstrained ; ready, intended, purposed, designed.

Voluntaryism, n. রাজসাহাব্য এহণ না করিছা কেবল কেন্দ্রাপ্তর সাহাব্য হারা হক্ষমন্দিরাদির ব্যয়ভার বহন-শ্রণালী; The principle of supporting the church by voluntary offering, instead of by the cic of the state.

Volunteer, n. vol-un-ter', n. ৰে বেজাপুৰ্কক সৈনি-কাপির কর্মে বা অন্ত কর্মে প্রবৃত্ত হয়; জবৈতনিক সৈপ্ত; সংধ্র সিপাংটা; ইচ্ছা সৈনিক; One who serves as a soldier &c., tof his own free choice:—a. বেজাপুর্কক বিষ্ক্ত; Entering into service voluntarily:—v. s. কোন কার্মে; বেজাপুর্কক নিযুক্ত-হ; To enter into any service of one's own free will:—v. t. বেজাপুর্কক প্রদান-কু; আপনাপনি-দে। Syn:—(v) Proffer, tender, present, propose.

Voluptuary, vō-lupt'ū-ar-e, দ. ভোগাস্ক লোক; বিষয়াসক ব্যক্তি; ইন্দ্রিপরতম্ভ লোক, ইন্দ্রিপনারণ ব্যক্তি, One excessively given to bodily enjoyments or luxury; a sensualist.

Voluptuous, vo-lupt'u-us, a. ই ख्रिवानवी ; ভোগা-স্ক : ইন্সিরপরতর, বিলাসী, বিষয়াসক , Given to the enjoyments of pleasure and luxury; sensual, licentious. n=voluptuousness. ad=voluptuously Syn -- Epicurean, luxurious, lascivious, lewd. Volute, a. আবর্তিত : কুখলীকৃত ; Having a volute -n. বভাৱে নিশ্বিত কুওলী, A kind of spiral scroll Vomer, n. নাদারৰুহরের মধ্যে ব্যবধানসকল পাডলা आहे ; The thin flat-bone separating the nostrils. Vomit, vom'-it, v. i. वमन-कृ, वमि-कृ, To eject the contents of the stomach by the mouth, throw up the contents of the stomach -v tউन्मीय-कृ, উन्मीर्न-कृ, यमि-कृ; উপরিয়া ফেলা, To throw out with violence .-- n. ব্যন , ব্যি , স্তকার , वसनकांत्रक देवर, Matter ejected from the stomach. n.=vomiting ( डियम ) Syn - Puke, spew, beich.

Vomitory, vomi'toi-i, a विशव वक . Causing to vomit - n विभावत खेवन . An emetic - वह বাড়ীর প্রধান ধাব, A principal door of a large

Vorscious, vo-sā'she-us, a. উদৰ সক্ষয় পেটুক , কুখার্ক, লোভী, Greedy, eager to deyour or swallow, very hungry n = volacity, voraciousness (পেট্ৰছ), ad = vortach usly (পেট্ৰের মত)। Syn -Ravenous, rapacious, insatiable.

Voracity, n. উদ্বহ্মিতা, The quality of being voracious.

Vortex, vor'teks, n { L vorto, verto, to turn } व्यविष्ठं , त्राक् , स्रत्वव धूर्व A whiripool --वर्नि वान्त्र . ৰূপ ৰাভাস, A whirlwind a=voitical pl=voitexes, vortices Syn —Eddy. Vortical, a प्राप्तमान , Whirling

Votary, votar-1, a [L. roves, volum, to vow] উৎস্পীকৃত , পুজারত , Dovoted , consecrated by a wow —n. त्मरक, উপাসक, Worshipper. fem= votaress, votress (সেবিকা)।

Vote, vot, n [L volum, a vow, wish] Fo প্ৰকাশ , মত, সন্থতি , জনাভিপ্ৰাৰ , Expression of will by a majority, voice, suffrage -v. t निष्ठाइन কু, মত দিবা মনোনীত-কু; To choose by vote i. মত প্ৰকাশ কু, মত-লে, To express the choice by a vote n = voter.

Casting vote—সভাপতিৰ বিতীয় মত।

Put to the vote—সভার অধিকাশে লোকের মত कानिवांत्र निमिश्व कान विषत्र छेचाशन-कृ, Bring forward some matter with a view to ascertain the will of the majority at a meeting.

Vote down-পরিতাপ-কু, Reject, throw out by adverse vote.

Vote for--পাঁচজনের সঙ্গে কোন পক্ষেব অনুকূলে মত (West ; Declare oneself in favour of

Voter, n. यजगाजा ; निकांठक , मज्अकानक , मज्अमारन অধিকারসম্পন্ন বোক ; One who votes.

Voting, a. भाजश्रान मक्कीय : ্প্রদান করা বাব। A voting paper—নিৰ্বাচন সমৰে বে কাগজে মতামত Votive, votiv, a [ L volum, a vow ] arteska নিবুক , ব্ৰতপালনাৰ্থ দম্ভ ; মান্দিক , মানিত , Given by vow; observed in consequinence of a vow, [ burnt in fulfilment of a vow. Fotive light—ত্ৰভণাৰাৰ্থ প্ৰকৃতিৰ আলোক; Light

Votive offering—उडणाननार्य अवस्य रहः मान्तिक বৈৰেণ্য; Offering presented in fulfilment of a

Vouch, vouch, v. t. माकि स्ट्रेंड आईबा-कृ; माकि-इत्त बालान-कृ, To call to witness:--नावाध-कृ; প্রামাণ্য কু . To warrant; to attest — দৃঢ়-ভু ; নিশুর यनां , द्रांशन-कृ , Confirm , to assert .-- ए. हे. मान्त्र-ে , অমাণ- ে , To be a witness ; to give testimonv Syn -Obtest, affirm, asseverate, aver, protest, support, back, follow up.

Vouch for –প্ৰতীকা করিয়া থাকা ; Stand still for ; stry in expectation of.

Voucher, vowcher, n. मानी; One who vouches, one who gives witness:—প্রসাণ-পত্ত ; निम्मेन लिपि , विम्म , इंडिडिडे ; मनिसापि ; A document vouching a fact or account.

Vouchsafe, vouch-saf, v t. (कान किह पिएड প্ৰসম্ভত, সম্পাৰ্পুৰ্কক প্ৰদান-ক ; To condescend , to grant, to vanction -- ৮ ঃ প্রসর-ই, অপুরাই-ই; Fo deign, to condescend, to grant. Sym -Grant, concede accord, yield, design.

Vow, vow, n. ধথানাকী কৰিবা অস্মীকাৰ, অস্মীকাৰ: প্রতিকা, Solemn promise made to God or a person — সকল, Resolution — v t. ধর্মাকী করিয়া দেওবা বা উৎসৰ্গ কৰা , 'মান্।সক'-কু , ৰখতঃ প্ৰতিজ্ঞা-কু ; To give by solemn promise —v : 四百頭一貫; To make a promise Syn -(v) Consecrate, dedicate, devote, affirm solemnly.

Broach of vow-43591

Make a vow--- " , 'মান 'নক'- } ;

Religious vow-35

Vow of silence—মৌনব্ৰত।

Vowel, tow'el, n. | L vou, voiss, the voice ] खद्दवर्ष , Simple sound as a, e, i, o, u -a. वद्गवर्ष न्द्रकोष्ठ , Voc il.

Long vowel—मेथ का।

Short vowel—হুৰ কর ৷

Voyage, voy'aj, n क विद्या : त्रमुख्याका , lo uney by water -v f জল্যাতা-কু, সমুদ্রবাতা-কু, 10 take a voyage or to pass by water -v t and-क. To travel n=voyager ( कन्यां जो )।

Vulcan, n বিশ্বকত্মা, দেবকত্মা, কথাবাদের দেবতা. अभि प्रत . The (rod of fire, who presided over the working of metals, the God of fire - \*\* कार . Blacksmith.

Vulcanise, vulkan-iz, v. t ভাপপ্রযোগে গক্তেব সাহত মিলিত-কু, To combine with sulphur by heat as exoute houe.

Vilcanite, n कठिन त्ररात्र विरम्धः।

Vulgar, vulgar, a | L vulgaris, from vulgus, the multitude ] সাধারণ শোক সম্পীর, সাধারণ; Pertaining to or practised by common people, common:---३ डब ; ने ह ; अमका , सर्छ ; Low . mean, not fashionable; coarse 一面啊? -- n. ইত্য় পোৰু, জনসাধাৰণ; The common people. Syn -(a) General, public, popular, common, ordinary, mean, rude, coarse, broad, plebeian, low-burn, under-bred, unrefined, vernacular, native . cant.

Vulgar fraction-নানাত ভবাংশ, A fraction expressed in the ordinary way, i. c. by a numerator and denominator.

Vulgarise, vulgar-iz, v. चनडा-इ ; नीठ-इ ; To make vulgar or rude.

Vulgarism, vulgar-izm, n. আন্য শক্ত অবর ভাষা ; A vulgar phrase :—নীচডা , ইতরামি।

Vulgarity, vul-gar'e-te, n. অসন্তা ; অভনতা ; আনিষ্টতা , হানতা ; ইতরত ; Rudenest of manners ; mean condition of life. Syn:—Grossness, coarseness, want of delicacy; barbarism.

Vulgarly, ad. बीठलार ; ইতবের মত।

Vulgate, n. नांतिन ভাষার বাউবেলের প্রাচীন অনুষাদ বিং; A very ancient Latin version of the Scriptures; St Jerome's Latin translation of the Bible.

Vulnerable, vulner-a-bl, a. [L. vulnero, to wound—vulnus, a wound] ভেদা; আচনন্দ ; আছ্ব-ৰীয়; হোৱা; Capable of being wounded; hable to injury; assailable. n=vulnetableness. Syn:—Weak, exposed.

Vulnerable point—cevivia; Weak point; the point that would suffer by attack.

Vulnerary, vulner-ar-i, a. ক্তোপশ্ৰকারক ; ক্ত নিবারক , যদারা বা ভাল হয় ; Relating to wounds ; nseful in healing wounds :—n. ক্তারোগ্য-কর ব্যা; Anything useful in the care of wounds.

Vulpine, vulpin, a. [L. vulpes, a fox ) শৃগাল-সদৃশ, থেকপেয়ালের মত; Fox like:—ধুর্ক, চজুর; Crafty; cunning.

Vulture, vultur, n. বছনি; গৃত্ত; A large rapacious bird of prey.

Vulture-eyed, a. शृद्धव छात्र कुम्हिविनिहे।

Vulturish, vultur-ish, Vulturine, vultur-in, a. গ্ৰস্থ ; পেট্ৰ ; অভি লোভী ; Like the vulture, voracious.

Vying, n. প্রতিবোগিতা করণ।

W

w-डेरवॉक वर्गमतात्र जागाविष्य अन्य वा वर्ग; The 23td letter of the English alphabet.

Wabble, n. বক্ষণতি; টলন; Hobbling or moving from side to side: —v. t ছেণিবা ছলিবা চলা, বেটিক হইবা চলা; 'To move from side to side:—চলিতে চলা; To move unsteadily.

Wacke, wake, n. (कांत्रज निला जिल्ला ; A soft, grayish kind of trap-rock.

Wad, wod, n. ( ঘাসগড়, কাগড়াদিব ) বুট; A mass of loose matter thrust close together, as hay, paper &c. &c. :—v. f. অটি পাকান; ল্টি-কু; To be formed into a wad; to insert a wad into :—v. i. লুট ভারা; পুট দিবা ঠানা; To insert a wad.

To wade though slaughter to a throne—
বহু হন্তা ৰাভ করিশ শেষে বাজা-ই।

Waddle, woull, ৩. ফ. হংদেৰ মত সমন-কু: হংদৰৎ
পমন কু, গজেল গতিচে-বা; To walk from side to
side like a duck; to walk with short steps,
moving the body from side to side:—কাপিতে
কাপিতে চলা:—৩. ৫. মাডাইমা পাড়া:—৯. হংদগতি,
Walking from side to like a duck.

Wade, wad, v. i. জন ঠেলিয়া-যা, কটে জলে ইটা;
To walk any substance that yields to the fact,
as water:—জনেক কটে গমন-ক; কটে জন্মন-হ;
Move with difficulty and labour; to pres with
difficulty:—v. t. ইটিয়া পার-হ, To ford, to
cross a stream by walking on the bottom of it.

Wading, n. লুটি পাকাইবার জবা; জ্লাব মন্ত নরম জিনিদ! { bed of a brook. Wady, n. শৈলভূমির প্রণালী, 'ক্ছ নদীগর্ভ; The dry Wafor, wai'er, n. ময়দার চাক্তি; টিক্লি; Thin rounded leaf of coloured paste for sealing letters:—v. t. টিক্লি দিবা আঁটা; To close with a

Waft, waft, ত. f. ভাদাইয়া বাওবা; তরকে বাহিত-তৃ; ভাদাইয়া বা উড়াইয়া লইয়া-বা; To bear through a fluid medium, as air or water; to carry through a fluid:—হিল্লোলিত ভাবে প্রেরণ-তৃ:—ত. i. ভাদমান-হ; উড়িবা-বা; To float:—n. ভাদমান ক্রবা; তরজ; গুলাড; A floating body. Wag, wag, v. t. সঞ্চালন-কু; আন্দোলন-কু; নাড়া.
To move the way and the other. to shake to and fro, to swing:—n ভাঁড, বিদ্যক, মন্ধরা: হ্যাসক; রদিক বাজি; Merry or frolicsome fellow; a joker; humorist:—সঞ্চালন; A shake. Syn:
—(u) Wit, droll.

To wag the tail—লেক নাড়া।

Wage, waj, v. t. প্ৰত্ত বা আগত-ক: To engage in:—চেষ্টা-ক, Attempt; to undertake:—চালান; To carry on:—পণ-ক; বাজি রাখা, Stake; pledge:—v. i. সমান-হ। Syn:—Bet, pledge, lay, wager, engage in.

Wage war—पूक-कृ।

Wager, wajer, n. वाङो ; भा . Stake . pledge ; bet :—v. t. वाङो क्ला ; वाङो जावा ; To hazard on the issue of anything :—v. : वाङो (क्ला ; वाङो जावा ; To lay a wager ; to bet. n=wagerer. Syn .—Stake, pledge.

Lay a wager - वांको बांचा : পन वांचा ।

Wager of battle, n. The giving of a pledge or gage, usually by throwing down a glove or grantlet, for the trying of a cause by single combat with the accuser or the opponent, either by champion or in person—now abolished.

Wages, wajes, n. pl. বেডন; মজ্রি; মাহিরালা;
প্রকান; Hire; pay of work; conpensation for
scivices Syn:—Stipend, salary, pay, recompense, remuneration, earnings. [তোবিক মৃত্যু।
The wages of sin is death—পাপের পারিWaggery, wag'er-i, n. ভাঁডামি, মকরামি; রাসিকভা;
Pleasantry; frohesome humour; mischievous
merriment.

Waggish, wag'ish, a. डीडांबिएड वर्ड; कोडांबिड; केडांब. तड़; Mischevous in sport; sportive; done in waggery or sport; frolicsome. adwaggishly. n=waggishness. Syn:—Sportive, meny, droll, funny, jocular.

Waggle, wag'!, ত. t. নাড়া; সঞ্চালিড-কৃ; হেলিছা ছলিৱা চলা; টলনল কৰিয়া চলা; To move from side to side. Wagon, Waggon, wag'un, #. শব্ট ; চারি চাকার গাড়ি; মালগাড়ি; Cart; a four-wheeled vehicle; rankway goods cart;---ভ. t. শব্টে বাহিত-কু।

Wagonages 🛪. शासीकांड़ा . क्लांबे बढ़ा ।

Wagoner, Waggoner, wag'un-er, त्र. नाखा-मान, नकदेनाइ; Driver of a wagon.

Wagonette, n. हान्का ठांत्रि ठाकाइ त्रांडी दिल्ब , A kind of open carriage.

Wagtail, wag'tal, n. कुछ नकी वित्नव ; बरतन नांची ; चक्षन नकी . A small bird.

Wahabee, n. One of a Mahomedan sect.

Waif, waf n. অধানিক দ্রবা; বেওয়ারিদ দ্রবা; পরি-ভাক্ত বাক্তি; (পালন চেলে; Anything waived, relinquished or left without an owner, anything found without an owner a worthless wanderer.

Waifs and stays—চালচুলা নাই এমন দ্বিত্ত লোক; বে সকল ব্যক্তিৰ চালচুলা নাই, The unsetlled wandering and worthless members of society, the homeless poor.

Wail, wal, o 2. বিলাপ-তু; ধেন-তু; পৌক-তু, ছংশ-তু; To lament; to worrow audibly — v.t. কুল্ব-তু; বোদন-তু, বিলাপ তু; To bemoan; to grieve over:—n কুল্ব, নিলাপ, রোদন p Loud weeping; a cry of woe. Syn — (v) Bewail, bemoan, deplore, cry, moan, worp. [loud weeping. Wailing, n কুল্ব, কুল্ব-ম্বানি, প্ৰবিশ্বা, Wail; Wain, win, n. গ দী, শক্ট; A waggon, a cart or carriage — নক্তুম্বল বিশেষ।

Wainscot, winskot, n. ব্রেব ভিতরের দেওবাবে সংশ্র বোদিত ভজাব আছোদন; দেওবালে মারা তকা. The panelled boards on the walls of apartment, boards employed to line the internal of an apartment — v t তক্তা মাৰা; ব্রেব ভিতর দেওবালে তক্তা বাগান; To line with with boulds or panels. Wainscoting, n ব্রেব ভিতরের দেওবারে তক্তা;

Waist, wat, n সধ্য; কটিলেশ; কোনর, কাঁকাল; The narrowest part of the human body just above the hips — জাইাজের মধ্যভাগ, The middle part of a ship.

Waist-band, wāstband, n. (कायवन्त्र), कडिवत्त ; The band of the trowsers around the waist, belt.

Waist coat, was kot, n করুৱা; হাতা-হীন জানা বিশেষ; A short coat worn under the coat and fitting tightly the waist.

Wait, wit, v : প্রচীকা করিয়া থাকা; অপেকা-কৃ.
To remain; to stay; to lie in ambush:—v. t.
অপেকা-কৃ; নিলম্ব-কৃ; To stay for, to await:—n.
শুপুত্বান, Ambush:—বিশ্ব; দেরি:—pl. পারক দল;
আবাহক পারক; Musicians who perform at night
or in the early morning. Syn:—(v) Stay, tarry,
abide, remain, linger, delay; watch, be expectant, look for, await.

Lay wait—क्षर्कार शंकितां बार्शक्त-कृ ; ६६ क्रिजी बाक्। : To lie in ambush.

Lie in wait—ওৎ কবিণা পাকা; To lie in ambush
To be in wait for—কোনও বা কাহারও কিছুর কন্ত
আপেকা কবিনা থাকা; দেরি-কঃ [service at.
Wait at—কোন ভাবে আপেকা কবিনা থাকা; Perform
Wait for—এডীকা কবিনা থাকা, Stay in expectation of, stand still for.

Wait on (or upon)—নেবা-কু; পরিচর্বা-কু; ভূড্যের ছার কাহার নিকটে হাজির থাকা; To perform service for, attend on one as a servant —কোন কার্ব্যোপনকে কাহারও সাকাং-কু; দেখা করিতে-বা; To visit on bussiness or ceremony:—কলম্বরণ অনু-স্বৰ-কু; অপেকা-কু; To follow, to await.

Waiter, waifer, a. দেবক, ভূতা, পরিচারক, অপেকা-কারক; A servant in attendance; an attending servant:—পাত্র বিশেষ; খাল বা রেকাব; A salver or tray. fem=waiteress.

Waiting, a. অপেকাকারী।
In waiting—অপেকা করিয়া দ্বিতঃ অনুচরভাবে উপWaiting for doad men's shoes—মৃত লোকের
উইল ছারা প্রদন্ত অবোর মন্ত অপেকা করিয়া থাকা.
Looking for leg tels

Waiting maid... পরিচাবিকা; কুমারী স্থী; A servant who attends on a lady in her chamber.

Waiting room—অপেকাকারীৰ বসিবার বর।

Waiting woman-महत्ती।

Waive, wav, v. t প্রিভাগ কু, ভ্যাপ-কু; ছাডিরা-দে, কেলিয়া প্লাবন-কু; To relinquish, to forego; to set aside <u>Syn</u> :—Porgo, abandon, drop.

to set aside Syn — l'org), abandon, drop. Waiver, n. না-দাবি, লটতে অধীকাব; বন্ধতাগ। Wake, wak, n ভাগবন; পাহারা; The act of walking, witching — মুত দেও লটনা গাহারা; খব লটা। রাজি জাগবন, The sitting up of persons with a dead body; watching of a dead body.

with a dead body; watching of a dead body by night:—কোজাগর বা রাজিবারের উৎসব বিশেষ; উৎসব বা মেলা; Feast on the dedication day of a church.—জাহাজাদিব জন-পদ্মতি, নিপ: The track left by a ship in water —পদ্ম, গমনপথ, Track formed in the water by the course of a ship — w. t. জাগবিত-কৃ. আগান; To rouse from sleep:—উর্ভেজিত কৃ: পুনজীবিত-কৃ: To exeite, to revive — w i জাগবিত-ক; কাগা, নিপ্রত না-হ: To be awake.—উর্ভেজিত-হ, মান্টে-হ, To be agitated pt pp — waked, woke Syn—(v) Watch, awake, waken, revel, carouse; awaken, k ndle. provoke

Follow in the wake of—অনুকরণ-কু: কাহাবও বা কোনও কিছুৰ পথ অনুসৰ্ধ কু, Imitate

In the wake of – মন্ত্ৰিছত প্ৰেট, পৃশ্চাং পৃশ্চাং, টিক প্ৰে, In the train of ; immediately after.

Wake up the wrong passengers—To be mistiken in a min, to catch a Tartar.

Wakeful, wakitobl, a. জাগ্ৰহ; জাগ্ৰহ; জাগ্ৰহ; জাগ্ৰহ.
Indisposed to sleep; not sleeping:—সক্ৰ্ নাবহিত, Vigilant. n=wakefulness (সাৰ্থানতা); ad=wakefully ( সাৰ্থানে )। Syn:—Sleepicss, watchful, wary.

Waken, v. i. ভাগরিত-হ; জাগা, To wake; awake:—v. t. জাগান; জাগরিত-তু; To arouse from sleep.

Wale, wal, n. বট বারা মারিলে গারে ভালার চিত্রুকণ বে রেখা পড়ে ভাছা; The mark of a rod or whip on animal flesh:—v. t. ক্রাথাত চিত্রে চিত্তি-টু, To mark with wales, Syn:—Streak, ridge.

Waler, n. নব দক্ষিণ বেলস্ হইতে আনীত আছা।
Walk, wawk, v. i. পদচারণ-কু; পদব্রে গমন কু;
চলা; ইটো; To move by leisurely steps; move
along on foot:—আচরণ-কু; To act or behave:—
গাঁটা, চালিত-হ; To be guided by:—v. t. চালান,
ইটোন, To cause to walk; to pass through or

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upon:— 

। পদত্তক প্ৰনাল প্ৰথম কৰা ; চলন ; The act or manner of walking :— অপভলী ; পতি ; পদক্ষেপ ; Gait :— অবশ ছান ; বেড়াইবার ছান : Place for walking on :— রাভা ; পব ; Path :— আচরণ ; গাবছার ; Conduct ; course of action :— জীবনের গাঁভ ; Course of life :— অক্তমের চরিবার ছান ; চারণ্- জুমি ; Place for animal's grazing :— কার্যায়ান । Syn :— (n) Step, carriage, behaviour ; beat, course ; avenue, path, alley ; stroll, promenade. At a walk — সহল চালে চিন্রা ; না পৌচাইবা । 

Walk by faith— বিখাসী ইইয়া নীবন ধারণ- জু ; ধর্ম- পাথে ধাকা ; To live trusting Jesus Christ as a

teacher and saviour.

Walk in-ধাৰেশ-কৃ; Enter. [ ভ্ৰমণ-কৃ; Walk in darkness—( অজানতারূপে) অন্ধকারে

Walk in the light—সংগণে বিচরণ-কৃ।

Walk in the shoes of - भनाम् तन्त ; अपूक्त क् कृ ; Tread in the foot-steps of ; to imitate

Walk in the way of—কাহার মত একই ভাবে চলা;
Follow the same course of life as [উদরত্ব-ই |
Walk into—অভান্ত পারি-দে: অতাক তিবার ই;
Walk into the lion's mouth—বহু বিপাদে
পদা; বাবের মূপে বাহবা; Fall into a great danger.
Walk one's rounds—চলা; Take one's accustomed walk.

Walk out ( or off )—वाहित्व-मा , Depart. Walk over - की कृष्टि क्ष्मि वालग् ।

Walk-over, n. বাজিব দেহৈ প্রতিবোধী উপছিত না থাকার সম্জ চালে চলিবা ধাবন-ভূমি কাতিক্রম; সহস্ন জয়। Walk over the course—বিনা বিবাদে জয়ী-হ, (man a victory without a contest.

Walk the chalk -- কথাৰ ক'; To be dismissed; to be turne I away.

Walk the plank—কানাৎ-ছ; ডুনিঘা মরা; Walk all the plank into the water and be drowned — বন্ধ থালি বানিতে বাধা-হ, কন্দ্ৰভ-ছ; To vacate an other by computation [ স্কু কু ।

Walk through the fire — ক্ষুড়া ক্ষুক্ প্ৰাধাই

Walk up —টাজ ভঠা . Ascend.

Walk with God — ঈশবেৰ সংক সংবাস-কু; ঈশবেৰ
আন্দেশ পালন-কু; Obey God; have havitual communion of soul with flim.

Walker, n. जमनकारी , शन्धांतनकारी :—हेन्नीकानक । Walking, n. जमन , इनन :—कीननधाजी ।

Walking gentleman—य नरे दनवनमात छा लारक द दन बादन कहिया मधाइ हय।

Walking papers - 5414. Papers containing an order to depart dismissal.

Walking stick or cane - বষ্ট ে বেডাইবাৰ ছন্তি; Stick carried on the hand to assist in walking, or for amusement.

Walking ticket-- वदंडविक ह्कूम ।

Wall, wawl, n. প্রাচীন; প্রাকার, পেওয়াল; বেড়া; Stone or brick, fence; the side of a building:—নজ্-প্রাছ; গাঁইট:—pl. গড়; ছুৰ্গ; Fortifications:—v. t. প্রাচীন বারা বেছন-কু; প্রাকান বারা বন্ধা-কু; To enclose with or as with a wall; to defend by walls.

Drive to the wall—শ্রেঠ সাল্ড-কৃ; দেওরাল ঠেন্-কু; কোঠানা-কু; ঠেনে-ধু; Push to extremities; to get the mastery over.

Go to the wall-- अडाड क्रिडे-र, अङ्डकार्ग-र;

আপেলাকত মুর্বাল-হ . (কাপিনা-হ ; অক্সকে-হ ; To be hard pressed or pushed to extremes ; to be the weaker or unsuccessful party, to fail; to be ruined.

To take the wall—ভোঠা বাত-কৃ; To take the inner side of a wall or the side next the wall; to take precedence or the place of honor.

Wooden wall of England—কাহাক; Ship. Wall-box, #. পাঁচিলে গাঁথা বান্ধ বাহাতে ভাকের চিঠি দেওয়া হয়।

Wallet, wolet, n. [F. mallete, valise, provision bag] বুলি; থলি; থলিবা; A bag for carrying the necessaries for journey; a knapsack; traveller's bag:—গ্ৰেট বই; A pocket-book. Syn:—Bag, pack, pouch.

Wall-eye, n. An eye in which the Iris is of a very light grey or whitish colour said usually of horses:—চকুবোগ; যে চকে খেতাংশ বেণী বিস্তৃত; বিভালচকু; An eye in which the white is very large and distorted. a-Wall-eyed.

Wall-flower, wawi-flow'er, n. কুগৰ পুলবুক বিশেষ; A plant with fragrant flowers, found on old walls.—নাচিবাৰ সময় যে কামিনী জুটী বা সহচর পায় না। , [Fruit growing on a wall. Wall-fruit, wawi-froot, n. প্রাচীয়দাত ফল বিশেষ; Walloons—Natives of that part of Flander

which is between the Scheldt and the Spray.

Wallow, wolo, v t. গড়াগডি-দে, অবলু ঠিড-ছ;
কানামাটী-ড়; To roll about as in mire:—মনলা বা
পাপমৰো বাস-ড়; পালপছে নিমগ্ন থাকা; To live in
filth or gross vice.

Wallow in riches—অতিশ্য ধনবাৰ-ছ; To be very rich; to roll in riches.

Wallow in the mire of sensuality—ইলিব-হংৰ মপ্ত-ই; To indulge in voluptuousness; to lead a dissipated life.

Wall-papor-Paper hangings.

Walnut, waufnut, n. दृक ও कन वित्नव ; आंध्रताहे कन ; A tree, its nut or fruit.

Walrus, walrus, n. मिक्दांडिक, बनहन्ती, नायुक्तिक कन्न विद्यव ; Sea-horse.

Wampum, n. আমেৰিকার কভির মালা বিলেব; A small beads of shells used by the N. America.

Wan, won, a. [A. S. wann, wan, pale ] পাৰ্বৰ্; কেবাসিয়া; বিবৰ্ণ; Pale; faint, languish, weakly, as with sickness; languid:—v. i. পাৰ্ব্যু n=Wantonness. Syn:—(a) Bloodless, pallid, cadaverous, ashy.

Wand, wond, n. দত; লখা সন্থ বট; Thin stick; slender rod:—গদস্চক দত; Rod of office:—ইজ-জাখিকেব মোহন দত; জাহুকবের মই; Charming rod. Wander, wonder, v. s. অমণ-ক; পর্যাচন-ক; ঘ্রিরা বেডান; To rove; roam about; ramble; stroll:—রাভা ভূলা; বিভাজ-হ; To lose ones way:—গ্রাভান-ক; Depart; go astray:—বিকারগ্রত-হ; বেলাপী-হ; বেলাল-ক; To be delinious. দ=-wande-rer ( অমপকার); পর্যাচক)। Sym:—Roam, range, gad; stray, err, swerve, deviate.

Wandering, wonder-ing, n. প্ৰচিন; অনণ; Act or habit of going from place to place:—a. অবশ্বারী; অহিন! Syn:—(n) Roaming, roving, rambling, peregrination; deviation, aberration. Wandering Jew—A Jew supposed to live and wander for ever.

Wanderoo, n. वानव विराध ।

Wane, wan, n. কয়; হ্রাস; Decrease:—অবসাথ:
Decline:—v. i. নান-হ; হ্রাস-ফ; অবসার-হ; To grow
less; to decline; to fail; to sink; to decrease.
Syn:—(v) Diminish; fail, decline. (n)
Deminution, abatement; declension, decay.

Be on the wane—অবসর ই , ক্রমণ: হ্রাস বা ক্রম প্রাপ্ত-ই ; Be in a state of decline (as the moon). Wanness, n. পাতুনাতা।

Want, wont, n. [Ger. wan, deficient] ৰাভাব; রাহিত্য; Lack; absence:—গাব্দুতা; দাবিদ্য; ফুণ; নিংখতা; Indigence; scarcity; poverty:— প্রয়োজন; Need:—আনপ্রথম বস্তু; Anything wanted:—ত. t. আভাব্যত্ত থাকা. না থাকা; To be without:—আবজ্জন-হ; To require; to need:—ইচ্ছা করা; আকাজ্জা-হ; প্রথমা-হ, চাহুথা. Wish for:—ত. i. কম-হ; আভাব খাকা; To fall short; to be deficient. Syn:—(n) Deficiency, defect, lack, failure, dearth, scarcity, scarciness, insufficiency, scantiness; necessity, requirement, desideratum; desire, craving, longing; penury (v) Lack; crave, desire, wish.

Be in want of—কোন মুবোর অভাব-হ, অভাবগ্রহ থাকা; Need something, have occasion for something.

**For want of —কোন কিছুব অভাবগ্রন্ত, কোন কিছুব** অভাববশতঃ ; Owing to the deficiency, or absence of.

[ তুই বিনিট্ বাকি আছে।

It wants two minutes to five--পাৰ্টা বাছিতে To be wanted—কৌন অপবাদের লক্ত তন্ত্ৰাসিত-হ।

To want badly — डावि न्यवाय-इ।

Wanted a student—ছাত্রের প্রভোজন ৷

Wanting, wanting, a. শৃষ্ণ; অবুপহিত. ক্রটনিশিষ্ট; Absent; deficient.

Be wanting in—কোন গুণেৰ অভাৰ-চ ; কোনও বিবয়ে হীন থাকা ; Lack in ; be deficient in.

Be wanting to—কোন বিষয়ে পিৰিলবন্থ-হ . কোনও অবস্থা পূৰ্ব হইতে বাকী থাকা ; Be careless about :— বাকী থাকা , Be needed to complete.

Wanton, wontun, a. [G. gwantan, wanton] চৰুল; অশিষ্ট, Wild:--জীড়াসক : ক্রীড়াগ্রিব , Sportive; roving in sport: -- অনিব্ধিত; অনিব্ধিত; Irregular; unrestrained:—রষ্ট্রার; উৎপবগামী, ছুৰ্ব্ম ন্ত ; Dissolute :--বিবেচনাপুষ্ণ ; নিৰ্কিবেক :--প্ৰচুত্ম , Luriant:-कामाजूब; नम्बह ; कामूक; Lustful; lewd; licentious:—কেবল অনিষ্ট করিতে কৃত, Done for mere mischief: -- n. লপট ব্যক্তি; কামানেরী, A lewd person; a trifler:--v. t. क्रीज़-कृ: To frolic :-- विश्व - कु ; मन्नार्छेत्र व्यवश्व - कु ; क्लि - कु ; To play lasciviously:—উদ্ধানভাবে খুরিয়া বেড়া; To rample without restraint. Syn:—(a) Wandering, loose, unrestrained, free; luxuriant, rank, rampant; playful, frolicsome, airy; lecherous, lascivious, libidinous, licentious, dissolute. (n) Revel, sport, play; luxuriate in.

Wantonly, ad. ব্ৰেক্ষাপৃথ্যক ; বাৰ-বা। [ কারিডা।
Wantonness, n. ব্ৰেক্ষাবিহার ; বিলাস ; অবিষ্বাWap, v. f. লাঘাত-কু ; হোডা। [ of Yorkshire.
Wapen-take, n. ব্রক্লাবারের গ্রীপুর ; A district
Wapinschaw, n. ব্রক্লাবারের গ্রীপুর ; A district
Wapinschaw, n. ব্রক্লাবারের গ্রীপুর ; A district
Rapinschaw, n. ব্রক্লাবারের গ্রীপুর ; A district
Septimental control of the 
Wapiti, শ. আমেরিকার মুগণিশেব ; The American Wapper, ৮. i. কাপা ; কম্পিড-হ।

War, wawr, n. বৃদ্ধ; সমন; বিবাহ; রণ; লড়াই; Contest between states; open hostility:—v. t. বৃদ্ধ-কৃ; লড়াই-কু; বিরোধ-কু; To make war; to fight; to contend:—বৃদ্ধ চালান : Syn:—(v) Contend, strive. (n) Enmity, warfare.

Bo at war with—বৃদ্ধ বা বিবাদ চলা: বিরোধে বা বৃদ্ধে নিবৃত্ত-ই, Be engaged in a war or contest with. CIVIL war—বদেশবাসীদের মধ্যে বৃদ্ধ: গৃছ-বিরোধ: জাতীয় বৃদ্ধ: A war carried on between parties belonging to the same state.

Holy war—। पर्य- नकार्थ वृक्तः।

Make war-14-7, Carry on hostilities.

Man-of-war-ৰণণোত: রণ্ডরি; Ship of large size equipped for attack or defence.

The tug of war—তুমুল বৃদ্ধ , তুমুল কাও ; মাবামারি কাও , সম্বুল বৃদ্ধ , The violence or severity of the contest ; the real struggle —কতি টানাটানি।

Wage war - নৃদ্ধ চাৰান; Carry on hostilities —
কাহাকে জগদহ কৰিবাৰ নিনিত মানি-কৃ. Attack with
a view to overthrow or to bring into disrepute.
War to the knife—ভূম্ব সংগ্ৰাম, জ্বানক সংখ্ৰাম;
প্ৰাণান্ত পণ কৰিবা বৃদ্ধ; মৰিৱা চুট্টা লড়াই; প্ৰাণপণে
ভাই, An unyidding and merciless contest; a
desperate and furious contest.

Warble, wawr'bl, v. t. গান-কু; কলিচবারে গান-কু; গার্থা, কলিচ-কু; To sing in a vibratory manner; to utter musically, to carol:—v i. স্বর্ ধাপাইয়া গান-কু, কলার্য-বিক্তক; গান-কু, To sing with variations; trill:—-কিছ্মিচ-কু. To chirp, as birds do: -n. গান; ব্ৰ-কলাল; কুজন; A quivering modulation; a song. [singing. Warble out—গান ক্রিথা প্রকাশ-কু; Express by Warblor, wawr'bler, n. গারক; কুক্ট গলী; কল-ধানি গলী; A songster; a singing bird; one that warbles.

War-ory, n. সিংহণাদ; ব্দ্দস্থনে সাক্ষেত্ৰক চীংকার; ক্লার শব্দ , National cry or shout made in charging the enemy.

Ward, ward, n. [A S. weard, keeper] চৌৰি;
Watch; guard:—রকা; গুরুরা; চৌকিলার; Watchman:—র্গ; Fortress:—অধীন্য নাবালক; One
who is under the care of a guardian:—রক্ষাবেকৰ; রকা; Custody, defence; protection:—
পল্লী; সহরের অংশ বা চিকিৎসালরের বিভাগ; Division
of a city, hospatal &c.:—হুগছ সৈক্ষ; Garrison:
—ডালার বেক Guard of a lock or key:—v. t.
পাহারা-বে; চৌকি-বে; To guard:—নিরাপ্যে রাধা;
To keep in safety:—রক্ষা-কৃ; To defend:—
নিরাপ-কৃ: এড়ান; To fend off:—v. i. আক্রক্ষা-কৃ;
সকক-কৃ; To act on the defensive; be watchful.
Syn:—(n) Guard, guardianship; pupil, minor;
stronghold; cell; imprisonment; division,
quarter. (v) Watch, guard, protect; fend, repel.

Ward off—निवाबन-ङ् ; वार्क निवाबन । (१९६४) । (१९६४) । (dance of defencewar-dance, स. जनका जोकित्तिस बनेविका ; Savage Warden, wawiden, स. (होविकांत्र ; वार्की ; तक्क ; Guard : a keeper :—श्रवान कर्महाती ।

Wardenship, n. तक्तक भेप ; तक्का

Warder, wawrder, n. जोवाधिक ; श्रह्मी ; मुक्क ; मुक्की ; One who keeps ; guard ; gate-keeper :— मामन्द ; मिनि !

Wardrobe, wawrdrob, n. বস্তাগার; পরিচ্ছদ রাধি-বার গৃহ; (ভাবাধানা: A room or portable chest for clothes:—পরিচ্ছন; পরিধের বস্ত স্কল; Wearing apparel.

Ward-room, wawrd-room, n. জাহাজের মধ্যে থাইবার গৃহ; রবপোতেব সেনিক কর্মচারীদিগেব ভোজন কন্ধ: A room by the officers of a warship.

Wardship, wawrdship, n. অভিতাৰক ; The office of a ward or guardian, guardianship :--অভিতাৰকাধীনতা, নাবালকছ; The state of being under a guardian.

Ware, war, n. (used generally in pl.) বাল; পণ্য-ক্ৰবা; বিক্ৰেন্ন সামগ্ৰী; Merchandise; commodities; goods.

Glass-ware--कोराज जना ।

Hard-ware---লোঠা লক্ত ।

Ware-house, wāi'hows, n. মালগুলাম; পণ্যাগাৰ, গুলামন্ত্ৰ, A store for wares or goods:—v t. মালগুলামে রাখা; To deposit in a warehouse.

Warfare, wawi'ir, n. [ From war, and fare, to go ] युक्त, युक्त कांवा ; युक्त वावनांव ; War :--विवांव ; Contest ; struggle :--मायविक कीवन ; Military life. Syn :--Hostilities ; strife.

War horse-युवान , नडाहेरदब (योडा ।

Warily, war'e-le, ad সতকতাবে; সাবধাৰে; In a wary manner. Syn:—Cautiously, carefully, watchfully, guardedly, circumspectly.

Wariness, war'c-nes, n. সাবধানতা। Syn:— Watchfulness, caution, circumspection, foresight, vigilance, cautiousness.

Warlike, wawr'lik, a. ব্জস্মজীয়; সামরিক; Relating to war:—ব্জপ্রিয়; রুপপ্রিয়; সমবকুণল; Disposed or fit for war; military; soldierly. Syn: —Martial, soldier-like, belligerent, bellicose; hostile, inimical.

Warlook, n. পিণাচ-লিছ লোক; বাছুকর; A wizard. Warm, wawrm, a. তথ্য; গ্রম; উক; Moderately hot:—প্রাথ ; তেলাল; প্রচণ্ড ; Vehement, violent:—আগ্রাথিত; উৎসাহী; বাগ্র; আগ্রহ, Zealous; enthusiastic:—রাগী; বোরতর; ভূমুল; Furious:—উড়েজিড; Excited:—v. t. উক্-কৃ, উত্তর্ভক; গ্রম কৃ; To make warm; to render warm:—উড়েজিড-কৃ; To excite:—v. i. উক্-হ; গ্রম-কৃ; উৎসাহিড-কৃ; To become warm or ardent. n=warmth, warmness (উক্তা); ad=warmly (বারভাবে; ardently). Syn:—(a) Calescent, thermal; sunny, genial, pleasant; close, muggy, oppressive; aident, fervent, glowing, cordial, keen excited, animated, lively, passionate.

Warm as a toast—অভিশন উত্তপ্ত ; Very warm. Give a warm reception—আগনপূৰ্ণক আহ্বান-ক ; Give a cordial welcome :—গোনাবৃত্তি বৰ্ণ-ক ;

নিবেকে ক্লা-ক; To defend oneself from a hot fire from the enemy.

Warm-blooded, a. উক্ লোগিডবিশিষ্ট। Warm-hearted, a. অৰপ্ট; প্ৰাভিপ্ৰ।

Warmth, n. উৰুতা; তাপ; আগ্ৰহ; Gentle heat:—
ন্যাতা, আগ্ৰহ; Zeal; fervour of mind. Syn:—
Glow, ardour, fervency, cordiality, animation,
excitement, vehemence, earnestness, eagerness,
passion, transport, enthusiasm.

Warn, wawrn, v. 1. श्रक्त भावशान-कृ ; खाद क्रांतान ; गठर्ब-कृ ; To caution against ; to inform beforehand ; to make aware ; to admonish n=warning. Syn:—Caution, forwarn, premonish ; admonish, advise, inform, notify, apprise . summon, call.

Warn (one) against, Warn (one) ofকাহাৰে স্তৰ্ক-কু; Caution one against.

Warning, n. নত্বী করণ; পূর্বে স্বোদ; স্বেধান হইবার ধপর; Previous notice:—a. পূর্বে সাবধান-কারী। Syn:—(n) Caution, premonition, admonition.

War-office, War-department---বৰ্ণবিভাগ: যুদ্ধ-বিএই নিৰ্কাহাৰ্থ কাৰ্যালৰ; Military department.

Warp, wawrp, ,v. t. শোনডান; মোচডান; বজ-কৃ; পাক-দে; To turn; to twist out of shape:—বিপাগামী-কৃ; To pervert —টানা; To tow or move with a line attached to buoys:—উর্কান-কৃ:
—v. বন-হ, তেওডান; তেউডিগানা, To bend. to be twisted:—নিপাধে-বা; বিপাগামী-হ; To swerve:
—n. টানা শুডা; শুডার টানা; বজের দার্গ ভঙ্ক; Thread stretched lengthwise in the loom and crossed by the woof:—গুণাড়ি; কাজি: A rope used in towing. Syn:—(n) Distort, deviate, bias.

The warp and woof—ভাতের টানা পড়েন; The main texture:—ৰাহাৰ প্রকৃতির সৃহিত জড়িত বা প্রবিত বাকে, The essential elements in the constitution of.

War-proof, c. আক্রমণ সহ; Able to resist a warlike attack:—n. Valour tried in wari

Warnet, war'ant, v. t. নিক্তৰ-কু; নিক্তম করিণা বলা; To assure, to make secure:—নির্কিন্ন-কু; To guarantee —ক্ষনতা-দে; To authorise:— সমর্থন-কু; সপ্রমাণ-কু; To justify:—ক্ষতি হইতে রকার আখাস-দে; To give assurance against harm: n. আজ্ঞাপত্র; ক্ষনতাপত্র; That which authorises: —ওথাবিণ; ইক্মনামা; সনন্দ; পার্ওমানা; The writ for ariesting a person:—বিদি; প্রমাণ; Voucher —প্রতিভু; Security. n=warranter, warrantois (ব্ ব্যক্তি ক্ষনতা অর্পণ করে)। Syn:—(v) Answer for, guarantee, secure, avouch, declare; support, sanction.

A warrant of arrest—বেথারি পরওবানা।
Warrantable, wor'nant-a-bi, a. সমর্থনীর; প্রমাণবোগা; সমর্থায়তবা; রক্তিবা; ভাষা; Justifiable,
ad=warrantably. n=warrantableness. Syn:—
Defensible, allowable, permissible, lawful,
proper.

Warrantee, n. वाशंदक विश्वित, तनन वा वाशंत (त्रवहा हव। [warrants. Warranter, Warrantor, n. क्रवांशंडा; One Warranty, wor'ant-i, n. এक्द्रांद्र; वाशंत्र; क्षि-भूतर्गद्र शिंड्या; A legal deed of security:— আডিছ; A guarantee:—ফমডা, বলিল; প্রমাণ; Authority. [preserving animals. Warren, n. প্রাণির পালন হান; A ground for Warrior, wawr'e-or, n. বোহা; সৈতঃ Soldier; one engaged in war. Syn:—Captain, champion, hero.

War-ship, n. qu-sitis !

War-song, n. ৰণগীতি :

Wart, wawit, n. की , जीिंग ; A small tumor on the skin. n=warty (जीिंग विभिन्न)।

War-worn, a. 34-4181

Wary, war'e, a. नावशानी , नावशान ; जडक ; विहक्त ; Cautious. n=wariness ( नावशानजा ) ; ad = warily ( नावशान ) : Syn :—Watchful, heedful, careful, prudent, circumspect, guarded, vigilant. Was, v. ज्ञिन , Past tense of Be.

Wash, wosh, w.f. (ধাওখা; কাচা, সিজ-কু; ভিজাস; বৌত-কু; To cleanse with water:—মাবিত-কু; To overflow:—v.ś. (ধাত-হ, মান-কু, কাগত কাচা; To cleanse with water:—n. কাচন, ধৌত করণ: মান, Washing:—তরশ উবধ, আরক; Lotion.—জলাশর, সমুদ্ধ ধাবা ধৌত বা সিজ খান, Maish; fen:—তলানি; বোরানি; বোরানি, পলি; Refuse of river floods or tides:—গাজের বর্ণ বা চুল উদ্ধল করণার্থ ব্যবকৃত ওক্তর উবধ; Cosmetic Syn:—(v) Clean, rinse, lave, bathe, wet, moisten, cover, overlay, stain, tint A wash-hand Dasin—বে পাজে হও ধৌত করা হয়।

To send to the wash—গোপার বাটতে দেওলা।
Wash away—ভলবারা গোত-কু, Sweep or cleanse
with water.

Wash off —জলবাবা বৌত-কৃ, Remove by washing.
Wash one's dirty linen in public —কাহারও
লোব প্রকাশ-কৃ, নিজের দোর সকলে দেখিতে পায় এমন
কাল-কৃ, Expose the weak points of one's own
character:—বরের কথা বাহির-কৃ, হাটের মাঝে হাঁড়ি
ভাঙ্গা; Speak in public of unpleasant private
affairs.

Wash one's hands off—সম্পৃত্তি ভকাং থাকা , To withdraw from altogether , to repudiate.

Wash over-Cover with a thin wash.

Wash out—অন্তির কু, খোলা, Cleanse wholly Wash up—সম্পূর্ণরূপে পরিষার-কু; Cleanse a lot of dishes.

Wash-ball—দাবাদের গোলা , Ball of soap. Wash-board—কাপড ধুটবার ডকা , থোপার পাটা . Board used in washing.

Wash-bowl, n. হতধাৰণাৰ্থ ৰল-পাত্ত ৷ [who washes. Washer, wosher, n. (ধাতভাৱক, ধাৰক; বুজক, One Washer-man, n. বুজক; ধোপা; A man who washes clothes, especially for hire. [dress. Washer-woman, n. বুজক-ত্রী; ধোপানী; Laun-Wash-house—ধোলাইখানা, Washing place.

Washing, n (शनाहे ; कांव्य ।

A washing-book.—(बालात हिनाद्वत बाला। Wash-off, a. केंग्रि (वह) बारा प्यानाहेद हिस्स ना। Wash-out, n. प्यानाहे मार्गि; सन्दर्भाट खद्म ल्या । Wash-pot, n. प्यानाहे मार्गि ; सन्दर्भाट खद्म ल्या । Wash-stand, n. धक्मानाबत (यस।

Wash-tup, n. বোলাইরের গাম্বলা। Washy, woshe, a. জলবং . জলীব; Watery:—নিজ: ভিনা, আর্জ, Damp:—নরম; Soft:—মুর্জন, Weak: —গাডবা; Thin. Sym:—Moist, oozy, sloppy, weak, thin, diluted; spiritless, pointless, vapid. Wasp, wosp, n. বোণ্ডা; A stinging insect. A wasps' nest—বেধাৰে অবেদ শক্ত থাকে ভাষা; Waspish, wosp'ish, a. বোণ্ডার মত জুল কটবিশিট্ট; Having a slender waist like a wasp:—বোণক-বভাৰ, খিটুখিটা; রাগী; Irritable; snappish. ad—waspishly. s—waspishaess. Syn:—Petulant, irascible, peevish, captious.

Wassail, wo'il, n. হ্বাপাবের আবোদ; আনক উৎসব; Carouse; a festive occasion, merry song:—यन्ति वित्यव; Liquor of apples, sugar &c.:—v. t. আনক উৎসব-ফু; To hold a merry drinking-meeting; to carous.

Wassail-bowl, n. भर-शांज।

Wassail-cup, n. भानभाज। A reveller. Wassailer, woil-er, n. जारमानकाती, मनानाती. Waste, wast, v. t. ध्राप्त-कृ; महे-कृ, উक्षित्त-कृ; To desolate; to destroy:— আপবার-কৃ, আপবাবহার-কৃ, To squander: — নষ্ট-কৃ, কব-কৃ, Wear away. impair ; diminish ·-- ए. i. जान-ए ; द्वान-४ ; To be diminished - ==== To be consumed -a. উচ্ছিয় . Devasted :--বোর : Dreary :-- কনপুত্ত ; Desolate, empty:--অক্ৰিড, অনুক্ৰ; পতিত: Unproductive, not tilled -- आकात्रा; आंका करकत ; Valueless —n উচ্ছেन, आ्तान ; Destruction —প্ৰিড ভূমি ; প্ৰিড স্থান , Uncultivated country —মুক্তুমি , জনশুক্ত প্রদেশ , Desert ∙—অপবার , অপচর , Useless expenditure :- किन कांत्रजाति ; Refuse. Syn: -(v) Wear, corrode, decrease, lavish, consume, ruin, devastate, pine, decay, dwindle, wither, wane, (a) Devastated, strip ped, bare; dreary, dismal, worthless, wild, uncultivated. (n) Consumption, diminution, loss, dissipation, squandering; devastation, havoc, desolation, ravage, refuse, worthless matter; wild, wilderness, solitude.

Waste away—কর-হ, নপ্ত হ; Dwinde.
To lay waste—ইন্ডির- হ, বরবাদ- হ।
Run to waste—অব্যবহার্য-হ। [water
Waste of waters—কলরাশি; Vast sheet of
Waste-baskot, n. বাবে কাগজের কুড়ী; Basket of

Waste-book, n. চোডা থাতা; জাবেদা থাতা। Wasted, a. ব্যঞ্জিত, নষ্ট; অপবিজ্ঞা, Desolated.

waste paper.

Wasteful, wāstfool, a. অংশকর; অনিষ্টকর; অপ-চল্পুৰ্ব; ক্তিভনক; Destructive:—অপব্যৱী, উঢ়ানিবা, Lavish. ad=wastefully (অপব্যৱপূৰ্কক); n= wastefulness (অপব্যৱিকা)। Syn:—Profuse, prodigal, extravagant.

Waste gate, n. উচ্ছিই জন নিৰ্মন থায়; Channel for carrying off waste water. for unoccupied. Wasteland, n. পতিত ভূমি; Land lying untilled Wasteness, n. উচ্ছেম; Devastation.

Waste paper, n. (वनत्रकांत्री कांगल ; दृष्टि कांगल ; Refuse paper. [rying off waste-water. Waste pipe—मत्रका कन निर्ममन नम ; Pipe for car-Waste thrift, n. वनवारो ; Spendthrift.

Waster, n. जनपातकातक ; डेड्डानित्रा वाकि ; वानक ; A destroyer.

Wasting, a. काबनक ; काकोते । A wasting desease—का होने । Wastrel, n. ग्रहा बनि ; পण्डि कृति Watch, woch, v. i. बागरिक वाका ; वाता : वानतन-কু; To be awake:—আগন্-কু: প্রভ্যাণা করিয়া बाका ; To wait :-- प्रक्रवारवक्त-कृ ; वाहात्रा-त्व : To keep guard :- गडक्बार (गर्वा ; बरनारवाशपूर्व क CPT : To look with attention ; to look out ; to be attentive or vigilant :-- . t. मनूर्व क्रांचा ; नवाद बाबा : To keep in view :--- कोबि-त्य : To guard : --- भरनारवात्र शृक्षक (मथा छना-कृ ; भरनारवात्र-रह ; To give heed to :- ম. আগবৰ ; Vigilance ; keeping awake :-- পরিরক্ষণ ; त्रका ; Protection :-- প্রহরী ; Sentry :--টে ক্বডি : A pocket timepiece :--পাধারার अवह: The time of watching, especially in a ship:--চৌকিদার, পাহারাওরালা; রক্ষক: পাহারা: Guard :--- रवशास भाषाता एए छत्र। वद : भाषातात ज्ञान : The place where a guard is kept:—পাহারার ममद्र ; (द्राजिकानीय) अर्द ; A division of the night. Syn: -(v) Wake; look for; tend, keep; mark, observe, note. (n) Vigil, watchfulness, outlook; inspection, attention, observation, watchman.

At watch and watch—At alternate watches. A watch guard—ঘটা-রকণ শুখল।

Be on the watch—প্ৰতীকা-ভ ; তাক কৰিবা থাকা ; Be tooking steadily for :—পাহাবা-কে ; Act as sentinel.

Keep watch and ward—পাহারা-দে; Act as a guard:—রক্ত-হ, রকা-ক; Act as guardian.

Keep watch on (or over)—কাহারও উপর নজর রাখা; Observe the actions or movements of (a person) for some purpose:—কোন বিশ্ব না ঘটে তাহাই দেখা; Guard from danger.

The watch night—বংসাৰে শেষ দিবসের রাজি।
Watch and watch—প্রায়ক্তমে জাগরণ।

Watch for -- 氧个字; Look out for.

Watch over -- সাধ্যানে দেখ', ভর্বধান-কু, সাবকাশে পরিদশন-কু, Be cautiously observent of, superintend.

Watch-case, n. ঘটকা-পুটক।

Watch-dog, n. কুকুব বিশেব; রক্ষী কুকুর; A dog kept to watch. { watches Watcher, n. দৰ্শক, রাজি জাগরণকারী; One who Watch fire—মহরীর অগ্নি।

Watchful, wochfool, a. সভৰ্জ; মনোবাদী, অবহিত, প্রিদর্শনীল; সাবধান; Vigilant; attentive. cautious. ad=watchfully ( সাবধান)। n=watchfulners ( সাবধানতা )। Syn:—Wakeful, attentive, observant, circumspect, heedful, careful.

Watchfulness, n. State or quality of being watchful. Syn:—Vigilance, heedfulness, wakefulness, circumspection, cautiousness, attention. Watch-house, n. চৌৰি বাৰা; বিক-গৃহ; প্রহরীর সৃহ; Police station.

Watch-maker, স. বড়িবহালা, বড়ি-বিশ্বাণকারক , One who makes watches.

Watch-man, wochman, त. अहरी; চৌरियांत ; इक्क ; Night guard ; one who guards by night ; policeman.

Watch-tower, \* এইরীর বস্তু সর্বোচ্চ পৃহ; রক্ষিত্ত; বে উচ্চহানে বসিয়া শান্তিগণ পাহার। দের; A lookout tower on which a sentry is placed.

Watch-word, wochwurd, s. संद्रोत्व तर्फ त्राकृ; The pass-word to be given to a sentry; a signal given to sentinels and those who visit the guard, whereby a friend is known from an enemy or stranger.

Water, waw'ter, n. বান্ধি; উদক্; জল; Well known fluid:—সমুদ্র; বলী; ভুদ; জলাশন্ন; River; sea; lake &cc.:—মৃদ্ধা; cimiব; Urine:—ইনকাদিন বাড়া; হীনান্ন ব্যোভি; উজ্জলতা; The lustre of diamond:—v. t. জল কিন্দ-কৃ; অলসিজ-কু; আর্থ-কৃ; ভিজান; হাবিত-কৃ; To supply or sprinkle with water; to overflow with water:—v. i. জলগুক-কৃ; To shed water:—জলগুক্-কৃ; To take in water. a=marine (সামুদ্রিক Aquatic.);

A fish out of water—নিজের ছাব্রই; One in a strange and disagreeable position : a person out of his element.

Be in hot water—গোলে গড়া : লোককে চটাইখা-তে: Be in trouble or difficulties, have people angry with one.

By water -- जनगरन ।

Fish in troubled waters—কোন বিশুখলার সময় কিছু হাডাইবার চেটা-কু, গোলমাল বা হালামাকালে কিছু হাড মারিবার চেটা-কু; Endeavour to gain some advantage in a time of public calamity when all things are in confusion.

Hard water — কাৰ্যিপ্ৰিত জন; Water impregnated with foreign ingredients.

Hold water— जन না পড়া; অপুর থাকা; Not to leak:—টিক বাটা; কাব্যকর-হ; হালে পানি পাওরা; Be valid; be tenable; be sound as an argument; hold good. [বাওবা, না ড্বিরা নাবা ড্লিরা বাবা । Keep one's head above water—মজিরা না Make water—প্রবাব ত্যাগ-ক; Pass urine.

Mineral waters—লবণাদি নিজিত ৰূপ।

Of the first water—সংকাংকৃষ্ট , অত্যক্ষণ ; হীরের টুকরা , Best , highly valuable ; of the first class ; of the highest excellence :—উৎকৃষ্ট হীরের মত উজ্জা ; Perfectly pure and transparent like a diamand. Pour oil over troubled ; waters—রাগ প্রশাসত-কৃ ; উত্তলান জল তৈল চালিয়া ধানান।

Soft water—কারাদিশ্য জল, Spring or rain water nearly free from foreign ingredients.

The mouth waters—মুখতে বাব বড়ে; To have a vehement desire, to long for.

Throw cold water upon—নিরংসাহী-কৃ; অস্কুলে বাডাস না-দে; অনস্কুল্ভা প্রদর্শন-কৃ; উৎসাহ ভঙ্গ-কৃ; Discourage; deter from; show disfavour to some project so as to discourage.

Waterage, n. (नोका आहा; Money for goods carried by water.

Water-baliff, n. Officer having charge of the police of a river, harbour or fish-market.

Water-bearer--वलात कांत्री ; किलि।

Water-bearing, a. জনবাহী; Conveying water. Water-brash, n. জনী রোগ বিশেব; কলোকার। Water-carriage, waw'ter-kar'ij, n. জন বাহা বহন; জনের গাড়ী; Conveyance or carriage by

water. [ who carries water for sale. Water-carrier, n. কল-বাহক : কল-বিকেতা : One Water-cart, n. রাভার কল বিবার গাড়ী : কলবাহী গাড়ী : Cart for carrying ( or sprinkling ) water.

Water-chestnut, n. পাপিকা

Water-clock, waw'ter-klok, z. aquis; A clock which is made to go by the fall of water.

Water-closet, wow'ter-kloset, ম. বিভালি জ্যাগের ধ্ৰেষ্ঠ : শৌচগৃহ , পায়ধানা : Privy supplied with water

Water-colour, n জল ও গাঁগ বারা প্রস্তুত রহু, জল ও গাঢ় গিলিত বহু, Colour diluted with water and rum [for the supply of water.

Water-company, n জল সরবরাছক. Company Water-course, waw'ter-kore, Water-way, n শেল প্রণানী, জলপ্রবাহ, A channel for water, bed of a stream.

Water-craft, " Vessels navigating on water Water-crane, " বেলগাড়তে লল দিবাৰ কল, Mi cline for witting locomotive engines.

Water-cruise, ' कनमी , Pitcher

Water-curo, n কলে স্থান ছাৰা চিকিৎসা. The mode of treating diseases with water

Water-dog, waw'ter dog, n সন্তুপকারী কৃষর
A dog that swims in the water —কদ ভাসনান
বেঘ, A small floating claw! —নাবিক A carlor
Water-doom, n ভাসবালা Ordeni by water
Water-elephant, n নির্গ্র টক, ছলভন্থী, Hippopotamus

Water elf, n. 57 (4-3) . Witci nymph

Water engine, n তল তুলিবাৰ কল, Engine to rase with [incl elected aterfall, wawter faul, n. তলপ্ৰণাক Cata Water flood, n বস্তা, Inund tion of vair

Water-fowl, n. इत न भए निकास सन-कूड्डे A brd that lives about t vot ( or lal cs ).

Water gall, n. বসাবজাবর প্র , Cavity made by a flood of rain or water

Water-gauge, Watergage, uau'er-pai, n জলনান বৃদ্ধ, জলেব ভি বৃদ্ধা পান্ধি বৃদ্ধ Measure of the depth or fall of water

Water girt, Water-girded, a कलावहरू Surrounded by water

Water-God, n জন্মেৰ্ডা, Supposed God, presiding over a river. [boiled in wa'er Water gruel, n খান্য নিশেষ, Food of meal Water-guard, n জন্-পূপিশ, Police or customs officer stationed on the water [for urine

Watering-corner, n প্রপ্রাব কবিণার স্থান , Place Watering-place, n. জনপ্রাপ্তি স্থান , A place where water may be obtained

Waterich, waw tei-ish, a জনবং , আর্ড্র পালনা , Resembling water , somewhat watery , thin.

Water-level, waw'ter level, n ভালেব উপ্ৰিভাগ, অলকল; Level of the surface of still water — জলবাবা সামতলিকভা-নিশ্লপক বস্থ, A levelling instrument in which water is used

Water-lily, waw'ter-lili, n জল সেবন স্থান, Place frequented for drinking mineral waters or bathing — উৎপল, কুমুল, A water-plant like a hily, with large floating leaves

Water-line, waw'ter-lin, n জাহাজের বে হাগ পর্যন্ত আৰু উঠে; The line drawn round a ship on the level of the water, the line on a ship to which the water rises.

Water-lock, গ-পরিবেস্কত পুকুর, Fenced pond. Water-logged, waw'tei-logd, a অণপূর্ণ, জলে পরিপূর্ণ, (জাহাজাদি সম্বন্ধ) অলপ্রবেশ নিবন্ধন ভাবী বা আচল; Having so much water in as to be unmanageable; rendered log-like, or unmanageable from being filled with water. [loo. Waterloo-man—One who faught at Water-Water-man, waw'ter-man, n. নাৰি, নোকা-বাহক, পাণ্নি-বরদার, A boat-man; a ferryman. Water-mark, n কোবার ভাঁচার জন বতদ্ব উঠিতে বা নানিতে পারে ভবিদর্শন চিক্ল; Tide level; a mark indicating the height to which water has risen; a tide-mark—কাগজে চিক্ল, A mark wrought into paper

Water-melon, n ভবসুদ।

Water-metre, n জনমাপক বস্ত্ৰ , Instrument for measuring the supply of water

Water-mill, w w't-i-mil, n জন জারা চালিত বস্ত্ত জনমত্ত প্রতি-চানিত বস্ত্ত, One worked by running wate, i n ll moved by water

Water party, " क्नार्कनी पन, Pleasure party for 1 water ( curion [ water

Water pipe, n. গলেৰ নজ. Pipe for supplying Water-pitcher, n জলেৰ কণ্মী, Water-cruise. Water plant, i ফলফ উদ্ভিন।

Water pot, দ জনপার ঘট।

Water power, waw ter power, n व्यक्तनिक कर ेड्ड The power of water employed to move much mer. Ac

Water proof, was 'the proof, a জন বাবা অভেদা, জানতি লা তেজৰ প্ৰবেজ পাৰে বা Imper-মানা to water – দু জালৰ অভেদা পদাৰ্থ, Anythi with reh qualities

Waterproofing, n স্থান আন্তদাৰৰ The act of making imprivious to witer [ raising water Water-ram, n স্থান জাল জুলিবাৰ কৰা, Machine for Water rate, n কলেব টেল্ল, Tax for the supply of witer [ the water

Water's-edge, স জলপার্ব, জালব ধাব, Side of Water shed. wiw'ter-clied, স ছই নদী প্রবাহের মধ্যতির অনুজ্ঞান। জালদীমা, বে প্রদেশের সমত্ত জাব কিলেই সুদ বা নতিত পত্তে ভাষা, High ridge which carries the wat r in opposite direction, a range of highland separating two river-basins; a district from which several rivers rise.

Water sickness, n डंबरी तोत्र , Dropsy

Water-spout, waw'ter-spowt, n. 医可管, A moving column of water often seen at sea and sometimes on lind conial pillar in the air containing water and which bursts.

Water-supply, n जातान नवनवार !

Water-table, স অবস্থানার ডিব্রিগাত্ত উপাতি A moulding or other projection in the wall of a building to throw off the water.

Water-thief, n wayy, Pirate

Water-tight, waw'ter-tit, a. অল বারা অভেল;
এরপ ভাবে আটা গে জন প্রবেশ করিতে না পাবে, Not leaky, impervious to water, so tight as not to admit water, not let it escape. [water-Water-trip, n অলপথে অবণ, Excuision on ' Water-walled, a. জল বারা বেইড; Şuirou by water, girt with water.

Water-way, " चनदानानी, Open channel for water for navigation.

Water wheel, waw'ter hwel, n জন তুলিবায় চাকা, Wheel moved by water, an engine for raising water

Water-work, waw'ter-wurk, n খানের কল, জল সর্বরাহের সর্প্রাম বা অবস্থা, Any work or engine by which water is furnished as to a town.

Watery, wawter-c a পাতলা, Thin or transparent —পান্দিয়া, বিৰাদ, Iastcless — অলপূৰ্ণ, অলময়, কলীয় অলবং, Abounding with water. Syn —Aqueous, humid, wet, dimp, washy Wattle, woll, a বঞ্চি, গাছের দক ও নমনীয় শাবা, Twice, flexible rod, hurdle of twig —মোবগুবা পেরব কঠছ মাসল উলাত, The fleashy part under the throat of a cock or a turkey — v ঃ কঞ্চি বাজা, সক্ল শাবা দিয়া বীখা Io bind with twigs Waul, Wawl, v ঃ বিভাবের সত ভাকা, Io cry 3. a cat.

Wave, nav, n [A S wer wasg a wave]
ভবি, ভরক, চেড, ছিলোল A swell on the surface
of water, billow of the <a - ফ : চেট নি lo
move like a wave — আন্দানত ল চেট বাল
To play loosely — ফ ট্যান ভাড়া To brandin — হিলত কু, ইনাবা কু To beckon Svn —
(n) Surge, breaker undulation, inequality,
unevenness (v) Indulate, fluctuate, waver,
theurish

Waved, a উন্নতানত চেট পেলানিযা।

Waveless, a তথ্যহীন, স্থির, Free from waves, undisturbed

Wavelet, n ব্য় তবল চোট চেউ A little wave Wave offering, n Jewish sacrifie performed by waving the hands toward, the four cardinal points

Waver, wiver, ए। [D wiften to heater ]
এববার এদিকে এববার ওলাক বাওয়। Io move to and
fro — কঠডড: কু বিধ দেলাক নাল আন্দোলত
ক, নড়। টলালন গুনি I lettente usellint n=
Waverer (বিধাবারী)। Syn — Wave un lui de
flicker, heaterte [a লোকানান আন্দা
Wavering, ৩ । ডিডার মান্দ্র বিধাবারী
Wavering, ৩ । ডিডার মান্দ্র বিধাবারী
Wavering, ৩ । ডিডার মান্দ্র বিধাবারী
ক্রেন্ট্রিয়া, Rising in waves full of wave undulating.

Wax, waks, n মেম, মুক Thick sub ance produced by the bees —কাণৰ পণ্ ব বন্দ, Any substance like it that in the cirs — বুল নিবাস, পালা, the substance used to scal letters — চামারদিগের হুণ মাজিলাব সাব, that used by shoemakers to rub the r thread — n t মোম লাগান, মোম গাবান Fosmear or rub with wax — n.: বৃদ্ধি ই বছ হ. Fo grow, to increase in size, to become

To wax old -- वृष्ठ ३ , वृष्क इ ।

Wax candle, n (414415)

Wax-oloth, waks kloth, n দোষভাগা, Cloth covered with a coating of wax, used for table-covers &c į Made of wax Waxen, a. মোমের নির্দ্ধিত, মোস্মর, মোমণিপ্ত, নব্ম, Waxing, a প্রবর্থনান।

Wax work, wakswurk, n. বোবের গড়ন, বোবের

or models [ Adhesive. Waxy, wakin, a man, Soft — boot , intrace Way, wa, n. बाका, अथ, नार्ज, Irack, path, road — দিক, Direction — ধাবা, রীতি, পদ্ধতি, Method — मृत्र डा, मृत्र वात्रशान, Distance — উপায় পথ Means, course — অভিপ্ৰাৰ Tendency — উন্নতি, Progress Syn —Passage, much, advance, street, highway, path, lanc, pathway, route, course, space, distance, manner, method, mode, fashion wise, sort, custom, usage, habit, practice, plan scheme [tance A long way off-- अरनव स्ट्र At a great dis-Bo in a bad way-- मणा यस के, मणा थात्रांश-ए, hare badly, be faring badly —ক্ষেই অবনতি আর হ , Be falling or getting into a bid condition be in a declining state Be pregnant Be in the family way—গৰ্ভবতী হ অন্ত:দ্ৰা-হ , By the way—প্ৰদক্তৰে পাঁচ কথাৰ মধ্যে Indi-

way —ভাল কথা মনে পড়েছ By the bye
Be under way —জাহাছ খোলা, গতিবিদিষ্ট হ, চলা,
Io be in motion or when a ship begins to move
By way of — ডুক্লে ভাবে, চহুবা, বরূপ, বোল
কিছুব মতন, As being as —জান্ত, Ior the pur
pose of —কোন স্থান হছুৱা Via

rectly, in passing, indentally -- ore, In the

Come all in the way from—দারাণখ অভিত্রয কবিবা আদা।

Come in one's way—লোন জনে হাতে আদিয়া পদা (ome into one hands by any chance.

Elbow one's way—কম্বরের ত্তা দিশ ভিদ ঠেলিবা বা, Make one s way (by pushing others with the cloow as through a crowd) —ঠেলিবা উপৰে ৬ঠা Push one s wiy up

Feel (or grope) one's way to — হা কণ্টকা পথ বাছৰ কু Nov about 12 kne or obscurity in order to find one's way o to a secretain something find out o a vey (is a person groun in the duit) — সাধান চলা, Proceed or in cruinally কিলাভ না Ascertain in a cautious way wheatler a thing is possible.

Givo way—গিণ হৈছে দে Give presage — ভগ্ন হ, Greatly inpured — স্থেকে পঢ়া, Break down — বলাভুত কু, হ'বোবা, Vield — নাজা ছাডিবা-দে, ভাষ্ণত স্থোৱা

Givo way to — কোন বিছুব দৰ্মণ বাধা দুৱাভূত হ, Yield to — কোন বিছুৱ জন্ত পরিশক্ত-হ, Be given up for the ike of

Go a great way—অনেক্তৃর বাঙরা, কোন কিছুর দ্বাবা মনেক বাত-হ, Hive great weight, do i great deal —অনকটা সহাযতাকু, Have great influence

Go all the way to—সমত পৰ (অপনকৰ্ব) অতি ক্ষ কৰিবা বাওবা। [part Go one's way—প্ৰহান-ছ, গমন কু, বাওয়া, De-Go out of one's way—প্ৰহান-বা, Deviate from common or direct course —নিকে বাহা সচনাচন কৰিয়া থাকেন ভগতিবিক্ত কিছু-কু, Depart from one's usual course or manner of acting or dealing

Go the way of-ৰে পথে একজন গিরাছে নেই পথে-

বা, Follow the same path as :—একট্ বলাগন্ত-ই ; Share the same fate with.

Go the way of all the earth—इंड-र ; त शैर्स अवरण बांद्र ता शुर्स-वा ; Die.

Have one's way—আপনাৰ ইচ্ছাপুনাৰে কাৰ্য-ত্ব; বিজ্ঞের কোঁ বা কোঁক মড কাজ করিবা-বা, Be allowed to follow one's own inclination, carry out what one determines upon .—চেপে রাধা কার না; Can not be suppressed.

High way - বিতাৰি য়াতা : সদত্ত বাতা : A wide road for traffic, made and maintained in good order at the public expense.

In its way—এক হিসাবে, এক রক্ষ করিয়া ধরিলে; In a certain sense.

In the family way—অক্সবাবস্থার।

In one's way—একরকমে, নিজেব প্রকৃতি অসুসারে; After one's fashion :—বেমৰ ইইয়া থাকে সেই রকমে, In a certain way.

In the way—পথে, সমূৰে বাধা-দে; So situated as to obstruct, hinder or the like, to prevent. In the way of—বৰণ বা মতে; হিসাবে; কোন কিছুৱ

দিকে; সহকে. In the shape of

Make one's way—নিজের পণ-কৃ; To open a passage — অগ্রসর হু, To progress, to advance :
—চেষ্টা থাবা সংসারে উন্নতি-কু, সংসাবে উন্নতি লাভ-কু, আছেটা থারা জীবনে উন্নতি কু. Advance in life by one's own efforts, advance in life by steady effort:—বেমন তেমন করিখা পথমূক্ত-কৃ, Clear or force a passage for oneself.

Make the best of one's way—ফুডবেগ প্লা-খন-কু; যত শীল্ল হয় নিজেব পথ দেখিবা নটবা চন্দট-দে; Fiee or run away as fast as one can

Make way—14 (RES (REST). Step aside so as to leave a passage

Meet half way—মাঝানাঝি সালাং ক, কতক অনুবোৰ বকা-ক; অৰ্থ্যে অংশ্বিক ছাড়িবা-দে, Make equal concessions; make partial concession to:—বড় একটা না ৰৱা; প্ৰাফ না কৰা, Not to think much of On one's way to—ঘাইডেছে, যানো করা হটবাছে, Proceeding to:—কোন স্থানে ঘাইতে ঘাইতে, While going to

On the way ( to )—কোনৰ দিকে অগ্ৰনন্ত , চলিত।
One way on the other—ভাল দিকেই হউক কি
মন্দ্ৰ দিকেই হউক; Either for it, or against it—
কোন নকমে , In any way.

Out of the way—পথ ছাডিয়া অন্ত পথে; এক পাৰে; Away from the proper course — বেয়াড়া সকনের; অসাবারণ, অবাভাবিক; Strange odd; unusual — ধ্বস্থ , বেথানে সচরাচর লোকে বায় না , Remote and obscure — তকাতে, দূরে, Hard to find; absent.

Pay one's way--- कर्क ना कता , जीवनवाळात्र निरमत रहना-रह ।

Bight of way—चनत्वत ज्ञान जनमाधि-कांत ; A right of passing over the ground of another.

See one's way clear, See one's way to—
আপনার পথ পরিভার-কৃ, কি কর্ত্তবা ক্রেডে প্রান্ত পাবা বাইবে এরপ বৃথা, ক্রাহা দেখা;
Perceive or discern that a course of action is right or best; find a thing feasible

Stand in the way of - नाग-तः; व्यक्तिक-इ, Hinder, prevent, be an impediment to.

Take one's তক্ষ্য স্বান্ধ্য নালনার মতলবে চলা ; বেক্ষাসুনরা-কু।

The way the wind blows—ৰাহা ত্ৰিবাৰনক; বে বিৰে বাতান বহিতেছে; বাহা আপাততঃ স্ববিধাৰনক, What is popular or expedient. [ (as a ship). Under way—চবিতে আন্নত; গতিবিশিষ্ট; মা motion Ways and means—উপান; লাকেন পৰ; চীকা বোগাড করিবান পরা; Resources; methods; the resources or the money, necessary funds and the manner of raising them; means for raising money.

Way out of—त्यान विश्वन हरेट छेडांत हरेवांत छेगाव . Means of getting free from difficulty.

Ways of God-जैपातत भागन वा कार्य।

Work one's way—ৰিজের বন্ধ ও পরিপ্রম ক্রমে উন্নতি নাধন-কু , Rise by gradual labour.

Work one's way of -- चाडे कृषकांश्- ह ; Succeed or advance by some efforts.

Way-bill, wabil, n. ৰাজীগণের ভালিকা; আরোধীৰ ভালিকা, List of passengers :—মালের ভালিকা, A list of goods

Way-farer, wátār-er, n. পৰিক; ৰাজী, প্ৰাটক. Traveller, one who travels; a passenger. Syn —Wanderer, pilgrim.

Way-faring, wafar-ing, a. बन्धनादी ; পर्वाहेब-कात्री , Travelling ; passing.

Way-in, n वारान , Entrance.

Waylay, wa if., v. t. পথ আছলিয়া থাকা , পথে প্ৰতীকা কৰিয়া থাকা , গথে ওং করিয়া থাকা ; To be set in ambush , to he in the way for.

Waymark, n. পথপ্ৰদৰ্শক বস্তু , A guide-post.
Way-out—বহিন্দন, Exit [way —a প্ৰপাৰ্শন ;
Way-side, n রাজার পার্ব , পথপার্ব , Side of the
Wayward, waward, a চকল , অবাধ্য , অবশ ,
বংজোচার , একগুরে , Wilful , forward , perverse
ad=waywardly (অবাধ্যভাবে); n=wayward
ness (অবাধ্যভাবে) । Syn —Froward, obstinate,
stubborn, unruly, refractory

Way-wise, a. পথকা; বে পথ ঘটি চেলে। [travel Wayworn, waworn, n পথসাস্ত্ৰ, Wearied by We, pro. আদরা; pl of I.

Weak, wek, a ছৰ্মল, বলহীৰ, জাছ, কীৰ; অহন্ত, Not strong, wanting strength, unhealthy—ন্বন্ধ, কোমল, Soft —মূন্ত, Low of sound—কাড়া : Inconclusive.—কান্ত্ৰ, চকল, Unsteady—কাছিল, কীণ্মনা, Feeble of mind. n=weaknes, ad=weakly. Syn:—Feeble, languid, sickly, debilitated, infirm, frail, delicate, fragile, tender; defenceless, unguarded, exposed; pliable simple, silly, imbecile, unwise, injudicious, foolish; low, faint, small, thin, watery, diluted; flimsy, slight, poor; inconclusive, lame, unsatisfactory, invalid.

Weak conjugation—क्षित्रोत सन वित्नव ।

Weak side ( or point )—রবু; বোৰ, Defect; fault .— মুর্কাণ পক।

Weaken, wekn, v. t কীণ-ড়; ছৰ্বল-ড়, To make weak :—v. s. ছ্বল-ড়; To become weak, to grow weak. Syn:—Debilitate, enfeeble, enervate, unstring, unnerve, invalidate; reduce, depress, lower. Weak-eyed, a. कीन एडे ।

Weak-hearted, a. बाहमहीन। [feeble creature. Weakling, wēkling, s. 更有可 四清; A week or Weakly, wekli, a. पूर्वन ; कीन : क्तर ; Weak in body or mind ; not strong, infirm .-- ad. क्र्लन-

Weak-minded, a. कीनमना ।

Weakness, n. মুর্বলভা; কীণ্ডা; State or quality of being weak. Syn :-- Feebleness, debility, languor, imbecility, faintness, softness; defect, failing, fault, infirmity, frailty.

Weal, wel, n. ৰাষ্য; উরতি, মরল, তুগ; ইড; কল্যাণ ; A sound state ; welfare , happiness :--সাধারণতম্ভ ; Commonwealth. Syn :-- Prosperity, good, advantage.

Weal and woe—মললামলল ; ক্ৰছ:গ , গুভাণ্ড । Woald, wold, n. वनकृषि; खत्रगा थाएग; कन्नन; Wood; forest: -- # ; An open country. a - wealden

Wealth, weltn, n. वन ; अवगु ; वर्ष ; Riches :-মেলিয়া, সম্পদ, Prosperity. Syn :- Affluence, opulence, abundance, plenty.

Desire of wealth-ধ্ৰলিপ্সা।

Wealthy, weithe, a. धनी: धनदान: विख्यनानी: Rich , opulent. n=weathiness ( ধনবতা ) ; ad = wealthily. Syn .- Opulent, affluent, moneyed. Wean, wen, v t. [ A. S. awenian, to wean ] ন্ত্ৰ ভাগা-কু, মাই ছাড়ান, তুণ ছাড়ান; To accustom to do without the breast; to separate from the breast :- ভকাৎ-কু, অভ্যাস বুচান, ভালবাসা হারান; কোন বিব্যের আসন্তি হইতে অপসাবিত-ক : To alienate the affection. Syn .- Withdraw, disengage, detach.

Wean (one) from—(ছলেকে মাই ছাভান: Accustom a child to the privation of the mother's breast :-- যে বিষয়ে অনুবক্ত ভাহা ছাড়ান , বাহার প্রতি আদক্ত হাহাকে ছাড়ান ; Detach or alienate one from. Weanying, v n. বস্তাপ সম্পাদন।

Weapon, wep'un, a. अवनद ; व्यायव ; An instrument of offence or defence. a = weaponed ( way সন্তিত); weaponless ( निरुष्ठ )। Syn:-Sword, spear, arms.

Wear. war, v. t. পৰিধাৰ-জ ; অজে ধারণ-ক ; পৰা ; अहन-क , To put on :--(पश्चान ; To exhibit :--वाब-হার গারা কব-কু, জীর্ণ-কু, To waste away :-- রকা-কু; To guard:--জাহাজের গতি পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু; To put on another track, as a ship :- == ; To impair: -- v. i. নই-হ, করপ্রাপ্ত-হ; গত-হ, To waste: -- টেকা; বহা: To last in wearing: -- n. ক্র; লযুকরণ; ব্যবহার; Diminution or injury by use or friction :-- পরিধান ; পোবাক । Syn :-- Carry, bear; last, endure, consume, use up, be wasted. Wear and tear-ग्रवशंत्रधनिङ करा; ग्रवशंत कतित বে ক্ষম হয় : মড়তি পড়তি : ভালা-টুটা ; Loss or waste by use; injury by wear; waste or injury caused by use:--কালক্রমে বা সংস্পর্ণে যে ক্ষীণতা বা কর आरत; Waste or decay brought on by time or by struggle.

Wear away-এক রকম করিয়া কাটাইয়া-দে ; Consume or impair gradually; spend tediously:-अक तक्य क्तिश (काउँ पांडरा ; Pass away tediously :--क्य-कु ; क्यांन ।

Wear down-In-E: Diminish in height.

Wear off—অৱ বর করিরা কমিরা আসা; ক্রাবে ক্রাবে ক্ষিয়া আলা; ক্ষুণঃ ক্যু-হু; Diminish by use or slow decay; pass away by degrees:—ৰ্নিয়া ভোলা বা উঠান।

Wear on-जाम जाम किन्न करहे काले-वा: हना: কাটিয়া-বা; Pass away tediously and by slow degrees.

Wear one's heart upon one's sleeve-नवन-इ; वनवान-इ: To be artless, frank, warm hearted, confiding.

Wear out—क्रांच-कृ ; वित्रक्ष-कृ ; Tire ; consume tediously: - जवातहां का ; Render useless:-কটেস্টে কেটে-বা; Be tediously spent :-- নীৰ্ণ-কু; শ্বিত-কু; Impair or waste.

Wear the breeches—বে স্ত্ৰী ৰাষীর উপৰ কৰ্মভূত करत्र, (वाँगैत्र) कर्का-इ; Said of a wife who assumes the authority of her husband or dominecrs over him :-- कोड़ा मिग्रा कांशह পৰা।

Wear well-मोर्चकांन नाशिया बांका , Last long :---ট ্যাকে ; টেকসই-হ ; দেখিতে টাট্কা থাকা , To endure the test of time and use. worn.

Wearable, a. वावश्रवा : शतिरवद्य ; Suitable to be Wearer, n. পরিধান-কারক।

Weariness, n. जालि ; कोलि ; खदमान ; State of being weary or tired. Syn :- Lassitude, fatigue, exhaustion, prostration; languor, ennui.

Wearing, a. পরিখের : পরিবার ।

Woarisome, wer'e-sum, a. क्रांडिमानक ; टांडिकत ; বিরজিক্ব ; কষ্টকর , Tiresome ; tedious. ad=wearisomely. n = wearisomeness. Syn :-- Exhausting, fatiguing, irksome, troublesome, annoying, trying, humdrum, prosy, monotonous.

Weary, we're, a. ক্লান্ত; আবদা , Tired; causing weariness; worn out :-- विवक ; Sick : —v. t. কাম-ক; শান্ত-ক; To make weary; to tire .— ব্লিড-ক; To harass — অবসর-ক; To exhaust. Syn :- (a) Fatigued, exhausted, worn, jaded ; tire-ome, irksome, wearisome. (v) Jade, tire, fatigue, fag; dispirit, debilitate.

Be weary of সহিষ্ঠা বা বৈষাচ্যত-ই ; Have one's patience exhausted by.

Be weary with-जाय-इ: Be fatigued with. Weary out—ভ্রাপ্ত কবিষা পরাজিত-কু।

Weasand, n. दामनानी ; Windpipe. Syn :— Trachea, throttle, throat.

Weasel, we zl. iz. নবুল ; বেজি ; নেউল ; A small quadrupped with a slender body.

Catch a weasel asleep-To catch a person nodding.

Woathor, wether, n. व्याव्हाधमा ; अप ; वायुक्त অবয়া, খটকা; খড়; State of the air or atmosphere :-- थ. t. हाउया था उपान ; कनवाय नाभान ; बाहुक প্রতিক্ল দিকে পাইল তুলিয়া বাওয়া; To effect by exposing to the air; to sail to the windwaad of something else :-- সঞ্- কু; বাধা-পে; Endure; bear of against and resist. [বিবরণ।

A weather report—वाद्व अवदा मदकीय दिनिक I have my weather eye open-I have my wits about me.

In all weathers—জলবাবুর বে কোন অবস্থা হউক না কেন, Whatever the state of the weather may be.

Stress of weather—প্ৰচত বাৰু; বড়ের প্রবলডা; Violent winds; force of tempest.

To make fair weather—ভোষামোক হ।
To weather out—অকত শরীরে চলিয়া-বা; করে
কিন্তু কিনা কভিতে অভিক্রম-কু; ভরিয়া-বা; Pass
through enscathed or without serious damage,
as ship through a storm; to encounter and
pass though successfully through out without
difficulty.

To weather the storm—বিপদ অভিক্ৰম-কু।
Weather a point—বাধানছেও কিছু লাভ-কু; কোনও
বিষয় বাধা না মানিয়া সম্পাদন-কু; To gain a point
towards the wind, as a ship; to gain any
thing against opposition.

Weather the storm—বিপদ অভিক্ৰম-কৃ; কোন বিপত্তি বা খঞ্চা হউতে কাটাইয়া উঠা; To successfully resist and overcome a misfortune; to bear up against adversity; to encounter successfully though with difficulty; tide over a crisis.

Weather-beaten, wether-been, a. বাডাইড: বাষুর ধারা ক্লিষ্ট বা ক্লান্ত; Beaten or harassed by the weather; disturbed by the weather.

Weather-bitten, a. জলবাৰু থাৱা নষ্ট; বাৰুর থারা বিক্ত: Decayed by exposure to weather.

Weather-board, n. জাহাজের বাঁডাইভ পার্ব।

Weather-bound, weiher-bound, a. জলনার প্রকুজ বিলম্বিত; ঝটিকাদি বশতঃ বন্ধরে থাকিতে বাধা; Delayed by bad weather; kept back or confined by bad weather.

Weather-cock, wether-kok, n. বায় প্রদর্শনী; বায়-নিদর্শক; A vane showing the direction of the wind:—চঞ্চল বোক; অবাবস্থিতচিত্ত ব্যক্তি; Person or thing fickle or inconstant.

Weather-gage, wether-পুনা, n. স্বিধার স্থান; অপেকাকৃত বাবুর স্বিধা; The position of a ship to the windward; a position of advantage or superiority.

Weather-glass, n. বায়্নিরূপক যন্ত্র ; বায়ুমান যন্ত্র ; Barometer. ডিকাত হয়।

Weather-live, n. বৃক্ষের কাও যে আংশে ভূমিতল হইতে Woather-most, a. দকাপেকা অধিক বারুম্থে তিত। Weather-proof, a. জনবারু সহু করিতে সক্ষম; ঝড়ে বাছার বিছুই করিতে পারে না; Proof against rough weather.

Woather-side, wether-sid, স. বে দিকে বায়ু বছে; বায়ুর অভিমুখীন দিক; Side on which the wind blow; the windward side.

Weather-wise, a. ৰাষুবিজ ; জলবায়ুর অবস্থা নিজ-প্ৰে অভিজ ; Skilled in foretelling the weather.

Weather-worn, a. বারুর ধারা ক্লান্ত।

Weave, wev, v. t. বয়ন-কৃ; বন্ধ বুনা; To form into a fabric; to form by texture in the loom:
—যুক্ত-কৃ; নংযুক্ত-কৃ; অহস্তে-কৃ; To unite by intermixture:—v. i. বন্ধ বুনা; ভাত বুনা; To practise weaving. Syn:—Interlace, intertwine, braid, plait, mat.

Weaver, n. তত্ত্বনাম; তাঁতি; One who weaves:—
বাবুই পকী। [ of a weaver.

Weaver's leash, n. তত্ত্বারের বয়; Apparatus Weaving, we'ving, v. n. বুনন; বয়ন কৰ্ম্ম; The act or art of forming cloth in a loom.

Web, म. तूनांह ; ज्ञाल ; A texture : --- अनुली-वाक्तक

চৰী; আস্লের পরণা; The skin between the toes of water-fowls: — ছানি; The film over the eye. a webbed (লিৱপাণ; Having the toes united by a skin). [from the cradle to the grave. Tho web of life—The destiny of an individual Woh-foot, n. যুক্ত প্ৰায়লি।

Web-footed, a. জালগাঁল; লিপ্তপাদ; যুক্ত পদালুকি-বিশিষ্ট; ইাদের মত জোড়া পাবিশিষ্ট; Having webbed feet.

Wed, wed, v. f. বিবাহ-ক: পাণিগ্ৰহণ-ক: ক্লিছ-লে:
To marry:—দৃঢ়কপে সংযুক্ত-ক: To unite:—v. i.
বিবাহ-ক: To marry: to contract matimony.
a=wedded (বিবাহিত: পরিণ্যস্ত্তে থাকে: পরিণীত:
married.) Syn:—Marry, espouse.

Be wedded to--কাহারও সহিত বিবাহ-ছ; Be married to:--- দুড়লগে অবলখন করিয়া থাকা; Cling fast to be attached firmly and indisolubly to.

Wedded to an opinion—কোন মতে আবদ্ধ-হ: Very possitive and tenacious in a belief.

Wedding, weding, n. বিবা? : উৰাই : বিষে ; Marriage ; nuptial ceremony. Syn :—Nuptials, bridal, espousals.

Wedding-cake--পাকন্সর্পের পিটুক। Wedding-clothes--বিবাহকালে বরকস্তা বে কাপড় পরে: ঢেলির জোড।

Wodding-day—विवादक किन । Wedding feast—विवादक नीन (खांछ । Wedding ring—विवादक बांडिंगे।

Wodge, wei, n. ধাতুগণ্ড; ধাতুপিণ্ড; A mass of metal:—গোঁজ; ছেনি; কীলকাকার ধাতু বা অক্ত দ্রবা; A piece of metal or wood, thick at one end and thin at the other:—v. t. কীলক দারা বিদারণ-p: কীলক দিয়া আঁটা; To cleave with a wedge; to fasten with a wedge.

The thin end of the wedge—প্রণমটা নামান্দ ভাবে আরম্ভ: কোনত কিছুর ভরতের ব্যাপারের পূর্বাস্ক, The first small beginning which may lead to something very inportant.

Wedge-formed, a. কালকার। Wedge-wise, ad. কালকের স্থায়।

Wedlock, wcdlok, n. [A. S. wedlac, a pledge ]
বিষয়; পরিশন্ত; Marriage; matrimony. Syn:—
Matrimony, nuptial state. [day of the week.
Wednesday, wenlas, n. ব্যান; The fourth
Weo, a. অন; কুম; Little; small.

Weed, wed. n. বনগাছ; যাস জলল; আগাছা; Noxious plant; any useless plant:—ভামকুট; ভাষাক:—শোকস্থাক বস্ত্ৰ; A garment, esp. in pl:—v. t. আগাছা সাম-কু; যাস নিভান; বনগাছ ভূলিলা সাম-কু; To remove weeds; to free from weeds.

A weed hook—নিড়ানী। [mourning apparet. A widow's weeds—বিধনার শোকবন্ধ; A widow's Weed out—নাক-ক; আগাছা উপড়াইয়া কেলা; Remove as useless or hurtful; take away or remove uscless or noxious plants:—অকেন্ধো বাজি বা আপকারক পদার্থ দূর করিয়া-দে; Remove what is injurious or unserviceable:—ভিন্ন ভিন্ন-কৃ; To sort out.

Weeder, n. निफानकांत्री कृषक ; निफानी। Weeding, n. निफान कांग्र। Weedless, a. बागांशिविदीन ; পतिकांत्र। Weedy, wedi, a. बागांशायत, धानमत; अन्नलपूर्€ Overgrown or abounding with weeds.

Week, wek, n. 4815; ESI; A period of seven days.

This day week-এক সন্তাহ পর্মে বা পরে আলিকার Week-day, wekda, n. রবিণার ভিত্র সপ্তাহের যে কোন भिन; Any day of the week except Sunday.

Weekly, wekli, a. সাপ্তাহিক, সপ্তাহ অন্তর; Happening, coming or done once a week -- ad. প্রতি সপ্তাতে ; Once a week :-- n. সাপ্তাহিক পত্রিকা ; A publication appearing once a week.

Weel, n यूनि; आहम; A fish-trap.

Ween, wen, v 1. अनुमान-१ ; वित्वहनी-कृ, ভावा ; मत्म 季: To think. Syn . - Imagine, fancy, suppose. Weep, wep, v. s. ক্রন্দন-কু, অক্রপাত প্রাক বিলাপ-क. (वामन-क: हत्यन खल एकला: To shed tears, to express soriow by shedding tears :- v. t. 5:4-কু; শোক-কু; To lament: --পাত-কু; কেলা: To pout forth -- भौशा अन्न 5-क ; (२४-० ।

Weep a river of tears—(नाम क्रामिया-त्य। Weeper, n. (वामनकावी : विमानकावी : One who

wecps Wooping, woping, a. AFFFITIA, Shedding

tears: - নতশাগ: Hanging down the branches: i beetle. Woovil, n. কদু প্ৰক বিশেষ, A small kind of Woft, n ব্যার অনুপ্রস্থামী কুল . পড়েন ; কাপড়েব পড়-নের পতা, The woof of cloth, the threads that

cross the warp.

Woigh, u. a. ? श्रीनान-कू : अक्रम-कू , छात्र निक्रान-क : (क)ल-क : भशेषां कविशा (मण , To examine by the bal ince to ascertain the weight of .—উত্তোপন-क ; होनिया जाला , Toruse , to lift :- हिश्च-क ; বিষ্যুচনা-ক : lo ponder in the mind — ত : ভাবী-ই. গুৰুত্তব-ই, To have weight — আণগুৰু বোধ-ই; To be consider of importance - catta stal. To piess heavily. Svn -Lift; counterbil ince, examine, deliberate, gravitate, be heavy; press, bear heavily.

Do under weigh—ছালত পুনিতে উপক্ষ-কু; জাহাজ 頁面, Be about to set sail, leave the moorings, be in motion. | | Raise the anchor and depart. Weigh anchor — নকর তোশা; নকর তুলিয়া যাত্রা-কু, Weigh down-এক দিক ভারী-কু, ভারাবনত-কু, To overbalance: ভাষাকাল-কু চাপিল বা ৰসাইয়া-দে; অপিকতর ভারী-হ, To burden heavily.

Weigh little with—প্রামের মধ্যে না আসা , কাগবও নিকট ফুচ্ছবোধ হওয়া; Be considered of little im-

portance by.

Weigh on one's mind-মনেতে কেনি ক্কতর কষ্ট-দে, কাহার অন্তঃকরণে ভারবৎ চাপিয়া থাকা, To press hard on the mind. upon.

Weigh upon ( or on )—বুকে পাণর চাপান; Bear Weighage, n. क्यांनि , उक्त मर्श्व ।

Be weighed down by—মনকে কোন গুকতৰ কষ্ট-(v; Press with great weight upon one's mind; trouble one sorely ( as with a heavy burden ).

Be weighed in the balance and found wanting--अवत्व कम-इ ; जूतनाश नित्तय-इ , अनुभवृक्त প্রমাণ-ই . Be tried and found insufficient, unsattisfactory, unfit and the tike; be examined and found to be deficient in any respect.

Weigher, n. ক্যাল ; ওজনদার।

Weighing, v. s. छोन : उक्रन ।

Weight, wat, n. उड़न প্ৰিমাণ ; That which anything weighs :- "It : The heaviness of a thing when weighed:-- वांठेकाता: अलन क्रीतवांत सका; ত্ত্বত; Mass of metal used for finding weight :--আবস্তবতা; Importance :-- চাপ; বোৰা; Pressure:-- o t. 智刻年16-季, 智刻-季; Make heavy. Syn:-Ponderness, gravity, heaviness, pressure, burden, load; power, efficacy, moment, influence, consequence.

A dead weight--বাহা পাধরের জার চাপিয়া খাকে বা थि जिनसक्यमण दम ; आती थि जिनसक्यमण कान कि कि : A heavy and oppressive burden-hence, powerful influence.

## Of great weight—ways,

Weighty, wille, a ভারী, তুর্মহ়, Heavy:—আব-ত্ৰক ; গুৰুতৰ ; Imporant , forcible. ad - weightily (अक्टारन ।। Syn .- Ponderous, onerous, dense, efficacious, momentous, serious.

Weir, Wear, wir, n. বাধ , সেডু , মাত ধরিবার কর कारलव चांटेल ; A dam across a river ; a fence of stakes for taking.

Weird, werd, n. ময়; বাছণিরি; A spell or charm: -ভাগা: Destiny -- a. ডাকিনী সম্বনীৰ: ভাগাসংকান্ত: Skilled in witchcraft:—অপার্থিব. অমানুধিক . Unearthly.

Weird sisten—ডাইনী ; ডাকিনী ; Witches.

Wela-way, irj. হাব; অহো, Construction of welladay , Alas.

Welcomo, welkum, a. [ A. S. wilcuma, a. welcome gue-t | স্থাগত স্ম্থাগণ, অভাৰ্থনা; অভিনন্দন; সমাদ্য; Kindly greeting, kind reception:—a.
আদরপুক্তক গৃঠাত; স্থাপত; Received with gladness admitted willingly:-- v. f. সন্তাৰণ-ক: অভ্যর্থনা-ক ; আগর-ক ; To receive with kindness ; to entertain ho-pit ibly —inj. শাহন থাহন; আদিতে আজা চব। Syn —(a) Pleasing, acceptable, agrecable, pleasant, gratcful.

Be welcome—আফ্রানেৰ বিষয়-ছ, Be picasing to - বিনা বাবে লা অনাবাদে পাইতে পারা ; Be free to have gratuitously :--:কহ আদিৰে আহ্লাদিত-ই; Be gladly received in.

Bid welcome --সনাদ্ৰপূৰ্ব্যক অভাৰ্থনা-কু, সম্ভাবণ-কু; Receive with professions of kindness or hospitality.

Wolcomer, n. रव नाकि ममानदा व्यञ्जर्थना करन ।

Weld, n এক ভাতীয় উভিদ, A plant --- o. t. জোড-দে: সংলগ্ৰ- চ : পিটিয়া সংযুক্ত-কু, To join together by hammeting. n=welder ( সংলগ্ন कांत्रक )।

Welfare, welfar, n. [ From well, and fare, to go ] উत्रि , अञ्चापय , Prosperity :- मन्न ; उड ; Well being. Syn :- Success, weal, good-fortu.e, advantage, benefit, profit, prosperity, happiness.

Welkin, n. আকাশ; নজোমঙল, Sky.

Well, wel, n. উৎস, স্বরণা, গভীব পর্ত্ত ; Spring ; the issuing of water from the earth; fountain :-পাতক্ষা; ৰুপ , A pit in the earth whence a supply of water is obtained :-- v. i. ভূমি হইডে নি:স্ত-इ, छेश्माबिछ-ए; To issue forth, as water from the earth; to spring :-p. a. eta; Good :-অবস্থাপর; ভাগ্যবাল, বৌভাগ্যবালী; Fortunate:--

জকয়; কৃষ্ ; In health ; not sick :—ad. উত্তৰন্ধণ ; ভাৰন্ধণ ; Properly ; fairly :—ব্যাৰ্থনণ ; ভাব্য-ভাবে ; Justly :— স্প্ৰিবাস্ত , ক্ৰিবাস্ক্ৰ ; Conveniently :—অবিৰ ; ব্ৰেষ্ট ; Very much ; amply. Syn :— (n) Spring, fountain, well-spring ; source, origin. (a) Healthy, hearty, hale, sound ; happy, profitable, expedient, useful.

As well—বছৰে: অনায়াসে; Without impropriety:—এও বা ওও তা; Which is the same thing in effect:—তা হইলে; In that case; with equal chance of success:—আরও; বরং ভালই; Also; too; besides.

As well as—খার ; এবং , And also :—সমানরণ ; সেইমত ; তথা ; Equally well with :—ভালরণে : In the best manner.

Be well off—ৰক্ষ অবসাহ বা স্থে থাকা; Be comfortable circumstances; be in good circumstances.

He is well to do—ভাহার বেশ দশ টাকার সক্ষতি Very well—ভাল: বহুত আছে!।

Well off—ৰাজ্যৰ অবহার ভাল অবহাৰ; Easy in circumstances; rich.

Wish well to—সঙ্গলকাৰনা-ক . Wish success to .
—Wish that one may be successful or happy.
Wella-day, wela-da, int. আহা; হায় . Alus.
Well-appointed, a. সুসজিত; Fully furnished

and equipped. [Welfare, prosperity. Well-being, well-being, n মন্ত্ৰ, কুমল; বৰ;

Well-behaved, a. ফুনার , বিনীত; শাস্ত্রনীর।
Well-born, well-bawrn, a স্থানাত্ত, সংশেক;

well-norm, well-nawrn, a नव-महाड . नव्यान ; स्क्र , पहंद ; Born of respectable or good family ; noble.

Well-bred, wel-bred, a ভদ্ত ; শিষ্ট ; বিনীত ; সভা , Educated to polished manners ; trained well ; of good manners ; polite.

Well-bucket, n. কুপ হইতে জল ডুলিবার পাতা। Well-chosen, a. স্থ-নিকাসিত।

Well-done—ভালমণে পাক-কৃ; Cooked tho-Well-disposed, a. অপুরক্ত; অপুকল্মনা।

Well enough—ৰূপ নহে ; চননসহি ; কডকটা ভাল ; In a moderate degree ; sufficiently well.

Well-favoured, a. जुलार , शिवासनी ; अभी , Handsome ; good looking ; beautiful.

Well-founded—টিক; স্থানসকত; ক্পতিষ্ঠিত, সম্-লক; Just; reasonable; proper.

Well-grounded, a. স্থাকিড; Well-founded; throughly taught from the rudiments. [ tain. Well-head, n. উৎস; A source, spring or foun-Well-informed, a. বছন্ত; স্বিণিড; Furnished with correct information.

Well-informed, Well-instructed, a. खानी, Correctly informed; possessing stores of knowledge or general information.

Well-intentioned, a. সং সম্বন্ধকারী; সম্ভিলার-মুক্ত; সং ইচ্ছাসম্পন্ধ; Having upright or honourable purposes.

Wellingtonia. a. বাৰতীয় বুকের বব্য কালিকপিয়া কাত উচ্চতৰ বুক; The largest of existing trees, a native of California, Well-known, c. সম্প্রিংগ ভাড: সর্বধারিত; স্বিশ্বে ভাড; Fully known; notorious.

Well-mannered, a. সভা : সৰ্ভ : Polite ; civil. Well-meaning. a. স্থাপর : Having good intentions :— স্থলাকাকী : [Rightly intended : friendly. Well-meant, a. ভালরূপে অভিযোগ ; ভাতকারাত্ত ;

Well-met—A term of salutation expressive of great satisfaction. [most; nearly as well. Well-nigh, wel-ni, ad. ets; well-fit; Al-

Well-oiled, a. ৰত্ত্ত; বিনীত ; Mild ; easy. Well-ordered, a. সুবাবস্থিত।

Well-pleased, a. পরিভুষ্ট ; স্থপীত।

Well-read. Well-educated, a. হাণিকিত: স্পতিত ; সাধাায়সপায় ; Having extensive reading ; widely acquainted with books.

Well-regulated--হৰ্যবহাৰিশিষ্ট; Orderly; methodical; disciplined.

Well-set, a. पृष्टेकारव मःत्रा ।

A well-sinker, n. त्य वास्कि क्ष शनव करत ।

Well-sinking n কুপ খনন। Well-sped, a. দিদ্দিসম্পন্ন।

Well-sport a sext Decod in vi

Well-spent, a. वर्षहरू . Passed in virtue.

Well-spoken, a. ভালরপে ক্ষিত ; হ্বব্যক্ত ; Uttered with propriety and fitness. [tain.

Well-spring, wel-spring, n. প্রবেশ; A foun-Well-timed, a. সমবে ২ড; স্থামরে দত্ত; Done or said at the proper time.

Well-to-do -ৰজন অবস্থাপর; সঙ্গতিশালী; সমৃত্তি-সম্প্র; Well off, thuying; prosperous.

Well up—পক; কাহজ; In a commendable or praiseworthy degree of proficiency.

Well-water, n. কুপেৰ জল।

Well-wisher, স. তভাসকাকী, কভাস্থানী; One who wishes another well; one who wishes the good of another; a person beneverlently inclined.

[ by use.

Well-worn —ব্যবহার ধারা নষ্ট . Much impaired Welsh, wilsh, a. ওয়েলস্ দেশ বা ভ্রমীয় সম্বন্ধীয় . Pertaining to Wales or its inhabitants:--n. pl. ভদ্দেশের ভাষা; Their language:--ওয়েল্দের অবিবাসীবর্গ; The inhabitants of Wales.

Welsh-rabbit, n. ভঞ্জিত ক্ষমীৰ উপৰিত্ব গলিত প্ৰিব্ৰ, Choose melted on toasted bread.

Welt, n. মোভার গোড়ালিব ভালি; A kind of hem or edging round a shoe — u. t. চামড়ার সঞ্জ বেড বা ভালি-লে; To furnish with a welt.

Welting the bed-শ্বার মূত্রসাপ-কু।

Welter, weller, v. i. কৰ্দ্দে আবৰ্ত্তন-কু; কাদাৰ গড়া-গড়ি-বে; To wallow about in dist:—n. কৰ্মন; প্ৰক; Dirt.

Won, wen, n. অর্ণ; আব ; বাংসবৃদ্ধি; A wart ; hard, fleeshy, excrescence; pulpy tumour.

Wench, wensh, n. বেখা; ফুলটা রবন্ধী; বালিকা ব্ৰতী; A strumpet; a low course woman; young girl:—খ. i. বেখার সহবাদ-কু; বেখানজ-কু; To frequent the company of strumpets. n= wencher ( লম্পট ব্যক্তি )।

Wend, wend, v. i. यांडश ; शमन-कृ ; चूबिश (वहान ; To go ; to turn. [ वांडश !

Wend one's away—बिल्बन भएव बांडवा; देखांबड Went, v. निवाहिन ; pa. t. of Go. [ Weep. Wept, v. दन्यन कविवाहिन ; pa. t. and pa. p. .of Wore, e. i. विश ; रहेंच ; The pl. of mas, used as n ps. f. of Bs. Worewolf, m. कांगांगी शुक्त दिएवंच ; A person

supposed to be able to change himself into a

wolf at pleasure.

Wesleyan, a. জন ধানন্দী কৰ্ম আচায়িত ধৰ্মত স্ব-জীয়; Pertaining to Wesleyanism:—n. উজ ধৰ্ম-মভাৰদ্বী; Methodist; follower of John Wesley. Wesleyanism, n. জন ধানন্দী কৰ্ম্ম আচায়িত ধ্যামত; Doctrines of Wesley.

West, west, ন. পশ্চিম দিক; The quarter of the heaven where the sun sets:—ইউরোপের পশ্চিম-দিকত্ প্রদেশ; The countries to the west of Europe:—a. পশ্চিমদিকত্ ; পশ্চিম, Situated towards the west:—ad. পশ্চিমদিকে ।

The west End—লভন নগরের পশ্চিমাংশ। West Indies—কারো সাগরের উত্তরত্ব দীপপঞ্জ।

Westerly, wester-h, a. পান্তমদিকছ; পন্তিমদিক হতৈ আগত; পন্তিমাভিমুব; Lying towards the west; from the west:—ad. পন্তিমাভিমুবে।

Western, western, a. পল্চিমজিকছিত; পালাত্য; পালিবাভিম্বগামী; Situated in the west; moving towards the west.

Western most, a. সর্কাশক্রমে ছিত।

Westward, westward, a. পশ্চিমদিকত্ব; পশ্চিমে ছিড; Towards the west.

Westward, Westwards, ad. পশ্চিমাভিষ্থ। Westwardly, ad. পশ্চিমাভিষ্থে, Towards the west.

Wet, wet, a. আর্র; ছিজা; Humid:—বর্গাকালীন; ব্যিক, Raining:—n. আর্রডা, বৃষ্টি; Mon-ture: v. t. আর্থ্র-কৃ; সিস্ত-কৃ, To make wet:—অতিসৃষ্ট-কৃ, Sprinkle. Syn:—(a) Moist, watery, aqueous, dank, damp; rainy, showery.

A wet blanket—বাহাতে কিছু বন্ধ করে. Anything that damps or checks ordour:—বিনি প্রতিবন্ধক হবেন, One who throws cold water or discourages. Wet goods—মুদাদি বাল।

Wet one's whistle—একটু মদ বাওবা। [ wet Wet through—ভিজে লওডও : Being thoroughly Weting the bed—শ্বাম মুমতাগ করা।

Wet-dook, n. প্রোভের দর্কাবহাতেই পোডদঞ্চানন-বোদা অববাহিকা; A dock or basin for floating vessels at all states of the tide.

Wether, wether, n. হিছমুৰ মেৰ; খানী ভেড়া, A castrated ram.

Wetness, শ. আর্ক্ডা; নিজতা; Moisture. Wet-nurse, wet-nurs, দ. ধাত্রী; বে নিতকে বস্তুপান করার; A nurse who suckles a child for its mother.

Wettish, wetish, a. किंकि बार्ड ; Somewhat wet. Wey, wz, n. 182 lbs. of wood, 40 bushels of salt or corn.

Whack, hwak, o. t. আগত-ড়; ঠেবাৰ; To give a heavy or resounding blow to. Syn:—Strike, beat, thump, thwack; thrash.

To whack away—সশবে পিটতে থাকা ।

Whale, hwal, n. ডিনি নংড; A large cetacean; the largest of sea-animals:—p. t. ডিনি মংভ ধুরা; To catch whales.

A bull whale—গ্ন ডিনি। Very like a whale—A fudge, Whale-bone, hwalbon, n. বিদি মুবাছা কড়; ভিনি-অছি; An elastic substance like bone which adheres in thin parallel plates to the upper jaw of the whale.

Whale-fishery, n. তিৰি নতে ধাৰণ, কৰ্ম বা বাৰদা। Whaler, hwaler, n. ধীৰম; তিমি পোড; বে ব্যক্তি বা আহাল তিমি মতে ধাৰণে নিৰ্ভ থাকে; A person or a ship employed in the whale fishery.

Whaling, n. তিমি ধরা কার্যা; The business of catching whales:—a. তিমি ধরিবার বিষয় সংস্টঃ।

Wharf, hworf', n. যাট; জেট ; A sort of quay:—

v. কাটাদি বানা তীনদেশ বন্ধন করা; কেট বাবা। Syn:

—(n) Mole, pier.

Wharfage, hworl' হা, ন. বাট বা ভেটি ছাড়া. The fee or dues for using a wharf:— জেট সকল।

Wharfinger, hworl'in-ger, n. বাটের মালিক বা জেটির অধিকারী; Owner of a wharf.

Whap, whop, o. t. আবাত-তৃ:—o. i. বড়াস করিছা পড়া:—n. ডাদুশ পথ।

What, hwot, pron. ৰাছা কিছু: কি; কে; That which, something:—rel. বাছা ভাছা; ভাছা বাছা; That which:—a. কি; কোন; কত:—ad. মংশত:; কতকটা; Partly:—ent. কি; কত; কি বন।

I tell you what—তন, আমার কথা ভন।

Know what's what—কিন্দে কি হয় বা কোন্টা কি
সমত বুৰিতে পানা; Be shrewd and well-informed.
What a dust do I raise—আমি কত বড় কোকই
হয়াছে; আমি কত বড় কাজই কবিবাছি; How important a person I am or how great is the deed I
have achieved.

What he—কে হে , কে বটে।

What if, What through, conj. कि इटेरव यि । यि जांत्र हम, जारज कि ; What will it matter if ; what will be the result if.

What is that to you—ভাতে ভোষায় কিং How does that concern you.

What it will fetch (or bring)—কি দৰে ইহা বিক্ৰী চইতে পাৰে ? The sum for which it can be sold.

What of that—ভাতে কি আইনে বায়; ভাতে আনে বায় কি (কিছু প্ৰাক্তম্ নাই), What matters it that such is the case.

What not—িক বা নয়; কি বা নাই. Any thing else; various other things difficult to mention severally.

What on earth—(कन, अपन कि जोटि, किरमह बन्छ ; What earthly reason is there.

What's its name—(নাম ভূনিনা গেলে) গুৱ নাম কি ?
What's the matter—কি হইবাছে? What's the trouble, difficulty &c. [of; how to employ. What to do with—কি করিব ? How to dispose What with—কতক এর দৰণ, কতক ওর দৰণ; Partly owing to this and partly owing to that.
What would not one give—একড বা দিতে গারে এমন কিছুই নাই; এমন কি আছে যে তিনি না দিতে গারেন, One is prepared to make any sacrifice;

what sacrifice will not one make.

Whatever, hwat-ever, pron. नाहा निहु; त्व निहु; त्व नाव ; Being this or that ; all that.

Whatnot, hwotnot, n. পুৰুত্ব বাৰিবাৰ আৰু ; A piece of furniture with shelves for books.

Whatsoever, pro. s. (4 (4)44; (4 (4) 4)4; All that.

Whatthough, comj. ज्यांति ; जा रहेनरे ना ; Even granting that ; allowing that.

Wheal, hwel, s. same as wale.

Wheat, hwet, n. 94; (sign; A kind of corn.

Wheaten, a. लोध्यहर्त बाइंड ; Made of wheat.

Wheat-fly, hwet-fli, n. প্রস্থ বিশেষ ; কটি ; An insect ; the name of several flies.

Wheedle, hwë'dl, v. t. [ A. S. wadlian, to be poor ] বিষ্ট কৰায় বালোভিত্ত-কু; মন জুলান; To entice with soft words:—ভোষানোদ-কু; মুন্লান; To flatter. n=wheedler. Syn:—Invergle, humour, court, fawn upon, cajole.

Wheedle a person out of something—
ভোগ-দে; কাহাকেও কুস্লাইরা কিছু বাহির করিবা লওয়া।
Wheel, hwē!, স. গাড়ির চাকা; চক্র: (জাহাকের)
কর্ণ, চরকি বাকী; A circular frame turning on an axis; round disk on which a carriage rolls:—
প্রাচীনকালের ব্যুগালারক যন্ত্র; পূর্কেকার যন্ত্রগালাকর বন্ত্র;
An old instrument of torture:—v. t. চাকার উপর
বোরার; যুবগাক কেন্ত্রা; To make to move on an axis; to convey on wheels, to cause to whirl:
—v. i. চাকাব উপর বোরা; চাকাব মতন বুরাণ, যুবগাক বারা; To turn round or on axis, to roll forward.

A potter's wheel--কুলাল চক্ৰ।

A wheel carriage—বে গাড়ী চাকার উপর হল। The wheel of fortune—ভাগা চক।

To break a fly on the wheel—ৰশা মাৰিতে কামান পাতা , অৱ পাপে বেশী গও-দে।

To break upon the wheel—গৰ্চদে শাৰি গে। Wheel and axle—চক্ত ও ওংবাতি।

Wheels within wheels—মারণাাণ; ক্রিল বাাপার; Matters of an exceedingly complicated character, secret reasons underlying the apparent ones.

Wheel-barrow, n. এক চাকাৰ পাড়ি; মাৰ চালানের এক চাকার হাত পাড়ি; A carriage with only one wheel.

Wheeled, a. চক্রবিশিষ্ট।

Wheeler, hweier. n. যে বাজি ব্রায়; One who wheels:—শকটের চক্র সর্বাহত অব , A wheel-horse. Wheel-loss, a. চক্রহীন !

Wheel-shaped, a. চক্ৰাকাৰ।

Wheel-tire, n. চাৰার হাল , (ব্রাহমণ চক্-বেইকা।
Wheel-wright, hwellet, n. চক্রাৰার গাড়ি প্রস্তুত্ব কারী; চক্র-বিশ্বিতা; A wright whose occupation is to make wheels and wheel-carriages; maker of wheels and wheel-carriages.

Wheese, v. s. शना मी भी नक, काहे नियोग एक्ला ; To breathe with a hissing sound —n. मी मी नज ।

Whelk, hwelk, n. মেডেডা; মুখের এব; An inequality on the surface.—জন্ত বিশেষ; A molluse. Syn:—Protuberance, pustule; stripe, streak, wale; weal; shell-fish.

Whelm, hwelm, v. t. ৰভিত্ত-কু; মগ্ন-কু; ড্বান; To overwhelm; to submerge.

Whelp, hwelp, n. দি হাদির শাবক; কুদুর-শাবক; A pup; young of a dog; a cub; young of beasts of prey:—v. i. শাবক প্রস্ব-কু; To bring forth young. When, hwen, ad. conj. ব্যব; বে সমন; ব্যক্তাল; At what time; at which time; after the time that; while:—কৰ্ন; কোন সমন; —conj. কোন কিছুর ব্যব।

Whence, hwens, ad. কোণা হইতে; বে কাৰণ হইতে; বেণা হইতে; From what place; from what source:—কেমনে; ডআড; How; wherefore.

From whence—an esta; al take !

Whomossoover, hwens-so-ever, ad. ৰে কোন ছান বা কারণ বা বৃল হইতে, From what place, cause, or source soever.

Whenever, hwen-ever, ad. প্রভাক স্বত্তে; বর্থনই; বে কোন সবতে; At every time when.

Whensoever, hwen-so-ever, ad. 344; Whenever, at what time soever.

Where, hwar, ad. adia; cesica; cedice; At which place:—cedels; cede sica; At what place; to which place.

Where there's a will there's a way—रेक्! चाकित्यरे উপान्न कतिन्ना नवना साहेत्य शादा।

Where the shoe pinches—(वर्षाल वाप); Where the trouble, difficulty &c., is.

Whereabouts, Whereabout, hwar-a-bowt, ad. কোন্বরাবর, কোন ছানের নিকটে; বংসবজে টিকানা; Near what place.

We don't know his whereabouts—ভাৱার টিকানা কি তালা আমরা জানি না।

Whereas, hwar-ai, ad. and conj. বেছেডু; পাক-ভারে; কিন্ত বাথাৰিক; Since; the thing being so that; when in fact; near; when on the contrary.

Whereat, hwīr-at', ad. वाहारङ, कि.स.; At which? at what? f By which.

Whereby, hwar-bi', ad. বন্ধা, তন্ধান ; কিলে, Wherefore, hwai'-för, ad and conj অভ্যন, যেতেওু; কি অস্ত কেন; For which reason, for what reason; why

Wherefrom, ad. বধা হউতে। । in what Wherein, hwār-iń, ad বাহাতে, কিলে; In whith, Whereof, hwār-of, ad. কাহাতে, বাহাতে; কিলে, বাহাতে, বিশ্বে, বাহাতে, বিশ্বে, বাহাতে, কিলে,

Whereon, hwar-oń, ad. ধাহাতে; কিনে; on which, on what.

Wheresoever, hwar-so-ever, Where-ever, ad ৰে ফাৰ হটৰ . বে কোৰও হাৰে ; বে বে ফাৰে ; In what place soever [ which ; to what

Whereto, hwār-trīo, ad. যাহাতে, কিনে, To Whereunto, hwār-un-trīo ad কি জন্ত কোন্ উদ্দেশ, For what purpose, whereto.

Whereupon, hwar-up oh. ad. বে লয়; তপ্ৰৱয়; বাহাতে, in consequence of which.

Wherever, hwār-ever, ad. বে কোন স্থানে; At whatever place.

Wherewith, n. উপার :--ad. ৰাহাৰ সহিত; With which.

Wherewithal, ad. यद्याता; वाश नहेंगा; With Wherry, n. हान्का (योका ; शानती ; A light boat. Wherry-man, n. यूज (योका-पाइक।

Whet, hwet, v. t. তাকু-কু, ধাৰ-দে; শাৰ-দে; (অন্ত্ৰ) চোৰাণ; To sharpen by rubbing; to rub for the purpose of sharpening; to make keen: —উত্তেজিত কু; To excite, to stimulate:—স. ধার বেণ; তাকু করণ, The act of sharpening:— উত্তেজক বস্তু; Stimulant Syn:—(v) Sharpen; incite, stimulate, provoke.

Whet one's appetite—কোন বিছ লানিবার লভ

भागान तर्जनान्ह ; Excite a keen desire for something.

What on, v. Busines; To excite.

Whether, hweth'er, pren. ছুইনের মধ্যে কোনটা; Which of two:—conj. কিনা; Which of two alternatives.

Whether no-वांगरि ष्ठेक ना : निकारी।

Whetstone, hwetston, n. পান-প্রবর ; নিলা ; পান পাবর ; Stone, as for sharpening instruments.

Whetted, p a. শাণিত , নিশিত।

Whey, hwa, n. ছানার জন; বোল, খবির জন: The watery part of milk. a=wheyey, wheyish (বোলের মত)।

Whey-faced, a. ভরে মুখ দাদামারা; চুণ বভ।
Which, hwich, pron. বাহা; বেগুলি. বেট; That
which:—interrogative pro কি, কোন্টী; ক।
Which is which—কোন্টী কি?

Whichever, hwich-ever, Whichsoever, hwich-so-ever, pron. s. বে কোনও; বেটা; বে কোনটা; এটা বা ছটা কটক; Whether one or other.

Whise, hwif, \*\*. কুংকার ; ব্য ভাগি ; A sudden expulsion of air from the mouth , puss ; — লম্বন বাতাল ; বাতানেৰ ন্যক ; A slight blast :—

v. t কুংকার-কু ; ভাগি-কু ; ছাড়া , To throw out in whise :—v i 

whise :—v i 

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Whiffle, hwil'l, ক. i. চঞ্চল-হ; বিচলিত-ড; নডা; To veer about :—উডাইয়া-দে; To scatter :—বিধাা কলা; মত পৰিবৰ্ধন-কৃ. এডান, To prevaricate. Syn:—Shift, veer; shuffle.

Whig, hwig, n. ইংলাঙের বাজনীতিজ্ঞ দল; The name of one of the English factions which fights with the Toris a—whiggish, n=whiggism; whiggery (উক্ত সম্প্রকারের মত. principles of Whigs).

While, hwil, n. সময়, অক্সমণ; কিছু সময়; Time; a sort space of time:—adv যধন, তংকালে, During the time that:—v.s. অক্সেশ অভিবাহিত করান, প্রবে কাটান; To cause to pass without irksomeness.—conf. বংকালে; বখন, বে অবস্থান।

All the while—সমন্ত সময় ; All the time. All this while—এডাবংকাল।

At whiles-nuts nuts : attention !

For a while-formers we : For a time.

While away—হংগ সময় কাটান; বিনা কটো সময় কাটাইয়া-দে; Spend it idly or pleasantly; beguile the tedious hours of; pass away time so as not to feel its tediousness.

Within a while—बन्न नवरवर गर्या।
Worth while—बाडाबनीत ; পোবাইবার মন্ত।

Whilom, ed. Med. 4001; Formerly; once; of old.

Whilst, hwilst, ad. रथम ; रमवि ; While.

Whim, hwim, n. [loe!, hvim, a quick movement] (वहाज ; कव्च ; हका ; Fancy ; freak ; caprice. Syn :—Caprice. sport, frolic, humour, Whimling, n. बान-व्यक्तानी व्यक्टि !

Whimper, hwimper, v. i. शान् शान् ; चान् यान्-इ; To whine; to cry with a low, whining voice:—s. णान्यानानि।

Whimsey, n. (प्रांत ; A whim.

Whimsipal, hwimse-kal, n. वाम-(वतानी, अक

वर्षात ; Full of whims ; capricious. ad-whimsically ( ব্ৰেছাচারপূর্বক ) । Syn :—Freakish, capricious, crotchetty, fanciful, fantastical, singular, curious, odd.

Whin, n. कीडी शांह वित्यव ; Furge, gorse.

Whine, hwin, জ. s. গুলু গুলু কৰিয়া কুন্সৰ-স্কু; বাৰ্ বান্-কু; পান্ পান্-কু; নাকী হুৱে কাল; To utter a plaintive, shrill cry:—কাপুক্ৰের নড জনুবার্গ-কু; To murmur meanly:—ল. নাকী হুৱে কুন্সৰ; বান্ বান্ ক্ৰ, ভাৰদার; নালিক; A plaintive cry; an affected nasal tone of complaint.

Whinning, n. बान्यानानि ।

Whinny, hwish, v. s. বোডার ভার ডাকা; এইবা-রব-কু; To neigh:—n. হেবাশক, A neigh. Whinstone, n. কঠিন কুকবৰ্ণ প্রভাৱের সাধারণ নাম;

Whinstone, n. কটিন কুক্ষণ প্রস্তরের সাধারণ নাম; General name for any hard, dark unstratified rock.

Whip, hwip, v. t. [A. S. hweopian, to whip]
চাৰ্ক মারা; কণাপাজ-কু; To punish with lashes;
to strike with a lash; to lash:—দভি টানিয়া
বুৱা:, To make to turn:—গাটা-কু; To lash
with sarcasm:—v i. চটুণট্ করিয়া কেয়া; বুৱা;
To move nimbly:—n. কণা; চাৰ্ক; A lash.
Syn:—(v) Lash, scourge, beat, flog, castigate,
punish, stitch, baste; snatch, jerk away.

Whip about (or round)—আজ্ঞানন-কু; পড়ি দিয়া ভড়ান; To warp.

Whip away—বেত মারিয়া ডাডাইয়া-বে; Drive away by beating.

Whip in—(वड वाहिडा डिडरड श्रांतण कहान ; Drive in, as hounds in a hunt:—এकरत हावा ; मर्कालस्य धामा।

Whip off - त्वरु शतिश मृत कतिश-त्म ; Drive away by beating [ कांब-कृ ।

Whip the cat—ৰতি কৃপণতা-কৃ; পোর পোর বেডাইলা Whip the devil round the stump—To do a thing indirectly; to make false excuses to one's self and other for doing what one likes.

Whip up (out or off)—খণ কৰিয়া লভয়া; To snatch:—ছিনিলা লঙ্গা, কাড়িৰা লভয়া; Scize or take up with quick motion

With whip and apur—ৰতি ক্ৰড বেৰে; অভি স্কুল্ল; With the utmost haste.

Whip-cord, hwip'kord, n. চাৰ্ক করিবার বড়ি; Cord used for making whips-

Whip-hand, hwip'hand. n. বে হাতে চাবুক বারে; The hand that holds the whip:—ক্ৰিণা; প্ৰাণাক ; প্ৰভুত্ব ; Advantage ; mastery.

Whip-lash, n. কণাত্র।

Whipper, hwip'er, ন. বে বেরাঘাত করে; ক্যায়াত-কারী; কোডাদার; One who whips; an officer who inflicts the penalty of whipping.

Whipper-in, n. ৰে শিকারী কুরুরণিগকে বারিতে নারিতে তাড়াইরা শিকাবেব সীবার নইরা বার; শিকারীর সহকারী, A huntsman who keeps the hounds from wandering and whips them into the line of chase:—বে বাকি সম্প্রদার বিংশবের জালবকাবদা শিকা বেন ; One who enforces the discipline of a party.

Whipping, hwip'ing, n. Gailes; sailes; Punishment with the whip or rod. Syn: Flogging, beating, castigation, flagellation.

A whipping boy— শূৰ্বে বে বালক রাজপুত্রের হইনা আভি এইণ করিত , A boy kept to be whipped when a prince deserved chastisement.

Whipping-post, n. বেতাৰাড্ডড; অপরাবীদের বে কাঠবানের উপর বীবিলা বারা বার; A post to which offenders are tied to be whipped. [ সংগ্রহ। Whip-round, n. বজুবর্গ বা আপনাগনির বব্যে চাঁলা Whip-worn, n. কলাকার কৃষি বিশেষ।

Whir, hwer, v. i. সদাৰ ব্ৰিড-ছ: বোলা; কেলা; To whirt round with noise:—n. ক্ৰড ব্ৰিল শল; গৌ সোঁ লল; পক্ষাল; A sound caused by rapid whirling. Whirl, hwerl, v. i. বেগে বোলা; ক্ৰডবেলে ব্ৰিড-ছ; To revolve rapidly:—v. t. পাক বাঙলা, আবৰ্তনকু; ক্ৰডবেলে ব্ৰা; To turn round rapidly:—n. ব্ৰাণ, আবৰ্তন; গাক; A turning with rapidity.
Syn:—(v) Twirl, spin, rotate, revolve, gyrate.
Whirligig, hwerlingig, n. বালকের ক্রীডার সামলী; লাজিন, লালন-বোলা; A child's toy; a toy spun or whirled rapidly round.

[ An eddy.
Whirlwind, hwerligidl, n. আবর্ত, ব্রিজল; গাক;
Whirlwind, hwerligidl, n. আবর্ত, ব্রিজল; গাক;

whirling about.

Whink, hwisk, v. t. বাঁচা-বে; বাছিরা কেলা; To sweep rapidly; to brush:—v. i. ফতবেনে-বা;
To move nimbly and rapidly:—n. বাণ্টা; দৰনা পতি, ফ্রুডগতি. A rapid sweeping motion.—
বাঁটা; কুম্ব বার্কানী; A small brush of anything used for a brush; broom of dried stalks.

Whisker, hwisker, n. pl. বালণাটা : বাড় ; ক্ষ্ম ; The hair growing on a man's cheek :—n. বাড়-বার। a=whiskered ( বাড়িববাবা )।

Whiskey, Whisky, hwiski, n डेडा मना वित्नव ; एक्सान मन ; A spirit distilled from grain.

Whisper, hwisper, v. i. কুস্ডুস্ করিয়া কহা; চুপে চুপে কহা; To speak soltly, to utter in a low voice:—v. t. গোপনে কহা; মৃদ্বাৰ বলা; আজে আজে কলা; To utter in a low voice or under the beath:—n. কুস্ডুসানি; মৃদ্বার, গোপনীৰ কথা, A low, sibilant sound or voice; cautious speech.

To whisper in the ear—কাপে কাপে বলা। Whisper about—বৃহত্তাৰ অনুষৰ-কু; Rumour in

many places.

Whieper against—কাহার বিলকে চুগে চুগে বলা ,
Insinuate secretly against. [ A back-biter.

Whisperer, n. গোপনে নিকাকাৰক, ফুস্ফুস্ কাৰক,
Whispering, n. চূপে চূপে ক্ৰম !

Whispering consultation—Consultation carried on in whispers.

Whispering gallery, n. Dome in which sounds are heard at a great distance.

Whisperingly, ad. চুপে চুপে !

Whist, hwist, n. এক প্রকার তাস জীড়া; A certain game at cards :—a. নীরব; তুকীভূত :—ant. চুপ; Silent.

Whistle, hwis'l, v. i. শীল-দে; সিটি-দে, To utter a shill sound with the lips:—v. i. শীল দিবা বেড়াল; শীল দিবা পাওৱা; To utter by whistling:—
শীল দিবা ভাকা; To call by a whistle:—n. শীল; ভাক্ ভাক্ শাক; A sound made in whistling:—
এক প্রকার ছোট বাশী. A small wind instrument.
Pay for one's whistle—কানোল ভোগেৰ জয় স্ব

To wet one's whistle—यगुणीय-मृ: To take a Worth the whistle—यगुरम डेगेनूक; बाह्माण कृतियांत्र डेगेनूक; बाह्माण कृतियांत्र डेगेनूक;

[ drink.

Whistler, n. त्य पाकि चीन त्या; शक्षियित्य । Whit, hwit, n. त्यांगे ; विक्; A bit; a lot:— जिन ; त्यमं; अक्ट्रेक् ; A particle.

Every whit—为新代中!

dearly for one's pleasure.

No whit—स्नान करण ना

White, hwit, a. বেড; গুৰু; গুৰুত; গুৰুল; Snowy; having the colour of snow:—প্লাৰ; কেকানে; Pale:—পাশকালিত; নিকলক; Unblemished; purified from sin:—পৰিত্ৰ; Pure:—৪. বেডকা; গুৰুবর্গ: গাদারভ; The colour of snow:—চকের গুৰু আংশ; Ball of the eye:—গুৰুবর্গ ব্যক্তি; বেডকার মুখ্য; White man:—ভিবের গুৰু আংশ; Albumen of an egg:—pl. বেড প্রদর:—৯. গুৰুবর্ণ-রু, To make white. Syn:—(a) Hoar; clean; spotless, unblemished.

A white lie-अपूरवीत मिथा। क्या ।

In black and white— কাপতে কলমে; লেখা পঢ়ার। Snow-white, a. ভুবার-খবল।

The white of the eye—চাক্ষা বে অংশ বেছবৰ্ণ।
To prove black's white—কুক্বৰ্ণকে ওলবৰ্ণ
বালয়া এমাণ-কৃ; To prove any thing, no matter
how abourd.

White of an egg—ध्यात्र वाहितर (वर्डारन । White-ant, n. छेर ।

White-bast, n. मूख मस्क निरम्प ; A very small, delicate fish of the herring kind.

White bear, n. नोमां स्तृक।

White-boy, n. क्या ; Midnight robber in Ireland :-- अयोजाव इडाकावी , Murderer of landlords. White-brass, n. कीता ।

White-cockade, n. Badge of the Bourbons. White-cross street, n. কারাগার, Prison m London for petty debtors.

White-face, n. বোডার কণালের সাদা দাগ, A white mark in the forehead of a horse.

White-feather—ভরের চিক্ত, কাপুরুষ্ট ।

To show the white-feather—ভীকতা প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু, To show symptoms of fear.

White-flag, n. খেত পতাৰা; সন্ধিশ্চৰ পতাৰা, (বৃদ্ধ বিবামজ্ঞাপক চিহ্ন); Emblem of truce.

White-friar - বাজক বিশেষ: One of the Carme lite order of friars, so called from their white diess. [ Lendon

White-hall, n. Palace and council-room in White-headed, a গুৰুকেপ, বৃদ্ধ; Gray-headed. White-heat, hwit-het, n. বে পদ্দিনাৰে তালে বয় সকল বেডবৰ্ণ হুচবা পজে; The degree of heat raised to whiteness.

White-hot, a. উভত্ত বে ভ্ৰম্প।

White-house, n. The official residence of the President of America.

The White House—বৃক্তরাজ্যের সভাপতির আসাৰ।
White-lead, u- রঙ্, স্কেলা; Carbonate of lead,
a pant.

White-leprosy, n. ववन त्वांत्र !

White-livered, hwir-liverd, a. জীক ; Cowardly .— ইবাণৰ , Malicious. White-man, s. ইয়োজ; European. White-metal, s. মুগনী (বাড়)!

White money—বোক টালা; আছলি নিজি প্রভৃতি।
Whiten, hwiten, w. f. প্রত্ত-কৃ; বেত্বৰ্ণ-কৃ; To
make white; to bleach:—ববলিত-কৃ; বোলাই-কৃ:
— v. i. প্রত্ত-কৃ; ব্যলা-কৃ; To become white.

Whiteness, n. एकडा : বেতৰ ; পৰিৱতা ; সিটকারি । White ribbon-শাবাদি-সংকীয় সংব্য চিক্ ।

White-rose, z. সাধা খোলাগ :

Whites, n. প্ৰদন্ত ; Leucorrhea. [ টুনের বিদ্রী । White-smith, n. বে কাষার লৌহ ক্রবা পালিস করে ; White staff—প্রধান ধ্বাধাকের পদ্চিত্ত অরপ কোঁটা। White-swelling, n. প্রতি শোখ ; A disease of the joints, especially the knee.

White-wash, hwi(wosh, n. চৃণকান; কৰিলোলা; কলিব জন; Composition of lime and water for whitening walls:—v. t. কলি কেরান; কলি-দে, চৃণকান-ফু; Cover with white-wash:—উপার উপার দাক করা; ভাল বেগান; To give a fair appearance:—গা হইতে সুক্ত-ফু; Got rid of creditors by insolvency:—বোৰ ইইতে সুক্ত-ফু; To acquit a person of any dishonourable practice; to soften or gloss over a fault.

Whitewash as Ethiopian—বা হইবার নহে এখন কোন চেট্টা-কু; Make a hopciess attempt.

White-wine, hwit'-win n. পরিকার মধ্য বিশেষ ; A transparent coloured wine.

White-woman, a. বেচৰার ব্লাবোৰ; Weman of the white races.

Whither, hwither, ad. coint; coin oten; conta; conta; conta; contain. To what place, to which place.

Whithersoever, hwith-er-soever, ad. (4 (4))

Whiting, n. চা-ৰডি চুৰ ; Ground chalk, cleaned from stong matter :—সামুদ্রিক মংস্ত বিশেষ ; A small sea-fish.

Whitish, hwitish, a. কিনং গুল; বাণুল; বেডাভ; নাদানিনা; কতকটা নাদা, Somewhat white. n= whitishness (নাদাটিনা ভাব )।

Whitlow, burto, n. আসুলহাড়া; নবরণ; নবরণ; নবরণ; নবরণ; নবরণ; নবর্ল; Painful inflammation on the finger; painful swelling on the finger.

Whitsun, hwit-sun, a. উৎসব সম্বনীয় ; Pertaining to or observed at whitsun-tidz.

Whit-sunday, প. খুৱানদিগের পর্বা বিশেষ; Suntide the 7th Sunday after Ester, 15th May.

Whittle, hwill, v. t. চুরি ছারা কর্তন-কৃ; চুরি ছারা ছোলা বা চাঁচা; To pare or cut with a knife:—u. চুরিকা; চুরি; বোডা চুরি; A small knife:—স্রীলোকের পশনী গাত্র বস্ত্র বিশেষ।

Whis, n. নোঁ সোঁ পজ; গন পন পজ; গন্ধনানি;
A hissing sound of an arrow:—v.i. সোঁ সেলুফু; পন পৰ পজ-ছ; ভীর বা গুলির মত পজ করিয়া চুটা;
To make a hissing sound, like an arrow or ball flying through the air.

Whissingly, ad. সোঁ সোঁ কৰিয়া; শৰ্ শৰ্ শৰ্পক্ৰ। Who, hoo, pro. বে; বে বাছাৱা; কে, কোৰ্ ব্যক্তি; Applied to persons; what person or persons.

Whoever, hoo-ever, pro. त्य त्वह ; त्व त्वांन वृश्विः ; ज्ञ वृश्विः त्व ; Whatever person.

Whole, hol, a. [ A. S. hal, healthy ] अयुगंत ; नमई ; मन्द्र ; मन्

tise; total:—ফটাইন; Not defective:—সম্পূ; All complete:—বৰুড; ব্ৰিকৃত; Unimpaired:— মুড়; ব্ৰুড়; Sound in health; in a sound state: —ম. স্বৃদ্ধি ক্ৰা; ব্ৰুড়া; The entire thing; total system. Syn:—(a) Sound, well, healthy; unbroken, uninjured, perfect, good, firm, strong; all, total; universal, integral, undivided, entire. (n) Amount, aggregate, gross, sum, totality.

As a whole—ৰোটের উপর ধরিলে; নোট ধরিলে; বোটাষ্ট; in its entirely and not considered with reference to details—taken collectively. A whole number—অভশ্ব সংবা!

On the whole—নোটে; নোটের উপর: ফলত:; বোটাম্ট থবিলে; নোটের নাথার; Considering all the circumstances; taking everything into consideration.

Whole-blood, n. সমসুক্রণোণিড; একই মাডাণিডার অংশ।

Whole-length, a. প্রা; আপাদ্যক্ত :—n. প্রা Whole-meal, n. ভূষিদার আটা;

Wholeness, hölnes, n. প্ৰতা; ক্ষতা; State of being whole or sound. Syn:—Entireness, completeness; soundness, healthiness.

Wholesale, hoisal, ম. মোট বিজয়; পাইকেরী বিক্রী; থোক বিক্রী; Sale of goods by the whole piece or large quantity:—a. পাইকেরী; বছপরিবিড; Pertaining to wholesale. [ mass.

By wholesale—মোটে ; পাইকেনী পরিমাণে ; In the Wholesale price—পাইকেনী দাম বা মুল্য।

Wholesome, holsum, a. বৃষ্ণ; বাষ্ট্যকর; বাষ্ট্যকর; Healthy; sound; having health:—উপকারী, Useful:—উপকারী; হিতকর; Salubrious; salutary. n=wholesomeness. ad=wholesomely.
Syn:—Healthful; nourishing, nutritious, beneficial, good.

Wholesomeness, holsum-nes, n. ৰাষ্ট্ৰকৰকা; হিতৰ্বতা, The state or quality of being wholesome. Syn:—Salubrity, heathfulness, salutariness.
[ কারে: Altogether.

Wholly, ad. সন্থক, সম্পূৰ্বপে; Entirely:—সমৃWhom, hoom, pro. নাহাকে; বাহাদিগকে; কাহাদে;
কাহাদিগকে; Objective case of who.

Whom-soever, hoom-so-ever, pro. ৰাহাকে হউৰ না; বে ফোনৰ ব্যক্তি ঘাহাকে; Objective case of who-soever-

Whoop, hwoop, n. চীংকার্কানি; সিংকান; A shout of pursuit or war; a loud enthusiastic cry, a halloo:—৩. f. চীংকার-কু; চেচান; To cry out loudly; to make shout:—৩. f. চীংকার ক্রিয়া অপ্যানিত-কু; To insult with shouts. Syn:—(৩) Shout, halloo, yell; hoot.

Whooping, n. डेक नंस करने।

Whooping-cough, hooping-kof, n. বালকদের হাপানি কালি; যুড়ে বোগ; উৎকাল; A convulsive cough of children.

Whore, hor, s. (49); sisissi; sistempet; A harlot; prostitute; courtesan; strumpet; wench; hussy; adulteress.

Whoredom, hōr'dum, ন. বাণাটা; ব্যক্তিচার ; Lewdness ; unlawful sexual commerce ; adultery ; idolatry.

Whoremonger, Whoremaster, s. पारिशंती :

লশ্ট; বেস্তাসক ব্যক্তি; A lewd man; a lecher; a pimp; one who keeps whores.

Whorish, a. जुलाहे : वहां : त्वज्ञामक : Lewd.

Whorl, hworl, n. Mailing wind; A number of leaves or followers in a circle round a stem.

Whorled, e. আবর্তিত ; পাক দেওরা।

Whortle-berry, n. बांद उ क्व वित्नंत ; A plant with a blue berry.

Whose, hooz, pro, वाहीद ; बाहारम्ब ; कोहान ; कोहान स्मत्र ; The possessive case of who or which.

Who-soever, hoo-so-ever, pro. (4 (4); (4) (4) (4); (5)

Why, hwired. কেন; কৈ জন্ত; কি নিবিত্ত; বে জন্ত; কে কানণ; For what reason; on which account; wherefore:—n. কারণ;

The reason why—হে কান্তং কোলও কিছু হৰ ভালা।
The why and wherefore of—একমান কান্তা;
কোন কিছুন সময় কান্তা; The whole and sole reason for (a thing).

Why so---কেন; আহা ভাবই।

Wick, wik, n. পণিতা; পণিতা; বর্তিকা; The thread of a candle or lamp which supplies the flame.

Wicked, wiked, a. [A. S. wican,, to fall away] ইট ; ছয়ায়া ; পাপী ; পাপিট ; গহিত ; Bad ; sinful, ungodly ; immoral ; roguish. n=wickedness ( ছটতা ; অধাধিকতা ) ; ad=wickedly ( অভাযপ্ৰক ; গহিতভাবে ) ! Syn :—Bad, ill, unjust, iniquitous, heinous, atrocious, nefarious, villainous, flagrant, flagitious, criminal, guilty; unrighteous, unholy, irreligious, prefane, vicious, profligate, abandoned.

Wiokedness, wiked-nes, n. ছুইডা; পাণাচার;
নাইডা; The state or quality of being wicked.
Syn:—Sin, evil, deprayity, criminality, iniquity, vice, baseness, villainy, irreligion, impiety, unholiness, ungodfiness; atrocity, enormity, flaritiousness.

Wicker, wiker, n. [ Icel, widir, willow ] কঞ্চি; নম্বীয় শাৰা; A small plant twig:—a. শাৰা নিশ্বিত; কঞ্চি নিৰ্মিত; Made of twigs or osier. Syn:—(n) Osier, withe.

Wicker-work, n. ৰোড়া, চাঁচ, দৰ্মা অভূতি কঞি হারা নির্মিত জবা ; Basket-work.

Wicket, wiket, n. কুড় বার; কাটা দৰলা; A small door or gate specially one forming part of a larger door or gate:—কণাট বস্তু; A hole in a door:—ক্ৰিকেট ধেলাৰ ভাষা; A small frame-work of rods usually three, to support the balls in playing.

Wide, wid, a. প্ৰথম ; চৰড়া; চটাল ; চৌড়া ; Broad:
—বিত্তাৰ্শ ; Vast:—পুৰুষ ; পুৰুষ রা ; Distant. n=
width; wideness (বিত্তার)! Syn:—Extensive,
spacious, vast, large, ample, comprehensive,
capacious, diffusive; remote.

A room eight feet wide—बाहे कि शर् बकी। Far and wide—ब्रक्त गर्वाच हाविक्टिक ।

The wide world over—সৰত পৃথিবীতে; Over the whole world.

Wide as the poles ssunder—আকাৰ পাডাৰ ডকাং; Widedly different, diametrically opposed. Wide from —পুৰস্থ; Remote. Wide of the mark—जनगः नका स्टेस्ड पुत्रस्तीः; Incorrect ; erroneous ; remote from the truth.

Wide apart—পরশব হইতে অভি পুরস্থ ; Far from each other ; widely separated.

Wide awake — সন্ধারণে আগন্তিত; সন্ধ্ আগন্তিত; যতমূর হইতে হয় ইসিয়ার বা সতর্ক; অত্যন্ত সতর্ক; চতুর; Quite awake; thoroughly on the watch; sharp; on the alert.

Widely, ad. वहरूत गर्वाच ; Far :--वहरूच ; Very much :-- अनवस्राग ; Broadly.

Wide-apread, a. চতুদিনে বিশ্বত ; পুৰুষবাৰি। Wide-mouthed, a. অণৱসুধ।

Widen, widn, v. t. প্রশন্ত : চৰড়া-তৃ ; To make wide :—v. i. প্রশন্ত : চৰড়া-ত্ ; To grow wide. Widgeon, widjun, n. হংসের স্তান অসমত পকী ; A

waterfowl. Widow, wido, n. विषयां : व्यवद्याः चांबीहीमा व्यवद्याः

A woman whose husband is dead. A grass widow—বামীৰপুৰ পরিভাকা হী।

Widowed, a. अनावा ; देववतावद्यां था था

Widower, widoer, n. व राक्तित को मित्रा त्रित्रांह ; A man whose wife is dead.

Widow-hood, wido-hood, n. रेक्श्वावश्चा ; रेक्श्वा-वना ; The state of being a widow.

Widow-hunter, n. धनी विधवादक वि विषाद कहिएक हारह; One who seeks a rich widow as a wife.

Widow's weeds, n. pl. विश्वाद ग्रीडाइम : Mourning of a widow. [ Wideness.

Width, width, n. ধানতা; ওসার; বহন; বিভার; Wield, weld, v. t. [ A. S. wealdan, to rule ] নাবহার-ক; নিয়মিত-ক; To manage; to use:— ধানে-ক; চালান; To bandle. n=wielder ( চালক; বাবহারক)। Syn:—Swing, sway, brandish; manage, handle, control.

Wield the sceptre—ৰাজ্যত চালনা-ড়; ৰাজ্যতার বহন-ড়, To exercise royal authority.

Wieldy, weldi, a. প্রিচালনীয়; ব্যবহার-বোগ;, Munageable. [pl=wives. Wife, wif, π. हो , পছী; ভার্বা; A married woman. Be (or become) man and wife—বিবাহ-হ; Be married.

Give to wife--বিবাহ-দে; পদ্মীতে সম্প্রদান-কু: Take to wife--বিবাহ-কু; পদ্মীতে গ্রহণ-কু; Marry (a wife).

Wife-hood, স. পদ্মীয়।

Wife-less, দ পদ্মীন ; গৃহপুঞ্জ ; Without a wife. Wifely, Wife-like, a. ত্রীর উপবৃক্ত ; ভার্গার অধুকণ ; Becoming a wife.

Wife-ridden, a. বৈণ; স্তীতে অনুমঞ্চা; ভার্যারোহিছা। Wig, wig, n. পরচুলা; উপকেল; An artificial covering of hair for the head; periwig:—v. f. ভংগনা-ফ। a=wigged. [wig. Wigged, a. পরচুলা-গরা; পরচুলধারী; Wearing a Wight, wit, n. ন্যক্তি; লোক; অন; A person; a man; a being. [কুটার; An Indian hut. Wigwam, wigwam, n. আমেদিকার অনভাপিনের Wild, wild, a বড়; অসলিয়া; অপোষা; Not tamed;

Wild, wild, ব বন্ধ ; ৰক্ষাৰয় ; আপোৱা ; Not tamed ; not domesticated :—পৌৱার ; Rash :—আকৃষ্টিভ ; Not cultivated :—আকৃষ্ট ; শোলা ; Violent :—ব্যক্তিচারী ; Licentious :—অবশীল ; Roving ; wandering :—я. ক্ষাৰ ; বন ; মহাকৃষি ; অসভা হাব ; A forest ; a de-

Bun wild—ৰতাত্ত-হ; অবাধাতাৰে চলা; অবিনীততাবে বাকা; ছুটিয়া বেড়ান; To be unrestrained; to
be unreasonable, unlimited.

Sow one's wild oats—ইক্সিন্সেরবার কাল হরণ-তৃ; বৌৰনস্থাত আমোদ-তৃ; বৰ্ণেরালি-তৃ, To pass through a season of wild or thoughtless dissipation, as in youth.

Wild-est, म. वन-विहान ; पेटीन ।

Wilder, v. t. विकास-इ : To bewilder.

Wilderness, wilder-nes, n. मज़्जूनि ; विकासायण ; পথरीन हान ; A desert ; a waste. Syn :--Waste, wild. [rable tombs.

Wilderness of tombs— चनः वादः । Innume-Wild-fire, wildfir, त. बर अवात गांव नागं, देश अवनिष्ठ रहेल निवादेश्य नाता ना ; A composition of inflammable materials which when inflamed is very hard to quench; a kind of lightning at intervals.

Ply (or run or spread) like wild-fire-क्ष्मिक वाध-इ; Spread very fast, irresistably spread fast like fire which is hard to be extinguished.

Wild-goose, n. वज्ञ-रूप ।

A wild goose chase—ছুম্মাণ্য বা অভিকিংকর বস্তুর প্রতি অমুধাবন , হুধা চেন্তা ; অসাধ্য সাধ্যনের চেন্তা ; না বুৰিয়াকোন বিধরের অন্তক্তরণ ; Pursuit after something unlikely to be obtained or something of little value ; vain attempt.

Wilding, স. বন্ধ কল বিশেষ ; A wild crab-apple : Wild land, স. অক্ষিত ক্রমি।

Wildly, wildle, ad. ব্যুখাব ; অসহাভাবে ; অবস্থ-প্ৰায় ; in a wild manner or condition. Syn :— Heedlessly, capriciously, extravag intly.

Wildness, wildnes, n. বক্ততা; অসভাতা, পাগলামি, State or quality of being wild. Svn:---Rudeness, savageness; irregularity, looseness, violence.

Wild-pigeon, n. বস্ত কপোত।

Wile, wil, n. চল, প্রভাৱৰা, চাত্রি; বুর্তা; A trick, a sly artifice. a=wileful (তলপুর্গ): Syn:—Lure, artifice, stratagem, deceit, imposition, ruse, fetch, manoeuvre; guile, craft, cunning. Wilful, wilfool, a. একত্বে, বেচ্ছাচারী; Obstinate; stabborn; done by design. ad—wilfully (ইছা করিয়া): Syn:—Perverse, refractory, headstrong; dogged.

Wilfulness, willool-nes, n. বেজাচাৰিতা; একভরেম ; Quality of being wilful. Syn:—Obstinacy, stubbornness, perverseness. [cunning.
Wiliness, n. চাত্রাপুর্ব শঠতা; Craftiness;
Will, wil, n. ইজাবৃত্তি; বেলুটা; ইজাপিছি;
Volition, the power of choosing:—ইজা; পছল;
Choice; determination:—আবোদ: Pleasure:—
ক্রম; আবেশ, Command:—আবিস্বিনিবোগ; Testament:—ইজাপত্র; দানপত্র; The written document containing such:—v.:. ইজাক; পছলক;
আভিযান-কৃ; To exersise the will:—ছব্ম-ড়;

আবেশ-কৃ: To decree : ইম্কুক ; To be willing :

— খ. গ্ৰেম্ব-কৃ: ইম্ছা-কৃ: বাধা-কৃ: To determine;
to be resolved to do:—আবেশ-কৃ: To command:—উইল-কৃ: ইম্ছা-শ্ৰেম বাধা বাধ-কৃ: To
dispose of by will. Syn:—(n) Volition; determination, choice; discretion, good pleasure;
wish, desire, inclination; disposition. (খ)
Ordain, direct; bequeath, devise, demise;
choose, elect, desire, wish.

A tenant at will—Bel etel; five etel; A tenant who holds his estate at the will of another and is liable to be ousted at any time by the proprietors.

At will—বেছার; ইছার্সাবে; At the will or mere pleasure of another.

Freedom of the will—খাধীন ইচ্ছা; প্ৰবৃত্তি বা ইচ্ছার খাধীনতা; The doctrine of the freedom of the human will, as opposed to the doctrine of necessity.

Good will—অনুমাই; দলা; উপচিনীবা; Favour; Good will of a business—পশার; ব্যবসাবের পদার; খ্যান্ডি, Business connections and other advantages, so far as they can be disposed of. Have one's will—আগনার ইচ্ছানত কার্য-ত্ত্ব; To obtain what is desired.

Ill will—শক্তভা , ধেৰ , Enmity.

Iron will—হুৰ্জের মনেব বল ; Inflexible will, indomitable determination.

Will away—আপনার সন্তানসন্ততি ভিন্ন অপরকে বিষয় উইল করিয়া দেওয়া, Leave property to other than the natural heirs or parties originally intended. Will ye Will ye—ইচ্ছা থাকুক বা নাই থাকুক; Willing or not willing

With a will - हेव्हा श्री क, जा अहमहकार ।

Work one's will-वाननात हैकामर कर्ष-क।

Willing, wiling, a ইছুক, সম্বতি, রাজি: Disposed; desirous, choosen. ad—willingly (ইজাপুর্বাক), n=willingness (মডিপ্রার)! Syn:—Minded, inclined, ready, spontaneous.

Willo-the-wips, n. जात्नत्रा ।

Willow, wito, n. तुक वित्नव ; A tree.

Will-worship, n. আন্ত সংস্থার; Superstitious observance.

Wilsome, a. এक छेटन, Stubborn .— जनम ; यून । Wilt, ind. person sing of will.

Wily, with, a. ধুৰ্ত্ত ; পঠ , চতুর , Sly, artful, cunning, crafty. n=wiliness (পঠতা) !

Wimble, n ত্ৰিপুণ; ছিত্ৰ কৰণ শ্বস্ত; An instrument for borning holes:—v. t. ছিত্ৰ-কৃ; To bore with a wimble.

Wimple, n. গাল ও গণার আছাদল বয়; A hood folded round the neck and face:—v. t. খোদটা টানা .—ভাল-তু:—ভরসবং খাবা।

Win, win, v. f. [A. S. winnan, to strive] জন্ম লাভ-কৃ; জন-কৃ; To gain by success in contest; to obtain the victory; to gain in competition:
—জন্মই লাভ-কৃ; To obtain the favour of:
ক্মিল্ড-কৃ, ভূই-কৃ; To adhere to kindness:—v. f.
ক্ম লাভ-কৃ; সকল-হ; কৃডকাৰ্যা-কৃ; To gain the victory:—জনুমাই লাভ-কৃ; To gain favour:—n. জন;
দিন্ধা Syn:—(v) Get, obtain, procure, earn,

achieve, conquer, acquire; allure, conciliate, attract, engage. { admiration of others. Win golden opnions—अन्तिष्ठ-र; Win the Win on—वारिन्छ-ना; वर्ष्यस्त्री।

Win one's spurs—wiridit er armie-; To obtain position or fame by one's exertions.

Win one's way-পরিজন ছারা উত্ততি-কৃ; Advance to some desired end by steady industry.

Win over—নিজের দিকে আনা; Persuade to change sides or opinions.

Win the day--कृष्ठकांश-र ; महत-र ; बरवांष-कृ ; बरो-र : Gain the victory.

Win the laurels - को इ; कत्रनाष-इ; Win the victory; achieve success.

Wince, wins, ए. i. স্মুচিত হইরা পশ্চাতে-বা; হটিরা-বা; To shrink as in pain er from a blow; to start back:—ছট্পট্-কু; অন্থির-হ:—ল. সভোচ; কাতরানি।

Wincey, n. প্ৰমের টানা ও প্তাব পড়েন ধরানা Winch, n. চরকি-কলেয় হাতল ; ছিপের হইল।

Wind, wind, n. বায়ু; বাড; হাওয়া; বাডাস; Air in motion:—নিবাস; Breath:—বেটন; পাক:—উদরস্থ বায়ু; তুর্গন্ধ বায়ু; পাদ; পেট কাপা; Flatulence:— বাকে কথা; জনর্থক বাঝা; Empty, talk:—v.t.— (wind) বাডাস-বে; বাডাস লাগান, To blow:—পাক-বে; স্থাপ: To turn round:—অডান; কের-বে; To coil:—পরিবর্জন-কু; ববল-কু; To change:—বেইন-কু; To encircle:—বায়ুমুব রাখা; To expose to the wind:—বেদন-কু; নিবাস কেলিভে সময়-বে: To knock the breath out of:—বেটানতে প্রাত-কু; Beat in running:—v. গে আবর্জন-কু; মুরা; To turn round:—পাক লাগা; ভড়ান, To twist. Syn:—(v) Coil, twine, twist. meander.

A fair wind—অনুকৃত্ৰ বাৰু , A propitious wind.
A wind egg—বাৎয়া ভিনঃ ( হবঃ
A wind instrument—বে বাদ্য বন্ধু দিয়া বাজান

A wind instrument—বে বাদ্য বাদ্ধ কৃষিণ বাজান Be in the wind—কোন কিছু হাওবাদ উঠিতেছে; হাওবাদ উঠা; সম্ভবপদ বিবেচিত বা ক্ষিত হওৱা; Be in preparation; be brewing.

Be tossed to the wind—কিছুই নয় বলিয়া ছুড়ে কেলে-কে; Be flung or thrown away as of no moment.

Between wind and water—টিক দিকে; On the right side, in the right direction:—বিগদক্ষক অবহার সঙ্গীন হানে; Exactly in the right line, as along the wave line of a ship; in a critical spot, so as to damage:—বেখানে আঘাত করিলে বড় লালে; In the most susceptible part:—কাহাজের তলা কিবো পার্বদেশের বে ভাগ প্রায়ই জলের নীচে থাকে, সেই হানে; In the dangerous part.

Down the winds—প্ৰক্ষাৰ বাবুৰ দিকে : Get wind of—সংবাদ পাৰৱা; সন্ধান-পা; ৰানিতে পাৰা; Get information about, learn about.

Go to the winds—ছিত্ৰ ভিত্ৰ হইলা বাওলা; Be dissipated, be utterly lost.

In the wind—কোন অনিষ্টপাতের আপক; Brewing, about to happen:—কোন কৰা পাই জানা বায় নাই আৰচ হাৰয়ার উটিমাছে; In the air, be going about though not amounced.

In the wind's eye—এবহৰান বাৰুষ বিপয়ীত দিকে। Baise the wind—টাকা ভোৱা; অৰ্থ সংগ্ৰহ-কু; Procure money. Sits the wind in that corner, Sets the wind that way—vivin for the victor; vigit for all for Are thing standing that way; are things coming to that,

Take (or get) wind—একাণিড-হ; একাণ হইরা পড়া;
Be divulged; become known; become public.
Take (or have) the wind—হ্ৰিণা লাভ-ফু; সুবিদা
পাঙ্যা বা লব্যা; To gain or have the advantage.
Take the wind out of one's sail—বাভান
আটকাইয়া ধন্দবা খাঙ্যাইয়া কেন্দ্ৰা; প্ৰভানা-ফু; বৰ্ষফু; ব্ৰু ক্ৰিয়া-কে; Circumvent; bring down.

Take the wind out of the sails of—কাছিল-কু; বল হরণ-কু; Take away the strength of:— কোন কিছুন শ্ৰেষ্ঠত্ব থাকা; Gain the advantage.

The four wind of heaven—চারিদিক।
The wind bell—হাওয়া পড়ে গেছে; The fury of
the wind abated. [hard drinking,
Three sheets in the wind—Unsteady from
Wind and weather permitting—হুবোগ না
হইলে; কটকাদি প্রতিবন্ধক না ঘটিলে; কোনরূপ প্রতিবন্ধক
না ঘটিলে; If the weather does not prevent;
obstacles... [roll; to uncoil.

Wind off –পাক খোলা ; শুডাৰ বস্তু খোলা ; To un-Wind out –মুক্ত-কু ; Extricate.

Wind up—কোন ব্ৰেনা ডুলে কেলা; Close up, as one's business affairs:—সমাপ্ত-কৃ; শেব-কৃ; উপসংহার বন্ধপ কিছু বলিয়া শেব-কৃ, Conclude:—বড়ির
লম-দে; Wind the spring of a watch or clock:
বাহা বিকল চইবাতে তাহা দোরস্ত করিয়া দেওয়া; পুনরাব
চালিত-কৃ; Put in order anew:—কড়াইছা ডেটি
বাবা; ডড়ান; গুটান, Roll into a hall or coil.

Windage, windaj, n ৰামানের ও তাহার গোলাগুলিব ছিন্তায়তনের তাবতমা, The difference between the diameter of the bore of the gun and that of the ball shot from it.

Wind-bag, n. বাৰু ছাৱা ছীত খলিয়া; বাৰুপুৰ্ণ থলে.
A bag filled with air:—অসার বন্ধ; Something
hollow or unsubstantial:—জনক; An empty
talker.

Wind-bound, wind'bownd, a. প্রভিত্ন বায়ু ছারা বছ ; বায়ুবৰ্ছ ; Prevented by contrary winds. Wind-broken, a. হাপানি রোগঞ্জ ; Diseased in the breath.

Wind-changing, a. हक्त ; Fickle.

Wind-dropsy, n. পেট শাপা ; Tympanites.

Wind-fell, windiawl, দ. বাবু পাতিত কলাদি , Fruit blown off a tree—অনপেকিত বা অভাবনীয় লাভ বা প্ৰান্তি ; বাহা অকলাং অৰ্ণে ; An unexpected gain.

Wind-gauge, wind'go], ন. বার্ম গতি পরিমাপক বয় ; বার্মান বয় ; Anemometer.

Wind-god, n. প्रव-(एव।

Winding, wind'ing, n. বোড়; বীৰ; বোর; A bend:—a. বক; পাৰাব; Twisting or bending from a direct line. Syn:—(a) Sinuous, flexuous, meandering, serpentine.

Winding sheet, n. नवाक्षावन: Sheet or cloth in which a dead body is wound or wrapped. Wind-instument, n. वागवड विदयव; Musical

instrument played by the breath.

Windlass, n. safe an; can windle us; A machine for raising weights, consisting of a revolving cylinder.

Wind-mill, wind'-mil, स. नामू पानी प्राणित नव पा कम : A mill turned by the wind.

Windness, स. चारुप्रेडा ; क्योंकि ; क्यान ।

Window, wind's, গ. বাজারব; বাবাগা; গবাৰ; বড়-বড়ি; Opening in a wall for light. [clouds. Windows of heaven—বেষ; Clouds, rain Window-blind, n. গবাৰ; A blind to shut out of a light window.

Window-shade-वामानात भन्ना ।

Window-shutter--- वस्विक् विव्धिति ।

Wind-pipe, wind'pip, n. ঘাননানী: নিঘানের পথ; Trachea; the passage for the breath to and from the lungs.

Windup, a. शहनवांचि ; त्व ।

Windward, windward, a. বাবুর দিকে অবস্থিত;
বাবুর অভিমুখে; Toward the wind:—ad প্রবহনান
বাবুর বিপরীত দিকে; বাবুর অভিমুখে, Toward where
the wind blows from:—n. বে দিক হইতে বাবু বহে
কেই দিক; The point from which the wind blows
To lay an anchor to the windward—পূর্বে
সাবধান-ই; To adopt previous or anticiputary
measures for success or security.

Windy, wind'e, a. বার্ষর; বাব্সুব, Consisting of wind:—ৰটিকাৰ্জ, ৰটিকাৰর, Tempestuous; stormy:—পুজ; Empty. Syn:—Breezy, squally, stormy; empty, airy, flatulent.

Wine, win, n. মণা : মণ ; হারা ; মণিয়া , A liquor. Spirit of wine— হারাণ ।

Wine-bibber, win biber, n. মাতাল, মদাপাৰী,
'One who drinks wine to excess; a great drinker of wine, a drunkard.

Wine-celler, #. মদের ভগাম। Wine-glass, # কৃত্র পানপাত্র।

Wine-merchant, m. मन-विद्वन्ता ; जेली !

Wine-tester, n. मण्-भन्नीकक; One who judges of wines.

Wing, wing, ন. ডানা , পক; পাধা; One of the limbs with which a fowl or insect flies — উডন; উজ্জেৱন , উর্জ্ব গাবন , Flight:—পার্থক গৃহ; সৈকের পার্থ; Side of an army, ship, building &c.:—
আআর; Protection:—v. t. পক্ষযুক্ত-কৃ; পক্ষিপিটিকৃ; উড়িডে সক্ষ-কৃ, To furnish with wings. Syn:
—(n) Pennon, pinion, side piece, flank,

Clip one's wings—পক ছেগৰ করিরা সমন-কৃ ৷ Give to wing—পলাইবার পাঁজ অদান-কৃ , Enable one to fly or move with celerity.

On the wing—উড়িতে উল্গত; উড়িতে উড়িতে, উড়্ডীব-মাৰ্ম; চলিতাবছা; Flying:—বাইবার উপক্রম; About to start. [the utmost velocity.

On the wings of the mind—অতি ঘরার ; With On the wings of the wind—নিরতিশন বেলে !

Take wing—উড়িয়া বাওবা ; Fly away. Under the wing—ভব্যবানে ; আন্ত্ৰে :

Wing a flight-- উড়িবার চেটা-ক ; উড়িরা-বা ; উড়িবার नकि চানবা-ক ; Exert the power of flying.

Winged, a. ভাষাযুক্ত ; পঞ্চবিপিষ্ট ; Furnished with wings :—ফড ; Swift :—আহত পক্ষ ; Wounded in the wing.

Wink, v. i. চমু বিট্ মিট্-ড়; সম্বর চনু মুজিভ-ড়; To blink; move the eye-lids quickly:—মেখিয়াও না বেশার ভাগ-ড়; To seem not to see:—ইসারা করা, গোক টিগা; To give a hint by winking :— চ ই.
সম্বৰ প্ৰ: প্ৰ: নিৰীলিত ও উন্মীলিত-ড় :— ম চকু বিট্
বিট্ করণ; চোক টিগনি; Act of winking :—ইনিড;
ইসারা, A hint given by winking.

A wink of sleep—একটুও ব্ন। Forty winks—কণিক নিত্ৰী।

Wink at--(त्रियाच ना (चर्चा ; रुक्त् बृत्तिया केल्यान्य ; Pretend not to see :--चदत्र मा लख्ता ; Avoid taking notice of.

Winking, n. প্ৰক। [who wins in contest. Winner, winer, n. बाরী: প্রতিবাধিতার জনী: One Winning, wining, a. চিতাকর্কক; মনের আকর্ষকারী: Attracting:—n. প্রতিবাধিতার লাভ: What is gained in contest, labour &c:—pl. উপার্জন । ১৮৪ :—(a) Attractive, alluring, engaging, charming, bewitching, fascinating. [জেডা হয়। A winning post—বে পর্বাস্ত বৌছিলে লোডের বাজি Winnow, wino, v. f. [L. vannare, to fan] পাছ-ডান; বাতানে তুর উডাইনা-দে; বাতান দিরা আগড়া খাডা; বাতান-কৃ: প্থক-কৃ, To separate the chaff from the grain by wind:—গরীকা-কৃ; To examine:—v. f. তুর উডাইনা-দে; To separate chaff from grain. ১৮॥:—Fan, separate, part, sift.

Winnowing, ন. পাছডাৰ কাজ; মাডৰ ৷
Winsome, a. আহ্বাদপূৰ্ণ, Cheerful, light-hearted:—চিন্তাকৰ্বক; মনোহৰ; Attractive. Syn:—
Merry, gay, blithe, agreeable, pleasant.

Winter, winter, n. শীতকাল; কাড়কাল; হিমৰজু;
The cold season of the year:—v. i. শীতৰতু অতিবাহিত-কু; শীতকাল কাটাল; To pass the winter:—v.
t. শীতকালে বাওয়ান, To feed during the winter.
Winter-quarters—দেনাগলের শীতকালীৰ আভ্ডা;

Winter-quarters—(সনাগরের নাতবারার বাজ্ঞা; The quaters of an army during the winter :— পুতাবাদ ; A winter residence.

Winter solstice, n. December 21.

Wintery, Winterly, Wintry, win'tre, a. নিডোপৰ্জ ে হৈমন্ত , নিডলাল সদৃশ ; নিডল ; Suitable to winter, resembling winter; cold :—ৰচিবাৰ্জ ; Stormy. Syn .—Cold, brumal, hyemal, snowy, frosty, icy.

Wipe, wip, v. t. মুছা; পৌছা; পরিছার-কু; To clean by gentle rubbing; to clear off:—n. মুছন; 
চাটা। Syn —Cleaning, blow, stroke, hit; gibe, jeer, taunt.

Wipe off, (out, away)—কোন দাগ উঠাইবা কেলা ; নগড়াইবা ডোলা ; কলম্ব অপনীত-কু ; Cleanse , remove , obliterate , efface.

Wipe off old scores—বহুদিনের দেনা পরিলোগকু; To pay long standing debts.

Wiper, n. মাৰ্ক্ষনী; ঝাডন; নেক্ডা;—পরিকারক:
Wire, war, n. ডব্ৰ; ডাড; A thread of metal:—
ডাডিড বার্ডাবহ; Electric telegraph:—৬. t. ডার
দিয়া বাবা, ডারবুক্ড ডারে ধবর-ফু; To bind or supply
with wire; to telegraph.

Wiredraw, wir'draw, v. f. তার নির্দাণ-কু; বাড়াইবা তার-কু; বাড়াইবা লখা-কু; To draw into wire; to draw or spin out to a great length.

Wire-fence, n. তারের বেড়া।

Ware-gauge, n. তার টানা বাবরী।

Wire-puller, n. চকী; An intrigner. Wiry, a. নমনীয় ও অভনুষ; Flexible and tough:— ভাষ নিৰ্দিত; ভৱনয়; Made of or like wires, Wis, v. f. (quant-s; wint; To think; to know.

Wisdom, wildum, w. offer; forest; aft; Right use of knowledge; knowledge gained from experience; learning. Syn:—Sense, judgment, sagacity, prudence, judiciousness, discretion, circumspection, enlightenment; reason, reasonableness, expediency, propriety.

The wisdom tooth—witen the !

Wise, wiz, a. জানী; পরিণামণনী, বিজ্ঞ; প্রেমীণ; Sagacious; having the power of judgment correctly:—জানী; Learned:—চতুর; নিশুণ; Skuful:—জানপূর্ণ; Dictated by wisdom; containing wisdom:—n. প্রেমার; রূপ; ধারা; রকন. Way; manner; mode; guise. Syn:—(a) Sensible, sapient, judicious, discreet, sage; erudite. dexterous, politic, crefty, prudent; knowing, designing; rational, reasonable, sound.

In any wise—ৰে কোনত ক্লেণ . In any way. In no wise—কোন রক্ষেই নতে ; In no way.

Wise in one's generation—वार्थ नवरक हिंदूह ; Prudent in respect of one's own interests.

Wiscacro, wifa-ker, n. নিকোধ ব্যক্তি; জামাতি-বানী; বৃদ্ধিবস্তার ভাগকারী; A simpleton; one who makes undue pretensions to wiscom.

Wisely, ad. दुक्सियात्व मठ।

Wish, wish, v. i. ইছা-হ; ইছুৰ-হ; অভিলাৰী-হ;
To have a desire; to long:—v. f. ইছা-ক, প্তকু; বানবা-কু; To desire; to long for —n. ইছা;
অভিলাৰ; Desire; longing. Syn:—(v) List,
hanker, yearn, long for; crave, covet. (n)
Longing, mind, liking, hankering; request,
petition, imprecation.

The wish is father to the thought—কমাণত কোন বিষয়ে ভাবিলে বা জালা কৰিলে দেই আলামুকণ কালা ক্ষিতে মনে মনে এই বিষয়িন-হ, The desire to do a thing or to have it generates a belief that things will eventually turn out as desired.

Wishable, a. आर्थनीत ; व्यक्तिपनीत ।

Wished-for, a. गांक्फ ; हेहे ।

Wisher, দ. প্রার্থী ; ইচ্ছুক।

Wishful, wish'fool, a. ইকুক, বার; Having desire; eager. n=wishfulness (ব্যৱহা)। ad=wishfully (ব্যৱহাপুৰ্কক)।

Wishy-washy, a. प्रस्त ; निरम्भ : निरम्भेन . Weak ; very thin ; feeble.

Wisp, wisp, n. (ৰড বা ড্লের) আটি, গুছু; A small bundle of straw or hay.

Wistful, wistlool, a. চিত্তাশীল, চিত্তাগুক;
Thoughtful:—উৎদাষী; ব্যব; উৎস্ক; Earnest.
ad—wistfully (সভ্কতাকে); n=wistfulness
(ব্যবহা): Syn:—Contemplative, pensive, engrossed; longing, eager, wishtul.

Wit, wit, n. বুৰিভাৰি; বৃদ্ধি; জান; Understanding, intellect:—হাজ উদীপন করিবার ক্ষমতা, রসিকতা করিবার পাজি; The power of combining ideas with hidicrous effect:—বিচারপজি; Judgment:— প্রভিজ্ঞাপালী ব্যক্তি; Man of genius:—রসিক্ত কর্নক; Humourist; one who has wit.—n. pl. ক্ষম্বৃদ্ধি; উপাইত বৃদ্ধি: Soundness of mind; ingenuity:—v.t. or i. বিদিত বাকা; জানা; To know. Syn:—(n) Mind, sense; genius, ima-

gination, infenuity; humour, jocoseness, pleasantry.

At one's wit's end—কিংকৰ্ডন বিষ্কৃ-ই; হতম্বি-ই; কি করিতে হইবে কিছুই ব্ৰিডে বা পারা; দিশাহারা; Exhausted the last known contrivance or plan; at a loss what further step or measure to take; utterly bewildered or puzzled; utterly at a loss.

Frighten one out of one's wits—ভর বেবাইয়া হতস্থাৰ-কু; Frighten a person so as to confound him.

Have one's with about one—ব্ৰিডে ও কাল ক্রিডে ডংগ্র ; Be observant ; be quick at seeing and acting.

Live by one's wits—হে কোন উপাৰ বাবা নীৰিকা নিৰ্কাহ-কৃ; Live by shifts and expedients, as one without any regular occupation.

Mother wit—সংসার বৃদ্ধি , সহত্ত বৃদ্ধি ; বেপ বৃদ্ধি-কৃদ্ধি ; Common sense ; natural sagacity ; sound practical judgment. [mind.

Out of one's wits—विकनदृष्टि . Deranged in The five wits—পংকশ্বিদ !

To be out of one's wits—বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি বা কিন্ত-হ। To wit—অৰ্থাৎ , Namely ; that is to say.

Witch, wich, n. छाविनी , छाहेनी ; A woman who practises sorcery :—n. t. नुक-कृ ; बाह-कृ , To bewitch.

Witchcraft, wichkraft, n. লাছগিবি ; ডাকিনীবৃত্তি , মোহিনীশক্তি , Sorcery ; supernatural power

Witchery, wither-e, n সংস্থাতন , পুরস্ক , কাছ , মোত্ত করণ; Fascination. Syn —Sorcety, enchantment, witchcraft; spell, entrancement. Witching, n. মোত্তন।

The witching time-সন্মোচন কাল :

Witching hour—ছই প্ৰচ্য বাজি; Midnight; the hour suited to witchcraft.

Wit cracker—(को इककाओं , A jester , joker.

Witenagemote, Witenagemot, ন. বিজ্ঞসভা; ইংলভের প্রাচীন ব্যবস্থাপক সভা, The supreme council of England in the days of the Anglo-Saxons

With, with, prep. সহিত ; দক্ষে ; সহ ; সাথে ; থাৰা ;
By :—একজে, লটবা , Together : —বণ্যে ; Among :
—অব্যবহিত পথে ; Immediately after —বিকল্পে . In opposition to '—মতে , In the opinion of :—
সম্বন্ধে ; In connection :—পকে , On the side of :
—প্রতিষ্থিতা বা তুলনায় , In compitition or comparison.

With a bad grace-gate; anales; With be-

With a good grace—win site; state, With behaviour, decent and becoming.

With a high hand—বংগজানী ক্টরা; In an oppressive manner; tyrannically. [fully. With an eye of mercy—অনুনহণুৰ্গক, Merci-With a view to—অভিযানে; ইজ্যা; With the aim, with the intention or design.

With child-वदःत्रका : कर्सिनी ।

With closed doors—(नागत; न्वाहिक्साद; None being admitted; in secret.

With dry eyes - are at stan; at steat; Unaffected; without weeping. With heart and soul---नवीक्षण्यतः ; Heartily. With might and main--वर्गानावः ; नावावकः; With the utmost strength; with the utmost exertion.

With one accord—जनस्य : अन्तरण ; Unitedly.
With one consent—अनस्य ; Unitedly ; with
one accord.
With one's eyes open—जन्म : जानवान ; ObWith one's eyes shut—अन्नर्भ ; क्यांच्जास ;
Not observing ; not knowing ; in ignorance.

With open arms—त्युकारन ; Affectionately.
With (or by ) one's favour—वन्दरः ; भाव ;
By permission , with leave. [ Rapidly.

With rapid strides ক্ৰডবেগ; স্বৰণ্ঠিক; With the best intentions—ভাল অভিযানে; স্-অভিযানে, in kindness; meaning well.

With the exception of—गण्डितर ; गण्डे ; स्रह्मात ; स्रह

With one voice—এकन रहेशं; अक वरतः; United in opinion. [rise; very early. With the lark—आंटड; चांड अकृत्दः; At sun-With this understanding—वंति ; बहे कहारतः; With this agreement; provided that.

Withal, with-awi, ad. আরও; তৎসভিত; তাহার উপর; Likewise; moieover; at the sametime. Withdraw, with-draw', o. t. উঠাইলা-ল; ফিরিলা-

ন্ধান্ত্র কর্মন ক্রান্ত্র কর্মন ব্যাহর কর্মন ক্রান ক্রান কর্মন কর্মন ক্রান ক

Withdraw from—कोन किहू रहेरछ निश्चन वा निजय यांका; Retire from:—किहारिया जाना वा निज्या; Take back from.

Withe, with, n বেড; কঞ্চি, কঞ্চির ভোটা, A flexible twig; a band of twisted twigs.

Wither, with'er, v. i. [A. S. wyderu; withering] ७६-६; ज्ञान-६; जीवन-६; जीवन-६; To fade; to dry; to lose freshness; to shrink, to waste:
—. t. ७६-५. नहे ५, ज्ञान-५, To waste; to cause to dry up; to cause to decay. Syn:—Shrivel, dry up; decay, droop, languish, perish. Withered, p. a. প্রিয়ান; ৩६।

Withers, withers, n. pl. অংশর কছ বা প্রীবাছির সংবোগ : বোড়ার কল্কবের মধাবতী সন্ধিছান . The ridge between the shoulder-bones of a horse at the bottom of the neek. [the withers, as a horse. Wither-wrung—কল কড : Injured or hurt in Withhold, with-hold, v. t. সংবত-তৃ : বল-তৃ : আটক-তৃ : প্রতিরোধ-তৃ : To keep from : to hold back : to check : to restrain. n=with-holder (বল্লবিক) : Syn:—Rein in : retain . reserve. Withhold from—বা বেডরা ; Keep back from ; not to grant to.

Within, with'in. prep. ভিতৰে; অভাভৱে; মধ্যে; নীমাতিক্য না কৰিয়া; Inside of; in the reach of: ado. ভিতৰে; অভাভৱে; কোনও নীমার এছিকে; In the inner part; inwardly.

To live within one's means—আৰ মৃত ব্যয়-কু: আপুনার আমের বংগা চাপাব। Within an ace of—আৰ; অতি নিকটবর্তী; বটিবার উপক্রম হ; হ'ব হ'ব-হ; Almost; very nearly; very near; on the point of.

Within an inch of जांक निकाह ; Very near.
Within an inch of one's life—वृद्धात इत असलत कतिन बाहाद ; So severely as to being one very near death.

Within a stone's throw—हेट हुद्धिल वेड मूत्र वांत्र छाशतके मत्या, व्यवीद वेड मूत्र नत्यः; Within such a distance that a stone thrown by the hand may reach the object—not very far from.

Within bounds—नी बाब वरण ; Not extravagantly ; not beyond the limits.

Within call—এত কাছে বে ডাকিলে আনিতে পারে ; Near enough to be summoned to come.

Within doors—গৃহের ভিতরে; বটাতে; In the house.

Within ear-shot, within speaking distance—এডটুক ওলাতে বে কৰা তৰা বায়; Within reach of the ear that one's words may be heard. Within hail—ৰম্ভ পুরে; ভাকিলে তৰা বায় এমন নিকটে; Within a short distance; so near that persons accosting each other may be heard.

Within hall of - ভাকের মাধার।

Within hearing- इव कारह ; व्यक्ति निकटि ; With the distance at which sound may be heard.

Within musket-range—গোলাগুলি ছুড়িলে পৌলার এমন্তব স্থানের মধ্যে. Within the range of a shot.

Within range of—আগতের অধীনে; ভাষার মধ্যে; Within the compass, reach, or command of. Within reach—প্রাপ্তব্য; নাগাইলের মধ্যে; Able to be obtained.

Within the bonds of possibility—An emphatic expression for possible.

Without, with-ow'. prep. বাহিছে; Outside; out of:—সীমাতিক্রম করিবা; Beyond:—বিনা; In absence of:—বাতিবেক; বিনা, ব্যতীত; ছাডিবা, Except:—conj বদিনা; Unless.

It goes without saying—ভার আর কথা কি? ভা শীকার করিভেই হইবে; It is needless to say, it is undeniable.

To do without--जान-कृ : ছাডिया काल-कृ ।

Without a parallel—অতুল ; Unequal. Without a word—বাক্নিপতি না করিয়া ; কথা না

Without a word—गक्निणांख ना कविना; क्यां ना कविना।

Without beginning—वनानि ।

Without ceremony—विना चांड्यदः Unostentatiously; unceremoniously; informally.

Without day-- पिन ना क्लिजा।

Without end---वालव ; जनह ।

Without exception—দৰ্শেই; Universally; no one being excepted.

Without fail—নিশ্চমই; অন্তথা না করিয়া; বেখ ইচাতে কোন ক্রটি না হব; বেন এটা নিশ্চমই করা হয়; Certainly; positively; without any hesitation; without failure.

Without measure—ৰতাত ; ৰতিশন ; Innumerably ; excessively. [ fully. Without reserve—গোগন না করিয়া ; Freely and Without rhyme or reason—বিনা কারবে ; কারব ব্যতীত ; Without any cause whatever; without sense.

Withsband, with-stand, v. t. बाबा-एव ; अधिदाव-कृ ; निवादा-कृ ; त्वाव-कृ ; To oppose ; to resist ; to stand against. Syn :—Confront, face.

Witless, witles, a. न्यान ; निर्माप ; Destitude of wit or understanding. Syn :—Thoughtless, foolish, inconsiderate, indiscreet.

Witling, wifling, n. न्यव्हि वाकि ; A pretender to wit ; one who has little wit.

- Witness, witnes, n. আমাণ; মাজা; Testimony; attestation of a event:—সাজা; গাওৱা; One who knows and gives evidence:—v. t. দৰ্শন-কু; বচকে বেখা; To see:—সাজ্য-দে; আমাৰ-কু; To give testimony; to testify:—v. i. সাজ্য-দে; To give evidence; to bear testimony. Syn:—Testimony, evidence, corroboration; eyewitness, observer, spectator; deponent. (v) Behold, observe; attest, certify; depove.

An eye witness—বে লোক বচকে দেখিরাছে।

With a witness—অভিশ্বিত: একণ প্রিমাণে বে লোকের নজরে পড়ে।

Witsnaper, n. A witling. [standing. Witted, a. বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট ; বৃদ্ধিদ্ধীবি ; Having under-Wittioism, witi-sizm, n. ল্লন্থ বাকা, বাক্ণট্ডা; বসিক্তা; বিজ্ঞপ ; A witty sentence; a low kind of wit. [By design; knowingly.

Wittingly, wifing-h, ad. জানপুৰ্কক; জাতসাৰে, Witty, wife, a. ব্যক্তকারী; রদিক; বিজপকারী: Amusing, droll, sarcastic. ad=wittily (কৌশল-কৰে; ঠাটা করিয়া)। Syn:—Imaginative, fanciful, ingenious, acute, smart, sharp, arch; facetious, waggish, humorous, jocular, funny.

Wive, v. s. বিবাহ-কু; To marry :-- v. t. পদ্দীরূপে গ্রহণ-কু; To take for wife.

Wizard, wiźard, n. নাবাকর; বাছকর; ভেকীওবালা; A magician. fem-witch. Syn:—Conjurer, sorcerer, enchanter, juggler. [ রান-ড়: Wizen, a. কঠিন; ওচ, Hard; dry:—v. f. তক্ত-ড়; Woad, wod, n. নীল বছ করিবার পাছ বিশেব; A plant used aş a blue dye staff.

Woo, wo, n. ছাৰ; লোক; কষ্ট ; বিগদ; Grief; heavy calamity, misery:—অভিনাগ, অভিসন্ধাত, ক্লেলোগ, অভিসন্ধাত, ক্লেলোগ, আভ্যান্ত, ক্লেলোগ, আভ্যান্ত, বিজ্ঞা:—Affliction, distress, sorrow, misery, disaster, trouble; malediction.

Woe to him— 香味 報 : Evil befall him, it is a very unfortunate circumstance for him.

Woe worth-नहे रुखेक , ভূবিরা বাউক।

Woe-begone, wo'-be-gon, a. ছাৰিড; ছাৰাছি-ভুড; বিপদ্ধৰ; শোৰত্ৰছ; Overwhelmed with woe; melancholy.

Wosful, wo'fòòl, a. ছ:খজনৰ; শোকাৰ্ছ; ছ:খপূৰ্থ; ৰইজনৰ; সন্তাপজনৰ; Sorrowful; wretched; calamitous. ad—woefully (ক্টুজনৰক্সপে); n= woefulness (বহাক্ট)। Syn:—Sad, afflicted, grievous, afflictive, disastrous, lamentable, mournful; wretched, patiful, paltry.

Woer, त. विवाह आर्थे ; One who woes.

Wold, n. वन ; खुत्रगा ; A wood : -- পर्काड , Mountain :-- pl. পार्काडीय व्यवस्थ ।

Wolf, woolf, n. বৃষ; নেকডে বাছ; Wild animal of the dog tribe:—অভাচারী ব্যক্তি: বিনাশসাধক বস্তু, Anything very ravenous. pl = wolves. Keep the wolf from the door-vival ves; see va-s; Keep away poverty.

To ary wolf—বিগৰ আনিয়াতে বলিয়া বিখা সোল-বোগ-ড়। [ হত্তা; রুকোণর-হ। To have wolf in the stomach—পেটে থাকোড় Wolf in sheep's clothing—এভায়ক; কপটা; A hypocrite; a deceiver.

Wolf-dog, woolf'-dog, त. वह क्रूब; ▲ large kind of dog to guard sheep.

Wolfish, woolf'ish, a. বৃষ্বং; Like a wolf:— অতি লোভী; Rapacious.

Wolverine, woolver-in, n. পেটুৰ; বিভাগ ৰাতীয় ভদ্ত বিশেষ, The glutton.

Women, wooman, m. নারী; মহিলা; বীলোক; রম্পু; The female of man; an adult female:— প্রিচারিকা; A female attendant. pi=women.

An excellent woman—वनवर्निनी।

To play the woman—catva-F : To cry.

Woman of the town, n. বেয়া; গণিকা; Harlot. Woman-hood, wooman-hood, n. ব্লালোকের অবস্থা বা বভাব; ব্লীষ্ ; নারীষ্ ; ব্লীষাভি ; The state, character or qualities of a woman.

Womanish, woom'an-ish, a. স্ত্রীসমূপ; দ্রীলোকেয় মত , পতি মৃত্য ; দ্রৈপ: Feminine; effeminate. n= womanishness. Syn:—Effeminate, soft, weak, womanly.

Womankind, woom'an-kind, n. दोबाड़ ; द्वी-বোৰ ; The female sex. [woman. Womanlike, woom'an-lik, a. दीवनवर ; Like aiwomanly, woom'an-li, a. दीवर ; दिवा ; Femi-

WOMBRILY, Woom'an-II, a. প্রাবং; ব্রেণ; Feminine; becoming a woman:—কোমল; Tender:—রীখভাব বোগা; স্তীলোকের উপযুক্ত; Like or becoming a woman:—ad. বৃহ্ভাবে; Tenderly:—বী-শোকের ভাষ; In the manner of a woman.

Woman-worship, n. প্রকৃতি-প্রা; রম্পীর প্রতি

Womb, woom, n. গঠ; গঠাপর; পেট; জরারু; The uterus — গহর; অভান্তর, Any deep cavity.

Wombat, wombat, n. ছিগ্ৰভ সম্ভৱ কছ বিশেষ; Burrowing four-footed beast found in Australia. Won, wun, pa. t. and pa. p. of Win.

Wonder, wunder, n. বিশ্বয়; আক্রা: Astonishment; the emotion excited by something new, or unexpected:—আক্রা ব্যা, অনুভ ব্যাপার বা ঘটনা; Any thing wonderful; a prodigy; a strange thing; a marvel:—v.i. আক্রানিত-হ; আক্রান্ট, বিশ্বিত-হ; To be amazed; to marvel; to feel wonder. Syn:—(n) Surprise; amazement, admiration; marvel, portent, miracle; phenomenon, curiosity, rarity, sight.

A nine day's wonder—ৰে বাপাৰ ছই চাৰি দিব ভুজুগ লাগায় ভাৰপৰ ভাৰ বিষয় আৰু থবা বাৰ বা; Something that causes a great sensation; a temporary sensation caused by for a few days and is then forgotten.

No wonder—ইহাতে আন্তৰ্য হইবার কিছুই নাই ; it is a matter of no wonder :—আন্তৰ্য নছে।

The seven wonders of the world—পূৰ্ব-কাণের নাডট অত্যাক্ষর বস্তু: (>) বিসম্বদেশের সমাধি-বস্তু: (২) আলেক্জাভিয়ার আলোক-নক; (৩) ব্যাকি-লনেব প্রাচীর ও উছিছ উদ্যান; (৪) একিসসের ভারেনা দেবীর সন্দির; (৪) কিছিরাল কুড কুণিটারের সুর্বী; (৬) আটিনিল। স্কৃত অভিটিত সমাধি মনিত্র; (৭) বোজন্ বালের ভাষমুক্তি। [ with amazement. Wonder at—আন্তর্গ-ত্ বা ভাক্ লাগা; Be struck Wonderful, wuhder-fool, a. বিসম্পত্তর; আন্তর্গ; Exciting wonders; strange. ad—wonderfully (আন্তর্গায়নে); n—wonderness. Syn:—Marvellous, amazing, astonishing, surprising, startling, miraculous.

Wonder-land, #. बहुड (सर्)।

Wonderment, n. मान्क्वारवाद ; विश्वद्र ।

Wonder-stricken, Wonder-struck--আৰ্টগ্ৰাহিত; চৰণ্ডুত; বিশ্বহাহিত; Amazed.

Wonder-work, त. वहुङ कार्या।

Wonder-worker, n. wight; Performer of miracles; magician.

Wondrous, wundrus, a. আন্তর্গ; চমংকার, অভুত; Strange. ad=wondrously ( অভুতরপে ); n = wondrousness. Syn:—Wonderful, marvellous, great, prodigious; good, admirable.

Wont, wunt, n. [A. S. wunian, to dwell]
নীভি, অভ্যান; Habit; custom:—a. অভাত, কুডাভান; Used; accustomed:—v. s. অভ্যন্ত; To
be accustomed.

Won't-will not.

Wonted, wunted, a. ৰাভাবিক; নিতা; ব্যক্ত; অভায়; Useful, habitual. Syn —Accustomed, customary, ordinary, common, familiar.

Woo, woo, v. t. বিবাহাৰ উপাসনা-ক; প্ৰণন প্ৰাৰ্থনা ক.
To court; to make love: -- v. s প্ৰণন-ক, আবাৰ্থনাক; To court; to make love; to solicit in love.
Wood, wood, n. [A. S. wudn, tree-] কাঠ.
Timber; the hard substance of tires: -- অবণা;
বন; A forest: -- a. কাঠনন; নাকমন, কাঠ সহজীন: -v. t. কাঠ বোগান; To supply with wood. Syn: -(n) Copse, grove.

A wood apple—বেল, শ্রীফল।

Out of the wood—নিক্ষবেগ ; বিপদ হউতে নিজ্ঞান্ত । Woodbine, woodbin, Woodbind, woodbind, n. লঙা বিশেষ ; The honey-suckle. [Charcoal-Wood-coal, woodkol, n. অলাৱ ; পাধ্বিয়া কনলা ; Woodcoek, woodkok, n. বন্ত্ৰ্ট, নীৰ্চ্ছ পক্ষী বিশেষ ; A bird of the snipe family :—মুদ্বাজি ! Wood-craft, n. বন্বিহার পটুড়া ; Skill in forests and in forest sports.

Wood-cut, woodkut, n. কাঠে বোণিত ছবি; কাঠে পোলা ছবি; An engraving on wood.

Wood-cutter, n. कार्शविश ; कार्ड- (इनक : One who fells or cuts timber.

Wooded, wooded. a. কাঠাকুটা ; কাঠাকুটা ভিড ; কাঠাকুটা ভিড ; কাঠাকুটা ভিড হয়।
seg ; Supplied or covered with wood. [ডার হয়।
The wooden spoon—বে ছাত্র পাদরী পরীকার নিমWooden, woode, a. কাঠানিনিত : দাক্ষর; Made
of wood :—কাব্য ; কঠিন : Clumsy; hard.

The wooden wall—আহাল। [ করে।
Wood-engraver, ম. বে বাজি কাট বুলিয়া ছবি প্রস্তুত
Wood-engraving, wood-en-graving, ম. কাটে
বোদিত ছবি; কাটে বোদন ছবি; Engraving on
wood &c.

Wood-house, n. कार्टन यह ।

Wood-land, woodland, n. বৃকাবৃত ভূমি; বনাছর এনেশ; অরণা; Land covered with wood:—a. ২৩. আরণা।

Wood-lark, woodlärk, n. চাতক পক্ষী বিশেষ : A species of lark.

Woodman, woodman, स. वृक्तक्वन ; कांट्रविश! ; Wood-cutter :--क्नावाक ; दनक्क , A forest offcer :--- निकाती ; वनकाती ; वाप ; Woodman ; huntsman ; hunter.

Wood-monger, n. कांशिदक्का ; Wood-seller. Wood-nymp, woodnimf, n. वनरवी ; वनरवका ; A nymp or goddess of the woods.

Wood-oil, n. नर्कम रेडन ।

Wood-offering, n. কাঠ হোৱ। [ A bird. Woodpecker, woodpek-ér, n. কাঠটোক্রা পকী: Wood-pigeon, wood-pijun, n. নৰ কপোন্ত; পারাবত বিশেষ; The ringdove; the wild pigeon.

Woodruff, woodrup, n. डेड्रिन् विराम ; A plant. Woods-man, n. कार्त्तियां ; Hunter.

Wood-stamp, n. oldsa giv !

Wood-ward, woodward, n. वनतक्क कर्महांबी; An officer to guard the wood.

Wood-work, #. कार्छत्र कांत्र ।

Woody, woodi, a. वृक्षांत्र ; वृक्षांकी ; वनवरूण ; खत्रपानद ; Abounding with woods ; consisting of wood ; wooded.

Wooer, n. প্ৰণয়কারী; স্ত্রীয় উপাসনাকারক; One who woos.

Woof, woof, n. পডেন ; বছের অনুপছগামী হয়ে; Warp and woof—টানা পডেন।

Wool, wool, n. পশম, উপী; লোম; The fleecy coat of sheep &c.:—ঘন কোঁকড়ান চুল; কোনল ঘন লোম, Dense, curly hair; soft thick hair.

A wool-stapler—উপাব্যবসাধী।

Great cry and little wool—বহারতে লঘু জিনা: মেব নাই গর্জন আছে।

To go a wool-gathering—वृथा कांत्र निवृक्त-ह : Wool-comber, n. One who combs wool.

Woolen, woo'len, a. উণানয়, গণমী; উণা; Made of, pertaining to wool:—n. পশমী কাপড়।

Wool-gathering, wool-gather-ing, %. বৃধা কল্পনা; কল্পনাৰ বৃধা পৰিচালনা; বৃধা চেষ্টা; Indulgence in idle fancies; vagrant exercise of the imagination; idle or fruitless expedition:—a. জনবৃধ্ধ কল্পনাৰ প্ৰিচালনাকারী; বিশ্ব অনুসন্ধানকারী; কাল্প-নিক, Dreamy; listless.

Wool-grower, woolgro'er, ন ( পণ্ডের জন্ত ) মেবপালক , One who raises sheep for wool.

Wool-pack, n. লোমের বজা; প্রার আদ মণ পাশম। Wool-sack, woolsak, n. ইংল্ডের ম্যাসভার প্রবাদ

Wool-sack, woolsak, স. হংলকের মহাসভার প্রধান সচীবের উপাসন; The seat of the Lord Chancellor in the House of Lords:—প্রশাসের বন্ধা; উপী-জানী; Woolpack.

Wooly, wooli, a. পণনী; উৰ্ণান্ত; পশম সমূল; উৰ্ণান্ত; Consisting of, or resembling wool:—দোৰণ, নোবাৰ্ড, Clothed with wool. Wooly-head, n. A negro.

Word, wurd, n. শশ; Articulate sound:
কথা; বাক, ভাষা; A vocable, term, talk: — আদেশ;
হকুম: — বচসা; বিবাদ; Short discourse; dispute:
— প্রতিক্রা; অবীকার; Promise: — নিশ্ন ; চিক;
Signal: — সংবাদ; Message: — বিশ্বী ; Jesus
Christ; the Holy Ghost; the Logos: — গা. ক্ষমা;
বাদানুবাদ; Verbal contention: — বাকা; Declaration: — গ. গাৰেল প্রকাশ-কু; To

express in words. Sym:—(n) Term, vocable, expression; tidings, report, advice, ascount; statement, affirmation, declaration, pledge, assurance, engagement; order, command, signal.

A household word—ৰে কৰা সকলের মূৰে ওলা বার; Well-known, in the mouth of every one. A man of one word—এক ক্যায় লোক, বাড়া আক; A man who acts up to his promises.

A man of few words—মিডভাবী শোক। Another word for—একই জিনিস; এও বা ওও ভা; Synonymous with, the same thing expressed in different language.

At one's word-मृत्यत क्या शहिलाई ।

A word and a blow—নাই বলা অমনি ফাল।

By word of mouth—কৰা হারা; বুলে মুখে, বমুখেৰ
ক্ষার; বাকো (লিবিরা পড়িয়া নহে); Orally (not
in writing).

[ new word
Coin a word—কৰা বাননি বা ভৈচার ক , Invent a

Coin a word—কৰা নালান বা ভেচার কু, invent a Eat one's word—বাহা বলা হইয়াছে ভাষা প্রসা-ধান-কু; নিজের কথা ফিরাইয়া লওয়া, To retract what has been said.

Familiar as household words—থোৱো কথার বৃদ্ধ পরিচিত; Well-known as words used in the family circle.

Fine words butter no paranips—সুৰু কৰাৰ চিচ্ছে ভিন্ন লা; Fair promises do not clothe and feed persons to whom they are made.

Give another one's word for honouran (New; Tell another that one as a gentleman promises to do something.

Give one's word—কথা দেওবা, আনীকার-কৃ. Make a promise ; declare solemnly.

Give the word—wires of; call fag selects news of; Give orders, give the signal.

Good word, n. अनः मा . Commendation.

Have a word with a person—কাহারও সহিত কথা কহা।

Have words, Have a word—বচনা-হ; ৰখ' জন্মান ; Have anything discussion ; quarrel.

In a word, In one word—স'কেণে, এক কথায় বলিতে শেলে: Briefly, to sum up.

In other words-wife; That is to say.

In so many words—অবিকল সেই কথাছলি বলিয়া . In exactly the same words, using exactly the same words. (tion or resolution only.

In word—কেবল কথাত ( কাৰ্যে নছে ); In declara-In word and dead—কাৰ্যে কৰিবে , কালকৰ্ত্তিৰে । Send word to—বিলয়া পাঠান , Send a massage to one; inform by message.

Take my word for it—আমি যাহা বলিভেডি ভাহা বিহাস কর; Rely on what I ay.

Take one at one's word—অপরের কথার বিধাস-কু; Believe what one says.

Take one's word for - নাক্যত্ত বিশাস-ক ; Believe because of one's testimony.

True to one's word—অস্বীক্র পালনে তংপর, সভাপালন, (বে কথা সেই কাল,) Faithful to what one promises.

The word—বাইৰেল; হুদাবাৰ; The Scripture.
Upon my word—আমি নপথ কৰিবা বলিতে পাৰি,
I can swear, I assure you.

Waste words--वृषो वाकावात्र-कृ ।

Word for word—विक्ता; हिन (महे क्यांग ; अकी क्यां नां कांक्रियं ; In the exact words ; verbatim ; in the same words

Word of honour—ৰে প্ৰভিজ্ঞা জন্ধ করিলে কোন লোকের নিশা হব . A promise, the violation of which would dishonour the person

Word-book, wurdbook, n. শন-সংগ্ৰহ : আছিবান : শন-বেবি : A cellection of words. Syn :--Vocabulary, glossary, dictionary, lexicon.

Word-building, n. नम-वासना . नम-तहना ।

Wordiness, wurde-nes, n. The quality of abounding with words. Syn:—Verbosity, diffuseness, prolixity.

Wording, n. बारका कवन ; कबानव बावा वा अगानी ; The act, manner, style of expressing in words. Word-painting, n. भरक हिजाबन वा बर्गन :—वाका बावा हिज्जिक कवन , समय बाकाविकाम ।

Word-picture, n. रूपव विवत्र।

Wordy, wurde, a. नजरहत , ताक-कृतिह ; Using many words. Syn :--- Verbose, diffuse, prolix.

Wore, wor, pa. t. of wear

Work, wurk, n. कर्ष : Deed -- नावीविक वा मान-निक मिल्रिय परिकासना -- अम , परिक्रम , कादी , क्रष्टी ; Labour, employment, effort -- कहे, वर्षना वा কৃতকৰ Trouble, anything made or done:-কল; পরিভাষের ফল. Effect, the result of work: –কুচীকশ্ব ; বুনাট -—গ্ৰন্থ , পুত্তক , Book ---বন্দোবন্ত , Management .- नाडिडावियवक बहनां , A literary composition :-- pl দুৰ্গপ্ৰাকারাদি সাময়িক সীপ্ৰি . Structures in military enginering, as walls, trenches —পৰিখা; কাৰ্য'না. Trenches, forti-fications, bulworks :—৩. ঃ. পৰিল্ল-কৃ; কাৰ্য্য কু, बाउँ। : To labour :--कावा निक्रीव-इ. काळ ठानांन : Perform '- क्या कैश्यामन-कृ, क्षांभारणत खांत्र कांब-कृ, To produce effects — পাজা , পাছলা উঠা ; To ferment '-v. t 再割, To make, form by labour :-চালান , কাৰ্যা করান , To make to work :-- স্টিকর্ম-कृ . To embroider :-कालारशामन-कृ ; To effect -ব্যবহাবে আনা , প্রবর্ত্তি-কু , উৎপত্ত-কু ; To influence : -निमार-कृ, To manage '-वक्क्मा : मणावन-कृ : To solve - Ate A. To cause to ferment. Syn. -(n) Drudgery, toil; occupation, business, crait, production, performance, achievement, action, feat; fabric, manufacture; composition (v) Toil, drudge, slave, act, operate, move. succeed; heave; effect, accomplish; exert, strain. Be at work-(कान किसूब किया हना ; Be in operation :-- ( कान कारक ) नाना ; Working :-- कान কালে ব্যাপত থাকা ; Re engaged in ( work ).

Go to work — কান আর্ছ-ছ, নিজেয় কালে অব্যত্ত হ: Begin labour, set about one's business; commence operations.

Work against—वोषा-(न . Oppose.

Work at arm's length—Work awkwardly or desadvantageously.

Work a passage—কাল করিয়া বাধার বরচা বেডারা : কথ করিয়া পাবের পোন-কু; To pay for passage by work instead of money. Work at-निवृक्ष-क : त्यांन किहन नवत्य काल-क : कार्या निरक्ष-र : Be employed upon : be engaged in. Work double tides—शिवाबीय कार्या-इ ; इहे शितव कांस अक शित्न कड़ा ; Work day and night.

Work hard--পুৰ ৰাটা।

Work down- at atta- ; Enter by working. Work in---विर्वाणक-कृ ; अवःहाउ-कृ।

Work into-wite wite atta-; Insinnuate :-বলে সাঁধ কয়ান ; প্রবেশ করান। f of by working. Work off—चरत्र करत्र निःगात्रिङ-कृ ; मुक्त-कृ ; Get rid Work on (or upon)—कांक क्तिएंड बोको ; मत्नब छेशत কোন কাৰ্যা-ক ; Act upon ; influence :—উত্তেজিড-ক . छमीभिङ क्रिया-(म ; क्रम गांगारेशा-(म ; Excite ; excite some emotion in one.

Work one's way—আম বারা উরতি লাভ-ড়; Advance or succeed by toilsome efforts.

Work out-nma-y; Effect :-- কাৰ্ব্যে পরিশত-ড়; Carry out :- তৈরার-क ; Form :- निर्मा रक्ष ও পরি-अम बाबा कार्या मन्त्रन-क: शायाजिलके लक्षा: Bring about or accomplish by labour and exertion :--সম্পূৰ্ব-ক ; সমাধান-ক ; Complete by working :--আৰু কৰা; সমাধান-কু; অহু কনিয়া কল বাহিত্ব-কু; Solve a problem :-- নিংশেৰ-ক , নিংশেৰিত-ক ; Exhaust, as a.mine :-- লামের মুল্য-মে; Pay for labour :-- তোলা , Efface.

Work through- 不明 : Get through.

Work to death -- 對哥-亨; Exhaust.

Work to windward—বারুর প্রতিকৃত্ন বহিনা-বা ; Sail or ply against the wind.

Work up--बिटांकि 5-क , लांगान : উপকরণ সমষ্ট कंडेगा এकটা किছু খাড়া-कृ, Empoly; manage:--ভान कतिया अनुम्भान # , Investigate thoroughly :-- উত্তেজিত-ক : Excite :-- বিংখেৰ-ক ; Exhaust.

Work (one) up to-ক্ৰোধাৰি মনের ভাৰ বাডাইযা ভোলা; Get one's feelings roused to, stir up one's feelings.

Workable, wurka-bl, e. চाननीत , मण्यापनीत ; काश्यक्षतीत ; Capable of being worked.

Work-day---(व किस्न कोक वक बोरक नो।

Worker, n. क्यकाती, काशकातक, आमक, Doer . - ঐ[ব্ৰালিকাছ্ৰায়ী, One who earns a liveli-

Work-house, wurk-hows, अ. कांद्रवाना ; A house for work :- अनायगाना , त्य गुरह मतिप्रमिगारक কান দিলা পালন করা হয়: A house where poor persons out of work are relieved; a house of shelter for the poor, who are made to work. Working, a अयमवदीय , कांशकांतक ।

A working man—ৰে লোক শারীরিক শ্রম করিয়া कोविकानिश्वाह करते।

Working class—প্রমিক-শ্রেণী।

Workman, wuikman, n. काविका; विक्री : A michanic; a labourer: a man employed in lal our, a skilful artificer. Syn:-Worker, operative, journeyman; artificer, artisan.

Workman-like, wurkman-lik, a. काहिक्टबन ্পুৰু ; সুস্থাহিত ; Becoming a skilful workman; well-performed.

Workmanship, wurkman-ship, त. कांडकांचा ; কারিগরি: শিল্পৌশল: The skill of a workman: manner of making.

Workroom, त. त गुरू कार्या क्यां स्त ।

Workshop, wurkshop, n. wigetal; windial-TI : A shop where work is done : a shop where any manufacture is carried on.

Work-woman, n. श्ठीकार्य निग्हा बीरबांक ।

World, wurld, n. विव ; সংসার ; बकां : The universe :- कृषकन ; पृथिती ; कन् ; The earth :- आए-নকজানি. Any planet or heavenly body :-- হাৰ্থৎ পুডাগ: A very large extent of country:--লোক; कनमार्थाद्रव ; नार्थाद्रव लाक ; People ; the public :--সমাজ; মানব সমাজ; Public life; society:--সাংসারিক জীবন; নৌকিক অবস্থা; A secular life:---পृथियोगोगो ; The earth's inhabitants :- देहरणांक ; বৰ্জনান অবস্থা : Present state of existence :—কাৰ্বা : Business :-জীবন-বাাপার; জীবনের পতি; জীবন-ব্ৰোভ ; Course of life :-- অভাধিক পরিমাণ ; অধিক পরিমাণ ; বৃহদংশ ; A great deal ; a great quantity:--मधुराकां । मानदकां : Mankind.

All in the world-नःनात या किছ चांदर नयक একত্র করিলেও বাহা কিছু সম্ভব , All that is possible. All the world and his wife-नकरन्हे।

As the world goes-লোকে বেরূপ সচরাচর পণ্য হইয়া থাকে; As men of the world generally take it or regard it.

Be all the world to one another - प्रे अत्रहे সৰ: Be all important to one another.

Begin the world-ন্যারে প্রবেশ-ক :

Come into the world--ভূমিট-ছ ; Be born.

For all the world—(य त्कान कांत्रागर्टे इंडेक: ছুনিযার রাজ্ব পাইলেও; কোন ক্রমেই , কিছুতেই ; কোন इत्लाई ; For any consideration whatever :- किन : বধাবধ ; Exactly ; entirely.

In this world—ইংলোকে।

Look for all the world like-विक विकास यड দেখাৰ ; Look exactly like.

New world - न डन महाशेश, In the possibility.

Next world- शतकाक : श्रक्ष नर ।

Not for the world, Not for worlds-(कांन ক্ৰমেই নহে; On no account, not for any consideration whatever.

Old world-পুৰাতন মহাদীপ।

Other world-वर्ग , Heaven -- नत्रक , Hell.

Renounce the world--नद्यानी-इ।

Spare of the world—মাঝাকাল ৷

The world—ইহলোক।

To give the world —প্রচার-কু। To leave the world-পরবোকগত-ই; মহা; To Woman of the world - উড়া नातो ।

World's end-পৃথিবীর পেব সীমা পর্যান্ত, জগতের ৰাত্ত ; ৰাতি দুৰবন্তী প্ৰদেশ ; The end or most distant part of the world.

World-wide, a পৃথিবীব্যাপ্ত ; লগৎ-ব্যাপ্ত।

World wide reputation—अभरताश शांकि : विंच-[ Eternally ; everlastingly. ব্যাপী খাতি। World without end—अनखकान नवाड ; विद्रकान ; Worlding, wurldling, n. मामात्रव की है : त्यांव সাংসারিক; One who is devoted to temporary possessions.

Worldliness, #. সাংসারিকভা,; বৈবরিকভা ১ Worldly, wurld'le, a. विवडांगक ; गांशांतिक ; मरनांत-নিষ্ঠ; পাৰ্থিব; মানবিক, Devoted to this life and its enjoyments; bent on gain :- अहरू ; लोक्कि; हेहरलोक्कि; देवरविक्; Secular, Sym:-Earthly,

mundane, terrestrial, human, common, secular, temporal; covetous; greedy, selfish; carnal, unspiritual.

Worldly minded, wurld'li-mind'-ed, a. नारना-कि विदय चन्नक ; नारनाजिक विदय विद्य : विद्यानक ; Minded of the affairs of the present world; devoted to gain and the pleasures of this life and regardless of the future. n=worldly mindedness.

Worldly wisdom—तिवहिक विक्रज ।

Worldly-wise, a. मरमांचक ; विषय्वदर्ध छ्डू ।
Worm, n. পোका ; को हे ; महोन्दर्भ ; महोन्दर्भ : त्कि । त्कि ।
Any small creeping animal ; a reptile — পেট विषय : The thread of a screw :— त्क्रण्यांचक वज ,
Something that gnaws or torments :— चम्चांच ;
Remorse :— चष्य गृष्टि ; Debased being :— pl.
कृषि : Intestinal worms :— v. i. चांच्च चांदर्भ वांक्य क्रिय है।
कृषि : To work slowly or secretly .— v. t. बीट्स बीट्स
कृष्ट शोलान मांच-कृष्ट मून्वाहेश क्रमणः वांक्य-कृष्ट , To
effect by slow and secret means :— v. t. बीट्स
बीट्स क्रमणंदन मांच-कृष्ट, To work slowly and
secretly.

Worm one's self into—আনে অন্ধে কাহারও অস্তার আবেশ-ফু; ক্রমশঃ কৌশলে প্রবেশ-ফু, Enter gradually by arts and insinuations. [ and ship. Worm out—ধীরে ধীরে বাহির-ফু; Butract slowly

Worm-esten, p. a. (পাকা-কাটা : কাট-দই।

Wormwood, wurmwood, n. मामत्राक ; जिल्लाना ; The bitter plant.

Gall and wormword—অত্যন্ত তিজ পদাৰ্থ বাহা সহজে গেলা বায় না; Very bitter:—অতিশয় কটদায়ক; Exceedingly offensive.

Wormy, wurmi, a. কৃষিবর; কীটপুর্ব: Containing a worm, like a worm, abounding with worm: নীচপ্রকৃতি; Grovelling.

Worn, worn, pa. p. of wear.

Worn to a skeleton—অভিচৰ্মসার।

Worn land—त्व क्षित्र উर्वत्र ठा नष्ट क्रेगार्छ।

Worn-out, a. सीर्भ; चठान्त प्रवाजन ও वावहारवव बरवाना। { some.

Worrisome, a. বিরক্তকর ; ক্লেশজনক , Trouble-Worry, wor'e, v. t. [ D. worgen, to strangle ] বিষয়-কু ; ক্লিট্ট-কু ; বেজার-কু ; উডাক্ত-কু ; হরবান-কু . To harass ; to tease :—গাতে টুটি-খু ; গাত দিরা কাটা ; To tear with the teeth :—v. s. ডাক্ত-হ : n. বেজার ; বিরক্তি, Trouble :—উবেগ ; বিরক্তি, ক্লেণ , Perplexity ; vexation ; trouble. Syn :—( v) Trouble, fatigue, vex, annoy, plague, torment, irritate, fret.

Worse, wurs, a. আরও ধারাণ ; অধিকতর নন্দ, More bad or evil :—ad. অধিকতর নন্দরণে ; In a manner more bad or evil :—v. t. আরও ধারাণ-কু; আরও নন্দ অবস্থার কেলা।

A change for the worse—খারাপের দিকে পরি-A little the worse liquor—মদের দরণ কিছু বেলী বে-একডার।

Be the worse for—কোন বিছুর বরণ অধিক কই পাঁডরা বা বারাপ-ব; অপেকাড়ড হীন বা সন্ধ অবছার খাকা; Be any way in a worse condition to.

Mot to think the worse of one—ভক্ষণ বে কৰ বাৰা হইবে ভাহা ৰহে; Not to feelless regard for one or that account:—ভাই বলিয়া বে কিছু ৰভায় क तिशाहन को नरक ; Not to think that one has done anything improper,

So much the worse for one—সেই পরিমাণেই বা সেই লড়েই কাহারত পক্ষে আরও ধারাণ; it is worse for one by that or in that degree, or on that account.

The worse for the wear—बीर् ; বাৰছাৰের বলা মলিন বা ৰীৰ্থ ; Impaired by use ; worn out or spoiled by long use :—ববলে ৰীৰ্থ ; Worn out through age. [ কিছুব আন্ত কাহাকে আৰও মন্দ্ৰ ভাবা। Think the worse of a person for—কোৰও Worse and worse—ক্ষুণাই থাৱাৰ।

Worse for liquor—নাডাল।

Worsen, v. t. অধিকতর সন্দ-ভু; আরও বারাণ-ভু; To make worse :—v. i অধিকতর মন্দ্র।

Worship, wuiship, \*. সন্থানপুচক পদ; সন্তান্তক উপাধি; A title of honour — অৰ্কনা; আৱাধনা; অত্যাদর, প্লা; Adoration paid to God; religious service: — v. f. অৰ্কনা- কু; উপাসনা- কু; প্লা- কু; To adore: — সন্থান- কু; সমাদর- কু; To reverence; to respect: — v. i. প্লা- কু, To perform acts of adoration; perform religious service. Syn: — Emmence, excellence; honour, respect; homage, adoration, reverence, veneration; devotions. (v) Revere, venerate, deify, idolize.

Worship the rising sun—অভাদবোশ্ধ বোকের উপাসনা-ক, Honour the man who is rising in influence and power.

A place of worship-- ধর্মনিব।

Worshipful, wur'ship-fool, a. नुझा; सांख , श्व-सीय , व्यापत्रवीय , Worthy of honour.

Worshipper, worshiper, n. উপাসক; সেবক; পুজক; পুজারী; One who worship.

Worst, wurst, a. অত্যন্ত মন্দ ; মন্ত্ৰম ; অতি ছুই ; Bad or evil in the highest degree —— n. আতি মন্দ অবস্থা ; The most evil state :— n. t. পরাক্তর-কু ; পরাস্ত-কু . To defeat , to get the better of.

At the worst, At worst—মত্যন্ত মন অবহার; ধতনুব ১ইতে পাবে থারাপ অবহার; In the most unfavourable view or event, in the worst possible condition. — বচটা মন্দ বটিতে পারে তাই ধরিলে, Taking into account the worst that can happen — বড় জোর; হন্দমুন; একান্ত গেন্দে; At the utmost (in a evil sense).

Do one's worst—হতদ্র কতি করিছে পারে কর!;
Do the utmost possible injury one can.

Get the worst of—পরাত-ই; To be beaten, to suffer defeat. [Be defeated in an encounter. Have the worst of it—পরাত-ই; বালিজ-ই; If the worst comes to the worst—ব্দি ধুব মুন্দুই বুটে; বিদি লৈতাৰ অনিইই বুটে; If the worst that is apprehended comes to pass; in the event of things turning out very badity.

The worst of it is—ইহার বিশেষ দোৰ বা গোল এই ; ইহার বিশেষ প্রজ্ঞায়র এই , The most unfavourable point about it is.

Worsted, worsted, n. शनकी रखा ; देनी रखा ; Twisted yarn spun out of long, combed wool.

Worsted stockings— শক্ত পশনী মোজা।
Wort, n. নানাথকার উদ্ভিদ; Plant:—পানার বিশেষ;
বৰহুৱা; The sweet infusion of malt:—pl. কৃপি;
Cabbage.

Worth, wurth, n. খ্লা; গ্লা, Value; price:গ্লা; বোলাজা; Moral excellence; merit:কলড়; ডপ্ৰানিডা; Importance, usefulness:-- এ.
ন্লাবিশিষ্ট; ব্লামান, Valuable:-- আনোলনীয়; Useful:-- ড্লা ব্লা; Equal in value to:-- v. i.
হ্লা, ম্টা। ১৮০:-- Cost, rate; desert, merit, excellence, worthness, virtue, goodness, usefulness, credit.

Make it worth one's while—বৰেই পুরস্বার-পে, কাহারও বাহাতে পোনার তাই করিরা দেওৱা, Give sufficient reward, remunerate one adequately. 17ot worth a farthing— অফিজিংকর; অবোধা; অহার্যাকর; Worthless.

Not worth one's salt -- কোন কাজের নর।
Not worth powder and shot—ব্যর বা প্রচাপোবাব না: শ্রম পোবার না; এত চেপ্তা-চব্রিত্র বা প্রচাপ্তের উপবৃদ্ধ নর; Not worth much; not worth the outlay necessary to secure some object.
Woe worth the day—সে দিন ভূবিরা বাউক।

Worth its weight in gold—অভান্ধ মূল্যবাৰ্ক, ব্ৰদামী, Very valuable or useful:—বত ওজন তত সোলা, As much weight so much gold, its value in gold is in proportion to its weight.

Worth while, Worth one's while—ইচিত.
আৰক্তক, কাণ্যৰত্ব, Worth the time or expense
&c., which it requires, of any use —ৰে সময় ও
ভ্ৰম বা ধ্ৰত লাগে ভদকুৰাপ ফলদায়ক, মজুবী পোৰাণ,
Worth the time, the pains or the expense
that it requires—advantageous or profitable.

Your argument is worth nothins—ভোগার হক্তের মুলা নাং, অর্থাৎ জনর্থক। [ly, truly Worthily, ai' বোগাভাবে, উত্তমকলে, স্থায়তঃ, Just-Worthiness, wur'the-nes, a বোগাতা, স্তব্যতা, State or quality of being worthy Syn.—Desert, merit, excellence, virtue, worth

Worthless, wurth'es, a. অৰম্বা; অপদাৰ্থ, অসাৰ আক্ৰো, নিৰ্থা, Useless, of no value; having no virtue ad=worthlessly n=worthlessness Sin —Unprofitable, unproductive, refuse, waste, paltry, slight, frivolous; base, vile, ignoble, deprayed, profligate.

Worth seeing—बहेरा , दनव-रात्रा ; वर्गवार्ड ।

Worthy, wur'the, a. মুণাবান, Valuable.—উত্তম; গুণবান, lexcellent — যোগ্য, উপযুক্ত, সন্তুশ; Deserving, suited to — n গোগ্য গাণালী ব্যক্তি; যোগ্য গোক, গুণবান্ বোক; A man of eminent worth. pt—worthies.

A worthy object-সংগাত।

Worthy of—বোন विषयत योगा ; Such as can be expected from ; fit for.

Worthios of the pen—স্ব্ৰিয়াত লেখকগৰ; Disturguished men of letters.

Would, wood, pa. t. of will.

Would-be—हर् ; ভবিষ্যতে যে हिंदू इहेरव ; ভবিষ্য, ভারী , Persons desiring to be, future

Would that—অতীৰ প্ৰাৰ্থনীয়; ভাল হইত ৰদি; I or we wish that, it is very desirable that

Would to God-- त्रेयत कतन ; ज्ञेयरतत निकट व्यर्थनां कति ; Pray God.

Wound, woond, pa. t. and pa. p. of wind.
Wound, woond, n. आयोड, कड; था; A cut;
bruise, hurt:—कडि; Injury:—v. t. श्रावाड-इ;

কত- ৰ ; আহত স্ব ; To make a wound; to hurt; to injure. Syn:—(v) Cut, stab, bruise, harm, damage; pain, irritate, gall; annoy, mortify, offend.

Be wound up to—ক্রমে চড়ে উঠা; ক্রমেন্টড়ে বাওবা; Be roused or rise (by degraes).

Dress a wound कुछान या श्रीकार क्रिया चैवर जागान ; या नाक क्रिया वेश्या ; Treat with remedies, as a sore or wound.

Wound one's feelings—কাহারও মরমে আথাত-ভূ; কাহারও আঁতে যা দেওয়া; কাহার মনে কট্ট-দে।

Wounded, p. a. विकंड ; बाह्ड ; Injured.

Wove, Woven, pa. t. and pa. p., of weave Wrack, v. t. विवक्त-कृ; To tease — n. नागत्र देनवान; Marine plant cast up on the shore.

Wraith, rath, n. जूड ; A spectre.

Wrangle, rang'gl, v. e. [A S. wringan, to wring] বিবাদ ক: বিতলা-ক: বগড়া-ক: ছজ্জ-ক:
To dispute angilly, to dispute; to quirrel noisily or peevishly '—n. বিবাদ; বিভলা, বগড়া; A noisy quarrel, an angry dispute Syn:—(v) Bicker, jangle, squabble, brawl, altercate.
(n) Altercation, bick ring, brawl, jangle, contest, controversy, squabble

Wrangler, rang'gler, n. কল্ফবারী; বিবাদকারী.
A brawler .—কেম্বিজ বিবালারের প্রথম শ্রেপতে পনীকোভার্থ হাজি; One who passes a superior examination at Cambridge University. n=wranglership

Wrap, rap, v. t. ছটান, ভাল-ফু. জডান; নোডা.

Fo fold together; to wind together — আর্ডফু. To entelop — n আছোলন, রেপাট; দোলাই;
লেকাফা; A wrai per, as a shawl. Syn.—(v)
I nyelop, enfold, muffle.

Be wrapped up un—বিছুতে ৰয়-হ; Be absorbed ...

Wrap in, Wrap up—কাপচ দিলা জড়ান, Cover ।। something thrown round. [garment Wrapper, n. বেপার, রেজার, A loose outer Wrath, rath, n. কোৰ, রাগ; কোপ, Violent anger, indignation:—অপরাধের শান্তি। Syn — Resentment, passion, indignation, rage, fury, ire, exasperation.

Empty (or pour out) the vials of one's wrath—( কাহাৰ উপৰ) ঝাল ঝাড়া, Give vent to one's anger.

Wrathful, rathicol, a. কুছ, বুণিত; রাগানিত; কোণাছ; Full of wrath; very angry —কোণ-সূচৰ, Springing from or expressing wrath. ad—wrathfully (কুছভাবে), n—wrathfulness. Syn-Incensed, furious, raging, indignant, passurate.

Wreak, rek, v t. প্রতিষ্ক-দে; আডি ছুলা; কেণ্-কু, লদান-কু; fo revenge, to satisfy, to hurl, to inflict.

Wreak vengeance on an enemy—णन (छाना ; रेन्द्रमाधन-कृ। [chapiet. Wreath, reth, #. माना, क्षत्र ; A' garland ; a A wreath of bones—क्ष्म्याना।

Wreathe, reth, v. i. गींथा ; शांकांव ; कडांव , कडांव , To twine about , to encircle : - v. f. ब्वाव, (वडेव-इ , To be interwoven; to entwine. Syn:—Twist, interweave, entwine; encircle, enfold, surround. Wreok, rek, n. [D. wrak, damaged] নাল; ধানে:
Destruction:—নত্তাবশেব; ভয়াবশেব, The remains of anything ruined:—কাহাজের নাল; লাহাজ ভূবি.
Destruction of a ship:—কাহাজের ভয়াবশেব,
The ruins of a destroyed ship:—v. t. (জাহাজ)
ধানে-ক; নাল-ক; চূৰ্ব-ফু; To destroy (as a vessel); to disable; to ruin:—v. i. নাই-হু; নাল পাহবা,
To suffer wreck or ruin. Syn:—(n) Perdition, ruin, desolation, prostration. (v) Strand, founder, cast away; ruin.

Go to wreck and ruin—নই-হ; Be destroyed. Wreckage, দ. নইাবয়া; ভয়াবশেষ।

Wreoker, n. ৰে বাজি ভাষাজ-ভূবি চইচে নুঠন কৰিতে বাষ: ভগ্নাপোতের হুব্যাদি অপচরণকাৰী. One who plunders wiecks; one who plunders the goods cast on shore from a wrecked vessel

Wren, ren, n. কলধ্বনি পক্ষা বিশেষ, A well-known playful bird.

Wrench, rensh, v. t. মোচদ দিয়া টাৰা, টেচকা মারা, জোবে টাৰা, To pull with a twist; to force by violence, to pull by violence: —n. মোচন মচকাৰি, টাৰ . A violent twist —প্ৰাচকৰ; পেচ টাৰা বন্ধ; An instrument for turning bolts. Sun —(v) Wring, twist; sprain, strain distort

Wrest, rest, v. t. টানিয়া বাংল-ক; To extert বলপুৰ্বক লণ্ডা; To take from by force — সভা হউতে বাংভলাভ-কু, প্ৰকৃত্ত অৰ্থ এইতে অলিভ-কু, To twist from truth or from its natural meaning—n. ৰোচড়ান; মোচড়; Violent pulling and twisting, distortion:—বাংলাছের চাবি। Syn:—(n) Wrench, wring, twist; extert, distort, pervert. Wrestle, res'!, v. হ. নুলাজ-কু, প্তি-কু, To contend by grappling and striving to throw the other down; to strive as with arms extended as two men to overthrow each other—প্ৰ' হাবাণিত কু; বিবাদ-কু; Suruggle—n. নুলাজ কুডি; A struggle between two to throw each other down, n—wrestler (মলু, পালোবান)! Syn:—(v) Strive, cortest

Wrestling, দ বুভি, বাজি।

Writch, rech. n. [A. S. wrac, wretched]
দ্বালা হেডাগ নেক, প্রেট নাক. A miserable
person — অধন কল্পি , ইপ্র গোক; A vile person
Syn:—(n) Outcart, panah; villain, proflegate, scoundrel, rascal, knave, vagabond, miserant.

Wretched, reclied, a. ছ:গী; নান; Miserable. pittable:—লগত; অধিকংকর, তুদ্ধে. Contemptible; worthless; low. n=wretchedness. Syn:—Fallen, rumed, distressed, afflicted, unhappy, forlorn, comfortless, melancholy, dejected; calamitous, afflicting, deplorable; poor, vile, sorry, worthless.

Wretchedly, ad. অগমরূপে; অতি হুংখ।

Wrotchedness, reched-nes, म. श्रेनावक्षा; काहेब सरका; Quality or state of being wretched. Syn:—Unhappiness, misery, distress, affliction; destitution, poverty, penury.

Wrigglo, rig'l, v. i. (गांगा , To twist to and iro :-- नार्णन कांत्र दल्ल इतन भनन-इ. (केटहांब वक महोत्र

নাডাচাডা কয়া; নোচড় দিলা চলা; কিন্বিল-কু; To move as a snake or cel with short irregular motions:—v. i. মোচড়াইলা চালিড-কু।

Wright, rit, s. निज्ञी ; विज्ञी ; कर्षकीय ; A maker ; an artificer.

Wring, ring, v. t. যোচড়ান; যোচড়-ৰে; পাৰায়; To twist:—নিস্টান; To force by twistling:—কেশনে, বষ্ট-নে; যন্ত্রণা-নে; To pain:—বনপ্রক সভরা;
To extort:—বিকৃত-কৃ:—v. i. আকুকিত-হ; নোচড় '
থাওবা; To writhe; to twist:—কট্ট-পা। Syn:—
Torture; strain, squeeze; force, wrest.

Wrinklo, ring'kl, n. বলি; সকোচ; বেখা; কোচলা; Cross or furrow in the skin; a fold; a small ridge on surface formed by twisting or shrinking — বন্ধবাতা; Unevenness:— অধণা; অপানার্না:
— ত. ব. বৃথিত-কু. সৃষ্টিত-কু. কোকড়ান; To contract into winkles or furrow:— বন্ধবা-কু; To make rough.— ত. বিশ্বতিত; বিশেশতা)৷ Syn:
— (n) Fold, plant, gather, pucker, crease, ruffle, crumple, corrugation.

Wrinkly, a. (क्षेकडांन, Full of wrinkles:— नुकराधीन; Liable to be wrinkled.

Wrist, 11st, n. মণিক , চাতের কলি , The joint by which the hand is united to the arm.

Wristband, sistband, s. किंब-नेक; The part of a sic ve which covers the wrist.

Wrist lot, n. ব'লা; রীশোকের দতানা বছন-ত্তা। Writ, rit, n. দলিল, প্রথমানা , আদানতের আদেশ-পান, A written document:—লিখন, A writing The holy writ—ধথা প্রক, প্রটান ধথায়ত্ব, The Scriptures.

Write, rit, v. t. লেখা, লিপি-কু; To express by forming lettlers and words on paper, stone &c., to inscribe with a pen or pencil —িলিপ বন্ধ-কু; To iecord —পোলা, অপ্তিত-কু, To engrave —বচনা-কু; Compose —পাত্ৰ খানা জ্ঞান্ত-কু, পাত্ৰ নেখা, Make know by letter; communicate by letter —v. i. পাত্ৰাকি লেখা, To send letter:—বিপ্তিক কু; লেখা, To perform the act of writing —কেনা-পিনিক কু, লিপিকাখা-কু; To be employed as a clerk:—বচনা-কু; প্ৰবন্ধানি রম্না-কু, এছকান-কু; To compose books. Syn:—Copy, transcribe, compose.

Write a good hand- হাতের শেবা ভাল। Write down--নিকাবাদ নিধিয়া নীতে নামান; Decry

in writing.

Write in cypher—ভণ্ড বিষয় চালাইবার জন্ত সাহেতিক জন্ম লেপা, Write a private alphabet inverted or continued for the safe transmission of secrets. Write off—হিসাবের পাতার পরচ লেপা বা বাদ-দে। Write oneself out—বিশ্বিয়া বিশিষ্য আগনার পৃত্তি করাইরা-দে।

Write out---वक्त-कु ।

Write to-लिथिया निकाड (अवन-कृ)

Write up — धन ना निषित्र हैनाद उना ; नवालाहनाव धन ना क्, Puff up by praise in writing :— थान जाता।

Writer, rī'er, n. লেখৰ; নিশিষৰ; One who writes :—বেরাগী; Clerk :—লেখৰ; গ্রহণাৰ; নচৰা-কারী; Author. Syn :—Penman, scribe, secretary, amanuensis; composer; scribbler, Writer to the signet-stored blan, An attorney or soncitor in Scotland. Writership citer ship, n কেরানীবিরি, দেবকের कार्य वा नन . The office of a writer Writhe, rith, v f [ A S uridhan to writhe ] পাকান , পাক-বে , শোচডান , To twist violently , to wrest -- চ বছ্চিত চ বছণার মোন্ড বাওয়া কাত क्रांब, क्रिक्ट्-कृ, To twist the body about as in pain Sym -Distort, wring, wrest, wriggle, sourm Writing, riting, n इसनियन, अवस्तिमांग इस ক্রিপি Penm inship, handwriting - [797 Act of writing —পুরুষ A book -কোদৰ Inscription —ক্লিল, পত, A conseyance document — त्रान्त अनक Composition — pl त्रान्त्रभव , महत्त्रों क्षित्रभव , Legal deds , official papers Writing book - हलनिनित्र गाँछ। Writing desk- निश्नार्थ होन एक। Writing paper--- निविशत का छ । Writing table— বিবিবার মেজ। Written, p a लिविड ब्रिडिं। It is written-লিখিত আন চক কাজ ৷ Wrong, rong a [ hel raim 11 ] 1 wrong 1 व्यक्ताया नीडिनिक्द , Unju 1 jit - अवृध्ि आकृति . Improper -- जरवार चन्त्र जांत्र I 110 neous, not right my then - [4] ጓች ሳን 🔒 False untrut —n अभूर 7 1 int and Injustice — अम Error — योग 1 init —i t व्यक्तार के अपनात के नीयन है विकास के lodo wrong to, to treat with import a languist to oppress - CFIF (# To find fault with - 21 अञ्चित्रज्ञाण , श्रद्धके Ami not ri htly Sin !-(a) Injurious, illegal, inequitable inmostal bad evil faulty accorned in taken unfit unsuitable ( ) liniq ii y immor il v injust ce,

Do wrong—অসত ভাৰ ম , কংঘড় Make a mistake act wrongly

unfarmes trespass transpies i crior gire !

Do wrong to -কাহারও পাতি কু, অভারাচাণ কু।

varce (v) Abuse, m little to pres

Go wrong with— ছবিষ্টকর-ছ, "I also a course that is detrimental to —বিকল হ Prove unsuccessful in the case of —কাছাৰঃ কিছু অসৰ বিশ্বৰকৃ. Be out of order with

On the wrong side -with Above.

Wrong-doer, n অপকারক, উৎপীদক, ক্ষতিকারক, Offender, tormentor

Wrong-doing, n अश्रात . अश्रातहात ।

Wrongful, rong'iool n a অস্তায় অনৈধ, Full of wrong, unjust — কভিজনক অনিধ্বাহক, Injurious ad-wrongfully (অস্তাব্দশে), n-wrongfulness (অস্তাব্দা)। Syn —Unfair, unrighteous

Wrong-headed, ron r-heded, a একপ্রায়, বিশ-রীত বৃদ্ধি, ক্ষান্ত চিত্ত, Perverve in understanding wrong in principle wrong in head

Wrongly, ad অসাংসাপ Unjustly — সমক্ষম। Wrote, ioi p f of write

Wroth, rawth a কুপত ক্লাই কাণাৰিত Full of wrath enraged, very an rev wrathful Syn -- Prasperated, angre, meensed, indignant new kell to our

Wrought, rint a কুম ৰাজ-কৰা Mide by labour, nunufactured — শিশ্নি শ্বত -pt and pr of work

Wrought out—तान वन Exhausted
Wrought up (or up to) - एउटि है hacited
Wrought iron - ए छात्र लिए व श (तहा लिए)
न्य (as from read to gh and mall able
Wrung, ran, pat and pool oring

Wry, ri i বক বাকা অসবল টেবণা, I wisted bent turned to one side crooked — বিকৃত অসুচিত বিপরীত Distorted perverted — v / বিকৃতি হৈ যা n—wryness (বিকৃতি, বক্তা)।
A wry faco—মুণ বিকৃতি।

Mry neck, rinch n ক্রীলা A twisted or distett d nick — শেটিটাকর' ভাতীয় পক্ষী বিভেষ

A small bird allied to the word pecker

Wyvern, सर्वात म [L \* per l a riper भ अब १०१६२ व बार की विश्वा An imaginary an malic cimbang i flying scripint

# X

X—ই বাজি বর্ণমালার চতুর্কিল কৰি বা ক্ষক বিলেখ the 24th le ter of the Lighth Alphid et Xanthio, zafeliuk, a বাল্ট পাল্ল, গীতাৰ বৈধানত, zafeliuk, a বাল্ট পাল্ল, গীতাৰ বিভাগে কৰা হৈ বিলেখ  বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখ বিলেখ বিলেখি বিলেখ  বিলেখ বিলেখ বিলেখ বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখ বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বিলেখি বি

Kebeo, ze'bek, n জিন ম'জলনি'শন্ত ছোট পোত , A small three-massed vessel. [ tality Kendochy, ze nödo-ky, n অভিদিনেবা , H স্চা-

Xonium, দ'লা um n উপটোকন ভেট A present givent) a lest stranger of ambassador Xorasia, n চুলেব পীনা Disease of the hair Xrays, r h নেতা নক লা লাক বিশোকৰ কিবল।

Xylography, ri log taft, n কা'ঠ বৌদিত ছবি Wood লোৱা ফলল —কাটোপাৰ বৌদকারী বা চিত্রাছন দিশেল কাঠ পোন বিদ্যা, the art of engraving on wool

Xylophagous, a কাঠভুক কাঠে ছিত্রকারী !

Xylophagous, n কাটনিহিত বাদাবৰ বিশেষ।

Xyst, n মন্ত্রক্ করিবাৰ ছাল, A coart or portico for athletic exercises [scraping bones

Xyster, n ছাড়িটা অন্ধ বিশেষ, An instrument for

⊻--ইংরাজি বর্ণমালার পঞ্বিংশ বর্ণ বা জকর বিশেব , The 25th letter of the English Alphabet

Yacht, yot, n. কেলিপাড, রাজকীয় তবী, সুসজ্জিত ছোট রাজপোড বা কেলিপোড, বঞরা, A light and furnished vessel for pleasure trips or state, a decked pleasure vessel -v. s. oire chico বাৰ্ত্ৰা-কু।

Yachter, yoter, n क्लिलाज्य मंबि. वामान-छन्पैराह्य ; One engaged in sailing a vacht Yachting, joting, n. कनवाडा , एक (भार वाडा Sailing in a yacht.

Yahoo, n আলি ই ইতর ব্যক্তি, Degraded slave Yak, yek 2 जिला मित उमरी शक्क, युव शिमाव A large kind of grunting ox in Centrel India Yam, " আৰু, ক্ষে আৰু, চুৰ্ণ্ড আৰু: An catable

root lake the potato

Yankee, yang'ko n মার্কিন দেখার লোকেব সাধারণ नाम An american, an inhibitans of the Unit ed States - a मार्कन (मनीय ताक मसकीव 734 লোক, (Collequially) a man shrewd and sharp at a bargain

Yankooism, n. मर्दिन (प्राचन नामांत देवित । Yard, y ird, n 5" 515, ## , ## , An Firheh mercure of 3 feet - \$314, 54 2144, A court -- अ न हर, लांगाटच्य 'न बाबवकावो कात्र, A long be im on a ma t to hold a sail -- वान न , বাণিচা , Garden

A brick-yard, n 35-rater 1

Yard arm, yerd arm n यांचान मारक शक्रिकार कर waten, Fither I all of the ships yard from cen tre or mast to the en l

Yard arm and yard-arm-Ve sels are said to be yard arm and yard arm when so near as to touch or int il . L their y irds

Yard stick, Yard wand, , 996'3;

Yare, yir, a are R ady -bed Dexterous — শি এ , ধবিত , Quick

Yarn, yaın, n বুৰা ফুনা, পাবাৰ ফুচা, প্ৰথী ফুল, Spun thread - no, The tailor - story

Spin a yarn-मायांश्वा लक्षा मह दू ।

Yarrow, yar'o, n উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ, লভা বিশেষ, The plant milfoil.

Yetaghan, yat'1-gan, n खुनक (भनीय (कांब्रा विल्य , A long Turkish dagger

Yawl, " लाहगजत कम लोक। A ship's small boat - इक्ट्रबंब यह होरवांत के, त्वी त्वी-के, To howL

Yawn, yawn, ए : हाँहेटडांटा , कुश्चन कू , मूनवापन-3, To gape, to open the jaws involuntarily -লাএহাহিত হ ---- জ্বল, হাহ, মুখবাদন, The opening of the mouth from drowsiness

Yawning, a. सन्न , अन्तर्भाती , गापिन , Gaping , opening —n कक्षन, बाक्षन, Act of gaping, act of opening wide.

Yclept, v. p नाम बाहु , नाम बाहिए , Called

Ye, ye, pro ভোমরা, ভোমাদিবকে, The nominative plural of the second person

Yes, ya, ad ই সভা ৰটে. Yes, verily -- " অম-কৃশ মন্ত , Affirmative vote

Yes and nay--वानाववान।

Yeas and nays-शं उसा। Young Yean, yen, o t मखान ध्यम्ब-कृ, To bring fort: Year, yer, n वरमब, वर्ग, आप, A period of twelve months -pl वत्रम, बुधकान, वार्धका, Age or old age

All the year round-मनद क्रमंत्र वरमंत्र वालिया . সৰংসর খানহা লার মাস I broughout the year Civil year, w The year adopted by a natio a for the computation of time

Common year –(व वरत्रत ७७४ किन वर्ष ।

Leap year -त्य वाद ७७७ मित्न दरमत इय, वे नरान (क क्यों वे न रें मिन इस, Freely fourth year which is made to constit of 306 chays

Lunar year, " The period of 13 lunar months or ,54 d is 5

Of tender year—ज्ञानका

Year after year - w 5 3834, One year after 1 another many years

Years of discretion—नावानकह (य स्टान क्रांबहमा विशेष के प्रिताद क्यांक क्या The are of wind july ment, an age whereone is able to judge between what is right and what is wrong

Year of grace, n with area a catala acha चुहान, Any you of the Christian ता, उटा dating from the birth of Christ A D 1 741 Year book. n 418 7 4 Mater 33 4114 174 Yearling, yee hing no of the transfer to an nalota yen old -- a ब्रक्त वास्त्र (

Yearly, yor'li a नागिक, द'दम्बिक न्यंत्रां Hip pening every year, innual -ad are tent and #4 Annially, once a year, from year to veir Youin, year v : [ \ S gern in from georn de irous] অভাত স্থা; বাাক্ৰছ ভাৰবিদ্য ভংকুৰ হ', বাগ্ৰ', -ংক্ঠিচত স্থংকুৰ হ', প\_ong for to desire, to tecl carnest desire. Syn -(rave, hanker after

Yearn, v f or: ( ) 1911年) 四四十五, lobring forth young [ gurly for Yearn from - उप हेल्ला ह , लालमा क , Long ea Yearning, yerning, " व्यक्तिक वानना . नुहां, Longing — (वह, वादनना, Affection, pity a উৎস্ক , Longing.

Yearnling, " ছাগল ছ'লা , ভেডার ছালা ! Yoast, yest, n मानत्र (क्या , मानत ख्यानि , गाँकता , The froth of malt liquors in fermentation, a preparation which raises dough for bread, Yeasty, yesti, a confige; (var, Frothy.

foamy. [an egg Yelk, n. Stee fisher, we-set, Yellow part of Yell, yel, v 1. (bbiff, bleafa-p, To howl, cry out; to shrick fildeously:—n. তার সংকার; সোরগোল; A short outcry; a shrick of horror. Syn:—(v) Shrick, scream, screech, bawl.

Yellow, yelo, a. পীত; পীতবৰ্ণ; জনদ; ছরিছাবৰ্ণ; Of a bright gold colour:—n. পীতবৰ্ণ; ঝলদ নত; A bright golden colour:—n. f. পীতবৰ্ণ-ছ়। n=yellowness.

Yellow bird—পন্নী বিশেষ; A small singing bird. Yellow-fever, yelo-fe'ver, n. পৈছিক জয় বিশেষ; A malignant fever of worm climate.

Yellow fing—বংকামক বোগের আত্তর্থ স্চলার্থ উজে-লিড পীত নিশান ! [A song-bird of yellow colour. Yellow-hammer, yelo-hammer, m. পকা নিশেব. Yellowish, yelo ish, a. কিকিং পীত; ইবং পীত; Somewhat yellow. n=yellowishness.

Yellow ochre--গোপী মৃত্তিকা।

Yellow orpiment-হরিডার।

Yelp, yelp, v. i. বৃক্রের মত ডাকা ; কেই কেই-কু; To bark :—n. কুকুর-বব ; আওঁনাৰ ; Bark.

Yon, n. जानाम मुजा विदन्त ।

Yeoman, yu'man, n. কেন্দ্ৰপাল; পাঁচিদাব; পালা; Gentleman farmer; fammer:—ইণ্লণ্ডের সাধাবে অধ্যন্ত্রেলীব লোক; গুকল; A man of common rank next below a gentleman — ব্যক্তক্মচারী কিশেব; One of the body guard

Yooman of the guard-One of the state body guard of the king of England next under the gentleman at aims.

Yeoman's service— উত্তম কার্যা; স্বাসং সাভাষা। Yeomanry, ve man-ri, স. গৃহস্তমত ; ভোগোৰ-সম্ভ, প্রামা; মৰ্মানাই; ল্যোড্রার স্প্রায়; The collective body of fre holders.

Yes, ves, ad বা , আজো; ভাই বটে, টিক বটে; A word of affirmation or consent; ay.

Yest, n. yeart नन (नन ।

Yoster, ১০৭টো, a. মতকলা, গত দিলেঁটা; বিগত, পত ; Relating to yesterday; last.

Yesterday, yester-da, n. গতকলা; গত निवम ; The day last past :--ad. গত দিবদে।

Yesternight, yester-nit, n. अंड बलनी; विशंड बलनी; The night last part.

Yet, yet, ad. আনও: এখনও; তখনও; এবাবং; এ প্রস্তু; তথাট; Still; at this time; at least, even; hitherto; up to the present time, besides; in addition:—corj. তথাপি; তবুও; তথাট, Nevertheless; however. Syn:—(ad) Besides, further; thus far.

As yet—এ প্ৰাস্ত ।

Yow, a, n. 3\* acet , An evergreen tree.

Yield, yeld, v. t. [A. S. geldun, guldan, to render] স্বাকাৰ-কৃ; তেও , To grant; to allow :—
দেখা; To give forth:—ব্যচ-কৃ; To expend:—
উৎপাদন-কৃ; উৎপত্ৰ কৃ; To produce:—ছাণ্ড্যা-দে;
ড্যাগ-কৃ; To resign:—ভাগ-কৃ; To give up .—v.
i. হার মানা; নিরত-হ:—বনীভূত-হ; বহুতা স্বীকার-কৃ;
বলবতী-হ, To submit:—অনুযোধ ক্লা-কৃ; To comply with:—সমত-হ; হান চাড়িয়া দেখবা:—n. উৎপাত্র ক্রা; উৎপত্তি: Amount yielded; product.
Syn:—(v) Bear, afford, furnish, exhibit; admit, concede, surrender, relinquish, forego; succumb, submit; bend, relax, give way; assent.

Yield the palm—কাহারও অপেকা কোন অংশে হীৰ হওবা; কাহারও নিকট ব্যুবতা বীকার-কু; Be inferior to; admit one's inferiority to another.

Yield to—হারমানা; অগতা। বাঁকার-কু; Submit to, comply with, give way to.

Yield to temptation—প্রোপ্তনে বনীত্ত হ; To suffer one's self to be persuaded or induced to do something improper or wrong. [ render. Yield up—মানা ডাগে করিবা কোন কিছু-লে; Sur-Yield up the ghost, Yield up the breath (or the life)—মনা; প্রাণ্ড্যাগ-ড়; Expire.

Yielding, yelding, a. অনুরোধী , বছঙা বীকারকারী ; Compliant :—বৰীজুড । Syn :—Submissive, complying, accommodating, unresisting, facile.

Yoke, yok, n. বৃগ; বোষাল; The frame of wood joining oxen for drawing:— শৃথাল; A chain:— বৃশ্ম; লোড়া:— লাসন্থার চিছ; লাসহ: A mark of servitude; slavery:— v. f. বোরালিতে বন্ধন-কু; বোড়া; বৃত-কু; বোড়াল-দে; To put a yoke on:— লাস-কু; লাস্ক্র্যাল বন্ধ-কু, আলি-কু, To enslave. Syn:—
(ল) Bond, ligature, link, tie; servitude, service, bondage, vassalage. (v) Couple, join, connect, associate; harne-s.

Shake (or throw) off the yoke of—নার অপীনতা বা বজতা বীকার না তু; Cease to acknowledge the supremacy of.

Yoke-fellow, Yoke-mate, n. সক্তর: সজী; Associate; a mate or fellow. [part of an egg. Yolk, n. ডিম্বে পীডাল: তম্ম্বা; The yellow Yon, ad. দূবে; ওলিকে, ঐ, ওখানে, At a distance within view; that —n. সম্পান্ত; Being at a distance; within view.

Yonder, a. এ দূৰবৰ্তী; এ ওপনে ভিড; At a distance within view:—এ ওপনে; Over there.

Yore, ad. বছকাল প্ৰে. পুৱাৰানে, In old time; in time being past.

Of yore-প্ৰাকালে; প্ৰাচীনক'লে; ক্কৰাল পূৰ্বে; Formerly; in time long past.

You, pron. and person r! but also used in the singular. তুনি; তোনরা, আপনি, তুই; তোকে; তোমাদিগতে।

Young, a. নালক; দকণ . কচি : অলবক্স; Not long born; juvenule:—জনভিক; Inexperienced:— যৌবং; যৌবনবং: যুবান; চাবা: ছেটি ; ছর্বল:—বংস; শাবক; ছানা; বাজা; The off-spring of animals. With young—গঠবতী।

Young Bengal-नग शकाशे मध्यमार ।

Younger brother—োড ভাই ; কনিষ্ঠ ; অৰুজ। Youngest brother—সপ্ৰক্ষিত ভাই।

Youngish, a. वानकर९; अववनक; Somewhat

young. { animal. Youngling, n. বালক; A young person or Youngster, n. বালক; A lad.

Your, pro. ভোষার ; ভোষাদের ; আপনার ; আপনাদের ; Possessive of you.

Yours, pro. possessive of you, not followed by Yourself, pro. sing. অব:; আপনাকে; ডুমি আপনি: আপনিই; Your or own self or person. [দিগতে। Yourselves, pro. pl. c চামারই; আপনারই; আপনারই; আপনারই; আপনারই; আপনারই; আপনারই; আপনারই; বৌবনকাল; Part of life that follows childhood:— বুবা; বুবকাণ; A young person:— বুবালোক; ছোকরা;

\*\*\*FC\*\*; Young persons taken together. Syn:— Juvenility, adolescence, minority; boy, lad, stripling.

Youthful, yoothhifool, a. বৌৰনকালীন; তরপবয়ক, নবীন; বৌৰন বিশেষ; The cr নবীন; বৌৰন 'নপ্ৰীয়, Pertaining to youth:— বৌৰনের উপযুক্ত, Suitable to youth .—সভেক, Fresh; vigorous. n∞youthfuless Syn:— Yuletide, n. Christian time

Young; puerile, juvenile, boyish. Youthfulness, अ. मरोनच . उद्गण । Yucce, n. क्लगांच विराव ; A genus of tree. Yuen, n. बांबब विराव ; The crowned gibbon. Yule, nl, m English feast of the midwinter, now hold at Christmas. Yuletide. n. Christian time

Z

💆 - ইংরাজি বর্ণমালার বছবি শ বর্ণ শ অকর; The 26th letter of the English Alphabet.

Zacintha, " উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ . A plant

Zain, v. wa fara . A horse of a dark color.

Zamia, প্ল. আফ্রিকার উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ. A genus of plants. [ an Indian and Negro Zambo, খনপাঠট, প্ল. বৰ্ণসকৰ বিশেষ, Offspring of

Zamism, n ভণমি, কখবামি, Bulloonery. Zany, cánī, n ভাঁড়, ভও, বিদূবক , A bustoon ;

Zany, cánī, n डाँड़, डाउ . विमूदक, A bufloon merry andrew.

Zeal, গল, n [ G set s, real, jeniousy ] উৎসাত উৎস্কা, আরহ; বারতা, Passionati ardour in the pursuit of any thing, earnestness. Syn— Eagerness, enthusiasm univers, ferrour

Zeal for—কোন ইই সাধনাৰ্থ নিয় তিগৰ আগ্ৰহ বা আকি-কৃন, Passionate ardour in the pursuor for the advancement.

Zoalot, zelot, n উৎসাই , আগ্রহণান বাজি ; An enthusiast —উৎকটকাপে আদৃত্তি ব জ , Fanatic ,

Zealous, zelus, a উৎদাসী, ইংসাসীৰ বাগ্ন, আগ্ৰহ্বান, অভাসন্ত , Enthusiastic, ardent, earnest, passionate in any cause ad - realously (বাগ্ছাবে), n - realou nes (সাগ্হনিক ন)। Syn - Eager, fervent, ardent, strenuous, warm, passionate

Zebu, দ ভারতবর্ষীয় গাড়ী , দেশ গরু।

Zedoary, n. বন আদা।

Zemindar, n জমীনার, ভূপামী, A lande aner Zemindary, n. ভূনপাতি, The land pos essed by a zamindar.

Zanana, n অৱ:পুৰ , অলবাৰ।

Zebra, ze'bra, n. 16জবিতি অব নিশেন, জেববা Striped wild horse i Per ian diale t Zend, zend, n. পারজেন অ'ডীন ছাধা, An ancient Zend Avesta, zend i-ve ti, n. পানদিৰ বন্ধ পুত্ৰক; Holy Stripture of the fire worshipping in i Persia.

Zenith, ze'nith, n. মন্তকোৰ্দ্ধ কল্পিত নাজানিকা, নিরো-বিক্ষু, Point in the visible he windy sphere which is over the head of the beholder -কড়ান্ডভা, উচ্চতান; উচ্চতানা, Greatest height Syn —Summit, top, apex.

To be in zenith—উরতির পরাকারীর থাকা।

Zephyr, zif'er, n. मृत्रम्य वांबू , शांक्रमवांबू , A soit, gentle breeze , west wind

Zephyr cloth → কৃত্য পদনী বস্ত্ৰ বিশেষ।
Zephyrus, স. পশ্চিমদিকত্ব বায়ু; I he west wind.

Zero, zl'ro, n. Tw; fan, Cupher. pl=zeros, zeroes Syn -- Nothing, mught

Zeat, rest, n [Per sistan to peel] বেৰ্ছ খোনা; দেবুৰ তেল, Piece of orange or lemom peel used to give flavour to liquor —আবাদন, হ্ৰখাদ, মিই-ব্স, Pleasant taste, relish —v t. (বেৰু) ক্ষুক্ত বংভ বংভিড-কৃ. রস-দে। Syn —Plavour, savour, gusto, smack, twang, keen, enjoyment.

Zougma, n. বাক্) বহুদের দোহ বিশেষ , প্রসৃদ্ধি। Zous, n ঐকদেশর প্রধান দেবতা , ইক্স , The Greek name of Jupiter

Zibet, Zibeth, n. পটাস . সক্ষােণ্ডলা :

Zigzag, a বণ, আবা বাঁৰা, বোর বের, কৃষ্ণ, History short sharp turns, crooked — ৩. ঃ বণভাগে বাঙলা, lo torm with shire turns — প আবা বাঁকা কেল কিছু, Something that his hort turns, Zine, zink, n দলা, A bluish white metal some what like tin — ৩. ৫ মুখা দিবা আৰু ১-কৃ, হোটো ! a=zincous zincy

Zincography, u. asia rives quisa faren |
Zinc sheet - wait bisa | [ .ilem.
Zion, n The church of God - 1 hill of Jecu-

Daughter of zion--Jirus ikm

Zodiac, ১ di-ak, n বালিচক, ভাতি, চক, Binad circle in the heavens in which are the twelve signs — কটবন্ধ , A girdle a=zodiacai (বালিচক দক্ষীয়) ৷

The sign of the zodiac—ক্ৰেক্টিড়ি ছাদ্ৰ Zoic, a ভাৰতভ্ৰম্পনীয়

Zone, 2011, n. (1931). He. (airdle — Words. He]. Division of the Earth according to temperature of the atitudes e=zoned. Syn. —Belt, bildrie, circuit, circumterence, region, clime. The two frigid zones — 34'4-7-3444.

The two temperate zones— সম ৰ বৃদ্ধ ;
Zoography, n প্রালি-বৃদ্ধ : A description of arimals, their terms and habits.

Zoological garden, n প্ৰণাট্ডৰা; Collection of in mal, in a public garden

Zoologist, 20010-11st, n. পাণীবিজ্ঞাৰ বিশাসৰ; এ'এইড্ৰাব্ প্ৰিড , One who is well versed in 20010gy.

Zoology, zoolojy, n প্ৰাণিবিল্যা; শ্লীববিল্যা, প্ৰাণি-বৃথান্ত, প্ৰাণিতৰ, Natural history, science of animals a=zoological (প্ৰাণীতৰ সম্মনীয়)।

Zoomancy, দ তীৰ্জন্তর গভাগি প্ৰনি ভবিষ্ঠ ভাৰণ। Zoophyte, 250-fit, দ জন্ত ও ৰুক এই উভর ৰশ্বক বস্তু, ভদ্ভিদ ও আগা এতছ্ভর ধর্মাক্রান্ত জীব, Polyp; coral. [বিজ্ঞান।

Zootechny, n जीनज्ञात भोजन ও পোৰণ সম্বজীর Zootomy, n जीवरण्ड्- विनान , The science which treats of the anatomy of animals. Sous, n. ज्ञन द्वांन विस्त्रप

Zousve, #. बाह्यदिक (वनशांती क्यांनी रिमक निर्मंद . A seldier in the french service, originally Arabs. Zounds, zoundz, int. কোগাদি অকাশক অব্যয়; Of wonder or anger.

Zulu, n. prop. प्रक्रिंग सामिविकाय मान्तिक कांक्री साहि बिएन . Tribe belonging to the Kaffir race.

Zvmotic, zi-molik, e. (4 সময় বেংগে শরীরের রক্ত দ্বিত হয়, তৎস্চক; পাঁজরাথাল্লনিত: শরীরাত্যস্তর্ম রসাদির বিকার বারা উৎপন্ন : Pertaining all diseases, as Cholera, typhus, &c., in which a poison works through the body like a ferment.

Zymotic desease—ভাননসভানি সংকাৰক রোগ: An epidemic contagious desease,

# APPENDIX.—A.

### ABBREVIATIONS.

A or a. Adjective ; Afternoon ; Acre ; Alto, in commerce, accepted; in Metric system, Arc. a. or (a, (1.. ad) To or at. [ qu intity

a. or and (Cit. and) (Med) of each the same A. or Ans. Answer.

A. A. G. Assistant Adjutant General.

A B. (L. Arteum Baccalaureus) Bachelor of Arts.-Able bodied scamon.

Abbr. Abbreviated , Abbreviation.

A. B. C. F M American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Abl Ablat ye.

Ahp Archbishop.

A C. 252 . Ante Christum.

Abr. Abridgment.

Acc. Accusative

Acc Acci, or ale Ente. Account.

Acc. or act Active.

Acet. Cur Account Current.

Act Sales. Account of Sales. [ Loid

A. D. (L. Anno Domini) In the year of our Ad. or Adv Adverb.

A. d. After date.

Adang. (It. adagio) A slow movement in music. A. D. C (F.) बाक्शामरणय । बाव अहिल बालराज अकृत्त ;

Aid-de-Camp.

Ad. inf. (1.. ad inf nuture) Without limit.

Ad inf (L. ad interim) In the meanwhile.

Adıt.-Adjutant. 1 pleasure Ad lib (L. ad libitum) যথেক পরিমাণে, Al

Adm. Admiral, Admiralty.

Admr, Administration.

Admx, Administratrix. ment.

Adv. Advocate, Advent, Adverb, Advertise-Æ or Æt. (L. actatic) Of age, aged.

A. F. A. M. Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Ag. (L. argentum) Silver.

Agt. Agent.

A. H. (L. Anno Hegirae) মহম্মের প্লাংন হউতে বদ अवनात्र : In the year of the Hegira, or flight of Mohammed------i. e. A. D. 623.

Al. Aluminium.

Ala, Alabama,

A/cx-Alexander.

Alt-Altitude.

A M. (L. Artium Magister) কণাভিত্ত; অধীতfarl, Master of Arts .- (L. Ante Meridiem) প্ৰকাষ্টে ; Before noon.--(L. Anno Mundi) In the year of the world.

Am. Amer America, Americana, Americana,

Amt. Amount,

An (L Anno) In the year.

Arran বিনামা , Anonymous,

Aus Answer.

Art er Artiq. প্রত্নত্ত ; প্রাচীনকান ; Antiquities.

Ap. Apostle, April.

Apo. Apogee.

Arp পৰিশিষ্ট ; Appendix.

Apr. April.

Aq (L. aqua) Water.

A. Q. M. G. Assistant Quarter-master General.

A R A Associate of the Royal Academy.

Arith Arithmetic.

Aria Arizona Territory.

Ark. Arkansas.

A S Angle-Saxon.

As Arsenic, Astronomy.

Asst সহকারী, Assistant.

Actrol. Astrology.

Astron. Astronomy.

Ats. At suit of.

Att or Attv. Attorney.

Atty. Gen. Attorney General.

Au (L. Aurum) Gold.

A. U. C (L. Anno ab Urbe Condità) In the year from the building of the city, i. s. Rome.

Aug. August.

Aur. (L Aurum) Gold.

A. V. Authorized version.

Avoir. Avoirdupois.

b sie, Boin.

B Book, Baron.

B. A Bachelor of Arts; British America.

Br Barium.

Balance.

Bar. Barleycorn, Barrel.

Bart. or Bt. Baronet.

Rbl. Bl. Barrel, Barrels. B. C পৃত্যুক ; Before Christ. B. C. L. Bachelor of Civil Law. B D. Bachelor of Divinity. Bd. Bond. Bound. Rdls. Bundles. Bds. (Bound in) Boards. Be (L. Beryllium) Glucinum. Rgs. Bags. Ri. Bismuth. B. I. British India. Bib. Bible, Biblical. Biog. Biography. Bk. Bank, Book. Bkis. Baskets. B. L. Bachelor of laws. BIL. Bill of Landing. Els. Bales. B.o. Buyer's option. Bor. Boron, Borough. Bot. Bought. Bp Bishop. Bque. Barque. Br. Brother ; Bromine ; Brig ; Britain ; British. Brig Brigade; Brigadier. Bro. Brother. RIS. Ball of Sale. Bu. Bushel. E. V. (L. Beata Virgo) Blessed Virgin.-(L. Benevale) hare well. C. Carbon.—(L. Centum) A hundred; Cent; Centigrade theirmometer; Centime. c. Cents. C. or Cap. (L. Caput) Chapter. C. A. Chartered accountant, clo. In care of. Ca. Calcium. ca. Centare. Cal. California: Calendar,-(L. Calendar) Calends. Cam. Camb. Cambridge, Can. Canon. Cant. Canticles. Cantab. (L. Cantabrigiensis) Of Cambridge University, Eng. Caps. Capitals. Cap. Capital :- (L. Caput) Chapter. Capt. Captain. Cash. Cashier. Cat. Catalogue. Cath. Catholic. C. B. Companion of the Bath. C. C. Circuit Court; Chancery Cases; County Commissioner; County Court, Contra Credit. C. C. P. Count of Common Pleas. Cd. Cadmium. C. E. Canada East; Civil Engineer. Ce. Cerium. Cen. Centime.

Cent. ( L. Centum ) #5; A hundred.

Cf. or cf. ( L. confer ) जूनना क्य ; त्नव ; Compare.

C. F. I. Cost, Freight, and Insurance. Cg. Centigram. C. G. H. Cape of Good Hope. C. H. Court-House; Custom-House. Ch Church, Chancery; Chapter. Chal, Chaldron. Chanc. Chancellor. Chap. ज्यात्र , Chapter ; Chaplain. Char Charterer. Ohem. Chemistry. Chron. ( hronicles ; Chronology. Cit. Citation ; Citizen. Civ. Civil. C. J. Chief Justice. Cks. Casks. Cl. Clergyman; Clerk; Chlorine. cl. Centiliter. cld. Cleared. Clk Clerk. C. M. Common Meter. on Centimeter. Co. Cobalt ; Company ; County, Coch or Cochl. ( L. Cochleare ) A spoonful. C. O. D. Cash (or Collect) on Delivery. Col. Colonel; Colorado; Colossians, Columbia. Coll. College; collector; Colleague. Coll. colleg. চশিত কথার ; Colloquial. Com. Commissioner; Commodore; Committee; Commerce; Commentary; Commissary; Common. Comdg. Commanding. Comdt. Commandant. Camp Compare, Comparative, Compound Con. (L. contra ) 何東西; Against, In opposition. Con. or Cr. Contra, Credit. Cong Congress; Congregation, Congregationalist. Conj. Conjunction. Conn. or Ct. Connecticut. Const. Constable; Constitution. Contr. 可气体对, Contraction. Co. Counthians. Cor. Mem. Corresponding member. Corol. Corollary. Cor. Sec. Corresponding Secretary. Cos. Cosine. C. P. Court of Probate; Common Please. G P. S (L. Custos Privati Sigilli) Keeper of the Privy Seal. Cr उद्भर् ; Credit ; Creditor ; Chromium. Crim. Con. Criminal Conversation, or Adultery. Cs. Cæsium, Cases. C. S. Court of Sessions; Clerk to the Signet :-(Custos Sigilli) Keeper of the Scal. C. S I. Companion of the Star of India. Ct. Connecticut; Count; Court. Ct. or ct. Cent,—(L. Centum) A hundred. Cts or cts. Cents. Cu. ( L. Cuprum ) Copper. C. W. Canada West. Cur, curt. sine ain ; Current.

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Cut, or cut, ( L. centum, 100, and E weight ) A
                                                  E. 74 ; East ; Earl ; Erbium.
 hundred weight.
                                                  ea. Each.
D. Didymium.
                                                  E. and O. E. Errors and omissions excepted.
D. or d. Day; 38; Died; Dime; Daughter;
                                                  Eb. Erbium.
 Deputy; Degree .- (L. Denarius or denarii)
                                                   E. C. Eastern Central ( Postal District, London).
                                                   Eccl. or Eccles. Ecclesiastes; Ecclesiastical.
 शैनांब : A penny, or pence.
D. or d. or dol. Dollar.
                                                   Ecclus. Ecclesiasticus.
Dak. Dakota.
                                                   Bd. অভ্ৰক্তা; Editor; সংকরণ; Edition.
                                                   Edon. Edinburgh.
Dan. Danish : Daniel.
                                                                                        [ English.
Dat. or dat. Dative.
                                                   E. E. প্ৰমাদ বাডীড: Errors excepted; Ells
D. C. District of Columbia. —(It. Da Capo)
                                                   E, E. and M. P. Envoy Entraordinary and
                                                   Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Again, or From the beginning.
D. C. I. Doctor of Civil (or Canon) Law.
                                                   e. g. (L. exempli gratia) and : For example.
                                     [ Divinity.
                                                   E. I. East Indies, or East India.
i. d. Days after date.
D. D. (L. Divinitatie Doctor) Doctor of
                                                   Elec. Electricity.
D. D. S. Doctor of Dental Surgery.
                                                   E. Lon. East longitude.
Dec. December : Declination ; Declension.
                                                   E. N. E. East-North-East.
Def. or def. Difinition.
                                                   Eng. England : English.
Def. or Deft. व्यक्तिवामी ; Defendant.
                                                   Engin. Engineering.
Deg. or deg. क्रम : जाम ; Degree.
                                                  Epit. Ephesians; Ephraim.
                                                  Eq. Equal, Equivalent, Equity.
Del. Delaware; Delegate.
Del or del. (L. delineavit) He or She, drew it-
                                                  Esd. Esdras.
 affixed to the draughtsman's name.
                                                   E. S. E. East-South-East,
Dem. Democrat : Democratic.
                                                   Esq. or Esqre. Esquire.
                                                                              ( aliae ) And others.
Deb. Deputy: Department.
                                                   Esth. Esther.
Dept. Department; Deponent.
                                                   et al. ( L. et alibi ) And elsewhere .-- ( L. et alii
                                                   Etc, etc. or &c. (L. et caeteri caet erae or
Deut. Deuteronomy.
                                                    caetera ) ইटापि ; And others ; and so forth.
Dft. or dft, Defendant ; Draft.
D. G. (L. Dei Gratid) By the grace of God.
                                                   et. seg. (L. et sequentes or et sequentia) अवर ७९-
sg. - Decigram.
                                                    পরবর্ত্তী : And the following.
                                                   Ex. উদাহরণ ; Example , Exodus.
Dg. Dekagram.
D. H. Dead Head.
                                                   Exc. Excellency; Exception.
Di. Didymium.
                                                   Exch. Exchequer . Exchange.
Diam. or diam. Diameter.
                                                   Exec, or Exr. Executor.
Dict. Dictionary.
                                                   Executor Ex's. Executrix.
Dig. Digest.
                                                   Exod. Exedus.
Dioc. Diocese, Diocesan.
                                                   Exp. Export ; Exporter.
Disct. Discount.
                                                   Er or Esr. Erra.
Dist. District.
                                                   Erel. Ezckiel.
Dist. Atty. District Attorney.
                                      f Divisor.
                                                   F. Fahrenheit; France; French, Fellow;
                                                    Franc , Fuday ; Fluorine ; Feminine ; Florin ;
Div. Dividend; Division, Divide, Divided,
D. L. Deputy Lieutenant.
                                                    Farthing Foot ; Folio.
D. Lst. Doctor of Literature.
                                                    F. A. A. Free of All Average.
                                                   Fahr, Fah, or F. Fahrenheit.
dl. Deciliter.
Dl. Dekaliter.
                                                    Far. Farmery ; Farthing.
                                                    F. A. S. Fellow of the Society of Arts; Fellow
 D. L. O. Dead-Letter office.
 D. M. Doctor of Music.
                                                     of the Antiquarian Society.
                                                    F. C. Free Church (of Scotland).
 dm. Decimeter.
 Dm. Derkameter.
                                                   Fup. or fcp. Foolscap.
 D. M. D. Doctor Dental Medicine.
                                                    Fe. ( L ferrum ) lion.
 Do. or do. (It. Ditto) A ; The same.
                                                    Fib. February.
                                                    Fem. or fem. Feminine.
 Dols. or dols. Dollars.
                                                    Fi. fd. (1. fiers facias) Cause it to be done.
 Dox. or dos. wing; Dozen.
                                                    Fig. or fig. Figure, figures, figuratively.
 D. P. Dactor of Philosophy.
 Det. Deponent.
                                                    Fin. Financial.
                                                    Fir. or fir. Fickin.
 Dr. Debtor ; Docter ; Dram.
                                    f of the play.
                                                    Fl. Flora, Florin; Flourished.
 Dram. Pers. (L. Dramatis Personal) Characters
 D. S. ( It. Dal Segno ) From the Sign.
                                                    Fla. Florida.
                                                    F. M. Field-marshal.
 d. s. Days after sight.
                           [ Doctor of Divinity.
D. T. Dakota Territory-( L. Doctor Theologiae
                                                    Fo or Fol. Folio.
                                                    F. O. B. Free on Board.
   V. (L. Dec volente) God willing.
                                        weight.
                                                    Fr. France, Francis; French; Francs.
    t. (L. Denerius and E. weight) Penny-
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H G. Horse Guards.
                                                                                  [ Highness.
F. R. A. S. Fellow of the Royal Astronomical
                                               H H His Holiness (the Pope); His (or Her)
                                 [ Physicians
 Society.
                                               Hhd. or hhd. Hog-head.
F. R. C. P. Fellow of the Royal College of
                                               H. I. H. His ( or Her ) Imperial Highness.
F. R. C. S. Fellow of the Royal College of
                                               Hil Hilary.
                                    Society
 Surgeons.
                                               Hist History.
                                                                                    [ buried.
F. R. G. S. Fellow of the Royal Geographical
                                               H. J S. (L. Hie Jacet Sepultus) Here hes
F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society
                                               H/ Hectoliter.
F. R. S. E. Fellow of the Royal Society,
                                               Hm Hectometer.
 Edinburgh.
F. R S. L. Fellow of the Royal Society of
                                               H M His (or Her) Majesty.
 Literature, Fellow of the Royal Society,
                                               H M P. (L. Hoc Monumentum Posust) Built
                                                this monument.
                                                                                 [ or Service.
 London.
F. S A. Fellow of the Society of Arts.
                                                H W S His ( or Her ) Majesty's Steamer, Ship,
                                               Hon शननीय, Honorable, Hon'ble.
Fr , French.
                                                                                     [ Priest.
                                               Hos Hosea.
Ft or ft. Foot, Feet , Fort.
                                               H P अप्याद तन , Horse Power , Halfpay , High
Fth. Fathom.
                                               H R House of Representatives.
Fur or fur Furlong.
                                                H R E Holy Roman Empire, or Emperor.
Fut. or fut Future.
                                                H R H. His (or Her) Royal Highness.
F. Z. S. Fellow of the Zoological Society.
                                                H S H His (or Her ) Screne Highness.
C. Genitive, Glucmum, Guide
                                                Hund Hundred.
G. or g Guinea, Guineas, Gult,
                                                Hy. (NL. Hvdrargyrum) Mercuty.
g Gram
                                                I lodine, Island.
G. A General Assembly.
                                                la Indians.
Ga. Georgia.
                                                                                      [ place.
                                               Ib, Ibid (L Ibidem) সেই স্থানেট, In the same
Gal. Galatians.
                                                Id (L Idem) A. The same-Idaho.
Gal. or gal Gallon; Gallons.
                                               I. e, ot : e (L. ld est ) 电前文, That is.
G. A. R. Grand Army of the Republic.
                                               I. H S. (L lesur [ or Jesus, Hominum
G. B. Great Britain.
                                                Salvator ) Jesus the Savior of Men.
G. B & I Great Britzin and Ireland.
                                                III Illinois.
                                                                                   Importer
G. C Grand Chapter, Grand Chancellor;
                                               Imp Imperial, Emperor, Imperfect, Import;
 Grand Conductor.
                                                In. Inch , Inches , Indium.
G. C. B. Grand Cross of the Bath.
                                               inceg (lt. incognito) क्यादन. Unknown.
G. C. I. E. Grand Commander of the order of
                                               Ind Indiana, India, Indian, Index, Indicative.
 the India Empire.
                                               In 1 I. Indian Territory.
                                                                                    [ dignity.
Gen. Genesis, General, Genitive, Generally
                                                Infra aiz, infra dignifatem. Beneath one's
Gent. Gentleman.
                                               Int or inf Infinitive, Infantry, (L. infra)
Geo. George.
                                                Beneath Below, or Hereinafter.
Geog Geography.
                                                In tim ( L. In Ismine ) आराष्ट्र , At the outset.
Geol. Geology, Geologist
                                                In loc, in less (1 ) बहारन . In its place.
Ger. or Germ German, Germany.
                                                IVRI(L Icsus [ or Jesus ] Nasarenus,
G', (L glossa) A gloss.
                                                 Rex Judacorum ) Jesus of Nazareth, King of
G. M. Grand Master.
                                                the Jews.
                                                                       [ Institute , Institution.
Gov Governor
                                                inst lustant, -- বৰ্মান যাস , In the present month ;
G. P O General Post Office.
                                                int or ent To , interest,
Gr. Great Greek, Gross.
Gr. or gr Grain, Grains
                                               Intery. Interjection.
                                               Intr Introduction
G. T. Good Templars, Grand Tyler.
                                                Intrans Intransitive.
Gtt. ( L. gatta, guttae ) Drop , Drops.
                                                In trins ( L. In transit : ) 14, In the passage.
Gun. Gunnery.
                    [ यही, बड़ि, Hour Hours.
                                                Introd Introduction.
H Hydrogen.
H. or h High, Height, Harbor, Husband,
                                                Inv Invoice.
                                                                                     Io. lows.
                                                I O G. T. Independent Order of Good Templars.
Ha. Hectare.
                                                I O B B Independent Order of B'nas B'rith.
Hab, Habakkuk.
                                               1. 0 0 F Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
Hag, Haggai,
                                                I. O. U. আমি ভোমার নিকট বারি, I owe you-an
H. B. C Hudson's Bay Company.
H B. M. His ( or Her ) Britannic Majesty
                                                acknowledgment for money.
                                                : q (L. idem quod) The same as,
H C. M His (or Her) Catholic Majesty.
                                                Ir. Iridium , Ireland , Irish.
Hakf. Handkerchief.
Hebr Hebrew, Hebrews.
                                                Ire. Ircland
                                                Is. or Isa Isaiah.
Hf. bd. कई वज . Half bound.
                                                Isl. or isl. I land.
Hf chts. Half Chests.
                                                It. or Ital. ltaline ; Italic.
Hg. Hektogram.
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I. T. Indian Territory ; Inner Temple.	Lad. Ledger.
f. Judge, or Justice-//, Justices.	Leg. or Legis. Legislature.
J/m. Joint account.	Lev. Leviticus.
J. A. Judge Advocate.	L. I. Long Island; Light Infantry.,
Jam. Jamaica.	Li. or L. Lithium. frian.
Jan. January.	Lib. or lib. (L. liber ) Book; Library; Libra-
Jap. Japan.	Lieut. or Lt. Lieutenant.
Jas. James. [Casar.]	Linn. Linnaean ; Linnaeus.
J. C. JESUS CHRIST; Justice Clerk; Julius	Lit. चानन बारन ; नकार्ल ; Literally,
J.C.D. (L. Juris Civilis Dector) Doctor of	Liv. Livre. [ Laws.
Civil Law.	L. L. B. (I Legum Parcalaureus) Bachelor of
J. D. (L. Jurum Doctor ) Doctor of Laws.	L. L. D. (L. Legum Doctor) Doctor of Laws.
Jer. Jeremiah.	L. L. I. (Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.
J. G. W. Junior Grand Warden.	Loc. cit. ( I loce citate ) In the place cited.
fno. John.	Lon. Long. Might, Longitude.
Jo. Joël. Jong Josephan'	Lond. London.
Jona. Jonathan. Jos. Joseph.	Log. Loquitur. (I) Speaks. Lp. or Ldp. Lordship. [ Seal.
Josh. Joshua.	Lp. or Ldp. Lordship. [Seal. L. S. I oft side—(L. Locus Sigilli) Place of the
J. P. नावि-त्रक्क : Justice of the Peace.	L. S. II. or l. s. d. (L. Inbra, Solidi Denarii)
J. Prob. Judge of Probate.	Pounds, Shillings, Pence.
Jr. or jr. Cels ; Junior.	Lt. or Lieut. Lieutenant,
J U. D. (L. Juris Utriusque Doctor) Doctor of	Lv. Livre ; Livres.
both Laws (i. e. the Canon and the Civil Law).	LXX. The Septuagint,
Jud. Judith.	M. Marquis : Monday : Monsieur : Morning.
Judg. Judges.	(L. Mille) Thousand, (L. Meridies) Meri-
Jul. July : Julius ; Julian.	dian, Noon.
Jun. June. Junior.	M. or m. Married , Masculine ; Meter : Moon ;
Jur. Jurisprudence ; Jurist. [ um ] Potassium.	Month, Months; Minute, Minutes; Mill, Mills;
K. King, Knight; Kilogram (Kilo)(Kuls-	Mile, Miles; a Thousand (5 m = 5,000).
Kan. Kansas.	M. A. Master of Arts: Military Academy.
K. B. Knight of the Bath; King's Bench.	Mac. or Macc Maccabees.
K. C. B. Knight Commander of the Bath.	Mad. or Mme. Madam.
Ken. or Ky. Kentucky. Kil. Kilderkin.	Maj. Major. Mal. Malachi.
K. G. Knight of the Garter.	Manuf. Manufacture; Manufacturer,
K. G. C. Knight of the Grand Cross, Knight of	Mar March; Maritime.
the Golden Circle. Bath,	March. Marchioness.
K. G C. B. Knight of the Grand Cross of the	Marg Margin.
Ki Kings.	Marg. Marquis.
Kl Kiloliter.	Mas. Masc. Masculine.
K. L. H. Knight of the Legion of Honor.	Mass. Ma sachusetts.
Km. Kilometer.	Matt. Matthew. [ of Medicine.
Knt. or Kt. Knight.	M. B. (L. Medicinae Baccalaureus) Bachelor
Kr. Kreutzer.	M. C. Member of Congress; Master of Cere-
Ky. Kentucky.	monies; Master Commandant. [cine.] M. D. (L. Medicinas Doctor) Doctor of Medi-
L. Lady; Laun; Lord; Low; Lithium, Lake; Liter.	Md. Maryland.
L. lb. or lb. (L. Libra) A pound in weight.	M. d. Months after date.
L. l. or £. A pound sterling.	Md.le. द्वारों , Mademoiselle ; Miss.
La. Lanthanum ; Louisiana.	M. D. S. Master of Dental Surgery.
Lam. Lamentations.	M. E. Methodist Episcopal; Military or Mecha-
Lat. or L. Latin.	nical Engineer; Most Excellent.
Lat. or lat, wrys: Latitude.	Me. Maine.
Lb. lb. or B. (L. Libra) A pound in weight.	Meas. Measure.
L. C. Lower Canada; Lower Case; Lord Cham-	Mech. Mechanics; Mechanical.
berlain; Lord Chanceller.	Med Medical; Medicine.
Lic. Letter of Credit.   before cited.	Mem. স্থাৰ-বিশি; Memorandum; Remember.
L.c. Lower case—(L. loco citate) In the place Ld. Lord.	Mesers, or MM. (F. Messieurs) Gentleman; Sirs. Meth. Methodist.
Ldp. or Lp. Lordship.	Mg. Magnesium; Myriagram.
Las. or les. League.	mg. Milligram.

M. G. Major General. Mgr. Monsignor. M. H. S. Massachusetts Historical Society; Member of the Historical Society. Mir. Micah. Mich. Michigan; Michaelmas. Mid. Midshipman. Min. or min. Minute, Minutes, Minn. Minnesota. Miss. Mississippi. ml. Milliliter. Mile. Mademoiselle. [ Gentlemen. MM. Their Majesties .- (F. Messieurs ) MM. Two thousand. Mm. Myriameter. mm. Millimoter. Mme. Madame .- Mmes. Mesdames. Mn. Manganese. Mo. Missoure: Molybdenum. Mo. or mo. Month. Mod. Modern. Mod. or Mond. Monday. Mons. Monsieur, or Sir. Monsig. Monsignor. Mont. Montana Territory. Mos. or mes. Months. M. P. इंक्टबर महान हात्र महा: Member of Parliament: Member of Police. M P. P. Member of the Provincial Pathament. M. R. A. S Member of the Royal Asiatic Society; Member of the Royal Academy of Sciences. [ Surgeons. M. R. C. S. Member of the Royal College of Mr. वांव , Master, or Mister. Mrs. সুদাশং . Mistress, or Missis. M/c. Month's sight, MS. Manuscript. MSS. Manuscripts. Mt. निन ; निना बने ; Mount or Mountain. Mus. मन् । Music. Yus. B. Bachelor of Music. Music. Mus. D. Mus Dor. or Mus. Doct. Doctor of M. W. Most Worthy. M. W. G. M Most Worshipful Grand Master. New : Nitrogen. N. or n. Noun ; Neuter ; Nail, nalis. N. A. North America. Na. ( L. Natrium ) Sodium. Nah. Nahum. Nat. Natural; National. Nath. Nathaniel. Naut. Nautical. Nav. Navigator ; Navy. Nav. Con. Navy Constructor. N. B. (L. Nota Bene) Note well, or take notice; New Burnswick. [ Church. N. C. North Carolina; New (Swedenborgian) N. D. No date.

N. E. Gusta : North-East : Northern Eastern (Postal District, London), New England.

Neb. Nebraska.

Neh. Nehemiah. N. e. i. ( L. Non. est inventus ) He is not found. Nem. Con. ( L. Nemine contradicente ) No one [ dissenting. contradicting; unanimously. Nem Diss. (L. Nemine dissentiente) No one Neth. Netherlands. Neut. or neut. Neuter. Nev. Nevada. N. F. Newfoundland. N. H. New Hampshire. Ns. Nickel, Niobium. Nr. prs. ( Law ) Nisi Prius. N. J. New Jersey. N L or n. l. (L. non liquet) It appears not; the case is not clear. N. Lat North Latitude. N. Mex. New Mexico Territory. N. N. E. North-North-East. N. N. H. North-North-West. No Norium. No. or no. ( L. Numero ) 和朝: Number. Not. pros. ( L. Notte. Prosequi ) Unwilling to prosecute, or proceed. Mem. or nem. Nominative. Non con. Non content, dissenting. Non Pros. or Non pros (L. Non prosequitur) He does not prosecute,-s judgment entered against the plaintiff when he does not appear [ not follow. to prosecute. Non seq. or non seq. ( L. Non sequitur ) it does Nes or nos. Numbers. Nov. November. N. P. Notary Public. N S. Norca Scotia , নবপদ্ধতি ( বর্ণ পানার ); New Style ( since 1752 ). N. T. New Testament; new translation. N. u. Name unknown. Num. of Numb. Numbers. Nua vom Nux vomica. A. W. Northern Western, (Postal District, London ) - 383-4167; North-West, N IV. P. - 3 34 7 16 41 44; North-west Provinces. N. Y New York. N. Z. New Zealand. (), Ohio ; Oxygen , Old. oja. On account of. o o. Per cent. Ob. or ab. ( L. Obsit ) 78; Died. Obad. Obadiah. Obj. or obj. objective; objection. [ Obsolete. Obs. Observation; observatory; Obt. or Obdt. Obedient. Oct. October. O. F. Odd Fellow. O. K. All Correct. Ol. ( L. oleum ) Oil. Ont. Ontario. Ord. Ordinary; Ordinance. Oreg. Oregon. O. S. ब्राहीम ब्रीडि ; Old Style, (previous to 1752)-Os. Osmium. O. S. A. (L. Ordinis Sancti Augustini) Augusti-

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minns .- O. S. B. (L. O. S. Benezicti) Benedicti-
                                                 P. R. Prize Ring; Porto Rico.
                                                 Preb. Prebend: Prebendary.
 nes.-O. S. F. (L. O. S. Francisci) Franciscans.
                                                 Pref. Preface ; Prefix.
O. T. Old Testament.
Ozon. (L. Ozonia.) Oxford.
                                                 Prep. or prep. Preposition.
                                                 Pres. মন্তাপতি ; President.
Os. or os. वांत वर्ष इप्रेंग ; Ounce, or ounces.
                                                 Presb. Presbyterian; Presbytery.
 (The s is here used to represent the character
                                                 Pret. or pret. Preterit.
 Z, anciently an abbreviation for terminations).
                                                 Prim. Primate ; Primitive.
P. or p. 4151; Page; Part; Phesphorus; Pint;
 Pipe ; Pale ; Pope. Pice.
                                                 Prof. আয়াপক; Professor.
Pa. Pennsylvania.
                                                 Pron. or pren. Pronoun.
                                                                                    Itime being.
                                                 Pro tem. or pro tem. (L. Protempore) For the
P. A. Post Adjutant.
                                                 Prov. Proverb ; Provost ; Province.
p. a. Participial adjective.
                                                 Prox. (L. preximo) আগানী; পরের; Next.
Par. or ¶. Paragraph.
                                                 Prus. Prussia; Prussian.
Par. or -. Parallel.
Parl. Parliament.
                                                 P. S. (L. post scriptum) भूतक ; भूरत निवित्त : Post-
                                                  script ; Permanent Secretary ; Privy Seal.
Part or part. Participle.
                                                  Ps. Psaim; or Psaim, Pieces.
Pass. or pass. Passive.
                                                 Pt. Pint; Part; Payment; Platinum; Point;
Payt. Payment.
                                                  P. T. O. Please turn over.
Pb. (L. Plumbum) Lead.
                               f of Philosophy.
P. B. (L. Philosophiae Baccalaureus) Bachelor
                                                  Pu!. Public; Publisher.
                                                 Pub. Doc. Public Documents.
Pd. #175 ; Paid : Palladium.
                                  [ Philosophy
                                                 Pulv. (L. Pulvis) Powder.
P. D. (L. Philosophiae Doctor) Doctor of
                                                 Pun. Puncheon.
Pr. Pelopium.
                                                 Past, or past. Pennyweight.
P. E. Protestant Episcopal; Presiding Elder.
                                                  Pxt. or pxt. (L. pinxit) He or she, painted it.
P. E. I. Prince Edward Island.
Penn. Pennsylvania.
                                        Гуват.
                                                  P. W. D. Public Works Department.
                                                  Q. প্রস্ত ; Question ; Quintal,
Per an. or per an. (L. Perannum) नारिक ; By the
Per cent., per cent., Per et. or per ct. (L. per
                                                  Q. or Qu. Query ; Question : Queen.
                                                  Q. B. Queen's Bench.
 rentum ) MEWAT; By the hundred.
                                                  Q. C. Queen's Counsel.
Peri. Perigee.
                                                  Q. d. (L. pussi dicat ) As if he should say.
P. G. Past Grand.
                                                  Q. E. D. (L. quod erat demonstrandum ) Which
Pg. Portugal: Portuguese.
                                                   was to be demonstrated.
Thr. Pharmacy.
Ph. B. Bachelor of Philosophy.
                                  [ Philosophy.
                                                  Q l. (L. quantum libet ) As much as you please.
                                                  Q. M. Quartermaster.
Ph. D. (1. Philosophiae Doctor ) Doctor of
                                                  Q. M. G. Quartermaster General.
Phil. Philip;
                  Philippians:
                                   Philosophy;
                                                  Qr. or qr. Quarter (28 pounds); Farthing;
 Philemon.
Phila. Philadelphia.
                                                                                       (quantity.
                                                  Q. s. or q. s. ( L. Quantum sufficit) A sufficient
Philom. ( L. Philomathes ) Lover of learning.
                                                  Qt. or gt. Quast, Quantity.
Pine pinx. Pxt. or pxt. (L. pinxit) He, or she,
                                                  Qu. Queen, Question; Quarter.
 painted it.
                                                  Qu. or Qy. (1.. quaere) Query.
Fk. or pk. Peck.
                                                  Quad. Quadrant ; Quadrate,
Pkgs Packages.
                                                  Quar. Quarterly.
Pl. or pl. Plural.
P. L. Poet Laureate.
                                                  Ques. Question.
                                                  Q. V. ot q. v. ( L. quod vide ) which see.
Plff. Plaintiff.
                                                  R. Railrood; Réaumur; Réports; Rhodium;
Plur. or plur. Plural.
P. M. Post-master: Past Master: Past Midship-
                                                   Rob; Rood.-(L. Rex) King.-(L. Regista)
                                                   Queen.-(L. Recipe ) अहन कत्र ; Take.
 man ;- ( L. Post Meridiem ) 可可可要; Afternoon.
                                                  R. A. Royal Accademy, or Academician;
                                      [ General.
Pm. Premium.
                                                   Royal Arch: Royal Artillery; Rear Admirai;
P. M. G. Post-Master-General; Pay-master-
                                                   Right Ascension; Russian America.
P. N. Promissory Note.
                                                  Rad. ( L. Radts ) Root ; Redical.
P. O. Post-Office.
P. O. D. Pay On Delivery.
                                                  Rb. Rubidium.
                                                  R. C. Roman Catholic.
P. O. O. Past-Office Order.
                                                  R. E. Royal Engineers.
Port. Portugal; Prtuguese.
                                                  Rec. or R. बादबालक ; Recipe.
Pos. pos. Poss. or poss. Possessive.
                                                  Recd. Received.
pp. Pages.
                                                  Re. Sec. Recording Secretary.
P. P. Please pay.
                           [ 47; To take leave.
                                                                                        [ ference.
P. P. C. (F. Pour Prendre Conge') विश्वाद अक्टवन
                                                  Recpt. जिल्ल ; Receipt.
                                                  Ref. Reformed; Reformer; Reformation; Re-
Pph. pph. Pamphlet.
                                                  Reg. Register; Regular.
Pr. pr. (L. per) By the.
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S. J. C. Supreme Judicial Court.
 Regt. Regiment.
                                      [Reports.
 Rep. Representative; Republic; Reporter;
                                                  S. Lat. South Latitude.
                                                                         [ Major ; Sons of Malta.
 Rev. Reverend; Revelation; Revolution; Re-
                                                  Sid. or sid. Sailed.
                                                  S. M. State Militia; Short Meter; Sergeant
  view ; Revenue ; Revise.
 Rev. Ver. Revised Version.
                                                  S. M. I. (F. Sa. Majeste' Impériable) His, or
 R. J. Rhode Island.
                                                   Her, Imperial Majesty.
 R. N. Royal Navy.
                                                  Sn. ( L. Stannum ) Tin.
 Rom. Roman; Romans.
                                                  S. o. Seller's option.
 Rom. Cath. Roman Catholic.
                                                  Soc. Society.
 R. R. Railroad.
                       [ Answer, if your please.
                                                  Sol. Solomon; Salution.
R. S. V. P. (F. Re'pondes, s'il Vous Plait)
                                                  S. P. C. K. Society for the Promotion of Chris-
Rt. Hon. Right Honorable.
                                                   tian Knowledge.
Rt. Rev. Right Reverend.
                                                  Sp. gr. Specific gravity.
Ru. Ruthenium.
                                                  S. P. Q. R. (1.. Senatus Populusque Romani)
                                                                                [ the following.
Russ. Russia ; Russian.
                                                   Senate and people of Rome.
R. V. Revised Version.
                                                  Sq. or sq. Square.—(L. sequens, sequentia,)
R. W. Right Worshipful.
                                                  Sq. ft. or sq. ft. Square feet.
Ry. Railway.
                                                  Sq. in. or sq. in. Square inches.
                    [ Signor ; Scribe ; Shilling.
S. Saint; Sign; South, Sulpher; Sunday;
                                                  Sq. m. or sq. m. Square miles.
S. A. South America; South Africa.
                                                  Sr. Sir, or Senior; Strontium.
                                                  S. R. I. (L. Sacrum Remanum Imperium) Holy
Sam. Samuel.
Se. Rs. Sicca Rupees.
                                                   Roman Empire.
Sat. Saturday.
                                                  SS. or vs. (L. scilicet) Namely — (L. semir)
Sb. ( L. Stibium ) Antimony.
                                                  S. S. Sunday School, Saint Simplicius (the
S. C. South Carolina; Small Capitals.
                                                  mark on the collor of the Chief Justice of Eng-
S. C. S. caps. Small Capital.
                                         + [ it.
                                                   land); Steamship.
Se or Sculp (1. sculpsit) He, or she, engraved
                                                 S. S. F. South-South-East.
Sc. Scil. यथा ; Namely.
                                                  S. S. W. South-South-West.
Sc. B. Bechelor of Science.
                                                                                   I Let it stand.
                                                 M. Saint; Statute; Street; Strait-(L. Stet).
Sc D. Doctor of Science.
Scan. Mag (L. Scandalum Magnatum) A de-
                                                                                    f of Divinity.
                                                  Stat Statute, Statuury.
 famation of dignitaries.
                                                  S. T. D. (L. Sacrae Theologiae Ductor) Doctor
                                                                            I fessor of Theology.
Sch. or Schr Schooner.
                                                  Ster. stg. Sterling.
Sch. or Schol. ( L. Scholium ) A note.
                                                  S T P. ( L. Sacrae Theologiae Professor ) Pro-
Sci. fa (L. Scire facias) Make known.
                                                  Mr. Steamer.
Scil. or Sc ( L. scilicet ) To wit; namely.
                                                  Subj or subj. Subjunctive.
                                                 Subst Substantive , Substitute.
Scr. Scruple.
                                   [ graved it.
Script. Scripture.
                                                 Sun or Sund. Sunday.
Sculp. or sculp ( L. sculpsit ) He, or she, en-
                                                 Sup. Superior, Supra. Supp. Supplement.
S. E. পুর্ক-দক্ষিণ; South-East, South-Eastern
                                                  Supt. Superintendent.
                                                 Surg Surgeon, Surgery.
( Postal District, London ).
Se Selenium.
                                                 S. V. or sub voce (L) Under the word or tittle.
Sec. Second; Section.
                                                 Surv Surveyor.
                                                 S. W. South-West; South-Western (Postal
Sec. Secy. जशक ; Secretory.
Sec. Leg. Secretary of Legation .- ( L. Secun-
                                                  District, London ), Senior Warden.
                                                  Swits. Switzerland.
 dem Legem ) According to law.
Sect. or sect. Section.
                                                  Syn. of syn. Synonym.
                                                  Syr. Syria; Syriac; Syrup.
Sen. Senate ; Senator : Senior.
                                    [ following.
                                                  T. Tenor; Tuesday; Town: Town-ship; Terri-
Sep. or Sept. September; Septuagent; The
Seq. Seqq. (L. sequentia) The following; the
                                                  tory; Ten .- (F. Tome) Volume.
                                                                               [ average quality.
                                                  Ta. Tantalum.
 next.
Serg. or Serj. Sergeant, or Serjeant.
                                                  Tal. qual. ( L. Talis qualis ) Just as it comes;
                                                  Tart. Tartaric.
Serv. or Servi. Servant.
                                                  Th. Terbium.
S. G. Solicitor General.—(L. Salutis Gratia)
                                                  Te. Tellurium.
 For the sake of safety ( =nsured ).
Sk. Shilling.
                                                  Tenn. Tennessee.
Sh. Ship.
                 I low of the Historical Society.
                                                  Tex. Texas.
S. H. S. (L. Societatis Historiae Socius) Fel-
                                                  Th. Thursday; Thomas; Thorium.
Si. Siticium.
                                                  Theor. Theorem.
S. Isl. Sandwich Islands.
                                                  Thess. Thessalonians.
                                                  Thurs. Thursday.
Sing. or sing. Singular.
S. J. Society of Jesus.
                                                  Tt. Titanium.
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Tier. or tier. Tierce. Tim. Timothy. Tit. Titus, 77. Thallium. T. O. Turn over. Tob. Tobit. Tom (F. Tome ) Volume. Γ teε. Tr. Translation; Transpose; Treasurer; Trus-Tres. Tierces. Treas. Treasurer. Trin. Trinity. Tu. or Tues. Tuesday. Typ. or Typo. Typographer. U. Uranium. U. C. Upper Canada. U. K United Kingdom. U. K. A. Ulster King at Arms. Ult. ult. or ulto. (L. ultimo) अजीउ ; श्रव ; Last, or of the last month. Unit Unitarian. Univ. University, Universalist. U. P. United Presbyterian, United Provinces. U S. United States .- वशानुका ; As above. U. S A. United States of America; United States Army. Marine U. S. M. United States Mail, United States U.S. M. A. United States Military Academy. U. S N United States Navy. U. S. V. United States Volunteers. Utah. Utah Territory. Uz. ( L. uxor ) Wife. V. Vanadium, Victoria; Viscount, Verb; Verse, Vocative, Volume, Violin; Village.-(L. Versus) [AFTE; Against .- (L. Vide) त्वल , See. V. a. or v a. Verb active. Va Virginia. V A Vicar Apostolic; Vice Admiral. Vut Vatican. Cross V (' Vice Chancellor; Vice Chairman, Victoria Ven. Venerable. example. V. G. Vicar General, Vice Grand. 491, For V. s. Verb intransitive Vice pres Vice President. Vid. oi vid. ( I. vide ) Sec. Vis or vise. Viscount. Vis or vis. (1. videlicet) 441, Namely ; To wit. V. n. or v. n. Verb neuter. Voc. or voc. Vocative. Vot. or vol. Volume.

V. P. Vice President. V. R. (L. Victoria Regins ) Queen Victoria. Vs. or vs. ( L. versus ) Against, or In opposition. Vt. Vermont. V. t. or v. t. Verb transitive. Vul. Vulg. Vulgate; Vulgar; Vulgarly. Vv. Il. ( L. Variae lectiones ) Different readings. W. West; Wednesday; Welsh; Warden.-(N. I.. Wolframium.) Tungssten. W. or av. Week. विका ; West. Wash. Washington Territory. W. C. Western Central (Postal London); Water Closet. Wed. Wednesday. W. f. Wrong font :- in printing. Whf. Wharf. W. J. West India, West Indies. Wisc. Wisconsin. Wird. Wisdom, The Book of. W. Lon. West Longitude. Wm William. W. M. Worshipful Master. W. N. W. West-North-West. We Worship W. S Writer to the Signet. W. J. W. West-South-West. Wt. or wt. Weight. W. Va. West Virginia, Wyo. Wyoming Territory. X. Christ. Xm. or Xmas. Christmas. Xn. Christian. Xt. Christ. Y. Yttrium. Y. or Yr वश्त्रक , वर्ष , Year. I'd 95 , Yard. Ye. or ve. The. I'r. (S'414; your. 444, younger. Yuc. Yucatan. Z Lero , Zone Z or Zr Zuconium. Zach Zuchary. Zerh Zechausch. Zeph Zephaniah. Zn Zinc Zool Zoology. & And.

# APPENDIX.—B.

4 to Quarts.

8 Vo Octivo.

12 Mo. Deodecimo.

ing to

Age. (F) A termination of nouns having a collective or abstract meaning.

Al. (L.-alis) A termination of words from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ac. (Gr.-akes) A suffix signifying of or pertain- \ An. (L.-anus) A termination of nouns and adjectives from the Latin, denoting office. profes-[ ings or loose thoughts. sion, or character. Ana বাক্সংগ্ৰহ : A collection of memorable say-Ance, Ancy. (L -antia) Terminations of some nouns having an abstract signification.

Ant. (L.—ans,—antis) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, expressing quality or habit; and of nouns denoting the doer of a thing.

Ar. (L.—aris) A termination of adjectives derived from the Latin, and denoting of, or pertain-

ing to.

Ard. The termination of many English words, is taken from the Goth. hardus. AS. heard, Ic. and E. hard, and appears in proper names; as, Renard, strong in counsel; Goddard, strong in, or through, God, etc. We find it also in appellatives, usually with a bad signification.

Ary. (L.—arius) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to; and of nouns, denoting the doer of a thing.

Ate. (L.—atus) A termination:—1. Of verbs. 2. Of adjectives, implying nature, likeness, quality, agreement, effect, etc. 3. Of nouns, denoting (a) office or dignity; (b) the possessor of an office or dignity, (c) salts containing one degree or more of oxygen.

Ble, (L.—bilis) A termination of adjectives derived from the Latin, or formed on the same model, and signifying capable of living, or worthy to be.

Cal. (L—cus) A termination of adjectives derived from the Latin or following the analogy of such and signifying of or pertaining to.

Cle, cule, ule, el, le, en, kin, let. et, ot, ling, pek, y, i. e.—diminutive.

Dom. A termination denoting jurisdiction or property and jurisdiction. It was originally doom, judgment. Hence it is used to denote state, condition, or quality.

Ean, (Gr.—asos or—esos, L—aeus,—ens) A termination of adjectives derived from Greek adjectives, or formed on the pattern of such adjectives, and denoting of or pertaining to

Ee.A termination of nouns, denoting one on or to whom something is done.

Eer, Ier. (F.—sere, ser) A termination of nouns denoting men from their occupations or employment.

En. A plural termination of nouns and of verbs formerly in use, as in housen, escapen, and retained in oxen and children. It is also still used as the termination of some verbs, as in hearken, from the Anglo-Saxon infinitive. It is also used to form from nouns adjectives expressing the material of which a thing is made.

En, নির্ণিত; Made of:—সৰ্ম্বান, Belonging to. En-কৃ; To make.

Ence, Ency. (L.—entra) A termination of abstract nouns from the Latin, or of nouns that follow the analogy of nouns so derived.

Ent (L.—ens,-entis) A termination of nouns from the Latin, denoting the doer of a thing; or of participial adjectives expressing quality or habit.

Br. A termination of many English words, and the Teutonic form of the Latin or. It denotes an agent, and was originally of the masculine gender, but is now applied to men or things indifferently. At the end of names of places, er signifies a man of the place; thus, Londoner is the same as London man.

Escent. (L.—escens,—escentis) A termination of participial adjectives from the Latin, denoting progression, growing, or becoming.

Ess (F., from L.—ix) A termination of nouns feminine, distinguishing them from correspondent nouns masculine.

Ful. (Same as full) A termination of adjectives denoting plentitude or abundance, and generally formed from substantives.

Fy. (L. facere, fiers, F. fier) A termination of verbs, denoting to make, to become.

Hood. (AS. had, from had, state, sex, order, degree, person, form, manner, Goth. haidus) A termination denoting state or fixedness, condition, quality, character, totality. Sometimes it is written head.

Ic. (Gr.-ikos, L-icus) A termination of adjectives denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ics—A termination of nouns, plural in form but singular in signification, applied to certain arts or sciences. [noting quality.

Id. (L.—idus) A termination of adjectives de-Ier. See Eer.

Ite. (L-siss) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ine (L-inus) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to.

Inn (L-io, gentive-ionis) A termination of abstract nouns derived from the Latin, or formed after the same analogy.

Ish. (A.S. ise, Goth isk, NHG.—isch) A termination a English words denoting diminution, or a small aegree of the quality. Ish annexed to proper names forms a possessive adjective. Annexed to common nouns, it forms an a bective denoting a participation of the qualities expressed by the noun.

Ism ((n -ismos) A termination of nouns from the Greek, or of nouns formed on the same model as these, denoting terets, doctrines, or principles.

Ist. (Gr.—istes) A termination of nouns designating men from their occupations, pursuits, or principles.

Its. (L.-itus) A termination of nouns and adjectives. It is often used to form collective or gentile names.

Ity. See Ty.

Ive. (L.—..vus) A termination of nouns and adjectives from the Latin, denoting ability, power, or activity.

Ise, Ise. (Gr.—isein) A termination of verbs from the Greek, or of verbs formed on the same model, and denoting to make, to cause, to be, to become.

Rin. (AS. eyn, cynd, kis, kind, offspring, race; s. rt. L. genus, Gr. genos, gonos) A diminutive termination denoting small, from the sense of child.

Le. A diminutive termination.

Less. A terminating syllable of many nouns and some adjectives. It is the AS. leds, s. rt. E. loose, fr. AS leosan, to lose. Hence, it is a privative word, denoting destitution; as, a witless man, a man destitute of wit; childless, without children.

Let. (F. dim. termination—et, as in islet, eaglet, baronet; with l inserted, as in streamlet, branchlet) A termination of diminutives; as, hamlet, a little house; rivulet, a small stream.

Ling. (AS.) A termination denoting condition, offspring or progeny.

Ly. (ME. lich, an abbreviation of AS. lic Goth. leiks, E. like) A termination of adjectives, as in lovely, manly, that is love-like, man-like. It is also a termination of adverbs (ME. liche. AS. lice).

Ment. A termination of nouns (formed often from verbs) denoting condition, state or act). Many. (L. monium,—monia) A termination of nouns from the Latin, signifying actions, or an active faculty, being, or a state of being, viewed abstractly.

Ness. (AS. ness,—niss, Goth—nassus) A termination of abstract names, denoting state or quality.

Ock. (AS.—ca or—uca) A diminutive termination of nouns.

Or. A termination of Latin nouns, denoting an agent. It is annexed to many words of English origin; as in lesser. In general, or is annexed to words of Latin, and er to those of English, origin. See Esc.

Ory. (I.-orius) A termination of words, from the Latin denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ose, Ous. (L.—osws,—us) A termination of English adjectives (many of which derived directly from the Latin), denoting quality or property.

Ric. (AS. rice, ric; s. rt. I. rigere, to rule, and regio, region) A termination signifying jurisdiction, or a district over which government is exercised.

Ship. (AS. scipe, scype ir. scyppan, to mold, from, shape). A termination denoting state, office, dignity, profession or art.

Sion. See Ion.

Some. (AS. sum, Goth sama, like the same) A termination of certain adjectives. It indicates a considerable degree of the thing on quantity; as, mettlesome, full of mettle or spirit; gladsome. very glad or joyous.

Ster. (AS.—estre,—istre) A termination denoting skill or occupation. It was originally applied to denote the female agent in an action. Thus, songster signified, at first, a female who sings; but the ending ster having

at length, in a measure, lost its peculiar force, the feminine termination ess was appended to it; thus, songster became songsteress, or songstress with a double ending.

T. Th. (AS) A termination of abstract nouns of Anglo-Saxon origin.

Tion. See Ion.

Tude. (L.-tudo) A termination of abstract nouns from the Latin, signifying action or an active faculty, being, or a state of being.

Ty. (L.—tas,—tatis, F.—te.) A termination of words denoting action or an active faculty, being, or a state of being, viewed abstractly.

Ure. (L.—ura) A termination of words derived from the Latin (often through the Italian or French), and denoting action or an active faculty, being or a state of being, viewed abstractly.

Ward, or Wards. (AS.—weard.—weardes; Goth.—vairths, allied to L. vertere, to turn, versus, toward) A suffix used in the composition of a large class of words, and denoting direction, or tendency to, motion toward, and the like.

Wise. (AS. wise, allied to guise) A termination of adverbs or conjunctions implying in the direction of, by way of, or in the manner of.

Y-1874; Full of.

#### PREFIXES.

A-on or in. Am-চতুদ্দিকে; চারিদিকে; Round, about.

Ambi-Both.

Amppi-উভয় ; Both :-- চারিণিকে ; Round, about.

Ana-Through or up.

Ante—পুর্বে; Before.

Anti-বিপরীত ; Against, epposite to.

Apo-From.

Be-By, before, beside.

Cata-Down, downwards.

Circum-চড়ু জিকে; Round about.

Cis-अभिरक , On this side.

Con-Together, with.

Contra-freer ; Against.

Counte-firem, Against.

De-Down, from.

Dia-मधा किया ; Through.

Dys-III, difficult.

En-sty; Well.

Eft-Upon.

Eso - ভিতরে; Into, in.

 $\mathcal{L}_{x}$ —হইটে ; বাহির ; From, out of.

Exo - Without.

Extra-sifets; Beyond, on the outside.

For-Form, away.

Fire-Before.

Gain-ৰিপকে, Against.

Hyper-Over, above.

Hypo-Under.

In-On, in :-- ₹ ; Not.

Inter-act; Between.

Intra-foots; In the side of, within.

Intro-Within, into.

Justa-faet ; Close to, near.

Meta-Change. Mis-वन ; अश्रोत ; Error, ill, wrong. Ne-ना ; Not. Nec-- 1 : Not. Nor--- 可; Not4 Out-ৰহিৰ্গত ; Beyond. Over-Eminence. Para-Alongside, Per-Through. Peri-हाबिभित्क : Round. Post-After behind. Pre-Before. Preter-ৰহিণত ; Beyond. Pro-Forth, forward, for.

Re-प्रवाद : Back. Retro--পদানিকে; Going backwards. Se-Without, aside. Sine-13; Without. Subter-Under. Super—পতিরিক ; Above, over. Supra—অভিদ্নিক : Over, above. facross. Trans-नाश्ति, अनव शाद्य ; Beyond, over, through, To-- 4号; This. Ultra-Beyond. Under-Below, under. Up-High, over. 1'e-मा; Not, no. With-Against, back.

## APPENDIX.—C.

WORDS AND PHRASES FROM THE GREEK, LATIN, FRENCH AND MODERN FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

🛦 bas—ভবদেশে , নীচে ; Down ; upon the ground. Ab extra-नाहित इहेटक, वहिनेक्नाह: . From without. Ab initio-अथम इटेंटड ; आनि इटेंटड , आनेख इटेंटड , ৰুলড: ; From the beginning. Ab intra-wise secs. From the beginning. Ab ovo-প্ৰথম হৃষ্টতে; From the beginning. A compte—हिमारव ; जारन हा . अमानार्थ ; On [ tion. account. A discretion—At discretion; without restric-Ad finem-(नव नवाड़ , अन्न भगाड़ , To the end. Ad infinitum—अनुस्कान नश्च ; अल्बर ; To while. Ad interim—ইতিমধ্যে; ইত্ত্যারে; In the mean-Ad libitum-हेक्शभक ; दरबर्ट श्रीवमात्त , यक हेक्श ডত; At pleasure. Ad litersm - विक्न ; To the letter. Ad neusesm-अवज कारत वाशास्त्र विवक्तित देवच क्य ; बष्दिश पुना वा विक्रका मां काम जनविश्व : To disgust. Ad patres-To his father; that is dead. 🛦 ওঁ referencium—চূড়াৰ না করিয়া; পুন: বিবেচ্য না Ad rem—वज्ञानुगंगी ; धाननिक, To the point. Ad unum omnes—मकरनरे ; वाकि निश्लाव , All ; [ to the value. Ad valorem-म्लान्नारतः ; म्लान्सन ; According 展gis-- bi司: Shield. Affaire d'amour-এমনিবরক ব্যাপার; প্রেমের কাও : প্রীতির বাাপার : A love affair. ▲ fond—ভলপাধ্যক্ত ; সম্পূৰ্ণকলে , To the bottom. 🛕 fortiori—বঙ্গতর বৃক্তি অসুসারে ; প্রবন্তর বৃক্তি সহ-कांद्र ; आंद्रश अवांद्रे। कांद्रव , With stronger reason. 🛦 le mode—বীভ্যাৰুসারে , অধানত ; চলিত ; According to custom. A la Tartuffe-ৰণ্টভাবে ; Hypocritically. Aller vous en-with, yave; sin ale; Be-

Alma mater—যাতা ; বিশালয় বা চডু-পাঠী—শিক্তি

ব্যক্তি আপনার বিদ্যালয় বা চড়ুপাঠী এই নামে অভিহিত

कत्वन ; Benign mother-applied by graduates to

their university.

Alter ego-बायवस्य ; बायनाइटे यह ; A mother self. Alter idem — ঠিক সেইজপ ; দিতীয় : Exactly similar. Amende honorable—সম্ভোবতনৰ ক্ষমা প্ৰাৰ্থনা : যথোটিত অৰুতাপ , কভিপুরৰ , Satisfactory apology ; reparation. Amor patrice- नरमनाज्यांत्र ; Love of country. Amour propre—ৰাশ্ব-মীতি, Self-love:—শহ-{ animal; man. कार ; Vanity. Animal bipeps—विश्व हाड ; प्रापृत ; Two-footed Anno Domini-- বীশুরুত জন্মাইবার প্র হইতে প্রিড वार्क ; मारकान A. D. In the year of our Lord. Anno mundi-পৃথিतीय श्रहेकांन दंगेर जानिल वर्ष ; ( হইতে পণিত বর্ষে । In the year of the world. Anno urbis conditae—রোম নগরের নির্দাণকাল Annus mirabilis-ৰাত্যাজনক বংগর: ১৬৬৬ श्रहास ; Year of wonders. Ante bellum—যুদ্ধের পূর্বের ; Before the war. Anto meridian—ছুই অহরের পুর্বে, পুর্কাছে: সংকেপে a. m. Before noon. A point-日本計事; Exactly right. A posteriori-কাষ্য হইতে কারণে: বেষবৎ অভুমান षात्रा : From the effect to the cause. A priori-कात्रप रहेरल कार्या ; शृक्तवर व्ययुगान वार्या ; From the cause to the effect. A props--- প্ৰসংকাপবাদী: সম্বন্ধে: প্ৰসংক: To the [ Water of life. point, pertinently. Aqua vitae—ব্ৰা; ব্ৰাসার: Brandy; alcohol; Argumentum ad hominem—वाक वित्ववरक লক্ষ্য করিয়া তর্ক, বে তর্কে ব্যক্তি বিশেষের লাভালাভের কথার উল্লেখ থাকে, থাৰ্বপৰ্ন কার; An argument to the man-that is, to his interests and passions. Argumentum ad ignorantiam—বিশংকর ব্যৱ তার টপর স্থাপিত ভক ; বাধীর প্রকৃত বিষয়াভিক্রবতা-নিক্ষপিত কাৰ; An argument founded on an opponent's ignorance of facts.

Argumentum ad invidiam—नीरअवृधि केरड-बन कर्न : An argument appealing to low passions. Argumentum beculinum—বৰ কৰোৰ : বৰড় এহার ভার , বে কর্কে বলথারোধ খারা খাব নিখাভ হয়।

The argument of the cudgel; appeal to force. Ariston metron—সর্ক মভাত পহিত্য ; মধাংহি [ मत्म नत्म हाशिहा हाथा ; मानग-कश्चि । मर्स्वास्त्रम् । Arriero pansoo—কোনত কিছু প্ৰকাশ না করিয়া Ars est celare artem--বাহাতে পিছ অপত বস্তু चोक्रांविक विनद्यां सम इह । Ars longe, vita brevis—जनवाताः वह व्यक्तिशाः वज्ञक काला वहवक विश्वा: ; Art is long, life short ; true art is to conceal art. Audi alteram partem—অপর পক্ষের কথা প্রবণ का ; Hear the other side. Au fait— 中年;明智初,Expert. Au fond-- जनामान ; At the bottom. Auto de fe-An act of faith-applied to the burning of the Jews and heretics. Avant-courier-ys, A forerunner. Avant propos—ভূমিকা , Preface. Avec permission—শব্দতিক্ষে; সন্মতিক্রমে . By consent. [ बाउ'श्रां । A verbis ad verbera—মুধামুখি হুটতে ক্ৰমে A votre sante-To your health Bas bleu-শিদ্ধী মহিলা, পভিতা নারী, A bluestocking; a literary woman. Beau ideal-त्रीमहरात जानर्ग, मानन-कत्तित्र नर्जाज-হৰ্পর প্রতিকৃতি, A perfect model of beauty [world Beau monde সোধীৰ লোক, The fashionable Beaux esprits - ব্যাব লোক ; Men of wit. Beaux yeux - yaval , Fine eyes Bel esprit-প্রতিভাশালী লোক; প্রতিভাষিত বাকি; A person of wit or genius, a brilliant mind. Bete noire — জুলুর কারণ, করের কারণ, A hug bear. Billet doux-প্ৰণয়-প্ৰা [ in reality. Bona fide-वार्थादक, यश्र काविद्य , In good fuith ; Bon ami-agaa; Good friend. Bon gout-教育 , Good taste. Bon gre mai-हेन्स्रानगडः वा अनिकारणडः रुक्तेकः Willing or unwilling. Brio a-brac -- টুকরা টাকরা; Odds and ends. Brutum fulmen-নিরীং অপনি; A harmless [ for speaking. Cacoethes loquendi—বস্তা কৰু; An itch Cacoothes sombendi—निश्न-कर्, An itch for [ things being equal. scribbling. Caeteres paribus-- পর বিবয় সমান হইলে . Other Cap-a pie--পা হইতে মন্তক পথ্যন্ত , জাপাদ-মন্তক , From head to foot. Caput—मच्क ; Head. f the opportunity. Carpe diem — इरवान भाहेरन छात्रा ना छाल · Seize Carte blanche—সম্পূৰ্ণ ক্ষতা ; সাদা কাগত : Casus belli-न्यक नगर कांत्र ; A cause of war ; that which justifies war. Cedant arms togoe-- नामहिक मंद्रि वादशाविक मंद्रि ৰামা চালিভ হটক ; Let arms yield to the gown. Centum-45 : A hundred. Ceteris paribus—অভাত বছৰ অবস্থান্তর লা বটলে ৷ Chef daeuvre—উৎকৃষ্ট কৃতি , A master-piece. Chef de cuisine-avis vite , Head-cook. Chere amie-अर्गानी : A mistress. Ci-devant--- नृत्कं ; मारवक ; Formerly ; former. Circulus in probando—हजूक चर्क ; A circle

Cogito ergo sum-ভাষি চিন্তা করিতেছি সেই কল

in the proof.

जाबि जाहि ; I think, therefore I am. Compos mentist—হছির্মনা: , Of a sound mind. Compte rendu-हिमार-निकान ; An account rendered. Con amore—नांबरः ; कोशंगरकार्तः With love ; very earnestly. ditton. Condition sine qua non-A necessary con-Con do lore—विम्हाकत्व, With grief. Confer—মিলাইয়া দেব ; Compare. Confriere, n. সহচর, এক আন্তেডার লোক; An associate. [ to elect. Conged' elire—নিকাচন করিবার অবুষ্তি, Leave Contre tempa—इस्टेंबा , A mischance. Copia verborum—a'salest, Plenty of words. Corpus delicti-चनत्रास्य हिंहि, कांगन स मृत. The body, substance or foundation of the offence. [ Rose color, aspect of beauty. Courete de rose-लालांनी इह, त्रमनीय लोक्या; Coup de grace—শেৰ আখাত , চুড়াত আৰাত , The [ den effort. firshing stroke. Coup-de'-main-- को ए कही ; को ए देनाव , A sud-Coup de soleil-সন্দিগনি . A stroke of the sun. Coup d'etai-एंगर अवलक्त नग-नतिवर्दन, A stroke of policy; a violent measure of state in [ glance of the eye. public affairs ' Coup d'oed-কটাকণাত, জতদৃষ্ট, A rapid Coute que coute—हेशारठ वडहे बेवह वा वाब हर्डेक ना , Cost what it may. Cui bono?—ইগতে কি উপকার কইবে; কাহার উপ-ৰানের জন্ত ; What good will it do. Cuisine-- इक्त्याना , Kitchen. Cul de sac-কাণা পলি, Blind lane. Curiosa felicitas—বাৰোৰ হুচুভাৰ প্ৰকাশকভা; Nice felicity of expression. De capo-প্ৰথম হইতে; From the beginning. De bonne grace—(本版) 列 (本 ; With good grace, willingly. De facto-ৰাৰবিৰ , প্ৰকৃতপকে, In fact ; really. Dei gratia -- ঈৰ্যাৰুগ্ৰাহ ; ভগৰাৰ প্ৰসামে , By the grace of God. [ a fashionable luncheon. Dejeuner, n. প্রাক্ত জালীন ছোল , A breakfast ; De jure-ভাইন অহুদারে; অধিকারত:, From the law, by right. De mortuis nil nisi bonum—মৃত ব্যক্তির সৰ্-श्वर विश्व अञ्चल कीर्डन कविश्व नां, Say nothing but good of the dead. De novo-পুনবাৰ , নৃতৰ করিবা ; Anew. Dec gratias-अवदर्क यञ्चवात । Dec volcati—著電視睫帽, God willing. Dornier ressort-(14 Gold, A last resource. Desunt caeters—य विषे भावता बात ना : वजी मारे . The remainder is wanting. Dieu et mon droit-- ने वह द सामाह क्यां व स्विकाह : God and my right. ि दश्शितस्थितः। Disjecta membra—বিভিন্ন অপথতাৰ ; বিকিন্ত Distingue-Emment, distinguished. [nothing, Dolce far niente - কুখের অবকাশ; Sweet doing-Double entendre, double entente-wii; Double meaning. Dramatis personঞ—নটোল্লিখিড वास्त्रियं : The characters of a drama. विदे मार्थ । Dulce est desipere in loco-সময়ের ভাষাসা

Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori-বংশের অন্ত মৃত্যু কৃষ ও প্রতিঠাননক ; It is sweet and glorious to die for one's country. Dum spiro, spero-ৰতকণ বাদ ভডকণ আন; While I breathe I hope. क्रिका वावहात कता Dum vivimus—বভদিন দেহে প্রাণ খাকে জীবিভের Esu de cologne—খগৰ; ওডিকলোন নামক খগৰি च्या ; Cologne water ; a perfume. [ brandy. Eau de vie-ৰাভি নামক হুৱা; Water of life; Ecce homo-বীশুর ছবি সম্বন্ধে; Behold the man -applied to a picture of Jesus representing Jesus given up by Pilote to the Jews. (edition. Editio princeps—প্ৰথম সংখ্যাণ; The first Edition de luxe-উত্তল ( রাজ ) সংকরণ। El dorado-- (य ज्ञात वर्ग शाववा शाव ; वर्गपृष्टि ; भूना স্থান : স্থানের দেশ : The golden land. कार्या १३८७ Emeritus—するす本: व्यनग्रद्धां है : जकारमञ्ज : One retired from active official duties. En ami-वक्ष्णाव ; As a friend. In undress. En seshabille—बात्यात् छारतः नग्रेशाय रहेगाः En avant—अञ्जन ; Forward. En masse—একজে ; দকলে থিনিখা ; In a body. En passant—डान कर्ष मान शासाह ; अनन काम ; By the way; in passing. En plein jour—ान-प्रकृत्त्र ; न्यहे निवास्त्रास्क : In broad day. in telation. En rapport—নহরে; অসুবলে; in connection, En route-ब्राजाब ; बाह्य ह वाहर ; On the way. En suite—न ग्रन-मृह ; এক शांत ; In company. Entente cordiale-গদাদ ভাব; পরশার সভাব. ( ordial good-will. Entourage—চতুদ্দিকস্থ বস্তুসমূহ; Surroundings. En tout-critt ; In all ; wholly. Entree—ভোজনের পূর্কে কিঞ্চিৎ জলগের; Entry. Entremets—हाऐनी ; स्टाइन मध्दर अनंत केहिकत एवा । Entre nous-আমাদের মধ্যে, অনেক না ধলিয়া : অপবে বেন না তাৰে, Between ourselves. Zine. Entrepot - अमान-पन ; A warehouse ; a maga-En verite—বাস্থবিক ; সত্য সত্যই ; In truth. Erratum, n. 写可; An error. Errare est humanum— उम क्या मानावत वर त. Pa; To err is human. Esprt de corps—ममर्वे जनम्मूरम् जीवर्गाङ ; The animating spirit of a collective body. ſδ.c. Et ceters-শার পাব ; ইতাাদি ; And the rest , ect. Et hoo genus omne-- 47 उच्चा कीय मगद अदः সেইংপ তাৰং বন্ধ , And every thing of the sort. Et sie de caeteris—এবং অক্তান্তর্গান পাছেও Et tu Brute!—এবা তুমিও এ দলে ; ক্রটি ; And thou also Brutus-said of one from whom such conduct would not have been expected. Eureka! আমি পাইয়াছি; I have found it. Ex cathedra-vita = 313. From the chair, with high authority; from the bench. Excelsior - Gwos, Higher; more elevated. Ex ceptio probat regulam—গ্ৰহিচাৰ ছারা নামান্ত নিরম দুবীভূত হয়; The exception proves the rule. Court. Ex curis-चालात ; याजाना इव वाहित्व ; Out of Exempli gratia-yell way of example.

Exeunt emnes—সকলের প্রসাধ : All go out er retire. Exit-मृद्धा ; Death :-- अञ्चल ; Departure. Ex nihilo nihil fit—नाहातार काहर कात: क्रमक: সম্ভ জারতে। Ex officio-পদচেডুক; পদত্ বলিয়া কাৰে কাৰেই; By virtue of his office. Ex parte—এক ভরণা; এক পঞ্জীয়; On one side Experto crede-- विक व्यक्तिय डेलन विक्र स्द ; Trust one who has tired or had experience. Expose—পুনরাবৃত্তি, ব্যাখ্যা বা পাঠ ; An exposition, [ deed is done. recital. Exposto facto-কার্যা সম্পাদনের পার; After the Extra muros—बांहोरत्र वाहिरतः, Beyond the walls. Ex uno disce omnes—একটা দৃষ্টান্তে তংগৰত কিল্পণ ভাহা বুঝ ; From one learn all. [উন্নতি করা সহজ। Facile est inventis addere - Bailes feets Facile princeps—সক্বাদি-সম্বত বেডা; admitted chief. [ পাপের পথ প্রশন্ত। Facilia descensus averno -ন্যুক্র পথ সুপ্র: Fac simile-- আদর্শ ; অপুকরণ ; A close imitation. Fait accompli—गंहा मन्नाषित न (नव स्टेक्स গিয়াছে, An accomplished fact; a thing already done. Felo de 80, n. আরহসণ ; অ'য়চখা ; A suicide. Forac naturae—বস্তু সন্ধানীৰ; Of wild nature, and of wild beasts. Fou de joie—আননসংক্ষ হোপধানি; আননাপ্তি; A firing of guns in token of joy. Fiat justicia, ruat eaclum—মাকাণ ভালিৱা পদ্ৰ স্থাপ্ৰসৰণ কৰ; Let justice be done, though the heavens should fall. Fides Punica--- বিশাস্থাতকতা: Punic faith; treachery. [ friend. Fidus Achates—অনুভাবন্ধ বিশ্বত বন্ধ A true Fils—기장이 ; Son. at the end. Finem respice—শেবের প্রতি দৃষ্টি রাণিও; Look Finis—(門司; The end. Flagrante delicto-sitsatts, in the very act. Fortes fortuna juvat—নাঃ সং ভছতে বন্দ্রী। Fremme converte—বিবাহিঙা সী; A married woman. Frenme de Chambre-नामी; A chamber Furt Ilium — एन वायल नाहे. तम अर्थापताल नाहे। Furor loquendi - বক্তা করিবার উৎকট অপুরাপ। Furor scribendi—ि व्लिन्दांत्र देश्व है माथ। Genius loci — হানীর প্রতিভাবা বেবতা; The genius of the place. Gens darmes – সুশায় কোডোৱাৰ , Armed police. Grande toilette—পুরা প্রিছেদ ; Full dress. Guerres mort—वानपन गुद्ध। Hautour-98; Haughtmess. Hie ot ubique-- 习参词; Here and every where. Hio jacot-এথানে শাহিত আছেন; Here he lies. Hino illae lacrimae—এই কছাই কাৰ্যি; Hence proceed these tears. Honi soit qui maly pense—(4 मन करिंग कार মুন্স হট্টক ; Evil to him who evil thinks. [বাহিছ। Hors de combat -अक्ष्या, यस क्रियांत अवश्रात Ibidem—দেইপানে , দেই বাবগায়। Ich dien—স্বামি সেবা করি; I serve. Idem-A, (AF: The same.

Id out-well; That is; i. e. Lapana calami--- क्नात्त्र क्रके : इक : क्रम : A slip Ignorantia non excusal legum-विवित **্ বন্ধ**ত্র জমণ। অক্ততার অপরাধের ক্ষমা হর না। Ignoratio elenchi—কৰ্কে একডি বিবর ভূলিরা Ignotum per ignotius—निशृष् विषय निशृष्डक विषय बाजा बााबााब कहा । pensive man. Il penseroso—ছিৱাশীল লোক; ভাবুক ব্যক্তি; The Impissims verbs→টক সেই স্কল কথা; The [ of death. very words. In articulo mortis-444 wavis ; At the point Index expurgatorius, n. নিবিদ্ধ পুতকালির ভালিকা; A list of prohibited books. In esse—উপস্তিত : বর্ত্তনান ; In being. In extenso-বিকারিত ভাবে: স্বিত্তর: প্রকারে: At full length. ि चार्च ; As a poor man. In forms psuperis—म्बिज लाल्ब मठ: म्बिज-Infra dignitatem—(भोतरहानिकन्य ; मर्गानाराभिकत्रं ; Below one's dignity. In limini—প্রথমে; প্রার্থেই; At the threshold. In loco—In the place. In loco parentis—পিতা বা মাতার স্থানে; মাতা-পিতার ছানীয় হইখা; In the place of a parent. In memoriam—সরণার্ব, In memory, In pace—নিৰ্দিদ্ধে; শাস্থিতে. In peace. f breast. In petto-মনে মনে, অতঃকরণে: Within the In posse—যাহা সম্ভব হইচে পারে; সম্ভাবনীয়; ভাবী; In possibility, in possible existance; that may be possible. In propris persons—নিজে: বর: : বলরীরে : In person; in one's own person. In puris naturalibus—সপুৰ্ণ উলন্ধ; Stark [ the matter of. naked. In ro-কোন বিবরে: তৎসম্বন্ধে: সেই মোকন্দনায়: In In rem-Against the thing or property. In rorum natura - at \$135; In the nature of things. In situ-वष्टात्व : क्रिक प्राप्त : शूर्क्ट व्यवद्याव : व्यानिम য়াৰে; In its natural position or place; in its original situation. In statu quo-74श्रवद्यंत्र ; In its form state. Inter alia—অপ্রাণর বস্তর মধ্যে; Among other things. Inter nos—আমান্তের মধ্যে; যেন অপরে জানিতে মা পাৰে ; Between ourselves. In terrorem—সতর্ক করিবার জন্ত : সাবধান করিতে : खत-टारनंगार्थ : As a warning. Inter se-ভাহাদের মধ্যে; Among themselves. In toto-সম্প্ৰমণে; সাদলো; In the whole; entirely; totally. passage. In transitu-नावात ; नाव ; वाहेनाव कारने ; On the In vino veritus—মদাপান করিলে লোক দতা কথা क्रह ; There is truth in wine ; truth is told under the influence of liquor. Ipse dixit-প্ৰমতে হিব নিক্ষতা; নিজের মত বা কথা; A piece of dogmatism. [ itself. Ipso facto—ভাছাতেই; সেই ঘটনাতেই. In the fact Jen desprit—ভাষাদা; রদিকভা; A witticism. Jupiter Pluvius—ছদিন; পৰ্জন্ত। Knowe-(s) Rising ground, hillock. Laissoz faire – ইহাতে হলকেপ করিও না, বেমৰ আছে তেম্নি থাক , Let alone. merry man. L' allegro, n. चारमांप्रधित्र लाक ; ऋणी वास्ति ; 'I he

of the pen. Lapaus linguae—विस्तार स्कें ; क्लान हुक ; A slip of the tongue. [ memory. Lapsus memoriae—সুভিন কৃষ্টি; A slip of Lares et penatis—গৃহ-দেবতা ; Household gods. Le beau monde, n. विनामधित मनाम ; (मोचिन লোক; The fashionable world. Le tout cusemble—नकन बक्ता : All together. Lettre de cachet, n. A royal warrant. Lex talionis—বৈরগুভি নিয়ম; ইট বারিলে পাটকেল খাইতে হয় এই বিখি; The law of retaliation. Lex terra—(वनीव चारेन; श्वीत चारेन; The law of the land. Linque France—নিভিত ভাষা বাহা ইউরোপীয়গণ পূর্কদেশে ব্যবহার করিয়া থাকেন ; The mixed language spoken by the Europeans in the East. [tute. Locum tenens—প্রতিনিধি; A deputy, a substi-Locus standi-मधारमान हरेवात दान ; एउटक्ल क्कि বার অধিকার; কোন বিষয়ে কথা কৃতিবার অধিকার; A place for standing; a right to interfere. Locus penitentiae—অবুচাপ করিবার স্থান; A place for repentance. Lusus naturas - বেরাল ; প্রকৃতির দীলা ; A freak of nature. . [ great good. Magnum bonum-शर्मांगकांत्र ; क्लाह प्रवृत्त . A Magnum opus-- महर कार्श ; A great work. Mala fide – বিশাস্থাতকতাপূর্মক; বেইমানি করিয়া; With bad faith, treacherously, Malo a propos-अनामविक ; Ill-timed. Mandamus-A writ or command issued by the court of king's Bench. [ hard. Manu forte-अवद्रमधी कदिया; With a stong Mater familias-The mother of family. Materia Medica—देखका-द्रकृतिकी । lopinion. Me judice—আমার বড়ে; আমার বিবেচনার; In my Molee—हो ठोशंडि वृक्ष: (श्रांतामत्त्र विवाद: A scuffle; a confused debate. Memento mori-মৃত্য শ্বর কর: Remember Memorabilia-শর্পার বিষয়সমূহ; Things to be remembered. Mens sans in corpore sano-ar Till ar मन: A sound mind in a sound body. Mesallianco-वालकाकुछ थात्रान वर्तन (बीहकूल) दिनाइ ; Marriage with an inferior. f thine. Moum et tuum—আৰার এবং তোৰার: Mine and Minutise – সামান্ত বত ; Trifies. Mirabile dictu-क्यान आन्द्री हहेर इस ; Wonderful to be told. Mirabilia — আক্ৰ্যান্ত্ৰৰ বস্ত ; Wonders. Modus operandi—কাষা করিবার প্রথা; কার্যা-প্রশাসী, Manner of operations. Mon ami-মিতা; সধা, My friend. More majorum-পূর্ব অধানত; After the manner of our ancestors. More suo-ভাষার নিজের ধরণে; In his own way. Motu proprio-বেছাপুৰ্বক; Of his own accord. Multum in parvo—ৰৱেব ভিডয় বিস্তৰ; Much in Mutatis mutandis—বে পরিবর্তন আবস্তক ; আবস্তক পরিবর্তন সহকারে; The necessary changes being made; with necessary changes.

one speaking in apposition. Nee---আত। Nemine contradicente—সর্ক্বাধিসমভিক্রমে; No No plus ultre--त्यव शीया शर्या ; शहाकांकी ; वरशत्त्री-ৰাতি: The utmost point. No sutor ultra orepidam—रेखन लागरण अधन वित का ; Let not the shoemaker go beyond his last. Nihil ad rem—ৰধানবি∓; Nothing to the [ obligation. point. Noblesse oblige-मात्मस कांत्राव ; Rank imposes Nolens volens—সে ইজা বলক বা না কলক ; ইচ্ছা शाक्क वा ना शाक्क; Whether he will or not. Nom de gnerre—डेननाम : निजानस्क नाम : A war name; a travelling tittle. Nom de plume-कृतिय नाम ; উপৰাম ; An assumed tittle; a literary name. Non chalance, n. উদাসিত : তাদ্দিলা : Indifference ; carelessness. Non compos mentis—শুগ্রকৃতিছ-মনা: চ্টরা : Not not follow. in sound mind. Non sequitur-এতদারা দিয়াত হর না ; It does Note bene -পুনক; প্রবিধানপৃশ্বক দেব; ( Usually contracted into N. B. ) Mark well. Note Dame-क्यांत्रि राजीय कल्लांतरस्य नाम : Our lady-names of various cathedrals in France. Novus homo-খনামা লোক ; A new man. Omnia vincit amor--- গ্ৰেমে স্কলেই বৰীভুত হয়; Love conquers all things. On dit-লোকে বাল ; জনঞ্জতি : They say. Onus probandi—প্রসাপের ভার; The burden of proving. O tempora! O mores—बा, कि कांति सामित । Palma non sine pulvere-পরিত্রম না করিলে পারদ্বিতা কলে না; No excellence without great labour. [ eminence. Per excellence-সংক্রেমরণে; By way of Pari passu-अकट्य ; नमानकार्य ; Together ; with [ plice. equal pace. Particeps criminis-MMSTA; An accom-[ a family. Passim -- 对表面; Everywhere. . Pater familias—পরিবারের কর্তা ; The father of Pater noster—ভলৰ ; প্ৰাৰ্থনা ; The lord's prayer. Pater Patrias-The fater of his country. Pax vobiscum—ভোষার ভাল হউক : Peace be with you. Pensee—ভাৰৰা ; চিছা ; A thought. [the year. Per annum-थाछ वरमाद ; वार्तिक ; दार्व वार्त ; By Per capita-নতক গণনার; By the head. Per centum-13441; By the hundred. Per contra-উটাৰিকে : On the contrary. Per diem — প্রতিদিনে; দৈনিক; By the day; daily. Per gradus—অভি পৰে; Step by step. [jump. Per saltum-লক দিলা; লাখাইয়া; By a leap or

Per so- पड: ; निरम ; By himself, itself &c.

Personnel—लाक्बन ; आमनाहामना ; The person

employed in any service, as distinguished from

Petitio Principii —বাহা প্রমাণ করিতে হইবে ভাহাই নামিরা লওয়া; সাধ্যসম প্রভিক্ষা; A begging of the

Per stirpes-- भूत अन्नात ; By stocks.

the material.

Petit—東京: (毛管 ; Small.

Pleno jure-मन्त्र क्यडांनर ; With full authority. Plurime desunt—star stars suit extrace: Very many things are wanting. Pous asinorum—1979; The asse's [ death. bridge. Post mortem—बुकुत्र नव ; नवर्गव 97; After [ singer. Presto-FFF; Quickly. Prims donns style sifes; Chief female Prims facio-अधव (पवित्त : अध्य प्रवृत्त : वाशाल्य: ; On the first view. Primum mobile--ৰভিত্ন বুল; The source of motion; the main spring. Pro aris et focis--আমাদের মন্দির বা পুরের জভ ; For our altars and firesides. Pro bono publico-गारावानंत डेनकारन्त वक ; For the public good. Pro et con-নগদে ও বিপক্ষে; For and against. Pro forms--- नाम मृत्या चनुरहारम ; As a matter of Pro patria - परमर्गत स्थ : For our country. Pro rata-হার-হারি মড ; In proportion, Pro tanto-For so much. Pro tempore--(महे नमरतव सन्तः; क्तिश्कालित रूप्तः, For the time being. quantity. Quantum sufficit-नारक मड : A sufficient Quarre-Querry; a word denoting inquiry. Quasi-এক অকায়; বেৰ ভদ্ৰপ; As if; in a another. Quid pro quo-ares us uls: One thing for Qui vive-(\*8? Who goes there. Quod erat demonstrandum-नाहा वाजिलाना हिन : Which was to be proved. Quod vide—ভাহা দেখ; Which see. Quondam - एउग्सं ; Former. Rainon d'etre—কোৰত বছর সভার ছেড় , Reason for a thing's existence. Rara svis—বিরুষ পক্ষী ; A rare bird. Reductio ad absurdum—आयोक्षिक डां टाएम्ब : A reducing a proposition to an absurdity. Regium donum-वाजनीय नान ; A royal gift. Renaissance—সাহিত্য বা শিলের Revival, as of letters or art. Rentes-नाजकीत कर्क : Stocks. Requiescat in pace—ভাগাৰ আৰু পান্ধিভাগ क्रक ; May he rest in peace. Res augusta domi--गांत्रज्ञ ; Poverty. { ready settled. Re gestae—利格, Exploits. Res judicata-निणाह भाक्षता; A matter al-Respice finem-( ) I look to the end. Resume--नःकिश्व विवतनः नःकिश्वनातः हषकः An abstract; a summary. heavens fall. Ruat coelum—খাৰাণ ভাজিলা পড়্ৰ; Let the Ruse de querre-নাৰৱিৰ কৃটভা : À stratagem of war. [ Holy of holies. Sanctum sanotorum—পতি পৰিত্ৰ প্ৰভাৱৰভাগ; Sang froid-fungfu; Cold blood. Sans culottes—#[\*\*\*\*\* ; The ragged class. Bartor resertus-पत्रींक पत्रांकि; The tailor mended. Bavant-পণ্ডিড ; A learned man. Savon -- nitia; Soap. Semper paratus—नगरे व्यक्त Always ready.

Beristim-नरम नरम ; शंत्रीक्रम ; Ip a series. Ultra vires- देवर क्यलांत वाहित ; Beyond power. Sio passim—এইমুণ সূর্বন্ধ ; So everywhere. Similia similibus curantur—স্পু চিকিৎসা; विरय विषयन ; Let likes be cured by like. Bine die-निम दिव ना कतिया; Without a day being appointed. [An indispensable condition. Bine que non—অপরিহার্য উপায়; অপরিহার্য কড়ার ; Boi disant—पश्रमिष ; Self-called. Spolia opima—বুঠিত বস্তু; Richest booty. Status quo- जनवर्गित ; The state in which. Stet--- 411478 Fig ; Let it stand. Bub judice--विश्वादीय: चारवाहा: Under consideration. Sub page—সণিনা; দুখাণীন; Under a penalty. Sub ross—পোপনে; Privately. Sui generis-valou ; Of its own kind. Summum bonum—(लंडे मजन ; व्यवान উत्सन्त ; नांत्र The chief good. [ or blank tablet. Tabula rasa—নালা পাটা : বেড পট্ট ; The smooth Tapis--গালিচা ; The carpet. To Doum-\$7(34 44; We praise thee. Tempus fugit—সমৰ বাইভেছে; Time flies. Terra firms -- শক্ত ৰাট ; কটিন বৃত্তিকা ; Solid earth. Terra incognita—वदानिङ धारान ; चक्राङ (नन ; An unknown country. [ something. Tertium quid-ভূডীয় কোৰও কিছু; A third Teta-a-tete, n. খোগনীয় বাৰ্যালাণ ; কানে কানে कर्षां नक्षन ; A private conversation. Togs virilis--ৰয়ঃস্থ লোকের পরিজ্ব; The garb of manhood. To kalon-( ) The beautiful. Toto coelo - সম্প্রাণ: By the whole heavens. Tout ensemble - नक्तरक ; त्वारहे ; The whole taken together.

Usque ad nauseam—वित्रक्षिणनकपूर्वकः, To [ speaking. disgust. Usus loquendi—বাকোর চলিত রীতি; Usage in Ut infra—বেরূপ পরে ; As below. Ut supre— (पन्न पूर्व ; As above. Vade mecum, n. উপদ্ৰমণিকা; হ্ৰপুত্ৰ ; সদা ব্যবহার্থ্য এছ ; A manual ; hand-book ; a constant [ tendant. companion. Valet de chambre-- অবুচর; পেরাণা; An at-Variae lectiones—নানা পাঠান্তর ; Various read-[ I saw. Veni, vidi—कात्र कात्रिनात्र, कात्रि त्रविनात्र ; I came, Verbatim et literatim—অবিৰুল; ধুব টিক; Word for word and letter for letter. Verbum sat sapienti—বৃদ্ধিদানের পক্ষে ইদার্ছ बर्ग ; A word is enough for a wise man. Vergus-विशस्त ; विकास : नारकाल o. s. Against. Via-- দিরা ; হইরা ; পথে ; By way of. Via media-মধ্যপথ বা উপায়; A middle course. Vice-কাহারও হাবে; পদে; In the place of. Vice versa--উণ্টাইয়া লইলে; বাংক্ৰমে; The terms being exchanged. [ Namely, Videlicet—অর্থাৎ; বধা; বেমন; সংক্ষেপে ভাত-Vis a vis-মুগৈ মুবী : Opposite. Vis inertise—খকীয় শক্তি ; The power of inertia. Vivat regina—রাণী দীবার চ্উন; Long live the [ king. queen. Vivat rex-नाज गोपीन रहेन; Long live the Viva voce-মৌৰিক প্ৰমাণ ৰাবা; মূৰের কৰাৰ; By oral testimony; orally; by the living voice. Vox populi, vox Dei-वनत्राशहरात क्यां क इनात्र वाली अकरें; The voice of the people is the voice of God. Vulgo-नांशांत्रपंडः ; Commonly. Zonam perdidit-He has lost his purse. Zonam solvers-To loose the virgin gridle.

## PPENDIX.—D.

## WORDS FOLLOWED BY PREPOSITIONS (WITH EXAMPLES).

Abandoned (to, with, by) She will never admit me if she be so abandoned to her sorrow. Abashed (at, by) Peter was abashed by the look

Ultime Thule-त्यव मीया; চরব मीया; The

Ubique—为本语; Everywhere.

utmost boundary or limit.

of his master. [time. Abate (in) His sorrow will abate in the course of

Abhorrence (of) The Tories have an instinctive abhorrence of innovations.

Abhorrent (to) Injudicious profanation, so abhorrent to our stricker principles.

Abide (by at, in, with) I shall abide by the decision of the Judge. Let the damsel abide with us a few months.

Abjuration (of) An abjuration of heresay. Abnegation (of) With abnegation of God, they may retain the friendship of the court.

Abound (in, with) The book abounds in errors. The place abounds with provisions.

Abreast (of, with) To keep abreast of (or with) the present state of science.

Abridge (of, from) To abridge one of his rights. Absolve (from, of) The king was graciously pleased to absolve him from his oath.

Absorbed (in, into, under, by) He is absorbed in study. [ not gaunt.

Abstain (from) Who abstains from meat that is Abstinence (from) The abstinence from a present pleasure that offers itself is a pain, nay, oftentimes, a very great one.

Abstract (from) The postman abstracted a Currency Note from a registered cover.

Abundance (of) It is lamentable to remember what shundance of noble blood hath been shed with small benefit to the Christian state.

Abut (on, upon, against) His land abuts on the road.

Accede (to) He accede to our terms.

Accept (of) I cannot accept of such valuable presents from a stranger.

Acceptable (to) Your delicate present will be highly acceptable to his Holiness. I hope these presents will be acceptable to you.

Acceptance (of, with) The acceptance of a gift, office, doctrine &c. [ the fort. Access (to) We have no access to the arsenal in

Accessible (to) Minds accessible to reason.

Accessory (to) He is charged with being an accessory to the murder.

Accidental (to) Songs are accidental to a play.

Accommodate (with, to) He is to accommodate me with a book of Rs 12.

Accompanied (by, with) The king went to the theatre accompained by his courtiers.

Accomplice (with in, of,) A was an accomplice with B in the murder of C.

Accomplished (in) This that is written must yet be accomplished in me.

Accord (to, with) To accord to one due praise. His disposition accords with his looks. I law. Accordance (with) In strict accordance with the Accordant (with, to) Strictly accordant with true morality, and now his voice accordant to the string.

According (to) Every man was honoured according to his rank.

Account (for, to) You must account to me for the money which was lodged with you.

Accountable (to, for) Every man is accountable to God for his conduct. [Court of France. Accredited (to) Beton was accredited to the Accrue (to) Interest accrues to principal.

Accurate (in) Those conceive the celestial bodies have more accurate influence upon these things below.

Accuse (of by) Johnstop was accused of treason. He accuses Kally of dishonesty. [hardships. Accustomed (to) I am quite accustomed to such Acquaint (with) To acquaint a friend with the particulars of an act.

Acquainted (with) I am acquainted with the previous history of his life. He is acquainted with the Head master.

Acquiesce (in) He acquiesced in the proposal.

Acquire (in, by, with) No virtue is acquired in

an instant, but step by step. He acquires his estates by right of representation.

Acquit (of) The prisoner is acquitted of the charges brought against him.

Act (on, upon, after, for, from, out of, out, up to) He has acted up to his engagement. The stomach acts upon food.

Actuate (by, with) Wings, which others were contriving to actuate by the perpetual motion.

Adapt (to, by, for) This book is adapted to the capacity of Indian students. He is especially adapted by his talents for the post.

Adapted (to, for) Appeals adapted to his whole nature. Streets ill adapted for the residence of wealthy persons.

Add (to) The book will not add much to the fame of the author.

Addicted (to) He was very much addicted to quarreling, thieving &c.

Address (to, in) Those men addressed themselves to the task. Iecla addressed herself in man's apparel. [to the demand. Adequate (to, for) The supply was not adequate Adhere (to) In Madras, Hindu graduates still

adliere to Hindoo beliefs and practices.

Adjacent (to) There is a pond adjacent to the road.

[ another's.

Adjoin (to) When one man's land adjoins to Adjourn (to, for) The case was adjourned to the 10th January. [victors.

Adjudge (to) The prize was adjudged to the Adjunct (to) Learning is but an adjunct to our self.

[ things to a standard.

Adjust (to) To adjust a garment to the body, or Adjustment (of) Success depends on the adjustment of the parts concerned.

Administer (to) A noxious drug had been administered to him. [of doctrines. Admission (of, to, into) The too ensy admission Admit (of into, to) The sentence admits of further charge. His conduct admits of no excuse. He has been admitted to ball.

Admitted (to) The prisoner was admitted to bail. Admonish (of) Moses was admonished of God, when he was about to make the tabernacle.

Adopt (of, into,) To adopt the view or policy of another. [with her jewels. Adorned (by, with) As a bride adorned herself

Adroit (in) He was adroit in intrigue.

Advance (to, on, against, towards, in) Advanced

to a level with ancient peers. A merchant advances money on a contract.

Advantage (of, lover) Lest Satan should get an advantage of us.

Advantageous (to) Irade is advantageous to a

Adverse (to) A spirit adverse to distinctions of caste. The world into which the child came was very much adverse to him.

Advert (to) He adverted to what was said.

Advertise (of) To advertise a man of his loss. Advise (with, of) He advised with his brother.

The merchants were advised of the risk.

Advocate (of, for) To advocate the cause of thy client.

Affected (with, by, to, in) As might affect the earth with cold and heat. How stand you affected to his wish. [affection for her sister.] Affection (for, towards) She had a passionate Affiance (in) Such feelings promptly yielded to his habitual affiance in the divine love.

Affinity (with, to, between) Solomon made affinity with Pharaoh.

Affix (to) Names affixed to ideas,

Afflicted (with at, by) God has afflicted this man with leprosy. [ vice quaint.

Affright (at) Affrights the flamens at their ser-Afraid (of) He is afraid of punishment.

Agitated (by, with) The mind of man is agitated by various passions. Agree (with, to, in, on, upon, among, for, about) I agree with you in the view you have taken of early marriage. I cannot agree to your propossi.

Agreeable (to, with) Agreeable to the order of the day, the House took up the report.

Agreement (among, between) A good agreement subsists among the members of the church.

Ahead (of) The island bore but a little ahead of [ me in this enterprise. 119. Aid (in) You speedy helpers...appear and aid Aim (at) We should all aim at excellence.

Akin (to) A joy akin to rapture.

Alarmed (by, at, for) Alarmed by rumours of [ religion. military preparation.

Alien (from, to) Principles alien from our Alienate (from) The errors which alienated a royal gentry and priesthood from the house of Stuart.

Alight (at, from on) A bee alighted on a flower. Alike (to) The darkness and the light are both alike to thee. [ tance of physical exercise. Alive (to with) I am quite alive to the impor-Allege (of, against) To allege the authority of a judge.

Allied (with, to) The story would soon be noised about in courts and kingdom allied with the Queen. The noble stranger is closely allied to f small.

Allot (to, for, by) The work alloted to each is Allow (of, for, with) How allow you the model of these clothes?

Allowable (among, for, in, from) A certain degree of freedom is allowable among friends.

Alloy (with) Gold and iron alloy with ease.

Allude (to) The story alludes to a recent tran-[ offer of some future good. Allured (by) We are allured by the prospect or Alooi (irom) Our palace stood aloof from [ nate with each other. Alternate (with) The flood and ebb tides alter-

Alternation (in) Bre long I might perceive, Strange alternation in me.

Alternative (of, to) There is something else than the mere alternative of absolute destruction. [ race with another.

Amalgamate (with, into) To amalgamate one Amazed (at, with) I am very much amased at your passionate words.

Ambitious (of, in, for) I was not ambitious of seeing this ceremony. He is ambitious of becoming a good speaker.

Amenable (to) Being an American he is not amenable to the laws of the Hindus. Headstrong people are not amenable to reason.

Amerce (in) The court amerced the criminal in the sum of one hundred dollars.

Amount (to) His debts amounted in all to Re. soo. But in fact the danger amounted to [ idle promises. Amuse (with) He amused his followers with Analogous (te) Decay of public spirit, which

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may be considered analogous to natural death. Analogy (between, to, with) There is an analogy between these objects. One thing has an analogy to (or with) another.

Angry (at, with) Yesterday I did not go to school, my father is angry of this. I pray you not to be angry with me. [ on him.

Animadvert (on, upon) I should not animadvert Annex (to) He annexed a codicil to a will.

Annoyance (of) For the further annoyance and terror of any besieged place, they would throw into it dead bodies.

Annoyed (with, at) Katharine was much aunoyed with her husband at his strange proceedings.

Answer (for, to) How will you answer for this morning's work to the Great Judge ? What is your answer to the 5th question?

Answerable (to, for) An agent is answerable to his principal. To be auswerable for a debt.

Ante or (to) Antigonus was anterior to Polybius. Antidote (against, to) He was advised to keep this relic as an antidote against witchcraft. His poverty was no antidote to his pride.

Antipathy (against, to between) Inveterate antipathies against particular nation and passionate attachments to other are to be avoided.

Anxious (for, about, at) He was very much ansious for a reconciliation with his brother. The doctor is anxious about the health of his patient. [ not answering my teller.

Apologise (for) My corespondent apologised for Apology (for) He goes to work devising apologies for window curtains. [ tianity.

Apostacy (from) Julian's apostacy from Chris-Appalled (at) The house of peers was somewhat appalled at his alarum.

Apparent (to) I'll draw it as apparent to the [ in the original.

Appeal (to, against) I appeal to the Scriptures Append (to) Notes appended to this chapter.

Appertain (to) Things appertain to this life. Appetite (for) She had a great appetite for swallowing romances. [ sent case. Applicable (to) The rule is applicable to the pre-Apply (to, for) To apply money to the payment of a debt. Sacred vows applied to grisly Pluto.

He applied himself to Doctor for chariy. Appoint (to) I appointed him to the post of 3rd pundtt.

Apportion (among, to, into) To apportion time among various employments. [the case. Apposite (to) This argument is very apposite to Apprehensive (of) Not at all apprehensive of evils at a distance. [hension for his own life. Apprehension (for) He was in no small appre-Apprised (of) He was fully apprised of the danger of crossing the river.

Appropriate (to) He appropriated the money to [ priated for a garden. himself. Appropriated (for) A spot of ground is septro-Approve (of) I do not approve of his going to

civer.

Aptitude (for, to, in) He seems to have had a peculiar aptitude for the management of irregular troops. [ to do so.

Arbitrary (in) It was wholly arbitrary in them Arbitrate (Between, to) To arbitrate between parties to a suit. [friend without convincing him. Argue (with, against) You may argue with your Arise (from) The sun arises from the horizon. Arm (with, against) Arm yourselves with the

same mind. [ want of knowledge. Arraign (for) They will not arraign you for Arrayed (in, with, before) Pharaoh arrayed him

in vestures of fine linen.

Arrest (for, of, on) To arrest one for debt, or for a crime. I arrest thee of high treason.

Arrive, (at, in, upon) He arrived at Bombay yeasterday.

Arrogate (to) He arrogated to himself the right of deciding dogmatically what was orthodox doctrine.

Ascend (to, up, above, unto) Our inquiries ascend to the remotest antiquity. The smoke of it ascended up to heaven.

Ascendency (over) Custom has an ascendency over the understanding. [over him. Ascendent (over, of) An ascendant spirit is Ascribe (to) Other works are ascribed to Homer's name besides the Illiad and the Odyssey. [appearance.]

Ashamed (of, at) I was ashamed of my shabby Ask (for, of, from) I asked him for the money. I asked the money of him. I asked the money from him. [after military renown. Aspiration (after, for, of, in) Vague aspiration Aspire (after, to) He aspired to be a Senator.

Assail (with, by, for) To assail a man with blows. | November.

Assemble (in) The Parliament assembled in Assent (to) He assented to my proposal.

Assiduous (in, on) She was very assiduous in all her duties.

Assign (to) In the order I assign to them.

Assimilate (to) To assimilate our law to the law of Scotland.

Assist (with, at, in, by) We assist him with money. To assist at a public meeting.

Associate (in, with, to) Friends should associate friends in grief and woe.

Assured (of) I am well assured of the truth of what he had said. [ the vision.

Astonish (at, with) Daniel was astonished at Asylum (for, to, with, at) Earth has no other asylum for them than its own cold bosom.

Atone (for) He has atoned for his sin. [ship. Attach (to) An officer is attached to a certain Attacked (by, with) He was attacked by fever.

Attain (to, at) To see your trees attain to the dignity of timber.

Attend (upon, to, on, at). I will attend upon your lordship's leisure. He appointed several servants to attend on Cominius. Attend to your teacher.

Attendance (at, on, upon) He was very regular in his attendance at school. [ill effects. Attended (with, by) A measure attended with Attentive (to) He is very attentive to his work. Attracted (by, to) Attracted by thy beauty still to gaze.

Attractive (to) Flowers of a livid yellow, or fleshy color, are most attractive to flies.

Attributed (to) Nauton attributed his success.

Attributed (to) Newton attributed his success to business.

Authority (over. for, of) "Wilt thou be glass wherein it shall discern, Authority for sin, warrant for blame."

Avail (of) We ought to avail ourselves of the amount of truth which exists in either theory. Avenge (on) He had avenged himself on them by havoc.

Averse (to, from) Some people are very much averse to a republic.

Aversion (to, form, towards, for, of) A freeholder is bred with an aversion to subjection. Avert (from) 'It doth avert them from the church.'

Awake (to) He was awake to the danger.

Awarded (to, for) The arbitrators awarded damages to the complainant. [running. Aware (of) I am well aware of the danger he is Awkward (in) He is awkward in his gait.

Backed (by) The Parliament would be backed by the people.

Baffle (with, by, in) A ship baffles with the winds.

[ Walter see, Balk (in, of) 'Balked in their own blood did Sir Banished (from, to, for, out of, by) How the ancient Celtic tongue came to be banished from the Low Counties in Scotland.

Bare (of) The trees were quite bare of leaves and flowers.

Bargain (with for) To bargain with a farmer for a cow. So worthless peasants bargain for their wives

Barren (of) She was barren of children.

Barter (away, with, for) To barter away goods or honour.

Bask (in, under) Basks in the glare, and stems the tepid wave. [ in Cassar's blood. Bathe (by, in, with) And let us bathe our hands Beam (forth, upon) To beam forth light.

Bear (on, upon, down, off, against, away, out, up, for) These men bear hard on the suspected party. To bear down on enemy.

Beat (at, in, about, against; down; off, with; out, upon) The men of the city beat af the door. He beat them in a bloody battle.

Becloud (of, with) If thou becloud the sunshine of thine eye.

Becoming (in, to) Such discourses as are becoming of them. [ varnish.

Bedaub (with) Bedaub four designs with a fair Beforehand (with) Agricola resolves to be beforehand with the danger.

Beg (for. of, from, in) The poor man is going

about begging for brend. I beg of you to send me the books without delay.

Begin (in, at) The apostle begins our knowledge in the creatures, which leads us to the knowledge of.

Beguile (of, with, into) You owe me money and now you pick a quarrel to beguile me of it.

Beholden (to) But being so beholden to the Prince. [bility of miracles,

Believe (in, on) He did not believe in the possi-Belong (to) The book does not belong to me.

Beloved (of, by) Antony, so well beloved of Casar &c. [ any public business. Bend (to, before, under) To bend his mind to Beneficial (to) The war which would have been

most beneficial to us.

Benefit (by) He will benefit by the change.

Bent (on) He is bent on mischief. [by cold. Benumbed (by, with) A hand or foot benumbed Bequeath (to) My heritage, which my dead father did bequeath to me.

Bereft (of) Madam, your kindness has bereft me of all words. [with difficulties. Beset (by, with) Poor fellow! he was hard beset Besmeared (with) Besmeared with precious balm.

Besotted (with) Fools besotted with their crimes. Bespangled (with) The glass is all bespangled with dewdrops.

Bestow (upon) Fortune hath bestowed upon her great parts.

[ and submission.

Betake (to) They betook themselves to treaty

Bethink (of) I have bethought me of another fault.

[ hands of the enemy.

Betrayed (into, to) He was betrayed into the Better (of) To get the better of an enemy.

Beware (of) Macbeth, beware of the Thane of Fife. { fruitless search. Bewildered (by, in) Lost and bewildered in the Bias (upon, for, to, within) Strong love is a bias upon the thoughts.

Biased (in) It had not biased in the one direction. Bind (over, to, in, around, about, up) Commerce binds nations to each other.

Bitter (against, with) Husbands, love your wives, and he not bitter against them.

wives, and be not bitter against them.

Blame (for) Who is to blame for this delay?

Blend (with, in) There is a tone of solemn and sacred feeling that blends with our conviviality.

Bless (with) God blesses us with health. We are blessed with happiness.

Blind (to truth, of eye) I could not be blind to all her imperfections. Authors are blind to their own defects. The deer was blind of one eye.

Blockaded (by) Blockaded the place by sea.

Blot (out) One act like this blots out a thousand crimes. [at my shame. Blush (at, for) But be thou mild and blush not Boast (of) He boasts of his attainments in Mathematics. It is a conquest for a prince to boast of.

Boggle (at) We start and boggle at every unusual appearance.

Boil (away, with, over) The water boils away.
This blood boils with anger.

Border (on or upon) Connecticut borders on Massachusetts. [into slavery in Mexico. Born (into, of, to, from) No one could be born Borrow (of, from) The moon borrows light of the sun. When men came to borrow of you, did you not drive them away? He borrowed Rs. 32 from his uncle.

Bound (to, in, by for, up, in, with) I shall be much bound to you for it. I am bound in honour to stand by my brother. Who can be bound by a solemn vow to do a murderous deed?

Brag (of, with) To brag of one's exploits, courage Branded (with, in, on) The Inquisition branded its victims with infamy.

Break (with, into, away, away from, down, forth, form, in; in upon, off; on, out, out of, over, through, up) An old man, broken with the storms of state. To beak into a run or gallop. Breed (in, upon, to) If the sun breed maggots in a dead dog. He breeds them up in.

Bring (over, about; down, forth, in; off, on, out, under; up) In distillation, the water brings over with it some part of the oil of vitriol.

Bristle (upon, with, up) This hair did bristle upon his head.

Brood (over, on) To brood over misfortune. You will sit and brood your sorrows on a throne.

Build (on) To build on the opinions of others. Burden (with) To burden a nation with taxes.

Burn (with, up) He burns with fever.

Burst (upon, forth, away, into, out, through) To

burst upon him like an earthquake.
Bury (in) To bury the face in the hands.

Busy (with, in, upon) To busy one's self with books.

[bought a statue for her. Buy (of, for) I bought it of a pedlar. He hadred linto) I am not about to cajole you into a reception of my views. [fit from the speculation. Calculate (upon) He calculated upon a large pro-Call (tor, at. away, back, down, forth, in, off, upon, out, up) I call God for a witness. He ordered her to call at his house once a week. Callous (to) It is an immerse blessing to be perfectly callous to ridicule.

Candidate (for, of) He is a candidate for the office of governor. [sorrow is capable of good. Capable (of) A mind that is capable of real Care (for) He cared not for the affection of the house. What care I for his foolish words? He does not care for study.

Careful (about, of, in, over) They are more eager for future than careful of present good. Be careful about your spelling. [himself. Careless (of, about, in) He grew carefus of Carp (at) Do not carp at other men's actions. Carry (away, off, on, out; through, to) He carried away all his cattle.

Cast (about, for, away, down, into, off; out; up, on, upon). Cast thy garment about thee, and follow me.

[, straw.

Catch (at, up) A drowning man catches at a Cause (for, of) What is the cause of the battle. Caution (against) I cautioned him against the dangers of town life.

Cautious (of, in, with) I was very cautious of not rousing the sleeping lion.

Cavil (at) It would be idle to cavil st that perfect specimen of beauty.

Cease (from, with) To cease from strife.

Cede (to) The people must cede to the Government some of their natural rights.

Celebrated (for, with) He was celebrated for his power of clothing wise counsel in winning words.

Certain (of) He is certain of coming off with flying colours. I myself am certain of you.

Chafe (at, under, with) He will chafe at the doctor's marrying my daughter.

Chain (to, on) And in this vow do chain my soul to thine, [for the better.

Change (for, from, to) Men sometimes change Characteristic (of) Homely wits at the characteristic of homebred youths.

Charge (with, to, on) A person is charged with a thing, a thing is charged on a person. The Police charged him with being drunk and disorderly. The ship was charged with cargo.

Chargeable (to, with) That we might not be chargeable to any of you.

Cheat (of, into) A sorcerer by his cunning hath cheated me of this island.

Check (on, upon) The good kind, his master, will check him for it.

Chime (in, with) Everything chimed in with such a humors. { throat.

Choked (in, with, by) The words choked in his Circumspect (in) To be circumspect in matters of peculiar deheacy.

[ the body.

Circulate (in, among) The blood circulates in Cite (for, from) The devil can cite Scripture for his purpose. [heritance.

Claim (on, to) Doth he lay claim to thine in-Clap (upon, to, into, on) Clap an entinguisher upon your irony, [not clash with mine.

Clash (with, against) I hope your interests would Cleanse (from, of) If we walk in the light, the blood of Jesus Christ his son cleanseth us from all sin.

Clear (of, away, from, off, out, up) Clear your mind of cant. I am sure he will clear me from partiality.

Cleared (of) He ordered the city to be cleared of the strangers. The Police cleared the street of the mob.

Cleave (to, unto) My bones cleave to my skin. Cleave unto the Lord your God.

Clever (at, in) There were many clover men in England. [it thus," Cling (to, togetner) "That thou shouldst cling to

Clog (with) The commodities are clogged with impositions. [once closed with the office. Close (to, with, upon, in) Stand close to me. I at Clothed (in, with) He had the power of clothing his counsel in winning words. She was clothed like a bride with flowers and chapters.

Clutch (at) Clutch at the phantoms of the stock market. [able of coalescing with other nations. Coalesce (with, in, into) The Jews were incap-Coat (with) To coat a jar with tin foil,

Coequal (with, to) He will make his cap coequal with the crown.

Coeval (with) "Silence! coeval with eternity."

Coexist (with) So much purity and intregrity.....

coexisting with so much decay and so many
infirmities. [cognisance of their master."

Cognisance (of) "Wearing the liveries and
Cognisant (of) I am cognisant of his hatred
towards me. [or place with wishing.

Cohere (with, to) Had time cohered with place Coincide (with, in) The date of the fall of Granada coincided with that of the establishment of the Inquisition.

Coincidence (between, in) Those who discourse .....of the nature of truth.....affirm a perfect evincidende between truth and goodness.

Collate (with, to) I must collate it, word by word, with the original Hebrew.

Combat (with, for) To combat with a blind man I disdrin. [ vow.

Combine (by, with) I am combined by a sacred Come (to, off, about, after; at; by; down; in, into; of, on or upon, out, over; up to, up, with. When we come to Rome. We are come off like Romans.

Command (over) He assumed an absolute command over his reader. [his hand.

Commend (to) His eye commends the leading to Commensurate (with) He is very rich, but his happiness is hardly commensurate with his wealth. [ment on him.

Comment (on, upon) Critics proceed to com-Commit (to, against) The chief malcontents were committed to prison.

Common (among, to) Though life and sense be common to men and brutes.

Commune (with) I would commune with you of such things that want no ear but yours.

Communicate (with, to, on) Her room communicated with her brother's apartments.

Communication (to) I was forced to make that painful communication to Government.

Commute (for, to) To commute for year's travel over a route.

Comparable (to) There is no blessing of life comparable to the enjoyment of a virtuous friend.

Compare (with, to) Compare Akbar with Aurangzeb and say who was the better ruler. The world is compared to a stage where we are all actors. I can compare our rich miser to nothing so fitly as to a whale.

Compatible (with) His virtuous love for Theodora was scarcely compatible with low and gross assours.

Compell (to) I compell all creatures to my will.

Compensate (for, by) He had promised to compensate me for my losses.

Compete (for, with, against) Why don't you compete for the prize? [finite being. Competent (to, for, in) He is not competent to any Competition (for, with) There is no competition but for the second place.

Complain (of, against, about, to) He often complainers of headache.

Complaint (before, against, about, of) I poured

[ education. out my complaint before him. Complete (with) To complete a course of Compliment (to) To send one's compliments to [ quest or demand. a friend. Comply (with) He did not comply with my re-Comport (with) How their behavior herein comported with the institution. [ infantry only. Composed (of) His army was composed of Comprehended (in) The states comprehended in the Austrian Empire. [ words. Comprise (in, of) Comprise much matter in few Compute (of, at) Two days, as we compute the days of heaven. [ the highway. Con (to, on, over) They say they con to heaven Concede (to) I wished you to concede to America, at a time when she prayed concession at our

Conceive (of) Conceive of things clearly and distinctly in their own natures.

feet.

Concentrate (in, on) Population tends to concentrate in cities.

Concern (in, with, for, against, at, about) A good prince concerns himself in the happiness of his subjects. We are not concerned with that at present. I have much concern in the result of the election. He was much concerned for the safety of the truant.

Conclude (with, from) I will couclude this part with the speech of a counselor of state.

Concomitant (to, of) Reproach is a concomitant to greatness.

Concur (with, in) The chief justice concurred with his learned brother in the decision given by him.

Concurrence (to, of, in) We collect the greatness of the work, and the necessity of the devine concurrence to it.

Condemn (in, to, for) The king of Egypt condemond the land in a hundred talents of silver. Condescend (to) Condescend to men of low estate.

Condole (with) Your friends would have cause to rejoice rather than condols with you. [plants. Conduce (to) Heat conduces to the growth of Genier (with, on, to) The king conferred with his ministers about state affairs. Government has conferred on us the privilege of self-government.

Confess (to) Every tongue shall confess to God.
Confide (to, in) I made a mistake in confiding the secret to him. Pen had not thought proper to confide to his friend his pecuniary history.
Confident (cf. in) He is write and the first to the first tendent tenden

Confident (of, in) He is quite confident of winning the prize.

Confidence (in, of) A cheerful confidence in the mercy of God. He has unlimited confidence in his own energies.

Confined (in, to, of, with) He was confined in a Conform (to, with, unto) You must conform to the rules of the College.

Conformable (to) Conformable to scripture as well as to philosophy.

Conformity (with, in, between) The end of all religion is but to draw us to a conformity with God.

[ with the gypsies.

Confound (with) They were often confounded Confront (with) I confront a medal with a verse. Cogenial (to) The remance afforded me a life more congenial to my feelings than the world in which I lived.

Congratulate (on, upon) I congratulate you on your success. The Parliament congratulated the king on his accession.

Conjoined (with) Let that which he learns next be nearly conjoined with what he knows already. [another.

Connect (with) One line of railroad connects with Comive (with, at) Surely the gods this year connive at us, and we may do anything extempore.

Conscious (of) She was hardly conscious of the presence of the strangers,

Consecrated (to) One day in the week is consecrated to a holy rest.

Consideration (for, of) Consideration for the poor is a doctrine of the church.

Consign (to) The sufferer was consigned to the private asylum of Doctor Cotton.

Consist (of, in) The book consists of 8 Chapters.

Our safety consists in a strict adherence to
duty.

Consistent (with, in, to) She would have no difficulty in thinking that such a life was consistent with cheerfulness.

Console (with, for) And empty heads console with empty sound. [tion etc.

Consoled (by) I am much consoled by the reflec-Consonant (to, with) Each one pretends that his opinion is consonant to the words there used.

Consort (with) Which of the Grecian chiefs con-

Conspire (with, against) You have conspired against our royal person.

Constant (to, in) I am constant to my purposes.
Contemporary (with, of) This king was contemporary with the greatest moranchs of Europe. [ I did contend against thy valor. Contend (against, for, with) In ambitious strength Content (with) Do not content yourselves with obscure and confused ideas.

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Contented (with) They were all more or less contented with their lot.

Contest (with) The difficulty of an argument adds to the pleasure of contesting with it.

Contiguous (tu) They seemed contiguous at one of their angles. [my orders. Contrary (to) I have sent the baby contrary to

Contrary (to) I have sent the baby contrary to Contrasted (with) Her longings contrasted sadly with the feebleness of her weak brain.

Converge (to, into) I converge its rays to a focus of dazzling brilliancy.

Conversant (with in) Cowper was not much conversant with men and manners.

Converse (with, of, on) I conversed with him on various topics. [were converted into water. Converted (into, to) If the whole atmosphere Convince (of) He convinced me of the truth of his theory. He who tries to convince a fool of his folly is himself a fool.

Convicted (by) He had been convicted by a jury.
Convulsed (with, by) Every line that does not convulse with laughter stings or lashes.

Cooped (within, up, in) The Trojans cooped within their walls so long. [common mirth. Co-operate (to, with) Whate'er cooperates to the Cope (with) He acted foolishly in trying to cope with a person ten times stronger.

Copy (out, from, after, off) "Let this be copied out, and keep it safe for our remembrance."

Coquet (with) We have coquetted with political crime.

Correct (in) He was quite correct in his conjectures. [moral conduct. Corrective (of) Penalties are correctives of in Correspond (with, to) Concurring figures correspond with each other throughout.

Correspondent (to) I will be correspondent to command. [or co-operation. Count (on, upon, for) I counted on his sympathy

Countenanced (by) This concert, though countenanced by learned men, is not made out either by experience or reason. [bill.

Counterpart (of) This is the counterpart of the Cover (with, by) To cover a table with a cloth. He covered himself with glory.

Cradled (in) He that hath been cradled in majesty will not leave the throne to play with beggars.

Crammed (with) Their storehouse crammed with grain.

Cramped (by, in) The mind may be as much cramped by too much knowledge as by ignorance.

Crave (for, after) Once one may crave for love.
Crawl (into, to) Hath crawled into the favor of the king.

[ paid on a land.
Credit (with) To credit a man with the interest Creditable (to) Such conduct is highly creditable to him.

[ most of the books of argument.
Creep (into) The sophistry which creeps into Cripple (in, with) I am a cripple in my limbs.
Cross (with, to, from) Men's actions do not always

cross with reason,

Crowd (into, with, upon) A man oromic into a room.

[ glory and honor.

Crowned (with) Thou hast crowned him with

Cruel (to) He is cruel to all animals.

Crumble (into, to) It will crumble into the form of gravel. [sense.

Crusade (against) Cease crusading against Culminate (in) The reptile race culminated in the secondary era.

Culpable (of) He is culpable of of a crime.

Cure (of) I never knew any man cured of inattention.

Dabble (in, with) Bright hair dabbled in blood.
Dally (with, about) We have put off God, and dallied with his grace. [ quake.
Damaged (by) The house was damaged by earth-Dart (from, upon) The deer darted from the thicket.

Dash (against, off, down, out, at) If you dash a stone against a stone, it makes a sound. To dash off a review or sermon.

Dashed (with) The very source and fount of day, is dashed with wandering isles of night.

Date (at, from) We may say dated at or from a place.

[ with show of virtue.

Daubed (with) So smooth he daubed his vice Daunted (by, at) They are daunted by the enemies. { thine aid.

Dawn (on) 'Dawn on our darkness and lend us Dazzle (with) They dance in mists, and dassle with surprise.

Deaf (to) I remained deaf to all their entreaties.

Deafened (with, by) Deafened with their promiscuous cries.

Deal (with, in, out) Give me an honest mark to deal with. It is a science that deals in words instead of facts. The master of the house is dealing out rive to needy Brahmins.

Debar (from, of) Their wages were so low as to debar them, not only from the comforts but from the common decencies of civilized life.

Debase (by) To debase the charactert by crime,

Decide (upon, for, against) Nelson decided upon going to sea. The Judge decides a case for or against a person. [sky. Deck (with) To deck with clouds the uncolored

Declare (against, for) Victory declares against the allies. 

[ sound morals.

Decline (from, in) Conduct that declines from Decorate (with) To decorate the mind with moral beauties. [ ambush.

Decoy (into, by) To decoy troops into an Dodicate (to) He compiled ten books and dedicated them to the Lord Burghley.

Deducible (from) All properties of a triangle depend on, and are deducible from the complex idea of three lines including a space.

Deduct (from, out, of) We deduct from the computation of our years.

Defective (in) He was defective in all those graces that captivate a youthful heart.

Defend (from, against) To defend one' self from, or against one's enemies.

Defer (to) The commissioners deferred the matter to the Earl of Norway.

Deficient (in) The epistles were clever and spirited, but deficient in ease.

Defrauded (of) Churches seem injured and defrauded of their rights.

Degenerate (into) When wit transgresseth decency, it degenerates into in solence and impiety. [bar.

Degraded (from) Bannerje is degraded from the Deject (in, by) She dejects her eyes in a seeming civility.

Delight (in, at, with) Wicked men delight in wickedness. The labor we delight in physics pain.

Deliver (from, to, of, on, out, up, over, into) To deliver one from captivity. All sense of woe delivers to the wind. He could be delivered of a few verses.

Deluged (with, by) The land is deluged with Demand (of) Demands of apology were exchanged for promises of pardon. [of mine? Demise (to, at) Caust thou demise to any child Demur (to, at) I demur to that statement.

Denude (of) To denude one of clothing, or lands. Deny (of, to) We deny the truth of an assertion. Depart (from, to, for) The glory is departed from Israil. I will depart to mine own land.

Depend (on, upon) I must depend upon him for the means of livelihood.

Dependent (on, upon) A host of dependents on the court suborned to play their past as witnesses. [ his chamber.

Depicted (in, on) His arms are fairly depicted in Deposit (in) To deposit goods in a warehouse.

Deprive (of) His relatives have deprived him of his paternal property.

Derive (from, to, into, on, upon) He derives this word from the Anglo-Saxon. [fortitude. Derogate (from) It derogates little from his Derogation (to, from, of, away) I hope it is no derogation to the Christian religion.

Derogatory (to, from, unto, lor) His language was severely censured by some of his brother peers as derogatory to their order. [plain song. Descant (upon, on) Children make descant upon Descend (from, to, of) The beggar may descend from a prince. A crown descends to the heir

Descendant (of) He is the descendant of Manu.

Descent (upon, on) To make a descent upon the enemy.

[ asother.

Deserve (of) One man may merit or deserve of Design (to, for, on) He was designed to the study of law. From this city she designed for Collin.

Desire (of, for) Did I desire a son of my lord?

Desirous (of) I am desirous of writing a book which shall be all truth.

Desist (from) The dead cheeks of your wife

Despair (of, at) You should not despair of success.

Destined (to, for) I am destined to failure.
Cowper was destined for the Law.

Destitute (of) The town was destitute of all means of defence. [ of health.

Destructive (of, to) Intemperance is destructive Detach (from) To detach a man from a leader.

Detain (at, by) We were detained by an accident.

[account.

Detected (in, by) To detect a mistake in an Deter (from) My own face deters me from my glass.

[ making John king.

Determine (upon, on) They determined upon Detract (from) It has been the fashion to detract both from the moral and literary character.

Develop (into, in, by, upon, on) The seed develops into a plant. [common track." Deviate (from) "May boldly deviate from the Devise (of, to) Let us devise of case.

Devote (to) The city was devoted to the flames. Dictate (to) We presumed to dictate to the sovereign.

Differ (with, from among, in) I differ with the honorable gentleman on this point. A thing differs from another thing in certain respects. Difference (between) What is the difference between the innocent and the guilty?

Different (from) I had an instinct that I was different from my fellow-creatures.

Difficulty (of, in) Not being able to promote them on account of the difficulty of the region. Diffident (of) He did not lack strength but was diffident of cunning.

Diffuse (among, over) We find this knowledge diffused among all civilized nations.

Diligent (in) She was diligent in household duties. [of nature, Diminutive (of) Such water flies, diminutives Dimmed (with) Her starry eyes were dimmed

with streaming tears.

Dine (with, at, on) We dine with him.

Din (in, into) This hath been often dinned in my cars.

Dip (into, in) When I dipt into the future. [road. Direct (to) He directed me to the left-hand Disappointed (in, at, of) He was disappointed in his cousin. He was disappointed of the prize. I am much disappointed at the result of the Examination.

Disapprove (of) To disapprove of an opinion, of such conduct.

[ pride.
Disarm (of) The proud was half disarmed of

Disclaim (of, from) He disclaims the authority of Jesus. [water.

Discolored (by, with) Silver is discolored by sea-Discourse (on, in) The life of Cowper is sufficiently and at large discoursed in the book.

Discrepancy (between) There is no real discre-

Discriminate. Discriminate (between) We should be careful to discriminate between probability and presumpf myself from thyme. Disencumber (from, of) I have disencumbered Disengage (from) To disengage the affection from a favorite pursuit. Disentangled (from) A mind free and disentangled from all corporeal mixtures. Disgraceful (to) Profaneness is disgraceful to a Disgusted (with, at, by) He was disgusted with the world. He was very much disgusted at his bufloonery. Dislike (to) He dislikes me to my work. God's grace gives him continual dislike to sin. Dismiss (from, with) The master dismisses his servant from the post. Disparity (of between, in) The disparity of numbers was not such as ought to cause any unseasiness. I this thing. Displeased (with, at) God was displeased with Dispose (of) He has disposed of his furniture. I beg the ancient privilege of Athens, as she is mine. I may dispose of her. Dispossess (of) To dispossess a kind of his own. Dispute (with, on, about, over) I will dispute with thee of thy stale.

Disqualify (for, from) My illness utterly disqua-

lifies me for all conversatiou. Disregard (of) To disregard the admonitions of conscience. [ his colleagues.

Dissent (from) He dissented from the views of Dissimilar (to) This part is very dissimilar to any other. his purpose. Dissuade (from) I could not dissuade him from Distant (from) The temple is not distant from [ other. the Ganges.

Distinct (from) They are distinct from each Distinguish (between, from, for, by) We distinguish between two things but we distinguish one thing from another. [from itself.

Distracted (with, by, from) A city distracted Distribute (to, among, into) He distributes his goods to all them. [ ving an insult.

Disturbed (by) A person is disturbed by recei-Diverge (from) Rays of light diverge from the SUD.

Diverted (by, with from, to) We are amused by a tale, diverted by a comedy. Men are diverted with works of wit and humor. [ feeling. Divest (of) Wretches divested of every moral Divide (into, between, among) The family divi-

des into three groups. [ sense. Divorce (from) It was divorced from its old Domineer (over) To domineer over dependents.

Do (with, away, away with, up; without, by, for) What have I to do with you.

Doat (on, upon) What dust we doat on when it is man we love! The widow doated upon Pen. Doomed (to) A criminal doomed to chains or death. [ the truth of it. Doubt (of) I have heard the story, but I doubt

Doubtful (of) We are doubtful of a fact.

Drain (from) Fountains Grain the water from the ground adjacent.

Draw (on, upon, away from, back with down, forth, into, from, in, off; out) You may draw on me for the expenses of your journey.

Drawn (to) The arrow is now drawn to the heed. Dream (of) He dreams of an absent friend.

Drilled (on, in, into) She drilled him on to five-[ the college. and fifty.

Drive (out, away, at) He was driven out from Drunk (with) Be not drunk with wine, wherein is excess. [ due to his silver hair.

Due (to) He should be treated with the respect Dull (of, at) Their ears are dull of hearing.

Dupe (with, into) Never have I duped him with base counterfeits.

Dwell (in, among, upon at) The poor man dwells in a humble cottage,

Dwindle (into) Religious societies are said to have dwindled into factious clubs.

Eager (in, for, about, after, of) The hounds were eager in the chase. [To ease of pain. Ease (of) I will ease thy shoulders of thy load.

Easy (of) The patient is easy of his treatment. Eat (up, into, out) The lean did eat up the first seven fat kine. A sword laid by, which eat into itself. [ distress in England.

Economical (in, of) There was no economical Efface (from) Efface from his mind the theories and notions vulgarly received.

Eject (from) To eject words from the language. Elated (at, over, with, by) You ought not to be elated at the chance mishaps of your enemies. Elected (by, to) The deputy elected by lord.

Eligible (for, to) This is an eligible situation for a house.

Elope (from, with) Great number of them have eloped from their allegiance. Emanate (from) Fragrance emanates from Emancipate (from) To smancipate one from

prejudices or error. [ in trade. Embark (in, on, for) He embarked his fortune Embed (in) To embed a thing in clay or sand.

Embellish (with) To embellish a book wit. pictures.

Embittered (against, by) Embittered against each other by former contests.

Embody (in) To embody one's ideas in a treatise. Embosomed (in) This house embosomed in the grove.

Embroil (in, with) The royal house embroiled in civil war. The Christian antiquities at Rome are so embroiled with fable and legend.

Emerge (from, into) The sun emerges from behind the moon in an eclipse.

Eminent (for, in) It was a house eminent for wealth and splendour.

Employ (in, on, upon, about, to at) To employ the pen in writing. Jovathan and Zahariah were employed about this matter.

Empty (of) I shall find you empty of that fault. Enamored (of, with) Passionately enamored of

this shadow of a dream. To be enamored with a lady. [ music. Enchanted (with) He is enchanted with the Encouragement (to, in) "To think of his paternal care, is a most sweet encouragement to prayer." Encroach (upon, on) They showed no disposition to encroach upon the royal prerogatives. Encumbered (with, by) His mind is encumbered with useless learning. [ with new powers. Endowed (with) On a sudden I seemed endowed Endue (with) Endue them with heavenly gifts. Endurance (of) Their fortitude was most admirable in their patience and endurance of all evils. Enemy (to, of) They every day grow more enemy to God. He is an enemy of yours. Enfeebled (by) Enfeebled by scanty subsistence and excessive toil. Engaged (to, in, with, on, for ) She was engaged to this youthful hero. He is engaged in a business. Engrained (in) Leaves engrained in lusty green. Engrave (in, on) Engrave principles on men's f mud. Engrossed (with, by) Waves ..... engrossed with Enhance (by) A debt enhances rapidly by compound enterest. Enjoin (on, upon) A parent enjoins on his children the duty of obedience.
Enlarge (upon, by) To enlarge upon this theme. An estate enlarges by good managements. Enlisted (in) He enlisted in the regular army. Enrich (with, by) To enrich the under-tanding

with knowledge. To enrich land by irrigation.

Enshrine (in) To enshrine something in memory.

Enslave (by) "The conquer'd also, and enslaved by war, Shall, with their freedom lost, all virtue lose. [thickets and brakes.

Entangled (in, with) He was entangled in Enter (into, upon, on) An arrow entered into his head. He entered upon his new duties with great real. [versation.

Intertain (with) To entertian friends with con-Entitled (to) His version is entitled to the praise of clearness and fidelity. He was certainly entitled to the benefit of the law.

Entrance (into, upon) Show us, we pray thee, the entrance into the city.

Enveloped (in) Papers are enveloped in a packet. Envious (of, at, against) My soul is envious of mine eye. Neither be thou envious at the wicked.

Envy (at) (v), of (n) We would envy at the prosperity of the wicked. They did this in envy of Caesar.

[ trusted to him. Equal (to, with) He is not equal to the task enguly (in, for, with) The country are led astray in following the town, and equipped in a ridiculous habit.

[ a triangle. Equivalent (to) A square may be equivalent to

Erase (from) To erase his name from the list.

Err (in) The man may err in his judgment of circumstances. [jail.

Escape (from) The convict has escaped from Espouse (to) A virgin espoused to a man whose name was Joseph. [general.

Essential (to) Judgment is more essential to a Established (in, on, by) So were the churches established in the faith. He eslablished himself in a place.

Esteem (for) We esteem you for it.

Even (with) John was determined to be even with them in Scotland, where he was powerful. Evident (to) The figure or color of a body is evident to the senses.

Evolve (from) Not by any power evolved from man's own resources, but by a power which descended from above. [from or of some one. Exact (from, of) (v) To exact tribute, fees, &c. Exasperate (against, by, at) To exasperate them against the king of France.

Excel (in) He excelled in drawing.

Except (against, from, to) Except thou wilt except against my love. [their, burial. Exception (to) He took exception to the place of Exchange (for) Exchange his sheep for wool for a diamond. A dollar exchanges for ten dimes. Excite (by) He was excited by passions. To excite heat by friction. [ports of another. Exclude (from) To exclude one nation from the Exclusive (of) There were ten thousand troops explusive of artillery.

Exhibite (from) He exhibited himself from being the author of the heroic epistle.

Excusable (in) The man is escusable in his crime.

Excuse (from, for) They will not excuse him from guilt (v). Then beauty is its own excuse for being (n).

[ fear.

Exempt (from) True nobility is exempt from Exhausted (by, with) The moisture of the cardina exhausted by evaporation. To exhaust a drug successively with water and ether.

Exonerate (from) To exonerate one's self from blame. { veniences of trade. Expatiate (on) He expatiated on the incon-Expect (from, of) We did not expect this treatment from you. [ away.

Expedient (for) It is expedient for you that I go Expel (from, by) To exple air from a beliews. He shall expel them from his country,

Expert (in, at) He is expert in chase.

Explain (to, away) Commentators explain the difficult passages to you. Those explain the meaning quite away.

[ statement. Explicit (in) He was earnest and explicit in his Exponent (of, in) The leader of a party is the exponent of its principles.

[ of the sun.

Expose (to) Do not expose yourself to the heat Expostulate (with) Men expostulate with erring friends.

Expressed (in, by, with) They expressed in their

Beer Busin emissions decirines of no enty which fund interpret by their names. per weer Expressive (of) Each verse to swells expressive of Extend (to) To extend sympathy to the sufering Extort (from) To extort contributions from the zananshed. (cket Estract (from) To extract a tooth from its so-Estrayag nt (in) There ippears something mobby will and extravagant in great natural geniuses. [ debt . Extricate (from) To extricate a person from Exult (in, over) Sman exulted in the explusion of Adam and Lye from Paradise Do not exult over your enemy', fall Pail (of, in) If ever they fail of beauty, this fulure is not to be atributed of their size Futh (in) You have no faith in God Fall (in, on, into, at, off, away, from, upon, out, through, to, into, under) The mercury falls in the barometer. A worshiper falls on his kness. The river Rhone falls into the Mediterrand. A thousand shall fall at thy side. Ralse (talks priyself was false are thou to me (this, to) All his readers were tolerably with the story An object i

far to one. We are familiar with it and with persons. [ cents of distress Brown with) To familiarise one's self with thous (for) Sikhs are famous for military skill Pare (with, on) We shall see how it will fare with him

Fasten (on, to, with) Fatal (to) The power aeil was f \* Commonwealth Potters (with, on) To fatten seids anth bloom

Raimed (with) He favored him with money Paragrable (to) The progress of civilisat on is fercourable to Abelt.

Fawn (upon, on, over) When the tirer fawns , upor the lamb, the lamb will never cease to Associate him

Pear (for, of) He will not fear for this Reast faith, on) Rust your ears with the music Feed (on, upon, with, of) The horses were feed ing on grass. The village population fol upon the commonest grains. He feeds his cons with

Reel (for, after) He got angry and felt for his { shadow Pence (with, against) He will fonce with his own

Ferret (out) To ferret out a secret. Pight (against, with, for, out, over) You do

fight against your country's foes. To fight with thee, no man of arms will deign.

Filch (from) "But he that filches from me my good name."

Fill (up, in, with) They filled them up to the brun. Corn fills well in a warm season. The sail fills with the wind.

Fire (with, up, on, at, off) To fire the soul with anger. He fired up, and stood vigorously. They fired on the town.

Fish (for, sp. out) To Chie fish up an anchor. Fit (for) This is not The time is parties have fixed on Fix (on, upon, iii) The certain leading panth; "And "x far deeper an [ Stagente. his head their stings." Fixed (in) Sat fixed we thought the mighty Flash (upon) The object is made to flash upon the eye of the mind. Finch (from, in) Nelson was not the m, n to

flinch from any danger.

Fling (awiy, up, at, down, off, out, in) Ci well, I charge thee, fing away ambition. To fing up a design.

Hirt (with) They firt with the young man. Fiv (on, at, about, into, out, off) A ship flies on the deep

Foam (with) 'He forms'h with his teeth'

Fond (of) He was a great traveller and fond of telling his adventures [fondness for thec Fondness (for) My hart had stul some foolish Force (m) To force conviction on the mind Foreign (to) What you say is foreign to the

point at issue.

Forestall (of, in) This night forestall him of the coming day. Forestul (to of) Be not formetful to your tran-Formed (of) God formed tian of he dust of the ground

bonn l d ( non the sell not, for it was votemils founded

wurht with all speech Entermma fraug it ith wors ide b nefits.

Ing (rom, of, with) This plan is free from objection

breazed (by, w th) The people frenzied by con turies of opp ession [ rudeness, Frown (upon at, on) Polite ociety fromas upon Pull (of His nature wa full of the milk of hum in diliciness. [ for defence Furnish (with, to) To furnish one with arms Gain (on, upon) The see in gains on the land The Enclish have gained no n the Venetians. (size (on, t, with, into) in gase on your nim. Get (out, into, along, at, away, by, in, off, o on with, up, over, throu h, to) Get thee or from this land. She prepared to get sufo th

coach Gifted (with) He was gifted with great powers of elequence He was gifted with philosophical sapacity.

Gut (with, about) We here create thee the first duke of Suffolk, And girt thee with the

Give (in, up, away, off, out, over, of, to) What shall a man give in exchange for his soul ! Don't give up the ship [ glad of. Glad (of at) I am a fool to weep at what lam Glance (at, over) How canss thou thus for shame glence at my credit with Hyppolyta?

every day in the hour.

as the dust.

I have just glanced over a lew pages of the Appendix. Glory (in) The greatest sovere gn now alive may glory in such an honour. We glory in proceedings' being Hindoos. Glow (with) 'And glow with shame of your Go (to, about, across, down, after, away, by, forth, in, in for, into, off, on, on with, out, over, through, with) His land goes to the river. They never go about to hide their vices A line goes across the street. It goes down whole with him for truth Good (at, for) You are ever good at sudden com mendations, Bishop of Winchester He is good for ten Rupces Gorged (with) The giant gorged with flesh Graft (on) Graft my love immortal on thy fame Grapple (with) And in my standard bear the arms of York, to grapple with the house of Grasp (it) Whang trying to grasp at all lost even what he had [trec Grate (on upon) A dry wheel grate on the axle-Grateful (to) He is a grateful servant to his master This food is priteful to the palite Greedy (of, alter) They were greeay of the spoils of the Chuich Grieve (at, for over) I am very much grieved at the death of Clindo He rives for hi child Grope (for, among ty in) We grope for the wall like blind. To grope a little longer among the AISCILES the bar Sounded (on in upon) The ship gr unaed or Gow (out of, in, into, up) These wars have grown out of commercial considerations Rice , rows in warm countries [ prey (rumtle (ner, at) A hon grumlles over his Guarantic (for, of ) His interest seemed to be a guarantee for his zeal Guard (from, against) God will guard you [ opinion from cvil. Guess (about, at) You may guess about his Guilty (of) I am not guilty of 1 35 ander 5 blood Gush (from) A sea of blood gushed from the gaping wound [ their vicious practices Habituate (to) They habituate themselves to Habituated (to) Our dogs, who were habituated [ York to a colder clime. Hail (from, with) The steamer hails from New Halt (at) They halt at Baneres Hand (over, down, on, in, up, out, into) The bookseller handed over the books to me Hang (on, up, about, upon, out, over, together) This question hangs on a single point. To [ crsions of the town hang up a sign Hanker (after, for) He hankered after the div-Happen (to, on) What has happened to him ? Hateful (to) This is hateful to all Haunt (with) That other merchandise that men haunt with flaud is cursed. Heal (up, over) It will heal up, or over. Heap (upon, up, on) Though he heap up silver

Hear (from, of, about) I must hear from the Hearty (in) A man should be hearty in his attachment to his friends Hedge (in, up) That is a law to hedge in the cuckoo I will hedge up thy way with thores. Heed (to, of) Head to my words Help (over, up, of, on, to out) Help one out an obstacle A man is well help up that truste to you Io help him of his blindness Helpful (in) Heavens make our presence and our practices Pleasant and helpful to him! Helpless (of) Helpless of all that human wants require [ London. Hem (out in by) You can not hem me out of H w (out, down, off) To hew out a sepulcher Hide (from) Hide thy face from my sins Hinder (from) ( old weather hin lers plants from coming to maturity in due season Hage (on, upon) The argument hinges on this punt hiss at ther H (1t) The merchants among the people hall Hit (against, on or upon, off) I bodies be extension alone, how can they move and hit one again st another None of them hit upon the art Hold (in of by forth on to up, with, for) The rule holds in land as well as ill other commod tics. My crown is absolute, and holds of none Hop (for in) Hope for good success. I hope in tl v w ard Hepeless (cf) We are hopeless of her recovery Hostile (to) It has never been proved to our satisfaction that the Puritans were hostile to monarchy Hiver (on about ove ) Agricola having sent his navy to hover on the coast Hunt (from for, about after, out or up, down, away) He was hunted from the parish went to the field to nunt for venison Hurl (at) God shall hur at him and not space Hish (up) Io hu h ub the nat er Identify (with) An enlightened self-interest, which when well understood, they te'll us will identify with an interest more enlarged and public Idle (at away) To id'e away an hour or a day Ignor int (of) Lady Macbeth was ignorant of what greatne s was promi ed to her husband. Ill (of, with) He is ill of a fever Illiberal (in, to) This is a illiberal word in Latin. words Illustrated (by) This book was allustrated by Imbibe (from) 'Earth ambibed with acid , Imbittered (against, by, at) Imbittered against each other by former contents. Imbued (with) He was deeply imbued with the doctrine of Evangelism. , [ of the world, Immanent (in) An immanent power in the life Immersed (in, into) The queen simmersed in such a trance [ paired by years Impaired (by) In years he seemed, but not sme "Impart (to) He that hath two coats, let him impart to him that hath none. When I did first impart my love to you. Impatient (of, for, at, under, with) We are impatient of that which we can not bear. I was impatient for striking a blow for the fair fame of France. He was impatient at the delay [ of the state.' made by the servant. Impeach (of) 'And doth impeach the freedom Impede (of, in) To impede the advance of troops. Impelled (by) We were impelled by his words. Imperfect (in) Something he left imperfect in the state. [ to us Impertment (to) Things that are impertment Impervious (to) A substance impercious to water of youth. or air. Implant (in) To implant the seeds in the minds Implicated (in, by) Blood was implicated in the tobbet v of the crown jewels. Impo tant (to) This is very important to you. Impose (on, upon) Sir, you are imposed on, the corn is a counterfeit one. It is not difficult to impose upon simple villages Impossible (for, to) It is impossible for you to complete. Impregnated (with) Rock impregnated with ore Impress (on, with) I have tried to impress on you the truth that honesty is the best policy. Imprint (on) Ideas of the c two different things distinctly imprinted on his mind. Improve (on, upon, by) To imprive on the mode be imputed to youth Impute (to) The former errors of the king might Inapplicable (to) The a rument is inapplicable to the case. i ab cot trasonable affairs? Incapable (of) Is not your fisher grown incap-Incapacitate (from) It ab olit 's incapacitated them from holding rank or o'll e Incensed (against, at, by) The people are ancensedia quinst lum ineverse (to) Competency is the most incentive to industry. le sion Incident (to) The studies incident to his pro-Incited (by, to ) He was incited by you. Incline (to) Hampden was not succeed to half measures Included (in) Derivation is included in Etymo-Incommoded (by) We are incommod d by want [ incompetent to a certain task Incompetent (to, for) We speck of a man as Inconsistent (with) Wisdom and virtue are fair from being inconsistent with politeness and Inconvenient (to) This is inconvenient to all. Incorporate (with, in, into) Painter's color and ashes do better incorporate with oil. Inculcate (on, upon) Christ inculcates on his

followers humility.

tìans.

Incrust (with) A sweetmeat incrusted with

Incumbent (upon, on) All men will person those

good works, that are incumbent on all Chris-

f sugar.

Indebted (to, for, in) I ark indebted to you for my advancement in life. He was indebted in a large sum or money to my brother, Indicative (of) The truth is productive of utility, and utility indicative of truth may be thus [ your beauty, worth, and virtue. proved. Indifferent (to) No man can be indifferent to Indige nous (to) Joy and hope are emotions indigenous to the human mind Indignant (at, with) He was indignant at my impertient conduct. Pray do not be sudignant with me. Indisposed (towards) The king was sufficiently indisposed towards the persons. Induct (into) The prior, when inducted into that dignity, took an oath not to alienate any of their lands Indulge (in, with, to) He indulges himself in idleness. He induiged himself with a glass I ulings of eminent men. Indulgent (to, about) He is too indulgent to the Infatuated (with, by, over) The people are infatuated with the notion. Infect (with, by) She infected with the placue Intectious (to) It is infective even to the best morals to live always in it Infer (from) I interred his determination from his silence I my other poems Interior (to, in) They are equal or infer or to Intested (with, by) A sca infested with pirates Inflamed (with) Though more, it seems, inflamed with lu t than rage Inflate (with) Inflate themselve, with some in-I fuence in the community. sane delight. Influence (in, over, with, on) H is a man of it-Inform (of) We safam a person of samething we wish to communicate. ( of moth r. Infringe (upon, or) To infringe uf n the nobts Infuse (with, into) Infuse his breat with mire n animity. I fe it- of wir. Ingeniou (in) He is very wire and ingenious in Ingraned (in) Crucky and actionsy seem to be ingrained in a man who has these vices at all. Ingratiate (to, with) Lysimachus ingratiated hunself both from Philip and his pup I. Inherent (in) The sore disease which seems inherent in civilization. Inceste Inherit (from, of) He is inherited from \$ Immical (to) Which is immical to all other (id [do en club ernments. Initiate (in ; into) He was initiated into half! Injurious (to, in) Acts are injurious to heat credit etc. Injured (by) He was injured by kick. [message Inkling (of) They had some inkling of sec Inlaid (with) Look, how the floor of heaven. thick inlaid with patines of bright gold. Innocent (of) A man is innocent of the cri charged. Inquire (of, into, for, after, about) We inqu of a person. [ int Inquiry (into) Able men will make inquity

Inquisitive (about) A wise man'is not inquisitive about things impertinent.

Inscribe (on, with) Inscribe a verse on this relenting stone. [ble of shame. Insensible (of, to) Lost in their loves, insensi-Inseparable (from) The history of every lang-

uage is inseparable from that of the people by whom it is spoken. [tion.

Insert (in) To insert a letters in a composi-Insight (into) He had an insight into almost all the secrets of state.

Insist (on, upon) We in ist on a man's doing a Insinuate (into) He insinuated himself into the very good grace of the Duke of Buckingham.

Insolent (to) Which is insolent to their ears.

Inspire (with) To inspire a child with sentiments of virtue.

[ degree.

Installed (in) Thou wast installed in that high Instruct (with) A noble performance, instanct with cound principle.

Instrumental (in) He was instrumental in concluding the business.

Insult (over, to, on) An unwillingness to insult over their helpless faturty.

Intent (on) A mind intent on self-improvement. Interce le (with, for) I will intercede with him for you.

Interested (in, by) To love our native country to be interested in its concerns is natural to all

men. Interfere (with, in) There was no room for anyone to interfere with his own opinions.

Interference (of) The stoppinge of a machine by the interference of some of its parts.

Intermedile (with) The practice of Spain hath been, by war and by condition of treaty, to intermed the with toroign states.

Interm (with) In yonder spring of roses, intermixed aith myrtle, find what to redress till noon. I ween the eye and the light. Interpose (between) To interpose as creen bet-intervene (between) The Mediterranean intervenes between Europe and Africa.

Interweave (w th) Words interwove with sighs found out their way. [Lord, the Duke. Intimate (with) He was very intimate with my Intolerant (of, to) The powers of human bodies Long limited and intolerant of excess.

Into reated (with) He was intoxicated with his new reputation.

Intrench (upon, on) We are not to intrench upon touth in any conversation. [ another. Introduce (to, into) To introduce one person to Intrude (upon, into) A poet's retreat is sacred; do not intrude upon it.

Intrust (with, to) He was intrusted with an important message. [with bills of credit. Inundate (with) The country was inundated Inured (to) They had been inured to hardships and privations even from their childhood.

Inveigh (against) All men inveighed against hun. To inveigh against character, conduct.

Invest (with, in) I do invest you jointly with my power. To invest money in bank stock,

Invited (to) He was invited to dinner.

Involve (in, with) To involve in darkness of obscurity.

Irrelevant (to) Testimony or arguments irrelevant to a case.

Irrespective (of) It must be resolved wholly into the absolute, irrespective will of God.

Irritated (by, against, at, with) The skin is irritated by friction.

Issue (from, in) Light issues from the sun.

Jar (on, upon, against, with) The notes jarred on my ears. [fluence with the king. Jealous (of, about, at) He is jealous of my in-Jeer (at) Don't jeer at a speaker. [wound. Jest (at, with) He jests at scars that never felt a Join (to, in, with, into, under) Whose house joined hard to the synagogue.

Joy (in) The widow jayed in the sight of her hildren. [ self.

Judge (of, by) We will judge of his act by it- Jump (at, with, down, accross) A fish jumps at a bait. It jumps with my humar.

Keep (to, up, at, away, down, from, off, under)
You keep to your words. In joy, that which
keeps up the action is the desire to continue it.
Key (to) This is the key to a problem.

Kind (to) He is kind to all.

Knock (off, down, at, out, under, on, against)
To knock a lamp off the table. To knock
down on assailant.

[ up.

Knocked (up) The men were entirely knocked Know (of) If any man will do his will, he will know of the doctrine.

Known (by, to, for) You have known them by their fluits.

Latour (for, under, of) To labour arms for Troy.

Lack (in, of) Let his lack of years be no unpediment.

Lame (of, in) He is lame of one leg.

Land (in, at, upn) To land one in difficulties. Languish (into) "Cease, fond nature, cease thy

strife, And let me languish into lite."

Lapse (to, into, from) If the archbishop shall not fill it up within six months ensuing, it lapses to the king.

Latent (in) The evils latent in the most promosing contrivances are provided for as they arise. Laugh (at, out, down, off) No fool to laugh at, which hevalued more. From his deep chest laughs out a loud applause.

Launch (out, into, upon) He launches out into very flowery paths. To launch into the current of a stream.

Lavish (of, in, on, upon) He was lavish of money on theatrical and other amusements.

Lax (in) Society at that epoch was lenient, it not lax in matters of the passions.

Lay (out, on, about, by, up, down, in, over) He lays out to make a journey. To lay on blows. Lean (to, on, against, in, toward) They delight

rather to lean to their old customs. He leaned not on his fathers but himself.

Learn (of, from) Take my yoke upon you and learn of me. [mons wait. Leave (off, out) Loave off, and for another sum-

Leer (at) He leers at his neighbour's wife. Legible (in) The thoughts of men are often legible in their countenances.

Lent (at, on) We lent money at high interest.

Let (down, in, out, off, up) Let down the tools, cutlery and the like.

Level (at) She leveled at our purposes. He levelled his severe remarks at the vices and follies of the age.

Level (to, with) Everything lies level to our wish. Liable (for, to) The surety is liable for the debt of his principal. His eyes were liable to inflammation.

[I-bel on himself.

Libel (on, upon) He fancied the article to be a Liberal (in, to, of, with) He is liberal in giving. He was liberal to the poor. To be liberal of praise.

Lie (on, down, with, by, in, over, upon, under)
The snow lies on the roof. The watchful travel lay down again, and closed his eyes—It lies with you to make amends. [quered. Lift (up) He never lift up has hand but con Light (up, on) The rooms lights up very well. His bishops lead him forth, and light him up. Liking (for, to) It is an amusement I have no liking for.

Link (with, to) No one generation could link with the other.

f tion silk.

Lined (with) The inside lined with rich carna-Linger (out, on, about) To linger out one's days on sick bed. [ ind.flerence.

Listen (to) I listenen? to their accusation with Live (on, by, in, among, with, at, upon, down, out, up, to) Horses line on gris and prain. Those who live by labor. He lived in the land or Calcutta three years.

Load (with) I have loaden me with many spoils. Lodge (in) The bullet lodged in the bark of a tree.

Long (for, after) I have longed for thy saluation.

I have longed after thy precepts.

Look (on, upon, at, for, out, after, above, beyord, unto, about, into, over, to, up, up to) His friends would look on her the werse. You look at a star. He looks for lost money. The seaman looks out for breakers.

Lord (over) (v) "And lorded over them whom now they serve.

Lord (of) (n) He is the lord of the soil.

Lost (to, in, upon, away) He is lost to all sense of honour. He was lost in a crowd.

Loud (in) To speak loud in public assemblies.

Lowered (upon, in) All the clouds that lowered upon our house.

[ tures.

Luxuriate (in) The herds luxuriate in the pas-Mad (with) To be mad with terror. Made him mad with wine, Make (for, up to, ...way with, up, with, of, off, out, over, up with, at, away) it makes for his advantage. A suspicious boat made up to us. To make up a story.

Man (with) Theodisious having manned his soul with proper reflections." [ students. Manifest (to) This is not manifested to all March (into, against, on) The German army marched into France.

Marked (out, by, with) The ringleaders were marked out for punishment. These passages are marked by his teacher. [ woman. Marry (to, through, for) A man is married to a Mirryr, (to, for) Byng fell a martyr to a political party. [ kindred.

Match (in, for) I hold it a sin to match in my Meddle (with, in) I do not with to meddle with your design. He is not permitted to meddle in cases between party and party. [nations. Mediate (between on, upon) To mediate between Moret (with, in) His conduct meet with the waim approbation of all.

Melt (at, away, into) Butter and war melt at moderate temperatures. [death. Menace (with, to) My moster minacel are with Mirre (in, into, with) Native irresolution had merged in stronger motores.

More ite (to) They mi grate to the West.

Mi'thte (again t, with) Those are exert questions, where great names mily ate against each other.

I your admont re-

Mindful (of) I primise you to be mindful of Minde (with, in, among) For hely seed over mindled themselves with the people of the linds.

[to a prefix.]

Minister (to, unto) We mire for to G d reton M. taken (for, in) He is most to reform his wik. Mix (with, in) He mired silver reary gold Mock (at) She had most of at his propo al. Mored (with, at, by, to) Mods desiron of the years were not moved with ordi

Murmur (at, against) His disc plus musmus, at it. All the children of Israel murmusul against Moses.

Muse (upon, on, over) He mused upon some dangerous plot. [men.

Mutiny (against) They mutiny against govern-Natural (to) He indulged in excesses natural to a little mind in a great place.

Necessary (to, for) A certain kind of temper is necessary to the pleasure and quiet our minds. Necessity (for, of) There is necessity for your interference. I urged upon him the necessity of the case.

Need (of, for) The city had no need of the sun.
Needful (for) All things needful for defece
abound.

[ dutes.
Noglectful (of) They were neglectful of the

Negligent (in) He is always negligent in this duties.

[putchase of godis.]

Negotiate (with) To negotiate with a man or Nettled (at) The princes were so nettled at me